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COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA.

Legislative Journal.

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Session 1915 121st of the General Assembly

VOL. 3. HARRISBURG, PA., TUESDAY, JANUARY 5, 1915. No. 1.

SENATE.

MONDAY, January 5, 1915, 12 O'Clock M.

This being the day and hour fixed by the Constitution for the meeting of the General Assembly, the members of the Senate, together with the Senators-elect chosen at the last general election held on November 3, 1914, assembled in the Senate chamber.

The PRESIDENT (Lieutenant-Governor John M. Reynolds) called the Senate to order at 12 o'clock noon.

PRAYER.

The Chaplain, Rev. A. C. James offered the following prayer:

We lift up our eyes unto the hills from whence cometh our help. Our help cometh from the Lord which made Heaven and Earth. We come to Thee asking, knowing that we shall receive; seeking, knowing that we shall find; knocking, knowing that it shall be opened unto us. We come unto Thee, the Wonderful, the Counsellor, the mighty God, the everlasting Father, the Prince of Peace. These, whom Thou hast called to be the lawmakers of the people, help them to realize that Thou art the Law-giver, and that this is the Mount Sinai of the present, from which the great Eternal still hands down the eternal law of righteousness and justice. Watch over these into whose hands Thou hast committed this sacred trust. Help each one to realize that

Life is real, life is earnest,
And the grave is not the goal,
Dust thou art, to dust returnest,
Was not spoken of the soul.

Hear us in our prayer, we ask it in our Redeemer's name. Amen.

SPECIAL ELECTION FOR SENATOR IN THE TWENTY-SEVENTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

The President announced that he had issued a writ for a special election for Senator in the Twenty-seventh Senatorial District, to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Honorable John T. Fisher, as follows:

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, ss:

To the Sheriff of the County of Snyder:

Greetings: Whereas, A vacancy exists in the office of Senator of the State of Pennsylvania, for the Twenty-seventh Senatorial district, composed of the Counties of Northumberland, Snyder and Union, by reason of the death on January fifteenth, one thousand nine hundred and fourteen, of John T. Fisher, Senator from said Senatorial district,

Now, therefore, I, John M. Reynolds, President of the Senate, by virtue of the authority vested in me by the Constitution of the State of Pennsylvania, and by the Act of Assembly, in such case made and provided, do hereby command you: That you cause an election to be held in the said Twenty-seventh Senatorial District of the State of Pennsylvania, on the third day of November, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and fourteen, to choose a person to represent said Twenty-seventh Senatorial District in the Senate of Pennsylvania, for the remainder of the term, expiring November thirtieth, one thousand nine hundred and sixteen, and that you give due and public notice of said election throughout said Twenty-seventh Senatorial District in form and manner directed by law.

Given under my hand and seal at Harrisburg, Pennsylvania, this twenty-second day of January, A. D. one thousand nine hundred and fourteen.

JOHN M. REYNOLDS,
President of the Senate of Penna.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, ss:

To the Sheriff of the County of Union:

Greetings: Whereas, A vacancy exists in the office of Senator of the State of Pennsylvania, for the Twenty-seventh Senatorial District, composed of the Counties of Northumberland, Snyder and Union, by reason of the death on January fifteenth, one thousand nine hundred and fourteen, of John T. Fisher, Senator from said Senatorial District,

Now, therefore, I, John M. Reynolds, President of the Senate, by virtue of the authority vested in me by the Constitution of the State of Pennsylvania, and by the Act of Assembly, in such case made and provided, do hereby command you: That you cause an election to be held in the said Twenty-seventh Senatorial District of the State of Pennsylvania, on the third day of November, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and fourteen, to choose a person to represent said Twenty-seventh Senatorial District in the Senate of Pennsylvania, for the remainder of the term, expiring November thirtieth, one thousand nine hundred and sixteen, and that you give due and public notice of said election throughout said Twenty-seventh Senatorial District in form and manner directed by law.

Given under my hand and seal at Harrisburg, Pennsylvania, this twenty-second day of January, A. D. one thousand nine hundred and fourteen.

JOHN M. REYNOLDS,
President of the Senate of Penna.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, ss:

To the Sheriff of the County of Northumberland:

Greetings: Whereas, A vacancy exists in the office of Senator of the State of Pennsylvania, for the Twenty-seventh Senatorial District, composed of the Counties of Northumberland, Snyder and Union, by reason of the death on January fifteenth, one thousand nine hundred and fourteen, of John T. Fisher, Senator from said Senatorial District,

Now, therefore, I, John M. Reynolds, President of the Senate, by virtue of the authority vested in me by the Constitution of the State of Pennsylvania, and by the Act of Assembly, in such case made and provided, do hereby command you: That you cause an election to be held in the said Twenty-seventh Senatorial District of the State of Pennsylvania, on the third day of November, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and fourteen, to choose a person to represent said Twenty-seventh Senatorial District in the Senate of Pennsylvania, for the remainder of the term, expiring November thirtieth, one thousand nine hundred and sixteen, and that you give due and public notice of said election throughout said Twenty-seventh Senatorial District in form and manner directed by law.

Given under my hand and seal at Harrisburg, Pennsylvania, this twenty-second day of January, A. D. one thousand nine hundred and fourteen.

JOHN M. REYNOLDS,
President of the Senate of Penna.

RETURN OF THE SERGEANT-AT-ARMS IN SERVING WRIT.

The Chair laid before the Senate the return of the Sergeant-at-Arms, James R. Bagshaw, in serving the writ for a special election in the Twenty-seventh Senatorial District, as follows:

State of Pennsylvania,

County of Snyder, ss.

James R. Bagshaw, being duly sworn according to law, says that he resides at Chester, Delaware County, Pennsylvania, that he is Sergeant-at-Arms of the Senate of Pennsylvania:

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That he served on the Honorable J. Frank Reitz, High Sheriff of the County of Snyder, on the 27th day of January, 1914, at 6:30 o'clock P. M., at the office of said sheriff in Middleburg, Pennsylvania, a special writ of election for the Twenty-seventh Senatorial District, a copy of which is hereto affixed, by command of the Honorable John M. Reynolds, Lieutenant-Governor of the Commonwealth and President of the Senate.

JAMES R. BAGSHAW,
Sergeant-at-Arms of Senate.

Sworn and subscribed to this 27th day of January, A. D. 1914.

(Seal) A. B. KECK,
Prothonotary.

State of Pennsylvania,

County of Northumberland, ss:

James R. Bagshaw, being duly sworn according to law, says that he resides at Chester, Delaware County, Pennsylvania, that he is Sergeant-at-Arms of the Senate of Pennsylvania:

That he served on the Honorable J. F. Hackenberg, High Sheriff of the County of Union, on the twenty-seventh day of January, 1914, at two o'clock P. M., at the office of said Sheriff in Lewisburg, Pennsylvania, a special writ of election for the Twenty-seventh Senatorial District, a copy of which is hereto affixed, by command of the Honorable John M. Reynolds, Lieutenant-Governor of the Commonwealth and President of the Senate.

JAMES R. BAGSHAW,
Sergeant-at-Arms of Senate.

Sworn and subscribed to this 27th day of January, A. D. 1914.

(Seal) F. A. WITMER,
Notary Public.

Commission expires February 22nd, 1917.

State of Pennsylvania,

County of Northumberland, ss:

James R. Bagshaw, being duly sworn according to law, says that he resides at Chester, Delaware County, Pennsylvania, that he is Sergeant-at-Arms of the Senate of Pennsylvania:

That he served on the Honorable John H. Glass, High Sheriff of the County of Northumberland, on the 28th day of January, 1914, at 8:50 o'clock at the office of said Sheriff in Sunbury, Pennsylvania, a special writ of election for the Twenty-seventh Senatorial District, a copy of which is hereto affixed, by command of the Honorable John M. Reynolds, Lieutenant-Governor of the Commonwealth and President of the Senate.

JAMES R. BAGSHAW,
Sergeant-at-Arms of Senate.

Sworn and subscribed to this 28th day of January, A. D. 1914.

(Seal) EDGAR SUMMERS,
Prothonotary.

SPECIAL ELECTION FOR SENATOR IN THE THIRTY-FIFTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

The President announced that he had issued a writ for a special election for Senator in the Thirty-fifth Senatorial District, to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Honorable Jacob C. Stineman, as follows:

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, ss:

To the Sheriff of the County of Cambria:

Greetings: Whereas, a vacancy exists in the office of Senator of the State of Pennsylvania, for the Thirty-fifth Senatorial District, composed of the County of Cambria, by reason of the death on April 2, 1913, of Jacob C. Stineman, Senator from said Senatorial District.

Now, therefore, I, John M. Reynolds, President of the Senate, by virtue of the authority vested in me by the Constitution of the State of Pennsylvania, and by the act of Assembly, in such case made and provided, do hereby command you: That you cause an election to be held in the said Thirty-fifth Senatorial District of the State of Pennsylvania, on the third day of November, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and fourteen, to choose a person to represent said Thirty-fifth Senatorial District in the Senate of Pennsylvania, for the remainder of the term expiring November thirtieth, one thousand nine hundred and sixteen, and that you give due and public notice of said election throughout said Thirty-fifth Senatorial District in form and manner directed by law.

Given under my hand and seal at Harrisburg, Pennsylvania, this third day of January, A. D. one thousand nine hundred and fourteen.

JOHN M. REYNOLDS,
President of the Senate.

RETURN OF THE SERGEANT-AT-ARMS IN SERVING WRIT.

The Chair laid before the Senate their return of the Sergeant-at-Arms, James R. Bagshaw, in serving the writ for a special election in the Thirty-fifth Senatorial District.

State of Pennsylvania,
County of Cambria, ss:

James R. Bagshaw, being duly sworn according to law, says that he resides at Chester, Delaware County, Pennsylvania, that he is Sergeant-at-Arms of the Senate of Pennsylvania:

That he served on the Honorable W. E. Mulhollen, High Sheriff of the County of Cambria, on the seventh day of January, 1914, at Johnstown, 10 o'clock A. M., at the office of said Sheriff in Ebensburg, Pennsylvania, a special writ of election for the Thirty-fifth Senatorial District, a copy of which is hereto affixed, by command of the Honorable John M. Reynolds, Lieutenant-Governor of the Commonwealth and President of the Senate.

JAMES R. BAGSHAW,
Sergeant-at-Arms of Senate.

Sworn and subscribed to this 7th day of January, A. D. 1914.

(Seal) ALEX N. HART,
Notary Public, Johnstown, Pa.

Commission expires February 1, 1915.

PRESENTATION OF RETURNS OF ELECTION OF SENATORS.

The Deputy Secretary of the Commonwealth being introduced, stated that pursuant to the provisions of the eighty-seventh section of the Act of July 2, 1839, entitled, "An Act relative to elections in this Commonwealth," be presented to the Senate the returns of the election for Senators held on November 3, 1914, and the returns of the special election for Senator held in the Twenty-seventh Senatorial District, on November 3, 1914, and the returns of the special election for senator held in the Senatorial District, on November 3, 1914, which were laid upon the table.

OPENING OF RETURNS.

Mr. CHARLES A. SNYDER. Mr. President, I move that the Secretary proceed to open and read the returns presented.

Mr. GERBERICH. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to and the said returns were opened and read as follows:

SECOND DISTRICT.

	Frank Malone. D.	Francis B. Biddle. W.	Samuel W. Salus. R.	Samuel W. Salus. K.	Samuel W. Salus. R. P.	B. B. Whiteside. S.	Ralph H. Robertson. P.
Philadelphia county (part),	1,374	1,154	17,666	110	36	80	33

FOURTH DISTRICT.

	Albert H. Ladner, Jr. D.	Albert H. Ladner, Jr. K.	Claude L. Roth. W.	Edward W. Patton R.	Edward W. Patton. B. M.	Edward B. Patton. R. P.	George D. Evans. S.	L. F. Bechtel. P.
Philadelphia county (part),	7,803	447	8,723	24,996	413	156	651	167

SIXTH DISTRICT.

	Grover Cleveland Ladner. D.	Franklin Spencer Edmonds. W.	Franklin Spencer Edmonds. P.	Owen B. Jenkins. R.	Owen B. Jenkins. K.	W. Leslie Shank. S.
Philadelphia county (part),	4,463	8,760	448	18,554	200	624

EIGHTH DISTRICT.

	James T. Nulty. D.	James T. Nulty. K.	William Wallace Smith. W.	William Wallace Smith. R.	Siegfried Fuld. S.	William F. Evans. R. P.	William Hughes. P.
Philadelphia county (part),	6,465	428	6,279	22,324	1,305	185	216

TENTH DISTRICT.

	George Ross. D.	J. E. Scott. W.	Clarence J. Buckman. R.	Frank H. Fluck. S.
Bucks county,	6,048	1,643	7,615	262

TWELFTH DISTRICT.

	Edward Ingersoll. D.	John Rex. W.	Frank P. Croft. R	Hugh Ayres. S.	C. W. Rambo. P.
Montgomery county,	9,056	3,335	15,471	739	238

FOURTEENTH DISTRICT.

	Elmer Warner. D.	Warren E. Perham. W.	Victor A. Decker. R.	Joseph Edwards. S.	M. E. Brown. P.	Scattering.
Carbon county,	3,094	1,491	2,819	204	87	
Monroe county,	2,268	147	795	23	214	6
Pike county,	618	307	304	19	14	
Wayne county,	1,115	1,530	1,571	50	122	
	7,095	3,475	5,489	296	437	6

SIXTEENTH DISTRICT.

	James A. Miller. D.	James L. Hoffman. W.	Horace W. Schantz. R.	Clarence T. Wixsom. S.
Lehigh county,	7,488	2,479	7,656	946

EIGHTEENTH DISTRICT.

	W. Clayton Hackett. D.	W. Clayton Hackett. P. L.	Thomas A. H. Hay. W.	John R Pritchard. R.	John B. Lerch. S.	John Harding. P.
Northampton county,	7,013	947	2,741	5,462	464	325

TWENTIETH DISTRICT.

	Asa K. DeWitt. D.	Asa K. DeWitt. R.	Asa K. DeWitt. S.	Asa K. DeWitt. R. P.	Stephaniah Reese. W.	Stephaniah Reese. P.	—— Adams. B. M.
Luzerne county (part),	5,801	6,654	409	172	2,509	732	229

TWENTY-SECOND DISTRICT.

	John T. Dempsey. D.	William M. Lynch. W.	William M. Lynch. R.	William M. Lynch. R. P.	Lee B. Woodcock. S.	William Repp. P.	Maxwell Chapman. K.
Lackawanna county,	11,283	2,624	12,821	159	616	1,463	907

TWENTY-FOURTH DISTRICT.

	Charles W. Sones. D.	John L. Richardson. W.	Lewis C. Mensch. R.	O. Stoner. S.	Stephen Soars. P.	Scattering.
Columbia county,	3,939	1,438	1,689	120	232	1
Lycoming county,	5,948	1,872	2,263	800	808	--
Montour county,	1,026	419	793	26	45	--
Sullivan county,	868	178	671	34	117	--
	11,781	3,907	5,416	980	1,202	1

TWENTY-SIXTH DISTRICT.

	W. Wayne Hindman. D.	W. Wayne Hindman. W.	W. Wayne Hindman. P.	Josiah Howard. R.	Josiah Howard. P. L.	T. M. Reichart. S.
Cameron county,	155	135	44	859	21	8
Clarion county,	2,902	588	238	1,477	43	204
Clinton county,	1,456	786	116	2,106	448	430
Elk county,	603	977	235	1,607	1,723	205
Forest county,	319	278	168	461	11	125
	5,435	2,764	801	6,510	2,246	972

TWENTY-SEVENTH DISTRICT.
(To supply vacancy.)

	J. P. S. Strickler. D.	John H. Kreitzer. W.	John H. Kreitzer. P.	William C. McConnell. R.	Lewis E. Welker. S.
Northumberland county,	4,183	3,333	468	7,900	1,282
Snyder county,	714	681	----	1,254	55
Union county,	810	682	99	1,364	25
	5,707	4,696	567	10,518	1,342

TWENTY-EIGHTH DISTRICT.

	Henry Wasbers. D.	Harry S. Ehrhart. W.	E. E. Brunner. R.	George E. Smith. S.	Daniel F. Ness. P.	Scattering.
York county,	10,823	1,311	9,820	819	1,858	2

THIRTIETH DISTRICT.

	Nicholas H. Gansz. D.	Plymouth W. Snyder. W.	Plymouth W. Snyder. R.	H. A. McCaleb. S.	Frank M. Waring. P.
Blair county,	3,359	3,936	6,087	1,212	607
Huntingdon county,	1,178	1,670	2,339	186	160
	4,537	5,606	8,426	1,398	767

THIRTY-SECOND DISTRICT.

	David Morgan Hertzog. D.	David Morgan Hertzog. W.	David Morgan Hertzog. P.	William E. Crow. R.	Samuel D. Woods. S.	Emmett Sipe. Ind.
Fayette county,	6,129	1,628	764	9,829	1,024	43

THIRTY-FOURTH DISTRICT.

	William H. Patterson. D.	Alonzo S. Foulthrop. W.	Alonzo S. Moulthrop. P.	S. J. Miller. R.	Charles C. Johnson. S.
Centre county,	3,010	799	149	3,367	153
Clearfield county,	3,707	2,381	756	3,929	896
	6,717	3,180	905	7,296	1,049

THIRTY-FIFTH DISTRICT.

(To supply vacancy.)

	H. A. Tompkins. D.	H. A. Tompkins. U.	W. David Lloyd. W.	W. David Lloyd. R.	W. David Lloyd. P.	S. A. Nelson. S.
Cambria county,	10,282	351	4,925	3,428	504	614

THIRTY-SIXTH DISTRICT.

	Philip P. Ritter. D.	Charles J. Hemmirger. W.	James W. Endsley. R.	Allen Eichelberger. S.	John C. Speicher. P.
Bedford county,	2,198	1,209	2,499	341	144
Fulton county,	987	111	642	14	17
Somerset county,	1,385	2,524	3,257	310	381
	4,570	3,844	6,398	665	542

THIRTY-EIGHTH DISTRICT.

	Charles H. Kline. D.	Charles H. Kline. W.	Charles H. Kline. R.	Charles H. Kline. R. P.	Charles H. Kline. K.	Charles H. Kline. P. L.	Wm. J. VanEssen. S.	T. P. Geary. B. M.	Thos. Ashford. P.
Allegheny county (part),	2,782	1,148	9,853	258	17	1,162	1,388	312	821

FORTIETH DISTRICT.

	Charles C. Guenther. D.	Charles C. Guenther. P. L.	Cadwalader M. Barr. W.	Cadwalader M. Barr. K.	William H. Semmens. R.	William H. Semmens. R. P.	William H. Semmens. P.	E. C. Neely. S.
Allegheny county (part),	2,870	1,152	2,481	91	6,814	906	602	1,786

FORTY-SECOND DISTRICT.

	Patrick J. Sheridan. D.	Coursin L. Mohney. W.	Coursin L. Mohney. B. M.	Coursin L. Mohney. R. P.	William J. Burke. R.	William J. Burke. P. L.	John C. Sunday. S.	Robert E. Lindsay. P.
Allegheny county (part),	2,001	2,393	530	300	8,185	529	1,104	300

FORTY-FOURTH DISTRICT.

	Carl D. Smith. D.	Carl D. Smith. W.	Carl D. Smith. K.	Carl D. Smith. P.	William S. McKee. R.	William S. McKee. P. L.	William Adams. S.
Allegheny county (part),	4,855	3,819	497	2,336	11,494	1,924	1,918

FORTY-SIXTH DISTRICT.

	J. W. Stewart. D.	J. W. Stewart. W.	John W. Hallam. R.	D. P. Julius. S.	R. W. Douglass. P.
Greene county,	3,138	182	1,589	69	79
Washington county,	4,898	2,666	7,918	879	403
	8,036	2,848	9,507	948	482

FORTY-EIGHTH DISTRICT.

	John L. Nesbit. D.	Joseph H. DeFrees. W.	Marshall Phipps. R.	Chris. E. Johnson. S.	James W. Nelly. P.
Venango county,	1,781	738	2,707	492	1,383
Warren county,	1,082	1,839	1,820	243	932
	2,863	2,577	4,527	735	2,315

FIFTIETH DISTRICT.

	Raymond E. Smith. D.	Raymond E. Smith. W.	Raymond E. Smith.	John L. Emerson. R.	John T. Dalton. S.	W. H. Cover. P.
Crawford county,	3,621	1,188	25	4,144	589	574
Mercer county,	3,461	1,442	--	4,055	858	1,141
	7,022	2,630	25	8,199	1,447	1,715

Whereupon the following named persons were declared duly elected Senators in the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, viz:

Second District—Samuel W. Salus.
Fourth District—Edward W. Patton.
Sixth District—Owen B. Jenkins.
Eighth District—William Wallace Smith.
Tenth District—Clarence J. Buckman.
Twelfth District—Frank P. Croft.
Fourteenth District—Elmer Warner.
Sixteenth District—Horace W. Schantz.
Eighteenth District—W. Clayton Hackett.
Twentieth District—Asa K. DeWitt.
Twenty-second District—William M. Lynch.
Twenty-four District—Charles W. Sones.
Twenty-sixth District—W. Wayne Hindman.
Twenty-seventh District—William C. McConnell.
Twenty-eighth District—Henry Wasbers.
Thirtieth District—Plymouth W. Snyder.
Thirty-second District—William E. Crow.
Thirty-fourth District—Sommerfield J. Miller.
Thirty-fifth District—Horace A. Tompkins.
Thirty-sixth District—James W. Endsley.
Thirty-eighth District—Charles H. Kline.
Fortieth District—William H. Semmens.
Forty-second District—William J. Burke.
Forty-fourth District—William S. McKee.
Forty-sixth District—Joseph W. Stewart.
Forty-eighth District—Marshall Phipps.
Fiftieth District—Raymond E. Smith.

ADMINISTRATION OF OATH OF OFFICE TO SENATORS-ELECT.

The PRESIDENT. The newly elected Senaators will present themselves before the bar of the Senate, where the oath of office, as required by law, will be administered to them by the Honorable, George Kunkel, President Judge of the Twelfth Judicial District.

The oath of office was then administered to the Senators-elect.

ROLL CALL.

The PRESIDENT. The Chief Clerks will call the roll.

The Chief Clerk called the roll and the following Senators were present:

First District—Edwin H. Vare.
Second District—Samuel W. Salus.
Third District—James P. McNichol.
Fourth District—Edward W. Patton.
Fifth District—Richard V. Farley.
Sixth District—Owen B. Jenkins.
Seventh District—Augustus F. Daix.
Eighth District—William Wallace Smith.
Ninth District—William C. Sproul.
Tenth District—Clarence J. Buckman.
Eleventh District—Edwin M. Herbst.
Twelfth District—Frank P. Croft.
Thirteenth District—John G. Homsher.
Fourteenth District—Elmer Warner.
Fifteenth District—Edward E. Beidleman.
Sixteenth District—Horace W. Schantz.
Seventeenth District—Daniel P. Gerberich.
Eighteenth District—W. Clayton Hackett.
Nineteenth District—John Gyger.
Twentieth District—Asa K. DeWitt.
Twenty-first District—Sterling R. Catlin.
Twenty-second District—William M. Lynch.
Twenty-third District—Charles E. Mills.
Twenty-fourth District—Charles W. Sones.
Twenty-fifth District—Robert W. Hilton.
Twenty-sixth District—W. Wayne Hindman.
Twenty-seventh District—William C. McConnell.
Twenty-eighth District—Henry Wasbers.
Twenty-ninth District—Charles A. Snyder.
Thirtieth District—Plymouth W. Snyder.
Thirty-first District—Franklin Martin.
Thirty-second District—William E. Crow.
Thirty-third District—John W. Hoke.
Thirty-fourth District—Sommerfield J. Miller.
Thirty-fifth District—Horace A. Tompkins.
Thirty-sixth District—James W. Endsley.
Thirty-seventh District—Theodore M. Kurtz.
Thirty-eighth District—Charles H. Kline.
Thirty-ninth District—Chester D. Sensenich.
Fortieth District—William H. Semmens.
Forty-first District—J. Frank Graff.
Forty-second District—William J. Burke.
Forty-third District—Charles J. Magee.
Forty-fourth District—William S. McKee.
Forty-fifth District—John P. Moore.
Forty-sixth District—Joseph W. Stewart.
Forty-seventh District—Joseph H. Thompson.
Forty-eighth District—Marshall Phipps.
Forty-ninth District—Henry A. Clark.
Fiftieth District—Raymond E. Smith.

The PRESIDENT. Fifty Senators having answered to their names, a quorum is present.

ELECTION OF PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE.

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now proceed to the election of one of its members to serve as President pro tempore of the Senate for the legislative session of 1915.

Mr. CROW. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, I move that the Clerks of the Senate act as tellers.

Mr. GERBERICH. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, I am directed by the caucus of the Republican members of the Senate to place in nomination for the office of President pro tempore the Senator from Allegheny, Mr. Charles H. Kline.

Mr. WASBERS. Mr. President, I am directed by the Democratic caucus, and have the honor to present the name of Honorable Charles W. Sones, of Lycoming County, as the Democratic nominee for President pro tempore.

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, I move that the nominations close.

Mr. CROW. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The PRESIDENT. The roll will be called by the Chief Clerk.

The roll was called and resulted as follows:

FOR MR. KLINE.

Beidleman,	Graff,	McKee,	Sensenich,
Buckman,	Gyger,	McNichol,	Smith, W. W.
Burke,	Hoke,	Miller,	Snyder, C. A.
Catlin,	Homsher,	Mills,	Snyder, P. W.
Clark,	Jenkins,	Moore,	Sones,
Croft,	Kurtz,	Patton,	Sproul,
Crow,	Lynch,	Phipps,	Thompson,
Daix,	Magee,	Salus,	Vare,
Endsley,	Martin,	Schantz,	
Gerberich,	McConnell,	Semmens,	

FOR MR. SONES.

DeWitt,	Herbst,	Kline,	Tompkins,
Farley,	Hilton,	Smith, R. E.	Warner,
Hackett,	Hindman,	Stewart,	Wasbers.

The PRESIDENT. The Honorable Charles H. Kline having received thirty-eight votes, and the Honorable Charles W. Sones twelve votes, I declare that the Honorable Charles H. Kline has been duly elected President pro tempore of the Senate for the session of 1915, and appoint the Senator from Delaware, Mr. Sproul, and the Sena-

tor from Lycoming, Mr. Sones, to escort the President pro tempore-elect to the bar of the Senate to take the oath of office.

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, your Committee has the honor of presenting the Honorable Charles H. Kline, just elected President pro tempore of the Senate.

ADMINISTRATION OF OATH TO PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE.

The PRESIDENT. The oath of office will be administered to the newly elected President pro tempore by the Honorable George Kunkel, President Judge of the Twelfth Judicial District.

The oath of office was accordingly administered.

The PRESIDENT. It gives me great pleasure to present to the Senate your newly elected President pro tempore for the session of 1915, the Honorable Charles H. Kline, of Allegheny.

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President and Gentlemen of the Senate:

I assure you that words are inadequate to express by keen appreciation of the great honour you have bestowed upon me this day, and I sincerely hope that I will merit at the close of the session, the same confidence you have in me to-day. My sole object will be to do my duty as I see it.

I find no Constitutional authority where I should, upon being inducted into office, lay down any legislative programme, and I assure I shall make no attempt whatever to usurp my authority. My duty, as I understand it is to preside over the deliberations of this body with honesty and common fairness to every one, without regard to party affiliations.

Through the nobility of their nature and the majesty of the intellect of those who laid the foundation stones of this matchless republic, the making of laws is vested in the people. You, men of this body, represent over seven and one-half millions of people who have placed confidence in you and know you will continue to uphold the dignity and honor of the Holy Trinity of our State—"Virtue, Liberty and Independence."

In the making of laws, however, let us not forget that legislation is not necessary for the honest.

That I care not how good the laws may be, they will not please all.

That we should legislate for the majority, not for the minority.

Place no laws upon the statute books actuated by fads or fancies, for they are dangerous.

It is well to adhere to time honored precedents.

It may be well also, in the performance of our legislative duties, and to assist us in the framing of legislation, to bear in mind that this great Commonwealth of ours, through the development of it natural resources, the coal industry alone being greater than all the natural resources of any other state in the Union, and through the proper manipulation of our public affairs, the state is free of debt.

That Pennsylvania is the only state in the Union that gives to private charities.

That more money is appropriated for the health and safety of its citizens than any other state.

Through its natural resources, gigantic, industrial and commercial institutions have sprung up, and through these and several other smaller channels the approximate revenues of the State are thirty-three millions yearly, and above all, the people of this State, ever since it was founded have been committed to conservatism, which is evidenced by the laws upon our statute books and the material progress we have made.

Through the material progress of our nation, the wants and necessities of one state are fast becoming complimental with all, and rapid strides are being made toward uniformity of legislation. But in so doing, let us not forget the magnificent institutions that are responsible for our material growth and progress, and never let us be a party to the destruction of personal pride and personal achievement.

Again thanking you for the great honour that you have conferred upon me, and asking your hearty co-operation in my labors.

The Chair awaits the pleasure of the Senate.

PRESENTATION OF RETURNS OF ELECTION OF GOVERNOR, LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR, AND SECRETARY OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS.

The Deputy Secretary of the Commonwealth, being introduced, presented to the Senate the returns of the general election for Governor, Lieutenant-Governor and Secretary of Internal Affairs, held November 3, 1914, which were laid upon the table.

AUTHORIZING APPOINTMENT OF COMMITTEES.

Mr. GERBERICH offered the following resolution, which was twice read, considered and agreed to:

Resolved, That the President pro tempore of the Senate be authorized to appoint all special and standing committees of the Senate, and shall be ex-officio a member of all special and standing committees.

The PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE (Mr. Charles H. Kline), in the Chair.

NOTIFICATION TO THE HOUSE.

Mr. SALUS offered the following resolution, which was twice read, considered and agreed to:

Resolved, That a committee of three be appointed to notify the House of Representatives that the Senate is duly organized and ready to proceed with its business.

The PRESIDENT. The Chair appoints as said committee Mr. Salus, Mr. Daix and Mr. DeWitt.

NOTIFICATION TO THE GOVERNOR.

Mr. CLARK offered the following resolution, which was twice read, considered and agreed to:

Resolved, That a committee of three be appointed to act in conjunction with a similar committee on the part of the House of Representatives (if the House of Representatives shall appoint such Committee) to wait on his Excellency, the Governor, and inform him that the General Assembly is organized and ready to receive any communications he may be pleased to make.

The PRESIDENT. The Chair appoints as said committeee Mr. Clark, Mr. Buckman, and Mr. Wasbers.

Ordered, that the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

WHEN BILLS AND JOINT RESOLUTIONS MAY BE INTRODUCED.

Mr. CATLIN offered the following resolution, which was twice read, considered and agreed to:

Resolved, That no bills or joint resolutions shall be presented in the Senate until after the appointment of the standing committees of the Senate.

INAUGURAL COMMITTEE.

Mr. BEIDLEMAN offered the following resolution, which was twice read, considered and agreed to:

Resolved, That the President pro tempore of the Senate be and he is hereby authorized to appoint a committee of seven Senators to act in conjunction with a committee of nine members of the House of Representatives (if the House shall appoint such committee), to make the necessary arrangements for the inauguration, to wait upon his Excellency, the Governor-elect, and conduct him in a suitable manner to the Capitol for the purpose of having the oath of office administered to him; and,

Resolved, That the inaugural ceremonies take place at twelve o'clock M., on the third Tuesday of January, the nineteenth instant, on the south side of the Capitol, should the weather prove favorable, otherwise in the Hall of the House of Representatives; and,

Be it further resolved, That said committee be and is hereby authorized to expend a sum not exceeding twenty-five thousand dollars ($25,000) in the making and carrying out of said arrangements, the same to be provided for in the Appropriation Bill.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

ADOPTION OF RULES.

Mr. CROW offered the following resolution, which was twice read, considered and agreed to:

Resolved, That the standing rules of the Senate during the session of one thousand nine hundred and thirteen be adopted for the government of the Senate at the present session, with the exception of Rule No. 23, which reads as follows:

STANDING COMMITTEES.

"23. The following standing committees shall be appointed at the commencement of each session, until otherwise ordered:

A Committee on Agriculture.
A Committee on Appropriations.

A Committee on Banks and Building and Loan Associations.
A Committee on Canals and Inland Navigation.
A Committee on City Passenger Railways.
A Committee on Congressional Apportionment.
A Committee on Corporations.
A Committee on Education.
A Committee on Elections.
A Committee on Exposition Affairs.
A Committee on Federal Relations.
A Committee on Finance.
A Committee on Forestry.
A Committee on Game and Fisheries.
A Committee on Insurance.
A Committee on Judicial Apportionment.
A Committee on Judiciary General.
A Committee on Judiciary Special.
A Committee on Law and Order.
A Committee on Legislative Apportionment.
A Committee on Library.
A Committee on Mines and Mining.
A Committee on Military Affairs.
A Committee on Municipal Affairs.
A Committee on New Counties and County Seats.
A Committee on Pensions and Gratuities.
A Committee on Public Grounds and Buildings.
A Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.
A Committee on Public Printing.
A Committee on Public Roads and Highways.
A Committee on the Public Supply of Light, Heat and Water.
A Committee on Railroads.

OF WHAT CONSISTING.

The several committees shall consist of seven Senators, except the Committees on Corporations, Mines and Mining, Exposition Affairs and Insurance, which shall each consist of eleven Senators, and the Committees on Railroads, City Passenger Railways and Banks and Building and Loan Associations shall each consist of nine Senators, and the Committees on Judiciary General, Judiciary Special, Congressional Apportionment, Legislative Apportionment and Judicial Apportionment shall each consist of thirteen Senators, the Committee on Appropriations shall consist of twenty-one Senators, The President pro tempore shall be ex-officio a member of all special and standing committees," be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

STANDING COMMITTEES.

"23. The following standing committees shall be appointed at the commencement of each session, until otherwise ordered:
A Committee on Agriculture.
A Committee on Appropriations.
A Committee on Banks and Building and Loan Associations.
A Committee on Canals and Inland Navigation.
A Committee on City Passenger Railways.
A Committee on Congressional Apportionment.
A Committee on Corporations.
A Committee on Education.
A Committee on Elections.
A Committee on Executive Nominations.
A Committee on Exposition Affairs.
A Committee on Federal Relations.
A Committee on Finance.
A Committee on Forestry.
A Committee on Game and Fisheries.
A Committee on Insurance.
A Committee on Judicial Apportionment.
A Committee on Judiciary General.
A Committee on Judiciary Special.
A Committee on Law and Order.
A Committee on Legislative Apportionment.
A Committee on Library.
A Committee on Mines and Mining.
A Committee on Military Affairs.
A Committee on Municipal Affairs.
A Committee on New Counties and County Seats.
A Committee on Pensions and Gratuities.
A Committee on Public Grounds and Buildings.
A Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.
A Committee on Public Printing.
A Committee on Public Roads and Highways.
A Committee on the Public Supply of Light, Heat and Water.
A Committee on Railroads.

OF WHAT CONSISTING.

The several committees shall consist of seven Senators, except the Committees on Corporations, Mines and Mining, Exposition Affairs and Insurance, which shall each consist of eleven Senators, and the Committees on Railroads, City Passenger Railways and Banks and Building and Loan Associations shall each consist of nine Senators, and the Committees on Judiciary General, Judiciary Special, Congressional Apportionment, Legislative Apportionment and Judicial Apportionment shall each consist of thirteen Senators, the Committee on Appropriations shall consist of twenty-one Senators and the Committee on Executive Nominations shall consist of five Senators. The President pro tempore shall be ex-officio a member of all special and standing committees."

And an additional rule, as follows:

BILLS TO BE PRINTED WHEN INTRODUCED AND WEEKLY CALENDAR PREPARED.

Rule 46. All bills when introduced in the Senate shall be numbered consecutively and printed on pink paper. A weekly calendar showing the status of all bills shall be prepared for the use of the Senate.

POSTAGE ON LEGISLATIVE JOURNAL.

Mr. GRAFF offered the following resolution, which was twice read, considered and agreed to:

Whereas, The Post Office Department has decided that the Legislative Journal must be third class matter and has so instructed the postmaster at Harrisburg;

Therefore, be it resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That the Chief Clerks of the Senate and House of Representatives be directed to make arrangements for the necessary postage so that the Legislative Journal may be mailed according to the requirements of the Post Office Department, and that the same be provided for in the Appropriation Bill.

Ordered, that the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

PRINTING OF GOVERNOR'S APPOINTMENTS.

Mr. MAGEE offered the following resolution, which was twice read, considered and agreed to:

Resolved, That the list of appointments which may be sent to the Senate by the Governor, as having been made during the recess, be printed for the use of the Senate under the direction of the Chief Clerk.

THANKING JODGE KUNKLE FOR ADMINISTERING OATHS.

Mr. ENDSLEY offered the following resolution, which was twice read, considered and agreed to:

Resolved, That the thanks of the Senate are hereby tendered to Honorable George Kunkel, President Judge of the Twelfth Judicial District, for his services in qualifying the newly elected Senators and President pro tempore.

JOINT CONVENTION TO COMPUTE AND COUNT VOTE FOR GOVERNOR, LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR AND SECRETARY OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS.

Mr. HOMSHER offered the following resolution, which was twice read, considered and agreed to:

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That the Senate and House of Representatives will meet in joint convention Tuesday, January five, at three-thirty o'clock P. M., for the purpose of witnessing the opening, computing and counting the vote for Governor, Lieutenant-Governor and Secretary of Internal Affairs, and that Mr. Graff, of Armstrong County, be appointed teller on the part of the Senate.

Ordered, that the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

PRESENTATION OF PETITIONS, MEMORIALS AND REMONSTRANCES.

Mr. THOMPSON offered the following resolution, which was twice read, considered and agreed to:

Resolved, That all petitions, memorials and remonstrances be presented by handing the same to the Chief Clerk, properly endorsed, with the date thereon, in accordance with the practice of the last session.

ELECTION OF OFFICERS OF THE SENATE.

Mr. CROW offered the following resolution, which was twice read, considered and agreed to:

Resolved, That the following named persons be elected as officers of the Senate:

CHIEF CLERK.

Harmon M. Kephart, of Connellsville, Fayette County.

SECRETARY OF THE SENATE.

W. Harry Baker, of Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

LIBRARIAN OF THE SENATE.

Herman P. Miller, of Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

SERGEANT-AT-ARMS.

James R. Bagshaw, of Chester, Delaware County.

The PRESIDENT. I therefore declare the following named persons elected as officers of the Senate: Harmon M. Kephart, of Connellsville, Fayette County, Chief Clerk; W. Harry Baker, of Harrisburg, Dauphin County, Secretary of the Senate; Herman P. Miller, of Harrisburg, Dauphin County, Librarian of the Senate, and James R. Bagshaw, of Chester, Delaware County, Sergeant-at-Arms.

TIME OF NEXT MEETING.

Mr. VARE offered the following resolution, which was twice read, considered and agreed to:

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That when the Legislature adjourns to-day it be to meet on Monday, January eighteenth, at nine o'clock.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

NOTIFICATION FROM HOUSE.

Messrs. Hess, Baldwin and Habgood, a committee of the House of Representatives, being introduced, informed the Senate that the House is duly organized and ready to proceed with business, and were extended the thanks of the Senate.

RECESS.

Mr. CROW. Mr. President, I move the Senate do now take a recess until 2:30 o'clock this afternoon.

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

AFTER RECESS.

The PRESIDENT. The time of recess having elapsed the Senate will be in order.

STATEMENT OF THE SAVING FUND SOCIETY OF GERMANTOWN AND VICINITY.

The Chair cleared his table and laid before the Senate the fifty-ninth annual statement of the Saving Fund Society of Germantown and Vicinity.

(For statement see appendix.)

REPORT OF THE LEHIGH COAL AND NAVIGATION COMPANY.

Also, the report of the Lehigh Coal and Navigation Company for the year 1913.

(For report see appendix.)

REPORT OF THE WESTERN SAVINGS FUND SOCIETY.

Also, the report of the Western Saving Fund Society for the year 1913.

(For report see appendix.)

REPORT OF THE PHILADELPHIA SAVING FUND SOCIETY.

Also, the report of the Philadelphia Saving Fund Society for the year 1913.

(For report see appendix.)

REPORT OF COMMISSIONERS OF THE SINKING FUND.

Also, the report of the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund for the year 1913.

(For report see appendix.)

REPORT OF THE PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY.

Also, the sixty-seventh annual report of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company.

(For report see appendix.)

COMMUNICATIONS FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Clerk to the Governor being introduced, presented communications in writing from his Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth ,which were laid upon the table.

REPORT OF COMMITTEE OF NOTIFICATION TO THE HOUSE.

Mr. SALUS. Mr. President, the Committee appointed by the Senate to notify the House of Representatives that the Senate is duly organized and ready to proceed with its business desires to report that it has performed that duty.

The PRESIDENT. The Committee is discharged with the thanks of the Senate.

REPORT OF COMMITTEE TO WAIT UPON THE GOVERNOR.

Mr. CLARK. Mr. President, the Committee appointed by the Senate to act in conjunction with a similar committee of the House of Representatives to inform the Governor that the General Assembly is organized and ready to receive any communications he might be pleased to make, has performed its duty, and the Governor has informed the Committee that he will present his communications in writing.

The PRESIDENT. The Committee is discharged with the thanks of the Senate.

COMMITTEE TO CONFER WITH GOVERNOR-ELECT ON LEGISLATION.

Mr. McNICHOL offered the following resolution, which was twice read, considered and agreed to:

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That the President pro tempore of the Senate appoint a Committee of three Senators, to join with a similar committee of the House of Representatives, if the House shall appoint such committee, who together with the President pro tempore of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives, shall constitute a committee to confer with Honorable Martin G. Brumbaugh, Governor-elect, as to the introduction of bills advocated in the Republican State platform and the platform of the said Martin G. Brumbaugh.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

REPORT OF RE-UNION OF THE BLUE AND THE GRAY AT GETTYSBURG.

The PRESIDENT. The Chair has pleasure in advising the members of the Senate concerning the report of the great reunion of the Blue and the Gray at Gettysburg on the Fiftieth Anniversary of the battle, which report has just been transmitted to the Legislature, that ten volumes of this report similar to this volume have been presented by his Excellency, the Governor, to each member of the Senate, and that one volume for each Senator is now in the Post Office of this Senate, where each Senaator upon properly identifying himself within the next hour, will be given his, and that his other nine volumes are held by the Bureau of Distribution subject to his written orders as to whom he desires them presented with his compliments.

HOUSE MESSAGES.

POSTAGE ON LEGISLATIVE JOURNAL.

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced, informed the Senate that the House has concurred in the resolution from the Senate as follows:

In the Senate, January 5, 1915.

Whereas, The Post Office Department has decided that the Legislative Journal must be third class matter and has so instructed the postmaster at Harrisburg;

Therefore, be it resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That the Chief Clerks of the Senate and House of Representatives be directed to make arrangements for the necessary postage so that the Legislative Journal may be mailed according to the requirements of the Post Office Department, and that the same be provided for in the Appropriation Bill.

TIME OF NEXT MEETING.

He also informed the Senate that the House has concurred in the resolution from the Senate as follows:

In the Senate, January 5, 1915.

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That when the Legislature adjourns to-day, it be to meet on Monday evening, January eighteenth, at nine o'clock.

NOTIFICATION TO THE GOVERNOR.

He also informed the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred in the resolution from the Senate, as follows:

In the Senate, January 5, 1915.

Resolved, That a committee of three be appointed to act in conjunction with a similar committee on the part of the House of Representatives (if the House of Representatives shall appoint such committee) to wait on his Excellency, the Governor, and inform him that the General Assembly is organized and ready to receive any communications he may be pleased to make.

And has appointed Messrs. Williams, Henry I. Wilson and Flynn as such committee on the part of the House of Representatives.

JOINT CONVENTION TO COMPUTE AND COUNT VOTE FOR GOVERNOR, LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR AND SECRETARY OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS.

He also informed the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred in the resolution from the Senate as follows:

In the Senate, January 5, 1915.

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), that the Senate and House of Representatives will meet in joint convention Tuesday, January five, at three-thirty o'clock P. M., for the purpose of witnessing the opening, computing and counting the vote for Governor, Lieutenant-Governor and Secretary of Internal Affairs, and that Mr. Graff, of Armstrong County, be appointed teller on the part of the Senate.

And has appointed as teller on the part of the House of Representatives Mr. Walton, of Lawrence County.

COMMUNICATIONS FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Clerk to the Governor being introduced, presented communications in writing from his Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which were read as follows:

APPROVAL OF CONCURRENT RESOLUTION FOR PAYMENT OF POSTAGE ON LEGISLATIVE JOURNAL.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, January 5, 1915.

To the Honorable the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen: I have the honor to advise you that I have approved and signed concurrent resolution of the Senate and House of Representatives, directing that provisions be made for necessary postage for mailing the Legislative Journal.

JOHN K. TENER.

APPROVAL OF CONCURRENT RESOLUTION FOR APPOINTMENT OF INAUGURAL COMMITTEE.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, January 5, 1915.

To the Honorable the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen: I have the honor to advise you that I have approved and signed concurrent resolution of the Senate and House of Representatives, providing for the appointment of a joint committee to make the necessary arrangements for the inauguration of the Governor-elect.

JOHN K. TENER.

REASONS FOR PARDONS AND COMMUTATIONS.

Also the reasons for pardons and commutations granted from January 1, 1913, to January 1, 1915.

(For reasons see appendix.)

ACTS APPROVED BY THE GOVERNOR AFTER ADJOURNMENT OF LEGISLATURE OF 1913.

Also the Acts of the General Assembly passed during the session of 1913 and approved and signed by the Governor within thirty days after the adjournment of the Legislature.

(For Acts see Appendix.)

GOVERNOR'S BIENNIAL MESSAGE.

Also the Governor's biennial message, which was read by the Clerk.

(See proceedings of House of to-day.)

NOTARIES PUBLIC.

He also presented communications from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which was read as follows and referred to the Committee on Executive Nominations:

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, January, 1915.

The Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Gentlemen: In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following named persons to be Notaries Public for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, for the term of four years, to compute from the date of their confirmation:

ADAMS COUNTY.

John W. Hewitt, Gettysburg.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

S. J. Corbett, Pittsburgh.
Joseph Wahlstrom, Pittsburgh.
James A. Chambers, Pittsburgh.
Frank F. Sneathen, Pittsburgh.
J. Thos. Beall, Jr., Pittsburgh.
Hallock, C. Sherrard, Pittsburgh.
Miss Wilhelmina Taliaferro, Pittsburgh.
Miss Bertha L. Becker, Pittsburgh.
Mrs. N. B. Burchinal, Pittsburgh.
Wm. L. Mussler, Fort Vue.
William J. Salisbury, Pittsburgh.
Miss Edith Boyd, Pittsburgh.
B .H. Griffen, Pittsburgh.
W. F. Aull, Pittsburgh.
Miss M. Portman, Pittsburgh.
Miss Sybilla L. Hoover, Pittsburgh.
James F. Callahan, Pittsburgh
John M. Gallagher, Pittsburgh.
W. L. Geddis, Pittsburgh.
Oliver S. Heck, Carnegie.
Walter S. Lobingier, Pittsburgh.
P. T. Siebert, Pittsburgh.
Wm. Haberfeld, Pittsburgh.
Elmer G. Trimble, East Pittsburgh.
S. G. Rovnianek, Pittsburgh.
Mrs. Emma Lea Montgomery, Pittsburgh.
Frank Veverka, Pittsburgh.
Benjamin Golomb, Pittsburgh.
Michael LeVine, Pittsburgh.
Stanley S .McGuire, Elizabeth
R. D. Paul, Glassport.
Will J. Stoup, Pittsburgh.
Ray T. Page, Pittsburgh.
Miss Sara Edythe Wagg, Pittsburgh.
Arthur B Niemeyer, Pittsburgh.
J. W. Donahey, Pittsburgh.
J. J. Arnold, McKees Rocks.
R. E. Lovett, Wilkinsburg.
Abner H. Rainbow, Pittsburgh.
W. O. Lantz, Pittsburg.
C. R. Hobson, Homestead.
Miss Norma Ella Hageman, Pittsburgh.
G. R. Landers, Pittsburgh.
D. Paulson Foster, Pittsburgh.
A. T. Rowe, Pittsburgh.
Karl J. Kaufman, Pittsburgh.
S. W. Gault, Pittsburgh.
Miss Martha M. Brogan, Pittsburgh.
M. J. Lowry, Pittsburgh.
Harry J. Zimmer, Millvale.
Harry N. Mellor, Pittsburgh.
John N. English, Ross Township.
Sidney B. Harwood, Pittsburgh.
Daniel Ashworth, Crafton.
Henry Grelle, Pittsburgh.
Joseph B. Hetherington, Pittsburgh.
W. J. Terry, Pittsburgh.
David K. Thompson, Pittsburgh.
Herman J. Klinger, Pittsburgh.
John Wilfred Ely, Pittsburgh.
Frank E. Cronkhite, Wilkinsburg.
John J. Sweeney, Pittsburgh.
Harry L. Neff, Pittsburgh.
Ira H. Edmundson, Pittsburgh
John F. Will, Pittsburgh.
J. S. Levy, Pittsburgh.
John P. Callender, E. Deer Township.
Lawrence E. Orr, Pittsburgh.
Miss Grace L. Brown, Braddock.
Miss Flora Hartfeld, Pittsburgh.
Harry B. Pavitt, Harrison Township.
Miss Mary C. Anstead, Pittsburgh.
John William Connery, Pittsburgh.
Raymond L. Leety, Pittsburgh.
L. R. Martin, Pittsburgh.
J. A. Lynch, Pittsburgh.
W. H. Stone, Pittsburgh.
William Tressel, Pittsburgh.
Miss Mayme B. Moakley, Pittsburgh.
Wm. S. Graham, Pittsburgh.
Miss Emma M. Haller, Pittsburgh.
Miss M. L. Boyd, Pittsburgh.
Gherardo Cremonese, Pittsburgh.
John I. Bohnert, Pittsburgh.
J. A. McFall, Pittsburgh.
W. R. Bell, Chartiers Township.
Raymond C. Suckling, Pittsburgh.
Miss N. N. Oliver, Sewickley.
Mrs. Clara C. Heakin, Wilkinsburg.
John C. Breading, Bellevue.
Miss Lulu M. Genter, Pittsburgh
Herman A. Fischer, Etna.
Michael Finish, Braddock.
L. W. Mendenhall, Pittsburgh.
Miss Bertha R. Thomas, Pittsburgh.
John R. Mayhugh, Aspinwall.
Edwin Gilpin Orr, Pittsburgh.
Miss Josephine MacGiloray, Pittsburgh.
Henry G. White, Coraopolis.
Miss Estella Biedenbach, Pittsburgh.
William B. Dawson, Pittsburgh.
C. E. McPherson, Pittsburgh.
Howard F. Good, Pittsburgh.
Leo T. Bowman, Pittsburgh.
Albert W. Wallace, Pittsburgh.
Detmore D. Park, Pittsburgh.
Miss Margaret Buchan, McKeesport.
Miss Blanch B. Ransick, McKeesport.
Colman John Meres, Pittsburgh.
Robert V. Fulton, Pittsburgh.
J. Woods, McCormick, Pittsburgh.
Earl C. Price, Pittsburgh.

John J. Hess, Pittsburgh.
J. D. Buckley, Pittsburgh.
Miss K. J. Cullen, Pittsburgh.
James L. Wehn, Pittsburgh.
Mrs. Bertha D. Johnson, Pittsburgh.
Leo E. Zaruba, Pittsburgh.
William Jacob Sossong, Carnegie.
H. D. Wood, Pittsburgh.
George Haramic, Pittsburgh.
Mrs. Rose L. Byers, Pittsburgh.
Denis Coales Tebbutt, Pittsburgh.
W. J. Vandevort, Pittsburgh.
Arthur I. Zeiger, Pittsburgh.
Fred W. Young, Pittsburgh.
John Shanks, Pittsburgh.
Leonard McLaughlin, Pittsburgh
Miss Mary C. McGowan, Pittsburgh.
O. H. J. Seidemann, Pittsburgh.
William E. Miller, East Pittsburgh.
Fred W. Jones, Pittsburgh.
M .L. King, Pittsburgh.
Jacob Sheffler, Pittsburgh.
Miss Elizabeth T. McAleese, Pittsburgh.
A .H. Gribbin, Pittsburgh.
Miss Celia Schnitzer, Pittsburgh.
Wm. G. Marshall, Pittsburgh.
Joseph N. Dalfonzo, Pittsburgh.
P. J. Long, Duquesne.
R. A. Saint, Sharpsburg.
Miss Gyla Zimmerly, Pittsburgh.
Miss Ida M. Barr, Pittsburgh.
Miss Mary Peninah Yeager, Pittsburgh.
Morris Ungar, Pittsburgh.
George Szecskay, Pittsburgh.
Wilbert N. Owings, Pittsburgh.
Edward F. Bartels, Pittsburgh.

ARMSTRONG COUNTY.

W. T. Carroll, Bradys Bend Township.
Byron W. Meredith, Madison Township.
Ira J. Wray, Apollo.

BEAVER COUNTY.

Fred J. Mai, Beaver Falls.
V. Sakraida, Beaver Falls.
D. M. Carver, Beaver.
Henry Miksch, Monaca.
Adolf Fleischhacker, Aliquippa.
Charles Theo. Smith, Beaver Falls.
Wm. D. Hamilton, Freedom.
K. L. Cameron, Koppel.
Edward Friedfeld, Ambridge.
Paulus E. Koehler, Monaca.
Stewart C. Moore, Woodlawn.
H. F. Reed, Beaver.

BERKS COUNTY.

Miss Ethel Staples, Reading.
Jacob J. Shaeffer, Fleetwood.
J. Paul Burkhart, Bernville.
James G. Kauffman, Centre Township.
Herman Saul, Jr., Reading.
Miss Ella H. Gartlan, Reading.
Harry R. Auge, Reading.
Cosmos D. Kutz, Maxatawny Township.
Miss Elizabeth C. Gartmann, Reading.

BLAIR COUNTY.

D. E. Sell, Freedom Township.
J. P. Potteiger, Tyrone.
W. F. Dootson, Altoona.
Harry G. Greene, Altoona.
John G. Denniston, Hollidaysburg.

BRADFORD COUNTY.

Bernardo Cacchione, Sayre.
David A. McNeal, Towanda.
Miss Lauretta Greeney, Athens.
Edward S. Johnson, Athens.
Dee W. Bennett, Sayre.

BUCKS COUNTY.

Alden M. Collins, Doylestown.
E. J. Thomas, Quakertown.
Harvey M. Freed, Richlandtown.
John P. Taylor, Bristol.
Rolf H. Kielland, Doylestown.
E.Wesley Keeler, Doylestown.

BUTLER COUNTY.

Miss E. Maude Christley, Butler.
Howard Mellon, Buffalo Township.
G. W. Hazlett, Butler.
Miss Marie A. Manny, Butler.
J. A. Ripper, Evans City.

CAMBRIA COUNTY.

Mrs. Bernadette McDonnell, Johnstown.
Mrs. Katherine O. Statler, Johnstown.
William Sitter, East Conemaugh.
A. G. Neff, Hastings.
Irwin W. Penrod, Johnstown.
Miss Margaret Jones, Johnstown.
Mrs. E. W. Brabmair, Johnstown.
Miss Louisa A. Nees, Johnstown.

CARBON COUNTY.

Frank Romano, Mauch Chunk Township.
William M. Kleckner, East Mauch Chunk.
Carl Hine, Mauch Chunk.
William J. Reese, Lansford.

CENTRE COUNTY.

M. Ward Flemming, Philipsburg.
G. O. Gray, State College.

CHESTER COUNTY.

I. N. Earl Wynn, West Chester.
William H. Brown, Coatesville.
J. A. Hartman, Phoenixville.

CLARION COUNTY.

Miss Irene B. Baker, Richland Township.
Harry F. Stewart, Perry Township.
F. R. Johnston, Rimersburg.

CLEARFIELD COUNTY.

William I. Swoope, Clearfield.
L. D. McCall, DuBois.
Samuel Toney, Clearfield.
John J. Pentz, DuBois.
J. A. Frank, Curwensville.

COLUMBIA COUNTY.

Frank P. Zarr, Bloomsburg.
John Aimetti, West Berwick.
William C. Hosler, Benton.
R. Earle Campbell, Berwick.
Conway W. Dickson, Berwick.

CRAWFORD COUNTY.

M. H. Longwill, Meadville.
G. D. Burton, Meadville.

CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

John G. Shank, East Pennsboro Township.
Robert W. Peffer, South Middleton Township.
Miss Caroline Sheaffer, Carlisle.

DAUPHIN COUNTY.

H. A. Douglas, Harrisburg.
Wm. H. Charters, Harrisburg.
Walter R. Sohn, Harrisburg.
Wm. S. Middleton, Harrisburg.
Miss A. M. Maguire, Harrisburg.
Miss Villa M. Baker, Harrisburg.
Mrs. M. Elizabeth Walsh, Harrisburg.

DELAWARE COUNTY.

Miss Tillie E. Dankelman ,Eddystone.
James Wolfenden, Upper Darby Township.
Miss Alice V. Kerns, Chester.
Percival V. Cooper, Media.
John L. Galloway, Prospect Park.
J. Chauncey Shortlidge, Concord Township.
H. Parke Schrader, Colwyn.
William B. Palmer, Clifton Heights.
Miss Elizabeth Cottom, Chester.
Mrs. Margaret C. Hoopes, Upper Darby Township.
Miss Marie B. Johnson, Chester.
Miss Theresa A. Kelley, Chester.
Alfred Holroyd, Darby.
Philip S. Nelson, Norwood.

ELK COUNTY.

Leo Rettiger, St. Marys.

ERIE COUNTY.

A. O. Chapin, Erie.
Otto A. Knoll, Erie
Miss Lucy M. Grieves, Erie.
Miss Maud M. Miles, North East
A. M. Milloy, Erie.
Vincent Leonetti, Erie.
Benjamin H. Wells, North East.
Glen P. Cole, Erie.
Geo. E. Gibson, Erie.
Albert E. Rose, Erie.
Bentrand R. Pierce, North East.
Miss Gladys A. Boyles, Erie.
Walter L. Peake, Corry.
Ed. Deriar, Albion.
Miss Lillian K. Scully, Erie.
Isador Sobel, Erie.

FAYETTE COUNTY.

P. M. Buttermore, Connellsville.
G. H. Keirsted, Jr., Uniontown.
Wayne Thomas, Henry Clay Township.
Marijan Derencin, Connellsville.
John C. Reisinger, Uniontown.
F. A. Kail, Connellsville.
Raymond King, Connellsville.
Miss Beulah Warman, Point Marion.
Kenneth Porter, South Brownsville.
Thomas J. Fleckenstine, Point Marion.

FRANKLIN COUNTY.

John L. Etchberger, Chambersburg.
Miss Ethel S. Boyd, Chambersburg.
Wm. Robertson, Fannett Township.
Miss Rose E. Fisher, Chambersburg.

GREENE COUNTY.

Floyd W. Patterson, Waynesburg.
Miss Alma E. Porter, Waynesburg.
W. S. Noble, Waynesburg.
Frank R. Hill, Waynesburg.

HUNTINGDON COUNTY.

W. D. Behel, Tell Township.
O. J. Cassady, Mount Union.
J. A. Woods, Tell Township.
Elmer Ellsworth Corbin, Huntingdon.
Miss Helen M. Stelker, Huntingdon.

LACKAWANNA COUNTY.

Frank Marinaro, Scranton.
Corron E. Dix, Carbondale.
James P. McLaughlin, Scranton.
Lewis B. Carter, Scranton.
Frank M. Walsh, Scranton.
Robert H. Miller, Scranton.
Abraham Rarich, Scranton.
Miss Ella A. Hawks, Scranton.
Moses E. Clifford, Scranton.
Miss Clara L. Oakley, Scranton.
Elmer D. Adair, Scranton.
Thos. V. Judge, Scranton.
Miss Amelia S. Koch, Scranton.
John R. Shepherd, Carbondale.
Fred A. Hughes, Scranton.
M. B. Connor, Carbondale.
Robert T. Mantz, Scranton.
Miss Anna M. Blackmore, Scranton.
Frank L. Murray, Old Forge.
Alfred L. Sherman, Scranton.

LANCASTER COUNTY.

Hayes G. Shimp, Manheim Township.
Mrs. Elsie M. Rutter, Salisbury Township.
H. B. Slack, Leacock Township.
Merle R. Burkhart, Lancaster.
A. M. Book, Quarryville.
Jacob B. Landis, Lancaster.

LAWRENCE COUNTY.

Miss Ruby G. Kelly, New Castle.
Maurice J. Kraus, Ellwood City.
George W. Muse, New Castle.
R. Bernhardt, Taylor Township.
D. C. Hancher, Ellwood City.
Bernard A. Vacca, Hillsville.
Domenico Lagnese, Mahoning Township.
George S. Miller, New Castle.

LEBANON COUNTY.

Miss Mamie E. Sholl, Lebanon.
Miss Anna C. Euston, Lebanon.
Miss Eva M. Brunner, Lebanon.

LEHIGH COUNTY.

Samuel T. Waidelich, Lynn Township.
Henry C. Gladstone, Allentown.
Edward D. Rose, Allentown.
Miss Claire M. Seip, Allentown.
Edward F. Berkemeyer, Allentown.
Geo. W. Specht, Whitehall Township.
James V. Cassone, Allentown.
Samuel Weil, Allentown.
Robert P. Wetzel, Allentown.
Charles L. Walters, Allentown.
Miss Cora M. Hixson, Allentown.

LUZERNE COUNTY.

Frank B. Lask, Hazleton.
David E. Bryden, Wilkes-Barre.
Miss Elizabeth G. Green, Wilkes-Barre.
Robert Challis, Jr., Wilkes-Barre.
Lewis Ferrari, Hazleton.
J. Frank Nuss, Wilkes-Barre.
G. V. Damiano, Wilkes-Barre.
Albert J. Tucker, Newport Township.
Wm. T. Howells, Jeddo.
Louis LaVigna, Hazleton.
Frank B. Brown, Wilkes-Barre.
S. W. Rhoads, Wilkes-Barre.
Mrs. Agnes L. Conniff, Plains Township.
Philip T. Myers, Wilkes-Barre.
Robert W. Jones, Wilkes-Barre.
Harry C. Miller, Wilkes-Barre.
Joseph Reichman, Wilkes-Barre.
Miss Lillian M. Ritter, Nanticoke.
C. L. Church, Shickshinny.
Edore W. Brown, Pittston.
Ben H. Keller, Wilkes-Barre.
James W. Allen, Wyoming.
Miss Daisy Sharkey, Wilkes-Barre.
Philip Giordano, Pittston.

LYCOMING COUNTY.

J. S. Till, Williamsport.
Solomon F. Houck, Williamsport.
G. W. Howard, Williamsport.
Giglio Oreste, Williamsport.
Michael Chianelli, Williamsport.
Mrs. Maude L. Haag, Williamsport.

McKEAN COUNTY.

C. M. Slack, Eldred.
Lester H. Simons, Bradford.
M. N. Allen, Port Allegany.
Manley L. Day, Kane.
C. C. Davis, Kane.
Allen E. Conant, Bradford.
Zera M. Smith, Kane.

MERCER COUNTY.

Alexander Green, Sharon.
Mrs. Margaret C. Lininger, Sharon.
Romulus G. Vasu, Sharon.
Ignatz Schlesinger, Farrell.
Daniel J. Levey, Farrell.
Miss Mary R. McCann, Sharon.
W. H. Miller, Greenville.
Stanley A. Gillespie, Greenville.
Edward Buchholz, Sharon.

MIFFLIN COUNTY.

Joseph S. Waream, Granville Township.

MONROE COUNTY.

C. Raymon Bensinger, Stroudsburg.
Harry E. West, Stroudsburg.
Verner M. Reynolds, East Stroudsburg.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY.

Irvin H. Campbell, Conshohocken.
Daniel Yeakel Miller, Norristown.
Charles H. Miller, Lansdale.
William Edelman, Pottstown.
Clement Comly, Springfield Township.
E. M. Harry, Norristown.
Charles C. Evans, Norristown.
Early L. Gilbert, Lansdale.
James E. Dolan, Lower Merion Township.
Miss Florence A. Hiller, Norristown.
Miss Elmina S. Tyson, Norristown.
Miss Rebecca McI. Roberts, Norristown.
Mrs. G. Emma Trank, Jenkintown.
Daniel L. Evans, Pottstown.

NORTHAMPTON COUNTY.

Jordan F. Stover, Easton.
John E. Leigfried, Bethlehem.
Philip Meixler, Northampton.
John J. Mayorosh, Nazareth.
Frank J. Roethline, Northampton.
H. Morton Serfass, South Bethlehem.
William Leston Ealer, Easton.
F. E. Siegfeldt, South Bethlehem.
Joseph McGarr, South Bethlehem.
C. E. Beckel, Lower Saucon Township.
Clarence H. Boehm, South Bethlehem.

NORTHUMBERLAND COUNTY.

James P. McCormick, Shamokin.
John F. Oran, Shamokin.
Michael J. Boltun, Mt. Carmel.
Russell S. Renn, Shamokin.
John W. Timmes, Shamokin.
Joseph A. Palumbo, Mt. Carmel.
Wm. H. Ressler, Shamokin.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY.

Maurice H. Matsinger, Philadelphia.
Samuel H. Quigley, Philadelphia.
Samuel B. Kohn, Philadelphia.
John J. Rzepski, Philadelphia.

James H. Clemmens, Philadelphia.
Miss Helen R. McSorley, Philadelphia.
Joseph A. Cianciarulo, Philadelphia.
Mrs. Mary A. Wolf, Philadelphia.
Harry Schwartz, Philadelphia.
F. Roland O'Brien, Philadelphia.
Wm. J. Skeen, Philadelphia.
Miss Margaret M. Daly, Philadelphia.
David T. Nevin, Philadelphia.
Mrs. M. A. Swoboda, Philadelphia.
Louis Edward Levinthal, Philadelphia.
E. H. Wollaston, Philadelphia.
William W. McKim, Philadelphia.
Miss Rose Kenin, Philadelphia.
Frank G. Mundorf, Philadelphia.
William K. Miller, Philadelphia.
Charles J. Shull, Philadelphia.
J. Albert, Bawn, Philadelphia.
Jos. H. Yerkes, Philadelphia.
James G. Gibson, Philadelphia.
George W. Worman, Philadelphia.
Edmund H. Rogers, Philadelphia.
Joseph DiBlasi, Philadelphia.
Thomas C. Leonards, Philadelphia.
Charles J. Thomson, Jr., Philadelphia.
John H. Faunce, Philadelphia.
Arthur J. Leupold, Philadelphia.
Silas M. Wass, Philadelphia.
John T. Sinnott, Jr., Philadelphia.
George F. Sattler, Philadelphia.
Harold S. Riddiough, Philadelphia.
Henry F. Fuss, Philadelphia.
Guy B. Helms, Philadelphia.
George F. Deck, Philadelphia.
Wm. H. Barrett, Philadelphia.
Eugene E. Hogle, Philadelphia.
George F. Powell, Philadelphia.
Thomas H. Maginniss, Jr., Philadelphia.
William H. Lauer, Philadelphia.
Thomas E. Ashmead, Philadelphia.
William J. Montgomery, Philadelphia.
Mayer Kraus, Philadelphia.
Louis Karstaedt, Philadelphia.
Joseph R. Redfern, Philadelphia.
Samuel H. Chestnut, Philadelphia.
Frederick A. Guthapfel, Philadelphia.
William P. Swift, Philadelphia.
Allan I. Huckins, Philadelphia.
Henry G. Ormsby, Jr., Philadelphia.
Walter L. Thomas, Philadelphia.
Vincent P. Carroll, Philadelphia.
William Anthony Kuser, Philadelphia.
Morris F. Rothstein, Philadelphia.
C. Harry Johnson, Philadelphia.
Miss M. Gertrude Ryan, Philadelphia.
Edward H. Apsley, Philadelphia.
Thomas H. Palmer, Philadelphia.
Rob't B. McConnell, Philadelphia.
Joseph K. Seidle, Philadelphia.
Adolph B. Caspar, Philadelphia.
Chas. V. Brennan, Philadelphia.
Miss Martha C. Scott, Philadelphia.
Allan J. Cassidy, Philadelphia.
Abraham L. Millard, Philadelphia.
Miss Marie Krizan, Philadelphia.
Wm. Fred Dreisbach, Philadelphia.
William D. Chambers, Philadelphia.
Robt. V. Myers, Jr., Philadelphia.
George C. Gibson, Philadelphia.
Edward S. Lower, Philadelphia.
Vincent D. Olivet, Philadelphia.
W. Heyward Myers, Jr., Philadelphia.
Mrs. John T. Dohan, Philadelphia.
William A. Hartnett, Philadelphia.
Edgar L. Steel, Philadelphia.
Woodward Abrahams, Philadelphia.
John E. Nikels, Philadelphia.
Thomas M. Dalzell, Philadelphia.
Miss Mary Miller, Philadelphia.
J. Russell Winder, Philadelphia.
Joseph Toro, Philadelphia.
Nicholas Raspa, Philadelphia.
Miss Florence Dunlap, Philadelphia.
Alfred H. Neithammer, Philadelphia.
George Blight Robinson, Philadelphia.
William J. Clark, Philadelphia.
George A. Jennis, Philadelphia.
Edward L. Langham, Philadelphia.
William K. Hunter, Philadelphia.
Henry Happ, Philadelphia.
John A. Durso, Philadelphia.
Charles P. Stocke, Philadelphia.
W. F. Weniger, Philadelphia.
Miss Ella Robb, Philadelphia.
Edward I. Frank, Philadelphia.
Francis P. Kelly, Philadelphia.
Aubrey R. Stenger, Philadelphia.
James M. Landsburg, Philadelphia.
John Linton, Philadelphia.
Joseph F. X. Quinn, Philadelphia.
Edward B. Lentz, Philadelphia.
Robert J. Ragan, Philadelphia.
Bertram P. Rambo, Philadelphia.
Miss J. Lutheria Kauffman, Philadelphia.
Preston B. Lee, Philadelphia.
Daniel G. Heintzelman, Philadelphia.
P. A. Wilson, Philadelphia.
Lawrence D. Sasscer, Philadelphia.
William J. Russell, Philadelphia.
Miss Frances C. Dougherty, Philadelphia.
Charles E. Gill, Philadelphia.
William Martin, Philadelphia.
John M. Ross, Philadelphia.
William Boylan, Philadelphia.
Miss Mary R. Haines, Philadelphia.
Albert H. Larson, Philadelphia.
Miss M. Louise Schuman, Philadelphia.
George J. Sosna, Philadelphia.
David G. Kratzok, Philadelphia.
Charles C. Benkert, Philadelphia.
Henry B. Weed, Philadelphia.
Walter I. Summerfield, Philadelphia.
Harry J. Alker, Jr., Philadelphia.
Henry A. Gautschi, Philadelphia.
Miss Estella M. Ford, Philadelphia.
L. K. Moses, Philadelphia.
Mrs. Bessie B. Everett, Philadelphia.
Byron Hancock, Philadelphia.
Harry J. Fasy, Philadelphia.
George A. Meyer, Philadelphia.
Edward V. O'Hanlan, Philadelphia.
John C. Schultzbach, Philadelphia.
George W. Betts, Philadelphia.
Thomas E. Cogan, Philadelphia.
George Ovington, Jr., Philadelphia.
Thomas J. Hughes, Philadelphia.
Reginald L. S. Doggett, Philadelphia.
William Phillips, Philadelphia.
Oscar Rosenbaum, Philadelphia.
Irvin K. Hall, Philadelphia.
Herman J. Schneyer, Philadelphia.
S. MacGregor Clyde, Philadelphia.
William H. Whitaker, Philadelphia.
Frederick Eissler, Philadelphia.
George W. Halliday, Philadelphia.
Miss Pauline Alloy, Philadelphia.
Mrs. Laura P. Cameron, Philadelphia.
Miss Catherine S. Fegely, Philadelphia.
Chas. A. Jann, Jr., Philadelphia.
William P. Quinlan, Philadelphia.
Leo J. Horton, Philadelphia.
Miss Anna G. Cunningham, Philadelphia.
James J. Finn, Philadelphia.
Domenico Pontarelli, Philadelphia.
J. Morris Dalton, Philadelphia.
William Harrison O'Neil, Philadelphia.
Ralph M. Reeve, Philadelphia.
Arthur C. Penton, Philadelphia.
Furey Ellis, Philadelphia.
Nathan Silberman, Philadelphia.
C. Trevor Dunham, Philadelphia.
Andrew F. Stevens, Philadelphia.
F. P. Carter, Philadelphia.
Luis Weil, Philadelphia.
Lewis C. Lee, Philadelphia.
Maurice J. Teitelbaum, Philadelphia.
A. H. Buxham, Philadelphia.
Thomas J. Stewart, Philadelphia.
John M. Cook, Jr., Philadelphia.

POTTER COUNTY.

Harry D. Martin, Galeton.
Thomas H. Nanney, Galeton.

SCHUYLKILL COUNTY.

Oscar J. Bretz, Delano Township.
Carlo Dangelo, Shenandoah.
William F. Horn, East Union Township.
John Jachetti, Mahanoy City.
Edward J. Kaier, Mahanoy City.
Charles G. Reed, Pottsville.
S. A. Ramonat, Shenandoah.
J. William Ritz, Ashland.
Theo. F. Barron, Ashland.
Edward J. Dailey, McAdoo.
Wm. R. Middleton, Gilberton.
Morris W. Hikes, Pinegrove.
Luigi Fanelli, Pottsville.
Frank E. Mekailek, Gilberton.
Walter J. Henry, Tower City.
Miss Beatrice E. Quigel, Hegins Township.
John J. Coughlin, Shenandoah.
Enoch Daubenspeck, West Penn Township.
Joseph Bell, Shenandoah.
John J. Lawler, Shenandoah.
H. Fred Lauer, Ashland.

SNYDER COUNTY.

H. G. Winey, Franklin Township.

SOMERSET COUNTY.

Leo R. Vanhorn, Somerset.
D. H. Pore, Confluence.
A. B. Lowry, Salisbury.
W. G. Carter, Somerset.
B. Freeman, Windber.
L. D. Sine, Shade Township.
George Kondor, Paint.

SULLIVAN COUNTY.

Miss Elizabeth M. Bahl, Dushore.

SUSQUEHANNA COUNTY.

C. W. Hicks, Hallstead.

TIOGA COUNTY.

O. S. Kimball, Westfield.
Miss Marguerite R. Baldwin, Tioga.

VENANGO COUNTY.

Harold T. Parker, Oil City.
Miss Holly Hoover, Franklin.
John H. McKinney, Franklin.
Thos. J. Callanan, Oil City.
Lester G. Truby, Oil City.
Silas Criswell, Emlenton.
Lee A. McCracken, Oil City.
Patrick J. McMahon, Oil City.
Maurice A. Brewster, Cornplanter Township.
Gus B. Evans, Oil City.

WARREN COUNTY.

Miss Mabelle J. Mason, Warren.
L. C. Jamieson, Warren.
Miss Nora E. Mills, Warren.
Joseph A. Schofield, Warren.

WASHINGTON COUNTY.

Edw. B. Hess, Washington.
W. B. Vandergrift, East Bethlehem Township.
M. J. Tylavsky, Charleroi.
Benjamin M. Kelso, Canonsburg.
M. H. Borland, Burgettstown.
Miss Louise Carroll, Washington.
G. L. Neel, Donora.
Geo. K. Gray, Washington.
Louis P. Flickinger, Charleroi.
E. J. Charles, Charleroi.
Miss Minnie B. Fleming, Washington.

WAYNE COUNTY.

Oscar E. Rummetsch, Honesdale.
Ellis D. Keyes, Lake Township.
Alfred Edward Swoyer, Honesdale.

WESTMORELAND COUNTY.

Adam B. Shaffer, Greensburg.
George V. Phillippi, Derry Borough.
Mrs. Tillie Staman, South Huntingdon Township.
C. A. Sherrick, Mt. Pleasant.
Edward H. Welsh, Vandergrift.
A. N. Shuster, Monessen.
J. Lyman Loucks, East Huntingdon Township.
N. J. Miller, Donegal Township.
Reynolds Laughlin, New Kensington.
L. S. Rhoades, Mt. Pleasant.
Lawrence M. Pfaadt, Mt. Pleasant.
Charles L. Lore, Greensburg.
Stanislaus Moravek, Monessen.
D. A. Mowry, Derry.
John B. Hagerman, New Kensington.
Johnson D. Wagner, Youngwood.
Nicholas Long, Greensburg.
J. D. Neely, Derry.
T. F. O'Connell, Jeannette.
C. Joseph Albertoletti, Jeannette.
E. M. Frye, Monessen.
Vincent R Smith, Greensburg.
Syndey Watkins, Rostraver Township.

YORK COUNTY.

Miss C. L. Moody, York.
Alvin R. Nissly, Hanover.
Miss Bertha M. Schoener, York.
J. F. Witman, York.
Milton H. Gross, Conewago Township.
Charles M. Fry, Lower Chanceford Township.
Norman L. Knauss, York.
J. M. Flinchbaugh, Red Lion.
S. A. Fitzgerald, Wellsville.
C. E. Dise, Glenrock.
Raymond Staub, Hanover.

JOHN K. TENER.

COMMISSIONERS OF DEEDS.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, January 5, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons to be Commissioners of Deeds for the term of five years, to be computed from the dates set opposite their names, respectively:

Edward L. Smith, Phillipsburg, N. J., July 5, 1913.
Jerome S. Rush, Ocean City, N. J., July 11, 1913.
G. B. Mountcastle, Richmond, Va., July 23, 1913.
M. V. Collins, San Francisco, Cal., August 18, 1913.
David L. Ostro, New York, N. Y., October 16, 1913.
Harry K. Torrey, Portsmouth, N. H., October 16, 1913.
Samuel A. Patterson, Asbury Park, N. J., October 27, 1913.
Frank H. Taylor, East Orange, N. J., November 7, 1913.
William E. Schul, Baltimore, Md., November 7, 1913.
M. J. Solan, Trenton, N. J., November 19, 1913.
S. B. Goodale, New York, N. Y., December 1, 1913.
Alexander Thomas Lang, Carrickmacross, Ireland, December 17, 1913.
Charles G. Guyer, Wilmington, Del., January 23, 1914.
Clarence R. Dugan, New York, N. Y., February 16, 1914.
A. W. Dresser, Burlington, N. J., February 25, 1914.
Leon R. Taylor, Asbury Park, N. J., March 2, 1914.
Charles L. Adolph, Newark, N. J., March 16, 1914.
Joseph H. Hughes, Cape May, N. J., April 27, 1914.
Alex. R. Smith, Jr., Boston, Mass., May 5, 1914.
Livingston W. Cleaveland, New Haven, Conn., May 13, 1914.
Percy Braby, London, Eng., May 29, 1914.
Frank W. Herrick, Boston, Mass., August 12, 1914.
Arthur Wright, Atlantic City, N. J., October 2, 1914.
John C. McManenin, Atlantic City, N. J., November 19, 1914.

JOHN K. TENER.

THIRD DEPUTY ATTORNEY GENERAL.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, January 5, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, Morris Wolf, of Philadelphia, to be Third Deputy Attorney General of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, to serve until superseded, to compute from September 23, 1913.

JOHN K. TENER.

STATE LIBRARIAN.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, January 5, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, Thomas Lynch Montgomery, of Greenhill, Chester County, to be State Librarian for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania for the term of four years, to compute from the first Monday of February, 1914.

JOHN K. TENER.

COMMISSIONER OF BANKING.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, January 5, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, W. H. Smith, of Philadelphia, to be Commissioner of Banking for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, for the term of four years, to compute from August 13, 1913.

JOHN K. TENER.

SUPERINTENDENT OF STATE POLICE.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, January 5, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, John C. Groome, of Rosemont, Montgomery County, to be Superintendent of State Police for Pennsylvania, for the term of four years, to compute from July 1, 1913.

JOHN K. TENER.

MEMBER OF THE STATE QUARANTINE BOARD FOR THE PORT OF PHILADELPHIA.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, January 5, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, J. L. Forward, of Chester, Delaware County, to be a Member of the State Quarantine Board for the Port of Philadelphia, for the term of two years, to compute from July 9, 1914.

JOHN K. TENER.

MEMBERS OF THE STATE BOARD OF AGRICULTURE.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, January 5, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons to be Members of the State Board of Agriculture, to serve until the dates set opposite their names, respectively:

R. H. Thomas, Mechanicsburg, until the fourth Wednesday of January, 1915.
John H. Stephens, Johnstown, until the fourth Wednesday of January, 1916.
Mrs. Jean Kane Foulke, West Chester, until the fourth Wednesday of January, 1917.

JOHN K. TENER.

COMMISSIONERS OF THE STATE BOARD OF PUBLIC CHARITIES.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, January 5, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons to be Commissioners of the State Board of Public Charities, for the term of five years, to compute from the dates set opposite their names, respectively:

Francis J. Torrance, Pittsburgh, July 3, 1913.
Samuel E. Gill, Pittsburgh, July 3, 1913.
Howard B. French, Philadelphia, July 3, 1913.
Isaac Johnson, Media, November 9, 1913.

JOHN K. TENER.

MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF THE PENNSYLVANIA STATE COLLEGE.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, January 5, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons to be Members of the Board of Trustees of the Pennsylvania State College, for the term of three years, to compute from the dates set opposite their names, respectively:

Thomas W. Barlow, Philadelphia, July 1, 1913.
Milton W. Lowry, Scranton, July 1, 1913.
J. D. Callery, Pittsburgh, July 1, 1914.
John Price Jackson, State College, July 1, 1914.

JOHN K. TENER.

WATER SUPPLY COMMISSIONERS.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, January 5, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons to be Water Supply Commissioners of Pennsylvania, for the term of four years, to compute from the dates set opposite their names, respectively:

John Birkinbine, Cynwyd, June 20, 1913.
Thomas J. Lynch, South Bethlehem, December 1, 1914.

JOHN K. TENER.

MEMBERS OF THE ADVISORY BOARD OF THE STATE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, January 5, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons to be Members of the Advisory Board of the State Department of Health, for the term of four years, to compute from June 15, 1913.

Adolph Koenig, M. D., Pittsburgh.
Charles B. Penrose, M. D., Philadelphia.
Lee Masterton, C. E., Johnstown.
George W. Guthrie, M. D., Wilkes-Barre.
B. Harry Warren, M. D., West Chester.

JOHN K. TENER.

MEMBER OF THE STATE PHARMACEUTICAL EXAMINGING BOARD.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, January 5, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, Otto W. Osterlund, of Philadelphia, to be a Member of the State Pharmaceutical Examining Board, for the term of five years, to compute from February 13, 1914.

JOHN K. TENER.

MEMBER OF THE STATE FISHERIES COMMISSION.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, January 5, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, John P. Wagner, of Carnegie, to be a Member of the State Fisheries Commission, for the term of four years, to compute from April 23, 1914.

JOHN K. TENER.

INSPECTORS OF THE STATE PENITENTIARY FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, January 5, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons to be Inspectors of the State Penitentiary for the Western District of Pennsylvania, to serve until the dates set opposite their names, respectively:

Charles W. Dahlinger, Pittsburgh, June 1, 1917.
Thomas B. Foley, Pittsburgh, January 18, 1918.
John A. Fairman, Pittsburgh, July 15, 1918.

JOHN K. TENER.

MANAGERS OF THE STATE INDUSTRIAL REFORMATORY AT HUNTINGDON.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, January 5, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons to be Managers of the State Industrial Reformatory at Huntingdon, to serve until the dates set opposite their names, respectively:

J. W. Brown, Lancaster, May 15, 1918.
George H. Stewart, Shippensburg, May 15, 1924.

JOHN K. TENER.

TRUSTEES OF THE PENNSYLVANIA STATE LUNATIC HOSPITAL AT HARRISBURG.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, January 5, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons to be Trustees of the Pennsylvania State Lunatic Hospital, at Harrisburg, to serve until the dates set opposite their names, respectively:

John F. Mentzer, Ephrata, April 6, 1917.
Daniel C. Herr, Harrisburg, April 6, 1917.
Henry M. Stine, Harrisburg, April 6, 1917.
W. H. Schwartz, Altoona, April 6, 1917.
W. C. Freeman, Lebanon, June 16, 1917.
Edward Bailey, Harrisburg, June 16, 1917.

JOHN K. TENER.

TRUSTEES OF THE STATE HOSPITAL FOR THE INSANE AT DANVILLE.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, January 5, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons to be Trustees of the State Hospital for the Insane, at Danville, for the term of three years, to compute from the dates set opposite their names, respectively:

W. Field Shay, Watsontown, February 10, 1914.
Samuel D. Townsend, Hughesville, September 4, 1913.
Edward Brennan, Shamokin, February 10, 1914.
R. J. Pegg, Danville, June 9, 1914.
Truman P. Reitmeyer, Williamsport, October 17, 1914.
W. F. Lowry, Berwick, October 17, 1914.

JOHN K. TENER.

TRUSTEES OF THE STATE HOSPITAL FOR THE INSANE OF THE SOUTHEASTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA AT NORRISTOWN.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, January 5, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the

Senate, the following named persons to be Trustees of the State Hospital for the Insane of the Southeastern District of Pennsylvania, at Norristown, for the term of three years, to compute from the dates set opposite their names, respectively:

Frank L. Smith, Norristown, February 15, 1914.
Thomas W. Marshall, West Chester, February 15, 1914.
J. Whitaker Thompson, Mont Clare, May 29, 1914.
Samuel S. Thompson, Philadelphia, July 21, 1914.
Clayton D. Fretz, Sellersville, December 11, 1914.

JOHN K. TENER.

TRUSTEES OF THE STATE HOSPITAL FOR THE INSANE AT WARREN.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, January 5, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons to be Trustees of the State Hospital for the Insane, at Warren, for the term of three years, to compute from the dates set opposite their names, respectively:

Ned Arden Flood, Meadville, January 3, 1914.
Bryan H. Osborne, Franklin, January 3, 1914.
A. Lincoln Bell, Ridgway, May 26, 1914.
R. B. Stone, Bradford, May 26, 1914.
Frank K. Brown, Clarion, May 26, 1914.
Charles Schimmelfeng, Warren, June 10, 1914.
W. E. Rice, Warren, July 20, 1914.
W. R. Hunter, Erie, August 5, 1914, and
Charles R. Galbrath, Franklin, until June 10, 1917.

JOHN K. TENER.

TRUSTEES OF THE STATE HOSPITAL FOR INJURED PERSONS OF THE ANTHRACITE COAL REGIONS AT ASHLAND.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, January 5, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons to be Trustees of the State Hospital for Injured Persons of the Anthracite Coal Region, at Ashland, to serve until lawfully determined or annulled, to compute from the dates set opposite their names, respectively:

Charles M. Bordner, Shenandoah, November 19, 1913.
Harrison Ball, Mahanoy City, May 13, 1914.

JOHN K. TENER.

TRUSTEE OF THE STATE HOSPITAL OF THE MIDDLE COAL FIELD OF PENNSYLVANIA AT HAZLETON.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, January 5, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, Eckley B. Coxe, Jr., of Drifton, to be a Trustee of the State Hospital of the Middle Coal Field of Pennsylvania, at Hazleton, to serve until lawfully determined or annulled, to compute from September 30, 1913.

JOHN K. TENER.

CHIEF CENSOR AND ASSISTANT CHIEF CENSOR OF PENNSYLVANIA STATE BOARD OF CENSORS OF MOVING PICTURES, ETC.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, January 5, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons to be Chief Censor and Assistant Chief Censor of the Pennsylvania State Board of Censors of Moving Pictures, Etc., respectively, to serve until superseded, to compute from January 20, 1914:

J. Louis Breitinger, Philadelphia, Chief Censor.
Mrs. E. C. Niver, Charleroi, Assistant ChiefCensor.

JOHN K. TENER.

COMMISSIONERS FOR THE PROMOTION OF UNIFORMITY OF LEGISLATION IN THE UNITED STATES.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, January 5, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons to be Commissioners for the Promotion of Uniformity of Legislation in the United States, to serve until the date set opposite their names, respectively:

Walter George Smith, Philadelphia, August 5, 1917.
William H. Staake, Philadelphia, August 5, 1917.
William M. Hargest, Harrisburg, August 5, 1917.

JOHN K. TENER.

MEMBERS OF THE STATE BOARD OF EXAMINERS FOR REGISTRATION OF NURSES.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, January 5, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons to be Members of the State Board of Examiners for Registration of Nurses, for the term of five years, to compute from the dates set opposite their names, respectively:

Albert E. Blackburn, M. D., Philadelphia, June 30, 1913.
William S. Higbee, M. D., Philadelphia, June 30, 1914.

JOHN K. TENER.

TRUSTEES OF THE STATE ASYLUM FOR THE CHRONIC INSANE OF PENNSYLVANIA.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, January 5, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons to be Trustees of the State Asylum for the Chronic Insane of Pennsylvania, at Wernersville, for the term of three years, to compute from the dates set opposite their names, respectively:

S. P. Light, Lebanon, April 20, 1914.
Henry M. Dechert, Philadelphia, April 20, 1914.
Savery Bradley, Philadelphia, April 20, 1914.
Jacob M. Shenk, Lebanon, June 12, 1914.
Walter T. Bradley, Philadelphia, June 12, 1914, and
Daniel J. Driscoll, Reading, until June 12, 1917.

JOHN K. TENER.

TRUSTEES OF THE HOME FOR THE TRAINING IN SPEECH OF DEAF CHILDREN BEFORE THEY ARE OF SCHOOL AGE, AT PHILADELPHIA.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, January 5, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons to be Trustees of the Home for the Training in Speech of Deaf Children Before They Are of School Age, of Philadelphia, for the term of five years, to compute from the dates set opposite their names, respectively:

Miss Mary S. Garrett, Philadelphia, July 14, 1913.
J. B. Showalter, Chicora, July 14, 1914.

JOHN K. TENER.

TRUSTEES OF THE STATE INSTITUTION FOR FEEBLE-MINDED OF WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA, AT POLK.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, January 5, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons to be Trustees of the State Institution for Feeble-Minded of Western Pennsylvania, at Polk, for the term of three years, to compute from the dates set opposite their names, respectively:

O. D. Bleakley, Franklin, May 1, 1913.
Marvin F. Scaife, Pittsburgh, May 1, 1913.
J. M. Davidson, Pittsburgh, May 1, 1914.
William T. Bradberry, Pittsburgh, May 1, 1914.
Samuel H. Miller, Mercer, May 1, 1914, and
A. R. Smart, Oil City, until May 1, 1917.
John A. Wilson, Franklin, until May 1, 1917.

JOHN K. TENER.

DEPUTY STATE VETERINARIAN OF THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, January 5, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, T. E. Munce, of Washington, Pa., to be Deputy State Veterinarian of the Department of Agriculture, Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, for the term of four years, to compute from December 9, 1913.

JOHN K. TENER.

COMMISSIONERS OF VALLEY FORGE.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, January 5, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons to be Commissioners of Valley Forge, for the term of five years, to compute from the dates set opposite theilr names, respectively:

William H. Sayen, Wayne, June 8, 1913.
John W. Jordan, Philadelphia, June 8, 1913.
John T. Windrim, Devon, June 8, 1913.
John P. Nicholson, Philadelphia, April 20, 1914.
J. P. Hale, Jenkins, Norristown, April 20, 1914.
William A. Patton, Philadelphia, April 20, 1914.
Richmond L. Jones, Reading, April 20, 1914.
Theodore E. Weidersheim, Philadelphia, April 20, 1914.

JOHN K. TENER.

MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF OSTEOPATHIC EXAMINERS FOR PENNSYLVANIA.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, January 5, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following named persons to be Members of the Board of Osteopathic Examiners for Pennsylvania, for the term of three years, to compute from the dates set opposite their names, respectively:

Frank B. Kann, Harrisburg, August 1, 1913.
Berton W. Sweet, Erie, August 1, 1913.
H. M. Goehring, Pittsburgh, August 1, 1914.
Virgil A. Hook, Wilkes-Barre, August 1, 1914.

JOHN K. TENER.

MEMBERS OF THE COMMISSION TO SUPERVISE THE PREPARATION OF THE STATUTES-AT-LARGE OF PENNSYLVANIA.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, January 5, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons to be Members of the Commission to Supervise the Preparation of the Statutes-at-Large of Pennsylvania, to serve until lawfully determined or annulled, to compute from November 1, 1913:

James T. Mitchell, Philadelphia.
Hampton L. Carson, Philadelphia.
J. Willis Martin, Philadelphia.

JOHN K. TENER.

COMPILER, STATUTES-AT-LARGE OF PENNSYLVANIA.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, January 5, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, John Houston Merrill, of Philadelphia, to Compile, Annotate, Edit and Index the Statutes-at-Large of Pennsylvania, under the direction of the Commission authorized to supervise said publication, to serve until lawfully determined or annulled, to compute from November 1, 1913.

JOHN K. TENER.

MEMBERS OF THE GENERAL GEORGE GORDON MEADE STATUE COMMISSION.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, January 5, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons to be Members of the General George Gordon Meade Statue Commission, to serve until lawfully determined or annulled, to compute from September 24, 1913.

John B. Patrick, Harrisburg.
John Wanamaker, Philadelphia.

JOHN K. TENER.

MEMBERS OF THE AUSTIN DAM COMMISSION.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, January 5, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons to be Members of the Austin Dam Commission, to serve until lawfully determined or annulled, to compute from January 2, 1914:

John Ormerod, Coudersport.
Frank E. Baldwin, Austin.
Michael Murrin, Austin.

JOHN K. TENER.

MEMBERS OF THE STATE BOARD OF VETERINARY MEDICAL EXAMINERS.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, January 5, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons, to be Members of the State Board of Veterinary Medical Examiners, to serve until the dates set opposite their names, respectively:

Charles W. Boyd, Philadelphia, until first Monday of September, 1916.
F. H. Schneider, Philadelphia, until first Monday of September, 1916.
J. W. Sallade, Auburn, until first Monday of September, 1917.

JOHN K. TENER.

MEMBERS OF THE STATE BOARD OF UNDERTAKERS.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, January 5, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons, to be Members of the State Board of Undertakers, for the term of three years, to compute from the dates set opposite their names, respectively:

J. Lewis Good, Philadelphia, October 16, 1913.
Charles L. Dykes, Philadelphia, October 16, 1914.
C. C. A. Baldi, Philadelphia, October 16, 1914.

JOHN K. TENER.

MEMBER OF THE PENNSYLVANIA PANAMA PACIFIC INTERNATIONAL EXPOSITION COMMISSION.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, January 5, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, Charles A. Woods, of Pittsburgh, to be a Member of the Pennsylvania Panama-Pacific International Exposition Commission, San Francisco, California, 1915, to serve until lawfully determined or annulled, to compute from November 19, 1913.

JOHN K. TENER.

MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF GAME COMMISSIONERS OF PENNSYLVANIA.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, January 5, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons, to be Members of the Board of Game Commissioners of Pennsylvania, for the term of three, years, to compute from the dates set opposite their names, respectively:

Lanning Harvey, Wilkes-Barre, November 17, 1913.
W. B. McCaleb, Harrisburg, November 17, 1913.
John M. Phillips. Pittsburgh, November 17, 1914, and
J. S. Speer, St. Mary's, until November 17, 1917.

JOHN K. TENER.

MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF DENTAL EXAMINERS OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, January 5, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons, to be Members of the Board of Dental Examiners of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, for the term of three years, to compute from the dates set opposite their names, respectively:

John J. Moffit, Harrisburg, September 1, 1913.
H. W. Arthur, Pittsburgh, September 1, 1913.
W. D. DeLong, Reading, September 1, 1914.
J. D. Whiteman, Mercer, September 1, 1914.

JOHN K. TENER.

MEMBERS OF THE STATE FREE LIBRARY COMMISSION.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, January 5, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons, to be Members of the State Free Library Commission, to serve until the dates set opposite their names, respectively:

Edwin E. Sparks, State College, January 3, 1919.
John Thomson, Philadelphia, January 3, 1919.

JOHN K. TENER.

MEMBERS OF THE STATE FORESTRY RESERVATION COMMISSION.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, January 5, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons, to be Members of the State Forestry Reservation Commission, for the term of four years, to compute from the dates set opposite their names, respectively:

F. L. Harvey, Foxburg, October 10, 1913.
William P. Stevenson, McVeytown, February 6, 1914.

JOHN K. TENER.

ENGINEER TO ASSIST AND CO-OPERATE WITH THE DIRECTOR OF THE DEPARTMENT OF WHARVES, DOCKS AND FERRIES OF THE CITY OF PHILADELPHIA IN THE IMPROVEMENT OF ITS PORT.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, January 5, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, Richard A. McFadden, of Philadelphia, as Engineer to Assist and Co-operate with the Director of the Department of Wharves, Docks and Ferries of the City of Philadelphia in the Improvement of its Port, to serve for the term of four years, to compute from October 11, 1913.

JOHN K. TENER.

TRUSTEES OF THE HOMEOPATHIC STATE HOSPITAL FOR THE INSANE, AT ALLENTOWN.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, January 5, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons to be Trustees of the Homeopathic State Hospital for the Insane, at Allentown, to serve until the dates set opposite their names, respectively:

Russell C. Stewart, Easton, January 27, 1917.
Leonard Peckitt, Catasauqua, January 27, 1917.
A. L. Kistler, Allentown, January 27, 1917.

JOHN K. TENER.

MEMBERS OF THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, January 5, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons, to be Members of the Public Service Commission of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, to serve for the terms set opposite their names, respectively, to compute from July 1, 1913:

Samuel W. Pennypacker, Schwenksville, 10 years.
S. LaRue Tone, Pittsburgh, 9 years.
Emory R. Johnson, Philadelphia, 8 years.
Milton J. Brecht, Lancaster, 7 years.
Charles Frederick Wright, Susquehanna, 6 years.
Frank M. Wallace, Erie, 5 years.
Walter H. Gaither, Pittsburgh, 4 years.

JOHN K. TENER.

TRUSTEES OF THE STATE INSTITUTION FOR FEEBLE-MINDED OF EASTERN PENNSYLVANIA, AT SPRING CITY.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, January 5, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons to be Trustees of the State Institution for Feeble-Minded of Eastern Pennsylvania, at Spring City, to serve until the dates set opposite their names, respectively:

Samuel R. Crothers, Chester, August 1, 1915.
John O. Gilmore, Philadelphia, August 1, 1915.
J. C. Hall, West Chester, August 1, 1915.
George W. French, Pottstown, August 1, 1916.
L. Y. Smith, Bridgeport, August 1, 1916.
J. Whitaker Thompson, Mont Clare, August 1, 1916.
Samuel A. Whitaker, Phoenixville, August 1, 1917.
T. C. Detwiler, Lancaster, August 1, 1917.
Fred Taylor Pusey, Chester, August 1, 1917.

JOHN K. TENER.

MEMBERS OF THE ADVISORY COMMISSION FOR THE PRESERVATION OF THE PUBLIC RECORDS.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, January 5, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons, to be Members of the Advisory Commission for the Preservation of the Public Records, for the term of one year, to compute from August 1, 1914:

Herman V. Ames, Philadelphia.
John W. Jordan, Philadelphia.
Julius F. Sachse, Philadelphia.
Ethan Allen Weaver, Germantown.
Frank R. Diffenderffer, Lancaster.
Boyd Crumrine, Washington.

JOHN K. TENER.

MEMBERS OF THE PENNSYLVANIA HISTORICAL COMMISSION.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, January 5, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons, to be Members of the Pennsylvania Historical Commission, to serve until the dates set opposite their names, respectively:

W. U. Hensel, Lancaster, November 26, 1915.
Hampton L. Carson, Philadelphia, November 26, 1915.
W. H. Stevenson, Pittsburgh, November 26, 1917.
George P. Donehoo, Coudersport, November 26, 1917.
William C. Sproul, Chester, November 26, 1917.

JOHN K. TENER.

MEMBERS OF THE COMMISSION TO CO-OPERATE WITH THE UNITED STATES BUREAU OF MINES IN THE ESTABLISHMENT IN THIS STATE OF A MINING EXPERIMENT STATION.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, January 5, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons, to be Members of the Commission to Co-operate with the United States Bureau of Mines in the Establishment in this State of a Mining Experiment Station to serve until lawfully determined or annulled, to compute from November 13, 1913:

W. R. Crane, State College.
James E. Roderick, Hazleton.
W. R. Calverley, Windber.

JOHN K. TENER.

TRUSTEES OF THE THADDEUS STEVENS INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL OF PENNSYLVANIA.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, January 5, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons to be Trustees of the Thaddeus Stevens Industrial School of Pennsylvania, for the term of three years, to compute from the dates set opposite their names, respectively:

Charles F. Miller, Lancaster, June 12, 1913.
Henry S. Williamson, Lancaster, June 12, 1913.
John H. Landis, Millersville, June 12, 1914.
P. E. Slaymaker, Lancaster, June 12, 1914.
George Gesell, Lancaster, June 12, 1914.

JOHN K. TENER.

TRUSTEES OF THE STATE HOSPITAL FOR THE CRIMINAL INSANE AT FARVIEW.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, January 5, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the

Senate, the following names persons, to be Trustees of the State Hospital for the Criminal Insane, at Farview, for the term of three years, to compute from June 1, 1914:

James L. Marsteller, Allentown.
Edward A. Jones, Scranton.
H. A. Denny, Montrose.

JOHN K. TENER.

MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF REGISTRATION COMMISSIONERS IN AND FOR THE CITY OF PHILADELPHIA.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, January 5, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, John O'Donnell, of Philadelphia, to be a Member of the Board of Registration Commissioners in and for the City of Philadelphia, until June 15, 1916, to compute from September 3, 1914.

JOHN K. TENER.

MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF REGISTRATION COMMISSIONERS IN AND FOR THE CITY OF PITTSBURGH.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, January 5, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, David L. Lawrence, Pittsburgh, to be a Member of the Board of Registration Commissioners in and for the City of Pittsburgh, until June 15, 1916, to compute from February 17, 1914.

JOHN K. TENER.

MEMBERS OF THE STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, January 5, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons to be Members of the State Board of Education, to serve until the dates set opposite their names, respectively:

William Lauder, Riddlesburg, July 1, 1917.
John S. Rilling, Erie, July 1, 1918.
David B. Oliver, Pittsburgh, July 1, 1919.

JOHN K. TENER.

MEMBERS OF THE BUREAU OF MEDICAL EDUCATION AND LICENSURE OF THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, January 5, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons to be Members of the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure of the Department of Public Instruction of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, for the term of three years, to compute from the dates set opposite their names, respectively:

C. L. Johnstonbaugh, Eclectic, So. Bethlehem, September 1, 1913.
Wm. Alvah Stewart, Homeo., So. Pittsburgh, September 1, 1913.
Adolph Koenig, Medical, So. Pittsburgh, September 1, 1914.

JOHN K. TENER.

TRUSTEES OF THE STATE HOSPITAL OF COALDALE, SCHUYLKILL COUNTY.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, January 5, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons to be Trustees of the State Hospital of Coaldale, Schuylkill County, to serve until January 29, 1916.

John R. Boyle, Coaldale.
Andrew Breslin, Summit Hill.
James Tinley, Tamaqua.
Edwin Ludlow, Lansford.
Vincent DePaul Quinn, Lansford.

JOHN K. TENER.

TRUSTEE OF THE STATE HOSPITAL OF NANTICOKE, LUZERNE COUNTY.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, January 5, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, T. D. Shea, of Nanticoke, to be Trustee of the State Hospital of Nanticoke, Luzerne County, to serve until February 14, 1917, to compute from April 8, 1914.

JOHN K. TENER.

MEMBERS OF THE INDUSTRIAL BOARD IN THE DEPARTMENT OF LABOR AND INDUSTRY OF PENNSYLVANIA.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, January 5, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons to be Members of the Industrial Board in the Department of Labor and Industry of Pennsylvania, to serve until the dates set opposite their names, respectively:

John P. Wood, Philadelphia, January 1, 1916.
James C. Cronin, Philadelphia, January 1, 1917.
George S. Comstock, Mechanicsburg, January 1, 1918.

JOHN K. TENER.

MEMBERS OF THE SUBURBAN METROPOLITAN PLANNING COMMISSION.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, January 5, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons as members of the Suburban Metropolitan Planning Commission, to serve until the dates set opposite their names, respectively:

William S. Ellis, Bryn Mawr, October 14, 1915.
Emile J. Berlet, Ridley Park, October 14, 1915.
Marshall R. Pugh, Wayne, October 14, 1915.
Julius E. Nachod, Glenside, October 14, 1915.
George Sullivan, Cynwyd, October 14, 1915.
Penrose Robinson, Hatboro, October 14, 1916.
C. O. Kruger, Abington, October 14, 1916.
George W. Elkins, Elkins Park, October 14, 1916.
Arthur P. Townsend, Langhorne, October 14, 1916.
Samuel F. Houston, Chestnut Hill, October 14, 1916.
A. Merritt Taylor, Philadelphia, October 14, 1917.
Randal Morgan, Philadelphia, October 14, 1917.
Joseph R. Grundy, Bristol, October 14, 1917.
John Gribbel, Wyncote, October 14, 1917.
Alba B. Johnson, Rosemont, October 14, 1917.

JOHN K. TENER.

MEMBERS OF THE BUILDING COMMISSION FOR A STATE INSTITUTION FOR INEBRIATES.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, January 5, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons to be Members of the Building Commission for a State Institution for Inebriates, to serve until lawfully determined or annulled, to compute from January 2, 1914:

Lewis Sadler, Carlisle.
David Hunter, Pittsburgh, N. S.
Wallace R. Hunter, Erie.
Francis J. Hall, Harrisburg.
James C. Work, Uniontown.
A. L. Reichenbach, Allentown.

JOHN K. TENER.

MEMBERS OF THE BUILDING COMMISSION FOR A STATE INDUSTRIAL HOME FOR WOMEN.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, January 5, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons to be Members of the Building Commission for a State Industrial Home for Women, to serve until lawfully determined or annulled, to compute from the dates set opposite their names, respectively:

Edward S. Lindsay, Warren, January 2, 1914.
Grier Hersh, York, January 2, 1914.

Willis F. McCook, Pittsburgh, January 2, 1914.
George Q. Horwitz, Philadelphia, May 13, 1914.
J. H. Weaver, Williamsport, May 13, 1914.

JOHN K. TENER.

MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF MANAGERS OF THE PENNSYLVANIA VILLAGE FOR FEEBLE-MINDED WOMEN.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, January 5, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons to be Members of the Board of Managers of the Pennsylvania Village for Feeble-minded Women, to serve until the dates set opposite their names, respectively:

E. W. Biddle, Carlisle, January 2, 1916.
Mrs. Daniel H. Hastings, Bellefonte, January 2, 1916.
William T. Tilden, Philadelphia, January 2, 1917.
J. M. Murdoch, Polk, January 2, 1917.
Nona P. Brown, Lancaster, January 2, 1917.
John F. Ely, Jeannette, January 2, 1916.

JOHN K. TENER.

MEMBERS OF THE COLLEGE AND UNIVERSITY COUNCIL.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, January 5, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons to be Members of the College and University Council, to serve for the term of four years from the dates set opposite their names, respectively:

H. H. Apple, Lancaster, September 17, 1914.
Henry S. Drinker, South Bethlehem, September 24, 1914.

JOHN K. TENER.

MEMBERS OF THE LAKE ERIE AND OHIO RIVER CANAL BOARD OF PENNSYLVANIA.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, January 5, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons to be Members of the Lake Erie and Ohio River Canal Board of Pennsylvania, to serve until the dates set opposite their names respectively:

W. A. Magee, Pittsburgh (President), May 28, 1920.
Thomas W. Symons, Washington, D. C., May 28, 1920.
A. S. McSwigan, Pittsburgh, May 28, 1919.
Tom P. Sloan, Lock No. 4, Washington County, May 28, 1919.
James A. Chambers, Pittsburgh, May 28, 1918.

JOHN K. TENER.

INAUGURAL COMMITTEE.

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced informed the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred in the resolution from the Senate, as follows:

In the Senate, January 5, 1915.

Resolved, That the President pro tempore of the Senate be and he is hereby authorized to appoint a committee of seven Senators to act in conjunction with a committee of nine members of the House of Representatives (if the House shall appoint such committee), to make the necessary arrangements for the inauguration; to wait upon his Excellency the Governor-elect, and conduct him in a suitable manner to the Capitol for the purpose of having the oath of office administered to him; and,

Resolved, That the inaugural ceremonies take place at twelve o'clock M. on the third Tuesday of January, the nineteenth instant, on the south side of the Capitol, should the weather prove favorable, otherwise in the Hall of the House of Representatives; and,

Be it further resolved, That said committee be and is hereby authorized to expend a sum not exceeding twenty-five thousand dollars ($25,000) in the making and carrying out of said arrangements, the same to be provided for in the Appropriation Bill.

And has appointed Messrs. E. E. Jones, Cox, Steedle, Wildman, Hess, Whittaker, Flynn, Shaffer and Body as such committee on the part of House of Representatives.

MEMBERS OF INAUGURAL COMMITTEE.

The President pro tempore announced the following committee on the part of the Senate to make the necessary arrangements for the inauguration of the Governor-elect, Honorable Martin G. Brumbaugh: Mr. Beidleman Mr. Martin, Mr. Sproul, Mr. Kurtz, Mr. Mills, Mr. Wasbers and Mr. DeWitt.

NOTARIES PUBLIC.

The Chair cleared his table and laid before the Senate communications in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which were read as follows:

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, January 5, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons ot be Notaries Public for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, for the term of four years, to compute from the date of their confirmation:

ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

Theo. Schleid, Bellevue.
S. P. McCaffrey, Bridgeville.
Edward J. Kaufmann, Carrick.
W. B. Fell, McKeesport.
Harry E. Bratchie, Pittsburgh.
Sol Buckstein, Pittsburgh.
J. L. Campbell, Pittsburgh.
J. K. Crownover, Pittsburgh.
R. M. Daubenspeck, Pittsburgh.
Miss Ruth W. Davies, Pittsburgh.
Geo. J. J. Hoelsche, Pittsburgh.
W. A. McCormick, Pittsburgh.
M. Mandelbaum, Pittsburgh.
H. G. Raymond, Pittsburgh.
Miss Onola Rosensteel, Pittsburgh.
James E. Buch, Pittsburgh.
Howard C. Watson, Pittsburgh.

ARMSTRONG COUNTY

Ralph R. Miller, Freeport.

BEAVER COUNTY.

Paul L. Andrews, Beaver.
Joseph H. Grandey, Rochester.

BERKS COUNTY.

Miss Mary B. Freed, Boyertown.
Miss Nelle M. Kissinger, Hamburg.
Miss Bertha Melchor, Bally.

CARBON COUNTY.

Thomas D. Lewis, Lansford.

CHESTER COUNTY.

Miss Mary H. Davis, West Chester.
Edgar I. Griffith, Downingtown.

CLEARFIELD COUNTY.

M. S. Mitchell, Clearfield.

COLUMBIA COUNTY.

Cosimo Sacco, West Berwick.

DELAWARE COUNTY.

Ralph L. Aman, Radnor Township.
Miss Catharine D. Cullin, Chester.
Miss Nancy P. Hinkson, Chester.

ERIE COUNTY.

William H. Runser, Erie.

FAYETTE COUNTY.

Charles Snider, So. Brownsville.

LACKAWANNA COUNTY.

John R. Wilson, Scranton.
Leo E. Dymond, Scranton.
W. H. Dixon, Scranton.

LUZERNE COUNTY.

Miss Jennie R. Bardell, Wilkes-Barre.
Geo. H. McDonnell, Wilkes-Barre.
Michael Drosdick, Hazleton.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY.

Miss Susanna L. Walton, Horsham Township.

NORTHUMBERLAND COUNTY.

Thomas B. Hill, Shamokin.
Peter L. Tressler, Lower Mahonoy Township.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY.

Chas. H. Amos, Philadelphia.
Earl B. Breedin, Philadelphia.
Miss Helen G. Daley, Philadelphia.
Cornelius F. Donnelly, Philadelphia.
Miss Elizabeth M. Dougherty, Philadelphia.
Jno. Ennis, Jr., Philadelphia.
Samuel Feinstein, Philadelphia.
Wm. S. Fenerty, Philadelphia.
Edward J. Fitzgerald, Philadelphia.
Meyer Getz, Philadelphia.
David H. Hall, Philadelphia.
Willis B. Heidinger, Philadelphia.
Clement Henderson, Philadelphia.
Cyril E. Hepburn, Philadelphia.
Robert C. Hilldale, Philadelphia.
John E. Markham, Philadelphia.
Chas. E. O'Halloran, Philadelphia.
Joseph P. Prindable, Philadelphia.
L. E. Richardson, Philadelphia.
Wm. C. Selsor, Philadelphia.
Miss I. D. Stroup, Philadelphia.
Miss Florence A. Wall, Philadelphia.
Howard B. Wilson, Philadelphia.

SCHUYLKILL COUNTY.

Miss Grace M. Weston, Pottsville.

WAYNE COUNTY.

Warren P. Murphy, Hawley.
George W. Lobb, Hawley.

WESTMORELAND COUNTY.

Charles Dickerson, No. Belle Vernon.
Russell St. Clair, New Florence.

WYOMING COUNTY.

E. S. Hinds, Factoryville.

YORK COUNTY.

Miss Celeste L. Burg, York.

JOHN K. TENER.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Exectuive Chamber, Harrisburg, January 5, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons to be Notaries Public for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, for the term of four years, to compute from the dates set opposite their names, respectively:

ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

Harry Bernstein, Pittsburgh, January 16, 1915.
Henry S. Fisher, Pittsburgh, January 16, 1915.
Miss Katherine K. George, Pittsburgh, January 16, 1915.
Wm. McC. Herron, Pittsburgh, January 16, 1915.
William V. Krouer, Pittsburgh, January 16, 1915.
Edwin Logan, Pittsburgh, January 16, 1915.
Chas. W. McChesney, Pittsburgh, January 16, 1915.
James G. Nevin, Pittsburgh, January 16, 1915.
A. G. Sharra, Pittsburgh, January 16, 1915.
Adolph H. Behrenberg, Pittsburgh, January 19, 1915.
J. Irwin Green, Pittsburgh, January 19, 1915.
Miss Mary M. Hedden, Pittsburgh, January 19, 1915.
Miss W. L. Holmes, Pittsburgh, January 19, 1915.
L. H. Mathews, Pittsburgh, January 19, 1915.
L. H. McCabe, Pittsburgh, January 19, 1915.
Henry W. Armstrong, Pittsburgh, January 21, 1915.
Miss Eleanor M. Booth, Pittsburgh, January 21, 1915.
Leo J. Coyle, Pittsburgh, January 21, 1915.
E. D. Cree, Pittsburgh, January 21, 1915.
C. J. Hoffman, Pittsburgh, January 21, 1915.
John Jenkins, Pittsburgh, January 21, 1915.
Geo. A. Jones, Pittsburgh, January 21, 1915.
J. G. Kaiser, Pittsburgh, January 21, 1915.
C. W. Sypniewski, Pittsburgh, January 23, 1915.
William Meyer, Pittsburgh, January 23, 1915.
M. Mosurak, Pittsburgh, January 23, 1915.
Lewis M. Alporn, Pittsburgh, January 24, 1915.
Harry M. Stein, Pittsburgh, January 25, 1915.
Miss B. E. Heilig, Pittsburgh, January 31, 1915.
W. A. McDevitt, Braddock, January 19, 1915.
L. H. Walter, Carnegie, January 21, 1915.
Samuel Glick, Clairton, January 16, 1915.
John T. Baker, Clairton, January 21, 1915.
J. Oliver Percival, Clairton, January 23, 1915.
Miss M. S. Murphy, Crafton, January 19, 1915.
F. Herman Black, Duquesne, January 16, 1915.
Jas. P. Davis, McKeesport, January 16, 1915.
Clyde H. Shaw, McKeesport, January 21, 1915.
J. M. Hall, McKees Rocks, January 19, 1915.
James Bryant, McKees Rocks, January 28, 1915.
Henry L. Bon, Mt. Oliver, January 21, 1915.
LaRue Tiers, Oakmont, January 19, 1915.
W. L. McDaniel, Swissvale, January 21, 1915.
Jas. S. Woldon, Wilkinsburg, January 19, 1915.
John M. Beedle, Jefferson Township, January 21, 1915.

ARMSTRONG COUNTY.

Albert P. Roberts, Leechburg, January 16, 1915.

BEAVER COUNTY.

W. H. Harper, Beaver, January 21, 1915.

BERKS COUNTY.

Miss Katharine H. Bradley, Reading, January 16, 1915.
Horace P. Fetter, Reading, January 16, 1915.
Wayne K. Leinbach, Reading, January 16, 1915.
Paul H. Price, Reading, January 16, 1915.
Leonard G. Yoder, Reading, January 16, 1915.
J. Edward Miller, Hamburg, January 19, 1915.
Edward M. Stetson, Reading, January 19, 1915.
Charles R. Werner, Reading, January 19, 1915.
Philip A. Bushong, Reading, January 21 1915.

BLAIR COUNTY.

Alex Weir, Altoona, January 16, 1915.

BRADFORD COUNTY.

J. Andrew Wilt, Towanda, January 16, 1915.
L. N. Osborne, Towanda, January 19, 1915.

CENTRE COUNTY.

S. D. Gettig, Bellefonte, January 21, 1915.
W. Harrison Walker, Bellefonte, January 21, 1915.

CHESTER COUNTY.

Mrs. Caroline L. McFarlan, West Chester, January 11, 1915.
H. S. Worth, Oxford, January 16, 1915.
E. C. Austin, West Grove, January 19, 1915.
D. A. Stubbs, Oxford, January 21, 1915.
Albert E. Townsend, Oxford, January 21, 1915.
Channing Way, West Chester, January 21, 1915.

CLARION COUNTY.

J. W. Werner, East Brady, January 16, 1915.
Miss Camilla E. Wilson, Clarion, January 21, 1915.
John W. Maffett, Clarion, January 28, 1915.
D. M. Geist, New Bethlehem, January 21, 1915.

COLUMBIA COUNTY.

Henry F. Traugh, Berwick, January 21, 1915.

CRAWFORD COUNTY.

Miss Bernice McGinnett, Titusville, January 16, 1915.
Miss Maude Harper, Meadville, January 21, 1915.
John Schuler, Meadville, January 21, 1915.
Lewis H. Lauderbaugh, Meadville, January 21, 1915.

DAUPHIN COUNTY.

Clinton M. Hershey, Harrisburg, January 25, 1915.
Miss Margaret M. Reichert, Harrisburg, January 16, 1915.

DELAWARE COUNTY.

Albert N. Garrett, Swarthmore, January 16, 1915.
William H. Tricker, Media, January 19, 1915.
Mrs. Anne Gray Taylor, Chester, January 19, 1915.
Miss Mary C. Ulrich, Chester, January 19, 1915.

ELK COUNTY.

R. C. McFarland, Ridgway, January 16, 1915.

ERIE COUNTY.

Miss Mae Silsby, Erie, January 16, 1915.
Charles A. Mertens, Erie, January 21, 1915.
John T. Oxteby, Erie, January 28, 1915.
Gerry T. Kincaid, Corry, January 30, 1915.

FAYETTE COUNTY.

Charles T. Cramer, Uniontown, January 11, 1915.
Miss Edith Harris, Connellsville, January 31, 1915.

FRANKLIN COUNTY.

H. H. Spangler, Mercersburg, January 19, 1915.
Alf. N. Russell, Waynesboro, January 20, 1915.
T. H. Cunningham, Waynesboro, January 21, 1915.

INDIANA COUNTY.

Mrs. Marcia M. Healy, Blairsville, January 21, 1915.

LACKAWANNA COUNTY.

J. E. Brennan, Carbondale, January 16, 1915.
Mrs. Annie W. Broadbent, Scranton, January 16, 1915.
Miss Catherine Somers, Scranton, January 16, 1915.
Lee P. Stark, Scranton, January 16, 1915.
Charles H. Welles, Jr., Scranton, January 19, 1915.
Adolf Blau, Scranton, January 28, 1915.
C. A. Battenberg, Scranton, January 21, 1915.

LANCASTER COUNTY.

Amos E. Burkholder, Lancaster, January 21, 1915.
J. Guy Eshleman, Lancaster, January 21, 1915.
B. Frank Kready, Lancaster, January 21, 1915.
William H. Kready, Lancaster, January 21, 1915.
Martin E. Musser, Lancaster, January 21, 1915.
J. W. G. Hershey, Lititz, January 22, 1915.
Sumner V. Hosterman, Lancaster, January 28, 1915.
H. R. Bassler, Manheim Township, January 31, 1915.

LAWRENCE COUNTY.

W. J. Uber, New Castle, January 16, 1915.
L. M. Buchanan, New Castle, January 19, 1915.
Hiram G. Miller, New Castle, January 19, 1915.
W. R. Thompson, New Wilmington, January 19, 1915.

LEHIGH COUNTY.

M. S. Weidner, Allentown, January 21, 1915.
Austin A. Glick, Catasauqua, January 31, 1915.
Charles D. Peters, Slatington, January 21, 1915.

LUZERNE COUNTY.

W. H. Chapin, Kingston, January 16, 1915.
Pasquale Mardone, Wilkes-Barre, January 16, 1915.
Miss Lillian Saunders, Hazleton, January 16, 1915.
Chas. W. Dana, Wilkes-Barre, January 21, 1915.
Harry L. Freeman, Wilkes-Barre, January 21, 1915.
Winfield L. Parsons, Wilkes-Barre, January 21, 1915.
C. W. Honeywell, Plymouth, January 21, 1915.
Arthur L. Turner, Wilkes-Barre, January 21, 1915.

McKEAN COUNTY.

Charles G. Hubbard, Kane, January 15, 1915.
Camillo Rizzuto, Bradford, January 19, 1915.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY.

Theodore M. Delaney, Jenkintown, January 16, 1915.
Samuel H. Fridy, Pottstown, January 19, 1915.
Harold C. Knight, Ambler, January 21, 1915.
Miss Margaret Potter, Norristown, January 21, 1915.

NORTHAMPTON COUNTY.

Michael E. Falcono, Roseto, January 16, 1915.
John J. Maus, Nazareth, January 16, 1915.
Harvey M. Usberroth, So. Bethlehem, January 19, 1915.
A. L. Cope, So. Bethlehem, January 21, 1915.

NORTHUMBERLAND COUNTY.

C. Elmer John, Mount Carmel, January 16, 1915.
H. O. Moser, Mount Carmel, January 16, 1915.
Joseph P. Cummings, Sunbury, January 19, 1915.
Geo. E. Deppen, Sunbury, January 19, 1915.
Geo. W. John, Shamokin, January 21, 1915.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY.

Bernard J. Arndt, Philadelphia, January 11, 1915.
Theodore E. Nickles, Philadelphia, January 11, 1915.
H. Bepperling, Philadelphia, January 15, 1915.
C. G. Barnard, Philadelphia, January 16, 1915.
William A. Barr, Philadelphia, January 16, 1915.
Gordon A. Block, Philadelphia, January 16, 1915.
Clifford K. Cassel, Philadelphia, January 16, 1915.
James J. Doyle, Philadelphia, January 16, 1915.
Joseph F. Englert, Philadelphia, January 16, 1915.
Vivian Frank Gable, Philadelphia, January 16, 1915.
Michael J. Geraghty, Philadelphia, January 16, 1915.
John R. Hafer, Philadelphia, January 16, 1915.
Herman Harvey, Philadelphia, January 16, 1915.
Eugene M. Jeanelsson, Philadelphia, January 16, 1915.
Winfield S. H. Knopf, Philadelphia, January 16, 1915.
Miss S. Ella Matson, Philadelphia, January 16, 1915.
R. Rothwell Meehan, Philadelphia, January 16, 1915.
Arthur J. Purssell, Philadelphia, January 16, 1915.
Miss Martha H. Quinn, Philadelphia, January 16, 1915.
Donald V. Redding, Philadelphia, January 16, 1915.
Frederick H. Weber, Philadelphia, January 16, 1915.
William Morton West, Philadelphia, January 16, 1915.
J. Edgar Wilkinson, Philadelphia, January 16, 1915.
David McBurney, Philadelphia, January 18, 1915.
Harry M. McBurney, Philadelphia, January 18, 1915.
Max Schermer, Philadelphia, January 18, 1915.
Jacob Bates, Philadelphia, January 19, 1915.
Joseph J. Behan, Philadelphia, January 19, 1915.
Charles H. Buckley, Philadelphia, January 19, 1915.
F. Rogers Donahue, Philadelphia, January 19, 1915.
William A. Dorman, Philadelphia, January 19, 1915.
Benjamin Finberg, Philadelphia, January 19, 1915.
Harvey Gourley, Philadelphia, January 18, 1915.
William A. Lechler, Philadelphia, January 19, 1915.
Clayton McElroy, Philadelphia, January 19, 1915.
E. W. Omensetter, Philadelphia, January 19, 1915.
John Rodgers, Philadelphia, January 19, 1915.
Thos. Kilby Smith, Philadelphia, January 19, 1915.
William C. Stoever, Philadelphia, January 19, 1915.
Miss Kathryn A. Summers, Philadelphia, January 19, 1915.
Winfield S. Walker, Philadelphia, January 19, 1915.
Roger S. Henderson, Philadelphia, January 20, 1915.
John E. McCully, Philadelphia, January 20, 1915.
Wilbur Alrich, Philadelphia, January 21, 1915.
D. Britton Chambers, Philadelphia, January 21, 1915.
Emerson Conrad, Philadelphia, January 21, 1915.
Clarence M. Dudley, Philadelphia, January 21, 1915.
J. H. Fort, Jr., Philadelphia, January 21, 1915.
G. Percy Fox, Philadelphia, January 21, 1915.
Howard W. Hanson, Philadelphia, January 21, 1915.
Miss Madeleine H. Hood, Philadelphia, January 21, 1915.
Thos. J. Hunt, Philadelphia, January 21, 1915.
G. Herbert Jenkins, Philadelphia, January 21, 1915.
Miss Ellen R. Kroneberger, Philadelphia, January 21, 1915.
Alexander Henry Lane, Philadelphia, January 21, 1915.
J. Paul Lyot, Philadelphia, January 21, 1915.
Edmund L. McCurdy, Philadelphia, January 21, 1915.
Victor Paul, Philadelphia, January 21, 1915.
A. Stanley Peterson, Philadelphia, January 21, 1915.
Daniel E. Shisler, Philadelphia, January 21, 1915.
William T. Steel, Philadelphia, January 21, 1915.
Ernest Stephan, Philadelphia, January 21, 1915.
Salvatore M. A. Vernacohio, Philadelphia, January 21, 1915.
Alfred Vogel, Philadelphia, January 21, 1915.
Henry J. Walter, Philadelphia, January 21, 1915.
Charles J. Weiss, Philadelphia, January 21, 1915.
Jesse Williams, Philadelphia, January 21, 1915.
W. O. Miller, Philadelphia, January 22, 1915.
John J. Rutherford, Philadelphia, January 22, 1915.
George E. Potts, Philadelphia, January 23, 1915.
Miss Sara T. Hall, Philadelphia, January 24, 1915.
Wm. A. Rafferty, Philadelphia, January 26, 1915.
Wharton Stockton McIlvaine, Philadelphia, January 28, 1915.
Marmaduke D. Smith, Philadelphia, January 28, 1915.
Edwin A. Sands, Philadelphia, January 31, 1915.
John L. Vandiver, Philadelphia, January 31, 1915.
Walter Acuff, Philadelphia, January 15, 1915.
Henry L. Bechtel, Philadelphia, January 16, 1915.
Miss Amelia E. Lembert, Philadelphia, January 16, 1915.
Joseph Klapp Nicholls, Philadelphia, January 16, 1915.

POTTER COUNTY.

Miss Fannie A. Perkins, Coudersport, January 19, 1915.

SCHUYLKILL COUNTY.

P. H. Burke, Shenandoah, January 15, 1915.
Frank J. Laubenstein, Ashland, January 20, 1915.
P. W. Bierstein, Shenandoah, January 21, 1915.
B. Frank Wagner, Girardville, January 21, 1915.
Frank Little, Pottsville, January 31, 1915.

SUSQUEHANNA COUNTY.

Gerritt E. Gardner, Forest City, January 16, 1915.

UNION COUNTY.

Samuel W. Johnston, Mifflinburg, January 18, 1915.

VENANGO COUNTY.

Miss Mary B. Eckert, Franklin, January 16, 1915.
Wm. M. Parker, Oil City, January 19, 1915.
John M. McGill, Oil City, January 21, 1915.
S. R. Ball, Oil City, January 30, 1915.

WARREN COUNTY.

William R. Dawson, Tidioute, January 19, 1915.
H. A. Pinney, Sheffield Township, January 19, 1915.
Ozro Besmith, Warren, January 21, 1915.
L. C. Eddy, Warren, January 21, 1915.

WASHINGTON COUNTY.

Miss Elizabeth Elwood, Monongahela, January 16, 1915.
Miss Jennie Hammond, Monongahela, January 16, 1915.
C. T. Lewis, Donora, January 16, 1915.
Mrs. Nettie F. Dunn, Monongahela, January 23, 1915.
Miss Emma Perkins, Donora, January 28, 1915.

WAYNE COUNTY.

Miss Rena S. Edgett, Honesdale, January 19, 1915.

WESTMORELAND COUNTY.

Jos. Feriko Miklosy, Latrobe, January 15, 1915.
James B. Smail, Southwest Greensburg, January 16, 1915.
Jeffery W. Taylor, Greensburg, January 16, 1915.
Peter H. Naley, Manor, January 19, 1915.
George Slaine, Greensburg, January 19, 1915.
Jesse S. Cook, Scottdale, January 21, 1915.
A. M. Winnett, Rostraver Township, January 21, 1915.
Harry C. Walley, New Kensington, January 25, 1915.
A. M. Dick, West Newton, January 21, 1915.

WYOMING COUNTY.

Miss Eulalie M. Piatt, Tunkhannock, January 18, 1915.
Joseph Wood Piatt, Tunkhannock, January 21, 1915.

YORK COUNTY.

Andrew J. Hershey, York, January 21, 1915.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

John M. Irwin, Pittsburgh, January 19, 1915.
M. B. Ullery, Pittsburgh, January 19, 1915.
Clarence A. Williams, Pittsburgh, January 19, 1915.
Albert C. Rohland, Pittsburgh, January 21, 1915.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY.

Wm. D. Vreeland, Philadelphia, January 16, 1915.
Miss Anna Adele Jones, Philadelphia, January 18, 1915.
Miss Rose Marie Kelly, Philadelphia, January 19, 1915.
W. S. Furst, Philadelphia, January 21, 1915.
Charles F. Myers, Philadelphia, January 21, 1915.
Theodore Richardson, Philadelphia, January 21, 1915.
A. D. Harvey, Philadelphia, January 26, 1915.

TIOGA COUNTY.

Walter Sherwood, Wellsboro, January 21, 1915.

BUTLER COUNTY.

Albert L. Bowser, Butler, January 21, 1915.

JOHN K. TENER.

EXECUTIVE SESSION.

By unanimous consent.

A motion was made by Mr. Vare,

That rule 38, which requires all nominations made by the Governor to be referred to committee, be dispensed with, and the Senate do now resolve itself into Executive Session for the purpose of acting upon the nominations of Notaries Public received at to-day's session, which were not referred to the Committee on Executive Nominations.

Which was agreed to.

Whereupon,

A motion was made by Mr. Vare.

That the Senate do advise and consent to the nominations of Notaries Public received at to-day's session, which were not referred to the Committee on Executive Nominations.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Beidleman,	Gyger,	McKee, W. S.,	Snyder, C. A.,
Buckman,	Hackett,	McNichol,	Snyder, P. W.,
Burke,	Herbst,	Miller,	Sones,
Catlin,	Hilton,	Mills,	Sproul,
Clark,	Hindman,	Moore,	Stewart,
Croft,	Hoke,	Patton,	Thompson,
Crow,	Homsher,	Phipps,	Tompkins,
Daix,	Jenkins,	Salus,	Vare,
DeWitt,	Kurtz,	Schantz,	Warner,
Endsley,	Lynch,	Semmens,	Wasbers,
Farley,	Magee, C. J.,	Sensenich,	Kline,
Gerberich,	Martin,	Smith, R. E.,	Pres. pro tem.
Graff,	McConnell,	Smith, W. W.,	

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Governor be informed accordingly.

RECESS.

Mr VARE. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now take a recess for five minutes.

Mr. GERBERICH. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

AFTER RECESS.

The PRESIDENT. The time of recess having elapsed, the Senate will be in order.

SENATE PROCEEDS TO HOUSE TO COUNT VOTE FOR STATE OFFICERS.

The hour of 3:30 o'clock P. M. having arrived.

Messrs. Woodward, Roney and Kitts, a Committee from the House of Representatives being introduced, informed the Senate that the House of Representatives was ready for the reception of the President and members of the Senate for the purpose of witnessing the opening, counting and publishing of the official returns of the votes cast on the first Tuesday of November, A. D. 1914, for Governor, Lieutenant Governor, and Secretary of Internal Affairs.

Whereupon,

The President and members of the Senate proceeded to the hall of the House of Representatives.

SENATE RETURNS FROM HOUSE.

After some time the President and Senators returned to the Senate chamber.

TELLERS' REPORT OF PROCEEDINGS OF JOINT SESSION OF SENATE AND HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES FOR THE OPENING, COUNTING AND PUBLISHING OF VOTES FOR GOVERNOR, LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR, AND SECRETARY OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS.

Mr. GRAFF, teller on the part of the Senate, made a report which was read as follows:

That the president and members of the Senate and the Speaker and members of the House of Representatives, met in the hall of the House of Representatives, at three-thirty o'clock, this day, and the Honorable Charles H. Kline, President pro tempore of the Senate, in pursuance of the Constitution and laws of the Cmmonwealth did then and there proceed to open and count and publish the official returns of the election for Governor, Lieutenant-Governor and Secretary of Internal Affairs, held on the first Tuesday in November, being the third day of November, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and fourteen, in the City of Philadelphia, and the several counties of the Commonwealth, as follows:

FOR GOVERNOR.

Counties.	Democratic. Vance C. McCormick.	Washington. Vance C. McCormick.	Republican. Martin G. Brumbaugh.	Keystone. Martin G. Brumbaugh.	Personal Liberty. Martin G. Brumbaugh.	Socialist. Joseph B. Allen.	Bull Moose. Charles N. Brumm.	Roosevelt Progressive. William Draper Lewis.	Prohibition Matthew H. Stevenson.	Industrialist. Caleb Harrison.	Scattering.
Adams,	3,322	400	2,277	229	11	63	9	17	48	1	----
Allegheny,	27,061	18,852	53,967	3,338	6,141	7,509	344	705	1,210	106	----
Armstrong,	2,682	1,498	3,423	308	30	274	47	88	191	6	----
Beaver,	2,675	2,412	4,705	175	25	750	31	52	252	1	----
Bedford,	2,318	1,079	2,492	209	6	308	15	40	84	0	----
Berks,	13,613	0	8,884	0	0	3,055	175	172	125	29	----
Blair,	3,663	2,566	6,928	1,318	82	750	59	89	161	22	----
Bradford,	2,413	2,655	3,354	356	9	112	45	191	365	1	----
Bucks,	5,853	1,411	7,752	198	21	240	18	55	88	6	----
Butler,	3,388	1,391	3,217	317	126	203	39	94	684	1	----
Cambria,	5,073	4,839	6,566	2,023	593	606	74	176	325	14	1
Cameron,	245	227	637	29	4	11	1	9	15	0	----
Carbon,	2,590	1,387	2,397	572	469	177	81	109	45	0	----
Centre,	3,157	653	3,434	122	13	141	13	51	80	0	----
Chester,	4,955	2,714	8,182	502	20	153	45	57	121	5	----
Clarion,	2,792	367	1,780	139	25	181	22	29	140	0	----
Clearfield,	4,106	2,210	3,628	606	96	785	60	156	312	3	----
Clinton,	1,843	688	1,836	309	501	387	6	35	48	1	----
Columbia,	4,410	1,016	1,715	260	19	92	29	70	117	3	----
Crawford,	4,116	1,125	3,627	446	55	553	16	61	473	3	----
Cumberland,	4,908	789	5,166	287	15	175	8	14	139	0	1
Dauphin,	7,256	2,987	13,644	799	56	795	21	35	126	6	----
Delaware,	3,565	2,311	13,724	360	26	179	44	92	145	4	----
Elk,	691	934	1,513	90	1,717	212	23	70	217	10	----
Erie,	5,427	1,646	6,466	460	247	1,363	31	102	649	24	----
Fayette,	6,758	1,293	9,468	324	26	1,050	38	79	444	6	----
Forest,	391	185	394	79	5	125	13	27	182	0	----
Franklin,	4,153	1,171	4,085	238	11	256	8	29	77	0	----
Fulton,	1,083	58	567	134	2	8	2	11	4	0	----
Greene,	3,186	148	1,481	65	3	76	16	29	59	3	----
Huntindon,	1,602	974	2,517	556	12	136	8	30	40	0	----
Indiana,	1,430	1,410	3,211	236	20	296	36	158	740	5	1
Jefferson,	2,746	1,445	2,736	306	14	306	44	101	291	3	----
Juniata,	1,139	311	921	115	0	36	10	7	7	0	----
Lackawanna,	11,300	2,576	12,855	1,016	135	519	134	285	1,019	20	----
Lancaster,	6,151	4,153	16,831	476	30	391	679	79	234	19	----
Lawrence,	1,835	1,320	3,400	323	32	726	49	90	380	0	----
Lebanon,	2,555	1,538	4,526	252	37	206	19	23	169	3	----
Lehigh,	7,919	1,474	7,432	551	188	821	75	119	92	10	----
Luzerne,	12,641	3,112	16,249	3,181	426	820	192	358	500	46	----
Lycoming,	5,064	1,523	3,351	590	180	756	40	134	443	4	----
McKean,	1,855	1,585	2,002	188	18	276	35	79	167	11	1
Mercer,	3,885	1,436	3,762	424	12	788	50	103	849	1	----
Mifflin,	1,415	392	1,520	227	14	443	4	15	26	0	----
Monroe,	2,326	292	820	222	34	17	7	14	71	2	----
Montgomery,	8,878	2,826	16,060	583	40	711	34	102	109	5	----
Montour,	986	296	1,001	106	10	21	4	23	21	0	----
Northampton,	6,928	1,592	6,461	429	1,035	426	53	141	203	6	----
Northumberland,	6,260	2,484	6,217	698	51	1,181	109	115	185	10	----
Perry,	2,314	0	2,202	0	0	25	11	14	8	4	----
Philadelphia,	33,829	29,551	174,605	7,096	487	4,276	229	514	440	55	----
Pike,	736	216	164	153	8	17	11	10	8	1	----
Potter,	1,208	856	1,265	86	13	185	26	59	90	0	----
Schuylkill,	9,823	3,280	13,689	2,122	312	843	448	230	139	8	----
Snyder,	830	569	1,153	123	6	26	11	20	8	0	----
Somerset,	1,552	2,162	3,318	378	34	299	27	61	212	3	----
Sullivan,	873	137	709	33	4	30	6	8	92	0	----
Susquehanna,	2,217	976	2,450	148	10	15	21	74	268	0	----
Tioga,	1,630	1,572	2,620	290	11	139	41	145	221	2	----
Union,	1,053	444	1,347	113	3	28	10	21	20	1	----
Venango,	1,903	791	2,311	355	26	467	32	78	1,307	5	----
Warren,	1,488	1,346	1,954	95	13	243	24	60	820	10	----
Washington,	5,232	2,717	7,677	215	28	814	55	99	232	7	----
Wayne,	1,521	1,089	1,374	217	19	43	22	97	108	1	----
Westmoreland,	8,318	3,392	7,738	951	4,219	2,451	100	190	607	27	----
Wyoming,	1,291	347	1,183	33	4	62	10	21	98	0	----
York,	12,127	1,128	9,938	671	117	687	32	52	267	9	1
Total,	312,553	140,229	534,898	37,847	17,956	40,115	4,031	6,473	17,467	533	5

FOR LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR

Counties.	Democratic. William T. Creasy.	Keystone. William T. Creasy.	Washington. Percy F. Smith.	Bull Moose. Percy F. Smith.	Roosevelt Progressive. Percy F. Smith.	Republican. Frank B. McClain.	Personal Liberty. Frank B. McClain.	Socialist. Frederic J. Sbollar.	Prohibition. H. J. Whalen.	Industrialist. Geo. G. Anton.	Scattering.
Adams,	3,161	106	417	72	36	2,274	13	62	62	1	----
Allegheny,	18,925	1,380	22,863	5,042	2,630	50,978	6,478	7,852	1,314	118	----
Armstrong,	2,453	208	1,557	211	132	3,157	40	284	257	3	----
Beaver,	2,529	260	2,185	179	67	4,570	25	774	294	3	----
Bedford,	2,358	90	1,041	85	60	2,354	8	317	127	1	----
Berks,	11,682	0	3,301	0	0	7,106	0	3,098	181	27	----
Blair,	3,202	300	3,344	768	225	6,029	125	1,086	276	23	----
Bradford,	2,459	398	2,205	228	191	3,242	21	116	404	4	----
Bucks,	5,906	102	1,575	136	77	7,249	26	246	114	4	----
Butler,	3,051	146	1,523	256	173	2,913	113	207	864	2	----
Cambria,	5,503	602	4,451	467	206	6,850	761	620	404	15	----
Cameron,	248	31	185	12	11	615	5	13	13	2	----
Carbon,	2,453	54	1,561	233	129	2,491	531	181	68	0	----
Centre,	3,123	85	644	86	74	3,290	14	148	108	2	----
Chester,	5,229	488	2,370	191	117	7,473	27	176	146	4	----
Clarion,	2,746	165	247	142	31	1,565	35	191	177	9	----
Clearfield,	3,933	399	1,649	407	199	3,661	163	845	406	7	----
Clinton,	1,851	155	621	127	81	1,658	509	425	73	3	----
Columbia,	4,308	242	727	94	65	1,708	32	109	158	3	----
Crawford,	4,123	285	776	163	105	3,563	145	584	554	3	----
Cumberland,	4,849	94	919	119	38	4,741	9	208	213	0	----
Dauphin,	7,313	350	3,151	244	101	12,667	65	921	276	5	----
Delaware,	3,518	233	2,617	232	187	13,012	38	192	216	7	1
Elk,	661	32	962	71	76	1,497	1,714	211	244	9	----
Erie,	4,980	254	1,397	186	201	6,249	254	1,406	736	22	----
Fayette,	6,062	116	1,536	505	161	9,212	57	1,051	562	9	----
Forest,	316	6	162	47	53	376	6	135	197	0	----
Franklin,	4,159	126	1,181	83	51	3,784	14	271	144	8	----
Fulton,	**1,037**	**5**	**77**	**42**	**10**	**588**	**1**	**13**	**12**	2	----
Greene,	3,103	29	174	61	33	1,346	5	77	82	4	----
Huntingdon,	1,574	93	1,227	328	38	2,010	44	163	98	1	----
Indiana,	1,251	57	1,598	160	156	2,973	27	306	857	4	----
Jefferson,	2,581	268	1,227	275	132	2,717	22	319	330	7	----
Juniata,	1,170	48	270	53	10	904	4	43	18	0	----
Lackawanna,	10,023	360	3,660	685	174	11,976	112	517	1,159	24	----
Lancaster,	6,132	326	3,699	1,199	91	16,319	55	408	312	19	----
Lawrence,	1,547	135	1,276	221	86	3,265	34	744	732	2	----
Lebanon,	2,554	181	1,306	94	63	4,273	26	228	249	4	----
Lehigh,	8,008	154	1,766	269	156	6,966	180	850	121	12	----
Luzerne,	13,270	1,336	2,288	919	513	16,678	685	858	817	68	----
Lycoming,	5,243	391	974	224	230	3,186	195	801	529	6	----
McKean,	1,744	139	1,542	144	96	1,925	20	290	193	8	----
Mercer,	3,749	295	1,184	240	137	3,758	31	811	985	3	----
Mifflin,	1,420	45	554	109	42	1,207	15	473	57	1	----
Monroe,	2,317	28	119	66	29	669	28	20	111	3	----
Montgomery,	9,030	216	3,375	226	272	15,060	43	716	160	4	----
Montour,	973	34	283	30	29	944	11	26	30	1	----
Northampton,	6,775	128	2,022	261	202	5,844	1,036	435	262	8	1
Northumberland,	6,225	368	2,135	306	194	5,744	65	1,266	243	13	----
Perry,	1,892	0	555	0	0	1,979	0	30	15	4	----
Philadelphia,	32,959	1,872	37,551	2,831	998	166,058	560	4,382	664	76	----
Pike,	655	20	191	111	7	223	4	19	13	2	----
Potter,	1,165	102	760	82	57	1,203	12	187	106	1	----
Schuylkill,	8,729	454	3,803	1,060	415	13,789	457	838	197	13	----
Snyder,	781	117	565	50	25	1,021	7	28	15	5	1
Somerset,	1,520	120	2,173	219	82	2,990	52	525	284	4	1
Sullivan,	853	20	133	9	9	687	3	31	104	0	----
Susquehanna,	2,306	96	863	74	52	2,392	17	15	296	1	----
Tioga,	1,617	267	1,253	159	132	2,456	62	135	260	5	----
Union,	1,027	54	404	64	37	1,248	9	33	41	2	1
Venango,	1,729	97	840	251	111	2,223	52	466	1,392	5	----
Warren,	1,515	93	1,142	74	71	1,881	10	240	859	9	----
Washington,	4,960	306	2,604	239	117	7,445	23	842	324	10	----
Wayne,	1,527	110	1,006	86	89	1,340	24	52	124	2	----
Westmoreland,	5,518	167	5,740	1,197	452	6,677	4,361	2,517	743	30	----
Wyoming,	1,322	60	301	19	21	1,090	5	65	115	1	----
York,	12,256	294	1,248	347	118	8,924	96	732	414	13	2
Total	293,308	15,602	157,085	23,166	10,963	506,262	19,621	42,025	21,921	671	7

FOR SECRETARY OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS.

Counties.	Democratic. William N. McNair.	Washington. Fred E. Lewis.	Bull Moose. Fred E. Lewis.	Roosevelt Progressive. Fred E. Lewis.	Republican. Henry Houck.	Keystone. Henry Houck.	Personal Liberty. Henry Houck.	Socialist. Robert B. Ringler.	Prohibition. C. W. R. Smith.	Industrialist. Wm. H. Thomas.	Scattering.
Adams,	3,077	434	66	29	2,267	150	0	66	62	1	----
Allegheny,	24,478	15,895	2,788	1,880	52,379	1,123	6,010	8,503	2,390	165	1
Armstrong,	2,518	1,346	150	105	3,380	82	25	299	262	3	----
Beaver,	2,615	2,124	135	86	4,678	57	14	793	328	6	----
Bedford,	2,236	1,057	89	54	2,443	84	1	317	124	4	----
Berks,	10,871	3,226	0	0	7,650	0	0	3,269	178	27	----
Blair,	3,123	2,864	554	191	6,663	433	54	987	295	33	----
Bradford,	1,994	2,489	252	215	3,330	169	8	119	447	5	----
Bucks,	5,775	1,487	102	70	7,515	62	9	258	111	4	----
Butler,	2,966	1,315	181	144	3,051	141	81	235	978	8	----
Cambria,	5,486	4,691	454	238	6,328	629	512	661	490	49	----
Cameron,	218	191	13	7	638	4	4	12	23	2	----
Carbon,	2,469	1,618	255	124	2,312	137	389	185	74	2	----
Centre,	3,019	634	60	67	3,361	50	7	150	132	0	----
Chester,	4,981	2,531	192	130	7,980	131	12	173	187	5	----
Clarion,	2,709	269	129	46	1,571	56	20	196	222	3	----
Clearfield,	4,226	1,666	330	192	3,471	164	62	875	470	0	----
Clinton,	1,676	644	95	78	1,815	101	485	432	82	2	----
Columbia,	4,205	862	125	88	1,648	100	10	118	217	11	1
Crawford,	3,901	859	191	112	3,543	239	27	610	634	7	----
Cumberland,	4,463	929	120	44	4,970	108	5	298	228	0	----
Dauphin,	6,397	3,161	185	95	13,640	289	23	923	266	11	----
Delaware,	3,553	2,543	196	182	13,246	103	18	202	261	8	----
Elk,	604	909	69	76	1,508	24	1,704	214	242	11	----
Erie,	4,809	1,456	176	234	6,166	152	191	1,434	831	18	----
Fayette,	6,284	1,088	314	132	9,437	133	24	1,077	652	16	----
Forest,	323	146	35	29	477	46	3	128	204	0	----
Franklin,	3,881	1,221	74	56	4,033	70	9	274	139	1	----
Fulton,	1,091	78	37	7	442	187	1	17	14	2	----
Greene,	2,945	159	65	22	1,448	30	9	82	89	10	----
Huntingdon,	1,207	1,179	302	40	2,300	0	7	165	95	5	1
Indiana,	1,165	1,385	123	158	3,216	139	12	312	384	6	----
Jefferson,	2,437	1,308	286	121	2,684	160	13	340	392	8	----
Juniata,	1,030	290	63	11	974	30	3	46	22	1	----
Lackawanna,	10,131	3,612	641	194	10,899	284	70	531	1,247	62	----
Lancaster,	5,999	3,708	1,220	91	16,588	146	22	426	286	16	----
Lawrence,	1,406	1,364	186	101	3,372	124	21	768	530	6	----
Lebanon,	2,289	1,538	100	67	4,428	113	23	239	260	5	----
Lehigh,	7,379	2,773	709	251	6,225	141	87	835	123	12	----
Luzerne,	13,772	2,765	1,227	485	13,668	820	209	869	1,115	127	----
Lycoming,	4,842	1,211	230	261	3,160	178	135	853	608	6	----
McKean,	1,631	1,587	132	101	1,952	85	11	299	252	12	----
Mercer,	3,619	1,181	174	144	3,785	160	8	836	1,003	6	----
Mifflin,	1,095	468	88	31	1,575	67	11	484	64	4	----
Monroe,	2,053	140	72	31	688	62	18	19	140	1	1
Montgomery,	8,959	3,162	191	159	15,317	152	19	729	148	6	----
Montour,	866	359	45	36	867	15	4	22	42	0	----
Northampton,	6,588	1,818	204	197	6,121	132	945	473	290	15	----
Northumberland,	6,092	2,203	355	191	5,574	239	25	1,332	210	31	----
Perry,	1,732	500	0	0	2,154	0	0	32	21	4	----
Philadelphia,	38,212	35,334	2,063	889	167,786	2,028	257	4,418	785	71	----
Pike,	607	195	114	8	229	8	4	17	20	3	----
Potter,	927	332	123	79	1,227	29	11	190	141	2	----
Schuylkill,	9,028	3,138	811	350	13,432	1,029	227	879	218	26	----
Snyder,	716	547	38	28	1,163	66	4	31	13	1	----
Somerset,	1,432	2,033	173	73	3,266	102	14	332	307	4	----
Sullivan,	813	135	19	7	686	21	4	31	103	0	----
Susquehanna,	2,050	952	104	61	2,431	87	7	16	321	1	----
Tioga,	1,306	1,449	221	154	2,545	107	6	141	305	7	----
Union,	874	427	65	32	1,339	40	6	32	46	0	----
Venango,	1,705	682	196	101	2,283	111	20	499	1,463	5	----
Warren,	1,313	1,299	70	68	1,934	25	5	246	907	10	----
Washington,	4,787	2,599	188	152	7,605	88	18	875	374	11	----
Wayne,	1,271	1,148	135	106	1,346	49	10	47	136	3	----
Westmoreland,	8,990	2,292	448	287	7,221	345	4,333	2,509	839	45	----
Wyoming,	1,121	395	54	20	1,131	31	4	64	117	3	----
York,	11,839	1,035	232	77	9,566	237	56	756	447	19	----
Total,	293,121	144,940	18,943	9,895	512,127	12,504	16,346	43,591	24,906	958	4

SUMMARY OF VOTE FOR GOVERNOR

Vance C. McCormick, Democratic, ...	312,553	
Vance C. McCormick, Washington, ...	140,329	
		452,882
Martin G. Brumbaugh, Republican, ...	534,898	
Martin G. Brumbaugh, Keystone, ...	37,847	
Martin G. Brumbaugh, Personal Liberty,	17,956	
		590,701
Joseph B. Allen, Socialist, ...		40,115
Charles N. Brumm, Bull Moose, ...		4,031
Wm. Draper Lewis, Roosevelt Progressive, ...		6,473
Matthew H. Stevenson, Prohibition, ...		17,467
Caleb Harrison, Industrialist, ...		533
Scattering, ...		5
Total number of votes cast, ...		1,112,207

Brumbaugh's plurality over McCormick, 137,819.
Brumbaugh's majority over all, 69,195.

SUMMARY OF VOTE FOR LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR.

William T. Creasy, Democratic, ...	293,308	
William T. Creasy, Keystone, ...	15,602	
		308,910
Percy F. Smith, Washington, ...	157,085	
Percy F. Smith, Bull Moose, ...	23,166	
Percy F. Smith, Roosevelt Progressive,	10,963	
		191,214
Frank B. McClain, Republican, ...	506,262	
Frank B. McClain, Personal Liberty, ..	19,621	
		525,883
Frederick J. Shollar, Socialist, ...		42,025
H. J. Whalen, Prohibition, ...		21,921
Geo. G. Anton, Industrialist, ...		671
Scattering, ...		7
Total number of votes cast, ...		1,090,631

McClain's plurality over Creasy, 216,973.
McClain's plurality over Smith, 334,669.

SUMMARY OF VOTE FOR SECRETARY OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS.

William N. McNair, Democratic, ...		293,121
Fred E. Lewis, Washington, ...	144,940	
Fred E. Lewis, Bull Moose, ...	18,943	
Fred E. Lewis, Roosevelt Progressive,	9,895	
		173,778
Henry Houck, Republican, ...	512,127	
Henry Houck, Keystone, ...	12,504	
Henry Houck, Personal Liberty, ...	16,346	
		540,977
Robert B. Ringler, Socialist, ...		43,591
C. W. R. Smith, Prohibition, ...		24,906
Wm. H. Thomas, Industrialist, ...		958
Scattering, ...		4
Total number of votes cast, ...		1,077,335

Houck's plurality over McNair, 247,856.
Houck's plurality over Lewis, 367,199.
Houck's majority, 4,619.

Whereupon the President pro tempore announced that Martin G. Brumbaugh, having received the highest number of votes, was duly elected Governor for the term of four years from the third Tuesday in January, A. D. 1915, and that Frank B. McClain, having received the highest number of votes, was duly elected Lieutenant-Governor for the term of four years from the third Tuesday in January, A. D. 1915, and that Henry Houck, having received the highest number of votes, was duly elected Secretary of Internal Affairs for the term of four years from the first Tuesday in May, A. D. 1915.

Four certificates were signed in each case, as follows:

We, the President of the Senate and Speaker of the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, do certify that the President of the Senate did, on the fifth day of January, A. D. one thousand nine hundred and fifteen, in the Hall of the House of Representatives at the State Capitol, open the returns of the election for Governor of this Commonwealth, and publish the same in the presence of both Houses of the Legislature, conformably to the provisions of the Constitution and laws of said Commonwealth, and upon counting the votes by a teller appointed on the part of each House, it appeared that Martin G. Brumbaugh had the highest number of votes; whereupon the said Martin G. Brumbaugh was declared to have been duly elected Governor of the Commonwealth.

In testimony whereof, we have hereunto set our hands and affixed our seals the day and year above written.

CHARLES H. KLINE.
President pro tempore of the Senate.
CHAS. A. AMBLER,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
J. FRANK GRAFF,
Teller on the part of the Senate.
WILLIAM D. WALTON,
Teller on the part of the House of Representatives.

We, the President of the Senate and Speaker of the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, do certify that the President of the Senate did, on the fifth day of January, A. D. one thousand nine hundred and fifteen, in the Hall of the House of Representatives at the State Capitol, open the returns of the election for Lietenant-Governor of this Commonwealth, and publish the same in the presence of both Houses of the Legislature, conformably to the provisions of the Constitution and laws of said Commonwealth, and upon counting the votes by a teller appointed on the part of each House, it appeared that Frank B. McClain had the highest number of votes; whereupon the said Frank B. McClain was declared to have been duly elected Lieutenant-Governor of the Commonwealth.

In testimony whereof, we have hereunto set our hands and affixed our seals the day and year above written.

CHARLES H. KLINE.
President pro tempore of the Senate.
CHAS. A. AMBLER,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
J. FRANK GRAFF,
Teller on the part of the Senate.
WILLIAM D. WALTON,
Teller on the part of the House of Representatives.

We, the President of the Senate and Speaker of the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, do certify that the President of the Senate did, on the fifth day of January, A. D. one thousand nine hundred and fifteen, in the Hall of the House of Representatives at the State Capitol, open the returns of the election for Secretary of Internal Affairs of this Commonwealth, and publish the same in the presence of both Houses of the Legislature, conformably to the provisions of the Constitution and laws of said Commonwealth, and upon counting the votes by a teller appointed on the part of each House, it appeared that Henry Houck had the highest number of votes; whereupon the said Henry Houck was declared to have been duly elected Secretary of Internal Affairs of the Commonwealth.

In testimony whereof, we have hereunto set our hands and affixed our seals the day and year above written.

CHARLES H. KLINE.
President pro tempore of the Senate.
CHAS. A. AMBLER,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
J. FRANK GRAFF,
Teller on the part of the Senate.
WILLIAM D. WALTON,
Teller on the part of the House of Representatives.

The PRESIDENT. The report of the teller will be entered at length on the Journal of the Senate.

HOUSE MESSAGE.

COMMITTEE TO CONFER WITH GOVERNOR-ELECT ON LEGISLATION.

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced, informed the Senate that the House has concurred in the resolution from the Senate as follows:

In the Senate, January 5, 1915.

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That the President pro tempore of the Senate appoint a Committee of three Senators, to join with a similar committee of the House of Representatives, if the House shall appoint such committee, who together with the President pro tempore of the Senate and the Speaker of

the House of Representatives shall constitute a committee to confer with Honorable Martin G. Brumbaugh, Governor-elect, as to the introduction of bills advocated in the Republican State platform and the platform of the said Martin G. Brumbaugh.

And has appointed Messrs. W. H. Wilson, Henry I. Wilson, and Williams as such committee on the part of the House of Representatives.

MEMBERS OF COMMITTEE TO CONFER WITH GOVERNOR-ELECT ON LEGISLATION.

The President pro tempore announced the appointment of the following committee on the part of the Senate to confer with the Governor-elect on legislation: Messrs. McNichol, Sproul and Crow.

ADJOURNMENT.

Mr. VARE. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now adjourn.

Mr. CLARK. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The Senate adjourned at 4:30 o'clock P. M. until 9 o'clock, Monday evening, January 18, 1915.

HOUSE OF REPRESENATIVES.

TUESDAY, January, 5, 1915.

This being the day and hour fixed by the Constitution for the meeting of the General Assembly, the members-elect of the House of Representatives chosen at the last general election, held on November 3rd, 1914, assembled in the House Chamber.

The Chief Clerk, (Mr. Thomas H. Garvin) called the House to order at 12:00 o'clock noon.

PRAYER.

The Chaplain, Rev. J. Elliott Wright, of Edgewood Park, Allegheny County, Pa., offered the following prayer:

Oh, God! It is eminently fiting that the first service of this Legislative Assembly should be the recognition of Thee, God of our fathers and our God. We humbly and reverently bow before Thee, invoking Thy blessing upon Thy servants now assembled for their work. Great dignity and honor has fallen upon them by the choice of the people and the appointment of Providence, and it calls for the recognition of loyalty, fidelity and earnestness of service. May they respond to this call with all sincerity and earnestness, seeking above all else to approve themselves unto God, to their own consciences and to the people of this Commonwealth whom they are chosen to represent. Preside in this session of the Assembly and guide in the choice of the Speaker to preside over it and of the other officials for the ordering of its work.

Bless the retiring Governor of this Commonwealth. May his administration, in the retrospect, be satisfactory to him and helpful to the people. Bless Thy servant coming into this responsible office and give him courage and strength and earnestness of purpose and great success.

Bless Thou the President of the United States and the Congress now in session and preserve us as a people from the distressful strifes which are elsewhere prevailing. Bring Thou to an end this disastrous war and bring out of it such results as shall vindicate Thy name and be for the betterment of the whole world.

All this we ask in the name and for the sake of Christ, our Saviour. Amen.

THE SECRETARY OF THE COMMONWEALTH PRESENTS RETURNS OF ELECTION OF MEMBERS.

The Secretary of the Commonwealth being introduced, presented the returns of the late election of the members of the House of Representatives, agreeably to the eighty-seventh (87th) section of Act of 2nd day of July, 1839, entitled "An act relating to elections in this Commonwealth."

OPENING OF RETURNS.

Mr. CURRY introduced the following resolution, which was twice read, considered and agreed to:

Resolved, That the returns be opened and read.

The said returns were opened and read as follows:

REPRESENTATIVE IN THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

ADAMS COUNTY.

D. Calvin Rudisill, D.,	3,049	Samuel Bream, P.,	56
S. Gray Bigham, W.,	637		2,449
John H. Weaver, S.,	123	Scattering,	2
Samuel Bream, R.,	2,393		

ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

1st Dist.—		Thomas E. Metcalfe, W.,	2,175
Michael B. Donnelly D.,	1,026	Thomas E. Metcalfe, P.,	397
Thomas Paul Geary, D.,	678		2,572
Thomas Paul Geary, W.,	588	W. Mitchell Hamilton, R.,	6,194
Thomas Paul Geary, R.,	3,879	W. Mitchell Hamilton, P. L.,	837
Thomas Paul Geary, P. L.,	323		7,031
	5,468	William J. Howarth, R.,	6,074
A. C. Stein, W.,	495	William J. Howarth, K.,	246
A. C. Stein, R.,	3,947	William J. Howarth, P. L.,	801
A. C. Stein, P. L.,	348		7,121
	4,790	William J. Mangan, R.,	5,801
James Devlin, S.,	421	William J. Mangan, R. P.,	346
Saul Rabinovitz, S.,	378	William J. Mangan, P. L.,	343
William F. Barnes, P.,	179		6,990
Jerald Morrow, P.,	173	Edward H. Eibs, S.,	961
2nd Dist.—		Emil C. Hahn, S.,	896
James A. Gribbin, D.,	1,986	C. K. Harvey, S.,	858
John C. Sullivan, D.,	929	Joseph L. Sauers, R.P.,	154
John C. Sullivan, R.,	4,651	Charles N. Isler, K.,	197
John C. Sullivan, P. L.,	431	Wm. G. Cowen, I.,	23
	6,011	Geo. W. Ohls, I.,	19
John R. Hawkins, W.,	949	W. H. Peake, I.,	19
Charles J. Smith, W.,	1,213	7th Dist.—	
William J. McCaig, R.,	4,952	E. P. Davin, D.,	954
William J. McCaig, P. L.,	477	Felix Maire, D.,	836
	5,429	Daniel A. Malie, W.,	920
Henry Rath, S.,	553	James Wettach, W.,	472
B. H. Wood, S.,	418	James Wettach, R.,	3,465
3rd Dist.—		James Wettach, P. L.,	248
James J. Clark, D.,	988		4,185
John Lauler, W.,	276	Charles E. Staving, R.,	3,436
John Lauler, R.,	2,432	Charles E. Staving, B. M.,	231
John Lauler, P. L.,	255	Charles E. Staving, P. L.,	3,898
	2,963	G. Arn, S.,	460
John Connor, S.,	636	Edward J. Horacek, S.,	430
Harold Mulhuish, P.,	187	W. E. Hosenfeld, B. M.,	107
H. F. Mulhuish, R. P.,	174	A. S. Miller, R.P.,	148
4th Dist.—		A. S. Miller, P.,	64
Joseph D. Lawler, D.,	1,176		212
William W. Mearkle, W.,	512	John H. Nolan, R. P.,	84
William W. Mearkle, R.,	3,330	James H. Nolan, P.,	68
William W. Mearkle, B. M.,	78	8th Dist.—	
William W. Mearkle, P. L.,	255	Patrick F. Geary, D.,	1,185
	4,175	Joseph M. Mohr, D.,	1,063
Martin Weber, S.,	156	John C. Kaiser, W.,	911
Wesley S. Wakefield, P.,	802	John C. Kaiser, R.,	5,063
Wesley S. Wakefield, K.,	198	John C. Kaiser, R. P.,	136
	1,000	John C. Kaiser, P. L.,	265
5th Dist.—			6,375
John C. Innes, D.,	1,276	Louis K. White, W.,	1,661
John C. Innes, W.,	1,016	John Swan, Jr., R.,	5,029
John C. Innes, K.,	49	John Swan, Jr., P. L.,	278
	2,341		5,307
Horace W. Cromer, R.,	4,278	Karl C. Jursek, S.,	643
Horace W. Cromer, P.,	313	Wendel Keller, S.,	639
	4,591	W. F. Greene, P.,	297
W. J. Wright, S.,	328	John Mehaffey, P.,	287
6th Dist.—		W. S. Green, B. M.,	294
M. B. Foley, D.,	2,169	W. Wyant, B. M.,	255
A. J. Manion, D.,	1,951	W. Wyant, R. P.,	110
Michael J. Powers, D.,	2,060		365
Michael D. Powers, R. P.,	283	9th Dist.—	
	2,343	James F. Woodward, D.,	371
John McKelvie, W.,	1,910	James F. Woodward, R.,	2,350
John McKelvie, P.,	561	James F. Woodward, B. M.,	52
John McKelvie, K.,	60	James F. Woodward, P. L.,	243
	2,531		3,016
Gibbons Marsh, W.,	1,847	John D. Evans, W.,	532
Gibbons Marsh, P.,	341	John D. Evans, R. P.,	286
	2,188		

ALLEGHENY COUNTY—Continued

John D. Evans, P.,	252	
John D. Evans, K.,	6	
		1,076
James Maxwell, S.,	760	
10th Dist.—		
W. C. Harvey, D.,	3,441	
W. Crawford Murdock, D.,	1,631	
W. Crawford Murdock, R.,	5,671	
W. Crawford Murdock, P. L.	1,632	
		8,934
W. R. Shoemaker, D.,	2,400	
W. R. Shoemaker, P. L.,	1,889	
		4,289
C. M. C. Campbell, W.,	3,674	
C. M. C. Campbell, B. M.,	682	
C. M. C. Campbell, R. P.,	520	
C. M. C. Campbell, P.,	653	
		5,529
John A. Esler, W.,	3,218	
John A. Esler, B. M.,	506	
John A. Esler, R. P.,	462	
John A. Esler, P.,	567	
		4,753
J. R. Wylie, W.,	3,108	
J. R. Wylie, R.,	5,023	
J. R. Wylie, R. P.,	344	
J. R. Wylie, P.,	578	
J. R. Wylie, B. M.,	593	
		9,646
Wallace B. Benn, R.,	4,728	
Wallace B. Benn, P. L.,	1,594	
		6,322
P. B. Law, S.,	1,970	
W. M. Ledger, S.,	1,839	
Isaac J. Wallace, S.,	1,939	
Fred Heholt, I.,	57	
Andrew Helner, I.,	45	
Amadio Mori, I.,	40	
11th Dist.—		
Thomas H. Flynn, D.,	3,261	
William J. Kelley, D.,	3,146	
Robert R. Quinlan, D.,	2,855	
Thomas E. Tierney, D.,	2,995	
James Carroll, W.,	3,948	
James Carroll, P.,	624	
James Carroll, R. P.,	966	
		5,538
Edward M. Cox, W.,	4,033	
Edward M. Cox, P.,	635	
Edward M. Cox, R. P.,	1,059	
		5,727
Winfield Scott Walsh, W.,	3,819	
Winfield Scott Walsh, P.,	609	
Winfield Scott Walsh, R. P.,	893	
		5,321
William H. Wylie, Jr., W.,	3,830	
William H. Wylie, Jr., P.,	611	
William H. Wylie, Jr., R. P.,	894	
		5,335
William Dodds, R.,	7,916	
William Dodds, P. L.,	879	
		8,795
Jos. G. Steedle, R.,	7,690	
Jos. G. Steedle, P. L.,	885	
		8,575
William C. Wagner, R.,	7,784	
William C. Wagner, P. L.,	897	
		8,681
Norman A. Whitten, R.,	7,545	
Norman A. Whtten, P. L.,	861	
		8,406
George Bendall, S.,		1,663
R. W. Fuller, S.,		1,636
T. F. Kennedy, S.,		1,604
Herman Richter, S.,		1,623
12th Dist.—		
Patrick Collins, D.,	2,158	
Patrick Collins, P. L.,	851	
		3,009
Wm. Haberman, D.,	2,326	
Wm. Haberman, P. L.,	856	
		3,182
Nelson McVicar, W.,	2,128	
Nelson McVicar, R.,	5,189	
Nelson McVicar, P.,	382	
Nelson McVicar, R. P.,	600	
Nelson McVicar, K.,	11	
		8,310
John W. Vickerman, W.,	2,109	
John W. Vickerman, R.,	5,335	
John W. Vickerman, P.,	544	
John W. Vickerman, K.,	19	
		8,007
Lorenz Helfrick, S.,		774
E. Miller, S.,		859
J. A. Vickerman, R. P.		224

ARMSTRONG COUNTY.

Charles Neubert, D.,	2,607	
C. A. Reed, D.,	1,807	
Milton S. Jack, W.,	2,025	
Milton S. Jack, R.,	3,038	
Milton S. Jack, P.,	1	
		5,064
Elmer B. Latshaw, W.,	2,234	
Elmer B. Latshaw, P.,	433	
		2,667
Miles A. Milliron, R.,		3,454
John Allen, S.,		287
Max McClelland Bailey, S.,		267
Thos. A. Cunningham, P.,		230

BEAVER COUNTY.

W. D. Craig, D.,	2,233	
W. D. Craig, W.,	2,617	
		4,850
Charles F. Swift, D.,	2,617	
Charles F. Swift, W.,	2,631	
		4,663
James R. Gormley, R.,		4,967
John K. McClure, R.,		4,864
V. V. Johnston, S.,		7,62
Louis A. Scheeler, S.,		730
H. R. Beegle, P.,		302
John Lindsay, P.,		280
Scattering,		3

BEDFORD COUNTY.

John S. Whetstone, D.,	2,301	
H. E. Wieand, W.,	1,221	
E. Howard Blackburn, R.,	2,464	
C. B. Teeter, S.,		312
G. A. Troutman, P.,		147

BERKS COUNTY.

1st Dist.—		
George W. Sassaman, D.,	3,788	
William H. Straus, D.,	3,600	
James P. Horn, W.,	2,135	
Warren F. Teel, W.,	2,795	
Mahlon Shaaber, R.,	3,869	
Forrest R. Shanaman, R.,	3,560	
James H. Maurer, S.,	3,869	
J. Henry Stumn, S.,	3,613	
2nd Dist.—		
Howard W. Body, D.,	6,783	
Daniel A. Rothenberger, D.,	6,672	
Wilson G. Sarig, D.,	6,692	
Charles G. Gross, W.,	1,124	
A. Elwood Lutz, W.,	1,103	
Frank S. Ohl, W.,	1,030	
Wm. E. Henderson, R.,	2,799	
Fred T. Williamson, R.,	2,639	
H. B. Yocum, R.,	2,695	
Frank F. Boyer, S.,	657	
Elwood W. Leffler, S.,	638	
Howard J. Siegfried, S.,	618	

BLAIR COUNTY.

1st Dist.—		
Edward A. Seidel, D.,	975	
D. Lloyd Claycomb, W.,	2,142	
D. Lloyd Clay-Comb, P.,	290	
	2,432	
J. E. Rininger, R.,	3,274	
Howard Wogan, S.,	692	
2nd Dist.—		
J. H. Isett, D.,	1,314	
John B. Small, D.,	2,544	
George B. McCreary, W.,	1,202	
George W. Thompson, W.,	1,121	
H. Atlee Brumbaugh, R.,	3,525	
Samuel McCurdy, R.,	3,642	
David H. Baird, S.,	558	
Howard Mauk, S.,	730	
Howard Mauk, P.,	399	
	1,129	

BRADFORD COUNTY.

Francis G. Ackley, D.,	1,994	Judson W. Stone, R.,	3,555
Judson J. Morley, D.,	2,146	Wesley Arthur, S.,	115
Harry E. Chace, W.,	2,961	Harry Dettrick, S.,	112
Herbert Landon, W.,	2,629	Frank I. Champlin, P.,	491
John C. Mather, R.,	3,566	Clayton C. McKinney, P.,	447

BUCKS COUNTY.

Jesse D. Foster, D.,	5,884	Daniel G. Fretz, R.,	7,598
W. Elmer Savacool, D.,	5,868	Henry Y. Pickering, R.,	7,424
A. Russell Burton, W.,	1,711	J. George Hemmeter, S.,	260
William W. Hurley, W.,	1,634	Howard B. Stump, S.,	258

BUTLER COUNTY.

John Glenn Brown, D.,	2,536	John M. Leighner, R.,	3,145
William H. Martin, D.,	2,605	W. D. Altman, S.,	212
F. H. Davy, W.,	1,963	Oliver Price, S.,	220
W. R. Hockenberry, W.,	1,925	T. Clark Lee, P.,	904
James O. Campbell, R.,	3,683	T. Vincent Porter, P.,	840

CAMBRIA COUNTY.

1st Dist.—			
William J. Gompers, D.,	3,437		
William J. Gompers, U.,	69		
	3,506		
Harry W. Cupp, W.,	1,918		
Harry W. Cupp, R.,	1,120		
Harry W. Cupp, P.,	170		
	3,208		
Orlando Gabrelle, S.,	102		
2nd Dist.—			
Frank P. Hollern, D.,	6,130		
Frank P. Hollern, U.,	211		
	6,341		
Michael McMahon, D.,	4,058		
Mchael McMahon, U.,	197		
	4,255		
A. J. Oaks, W.,	2,967		
A. J. Oaks, R.,	2,286		
A. J. Oaks, P.,	341		
	5,594		
Richard Scollon, W.,	3,534		
Richard Scollon, P.,	514		
	4,048		
William R. Rees, R.,		3,853	
Andrew Hammarstrom, S.,		547	
Oliver London, S.,		469	

CAMERON COUNTY.

Jacob A. Dice, D.,	153	Jacob A. Dice, P.,	106
Jacob A. Dice, W.,	261		520
		C. Jay Goodnough, R.,	700

CARBON COUNTY.

Jacob W. Smith, D.,	3,236	John A. Semmel, R.,	2,007
Fred Brenckman, W.,	2,309	D. V. Kennedy, S.,	201

CENTRE COUNTY.

David W. Miller, D.,	3,025	Harry B. Scott, R.,	3,475
Herbert A. Ashman, W.,	824	Samuel Wilkinson, S.,	152

CHESTER COUNTY.

Samuel S. Bossert, D.,	4,787	J. Coulson Reese, P.,	249
Samuel S. Bossert, W.,	2,470		7,399
	7,257	Charles P. Greenwood, R.,	7,977
Samuel Buckwalter, D.,	4,524	Charles P. Greenwood, P.,	276
Samuel Buckwalter, W.,	2,649		8,253
	7,173	Maris M. Hollingsworth, R.,	8,140
J. Coulson Reese, D.,	4,348	Samuel A. Whitaker, R.,	8,246
J. Coulson Reese, W.,	2,802	George A. Hoffman, P.,	592

CLARION COUNTY.

Thomas Brown, D., ...	1,897	Harry H. Arnold, R., ...	2,177	
Harry H. Arnold, W., ...	1,092			3,269
		James P. Miller, S., ...		214

CLEARFIELD COUNTY.

Ed. C. Bauman, D., ...	3,265	Albertus G. Woodward, P., ...	770	
Don Gingery, D.,	3,500			3,009
Don Gingery, P.,	881			3,874
	4,381	G. Milton Alcorn, R.,...		3,787
Archer H. Reed, D.,....	3,775	A. L. Edwards, R., ...		3,933
Earle G. Boose, W.,...	2,260	Joseph E. Phillips, R.,.		1,160
Edward Lippart, W.,..	1,435	Robert Hudson, S., ...		1,027
Albertus G. Woodward, W.,.....	2,239	Howard Irwin, S., ...		827
		T. J. Williams, S., ...		567
		S. T. Morrison, P.,.....		

CLINTON COUNTY.

S. Woods Caldwell, D.,.	2,205	Michael Bond Rich, R., ...	1,722	
Michael Bond Rich, W., ...	1,141			2,863
		John H. Carstatter, S.,.		466

COLUMBIA COUNTY.

Charles A. Shaffer, D., ...	4,179	W., ...	1,310	
Charles A. Shaffer, P., ...	323	George A. Laub, R., ...	1,653	2,963
	4,502			
George A. Laub,				

CRAWFORD COUNTY.

J. C. McKay, D., ...	4,116	Frederick J. Shattuck,		
W. L. Metzenbacher, D.,	4,196	R., ...		3,508
John A. Bolard, W.,...	953	J. H. Browning, S.,....		549
Labazure O. McLane, W., ...	947	B. S. Gilson, S., ...		521
Alfred D. Hudson, R., ..	3,995	J. W. Plannettt, P.....		565
		William H. Quay, P.,..		547

CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

Horace C. Barner, D.,..	4,448	George G. Clark, S.,...		208
Addison M. Bowman, D.,	4,203	Jacob Sweeney, S.,.....		202
A. L. Berbower, W., ...	1,998	John A. Kilmore, P.,..		245
George H. Horning, W.,	926	Davidson W. Lindsey,		
Murray E. Goodyear, R.,	5,001	P., ...		241
Harry B. Shoop, R.,....	4,676	E. J. O'Donnell, B. M.,.		1

DAUPHIN COUNTY.

1st Dist.—		William W. Lenker, W., ...	2,073	
Jesse J. Lybarger, D.,	4,075			5,457
John A. Marshall, D.,.	2,855	Joseph B. Martin, D., ...	2,848	
James W. Baker, W.,.	2,453	Joseph B. Martin, W., ...	2,329	
Wilmer Crow, W., ...	1,701	Joseph B. Martin, P., ...	158	
Wilmer Crow, P., ...	140			5,335
	1,841	John C. Nissley, R.,..		6,390
J. W. Swartz, R., ...	6,398	Walter S. Young, R.,.		6,282
Augustus Wildman, R., ...	5,835	Edward L. Rowe, S.,...		571
Howard E. G'Sell, S.,.	341	John P. Schlessman, S., ...		508
J. L. Yoder, S., ...	591	Morris H. Zerfing, P.,		166
Philip Reed, P., ...	123			
2nd Dist.—				
William W. Lenker, D., ...	3,384			

DELAWARE COUNTY.

1st Dist.—		C. Wilfred Conrad, L. O.,....	855	
John S. Crego, D., ...	796			5,677
Thomas S. Coble, W., ...	653	Harvey T. Ogden, D., ...	2,329	
Thomas S. Coble, L. O., ...	116	Harvey T. Ogden, W., ...	2,537	
	769	Harvey T. Ogden, L. O.,...	862	
William T. Ramsey, R., ...	4,658			5,728
James H. Brunner, S.,	37	Richard J. Baldwin, R.,		8,046
Charles Palmer, P.,..	71	Harry J. Heyburn, R.,		7,894
2nd Dist.—		Fred Bockemann, S.,.		153
C. Wilfred Conrad, D., ...	2,354	William Markley, S.,		143
C. Wilfred Conrad, W., ...	2,468	Howard E. Ash, P.,...		104
		George L. Pennock, P.,		104

ELK COUNTY.

John M. Flynn, D., ...	539	Samuel G. Logan, W., ...	1,132	
John M. Flynn, R., ...	1,414	Samuel G. Logan, P., ...	289	
John M. Flynn P. L., ...	1,702			1,421
	3,655	Frank L. Mosier, S.,...		238

ERIE COUNTY.

1st Dist.—		2nd Dist.—		
Joseph McCormack, D., ...	1,501	Mles B. Kitts, D., ...	2,091	
Ritchie T. Marsh, W.,	550	Miles B. Kitts, R., ...	882	
June R. Bovee, R.,...	1,675			2,973
J. Elmer Perry, S.,...	514			

ERIE COUNTY—Continued.

Wilmot Collins, W., ...	298	John S. Steves, W., ...	1,349	
Wilmot Collins, P., ...	102	John S. Steves, P., ...	1,063	
	400			2,412
Ralph W. Tillotson, S., ...	667	Cassus L. Alexander, R., ...		3,412
3rd Dist.—		Howard G. Eisaman,		
Daniel O. Hopkins, D.,	1,563	S., ...		402

FAYETTE COUNTY.

1st Dist.—		John L. Keffer, P., ...	688	
Chas. C. Goss, D., ...	1,978			4,906
Frank J. Williams, W., ..	676	Paul H. Beighley, W.,		632
Frank J. Williams, P., ...	353	William L. Gans, W.,..		599
	1,029	Duncan Sinclair, W., ...	637	
T. R. Lynch, R., ...	2,769	Duncan Sinclair,		
W. E. Dawson, S.,...	256	R., ...	6,337	
2nd Dist.—				6,974
Harry Cochran, D.,...	3,910	D. Harry Horton, R.,		6,499
Harry A. Cottom, D., ...	4,457	Lee Smith, R., ...		6,701
Harry A. Cottom, P., ...	776	Andis Emory Brown, S., ...		852
	5,233	Louis S. Mellinger, S.,		837
John L. Keffer, D., ...	4,218	John E. Smith, S.,....		817
		Miles E. Pritts, P.,...		1,019

FOREST COUNTY.

George F. Watson, D., ...	352	George F. Watson, P., ...	156	
George F. Watson, W., ...	325			833
		Allen R. Mechling, R.,.		540
		Louis Barnes, S., ...		107

FRANKLIN COUNTY.

J. Howard Beck, D.,...	4,887	Amos B. Lehman, S.,..		280
Samuel C. Green. D.,..	3,363	Frank Thomson, S.,...		265
John G. Corbett, W.,..	1,312	W. H. Ely, P., ...		162
David Speer, W.,.....	1,423	John Gillan, P., ...		125
L. F. Benchoff, R.,.....	3,830	Scattering, ...		2
Charles Walter, R.,....	3,882			

FULTON COUNTY.

Geo. B. Mellott, D., ...	1,049	Merrill W. Nace, W.,..		58
Geo. B. Mellott, P., ...	13	Peter Morton, R., ...		724
	1,062			

GREENE COUNTY.

I. N. Kuhn, D.,..	2,724	D. M. Garrison, R., ...		2,143
I. N. Kuhn, W.,.	97	W. Faddis, P., ...		97
	2,821			

HUNTINGDON COUNTY.

W. F. Eberman, D.,....	1,307	J. G. Dell, R., ...		3,267
J. M. Johnston, W.,....	1,020	John W. Tate, S., ...		163

INDIANA COUNTY.

J. A. Dearolph, D.,....	1,524	——— VanHorn, S.,...		332
J. Day Brownlee, Jr., W., ...	2,192	Clark Watson S., ...		1
Wilmer H. Wood, R.,..	3,252	J. G. Kirkwood, P., ...		9
		J. S. Kirkwood, P., ...		51

JEFFERSON COUNTY.

James R. Conser, D.,..	2,261	Geo. Kennedy, S., ...		324
Irwin Simpson, D., ...	2,091	A. M. VanHorn, S.,....		287
Charles J. Zetler, W.,..	2,403	R. D. Morrison, P., ...		398
Hiram H. Brozius, R.,.	3,517	Andrew W. Smith, P.,.		410
Henry I. Wilson, R.,...	2,956			

JUNIATA COUNTY.

I. D. Musser, D., ...	1,054	James Bergy, R., ...		1,070
D. B. Esh, W., ...	415			

LACKAWANNA COUNTY.

1st Dist.—		Robt. B. Snyder, S.,...		85
William Luxemburger, D., ...	2,652	William Sweet, P.,..		285
C. Elliott Acker, W., ...	6	3rd Dist.—		
C. Elliott Acker, R., ...	1,959	Charles F. Miller, D.,		1,649
	1,965	James A. MacArt, W.,		1,036
Louis C. Schumann, S.,	147	Frederick C. Ehrhardt, R.,		2,370
James D. Judge, P.,...	102	Frederick C. Ehrhardt, R. P., ...	20	
2nd Dist.—				2,390
Lawrence F. Hart, D.,	1,703	Edward Robling, S.,.		71
Fred V. Hartzell, W.,	886	George V. Howell, P.,		130
H. A. Dawson, R.,....	2,374	4th Dist.—		

LACKAWANNA COUNTY—Continued.

James E. Loftus, D., ... 1,859
James E. Loftus, W., ... 1
1,860
William Haggerty, R., ... 2,177
William Haggerty, S., ... 1
William Haggerty, K., ... 19
2,197
George Harper, W., . 1
H. L. Hopper, P.,.... 24
Arthur Long, P. L.,.. 1
5th Dist.—
John F. Mannion, D., 2,744
William W. Jones, W., .. 544
William W. Jones, R., ... 2,054
William W. Jones, P., ... 165
2,763
C. J. Reichsteiner, S., 54
6th Dist.—
Anthony L. Baincardi, D., ... 1,506
David F. Davis, W., ... 987
David F. Davis, R., ... 1,744
2,731
Ralph Dexter, S., ... 38
George W. Beisecker, R. P., 126
George W. Beisecker, P., .. 291
417

LANCASTER COUNTY.

1st Dist.—
Harry M. Tillbrook, D., ... 2,197
Harry M. Tillbrook, B. M., 495
2,692
Aaron B. Hess, W., ... 457
Aaron B. Hess, R., ... 5,538
5995
Elmer Smtih, S., ... 200
H. D. Kreidler, P.,... 86
Samuel E. Weber, A. P., ... 50
2nd Dist.—
Nelson Dyson, D., ... 3,652
Daniel G. Engle, D., ... 3,232
Daniel G. Engle, W., ... 3,536
Daniel G. Engle, B. M., ... 785
7,553
C. S. Garman, D., ... 3,258
C. S. Garman, W., ... 3,505
C. S. Garman, B. M., ... 786
7,549
Ezra Stolzfus, D., ... 3,170
Ezra Stolzfus, W., ... 3,546
Ezra Stolzfus, B. M., ... 790
7,506
J. Harry Pickle, W., ... 3,309
J. Harry Pickle, B. M., ... 778
4,087
Cleon N. Berntheizel, R., ... 10,970
George Hibshman, R., 10,901
Michael R. Hoffman, R., ... 10,935
Harry L. Rhoads, R.,. 10,846
Samuel Hamaker, S.,. 231
H. M. Hoover, S.,.... 236
E. S. Musser, S.,..... 236
John G. Zook, S.,.... 241
Everett E. Brubaker, P., ... 286
Charles S. Coates, P., 285
Horace E. Heisey, P., 293
Ross H. Rohrer, P.,... 276
Winfield L. Heisey, No., ... 66

LAWRENCE COUNTY.

Leonard M. Uber, D.... 1,749
E. E. Bittles, W., 2,161
E. E. Bittles, P.,. 445
2606
George Dean, W., 1,865
George Dean, P., 466
2,331
E. F. G. Harper, R.,... 3,413
William W. Walton, R., 3,431
Richard Crawshaw, S.,. 733
S. A. McKee, S., ... 749

LEBANON COUNTY.

Ezra R. Early, D., 2,699
Ezra R. Early, W., 1
2,700
Mason D. Hoke, D.,.... 1,803
Clellan A. Bowman, W., ... 2,464
Clellan A. Bowman, P., ... 402
2,866
Isaac K. Urch, R., ... 4,099
Asa A. Weimer, R., ... 4,043
Wm. I. Deppen, S., ... 235
Wm. Z. Sheetz, S., ... 227
Elmer E. McCurdy, P.,. 999

LEHIGH COUNTY.

1st Dist.—
Ira T. Erdman, D.,.... 3,657
Samuel C. Speer, W.,. 1,015
David R. Horne, R.... 2,911
Henry W. Schlegel, S., 553
2nd Dist.—
Ralph E. Defenderfer, D., ... 2,223
W. Roy Marshall, W., 868
Alexander Morrow, R., 2,179
Henry Handwerk, S.,. 262
3rd Dist.—
Albert E. Rinn, D.,.... 2,571
Roland Dorney, W.,.. 286
Mervin J. Wertman, R., ... 1,847
Robert L. Miller, S.,.. 169

LUZERNE COUNTY.

1st Dist.—
William L. Adams, D.,. 1,072
William L. Adams, W., ... 156
William L. Adams, R., ... 2,311
William L. Adams, S., ... 47
Wiliam L. Adams, R. P., .. 31
3,617
James P. Costello, P., 281
Stephen J. Hughes, H. R., ... 1,465
2nd Dist.—
Peter Murphy, D., ... 2,246
Peter Murphy, P. L., ... 79
2,325
C. F. Wharen, W., ... 246
C. F. Wharen, R. P., ... 186
C. F. Wharen, P., ... 57
489
Milton C. Swartwood, R., ... 1,322

LUZERNE COUNTY—Continued.

Edwin C. Lane, S., .. 72
3rd Dist.—
Patrick H. Wynne, D., 3,459
Edward Strange, W., ... 463
Edward Strange, P., ... 202
665
Augustine P. Conniff, R., ... 1,374
Joseph Wascavage, S., 53
4th Dist.—
Max Adamski D., ... 2,370
Joseph Evans, Jr., W., ... 370
Joseph Evans, Jr., R., ... 1,702
Joseph Evans, Jr., R. P., ... 176
Joseph Evans, Jr., P., ... 146
2,394
5th Dist.—
Richard Powell, D.,.. 2,563
John R. Hatten, W., ... 298
John R. Hatten, R., ... 1,639
John R. Hatten, S. 393
John R. Hatten, R. P.,... 73
John R. Hatten, P., ... 106
2,509
W. P. Dajnowski, C.,. 502
6th Dist.—
P. F. McLaughlin, D., 1,159
John McKay, W., 1,306
John McKay, P., 825
2,131
R. A. Hubler, R., ... 2,621
Earl Husted, S., ... 193
7th Dist.—
Thomas Finnerty, D., 3,103
David W. Thomas, D. 1,760
David W. Thomas, R., ... 2,779
4,539
George B. Anderson, W.,.. 215
George B. Anderson, R., .. 2,670
George B. Anderson, R. P., 36
2,921
Harry H. Davenport, W., ... 585
Harry H. Davenport, P., ... 800
Harry H. Davenport, L. O.,.... 726
2,111
John A. Burns, S.,.... 128
William Schmidt, S.,. 99
Richard Aston, P., ... 774
Richard Aston, L. O., ... 1,218
1,992

LYCOMING COUNTY.

John Luppert, D., ... 5,220
Ansel Ulman, D., ... 5,058
Theodore Beck, W., ... 2,301
Theodore Beck, P., ... 1,012
3,313
Ralph Gibson, W., 1,945
Ralph Gibson, R.,. 2,931
Ralph Gibson, P.,. 843
5,719
John C. Rogers, R., ... 2,259
M. W. Coleman, S.,.... 724
Patrick A. McGowan, S., 628
Scattering, ... 2

McKEAN COUNTY.

Daniel W. Daly, D.,.... 1,381
John T. Dolphin, D., .. 1,393
Samuel W. Smith, W., ... 2,079
Samuel W. Smith, P., ... 1
2,080
Edmund H. Watkins, W., ... 1,907
Edmund H. Watkins, P., ... 1
1,908
Robert P. Habgood, R., 2,229
W. A. Ostrander, R.,... 2,088
W. S. Clark, S., ... 283
W. S. Moyer, S., ... 270
W. F. Burr, P., ... 156
Victor Engstrom, P., .. 165

MERCER COUNTY.

John W. Canon, D., ... 3,791
John W. Canon, P., ... 5
3,796
Clarence H., Gilliland, D., ... 2,808
A. M. Fell, W., ... 1,619
W. C. Leffingwell, W., ... 1,984
W. C. Leffingwell, P., ... 1,173
3,157
Fred T. Fruit, R., ... 4,120
C. B. McConnell, R., .. 3,937
W. E. Ashe, S., ... 821
Charles B. Hines, S., .. 829

MIFFLIN COUNTY.

R. A. Naginey, D., ... 962
Edwin Tracy Rhoades, W., ... 704
C. G. Corbin, R., ... 1,133
L. F. Sesinger, S., ... 542
Wm. F. Eckert, Jr., P.,. 710

MONROE COUNTY.

Wesley J. Price, D., ... 1,169
Wesley J. Price, W., ... 173
Wesley J. Price, R., ... 349
Wesley J. Price, 15
1,706
E. T. Kunkle, D., 74
E. T. Kunkle R., 1
E. T. Kunkle,.... 1,887
1,962
Chas. W. Bogert, Jr., P., 57
Scatterng, ... 9

MONTGOMERY COUNTY.

1st Dist.—
John E. McEvoy, D.,. 2,383
James H. Henderson, W., ... 811
Charles A. Ambler, R., 4,935
J. Pfanstiel, S., ... 87
2nd Dist.
James I. Farrell, D., .. 1,900
William J. Clark, W.,. 841
William Neville, R.,.. 4,538
3rd Dist.—
G. William Bailey, D., 2,000
Franklin K. Moyer, W., ... 1,311
Josiah M. Landis, R.,. 4,085
Hugh Ayres, S., ... 135
4th Dist.—
Harvey Christman, D., 3,079
Samuel Faust, W.,... 652
Frederick R. Rholand, R., ... 1,673
John L. Schulz, S.,... 478
Irvin T. Warren, P.,.. 47
Scattering, ... 1

MONTOUR COUNTY.

William Kase West, D., ... 1,068
William Kase West, R., ... 725
1,793
John A. Merrell, W.,.... 586

NORTHAMPTON COUNTY.

William M. Benninger, D., ...	6,701	William S. Franklin, W.,	2,087
William M. Benninger, P. L.,...	972	John H. Hall, W., 2,073	
	7,673	John H. Hall, P., 348	2,421
Frederick E. Geiser, D., ...	6,657	William K. Shimer, W.,	1,861
Frederick E. Geiser P. L., ...	970	James Elliott, R., ...	5,988
	7,627	Filghman W. Hower, R.,	5,552
Reuben H. Trach, D., ...	6,810	John H. Spence, R., ...	5,490
Reuben H. Trach, P. L., ...	984	Charles Achenbach, S.,.	508
	7,794	William M. Liddle, S.,.	453
		Marks VanBuskirk, S.,.	460
		J. H. Werner, P.,.....	548

NORTHUMBERLAND COUNTY.

William J. Caldwell, D.,	5,451	Aaron J. Baum, R., ...	5,480
Daniel F. Gallagher, D.,	5,586	George E. Klinger, R.,	6,126
William P. O'Connor, D., ...	5,335	William W. Robertson, R., ...	5,568
William Preston Lupolt, W., ...	3,205	David Cline, S., ...	1,355
Frank M. Reber, W., ..	3,144	Ed. Wetzel, S., ...	1,318
Ira E. Shaffer, W.,	3,552	Chas. H. Winebar, S.,..	1,292
Iar E. Shaffer, P.,	434	Samuel B. Kniss, P.,...	410
	3,986		

PERRY COUNTY.

Lewis E. Donnally, D.,	1,649	John S. Eby, R., ...	2,127
William C. Lebo, W.,..	760	Scattering, ...	1

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY.

1st Dist.—		William H. Wilson, W., ...	2,225
Daniel J. Harkins, D.,	1,212	William H. Wilson, R., ...13,485	
John H. Steubing, D.,	1,184		15,710
Clinton E. Martz, W.,	849	Edwin R. Cox, R.,...	13,437
Joseph S. Silver, W.,.	869	Fred W. Willard, R.,.	13,551
Leopold C. Glass, R., ...	9,439	William Diener, S.,..	187
Leopold C. Glass, K., ...	23	D. G. Jones, S., ...	185
Leopold C. Glass, P., ...	31	A. B. Tricker, S., ...	190
	9,493	John Bealmear, K.,..	97
John McDermott, Jr., R., ...	9,486	John Stevenson, P.,..	65
John McDermott, Jr., K., ...	30	6th Dist.—	
	9,516	John J. Boyle, D.,.274	
Maurice Goldberg, S.,	288	John J. Boyle, K., 11	285
Jacob Friedman, S.,.	265	George W. Long, W.,	294
2nd Dist.—		Warren C. Graham, R., ...	4,168
I. G. Gordon Forster, D., .	250	7th Dist.—	
I. G. Gordon Forster, R., .	2,502	Thomas Stevenson, D.,	572
I. G. Gordon Forster, K., .	2	Thomas F. McNichol, W., ..	214
	2,754	Thomas F. McNichol, R., ..	4,216
Harry Wittmer, W., .	107	Thomas F. McNichol, R. P.,	12
Emanuel Kline, S.,...	27	Thomas F. McNichol, K., ..	38
3rd Dist.—			4,480
Max D. Lieber, D.,...	249	George Wilson, P., ..	29
Peter Sharkey, D., ..	246	8th Dist.—	
Harry M. Levy, W.,...	271	Joseph M. O'Brien, D.,	700
Henry R. Nolte, W.,.	206	Joseph Wellschek, D.,	623
Charles J. Roney, Jr., R.,..	5,832	Ephraim Lipschutz, W., .	237
Charles J. Roney, Jr., K.,.	43	Ephraim Lipschutz, R., ..	8,286
	5,875	Ephraim Lipschutz, K., ..	49
Isadore Stern, R., ...	5,793		8,572
Isadore Stern, K., ...	44	Jefferson W. Smith, W., ..	230
	5,837	Jefferson W. Smith, R., ..	8,076
Joseph A. Getzau, S.,.	35	Jefferson W. Smith, K., ...	42
Simon V. Santz, S.,...	38		8,348
4th Dist.—		Morris Grossman, S.,.	84
Ryerson W. Jennings,	641	Samuel Snyder, S., ..	92
Thomas Keile, W., ..	257	9th Dist.—	
James V. Lafferty, R., ...	3,491	William Deppenschmidt, D., ..	177
James V. Lafferty, K., ...	38	William Deppenschmidt, W., .	147
	3,529		324
George Cheatham, S.,	15	Henry Gransback, Sr., R.,	2,742
5th Dist.—		Henry Gransback, Sr., K.,	23
William J. Bowen, D.,	2,379		2,765
Thomas Coyle, D.,...	2,349	Harry Parker, S., ...	35
John B. McLaughlin, D., ...	2,455	10th Dist.—	
Chester A. Anderson, W., .	2,387	Frank T. Dinan, D.,..	1,129
Chester A. Anderson, K., ..	69	Louis Goodfriend, D., ..	1,120
Chester A. Anderson, P., ..	138	Louis Goodfriend, W., ..	1,397
	2,594	Louis Goodfriend, R. P.,.	25
Samuel A. Wilson, W., ...	2,534		2,542
Samuel A. Wilson, K., ...	76	Andrew M. Richards, R., ...	4,069
Samuel A. Wilson, P., ...	155		
	2,765		

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY—Continued.

Andrew M. Richards, K., ...	18	James A. Dunn, W., ...	1,583
Andrew M. Richards, S., ...	86	James A. Dunn, R., ...	6,233
	4,173	James A. Dunn, K., ...	46
Aloysius Holland Twibill, R., ..	4,050		7,862
Aloysius Holland Twibill, K., ..	33	Benjamin F. Blakey, S.,	311
Aloysius Holland Twibill, S., ..	72	James Morrison, P.,..	152
	4,155	17th Dist.—	
William E. Lewis, R. P., ...	101	C. Wesley T. Robinson, D.,	576
John Alcorn, P., ...	53	C. Wesley T. Robinson, W.,	6,188
11th Dist.—			6,764
Richard Curry, D., ...	777	E. F. Suplee, D.,	4,468
Richard Curry, R., ...	4,528	E. F. Suplee, W.,	4,406
Richard Curry, S., ...	87		8,874
	5,392	T. Henry Walnut, D., ...	548
John H. Calahan, W., ...	1,166	T. Henry Walnut, W., ...	5,806
John H. Calahan, K., ...	49	T. Henry Walnut, R. P., ..	695
	1,215	T. Henry Walnut, P., ...	120
12th Dist.—			7,169
Thomas Dallas, D.,..	1,209	Theodore Campbell, R., ...	12,327
Joseph Haggerty, D.,	1,130	Theodore Campbell, R. P., ..	189
Robert R. P. Bradford, W.,	1,036		12,516
Robert R. P. Bradford, R. P., ...	33	James J. Hefferman, R., ...	12,601
	1,069	Russell T. Vogdes, R.,	12,578
William Buchheim, W., ...	898	Willam H. Bateman, S., ...	358
William Buchheim, R. P.,..	38	Ernest Gledhill, S.,...	369
	937	Robert J. Hall, S.,...	360
John E. Arthur, R.,..	6,398	C. Hermann Barrett, K., ...	164
Harry T. Bauerle, R.,	6,461	Benjamin H. Fields, K., ...	82
Marcellus Wait, S., ..	191	Matthew M. Farrell, K., ...	107
Karl Wachtmann, S.,	192	James J. Campbell, R. P., ...	169
Edw. C. Beck, K., ...	35	J. N. Doran, P., ...	107
George J. Willis, K.,.	53	I. W. Wilhelm, P., ...	104
13th Dist.—		18th Dist.—	
Joseph Bittner, D., ...	973	Emanuel R. Clinton, D., ...	1,885
Joseph Bittner, K., ...	23	Edward J. Hinkle, D., ..	1,954
	996	Edward J. Hinkle, W., .	999
John Hauger, D., ...	826	Edward J. Hinkle, K., ..	74
John C. Haegele, W.,.	691		3,027
William M. A. Steel, W., ...	634	George W. Horsfield, W., ...	911
Max Aron, R.,..	7,333	William Neider, R.,..	7,275
Max Aron, K.,..	22	Samuel J. Perry, R.,..	7,110
	7,355	Robert Fletcher, S.,..	240
Joseph H. McArdle, R., ...	7,371	Joseph B. Hansen, S.,	234
Joseph H. McArdle, P., ...	15	William A. Cloak, K.,	77
	7,386	19th Dist.—	
Harry Straubel, S., ..	193	William Hancock, D., ...	2,496
Louis Schropp, S., ...	192	William Hancock, W., ...	2,411
William Umstead, P.,.	33		4,907
14th Dist.—		James Simmington, D., ...	2,399
Willis B. Heidinger, W., ..	1,872	James Simmington, W., ...	2,517
Willis B. Heidinger, K., ...	58		4,916
	1,930	Clarence A. Rowell, R., ...	7,429
James C. Wobensmith, R., ...	3,777	Clarence A. Rowell, K., ...	62
M. J. Cannon, S., ...	96		7,474
L. Montgomery Gibson, P., ...	28	John Reynolds, R., ...	7,353
15th Dist.—		John Reynolds, K., ...	76
John V. Cummins, D., ...	2,273		7,429
John V. Cummins, R., ...	9,359	Frederick Munscher, S., ...	324
John V. Cummins, K., ...	172	Jacob H. Root, S., ...	317
	11,804	W. E. Emberg, P., ...	65
William T. Weir, Jr., D., ...	2,039	W. F. Hodge, P., ...	49
William T. Weir, Jr., K., ...	9,581	20th Dist.—	
William T. Weir, Jr., K., ...	200	William Nickell, D., ...	1,088
	11,820	William Nickell, W., ...	1,325
George C. Ulrich, W., ...	5,215	William Nickell, K., ...	69
George C. Ulrich, P., ...	227		2,482
	5,278	Henry P. Stilley, D., ...	1,174
Samuel B. Scott, W., ...	5,215	Henry P. Stilley, W., ...	1,274
Samuel B. Scott, P., ...	254	Henry P. Stilley, K., ...	49
	5,469		2,497
Conrad Dodger, Jr., S.,	343		
Jas. McDermott, S., ..	334		
16th Dist.—			
Charles J. Christy, D.,	1,722		

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY—Continued

Patrick Conner, R., ... 7,530
Patrick Conner, S., ... 129 — 7,659
John H. Drinkhouse, R., ... 7,606
John H. Drinkhouse, S., ... 131 — 7,737
W. Mitchell, R. P.,... 46
G. E. White, R. P.,... 39
W. Hagen, P., ... 39
W. S. Umstead, P., .. 41
21st Dist.—
Samuel C. Henry, D.,. 3,305
John J. McQuaid, D.,. 2,939
W. Franklin Hodges, W., . 4,497
W. Franklin Hodges, B. M., 93 — 4,590
Julius B. Price, Jr., W., ... 4,498
Julius B. Price, Jr., B. M., ... 91 — 4,589
John McClintock, R., ...12,171
John McClintock, K., ... 124 — 12,295
William Walsh, R., ... 11,957
William Walsh, K., ... 124 — 12,081
Walter A. Evitts, S.,. 315
Leonard Terrone, S.,. 290
J. G. Daily, P., ... 103
S. B. Fitzpatrick, P.,. 103
22nd Dist.—
George P. Aarons, D., 788
Charles F. Byrne, W.,... 1,428
Charles F. Byrne, P., .. 31 — 3,910
Alexander D. Lauer, R., . 3,895
Alexander D. Lauer, K., ... 15 — 3,910
William A. Amtsfeld, S., ... 135
Lorenzo Smith, R. P., 69
23rd Dist.—
Sigmund J. Gans, D., ... 975
Sigmund J. Gans, R., ...5,716
Sigmund J. Gans, K., ... 27 — 6,718
Charles E. Beury, W., 2,155
Hugo Serter, S., ... 199
Lukens, Webster, P.,. 56
24th Dist.—
John H. Shade, D., .. 1,061
Andrew J. Wilson, W., 1,055
Frank Fackler, R., .. 5,065
Philip Hirth, S., ... 433
Hugh Piper, K., ... 137
William A. Hughes, P., ... 25
25th Dist.—
Wm. R. Hall, D., 1,324
Wm. R. Hall, K., 154 — 1,478
John J. Smith, W., ... 1,715
John J. Smith, R. P., ... 71 — 1,786
Frederick Beyer, R... 4,651
Roy Sherman, S., ... 338
26th Dist.—
John S. Slater, D., .. 789
Harry L. Hackett, W., ... 651
Harry L. Hackett, R., ... 3,775
Harry L. Hackett, R. P., .. 23 — 4,449
George H. Smith, S.,. 111
Frederick H. Mackerell, K., ... 69

PIKE COUNTY.

Edwin F. Peters, D., .. 594
J. H. VanEtten, W., .. 394
W. A. H. Mitchell, R.... 359

POTTER COUNTY.

Joseph B. Rumsey, D.,. 1,213
Ross Holman Jones, W., ... 904
Ross Holman Jones, P., ... 162 — 1,066
Henry T. Albee, R., ... 1,360
George L. Trask, S., .. 157

SCHULYKILL COUNTY.

1st Dist.—
Thos. F. Gallagher, D., ... 2,932
Adam C. Schaeffer, W., ... 1,006
Adam C. Schaeffer, R., ... 4,160 — 5,166
James Dunlavey, S.,. 387
2nd Dist.—
Charles J. Monaghan, D., ... 2,051
Alfred B. Garner, W., ... 919
Alfred B. Garner, R., ... 1,713 — 2,632
Frank L. Young, S.,.. 252
3rd Dist.—
Christ Becker, D., .. 2,275
David Vetter, W., ... 1,126
Thomas J. Howells, R., ... 1,857
Henry Sembach, S., .. 83
4th Dist.—
John H. Fahl, D., ... 2,992
Thomas McCrystle, D., 3,558
John Robert Jones, W., .. 3,810
John Robert Jones, P., ... 309 — 4,119
Jacob Schucker, W.,. 1,884
Cyrus M. Palmer, R.,. 4,968
John E. Sones, R., ... 4,761
T. E. Clark, S., ... 263
A. J. Hummel, S., ... 257
Geo. A. Behney, P.,.. 114

SNYDER COUNTY.

Cyrus S. Shipe, D., ... 561
John I. Woodruff, W., . 1,095
J. W. Sampsel, R., ... 1,097
Scattering, ... 1

SOMERSET COUNTY.

J. W. Hawes, D., ... 1,369
Hiram P. Hay, D., ... 1,472
Robert W. Lohr, W., .. 2,468
Jacob S. Miller, W., .. 2,228
M. D. Reel, R., ... 3,247
John P. Statler, R., ... 3,289
E. K. Gockley, S., ... 317
Frank Lowery, S., ... 314
John S. English, P.,... 376
James B. Landis, P.,.. 326

SULLIVAN COUNTY.

Charles E. Taylor, D., . 910
Moses R. Black, W., ... 174
Moses R. Black, P., ... 108 — 282
Mandus W. Reeser, R., 721

SUSQUEHANNA COUNTY.

Jasper T. Jennings, D., 1,795
Girton M. Darrow, W., 1,337
Edward E. Jones, R.,.. 2,717
Harry E. Sheerer, P.,.. 265

TIOGA COUNTY.

Chester H. Ashton, D.,. 1,241
H. E. Caldwell, D., ... 959
H. E. Caldwell, W., ... 1,421 — 2,380
Andrew B. Hitchcock, W., ... 1,806
Frank H. Marvin, R.,.. 2,942
George W. Williams, R., ... 2,875
George W. Williams, S., ... 485
George W. Williams, P., ... 339 — 3,699
Addison B. Ashley, S.,.. 162
H. J. Neal, P., ... 233

UNION COUNTY.

Lee F. Lybarger, D., .. 1,176
Charles A. Noll, W., .. 311
Harry M. Showalter, R., ... 1,503
Harry M. Showalter, P., ... 56 — 1,559

VENANGO COUNTY.

Charles A. Babcock, D., 1,801
Donald Glenn, D., 1,790
Donald Glenn, W., 786 — 2,576
Peter Berry, W., ... 961
Daniel B. Goodwin, R.,. 2,285
Charles F. Halderman, R., ... 2,275
C. D. Carpenter, S., ... 478
Chas. F. Geerhart, S., . 462
B. H. Shontz, P., ... 1,327
John S. Wright, P., ... 1,559

WARREN COUNTY.

Fred A. Shaw, D., ... 1,172
John G. Smith, W., ... 1,560
Edward Lindsey, R., .. 2,087
Milton Dunn, S., ... 233
Homer K. Miller, P., .. 934

WASHINGTON COUNTY.

T. B. H. Brownlee, D., ... 5,071
T. B. H. Brownlee, W., ... 2,766 — 7,837
Cornelius Carson, D., ... 4,667
Cornelius Carson, W., ... 2,624 — 7,291
John L. Post, D., 4,754
John L. Post, W., 2,616 — 7,370
George Plummer Baker, R., ... 7,783
H. R. Myers, R., ... 7,774
J. Add. Sprowls, R., ... 7,723
Harry Delbarre, S., ... 898
Louis Goaziou, S., ... 877
H. E. Gray, S., ... 871
William Caldwell, P., . 412
D. N. Hall, P., ... 283
A. O. Hoagland, P., ... 337

WAYNE COUNTY.

Nelson J. Spencer, D.,.. 1,741
Harry R. Samson, W., ... 1,254
Harry R. Samson, P., ... 148 — 1,402
Calvin E. Woodmansee, R., ... 1,292

WESTMORELAND COUNTY.

1st Dist.—
Robert M. Doty, D., ... 1,803
Robert M. Doty, P. L., ... 1,136 — 2,939
Edgar R. shirey D., ... 1,896
Edgar R. shirey P. L., ... 1,215 — 3,111
John B. Coldsmith, W., .. 1,184
John B. Coldsmith, R., .. 2,323 — 3,507
James B. Weaver, W., ... 1,217
James B. Weaver, R., ... 2,407 — 3,624
N. W. Matthews, S., ... 397
H. C. Schroding, S., ... 383
Joshua Brubaker, P., .. 247
Lawrence A. Stahl, P.,. 293
2d Dist.—
Clarence L. Hugus, D., ... 3,440
L. L. Lowe, D., ... 3,470
M. P. Shoemaker, D.,. 3,137
Benj. F. Bungard, W., ... 3,857
Benj. F. Bungard, R., ... 5,749 — 9,606
A. W. Love, W., 3,927
A. W. Love, R., 5,643 — 9,570
D. J. Snyder, W., ... 4,114
D. J. Snyder, R., ... 5,607 — 9,721
Ammon Blakely, S.,. 2,097
Harry Eckard, S., ... 2,041
Uriah S. Wilson, S.,.. 2,023
Fred W. Cunningham, P. L., ... 4,572
Alexander Brown, P. L., ... 4,508
J. A. Sheets, P. L., ... 4,528

WYOMING COUNTY.

Frank J. Herman, D.,.. 1,446
Fred B. Lindsey, W., .. 340
Louis F. Camp, R., ... 1,177
B. L. Taylor, P., ... 81

YORK COUNTY.

1st Dist.—
H. O. Ruby, D., ... 2,867
Samuel K. McCall, W., 685
Robert S. Spangler, R., ... 4,145
H. E. Myers, S., ... 479
George M. Bupp, P.,. 193
2d Dist.—
William Eppley, D.,.. 2,149
M. C. Kinard, W., ... 540
Robert S. Frey, R., .. 2,057
W. S. Sturgen, P., ... 121
Scattering, ... 1
3d Dist.—
William E. Craley, D., 2,084
Jacob A. Miller, W.,. 351
Samuel J. Barnett, R., 2,571
John Tome, S., ... 61
W. W. Anderson, P.,. 86
4th Dist.—
Henry E. Lanius, D.,. 3,943
E. Fred Carver, W.,.. 639
Charles Martin, S., .. 216
Scattering, ... 6

MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, SESSION OF 1915.

Whereupon the following named persons were declared duly elected members in the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, viz:

ADAMS COUNTY.

D. Calvin Rudisill.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

1st District.
Thomas Paul Geary.
A. C. Stein.
2nd District.
John C. Sullivan.
William J. McCaig.
3rd District.
John Lauler.
4th District.
William W. Mearkle.
5th District.
Horace W. Cromer.
6th District.
W. Mitchell Hamilton.
William J. Howarth.
William J. Mangan.
7th District.
James Wettach.
Charles E. Staving.
8th District.
John C. Kaiser.
John Swan, Jr.
9th District.
James F. Woodward.
10th District.
W. Crawford Murdock.
James R. Wylie.
Wallace B. Benn.
11th District.
William Dodds.
Joseph G. Steedle.
William C. Wagner.
Norman A. Whitten.
12th District.
Nelson McVicar.
John W. Vickerman.

ARMSTRONG COUNTY.

Milton S. Jack. Miles A. Milliron.

BEAVER COUNTY.

James R. Gormley. John K. McClure.

BEDFORD COUNTY.

E. Howard Blackburn.

BERKS COUNTY.

1st District.
Mahlon Shaaber.
James H. Maurer.
2nd District.
Howard W. Body.
Daniel A. Rothenberger.
Wilson G. Sarig.

BLAIR COUNTY.

1st District.
James E. Rininger.
2nd District.
H. Atlee Brumbaugh.
Samuel McCurdy.

BRADFORD COUNTY.

John C. Mather. Judson W. Stone.

BUCKS COUNTY.

Daniel G. Fretz. Henry Y. Pickering.

BUTLER COUNTY.

James O. Campbell. John H. Leighner.

CAMBRIA COUNTY.

1st District.
William J. Gompers.
2nd District.
Frank P. Hollern.
Albert J. Oaks.

CAMERON COUNTY.

C. Jay Goodnough.

CARBON COUNTY.

Jacob W. Smith.

CENTRE COUNTY.

Harry B. Scott.

CHESTER COUNTY.

Samuel A. Whitaker. Charles P. Greenwood.
Maris M. Hollingsworth.

CLARION COUNTY.

Harry H. Arnold.

CLEARFIELD COUNTY.

Joseph E. Phillips. Don Gingery.
G. Milton Alcorn.

CLINTON COUNTY.

Michael Bond Rich.

COLUMBIA COUNTY.

Charles A. Shaffer.

CRAWFORD COUNTY.

J. C. McKay. Wm. L. Metzenbacher.

CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

Harry B. Shoop. Murray E. Goodyear.

DAUPHIN COUNTY.

1st District.
Joshua W. Swartz.
Augustus Wildman.
2nd District.
John C. Nissley.
Walter S. Young.

DELAWARE COUNTY.

1st District.
William T. Ramsey.
2nd District.
Richard J. Baldwin.
Harry H. Hayburn.

ELK COUNTY.

John M. Flynn.

ERIE COUNTY.

1st District.
June R. Bovee.
2nd District.
Miles B. Kitts.
3rd District.
Cassius L. Alexander.

FAYETTE COUNTY.

1st District.
Tony Ray Lynch.
2nd District.
Duncan Sinclair.
Lee Smith.
D. Harry Horton.

FOREST COUNTY.

George F. Watson.

FRANKLIN COUNTY.

J. Edward Beck. Charles Walter.

FULTON COUNTY.

George B. Mellott.

GREENE COUNTY.

Isaac Newton Kuhn.

HUNTINGDON COUNTY.

James G. Dell.

INDIANA COUNTY.

Wilmer H. Wood.

JEFFERSON COUNTY.

Henry I. Wilson. Hiram H. Brosius.

JUNIATA COUNTY.

James Bergey.

LACKAWANNA COUNTY.

1st District.
William Luxemburger.
2nd District.
Hugh A. Dawson.
3rd District.
Frederick C. Ehrhardt.
4th District.
William Haggerty.
5th District.
William W. Jones.
6th District.
David F. Davis.

LANCASTER COUNTY.

1st District.
Aaron B. Hess.
2nd District.
Cleon N. Berntheizel.
George Hirshman.
Michael R. Hoffman.
Harry L. Rhoads.

LAWRENCE COUNTY.

E. F. G. Harper. William D. Walton.

LEBANON COUNTY.

Isaac K. Urich. Asa A. Weimer.

LEHIGH COUNTY.

1st District.
Ira T. Erdman.
2nd District.
Ralph E. Diefenderfer.
3rd District.
Albert E. Rinn.

LUZERNE COUNTY.

1st District.
William L. Adams.
2nd District.
Peter Murphy.
3rd District.
Patrick H. Wynne.
4th District.
Joseph Evans.
5th District.
Richard Powell.
6th District.
Ray A. Hubler.
7th District.
Thomas Finnerty.
David W. Thomas.

LYCOMING COUNTY.

Ralph Gibson. John Luppert.

McKEAN COUNTY.

Robert P. Habgood. William A. Ostrander.

MERCER COUNTY.

Fred T. Fruit. Calvin Bruce McConnell.

MIFFLIN COUNTY.

Charles Grant Corbin.

MONROE COUNTY.

Edwin T. Kunkle.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY.

1st District.
Charles A. Ambler.
2nd District.
William Neville.
3rd District.
Josiah M. Landis.
4th District.
Harvey Christman.

MONTOUR COUNTY.

William Kase West.

NORTHAMPTON COUNTY.

Frederick E. Geiser.
William M. Benninger.
Reuben H. Trach.

NORTHUMBERLAND COUNTY.

George E. Klinger.
William W. Robertson.
Daniel F. Gallagher.

PERRY COUNTY.

John S. Eby.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY.

1st District.
John McDermott, Jr.
Leopold C. Glass.
2nd District.
I. G. Gordon Forster.
3rd District.
Charles J. Roney, Jr.
Isadore Stern.
4th District.
James V. Lafferty.
5th District.
William H. Wilson.
Fred W. Willard.
Edwin R. Cox.
6th District.
Warren C. Graham.
7th District.
Thomas F. McNichol.
8th District.
Ephraim Lipschutz.
Jefferson W. Smith.
9th District.
Henry Gransback, Sr.
10th District.
Andrew M. Richards.
A. Holland Twibill.
11th District.
Richard Curry.
12th District.
Harry T. Bauerle.
John E. Arthur.
13th District.
Joseph H. McArdle.
Max Aron.
14th District.
James C. Wobensmith.
15th District.
John V. Cummins.
William T. Weir, Jr.
16th District.
James A. Dunn.
17th District.
James J. Hefferman.
Russell T. Vodges.
Theodore Campbell.
18th District.
William Nieder.
Samuel J. Perry.
19th District.
Clarence A. Rowell.
John Reynolds.
20th District.
Patrick Conner.
John H. Drinkhouse.
21st District.
John McClintock.
William Walsh.
22nd District.
Alexander D. Lauer.
23rd District.
Sigmund J. Gans.
24th District.
Frank Fackler.
25th District.
Frederic k Beyer.
26th District.
Harry L. Hackett.

PIKE COUNTY.

Edwin F. Peters.

POTTER COUNTY.

Henry T. Albee.

SCHUYLKILL COUNTY.

1st District.
Adam C. Schaeffer.
2nd District.
Alfred B. Garner.
3rd District.
Christ Becker.
4th District.
Cyrus M. Palmer.
John E. Sones.

SNYDER COUNTY.

James W. Sampsel.

SOMERSET COUNTY.

John P. Statler. Matthias D. Reel.

SULLIVAN COUNTY.

Charles E. Taylor.

SUSQUEHANNA COUNTY.

Edward E. Jones.

TIOGA COUNTY.

George W. Williams. Frank H. Marvin.

UNION COUNTY.

Harry M. Showalter.

VENANGO COUNTY.

Donald Glenn. Daniel B. Goodwin.

WARREN COUNTY.

Edward Lindsey.

WASHINGTON COUNTY.

Thomas B. H. Brownlee.
George Plummer Baker.
Harry R. Myers.

WAYNE COUNTY.

Nelson J. Spencer.

WESTMORELAND COUNTY.

1st District.
James B. Weaver.
John B. Coldsmith.
2nd District.
Benjamin F. Bungard.
Daniel J. Snyder.
Andrew W. Love.

WYOMING COUNTY.

Frank J. Herman.

YORK COUNTY.

1st District.
Robert S. Spangler.
2nd District.
William Eppley.
3rd District.
Samuel J. Barnett.
4th District.
Henry E. Lanius.

ROLL CALL.

The CHIEF CLERK. The roll will now be called.

The roll being called, the following members were present:

MEMBERS PRESENT.

ADAMS COUNTY.

D. Calvin Rudisill.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

1st District.
Thomas Paul Geary.
A. C. Stein.
2nd District.
John C. Sullivan.
William J. McCaig.
3rd District.
John Lauler.
4th District.
William W. Mearkle.
5th District.
Rorace W. Cromer,
6th District.
W. Mitchell Hamilton.
William J. Howarth.
William J. Mangan.
7th District.
James Wettach.
Charles E. Staving.
8th District.
John C. Kaiser.
John Swan, Jr.
9th District.
James F. Woodward.
10th District.
W. Crawford Murdock.
James R. Wylie.
Wallace B. Benn.
11th District.
William Dodds.
Joseph G. Steedle.
William C. Wagner.
Norman A. Whitten.
12th District.
Nelson McVicar.
John W. Vickerman.

ARMSTRONG COUNTY.

Milton S. Jack. Miles A. Milliron.

BEAVER COUNTY.

James R. Gormley. John K. McClure.

BEDFORD COUNTY.

E. Howard Blackburn.

BERKS COUNTY.

1st District.
Mahlon Shaaber.
James H. Maurer.

2nd District.
Howard E. Body.
Daniel A. Rothenberger.
Wilson G. Sarig.

BLAIR COUNTY.

1st District.
James E. Rininger.

2nd District.
H. Atlee Brumbaugh.
Samuel McCurdy.

BRADFORD COUNTY.

John C. Mather.

Judson W. Stone.

BUCKS COUNTY.

Daniel G. Fretz.

Henry Y. Pickering.

BUTLER COUNTY.

James O. Campbell.

John H. Leighner.

CAMBRIA COUNTY.

1st District.
William J. Gompers.

2nd District.
Frank P. Hollern.
Albert J. Oaks.

CAMERON COUNTY.

C. Jay Goodnough.

CARBON COUNTY.

Jacob W. Smith.

CENTRE COUNTY.

Harry B. Scott.

CHESTER COUNTY.

Samuel A. Whitaker.
Maris M. Hollingsworth.

Charles P. Greenwood.

CLARION COUNTY.

Harry H. Arnold.

CLEARFIELD COUNTY.

Joseph E. Phillips.
G. Milton Alcorn.

Don Gingery.

CLINTON COUNTY.

Michael Bond Rich.

COLUMBIA COUNTY.

Charles A. Shaffer.

CRAWFORD COUNTY.

J. C. McKay.

Wm. L. Metzenbacher.

CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

Harry B. Shoop.

Murray E. Goodyear.

DAUPHIN COUNTY.

1st District.
Joshua W. Swartz.
Augustus Wildman.

2nd District.
John C. Nissley.
Walter S. Young.

DELAWARE COUNTY.

1st District.
William T. Ramsey.

2nd District.
Richard J. Baldwin.
Harry H. Hayburn.

ELK COUNTY.

John M. Flynn.

ERIE COUNTY.

1st District.
June R. Bovee.

2nd District.
Miles B. Kitts.

3rd District.
Cassius L. Alexander.

FAYETTE COUNTY.

2nd District.
Duncan Sinclair.

Lee Smith.
D. Harry Horton.

FOREST COUNTY.

George F. Watson.

FRANKLIN COUNTY.

J. Edward Beck.

Charles Walter.

FULTON COUNTY.

George B. Mellott.

GREENE COUNTY.

Isaac Newton Kuhn.

HUNTINGDON COUNTY.

James G. Dell.

INDIANA COUNTY.

Wilmer H. Wood.

JEFFERSON COUNTY.

Henry I. Wilson.

Hiram H. Brosius.

JUNIATA COUNTY.

James Bergey.

LACKAWANNA COUNTY.

1st District.
William Luxemburger.
2nd District.
Hugh A. Dawson.
3rd District.
Frederick C. Ehrhardt.

4th District.
William Haggerty.
5th District.
William W. Jones.
6th District.
David F. Davis.

LANCASTER COUNTY.

1st District.
Aaron B. Hess.
2nd District.
Cleon N. Bernthcizel

George Hibshman.
Michael R. Hoffman.
Harry L. Rhoads.

LAWRENCE COUNTY.

E. F. G. Harper.

William D. Walton.

LEBANON COUNTY.

Isaac K. Urich.

Asa A. Weimer.

LEHIGH COUNTY.

1st District.
Ira T. Erdman.
2nd District.
Ralph E. Diefenderfer.

3rd District.
Albert E. Rinn.

LUZERNE COUNTY.

1st District.
William L. Adams.
2nd District.
Peter Murphy.
3rd District.
Patrick H. Wynne.
4th District.
Joseph Evans.

5th District.
Richard Powell.
6th District.
Ray A. Hubler.
7th District.
Thomas Finnerty.
David W. Thomas.

LYCOMING COUNTY.

Ralph Gibson.

John Luppert.

McKEAN COUNTY.

Robert P. Habgood.

William A. Ostrander.

MERCER COUNTY.

Fred T. Fruit.

Calvin Bruce McConnell.

MIFFLIN COUNTY.

Charles Grant Corbin.

MONROE COUNTY.

Edwin T. Kunkle.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY.

1st District.
Charles A. Ambler.
2nd District.
William Neville.

3rd District.
Josiah M. Landis.
4th District.
Harvey Christman.

MONTOUR COUNTY.

William Kase West.

NORTHAMPTON COUNTY.

Frederick E. Geiser.
William M. Benninger.

Reuben H. Trach.

NORTHUMBERLAND COUNTY.

George E. Klinger.
William W. Robertson.

Daniel F. Gallagher.

PERRY COUNTY.

John S. Eby.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY.

1st District.
John McDermott, Jr.
Leopold C. Glass.
2nd District.
I. G. Gordon Forster.
3rd District.
Charles J. Roney, Jr.
Isadore Stern.
4th District.
James V. Lafferty.
5th District.
William H. Wilson.
Fred W. Willard.
Edwin R. Cox.
6th District.
Warren C. Graham.
7th District.
Thomas F. McNichol.
8th District.
Ephraim Lipschutz.
Jefferson W. Smith.
9th District.
Henry Gransback, Sr.
10th District.
Andrew M. Richards.
A. Holland Twibill.
11th District.
Richard Curry.
12th District.
Harry T. Bauerle.
John E. Arthur.
13th District.
Joseph H. McArdle.
Max Aron.
14th District.
James C. Wobensmith.
15th District.
John V. Cummins.
William T. Weir, Jr.
16th District.
James A. Dunn.
17th District.
James J. Hefferman.
Russell T. Vodges.
Theodore Campbell.
18th District.
William Nieder.
Samuel J. Perry.
19th District.
Clarence A. Rowell.
John Reynolds.
20th District.
Patrick Conner.
John H. Drinkhouse.
21st District.
John McClintock.
William Walsh.
22nd District.
Alexander D. Lauer.
23rd District.
Sigmund J. Gans.
24th District.
Frank Fackler.
25th District.
Frederick Beyer.
26th District.
Harry L. Hackett.

PIKE COUNTY.

Edwin F. Peters.

POTTER COUNTY.

Henry T. Albee.

SCHULYKILL COUNTY.

1st District.
Adam C. Schaeffer.
2nd District.
Alfred B. Garner.
3rd District.
Christ Becker.
4th District.
Cyrus M. Palmer.
John E. Sones.

SNYDER COUNTY.

James W. Sampsel.

SOMERSET COUNTY.

John P. Statler. Matthias D. Reel.

SULLIVAN COUNTY.

Charles E. Taylor.

SUSQUEHANNA COUNTY.

Edward E. Jones.

TIOGA COUNTY.

George W. Williams. Frank H. Marvin.

UNION COUNTY.

Harry M. Showalter.

VENANGO COUNTY.

Donald Glenn. Daniel B. Goodwin.

WARREN COUNTY.

Edward Lindsey.

WASHINGTON COUNTY.

Thomas B. H. Brownlee. Harry R. Myers.
George Plummer Baker.

WAYNE COUNTY.

Nelson J. Spencer.

WESTMORELAND COUNTY.

1st District.
James B. Weaver.
John B. Coldsmith.
2nd District.
Benjamin F. Bungard.
Daniel J. Snyder.
Andrew W. Love.

WYOMING COUNTY.

Frank J. Herman.

YORK COUNTY.

1st District.
Robert S. Spangler.
2nd District.
William Eppley.
3rd District.
Samuel J. Barnett.
4th District.
Henry E. Lanius.

MEMBERS ABSENT.

FAYETTE COUNTY.

1st District.

Tony Ray Lynch.

The CHIEF CLERK. Two hundred and six members having answered to their names, a quorum is present. The House is now ready to proceed to business.

JUDGE TO ADMINISTER OATH OF OFFICE.

Mr. WILDMAN, a member-elect, offered the following resolution which was twice read, considered and agreed to:

Resolved, That the Hon. S. J. McCarrell, a Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of Dauphin County, learned in the law, be requested to administer the oath required to be taken by the members of the House of Representatives.

ADMINISTRATION OF OATH OF OFFICE TO MEMBERS-ELECT.

The CHIEF CLERK. The members-elect will present themselves before the bar of the House, where the oath of office, as required by law, will be administered to them by the Honorable S. J. M. McCarrell, a Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of Dauphin County.

The oath of office was then administered to the members-elect.

ELECTION OF SPEAKER.

Mr. HEYBURN offered the following resolution, which was twice read, considered and agreed to:

Resolved, That in accordance with the provisions of the Constitution the House do now proceed to the election of a Speaker and that the Clerks act as Tellers.

The CHIEF CLERK. The gentleman from Lancaster, Mr. Hess.

Mr. HESS. Mr. Chairman and Members of the House of Representatives for the Session of 1915 and Ladies and Gentlemen: It is indeed a pleasure to place in nomination a gentleman whose qualifications make him particularly fitted for the high office of presiding over this distinguished body. The gentleman whose name I shall place in nomination came to this place as a member of this body first in 1902. He has served continuously as a member of this body with the exception of a single term. His experience has been such as to peculiarly fit and qualify him for the arduous duties of the high office to which I nominate him. Not only is he especially qualified but his very genial disposition has won for him friends everywhere among the folks who have had the good fortune of mingling with him. He is the unanimous choice of the Republican caucus. This is indeed unusual. He is the unanimous choice of that Party that has done more to enable humanity to be lifted to higher and higher planes as the years have gone by; the unanimous choice of a Party that has always been progressive, so progressive indeed that no one can study its past record without being convinced of that fact.

It affords me great pleasure, indeed, to place in nomination as the Speaker of this House of Representatives the name of Charles A. Ambler, of Montgomery County.

Mr. KITTS. Mr. Clerk, it is unnecessary for me to extoll on the experience, characteristics and qualifications of the gentleman whom I am about to nominate. The Democratic caucus last evening unanimously selected as a candidate for the speakership of this coming session the gentleman from Elk County, the Honorable John M. Flynn, and I take pleasure in presenting his name as a candidate for that office.

Mr. WHITTAKER. Mr. Clerk and Gentlemen of the House of Representatives: The people of Pennsylvania have entrusted the management and control of this House of Representatives to the Republican party by such an extraordinarily large majority that a great responsibility rests upon us, and it is with a due sense of that responsibility and burden that the Republican members of this House of Representatives met last night and chose from a field of competent and worthy men one on whom they could rely as a leader and whom they could safely follow and in whom they had the greatest confidence as an able-minded and impartial presiding officer; a man who has always stood for the most progressive and most upright legislation in all of the sessions in which he has been a member, and one who will be fair to all parties, both his opponents

and those of the other parties in the House. They therefore have chosen unanimously a man of whom the State can be proud and whom, as Speaker, we can all work with in harmony.

I therefore take pleasure in seconding the nomination of my friend, Charles A. Ambler, of Montgomery County.

The CHIEF CLERK. Are there any other nominations? If not, the nominations are closed, the roll will be called and the clerks will act as tellers.

The vote was then taken as follows:

FOR MR. AMBLER.

Adams,	Fretz,	Marvin,	Smith, J. W.,
Albee,	Fruit,	Mather,	Smith, Lee,
Alcorn,	Gans,	McArdle,	Snyder,
Alexander,	Garner,	McCaig,	Sones,
Arnold,	Geary,	McClintock,	Spangler,
Aron,	Gibson,	McClure,	Statler,
Arthur,	Glass,	McConnell,	Staving,
Baker,	Goodnough,	McCurdy,	Steedle,
Baldwin,	Goodwin,	McDermott,	Stein,
Barnett,	Goodyear,	McNichol,	Stern,
Bauerle,	Gormley,	McVicar,	Stone,
Benn,	Graham,	Mearkle,	Sullivan,
Bergey,	Gransback,	Milliron,	Swan,
Berntheizel,	Greenwood,	Murdoch,	Swartz,
Beyer,	Habgood,	Myers,	Thomas,
Blackburn,	Hackett,	Neville,	Twibill,
Bovee,	Haggerty,	Nieder,	Urich,
Brosius,	Hamilton,	Nissley,	Vickerman,
Brownlee,	Harper,	Oaks,	Vogdes,
Brumbaugh,	Hefferman,	Ostrander,	Wagner,
Bungard,	Hess,	Palmer,	Walsh,
Campbell, J. O.,	Heyburn,	Perry,	Walter,
Campbell, T.,	Hibshman,	Phillips,	Walton,
Coldsmith,	Hoffman,	Pickering,	Weaver,
Conner,	Hollingsworth,	Powell,	Weimer,
Corbin,	Horton,	Ramsey,	Weir,
Cox,	Howarth,	Reel,	Wettach,
Cromer,	Hubler,	Reynolds,	Whitaker,
Cummins,	Jack,	Rhoads,	Whitten,
Curry,	Jones, E. E.,	Rich,	Wildman,
Davis,	Jones, W. W.,	Richards,	Willard,
Dawson,	Kaiser,	Rininger,	Williams,
Dell,	Klinger,	Robertson,	Wilson, Henry I.,
Dodds,	Lafferty,	Roney,	Wilson, W. H.,
Drinkhouse,	Landis,	Rowell,	Wobensmith,
Dunn,	Lauer,	Sampsel,	Wood,
Eby,	Lauler,	Schaeffer,	Woodward,
Ehrhardt,	Leighner,	Scott,	Wylie,
Evans,	Lindsey,	Shaaber,	Young.
Fackler,	Lipschutz,	Shoop	
Flynn,	Love,	Showalter,	
Forster,	Mangan,	Sinclair,	

FOR MR. FLYNN.

Ambler,	Gallagher,	Lanius,	Rudisill,
Beck,	Geiser,	Luppert,	Sarig,
Becker,	Gingery,	Luxemburger,	Shaffer,
Benninger,	Glenn,	McKay,	Smith, Jacob W.,
Body,	Gompers,	Mellott,	Spencer,
Christman,	Herman,	Metzenbacher,	Taylor,
Diefenderfer,	Hollern,	Murphy,	Trach,
Eppley,	Kitts,	Peters,	Watson,
Erdman,	Kuhn,	Rinn,	West,
Finnerty,	Kunkle,	Rothenberger,	Wynne.

The CHIEF CLERK. The tellers agree in their count, and the vote cast by the members is as follows: Honorable Charles A. Ambler received 165 votes; Honorable John M. Flynn received 40 votes.

Honorable Charles A. Ambler, having received a majority of all the votes cast, is declared the Speaker of the House of Representatives of Pennsylvania for the session of 1915.

The CHIEF CLERK. I will appoint the gentleman from Elk, Mr. John M. Flynn, and the gentleman from Delaware, Mr. R. J. Baldwin, as a committee to escort the newly elected Speaker to the chair.

CORRECTION OF VOTE.

Mr. SHAABER. Mr. Speaker, owing to the confusion around me at the time, I inadvertently voted for Mr. Flynn for Speaker. I desire to be recorded as voting for Mr. Ambler.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman's explanation will be noted in the Journal and the clerks will make the correction on the roll.

Whereupon,

Mr. Ambler was escorted to the bar of the House by Messrs. Flynn and Baldwin.

Mr. FLYNN. Mr. Clerk, I have the pleasure of introducing to you the Honorable Charles A. Ambler, of Montgomery, who has just been elected Speaker of this House.

The CHIEF CLERK. Gentlemen of the House, I have the honor of presenting to you the Honorable Charles A. Ambler, Speaker-elect of the House of Representatives. (Applause.)

The oath of office will now be administered to the Speaker-elect.

SWEARING IN THE SPEAKER.

The oath of office was then administered to Honorable Charles A. Ambler, Speaker-elect of the House of Representatives, by the Honorable S. J. M. McCarrell, additional law judge of the Twelfth Judicial District.

ADDRESS OF SPEAKER.

Gentlemen of the House of Representatives:

I feel I cannot say in words how I appreciate the honor you have conferred upon me, for it is a great honor for any man to be chosen Speaker of this House which represents this great State, and I sincerely thank you. I shall endeavor to preside over you in all fairness and do what I can to prove to the people of Pennsylvania that they made no mistake in sending us here to represent them. But I realize I am helpless unless you give me your undivided help and support, and in this I earnestly request you to do. Our Governor-elect, the Hon. Martin B. Brumbaugh, has promised the people that he stood for laws that would benefit and help them all and it is our duty to work in harmony with him and prove that when we present a candidate for their suffrage, we are honest and mean what we say, and legislate for the good to the greatest number and in doing this, we must remember that our work will have much influence for good or bad at the coming Presidential election. Before closing, I want to say to my colleagues who were also candidates for this honorable position that I appreciate the unselfish spirit they have shown, and thank them for the kind words that they have said in my behalf. With a grateful feeling to Him who rules all our destinies and asking His help in our work, I thank you all again. (Applause.)

NOTIFICATION OF THE SENATE.

Mr. HESS offered the following resolution, which was twice read, considered and agreed to:

Resolved, That a committee of three be appointed to wait upon the Senate and inform that body that the House of Representatives is now organized and ready to proceed to business.

The SPEAKER. The Chair appoints Messrs. Hess, Baldwin and Hapgood, as said committee.

SENATE MESSAGE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, presented an extract from the Journal of the Senate, as follows:

In the Senate, January 5, 1915.

Resolved (if the House concur), That a committee of three be appointed to act in conjunction with a similar committee on the part of the House of Representatives, (if the House of Representatives shall appoint such committee), to wait on His Excellency, the Governor, and inform him that the General Assembly is organized and ready to receive any communications he may be pleased to make.

Ordered, That Messrs. Clark, Buckman and Wasbers be the said committee on the part of the Senate, and that the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

Said resolution was twice read, considered and concurred in.

The SPEAKER. The Chair appoints Messrs. Williams, Henry I. Wilson and Flynn, as said Committee on the part of the House of Representatives, and the Clerk will inform the Senate accordingly.

NOTIFICATION OF SENATE'S ORGANIZATION.

Messrs. Salus, Daix and DeWitt, a Committee from the Senate, being introduced, informed the House of Representatives that the Senate was duly organized and ready to proceed with business, and were extended the thanks of the House.

ELECTION OF CLERKS.

Mr. WILLIAM H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I move that the House now go into the nomination and election of a Chief Clerk, Resident Clerk and Assistant Clerk for the session of 1915.

Mr. COX. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The SPEAKER. Nominations for the said offices are now in order.

Mr. WILLIAM H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, carrying out the express wishes of the Republican caucus, I desire to place in nomination for the office of Chief Clerk, Thomas H. Garvin, of Delaware County; for the office of Resident Clerk, William S. Leib, of Schuylkill County; and for the office of Assistant Clerk, Frank W. Morrison, of Philadelphia County.

Mr. SHAFFER. Mr. Speaker, the following names are offered as a substitute for the offices herein named: Chief Clerk, Honorable John G. Harmon, of Columbia County; Assistant Clerk, Honorable John L. Post, of Washington County; and Resident Clerk, Honorable John Null, of Centre County.

On the question.

Will the House agree to the substitution?

It was not agreed to.

Mr. RONEY. Mr. Speaker, I move you that the election of these officers be by acclamation.

Mr. SCHAEFFER. I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Mr. RONEY. Mr. Speaker, I rise to a point of information.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman will state his point.

Mr. RONEY. As I understand the procedure, the House has now voted in the affirmative to have the election by acclamation. Is it not necessary now to have the House elect the officers by acclamation?

The SPEAKER. The point is well taken. The question now before the House is the election by acclamation of Thomas H. Garvin, of Delaware County Chief Clerk, William S. Leib, of Schuylkill County Resident Clerk and Frank W. Morrison, of Philadelphia, Assistant Clerk.

It was agreed to.

REPORT OF COMMITTEE TO WAIT UPON THE GOVERNOR.

Mr. FLYNN. Mr. Speaker, your Committee to wait upon the governor, in conjunction with the Committee from the Senate, beg leave to report that they have performed that duty.

The SPEAKER. The Committee is discharged with the thanks of the House.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Private Secretary of the Governor being introduced, presented communications in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which were laid upon the table.

OATH OF OFFICE ADMINISTERED TO CHIEF CLERK, RESIDENT CLERK AND ASSISTANT CLERK.

The Chief Clerk, Resident Clerk and Assistant Clerk presented themselves at the Bar of the House, and the oath of office, as required by law, was administered to them by the Speaker.

APPOINTMENT OF ASSISTANT RESIDENT CLERK.

In accordance with the Act of April 12, 1905, the Resident Clerk announced the appointment of I. Dale Meals, as Assistant Resident Clerk.

OATH OF OFFICE ADMINISTERED TO ASSISTANT RESIDENT CLERK.

The Assistant Resident Clerk presented himself at the Bar of the House, and the Oath of office, as required by law, was administered to him by the Speaker.

SENATE MESSAGE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced presented the following extract from the Journal of the Senate which was read as follows:

JOINT SESSION TO COMPUTE VOTES.

In the Senate, January 5, 1915.

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That the Senate and the House of Representatives will meet in joint convention Tuesday, January five, at 3:30 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of witnessing the opening, computing and counting the vote for Governor, Lieutenant-Governor and Secretary of Internal Affairs, and that Mr. Graff, of Armstrong County, be appointed teller on the part of the Senate.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for its concurrence.

Said Resolution was twice read, considered and concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

APPOINTMENT OF TELLER TO COUNT VOTE.

The Speaker. In accordance with the resolution concurred in, the Chair appoints the gentleman from Lawrence, Mr. Walton as Teller to meet with a similar Teller on the part of the Senate in the Hall of the House at 3:30 o'clock P. M. of this day to canvass the vote cast for the office of Governor, Lieutenant Governor and Secretary of Internal Affairs.

REPORT OF COMMITTEE TO NOTIFY SENATE.

Mr. HESS. Mr. Speaker, your Committee appointed to inform the Senate that the House is organized and ready to proceed with business, beg to report that they have performed that duty.

The SPEAKER. The Committee is discharged with the thanks of the House.

ADOPTION OF RULES FOR THE HOUSE.

Mr. WILSON offered the following resolution which was read by the Clerk:

Resolved, That the rules of the last House with the following substitutions and amendments be adopted as the rules of the present House.

That Rule No. 5 of the rules of the last House which reads as follows:

"The Speaker shall appoint the members of select and conference committees unless otherwise ordered by the House." to be stricken out and that there be substituted therefore the following:

"The Speaker shall appoint the members of standing, select and conference committees unless otherwise ordered by the House."

That Rule No. 31 of the Rules of the last House which reads as follows:

"The following standing committees: A Committee on Accounts, A Committee on Agriculture, A Committee on Appropriations, A Committee on Banks and Banking, A Committee on Bureau of Statistics, A Committee on Centennial Affairs, A Committee to Compare Bills, A Committee on Congressional Apportionment, A Committtee on Constitutional Reform, A Committee on Corporations, A Committee on Counties and Townships, A Committee on Education, A Committee on Elections, A Committee on Electric Railways, A Committee on Federal Relations, A Committtee on Fisheries, A Committtee on Forestry, A Committee on Game, A Committtee on Geological Survey, A Committee on Insurance, A Committtee on Iron and Coal, A Committtee on Judicial Apportionment, A Committtee on Judiciary (General), A Committee on Judiciary (Local), A Committee on Judiciary (Special), A Committee on Labor and Industry, A Committee on Law and Order, A Committee on Legislative Apportionment, A Committee on Library, A Committee on Manufactures, A Committee on Military, A Committee on Mines and Mining, A Committee on Municipal Corporations, A Committtee on Pensions and Gratuities, A Committee on Printing, A Committtee on Public Buildings, A Committtee on Public Health and Sanitation, A Committtee on Public Roads, A Committtee on Railroads, A Committtee on Retrenchment and Reform, A Committtee on Ways and Means, shall be elected by the House at the commencement of each session in the following manner:

The representation of each party or association on each committee shall be in the proportion which its membership bears to the total membership of the House. The said membership may be selected by each party or association in such manner as it may by its rules determine, said election to be approved by the House. Each committee shall organize by electing its own officers. The Speaker shall immediately after his election announce the proportional representation to which each party or association is entitled on the various committtees, and each member shall notify the Speaker of the party or association in which he desires to be counted for the purpose of determining such representation.

The several committees shall consist of twenty-five members, except the Committtee on Apprporiations, which shall consist of forty members; and the Committtees on Public Roads, Public Health and Sanitation and Electric Railways, which shall each consist of thirty-five members.

The method of election of standing committees provided for in this rule shall not apply during the session of 1913.

Be stricken out and that there be substituted therefor, the following:

"The following standing committees shall be appointed at the commencement of each session until otherwise ordered: A Committee on Accounts, A Committee on Agriculture, A Committee on Appropriations, A Committee on Banks and Banking, A Committee on Bureau of Statistics,

A Committee on Centennial Affairs, A Committee to Compare Bills, A Committee on Congressional Apportionment, culture, A Committee on Appropriations, A Committee on Corporations, A Committee on Counties and Townships, A Committee on Education, A Committee on Elections, A Committee on Electric Railways, A Committee on Federal Relations, A Committee on Fisheries, A Committee on Forestry, A Committee on Game, A Committee on Geological Survey, A Committee on Insurance, A Committee on Iron and Coal, A Committee on Judicial Apportionment, A Committee on Judiciary (General), A Committee on Judiciary (Local), A Committee on Judiciary (Special), A Committee on Labor and Industry, A Committee on Law and Order, A Committee on Legislative Apportionment, A Committee on Library, A Committee on Manufactures, A Committee on Military, A Committee on Mines and Mining, A Committee on Municipal Corporations, A Committee on Pensions and Gratuities, A Committee on Printing, A Committee on Public Buildings, A Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, A Committee on Public Roads, A Committee on Railroads, A Committee on Retrenchment and Reform, A Committee on Ways and Means.

The Committee on Apportionment shall be appointed only at such times when apportionments are required to be made.

The several committees shall consist of twenty-five members, except the Committee on Appropriations which shall consist of forty members, and the Committee on Public Roads, Public Health and Sanitation and Electric Railways, which shall each consist of thirty-five members."

That Rule No. 37 of the last House, which reads as follows:

"The recommendations by a committee that a bill be negatived shall not affect its consideration by the House, but the words "negative recommendation" shall be printed conspicuously on a line above the title of the bill, but such bill shall not be placed upon the calendar except by a vote of sixty members but if such motion be negatived once, it shall not be renewed."

Be stricken out and there be substituted therefor the following:

"The recommendations by a committee that a bill be negatived shall not affect its consideration by the House but the words 'negative recommendation' shall be printed conspicuously on the line above the title of the bill, but such bill shall not be placed upon the calendar except by a majority of the members voting upon such motion, but if such motion be negatived once, it shall not be renewed."

That Rule No. 63 of the Rules of the last House which reads as follows:

"A committee of six shall be elected by the House, which together with the Speaker ex-officio, shall constitute a Committee on Rules, and shall report to the House from time to time, rules for the government thereof, and amendments to such rules; said committee shall be privileged to report at any time, and said report shall be adoped by a majority vote."

Be stricken out, and that there be substituted therefore the following:

"A committee of five shall be appointed by the Chair, which together with the Speaker ex-officio, shall constitute a Committee on Rules, and shall report to the House from time to time, rules for the government thereof, and amendments to such rules; said committee shall be privileged to report at any time, and said report shall be adopted by a majority vote."

Mr. FLYNN. Mr. Speaker.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman from Elk, Mr. Flynn.

Mr. FLYNN. The amendments to the rules here offered appear to be quite lengthy and some of us do not understand what they mean. It might be well to ask the author to explain what changes are contemplated.

Mr. WILLIAM H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, the purpose of the resolution is to enact the rules of the last session with the exception of the placing of the appointing power of committees and the chairman thereof with the Rules Committee and placing that power where it was prior to the last session, namely with the Speaker. The only other change is that under the rules of 1913 a bill which was negatived by a Committee could be placed on the calendar by a vote of sixty members. This resolution proposes to change the rules so that a majority voting upon that motion can place a bill upon the calendar notwithstanding the recommendation of the Committee. That is the only change made in the rule and practically puts the House back on the basis where it was prior to the last session.

The SPEAKER. The question is on the adoption of the resolution.

It was agreed to.

HOURS OF MEETING.

Mr. RAMSEY offered the following resolution which was twice read, considered and agreed to.

Resolved, That until otherwise ordered, the sessions of the House shall commence at ten o'clock ante meridian.

THANKING JUDGE MCCARRELL FOR ADMINISTERING OATHS.

Mr. SWARTZ offered the following resolution which was twice read, considered and agreed to:

Resolved, That the members of the House of Representatives of Pennsylvania hereby extend their thanks to the Honorable S. J. M. McCarrell, a Judge of the Court of Dauphin County, for his services in administering the oath of office to its members.

SENATE MESSAGES.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, presented an extract from the Journal of the Senate as follows:

TIME OF ADJOURNMENT.

In the Senate, January 5, 1915.

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That when the Legislature adjourns to-day it be to meet on Monday evening, January 18th at nine o'clock.

Said resolution was twice read, considered and concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, presented an extract from the Journal of the Senate, as follows:

PROVIDING INAUGURAL COMMITTEE.

In the Senate, January 5, 1915.

Resolved, That the President pro tempore of the Senate be and is hereby authorized to appoint a committee of seven Senators to act in conjunction with a committee of nine Members of the House of Representatives (if the House should appoint such committee) to make the necessary arrangements for the inauguration, to wait upon his Excellency, the Governor-elect and conduct him in a suitable manner to the Capitol for the purpose of having the oath of office administered to him; and,

Resolved, That the inaugural ceremones take place at twelve o'clock M. on the third Tuesday of January, the 19th, on the south side of the Capitol, should the weather prove favorable, otherwise in the Hall of the House of Representatives; and,

Be it further resolved, That said committee be and is hereby authorized to expend a sum not exceeding twenty-five thousand ($25,000.00) dollars for the making and carrying out of the said arrangements, the same to be provided for in the appropriation bill.

Said resolution was twice read, considered and concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, presented an extract from the Journal of the Senate, as follows:

POSTAGE ON LEGISLATIVE JOURNAL.

In the Senate, January 5, 1915.

Whereas, the Post Office Department has decided that the Legislative Journal must be third class matter and has so instructed the Postmaster at Harrisburg;

Therefore, be it resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That the Chief Clerks of the Senate and the House of Representatives be directed to make arrangements for the necessary postage so that the Legislative Journal may be mailed according to the requirements of the Post Office Department and that the same be provided for in the appropriation bill.

Said resolution was twice read, considered and concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

GOVERNORS BIENNIAL MESSAGE.

The Private Secretary to the Governor of the Commonwealth being introduced, presented the biennial message of His Excellency, the Governor, to the General Assembly.

The message was then read, as follows:

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, January 5, 1915.

Gentlemen of the Senate and the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

"The government is a trust and the officers of the government are trustees, and both the trust and the trustees are created for the benefit of the people." The duty of a Governor, therefore, upon his retirement from office, should be to furnish the General Assembly and the people of the

Commonwealth with a statement of his trusteeship, and he might, with propriety, refrain from making many recommendations as to measures for legislative consideration, as they may well be left to his successor.

FINANCES OF THE COMMONWEALTH.

GENERAL FUND.

Cash balance in the State Treasury, November 30, 1914,		$7,427,208 58
Less amount credited to the Sinking Fund, which under the law cannot be used for any purpose other that the payment of the public debt, and is therefore not available for appropriation,	$811,733 40	
Less amount credited to the Permanent State School Fund, the income only may be expended,	30,804 77	
Less amount credited to the Motor Fund, which under the provisions of the Act of July 7, 1913, is set aside for specific purposes,	8,973 00	
		851,511 17
Amount in General Fund, November 30, 1914,		$6,575,697 41
Estimated gross receipts for the fiscal year ending November 30, 1915,	$29,380,861 45	
Less the following collections which merely pass through the treasury, and are not subject to appropriation: Receipts from various sources, devoted to the Permanent School Fund; receipts from Motor Licences, devoted to the uses of the State Highway Department; receipts from the Federal Government, for the use of the State College and the Soldiers' and Sailors' Home; the State Highway Construction Fund, received from municipalities for the use of the State Highway Department, and one-half of the premiums received from foreign insurance companies, payable to municipalities without appropriation, estimated in the aggregate at the sum of,	1,832,675 35	
		$27,548,186 10
Estimated gross receipts for the fiscal year ending November 30, 1916,	$30,849,904 52	
Less the following collections which merely pass through the treasury, and are not subject to appropriation: Receipts from various sources, devoted to the Permanent School Fund; receipts from Motor Licenses, devoted to the uses of the State Highway Department; receipts from the Federal Government, for the use of State College and the Soldiers' and Sailors' Home; the State Highway Construction Fund, received from municipalities for the use of the State Highway Department, and one-half the premiums received from foreign fire insurance companies, payable to municipalities without appropriation, estimated in the aggregate at the sum of,	1,832,675 35	
		$29,017,229 17
Estimated receipts for the period from November 30, 1916, to May 13, 1917,		12,106,660 97
Total amount available and to become available, June 1, 1917,		$75,247,773 65
Less payments for obligations and current expenses to June 1, 1917, as indicated by the unexpended balances of existing appropriations,		26,468,132 16
Net amount available and to become available for appropriation for the two fiscal years beginning June 1, 1915, and ending May 31, 1917,		$48,779,641 49

SINKING FUND, NOVEMBER 30, 1914

Sinking Fund assets—cash,	$811,733 40
Total public debt,	651,110 02
Net surplus in Sinking Fund,	$160,623 38

In estimating the probable revenues of the Commonwealth, the tax on anthracite coal imposed under the provisions of the Act of the General Assembly of June 27, 1913, has not been included, for the reason that practically all anthracite coal mining companies have appealed from the settlements made against them and have indicated their intention of carrying such appeals to the Supreme Court of the United States. In case of a decision favorable to the Commonwealth, the result will probably be the revenue from this source will not be received until after the period for which the above estimate is made.

APPROPRIATIONS.

Under the law the State Board of Public Charities has free access to the grounds, buildings and all books and papers relating to charitable, reformatory, and correctional institutions; and all such institutions that may desire to receive State aid must give notice to the Board, on or before the first day of November in each year, of the amount of any application for aid they may propose to make to the Legislature, and of the several purposes to which such aid, if granted, is to be applied; and in its report to the General Assembly the conclusions and recommendations of the Board thereon are given. In acting upon appropriations to these institutions I have found these conclusions and recommendations to be carefully prepared and worthy of every consideration. The Legislature, therefore, in making appropriations to these institutions should endeavor to limit them to the amounts recommended by this Board.

The chief problem in the lives of individuals, families, and business enterprises is the adustment of expenditures to the receipts, the outgo to the income. In the management of the State's fiscal affairs there should be established business-like principles. It is wrong for each session of the General Assembly to make appropriations far in excess of the revenue, imposing upon the Governor the responsibility of reducing the amounts to reasonable limits. There is no excuse for such a practice, especially when one considers that the executive and fiscal officers furnish, at the beginning of each session of the Legislature, a statement as to what revenue will be available for appropriation purposes.

I, therefore, urge the General Assembly to discontinue this method of appropriation, and thereby lighten in no little measure the duties of the executive.

INVENTORY OF REAL AND PERSONAL PROPERTY.

In order that an inventory might be made of the tangible assets of the Commonwealth, I appointed an inventory commission, consisting of the Executive Controller, the Deputy Auditor General, and the Superintendent of Public Grounds and Buildings, to prepare an inventory of all the tangible assets of the Commonwealth, both real and personal, as of May 31, 1914. This work has been performed with diligence and ability, with the result that for the first time the Commonwealth is in position to determine the value of these assets. The totals in this inventory aggregate $62,743,876.35 divided as follows: Real Estate, $49,356,392.84; Personal Property, $5,625,766.35; General Fund and Sinking Fund in the State Treasury, $7,761,717.15.

This inventory has been prepared in detail and has been deposited in the office of the Executive Controller, and should prove of much value for comparative purposes in all future inventories.

HEALTH.

The Department of Health has rendered invaluable services to the people of the Commonwealth—in fact, it enjoys an enviable international reputation. The work performed at Austin, after that municipality was washed away, and at Gettysburg in looking after the sanitary and hospital conditions at the time of the Reunion of the Blues and the Grays, is especially worthy of notice.

In its tuberculosis work the department makes its biological products after its own formula; its sanatoria buildings have been planned so as to furnish the greatest possible amount of air and sunlight; and from its 115 dispensaries have not only come the patients for these sanatoria, the capacity of which has been trebled in the last four years, but their nurses enter the homes of our people and help them to protect themselves against the spread of disease. Thousands of patients have been discharged from the sanatoria apparently cured, or with their disease arrested.

By establishing and maintaing quarantine in rural districts; supervising and assisting in the suppression of epidmics at the request of local authorities; cleaning up the premises and purifying the water supplies, the danger to the people from epidemics of contagious disease has been greatly reduced. Trained inspectors have policed watersheds and diverted many thousands of pollutions from streams. Sewage-disposal plants have been constructed to care for municipal sewage. Filtration plants are now furnishing filtered water to more than one-half of the population of the State.

The records of the Bureau of Vital Statistics show a decrease of almost 70 per cent. in the death rate from typhoid fever since the establishment of the Department of Health, and a decrease in the general death rate of nearly 14 per cent.

Under the provisions of the Board of Health Act of June 12, 1913, boards of health have been secured or reorganized in nearly every borough and first class township. These boards are constantly advised and assisted by the department.

By constant use of sane and practical methods, though at very considerable expense, owing to the lack of compulsory vaccination law, epidemics of smallpox have been prevented during a period when infection was persistently being carried into our State from outside sources.

Diphtheria antitoxin furnished free to the poor has saved more than 10,000 lives that would have been lost if this wonderful remedy could not have been readily obtained.

School inspection in fourth class districts, under the provisions of the School Code, has been a success. In 1911 two-thirds of the districts have rejected this inspection. During the present year it has been accepted by 90 per cent. of the same districts. Follow-up work for three years shows 75,000 cases where defects found by inspectors have been remedied by the parents after notice received from the Department of Health.

Through its educational features,—exhibits, lectures and publications,—the department has given the general public a better understanding of health laws and the value of fresh air, of sunlight and sanitary surroundings, and has greatly improved household conditions. Private and public corporations have instituted improved methods recommended by the department. Great industrial interests realize that money and effort expended for keeping their employes well is a good business investment.

Liberal appropriations should be continued for this laudable work. The department's general fund should be sufficiently increased to provide for the Bureau of Housing, and increased appropriations should be made for medical inspections of schools.

PURE FOOD.

Pennsylvania's pure food laws are probably the best in this country. They are enforced vigorously and efficiently. It is the dtuy of a State to see to it that measures are enacted for securing and maintaining a pure and wholesome food supply, to facilitate its distribution, to safeguard its quality, and to prohibit absolutely any and every adulteration in food and drink.

Duing this administration many pure food laws have been enacted. The law fixing standards of composition of milk and cream has resulted in a marked improvement in the quality of these important foods; the law requiring the denaturing of spoiled eggs has protected the consumer from the use in bakers' wares of these deleterious ingredients; and the cold storage law, which was intended to correct a serious abuse, has proven beneficial.

PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

Since the passage of the School Code in 1911 the State Board of Education and the Bureau of Vocational Education have been organized. The former has special charge of the erection of school buildings and the dissemination of educational information. It employs an architect to criticise plans of new school buildings, to suggest necessary changes and to harmonize new buildings with the requirements of the law. It is charged with the duty of acquiring by purchase the property of the State Normal Schools. The schools at West Chester, Einboro, California and Lock Haven have thus far been bought and are now entirely under the control of the State. The Act of 1913 makes the Board responsible also for the care and education of blind babies, and a beginning has been made along this line of beneficence.

The Bureau of Vocational Education has in twenty-eight counties organized and established schools with agricultural and vocational departments, introduced courses in domestic science and the household arts in many of the school districts, and supervised the establishment of schools for the education of miners, many of whom are not conversant with the English language. As soon as the workmen learn to read, write and understand English, and acquire some knowledge of ventilation and other mining problems, the number of accidents is diminished.

Worthy of mention are several benefactions to school districts. On October 13, 1914, Mr. M. S. Hershey presented to Derry Township, Dauphin County, a school building costing $120,000. The rooms are supplied with all the modern improvements. Mr. Charles Lytle Lamberton, born and educated in Carlisle, though a resident of New York at the time of his death, bequeathed over $200,000 for the establishment and maintenance in Carlisle of a public school for the education of pupils in "the industrial, mechanical, technical and scientific arts." William Harris Boyer, also of New York City, gave $30,000 for the purchase of grounds and the erection of a school building in the borough of Halifax.

In the growing centres of population the directors have difficulty in erecting school buildings rapidly enough to accommodate the school children. The system of public instruction is growing in efficiency and is attaining colossal proportions. School buildings with a valuation of more than $100,000,000, with 39,596 tachers in active service, and with 1,401,325 pupils enrolled, constitute an organization the magnitude of which it is difficult for the imagination to conceive. Its influence upon the future of our people makes it worthy of the most liberal support and the most vigilant care and supervision.

LABOR AND INDUSTRY.

The comprehensive law creating the Department of Labor and Industry enacted at the last session of the General Assembly, has been enforced fearlessly and honestly. It is the duty of this department to endeavor in every way to establish friendly relations between capital and labor in order that industrial disturbances may be prevented. The educational campaign for the dissemination of knowledge concerning "safety first" methods has been vigorously conducted, as probably 60 per cent. of industrial accidents are caused through lack of knowledge of safety appliances. Numerous industrial conferences have been held over the State, including two State-wide conferences in Harrisburg, which have already resulted in materially reducing the number of such accidents.

MINES.

Pennsylvania is the greatest coal producing territory in the world; producing in 1913, 264,592,623 tons. The State has enacted comprehensive legislation for the protection of those employed in this great industry. These laws are rigidly enforced and violators of their provisions are promptly punished. The bituminous mining code, enacted at the session of 1911, has already proved its worth in conserving the health of employes and by reducing the number of accidents in and about such mines. The number of inspectors in the bituminous region has been increased to 28 and in the anthracite region to 21.

In order that the greatest possible safety may be thrown about mining operations, the department has recommended the establishment of First Aid Corps and Rescue Corps at the various mines. The primary object of the First Aid and Rescue Work is to render quick service in times of emergency, and the effectiveness of the work has frequently been demonstrated. In the anthracite region there are now approximately 500 First Aid teams, comprising 3,000 men, and the number instructed in the work up to the present time is about 6,000. The number of Rescue Corps is over 100, comprising more than 700 men, and in this work about 3,000 men have received instructions. In the bituminous region there are more than 400 First Aid teams, comprising 2,000 men, and the number instructed in the work at the present time is about 3,000. The number of Rescue Corps is about 60, comprising 300 men, and in this work about 700 men have received instruction.

In all the mining districts encouragement is given to the various methods of education, such as night schools, mining institutes, and vocational schools.

WORKMEN'S COMPENSATION.

In my last message to the General Assembly, concerning the subject of a workmen's compensation law, referred to in the report of the Industrial Accidents Commission, I said:

"It is important in every civilized community, but is of peculiar importance in Pennsylvania, because of the pre-eminent position of our State in the industrial work of the world. The report deserves especial attention because of the fact that it comes from a commission made up of men who represent diverse interests, who have all given the subject thought and study before their appointment, and who, after many months of work, are unanimous in their conclusions. This unanimity in men of their character and standing speaks eloqently for the sincerity of their efforts and the fairness of their work. Furthermore, the constant publicity which the commission gave to its work, and the frequent hearings which it gave to all interests, show that it has been in clost touch with the general sentiment of the people of the State.

"In the appointment of the commissioners I did not consider, and in some cases did not know, the political views of the men appointed. It is my earnest hope that the matter will be dealt with by the Legislature in the same nonpartisan spirit.

"I strongly urge the enactment of the Workmen's Compensation Bill, and the other related bills included in the report of the commission, * * * * * and without delay, especially the bill regulating the employment of women and children."

I most emphatically reiterate what was then said and urge the prompt enactment of this legislation. One-half of the States of the Union now have laws of this kind upon their statue books; and in my opinion Pennsylvania the greatest industrial State of them all, should no longer hesitate, more particularly as every State surrounding and contiguous to Pennsylvania, with the exception of Delaware, has acted favorably upon this important subject. The General Assembly, having the experience of 24 States to draw from, is in a position to pass a bill that would be acceptable to employer and employe alike.

Duing the past few years there has been throughout the country a marked awakening along all lines pertaining to the care and welfare of the dependent, defeticve, and penal classes. To this call Pennsylvania has responded in a manner that should arouse the pride of every citizen.

During the past four years she has placed upon her statute books legislation looking to the betterment of undesirable conditions. Proposed drafts of statutes are being considered for submission to the General Assembly, covering practically every phase of the care, detention and reformation of the weak, defective, unfortunate and erring.

During this period increased accommodations for the insane have been provided at Farview and Rittersville and additional buildings have been erected at Polk and Spring City for the care of the weak-minded. In addition to the election of buildings to care for the constantly increasing number of these two classes of unfortunates, large sums of mony have been appropriated for the purpose of making them comfortable . The last session of the General Assembly provided for the erection of a Home for Inebriates, a Women's Reformatory, and a Home for Feeble-Minded Women.

The Juvenile Court Act has been extended, in order to make this already useful legislation more effective; and the powers of the Board of Public Charities have been so increased as to enable it to give better and closer direction and supervision over the important matters coming under its jurisdiction.

Many of the laws governing the care of the dependent delinquent, and penal clases were passed years ago, when conditions were entirely different from those existing today. Amendments were made from time to time as necessity seemed to require, until now, taking them together, there are hundreds of statutes relating to these different subjects. In my Message to the General Assembly of 1913 it was recommended that, in order to correct this condition, a commission be created to examine into these subjects and to report a comprehensive plan for their improvement. Accordingly, the commission was appointed, and will report the results of its deliberations and conclusions at an early date.

"Shall the helpless be cared for?" is no longer a debatable question— it must be done. Pennsylvania never hesitated a moment in answering the question, and she has answered it with a liberality which no other State can rival. During the past four years Pennsylvania has biven $11,000,000 for the sick, indigent, and helpless in private hospitals and homes; $1,169,000 to those in semi-state institutions,, which includes the blind and deaf; and $15,600,000 to State hospitals for the care and maintenance of the indigent, insane, weak-minded, and sick. This does not include over $5,000,000 given to the Department of Health for the care of those suffering from tuberculosis, and $5,500,000 for buildings to shelter them.

AGRICULTURE.

The great mining and manufacturing interests of this State have brought to the door of the Pennsylvania farmer a market unsurpassed for everything produced upon the farm.

Pennsylvania Department of Agriculture compares favorably with like departments in other States. This department exercises close supervision over the agricultural interests,—by extending agricultural knowledge, by educational work, and by protecting farmers and other citizens of the Commonwealth from possible fraud on the part of manufacturers and dealers in commercial fertilizers, commercial feeding stuffs, linseed oil and farm seeds. The Division of Farmers' Institutes carries its work into every county of the State, by holding Movable Schools of Agriculture and Farmers' Institutes, delivering lectures and giving object lessons and systematic instruction upon all subjects relating to successful farming, domestic science and the improvement of rural conditions generally. The number of persons receiving instruction in these Movable Schools and Farmers' Institutes has been increasing, reaching last year more than 208,000, the largest attendance in any year since the beginning of the work. Special instructors and demonstrators have gone through the State giving practical demonstrations in soil improvement, dairy and animal industry, poultry production, drainage, water-supply, vegetable and fruit growing, home sanitation, household economics, etc.

LIVESTOCK.

Notwithstanding the fact that the livestock of the State is valued at $180,000,000, we are compelled to depend upon the markets of other States for horses to do our work, and for cattle, sheep, swine, and poultry for our food supply. Pennsylvania should furnish a surplus in this line and be able to export rather than import animals and their valuable products; and, to this end, its institutions of learning and the various branches of the State Government are encouraging greater efforts in breeding and raising animals.

The wisdom of providing hygienic measures for controlling the transmissible diseases of animals has been demonstrated. Practically, without warning, aphthous fever, one of the most dreaded animal plagues of the old world, has been forced upon us. From the Chicago Stockyards, this disease was spread to sixteen States within a period of two weeks. The disease was introduced in its incubation stage to practically 500 herds in 25 counties in Pennsylvania. In many cases the herds were located and quarantined by State agents before the first symptoms of the disease had appeared. Our livestock interests have been disturbed extensively. Regulations, restrictions, and losses have fallen heavily on many. For the public good it has apeared necessary to destroy many valuable animals and much personal property. The Federal and State officers have promised to reimburse those that have been unfortunate in this respect, in so far as the laws and finances will permit. The expenses have necessarily been heavy and the funds provided by the last Legislature have been exhausted.

I therefore recommend that the General Assembly make prompt provision for the payment of bills already contracted and for the payment of expenses necessary to continue the work of exterminating the disease.

ECONOMIC ZOOLOGY.

The Division of Economic Zoology, to which has been assigned all special work concerning fruit production, is well organized, and the gratifying results accomplished by it have more than demonstrated its usefulness.

Original investigations are made for the purpose of discovering successful means for suppressing diseases and destroying insect pests to which fruit-trees and fruit-producing plants are subject. Some of the results obtained by reason of these studies are now being used, not only in this State, but by zoologists in other States and countries. Demonstration orchards have been established in every county in the State, making it possible for any citizen who is interested in fruit-growing to reach a model demonstration orchard in less than one-half day's travel from his home.

GOOD ROADS.

Your attention is called to the fact that on June 1, 1912, the State took over from the counties and townships of the Commonwealth certain existing public roads connecting county-seats, principal cities and towns, relieved the said townships and counties of authority over said roads, and assumed to improve, maintain, and repair the same as State highway routes, solely at the expense of the Commonweath. These routes approximated 9,000 miles in length.

That such a task was stupendous is apparent. Many of these roads were not much more than wagon paths having no drainage system, but marked by "water-breakers" and encroached upon by grass and shrubs.

In order that money might be provided in sufficient amount for the early completion of this comprehensive road improvement, an amendment of the Constitution of the Commonweath was proposed, and the question of authorizing the State to issue bonds to the amount of $50,000,000 for the improvement and rebuilding of the highways of Pennsylvania was submitted to the electors and failed of approval.

The work done has been limited to appropriation and funds totaly inadequate to properly repair and keep up the extensive highway system adopted by the Commonwealth. Broad, well-crowned, smooth dirt roads have, however, been substituted, as far as possible, for the old time, ill-kept paths of travel, and smooth, water-bound macadam roads have taken the place of some of the old, rough, stony turnpikes.

At the close of the season of 1914, there have been shaped and rebuilt approximately 6,300 miles of dirt roads, and there were reconstructed approximately 500 miles of macadam. Also, at the close of the current season's work, there were approximately 481 miles of new State highway construction work finished; divided into three classes: State highway routes, State-aid roads, and national roads. This mileage, in addition to the mileage of stone roads reconstructed by the Highway Deaprtment, shows a completed mileage equal to the entire State highway system of Massachusetts.

There is not a contracted piece of new State road that has been finally accepted and the bond released thereon which is not in first-class condition, and for which the cost of all overhead expenses, including engineering, inspection, administration, and the auditing accounts, has exceeded 7 per cent. of the cost of the work. Considering the area of the territory covered, the wide range of activities and attendant expenses, this overhead cost compares favorably with similar work elsewhere. In fact, the unit cost of any type of work performed by the State Highway Department, either by contract or by force account, will appear to the advantage of Pennsylvania when compared with almost any municipal or other State Government work.

The distinguishing feature of the Department's work during the past four years has been its comprehensive survey of the State Highways. On June 1, 1911, when the department was organized, there was found a complete absence of maps and surveys adequate for its purpose. The Commissioner was required, by law, to cause to be made a survey of all the roads in Pennsylvania; to compile statistics and collect information relative to the mileage, character, and condition of the roads; to make and keep for the Department a general highway plan of the State; and to publish and keep on sale, at cost, complete road surveys of each county in Pennsylvania. By June 1, 1912, the surveys and plans showing crossroads, towns, villages, turnpikes, toll-roads and bridges, grades, culverts and other important points, and data to complete the record of existing conditions, for practically every mile of all the State highway routes, aggregating 9,000 miles, had been made.

This was, without doubt, one of the most extensive continuous surveys ever undertaken and performed in a short time. The plans have been kept up to date, and, together with the other statistics collected and made by the Department, comprise a store of information necessary and adequate for future operations. No following administration need be handicapped for lack of this fundamental data.

INVENTORY OF WATER RESOURCES.

Susbsequent to my message of two years ago, calling attention to the expediency of taking an inventory of the water resources of the Commonwealth, in order that legislation might be enacted to provide for their conservation and utilization under proper State control in a manner which will best promote the interests of all the people of the State, the General Assembly directed the Water Supply Commission of Pennsylvania to make a complete inventory of all the water resources of the Commonwealth; to collect all pertinent information in connection therewith, and to classify, tabulate, record, and preserve the same; and, upon the basis thereof, to determine the points at which reservoirs may be constructed for the purpose of minimizing floods, of storing and conserving water for power, and other utilization and distribution of water and water power, of increasing the low water flow of streams for the purpose of navigation; and, generally, to devise all possible ways and means to conserve and develop the water supply and water resources of the Commonwealth for the use of the people

thereof. To this end the said Commission was directed to study and determine upon a public policy with regard to the marketing and equitable distribution of the water of the State; to the restoration, development, and improvement of transportation by water; to the supply of water for domestic and industrial use, and to the conservation of water resources by the aid of forestation.

The sum of $150,000 was appropriated for the purpose, but because of insufficient State revenue I was compelled to reduce the sum to $50,000. In consequence, the Commission will submit a partial report to the General Assembly of 1915. It will contain data concerning the condition and utilization of the streams. The inventory deals with water supplies; water power; lakes and ponds; descriptions of all named streams; floods; navigation; culm in the streams of the anthracite coal field; a study of the methods of flood relief in Turtle Creek Valley; purity; forestation, and fish.

The State would suffer if this work were to be abandoned. Better, by far, continue the work until a definite and comprehensive plan of State control and development of this remaining great resource is worked out.

PYMATUNING RESERVOIR.

The Pymatuning reservoir should be completed at an early date. It is a conspicuous example of the highest form of conservation and utilization of stream flow. There was appropriated to the Water Supply Commission the sum of $400,000, for the purchase of land and to build an extensive storage reservoir in Crawford County, on the headwaters of the Shenango River, to prevent flood damage and to afford ample water supply for municipal and industrial use in communities where shortage of water retards development. I was compelled to reduce the appropriation to $100,000.

STATE POLICY OF CONSERVATION AND DEVELOPMENT.

Considerations of public welfare dictate that the State shall assume more direct control of the economic development of its resources.

Industrial development is intimately connected with the abundance of fuel and cheap power; and while steam power used by manufacturing establishments has increased by leaps and bounds, yet the use of water power has declined.

Of all states in the Union, Pennsylvania ranks first in the production of coal, coke, iron and steel, cement, glass and leather, railroads cars and some manufactured articles. It holds second place in various products, including textiles and electrical machinery, and in tobacco manufacturing. To long maintain supremacy in these lines our natural resources must be conserved.

In no way is the waste of natural resources better illustrated than by coke manufacture in bee-hive ovens. Pennsylvania, in the year 1912, had 43,347 active bee-hive ovens, which produced but 587 short tons of coke per oven. For every 100 tons of bituminous coal used these ovens produced only 66 tons of coke. They destroyed 34 tons of every 100 tons. On the other hand, by-product ovens yield 73.8 tons of coke from 100 tons of coal, and they do more. They produce gas, tar, and ammonia as by-products. In the year 1912 the 1,442 by-product ovens in Pennsylvania produced 1,369 tons of coke per oven. Moreover, and this is the point of the matter, these 1,442 ovens produced approximately $2,300,000 worth of by-products in addition to 1,974,619 short tons of coke. The value of by-products was about four-tenths of the value of the by-product coke. If the coke made in bee-hive ovens in the year 1912 had been made in by-product ovens 4,077,763 tons of coal and about $37,500,000 worth of by-products would have been saved.

The effect of forest depletion upon the lumber industry is well known. Fortunately, timber is different from coal. Enough timber can be grown to meet the State's needs; but coal once burned is gone forever. Pennsylvania's investments in forest lands total a large sum of money.

Inasmuch as the total value of iron and steel produced annually in Pennsylvania is enormous, the State Government and all persons concerned with economic development should be interested in the delivery of iron ore to the great steel centers at the lowest possible cost. The railroad systems are excellent, but must expand to keep pace with the State's progress. The most important point where the transportation system needs strengthening is that between Lake Erie and the Ohio river, where approximately 50,000,000 tons of iron ore, coal, and coke move annually between the Lake and the Pittsburgh and Mahoning Valley districts. Pittsburgh's supremacy in the iron and steel trade is to be maintained only by cheap ore.

The Act approved June 27, 1913, provides for the construction, operation, and maintenance by the Commonwealth of a canal or water-way between Lake Erie and the Ohio river. The sum of $150,000 was appropriated to defray the expenses of the Canal Board in making the surveys and palns and preparing for construction. The 3 mills per ton-mile rate, including tolls, as estimated for this proposed waterway, looks attractive as compared with an existing rate of about 8 mills per ton-mile over railroads from Lake Erie to Pittsburgh.

If the proposed Lake Erie and Ohio River Canal should be found desirable by the inevstigation now ordered, it should receive support from Pennsylvania. Improvements in water terminal facilities in the Pittsburgh district, including better connection with the railroads, would be necessitated by the canal.

In the value of exports and imports of merchandise, Philadelphia, during the year 1913, ranked fifth among Atlantic and Gulf ports; but it ranked second in tonnage. Customs' duties in the year 1913 amounted to $18,875,000; in 1912, to $21,083,000. Contrast with this the total expenditures by the Federal, State and city governments in improving and maintaining the harbor of Philadelphia, from 1890 to 1914, amounting to ony $17,293,000. This sum does not include the cost of improving the Delaware River from Philadelphia to the sea, which, from 1836 to 1913, amounted to $17,-523,000.

The improvement of Philadelphia and Pittsburgh's water terminals is not a local matter. The whole State is interested. The vast improvements needed at these cities are matters of State, City and Federal co-operation.

Hand in hand with the physical improvements at the water terminals in Philadelphia and Pittsburgh should go co-operation between railroads, shipping interests and municipalities. Pro-rating, through bills of lading by water and rail, reasonable terminal charges, physical connections between railroads, wharves and warehouses, are all items of great importance coming under State regulation.

In addition, the Lehigh and Susquehanna valleys are vitally interested in securing ores cheaply from Cuba and Chile. Immediate improvement of the port of Philadelphia should be accompanied by a careful study of the possibility of transporting by water these ores to the very doors of the Lehigh and Susquehanna steel plants.

In certain populated districts the problems of water supply and drainage and sewage disposal call for State establishment of metropolitan districts, and State control and aid in initiating the improvements; but all these things which I have enumerated, and others as important, cannot be done and be paid for out of the State revenues, because the latter are insufficient. It would appear evident, then, that the necessities of the people will demand amendments to the Constitution of the Commonwealth for purposes of economic conservation and development, and I reccommend this to your careful consideration.

INSPECTION OF DAMS.

The legislation recommended by me, and enacted in 1913, provided stringent laws for the protection of life and property against insecure dams, and for the prevention of encroachments along, or obstructions in, streams. In actively enforcing this law the Water Supply Commission examined 258 existing dams, and when imperfections were found orders were issued for repairs. No new dams have been built without the approval of the plans therefor and inspection of the construction by the commission. The number of imperfections disclosed by these investigaitons indicates the wisdom and the necessity of State control of the design and construction of dams.

FORESTRY.

The State owns 1,001,226 acres of forest land, purchased at an average price of $2.25 per acre, from which a revenue of $89,406.44 was derived to December 1st, 1914. Six thousand miles of roads, trails, and fire lines have been built; the nurseries contain over 10,000,000 trees; 200 leases for permanent camp-sites have been approved; and during the current year temporary camp permits were issued to over 4,000 persons.

This department should be given sufficient appropriation to improve its forest fire-warden service and for the purchase of additional forest lands, and should be permitted to furnish trees without cost to municipalities for all kinds of municipal planting.

Worthy of mention is the gift to the State of Childs Park, in Pike County, by Mrs. Emma B. Childs, in honor of her late husband, Mr. George W. Childs, of Philadelphia.

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION.

The Public Service Company law, created by an Act of Assembly, approved July 26, 1913, is one of the utmost importance to the people of Pennsylvania, and to those corporations serving the people which are defined as public utilities. This law puts the ultimate control of public service companies, with respect to services, facilities and rates, in a commission selected under the authority of the State. Up to the time of the passage of the Act, this control was vested in the boards of directors of these corporations, subject only to such redress upon the part of the public, as could be secured by suits in the courts, and was often exercised without regard to any interests save those of the corporations which the directors represented. During the short period of a year and a half since the enactment of the law, it has proven to be of great benefit to the people. Not only have they come to the Commission with confidence to present their complaints concerning excessive rates, grade crossings and similar matters of importance, but the very fact that there exists such an impartial tribunal, with authority, promptly, and inexpensively to determine disputes, has led to care and self-restraint upon the part of the corporations.

Many cases of far-reaching importance have already been disposed of by the Commission. In one instance, the supply of heat of a borough was turned off as winter approached. The hearing before the Commission was ended at 8 P. M., an opinion was written during the night, and at 10 A. M. the next morning an order was issued requiring the supply to be restored. The whole system of telephone rates throughout the State is under consideration, and the rates upon the transportation of anthracite coal to Philadelphia have been materially reduced. The right of some of the industrial roads to participate in through rates was determined although the Interstate Commerce Commission had decided otherwise.

Between January 1, 1914, and June 30, 1914, 58 grade crossings were abolished and 4 under grade and 7 overhead crossings were established.

Three hundred and ninety-five cases were transferred to the Commission at the time of the expiration of the Pennsylvania State Railroad Commission, and most of these have since been determined. It is an indication of the usefulness of the Commission that in addition to these, between July 26, 1913, and June 30, 1914, 254 cases, some of them raising questions of gravest consequences have been brought before the Commission. One hundred and fifty-three applications for certificates of public convenience with respect to contracts between municipalities and public utility corporations, have been filed and 98 of them have been approved.

Since the work of the Commission is rapidly enlarging both as to the number and importance of the matters brought before them for determination, and since the vast number of tariffs over which they have supervision are filed with them and require to be provided for and analyzed, additional space and facilities ought to be furnished by the Commonwealth.

ATTORNEY GENERAL.

The Attorney General's Department has rendered valuable services to the Commonwealth, not only in advising the many departments of the State upon questions of law concerning the powers, jurisdiction and administration of the several departments, but has carried to successful determination much important litigation in the interests of the Commonwealth.

Quite a number of Acts of Assembly, involving the administration of the various departments of the State Government, were from time to time attacked as unconstitutional, and it became the duty of this Department to meet those attacks, which it did successfully.

The Department argued with success in the Supreme Court of the United States the case raising the constitutionality of the statute prohibiting foreign-born aliens from owning shotguns and rifles, involving important questions as to the police power of the State and the construction of international treaties; and, in the same court, the Department sustained the validity under the State and Federal Constitutions of a very important provision of the anthracite mine code, requiring in the interest and protection of the miners the leaving of barrier pillars between adjoining mines; also the case involving the constitutionality of the Pure Food Law of 1909, which is the principal act under which the Dairy and Food Department operates. The constitutionality of the Full Crew Law, and of various provisions of the taxing laws, have also been upheld in the highest courts of the State, and the act regulating private bankers, and several other important departmental laws, have been sustained in the lower courts.

In addition to this class of important cases, this Department has been successful in obtaining judgments from the courts concerning corporate taxes, which resulted in increasing the State revenues by several millions. In one important case alone, after twelve years of litigation, nearly $750,000 was collected from one company.

CODIFICATION OF LAWS.

The Legislative Reference Bureau, at the session of 1913, was directed by the General Assembly to make examination of the general statute laws of the State and to prepare a list of obsolete statutes and statutes whereon some doubt exists whether they have been repealed by the general repealing clauses in subsequent acts. Accordingly a bill has been prepared, reciting by title and repealing upwards of five hundred laws. The bureau was also directed to prepare compilations and codes, by topics, of the existing general laws, and to report to the General Assembly in 1915 such codes as have been prepared. The bureau has codified and compiled the general laws of Pennsylvania relating to taxation in all its phases, State and local, relative to business corporations (except railroads, canals, banking, and insurance, which will be codified separately), and to boroughs.

Even if the codes mentioned above should not become laws, the amount expended on this work is justified by the results shown.

BANKING.

There were 439 banks, trust companies, and savings-fund institutions doing business in Pennsylvania at the close of the year 1910. This number has grown to 487; the resources have increased from $1,069,486,356.35 to $1,978,644,951.78; the deposits have grown from $747,515,554.36 to $923,294,436.82; and the number of depositors from 1,744,049 to 2,315,321.

Building associations in this State at the close of 1910 numbered 1,550, and now number 1,793. The resources have increased from $181,302,088.27 to $233,564,455.60, in January, 1914; making the total resources of all incorporated financial institutions in the State, for 1914, about $1,700,000,000.

It is to be regretted that the Legislature has not yet deemed it necessary to enact measures similar to those in use by the National Government and many of the States for a more expeditious and inexpensive method of winding up the affairs of insolvent financial corporations.

Legislation should be enacted requiring all individuals engaged in private banking to take out a license, and the provision in the present law exempting certain private bankers should be repealed. They should not be permitted to receive deposits upon the credit of individuals, unless subject to the examination and scrutiny of the Banking Department, in order that such deposits may have the greatest possible measure of security.

INSURANCE.

Realizing that there were but two States in the Union where more capital was invested in insurance enterprises, and but one State wherein the volume of business transacted was greater than in Pennsylvania, the General Assembly of 1911 enacted comprehensive legislation reorganizing the Insurance Department and extending its jurisdiction until today the insurance laws of this State compare favorably with those of any other State.

Policies of life insurance and health and accident contracts have been so standardized that beneficiaries can readily understand what protection they or their families will receive in the event of misfortune.

The liquidation of insolvent institutions had been a source of dissatisfaction on account of the delay and excessive cost of administration. The act of 1911 authorizing the Commissioner to liquidate insolvent companies has proved beneficial. Some twenty-five companies and associations have already been wound up, or are in progress of liquidation, with a minimum cost and no unusual delay.

Little additional legislation is required; but a standard fire policy should be adopted, authority should be given the Commissioner to examine and supervise rate-making associations, and provision be made for the licensing of fire insurance adjusters.

NATIONAL GUARD.

The National Guard has maintained its efficiency. It is composed of about 11,000 young men of the State and is competently officered. I visited the several encampments, and was impressed with the interest manifested by the officers and men. The training and discipline of this organization teaches respect for law and authority and prepares the young men to understand and accept responsibility. The citizen-soldier is the nation's reliance for the defence of her institutions, and Pennsylvania should be prepared to do her part by having a strong force of trained and disciplined men. The General Assembly should give thoughtful consideration to the needs of the National Guard.

STATE ARMORY BOARD.

The work accomplished by the Armory Board, created to provide armories for the National Guard, is commended. The appropriations made by the General Assembly, from time to time, to this Board aggregate $1,250,000. Armories have been erected or acquired throughout the State, representing a value of $2,050,000, or $800,000 in excess of the money appropriated by the State.

STATE POLICE.

The Department of State Police, created in 1905, consisting of four troops of 2 officers and 55 men each, with barracks and stables at Wyoming, Pottsville, Greensburg, and Butler, has rendered valuable service to the Commonwealth.

In the eight years ending December 31, 1913, the members of the force covered 3,367,198 miles and made over 45,000 arrests. During this time the Department received thousands of requests for assistance from all parts of the State.

Four thousand one hundred forty-six requests were received last year from district attorneys, sheriffs, judges, chiefs of police, etc. Less than 25 per cent. of these requests could be complied with, owing to the limited number of men on the force.

Among the arrests made from January, 1906, to January, 1914, were:

369 for murder.
102 for highway robbery.
441 for gambling.
371 for burglary.
57 for horse stealing.
774 for violations of fish and game laws.
121 for keeping bawdy-houses.
145 for rape.
227 for robbery.
490 for violation of the liquor laws.
125 for receiving stolen goods.

But a small percentage of these arrests could have been made by the local authorities, as practically all of them were for crimes committed in small towns or in rural districts where they have no adequate police protection.

Substations, of 3 men each, are established each year in 30 or 40 different counties, giving protection to localities that have no local police; but, owing to the limited amount of money appropriated for this purpose, these substations can only be maintained for two or three months, whereas they should be permanent so that these isolated localities could have the much needed protection all the year.

The necessity for an increase in the number of men and an adequate appropriation to distribute them to the best advantage throughout the State, is proven by the thousands of requests for assistance that are received yearly from State and county officials, with the majority of which the Department is unable to comply.

FIFTIETH ANNIVERSARY OF THE BATTLE OF GETTYSBURG.

The act of May 13, 1909, provided for the appointment of a commission of nine persons to arrange for the proper observance at Gettysburg of the fiftieth anniversary of the battle at that place, and to invite the co-operation of other States and of the United States, and make an appropriation of $5,000. The act of June 14, 1911, increased this appropriation to $50,000.

The act of April 17, 1913, provided for the transportation to and from Gettysburg of every surviving Pennsylvania soldier who participated in the battle, and set apart $165,000 for this object. The Congress of the United States directed the Secretary of War to create and maintain a great camp of visiting veterans during the celebration, on condition that Pennsylvania should bear half the expense, and by act of April 17, 1913, the State appropriated $195,000 for the purpose.

The event proved to be a great success and in every way worthy of the Commonwealth. For the first time since the close of the Civil War there was a general reunion of the veterans of the Union and Confederate armies, both of which were represented by large numbers, and the celebration did much to create good feeling all over the country. The President of the United States and the Secretary of War made addresses. The Governors of many of the States and other distinguished guests participated.

The members of this commission are entitled to the thanks of all the people of Pennsylvania.

TRANSFER OF FLAGS.

The commission created under the provisions of a joint resolution of the General Assembly approved June 5, 1913, authorized to arrange and supervise the transfer, from the Library and Museum Building to the cases in the rotunda of the Capitol, of the flags of Pennsylvania commands of the War for the Suppression of the Rebellion and the Spanish-American War, and other flags of historic value, on June 15, 1914, transferred these flags with patriotic and most impressive ceremonies, participated in by a portion of the National Guard, Grand Army of the Republic, and patriotic societies. These flags, the most precious jewels of the Commonwealth, representing as they do the valor of Pennsylvania's sons, are now cared for in a better and more appropriate manner than ever before.

PUBLIC PRINTING AND BINDING.

Under legislation enacted at the last session of the General Assembly the distribution of public documents is now performed in a businesslike way. The creation of the Division for the Distribution of Public Documents will result in a discontinuance of the wasteful method that existed prior to its establishment. The editions of certain reports can be greatly reduced, and it is suggested that legislation be enacted with that end in view, in order that it may be in force when the next contract for printing is awarded in 1917.

Attention is called to the expense of printing pink bills used by the Legislature. The cost of printing these bills for the session of 1913 was $42,843.35. Unless this printing be essential to the proper administration of the business of the General Assembly, they should be discontinued; at any event, the number of these bills should be very much reduced, as a large portion of the waste paper sold by the Superintendent of Public Grounds and Buildings represents a surplus of these bills.

Acts of Assembly authorizing special publications should contain an item appropriating the money necessary to cover the cost of printing, binding, etc., thus enabling the legislators to arrive at some reasonable estimate of the cost of such publications.

CAPITOL PARK.

The Capitol Park Commission, created by the Act of June 16, 1911, has conducted its affiairs in a thoroughly businesslike way, and its members are entitled to the highest praise. The number of properties in the proposed park area aggregate 537, of which 415 have already been purchased by the commission, and negotiations are now under way for the purchase of the remaining 122. The transaction of the rapidly increasing business of the various departments of the State Government makes necessary the acquisition of this area.

PANAMA-PACIFIC EXPOSITION.

The Panama-Pacific Exposition Commission, appointed under the provisions of a joint resolution of the General Assembly approved June 14, 1911, has completed the erection of a building for the participation of the State of Pennsylvania in the Panama-Pacific International Exposition, to be held in San Francisco, Cal., in 1915, to celebrate the completion and opening of the Panama Canal and the Four Hundredth Anniversary of the Discovery of the Pacific Ocean. This building is now being made ready for occupancy and use, and will, it is believed, fittingly represent Pennsylvania at this great international exhibition.

SECRETARY OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS.

Attention was called at the last session of the General Assembly to the fact that the maintenance of the office of Secretary of Internal Affairs, because of the creation of the Public Service Commission and the Department of Labor and Industry, would serve only to produce conflict of authority, duplication of work, and unnecessary expenditure of public moneys. The result was the passage of a resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth for the abolishment of this office, and transferring the powers exercised by it to the Public Service Commission, the Department of Labor and Industry, and the Forestry Department. I recommend that this proposed constitutional amendment, which comes before you for action at this session, should have your early attention, in order that the subject may be submitted to the people for ratification.

WOMAN SUFFRAGE.

The last session of the General Assembly passed a resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth to determine whether or not women shall have the right of suffrage in Pennsylvania. I recommend that this resolution, which comes before you for action at this session, shall receive such attention, as will enable the subject to be submitted to the voters for their determination.

SENATORIAL AND REPRESENTATIVE APPORTIONMENT.

Attention is called to Article II, Section 18, of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, which provides that the State shall be apportioned into senatorial and representative districts immediately after each United States decennial census.

THE NEW PENITENTIARY.

The very best thought has been given to the erection and organization of Pennsylvania's new western Penitentiary, near Bellefonte, which when completed will house a great portion of the State's convict population. An opportunity will be afforded its prisoners to work in the open, and to live and sleep in sanitary surroundings, to the end that they may be reformed and their shattered physical constitutions repaired. This institution is attracting nation-wide attention.

DEPARTMENT REPORTS.

The details of the work of the several departments and commissions of the State Government to which no special reference is made, will be found in the respective reports. I recommend that the suggestions found therein have your careful consideration.

REPORTS OF COMMISSIONS.

The Building Code Commission, created under the provisions of Joint Resolution of June 14, 1911; the Industrial Accidents Commission, created under the provisions of the Act of June 27, 1913; the Commission to Investigate Laws Relating to Recording of Deeds and Mortgages, created by Concurrent Resolution of May 12, 1911; the Economy and Efficiency Commission, created under the provisions of Joint Resolution of July 25, 1913; the Suburban Metropolitan Planning Commission, created under the provisions of the Act of May 23, 1913; the Lake Erie and Ohio River Canal Board of Pennsylvania, created under the provisions of the Act of June 27, 1913; the Engineers' Commission, created under the provisions of the Act of July 25, 1913; the Commission to Provide for Co-operation with the United States Bureau of Mines in the establishment in this State of a Mining Experiment Station, created under the provisions of the Act of July 25, 1913; the Joint Committee to Investigate Workings of Civil Service Laws in Cities of the First Class, created under the provisions of Concurrent Resolution of June 19, 1913; the Commission to Investigate all Matters Pertaining to Cold Storage, created under the provisions of Concurrent Resolution of June 19, 1913; the State Dependents Commission, created under the provisions of Joint Resolution of July 25, 1913; the Commission to Consider Revision and Amendment of the Penal Laws of the State, so as to Provide for the Employment of all inmates of all Penal Institutions, created under the provisions of the Act of July 25, 1913; the Joint Legislative Commission to Investigate Objects, Methods and Practices of the various Combinations of Fire Insurance Companies, created under the provisions of Joint Resolution of June 27, 1913; the Building Commission for a State Industrial Home for Women, created under the provisions of the Act of July 25, 1913; the Commission to Provide for Selection of a Site and the Erection of a State Institution for Inebriates, created under the provisions of the Act of July 25, 1913; the Board of Managers to Provide for the Establishment of State Village for Feeble-Minded Women, created under the provisions of the Act of July 25, 1913; the Commission to Examine and to Provide for Transfer, under Certain Conditions, to the Commonwealth, of the Pennsylvania Oral School for the Deaf, at Scranton, created under the provisions of the Act of May 8, 1913; the Commission to Provide for Joint Acquisition and Maintenance by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, and the State of New Jersey of Certian Toll-Bridges over the Delaware River, created under the provisions of the Act of July 25, 1913; the Austin Dam Commission, created under the provisions of the Act of July 25, 1913; the Commission to Examine into Condition of Susquehanna Canal, created under the provisions of Joint Resolution of July 25, 1913; the Chestnut Tree Blight Commission, created under the provisions of the Act of June 14, 1911; the Commission to Investigate European System of Rural Credits, created under the provisions of the Act of July 25, 1913; the Pennsylvania Historical Commission, created under the provisions of the Act of July 25, 1913; the Commission for the Compilation and Publication of the Statutes-at-Large of Pennsylvania, created under the provisions of the Act of July 25, 1913; the Commission for the Promotion of Uniformity of Legislation in the United States, created under the provisions of the Act of May 23, 1901; the Commission to Supervise the Transfer from the Library and Museum Building to the Cases in Rotunda of the Capitol Building of Certain Flags of Pennsylvania Commands, created under the provisions of Joint Resolution of June 5, 1913; the Panama-Pacific International Exposition Commission, created under the provisions of Joint Resolution of June 14, 1911; and the Capitol Park Extension Commission, created under the provisions of the Act of June 16, 1911—will submit reports to the General Assembly relative to the performance of certain duties and make recommendations based upon investigations authorized by legislative enactment. These reports and the recommendations made by the several commissions are worthy of your careful consideration.

We, in Pennsylvania, have every right to be proud of our State and her achievements. No State has better laws, and in no other State are the laws better administered and more vigorously enforced.

In conclusion, permit me to say that the people throughout the nation, generally speaking, are suffering from a surfeit of laws, rather than from too few. I, therefore, bespeak for my successor your earnest co-operation and as-

sistance in enacting only such laws as are necessary and will prove for the benefit of all the people of the Commonwealth.

I am, with great respect,

Very truly yours,

JOHN K. TENER.

COMMUNICATIONS FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Chair laid before the House communications from his Excellency, the Governor, which were read as follows:

ACTS APPROVED AFTER ADJOURNMENT OF LEGISLATURE OF 1913.

Report of his Excellency, the Governor, of the Acts of Assembly passed during the session of 1913, and approved and signed by him within thirty days after the final adjournment of the Legislature on the 27th day of June, A. D. 1913.

(For acts see Appendix.)

REASONS FOR PARDONS AND COMMUTATIONS.

January 5, 1915.

To the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Gentlemen: In conformity with law I have the honor herewith to prescribe the reasons for pardons granted by the Executive from January 1st, 1913, to January 1st, 1915.

Very respectfully,

JOHN K. TENER.

(For reasons see Appendix.)

APPOINTMENT OF HOUSE INAUGURAL COMMITTEE.

The SPEAKER. As provided in the resolution of the Senate, concurred in by the House, the Speaker appoints the following gentlemen to serve on the Inaugural Committee: Messrs. E. E. Jones, Cox, Steedle, Wildman, Hess, Whitaker, Flynn, Shaffer and Body.

RECESS.

The SPEAKER. If there are no objections, the House will take a recess until 3:15 P .M.

AFTER RECESS.

The House reconvened at 3:15 o'clock.
Speaker Ambler in the Chair.

SENATE MESSAGE.

Clerk of the Senate being introduced, presented an extract from the Journal of the Senate, as follows:

JOINT COMMITTEE TO CONFER WITH THE GOVERNOR-ELECT.

In the Senate, January 5th, 1915.

Resolved, (if the House of Representatives concur), That the President pro tempore of the Senate appoint a committee of three Senators to join with a similar committee of the House of Representatives (if the House of Representatives shall appoint such committee), who, together with the President pro tempore of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives, shall constitute a committee to confer with Honorable Martin G. Brumbaugh, Governor-elect, as to the introduction of bills advocated in the Republican State Platform and the Platform of the said Honorable Martin G. Brumbaugh.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Said Resolution was twice read, considered and concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

The SPEAKER. In accordance with said resolution Messrs. W. H. Wilson, Henry I. Wilson and Williams are appointed the Committee on the part of the House.

COMMITTEE TO ESCORT SENATE.

Mr. RONEY. Mr. Speaker, I move that the Chair appoint a Committee of two to escort the members of the Senate to the Hall of the House to receive and witness the opening and counting of the vote for Governor, Lieutenant-Governor and Secretary of Internal Affairs, as agreed upon and provided for in joint resolution of January 3, 1911.

Mr. COX. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The SPEAKER. The Chair appoints Messrs. Roney and Woodward as said Committee to escort the Senate to the Hall of the House in accordance with the motion just adopted.

The House will await the arrival of the Senate.

SENATE RECEIVED BY HOUSE TO COUNT VOTE FOR STATE OFFICERS.

The Sergeant-at-Arms announced the return to the Hall, of the Committee appointed on the part of the House to escort the Senate to the Hall of the House.

Mr. RONEY. Mr. Speaker, the Committee appointed to wait on the Senate and invite to the Hall of this House for the purpose of opening, counting and publishing the official returns of the vote cast on the third day of November, 1914, for Governor, Lieutenant-Governor and Secretary of Internal Affairs, begs leave to announce that it has performed that duty and that the President pro tempore and members of the Senate are now present.

The SPEAKER. The time having arrived for the joint session of the Senate and House, the Chair will postpone the business of this House until the business of the joint session is completed.

After some time the President pro tempore of the Senate and the Senate having returned to their chamber, the House resumed its business, the Speaker in the Chair.

TELLERS' REPORT OF PROCEEDINGS OF JOINT SESSION OF SENATE AND HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES FOR THE OPENING, COUNTING AND PUBLISHING OF VOTE FOR GOVERNOR, LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR AND SECRETARY OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS.

Mr. WALTON, teller on the part of the House, made a report which was read as follows:

The President pro tempore of the Senate and the Speaker of the House having taken the Chair and Mr. Graff, the teller on the part of the Senate and Mr. Walton, teller on the part of the House, having taken their respective places the Honorable Clarence J. Buckman, Acting President pro tempore of the Senate addressed the Joint Convention as follows:

By the provisions of the Constitution it becomes the duty of the President of the Senate to open and publish, in the presence of the members of both Houses, the official returns of the election for Governor, Lieutenant-Governor and Secretary of Internal Affairs, held on the third day of November, 1915 in the city of Philadelphia and the several counties of the Commonwealth. I now proceed to perform that duty. The election returns will be read by the clerks and the results recorded by the tellers.

The said returns were accordingly opened and read by the clerks of the respective houses as follows:

(For tables showing returns, see to-day's Senate proceedings).

Whereupon, The Acting President pro tempore announced that Martin G. Brumbaugh, having received the highest number of votes was duly elected Governor for the term of four years from the third Tuesday of January, A. D. 1915 and that Frank B. McClain, having received the highest number of votes was duly elected Lieutenant-Governor for the term of four years from the third Tuesday of January, A. D. 1915 and that Henry Houck, having received the highest number of votes was duly elected Secretary of Internal Affairs for the term of four years from the first Tuesday of May, 1915.

Mr. WALTON then read the following three certificates which were ordered spread on the Journal of the House:

We, the President of the Senate and Speaker of the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, do certify that the President of the Senate did, on the fifth day of January, A. D. one thousand nine hundred and fifteen, in the Hall of the House of Representatives at the State Capitol, open the returns of the election for Governor of this Commonwealth, and publish the same in the presence of both Houses of the Legislature, conformably to the provisions of the Constitution and laws of said Commonwealth, and upon counting the votes by a teller appointed on the part of each House, it appeared that Martin G. Brumbaugh had the highest number of votes; whereupon the said Martin G. Brumbaugh was declared to have been duly elected Governor of the Commonwealth.

In testimony whereof, we have hereunto set our hands and affixed our seals the day and year above written.

CHARLES H. KLINE,
President pro tempore of the Senate.

CHAS. A. AMBLER,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.

J. FRANK GRAFF,
Teller on the part of the Senate.

WILLIAM D. WALTON,
Teller on the part of the House of Representatives.

We, the President of the Senate and Speaker of the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, do certify that the President of the Senate did, on the fifth day of January, A. D. one thousand nine hundred and fifteen, in the Hall of the House of Representatives at the State Capitol, open the returns of the election for Lieutenant-Governor of this Commonwealth and publish the same in the presence of both Houses of the Legislature, conformably to the provisions of the Constitution and laws of said Commonwealth, and upon counting the votes by a teller appointed on the part of each House, it appeared that Frank B. McClain had the highest number of votes; whereupon the said Frank B. McClain was declared to have been duly elected Lieutenant-Governor of the Commonwealth.

In testimony whereof, we have hereunto set our hands and affixed our seals the day and year above written.

CHARLES H. KLINE,
President pro tempore of the Senate.

CHAS. A. AMBLER,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.

J. FRANK GRAFF,
Teller on the part of the Senate.

WILLIAM D. WALTON,
Teller on the part of the House of Representatives.

We, the President of the Senate and Speaker of the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, do certify that the President of the Senate did, on the fifth day of January, A. D. one thousand nine hundred and fifteen, in the Hall of the House of Representatives at the State Capitol, open the returns of the election for Secretary of Internal Affairs of this Commonwealth, and publish the same in the presence of both Houses of the Legislature, conformably to the provisions of the Constitution and laws of said Commonwealth, and upon counting the votes by a teller appointed on the part of each House, it appeared that Henry Houck had the highest number of votes; whereupon the said Henry Houck was declared to have been duly elected Secretary of Internal Affairs of the Commonwealth.

In testimony whereof, we have hereunto set our hands and affixed our seals the day and year above written.

CHARLES H. KLINE,
President pro tempore of the Senate.

CHAS. A. AMBLER,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.

J. FRANK GRAFF,
Teller on the part of the Senate.

WILLIAM D. WALTON,
Teller on the part of the House of Representatives.

Mr. RONEY. Mr .Speaker,

The SPEAKER. The gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Roney.

Mr. RONEY. I respectfully inquire is the desk cleared of all business?

The SPEAKER. It is.

Mr. RONEY. Then, Mr. Speaker, I move that the House do now adojurn.

The motion was agreed to and (at 4:30 P. M.) the House adjourned until Monday, January 18th at 9:00 o'clock P. M.

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA.

Legislative Journal.

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VOL. 3. HARRISBURG, PA., MONDAY, JANUARY 18, 1915 No. 2.

SENATE.

MONDAY, January 18, 1915.

The Senate met at 9 o'clock P. M.

The PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE (Charles H. Kline) in the Chair.

PRAYER.

The Chaplain, Rev. A. C. James, offered the following prayer:

In the beginning was the Word, and the Word was with God, and the Word was God. All things were made by Him, and without Him was not anything made that was made. Thy faithfulness, O Lord, reacheth unto the clouds. Day unto Day uttereth speech; night unto night showeth knowledge. Thou art the Ruler of eternal destinies. Thy scepter is one of omnipotence. Thy kingdom is from everlasting to everlasting. We are subjects bowing before the throne of mercy. Extend to us the scepter of divine grace. Let Thy kingdom be in our hearts. In this hour of the world's crisis be Thou the Great Counsellor in the council chambers of the nations of the earth; be Thou the strong support of the chief executive of these United States, and of those associated with him in power. Be Thou the constant guide of those who represent this Commonwealth in the national Congress. Be with him who looks back upon the past days of administration; who stands within the last hour of his administrative service. Be Thou with him who has been called by the people to take up the responsibility of public office. We pray for him who would preside at this session of this body, but who is now upon a bed of illness. Be Thou the Great Physician. May Thy ministering angel hover about his bedside. The Lord bless thee and keep thee; the Lord make His face to shine upon thee, and be gracious unto thee; the Lord lift up His countenance upon thee and give thee peace. Amen.

The PRESIDENT. A quorum of the Senate being present the Clerk will read the Journal of the preceding session.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of the preceding session, when, on motion of Mr. Homsher, the further reading was dispensed with, and the Journal was approved.

RECESS.

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now take a recess until 10 o'clock, so as to receive communications from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which should be acted upon to-night.

Mr. VARE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

AFTER RECESS.

The PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE. The time of recess having elapsed the Senate will be in order.

COMMUNICATIONS FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Clerk to the Governor being introduced presented communications in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which were read as follows:

JUSTICES OF THE PEACE.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, January 18, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons to be Justices of the Peace, to serve until the first Monday in January, 1915:

J. H. Swisher, Borough of Shickshinny, County of Luzerne, vice Albert Smith, resigned.

Walter S. Kenney, Township of Muhlenberg, County of Berks, vice Wilson G. Sarig, resigned.

Abram Houser, Township of Benner, County of Centre, vice N. H. Krape, declined.

H. G. Coen, Township of Gilmore, County of Greene.

JOHN K. TENER.

ALDERMAN.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, January 18, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, Harry W. Nair, to be Alderman in and for the Fourth Ward of the City of Beaver Falls, County of Beaver, to serve until the first Monday in January, 1916, vice J. H. Shuster, deceased.

JOHN K. TENER.

MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF INSPECTORS OF THE WESTERN PENITENTIARY OF PENNSYLVANIA.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, January 18, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons to be Members of the Board of Inspectors of the Western Penitentiary of Pennsylvania, to serve until June 1, 1917:

Irvin K. Campbell, Pittsburgh.
David Hunter, Jr., Pittsburgh.

JOHN K. TENER.

CLERK OF THE COURTS OF QUARTER SESSIONS AND OYER AND TERMINER OF ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, January 18, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, William R. Bailey, of Pittsburgh, to be Clerk of the Courts of Quarter Sessions and Oyer and Terminer of Allegheny County, to serve until the first Monday of January, 1916, vice W. H. Coleman, resigned.

JOHN K. TENER.

NOTARIES PUBLIC.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, January 18, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons to be Notaries Public for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, for the term of four years, to compute from the date of their confirmation:

ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

Miss Margaret R. Holliday, Pittsburgh.
James P. Montgomery, Pittsburgh.
Joseph N. Patton, Pittsburgh.
W. A. Heckman, Pittsburgh.
Fred C. Boil, Pittsburgh.
Chas. A. Looke, Pittsburgh.
Charles Bernhard, Pittsburgh.
George B. Matthews, Pittsburgh.
Jno. J. McKenna, Pittsburgh.
John T. Ayres, Pittsburgh.

Harry E. Beyer, Pittsburgh.
Clarence F. Hilty, Pittsburgh.
Max H. Srolovitz, Pittsburgh.
Robert A. Scott, Pittsburgh.
J. Garfield Houston, Pittsburgh.
Miss A. S. Harrold, Pittsburgh.
W. J. McGuigan, Pittsburgh.
A. H. Kaufman, Pittsburgh.
Wm. A. Johnston, Pittsburgh.
Wm. L. Callahan, Braddock.
Miss Laura E. Forree, McKeesport.
M. L. Kock, Pitcairn.

BERKS COUNTY.

Milton H. Brendlinger, Topton.

BLAIR COUNTY.

Miss Sara E. Hess, Williamsburg.

BRADFORD COUNTY.

Geo. E. Billings, LeRaysville.

BUCKS COUNTY.

Mrs. Minnie M. Apple, Quakertown.

CAMBRIA COUNTY.

Miss Clara M. Staehr, Johnstown.
James Mellon, Patton.

CLEARFIELD COUNTY.

H. A. Moore, DuBois.

DAUPHIN COUNTY.

A. W. Swengel, Harrisburg.

DELAWARE COUNTY.

William S. Atchison, Sharon Hill.
Frank E. DeFuria, Chester.

ERIE COUNTY.

J. H. Waddington, Millcreek Township.
Miss Nellie E. Riley, Erie.
William G. Seabrook, Millcreek Township.
Robert Little, Millcreek Township.

FAYETTE COUNTY.

Lloyd J. Shaw, Connellsville.
Joseph Halporn, Franklin Township.

FRANKLIN COUNTY.

Miss Lydia M. Kump, Chambersburg.

GREENE COUNTY.

E. D. Patterson, Waynesburg.

LACKAWANNA COUNTY.

Frank Branton, Scranton.
Irwin F. Price, Scranton.
Eugene Diehl, Scranton.

LANCASTER COUNTY.

Miss Ida Almeda Whitteker, Lancaster.
Owen P. Bricker, Lancaster.
Christian G. Engle, Lancaster.
J. Allison Harrar, Christiana.
F. P. D. Miller, Columbia.
Irwin B. Lutz, Denver.

LUZERNE COUNTY.

William Norton, Dallas.
W. C. Carrozza, West Pittston.

McKEAN COUNTY.

John N. Apple, Smethport.
N. B. Parker, Bradford.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY.

Miss Nina S. Ritter, Norristown.
Leon Kohl, Norristown.
Wm. B. Dunlap, Whitemarsh Township.
Eugene W. Schell, Pennsburg.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY.

Abraham Garbeil, Philadelphia.
John Carbary, Philadelphia.
F. William Fink, Philadelphia.
W. A. Gray, Philadelphia.
Louis H. Hollis, Philadelphia.
Thos. F. McTear, Philadelphia.
Lewis Thomas, Philadelphia.
Solomon Meisach, Philadelphia.
Nicholas A. Zehren, Philadelphia.
Miss Williametta Wallace, Philadelphia.
Hamilton D. Turner, Philadelphia.
Charles H. Long, Philadelphia.
Stanley W. Bruce, Philadelphia.
Wm. W. Bacon, Philadelphia.
J. Wylie Macallister, Philadelphia.
Daniel J. Connelly, Philadelphia.
Frank J. Berg, Philadelphia.
Aaron Imber, Philadelphia.
Ferdinand D. Fleming, Philadelphia.
George H. Walton, Philadelphia.
Russell Moritz, Philadelphia.
Edgar F. Shinehouse, Philadelphia.
Charles M. Miller, Philadelphia.
David W. Hoffman, Philadelphia.
C. Wesley Ruffell, Philadelphia.
Charles R. Rons, Philadelphia.
John H. Craven, Philadelphia.
Herbert U. Porter, Philadelphia.
George L. Smith, Philadelphia.
Frank A. Chalmers, Philadelphia.
Edwin A. Kramer, Philadelphia.
Reed B. DeHorsen, Philadelphia.
Abel K. Cassel, Philadelphia.

POTTER COUNTY.

Colin R. Richmond, Galeton.

SUSQUEHANNA COUNTY.

Miss Sue M. Strous, Montrose.

VENANGO COUNTY.

E. E. Boyd, Sugarcreek Township.
W. F. Moyar, Oil City.
Edw'd S. McAlevy, Oil City.

WARREN COUNTY.

Karl A. Krantz, Warren.
A. G. Eldred, Warren.

YORK COUNTY.

Miss Bertha E. McGuire, York.
James C. Overmiller, Spring Grove.

CHESTER COUNTY.

Miss Mary E. Bailey, West Grove.
George L. Anderson, Avondale.

JOHN K. TENER.

EXECUTIVE SESSION.

By unanimous consent,

A motion was made by Mr. Gerberich,

That Rule 38 which requires nominations made by the Governor to be referred to proper Committees and those reported from Committee to lie on the table one day be dispensed with, and the Senate do now resolve itself into executive session, for the purpose of acting on the foregoing nominations.

Which was agreed to.

Whereupon,

A motion was made by Mr. Gerberich,

That the Senate do advise and consent to said nominations.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—45.

Buckman,	Hackett,	Mills,	Sones,
Burke,	Hilton,	Moore,	Sproul,
Catlin,	Hindman,	Patton,	Stewart,
Clark,	Hoke,	Phipps,	Thompson,
Croft,	Homsher,	Salus,	Tompkins,
Daix,	Jenkins,	Schantz,	Vare,
DeWitt,	Kurtz,	Semmens,	Warner,
Endsley,	Lynch,	Sensenich,	Wasbers,
Farley,	Martin,	Smith, R. E.,	Kline,
Gerberich,	McConnell,	Smith, W. W.,	Pres. pro tem.
Graff,	McKee, W. S.,	Snyder, C. A.,	
Gyger,	McNichol,	Snyder, P. W.,	

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Governor be informed accordingly.

ADJOURNMENT.

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now adjourn until 10:30 o'clock to-morrow morning.

Mr. VARE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The Senate adjourned at 10:15 o'clock P. M. until 10:30 o'clock Tuesday morning, January 19, 1915.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

MONDAY, January 18, 1915.

The House met at 9 o'clock P. M.

The SPEAKER (Charles A. Ambler) in the Chair.

PRAYER.

Prayer was offered by the Rev. Benjamin Bungard, member from Westmoreland County.

Lord, Thou hast been our dwelling place in all generations, before the mountains were brought forth; before Thou didst form the life of the world, even from everlasting to everlasting Thou art God. In Thee we live, move and have our being, and it is from Thee, dear Lord, to-night that we seek for wisdom. We invoke Thy blessing upon this Assembly, and our Heavenly Father, as we are met here to-night upon this occasion we pray that Thou wilt guide us in all that wisdom. We are met here as Representatives of this great Commonwealth—a body of men—our Heavenly Father we pray that Thou wilt guide us all into eternal truth, and into the wisdom only which can come from God. And now, may we so live and move that when our work is ended here in this world, that we may all assemble in that better and larger world, where we shall all pray the same prayer—"Our Father who art in Heaven." This we ask in the name of God, our Heavenly Father. Amen.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the Journal of the proceedings of Tuesday, January 5th, 1915.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of Tuesday, January 5th, 1915, when, on motion of Mr. Baldwin, the further reading was dispensed with, and the Journal was approved.

SWEARING IN OF MEMBER.

The SPEAKER. The Honorable Tony Ray Lynch, of Fayette County, will present himself at the Bar of the House and have the oath of office administered to him.

Mr. Lynch presented himself at the Bar of the House and the oath of office prescribed by law was administered to him by Hon. S. J. M. McCarrell, Additional Law Judge of the Twelfth Judicial District.

USE OF HALL OF THE HOUSE.

Mr. Baldwin presented the following resolution which was twice read, considered and agreed to.

Resolved, That the use of the House of Representatives for Tuesday evening, January 26th, 1915, between the hours of six and twelve P. M. be granted to the Central Pennsylvania Woman's Suffrage Association for the purpose of allowing United States Senator Moses E. Clapp to deliver an address.

ADJOURNMENT.

Mr. BALDWIN. I move that the House do now adjourn until to-morrow at 11:15 o'clock A. M.

The motion was agreed to, and (at 9:15 P. M.) the House adjourned until to-morrow, Tuesday, January 19th, 1915, at 11:15 o'clock A. M.

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA.

Legislative Journal.

Session 1915 . 121st of the General Assembly

VOL. 3. HARRISBURG, PA., TUESDAY, JANUARY 19, 1915 No. 3.

SENATE.

TUESDAY, January 19, 1915.

The Senate met at 10:30 o'clock A. M.

The PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE (Mr. Charles H. Kline) in the Chair.

PRAYER.

The Chaplain, Rev. A. C. James, offered the following prayer:

What is man that Thou art mindful of him, or the son of man that Thou visitest him. Like as a father pitieth his children, so the Lord pitieth them that fear Him. The Lord hath said unto us, "Lo I am with you alway, even unto the end of the world; as thy days so shall thy strength be." We come unto Thee, the giver of every good and perfect gift. We come unto Thee, the inspiration of our lives. We come to the living waters of which, if a man shall drink, he shall never thirst again. Be Thou our strong tower of defense. Hide us in the shadow of Thy hand, and Thy name shall have all the praise now and forevermore. We ask it in our Redeemer's name. Amen.

The PRESIDENT. The Clerk will read the Journal of yesterday's proceedings.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of yesterday's proceedings, when on motion of Mr. Gerberich, the further reading was dispensed with and the Journal was approved.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Clerk to the Governor being introduced presented communication in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which was read as follows and laid upon the table:

NOTARIES PUBLIC.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, January 19, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons to be Notaries Public for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, for the term of four years, to compute from the dates set opposite their names, respectively:

ADAMS COUNTY.

G. M. Neely, Fairfield, January 25, 1915.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

J. W. Barber, Pittsburgh, January 19, 1915.
Wm. H. Brunner, Pittsburgh, January 19, 1915.
Louis Dauenhauer, Pittsburgh, January 19, 1915.
Miss Anna M. Diehl, Pittsburgh, January 19, 1915.
Ira Gribben, Pittsburgh, January 19, 1915.
George L. Sutter, Pittsburgh, January 19, 1915.
G. William Jones, Jr., Pittsburgh, January 19, 1915.
James McLaren, Pittsburgh, January 19, 1915.
J. Frank Tilley, Pittsburgh, January 19, 1915.
M. W. McDonald, Turtle Creek, January 19, 1915.
E. A. Hess, Pittsburgh, January 20, 1915.
William C. Dicken, Pittsburgh, January 21, 1915.
Thomas E. Finley, Pittsburgh, January 21, 1915.
George K. Ferrall, Pittsburgh, January 21, 1915.
George H. Fugh, Pittsburgh, January 21, 1915.
Chas. A. Heckman, Pittsburgh, January 21, 1915.
U. G. Jones, Pittsburgh, January 21, 1915.
Jas. J. McAfee, Pittsburgh, January 21, 1915.
J. F. McKenna, Pittsburgh, January 21, 1915.
James A. Nugent, Pittsburgh, January 21, 1915.
A. D. Sharpe, Pittsburgh, January 21, 1915.
George D. Tindale, Pittsburgh, January 21, 1915.
Albert G. Walter, Pittsburgh, January 21, 1915.
A. N. Marvin, Tarentum, January 21, 1915.
Edward L. Reed, Millvale, January 21, 1915.
Courtney L. Whitaker, Dravosburg, January 21, 1915.
H. Floyd Kirkpatrick, Pittsburgh, January 23, 1915.
William G. Stewart, Pittsburgh, January 23, 1915.
Charles A. Woods, Pittsburgh, January 23, 1915.
Mrs. Maria T. Sposato, Pittsburgh, January 23, 1915.
Martin Kraus, Mt. Oliver, January 23, 1915.
Thomas B. Hepler, Harrison Township, January 23, 1915.
G. E. F. Gray, N. Braddock, January 24, 1915.
Miss Rachel J. Brown, Pittsburgh, January 28, 1915.
George N. Coleman, Pittsburgh, January 28, 1915.
John Schutz, Wilson, January 30, 1915.
Wm. J. Haslett, Etna, January 30, 1915
Joseph P. McKee, Pittsburgh, January 19, 1915.
Miss Martha L. England, Pittsburgh, January 21, 1915.
Charles T. Warashis, Pittsburgh, January 21, 1915.
R. B. Petty, Jr., Pittsburgh, January 21, 1915.

BEAVER COUNTY.

Paul H. Baldwin, Rochester, January 28, 1915.

BERKS COUNTY.

Frederick Stephan, Reading, January 19, 1915.
Henry B. Hintz, Reading, January 21, 1915.
John H. Sponagle, Birdsboro, January 21, 1915.
J. Benton Whitman, Reading, January 23, 1915.
Walter G. Steininger, Reading, January 31, 1915.

BLAIR COUNTY.

John T. Akers, Hollidaysburg, January 21, 1915.
Mrs. Edith M. Bartley, Altoona, January 21, 1915.
John M. Snyder, Hollidaysburg, January 30, 1915.
Frank Howes, Tyrone, January 31, 1915.

BUCKS COUNTY.

J. Freeman Hendricks, Doylestown, January 21, 1915.
Horace G. Reeder, Newtown, January 21, 1915.

CAMBRIA COUNTY.

H. H. Myers, Ebensburg, January 21, 1915.
William Hinkel, Johnstown, January 23, 1915.

CARBON COUNTY.

Ira E. Seidle, Lehighton, January 28, 1915.

CHESTER COUNTY.

Arthur P. Reid, West Chester, January 21, 1915.
Preston W. King, Phoenixville, January 28, 1915.

CLARION COUNTY.

F. C. McEwen, Sligo, January 21, 1915.

CLEARFIELD COUNTY.

Leno Wm. Edwards, Clearfield, January 21, 1915.
W. H. Patterson, Clearfield, January 26, 1915.

COLUMBIA COUNTY.

Lewis C. Mensch, Catawissa, January 21, 1915.

DAUPHIN COUNTY.

Wm. H. Earnest, Harrisburg, January 19, 1915.
Edward M. Winters, Harrisburg, January 19, 1915.
Edwin W. Jackson, Harrisburg, January 25, 1915.
Paul A. Kunkel, Harrisburg, January 25, 1915.

DELAWARE COUNTY.

George B. Harvey, Chester, January 21, 1915.

ELK COUNTY.

C. E. Lockhart, Ridgway, January 21, 1915.

ERIE COUNTY.

Robert. J. Osborne, Corry, January 19, 1915.
George K. Frank, Erie, January 21, 1915.
G. A. Hampson, North East, January 21, 1915.
Miss Anna Tierney, Union City, January 23, 1915.

FAYETTE COUNTY.

Henry Fusarini, Uniontown, January 19, 1915.
Adolph Herskovitz, Uniontown, January 21, 1915.
R. E. McLaughlin, Vanderbilt, January 21, 1915.

INDIANA COUNTY.

J. W. Wilson, Indiana, January 21, 1915.
Elisha Green, Plumville, January 31, 1915.

LACKAWANNA COUNTY.

F. H. Coughlin, Dunmore, January 19, 1915.
B. Benton Tinkham, Scranton, January 19, 1915.
William H. Davis, Scranton, January 20, 1915.
Walter Briggs, Scranton, January 21, 1915.
C. Comegys, Scranton, January 21, 1915.
W. M. Curry, Scranton, January 21, 1915.
Harry C. Hubler, Scranton, January 21, 1915.
Thomas A. Donahoe, Scranton, January 21, 1915.
Charles A. Kiesel, Scranton, January 21, 1915.
David Landau, Scranton, January 21, 1915.

LANCASTER COUNTY.

Charles E. Long, Lancaster, January 21, 1915.
Walter A. Miller, Lancaster, January 21, 1915.
F. J. Eckert, Ephrata, January 23, 1915.
Harry L. Worst, Salisbury Township, January 28, 1915.

LEBANON COUNTY.

William S. Poorman, Palmyra, January 21, 1915.

LEHIGH COUNTY.

V. Z. Kohler, Allentown, January 28, 1915.

LUZERNE COUNTY.

Michael Capece, Freeland, January 21, 1915.
George L. Fenner, Wilkes-Barre, January 21, 1915.
J. P. Gorman, Hazleton, January 31, 1915.

LYCOMING COUNTY.

John T. Hyatt, Jersey Shore, January 19, 1915.
Ermin F. Hill, Hughesville, January 21, 1915.
John C. Rogers, Williamsport, January 21, 1915.
Miss Essie M. Griggs, Williamsport, January 30, 1915.

McKEAN COUNTY.

H. S. Rogers, Mount Jewett, January 21, 1915.

MERCER COUNTY.

Miss Mary Adams, Sharon, January 19, 1915.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY.

A. L. Saxton, North Wales, January 21, 1915.
Muscoe M. Gibson, Norristown, January 21, 1915.
Daniel H. Bertolet, Pottstown, January 21, 1915.
Miss Katherine H. Fox, Norristown, January 31, 1914.
Michael Torhan, Upper Providence Township, January 31, 1915.

NORTHAMPTON COUNTY.

John S. Noble, Easton, January 21, 1915.
Reuben Kolb, Easton, January 21, 1915.
S. Bruce Chase, Pen Argyl, January 31, 1915.

PERRY COUNTY.

Mrs. Mame J. Fahnestock, Duncannon, January 22, 1915.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY.

Mrs. Sarah H. Byrne, Philadelphia, January 19, 1915.
Lewis Cohen, 2nd, Philadelphia, January 19, 1915.
Reuben Cohen, Sr., Philadelphia, January 19, 1915.
Andrew Schimmel, Jr., Philadelphia, January 19, 1915.
Alfred J. Wilkinson, Philadelphia, January 19, 1915.
Andrew J. Wilson, Philadelphia, January 19, 1915.
Ferdinand S. Knowles, Philadelphia, January 20, 1915.
John W. Armstrong, Philadelphia, January 21, 1915.
John Baxter, Philadelphia, January 21, 1915.
Miss Anna E. Bisler, Philadelphia, January 21, 1915.
George Blaese, Philadelphia, January 21, 1915.
Harry C. Blase, Philadelphia, January 21, 1915.
O. M. Bosbyshell, Philadelphia, January 21, 1915.
Manning D. Brick, Philadelphia, January 21, 1915.
William D. Clouds, Philadelphia, January 21, 1915.
Charles F. Eggsleston, Philadelphia, January 21, 1915.
Samuel J. Fisher, Philadelphia, January 21, 1915.
Clarence E. Fox, Philadelphia, January 21, 1915.
Thomas R. Fox, Philadelphia, January 21, 1915.
Henry T. Gullman, Philadelphia, January 21, 1915.
Miss Lillian M. Hudnut, Philadelphia, January 21, 1915.
J. H. Jeffries, Philadelphia, January 21, 1915.
Abraham Kolsky, Philadelphia, January 21, 1915.
Raymond I. Lofland, Philadelphia, January 21, 1915.
Henry W. Marston, Philadelphia, January 21, 1915.
James A. Martin, Philadelphia, January 21, 1915.
Fenton H. Middleton, Philadelphia, January 21, 1915.
Arthur S. Minster, Philadelphia, January 21, 1915.
Harry S. Platowsky, Philadelphia, January 21, 1915.
George W. Presker, Philadelphia, January 21, 1915.
John F. Reardon, Philadelphia, January 21, 1915.
Mrs. Carrie Redeker, Philadelphia, January 21, 1915.
George W. Reed, Philadelphia, January 21, 1915.
Henry S. Reed, Philadelphia, January 21, 1915.
J. Howard Rhoads, Philadelphia, January 21, 1915.
Frank G. Sayre, Philadelphia, January 21, 1915.
Fred E. Schmidt, Philadelphia, January 21, 1915.
Louis J. Suess, Philadelphia, January 21, 1915.
George M. Taggart, Philadelphia, January 21, 1915.
T. Foster Thomas, Philadelphia, January 21, 1915.
Horace C. VanCourt, Philadelphia, January 21, 1915.
Charles L. Viguers, Philadelphia, January 21, 1915.
J. Harry Wagner, Philadelphia, January 21, 1915.
Samuel B. S. Barth, Philadelphia, January 23, 1915.
Albert M. Roth, Philadelphia, January 23, 1915.
Miss Mary E. Hamer, Philadelphia, January 25, 1915.
Francis C. Menamin, Philadelphia, January 25, 1915.
Joseph H. Sundheim, Philadelphia, January 25, 1915.
William F. Brennan, Philadelphia, January 28, 1915.
Robert Briggs, Philadelphia, January 28, 1915.
William E. Gaunt, Philadelphia, January 28, 1915.
John J. Guerin, Philadelphia, January 28, 1915.
Samuel J. Houston, Philadelphia, January 28, 1915.
Lynne K. Lewis, Philadelphia, January 28, 1915.
Miss Mary M'Calla, Philadelphia, January 28, 1915.
A. Heaton Minnick, Philadelphia, January 28, 1915.
Louis de Pui Vail, Philadelphia, January 28, 1915.
Miss Stella Irwin, Philadelphia, January 31, 1915.
Paul Killinger, Philadelphia, January 31, 1915.
William D. Lelar, Philadelphia, January 31, 1915.
W. Nelson L. West, Philadelphia, January 31, 1915.

SCHUYLKILL COUNTY.

Edward T. Filbert, Pine Grove, January 21, 1915.
James Henry Hagenbuch, Mahanoy City, January 21, 1915.

SOMERSET COUNTY.

Miss Mary W. Acheson, Upper Turkeyfoot Township, January 31, 1915.

SUSQUEHANNA COUNTY.

Miss Harriet M. Johnson, Susquehanna, January 27, 1915.

TIOGA COUNTY.

Chester H. Ashton, Knoxville, January 21, 1915.

VENANGO COUNTY.

L. J. Roess, Oil City, January 19, 1915.
Edmond C. Breene, Oil City, January 21, 1915.
Wm. B. Griffen, Franklin, January 21, 1915.
Alvin A. Anderson, Emlenton, January 21, 1915.
Robert N. Speer, Franklin, January 22, 1915.

WASHINGTON COUNTY.

Miss Alice E. Jones, Washington, January 19, 1915.
Frank Riva, Charleroi, January 22, 1915.
Miss Mary L. Patterson, Washington, January 28, 1915.

WESTMORELAND COUNTY.

A. T. Darr, West Newton, January 22, 1915.
S. C. Stevenson, Mt. Pleasant, January 25, 1915.
Milton E. Uncapher, Vandergrift, January 25, 1915.
H. W. Walkinshaw, Greensburg, January 25, 1915.
Rabe F. Marsh, Greensburg, January 25, 1915.
O. A. Grable, Export, January 31, 1915.

YORK COUNTY.

William F. Fry, York, January 21, 1915.
Franklin Leader, York, January 21, 1915.
Samuel K. McCall, York, January 21, 1915.
Robert E. Glenn, Red Lion, January 21, 1915.

JOHN K. TENER.

REQUEST TO JUDGE KUNKEL TO ADMINISTER OATH OF OFFICE.

Mr. CHARLES A. SNYDER offered the following resolution which was twice read, considered and agreed to.

Resolved, That Honorable George Kunkel,, President Judge of the Twelfth Judicial District, be requested to administer the oath required to be taken by the Lieutenant-Governor-elect.

COMMITTEE TO WAIT UPON JUDGE KUNKEL.

Mr. McCONNELL offered the following resolution which was twice read, considered and agreed to:

Resolved, That a committee of three Senators be appointed to wait on Honorable Judge Kunkel, President Judge of the Twelfth Judicial District, and escort him to the Senate Chamber for the purpose of administering the oath of office to Honorable Frank B. McClain, Lieutenant-Governor-elect.

The PRESIDENT. The Chair appoints as said Committee Mr. McConnell, Mr. Magee and Mr. Sones.

COMMITTEE TO WAIT UPON THE LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR-ELECT.

Mr. GRAFF offered the following resolution which was twice read, considered and agreed to:

Resolved, That a committee of three Senators be appointed to wait upon Honorable Frank B. McClain, Lieutenant-Governor-elect, and escort him to the Senate Chamber to take the oath and assume the duties of office.

The PRESIDENT. The Chair appoints as said Committee, Mr. Graff, Mr. Gerberich and Mr. DeWitt.

REPORT OF COMMITTEE TO WAIT ON JUDGE KUNKEL.

Mr. GRAFF, Chairman of the Committee, appointed to wait upon the Honorable George Kunkel, President Judge of the Twelfth Judicial District, reported that they had discharged the duty devolving on them, and had the honor to report the presence of the Honorable George Kunkel.

REPORT OF COMMITTEE TO WAIT ON LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR-ELECT, McCLAIN.

Mr. GRAFF, Chairman of the Committee, appointed to wait upon Honorable Frank B. McClain and escort him to the Senate Chamber, reported that they had discharged the duty devolving upon them, and had the honor to report the presence of the Honorable Frank B. McClain, Lieutenant-Governor-elect.

The Lieutenant-Governor-elect was then escorted to the space in front of the Clerk's desk.

CERTIFICATE OF ELECTION OF LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR.

Whereupon,

The Certificate of the election of the Honorable Frank B. McClain, of Lancaster County, as Lieutenant-Governor, was read by the Chief Clerk of the Senate as follows:

We, the President of the Senate and Speaker of the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, do certify that the President of the Senate did, on the fifth day of January, A. D. one thousand nine hundred and fifteen, in the Hall of the House of Representatives at the State Capitol, open the returns of the election for Lieutenant-Governor of this Commonwealth, and publish the same in the presence of both Houses of the Legislature, conformably to the provisions of the Constitution and laws of said Commonwealth, and upon counting the votes by a teller appointed on the part of each House, it appeared that Frank B. McClain had the highest number of votes; whereupon, the said Frank B. McClain was declared to have been duly elected Lieutenant-Governor of the Commonwealth.

In testimony whereof, we have hereunto set our hands and affixed our seals the day and year above written.

CHARLES H. KLINE,
President pro tempore of the Senate.

CHARLES A. AMBLER,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.

J. FRANK GRAFF,
Teller on the part of the Senate.

WILLIAM D. WALTON,
Teller on the part of the House of Representatives.

ADMINISTRATION OF OATH TO LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR-ELECT.

After which the oath of office was duly administered to the Honorable Frank B. McClain, Lieutenant-Governor-elect, by the Honorable George Kunkel, President Judge of the Twelfth Judicial District.

INAUGURAL ADDRESS OF THE LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR.

The PRESIDENT. Gentlemen of the Senate, Ladies and Gentlemen, I have the honor to introduce to you the newly elected Lieutenant-Governor of the Commonwealth, the Honorable Frank B. McClain, of Lancaster.

The LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR. Mr. President pro tempore, Gentlemen of the Pennsylvania Senate:

To be chosen by the people of Pennsylvania for the office of Lieutenant-Governor is a high mark of favor and honor, for which I cannot find words sufficiently expressive to tell my appreciation, my gratitude. It is, as well, a distinction which carries with it the presidency of this great legislative body, the Pennsylvania Senate, and the privilege of official and fraternal association with the men who compose it.

I appreciate that the really sensible man is one who has little to say about what he has done and not much to say about what he is going to do. I appreciate that performance and not promise is the standard by which efficiency is measured. I further am aware that the Lieutenant-Governor is a "Legislative Eunuch," but, for all that, he has the right of speech on certain special occasions (very limited in number), and, as this is one of those occasions, I propose to exercise that right.

I make no pretentions to being a "Moses." The role is not a pleasurable one. I am hunting happiness and peace, not turmoil and trouble. But, then, this body doesn't need a "Moses." There are some experiences which were mine when I presided over the House of Representatives in 1907 to guide me in my philosophy.

Let me begin my brief address to you by saying that when I was a legislator, covering a service of sixteen years, my observation was that the people of Pennsylvania looked upon the assembling of the Legislature with more apprehension than hope and the sooner we adjourn the more we were thanked and the greater the chorus of "Peace be with you" that went up from the hearts and throats of Pennsylvania's people.

At the present juncture things are somewhat different, in that the people of the Commonwealth view us with what might be called mingled hope and apprehension. Hope—because all political parties in their platforms, and as well the successful candidate for Governor, advertised new and better brands of social and industrial legislation. Apprehension—because they fear that the legislative fabrics we promised to produce will never be woven, or, if woven, will not be of the quality or of the standard of usefulness we guaranteed in our campaign specifications.

To carry out the most complete programme of constructive legislation ever offered to the people of the Commonwealth, they, the people, have selected the Republican party as their agency by the election of Martin G. Brumbaugh as Governor and large Republican majorities in both the Senate and House of Representatives. The acts of the new Administration, and as well our deliberations and conclusions, will be followed with the closest attention by the body politic. Their's will be a "watchful waiting," not only in name, but in fact.

I mean not to be unpleasantly partisan when I suggest that, under the circumstances, the majority party will be held responsible for happenings at this session of the General Assembly, and cannot evade that responsibility. Our duty lies before us and must be performed. Therefore, let us not treat our party platform of the campaign of 1914 as if it were a series of "New Year Resolutions." If we do, in vain will we afterward beat our breasts and cry out "Mea Culpa," "Mea Maxima Culpa," because neither remorse nor repentance will excuse our acts, whether they be of commission or omission.

We don't need to do a whole lot of things, but what is done should be well done and done quickly. Don't wait until a protest becomes a revolution. Don't defer until a request for correction or readajustment becomes a cry for elimination. Let us enact legislation that will bring the Government closer to the people and not legislation that will separate still further. Let us enact laws that will promote a greater social and industrial justice than now exists. Let us, wherever the same be necessary, do that which will lift up still higher and carry forward the grand system of public education which our Commonwealth has erected to equip its children for the duties of a high citizenship.

Let us make generous provision for the care of the wards of the State; the victims of tuberculosis; the dependents; the defectives and the delinquents, and at the same time be as generous as our purse will permit to the sick, the homeless, the aged, the crippled, children and the blind, in our local institutions.

In making appropriations, however, for these particularly worthy purposes, and as well for other purposes necessary in governmental work, let us not fail to "cut our coat according to the cloth." The net revenues of the State for the year 1914 show a decrease, due to existing business depression. True, the decrease is not a great one, but, for all that, it's a decrease, and present prospects hold out no promise of increase for the coming year. Therefore, a greater economy will have to be practiced. We cannot spend what we do not have, and certainly no increase in appropriations can be made over the appropriations of 1913.

It is positively amusing to hear some people who ought to know better, but don't talk of how the State should appropriate millions for this and millions for that, as if the public treasury was as inexhaustible as "the ever-filling

pitcher of the Danaides." They evidently are of the impression that money "grows on the trees" in Capitol Park or can be dug out like culm coal from the bed of the nearby Susquehanna. They talk about a million or two with the same abandon they would talk about "thirty cents" of their own. They seem to forget that taxation is the only method through which gold can be put into Pennsylvania's "strong box." And taxation these days is not a popular brand of legislation. We had evidence of that in the results of the last campaign and under existing circumstances it behooves us of the majority party to sternly turn our faces against all propositions in legislation in the shape of new taxes, whether the same be new subjects of taxation or additional burden upon those who, under existing law and present conditions, are heavily laden.

Let us keep out of the investigation business. The appointment of commissions to peer into this and smell into that, who make a junket of their work and then submit a report which nobody reads and presents the State with a bill running high up into thousands of dollars, is the price of their useless information.

The tendency among legislative bodies for the past several years has been to regulate everybody and everything until it has come to pass that a man or a firm or a corporation engaged in an ordinary, respectable business must be continually hunting a lawyer to tell him what he can do or what he can't do. The people are sick, sore and tired of that sort of thing.

Let us steer clear of "half-baked" theories in legislation, remembering how hard it is to repeal an Act of Assembly even after its inefficiency has been conclusively demonstrated. As an example, let me cite the non-partisan election of Judges.

Let us give no heed to intolerant clamor and indicate our contempt for irresponsible assault.

Our time is too valuable to be taken up with sophomoric schemes in legislation or wild, visionary and untried notions, with changing something old for something new, just for the sake of a change, advocated as such things will be by that element of our citizenship who are infected with the "experimental germ," who are never satisfied to advance cautiously step by step, along a new and uncharted course, who demand with noisy vehemence that all the experience of the past be thrown to the winds and who fiercely denounce those who refuse to subscribe in toto to their hysterical idealism. Many of the most tragic miscarriages in human history have been due to the impatience of the idealist.

Let us maintain the highest and best traditions of the Pennsylvania Senate. Let us jealously guard and preserve our rights and prerogatives as a part of the legislative branch of Government and at the same time accord to the executive and the judiciary a generous exercise of their rights and prerogatives.

The Constitution of Pennsylvania divides our State Government in three separate and distinct branches, prescribes what shall be the function of each branch and in no case do these functions overlap, except in the matter of appropriations due to an unhappy decision of the Supreme Court of the Commonwealth.

We should not attempt to dictate to or to hamper either the executive or the judiciary, and on the other hand, we should see to it that we get as good as we give. Therefore, let each of the separate departments of government, legislative, executive and judicial, "shinny on its own side."

The terms coercion and co-operation both begin with the letter "C" and end with the letter "N," but they don't mean the same thing.

I object to the term "progressive" legislation in its application to this session of the General Assembly. In view of the fact that the Republican party will be held responsible for everything done here, "Republican" legislation is the better, the more appropriate term to employ and then, "lest we forget," progress and Republicanism are and have been, both in the State and nation, synonymous terms.

In addition to the subject in legislation declared for in the majority party's platform, and supplemented by the declarations of Governor Brumbaugh during the campaign, I would suggest the enactment of a law that would make it possible for cases in which the Commonwealth is involved by reason of a question of constitutionality to have that question of constitutionality taken direct to the Supreme Court for adjudication and thus get rid of the interminable delay resulting from first trying the case in the Common Pleas Court which delay often works so disastrously to the Commonwealth's best interests in substantiation of which I point to the coal tax law of 1913. The tax due from these corporations, under the Act of 1913, up-to-date is, I am informed, nearly $3,000,000. The coal companies have collected the tax from the consumer, and more, too, but have never paid it into the State Treasury, and if the Supreme Court should decide the Act of 1913 unconstitutional the anthracite monopoly will have both the "penny and the cake."

The people of this great Commonwealth have chosen Martin G. Brumbaugh to be their Administrative Executive for four years, beginning this very hour. His attitude during a heated and complicated campaign was that of a refined gentleman possessing ideal self control. His expressions concerning public questions during the campaign and since the election indicate fixity of purpose, tenacity of will, unfailing integrity and a wide information upon the subjects with which he will be brought into contact. His is a grave and responsible task, but he will discharge his duty in keeping with the high standard of faithfulness he has proclaimed, and in a manner which will promote the welfare of the political party to whom his elevation is due by administering in the interest of all the people, the laws of our Commonwealth and advancing or defending, as maybe required, the policies in Government he voiced in the political campaign which culminated in his election.

Let us give to Governor Brumbaugh the best we have and give it unstintedly, not because we have to but because we want to. Let us make him feel the help of a "brother's shoulder" under his heavy pack. Let us work together in harmony for the good, the glory of the Commonwealth, adopting for our slogan, "ONE FOR ALL AND ALL FOR ONE."

The ACTING PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE (Mr. D. P. Gerberich) in the Chair.

INAUGURATION OF GOVERNOR-ELECT, MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

Messrs. Baldwin, Habgood and Kitts, a Committee from the House of Representatives, being introduced, informed the Senate that they had been appointed a Committee to conduct the President and members of the Senate to the platform on the west side of the Capitol for the purpose of uniting with the Speaker and members of the House of Representatives in the ceremony of attending the inauguration of the Governor of the Commonwealth.

Whereupon,

The President and members of the Senate proceeded to the platform on the west side of the Capitol, where, in the presence of the President and President Pro Tempore, and members of the Senate and Speaker and members of the House of Representatives, the certificate of election of Martin G. Brumbaugh of Philadelphia, as Governor of the Commonwealth for the ensuing four years, was read by the Chief Clerk of the Senate as follows:

CERTIFICATE OF ELECTION OF GOVERNOR.

We, the President of the Senate and Speaker of the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, do certify that the President of the Senate did, on the fifth day of January, A. D. one thousand nine hundred and fifteen, in the Hall of the House of Representatives at the State Capital, open the returns of the election for Governor of this Commonwealth, and publish the same in the presence of both Houses of the Legislature, conformably to the provisions of the Constitution and laws of said Commonwealth, and upon counting the votes by a teller appointed on the part of each House, it appeared that Martin G. Brumbaugh had the highest number of votes; whereupon the said Martin G. Brumbaugh was declared to have been duly elected Governor of the Commonwealth.

In testimony whereof, we have hereunto set our hands and affixed our seals the day and year above written.

CHARLES H. KLINE,
President pro tempore of the Senate.

CHARLES A. AMBLER,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.

J. FRANK GRAFF,
Teller on the part of the Senate.

WILLIAM D. WALTON,
Teller on the part of the House of Representatives.

After which, the oath of office was administered to the Governor-elect by the Honorable J. Hay Brown, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania.

Whereupon,

Honorable Frank B. McClain, Lieutenant Governor and President of the Senate, proclaimed Martin G. Brumbaugh to be duly elected and qualified as Governor of the Commonwealth for the ensuing four years.

INAUGURAL ADDRESS OF GOVERNOR.

Whereupon,

The Honorable Martin G. Brumbaugh delivered the following inaugural address:

Members of the Senate and House of Representatives and Fellow Citizens of Pennsylvania:

In assuming the duties of the office to which you have elected me, I am humbled and steadied by the greatness of the obligation imposed and the abiding conviction that I can do my duty only when aided and guided by the Divine. In His name and for His people I enter upon this new field of endeavor. Fortunate, indeed, are we that our Commonwealth is enjoying to-day the blessings of peace and the inheritance of a worthy record through successive administrations of its public affairs. To add an additional chapter to an already honorable record is my earnest desire. To this end I solicit your active co-operation and your unselfish support. This Commonwealth and the colony from which it grew have a record of achievement so splendid that we may take an honest pride in maintaining its traditions, in advancing its interests, in publishing its virtues, in resenting its assailants and in proclaiming our happy lot that we are Pennsylvanians.

Throughout the campaign I stood squarely upon my platform pledges and was elected because the people believed I would use my utmost endeavor to secure legal enactments embodying these declarations. I shall assuredly do so. When 590,700 voters of this great Commonwealth give us a commission, they have a right to demand its fulfillment. A voice so potential is a command to the Legislature and the Executive which, if wise, both shall surely heed. If we give the people the laws they have demanded and we have promised, we shall perform a distinctly valuable service to the Commonwealth. If we fail to do this we must bear the consequences. I pledge myself to an unselfish service to the whole people of Pennsylvania, and ask your aid and active support both in securing good laws and in enforcing those now on the statute books.

We have been over-lawed. We have gone too far upon the theory that legislation is the cure of our social, economic and political ills. We have actually made legal criminals when, as a matter of duty, we should have addressed ourselves to the vastly more worthy task of educating our people into an increasing love for liberty, respect for law and devotion to our American civilization. We should never make a law that in its operation will work harm to the many and good only to the selfish or potential few. It is the business of government to make it easy to do right and difficult to do wrong. We need few additional laws. We could well afford to repeal many more than we enact. I trust, therefore, that we may all plan together to reduce enactments to a minimum, to reject all laws that do not hold the assurance of good to the many and so to facilitate legisfation as to give to the people the few vital enactments they need and deserve. As speedily as may be, this we should do, and when this is done the Legislature should adjourn.

For the moral and the economic welfare of our people we must all stand surely and steadily. Our laws should not be only regulators of procedure, but educators of the public conscience. Our great assets are not material, but spiritual. A government that enriches life and widens a people's vision will endure. No other is worthy of the name. If we address ourselves anew to this holy experiment we shall easily add unto it all essential material good.

I am not unmindful that the quality of administration is the first concern and duty of the Governor. This I shall keep daily in mind. But I also submit that it is vital to the welfare of the people that the laws administered be of the sort that will ensure to our people "peace, safety and happiness." To secure such laws and no others is my duty quite as much as it is your duty. I take this occasion to urge upon you the importance of certain well-defined wishes and admitted needs of our people.

LOCAL OPTION.

I urge upon you, gentlemen of the Legislature, the enactment of a County Local Option law. The people of this Commonwealth have a perfect right to decide for themselves whether or not intoxicating liquors shall be sold in their several counties. This issue is before you. You must meet it, and meet it openly and fairly. I gave solemn assurance to the people that I favored such a law. Your Governor now asks you to join with him in its enactment. Every consideration of moment favors such procedure. The sooner we do so the better. Let this vexed question be taken from partisan control and given directly to the people. They will solve it better than we can. The selection of judges in the several districts should no longer hinge upon this question. It has already worked harm to the judiciary and has lessened the regard of our people for the integrity and capacity of the final legal guardians of the people's sacred rights. It is a dominant issue in the public mind. The party that has given this great State its industrial and educational development has now the sacred opportunity of giving the State a great moral uplift. I trust we shall not fail the people on this issue. I repeat I am unequivocably for county local option.

HIGHWAYS.

The people who are the producers in Pennsylvania have a perfect right to insist upon better transportation facilities, both by land and by water. We add substantial good to our people when we make it easy to transport a maximum load at a minimum cost from farm and factory to the best markets and market stations. Four years ago, under the apprehension that the people would approve a $50,000,000 loan for roads, the State took over more than 9,000 miles of highways. To this, at the last session of the Legislature, additions were made. We now have under State control 10,200 miles of highways. The loan was not approved. The roads were taken over. This was a mistake. The current revenues will not properly care for these roads. They are becoming increasingly unsatisfactory. Unless largely increased revenues are provided it would be wise to admit this mistake and begin again upon the road problem. We must have now a road policy that will meet reasonable acceptance and permit of a continuous treatment for many years to come. The people need, and must have at once, better transportation facilities.

The State should find revenues adequate to the construction of a few great highways, routed between the great centers of population. These should be well built, and when built placed under the care of capable supervisors, whose duty it should be to keep them daily in good repair. It is sheer folly to construct a costly road and, unsupervised, allow it to deteriorate. These supervisors should be licensed road-keepers and not political accidents. Unless a man knows how to repair a road and is willing to put his knowledge to use, he ought never to receive appointment and pay from the State.

We also need State-aided roads. These may perhaps best be worked out on the county unit plan. The county, with power to collect from each political sub-division its quota of road taxes, should receive an equal sum from the Commonwealth. The money thus secured should be expended pro rata by the county upon the roads of the several townships. The routes should be as far as possible those connecting county seats, and the plans and perhaps all, surely part, of the supervision of construction be approved and supplied by the State. Roads should cost less than in the past. The people should know all the while what is being done and what expense is involved. A good highway is not only a public necessity but an actually attainable good for our people.

The State has now many miles of privately owned roads. These are maintained; some well, some badly, by the fees exacted from the users. These should be acquired and made a part of the public road system of the State. It is no credit to us that toll roads, once a blessing, now an irritation, should continue to exist in Pennsylvania.

So vital is this matter and so imminent is the demand that I urge you to reduce your appropriations in other di-

rections as far as possible in order to give the highways the largest possible appropriations.

CIVIL SERVICE.

The public service should be as efficient and economical as private service. I believe in and would approve a sane and practical State civil service.

EDUCATION.

Under the school code our schools have made commendable progress. With few exceptions the provisions of that code are so essentially wise that they should not be changed. Your State Board of Education, to whom the law delegates the duty of suggesting such school legislation as should be enacted, will in due time advise you concerning the laws, if any, that would increase the efficiency of our schools. I commend their findings to you. As the number of pupils to be educated increases the appropriations should increase. More attention must be given to vocational education. We have the largest number of farmers of any State in the Union. Surely agriculture should command greater attention in our schools. I favor the creation of many rural high schools in which both boys and girls may be taught how to earn on the farm and in the home an honest livelihood. An education that does not increase the size of the loaf on the family table is scarcely worth the attention of our people. All education, no matter how liberal and cultural, should be so imparted as to make it usable. The facilities for training teachers should be improved, better supervision provided and higher education encouraged. But the emphasis of the State's concern should rest upon the schools of the many—the great common school so dear to our people and so essential to their welfare. We need a greatly enlarged permanent school fund. Universal education is the best safeguard of our liberties, and money devoted to right education is the State's best investment.

WOMAN SUFFRAGE.

The resolution passed by the last Legislature submitting an amendment to the Constitution providing for woman suffrage should be re-enacted and the voters allowed to determine for themselves whether or not women shall vote in Pennsylvania.

APPROPRIATIONS TO CHARITY.

Pennsylvania leads all States in its support of dependents. Its record should be maintained. But there is neither sense nor justice in unstudied appropriations to our many charitable institutions and agencies. These constitute important and wholly worthy objects of public concern and support. The Legislature should know from competent authority their real needs and should follow such knowledge in making its appropriations. Moreover the bounty of the State should never exceed the assured income of the State. It should not again occur that the obligation of lessening this bounty should be placed upon the Executive.

It may be that some wiser and surer method can be devised to ensure these funds doing the greatest good and reaching directly the institutions and agencies whose service is best or most needed. Surely the supervision of the State should follow absolutely its gifts. The State can afford to be generous only when it is just.

LABOR AND ITS CLAIMS.

The people who toil are among the choice assets of our Commonwealth. For their protection, their comfort, their advancement, their happiness, we are all securely pledged. I shall welcome any laws that promote these essentially wise ends. We must enact a fair and certain Workmen's Compensation Act. Its provisions should secure reasonable compensation to those who in their daily toil suffer from accident or disease. It should assuredly make for the prevention of accidents. This compensation should be guaranteed. The funds for its prompt payment should be counted among the costs of production. In scope it should not include labor upon the farm nor domestice service. Great care should be exercised to see that the law be drawn in strict compliance with constitutional limitations. The present Liability Act needs amendment to the end that it may be in full accord with the above proposed act and that both alike may guarantee to our workers the certain and speedy relief they merit and should have.

Our Child Labor Laws are inadequate and unsatisfactory. No child under sixteen should be allowed to work. He should be in school. The small sum he earns prior to sixteen at the cost of his physical and mental development is a pittance compared with the loss he and the Commonwealth sustain under present law. Such "penny wise" and "pound foolish" laws are unworthy this great State. When a child is not at work under law he should be in school. He should never be a licensed loafer on the streets. The hours of toil should be supplemented by hours of study in school. Continuation schools to which our children who toil may resort for practical and specific aid should be maintained in every industrial center. No child should be allowed to enter upon any form of service who is not certified by competent agents to be physically fit for such service.

In this great industrial State it is our duty to pay definite attention to the housing problem. Every family should be housed in a home that is private, sanitary, safe and attainable at a reasonable rental. I urge your attention to this important problem. We cannot breed good citizens in disgraceful houses. It would be a great pleasure to me and a great blessing to our workmen if this problem were adequately met now.

OUR FARMS.

We have not learned how to make the most of our soil. The rewards of our toil on the farm are not what they should be. The State should grow more food than it consumes. We ought not to be buyers but sellers of foods. Money should flow to us, not away from us. The departments of the government charged with the conservation of our soil and the scientific development of our crops have sprung up, one at a time, as their services were required and no effort has been made to articulate and co-ordinate these several agencies. There is at least departmental confusion if not actual duplication and conflict of activities. All this means waste in funds and lessened service to the farmer. I hope in this session of the Legislature to have such action taken as will separate the teaching from the administrative functions of these agencies and reduce each to an ordered and scientific service. The funds for the advancement of our agricultural interests ought to express themselves much more largely in wheat and corn and potatoes and less in clerical and other forms of routine service. Let us legislate for the farmer rather than for the office holder.

MUNICIPAL REGULATION.

Our cities have grown more rapidly than our rural districts. Our urban population is so complex that it scarcely knows how to apply the principles of democracy. These people will learn, even if they blunder, when they have the fullest responsibility of control placed squarely upon them. They will learn much more slowly, if at all, while the State at long range is the large regulator of their conduct and their corporate life. Our laws ought not to hinder but help these great groups speedily to find themselves in the difficult task of adjusting municipal affairs to individual welfare. The State should give these municipalities wider freedom of opportunity to develop as they would, and to place definite responsibility upon them so to regulate their affairs as to make our cities centers of moral uplift and examples of clean, capable administration.

CONSERVATION.

Once Pennsylvania was rich in natural resources and unequalled in natural beauty. Much of its wealth has been taken from it. Much yet remains. Its ownership has passed to private and to corporate agencies. They have rights that must be respected. So also have the people of the State a claim upon these great natural assets. In their marketing the Commonwealth plays an essential part. In the returns the people ought also to share. A reasonable tax upon our great natural resources as they flow to our markets is both fair and wise. Our public lands represent a new and increasingly valuable asset. We should speedily acquire many more acres and assist nature to reforest the same. The State can well afford to invest part of its income for the welfare of succeeding generations. Indeed, if we love our continuing Commonwealth more than we

love our personal gain, we shall assuredly foster our resources and, whenever possible, add to them.

We fail to sense this obligation aright if we do not remember that our people are our greatest asset. Whatever makes for their good is conservation of the loftiest kind. That they may be safeguarded in their health, their recreation, their education, their homes, their worship, their property, their regulated freedom, their toil, should be our constant endeavor.

CONCLUSION.

Pennsylvania has always given home and haven to the people of the civilized world. Here we have had for a quarter of a millenium the most heterogeneous population of any State. There has never been persecution or oppression. In peace, in order, in brotherhood, we have grown into a mighty people, an empire of substantial purposes. Our people are law abiding and liberty loving. They want the right things to prevail. They welcome the unselfish leadership of clean men. They want and must have a clean, capable and conscientious administration of their public affairs. Those of us that serve should be frankly honest with them. They have a perfect right to know, and they shall know, what this administration stands for and will steadily do.

In the performance of public service let us adopt the finest code of our best citizens and put private integrity into public service. Let us all devoutly pray for this great State and by our words and our deeds humbly help our common God to save, to honor, to exalt this splendid Commonwealth He has given into our care and keeping.

SENATE RETURNS TO CHAMBER.

After some time the Senate returned to its Chamber.

RECESS.

Mr. KURTZ. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now take a recess until three o'clock.

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

AFTER RECESS.

The ACTING PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE (Mr. D. P. Gerberich) in the Chair.

The PRESIDENT. The time of recess having elapsed, the Senate will be in order.

INVENTION FOR THE CLEANING OF STREETS.

The Chair cleared his table and laid before the Senate communication, which was read as follows and referred to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation when appointed:

Chemnitz (Saxony), 79 Hainstrasse II., 11 August, 1914.

The President of the Senate, Philadelphia (Pennsylvania) on Delaware.

Sir:—I, herewith, have the honour to call your attention to an invention of mine which is fully described in the accompanying documents, and which in my opinion is of great general importance and interest.

To what extent its introduction would contribute to a maintenance of cleanliness in the streets, is a point left to the expert judgment of the Authorities which could also determine its sanitary advantages and the great saving of expenses it affords in connection with the cleaning of streets and squares.

I am furthermore prepared to place at the disposal of your Municipal Authorities two thirds of the sum eventually estimated as the value of the invention; said two thirds would form the basis of a fund devoted to the Assistance of the Widows and Orphans of carters, waggoners, etc. who have come to grief whilst in the execution of their duties.

I take the liberty to place it at your option to form, in cooperation with your Colleagues, some means for the introduction of this innovation in connection with Public Safety according to your best judgment.

I have the honour to be, Sir,

Your most humble and obedient servant,

EMIL CLEMENS UHLICH.

RECESS.

Mr. HOKE. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now take a further recess until four o'clock.

Mr. McCONNELL. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

AFTER RECESS.

The PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE (Mr. Charles H. Kline) in the Chair.

The PRESIDENT. The time of recess having elapsed, the Senate will be in order.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Clerk to the Governor being introduced, presented communication in writing from His Excellency the Governor of the Commonwealth, which was read as follows:

PRIVATE SECRETARY TO THE GOVERNOR.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, January 19, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have appointed James S. Hiatt of Philadelphia to be Private Secretary to the Governor.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

COMMUNICATIONS FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Private Secretary to the Governor being introduced, presented communications in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth which were read as follows:

ATTORNEY GENERAL.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, January 19, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, Francis Shunk Brown of Philadelphia, to be Attorney General of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

SECRETARY OF THE COMMONWEALTH.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, January 19, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, Cyrus E. Woods of Greensburg, to be Secretary of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

EXECUTIVE SESSION.

By unanimous consent,

A motion was made by Mr. Sproul,

That Rule 38 which requires nominations made by the Governor to be referred to proper committees be dispensed with, and the Senate do now resolve itself into executive session, for the purpose of acting on the foregoing nominations, and the nominations of Notaries Public received at this morning's session,

Which was agreed to,

Whereupon,

A motion was made by Mr. Sproul,

That the Senate do advise and consent to said nominations.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—48.

Beidleman,	Hackett,	McNichol,	Snyder, C. A.,
Buckman,	Hilton,	Miller,	Snyder, P. W.,
[illegible],	Hindman,	Mills,	Sones,
Catlin,	Hoke,	Moore,	Sproul,
Clark,	Homsher,	Patton,	Stewart,
Croft,	Jenkins,	Phipps,	Thompson,
Daix,	Kurtz,	Salus,	Tompkins,
DeWitt,	Lynch,	Schantz,	Vare,
Endsley,	Magee, C. J.,	Semmens,	Warner,
Farley,	Martin,	Sensenich,	Wasbers,
Gerberich,	McConnell,	Smith, R. F.,	Kline,
Graff,	McKee, W. S.,	Smith, W. W.,	Pres. pro tem.
Gyger,			

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Governor be informed accordingly.

ADJOURNMENT.

Mr. CHARLES A. SNYDER. Mr. President, I move the Senate do now adjourn until to-morrow morning at 10 o'clock.

Mr. THOMPSON. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The Senate adjourned at 4:30 o'clock P. M. until 10 o'clock Wednesday morning, January 20, 1915.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

TUESDAY, January 19, 1915.

The House met at 11:15 o'clock A. M.

The SPEAKER (Charles A. Ambler) in the Chair.

PRAYER.

Rev. Benjamin F. Bungard, member from Westmoreland County, offered the following prayer:

O, Thou Great Jehovah, Eternal God, Prince of Peace, Loving Father, in all Thy mercy this morning Thou hast looked down upon us and favored us with life and health to be able to be here this morning to transact this business which falls to our lot in this great Commonwealth which we so proudly represent, and Our Father and God this morning we invoke Thy blessing upon this Assembly and upon that Assembly which shall convene a little later in the day. Bless all the services, bless all mankind this morning, and be with us in all that we do and all that we think or say. May we be directed by Thee from whom cometh wisdom, peace, joy and knowledge. And Our Father this morning look upon us with Thy gracious smile that though we are created in Thy likeness, help us to live in Thy realms, and this day, Our Father, may it bring great joy and comfort to the many thus assembled. And now, Our Father, when our work is completed, for which Thou hast called us into this life, and as we speedily hasten toward that undiscovered country from whose bourne no traveler returns, when we are safely seated in the greatest assembly of all assemblies, at home with God, then well may we look down upon our imperfections in this world, and they will be perfected in yonder world; give us deliberation God's dignity and respect for our holy duties and guide us continually to Thy praise, in Jesus' name. Amen.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the Journal of yesterday's proceedings.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of yesterday's proceedings, when on motion of Mr. Ramsey, the further reading was dispensed with and the Journal was approved.

COMMITTEE TO ESCORT SENATE TO INAUGURATION CEREMONIES.

Mr. BALDWIN offered the following resolution, which was twice read, considered and agreed to:

Resolved, That a committee of three be appointed by the Speaker to wait upon the Senate and inform that body that the House will be ready at 11:40 to proceed to the front of the Capitol to attend the Inaugural Ceremonies.

The SPEAKER. The Chair appoints Messrs. Baldwin, Habgood and Kitts as said committee. The committee will retire at once to notify the Senate.

RECESS.

The SPEAKER. The House will now take a recess for ten minutes.

AFTER RECESS.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I desire to notify the House that the committee has performed its duty and notified the Senate in accordance with the resolution.

The SPEAKER. The committee is discharged with the thanks of the House.

RECESS.

If there are no objections the House will take a recess until four o'clock P. M.

AFTER RECESS.

The House reconvened at 4:00 o'clock P. M.

SPEAKER AMBLER in the Chair.

The SPEAKER. After the Governor finished the delivery of his inaugural address he placed in my hands a copy thereof which will now be read by the Clerk.

The Clerk read as follows:

INAUGURAL ADDRESS OF MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

Fellow Citizens of Pennsylvania:

In assuming the duties of the office to which you have elected me, I am humbled and steadied by the greatness of the obligation imposed and the abiding conviction that I can do my duty only when aided and guided by the Divine. In His name and for His people I enter upon this new field of endeavor. Fortunate, indeed, are we that our Commonwealth is enjoying to-day the blessings of peace and the inheritance of a worthy record through successive administrations of its public affairs. To add an additional chapter to an already honorable record is my earnest desire. To this end I solicit your active co-operation and your unselfish support. This Commonwealth and the colony from which it grew have a record of achievement so splendid that we may take an honest pride in maintaining its traditions, in advancing its interests, in publishing its virtues, in resenting its assailants and in proclaiming our happy lot that we are Pennsylvanians.

Throughout the campaign I stood squarely upon my platform pledges and was elected because the people believed I would use my utmost endeavor to secure legal enactments embodying these declarations. I shall assuredly do so. When 590,700 voters of this great Commonwealth give us a commission, they have a right to demand its fulfillment. A voice so potential is a command to the Legislature and the Executive which, if wise, both shall surely heed. If we give the people the laws they have demanded and we have promised, we shall perform a distinctly valuable service to the Commonwealth. If we fail to do this we must bear the consequences. I pledge myself to an unselfish service to the whole people of Pennsylvania, and ask your aid and active support both in securing good laws and in enforcing those now on the statute books.

We have been over-lawed. We have gone too far upon the theory that legislation is the cure of our social, economic and political ills. We have actually made legal criminals when, as a matter of duty, we should have addressed ourselves to the vastly more worthy task of educating our people into an increasing love for liberty, respect for law and devotion to our American civilization. We should never make a law that in its operation will work harm to the many and good only to the selfish or potential few. It is the business of government to make it easy to do right and difficult to do wrong. We need few additional laws. We could well afford to repeal many more than we enact. I trust, therefore, that we may all plan together to reduce enactments to a minimum, to reject all laws that do not hold the assurance of good to the many and so to facilitate legislation as to give to the people the few vital enactments they need and deserve. As speedily as may be, this we should do, and when this is done the Legislature should adjourn.

For the moral and the economic welfare of our people we must all stand surely and steadily. Our laws should not be only regulators of procedure, but educators of the public conscience. Our great assets are not material, but spiritual. A government that enriches life and widens a people's vision will endure. No other is worthy of the name. If we address ourselves anew to this holy experiment we shall easily add unto it all essential material good.

I am not unmindful that the quality of administration is the first concern and duty of the Governor. This I shall keep daily in mind. But I also submit that it is vital to the welfare of the people that the laws administered be of the sort that will ensure to our people "peace, safety and happiness." To secure such laws and no others is my duty quite as much as it is your duty. I take this occasion to urge upon you the importance of certain well-defined wishes and admitted needs of our people.

LOCAL OPTION.

I urge upon you, gentlemen of the Legislature, the enactment of a County Local Option law. The people of this Commonwealth have a perfect right to decide for themselves whether or not intoxicating liquors shall be sold in their several counties. This issue is before you. You must meet it, and meet it openly and fairly. I gave solemn assurance to the people that I favored such a law. Your Governor now asks you to join with him in its enactment. Every consideration of moment favors such procedure. The sooner we do so the better. Let this vexed question be taken from partisan control and given directly to the people. They will solve it beter than we can. The selection of judges in the several districts should no longer hinge upon this question. It has already worked harm to the judiciary and has lessened the regard of our people for the integrity and capacity of the final legal guardians of the people's sacred rights. It is a dominant issue in the public mind. The party that has given this great State its industrial and educational development has now the sacred opportunity of giving the State a great moral uplift. I trust we shall not fail the people on this issue. I repeat I am unequivocably for county local option.

HIGHWAYS.

The people who are the producers in Pennsylvania have a perfect right to insist upon better transportation facilities, both by land and by water. We add substantial good to our people when we make it easy to transport a maximum load at a minimum cost from farm and factory to the best markets and market stations. Four years ago, under the apprehension that the people would approve a $50,000,000 loan for roads, the State took over more than 9,000 miles of highways. To this, at the last session of the Legislature, additions were made. We now have under State control 10,200 miles of highways. The loan was not approved. The roads were taken over. This was a mistake. The current revenues will not properly care for these roads. They are becoming increasingly unsatisfactory. Unless largely increased revenues are provided it would be wise to admit this mistake and begin again upon the road problem. We must have now a road policy that will meet reasonable acceptance and permit of a continuous treatment for many years to come. The people need, and must have at once, better transportation facilities.

The State should find revenues adequate to the construction of a few great highways, routed between the great centers of population. These should be well built, and when built placed under the care of capable supervisors, whose duty it should be to keep them daily in good repair. It is sheer folly to construct a costly road and, unsupervised, allow it to deteriorate. These supervisors should be licensed road-keepers and not political accidents. Unless a man knows how to repair a road and is willing to put his knowledge to use, he ought never to receive appointment and pay from the State.

We also need State-aided roads. These may perhaps best be worked out on the county unit plan. The county, with power to collect from each political sub-division its quota of road taxes, should receive an equal sum from the Commonwealth. The money thus secured should be expended pro rata by the county upon the roads of the several townships. The routes should be as far as possible those connecting county seats, and the plans and perhaps all, surely part, of the supervision of construction be approved and supplied by the State. Roads should cost less than in the past. The people should know all the while what is being done and what expense is involved. A good highway is not only a public necessity but an actual attainable good for our people.

The State has now many miles of privately owned roads. These are maintained; some well, some badly, by the fees exacted from the users. These should be acquired and made a part of the public road system of the State. It is no credit to us that toll roads, once a blessing, now an irritation, should continue to exist in Pennsylvania.

So vital is this matter and so imminent is the demand that I urge you to reduce your appropriations in other directions as far as possible in order to give the highways the largest possible appropriations.

CIVIL SERVICE.

The public service should be as efficient and economical as private service. I believe in and would approve a sane and practical State civil service.

EDUCATION.

Under the school code our schools have made commendable progress. With few exceptions the provisions of that code are so essentially wise that they should not be changed. Your State Board of Education, to whom the law delegates the duty of suggesting such school legislation as should be enacted, will in due time advise you concerning the laws, if any, that would increase the efficiency of our school. I commend their findings to you. As the number of pupils to be educated increases the appropriations should increase. More attention must be given to vocational education. We have the largest number of farmers of any State in the Union. Surely agriculture should command greater attention in our schools. I favor the creation of many rural high schools in which both boys and girls may be taught how to earn on the farm and in the home an honest livelihood. An education that does not increase the size of the loaf on the family table is scarcely worth the attention of our people. All education, no matter how liberal and cultural, should be so imparted as to make it usable. The facilities for training teachers should be improved, better supervision provided and higher education encouraged. But the emphasis of the State's concern should rest upon the schools of the many—the great common school so dear to our people and so essential to their welfare. We need a greatly enlarged permanent school fund. Universal education is the best safeguard of our liberties, and money devoted to right education is the State's best investment.

WOMAN SUFFRAGE.

The resolution passed by the last Legislature submitting an amendment to the Constitution providing for woman suffrage should be re-enacted and the voters allowed to determine for themselves whether or not women shall vote in Pennsylvania.

APPROPRIATIONS TO CHARITY.

Pennsylvania leads all States in its support of dependents. Its record should be maintained. But there is neither sense nor justice in unstudied appropriations to our many charitable institutions and agencies. These constitute important and wholly worthy objects of public concern and support. The Legislature should know from competent authority their real needs and should follow such knowledge in making its appropriations. Moreover the bounty of the State should never exceed the assured income of the State. It should not again occur that the obligation of lessening this bounty should be placed upon the Executive.

It may be that some wiser and surer method can be devised to ensure these funds doing the greatest good and reaching directly the institutions and agencies whose service is best or most needed. Surely the supervision of the State should follow absolutely its gifts. The State can afford to be generous only when it is just.

LABOR AND ITS CLAIMS.

The people who toil are among the choicest assets of our Commonwealth. For their protection, their comfort, their advancement, their happiness, we are all securely pledged. I shall welcome any laws that promote these essentially wise ends. We must enact a fair and certain Workmen's Compensation Act. Its provisions should secure reasonable compensation to those who in their daily toil suffer from accident or disease. It should assuredly make for the prevention of accidents. This compensation should be guaranteed.

The funds for its prompt payment should be counted among the costs of production. In scope it should not include labor upon the farm nor domestice service. Great care should be exercised to see that the law be drawn in strict compliance with constitutional limitations. The present Liability Act needs amendment to the end that it may be in full accord with the above proposed act and that both alike may guarantee to our workers the certain and speedy relief they merit and should have.

Our Child Labor Laws are inadequate and unsatisfactory. No child under sixteen should be allowed to work. He should be in school. The small sum he earns prior to sixteen at the cost of his physical and mental development is a pittance compared with the loss he and the Commonwealth sustain under present law. Such "penny wise" and "pound foolish" laws are unworthy this great State. When a child is not at work under law he should be in school. He should never be a licensed loafer on the streets. The hours of toil should be supplemented by hours of study in school. Continuation schools to which our children who toil may resort for practical and specific aid should be maintained in every industrial center. No child should be allowed to enter upon any form of service who is not certified by competent agents to be physically fit for such service.

In this great industrial State it is our duty to pay definite attention to the housing problem. Every family should be housed in a home that is private, sanitary, safe and attainable at a reasonable rental. I urge your attention to this important problem. We cannot breed good citizens in disgraceful houses. It would be a great pleasure to me and a great blessing to our workmen if this problem were adequately met now.

OUR FARMS.

We have not learned how to make the most of our soil. The rewards of our toil on the farm are not what they should be. The State should grow more food than it consumes. We ought not to be buyers but sellers of foods. Money should flow to us, not away from us. The departments of the government charged with the conservation of our soil and the scientific development of our crops have sprung up, one at a time, as their services were required and no effort has been made to articulate and co-ordinate these several agencies. There is at least departmental confusion if not actual duplication and conflict of activities. All this means waste in funds and lessened service to the farmer. I hope in this session of the Legislature to have such action taken as will separate the teaching from the administrative functions of these agencies and reduce each to an ordered and scientific service. The funds for the advancement of our agricultural interests ought to express themselves much more largely in wheat and corn and potatoes and less in clerical and other forms of routine service. Let us legislate for the farmer rather than for the office holder.

MUNICIPAL REGULATION.

Our cities have grown more rapidly than our rural districts. Our urban population is so complex that it scarcely knows how to apply the principles of democracy. These people will learn, even if they blunder, when they have the fullest responsibility of control placed squarely upon them. They will learn much more slowly, if at all, while the State at long range is the large regulator of their conduct and their corporate life. Our laws ought not to hinder but help these great groups speedily to find themselves in the difficult task of adjusting municipal affairs to individual welfare. The State should give these municipalities wider freedom of opportunity to develop as they would, and to place definite responsibility upon them so to regulate their affairs as to make our cities centers of moral uplift and examples of clean, capable administration.

CONSERVATION.

Once Pennsylvania was rich in natural resources and unequalled in natural beauty. Much of its wealth has been taken from it. Much yet remains. Its ownership has passed to private and to corporate agencies. They have rights that must be respected. So also have the people of the State a claim upon these great natural assets. In their marketing the Commonwealth plays an essential part. In the returns the people ought also to share. A reasonable tax upon our great natural resources as they flow to our markets is both fair and wise. Our public lands represent a new and increasingly valuable asset. We should speedily acquire many more acres and assist nature to reforest the same. The State can well afford to invest part of its income for the welfare of succeeding generations. Indeed, if we love our continuing Commonwealth more than we love our personal gain, we shall assuredly foster our resources and, whenever possible, add to them.

We fail to sense this obligation aright if we do not remember that our people are our greatest asset. Whatever makes for their good is conservation of the loftiest kind. That they may be safeguarded in their health, their recreation, their education, their homes, their worship, their property, their regulated freedom, their toil, should be our constant endeavor.

CONCLUSION.

Pennsylvania has always given home and haven to the people of the civilized world. Here we have had for a quarter of a millenium the most heterogeneous population of any State. There has never been persecution or oppression. In peace, in order, in brotherhood, we have grown into a mighty people, an empire of substantial purposes. Our people are law abiding and liberty loving. They want the right things to prevail. They welcome the unselfish leadership of clean men. They want and must have a clean, capable and conscientious administration of their public affairs. Those of us that serve should be frankly honest with them. They have a perfect right to know, and they shall know, what this administration stands for and will steadily do.

In the performance of public service let us adopt the finest code of our best citizens and put private integrity into public service. Let us all devoutly pray for this great State and by our words and our deeds humbly help our common God to save, to honor, to exalt this splendid Commonwealth He has given into our care and keeping.

ADJOURNMENT.

Mr. SHAFFER. Mr. Speaker, I move that the House do now adjourn.

The motion was agreed to, and (at 4:15 P. M.) the House adjourned until to-morrow morning at 10:00 o'clock.

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA.

Legislative Journal.

Session 1915 — 121st of the General Assembly

VOL. 3. HARRISBURG, PA., WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 20, 1915 No. 4.

SENATE.

WEDNESDAY, January 20, 1915.

The Senate met at 10 o'clock A. M.

The PRESIDENT (Lieutenant-Governor Frank B. McClain) in the Chair.

PRAYER.

The Chaplain, Rev. A. C. James, offered the following prayer:

The earth is the Lord's and the fullness thereof, the world and they that dwell therein. For He hath founded it upon the seas and established it upon the floods. Who shall ascend into the hill of the Lord; who shall stand in His holy hill; he who hath clean hands and a pure heart, who hath not lifted up his soul unto vanity nor sworn deceitfully; he shall receive the blessing from the Lord and righteousness from the God of his salvation. Lift up your heads, O ye gates, and be ye lift up, ye everlasting doors, and the King of Glory shall come in. Who is this King of Glory? The Lord, strong and mighty, the Lord mighty in battle. Lift up your heads, O ye gates, even lift them up ye everlasting doors, and the King of Glory shall come in. Who is this King of Glory? The Lord of Hosts is this King of Glory. The Lord be with thee when we are absent one from another. Amen.

The PRESIDENT. The Clerk will read the Journal of yesterday's proceedings.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of yesterday's proceedings, when, on motion of Mr. Gerberich, the further reading was dispensed with and the Journal was approved.

TIME OF NEXT MEETING.

Mr. HOMSHER offered the following resolution, which was twice read, considered and agreed to:

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That when the Legislature adjourns today it be to meet on Monday evening, January twenty-fifth, at nine o'clock.

RECESS.

Mr. VARE. Mr. President, I move the Senate do now take a recess for five minutes.

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

AFTER RECESS.

The PRESIDENT. The time of recess having elapsed, the Senate will be in order.

APPOINTMENT OF THE STANDING COMMITTEES OF SENATE.

The PRESIDENT. The President Pro Tempore announces the appointment of the following standing committees of the Senate of Pennsylvania for the session of 1915.

The Committees were read by the Clerk as follows:

AGRICULTURE.

Messrs.	Martin, Chairman,	Croft,
	Endsley,	Homsher,
	Gyger,	Stewart,
	Miller,	Warner,
	Snyder, P. W.,	Kline, ex-officio.

APPROPRIATIONS.

Messrs.	Buckman, Chairman,	Croft,
	Kurtz,	Daix,
	Snyder, C. A.,	Gyger,
	Crow,	Semmens,
	Sproul,	Phipps,
	Endsley,	McConnell,
	Catlin,	Magee,
	Clark,	Lynch,
	Homsher,	Mills,
	McNichol,	Gerberich,
	Salus,	Schantz,
	Vare,	Sones,
	Beidleman,	DeWitt,
	Graff,	Farley,
	Hoke,	Wasbers,
	Martin,	Tompkins,
	Moore,	Hackett,
	Sensenich,	Kline, ex-officio.
	Thompson,	

BANKS AND BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATIONS.

Messrs.	Beidleman, Chairman,	Endsley,
	Daix,	Kurtz,
	Salus,	Graff,
	Croft,	DeWitt,
	Homsher,	Sones,
	Catlin,	Kline, ex-officio.
	McConnell,	

CANALS AND NAVIGATION.

Messrs.	Magee, Chairman,	Smith, R. E.,
	Graff,	Hilton,
	Miller,	Hindman,
	Patton,	Kline, ex-officio.
	Moore,	

CITY PASSENGER RAILWAYS.

Messrs.	Homsher, Chairman,	Schantz,
	Thompson,	McKee,
	Catlin,	Jenkins,
	Vare,	Sones,
	McNichol,	DeWitt,
	Beidleman,	Kline, ex-officio.
	Daix,	

CONGRESSIONAL APPORTIONMENT.

Messrs.	Lynch, Chairman,	Clark,
	Homsher,	Phipps,
	Magee,	Sensenich,
	Snyder, P. W.,	Snyder, C. A.,
	McKee,	Smith, R. E.,
	Crow,	Hindman,
	Kurtz,	Hackett,
	Mills,	Kline, ex-officio.

CORPORATIONS.

Messrs.	Crow, Chairman,	Phipps,
	Sproul,	Burke,
	McNichol,	Patton,
	Vare,	Warner,
	Endsley,	Tompkins,
	Kurtz,	Herbst,
	Semmens,	Kline, ex-officio.

EDUCATION.

Messrs.	Hoke, Chairman,	McKee,
	Snyder, C. A.,	Mills,
	Gyger,	Herbst,
	Magee,	Tompkins,
	Martin,	Warner,
	Moore,	Hilton,
	Snyder, P. W.,	Kline, ex-officio.
	Schantz,	

ELECTIONS.

Messrs.	McNichol, Chairman,	McConnell,
	Catlin,	Lynch,
	Vare,	Buckman,
	Burke,	Sones,
	Graff,	Farley,
	Salus,	Kline, ex-officio.

EXECUTIVE NOMINATIONS.

Messrs. Crow, Chairman, Vare, McNichol, Sproul, Catlin, Snyder, C. A., Kline, ex-officio.

EXPOSITION AFFAIRS.

Messrs. Daix, Chairman, Clark, Martin, Smith, W. W., Miller, Warner, Hindman, Kline, ex-officio.

FEDERAL RELATIONS.

Messrs. Gyger, Chairman, McKee, Smith, R. E., Snyder, C. A., Stewart, Hindman, Hilton, Kline, ex-officio.

FINANCE.

Messrs. Sproul, Chairman, Crow, Beidleman, Catlin, McNichol, Vare, Martin, Clark, Miller, DeWitt, Hackett, Kline, ex-officio.

FORESTRY.

Messrs. Mills, Chairman, Endsley, Homsher, Miller, Lynch, Herbst, Hilton, Wasbers, Kline, ex-officio.

GAME AND FISHERIES.

Messrs. Moore, Chairman, Clark, Buckman, Gyger, Mills, McConnell, Semmens, Wasbers, Herbst, Hackett, Tompkins, Kline, ex-officio.

INSURANCE.

Messrs. Graff, Chairman, Vare, Schantz, Semmens, Martin, Daix, Moore, McConnell, Gerberich, Burke, Crow, Farley, Tompkins, Hindman, Kline, ex-officio.

JUDICIAL APPORTIONMENT.

Messrs. Jenkins, Chairman, Semmens, Snyder, P. W., Daix, Gyger, Hoke, Smith, R. E., Gerberich, Burke, Mills, Patton, Hindman, Herbst, Hackett, Kline, ex-officio.

JUDICIARY GENERAL.

Messrs. Clark, Chairman, Beidleman, Crow, Buckman, Salus, Snyder, C. A., Daix, Hoke, Mills, Thompson, Magee, Schantz, Sproul, Patton, Jenkins, Phipps, Hindman, Tompkins, Kline, ex-officio.

JUDICIARY SPECIAL.

Messrs. Snyder, C. A., Chairman, Crow, McNichol, Kurtz, Daix, Mills, Moore, Thompson, McConnell, Lynch, Gerberich, Patton, Smith, W. W., Sones, DeWitt, Tompkins, Kline, ex-officio.

LAW AND ORDER.

Messrs. Salus, Chairman, Magee, Burke, Vare, McNichol, Sensenich, Clark, Hackett, Herbst, DeWitt, Kline, ex-officio.

LEGISLATIVE APPORTIONMENT.

Messrs. McConnell, Chairman, Homsher, Buckman, Daix, Hoke, Snyder, P. W., Magee, Schantz, Gerberich, Jenkins, Semmens, Catlin, Stewart, Hindman, Warner, Kline, ex-officio.

LIBRARY.

Messrs. Schantz, Chairman, Hoke, Sensenich, Smith, W. W., Patton, Hilton, Farley, Kline, ex-officio.

MILITARY AFFAIRS.

Messrs. McKee, Chairman, Thompson, Smith, W. W., Phipps, Hackett, Warner, Wasbers, Kline, ex-officio.

MINES AND MINING.

Messrs. Thompson, Chairman, Buckman, Clark, Croft, Endsley, Phipps, Sensenich, Homsher, Crow, Sones, Hackett, Kline, ex-officio.

MUNICIPAL AFFAIRS.

Messrs. Vare, Chairman, McKee, McNichol, Clark, Magee, Salus, Beidleman, Burke, Schantz, Thompson, Patton, Smith, W. W., Sones, Farley, Hackett, Kline, ex-officio.

NEW COUNTIES AND COUNTY SEATS.

Messrs. Catlin, Chairman, Moore, Smith, R. E., Jenkins, Graff, McKee, Semmens, Stewart, Kline, ex-officio.

PENSIONS AND GRATUITIES.

Messrs. Burke, Chairman, Salus, Graff, Patton, Martin, Phipps, Schantz, Hindman, Stewart, Kline, ex-officio.

PUBLIC GROUNDS AND BUILDINGS.

Messrs. Sensenich, Chairman, Beidleman, Endsley, Homsher, Buckman, Hoke, McConnell, Hackett, Wasbers, Kline, ex-officio.

PUBLIC HEALTH AND SANITATION.

Messrs. Gerberich, Chairman, Endsley, Daix, Burke, Moore, Snyder, C. A., Snyder, P. W., McKee, Thompson, Lynch, Kurtz, Beidleman, Schantz, Herbst, Tompkins, Farley, Kline, ex-officio.

PUBLIC PRINTING.

Messrs. Smith, W. W., Chairman, Mills, Hoke, Patton, Jenkins, Martin, Smith, R. E., Hilton, Wasbers, Farley, Kline, ex-officio.

PUBLIC ROADS AND HIGHWAYS.

Messrs. Kurtz, Chairman, Endsley, Buckman, Sproul, Vare, Clark, Thompson, Lynch, Croft, Martin, Snyder, P. W., Gyger, McNichol, Catlin, Beidleman, Mills, Graff, Sones, Stewart, DeWitt, Tompkins, Warner, Wasbers, Kline, ex-officio.

PUBLIC SUPPLY OF LIGHT, HEAT AND WATER.

Messrs. Croft, Chairman, Smith, R. E., Semmens, Jenkins, Lynch, Miller, Patton, Snyder, P. W., Hilton, Stewart, Warner, Kline, ex-officio.

RAILROADS.

Messrs. Endsley, Chairman, Sproul, Kurtz, Miller, Graff, Catlin, Burke, Croft, Jenkins, Sones, Wasbers, Hackett, Kline, ex-officio.

COMMUNICATIONS FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Private Secretary to the Governor being introduced, presented communications in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which were laid upon the table.

PAGE TO PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE.

The PRESIDENT. In behalf of the President Pro Tempore, I announce the appointment of Albert S. Cooper, of Harrisburg, Dauphin County, as Page to the President Pro Tempore.

OFFICERS AND EMPLOYES OF THE SENATE.

Mr. SPROUL offered the following resolution, which was twice read, considered and agreed to:

Resolved, That in addition to the officers already elected the following persons be elected officers and employes of the Senate for the session of 1915:

JOURNAL CLERK.

Arthur J. Lyons, Corry, Erie County.

READING CLERK.

William P. Gallagher, Wilkes-Barre, Luzerne County.

EXECUTIVE CLERK.

John M. Flynn, 1114 McKean Street, Philadelphia.

DESK CLERK.

John McKeown, 2227 Brainbridge Street, Philadelphia.

MESSAGE CLERK.

J. Rauer Reinoehl, Lebanon, Lebanon County.

BILL BOOK CLERK.

David E. Watson, 105 East Haines Street, Germantown, Philadelphia.

BILLS IN PLACE BOOK CLERK.

John J. O'Donnell, Allentown, Lehigh County.

PETITION BOOK CLERK.

R. M. Sutton, Indiana, Indiana County.

TRANSCRIBING CLERKS.

William G. Dick, Hites, Allegheny County.
Harry Sisk, Factoryville, Wyoming County.

ASSISTANT SERGEANTS-AT-ARMS.

Oliver S. Riblet, Erie, Erie County.
John J. Keffer, 200 South Twelfth Street, Philadelphia.
George F. Schlegle, Reamstown, Lancaster County.
Thomas Casey, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

POSTMASTER.

Warren McCreary, Butler, Butler County.

MESSENGER.

William H. Sheaffer, Oriental, Juniata County.

ASSISTANT MESSENGER.

George Geiger, 2917 Cambridge Street, Philadelphia.

DOORKEEPER.

John J. McCloskey, 1843 South Fifty-fifth Street, Philadelphia.

ASSISTANT DOORKEEPERS.

George V. Larrabee, North Jackson, Susquehanna County.
J. Frank Hoover, Shamokin, Northumberland County.
George Miller, Irwin, Westmoreland County.
Phillip W. Roll, Clarks Summit, Lackawanna County.
James J. Sweeney, Chester, Delaware County.
George W. Dunn, 3260 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia.
Walter S. Leard, Worthington, Armstrong County.
Charles I. Myers, Waynesboro, Franklin County.

SUPERINTENDENT OF FOLDING ROOM.

Henry A. Campfield, Meadville, Crawford County.

PASTERS AND FOLDERS.

Arian H. Bahny, Wilkes-Barre, Luzerne County.
Michael Stephens, 2811 North Fourth Street, Philadelphia.
Marion F. Williams, Gettysburg, Adams County.
T. Baker Jackson, Nine Points, Lancaster County.
Glenn Hardy, McKeesport, Allegheny County.
John Woodward, Pottsville, Schuylkill County.

CHAPLAIN.

Rev. Thomas W. Davis, 236 Morris Street, Philadelphia.

WATCHMEN.

Edward Ambush, 513 South Fifteenth Street, Philadelphia.
Charles Murphy, 1009 Frankford Avenue, Philadelphia.

OVERSEER, HEAT AND VENTILATION.

Robert H. Hendrickson, 1511 Monterey Street, N. S. Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.

CLERKS TO COMMITTEES.

Alfred Jenkins, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.
Joseph Skelton, Cynwyd, Montgomery County.
Edward J. Hart, Pittston, Luzerne County.
Frank M. Forney, Somerset, Somerset County.
Bennett F. Kiehl, Greensburg, Westmoreland County.
Thomas E. Renton, 229 Charles Street, Knoxville, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County.
John C. Chamberlain, Everett, Bedford County.
Francis J. Farley, McKees Rocks, Allegheny County.
F. Montgomery Parks, Oil City, Venango County.
William D. Benny, Juniata, Blair County.
Wade Henderson, Brookville, Jefferson County.
Harry James, Philadelphia.

ELEVATOR OPERATOR.

William J. Hodge, Phoenixville, Chester County.

ASSISTANT ELEVATOR OPERATOR.

Peter Foly, Mahoney City, Schuylkill County.

CUSTODIANS, COMMITTEE ROOMS.

Edwin W. Stroup, Andersonburg, Perry County.
Frederick Fox, Lebanon, Lebanon County.
John C. Cato, Aliquippa, Beaver County.

CUSTODIANS, WASH ROOM.

Anthony Frenie, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

ASSISTANT CUSTODIANS, WASH ROOM.

William Sperling, 1245 North Sixteenth Street, Philadelphia.
H. Wallace Kaer, Minersville, Schuylkill County.

CUSTODIAN, COAT ROOM.

William H. Hill, New Castle, Lawrence County.

CUSTODIAN, BASEMENT.

John R. Barr, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

ASSISTANT CUSTODIAN, BASEMENT.

Frederick Thompson, Bellefonte, Centre County.

CUSTODIAN, NEWSPAPERMEN'S ROOM.

Wliliam R. Douglas, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

CHIEF PAGE.

Edward C. Smith, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

PAGES.

George Pass, Mechanicsburg, Cumberland County.
W. John Stiteler, Davidsville, Somerset County.
W. Reynold Wilson, Shamokin, Northumberland County.
George C. Bloser, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.
Israel Cohen, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.
J. Russell Peck, Oberlin, Dauphin County.
James L. Baker, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.
Flemon Kauffman, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.
W. E. Knisely, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.
Walter S. Young, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.
Joseph Garner, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.
Oren Mikle, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.
Derrick W. Fahnestock, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.
Chester Bratten, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

The PRESIDENT. I therefore declare the persons named in the resolution as having been duly elected officers and employes of the Senate for the session of 1915.

APPOINTMENTS BY THE CHIEF CLERK.

The PRESIDENT. The Chief Clerk announces the following appointments:

CHIEF OFFICIAL REPORTER.

Frank E. Ziegler, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.

OFFICIAL REPORTERS.

John Ruth, Lebanon, Lebanon County.
E. Ross Ranck, Lancaster, Lancaster County.

EXPERT TYPEWRITERS.

Otto F. Messner, Williamstown, Dauphin County.
Frank I. Gollmar, West View, Allegheny County.
Edgar Powell, Connellsville, Fayette County.

CLERKS, LEGISLATIVE JOURNAL.

Robert H. Denehey, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.
Charles Thresher, Perryopolis, Fayette County.

PROOF READERS, LEGISLATIVE JOURNAL.

Harry E. Earp, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.
Herman Dilsheimer, 522 North Orianna Street, Philadelphia.

COPYHOLDERS, LEGISLATIVE JOURNAL.

Harry A. Van Horn, Harrisburg, Dauphin County.
Donald P. Beemer, Uniontown, Fayette County.

STENOGRAPHER TO CHIEF CLERK.

Edward Duggan, Connellsville, Fayette County.

PRIVATE SECRETARY TO LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR.

The PRESIDENT. The Lieutenant-Governor announces the appointment of his Private Secretary, Alma K. Boyd.

HOUSE MESSAGE.

TIME OF NEXT MEETING.

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced informed the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred in the resolution from the Senate, as follows:

In the Senate, January 20, 1915.

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That when the Legislature adjourns to-day it be to meet on Monday evening, January twenty-fifth, at nine o'clock.

APPOINTMENTS BY THE GOVERNOR.

The Chair cleared his table and laid before the Senate communications in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which were read as follows:

NOTARIES PUBLIC.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, January 20, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons to be Notaries Public for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, for the term of four years, to compute from the dates set opposite their names, respectively:

ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

Francesco Lonetti, Pittsburgh, January 21, 1915.
S. F. Boyer, Pittsburgh, January 28, 1915.

BUCKS COUNTY.

T. Sidney Cadwallader, Yardley, January 21, 1915.
Henry A. James, Doylestown, January 23, 1915.
William H. Booz, Bristol, January 23, 1915.
Saverio Aita, Bristol, January 23, 1915.

CHESTER COUNTY.

Wm. H. Rogers, Spring City, January 25, 1915.

CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

A. M. Clark, Carlisle, January, 28, 1915.

ELK COUNTY.

F. S. O'Donnel, Johnsonburg, January 21, 1915.

GREENE COUNTY.

Miss Edna A. Pryor, Waynesburg, January 23, 1915.

LACKAWANNA COUNTY.

H. D. Carey, Scranton, January 21, 1915.
P. Silas Walter, Scranton, January 23, 1915.

LANCASTER COUNTY.

W. S. Buch, Lititz, January 23, 1915.

LAWRENCE COUNTY.

J. Clyde Gilfillan, New Castle, January 30, 1915.

MERCER COUNTY.

John H. Elliott, Sharon, January, 22, 1915.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY.

Albert G. Smith, Philadelphia, January 21, 1915.
John Thiel, Philadelphia, January 23, 1915.
Frederick W. Bauer, Philadelphia, January 24, 1915.

WESTMORELAND COUNTY.

Chas. M. Johnston, Bolivar, January 23, 1915.

NORTHUMBERLAND COUNTY.

Joseph R. Housel, Watsontown, January 31, 1915.
Franklin A. Lahr, Herndon, January 21, 1915.

DELAWARE COUNTY.

Samuel Lyons, Chester, January 30, 1915.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, January 20, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons to be Notaries Public for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, for the term of four years, to compute from the date of their confirmation:

ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

Geo. P. Kolls, Pittsburgh.

BERKS COUNTY.

Ray H. Strauss, Womelsdorf.

BUCKS COUNTY.

Harvey D. Fellman, Richland Twp.

CAMBRIA COUNTY.

Miss S. Ethal Weimer, Johnstown.

CRAWFORD COUNTY.

Philip P. Wenz, Meadville.
A. M. Fenner, Linesville.

LACKAWANNA COUNTY.

Thomas Griffin Smith, Carbondale.

LEHIGH COUNTY.

Harry F. Smith, Allentown.
Miss Mary O'Donnell, Allentown.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY.

Alfred Raymond Smith, Philadelphia.
C. Wilson Roberts, Philadelphia.
C. Ralph Sorber, Philadelphia.
Herman L. Sendmeyer, Philadelphia.
Wm. H. G. Gould, Philadelphia.
Robert H. Morrow, Philadelphia.
Edward T. Tyson, Jr., Philadelphia.
Benjamin J. Aitken, Philadelphia.
Leonard G. Irvin, Philadelphia.
P. J. McFarland, Philadelphia.

WAYNE COUNTY.

Robt. A. Smith, Jr., Honesdale.

WASHINGTON COUNTY.

John W. McDowell, Washington.

McKEAN COUNTY.

H. M. Jack, Bradford.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

JUSTICES OF THE PEACE.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, January 20, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, Alvin S. Bowman, to be a Justice of the Peace in and for the borough of Palmyra, Lebanon County, to serve until the first Monday of January, 1916, vice Frank B. Hugendubler, deceased.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

EXECUTIVE SESSION.

By unanimous consent,

A motion was made by Mr. GERBERICH,

That Rule 38 which requires nominations made by the Governor to be referred to proper committees be dispensed with, and the Senate do now resolve itself into executive session, for the purpose of acting on the foregoing nominations,

Which was agreed to,

Whereupon,

A motion was made by Mr. GERBERICH,

That the Senate do advise and consent to said nominations.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—48.

Beidleman,	Gyger,	McConnell,	Smith, R. E.,
Buckman,	Hackett,	McKee, W. S.,	Smith, W. W.,
Burke,	Hilton,	McNichol,	Snyder, C. A.,
Catlin,	Hindman,	Miller,	Snyder, P. W.,
Clark,	Hoke,	Mills,	Sones,
Croft,	Homsher,	Moore,	Sproul,
Daix,	Jenkins,	Patton,	Stewart,
DeWitt,	Kline,	Phipps,	Thompson,
Endsley,	Kurtz,	Salus,	Tompkins,
Farley,	Lynch,	Schantz,	Vare,
Gerberich,	Magee, C. J.,	Semmens,	Warner,
Graff,	Martin,	Sensenich,	Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Governor be informed accordingly.

ADJOURNMENT.

Mr. KURTZ. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now adjourn.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The Senate adjourned at 12 o'clock M., until 9 o'clock Monday evening, January 25, 1915.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

WEDNESDAY, January 20, 1915.

The House met at 10.00 o'clock A. M.

The SPEAKER (Charles A. Ambler) in the Chair.

PRAYER.

REV. BENJAMIN F. BUNGARD, member from Westmoreland county, offered the following prayer:

Almighty God, Maker of Heaven and earth, Creator of man and Redeemer of man, we come to Thee this morning because there is no one above Thee. We recognize this sovereignty of God this morning. Out of the great deep man is born; into the thick deep we go, Our Heavenly Father, this morning we are here not as individual representatives, but representatives of this great Commonwealth; representatives of our people, that government shall be for the people and by the people. Help us then, our Father, to be humble servants of Thine in filling this holy and this great office with dignity and respect to our constituencies and to this great Commonwealth. Bless the new Governor, O God, and help us as Thy helpers and his helpers to make this administration one of great worth to this Commonwealth; that we might stand by him and help him in everything that is for the betterment of mankind, that peace and prosperity might be ushered into this great Commonwealth, and the restoration of all commercial enterprises, so that the wheels of commerce might again be heard humming and running. And now, O God, to Thy praise we would direct our minds this morning, and help us as we are met here to be men, to be known as men, and to have a respect for one another, and above all for Thee. Bless us in all the deliberations of the day, and finally bring us where we shall assemble and be at home with God. Amen.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the Journal of the proceedings of Tuesday, January 19th, 1915.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of Tuesday, January 19th, 1915, when, on motion of Mr. Stein, the further reading was dispensed with, and the Journal was approved.

ANNOUNCEMENT OF STANDING COMMITTEES.

The SPEAKER. Under the authority of the rules of the House, the Chair announces the following Standing Committees for this session. The Clerk will read the list.

The Clerk then read the list as follows:

ACCOUNTS.

Messrs.	Evans, Chairman,	Bergy,
	Corbin,	Blackburn,
	Alexander,	Bovee,
	Alcorn,	Brownlee,
	Geary,	Brumbaugh,
	Lipschutz,	Bungard,
	Glass,	Gallagher,
	Sones,	Luxemburger,
	Young,	Rudisill,
	Woodward,	Watson,
	Hubler,	Sarig,
	Walsh,	Kunkle.
	Albee,	

AGRICULTURE.

Messrs.	Hibshman, Chairman,	Marvin,
	Gibson,	Showalter,
	Williams,	Shoop,
	Stone,	Alcorn,
	Heyburn,	McClure,
	Landis,	Bergy,
	Hollingsworth,	Goodnough,
	Evans,	McConnell,
	Jones, W. W.,	Young,
	Davis,	Herman,
	Jones, E. E.,	Rothenberger,
	Cromer,	Trach.
	Jack,	

APPROPRIATIONS.

Messrs.	Woodward, Chairman,	Neville,
	Ehrhardt,	McClintock,
	Cox,	Sinclair,
	Hess,	Fruit,
	Curry,	Scott,
	Geary,	Nieder,
	Gans,	Rininger,
	Conner,	Bovee,
	Steedle,	Thomas,
	Ramsey,	Shaaber,
	Kaiser,	Greenwood,
	Myers,	Spangler,
	Aron,	Jones, E. E.,
	Walter,	Lindsey,
	Eby,	Perry,
	Coldsmith,	Flynn,
	Walton,	Shaffer,
	McCaig,	Body,
	Wood,	Kitts,
	Schaeffer,	Murphy.

BANKS.

Messrs.	Hoffman, Chairman,	Rininger,
	Williams,	McVicar,
	Bauerle,	Rowell,
	Whitaker,	Cromer,
	Habgood,	Statler,
	Gans,	Mangan,
	Harper,	Drinkhouse,
	Lynch,	Wylie,
	Gormley,	Beck,
	Myers,	Glenn,
	Swartz,	Watson,
	Brownlee,	Luppert.
	Rich,	

BUREAU OF STATISTICS.

Messrs.	Snyder, Chairman,	McConnell,
	Robertson,	Pickering,
	Neville,	Schaeffer,
	Ostrander,	Scott,
	Dawson,	Stern,
	Mearkle,	Twibill,
	Urich,	Ehrhardt,
	Lauler,	Baldwin,
	Wobensmith,	Metzenbacher,
	Howarth,	Body,
	Vickerman,	Beck,
	Rowell,	Gompers.
	Haggerty,	

CENTENNIAL AFFAIRS.

Messrs.	Kaiser, Chairman,	Eby,
	Adams,	Lindsey,
	Wettach,	Marvin,
	Davis,	McCurdy,
	Jones, W. W.,	Heffernan,
	Cromer,	Rich,
	Staving,	Sampsel,
	Spangler,	Perry,
	Nieder,	Kunkel,
	Mangan,	Diefenderfer,
	Urich,	Wynne,
	Fackler,	Mellott.

ELECTRIC RAILWAYS.

Messrs. Curry, Chairman.
Rhoads,
Haggerty,
Cummins,
Weir,
Bauerle,
Perry,
McArdle,
Wildman,
Schaeffer,
Thomas,
Lafferty,
McConnell,
Steedle,
Coldsmith,
Gormley,
Lynch,
Aron,
Murdoch,
Graham,
Willard,
Hamilton,
Rinn,
Gingery,
Murphy.

COMPARE BILLS.

Messrs. Goodwin, Chairman,
Klinger,
Lipschutz,
Wobensmith,
Geary,
Lauler,
McVicar,
Sullivan,
Rowell,
Wilson, H. L.,
Baldwin,
Landis,
Neville,
Harper,
Heyburn,
Hibshman,
Hillingsworth,
Richards,
Rininger,
Robertson,
Scott,
Eppley,
Taylor,
Benninger,
Smith, Jacob W.

CONGRESSIONAL APPORTIONMENT.

Messrs. Stein, Chairman,
Williams,
Wilson, W. H.,
Walton,
Thomas,
Wobensmith,
Spangler,
Forster,
Geary,
Jones, W. W.,
Lipschutz,
Phillips,
Brosius,
Bauerle,
Murdoch,
Blackburn,
Sullivan,
Lynch,
Howarth,
Mather,
Twibill,
Smith, Jacob W.,
Shaffer,
Flynn,
Kuhn.

CONSTITUTIONAL REFORM.

Messrs. Milliron, Chairman,
McConnell,
Habgood,
Twibill,
Snyder,
Lindsey,
Garner,
Whitten,
Mearkle,
Nieder,
Bungard,
McVicar,
Lafferty,
Lauer,
Swan,
Leighner,
Mather,
Reel,
Perry,
Goodnough,
Gingery,
Glenn,
Spencer,
Lanius,
Finnerty.

CORPORATIONS.

Messrs. Habgood, Chairman,
Gransback,
Ehrhardt,
Brownlee,
Fruit,
Alexander,
Rowell,
Lynch,
Whitten,
Nieder,
Rininger,
Nissley,
Campbell, James O.,
Benn,
Davis,
Lauler,
Blackburn,
Graham,
Lauer,
Reynolds,
Gompers,
Luppert,
Smith, Jacob W.,
Rudisill,
Rothenberger.

COUNTIES AND TOWNSHIPS.

Messrs. Landis, Chairman,
Gibson,
Snyder,
Ostrander,
Adams,
Berntheizel,
Wildman,
Goodnough,
Jones, W. W.,
Robertson,
Blackburn,
Landis,
Hollingsworth,
Reel,
Davis,
Wagner,
Murdoch,
Oaks,
Palmer,
Eby,
Leighner,
Peters,
West,
McKay,
Becker.

EDUCATION.

Messrs. Showalter, Chairman,
Milliron,
Heyburn,
Bungard,
Dell,
Hess,
Hollingsworth,
Walter,
Wood,
Brownlee,
Smith, Lee,
Hoffman,
Shoop,
Evans,
Harper,
Cromer,
Love,
Wylie,
Reel,
Barnett,
Brumbaugh,
Vickerman,
Kunkle,
Herman,
McKay.

ELECTIONS.

Messrs. McNichol, Chairman,
Nissley,
McArdle,
Gransback,
Cox,
Arthur,
Walton,
McClintock,
Conner,
Stern,
Swan,
Barnett,
Staving,
Sinclair,
Willard,
Powell,
Haggerty,
Heffernan,
Lafferty,
Phillips,
Vogdes,
Flynn,
Kitts,
Christman,
Geiser.

FEDERAL RELATIONS.

Messrs. McConnell, Chairman,
Snyder,
Baker,
Vogdes,
Shoop,
McDermott,
Mearkle,
Sullivan,
Whitten,
Murdoch,
Woodward,
Bauerle,
Conner,
Heffernan,
Maurer,
Marvin,
Statler,
Staving,
Reel,
Sampsel,
Sones,
Kuhn,
Hollern,
Shaffer,
Murphy.

FISHERIES.

Messrs. Steedle, Chairman,
Gibson,
Jones, E. E.,
Barnett,
Alexander,
Hackett,
Ostrander,
Bovee,
Fretz,
Mather,
Weimer,
Corbin,
Gormley,
Albee,
Wood,
Baker,
Robertson,
Klinger,
Hubler,
Powell,
Bungard,
Herman,
Kitts,
Peters,
Christman.

FORESTRY.

Messrs. Albee, Chairman,
Williams,
Hoffman,
Gibson,
Brosius,
McClintock,
Whitaker,
Reel,
Ostrander,
Berntheizel,
Alcorn,
Dell,
Phillips,
Fackler,
Goodnough,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Rhoads,
Vickerman,
Scott,
Horton,
Benn,
Body,
West,
Watson,
Flynn.

GAME.

Messrs. Brosius, Chairman,
Wildman,
Eby,
Milliron,
Baker,
Dell,
Phillips,
Albee,
Ostrander,
Sinclair,
Cromer,
Robertson,
Corbin,
Reel,
McClure,
Barnett,
Oaks,
Leighner,
Bergy,
Wagner,
Klinger,
Diefenderfer,
Herman,
Taylor,
Mellott.

GEOLOGICAL SURVEYS.

Messrs. McCurdy, Chairman,
Alcorn,
Corbin,
Garner,
Jack,
Vogdes,
Love,
Fackler,
Shoop,
Benn,
Shaaber,
Swan,
Heyburn,
Wagner,
Urich,
Hamilton,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Weimer,
Wettach,
Myers,
Hollern,
Eppley,
Finnerty,
Glenn,
Luxemburger.

INSURANCE.

Messrs. Baldwin, Chairman,
Perry,
Hibshman,
Walsh,
Wildman,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Fruit,
Goodvear,
Landis
Arthur,
Wagner,
McDermott,
Willard,
Schaeffer,
Swartz,
Cummins,
Neville,
Statler,
Wylie,
Dunn,
Snyder,
Sarig,
Christman,
Erdman,
Murphy.

IRON AND COAL.

Messrs. Goodnough, Chairman,
Stern,
McClure,
Goodwin,
Oaks,
Dodds,
Mangan,
Hubler,
Weir,
Brumbaugh,
Campbell, J. O.,
Corbin,
Cummins,
Eby,
Fretz,
Garner,
Goodyear,
Graham,
Lauer,
Love,
Gingery,
Gallagher,
Kuhn,
Luxemburger,
Wynne.

JUDICIARY GENERAL.

Messrs. Wilson, W. H., Chairman.
Hess,
Forster,
Roney,
Stein,
Brosius,
Spangler,
Walter,
Smith, Lee,
Fruit,
Myers,
Lipschutz,
Brownlee,
Berntheizel,
Harper,
Nissley,
Stern,
Wilson, H. I.,
McVicar,
Wood,
Hubler,
Snyder,
Kitts,
Glenn,
Geiser.

JUDICIARY LOCAL.

Messrs. Gibson, Chairman,
Cox,
Weaver,
McCurdy,
Twibill,
Richards,
Dunn,
Ehrhardt,
Vickerman,
Lynch,
Klinger,
Staving,
Dawson,
McDermott,
Palmer,
Powell,
Sampsel,
Shaaber,
Goodwin,
Eppley,
Peters,
Spencer,
Luppert,
Wynne,
Hollern.

JUDICIARY SPECIAL.

Messrs. Whitaker, Chairman,
McNichol,
Reynolds,
Showalter,
Stone,
Geary,
Baker,
Swan,
Bauerle,
Beyer,
Garner,
Glass,
Evans,
Sones,
Aron,
Wobensmith,
Swartz,
Campbell, J. O.,
Graham,
Lauer,
Lindsey,
Kuhn,
West,
Lanius,
Benninger.

JUDICIAL APPORTIONMENT.

Messrs. Stone, Chairman,
Berntheizel,
Reynolds,
McArdle,
Glass,
McVicar,
Wylie,
Powell,
Cummins,
Conner,
Drinkhouse,
Gans,
Haggerty,
Stern,
Urich,
Weaver,
Leighner,
McClintock,
Perry,
Twibill,
Woodward,
Smith, Jacob W.,
Body,
Gompers,
Finnerty.

LABOR AND INDUSTRY.

Messrs. Garner, Chairman,
Dell,
Arthur,
McClintock,
Dunn,
Weimer,
Heyburn,
Maurer,
Rhoads,
Dawson,
McCurdy,
Jack,
Mangan,
Sinclair,
Dodds,
Scott,
Alcorn,
Wylie,
Brumbaugh,
Smith, Jeff. W.,
Young,
Becker,
Hollern,
Lanius,
Finnerty.

LAW AND ORDER.

Messrs. Williams, Chairman.
Gans,
Hackett,
Brownlee,
Vickerman,
Arnold,
Brumbaugh,
Weaver,
McClintock,
Shaaber,
Barnett,
Wagner,
Staving,
Evans,
Cromer,
Greenwood,
Rich,
Eby,
Ramsey,
Urich,
Jones, W. W.,
Perry,
Kitts,
Shaffer,
Flynn.

LEGISLATIVE APPORTIONMENT.

Messrs. Spangler, Chairman,
Rhoads,
Roney,
Vogdes,
Gransback,
Wettach,
Wood,
Horton,
Goodyear,
Klinger,
Sullivan,
Greenwood,
Weaver,
Curry,
Dawson,
Arthur,
Young,
Campbell, Theo.,
Jack,
Marvin,
McConnell,
Taylor,
Spencer,
Trach,
Gallagher.

LIBRARY.

Messrs. Phillips, Chairman,
Gransback,
Kaiser,
Forster,
Ramsey,
McCaig,
Steedle,
Stein,
Aron,
Beyer,
McDermott,
Graham,
Mather,
Cummins,
Reynolds,
Fackler,
Richards,
Vogdes,
Hackett,
Leighner,
McArdle,
Trach,
Kunkle,
Sarig,
Metzenbacher.

MANUFACTURES.

Messrs. Cox, Chairman,
Baldwin,
Reynolds,
Lafferty,
Spangler,
Kaiser,
Neville,
Whitten,
Habgood,
Smith, Lee,
Stein,
Bovee,
Hamilton,
McNichol,
McCaig,
Goodyear,
Oaks,
Rich,
Sones,
Wilson, H. I.,
Pickering,
Erdman,
Beck,
Gallagher,
Luppert.

MILITARY.

Messrs. Adams, Chairman,
Habgood,
Berntheizel,
Curry,
Baker,
Horton,
Alexander,
Nieder,
Howarth,
Coldsmith,
Staving,
Goodwin,
Gormley,
Fretz,
Greenwood,
Heffernan,
Jack,
Lindsey,
Ramsey,
Walter,
Barnett,
Gingery,
McKay,
Erdman,
Luxemburger.

MINES AND MINING.

Messrs. Hess, Chairman,
Whitaker,
Myers,
Horton,
Rich,
Marvin,
Jones, E. E.,
Urich,
Milliron,
Maurer,
Hamilton,
Statler,
Swan,
Coldsmith,
Robertson,
Dodds,
Ramsey,
Mather,
Goodyear,
McClure,
Arnold,
Mellott,
Diefenderfer,
Christman,
West.

MUNICIPAL CORPORATIONS.

Messrs. Walton, Chairman,
Wilson, W. H.,
Showalter,
McNichol,
Walsh,
Hess,
Ehrhardt,
Habgood,
Roney,
Wettach,
Lauler,
Ramsey,
Walter.
Stein,
Woodward,
Forster,
Thomas,
Bovee,
Beyer,
Shaaber,
Glass,
Palmer,
Wildman,
Howarth,
Rinn.

PENSIONS AND GRATUITIES.

Messrs. Brownlee, Chairman,
Adams,
Forster,
Hackett,
Stone,
Weir,
Shoop,
Weaver,
Arnold,
Vickerman,
Weimer,
Baldwin,
Barnett,
Beyer,
Bungard,
Shaaber,
Pickering,
Maurer,
Campbell, Theo.,
Gans,
Body,
Eppley,
Herman,
Taylor,
Peters.

PRINTING.

Messrs. Harper, Chairman, Marvin, Jack, Blackburn, McDermott, Willard, Sones, Garner, Cox, Wobensmith, Swartz, Bungard, Campbell, Jas. O., Campbell, Theo., Conner, Corbin, Dawson, Goodwin, Berntheizel, Rothenberger, Becker, Sarig, Beck, Spencer, Lanius.

PUBLIC BUILDINGS.

Messrs. Rhoads, Chairman, Stone, Stein, Klinger, Arnold, Beyer, Lauler, McCaig, Swartz, Weir, Fretz, Greenwood, Lafferty, McClure, Richards, Sampsel, Bungard, Campbell, Theo., Geiser, Rothenberger, Benninger, Rudisill, Gompers, Metzenbacher, Mellott.

PUBLIC HEALTH AND SANITATION.

Messrs. Gans, Chairman, Steedle, Campbell, Theo., Gransback, McNichol, Roney, Haggerty, Neville, Thomas, Hackett, Wilson, W. H., Dunn, Smith, Lee, Mearkle, Rininger, Urich, Arthur, Walsh, Wilson, H. I., Sullivan, Wettach, Sampsel, Hubler, Hamilton, Whitten, Drinkhouse, Palmer, Eby, McCurdy, Lauer, Rinn, Wynne, Metzenbacher, Benninger, Trach.

PUBLIC ROADS.

Messrs. Jones, E. E., Chairman, Gibson, Hibshman, Hoffman, Heyburn, Schaeffer, Hollingsworth, Dawson, Dell, Horton, Dunn, Fruit, Walton, Love, McCaig, Evans, Walter, Benn, Pickering, Alexander, Davis, Landis, Baker, Arnold, Alcorn, Ostrander, Statler, Oaks, Bergy, Albee, Sones, Nissley, Wagner, Rinn, Christman,

RAILROADS.

Messrs. Wilson, H. I., Chairman, Jones, E. E., Hoffman, Ramsey, Adams, Milliron, Curry, Smith, Jeff. W., Showalter, Dunn, McArdle, Sinclair, Maurer, Benn, Mangan, Dell, Shoop, Mearkle, Drinkhouse, Young, Campbell, Theo., Geiser, Rudisill, Erdman, Becker.

RETRENCHMENT AND REFORM.

Messrs. Weaver, Chairman, Sampsel, Rich, Beyer, Aron, Arnold, Glass, Willard, Palmer, Nissley, Dodds, Bergy, Campbell, J. O., Coldsmith, Drinkhouse, Fretz, Gormley, Jones, W. W., Lindsey, Pickering, McKay, Becker, Benninger, Mellott, Diefenderfer.

WAYS AND MEANS.

Messrs. Roney, Chairman, Baldwin, Wilson, W. H., Brosius, Hackett, Smith, Lee, Ehrhardt, Kaiser, Rowell, Walsh, Whitaker, Heffernan, Powell, Dodds, Weimer, Murdoch, Fackler, Leighner, Howarth, Richards, Weir, Shaffer, Peters, Watson, Rinn.

The SPEAKER. There is one error in the list that is before the members. The Speaker desires to state that the Chairman of the Agricultural Committee is Mr. Hibshman, of Lancaster, in place of Mr. Landis, of Montgomery, and the Chairman of the Committee on Counties and Townships is Mr. Landis, of Montgomery, instead of Mr. Hibshman.

ELECTION OF OFFICERS AND EMPLOYES.

Mr. WOODWARD offered the following resolution which was twice read, considered and agreed to:

Resolved, That the following persons be declared elected for the respective positions herein indicated:

JOURNAL CLERK.

J. Edward Brackney, Allegheny County.

ASSISTANT JOURNAL CLERK.

Salvatore De Pierro, Luzerne County.

READING CLERK.

George J. F. Falkenstein, Allegheny County.

DESK CLERKS.

Quay Hewitt, Jefferson County.
Thomas Herb, Schuylkill County.

MESSAGE CLERK.

Edward Maher, Delaware County.

BILL BOOK CLERK.

Edward Korb, Philadelphia County.

BILLS IN PLACE BOOK CLERK.

Fred Spreen, Allegheny County.

PETITION BOOK CLERK.

Charles Kreuzer, Philadelphia County.

TRANSCRIBING CLERKS.

David Benninghoff, Montgomery County.
W. E. Housel, Union County.
John H. Negley, Butler County.
Walter Kiester, Dauphin County.
Joseph Bowman, Erie County.

SERGEANT-AT-ARMS.

Oscar Baird, Philadelphia County.

ASSISTANT SERGEANTS-AT-ARMS.

S. Y. McFarland, Allegheny County.
J. W. McCune, Lancaster County.
W. T. Reynolds, Lackawanna County.
Henry Douglas, Fayette County.
Daniel Lehn, York County.
S. L. Anderson, Westmoreland County.
T. J. Casey, Allegheny County.
George Sommers, Philadelphia County.
Jerome Shannan, Susquehanna County.
George S. Trafford, Lebanon County.
David Thomas, Schuylkill County.

POSTMASTER.

Charles Hillegas, Allegheny County.

ASSISTANT POSTMASTER.

Harry Myers, Philadelphia County.

MESSENGER.

Samuel Curran, Philadelphia County.

ASSISTANT MESSENGERS.

James A. Stickle, Lawrence County.
Harry A. Robertson, Allegheny County.
W. J. Rae, Somerset County.

DOORKEEPER.

J. Ramsey McCarter, Philadelphia County.

ASSISTANT DOORKEEPERS.

Howard Irwin, Beaver County.
Henry Gregg, Philadelphia County.
William Sharrah, Allegheny County.
Lewis A. Rickert, Berks County.
Harry Green, Philadelphia County.
John O'Neil, Philadelphia County.
Herbert E. Burchfield, Blair County.
W. T. Bell, Allegheny County.
Joseph A. Gibson, Allegheny County.
William Gawles, Allegheny County.

SUPERINTENDENT FOLDING ROOM.

Theodore Van Ness, Tioga County.

PASTERS AND FOLDERS.

Lewis Beihn, Bucks County.
Charles E. Ross, Lancaster County.
Wm. Reese, Lackawanna County.
Alexander Klimas, Schuylkill County.
John E. Thursby, Northumberland County.
J. R. Neidhamer, Cumberland County.
U. M. Rice, McKean County.
Charles Bitner, Washington County.
Alexander H. Taylor, Armstrong County.
James W. Wiggins, Warren County.

CHAPLAIN.

Rev. F. W. Staley, Montgomery County.

DAY WATCHMAN.

Edward Braceland, Philadelphia County.

NIGHT WATCHMAN.

Edward H. Fisher, Dauphin County.

OVERSEER HEAT AND VENTILATION.

Samuel Watson, Philadelphia County.

CLERKS TO COMMITTEES.

Thomas Rudolph, Delaware County.
Fred E. Mather, Bradford County.
M. S. Kiess, Lycoming County.
I. R. Sommeman, Allegheny County.
H. B. Cleary, Clearfield County.
George Dawson, Westmoreland County.
Samuel Thompson, Allegheny County.
Harry V. J. Logan, Philadelphia County.
Belmont Pattison, Philadelphia County.
A. F. Brenner, Lancaster County.
Thomas J. Price, Mercer County.
Theodore Flynn, Philadelphia County.
A. L. Wagner, Dauphin County.

CUSTODIAN OF COMMITTEE ROOMS.

Edward Simon, Allegheny County.
Succo Marchiano, Philadelphia County.
Wm. McFadden, Philadelphia County.
James H. Matthews, Allegheny County.

ELEVATOR OPERATOR.

Timothy Reardon, Chester County.

ASSISTANT ELEVATOR OPERATOR.

Jackson Houston, Allegheny County.

CUSTODIANS WASH ROOM.

John Bird, Fayette County.
Lewis Shick, Philadelphia County.

CUSTODIANS CLOAK ROOM.

John Williams, Luzerne County.
Thomas L. Jennings, Philadelphia County.

CUSTODIAN TO BASEMENT.

Franklin B. Smith, Philadelphia County.

ASSISTANT CUSTODIANS TO BASEMENT.

George J. Anderson, Allegheny County.
John Hanna, Philadelphia County.

CHIEF PAGE.

Clarence Seiler, Dauphin County.

PAGES.

Henry Reachard, York County.
Paul Dennison, McKean County.
Walter Rothermund, Jefferson County.
William Styer, Philadelphia County.
Gerould Bloom, Tioga County.
George Birmingham, Allegheny County.
Herman Marwitz, Allegheny County.
Charles Rogers, Clearfield County.
Edward Heim, Allegheny County.
Paul R. Grissinger, Dauphin County.
William A. Reichert, Dauphin County.
Raymond Keever, Dauphin County.
Francis Powers, Dauphin County.
C. Stewart Snoddy, Dauphin County.
Albert Craig, Dauphin County.
Roy Evans, Dauphin County.
Park Beckley, Dauphin County.
Joseph Garner, Dauphin County.
Charles A. Parker, Fayette County.
Edward Collins, Fayette County.

Respectfully submitted,

William H. Wilson, First District.
John Reynolds, Second District.
John E. Arthur, Third District.
Sigmund J. Gans, Fourth District.
Samuel J. Perry, Fifth District.
William Walsh, Sixth District.
R. J. Baldwin, Seventh District.
Josiah M. Landis, Eighth District.
M. R. Hoffman, Ninth District.
U. A. Dawson, Tenth District.
William L. Adams, Eleventh District.
Mahlon Shaaber, Thirteenth District.
E. E. Jones, Fourteenth District.
George W. Williams, Fifteenth District.
H. M. Showalter, Seventeenth District.
Augustus Wildman, Eighteenth District.
James E. Rininger, Nineteenth District.
Robert S. Spangler, Twentieth District.
R. P. Habgood, Twenty-first District.
A. W. Love, Twenty-second District.
J. P. Statles, Twenty-third District.
W. D. Walton, Twenty-fourth District.
J. R. Bovee, Twenty-fifth District.
Henry I. Wilson, Twenty-seventh District.
Edward Lindsey, Twenty-eighth District.
John Swan, Jr., Twenty-ninth District.
James F. Woodward, Thirtieth District.
W. J. McCaig, Thirty-first District.
Jos. D. Steedle, Thirty-second District.

Committee.

The SPEAKER. The question is,

Will the House agree to the Resolution?

Mr. ADAMS. Mr. Speaker, at this time I ask for a division of the question as regards the Reading Clerk, and I desire to put in nomination the name of David D. Davies. As a member of the Slate Committee, having signed the report, I do this in order to give Mr. Davies a chance for the office he is aspiring to.

Mr. WOODWARD. Mr. Speaker, this report is signed by twenty-nine of the thirty-one members of the Slate Committee. It is a Republican slate and I want to state to the members of the House that the reason why Mr. Davies had not been considered for appointment on this slate was that he was Chairman of the Washington Party Headquarters in the East End of Pittsburgh during the last campaign. For that reason he was opposed by the Allegheny County Republican organization. I ask you to stand by the report of this committee.

Mr. GEISER. Mr. Speaker, I rise to second the nomination of Mr. Davies as made by Mr. Adams of Luzerne.

The SPEAKER. The Chair would state that nominations are really not in order.

The gentleman from Luzerne asked for a division of the question.

Mr. GEISER. Mr. Speaker, I simply wish to speak a word for Mr. Davies and I shall quote from the Governor's message of yesterday in which he says, among other things, as follows: "As speedily as may be, and when this is done the Legislature should adjourn." Now, if Mr. David Davies has a fault his one fault is a failing virtue, and this is speed; so for mercy's sake, Mr. Speaker, give us speed and give us David Davies.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman from Luzerne has asked for a division of the question which he is entitled to.

The House will now vote on the report submitted, with the exception of Reading Clerk.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the report submitted with the exception of Reading Clerk?

It was agreed to.

The SPEAKER. The Committee has submitted the name of Mr. Falkenstein, and the name of Mr. David Davies has been submited by Mr. Adams, of Luzerne.

Mr. WOODWARD. Mr. Speaker, Mr. Falkenstein is the selection of the entire membership of the Slate Committee with the exception of two members, one of whom was not in the House this week and had no opportunity to sign the report.

Mr. ADAMS. Mr. Speaker, I wish to state for the benefit of the new members of the House that I do not think there is a more loyal Republican in the House than Mr. Davies. The position that Mr. Davies sought was a position that most any one would seek that is out of employment. He was Secretary of the Washington Party, as I understand it, and not through any political motive whatever. He is a good, solid Republican.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will call the roll.

FOR MR. FALKENSTEIN.

Albee,	Gompers,	Mather,	Snyder,
Alcorn,	Goodnough,	McCaig,	Sones,
Alexander,	Goodwin,	McClintock,	Spangler,
Arnold,	Goodyear,	McConnell,	Statler,
Baker,	Gromley,	McCurdy,	Staving,
Baldwin,	Graham,	McVicar,	Steedle,
Bauerle,	Gransback,	Mearkle,	Stein,
Benn,	Greenwood,	Milliron,	Stern,
Bergy,	Habgood,	Murdoch,	Stone,
Beyer,	Hackett,	Myers,	Sullivan,
Blackburn,	Hamilton,	Neville,	Swan,
Bovee,	Harper,	Nissley,	Twibill,
Brosius,	Heyburn,	Oaks,	Vickerman,
Brumbaugh,	Hibshman,	Ostrander,	Wagner,
Bungard,	Hoffman,	Palmer,	Walter,
Campbell, J. O.	Hollern,	Phillips,	Walton,
Coldsmith,	Hollingsworth,	Pickering,	Weaver,
Corbin,	Horton,	Ramsey,	Weimer,
Cox,	Howarth,	Reel,	Weir,
Cromer,	Jack,	Reynolds,	West,
Curry,	Jones, E. E.,	Rhoads,	Whitaker,
Dawson,	Jones, W. W.,	Richards,	Whitten,
Dell,	Klinger,	Rininger,	Wildman,
Dodds,	Lafferty,	Robertson,	Williams,
Drinkhouse,	Landis,	Rowell,	Wilson, H. I.,
Dunn,	Lanfus,	Sampsel,	Wilson, W. H.,
Eby,	Leighner,	Schaeffer,	Wobensmith,
Ehrhardt,	Lindsey,	Scott,	Wood,
Flynn,	Lipschutz	Shaaber,	Woodward,
Fretz,	Love,	Shaffer,	Wylie,
Fruit,	Lynch,	Shoop,	Young,
Gibson,	Mangan,	Showalter,	Ambler,
Gingery,	Marvin,	Sinclair,	Speaker.
Glass,		Smith, Jeff. W.	

FOR MR. DAVIES.

Adams,	Erdman,	Lauler,	Rothenberger,
Beck,	Evans,	Luppert,	Rudisill,
Becker,	Finnerty,	Luxemburger,	Sarig,
Benninger,	Gallagher,	Maurer,	Smith, J. W.,
Brownlee,	Geiser,	McClure,	Spencer,
Christman,	Herman,	McKay,	Taylor,
Davis,	Hubler,	Mellott,	Thomas,
Diefenderfer,	Kuhn,	Metzenbacher,	Trach,
Eppley,	Kunkle,	Powell,	

PRESENT.

Body,	Lanius,	Rinn,	Wynne,
Kitts,	Murphy,		

REASONS FOR VOTE.

Mr. HUBLER. Mr. Speaker, I desire at this time to give my reasons for my vote, which are as follows:

1. Having promised Mr. Davies my support without the knowledge of the action of the Slate Committee, who had slated Mr. Falkenstein.

2. For his splendid satisfaction in his position.

Mr. LANIUS. Mr. Speaker, after consideration I have decided if twenty-nine members of the thirty-one signed that report and have endorsed the Slate Committee's choice, I certainly would like to change my vote from voting "Present" to voting for Mr. Falkenstein.

Mr. ADAMS. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House: It is very evident that the majority of the members—

The SPEAKER. There is nothing in order until the vote is announced.

The Clerks agree in their count. Mr. Falkenstein has received 133 votes; Mr. Davies 35 votes. Mr. Falkenstein having received a majority of all the votes cast is declared elected Reading Clerk of this House.

Mr. ADAMS. Mr. Speaker, while it is evident that the majority of the House favors the election of Mr. Falkenstein, I, at this time, make a motion that the election of Mr. Falkenstein be made unanimous.

Mr. GEISER. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

OATH OF OFFICE ADMINISTERED TO OFFICERS AND EMPLOYES.

At the request of the Speaker, the persons present who were elected and appointed as officers and employes of the House presented themselves at the bar of the House, and the oath of office, as required by law, was administered to them by the Speaker.

SENATE MESSAGE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, presented an extract from the Journal of the Senate as follows:

TIME OF ADJOURNMENT.

In the Senate, January 20, 1915.

Resolved, (if the House of Representatives concur) That when the Legislature adjourns it be to meet on Monday evening, January 25th, 1915, at 9:00 o'clock.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Said resolution was twice read, considered and concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

The SPEAKER. The Chair desires to state that the gentleman from Lackawanna, Mr. Dawson, and the gentleman from Allegheny, desire to exchange Committees. The Chair has no objection.

Mr. Dodds desires to go on the Committee on Mines and Mining and Mr. Dawson on the Committee on Legislative Apportionment, and these changes will be made accordingly.

COMMITTEE ON RULES.

The SPEAKER. The Chair desires to announce at this time the Committee on Rules. The Chair appoints on said Committee Messrs. William H. Wilson, Edward E. Jones, Whitaker, Vickerman and Shaffer.

The SPEAKER. The Chair has received a communication which the Clerk will read.

The Clerk read as follows:

THE PENNSYLVANIA SOLDIERS' AND SAILORS' HOME, ERIE, PA.

Thomas J. Stewart, Secretary,
Adjutant General's Department.

Harrisburg, Pa., January 20, 1915.

Honorable Charles A. Ambler, Speaker of the House of Representatives, Harrisburg, Pa.

My dear Mr. Speaker: Under the provisions of Section 7 of the Act of Assembly approved June 3rd, 1885, P. L. 63-64, the Presiding officer of the House of Representatives of the General Assembly of Pennsylvania is required to appoint two members of the House of Representatives as members of the Board of Trustees of the Pennsylvania Soldiers' and Sailors' Home at Erie, Pennsylvania. These appointments are to be made on the 3rd Wednesday of January, 1915; said appointments having been made in each Legislative year since the year of 1867.

Very truly yours,
(Signed) THOS. J. STEWART,
Secretary.

APPOINTMENT OF TRUSTEES OF PENNSYLVANIA SOLDIERS' AND SAILORS' HOME.

The SPEAKER. The Chair appoints as said trustees the Honorable Henry Gransback, Sr., and the Honorable William J. McCaig.

ADJOURNMENT.

Mr. SHAFFER. Mr. Speaker, I move that the House do now adjourn.

The motion was agreed to, and (at 11.25 A. M.) the House adjourned until Monday, January 25, 1915, at 9.00 o'clock P. M.

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA.

Legislative Journal.

Session 1915 — 121st of the General Assembly

VOL. 3. HARRISBURG, PA., MONDAY, JANUARY 25, 1915. No. 5.

SENATE.

MONDAY, January 25th, 1915.

The Senate met at 9 o'clock P. M.

The PRESIDENT (Lieutenant-Governor Frank B. McClain) in the Chair.

PRAYER.

The Chaplain, Rev. Thomas W. Davis, offered the following prayer:

Almighty God, our Kind Heavenly Father, we thank Thee for all the bounties of nature. We thank Thee for this great State of Pennsylvania, and for the principles by which it and the great United States are guided. We pray at this time for Thy blessing upon the Governor and upon his cabinet; Thy blessing upon the President of the Senate, and this distinguished body of honorable men; Thy blessing upon the Speaker of the House and that body, and we pray that these men, in enacting laws that are to reach the largest numbers of people, and give them the largest amount of good, while those laws are being enacted they may remember also the laws that govern their own individual lives. To this end we ask that Thy blessing may be with all these distinguished men and their families. Preserve them in health, physical, mental and moral strength, and grant dear Father, that at all times they may remember that what they are sowing, this great State and they themselves must reap. Guide them so that at all times we may live individually and collectively to Thy glory. We ask it in the name of the Saviour. Amen.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of the preceding session, when, on motion of Mr. Daix, the further reading was dispensed with, and the Journal was approved.

PETITION.

RELATING TO THE ELECTION OF ASSESSORS AND LIMITING THE POWERS OF THE BOARD OF APPEALS.

Mr. CLARK presented the petition of Citizens of Erie County, relating to the election of assessors and limiting the powers of the Board of Appeals.

Which was referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE.

The Chair asked and obtained leave of absence for the Senator from Delaware, Mr. Sproul, on account of illness.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

Mr. SALUS read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 1, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Board of Trustees of the Philadelphia College of Pharmacy.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. CLARK read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 2, entitled:

An Act to amend the first section of an act approved the 28th day of March, 1820, entitled "An Act relative to mortgages," by requiring purchase money mortgages to be recorded within ten days in order to have priority of lien.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 3, entitled:

An Act making it unlawful to purchase or attempt to purchase goods, wares, or merchandise or to obtain or to attempt to obtain credit under a false or assumed name.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 4, entitled:

An Act relating to persons habitually addicted to the use of alcohol or drugs and providing for the care and treatment of such persons at the expense of the county and State if indigent.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 5, entitled:

An Act fixing a uniform time for the withdrawal of candidates at all elections.

Which was committed to the Committee on Elections.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 6, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Erie County Anti-Tuberculosis Society, located at Erie, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 7, entitled:

An Act amending sections 1, 3, 4, 7, 10 and 11 and repealing section 8 of an act, entitled "An Act relating to the collection of city, school and poor taxes in the several cities of the third class in this Commonwealth, and providing that the city treasurer of each of said cities by virtue of his office shall be collector of the said several taxes, prescribing his duties and fixing his compensation," approved the 20th day of June, 1901.

Which was committed to the Committee on Municipal Affairs.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 8, entitled:

An Act supplementary to an act, entitled "An act providing for the incorporation, regulation and government of cities of the third class, regulating nomination and election of municipal officers therein, and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto," approved the 27th day of June, A. D. 1913, providing for and enacting initiative and referendum provisions with reference to ordinances and the holding of elections relative thereto.

Which was committed to the Committee on Municipal Affairs.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 9, entitled:

An Act amending section six of an act, entitled "An act dividing the cities of this State into three classes, regulating the passage of ordinances, providing for contracts for supplies and work for said cities, authorizing the increase of indebtedness and the creation of a sinking fund to redeem the same, defining and punishing certain offences in all of said cities and providing for the incorporation and government of cities of the third class," approved the 23d day of May, A. D. 1874, as to provide that said section shall not be applicable to the cities of the third class.

Which was committed to the Committee on Municipal Affairs.

Mr. MARTIN read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 10, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the expenses required by an act, entitled "An act to provide for the continuance of the education and maintenance of the destitute orphans of the deceased soldiers, sailors and marines and the destitute children of permanently disabled soldiers, sailors and marines of the State," approved May 25th, 1889, also making an appropriation to carry out the provisions of an act to provide for the education and maintenance of the children admitted to the Pennsylvania Soldiers' Orphan Industrial School and the Soldiers' Orphan Schools, approved May 27th, 1893.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 11, entitled:

An Act to provide a system of annual payments to certain citizens of Pennsylvania who while as citizens of Pennsylvania volunteered in defense of said State as emergency men.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. GERBERICH read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 12, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the State Livestock Sanitary Board for the payment of necessary expenses in the eradication of foot-and-mouth disease and for the control of transmissible diseases in animals.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. JENKINS read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 13, entitled:

An Act to provide a co-partnership law in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania uniform with that of several Commonwealths of the Union.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. GRAFF read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 14, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Kittanning General Hospital, Kittanning, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 15, entitled:

An Act to repeal "The Public Service Company Law," approved the 26th day of July, 1913.

Which was committed to the Committee on Corporations.

Mr. WASBERS read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 16, entitled:

A Supplement to an act, entitled "An Act relating to and regulating motor vehicles, and vehicles trailing after or propelled by motor vehicles; controlling their speed upon the public streets and highways in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania; providing for their registration, and licensing of certain operators by the State Highway Department; prohibiting the operation of any motor vehicle by any person when intoxicated, or without the consent of the owner; forbidding the passage of any law laying a tax upon or requiring the registration of motor vehicles, or licensing of any operator, or regulating the speed of motor vehicles by any county, borough, city, incorporated town, or township; establishing the rights of motor vehicles upon the public highways, with relation to other vehicles; providing for their equipment and for the width of tires to be used upon motor vehicles, and vehicles trailing after or propelled by motor vehicles; regulating the service of process and proceedings in actions for damages arising therefrom; providing for arrest and for service of process, and proceedings for violation of this act; prescribing the penalties therefor; and providing for the disposition of fees collected and fines imposed thereunder," approved the 7th day of July, 1913.

Which was committed to the Committee on Public Roads and Highways.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 17, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Children's Home of the City of York, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 18, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the York Hospital and Dispensary of York, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 19, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the York Society to Protect Children and Aged Persons, formerly the Christian Home of York, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. HILTON read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 20, entitled:

An Act declaring the liability of railroad companies for loss or damage by fire, providing a remedy therefor and relating to evidence thereof.

Which was committed to the Committee on Railroads.

Mr. TOMPKINS read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 21, entitled:

An Act to validate deeds, mortgages and other instruments of writing which have been defectively acknowledged by husband and wife, prior to the fourth day of January, one thousand nine hundred and fifteen.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 22, entitled:

An Act to provide for the appointment of a coroner's physician in counties having a population of more than 150,000 and less than 800,000 and defining his qualifications, duties and salary.

Which was committed to the Committee on New Counties and County Seats.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 23, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Mercy Hospital, of Johnstown, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 24, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Johnstown City Hospital, of Johnstown, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 25, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Christian Home, of Johnstown, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. KLINE read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 26, entitled:

An Act relating to roads in townships and prescribing the duties of commissioners and supervisors.

Which was committed to the Committee on Public Roads and Highways.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 27, entitled:

A further supplement to an act entitled "An Act to establish a county court for the County of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties, regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof," approved the 5th day of May, 1911, constituting the said court the Juvenile Court of said county and prescribing its organization, jurisdiction and powers therein and otherwise.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 28, entitled:

An Act to further amend section 2 of an act entitled "An Act to establish a county court for the county of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties, regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof," approved the 5th day of May, 1911, as amended by an act entitled "An Act to amend section 2 of an act entitled 'An Act to establish a county court for the county of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties, regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof,' approved the 5th day of May, 1911, and changing the election of the judges therein mentioned from the general election to the municipal election as now provided by law in accordance with the requirements of the Constitution of Pennsylvania," approved the 6th day of June, 1911, by increasing the salaries of the judges of said court.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 29, entitled:

An Act amending section 8 of an act entitled "An Act to establish a county court for the County of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties, regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expense thereof," approved the 5th day of May, 1911, by changing the practice of the court with regard to trial by jury, and further amending section 9 of said act, as supplemented and amended by section 4 of an act approved April 2, 1913, and by section 1 of an act approved May 23, 1913, by providing that appeals from the judgment of the court in all civil actions shall be taken by leave of the court of common pleas and prescribing the practice and the powers of the court of common pleas in such cases.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 30, entitled:

An Act further amending section 7 of an act entitled "An Act to establish a county court for the County of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties, regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof," approved the 5th day of May, 1911, as amended by section 1 of an act approved the 25th day of June, 1913, by changing the practice in desertion and non-support cases.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 31, entitled:

An Act amending section 5 of an act entitled "An Act to establish a county court for the County of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties, regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof," approved the 5th day of May, 1911, by changing the manner of appointment and of determining the number, duties and compensation of clerks and other assistants.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. P. W. SNYDER read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 32, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the State Pharmaceutical Examining Board of Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. CLARK read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 33, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Erie Home for the Friendless, of the City of Erie, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. PATTON read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 34, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the 12th day of July, 1913, entitled "An Act regulating certain political parties; providing for and regulating the nomination of candidates of such political parties for certain public offices, the election of delegates and alternate delegates to National party conventions, and of certain party officers, including State committeemen; a method whereby electors of such political parties may express their choice of candidates for the office of President of the United States; and the payment by the several counties, and their reimbursement by the State, of the expenses of the same; authorizing the State committee of a political party to make, and to alter, amend, and revoke, rules; and providing penalties for the violation of the provisions of this act, and for the punishment of certain offenses provided for herein; and repealing inconsistent legislation."

Which was committed to the Committee on Elections.

Mr. VARE read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 35, entitled:

A joint resolution proposing an amendment to Section 8 of Article 9 of the Constitution fo Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Municipal Affairs.

RECESS.

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I move the Senate do now take a recess for ten minutes.

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

AFTER RECESS.

The PRESIDENT. The time of recess having elapsed the Senate will be in order.

COMMUNICATIONS FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Private Secretary to the Governor being introduced, presented communications in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth which were read as follows: viz:

NOTARIES PUBLIC.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, January 25, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons to be Notaries Public for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, for the term of four years, to compute from the dates set opposite their names, respectively:

ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

S. G. Barnes, Pittsburgh, January 29, 1915.
Jacob Friedman, Pittsburgh, January 31, 1915.
Elias J. John, Pittsburgh, February 2, 1915.
Miss Bertha Troth, Pittsburgh, February 2, 1915.
Philip Lippert, Pittsburgh, February 3, 1915.
Fabian W. Wright, Pittsburgh, February 6, 1915.
Thos. C. Pitcairn, Pittsburgh, February 7, 1915.
Henry C. Mendel, Pittsburgh, February 7, 1915.

BEDFORD COUNTY.

Chas. R. Rhodes, Hyndman, January 28, 1915.

BERKS COUNTY.

Irwin T. Ehst, Boyertown, February 7, 1915.

BLAIR COUNTY.

Charles H. Morgan, Altoona, January 31, 1915.

BRADFORD COUNTY.

F. W. Hovey, Troy, January 31, 1915.

BUCKS COUNTY.

Tilghman J. Walp, Quakertown, January 31, 1915.

BUTLER COUNTY.

John E. Kocher, Zelienople, January 31, 1915.

CAMBRIA COUNTY.

J. V. Maucher, Carrolltown, January 31, 1915.
J. Earl Ogle, Johnstown, February 8, 1915.

CENTRE COUNTY.

Griffith H. Lichtenthaler, Philipsburg, January 28, 1915.
Mrs. Ada E. Musser, Millheim, January 30, 1915.

DAUPHIN COUNTY.

James G. Hatz, Harrisburg, January 30, 1915.
Raymond G. Stover, Harrisburg, February 3, 1915.

DELAWARE COUNTY.

Miss Nellie M. Finegan, Chester, February 3, 1915.
Henry W. Jones, Chester, February 3, 1915.

FAYETTE COUNTY.

Mrs. Antoinette B. Hempstead, Menallon Township, February 3, 1915.
Miss Martha L. Altor, Uniontown, February 5, 1915.

LACKAWANNA COUNTY.

Edgar A. Jones, Scranton, February 3, 1915.

LEHIGH COUNTY.

Edward Ruhe, Allentown, February 3, 1915.

LUZERNE COUNTY.

Isaac G. Eckert, Hazle Township, January 28, 1915.
James M. Boland, Wilkes-Barre, January 31, 1915.
Miss Gertrude C. Schwab, Ashley, February 6, 1915.

LYCOMING COUNTY.

E. W. Cole, Williamsport, February 6, 1915.

McKEAN COUNTY.

Claude B. Gillis, Kane, February 6, 1915.
E. R. Mayo, Smothport, February 6, 1915.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY.

George H. Baer, Pottstown, February 7, 1915.

NORTHAMPTON COUNTY.

Erwin H. Shawde, Easton, January 28, 1915.
George V. Danner, Northampton, January 31, 1915.

NORTHUMBERLAND COUNTY.

Chas. T. Snoddy, Watsontown, February 7, 1915.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY.

Allen M. Stearne, Philadelphia, January 30, 1915.
Robert H. Thompson, Philadelphia, January 30, 1915.
Philip Donohue, Philadelphia, January 31, 1915.
Horace D. Reeve, Philadelphia, January 31, 1915.
John J. Woods, Jr., Philadelphia, January 31, 1915.
Wm. E. Dudley, Philadelphia, Feruary 1, 1915.
Clifford P. Allen, Jr., Philadelphia, February 2, 1915.
William McKee, Jr., Philadelphia, February 2, 1915.
Benjamin Daniels, Philadelphia, February 3, 1915.
Miss Grace Carolyn Fisher, Philadelphia, February 3, 1915.
M. Rock, Jr., Philadelphia, February 3, 1915.
Howard S. Goodman, Philadelphia, February 5, 1915.
Chas. Irwin, Jr., Philadelphia, February 5, 1915.
Miss Marion Rogers, Philadelphia, February 5, 1915.
Harry E. Smith, Philadelphia, February 6, 1915.
William A. Gretzinger, Philadelphia, February 7, 1915.
John J. Sharkey, Philadelphia, February 7, 1915.

SCHULYKILL COUNTY.

William H. Newell, Pottsville, February 6, 1915.

WASHINGTON COUNTY.

David M. McCloskey, Charleroi, January 30, 1915.

WAYNE COUNTY.

Silas C. Bertree, Lake Township, January 31, 1915.

WESTMORELAND COUNTY.

H. A. Obley, West Newton, February 5, 1915.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, January 25, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons to be Notaries Public for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, for the term of four years, to compute from the date of their confirmation:

ADAMS COUNTY.

Felix V. Topper, McSherrystown.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

Chas. J. Koughan, McKeesport.
R. J. Macoubray, McKees Rocks.
John Bigham, Pittsburgh.
Wm. J. Graham, Pittsburgh.
Miss Etta B. Green, Pittsburgh.
E. F. Hoselbarth, Pittsburgh.
P. Jos. Hess, Pittsburgh.
T. Bertram Humphries, Pittsburgh.
Frank F. Lyon, Pittsburgh.
Meredith R. Marshall, Pittsburgh.
Frank Y. Over, Pittsburgh.
John W. Shibler, Pittsburgh.
Miss Luella H. Simon, Pittsburgh.

BEDFORD COUNTY.

John H. Minnich, Bedford.

BERKS COUNTY.

Wood M. Schwartz, Reading.
Cameron E. Strauss, Reading.
Daniel B. Blankenbiller, West Reading.

CRAWFORD COUNTY.

James L. Cluley, Titusville.

DAUPHIN COUNTY.

Alfred Jenkins, Harrisburg.
Josiah W. Kline, Harrisburg.

DELAWARE COUNTY.

Charles Palmer, Chester.

ELK COUNTY.

G. F. Greiner, Ridgway.

FRANKLIN COUNTY.

Miss Ethel Washabaugh, Waynesboro.

HUNTINGDON COUNTY.

Frank H. Harrison, Mt. Union.

LACKAWANNA COUNTY.

Miss Agnes F. Gately, Scranton.

LEBANON COUNTY.

Phares G. Swigart, Palmyra.

LEHIGH COUNTY.

James A. Miller, Lynn Township.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY.

George M. Diemer, Pottstown.
Harvey H. Horn, Norristown.

NORTHAMPTON COUNTY.

Max Goldstein, Northampton.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY.

Lincoln Cartledge, Philadelphia.
Harry S. Cohen, Philadelphia.
Joseph R. Embery, Philadelphia.
L. Arthur Greenstein, Philadelphia.
Herman T. Gruninger, Philadelphia.
James A. Holland, Philadelphia.
George E. Sattler, Philadelphia.
George H. Stein, Philadelphia.
Mrs. J. M. Swoboda, Philadelphia.
Alfred H. Williams, Philadelphia.
Fred'k H. Woodhead, Philadelphia.

SCHULYKILL COUNTY.

J. Wilson Barto, Pine Grove.
John R. Coyle, Shenandoah.
B. F. Stuck, Tremont.

SNYDER COUNTY.

Charles G. Hendricks, Selins Grove.

VENANGO COUNTY.

Haldean E. Gates, Oil City.

WASHINGTON COUNTY.

Thomas Maxwell Potts, Canonsburg.
Miss Margaret McCue, Washington.

WESTMORELAND COUNTY.

Samuel B. Foight, Greensburg.
John E. Kunkle, Greensburg.

YORK COUNTY.

Miss Ellen M. Wellensiek, York.

NORTHUMBERLAND COUNTY.

J. F. Gauger, Milton.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

ADJUTANT-GENERAL.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, January 25, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, Thomas J. Stewart, of Montgomery County, to be Adjutant General of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, for the term of four years.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

EXECUTIVE SESSION.

By unanimous consent,

A motion was made by Mr. CROW,

That Rule 38, which requires nominations made by the Governor to be referred to proper committees be dispensed with, and the Senate do now resolve itself into executive session, for the purpose of acting on the foregoing nominations,

Which was agreed to.

Whereupon,

A motion was made by Mr. CROW,

That the Senate do advise and consent to said nominations.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—47.

Beidleman,	Graff,	McConnell,	Smith, R. E.,
Buckman,	Gyger,	McKee, W. S.,	Smith, W. W.,
Burke,	Hackett,	McNichol,	Snyder, C. A.,
Catlin,	Hilton,	Miller,	Snyder, P. W.,
Clark,	Hoke,	Mills,	Sones,
Croft,	Homsher,	Moore,	Stewart,
Crow,	Jenkins,	Patton,	Thompson,
Daix,	Kline,	Phipps,	Tompkins,
DeWitt,	Kurtz,	Salus,	Vare.
Endsley,	Lynch,	Schantz,	Warner,
Farley,	Magee, C. J.,	Semmens,	Wasbers,
Gerberich,	Martin,	Sensenich,	

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmitive.

Ordered, That the Governor be informed accordingly.

ADJOURNMENT.

Mr. CROW. Mr. President, I move the Senate do now adjourn until Tuesday morning, January 26, 1915, at 11 o'clock.

Mr. VARE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The Senate adjourned at 10:10 o'clock P. M. until Tuesday morning, January 26, 1915, at 11 o'clock.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

MONDAY, January 25th, 1915.

The House met at 9:00 o'clock P. M.

The SPEAKER (Charles A. Ambler) in the Chair.

PRAYER.

The Chaplain, Rev. F. W. Staley, offered the following prayer:

Almighty God, our Heavenly Father, we thank Thee that Thou art our God. Before the mountains were brought forth, before Thou hadst formed the earth and the world, even from everlasting to everlasting, Thou art God. Thou are the Creator of governments, the Preserver of States, and the Preserver of this State, and Thou hast made us heirs of all the resources of this great State, of all its history, and of the experiences of patriotic men, even men who died to preserve this great State. We thank Thee that we can call upon Thy great name in prayer to pray for the Governor of this State and for his cabinet and for the men who are his helpers, being the pilots of the Ship of State, to direct the Ship into the desired haven. We thank Thee that we can ask Thee to direct the Speaker by Thy spirit to make just decisions, and to have the courage of his convictions to do that which is noble and right. We ask Thy blessing to rest upon the men who represent the State and who are members of this Legislature. May they take a lesson of co-operation from the tree, and the roots of the tree, how those roots in groups make the bark and the sap and the leaves of the tree and even hold that magnificent tree firm in the ground; and so may these men in groups, in committees, work out together the great problems of the State, the child problem, the home problem and the industrial problem, and all the great problems, and then when our work had been completed, may we hear the words of the blessed Master, "Well done thou good and faithful servant, enter into the joy of the Lord." For all these things we are grateful, and unto the Father, and unto the Son and unto the Holy Ghost we will ascribe everlasting praise, in that world without end. Amen.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the journal of the proceedings of Wednesday, January 20th.

The Clerk proceeded to read the journal of Wednesday January 20th, when on motion of Mr. Wildman the further reading was dispensed with and the journal was approved.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE.

Mr. SPANGLER asked and obtained indefinite leave of absence for Mr. Barnett on account of illness.

Mr. HAMILTON asked and obtained indefinite leave of absence for Mr. Mangan on account of illness.

Mr. RHOADS asked and obtained indefinite leave of absence for Mr. Hibshman on account of illness.

RESOLUTION.

Mr. W. H. WILSON, from the Committee on Rules, offered the following resolution which was twice read, considered and agreed to:

Resolved, That rule 67 be stricken out and the following be inserted as rule 67.

PINK BILLS, CALENDAR AND SUPPLEMENT.

67. All bills as soon as introduced shall be printed on pink paper for the use of Members, and shall be numbered consecutively. At the beginning of each day's session a calendar of bills shall be placed upon the desk of the Speaker, of each Member and of each Clerk. This calendar shall be printed on pink paper and shall show for each bill introduced, up to date, the number, title, name of Member introducing the bill, the date of introduction and the committee to which each bill is referred. At the beginning of each week, a supplement printed on white paper, giving the number, status and last printer's number of each bill, shall be filed with this calendar.

W. H. WILSON,
E. E. JONES,
J. W. VICKERMAN,
CHAS. A. SHAFFER.

QUESTION OF PERSONAL PRIVILEGE.

Mr. WILLIAMS. Mr. Speaker.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman from Tioga, Mr. Williams.

Mr. WILLIAMS. Mr. Speaker, I arise to question a personal privilege.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman will state his question of personal privilege.

Mr. Speaker, In looking over the assignments of committees, I find that my colleague, from Tioga, Mr. Marvin, and myself are both members of the Committee on Agriculture. In a spirit of fairness to other counties, equally interested in the development of their agricultural resources with the County of Tioga and not being represented on the Committee of Agriculture, I ask to withdraw as a member

of the committee in order that the vacancy may be filled before the committee begins its active work.

The SPEAKER. If there is no objection the gentleman's withdrawal will be accepted and the Chair will later appoint his successor.

Mr. GARNER. Mr. Speaker.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman from Schuylkill, Mr. Garner.

Mr. GARNER. Mr. Speaker, might it not be well that other gentlemen from the agricultural regions also withdraw in favor of those who understand the work of the committee that they are on.

ADJOURNMENT.

Mr. GRANSBACK. Mr. Speaker, I move that the House do now adjourn.

The motion was agreed to and (at 9:15 P. M.) the House adjourned until to-morrow morning at 10:00 o'clock.

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA

Legislative Journal.

Session 1915 — 121st of the General Assembly

VOL. 3. HARRISBURG, PA., TUESDAY, JANUARY 26, 1915. No. 6.

SENATE.

TUESDAY, January 26, 1915.

The Senate met at 11 o'clock A. M.

The PRESIDENT (Lieutenant-Governor Frank B. McClain) in the Chair.

PRAYER.

The Chaplain, Rev. Thomas W. Davis, offered the following prayer:

Almighty God, our Heavenly Father, we thank Thee for this beautiful morning, for the preservation of our life and health, and we pray that Thy blessing may be with us today to the one great purpose that we may remember that it is our duty so far as we possibly can to make it hard for our fellow men to do wrong, and make it easy for them to do right. We recognize the fatherhood of God and the brotherhood of man, and so far as we can possibly do it we desire to have shining out before them at all times the star of hope, that will keep their lives filled with joy and peace and comfort and inspiration, and we know that this body of men gathered here have it in their hearts and minds to do all in their power to reach the very farthest limits of this State of Pennsylvania with such laws that shall be comforting, uplifting and inspiring to those who are associated with them in this great brotherhood. To this end we pray Thee to guide us so that at all times we may live to Thy glory and to the very best good of all our fellows. We ask it in our Redeemer's name. Amen.

The Clerk proceeded to read the journal of the preceeding session, when, on motion of Mr. Gerberich, the further reading was dispensed with and the Journal was approved.

PETITIONS.

The Chair presented petitions of citizens of Pennsylvania praying for the passage of a county local option law.

Which were referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE.

The Chair asked and obtained leave of absence for the Senator from Delaware, Mr. Sproul, for today's session.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. HOKE, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 21, entitled:

An Act to validate deeds mortgages and other instruments of writing which have been defectively acknowledged by husband and wife prior to the fourth day of January one thousand nine hundred and fifteen.

Mr. SCHANTZ, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 3, entitled:

An Act making it unlawful to obtain or attempt to obtain goods wares or merchandise or to obtain or attempt to obtain credit under a false or assumed name.

Mr. PATTON, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 4, entitled:

An Act relating to persons habitually addicted to the use of alcohol or drugs and providing for the care and treatment of such persons at the expense of the county and State if indigent.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 2, entitled:

An Act to amend the first section of an act approved the 28th day of March, 1820 entitled "An Act relative to mortgages" by requiring purchase money mortgages to be recorded within ten days in order to have priority of lien.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

Mr. McNICHOL read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 36, entitled:

An Act authorizing the surrender and delivery of mortgages and writings obligatory secured thereby given to the Commonwealth and the satisfaction of the record thereof when full payment has been made.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 37, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Medico-Chirurgical Hospital of Philadelphia.

Which was committed to the Committee on Apporpriations.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 38, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Trustees of the Medico-Chirurgical College of Philadelphia.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. SENSENICH read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 39, entitled:

A supplement to an act approved the 13th day of May 1887 entitled "An Act to restrain and regulate the sale of vinuous and spirituous malt or brewed liquors or any admixture thereof."

Which was committed to the Committee on Law and Order.

Mr. PATTON read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 40, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the West Philadelphia Hospital for Women in the City of Philadelphia.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 41, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Western Temporary Home of Philadelphia.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. SEMMENS read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 42, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Sewickley Valley Hospital Association Incorporated of Allegheny County Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. TOMPKINS read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 43, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the 27th day of June 1913 entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation regulation and government of cities of the third class; regulating nomination and election of municipal officers therein and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto.

Which was committed to the Committee on Municipal Affairs.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 44, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Conemaugh Valley Memorial Hospital at the City of Johnstown, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. STEWART read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 45, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the 14th day of May 1913 entitled "An Act authorizing the board of county commissioners of the several counties of the State to appropriate money for co-operating agricultural extension work for the purpose of improving and developing the agricultural resources of the proper counties."

Which was committed to the Committee on Agriculture.

Mr. KLINE read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 46, entitled:

An Act authorizing the district attorneys of certain counties to appoint a secretary, prescribing the duties fixing the salary and providing for payment of the same.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 47, entitled:

An Act to amend section 1 of an act entitled "An Act to fix the fees to be allowed the district attorney in the several counties of this Commonwealth having 750,000 inhabitants and less than 1,200,000" approved May 6 A. D. 1909.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 48, entitled:

An Act to amend section 1 of an act entitled "An Act to amend section 1 of an act, entitled 'An act providing for the appointment of assistant district attorneys, in the several counties of this Commonwealth having 750,000 and less than 1,200,000 inhabitants; prescribing the powers and duties and fixing the salaries, of the said assistant district attorneys,' approved the 25th day of April, A. D. 1907; so as to increase the salary of the first assistant district attorney, and to provide for the classification of the other assistant district attorneys, for whose appointment provision is made by said act as second, third and fourth assistants, and assistants, and to increase the salary of some and to decrease the salary of others of said assistant district attorneys," approved May 6, A. D. 1909, so as to increase the salary of some of the assistant district attorneys and to provide for the appointment of two more district attorneys and fixing the salaries of the same.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

TIME OF NEXT MEETING.

Mr. GERBERICH offered the following resolution, which was twice read, considered and agreed to:

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That when the Senate adjourns to-day it shall be to reconvene on Monday evening, February first, at nine o'clock, and when the House of Representatives adjourns this week it shall be to reconvene on Monday evening, February first, at nine o'clock.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

RECESS.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now take a recess until 11.30 o'clock.

Mr. GERBERICH. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

AFTER RECESS.

The PRESIDENT. The time of recess having elapsed the Senate will be in order.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from Committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. CATLIN, from the Committee on New Counties and County Seats, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 22, entitled:

An Act to provide for the appointment of a coroner's physician in counties having a population of more than one hundred and fifty thousand and less than eight hundred thousand and defining his qualifications, duties and salary.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

Mr. SALUS. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to read a bill in place at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. SALUS read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 49, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Home Teaching Society and Free Circulating Library for the Blind.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. MAGEE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to read bills in place at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. MAGEE read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 50, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Western Pennsylvania Institution for the Blind at Pittsburgh, Pa.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 51, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Roselia Foundling Asylum and Maternity Hospital of the City of Pittsburgh.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

COMMUNICATIONS FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Private Secretary to the Governor being introduced, presented communications in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which were laid upon the table.

HOUSE MESSAGE.

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced presented communication from the House, which was laid upon the table.

STENOGRAPHER TO LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR.

The PRESIDENT. The Chair announces the appointment of Herbert Kress, of Lancaster, as Stenographer to the Lieutenant-Governor.

SECRETARY AND STENOGRAPHER TO PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE.

The PRESIDENT. On behalf of the President Pro Tempore, the Chair announces the appointment of Charles A. Waldschmidt, of Pittsburgh, as Secretary to the President Pro Tempore, and Robert C. Rowley, of Pittsburgh, as Stenographer to the President Pro Tempore.

COMMUNICATIONS FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Chair cleared his table and laid before the Senate communications in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which were read as follows:

NOTARIES PUBLIC.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, January 26, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons to be Notaries Public for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, for the term of four years, to compute from the date of their confirmation:

ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

Miss M. C. Welsh, Pittsburgh.

CLINTON COUNTY.

Howard Franklin Candor, Lock Haven.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY.

Charles H. Heyer, Philadelphia.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY.

J. Elmer Watts, Lower Merion Township.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, January 26, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons to be Notaries Public for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, for the term of four years, to compute from the dates set opposite their names, respectively:

ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

J. Warren Hunter, Pittsburgh, January 28, 1915.

FAYETTE COUNTY.

Wm. S. Yard, Connellsville, February 2, 1915.

JUNIATA COUNTY.

Adam B. Heckerman, Port Royal, February 3, 1915.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY.

Michael F. Donnelly, West Conshohocken, January 31, 1915.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY.

Edwin J. Mole, Philadelphia, January 28, 1915.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

EXECUTIVE SESSION.

By unanimous consent,

A motion was made by Mr. VARE,

That Rule 38 which requires nominations made by the Governor to be referred to proper committees be dispensed with, and the Senate do now resolve itself into executive session, for the purpose of acting on the foregoing nominations,

Which was agreed to,

Whereupon,

A motion was made by Mr. VARE,

That the Senate do advise and consent to said nominations.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—47.

Beidleman,	Graff,	McConnell,	Smith, R. E.,
Buckman,	Gyger,	McKee, W. S.,	Smith, W. W.,
Burke,	Hackett,	McNichol,	Snyder, C. A.,
Catlin,	Hilton,	Miller,	Snyder, P. W.,
Clark,	Hoke,	Mills,	Sones,
Croft,	Homsher,	Moore,	Stewart,
Crow,	Jenkins,	Patton,	Thompson,
Daix,	Kline,	Phipps,	Tompkins,
DeWitt,	Kurtz,	Salus,	Vare,
Endsley,	Lynch,	Schantz,	Warner,
Farley,	Magee, C. J.,	Semmens,	Wasbers,
Gerberich,	Martin,	Sensenich,	

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Governor be informed accordingly.

HOUSE MESSAGE.

TIME OF NEXT MEETING.

The Chair cleared his table and laid before the Senate communication from the House of Representatives, informing the Senate that the House has concurred in resolution from the Senate as follows:

In the Senate, January 26, 1915.

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That when the Senate adjourns to-day it shall be to reconvene on Monday evening, February first, at nine o'clock, and when the House of Representatives adjourns this week it shall be to reconvene on Monday evening, February first, at nine o'clock.

ADJOURNMENT.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now adjourn.

Mr. KURTZ. Mr. President, I second the motion

The motion was agreed to.

The Senate adjourned at 11.55 o'clock A. M. until 9 o'clock Monday evening, February 1, 1915.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

TUESDAY, January 26th, 1915.

The House met at 10.00 A. M.

The SPEAKER (Charles A. Ambler) in the Chair.

PRAYER.

The Chaplain, Rev. F. W. Staley, of Montgomery County, offered the following prayer:

Almighty God, we approach Thee this beautiful morning with the deepest reverence and with the deepest gratitude, and we express our gratitude in the words of the Psalmist, "Bless the Lord, O my soul, and all that is within me bless His holy name! Bless the Lord, O my soul, and forget not all His benefits." We are deeply grateful to Thee, O God, this morning, for the characters which Thou hast presented to us in Holy Scripture. We thank Thee that we can open these sacred pages and read the story of the great lawgiver who formulated laws that have preserved a nation from the other nations of the earth during the thousands of years that have passed away, and His laws which He formulated have become the indestructible principles in government and have saturated the souls of Christian men throughout the entire world. We thank Thee for the teachings of the lowly Nazarene and that we can understand His teachings because they are so simple and so plain; and may we study his sermon on the mount and in the laws that are enacted in this age may the teachings of Moses and the teacnings of the Nazarene be put in these laws so that we may realize that mankind is a great brotherhood and that the future of God has been revealed unto us all, and may we be deeply grateful because Thou hast called us to be lawmakers, and may such laws be enacted as will be a great blessing even to the little boy, to the little girl, to the mother and to the father, and to all the great industries throughout this great Commonwealth; and may we be grateful for all the vast resources of this Commonwealth; and may we be righteous citizens, wise and reasonable men, for we know that they that be wise shall shine as the brightness of the firmament and forever turn many to righteousness as stars forever and ever.

Guide us in all that we do; keep us all faithful servants unto death and administer unto us an abundant entrance into Thy everlasting kingdom, we ask, for Christ's sake. Amen.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the Journal of yesterday's proceedings.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of yesterday's proceedings when on motion of Mr. Stern the further reading was dispensed with and the Journal approved.

QUESTION OF PERSONAL PRIVILEGE.

Mr. GARNER. Mr. Speaker, I rise to a question of personal privilege.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman will state his question of personal privilege.

Mr. GARNER. Mr. Speaker, when I read the newspapers this morning I found that I had become famous as the champion of benzoate of soda and the adulteration of candy for the children.

I had a great deal of work to do at the time and I asked the Legislative Reference Bureau, that is supposed to frame bills for us, to frame me a bill that would absolutely do away with benzoate of soda and all adulterations. I should have read the bill before I handed it in; but I am going to say this, Mr. Speaker, that if the Reference Bureau of this House framed me a bill making me champion of benzoate of soda and adulterated candy I am going to bring in a bill to oust that Reference Bureau; and if the newspaper men that wrote that article did not read it right I am going to buy them each a magnifying glass.

I am against benzoate of soda in any form and against the poisoning of children, and I want the people to know it. (Applause.)

BILLS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED.

By Mr. RONEY. House Bill No. 1.

An Act relating to the holding of a Constitutional convention, providing for the submission of the question of holding such a convention to the electors regulating the time and manner of nominating and electing delegates fixing their number and compensation, providing for the organization and constitution of the convention, defining its powers, providing for the publication of the constitution proposed by the convention and for its submission to the electors and making an appropriation to carry out the provisions of this act.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. GARNER. House Bill No. 2.

An Act to amend an act approved the 2nd day of June, A. D. 1891, entitled "An Act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the anthracite coal mines of Pennsylvania and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith," as amended.

Referred to the Committee on Labor and Industry.

By Mr. GARNER. House Bill No. 3.

An Act entitled "An Act requiring all anthracite coal mine owners or operators who employ at least one hundred workingmen around said mines to employ an additional competent hoisting engineer to assist the regular hoisting engineer during the one hour the men are being lowered into the mines and during the one hour the men are again being hoisted to the surface."

Referred to the Committee on Labor and Industry.

By Mr. GARNER. House Bill No. 4.

An Act to repeal an act approved the twenty-sixth day of July, one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act defining public service companies; and providing for their regulation by prescribing and defining their duties and liabilities; prescribing, defining and limiting their powers, and regulating their incorporation, and, to a limited extent, regulating municipal corporations engaged or about to engage in the business of public service companies; creating and establishing a Public Service Commission for the regulation aforesaid; prescribing and defining the powers and duties of such Commission and its officers, including the exclusive power to regulate the construction, alteration, relocation or abolition of the crossings of railroad corporations, street railway corporations, or other public service companies, and of public highways by the tracks or other facilities of said companies; providing for the ascertainment by the Commission of the expense and damages resulting from such construction, alteration, relocation or abolition, and for the payment of such expense and damages, severally or proportionately, by the public service companies, interested, the State, or municipal corporation concerned, and giving persons whose property is thereby taken, injured or destroyed, authority to sue the Commonwealth for damages in such cases; providing for the terms, salaries and compensation of the members of the Commission, its officers, counsel and employes; prescribing and regulating the practice and procedure before such Commission, and upon appeal and judicial review of its orders and determinations by the courts of common pleas; and giving the court of common pleas of Dauphin County exclusive jurisdiction of such appeals in certain cases, and of all injunctions, mandamus, or other appropriate proceedings to enforce the provisions of this act and the orders of the Commission, and to restrain such orders, subject to an appeal to the Supreme Court; prescribing penalties, fines and imprisonment for the violation of the provisions of this act and for the violation of the orders of said Commission; making it the duty of the Public Service Commission to enforce the provisions of the act approved the nineteenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred and eleven, entitled "An Act to promote the safety of travelers and employes of railroads by compelling common carriers by railroad to properly man their trains," by amending section nine thereof; repealing the act approved the thirty-first day of May, one thousand nine hundred and seven, which provided for the appointment of the Pennsylvania State Railroad Commission; and sections one and two of the act, approved the fourth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three, entitled 'An Act to enforce the provisions of the seventeenth article of the Constitution, relative to railroads and canals,' and an act, entitled 'To provide the maximum car service charges, including car storage charges, that railroad companies and corporations, or associations may charge and collect on each car loading, and not unloaded within the free time for unloading cars, and fixing the free time that shall be allowed for unloading cars,' approved twenty-fourth day of May, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven; and the proviso of clause three and the provisos of clause seven of section thirty-four of the act, entitled 'An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations,' approved the twenty-ninth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, and all other legislation inconsistent with or supplied by this act."

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. GARNER. House Bill No. 5.

An Act to repeal an act approved the second day of May, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, entitled "An Act to provide revenue by imposing a mercantile license tax on venders of or dealers in goods, wares and merchandise, and providing for the collection of said tax," together with the amendments thereof.

Referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. GARNER. House Bill No. 6.

An Act to amend section one of an act approved the first day of June, one thousand nine hundred and seven, entitled "An act to increase the pay of jurors and witnesses in this Commonwealth."

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. THODORE CAMPBELL. House Bill No. 7.

An Act making an appropriation to the Home for Aged Couples and Old Men at Bala, Philadelphia.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. BROSIUS. House Bill No. 8.

An Act providing for the destruction of certain weeds, prescribing duties of township commissioners, township supervisors and constables, and of owners and tenants of lands and imposing penalties.

Referred to the Committee on Agriculture.

By Mr. THEODORE CAMPBELL. House Bill No. 9.

An Act making an appropriation to the Home for Aged Veterans and Wives, located at Sixty-fifth and Vine Streets, in the City of Philadelphia.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. DUNN. House Bill No. 10.

An Act regulating the manner of payment of county employes in counties having a population over one million five hundred thousand.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

By Mr. FORSTER. House Bill No. 11.

An Act authorizing the Secretary of Internal Affairs to appoint an Assistant Chief and a Stenographer in the Bureau of Standards; fixing their salary; and increasing the salary of the Chief of said Bureau of Standards.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. BROSIUS. House Bill No. 12.

An Act to provide for an annual payment to citizens of Pennsylvania who while as citizens of Pennsylvania volunteered in defense of said State at the call of the Governor of said State either in September, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-two, or June, one thousand eight hun-

dred and sixty-three, for the purpose of repelling invasions of the said State by the Army of the Confederate States of America, and providing methods whereby such annual payments can be obtained, fixing the amount of said annual payment, creating a commission to have charge of all matters and things appertaining to the same, making an appropriation for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this act, and providing for punishments for the violations thereof.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. DUNN. House Bill No. 13.

An Act making an appropriation to the Frankford Hospital, located in Frankford, Philadelphia.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. DUNN. House Bill No. 14.

An Act making an appropriation to the Old Ladies' Home, of Wissinoming, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. BODY. House Bill No. 15.

An Act making an appropriation to the Homeopathic Medical and Surgical Hospital, of Reading, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. DELL. House Bill No. 16.

An Act to supply the office of the County Superintendent with a telephone, a typewriter and an executive clerk.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Mr. NISSLEY. House Bill No. 17.

An Act to provide for an additional law judge of the several courts of twelfth judicial district.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. BODY. House Bill No. 18.

An Act making an appropriation to the Home for Friendless Children, in the city of Reading, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. BODY. House Bill No. 19.

An Act making an appropriation to the Saint Joseph's Hospital, in the city of Reading, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. WOODWARD. House Bill No. 20.

An Act authorizing cities of the third class, wherein the title to the water-works therein located is in the city, to extend their pipes and improvements beyond the city limits and supply water to persons, corporations and municipalities within the county, and regulating the supply of water.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

By Mr. CHARLES A. SHAFFER. House Bill No. 21.

An Act to amend an act approved the nineteenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirteen, entitled "An Act empowering incorporated towns of this Commonwealth, without petition of the property owners, to grade, pave, curb, macadamize, and other wise improve public streets, or parts thereof, and assess a portion of the cost of the same on the owners of property abutting thereon, and providing for the collection of the same.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

By Mr. GARNER. House Bill No. 22.

An Act to amend an act approved the thirteenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred and nine, entitled "An Act relating to food; defining food: providing for the protection of the public health, and the prevention of fraud and deception, by prohibiting the manufacture or sale, the offering for sale or exposing for sale, or the having in possession with intent to sell, of adulterated, misbranded, or deleterious foods; prescribing certain duties of the Dairy and Food Commissioner in reference thereto; and providing penalties for the violation thereof."

Referred to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation

By Mr. GARNER. House Bill No. 23.

An Act to amend section eighteen, of article five of an act approved the twenty-sixth day of July, one thousand nine hundred and thirteen, entitled "An Act defining public service companies; and providing for their regulation by prescribing and defining their duties and liabilities; prescribing, defining and limiting their powers, and regulating their incorporation, and, to a limited extent, regulating municipal corporations engaged or about to engage in the business of public service companies; creating and establishing a Public Service Commission for the regulation aforesaid; prescribing and defining the powers and duties of such Commission and its officers, including the exclusive power to regulate the construction, alteration, relocation, or abolition of the crossings of railroad corporations, street railway corporations, or other public service companies, and of public highways by the tracks or other facilities of said companies; providing for the ascertainment by the Commission of the expense and damages resulting from such construction, alteration, relocation or abolition, and for the payment of such expense and damages, severally or proportionately, by the public service companies interested, the State, or municipal corporation concerned, and giving persons whose property is thereby taken, injured or destroyed, authority to sue the Commonwealth for damages in such case; providing for the terms, salaries and compensation of the members of the Commission, its officers, counsel and employes; prescribing and regulating the practice and procedure before such Commission, and upon appeal and judicial review of its orders and determinations by the courts of common pleas; and giving the court of common pleas of Dauphin County exclusive jurisdiction of such appeals in certain cases, and of all injunctions, mandamus, or other appropriate proceedings to enforce the provisions of this act and the orders of the Commission, and to restrain such orders, subject to an appeal to the Supreme Court; prescribing penalties, fines and imprisonment for the violation of the provisions of this act and for the violation of the orders of said Commission; making it the duty of the Public Service Commission to enforce the provisions of the act approved the nineteenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred and eleven, entitled 'An Act to promote the safety of travelers and employes on railroads, by compelling common carriers by railroad to properly man their trains,' by amending section nine thereof; repealing the act approved the thirty-first day of May, one thousand nine hundred and seven, which provided for the appointment of the Pennsylvania State Railroad Commission; and sections one and two of the act approved the fourth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three, entitled 'An Act to enforce the provisions of the seventeenth article of the Constitution, relative to railroads and canals;' and an act, entitled 'To provide for the maximum car service charges, including car storage charges, that railroad companies and corporations or associations may charge and collect on each car loading and not unloaded within the free time for unloading cars, and fixing the free time that shall be allowed for unloading cars, approved twenty-fourth day of May, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven; and the proviso of clause three and the provisions of clause seven of section thirty-four of the act, entitled 'An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations' approved the twenty-ninth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, and all other legislation inconsistent with or supplied by this act."

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. GARNER. House Bill No. 24.

An Act to amend an act approved the second day of June, one thousand eight hundred ninety-one, entitled "An Act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the anthracite coal mines of Pennsylvania and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith," as amended.

Referred to the Committee on Labor and Industry.

By Mr. GARNER. House Bill No. 25.

An Act, entitled "An Act providing for the appointment of a Game Commission in each county in this Commonwealth: Providing that one-half of all fees derived by the Commonwealth from hunters' licenses shall be returned to the county from which said fees were derived and placed in the county treasury subject to the vouchers of said Game Commission: Providing that the said Game Commission shall expend said moneys in the purchase of game to be liberated in said county.

Referred to the Committee on Game.

By Mr. HAGGERTY. House Bill No. 26.

An Act to protect public life and safety by regulation and prohibiting the manufacture, sale, use, offering, giving away, disposing, lending, leasing, carrying and possession of certain weapons, arms and firearms, fixing duties of the district attorney and county commissioners and providing penalties.

Referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

By Mr. SPANGLER. House Bill No. 27.

An Act relating to county officers in counties having less than one hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants and providing for their salaries and the compensation of deputies and clerks in the respective county offices requiring the payment into the respective county treasury of the fees of county officers and providing penalties for violation of this act.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. ADAMS. House Bill No. 28.

An Act making an appropriation to the United Charities, of Hazleton, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. ADAMS. House Bill No. 29.

An Act making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Hospital for Injured Persons of the Middle Coal Field.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. HUBLER. House Bill No. 30.

An Act relating to the vacation of public roads and their continuance as private roads.

Referred to the Committee on Public Roads.

By Mr. SHAABER. House Bill No. 31.

An Act making an appropriation to the Beulah Anchorage of Reading, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. RICHARDS. House Bill No. 32.

An Act making an appropriation to the American Hospital for Diseases of the Stomach, of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. WILLIAM W. JONES. House Bill No. 33.

An Act making an appropriation to the Department of Mines of this Commonwealth for paying such expenditures as may be incurred to protect property and the public health, and to promote the safety of citizens of this Commonwealth and others from loss and danger from a "Mine fire" within the limits of the city of Carbondale, Lackawanna County; Providing how such expenditures shall be made; how the Commonwealth shall be repaid; and authorizing the condemnation, destruction and appropriation of property, material, and compensation therefor, to carry into effect the purposes of this act, and imposing certain obligations upon the county of Lackawanna.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr GARNER. House Bill No. 34.

An Act to amend section 2105 of an act, entitled "An Act to establish a Public School System in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania," approved the 18th day of May, A. D. one thousand nine hundred and eleven, by authorizing and empowering independent school districts, having independent superintendents, to unite for the purpose of holding a Teachers' Annual Institute.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Mr. WEIR. House Bill No. 35.

An Act making an appropriation to the Hospital Department of the Jewish Hospital Association of Philadelphia.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. WILLIAM W. JONES. House Bill No. 36.

An Act making an appropriation to the Mid-Valley Hospital.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. MILLIRON. House Bill No. 37.

An Act to amend an act approved the twelfth day of July, one thousand nine hundred thirteen, entitled "An Act regulating certain political parties; providing for and regulating the nomination of candidates of such political parties for certain public offices, the election of delegates and alternate delegates to National party conventions, and of certain party officers, including State Committeemen; a method whereby electors of such political parties may express their choice of candidates for the office of President of the United States; and the payment by the several counties, and their reimbursement by the State, of the expense of the same; authorizing the State Committee of a political party to make, and to alter, amend, and revoke, rules; and providing penalties for the violation of the provisions of this act; and for the punishment of certain offenses provided for herein; and repealing inconsistent legislation.

Referred to the Committee on Elections.

By Mr. BALDWIN. House Bill No. 38.

An Act making an appropriation to the State Quarantine Station, situate at Marcus Hook, Delaware County, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. METZENBACHER. House Bill No. 39.

An Act making an appropriation to the Meadville City Hospital, of Meadville, Crawford County, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. GEISER. House Bill No. 40.

An Act designating the Mountain Laurel (Kalmia Latifolia) as the flower emblem or State flower of this Commonwealth.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Local.

By Mr. GEISER. House Bill No. 41.

An Act prohibiting certain institutions receiving State aid from restricting pay patients in the selection of physicians and surgeons not connected with the institution.

Referred to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

By Mr. EHRHARDT. House Bill No. 42.

An Act making an appropriation for maintenance to the Hahnemann Hospital of Scranton, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. EHRHARDT. House Bill No. 43.

An Act authorizing Peter C. Kuhn of Scranton, Lackawanna County, to sue the Commonwealth.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. EHRHARDT. House Bill No. 44.

An Act making an appropriation for the Pennsylvania Oral School for the Deaf.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. COX. House Bill No. 45.

An Act making an appropriation for the expenses required by an act, entitled "An Act to provide for the continuance of the education and maintenance of the destitute orphans of the deceased soldiers, sailors and marines, and the destitute children of permanently disabled soldiers, sailors and marines of the State," approved May twenty-fifth, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine; also making an appropriation to carry out the provisions of an act to provide for the education and maintenance of the children admitted to the Pennsylvania Soldiers' Orphan Industrial School and the Soldiers' Orphan Schools, approved May twenty-seventh, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. HESS. House Bill No. 46.

An Act making an appropriation to the Thaddeus Stevens Industrial School of Pennsylvania, at Lancaster, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. HESS. House Bill No. 47.

An Act making an appropriation to the Home for Friendless Children for the city and county of Lancaster, at Lancaster, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. McVICAR. House Bill No. 48.

An Act enabling townships of the first class to provide, regulate and protect a system of water supply and to con-

tract with certain adjoining municipalities for such water and granting and regulating the right of eminent domain and the right to occupy highways.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. McVICAR. House Bill No. 49.

An Act empowering certain corporations, societies and voluntary associations having subordinate lodges or branches within this Commonwealth, to change the location of their principal office or place of business, and providing for the filing of notice of such changes.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. OAKS. House Bill No. 50.

An Act making an appropriation to the Johnstown City Hospital of Johnstown Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. BODY. House Bill No. 51.

An Act making an appropriation to the Sisters of Charity of Saint Catharine's Orphan Asylum in the City of Reading, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. GRANSBACK. House Bill No. 52.

An Act making an appropriation to the Roosevelt Hospital of Philadelphia Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. BODY. House Bill No. 53.

An Act making an appropriation to the House of the Good Shepherd in the City of Reading, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. GRANSBACK. House Bill No. 54.

An Act making an appropriation to the Hebrew Sheltering Home and Day Nursery for Children in the County of Philadelphia incorporated.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. BALDWIN. House Bill No. 55.

An Act to amend section 2 of an act entitled "An Act to amend section two of an act entitled "An Act to regulate the manner of increasing the indebtedness of municipalities to provide for the redemption of the same and to impose penalties for the illegal increase thereof approved the twentieth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four abolishing the restriction that the tax levied to pay municipal indebtedness shall be equal to eight per centum of the amount of such increased debt and providing for the method of assessing and levying a tax for the payment of the principal and interest when the bonds become due and the form of statement to be filed" approved the thirteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven by extending the power to incur and increase indebtedness to townships of the second class.

Referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. BALDWIN. House Bill No. 56.

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act concerning building regulations and inspection in Boroughs" approved the 8th day of May A. D. 1907 by including townships of the first class in this Commonwealth and providing that approved plans and specifications be secured from the proper authorities.

Referred to the Committee on Counties and Townships.

By Mr. MAURER. House Bill No. 57.

An Act to repeal an act approved the seventeenth day of April one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act for the better protection of wild birds and game within the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania requiring citizens of the United States residing within this State to procure a license before using guns for the purpose of hunting for any wild birds or animals protected by the laws of this Commonwealth and providing penalties for violation of its several provisions and the manner of proceeding to enforce compliance therewith and providing for the disposition of the license fees, fines and penalties received."

Referred to the Committee on Game.

By Mr. MAURER. House Bill No. 58.

To repeal an act approved the twenty-sixth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act defining public service companies and providing for their regulation by prescribing and defining their duties and liabilities prescribing defining and limiting their powers and regulating their incorporation and to a limited extent regulating municipal corporations engaged or about to engage in the business of public service companies creating and establishing a Public Service Commission for the regulation aforesaid prescribing and defining the powers and duties of such Commission and its officers including the exclusive power to regulate the construction alteration relocation or abolition of the crossings of railroad corporations street railway corporations or other public service companies and of public highways by the tracks or other facilities of said companies providing for the ascertainment by the Commission of the expense and damages resulting from such construction alteration relocation or abolition and for the payment of such expense and damages severally or proportionately by the public service companies interested the State or municipal corporation concerned and giving persons whose property is thereby taken, injured or destroyed authority to sue the Commonwealth for damages in such cases providing for the terms, salaries and compensation of the members of the Commission its officers counsel and employes prescribing and regulating the practice and procedure before such commission and upon appeal and judicial review of its orders and determinations by the courts of common pleas and giving the court of common pleas of Dauphin County exclusive jurisdiction of such appeals in certain cases and of all injunctions mandamus or other appropriate proceedings to enforce the provisions of this act and the orders of the commission and to restrain such orders subject to an appeal to the Supreme Court prescribing penalties fines and imprisonment for the violation of the orders of said commission making it the duty of the Public Service Commission to enforce the provisions of the act approved the nineteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled 'An Act to promote the safety of travelers and employes on railroads by compelling common carriers by railroad to properly man their trains' by amending section nine thereof repealing the act approved the thirty-first day of May one thousand nine hundred and seven which provided for the appointment of the Pennsylvania State Railroad Commission and sections one and two of the act approved the fourth day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three entitled 'An act to enforce the provisions of the seventeenth article of the Constitution relative to railroads and canals' and an act entitled "To provide the maximum car service charges including car storage charges that railroad companies and corporations or associations may charge and collect on each car loading and not unloaded within the free time for unloading cars and fixing the free time that shall be allowed for unloading cars' approved twenty-fourth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven and the proviso of clause three and the provision of clause seven of section thirty-four of the act entitled 'An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporation' approved the twenty-ninth day of April one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four and all other legislation inconsistent with or supplied by this act."

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. MAURER. House Bill No. 59.

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-seventh day of June one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation regulation and government of cities of the third class regulating nomination and election of municipal officers therein and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

By Mr. BECKER. House Bill No. 60.

An Act to provide for the health safety and welfare of minors by forbidding their employment or work in certain occupations and under certain specified ages by restricting their hours of labor and regulating certain conditions of their employment by requiring employment certificates and badges for certain children and prescribing rules for the issuance re-issuance filing return and recording thereof by providing that the Commissioner of Labor and Industry or the Chief of the Department of Mines shall under certain conditions determine and find whether certain occupations are within the prohibitions of this act and providing for the publication of such findings requiring certain abstracts and notices to be posted, providing for the enforcement of this act by officers of the Department of Labor and Industry and the Department of Mines by the Superintendent of Public Instruction by officers of the Boards of School Directors and by police officers prescribing penalties for violations of the provisions of this act defining the procedure in prosecutions and repealing all acts and parts of acts that are inconsistent therewith.

Referred to the Committee on Manufacturers.

By Mr. SPANGLER. House Bill No. 61.

An Act making an appropriation to the Children's Home of the City of York, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. SPANGLER. House Bill No. 62.

An Act making an appropriation to the York Hospital and Dispensary of York, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. SPANGLER. House Bill No. 63.

An Act making an appropriation to the York Society to Protect Children and Aged Persons formerly the Christian Home of York, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. W. H. WILSON. House Bill No. 75.

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act to provide for the ordinary expenses of the Executive Judicial and Legislative Departments of the Commonwealth interest on the public debt and the support of the public schools for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and thirteen and for the payment of bills incurred and remaining unpaid at the close of the fiscal year ending May thirty-first, one thousand nine hundred and thirteen," as approved the sixteenth day of July Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen Pamphlet Laws page seven hundred and fifty-five providing for deficiencies in certain appropriations made to the Executive Judicial and Legislative Departments by the act to which this is a supplement and for minor appropriations to certain of the Executive Judicial and Legislative Departments not provided for by said act.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

REPORT OF THE COLUMBIA COUNTY BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF MOTHERS' PENSIONS.

Mr. SHAFFER offered the Report of the Columbia Board of Trustees of the Mothers' Pensions, which was read by the Clerk.

(For Report see Appendix.)

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION.

Mr. MAURER. Mr. Speaker.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman from Berks, Mr. Maurer.

Mr. MAURER. I desire to offer a resolution at this time.

The SPEAKER. The resolution will be read by the Clerk.

The Clerk then read the resolution as follows:

Whereas, One Valentine Brobst, Sr., died about one thousand eight hundred thirty-eight seized of more than fifty tracts of land in Eastern Pennsylvania, each of which contained from three hundred to three thousand acres; and

Whereas, The lawful heirs of said Valentine Brobst, Sr., alleged that through conspiracy and fraud they have been deprived of said lands, which now, on account of the vast deposits of coal therein contained are extremely valuable; and

Whereas, The heirs of said Valentine Brobst, Sr., allege that they have vainly endeavored by litigation to regain said lands of which they allege they have been deprived by fraud and conspiracy, therefore be it

Resolved, (If the Senate concur) that the Attorney General is hereby directed to investigate the charges of fraud and conspiracy whereby the heirs of Valentine Brobst, Sr., allege they have been deprived of many valuable tracts of land in Eastern Pennsylvania, and to ascertain whether such charges are true, and to report thereon at this session of the General Assembly with such recommendations in the premises as to them shall seem proper.

The SPEAKER. The resolution will lie over under the rules, for printing.

The SPEAKER. The Chair would like to suggest that the different members get together this afternoon and take up some of the bills that have been referred to the different committees. We will have a session to-morrow morning and we would like to get started with the work just as quickly as possible.

RECESS.

The Chair declared a recess until 11:30 o'clock.

AFTER RECESS.

The SPEAKER (Charles A. Ambler) in the chair.

SENATE MESSAGE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced presented the following extract from the Journal of the Senate, which was read as follows, viz:

TIME OF ADJOURNMENT.

In the Senate, January 26th 1915.

Resolved (If the House of Representatives concur), That when the Senate adjourns to-day it shall be to reconvene on Monday evening February 1st at 9 o'clock and when the House of Representatives adjourns this week it shall be to reconvene on Monday evening February 1st at 9 o'clock.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for its concurrence.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the resolution?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

MOTION TO ADJOURN.

Mr. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I move that the House do now adjourn.

QUESTION OF PERSONAL PRIVILEGE.

Mr. GARNER. Mr. Speaker, I rise to a question of personal privilege.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman will state his question.

Mr. GARNER. Mr. Speaker, before we adjourn I have here in front of me the head of the Legislative Reference Bureau that draws the bills. He acknowledges that I wrote him and requested a bill absolutely prohibiting the use of benzoate of soda in any form or adulterants in any form. He says, though, that he did not draw the bill himself and that he must go and ask the other fellow. Mr. Speaker, we have a long time before us; we are not hurried for time and I move you that the head of the Reference Bureau be granted the floor for the time that he needs and then the reporters that made my seat in this House very doubtful be granted the floor to explain their end of it.

The SPEAKER. You have heard the motion of the gentleman from Schuylkill, Mr. Garner. If there are no objections? Leave is granted.

Mr. MOORE (Head of the Legislative Reference Bureau). Mr. Speaker, and gentlemen of the House: Mr. Garner wrote to Mr. McCurdy, of our Bureau, in regard to this bill that is in controversy. He asked in that that benzoate of soda be prohibited. The bill was drawn as follows—making it short, so that you will understand—Section one was amended to comply with his request. In that section benzoate of soda to one-tenth of one per cent. is allowable. The old section was quoted and it was then amended to read as follows; and in that section which would become the law, should you people pass this bill, that is cut out. Therefore, benzoate of soda is not allowed.

Gentlemen, that is all the statement we can make in regard to this bill. We amended the section and cut out benzoate of soda as a preservative.

The SPEAKER. We will be glad to hear from any of the newspaper correspondents who desire the floor.

Mr. GARNER. Mr. Speaker, the only reason that I was anxious that this should be absolutely squared was that the man that I ran against in this House voted for one-tenth of one per cent. of benzoate of soda. I went around and I made speeches and I condemned him for allowing even that small amount and so I am now in the newspapers allowing it all to come in, Mr. Speaker. I would ask that the newspapermen explain now.

The SPEAKER. We have already given the newspapermen an opportunity.

Mr. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, is there not only one question before the House—that of adjournment?

The SPEAKER. There is nothing else before the House.

ADJOURNMENT.

The motion was agreed to and (at 11:40 A. M.) the House adjourned until Wednesday morning, January 27th, 1915, at 10 o'clock.

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA

Legislative Journal.

Session 1915 — 121st of the General Assembly

VOL. 3. HARRISBURG, PA., WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 27, 1915. No. 7.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

WEDNESDAY, January 27th, 1915.

The House met at 10.00 A. M.

The SPEAKER (Charles A. Ambler) in the chair.

PRAYER.

The Chaplain, Rev. F. W. Staley, of Montgomery County, offered the following prayer:

Almighty God, we come before Thee this morning as suppliants, beseeching Thee that Thou wouldst blot out all our transgressions and would lead us into paths of righteousness for His Name's sake; and we come as intercessors. Jesus, Himself, was an intercessor. He made intercessions for us and prayed that marvelous prayer upon the Cross, "Father, forgive them for they know not what they do." The Holy Ghost is an intercessor. "He maketh intercessions for us with groanings which cannot be uttered." We are intercessors and would intercede this morning for the families of the members and the employes of this House, and pray Thee that Thou wouldst preserve them from accident and sickness; and may peace, plenty, prosperity and happiness abide in their homes.

We would pray for the father of one of the members of the House who is seriously ill, and pray that he may have passed the crisis and soon be restored to health.

We would pray Thee that each member of the House may have a safe return home and that the Providence of God be over him, and the everlasting arms of God be beneath him.

We present this petition in Christ's name and for His sake. Amen.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the Journal of yesterday's proceedings.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of yesterday's proceedings when, on motion of Mr. Cummins, the further reading was dispensed with and the Journal was approved.

BILLS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED.

By Mr. STONE. House Bill No. 64.

An Act requiring lights on certain vehicles and imposing certain duties on the State Highway Commissioner in connection therewith.

Referred to the Committee on Public Roads.

By Mr. GEARY. House Bill No. 65.

An Act making an appropriation to the Roselia Foundling Asylum and Maternity Hospital of the City of Pittsburgh.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. WILLIAM H. WILSON. House Bill No. 66.

An Act making a deficiency appropriation to the Trustees of Temple University.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. EHRHARDT. House Bill No. 67.

An Act making an appropriation to the St. Mary's Keller Memorial Hospital, of Scranton, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. LAUER. House Bill No. 68.

An Act making an appropriation to the Northwestern General Hospital, located at number two thousand and nineteen North Twenty-second street, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. LAUER. House Bill No. 69.

An Act making an appropriation to the Trustees of Temple University.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. CURRY. House Bill No. 70.

An Act to amend the second section of an act of Assembly entitled: "An Act authorizing the Bureau of Health in cities of the first class to make and promulgate rules and regulations for the sanitary keeping of stables and other places, in such cities, where horses, mules, cows, sheep, goats or swine are kept, and for the collecting, storing and transporting of manure from such animals; providing that no manure shall be collected or stored in any stable, manure-pit, or other place without a permit, or transported in violation of said rules and regulations; making a violation of the act or of said rules and regulations a misdemeanor; prescribing penalties therefor and repealing inconsistent acts," approved the twenty-fifth day of July, one thousand nine hundred and thirteen, so as to permit the deposit of manure on wharves and piers for shipment beyond the limits of such cities.

Referred to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

By Mr. RININGER. House Bill No. 71.

An Act transferring from one fund to another certain moneys appropriated to the Dairy and Food Division of the Department of Agriculture.

Referred to the Committee on Agriculture.

By Mr. GINGERY. House Bill No. 72.

A supplement to an act approved the thirteenth day of May, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven, entitled "An Act to restrain and regulate the sale of vinuous and spirituous malt or brewed liquors or any admixture thereof."

Referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

By Mr. GREENWOOD. House Bill No. 73.

An Act making an appropriation to the Trustees of the Coatesville Hospital, Coatesville, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. GLASS. House Bill No. 74.

An Act to quiet the title of real estate; and to enable citizens of the United States, and corporations authorized to hold real estate within this Commonwealth, to hold and convey title to real estate which has been formerly held by or for corporations not authorized by law to hold the same.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

By Mr. McKAY. House Bill No. 76.

An Act making an appropriation to refund to the Crawford County Trust Company, a corporation of Meadville, Crawford County, Pennsylvania, moneys erroneously paid into the State Treasury.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. E. E. JONES. House Bill No. 77.

An Act accepting the provisions of an act of Congress, approved the eighth day of May, one thousand nine hundred and fourteen, entitled, "An Act to provide for co-operative agricultural extension work between the agricultural colleges in the several States receiving the benefits of an act of Congress approved July second, eighteen hundred and sixty-two, and of acts supplementary thereto, and the United States Department of Agriculture," providing for the co-operation of this Commonwealth and making an appropriation therefor.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. E. E. JONES. House Bill No. 78.

An Act making a deficiency appropriation for the years one thousand nine hundred and thirteen and one thousand nine hundred and fourteen in carryig out the laws relative to the construction, maintenance and repair of roads in townships of the second class.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. SAMPSEL. House Bill No. 79.

An Act to amend section two of an act approved the twenty-eighth day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirteen, entitled "An Act authorizing and empowering township supervisors, in townships of the second class, to enter into contract with electric, gas, or other light companies for the purpose of lighting and illuminating the streets, highways, and other public places in any village in said township; and to provide for the collection of funds for that purpose by levying a tax upon owners of property in the district benefited," and by taxing occupations in the district benefited.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. GOMPERS. House Bill No. 80.

An Act making an appropriation to the Conemaugh Valley Memorial Hospital at the City of Johnstown, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. GOMPERS. House Bill No. 81.

An Act making an appropriation to the Mercy Hospital, of Johnstown, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. GOMPERS. House Bill No. 82.

An Act making an appropriation to the Christian Home, of Johnstown, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. STEIN. House Bill No. 83.

An Act defining heroin, regulating the sale, prescription and possession of heroin, its salts, derivatives and compounds and preparations and substances containing heroin, or its salts, derivatives or compounds, and providing penalties.

Referred to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

By Mr. BEYER. House Bill No. 84.

An Act making an appropriation to Saint Luke's Homeopathic Hospital of Philadelphia.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. SPANGLER. House Bill No. 85.

An Act making an appropriation to refund to S. L. Stayman, of York, Pennsylvania, moneys erroneously paid into the State Treasury.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. LIPSCHUTZ. House Bill No. 86.

An Act making an appropriation to the Gynecean Hospital in the City of Philadelphia.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. DUNN. House Bill No. 87.

A supplement to an act approved the twenty-fourth day of July, one thousand nine hundred thirteen, entitled "An Act to provide for the personal registration of electors, and their enrollment as members of political parties, in cities of the first and second classes of this Commonwealth; to make such registration a condition of the right to vote in such cities, and their said enrollment as members of a political party a condition of the right to vote at primaries in said cities; and providing for the payment of witness fees for persons summoned before the commissioners; to provide penalties for violations of its provisions; and to repeal acts inconsistent herewith."

Referred to the Committee on Elections.

By Mr. DUNN. House Bill No. 88.

An Act making an appropriation to the German Baptist Home for the Aged, of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. DUNN. House Bill No. 89.

An Act to amend an act approved the thirtieth day of July, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven, entitled "An Act to provide revenue and regulate the sale of malt, brewed, vinous and spirituous liquors or any admixture thereof, by requiring and authorizing licenses to be taken out by brewers, distillers, wholesalers, bottlers, rectifiers, compounders, storekeepers and agents, having a store, office or place of business within this Commonwealth, prescribing the amount of license fees to be paid in such cases, and by imposing an additional license fee on retail dealers in intoxicating liquors," as amended.

Referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

By Mr. DUNN. House Bill No. 90.

An Act making an appropriation toward the improvement of county roads in the suburban sections of the City of Philadelphia.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. W. W. JONES. House Bill No. 91.

An Act making an appropriation to the Carbondale Hospital Association, of the City of Carbondale, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Apporpriations.

By Mr. MEARKLE. House Bill No. 92.

An Act relating to checks and drafts and fixing penalties.

Referred to the Committee on Banks and Banking.

By Mr. BEYER. House Bill No. 93.

An Act relating to notice to creditors of decedent's estates of the filing of an account by the personal representatives.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

By Mr. POWELL. House Bill No. 94.

An Act to repeal an act approved the fourth day of June, one thousand nine hundred and one, entitled "An Act defining the rights and liabilities of parties to and regulating the effect of contracts for work and labor to be done and labor or materials to be furnished to any building, bridge, wharf, dock, pier, bulkhead, vault, subway, tramway, toll-road, conduit, tunnel, mine, coal-breaker, flume, pump, screen, tank, derrick, pipe-line, aqueduct, reservoir, viaduct, telegraph, telephone, railway or railroad line, canal, mill race, works for supplying water, heat, light, power, cold air or any other substance furnished to the public, well for the production of gas, oil or other volatile or mineral substance or other structure or improvement of whatsoever kind or character the same may be, providing remedies for the recovery of debts due by reason of such contracts, and repealing, consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto."

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. BAUERLE. House Bill No. 95.

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-fourth day of February, one thousand eight hundred thirty-four, entitled "An Act relating to executors and administrators," as amended.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

By Mr. HESS. House Bill No. 96.

An Act making an appropriation to the State Livestock Sanitary Board, for the payment of necessary expenses in the eradication of foot-and-mouth disease, and for the control of transmissible diseases in animals.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. PHILLIPS. House Bill No. 97.

An Act to establish as a "State Highway" a certain section of public road beginning at Clearfield, thence northwest to Penfield, thence to a point on the dividing line between Clearfield and Elk Counties; at or near Tyler; thence by way of Force, Weedville, Caledonia and Benezette to a point on the dividing line between Elk and Cameron Counties, thence to Driftwood, Cameron County, connecting with route number one hundred and five; thence over route number one hundred and five to Emporium, Cameron County.

Referred to the Committee on Public Roads.

By Mr. ALCORN. House Bill No. 98.

An Act to relieve from the payment of Mercantile License, corporations, joint stock associations and limited partnerships, doing business as wholesale or retail distributors or vendors of merchandise, who pay to the Commonwealth a tax upon their capital stock.

Referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. ALCORN. House Bill No. 99.

An Act making an appropriation to the City Hospital Association of DuBois, in DuBois, Clearfield County, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. BROWNLEE. House Bill No. 100.

An Act validating certain private sales of real estate heretofore made by guardians, administrators and executors by decree of Orphans' Court.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

By Mr. HESS. House Bill No. 101.

An Act making an appropriation to the State Normal Schools of the Commonwealth.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. CONNER. House Bill No. 102.

An Act to amend an act approved the eighteenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred and eleven, entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, together with the provisions by which it shall be administered, and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof; providing revenue to establish and maintain the same, and the method of collecting such revenue; and repealing all laws, general, special or local, or any parts thereof, that are or may be inconsistent therewith."

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Mr. DUNN. House Bill No. 103.

An Act to amend an act approved the eighteenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred and eleven, entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, together with the provisions by which it shall be administered, and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof; providing revenue to establish and maintain the same, and the method of collecting such revenue; and repealing all laws, general, special or local, or any parts thereof, that are or may be inconsistent therewith."

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Mr. DUNN. House Bill No. 104.

An Act regulating the manner and time of payment of employes of cities of the first class.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. CROMER. House Bill No. 105.

An Act to amend an act approved the eighteenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred and eleven, entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, together with the provisions by which it shall be administered, and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof; providing revenue to establish and maintain the same, and the method of collecting such revenue; and repealing all laws, general, special or local, or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith."

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Mr. GANS. House Bill No. 106.

An Act to amend the twenty-third subdivision of corporations of the second class, in Section 2 of an act which became a law on the seventeenth day of April, A. D. one thousand eight hundred and seventy-six, entitled "A supplement to an act approved April twenty-ninth, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, entitled An act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations," providing for the incorporation and regulation of stage and omnibus lines, specifying their purposes and defining their motive power.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

By Mr. KAISER. House Bill No. 107.

An Act making an appropriation to the St. John's General Hospital.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. WILLIAM H. WILSON. House Bill No. 108.

A joint resolution proposing an amendment to section one, article eight of the Constitution of Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. SHOWALTER. House Bill No. 109.

An Act to enable certain boroughs to furnish and supply electric current for power purposes.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. STERN, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed House Bill No. 43, entitled:

An Act authorizing Peter C. Kuhn, of Scranton, Lackawanna County, to sue the Commonwealth.

Mr. COX, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended House Bill No. 75, entitled:

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act to provide for the ordinary expenses of the Executive, Judicial and Legislative Departments of the Commonwealth, interest on the public debt, and the support of the public schools, for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand nine hundred and thirteen, and for the payment of bills incurred and remaining unpaid at the close of the fiscal year ending May thirty-first, one thousand nine hundred and thirteen," as approved the sixteenth day of July, Anno Domini, one thousand nine hundred and thirteen, Pamphlet Laws, page seven hundred and fifty-five; providing for deficiencies in certain appropriations made to the Executive, Judicial and Legislative Departments by the act to which this is a supplement, and for minor appropriations to certain of the Executive, Judicial and Legislative Departments not provided for by said act.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE.

Mr. STERN asked and obtained leave of absence for Mr. Forster on account of illness of his father.

BILL ON FIRST READING.

Mr. COX asked and obtained unanimous consent to have a bill read on first reading at this time.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 75, entitled:

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act to provide for the ordinary expenses of the Executive, Judicial and Legislative Departments of the Commonwealth, interest on the public debt, and the support of the public schools for the

two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand nine hundred and thirteen, and for the payment of bills incurred and remaining unpaid at the close of the fiscal year ending May thirty-first, one thousand nine hundred and thirteen," as approved the sixteenth day of July, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen, Pamphlet Laws, page seven hundred and fifty-five, providing for deficiencies in certain appropriations made to the Executive, Judicial and Legislative Departments by the act to which this is a supplement, and for minor appropriations to certain of the Executive, Judicial and Legislative Departments not provided for by said act.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

ADJOURNMENT.

Mr. CUMMINS. Mr. Speaker, I move that the House do now adjourn.

The motion was agreed to and (at 10.25 A. M.) the House adjourned until Monday, February 1st, 1915, at 9.00 o'clock P. M.

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA.

Legislative Journal.

Session 1915 — 121st of the General Assembly

VOL. 3. HARRISBURG, PA., MONDAY, FEBRUARY 1, 1915. No. 8.

SENATE.

MONDAY, February 1, 1915.

The Senate met at 9 o'clock P. M.

The PRESIDENT (Lieutenant-Governor Frank B. McClain) in the Chair.

PRAYER.

The Chaplain, Rev. Thomas W. Davis, offered the following prayer:

Almighty God, we thank Thee for all the blessings of nature, and for all the possibilities of our own lives. We have moved out of those smaller quarters in which we once lived, and through the faint tick of the delicate telegraph instrument, the railway, and the press, the entire world has been drawn within the narrow radius of a few hours. We are living today not unto ourselves, but we are living as well for others, and we believe that we should live and let live, and we believe all this body of men have dedicated their lives to the one great purpose of making it just as easy as possible for people to do that which is right and as hard as possible for them to do that which is wrong. We pray Thee that at all times we may strive to have a conscience void of offense, both toward God and toward man. Guide us so that in all our deliberations we may aim to help the largest number possible of our fellow men as far as we can reach. We ask these blessings in our Saviour's name. Amen.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of the preceding session when, on motion of Mr. BUCKMAN, the further reading was dispensed with, and the Journal was approved.

PETITION.

PRAYING FOR REPEAL OF PUBLIC SERVICE COMPANY LAW.

Mr. THOMPSON presented the petition of the Men's Bible Class of the United Presbyterian Church of Rochester, Pa., praying for the repeal of the Public Service Company law.

Which was referred to the Committee on Corporations.

LEAVES OF ABSENCE.

Mr. SONES asked and obtained leave of absence for the Senator from Luzerne, Mr. DeWITT for this week.

The Chair asked and obtained leave of absence for the Senator from Franklin, Mr. HOKE, for today and tomorrow.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

Mr. BEIDLEMAN read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 52 entitled

An Act relating to the sale of goods.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 53 entitled

An Act to amend section one of an act approved the 24th day of July, 1913, entitled "An Act making it unlawful for the commissioners of any county in this Commonwealth to contract to repair, build, or rebuild any county bridges, without due advertisement for sealed proposals, excepting contracts not amounting to two hundred and fifty dollars."

Which was committed to the Committee on Public Roads and Highways.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 54 entitled

An Act making an appropriation for the use of the Capitol Park Extension Commission.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 55 entitled

An Act to create a Commission for the purchase of a bronze replica of the Houdon Statue of Washington to be erected in the State Capitol, at Harrisburg, and to appropriate the sum of three thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars to make said purchase.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. GERBERICH read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 56 entitled

An act for the prevention and deception by prohibiting the use of added artificial coloring matter in such edible alimentary pastes as macaroni, spaghetti, vermicelli and noodles.

Which was committed to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

Mr. CATLIN read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 57 entitled

An Act making an appropriation to the Florence Crittenton Circle of Wilkes-Barre, Penna.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 58 entitled

An Act making an appropriation to the Wilkes-Barre City Hospital.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. PHIPPS read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 59 entitled

An Act making an appropriation to the Trustees of the State Institution for Feeble-Minded of Western Pennsylvania, at Polk, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 60 entitled

An Act making an appropriation to the Trustees of the State Institution for Feeble-Minded of Western Pennsylvania, at Polk, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 61 entitled

An Act making an appropriation for the deficiencies which have arisen in the payment of expenses for the erection, furnishing and equipment of six cottages, bakery, and addition to the laundry at the State Institution for Feeble-Minded of Western Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 62 entitled

An Act to protect the public health from the unlawful use of bottles, jars, vessels or other packages in the sale, exchange and delivery of milk and cream and their products, and providing penalties for such use.

Which was committed to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

Mr. BUCKMAN read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 63 entitled

An Act relating to monies heretofore deposited in State Treasury prior to December 31, 1913, by the Highway Departments as fees for registration of motor vehicles and the licensing of operators, and making an appropriation thereof.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. SALUS read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 64 entitled

An Act fixing the annual salaries to be hereafter paid the county commissioners of all counties in the Commonwealth containing over one million two hundred thousand (1,200,000) inhabitants, and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith.

Which was committed to the Committee on Municipal Affairs.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 65 entitled

An Act relating to Employers' Liability insurance and special risks arising under the Workingmen's Compensation Act, and to provide for the regulation and control of rates of premium thereon; to prevent discrimination and to provide judicial investigation of the reasonableness of said rates and orders thereunder and to provide for the punishment of violations thereof.

Which was committed to the Committee on Corporations.

Mr. HILTON read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 66 entitled

An Act providing for the appointment of a commission to investigate and report on the manner of conducting local poor houses, almshouses, county homes, et cetera, and making an appropriation therefor.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. McCONNELL read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 67 entitled

An Act making an appropriation to the Mary M. Packer Hospital, Sunbury, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 68 entitled

An Act authorizing and regulating the construction of a bridge over the Susquehanna River, between Herndon and Port Treverton, and making an appropriation therefor.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 69 entitled

An Act providing for the acquisition at the cost of the Commonwealth for the use of the respective counties of certain toll bridges over two thousand feet in length for the abolition of tolls thereon and regulating the procedure in such cases, and providing for the payment of the damages assessed.

Which was committed to the Committee on Public Roads and Highways.

Mr. SCHANTZ read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 70 entitled

An Act making an appropriation to the Saint Luke's Hospital located at South Bethlehem, Lehigh county, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 71 entitled

An Act to provide for the erection of a tablet, marker, or monument to commemorate the services and patriotism during the Civil War of the Allen Infantry of Allentown, Pennsylvania, officially known as Company "G" Twenty-fifth regiment Pennsylvania volunteers and commonly styled "The First Defenders;" providing for the appointment of a commission to carry into effect the provisions of this act, and making an appropriation therefor.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 72 entitled

An Act to repeal an act approved the 17th day of April, 1913, entitled "An Act for the better protection of wild birds and game within the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania; requiring citizens of the United States residing within this State to procure a license before using guns for the purpose of hunting for any wild birds or animals protected by the laws of this Commonwealth; and providing penalties for violation of its several provisions, and the manner of proceeding to enforce compliance therewith; and providing for the disposition of the license fees, fines, and penalties received."

Which was committed to the Committee on Game and Fisheries.

Mr. P. W. SNYDER read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 73 entitled

An Act making an appropriation to the Altoona Hospital, Altoona, Blair County, Penna.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 74 entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Nason Hospital, Roaring Spring, Blair County.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. TOMPKINS read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 75 entitled

An Act to amend section 1707 of an act entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, together with the provisions by which it shall be administered, and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof; providing revenue to establish and maintain the same, and the method of collecting such revenue; and repealing all laws, general, special or local, or any parts thereof, that are or may be inconsistent therewith," approved the 18th day of May, A. D. 1911.

Which was committed to the Committee on Education.

Mr. McKEE read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 76 entitled

An Act making an appropriation to the Pittsburgh Hospital Sisters of Charity of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. McNICHOL read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 77 entitled

An Act making an appropriation to The Academy of Natural Sciences, of Philadelphia.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 78 entitled

An Act making an appropriation to the Philadelphia Orthopaedic Hospital and Infirmary for Nervous Diseases.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 79 entitled

An Act prohibiting any member or employe of any bureau or department having charge of police and fire protection, of any county, city, borough, town, township, school district or poor district in this Commonwealth from taking any active part in politics, political movements or elections, or from interfering with elections or from using his office to influence politics, political movements or elections, and providing penalties for violation thereof

Which was committed to the Committee on Elections.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 80 entitled

An Act making an appropriation to The Berean Manual Training and Industrial School.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. GRAFF read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 81 entitled

An Act to amend an act approved the eleventh day of July, 1901, entitled "An Act to regulate and establish the fees to be charged by sheriffs in this Commonwealth, and to provide for the taxation and collection of the same.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 82 entitled

An Act to repeal an act approved the fourteenth day of May, 1913, entitled "An Act to provide and fix fees and compensation to be received by constables in this Commonwealth for visiting places where liquors are sold or kept."

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. SENSENICH read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 83 entitled

An Act making an appropriation to the Children's Aid Society of Westmoreland County, at Greensburg, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. SEMMENS read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 84 entitled

An Act to amend an act approved the 18th day of May, 1911 entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, together with the provisions by which it shall be administered, and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof; providing revenue to establish and maintain the same, and the method of collecting such revenue, and repealing all laws, general, special, or local, or any parts thereof, that are or may be inconsistent therewith."

Which was committed to the Committee on Education.

Mr. JENKINS read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 85 entitled

An Act to amend an act, approved the 5th day of May, 1911, entitled "An Act providing for the organization, discipline, maintenance, and regulation of the organized Militia of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, otherwise styled the National Guard of Pennsylvania; authorizing the Governor to alter, divide, annex, consolidate, disband, organize, or reorganize any organization, department or corps; providing for admission of new organizations; providing that certain privileges and exemption from duty as jurors be enjoyed by members thereof, or persons who have served therein; also exemption from further military service of persons who have served therein, except in case of war, invasion or insurrection; exempting members of the National Guard from service upon any posse comitatus; authorizing general field and commissioned department or staff officers to administer oaths or affirmations in matters concerning National Guard service, and authorizing commanding officers to administer oaths or affirmations in enlistment of recruits; providing that persons who falsely swear or affirm to any oath or affirmation shall be deemed guilty of perjury and prescribing punishment therefor; providing for annual allowances to be paid to organizations of the National Guard; fixing rate per day for hire of horses; fixing the per diem pay for officers and enlisted men of the National Guard; providing for retirement of commissioned officers; providing for a Military Board and fixing salaries of members thereof; providing for holding of annual encampments, and fixing maximum period of same; fixing terms of commission of commissioned officers; providing that no officer shall remain in command of the division for a longer period than five years; providing that officers may be held supernumerary; fixing amount of bonds to be filed by certain officers; providing for discharge of commissioned officers by the commander-in-chief, and discharge of enlisted men by commanding officers; authorizing the Adjutant-General by permission of the Governor to sell or exchange military stores, and directing payment into State Treasury of money received from sales so made; prescribing the duties of the Adjutant-General; authorizing commanding officers of troops under arms to arrest trespassers on parade or camp ground, and to prohibit and prevent sale of spirituous liquors, except by licensed houses, within a radius of two miles of said parade or camp ground; and providing that hucksters, auction sales or gambling may be abated as a nuisance; authorizing the commander-in-chief to fix an annual commutation for rifle practice; providing that civil process shall not be issued or enforced against any person mustered into the service of this Commonwealth, or of the United States, during so much of the term as he shall be engaged in active service under orders, nor until thirty days after he shall be relieved thereof; providing that no officers or soldiers shall be arrested upon any warrant, except for treason or felony while in the performance of military duty; providing for the appointment of courts of inquiry and courts martial, and the method of procedure of said courts of inquiry and courts martial and fixing sentences that may be imposed or penalties inflicted, or both; providing for the punishment of certain offences, hereby declared to be felonies or misdemeanors.

Which was committed to the Committee on Military Affairs.

COMMUNICATIONS FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Private Secretary to the Governor being introduced, presented communications in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which were laid upon the table.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

Mr. JENKINS read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 86 entitled

An Act making an appropriation to refund to Lynford Biddle of Philadelphia certain moneys erroneously paid into the State Treasury.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 87 entitled

An Act providing for the purchase of a statue of a Continental soldier and for placing it on the monument commemorating the Battle of Germantown in Vernon Park, Philadelphia, and making an appropriation.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. PATTON read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 88 entitled

An Act relating to the competency of witnesses and to the rules of evidence in proceedings arising from the exercise of the right of eminent domain.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 89 entitled

An Act making an appropriation to the West Philadelphia Homeopathic Hospital, of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 90 entitled

An Act to amend an act, "To provide for the better collection of collateral inheritance taxes," approved the 6th day of May, A. D. 1887; providing for the employment of attorneys and clerks.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. KLINE read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 91 entitled

An Act making an appropriation to the Western Pennsylvania Hospital.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. THOMPSON read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 92 entitled

An Act requiring certain petitions and papers to be verified before being considered by the court.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 93 entitled

An Act making it unlawful for any insurance company or association, issuing health or accident policies, to cancel the same except upon written application and consent of the insured and providing penalties for violations of its provisions.

Which was committed to the Committee on Insurance.

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 2 entitled

An Act to amend the first section of an act approved the twenty-eighth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and twenty entitled "An Act relative to mortgages" by requiring purchase money mortgages to be recorded within ten days in order to have priority of lien.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 3 entitled

An Act making it unlawful to obtain or attempt to obtain goods wares or merchandise or to obtain or attempt to obtain credit under a false or assumed name.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

BILLS RECOMMITTED.

Mr. CLARK. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 3, the bill just read, be recommitted to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 4 entitled

An Act relating to persons habitually addicted to the use of alochol or drugs and providing for the care and treatment of such persons at the expense of the county and State if indigent.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 21 entitled

An Act to validate deeds mortgages and other instruments of writing which have been defectively acknowledged by husband and wife prior to the fourth day of January one thousand nine hundred and fifteen.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 22 entitled

An Act to provide for the appointment of a coroner's physician in counties having a population of more than one hundred and fifty thousand and less than eight hundred thousand and defining his qualifications, duties and salary.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

BILL INTRODUCED.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to read a bill in place at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 94 entitled

An Act regulating private detectives.

Which was committed to the Comhmittee on Judiciary Special.

COMMUNICATIONS FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Chair cleared his table and laid before the Senate communications in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which were read as follows and referred to the Committee on Executive Nominations:

COMMISSIONERS OF VALLEY FORGE.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, February 1, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, W. U. Hensel, of Lancaster, to be a Commissioner of Valley Forge, until April 20, 1919.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

MEMBERS OF THE COLLEGE AND UNIVERSITY COUNCIL.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, February 1, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons to be Members of the College and University Council, to serve for the term of four years from the date of confirmation:

Samuel Hamilton, Braddock, Pa.
William H. Crawford, Meadville, Pa.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

MEMBERS OF THE STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, February 1, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons to be Members of the State Board of Education, to serve until the dates set opposite their names, respectively:

James M. Coughlin, Wilkes-Barre, July 1, 1915.
William C. Jacobs, Philadelphia, July 1, 1915.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

NOTARIES PUBLIC.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, February 1, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons to be Notaries Public for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, for the term of four years, to compute from the date of their confirmation:

ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

Joseph N. Browne, Pittsburgh.
Miss Alice E. Duff, Pittsburgh.
Miss A. M. Kratzer, Pittsburgh.
Simon T. Patterson, Pittsburgh.
Grant Darby, Aspinwall.
Oliver C. Camp, Jr., Tarentum.

BERKS COUNTY.

Tobias Knoblauch, Reading.
J. Hain Mengel, Reading.

CAMBRIA COUNTY.

Alex N. Hart, Johnstown.

CLARION COUNTY.

David W. Lewis, Edenburg.

CLINTON COUNTY.

Joseph F. Reilley, Renovo.

CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

H. H. Mercer, Mechanicsburg.

DAUPHIN COUNTY.

Frank E. Ziegler, Harrisburg.

ELK COUNTY.

D. J. Driscoll, St. Marys.

FAYETTE COUNTY.

Miss Kathryn J. Wood, Uniontown.

GREENE COUNTY.

A. L. Moredock, Waynesburg.

LACKAWANNA COUNTY.

Frank V. Matthews, Dunmore.
George Chylak, Olyphant.

LANCASTER COUNTY.

Willard Blaine Hoar, Lancaster.
Harvey B. Lutz, Lancaster.
H. G. Shimp, Denver.

LAWRENCE COUNTY.

John W. Thomas, New Castle.
Charles C. Rawlins, New Castle.

LEBANON COUNTY.

Elias E. Risser, South Londonderry Township.

LUZERNE COUNTY.

P. W. McKeown, Wilkes-Barre.
John R. Reap, Avoca.

McKEAN COUNTY.

Miss Hallie A. Walker, Smethport.

MIFFLIN COUNTY.

Harvey C. Burkett, Lewistown.

MONROE COUNTY.

Vinton S. Loder, East Stroudsburg.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY.

Charles F. Cloud, Norristown.
Rees C. Roberts, Ambler.

NORTHUMBERLAND COUNTY.

Harry E. Rebhorn, Shamokin.

PERRY COUNTY.

John C. Motter, Bloomfield.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY.

Samuel A. Belsito, Philadelphia.
George R. Bradbury, Philadelphia.
William H. Craven, Philadelphia.
Jay R. Grier, Philadelphia.
George H. Hill, Philadelphia.
Miss Rae G. Jones, Philadelphia.
Samuel C. Kane, Philadelphia.
Miss M. Alma Layton, Philadelphia.
Robert J. Lehman, Philadelphia.
Frank H. Massey, Philadelphia.
Geo. Nebeker, Philadelphia.
David E. Rattin, Philadelphia.
Joseph G. Richmond, Philadelphia.
Winfield S. Sheard, Philadelphia
Mrs. Katherine E. Thomas, Philadelphia.

WESTMORELAND COUNTY.

Isaac K. Darbaker, Vandergrift.

BEAVER COUNTY.

William J. Franklin, Midland.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, February 1, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons to be Notaries Public for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, for the term of four years, to compute from the dates set opposite their names, respectively:

ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

F. K. Martin, Pittsburgh, February 6, 1915.
C. B. Milligan, Pittsburgh, February 11, 1915.
Wm. T. Adair, Pittsburgh, February 21, 1915.
William G. Bechman Pittsburgh, February 21, 1915.
Elmer F. Billeter, Pittsburgh, February 21, 1915.
Lewis Z. Birmingham, Jr., Pittsburgh, February 21, 1915.
D. V. Bismarck, Pittsburgh, February 21, 1915.
Aexander Black, Pittsburgh, February 21, 1915.
Charles Henry Bracken, Pittsburgh, February 21, 1915.
H. K. Bragdon, Pittsburgh, February 21, 1915.
Frank G. Conley, Pittsburgh, February 21, 1915.
Miss M. M. Demond, Pittsburgh, February 21, 1915.
Miss Sue B. Fritz, Pittsburgh, February 21, 1915.
Miss Marie B. Gallagher, Pittsburgh, February 21, 1915.
James A. Gibson, Pittsburgh, February 21, 1915.
Frank Goodwin, Pittsburgh, February 21, 1915.
M. H. Gottschall, Pittsburgh, February 21, 1915.
H. Graham, Pittsburgh, February 21, 1915.
Jos. S. Gray, Pittsburgh, February 21, 1915.
Wm. E. Hague, Pittsburgh, February 21, 1915.
Miss Emma M. Hall, Pittsburgh, February 21, 1915.
DeWaldt J. Hicks, Pittsburgh, February 21, 1915.
Mrs. Lucy Dorsey Iams, Pittsburgh, February 21, 1915.
Miss Catherine F. King, Pittsburgh, February 21, 1915.
Frank P. Kohen, Pittsburgh, February 21, 1915.
H. F. Kress, Pittsburgh, February 21, 1915.
W. L. Ladley, Pittsburgh, February 21, 1915.
C. S. Lamb, Pittsburgh, February 21, 1915.
Edward C. Lang, Pittsburgh, February 21, 1915.
John J. Lawler, Pittsburgh, February 21, 1915.
John F. Lent, Pittsburgh, February 21, 1915.
A. B. McBride, Pittsburgh, February 21, 1915.
J. J. Meisel, Pittsburgh, February 21, 1915.
Mrs. Emma Lea Montgomery, Pittsburgh, February 21, 1915.
Walter C. Morris, Pittsburgh, February 21, 1915.
Miss Anna L. Norton, Pittsburgh, February 21, 1915.
Albert W. Ott, Pittsburgh, February 21, 1915.
Frank McPainter, Pittsburgh, February 21, 1915.
Herbert A. Reed, Pittsburgh, February 21, 1915.
George Sapper, Pittsburgh, February 21, 1915.
Lawrence P. Schaefer, Pittsburgh, February 21, 1915.
Chas. H. Seidel, Pittsburgh, February 21, 1915.
John W. Sherrer, Pittsburgh, February 21, 1915.
E. U. Snaman, Pittsburgh, February 21, 1915.
S. J. Snee, Pittsburgh, February 21, 1915.
Jacob Soffel, Pittsburgh, February 21, 1915.
B. L. Succop, Pittsburgh, February 21, 1915.
Moses R. Trauerman, Pittsburgh, February 21, 1915.
Kosto Unkovich, Pittsburgh, February 21, 1915.
Clarence V. Watkins, Pittsburgh, February 21, 1915.
R. B. Weitershausen, Pittsburgh, February 21, 1915.
W. G. Weitershausen, Pittsburgh, February 21, 1915.
John J. Walker, Braddock, February 21, 1915.
Joseph A. Werner, Carrick, February 21, 1915.
Charles W. McGhee, East Pittsburgh, February 21, 1915.
William Gast, McKees Rocks, February 21, 1915.
Robert A. Price, North Braddock, February, 21, 1915.
James P. McDonald, Sewickley, February 21, 1915.
Edward J. Monahan, Verona, February 21, 1915.
W. F. Shroyer, Wilkinsburg, February 21, 1915.
Geo. B. Snyder, Wilkinsburg, February 21, 1915.
William H. Corbett, Munhall, February 22, 1915.
William L. Fawcett, McKeesport, February 28, 1915.
David Bisset, Dormont, February 28, 1915.

ARMSTRONG COUNTY.

Miss Anna McGivern, Kittanning, February 21, 1915.
T. Lee Van Giesen, Leechburg, February 21, 1915.

BEDFORD COUNTY.

G. W. Huff, Saxton, February 21, 1915.

BERKS COUNTY.

John K. Hahn, Reading, February 21, 1915.
Miss Mary A. Kehr, Reading, February 21, 1915.
Charles H. S. Rhoades, Reading, February 21, 1915.
Henry K. Schmehl, Reading, February 21, 1915.
D. M. Stewart, Reading, February 21,1915.
Jacob W. Seyfert, Upper Tulpehocken Twp., February 21, 1915.
Elmer E. Stauffer, Boyertown, February 28, 1915.

BLAIR COUNTY.

Charles M. Piper, Altoona, February 4, 1915.
Miss Anna Dowling, Altoona, February 21, 1915.

BRADFORD COUNTY.

H. O. Ayer, Ulster Twp., February 21, 1915.

BUCKS COUNTY.

Louis Rotunno, Bristol, February 20, 1915.
Wilson K. George, Quakertown, February 21, 1915.

BUTLER COUNTY.

Tom M. Black, Butler, February 21, 1915.
Howard I. Painter, Butler, February 21, 1915.
William G. Wilson, Butler, February 21, 1915.
Frank W. Smith, Butler Township, February 21, 1915.

CAMBRIA COUNTY.

C. R. Myers, Ebensburg, February 21, 1915.

CAMERON COUNTY.

Jay P. Felt, Emporium, February 21, 1915.

CARBON COUNTY.

Howard Seaboldt, Lehighton, February 21, 1915.

CHESTER COUNTY.

R. F. Meloney, Avondale, February 22, 1915.

CLARION COUNTY.

Rollin LaRue Snyder, Shippenville, February 21, 1915.

CLEARFIELD COUNTY.

Andrew McQuown, Mahaffey, February 21, 1915.

CLINTON COUNTY.

F. R. Stout, Pine Creek Township, February 21, 1915.

COLUMBIA COUNTY.

Ralph R. John, Bloomsburg, February 21, 1915.

CRAWFORD COUNTY.

Frank A. Curtis, Cochranton, February 21, 1915.

DAUPHIN COUNTY.

G. L. Cullmerry, Harrisburg, February 27, 1915.

DELAWARE COUNTY.

E. Wallace Chadwick, Chester, February 21, 1915.
Mrs. Hannah M. McGahey, Darby, February 21, 1915.
Jesse H. Hall, Radnor Township, February 21, 1915.
Henry C. Hunter, Radnor Township, February 21, 1915.
Edgar Earl Trout, Radnor Township, February 21, 1915.
J. Horace Witsil, Chester, February 23, 1915.

ELK COUNTY.

C. E. Stillwagon, St. Marys, February 14, 1915.

ERIE COUNTY.

Henry A. Strong, Erie, February 16, 1915.
William E. Hirt, Erie, February 21, 1915.
James Russell, Erie, February 21, 1915.
C. C. Strickland, Erie, February 21, 1915.
W. Ed Marsh, Corry, February 21, 1915.
Douglas B. Titus, Corry, February 21, 1915.

FAYETTE COUNTY.

Frank H. Steen, Belle Vernon, February 21, 1915.
Geo. W. Lenhart, Brownsville, February 21, 1915.
C. C. Garletts, Brownsville, February 21, 1915.
Jesse T. Ross, Brownsville, February 21, 1915.
Geo. W. Semans, Uniontown, February 21, 1915.

FRANKLIN COUNTY.

J. B. Hoyer, Chambersburg, February 21, 1915.
Miss Lillian M. Wolf, Chambersburg, February 21, 1915.
Chas. B. Clayton, Waynesboro, February 21, 1915.

GREENE COUNTY.

H. L. Dunlap, Waynesburg, February 20, 1915.
Sam B. West, Waynesburg, February 21, 1915.
S. K. Strosnider, Franklin Township, February 21, 1915.

JEFFERSON COUNTY.

E. Neff, Reynoldsville, February 14, 1915.

JUNIATA COUNTY.

W. H. Seiders, Mifflintown, February 21, 1915.

LACKAWANNA COUNTY.

James Gardner Sanderson, Scranton, February 15, 1915.
Miss Nellie V. Duffy, Scranton, February 21, 1915.
George L. Peck, Scranton, February 21, 1915.
William F. Vaughn, Scranton, February 21, 1915.
Frank P. Benjamin, Scranton, February 21, 1915.
Samuel Brodhead, Old Forge, February 23, 1915.
Horace G. Likely, Carbondale, February 28, 1915.

LANCASTER COUNTY.

Christian E. Charles, Lancaster, February 13, 1915.
Edward R. Heitshu, Lancaster, February 21, 1915.
Miss Mary C. Stoner, Lancaster, February 21, 1915.
Jos. T. Evans, Ephrata, February 21, 1915.
M. G. Weaver, New Holland, February 21, 1915.
Leander T. Hensel, Quarryville, February 21, 1915.
C. A. Straley, East Donegal Township, February 21, 1915.
Henry H. Koser, East Hempfield Township, February 21, 1915.
A. B. Myers, Manor Township, February 21, 1915.
Miss M. Edna Hurst, Lancaster, February 27, 1915.

LAWRENCE COUNTY.

Harry K. Gregory, New Castle, February 11, 1915.
Edward J. O'Brien, New Castle, February 15, 1915.
Luigi Ferrante, Wampum, February 21, 1915.

LEBANON COUNTY.

Eugene Hoaster, Lebanon, February 21, 1915.
Bright C. Lindenmuth, Myerstown, February 21, 1915.

LEHIGH COUNTY.

George Kopp, Allentown, February 21, 1915.
H. A. Schantz, Allentown, February 21, 1915.
Horace O. Warmkessel, Allentown, February 21, 1915.
William H. Schnoller, Catasauqua, February 21, 1915.
Henry N. Sieger, Slatington, February 21, 1915.
Jacob C. Leiby, Lynn Township, February 21, 1915.
P. B. Oswald, Lynn Township, February 21, 1915.
John Berg, Whitehall Township, February 21, 1915.

LUZERNE COUNTY.

Clemence Bloch, Wilkes-Barre, February 21, 1915.
L. A. Dymond, Wilkes-Barre, February 21, 1915.
Wm. J. Goeckel, Wilkes-Barre, February 21, 1915.
Bayard Hand, Wilkes-Barre, February 21, 1915.
Geo. J. Hartman, Wilkes-Barre, February 21, 1915.
Joseph P. Lord, Wilkes-Barre, February 21, 1915.
A. E. Chapin, Nanticoke, February 21, 1915.

LYCOMING COUNTY.

M. F. Wilson, Williamsport, February 21, 1915.

McKEAN COUNTY.

D. S. Helmer, Port Allegany, February 12, 1915.

MERCER COUNTY.

T. J. Marshall, West Middlesex, February 7, 1915.
C. G. Harshaw, Grove City, February 11, 1915.
Miss Margaret McDonald, Farrell, February 21, 1915.
Harry L. Keck, Greenville, February 21, 1915.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY.

Franklin L. Wright, Norristown, February 20, 1915.
Walter F. Dreibelbis, Royersford, February 20, 1915.
Warren M. Cornell, Hatboro, February 21, 1915.
Miss Martha Paxson Messer, Jenkintown, February 21, 1915.
Miss Bella Haws, Norristown, February 21, 1915.
Miss Emeline H. Hooven, Norristown, February 21, 1915.
Miss Fannie L. Roberts, Norristown, February 21, 1915.
U. S. G. Finkbiner, Royersford, February 21, 1915.
Francis R. Taylor, Cheltenham Township, February 21, 1915.
William W. Chambers, Lower Merion Township, February 21, 1915.
Miss Louise H. Kain, Lower Merion Township, February 21, 1915.
Sylvester H. Orr, Norristown, February 28, 1915.

NORTHAMPTON COUNTY.

Miss E. E. Christine, So. Bethlehem, February 20, 1915.
Mrs. Rozi Gosztonyi, So. Bethlehem, February 21, 1915.
Robert B. Ott, Bethlehem, February 21, 1915.
George M. Weller, Easton, February 21, 1915.
Joseph Pearl, So. Bethlehem, February 21, 1915.
William H. Lindeman, Bangor, February 27, 1915.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY.

Jacob Liffman, Philadelphia, February 5, 1915.
Robert T. Corson, Philadelphia, February 6, 1915.
James J. Donnelly, Philadelphia, February 11, 1915.
Jerome B. Jardella, Philadelphia, February 11, 1915.
Frank Munchen, Philadelphia, February 13, 1915.
E. H. Clapp, Philadelphia, February 14, 1915.
William Jeffries, Jr., Philadelphia, February 14, 1915.
C. A. Wigmore, Philadelphia, February 14, 1915.
William G. Andes, Philadelphia, February 15, 1915.
Albert J. Bamberger, Philadelphia, February 20, 1915.
Thos. W. South, Philadelphia, February 20, 1915.
Miss Emma C. Alexander, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
Harry R. Barber, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
Aaron Berman, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
Ernest Berry, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
Miss Elsie M. Bertsch, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
Ernest H. Brown, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
Miss Helen M. Brown, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
Guieseppe Ciavarelli, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
Clarence Glass Clayton, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
Frederick A. Cooke, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
Wesley DeFrehn, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
Alexander M. DeHaven, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
Henry DiBerardino, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
William J. Dickson, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
J. William Ditter, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
Francis J. Doyle, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
Theodore Duerr, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
Robert E. Erwin, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
Ralph B. Evans, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
Robert E. Fabian, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
Reese M. Fleischmann, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
F. Carroll Fow, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
Wm. Gebhardtsbauer, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
Silvio Giardinelli, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
Miss Alice V. Gowran, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
William P. Graham, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
Charles F. Hagan, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
Albert T. Hanby, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
Miss S. I. Harper, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
Peter P. Henry, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
Edgar A. Hobson, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
Edward Hoopes, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
Joseph M. Hughes, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
Charles F. Kelley, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
John J. Kelley, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
Miss Margaret Y. Kent, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.

G. Horace Krider, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
Albert G. Krull, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
Isaac Levin, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
Miss Anna M. Levy, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
Miss Mary E. Logan, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
Robert E. Long, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
Beauveau B. Lyons, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
Miss Sarah A. Moore, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
Charles Myers, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
A. H. Nichols, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
Robt. V. Pierce, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
James H. Pye, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
William Reardon, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
Wm. Reinhardt, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
John D. Richardson, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
Charles B. Rosa, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
Joseph I. Rowan, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
G. F. Shinehouse, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
H. E. Shortlidge, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
Miss Caroline F. Simon, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
J. X. Lee Smith, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
John E. Smithies, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
William J. Smyth, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
C. William Spiess, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
Joseph Sternberger, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
Mrs. Laura C. Sturtevant, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
Miss Helen B. Supplee, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
Miss Adelaide C. Thomas, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
Miss Charlotte G. Vogel, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
Harvey Void, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
August Wagner, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
Fred W. Wagner, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
J. P. Whitehorn, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
Charles B. Zimmerling, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
Joseph J. Geggis, Philadelphia, February 24, 1915.
Wm. E. Freeston, Philadelphia, February 27, 1915.
D. J. Miller, Philadelphia, February 27, 1915.
Emil Schurgot, Philadelphia, February 27, 1915.
J. B. Councilman, Philadelphia, February 28, 1915.
Miss J. G. Rhoads, Philadelphia, February 28, 1915.

SCHUYLKILL COUNTY.

George I. Bensinger, Schuylkill Haven, February 14, 1915.
James H. Kirchner, Mahanoy City, February 15, 1915.
Paul Sotak, Jr., Coaldale, February 21, 1915.
H. H. Brownmiller, Orwigsburg, February 21, 1915.
B. D. Troutman, Pottsville, February 21, 1915.
Heber D. Felix, Schuylkill Haven, February 21, 1915.
Samuel R. Beard, Tamaqua, February 21, 1915.

SUSQUEHANNA COUNTY.

Edward Everett Emery, Susquehanna, February 21, 1915.

VENANGO COUNTY.

Frederic W. Hays, Oil City, February 20, 1915.
Wm. A. Mallory, Franklin, February 21, 1915.

WARREN COUNTY.

Mrs. Rose H. Davis, Warren, February 21, 1915.

WASHINGTON COUNTY.

W. Lester Blayney, West Finley Township, February 20, 1915.
Jess P. Miller, Beallsville, February 21, 1915.
W. F. Richardson, Bentleyville, February 21, 1915.
W. C. Black, Canonsburg, February 21, 1915.
W. J. Gowern, Canonsburg, February 21, 1915.
George W. Risbock, Charleroi, February 21, 1915.
E. C. Morrison, Donora, February 21, 1915.
J. C. Bryant, Washington, February 21, 1915.
M. P. Rush, Washington, February 21, 1915.
Charles E. Eckels, West Brownsville, February 28, 1915.

WAYNE COUNTY.

W. H. Stone, Honesdale, February 15, 1915.

WESTMORELAND COUNTY.

H. C. Irwin, Greensburg, February 21, 1915.
J. E. Tracy, Greensburg, February 21, 1915.
Tony Roy, Greensburg, February 21, 1915.
John C. Frederick, Irwin, February 21, 1915.
G. M. Fincik, Latrobe, February 21, 1915.
Alfred Tanzer, Monessen, February 21, 1915.
Eli H. Wolf, Monessen, February 21, 1915.
W. S. Wiley, Scottdale, February 21, 1915.
Walter D. Robinson, Adamsburg, February 21, 1915.
Harry George Horne, Hempfield Township, February 21, 1915.

YORK COUNTY.

L. W. Blackford, Dillsburg, February 21, 1915.
Frederick S. Venus, Glen Rock, February 21, 1915.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

RECESS.

Mr. VARE. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now take a recess for ten minutes.

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

AFTER RECESS.

The PRESIDENT. The time of recess having elapsed, the Senate will be in order.

PAGE TO THE PRESIDENT.

The PRESIDENT. The Chair announces the appointment of Carroll Hummel, of Hummelstown, Dauphin County, as Page to the President.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. CROW. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from Committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. CROW, from the Committee on Executive Nominations, reported with favorable recommendation the nominations of Notaries Public made by His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, at this evening's session.

EXECUTIVE SESSION.

By unanimous consent

A motion was made by Mr. CROW

That Rule 38, which requires nominations made by the Governor, to lie on the table one day be dispensed with, and the Senate do now resolve itself into Executive Session, for the purpose of acting upon all the nominations reported at to-day's session.

Which was agreed to.

Whereupon,

A motion was made by Mr. CROW

That the Senate do advise and consent to the nominations reported.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—46.

Beidleman,	Hackett,	McKee, W. S.,	Smith, W. W.,
Buckman,	Hilton,	McNichol,	Snyder, C. A.,
Burke,	Hindman,	Mills,	Snyder, P. W.,
Catlin,	Hoke,	Moore,	Sones,
Clark,	Homsher,	Patton,	Sproul,
Croft,	Jenkins,	Phipps,	Stewart,
Crow,	Kline,	Salus,	Thompson,
Daix,	Kurtz,	Schantz,	Tompkins,
Endsley,	Lynch,	Semmens,	Vare.
Gerberich,	Magee, C. J.,	Sensenich,	Warner,
Graff,	Martin,	Smith, R. E.,	Wasbers,
Gyger,	McConnell,		

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Governor be informed accordingly.

ADJOURNMENT.

Mr. GERBERICH. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now adjourn until Tuesday morning, February 2, 1915, at 11 o'clock.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The Senate adjourned at 10.10 o'clock. P. M. until Tuesday morning, February 2, 1915, at 11 o'clock.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

MONDAY, February 1st, 1915.

The House met at 9:00 P. M.

The SPEAKER (Charles A. Ambler) in the Chair.

PRAYER.

The Chaplain, Rev. F. W. Staley, offered the following prayer:

O God, Thou are great in Thy goodness and good in Thy greatness. In Thine Infinite wisdom Thou has called men through the agencies of men to positions of exalted honor

in the State, in the Nation and in the Church; positions involving great responsibilities; responsibilities that cling to our consciences like the bark clings to a tree; responsibilities that are personal, patriotic, political, moral and religious. These positions have in them obligations to be fulfilled to the State and to the Nation. That master Teacher, that Saviour of men said Render unto Caesar the things that are Caesar's; render unto the State the things that belong to the State and unto God the things that are God's. These obligations, O God, are not only to the State but they are to Thee, and we ask Thee that Thou would so direct us in the fulfilling of our obligations that we may fear Thee and not man. May we know that it is easy to fulfill our obligations. It is easy for a devoted mother to fulfill her obligations to her dutiful son; it is hard and difficult to fulfill obligations when man fears man and not God. In view of these responsibilities and of these obligations to the State and to Thee we ask Thee to direct the Speaker in the position that he occupies and direct every member in his deliberations as we leave him in Thy presence and under the power of the Holy Ghost we ask for Christ's sake Amen.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the Journal of the proceedings of January 27th, 1915.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of the proceedings of January 27th, 1915, when on motion of Mr. Gransback, the further reading was dispensed with and the Journal was approved.

LEAVES OF ABSENCE.

Mr. EHRHARDT asked and obtained leave of absence for Mr. Haggerty for the balance of the week on account of illness.

Mr. FLYNN asked and obtained leave of absence for Mr. Kitts for the balance of the week.

Mr. HESS asked and obtained leave of absence for Mr. Hibshman for the balance of the week on account of illness.

Mr. GOMPERS asked and obtained indefinite leave of absence for Mr. Hollern on account of the death of one of his brothers and the serious illness of another as the result of a mine accident.

BILL ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 43, entitled:

An Act authorizing Peter C. Kuhn, of Scranton, Lackawanna County, to sue the Commonwealth.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

BILL ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 75, as follows:

A Supplement to an act entitled "An Act to provide for the ordinary expenses of the executive judicial and legislative departments of the Commonwealth interest on the public debt and the support of the public schools for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and thirteen and for the payment of bills incurred and remaining unpaid at the close of the fiscal year ending May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and thirteen" as approved the sixteenth day of July Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen pamphlet laws page seven hundred and fifty-five providing for deficiencies in certain appropriations made to the executive judicial and legislative departments by the act to which this is a supplement and for minor appropriations to certain of the executive judicial and legislative departments not provided for by said act

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the following sums or so much thereof as may be necessary for deficiencies in certain appropriations made to the executive judicial and legislative departments by the act to which this is a supplement and for minor appropriations to certain of the executive judicial and legislative departments not provided for by said act be and the same are hereby specifically appropriated to the several objects hereinafter named to be made in the manner prescribed by law Provided That all sums hereby appropriated shall be paid on the warrant of the Auditor-General drawn upon the State Treasurer unless otherwise prescribed by law And Provided Further That out of the amount hereby appropriated to the Senate and House of Representatives for salaries and mileage of officers and employes there shall also be paid any increase in salaries as well as salaries and mileage of any officers and employes for the session one thousand nine hundred and fifteen as may be authorized during said session

Section 2 For the payment of the deficiencies in certain appropriations and for minor appropriations to the following named executive departments of the State Government the following sums or so much thereof as may be necessary to be paid in the manner prescribed by law

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT

For the payment of the traveling and incidental expenses of the Governor the miscellaneous expenses incurred in the management of the Executive Mansion and the maintenance of an automobile the aditional sum of five thousand dollars ($5,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary to be expended at the discretion of the Governor

For all contingent expenses incluing clerical and stenographic charges for the Executive Department the additional sum of one thousand five hundred dollars ($1,500)

Auditor-General's Department

For the payment of persons employed by the Auditor-General to discover prosecute and collect delinquent corporation taxes for the two years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and thirteen and for the payment of persons who have been so employed prior to that date the additional sum of fifteen thousand dollars ($15,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the payment of salaries of clerks and employes of the Auditor-General's Department per act of ninth day of April one thousand nine hundred and thirteen two years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and thirteen the additional sum of six thousand dollars ($6,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

Attorney-General's Department

For the payment of costs fees and expenses in the collection of amounts due the Commonwealth for the support and maintenance of the insane confined in the various asylums in the Commonwealth and chargeable to the Commonwealth and counties the additional sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary

State Fire Marshal's Department

For the payment of contingent traveling expenses of the State Fire Marshal his deputies and assistants for the payment of reporting fires and mileage incident thereto for the investigation of fires and the inspection property for the payment of services and expenses of attorney and detectives employed by the State Fire Marshal to assist in the detection and prosecution of the crime of arson for the payment of costs witness fees the taking of testimony and the services of processes and for carrying out the provisions of the act establishing the Department of the State Fire Marshal the additional sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

Department of Labor and Industry

To the Department of Labor and Industry for fees of special sanitary inspectors in the several districts and for the incidental contingent expenses for postage expressage telegraphing advertising and such special work and investigations as may be required or necessary during two years ending May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen the additional sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

Department of Health

For a deficiency arising in the appropriation made to the Department of Health for the construction equipping and maintaining sanatoria infirmaries and dispesaries for the free treatment of indigent persons affected with tuberculosis and for the maintenance of laboratories for sanitary supervision isolation and treatment of indigent persons affected with tuberculosis and for the preventive education of the public for the payment of salaries and all other necessary expenses which may be incurred in this tuberculosis work the sum of one hundred and thirty-five thousand five hundred and twenty-four dollars and forty-five cents ($135,524.45) or so much thereof as may be necessary

State Highway Department

For the payment of a deficiency in the Automobile License Division State Highway Department in the purchase of license plates payment of delivery charges on same salaries of additional clerical help and other necessary expenses due to the great increase over the previous two years in the number of licenses issued the sum of thirty-five thousand dollars ($35,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

Department of Public Grounds and Buildings

For the purchase of any article of furniture furnishings stationery supplies fuel or any other matters or things and for the payment of any repairs alterations or improvement the want of which may not have been anticipated at the time of issue of the annual schedule and which do

not appear in the same and for which requisition is made on the superintendent two years the additional sum of twenty-five thousand dollars ($25,000) which appropriation shall be known as the boards general fund Provided That no expenditure from said fund shall be made by the superintendent without first receiving authority from the board so to do And Provided also That from this fund shall be paid any bills for designs or specifications ordered by the board And Provided also That in awarding contracts under this schedule proposals for such contracts shall be invited by the Superintendent of Public Grounds and Buildings in such manner and at such times as the Board of Commissioners of Public Grounds and Buildings in its discretion may direct

Department of Water Supply Commission

For the payment of salaries and traveling expenses of engineers and assistants for the examination of dams and encroachments by the Water Supply Commission of Pennsylvania from February first to June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000) under section five Water Supply Commission appropriation of one thousand nine hundred and thirteen

For the payment of salaries and traveling expenses of engineers and assistants engaged upon taking the inventory of the water resources Water Supply Commission of Pennsylvania from February first to June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen the sum of eight thousand dollars ($8,000) under the act of July twenty-fifth one thousand nine hundred and thirteen

Board of Game Commissioners

For the purpose of creating additional game preserves for the maintenance and protection of preserves created by authority of an Act of Assembly approved the eleventh day of May one thousand nine hundred and five and the Act of Assembly approved the fifteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred and seven and an amendment thereto approved the fifteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven for the purchase propagation and distribution throughout the State of game as may be considered advisable two years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and thirteen the additional sum of twenty-five thousand dollars ($25,000)

Department of Fisheries

For the payment of necessary and reasonable expenses of the Commissioner of Fisheries and other members of the Fishery Commission and office employes the additional sum of eight hundred dollars ($800.00)

Department of Internal Affairs

For the payment of the deficiency which has arisen in the Department of Internal Affairs for services rendered and expenses incurred in the collection of tax statistics and for the compilation of the same as required by the Act of Assembly approved May ninth one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and thirteen the sum of five thousand dollars ($5,000) to be paid to the persons entitled thereto for services so rendered upon the warrant of the Auditor-General upon specifically itemized vouchers certified by the Secretary of Internal Affairs

State Board of Censors

For deficiency in amount appropriated for salaries the sum of one thousand dollars ($1,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

Department of Public Printing and Binding

For the payment of plates cuts electrotypes dies and stamps the additional sum of two thousand dollars ($2,000)

JUDICIARY DEPARTMENT

Section 3 For the payment of the deficiencies in certain appropriations and for minor appropriations to the Judiciary Department of the State Government the following sums or so much thereof as may be necessary in the manner prescribed by law

Judiciary Department

For the payment of the salaries of the judges of the courts of common pleas in the counties of Lackawanna and Luzerne two years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and thirteen the additional sum of fourteen thousand five hundred and thirty-nine dollars and twenty-eight cents ($14,539.28) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the payment of the salaries carfare and expenses of judges for holding court outside of their own judicial districts in accordance with the provisions of the Act of Assembly approved April twenty-seventh Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen the additional sum of twelve thousand dollars ($12,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

Legislative Department

Section 4 For the payment of the deficiencies in certain appropriations and for minor appropriations to the Senate and House of Representatives the following sums or so much thereof as may be necessary to be paid in the manner prescribed by law

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENTS

Senate

For the payment of additional incidental expenses and the salaries and mileage session of one thousand nine hundred and fifteen of such additional officers and employes of the Senate as may be authorized the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars ($25,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary to be expended by the Chief Clerk of the Senate who shall render to the Auditor-General accounts from time to time with specifically itemized vouchers to be settled in the same manner as other accounts Provided That all vouchers for salaries and mileage of officers and employes shall be certified by the President pro tempore and the Chief Clerk of the Senate

To the President pro tempore of the Senate for additional contingent expenses including clerical and stenographic charges session of one thousand nine hundred and fifteen the sum of two thousand dollars ($2,000) of so much thereof as may be necessary

House of Representatives

For the payment of additional incidental expenses and the salaries and mileage session of one thousand nine hundred and fifteen of such additional officers and employes of the House of Representatives as may be authorized the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars ($25,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary to be expended by the Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives who shall render to the Auditor-General accounts from time to time with specifically itemized vouchers to be settled in the same manner as other accounts Provided That all vouchers for salary and mileage of officers and employes shall be certified by the Speaker of the House of Representatives and the Chief Clerk thereof

To the Chairman of the Committee on Fisheries for the purpose of visiting the various fish hatcheries of the State to enable the said Committee to more intelligently act upon legislation before said committee tending toward the improvement of said hatcheries the sum of five hundred ($500.-00) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary

To the Speaker of the House of Representatives for additional contingent expenses including clerical and stenographic charges session of one thousand nine hundred and fifteen the sum of two thousand dollars ($2,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the payment of the salaries and mileage of the returning officers of the House of Representatives at the beginning of the session of one thousand nine hundred and fifteen the additional sum of one thousand two hundred and sixty-four dollars ($1,264.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary

Inaugural Expenses

Section 5 For the payment of the expenses incurred by the Joint Inaugural Committee incident to the inauguration of Honorable Martin G. Brumbaugh as Governor of the Commonwealth on January nineteenth one thousand nine hundred and fifteen the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars ($25,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary to be paid upon warrant of the Auditor-General upon presentation of specifically itemized vouchers by the chairman of said committee

Uniform Primary Election Expenses

Section 6 For the payment of the expenses of holding uniform primary elections as prescribed by act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June one one thousand nine hundred and thirteen the additional sum of one hundred and fifty thousand dollars ($150,000.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary

Advertising of Constitutional Amendments

Section 7 For the payment of expenses incurred for the publication in the various newspapers of this Commonwealth of the several amendments to the Constitution of this Commonwealth two years beginning June one one thousand nine hundred and thirteen the additional sum of one hundred thousand dollars ($100,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

Commission on Safe Construction of Buildings

Section 8 To the commission which was appointed for the purpose of investigating and reporting upon the proper and safe construction of buildings within this Commonwealth the additional sum of two thousand dollars ($2,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary for the payment of bills contracted and the completion of its work

And the said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. SPANGLER, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed House Bill No. 11, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Secretary of Internal Affairs to appoint an Assistant Chief and a Stenographer for the Bureau of Standards; fixing their salaries and increasing the salary of the chief of said Bureau of Standards.

APPOINTMENTS TO COMMITTEES.

The SPEAKER. On last Monday evening the gentleman from Tioga, Mr. Williams, resigned from the Agricultural Committee. The Chair desires to appoint in his place the gentleman from Berks, Mr. Body.

The Chair has another announcement to make: that in making up the list of committees and transcribing them from one chart to another, the name of Mr. Williams, of Tioga, was omitted from the Appropriation Committee and the name of Mr. Herman, of Wyoming, was omitted from the Public Roads Committee. The Chair asks unanimous consent to add these two names to these different committees. The Chair hears no objection, and the name of Mr. Williams, of Tioga, will be added to the Appropriation Committee and the name of Mr. Herman, of Berks, will be added to the Public Roads Committee.

The Chair has a communication here from the gentleman from Lehigh, Mr. Diefenderfer asking for permission to exchange his assignment to the Committee on Mines and Mining with Mr. Brownlee for his assignment to the Committee on Education. The Chair hears no objection, and the gentlemen can exchange their committees.

ADJOURNMENT.

Mr. COX. Mr. Speaker, I move that this House do now adjourn.

The motion was agreed to, and (at 9:15 o'clock P. M.) the House adjourned until tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock.

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA

Legislative Journal.

Session 1915 — 121st of the General Assembly

VOL. 3. HARRISBURG, PA., TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 2, 1915. No. 9.

SENATE.

TUESDAY, February 2, 1915.

The Senate met at 11 o'clock A. M.

The PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE (Mr. Charles H. Kline) in the Chair.

PRAYER.

The Chaplain, Rev. Thomas W. Davis, offered the following prayer:

Almighty God, our Heavenly Father, we thank Thee for the revelations of Thyself to mankind in the heavens that declare Thy glory and in Thy word that becomes a lamp unto our feet and a light unto our pathway; and in the lives of the men that have preceded us we see also the possibilities of our own lives. Grant that from day to day we may so live that we shall spread abroad the brotherhood of man and the fatherhood of God. Be with this body and with all of their families, we ask in the name of our Saviour. Amen.

The PRESIDENT. A quorum of the Senate being present, the Clerk will read the Journal of the preceding session.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of the preceding session, when on motion of Mr. SALUS, the further reading was dispensed with, and the Journal was approved.

PETITIONS.

FAVORING A LAW PERMITTING THE USE OF EEL BASKETS.

Mr. WASBERS presented petition of Citizens of Long Level, York County, praying for the passage of a law permitting the use of eel baskets.

Which was referred to the Committee on Game and Fisheries.

FAVORING PENSIONS TO EMERGENCY MEN.

Mr. KURTZ presented petitions of General W. S. Hancock Post No. 225 G. A. R., and Finley Patch Post No. 137 G. A. R., praying for the passage of a law granting a State pension to those who served as Emergency men in the Civil War.

Which were referred to the Committee on Pensions and Gratuities.

AGAINST THE ESTABLISHMENT OF A STATE FAIR.

Mr. WASBERS presented petition of the Board of Directors of the York County Agricultural Fair Association, against the establishment of a State Fair.

Which was referred to the Committee on Agriculture.

FAVORING COUNTY LOCAL OPTION LAW.

The Chair presented petition of the Congregation of the Methodist Episcopal Church of Mercer, Pa., praying for the passage of a County Local Option Law.

Which was referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

FAVORING LARGER APPROPRIATION TO COUNTY FAIRS.

Mr. KURTZ presented petition of the Indiana County Agricultural Society, praying for larger appropriation to County Fairs.

Which was referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

AGAINST THE ESTABLISHMENT OF A STATE FAIR.

Mr. KURTZ presented petition of the Indiana County Agricultural Society against the establishment of a State Fair.

Which was referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. CLARK, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 36, entitled:

An Act authorizing the surrender and delivery of mortgages and writings obligatory secured thereby, given to the Commonwealth, and the satisfaction of the record thereof when full payment has been made.

Mr. SHANTZ, from the Committee on Judiciary General, re-reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 3, entitled:

An Act making it unlawful to obtain or attempt to obtain goods, wares, merchandise or credit under a false or assumed name.

Also, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 46, entitled:

An Act authorizing the district attorneys of certain counties to appoint a secretary, prescribing the duties, fixing the salary, and providing for payment of the same.

Mr. PHIPPS, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 29, entitled:

An Act amending section eight of an act, entitled "An Act to establish a County Court for the County of Allegheny, and prescribing its powers and duties, regulating the procedure therein, and providing for the expenses thereof," approved the 5th day of May, 1911, by changing the practice of the court with regard to trial by jury, and further amending section nine of said act as supplemented and amended by section four of an act approved April 2nd, 1913, and by section one of an act approved May 23d, 1913, by providing that appeals from the judgment of the court in all civil actions shall be taken by leave of the court of common pleas and prescribing the practice and the powers of the Court of Common Pleas in such cases.

Mr. PATTON, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 30, entitled:

An Act further amending section seven of an act, entitled "An Act to establish a county court for the County of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties, regulating the procedure therein, and providing for the expenses thereof," approved the 5th day of May, 1911, as amended by section one of an act approved the 25th day of June, 1913, by changing the practice in desertion and non-support cases.

Also, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 47, entitled:

An Act to amend section one of an act, entitled "An Act to fix the fees to be allowed the district attorney in the several counties of this Commonwealth having 750,000 inhabitants and less than 1,200,000," approved May 6th, A. D. 1909.

Mr. JENKINS, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 48, entitled:

An Act to amend section one of an act, entitled "An Act to amend section one of an act, entitled 'An Act providing for the appointment of assistant district attorneys in the several counties of this Commonwealth having seven hundred and fifty thousand and less than one million two hundred thousand inhabitants; prescribing the powers and duties and fixing the salaries of the said assistant district attorneys,' approved the 25th day of April A. D. 1907; so as to increase of the first assistant district attorney; and to provide for the classification of the other assistant district attorneys; for whose appointment provision is made by said act, as second, third and fourth assistants, and assistants, and to increase the salary of some, and to decrease the salary of others of said assistant district attorneys," approved May

6th, A. D. 1909, so as to increase the salary of some of the assistant district attorneys and to provide for the appointment of two more assistant district attorneys and fixing the salaries of the same.

Mr. DAIX, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 28, entitled:

An Act to further amend section two of an act, entitled "An act to establish a County Court for the County of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties, regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof," approved the 5th day of May, 1911, as amended by an act, entitled "An Act to amend section two of an act, entitled 'An Act to establish a County Court for the County of Allegheny, and prescribing its powers and duties, regulating the procedure therein, and providing for the expenses thereof,' approved the 5th day of May, 1911, and changing the election of the judges therein mentioned from the general election to the Municipal election as now provided by law in accordance with the requirements of the Constitution of Pennsylvania," approved the 6th day of June, 1911, by increasing the salaries of the judges of said court.

Mr. THOMPSON, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 27, entitled:

A Further Supplement to an act, entitled "An Act to establish a county court for the County of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties, regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof," approved the 5th day of May, 1911, constituting the said court the Juvenile Court of said county and prescribing its organization, jurisdiction and powers therein and otherwise.

Also, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 63, entitled:

An Act relating to moneys heretofore deposited in State Treasury prior to December 31, 1913, by the Highway Department as fees for registration of motor-vehicles and the licensing of operators, and making an appropriation thereof.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

Mr. CLARK read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 95, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Elmwood Home of Erie, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. TOMPKINS read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 96, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Miners' Hospital of Northern Cambria, at Spangler, in Cambria County, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. WASBERS read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 97, entitled:

An Act establishing in York County a certain section of public road as a state highway and providing for its construction and maintenance at the expense of the Commonwealth.

Which was committed to the Committee on Public Roads and Highways.

Mr. PHIPPS read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 98, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Warren Emergency Hospital, of Warren, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 99, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Trustees of the State Hospital for the Insane, at Warren, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 100, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Franklin City Hospital, Franklin, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. DAIX read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 101, entitled:

An Act to prohibit and punish discrimination in the sale of commodities.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

M. JENKINS read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 102, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Midnight Mission of Philadelphia.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 103, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Institution for the Deaf and Dumb for maintenance and education of State pupils and also a special appropriation for two deaf and blind pupils.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. SENSENICH read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 104, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the 5th day of March, 1906, entitled "An act to regulate nomination and election expenses, and to require accounts of nomination and election expenses to be filed, and providing penalties for the violation of this act."

Which was committed to the Committee on Elections.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 105, entitled:

An Act to avoid delay in the administration of justice, by fixing a time within which decisions in certain questions and matters shall be rendered by judges, and requiring certain certificates from judges before their salaries shall be paid.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. MILLS read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 106, entitled:

An Act to quiet the title of real estate; and to enable citizens of the United States and corporations chartered under the laws of this Commonwealth and authorized to hold real estate therein, to hold and convey title to real estate which has formerly been held by corporations not authorized by law to hold real estate in Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

TIME OF NEXT MEETING.

Mr. GERBERICH offered the following resolution which was twice read, considered and agreed to:

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That when the Senate adjourns to-day it be to meet on Monday evening, February eighth, at nine-thirty o'clock, and when the House of Representatives adjourns this week it be to meet on Monday evening, February eighth, at nine o'clock.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

HOUSE BILL FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the House of Representatives, being introduced, presented for concurrence, bill of the House of Representatives as follows:

House Bill No. 75 (Senate Bill No. 107), entitled:

A Supplement to an act entitled "An Act to provide for the ordinary expenses of the Executive, Judicial and Legislative Departments of the Commonwealth interest on the public debt, and the support of the public schools for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand nine hundred and thirteen, and for the payment of bills incurred and remaining unpaid at the close of the fiscal year ending May thirty-first one thouasnd nine hundred and thirteen" as approved the sixteenth day of July Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen Pamphlet Laws page seven hundred and fifty-five providing for deficiencies in certain appropriations made to the Executive, Judicial and Legislative Departments by the act to which this is a supple-

ment and for minor appropriations to certain of the Executive, Judicial and Legislative Departments not provided for by said act.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

COMMUNICATIONS FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Private Secretary to the Governor being introduced, presented communications in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which were read as follows, viz:

NOTARIES PUBLIC.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, February 2, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons to be Notaries Public for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania for the term of four years, to compute from the date of their confirmation:

BUCKS COUNTY.

Wm. H. Satterthwaite, Jr., Doylestown.

CHESTER COUNTY.

Miss Ada J. Townsend, West Chester.

LACKAWANNA COUNTY.

Henry W. Mulholland, Scranton.

NORTHAMPTON COUNTY.

R. W. Leibert, Bethlehem.
A. J. Welker, Hellertown.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, February 2, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons to be Notaries Public for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania for the term of four years, to compute from the dates set opposite their names, respectively:

ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

C. S. Callen, Pittsburgh, February 21, 1915.

BERKS COUNTY.

Wm. H. K. Bush, Reading, February 21, 1915.

BRADFORD COUNTY.

John F. Adam, Sayre, February 21, 1915.

BUCKS COUNTY.

Wynne James, Doylestown, February 11, 1915.
Hiram H. Keller, Doylestown, February 21, 1915.
J. Kirk Leatherman, Doylestown, February 21, 1915.
Harry E. Grim, Perkasie, February 21, 1915.

CENTRE COUNTY.

James C. Furst, Bellefonte, February 21, 1915.

DAUPHIN COUNTY.

Ralph E. Steever, Harrisburg, February 21, 1915.
A. S. Ritzman, Gratz, February 21, 1915.

INDIANA COUNTY.

Hugh A. Jackson, Saltsburg, February 21, 1915.

LANCASTER COUNTY.

Ross C. Collins, Quarryville, February 11, 1915.

LAWRENCE COUNTY.

Homer C. Drake, New Castle, February 21, 1915.
J. Claude Mc Michael, New Castle, February 21, 1915.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY.

Joseph J. Fay, Philadelphia, February 7, 1915.
Joseph H. Gallagher, Philadelphia, February 20, 1915.
Horace Paul Dormon, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
Mrs. Katharine G. Herzberg, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
Geo. B. Kilpatrick, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
Frank L. Rau, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
W. Burton Richards, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
Edward D. Roach, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
William J. Thomas, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
Chas. Wagner, Jr., Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
Miss Florence W. Warner, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.

SCHULYKILL COUNTY.

Edward G. Davis, Minersville, February 21, 1915.

TIOGA COUNTY.

Harvey B. Leach, Mansfield, February 21, 1915.

WASHINGTON COUNTY.

W. B. Gibson, West Alexander, February 21, 1915.

WESTMORELAND COUNTY.

W. W. Veigle, Latrobe, February 21, 1915.

YORK COUNTY.

Clarence L. Hauser, York, February 21, 1915.
L. E. Herr, York, February 21, 1915.
Joseph B. Seifert, Dover, February 21, 1915.
John A. Stover, York, February 21, 1915.
Harry C. Naill, Hanover, February 21, 1915.
Daniel S. Dubs, Manheim Township, February 21, 1915.

CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

William C. Sherman, Lemoyne, February 21, 1915.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

EXECUTIVE SESSION.

By unanimous consent,

A motion was made by Mr. SALUS

That Rule 38 which requires nominations made by the Governor to be referred to proper committees be dispensed with, and the Senate do now resolve itself into executive session, for the purpose of acting on the foregoing nominations,

Which was agreed to,

Whereupon,

A motion was made by Mr. SALUS

That the Senate do advise and consent to said nominations.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—47.

Beidleman,	Gyger,	McNichol,	Snyder, C. A.,
Buckman,	Hackett,	Miller,	Snyder, P. W.,
Burke,	Hilton,	Mills,	Sones,
Catlin,	Hindman,	Moore,	Sproul,
Clark,	Homsher,	Patton,	Stewart,
Croft,	Jenkins,	Phipps,	Thompson,
Crow,	Kurtz,	Salus,	Tompkins,
Daix,	Lynch,	Schantz,	Vare,
Endsley,	Magee,	Semmens,	Warner,
Farley,	Martin,	Sensenich,	Washers,
Gerberich,	McConnell,	Smith, R. E.,	Kline,
Graff,	McKee, W. S.,	Smith, W. W.,	Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Governor be informed accordingly.

TRUSTEES SOLDIERS' AND SAILORS' HOME AT ERIE.

The PRESIDENT. The Chair announces the appointment of Honorable Sterling R. Catlin, of Wilkes-Barre, Luzerne County, Pennsylvania, as one of the Trustees of the Soldiers' and Sailors' Home at Erie, Pennsylvania.

MEMBERS OF THE SOLDIERS' ORPHANS' SCHOOLS COMMISSION.

The PRESIDENT. The Chair announces the appointment of Honorable Franklin Martin, of West Fairview, Cumberland County, Pennsylvania, and Honorable William C. McConnell, of Shamokin, Northumberland County, Pennsylvania, as Members of the Soldiers' Orphans' Schools Commission.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from Committee at this time.

The CHAIR. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. SNYDER, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended Senate Bill No. 107 (House Bill No. 75), entitled:

A Supplement to an act entitled "An Act to provide for the ordinary expenses of the Executive Judicial and Legislative Departments of the Commonwealth interest on the public debt and the support of the public schools for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and thirteen and for the payment of bills incurred and remaining unpaid at the close of the fiscal year ending May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and thirteen" as approved the sixteenth day of July Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen Pamphlet Laws page seven hundred and fifty-five providing for deficiencies in certain appropriations made to the Executive Judicial and Legislative Departments by the act to which this is a supplement and for minor appropriations to certain of the Executive Judicial and Legislative Departments not provided for by said act.

BILL ON FIRST READING.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 107 (House Bill No. 75), entitled:

A Supplement to an act entitled "An Act to provide for the ordinary expenses of the Executive Judicial and Legislative Departments of the Commonwealth interest on the public debt and the support of the public schools for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and thirteen and for the payment of bills incurred and remaining unpaid at the close of the fiscal year ending May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and thirteen" as approved the sixteenth day of July Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen Pamphlet Laws page seven hundred and fifty-five providing for deficiencies in certain appropriations made to the Executive Judicial and Legislative Departments by the act to which this is a supplement and for minor appropriations to certain of the Executive Judicial and Legislative Departments not provided for by said act.

be read the first time.

Mr. GERBERICH. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 107 (House Bill No. 75), entitled:

A Supplement to an act entitled "An Act to provide for the ordinary expenses of the Executive Judicial and Legislative Departments of the Commonwealth interest on the public debt and the support of the public schools for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and thirteen and for the payment of bills incurred and remaining unpaid at the close of the fiscal year ending May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and thirteen" as approved the sixteenth day of July Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen Pamphlet Laws page seven hundred and fifty-five providing for deficiencies in certain appropriations made to the Executive Judicial and Legislative Departments by the act to which this is a supplement and for minor appropriations to certain of the Executive Judicial and Legislative Departments not provided for by said act.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to read a bill in place at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 108, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Hospital for Injured Persons of the Anthracite Coal Region of Pennsylvania, at Fountain Springs, near Ashland, Schuylkill County, Pennsylvania, to cover a deficiency.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to read bills in place at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. CATLIN (by request of Mr. McNICHOL) read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 109, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Hospital of the Hahnemann Medical College and Hospital of Philadelphia.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Also (by request of Mr. KLINE) read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 110, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Historical Society of Western Pennsylvania, located at Pittsburgh, Pa.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Also (by request of Mr. KLINE) read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 111, entitled:

An Act authorizing cities of the first and second classes to appropriate city funds for the maintenance of historical societies.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Also (by request of Mr. KLINE) read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 112, entitled:

An Act to amend the first section of an act, entitled "An Act to encourage County Historical Societies," approved the 21st day of May, A. D. 1901, so as to provide that the Commissioners' Board in Counties where the population exceeds one million, may appropriate a sum not exceeding one thousand dollars annually, to the Chief Historical Society in said County.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to read bills in place at this time.

The CHAIR. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. SPROUL read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 113, entitled:

An Act further supplementing an act approved the 14th day of June, 1911, entitled "An Act providing for the erection by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania of a statue in memory of General George Gordon Meade, in the City of Washington, and making an appropriation therefor," and making a further appropriation.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 114, entitled:

An Act providing for the printing, binding and distribution of the Report of the Fiftieth Anniversary of the Battle of Gettysburg Commission, entitled "Pennsylvania Gettysburg Reunion;" providing for additions to said Report and for the compiling, editing, proof reading and indexing thereof; providing also for the preparation for filing of record in the State Library for their proper preservation therein of certain original manuscripts of the addresses delivered at said Reunion and of other original data, souvenirs and records relative thereto; and making appropriation therefor.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 115, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Commissioners of Valley Forge Park.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 116, entitled:

An Act to exempt from the payment of inheritance taxes bequests and devises to institutions of purely public charity.

Which was committed to the Committee on Finance.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 2, as follows:

An Act to amend the first section of an act approved the twenty-eighth day of March one thousand eight hundred and twenty entitled "An Act relative to mortgages" by requiring purchase money mortgages to be recorded within ten days in order to have priority of lien

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the first section of an act approved the twenty-eighth day of March one thousand eight hundred and twenty entitled "An act relative to mortgages" which reads as follows

"Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from and after the first day of October next all mortgages or defeasible deeds in the nature of mortgages made or to be made or executed for any lands tenements or hereditaments within this Commonwealth shall have priority according to the date of recording the same without regard to the time of making or executing such deeds and it shall be the duty of the recorder to endorse the time upon the mortgages or defeasible deeds when left for record and to number the same according to the time they are left for record and if two or more are left upon the same day they shall have priority according to the time they are left at the office for record And that no mortgage or defeasible deed in the nature of a mortgage shall be a lien until such mortgage or defeasible deed shall have been recorded or left for record as aforesaid Provided That no mortgage given for the purchase money of the land so mortgaged shall be affected by the passage of this act if the same be recorded within sixty days from the execution thereof" is hereby amended so as to read

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from and after the first day of October next all mortgages or defeasible deeds in the nature of mortgages made or to be made or executed for any lands tenements or hereditaments within this Commonwealth shall have priority according to the date of recording the same without regard to the time of making or executing such deeds and it shall be the duty of the recorder to endorse the time upon the mortgages or defeasible deeds when left for record and to number the same according to the time they are left for record and if two or more are left upon the same day they shall have priority according to the time they are left at the office for record No mortgage or defeasible deed in the nature of a mortgage shall be a lien until such mortgage or defeasible deed shall have been recorded or left for record as aforesaid No mortgage given for the purchase money of the land so mortgaged shall be affected by the passage of this act if the same be recorded within ten days from the execution thereof

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 4, as follows:

An Act relating to persons habitually addicted to the use of alcohol or drugs and providing for the care and treatment of such persons at the expense of the county and State if indigent

Section I. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the word "inebriate" used in this act means a person habitually so addicted to the use of alcohol or narcotic drugs as to be a proper subject for restraint care and treatment

Section 2 Upon petition of two citizens who shall be either the wife husband parent child committee of the estate of an inebriate or next friends of such person the court of quarter sessions shall issue its warrant requiring the inebriate on a day fixed to be brought into court for a hearing The petition shall not be considered unless it sets forth that the person named therein is an inebriate within the scope of this act and unless it be accompanied by the affidavit or affidavits of at least two reputable physicians stating that they have examined the alleged inebriate and that he is a proper subject for restraint care and treatment

Section 3 If after such hearing the court is satisfied that the alleged inebriate is a proper subject for restraint care and treatment the court shall commit the inebriate to the State Institution for Inebriates When so committed the inebriate shall remain in such institution until on further hearing the said court shall be of opinion that such restraint care and treatment are no longer beneficial to the inebriate or until the Board of Trustees or Superintendent of the Institution shall certify to the said court that restraint care and treatment are no longer beneficial or necessary to the inebriate or that he is cured Whereupon the court shall order the inebriate to be discharged under such supervision and restriction as the court may impose

Section 4 When after hearing an inebriate is committed to the State Institution for Inebriates the court shall determine who shall bear the cost and expense of the restraint care and treatment of the inebriate while in the institution The persons who shall bear such cost and expense if the inebriate is indigent shall be any or all of the grandparents parents wife husband children or grandchildren as the court may direct No inebriate shall be committed to the institution until the court shall by order determine who shall bear such cost and expense nor until payment therefor be made to the said Board of Trustees or security satisfactory to the board be given

Section 5 If at such hearing the court finds that the inebriate is indigent and that the wife husband parent grandparent child or grandchild is unable to pay the cost and expense of the restraint care and treatment in the institution it shall so certify in the order committing the inebriate

The cost and expense of restraint care and treatment of indigent inebriates in the institution are fixed at seven dollars per week Four-sevenths of this amount shall be paid by the Commonwealth and three-sevenths by the county from which the inebriate is committed

Section 6 Any inebriate or any person addicted to the use of alcohol or drugs who wishes to submit himself for care and treatment in the institution may be received therein as a patient He shall be detained therein and given adequate care and treatment Such detention shall not extend more than ten days after he has signified in writing his intention or desire of leaving the institution Admission of such patients shall be under such conditions not inconsistent herewith as may be imposed by the Board of Trustees

Section 7 If an inebriate is committed to the institution the court may appoint a committee of the estate of the inebriate under such conditions as the court deems proper The committee shall continue so to act until discharged by the court

Section 8 The court may by appropriate order enforce any order or decree fixing the liability for the cost and expense of the restraint care and treatment of the inebriate while in the institution

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 21, entitled:

An Act to validate deeds mortgages and other instruments of writing which have been defectively acknowledged by husband and wife prior to the fourth day of January one thousand nine hundred and fifteen.

The first section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That no deed mortgage or other instrument of writing of and concerning any land tenements hereditaments or any estate right title or interest therein required by law to be acknowledged which purports to have been acknowledged by husband and wife before any judge justice of the peace alderman notary public commissioner of deeds or other person authorized by law within this State or within any other of the United States or without the United States to take acknowledgments of deeds et cetera shall be deemed held or adjudged invalid or defective or insufficient in law or avoided or prejudiced by reason of informality or omission in setting forth the particulars of the acknowledgment made before such person as aforesaid in the certificate thereof where the acknowledgment bears date prior to the fourth day of January in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and fifteen but all and every such deed mortgage or other instrument of writing where the acknowledgment thereof bears such prior date and purports to have been made by husband and wife as aforesaid or the record of such deed mortgages or other instrument of writing duly made in the proper office for recording of deeds in this Commonwealth shall be as good valid and effectual in law for transferring passing and conveying the estate right title and interest of such husband and wife of in and to the lands tenements and hereiditaments mentioned in the same as if all the requisites and particulars of such acknowledgment mentioned in the act entitled "An act for the better confirmation of the estate of persons holding or claiming under feme covert and for establishing a mode by which husband and wife may hereafter convey their estates" passed the twenty-fourth day of February one thousand seven hundred and seventy were particularily set forth in the certificate thereof and the record of such deed mortgage or other instrument of writing made in the proper county as aforesaid or exemplifications of such record duly certified shall be legal evidence in all cases in which the original would be competent evidence. This act shall not apply to suits now pending and undetermined.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. TOMPKINS. Mr. President, I move to amend section 1, line 21, by striking out the word "mortgages" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "mortgage;" also in line 29, by striking out the word "estate," and inserting in lieu thereof the word "estates;" also in line 30, by striking out the word "covert" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "coverts."

Mr. SONES. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The title of the bill was read as follows and agreed to:

An act to validate deeds mortgages and other instruments of writing which have been defectively acknowledged by husband and wife prior to the fourth day of January one thousand nine hundred and fifteen

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 22, as follows:

An Act to provide for the appointment of a coroners physician in counties having a population of more than one hundred and fifty thousand and less than eight hundred thousand and defining his qualifications duties and salary

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That in counties having a population of more than one hundred and fifty thousand and less than eight hundred thousand the coroner and the district attorney with the approval of the court of quarter sessions shall appoint as coroners physician a person duly registered and qualified to practice medicine in this State

Section 2 The coroners physician shall hold all autopsies conduct post-mortem examinations and give to the district attorney such information derived therefrom as the district attorney may require in cases of homicide suicide and accidental deaths He shall file with the clerk of the court of quarter sessions a brief record of all cases investigated by him where it appears that a crime has been committed

Section 3 In the absence of the duly appointed coroners physician or in any case where he is unable to perform his duties the coroner may name a registered and qualified physician to act during such absence or said disability compensation for such service to be paid out of and deducted from the salary hereinafter provided

Section 4 The salary of the coroners physician shall be eighteen hundred ($1,800.00) dollars per year payable monthly

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. TOMPKINS. I move that Senate Bill No. 22, the bill just read, be recommitted to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. SONES. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

RECESS.

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now take a recess until 12 o'clock noon.

Mr. GERBERICH. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

AFTER RECESS.

The PRESIDENT (Lieutenant-Governor Frank B. McClain) in the Chair.

The PRESIDENT. The time of recess having elapsed the Senate will be in order.

HOUSE MESSAGE.

TIME OF NEXT MEETING.

The Clerk of the House of Representatives, being introduced, informed the Senate that the House has concurred in Resolution from the Senate as follows:

In the Senate, February 2, 1915.

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That when the Senate adjourns to-day it be to meet on Monday evening, February eighth, at nine-thirty o'clock, and when the House of Representatives adjourns this week it be to meet on Monday evening, February eighth, at nine o'clock.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. GRAFF. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from Committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. GRAFF, from the Committee on Insurance, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 93, entitled:

An Act making it unlawful for any insurance company or association, issuing health or accident policies, to cancel the same except upon written application and consent of the insured, and providing penalties for violations of its provisions.

ANNOUNCEMENT OF DEATH OF HONORABLE WILLIAM M. BROWN.

The PRESIDENT. The Chair with profound regret announces the death of a former member and as well a former President of this Senate, Senator from the Beaver-Lawrence district from 1897 to 1901, Lieutenant-Governor of this Commonwealth from 1903 to 1907, the Honorable William M. Brown, of New Castle, Pennsylvania.

ADJOURNMENT.

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, in view of the circumstance just announced by the Chair, and out of respect for the memory of the late William M. Brown, I move that the Senate do now adjourn.

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The Senate adjourned at 12:28 o'clock P. M. until Monday evening, February 8, 1915, at 9:30 o'clock.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

TUESDAY, February 2nd, 1915.

The House met at 10.00 o'clock A. M.

The SPEAKER (Charles A. Ambler) in the Chair.

PRAYER.

The Chaplain, Rev. F. W. Staley, offered the following prayer:

Almighty God, Thou art our Father and Thy fatherhood has been made plain to us through the person of Thine only begotten Son. Thou didst come to each of us. Thou didst say unto us, "Ask what I shall give thee. Ask of me and I shall give thee the heathen for thine inheritance and the uttermost parts of the earth for thy possession." One of old asked for wisdom and understanding and with these gifts He worked out the problems of that age and made it the golden age of the Jewish Empire and erected a temple, the influence of which has filled the world with blessings. And Thou dost come to us this morning and Thou dost say unto us, "Ask what I shall give thee," and we ask for wisdom and understanding that we may work out the great problems of the State. May we understand the laws of these problems as the student understands the laws of mathematics and works out the problems; so may these great problems be worked out in such a way that will test the reason, judgment, conscience and the best statesmanship of this great Commonwealth. And may everything that is done meet with Thy approbation and with the approval of our fellow citizens we ask for Christ's sake. Amen.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the Journal of yesterday's proceedings.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of yesterday's proceedings when on motion of Mr. Rowell, the further reading was dispensed with and the Journal was approved.

BILLS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED.

By Mr. McVICAR. House Bill No. 110.

An Act to amend an act approved the twelfth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirteen, entitled "An Act providing for the establishment and maintenance of boards of health in boroughs and townships of the first class, and defining their powers and duties; providing for the appointment of members of such boards of health by the president of the borough councils, or by the chairman of the board of commissioners of such townships; providing for the election of a secretary and a health officer; providing that the Commissioner of Health may take charge of the administration of health laws in any borough or township of the first class when conditions therein, in his opinion, constitute a menace to the lives or health of the people living outside the corporate limits of such borough or township of the first class, or when it may be known to him that such borough or township of the first class is without an existing or efficient board of health; and providing the manner in which the expenses

of boards of health or of the Commissioner of Health, incurred in administering health laws in any borough or township of the first class shall be paid."

Referred to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

By Mr. WYLIE. House Bill No. 111.

An Act making an appropriation to the Western Pennsylvania Institution for the Instruction of the Deaf and Dumb.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. PERRY. House Bill No. 112.

An Act to regulate boxing and sparring, establishing an athletic commission therefor, and making an appropriation.

Referred to the Committe on Law and Order.

By Mr. DELL. House Bill No. 113.

An Act making an appropriation to the J. C. Blair Memorial Hospital Association and Training School for Nurses, of Huntingdon, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. COX. House Bill No. 114.

An Act making an appropriation to the Children's Aid Society of Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. STERN. House Bill No. 115.

An Act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Seaman's Friend Society, of Philadelphia, Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. GRAHAM. House Bill No. 116.

An Act giving the right to the Department of Public Safety, in cities of the first class, to make rules and regulations governing the traffic use and police control of all public highways, streets, lanes, avenues, boulevards, parkways and alleys; providing for public notice of the same, and providing also for punishments for the violation thereof with the right of appeal.

Referred to the Committe on Municipal Corporations.

By Mr. GOODNOUGH. House Bill No. 117.

An Act requiring the payment of not more than fifty dollars for the burial of the body of any honorably discharged soldier, sailor or marine, who heretofore served or shall hereafter serve in the army, the navy or the marine corps of the United States in any war or insurrection of any person who was in active service in the militia of Pennsylvania during the Civil War under and in pursuance of any proclamation of the Governor, not duly mustered into the service of the United States and who was honorably discharged or relieved from said service, having a legal residence in this Commonwealth, at the time of his death, who shall hereafter die, either within or without the State, by the county in which said soldier, sailor, marine or militiaman had a legal residence at the time of his death; providing for the appointment of committees to execute the provisions of this act and fixing the powers and duties of said committees.

Referred to the Committee on Military.

By Mr. DRINKHOUSE. House Bill No. 118.

An Act making an appropriation to St. Joseph's Hospital, of Philadelphia.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. PHILLIPS. House Bill No. 119.

An Act to provide for the better protection and preservation of game, game-quadrupeds, and game-birds in Pennsylvania, and prescribing penalties for violation of its several provisions.

Referred to the Committee on Game.

By Mr. HERMAN. House Bill No. 120.

An Act to amend an act, approved the twenty-eighth day of May one thousand nine hundred seven, entitled "An Act to provide for the protection of insane persons, feeble-minded persons, and epileptics, and the appointment of a guardian for the said insane persons, feeble-minded persons, and epileptics, unable to care for their own property; authorizing the guardian to support the wife and children of the said insane persons, feeble-minded persons, and epileptics; defining the powers of the guardian, and authorizing the sale of real estate of the ward," by adding an additional section.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. EVANS. House Bill No. 121.

An Act making an appropriation to the State Hospital of Nanticoke, Luzerne County, Pennsylvania, for the payment of indebtedness against said hospital, buildings, equipment and grounds.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. LUXEMBURGER. House Bill No. 122.

An Act making an appropriation to the West Side Hospital Association of the City of Scranton.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. LINDSEY. House Bill No. 123.

An Act making an appropriation of eight hundred dollars for the purposes of maintaining the public road and the bridges thereon through the Cornplanter Indian Reservation, and of building a new bridge on such road, in Elk Township, Warren County, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. LINDSEY. House Bill No. 124.

An Act making an appropriation to the Warren Emergency Hospital, of Warren, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. LINDSEY. House Bill No. 125.

An Act making an appropriation to the Trustees of the State Hospital for the Insane, at Warren, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. EHRHARDT. House Bill No. 126.

An Act making an appropriation for the Associated Charities and Humane Society of Lackawanna County.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. EHRHARDT. House Bill No. 127.

An Act making an appropriation to the Home for the Friendless Women and Children of the City of Scranton.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. FLYNN. House Bill No. 128.

An Act making an appropriation to the Elk County General Hospital, of Ridgway, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. HEFFERNAN. House Bill No. 129.

An Act making an appropriation to the American Oncologic Hospital at Philadelphia.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. MAURER. House Bill No. 130.

An Act to promote the public health by providing for one day of rest in seven for employes in certain employments.

Referred to the Committee on Labor and Industry.

By Mr. MAURER. House Bill No. 131.

An Act making an appropriation to carry further into effect the provisions of an act approved the twenty-ninth day of April, one thousand nine hundred thirteen, entitled "An Act applicable to all counties of this Commonwealth, to provide monthly payments, as approved by the trustees, to indigent, widowed, or abandoned mothers, for partial support of their children in their own homes. The manner of appointment of the trustees; the administration of the trust; amount of appropriations, proportioning appropriations, co-ordinate appropriations; amounts to be paid, form of records, eligibility, penalties, and reports, as set forth."

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. W. H. WILSON. House Bill No. 132.

An Act regulating process, pleading and practice in all civil cases whether at law, in equity, in divorce or otherwise howsoever, hereafter brought in any court of common

pleas in this Commonwealth and providing a complete system of procedure within the limits of the subject matter of this act.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. SPANGLER. House Bill No. 133.

An Act providing a system of management of the jail or county prison in counties having a population exceeding ninety thousand inhabitants but less than one hundred fifty thousand inhabitants, and imposing certain duties on the sheriff, controller, auditors and commissioners.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. SPANGLER. House Bill No. 134.

An Act to amend an act, approved the first day of May, one thousand nine hundred nine, entitled "An Act to classify the fish in the waters within this Commonwealth; declaring which are game fish, which are food fish, and which are bait fish, and to regulate the catching and sale and encourage the propagation of the same, to protect the waters within this Commonwealth from unfair, improper, wasteful, and destructive fishing, and to protect fish from being destroyed or injured by destructive means; to provide for the appointment of fish wardens, and to declare their official powers and duties; to encourage and regulate the propagation of fish within this Commonwealth, and regulate the free distribution of same by the Department of Fisheries, in the waters within the same; to define powers and duties of the Department of Fisheries; to regulate the sale and shipment of fish artificially propagated for profit; to forbid the sale of unlawful devices for catching fish; and to provide penalties and punishments for the violation of the provisions of this act, and providing how and by whom the costs shall be paid," by adding a section thereto to be known as section eight.

Referred to the Committee on Fisheries.

By Mr. THEODORE CAMPBELL. House Bill No. 135.

An Act defining drugs and defining and regulating the peddling thereof.

Referred to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

By Mr. THEODORE CAMPBELL. House Bill No. 136.

An Act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Institution for the Instruction of the Blind, at Philadelphia.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. BRUMBAUGH. House Bill No. 137.

An Act making an appropriation to the Nason Hospital, Roaring Spring, Blair County.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. FINNERTY. House Bill No. 138.

An Act making an appropriation to the Wilkes-Barre City Hospital.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. GANS. House Bill No. 139.

An Act to provide for the filling of vacancies in Councils of cities of the first class.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

By Mr. RININGER. House Bill No. 140.

An Act making an appropriation to the Altoona Hospital, Altoona, Blair County, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. WOBENSMITH. House Bill No. 141.

An Act making an appropriation to the Saint Timothy's Memorial Hospital and House of Mercy, Roxborough, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. RAMSEY. House Bill No. 142.

An Act making an appropriation to the Chester Hospital, in the City of Chester.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. DRINKHOUSE. House Bill No. 143.

An Act making an appropriation to the Berean Manual Training and Industrial School.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. KAISER. House Bill No. 144.

An Act making an appropriation to the Day Nursery and Temporary Home of the Methodist Episcopal Church Union, North Side, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. EHRHARDT. House Bill No. 145.

An Act making an appropriation to the Florence Crittenton Mission, of Scranton, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. MILLIRON. House Bill No. 146.

An Act making an appropriation to the Dayton Normal Institute, of Dayton, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. METZENBACHER. House Bill No. 147.

An Act making an appropriation to the Titusville Hospital, at Titusville, Crawford County, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. LOVE. House Bill No. 148.

An Act making an appropriation to the Citizens' General Hospital of New Kensington, Westmoreland County, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. WALTON. House Bill No. 149.

An Act defining trading stamps as including stamps, coupons, tickets, cards, certificates and other similar devices given with a sale or bailment of merchandise, regulating the sale of trading stamps and providing penalties.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

By Mr. WALTON. House Bill No. 150.

An Act relating to the appointment of persons to the Police and Fire Departments in cities of the third class; constituting a Civil Service Board in relation thereto; providing for and regulating examinations; the manner of appointments and the manner and power of removal of employes of said departments, and providing a method for fixing compensation of examiners.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

By Mr. BOVEE. House Bill No. 151.

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-seventh day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirteen, entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation, regulation, and government of cities of the third class; regulating nomination and election of municipal officers therein; and repealing, consolidating, and extending existing laws in relation thereto."

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

By Mr. LANDIS. House Bill No. 152.

An Act providing for the recovery of costs in suits before justices of the peace, aldermen or magistrates.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

By Mr. HOLLINGSWORTH. House Bill No. 153.

An Act to protect the public health by regulating the manufacture, preparation, handling, storage, sale, transportation and possession of meat and meat food products; prescribing the powers and duties of the State Livestock Sanitary Board in relation thereto and providing for the appointment of the agents thereof, and defining their powers and duties as such; making it unlawful to give money or otherwise with intent to influence such agents; prescribing methods of enforcing the act and imposing penalties for violation of the same; and providing for the repeal of certain acts, and of all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith.

Referred to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

By Mr. GORMLEY. House Bill No. 154.

An Act making an appropriation to the Passavant Memorial Homes for the care of Epileptics, at Rochester, Beaver County, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. GORMLEY. House Bill No. 155.

An Act making an appropriation to the Rochester General Hospital, at Rochester, Beaver County, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. GROMLEY. House Bill No. 156.

An Act to quiet the title to real estate; and to enable citizens of the United States, and corporations authorized to hold real estate within this Commonwealth, to hold and convey title to real estate which has been formerly held by or for corporations not authorized by law to hold the same.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

By Mr. BODY. House Bill No. 157.

An Act making an appropriation of six thousand dollars to the Berks County Tuberculosis Society, for the maintenance of indigent persons suffering from tuberculosis and received for treatment into its sanatorium, located on Neversink Mountain, Berks County, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. BODY. House Bill No. 158.

An Act making an appropriation to the Home for Widows and Single Women of Reading, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. BODY. House Bill No. 159.

An Act making an appropriation to the Reading Hospital in the City of Reading, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. BOVEE. House Bill No. 160.

An Act making an appropriation for the improvement of the port of Erie, by constructing a modern commercial steam-boat landing, or wharf, upon State lands, within the harbor of Erie; authorizing the appointment of a commission to construct same; and providing for regulating the manner in which said wharf shall be used by the public and kept in repair.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. BOVEE. House Bill No. 161.

An Act making an appropriation to the Erie Infants' Home and Hospital at Erie, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. BOVEE. House Bill No. 162.

An Act making an appropriation to the Saint Vincent's Hospital Association of the City of Erie, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. HOWARTH. House Bill No. 163.

An Act authorizing cities and boroughs to change the dividing line between cities and boroughs, or between boroughs, so that the dividing line will be in the center of a street or alley; and providing the manner of procedure in such cases.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

By Mr. STAVING. House Bill No. 164.

An Act making an appropriation to the Pittsburgh and Allegheny Home for the Friendless, situated in the City of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. BECKER. House Bill No. 165.

An Act making a deficiency appropriation to the State Hospital of Coaldale, Coaldale, Schuylkill County, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. HESS. House Bill No. 166.

An Act making an appropriation for the payment of the deficiency which has arisen under the provisions of an act, approved the thirteenth day of June, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven, entitled "An Act to authorize county commissioners, for the purpose of encouraging agriculture and the holding of county agricultural exhibitions, to pay annually one thousand dollars to the incorporated agricultural association, paying premiums on agricultural exhibits, holding an annual exhibition in the county; providing for the filing of sworn statement by the claimant or claimants with the county commissioners relative to said exhibition; and providing for the repayment to the county by the State of the sum so paid,"

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. BAUERLE. House Bill No. 167.

An Act making an appropriation to the Kensington Hospital for Women, at Philadelphia.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. ADAMS. House Bill No. 168.

An Act to provide for the erection and organization of new counties out of parts of two adjoining counties and prescribing the manner in which the same may be done.

Referred to the Committee on Counties and Townships.

By Mr. STERN. House Bill No. 169.

A Joint Resolution providing for a commission to investigate the advisability of the purchase by the Commonwealth of certain property in Philadelphia opposite Independence Hall as a public park.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. LAULER. House Bill No. 170.

An Act making an appropriation to the Children's Hospital of Pittsburgh, in the City of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. MEARKLE. House Bill No. 171.

An Act making an appropriation to the Western Pennsylvania Hospital.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. HESS. House Bill No. 172.

An Act making an appropriation in aid of the erection upon the Capitol grounds at Harrisburg of a memorial to commemorate the founding of the common school system of Pennsylvania and perpetuate the memory of the men who were principally instrumental in establishing and carrying it into practical effect, and providing for the appointment of a commission to select a model for and supervise the erection thereof.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. SINCLAIR. House Bill No. 173.

An Act requiring all locomotives operated by common carriers to be equipped with bell ringers and providing a penalty for violation thereof.

Referred to Committee on Railroads.

By Mr. GANS. House Bill No. 174.

An Act to promote the welfare of the people of this State, relating to the liability of employers for injuries or death sustained by their employes providing compensation for the accidental injury to or death of employes and methods for the payment of the same, establishing an industrial accident board, defining its powers, providing for a review of its awards, making an appropriation to carry out the provisions of this act, and restricting the right to compensation or damages in such cases to such as are provided by this act.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. LIPSCHUTZ. House Bill No. 175.

An Act providing for the discharge of persons arrested or held on process issued on a judgment obtained in civil actions.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. STEEDLE. House Bill No. 176.

An Act requiring county commissioners in certain counties to provide quarters in the county buildings for the official county association of physicians and surgeons.

Referred to Committee on Counties and Townships.

By Mr. LAULER. House Bill No. 177.

An Act making an appropriation to the Western Pennsylvania Institution for the Blind, at Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. MEARKLE. House Bill No. 178.

An Act to amend section one of an act approved the twenty-third day of June, one thousand eight hundred ninety-seven, entitled "An Act to authorize executors and trustees, non-residents of the Commonwealth, to convey real estate."

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special.

By Mr. MEARKLE. House Bill No. 179.

Confirmatory of the conveyances of real estate.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

By Mr. LYNCH. House Bill No. 180.

An Act to give additional protection to wild birds and animals and game, within the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania; prohibiting the hunting for, or capture or killing of, such wild birds or animals or game by unnaturalized foreign-born residents; forbidding the ownership or possession of dogs by any unnaturalized foreign-born resident, within the Commonwealth; and prescribing penalties for violation of its provisions.

Referred to the Committee on Game.

By Mr. WHITAKER. House Bill No. 181.

An Act making an appropriation to the Commissioners of Valley Forge Park.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. WALTER. House Bill No. 182.

An Act authorizing boroughs to supply and to make contract for supplying electric current outside the limits of said borough.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. ROWELL. House Bill No. 183.

An Act making an appropriation to the Women's Homeopathic Association of Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. SHOWALTER. House Bill No. 184.

An Act making an appropriation to the board of managers of the Pennsylvania Village for Feeble-Minded Women.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. DAVIS. House Bill No. 185.

An Act authorizing counties to organize, equip and maintain county fire brigades, and regulating such brigades.

Referred to the Committee on Counties and Townships.

By Mr. THEODORE CAMPBELL. House Bill No. 186.

An Act to provide a system of annual payments to certain citizens of Pennsylvania, who while as citizens of Pennsylvania volunteered in defense of said State as emergency men.

Referred to the Committee on Pensions and Gratuities.

By Mr. FRUIT. House Bill No. 187.

An Act making an appropriation for the Grove City Hospital, at Grove City, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. WHITAKER. House Bill No. 188.

An Act making an appropriation to the trustees of the Phoenixville Hospital.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. WHITAKER. House Bill No. 189.

An Act making an appropriation to the Chester County Hospital.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. THOMAS. House Bill No. 190.

An Act making an appropriation to the Florence Crittenton Circle of Wilkes-Barre, Pa.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. ALEXANDER. House Bill No. 191.

An Act regulating the collection of taxes in the several boroughs and townships of this Commonwealth.

Referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. ALEXANDER. House Bill No. 192.

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-second day of April, one thousand nine hundred and three, entitled, "An Act enabling the Burgess and Council of any borough or incorporated town, by ordinance, to annex to the borough or incorporated town adjacent territory, upon petition of a majority of the freehold owners thereof."

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. BERNTHEIZEL. House Bill No. 193.

An Act providing that no judgment or decree shall be set aside or reversed or new trial granted, unless the error complained of has injuriously affected the substantial rights of the parties.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. BERNTHEIZEL. House Bill No. 194.

An Act providing what effect shall be given to admission to practice in the Supreme Court, when the person so admitted applies for admission to practice in the other courts of this Commonwealth.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. JAMES O. CAMPBELL. House Bill No. 195.

An Act making an appropriation to the Butler County General Hospital at Butler, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. BERNTHEIZEL. House Bill No. 196.

An Act providing for the appointment and expenses of a commission of three persons, learned in the law, to codify and revise the law of decedents' estates, and making an appropriation.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. SHOWALTER. House Bill No. 197.

An Act to amend section thirteen ten of an act entitled, "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, together with the provisions by which it shall be administered, and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof; providing revenue to establish and maintain the same, and the method of collecting such revenue; and repealing all laws, general, special or local, or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith," approved the eighteenth day of May, A. D. one thousand nine hundred and eleven.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Mr. SHOWALTER. House Bill No. 198.

An Act to amend section seventeen hundred and eight of an act entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, together with the provisions by which it shall be administered, and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof; providing revenue to establish and maintain the same, and the method of collecting such revenue; and repealing all laws, general, special or local, or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith," approved the eighteenth day of May, A. D. one thousand nine hundred and eleven.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Mr. RONEY (By request). House Bill No. 199.

An Act to raise revenue by subjecting to taxation certain real estate not heretofore taxable as such, of railroad companies, street railway companies, canal companies, bridge companies, gas companies, pipe line companies, ferry companies, electric light, heat and power companies, water companies, telegraph companies, telephone companies, express

companies, and all other public service corporations or so-called quasi-public corporations of the same or other kinds.

Referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. RONEY. House Bill No. 200.

An Act amending the first and seventeenth sections of an act approved the 17th day of June, 1913, entitled "An Act to provide revenue for state and county purposes, and, in cities co-extensive with counties; for city and county purposes; imposing taxes upon certain classes of personal property; providing for the assessment and collection of the same; providing for the duties and compensation of prothonotaries and recorders in connection therewith, and modifying existing legislation which provided for raising revenue for State purposes" relating to taxing bonds, mortgages and other securities and also by removing the exemption of life and fire insurance corporations having no capital stock from the provisions of the act.

Referred to Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. TWIBILL. House Bill No. 201.

An Act making an appropriation to the Philadelphia Orthopaedic Hospital and Infirmary for Nervous Diseases.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. GALLAGHER. House Bill No. 202.

An Act providing that any person, firm or corporation operating a street passenger car upon the public streets and highways of this Commonwealth shall have the said street cars, when in use, equipped with air brake attachments and automatic air couplers, and providing penalties for the violation of this act.

Referred to the Committee on Electric Railways.

By Mr. RONEY. House Bill No. 203.

An Act requiring all locomotives operated by common carriers to be equipped with head lights of a certain candle power, and providing a penalty for violation thereof.

Referred to Committee on Railroads.

By Mr. RINN. House Bill No. 204.

An Act making an appropriation to the Saint Luke's Hospital, located at South Bethlehem, Lehigh County, Pennsylvania.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. McNICHOL. House Bill No. 205.

An Act to regulate the practice of Optometry in the State of Pennsylvania, to provide for the establishment of a Board of Optometric Examiners, to provide for the examining and licensure of Optometrists in this State, to provide for the enforcement of the provisions thereof by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure of the Department of Public Instruction and to provide penalties for the violation of this act.

Referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. URICH, from the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, reported as committed, House Bill No. 83, entitled:

An Act defining heroin, regulating the sale, prescription and possession of heroin, its salts, derivatives and compounds and preparations and substances containing heroin, or its salts, derivatives or compounds, and providing penalties.

Mr. WALTON, from the Committee on Municipal Corporations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 20, entitled:

An Act authorizing cities of the third class, wherein the title to the water-works therein located is in the city, to extend their pipes and improvements beyond the city limits and supply water to persons, corporations and municipalities withing the county, and regulating the supply of water.

Mr. STEEDLE, from the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, reported as committed, House Bill No. 41, entitled:

An Act prohibiting certain institutions receiving State aid from restricting pay patients in the selection of physicians and surgeons not connected with the institution.

REPORT OF THE AUDITORS OF THE PHILADELPHIA SAVINGS FUND SOCIETY.

The Speaker laid before the House the report of the Auditors of the Philadelphia Savings Fund Society and ordered it noted on the Journal and printed in the Appendix of the Legislative Journal. (See Appendix.)

SIXTY-EIGHTH ANNUAL REPORT OF THE WESTERN SAVINGS FUND SOCIETY FOR THE YEAR 1914.

The Speaker laid before the House the Sixty-eighth Annual Report of the Western Savings Fund Society and ordered it noted on the Journal and printed in the Appendix of the Legislative Journal. (See Appendix.)

RESOLUTION.

Mr. MAURER, asked and obtained unanimous consent of the House to call up Concurrent Resolution No. 1, which was read as follows:

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 1.

Whereas One Valentine Brobst Senior died about one thousand eight hundred thirty-eight seized of more than fifty tracts of land in Eastern Pennsylvania each of which contained from three hundred to three thousand acres and

Whereas The lawful heirs of said Valentine Brobst Senior alleged through conspiracy and fraud they have been deprived of said lands which now on account of the vast deposits of coal therein contained are extremely valuable and

Whereas The heirs of said Valentine Brobst Senior allege that they have vainly endeavored by litigation to regain said lands of which they allege they have been deprived by fraud and conspiracy therefore be it

Resolved (If the Senate concur) That the Attorney General is hereby directed to investigate the charges of fraud and conspiracy whereby the heirs of Valentine Brobst Senior allege they have been deprived of many valuable tracts of land in Eastern Pennsylvania and to ascertain whether such charges are true and to report thereon at this session of the General Assembly with such recommendations in the premises as to them shall seem proper

On the question,

Will the House agree to the resolution?

Mr. MAURER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment to this Resolution.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the amendment.

The Clerk then read the amendment as follows:

Amend paragraph 4, line 7: Strike out the word "them" and insert the word "him," if it refers to the Attorney General as stated in line 1 of the same paragraph.

The SPEAKER. Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

The SPEAKER. Will the House agree to the Resolution as amended?

MOTION TO REFER TO COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY GENERAL.

Mr. W. H. WILSON. I move that the Resolution be referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the motion?

Mr. MAURER. Mr. Speaker.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman from Berks, Mr. Maurer.

Mr. MAURER. Mr. Speaker, I have no particular objection to the resolution's being referred to the Committee on Judiciary General, but I can really see no advantage in doing so. If the resolution is concurred in by the Senate it will be evidence that it is all right. If the resolution as proposed by the motion now before you is referred back to the Committee it will mean just double the amount of work. It will mean that the heirs will necessarily be compelled to come here and convince the Committee first of its claims, and then will again appear before the Attorney General and repeat, which will mean considerable expense to my constituents.

I might add, that this resolution was handed to me by the heirs of Valentine Brobst who are my constituents at the recommendation of ex-Attorney General Bell. It was Bell who recommended this procedure, and therefore, the resolution was prepared as recommended by Bell, and is now before you. I really think that the gentleman from Philadelphia should withdraw his motion to refer this to the Committee as I do not see that we can gain anything by

referring it to the Committee. If I thought we could, I certainly would not object, but I believe the resolution should be passed and allow these people to have a hearing before the Attorney General.

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker: As I understand this resolution it sets forth certain charges. This House as a legislative body is responsible for its own acts, and in my judgment should not be called upon to pass a funny resolution of this character without having had the opportunity for making such investigations as it thinks fit. The only place that such an investigation can be made and a hearing granted in order to save the time of the House would be for this resolution to be referred to a Committee, which Committee could fix a time to hear the evidence to substantiate the charges and then act accordingly. That would be a great time-saver, but certainly this House should not be obliged to act upon a matter of this kind until it was thoroughly convinced, and after knowing what they are at. Therefore I decline to withdraw my motion and insist that it be put.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, If I understand this resolution correctly, it appears that there is somewhere in the State someone who thinks that there has been some fraud whereby certain citizens of our State have been unable to get justice. Now, the Courts of that community are open to those heirs to try their case. The resolution appears to me to be one where these citizens desire the State to bear the burden of finding out whether they have a legal right to certain property. Certainly we are not going to shift the burden of each and every citizen where he thinks he has a grievance upon the Attorney General of the State to decide his rights. If this is an exceptional case it seems to me before the House passes this resolution the matter should be laid before a Committee and the whole facts explained to that Committee and then if the Committee reports back that there is warrant to treat this differently from the ordinary differences between men then we can direct the Attorney General at the expense of the State to perform this particular duty as indicated by the resolution. I certainly think that the House would be doing what is right by following the suggestion of the gentleman from Philadelphia. There can be no harm done. The resolution can still be taken from the Committee if it is the opinion of the House that the Committee is not acting fairly. The House is too large a body to undertake the analyzing of this proposition, and I certainly hope the House will follow the suggestion of the gentleman from Philadelphia and send this resolution to some Committee and I think the Judiciary General Committee is just as proper as any other.

Mr. MAURER. Mr. Speaker: This is a matter of information. I wish to say to the gentleman from Delaware that this is an exceptional case. I have letters and documentary evidence, and here are the proceedings of a court trial. These heirs have been active and they have expended considerable money. These are the proceedings of a court trial at Sunbury with reference to something between ten and fifteen thousand acres of coal land. And since it seems to be the consensus of opinion that a committee should act on it, I certainly withdraw my objection to the motion as made by the gentleman from Philadelphia.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the motion?

It was agreed to.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on Third Reading of House Bill No. 75, entitled:

A Supplement to an act entitled "An Act to provide for the ordinary expenses of the Executive Judicial and Legislative Departments of the Commonwealth interest on the public debt and the support of the public schools for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and thirteen and for the payment of bills incurred and remaining unpaid at the close of the fiscal year ending May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and thirteen" as approved the sixteenth day of July Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen Pamphlet Laws page seven hundred and fifty-five providing for deficiencies in certain appropriations made to the Executive Judicial and Legislative Departments by the act to which this is a supplement and for minor appropriations to certain of the Executive Judicial and Legislative Departments not provided for by said act

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—173.

Adams,	Fretz,	Mangan,	Sinclair,
Albee,	Fruit,	Marvin,	Smith, J. W.,
Alcorn,	Gallagher,	Mather,	Smith, Jeff. W
Alexander,	Gans,	Maurer,	Smith, L.,
Arnold,	Garner,	McCaig,	Snyder,
Aron,	Geary,	McClintock,	Sones,
Arthur,	Geiser,	McClure,	Spencer,
Baker,	Gibson,	McConnell,	Statler,
Baldwin,	Gingery,	McCurdy.	Staving,
Bauerle,	Glass,	McDermott,	Steedle,
Beck,	Gompers,	McKay,	Stern,
Becker,	Goodnough,	McNichol,	Stone,
Benninger,	Goodyear,	McVicar,	Sullivan,
Bergy,	Gormley,	Mearkle,	Swan,
Berntheizel,	Graham,	Mellott,	Swartz,
Beyer,	Gransback,	Metzenbacher,	Taylor,
Blackburn,	Greenwood,	Milliron,	Thomas,
Body,	Hamilton,	Murdoch,	Trach,
Bovee,	Harper,	Murphy,	Twibill,
Brosius,	Heffernan,	Myers,	Urich,
Brumbaugh,	Herman,	Neville,	Vickerman,
Bungard,	Hess,	Nieder,	Vogdes,
Campbell, J. O.,	Heyburn,	Nissley,	Wagner,
Campbell, T.,	Hoffman,	Oaks,	Weaver,
Christman,	Hollingsworth,	Ostrander,	Weimer,
Coldsmith,	Howarth,	Palmer,	Weir,
Cox.	Hubler,	Perry,	West,
Cromer,	Jack,	Peters,	Wettach,
Cummins,	Jones, W. W.,	Phillips,	Whitaker,
Curry,	Kaiser,	Pickering,	Whitten,
Davis,	Kuhn,	Powell,	Wildman,
Dawson,	Kunkle,	Ramsey,	Willard,
Dell,	Lafferty,	Reynolds,	Williams,
Diefenderfer,	Landis,	Rhoads,	Wilson, H. I.,
Dodds,	Lanius,	Rich,	Wilson, W. H.,
Dunn.	Lauer,	Rininger,	Wobensmith,
Eby,	Lauler,	Rinn,	Wood,
Ehrhardt,	Leighner,	Robertson,	Woodward,
Eppley,	Lindsey,	Sampsel,	Wylie,
Erdman,	Lipschutz,	Schaeffer,	Wynne,
Evans,	Love,	Scott,	Young,
Fackler,	Luppert,	Shaaber,	Ambler,
Finnerty,	Luxemburger,	Shaffer,	
Flynn,	Lynch,	Showalter,	Speaker.

NAYS—2.

Rothenberger, Sarig,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

BILL ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 43, entitled:

An Act authorizing Peter C. Kuhn of Scranton Lackawanna County to sue the Commonwealth

The first section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That Peter C. Kuhn of Scranton Lackawanna county is authorized to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania for any sum or sums of money that may be legally or justly due him from the Commnowealth on account of injuries received while in the service of the Commonwealth

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. EHRHARDT. Mr. Speaker, I offer the following amendment:

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend line 8 by striking out the word "mnowealth" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "monwealth."

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

The title of the bill was read as follows:

An Act authorizing Peter C. Kuhn of Scranton, Lackawanna County to sue the Commonwealth

On the question,
Will the House agree to the title?
It was agreed to.
And said bill, having been read at length the second time, and agreed to, as amended,
Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

ANNOUNCEMENT.

The SPEAKER. The Chair would like to suggest to the Members of the different committees, that they meet today and get as many bills as possible ready to report out. It is the desire of the Rules Committee that we have a short session tonight in order to report out bills that the Committees may act on this afternoon.

GRANTING USE OF THE HALL OF HOUSE.

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I offer the following motion:
The motion was read by the Clerk as follows:

Moved by Mr. W. H. Wilson, of Philadelphia, seconded by Mr. Cox, of Philadelphia, that the use of the Hall of the House of Representatives be granted to Honorable W. B. Ainey on Tuesday, February 9th, 1915, at eight o'clock P. M., for the purpose of delivering an address entitled "Our Relations with Japan and the Far East."

On the question,
Will the House agree to the motion?
Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I would like to announce to the House that I have received several communications from Members of Congress requesting the use of the Hall of the House of Representatives for Tuesday, February 9, at eight o'clock P. M., for the purpose of permitting the Honorable D. B. Ainey, who was a Member of the Foreign Affairs Committee of the Sixty-third Congress, to address the House on "Our Relations with Japan and the Far East."
Mr. Ainey has just recently completed a trip around the world, and as a part of that trip visited Japan and there addressed the Japanese Parliament, and he has prepared quite an elaborate address and I think it would be well for the House to grant him the use of the Hall of the House on the night in question.
On the question recurring,
Will the House agree to the motion?
It was agreed to.

RECESS.

The SPEAKER. We are expecting a communication from the Senate and as there is nothing else before the House at present, we will take a recess until 12 o'clock, noon.

AFTER RECESS.

The SPEAKER (Charles A. Ambler) in the chair.

SENATE MESSAGE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced presented the following extract from the Journal of the Senate, which was read as follows, viz:

TIME OF ADJOURNMENT.

In the Senate, February 2nd 1915.

Resolved (If the House of Representatives concur), That when the Senate adjourns to-day it shall be to reconvene on Monday evening, February 8th, at 9.30 o'clock, and when the House of Representatives adjourns this week it shall be to reconvene on Monday evening, February 8th, at 9 o'clock.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for concurrence.
On the question,
Will the House agree to the resolution?
It was agreed to.
Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

COMMITTEE APPOINTMENTS.

The SPEAKER. The Chair desires to ask unanimous consent of the House to make some changes in the committees. He asks to have the name of the gentleman from Wayne, Mr. Spencer, added to the Committee on Education; the name of the gentleman from Allegheny, Mr. McVicar, added to the Committee on Municipal Corporations, and the name of the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Forster, added to the Committee on Ways and Means. Is there objection? The Chair hears none and the changes will be made.

RECESS.

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I move we now take a recess until 8.00 P. M.
The motion was agreed to, and (at 12.15 P. M.) the House took a recess until 8.00 o'clock P. M.

AFTER RECESS.

The House reconvened at 8:00 o'clock P. M.
The SPEAKER (Charles A. Ambler) in the Chair.

BILLS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED.

By Mr. McCAIG. House Bill No. 206.

An Act making an appropriation for the payment of the expense of publication of amendments to the Constitution for the three years beginning June first, one thousand nine hundred and twelve.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

PETITIONS.

PRAYING FOR RESTRICTION OF THE LIQUOR TRAFFIC.

The Chair presented numerous petitions from school children of the Commonwealth praying for the passage of An Act making it unlawful for any one to sell or traffic in any manner in alcoholic liquors for beverage purposes.
Which were referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. W. H. WILSON, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed House Bill No. 108, entitled:

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to section one, Article eight of the Constitution of Pennsylvania.

Mr. HESS, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended House Bill No. 96, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the State Livestock Sanitary Board, for the payment of necessary expenses in the eradication of foot-and-mouth disease, and for the control of transmissible diseases in animals.

Mr. LIPSCHUTZ, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 104, entitled:

An Act regulating the manner and time of payment of employes of cities of the first class.

Mr. EHRHARDT, from the Committee on Municipal Corporations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 21, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the nineteenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirteen, entitled "An Act empowering incorporated towns of this Commonwealth, without petition of the property owners, to grade, pave, curb, macadamize, and otherwise improve public streets, or parts thereof, and assess a portion of the cost of the same on the owners of property abutting thereon, and providing for the collection of the same.

Mr. REYNOLDS, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed, House Bill No. 74, entitled:

An Act to quiet the title to real estate; and to enable citizens of the United States, and corporations authorized to hold real estate within this Commonwealth, to hold and convey tile to real estate which has been formerly held by or for corporations not authorized by law to hold the same.

Mr. BEYER, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as amended House Bill No. 10, entitled:

An Act regulating the manner of payment of county employes in counties having a population over one million.

Mr. SWARTZ, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed, House Bill No. 100, entitled:

An Act validating certain private sales of real estate heretofore made by guardians, administrators and executors by decree of Orphan's Court.

Mr. BROSIUS, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 133, entitled:

An act providing a system of management of the jail or county prison in counties having a population exceeding ninety thousand inhabitants but less than one hundred fifty thousand inhabitants, and imposing certain duties on the sheriff, controller, auditors and commissioners.

Mr. MILLIRON, from the Committee on Education, reported as committed, House Bill No. 103, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the eighteenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred eleven, entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, together with the provisions by which it shall be administered, and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof, providing revenue to establish and maintain the same, and the method of collecting such revenue; and repealing all laws, general, special or local, or any parts thereof, that are or may be inconsistent therewith."

Mr. LEE SMITH, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 132, entitled:

An Act regulating process, pleading and practice in all civil cases whether at law, in equity, in divorce or otherwise howsoever, hereafter brought in any court of common pleas in this Commonwealth and providing a complete system of procedure within the limits of the subject matter of this act.

Mr. JAMES O. CAMPBELL, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed, House Bill No. 95, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-fourth day of February, one thousand eight hundred thirty-four, entitled "An Act relating to executors and administrators," as amended.

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

Mr. W. H. WILSON, asked and obtained unanimous consent to have a bill read on first reading at this time.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 108, entitled:

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to section one, article eight of the Constitution of Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Mr. HESS asked and obtained unanimous consent to have a bill read on first reading at this time.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 96, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the State Livestock Sanitary Board, for the payment of necessary expenses in the eradication of foot-and-mouth disease, and for the control of transmissible diseases in animals.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 11, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Secretary of Internal Affairs to appoint an assistant chief and stenographer in the bureau of standards fixing their salary and increasing the salary of the chief of said bureau of standards.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE.

The SPEAKER. The Chair received a communication from the gentleman from York, Mr. Barnett, who asks for leave of absence on account of sickness. The Chair hears no objection and leave is granted.

REPORT OF WESTERN SAVINGS FUND SOCIETY OF PHILADELPHIA FOR THE YEAR 1913.

The Chair laid before the House the Report of the Auditors of the Western Savings Fund Society of Philadelphia for the year 1913.

(For report see Appendix.)

REPORT OF THE PHILADELPHIA SAVING FUND SOCIETY.

Also the report of the Auditors of the Philadelphia Saving Fund Society dated the first day of January, 1914.

(For report see Appendix.)

ADJOURNMENT.

Mr. EHRHARDT. Mr. Speaker, I move that the House do now adjourn.

The motion was agreed to and (at 8.25 P. M.) the House adjourned until to-morrow morning at 10 o'clock.

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA

Legislative Journal.

Session 1915 — 121st of the General Assembly

VOL. 3. HARRISBURG, PA., WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 3, 1915. No. 10.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

WEDNESDAY, February 3rd, 1915.

The House met at 10.00 A. M.

The SPEAKER (Charles A. Ambler) in the Chair.

PRAYER.

The Chaplain, Rev. F. W. Staley, offered the following prayer:

Almighty and most merciful God, we approach Thee this morning to thank Thee for the Providence that has been over us during the night and for permitting us to see the light of this morning. We thank Thee, O God, for Thy amazing condescension; that Thou didst leave Thy throne to come upon earth to talk to man and to reason with man, a fact that startled the Psalmist, when he said, "What is man, that Thou art mindful of him, or the Son of Man, that Thou didst visit him. Thou hast made him a little lower than the angels and crowned him with glory and honor." Help us, O God, to picture in our minds that Thou art talking to man, a fact that startled the Psalmist and one that startles us, because Thou didst say unto man, "Come, now, let us reason together; let us talk over the great problems of life and character and destiny;" and if God so humiliated himself to talk with man, how much more should we reason with each other and say to one another: Come, now, let us reason together; because we are reasonable men; and we are servants of the State, and we are servants of God. Let us reason out these great problems and eliminate from our minds all bigotry and all prejudice and all partisanship; and what we do may we do for the best interest of the State and for the glory of God; and then when we have fulfilled our mission as servants, we pray Thee, O God, to administer unto us an abundant entrance into Thine everlasting Kingdom. We ask this for Christ's sake. Amen.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the Journal of yesterday's proceedings.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of yesterday's proceedings, when on motion of Mr. LANIUS, the further reading was dispensed with and the Journal was approved.

REPORT OF THE McKEAN COUNTY BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF MOTHER'S PENSIONS.

The SPEAKER offered the Report of the McKean County Board of Trustees of the Mother's Pensions, which was read by the Clerk.

(For Report see Appendix.)

REPORT OF THE SCHUYLKILL COUNTY BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF MOTHER'S PENSIONS.

Mr. PALMER offered the Report of the Schuylkill County Board of Trustees of the Mother's Pensions, which was read by the Clerk.

(For Report see Appendix.)

BILLS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED.

By Mr. CROMER. House Bill No. 207.

An Act making an appropriation to the Home for Aged and Infirm Colored Women of the City of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. GLENN. House Bill No. 208.

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution of this Commonwealth so as to prohibit the manufacture, sale, barter or exchange of vinous, spirituous, malt or brewed liquors or beverages.

Referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

By Mr. DAWSON. House Bill No. 209.

An Act making an appropriation to the Trustees of the State Hospital of the Northern Anthracite Coal Region of Pennsylvania, at Scranton, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. DAWSON. House Bill No. 210.

An Act relating to taxes and the levy and certification thereof by the several taxing agencies to the Board of Assessment and Revision of Taxes, in counties having a population of not less than one hundred and fifty thousand or more than eight hundred thousand.

Referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. DAWSON. House Bill No. 211.

An Act relating to taxes and the collection thereof, in counties having a population of not less than one hundred and fifty thousand or more than eight hundred thousand, providing for the election of a Receiver and Collector of Taxes to collect such taxes, prescribing his duties and power, and providing for his compensation; prescribing penalties for non-payment of taxes or rebates from prompt payment thereof.

Referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. SWAN. House Bill No. 212.

An Act making an appropriation to the Presbyterian Hospital, of Pittsburgh.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. WEST. House Bill No. 213.

An Act validating certain ordinances of cities and boroughs and the contracts or payments made in pursuance thereof.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

By Mr. ROTHENBERGER. House Bill No. 214.

An Act requiring electric railway companies operating suburban railways to equip their cars with water closets.

Referred to the Committee on Electric Railways.

By Mr. COLDSMITH. House Bill No. 215.

An Act making an appropriation to the Mount Pleasant Memorial Hospital, Mount Pleasant, Westmoreland County, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. ALEXANDER. House Bill No. 216.

An Act making an appropriation to the Corry Hospital of the City of Corry, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. TRACH. House Bill No. 217.

An Act making an appropriation to the Home for Aged and Infirm Women, at Easton, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. DAWSON. House Bill No. 218.

An Act establishing in counties of a population of from one hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants to eight hundred thousand inhabitants, a Board for the assessment and revision of taxes; prescribing their powers, duties, and salaries; and abolishing the office of city, borough, township, and ward assessors.

Referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. W. W. JONES. House Bill No. 219.

An Act granting to boroughs and towns the right of eminent domain for certain purposes and regulating the procedure thereunder.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Local.

By Mr. LUXEMBURGER. House Bill No. 220.

An Act to protect life and property in cities of the first, second and third class by requiring municipal inspection of steam and hot water installations, and providing for the examination, licensure and registration of persons, firms, or corporations engaged or engaging in the business, or work of steam and hot water fitting. And prescribing certain rules, regulations and requirements for the same, and imposing fines, penalties and forfeitures for violation thereof.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

By Mr. HEYBURN. House Bill No. 221.

An Act to repeal an act approved the twenty-third day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirteen, entitled "An Act to create Suburban Metropolitan Districts of the areas within twenty-five miles of the limits of cities of the first class; to provide for the creation of a Department of Suburban Metropolitan Planning and the appointment of Suburban Metropolitan Planning Commissions for such districts; to prescribe their powers and duties; and to provide for assessment upon the cities, boroughs and townships within the limits thereof."

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. HEYBURN. House Bill No. 222.

An Act to prevent unfair discrimination in the cost of certain kinds of insurance and authorizing insurance companies to make and issue rates and employ therefor such experts in such localities as they may need.

Referred to the Committee on Insurance.

By Mr. HEYBURN. House Bill No. 223.

An Act to amend the second paragraph of Section thirteen of an act approved the first day of June, one thousand nine hundred eleven, entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation of fire and marine insurance companies; and for the regulation of home and foreign fire and marine insurance companies."

Referred to the Committee on Insurance.

By Mr. BALDWIN (By request). House Bill No. 224.

An Act providing for the regulation of charges of fire insurance companies for the prevention of discriminatory charges and providing penalties for the violation of its several provisions.

Referred to the Committee on Insurance.

By Mr. BALDWIN. House Bill No. 225.

An Act defining fraternal benefit societies and their status authorizing such societies to create subordinate lodges and to pay benefits upon the sickness disability or death of their members from funds collected and regulating such benefits Providing for the organization of such societies and for their licensing supervision regulation and examination by the Insurance Commissioner and for the admission of foreign societies designating tables of mortality to be used and establishing a standard of solvency Requiring all societies to make annual reports and all foreign societies to appoint the Insurance Commissioner as attorney for service of process Providing penalties for any violations of the act Exempting certain societies from its provisions and requiring beneficial associations other than fraternal benefit societies to report to and be supervised by the Insurance Commissioner and repealing existing laws.

Referred to the Committee on Insurance.

Br. Mr. HEFFERNAN. House Bill No. 226.

An Act making an appropriation to the Union Home for Old Ladies, of West Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. ALBEE. House Bill No. 227.

An Act validating the incurring of debt or increase of indebtedness of townships of the second class, by its supervisors, for the purpose of macadamizing roads and highways, building, constructing, repairing, and maintaining permanent roads, culverts, and bridges, purchasing machinery, or lifting orders or payment of any contracts made therefor, to the amount in the aggregate not exceeding two per centum upon the assessed value of the taxable property therein, as fixed and determined by the last preceding assessed valuation thereof, and all coupon bonds or other securities issued therefor; and also assessments of annual tax for the payment of the principal and interest of such indebtedness, represented by such bonds or other securities, since the twentieth of April, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four.

Referred to the Committee on Public Roads.

By Mr. LAULER. House Bill No. 228.

An Act making an appropriation to the Historical Society of Western Pennsylvania, located at Pittsburgh, Pa.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. ARON. House Bill No. 229.

An Act making an appropriation to the Julia White Priscilla Home for Aged Colored People, of La Mott, Montgomery County, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. SHOWALTER. House Bill No. 230.

An Act to amend an act, approved the eighteenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred eleven, entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, together with the provisions by which it shall be administered, and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof; providing revenue to establish and maintain the same, and the method of collecting such revenue; and repealing all laws, general, special or local, or any parts thereof, that are or may be consistent therewith."

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Mr. CORBIN. House Bill No. 231.

An Act making an appropriation to the Lewistown Hospital, of Lewistown, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. DUNN. House Bill No. 232.

An Act to amend section one thousand seven hundred and fifteen of Article seventeen of An Act approved the eighteenth day of May, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven, entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, together with the provisions by which it shall be administered, and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof; providing revenue to establish and maintain the same, and the method of collecting such revenue; and repealing all laws, general, special or local, or any parts thereof, that are or may be inconsistent therewith" relating to the power to confer academic degrees, honorary or otherwise, and extending the same to all schools of similar grades in school districts of the first class.

Referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. HEYBURN. House Bill No. 233.

An Act making an appropriation to provide a memorial for the one hundred and ninety-eighth Regiment of Pennsylvania Volunteers, for the expenses of the Commission and transportation of the survivors from Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, to Petersburg, Virginia.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. EHRHARDT. House Bill No. 234.

An Act authorizing the State Treasurer to refund to Charles R. Diefenderfer the amount paid by him for his commission as Notary Public.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. WALTER. House Bill No. 235.

An Act making an appropriation to the Children's Aid Society, of Franklin County.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. WALTER. House Bill No. 236.

An Act making an appropriation to the Chambersburg Hospital, of Chambersburg, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. RININGER. House Bill No. 237.

An Act making an appropriation to the Mercy Hospital of Altoona, Blair County, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. STEEDLE. House Bill No. 238.

An Act amending and supplementing Sections 1 and 2, of an act entitled "An Act for the promotion of medical science by the distribution and use of unclaimed human bodies for scientific purposes through a board created for that purpose, and to prevent unauthorized uses and traffic in human bodies," approved June thirteenth, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three, by providing that the name of said board of distribution shall be Anatomical Board of the State of Pennsylvania; by extending its provisions to all persons having charge or control over bodies required to be buried at the public expense; by requiring immediate notice of the death of any person required to be buried at the public expense; by requiring notice in all cases, but providing that there shall not be delivered to the Board created under the act, the bodies of deceased indigent persons where claimed by relatives within twenty-four hours after death, for interment at the expense of the claimant, or the bodies of honorably discharged soldiers, sailors, or marines who have served the United States in any war, or who were in active service in the militia of the State of Pennsylvania, under and in pursuance of any of the proclamations issued by the Governor during the Civil War, and not duly mustered into the service of the United States; by repealing the provisions as to deceased indigent travelers; by providing for the burial at the expense of the County, of indigent persons unfit for anatomical purposes, upon the certificate of the Board or its duly authorized officer, or agent, that such bodies are unfit for anatomical purposes or are the bodies of soldiers, sailors or marines, required to be buried at the public expense, and that the provisions of this act have been complied with; by providing that no warrants for payment of expenses of burial shall be drawn or paid except upon such certificate; by providing for the burial of bodies rendered unfit for anatomical purposes by the failure to comply with the provisions of this act, at the expense of the person failing to comply with its provisions. Repealing an act approved the twentieth day of April, one thousand nine hundred and eleven, and an act approved the twenty-third day of May, one thousand nine hundred and thirteen.

Referred to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the Second Reading and consideration of House Bill No. 11, as follows:

An Act authorizing the Secretary of Internal Affairs to appoint an assistant chief and a stenographer in the bureau of standards fixing their salary and increasing the salary of the chief of said bureau of standards

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That The Secretary of Internal Affairs shall appoint an assistant chief of the Bureau of Standards who shall receive an annual salary of two thousand dollars ($2.000) payable monthly and one stenographer in the bureau who shall receive an annual salary of one thousand two hundred dollars ($1,200) payable monthly

Section 2 The annual salary of the chief of the Bureau of Standards shall be three thousand dollars ($3,000) payable monthly

Section 3 All acts or parts of acts general local or special inconsistent with any of the provisions of this act are repealed

And the said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the Second Reading and consideration of House Bill No. 108, as follows:

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to section one article eight of the Constitution of Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met That the following amendment to the Constitution of Pennsylvania be and the same is hereby proposed in accordance with the eighteenth article thereof

That section one of article eight which reads as follows

"Section 1 Every male citizen twenty-one years of age possessing the following qualifications shall be entitled to vote at all elections subject however to such laws requiring and regulating the registration of electors as the General Assembly may enact

"First He shall have been a citizen of the United States at least one month

"Second He shall have resided in the State one year (or having previously been a qualified elector or native-born citizen of the State he shall have removed therefrom and returned then six months) immediately preceding the election

"Third He shall have resided in the election district where he shall offer to vote at least two months immediately preceding the election

"Fourth If twenty-two years of age and upwards he shall have paid within two years a State or county tax which shall have been assessed at least two months and paid at least one month before the election" be amended so that the same shall read as follows

Section 1 Every citizen male or female of twenty-one years of age possessing the following qualifications shall be entitled to vote at all elections subject however to such laws requiring and regulating the registration of electors as the General Assembly may enact

First He or she shall have been a citizen of the United States at least one month

Second He or she shall have resided in the State one year (or having previously been a qualified elector or native-born citizen of the State he or she shall have removed therefrom and returned then six months) immediately preceding the election

Third He or she shall have resided in the election district where he or she shall offer to vote at least two months immediately preceding the election

Fourth If twenty-two years of age and upwards he or she shall have paid within two years a State or county tax which shall have been assessed at least two months and paid at least one month before the election

Fifth Wherever the words "he" "his" "him" and "himself" occur in any section of article eight of this Constitution the same shall be construed as if written respectively "he or she" "his or her" "him or her" and "himself or herself"

And the said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the Second Reading and consideration of House Bill No. 96, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the State Livestock Sanitary Board for the payment of necessary expenses in the eradication of foot-and-mouth disease and for the control of transmissible diseases in animals

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of five hundred thousand dollars ($500,000.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the State Livestock Sanitary Board for the payment of expenses hitherto incurred and to be incurred in the work of eradicating foot-and-mouth disease and for the control of transmissible diseases in animals

And the said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for third reading.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 43, as follows:

An Act authorizing Peter C. Kuhn of Scranton Lackawanna County to sue the Commonwealth

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That Peter C. Kuhn of Scranton Lackawanna county is authorized to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania for any sum or sums of money that may be legally or justly due him from the Commonwealth on account of injuries received while in the service of the Commonwealth

On the Question,

Will the House agree to tne bill on third reading?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. EHRHARDT. Mr. Speaker, I move that this bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. BALDWIN. I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 83, entitled:

An Act defining heroin, regulating the sale prescription and possession of heroin its salts derivatives and compounds and preparations and substances containing heroin or its salts derivatives or compounds and providing penalties

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 20, entitled:

An Act authorizing cities of the third class wherein the title to the water-works therein located is in the city to extend their pipes and improvements beyond the city limits and supply water to persons corporations and municipalities within the county and regulating the supply of water

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 41, entitled:

An Act prohibiting certain institutions receiving State aid and from restricting pay patients in the selection of physicians and surgeons not connected with the institution

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 104, entitled:

An Act regulating the manner and time of payment of employes of cities of the first class

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 21, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the nineteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act empowering incorporated towns of this Commonwealth without petition of the property owners to grade pave curb macadamize and otherwise improve public streets or parts thereof and assess a portion of the cost of the same on the owners of property abutting thereon and providing for the collection of the same

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 74, entitled:

An Act to quiet the title to real estate and to enable citizens of the United States and corporations authorized to hold real estate within this Commonwealth to hold and convey title to real estate which has been formerly held by or for corporations not authorized by law to hold the same

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 10, entitled:

An Act regulating the manner of payment of county employes in counties having a population over one million

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 100, entitled:

An Act validating certain private sales of real estate heretofore made by guardians administrators and executors by decree of Orphans' Courts

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 133, entitled:

An Act providing a system of management of the jail or county prison in counties having a population exceeding ninety thousand inhabitants but less than one hundred fifty thousand inhabitants and imposing certain duties on the sheriff controller auditors and commissioners

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 103, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hunded eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith"

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 132, entitled:

An Act regulating process pleading and practice in all civil cases whether at law in equity in divorce or otherwise howsoever hereafter brought in any court of common pleas in this Commonwealth and providing a complete system of procedure within the limits of the subject matter of this act

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 95, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-fourth day of February one thousand eight hundred thirty-four entitled "An Act relating to executors and administrators" as amended

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

COMMITTEE APPOINTMENT.

The SPEAKER. The Chair wishes to announce that he has added the name of the gentleman from Lehigh, Mr. Erdman, to the Committee on Judiciary General.

ADJOURNMENT.

Mr. WILLIAMS. Mr. Speaker, I move that this House do now adjourn.

The motion was agreed to and (at 10.30 A. M.) the House adjourned until Monday, February 8th, 1915, at 9.00 o'clock P. M.

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA

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VOL. 3. HARRISBURG, PA., MONDAY, FEBRUARY 8, 1915. No. 11.

SENATE.

MONDAY, February 8, 1915.

The Senate met at 9:30 o'clock P. M.

The PRESIDENT (Lieutenant-Governor Frank B. McClain) in the Chair.

PRAYER.

The Chaplain, Rev. Thomas W. Davis, offered the following prayer:

Almighty God, our Heavenly Father, we thank Thee for all the blessings of life. We thank Thee for the wonderful possibilities of our own lives and that we are adapted to the work that has been allotted to us. No higher office can be given to us than to labor for the very best interests of our fellow men. We pray that we may so address ourselves to that work that when we have accomplished those things for which we are aiming we may in after life have no regrets for the things that we have done. Guide us so that at all times we may live to Thy glory and to the best good of our fellows, we ask in our Saviour's name. Amen.

The PRESIDENT. A quorum of the Senate being present the Clerk will read the Journal of the preceding session.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of the preceding session, when, on motion of Mr. Herbst, the further reading was dispensed with, and the Journal was approved.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE.

The Chair asked and obtained leave of absence for the Senator from Franklin, Mr Hoke, for the week.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. CLARK, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported, as amended, Senate Bill No. 22, entitled:

An Act to provide for the appointment of a coroner's physician in counties having a population of more than 150,000 and less than 800,000 and defining his qualifications, duties and salary.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 117, entitled:

An Act regulating the occupation of horseshoeing and providing penalties for violation of this act.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 118, entitled:

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution of Pennsylvania, abolishing the office of Secretary of Internal Affairs.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 119, entitled:

An Act providing a system of admission to practice law before courts of record and prescribing qualifications for such admission.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 120, entitled:

An Act relating to the State Police Force.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 121, entitled:

An Act regulating the sale of chicory mixed with coffee and providing a penalty.

Which was committed to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 122, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the 1st day of June, 1911, entitled "An act to provide for the incorporation of life insurance companies, and for the regulation of home and foreign life insurance companies; and providing penalties for any violations thereof."

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

Mr. SALUS read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 123, entitled:

An Act relating to practice in the courts of common pleas in actions of assumpsit and trespass, prescribing the pleadings and procedure to be observed therein and giving the courts power to enforce its provisions.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. GERBERICH read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 124, entitled:

An Act relating to certain drugs, regulating the sale, barter, exchange, distribution, dealing in, giving away, dispensing, possessing or disposition thereof, giving certain powers to the State Pharmaceutical Examining Board incidental thereto, providing penalties and making an appropriation.

Which was committed to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 125, entitled:

An Act amending and supplementing sections one and two of an act, entitled "An Act for the promotion of medical science by the distribution and use of unclaimed human bodies for scientific purposes through a board created for that purpose, and to prevent unauthorized uses and traffic in human bodies," approved June 13th, 1883, by providing that the name of said board of distribution shall be Anatomical Board of the State of Pennsylvania; by extending its provisions to all persons having charge or control over bodies required to be buried at public expense; by requiring immediate notice of the death of any person required to be buried at the public expense; by requiring notice in all cases, but providing that there shall not be delivered to the board created under the act the bodies of deceased indigent persons where claimed by relatives within twenty-four hours after death for interment at the expense of the claimant, or the bodies of honorably discharged soldiers, sailors, or marines who have served the United States in any war or who were in active service in the militia of the State of Pennsylvania, under and in pursuance of any of the proclamations issued by the Governor during the Civil War, and not duly mustered into the service of the United States; by repealing the provisions as to deceased indigent travelers; by providing for the burial at the expense of the county, of indigent persons

unfit for anatomical purposes, upon the certificate of the Board or its duly authorized officer or agent, that such bodies are unfit for anatomical purposes or are the bodies of soldiers, sailors or marines required to be buried at the public expense, and that the provisions of this act have been complied with; by providing that no warrants for payment of expenses of burial shall be drawn or paid except upon such certificate; by providing for the burial of bodies rendered unfit for anatomical purposes by the failure to comply with the provisions of this act, at the expense of the person failing to comply with its provisions; repealing an act approved the 20th day of April, 1911, and an act approved the 23d day of May, 1913.

Which was committed to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

Mr. BUCKMAN read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 126, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Board of Commissioners of Navigation for the River Delaware and its navigable tributaries.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. KURTZ read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 127, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Indiana Hospital of Indiana County, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. CATLIN read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 128, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Mercy Hospital at Wilkes-Barre, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. PHIPPS read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 129, entitled:

An Act defining acid treated lubricating oil; designating the name by which it shall be known; regulating the sale and labeling of the same so as to prevent fraud and deception in its sale; providing penalty for violations of this act and the methods of procedure for its enforcement.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 130, entitled:

An Act amending section two thousand and thirty-five of an act, entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, together with the provisions by which it shall be administered, and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof; providing revenue to establish and maintain the same, and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws, general, special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith," approved the 18th day of May, 1911, and relating to the management of State Normal Schools purchased by the Commonwealth.

Which was committed to the Committee on Education.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 131, entitled:

An Act to provide for the health, safety and welfare of minors by regulating and restricting their hours and days of labor in certain establishments, places and occupations, by forbidding their employment in extra hazardous or injurious occupations and providing that the Industrial Board shall determine what occupation shall be classified as such, imposing upon appropriate officers the duty of enforcing the several provisions of this act, providing penalties for the violation thereof, defining the procedure and prosecutions thereunder and repealing acts and parts of acts inconsistent therewith.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. SCHANTZ read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 132, entitled:

An Act to repeal an act approved the 25th day of July, 1913, entitled, "An Act to provide for the registration and enrollment of the voters of the State according to their respective party preferences, fixing the compensation of assessors and registry assessors for making said registration and enrollment; and prescribing penalties for false registration or enrollment, and for voters voting or attempting to vote, and for election officers wilfully permitting or conspiring to permit them to vote at a primary, by or on any other than their own party ticket," in so far as it relates to cities of the third class and to counties having a population of less than two hundred thousand inhabitants.

Which was committed to the Committee on Elections.

Mr. MARTIN read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 133, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Lewistown Hospital of Lewistown, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. P. W. SNYDER read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 134, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Mercy Hospital of Altoona, Blair County, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 135, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the 1st day of May, 1905, entitled "An Act to provide for the immediate registration of all births and deaths throughout the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania by means of certificates of births and deaths and burial or removal permits requiring prompt returns to the Central Bureau of Vital Statistics at the Capital of the State as required to be established by the State Board of Health and to insure the thorough organization and efficiency of the registration of vital statistics throughout the State as provided in section seven of 'An Act to establish a State Board of Health for the better protection of life and health and to prevent the spread of contagious and infectious diseases in this Commonwealth,' approved June 3d, 1885; and making an appropriation for establishing and maintaining such a bureau and providing certain penalties," and making an appropriation therefor.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 136, entitled:

An Act providing for a State Association of County Controllers and Deputy County Controllers and for the meetings thereof, and providing for the payment by the counties of the expense thereof.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. W. W. SMITH read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 137, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation toward the improvement of county roads in the suburban section of the City of Philadelphia.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 138, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the German Baptist Home for the Aged, of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 139, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Old Ladies' Home, of Wissinoming, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 140, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Frankford Hospital located in Frankford, Philadelphia.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. DAIX read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 141, entitled:

An Act to regulate the practice of Optometry in Pennsylvania, defining optometry and relating to the right to practice optometry in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, and making certain exceptions; and providing a Bureau of Optometrical Education, Examination and Licensure as a Bureau of the Department of Public Instruction, and means and methods whereby the right to practice optometry may be obtained, and providing for the means to carry out the provisions of this act, and providing for revocation or suspension of licenses given by said Bureau; and providing penalties for violations thereof and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent therewith.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. BEIDLEMAN read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 142, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Harrisburg Hospital of Harrisburg, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. PATTON read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 143, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Rush Hospital for Consumption and Allied Diseases of Philadelphia.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. CROFT read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 144, entitled:

An Act relating to the shooting or shooting at live fowl or using live fowl as targets and imposing penalties.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 145, entitled:

An Act to enlarge the powers of constables in the service of summons issued by aldermen and justices of the peace.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 146, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to Charity Hospital of Montgomery County, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 147, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Trustees of the State Hospital for the Insane for the Southeastern District of Pennsylvania located at Norristown.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 148, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to Philadelphia Jewish Sanatorium for Consumptives located at Eagleville, Montgomery County.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 149, entitled:

An Act regulating the display or exhibit for sale of food and imposing penalties.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 150, entitled:

An Act relating to motor vehicles and providing a penalty.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

Mr. WASBERS read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 151, entitled:

An Act providing for the taking over, construction, repair and maintenance as state highways of certain toll-roads, turnpikes and pieces of roads whereon tolls are charged and forming part of the so-called "Lincoln Highway" in Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Public Roads and Highways.

Mr. SONES read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 152, entitled:

An Act providing for the establishment, erection, equipment and management of a Pennsylvania Home for Boys, and for the commitment thereto of delinquent boys between the ages of six and sixteen years; and making an appropriation.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. MAGEE read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 153, entitled:

An Act to establish and regulate the fees to be charged and collected by sheriffs in counties of this Commonwealth, having a population of not less than 300,000 nor more than 1,500,000 inhabitants, as computed by the last preceding United States census; the time and manner in which said fees shall be paid, the publication and posting of said fees; the delivery of an itemized receipt for official fees and costs received, and repealing all laws, general special or local, or any parts thereof, that are or may be inconsistent therewith.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

Mr. WARNER read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 154, entitled:

An Act establishing a certain public road as a State highway, and providing for its construction and maintenance at the expense of the Commonwealth.

Which was committed to the Committee on Public Roads and Highways.

Mr. THOMPSON read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 155, entitled:

An Act defining and regulating boxing and wrestling contests.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 156, entitled:

An Act to prevent deception in the sale of paint, putty, turpentine and linseed oil, or any substitute therefor, and providing penalties for the violation thereof.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 118, entitled:

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution of Pennsylvania, abolishing the office of Secretary of Internal Affairs.

BILL ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 2, entitled:

An Act to amend the first section of an act approved the twenty-eighth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and twenty entitled "An Act relative to mortgages" by requiring purchase money mortgages to be recorded within ten days in order to have priority of lien

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS.—42.

Beidleman,	Gerberich,	McConnell,	Smith, W. W.,
Buckman,	Gyger,	McKee, W. S.,	Snyder, P. W.,
Burke,	Hackett,	McNichol,	Sones,
Catlin,	Herbst,	Mills,	Sproul,
Clark,	Hilton,	Patton,	Stewart,
Croft,	Hindman,	Phipps,	Thompson,
Crow,	Jenkins,	Salus,	Tompkins,
Daix,	Kline,	Schantz,	Warner,
DeWitt,	Lynch,	Semmens,	Wasbers,
Endsley,	Magee, C. J.,	Sensenich,	
Farley,	Martin,	Smith, R. E.,	

NAYS.—1.

Moore.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILL OVER IN ORDER.

Mr. CLARK. Mr. President, I ask that Senate Bill No. 4, on third reading, entitled:

An Act relating to persons habitually addicted to the use of alcohol or drugs and providing for the care and treatment of such persons at the expense of the county and state if indigent

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILL ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 21, as follows:

An Act to validate mortgages and other instruments of writing which have been defectively acknowledged by husband and wife prior to the fourth day of January one thousand nine hundred and fifteen.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That no deed mortgage or other instrument of writing of and concerning any land tenements hereditaments or any estate right title or interest therein required by law to be acknowledged which purports to have been acknowledged by husband and wife before any judge justice of the peace alderman notary public commissioner of deeds or other person authorized by law within this State or within any other of the United States or without the United States to take acknowledgments of deeds et cetera shall be deemed held or adjudged invalid or defective or insufficient in law or avoided or prejudiced by reason of informality or omission in setting forth the particulars of the acknowledgment made before such person as aforesaid in the certificate thereof where the acknowledgment bears date prior to the fourth day of January in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and fifteen but all and every such deed mortgage or other instrument of writing where the acknowledgment thereof bears such prior date and purports to have been made by husband and wife as aforesaid or the record of such deed mortgages or other instrument of writing duly made in the proper office for recording of deeds in this Commonwealth shall be as good valid and effectual in law for transferring passing and conveying the estate right title and interest of such husband and wife of in and to the lands tenements and hereiditaments mentioned in the same as if all the requisites and particulars of such acknowledgment mentioned in the act entitled "An act for the better confirmation of the estates of persons holding or claiming under feme coverts and for establishing a mode by which husband and wife may hereafter convey their estates" passed the twenty-fourth day of February one thousand seven hundred and seventy were particularily set forth in the certificate thereof and the record of such deed mortgage or other instrument of writing made in the proper county as aforesaid or exemplifications of such record duly certified shall be legal evidence in all cases in which the original would be competent evidence. This act shall not apply to suits now pending and undetermined.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to.

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS.—40.

Beidleman,	Farley,	Lynch,	Smith, W. W.,
Buckman,	Gerberich,	Magee, C. J.,	Snyder, P. W.,
Burke,	Gyger,	McConnell,	Sones,
Catlin,	Hackett,	Mills,	Sproul,
Clark,	Herbst,	Moore,	Stewart,
Croft,	Hilton,	Patton,	Thompson,
Crow,	Hindman,	Phipps,	Tompkins,
Daix,	Homsher,	Schantz,	Vare,
DeWitt,	Jenkins,	Semmens,	Warner,
Endsley,	Kline,	Smith, R. E.,	Wasbers,

NAYS.—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 3, entitled:

An Act making it unlawful to obtain or attempt to obtain goods wares or merchandise or to obtain or attempt to obtain credit under a false or assumed name

The first and second sections of the bill were read as follows and agreed to:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That it is unlawful for any person to obtain or attempt to obtain goods wares merchandise or credit under any name other than his or her proper name

Section 2 A person's proper name under this act shall consist of the surname of his or her parents together with his or her given or baptismal name or such other name as shall have been legally fixed by decree of court

The third section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 3 A person shall be guilty of a misdemeanor who violates any of the provisions of this act and on conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars and undergo an imprisonment in the jail in the county not xeceeding three years either or both in the discretion of the court

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. CLARK. Mr. President, I move to amend section 3, line 5, by striking out the word "xeceeding" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "exceeding."

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The title of the bill was read as follows and agreed to:

An Act making it unlawful to obtain or attempt to obtain goods wares merchandise or credit under a false or assumed name.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 107 (House Bill No. 75), entitled:

A Supplement to an act entitled "An Act to provide for the ordinary expenses of the executive judicial and legislative departments of the Commonwealth interest on the public debt and the support of the public schools for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and thirteen and for the payment of bills incurred and remaining unpaid at the close of the fiscal year ending May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and thirteen" as approved the sixteenth day of July Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen pamphlet laws page seven hundred and fifty-five providing for deficiencies in certain appropriations made to the executive judicial and legislative departments by the act

to which this is a supplement and for minor appropriations to certain of the executive judicial and legislative departments not provided for by said act

The first, second and third sections of the bill were read as follows and agreed to:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the following sums or so much thereof as may be necessary for deficiencies in certain appropriations made to the executive judicial and legislative departments by the act to which this is a supplement and for minor appropriations to certain of the executive judicial and legislative departments not provided for by said act be and the same are hereby specifically appropriated to the several objects hereinafter named to be made in the manner prescribed by law Provided That all sums hereby appropriated shall be paid on the warrant of the Auditor-General drawn upon the State Treasurer unless otherwise prescribed by law And Provided Further That out of the amount hereby appropriated to the Senate and House of Representatives for salaries and mileage of officers and employes there shall also be paid any increase in salaries as well as salaries and mileage of any officers and employes for the session of one thousand nine hundred and fifteen as may be authorized during said session

Section 2 For the payment of the deficiencies in certain appropriations and for minor appropriations to the following named executive departments of the State Government the following sums or so much thereof as may be necessary to be paid in the manner prescribed by law

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT

For the payment of the traveling and incidental expenses of the Governor the miscellaneous expenses incurred in the management of the Executive Mansion and the maintenance of an automobile the aditional sum of five thousand dollars ($5,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary to be expended at the discretion of the Governor

For all contingent expenses including clerical and stenographic charges for the Executive Department the additional sum of two thousand five hundred dollars ($2,500).

Auditor-General's Department

For the payment of persons employed by the Auditor-General to discover prosecute and collect delinquent corporation taxes for the two years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and thirteen and for the payment of persons who have been so employed prior to that date the additional sum of fifteen thousand dollars ($15,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the payment of salaries of clerks and employes of the Auditor-General's Department per act of ninth day of April one thousand nine hundred and thirteen two years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and thirteen the additional sum of six thousand dollars ($6,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the payment of costs in suits against delinquent dealers for mercantile and other licenses incurred during the years one thousand nine hundred and thirteen and one thousand nine hundred and fourteen the additional sum of five thousand dollars ($5,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

Attorney-General's Department

For the payment of costs fees and expenses in the collection of amounts due the Commonwealth for the support and maintenance of the insane confined in the various asylums in the Commonwealth and chargeable to the Commonwealth and counties the additional sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the payment of stenographic and typewriter charges remaining unpaid in the office of the Attorney-General the sum of two thousand five hundred and forty dollars and sixty cents ($2,540.60) or so much thereof as may be necessary

State Fire Marshal's Department

For the payment of contingent traveling expenses of the State Fire Marshal his deputies and assistants for the payment of reporting fires and mileage incident thereto for the investigation of fires and the inspection property for the payment of services and expenses of attorney and detectives employed by the State Fire Marshal to assist in the detection and prosecution of the crime of arson for the payment of costs witness fees the taking of testimony and the services of processes and for carrying out the provisions of the act establishing the Department of the State Fire Marshal the additional sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

Department of Labor and Industry

To the Department of Labor and Industry for fees of special sanitary inspectors in the several districts and for the incidental contingent expenses for postage expressage telegraphing advertising and such special work and investigations as may be required or necessary during two years ending May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen the additional sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

Department of Health

For a deficiency arising in the appropriation made to the Department of Health for the construction equipping and maintaining sanatoria infirmaries and dispesaries for the free treatment of indigent persons affected with tuberculosis and for the maintenance of laboratories for sanitary supervision isolation and treatment of indigent persons affected with tuberculosis and for the preventive education of the public for the payment of salaries and all other necessary expenses which may be incurred in this tuberculosis work the sum of one hundred and thirty-five thousand five hundred and twenty-four dollars and forty-five cents ($135,524.45) or so much thereof as may be necessary

State Highway Department

For the payment of a deficiency in the Automobile License Division State Highway Department in the purchase of license plates payment of delivery charges on same salaries of additional clerical help and other necessary expenses due to the great increase over the previous two years in the number of licenses issued the sum of thirty-five thousand dollars ($35,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

Department of Public Grounds and Buildings

For the purchase of any article of furniture furnishings stationery supplies fuel or any other matters or things and for the payment of any repairs alterations or improvement the want of which may not have been anticipated at the time of issue of the annual schedule and which do not appear in the same and for which requisition is made on the superintendent two years the additional sum of twenty-five thousand dollars ($25,000) which appropriation shall be known as the boards general fund Provided That no expenditure from said fund shall be made by the superintendent without first receiving authority from the board so to do And Provided also That from this fund shall be paid any bills for designs or specifications ordered by the board And Provided also That in awarding contracts under this schedule proposals for such contracts shall be invited by the Superintendent of Public Grounds and Buildings in such manner and at such times as the Board of Commissioners of Public Grounds and Buildings in its discretion may direct

Department of Water Supply Commission

For the payment of salaries and traveling expenses of engineers and assistants for the examination of dams and encroachments by the Water Supply Commission of Pennsylvania from February first to June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000) under section five Water Supply Commission appropriation of one thousand nine hundred and thirteen

For the payment of salaries and traveling expenses of engineers and assistants engaged upon taking the inventory of the water resources Water Supply Commission of Pennsylvania from February first to June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen the sum of eight thousand dollars ($8,000) under the act of July twenty-fifth one thousand nine hundred and thirteen

Board of Game Commissioners

For the purpose of creating additional game preserves for the maintenance and protection of preserves created by authority of an Act of Assembly approved the eleventh day of May one thousand nine hundred and five and the Act of Assembly approved the fifteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred and seven and an amendment thereto approved the fifteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven for the purchase propagation and distribution throughout the State of game as may be considered advisable two years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and thirteen the additional sum of twenty-five thousand dollars ($25,000)

Department of Fisheries

For the payment of necessary and reasonable expenses of the Commissioner of Fisheries and other members of the Fishery Commission and office employes the additional sum of eight hundred dollars ($800.00)

Department of Internal Affairs

For the payment of the deficiency which has arisen in the Department of Internal Affairs for services rendered and expenses incurred in the collection of tax statistics and for the compilation of the same as required by the Act of Assembly approved May ninth one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and thirteen the sum of five thousand dollars ($5,000) to be paid to the persons entitled thereto for services so rendered upon the warrant of the Auditor-General upon specifically itemized vouchers certified by the Secretary of Internal Affairs

State Board of Censors

For deficiency in amount appropriated for salaries the sum of one thousand dollars ($1,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

Department of Public Printing and Binding

For the payment of plates cuts electrotypes dies and stamps the additional sum of two thousand dollars ($2,000)

JUDICIARY DEPARTMENT

Section 3 For the payment of the deficiencies in certain appropriations and for minor appropriations to the Judiciary Department of the State Government the following sums or so much thereof as may be necessary in the manner prescribed by law

Judiciary Department

For the payment of the salaries of the judges of the courts of common pleas in the counties of Lackawanna and Luzerne two years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and thirteen the additional sum of fourteen thousand five hundred and thirty-nine dollars and twenty-eight cents ($14,539.28) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the payment of the salaries carfare and expenses of judges for holding court outside of their own judicial districts in accordance with the provisions of the Act of Assembly approved April twenty-seventh Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen the additional sum of twelve thousand dollars ($12,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the payment of salaries of officers of the Superior Court the sum of sixteen hundred dollars ($1,600) or so much thereof as may be necessary

The fourth section of the bill was read as follows:

Legislative Department

Section 4 For the payment of the deficiencies in certain appropriations and for minor appropriations to the Senate and House of Representatives the following sums or so much thereof as may be necessary to be paid in the manner prescribed by law

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENTS

Senate

For the payment of additional incidental expenses and the salaries and mileage session of one thousand nine hundred and fifteen of such additional officers and employes of the Senate as may be authorized by resolution the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars ($25,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary to be expended by the Chief Clerk of the Senate who shall render to the Auditor-General accounts from time to time with specifically itemized vouchers to be settled in the same manner as other accounts Provided That all vouchers for salaries and mileage of officers and employes shall be certified by the President pro tempore and the Chief Clerk of the Senate

To the President pro tempore of the Senate for additional contingent expenses including clerical and stenographic charges session of one thousand nine hundred and fifteen the sum of two thousand dollars ($2,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

House of Representatives

For the payment of additional incidental expenses and the salaries and mileage session of one thousand nine hundred and fifteen of such additional officers and employes of the House of Representatives as may be authorized by resolution the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars ($25,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary to be expended by the Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives who shall render to the Auditor-General accounts from time to time with specifically itemized vouchers to be settled in the same manner as other accounts Provided That all vouchers for salary and mileage of officers and employes shall be certified by the Speaker of the House of Representatives and the Chief Clerk thereof

To the Chairman of the Committee on Fisheries for the purpose of visiting the various fish hatcheries of the State to enable the said Committee to more intelligently act upon legislation before said committee tending toward the improvement of said hatcheries the sum of five hundred ($500.00) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary

To the Speaker of the House of Representatives for additional contingent expenses including clerical and stenographic charges session of one thousand nine hundred and fifteen the sum of two thousand dollars ($2,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the payment of the salaries and mileage of the returning officers of the House of Representatives at the beginning of the session of one thousand nine hundred and fifteen the additional sum of one thousand two hundred and sixty-four dollars ($1,264.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I move to amend section 4, line 50, by striking out the word "two" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "six;" also in line 51, by striking out the figures "1264" and inserting in lieu thereof the figures "1664."

Mr. CLARK. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The fifth, sixth, seventh and eighth sections of the bill were read as follows and agreed to:

Inaugural Expenses

Section 5 For the payment of the expenses incurred by the Joint Inaugural Committee incident to the inauguration of Honorable Martin G. Brumbaugh as Governor of the Commonwealth on January nineteenth one thousand nine hundred and fifteen the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars ($25,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary to be paid upon warrant of the Auditor-General upon presentation of specifically itemized vouchers by the chairman of said committee

Uniform Primary Election Expenses

Section 6 For the payment of the expenses of holding uniform primary elections as prescribed by act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June one one thousand nine hundred and thirteen the additional sum of one hundred and fifty thousand dollars ($150,000.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary

Advertising of Constitutional Amendments

Section 7 For the payment of expenses incurred as shown by bills rendered for the publication in the various newspapers of this Commonwealth of the several amendments to the Constitution of this Commonwealth two years beginning June one one thousand nine hundred and thirteen the additional sum of one hundred thousand dollars ($100,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

Commission on Safe Construction of Buildings

Section 8 To the commission which was appointed for the purpose of investigating and reporting upon the proper and safe construction of buildings within this Commonwealth the additional sum of two thousand dollars ($2,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary for the payment of bills contracted and the completion of its work

The ninth section of the bill was read as follows:

Smull's Legislative Hand Book.

Section 9 For the payment of the compensation allowed by law to the compiler and assistant compiler of Smull's Legislative Hand Book for the year one thousand nine hundred and fifteen the sum of one thousand five hundred dollars each ($3,000)

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I move to amend section 9, line 5, by inserting after the word "each" the words "total three thousand dollars."

Mr. CLARK. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The title of the bill was read as follows and agreed to:

A Supplement to an act entitled "An Act to provide for the ordinary expenses of the executive judicial and legislative departments of the Commonwealth interest on the public debt and the support of the public schools for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and thirteen and for the payment of bills incurred and remaining unpaid at the close of the fiscal year ending May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and thirteen" as approved the sixteenth day of July Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen pamphlet laws page seven hundred and fifty-five providing for deficiencies in certain appropriations made to the executive judicial and legislative departments by the act to which this is a supplement and for minor appropriations to certain of the executive judicial and legislative departments not provided for by said act

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 27, entitled:

A further supplement to an act entitled "An act to establish a county court for the County of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof" approved

the fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven constituting the said court the Juvenile Court of said county and prescribing its organization jurisdiction and powers therein and otherwise

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 28, entitled:

An Act to further amend section 2 of an act entitled "An Act to establish a county court for the county of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties, regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof," approved the 5th day of May, 1911, as amended by an act entitled "An Act to amend section 2 of an act entitled 'An Act to establish a county court for the county of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties, regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof,' approved the 5th day of May, 1911, and changing the election of the judges therein mentioned from the general election to the municipal election as now provided by law in accordance with the requirements of the Constitution of Pennsylvania," approved the 6th day of June, 1911, by increasing the salaries of the judges of said court.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 29, entitled:

An Act amending section 8 of an act entitled "An Act to establish a county court for the County of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties, regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expense thereof," approved the 5th day of May, 1911, by changing the practice of the court with regard to trial by jury, and further amending section 9 of said act, as supplemented and amended by section 4 of an act approved April 2, 1913, and by section 1 of an act approved May 23, 1913, by providing that appeals from the judgment of the court in all civil actions shall be taken by leave of the court of common pleas and prescribing the practice and the powers of the court of common pleas in such cases.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 30, entitled:

An Act further amending section seven of an act entitled "An act to establish a county court for the County of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof" approved the fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven as amended by section one of an act approved the twenty-fifth day of June one thousand nine hundred and thirteen by changing the practice in desertion and non-support cases

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 36, entitled:

An Act authorizing the surrender and delivery of mortgages and writings obligatory secured thereby given to the Commonwealth and the satisfaction of the record thereof when full payment has been made

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 46, entitled:

An Act authorizing the district attorneys of certain counties to appoint a secretary prescribing the duties fixing the salary and providing for payment of the same

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 47, entitled:

An Act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act to fix the fees to be allowed the district attorney in the several counties of this Commonwealth having seven hundred and fifty thousand (750,000) inhabitants and less than one million two hundred thousand (1,200,000)" approved May sixth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 48, entitled:

An Act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act to amend section one of an act entitled 'An Act providing for the appointment of assistant district attorneys in the several counties of this Commonwealth having seven hundred and fifty thousand and less than one million two hundred thousand inhabitants prescribing the powers and duties and fixing the salaries of the said assistant district attorneys' approved the twenty-fifth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven so as to increase of the first assistant district attorney and to provide for the classification of the other assistant district attorneys for whose appointment provision is made by said act as second third and fourth assistants and assistants and to increase the salary of some and to decrease the salary of others of said assistant district attorneys" approved May sixth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine so as to increase the salary of some of the assistant district attorneys and to provide for the appointment of two more assistant district attorneys and fixing the salaries of the same

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 63, entitled:

An Act relating to moneys heretofore deposited in State Treasury prior to December thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and thirteen by the Highway Department as fees for registration of motor-vehicles and the licensing of operators and appropriation thereof

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 93, entitled:

An Act making it unlawful for any insurance company or association issuing health or accident policies to cancel the same except upon written application and consent of the insured and providing penalties for violations of its provisions

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 118, entitled:

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution of Pennsylvania, abolishing the office of Secretary of Internal Affairs

be read the first time.

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I second the motion.
The motion was agreed to.
Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 118, entitled:

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution of Pennsylvania, abolishing the office of Secretary of Internal Affairs.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

COMMUNICATIONS FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Private Secretary to the Governor being introduced, presented communications in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which were read as follows, viz:

JUSTICES OF THE PEACE.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, February 8, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons to be Justices of the Peace, to serve until the first Monday of January, 1916:

Samuel M. Painter, Borough of Elizabeth, County of Allegheny, vice William Barclay, deceased.

Granville H. Coates, Jr., Township of East Nottingham, County of Chester, (Vacancy by reason of failure to elect at appropriate time).

William M. Stuart, Borough of Glenolden, County of Delaware, vice A. F. K. Krout, deceased.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

NOTARIES PUBLIC.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, February 8, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons to be Notaries Public for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania for the term of four years, to compute from the date of their confirmation:

ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

J. F. Hinnebusch, Pittsburgh.
Otto Konstanzer, Pittsburgh.
G. S. Leet, Pittsburgh.
Chas. Thomas, Pittsburgh.

BUTLER COUNTY.

Alex Mitchell, Butler.

CAMBRIA COUNTY.

J. Fred Blankenhorn, Patton.
Elmor T. Meisel, Ebensburg.

CLEARFIELD COUNTY.

Peter A. Kuhn, Clearfield.

CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

John L. Shelley, Mechanicsburg.

FAYETTE COUNTY.

Charles L. Lewellyn, Uniontown.

LACKAWANNA COUNTY.

Mrs. M. E. Benjamin, Blakely.

LYCOMING COUNTY.

Miss Edith P. Harner, Williamsport.

MONROE COUNTY.

Miss Helen A. Singer, East Stroudsburg.
Marvin O. Smith, Stroudsburg.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY.

Frank S. Gentry, Jenkintown.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY.

William C. Alexander, Jr., Philadelphia.
Edwin Booth,, Philadelphia.
Thos. S. Brown, Philadelphia.
Vincent Domanski, Jr., Philadelphia.
Henry C. Esling, Philadelphia.
David S. Haffa, Philadelphia.
Barry Hayes Hepburn, Philadelphia.
Ruckman Lee, Philadelphia.
Jacob Roseman, Philadelphia.
Geo. T. Schieder, Philadelphia.
J. Frank Staley, Philadelphia.
Harry L. Stirling, Philadelphia.

POTTER COUNTY.

Arthur B. Mann, Coudersport.

SCHULYKILL COUNTY.

Louis Holstein, Pottsville.

WESTMORELAND COUNTY.

Nunzio A. Pacella, Greensburg.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, February 8, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons to be Notaries Public for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, for the term of four years, to compute from the dates set opposite their names, respectively:

ADAMS COUNTY.

Charles E. Pearson, York Springs, February 21, 1915.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

J. Boyd Duff, Pittsburgh, February 13, 1915.
John Fink, Pittsburgh, February 14, 1915.
T. J. Landis, Pittsburgh, February 14, 1915.
S. H. Lloyd, Pittsburgh, February 14, 1915.
Frank T. Lauinger, Pittsburgh, February 20, 1915.
T. C. Allison, Pittsburgh, February 21, 1915.
Ben Paul Brasley, Pittsburgh, February 21, 1915.
James P. Colvin, Pittsburgh, February 21, 1915.
Miss Ethel L. Cook, Pittsburgh, February 21, 1915.
Pierre DeBacker, Pittsburgh, February 21, 1915.
L. H. Dierken, Pittsburgh, February 21, 1915.
C. W. Freehling, Pittsburgh, February 21, 1915.
L. P. Hoffmann, Pittsburgh, February 21, 1915.
Harry C. Kaufman, Pittsburgh, February 21, 1915.
J. Arthur Klingensmith, Pittsburgh, February 21, 1915.
R. H. McElheny, Pittsburgh, February 21, 1915.
Jesse M. McGeary, Pittsburgh, February 21, 1915.
William C. Mitchell, Pittsburgh, February 21, 1915.
C. C. Morrison, Pittsburgh, February 21, 1915.
Orestes Pascale, Pittsburgh, February 21, 1915.
Walter Warren Rathbun, Pittsburgh, February 21, 1915.
J. P. Smith, Pittsburgh, February 21, 1915.
Ralph L. Smith, Pittsburgh, February 21, 1915.
John C. Thompson, Pittsburgh, February 21, 1915.
Ralph Williams, Pittsburgh, February 21, 1915.
C. H. Maurhoff, Brackenridge, February 21, 1915.
Jacob Weis, Homestead, February 21, 1915.
Henry Friedman, McKeesport, February 21, 1915.
Wm. Fromm, Mt. Oliver, February 21, 1915.
F. G. Craighead, Swissvale, February 21, 1915.
George Rankin, Jr., Wilkinsburg, February 21, 1915.
W. J. Moore, Pittsburgh, February 24, 1915.

ARMSTRONG COUNTY.

J. E. Gallagher, Apollo, February 21, 1915.
James A. White, Boggs Township, February 21, 1915.

BEAVER COUNTY.

Leman W. Dolby, Rochester, February 21, 1915.

BLAIR COUNTY.

James B. Hammond, Altoona, February 15, 1915.
Isaiah Scheeline, Altoona, February 27, 1915.

CAMBRIA COUNTY.

John S. Kenney, Johnstown, February 21, 1915.

CENTRE COUNTY.

H. T. Frank, Millheim, February 21, 1915.

CHESTER COUNTY.

Harry Raudenbush, Downingtown, February 21, 1915.
John E. Johnson, West Chester, February 21, 1915.

CLARION COUNTY.

Wm. Cartwright, Brady Township, February 21, 1915.

CLEARFIELD COUNTY.

Frank Urey, Clearfield, February 21, 1915.

CLINTON COUNTY.

Miss Agnes B. McCabe, Lock Haven, February 21, 1915.
Stephen Romeo, Lock Haven, February 21, 1915.
Irvin T. Hobby, Pine Creek Township, February 21, 1915.

COLUMBIA COUNTY.

Miss Helen J. Freas, Berwick, February 14, 1915.

DAUPHIN COUNTY.

A. Coleman Sheetz, Harrisburg, February 21, 1915.

DELAWARE COUNTY.

Charles N. Gorton, Darby, February 21, 1915.
Jesse K. Lewis, Chester, February 21, 1915.

ELK COUNTY.

W. W. Barbour, Ridgway, February 20, 1915.

ERIE COUNTY.

S. H. Drown, Erie, February 21, 1915.
Charles J. Strachan, Albien, February 21, 1915.
Edward F. Fletcher, Erie, February 21, 1915.
George M. Fletcher, Erie, February 21, 1915.
Fred Bliley, Erie, February 28, 1915.

FAYETTE COUNTY.

William P. Clark, Connellsville, February 21, 1915.
Albert D. Mayer, Point Marion, February 21, 1915.
Miss Katherine Phillippi, Uniontown, February 21, 1915.
William T. McClellan, Uniontown, February 28, 1915.

GREENE COUNTY.

Charles S. Carter, Waynesburg, February 21, 1915.
Mrs. Georgia M. Luse, Waynesburg, February 21, 1915..
Forney S. Miller, Dunkard Township, February 21, 1915.

LACKAWANNA COUNTY.

Miss Margaret Gallena, Scranton, February 21, 1915.
W. J. Torrey, Scranton, February 21, 1915.
James E. Watkins, Scranton, February 21, 1915.
Edward Pashkoski, Scranton, February 28, 1915.

LANCASTER COUNTY.

Geo. A. Kemper, Akron, February 21, 1915.
Wm. J. Coulter, Lancaster, February 21, 1915.
G. Graybill Diehm, Lititz, February 21, 1915.
Frank E. Schnerer, Lititz, February 21, 1915.

LAWRENCE COUNTY.

William McElwee, Jr., New Castle, February 21, 1915.

LEBANON COUNTY.

D. W. Hain, Lebanon, February 21, 1915.
Samuel T. Meyer, Lebanon, February 21, 1915.

LEHIGH COUNTY.

G. J. S. Kohler, Allentown, February 20, 1915.

LUZERNE COUNTY.

Valentine Shipkowski, Nanticoke, February 21, 1915.
Chas. G. Siegel, Wilkes-Barre, February 21, 1915.
Arthur Hillman, Wilkes-Barre, February 27, 1915.

LYCOMING COUNTY.

C. Owen Fry, Williamsport, February 21, 1915.

McKEAN COUNTY.

Manley C. Field, Port Allegany, February 15, 1915.
W. H. Bunce, Kane, February 21, 1915.

MERCER COUNTY.

James A. Stranahan, Jr., Mercer, February 15, 1915.
Charles C. Richardson, Hempfield Township, February 21, 1915.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY.

Merit M. Missimer, Pottstown, February 21, 1915.
Miss Harriet R. Vanderslice, Collegeville, February 21, 1915.

NORTHAMPTON COUNTY.

Edgar C. Nagle, Northampton, February 21, 1915.

NORTHUMBERLAND COUNTY.

William McDonough, Shamokin, February 21, 1915.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY.

Wm. J. P. Allen, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
James H. W. Althouse, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
Clarence E. Blackburn, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
Wm. M. Brinkworth, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
Henry E. Cain, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
Thomas M. Carr, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
Frank W. Cassidy, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
Miss Katherine M. Collins, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
H. B. Courter, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
William A. Craig, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
Mrs. Addie W. Dickerson, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
John T. Ehinger, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
Giovanni Falcidia, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
Miss Emily L. Franklin, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
Clarence A. Goslin, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
Arthur Hale, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
Miss Eleanor L. Jaquette, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
Mark Kupperman, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
Chas. Kurz, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
J. Edward Lally, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
Jas. H. Livezly, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
Geo. Irving Merrill, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
G. N. Nicholson, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
Samuel L. Ocheltree, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
Frank J. Reeves, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
Howard C. Reynolds, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
Miss Florence M. Ruff, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
Meyer Sack, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
Charles H. Schreiner, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
Charles W. Snyder, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
Paul Uetz, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
C. R. Wannemacher, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
Charles B. Watts, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
George Wilcox, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
Joshua R. Yeager, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
William S. Peace, Philadelphia, February 22, 1915.
Harry N. Carter, Philadelphia, February 23, 1915.

POTTER COUNTY.

Archibald F. Jones, Coudersport, February 21, 1915.
R. R. Lewis, Coudersport, February 21, 1915.
William J. Saxe, Galeton, February 21, 1915.

SCHUYLKILL COUNTY.

John W. Conrad, Pottsville, February 21, 1915.
H. H. Spayd, Minersville, February 21, 1915.

VENANGO COUNTY.

George R. Eichbaum, Emlenton, February 21, 1915.

WASHINGTON COUNTY.

Geo. B. Sprowls, Claysville, February 11, 1915.
Richard Hawthorne, California, February 14, 1915.

WESTMORELAND COUNTY.

Antonio Bertolina, Irwin, February 14, 1915.

YORK COUNTY.

Miss Grace M. Drayer, York, February 21, 1915.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

EXECUTIVE SESSION.

By unanimous consent,

A motion was made by Mr. VARE.

That Rule 38, which requires nominations made by the Governor, be referred to proper committees be dispensed with, and the Senate do now resolve itself into Executive Session, for the purpose of acting on the foregoing nominations.

Which was agreed to.

Whereupon,

A motion was made by Mr. VARE.

That the Senate do advise and consent to the nominations reported.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—48.

Beidleman,	Gyger,	McConnell,	Smith, R. E.,
Buckman,	Hackett,	McKee, W. S.,	Smith, W. W.,
Burke,	Herbst,	McNichol,	Snyder, C. A.,
Catlin,	Hilton,	Miller,	Snyder, P. W.,
Clark,	Hindman,	Mills,	Sones,
Croft,	Homsher,	Moore,	Sproul,
Crow,	Jenkins,	Patton,	Stewart,
Daix,	Kline,	Phipps,	Thompson,
DeWitt,	Kurtz,	Salus,	Tompkins,
Endsley,	Lynch,	Schantz,	Vare,
Farley,	Magee, C. J.,	Semmens,	Warner,
Gerberich,	Martin,	Sensenich,	Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Governor be informed accordingly.

HOUSE MESSAGE.

HOUSE BILLS FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk to the House of Representatives being introduced presented for concurrence Bills of the House of Representatives, as follows:

House Bill No. 96 (Senate Bill No. 157), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the State Livestock Sanitary Board for the payment of necessary expenses in the eradication of foot-and-mouth disease and for the control of transmissible diseases in animals

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 11 (Senate Bill No. 158), entitled:

An Act authorizing the Secretary of Internal Affairs to appoint an Assistant Chief and a Stenographer for the Bureau of Standards fixing their salaries and increasing the salary of the chief of said Bureau of Standards

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

House Bill No. 43 (Senate Bill No. 159), entitled:

An Act authorizing Peter C. Kuhn of Scranton Lackawanna County to sue the Commonwealth

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

BILL INTRODUCED.

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to read a bill in place at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. CATLIN read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 160, entitled:

An Act to amend section one of article eight, section two of article eight, section four of article eight, section six of article eight, rule one of article twelve, rule three of article twelve, rule seventeen of article twelve, rule twenty of article twelve, rule thirty-five of article twelve, rule thirty-six of article twelve, rule forty-five of article twelve, section four of article thirteen, section eight of article seventeen and article eighteen of an act entitled an act "To provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the anthracite coal mines of Pennsylvania, and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith," approved the 2d day of June, A. D. 1891.

Which was committed to the Committee on Mines and Mining.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from Committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. KLINE, from the Committee on Elections, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 79, entitled:

An Act prohibiting any member or employee of any bureau or department having charge of police and fire protection of any county, city, borough, town, township, school district or poor district in this Commonwealth from taking any active part in politics, political movements or elections, or from interfering with elections or from using his office to influence politics, political movements or elections and providing penalties for violation thereof.

RECESS.

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now take a recess for ten minutes.

Mr. CLARK. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

AFTER RECESS.

The PRESIDENT. The time of recess having elapsed, the Senate will be in order.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 153, entitled:

An Act to establish and regulate the fees to be charged and collected by sheriffs in counties of this Commonwealth, having a population of not less than 300,000 nor more than 1,500,000 inhabitants, as computed by the last preceding United States census; the time and manner in which said fees shall be paid; the publication and posting of said fees; the delivery of an itemized receipt for official fees and legal costs received, and repealing all laws, general, special or local, or any parts thereof, that are or may be inconsistent therewith.

Also, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 158 (House Bill No. 11), entitled:

An Act authorizing the Secretary of Internal Affairs to appoint an assistant chief and a stenographer in the Bureau of Standards; fixing their salary and increasing the salary of the chief of said Bureau of Standards

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 153, entitled:

An Act to establish and regulate the fees to be charged and collected by sheriffs in counties of this Commonwealth, having a population of not less than 300,000 nor more than 1,500,000 inhabitants, as computed by the last preceding United States census; the time and manner in which said fees shall be paid, the publication and posting of said fees; the delivery of an itemized receipt for official fees and legal costs received, and repealing all laws, general special or local, or any parts thereof, that are or may be inconsistent therewith.

and Senate Bill No. 158 (House Bill No. 11), entitled:

An Act authorizing the Secretary of Internal Affairs to appoint an assistant chief and a stenographer in the bureau of standards fixing their salary and increasing the salary of the chief of said bureau of standards

be read the first time.

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 153, entitled:

An Act to establish and regulate the fees to be charged and collected by sheriffs in counties of this Commonwealth, having a population of not less than 300,000 nor more than 1,500,000 inhabitants, as computed by the last preceding United States census; the time and manner in which said fees shall be paid, the publication and posting of said fees; the delivery of an itemized receipt for official fees and legal costs received, and repealing all laws, general special or local, or any parts thereof, that are or may be inconsistent therewith.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 158 (House Bill No. 11), entitled:

An Act authorizing the Secretary of Internal Affairs to appoint an assistant chief and a stenographer in the bureau of standards fixing their salary and increasing the salary of the chief of said bureau of standards

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. KURTZ. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from Committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. KURTZ, from the Committee on Public Roads and Highways, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 69, entitled:

An Act providing for the acquisition at the cost of the Commonwealth for the use of the respective counties of certain toll bridges over 2,000 feet in length for the abolition of tolls thereon and regulating the procedure in such cases, and providing for the payment of the damages assessed.

Mr. VARE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. VARE, from the Committee on Municipal Affairs, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 43, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the 27th day of June, 1913, entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation, regulation and government of cities of the third class; regulating nomination and election of municipal officers therein; and repealing, consolidating, and extending existing laws in relation thereto."

BILL INTRODUCED.

Mr. CROW. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to read a bill in place at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. CROW read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 161, entitled:

An Act relating to the acquisition and holding of property, real and personal by any literary, scientific, educational, religious charitable, benevolent or beneficial society, church, congregation, association or body whether incorporated or unincorporated or any trustee or trustees of any trust for charitable or benevolent objects or purposes and providing for the increase of the amount of such property which may thus be acquired and held, and the method of procedure for obtaining the right to such increase.

Which was committed to the Committee on Corporations.

BILL ON FIRST READING.

Mr. VARE. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 43, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the 27th day of June 1913 entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation regulation and government of cities of the third class; regulating nomination and election of municipal officers therein and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto.

be read the first time.

Mr. CROW. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 43, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the 27th day of June 1913 entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation regulation and government of cities of the third class; regulating nomination and election of municipal officers therein and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

CHANGE OF REFERENCE TO COMMITTEE.

The PRESIDENT. The Chair inadvertently referred Senate Bill No. 131, entitled:

An Act to provide for the health, safety and welfare of minors by regulating and restricting their hours and days of labor in certain establishments, places and occupations, by forbidding their employment in extra hazardous or injurious occupations and providing that the Industrial Board shall determine what occupation shall be classified as such, imposing upon appropriate officers the duty of enforcing the several provisions of this act, providing penalties for the violation thereof, defining the procedure and prosecutions thereunder and repealing acts and parts of acts inconsistent therewith.

to the Committee on Judiciary General. The Chair withdraws that reference and re-refers that bill to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

ADJOURNMENT.

Mr. CROW. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now adjourn until Tuesday morning, February 9, 1915, at 10 o'clock.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The Senate adjourned at 11:20 o'clock P. M. until Tuesday morning, February 9, 1915, at 10 o'clock.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

MONDAY, February 8th, 1915.

The House met at 9:00 o'clock P. M.

The SPEAKER (Charles A. Ambler) in the Chair.

PRAYER.

The Chaplain, Rev. F. W. Staley, offered the following prayer:

Almighty and most Merciful Father, we thank Thee for the loving kindness that has been over our loved ones and us during this season of adjournment, and that Thou hast permitted us to return to our posts of duty as servants of the State. We thank Thee for the manifold and marvelous provisions which Thou hast made to supply our needs, and we have so many of them. Our needs are like the grave, never satisfied. We thank Thee for the positions that we occupy in our homes as husbands, fathers and sons; in the community as loyal citizens, and in the House of Representatives as legislators to enact adequate and just laws for a great State—a State splendid in its benefactions and so favorable to moral and religious teachings; a State representing the highest and best kind of citizenship, a citizenship that should possess equal rights, privileges and blessings, for which loyal women are pleading, praying and working. And we pray Thee, O God, if it be Thy will to hear these pleadings, to answer these prayers, make successful these efforts. May it be the will of every voter in this great Commonwealth. We ask for the Redeemer's sake. Amen.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the Journal of the proceedings of February 3rd, 1915.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of the proceedings of February 3rd, 1915, when on motion of Mr. Adams, the further reading was dispensed with and the Journal was approved.

LEAVES OF ABSENCE.

Mr. GREENWOOD asked and obtained leave of absence for Mr. Hollingsworth on account of illness.

Mr. SNYDER asked and obtained leave of absence for Mr. Weaver.

RESOLUTIONS.

GRANTING USE OF THE HALL OF HOUSE.

Mr. REYNOLDS offered the following resolution, which was twice read and laid over for printing:

Whereas, Numerous requests have been made to the Pennsylvania State Board of Censors for the exhibition of motion pictures in the Hall of the House of Representatives during the present session.

Be it resolved, That the use of the Hall of the House of Representatives be granted to the Pennsylvania State Board of Censors for the purpose of giving an exhibition of motion pictures to the members of the House and Senate on Tuesday, March 2nd, 1915, at 7.30 o'clock P. M.

PETITIONING PRESIDENT AND CONGRESS TO PROHIBIT THE EXPORTATION OF FOOD SUPPLIES TO NATIONS AT WAR.

Mr. MAURER offered the following resolution which was twice read and laid over for printing:

RESOLUTION.

A Resolution petitioning the President and the United States Congress to prohibit the exporting of food supplies and the lending of money to any of the nations now at war.

Whereas, The prices of wheat, flour and bread, not to mention other necessities of life, are rapidly rising, owing to the huge and unchecked shipments of food products from our shores to the war stricken countries of Europe; and

Whereas, Even the United States, with the largest wheat crop of any nation in history, standing dominant as "the granary of the world," cannot much longer stand the strain of gigantic wheat exports to Europe without itself feeling impoverished; and

Whereas, To curb the war in Europe and to curb the monopolists in this country, also to keep this nation from being drawn into the conflict, we must starve the war by cutting off supplies; and

Whereas, In order to bring this about, we must stop the shipping of all food to the war zone, not a penny for loans, not an ounce of food should leave these shores to prolong this terrible shedding of blood; and

Whereas, This is the only honest and complete neutrality. In no other way can we be sure of keeping this nation out of that fearful whirlpool; and

Whereas, Bread and meat and money are as necessary as men and guns and bullets for the killing of men in war. Keeping food and cash here will save lives on both sides of the Atlantic; therefor, be it

Resolved, By the House of Representatives of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, That the President and the Congress of the United States be and are hereby respectfully and urgently petitioned by this body to prohibit the shipping to the war zone of food supplies and furthermore forbid the lending of money to any government that has plunged its subjects into war.

RELATIVE TO INVESTIGATIONS BY APPROPRIATION COMMITTEE.

Mr. ROTHENBERGER offered the following resolution which was twice read and laid over for printing:

Be it resolved by the House of Representatives that it is the sense of this body that it is entirely unnecessary for the Appropriation Committee of either branch of the General Assembly to visit the various institutions, public or private, which ask for appropriation from the State, And further, that the recommendations relative to appropriations made after careful investigation by the State Board of Public Charities should be followed and that another investigation would be a great waste of state funds that could well be used for other and better purposes.

BILLS RECOMMITTED.

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I move that House Bill No. 132, File Folio 59, on page two of tonight's calendar, Bills on Second Reading, entitled:

An Act regulating process pleading and practice in all civil cases whether at law in equity in divorce or otherwise howsoever hereafter brought in any court of common pleas

in this Commonwealth and providing a complete system of procedure within the limits of the subject matter of this act

be recommitted to the Committee on Judiciary General.

The motion was agreed to.

Mr. GEISER. Mr. Speaker, I move that House Bill No. 41, File Folio 19, page one of tonight's calendar, Bills on Second Reading, entitled:

An Act prohibiting certain institutions receiving State aid and from restricting pay patients in the selection of physicians and surgeons not connected with the institution

be recommitted to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation for the purpose of amendment.

The motion was agreed to.

Mr. SPANGLER. Mr. Speaker, I move that House Bill No. 133, File Folio 51, on page two of tonight's calendar, Bills on Second Reading, entitled:

An Act providing a system of management of the jail or county prison in counties having a population exceeding ninety thousand inhabitants but less than one hundred fifty thousand inhabitants and imposing certain duties on the sheriff controller auditors and commissioners

be recommitted to the Committee on Judiciary General.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON FINAL PASSAGE POSTPONED FOR THE PRESENT.

Agreeably to order,

The House resumed the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 43, entitled:

An Act authorizing Peter C. Kuhn of Scranton Lackawanna County to sue the Commonwealth

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. EHRHARDT. Mr. Speaker, in calling up this bill I desire to make a brief statement to the House as to why the bill has been presented for this action.

In 1913, in the month of July, the petitioner named in this bill, with a party of others, was on Peck's Pond, Pike County, fishing, at which time a fire occurred a short distance therefrom and a fire warden, under the authority of the Forestry Department, came to this fishing party and drafted, compulsorily pressed them into the service of the State to assist in extinguishing this fire. He exhibited his badge of authority from the Department and under the Act of 1909, P. L. 781, such wardens and deputies are given the power and authority to press any citizens into the service of the State for the extinguishing of fires. Having exhibited that authority and these gentlemen, having read the game and fish and forestry laws, were under the impression they were obliged to render this service, and they did so. The petitioner in this bill became surrounded by fire and from inhaling the smoke and heat became unconscious and fell on the ground. After four or five hours' search he was found and carried from the scene of the fire in an unconscious condition in which they found him, and he has been a physical wreck ever since. There is no provision in the Forestry Laws by which he can be recompensed in any manner and he now asks for an opportunity to present his case in court and prove his cause. The Department does not contend that he was not there. They admit he was present. I have affidavits proving that he was there and was so pressed into the service, and we ask the opportunity to prove the case in court.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—199.

Adams,	Berntheizel,	Corbin,	Ehrhardt,
Albee,	Beyer,	Cox,	Eppley,
Alcorn,	Blackburn,	Cromer,	Erdman,
Arnold,	Body,	Cummins,	Evans,
Aron,	Brosius,	Curry,	Fackler,
Arthur,	Brownlee,	Davis,	Finnerty,
Baker,	Brumbaugh,	Dawson,	Flynn,
Baldwin,	Bungard,	Dell,	Forster,
Bauerle,	Campbell, J. O.	Diefenderfer,	Fretz,
Beck,	Campbell, T.,	Dodds,	Fruit.
Becker,	Christman,	Drinkhouse,	Gallagher,
Benninger,	Coldsmith,	Dunn,	Gans,
Bergy,	Conner,	Eby,	Garner,
Geary,	Landis,	Peters,	Stein,
Geiser,	Lauer,	Phillips,	Stern,
Gibson,	Lauler,	Pickering,	Stone,
Gingery,	Leighner,	Powell,	Sullivan,
Glass,	Lindsey,	Ramsey,	Swan
Glenn,	Linschutz,	Reel,	Swartz,
Gompers,	Love,	Reynolds,	Taylor,
Goodnough,	Luppert,	Rhoads,	Thomas,
Goodwin,	Luxemburger,	Rich,	Trach,
Goodyear,	Lynch,	Richards,	Twibill,
Gormley,	Mangan,	Rininger,	Urich,
Graham,	Marvin,	Rinn,	Vickerman,
Gransback,	Mather,	Robertson,	Vogdes,
Greenwood,	Maurer,	Roney,	Wagner,
Habgood,	McArdle,	Rothenberger,	Walsh,
Hackett,	McCaig,	Rowell,	Walter,
Haggerty,	McClintock,	Rudisill,	Walton,
Hamilton,	McClure,	Sampsel,	Weimer,
Harper,	McConnell,	Sarig,	West,
Heffernan,	McCurdy,	Schaeffer,	Wettach,
Herman,	McDermott,	Scott,	Whitaker,
Hess,	McKay,	Shaaber,	Whitten,
Heyburn,	McNichol,	Shaffer,	Wildman,
Hibshman,	McVicar,	Shoop,	Willard,
Hoffman,	Mearkle,	Showalter,	Williams,
Hollern,	Meliott,	Sinclair,	Wilson, H. L.,
Hollingsworth,	Metzenbacher,	Smith, J. W.,	Wilson, W. H.,
Horton,	Milliron,	Smith, Jeff. W.	Wobensmith,
Howarth,	Murdoch,	Smith, L.,	Wood,
Hubler,	Murphy,	Snyder,	Woodward,
Jack,	Myers,	Sones,	Wylie,
Jones, E. E.,	Neville,	Spangler,	Wynne,
Jones, W. W.,	Nieder,	Spencer,	Young,
Kaiser,	Nissley,	Statler.	Ambler,
Klinger,	Oaks,	Staving,	Speaker.
Kuhn,	Ostrander,	Steedle,	
Kunkle,	Palmer,		
Lafferty,	Perry,		

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 11, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Secretary of Internal Affairs to appoint an Assistant Chief and a Stenographer for the Bureau of Standards fixing their salaries and increasing the salary of the Chief of said Bureau of Standards

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading.

Mr. FORSTER. Mr. Speaker, this bill speaks for itself and needs very little explanation from me. I just want to call your attention to the fact in passing, that while the bill is entitled "An act to appoint an assistant chief and a stenographer," as a matter of fact this bill does not create any new places, as in the workings of the department at the present time both the assistant chief and the stenographer are acting in these capacities, and their salaries are being taken care of out of a contingent fund. For that reason I say the bill does not create any new places.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—157

Adams,	Conner,	Gibson,	Kunkle,
Albee,	Corbin,	Gingery,	Lafferty,
Alcorn,	Cox,	Glenn,	Landis,
Arnold,	Cromer,	Gompers,	Lanius,
Aron,	Cummins,	Goodyear,	Lauer,
Arthur,	Curry,	Graham,	Lauler,
Bauerle,	Davis,	Gransback,	Lindsey,
Becker,	Dawson,	Greenwood,	Lipschutz,
Benn,	Dell,	Habgood,	Love,
Benninger,	Diefenderfer,	Hackett,	Luppert,
Bergy,	Drinkhouse,	Haggerty,	Luxemburger,
Berntheizel,	Dunn,	Hamilton,	Mangan,
Beyer,	Eby,	Harper,	Marvin,
Blackburn,	Ehrhardt,	Heffernan,	Mather,
Body,	Eppley,	Herman,	Maurer,
Bovee,	Evans,	Hess,	McArdle,
Brosius,	Finnerty,	Hoffman,	McCaig,
Brownlee,	Forster,	Howarth,	McClintock,
Bungard,	Fretz,	Hubler,	McClure,
Campbell, J. O.,	Garner,	Jack,	McDermott,
Campbell, T.,	Geary,	Jones, W. W.,	McNichol,
Christman,	Geiser,	Klinger,	McVicar,
Coldsmith,		Kuhn,	Mearkle,

Milliron,	Rininger,	Stein,	Whitaker,
Murdoch,	Rinn,	Stern,	Whitten,
Murphy,	Robertson,	Stone,	Wildman,
Myers,	Roney,	Sullivan,	Willard,
Neville,	Rowell,	Swan,	Williams,
Nieder,	Schaeffer,	Swartz,	Wilson, H. I.,
Nissley,	Shaaber,	Thomas,	Wilson, W. H.,
Oaks,	Shaffer,	Twibill,	Wobensmith,
Ostrander,	Shoop,	Vickerman,	Wood,
Palmer,	Sinclair,	Vogdes,	Woodward,
Perry,	Smith, Jeff. W.	Wagner,	Wylie,
Peters,	Smith, L.,	Walsh,	Wynne,
Phillips,	Sones,	Walter,	Young,
Pickering,	Spangler,	Walton,	Ambler,
Powell,	Spencer,	Watson,	Speaker.
Ramsey,	Statler,	Weimer,	
Reynolds,	Staving,	Weir,	
Rhoads,		West,	

NAYS—3

Baker, Rothenberger, Sarig.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 108, entitled:

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to section one Article eight of the Constitution of Pennsylvania

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

RECONSIDERATION OF VOTE

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I move that the vote by which House Bill No. 108 was ordered transcribed for third reading be reconsidered.

Mr. COX. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Mr. W. H. WILSON. I now move that the vote by which House Bill No. 108 passed second reading be reconsidered.

The motion was agreed to.

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I now offer the following amendments.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The Clerk then read the amendments as follows:

Amend line 1 by striking out the word and figure "Section 1."

Amend line 15 by striking out the word "State" and insert in lieu thereof the word "States."

Amend line 49 by striking out the word "eight" and insert in lieu thereof the figures VIII.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendments?

They were agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on second reading as amended?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill, as amended, lie over for printing.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 96, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the State Livestock Sanitary Board for the payment of necessary expenses in the eradication of foot-and-mouth disease and for the control of transmissible diseases in animals

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—192.

Adams,	Bauerle,	Blackburn,	Campbell, J. O.,
Albee,	Becker,	Body,	Campbell, T.,
Alcorn,	Benn,	Bovee,	Coldsmith,
Arnold,	Benninger,	Brosius,	Conner,
Aron,	Bergy,	Brownlee,	Corbin,
Arthur,	Berntheizel,	Brumbaugh,	Cox,
Baldwin,	Beyer,	Bungard,	Cummins,
Curry,	Hess,	Neville,	Staving,
Davis,	Heyburn,	Nieder,	Steedle,
Dawson,	Hibshman,	Nissley,	Stein,
Dell,	Hoffman,	Oaks,	Stern,
Diefenderfer,	Horton,	Ostrander,	Stone,
Dodds,	Howarth,	Palmer,	Sullivan,
Drinkhouse,	Hubler,	Perry,	Swan
Dunn,	Jack,	Peters,	Swartz,
Eby,	Jones, E. E.,	Phillips,	Taylor,
Ehrhardt,	Jones, W. W.,	Pickering,	Thomas,
Eppley,	Kaiser,	Powell,	Trach,
Evans,	Kuhn,	Ramsey,	Twibill,
Fackler,	Kunkle,	Reel,	Urich,
Finnerty,	Lafferty,	Reynolds,	Vickerman,
Flynn,	Landis,	Rhoads,	Vogdes,
Forster,	Lanius,	Rich,	Wagner,
Fretz,	Lauer,	Richards,	Walsh,
Fruit,	Lauler,	Rininger,	Walter,
Gallagher,	Leighner,	Rinn,	Walton,
Gans,	Lindsey,	Robertson,	Watson,
Garner,	Lipschutz,	Roney,	Weaver,
Geary,	Love,	Rothenberger,	Weimer,
Geiser,	Luppert,	Rowell,	Weir,
Gibson,	Luxemburger,	Rudisill,	West,
Gingery,	Lynch,	Sampsel,	Wettach,
Glass,	Mangan,	Sarig,	Whitaker,
Glenn,	Marvin,	Schaeffer,	Whitten,
Gompers,	Mather,	Scott,	Wildman,
Goodnough,	Maurer,	Shaaber,	Willard,
Goodwin,	McArdle,	Shaffer,	Williams,
Goodyear,	McCaig,	Shoop,	Wilson, H. I.,
Gormley,	McClintock,	Showalter,	Wilson, W. H.,
Graham,	McClure,	Sinclair,	Wobensmith,
Gransback,	McCurdy,	Smith, J. W.,	Wood,
Greenwood,	McNichol,	Smith, Jeff. W.	Woodward,
Habgood,	McVicar,	Smith, L.,	Wylie,
Hackett,	Mearkle,	Snyder,	Wynne,
Haggerty,	Mellott,	Sones,	Young,
Hamilton,	Metzenbacher,	Spangler,	Ambler,
Harper,	Milliron,	Spencer,	Speaker.
Heffernan,	Murphy,	Statler,	
Herman,	Myers,		

NAYS—0

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 83, entitled:

An Act defining heroin, regulating the sale prescription and possession of heroin its salts derivatives and compounds and preparations and substances containing heroin or its salts derivatives or compounds and providing penalties

The first and second sections were separately read and agreed to as follows:

DEFINITIONS

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the word "heroin" as used in this act shall be understood as the chemical substance known as the diacetic acid ester of morphia and shall include all salts derivatives or compounds of heroin and shall include all substances or preparations containing heroin or its salts derivatives or compounds

The word "person" shall include co-partnerships limited partnership associations and corporations

Masculine words shall include the feminine

PROHIBITION OF SALE

Section 2 Except as specifically permitted in section five and except upon the prescription of a duly registered and practicing (a) physician (b) dentist or (c) veterinary surgeon it shall be unlawful for any person to sell furnish or give away heroin

The third section was read as follows:

PRESCRIPTIONS

Section 3 A prescription calling for heroin shall be given only in the course of professional practice shall have written thereon the name and address of the person for whom it is intended

Such prescription shall be filled but once No copy thereof shall be taken or made It shall be retained and kept on file by the dispenser for at least five years from the date of filling and shall be subject to inspection at any time during such period by the State Pharmaceutical Examining Board or by any person it may authorize

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. STEIN. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Section 3, line 3. After the word "practice" insert "and."

On the question,
Will the House agree to the amendment?
It was agreed to.
On the question,
Will the House agree to the section as amended?
It was agreed to.

The fourth section was read as follows:

HABITUAL USERS OF DRUGS

Section 4 It shall be unlawful for a physician dentist or veterinary surgeon to prescribe sell or give away heroin to any person known to such physician dentist or veterinary surgeon to be an habitual user of narcotics unless the administration of heroin is absolutely necessary in the tratment of a patient

On the question,
Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. STEIN. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Section 4, line 6. Strike out "tratment" and insert "treatment."

On the question,
Will the House agree to the amendment?
It was agreed to.
On the question,
Will the House agree to the section as amended?
It was agreed to.

Sections five, six, seven and eight were separately read and agreed to as follows:

WHOLESALERS AND MANUFACTURERS

Section 5 A manufacturer of heroin or a person engaged in the wholesale drug trade and regularly selling heroin may sell heroin only to the following
1 A duly licensed (a) pharmacist (b) physician (c) dentist or (d) veterinary surgeon
2 A manufacturer of heroin
3 A person engaged in the wholesale drug trade and regularly selling heroin
4 A bona fide hospital or dispensary
5 A public institution
6 The owner of a pharmacy or drug store

SALE OF HEROIN BY WHOLESALE

Section 6 Any sale made in pursuance of section five shall be made only under the following conditions
1 Before a delivery of the heroin is made an entry shall be made in a book to be kept by such vendor for that purpose setting forth
a The date of the sale
b The name and address of the person to whom the sale is made
c The name of the person actually making the entry in a book
d The quantity of heroin sold
e The complete name of the heroin sold
f The form in which the heroin is sold
2 This book shall be preserved for at least five years after the date of the last entry therein and during that time shall be open for inspection by any member of the State Pharmaceutical Examining Board or by any of its duly authorized agents or employes

REPORTS OF SALES

Section 7 Every manufacturer of heroin and every person engaged in the wholesale drug trade shall make a report quarterly to the State Pharmaceutical Examining Board of all sales of heroin The report shall be on blanks furnished by the Board and shall be subject to regulations imposed by the Board

POSSESSION OF HEROIN

Section 8 It is unlawful for any person to have heroin in his possession This section does not apply to
(a) A manufacturer of heroin
(b) A person engaged in the wholesale drug trade
(c) A registered pharmacist actually engaged as a retail druggist
(d) A practicing physician
(e) A practicing dentist
(f) A practicing veterinary surgeon
(g) A person having heroin by reason of a prescription duly issued to him as permitted by this act
(h) A person in the employ of (a) or (b) or (c) above and having heroin in his possession only in the regular course of his employment
(i) Any person in the employ of the United States or of this Commonwealth or of any municipality county or township and having heroin in his possession only in the regular course of his employment
(j) Any common carrier engaged bona fide in transporting heroin
(k) The person regularly in charge of drugs in any dispensary or hospital
(l) A nurse under the supervision of a physician

The ninth section was read as follows:

PENALTY

Section 9 Any person who violates any of the provisions of this act except section eight shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and on conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay fine not exceeding five hundred dollars or to undergo an imprisonment in the proper penitentiary not exceeding two years or both in the discretion of the court
A person who violates any of the provisions of section eight shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and on conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding one hundred dollars or to undergo an imprisonment in the county jail for a period not exceeding six months or both in the discretion of the court

On the question,
Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. STEIN. I desire to offer the following amendment.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Section 9, line 4. After the word "pay" insert "a."

On the question,
Will the House agree to the amendment?
It was agreed to.
On the question,
Will the House agree to the section as amended?
It was agreed to.

Sections ten and eleven and the title were then separately read and agreed to as follows:

DISPOSITION OF FINES

Section 10 All fines collected for the enforcement of this act shall be paid to the Board or to its specially authorized agent and shall be by the Board paid into the State Treasury to constitute there a fund to be available only in enforcing the laws the enforcement of which is entrusted to the Board

ENFORCEMENT

Section 11 The provisions of this act shall be enforced by the State Pharmaceutical Examining Board which may in the enforcement also employ such agents chemists and assistants as it may deem necessary
An Act defining heroin regulating the sale prescription and possession of heroin its salts derivatives and compounds and preparations and substances containing heroin or its salts derivatives or compounds and providing penalties.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to, as amended,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 20, as follows:

An Act authorizing cities of the third class wherein the title to the water-works therein located is in the city to extend their pipes and improvements beyond the city limits and supply water to persons corporations and municipalities within the county and regulating the supply of water

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That all cities of the third class wherein the title to the water-works therein located is in the name of the city shall have the right and are hereby authorized and empowered to extend the water pipes and improvements of any such water-works beyond the bounds of the cities wherein they are located into the county and municipalities of the county in the vicinity of such cities and to furnish water to any and all corporations persons and municipalities in the counties in which said cities are located under and in pursuance of the laws rules and regulations now existing or to be hereafter enacted governing cities of the third class

Section 2 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith be and the same are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 104, as follows:

An Act regulating the manner and time of payment of employes of cities of the first class

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That employes of cities of the first class who receive an annual salary shall be paid semi-monthly on the first day and the fifteenth day of the month

Section 2 All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with or supplied by this act are repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 21, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the nineteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act empowering incorporated towns of this Commonwealth without petition of the property owners to grade pave curb macadamize and otherwise improve public streets or parts thereof and assess a portion of the cost of the same on the owners of property abutting thereon and providing for the collection of the same

The first section was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the first section of an act approved the nineteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act empowering incorporated towns of this Commonwealth without petition of the property owners to grade pave curb macadamize and otherwise improve public streets or parts thereof and assess a portion of the costs of the same on the owners of property abuting thereon and providing for the collection of the same" which reads as follows

"Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That all incorporated towns in this Commonwealth shall have power without petition of property owners to grade pave curb macadamize and otherwise improve public streets or parts thereof which are now or may hereafter be laid out and opened in any of said incorporated towns and collect in the manner hereinafter provided two-thirds of the cost and expenses of the same from the owners of real estate bounding or abutting thereon by an equal assessment on the feet front bounding or abutting as aforesaid said assessment to be estimated by the street commissioner or person in charge of said work or other competent authority designated by the council of said incorporated town Provided That the ordinance authorizing and directing such improvements shall be adopted and enacted by the affirmative vote of two thirds of all members comprising the council of said incorporated town and shall be presented to the burgess or chief executive of said incorporated town for his approval If the burgess or chief executive approve said ordinance he shall sign it but if he shall not approve he shall return it with his objections to the council at the next regular meeting thereof when said objections shall be entered at large upon the minutes and at the next succeeding regular meeting of council after the return of said ordinance the council shall proceed to a reconsideration thereof If after such consideration all of the members elected to the council shall vote to pass said ordinance it shall then become and be of as full force and effect as if the burgess or chief executive had signed it but in such case the vote of the members of the council shall be determined by yeas and nays and the names and votes of the members be entered in the minutes If such ordinance shall not be returned by the burgess or chief executive at the next regular meeting of council after the same shall have been presented to him it shall likewise become and be in as full force and effect as if he had signed it No such ordinance shall be finally adopted and enacted in less than thirty days from the date of its introduction and in the meantime copies of said ordinance shall be published in a newspaper in said incorporated town or circulating therein once a week for two weeks and by at least five handbills posted along the proposed improvement ten days before the final passage in council of such ordinance" is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 1 All incorporated towns shall have power without petition of property owners to grade pave curb macadamize and otherwise improve public highways or parts thereof which are now or may hereafter be laid out and opened in any of said incorporated towns and collect in the manner hereinafter provided two-thirds of the cost and expense of the same from the owners of real estate bounding or abutting on such highways by an equal assessment on the feet front bounding or abutting as aforesaid The word "highways" includes streets lanes avenues alleys courts squares and public places. The assessment shall be estimated by the street commissioner or person in charge of said work or other competent authority designated by the council of said incorporated town The ordinance authorizing and directing such improvement shall be adopted and enacted by the affirmative vote of two-thirds of all members comprising the council of the incorporated town and shall be presented to the burgess or chief executive of the incorporated town for his approval If the burgess or chief executive approve the ordinance he shall sign it If he shall not approve he shall return it with his objections to the council at the next regular meeting thereof when the objections shall be entered at large upon the minutes At the next succeeding regular meeting of council after the return of the ordinance the council shall proceed to a reconsideration thereof If after such consideration all of the members elected to the council shall vote to pass the ordinance it shall then be of as full force and effect as if the burgess or chief executive had signed it In such case the vote of the members of the council shall be determined by yeas and nays and the names and votes of the members shall be entered in the minutes If such ordinance shall not be returned by the burgess or chief executive at the next regular meeting of council after it has been presented to him it shall likewise be of as full force and effect as if he had signed it No such ordinance shall be enacted in less than thirty days from the date of its introduction and in the meantime copies of said ordinance shall be published in a newspaper in said incorporated town or circulating therein once a week for two weeks and by at least five handbills posted along the proposed improvements ten days before the final passage in council of such ordinance

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. C. A. SHAFFER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The Clerk read the amendment as follows:

Section 1, line 41. After the word "members" insert "shall."

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The second section and the title were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 2 The second section of said act which reads as follows

"Section 2 All municipal assessments for grading paving curbing macadamizing or otherwise improving public streets or parts thereof as aforesaid shall be filed with the clerk or secretary of the incorporated town who shall thereupon cause thirty days written or printed notice to be given to each party assessed either by service on the owner or agent or left on the assessed premises that the assessments are due and payable If said assessments or any of them shall remain unpaid at the expiration of said notice the same shall be placed in the hands of the solicitor of said town for collection whose duty it shall be to collect the same together with five per centum additional as attorney's commission and interest from the completion of the grading paving curbing macadamizing or other improvement by a municipal claim filed against the delinquent owner describing the premises upon which a scire facias may issue When an owner has two or more lots against which there is an assessment for the same improvement all of said lots shall be embraced in one claim" is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 2 All municipal assessments for grading paving curbing macadamizing or otherwise improving public highways or parts thereof as aforesaid shall be filed with the clerk or secretary of the incorporated town who shall thereupon cause thirty days written or printed notice to be given each party assessed either by service on the owner or agent or left on the assessed premises that the assessments are due and payable If said assessments or any of them shall remain unpaid at the expiration of said notice the same shall be placed in the hands of the solicitor of said town for collection whose duty it shall be to collect the same together with five per centum additional as attorney's commission and interest from the completion of the grading paving curbing macadamizing or other improvements by a municipal claim filed against the delinquent owner describing the premises upon which a scire facias may issue When an owner has two or more lots against which there is an assessment for the same improvement all of said lots shall be embraced in one claim

An Act to amend an act approved the nineteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act empowering incorporated towns of this Commonwealth without petition of the property owners to grade pave curb macadamize and otherwise improve public streets or parts thereof and assess a portion of the cost of the same on the owners of property abutting thereon and providing for the collection of the same"

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to, as amended,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 74, as follows:

An Act to quiet the title to real estate and to enable citizens of the United States and corporations authorized to hold real estate within this Commonwealth to hold and convey title to real estate which has been formerly held by or for corporations not authorized by law to hold the same

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That where any real estate in this Commonwealth heretofore held by or for any corporation or corporations not having the right to own and hold the same has been conveyed to any citizen of the United States or to any corporation authorized by the laws of this Commonwealth to hold the same such citizen or corporation grantee as aforesaid shall hold and may convey such title and estate indefeasibly as to any right of escheat in this Commonwealth by reason of such real estate having been sold by or for a corporation not authorized to hold the same by the laws of this Commonwealth

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 10, as follows:

An Act regulating the manner of payment of county employes in counties having a population over one million

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That Employes of counties having a population of over one million inhabitants who receive an annual salary shall be paid semi-monthly on the first day and the fifteenth day of the month

Section 2 All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with this act are repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 100, entitled:

An Act validating certain private sales of real estate heretofore made by guardians administrators and executors by decree of Orphans' Courts

The first section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That all private sales of real estate by guardians administrators and executors heretofore made under any decree of orphans' court are hereby validated if a bond was given by the guardian administrator or executor duly approved by the orphans' court ordering said sale This act shall not effect any legal proceedings now pending in any court of this Commonwealth

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. BROWNLEE. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment to this section.

The amendment was read as follows:

Amend section 1, line 4 by striking out the word "private."

On the question,

Will the Houes agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The Title of the bill was read as follows:

An Act validating certain private sales of real estate heretofore made by guardians administrators and executors by decree of orphans' court

On the question,

Will the House agree to the title?

Mr. BROWNLEE. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment to the title.

The amendment was read as follows:

Amend the title by striking out the word "private."

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the title as amended?

It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 103, as follows:

An Act to amend an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That sections five hundred and twenty-four and five hundred and twenty-five of an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith" which reads as follows

"Section 524 In all school districts of the first class the school taxes for the following fiscal year shall be levied annually by the board of school directors thereof on or after the second Monday of November and before the first Monday of December following

The total annual school tax levy made in any one year by any school district of the first class shall not be less than five nor more than six mills on the dollar of the total assessment of all property assessed and certified for taxation therein"

"Section 525 In all school districts of the first class in this Commonwealth the school taxes shall be levied and assessed upon the same property as that upon which the municipal taxes of the municipality comprising such school district of the first class are levied and assessed" are amended respectively to read as follows

Section 524 In all school districts of the first class the school taxes for the following fiscal years shall be levied annually by the board of school directors thereof on or after the second Monday of November and before the first Monday of December following

The total annual school tax levy made in any one year by any school district of the first class shall not be less than two and one-half mills nor more than six mills on the dollar of the total assessment of all property assessed and certified for taxation therein

Section 525 In all school districts of the first class the school taxes shall be levied and assessed upon the same property as that upon which the municipal taxes of the municipality comprising such school district of the first class are levied and assessed and shall be levied and assessed in the same proportion as the municipal taxes of the municipality are levied and assessed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 95, as follows:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-fourth day of February one thousand eight hundred thirty-four entitled "An Act relating to executors and administrators" as amended

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section ten of an act approved the twenty-fourth day of February one thousand eight hundred thirty-four entitled "An Act relating to executors and administrators" which as amended reads as follows

"Section 10 The appraisers of the estate of a decedent shall be respectively entitled to receive from the executors or administrators a sum not exceeding two dollars and fifty cents for their services in appraising the estate as aforesaid and if not completed in one day two dollars and fifty cents for every day diligently employed by them therein" is further amended to read as follows

Section 10 The appraisers of the estate of a decedent shall be respectively entitled to receive from the executors or administrators a sum not exceeding five dollars for their services in appraising the estate as aforesaid and if not completed in one day five dollars for every day diligently employed by them therein

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

APPOINTMENT OF MEMBERS OF SOLDIERS' ORPHANS COMMISSION.

The SPEAKER. The Chair has the appointing of three members on the Soldiers' Orphans School Commission.

The Chair appoints the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Cox, the gentleman from Berks, Mr. Shaaber, and the gentleman from Allegheny, Mr. Lauler.

ANNOUNCEMENT.

The Chair desires to state that to-morrow night Congressman Ainey will be here to speak on "Our relations with Japan and the Far East." We trust there will be a good big house to listen to him. Everybody is invited, both the members and the public.

ADJOURNMENT.

Mr. BROWNLEE. Mr. Speaker, I move that this House do now adjourn.

The motion was agreed to, and (at 10:20 P. M.) the House adjourned until to-morrow morning at 10 o'clock.

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA.

Legislative Journal.

Session 1915 — 121st of the General Assembly

VOL. 3. HARRISBURG, PA., TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 9, 1915. No. 12.

SENATE.

TUESDAY, February 9, 1915.

The Senate met at 10 o'clock A. M.

The PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE (Mr. Charles H. Kline) in the Chair.

PRAYER.

The Chaplain, Rev. Thomas W. Davis, offered the following prayer:

Our Heavenly Father, we thank Thee for this beautiful morning and for the preservation of our lives. We pray that the lives of these Senators and their families may at all times be precious in Thy sight. We thank Thee for the beautiful expression given to us of the power of a man's life in that great leader of men, the anniversary of whose birth we shall pass through in only a few days. Grant, dear Father, that he may continue to live in us and in the lives of those who shall follow. Be with us throughout all the remaining days of our own existence and guide us so that we may live to Thy glory and to the best good of our fellow men, we ask in our Saviour's name. Amen.

The PRESIDENT. A quorum of the Senate being present the Clerk will read the Journal of the preceding session.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of the preceding session, when, on motion of Mr. BUCKMAN, the further reading was dispensed with, and the Journal was approved.

PETITIONS.

FAVORING COUNTY LOCAL OPTION LAW.

Mr. HILTON presented the petition of the members of the Men's Bible Class of the First Baptist Church of Wellsboro, praying for the passage of a County Local Option Law.

Which was referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

Mr. WARNER presented the petition of Citizens of Lehighton, Pa., praying for the passage of a County Local Option Law.

Which was referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. MOORE, from the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 56, entitled:

An Act for the prevention of fraud and deception by prohibiting the use of added artificial coloring matter in such edible alimentary pastes as macaroni, spaghetti, vermicelli and noodles.

Mr. JENKINS, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 105, entitled:

An Act to avoid delay in the administration of justice, by fixing a time within which decisions in certain questions and matters shall be rendered by judges, and requiring certain certificates from judges before their salaries shall be paid.

Mr. BUCKMAN, from the Committee on Mines and Mining, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 160, entitled:

An Act to amend section one of article eight, section two of article eight, section four of article eight, section six of article eight, rule one of article twelve, rule three of article five, rule seventeen of article twelve, rule twenty of article twelve, rule thirty-five of article twelve, rule thirty-six of article twelve, rule forty-five of article twelve, section four of article thirteen, section eight of article seventeen, and article eighteen of an act, entitled "An Act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the anthracite coal mines of Pennsylvania and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith," approved the 2d day of June, A. D. 1891.

Mr. THOMPSON, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 156, entitled:

An Act to prevent deception in the sale of paint, putty, turpentine and linseed oil, or any substitutes therefor, and providing penalties for the violation thereof.

Also from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 155, entitled:

An Act defining and regulating boxing and wrestling contests.

Mr. DAIX, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 92, entitled:

An Act requiring certain petitions and papers to be verified before being considered by the court.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

Mr. CLARK read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 162, entitled:

An Act providing for the establishment, regulation and maintenance by the Board of Game Commissioners of the State Game Preserves on the Forestry Reservations and elsewhere and providing penalties for violation of this act.

Which was committed to the Committee on Game and Fisheries.

Mr. SCHANTZ read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 163, entitled:

An Act to amend section 1311 of an act approved the 18th day of May, 1911, entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof; providing revenue to establish and maintain the same, and the method of collecting such revenue; and repealing all laws, general, special or local or any parts thereof, that are or may be inconsistent therewith.

Which was committed to the Committee on Education.

Mr. BURKE read in his place and presented to the Chair, Senate Bill No. 164, entitled:

An Act to promote the health and efficiency of firemen in cities of the second class by providing for a two platoon system for firemen in the Department of Public Safety of such cities.

Which was committed to the Committee on Municipal Affairs.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 165, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Presbyterian Hospital of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. McCONNELL read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 166, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the State Hospital for Injured Persons of the Trevorton, Shamokin and Mt. Carmel Coal Fields, situate in the township of Coal near

Shamokin, Northumberland County, Pennsylvania, for deficiency in maintenance for the two fiscal years commencing June 1st, 1913.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. MILLS read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 167, entitled:

An Act to amend section three of an act, entitled "An Act to provide for the appointment of game commissioners for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, defining their duties and empowering them to appoint game protectors," approved the 25th day of June, A. D. 1895, as amended by the act of the 15th day of June, 1911, P. L. 960.

Which was committed to the Committee on Game and Fisheries.

Mr. McNICHOL read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 168, entitled:

An Act to amend Article XIV, Section 1, of an act approved the 1st day of June, 1885, entitled "An Act to provide for the better government of cities of the first class in this Commonwealth."

Which was committed to the Committee on Municipal Affairs.

Mr. GERBERICH read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 169, entitled:

An Act for the protection of the public health by providing that persons, firms or corporations who are operating or conducting hotels restaurants, dining cars, or other public eating places in this Commonwealth, shall not employ or keep in their employ as cooks, waiters, kitchen help, chamber maids, or other house servants, any person or persons who are suffering from trachoma, active tuberculosis of the lungs, open skin tuberculosis, syphilis, gonorrhea, open external cancer or barber's itch, or who are carriers of typhoid fever; and further providing that no dishes, receptacles or utensils used in eating or drinking shall be furnished to patrons or customers of any such public eating place unless the same had been thoroughly cleansed since used by another individual; and further providing that no towels shall be furnished in any wash room in connection with any such public eating place unless such towels be laundered or discarded after each individual use and further providing that no common drinking cups shall be furnished at any public drinking place operated in connection with any such public eating place, and providing penalties for violations of the provisions of this act.

Which was committed to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

Mr. THOMPSON read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 170, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the purpose of erecting a protection and retaining wall and filling the washout caused by floods of the Beaver and Ohio Rivers, and by the erection of dam No. 1 and the abutment thereto of the Beaver Division of the Pennsylvania Canal, at Bridgewater, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. PATTON read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 171, entitled:

An Act amending an act, entitled "An Act applicable to all counties of this Commonwealth, to provide monthly payment, as approved by the trustees, to indigent widowed or abandoned mothers, for partial support of their children in their own homes; the manner of appointment of the trustees; the administration of the trust; amount of appropriations, proportioning appropriations, co-ordinate appropriations; amounts to be paid, form of records, eligibility, penalties and reports as set forth," approved April 29, 1913, by limiting the provisions of said act to women whose husbands are dead or permanently insane and who have children under sixteen years of age; and providing for uniformity of administration by the appointment of a State Supervisor over the Boards of Trustees of different counties, and otherwise amending the provisions of said act.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. LYNCH read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 172, entitled:

An Act amending the act approved the 9th day of April, 1862, entitled "An Act to authorize the erection of a poor house by the Borough of Dunmore, Borough of Scranton, and Township of Providence, in the County of Luzerne," as amended by an act approved the 22d day of April, 1879, entitled "A Supplement to an act, entitled 'An Act to authorize the erection of a poor house by the Borough of Dunmore, Borough of Scranton, and Township of Providence, in the County of Luzerne,' approved April 9th, 1862," by defining the Scranton Poor District, providing for the election of the Poor Board therein, defining the powers and duties of such Board and abolishing the present office of poor directors.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 173, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Home for the Friendless Women and Children of the City of Scranton.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. TOMPKINS read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 174, entitled:

An Act fixing compensation to which collectors of delinquent county taxes are entitled.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. HINDMAN read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 175, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Elk County General Hospital of Ridgway, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations

Mr. CROW read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 176, entitled:

An Act to provide for the better protection and preservation of deer and elk and certain birds classed as game birds, within the Commonwealth; providing a method through which certain lands in the Commonwealth may be closed to hunting for a term of years, and prescribing penalties for violation of its several provisions.

Which was committed to the Committee on Game and Fisheries.

Mr. P. W. SNYDER read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 177, entitled:

An Act to regulate the sale, furnishing, giving away, prescription and possession of opium, morphine, heroin, codeine, their salts, derivatives or compounds and of any substance or preparation containing opium, morphine, heroin, codeine, or any salt, derivative or compound thereof; providing for the enforcement of this act, and prescribing penalties for violation of its provisions.

Which was committed to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. McCONNELL. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from Committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. McCONNELL, from the Committee on Game and Fisheries, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 162, entitled:

An Act providing for the establishment, regulation and maintenance by the Board of Game Commissioners of State Game Preserves on the Forestry Reservations and elsewhere, and providing penalties for violation of this act.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

Mr. CLARK read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 178, entitled:

An Act making the stenographer of the Department of Internal Affairs, the Stenographer and Vacant Land Clerk, fixing the salary of same, and fixing the salary of the stenographer of the Bureau of Railways in the Department of Internal Affairs.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

Mr. CATLIN (at the request of Mr. Kline) read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 179, entitled:

An Act empowering municipal corporations to construct and maintain street railway tracks and equipment for the operation of street cars, and to release said tracks and equipment upon payment of a reasonable rental to persons or corporations desiring to use the same for the operation of street cars.

Which was committed to the Committee on Municipal Affairs.

Also (at the request of Mr. Kline) read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 180, entitled:

An Act to amend the 1st, 2d and 3d sections of an act approved the 18th day of April, 1913, entitled "An Act authorizing any county and city, in any county in which the county seat is within the limits of such city to erect a joint county and municipal building, providing for the conditions under which such building may be erected, and for the ownership thereof; providing for the selection of a site for said building, and authorizing said county and city to make a sale or exchange of properties under certain conditions for the purpose of securing such site; authorizing the acquisition of additional property for such building by purchase or condemnation; and authorizing the county to issue bonds in payment of any indebtedness incurred for its share of the cost of such building and land," by conferring upon such county and city additional powers relating to the design, construction, use, administration, operation and maintenance of such joint county and municipal building and also if deemed advisable for an independent power plant in connection therewith.

Which was committed to the Committee on Municipal Affairs.

Also (at the request of Mr. Kline) read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 181, entitled:

An Act authorizing and empowering municipalities to construct and for this purpose to procure locations therefor by purchase or condemnation proceedings in fee simple as herein provided or to acquire by lease, purchase, condemnation or otherwise and to maintain and operate underground street passenger railways or subways whether the same be wholly within or partly within and partly without the limits of the municipality and also street passenger railways or elevated railways connecting therewith or exchanging passengers with said underground street railway and to lease the underground street railway and any surface or elevated street railway connecting therewith to corporations or individuals with the right in the municipalities to charge an additional sum for each passenger using the subway to meet the interest and sinking fund charges on the cost of the subway and conferring upon said municipalities all the rights and powers conferred upon corporations under the Act of June 7th, 1901, entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and government of passenger railways either elevated or underground or partly elevated or partly underground with surface rights Pamphlet Laws 523 and supplements and amendments thereto."

Which was committed to the Committee on Municipal Affairs.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. CROW. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from Committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. CROW, from the Committee on Corporations, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 161, entitled:

An Act relating to the acquisition and holding of property, real and personal, by any literary, scientific, educational, religious, charitable, benevolent or beneficial society, church, congregation, association or body whether incorporated or unincorporated, or any trustee or trustees of any trust for charitable or benevolent objects or purposes, and providing for the increase of the amount of such property which may thus be acquired and held, and a method of procedure for obtaining the right to such increase.

RESOLUTION AUTHORIZING THE PRESIDENT PRO TEM. AND CHIEF CLERK OF THE SENATE AND THE SPEAKER AND CHIEF CLERK OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, TO EMPLOY ADDITIONAL OFFICERS AND EMPLOYES.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER offered the following resolution, which was twice read, considered and agreed to:

Resolved (If the House of Representatives concur), That the President pro tem. and the Chief Clerk of the Senate be authorized to employ in the Senate, and the Speaker and Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives be athorized to employ in the House such additional officers and employes as they may deem expedient to expedite the business of the present session, and the compensation and mileage of such additional officers and employes shall be provided for in the Supplement to the General Appropriation Act of 1913.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

TIME OF NEXT MEETING.

Mr. CLARK offered the following resolution, which was twice read, considered and agreed to:

Resolved (If the House of Representatives concur), That when the Senate adjourns today it shall be to reconvene on Monday evening, February fifteenth, at nine-thirty o'clock, and when the House of Representatives adjourns this week it shall be to reconvene on Monday evening, February fifteenth, at nine o'clock.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

REPORT OF TRUSTEES OF MOTHERS' PENSION BOARD OF SCHUYLKILL COUNTY.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER. Mr. President, I present the report of the Trustees of the Mothers' Pension Board of Schuylkill County. (For report see Appendix).

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. CROW. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from Committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. CROW, from the Committee on Executive Nominations, reported with a favorable recommendation the following nominations, made by His Excellency the Governor, which were laid over for one day under the rules.

COMMISSIONER OF VALLEY FORGE.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, February 1, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, W. U. Hensel, of Lancaster, to be a Commissioner of Valley Forge, until April 20, 1919.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

MEMBERS OF THE COLLEGE AND UNIVERSITY COUNCIL.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, February 1, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons to be Members of the College and University Council, to serve for the term of four years from the date of confirmation:

Samuel Hamilton, Braddock, Pa.
William H. Crawford, Meadville, Pa.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH

MEMBERS OF THE STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, February 1, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons to be Members of the State Board of Education, to serve until the dates set opposite their names, respectively:

James M. Coughlin, Wilkes-Barre, July 1, 1915.
William C. Jacobs, Philadelphia, July 1, 1915.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

MEMBERS OF THE STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, January 5, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons to be Members of the State Board of Education, to serve until the dates set opposite their names, respectively:

William Lauder, Riddlesburg, July 1, 1917.
John S. Rilling, Erie, July 1, 1918.
David B. Oliver, Pittsburgh, July 1, 1919.

JOHN K. TENER.

MEMBERS OF THE PENNSYLVANIA HISTORICAL COMMISSION.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, January 5, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons to be Members of the Pennsylvania Historical Commission, to serve until the dates set opposite their names, respectively:

W. U. Hensel, Lancaster, November 26, 1915.
Hampton L. Carson, Philadelphia, November 26, 1915.
W. H. Stevenson, November 26, 1917.
George P. Donehoo, Coudersport, November 26, 1917.
William C. Sproul, Chester, November 26, 1917.

JOHN K. TENER.

BILL OVER IN ORDER.

Mr. CLARK. Mr. President, I ask that Senate Bill No. 3, on third reading, entitled:

An Act making it unlawful to obtain or attempt to obtain goods wares merchandise or credit under a false or assumed name

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILL INTRODUCED.

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to read a bill in place at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. CATLIN read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 182, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Wyoming Valley Homeopathic Hospital, at Wilkes-Barre, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

BILL ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate resumed the third reading and consideration of Senate bill No. 4, entitled:

An Act relating to persons habitually addicted to the use of alcohol or drugs and providing for the care and treatment of such persons at the expense of the county and state if indigent

And said bill having been read at length the third time and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—45.

Beidleman,	Gyger,	McNichol,	Snyder, P. W.,
Buckman,	Hackett,	Mills,	Sones,
Burke,	Herbst,	Moore,	Sproul,
Catlin,	Hilton,	Patton,	Stewart,
Clark,	Hindman,	Phipps,	Thompson,
Croft,	Jenkins,	Schantz,	Tompkins,
Crow,	Kurtz,	Semmens,	Vare,
Daix,	Lynch,	Sensenich,	Warner,
DeWitt,	Magee,	Smith, R. E.,	Wasbers,
Endsley,	Martin,	Smith, W. W.,	Kline,
Farley,	McConnell,	Snyder, C. A.,	Pres. pro tem.
Gerberich,	McKee, W. S.,		

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILL OVER IN ORDER.

Mr. TOMPKINS. Mr. President, I ask that Senate Bill No. 22, on third reading, entitled:

An Act to provide for the appointment of a coroner's physician in counties having a population of more than one hundred and fifty thousand and less than eight hundred thousand and defining his qualifications, duties and salary

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILL ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 107 (House Bill No. 75), as follows:

A Supplement to an act entitled "An Act to provide for the ordinary expenses of the executive judicial and legislative departments of the Commonwealth interest on the public debt and the support of the public schools for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and thirteen and for the payment of bills incurred and remaining unpaid at the close of the fiscal year ending May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and thirteen" as approved the sixteenth day of July Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen pamphlet laws page seven hundred and fifty-five providing for deficiencies in certain appropriations made to the executive judicial and legislative departments by the act to which this is a supplement and for minor appropriations to certain of the executive judicial and legislative departments not provided for by said act

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the following sums or so much thereof as may be necessary for deficiencies in certain appropriations made to the executive judicial and legislative departments by the act to which this is a supplement and for minor appropriations to certain of the executive judicial and legislative departments not provided for by said act be and the same are hereby specifically appropriated to the several objects hereinafter named to be made in the manner prescribed by law Provided That all sums hereby appropriated shall be paid on the warrant of the Auditor-General drawn upon the State Treasurer unless otherwise prescribed by law And Provided Further That out of the amount hereby appropriated to the Senate and House of Representatives for salaries and mileage of officers and employes there shall also be paid any increase in salaries as well as salaries and mileage of any officers and employes for the session of one thousand nine hundred and fifteen as may be authorized during said session

Section 2 For the payment of the deficiencies in certain appropriations and for minor appropriations to the following named executive departments of the State Government the following sums or so much thereof as may be necessary to be paid in the manner prescribed by law

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT

For the payment of the traveling and incidental expenses of the Governor the miscellaneous expenses incurred in the management of the Executive Mansion and the maintenance of an automobile the aditional sum of five thousand dollars ($5,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary to be expended at the discretion of the Governor

For all contingent expenses including clerical and stenographic charges for the Executive Department the additional sum of two thousand five hundred dollars ($2,500).

Auditor-General's Department

For the payment of persons employed by the Auditor-General to discover prosecute and collect delinquent corporation taxes for the two years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and thirteen and for the payment of persons who have been so employed prior to that date the additional sum of fifteen thousand dollars ($15,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the payment of salaries of clerks and employes of the Auditor-General's Department per act of ninth day of April one thousand nine hundred and thirteen two years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and thirteen the additional sum of six thousand dollars ($6,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the payment of costs in suits against delinquent dealers for mercantile and other licenses incurred during the years one thousand nine hundred and thirteen and one thousand nine hundred and fourteen the additional sum of five thousand dollars ($5,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

Attorney-General's Department

For the payment of costs fees and expenses in the collection of amounts due the Commonwealth for the support and maintenance of the insane confined in the various asylums in the Commonwealth and chargeable to the Commonwealth and counties the additional sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the payment of stenographic and typewriter charges remaining unpaid in the office of the Attorney-General the sum of two thousand five hundred and forty dollars and sixty cents ($2,540.60) or so much thereof as may be necessary

State Fire Marshal's Department

For the payment of contingent traveling expenses of the State Fire Marshal his deputies and assistants for the payment of reporting fires and mileage incident thereto for the investigation of fires and the inspection property for the payment of services and expenses of attorney and detectives employed by the State Fire Marshal to assist in the detection and prosecution of the crime of arson for

the payment of costs witness fees the taking of testimony and the services of processes and for carrying out the provisions of the act establishing the Department of the State Fire Marshal the additional sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

Department of Labor and Industry

To the Department of Labor and Industry for fees of special sanitary inspectors in the several districts and for the incidental contingent expenses for postage expressage telegraphing advertising and such special work and investigations as may be required or necessary during two years ending May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen the additional sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

Department of Health

For a deficiency arising in the appropriation made to the Department of Health for the construction equipping and maintaining sanatoria infirmaries and dispesaries for the free treatment of indigent persons affected with tuberculosis and for the maintenance of laboratories for sanitary supervision isolation and treatment of indigent persons affected with tuberculosis and for the preventive education of the public for the payment of salaries and all other necessary expenses which may be incurred in this tuberculosis work the sum of one hundred and thirty-five thousand five hundred and twenty-four dollars and forty-five cents ($135,524.45) or so much thereof as may be necessary

State Highway Department

For the payment of a deficiency in the Automobile License Division State Highway Department in the purchase of license plates payment of delivery charges on same salaries of additional clerical help and other necessary expenses due to the great increase over the previous two years in the number of licenses issued the sum of thirty-five thousand dollars ($35,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

Department of Public Grounds and Buildings

For the purchase of any article of furniture furnishings stationery supplies fuel or any other matters or things and for the payment of any repairs alterations or improvement the want of which may not have been anticipated at the time of issue of the annual schedule and which do not appear in the same and for which requisition is made on the superintendent two years the additional sum of twenty-five thousand dollars ($25,000) which appropriation shall be known as the boards general fund Provided That no expenditure from said fund shall be made by the superintendent without first receiving authority from the board so to do And Provided also That from this fund shall be paid any bills for designs or specifications ordered by the board And Provided also That in awarding contracts under this schedule proposals for such contracts shall be invited by the Superintendent of Public Grounds and Buildings in such manner and at such times as the Board of Commissioners of Public Grounds and Buildings in its discretion may direct

Department of Water Supply Commission

For the payment of salaries and traveling expenses of engineers and assistants for the examination of dams and encroachments by the Water Supply Commission of Pennsylvania from February first to June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000) under section five Water Supply Commission appropriation of one thousand nine hundred and thirteen

For the payment of salaries and traveling expenses of engineers and assistants engaged upon taking the inventory of the water resources Water Supply Commission of Pennsylvania from February first to June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen the sum of eight thousand dollars ($8,000) under the act of July twenty-fifth one thousand nine hundred and thirteen

Board of Game Commissioners

For the purpose of creating additional game preserves for the maintenance and protection of preserves created by authority of an Act of Assembly approved the eleventh day of May one thousand nine hundred and five and the Act of Assembly approved the fifteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred and seven and an amendment thereto approved the fifteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven for the purchase propagation and distribution throughout the State of game as may be considered advisable two years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and thirteen the additional sum of twenty-five thousand dollars ($25,000)

Department of Fisheries

For the payment of necessary and reasonable expenses of the Commissioner of Fisheries and other members of the Fishery Commission and office employes the additional sum of eight hundred dollars ($800.00)

Department of Internal Affairs

For the payment of the deficiency which has arisen in the Department of Internal Affairs for services rendered and expenses incurred in the collection of tax statistics and for the compilation of the same as required by the Act of Assembly approved May ninth one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and thirteen the sum of five thousand dollars ($5,000) to be paid to the persons entitled thereto for services so rendered upon the warrant of the Auditor-General upon specifically itemized vouchers certified by the Secretary of Internal Affairs

State Board of Censors

For deficiency in amount appropriated for salaries the sum of one thousand dollars ($1,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

Department of Public Printing and Binding

For the payment of plates cuts electrotypes dies and stamps the additional sum of two thousand dollars ($2,000)

JUDICIARY DEPARTMENT

Section 3 For the payment of the deficiencies in certain appropriations and for minor appropriations to the Judiciary Department of the State Government the following sums or so much thereof as may be necessary in the manner prescribed by law

Judiciary Department

For the payment of the salaries of the judges of the courts of common pleas in the counties of Lackawanna and Luzerne two years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and thirteen the additional sum of fourteen thousand five hundred and thirty-nine dollars and twenty-eight cents ($14,539.28) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the payment of the salaries carfare and expenses of judges for holding court outside of their own judicial districts in accordance with the provisions of the Act of Assembly approved April twenty-seventh Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen the additional sum of twelve thousand dollars ($12,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the payment of salaries of officers of the Superior Court the sum of sixteen hundred dollars ($1,600) or so much thereof as may be necessary

Legislative Department

Section 4 For the payment of the deficiencies in certain appropriations and for minor appropriations to the Senate and House of Representatives the following sums or so much thereof as may be necessary to be paid in the manner prescribed by law

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENTS

Senate

For the payment of additional incidental expenses and the salaries and mileage session of one thousand nine hundred and fifteen of such additional officers and employes of the Senate as may be authorized by resolution the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars ($25,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary to be expended by the Chief Clerk of the Senate who shall render to the Auditor-General accounts from time to time with specifically itemized vouchers to be settled in the same manner as other accounts Provided That all vouchers for salaries and mileage of officers and employes shall be certified by the President pro tempore and the Chief Clerk of the Senate

To the President pro tempore of the Senate for additional contingent expenses including clerical and stenographic charges session of one thousand nine hundred and fifteen the sum of two thousand dollars ($2,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

House of Representatives

For the payment of additional incidental expenses and the salaries and mileage session of one thousand nine hundred and fifteen of such additional officers and employes of the House of Representatives as may be authorized by resolution the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars ($25,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary to be expended by the Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives who shall render to the Auditor-General accounts from time to time with specifically itemized vouchers to be settled in the same manner as other accounts Provided That all vouchers for salary and mileage of officers and employes shall be certified by the Speaker of the House of Representatives and the Chief Clerk thereof

To the Chairman of the Committee on Fisheries for the purpose of visiting the various fish hatcheries of the State to enable the said Committee to more intelligently act upon legislation before said committee tending toward the improvement of said hatcheries the sum of five hundred ($500.-00) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary

To the Speaker of the House of Representatives for additional contingent expenses including clerical and stenographic charges session of one thousand nine hundred and fifteen the sum of two thousand dollars ($2,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the payment of the salaries and mileage of the returning officers of the House of Representatives at the beginning of the session of one thousand nine hundred and fifteen the additional sum of one thousand six hundred and sixty-four dollars ($1,664.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary

Inaugural Expenses

Section 5 For the payment of the expenses incurred by the Joint Inaugural Committee incident to the inauguration of Honorable Martin G. Brumbaugh as Governor of the Commonwealth on January nineteenth one thousand nine hundred and fifteen the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars ($25,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary to be paid upon warrant of the Auditor-General upon presentation of specifically itemized vouchers by the chairman of said committee

Uniform Primary Election Expenses

Section 6 For the payment of the expenses of holding uniform primary elections as prescribed by act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June one one thousand nine hundred and thirteen the additional sum of one hundred and fifty thousand dollars ($150,000.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary

Advertising of Constitutional Amendments

Section 7 For the payment of expenses incurred as shown by bills rendered for the publication in the various newspapers of this Commonwealth of the several amendments to the Constitution of this Commonwealth two years beginning June one one thousand nine hundred and thirteen the additional sum of one hundred thousand dollars ($100,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

Commission on Safe Construction of Buildings

Section 8 To the commission which was appointed for the purpose of investigating and reporting upon the proper and safe construction of buildings within this Commonwealth the additional sum of two thousand dollars ($2,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary for the payment of bills contracted and the completion of its work

Smull's Legislative Hand Book.

Section 9 For the payment of the compensation allowed by law to the compiler and assistant compiler of Smull's Legislative Hand Book for the year one thousand nine hundred and fifteen the sum of one thousand five hundred dollars each ($3,000)

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS.—43.

Beidleman,	Gyger,	Mills,	Snyder, P. W.,
Buckman,	Hackett,	Moore,	Sones,
Burke,	Herbst,	Patton,	Sproul,
Catlin,	Hindman,	Phipps,	Stewart,
Clark,	Kurtz,	Salus,	Thompson,
Crow,	Lynch,	Schantz,	Tompkins,
Daix,	Magee, C. J.,	Semmens,	Vare,
DeWitt,	Martin,	Sensenich,	Warner,
Endsley,	McConnell,	Smith, R. E.	Washers,
Farley,	McKee, W. S.,	Smith, W. W.,	Kline,
Gerberich,	McNichol,	Snyder, C. A.,	Pres. pro tem.

NAYS.—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the House is requested.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 27, as follows:

A Further Supplement to an act entitled "An act to establish a county court for the county of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof" approved the fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven constituting the said court the juvenile court of said county and prescribing its organization jurisdiction and powers therein and otherwise

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That in all proceedings concerning dependent delinquent incorrigible or neglected children under the age of sixteen years as defined by existing laws relating thereto the county court of Allegheny county shall have exclusively all the jurisdiction and powers now vested in and exercised by the court of quarter sessions of the peace of said county sitting as a juvenile court or of any judge of said court sitting as a juvenile court judge and all laws relating to such jurisdiction and powers of the court of quarter sessions are hereby made applicable to the said county court Said county court shall also have jurisdiction in all proceedings for the custody of children where the court has acquired jurisdiction in matters relating to their maintenance The judges of said county court shall be ex officio justices of the peace

Section 2 The presiding judge of the court shall designate one member of the court to hold such juvenile court The said judge shall be assigned to said court for a period of one year or longer in the discretion of the presiding judge

Section 3 The presiding judge shall appoint a chief probation officer whose salary shall not exceed three thousand dollars per year and such additional probation officers as the majority of the judges may determine at salaries not exceeding fifteen hundred dollars per year whose compensation shall be fixed by the majority of the judges of said court and whose powers and duties shall be similar to those heretofore exercised by probation officers appointed by the court of quarter sessions of the peace of said county In addition to such compensation the probation officer shall receive such expenses as may be necessary and shall have been approved by the judge of the juvenile court Said compensation and expenses shall be paid monthly out of the treasury of Allegheny county in the manner in which other county expenses are paid by law

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 28, entitled:

An Act to further amend section two of an act entitled "An Act to establish a county court for the County of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof" approved the fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven as amended by an act entitled "An Act to amend section two of an act entitled 'An Act to establish a county court for the county of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof' approved the fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven and changing the election of the judges therein mentioned from the general election to the municipal election as now provided by law in accordance with the requirements of the Constitution of Pennsylvania" approved the sixth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven by increasing the salaries of the judges of said court

The first section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section two of an act entitled "An Act to establish a county court for the county of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof" approved the fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven as amended by an act entitled "An Act to amend section two of an act entitled 'An act to establish a county court for the county of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof' approved the fifth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven and changing the election of the judges therein mentioned from the general election to the municipal election as now provided by law in accordance with the requirements of the Constitution of Pennsylvania" approved the sixth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven which reads as follows

"Section 2 The judges of said court shall be learned in the law shall be elected by the qualified electors of the county of Allegheny shall hold office for a period of ten years if they shall so long behave themselves well and shall receive a salary of five thousand dollars per annum payable monthly except the presiding judge whose salary shall be five thousand five hundred dollars per annum The term of office for the elected judges of the court shall begin on the first Monday of January following their election The first judge or judges of said court shall be appointed by the Governor by and with the advice and consent of the Senate if then in session and shall hold office until the first Monday of January following the next municipal election at which his or their successor or successors shall be elected The first elected judges of the court shall be chosen at the municipal election next following such appointment Succeeding elections for the said office shall be held at the municipal election preceding the expiration of the term of any judge or at the following election in case of vacancy by death or otherwise where such vacancy occurs not less than two calendar months before such municipal election The vote for said judge shall be cast and counted according to law and return thereof shall be made without delay by the prothonotary of said county to the secretary of the Commonwealth who shall ascertain and certify the result to the Governor who in turn shall issue a commission to the person or persons so elected Whenever a vacancy occurs by death or otherwise in the office of judge or when upon the taking of any new census the said county shall be entitled to an additional judge or judges the Governor shall appoint in the manner provided by law At the organization of the court the Governor shall designate one of the persons appointed by him as presiding judge of the court and shall designate the priorities of the expirations of the respective commissions of the other judges and upon other judges being collected to said court for the same term they shall draw lots for priority of expiration of commission the result of which they shall certify to the Governor and the judge holding the

original commission first expiring shall at all times thereafter be commissioned as the presiding judge of said court" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 2 The judges of said court shall be learned in the law shall be elected by the qualified electors of the county of Allegheny shall hold office for a period of ten years if they shall so long behave themselves well and shall receive a salary of nine thousand dollars per annum payable monthly except the presiding judge whose salary shall be nine thousand five hundred dollars per annum The term of office of the elected judges of the court shall begin on the first Monday of January following their election The first judge or judges of said court shall be appointed by the Governor by and with the advice and consent of the Senate if then in session and shall hold office until the first Monday of January following the next municipal election at which his or their successor or successors shall be elected The first elected judges of the court shall be chosen at the municipal election next following such appointment Succeeding elections for the said office shall be held at the municipal election preceding the expiration of the term of any judge or at the following election in case of vacancy by death or otherwise where such vacancy occurs not less than two calendar months before such municipal election The vote for said judges shall be cast and counted according to law and return thereof shall be made without delay by the prothonotary of said county to the secretary of the Commonwealth who shall ascertain and certify the result to the Governor who in turn shall issue a commission to the person or persons so elected Whenever a vacancy occurs by death or otherwise in the office of judge or when upon the taking of any new census the said county shall be entitled to an additional judge or judges the Governor shall appoint in the manner provided by law At the organization of the court the Governor shall designate one of the persons appointed by him as presiding judge of the court and shall designate the priorities of the expirations of the respective commissions of the other judges and upon other judges being elected to said court for the same term they shall draw lots for priority of expiration of commission the result of which they shall certify to the Governor and the judge holding the original commission first expiring shall at all times thereafter be commissioned as the presiding judge of said court

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I move to amend section 1, in line 25, by striking out the word "for" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "of."

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The title of the bill was read as follows:

An Act to further amend section two of an act entitled "An Act to establish a county court for the county of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof" approved the fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven as amended by an act entitled "An Act to amend section two of an act entitled 'An Act to establish a county court for the county of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof approved the fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven and changing the election of the judges therein mentioned from the general election to the municipal election as now provided by law in accordance with the requirements of the Constitution of Pennsylvania" approved the sixth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven by increasing the salaries of the judges of said court

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the title?

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I move to amend the title in line 9, by inserting after the word "thereof" single quotation mark; also in line 10, by inserting after the word "may" the words "Anno Domini."

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 29, entitled:

An Act amending section eight of an act entitled "An Act to establish a county court for the county of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof" approved the fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven by changing the practice of the court with regard to trial by jury and further amending section nine of said act as supplemented and amended by section four of an act approved April the second one thousand nine hundred and thirteen and by section one of an act approved May the twenty-third one thousand nine hundred and thirteen by providing that appeals from the judgment of the court in all civil actions shall be taken by leave of the court of common pleas and prescribing the practice and the powers of the court of common pleas in such cases

The first section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section eight of an act, entitled "An Act to establish a county court for the county of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof' approved the fifth day of May nineteen hundred and eleven which reads as follows

"Section 8 Upon request in writing filed with the clerk by the plaintiff at the time of filing his statement of claim or by the defendant upon filing his defense accompanied by the payment of a jury fee of four dollars by the party making such request to be taxed as part of the costs of the case the court shall direct trial by jury in the manner now provided by law the jurors to be summoned and paid as they are for the courts of common pleas of said county Provided however That when a jury trial is demanded the court shall make a separate list of such cases from time to time as are put at issue and proceed to the trial and determination of said cases at the county seat" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

"Section 8 At the time of filing the statement of claim and before it shall be received by the clerk there shall be contained on the back thereof an endorsement made by the plaintiff or his counsel as follows "Jury trial demanded" or "It is agreed that this case be tried by a judge without a jury" If the plaintiff demands a jury trial he shall at the time of filing his statement pay to the prothonotary a jury fee of four dollars Every answer where the plaintiff has not demanded a jury trial shall contain on the back thereof a similar endorsement and if the defendant demands a jury trial he shall at the time of filing his answer pay to the clerk a jury fee of four dollars and said jury fee by whomsoever paid shall be taxed as part of the costs of the case If both parties have filed agreements as aforesaid that the case may be tried by a judge without a jury it shall be so tried under such rules of procedure as the court shall prescribe When a jury trial is demanded by either party the court shall direct trial by jury in the manner now provided by law the jurors to be summoned and paid as they are for the courts of common pleas of said county Provided further that when a jury trial is demanded the court shall make a separate list of such cases from time to time as are put at issue and proceed to the trial and determination of said cases at the county seat

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I move to amend section 1, in line 8, by inserting after the word "which" the words "as amended;" also in line 20, by inserting after the word "hereby" the word "further."

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The second section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 2 That section nine of the above mentioned act which as amended and supplemented by section four of an act approved the second day of April nineteen hundred and thirteen and by section one of an act approved the twenty-third day of May nineteen hundred and thirteen reads as follows

"Section 9 Either party may within ten days after the entry by said court of any judgment in any civil action appeal therefrom to the court of common pleas of said county by taking and perfecting an appeal in the manner following

The party appealing shall procure from the county court a transcript duly certified under the seal of the court showing the proceedings had in said cases and shall file the same in the office of the prothonotary of said county and at the time of filing the same shall also make affidavit that the said appeal is not taken for the purpose of delay The appellant shall give bail absolute in a sum and with surety or sureties to be approved as hereinafter provided for his compliance with any judgment that may be finally rendered against him and for payment of all interest and costs likely to accrue All costs accrued up to the time of filing the transcript shall be paid by appellant in the first

instance and if the appellant shall finally recover judgment in the case appealed he shall be entitled to receive and collect from the adverse party the costs so as aforesaid paid on appeal

The costs on appeals accruing at and from the time of filing the transcript shall abide the event of the suit and be paid by the unsuccessful party as in other cases Provided That if the plaintiff be the appellant he shall pay all costs which may accrue on the appeal if in the event of the suit he shall not recover a greater sum or a more favorable judgment exclusive of interest than was rendered by the county court And provided also That if the defendant either on the trial of the cause before the county court or before an appeal is taken shall offer to give the plaintiff a judgment for an amount which the defendant shall admit to be due and if said plaintiff shall not accept such offer then and in that case if the defendant shall appeal the plaintiff shall pay all the costs which shall accrue on the appeal if he shall not in the event of the suit recover a greater amount than that for which the defendant offered to give a judgment and in both cases the defendants bill shall be taxed and paid by the plaintiff in the same manner as if a judgment had been rendered in court for the defendant But provided further That in all cases where the judgment of the county court shall be in favor of defendant on a counter claim then the terms plaintiff and defendant in the foregoing provisions relating to costs on appeals shall be taken as inverted Any appellant shall have the right to appeal and demand and receive transcripts without payment of costs upon his making and filing with the judge approving the appeal bond an affidavit that he is unable through poverty to pay said costs provided said judge shall be satisfied of the truth of the statements in such affidavit All appeals taken and perfected in the manner above provided shall operate as a supersedeas The amounts of the penalties of and the sureties upon such bonds shall be approved by a judge of the county court

Or within ten days after the entry of judgment in any civil action either party may after such notice to the opposite party as the common pleas court shall require apply to any court of common pleas of said county or any judge thereof for leave to appeal the case to the common pleas court And if such appeal be allowed then after payment of costs in the county court as aforesaid unless the appeal be taken in forma papueris and upon filing the certified copy of said order of allowance the transcript shall be filed with the prothonotary as above provided but said appeal shall not operate as a supersedeas unless the court or judge allowing such appeal shall so order

Any party shall be entitled within ten days from the date of judgment or within such further time as the court of common pleas may grant to a writ of certiorari to remove the record to any court of common pleas of said county in the manner as now provided by law in regard to writs of certiorari issuing out of said common pleas but such certiorari shall not operate as a supersedeas unless bail absolute for said judgment interest and costs shall be given and approved by the court of common pleas from which such writ of certiorari issues

Provided That in all cases in said county court where judgment shall have been entered on the verdict of a jury no appeal to the common pleas court shall be perfected as above set forth until leave to take such appeal has first been obtained by the appellant from the court of common pleas or a judge thereof The application for leave to appeal shall be by petition to the common pleas court setting forth the reasons why a retrial of issue of fact is necessary to prevent an injustice This petition shall be heard after such notice to the adverse party as the common pleas court shall prescribe and if leave to take such appeal be granted a copy of the order allowing the appeal shall be filed in the office of the clerk of the county court" be and the same is hereby amended and supplemented to read as follows

Section 9 Either party may within ten days after the allowance of an appeal to the court of common pleas as herein provided in any civil action appeal to the court of common pleas of said county by taking and perfecting an appeal in the manner following

The party appealing shall procure from the county court a transcript duly certified under the seal of the court showing the proceedings had in said cases and shall file the same in the office of the prothonotary of said county and at the time of filing the same shall also make affidavit that the said appeal is not taken for the purpose of delay The appellant shall give bail absolute in a sum and with surety or sureties to be approved as hereinafter provided for his compliance with any judgment that may be finally rendered against him and for payment of all interest and costs likely to accure All costs accrued up to the time of filing the transcript shall be paid by appellant in the first instance and if the appellant shall finally recover judgment in the case appealed he shall be entitled to receive and collect from the adverse party the costs so as aforesaid paid on appeal

The costs on appeals accruing at and from the time of filing the transcript shall abide the event of the suit and be paid by the unsuccessful party as in other cases Provided That if the plaintiff be the appellant he shall pay all costs which may accrue on the appeal if in the event of the suit he shall not recover a greater sum or a more favorable judgment exclusive of interest than was rendered by the county court

And provided also That if the defendant either on the trial of the cause before the county court or before an appeal is taken shall offer to give the plaintiff a judgment for an amount which the defendant shall admit to be due and if the said plaintiff shall not accept such offer then and in that case if the defendant shall appeal the plaintiff shall pay all the costs which shall accrue on the appeal if he shall not in the event of the suit recover a greater amount than that for which the defendant offered to give a judgment and in both cases the defendants bill shall be taxed and paid by the plaintiff in the same manner as if a judgment had been rendered in court for the defendant But provided further That in all cases where the judgment of the county court shall be in favor of defendant on a counter-claim then the terms plaintiff and defendant in the foregoing provisions relating to costs on appeals shall be taken as inverted Any appellant shall have the right to appeal and demand and receive transcripts without payment of costs upon his making and filing with the judge approving the appeal bond an affidavit that he is unable through poverty to pay said costs provided said judge shall be satisfied of the truth of the statements in such affidavit All appeals taken and perfected in the manner above provided shall operate as a supersedeas The amount of the penalties of and the sureties upon such bonds shall be approved by a judge of the county court but in allowing the appeal the common pleas court may for proper cause order that no bond be required or may otherwise prescribe the conditions of allowance of said appeals as may be just and proper under the circumstances

Any party shall be entitled within ten days from the date of judgment or within such further time as the court of common pleas may grant to a writ of certiorari to remove the record to any court of common pleas of said county in the manner as now provided by law in regards to writs of certiorari issuing out of said common pleas but such certiorari shall not operate as a supersedeas unless bail absolute for said judgment interest and costs shall be given and approved by the court of common pleas from which such writ of certiorari issues

Provided that no appeal to the common pleas court shall be perfected as above set forth until leave to take such appeal has first been obtained by the appellant from the court of common pleas or a judge thereof The application for leave to appeal shall be by petition to the common pleas court setting forth the reasons why a retrial of issues of fact is necessary to prevent an injustice This petition shall be heard after such notice to the adverse party as the common pleas court shall prescribe and if leave to take such appeal be granted a copy of the order allowing the appeal shall be filed in the office of the clerk of the county court Said application for leave to appeal shall be made to the common pleas court within ten days after the entry of judgment by the county court but where the case has been tried in the county court by a judge without a jury and a motion to open the judgment has been made within said court within such time as the county court may prescribe then the ten days for making application to appeal shall run from the date of the judgment of the county court on the motion to open judgment In disposing of the application for leave to appeal the court of common pleas may in its discretion direct the entry by the county court of such judgment as may be proper on its whole record and from such order of the common pleas court an appeal shall lie to the superior court of Pennsylvania

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I move to amend section 2, in line 80, by striking out the word "issue" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "issues;" also in line 85, by striking out the word "hereby" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "further."

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The title of the bill was read as follows:

An Act amending section eight of an act entitled "An Act to establish a county court for the county of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof" approved the fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven by changing the practice of the court with regard to trial by jury and further amending section nine of said act as supplemented and amended by section four of an act approved April second nineteen hundred and thirteen and by section one of an act approved May twenty-third nineteen hundred and thirteen by providing that appeals from the judgment of the court in all civil actions shall be taken by leave of the court of common pleas and prescribing the practice and the powers of the court of common pleas in such cases.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the title?

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I move to amend the title by striking out all after the word "act" in line 1 and inserting in lieu thereof the words

"Amending sections eight and nine of an act, entitled 'An Act to establish a county court for the county of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties, regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof,' ap-

proved the fifth day of May, one thousand nine hundred eleven, as amended; by changing the practice of the court with regard to trial by jury and by providing that appeals from the judgment of the court in all civil action shall be taken by leave of the court of common pleas and prescribing the practice and the powers of the court of common pleas in such cases."

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the title as amended?

It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 30, entitled:

An Act further amending section seven of an act entitled "An Act to establish a county court for the County of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof" approved the fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven as amended by section one of an act approved the twenty-fifth day of June one thousand nine hundred and thirteen by changing the practice in desertion and non-support cases.

The first section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section seven of an act entitled "An Act to establish a county court for the county of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expense thereof" approved the fifth day of May nineteen hundred and eleven as amended by section one of an act approved the twenty-fifth day of June nineteen hundred and thirteen which reads as follows

"Section 7 The procedure in said court in all civil actions shall be substantially as follows

(a) The plaintiff may file with a clerk of the court at the county seat or in the district nearest to the residence or place of business of either plaintiff or defendant or any of them if there be more than one plaintiff or defendant a written statement of his demand verified by affidavit or may make to the clerk his complaint orally whereupon the clerk shall reduce the same to writing which shall be signed and sworn to by plaintiff and said clerk shall thereupon issue a writ of summons or replevin under the seal of the court requiring the defendant to appear at a time and place designated in said writ to answer the plaintiffs complaint and a copy of the plaintiffs statement however prepared shall be served with the writ The time of said hearing shall be not less than twelve nor more than fifteen days from date of said writ

(b) Upon the date fixed in said writ or such other date to which the cause may have been duly adjourned by order of the court and which shall not be less than nine days after service of the writ upon the defendant the parties shall attend with their witnesses and the cause shall be heard by one or more of the judges of said court who shall hear the parties and their witnesses and counsel if any and the decision of the judge or judges hearing the cause shall be rendered at the conclusion of the trial or at such other time not more than five days thereafter as may then be designated for that purpose and said judgment shall forthwith be entered upon the docket of said court

(c) In all actions except actions ex delicto in which actions ex delicto the defendant shall not file nor be required to file any answer or affidavit of defense the defendant shall at least three days exclusive of Sundays before the time fixed for hearing by the writ or within such further time as the court may allow upon cause shown file with the clerk of the court an answer duly sworn to setting forth the nature and character of his defense to the plaintiffs demand or he may make a statement of such defense orally to the clerk which shall be reduced to writing by the clerk and sworn to If no answer be filed the plaintiff may at any time after the time for filing such answer has expired in actions for the recovery of money on contract and in actions of replevin enter judgment in the clerks office in default of such answer In actions ex delicto the court shall on or after the time for hearing fixed by the summons enter such judgment as may be proper after examination of the plaintiffs statement or after hearing such evidence as may be necessary for the proper disposal of the case If an answer be filed as aforesaid all material averments of the plaintiffs statement which are not denied by the answer shall be deemed and taken to be true Provided however That in all cases the court may for proper cause require either party to file a bill of particulars

(d) In the action of replevin the practice shall be as is provided by law except in so far as modified by any of the provisions of this amending and supplementary act Any party interested desiring to intervene may do so as of course prior to the expiration of time to answer and thereafter upon leave of court If no answer or intervention be filed the plaintiff may take judgment by default in the clerks office as of course If answer or intervention be filed the case shall be heard on the day fixed for hearing in the writ or thereafter as the court may direct and shall be disposed of on the pleadings or evidence as the court may find necessary The court may require such additional pleadings as may be necessary to define the issue In desrtion and non-support cases and appeals from summary convictions and judgments for penalties the practice shall be as is now provided by law

(e) Service of the writs of summons and replevin and of copies of plaintiffs statements and execution of the writ of replevin shall be made in the same manner as is now provided by law for the service and execution of such writs in the courts of common pleas of Allegheny county and may be made by the sheriff of the county by a constable of the county or by such persons as may be appointed by the court for that purpose as shall be determined by the court" be and the same is hereby further amended to read as follows

Section 7 The procedure in said court in all civil actions shall be substantially as follows

(a) The plaintiff may file with a clerk of the court at the county seat or in the district nearest to the residence or place of business of either plaintiff or defendant or any of them if there be more than one plaintiff or defendant a written statement of his demand verified by affidavit or may make to the clerk his complaint orally whereupon the clerk shall reduce the same to writing which shall be signed and sworn to by plaintiff and said clerk shall thereupon issue a writ of summons or replevin under the seal of the court requiring the defendant to appear at a time and place designated in said writ to answer the plaintiffs complaint and a copy of the plaintiffs statement however prepared shall be served with the writ The time of said hearing shall be not less than twelve nor more than fifteen days from date of said writ

(b) Upon the date fixed in said writ or such other date to which the cause may have been duly adjourned by order of the court and which shall not be less than nine days after service of the writ upon the defendant the parties shall attend with their witnesses and the cause shall be heard by one or more of the judges of said court who shall hear the parties and their witnesses and counsel if any and the decision of the judge or judges hearing the cause shall be rendered at the conclusion of the trial or at such other time not more than five days thereafter as may then be designated for that purpose and said judgment shall forthwith be entered upon the docket of said court

(c) In all actions except actions ex delicto in which actions ex delicto the defendant shall not file nor be required to file any answer or affidavit of defense the defendant shall at least three days exclusive of Sundays before the time fixed for hearing by the writ or within such further time as the court may allow upon cause shown file with the clerk of the court an answer duly sworn to setting forth the nature and character of his defense to the plaintiffs demand or he may make a statement of such defense orally to the clerk which shall be reduced to writing by the clerk and sworn to If no answer be filed the plaintiff may at any time after the time for filing such answer has expired in actions for the recovery of money on contract and in actions of replevin enter judgment in the clerks office in default of such answer In actions ex delicto the court shall on or after the time for hearing fixed by the summons enter such judgment as may be proper after examination of the plaintiffs statement or after hearing such evidence as may be necessary for the proper disposal of the case If an answer be filed as aforesaid all material averments of the plaintiffs statement which are not denied by the answer shall be deemed and taken to be true Provided however That davit of defense the defendant shall at east three days excusive of Sunplaintiff or defendant or any of them if there be more than one plainpar at a time and place designated in said writ to answer the plain in all cases the court may for proper cause require either party to file a bill of particulars

(d) In the action of replevin the practice shall be as is provided by law except in so far as modified by any of the provisions of this amending and supplementary act Any party interested desiring to intervene may do so as of course prior to the expiration of time to answer and thereafter upon leave of court If no answer or intervention be filed the plaintiff may take judgment by default in the clerks office as of course If answer or intervention be filed the case shall be heard on the day fixed for hearing in the writ or thereafter as the court may direct and shall be disposed of on the pleadings or evidence as the court may find necessary The court may require such additional pleadings as may be necessary to define the issue In desertion and non-support cases and appeals from summary convictions and judgments for penalties the practice shall be as is now provided by law Provided That in desertion and non-support cases there shall be no preliminary hearing before a magistrate or justice of the peace but the information in all cases shall be made before the county court which shall thereupon issue its warrant of arrest and the person accused shall be immediately brought before the court for trial Any justice of the peace or magistrate may admit to bail for a hearing before the court persons arrested on original warrant issued out of the county court

(e) Service of the writs of summons and replevin and of copies of plaintiffs statements and execution of the writ of replevin and execution of warrants of arrest or other processes in desertion and non-support cases shall be made in the same manner as is now provided by law for the service and execution of such writs warrants and processes in the courts of common pleas and the court of quarter sessions of Allegheny county and may be made by the sheriff of the county by a constable of the county or by such persons as may be appointed by the court for that purpose as shall be determined by the court

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I move to amend section 1, in line 7, by striking out the word "nineteen" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "one thousand nine hundred."

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The title of the bill was read as follows:

An Act further amending section seven of an act entitled "An Act to establish a county court for the county of Allegheny and prescribing

its powers and duties regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof" approved the fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven as amended by section one of an act approved the twenty-fifth day of June one thousand nine hundred and thirteen by changing the practice in desertion and non-support cases

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the title?

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I move to amend the title by striking out all after the word "act" in line 1, and inserting in lieu thereof the words

"Amending section seven of an act entitled 'An Act to establish a county court for the county of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof,' approved the fifth day of May, one thousand nine hundred eleven as amended, by changing the practice in desertion and non-support cases"

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 36, entitled:

An Act authorizing the surrender and delivery of mortgages and writings obligatory secured thereby given to the Commonwealth and the satisfaction of the record thereof when full payment has been made

The first section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That whenever heretofore or hereafter mortgages have been or shall be duly executed and delivered to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania or to any officer of the Commonwealth for its use and have been or shall be recorded in any county or counties of the State the Attorney-General or other officer or officers of the Commonwealth having custody thereof shall upon payment in full of said mortgage or mortgages or the bonds notes or other writings obligatory which said mortgages were given to secure surrender and deliver the same to the mortgagor or obligator therein or a duly authorized agent and the Attorney-General upon payment of the proper costs and charges shall acknowledge satisfaction of said mortgage upon the record thereof and cause the same to be satisfied of record either acting by himself or through a person duly authorized by his letter of attorney to act for him

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I move to amend section 1, in line 12, by striking out the word "obligator" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "obligor."

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The title of the bill was read as follows, and agreed to:

An Act authorizing the surrender and delivery of mortgages and writings obligatory secured thereby given to the Commonwealth and the satisfaction of the record thereof when full payment has been made

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 43, as follows:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-seventh day of June one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation regulation and government of cities of the third class regulating nomination and election of municipal officers therein and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That so much of section one article six of an act approved the twenty-seventh day of June one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An act providing for the incorporation regulation and government of cities of the third class regulating nomination and election of municipal officers therein and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto" which reads as follows

"Section 1 The mayor and members of the city council in cities of the third class shall be at least twenty-five years of age and shall be elected by the electors at large They shall have been citizens and inhabitants of the city wherein they shall be elected one year next before their election and shall reside therein during their terms of service" is amended to read as follows

Section 1 The mayor and members of the city council in cities of the third class shall be at least twenty-five years of age and shall be elected by the electors at large The mayor and each member shall have been a citizen and inhabitant of the city wherein he shall be elected one year (or having previously been a qualified elector or native born citizen of the city he shall have removed therefrom and returned then six months) immediately preceding the election The mayor and members shall reside in the city during their respective terms of service

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 46, as follows:

An Act authorizing the district attorneys of certain counties to appoint a secretary prescribing the duties fixing the salary and providing for payment of the same

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That in all counties of this Commonwealth having one million and less than one million two hundred thousand inhabitants the district attorneys shall have authority to appoint a secretary to assist the district attorney in the discharge of his duties said secretary shall receive a salary of fifteen hundred dollars ($1,500) per annum which shall be paid out of the county treasury

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 47, as follows:

An Act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act to fix the fees to be allowed the district attorney in the several counties of this Commonwealth having seven hundred fifty thousand inhabitants and less than one million two hundred thousand" approved May sixth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section one of an act entitled "An Act to fix the fees to be allowed the district attorney in the several counties of this Commonwealth having seven hundred fifty thousand inhabitants and less than one million two hundred thousand" approved May sixth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine which reads as follows

"Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That in all counties of this Commonwealth having seven hundred fifty thousand and less than one million two hundred thousand inhabitants the fees to be allowed the district attorney shall be as follows

For drawing bill of indictment and prosecuting the same for every offence triable only in the court of oyer and terminer and general jail delivery in said county twelve dollars

For every such bill returned ignoramus six dollars

For drawing bill of indictment and prosecuting the same for every offence except assault and battery and aggravated assault and battery triable in the court of quarter sessions of the peace in said county eight dollars

For every such bill returned ignoramus five dollars

For every such case settled with leave of court five dollars

For drawing bill of indictment and prosecuting the same for every case of assault and battery and aggravated assault and battery three dollars

For every such bill returned ignoramus three dollars

For every such case settled with leave of court three dollars

Every case of surety of the peace three dollars be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 1 Be it enacted et cetera That in all counties of the Commonwealth having seven hundred fifty thousand and less than one million two hundred thousand inhabitants the fees to be allowed the district attorney shall be as follows

For drawing bill of indictment and prosecuting the same for every homicide one hundred dollars and twenty dollars additional for every day of trial exceeding one day

For every such bill returned ignoramus twenty dollars

For drawing bill of indictment and prosecuting the same for every offence triable only in the Court of Oyer and Terminer and general jail delivery except homicide fifteen dollars and ten dollars additional for every day of trial exceeding one day

For every such bill returned ignoramus eight dollars

For drawing bill of indictment and prosecuting the same for every offence triable in the Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace eight dollars and five dollars additional for every day of trial exceeding one day For every such bill returned ignoramus five dollars For every such case settled with leave of court five dollars

For every surety of the peace case five dollars

For every homicide case where insanity is pleaded at arraignment and a special jury called to try said issue one hundred dollars

Section 2 That all acts or parts of acts general special or local inconsistent herewith be and the same are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 48, entitled:

An Act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act to amend section one of an act entitled 'An act providing for the appointment of assistant district attorneys in the several counties of this Commonwealth having seven hundred and fifty thousand and less than one million two hundred thousand inhabitants prescribing the powers and duties and fixing the salaries of the said assistant district attorneys' approved the twenty-fifth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred seven so as to increase the salary of the first assistant district attorney and to provide for the classification of the other assistant district attorneys for whose appointment provision is made by said act as second third and fourth assistants and assistants and to increase the salary of some and to decrease the salary of others of said assistant district attorneys" approved May sixth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred nine so as to increase the salary of some of the assistant district attorneys and to provide for the appointment of two more assistant district attorneys and fixing the salaries of the same

The first section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section one of an act entitled "An act to amend section one of an act entitled 'An act providing for the appointment of assistant district attorneys in the several counties of this Commonwealth having seven hundred and fifty thousand and less than one million two hundred thousand inhabitants prescribing the powers and duties and fixing the salaries of the said assistant district attorneys' approved the twenty-fifth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred seven so as to increase the salary of the first assistant district attorney and to provide for the classification of the other assistant district attorneys for whose appointment provision is made by said act as second third and fourth assistants and assistants and to increase the salary of some and to decrease the salary of others of said assistant district attorneys" approved the sixth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred nine which reads as follows

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by authority of the same That in all counties of this Commonwealth having seven hundred and fifty thousand and less than one million two hundred thousand inhabitants the district attorneys shall have authority to appoint one or more assistants learned in the law not exceeding eight (8) in number to assist the district attorney in the discharge of his duties One of said assistant district attorneys who shall be designated as the first assistant shall receive a salary of six thousand dollars ($6,000) per annum one of the said assistant district attorneys who shall be designated as the second assistant shall receive a salary of five thousand dollars ($5,000) per annum one of the said assistant district attorneys who shall be designated as third assistant shall receive a salary of four thousand five hundred dollars ($4,500) per annum one of said assistant district attorneys who shall be designated as fourth assistant shall receive a salary of three thousand nine hundred dollors ($3,900) per annum and each of the other four assistant district attorneys shall receive a salary of two thousand seven hundred dollars ($2,700) per annum

The salaries herein provided shall be paid out of the county treasury" shall be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

"Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by authority of the same That in all counties of this Commonwealth having seven hundred and fifty thousand and less than one million two hundred thousand inhabitants the district attorneys shall have power to appoint one or more assistants learned in the law not exceeding ten (10) in number to assist the district attorney in the discharge of his duties One of said assistants shall be designated as the first assistant and shall receive a salary of six thousand dollars ($6,000) per annum one shall be designated as second assistant and shall receive a salary of five thousand dollars ($5,000) per annum one shall be designated as third assistant and shall receive a salary of four thousand five hundred dollars ($4,500) per annum one shall be designated as fourth assistant and shall receive a salary of four thousand dollars ($4,000) per annum of the other six assistants four shall receive a salary of three thousand dollars ($3,000) per annum each and two shall receive a salary of two thousand four hundred dollars ($2,400) each

The salaries herein provided shall be paid out of the county treasury

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I move to amend section 1, in line 12, by inserting after the word "hundred" the word "and;" also, in line 36, by striking out the words "four thousand" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "forty;" also in line 39, by striking out the words "three thousand" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "thirty;" also in line 41, by striking out the words "two thousand" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "twenty."

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The second section of the bill was read as follows, and agreed to:

Section 2 All acts or parts of acts inconsistant herewith be and the same is hereby repealed

The title of the bill was read as follows:

An Act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act to amend section one of an act entitled 'An Act providing for the appointment of assistant district attorneys in the several counties of this Commonwealth having seven hundred and fifty thousand and less than one million two hundred thousand inhabitants prescribing the powers and duties and fixing the salaries of the said assistant district attorneys' approved the twenty-fifth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven so as to increase of the first assistant district attorney and to provide for the classification of the other assistant district attorneys for whose appointment provision is made by said act as second third and fourth assistants and assistants and to increase the salary of some and to decrease the salary of others of said assistant district attorneys" approved May sixth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine so as to increase the salary of some of the assistant district attorneys and to provide for the appointment of two more assistant district attorneys and fixing the salaries of the same

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the title?

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I move to amend the title in line 9, by inserting after the word "hundred" the word "and."

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the title as amended?

It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 63, entitled:

An Act relating to moneys heretofore deposited in State Treasury prior to December thirty-first Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen by the Highway Department as fees for registration of motor-vehicles and the licensing of operators and making an appropriation thereof

The preamble of the bill was read as follows:

Whereas Under the provisions of an act approved the twenty-seventh day of April one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled "An Act relating to motor-vehicles regulating their speed upon the public streets and highways of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania providing for their registration and the licensing of operators by the State Highway Department establishing the rights of motor-vehicles upon the public highways with relation to other vehicles regulating the service of process and of proceedings in actions for damages arising therefrom prescribing the penalties for violations of the provisions of this act and providing for the disposition of fines imposed thereunder" the moneys derived from the registration of motor-vehicles and the licensing of operators were to be paid into the Treasury of this Commonwealth to be used in the improvement of the roads and

Whereas There remains in the State Treasury the sum of one hundred eighty-seven thousand seven hundred seventy-one dollars and forty-two cents being the unappropriated balance of funds derived from the registration of motor-vehicles and the licensing of operators and deposited therein prior to December thirty-one one thousand nine hundred and thirteen the date upon which act of Assembly number three hundred eighty-five dated July seventh one thousand nine hundred thirteen specifically appropriating all such moneys to the State Highway Department became effective

Whereas Owing to lack of specific authorization the said moneys have not been available to the Highway Department in the improvement of the roads and therefore cannot be used for the purposes for which such moneys were intended therefore

On the question,
Will the Senate agree to the preamble?

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I move to amend the preamble in line 27, by striking out the word "authorization" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "appropriation."

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,
Will the Senate agree to the amendent?
It was agreed to.
On the question,
Will the Senate agree to the preamble as amended?
It was agreed to.

The first section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of one hundred eighty-seven thousand seven hundred seventy-one dollars and forty-two cents now in the treasury of this Commonwealth derived from the fees for registration of motor-vehicles and the licensing of operators thereof is hereby specifically appropriated to the State Highway Department for the purpose of maintenance repair and construction of the State highways described and as prescribed in the act establishing the State Highway Department approved the thirty-first day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven and supplement thereto

On the question,
Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I move to amend section 1, in line 13, by striking out the word "supplement" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "supplements."

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,
Will the Senate agree to the amendment?
It was agreed to.
On the question,
Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?
It was agreed to.

The title of the bill was read as follows:

An Act relating to moneys heretofore deposited in State Treasury prior to December thirty-first Anno Dominin one thousand nine hundred and thirteen by the Highway Department as fees for registration of motor-vehicles and the licensing of operators and making an appropriation thereof.

On the question,
Will the Senate agree to the title?

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I move to amend the title in line 2, by striking out the word "Dominin" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "Domini;" also in line 3 by inserting after the word "the" the word "State."

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,
Will the Senate agree to the amendment?
It was agreed to.
On the question,
Will the Senate agree to the title as amended?
It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 93, as follows:

An Act making it unlawful for any insurance company or association issuing health or accident policies to cancel the same except upon written application and consent of the insured and providing penalties for violations of its provisions

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That except with the written consent of the insured it is unlawful for any insurance company or association issuing health policies or accident policies to cancel any health policy or accident policy before the end of the period for which a premium has been paid Such written consent shall not be given until after the expiration of thirty days from the date of the policy No policy shall contain a stipulation or waiver contrary to the provisions of this act

Section 2 If any such company or association issues or cancels a policy in violation of this act it shall forfeit its right to issue health or accident policies in Pennsylvania and the Insurance Commissioner shall prohibit it from doing such business accordingly Such forfeiture shall not invalidate nor impair in any way any policies of such company in force at the time of the forfeiture

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 118, as follows:

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution of Pennsylvania abolishing the office of Secretary of Internal Affairs

Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met That article four of the Constitution of Pennsylvania shall be amended by adding thereto section twenty-three which shall read as follows

The office of Secretary of Internal Affairs be and the same is hereby abolished and the powers and duties now vested in or appertaining or belonging to that branch of the executive department office or officer shall be transferred to such other departments offices or officers of the State now or hereafter created as may be directed by law

And said bill having been read at length the second time,
On the question,
Will the Senate agree to the bill?

The yeas and nays were required by Mr. SNYDER and Mr. ENDSLEY and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—0.

NAYS—48.

Beidleman,	Hackett,	Miller,	Sones,
Buckman,	Herbst,	Mills,	Sproul,
Burke,	Hilton,	Moore,	Stewart,
Catlin,	Hindman,	Patton,	Thompson,
Clark,	Homsher,	Phipps,	Tompkins,
Croft,	Jenkins,	Salus,	Vare,
Crow,	Kurtz,	Schantz,	Warner,
Daix,	Lynch,	Semmens,	Washers,
DeWitt,	Magee, C. J.,	Sensenich,	Kline,
Endsley,	Martin,	Smith, R. F.,	Pres. pro tem.
Farley,	McConnell,	Smith, W. W.,	
Gerberich,	McKee, W. S.,	Snyder, C. A.,	
Gyger,	McNichol.	Snyder, P. W.,	

So the question was determined in the negative.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 153, as follows:

An Act to establish and regulate the fees to be charged and collected by sheriffs in counties of this Commonwealth having a population of not less than three hundred thousand nor more than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants as computed by the last preceding United States census the time and manner in which said

fees shall be paid the publication and posting of said fees the delivery of an itemized receipt for official fees and legal costs received and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from and after the passage and approval of this act the fees to be received by sheriffs in counties of this Commonwealth having a population of not less than three hundred thousand nor more than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants as computed by the last preceeding United States census shall be as follows

For receiving docketing and making return thereof for each writ of scire facias replevin returno habenda summons foreign attachment attachment execution subpoena in divorce alias subpoena in divorce satisfaction of mortgage injunction mandamus quo warranto bill in equity rule decree order citation subpoena series of interrogatories proclamation or notice of any kind in any civil action issued out of any court or required by law or rule of court one dollar

For serving such processes or any statement of claim personally or by copy one dollar and fifty cents and mileage

For each additional defendant or party served or copy posted fifty cents and mileage

For making each copy served or posted forty cents

For return of tarde venit fifty cents

For return or non est inventus fifty cents and mileage

Provided However that no charge for service shall be made an alias or pluries writ if the same has been charged upon the original

For serving the same by publication in one or more newspapers as required by law or order of court two dollars and seventy-five cents in each case in addition to printer's bill

For serving any rule decree process or order of court not hereinbefore specically provided for he shall charge and receive the same officially fees and legal costs as for a writ served in a similar way as hereinbefore provided

For executing writs of levari facias fieri facias venditioni exponas and any writ or order issued out of any court requiring the levy seizure of lands and tenements and selling the same according to law for receiving docketing and making return thereof two dollars

For levying on each separate piece or parcel of land one dollar and mileage

For advertising to public sale in newspapers each piece or parcel of land two dollars and seventy-five cents in addition to printers bill

For advertising to public sale by hand bills each separate piece or parcel of land separately described by metes and bounds two dollars and seventy-five cents and mileage in addition to printers bill

For crying the sale of each separate piece or parcel of land separately sold and each adjourned sale one dollar

For clerk hire when necessary per day two dollars

In addition the sheriff shall charge and receive as an official fee a commission charge of two cents on every dollar based upon the total amount bid for the property whether paid to the sheriff or credited to the purchases provided that the amount of same does not exceed one thousand dollars in which case one-half cent (½c) on every dollar in excess of this amount shall be charged in addition

For the settlement or staying of any writs embraced in this section of this act the execution of same not being concluded he shall receive the same fee for receiving docketing and making return for levying advertising mileage and commission upon such sums as would be charged and received if sale had been made upon said writ whether paid to him or to the plaintiff or a compromise be made between plaintiff and defendant

For making and acknowledging any deed for lands and tenements three dollars

For registering the same in second-class cities one dollar

For registering the same in third-class cities one dollar and twenty-five cents

For registering the same in townships one dollar and fifteen cents

For mileage actually travelled and necessary .

For the fee of the prothonotary for the acknowledgment

For the fee of the recorder for recording

All of which fees shall be paid by the purchaser

For executing any writ of inquiry partition appraisement venire facias or any similar writ issued by any court alderman justice of the peace or commissioner under any act of assembly for receiving docketing and making return thereof one dollar

For summoning personally or by copy for first service one dollar and fifty cents and mileage

For each additional service personally or by copy or posting fifty cents and mileage

For making each copy served or posted forty cents

For summoning and swearing jurors four dolla

For execution of writ four dollars

For holding inquisition four dollars per day and mileage if same be held upon the premises in addition to jurors' artist's or surveyor's fees and necessary expenses

For serving the same by publication in one or more newspapers as required by law or order of court two dollars and seventy-five cents in addition to printer's bill

For delivering lands to plaintiff in inquisition or similar proceedings two dollars and seventy-five cents and no commission in such case shall be charged

For executing fieri facias attachment foreign attachment returno habenda and replevin or any writ or order issued out of any court requiring the levy and seizure of property and selling the same according to law for receiving docketing and making return thereof two dollars

For each levy on personal property one dollar and mileage

For clerk hire at said sale per day two dollars

For advertising personal property to public sale two dollars and seventy-five cents and mileage

In addition the sheriff shall charge and receive as an official fee a commission charge of two cents on every dollar based upon the total amount realized from said sale whether paid to the sheriff or credited to the purchaser on account of any writ provided that the amount of same does not exceed one thousand dollars in which case one-half cents (½c) on every dollar in excess of that amount shall be charged in addition

For watchmen taking charge of property levied upon when necessary for each legal day of eight hours two dollars

For insurance arranging goods for sale heat light storage rent transportation feeding live stock and similar expenses incurred in caring for and keeping the goods and chattels levied upon when the same is necessary and advantageous or when requested by the defendant or plaintiff to incur any such expense the actual cost thereof

For the settlement or staying of any writ embraced in this section of this act the execution of the same not being concluded he shall receive the same fees for receiving docketing and returning levying advertising mileage and commission upon such sums as would be charged and received if sale had been made upon said writ whether paid to him or to the plaintiff or a compromise be made between plaintiff and defendant

For the appraisement of personal property by virtue of any act of Assembly four dollars Each appraiser to receive the sum of one dollar and the sheriff one dollar for each appraisement provided that in any case where the appraisement of a large quantity of goods shall be required the sheriff may apply by petition to the court or a judge thereof having jurisdiction over said matter setting forth the facts and said court or judge may make an order fixing the sum to be allowed and paid to the sheriff as the proper cost of making such appraisement which sum so fixed and allowed shall be taxed as the sheriff's proper legal costs in addition to the official fee of one dollar to be charged and collected by him

For notifying the Auditor-General of proposed sale of the property or the franchises of any corporation or joint stock association three dollars

For executing venire facias or venire facias jurotores issued out of any court for receiving docketing and making return thereof on each venire two dollars

For drawing from jury wheel and summoning each juror drawn one dollar and mileage and necessary expenses

All of which fees shall be paid by the county

For executing writs of habere facias liberari facias dower possessionem or possessory process requiring the delivery of possession of real estate or ejecting or dispossessing any person or persons of their effects five dollars and mileage and reasonable costs for help when absolutely necessary in addition to the costs of sale when made

For executing any process warrant capias attachment decree sentence or order of court issued out of any court where the defendant's body is taken into custody as follows

For receiving docketing and making return thereof one dollar

For each arrest one dollar and mileage in addition to necessary help and expenses

For transportation of each prisoner ten cents per mile

For each commitment to jail or place of detention of any juvenile court in any criminal or civil matter fifty cents

All of which fees shall be paid by the county

For discharging a prisoner from jail or place of detention of any juvenile court in any criminal or civil case fifty cents

For executing bail peace or taking bond in any matter whether civil or criminal one dollar

He shall receive for the indictment in each oyer and terminer case the sum of three dollars and in each quarter session court case the sum of one dollar and fifty cents

For each bill ignored by the grand jury one dollar and fifty cents

For each case acted upon by any juvenile court one dollar and fifty cents

For each non-support or desertion case acted upon by any court the sum of one dollar and fifty cents

All of which fees shall be paid by the county

For removing an insane person to any institution for the confinement of the insane or any person to the penitentiary workhouse Huntingdon Reformatory or to any charitable institution or any institution where persons are confined or detained under any commitment sentence or order of court two dollars and fifty cents on each commitment or order in addition to mileage and necessary expenses provided however that the mileage for the person in charge under commitment or order shall be based upon the actual miles traveled by him

All of which fees shall be paid by the county

For attending court bringing into and removing therefrom prisoners for arraignment trial and sentence the sum of four dollars per day for the sheriff or each deputy for each and every day of oyer and terminer court quarter sessions court juvenile court or county court where the sheriff or deputy is actually present to be paid by the county

For levying or paying out fines three cents per dollar to be paid by the party receiving the fine

For advertising general or special elections two dollars and seventy-five cents to be paid by the county

For advertising general or special elections by hand bills for each polling place two dollars and seventy-five cents and mileage to be paid by the county

For serving notice on the judge of each election district in special elections seventy-five cents to be paid by the county

For services performed in his capacity as a conservator of the peace or police officer in suppressing riots mobs or insurrections and when discharging the duty requiring the summoning of a posse comitatus or special deputy sheriffs the sheriff shall receive a per diem compensation of not less than ten dollars and as much more as is commensurate with the services performed together with the mileage and necessary expenses including subsistence for himself and those under him to be paid by the county unless otherwise provided by law

For mileage in serving or executing any of the writs rules decrees orders or processes or performing any of the duties for service herein specified and intended to be authorized by law the sheriff shall be entitled to charge and receive and may tax as official fees ten cents a mile for each mile actually traveled and necessary and the same shall be allowed upon each separate writ rule order decree process or service performed provided that he shall not receive more than one mileage where the plaintiff and defendant in two or more contemporaneous writs are the same

For the executing of any matter directed to the sheriff or authorized by law or rule of court the service of which is not herein provided for the sheriff shall receive the same official fees and legal costs as for similar services herein provided for

Section 2 All official fees and legal costs which are or shall be charged by the sheriff shall be payable upon demand In case he does not demand such costs in advance he shall file with each return he makes an itemized list of said fees and costs and if no exceptions be filed to the same within thirty days from the time of filing the same said fees and costs shall be considered taxed and confirmed absolutely and become a judgment in law and the said sheriff may issue an execution and collect the same without further suit

Section 3 The several sheriffs of this Commonwealth shall and are hereby required to make fair tables of their respective fees according to this act and to publish and keep a copy of the same in some conspicuous place in their offices within three months from the passage of this act

Section 4 It shall be the duty of every sheriff his deputy or agent if demand for that purpose shall be made immediately after receiving any of his official fees and legal costs or any written security therefor to deliver a bill of particulars specifying the several items contained therein and the amount thereof to the party paying said fees and to give a receipt therefor or to endorse on such written security when taken the same was given for fees and to sign the endorsement so to be made

Section 5 This act is intended as an entire and complete fee bill for sheriffs of counties of this Commonwealth having a population of not less than three hundred thousand nor more than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants as computed by the last preceding United States census and the following acts or parts of acts to wit

Section 6 of an act entitled "An Act for supplying an act entitled 'An act for the effectual recovering and securing the fines forfeitures and other moneys due or belonging to the Commonwealth for the use of the same'" passed December ninth one thousand seven hundred and eighty-three (two Smith's Laws eighty-four)

Section 1 of an act entitled "An Act for the better personal liberty and preventing wrongful imprisonments" passed February eighteenth one thousand seven hundred eighty-five (two Smith's Laws two hundred seventy-five) so far as the same relates to the fees of the sheriff

Section ten of an act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to establish the judicial courts of this Commonwealth in conformity to the alterations and amendments in this constitution'" passed September thirtieth one thousand seven hundred and ninety-one (three Smith's Laws fifty-eight) so far as the same relates to the fees of the sheriff

Section thirteen of an act entitled "An Act directing the mode of selecting and returning jurors" Passed March twenty-ninth one thousand eight hundred and five (four Smith's Laws two hundred and thirty-seven)

Section twenty-sixth of an act entitled "An Act to amend and consolidate the several acts relating to the settlement of the public accounts and the payment of the public monies and for other purposes" Passed March thirteith one thousand eight hundred and eleven (five Smith's Laws two hundred and twenty-eight)

Section thirty-four of an act entitled "An Act to amend and consolidate the several acts relating to the settlement of the public accounts and the payment of the public monies and for other purposes" Passed March thirtieth one thousand eight hundred and eleven (five Smith's Laws two hundred and twenty-eight) so far as the same relates to the fees of the sheriff

Sections twenty-five twenty-six and twenty-seven of an act entitled "An Act establishing a fee bill" Passed March twenty-eighth one thousand eight hundred and fourteen (six Smith's Laws two hundred twenty-eight)

Sections three fourteen and fifteen of an act entitled "An Act to alter and amend the fee bill" Passed February twenty-second one thousand eight hundred and twenty-one (seven Smith's Laws three hundred and sixty-seven)

An Act entitled "An Act relative to the appointment and payment of the criers of the courts of the county of Allegheny" Approved March thirty-one one thousand eight hundred and twenty-eight (Pamphlet Laws two hundred and thirty-six)

Section sixty of an act entitled "An Act relating to orphans' courts" Approved March twenty-ninth one thousand eight hundred and thirty-two (Pamphlet Laws one hundred and ninety)

An Act entitled "An Act supplementary to an act entitled 'An Act to alter and amend the fee bill' passed the twenty-second day of February Anno Domini eighteen hundred and twenty-one" Approved April fourteenth one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four (Pamphlet Laws three hundred and seventy-eight)

Section eleven of an act entitled "An Act relative to lunatics and habitual drunkards" Approved June thirteenth one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six (Pamphlet Laws five hundred and eighty-nine)

Section two of an act entitled "An act to exempt property to the value of three hundred dollars from levy and sale on execution and distress for rent" Approved April ninth one thousand eight hundred and forty-nine (Pamphlet Laws five hundred and thirty-three) so far as the same relates to the costs of appraisement

Section three of an act entitled "An Act relating to judgments relative to writs of estrepment and the fees of sheriffs and constables and partitions" Approved May fourth one thousand eight hundred and fifty-two (Pamphlet Laws five hundred and eighty-four)

Section two of an act entitled "A Supplement to an act relative to suits in dower and partition passed twentieth February one thousand eight hundred and fifty-four" Approved April seventeenth one thousand eight hundred and fifty-six (Pamphlet Laws three hundred and eighty-six)

Section twenty-nine of an act entitled "An Act relating to Allegheny county" Approved May first one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one (Pamphlet Laws four hundred and fifty)

An Act entitled "An Act relative to the service of summons on jurors in Allegheny county and regulating compensation" Approved April fifth one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six (Pamphlet Laws five hundred twenty-one) so far as the same relates to the compensation of the sheriff

Section two of an act entitled "A Supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to consolidate revise and amend the laws of this Commonwealth relating to penal proceedings and pleadings' passed the thirty-first day of March Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty" Approved April seventeenth one thousand eight hundred sixty-six (Pamphlet Laws one hundred and twelve)

Section two of an act entitled "An Act to ascertain and appoint the fees to be received by the several officers of this Commonwealth" Approved April second one thousand eight hundred and sixty-eight (Pamphlet Laws three)

Section six of an act entitled "An Act relating to the appraisement of real estate devised by any last will and testament within this Commonwealth" Approved April seventeenth one thousand eight hundred and sixty-nine (Pamphlet Laws seventy-two) so far as the same relates to the fees to be received by the sheriff

Section three of an act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An act for the better management of Allegheny county prison' approved the first day of February Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six" Approved March eighth one thouand eight hundred and seventy-one (Pamphlet Laws one hundred and eighty-four) so far as the same relates to the fee or compensation of the sheriff

Section fourteen of an act entitled "An act relating to the fees salaries and duties of certain officers in Allegheny county" Approved April sixth one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one (Pamphlet Laws four hundred and seventy-six) so far as the same relates to the fees to be received by the sheriff

Sections one two and four of an act entitled "A further supplement to an act entitled 'An act relative to the fees salaries and duties of certain county officers in Allegheny county' approved April sixth Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one relating to the salaries of the sheriff and his deputies and expenses of the sheriff's office" Approved April third one thousand eight hundred seventy-three (Pamphlet Laws four hundred and ninety-six)

An act entitled "An act to fix the fees of sheriffs in counties containing over three hundred thousand inhabitants and of those performing duties under them and the manner of collecting and paying the same" approved April first one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven (Pamphlet Laws fifteen)

Section seven of an act entitled "An act relating to procedings where goods or chattels have been levied upon or seized by the sheriff and claimed to belong to others than the defendant in the execution or process" approved May twenty-sixth one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven (Pamphlet Laws ninety-five) so far as the cost of making an appraisement of goods and chattels is fixed and established

Section two of an act entitled "An Act to aid the Auditor General in the collection of taxes due the Commonwealth from corporations limited partnerships and joint-stock associations" Approved May twenty-ninth one thousand nine hundred and one (Pamphlet Laws three hundred and forty-four)

An Act entitled "An Act to regulate and establish the fees to be charged by sheriffs in this Commonwealth and to provide for the taxation and collection of the same" Approved July eleventh one thousand nine hundred and one (Pamphlet Laws six hundred and sixty-three)

Section one of an act entitled "An Act to supplement an act entitled 'An Act defining the powers of the several courts of quarter sessions of the peace within this Commonwealth with reference to the care treatment and control of dependent neglected incorrigible and delinquent children under the age of sixteen years and providing for the means in which such power may be exercised' approved April twenty-three one thousand nine hundred and three" Approved June seventh one

thousand nine hundred and seven (Pamphlet Laws four hundred and thirty-eight)

Together with any and all other Acts of Assembly general special or local or any parts thereof that are in any way in conflict or inconsistent with this act or any part thereof shall at the time of the taking effect of this act be and the same are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 158, (House Bill No. 11.), entitled:

An Act authorizing the Secretary of Internal Affairs to appoint an assistant chief and a stenographer in the Bureau of Standards fixing their salary and increasing the salary of the chief of said Bureau of Standards

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 69, entitled:

An Act providing for the acquisition at the cost of the Commonwealth for the use of the respective counties of certain toll bridges over two thousand feet in length for the abolition of tolls thereon and regulating the procedure in such cases and providing for the payment of the damages assessed

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 79, entitled:

An Act prohibiting any member or employee of any bureau or department having charge of police or fire protection of any county city borough town township school district or poor district in this Commonwealth from taking any active part in politics political movements or elections or from interfering with elections or from using his office to influence politics political movements or elections and providing penalties for violation thereof

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 160, entitled:

An Act to amend section one of article eight, section two of article eight, section four of article eight, section six of article eight, rule one of article twelve, rule three of article five, rule seventeen of article twelve, rule twenty of article twelve, rule thirty-five of article twelve, rule thirty-six of article twelve, rule forty-five of article twelve, section four of article thirteen, section eight of article seventeen, and article eighteen of an act, entitled an act "To provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the anthracite coal mines of Pennsylvania and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith," approved the second day of June, A. D. one thousand eight hundred ninety-one.

be read the first time.

Mr. GERBERICH. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 160, entitled:

An Act to amend section one of article eight, section two of article eight, section four of article eight, section six of article eight, rule one of article twelve, rule three of article five, rule seventeen of article twelve, rule twenty of article twelve, rule thirty-five of article twelve, rule thirty-six of article twelve, rule forty-five of article twelve, section four of article thirteen, section eight of article seventeen, and article eighteen of an act, entitled an act "To provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the anthracite coal mines of Pennsylvania and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith," approved the second day of June, A. D. one thousand eight hundred ninety-one.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

BILL INTRODUCED.

Mr. SALUS. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to read a bill in place at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. SALUS read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 183, entitled:

An Act regulating the sale and exposing for sale of dressed lambs, sheep and calves.

Which was committed to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

BILL ON FIRST READING.

Mr. CLARK. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 162, entitled:

An Act providing for the establishment, regulation and maintenance by the Board of Game Commissioners of the State Game Preserves on the Forestry Reservations and elsewhere and providing penalties for violation of this act.

be read the first time.

Mr. McCONNELL. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 162, entitled:

An Act providing for the establishment, regulation and maintenance by the Board of Game Commissioners of the State Game Preserves on the Forestry Reservations and elsewhere and providing penalties for violation of this act.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

RECESS.

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now take a recess for ten minutes.

Mr. MAGEE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

AFTER RECESS.

The PRESIDENT. The time of recess having elapsed the Senate will be in order.

COMMUNICATIONS FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Private Secretary to the Governor being introduced, presented communications in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which were read as follows:

NOTARIES PUBLIC.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, February 9, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Gentlemen: In conformity with law I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons to be Notaries Public for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, for the term of four years, to compute from the dates set opposite their names, respectively:

ADAMS COUNTY.

Harry G. Williams, Gettysburg, February 21, 1915.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

B. C. Barton, Pittsburgh, February 21, 1915.
Arthur Einert, Pittsburgh, February 21, 1915.
James S. Hart, Pittsburgh, February 21, 1915.
Homer C. Lytle, Pittsburgh, February 21, 1915.
Ross Mangone, Pittsburgh, February 21, 1915.
Chas. H. Nichol, Pittsburgh, February 21, 1915.
Nicholas Wurzel, Pittsburgh, February 21, 1915.
Terrence J. Sweeney, Braddock, February 21, 1915.
A. J. Bell, Tarentum, February 24, 1915.

BEAVER COUNTY.

George R. Bovard, Beaver, February 21, 1915.
G. V. Fleischhacker, Rochester, February 21, 1915.

BRADFORD COUNTY.

Charles E. Bullock, Canton, February 21, 1915.

CAMBRIA COUNTY.

John H. Veil, Scalp Level, February 15, 1915.
Francis B. Hamilton, Johnstown, February 21, 1915.
James Gregory, South Fork, February 27, 1915.

CARBON COUNTY.

Miss Elizabeth B. Gassner, Lehighton, February 21, 1915.

CHESTER COUNTY.

Geo. R. Walton, Malvern, February 21, 1915.

LAWRENCE COUNTY.

J. Clarence Miller, New Castle, February 21, 1915.

LUZERNE COUNTY.

Wm. Whyte Hall, Pittston, February 27, 1915.

LYCOMING COUNTY.

George E. Graff, Williamsport, February 27, 1915.

PERRY COUNTY.

Charles E. Deckard, Liverpool, February 21, 1915.
Wm. Willard Helman, Liverpool, February 21, 1915.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY.

John P. Fletcher, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
Alexander Milligan, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
Charles Sanderson, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
James J. Neville, Philadelphia, February 27, 1915.

SCHULYKILL COUNTY.

Wm. Kuehn, Minersville, February 21, 1915.

SOMERSET COUNTY.

John Torquato, Windber, February 21, 1915.

BLAIR COUNTY.

Miss Kate M. Brown, Altoona, February 20, 1915.

NORTHAMPTON COUNTY.

Luigi Castellucci, South Bethlehem, February 21, 1915.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, February 9, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen: In conformity with law I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons to be Notaries Public for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, for the term of four years, to compute from the date of their confirmation:

ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

R. L. McCarthy, McKeesport.

CAMBRIA COUNTY.

John H. Morley, Johnstown.
Miss Ivy Lee Cuigg, Johnstown.
Elmer E. Worry, Johnstown.
Edwin S. Wright, Johntown.

CARBON COUNTY.

John E. Johnson, Summit Hill.

DAUPHIN COUNTY.

Miss C. Mabelle Dobbs, Harrisburg.
S. W. Fleming, Harrisburg.

DELAWARE COUNTY.

Harry W. Koch, Upper Darby Twp.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY.

Miss Mary B. Halpin, Philadelphia.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

EXECUTIVE SESSION.

By unanimous consent,

A motion was made by Mr. CROW.

That Rule 38 which requires nominations made by the Governor to be referred to proper committees and to lie on the table one day be dispensed with, and the Senate do now resolve itself into executive session, for the purpose of acting on the foregoing nominations, together with those reported from the Committee on Executive nominations at to-day's session.

Which was agreed to,

Whereupon,

A motion was made by Mr. CROW.

That the Senate do advise and consent to said nominations.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—47.

Beidleman,	Gyger,	McNichol,	Sones,
Buckman,	Hackett,	Miller,	Sproul,
Burke,	Herbst,	Mills,	Stewart,
Catlin,	Hilton,	Moore,	Thompson,
Clark,	Hindman,	Patton,	Tompkins,
Croft,	Homsher,	Phipps,	Vare,
Crow,	Jenkins,	Salus,	Warner,
Daix,	Kurtz,	Schantz,	Wasbers,
DeWitt,	Lynch,	Semmens,	Kline,
Endsley,	Magee, C. J.,	Smith, R. E.,	Pres. pro tem.
Farley,	Martin,	Smith, W. W.,	
Gerberich,	McConnell,	Snyder, C. A.,	
	McKee, W. S.,	Snyder, P. W.,	

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Governor be informed accordingly.

HOUSE MESSAGE.

HOUSE BILLS FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced, presented for concurrence bills of the House of Representatives as follows:

House Bill No. 20 (Senate Bill No. 184), entitled:

An Act authorizing cities of the third class wherein the title to the water-works therein located is in the city to extend their pipes and improvements beyond the city limits and supply water to persons corporations and municipalities within the county and regulating the supply of water

Which was committed to the Committee on Municipal Affairs.

House Bill No. 83 (Senate Bill No. 185), entitled:

An Act defining heroin, regulating the sale prescription and possession of heroin its salts derivatives and compounds and preparations and substances containing heroin or its salts derivatives or compounds and providing penalties

Which was committed to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

House Bill No. 108 (Senate Bill No. 186), entitled:

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to section one Article eight of the Constitution of Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

Mr. WASBERS. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to read a bill in place at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. WASBERS read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 187, entitled:

An Act regulating the use of eel baskets, and providing penalties

Which was committed to the Committee on Game and Fisheries.

Mr. CROFT. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to read a bill in place at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. CROFT read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 188, entitled:

An Act to repeal section one of an act, entitled "A further supplement to an act, entitled 'An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations,' approved April twenty-ninth one thousand eight hundred seventy-four, providing for the further regulation of such corporations," approved the seventeenth day of June, one thousand eight hundred eighty-seven

Which was committed to the Committee on Corporations.

RECONSIDERATION OF SENATE BILL NO. 118.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER. Mr. President, I move to reconsider the vote by which Senate Bill No. 118, entitled:

A joint resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution of Pennsylvania abolishing the office of Secretary of Internal Affairs

was defeated on second reading to-day.

The PRESIDENT. How did the Senator vote.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER. Mr. President, I voted no.

Mr GERBERICH. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The PRESIDENT. How did the Senator vote.

Mr. GERBERICH. Mr. President, I voted no.

The motion was agreed to.

And the question recurring,

Will the Senate agree to the bill?

The yeas and nays were required by Mr. SNYDER and Mr. GERBERICH and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—0.

NAYS—46.

Beidleman,	Gyger,	McNichol,	Snyder, P. W.,
Buckman,	Hackett,	Miller,	Sones,
Burke,	Herbst,	Mills,	Sproul,
Catlin,	Hindman,	Moore,	Stewart,
Clark,	Homsher,	Patton,	Thompson,
Croft,	Jenkins,	Phipps,	Tompkins,
Crow,	Kurtz,	Salus,	Vare,
Daix,	Lynch,	Schantz,	Warner,
DeWitt,	Magee, C. J.,	Semmens,	Wasbers,
Endsley,	Martin,	Smith, R. E.,	Kline,
Farley,	McConnell,	Smith, W. W.,	Pres. pro tem.
Gerberich,	McKee, W. S.,	Snyder, C. A.,	

So the question was determined in the negative.

HOUSE MESSAGE.

HOUSE BILLS FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced, presented for concurrence bills of the House of Representatives as follows:

House Bill No. 21 (Senate Bill No. 189), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the nineteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act empowering incorporated towns of this Commonwealth without petition of the property owners to grade pave curb macadamize and otherwise improve public streets or parts thereof and assess a portion of the cost of the same on the owners of property abutting thereon and providing for the collection of the same

Which was committed to the Committee on Municipal Affairs.

House Bill No. 104 (Senate Bill No. 190), entitled:

An Act regulating the manner and time of payment of employees of cities of the first class

Which was committed to the Committee on Municipal Affairs.

RECESS.

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now take a recess for ten minutes.

Mr. GERBERICH. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

AFTER RECESS.

The PRESIDENT. The time of recess having elapsed, the Senate will be in order.

HOUSE MESSAGES.

HOUSE NON-CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL NO. 75.

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced, informed the Senate that the House has non-concurred in the amendments made by the Senate to Senate Bill No. 107 (House Bill No. 75), entitled:

A Supplement to an act entitled "An Act to provide for the ordinary expenses of the Executive Judicial and Legislative Departments of the Commonwealth interest on the public debt and the support of the public schools for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and thirteen and for the payment of bills incurred and remaining unpaid at the close of the fiscal year ending May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and thirteen" as approved the sixteenth day of July Anno Domino one thousand nine hundred and thirteen Pamphlet Laws page seven hundred and fifty-five providing for deficiencies in certain appropriations made to the Executive Judicial and Legislative Departments by the act to which this is a supplement and for minor appropriations to certain of the Executive Judicial and Legislative Departments not provided for by said act

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now reconsider the vote by which this bill passed finally.

The PRESIDENT. How did the Senator vote?

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I voted "aye."

Mr. ENDSLEY. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The PRESIDENT. How did the Senator vote?

Mr ENDSLEY. Mr. President, I voted "aye."

The motion was agreed to.

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now reconsider the vote by which this bill passed third reading.

The PRESIDENT. How did the Senator vote?

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I voted "aye."

Mr. ENDSLEY. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The PRESIDENT. How did the Senator vote?

Mr ENDSLEY. Mr. President, I voted "aye."

The motion was agreed to.

And the question recurring,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to strike from the bill in section 7, in lines 2 and 3, the words "as shown by bills rendered."

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading as amended?

It was agreed to.

And the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—46.

Beidleman,	Gyger,	McNichol,	Snyder, P. W.,
Buckman,	Hackett,	Mills,	Sones,
Burke,	Herbst,	Moore,	Sproul,
Catlin,	Hindman,	Patton,	Stewart,
Clark,	Homsher,	Phipps,	Thompson,
Croft,	Jenkins,	Salus,	Tompkins,
Crow,	Kurtz,	Schantz,	Vare,
Daix,	Lynch,	Semmens,	Warner,
DeWitt,	Magee, C. J.,	Sensenich,	Wasbers,
Endsley,	Martin,	Smith, R. E.,	Kline,
Farley,	McConnell,	Smith, W. W.,	Pres. pro tem.
Gerberich,	McKee, W. S.,	Snyder, C. A.,	

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the bill be returned to the House of Representatives with the information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the House is requested.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. BUCKMAN, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 157 (House Bill No. 96), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the State Livestock Sanitary Board for the payment of necessary expenses in the eradication of foot and mouth disease and for the control of transmissible diseases in animals

BILL ON FIRST READING.

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 157 (House Bill No. 96), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the State Livestock Sanitary Board for the payment of necessary expenses in the eradication of foot and mouth disease and for the control of transmissible diseases in animals

be read the first time.

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 157 (House Bill No. 96), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the State Livestock Sanitary Board for the payment of necessary expenses in the eradication of foot and mouth disease and for the control of transmissible diseases in animals

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 172, entitled:

An Act amending the act approved the ninth day of April, one thousand eight hundred sixty-two, entitled "An Act to authorize the erection of a Poor House by the borough of Dunmore, borough of Scranton and township of Providence, in the County of Luzerne," as amended by an act approved the twenty-second day of April, one thousand eight hundred seventy-nine, entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to authorize the erection of a poor house by the borough of Dunmore, borough of Scranton, and township of Providence in the County of Luzerne,' approved April ninth, one thousand eight hundred sixty-two," by defining the Scranton Poor District, providing for the election of the Poor Board therein, defining the powers and duties of such Board, and abolishing the present office of poor directors.

BILL INTRODUCED.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to read a bill in place at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 191, entitled:

An Act relating to costs in suits before magistrates, aldermen and justices of peace, and the collection of the same.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

RECESS.

Mr. MARTIN. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now take a recess until 12:45 o'clock P. M.

Mr. DAIX. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

AFTER RECESS.

The PRESIDENT. The time of recess having elapsed, the Senate will be in order.

HOUSE MESSAGES.

HOUSE BILLS FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced, presented for concurrence bills of the House of Representatives as follows:

House Bill No. 10 (Senate Bill No. 192), entitled:

An Act regulating the manner of payment of county employees in counties having a population over one million

Which was committed to the Committee on Municipal Affairs.

House Bill No. 74 (Senate Bill No. 193), entitled:

An Act to quiet the title to real estate and to enable citizens of the United States and corporations authorized to hold real estate within this Commonwealth to hold and convey title to real estate which has been formerly held by or for corporations not authorized by law to hold the same

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

House Bill No. 95 (Senate Bill No. 194), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-fourth day of February one thousand eight hundred thirty-four entitled "An Act relating to executors and administrators" as amended

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

House Bill No. 100 (Senate Bill No. 195), entitled:

An Act validating certain sales of real estate heretofore made by guardians administrators and executors by decree of Orphans Courts

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

HOUSE MESSAGES.

HOUSE NON-CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL NO. 75.

He also informed the Senate that the House has non-concurred in the amendments made by the Senate to Senate Bill No. 107, House Bill No. 75, entitled:

A Supplement to an act entitled "An Act to provide for the ordinary expenses of the Executive Judicial and Legislative Departments of the Commonwealth interest on the public debt and the support of the public schools for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and thirteen and for the payment of bills incurred and remaining unpaid at the close of the fical year ending May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and thirteen" as approved the sixtenth day of July Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen Pamphlet Laws page seven hundred and fifty-five providing for deficiencies in certain appropriations made to the Executive Judicial and Legislative Departments by the act to which this is a supplement and for minor appropriations to certain of the Executive Judicial and Legislative Departments not provided for by said act

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now reconsider the vote by which this bill passed finally.

Mr. ENDSLEY. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now reconsider the vote by which this bill passed third reading

The PRESIDENT. How did the Senator vote?

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I voted "aye."

Mr. ENDSLEY. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The PRESIDENT. How did the Senator vote?

Mr. ENDSLEY. Mr. President, I voted "Aye."

The motion was agreed to.

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now reconsider the vote by which this bill passed third reading.

The PRESIDENT. How did the Senator vote?

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I voted "Aye."

Mr. ENDSLEY. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The PRESIDENT. How did the Senator vote?

Mr. ENDSLEY. Mr. President, I voted "Aye."

The motion was agreed to.

And the question recurring,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to strike from the bill in section 2, in lines 63, 64, 65 and 66, the words:

For the payment of stenographic and typewriter charges remaining unpaid in the office of the Attorney General the sum of two thousand five hundred and forty dollars and sixty cents ($2,540.60) or so much thereof as may be necessary

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading as amended?

It was agreed to.

And the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—48.

Beidleman,	Hackett,	McNichol,	Snyder, C. A.,
Buckman,	Herbst,	Miller,	Snyder, P. W.,
Burke,	Hilton,	Mills,	Sones,
Catlin,	Hindman,	Moore,	Sproul,
Clark,	Homsher,	Patton,	Stewart,
Croft,	Jenkins,	Phipps,	Thompson,
Crow,	Kurtz,	Salus,	Tompkins,
Daix,	Lynch,	Schantz,	Vare,
DeWitt,	Magee, C. J.,	Semmens,	Warner,
Endsley,	Martin,	Sensenich,	Washers,
Farley,	McConnell,	Smith, R. E.,	Kline,
Gerberich,	McKee, W. S.,	Smith, W. W.,	Pres. pro tem.
Gyger,			

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the bill be returned to the House of Representatives with the information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the House is requested.

RECESS.

Mr. MAGEE. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now take a recess for ten minutes.

Mr. JENKINS. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

AFTER RECESS.

The PRESIDENT. The time of recess having elapsed, the Senate will be in order.

HOUSE MESSAGES.

TIME OF NEXT MEETING.

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced, presented communication from the House of Representatives, informing the Senate that the House has concurred in resolution from the Senate as follows:

In the Senate, February 9, 1915.

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That when the Senate adjourns today it shall be to reconvene on Monday evening, February fifteenth, at nine-thirty o'clock, and when the House of Representatives adjourns this week it shall be to reconvene on Monday evening, February fifteenth, at nine o'clock.

RESOLUTION AUTHORIZING THE PRESIDENT PRO TEM. AND THE CHIEF CLERK OF THE SENATE AND THE SPEAKER AND CHIEF CLERK OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES TO EMPLOY ADDITIONAL OFFICERS AND EMPLOYES.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has concurred in resolution from the Senate as follows:

In the Senate, February 9, 1915.

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That the President pro tem. and the Chief Clerk of the Senate be authorized to employ in the Senate, and the Speaker and Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives be authorized to employ in the House such additional officers and employes as they may deem expedient to expedite the business of the present session, and the compensation and mileage of such additional officers and employes shall be provided for in the Supplement to the General Appropriation Act of one thousand nine hundred thirteen.

HOUSE CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL NO. 75.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has concurred in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 75, entitled:

A Supplement to an act entitled "An Act to provide for the ordinary expenses of the Executive Judicial and Legislative Departments of the Commonwealth interest on the public debt and the support of the public schools for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and thirteen and for the payment of bills incurred and remaining unpaid at the close of the fiscal year ending May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and thirteen" as approved the sixteenth day of July Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen Pamphlet Laws page seven hundred and fifty-five providing for deficiencies in certain appropriations made to the Executive Judicial and Legislative Departments by the act to which this is a supplement and for minor appropriations to certain of the Executive Judicial and Legislative Departments not provided for by said act

BILL SIGNED.

The PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE (Mr. Charles H. Kline) announced that the Chief Clerk having reported that the following bill had passed both houses of the General Assembly and the same being correct, the title was publicly read as follows:

House Bill No. 75, entitled:

A Supplement to an act entitled "An Act to provide for the ordinary expenses of the Executive Judicial and Legislative Departments of the Commonwealth interest on the public debt and the support of the public schools for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and thirteen and for the payment of bills incurred and remaining unpaid at the close of the fiscal year ending May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and thirteen" as approved the sixteenth day of July Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen Pamphlet Laws page seven hundred and fifty-five providing for deficiencies in certain appropriations made to the Executive Judicial and Legislative Departments by the act to which this is a supplement and for minor appropriations to certain of the Executive Judicial and Legislative Departments not provided for by said act

Whereupon,

The PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE (Mr. Charles H. Kline), in the presence of the Senate, signed the same.

COMMUNICATIONS FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Private Secretary of the Governor being introduced, presented communications in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which were read as follows:

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, February 9, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Gentlemen: In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, J. Warren Anderson to be a Justice of the Peace in and for the Township of Limerick, County of Montgomery, to serve until the first Monday of January, 1916, vice Harvey Christman, resigned.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

ALDERMAN.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, February 9, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Gentlemen: In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, Frank J. Cannon, to be an Alderman in and for the Fourth Ward of the City of Hazleton, County of Luzerne, to serve until the first Monday of January, 1916, vice Frank O'Donnell, deceased.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

EXECUTIVE SESSION.

By unanimous consent,

A motion was made by Mr. CLARK.

That Rule 38 which requires nominations made by the Governor to be referred to proper committees be dispensed with, and the Senate do now resolve itself into executive session, for the purpose of acting on the foregoing nominations,

Which was agreed to,

Whereupon,

A motion was made by Mr. CLARK.

That the Senate do advise and consent to said nominations.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS.—47.

Beidleman,	Gyger,	McKee, W. S.,	Snyder, C. A.,
Buckman,	Hackett,	McNichol,	Snyder, P. W.,
Burke,	Herbst,	Mills,	Sones,
Catlin,	Hilton,	Moore,	Sproul,
Clark,	Hindman,	Patton,	Stewart,
Croft,	Homsher,	Phipps,	Thompson,
Crow,	Jenkins,	Salus,	Tompkins,
Daix,	Kuftz,	Schantz,	Vare,
DeWitt,	Lynch,	Semmens,	Warner,
Endsley,	Magee, C. J.,	Sensenich,	Wasbers,
Farley,	Martin,	Smith, R. E.,	Kline,
Gerberich,	McConnell,	Smith, W. W.,	Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Governor be informed accordingly.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make reports from Committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. BUCKMAN, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 111, entitled:

An Act authorizing cities of the first and second classes to appropriate city funds for the maintenance of Historical Societies

Also from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 112, entitled:

An Act to amend the first section of an act, entitled "An Act to encourage county historical societies," approved the twenty-first day of May, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred one, so as to provide that the Commissioners Board, in counties where the population exceeds one million, may appropriate a sum not exceeding one thousand dollars annually, to the Chief Historical Society in said County

Also from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 114, entitled:

An Act providing for the printing, binding and distribution of the Report of the Fiftieth Anniversary of the Battle of Gettysburg Commission, entitled "Pennsylvania Gettysburg Reunion;" providing for additions to said Report and for the compiling, editing proof reading and indexing thereof; providing also for the preparation for filing of record in the State Library for their proper preservation therein of certain original manuscripts of the addresses delivered at said Reunion and of other original data, souvenirs and records relative thereto; and making appropriation therefor

ADJOURNMENT.

Mr. MAGEE. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now adjourn.

Mr. HACKETT. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The Senate adjourned at 2:30 o'clock P. M. until 9:30 o'clock Monday evening, February 15, 1915.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

TUESDAY, February 9th, 1915.

The House met at 10:00 A. M.

The SPEAKER (Charles A. Ambler) in the Chair.

PRAYER.

The Chaplain, Rev. F. W. Stayley, offered the following prayer:

Almighty God, we thank Thee that Thou art a prayer hearing God, and that Thou art a prayer answering God; and that we approach Thee through Jesus, our Redeemer, who said, "No man cometh unto the Father but by Me."

We thank Thee that some of the greatest statesmen and men of this country were men of prayer and they prayed to Thee, O God. The Father of his Country, at Valley Forge, on bended knees prayed to Thee for the hungry and starving army and his prayer was answered. That great statesmen, Abraham Lincoln, in his room prayed to Thee as a just God for the victory at Gettysburg. Garfield, that great man and great christian statesman, was a man of prayer. That sweet soul, McKinley, whose body was dying as the spirit went out, whispered:

"Nearer My God to Thee; Nearer to Thee.
Still all my song shall be,
Nearer My God to Thee, Nearer to Thee."

We thank Thee that so many Governors of States are praying men and that the Governor of our own State is a man of prayer, and may his prayers be answered and may his administration also be successful.

We thank Thee for all the praying men that we have in this House, and we know that there are times when every man's soul goes out in prayer; and may our prayers be united for the welfare of this great State and Nation, we ask, for Christ's sake. Amen.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the Journal of yesterday's proceedings.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of yesterday's proceedings, when on motion of Mr. Cromer, the further reading was dispensed with and the Journal was approved.

BILLS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED.

By Mr. PHILLIPS. House Bill No. 239.

An Act creating a bounty for the destruction of certain noxious animals and birds killed within the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania; providing a method for the payment of the same and making an appropriation therefor; providing penalties for violation of its several provisions and providing the several fees to be paid the authorities issuing certificates and taking affidavits, and repealing all acts inconsistent herewith.

Referred to the Committee on Game.

By Mr. PHILLIPS. House Bill No. 240.

An Act creating a reward or bounty for the destruction of certain noxious animals killed within the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania; providing a method for the payment of the same; and providing the method of furnishing evidence of said destruction, and penalties for the violation of the several provisions hereof.

Referred to the Committee on Game.

By Mr. HABGOOD. House Bill No. 241.

An Act to repeal an act, approved the fifth day of March, one thousand nine hundred and six, entitled "An Act to provide for the personal registration of electors in cities of the third class of this Commonwealth, to make such registration a condition of the right to vote in such cities, and to provide penalties for violation of its provisions."

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

By Mr. HABGOOD. House Bill No. 242.

An Act making a deficiency appropriation to the Northwestern Anti-Tuberculosis League, for the Grandview Sanatorium and the Bonair Sanatorium.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. PHILLIPS. House Bill No. 243.

An Act to repeal an act entitled "An Act to authorize and require road supervisors to erect and maintain suitable foot bridges for the accommodation of pedestrians, across stream where public roads cross such streams," approved the twenty-third day of April, one thousand nine hundred and nine.

Referred to the Committee on Public Roads.

By Mr. CROMER. House Bill No. 244.

An Act making an appropriation to the Fairfax Babies Home, of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. CROMER. House Bill No. 245.

An Act making an appropriation to the Little Mothers' Inn, number five, Brushton Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. DUNN. House Bill No. 246.

An Act requiring each city of the first class to establish a municipal pension fund for employes of said city, and regulating the payment of such pensions.

Referred to the Committe on Municipal Corporations.

By Mr. LAUER. House Bill No. 247.

An Act amending an act, entitled "An Act amending an act, entitled 'An Act respecting the estates of non-resident wards,' approved the twenty-third day of April, Anno Domini, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-six, extending the provisions thereof so that the same may apply to trustees and cestui que trusts," approved the thirteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine, further extending the provisions thereof, so that the same may apply where guardians and wards, trustees and cestui que trusts, are residents of foreign countries.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

By Mr. LAUER. House Bill No. 248.

An Act authorizing courts to make awards to foreign executors and administrators in certain cases.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

By Mr. WOOD. House Bill No. 249.

An Act to repeal an act, approved the thirteenth day of April, one thousand eight hundred sixty-nine, entitled "An Act relating to hawking, peddling and huckstering in the counties of Indiana and Clearfield," so far as it relates to Indiana County.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. HABGOOD. House Bill No. 250.

An Act making an appropriation to the Northwestern Anti-Tuberculosis League, for the Grandview Sanatorium and the Bonair Sanatorium.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. DUNN. House Bill No. 251.

An Act defining optometry and relating to the right to practice optometry in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, and making certain exceptions; and providing a Bureau of Optometrical Education, Examination and Licensure as a Bureau of the Department of Public Instruction; and means and methods whereby the right to practice optometry may be obtained; and providing for the means to carry out the

provisions of this Act, and providing for revocation or suspension of licenses given by said Bureau; and providing penalties for violations thereof, and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent therewith.

Referred to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

By Mr. GINGERY. House Bill No. 252.

An Act regulating the sale of vinous, spirituous, malt or brewed liquors or admixtures thereof by manufacturers, distillers, brewers, compounders, rectifiers, bottlers and wholesale dealers of and in such liquors.

Referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

By Mr. POWELL. House Bill No. 253.

An Act to amend section four of article two of an act approved the eighth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one, entitled "An Act amending article two of an act, entitled 'An Act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the anthracite coal mines of Pennsylvania and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith,' approved the second day of June, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one," increasing the per diem pay of the members of the Mine Inspectors' Examining Boards and providing for their expenses.

Referred to the Committe on Mines and Mining.

By Mr. NISSLEY. House Bill No. 254.

An Act to amend section one of an act, entitled "An Act authorizing the councils of incorporated boroughs to require the paving, curbing, and macadamizing of streets or thoroughfares, or parts thereof, and assess a portion of the cost of the same on the owners of property abutting thereon, and providing for the collection of the same, approved April twenty-third, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine, by fixing a different portion of the cost and expense which may be assessed against abutting property, where the property on one side of the street or thoroughfare desired to be improved is exempt from assessment, approved the eighth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven, by providing for the payment of exempted property abutting thereon out of the treasury of the borough from funds previously provided for the same.

Referred to the Committee on Corporations.

By Mr. REYNOLDS. House Bill No. 255.

An Act to amend Section four of an act approved the eleventh day of May one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine, entitled, "A further supplement to an act to establish a board of wardens for the Port of Philadelphia and for the regulation of pilots and pilotage, and for other purposes" approved March twenty-ninth, one thousand eight hundred and three, and for regulating the rates of pilotage and number of pilots.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

By Mr. REYNOLDS. House Bill No. 256.

An Act to further amend an act approved the thirtieth day of March one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, entitled "An Act to amend the first section of an act approved the eleventh day of May one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine, entitled 'A further supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to establish a board of wardens for the Port of Philadelphia, and for the regulation of pilots and pilotage, and for other purposes,' approved March twenty-ninth, one thousand eight hundred and three and for regulating the rates of pilotage and number of pilots.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

By Mr. VOGDES. House Bill No. 257.

An Act making an appropriation to the American Oncological Hospital, at Philadelphia.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. VOGDES. House Bill No. 258.

An Act making an appropriation to the Friends' Home for Children, situate at four thousand and eleven Aspen Street, Philadelphia.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. DAVIS. House Bill No. 259.

An Act to amend an act approved the seventh day of July, one thousand nine hundred thirteen, entitled "An Act relating to and regulating motor vehicles, and vehicles trailing after or propelled by motor vehicles; controlling their speed upon the public streets and highways in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania; providing for their registration, and licensing of certain operators, by the State Highway Department; prohibiting the operation of any motor vehicle by any person when intoxicated, or without the consent of the owner; forbidding the passage of any law laying a tax upon or requiring the registration of motor vehicles, or licensing of any operator, or regulating the speed of motor vehicles, by any county, borough, city, incorporated town, or township; establishing the rights of motor vehicles upon the public highways, with relation to other vehicles; providing for their equipment and for the width of tires to be used upon motor vehicles, and vehicles trailing after or propelled by motor vehicles; regulating the service of process and proceedings in actions for damages arising therefrom; providing for arrest, and for service of process, and proceedings for violation of this act; prescribing the penalties therefor; and providing for the disposition of fees collected and fines imposed thereunder."

Referred to the Committee on Public Roads.

By Mr. ALCORN. House Bill No. 260.

An Act to amend the first section of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the appointment of county and city inspectors of weights and measures; providing for their compensation and expenses; prescribing their duties; prohibiting vendors from giving false or insufficient weights and fixing the penalties for the violation of the provisions hereof," approved the eleventh day of May, one thousand nine hundred and eleven, as amended by the act entitled "An Act to amend an act approved the eleventh day of May, one thousand nine hundred and eleven, entitled "An Act to provide for the appointment of county and city inspectors of weights and measures; providing for their compensation and expenses; prescribing their duties; prohibiting vendors from giving false or insufficient weights; and fixing the penalties for the violation of the provisions hereof," approved July twenty-fourth, one thousand nine hundred and thirteen, by making the term of office of county and city inspectors of weights and measures four years.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. VOGDES. House Bill No. 261.

An Act making an appropriation to the West Philadelphia Hospital for Women in the City of Philadelphia.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. MAURER. House Bill No. 262.

An Act to prohibit the leasing or renting of store-houses, store-rooms, workshops and dwelling houses to any person other than a bona fide tenant who shall be an occupier or contemplated occupier and invalidating all leases and contracts for property to be sub-let between owners and Real Estate Companies House Renting concerns Commission Agents and other individuals and fixing a penalty for its violation by the owners of house renting property.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. GEARY. House Bill No. 263.

An Act making an appropriation to the Coleman Industrial Home, of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. GEARY. House Bill No. 264.

An Act making an appropriation to the Saint Joseph's Protectory for Homeless Boys, of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. SPANGLER. House Bill No. 265.

An Act providing for the taking over, construction, repair and maintenance as state highways of certain toll-roads, turnpikes, and pieces of roads whereon tolls are charged and forming part of the so-called "Lincoln Highway" in Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Public Roads.

By Mr. VOGDES. House Bill No. 266.

An Act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Working Home for Blind Men, for maintenance in handicraft employment.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. SCOTT. House Bill No. 267.

An Act making an appropriation for the Cottage State Hospital, Phillipsburg, Centre County, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. RININGER. House Bill No. 268.

An Act to amend section one of article eight of the act entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation, regulation and government of cities of the third class; regulating nomination and election of municipal officers therein; and repealing, consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto," approved the twenty-seventh day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirteen.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

By Mr. DRINKHOUSE. House Bill No. 269.

An Act making an appropriation to the Woman's Medical College of Pennsylvania, for use in the hospital department, Philadelphia.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. BALDWIN. House Bill No. 270.

A Joint Resolution relative to the use of highways by motor vehicles, and declaring the policy of the Commonwealth relative thereto.

Referred to the Committee on Public Roads.

By Mr. BALDWIN. House Bill No. 271.

An Act transferring from certain funds to another fund certain moneys appropriated to the Quarantine Physician, Philadelphia.

Referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. MAURER. House Bill No. 272.

An Act permitting fishing on Sunday.

Referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

By Mr. MATHER. House Bill No. 273.

An Act to quiet the title of real estate, and to enable citizens of the United States and corporations chartered under the laws of this Commonwealth and authorized to hold real estate therein, to hold and convey title to real estate which has formerly been held by corporations not authorized by law to hold real estate in Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. GLENN. House Bill No. 274.

An Act to amend section two thousand and thirty-five of an act entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, together with the provisions by which it shall be administered, and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof; providing revenue to establish and maintain the same, and the method of collecting such revenue; and repealing all laws, general, special or local, or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith" approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven, and relating to the management of State Normal Schools purchased by the Commonwealth.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Mr. GLENN. House Bill No. 275.

An Act defining acid treated lubricating oil; designating the name by which it shall be known; regulating the sale and labeling of the same so as to prevent fraud and deception in its sale; providing penalty for violations of this Act and the methods of procedure for its enforcement.

Referred to the Committee on Labor and Industry.

By Mr. BROSIUS. House Bill No. 276.

An Act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Memorial Home, at Brookville, Jefferson County, Pennsylvania.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. URICH. House Bill No. 277.

An Act to prevent fraud and fraudulent practices upon or by keepers of sanitoriums or private hospitals.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

By Mr. LUXEMBERGER. House Bill No. 278.

An Act making an appropriation to the Saint Patrick's Orphan Asylum of Scranton, Pennsylvania.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. WOOD. House Bill No. 279.

An Act making an appropriation to the Indiana Hospital of Indiana County, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. WOOD. House Bill No. 280.

An Act prescribing certain duties for collectors, of taxes in boroughs and townships and for county treasurers.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. VICKERMAN. House Bill No. 281.

An Act authorizing cities, boroughs, towns and townships to regulate bill-boards and other forms of outdoor advertising.

Referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

By Mr. RUDISILL. House Bill No. 282.

An Act to amend the sixth section of an act, entitled "An Act to restrain and regulate the sale of vinous and spirituous, malt or brewed liquors or any admixture thereof," approved the thirteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty seven, by providing that the certificate attached to petition for license shall bear the signatures of twelve electors not found on any other certificate in the same ward, borough, or township.

Referred to Committee on Law and Order.

By Mr. WILLIAMS. House Bill No. 283.

An Act to further regulate the granting of licenses for the sale of vinous, spirituous, malt or brewed liquors or any admixture thereof by permitting the electors of any county in this Commonwealth to determine by an election whether the granting of licenses for such sale therein shall be prohibited.

Referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

By Mr. ARON. House Bill No. 284.

An Act to regulate the manufacture and sale and to prevent the adulteration and misbranding of disinfectants, deodorants, antiseptics and germicides for external use, to regulate the labeling of such preparations, to provide for the standardization of such disinfectants, deodorants, antiseptics and germicides, and providing penalties for the violation of this act.

Referred to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

By Mr. METZENBACHER. House Bill No. 285.

An Act providing for the deepening, widening and improvement of French Creek in Crawford County, vesting certain powers in the Water Supply Commission, including the taking of land and materials by eminent domain, and making an appropriation.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. METZENBACHER. House Bill No. 286.

An Act making an appropriation to the Meadville Children's Aid Society and Home for the Aged, located at the corner of Grove Street and Williamson Road, Meadville, Crawford County, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. WILDMAN. House Bill No. 287.

An Act making an appropriation to the Harrisburg Hospital, of Harrisburg, Pennsylvania

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. THOMAS. House Bill No. 288.

An Act making an appropriation to the Mercy Hospital at Wilkes-Barre, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. REYNOLDS. House Bill No. 289.

An Act to provide for the health, safety and welfare of minors by encouraging them in wholesale industry and by forbidding their employment or work in certain occupations and under certain conditions by restricting their hours of labor and regulating their employment by requiring employment certificates and badges for certain children and prescribing rules for the issuance and re-issuance, filing return and recording thereof by providing that the Commissioner of Labor and Industry or the Chief of the Department of Mines shall under certain conditions determine and find whether certain occupations are within the prohibitions of this act, and providing for the publication of such findings requiring certain abstracts and notices to be posted; providing for the enforcement of this act by officers of the Department of Labor and Industry and the Department of Mines by the Superintendent of Public Instruction by officers of the boards of school directors and by police officers; prescribing penalties for violation of the provisions of this act, defining the procedure in prosecutions and repealing all acts and parts of acts that are inconsistent therewith.

Referred to the Committee on Manufacturers.

By Mr. GLASS. House Bill No. 290.

An Act making an appropriation to the Jewish Sheltering Home and Home for the Homeless and Aged of Philadelphia.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. HEFFERNAN. House Bill No. 291.

An Act to authorize any railroad company, street railway company, or any transportation company, incorporated or unincorporated, to issue or grant transportation at special reduced and lower rates to ministers of religion.

Referred to the Committee on Electric Railways.

By Mr. CUMMINS. House Bill No. 292.

An Act making an appropriation to the Germantown Dispensary and Hospital, in the City of Philadelphia.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. LANDIS. House Bill No. 293.

An Act making an appropriation to Philadelphia Jewish Sanatorium for Consumptives.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. GRANSBACK. House Bill No. 294.

An Act repealing the act of the twenty-second day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen, pamphlet laws page eight hundred and seventy-nine, entitled "An Act to protect the public Health and safety by regulating the erection, alteration, repair, use, occupancy, maintenance, sanitation and condemnation of dwellings, two family dwellings, rooming houses and tenements; by regulating the use, maintenance and sanitation of the grounds surrounding the same, the adjoining buildings and all vacant land in cities of the first class, providing for their inspection, the abatement of nuisances, the vacating and destroying of uninhabitable houses, and the filing of liens, creating a Division of housing and sanitation, providing for institution of prosecutions and penalties for violations of the provisions thereof, and repealing all laws inconsistent therewith."

Referred to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

By Mr. GRANSBACK. House Bill No. 295.

An Act to protect the public health in cities of the first class in this Commonwealth, and for that purpose, creating in the Department of Public Health and Charities four Bureaus to be called the Bureaus of Hospitals and Charities, Health, Sanitation and Housing; said Bureaus to have the supervision and control in said cities of Hospitals and Charities, Health, Sanitation and Housing, as herein set forth, and other matters affecting the public welfare, so far as regards the use and occupancy of all buildings, and the appurtenances thereto, occupied in whole or in part, as places of residence by more than two families living separate and apart and providing for themselves; also the licensing, supervision and control, and the use of lodging, rooming, apartment and tenement houses, fixing the responsibility for violations of any of the provisions of this act, and also giving power to said bureau to make rules and regulations to govern certain conditions affecting health, and sanitation, and the licensing of certain trades, industries, and premises, and providing for punishments and penalties for violations of any of the rules and regulations made by the Department of Public Health and Charities, or by any of its Bureaus, under the powers granted by this act; also providing for the filing of liens, also providing for the inspection by the Bureau of Building Inspection and the Fire Marshal of said cities of the first class, and repealing all laws inconsistent herewith.

Referred to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. SPANGLER, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 85, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to refund to S. L. Stayman of York, Pennsylvania, moneys erroneously paid into the State Treasury.

Mr. COX, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 66, entitled:

An Act making a deficiency appropriation to the Trustees of Temple University.

Mr. BOVEE, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 76, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to refund to the Crawford County Trust Company, a corporation of Meadville, Crawford County, Pennsylvania, moneys erroneously paid into the State Treasury.

Mr. McCAIG, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 206, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the payment of the expense of publication of amendments to the Constitution for the three years beginning June first, one thousand nine hundred and twelve.

Mr. GEISER, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported with a negative recommendation, House Bill No. 6, entitled:

An Act to amend section one of an act approved the first day of June, one thousand nine hundred and seven, entitled "An Act to increase the pay of jurors and witnesses in this Commonwealth."

RESOLUTION NO. 3.

Mr. MAURER. Mr. Speaker, I wish to call up Resolution No. 3, File Folio 109.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the resolution.

The Clerk then read the resolution as follows:

Petitioning the President and the United States Congress to prohibit the exporting of food supplies and the lending of money to any of the nations now at war

Whereas The prices of wheat flour and bread not to mention other necessities of life are rapidly rising owing to the huge and unchecked shipments of food products from our shores to the war stricken countries of Europe and

Whereas Even the United States with the largest wheat crop of any nation in history standing dominant as "the granary of the world" cannot much longer stand the strain of gigantic wheat exports to Europe without itself feeling impoverished and

Whereas To curb the war in Europe and to curb the monopolists in this country also to keep this nation from being drawn into the conflict we must starve the war by cutting off supplies and

Whereas In order to bring this about we must stop the shipping of all food to the war zone not a penny for loans not an ounce of food should leave these shores to prolong this terrible shedding of blood and

Whereas This is the only honest and complete neutrality In no other way can we be sure of keeping this nation out of that fearful whirlpool and

Whereas bread and meat and money are as necessary as men and guns and bullets for the killing of men in war Keeping food and cash here will save lives on both sides of the Atlantic therefore

Resolved by the House of Representatives of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania that the President and the Congress of the United States be and are hereby respectfully and urgently petitioned by this body to prohibit the shipping to the war zone of food supplies and furthermore forbid the lending of money to any government that has plunged its subjects into war

On the question,

Will the House agree to the resolution?

It was not agreed to.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 108, as follows:

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to section one article eight of the Constitution of Pennsylvania

Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met That the following amendment to the Constitution of Pennsylvania be and the same is hereby proposed in accordance with the eighteenth article thereof

That section one of article eight which reads as follows

"Section 1 Every male citizen twenty-one years of age possessing the following qualifications shall be entitled to vote at all elections subject however to such laws requiring and regulating the registration of electors as the General Assembly may enact

"First He shall have been a citizen of the United States at least one month

"Second He shall have resided in the State one year (or having previously been a qualified elector or native-born citizen of the State he shall have removed therefrom and returned then six months) immediately preceding the election

"Third He shall have resided in the election district where he shall offer to vote at least two months immediately preceding the election

"Fourth If twenty-two years of age and upwards he shall have paid within two years a State or county tax which shall have been assessed at least two months and paid at least one month before the election" be amended so that the same shall read as follows

Section 1 Every citizen male or female of twenty-one years of age possessing the following qualifications shall be entitled to vote at all elections subject however to such laws requiring and regulating the registration of electors as the General Assembly may enact

First He or she shall have been a citizen of the United States at least one month

Second He or she shall have resided in the State one year (or having previously been a qualified elector or native-born citizen of the State he or she shall have removed therefrom and returned then six months) immediately preceding the election

Third He or she shall have resided in the election district where he or she shall offer to vote at least two months immediately preceding the election

Fourth If twenty-two years of age and upwards he or she shall have paid within two years a State or county tax which shall have been assessed at least two months and paid at least one month before the election

Fifth Wherever the words "he" "his" "him" and "himself" occur in any section of article eight of this Constitution the same shall be construed as if written respectively "he or she" "his or her" "him or her" and "himself or herself"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker,

The SPEAKER. The gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. W. H. Wilson.

Mr. W. H. WILSON Mr. Speaker, If I were to follow my own inclinations, this bill would be submitted to the House without comment, but in view of the great change in the personnel of this House as compared with the House of two years ago, I deem it advisable that a word of explanation be given at this time. Two years ago, this same identical resolution was presented to this House and passed, as well as being passed by the Senate. It being an amendment to the Constitution of Pennsylvania requires the submission again to this Legislature. The bill or resolution is what is commonly known as the Woman's Suffrage Bill. I take it, sir, that a discussion of the merits or demerits of this resolution is now out of place; the time for that discussion has long since passed; it having passed the Pennsylvania Legislature at a preceding session and now, coming before it again, after it was fully discussed not only before both bodies of this Legislature two years ago but received full and complete discussion in the daily press throughout this Commonwealth.

I take it, sir, that this resolution has now reached the stage that it has become not only a distinct party measure but a measure which has been adopted by the platforms of all of the dominant political parties in this Commonwealth, and when the political parties in Committee met to pass upon a question of this kind and character and put their stamp and seal of approval upon it and we, as candidates for the office of representatives of the great State, in going before the people in our respective districts upon that platform adopted by the State Committee to which we belong, whether we are Republicans, whether we are Democrats, or whether we are members of any other political party in this Commonwealth, I take it, sir, that we are bound by that platform pledge. In addition to that, this resolution and the endorsement of it appears not only in the platform pledge of every political party in this Commonwealth but it appears as well in the personal platform of the present Governor of this Commonwealth, who went before the people from one end of this State to the other and who was endorsed and elected with one of the grandest majorities that has ever been given to any candidate for that high office in this State, based upon this together with other principles which he laid down in his personal platform.

So that I say sir that in view of all those circumstances with the thought and idea in mind that this is merely a referendum measure that it does not mean that every man within the sound of my voice and who is a member of this House should support this measure at the polls, but it merely means, that as a platform pledge upon which he was a candidate he should support this referendum, so that it may be submitted to the people of this Commonwealth at the next general election for them to say whether or not the women of this Commonwealth shall be entitled to the franchise.

And, sir, if our platform pledges mean anything, to my mind they mean the enunciation of a principle, upon each one of us as members stand, and if we are going to come to this Legislature in the session of 1915 with this pledge one of the prime factors in our election to this House, and then say to the people of Pennsylvania who have elected us, and sent us here to represent them, who have elected a Governor upon this same platform and have sent him here, that we now, that we are elected care nothing for our pledges, but that we are going to vote against this resolution. It is a sorry day for any political party within the confines of this Commonwealth or any other Commonwealth, and I say that in all sincerity to you gentlemen of the House. We are bound by that platform pledge to support this resolution at this time and go back home to our people and say that we have done that which our party as a party has designated we should do, and we will submit this to you at the polls, to say whether or not the women of this Commonwealth shall be given the right of suffrage, and I ask each and every man, member of this House to vote "aye" on this resolution.

Mr. BEYER. Mr. Speaker and Gentlemen of the House. No man thinks more highly than I do of the intelligence the virtue, and the patriotism of the good women of Pennsylvania, but we are not here to-day to discuss the relative virtues or the relative intelligence of the men or women of Pennsylvania. We are asked by this resolution to say to the people of this Commonwealth that we, the members of this session in conjunction with the members of the preceeding session have a proposition to make to the voters of this Commonwealth. I differ decidedly with the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Wilson. This is not a question of referendum, it is a question of a direct proposition and the word "proposition" appears in the resolution which is now before you; and the word "proposition" is a constitutional term embodied in the amendment. This law provides how measures of this kind shall be brought before the people. Therefore I repeat, sir, it is not a referendum, it is a proposition which you as men stand responsible for. It is a proposition in which you say to the intelligent men of Pennsylvania that you believe that the time has come when there is not manhood enough in Pennsylvania to govern itself. That is the proposition upon which you are asked to vote at this time in the House. Why do you suppose the framers of our Constitution made it necessary for two separate sessions to pass upon this question, if it is a mere proposition of referendum? Because of the great importance that amendments have to the people in the changing of their organic law, they have therefore in their wisdom said it is not enough for one Legislature, that might be elected by some momentary hue and cry in their respective communities from which the members come; it is not enough to trust one session of the Legislature, but we demand and we require that there must be a session to follow it. In the meantime a cooling period shall have taken place, and then when the next session comes to convene if they too are of the same opinion that an amendment should be proposed to the voters of this Commonwealth, then let them say so, and if they do, then the Secretary of the Commonwealth, following the mandate of the law, shall lay before the voters of the Commonwealth the proposition of "yes" or "no" on the amendment. To my mind, gentlemen, this is a proper occasion in which to discuss woman suffrage. This movement in its reckless haste has gone entirely too far not only in the confines of this State but throughout many of the states of the United States, and it owes its inception and it owes whatever strength it has ever had from weak man that had not the courage of their convictions to stand up and manfully support God's own organic law, which provides that men through all creation has been fit not only to govern himself but to govern others. I have seen with shame how men wearing the cloth in the holy pulpit of the Church have trod upon God's Holy law, for the sake of momentary favors and support from gossiping women members of their congregation. I have seen how the deans and professors of colleges, normal schools and educational institutions on Commencement day wanting something better to say to the young ladies that were sitting in their seats waiting to be addressed by the speaker of the hour, wanting something better to say to them as a compliment, say that the time is not far away when women like men will vote. But gentlemen there is one law which even you and the good

people of this Commonwealth in their supremacy and in their might have no right to change, and a law with which they dare not trifle because all human existence has rested upon it through all creation. There may be some that will point their finger at your humble speaker and say that he carries within him the old fogyism of the past. But, gentlemen, forget it not that there are some laws that are as unchangeable and as immutable and as fixed as the planets in the heavens, and all your legislation and efforts to change conditions between men and women will not change that organic law. When He first placed man in Paradise God laid down the rule of action upon which all mankind has rested. He then laid down an organic law. But I am told by some of my suffragist friends that every woman is not married. Let me tell you if she is not married, there will be a day coming for her when she will have an opportunity to get married. I have wondered why many of them that grow up to be old maids, have not gotten married, and I have come to the conclusion that while we have many evils in our own State, as well as in other states of this great Union of ours that might justly be righted and will be righted by the sober sense and good judgment of the manhood of this nation, that after all underlying all the evils of to-day, lies the emancipation of the woman. We have thrown our women out of our homes into the mills, into the workshops and into the busy marts of trade, everywhere where man ought to be, and if men were there to-day there would not be nearly the talk about poverty and distress there is throughout the land. Woman has taken man's place in the arts and labor, now she wants to take his place in government. I ask you, men, representative men, sent here by your constituency to see the light that God has given you, to stand by his Holy law, and not to subscribe to the false doctrines, fallacies, and tyrannies that are preached by restless women that would not be content anywhere much less than in their own homes.

I have before me on my desk a report from the Committee on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives in Washington. On that occasion in March, 1912, quite a delegation of women came from the several states, but principally from some of the fallacious Western States where men do not live as compact in the large cities as we do here, and they appeared before that Committee and they gave their reasons why in their judgment woman suffrage ought to be a national institution. Among the speakers there on that occasion introduced by the foremost spokesman of the Suffragist party was the Honorable Edward T. Taylor a member of the House of Representatives of Colorado. I am only going to read to you but a short extract from what he said on that occasion in order to impress upon you and some of those pious preachers of our State who have not taken a bold stand against this unholy movement. I am going to read to you how the suffragists abused God's Holy law, and how they abused Holy Writ, "Saint Paul's command that women be in subjection, keep silent and learn wisdom from their husbands has long since lost its authority." He might have gone still a step farther, he might have gone back into the five books of Moses and he might have said to the high brow friends of the Suffrage movement in this great Union of ours that the law of Moses and all the ten Commandments have long since lost their authority. He might have gone a step farther, he might have trifled with Holy Writ, he might have come down to the Immaculate Conception and the work of our Lord and Master and he might have said that His mission here on earth was a failure. Ah, gentlemen, my bitterness upon this matter I have felt for years. I have seen it grow like the weeds in the garden almost from the early days of my boyhood. As a student I saw the false seeds that were scattered here and there, and I do not claim that any of the poor misguided creatures who to-day wear the suffragist sash imagine that some day they will stand in the Speaker's chair and sit here in the House and use their argument against you. Gentlemen, everything they have ever said has been this, that man was not fit to do a thing, he could not do anything until women got busy in politics, and this very man Taylor that spoke before the Committee on Judiciary General in Washington enumerated some fifteen or twenty different Acts of Assembly that they had passed in Colorado and there is not one of the laws that the men of your manhood and your intelligence as representatives of a free people and a free manhood have not enacted in Pennsylvania long ago.

I tell you, it brings with it an element of conceit. Depend on it men, the women tell us we are unfit to govern ourselves. If that is the proposition, we are unfit to govern ourselves, therefore, are called upon to enlist our wives and daughters and our mothers and our sisters to help us, in the name of God, let us be decent; let us offer an amendment now and strike forever from the Constitution the word "Male" in your resolution and let it stand by "female" alone. (Applause).

Mr. CROMER. Mr. Speaker and Gentlemen of the House of Representatives, I desire at this time to state my position on this matter and what I propose to do. I have never been strongly in favor of woman suffrage nor in favor of this amendment. I am a man who is liberal in his views and I want to say that the speech of the gentleman who just resumed his Chair has almost convinced me that woman suffrage is right. (Applause). There is a question in my mind about it and I am open to conviction in this matter. I hope I am a broad minded man and open to conviction but I have always felt heretofore that it was for the best interest of the women to get along without the right of suffrage. When I am satisfied that the majority of women earnestly desire anything there is enough chivalry in my nature to grant them everything they want. A great many splendid women and men in this Commonwealth desire women suffrage. There are women of equally high character who say they do not want it. If there is any way we can learn what the majority of the people want, let us find it out.

I am going to support this resolution for three reasons and I want the gentlemen of the House to know those three reasons and to judge whether they are good or not. In the first place, you all know that the fundamental principle of our government is the statement that the will of the majority of the people should be law. The basic principle of the Republican party is the fact that the will of the majority of the people is law, and set forth in Article 1, section 2 of the Constitution of this Commonwealth, says:

"All power is inherent in the people, and all free governments are founded on their authority and instituted for their peace, safety and happiness. For the advancement of these ends they have at all times an inalienable and indefeasible right to alter, reform or abolish their government in such manner as they may think proper."

I therefore think this is right, fair and just.

Secondly, a majority of the people in the Fifth Legislative District of Allegheny County want this matter to come before the people at the polls next November, and I claim that the House of Representatives have no right to settle this matter; that it should be settled by the people. I am representing the people of my district. I am not the boss of my district. I am the servant of my district.

Listen further: I was elected on the Republican platform. This is the first plank in my party platform. I have an additional plank of my own that contains about as much moisture as the Governor's additional plank; but I feel it my duty here, as a Member of this House, to help my party to redeem the pledge that we made to the people of this Commonwealth before the election. (Applause).

Mr. RONEY. Mr. Speaker and Gentlemen of the House, despite the fact that two years ago I voted against this resolution, I feel today constrained by a unique reason to support it. There will shortly come before this House the most important measure this House will have to deal with, in the form of a Constitutional Convention Bill.

Two years ago when that bill was before this House it contained provisions that the propositions of the initiative and referendum and equal suffrage be submitted to the people as separate and distinct propositions. The trend of events in Pennsylvania, as evidenced by the overwhelming majority of the Republican party last Fall, indicates beyond any question of doubt or argument that the initiative and referendum has been excluded as a vital political measure in this State. There is, however, at this time agitated over the whole length and breadth of our Commonwealth this proposition of equal suffrage and if the Constitutional Convention Bill shall be passed a great deal of the time of that solemn body will be taken up in the discussion of the pros and cons of woman's suffrage. It, therefore, Mr. Speaker seems to be but wise and time-saving and far-seeing that this House should present to the people of Pennsylvania next Fall, not only the proposition of a Constitutional Convention but also let them decide for the guidance of that Convention what is

the peoples verdict on equal suffrage. If they oppose it, if the people, rather, vote that proposition down, the Constitutional Convention can proceed with its serious business without the slightest regard or attention to the question of equal suffrage. If the people shall indicate that equal suffrage shall be the law of this Commonwealth it can be embodied then in that newer and better constitution.

For those reasons, Mr. Speaker, I feel not only entirely justified in what I am doing but I think I would be doing an improper thing and the wrong thing if I did not change my vote from that of last session. I feel that I shall discharge my legislative responsibilities best when I vote in support of this measure and I feel with the gentleman from Philadelphia who has so ably presented the matter, that my vote today shall not in any sense control or indicate my action at the next general election. (Applause).

Mr. URICH. Mr. Speaker and Members of the House, you have heard a great deal this morning on the question of women suffrage but there is a part of it that you have not yet heard. You have probably read an article in the paper recently which shows that by passing this amendment you will be opening up the ladies to a criminal act. Down in Kentucky the other day there were several ladies arrested for selling their votes. (Applause) and I don't propose to vote for anything that will put our women in that kind of a position. We don't want them to be arrested. Nine-tenths of the ladies of this vast Commonwealth are poor people, people who can easily be reached. (Laughter).

Then there is another question that comes up, and that is that in putting this question before the people at the next election I have been informed that the cost will be over $250,000 and that money can easily be spent in a more judicious way, in a more beneficial way in helping our private institutions and helping our poor people along. So I say that I for one am unalterably opposed to the passage of this measure.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS.—130.

Adams,	Gingery,	McClintock,	Showalter,
Albee,	Glass,	McConnell,	Sinclair,
Alcorn,	Glenn,	McCurdy,	Smith, J. W.,
Arnold,	Goodnough,	McDermott,	Smith, L.,
Baldwin,	Goodwin,	McKay,	Snyder,
Beck,	Goodyear,	McNichol,	Sones,
Bergy,	Gormley,	McVicar,	Spangler,
Berntheizel,	Graham,	Mearkle,	Spencer,
Blackburn,	Greenwood,	Mellott,	Statler,
Brosius,	Habgood,	Metzenbacher,	Steedle,
Brownlee,	Harper,	Milliron,	Stone,
Brumbaugh,	Heffernan,	Murphy,	Swartz,
Bungard,	Herman,	Myers,	Thomas,
Campbell, J. O.,	Hess,	Neville,	Twibill,
Campbell, T.,	Heyburn,	Nissley,	Vickerman,
Coldsmith,	Hoffman,	Oaks,	Vogdes,
Conner,	Horton,	Ostrander,	Walsh,
Corbin,	Hubler,	Palmer,	Walter,
Cox,	Jack,	Peters,	Watson,
Cromer,	Jones, E. E.,	Phillips,	Weir,
Cummins,	Jones, W. W.,	Ramsey,	Whitaker,
Davis,	Kuhn,	Reel,	Whitten,
Dawson,	Kunkle,	Reynolds,	Wildman,
Dell,	Lauer,	Rich,	Willard,
Drinkhouse,	Leighner,	Rininger,	Williams,
Dunn,	Lindsey,	Roney,	Wilson, H. I.,
Eby,	Lipschutz,	Rowell,	Wilson, W. H.,
Ehrhardt,	Love,	Rudisill,	Wobensmith,
Evans,	Luxemburger,	Sampsel,	Wood,
Fruit,	Lynch,	Scott,	Woodward,
Gallagher,	Marvin,	Shaaber,	Wylie,
Geiser,	Mather,	Shaffer,	Ambler,
Gibson,	Maurer,	Shoop,	Speaker.

NAYS.—71.

Aron,	Flynn,	Lanius,	Schaeffer,
Arthur,	Forster,	Lauler,	Smith, Jeff. W.
Baker,	Fretz,	Luppert,	Staving,
Bauerle,	Gans,	Mangan,	Stein,
Becker,	Garner,	McArdle,	Stern,
Benn,	Geary,	McCaig,	Sullivan,
Benninger,	Gompers,	McClure,	Swan,
Beyer,	Gransback,	Murdoch,	Taylor,
Body,	Hackett,	Nieder,	Trach,
Bovee,	Haggerty,	Perry,	Urich,
Christman,	Hamilton,	Pickering,	Wagner,
Curry,	Hibshman,	Powell,	Walton,
Diefenderfer,	Howarth,	Rhoads,	Weimer,
Dodds,	Kaiser,	Richards,	West,
Eppley,	Kitts,	Rinn,	Wettach,
Erdman,	Klinger,	Robertson,	Wynne,
Fackler,	Lafferty,	Rothenberger,	Young,
Finnerty,	Landis,	Sarig,	

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 83, as follows:

An Act defining heroin, regulating the sale prescription and possession of heroin its salts derivatives and compounds and preparations and substances containing heroin or its salts derivatives or compounds and providing penalties

DEFINITIONS

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the word "heroin" as used in this act shall be understood as the chemical substance known as the diacetic acid ester of morphia and shall include all salts derivatives or compounds of heroin and shall include all substances or preparations containing heroin or its salts derivatives or compounds

The word "person" shall include co-partnerships limited partnership associations and corporations

Masculine words shall include the feminine

PROHIBITION OF SALE

Section 2 Except as specifically permitted in section five and except upon the prescription of a duly registered and practicing (a) physician (b) dentist or (c) veterinary surgeon it shall be unlawful for any person to sell furnish or give away heroin

PRESCRIPTIONS

Section 3 A prescription calling for heroin shall be given only in the course of professional practice and shall have written thereon the name and address of the person for whom it is intended

Such prescription shall be filled but once No copy thereof shall be taken or made It shall be retained and kept on file by the dispenser for at least five years from the date of filling and shall be subject to inspection at any time during such period by the State Pharmaceutical Examining Board or by any person it may authorize

HABITUAL USERS OF DRUGS

Section 4 It shall be unlawful for a physician dentist or veterinary surgeon to prescribe sell or give away heroin to any person known to such physician dentist or veterinary surgeon to be an habitual user of narcotics unless the administration of heroin is absolutely necessary in the treatment of a patient

WHOLESALERS AND MANUFACTURERS

Section 5 A manufacturer of heroin or a person engaged in the wholesale drug trade and regularly selling heroin may sell heroin only to the following

1 A duly licensed (a) pharmacist (b) physician (c) dentist or (d) veterinary surgeon

2 A manufacturer of heroin

3 A person engaged in the wholesale drug trade and regularly selling heroin

4 A bona fide hospital or dispensary

5 A public institution

6 The owner of a pharmacy or drug store

SALE OF HEROIN BY WHOLESALE

Section 6 Any sale made in pursuance of section five shall be made only under the following conditions

1 Before a delivery of the heroin is made an entry shall be made in a book to be kept by such vendor for that purpose setting forth

a The date of the sale

b The name and address of the person to whom the sale is made

c The name of the person actually making the entry in a book

d The quantity of heroin sold

e The complete name of the heroin sold

f The form in which the heroin is sold

2 This book shall be preserved for at least five years after the date of the last entry therein and during that time shall be open for inspection by any member of the State Pharmaceutical Examining Board or by any of its duly authorized agents or employes

REPORTS OF SALES

Section 7 Every manufacturer of heroin and every person engaged in the wholesale drug trade shall make a report quarterly to the State Pharmaceutical Examining Board of all sales of heroin The report shall be on blanks furnished by the Board and shall be subject to regulations imposed by the Board

POSSESSION OF HEROIN

Section 8 It is unlawful for any person to have heroin in his possession This section does not apply to

(a) A manufacturer of heroin

(b) A person engaged in the wholesale drug trade
(c) A registered pharmacist actually engaged as a retail druggist
(d) A practicing physician
(e) A practicing dentist
(f) A practicing veterinary surgeon
(g) A person having heroin by reason of a prescription duly issued to him as permitted by this act
(h) A person in the employ of (a) or (b) or (c) above and having heroin in his possession only in the regular course of his employment
(i) Any person in the employ of the United States or of this Commonwealth or of any municipality county or township and having heroin in his possession only in the regular course of his employment
(j) Any common carrier engaged bona fide in transporting heroin
(k) The person regularly in charge of drugs in any dispensary or hospital
(l) A nurse under the supervision of a physician

PENALTY

Section 9 Any person who violates any of the provisions of this act except section eight shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and on conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars or to undergo an imprisonment in the proper penitentiary not exceeding two years or both in the discretion of the court

A person who violates any of the provisions of section eight shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and on conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding one hundred dollars or to undergo an imprisonment in the county jail for a period not exceeding six months or both in the discretion of the court

DISPOSITION OF FINES

Section 10 All fines collected for the enforcement of this act shall be paid to the Board or to its specially authorized agent and shall be by the Board paid into the State Treasury to constitute there a fund to be available only in enforcing the laws the enforcement of which is entrusted to the Board

ENFORCEMENT

Section 11 The provisions of this act shall be enforced by the State Pharmaceutical Examining Board which may in the enforcement also employ such agents chemists and assistants as it may deem necessary

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS.—184.

Adams,	Fretz,	Lipschutz,	Shaaber,
Albee,	Gallagher,	Love,	Showalter,
Alcorn,	Gans,	Luppert,	Sinclair,
Arnold,	Garner,	Lynch,	Smith, Jeff. W
Aron,	Geary,	Mangan,	Smith, L.,
Arthur,	Geiser,	Marvin,	Snyder,
Baker,	Gibson,	Mather,	Sones,
Baldwin,	Gingery,	Maurer,	Spangler,
Bauerle,	Glass,	McArdle,	Spencer,
Beck,	Glenn,	McCaig,	Statler,
Becker,	Gompers,	McClintock,	Staving,
Benn,	Goodnough,	McClure,	Steedle,
Benninger,	Goodwin,	McCurdy,	Stein,
Bergy,	Goodyear,	McKay,	Stern,
Berntheizel,	Gormley,	McNichol,	Stone,
Beyer,	Graham,	McVicar,	Sullivan,
Blackburn,	Gransback,	Mearkle,	Swan,
Body,	Greenwood,	Mellott,	Swartz,
Bovee,	Habgood,	Metzenbacher,	Thomas,
Brosius,	Hackett,	Milliron,	Trach,
Brownlee,	Haggerty,	Murdoch,	Twibill,
Brumbaugh,	Hamilton,	Murphy,	Urich,
Bungard,	Harper,	Myers,	Vickerman,
Campbell, J. O.,	Heffernan,	Nieder,	Wagner,
Campbell, T.,	Herman,	Nissley,	Walsh,
Christman,	Hess,	Oaks,	Walton,
Coldsmith,	Heyburn,	Palmer,	Watson,
Conner,	Hibshman,	Perry,	Weimer,
Cox,	Hoffman,	Peters,	Weir,
Cromer,	Howarth,	Phillips,	West,
Cummins,	Hubler,	Powell,	Wettach,
Curry,	Jack,	Ramsey,	Whitaker,
Davis,	Jones, E. E.,	Reel,	Whitten,
Dawson,	Jones, W. W.,	Reynolds,	Wildman,
Diefenderfer,	Kaiser,	Richards,	Willard,
Dodds,	Kitts,	Rininger,	Wilson, H. I.,
Drinkhouse,	Klinger,	Rinn,	Wilson, W. H.
Dunn,	Kuhn,	Robertson,	Wobensmith,
Eby,	Kunkle,	Roney,	Wood,
Ehrhardt,	Lafferty,	Rothenberger,	Woodward,
Eppley,	Landis,	Rowell,	Wylie,
Erdman,	Lanius,	Rudisill,	Wynne,
Evans,	Lauer,	Sampsel,	Young,
Fackler,	Lauler,	Sarig,	Ambler,
Finnerty,	Leighner,	Schaeffer,	Speaker.
Forster,	Lindsey,	Scott,	

NAYS.—1.

Smith, J. W.,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

SENATE MESSAGE.

AMENDED HOUSE BILL RETURNED FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, returned bill from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 75, entitled:

A Supplement to an act entitled "An Act to provide for the ordinary expenses of the executive judicial and legislative departments of the Commonwealth interest on the public debt and the support of the public schools for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and thirteen and for the payment of bills incurred and remaining unpaid at the close of the fiscal year ending May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and thirteen" as approved the sixteenth day of July Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen pamphlet laws page seven hundred and fifty-five providing for deficiencies in certain appropriations made to the executive judicial and legislative departments by the act to which this is a supplement and for minor appropriations to certain of the executive judicial and legislative departments not provided for by said act

With information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The Clerk read the amendments as follows:

In line thirty-five strike out the word "one" and insert the word "two"; in line thirty-six strike out the figures "$1,500" and insert "$2,500."

Mr. SHOWALTER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to know what the amendment is. I don't find it in my file.

Mr. RONEY. Mr. Speaker, the amendment consists merely of striking out a word and substituting another. We can follow it from the original file of the House which is File 73.

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. WOODWARD. Mr. Speaker, I move that further consideration of this bill be postponed until the bill is on file.

Mr. McCAIG. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 20, entitled:

An Act authorizing cities of the third class wherein the title to the water-works therein located is in the city to extend their pipes and improvements beyond the city limits and supply water to persons corporations and municipalities within the county and regulating the supply of water.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. FORSTER. Mr. Speaker, I would like to interrogate the author of this bill and ask him to explain the contemplated change.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Allegheny, Mr. Woodward, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. WOODWARD. Mr. Speaker, yes sir.

Mr. FORSTER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to know what change this brings about?

Mr. WOODWARD. Mr. Speaker, this act is simply an enabling act that permits cities of the third class to extend their water lines into boroughs and townships adjoining the city. An act of the same character was passed for the City of Erie. The title to the water works, I understand in that city is in the name of the Commission, instead of their municipality and it enables the city to furnish water to the boroughs surrounding.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS.—193.

Adams,	Gans,	Maurer,	Smith, Jeff. W
Albee,	Garner,	McArdle	Smith, L.,
Alcorn,	Geary,	McCaig,	Snyder,
Arnold,	Geiser,	McClintock,	Sones,
Aron,	Gibson,	McClure,	Spangler,
Arthur,	Gingery,	McConnell,	Spencer,
Baker,	Glass,	McCurdy,	Statler,
Baldwin,	Glenn,	McDermott,	Staving,
Bauerle,	Goodnough,	McKay,	Steedle,
Beck,	Goodwin,	McNichol,	Stein,
Becker,	Goodyear,	McVicar,	Stern,
Benn,	Gormley,	Mearkle,	Stone,
Benninger,	Graham,	Mellott,	Sullivan,
Bergy,	Gransback,	Metzenbacher.	Swan,
Berntheizel,	Greenwood,	Milliron,	Swartz,
Beyer,	Habgood,	Murdoch,	Taylor,
Blackburn,	Hackett,	Murphy,	Thomas,
Body,	Haggerty,	Neville,	Trach,
Bovee,	Harper,	Nieder,	Twibill,
Brosius,	Heffernan,	Nissley,	Urich,
Brownlee,	Herman,	Oaks,	Vickerman,
Brumbaugh,	Hess,	Ostrander,	Vogdes,
Bungard,	Heyburn,	Palmer,	Wagner,
Campbell, J. O.,	Hibshman,	Perry,	Walsh,
Campbell, T.,	Hoffman,	Peters,	Walter,
Christman,	Hollern,	Phillips,	Walton,
Coldsmith,	Hollingsworth,	Pickering,	Weaver,
Conner,	Horton,	Powell,	Weimer,
Corbin,	Howarth,	Ramsey,	Weir,
Cox,	Hubler,	Reel,	West,
Cromer,	Jack,	Reynolds,	Wettach,
Cummins,	Jones, W. W.,	Rhoads,	Whitaker,
Curry,	Kitts,	Rich,	Whitten,
Davis,	Kaiser,	Richards,	Wildman,
Dawson,	Klinger,	Rininger,	Willard,
Diefenderfer,	Kuhn,	Rinn,	Williams,
Dodds,	Kunkle,	Robertson,	Wilson, H. I.,
Drinkhouse,	Lafferty,	Roney,	Wilson, W. H.,
Dunn,	Landis,	Rothenberger,	Wobensmith,
Eby,	Lanius,	Rowell,	Wood,
Ehrhardt,	Lauer,	Rudisill,	Woodward,
Eppley,	Lauler,	Sampsel,	Wylie,
Erdman,	Leighner,	Sarig,	Wynne,
Fackler,	Lipschutz,	Schaeffer,	Young,
Finnerty,	Love,	Scott,	Ambler,
Flynn,	Luppert,	Shaaber,	Speaker.
Forster,	Luxemburger,	Shaffer,	
Fretz,	Mangan,	Shoop,	
Fruit,	Marvin,	Sinclair,	
Gallagher,	Mather,	Smith, J. W.,	

NAYS.—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered,, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 104, entitled:

An Act regulating the manner and time of payment of employes of cities of the first class

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS.—191

Adams,	Gallagher,	Maurer,	McCaig,
Albee,	Gans,	McClintock,	McArdle,
Alcorn,	Garner,	McClure,	Smith, Jeff. W.
Arnold,	Geary,	McConnell,	Smith, L.,
Aron,	Gingery,	McCurdy,	Sones,
Arthur,	Glass,	McDermott,	Spangler,
Baker,	Glenn,	McKay,	Spencer,
Baldwin,	Goodnough,	McNichol,	Statler,
Bauerle,	Goodwin,	McVicar,	Staving,
Beck,	Goodyear,	Mearkle,	Steedle,
Becker,	Graham,	Mellott,	Stein,
Benn,	Gransback,	Metzenbacher,	Stern,
Benninger,	Greenwood,	Milliron,	Stone,
Bergy,	Habgood,	Murdoch,	Sullivan,
Berntheizel,	Hackett,	Murphy,	Swan,
Beyer,	Haggerty,	Myers,	Swartz,
Blackburn,	Hamilton,	Neville,	Thomas,
Body,	Harper,	Nieder,	Trach,
Bovee,	Heffernan,	Nissley,	Twibill,
Brosius,	Herman,	Oaks,	Urich,
Brumbaugh,	Hess,	Ostrander,	Vickerman,
Bungard,	Heyburn,	Palmer,	Vogdes,
Campbell, J. O.,	Hibshman,	Perry,	Wagner,
Campbell, T.,	Hoffman,	Peters,	Walsh,
Christman,	Hollern,	Pickering,	Walter,
Coldsmith,	Hollingsworth,	Powell,	Walton,
Conner,	Horton,	Ramsey,	Weimer,
Corbin,	Howarth,	Reel,	Weir,
Cox,	Hubler,	Reynolds,	West,
Cromer,	Jack,	Rhoads,	Wettach,
Cummins,	Jones, W. W.,	Rich,	Whitaker,
Curry,	Kaiser,	Rininger,	Whitten,
Davis,	Klinger,	Rinn,	Wildman,
Dawson,	Kuhn,	Robertson,	Willard,
Dell,	Kunkle,	Roney,	Williams,
Diefenderfer,	Lafferty,	Rothenberger,	Wilson, H. I.,
Dodds,	Landis,	Rowell,	Wilson, W. H.,
Drinkhouse,	Lanius,	Sampsel,	Wobensmith,
Dunn,	Lauer,	Sarig,	Wood,
Eby,	Lauler,	Schaeffer,	Woodward,
Ehrhardt,	Leighner,	Scott,	Wylie,
Erdman,	Lipschutz,	Shaaber,	Wynne,
Evans,	Love,	Shaffer,	Young,
Fackler,	Luxemburger,	Shoop,	Ambler,
Finnerty,	Lynch,	Showalter,	Speaker.
Flynn,	Mangan,	Sinclair,	
Forster,	Marvin,	Smith, J. W.,	
Fretz,	Mather,		
Fruit,			

NAYS.—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered,, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order.

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 21. as follows:

An Act to amend an act approved the nineteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act empowering incorporated towns of this Commonwealth without petition of the property owners to grade pave curb macadamize and otherwise improve public streets or parts thereof and assess a portion of the cost of the same on the owners of property abutting thereon and providing for the collection of the same"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the first section of an act approved the nineteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act empowering incorporated towns of this Commonwealth without petition of the property owners to grade pave curb macadamize and otherwise improve public streets or parts thereof and assess a portion of the cost of the same on the owners of property abutting thereon and providing for the collection of the same" which reads as follows

"Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That all incorporated towns in this Commonwealth shall have power without petition of property owners to grade pave curb macadamize and otherwise improve public streets or parts thereof which are now or may hereafter be laid out and opened in any of said incorporated towns and collect in the manner hereinafter provided two-thirds of the cost and expenses of the same from the owners of real estate bounding or abutting thereon by an equal assessment on the feet front bounding or abutting as aforesaid said assessment to be estimated by the street commissioner or person in charge of said work or other competent authority designated by the council of said incorporated town Provided That the ordinance authorizing and directing such improvement shall be adopted and enacted by the affirmative vote of two-thirds of all members comprising the council of said incorporated town and shall be presented to the burgess or chief executive of said incorporated town for his approval If the burgess or chief executive approve said ordinance he shall sign it but if he shall not approve he shall return it with his objections to the council at the next regular meeting thereof when said objections shall be entered at large upon the minutes and at the next succeding regular meeting of council after the return of said ordinance the council shall proceed to a reconsideration thereof If after such consideration all of the members elected to the council shall vote to pass said ordinance it shall then become and be of as full force and effect as if the burgess or chief executive had signed it but in such case the vote of the members of the council shall be determined by yeas and nays and the names and votes of the members shall be entered in the minutes If such ordinance shall not be returned by the burgess or chief executive at the next regular meeting of council after the same shall have ben presented to him it shall likewise become and be in as full force and effect as if he had signed it No such ordinance shall be finally adopted and enacted in less than thirty days from the date of its introduction and in the meantime copies of said ordinance shall be published in a newspaper in said incorporated town or circulating therein once a week for two weeks and by at least five handills posted along the proposed improvement ten days before the final passage in council of such ordinance" is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 1 All incorporated towns shall have power without petition of property owners to grade pave curb macadamize and otherwise improve public highways or parts thereof which are now or may hereafter be laid out and opened in any of said incorporated towns and collect in the manner hereinafter provided two-thirds of the cost and expense of the same from the owners of real estate bounding or abutting on such highways by an equal assessment on the feet front bounding or abutting as aforesaid The word "highways" includes streets lanes avenues alleys courts squares and public places The assessment shall be estimated by the street commissioner or person in charge of said work or other competent authority designated by the council of said incorporated town The ordinance authorizing and directing such improvement shall be adopted and enacted by the affirmative vote of

two-thirds of all members comprising the council of the incorporated town and shall be presented to the burgess or chief executive of the incorporated town for his approval If the burgess or chief executive approve the ordinance he shall sign it If he shall not approve he shall return it with his objections to the council at the next regular meeting thereof when the objections shall be entered at large upon the minutes At the next succeding regular meeting of council after the return of the ordinance the council shall proceed to a reconsideration thereof If after such consideration all of the members elected to the council shall vote to pass the ordinance it shall then be of as full force and effect as it the burgess or chief executive had signed it In such case the vote of the members of the council shall be determined by yeas and nays and the names and votes of the members shall be entered in the minutes If such ordinance shall not be returned by the burgess or chief executive at the next regular meeting of council after it has been presented to him it shall likewise be of as full force and effect as if he had signed it No such ordinance shall be enacted in less than thirty days from the date of its introduction and in the meantime copies of said ordinance shall be published in a newspaper in said incorporated town or circulating therein once a week for two weeks and by at least five handbills posted along the proposed improvements ten days before the final passage in council of such ordinance

Section 2 The second section of said act which reads as follows

"Section 2 All municipal assessments for grading paving curbing macadamizing or otherwise improving public streets or parts thereof as aforesaid shall be filed with the clerk or secretary of the incorporated town who shall thereupon cause thirty days written or printed notice to be given to each party assessed either by service on the owner or agent or left on the assessed premises that the assessments are due and payable If said assessments or any of them shall remain unpaid at the expiration of said notice the same shall be placed in the hands of the solicitor of said town for collection whose duty it shall be to collect the same together with five per centum additional as attorney's commission and interest from the completion of the grading paving curbing macadamizing or other improvement by a municipal claim filed against the delinquent owner describing the premises upon which a scire facias may issue When an owner has two or more lots against which there is an assessment for the same improvement all of said lots shall be embraced in one claim" is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 2 All municipal assessments for grading paving curbing macadamizing or otherwise improving public highways or parts thereof as aforesaid shall be filed with the clerk or secretary of the incorporated town who shall thereupon cause thirty days written or printed notice to be given each party assessed either by service on the owner or agent or left on the assessed premises that the assessments are due and payable If such assessments or any of them shall remain unpaid at the expiration of said notice the same shall be placed in the hands of the solicitor of said town for collection whose duty it shall be to collect the same together with five per centum additional as attorney's commission and interest from the completion of the grading paving curbing macadamizing or other improvements by a municipal claim filed against the delinquent owner describing the premises upon which a scire facias may issue When an owner has two or more lots against which there is an assessment for the same improvement all of said lots shall be embraced in one claim

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. HERMAN. Mr. Speaker, I would like to interrogate the sponsor of this bill and ask him to explain the meaning of it.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Columbia, Mr. Shaffer, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. SHAFFER. Mr. Speaker, I will.

Mr. HERMAN. Mr. Speaker, I would like to ask the gentleman what this bill means.

Mr. SHAFFER. Mr. Speaker, all that this bill does, is to conform with the borough act passed four years ago. And it applies to incorporated towns, that is all there is to it. It includes taking in lanes, alleys and so forth.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows:

YEAS.—183.

Adams,	Geiser,	Maurer,	Smith, L.,
Albee,	Gingery,	McArdle,	Sones,
Alcorn,	Glass,	McCaig,	Spangler,
Arnold,	Gompers,	McClintock,	Spencer,
Aron,	Goodnough,	McClure,	Statler,
Arthur,	Goodwin,	McConnell,	Staving,
Baker,	Goodyear,	McCurdy,	Steedle,
Baldwin,	Gormley,	McDermott,	Stein,
Bauerle,	Graham,	McKay,	Stern,
Becker,	Gransback,	McNichol,	Stone,
Benn,	Greenwood,	McVicar,	Sullivan,
Bergy,	Habgood,	Mearkle,	Swan.
Berntheizel,	Hackett.	Mellott,	Swartz,
Beyer,	Haggerty,	Metzenbacher,	Thomas,
Blackburn,	Harper,	Milliron,	Trach.
Body,	Heffernan,	Murdoch,	Twibill,
Bovee,	Herman,	Murphy,	Urich,
Brownlee,	Hess,	Myers,	Vickerman,
Brumbaugh,	Heyburn,	Neville,	Vogdes,
Bungard,	Hibshman,	Nieder,	Wagner,
Campbell, J. O.,	Hollern,	Nissley,	Walsh,
Campbell, T.,	Hollingsworth,	Oaks,	Walton,
Christman,	Horton,	Ostrander,	Watson,
Coldsmith,	Howarth,	Palmer,	Weimer,
Conner,	Hubler,	Perry,	Weir,
Cox,	Jack,	Peters,	West,
Cromer,	Jones, E. E.,	Phillips,	Wettach,
Cummins,	Jones, W. W.,	Pickering,	Whitaker,
Curry,	Kaiser,	Powell,	Whitten,
Davis,	Kitts,	Ramsey,	Wildman,
Dawson,	Klinger,	Reynolds,	Willard,
Dell,	Kuhn,	Rhoads,	Williams,
Dodds,	Kunkle,	Rich,	Wilson, H. I.,
Drinkhouse,	Lafferty,	Richards,	Wilson, W. H.,
Dunn,	Landis,	Rininger,	Wobensmith,
Eby,	Lanius,	Robertson,	Wood,
Ehrhardt,	Lauer,	Roney,	Woodward,
Erdman,	Leighner,	Sampsel,	Wylie,
Evans,	Lindsey,	Schaeffer,	Wynne,
Fackler,	Lipschutz,	Scott,	Young,
Finnerty,	Love,	Shaaber,	Ambler,
Flynn,	Luppert,	Shaffer,	Speaker.
Forster,	Luxemburger,	Shoop,	
Fretz,	Lynch,	Showalter,	
Gallagher,	Mangan,	Sinclair,	
Gans,	Marvin,	Smith, J. W.,	
Garner,	Mather,	Smith, Jeff. W.	
Geary,			

NAYS.—7.

Benninger,	Reel,	Rothenberger,	Sarig,
Diefenderfer,	Rinn,	Rowell,	

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered,, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

SENATE MESSAGE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, presented extracts from the Journal of the Senate which were laid upon the table.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 74, entitled:

An Act to quiet the title to real estate and to enable citizens of the United State and corporations authorized to hold real estate within this Commonwealth to hold and convey title to real estate which has been formerly held by or for corporations not authorized by law to hold the same

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. MAURER. Mr. Speaker, I would like to interrogate the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Glass.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. GLASS. Mr. Speaker, I will.

Mr. MAURER. Mr. Speaker, I would be obliged for information from the gentleman as to just why this act is necessary.

Mr. GLASS. Mr. Speaker, this bill is intended to validate the sales by corporations and to entitle them by law to make conveyances in this State, and to validate sales that are made by corporations to citizens. Under the laws of this Commonwealth they are not entitled to hold, but can convey. This bill is to validate conveyances which may have been made since the passage of the act of the last session of the Legislature. A similar act was passed in the session of 1913, and this act simply is passed to validate any conveyances that have been made since the passage of the other act.

Mr. MAURER. The purpose of my rising to ask for the information is this: I suppose most of you remember that I presented a resolution to this House a week ago asking that the Attorney General be instructed to investigate certain irregular land deals in this State. There are many titles that are very irregular and I fear that the passage of this would immediately act as a brake on the resolution that I have now before this House. And I do not think that if there is anything required in any title that we should pass this bill at this time.

Mr. LAUER. This bill was passed by every Legislature for the last 20 years. It simply refers to affairs existing in foreign corporations—a corporation chartered by the laws of a neighboring state for example, Delaware or New Jersey. In the course of their business they obtained title to real estate; they cannot hold it, and they sell it to an innocent purchaser. This is simply to protect the innocent purchaser of real estate, and has no relation to any corporate holding.

They cannot hold real estate, they can only transfer it and this bill enables the citizens of Pennsylvania to perfect their title. In view of the fact that it has been passed by so many legislatures, I ask that this Assembly today vote upon it favorably.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS.—188.

Adams,	Gans,	Lynch,	Shoop,
Albee,	Garner,	Mangan,	Showalter,
Alcorn,	Geary,	Marvin,	Smith, J. W.,
Arnold,	Geiser,	Mather,	Smith, Jeff. W.
Aron,	Gibson,	McArdle,	Smith, L.,
Arthur,	Gingery,	McCaig,	Snyder,
Bauerle,	Glass,	McClintock,	Sones,
Beck,	Glenn,	McClure,	Spangler,
Becker,	Gompers,	McConnell,	Spencer,
Benn,	Goodnough,	McCurdy,	Statler,
Benninger,	Goodwin,	McDermott,	Staving,
Bergy,	Goodyear,	McKay,	Steedle,
Berntheizel,	Gormley,	McNichol,	Stein,
Beyer,	Graham,	McVicar,	Stern,
Blackburn,	Gransback,	Mearkle,	Stone,
Body,	Greenwood,	Mellott,	Sullivan,
Bovee,	Habgood,	Milliron,	Swartz,
Brosius,	Hackett,	Murdoch,	Thomas,
Brownlee,	Haggerty,	Murphy,	Trach,
Brumbaugh,	Hamilton,	Myers,	Twibill,
Bungard,	Harper,	Neville,	Urich,
Campbell, J. O.,	Heffernan,	Nieder,	Vickerman,
Campbell, T.,	Herman,	Nissley,	Vogdes,
Christman,	Hess,	Oaks,	Wagner,
Coldsmith,	Heyburn,	Ostrander,	Walsh,
Conner,	Hibshman,	Palmer,	Walter,
Corbin,	Hoffman,	Perry,	Walton,
Cox,	Hollern,	Peters,	Watson,
Cromer,	Hollingsworth,	Phillips,	Weaver,
Cummins,	Horton,	Pickering,	Weimer,
Curry,	Howarth,	Powell,	Weir,
Davis,	Hubler,	Ramsey,	West,
Dawson,	Jack,	Reel,	Wettach,
Dell,	Jones, W. W.,	Reynolds,	Whitaker,
Diefenderfer,	Kaiser,	Rhoads,	Whitten,
Dodds,	Kitts,	Rich,	Wildman,
Drinkhouse,	Klinger,	Richards,	Willard,
Dunn,	Kuhn,	Rininger,	Williams,
Eby,	Kunkle,	Rinn,	Wilson, W. H.,
Ehrhardt,	Lafferty,	Robertson,	Wobensmith,
Eppley,	Landis,	Roney,	Wood,
Erdman,	Lanius,	Rothenberger,	Woodward,
Evans,	Lauer,	Rowell,	Wylie,
Fackler,	Lauler,	Rudisill,	Wynne,
Finnerty,	Leighner,	Sampsel,	Young,
Flynn,	Lindsey,	Schaeffer,	Ambler.
Forster,	Lipschutz,	Scott,	Speaker.
Fretz,	Love,	Shaaber,	
Fruit,	Luppert,	Shaffer,	
Gallagher,	Luxemburger,		

NAYS.—3.

Baker, Maurer, Sarig,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered,, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

RECONSIDERATION OF VOTE.

Mr. W. H. WILSON. I move that the vote by which House Bill No. 75, entitled

A Supplement to an act entitled "An Act to provide for the ordinary expenses of the Executive Judicial and Legislative Departments of the Commonwealth interest on the public debt and the support of the public schools for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and thirteen and for the payment of bills incurred and remaining unpaid at the close of the fiscal year ending May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and thirteen" as approved the sixteenth day of July Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen Pamphlet Laws page seven hundred and fifty-five providing for deficiencies in certain appropriations made to the Executive Judicial and Legislative Departments by the act to which this is a supplement and for minor appropriations to certain of the Executive Judicial and Legislative Departments not provided for by said act.

was postponed from present consideration by reason of not being on the calendar be reconsidered.

The motion was agreed to.

HOUSE NON-CONCURS IN SENATE AMENDMENTS.

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, there are certain amendments in this bill, which is known as the General Deficiency Bill, which do not meet with the approval of the sponsor of the bill and other members of the House.

I therefore move that we now concur in the amendments made by the Senate.

Mr. WOODWARD. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 10, entitled:

An Act regulating the manner of payment of county employes in counties having a population over one million

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS.—191.

Adams,	Fruit,	Marvin,	Shoop,
Albee,	Gallagher,	Mather,	Showalter,
Alcorn,	Garner,	Maurer,	Sinclair,
Arnold,	Gans,	McArdle,	Smith, Jeff. W.
Aron,	Geary,	McCaig,	Smith, L.,
Arthur,	Geiser,	McClintock,	Snyder,
Baker,	Gibson,	McClure,	Sones,
Baldwin,	Gingery,	McConnell,	Spangler,
Bauerle,	Glass,	McCurdy,	Spencer,
Beck,	Glenn,	McDermott,	Statler,
Becker,	Gompers,	McKay,	Staving,
Benn,	Goodnough,	McNichol,	Steedle,
Benninger,	Goodwin,	McVicar,	Stein,
Bergy,	Goodyear,	Mearkle,	Stern,
Berntheizel,	Gormley,	Mellott,	Stone,
Beyer,	Graham,	Metzenbacher,	Sullivan,
Blackburn,	Gransback,	Milliron,	Swan,
Body,	Greenwood,	Murdoch,	Swartz,
Bovee,	Habgood,	Murphy,	Thomas,
Brosius,	Hackett,	Myers,	Trach,
Brownlee,	Haggerty,	Neville,	Twibill,
Brumbaugh,	Harper,	Nieder,	Urich,
Bungard,	Heffernan,	Nissley,	Vickerman,
Campbell, J. O.,	Herman,	Oaks,	Vogdes,
Campbell, T.,	Hess,	Ostrander,	Walsh,
Christman,	Heyburn,	Palmer,	Walter,
Coldsmith,	Hibshman,	Perry,	Walton,
Conner,	Hoffman,	Peters,	Watson,
Corbin,	Horton,	Phillips,	Weimer,
Cox,	Howarth,	Pickering,	Weir,
Cromer,	Hubler,	Powell,	Wettach,
Cummins,	Jack,	Ramsey,	Whitaker,
Curry,	Jones, W. W.,	Reel,	Whitten,
Davis,	Kaiser,	Reynolds,	Wildman,
Dawson,	Kitts,	Rhoads,	Willard,
Dell,	Klinger,	Rich,	Williams,
Diefenderfer,	Kuhn,	Richards,	Wilson, H. L.,
Dodds,	Kunkle,	Rininger,	Wilson, W. H.,
Drinkhouse,	Lafferty,	Rinn,	Wobensmith,
Dunn,	Landis,	Robertson,	Wood,
Eby,	Lanius,	Roney,	Woodward,
Ehrhardt,	Lauer,	Rothenberger,	Wylie,
Eppley,	Lauler,	Rowell,	Wynne,
Erdman,	Leighner,	Rudisill,	Young,
Evans,	Lindsey,	Sampsel,	Ambler,
Fackler,	Lipschutz,	Sarig,	Speaker.
Finnerty,	Love,	Schaeffer,	
Flynn,	Luppert,	Scott,	
Forster,	Luxemburger,	Shaaber,	
Fretz,	Lynch,	Shaffer,	
	Mangan,		

NAYS.—2.

Smith, J. W., West,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 100, as follows:

An Act validating certain sales of real estate herefore made by guardians administrators and executors by decree of orphans' court

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That all sales of real estate by guardians administrators and executors heretofore made under any decree of orphans' court are hereby validated

if a bond was given by the guardian administrator or executor duly approved by the orphans court ordering said sale This act shall not effect any elgal proceedings now pending in any court of this Commonwealth

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS.—194.

Adams,	Fretz,	Luppert,	Shaffer,
Albee,	Gallagher,	Luxemburger,	Shoop,
Alcorn,	Gans,	Mangan,	Showalter,
Arnold,	Garner,	Marvin,	Sinclair,
Aron,	Geary,	Mather,	Smith, J. W.,
Arthur,	Geiser,	Maurer,	Smith, Jeff. W
Baker,	Gibson,	McAndle,	Smith, L.,
Baldwin,	Gingery,	McCaig,	Snyder,
Bauerle,	Glass,	McClintock,	Sones,
Beck,	Gompers,	McClure,	Spangler,
Becker,	Goodnough,	McCurdy,	Spencer,
Benn,	Goodwin,	McDermott,	Statler,
Benninger,	Goodyear,	McKay,	Staving,
Bergy,	Gormley,	McNichol,	Steedle,
Berntheizel,	Graham,	McVicar,	Stein,
Beyer,	Gransback,	Mearkle,	Stern,
Blackburn,	Greenwood,	Mellott,	Stone,
Body,	Habgood,	Metzenbacher,	Sullivan,
Bovee,	Hackett,	Milliron,	Swan,
Brosius,	Haggerty,	Murdoch,	Swartz,
Brownlee,	Hamilton,	Murphy,	Thomas,
Brumbaugh,	Harper,	Myers,	Trach,
Bungard,	Heffernan,	Neville,	Twibill,
Campbell, J. O.,	Herman,	Nieder,	Urich,
Campbell, T.,	Hess,	Nissley,	Vickerman,
Christman,	Heyburn,	Oaks,	Vogdes,
Coldsmith,	Hibshman,	Ostrander,	Walsh,
Conner,	Hoffman,	Perry,	Walter,
Corbin,	Hollern,	Peters,	Walton,
Cox,	Hollingsworth,	Phillips,	Watson,
Cromer,	Horton,	Pickering,	Weimer,
Cummins,	Howarth,	Powell,	Weir,
Curry,	Hubler,	Ramsey,	West,
Davis,	Jack,	Reel,	Wettach,
Dawson,	Jones, E. E.,	Reynolds,	Whitaker,
Dell,	Jones, W. W.,	Rhoads,	Whitten,
Diefenderfer,	Kaiser,	Rich,	Wildman,
Dodds,	Kitts,	Richards,	Willard,
Drinkhouse,	Klinger,	Rininger,	Wilson, H. I.,
Dunn,	Kuhn,	Rinn,	Wilson, W. H.,
Eby,	Kunkle,	Robertson,	Wobensmith,
Ehrhardt,	Lafferty,	Roney,	Wood,
Eppley,	Lanius,	Rothenberger,	Woodward,
Erdman,	Lauer,	Rowell,	Wylie,
Evans,	Lauler,	Sampsel,	Wynne,
Fackler,	Leighner,	Sarig,	Young,
Finnerty,	Lindsey,	Schaeffer,	Ambler,
Flynn,	Lipschutz,	Scott,	Speaker.
Forster,	Love,	Shaaber,	

NAYS.—1.

Palmer,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 103, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. DUNN. Mr. Speaker, I move that the further consideration of this bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. PERRY. I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 95, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-fourth day of February one thousand eight hundred thirty-four entitled "An Act relating to executors and administrators" as amended

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS.—125.

Adams,	Fretz,	Lynch,	Sones,
Albee,	Gans,	Mangan,	Spangler,
Arnold,	Garner,	McAndle,	Staving,
Aron,	Geary,	McCaig,	Steedle,
Arthur,	Geiser,	McClintock,	Stein,
Baldwin,	Glass,	McClure,	Stern,
Bauerle,	Goodnough,	McConnell,	Stone,
Becker,	Goodyear,	McCurdy,	Sullivan,
Benn,	Gormley,	McDermott,	Swan,
Berntheizel,	Graham,	McKay,	Swartz,
Beyer,	Gransback,	Mellott,	Thomas,
Blackburn,	Greenwood,	Metzenbacher,	Trach,
Body,	Habgood,	Murdoch,	Twibill,
Brumbaugh,	Hackett,	Nevi[illegible]	Urich,
Bungard,	Haggerty,	Nied[illegible]	Vickerman,
Campbell, J. O.,	Harper,	Oaks,	Vogdes,
Campbell, T.,	Heffernan,	Ostran[illegible]	Walsh,
Christman,	Hess,	Palmer,	Walter,
Cox,	Heyburn,	Perry,	Walton,
Cummins,	Hibshman,	Pickering,	Watson,
Curry,	Hoffman,	Powell,	Weimer,
Davis,	Hollingsworth,	Ramsey,	Weir,
Dawson,	Hubler,	Reynolds,	West,
Dodds,	Jones, E. E.,	Richards,	Wilson, H.,
Drinkhouse,	Jones, W. W.,	Rininger,	Wobensmith,
Dunn,	Kaiser,	Roney,	Wylie,
Eby,	Klinger,	Rowell,	Young,
Ehrhardt,	Lafferty,	Schaeffer,	Ambler,
Fackler,	Lauer,	Scott,	Speaker.
Finnerty,	Lipschutz,	Shoop,	
Flynn,	Love,	Sinclair,	
Forster,	Luxemburger,	Smith, Jeff. W.	

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Nevi[illegible]
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Palmer,
Perry,
Pickering,
Powell,
Ramsey,
Reynolds,
Richards,
Rininger,
Roney,
Rowell,
Schaeffer,
Scott,
Shoop,
Sinclair,
Smith, Jeff. W.

WOODWARD. Mr.
motion was agreed
LSON. Mr.
ed by the
I ask
Senate
Wilson, H.,
Wobensmith,
Wylie,
Young,
Ambler,
Speaker.

NAYS.—60.

Alcorn,	Glenn,	Metzenbacher,	Shaffer,
Baker,	Gompers,	Milliron,	Smith, J. W.,
Beck,	Goodwin,	Murphy,	Smith, L.,
Benninger,	Hamilton,	Myers,	Snyder,
Brosius,	Herman,	Nissley,	Spencer,
Brownlee,	Horton,	Peters,	Statler,
Corbin,	Jack,	Phillips,	Trach,
Cromer,	Kuhn,	Reel,	Walter,
Diefenderfer,	Kunkle,	Rhoads,	West,
Eppley,	Lanius,	Rich,	Williams,
Erdman,	Lauler,	Robertson,	Wilson, H. I.,
Evans,	Leighner,	Rothenberger,	Wood,
Fruit,	Luppert,	Rudisill,	Wynne,
Gallagher,	Marvin,	Sampsel,	
Gibson,	McKay,	Sarig,	
Gingery,	Mellott,	Shaaber,	

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered,, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Mr. REYNOLDS. I ask unanimous consent of the House to call up Resolution No. 2 at this time.

The SPEAKER. Will the House give it unanimous consent to the calling up of this resolution? Is there any objection? The Chair hears none and the resolution will be read by the Clerk.

The Clerk then read the resolution as follows:

Whereas Numerous requests have been made to the Pennsylvania State Board of Censors for the exhibition of motion pictures in the hall of the House of Representatives during the present session

Be it resolved That the use of the hall of the House of Representatives be granted to the Pennsylvania State Board of Censors for the purpose of giving an exhibition of motion pictures to the members of the House and Senate on Tuesday March second one thousand nine hundred and fifteen at seven-thirty o'clock post meridian

On the question,

Will the House agree to the Resolution?

It was agreed to.

RECESS.

The SPEAKER. If agreeable to the House, the House will take a recess until 12:30 P. M.

AFTER RECESS.

The House reconvened at 12:30 o'clock.
The SPEAKER (Charles A. Ambler) in the Chair.

SENATE MESSAGE.

SENATE RECEDES FROM AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced informed that the Senate has receded from its amendment to lines 2 and 3 of Section 7 of House Bill No. 75, as follows:

Amend by striking out the words "as shown by bills rendered," so as to leave the bill in the original form.

non-concurred in by the House of Representatives, but adheres to the other amendments of said bill.

RECONSIDERATION OF VOTE.

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, now, that the Senate has receded from the objectionable amendment, I move that the vote by which the House refused to concur in the amendments of the S[illegible] be reconsidered.

Mr. Lee, Haggerty, Speaker, I second the motion.
The ugh, Hamilton, to.
Harper,
Mr. W. O., Heffernan, peaker, the balance of the amendments inse Herman, enate are satisfactory to the sponsor of the bill an Hess, the House to concur in the balance of the amendments.
Heybur

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the amendments made by the Senate and will first read the amendment that they receded from.

The Clerk then read the amendment as follows:

Amend section 7, lines 2 and 3, by striking out the words "as shown by bills rendered," so as to leave the bill in the original form.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will now read the amendments in which the Senate has asked the House to concur.

The Clerk then read the amendments as follows:

On page 3, line 35, strike out the word "one." Line 36, insert the word "two" and strike out "($1,500)" and insert "($2,500)."

Lines 51, 52, 53, 54 and 55, amend "For the payment of costs in suits against delinquent dealers for mercantile and other licenses incurred during the years one thousand nine hundred and thirteen and one thousand nine hundred and fourteen the additional sum of five thousand dollars ($5,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary."

On page 4, lines 63, 64, 65 and 66, amend "For the payment of stenographic and typewriter charges remaining unpaid in the office of the Attorney-General the sum of two thousand five hundred and forty dollars and sixty cents ($2,540.60) or so much thereof as may be necessary."

The SPEAKER. The question is on concurring in the amendments.

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, that amendment dates back to a proposition which was presented to this House two years ago dealing with expenses incurred by the so-called Catlin Commission. By the language of that particular section, these expenses could be paid. This House two years ago refused to agree to any such proposition in the general appropriation bill at that time and I connot agree to that amendment. I, therefore, go back to my original motiion.

HOUSE NON-CONCURS IN SENATE AMENDMENTS.

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I move that the House non-concur in the amendments of the Senate.

Mr. McCLINTOCK. I second the motion.

The SPEAKER. The Chair desires to ask the gentleman whether he means all the amendments or just that particular one on page 4.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, the bill will have to be returned to the Senate.

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, my motion is just on that particular amendment.

The question recurring,

Will the House agree to non-concur in the amendments of the Senate?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

SENATE MESSAGE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced presented the following extract from the Journal of the Senate, which was read as follows:

TIME OF NEXT MEETING.

In the Senate, February 9, 1915.

Resolved (If the House of Representatives concur) That when the Senate adjourns to-day, it shall be to reconvene on Monday evening, February 15th, at 9.30 o'clock, and when the House of Representatives adjourn this week, it shall reconvene on Monday evening, February 15th, at 9.00 o'clock.

On the question,
Will the House agree to the Resolution?
It was agreed to.
Ordered, That the Clerk notify the Senate accordingly.

RECESS.

The SPEAKER. The House will take a recess until one o'clock.

AFTER RECESS.

The SPEAKER (Charles A. Ambler) in the Chair.

SENATE MESSAGE.

AMENDED HOUSE BILL RETURNED FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, informed that the Senate has receded from its amendments non-concurred in by the House of Representatives to Section Two, lines sixty-three to sixty-six to House Bill No. 75, entitled:

A Supplement to an act entitled "An act to provide for the ordinary expenses of the executive judicial and legislative departments of the Commonwealth interest on the public debt and the support of the public schools for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and thirteen and for the payment of bills incurred and remaining unpaid at the close of the fiscal year ending May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and thirteen" as approved the sixteenth day of July Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen pamphlet laws page seven hundred and fifty-five providing for deficiencies in certain appropriations made to the executive judicial and legislative departments by the act to which this is a supplement and for minor appropriations to certain of the executive judicial and legislative departments not provided for by said act

but insists on the other amendments to said bill.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the amendments that are not receded from.

The amendments were read as follows:

"Page three, lines numbers thirty-five and thirty-six strike out the word 'one' and insert the word 'two;' strike out '($1,500)' and insert '($2,500.'"

"Page eight, insert lines nineteen, twenty and twenty-one as follows 'For the payment of salaries of officers of the Superior Court, the sum of sixteen hundred dollars ($1,600) or so much thereof as may be necessary.'"

"Page ten, lines fifty and fifty-one, strike out the word 'two' and insert the word 'six;' strike out '($1,264.00)' and insert '($1,664.00).'"

"Page eleven, add section nine, 'For the payment of the compensation allowed by law to the compiler of Smull's Legislative Hand Book for the year one thousand nine hundred and fifteen the sum of one thousand five hundred dollars each ($3,000).'"

The SPEAKER. These are the amendments which the Senate insists on. What is the pleasure of the House?

RECONSIDERATION OF VOTE.

Mr. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I move that the vote by which the House refused to concur in the amendments of the Senate be reconsidered.

Mr. WOODWARD. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

On the question,
Will the House agree to the motion?
It was agreed to.

QUESTION OF INFORMATION.

Mr. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I rise to a question of information.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman will state his question.

Mr. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I understand from the reading that the Senate has receded from the amendments on page four lines sixty-three to sixty-six inclusive.

The SPEAKER. They have.

Mr. WILSON. And section seven on page eleven the words in lines two and three, "as shown by bills rendered."

The SPEAKER. They have.

Mr. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, the balance of the amendments are satisfactory to the sponsor of the bill, and I therefore ask the House to concur in the amendments of the Senate.

On the question,

Will the House concur in the amendments made by the Senate?

Mr. HABGOOD. Mr. Speaker, I would like to ask for a little information. There was a Conference Committee appointed on this bill which was to meet on account of the non-concurrence in the amendments made by the Senate to this bill.

The SPEAKER. The Chair has no knowledge of a Conference Committee's being appointed on this bill.

Mr. HABGOOD. Mr. Speaker, there was one, that is, at least the amendments were refused.

The SPEAKER. That does not carry with it the necessity of appointing a Conference Committee until the Senate refuses to recede from their amendments. The Senate has now receded.

Mr. HABGOOD. Mr. Speaker, am I correct in this, that the amendments as made in this bill have all been arranged with the exception of those on page eleven, section seven?

The SPEAKER. Page eleven and page four.

Mr. HABGOOD. Mr. Speaker, in this connection with the amendments "as shown by bills rendered" for the advertising of constitutional amendments, it is now proposed, if I understand it, that the Senate recedes from that amendment. Is that correct? I would like to ask how that was done without a Conference Committee, or something of that nature.

The SPEAKER. The Senate made that amendment and they also had the right to recede from the same, when the House refused to agree to it.

Mr. HABGOOD. Mr. Speaker, did they take formal action in a session of the Senate taking out that amendment?

The SPEAKER. The Chair did not hear what the gentleman said.

Mr. HABGOOD. I am asking for information, Mr. Speaker. I would like to know if the Senate took such formal action in session.

The SPEAKER. We have no knowledge of it. The Clerk of the Senate informed us accordingly. The Clerk will read the message for the information of the gentleman from McKean.

The Clerk read the message as follows:

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced informed the House that the Senate has receded from its amendments to section seven non-concurred in by the House of Representatives to House Bill No. 75 and adheres to the other amendments to said bill.

Mr. HABGOOD. Now, Mr. Speaker, in justice and fairness in this whole proposition I desire to say at this time, when this bill was in the house prior to the time it came on second reading, I asked to have the bill amended making this change, and also carried with it forty-six thousand dollars for 1912. It was very obvious that this only covered 1913 and 1914, and therefore a separate bill would be necessary for 1912. I talked with the Chairman of the Committee, with the sponsor of the bill, and they agreed to it—they agreed to the amendment; but the proposition came up that it would delay the bill by recommitting it. It was not recommitted with the understanding as agreed to by the Chairman of the Appropriation Committee of the House and the Chairman of the Appropriation Committee of the Senate that the amendments be put in in the Senate. The 1912 appropriation naturally had to be a separate bill. It was perfectly satisfactory to all concerned and it was so introduced. This amendment was put in the Senate; it was passed in the Senate on final passage; it came over to the House this morning and opposition was raised to it. I went for information as best I could in regard to the matter and was told by the sponsor of the bill and by the Chairman of the Appropriation Committee, that this objection was raised because the Governor had sent word that he would not approve the bill with this amendment in it. Another gentleman and myself, a member of the House, a newspaper man from Lackawanna county, went together to see the Governor and have just come from there; and he stated he knew nothing about it; that he did not send any such word; he did not understand about it at all, and the gentleman must have been mis-informed, as we have told him. He further said that he would like to consult with the members of this Conference Committee, if there was to be a Conference before action was taken in regard to this. And now, it seems as we just came from his office to the House that this is all going to be done without a Conference Committee. It is going to be changed wholly on the pretext and on the excuse that the Governor objects to it, when he does not object to it at all, at least he said he never objected to it in the presence of the gentleman from Lackawanna and myself, and he asked to see the members of the Committee or the sponsor of the bill before this committee meets.

Now, gentlemen, the newspapers of this State are not asking anything whatever—

Mr. WOODWARD. Mr. Speaker, I would like to interrogate the gentleman from McKean.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from McKean permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. HABGOOD. Mr. Speaker, certainly.

Mr. WOODWARD. Mr, Speaker, I would like to ask the gentleman if he means to infer that I deceived him in this matter?

Mr. HABGOOD. I do not say that any one deceived me, Mr. Speaker. I simply am stating the facts. I think that they were misinformed and I think that some one has been misinforming the gentleman from Philadelphia on this proposition, and I simply want, in all fairness, to get the matter before the members and the House, including the sponsor of the bill and the Chairman of the Committee.

Mr. WOODWARD. Mr. Speaker I would like to further interrogate the gentleman from McKean.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from McKean permit himself to be further interrogated?

Mr. HABGOOD. Mr. Speaker, I will.

Mr. WOODWARD. Mr. Speaker I would like to ask the gentleman from McKean if I did not accompany him, before this bill was reported for second reading, to the Senate to see the Chairman of the Senate Committee and get his agreement to have this amendment inserted?

Mr. HABGOOD. I said so, Mr. Speaker, that that was agreed to before or I should have moved the amendment on the floor of the House on second reading.

Mr. WOODWARD. I carried out my agreement with him, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. HABGOOD. Mr. Speaker, I am simply trying to show the members of the House and the sponsor of the bill and the Chairman of the Committee exactly the situation that this is being put in, and it is being put in this situation, as stated to us, on the pretext that the Governor was opposed to it; and it is not the case, as the Governor has notified us. Now the question is, who is objecting to it? That is the question: who is objecting to it? The Auditor-General has been objecting to these bills. He has been refusing to pay the newspapers what they received previous years, year in and year out from Auditor-General Sisson and the Auditor-General before him. He has been refusing to pay their bills as submitted for 1912, 1913 and 1914 on the same basis as settled for in 1909, and 1910 and 1911 by the then Auditor-General Young, who is now State Treasurer, elected on the same ticket that the Auditor-General was elected on, and who paid these bills at these prices; and he is objecting to settling these bills on the basis that he is paying other bills of the same newspapers for other advertisement for the State at the rates of these bills submitted for Constitutional amendment. Now, gentlemen, I ask that you consider this matter in fairness and justice.

I went to the Auditor-General a week ago to-day or to-morrow, and had a two hours' interview with him, a very friendly and cordial interview. He stated that this $46,000 should be made in a separate bill. I asked him if this full amount was proper, as shown by his statement which I have here for the three years, the deficiency in the bills, rendered, $146,080.70, or whatever the figures are—I asked him if this amount was appropriated, upon what basis he would settle the bills, and he would not tell me, he would not admit that he would settle these bills on the basis settled in 1909 and 1910 and 1911, previous to the time when he was elected, and when the former Auditor-General settled the matter. There has been a lot said on this matter in trying to becloud it. There is an effort made in the newspapers and other efforts to show that the newspapers of

this State are trying to rob the State, and it is absolutely false in every particular. They are trying to say that the Auditor-General has done what Auditor-General Sisson done and Auditor-General Young done; but he has declined to settle the bills on the basis on which settled by Auditor-Generals Young and Sisson. He has declined to pay these bills on the basis that he has paid the same newspapers for other advertising for the State as late as July of 1914.

Now, gentlemen, I submit to you as to whether this proposition is going to be settled and going to be handled upon the leadership as we had it in this State and in the session and in the House and Senate of 1914, as to whether we are going to discuss and decide these questions upon the leadership and suggestion and inspiration of the Auditor-General pleading this fact that it is the Governor that is saying this or that or the other, when he is not saying it; or whether we are going to decide these questions on the basis of the majority in the House of 1915. I would not be here, Mr. Speaker, and many of the rest of us would not be here—my colleague would not be here, if the same sentiment maintained in this State last November that maintained two years ago last November, and yet we are here; and I submit to you and to all of you that it is a fair question as to whether this House and this administration is to be controlled and inspired by the propositions maintaining in 1913 as against the propositions maintaining in 1915 in so far as the majority is concerned. The men who were running against my colleague and myself last November would be here if that was so in the minds of the people. Many of you would not be here if that was so in the minds of the people; and yet we come now and we are asked to do the same thing, to take the same inspiration and reach the same conclusion which would have been brought about through the leadership as it was in 1913; and mark you gentlemen of the House, every newspaper which sent in their bill for 1912 and 1913 and 1914 has not been cut in their rates, only in their bill. It might be worth all your investigation to find out what newspapers were paid in full through these years. It is very easy for the man who wants to do something to find a pretext or excuse or reason for doing it. It is very easy for the man who does not want to do something to find a reason or pretext for not doing it; and it is very simple for a man who desires to do something which he wants to do for ulterior or other motives to figure it out on the basis of circulation or any other basis and come to a conclusion on that basis whereby he can reach the conclusion on those he desires to cut and at the same time pay those in full which he desires to pay in full.

Now, gentlemen, I think these are matters that you all should know: The newspapers of this State, 312 of them, involved in these constitutional amendments, are to be paid, representing every county in this State, and they took this advertising in good faith and when this advertising was sent to them in 1912 by the Secretary of the Commonwealth, they accepted it and they ran it and they had a right to run it with the supposition and on the proposition that they would receive the same pay in 1912 that they had received in 1911 and 1910 and in 1909. If it was any private corporation they could be required to pay that by process of law inside of thirty days or sixty days, and every member of this House knows that. They sent the work to the same papers that printed it the previous years and before the present Auditor-General was elected. This work was all completed and the advertising was all done and the bills submitted to the Secretary of the Commonwealth and many of them were in the Auditor-General's office, but this appropriation for 1912 was not made until after Auditor-General Sisson was out of office. Whether it so happened or not that was the fact in the case and Auditor-General Sisson could not pay these bills for 1912, and the present Auditor-General, who was not elected until after this advertising was all completed, took it upon himself, in his own way and for his own reason, to cut these bills from sixty per cent. to whatever per cent. he arrived at in conclusion, and in some cases nothing had he cut them. Now, gentlemen, I submit to you that this proposition is a proposition of debt, is a proposition to pay the newspapers of this State for work done not at their solicitation either. They did not solicit this advertising; it was sent to them, no doubt on the recommendation of County Chairman or Senators or Members of the House, as the case may be.

That advertising was done at that rate and they expect the same to be paid for at that rate. They have not received it, and here is an effort being made to keep them from receiving it, unless the Auditor-General chooses to pay it. He has declined to say he will pay and has for three years taken a stand against it. Now comes the question for us to say whether that provision as laid down by the Auditor-General is fair, whether we will endorse his stand in this matter, or whether we will endorse the proposition, in fairness, justice and equity, as stated by the newspaper bills for the previous years of 1909, 1910 and 1911, and also upon the same basis, which has been approved and paid by the Auditor-General for other bills. The newspapers of this State have published the statements of the Auditor-General and statements of the State Treasurer, asking for bids for roads in this State in different sections all over the State, and when these bills have come in, the Auditor-General has passed, and approved and paid them upon the same rate which he refuses to pay for the Constitutional Amendments. As late as last July he paid a bill on the rate which he repudiates in connection with the constitutional amendments, for advertising such as we speak of. For any other advertising the newspaper could be remunerated, but for this particular advertisement, for some reason or other, the Auditor-General has seen fit to make an arbitary, and, to a certain extent, a peculiar and unqiue exhibition in regard to this proposition.

Now, gentlemen, the newspapers only want what is fair and just, and I promise you that so far as the future is concerned there is no one more anxious than I am to put this in such a condition that there never will be any question about it in the future. I propose something of this kind: that the Secretary of the Commonwealth shall be authorized to receive from the various newspapers of the State of Pennsylvania a statement of what they charge, their rate for State advertising, and it shall be provided that no advertising shall be sent to any newspaper in this State which has not first filed the rate it will charge with the Secretary of the Commonwealth, so that before these advertisements are sent out they will know exactly what that newspaper is going to charge. If they think it is too high, they will not send the advertisement to that paper. But I submit to you, gentlemen, how is a newspaper going to tell, when it receives an order for advertising, of the same order, of the same kind, of the same style, which it has received for years, without solicitation, and goes ahead and publishes it, how is it going to tell there is to be a change in the rate unless notified accordingly.

I submit to you that the newspapers have a right to know and say whether they will receive the advertisement if it is going to be cut down. If the advertisement rate is cut down, and the Auditor-General cuts it down, the newspapers in this State, in many instances, would decline to publish it. The rate offered by the State of Pennsylvania for this Constitutional Amendment is at a less rate than is charged in these same newspapers to ask for a hired girl wanted, or a house for sale or rent, and that is the cheapest class of advertising in a paper. On the other hand the State of Pennsylvania does this with the newspapers, and I am not talking politically at all or on a partisan basis. They send from one, to five; to seven envelopes a day from the Health Department, the Dairy and Food Department, the Foot and Mouth Diseases Department and from the Auditor-General's Department, if you please, which has sent as much as three or four colums to a paper, which has been printed free and which could not be paid for; and so these various departments of the State send these various items, which are of interest in the enforcement of the laws, in the betterment of the State, and the upbuilding of the methods of the Commonwealth and the newspapers gladly print them without charge.

The only bill practically that amounts to anything is for the advertising of this Constitutional Amendment, and when the State sends those to a newspaper, and they have been settled for for years on a certain basis, the only advertising it can pay for, when it undertakes to have the pound of flesh and say that it shall include the heart, it is not fair, it is not just, it is not right. Every newspaper that published this advertisement in 1912 had a

right to put into their bills collectively the amount it received in 1909, 1910 and 1911, upon that same basis. They had a right to charge for that Constitutional Amendment the same price this Auditor-General has paid for other State advertising in the meantime. They have a right to show that in their bills collectively, to their bank and to everybody involved, and to themselves; and when the State of Pennsylvania undertakes to settle at forty cents on the dollar among all the people that patronize the newspapers, I tell you, gentlemen, it is unbecoming, it is not right, and I do not belive this House and this Senate desire to put themselves on any basis of that kind. If the Auditor will agree to a basis upon which he will settle when he gets that amount appropriated, as we asked him to do last week; if he will make any reasonable proposition as to what he would agree to in regard to the matter when this money is appropriated, making it available for him to settle, so that he cannot say, as he said in the past, that he did not settle because he did not have the money, and have him say that he will pay on the basis of 1909, 1910 and 1911, there will be no question raised, and he should pay it on that basis without any consideration for any other basis. And now, when there is an attempt made and agreed to for an amendment, to say to the Auditor General that he shall pay the bills rendered, then this House and Senate get the proposition that it will agree to practically all other amendments and propositions in this bill but this one, and it says, "we will strike that out," presumably with the understanding that it is at the behest of the Governor, when it is not, Mr. Speaker, as stated by him, but it is at the behest of the Auditor-General.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I simply want to make this suggestion to the House. The matter is all tangled up and I think the wisest and shortest course to pursue now is to non-concur in the Senate amendments and then proceed to appoint a committee on conference to take the matter up.

Mr. WILLIAM H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, there is no entanglement in this matter at all. I refrained from rising to a point of order because I desired to hear the gentleman from McKean County at length on this question. But the remarks of the gentleman from McKean County are not at all germane to the question before this House. This bill known as the General Deficiency Bill, passed this House and was amended in a number of instances by the Senate. It was then reported back to this House with those amendments. This House, on motion this morning refused to concur in the amendments. The Senate was notified accordingly and it then receded from the objectionable amendments and the only question before this House is whether or not it will concur in the amendments from which the Senate refused to recede; but in answer to my friend from McKean County and in order to clear his mind as to a misconception which he undoubtedly has pertaining to the circumstances surrounding the introduction and the amending of this bill. I desire to say to him and to the other members of this House, that this morning was the first time since the introduction of this bill by myself that any such amendment as is shown in Section Seven, Line Two, which reads as follows, "as shown by bills rendered," was brought to my attention.

Neither the gentleman from McKean County, nor any other member of this House conferred with me in reference to that amendment. What the gentleman from McKean County did take up with me was the question of the amount as specified in this section, the bill providing for an appropriation of one hundred thousand dollars to meet the deficiency in the payment of certain advertising bills. The gentleman came to me and he said that in his judgment that was not sufficient and wanted me to agree that one hundred thousand dollars be amended so that it would be increased to one hundred and forty-six or one hundred and forty-eight thousand dollars. I then told him that if he had such an amendment he had better take it up with the Senate and if the Senate agreed to it, that as far as I was concerned, there would be no objection on my part. He advised me subsequently that he did take it up with the Senate, but that the answer was that a separate bill should be introduced for the purpose of taking care of the additional deficiency, and asked me to be the sponsor for that bill, which I declined and refused to be.

Now, then, he evidently charges me with having had some conference with the Auditor-General concerning the provisions of this section. I say to you and to the rest of the gentlemen of this House that I have never spoken one word to the Auditor-General, nor he to me, concerning any provision, let alone this one in the General Deficiency Bill. I have no quarrel with the Auditor-General, if my friend from McKean County has. The Auditor-General runs his office to suit himself and without any advice either solicited from me or suggested by me. If the Auditor-General is of the opinion that the bills which have been rendered heretofore for advertising Constitutional Amendments are too large, that the newspapers of this State are attempting to mulct the Commonwealth, that is a matter for him to decide and not for me. I have no quarrel with the Governor of Pennsylvania, but I was advised this morning that the Governor did object to that particular amendment in this section, and I say to you, and I say to the other members of this House, that irrespective of whether the Governor of Pennsylvania objects to it or not, that I, the sponsor of the bill, do object to it.

Mr. HABGOOD. Mr. Speaker, I desire to interrogate the gentleman from Philadelphia.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Philadelphia permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. WILLIAM H. WILSON. I will.

Mr. HABGOOD. Mr. Speaker, I would like to ask the gentleman whether it is, in his opinion, none of his business, as a member of the Legislature, to see that the State of Pennsylvania pays its bills one hundred cents on the dollar, even though the Auditor-General does not think so?

Mr. WILLIAM H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, in reply to the gentleman from McKean, the position I occupy is this: That the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania should pay and should be compelled to pay every just bill which is presented to it for payment, but as to whether or not the bill is just or otherwise, that is the Auditor-General's business because he is commonly known and styled "The Watch Dog of the Treasury," but I assume to occupy a higher position in this House. If my friend has a bill to collect from the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, the provisions of this section, with the Senate amendment stricken out, does not restrict him in any of his rights.

But I, sir, conceive it to be my duty as a member of this House and I conceive to be the duty of the gentleman from McKean County, as well as every other member on the floor of this House, to see to it that that which is only just and right and reasonable and fair be sealed with the stamp of approval of this House of Representatives with such an amendment as we have in this section which has been receded from by the Senate to pay expenses incurred "as shown by bills rendered"—do you gentlemen conceive the import of that language? If I understand the English language, it means this and this only: That irrespective of what is right, irrespective of what is just, irrespective of what is reasonable, irrespective of what is fair that all that a citizen of the State of Pennsylvania who does work either in the advertising end or some other kind of work for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, all that he must do is to make up a bill at haphazard and present that bill to the Auditor-General for his O. K. and his hands are tied. He must accept from the man who performs the labor the statement as to the amount due and there is nothing else to guide him. I take it, Mr. Speaker, that a more unfair amendment was never offered in either the Senate or any other legislative body in the State of Pennsylvania or any where else. It is only fair that the Auditor-General is to look after the accounts of this Commonwealth and see to it that those things which are fair and reasonable are paid. Why tie his hands with such an outrageous amendment as my friend from McKean County has said, at his solicitation, the Senate of Pennsylvania put into this bill. I, therefore, say that I insist upon my previous motion that the amendments which were adhered to by the Senate be concurred in by this House and the other question as to whether or not this particular amendment should be inserted is not before this House, because the Senate has already receded from its position.

Mr. HABGOOD. Mr. Speaker.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman from McKean, Mr. Habgood.

Mr. HABGOOD. Mr. Speaker, we have heard a very strong speech; it echoes from 1913 down these two years. It comes to this House in the same forceful way with almost the same statements, word for word, that were spoken in this House in 1913. Now, Mr. Speaker, this proposition simply resolves itself to this: These advertisements have been sent to these papers; nothing was said to them of the change of rate over the previous year. This gentleman talks about injustice and unfairness. I am not asking for a single thing that is not just, neither are the newspaper men of this State. I submit to him and to every man in this House if it is not just that they should be paid upon the same basis that they were paid in previous years for their advertisements during the past year. I think it is right and just, yet the Auditor-General will not agree to settle these bills on that basis and he does not want this amendment in and he never sent anybody to do this and then I ask you if it is not in all fairness and reasonable justice best and right to consider as to what basis shall be adopted by the Auditor-General in the settling of these bills? Shall he give up and repudiate the previous rates of 1912 and 1911 and 1909—repudiate the very rates which he himself has made to these same newspapers and drive them to take a less amount than he has paid for other State advertisements? That is the question and the newspapers desire to know whether this House and Senate is willing to let the Auditor-General decide whether the newspapers shall be satisfied to have him say, "I will pay you for one advertisement a certain price and for another advertisement, I will pay you another price," and for the advertisement that you ran in 1912, before I was elected, I will not pay you the same price that the previous Auditor-General paid." This House will say whether they endorse that, whether they do or not in the face of the fact that he Governor has not approved of it.

Mr. FLYNN. Mr. Speaker, it seems to me that there might be an honest difference of opinion in regard to this controversy, but I cannot possibly see how the gentleman from McKean County can bring the matter properly before the House at this time, in this way and in this manner. I would think that the only question before the House now is whether or not the House will pass this bill as amended by the Senate. I have no doubt that the gentleman from McKean who, no doubt, has a good argument and a just cause, can place this matter before the House in a separate bill or resolution. I would think that would be the way to proceed in the matter.

The SPEAKER. The point is well taken, but the question before the House is whether we will agree to the amendments insisted on by the Senate.

Mr. HABGOOD. Mr. Speaker, the House by refusing to concur in the amendments made by the Senate, may put this in Conference Committee where it can be arranged and adjusted.

Mr. FLYNN. Mr. Speaker, as I understand it, the Senate has receded from its amendment.

The SPEAKER. The Senate has receded from the amendment spoken of by the gentleman from McKean. The question before the House is whether we will agree to concur in the amendments insisted on by the Senate and on this question the Clerk will call the roll. Those agreeing to concur will vote "Aye" and those refusing to concur will vote "No."

On the question recurring,

Will the House concur in the amendments made by the Senate.

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS.—184.

Albee,	Geiser,	McClintock,	Sinclair,
Alcorn,	Gibson,	McClure,	Smith, Jeff. W.
Arnold,	Gingery,	McConnell,	Smith, L.,
Arthur,	Glass,	McCurdy.	Snyder,
Baldwin,	Glenn,	McDermott,	Sones,
Bauerle,	Gompers,	McKay,	Spangler,
Beck,	Goodnough,	McNichol,	Spencer,
Becker,	Goodwin,	McVicar,	Statler,
Benn,	Goodyear,	Mearkle,	Staving,
Benninger,	Gormley,	Mellott,	Steedle,
Beyer,	Graham,	Metzenbacher,	Stein,
Blackburn,	Gransback,	Milliron,	Stern,
Body.	Greenwood,	Murdoch,	Stone,
Bovee,	Hackett,	Murphy,	Sullivan,
Brosius,	Haggerty,	Myers,	Swan,
Brownlee,	Hamilton,	Neville,	Swartz,
Brumbaugh,	Harper,	Nieder,	Thomas,
Bungard,	Heffernan,	Nissley,	Trach,
Campbell, J. O.	Herman,	Oaks,	Twibill,
Campbell, T.,	Hess,	Ostrander,	Urich,
Christman,	Heyburn,	Palmer,	Vickerman,
Coldsmith,	Horton,	Perry,	Vogdes,
Conner,	Hubler,	Peters,	Wagner,
Corbin,	Jack,	Phillips,	Walsh,
Cox,	Jones, E. E.,	Pickering,	Walter,
Cromer,	Kaiser,	Ramsey,	Walton,
Cummins,	Kitts,	Reel,	Watson,
Curry,	Klinger,	Reynolds,	Weir,
Davis,	Kuhn,	Rich,	West,
Dawson,	Kunkle,	Richards,	Wettach,
Dell,	Lafferty,	Rininger,	Whitaker,
Diefenderfer,	Landis,	Rinn,	Whitten,
Dodds,	Lanius,	Robertson,	Wildman,
Drinkhouse,	Lauer,	Roney,	Willard,
Dunn,	Lauler,	Rothenberger,	Williams,
Eby,	Leighner,	Rowell,	Wilson, H. I.,
Ehrhardt,	Lindsey,	Rudisill,	Wilson, W. H.,
Evans,	Lipschutz,	Sampsel,	Wobensmith,
Fackler,	Love,	Sarig,	Wood,
Finnerty,	Lynch,	Schaeffer,	Woodward,
Flynn,	Luppert,	Scott,	Wylie,
Forster,	Luxemburger,	Shaaber,	Wynne,
Fretz,	Mangan,	Shaffer,	Young,
Fruit.	Mather,	Shoop,	Ambler,
Gallagher,	Maurer,	Showalter,	Speaker.
Gans,	McArdle,		
Geary,	McCaig,		

NAYS.—2.

Baker,	Bergy,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative and amendments concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk notify the Senate accordingly.

SENATE MESSAGE.

RESOLUTION FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced presented the following extract from the Journal of the Senate, which was read as follows:

In the Senate.

Resolved (If the House of Representatives concur), That the President pro tempore and Chief Clerk of the Senate be authorized to employ in the Senate, and the Speaker and Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives be authorized to employ in the House such additional officers and employes as they may deem expedient to expedite the business of the present session and the compensation and mileage of such additional officers and employes shall be provided for in the supplement to the general appropriation act of 1913.

On the question,

Will the House concur in the resolution of the Senate?

The resolution was concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk notify the Senate accordingly.

RECESS.

The SPEAKER. If there is no objection, the Chair will declare a recess until 5:00 o'clock today.

AFTER RECESS.

The SPEAKER (Charles A. Ambler) in the Chair.

BILL SIGNED BY THE SPEAKER.

The SPEAKER announced that the Chief Clerk having reported that the following bill had passed both Houses of the General Assembly, and the same being correct, the title was publicly read as follows:

House Bill No. 75:

A Supplement to an act entitled "An Act to provide for the ordinary expenses of the executive judicial and legislative departments of the Commonwealth interest on the public debt and the support of the public schools for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and thirteen and for the payment of bills incurred and remaining unpaid at the close of the fiscal year ending May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and thirteen" as approved the sixteenth day of July Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen pamphlet laws page seven hundred and fifty-five providing for deficiencies in certain appropriations made to the executive judicial and legislative departments by the act to which this is a supplement and for minor appropriations to certain of the executive judicial and legislative departments not provided for by said act

Whereupon,

The Speaker, in the presence of the House, signed the same.

BILLS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED.

By Mr. JEFFERSON W. SMITH. House Bill No. 296.

An Act making an appropriation to The Academy of Natural Sciences of Philadelphia.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. MANGAN. House Bill No. 297.

An Act to regulate the hours of employment of signalmen, towermen, gatemen, agents, train despatchers, telegraphers or telephone operators in signal towers or public railroad stations of any railroad operated by steam, electricity or other motive power, in this State, and providing for compensation for extra service performed by such employes.

Referred to the Committee on Railroads.

By Mr. MYERS. House Bill No. 298.

An Act making an appropriation to the Charleroi-Monessen Hospital, Charleroi, Washington County, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. MYERS. House Bill No. 299.

An Act making an appropriation to the Washington Hospital, at Washington, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. BALDWIN. House Bill No. 300.

An Act to amend the sixth section of an act approved the first day of June, one thousand nine hundred eleven, entitled "An Act to establish an Insurance Department; authorizing the appointment of an Insurance Commissioner, and prescribing his powers and duties; also providing for the licensing, examination, regulation, and dissolution of insurance and surety companies and associations, and for the licensing and regulation of insurance agents and insurance brokers; also providing for the collection of fees, and prescribing penalties for the violation of any of the provisions of this act; and repealing all existing acts."

Referred to the Committee on Insurance.

By Mr. LINDSEY. House Bill No. 301.

An Act fixing the salaries and providing for the expenses of County Commissioners in counties of this Commonwealth.

Referred to the Committee on Counties and Townships.

By Mr. SPANGLER. House Bill No. 302.

An Act further amending an act entitled "An Act to provide increased revenues for the purpose of relieving the burdens of local taxation, being supplementary to an act entitled 'An Act to provide revenue by taxation,' approved the seventh day of June, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine, amending the first, fourteenth, sixteenth, twentieth, twenty-first, twenty-fifth and twenty-sixth sections of an act supplementary thereto, which became a law on the first day of June, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine, entitled 'A further supplement to an act, entitled 'An Act to provide revenue by taxation,' approved the seventh day of June, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine,' and providing for greater uniformity of taxation by taxing all of the property of corporations, limited partnerships and joint-stock associations having capital stock, at the rate of five mills on each dollar of its actual value,' approved the eighth day of June, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one;" and regulating the making of certain reports and statements to the Auditor-General for the purposes of taxation.

Referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. GOODWIN. House Bill No. 303.

An Act making an appropriation to the Oil City Hospital, Oil City, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. DAWSON. House Bill No. 304.

An Act to provide for an additional law judge of the several courts of forty-fifth judicial district.

Referred to the Committe on Judiciary General.

By Mr. HUBLER. House Bill No. 305.

An Act to repeal an act approved the twenty-fourth day of March, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five, entitled "An Act establishing in counties containing a population of from three hundred thousand to one million, a Board for the Assessment and Revision of Taxes for State and County Purposes; prescribing their powers and duties; and abolishing the office of ward, borough and township assessors, in so far as respects the assessment of State and county taxes.

Referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. LEE SMITH. House Bill No. 306.

An Act validating certain elections of counties, cities, boroughs, townships, school districts and other incorporated districts, held pursuant to the provisions of an act, approved the twentieth day of April, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, entitled "An Act to regulate the manner of increasing the indebtedness of municipalities, to provide for the redemption of the same, and to impose penalties for the illegal increase thereof," and the amendments thereto, and validating bonds issued or authorized to be issued in pursuance of such elections.

Referred to the Committee on Elections.

By Mr. MYERS. House Bill No. 307.

An Act making an appropriation to the Canonsburg General Hospital Association, at Canonsburg, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. LEE SMITH. House Bill No. 308.

An Act fixing the fee for marriage license.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. MYERS. House Bill No. 309.

An Act making an appropriation to the City Hospital Association of Washington, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. GOLDSMITH. House Bill No. 310.

An Act making an appropriation to the Latrobe Hospital, Latrobe, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. MYERS. House Bill No. 311.

An Act making an appropriation to the Monongahela Memorial Hospital Association, of Monongahela City, Washington County, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. CHRISTMAN. House Bill No. 312.

An Act making an appropriation to the Pottstown Hospital, Pottstown, Montgomery County, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. BLACKBURN. House Bill No. 313.

An Act requiring electric railway companies operating suburban railways to equip their cars with water closets and waiting rooms.

Referred to the Committee on Electric Railways.

By Mr. CONNER. House Bill No. 314.

An Act to fix the salaries of the clerks in the office of the County Treasurer of any county having a population of one million inhabitants or over.

Referred to the Committee on Counties and Townships.

By Mr. HABGOOD. House Bill No. 315.

An Act making an appropriation to the Bradford Hospital, of the City of Bradford, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. HABGOOD. House Bill No. 316.

An Act making an appropriation to the Commonwealth Humane Society,.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. HABGOOD. House Bill No. 317.

An Act to repeal an act approved the twenty-sixth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three, entitled "An Act relative to the eligibility of candidates for the office of District Atorney."

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. STEEDLE. House Bill No. 318.

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-ninth day of May, one thousand nine hundred and one, entitled "An Act to prohibit the manufacture and sale of oleomargarine, butterine and other similar products, when colored in imitation of yellow butter; to provide for license fees to be paid by manufacturers, wholesale and retail dealers and by proprietors of hotels, restaurants, dining rooms and boarding houses; for the manufacture or sale of oleomargarine, butterine, or other similar products not colored in imitation of yellow butter; and to regulate the manufacture and sale of oleomargarine, butterine, or other similar products, not colored in imitation of yellow butter, and prevent and punish fraud and deception in such manufacture and sale as an imitation butter; and to prescribe penalties and punishment for violations of this act, and the means and the method of procedure for its enforcement, and regulate certain matters of evidence in such procedure."

Referred to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

By Mr. STEEDLE. House Bill No. 319.

An Act to amend an act approved the third day of April, one thousand eight hundred fifty-one, entitled "An Act regulating boroughs."

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

By Mr. STEEDLE. House Bill No. 320.

An Act to amend sections two thousand six hundred and three, two thousand six hundred and twenty-five, two thousand six hundred and twenty-six, two thousand six hundred and twenty-seven, two thousand six hundred and twenty-eight and to repeal section two thousand six hundred and nineteen, two thousand six hundred and twenty, two thousand six hundred and twenty-one, two thousand six hundred and twenty-two, two thousand six hundred and twenty-three, and two thousand six hundred and twenty-four of an act approved the eighteenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred eleven, entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, together with the provisions by which it shall be administered, and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof; providing revenue to establish and maintain the same, and the method of collecting such revenue; and repealing all laws, general, special or local, or any part thereof, that are or may be inconsistent therewith."

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Mr. STEEDLE. House Bill No. 321.

An Act making an appropriation to the Ohio Valley General Hospital, McKees Rocks, Allegheny County, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. HOWARTH. House Bill No. 322.

A Supplement to an act entitled "An Act for the government of cities of the second class," approved March seventh Anno Domini nineteen hundred and one, conferring additional powers upon cities of the second class to levy and collect an annual license tax or registration fee for revenue purposes upon motor vehicles.

Referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. HAMILTON. House Bill No. 323.

An Act repealing an act entitled "An Act amending article six of 'An Act for the government of cities of the second class,' approved the seventh day of March, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one, as amended by an amendatory act, approved the first day of April, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine, and as affected by an act entitled 'An Act providing a uniform rate of assessment and taxation for all real estate in cities of the second class,' approved the eleventh day of May, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven; by providing for the classification of real estate for purposes of taxation into two classes: to wit, the buildings on land, and the land exclusive of buildings, and by providing for the assessment of a less tax upon the buildings than upon the land exclusive of the buildings, in cities of the second class," approved May fifteenth, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen.

Referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. SULLIVAN. House Bill No. 324.

An Act creating additional sujects of taxation in cities of the second class by providing that all real estate in cities of the second class owned or possessed by any corporation shall be subject to taxation for city and school purposes the same as other real estate in said cities.

Referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. MANGAN. House Bill No. 325.

An Act to amend section fifteen of an act entitled "An Act relating to and regulating motor vehicles and vehicles trailing after or propelled by motor vehicles; controlling their speed upon the public streets and highways in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania; providing for their registration and licensing of certain operators by the State Highway Department; prohibiting the operation of any motor vehicle by any person when intoxicated or without the consent of the owner; forbidding the passage of any law laying a tax upon or requiring the registration of motor vehicles, or licensing of any operator, or regulating the speed of motor vehicles, by any county, borough, city, incorporated town or township; establishing the rights of motor vehicles upon the public highways with relation to other vehicles; providing for their equipment and for the width of tires to be used upon motor vehicles and vehicles trailing after or propelled by motor vehicles; regulating the service of process and procedings in actions for damages arising therefrom; providing for arrest, and for service of process, and proceedings for violation of this act; prescribing the penalties therefor and providing for the disposition of fees collected and fines imposed thereunder," approved July seventh, Anno Domini nineteen hundred and thirteen, conferring power upon cities of this Commonwealth to levy and collect an annual license tax or registration fee for revenue purposes upon motor vehicles.

Referred to the Committee on Public Roads.

By Mr. MEARKLE. House Bill No. 326.

An Act amending sections one, three, five and six of an act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act for the government of cities of the second class,' approved the seventh day of March, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred one, providing for the levy, collection and disbursement of taxes and water rents or rates, and conferring certain powers and duties in reference thereto upon the City Treasurer, the Board of Water Assessors and the Collector of Delinquent Taxes; and repealing certain acts relating to matters herein provided for," approved May twelfth one thousand nine hundred eleven as amended by an amendment to the first paragraph of the third section of said act, approved May thirty-first, one thousand nine hundred thirteen, pamphlet laws three hundred and ninety, changing the time of the collection of taxes and water rents and the duties of the Board of Water Assessors and City Treasurer and Collector of Delinquent Taxes in reference thereto and the time for the levy and assessment thereof.

Referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. THOMAS. House Bill No. 327.

An Act making an appropriation to the Wyoming Valley Homeopathic Hospital, at Wilkes-Barre, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. DRINKHOUSE. House Bill No. 328.

An act making an appropriation to the Woman's Hospital of Philadelphia.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. THEODORE CAMPBELL. House Bill No. 329.

An Act to regulate the sale, furnishing, giving away, prescription and possession of opium, morphine, heroin, codeine, their salts, derivatives or compounds, and of an substance or preparation containing opium, morphine, heroin, codeine, or any salts, derivative or compound thereof; providing for the enforcement of this act; and prescribing penalties for violation of its provisions.

Referred to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

By Mr. BOVEE. House Bill No. 330.

An Act making an appropriation to the Northwestern Pennsylvania Humane Society.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. DUNN. House Bill No. 331.

An Act requiring each county having a population of one million five hundred thousand and over to establish a pension fund for employes of said county, and regulating the payment of such pension.

Referred to the Committee on Labor and Industry.

By Mr. WALSH. House Bill No. 332.

An Act making an appropriation to the Home of Industry for Discharged Prisoners of the City of Philadelphia.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. KAISER. House Bill No. 333.

An Act making an appropriation to the Bethesda Home of the City of Pittsburgh, North Side.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

PETITIONS.

PRAYING FOR RESTRICTION OF THE LIQUOR TRAFFIC.

The SPEAKER presented the petition from School Children from Philadelphia praying for the passage of an act making it unlawful for any one to sell or traffic in any manner in alcoholic liquors for beverage purposes.

Which was referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

PRAYING FOR LOCAL OPTION LAWS.

Mr. WILLIAMS presented the petition of Citizens of Tioga County praying for the passage of local option laws.

Which was referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

Mr. MATHER presented the petition of Citizens of Bradford County praying for the passage of local option laws.

Which was referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

PRAYING FOR OPTOMETRY LAWS.

Mr. McCURDY presented the petition of Citizens of Blair County praying for the passage of optometry laws.

Which was referred to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

PRAYING FOR AMENDMENT OF GAME LAWS.

The SPEAKER presented the petition of citizens of Montgomery County praying for the amendment of the Game Laws.

Which was referred to the Committee on Game.

REPORT OF THE FAYETTE COUNTY TRUSTEES OF THE MOTHERS' PENSION FUND.

The SPEAKER laid before the House the report of the Fayette County Trustees of the Mothers' Pension Fund and ordered it noted on the Journal and printed in the Appendix of the Legislative Journal.

(See Appendix).

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. HERMAN, from the Committee on Education, reported with a negative recommendation, House Bill No. 197, entitled:

An Act to amend Section one thousand three hundred and ten of an act entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, together with the provisions by which it shall be administered, and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof; providing revenue to establish and maintain the same, and the method of collecting such revenue; and repealing all laws, general, special or local, or any parts thereof, that are or may be inconsistent therewith," approved the eighteenth day of May, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven.

Mr. BRUMBAUGH, from the Committee on Education, reported with a negative recommendation, House Bill No. 198, entitled:

An Act to amend Section one thousand seven hundred and eight of an act entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, together with the provisions by which it shall be administered, and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof; providing revenue to establish and maintain the same, and the method of collecting such revenue; and repealing all laws, general, special or local, or any parts thereof, that are or may be inconsistent therewith," approved the eighteenth day of May, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven.

Mr. CROMER, from the Committee on Agriculture, reported as committed, House Bill No. 71, entitled:

An Act transferring from one fund to another certain moneys appropriated to the Dairy and Food Division of the Department of Agriculture.

Mr. McVICAR, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 17, entitled:

An Act to provide for an additional law judge of the several courts of the twelfth judicial district.

Mr. BENNINGER, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as amended, House Bill No. 213, entitled:

An Act validating certain ordinances of cities and boroughs and the contracts or payments made in pursuance thereof.

Mr. W. W. JONES, from the Committee on Judiciary Local, reported as committed, House Bill No. 219, entitled:

An Act granting to boroughs and towns the right of eminent domain for certain purposes and regulating the procedure thereunder.

Mr. ARON, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed, House Bill No. 255, entitled:

An Act to amend Section four of an act approved the eleventh day of May, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine, entitled "A further supplement to an act to establish a board of wardens for the Port of Philadelphia and for the regulation of pilots and pilotage, and for other purposes" approved March twenty-ninth, one thousand eight hundred and three, and for regulating the rates of pilotage and number of pilots.

Mr. LAURER, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed, House Bill No. 256, entitled:

An Act to further amend an act approved the thirtieth day of March one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, entitled "An Act to amend the first section of an act approved the eleventh day of May one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine, entitled 'A further supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to establish a board of wardens for the Port of Philadelphia, and for the regulation of pilots and pilotage, and for other purposes," approved March twenty-ninth, one thousand eight hundred and three and for regulating the rates of pilotage and number of pilots.' "

Mr. WOOD, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as amended House Bill No. 48, entitled:

An Act enabling townships of the first class to provide, regulate and protect a system of water supply and to contract with certain adjoining municipalities for such water and granting and regulating the right of eminent domain and the right to occupy highways.

Mr. DUNN, from the Committee on Judiciary Local, reported as committed, House Bill No. 40, entitled:

An Act designating the Mountain Laurel (Kalmia latifolia) as the flower emblem or State Flower of this Commonwealth.

Mr. H. I. WILSON, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as amended House Bill No. 120, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-eighth day of May, one thousand nine hundred seven, entitled "An Act to provide for the protection of insane persons, feeble minded persons, and epileptics, and the appointment of a guardian for the said insane persons, feeble minded persons, and epileptics, unable to care for their own property; authorizing the guardian to support the wife and children of the said insane persons, feeble minded persons, and epileptics; defining the powers of the guardian, and authorizing the sale of real estate of the ward," by adding an additional section.

Mr. GLENN, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 249, entitled:

An Act to repeal an act approved the thirteenth day of April, one thousand eight hundred sixty-nine, entitled "An Act relating to hawking, peddling and huckstering in the counties of Indiana and Clearfield," so far as it relates to Indiana County.

Mr. HUBLER, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 280, entitled:

An Act prescribing certain duties for collectors of taxes in boroughs and townships and for county treasurers.

Mr. HESS, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as Committed, House Bill No. 182, entitled:

An Act authorizing boroughs to supply and to make contract for supplying electric current outside the limits of said borough.

Mr. RONEY, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as amended, House Bill No. 175, entitled:

An Act providing for the discharge of persons arrested or held on process issued on a judgment obtained in civil actions.

ADJOURNMENT.

Mr. ROWELL. Mr. Speaker, I move that the House do now adjourn.

The motion was agreed to an (at 5:20 o'clock P. M.) the House adjourned until to-morrow morning at 10:00 o'clock.

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA.

Legislative Journal.

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HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

WEDNESDAY, February 10th, 1915.

The House met at 10.00 A. M.

The SPEAKER (Charles A. Ambler) in the Chair.

PRAYER.

The Chaplain, Rev. F. W. Staley, offered the following prayer:

Almighty God, we thank Thee that in Thy divine plan to protect and redeem man, Thou hast surrounded him with law, both human and divine. To the human law Thou hast attached a penalty. The man who violates that law suffers the penalty and inflicts upon himself his own punishment. To the divine law there is also a penalty, whether it is natural, moral or spiritual. The violator of that law suffers the penalty and inflicts upon himself his own punishment and carries with him the dreadful consequences, not only throughout this life but throughout the life to come. The decree has gone forth that "Whatsoever a man soweth, that shall he also reap; if he soweth to the flesh he shall of the flesh reap corruption; if he soweth to the spirit, he shall of the spirit reap life everlasting."

May we have the Saviour of men as our model, who summed up all law in the words "Love to God and Love to Man," we ask in His name sake. Amen.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the Journal of yesterday's proceedings.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of yesterday's proceedings when, on motion of Mr. Gransback, the further reading was dispensed with and the Journal was approved.

PETITION.

PRAYING FOR BRIDGE OVER SUSQUEHANNA RIVER AT HALLSTEAD.

Mr. E. E. JONES presented the petition of Citizens of Susquehanna County praying for a bridge over the Susquehanna River at Hallstead.

Which was referred to the Committee on Public Roads.

BILLS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED.

By Mr. BALDWIN. House Bill No. 334.

An Act providing for the payment by the mortgagee of taxes levied against real estate covered by mortgages; providing that such tax when paid by the mortgagee shall be added to the principal sum of such mortgage; and making mortgages liable to sale for the collection of certain taxes.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. PALMER. House Bill No. 335.

An Act making an appropriation to the Benevolent Association's Home for Children, of Pottsville, Schuylkill County.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. DELL. House Bill No. 336.

An Act requiring the assessors for county taxation purposes to collect certain agricultural information, fixing their compensation therefor, and fixing the duties of the county commissioners in connection therewith.

Referred to the Committee on Agriculture.

By Mr. POWELL. House Bill No. 337.

An Act to amend an act approved the thirtieth day of January, one thousand eight hundred seventy-four, entitled "A further supplement to the act regulating elections in this Commonwealth."

Referred to the Committee on Elections.

By Mr. ARON. House Bill No. 338.

An Act making an appropriation to the Children's Homeopathic Hospital, of Philadelphia.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. STEIN. House Bill No. 339.

An Act making an appropriation to the Western Pennsylvania Humane Society.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. STEIN. House Bill No. 340.

An Act making an appropriation to the Curtis Home for Destitute Women and Children, of Pittsburgh.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. STEIN. Houes Bill No. 341.

An Act making an appropriation to the Industrial Home for Colored Working Girls, of Pittsburgh.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. STEIN. House Bill No. 342.

An Act making an appropriation to the Mercy Hospital, of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. STEIN. House Bill No. 343.

An Act making an appropriation to the Colored Women's Relief Association of Western Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. LAFFERTY. House Bill No. 344.

An Act making an appropriation to the Jefferson Medical College of Philadelphia.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. BROSIUS. House Bill No. 345.

An Act to amend an act approved the thirtieth day of April, one thousand eight hundred sixty-four, entitled "An Act imposing additional taxes for State purposes, and to abolish the revenue board," as hitherto amended, by providing for the return by the State Treasurer of seventy-five per centum of certain State taxes to the respective county, city, borough, school district, or incorporated district, where collected.

Referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. SINCLAIR. House Bill No. 346.

An Act relating to the issue and redemption of trading stamps, coupons and other similar devices.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

By Mr. BODY. House Bill No. 347.

An Act making an appropriation to the Bernardine Sisters of the Third Order of Saint Francis, of Reading, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. THOMAS. House Bill No. 351.

An Act relating to juvenile offenders and regulating their detention and trial.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. BROWNLEE. House Bill No. 352.

An Act to prevent trespassing upon the waters, lands and premises and the pollution of the waters of companies supplying water to the public and providing for the punishment thereof.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

By Mr. HESS. House Bill No. 353.

An Act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania State College for the maintenance of extension work in agriculture and home economics.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. HEFFERNAN. House Bill No. 354.

An Act making an appropriation to Saint John's Orphan Asylum, Philadelphia.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. BENN. House Bill No. 355.

An Act making an appropriation to the Ladies of the Grand Army of the Republic Home, Department of Pennsylvania, at Hawkins Station, Allegheny County, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. HEFFERNAN. House Bill No. 356.

An Act making an appropriation to the Philadelphia Home for Infants, located at four thousand six hundred and eighteen Westminster Avenue, Philadelphia.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. RICHARDS. House Bill No. 357.

An Act making an appropriation to the Home for the Aged, one thousand eight hundred and nine Mount Vernon Street, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. CROMER. House Bill No. 358.

An Act making an appropriation to the Industrial Home for Crippled Children, at Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. GEARY. House Bill No. 359.

An Act making an appropriation to the Eye and Ear Hospital, of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. BALDWIN. House Bill No. 360.

An Act making an appropriation to the Taylor Hospital, Ridley Park, Delaware County, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. PHILLIPS. House Bill No. 361.

An Act making an appropriation to the Clearfield Hospital, Clearfield, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. SWAN. House Bill No. 362.

An Act making an appropriation to the Children's Aid Society of Western Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. DELL. House Bill No. 363.

An Act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Industrial Reformatory, at Huntingdon, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. E. E. JONES. House Bill No. 364.

An Act to assent to the provisions of an Act of Congress, approved May eighth, one thousand nine hundred and fourteen, entitled "An Act to provide for co-operative agricultural extension work between the agricultural colleges in the several States receiving the benefits of an Act of Congress, approved July second, eighteen hundred and sixty-two, and of acts supplementary thereto and the United States Department of Agriculture."

Referred to the Committee on Agriculture.

By Mr. GOMPERS. House Bill No. 365.

An Act making an appropriation to the Miners' Hospital of Northern Cambria, at Spangler, in Cambria County, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. CHARLES A. SHAFFER. House Bill No. 366.

An Act relative to judgments and prescribing the duties of prothonotaries in connection therewith.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. URICH. House Bill No. 367.

An Act amending the first section of the act entitled "An Act authorizing policemen to hold and exercise the office of constables," approved the twenty-fifth day of April, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five, so as to extend the provisions of the same to townships of the first class.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

By Mr. KAISER. House Bill No. 368.

An Act making an appropriation to the Home for Colored Children, of Allegheny, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. CURRY. House Bill No. 369.

An Act making an appropriation to the Penn Asylum for Indigent Widows and Single Women, located at Belgrade Street and Susquehanna Avenue, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. KITTS. House Bill No. 370.

An Act to amend an act approved the tenth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three, entitled "An Act to regulate the nomination and election of public officers requiring certain expenses incident thereto to be paid by the several counties and punishing certain offenses in regard to such elections."

Referred to the Committee on Elections.

By Mr. BALDWIN. House Bill No. 371.

An Act to amend the eighteenth section of an act entitled "An Act relating to roads, highways and bridges," approved the thirteenth day of June, one thousand eight hundred thirty-six, by further expressly extending the power of the courts to inquire of and reduce the width of any private or public road whenever the same shall become useless inconvenient or burdensome for maintenance of its original width, with further authority, upon proper occasion in the discretion of the court to prohibit the use of such narrowed road for public travel by automobiles, motorcycles, or vehicles drawn by animals.

Referred to the Committee on Public Roads.

By Mr. WETTACH. House Bill No. 372.

An Act making an appropriation to Avery College Trade School of the North Side, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. MURDOCH. House Bill No. 373.

An Act making an appropriation to the Braddock General Hospital, of the Borough of Braddock, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. SNYDER. House Bill No. 374.

An Act making an appropriation to the Westmoreland Hospital Association, of Greensburg, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. WETTACH. House Bill No. 375.

An Act making an appropriation to the Home of the Good Shepherd of the County of Allegheny, Lowrie Street, Troy Hill, North Side, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. KITTS. House Bill No. 376.

An Act making an appropriation to carry out further the provisions of the act approved the fourteenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eleven, entitled "An Act making an appropriation for the improvement of the State canal basins at the port of Erie by dredging the said basins; for widening the piers and bridge over the water channel between the said canal basins, and erecting certain walls in the same, for the protection of the said State canal basins, with harbor of Erie; authorizing the appointment of a commission to make said improvements; and providing for regulating the manner in which said basins shall be used by the public, and kept in repairs."

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. KITTS. House Bill No. 377.

An Act making an appropriation to the Florence Crittenton Home of Erie, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. WETTACH. House Bill No. 378.

An Act empowering cities of the second class to levy and collect for general revenue purposes, license taxes or fees upon railroad switches, turn-outs, tracks and sidings upon the public streets, ways, alleys, wharves and properties of said cities.

Referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. LAULER. House Bill No. 379.

An Act empowering cities of the second class to levy and collect for general revenue purposes license taxes or fees upon poles, wires, cables, conduits, pipes, tracks, vaults and other appliances and appurtenances under, upon, over or through the public streets, ways, alleys, wharves and properties thereof.

Referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. KITTS. House Bill No. 380.

An Act to amend an act approved July twelfth, one thousand nine hundred and thirteen, entitled "An Act regulating certain political parties; providing for and regulating the nomination of candidates of such political parties for certain public offices, the election of delegates and alternate delegates to National party conventions, and of certain party officers, including State committeemen; a method whereby electors of such political parties may express their choice of candidates for the office of President of the United States; and the payment by the several counties, and their reimbursement by the State, of the expenses of the same; authorizing the State committee of a political party to make, and to alter, amend, and revoke, rules; and providing penalties for the violation of the provisions of this act, and for the punishment of certain offenses provided for herein; and repealing inconsistent legislation."

Referred to the Committee on Elections.

By Mr. ADAMS. House Bill No. 381.

An Act authorizing the erection of a bronze tablet upon the wall of the House of Representatives back of the Speaker's rostrum, and directing the board of commissioners of Public Grounds and Buildings to procure and erect the same and making an appropriation.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. KITTS. House Bill No. 382.

An Act to regulate advertisements and solicitations for employes during strikes, lockouts and other labor disputes.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. ADAMS. House Bill No. 383.

An Act providing for the organization, discipline, maintenance and regulation of the militia of the Commonwealth.

Referred to the Committee on Military.

By Mr. W. H. WILSON. House Bill No. 384.

An Act to amend Section thirty-two of an act entitled "An Act to reduce the State debt and to incorporate the Pennsylvania Canal and Railroad Company," approved the twenty-ninth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and forty-four.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. W. H. WILSON. House Bill No. 385.

An Act regulating the practice of Drugless Therapeutics in the State of Pennsylvania, defining the same, creating a Bureau of Licensure therefor and means and methods whereby the right to practice Drugless Therapeutics in any of its branches may be obtained and exemptions therefrom; Providing penalties for violation thereof; and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent therewith.

Referred to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

By Mr. HOWARTH. House Bill No. 386.

An Act making an appropriation to the Providence Mission and Rescue Home of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. VOGDES. House Bill No. 387.

An Act making an appropriation to the Rush Hospital for Consumption and Allied Diseases, of Philadelphia.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. McKAY. House Bill No. 388.

An Act making an appropriation to the Spencer Hospital, located at Meadville, Crawford County, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. RICH. House Bill No. 389.

An Act making an appropriation to the Renovo Hospital, at Renovo, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. BUNGARD. House Bill No. 390.

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-sixth day of July, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven, entitled "An Act granting an annuity to J. H. Pershing."

Referred to the Committee on Pensions and Gratuities.

By Mr. RICH. House Bill No. 391.

An Act making an appropriation to the Lock Haven Hospital of Lock Haven, Clinton County, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. WHITAKER. House Bill No. 392.

An Act to provide for certain improvements to that certain tract of land known as the "Paoli Parade Ground," situate in Malvern Borough, Chester County, and making an appropriation therefor.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. NEVILLE. House Bill No. 393.

An Act relating to the powers, duties and fees of Coroners and their officers or assistants.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. NEVILLE. House Bill No. 394.

A joint resolution proposing an amendment to section five of article fourteen of the Constitution of this Commonwealth; providing for the salaries of county officers.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. NEVILLE. House Bill No. 395.

An Act making an appropriation to Saint Joseph's Protectory, Norristown, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. NEVILLE. House Bill No. 396.

An Act making an appropriation to Charity Hospital, of Montgomery County, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. STEIN. House Bill No. 397.

An Act relative to the sale in bulk of the whole, or a large part of a stock of merchandise and fixtures, or merchandise, or fixtures, not in the ordinary course of business; providing certain requirements therefor; imposing certain duties upon the seller; and making their violation a misdemeanor.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. WALTON. House Bill No. 398.

An Act making an appropriation to the Shenango Valley Hospital, of New Castle, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. WALTON. House Bill No. 399.

An Act making an appropriation to the New Castle Hospital, New Castle, Lawrence County, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. WALTON. House Bill No. 400.

An Act making an appropriation to the Ellwood City Hospital, Ellwood City, Lawrence County, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. RAMSEY. House Bill No. 401.

An Act to repeal an act approved the twenty-seventh day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirteen, entitled "An Act laying a tax on anthracite coal and providing for the collection and distribution of the same."

Referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. STEIN. House Bill No. 402.

An Act making an appropriation to the Passavant Hospital of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. STONE. House Bill No. 403.

An Act to revise, consolidate and amend the law relating to certain corporations.

Referred to the Committee on Corporations.

By Mr. McVICAR. House Bill No. 404.

An Act to amend, revise and consolidate the law relating to boroughs.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. RONEY. House Bill No. 405.

An Act to revise, consolidate and amend the law relating to taxation, including state and local.

Referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. AMBLER. House Bill No. 406.

An Act to clarify the statute law of the Commonwealth by repealing certain acts and parts of acts of assembly which are obsolete, expired, supplied, superseded, repealed by implication or declared unconstitutional.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

SENATE MESSAGE.

SENATE BILLS FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced presented for concurrence bills numbered and entitled as follows:

Senate Bill No. 21 (House Bill No. 348).

An Act to validate deeds, mortgages and other instruments of writing which have been defectively acknowledged by husband and wife prior to the fourth day of January one thousand nine hundred and fifteen.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Also Senate Bill No. 4 (House Bill No. 349).

An Act relating to persons habitually addicted to the use of alcohol or drugs, and providing for the care and treatment of such persons at the expense of the county and State if indigent.

Referred to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

Also Senate Bill No. 2 (House Bill No. 350).

An Act to amend the first section of an act approved the twenty-eighth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and twenty, entitled "An Act relative to mortgages" by requiring purchase money mortgages to be recorded within ten days in order to have priority of lien.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

RESOLUTION NO. 4.

Mr. ROTHENBERGER. Mr. Speaker.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman from Berks, Mr. Rothenberger.

Mr. ROTHENBERGER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to call up Resolution No. 4.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the Resolution.

The Clerk then twice read the Resolution as follows:

Be it resolved by the House of Representatives that it is the sense of this body that it is entirely unnecessary for the Appropriation Committee of either branch of the General Assembly to visit the various institutions public or private which ask for appropriation from the State And further That the recommendations relative to appropriations made after careful investigation by the State Board of Public Charities should be followed and that another investigation would be a great waste of State funds that could well be used for other and better purposes

On the question,

Will the House agree to the Resolution?

Mr. McCAIG. Mr. Speaker, I move that this Resolution be referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. ADAMS. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

Mr. ROTHENBERGER. Mr. Speaker, I cannot understand why this resolution should not be passed. There is no appropriation connected with it. I only wanted to present this before the House although my Democratic friends oppose me and say that I put this resolution in for spite work because I didn't get an appointment on the Appropriation Committee. That was not the reason for it. If I had been put on the Appropriation Committee I would have presented it any way. Most of the members don't know that this Appropriation Committee spends twelve thousand dollars of the State's money having joy rides over the State to look into the condition of these institutions and they never give a report to this House.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the motion?

It was agreed to.

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order.

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 85, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to refund to S. L. Stayman, of York, Pennsylvania, moneys erroneously paid into the State Treasury.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 66, entitled:

An Act making a deficiency appropriation to the Trustees of Temple University.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 76, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to refund to the Crawford County Trust Company, a corporation of Meadville, Crawford County, Pennsylvania, moneys erroneously paid into the State Treasury.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 206, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the payment of the expense of publication of amendments to the Constitution for the three years beginning June first, one thousand nine hundred and twelve.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 71, entitled:

An Act transferring from one fund to another certain moneys appropriated to the Dairy and Food Division of the Department of Agriculture.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 17, entitled:

An Act to provide for an additional law judge of the several courts of twelfth judicial district.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 213, entitled:

An Act validating certain ordinances of cities and boroughs and the contracts or payments made in pursuance thereof.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 219, entitled:

An Act granting to boroughs and towns the right of eminent domain for certain purposes and regulating the procedure thereunder.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 255, entitled:

An Act to amend section four of an act approved the eleventh day of May one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine entitled "A further supplement to an act to establish a board of wardens for the port of Philadelphia and for the regulation of pilots and pilotage and for other purposes" approved March twenty-ninth one thousand eight hundred and three and for regulating the rates of pilotage and number of pilots

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 256, entitled:

An Act to further amend an act approved the thirtieth day of March one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine entitled "An Act to amend the first section of an act approved the eleventh day of May one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine entitled 'A further supplement to an act entitled "An Act to establish a board of wardens for the port of Philadelphia and for the regulation of pilots and pilotage and for other purposes" approved March twenty-ninth one thousand eight hundred and three and for regulating the rates of pilotage and number of pilots'"

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 48, entitled:

An Act enabling townships of the first class to provide regulate and protect a system of water supply and to contract with certain adjoining municipalities for such water and granting and regulating the right of eminent domain and the right to occupy highways

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 40, entitled:

An Act designating the mountain laurel (Kalmia latifolia) as the flower emblem or State flower of this Commonwealth

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 120, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-eighth day of May one thousand nine hundred seven entitled "An Act to provide for the protection of insane persons feeble-minded persons and epileptics and the appointment of a guardian for the said insane persons feeble-minded persons and epileptics unable to care for their own property authorizing the guardian to support the wife and children of the said insane persons feeble-minded persons and epileptics defining the powers of the guardian and authorizing the sale of real estate of the ward" by adding an additional section

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 249, entitled:

An Act to repeal an act approved the thirteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred sixty-nine entitled "An Act relating to hawking peddling and huckstering in the counties of Indiana and Clearfield" so far as it relates to Indiana County

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 280, entitled:

An Act prescribing certain duties for collectors of taxes in boroughs and townships and for county treasurers

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 182, entitled:

An Act authorizing boroughs to supply and to make contract for supplying electric current outside the limits of said borough.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 175, entitled:

An Act providing for the discharge of persons arrested or held on process issued on a judgment obtained in civil actions

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

REPORT ON THE CODIFICATION OF THE STATUTES.

The Speaker laid before the House the Report on the Codification of the Statutes as prepared by the Legislative Reference Bureau, which was ordered to be noted on the Journal and printed at length in the Appendix.

(See Appendix.)

ADJOURNMENT.

Mr. E. E. JONES. Mr. Speaker, I move that the House do now adjourn.

The motion was agreed to, and (at 10.55 A. M.) the House adjourned until Monday evening, February 15th, 1915, at 9.00 o'clock.

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA.

Legislative Journal.

Session 1915 — 121st of the General Assembly

VOL. 3. HARRISBURG, PA., MONDAY, FEBRUARY 15, 1915. No. 14.

SENATE.

MONDAY, February 15, 1915.

The Senate met at 9:30 o'clock P. M.

The PRESIDENT (Lieutenant-Governor Frank B. McClain) in the Chair.

PRAYER.

The Chaplain, Rev. Thomas W. Davis, offered the following prayer:

Almighty God, our kind Heavenly Father, we thank Thee that our lives have been preserved to be here again this evening hour. We thank Thee for the blessed privilege we have of service among our fellow men, and that coming from different parts of this great State our own views may be corrected by the views of others, and having thought out the various problems with which we are confronted, we pray that they may be crystalized into the very best laws for the good of the entire Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. We ask in our Saviour's name. Amen.

The PRESIDENT. A quorum of the Senate being present the Clerk will read the journal of the preceding session.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of the preceding session, when, on motion of Mr. VARE, the further reading was dispensed with, and the Journal was approved.

PETITIONS.

FAVORING COUNTY LOCAL OPTION LAW.

The Chair presented two petitions of citizens of Erie County praying for the passage of a County Local Option Law.

Which were referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

Mr. CATLIN read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 196, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Pittston Hospital Association, of Pittston, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. SPROUL read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 197, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Trustees of the State Hospital for the Criminal Insane, at Farview, to cover deficiency in maintenance and equipment of said hospital.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. GERBERICH read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 198, entitled:

An Act regulating the sale, barter, exchange, distribution, dealing in, giving away, dispensing, or disposing of chloral, opium, cocaine or any of their salts or derivatives, or any compound or preparation of any of them, and giving certain powers to the State Department of Health relative thereto providing penalties for any violation thereof and making an appropriation therefor.

Which was committed to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 199, entitled:

An Act to amend sections two, three and six of an act, entitled "An Act defining mattresses, regulating the making, remaking and sale thereof; prohibiting the use of unsanitary and unhealthy materials therein; requiring that the materials used shall be accurately described and prescribing the manner in which mattresses shall be labelled; providing for the enforcement of the provisions of this act; making certain acts criminal, and punishing the same; imposing certain duties upon the Commissioner of Health and the Chief Factory Inspector; and repealing legislation inconsistent with the act," approved the first day of May, A. D. 1913, so as, to apply to leasing as well as sale; require second hand mattresses to be sterilized and labeled, and more specifically regulate the making, remaking, renovating, selling and leasing of mattresses.

Which was committed to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

Mr. CLARK read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 200, entitled:

An Act to amend and revise an act, entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation, regulation and government of cities of the third class; regulating nomination and election of municipal officers therein; and repealing, consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto," approved the 27th day of June, A. D. 1913, enlarging, changing, modifying and defining certain of the powers of cities of the third class.

Which was committed to the Committee on Municipal Affairs.

Mr. P. W. SNYDER read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 201, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the J. C. Blair Memorial Hospital Association and Training School for Nurses of Huntingdon, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 202, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Industrial Reformatory, at Huntingdon, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations

Mr. THOMPSON read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 203, entitled:

An Act prohibiting executor, executors, trustee or trustees or any other holding property in trust for charitable use, objects and purposes, or the like, who have discretion to select the beneficiary or beneficiaries of the trust, from selecting a beneficiary or beneficiaries outside of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, when the will or other instrument creating the trust does not designate where the beneficiaries shall be located and the donor was a resident of Pennsylvania at the time of creating the trust and making such person or persons personally liable to the Commonwealth for sums hereafter paid out in violation of this act, and providing a method for collection of the same by the Commonwealth.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

Mr. BUCKMAN read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 204, entitled:

An Act to authorize the acquisition by purchase or condemnation of lands for a park, and the erection of a monument commemorative of Washington crossing the River Delaware; and for the appointment of a commission to acquire said lands and erect such monument; and making an appropriation for the purposes of this act.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 205, entitled:

An Act directing the Water Supply Commission to dredge Scotts Creek, Falls Township, Bucks County, and making an appropriation.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 206, entitled:

An Act to regulate cold storage of certain articles of food and providing penalties for the violations of the provisions of this act.

Which was committed to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

Mr. McKEE read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 207, entitled:

An Act providing for the organization, discipline, maintenance and regulation of the militia of the Commonwealth.

Which was committed to the Committee on Military Affairs.

Mr. BEIDLEMAN read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 208, entitled:

An Act to provide for the payment of moneys appropriated for the care, treatment and maintenance of the indigent insane, criminal insane, feeble-minded, epileptic, sick or injured and all other persons who are wards of the State; and the issuing of warrants by the Auditor-General on the State Treasurer to the Boards of Trustees, Directors or Managers of insane institutions, hospitals, asylums, homes, training schools, penal institutions, reformatories and all such other institutions owned, controlled and operated in part or in whole by the State, wherein such persons or wards of the State may be confined.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 209, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Sylvan Heights Home for Orphan Girls, at Harrisburg, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. MILLER read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 210, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Clearfield Hospital.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 211, entitled:

An Act to establish as a "State Highway" a certain section of public road beginning at Clearfield, thence northwest to Penfield, thence to a point on the dividing line between Clearfield and Elk Counties; at or near Tyler; thence by way of Force, Weedville, Caledonia and Benezette to a point on the dividing line between Elk and Cameron Counties, thence to Driftwood, Cameron County, connecting with route number one hundred and five; thence over route number one hundred and five to Emporium, Cameron County.

Which was committed to the Committee on Public Roads and Highways.

Mr. SCHANTZ read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 212, entitled:

An Act to amend sections four and eight of an act approved the 25th day of July, 1913, P. L. 1267, entitled "An Act providing for the printing, binding and distribution of two publications heretofore published by the State, namely, 'Pennsylvania at Gettysburg' and 'Report of the Commission to Locate the Sites of the Frontier Forts of Pennsylvania,' also providing for additions to said reports, and for the editing, proofreading, and indexing thereof; and making appropriations for said work."

Which was committed to the Committee on Public Printing.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 213, entitled:

An Act to amend section 1 of Article IV of an act approved the 27th day of June, 1913, P. L. 568, entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation, regulation, and government of cities of the third class; regulating nomination and election of municipal officers therein; and repealing, consolidating, and extending existing laws in relation thereto."

Which was committed to the Committee on Municipal Affairs.

Mr. ENDSLEY read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 214, entitled:

An Act to regulate the sale for agricultural purpose of crushed limestone, lime, gypsum and related products, defining said products, and prescribing penalties for the violation of this act.

Which was committed to the Committee on Agriculture.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 215, entitled:

An Act vesting in county commissioners certain powers relative to public monuments.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 216, entitled:

An Act relating to the Legislative Reference Bureau and authorizing and regulating therein a system of municipal reference information.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 217, entitled:

A supplement to an act approved the 14th day of April, 1851, entitled "An Act relating to the commencement of actions to judgments and decrees for the payment of money to the widows and children of decedents, to partitions in the common pleas, relative to penalties on telegraph operators, to pleadings in certain actions of debt, to actions of ejectment, to the protection of fences, to partnerships, to limitations of writs of entry in manors, lands, and tenements, to the exemption laws, to reports of the Supreme Court, to appeals relating to wards, boroughs, and township officers, to the acknowledgments of deeds and sequestration of life estates," providing a method of allowing a widow's exemption where the property consists of real estate not readily divided.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 218, entitled:

A joint resolution authorizing the appointment of a commission to investigate and report upon the change or proposed change in the corporate plan of certain foreign life insurance companies, defining the powers and duties of the commission and making an appropriation.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 219, entitled:

An Act authorizing the appointment by the Director of the Legislative Reference Bureau of a custodian and assistant custodian of the law library and a night watchman in the bureau, and fixing their salaries.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 220, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Benevolent Association's Home for Children, of Pottsville, Schuylkill County.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 221, entitled:

A supplement to an act approved the 1st day of June, 1911, entitled "An Act to establish an Insurance Department; authorizing the appointment of an Insurance Commissioner, and prescribing his powers and duties; also providing for the licensing, examination, regulation and dissolution of insurance and surety companies and associations, and for the licensing and regulation of insurance agents and insurance brokers; also providing for the collection of fees, and prescribing penalties for the violation of any of the provisions of this act; and repealing all existing acts," requiring foreign life, fire and indemnity insurance companies to make certain investments.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

Mr. W. W. SMITH read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 222, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Saint Luke's Hospital of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 223, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Evangelical Home for the Aged in the City of Philadelphia.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 224, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Northeastern Hospital of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. VARE read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 225, entitled:

An Act supplementing and amending sections 10 and 12 of an act entitled "An Act establishing a court for the County of Philadelphia; prescribing its jurisdiction and powers; providing for the service of its writs, process or warrants by the proper officers of the county or city of Philadelphia; regulating the procedure therein, and appeals therefrom, and providing for the expenses thereof," approved the 12th day of July, 1913, by increasing the jurisdiction of the court in all civil actions in assumpsit to twelve hundred dollars ($1200); by conferring upon said court jurisdiction in action of replevin, foreign attachment, proceedings commenced under an act entitled "An Act relating to fraudulent debtors," approved 17th day of March, 1869, mechanics' liens, municipal claims, habeas corpus proceedings, and regulating and changing the practice and procedure in said court, and changing the word "Prothonotary" in the said section twelve (12) wherever it appears, to the word "Clerk."

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

Mr. CATLIN (by request of Mr. McNichol) read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 226, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Wills Eye Hospital of Philadelphia.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. PHIPPS read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 227, entitled:

An Act providing for and regulating the issuance of employment certificates to minors; prohibiting the employment of certain minors to whom certificates have not been issued; prescribing the officers or persons by whom such certificates shall be issued, together with the proof to be required as a perquisite to the issuance thereof, and the regulations governing the same; providing for the issuance of two separate classes of employment certificates to be known as general and vacation employment certificates, respectively, and prescribing the conditions and effect of each; providing for the securing of statements from prospective employers in connection with the issuance of such certificates; providing for the issuance of school records to minors in cases specified and for the issuance of certificates of physical fitness to minors thereto entitled under the provisions of this act by physicians appointed by the Board of School Directors; imposing upon the Department of Labor and Industry the duty of prescribing standards for the issuance of certificates of physical fitness; prescribing the duties of employers in respect to the acknowledgment of receipt and return of the said certificates; prohibiting the exaction of any fee for the issuance of said certificates; imposing upon the Superintendent of Public Instruction certain duties in respect to the issuance of said certificates; providing for the forwarding to certain designated school authorities statements relating to the refusal of the issuance of school certificates; authorizing and requiring State Board of Education upon report of a County Superintendent of Schools to appoint attendance officers to secure the enforcement of this act and providing that the salaries and expenses of such officers be a charge against the school district to be deducted from appropriations for school purposes as made to said district; providing for and requiring the furnishing of proofs of age by persons employing or permitting minors to work and making failure to produce evidence herein prescribed prima facie evidence of illegal employment of certain minors; providing for and regulating prosecutions for the violations of this act in the form of summary criminal proceedings; providing for the disposition of fines collected for violations thereof; defining certain of the terms used in this act; and repealing all other acts or parts of acts inconsistent with its provisions.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

Mr. SONES read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 228, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Williamsport Hospital, of the City of Williamsport, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 229, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Home for the Friendless, of the City of Williamsport, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 230, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Girls' Training School, of Williamsport, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 231, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Boys' Industrial Home, at Williamsport, Lycoming County, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 232, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Florence Crittenden Mission of the City of Williamsport, Lycoming County, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 233, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Aged Colored Women's Home, at Williamsport, Lycoming County, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. WASBERS read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 234, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Paradise Protectory and Agricultural School, at Paradise Township, York County, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. HACKETT read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 235, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Easton Home for Friendless Children, at Easton, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. HINDMAN read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 236, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Renovo Hospital, at Renovo, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. TOMPKINS read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 237, entitled:

An Act relating to the admission of attorneys-at-law to the Supreme and Superior Courts.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. CROFT read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 238, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Homeopathic Hospital of Pottstown, Montgomery County, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Apporpriations.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 239, entitled:

An Act relating to the manufacture, keeping, storage and transportation of explosives, and providing penalties for any violation of this act.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 240, entitled:

An Act relating to the manufacture, sale, offering for sale, giving, leasing, furnishing, disposing, carrying, possessing, using and attempting to use certain dangerous or deadly instruments or weapons prescribing certain duties of district attorneys and county commissioners and fixing penalties for violation of this act.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. JENKINS read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 241, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Chestnut Hill Hospital, of Chestnut Hill, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. PATTON read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 242, entitled:

An Act to amend "a supplement to an act relative to the qualifications and powers or road jurors in the City of Philadelphia, approved May 6th, A. D. 1871."

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 243, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Philadelphia Home for Incurables.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 244, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Philadelphia Home for Infants, located at No. 4618 Westminster Avenue, Philadelphia.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 245, entitled:

An Act to amend an act, entitled "An Act authorizing appeals from assessment of taxes in this Commonwealth to the courts of common pleas, approved the 19th day of April, A. D. 1899, by giving the right to an appeal to other property owners and to the city, borough, county, township, school district or other public corporations entitled to levy and collect taxes on the assessment complained of.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. MAGEE read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 246, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to The Improvement Children's Home of the City of Pittsburgh.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. KLINE read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 247, entitled:

Joint Resolution authorizing the printing and binding of the Report of the Commission to Consider the Revision and Amendment of the Penal Laws of Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Public Printing.

RESOLUTION REQUESTING THE CONGRESS OF THE UNITED STATES TO REPEAL THE PRESENT TARIFF LAW.

Mr. VARE offered the following resolution which was twice read:

Whereas, The great industrial Commonwealth of Pennsylvania has suffered more than any other State in the Union because of the present tariff; and

Whereas, Under its operation our important steel plants, our textile mills and other industries have been operating only about one half capacity; and

Whereas, The Army of unemployed in our cities and towns has brought continued distress through inability to obtain proper food, raiment and shelter; and

Whereas, We believe present conditions will become worse instead of better at the close of the war, it is therefore

Resolved (If the House of Representatives concur), That the General Assembly of Pennsylvania, now in session, do request the Congress of the United States to repeal the present tariff law and replace it by a law giving adequate protection to our labor and industries, and, under normal conditions, sufficient revenue to warrant the repeal of the present unjust and uncalled for special methods of taxation now in operation.

Mr. VARE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that Rule 39 be suspended in order to consider the resolution just read.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the resolution?

The yeas and nays were required by Mr. WASBERS and Mr. FARLEY and were as follows, viz:

YEAS.—36.

Beidleman,	Graff,	McKee, W. S.,	Sensenich,
Buckman,	Hoke,	McNichol,	Smith, W. W.,
Burke,	Homsher,	Miller,	Snyder, C. A.,
Catlin,	Jenkins,	Mills,	Snyder, P. W.,
Clark,	Kurtz,	Moore,	Sproul,
Croft,	Lynch,	Patton,	Thompson,
Crow,	Magee, C. J.,	Phipps,	Vare,
Daix,	Martin,	Schantz,	Kline,
Endsley,	McConnell,	Semmens,	Pres. pro tem.
Gerberich,			

NAYS.—11.

DeWitt,	Hilton,	Sones,	Warner,
Farley,	Hindman,	Stewart,	Wasbers,
Hackett,	Smith, R. E.,	Tompkins,	

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

TIME OF NEXT MEETING.

Mr. THOMPSON offered the following resolution which was twice read, considered and agreed to:

In the Senate, February 15, 1915.

Resolved (If the House of Representatives concur), That when the Senate adjourns this week it shall be to meet again on Monday evening, March first, at nine-thirty o'clock, and that when the House of Representatives adjourns this week it shall be to meet again on Monday evening, March first, at nine o'clock.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. CLARK. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 3, on third reading, entitled:

An Act making it unlawful to obtain or attempt to obtain goods wares merchandise or credit under a false or assumed name

be recommitted to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL OVER IN ORDER.

Mr. TOMPKINS. Mr. President, I ask that Senate Bill No. 22, on third reading, entitled:

An Act to provide for the appointment of a coroner's physician in counties having a population of more than one hundred and fifty thousand and less than eight hundred thousand and defining his qualifications, duties and salary

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 27, entitled:

A Further Supplement to an act entitled "An Act to establish a county court for the county of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof" approved the fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven constituting the said court the juvenile court of said county and prescribing its organization jurisdiction and powers therein and otherwise

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS.—43.

Beidleman,	Graff,	Martin,	Sensenich,
Buckman,	Hackett,	McConnell,	Smith, W. W.,
Burke,	Hilton,	McKee, W. S.,	Snyder, C. A.,
Catlin,	Hindman,	McNichol,	Snyder, P. W.,
Clark,	Hoke,	Miller,	Sproul,
Croft,	Homsher,	Mills,	Thompson,
Dalx,	Jenkins,	Moore,	Tompkins,
DeWitt,	Kline,	Patton,	Vare,
Endsley,	Kurtz,	Phipps,	Wasbers,
Farley,	Lynch,	Schantz,	
Gerberich,	Magee, C. J.,	Semmens,	

NAYS.—2.

Smith, R. E., Warner,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

The PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE (Mr. Charles H. Kline) in the Chair.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 28, as follows:

An Act to further amend section two of an act entitled "An Act to establish a county court for the County of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof" approved the fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven as amended by an act entitled "An Act to amend section two of an act entitled 'An Act to establish a county court for the county of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof' approved the fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven and changing the election of the judges therein mentioned from the general election to the municipal election as now provided by law in accordance with the requirements of the Constitution of Pennsylvania" approved the sixth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven by increasing the salaries of the judges of said court

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section two of an act entitled "An Act to establish a county court for the county of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof" approved the fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven as amended by an act entitled "An Act to amend section two of an act entitled 'An Act to establish a county court for the county of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof' approved the fifth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven and changing the election of the judges therein mentioned from the general election to the municipal election as now provided by law in accordance with the requirements of the Constitution of Pennsylvania" approved the sixth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven which reads as follows

"Section 2 The judges of said court shall be learned in the law shall be elected by the qualified electors of the county of Allegheny shall hold office for a period of ten years if they shall so long behave themselves well and shall receive a salary of five thousand dollars per annum payable monthly except the presiding judge whose salary shall be five thousand five hundred dollars per annum The term of office of the elected judges of the court shall begin on the first Monday of January following their election The first judge or judges of said court shall be appointed by the Governor by and with the advice and consent of the Senate if then in session and shall hold office until the first Monday of January following the next municipal election at which his or their successor or successors shall be elected The first elected judges of the court shall be chosen at the municipal election next following such appointment Succeeding elections for the said office shall be held at the municipal election preceding the expiration of the term of any judge or at the following election in case of vacancy by death or otherwise where such vacancy occurs not less than two calendar months before such municipal election The vote for said judge shall be cast and counted according to law and return thereof shall be made without delay by the prothonotary of said county to the secretary of the Commonwealth who shall ascertain and certify the result to the Governor who in turn shall issue a commission to the person or persons so elected Whenever a vacancy occurs by death or otherwise in the office of judge or when upon the taking of any new census the said county shall be entitled to an additional judge or judges the Governor shall appoint in the manner provided by law At the organization of the court the Governor shall designate one of the persons appointed by him as presiding judge of the court and shall designate the priorities of the expirations of the respective commissions of the other judges and upon other judges being elected to said court for the same term they shall draw lots for priority of expiration of commission the result of which they shall certify to the Governor and the judge holding the original commission first expiring shall at all times thereafter be commissioned as the presiding judge of said court" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 2 The judges of said court shall be learned in the law shall be elected by the qualified electors of the county of Allegheny shall hold office for a period of ten years if they shall so long behave themselves well and shall receive a salary of nine thousand dollars per annum payable monthly except the presiding judge whose salary shall be nine thousand five hundred dollars per annum The term of office of the elected judges of the court shall begin on the first Monday of January following their election The first judge or judges of said court shall be appointed by the Governor by and with the advice and consent of the Senate if then in session and shall hold office until the first Monday of January following the next municipal election at which his or their successor or successors shall be elected The first elected judges of the court shall be chosen at the municipal election next following such appointment Succeeding elections for the said office shall be held at the municipal election preceding the expiration of the term of any judge or at the following election in case of vacancy by death or otherwise where such vacancy occurs not less than two calendar months before such municipal election The vote for said judges shall be cast and counted according to law and return thereof shall be made without delay by the prothonotary of said county to the secretary of the Commonwealth who shall ascertain and certify the result to the Governor who in turn shall issue a commission to the person or persons so elected Whenever a vacancy occurs by death or otherwise in the office of judge or when upon the taking of any new census the said county shall be entitled to an additional judge or judges the Governor shall appoint in the manner provided by law At the organization of the court the Governor shall designate one of the persons appointed by him as presiding judge of the court and shall designate the priorities of the expirations of the respective commissions of the other judges and upon other judges being elected to said court for the same term they shall draw lots for priority of expiration of commission the result of which they shall certify to the Governor and the judge holding the original commission first expiring shall at all times thereafter be commissioned as the presiding judge of said court

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS.—35.

Beidleman,	Endsley,	McConnell,	Snyder, C. A.,
Buckman,	Farley,	McKee, W. S.,	Snyder, P. W.,
Burke,	Gerberich,	McNichol,	Sones,
Catlin,	Graff,	Moore,	Sproul,
Clark,	Gyger,	Patton,	Stewart,
Croft,	Hackett,	Phipps,	Thompson,
Crow,	Homsher,	Schantz,	Vare,
Dalx,	Kurtz,	Sensenich,	Kline,
DeWitt,	Magee, C. J.,	Smith, W. W.,	Pres. pro tem.

NAYS.—4.

Hilton,	Smith, R. E.,	Tompkins,	Warner,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 29, as follows:

An Act amending sections 8 and 9 of an act entitled "An Act to establish a county court for the county of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof" approved the fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven as amended by changing the practice of the court with regard to trial by jury and by providing that appeals from the judgment of the court in all civil actions shall be taken by leave of the court of common pleas and prescribing the practice and the powers of the court of common pleas in such cases

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section eight of an act, entitled "An Act to establish a county court for the county of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof" approved the fifth day of May nineteen hundred and eleven which as amended reads as follows

"Section 8 Upon request in writing filed with the clerk by the plaintiff at the time of filing his statement of claim or by the defendant upon filing his defense accompanied by the payment of a jury fee of four dollars by the party making such request to be taxed as part of the costs of the case the court shall direct trial by jury in the manner now provided by law the jurors to be summoned and paid as they are for the courts of common pleas of said county Provided however That when a jury trial is demanded the court shall make a separate list of such cases from time to time as are put at issue and proceed to the trial and determination of said cases at the county seat" be and the same is hereby further amended to read as follows

"Section 8 At the time of filing the statement of claim and before it shall be received by the clerk there shall be contained on the back thereof an endorsement made by the plaintiff or his counsel as follows "Jury trial demanded" or "It is agreed that this case be tried by a judge without a jury" If the plaintiff demands a jury trial he shall at the time of filing his statement pay to the prothonotary a jury fee of four dollars Every answer where the plaintiff has not demanded a jury trial shall contain on the back thereof a similar endorsement and if the defendant demands a jury trial he shall at the time of filing his answer pay to the clerk a jury fee of four dollars and said jury fee by whomsoever paid shall be taxed as part of the costs of the case If both parties have filed agreements as aforesaid that the case may be tried by a judge without a jury it shall be so tried under such rules of procedure as the court shall prescribe When a jury trial is demanded by either party the court shall direct trial by jury in the manner now provided by law the jurors to be summoned and paid as they are for the courts of common pleas of said county Provided further that when a jury trial is demanded the court shall make a separate list of such cases from time to time as are put at issue and proceed to the trial and determination of said cases at the county seat

Section 2 That section nine of the above mentioned act which as amended and supplemented by section four of an act approved the second day of April nineteen hundred and thirteen and by section one of an act approved the twenty-third day of May nineteen hundred and thirteen reads as follows

"Section 9 Either party may within ten days after the entry by said court of any judgment in any civil action appeal therefrom to the court of common pleas of said county by taking and perfecting an appeal in the manner following

The party appealing shall procure from the county court a transcript duly certified under the seal of the court showing the proceedings had in said cases and shall file the same in the office of the prothonotary of said county and at the time of filing the same shall also make affidavit that the said appeal is not taken for the purpose of delay The appellant shall give bail absolute in a sum and with surety or sureties to be approved as hereinafter provided for his compliance with any judgment that may be finally rendered against him and for payment of all interest and costs likely to accrue All costs accrued up to the time of filing the transcript shall be paid by appellant in the first instance and if the appellant shall finally recover judgment in the case appealed he shall be entitled to receive and collect from the adverse party the costs so as aforesaid paid on appeal

The costs on appeals accruing at and from the time of filing the transcript shall abide the event of the suit and be paid by the unsuccessful party as in other cases Provided That if the plaintiff be the appellant he shall pay all costs which may accrue on the appeal if in the event of the suit he shall not recover a greater sum or a more favorable judgment exclusive of interest than was rendered by the county court And provided also That if the defendant either on the trial of the cause before the county court or before an appeal is taken shall offer to give the plaintiff a judgment for an amount which the defendant shall admit to be due and if said plaintiff shall not accept such offer then and in that case if the defendant shall appeal the plaintiff shall pay all the costs which shall accrue on the appeal if he shall not in the event of the suit recover a greater amount than that for which the defendant offered to give a judgment and in both cases the defendants bill shall be taxed and paid by the plaintiff in the same manner as if a judgment had been rendered in court for the defendant But provided further That in all cases where the judgment of the county court shall be in favor of defendant on a counter claim then the terms plaintiff and defendant in the foregoing provisions relating to costs on appeals shall be taken as inverted Any appellant shall have the right to appeal and demand and receive transcripts without payment of costs upon his making and filing with the judge approving the appeal bond an affidavit that he is unable through poverty to pay said costs provided said judge shall be satisfied of the truth of the statements in such affidavit All appeals taken and perfected in the manner above provided shall operate as a supersedeas The amounts of the penalties of and the sureties upon such bonds shall be approved by a judge of the county court

Or within ten days after the entry of judgment in any civil action either party may after such notice to the opposite party as the common pleas court shall require apply to any court of common pleas of said county or any judge thereof for leave to appeal the case to the common pleas court And if such appeal be allowed then after payment of costs in the county court as aforesaid unless the appeal be taken in forma papueris and upon filing the certified copy of said order of allowance the transcript shall be filed with the prothonotary as above provided but said appeal shall not operate as a supersedeas unless the court or judge allowing such appeal shall so order

Any party shall be entitled within ten days from the date of judgment or within such further time as the court of common pleas may grant to a writ of certiorari to remove the record to any court of common pleas of said county in the manner as now provided by law in regard to writs of certiorari issuing out of said common pleas but such certiorari shall not operate as a supersedeas unless bail absolute for said judgment interest and costs shall be given and approved by the court of common pleas from which such writ of certiorari issues

Provided That in all cases in said county court where judgment shall have been entered on the verdict of a jury no appeal to the common pleas court shall be perfected as above set forth until leave to take such appeal has first been obtained by the appellant from the court of common pleas or a judge thereof The application for leave to appeal shall be by petition to the common pleas court setting forth the reasons why a retrial of issue of fact is necessary to prevent an injustice This petition shall be heard after such notice to the adverse party as the common pleas court shall prescribe and if leave to take such appeal be granted a copy of the order allowing the appeal shall be filed in the office of the clerk of the county court" be and the same is hereby further amended and supplemented to read as follows

Section 9 Either party may within ten days after the allowance of an appeal to the court of common pleas as herein provided in any civil action appeal to the court of common pleas of said county by taking and perfecting an appeal in the manner following

The party appealing shall procure from the county court a transcript duly certified under the seal of the court showing the proceedings had in said cases and shall file the same in the office of the prothonotary of said county and at the time of filing the same shall also make affidavit that the said appeal is not taken for the purpose of delay The appellant shall give bail absolute in a sum and with surety or sureties to be approved as hereinafter provided for his compliance with any judgment that may be finally rendered against him and for payment of all interest and costs likely to accure All costs accrued up to the time of filing the transcript shall be paid by appellant in the first instance and if the appellant shall finally recover judgment in the case appealed he shall be entitled to receive and collect from the adverse party the costs so as aforesaid paid on appeal

The costs on appeals accruing at and from the time of filing the transcript shall abide the event of the suit and be paid by the unsuccessful party as in other cases Provided That if the plaintiff be the appellant he shall pay all costs which may accrue on the appeal if in the event of the suit he shall not recover a greater sum or a more favorable judgment exclusive of interest than was rendered by the county court

And provided also That if the defendant either on the trial of the cause before the county court or before an appeal is taken shall offer to give the plaintiff a judgment for an amount which the defendant shall admit to be due and if the said plaintiff shall not accept such offer then and in that case if the defendant shall appeal the plaintiff shall pay all the costs which shall accrue on the appeal if he shall not in the event of the suit recover a greater amount than that for which the defendant offered to give a judgment and in both cases the defendants bill shall be taxed and paid by the plaintiff in the same manner as if a judgment had been rendered in court for the defendant But provided further That in all cases where the judgment of the county court shall be in favor of defendant on a counter-claim then the terms plaintiff and defendant in the foregoing provisions relating to costs on appeals shall be taken as inverted Any appellant shall have the right to appeal and demand and receive transcripts without payment of costs upon his making and filing with the judge approving the appeal bond an affidavit that he is unable through poverty to pay said costs provided said judge shall be satisfied of the truth of the statements

in such affidavit All appeals taken and perfected in the manner above provided shall operate as a supersedeas The amount of the penalties of and the sureties upon such bonds shall be approved by a judge of the county court but in allowing the appeal the common pleas court may for proper cause order that no bond be required or may otherwise prescribe the conditions of allowance of said appeals as may be just and proper under the circumstances

Any party shall be entitled within ten days from the date of judgment or within such further time as the court of common pleas may grant to a writ of certiorari to remove the record to any court of common pleas of said county in the manner as now provided by law in regards to writs of certiorari issuing out of said common pleas but such certiorari shall not operate as a supersedeas unless bail absolute for said judgment interest and costs shall be given and approved by the court of common pleas from which such writ of certiorari issues

Provided that no appeal to the common pleas court shall be perfected as above set forth until leave to take such appeal has first been obtained by the appellant from the court of common pleas or a judge thereof The application for leave to appeal shall be by petition to the common pleas court setting forth the reasons why a retrial of issues of fact is necessary to prevent an injustice This petition shall be heard after such notice to the adverse party as the common pleas court shall prescribe and if leave to take such appeal be granted a copy of the order allowing the appeal shall be filed in the office of the clerk of the county court Said application for leave to appeal shall be made to the common pleas court within ten days after the entry of judgment by the county court but where the case has been tried in the county court by a judge without a jury and a motion to open the judgment has been made within said court within such time as the county court may prescribe then the ten days for making application to appeal shall run from the date of the judgment of the county court on the motion to open judgment In disposing of the application for leave to appeal the court of common pleas may in its discretion direct the entry by the county court of such judgment as may be proper on its whole record and from such order of the common pleas court an appeal shall lie to the superior court of Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—46.

Beidleman,	Graff,	McNichol,	Snyder, P. W.,
Buckman,	Hackett,	Miller,	Sones,
Burke,	Hilton,	Moore,	Sproul,
Catlin,	Hindman,	Patton,	Stewart,
Clark,	Homsher,	Phipps,	Thompson,
Croft,	Jenkins,	Schantz,	Tompkins,
Crow,	Kurtz,	Semmens,	Vare,
Daix,	Lynch,	Sensenich,	Warner,
DeWitt,	Magee, C. J.,	Smith, R. E.,	Wasbers,
Endsley,	Martin,	Smith, W. W.,	Kline,
Farley,	McConnell,	Snyder, C. A.,	Pres. pro tem
Gerberich,	McKee, W. S.,		

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 30, as follows:

An Act amending section 7 of an act entitled "An Act to establish a county court for the county of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof" approved the fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven as amended by changing the practice in desertion and non-support cases

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Reprensentatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section seven of an act entitled "An Act to establish a county court for the county of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expense thereof" approved the fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven as amended by section one of an act approved the twenty-fifth day of June ninteen hundred and thirteen which reads as follows

"Section 7 The procedure in said court in all civil actions shall be substantially as follows

(a) The plaintiff may file with a clerk of the court at the county seat or in the district nearest to the residence or place of business of either plaintiff or defendant or any of them if there be more than one plaintiff or defendant a written statement of his demand verified by affidavit or may make to the clerk his complaint orally whereupon the clerk shall reduce the same to writing which shall be signed and sworn to by plaintiff and said clerk shall thereupon issue a writ of summons or replevin under the seal of the court requiring the defndant to appear at a time and place designated in said writ to answer the plaintiffs complaint and a copy of the plaintiffs statement however prepared shall be served with the writ The time of said hearing shall be not less than twelve nor more than fifteen days from date of said writ

(b) Upon the date fixed in said writ or such other date to which the cause may have been duly adjourned by order of the court and which shall not be less than nine days after service of the writ upon the defendant the parties shall attend with their witnesses and the cause shall be heard by one or more of the judges of said court who shall hear the parties and their witnesses and counsel if any and the decision of the judge or judges hearing the cause shall be rendered at the conclusion of the trial or at such other time not more than five days thereafter as may then be designated for that purpose and said judgment shall forthwith be entered upon the docket of said court

(c) In all actions except actions ex delicto in which actions ex delicto the defendant shall not file nor be required to file any answer or affidavit of defense the defendant shall at least three days exclusive of Sundays before the time fixed for hearing by the writ or within such further time as the court may allow upon cause shown file with the clerk of the court an answer duly sworn to setting forth the nature and character of his defense to the plaintiffs demand or he may make a statement of such defense orally to the clerk which shall be reduced to writing by the clerk and sworn to If no answer be filed the plaintiff may at any time after the time for filing such answer has expired in actions for the recovery of money on contract and in actions of replevin enter judgment in the clerks office in default of such answer In actions ex delicto the court shall on or after the time for hearing fixed by the summons enter such judgment as may be proper after examination of the plaintiffs statement or after hearing such evidence as may be necessary for the proper disposal of the case If an answer be filed as aforesaid all material averments of the plaintiffs statement which are not denied by the answer shall be deemed and taken to be true Provided however That in all cases the court may for proper cause require either party to file a bill of particulars

(d) In the action of replevin the practice shall be as is provided by law except in so far as modified by any of the provisions of this amending and supplementary act Any party interested desiring to intervene may do so as of course prior to the expiration of time to answer and thereafter upon leave of court If no answer or intervention be filed the plaintiff may take judgment by default in the clerks office as of course If answer or intervention be filed the case shall be heard on the day fixed for hearing in the writ or thereafter as the court may direct and shall be disposed of on the pleadings or evidence as the court may find necessary The court may require such additional pleadings as may be necessary to define the issue In desrtion and non-support cases and appeals from summary convictions and judgments for penalties the practice shall be as is now provided by law

(e) Service of the writs of summons and replevin and of copies of plaintiffs statements and execution of the writ of replevin shall be made in the same manner as is now provided by law for the service and execution of such writs in the courts of common pleas of Allegheny county and may be made by the sheriff of the county by a constable of the county or by such persons as may be appointed by the court for that purpose as shall be determined by the court" be and the same is hereby further amended to read as follows

Section 7 The procedure in said court in all civil actions shall be substantially as follows

(a) The plaintiff may file with a clerk of the court at the county seat or in the district nearest to the residence or place of business of either plaintiff or defendant or any of them if there be more than one plaintiff or defendant a written statement of his demand verified by affidavit or may make to the clerk his complaint orally whereupon the clerk shall reduce the same to writing which shall be signed and sworn to by plaintiff and said clerk shall thereupon issue a writ of summons or replevin under the seal of the court requiring the defendant to appear at a time and place designated in said writ to answer the plaintiffs complaint and a copy of the plaintiffs statement however prepared shall be served with the writ The time of said hearing shall be not less than twelve nor more than fifteen days from date of said writ

(b) Upon the date fixed in said writ or such other date to which the cause may have been duly adjourned by order of the court and which shall not be less than nine days after service of the writ upon the defendant the parties shall attend with their witnesses and the cause shall be heard by one or more of the judges of said court who shall hear the parties and their witnesses and counsel if any and the decision of the judge or judges hearing the cause shall be rendered at the conclusion of the trial or at such other time not more than five days thereafter as may then be designated for that purpose and said judgment shall forthwith be entered upon the docket of said court

(c) In all actions except actions ex delicto in which actions ex delicto the defendant shall not file nor be required to file any answer or affidavit of defense the defendant shall at least three days exclusive of Sundays before the time fixed for hearing by the writ or within such further time as the court may alow upon cause shown file with the clerk of the court an answer duly sworn to setting forth the nature and character of his defense to the plaintiffs demand or he may make a statement of such defense orally to the clerk which shall be reduced to writing by the clerk and sworn to If no answer be filed the plaintiff may at any time after the time for filing such answer has expired in actions for the recovery of money on contract and in actions of replevin enter judgment in the clerk's office in default of such answer In actions ex delicto the court shall on or after the time for hearing fixed by the summons enter such judgment as may be proper after examination of the plaintiffs statement or after hearing such evidence as may be necessary for the proper disposal of the case. If an answer be filed as aforesaid all material averments of the plaintiffs statement which are not denied by the answer shall be demed and taken to be true Provided however That davit of defense the defendant shall at east three days excusive of Sunplaintiff or defendant or any of them if there be more than one plainpar at a time and place designated in said writ to answer the plain in all cases the court may for proper cause require either party to file a bill of particulars

(d) In the action of replevin the practice shall be as is provided by law except in so far as modified by any of the provisions of this amending and supplementary act Any party interested desiring to intervene

may do so as of course prior to the expiration of time to answer and thereafter upon leave of court If no answer or intervention be filed the plaintiff may take judgment by default in the clerks office as of course If answer or intervention be filed the case shall be heard on the day fixed for hearing in the writ or thereafter as the court may direct and shall be disposed of on the pleadings or evidence as the court may find necessary The court may require such additional pleadings as may be necessary to define the issue In desertion and non-support cases and appeals from summary convictions and judgments for penalties the practice shall be as is now provided by law Provided That in desertion and non-support cases there shall be no preliminary hearing before a magistrate or justice of the peace but the information in all cases shall be made before the county court which shall thereupon issue its warrant of arrest and the person accused shall be immediately brought before the court for trial Any justice of the peace or magistrate may admit to bail for a hearing before the court persons arrested on original warrant issued out of the county court

(e) Service of the writs of summons and replevin and of copies of plaintiffs statements and execution of the writ of replevin and execution of warrants of arrest or other processes in desertion and non-support cases shall be made in the same manner as is now provided by law for the service and execution of such writs warrants and processes in the courts of common pleas and the court of quarter sessions of Allegheny county and may be made by the sheriff of the county by a constable of the county or by such persons as may be appointed by the court for that purpose as shall be determined by the court

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS.—47.

Beidleman,	Gyger,	McConnell,	Snyder, C. A.,
Buckman,	Graff,	McKee, W. S.,	Snyder, P. W.,
Burke,	Hackett,	McNichol,	Sones,
Catlin,	Hilton,	Mills,	Sproul,
Clark,	Hindman,	Moore,	Stewart,
Croft,	Hoke,	Patton,	Thompson,
Crow,	Homsher,	Phipps,	Tompkins,
Daix,	Jenkins,	Schantz,	Vare,
DeWitt,	Kurtz,	Semmens,	Warner,
Endsley,	Lynch,	Sensenich,	Wasbers,
Farley,	Magee, C. J.,	Smith, R. E.,	Kline,
Gerberich,	Martin,	Smith, W. W.,	Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 36, as follows:

An Act authorizing the surrender and delivery of mortgages and writings obligatory secured thereby given to the Commonwealth and the satisfaction of the record thereof when full payment has been made

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That whenever heretofore or hereafter mortgages have been or shall be duly executed and delivered to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania or to any officer of the Commonwealth for its use and have been or shall be recorded in any county or counties of the State the Attorney-General or other officer or officers of the Commonwealth having custody thereof shall upon payment in full of said mortgage or mortgages or the bonds notes or other writings obligatory which said mortgages were given to secure surrender and deliver the same to the mortgagor or obligor therein or a duly authorized agent and the Attorney-General upon payment of the proper costs and charges shall acknowledge satisfaction of said mortgage upon the record thereof and cause the same to be satisfied of record either acting by himself or through a person duly authorized by his letter of attorney to act for him

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS.—47.

Beidleman,	Graff,	McConnell,	Snyder, C. A.,
Buckman,	Gyger,	McKee, W. S.,	Snyder, P. W.,
Burke,	Hackett,	McNichol,	Sones,
Catlin,	Hilton,	Mills,	Sproul,
Clark,	Hindman,	Moore,	Stewart,
Croft,	Hoke,	Patton,	Thompson,
Crow,	Homsher,	Phipps,	Tompkins,
Daix,	Jenkins,	Schantz,	Vare,
DeWitt,	Kurtz,	Semmens,	Warner,
Endsley,	Lynch,	Sensenich,	Wasbers,
Farley,	Magee, C. J.,	Smith, R. E.,	Kline,
Gerberich,	Martin,	Smith, W. W.,	Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILL OVER IN ORDER.

Mr. TOMPKINS. Mr. President, I ask that Senate Bill No. 43, on third reading, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-seevnth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation regulation and government of cities of the third class regulating nomination and election of municipal officers therein and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto"

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 46, entitled:

An Act authorizing the district attorneys of certain counties to appoint a secretary prescribing the duties fixing the salary and providing for payment of the same

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS.—45.

Beidleman,	Graff,	McNichol,	Sones,
Buckman,	Hackett,	Mills,	Sproul,
Burke,	Hilton,	Moore,	Stewart,
Catlin,	Hindman,	Patton,	Thompson,
Clark,	Hoke,	Phipps,	Tompkins,
Croft,	Homsher,	Schantz,	Vare,
Crow,	Jenkins,	Semmens,	Warner,
Daix,	Kurtz,	Sensenich,	Wasbers,
DeWitt,	Lynch,	Smith, R. E.,	Kline,
Endsley,	Magee, C. J.,	Smith, W. W.,	Pres. pro tem.
Farley,	McConnell,	Snyder, C. A.,	
Gerberich,	McKee, W. S.,	Snyder, P. W.,	

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 47, entitled:

An Act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act to fix the fees to be allowed the district attorney in the several counties of this Commonwealth having seven hundred and fifty thousand (750,000) inhabitants and less than one million two hundred thousand (1,200,000)" approved May sixth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS.—45.

Beidleman,	Graff,	Mills,	Sproul,
Buckman,	Hackett,	Moore,	Stewart,
Burke,	Hilton,	Patton,	Thompson,

Catlin,	Hindman,	Phipps,	Tompkins,
Clark,	Homsher,	Schantz,	Vare,
Croft,	Jenkins,	Semmens,	Warner,
Crow,	Kurtz,	Sensenich,	Wasbers,
Daix,	Lynch,	Smith, R. E.,	Kline,
DeWitt,	Magee, C. J.,	Smith, W. W.,	Pres. pro tem.
Endsley,	McConnell,	Snyder, C. A.,	
Farley,	McKee, W. S.,	Snyder, P. W.,	
Gerberich,	McNichol,	Sones,	

NAYS.—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 48, as follows:

An Act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act to amend section one of an act entitled 'An Act providing for the appointment of assistant district attorneys in the several counties of this Commonwealth having seven hundred and fifty thousand and less than one million two hundred thousand inhabitants prescribing the powers and duties and fixing the salaries of the said assistant district attorneys' approved the twenty-fifth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred seven so as to increase the salary of the first assistant district attorney and to provide for the classification of the other assistant district attorneys for whose appointment provision is made by said act as second third and fourth assistants and assistants and to increase the salary of some and to decrease the salary of others of said assistant district attorneys" approved May sixth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred nine so as to increase the salary of some of the assistant district attorneys and to provide for the appointment of two more assistant district atorneys and fixing the salaries of the same

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatiives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section one of an act entitled "An act to amend section one of an act entitled 'An act providing for the appointment of assistant district attorneys in the several counties of this Commonwealth having seven hundred and fifty thousand and less than one million two hundred thousand inhabitants prescribing the powers and duties and fixing the salaries of the said assistant district attorneys' approved the twenty-fifth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven so as to increase the salary of the first assistant district attorney and to provide for the classification of the other assistant district attorneys for whose appointment provision is made by said act as second third and fourth assistants and assistants and to increase the salary of some and to decrease the salary of others of said assistant district attorneys" approved the sixth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred nine which reads as follows

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by authority of the same That in all counties of this Commonwealth having seven hundred and fifty thousand and less than one million two hundred thousand inhabitants the district attorneys shall have authority to appoint one or more assistants learned in the law not exceeding eight (8) in number to assist the district attorney in the discharge of his duties One of said assistant district attorneys who shall be designated as the first assistant shall receive a salary of six thousand dollars ($6,000) per annum one of the said assistant district attorneys who shall be designated as the second assistant shall receive a salary of five thousand dollars ($5,000) per annum one of the said assistant district attorneys who shall be designated as third assistant shall receive a salary of forty-five hundred dollars ($4,500) per annum one of said assistant district attorneys who shall be designated as fourth assistant shall receive a salary of thirty-nine hundred dollars ($3,900) per annum and each of the other four assistant district attorneys shall receive a salary of twenty-seven hundred dollars ($2,700) per annum

The salaries herein provided shall be paid out of the county treasury" shall be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by authority of the same That in all counties of this Commonwealth having seven hundred and fifty thousand and less than one million two hundred thousand inhabitants the district attorneys shall have power to appoint one or more assistants learned in the law not exceeding ten (10) in number to assist the district attorney in the discharge of his duties One of said assistants shall be designated as the first assistant and shall receive a salary of six thousand dollars ($6,000) per annum one shall be designated as second assistant and shall receive a salary of five thousand dollars ($5,000) per annum one shall be designated as third assistant and shall receive a salary of four thousand five hundred dollars ($4,500) per annum one shall be designated as fourth assistant and shall receive a salary of four thousand dollars ($4,000) per annum of the other six assistants four shall receive a salary of three thousand dollars ($3,000) per annum each and two shall receive a salary of two thousand four hundred dollars ($2,400) each

The salaries herein provided shall be paid out of the county treasury

Section 2 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith be and the same is hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS.—45.

Beidleman,	Graff,	McNichol,	Sones,
Buckman,	Hackett,	Mills,	Sproul,
Burke,	Hilton,	Moore,	Stewart,
Catlin,	Hindman,	Patton,	Thompson,
Clark,	Hoke,	Phipps,	Tompkins,
Croft,	Homsher,	Schantz,	Vare,
Crow,	Jenkins,	Semmens,	Warner,
Daix,	Kurtz,	Sensenich,	Wasbers,
DeWitt,	Lynch,	Smith, R. E.,	Kline,
Endsley,	Magee, C. J.,	Smith, W. W.,	Pres. pro tem.
Farley,	McConnell,	Snyder, C. A.,	
Gerberich,	McKee, W. S.,	Snyder, P. W.,	

NAYS.—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 63, as follows:

An Act relating to moneys heretofore deposited in State Treasury prior to December thirty-first Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen by the State Highway Department as fees for registration of motor-vehicles and the licensing of operators and making an appropriation thereof

Whereas Under the provisions of an act approved the twenty-seventh day of April one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled "An Act relating to motor-vehicles regulating their speed upon the public streets and highways of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania providing for their registration and the licensing of operators by the State Highway Department establishing the rights of motor-vehicles upon the public highways with relation to other vehicles regulating the service of process and of proceedings in actions for damages arising therefrom prescribing the penalties for violations of the provisions of this act and providing for the disposition of fines imposed thereunder" the moneys derived from the registration of motor-vehicles and the licensing of operators were to be paid into the Treasury of this Commonwealth to be used in the improvement of the roads and

Whereas There remains in the State Treasury the sum of one hundred eighty-seven thousand seven hundred seventy-one dollars and forty-two cents being the unappropriated balance of funds derived from the registration of motor-vehicles and the licensing of operators and deposited therein prior to December thirty-one one thousand nine hundred and thirteen the date upon which act of Assembly number three hundred eighty-five dated July seventh one thousand nine hundred thirteen specifically appropriating all such moneys to the State Highway Department became effective

Whereas Owing to lack of specific appropriation the said moneys have not been available to the State Highway Department in the improvement of the roads and therefore cannot be used for the purposes for which such moneys were intended therefore

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of one hundred eighty-seven thousand seven hundred seventy-one dollars and forty-two cents now in the treasury of this Commonwealth derived from the fees for registration of motor-vehicles and the licensing of operators thereof is hereby specifically appropriated to the State Highway Department for the purpose of maintenance repair and construction of the State highways described and as prescribed in the act establishing the State Highway Department approved the thirty-first day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven and supplement thereto

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS.—45.

Beidleman,	Graff,	McNichol,	Snyder, P. W.,
Buckman,	Hackett,	Miller,	Sones,
Burke,	Hilton,	Mills,	Sproul,
Catlin,	Hindman,	Moore,	Stewart,
Clark,	Hoke,	Patton,	Thompson,
Croft,	Homsher,	Phipps,	Tompkins,

Crow,	Jenkins,	Schantz,	Vare,
Daix,	Kurtz,	Semmens,	Warner,
DeWitt,	Lynch,	Sensenich,	Wasbers,
Endsley,	Magee, C. J.,	Smith, R. E.,	Kline,
Farley,	McConnell,	Smith, W. W.,	Pres. pro tem.
Gerberich,	McKee, W. S.,	Snyder, C. A.,	

NAYS.—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 93, entitled:

An Act making it unlawful for any insurance company or association issuing health or accident policies to concel the same except upon written application and consent of the insured and providing penalties for violations of its provisions

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS.—47.

Beidleman,	Graff,	McKee, W. S.,	Snyder, C. A.,
Buckman,	Gyger,	McNichol,	Snyder, P. W.,
Burke,	Hackett,	Miller,	Sones,
Catlin,	Hilton,	Mills,	Sproul,
Clark,	Hindman,	Moore,	Stewart,
Croft,	Hoke,	Patton,	Thompson,
Crow,	Homsher,	Phipps,	Tompkins,
Daix,	Jenkins,	Schantz,	Vare,
DeWitt,	Kurtz,	Semmens,	Warner,
Endsley,	Lynch,	Sensenich,	Wasbers,
Farley,	Magee, C. J.,	Smith, R. E.,	Kline,
Gerberich,	McConnell,	Smith, W. W.,	Pres. pro tem.

NAYS.—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILLS RECOMMITTED.

Mr. MAGEE. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 153, on third reading, entitled:

An Act to establish and regulate the fees to be charged and collected by sheriffs in counties of this Commonwealth having a population of not less than three hundred thousand nor more than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants as computed by the last preceding United States census the time and manner in which said fees shall be paid the publication and posting of said fees the delivery of an itemized receipt for official fees and legal costs received and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith

be recommitted to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 158, on third reading, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Secretary of Internal Affairs to appoint an assistant chief and a stenographer in the Bureau of Standards fixing their salary and increasing the salary of the chief of said Bureau of Standards

be recommitted to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. KURTZ. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Mr. McCONNELL. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 69, on second reading, entitled:

An Act providing for the acquisition at the cost of the Commonwealth for the use of the respective counties of certain toll bridges over two thousand feet in length for the abolition of tolls thereon and regulating the procedure in such cases and providing for the payment of the damages assessed

be recommitted to the Committee on Public Roads and Highways.

Mr. KURTZ. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 79, entitled:

An Act prohibiting any member or employe of any bureau or department having charge of police and fire protection of any county city borough town township school district or poor district in this Commonwealth from taking any active part in politics political movements or elections or from interfering with elections or from using his office to influence politics political movements or elections and providing penalties for violation thereof

The first section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That no member or employe of any bureau or department having charge of police and fire protection of any county city borough town township school district or poor district in this Commonwealth shall be a member of or delegate or alternate to any political convention nor shall he be present at any such convention except on the performance of his official duty No such member or employe of said bureau or department shall serve as a member of or attend the meetings of any committee of any political party or take any active part in political management or in political compaigns or use his office to influence political movements or influence the political action of any other such officer clerk or employe nor shall he in any way or manner interfere with the conduct of any election or the preparation therefor at the polling place or with the election officers while counting the vote or returning the ballot boxes books and papers to the place provided by law for that purpose save only for the purpose of marking and depositing his ballot as speedily as it reasonably can be done or be within any polling place or within fifty feet thereof except for purposes of ordinary travel or residence during the period of time beginning within one hour preceding the opening of the polls for holding such election and ending with the time when the election officers shall have finished counting the votes and have left the polling place for the purpose of depositing the ballot boxes and papers in the place provided by law for that purpose excepting only police officers of the particular county city borough town or township who may temporarily approach or enter the polling place in order to make any arrest permitted by law or for the purpose of preserving order and in each case only long enough to accomplish the duties aforesaid after which the said officers shall at once withdraw

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I move to amend Section 1, in lines 5, 6 and 7 by striking out the words "county, city borough town township school district or poor district in this commonwealth," and inserting in lieu thereof the words "city of the first or second classes;" also in line 14, by inserting after the word "campaigns" the words "or canvassing political precincts;" also in lines 31 and 32 by striking out the words "county city borough town or township" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "city."

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The second and third sections of the bill were read as follows and agreed to:

Section 2 Any such member or employe of any bureau or department having charge of police and fire protection who shall violate any of the provisions of this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than one hundred dollars nor more than one thousand dollars and to undergo an imprisonment in the jail of the proper county of not less than three months nor more than twelve months In addition to the fine and imprisonment such member or employe shall forfeit his office or position and shall during a period of five years thereafter be disqualified from holding any position of honor or trust or profit within the limits of this Commonwealth

Section 3 All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act are repealed

The title of the bill was read as follows:

An Act prohibiting any member or employe of any bureau or department having charge of police and fire protection of any county city borough town township school

district or poor district in this Commonwealth from taking any active part in politics political movements or elections or from interfering with elections or from using his office to influence politics political movements or elections and providing penalties for violation thereof

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the title?

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I move to amend the title in lines 3 and 4, by striking out the words "county city borough town township school district or poor district in this Commonwealth" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "city of the first or second classes;" also in line 5, by inserting after the word "elections" the words "from canvassing election precincts."

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the title as amended?

It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 157 (House Bill No. 96), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the State Livestock Sanitary Board for the payment of necessary expenses in the eradication of foot and mouth disease and for the control of transmissible diseases in animals

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with.

The Senate proceded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 160, entitled:

An Act to amend section one of article eight section two of article eight section four of article eight section six of article eight rule one of article twelve rule three of article twelve rule seventeen of article twelve rule twenty of article twelve rule thirty-five of article twelve rule thirty-six of article twelve rule forty-five of article twelve section four of article thirteen section eight of article seventeen and article eighteen of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the anthracite coal mines of Pennsylvania and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith" approved the second day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one

The first section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section one of article eight section two of article eight section four of article eight, section six of article eight rule one of article twelve rule three of article twelve rule seventeen of article twelve rule twenty of article twelve rule thirty-five of article twelve rule thirty-six of article twelve rule forty-five of article twelve section four of article thirteen section eight of article seventeen article eighteen of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the anthracite coal mines of Pennsylvania and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith" approved the second day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one be and the same are hereby amended to read as follows

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the Section?

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I move to amend Section 1, in line 10, by inserting after the word "seventeen" the word "and."

Mr. GERBERICH. I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The second section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 2 That section one of article eight of said act which reads as follows

Section 1 Article 8 It shall not be lawful neither shall it be permitted for any person or persons to act as mine foreman or assistant mine foreman of any coal mine or colliery unless they are registered as a holder of a certificate of qualification or service under this act be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 1 Article 8 It shall not be lawful neither shall it be permitted for any person or persons to act as mine foreman or assistant mine foreman of any coal mine or colliery unless they are registered as a holder of a certificate or qualification or service under this act or is equally competent with the person or persons who are the holders of such certificates

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I move to amend Section 2, in line 3, by inserting double quotation marks before the word "section"; also in line 3 by striking out the word and figure "Article 8"; also in line 6, by striking out the word "mine" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "mines"; also in line 7, by inserting double quotation marks after the word "act"; also in line 10, by striking out the word and figure "Article 8."

Mr. GERBERICH. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The third section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 3 That section two of article eight of said act which reads as follows

Section 2 Article 8 Certificates of qualifications to mine foremen and assistant mine foremen shall be granted by the Secretary of Internal Affairs to every applicant who may be reported by the examiners as hereinafter provided as having passed a satisfactory examination and as having given satisfactory evidence of at least five years practical experience as a miner and of good conduct capability and sobriety

The certificate shall be in manner and form as shall be prescribed by the Secretary of Internal Affairs and a record of all certificates issued shall be kept in his department be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 2 Article 8 Certificates of qualification to mine foremen and assistant mine foremen shall be granted by the officer of this Commonwealth whose duty it is by law to grant such certificates to every applicant who may be reported by the examiners as hereinafter provided as having passed a satisfactory examination and as having given satisfactory evidence of at least five years practical experience in an anthracite coal mine of this Commonwealth as a miner cutting or blasting coal or rock at the face of gangways airways breasts chambers pillars or other working places and of good conduct capability and sobriety

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I move to amend Section 3, in line 3 by inserting double quotation marks before the word "section;" also in line 3, by striking out the word and figure "article 8;" also in line 3, by striking out the word "qualifications" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "qualification;" also in line 14, by inserting double quotation marks after the word "department;" also in line 16, by striking out the word and figure "article 8."

Mr. GERBERICH. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The fourth section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 4 That section four of article eight of said act which reads as follows

Section 4 Article 8 Certificates of qualification to mine foremen and assistant mine foremen shall be granted by the Secretary of Internal Affairs to every applicant who may be reported by the examiners as heretofore provided as having passed a satisfactory examination and as having given satisfactory evidence of at least five (5) years practical experience as a miner and of good conduct capability and sobriety The certificate shall be in manner and form as shall be prescribed by the Secretary of Internal Affairs and a record of all certificates issued shall be kept in the department Certificates of qualification and certificates of service shall contain the full name age and place of birth of the applicant as also the length and nature of his previous service in or about the mines be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 4 Article 8 Certificates of qualification to mine foremen and assistant mine foremen shall be granted by the officer of the Commonwealth whose duty it is by law to grant such certificates to every applicant who may be reported by the examiners as heretofore provided as having passed a satisfactory examination and as having given satisfactory evidence of at least five years practical experience in an anthracite coal mine of this Commonwealth as a miner cutting or blasting coal or rock at the face of gangways airways breasts chambers pillars or other working places and of good conduct capability and sobriety The certificate shall be in manner and form as shall be prescribed by the officer of this Commonwealth whose duty it is by law to prescribe the form of such certificates and a record of all certificates issued shall be kept in the department Certificates of qualification and certificates of service shall contain the full name age and place of birth of the applicant as also the length and nature of his previous service in or about the mines

On the question,
Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I move to amend section 4, in line 3 by inserting double quotation marks before the word "Section;" also in line 3 by striking out the word and figure "Article 8;" also in line 3, by striking out the word "fore;" also in line 4 by striking out the word "men" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "foremen;" also in line 4, by striking out the word "foremen" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "foreman;" also in line 13, by striking out the word "certificates" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "certificate;" also in line 16, by inserting double quotation marks after the word "mines;" also in line 17 by striking out the word and figure "Article 8."

Mr. GERBERICH. Mr. President, I second the motion.
On the question,
Will the Senate agree to the amendment?
It was agreed to.
On the question,
Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?
It was agreed to.

The fifth section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 5 That section six of article eight of said act which reads as follows
Section 6 Article 8 No mines shall be operated for a longer period than thirty days without the supervision of a mine foreman In case any mine is worked a longer period than thirty (30) days without such certified mine foreman the owner operator or superintendent thereof shall be subject to a penalty of twenty dollars per day for each day over said thirty (30) days during which the said mine is operated be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows
Section 6 Article 8 No mine shall be operated for a longer period than thirty days without the supervision of a mine foreman In case any mine is worked a longer period than thirty (30) days without a mine foreman the owner operator or superintendent thereof shall be subject to a penalty of twenty dollars per day for each day over the said thirty (30) days during which the said mine is operated

On the question,
Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I move to amend section 5, in line 3 by inserting before the word "Section" double quotation marks, also by striking out the word and figure "Article 8;" also in line 8, by inserting after the word "over" the word "the;" also in line 9 by inserting after the word "operated" double quotation marks; also in line 11 by striking out the word and figure "Article 8."

Mr. GERBERICH. Mr. President, I second the motion.
On the question,
Will the Senate agree to the amendment?
It was agreed to.
On the question,
Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?
It was agreed to.
The sixth section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 6 That rule one of article twelve of said act which reads as follows
Rule 1 Article 12 The owner operator or superintendent of a mine or collery shall use every precaution to ensure the safety of the workmen in all cases whether provided for in this act or not and he shall place the underground workings thereof and all that is related to the same under the charge and daily supervision of a competent person who shall be called "mine foreman" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows
Rule 1 Article 12 The owner operator or superintendent of a mine or colliery shall use every precaution to insure the safety of the workmen in all cases whether provided for in this act or not and he shall place the underground working thereof and all that is related to the same under the charge and daily supervision of a competent person who shall be called mine foreman insofar as it is necessary for the mine foreman to have charge of and supervise the mine to faithfully discharge the duties assigned him under this act

On the question,
Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I move to amend Section 6 in line 3 by inserting before the word "Rule" double quotation marks; also by striking out the word and figures "Article 12"; also in line 8 by striking out the double quotation marks and inserting in lieu thereof single quotation mark; also in line 9 by striking out after the word "foremen" the double quotation marks; and inserting in lieu thereof single and double quotation marks; also in line 11 by striking out the word and figures "Article 12;" also in line 17 by inserting before the word "mine" and after the word "foreman" double quotation marks.

Mr. GERBERICH. Mr. President, I second the motion.
On the question,
Will the Senate agree to the amendment?
It was agreed to.
On the question,
Will the Senate agree to the Section as amended?
It was agreed to.
The seventh section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 7 That rule three of article twelve of said act which reads as follows:
Rule 3 Article 12 The mine foreman shall have charge of all matters pertaining to ventilation and the speed of the ventilators shall be particularly under his charge and direction and any superintendent who shall cause the mine foreman to disregard the provisions of this act shall be amenable in the same manner as the mine foreman be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows
Rule 3 Article 12 The mine foreman shall have charge of all matters pertaining to ventilation insofar as it is necessary for the mine foreman to have charge of the same to properly perform his duties under this act and any superintendent who shall cause the mine foreman to disregard the provisions of this act shall be amenable in the same manner as the mine foreman

On the question,
Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I move to amend section 7, in line 3 by inserting before the word "Rule" double quotation marks, also by striking out the word and figures "Article 12;" also in line 8 by inserting after the word "foreman" double quotation marks; also in line 10 by striking out the word and figures "Article 12."

Mr. GERBERICH. Mr. President, I second the motion.
On the question,
Will the Senate agree to the amendment?
It was agreed to.
On the question,
Will the Senate agree to the Section as amended?
It was agreed to.
The eighth section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 8 Rule seventeen article twelve of said act which reads as follows
Rule 17 Article 12 Not more than ten (10) persons shall be hoisted or lowered at any one time in any shaft or slope and whenever five persons shall arrive at the bottom of any shaft or slope in which persons are regularly hoisted or lowered they shall be furnished with an empty car or cage and be hoisted except however in mines where there is provided a traveling way having an average pitch of fifteen (15) degrees or less and not more than one thousand (1,000) feet in length This however shall not prohibit the hoisting or lowering of twenty (20) persons at one time on slopes where two (2) or more load of cars are regularly hoisted provided that not less than thirty (30) workmen working therein make such request in writing to the inspector of the district and if in his judgment the hoisting appliances in every respect are of sufficient strength he may comply with the request of the workmen Provided that in any coal mine or colliery where the hoisting appliances are not of sufficient strength to hoist or lower the number of persons named he shall have the power to reduce the number of persons to be hoisted or lowered be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows
Rule 17 Article 12 Not more than ten (10) persons shall be hoisted or lowered at any one time in any shaft or slope and whenever five (5) persons shall arrive at the bottom of any shaft or slope they shall be furnished with an empty car or cage and be hoisted except however in mines where there is provided a traveling way having an average pitch of fifteen (15) degrees or less and not more than three hundred (300) feet in length This however shall not prohibit

the hoisting or lowering of twenty (20) persons at one time on slopes where two (2) or more loaded cars are regularly hoisted provided that not less than thirty (30) workmen working therein make such request in writing to the inspector of the district and if in his judgment the hoisting appliances in every respect are of sufficient strength he may comply with the request of the workmen Provided that the hoisting appliances at or in every coal mine shall at all times be of sufficient strength to hoist or lower the number of persons named herein

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I move to amend section 8, in line 3 by inserting before the word "Rule" double quotation marks, also by striking out the word and figures "Article 12;" also in line 13 by striking out the words "load of" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "loaded;" also in line 15, by inserting after the word "such" the article "a;" also in line 23 by inserting after the word "lowered" double quotation marks; also in line 25 by striking out the word and figures "Article 12."

Mr. GERBERICH. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the Section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The ninth section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 9 That Rule twenty of Article twelve of said act which reads as follows

Rule 20 Article 12 An engineer who has charge of the hoisting machinery by which persons are lowered or hoisted in a mine shall be in constant attendance for that purpose during the whole time any person or persons are below ground and he shall not allow any person or persons except such as may be deputed by the owner operator or superintendent to handle or meddle with the engine under his charge or any part of its machinery be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Rule 20 Article 12 An engineer who has charge of the hoisting machinery by which persons are lowered or hoisted in or at a mine shall be in constant attendance for that purpose during the whole time any person or persons are below ground and shall have no other duty to perform than that of running or operating his engine and he shall not allow any person or persons except such as may be deputed by the owner operator or superintendent to handle or meddle with the engine under his charge or any part of its machinery and he shall not be engaged for a longer period than eight hours out of each day of twenty-four hours

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I move to amend section 9, in line 3 by inserting before the word "Rule" double quotation marks, also by striking out the word and figures "Article 12;" also in line 11 by inserting after the word "machinery" double quotation marks; also in line 13 by striking out the word and figures "Article 12."

Mr. GERBERICH. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the Section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The tenth section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 10 That Rule thirty-five Article twelve of said act which reads as follows

Rule 35 Article 12 No person shall be employed to blast coal or rock unless the mine foreman is satisfied that such person is qualified by experience and judgment to perform the work with ordinary safety be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Rule 35 Article 12 No person shall be employed to blast coal or rock unless he is the owner of a properly issued miners' certificate issued under the laws of this Commonwealth

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I move to amend section 10, in line 3 by inserting before the word "Rule" double quotation marks, also by striking out the word and figures "Article 12;" also in line 6 by inserting after the word "safety" double quotation marks; also in line 8 by striking out the word and figures "Article 12."

Mr. GERBERICH. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The eleventh section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 11 That Rule 36 Article 12 of said act which reads as follows

Rule 36 Article 12 A person who is not a practical miner shall not charge or fire a blast in the absence of an experienced miner unless he has given satisfactory evidence of his ability to do so with safety and has obtained permission from the mine foreman or person in charge be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Rule 36 Article 12 A person who is not a practical miner shall not charge or fire a blast in any anthracite coal mine in this Commonwealth and as evidence that he is a practical miner he must be the owner of a properly issued miners' certificate under the laws of this Commonwealth

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I move to amend section 11 in line 1 by striking out the figures "36" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "thirty-six," also by striking out the figures "12" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "twelve;" also in line 3 by inserting before the word "Rule" double quotation marks, also by striking out the word and figures "Article 12;" also in line 7 by inserting after the word "charge" double quotation marks; also in line 9 by striking out the word and figures "Article 12."

Mr. GERBERICH. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The twelfth section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 12 That section forty-five of Article twelve of said act which reads as follows

Section 45 Article 12 Locomotives propelled by steam if using fire shall not be used in any passage way which is also used as an intake airway to any mine or part of a mine where persons are employed unless there be a sufficient quantity of air circulating therein to maintain a healthy atmosphere be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 45 Article 12 No machinery operated by steam gasoline or oil using fire in the mine to generate its power shall be operated in any anthracite coal mine

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I move to amend section 12 in line 1 by striking out the word "section" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "Rule;" also in line 3, by striking out the word "Section" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "Rule;" also by inserting before the word "Rule" louble quotation marks; also by striking out the word and figures "Article 12;" also in line 9 by inserting after the word "atmosphere" double quotation marks; also in line 10 by striking out the word "Section" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "Rule," also by striking out the word and figures "Article 12."

Mr. GERBERICH. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The thirteenth section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 13 That section four of article thirteen of said act which reads as follows

Section 4 Article 13 Due notice of an intended inquest to be held by the coroner shall be given by the coroner to the inspector and at any such inquest the inspector shall have the right to examine witnesses be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 4 Article 13 Due notice of an inquest to be held by the coroner shall be given by the coroner to the inspector and at any such inquest any citizen of this Commonwealth shall have the right to examine witnesses

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I move to amend section 13 in line 3 by inserting before the word "Section" double quotation marks, also by striking out the word and figures

"Article 13;" also in line 6 by inserting after the word "witnesses" double quotation marks; also in line 8 by striking out the word and figures "Article 13."

Mr. GERBERICH. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The fourteenth section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 14 That section eight of article seventeen of said act which reads as follows

Section 8 Article 17 That for any injury to person or property occasioned by any violation of this act or any failure to comply with its provisions by any owner operator superintendent mine foreman or fire boss of any coal mine or colliery a right of action shall accrue to the party injured against said owner or operator for any direct damages he may have sustained thereby and in case of loss of life by reason of such neglect or failure aforesaid a right of action shall accrue to the widow and lineal heirs of the person whose life shall be lost for like recovery of damages for the injury they shall have sustained be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 8 Article 17 The mine foreman assistant mine foreman fire boss or any person placed in charge of the works or any part thereof shall be regarded as the agent of the owners and operators and that for any injury to the person or property occasioned by any violation of this act or any failure to comply with its provisions by any owner operator superintendent mine foreman assistant mine foreman fire boss or any person placed in charge of the works or any part thereof of any coal mine or colliery a right of action shall accrue to the party injured against said owner or operator for any direct damages he may have sustained thereby and in case of loss of life by reason of such neglect or failure aforesaid a right of action shall accrue to the widow and lineal heirs of the person whose life shall be lost for like recovery of damages for the injury they shall have sustained

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I move to amend section 14 in line 3 by inserting before the word "Section" double quotation marks, also by striking out the word and figures "Article 17;" also in line 13 by inserting after the word "sustained" double quotation marks; also in line 15 by striking out the word and figures "Article 17."

Mr. GERBERICH. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The fifteenth section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 15 That article eighteen of said act which reads as follows

Article 18 In this act unless the context otherwise requires the term "coal mine or colliery" includes every operation and work both under ground and above ground used or to be used for the purpose of mining and preparing coal

The term "workings" includes all the excavated parts of a mine those abandoned as well as the places actually at work

The term "mine" includes all underground workings and excavations and shafts tunnels and other ways and openings also all such shafts slopes tunnels and other openings in course of being sunk or driven together with all roads appliances machinery and materials connected with the same below the surface

The term "shaft" means a vertical opening through the strata and which is or may be used for the purpose of ventilation or drainage or for hoisting men or material in connection with the mining of coal

The term "slope" means any inclined way or opening used for the same purpose as a shaft

The term "breaker" means the structure containing the machinery used for the preparation of coal

The term "owners" and "operators" means any person or body corporate who is the immediate proprietor or lessee or occupier of any coal mine or colliery or any part thereof The term "owner" does not include a person or body corporate who merely receives a royalty rent or fine from a coal mine or colliery or part thereof or is merely the proprietor of the mine subject to any lease grant or license for the working or operating thereof or is merely the owner of the soil and not interested in the minerals of the mine or any part thereof But any "contractor" for the working of a mine or colliery or any part or district thereof shall be subject to this act as an operator or owner in like manner as if he were the owner

The term "superintendent" means the person who shall have on behalf of the owner general supervision of one or more mines or collieries be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Article 18 In this act unless the context otherwise requires the term "coal mine or colliery" includes every operation and work both underground and above ground used or to be used for the purpose of mining and preparing coal

The term "workings" includes all the excavated parts of a mine those abandoned as well as the places actually at work

The term "mine" includes all underground workings and excavations and shafts tunnels and other ways and openings also all such shafts slopes tunnels and other openings in course of being sunk or driven together with all roads appliances machinery and materials connected with the same below the surface

The term "shaft" means a vertical opening through the strata and which is or may be used for the purpose of ventilation or drainage or for hoisting men or material in connection with the mining of coal

The term "slope" means any inclined way or opening used for the same purpose as a shaft

The term "breaker" means the structure containing the machinery used for the preparation of coal

The term "owners" and "operators" means any person or body corporate who is the immediate proprietor or lessee or occupier of any coal mine or colliery or any part thereof The term "owner" does not include a person or body corporate who merely receives a royalty rent or fine from a coal mine or colliery or part thereof or is merely the proprietor of the mine subject to any lease grant or license for the working or operating thereof or is merely the owner of the soil and not interested in the minerals of the mine or any part thereof But any "contractor" for the working of a mine or colliery or any part or district thereof shall be subject to this act as an operator or owner in like manner as if he were the owner

The term "superintendent" means the person who shall have on behalf of the owner general supervision of one or more mines or collieries

The term "miner" means the person who cuts or blasts coal or rock at the face of a gangway airway breasts pillars or other working place

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I move to amend Section 15 in line 3 by inserting before the word "Article" double quotation marks; also in line 4 by striking out the double quotation marks and inserting in lieu thereof single quotation marks; also in line 8 by striking out the double quotation marks and inserting in lieu thereof single quotation marks; also in line 11 by striking out the double quotation marks and inserting in lieu thereof single quotation marks; also in line 17 by striking out the double quotation marks and inserting in lieu thereof single quotation marks; also in line 21 by striking out the double quotation marks and inserting in lieu thereof single quotation marks; also in line 23 by striking out the double quotation marks and inserting in lieu thereof single quotation marks; also in line 25 by striking out the double quotation marks and inserting in lieu thereof single quotation marks; also in line 28 by striking out the double quotation marks and inserting in lieu thereof single quotation marks; also in line 34 by striking out the double quotation marks and inserting in lieu thereof single quotation marks; also in line 38 by striking out the double quotation marks and inserting in lieu thereof single quotation marks; also in line 40 by inserting after the word "collieries" double quotation marks.

Mr. GERBERICH. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendments?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The title of the bill was read as follows and agreed to:

An Act to amend section one of article eight section two of article eight section four of article eight section six of article eight rule one of article twelve rule three of article twelve rule seventeen of article twelve rule twenty of article twelve rule thirty-five of article twelve rule thirty-six of article twelve rule forty-five of article twelve section four of article thirteen section eight of article seventeen and article eighteen of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the anthracite coal mines of Pennsylvania and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith" approved the second day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 162, as follows:

An Act providing for the establishment regulation and maintenance by the Board of Game Commissioners of State Game Preserves on the Forestry Reservations and elsewhere and providing penalties for violation of this act

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the word "game" as used in this act shall include wild animals and wild fowl of every kind protected by the laws of Pennsylvania

Section 2 The Board of Game Commissioners may establish and maintain State game preserves for the protection and propagation of game Such State game preserves may be located on the lands of the forestry reservation or may be upon land leased by the Board of Game Commissioners for that purpose

Section 3 If a State game preserve is located on a forestry reservation the consent of the Commission of Forestry therefore must be obtained

Section 4 The State game preserves shall be at all times subject to regulations established by the Board of Game Commissioners

Section 5 Each State game preserve upon a forestry reservation shall be surrounded by a well-defined fire-line or clear strip of land and by at least one wire at the boundary thereof

Section 6 On the boundary of each State game preserve there shall be posted in conspicuous places notices bearing the following "State Game Refuge Hunting is Unlawful"

Section 7 The greatest transverse dimension of any State game preserve shall not exceed ten miles

Section 8 If the State game preserve is on a forestry reservation it must not exceed in area one-half of the total area of the reservation on which it is located

Section 9 Any citizen may go upon a State game preserve without fire-arms at any time during what is known as the close season for game in Pennsylvania For any purpose in compliance with the requirements of his respective official duties and in any manner and at any time and with or without fire-arms (a) Any member or employe of the Department of Forestry may go upon any State game preserve located on a forestry reservation and (b) any member or any employe of the Board of Game Commissioners may go upon any State game preserve wherever located

Section 10 Except as permitted by law in this State it is unlawful to hunt for or catch or kill or wound or drive or attempt to catch or kill or wound or drive any game within the limits of a State game preserve

Section 11 Except as otherwise permitted in this act it is unlawful for any person to carry fire-arms within the limit of a state game preserve or to take a dog of any kind upon a state game preserve or during the open season for game in Pennsylvania to go upon the state game preserve either with or without fire-arms

Section 12 Jurisdiction for summary conviction for violation of any of the provisions of this act is hereby specifically given to all aldermen magistrates and justices of the peace

Any person who shall be convicted summarily by any alderman magistrate or justice of the peace of the county of a violation of any of the provisions of this act shall be sentenced to pay a fine as follows

If the defendant has violated any of the provisions of this act but has not killed any game nor resisted arrest nor refused to go with the arresting officer nor interfered with the arresting officer the fine shall be twenty-five dollars

In addition to the foregoing fine the defendant shall pay a fine as follows

If the defendant has killed or wounded or attempted to kill or wound a deer the fine shall be one hundred dollars If the defendant has killed or wounded or attempted to kill or wound a bear the fine shall be fifty dollars If the defendant has killed or wounded or attempted to kill or wound a game bird of any kind the fine shall be twenty-five dollars If the defendant has resisted arrest for violation of the provisions of this act or has refused to go with the officer making the arrest or has in any manner interfered with the arresting officer the fine shall not be less than one hundred dollars In default of payment of the fine the defendant shall be sentenced to imprisonment at the rate of one day for each dollar of the fine and cost

The person convicted may appeal to the court of quarter sessions upon allowance of a judge thereon on cause shown

Section 13 If the prosecutor is a paid game protector the fine shall be paid to the prosecutor who shall forward it to the Secretary of the Game Commission who shall pay it into the State Treasury for the use of the Commonwealth

Section 14 If the prosecutor is other than a paid game protector one-half of the fine shall go to the prosecutor and shall be paid to him by the alderman magistrate or justice receiving the same. The remaining half of the fine shall be forwarded within ten days to the Secretary of the Game Commission who shall deposit it into the State Treasury

Section 15 Any person charged with the violation of any of the provisions of this act may in his discretion sign an acknowledgement of the offense committed and pay to the duly authorized game protector or deputy game protector the proper fine in full with costs to date He shall receive for money so paid a printed receipt which shall in all instances bear the seal of the Board of Game Commissioners and the signature of the secretary of the Board This receipt shall be evidence of a full satisfaction of the offense so committed

Section 16 Any person whose duty it is to protect the game of the Commonwealth or any officer whose duty it is to preserve the peace of the Commonwealth may arrest without warrant any person caught in the act of violating any provisions of this act or in pursuit immediately following such violation and may seize all guns shooting paraphernalia dogs boats decoys or other appliances used in violation of any provision of this act and may seize all game found either in possession or under control of the suspected person within this Commonwealth All birds and animals or parts thereof not classed as game in this Commonwealth thus seized shall be held subject to the order of the Board of Game Commissioners All guns boats decoys dogs game and shooting paraphernalia seized when such arrest is made shall be held subject to the determination of the proceedings instituted Where the party accused is convicted all game seized shall be forfeited to the Commonwealth and as soon as may be shall be forwarded to the most convenient hospital or to a hospital designated by the Secretary of the Game Commission for the use of the sick or injured therein Unless the fine and costs are paid all such seized guns boats decoys dogs and shooting paraphernalia shall be sold at public auction after advertising the same for five days by at least five public handbills conspicuously posted in the city borough or township wherein the conviction was secured The sale shall be held by or under the authority of the proper alderman magistrate or justice The cost of such advertising shall be part of the costs of prosecution and shall be collected as such Any fund thus arising shall be applied first to the payment of the costs of prosecution then to the payment of the fine imposed The remainder if any shall be returned to the owner of the property seized Where game dogs boats decoys or shooting paraphernalia of any description shall be seized and the owner thereof escapes arrest and refuses to present himself and make claim to the property all such game after the lapse of three days after the seizure shall be forfeited to the Commonwealth and shall be sent to the most convenient hospital for the purpose before indicated in this section All guns dogs boats decoys and other shooting paraphernalia thus seized shall be held for a period of ten days after which time if the owner thereof fail to appear and defend himself against the charges made such property shall be sold in the manner prescribed for the sale of seized property after conviction The fund arising from such sale shall be applied as in the case of the sale after conviction The fact that imprisonment is suffered by any person convicted of violating any provisions of this act shall not prevent the sale of guns dogs boats decoys or other shooting paraphernalia of any description held as the property of the imprisoned party and the application of the fund thus realized to the payment of the costs and the fine imposed

Section 17 All fines collected for violation of any of the provisions of this act shall be paid to the State Treasurer as hereinbefore designated who shall keep the moneys thus collected as a fund separate and apart solely for the purpose of wild bird and game protection and for the purchase and propagation of game under the supervision of the Board of Game Commissioners The several purposes to which the fund shall be applied shall be clearly designated by Act of Assembly

Section 18 The following acts are hereby totally repealed

1 The act approved the eleventh day of May one thousand nine hundred five entitled "An Act authorizing the Board of Game Commissioners of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to establish and maintain within the forestry reservation of this Commonwealth preserves for the protection and propagation of deer wild-turkey partridge quail woodcock and wild-pigeons and making an appropriation for the purpose of stocking and propagating the same"

2 The act approved the fifteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred seven entitled "An Act giving additional protection to the game of the state and wild birds within the limits of 'preserves' created under the provisions of the act of May eleventh one thousand nine hundred and five and under the control of the Board of Game Commissioners and prescribing penalties for violation of its several provisions"

3 The act approved the fifteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to amend section one and extend the provisions of an act entitled 'An Act giving additional protection to the game of the State and wild birds within the limits of "preserves" created under the provisions of the act of May eleventh one thousand nine hundred and five under the control of the Board of Game Commissioners and prescribing penalties for violation of its several provisions' approved the fifteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven"

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 56, entitled:

An Act for the prevention of fraud and deception by prohibiting the use of added artificial coloring matter in such edible alimentary pastes as macaroni spaghetti vermicelli and noodles

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 92, entitled:

An Act requiring certain petitions and papers to be verified before being considered by the court

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 105, entitled:

An Act to avoid delay in the administration of justice by fixing a time within which decisions in certain questions and matters shall be rendered by judges and requiring certain certificates from judges before their salaries shall be paid

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 111, entitled:

An Act authorizing cities of the first and second classes to appropriate city funds for the maintenance of historical societies

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 112, entitled:

An Act to amend the first section of an act entitled "An Act to encourage county historical societies" approved the twenty-first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred one so as to provide that the commissioners board in counties where the population exceeds one million may appropriate a sum not exceeding one thousand dollars annually to the chief historical society in said county

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 114, entitled:

An Act providing for the printing binding and distribution of the report of the fiftieth anniversary of the battle of Gettysburg, commission entitled "Pennsylvania Gettysburg Reunion" providing for additions to said report and for the compiling editing proof reading and indexing thereof providing also for the preparation for filing of record in the State Library for their proper preservation therein of certain original manuscripts of the addresses delivered at said reunion and of other original data souvenirs and records relative thereto and making appropriation therefor

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 155, entitled:

An Act defining and regulating boxing and wrestling contests

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 155, the bill just read, be recommitted to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from Committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. McNICHOL, from the Committee on Appropriations, re-reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 158 (House Bill No. 11), entitled:

An Act authorizing the Secretary of Internal Affairs to appoint an Assistant Chief and a Stenographer in the Bureau of Standards fixing their salaries and increasing the salary of the chief of said Bureau of Standards

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 156, entitled:

An Act to prevent deception in the sale of paint putty turpentine and linseed oil or any substitutes therefor and providing penalties for the violation thereof

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 161, entitled:

An Act relating to the acquisition and holding of property real and personal by any literary scientific educational religious charitable benevolent or beneficial society church congregation association or body whether incorporated or unincorporated or any trustee or trustees of any trust for charitable or benevolent objects or purposes and providing for the increase of the amount of such property which may thus be acquired and held and a method of procedure for obtaining the right to such increase

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 172, entitled:

An Act amending the act approved the ninth day of April one thousand eight hundred sixty-two entitled "An Act to authorize the erection of a poor house by the borough of Dunmore borough of Scranton and township of Providence in the county of Luzerne" as amended by an act approved the twenty-second day of April one thousand eight hundred seventy-nine entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to authorize the erection of a poor house by the borough of Dunmore borough of Scranton and township of Providence in the county of Luzerne' approved April ninth one thousand eight hundred sixty-two" by defining the Scranton poor district providing for the election of the poor board therein defining the powers and duties of such board and abolishing the present office of poor directors

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

BILL ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now proceed to the consideration of bills on third reading.

Mr. GERBERICH. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now proceed to the consideration of Senate Bill No. 158 (House Bill No. 11), on third reading on page 3 of to-day's calendar, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Secretary of Internal Affairs to appoint an assistant chief and a stenographer in the Bureau of Standards fixing their salary and increasing the salary of the chief of said Bureau of Standards

Mr. GERBERICH. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 158 (House No. 11), entitled:

An Act authorizing the Secretary of Internal Affairs to appoint an assistant chief and a stenographer in the Bureau of Standards fixing their salary and increasing the salary of the chief of said Bureau of Standards

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS.—34.

Beidleman,	Gyger,	Mills,	Sproul,
Buckman,	Hackett,	Patton,	Stewart,
Catlin,	Hoke,	Phipps,	Thompson,
Clark,	Homsher,	Sensenich,	Tompkins,
Daix,	Kurtz,	Smith, R. E.,	Vare,
Endsley,	Magee, C. J.,	Smith, W. W.,	Washers,
Farley,	McConnell,	Snyder, C. A.,	Kline,
Gerberich,	McKee, W. S.,	Snyder, P. W.,	Pres. pro tem.
Graff,	McNichol,	Sones,	

NAYS.—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, at the request of the Senator from Allegheny, Mr. Kline, I ask unanimous consent to make report from Committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. SPROUL (at the request of Mr. Kline), from the Committee on Municipal Affairs, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 179, entitled:

An Act empowering municipal corporations to construct and maintain street railway tracks and equipment for the operation of street cars, and to lease said tracks and equipment upon payment of a reasonable rental to persons or corporations desiring to use the same for the operation of street cars.

Also (at the request of Mr. Kline), from the Committee on Municipal Affairs, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 180, entitled:

An Act to amend the first, second and third sections of an act approved the 18th day of April, 1913, entitled "An Act authorizing any county and city in any county in which the county seat is within the limits of such city, to erect a joint county and municipal building; providing for the conditions under which such building may be erected and for the ownership thereof; providing for the selection of a site for said building, and authorizing said county and city to make a sale or exchange of properties under certain conditions of additional property for such building by purchase or condemnation; and authorizing the county to issue bonds in payment of any indebtedness incurred for a share of the cost of such building and land," by conferring upon such county and city additional powers relating to the design, construction, use, administration, operation and maintenance of such joint county and municipal building, and also if deemed advisable for an independent power plant in connection therewith.

Also (at the request of Mr. Kline), from the Committee on Municipal Affairs, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 181, entitled:

An Act authorizing and empowering municipalities to construct and for this purpose to procure locations therefor by purchase or condemnation proceedings in fee simple as herein provided or to acquire by lease purchase condemnation or otherwise and to maintain and operate underground street passenger railways or subways whether the same be wholly within or partly within and partly without the limits of the municipality, and also street passenger railways or elevated railways connecting therewith or exchanging passengers with said underground street railway and to lease the underground street railway and any surface or elevated street railway connecting therewith to corporations or individuals with the right in the municipalities to charge an additional sum for each passenger using the subway to meet the interest and sinking fund charges on the cost of the subway and conferring upon said municipalities all the rights and powers conferred upon corporations under the act of June 7th, 1901, entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and government of passenger railways either elevated or underground or partly elevated and partly underground with surface rights, P. L. 523, and supplements and amendments thereto.

HOUSE MESSAGES.

HOUSE BILL FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced, presented for concurrence bill of the House of Representatives as follows:

House Bill No. 103 (Senate Bill No. 248), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith"

Which was committed to the Committee on Education.

COMMUNICATIONS FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Private Secretary of the Governor being introduced, presented communications in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which were read as follows:

NOTARIES PUBLIC.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, February 15, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen: In conformity with law I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons to be Notaries Public for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, for the term of four years, to compute from the dates set opposite their names, respectively:

ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

Alexander P. Lindsey, Pittsburgh, February 20, 1915.
Mark Alexander, Pittsburgh, February 21, 1915.
Daniel Lambert Counahan, Pittsburgh, February 21, 1915.
A. C. Ellis, Pittsburgh, February 21, 1915.
John P. Gottman, Pittsburgh, February 21, 1915.
Alfred D. Kaufmann, Pittsburgh, February 21, 1915.
William I. King, Pittsburgh, February 21, 1915.
Mrs. Annie S. Levy, Pittsburgh, February 21, 1915.
Leo J. Loughlin, Pittsburgh, February 21, 1915.
Thos. M. Marshall, Jr., Pittsburgh, February 21, 1915.
J. L. Mason, Pittsburgh, February 21, 1915.
A. E. Muhl, Pittsburgh, February 21, 1915.
William S. Phillips, Pittsburgh, February 21, 1915.
Aaron Seligsohn, Pittsburgh, February 21, 1915.
Garnet R. Speer, Pittsburgh, February 21, 1915.
George P. Wilson, Pittsburgh, February 21, 1915.
Harry E. Zaring, Pittsburgh, February 21, 1915.
W. P. Fife, McKeesport, February 21, 1915.
Conrad Dollhopf, Pittsburgh, February 24, 1915.
Henry T. Hamilton, Pittsburgh, March 3, 1915.
W. G. Stern, Pittsburgh, March 3, 1915.
W. S. Heath, Braddock, March 7, 1915.
J. B. Keefe, Brackenridge, March 7, 1915.
George E. Meyers, Pittsburgh, March 7, 1915.
George V. Milligan, East Pittsburgh, March 7, 1915.
Roy C. Williams, Carnegie, March 7, 1915.
I. W. England, Pittsburgh, March 9, 1915.
Chas. D. Gillespie, Pittsburgh, March 9, 1915.

ARMSTRONG COUNTY.

Miss Emma Burge, Kittanning, March 8, 1915.

BEAVER COUNTY.

E. G. Schell, Ambridge, February 21, 1915.

BERKS COUNTY.

Howard L. McIlvain, Reading, March 1, 1915.

BLAIR COUNTY.

Miss Katherine Kane, Altoona, February 21, 1915.
Miss Ella M. Nicodemus, Martinsburg, February 21, 1915.
David T. Caldwell, Tyrone, February 27, 1915.

BUCKS COUNTY.

Miss Bertha Becker, Doylestown, February 28, 1915.
Samuel F. Stover, Perkasie, March 9, 1915.

BUTLER COUNTY.

Alfred J. Gumpper, Butler, March 3, 1915.

CARBON COUNTY.

John A. Ziegenfuss, Franklin Twp., February 21, 1915.

CLEARFIELD COUNTY.

Arthur W. Baird, Osceola Mills, February 28, 1915.

CLINTON COUNTY.

Miss J. Florence Bitner, Lock Haven, February 21, 1915.

COLUMBIA COUNTY.

Miss Esther Abbott, Bloomsburg, February 21, 1915.

CRAWFORD COUNTY.

Archie N. Egbert, Titusville, February 21, 1915.

DAUPHIN COUNTY.

Spiridion Furcich, Steelton, February 21, 1915.
George Bergner, Harrisburg, March 6, 1915.

ERIE COUNTY.

W. J. Young, Erie, March 2, 1915.

FAYETTE COUNTY.

Miss Margaret A. Mason, Uniontown, February 21, 1915.

FRANKLIN COUNTY.

Harry R. Orr, Chambersburg, February 21, 1915.

LACKAWANNA COUNTY.

Charles H. Horton, Carbondale, February 21, 1915.

LANCASTER COUNTY.

Milton H. Diffenbaugh, Lancaster, February 21, 1915.
W. H. Fendrich, Marietta, February 21, 1915.
W. M. Hollowbush, Mt. Joy, February 24, 1915.
Chas. W. Eaby, Lancaster, March 4, 1915.

LEBANON COUNTY.

Thomas J. Shaak, Lebanon, February 21, 1915.
John W. Stager, Lebanon, February 21, 1915.
J. H. Thomas, Annville Twp., February 21, 1915.

LUZERNE COUNTY.

William Brewster, Wilkes-Barre, February 21, 1915.
Lewis M. Larned, Wilkes-Barre, February 21, 1915.
John H. Reed, Duryea, February 21, 1915.
Henry Pippert, Hazleton, February 21, 1915.

McKEAN COUNTY.

F. W. Hastings, Bradford, March 7, 1915.

MERCER COUNTY.

Eugene E. Anderson, Sharon, February 21, 1915.
Roy Neville, Sharon, February 21, 1915.
M. P. Black, Grove City, February 21, 1915.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY.

Mrs. Annie H. Leaf, Upper Dublin Twp., February 21, 1915.

NORTHAMPTON COUNTY.

Charles J. Somers, Portland, February 21, 1915.
S. L. Caum, South Bethlehem, March 7, 1915.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY.

Charles M. Ambler, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
Gibson de Figaniere, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
Thomas J. Eagan, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
Charles Holweger, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
Frank A. McManus, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
William F. McMonagle, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
John J. O'Brien, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
Miss Elsie C. Pennypacker, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
Aaron Sack, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
Ely J. Smith, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
R. Wallace Troemmer, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
Geo. H. Weidner, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
Mrs. Mary A. Wolf, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
Joseph C. Rodel, Philadelphia, February 28, 1915.
J. William Robbins, Philadelphia, March 4, 1915.
Wm. R. Martin, Philadelphia, March 6, 1915.
Richard C. Ellis, Philadelphia, March 7, 1915.
John W. Ritter, Philadelphia, March 7, 1915.

SCHULYKILL COUNTY.

Nelson T. Davis, Mahanoy City, February 21, 1915.

VENANGO COUNTY.

Leroy C. Curtis, Utica, February 21, 1915.
Geo. E. Kincaid, Oil City, February 21, 1915.

WASHINGTON COUNTY.

A. B. Cochran, McDonald, February 20, 1915.
W. W. Wiegmann, Independence Twp., February 21, 1915.
T. D. Williamson, Charleroi, February 21, 1915.

YORK COUNTY.

Samuel B. Meisenhelder, York, February 21, 1915.
C. M. Stauffer, West York, February 21, 1915.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, February 15, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons to be Notaries Public for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, for the term of four years, to compute from the date of their confirmation:

ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

James N. Bandi, Pittsburgh.
James H. Hall, Pittsburgh.
W. A. Martin, Pittsburgh.
Wm. A. Steinmeyer, Pittsburgh.
Leander Trautman, Pittsburgh.
P. D. Remington, Braddock.
Charles C. Wesley, Wilkinsburg.
J. Clyde Miller, Homestead.

BEAVER COUNTY.

Gilbert Trumpeter, Monaca.

CENTRE COUNTY.

D. A. Boozer, Centre Hall.

CLEARFIELD COUNTY.

Harry Boulton, Houtzdale.

FAYETTE COUNTY.

Clark T. Baldwin, South Brownsville.
Ellis W. Sisley, Fayette City.

LACKAWANNA COUNTY.

Miss Verna Mae Hallock, Scranton.
Herbert L. Taylor, Scranton.

LAWRENCE COUNTY.

J. A. Davis, Taylor Township.

LUZERNE COUNTY.

W. O. Washburn, Wilkes-Barre.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY.

Theodore Lane Bean, Norristown.

NORTHAMPTON COUNTY.

George W. Geiser, Jr., Easton.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY.

Oscar J. Gissel, Philadelphia.
Thos. K. Masters, Philadelphia.
Miss Katherine A. O'Neill, Philadelphia.
Albert H. Stein, Philadelphia.
Leighton P. Stradley, Philadelphia.

WASHINGTON COUNTY.

Blanchard G. Hughes, Washington.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

COMMISSIONERS OF DEEDS.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, February 15, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons to be Commissioners of Deeds, for the term of five years, to compute from the date of their confirmation:

George McIldowie, Belfast, Ireland.
J. Otto Rhome, Asbury Park, New Jersey.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

JUSTICES OF THE PEACE.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, February 15, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, J. K. Gearhart to be a Justice of the Peace in and for the Township of Pine, County of Armstrong, until the first Monday of January, 1916, vice Elmer Richey, resigned.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, February 15, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons to be Justices of the Peace to serve until the first Monday of January, 1916.

H. H. Lewis, Huston Township, Clearfield County, vice Thomas J. Lowell, resigned.

Edgar M. White, Saltlick Township, Fayette County, vice J. H. Flack, resigned.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

EXECUTIVE SESSION.

By unanimous consent,

A motion was made by Mr. GERBERICH.

That Rule 38 which requires nominations made by the Governor to be referred to proper committees be dispensed with, and the Senate do now resolve itself into executive session, for the purpose of acting on the foregoing nominations,

Which was agreed to,

Whereupon,

A motion was made by Mr. GERBERICH.

That the Senate do advise and consent to said nominations.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—48.

Beidleman,	Gyger,	McKee, W. S.,	Snyder, C. A.,
Buckman,	Hackett,	McNichol,	Snyder, P. W.,
Burke,	Hilton,	Miller,	Sones,
Catlin,	Hindman,	Mills,	Sproul,
Clark,	Hoke,	Moore,	Stewart,
Croft,	Homsher,	Patton,	Thompson,
Crow,	Jenkins,	Phipps,	Tompkins,

Daix,	Kurtz,	Schantz,	Vare,
DeWitt,	Lynch,	Semmens,	Warner.
Endsley,	Magee, C. J.,	Sensenich,	Washers,
Farley,	Martin,	Smith, R. E.	Kline,
Gerberich,	McConnell,	Smith, W. W.,	Pres. pro tem
Graff,			

NAYS.—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Governor be informed accordingly.

ADJOURNMENT.

Mr. VARE. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now adjourn until Tuesday morning, February 16, 1915, at 11 o'clock.

Mr. W. W. SMITH. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The Senate adjourned at 11 o'clock P. M. until Tuesday morning, February 16, 1915, at 11 o'clock.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

MONDAY, February 15th, 1915.

The House met at 9.00 o clock P. M.

The SPEAKER (Charles A. Ambler) in the Chair.

PRAYER.

The Chaplain, Rev. F. W. Staley, offered the following prayer:

Almighty God, our Heavenly Father, we thank Thee that Thou hast remembered us since we last met in this House. We rejoice tonight that Thou didst so love us as to give Thine only begotten Son to die for us and to redeem us. We rejoice tonight, O God, that Thou art mindful of us and Thou dost offer unto us Thy wisdom and Thy knowledge and Thy understanding; and may we use it for our good and for Thy glory, we ask, for Christ's sake. Amen.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the Journal of the proceedings of Wednesday, February 10th, 1915.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of the proceedings of Wednesday, February 10th, 1915, when, on motion of Mr. Lafferty the further reading was dispensed with, and the Journal was approved.

LEAVES OF ABSENCE.

Mr. LEIGHNER asked and obtained leave of absence for Mr. James O. Campbell for the balance of the week on account of sickness.

PETITIONS.

FAVORING WORKMEN'S COMPENSATION LAW.

Mr. WILLIAMS presented the petition of Local Union No. 2098, United Mine Workers of America, of Antrim, Penna., favoring the passage of a Workmen's Compensation Law.

FAVORING ADOPTION OF COLD STORAGE LAW.

The SPEAKER presented the petition of the Philadelphia Produce Exchange recommending the adoption of the proposed Cold Storage Law recommended by the committee of the National Conference of Commissioners held in Washington, D. C.

Referred to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

REPORT OF THE ALLEGHENY COUNTY TRUSTEES OF MOTHERS' ASSISTANCE FUND.

The Chair laid before the House the report of the Allegheny County Trustees of Mothers' Assistance Fund, from November 25th, 1913, to January 16th, 1915.

(For report see Appendix).

REPORT OF TRUSTEES OF MOTHERS' PENSIONS OF WESTMORELAND COUNTY.

The Chair laid before the House the report of Trustees of Mothers' Pensions of Westmoreland County, to December 31st, 1914.

(For report see Appendix).

BILL PLACED ON CALENDAR.

Mr. MILLIRON. Mr. Speaker, I move that House Bill No. 198, File Folio 181, entitled:

An Act to amend section 1708 of an act entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith" approved the eighteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven

introduced February 2d and reported from the Committee on Education on February 9th with a negative recommendation, be placed upon the Calendar, nothwithstanding the negative recommendation of the Committee.

Mr. CROMER. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the motion?

Mr. MILLIRON. Mr. Speaker, my purpose in asking for the placing of this bill on the Calendar is due to the fact that Dr. Schaeffer, the State Superintendent of Public Instruction of our State, has asked for a hearing on the bill. We would like to have it placed on the Calendar so it can be recommitted to the Committee on Education.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the motion?

It was agreed to.

Mr. MILLIRON. Mr. Speaker, I ask the unanimous consent to have this bill read for the first time.

The SPEAKER. Is there any objection? The Chair hears none.

POINT OF ORDER.

Mr. RONEY. Mr. Speaker, I rise to a point of order.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman will state his point of order.

Mr. RONEY. Mr. Speaker, I have no personal objection to this bill either being placed on the Calendar or recommitted to the Committee but I think the old custom that has obtained for many years in this House of reading a bill by unanimous consent is a bad one. I think the Constitution provides that all bills shall be referred to a committee, reported back and printed for the use of the members before being considered and I therefore take it that at this time, when the session is early and nobody will be hurt by our living up absolutely to the Constitutional provisions, that that wise custom be now established.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I think the gentleman from Philadelphia is laboring under a misapprehension. The bill is on the Calendar and can be read by any of the members, so that the provisions of the Constitution have been complied with. I think the gentleman from Philadelphia is certainly aware of the fact that when a bill is returned to the House either with a negative or an affirmative recommendation, it is printed and placed on the files on the desks of the members. Now, the Constitution does not, in any place, refer to a Calendar, and the Constitutional requirements in this instance have been complied with and it is simply expediting the matter. As the reading comes out of order, for that reason it requires unanimous consent. The Superintendent of Public Instruction in our State asks for a hearing on the bill and there cannot be any harm in granting the unanimous consent.

Mr. RONEY. Mr. Speaker, I press my point of order that this bill is not on the Calendar and cannot properly be considered by this Legislature for first reading.

The SPEAKER. The Chair would state that this bill was just placed on the Calendar by motion of the House and when the Chair asked if there was any objection to having it read the first time the Chair heard none. The Clerk will read the bill.

BILL ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 198, entitled:

An Act to amend section 1708 of an act entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it

shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith" approved the eighteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. MILLIRON. Mr. Speaker, I move that this bill be now recommitted to the Committee on Education.

Mr. CROMER. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL PLACED ON CALENDAR.

Mr. SHOWALTER. I move that House Bill No. 197, File Folio No. 179, entitled:

An Act to amend section one thousand three hundred ten of an act entitled "An Act to estblish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith" approved the eighteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven

which was reported from the Committee on Education with a negative recommendation be placed upon the Calendar, notwithstanding the negative recommendation of the committee, due to the fact that the Deparment of Education desires to be heard on this bill.

The motion was agreed to.

Mr. SHOWALTER. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to have this bill read the first time.

The SPEAKER. Is there any objection? The Chair hears none.

BILL ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 197, entitled:

An Act to amend section one thousand three hundred ten of an act entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith" approved the eighteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. SHOWALTER. Mr. Speaker, I move that this bill be recommitted to the Committee on Education.

Mr. E. E. JONES. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The House resumed the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 103, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith"

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. DUNN. Mr. Speaker.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Dunn.

Mr. DUNN. Mr. Speaker, and Gentlemen of the House: Wishing that almost a unanimous vote of this House may be had on this very important bill that is to right a wrong on a certain body of hard working citizens of Philadelphia County, I will explain it as near as possible for the benefit of the members of this House. The district that I represent in the northeastern part of Philadelphia County is what is called the old farming district of that County. For many years it was composed of two townships—Dublin and Oxford townships. They levied their own taxes, they supported their own poorhouses and met peacefully in that northeastern part of Philadelphia County,—until the people in the resident part of the County forming this part of the city wished to consolidate that county and make the city co-extensive with the county and for that purpose the Act of Consolidation was prepared in 1854.

The inducement offered the farmers of these particular townships was that if they commenced to be included in this act of consolidation their taxes should remain the same; that they should maintain their own separate poor-houses and levy the taxes and support the same and that continued for almost fifty-eight years until those who prepared the School Code, prepared it not thinking, probably, because I don't think they were preparing an intentional wrong upon that class of citizens in that County, but in preparing that School Code they did not consider the promise made to these farmers but placed the school taxes in the first class school district in that County at no less than five mills or more than six mills. What was the result of that? It was to rate the school tax of the city proper with all the high school facilities for higher education where the children in that particular part of the County went to school and spent from five to ten cents for transportation to their school and back to their homes while on the farms, seventeen to eighteen miles out from the high school district, that County had levied upon it a tax which increased their school taxes 100 per cent., and in that time no additional privileges and no additional assistance was rendered the farmer's child but he was assessed 100 per cent. in addition to his regular tax to support the high school in the higher education of the city proper in Philadelphia.

The Board of Education recognized the claims of these farmers after the operation of the School Code went into effect after the first year when they levied a tax on the farmers at the same rate as was promised under the act of consolidation, the farmers' rate. Later on their attention was called to that School Code, that it called for five mills and while the Board of Education didn't wish to increase the tax upon the farmer, yet the School Code thought that it should be not less than five mills. The result was the next year the school tax of the farmers was raised 100 per cent., while the city tax remained the same and for the years 1912, 1913 and 1914, the additional tax of 100 per cent. has been levied on the farmers without any additional increase in the educational facilities in this farming district.

For this particular amendment to the School Code to make it so that it will be no less than two and a half mills and no more than six mills, it gives the Board of Education the powers to go down to the farm rate and if necessary go higher to the six mills, and then these farmers will receive the just consideration as was promised to them by the City of Philadelphia under the Consolidation Act of 1854. That is the purpose of the bill. I believe that every farmer in this House and every member here are here in the interest of justice. This has been a just claim based upon the needs of a class of the most industrious people in the State of Pennsylvania and especially in the school district of Philadelphia.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS.—172.

Adams,	Geiser,	Mangan,	Sampsel,
Aibee,	Gibson,	Marvin,	Sarig,
Alcorn,	Gingery,	Mather,	Schaeffer.
Alexander,	Glass,	Maurer,	Sc(
Arnold,	Glenn.	McArdle,	Shaaber,
Baldwin,	Gompers,	McCaig,	Shaffer,
Bauerle,	Goodnough,	McClintock,	Sinclair,
Beck,	Goodwin,	McClure,	Smith, J. W.,
Becker,	Goodyear,	McConnell,	Sones,
Benn,	Gormley,	McCurdy,	Spangler,
Benninger,	Graham,	McDermott,	Spencer,
Bergy,	Habgood,	McKay,	Statler,
Berntheizel,	Hackett,	McNichol,	Staving,
Beyer,	Haggerty,	McVicar,	Stern,
Blackburn,	Hamilton,	Mearkle,	Stone,
Body,	Harper,	Mellott,	Swan,
Brosius,	Heffernan,	Metzenbacher,	Swartz,
Bungard,	Herman,	Milliron,	

Christman,	Hess,	Murphy,	Taylor,
Coldsmith,	Heyburn,	Myers,	Thomas,
Conner,	Hibshman,	Neville,	Trach,
Corbin,	Hoffman,	Nieder,	Weaver,
Cox,	Hollingsworth	Oaks,	Twibill,
Cromer,	Howarth,	Ostrander,	Vogdes,
Curry,	Hubler,	Palmer,	Walsh,
Davis,	Jack,	Perry,	Weimer,
Dawson,	Jones, E. E.,	Peters,	Weir,
Diefenderfer,	Jones, W. W.,	Phillips,	Whitaker,
Dodds,	Klinger,	Pickering,	West,
Drinkhouse,	Kuhn,	Powell,	Williman,
Dunn,	Kunkle,	Ramsey,	Willard,
Eby,	Lafferty,	Reel,	Williams,
Ehrhardt,	Landis,	Reynolds,	Wilson, H. I.,
Eppley,	Lanius,	Rhoads,	Wilson, W. H.,
Erdman,	Lauer,	Rich,	Wobensmith,
Evans,	Lauler,	Richards,	Wood,
Fackler,	Leighner,	Rininger,	Woodward,
Finnerty,	Lindsey,	Rinn,	Wylie,
Flynn,	Lipschutz	Robertson,	Wynne,
Forster,	Love,	Roney,	Young,
Fretz,	Luppert,	Rothenberger,	Ambler,
Fruit,	Luxemburger,	Rowell,	Speaker.
Gallagher,	Lynch,	Rudisill,	
Gans,			
Garner,			

NAYS.—2.

Aron, Walter,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 66, entitled:

An Act making a deficiency appropriation to the Trustees of Temple University

The first section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars ($25,000.00) is hereby specifically appropriated to the Trustees of Temple University for the erection of a building for the College of Liberal Arts and Sciences and the Teachers' College being the amount appropriated to said trustees by act approved the twenty-fifth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen but which amount through inadvertance on the part of said trustees was not paid but reverted to the State Treasury

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment:

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Line 10. After the word "thirteen" insert the words entitled "An Act making an appropriation to the Trustees of Temple University."

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The title of the bill was read and agreed to as follows:

An Act making a deficiency appropriation to the Trustees of Temple University

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 76, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to refund to the Crawford County Trust Company a corporation of Meadville Crawford County Pennsylvania moneys erroneously paid into the State Treasury

Whereas The Crawford County Trust Company a corporation organized and doing business under the laws of this Commonwealth and having its principal office at Meadville Crawford County Pennsylvania has heretofore erroneously paid into the State Treasury the sum of two hundred seventy-nine dollars and fourteen cents as State taxes on funds which however were in reality not taxable as being exempted by the Constitution and laws of the Commonwealth therefore

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of two hundred seventy-nine dollars and fourteen cents is hereby specifically appropriated for the purpose of refunding to the Crawford County Trust Company a corporation organized and doing business under the laws of this Commonwealth and having its principal place of business at Meadville Crawford County Pennsylvania being the amount erroneously paid by it into the State Treasury as State tax on funds which were in reality not taxable being moneys belonging to the Centenary Fund Society of the Erie Annual Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church and as such being exempt under the Constitution and laws of this Commonwealth Said amount shall be paid on warrant of the Auditor General on due proof that said amount was as aforesaid erroneously and actually paid into the State Treasury

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 206, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the payment of the expense of publication of amendments to the Constitution for the three years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and twelve

The first section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the additional sum of forty-six thousand and forty dollars and eighty cents ($46,040.80) is hereby specifically appropriated for the payment of the expenses already incurred as shown by the bills rendered for the publication in the various newspapers of this Commonwealth of the several amendments to the Constitution of this Commonwealth for the three fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and twelve

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. HABGOOD. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Line 6 and line 7: On line 6 after the word incurred, strike out the words "as shown by the," and on line 7, strike out the words "bills rendered."

Line 10: After the word "twelve," add the following: "which expense for these three fiscal years shall be adjusted and paid as follows; In the case of newspapers that published any other State advertising ordered by any State Department since June first one thousand nine hundred and thirteen at the same rate that this Commonwealth approved and paid for such State advertising; In the case of newspapers which published no other State advertising ordered by any State Department since June first one thousand nine hundred and thirteen at the rate they were respectively paid for the Constitutional amendments published in any of the following years, 1909, 1910 and 1911 and the Auditor-General is hereby directed to certify and the State Treasurer to pay the same within twenty days after the passage of this act

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendments?

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I would like to interrogate the gentleman from McKean, Mr. Habgood.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from McKean, Mr. Habgood, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. HABGOOD. Mr. Speaker, I will.

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I would like to ask the gentleman from McKean county the purpose of this amendment.

Mr. HABGOOD. Mr. Speaker, the purpose of this amendment is to indicate what the desire of this House is in regards to the basis on which these bills shall be paid. On the basis of the debt owed by the State for this advertising, and on which basis the Auditor General has declined to make settlement, although he has paid for the advertising from other state departments in these same newspapers, the same rates which he refuses to pay for these advertisements; and to indicate the wish of the members of this House that the bill for advertising in the newspapers of this State, which have been cut down in two or three hun-

dred papers, should be paid on the basis and at the same rate as for other years by Auditor General Young and Auditor General Sisson, and at the same rate which Auditor General Powell himself has paid these same newspapers for other State advertisements, and that they wish these bills to be paid on that basis, or one hundred cents on the dollar.

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I would like to further interrogate the gentleman.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from McKean permit himself to be further interrogated?

Mr. HABGOOD. Mr. Speaker, I will.

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I would like to ask the gentleman from McKean whether or not the ultimate result of the incorporation of this amendment in this bill would be to tie the hands of the Auditor General so that he would have no leeway in considering the payment of these bills? Does not the amendment establish a fixed rate back of which the Auditor General cannot go?

Mr. HABGOOD. Mr. Speaker, it does not establish any rate that was not established by his predecessors Auditor General Young and Auditor General Sisson and has been established by himself—absolutely no other rate. But it does establish that rate for these bills, and the newspaper men are not asking for one penny that is not fair and just on the basis established by one and all of these Auditor Generals, and they only want what is justly due them. The Auditor General told me two weeks ago to-morrow, that if the appropriation was one million dollars he would not approve these bills on the basis as suggested in this bill as amended, although he has paid these papers money at this same rate for other State advertising sent by other State Departments.

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, the gentleman has answered my question in rather a lengthy manner, but I think sufficiently to put this House on notice as to what this amendment means, and by his amendments he cuts out a feature which appeared in the general deficiency bill which was before this House last week, and which this House repudiated; but in place thereof he puts in another feature which is just as objectionable. He has admitted that this amendment if incorporated in this bill would tie the hands of the Auditor General. I say to you and to the members of this House, to incorporate such an amendment in this bill, would be perpetrating an outrage on the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania; that there would be absolutely nothing that the Auditor General could do but pay the bills as presented in accordance with a fixed flat rate and that, Sir, should not be done. I ask the members of this House to vote down the amendment.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I think probably the House does not thoroughly understand what the amendments are and I think the House ought to place the amendments in the bill and pass it on second reading. That would not involve any danger whatever, and then each and every member can have on his desk the bill as it then reads. He can then vote on final passage according to his own judgment. I, of course, would be very glad at the present time to discuss the matter. I do not agree with my friend from Philadelphia, but I feel that under the present conditions, the House probably, not having the amendments in front of them as I happen to have, realizing the gentleman from McKean was not able to furnish copies to all of the members do not understand the amendments. I assure the House that there is no danger whatever in amending the bill at the suggestion of my friend from McKean. And then the House, each and every member, can examine the matter to their heart's content, seek reference, seek information, and then deal with the subject intelligently. Now, that is the only reason why I think that at the present time, the gentleman from Philadelphia ought not to insist upon the defeat of these amendments.

Mr. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, there is no element of doubt about this matter at all. The gentleman from McKean has very frankly stated the real purpose of this amendment. He has admitted that it does fix a fixed rate by which the Auditor General is bound to pay for advertisements in accordance with rates specified during the year 1913. Now that is the only question, and surely that is so plain that he who runs may read it, and if you are going to do that and incorporate that amendment in this bill you are going to go back of what the House did last week in repudiating just such actions.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I see no reason why my friend from Philadelphia should not allow the amendment to go in the bill so that the members could all have it and fully acquaint themselves with the conditions.

But I do not agree with my friend from Philadelphia, when he wants to give the House the impression that if you place these amendments on the Calendar tonight that you are going to fix upon the State an unfair opportunity for either the newspapers or anybody else to collect a bill for what the State does not in justice owe. As I understand these amendments, I think it is absolutely fair. I have no evidence that our present Auditor-General has been in controversy with several of the departments and with several of our citizens to pay certain debts or pay certain bills. That disposition has been carried more largely toward certain newspapers in our State, as I understand the situation, than it has towards any others of our citizenship. It appears to me that the question of whether a newspaper should be allowed to collect on the basis of what other newspapers have been paid is a fair proposition. I do not think it is fair for any public official to decide on what some other branch of the government handed over to these newspapers certain work to be performed for him to exercise his individual judgment for the services rendered as to what the party was entitled to, and it is because our Auditor-General has seen fit to exercise that power that the newspapers justly have a right to complain that they have not been treated fairly, and there is nothing in this amendment that proposes to treat the State any differently from what the State has already through its Auditor-General recognized as being right to other newspapers. Now I hope the House will not defeat this amendment—at least I hope they will place it on the Calendar to-night, examine it themselves and then decide upon third reading whether it wants these amendments or whether the whole bill should be defeated, or whether it should pass as amended. Now I hope that the House will do that. There is nothing dangerous about it. My friend from Philadelphia is unduly alarmed. I do not think that he wants to be unfair to the people who have rendered services to our State. I know he does not want to be unfair, and it is only fair that you should approve these amendments and allow the bill to be printed so that we can thoroughly understand the proposition. There is no attempt to take from the State any moneys that are not justly due to our citizens in these amendments now before you.

Mr. WILLIAMS. Mr. Speaker, the course pursued by the owners of these accounts against the Commonwealth is certainly very unusual. The Auditor-General in making these settlements no doubt worked along the lines of his Constitutional rights to settle all accounts between the persons having claims against the Commonwealth and the Commonwealth. Parties having these claims have sixty days in which to appeal from the settlement to the Dauphin County Court; failing to make such appeal they now come to the Legislature and ask the Legislature to assume the duties and functions—

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I would like to interrogate the gentleman from Tioga.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Tioga permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. WILLIAMS. When I am through, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. SPEAKER. The gentleman from Tioga, Mr. Williams.

Mr. WILLIAMS. I intended to say, Mr. Speaker, that I believed that the Auditor-General in settling these accounts was working under his constitutional rights as an elective official of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and that the parties having these claims for newspaper printing against the State had sixty days in which to appeal from his decision to the Court of Common Pleas of Dauphin County; failing to do that, they ask the Legislature to assume the functions of the office of the Auditor-General and make these settlements without knowing in detail what these accounts are. Now it occurs to me that the course which should have been pursued by the owners of these accounts was to present a bill to this Legislature asking that they be given authority to bring suit against the Commonwealth for the amounts of their bills, and if such a bill were introduced I would support it, but I am not for this one.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker: I desire to interrogate the gentleman from Tioga, Mr. Williams.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Tioga permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. WILLIAMS. I will, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, did I understand the gentleman from Tioga that it was his impression that these parties or newspapers that had not been paid by the Auditor-General could proceed through the Courts to collect their bills? Is that the impression?

Mr. WILLIAMS. Mr. Speaker, I said they had sixty days in which to appeal from the settlement by the Auditor-General to the Dauphin County Court.

Mr. BALDWIN. Could they have begun suits in the Dauphin County Court against the Auditor-General or against the State?

Mr. WILLIAMS. They could have appealed from his decision, from his settlement to the Dauphin County Court and the Courts could have passed upon his settlement.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, my impression was that suit could not be brought against the State before this Legislature had given them that right.

Mr. WILLIAMS. Mr. Speaker, if the gentleman from Delaware had listened attentively to what I said he would have heard in my closing remarks that I favored the introduction of a bill authorizing these newspapers in question to bring suit against the Commonwealth for the amount of their bills and in this way get a judicial settlement of them.

Mr. HABGOOD. Mr. Speaker, I am very much surprised at the argument on these amendments. I am more surprised to hear my friend from Tioga say that the only way that he would favor the newspapers of this State, between two and three hundred of them, getting what is justly due them is that each one of them would be compelled to bring a separate suit against the State at an expense which would involve as much, perhaps, or more than the difference involved, as deducted from their bills, and they could not get any action from an appeal to the Dauphin County Court without they could sue the State in doing so. That would mean nearly three hundred bills to go from this House to the Senate, permitting these nearly three hundred newspapers to sue the State of Pennsylvania. That would mean three hundred suits, almost, to be brought by these newspapers at an individual expense to each one of them, which would be adding insult to injury and adding a hardship to the holding up of the money which has already been held up, some for three years.

Now, gentlemen, of the House, I would ask your kind indulgence for a short time until, if possible, I can lay this matter fully before you, and then I am perfectly willing to submit to your decision. The newspaper men of this State are not so anxious for this particular money or these particular dollars as they are to know whether the members of this House are willing to go on record instructing the Auditor-General to pay one hundred cents on the dollar for the services they have properly rendered the State for their advertising or whether they intend to allow him to cut them down to from forty to sixty cents on the dollar as he desires to do.

In the first place I wish to call your attention to this point: and that is this, that there is not just two or three newspapers involved in this proposition. It has been stated in a paper which has been libeling and slandering me and libeling and slandering every one of these newspapers which have had their bills cut down that there are only two or three or a few newspapers effected by this cut, including my own, and that paper, as you all now know, is the North American, and they have undertaken to libel and slander me and every one of these newspapers whose bills were cut on the proposition, as they would put it, that these newspapers were trying to mulct the State when they ask the same price which had been paid them by Auditor-General Young and Auditor-General Sisson and which has been paid them by Auditor-General Powell, if you please, for other advertising sent by other State Departments. Can there be any question, gentlemen, as to whether the Auditor-General now in that office has mulcted the State in paying these newspapers the same rate for other advertising which he has refused to pay for these Constitutional amendments. Now there is on this list—I do not want to tire you by reading it—but there are newspapers on this list from every County in the State. If I should read it you would find on there newspapers from your own county which you know very well, newspapers that you know would not under any circumstances ask for one dollar which was not due them and there are nearly three hundred of them whose bills have been cut down. And I want to say to you that the Secretary of the Commonwealth came into this House in 1913 and asked to have a bill limiting these papers to two in each county which should have the advertising of the Constitutional amendments and it was not even brought out of Committee. In other words, this House said to him that they wished him to go on as he had been advertising and place this newspaper advertising in the different counties, not less than two in each county. I wish I could go on and read this list in full to you and if I should do so I assure you you would find that every county in this State is represented in this list. These newspapers are from the different counties, newspapers from Tioga County and newspapers from Philadelphia County, some of them and I just want to call your attention to one thing, gentlemen, and that is this right now: in the report which the Secretary of the Commonwealth made to this House in 1913 there is in that list the following items: on account of the bills rendered and the advertising furnished for 1912; among the list of newspapers there was the Philadelphia North American for $1,560.00; and I also want to call your attention to the fact that in their publication of August, 1913, when they published a list of all the papers that were cut down, nearly three hundred of them, as shown in this clipping of the original publication, a clipping which is here, their name was not in that list because their bill was not cut down one dollar.

Now, gentlemen I submit to you as to whether it is right to cut down these newspapers all over the State, in these country places and in the smaller cities and towns and try to undertake to show that because this Auditor-General cuts down under what Auditor-General Young and Auditor-General Sisson paid them, and under what Auditor-General Powell has paid them himself for similar State advertising from other Departments, that because he has chosen to cut them down that, therefore, this House should not under any circumstances dare to tread near his guard so as to indicate what their wishes in this matter be as to what is just and fair. Why, gentlemen, the Court in this State has told him what he should do when he said he would not do it, and it has been necessary for the Courts to tell him in some instances what he was to do and they have done so. It is not out of the way for the members of this House who authorized these amendments to be put in not less than two newspapers in each county, for them to say that they, at least, want to be sure to tell the Auditor-General and State Treasurer that they want these bills paid for at the rate paid for in 1909, 1910 and 1911 by the previous Auditor-Generals or upon the rate which the present Auditor-General has paid these same newspapers for other advertising sent them by other State Departments.

Gentlemen, I submit to you if this is not a fair proposition and does not appeal to every fair-minded man, and you cannot help but think that there must be some misunderstanding, some mistake or some improper inspiration and some misconception of the real situation that would prompt the gentlemen to make the statements they do in regard to the fact that this House should not stand for what is fair and just in this matter.

Mr. Speaker, I want to call upon the gentlemen of this House to vote for these amendments as proposed and to ask that you will pass this bill on final passage when the time comes.

Mr. SPANGLER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to interrogate the gentleman from McKean.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. HABGOOD. Mr. Speaker, I will.

Mr. SPANGLER. Mr. Speaker, for a point of information I desire to ask the gentleman what purpose the Auditor-General has in cutting down these particular bills; why he refuses to pay the newspapers the sums that were paid to newspapers on previous occasions.

Mr. HABGOOD. That is a question which I have tried, day in and day out—I have laid awake at night to try to fathom. I would not impugn any ulterior motives to the Auditor-General of this State. I do not know why he does not pay these bills, because he has paid other bills to these same papers during his own term, from other State Departments, advertising, that was at the same rate paid in 1909, 1910 and 1911. If any man can explain to me why he will not, I wish he would. I cannot understand it and I do not see how the members of this House can.

Two weeks ago to-morrow I went to his office and was with him for two hours, and I urged him to agree upon some basis of settlement upon which he would settle these bills, as paid in 1909, 1910 and 1911, and as paid by him for other advertising, and he declined to do so. Now, what are we going to do and what are the members of this House going to do in the presence of a situation of this kind. Are we going to say that the Auditor-General shall pay these rates for other advertising and be permitted to cut this down as he chooses, and settle at forty, or fifty or sixty cents on the dollar, or put themselves in the position of saying to these almost three hundred newspapers of every County of this State that they are not in favor of them having their just pay.

Mr. SPANGLER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to further interrogate the gentleman from McKean.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman permit himself to be further interrogated?

Mr. HABGOOD. Mr. Speaker, I will.

Mr. SPANGLER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to ask the gentleman whether he has ever asked the Auditor-General for a reason for his refusal to pay these bills as they have been paid heretofore?

Mr. HABGOOD. Mr. Speaker, I have asked him for a reason every time I have talked with him, and that has been numerous times in the past three years. I wish to say here that while the "Star Record" of Bradford, publishes this advertisement this year,—yet I am not talking now for the "Star Record" of Bradford, as I told the Auditor-General, but for all these newspapers throughout the State involved in the fullest sense. I have asked the Auditor-General why he has cut them down and he has simply said this: that he cut them down because he said, in the first place, he did not have the money, and I have a letter here under date of September 29th, 1913, in which he writes as follows: "I do not see how we can pay you in full, when there are no funds available for that purpose," and this is his personal signature.

Now, gentleman, I submit to you that there is at this time, as shown by his statement, a copy of which I have here, given to the Chairman of the Appropriation Committee of the House, eighteen thousand dollars almost in that fund for 1912, when he would have the newspapers believe the reason he cut them down was because he did not have the funds to pay any more. And now I want you also to notice how he worded this. He said: "I do not see how we can pay you in full when there are no more funds available for the purpose." Of course the newspaper men understood that he meant by that that there were no more funds available, but he meant them to believe that he could not pay any more when there were no more funds available.

Now, gentlemen, you can see exactly this proposition. How can we get at this proposition any other way. We could not sue the State unless you pass nearly three hundred bills through here permitting the newspapers to do it, and I ask you in the name of common justice to vote to-night to put in these amendments to pay them on the rates as paid by him, by Auditor-General Sisson and Auditor-General Young.

Mr. ROWELL. Mr. Speaker, I desire to interrogate the gentleman.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. HABGOOD. Mr. Speaker, I will.

Mr. ROWELL. Mr. Speaker, may I ask the question, if there would be any difference in the rate at that time and the rate today, if that matter was put before you and you were asked for a rate for the publication of that matter?

Mr. HABGOOD. Do you mean my particular rate, as far as my paper is concerned?

Mr. ROWELL. Yes. Would there be any difference between your previous rate and the rate you would contract for today?

Mr. HABGOOD. Not one cent difference. The newspapers put in their bills on the same basis they were paid by Auditor Generals Young and Sisson, and they had a right to make a report to their Banks and everybody else interested that this was a bill collectible for 1912 on that basis, and their only creditor who tried to settle with them for forty cents on the dollar, and tried to do so for three years, and now asks you to go along with him, is the State of Pennsylvania.

Mr. HENRY I. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I desire to interrogate the gentleman from McKean.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from McKean permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. HABGOOD. Mr. Speaker, I will.

Mr. HENRY I. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I desire to ask the gentleman that in case this bill passes in its original form, carrying with it forty-six thousand dollars, or about that, would that be sufficient to pay the bills of the newspapers that are intended to be paid by this bill?

Mr. HABGOOD. Mr. Speaker, in answer to that I would quote you the Auditor-General's own statement as submitted to the Chairman or the Appropriation Committee, Mr. Woodward, at his request, dated February 1st 1915, in which it is shown that $146,040.80 would cover fully the deficiency as adjusted on this basis for 1912, 1913 and 1914. And now, Mr. Speaker, and the gentleman from Jefferson and the members of the House, I want also to call your attention to this fact that two years ago this Legislature appropriated $170,000.00 for a deficiency on this proposition for one year and this is asking for $146,000.00 for three years. It is not unusual. It is not large. It is $24,000.00 smaller than was appropriated two years ago for the same purpose, when no question was raised on the rates of the previous year.

I might say further than that, if I would be permitted, that the gentleman from Philadelphia—I think it was Mr. Bleloch, and also the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Scott—at that time said that if the bills rendered for 1912 were two and two-thirds times more than those rendered for 1911, which was the difference in the size of the advertisement for 1911 and 1912, that when they would be rendered just and fair, and that is exactly what this amendment asks for and what this amendment says, that they should be paid upon the basis of 1909, 1910 and 1911.

Mr. WILSON. Mr. SPEAKER, I desire to further interrogate the gentleman from McKean. I desire to ask the gentleman, if at the time these amendments were submitted to the different newspapers of this State, whether any official having authority to do so, made any contract as to rates with the particular newspapers?

Mr. HABGOOD. They did not, Mr. Speaker and Gentlemen of the House, as far as I know. They did say this in their order; that these advertisements were sent and that the bills for the same would be paid by an appropriation to be made in the session of 1913, as had been done for years, as was done in 1910, as was done in 1908, as was done in 1906, and so on back. And there never has been this question raised before; not one single minute. They have been paid on the price of the previous years

Mr. HENRY I. WILSON. Now, Mr. Speaker, we have before us the question of whether we shall assume the responsibility of directing the Auditor-General as to what he shall do in a particular case, or any set of cases. From the information that has been derived here this evening; it would appear that the first excuse that was offered was insufficiency of funds. It would appear that the particular bill before us in its original shape will provide these funds. Now, then if there was no contract made by the Secretary of the Commonwealth with these different papers or the editors or managers of these papers, very naturally they would be entitled to submit their bills and it would be right for the State to pass upon them if they were fair and right, and they should be paid, in the absence of a particular contract to bind them down to a certain amount.

It is early in the session and it might only be fair to all that are concerned that this be given a little more consideration and that some few of us be given an opportunity to talk with the Auditor-General to see in what position he means to place the newspapers of this State and the members of this House particularly when they are considering amendments of this kind. Now, to bring this to a close for

this evening, I understand that no consideration was given to the amending of this bill before the committee. No doubt the gentlemen of the committee may object to this motion, but I believe before we go against the amendment, or before we sustain the amendment, that we ought to be given a little better chance to find out about what is the proper thing to do. If the bills are just they should be paid. At first blush it would seem they are just, but on the other hand the only excuse offered that they were not paid is because there were insufficient funds to pay them.

Now we are about to provide these funds and I, for one, would hesitate to send binding instructions along with the specific amount, that being the only thing in dispute; so I move you, Mr. Speaker, that this bill be re-committed to the Committee on Appropriations, together with the suggested amendments.

Mr SPANGLER. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the motion?

POINT OF ORDER.

Mr. HABGOOD. Mr. Speaker, I rise to a point of order.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman will state his point of order.

Mr. HABGOOD. The question before the House now is, will the House agree to this amendment?

POINT OF ORDER.

Mr. RONEY. Mr. Speaker, I rise to a point of order.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman will state his point of order.

Mr. RONEY. Mr. Speaker, a motion to re-commit precludes action on the question before the House.

POINT OF ORDER.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I rise to a point of order.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman will state his point of order.

Mr. BALDWIN. An amendment is under consideration until the amendment is disposed of.

The SPEAKER. The Chair understands that the motion of the gentleman from Jefferson included the amendments.

Mr. RONEY. Mr. Speaker, I press my point of order, that the motion to re-commit precludes any other action, and it is now the only business properly before the House.

The SPEAKER. The point of order is well taken.

Mr. WOODWARD. Mr. Speaker, I see no reason for re-committing this bill to the Committee on Appropriations. It provides sufficient funds to cover the amount that the Auditor General says is contained in the various bills rendered covering this subject. We simply want to provide the funds, and if there is any question about the settlement, the funds are there and it is up to the Auditor-General to decide whether or not these bills should be paid.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the motion?

It was not agreed to.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the amendments?

Mr. SPANGLER. Mr. Speaker, I ask that the amendments be read.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the amendments.

The Clerk then read the amendments as follows:

Line 6 and line 7: On line 6 after the word incurred, strike out the words "as shown by the," and on line 7, strike out the words "bills rendered."

Line 10: After the word "twelve" and the following: "which expense for these three fiscal years shall be adjusted and paid as follows; In the case of newspapers that published any other State advertising ordered by any State Department since June first one thousand nine hundred and thirteen at the same rate that this Commonwealth approved and paid for such State advertising; In the case of newspapers which published no other State advertising ordered by any State Department since June first one thousand nine hundred and thirteen at the rate they were respectively paid for the Constitutional amendments published in any of the following years, 1909, 1910 and 1911 and the Auditor-General is hereby directed to certify and the State Treasurer to pay the same within twenty days after the passage of this act"

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I am afraid the House does not understand this amendment. I want to call attention to the fact that in regard to the words that we are amending to strike out of this bill, many members of the House are under the impression that this amendment requires the Attorney-General to pay on the basis of bills rendered. That portion that you are voting on now strikes this out and you are simply appropriating forty-six thousand dollars to be used to pay these bills on the basis that bills of a similar character have been paid. If there is not enough in this forty-six thousand dollar appropriation there will have to be some more appropriated, and if there is more than enough the balance reverts to the Treasury. The amendment only asks the House to endorse the proposition that the Auditor-General pay on the basis established by himself and by his three predecessors not a dollar more or a dollar less, and if on that basis it amounts to less than the money contained in this amendment the balance will revert to the Treasury. There is absolutely no danger in voting on this amendment and when the bill gets on the Calendar on third reading you can all refuse to vote on it then.

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I would like to interrogate the gentleman.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Delaware permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, yes, sir.

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr Speaker, I would like to ask the gentleman whether or not, if this amendment be incorporated, does it not fix a rate back of which the Auditor-General cannot go and makes it imperative upon him to pay in accordance with a fixed rate irrespective of whether or not the bills rendered are fair and just.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I thought I had made it plain, and especially did I think that it was unnecessary to explain to my friend beyond what I have already said.

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I asked the gentleman to answer my question.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I have the floor at the present time.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman from Delaware has the floor.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I tried to impress upon the House the fact that we are only asking in this amendment that the newspapers of this State be paid on the basis that they have not been denied by either the present Auditor-General or the two preceding Auditor-Generals.

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I would like to further interrogate the gentleman from Delaware.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Delaware, Mr. Baldwin, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, yes, sir.

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I would like the gentleman from Delaware to answer my question.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, if the gentleman from Philadelphia wants to answer the question in his own way, I will give him the liberty to do so, otherwise I wish to pursue my own methods of answering. If it is not satisfactory to the House, I suppose the House will act accordingly. I am really talking to the members of the House and not entirely for the benefit of the gentleman from Philadelphia. I say that this amendment only insists that the Auditor-General pay bills similar to the bills previously paid on identically the same basis and if it is not fair then this House ought to vote "No." If it is fair, then this House ought to vote "Aye." I think it is fair and I shall vote "Aye" on this amendment and then later on, upon very careful investigation after the whole matter is printed and I can read it thoroughly, I shall read it carefully and I will then decide whether I will vote "Aye" on final passage. By placing this amendment in there, does not mean that you will guarantee to support it if you find upon inquiry that there is a mistake or a misunderstanding insofar as you may individually look upon the subject. There is no danger in it at all.

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I would like to further interrogate the gentleman from Delaware.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Delaware, Mr. Baldwin, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, yes, sir.

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I would like to know whether or not his answer does not mean that it does establish a rate back of which the Auditor-General cannot go?

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, absolutely not. He is required to pay on the basis that he, himself, and the two preceding Auditor-Generals established and back of that he

should not go. The newspaper should be paid for that service and that is all this amendment is for.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

The yeas and nays were required by Mr. Habgood and Mr. Baldwin, and were as follows:

YEAS.—146.

Adams,	Fruit,	Mather,	Shaaber,
Albee,	Gallagher,	Maurer,	Shaffer,
Alcorn,	Gans,	McArdle,	Shoop,
Alexander,	Garner,	McCaig,	Showalter,
Arnold,	Geary,	McClure,	Sinclair,
Baker,	Geiser,	McConnell,	Smith, J. W.,
Baldwin,	Gingery,	McCurdy,	Smith, Jeff. W
Bauerle,	Goodnough,	McNichol,	Smith, L.,
Beck,	Goodyear,	McVicar,	Sones,
Becker,	Gormley,	Mearkle,	Statler,
Benn,	Graham,	Milliron,	Staving,
Benninger,	Greenwood,	Murphy,	Stein,
Bergy,	Hamilton,	Myers,	Stern,
Berntheizel,	Heffernan,	Neville,	Swan,
Beyer,	Harper,	Nieder,	Swartz,
Blackburn,	Hess,	Ostrander,	Taylor,
Body,	Heyburn,	Palmer,	Thomas,
Bovee.	Hibshman,	Perry,	Trach,
Brumbaugh,	Hoffman,	Peters,	Twibill,
Bungard,	Hollern,	Phillips,	Vickerman,
Christman,	Howarth,	Pickering,	Wagner,
Coldsmith,	Hubler,	Powell,	Watson,
Conner,	Jack,	Ramsey,	Weimer,
Corbin,	Kaiser,	Reel,	Weir,
Cromer,	Klinger,	Reynolds,	West,
Curry,	Lafferty,	Rhoads,	Wettach,
Davis,	Landis,	Richards,	Whitten,
Dell,	Lanius,	Rininger,	Wildman,
Diefenderfer,	Lauer,	Rinn,	Wilson, H. I.,
Dodds,	Lauler,	Robertson,	Wood,
Drinkhouse,	Lindsey,	Rothenberger,	Woodward,
Eby,	Love,	Rowell,	Wylie,
Ehrhardt,	Luppert,	Sampsel,	Wynne,
Eppley,	Lynch,	Sarig,	Young,
Erdman,	Mangan,	Schaeffer,	Ambler,
Evans,	Marvin,	Scott,	Speaker.
Flynn,			
Fretz,			

NAYS.—45.

Aron,	Glenn,	Luxemburger,	Spencer,
Brosius,	Gompers,	McClintock,	Steedle,
Brownlee,	Goodwin,	McDermott,	Stone,
Campbell, T.,	Hackett,	McKay,	Vogdes,
Cox,	Haggerty,	Mellott,	Walsh,
Dawson,	Herman,	Metzenbacher,	Walter,
Dunn,	Hollingsworth,	Murdoch,	Weaver,
Fackler,	Jones, E. E.,	Oaks,	Whitaker,
Finnerty,	Kuhn,	Roney,	Willard,
Forster,	Kunkle,	Rudisill,	Williams.
Gibson,	Leichner,	Snyder,	Wilson, W. H.
Glass,	Lipschutz	Spangler,	Wobensmith,

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

REASONS FOR NOT VOTING.

Mr. HABGOOD. Mr. Speaker, I desire to say that because of an interest in this bill together with three hundred other papers, I have declined to vote on this matter.

The SPEAKER. The reason will be noted on the record.

Mr. WILLIAM W. JONES. Mr. Speaker, on account of being an interested party in the bill, I do not want to be recorded as having voted.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman from Lackawanna, Mr. William W. Jones, will not be recorded as having voted.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the Section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The title of the bill was read as follows:

An Act making an appropriation for the payment of the expense of publication of amendments to the Constitution for the three years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and twelve

On the question,

Will the House agree to the title?

Mr. HABGOOD. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The amendment was read as follows:

After the word "twelve" which is the last word of the title, add the following: "And directing the Auditor-General and the State Treasurer to cause the same to be paid"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to, as amended,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

SENATE MESSAGE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced presented extracts from the Journal of the Senate which were laid upon the table.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 71, as follows:

An Act transferring from one fund to another certain moneys appropriated to the Dairy and Food Division of the Department of Agriculture

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from the fund or amount appropriated at the last session of the General Assembly to the Dairy and Food Division of the Department of Agriculture for the payment of the inspection of cold storage plants as to their sanitary condition and equipment the sum of six thousand dollars is hereby transferred to the fund for the payment of chemists of the said division so as to prevent a deficiency in the latter fund. The Auditor-General shall draw his warrants and the State Treasurer shall make payments accordingly

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 213, entitled:

An Act validating certain ordinances of cities and boroughs and the contracts or payments made in pursuance thereof

The first section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That all ordinances of a city or borough heretofore becoming law and not recorded in the books kept for such purpose as required by law are hereby validated if (a) such ordinances or his successor or successors in office have been legally published and if (b) the clerk whose duty it was to record such ordinances does so record them within six months from the approval of this act All contracts or or payments heretofore made in pursuance of any such ordinance are validated

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. WEST. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Line 6. Strike out the words "or his successor."
Line 7. Strike out the words "or successors in office."
Line 8. Insert after the word "clerk" the words "or his successor or successors in office."
Line 10. Strike out the word "or."

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendments?

They were agreed to.

The title of the bill was read and agreed to as follows:

An Act validating certain ordinances of cities and boroughs and the contracts or payments made in pursuance thereof

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to, as amended,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 219, entitled:

An Act granting to boroughs and towns the right of eminent domain for certain purposes and regulating the procedure thereunder

The first, second and third sections of the bill were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That all boroughs and incorporated towns may acquire enter upon take use and appropriate private property and also land heretofore granted or dedicated to public use or other use which is no longer used for the purpose for which the same was granted or dedicated and also lands where the title is defective disputed or doubtful for the erection of a town hall hose house lockup and other buildings and works as are necessary for public municipal purposes within the corporate limits of such municipality whenever the council thereof shall by ordinance determine thereon

No land or property belonging to or used for any cemetery burying-ground or place of public worship shall be taken or appropriated in any manner under and by virtue of the provisions of this act

Section 2 Whenever the municipal authorities desire to acquire enter upon take use and appropriate any such private property or lands for any of such purposes they shall declare such intention by an ordinance duly enacted

Section 3 The compensation and damages arising from such taking using and appropriating of private property for the purposes aforesaid shall be considered ascertained determined awarded and paid in the manner hereinafter provided

The fourth section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 4 In cases where the municipal authorities and the owner or owners thereof cannot agree as to the price or damages to be paid or where land is held by any borough or town and the title of the borough or town is disputed by one or more claimants or where any claimant or owner or owners are unknown or where there are two or more owners or claimants and one or more of said owners or claimants are known and reside within the county within which the borough or town is situate and any other owner or owners or claimants are unknown or do not reside within the said county and in cases where the title to the real estate to be taken used and appropriated as aforesaid is defective disputed or doubtful or any of the persons owning claiming or interested in said real estate are absent not of full age of unsound mind or from any cause cannot be bargained with and after the enactment of an ordinance as aforesaid declaring the intention of the borough or town to take use and appropriate any such real estate the borough or town shall present a petition to the court of common pleas of the county where the real estate to be taken is situated or to any judge thereof in vacation setting forth the facts and said petition of the borough or town shall state who the owner or owners or claimants of said real estate are if known together with their residence and address if the same can be ascertained or if the owners or claimants of said lands are unknown said petition shall state that the officers who make oath to the truth of the facts set forth in said petition have inquired of the tax assessor of the ward or borough or town in which said lands are situated as well as of three reputable and disinterested freeholders who reside in the vicinity of said lands as to who the owners or claimants of said real estate are and said petition shall be verified by the affidavit of either the burgess or the president of the council of the petitioning borough or town and upon presentation of such petition said court or judge thereof shall direct the filing of a bond to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in an amount to be fixed and approved by said court or in vacation by a judge thereof for the use of those entitled to damages for said taking and appropriation the condition of which bond shall be that the borough or town shall pay or cause to be paid to any person or persons such amount of damages as he or they shall have suffered by reason of such taking and appropriation after the same shall have been agreed upon or assessed in the manner provided by this act Where any owner or owners or claimants or the persons claiming or entitled to damages are known and reside within the county where said real estate is situated or are absent from said county but have a known agent or attorney residing within said county or are under legal disability but have a guardian or committee within said county or are a corporation and have an agent or officer residing within said county the borough or town shall serve upon said owners attorneys officers or agents guardians and committees as the case may be a copy of said petition and order directing the filing of said bond together with notice that said bond has been filed Where minors have no guardian and lunatics or persons of unsound or feeble mind have no guardians or committees the said court or a judge thereof in vacation shall have power to appoint a guardian or committee ad litem and direct that said petition order and notice and all other notices required by this act shall be served upon them As to all other persons who may be interested or claim to be interested in said real estate the said court or said judge thereof in vacation shall upon the filing of said bond direct such notice to be given by publication in at least two newspapers of the county in which said real estate is situated as the said court shall deem proper provided that said notice shall be so published at least twenty days prior to the limit of the time for filing exceptions and shall state the time within which such exceptions may be filed and if no exceptions are filed to said bond within ten days after service of said petition and order directing the filing of said bond by persons upon whom the same are served or by other persons on or before the day fixed in said published notices as the case may be the court shall approve said bond The said court shall have power to increase the amount of said bond and to hear and determine all exceptions that may be filed against the approval thereof Upon the approval of said bond the municipal authorities may enter upon and take said lands for the purposes expressed in this act and take hold use and enjoy said lands thereafter forever and the title of said borough or town to the lands shall be in fee simple The bond shall remain on file for the use of any person or persons who may be legally entitled to damages by reason of the taking of said lands The damages which may be recovered by the condition of the bond shall not be more than the fair market value of the land at the time of such entry and taking by the borough or town

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. W. W. JONES. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Line 43. Strike out the second word "owner" and insert "owners."

Line 67. Strike out the word "filed" and insert the word "filed."

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendments?

They were agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The fifth, sixth, and seventh sections of the bill were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 5 In case the damages for said taking and appropriation have not for any reason been agreed upon between the borough or town and the owners of said land the court of common pleas of the county or any judges thereof in vacation upon application thereto by a petition of the borough or town or any person interested shall appoint three members of the board of viewers as a board of view and appoint a time not less than twenty nor more than thirty days thereafter and said board of view shall meet upon the premises or lands taken or appropriated and view the same and the premises affected thereby The board of view shall give or cause to be given at least ten days notice of said meeting to the owner or owners of the said lands taken if it appears by the petition filed for the order directing the filing of a bond as aforesaid or by exceptions filed to said bond that said owner or owners reside within the county where said real estate is situated and can be found which notice shall be served in the same manner as provided in section four of this act for the service of the petition and order directing the filing of a bond Where any owner owners or persons interested are unknown or do not reside within the county where said real estate is situated or where service of such notice can not be made upon a proper person or persons within the county as provided for the service of the petition and order for the filing of the bond as provided in section four herein such notice shall be given in at least two newspapers of general circulation printed and published in the proper borough or town or county not less than ten days prior to said meeting and they shall give such other or further notice as the court shall direct

Section 6 The board of view shall hear the parties interested and their witnesses and shall estimate and determine the value of the land taken and appropriated and any damages that may have been sustained by reason of said taking and appropriation and who are entitled to receive the same and having so estimated and determined the value of the property and damages sustained they shall make up their report which shall be signed by them or any two of them and thereupon filed in the court of common pleas from which the order to view issued Upon the filing of said report the board of view shall give notice thereof by one publication in at least two newspapers printed and published in the proper borough or town or county and any additional papers if so directed by the court

Section 7 Upon said report being filed in court any interested party within thirty days may file exceptions thereto and the court shall have power to confirm modify change or otherwise correct the same or refer the same back to the board of view with like power as to their report or within said thirty days from the filing of any such report in court the respective borough or town or any party whose lands have been taken may appeal to the proper court of common pleas and demand a trial by jury according to the course of the common law and said court shall have power to provide what notices shall be given in connection with any part of the proceedings and make all such orders as it may deem requisite Upon the entry of final judgment or any issue had upon said appeal either party shall have the right to appeal to the Superior or Supreme Court as in other cases All proceedings however after the filing and approval of the bond provided in this act to be filed by the borough or town shall not affect the title acquired by the borough or town by virtue of the provisions of this act

The eighth section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 8 This act does not repeal or in any way affect the provisions of the act approved the tenth day of June

one thousand nine hundred and one entitled "An Act authorizing and empowering boroughs and incorporated towns to take use and appropriate private property for necessary public buildings and works within the corporate limits of such municipality and providing for the manner of ascertaining determining awarding and paying compensation and damages therefor" or of an act approved the first day of June one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled "An Act to amend section one of an act entitled 'An Act authorizing and empowering boroughs and incorporated towns to take use and appropriate private property for necessary public buildings and works within the corporate limits of such municipality and providing for the manner of ascertaining determining awarding and paying compensation and damages therefor'" or of an act approved the first day of April one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled "An Act authorizing and empowering the several boroughs of this Commonwealth to purchase or acquire by condemnation proceedings such real estate within or without the borough limits as may be necessary for present and future use upon which to erect construct and maintain garbage or incinerating furnaces sewage-disposal works or plants with the necessary filter-beds appliances drains and sewers and for the extensions thereof"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. W. W. JONES. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Section 8, line 12. Strike out the word "boroughs" and insert "borough."
Section 8, line 17. Strike out double quote.
Section 8, line 17. After the word "therefor" insert the following: "approved June tenth, one thousand nine hundred and one, extending the provisions of the act to the taking, use and appropriation of private property for a filter plant."

On the question,
Will the House agree to the amendments?
They were agreed to.
On the question,
Will the House agree to the section as amended?
It was agreed to.
The title of the bill was read as follows:

An Act granting to boroughs and towns the right of eminent domain for certain purposes and regulating the procedure thereunder

On the question,
Will the House agree to the title?

Mr. W. W. JONES. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend title, line one by inserting before the word "towns" the word "incorporated."

On the question,
Will the House agree to the amendment?
It was agreed to.
On the question,
Will the House agree to the title as amended?
It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to, as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 255, entitled:

An Act to amend section four of an act approved the eleventh day of May one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine entitled "A further supplnement to an act to establish a board of wardens for the port of Philadelphia and for the regulation of pilots and pilotage and for other purposes" approved March twenty-ninth one thousand eight hundred and three and for regulating the rates of pilotage and number of pilots

Section one of the bill was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section four of an act approved the eleventh day of May one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine entitled "A further supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to establish a board of wardens for the port of Philadelphia and for the regulation of pilots and pilotage and for other purposes approved March twenty-ninth one thousand eight hundred and three and for regulating the rates of pilotage and number of pilots" which reads as follows

"Section 4 Vessels employed in and licensed for the coasting trade shall be exempt from the duty of employing a pilot and the vessels as well as their masters owners agent or consignees shall be exempt from the duty of paying pilotage half pilotage or any penalty whatsoever in case of their neglect or refusal so to do except ships or vessels under register bound to or from the states or territories of the United States on the Pacific ocean but a coastwise vessel voluntarily taking a pilot shall pay the same fees for pilotage as prescribed in the case of a vessel bound to or from a foreign port" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

"Section 4 Vessels employed in and licensed for the coasting trade excepting vessels bound to or from the states territories or possessions of the United States on the Pacific ocean shall be exempt from the duty of employing a pilot and the vessels as well as their masters owners agents or consignees shall be exempt from the duty of paying pilotage half-pilotage or any penalty whatsoever in case of their neglect or refusal so to do but a coastwise vessel voluntarily taking a pilot shall pay the same fee for pilotage as prescribed in the case of a vessel bound to or from a foreign port

On the question,
Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. REYNOLDS. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Line 9. After the word "purposes" insert a single quote.
Line 15. Strike out the word "agent" and insert "agents."
Line 25. Strike out the double quote in front of the word "Section."
Line 28. Strike out the word "he" and insert the word "be."

On the question,
Will the House agree to the amendments?
They were agreed to.
On the question,
Will the House agree to the section as amended?
It was agreed to.
The title of the bill was read as follows:

An Act to amend section four of an act approved the eleventh day of May one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine entitled "A further supplement to an act to establish a board of wardens for the port of Philadelphia and for the regulation of pilots and pilotage and for other purposes" approved March twenty-ninth one thousand eight hundred and three and for regulating the rate of pilotage and number of pilots

On the question,
Will the House agree to the title?

Mr. REYNOLDS. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Line 3. After the word "act" insert the following: "entitled "An act."
Line 3. Also strike out the word "hoard" and insert "board."
Line 5. Strike out double quote and insert single quote after the word "purposes."
Line 7. Strike out the word "rate" and insert "rates."
Line 7. At the end of the word "pilots" insert a double quote.

On the question,
Will the House agree to the amendments?
They were agreed to.
On the question,
Will the House agree to the title as amended?
It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to, as amended,

Oredered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order.

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 256, entitled:

An Act to further amend an act approved the thirtieth day of March one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine entitled "An Act to amend the first section of an act approved the eleventh day of May one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine entitled 'A further supplement to an act entitled "An act to establish a board of wardens for the port of Philadelphia and for the regulation of pilots and pilotage and for other purposes" approved March twenty-ninth one thousand eight hundred and three and for regulating the rates of pilotage and number of pilots'"

The first section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it

is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the first section of an act approved the thirtieth day of March one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine entitled "An Act to amend the first section of an act approved the eleventh day of May one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine entitled 'A further supplement to an act entitled "An Act to establish a board of wardens for the Port of Philadelphia and for the regulation of pilots and pilotage and for other purposes" approved March twenty-ninth one thousand eight hundred and three and for regulating the rates of pilotage and number of pilots'" which reads as follows

"Section 1 That from and after the passage of this act the rates of pilotage for conducting a vessel from the capes of the Delaware to the city of Philadelphia or other place on the river Delaware to the capes of the Delaware in either case shall be for every half foot of water which a vessel shall draw under up to and including twelve feet the sum of two dollars per half foot and for every vessel drawing over twelve feet the sum of two dollars and fifty cents per half foot of water An increase of ten per centum from the said rates shall be paid to the pilot whenever he shall speak an inward-bound vessel at any point east of the Five Fathom Bank Lightship or north of Hereford Inlet lighthouse or south of Fenwick's Island lighthouse and a deduction of ten per centum from the said rates shall be made when an inward-bound vessel is first spoken by the pilot inside of a straight line drawn from Cape May light to Cape Henlopen light Provided always That a vessel inward-bound to any port or place on the bay or river Delaware which is not spoken or offered the services of a pilot outside of a straight line drawn from Cape Henlopen light to Cape May light shall be exempt from the duty of taking a pilot and the vessel as well as her master owner agent or consignee shall be exempt from the duty of paying pilotage or half pilotage or any penalty whatsoever in case of her neglect or refusal to do so" be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows

Section 1 That from and after the passage of this act the rates of pilotage for conducting a vessel from the capes of the Delaware to the city of Philadelphia or other place on the river Delaware and from the city of Philadelphia or other place on the river Delaware to the capes of the Delaware in either case shall be for every half foot of water which a vessel shall draw under up to and including twelve feet the sum of two dollars per half foot and for every vessel drawing over twelve feet the sum of two dollars and seventy-five cents per half foot of water An increase of ten per centum from the said rates shall be paid to the pilot whenever he shall speak an inward-bound vessel at any point east of Five Fathom Bank Lightship or north of Hereford Inlet lighthouse or south of Fenwick's Island lighthouse and a deduction of ten per centum from the said rates shall be made when an inward-bound vessel is first spoken by the pilot inside of a straight line drawn from Cape May light to Cape Henlopen light Provided always That a vessel inward-bound to any port or place on the bay or river Delaware which is not spoken or offered the services of a pilot outside of a straight line drawn from Cape Henlopen light to Cape May light shall be exempt from the duty of taking a pilot and the vessel as well as her master owner agent or consignee shall be exempt from the duty of paying pilotage or half-pilotage or any penalty whatsoever in case of her neglect or refusal to do so

On the question,
Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. REYNOLDS. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Section 1, line 17. Add after the first word "Delaware" the following: "and from the city of Philadelphia or other place on the Delaware."

Section 1, line 54. Strike out "Porvided" and insert "Provided."

On the question,
Will the House agree to the amendments?
They were agreed to.
On the question,
Will the House agree to the section as amended?
It was agreed to.

The title of the bill was read and agreed to as follows:

An Act to further amend an act approved the thirtieth day of March one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine entitled "An Act to amend the first section of an act approved the eleventh day of May one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine entitled 'A further supplement to an act entitled "An act to establish a board of wardens for the port of Philadelphia and for the regulation of pilots and pilotage and for other purposes" approved March twenty-ninth one thousand eight hundred and three and for regulating the rates of pilotage and number ber of pilots'"

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to, as amended,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order.

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 48, entitled:

An Act enabling townships of the first class to provide regulate and protect a system of water supply and to contract with certain adjoining municipalities for such water and granting and regulating the right of eminent domain and the right to occupy highways

The first section of the bill was read and agreed to as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That any township of the first class is empowered to contract with any adjoining municipality owning a waterworks system for a supply of water for public and private uses to be delivered into the lines of the township at or near the boundary thereof

The second section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 2 A township making such contract may by ordinance provide and regulate and protect a system of distribution of the water After a certified copy of the plans and surveys for such system with a description of the sources from which it is proposed to derive the supply are filed in the Department of Health and a written permit for the construction of such system obtained from the Commissioner of Health in accordance with the provisions of the act of April twenty second one thousand nine hundred and five

On the question,
Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. McVICAR. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Section 2, line 9. Add after the word "five" the following: entitled "An Act to preserve the purity of the waters of the State, for the protection of the public health."

On the question,
Will the House agree to the amendment?
It was agreed to.
On the question,
Will the House agree to the section as amended?
It was agreed to.

The third section of the bill was read and agreed to as follows:

Section 3 In providing for regulating and protecting and extending its system of distribution of water the township may occupy public highways and may take injure or destroy private property compensation for which taking injury or destruction to be made or secured as hereinafter in this act provided. Property belonging to or used as a cemetery or a place of public worship shall not be taken injured or destroyed by virtue of this act

The fourth section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 4 If the compensation and damages arising from such taking injury or destruction of private property cannot be agreed upon the township may tender its bond as security to the party claiming or entitled to any damages or to the attorney or agent of any absent person or to the agent or other officer of a corporation or to the guardian or committee of any person under legal incapacity The condition of the bond shall be that the township shall pay or cause to be paid such amount of damages as the party shall be entitled to receive after the same shall have been agreed upon or assessed in the manner provided in this act In case the party or parties claiming damages refuses or do not accept the security so tendered the township shall then give the party his or their agent attorney guardian or committee at least ten days written notice of the time when the same will be presented to the court of common pleas for approval Thereafter the township may present its bond to the court and when approved the said bond shall be filed in court for the benefit of those interested and recovery may be had thereon for the amount of damages finally determined if the same be not paid or cannot be made by execution on the judgment in the issue formed to try the question and upon the approval of said security the township may enter into possession take hold use and enjoy said land for the purpose aforesaid forever

On the question,
Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. McVICAR. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

Section 4, line 12. Strike out the word "refuses" and insert "refuse."

On the question,
Will the House agree to the amendment?
It was agreed to.
On the question,
Will the House agree to the section as amended?
It was agreed to.

Sections, five, six, seven, eight and nine, were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 5 In case the compensation or damages accruing from such taking injury or destruction has not been agreed upon by the parties in interest the court of common pleas or any law judge thereof in vacation on application thereto by the township or any person interested in such property shall appoint three members of the board of viewers of the county as a board of view and appoint a time not less than ten nor more than twenty days thereafter when the board of view shall meet upon the property and view the same and the premises affected thereby The board of view shall give at least five days personal notice of the time of their first meeting upon the owners agents attorneys or representatives thereof if the same reside within the county otherwise by handbills posted upon the premises or by such other notice as the court shall direct The board of view having been duly sworn or affirmed faithfully justly and impartially to decide and true report to make concerning all matters and things submitted to

them in relation to which they are authorized to inquire under the provisions of this act and having viewed the premises or examined the property shall hear all parties interested and their witnesses and having due regard to the advantages and disadvantages shall estimate and determine the damages for the property taken used or appropriated and to whom the same are payable they shall give at least ten days notice thereof in the manner herein provided to all parties interested of the time and place when the board of view will meet and exhibit said report and hear any exceptions thereto After making whatever changes are deemed necessary and proper the board of view shall make report to the court showing the damages if any are allowed and file therewith a plan showing the properties taken injured or destroyed and the names of the persons to whom such damages are payable

Section 6 When the report of the board of view or any two of them is filed in court any party may within thirty days thereafter file exceptions to the same and the court may confirm the report or modify change or otherwise correct it or refer it back to the same or new viewers with like power as to their report Or within thirty days from the filing of any report in court any party whose property is so taken used or appropriated may appeal to the court of common pleas of the county and demand a trial by jury Any party interested therein may within thirty days after final decree have an appeal to the Superior or Supreme Court If no exceptions are filed or no demand made for trial by jury within the said thirty days after the filing of said report the same shall become absolute The court may order what notices shall be given in connection with any part of said proceedings and may make all such orders as it may deem requisite

Section 7 The board of view provided for in this act may be appointed before or at any time after the entry taking or appropriation of any property to be used for the purpose aforesaid They shall have power to administer oaths and adjourn their hearings from day to day as they may find necessary

Section 8 The costs of the board of view and all court costs incurred in the proceedings including advertising and printing and posting notices shall be defrayed by the township

Section 9 All damages when determined shall be assessed against and paid by the township so taking injuring or destroying the property as aforesaid

The title of the bill was read and agreed to as follows:

An Act enabling townships of the first class to provide regulate and protect a system of water supply and to contract with certain adjoining municipalities for such water and granting and regulating the right of eminent domain and the right to occupy highways

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to, as amended,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

SENATE MESSAGE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced presented extracts from the Journal of the Senate which were laid upon the table.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 40, as follows:

An Act designating the Mountain Laurel (Kalmia latifolia) as the flower emblem or State flower of this Commonwealth

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the Mountain Laurel (Kalmia latifolia) shall be the State flower or flower emblem of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 120, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-eighth day of May one thousand nine hundred seven entitled "An Act to provide for the protection of insane persons feeble-minded persons and epileptics and the appointment of a guardian for the said insane persons feeble-minded persons and epileptics unable to care for their own property authorizing the guardian to support the wife and children of the said insane persons feeble-minded persons and epileptics defining the powers of the guardian and authorizing the sale of real estate of the ward" by adding an additional section

The first section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the act approved the twenty-eighth day of May one thousand nine hundred seven entitled "An Act to provide for the protection of insane persons feeble-minded persons and epileptics and the appointment of a guardian for the said insane persons feeble-minded persons and epileptics unable to care for their own property authorizing the guardian to support the wife and children of the said insane persons feeble-minded persons and epileptics defining the powers of the guardian and authorizing the sale of real estate of the ward" is hereby amended by the addition of the following which shall be marked and known as section ten of said act

Section 10 Every guardian so appointed in pursuance of this act whether required by the court to give security or not shall at least once in every three years and at any other time when so required by the court render an account of the management of the property under his care The accounts shall be filed in the office of the prothonotary for the information of the court and the inspection of all parties concerned After filing any such account the guardian may petition the court for leave to have the account examined or audited and confirmed finally The petition shall set forth the reason why such account should be examined or audited and confirmed and shall set forth the name and address of the wife or husband or next of kin of the person under legal disability The court shall thereupon direct to whom and what notice if any shall be given to the wife or husband or next of kin of the filing of the account and the presentation of the petition After filing proof of the service of the notice and if the court is satisfied that the account should be examined or audited and confirmed finally the court may thereupon examine and audit the account or may appoint an examiner or auditor to examine and audit such account and report thereon to the court After the examination or audit is completed a final decree of confirmation shall be made by the court which decree shall be conclusive as to matters contained in the account report or audit and decree The cost of the audit or examination shall be paid out of the estate or otherwise as the decree of the court confirming the report of the auditor shall direct If such costs are paid by the guardian out of the funds of the estate in his hands such payment shall be allowed as a credit in his account Appeal and rehearing of the decree shall be allowed in the manner and form now allowed in the cases of decrees made in executors' administrators' and trustees' accounts Every such guardian unless previously discharged or removed shall on the death or restoration to legal capacity of the person whose estate is under his care settle in the office of the prothonotary a full and complete account of his management of the property under his care A final account shall include only such items and matters as were not included in any former account confirmed finally The decree of the court upon such final account shall be conclusive upon all parties unless reversed modified or altered on appeal

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. HERMAN. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Section 1, line 53. Strike out the word "nuder" and insert the word "under."

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The title of the bill was read as follows:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-eighth day of May one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled "An Act to provide for the protection of insane persons feeble-minded persons and epileptics and the appointment of a guardian for the said insane persons feeble-minded persons and epileptics unable to care for their own property authorizing the guardian to support the wife and children of the said insane persons feeble-minded persons and epileptics defining the powers of the guardian and authorizing the sale of real estate of the ward" by adding an additional section

On the question,

Will the House agree to the title?

Mr. HERMAN. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Line 3. Strike out the word "feble" and insert "feeble."

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the title as amended?

It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to, as amended,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. HERMAN. Mr. Speaker, I move that House Bill No. 120, file folio 165, just passed on second reading be recommitted to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. STERN. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the motion?

It was agreed to.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 249, as follows:

An Act to repeal an act approved the thirteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred sixty-nine entitled "An Act relating to hawking peddling and huckstering in the counties of Indiana and Clearfield" so far as it relates to Indiana County

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the act approved the thirteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred sixty-nine entitled "An Act relating to hawking peddling and huckstering in the counties of Indiana and Clearfield" is hereby repealed so far as it relates to Indiana County

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 280, as follows:

An Act prescribing certain duties for collectors of taxes in boroughs and townships and for county treasurers

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That each collector of taxes before he assumes the duties of his office shall notify the county treasurer in writing setting forth his name address where the taxes are receivable the office hours when he sits to receive taxes and the district or districts for which he collects taxes

Section 2 The county treasurer shall procure at the expense of the county a book to be known as the "Tax Collectors Address Book" wherein he shall cause to be set forth and indexed by township and by borough and by name of collector the information furnished him as required in section one of this act Such book shall be kept in the office of the county treasurer and shall be open during office hours to public inspection

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 182, as follows:

An Act authorizing boroughs to supply and to make contract for supplying electric current outside the limits of said borough

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That boroughs which are engaged in making and selling electricity for commercial purposes for the use of their inhabitants may whenever their proper authorities deem it advisable so to do supply and make contracts for supplying electricity for commercial purposes to corporations firms and individuals outside the limits of such borough at rates not less than those established from time to time within the limits of such borough Nothing in this act shall conflict with the coroprate rights of any corporation supplying electric light in territory adjacent to such boroughs or with the rights of any other borough

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order.

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 175, entitled:

An Act providing for the discharge of persons arrested or held on process issued on a judgment obtained in civil actions

The first and second sections of the bill were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from and after the passage of this act that any person arrested or held in custody on or by virtue of any process issued on a judgment obtained in any civil action in this Commonwealth may present his petition to the Court or any law judge thereof out of which the process or execution issues praying for his discharge from arrest The petition shall set forth the nature of the proceedings out of which the process upon which the petitioner is held issued the amount of the judgment therein obtained a schedule of all the assets of the petitioner a list of the creditors of the petitioner with the amounts of their claims the addresses of the creditors and the nature of the debts owing to them a statement as to why the petitioner is unable to pay the judgment and shall be verified by the affidavit of the petitioner

Section 2 The court to which the petition is presented shall grant a rule to show cause why the petitioner shall not be discharged from arrest returnable at some convenient time and shall discharge the petitioner pending the hearing of the said rule upon his entering such security for his appearance surrender and compliance with the decree of the court as the court shall deem requisite

The third section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 3 Actual notice of the hearing of the rule shall be given to the plaintiff in the process or his counsel of record and to the creditors whose address are known to the petitioner and publication of the hearing of the said rule shall be made twice in a daily newspaper in the county and once in the legal periodical if any designated by the court and an affidavit of the service of the notices upon the creditors and of the publication shall be filed at or before the time fixed for the hearing of the rule

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. LIPSCHUTZ: Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer an amendment.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Section 3, line 3. Strike out the word "address" and insert "addresses."

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The fourth section of the bill was read and agreed to as follows:

Section 4 Upon the hearing of the rule the petitioner shall be required to answer all questions put to him and shall produce all books and papers required of him and if it shall appear to the court that the petitioner is without means or property with which to pay the judgment and that he has not secreted or assigned any of his property so as to avoid the payment of the judgment the court may discharge him from arrest and in said proceedings but such discharge shall not in any way effect the judgment entered against him

The fifth section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 5 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are and the same are hereby repealed

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. LIPSCHUTZ: Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer an amendment.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Section 5, line 2. Strike out the word "are" and insert the word "be."

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to

The title of the bill was read and agreed to as follows:

An act providing for the discharge of persons arrested or held on process issued on a judgment obtained in civil actions

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to, as amended,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

SENATE MESSAGE.

RESOLUTION FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced presented an extract from the Journal of the Senate, which was read as follows:

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION.

In the Senate, February 15th, 1915.

Whereas, The great industrial Commonwealth of Pennsylvania has suffered more than any other State in the Union because of the present tariff; and

Whereas, Under its operation our important steel plants, our textile mills and other industries have been operating only about one half capacity; and

Whereas, The army of unemployed in our cities and towns has brought continued distress through inability to obtain proper food, raiment and shelter; and

Whereas, We believe present conditions will become worse instead of better at the close of the war, it is therefore

Resolved (If the House of Representatives concur), That the General Assembly of Pennsylvania, now in session, do request the Congress of the United States to repeal the present tariff law and replace it by a law giving adequate protection to our labor and industries, and, under normal conditions, sufficient revenue to warrant the repeal of the present unjust and uncalled for special methods of taxation now in operation.

The SPEAKER. Under the rules the resolution will lie over for printing.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced presented an extract from the Journal of the Senate which was read as follows:

TIME OF NEXT MEETING.

In the Senate, February 15th, 1915.

Resolved (If the House of Representatives concur), That when the Senate adjourns this week, it shall be to meet on Monday evening, March 1st, at 9.30 o'clock, and when the House of Representatives adjourns this week, it shall be to meet on Monday evening, March 1st, at 9.30 o'clock.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the resolution?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the Clerk notify the Senate accordingly.

BILL INTRODUCED.

Mr. HABGOOD asked and obtained unanimous consent to introduce a bill at this time and have the same read for information.

The Clerk read the bill as follows:

An Act relating to publication of notice required by the Constitution and Laws of Pennsylvania in newspapers of said Commonwealth.

Mr. RONEY. Mr. Speaker do I understand this bill was now given first reading?

The SPEAKER. The gentleman does not so understand. It was simply read for information and in due time will be referred to Committee the same as any other bill.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. GIBSON asked and obtained unanimous consent to report a bill at this time.

Mr. GIBSON, from the Committee on Counties and Townships, reported as committed, House Bill No. 176, entitled:

An Act requiring county commissioners in certain counties to provide quarters in the county buildings for the official county association of physicians and surgeons.

ADDRESS BY EX-SPEAKER ALTER.

The SPEAKER: We are highly honored to-night by having with us the Speaker of the last House of Representatives, the Hon. George E. Alter, whom I have the pleasure of introducing to you.

Ex-SPEAKER ALTER. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, it is very kind of you and it seems like old times for me to be in this stand. I have had some pleasant hours at this desk and som eanxious moments. (Laughter.) Upon the whole, I enjoyed it greatly. I would like first-rate to have a second reading calendar of about ten pages. That was the best exercise I ever got.

I am pround to have had the honor of occupying this Chair and proud to have had the honor of occupying it in the Session of 1913. It may never be said that I was a real Speaker, but it can never be denied that I was the Speaker of a real House. (Applause.) It showed its good judgment on the day it organized (laughter) and it continued to maintain a fair average to the day of its adjournment.

I shall not occupy your time to any extent because I know that the members of the House do not like to be interrupted in the course of their business and have their attention taken away from the diligence that is given to their calendars. I have no advice to give other than this, perhaps, that from my experience I would advise the House to conserve its time as far as possible because three months from now this room will be one of the hottest places this side of the tropics; and further than this I shall not detain you except to wish the best of luck to each member of this House and particularly to my old friend who occupies this Chair.

Mr. RONEY. Mr. Speaker, I move you that the remarks of our Ex-Speaker, Hon. George E. Alter, be spread on the Journal of the House.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was unanimously agreed to.

SENATE MESSAGE.

SENATE BILLS FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced presented for concurrence bills numbered and entitled as follows:

Senate Bill No. 27:

An further supplement to an act entitled "An Act to establish a county court for the County of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof" approved the fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven constituting the said court the Juvenile Court of said county and prescribing its organization judisdiction and powers therein and otherwise

Senate Bill No. 28:

An Act to further amend section two of an act entitled "An Act to establish a county court for the county of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof" approved the fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven as amended by an act entitled "An Act to amend section two of an act entitled 'An Act to establish a county court for the county of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof approved the fifth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven and changing the election of the judges therein mentioned from the general election to the municipal election as now provided by law in accordance with the requirements of the Constitution of Pennsylvania" approved the sixth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven by increasing the salaries of the judges of said court

Senate Bill No. 29:

Amending sections eight and nine of an act entitled "An Act to establish a county court for the county of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof" approved the fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven as amended by changing the practice of the court with regard to trial by jury and by providing that appeals from the judgment of the court in all civil actions shall be taken by leave of the court of common pleas and prescribing the practice and the powers of the court of common pleas in such cases

Senate Bill No. 30:

Amending section seven of an act entitled "An Act to establish a county court for the county of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof" approved the fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven as amended by changing the practice in desertion and non-support cases

Senate Bill No. 36:

An Act authorizing the surrender and delivery of mortgages and writings obligatory secured thereby given to the Commonwealth and the satisfaction of the record thereof when full payment has been made

Senate Bill No. 46:

An Act authorizing the district attorneys of certain counties to appoint a secretary prescribing the duties fixing the salary and providing for payment of the same

Senate Bill No. 47:

An Act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act to fix the fees to be allowed the district attorney in the several counties of this Commonwealth having seven hundred fifty thousand inhabitants and less than one million two hundred thousand" approved May sixth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine

Senate Bill No. 48:

An Act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act to amend section one of an act entitled 'An Act providing for the appointment of assistant district attorneys in the sev-

eral counties of this Commonwealth having seven hundred and fifty thousand and less than one million two hundred thousand inhabitants prescribing the powers and duties and fixing the salaries of the said assistant district attorneys' approved the twenty-fifth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred seven so as to increase the salary of the first assistant district attorney and to provide for the classification of the other assistant district attorneys for whose appointment provision is made by said act as second third and fourth assistants and assistants and to increase the salary of some and to decrease the salary of others of said assistant district attorneys" approved May sixth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred nine so as to increase the salary of some of the assistant district attorneys and to provide for the appointment of two more assistant district attorneys and fixing the salaries of the same

Senate Bill No. 63:

An Act relating to moneys heretofore deposited in State Treasury prior to December thirty-first Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen by the State Highway Department as fees for registration of motor-vehicles and the licensing of operators and making an appropriation thereof

Senate Bill No. 93:

An Act making it unlawful for any insurance company or association issuing health or accident policies to cancel the same except upon written application and consent of the insured and providing penalties for violations of its provisions

The SPEAKER. Under the rule these bills will be referred to the proper committees.

SENATE MESSAGE.

HOUSE BILL CONCURRED IN BY SENATE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced returned bill from the House of Representatives, numbered and entitled as follows:

House Bill No. 11:

An Act authorizing the Secretary of Internal Affairs to appoint an assistant chief and a stenographer in the bureau of standards fixing their salary and increasing the salary of the chief of said bureau of standards

With the information that the Senate has passed the same without amendment.

ADJOURNMENT.

Mr. RICH. Mr. Speaker, I move that this House do now adjourn.

The motion was agreed to and at (11:10 o'clock P. M.) the House adjourned until tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock.

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA.

Legislative Journal.

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VOL. 3. HARRISBURG, PA., TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 16, 1915. No. 15.

SENATE.

TUESDAY, February 16, 1915.

The Senate met at 11 o'clock A. M.

The PRESIDENT (Lieutenant-Governor Frank B. McClain) in the Chair.

PRAYER.

The Chaplain, Rev. Thomas W. Davis, offered the following prayer:

Almighty God, our Heavenly Father, we thank Thee for this beautiful morning. We pray Thy blessing to be with His Excellency, the Governor, and with this entire body and Thy blessing upon those who have been prevented through illness or otherwise from being here. May it become the highest ambition and the greatest pleasure of our lives at all times to do unto others as we would have others do unto us. We ask in the name of our Saviour. Amen.

The PRESIDENT. A quorum of the Senate being present the Clerk will read the Journal of the preceding session.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of the preceding session, when, on motion of Mr. THOMPSON, the further reading was dispensed with, and the Journal was approved.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. McNICHOL, from the Committee on Elections, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 5, entitled:

An Act fixing a uniform time for the withdrawal of candidates at all elections.

Mr. SPROUL, from the Committee on Finance, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 116, entitled:

An Act to exempt from the payment of inheritance taxes bequests and devises to institutions of purely public charity.

Mr. CLARK, from the Commitee on Judiciary General, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 159 (House Bill No. 43), entitled:

An Act authorizing Peter C. Kuhn of Scranton, Lackawanna County, to sue the Commonwealth.

Mr. BUCKMAN, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as amended Senate Bill No. 88, entitled:

An Act relating to the competency of witnesses and to the rules of evidence in proceedings arising from the exercise of the right of eminent domain.

Mr. THOMPSON, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 242, entitled:

An Act to amend "a supplement to an act relative to the qualifications and powers of road jurors in the City of Philadelphia, approved May 6th, A. D. 1871."

Mr. TOMPKINS, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 141, entitled:

An Act to regulate the practice of optometry in Pennsylvania; defining optometry and relating to the right to practice optometry in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, and making certain exceptions; and providing a Bureau of Optometrical Education, Examination and Licensure as a Bureau of the Department of Public Instruction; and means and methods whereby the right to practice optometry may be obtained; and providing for the means to carry out the provisions of this act, and providing for revocation or suspension of licenses given by said Bureau; and providing penalties for violations thereof, and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent therewith.

Mr. HINDMAN, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 129, entitled:

An Act defining acid treated lubricating oil; designating the name by which it shall be known; regulating the sale and labeling of the same so as to prevent fraud and deception in its sale; providing penalty for violation of this act and the methods of procedure for its enforcement.

Mr. KURTZ, from the Committee on Public Roads and Highways, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 26, entitled:

An Act relating to roads in townships and prescribing the duties of commissioners and supervisors.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

Mr. CROW read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 249, entitled:

An Act to amend an act, entitled "An Act to amend an act, entitled 'An Act to amend an act, entitled "An act to amend an act, entitled 'An Act to amend an act, entitled "An act authorizing companies incorporated under the laws of any other state of the United States for the manufacture of any form of iron, steel or glass to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments, and to take, have and hold real estate necessary and proper for manufacturing purposes," approved the 9th day of June, A. D. 1881, extending the same to companies formed for the purpose of quarrying slate, granite, stone or rocks, or for dressing, polishing, working or manufacturing the same, or any of them, and to mineral springs companies incorporated for the purpose of bottling and selling natural mineral springs water, approved the 16th day of June, A. D. 1893,' approved the 19th day of April, A. D. 1901, extending the same to companies formed for the purposes of manufacturing and selling chemicals, food stuffs, cement, and cement products and the quarrying of cement rock," approved May 28th, 1907; extending the same to companies incorporated for the manufacture, buying, selling, leasing, using and operation of electrical apparatus and machinery and articles of every kind appertaining to or in any wise connected with the production, use, regulation, control, distribution or application of electricity or electrical energy or products for any use or purpose; constructing, acquiring, using, selling, buying or leasing any works, construction, or plant, or part thereof, connected with or involving such use, distribution, regulation, control or application of electricity, or the control or use of electrical apparatus for any purpose; and of producing, furnishing and supplying electricity or electrical apparatus in any form and for any purpose and to carry on a general manufacturing business," approved the 23d day of June, 1911; by extending the same to companies incorporated for the purpose of refining, manufacturing or sale of petroleum and petroleum products.

Which was committed to the Committee on Corporations.

Mr. BUCKMAN read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 250, entitled:

An Act to give additional protection to the fish in the waters within the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, prohibiting the fishing for or capture or killing of such fish by unnaturalized foreign born residents, and prescribing penalties for violation of its provisions.

Which was committed to the Committee on Game and Fisheries.

Mr. McCONNELL read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 251, entitled:

An Act providing for a special tax in townships of the second class for fire protection purposes.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 252, entitled:

An Act providing for a special tax for lighting public highways, public places and public buildings in townships of the second class, and authorizing the making of contracts for such lighting.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 253, entitled:

A Supplement to the act approved the 28th day of April, 1899, entitled "An Act to provide for the classification of the townships of the Commonwealth with respect to their population, into two classes, and to prescribe the form of government for townships of each class," by providing for a township solicitor to be appointed by the township commissioners.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. DAIX read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 254, entitled:

An Act relating to the issuing of checks, drafts and orders for the payment of money, and providing penalties.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. SCHANTZ read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 255, entitled:

An Act to repeal so much of an act passed the 22d day of April, 1794, entitled "An Act for the prevention of vice and immorality, and of unlawful gaming and to restrain disorderly sports and dissipation," as relates to the sale or delivery of the necessaries of life on the 1st day of the week, commonly called Sunday.

Which was committed to the Committee on Law and Order.

Mr. MOORE read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 256, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Boys' Industrial Home of Western Pennsylvania, located at Oakdale, Allegheny County.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. THOMPSON read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 257, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Sewickley Fresh Air Home in Beaver County, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. FARLEY read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 258, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Saint Christopher's Hospital for Children of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. HINDMAN read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 259, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Lock Haven Hospital of Lock Haven, Clinton County, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. SONES read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 260, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Bloomsburg Hospital (formerly Joseph Ratti Hospital), located at Bloomsburg, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 261, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Berwick Hospital, Berwick, Columbia County, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

HOUSE MESSAGES.

HOUSE BILLS FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk to the House of Representatives being introduced, presented for concurrence bills of the House of Representatives as follows:

House Bill No. 66 (Senate Bill No. 262), entitled:

An Act making a deficiency appropriation to the trustees of Temple University

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 76 (Senate Bill No. 263), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to refund to the Crawford County Trust Company a corporation of Meadville Crawford county Pennsylvania moneys erroneously paid into the State treasury

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

TIME OF NEXT MEETING.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has concurred in resolution from the Senate as follows:

In the Senate, February 15, 1915.

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That when the Senate adjourns this week it shall be to meet again on Monday evening, March first, at nine-thirty o'clock, and that when the House of Representatives adjourns this week it shall be to meet again on Monday evening, March first, at nine o'clock.

REPORT OF LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU ON CODIFICATION OF STATUTES.

The PRESIDENT. The Chair presents report of the Legislative Reference Bureau on the codification of statutes as provided for in the Act of May 20, 1913. The Senators will find a copy of this report in their post office boxes. (For report see appendix.)

CONSIDERATION OF BILLS ON SECOND AND FIRST READING.

Mr. GERBERICH. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now proceed to the consideration of bills on second and first reading in their order.

Mr. GRAFF. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. GERBERICH. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 56, on second reading, entitled:

An Act for the prevention of fraud and deception by prohibiting the use of added artificial coloring matter in such edible alimentary pastes as macaroni spaghetti vermicelli and noodles

be recommitted to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order.

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 92, as follows:

An Act requiring certain petitions and papers to be verified before being considered by the court

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That a judge of any court of record shall not in any matter case hearing or proceeding before him receive or consider any petition or paper in the nature of a petition alleging any matter of fact unless the petition or paper is duly verified as to such allegation

In hearings all allegations of fact must be verified by the affidavit of some one

Petitions or other paper addressed to a court of record alleging any matter of fact shall not be considered by the court unless verified.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order.

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 105, as follows:

An Act to avoid delay in the administration of justice by fixing a time within which decisions in certain questions and matters shall be rendered by judges and requiring certain certificates from judges before their salaries shall be paid

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That whenever any question or matter in law or in equity shall be submitted to or argued before any court or judge of record of this Commonwealth it shall be the duty of such court or judge to render a decision on such question of matter within nine months after such submission or argument unless the time be extended in writing signed by all parties in interest or by their respective counsel

Section 2 It shall be unlawful for the Auditor General to draw a warrant in payment of the salary of any law judge of this Commonwealth unless the said judge shall have certified to the Auditor General that this act has been fully complied with during the time covered by such warrant and that such judge has not at the time of giving such certificate any question or matter under consideration or advisement contrary to the requirements of this act.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered to be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order.

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 111, as follows:

An Act authorizing cities of the first and second classes to appropriate city funds for the maintenance of historical societies

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That it shall be lawful for the councils or council of cities of the first and second class within this Commonwealth to make an annual appropriation from the funds of such city or cities for the support and maintenance of the principal Historical Society located therein Provided That as a prerequisite to the receiving of an appropriation any such society shall be incorporated under the laws of the State of Pennsylvania shall own its own building and keep it open to the public shall have a membership of at least two hundred persons who pay annual dues of at least two dollars shall hold annually at least six regular meetings that shall be open to the public and shall at all time maintain facilities for the free storage deposit and inspection of official documents and records of such city or cities and other proper public or historical archives and records

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order.

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 112, as follows:

An Act to amend the first section of an act entitled "An Act to encourage county historical societies" approved the twenty-first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one so as to provide that the commissioners' board in counties where the population exceeds one million may appropriate a sum not exceeding one thousand dollars annually to the chief historical society in said county

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section one of an act to encourage county historical societies approved the twenty-first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one which reads as follows

"Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from and after the passage of this act the commissioners' board of the respective counties of this Commonwealth may in its discretion pay out of the county funds not otherwise appropriated and upon proper voucher being given a sum not exceeding two hundred dollars annually to the historical society of said county to assist in paying the running expenses thereof" be amended so as to read as follows

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from and after the passage of this act the commissioners' board of the respective counties of this Commonwealth may in its discretion pay out of the county funds not otherwise appropriated and upon proper voucher being given a sum not exceeding two hundred dollars annually to the historical society of said county to assist in paying the running expenses thereof provided however that in counties where the population exceeds one million the commissioners' board may in its discretion pay out of the county funds not otherwise appropriated and upon proper voucher being given a sum not exceeding one thousand dollars annually to the chief historical society in said county to assist in paying the running expenses thereof

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order.

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 114, as follows:

An Act providing for the printing binding and distribution of the Report of the Fiftieth Anniversary of the Battle of Gettysburg Commission entitled "Pennsylvania Gettysburg Reunion" providing for additions to said report and for the compiling editing proof reading and indexing thereof providing also for the preparation of filing of record in the State Library for their proper preservation therein of certain original manuscripts of the addresses delivered at said Reunion and of other original data souveniers and records relative thereto and making appropriation therefor

Whereas The Report of the Fiftieth Anniversary of the Battle of Gettysburg Commission dated December thirty-first one thousand nine hundred thirteen and transmitted this General Assembly pursuant to the act of May thirteenth one thousand nine hundred nine creating said commission has been issued by the Commonwealth in most appropriate book form but in a limited edition and

Whereas said publication because of its authentic and excellent recital of all the important events connected with this Reunion of the Blue and the Gray on Gettysburg's historic field has aroused not only in this Commonwealth particularly but also throughout the nation the intense interest of the veterans of the Civil War as well as many others likewise interested in the history of those memorable days and of this great successful and unparalled Reunion a half century thereafter and

Whereas Of the original appropriations for said Reunion made to the aforesaid commission by the General Assemblies of Pennsylvania of one thousand nine hundred and nine one thousand nine hundred and eleven and one thousand nine hundred and thirteen which totaled four hundred and fifty thousand dollars ($450,000) there now remains in the State treasury an undrawn balance of thirty-five thousand dollars therefore

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the Superintendent of Public Printing and Binding is hereby authorized and directed to cause to be printed and bound at the expense of the Commonwealth and at the earliest date practicable within this year twenty-five thousand (25,000) copies and no more of the Report of the Commission known as the Fiftieth Anniversary of the Battle of Gettysburg Commission Such report shall be entitled "Pennsylvania Gettysburg Reunion" and shall be in the same general form and style as that heretofore issued by the Commonwealth

Section 2 The publication shall be compiled and edited by Lieutenant Colonel Lewis E. Beitler secretary of said commission and shall, be by him fully revised to date with such added data and illustrations as in his judgment will further enhance the historic value of the publication He shall prepare all necessary copy therefor read and correct all proofs thereof and arrange a summary index of the entire volume He shall also prepare for their filing of record in the State Library for their proper preservation therein the original manuscripts of the addresses delivered the reports of the participation in the said reunion by the several Commonwealths States and Territories of the Union as made to the Legislatures thereof by their commissioners the editorials and news articles relating to and the photographs taken and the flags medals and the many other interesting souvenirs collected at the said reunion and which are now in his possession all of which shall be then turned over by him to the Commonwealth for such preservation in the State Library For all of which services and for his similar services in the past year in compiling and editing the original publication and for all such manuscripts reports editorials photographs souvenirs et cetera and for all his incidental and contingent expenses connected therewith he shall be paid at the rate of five thousand dollars

($5,000) per year for the said two years on the express condition and stipulation that he waive to the use of the Commonwealth for this particular edition of said publication all the rights titles and prerogatives now his under the United States copyright granted him thereon and that his entire work shall be completed within the present year

Section 3 The distribution of the aforesaid edition shall be as follows Five hundred copies for the use of the Governor one thousand five hundred copies for the use of said commission five thousand copies for the use of the Department of Public Instruction for distribution to the public schools normal schools and colleges throughout this Commonwealth six thousand copies for the use of the Senate and twelve thousand copies for the use of the House of Representatives to be delivered to the members and officers of the present Legislature the entire edition to be distributed through the Division of Distribution of Documents as is now provided by law

Section 4 To carry out the purposes of this act as set forth in section two the sum of ten thousand ($10,000) dollars is hereby specifically appropriated to be paid on warrant of the Auditor General when it is certified to him by the Superintendent of Public Printing and Binding and by the State Librarian respectively that the purposes services and duties set forth and conditioned in said section two have been respectively performed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 156 on second reading, entitled:

An Act to prevent deception in the sale of paint putty turpentine and linseed oil or any substitutes therefor and providing penalties for the violation thereof

be recommitted to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 161, as follows:

An Act relating to the acquisitions and holding of property real and personal by any literary scientific educational religious charitable benevolent or beneficial society church congregation association or body whether incorporated or unincorporated or any trustee or trustees of any trust for charitable or benevolent objects or purposes and providing for the increase of the amount of such property which may thus be acquired and held and a method of procedure for obtaining the right to such increase

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That any literary scientific educational religious charitable benevolent or beneficial society church congregation association or body whether incorporated or unincorporated or any trustee or trustees of any trust for charitable or benevolent objects or purposes having capacity to take and hold real and personal estate within this Commonwealth may acquire and hold the same to the extent in the aggregate of the clear yearly value of three hundred thousand dollars

Section 2 That any such literary scientific educational religious charitable benevolent or beneficial society church congregation association or body whether incorporated or unincorporated or any such trustee or trustees of any trust for charitable or benevolent objects or purposes desiring to acquire and hold real and personal estate within this Commonwealth in excess of the clear yearly value of three hundred thousand dollars may from time to time file its his or their petition in the Court of Common Pleas of the proper county as hereinafter provided praying that the amount of property thus to be held shall be increased and it shall be lawful for the court if satisfied that the prayer of the petition can be granted without injury to the public welfare to enter a decree or decrees extending and defining the amount of property real and personal which may thus be held and such society church congregation association body trustee or trustees may lawfully acquire and hold property to the extent allowed by such decree or decrees.

No such decree shall be entered until notice of the filing of the petition shall have been given by publication once a week for three weeks in at least one newspaper of the county in which such petition shall be presented and similar notice shall be given of any decree which the court may enter increasing the amount of property thus to be held A decree thus obtained to the extent of the limits therein set forth shall in all respects render valid and legal the acquisition and holding of any property which may have been acquired by or vested in such petitioner or petitioners prior to the entry of the decree The county in which the petition for such decree shall be presented shall be that in which such society church congregation association or body shall be located or the county in which the principal office or place of business of such society church congregation association or body shall be located and in case the petition is presented by a trustee or trustees of any trust for charitable or benevolent objects or purposes it shall be presented either in the county in which the trust is being principally administered or in the county in which the trustee or trustees if residents of Pennsylvania shall reside provided that if such trustees reside in different counties the petition may be presented in any county in which one or more of the trustees shall reside

Section 3 The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania acting by the Attorney-General or any such society church congregation association body trustee or trustees or any citizen of Pennsylvania residing in the county in which a decree may be entered granting or denying the prayers of any such petition shall have the right within six months after the entry of such decree to appeal therefrom to the Supreme Court of this Commonwealth and upon such appeal the Supreme Court may review reverse affirm or modify such decree

Section 4 If any property is now held in excess of the value authorized by this act nothing herein contained shall in any way invalidate such holdings or prejudice the same in title or otherwise

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 172, entitled:

An Act amending the act approved the ninth day of April one thousand eight hundred sixty-two entitled "An Act to authorize the erection of a poor house by the borough of Dunmore borough of Scranton and township of Providence in the county of Luzerne" as amended by an act approved the twenty-second day of April one thousand eight hundred seventy-nine entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to authorize the erection of a poor house by the borough of Dunmore borough of Scranton and township of Providence in the county of Luzerne' approved April ninth one thousand eight hundred sixty-two" by defining the Scranton poor district providing for the election of the poor board therein defining the powers and duties of such board and abolishing the present office of poor directors

The first section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the act approved the ninth day of April one thousand eight hundred sixty-two entitled "An act to authorize the erection of a poor house by the borough of Dunmore borough of Scranton and township of Providence in the county of Luzerne" as amended by an act approved the twenty-second day of April one thousand eight hundred seventy-nine entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An act to authorize the erection of a poor house by the borough of Dunmore borough of Scranton and township of Providence in the county of Luzerne' approved April ninth eighteen hundred and sixty-two" which as amended reads as follows

"Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That Edward Spencer of the borough of Dunmore Joseph Slocum and David K. Kresler of the borough of Scranton and Henry Griffin of the township of Providence in Luzerne county be and they are hereby appointed commissioners whose duty it shall be or a majority of them as soon after the passing of this act as practicable to determine upon and with the assent of the court of quarter sessions of said county purchase such real estate as may be necessary and proper for the accommodation of the poor of the borough of Dunmore and the borough of Scranton and the township of Providence aforesaid and it shall be lawful for said commissioners to take and receive proper conveyances therefor in the name and for the use of the corporation mentioned in the second section of this act and upon receipt of such conveyance to execute in the name of said corporation and deliver to the vender or vendors bonds or mortgages upon said real estate to secure the payment of so much of the purchase money thereof as shall then remain unpaid and also to erect thereon suitable building for the accommodation and keeping of the poor of said boroughs and township and they are also authorized and empowered to borrow such sum or sums of money as may in their opinion be advisable and necessary not exceeding ten thousand dollars at a rate of interest not exceeding seven per centum to be used in the payment of the expense of purchasing said real estate and erecting said buildings and to secure the payment of the same by bonds and mortgages on said real estate

"Section 2 That the said Edward Spencer Joseph Slocum David K. Kresler and Henry Griffin are hereby constituted directors of the poor in the boroughs and townships aforesaid until successors are elected or appointed and qualified as hereinafter provided and they and their successors in office are hereby created a body politic and corporate in

law to all intents and purposes whatever relative to the poor of said boroughs and township and shall have perpetual succession by the name style and title of the Scranton poor district and by that name may be sued plead and be impleaded receive take and hold any lands tenements and hereditaments not exceeding the yearly value of three thousand dollars to erect and keep in proper condition suitable buildings for the reception use accommodation and employment of the poor of said boroughs and township and to provide all things necessary for the lodging maintenance and employment of the poor of said boroughs and townships

"Section 3 That the said Edward Spencer Joseph Slocum David K Kresler and Henry Griffin shall continue in office as directors until the annual March election in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five at which time the qualified electors of the township of Providence shall elect one person to serve as director of the poor of said boroughs and township for the term or period of three years the said Edward Spencer the said Joseph Slocum and David K. Kresler holding over until the usual spring election for borough officers in the borough of Scranton in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six at which time the qualified electors of each of the wards of the said borough of Scranton shall elect one person to serve as director of the poor of said boroughs and township for the term or period of three years and for the purpose of ascertaining the result of said election it shall be the duty of the judges of election in the several wards of said borough to meet at the office of the Wyoming House in said borough on the day next succeeding the day of said election and to count up the votes polled in the several wards for the respective candidates for the office of director of the poor aforesaid and such candidates as shall have received the highest number of legal votes in his ward shall be declared elected and the said judges shall thereupon certify his election accordingly as well to him as to the board of directors of the poor of said boroughs and township and in case of a tie vote between the candidates for the said office in either of the said wards the burgess shall put the names of the candidates thus having received an equal number of votes for the said office respectively into a suitable box or drawer and after having fairly shaken them together shall draw therefrom the paper containing the name of one of the said candidates and such person whose name has been thus drawn shall be declared elected to the office aforesaid and the said judge in whose presence the said drawing shall always take place shall certify together with the burgess the election of said director as well to himself as to the board of directors of the poor of said boroughs and townships the said Edward Spencer holding over until the usual spring election for borough officers in the borough of Dunmore in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven at which time the qualified electors of the borough of Dunmore shall elect one person to serve as director of the poor for said boroughs and township for the term or period of three years and in case of a tie vote between any candidates for the said office the same proceedings shall be had as provided herein relative to such an occurrence in the borough of Scranton and in case of a vacancy occurring in the board of directors of the poor of said boroughs and township by death resignation or otherwise it shall be the duty of the judges of the court of quarter sessions of the county of Luzerne to appoint a suitable person to fill such vacancy for the unexpired term of the director causing the same and at the usual annual March election every three years after the election in March in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five the qualified electors of the township of Providence shall elect one person to serve as director of the poor of said boroughs and townships for the term or period of three years next ensuing and the same shall be the case with the borough of Scranton and the borough of Dunmore every three years after the usual spring elections for borough officers in said boroughs in the years one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six and one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven respectively Provided That the person appointed to fill any vacancy shall reside in the borough or township for which said vacancy shall be filled And provided further That the judges of the court of quarter sessions of Luzerne county shall have power to remove any director for gross neglect of duty or other misconduct upon the petition of twenty or more of the electors of the said boroughs or townships respectively on hearing of the complaint after reasonable notice to the director complained of

"Section 4 That the said directors shall before entering upon the duties of their office respectively be duly sworn or affirmed to faithfully discharge the duties of said office and the persons herein appointed directors shall as soon as they shall think proper after the passing of this act appoint a treasurer steward or superintendent collector of poor taxes and such other assistants as they shall deem necessary who shall serve until successors are appointed and in the month of January in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three and in the month of January in each year thereafter the said directors shall appoint a treasurer collector steward or superintendent physician and such other assistants as they may deem necessary to serve for one year and until successors are appointed and qualified the said treasurer and collectors to give bonds with sufficient security to be approved by the president judge of the court of common pleas of said county and filed in the office of the prothonotary of said county conditioned for the faithful performance of their respective duties in such sum as the directors shall require any of said officers or assistants may be removed by said directors for neglect of duty or for improper conduct in office and the vacancies as well as all vacancies which shall otherwise occur shall be filled by them

"Section 5 That the said directors a majority of whom shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business shall have power annually as soon after the returns of the annual assessments in said county as is practicable to lay a rate of assessments upon all real and personal estate trades and occupations and all other matters and things made taxable under existing laws for state and county purposes in the boroughs and townships aforesaid for defraying the expenses of purchasing the real estate as referred to in the first section of this act erecting said buildings and of stocking and fitting up the property of the corporation for the proper comfort and employment of the poor of said boroughs and township which shall be the same rate per centum in said boroughs and township and shall be levied upon the basis of the last adjusted valuation made for regulating county rates and levies and having caused fair duplicates of such rate or assessment by them laid to be made which shall be signed by them shall issue their warrant to the collector of such tax therein authorizing and requiring him to demand receive and collect from every person therein named the sum wherewith such person stands charged in the manner and by the same process as poor taxes are now by law collectable and the said directors shall from the time of providing by them of suitable buildings for the accommodating of said poor exercise and perform all the powers and duties which overseers of the poor may and are now required by law to exercise and perform within said boroughs and townships except so far as such acts duties and powers as are herein expressly prescribed or limited

"Section 6 That the said directors shall keep or cause to be kept a book or books in which shall be entered the name or names the age and sex and place of nativity of all and every poor person coming from either of the boroughs or township aforesaid to whom they shall give relief in the poor house aforesaid and they shall keep or cause to be kept a just and true account of the cost and expense of maintaining the poor admitted into the said poor house or relieved by the said directors from each of the said boroughs and the said township respectively and the said directors or a majority of them shall have power annually as soon after the returns of the annual assessments in said county as is practicable to lay a rate or assessments upon the real and personal estate trades and occupations and all other matters and things made taxable under existing laws for state and county purposes within the boroughs respectively aforesaid and within the township aforesaid for defraying the expenses of maintaining the poor coming from the boroughs respectively as aforesaid and from the township aforesaid which rate shall be levied upon the basis of the last adjusted valuation made for regulating county rates and levies and shall not together with the rate for which provision has been made in the preceeding section of this act exceed one cent on the dollar at one time and having caused fair duplicates of such rate or assessment by them laid on the property aforesaid in each of the said boroughs and townships to be made which shall be signed by them shall issue their warrant to the collector or of such tax therein authorizing and requiring him to demand receive and collect from every person therein named the sum wherewith such person stands charged in the manner and by the same process as poor taxes are by existing laws collectable the true intent and meaning of this section being that the borough of Dunmore and the borough of Scranton and the township of Providence shall each pay the expenses of maintaining the poor at the poor house aforesaid who are received and maintained there from each of the said districts respectively and a rate or assessment shall be levied as herein provided for that purpose upon each of the said districts in the proportion accordingly

"Section 7 That the said directors shall have the exclusive power to grant exonerations for taxes levied in pursuance of this act

"Section 8 That the said directors shall keep or cause to be kept a book or books showing the amount of the taxes levied in each of said boroughs and in the said township the amount exonerated and collected in each and the amount expended in maintaining the poor from each of the said boroughs and the said township which book or books shall at all times be open to the inspection of any of the electors in the said boroughs and township

"Section 9 That the said directors shall as soon as they shall have provided suitable buildings for the accommodation of the poor of said boroughs and townships file in the office of the clerk of the court of quarter sessions of Luzerne county a certificate setting forth that such buildings are ready for the reception and accommodation of said poor which certificate shall also contain a statement of the real estate purchased with a brief description of the building thereon the cost of procuring and fitting up the same together with the cost of stocking and fitting up the property of the corporation and they shall also thereupon give notice to the overseers of the poor of said boroughs and township of their readiness to receive and accommodate the poor thereof which said overseers are required forthwith to furnish said directors with a list of the names of the persons then a charge upon said boroughs and townships respectively or receiving relief therefrom with the place of residence of each and the said directors shall thereupon cause such poor persons or such of them as they shall think it expedient to be removed to said house so provided and thereafter to be kept lodged and maintained therein so long as such persons shall continue a charge upon said borough or township and no person who shall refuse to go

to said poor house or to be maintained therein shall be entitled to relief or support from said directors or from said boroughs or township during the time of such refusal Provided however That said directors may if they think proper furnish assistance and afford relief to any poor persons without requiring them to be removed to and kept at said poor house

"Section 10 That the said directors are hereby authorized to provide work and employment for such poor persons as may be able to perform any labor or pursue any employment and if any poor person unless by reason of age infancy disease infirmity or other disability shall refuse to perform such reasonable labor or service as shall be allotted to or required of him or her by said directors such person or persons shall not be entitled to or receive any relief or assistance during such refusal and shall immediately upon such refusal be discharged from said poor house

"Section 11 That the overseers of the poor and other persons having charge of the poor of the boroughs and township aforesaid shall assume as notified by the directors in the manner provided for in a preceding section of this act cease to act as averseers of the poor in said boroughs and township except so far as may be required to settle adjust and closes their accounts as overseers with said boroughs and township or with persons with whom they have transacted business and they shall upon demand deliver to the said directors transcripts of all poor taxes remaining unpaid on duplicates in their hands together with all books orders papers and documents pertaining to their office as overseers and shall also pay to the said directors or to the treasurer appointed by them all the moneys unexpended in their hands belonging to the said boroughs or township and the said directors shall forwith issue their warrant to the collector for the collection of all such unpaid poor taxes which shall be collected in the same manner as is provided for the collection of taxes assessed by said directors

"Section 12 That if upon a final settlement by said overseers of the boroughs and township aforesaid of their account as overseers any balance shall be found due them or either of them the said balance shall be certified by the auditors making such settlement and thereupon the said directors are required to issue their order upon the treasurer in favor of such overseer or overseers for the amount or or amounts so certified to be due

"Section 13 That the said directors are hereby required yearly on the first Monday of January in each year to make and prepare a statement or to cause the same to be done showing the income of said real estate for the preceding year as nearly as the same can be done also the excess of the expenditures over and above the said income during the said preceding year the amount and kind of personal property then on hand including grain stock and all farming implements and conveniences the number of persons admitted from each of the boroughs and township aforesaid and also the number discharged and belonging to the said boroughs and township respectively and the number belonging to each then therein the length of time each of the said persons remained and the age sex and nativity of each a just and correct account of the receipts and disbursements for each of the said boroughs and township during the preceding year which statement the said directors shall annually in the month of January in each year publish in any weekly newspaper published in either of the said boroughs in three successive issues of the same together with a statement of the aggregate amount of the receipts disbursements and expenditures of said corporation during the preceding year from any source whatever or for any cause or purpose whatsoever.

"Section 14 The judges of the court of common pleas of the county of Lackawanna are hereby authorized and empowered to appoint on the first Monday of January three competent persons residents and taxpayers of the Scranton poor district to constitute a board of auditors one to serve for one year one for two years and one for three years to settle the accounts of said district and on the first meeting of said auditors they shall determine by lot which shall serve for one year which for two years and which for three years and the judges of Lackawanna county shall appoint one auditor annually thereafter for a term of three years and the said board of auditors shall meet to settle the accounts of the directors on the second Monday of January in each year and shall receive for their services each two dollars per day for each day necessarily employed to be paid out of the funds belonging to said district and that said report of said auditors shall be sworn to by them before any alderman justice of the peace or notary public within said poor district Provided That one of the said auditors shall at all times be a resident and taxpayer of the old borough of Providence and one of the borough of Dunmore

"Section 15 That all orders issued for the relief of any poor person or persons within said boroughs or township after the filing of the certificates mentioned in a preceding section of this act shall be directed to the directors of the poor of Providence and upon the receipt of such orders said directors or any of them shall immediately proceed to inquire into the circumstances and if the person or persons therein named are found to be entitled to relief he or they shall furnish such relief or cause such person or persons to be removed or taken to said poor house and there kept and maintained until legally discharged but no person shall be discharged from said poor house unless at his or her own request except by the direction of at least two of the said directors though any one of the said directors shall have authority to direct a poor person to be admitted into the said poor house

"Section 16 That the said directors are hereby authorized to bind out poor children under their care whose parents are dead or unable to support them as apprentices in the same manner and under the same restrictions as the overseers of the poor may now by law put out such children and the said directors shall exercise the same power and authority over all real and personal estate of any poor person under their care as is now by law vested in the overseers of the poor

"Section 17 That the compensation of the treasurer collector steward or superintendent matron physician and other officers or assistants shall be fixed by the directors and the compensation of the directors shall be fixed by the board of auditors at each yearly settlement for the next succeeding year provided that the compensation of said directors from the passage of this act until the first settlement shall be fixed by the board of auditors at the first yearly settlement the said directors to furnish the said auditors a correct account of the time and expense lost and incurred by them in attending to their duties from which account the said compensation shall be fixed and adjusted

"Section 18 That the said directors or treasurer or any one or more of the taxpayers of said borough or township may within thirty days from the yearly settlement by the auditors as aforesaid appeal from such settlement to the court of common pleas of Luzerne County in the same manner and under the same provisions and regulations that appeals from settlements by township auditors are now allowed

"Section 19 That no moneys shall be paid by the treasurer except upon orders drawn by the directors and signed by at least a majority of said directors

"Section 20 That the borough of Providence and the borough of Hydepark in the County of Luzerne or either of them may at any time elect to become a part of this corporation and be entitled to all the benefits and priivleges resulting therefrom and be subject to all the provisions in this act contained and for the purpose of enabling said boroughs or either of them to join said corporation it shall be lawful for the burgess and town council of said boroughs or either of them upon petition of twenty or more of the citizens thereof asking to become a part of said corporation to pass an ordinance declaring that said borough shall become a part of said corporation whereupon the burgess shall forthwith cause a copy of said ordinance to be lodged with the directors named in this act or their successors and the burgess and town council shall forthwith appoint some suitable and competent person resident therein to be director for said borough who shall hold his office for one year or until his successor shall be duly elected and qualified and at the usual spring election next succeeding said appointment the qualified electors of said borough shall elect one suitable and competent person to serve as director for the term or period of three years and the same shall be done every three years thereafter Provided That said borough or boroughs respectively shall on becoming a part of this corporation pay a full proportion of the expenses incurred in the purchase of the real estate erecting the buildings and fitting up and stocking the property and to this end a rate or assessment shall be levied upon the said boroughs or either of them in the same manner and with like force and affect as assessments are levied by virtue of the provisions hereinbefore contained in this act

"Section 21 That the expense of the corporation so far as paying the officers and assistants costs of auditing accounts and all other matters except as hereinbefore provided shall be borne by the several boroughs and the township included herein in common and shall be paid out of the funds of the corporation to be raised in the manner hereinbefore provided and in case of any tie vote between candidates for the office of director in either the borough of Providence or Hydepark at any election for director hereafter the same shall be decided in the manner as hereinbefore provided for like occurrences in the boroughs of Dunmore and Scranton

"Section 22 That all acts of Assembly or parts of acts hereby supplied or inconsistent with this act are hereby repealed" is amended so as to read as follows

Section 1 The Scranton poor district which is hereby established shall consist of all the territory now or hereafter constituting the City of Scranton and the borough of Dunmore

This district shall be divided into seven sub-districts which shall be numbered and constituted as follows

The first sub-district shall consist of the first second and third wards of the city

The second sub-district shall consist of the seventh eighth thirteenth and sixteenth wards of the city

The third sub-district shall consist of the ninth tenth twelfth and seventeenth wards of the city

The fourth sub-district shall consist of the eleventh nineteenth and twentieth wards of the city

The fifth sub-district shall consist of the sixth fifteenth eighteenth and twenty-second wards of the city

The sixth sub-district shall consist of the fourth fifth fourteenth and twenty-first wards of the city

The seventh sub-district shall consist of the borough of Dunmore

Section 2 The poor board of said Scranton poor district hereafter designated in this act as the board shall consist of seven qualified electors one from each of said sub-districts who shall be elected as follows

At the municipal election to be held in November one thousand nine hundred and fifteen there shall be elected from each of the seven sub-districts by the qualified electors thereof one qualified elector of each sub-district to represent such sub-district on the board The persons elected as directors in the first third fifth and seventh districts shall serve for the term of two years and until their successors are duly qualified

The persons elected directors in the second fourth and sixth districts shall serve for the term of four years and until their successors are duly qualified

At every succeeding municipal election an election shall be held in the proper sub-districts to fill the vacancies in the office of director for the proper district Those so elected shall serve for the term of four years

Section 3 Any vacancy occurring in the board shall be filled for the unexpired term by a majority vote of the remaining members of the board by the selection of a duly qualified elector from the proper sub-district

Section 4 Each of the members of the board shall receive an annual compensation of twelve hundred dollars ($1,200) payable quarterly

Section 5 The term of office of each director shall begin on the first Monday of January next succeeding his election

Section 6 Each member of the board before assuming the duties of his office shall take and subscribe the oath or affirmation prescribed in article seven of the Constitution of this Commonwealth The oath or affirmation so subscribed shall be filed with the clerk of court of Lackawanna county

Section 7 For each meeting regular or special from which any director shall be absent he shall forfeit the sum of ten dollars ($10) unless he can produce to the board a certificate under the oath of his regular physician to the effect that such director was physically unable to attend such meeting The said sum shall be deducted from the compensation of the director for that quarter

Section 8 Within ten days after the first Monday of January in every year the board shall organize by electing a president who shall be a member of the board a treasurer secretary collector of taxes and attorney Immediately after the first organization of the board it shall elect a superintendent of the Hillside Home a resident physician and such other employes as it may deem necessary in administering the affairs of the said district These officers and employes shall serve for such terms and at such compensation as may be fixed by the board The board shall hold stated meetings at least every month and shall hold special meetings when called by the president The president shall call a special meeting when requested so to do by two members of the board Four members of the board shall constitute a quorum

Section 9 The board shall cause books to be kept showing the amount of taxes levied for poor purposes in the district the amount collected and exonerated and the amount expended in poor relief and in administering the affairs of said district The board shall keep full records of all meetings and actions All records of the board shall be in the custody of the secretary and shall at all times be open for inspection by any taxpayer of said district

Section 10 No debt shall be contracted or sanctioned except by a majority of the entire membership of the board Orders for temporary relief may be acted on and relief thereon furnished upon the direction of any member of the board Every such order for relief shall be reported by such director at the next meeting of the board and approved hereby

Section 11 No money shall be paid out by the treasurer except on warrant of the board signed by the president and secretary Each warrant shall state on its face specifically for what it is given Each warrant when filled out shall be detached from its proper stub in the warrant book Each stub which shall bear the same number as the corresponding warrant shall show the date and amount of such warrant and in itemized detail for what the same shall have been given

Section 12 The board shall lay annually a rate of assessment upon all property real and personal and on all trades and occupations for the proper relief and employment of the poor in said district This rate shall be levied upon the county valuation last preceding such assessment The board shall cause duplicates of such rate to be made and shall issue its warrant to the proper collector of poor tax requiring him to collect from every person firm or corporation named in such duplicate the sum wherewith such person firm or corporation stands charged in the manner and by the same process as poor taxes are now by law collectible The board shall exercise all the powers and perform all the duties which overseers of the poor may or are now by law required to exercise and perform within said district except as herein expressly prescribed or limited

Section 13 The board shall have exclusive power to grant exonerations for taxes levied in pursuance of this act

Section 14 The board may extend relief to every poor person who shall have a legal settlement in the district Such relief may be extended by requiring such person to be removed to the house or home provided for the poor or by furnishing relief or assistance to any poor person without requiring him or her to be so removed No person shall be entitled to relief if such person shall refuse to go to such home when so ordered by the board

Section 15 All orders issued for the relief of any poor person in the district shall be directed to the board Upon receipt of any such order the board or any member thereof shall immediately inquire into the circumstances and if the person or persons named therein shall be entitled to relief every such person shall receive relief or shall be removed to the home and there properly kept and maintained until legally discharged

Section 16 The board may provide work or employment for poor persons who are able to perform any labor or pursue any employment If any poor person unless incapacitated by infancy age disease or other disability shall refuse to perform such reasonable labor or service as shall be allotted to or required of such person he or she shall not be entitled to receive any relief during such refusal and shall on the continuance of such refusal be discharged from said house or home

Section 17 The board may bind out as apprentice any poor child under its care whose parents are dead or unable to support it Such binding out shall be done in the same manner and under the same restrictions as are or may be prescribed by law

Section 18 The board shall exercise the same power and authority over all real and personal estate of any poor person removed to such home as is or may hereafter be by law vested in overseers of the poor

Section 19 Except by a majority vote of the board no person shall be discharged from the home unless on the request of such persons or on the refusal of such persons to perform such labor or service allotted to or required of such person

Section 20 The board shall cause to be prepared immediately after the first of January in each year a statement showing

(1) An itemized list of receipts during the preceding year
(2) An itemized list of expenditures during the preceding year
(3) An itemized list of all exonorations granted during the preceding year
(4) The income from all real estate during the preceding year
(5) The amount and kind of personal property belonging to the district then on hand
(6) The number of persons to whom outdoor relief has been given during the year giving the age sex and birth place of such persons
(7) The number of person admitted to the home during the year the number discharged the number of persons who have died in the home and the number in the home at the end of the year This statement shall include the age sex birth place and the sub-district from which each person shall have come

This statement shall thereupon be published once a week for three successive weeks in a weekly newspaper of said district having the greatest circulation in such district

Section 21 The court of common pleas of Lackawanna county shall on the first Monday of January one thousand nine hundred and sixteen appoint three competent electors of the district to constitute a board of auditors One of said auditors shall be an elector of the borough of Dunmore The court shall designate one of such auditors to serve for one year one for two years and one for three years Annually thereafter said court shall appoint one competent elector of the district to serve as auditor for three years The board of auditors shall meet on the second Monday of January in each year or oftener if thereto required and examine and audit all the accounts of the said poor board and make a report thereof Such report shall be sworn to and subscribed by the auditors before any alderman justice of the peace or notary public of the district Each auditor shall receive the sum of five dollars ($5.00) for each day necessarily employed by him in the performance of his duties This compensation shall be paid out of the funds of the district If any auditor shall fail or refuse to perform any of the duties herein prescribed his office shall by the other auditors be declared vacant Any vacancy occurring in the office of auditor shall be filled by the court on the petition of the remaining auditors Each auditor before assuming the duties of his office shall take the oath or affirmation prescribed by the Constitution of this Commonwealth

Section 22 The board or the treasurer thereof or any tax-payer of the district may within thirty days after the annual settlement of the auditors appeal from such settlement to the said court in the same manner and under the same regulations as appeals from settlements of township auditors are now allowed

Section 23 The present offices of directors of the poor of Scranton poor district are hereby abolished on the first Monday of January one thousand nine hundred and sixteen at which time they shall turn over to such appointed board all real and personal property of the present Scranton poor district

Section 24 All acts or parts of act inconsistent with any of the provisions of this act are repealed

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. LYNCH. Mr. President, I move to amend section 1, in line 32 by inserting after the word "the" the word "upon"; also in line 34 by striking out the word "mortgages" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "mortgage"; also in line 41 by striking out the word "exeeceding" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "exceeding"; also in line 81 by striking out the word "candidates" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "candidate"; also in line 96 by striking out the word "townships" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "township"; also in line 98 by striking out the word "dnumore" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "Dunmore"; also in line 126 by striking out the word "townships" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "township"; also in line 145 by striking out the word "county" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "court"; also in line 158 by striking out the word "townships" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "township"; also in line 189 by striking out the word "assessments" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "assessment"; also in line 204 by striking out the word "or"; also in line 228 by striking out the word "townships" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "township"; also in line 233 by striking out the word "building" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "buildings"; also in line 234 by striking out the word "fliting" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "fitting"; also in line 240 by striking out the word "townships" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "township"; also in line 268, by striking out the word "closes" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "close"; also in line 282 by striking out the word "beroughs" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "boroughs"; also in line 293 by striking out the first word "the;" also in line 322 by striking out the word "services" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "service"; also in line 325 by striking out the word "said" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "such"; also in line 348 by striking out the word "nnder" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "under"; also in line 360 by striking out the word "borough" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "boroughs"; also in line 390 by inserting after the word "be" the word "a"; also in line 400 by striking out the syllable "in" and inserting in lieu thereof the syllable "ing"; also in line 404 by striking out the word "expense" and inserting in lieu thereof the word

"expenses"; also in line 414 by inserting after the word "the" the words "in the"; also in line 419 by striking out the word "teritory" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "territory"; also in line 460 by striking out the word "annuel" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "annual"; also in line 478, by inserting after the word "attorney" the words "who shall be elected for a term of one year and who shall respectively receive such compensation as shall b. fixed by the board"; also in line 578 by striking out the words "a weekly newspaper" and inserting in lieu thereof "two daily newspapers"; also in line 579 by striking ou the words "the greatest" and inserting in lieu thereof "a general"; also in line 597 by striking out the letters "by" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "by"; also in line 611 by striking out the word "appointed" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "elected."

Mr. KURTZ. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The title of the bill was read as follows and agreed to:

An Act amending the act approved the ninth day of April one thousand eight hundred sixty-two entitled "An Act to authorize the erection of a poor house by the borough of Dunmore borough of Scranton and township of Providence in the county of Luzerne" as amended by an act approved the twenty-second day of April one thousand eight hundred seventy-nine entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to authorize the erection of a poor house by the borough of Dunmore borough of Scranton and township of Providence in the county of Luzerne,' approved April ninth one thousand eight hundred sixty-two" by defining the Scranton poor district providing for the election of the poor board therein defining the powers and duties of such board and abolishing the present office of poor directors

And said bill having been read at length the second tim and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No 179, entitled:

An Act empowering municipal corporations to construct and maintain street railway tracks and equipment for the operation of street cars and to lease said tracks and equipment upon payment of a reasonable rental to persons or corporations desiring to use the same for the operation of street cars

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 180, entitled:

An Act to amend the 1st, 2d and 3d sections of an act approved the 18th day of April, 1913, entitled "An Act authorizing any county and city, in any county in which the county seat is within the limits of such city to erect a joint county and municipal building, providing for the conditions under which such building may be erected, and for the ownership thereof; providing for the selection of a site for said building, and authorizing said county and city to make a sale or exchange of properties under certain conditions for the purpose of securing such site; authorizing the acquisition of additional property for such building by purchase or condemnation; and authorizing the county to issue bonds in payment of any indebtedness incurred for its share of the cost of such building and land," by conferring upon such county and city additional powers relating to the design, construction, use, administration, operation and maintenance of such joint county and municipal building and also if deemed advisable for an independent power plant in connection therewith.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 181, entitled:

An Act authorizing and empowering municipalities to construct and for this purpose to procure locations therefor by purchase or condemnation proceedings in fee simple as herein provided or to acquire by lease, purchase, condemnation or otherwise and to maintain and operate underground street passenger railways or subways whether the same be wholly within or partly within and partly without the limits of the municipality and also street passenger railways or elevated railways connecting therewith or exchanging passengers with said underground street railway and to lease the underground street railway and any surface or elevated street railway connecting therewith to corporations or individuals with the right in the municipalities to charge an additional sum for each passenger using the subway to meet the interest and sinking fund charges on the cost of the subway and conferring upon said municipalities all the rights and powers conferred upon corporations under the Act of June 7th, 1901, entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and government of passenger railways either elevated or underground or partly elevated and partly underground with surface rights" Pamphlet Laws 523 and supplements and amendments thereto.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

BILL SIGNED.

The PRESIDENT (Lieutenant-Governor Frank B. McClain) announced that the Chief Clerk having reported that the following bills had passed both houses of the General Assembly and the same being correct, the titles were publicly read as follows:

House Bill No. 11, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Secretary of Internal Affairs to appoint an Assistant Chief and a Stenographer in the Bureau of Standards fixing their salaries and increasing the salary of the chief of said Bureau of Standards

Whereupon,

The PRESIDENT (Lieutenant-Governor Frank B. McClain) in the presence of the Senate signed the same.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 22, as follows:

An Act to provide for the appointment of a coroners physician in counties having a population of more than one hundred and fifty thousand and less than eight hundred thousand and defining his qualifications duties and salary

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That in counties having a population of more than one hundred and fifty thousand and less than eight hundred thousand the coroner may appoint as coroners physician a person duly registered and qualified to practice medicine in this State

Section 2 The coroners physician shall hold all autopsies conduct post-mortem examinations and give to the district attorney such information derived therefrom as the district attorney may require in cases of homicide suicide and accidental deaths He shall file with the clerk of the court of quarter sessions a brief record of all cases investigated by him where it appears that a crime has been committed

Section 3 In the absence of the duly appointed coroners physician or in any case where he is unable to perform his duties the coroner may name a registered and qualified physician to act during such absence or said disability compensation for such service to be paid out of and deducted from the salary hereinafter provided

Section 4 The salary of the coroners physician shall be eighteen hundred ($1,800.00) dollars per year payable monthly

And said bill having been read at length the third time,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. TOMPKINS. Mr. President, I move that the question together with the further consideration of the bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. FARLEY. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 43, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-seventh day of June one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation regulation and government of cities of the third class regulating nomination and election of municipal officers therein and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto"

And said bill having been read at length the third time,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. TOMPKINS. Mr. President, I move that the question together with the further consideration of the bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. FARLEY. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 79, as follows:

An Act prohibiting any member or employe of any bureau or department having charge of police and fire protection of any cities of the first class from taking any active part in politics political movements or elections from canvassing election precincts or from interfering with elections or from using his office to influence politics political movements or elections and providing penalties for violation thereof

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That no member or employe of any bureau or department having charge of police and fire protection of any cities of the first class shall be a member of or delegate or alternate to any political convention nor shall he be present at any such convention except on the performance of his official duty No such member or employe of said bureau or department shall serve as a member of or attend the meetings of any committee of any political party or take any active part in political management or in political campaigns or canvassing political precincts or use his office to influence political movements or influence the political action of any other such officer clerk or employe nor shall he in any way or manner interfere with the conduct of any election or the preparation therefor at the polling place or with the election officers while counting the vote or returning the ballot boxes books and papers to the place provided by law for that purpose save only for the purpose of marking and depositing his ballot as speedily as it reasonably can be done or be within any polling place or within fifty feet thereof except for purposes of ordinary travel or residence during the period of time beginning within one hour preceding the opening of the polls for holding such election and ending with the time when the election officers shall have finished counting the votes and have left the polling place for the purpose of depositing the ballot boxes and papers in the place provided by law for that purpose excepting only police officers of the particular cities who may temporarily approach or enter the polling place in order to make any arrest permitted by law or for the purpose of preserving order and in each case only long enough to accomplish the duties aforesaid after which the said officers shall at once withdraw

Section 2 Any such member or employe of any bureau or department having charge of police and fire protection who shall violate any of the provisions of this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than one hundred dollars nor more than one thousand dollars and to undergo an imprisonment in the jail of the proper county of not less than three months nor more than twelve months In addition to the fine and imprisonment such member or employe shall forfeit his office or position and shall during a period of five years thereafter be disqualified from holding any position of honor or trust or profiit within the limits of this Commonwealth

Section 3 All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act are repealed

And said bill having been read at length the third time and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—45.

Beidleman,	Gyger,	Martin,	Smith, W. W.,
Buckman,	Hackett,	McConnell,	Snyder, C. A.,
Burke,	Hilton,	McNichol,	Snyder, P. W.
Catlin,	Hindman,	Mills,	Sones,
Clark,	Hoke,	Moore,	Sproul,
Croft,	Homsher,	Patton,	Stewart,
Daix,	Jenkins,	Phipps,	Thompson,
DeWitt,	Kline,	Schantz,	Tompkins,
Endsley,	Kurtz,	Semmens,	Vare,
Farley,	Lynch,	Sensenich,	Warner,
Gerberich,	Magee, C. J.,	Smith, R. E.,	Wasbers,
Graff,			

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 157 (House No. 96), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the State Livestock Sanitary Board for the payment of necessary expenses in the eradication of foot and mouth disease and for the control of transmissible diseases in animals

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—46.

Beidleman,	Gyger,	McConnell,	Smith, W. W.,
Buckman,	Hackett,	McKee, W. S.,	Snyder, C. A.,
Burke,	Hilton,	McNichol,	Snyder, P. W.,
Catlin,	Hindman,	Miller,	Sones,
Clark,	Hoke,	Moore,	Sproul,
Croft,	Homsher,	Patton,	Stewart,
Daix,	Jenkins,	Phipps,	Thompson,
DeWitt,	Kline,	Schantz,	Tompkins,
Endsley,	Kurtz,	Semmens,	Vare,
Farley,	Lynch,	Sensenich,	Warner,
Gerberich,	Magee, C. J.,	Smith, R. E.,	Washers,
Graff,	Martin,		

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 160, as follows:

An Act to amend section one of article eight section two of article eight section four of article eight section six of article eight rule one of article twelve rule three of article twelve rule seventeen of article twelve rule twenty of article twelve, rule thirty-five of article twelve rule thirty-six of article twelve rule forty-five of article twelve section four of article thirteen section eight of article seventeen and article eighteen of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the anthracite coal mines of Pennsylvania and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith" approved the second day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section one of article eight section two of article eight section four of article eight, section six of article eight rule one of article twelve rule three of article twelve rule seventeen of article twelve rule twenty of article twelve rule thirty-five of article twelve rule thirty-six of article twelve rule forty-five of article twelve section four of article thirteen section eight of article seventeen article eighteen of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the anthracite coal mines of Pennsylvania and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith" approved the second day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one be and the same are hereby amended to read as follows

Section 2 That section one of article eight of said act which reads as follows

"Section 1 It shall not be lawful neither shall it be permitted for any person or persons to act as mine foreman or assistant mine foreman of any coal mine or colliery unless they are registered as a holder of a certificate of qualification or service under this act be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 1 It shall not be lawful neither shall it be permitted for any person or persons to act as mine foreman or assistant mine foreman of any coal mine or colliery unless they are registered as a holder of a certificate or qualification or service under this act or is equally competent with the person or persons who are the holders of such certificates

Section 3 That section two of article eight of said act which reads as follows

"Section 2 Certificates of qualification to mine foremen and assistant mine foremen shall be granted by the Secretary of Internal Affairs to every applicant who may be reported by the examiners as hereinafter provided as having passed a satisfactory examination and as having given satisfactory evidence of at least five years practical experience as a miner and of good conduct capability and sobriety

The certificate shall be in manner and form as shall be prescribed by the Secretary of Internal Affairs and a record of all certificates issued shall be kept in his department be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 2 Certificates of qualification to mine foremen and assistant mine foremen shall be granted by the officer of this Commonwealth whose duty it is by law to grant such certificates to every applicant who may be reported by the examiners as hereinafter provided as having passed a satisfactory examination and as having given satisfactory evidence of at least five years practical experience in an anthracite coal mine of this Commonwealth as a miner cutting or blasting coal or rock at the face of gangways airways breasts chambers pillars or other working places and of good conduct capability and sobriety

Section 4 That section four of article eight of said act which reads as follows

"Section 4 Certificates of qualification to mine foreman and assistant mine foreman shall be granted by the Secretary of Internal Affairs to every applicant who may be reported by the examiners as heretofore provided as having passed a satisfactory examination and as having given satisfactory evidence of at least five (5) years practical experience as a miner and of good conduct capability and sobriety The certificate shall be in manner and form as shall be prescribed by the Secretary of Internal Affairs and a record of all certificates issued shall be kept in the department Certificates of qualification and certificate of service shall contain the full name age and place of birth of the applicant as also the length and nature of his previous service in or about the mines be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 4 Certificates of qualification to mine foremen and assistant mine foremen shall be granted by the officer of the Commonwealth whose duty it is by law to grant such certificates to every applicant who may be reported by the examiners as heretofore provided as having passed a satisfactory examination and as having given satisfactory evidence of at least five years practical experience in an anthracite coal mine of this Commonwealth as a miner cutting or blasting coal or rock at the face of gangways airways breasts chambers pillars or other working places and of good conduct capability and sobriety The certificate shall be in manner and form as shall be prescribed by the officer of this Commonwealth whose duty it is by law to prescribe the form of such certificates and a record of all certificates issued shall be kept in the department Certificates of qualification and certificates of service shall contain the full name age and place of birth of the applicant as also the length and nature of his previous service in or about the mines

Section 5 That section six of article eight of said act which reads as follows

"Section 6 No mines shall be operated for a longer period than thirty days without the supervision of a mine foreman In case any mine is worked a longer period than thirty (30) days without such certified mine foreman the owner operator or superintendent thereof shall be subject to a penalty of twenty dollars per day for each day over the said thirty (30) days during which the said mine is operated" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 6 No mine shall be operated for a longer period than thirty days without the supervision of a mine foreman In case any mine is worked a longer period than thirty (30) days without a mine foreman the owner operator or superintendent thereof shall be subject to a penalty of twenty dollars per day for each day over the said thirty (30) days during which the said mine is operated

Section 6 That rule one of article twelve of said act which reads as follows

"Rule 1 The owner operator or superintendent of a mine or colliery shall use every precaution to ensure the safety of the workmen in all cases whether provided for in this act or not and he shall place the underground workings thereof and all that is related to the same under the charge and daily supervision of a competent person who shall be called "mine foreman" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Rule 1 The owner operator or superintendent of a mine or colliery shall use every precaution to insure the safety of the workmen in all cases whether provided for in this act or not and he shall place the underground working thereof and all that is related to the same under the charge and daily supervision of a competent person who shall be called mine foreman insofar as it is necessary for the mine foreman to have charge of and supervise the mine to faithfully discharge the duties assigned him under this act

Section 7 That rule three of article twelve of said act which reads as follows:

"Rule 3 The mine foreman shall have charge of all matters pertaining to ventilation and the speed of the ventilators shall be particularly under his charge and direction and any superintendent who shall cause the mine foreman to disregard the provisions of this act shall be amenable in the same manner as the mine foreman be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Rule 3 The mine foreman shall have charge of all matters pertaining to ventilation insofar as it is necessary for the mine foreman to have charge of the same to properly perform his duties under this act and any superintendent who shall cause the mine foreman to disregard the provisions of this act shall be amenable in the same manner as the mine foreman

Section 8 Rule seventeen article twelve of said act which reads as follows

"Rule 17 Not more than ten (10) persons shall be hoisted or lowered at any one time in any shaft or slope and whenever five persons shall arrive at the bottom of any shaft or slope in which persons are regularly hoisted or lowered they shall be furnished with an empty car or cage and be hoisted except however in mines where there is provided a traveling way having an average pitch of fifteen (15) degrees or less and not more than one thousand (1,000) feet in length This however shall not prohibit the hoisting or lowering of twenty (20) persons at one time on slopes where two (2) or more loaded cars are regularly hoisted provided that not less than thirty (30) workmen working therein make such request in writing to the inspector of the district and if in his judgment the hoisting appliances in every respect are of sufficient strength he may comply with the request of the workmen Provided that in any coal mine or colliery where the hoisting appliances are not of sufficient strength to hoist or lower the number of persons named he shall have the power to reduce the number of persons to be hoisted or lowered be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Rule 17 Not more than ten (10) persons shall be hoisted or lowered at any one time in any shaft or slope and whenever five (5) persons shall arrive at the bottom of any shaft or slope they shall be furnished with an empty car or cage and be hoisted except however in mines where there is provided a traveling way having an average pitch of fifteen (15) degrees or less and not more than three hundred (300) feet in length This however shall not prohibit the hoisting or lowering of twenty (20) persons at one time on slopes where two (2) or more loaded cars are regularly hoisted provided that not less than thirty (30) workmen working therein make such request in writing to the inspector of the district and if in his judgment the hoisting appliances in every respect are of sufficient strength he may comply with the request of the workmen Provided that the hoisting appliances at or in every coal mine shall at all times be of sufficient strength to hoist or lower the number of persons named herein

Section 9 That Rule twenty of Article twelve of said act which reads as follows

"Rule 20 An engineer who has charge of the hoisting machinery by which persons are lowered or hoisted in a mine shall be in constant attendance for that purpose during the whole time any person or persons are below ground and he shall not allow any person or persons except such as may be deputed by the owner operator or superintendent to handle or meddle with the engine under his charge or any part of its machinery be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Rule 20 An engineer who has charge of the hoisting machinery by which persons are lowered or hoisted in or at a mine shall be in constant attendance for that purpose during the whole time any person or persons are below ground and shall have no other duty to perform than that of running or operating his engine and he shall not allow any person or persons except such as may be deputed by the owner operator or superintendent to handle or meddle with the engine under his charge or any part of its machinery and he shall not be engaged for a longer period than eight hours out of each day of twenty-four hours

Section 10 That Rule thirty-five Article twelve of said act which reads as follows

"Rule 35 No person shall be employed to blast coal or rock unless the mine foreman is satisfied that such person is qualified by experience and judgment to perform the work with ordinary safety be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Rule 35 No person shall be employed to blast coal or rock unless he is the owner of a properly issued miners' certificate issued under the laws of this Commonwealth

Section 11 That Rule thirty-six Article twelve of said act which reads as follows

"Rule 36 A person who is not a practical miner shall not charge or fire a blast in the absence of an experienced miner unless he has given satisfactory evidence of his ability to do so with safety and has obtained permission from the mine foreman or person in charge be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Rule 36 A person who is not a practical miner shall not charge or fire a blast in any anthracite coal mine in this Commonwealth and as evidence that he is a practical miner he must be the owner of a properly issued miners' certificate under the laws of this Commonwealth

Section 12 That rule forty-five of Article twelve of said act which reads as follows

Rule 45 Locomotives propelled by steam if using fire shall not be used in any passage way which is also used as an intake airway to any mine or part of a mine where persons are employed unless there be a sufficient quantity of air circulating therein to maintain a healthy atmosphere be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Rule 45 No machinery operated by steam gasoline or oil using fire in the mine to generate its power shall be operated in any anthracite coal mine

Section 13 That section four of article thirteen of said act which reads as follows

"Section 4 Due notice of an intended inquest to be held by the coroner shall be given by the coroner to the inspector and at any such inquest the inspector shall have the right to examine witnesses be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 4 Due notice of an inquest to be held by the coroner shall be given by the coroner to the inspector and at any such inquest any citizen of this Commonwealth shall have the right to examine witnesses

Section 14 That section eight of article seventeen of said act which reads as follows

"Section 8 That for any injury to person or property occasioned by any violation of this act or any failure to comply with its provisions by any owner operator superintendent mine foreman or fire boss of any coal mine

or colliery a right of action shall accrue to the party injured against said owner or operator for any direct damages he may have sustained thereby and in case of loss of life by reason of such neglect or failure aforesaid a right of action shall accrue to the widow and lineal heirs of the person whose life shall be lost for like recovery of damages for the injury they shall have sustained be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 8 The mine foreman assistant mine foreman fire boss or any person placed in charge of the works or any part thereof shall be regarded as the agent of the owners and operators and that for any injury to the person or property occasioned by any violation of this act or any failure to comply with its provisions by any owner operator superintendent mine foreman assistant mine foreman fire boss or any person placed in charge of the works or any part thereof of any coal mine or colliery a right of action shall accrue to the party injured against said owner or operator for any direct damages he may have sustained thereby and in case of loss of life by reason of such neglect or failure aforesaid a right of action shall accrue to the widow and lineal heirs of the person whose life shall be lost for like recovery of damages for the injury they shall have sustained

Section 15 That article eighteen of said act which reads as follows

"Article 18 In this act unless the context otherwise requires the term "coal mine or colliery" includes every operation and work both under ground and above ground used or to be used for the purpose of mining and preparing coal

The term "workings" includes all the excavated parts of a mine those abandoned as well as the places actually at work

The term "mine" includes all underground workings and excavations and shafts tunnels and other ways and openings also all such shafts slopes tunnels and other openings in course of being sunk or driven together with all roads appliances machinery and materials connected with the same below the surface

The term "shaft" means a vertical opening through the strata and which is or may be used for the purpose of ventilation or drainage or for hoisting men or material in connection with the mining of coal

The term "slope" means any inclined way or opening used for the same purpose as a shaft

The term "breaker" means the structure containing the machinery used for the preparation of coal

The term "owners" and "operators" means any person or body corporate who is the immediate proprietor or lessee or occupier of any coal mine or colliery or any part thereof The term "owner" does not include a person or body corporate who merely receives a royalty rent or fine from a coal mine or colliery or part thereof or is merely the proprietor of the mine subject to any lease grant or license for the working or operating thereof or is merely the owner of the soil and not interested in the minerals of the mine or any part thereof But any "contractor" for the working of a mine or colliery or any part or district thereof shall be subject to this act as an operator or owner in like manner as if he were the owner

The term "superintendent" means the person who shall have on behalf of the owner general supervision of one or more mines or collieries be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Article 18 In this act unless the context otherwise requires the term "coal mine or colliery" includes every operation and work both underground and above ground used or to be used for the purpose of mining and preparing coal

The term "workings" includes all the excavated parts of a mine those abandoned as well as the places actually at work

The term "mine" includes all underground workings and excavations and shafts tunnels and other ways and openings also all such shafts slopes tunnels and other openings in course of being sunk or driven together with all roads appliances machinery and materials connected with the same below the surface

The term "shaft" means a vertical opening through the strata and which is or may be used for the purpose of ventilation or drainage or for hoisting men or material in connection with the mining of coal

The term "slope" means any inclined way or opening used for the same purpose as a shaft

The term "breaker" means the structure containing the machinery used for the preparation of coal

The term "owners" and "operators" means any person or body corporate who is the immediate proprietor or lessee or occupier of any coal mine or colliery or any part thereof The term "owner" does not include a person or body corporate who merely receives a royalty rent or fine from a coal mine or colliery or part thereof or is merely the proprietor of the mine subject to any lease grant or license for the working or operating thereof or is merely the owner of the soil and not interested in the minerals of the mine or any part thereof But any "contractor" for the working of a mine or colliery or any part or district thereof shall be subject to this act as an operator or owner in like manner as if he were the owner

The term "superintendent" means the person who shall have on behalf of the owner general supervision of one or more mines or collieries

The term "miner" means the person who cuts or blasts coal or rock at the face of a gangway airway breasts pillars or other working place

And said bill having been read at length the third time,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. THOMPSON. Mr. President, I move that the question together with the further consideration of the bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. KURTZ. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were required by Mr. CATLIN and Mr. CLARK, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—25.

Buckman,	Kline,	Phipps,	Sproul,
Endsley,	**Kurtz,**	Schantz,	**Stewart,**
Graff,	McKee, W. S.,	Semmens,	Thompson,
Gyger,	McNichol,	Sensenich,	Tompkins,
Hoke,	Miller,	Snyder, P. W.,	**Warner,**
Homsher,	Mills,	Sones,	**Wasbers,**
Jenkins,			

NAYS—16.

Beidleman,	DeWitt,	**Lynch,**	Patton,
Burke,	Farley,	Martin,	Smith, R. E.,
Catlin,	Hilton,	McConnell,	Snyder, C. A.
Clark,	**Hindman,**	**Moore,**	**Vare,**

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

BILL OVER IN ORDER.

Mr. CLARK. Mr. President, I ask that Senate Bill No. 162, on third reading, entitled:

An Act providing for the establishment regulation and maintenance by the Board of Game Commissioners of the State game preserves on the forestry reservations and elsewhere and providing penalties for violations of this act

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

COMMUNICATIONS FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Private Secretary to the Governor being introduced presented communications in writing from His Excellency the Governor of the Commonwealth, which were read as follows:

NOTARIES PUBLIC.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, February 16, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen: In conformity with with law I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following named persons to be Notaries Public for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, for the term of four years, to compute from the date of their confirmation:

ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

John S. Beer, Pittsburgh.

ARMSTRONG COUNTY.

Anthony Maridon, Leechburg.

DAUPHIN COUNTY.

Robert A. Carl, Harrisburg.

FAYETTE COUNTY.

H. A. Bartenslager, Uniontown.

LAWRENCE COUNTY.

E. K. Thomas, Taylor Twp.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY.

Henry C. Biddle, Ambler.

NORTHAMPTON COUNTY.

Miss K. E. Hess, Hellertown.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY.

Isadore H. Bach, Philadelphia.
Thomas E. Comber, Jr., Philadelphia.
Chas. M. Green, Philadelphia.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, February 16, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Gentlemen: In conformity with with law I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following

named persons to be Notaries Public for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, for the term of four years, to compute from the dates set opposite their names, respectively:

ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

Miss Mary McLaughlin, Pittsburgh, February 21, 1915.
William L. Paine, Pittsburgh, February 21, 1915.
Miss G. G. Trill, Pittsburgh, February 21, 1915.
O. M. Waterhouse, Pittsburgh, February 21, 1915.
John S. Court, Pittsburgh, February 25, 1915.
J. E. Fox, Oakdale, February 21, 1915.

ARMSTRONG COUNTY.

C. L. McIntyre, Kittanning, February 21, 1915.

BLAIR COUNTY.

Russell E. Miller, Altoona, February 28, 1915.

CAMBRIA COUNTY.

Pietro Mancuso, Barnesboro, February 21, 1915.
Santo DeMaria, Johnstown, February 25, 1915.

COLUMBIA COUNTY.

L. S. Jacoby, Berwick, March 8, 1915.

CRAWFORD COUNTY.

J. A. Bolard, Cambridge Springs, February 21, 1915.

DAUPHIN COUNTY.

Benjamin N. Herman, Harrisburg, February 21, 1915.
R. S. Care, Harrisburg, February 21, 1915.

ERIE COUNTY.

Charles H. English, Erie, February 21, 1915.
C. J. Prior, East Millcreek Twp., February 21, 1915.

FOREST COUNTY.

Calvin M. Arner, Tionesta, February 21, 1915.

LACKAWANNA COUNTY.

James E. Davis, Scranton, February 28, 1915.

LAWRENCE COUNTY.

R. Lawrence Hildebrand, New Castle, February 21, 1915.
George S. Long, New Castle, February 21, 1915.

LUZERNE COUNTY.

Miss Stella P. Masavage, Plymouth, February 21, 1915.
Frank P. Slattery, Wilkes-Barre, February 20, 1915.
Miss Maude A. Critchlow, Hamlin Twp., February 21, 1915.

McKEAN COUNTY.

Miss Maude A. Critchlow, Hamlin Twp., February 21, 1915.
Melvin G. Raub, Bradford, February 21, 1915.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY.

Chas. A. Moore, Lower Merion Twp., February 21, 1915.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY.

John J. Brenner, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
Henry R. Foley, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
Harry C. McDade, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
Chas. E. Potts, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
Oscar H. Price, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
Max Rosenberg, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
Charles H. Ulery, Philadelphia, February 21, 1915.
Richard Taylor, Philadelphia, March 7, 1915.

SUSQUEHANNA COUNTY.

John E. Clune, Hallstead, February 21, 1915.

UNION COUNTY.

J. Theodore Smith, New Berlin, February 20, 1915.

WESTMORELAND COUNTY.

John L. Hengsteller, Scottdale, February 21, 1915.
S. L. Weyandt, Trafford, February 21, 1915.

YORK COUNTY.

William M. Elicker, Dillsburg, February 21, 1915.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

EXECUTIVE SESSION.

By unanimous consent,

A motion was made by Mr. KLINE,

That Rule 38 which requires nominations made by the Governor to be referred to proper committees be dispensed with, and the Senate do now resolve itself into executive session, for the purpose of acting on the foregoing nominations,

Which was agreed to,

Whereupon,

A motion was made by Mr. KLINE,

That the Senate do advise and consent to said nominations.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—47.

Beidleman,	Gyger,	McConnell,	Smith, W. W.,
Buckman,	Hackett,	McKee, W. S.,	Snyder, C. A.,
Burke,	Hilton,	McNichol,	Snyder, P. W.,
Catlin,	Hindman,	Miller,	Sones,
Clark,	Hoke,	Mills,	Sproul,
Croft,	Homsher,	Moore,	Stewart,
Daix,	Jenkins,	Patton,	Thompson,
DeWitt,	Kline,	Phipps,	Tompkins,
Endsley,	Kurtz,	Schantz,	Vare,
Farley,	Lynch,	Semmens,	Warner,
Gerberich,	Magee, C. J.,	Sensenich,	Wasbers,
Graff,	Martin,	Smith, R. E.,	

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Governor be informed accordingly.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from Committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. BUCKMAN, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 262 (House Bill No. 66), entitled:

An Act making a deficiency appropriation to the trustees of Temple University.

BILL ON FIRST READING.

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 262 (House Bill No. 66), entitled:

An Act making a deficiency appropriation to the trustees of Temple University.

be read the first time.

Mr. McCONNELL. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Agreeably to order.

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 262 (House Bill No. 66), entitled:

An Act making a deficiency appropriation to the trustees of Temple University.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make reports from Committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. BUCKMAN, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 263 (House Bill No. 76), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to refund to the Crawford County Trust Company a corporation of Meadville, Crawford County, Pennsylvania, money erroneously paid into the State treasury.

Also from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 86, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to refund to Lynford Biddle, of Philadelphia, certain money erroneously paid into the State treasury.

RECESS.

Mr. VARE. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now take a recess until 9:30 o'clock this evening.

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

AFTER RECESS.

The PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE (Mr. Charles H. Kline in the Chair).

The PRESIDENT. The time of recess having elapsed, the Senate will be in order.

BILL SIGNED.

The PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE (Mr. Charles H. Kline) announced that the Chief Clerk having reported that the following bills had passed both houses of the General Assembly and the same being correct, the titles were publicly read as follows:

House Bill No. 96, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the State Livestock Sanitary Board for the payment of necessary expenses in the eradication of foot-and-mouth disease and for the control of transmissible diseases in animals

Whereupon,

The PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE (Mr. Charles H. Kline) in the presence of the Senate signed the same.

HOUSE MESSAGE.

HOUSE BILLS FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced presented for concurrence bills of the House of Representatives, as follows:

House Bill No. 40 (Senate Bill No. 264), entitled:

An Act designating the mountain laurel (Kalmia latifolia) as the flower emblem or State flower of this Commonwealth

Which was committed to the Committee on Agriculture.

House Bill No. 71 (Senate Bill No. 265), entitled:

An Act transferring from one fund to another certain moneys appropriated to the Dairy and Food Division of the Department of Agriculture

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 213 (Senate Bill No. 266), entitled:

An Act validating certain ordinances of cities and boroughs and the contracts or payments made in pursuance thereof

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

House Bill No. 219 (Senate Bill No. 267), entitled:

An Act granting to boroughs and incorporated towns the right of eminent domain for certain purposes and regulating the procedure thereunder

Which was committed to the Committee on Municipal Affairs.

House Bill No. 206 (Senate Bill No. 268), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the payment of the expense of publication of amendments to the Constitution for the three years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and twelve and directing the Auditor-General and the State-Treasurer to cause the same to be paid

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 249 (Senate Bill No. 269), entitled:

An Act to repeal an act approved the thirteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred sixty-nine entitled "An Act relating to hawking peddling and huckstering in the counties of Indiana and Clearfield" so far as it relates to Indiana county

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

House Blil No. 255 (Senate Bill No. 270), entitled:

An Act to amend section four of an act approved the eleventh day of May one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine entitled "A further supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to establish a board of wardens for the port of Philadelphia and for the regulation of pilots and pilotage and for other purposes'" approved March twenty-ninth one thousand eight hundred and three and for regulating the rates of pilotage and number of pilots

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

House Bill No. 280 (Senate Bill No. 271), entitled:

An Act prescribing certain duties for collectors of taxes in boroughs and townships and for county treasurers

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

RESOLUTION REQUESTING THE CONGRESS OF THE UNITED STATES TO REPEAL THE PRESENT TARIFF LAW.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has concurred in resolution from the Senate as follows:

In the Senate, February 15, 1915.

Whereas, The great industrial Commonwealth of Pennsylvania has suffered more than any other State in the Union because of the present tariff; and

Whereas, Under its operation our important steel plants, our textile mills and other industries have been operating only about one-half capacity; and

Whereas, The army of unemployed in our cities and towns has brought continued distress through inability to obtain proper food raiment and shelter; and

Whereas, We believe present conditions will become worse instead of better at the close of the war, it is therefore

Resolved (If the House of Representatives concur), That the General Assembly of Pennsylvania, now in session, do request the Congress of the United States to repeal the present tariff law and replace it by a law giving adequate protection to our labor and industries, and, under normal conditions, sufficient revenue to warrant the repeal of the present unjust and uncalled for special methods of taxation now in operation.

COMMUNICATIONS FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Private Secretary to the Governor being introduced, presented communications in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth which were read as follows:

NOTARIES PUBLIC.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, February 16, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons to be Notaries Public for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, for the term of four years, to compute from the date of their confirmation:

LANCASTER COUNTY.

Edgar L. Matterer, Lancaster.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY.

James H. Bell, Philadelphia.
Heber M. Lamon, Philadelphia.

SOMERSET COUNTY.

Mrs. Mary S. Colborn, Windber.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, February 16, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons to be Notaries Public for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, for the term of four years, to compute from the dates set opposite their names, respectively:

CHESTER COUNTY.

I. E. Miller, Phoenixville, March 7, 1915.

LACKAWANNA COUNTY.

Shandor Kovacs, Throop, March 5, 1915.

LUZERNE COUNTY.

John Nowak, Jenkins Township, February 21, 1915.
John Schutter, Hazleton, February 21, 1915.

LYCOMING COUNTY.

Henry C. Parsons, Williamsport, February 21, 1915.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY.

Harry Renninger, Cheltenham Township, February 21, 1915.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

EXECUTIVE SESSION.

By unanimous consent,

A motion was made by Mr. VARE,

That Rule 38 which requires nominations made by the Governor to be referred to proper committees be dispensed with, and the Senate do now resolve itself into executive session, for the purpose of acting on the foregoing nominations,

Which was agreed to.

Whereupon,

A motion was made by Mr. VARE,

That the Senate do advise and consent to said nominations.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were taken agreably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—48.

Beidleman,	Gyger,	McKee, W. S.,	Snyder, C. A.,
Buckman,	Hackett,	McNichol,	Snyder, P. W.,
Burke,	Hilton,	Miller,	Sones,
Catlin,	Hindman,	Mills,	Sproul,
Clark,	Hoke,	Moore,	Stewart,
Croft,	Homsher,	Patton,	Thompson,
Crow,	Jenkins,	Phipps,	Tompkins,
Daix,	Kurtz,	Schantz,	Vare,
DeWitt,	Lynch,	Semmens,	Warner,
Endsley,	Magee, C. J.,	Sensenich,	Wasbers,
Farley,	Martin,	Smith, R. E.,	Kline,
Gerberich,	McConnell,	Smith, W. W.,	Pres. pro tem.
Graff,			

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Governor be informed accordingly.

REPORT OF COMMISSION TO INVESTIGATE AND REPORT UPON THE OBJECTS, METHODS AND PRACTICES OF VARIOUS COMBINATIONS OF FIRE INSURANCE COMPANIES.

The Chair cleared his table and laid before the Senate the report of the Joint Legislative Commission to Investigate and Report upon the Objects, Methods and Practices of Various Combinations of Fire Insurance Companies.

(For report see today's proceedings of House.)

BILLS INTRODUCED.

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to read a bill in place at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. BEIDLEMAN read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 272, entitled:

An Act creating a State Bureau of Elevator Inspection and the powers thereof throughout the State of Pennsylvania, excepting the cities of the first class, and providing for the appointment of a Chief Inspector, and Assistant Chief Inspector, and as many elevator inspectors and employes as may be necessary from time to time to enforce this act, and providing salaries for the same; providing laws for the protection of the public, elevator operators and attendants; empowering the Chief of said Bureau to make, alter, amend and repeal rules and regulations relating thereto.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

Mr. CROW. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to read a bill in place at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. CROW read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 273, entitled:

A further supplement to an act, entitled "An Act to accept the grant of public lands by the United States for the endowment of Agricultural Colleges," approved April 1st, 1863, and making appropriations for carrying the same into effect.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to read a bill in place at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. BEIDLEMAN read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 274, entitled:

An Act to provide for the payment of costs of suit in cases of summary proceedings or convictions, had before magistrates, aldermen or justices of the peace for the violation of any act of assembly of this Commonwealth.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

RESOLUTION REQUESTING THE GOVERNOR TO INVITE EX-PRESIDENT WILLIAM HOWARD TAFT TO ADDRESS GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to offer a resolution at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. SPROUL offered the following resolution which was twice read, considered and agreed to:

Whereas, The Honorable William Howard Taft, former President of the United States is expected to visit Harrisburg, on the fifteenth day of April next; and

Whereas, It is the desire of the Legislature of Pennsylvania now in session that ex-President Taft should visit the Capitol and, if agreeable to him, address the Senate and House of Representatives in joint session; therefore, be it

Resolved (If the House of Representatives concur), That the Governor of the Commonwealth be requested to invite Mr. Taft to make such a visit as the guest of the Commonwealth, and to address the General Assembly at such time during his visit as may best suit his convenience.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to read bills in place at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 275, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the St. Francis Country House, located in Darby, Delaware County, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 276, entitled:

An Act directing the county commissioners of the several counties to offer for sale to the Department of Forestry tracts of land which they may have purchased at county treasurer's sales, for acceptance or refusal for forestry purposes, and to convey to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania the tracts so offered to be sold, if accepted by the Department.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER, from the Committee on Judiciary Special re-reported as amended Senate Bill No. 153, entitled:

An Act to establish and regulate the fees to be charged and collected by sheriffs in counties of this Commonwealth having a population of not less than five hundred thousand nor more than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants as compared by the last preceding United States Census, the time and manner in which said fees shall be paid, the publication and posting of said fees, the delivery of an itemized receipt for official fees and legal costs received and repealing all laws general, special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith.

Also from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 215, entitled:

An Act vesting in county commissioners certain powers relative to public monuments.

Also from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 219, entitled:

An Act authorizing the appointment by the Director of the Legislative Reference Bureau of a custodian and assistant custodian of the law library and a night watchman in the Bureau, and fixing their salaries.

Also from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 149, entitled:

An Act regulating the display or exhibit for sale of food and imposing penalties.

Also from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 217, entitled:

A supplement to an act approved the 14th day of April, 1851, entitled "An Act relating to the commencement of actions to judgments and decrees for the payment of money to the widows and children of decedents, to partitions in the common pleas relative to penalties on telegraph operators, to pleadings in certain actions of debt, to actions of ejectments, to the protection of fences, to partnerships, to limitations of writs of entry in manors, lands and tenements, to the exemption laws, to reports of the Supreme Court, to appeals relating to wards, boroughs, and township officers, to the acknowledgements of deeds and sequestration of life estates," providing a method of allowing a widow's exemption where the property consists of real estate not readily divided.

Also from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 203, entitled:

An Act prohibiting executor, executors, trustee or trustees or any other holding property in trust for charitable use, objects and purposes, or the like, who have discretion to select the beneficiary or beneficiaries of the trust, from selecting a beneficiary or beneficiaries outside of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania when the will or other instrument creating the trust does not designate where the beneficiary shall be located and the donor was a resident of Pennsylvania at the time of creating the trust and making such person or persons personally liable to the Commonwealth for sums hereinafter paid out in violation of this act and providing a method for collection of the same by the Commonwealth.

Mr. MARTIN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. MARTIN, from the Committee on Public Printing, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 212, entitled:

An Act to amend sections four and eight of an act approved the 25th day of July, 1913, P. L. 1267, entitled "An Act providing for the printing, binding and distribution of two publications heretofore published by the State, namely, 'Pennsylvania at Gettysburg,' and 'Report of the Commission to Locate the Sites of the Frontier Forts of Pennsylvania,' also providing for additions to said reports, and for the editing, proofreading and indexing thereof; and making appropriations for said work."

Also from the Committee on Public Printing, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 247, entitled:

Joint resolution authorizing the printing and binding of the report of the Commission to consider the revision and amendment of the penal laws of Pennsylvania.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

Mr. MARTIN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to read a bill in place at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. MARTIN read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 277, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Commissioners of the State Institution for Inebriates for the acquisition of land and the construction of buildings.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. VARE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. VARE, from the Committee on Municipal Affairs, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 184 (House Bill No. 20), entitled:

An Act authorizing cities of the third class wherein the title to the water-works therein located is in the city to extend their pipes and improvements beyond the city limits and supply water to persons corporations and municipalities within the county, and regulating the supply of water.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER. Mr. President, I move that the order of Business be reading of bills in place.

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Mr. PATTON read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 278, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Robert Wood Industrial Home and Day Nursery for Colored Boys and Girls, at Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. BURKE read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 279, entitled:

An Act to provide for the safety of persons employed in and about bituminous coal mines and to provide for the examination and to prohibit the employment of incompetent persons as miners and providing penalties for the violation of the same.

Which was committed to the Committee on Mines and Mining.

Mr. MAGEE read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 280, entitled:

An Act declaring valid certain municipal liens filed for grading, paving, macadamizing, or otherwise improving, public streets, or parts thereof, by the several boroughs under an act approved the 12th day of May, 1911, entitled 'An Act empowering boroughs of this Commonwealth, without petition of the property owners, to grade, pave, curb, macadamize, and otherwise improve public streets, or parts thereof; and assess a portion of the cost of the same on the owners of property abutting thereon; and providing for the collection of the same," and authorizing the amendment of the claims in certain particulars.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

Mr. STEWART read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 281, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the City Hospital Association of Washington, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. P. W. SNYDER read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 282, entitled:

An Act providing for and regulating the validation of certain borough ordinances.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. McCONNELL read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 283, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the 1st day of May, 1909, entitled "An Act to classify the fish in the waters within this Commonwealth; declaring which are game fish, which are food fish, and which are bait fish, and to regulate the catching and sale and encourage the propagation of the same, to protect the waters within this Commonwealth from unfair, improper, wasteful and destructive fishing, and to protect fish from being destroyed or injured by destructive means; to provide for the appointment of fish wardens, and to declare their official powers and duties; to encourage and regulate the propagation of fish within this Commonwealth, and regulate the free distribution of the same by the Department of Fisheries, in the waters within the same; to define powers and duties of the Department of Fisheries; to regulate the sale and shipment of fish artificially propagated for profit; to forbid the sale of unlawful devices for catching fish; and to provide penalties and punishments for the violation of the provisions of this act, and providing how and by whom the costs shall be paid."

Which was committed to the Committee on Game and Fisheries.

Mr. MILLER read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 284, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to The Pennsylvania State College for educational extension work and for maintaining a summer school for teachers.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. THOMPSON read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 285, entitled:

An Act authorizing J. P. Swearingen of Greene Township, Beaver County, Pennsylvania, to bring suit against the Commonwealth.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

Mr. W. W. SMITH read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 286, entitled:

An Act to provide for retirement of State employes permanently disqualified by reason of physical or mental disability to perform their official functions and duties, with half pay, under certain conditions, during the remainder of their lives, except State employes whose retirement has been or shall be otherwise provided for; and the filling of vacancies caused by such retirement.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

Mr. TOMPKINS read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 287, entitled:

An Act to validate all sales, public and private and all mortgages of real estate of decedents, heretofore made under authority of orphans' courts upon petition of executors or administrators.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. BUCKMAN read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 288, entitled:

An Act regulating the payment of certain deposits made with any bank, trust company or savings institution in the name of two persons.

Which was committed to the Committee on Banks and Building and Loan Associations.

RECESS.

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now take a recess for ten minutes.

Mr. GRAFF. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

AFTER RECESS.

The PRESIDENT. The time of recess having elapsed, the Senate will be in order.

ADJOURNMENT.

Mr. WASBERS. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now adjourn until Monday evening, March 1, 1915, at 9:30 o'clock.

Mr. JENKINS. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The Senate adjourned at 10:50 o'clock P. M. until Monday evening, March 1, 1915, at 9:30 o'clock.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

TUESDAY, February 16th, 1915.

The House met at 10:00 o'clock A. M.

The SPEAKER (Charles A. Ambler) in the Chair.

PRAYER.

The Chaplain, Rev. F. W. Staley, offered the following prayer:

Almighty God, we thank Thee for the rest we have had during the past night and for the light of this beautiful morning. We enter upon the duties of this day in Thy name and for the sake of the people within this great State. We thank Thee that we can come to Thee for help; we need Thy help in our thinking; we need Thy help that we may do that which is right; we need Thy help to keep from doing that which is wrong, and we pray Thee that "Thy Kingdom may come and Thy will may be done on earth as it is done in Heaven. Give us this day our daily bread and forgive us our trespasses as we forgive those who trespass against us, and lead us not into temptation but deliver us from evil for Thine is the kingdom and the power and the glory, for ever and ever. Amen."

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the Journal of yesterday's proceedings.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of yesterday's proceedings, when, on motion of Mr. Whittaker, the further reading of the Journal was dispensed with.

BILLS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED.

By Mr. STERN. House Bill No. 407.

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-seventh day of April, one thousand nine hundred nine, entitled "An Act to amend article one, section one, of an act, entitled 'An act to provide for the better government of cities of the first class in this Commonwealth,' approved the first day of June, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five; by providing for the filling of a vacancy in the office of mayor, until the election of a successor," by providing for the filling of a vacancy in the office of mayor in cities of the first class by select and common councils in joint convention.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. HAGGERTY. House Bill No. 408.

An Act making an appropriation to the Saint Joseph's Home and Maternity Hospital, located at Scranton, Lackawanna County, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. HAGGERTY. House Bill No. 409.

An Act making an appropriation to the West Mountain Sanatarium of Scranton, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. HENRY I. WILSON. House Bill No. 410.

Joint Resolution authorizing the printing and binding of the report of the Commission to consider the Revision and Amendment of the Penal Laws of Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. BALDWIN. House Bill No. 411.

An Act to amend an act approved first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred thirteen, entitled an act regulating the letting of certain contracts for the erection, construction, and alteration of public buildings, by providing that it shall include mason, brick and concrete work whenever the same shall cost one-fourth of the entire contract

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

By Mr. BALDWIN. House Bill No. 412.

An Act establishing and regulating the department of State police and fixing its powers and duties.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. WILLIAMS. House Bill No. 413.

An act to establish as a "State Highway" a certain section of public road in Lawrence and Jackson Townships, Tioga County and Wells Township in Bradford County.

Referred to the Committee on Public Roads.

By Mr. RONEY. House Bill No. 414.

An Act authorizing the Legislative Reference Bureau to continue the work commenced under the provisions of an act, approved the twentieth day of May, one thousand nine hundred and thirteen, entitled "An Act directing the Legislative Reference Bureau to prepare compilations of codes, by topics, of the existing general laws of this Commonwealth, for adoption or rejection by the General Assembly; fixing the powers and duties of the bureau therein; fixing the compensation of the assistant director; and making an appropriation therefor," fixing the powers and duties of the bureau therein, fixing the duties and compensation of the assistant director and making an appropriation.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. WILDMAN. House Bill No. 415.

An Act making an appropriation to the Sylvan Heights Home for Orphan Girls, at Harrisburg, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. POWELL. House Bill No. 416.

An Act to amend an act approved the eighth day of May, one thousand nine hundred and thirteen, entitled "An Act regulating the appointment, confirmation, duties, salary and expenses of county detectives, in counties containing not less than three hundred thousand nor more than seven hundred thousand inhabitants," by extending its provisions to counties having a population of two hundred thousand inhabitants, but not more than seven hundred thousand inhabitants, and by repealing section three of the act.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. CURRY. House Bill No. 417.

An Act making an appropriation to the Saint Mary's Hospital, located at Frankford Avenue and Palmer Street, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. DRINKHOUSE. House Bill No. 418.

A Supplement to an act approved the seventh day of June, one thousand nine hundred eleven, entitled "An Act providing for the examination, licensure, and registration of persons, firms, or corporations engaged or engaging in the business or work of plumbing or house drainage, and prescribing certain rules, regulations, and requirements for the construction of plumbing, house drainage, and cesspools in cities of the first-class, and imposing fines, penalties, and forfeitures for violation thereof."

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. GIBSON. House Bill No. 419.

An Act to amend an act approved the third day of June, one thousand nine hundred and eleven, entitled "An Act providing for the election of commissioners of townships of the first class of this Commonwealth, and the filling of vacancies in the office of township treasurer and township commissioner in said townships."

Referred to the Committee on Public Roads.

By Mr. GIBSON. House Bill No. 420.

An Act to prevent the procreation of idiots, imbeciles and feebleminded persons by the process of sterilization under certain circumstances and prescribing the conditions under which it may be performed.

Referred to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

By Mr. MYERS. House Bill No. 421.

An Act regulating the use of lamps in certain bituminous coal mines and providing a penalty.

Referred to the Committee on Mines and Mining.

By Mr. MYERS. House Bill No. 422.

An Act relating to the extinguishment of ground rents and providing a means, where ground rent has been extinguished by payment or presumption of law, for recording evidence of such extinguishment, regulating the practice in such proceedings and making the same binding and effectual.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

By Mr. HEYBURN. House Bill No. 423.

An Act making an appropriation to the Glen Mills Schools in the Eastern District of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. HEYBURN. House Bill No. 424.

An Act making an appropriation to the Glen Mills Schools situate in the Eastern District of the Commonwealth to defray the expenses of erecting and furnishing an additional cottage, school house, and for the enlargement and improvement of the sewage disposal plant in connection with the Girls' Department, and to defray the expenses of an extension of the sewage, water and electric light for the new hospital and for a new fire escape for the Chapel in connection with the Boys' Department.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. SONES. House Bill No. 425.

An Act making an appropriation to the Pottsville Hospital, Pottsville, Schuylkill County, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. DELL. House Bill No. 426.

An Act making a specific appropriation to certain public school districts, providing for the distribution of the moneys appropriated, and attaching certain conditions in said bill.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. BALDWIN. House Bill No. 427.

An Act making a deficiency appropriation to the Pennsylvania Training School for Feeble-Minded Children at Elwyn, Delaware County.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. ALBEE. House Bill No. 428.

An Act making an appropriation to the North Pennsylvania General Hospital and Sanatorium, located at Austin, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. ALBEE. House Bill No. 429.

An Act relating to judgments and assignments thereof and the duties of the prothonotary incidental thereto.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

By Mr. KUHN. House Bill No. 430.

An Act making county commissioners overseers of the poor in certain counties and regulating their compensation and expenses.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

By Mr. KUHN. House Bill No. 431.

An Act to prevent the procreation of idots, imbeciles and feeble-minded persons by the process of sterilization in certain institutions under certain circumstances, and prescribing the conditions under which it may be performed.

Referred to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

By Mr. HENRY I. WILSON. House Bill No. 432.

An Act relating to the administration of the estate of an intestate decedent.

Referred to the Committe on Judiciary General.

By Mr. WALTON. House Bill No. 433.

An Act defining trading stamps as including stamps, coupons, tickets, cards, certificates and other similar devices given with a sale or bailment of merchandise, regulating and licensing the sale, furnishing and giving of trading stamps, and providing penalties for the violation thereof.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

By Mr. TRACH. House Bill No. 434.

An Act making an appropriation to refund to Henry S. Raichard of South Bethlehem, Pennsylvania, money erroneously paid into the State Treasury.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. CHRISTMAN. House Bill No. 435.

An Act making an appropriation to the Homeopathic Hospital of Pottstown, Montgomery County, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. BENNINGER. House Bill No. 436.

An Act to amend the first section of an act approved the thirty-first day of May, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven, entitled "An Act to carry into effect the provisions of section three, article seventeen of the Constitution of Pennsylvania, relating to the transportation of persons and property, and making the violation thereof a misdemeanor, and providing a penalty for the same," by providing that its provisions shall not apply to members of the General Assembly or to State employes traveling on State business.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. McVICAR. House Bill No. 437.

An Act to amend an act, entitled "An Act to limit the duration upon real estate of the debts of decedents, including the expenses of the settlement of the estate, and to provide under what conditions the lien may be continued," approved the third day of May, one thousand nine hundred and nine, so as to restrict the revival of judgment liens by the death of the debtor to real estate still owned by said decedent at the date of his death.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. WEST. House Bill No. 438.

An Act making an appropriation to the Trustees of the State Hospital for the Insane at Danville, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. McCLURE. House Bill No. 439.

An Act making an appropriation to the Beaver Valley General Hospital, at New Brighton, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. THEODORE CAMPBELL. House Bill No. 440.

An Act making an appropriation to the West Philadelphia General Homeopathic Hospital and Dispensary.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. EVANS. House Bill No. 441.

An Act to amend an act approved the eighteenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred eleven, entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, together with the provisions by which it shall be administered, and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof; providing revenue to establish and maintain the same, and the method of collecting such revenue; and repealing all laws, general, special or local, or any parts thereof, that are or may be inconsistent therewith."

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Mr. GEISER. House Bill No. 442.

An Act making an appropriation to the Easton Home for Friendless Children, at Easton, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. GEISER. House Bill No. 443.

An Act making an appropriation to the Easton Hospital in the City of Easton, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. WALTON. House Bill No. 444.

An Act providing that the real estate of all railroad, railway, street railway, canal, water, gas, electric light, telegraph, telephone, and other public service corporations, shall be subject to taxation for city, school and other local purposes, in cities of the third class.

Referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. MEARKLE. House Bill No. 445.

An Act making an appropriation to the Homeopathic Medical and Surgical Hospital and Dispensary of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. W. W. JONES. House Bill No. 446

An Act to amend sections one, two, four, twelve and thirteen as amended, and sections eight, eleven and fourteen of an act entitled, "An Act to provide for the personal registration of electors in cities of the third class of this Commonwealth, to make such registration a condition of the right to vote in such cities, and to provide penalties for violation of its provisions," approved the fifth day of March, one thousand nine hundred six; providing for the appointment by the Governor of registration commissioners; and conferring upon such registration commissioners certain powers and duties now imposed upon county commissioners.

Referred to the Committee on Elections.

By Mr WILDMAN. House Bill No. 447.

An Act making an appropriation for the purchase of a collection of Indian relics for the State Museum.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. McCAIG. House Bill No. 448.

An Act making an appropriation to the Orphan Asylum of the Holy Family, located at Emsworth, Allegheny County, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. McCAIG. House Bill No. 449.

An Act making an appropriation to the Home for the Training in Speech of Deaf Children before they are of School Age, at Belmont Avenue and Monument Road, Philadelphia.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. GEARY. House Bill No. 450.

An Act making an appropriation to the Pittsburgh Newsboy's Home, of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. STEIN. House Bill No. 451.

An Act making an appropriation to the Pittsburgh Home for Babies.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. GANS. House Bill No. 452.

An Act to amend the first section of an act entitled "An Act to amend the first section of an act, approved the fourth day of April, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled 'An Act to fix the salaries of the deputy register, clerks and employes in the office of register of wills of any county of this Commonwealth, having a population of one million or over' so as to make it apply to counties containing a population of one million four hundred thousand or over" approved the fifth day of May, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven so as to change the salaries of the said deputy register, clerks and employes of the office of register of wills of said counties.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

By Mr. THEODORE CAMPBELL. House Bill No. 453.

An Act making an appropriation to the Hayes Mechanics' Home, of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. McCAIG. House Bill No. 454.

An Act making an appropriation to St. Francis Hospital of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. DELL. House Bill No. 455.

An Act to amend an act approved the twelfth day of June, one thousand nine hundred and thirteen, entitled "An Act to increase the powers of courts in summary proceedings for desertion or non-support of wives, children or aged parents, by directing that imprisonment in such cases be at hard labor in such institution as the court shall name with wages payable to the wives, children or parents; providing for the disbursement of moneys collected on forfeitures of bonds, bail-bonds, or recognizances; and by empowering such courts to appoint desertion probation officers for the performance of such duties as the court shall direct; and providing for the payment of the expenses incident to the carrying out of this act."

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

By Mr. SHAABER. House Bill No. 456.

An Act to exempt bequests or devises in trust for the perpetual care and preservation of burial lots or graves therein from the payment of collateral inheritance tax.

Referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. LANDIS. House Bill No. 457.

An Act to amend section two of an act entitled "An Act for the better protection of the wild birds known as the turtle or mourning-dove, the killdeer plover, and the bird commonly called the blackbird in Pennsylvania, and prescribing penalties for violation of its provisions," approved the twenty-first day of March, Anno Domini, one thousand nine hundred and thirteen, Pamphlet Laws 8, by extending the power to destroy birds commonly called blackbirds.

Referred to the Committee on Game.

By Mr. SINCLAIR. House Bill No. 458.

An Act providing for the publication and distribution of a revised edition of the railroad map of Pennsylvania, heretofore issued by the Department of Internal Affairs; making an appropriation for the work of revising, compiling and proof-reading; and an appropriation for printing, binding and mounting the same, and for paper.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. THEODORE CAMPBELL. House Bill No. 459.

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-fourth day of May, one thousand eight hundred eighty-seven, entitled "An Act to regulate the practice of pharmacy and sale of poisons, and to prevent adulterations in drugs and medicinal preparations in the State of Pennsylvania," as amended.

Referred to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

By Mr. WOODS. House Bill No. 460.

An Act establishing in Indiana County a certain section of public road as a State highway and providing for its construction and maintenance at the expense of the Commonwealth.

Referred to the Committee on Public Roads.

By Mr. E. E. JONES. House Bill No. 461.

An Act making an appropriation to the Simon H. Barnes Memorial Hospital, of Susquehanna, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. E. E. JONES. House Bill No. 462.

An Act to amend an act approved the thirteenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred and seven, entitled "An Act to authorize county commissioners, for the purpose of encouraging agriculture and the holding of county agricultural exhibitions, to pay annually one thousand dollars to the incorporated agricultural associations, paying premiums on agricultural exhibits, holding an annual exhibition in the county; providing for the filing of sworn statement by the claimant or claimants with the county commissioners relative to said exhibition; and providing for the repayment to the county by the State of the sum so paid," as amended.

Referred to the Committee on Agriculture.

By Mr. E. E. JONES. House Bill No. 463.

An Act to establish as a "State Highway" a certain section of public road in Susquehanna County.

Referred to the Committee on Public Roads.

By Mr. HESS. House Bill No. 464.

An Act relating to balloons and imposing a penalty.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. E. E. JONES. House Bill No. 465.

An Act to establish as a "State Highway" a certain section of public road in Wyoming and Susquehanna Counties.

Referred to the Committee on Public Roads.

By Mr. MILLIRON. House Bill No. 466.

An Act to amend an act approved the eighteenth day of June, one thousand eight hundred ninety-five, entitled "An Act to provide for the more effectual protection of the public health in the several municipalities of this Commonwealth."

Referred to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

By Mr. GIBSON. House Bill No. 467.

An Act making an appropriation to the Home for the Friendless, of the City of Williamsport, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. GIBSON. House Bill No. 468.

An Act making an appropriation to the Williamsport Hospital, of the City of Williamsport, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. GIBSON. House Bill No. 469.

An Act making an appropriation to the Aged Colored Women's Home at Williamsport, Lycoming County, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. GOODYEAR. House Bill No. 470.

An Act making an appropriation to the Church of the Brethren, Home for the Aged, Cumberland County, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. GOODYEAR. House Bill No. 471.

An Act making an appropriation to the Todd Hospital, at Carlisle, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. LUPPERT. House Bill No. 472.

An Act making an appropriation to the Girl's Training School of Williamsport, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. LUPPERT. House Bill No. 473.

An Act making an appropriation to the Boys' Industrial Home, at Williamsport, Lycoming County, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. LUPPERT. House Bill No. 474.

An Act making an appropriation to the Florence Crittenton Mission of the City of Williamsport, Lycoming County, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. ARTHUR. House Bill No. 475.

An Act making an appropriation to the Stetson Hospital, of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. EVANS. House Bill No. 476.

An Act regulating the sale of vinous, spirituous, malt and brewed liquors and admixtures thereof, by limiting the hours during which said vinous, spirituous, malt and brewed liquors may be sold, and providing a penalty for violation thereof.

Referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

By Mr. WYLIE. House Bill No. 477.

An Act making an appropriation to the Columbia Hospital, Wilkinsburg, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. NEVILLE. House Bill No. 478.

An Act making an appropriation to the Trustees of the State Hospital for the Insane for the Southeastern District of Pennsylvania, located at Norristown.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. WYNNE. House Bill No. 479.

An Act making an appropriation to the Pittston Hospital Association of Pittston, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. McNICHOL. House Bill No. 480.

An Act making an appropriation to the Philadelphia Association for the Protection of Colored Women.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. McNICHOL. House Bill No. 481.

An Act to repeal an act approved the fifteenth day of June, one thousand eight hundred seventy-one, entitled "An Act relating to the assessment of damages for the appropriation of land for public use."

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

By Mr. McNICHOL. House Bill No. 482.

An Act to amend an act approved the fourteenth day of April, one thousand nine hundred and three, entitled "An Act for the creation and government of a division of the State Library for the preservation of public records by establishing the office of supervisor of public records with general supervision over the care and custody and condition of public records of the several counties, cities and boroughs of this Commonwealth.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

By Mr. McNICHOL. House Bill No. 483.

An Act defining paint, to prevent deception in sale of paint; to provide for true labels for and advertising of, the same when offered for sale; for the enforcement of this act by the Secretary of Agriculture and Penalties for the violation of same.

Referred to the Committee on Manufactures.

By Mr. McNICHOL. House Bill No. 484.

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-fifth day of May, one thousand nine hundred seven, entitled "An Act creating an art jury for cities of the first class, and prescribing its powers and duties."

Referred to the Committe on Municipal Corporations.

By Mr. GARNER. House Bill No. 485.

An Act making an appropriation to the Trustees of the State Hospital for Injured Persons of the Anthracite Coal

Region of Pennsylvania at Fountain Springs near Ashland Schuylkill County, Pennsylvania to cover a deficiency.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. HABGOOD. House Bill No. 486.

An Act relating to publication of notices required by the Constitution and laws of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in newspapers in said Commonwealth.

Referred to the Committee on Printing.

By Mr. FRETZ. House Bill No. 487.

An Act making an appropriation to the Grand View Hospital, located near Sellersville, Bucks County, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. REYNOLDS. House Bill No. 488.

A Supplement to an act entitled "An Act to encourage and authorize the formation of co-operative banking association where the profits derived from the business, after paying all legitimate expenses, shall accrue to the depositors and borrowers of the association in proportion to their deposits or loans," approved the eighteenth day of May, one thousand eight hundred ninety-three; and providing for the conversion of co-operative banking associations into banks of discount and deposit under certain regulations.

Referred to the Committee on Banks.

SENATE MESSAGE.

SENATE BILLS FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced presented for concurrence bills numbered and entitled as follows:

Senate Bill No. 46 (House No. 480).

An Act authorizing the district attorneys of certain counties to appoint a secretary prescribing the duties fixing the salary and providing for payment of the same

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Senate Bill No. 47 (House Bill No. 490).

An Act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act to fix the fees to be allowed the district attorneys in the several counties of this Commonwealth having seven hundren fifty thousand inhabitants and less than one million two hundred thousand" approved May sixth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Senate Bill No. 48 (House Bill No. 491).

An Act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act to amend section one of an act entitled 'An Act providing for the appointment of assistant district attorneys in the several counties of this Commonwealth having seven hundred and fifty thousand and less than one million two hundred thousand inhabitants prescribing the powers and duties and fixing the salaries of the said assistant district attorneys' approved the twenty-fifth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred seven so as to increase the salary of the first assistant district attorney and to provide for the classification of the other assistant district attorneys for whose appointment provision is made by said act as second third and fourth assistants and assistants and to increase the salary of some and to decrease the salary of others of said assistant district attorneys" approved May sixth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred nine so as to increase the salary of some of the assistant district attorneys and to provide for the appointment of two more assistant district attorneys and fixing the salaries of the same

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Senate Bill No. 63 (House Bill No. 492).

An Act relating to moneys heretofore deposited in State Treasury prior to December thirty-first Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen by the State Highway Department as fees for registration of motor-vehicles and the licensing of operators and making an appropriation thereof

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

Senate Bill No. 93 (House Bill No. 493).

An Act making it unlawful for any insurance company or association issuing health or accident policies to cancel the same except upon written application and consent of the insured and providing penalties for violations of its provisions

Referred to the Committee on Insurance.

Senate Bill No. 30 (House Bill No. 494).

An Act amending section seven of an act entitled "An Act to establish a county court for the county of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof" approved the fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven as amended by changing the practice in desertion and non-support cases

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Also Senate Bill No. 29 (House Bill No. 495).

An Act amending section eight of an act entitled "An Act to establish a county court for the county of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof" approved the fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven by changing the practice of the court with regard to trial by jury and further amending section nine of said act as supplemented and amended by section four of an act approved April second nineteen hundred and thirteen and by section one of an act approved May twenty-third nineteen hundred and thirteen by providing that appeals from the judgment of the court in all civil actions shall be taken by leave of the court of common pleas and prescribing the practice and the powers of the court of common pleas. Amending sections eight and nine of an act entitled "An Act to establish a county court for the county of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof" approved the fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven as amended by changing the practice of the court with regard to trial by jury and by providing that appeals from the judgment of the court in all civil actions shall be taken by leave of the court of common pleas and prescribing the practice and the powers of the court of common pleas in such cases.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Also Senate Bill No. 28 (House Bill No. 496).

An Act to further amend section two of an act entitled "An Act to establish a county court for the county of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof" approved the fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven as amended by an act entitled "An Act to amend section two of an act entitled 'An Act to establish a county court for the county of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof' approved the fifth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven and changing the election of the judges therein mentioned from the general election to the municipal election as now providing by law in accordance with the requirements of the Constitution of Pennsylvania" approved the sixth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven by increasing the salaries of the judges of said court.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Also Senate Bill No. 36 (House Bill No. 497).

An Act authorizing the surrender and delivery of mortgages and writings obligatory secured thereby given to the Commonwealth and the satisfaction of the record thereof when full payment has been made.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Also Senate Bill No. 27 (House Bill No. 498).

A further supplement to an act entitled "An Act to establish a county court for the county of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof" approved the fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven constituting the said court the juvenile court of said county and prescribing its organization jurisdiction and powers therein and otherwise.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

REPORT OF COMMISSION ON REVISION AND AMENDMENT OF PENAL LAWS.

The Chair laid before the House the Report of the Commission created by Act No. 755 of the Legislature of 1913, to consider a revision and amendment of the Penal Laws of the State so as to provide for the employment and compensation of prisoners.

Which was ordered to be noted on the Journal and printed at length in the Appendix to the Legislative Journal.

(See Appendix).

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. RONEY, from the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, reported as committed, House Bill No. 295, entitled:

An Act to protect the public health in cities of the first class in this Commonwealth, and for that purpose, creating in the Department of Public Health and Charities four Bureaus to be called the Bureaus of Hospitals and Charities, Health, Sanitation and Housing; said Bureaus to have the supervision and control in said cities of Hospitals and Charities, Health, Sanitation and Housing, as herein set forth, and other matters affecting the public welfare, so far as regards the use and occupancy of all buildings and the appurtenances thereto, occupied in whole or in part, as placed of residence by more than two families living separate and apart and providing for themselves; also the licensing, supervision and control, and the use of lodging, rooming, apartment and tenement houses, fixing the responsibility for violations of any of the provisions of this act, and also giving power to said Bureaus to make rules and regulations to govern certain conditions affecting health, and sanitation, and the licensing of certain trades, industries, and premises, and providing for punishments and penalties for violations of any of the rules and regulations made by the Department of Public Health and Charities, or by any of its Bureaus, under the powers granted by this act; also providing for the filing of liens, also providing for the inspection by the Bureau of Building Inspection and the Fire Marshal of said cities of the first class, and repealing all laws inconsistent herewith.

Mr. W. H. WILSON, from the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, reported as committed, House Bill No. 205, entitled:

An Act to regulate the practice of Optometry in the State of Pennsylvania, to provide for the establishment of a Board of Optometric Examiners, to provide for the examining and licensure of Optometrists in this State, to provide for the enforcement of the provisions thereof by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure of the Department of Public Instruction and to provide penalties for the violation of this act.

Mr. BENNINGER, from the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, reported as committed, House Bill No. 110, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twelfth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirteen, entitled "An Act providing for the establishment and maintenance of boards of health in boroughs and townships of the first class, and defining their powers and duties; providing for the appointment of members of such boards of health by the president of the borough councils, or by the chairmen of the board of commissioners of such townships; providing for the election of a secretary and a health officer; providing that the Commissioner of Health may take charge of the administration of health laws in any borough or township of the first class, when conditions therein, in his opinion, constitute a menace to the lives or health of the people living outside the corporate limits of such borough or township of the first class, or when it may be known to him that such borough or township of the first class is without an existing or efficient board of health; and providing the manner in which the expenses of boards of health or of the Commissioner of Health, incurred in administering health laws in any borough or township of the first class shall be paid.

Mr. HUBLER, from the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, reported as committed, House Bill No. 251, entitled:

An Act defining optometry and relating to the right to practice optometry in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, and making certain exceptions; and providing a Bureau of Optometrical Education, Examination and Licensure as a Bureau of the Department of Public Instruction; and means and methods whereby the right to practice optometry may be obtained; and providing for the means to carry out the provisions of this act; and providing for the revocation or suspension of licenses given by said Bureau; and providing penalties for violations thereof, and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent therewith.

Mr. NEVILLE, from the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, reported as committed, House Bill No. 135, entitled:

An Act defining drugs and defining and regulating the peddling thereof.

LEAVES OF ABSENCE.

Mr CURRY asked and obtained leave of absence for Mr. Gransback on account of illness for the balance of the week.

Mr. McCAIG asked and obtained leave of absence for Mr. Sullivan for the balance of the week.

Mr. BOVEE asked and obtained leave of absence for Mr. Kitts on account of illness for the balance of the week.

PETITION.

PRAYING FOR AMENDMENT OF GAME LAWS.

Mr. LINDSEY presented the petition of citizens of Warren County asking for the amendment of the Game Laws.

Which was referred to the Committee on Game.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order.

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 66, as follows:

An Act making a deficiency appropriation to the trustees of Temple University

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars ($25,000.00) is hereby specifically appropriated to the trustees of Temple University for the erection of a building for the College of Liberal Arts and Sciences and the Teachers' College being the amount appropriated to said trustees by act approved the twenty-fifth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act making an appropriation to the trustees of Temple University" but which amount through inadvertence on the part of said trustees was not paid but reverted to the State Treasury

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, just a word of explanation in reference to this bill.

At the session of 1913 there was passed and approved by the Governor an appropriation bill carrying with it $25,000 for the purpose of the erection of a building for the College of Libery Arts and Sciences and the Teachers' College, at Temple University, Philadelphia. Through some inadvertence, the Trustees failed to take this money from the State Treasury and it thereby reverted to the Commonwealth within the time allowed by law.

The purpose of this bill is merely to re-appropriate that $25,000 which they failed to take by reason of that oversight.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS.—192.

Adams,	Garner,	Marvin,	Shoop,
Albee,	Geary,	Mather,	Showalter,
Alcorn,	Geiser,	McAndle,	Sinclair,
Alexander,	Gibson,	McCaig,	Smith, J. W.,
Arnold,	Gingery,	McClintock,	Smith, Jeff. W.
Aron,	Glass,	McClure,	Smith, L.,
Arthur,	Glenn,	McConnell,	Snyder,
Baldwin,	Gompers,	McCurdy.	Sones,
Bauerle,	Goodnough,	McDermott,	Spencer,
Beck,	Goodyear,	McKay,	Statler,
Becker,	Gormley,	McNichol,	Staving,
Benn,	Graham,	McVicar,	Steedle,
Benninger,	Gransback,	Mearkle,	Stern,
Bergy,	Greenwood,	Mellott,	Stone,
Beyer,	Habgood,	Metzenbacher,	Swan.,
Blackburn,	Hackett.	Milliron,	Swartz,
Body,	Hamilton,	Murdoch,	Taylor,
Bovee,	Harper,	Murphy,	Thomas,
Brosius,	Heffernan,	Myers,	Trach,
Brownlee,	Herman,	Neville,	Twibill,
Brumbaugh,	Hess,	Nissley,	Urich,
Bungard,	Heyburn,	Oaks,	Vickerman,
Campbell, T.,	Hibshman,	Ostrander,	Vogdes,
Christman,	Hoffman,	Palmer,	Wagner,
Coldsmith,	Hollern,	Perry,	Walsh,
Conner,	Hollingsworth,	Peters,	Walter,
Corbin,	Horton,	Phillips,	Walton,
Cox,	Howarth,	Pickering,	Watson,
Cromer,	Hubler,	Powell,	Weaver,
Curry,	Jack,	Ramsey,	Weimer,
Davis,	Jones, E. E.,	Reel,	Weir,
Dawson,	Jones, W. W.,	Reynolds,	West,
Dell,	Kaiser,	Rhoads,	Wettach,
Diefenderfer,	Klinger,	Rich,	Whitaker,
Drinkhouse,	Kuhn,	Richards,	Whitten,
Dunn,	Kunkle,	Rininger,	Wildman,
Eby,	Lafferty,	Rinn,	Willard,
Ehrhardt,	Landis,	Robertson,	Williams,
Eppley,	Lanius,	Roney,	Wilson, H. I.,
Erdman,	Lauer,	Rothenberger,	Wilson, W. H.,
Evans,	Lauler,	Rowell,	Wobensmith,
Fackler,	Leighner,	Rudisill,	Wood,
Finnerty,	Lindsey,	Sampsel,	Woodward,
Flynn,	Lipschutz,	Sarig,	Wylie,
Forster,	Love,	Schaeffer,	Wynne,
Fretz,	Luppert,	Scott,	Young,
Fruit,	Luxemburger,	Shaaber,	Ambler,
Gallagher,	Lynch,	Shaffer,	Speaker.
Gans,	Mangan,		

NAYS.—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered. That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order.

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 76, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to refund to the Crawford County Trust Company a corporation of Meadville Crawford County Pennsylvania moneys erroneously paid into the State treasury

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS.—197.

Adams,	Fruit,	Mangan,	Showalter,
Albee,	Gallagher,	Marvin,	Sinclair,
Alcorn,	Gans,	Mather,	Smith, J. W.,
Alexander,	Garner,	Maurer,	Smith, Jeff. W.
Arnold,	Geary,	McArdle,	Smith, L.,
Aron,	Geiser,	McCaig,	Snyder,
Arthur,	Gibson,	McClintock,	Sones,
Baldwin,	Gingery,	McClure,	Spencer,
Barnett,	Glass,	McConnell,	Statler,
Bauerle,	Glenn,	McCurdy,	Staving,
Beck,	Gompers,	McDermott,	Steedle,
Becker,	Goodnough,	McKay,	Stein,
Benn,	Goodwin,	McNichol,	Stern,
Benninger,	Goodyear,	McVicar,	Stone,
Bergy,	Gormley,	Mearkle,	Swan,
Berntheizel,	Graham,	Mellott,	Swartz,
Beyer,	Gransback,	Metzenbacher,	Taylor,
Blackburn,	Greenwood,	Milliron,	Thomas,
Body,	Habgood,	Murdoch,	Trach,
Bovee,	Hackett,	Murphy,	Twibill,
Brosius,	Hamilton,	Myers,	Urich,
Brownlee,	Harper,	Neville,	Vickerman,
Brumbaugh,	Heffernan,	Nieder,	Vogdes,
Bungard,	Herman,	Nissley,	Wagner,
Campbell, J. O.,	Hess,	Oaks,	Walsh,
Campbell, T.,	Heyburn,	Ostrander,	Walter,
Christman,	Hibshman,	Palmer,	Walton,
Coldsmith,	Hoffman,	Perry,	Watson,
Conner,	Hollern,	Peters,	Weaver,
Corbin,	Hollingsworth,	Phillips,	Weimer,
Cox,	Horton,	Pickering,	Weir,
Cromer,	Howarth,	Powell,	West,
Cummins,	Hubler,	Ramsey,	Wettach,
Curry,	Jack,	Reel,	Whitaker,
Davis,	Jones, E. E.,	Reynolds,	Whitten,
Dawson,	Jones, W. W.,	Rhoads,	Wildman,
Dell,	Kaiser,	Rich,	Willard,
Diefenderfer,	Klinger,	Richards,	Williams,
Dodds,	Kuhn,	Rininger,	Wilson, H. I.,
Drinkhouse,	Kunkle,	Rinn,	Wilson, W. H.,
Dunn,	Lafferty,	Robertson,	Wobensmith,
Eby,	Landis,	Roney,	Wood,
Ehrhardt,	Lanius,	Rothenberger,	Woodward,
Eppley,	Louler,	Rowell,	Wylie,
Erdman,	Leighner,	Rudisill,	Wynne,
Evans,	Lindsey,	Sarig,	Young,
Fackler,	Lipschutz,	Schaeffer,	Ambler,
Finnerty,	Love,	Scott,	Speaker.
Flynn,	Luppert,	Shaaber,	
Forster,	Luxemburger,	Shaffer,	
Fretz,	Lynch,	Shoop,	

NAYS.—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order.

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 206, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation for the payment of the expense of publication of amendments to the Constitution for the three years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and twelve and directing the Auditor-General and the State Treasurer to cause the same to be paid.

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and its is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the additional sum of forty-six thousand and forty dollars and eighty cents ($46,040.80) is hereby specifically appropriated for the payment of the expenses already incurred for the publication in the various newspapers of this Commonwealth of the several amendments to the Constitution of this Commonwealth for the three fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and twelve which expense for these three fiscal years shall be adjusted and paid as follows In the case of newspapers that published any other State advertising ordered by any state department since June first one thousand nine hundred and thirteen at the same rate that this Commonwealth approved and paid for such state advertising In the case of newspapers which published no other state advertising ordered by any state department since June first one thousand nine hundred and thirteen at the rate they were respectively paid for the Constitutional amendments published in any of the following years one thousand nine hundred and nine one thousand nine hundred and ten and one thousand nine hundred and eleven and the Auditor-General is hereby directed to certify and the State Treasurer to pay the same within twenty days after the passage of this act

And the said bill having been read at length the third time and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I regret exceedingly that any additional time of the House should be taken up on this matter, and yet I feel it imperative that at least my position on this bill be made clear and stated as distinctly as I am able to state it. If this were the ordinary appropriation bill appropriating forty-six thousand dollars or thereabouts for the purposes specified in the bill, I would have no objection to it, but would support it, but the thing that constrains me from supporting it is the amendment which was voted into the bill during the session of last evening. If the members will turn to the bill on File Folio 187, they will find that the original bill contained the phraseology that this money was specifically appropriated for the payment of expenses already incurred as shown by bills rendered. The amendment struck out the words "as shown by bills rendered", and added the following:

"Which expense for these three fiscal years shall be adjusted and paid as follows In the case of newspapers that published any other State advertising ordered by any state department since June first one thousand nine hundred and thirteen at the same rate that this Commonwealth approved and paid for such state advertising In the case of newspapers which published no other state advertising ordered by any state department since June first one thousand nine hundred and thirteen at the rate they were respectively paid for the Constitutional amendments published in any of the following years one thousand nine hundred and nine one thousand nine hundred and ten and one thousand nine hundred and eleven and the Auditor-General is hereby directed to certify and the State Treasurer to pay the same within twenty days after the passage of this act

The language which was stricken out by the amendment appeared in that section of the General Deficiency bill which appropriated one hundred thousand dollars for this same specific purpose and which this House repudiated, passing that item with that language stricken out, but I fail to see upon an examination of the amendment as now in the bill the difference between that language and the language of the amendment inserted. The amendment inserted fixes a flat rate to my mind by which the Auditor-General is directed, irrespective as to the fairness and honesty of the claims presented, to pay those bills in just the same way as if the language were left as it originally was "As per bills rendered."

Now, Mr. Speaker, I would be the last man in this House to object to the payment of any bill which is just and fair. I have no objection to any claim which may be presented to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania for services rendered, just so long as that claim is proper and just. I took the trouble this morning of going to the Auditor-General's office to ascertain what the real reason for the refusal of the Auditor-General to pay these bills for the advertising of Constitutional Amendments was. I there received the information that there was no objection to the payment for services rendered and for the advertisement provided that the bills which would be rendered for that advertisement were fair, honest and just, and compared favorably with like advertising in other papers in this Commonwealth. I am merely going to call the attention of the House to what these bills are, bearing in mind that the Constitutional Amendment which is authorized by the Secretary of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to be advertised in the newspapers of this State, is the same, in the number of words, and the same in the amount of space which is taken up by it in each and every newspaper, and the Constitutional Amendment can only be advertised, I take it, in only one way, and that is the same way in every newspaper which takes that advertising and inserts it in its columns.

Now, when we come to the business end of this proposition we are confronted with the thought of what is a reasonable and fair basis for the payment of advertising of this kind, and in order that we might arrive at a proper

conclusion I take it, sir, that one of the necessary and essential features that must be taken into consideration is the circulation of the newspaper in which the advertisement is inserted. Now, the gentleman from McKean County has frankly stated to the members of this House that he is either the owner or manager of the paper published in McKean County, known as the "Bradford Star-Record." Am I correct, Mr. Habgood?

Mr. HABGOOD. Do you wish to interrogate me?

Mr. W. H. WILSON. No. Mr. Speaker, that newspaper has a circulation, I am informed of fifty-two hundred. There was charged by that newspaper for the advertisement in question seventeen and one-half cents a line, and for the advertisement in question the total sum of dollars eleven hundred and fourteen dollars and seventy-five cents. Now, I merely want to call the attention of the House to the amount of that bill, as compared with the bills rendered for precisely the same advertisement by other large newspapers in the State. In Allegheny County "The Pittsburgh Press," which has a circulation of one hundred and twenty-five thousand three hundred and eighty-five presented a bill for the same kind of advertising, amounting to $1,378.00. In Berks County the "Reading Eagle," which has the largest circulation of any paper issued in Reading, 21,670, presented a bill for the same advertising for $296.80. In Erie, the newspaper of largest circulation there, is the "Erie Times," having a circulation of 23,400, and presented a bill for the same advertising amounting to $1,060.00. In Lackawanna County, the Scranton "Scrantonian," having a circulation of 26,670, presented bills for the same advertising, amounting to $689.00. In Luzerne County, the "Wilkes-Barre Record," which has a circulation of 15,500, charged for the same advertising $1,378.00. In Philadelphia, the Philadelphia "Inquirer," having a circulation of 196,202, charged for the same advertising $1,693.00; the "North American," having a circulation of 196,254, charged $1,638.00; the Philadelphia "Record," having a circulation of 176,766, charged for the same advertising, $1,548.75. A mere casual glance will show the comparison between the cost of advertising, as per bills rendered, in the largest newspapers from one end of the State to the other, to be out of all proportion to the bills presented from McKean County, of nearly eleven hundred and some odd dollars. Now, the only position that the Auditor-General takes is that it would be unfair to ask the State Treasurer to pay, advertising being largely based upon the number of circulation, bills which are so out of proportion to those rendered by other newspapers in the State. He has no objection to what is right and fair. He is willing and I am informed attempted to get the other newspapers whose bills were in question to pare down their bills so as to come within reason with the assurance that as soon as that was done and the money appropriated no objection to the payment of these bills would be raised.

Now, the purpose of this bill is to deprive the Auditor-General of the very power which is vested in him, to wit, the auditing of bills presented against this Commonwealth. If you pass a bill such as this, in the shape this is in, you are saying to the people of Pennsylvania that it makes no difference to us whether we have an Auditor-General, whose duty it is to scan the bills as presented, to pass upon their fairness and reasonableness, but you are saying to the people of Pennsylvania that irrespective of what the amount of that bill is, irrespective of its fairness and reasonableness, that it must be paid in accordance with a certain fixed rate. Now, in doing that, to my mind, you are depriving the Auditor-General, by legislation, of the rights which the Constitution gives him, of auditing the accounts. You are taking away from him the powers vested in him by his office.

Irrespective of what kind or character or description the bill is all that is necessary is to present it to the Auditor-General, forsooth, by reason of the provisions of this bill he must O. K. it and pass it on to the State Treasurer for payment. I have no interest one way or the other in this matter; it is absolutely nothing personal to me but I do feel, in justice to myself, and I feel that every other member of this House in justice to himself and to this House, before he votes on such a proposition as this he should consider, as I have said before, if this is simply an appropriation bill for forty-six thousand dollars and whether these bills are proper and whatsoever, if there is any, what the objection to them may be, but when you do pass the bill to make such an appropriation and then put the rope around its neck so that you cannot swerve from the right or to the left and that your hands are tied absolutely and bound, then my conscience dictates to me that I am obliged to vote against this bill.

POINT OF ORDER.

Mr. LIPSCHUTZ. Mr. Speaker.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Lipschutz.

Mr. LIPSCHUTZ. Mr. Speaker, I rise to a point of order.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman will state his point of order.

Mr. LIPSCHUTZ. Mr. Speaker, my point of order, in the first place is: That this act is unconstitutional as the title does not give sufficient notice as to that which is covered by the act itself. In a general appropriation bill it permits more than one title. The title can be covered by many subjects. In this bill the amendment brings up a separate and distinct subject not covered by the title and this being in a general appropriation bill the act is unconstitutional.

The SPEAKER. Under the rules, the gentleman has the right to submit a constitutional point of order to the House. Shall the point of order be sustained by the House?

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I certainly don't agree with the gentleman who thinks that the act is unconstitutional. This House has the power to direct any of its public officials in their action. This bill does nothing more than that. If the directions in this bill are unwise the House can vote the bill down. There is no doubt at all but what this body has the right to direct any of the public officials. This is one of the duties of a department in the management of the affairs of the State. In the absence of legislation, that official has a wide latitude but in many of the affairs of our different departments in this State the Legislature has in its wisdom not given them any latitude in specific cases. Here is one of those specific cases where the House has opportunity, if it thinks it wise, to direct that a public official shall do this or do so. I certainly don't agree with the gentleman that we are exceeding our constitutional rights in directing a public official to do a certain thing.

Mr. LIPSCHUTZ. Mr. Speaker, I ask your indulgence in order that I may read an opinion from Pennsylvania State Reports No. 161, page 586, by Justice Mitchell, May 21st, 1894:

"It is uncontroverted therefore that the legislature could do the substantial thing, and the only question is whether it could do it in the present form. In general, it will not be disputed that the legislature is the exclusive judge of the form in which its enactments shall be put, and its mandate in that respect cannot be questioned unless it transgresses a plain prohibition in the constitution. The only provision invoked here is section 15 of article 3, 'the general appropriation bill shall embrace nothing, but appropriations for the ordinary expenses of the executive, legislative and judicial departments of the Commonwealth,' etc."

Quoting further from Pennsylvania State Reports No. 58, page 233:

"It further objects that the act in question is contrary to the 8th section of the first amendment of 1857: 'No bill shall be passed by the legislature containing more than one subject, which shall be clearly expressed in the title, except appropriation bills.' The ground assigned by the Commonwealth, is that the title of the act does not indicate many of its provisions. The title is 'An Act to establish criminal courts for Dauphin, Lebanon and Schuylkill Counties.' There was necessarily included in the act provisions for the appointment and election of the judge as to who should act as clerk and how and by whom the grand and common jurors should be chosen and summoned. The people, in this amendment, never intended that the title of an act should be a complete index to its contents. It may be that the amendment is only directory, and even if otherwise, only that part of the law is void which is not referred to in the title; for both which positions respectable authorities in other States, where they have a similar constitutional provision, might be cited. It is not necessary to decide these questions. There is nothing in the act which is not embraced in the title, which does not relate and is

not cognate to the establishment of a criminal court in the counties named."

Ordinarily the title to the bill shall state but one subject, but it makes an exception where there are appropriation bills. Now what was done in this case? How cleverly the intention of the Legislature is covered over in that title to the act? It does not give us a scintilla of evidence of what goes into the amendment. I therefore state, sir, that in this bill that is now before the House it deprives the Auditor-eneral of his discretionary rights and this House has no right to do that and to say that he is no longer expected or it is not contemplated that we should exercise that right.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, the gentleman from Philadelphia made one of the best arguments that could be made for this very proposition rather than proving it as unconstitutional. He calls the House's attention to the fact that the judges states that the bill should be clear and direct as far as possible as to what a public officials shall do. Why, this amendment to this bill goes so far as to direct when it shall be paid. It clarifies the whole proposition—the amendment does. The case that my friend cites refers to an entirely different matter. The discussion of whether certain appropriations can be placed in the general appropriation bill and the reason why, given by the court, that certain bills should not be placed in the appropriation bill is here brought out. In the wisdom of the framers of the constitution were any such a provision placed under the constitution the general appropriation bill might have any matters thrust into it and the House would not know what it was voting on. This particular bill more clearly defines the intent of the Legislature, should they vote for it in this form, than any of the pending appropriation bills. It clarifies the situation and it makes plainer the intention of the Legislature. My friend would certainly not hold that the Legislature has not again and again and again by statute almost invariably where an office calling for a salary of over three thousand dollars stated the amount of money that might be paid for this particular service and this bill follows in that very line—that we are directing that for certain specific services rendered a certain sum of money shall be available and authorized. There is a reason why this bill differs from bills that are ordinarily passed in the House, and in my twelve years of experience I don't remember of an instance where we have specified as we have in this. There is a reason why and it was in the minds of some of the members of this House that we would particularize with this particular case and there must have been a reason or it would not have been done. What was the reason? Every member of this House knows what the reason was; because we have an Auditor-General who has acted differently from any other Auditor-General in the payment of certain expenses incurred. This House knows and the State knows that this Auditor-General has exercised, to a larger extent than any other Auditor-General, his own sweet will as to when he will pay a bill and that is why this is placed in the bill. I think most of the members of the House believe that that Auditor-General has gone too far in exercising his own judgment as to when he will pay a bill.

POINT OF ORDER.

Mr. RONEY. Mr. Speaker, I rise to a point of order. Is not the sole and only question before the House now the constitutional point of order raised by the gentleman from Philadelphia as to the constitutionality of this bill.

The SPEAKER. The point of order is well taken. The only question before the House is the constitutional point of order raised by the gentleman from Philadelphia.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I don't think that that point ought to be sustained on the question of whether it is constitutional. I have to some extent endeavored to clarify it by giving the reason for its being here; they are all legitimate reasons. The constitution intended that this Legislature should exercise all the powers it was entitled to. However, I am perfectly satisfied to allow it to go to a vote and then go back to the question before the House.

The SPEAKER. The question before the House is will the House sustain the constitutional point of order raised by the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Lipschutz.

The point of order was not sustained.

Mr. HABGOOD. Mr. Speaker, I am very sorry that it is necessary to take up the time of the House with remarks on this bill, but it seems to me now that there is an effort to try to bring about the passage of this amendment which was formerly overwhelmingly defeated and my second reason is the making of a personal attack upon only one newspaper involved in this bill and one person connected with that newspaper through a constitutional point of order. Every vote so far has been in favor of the bill as it is. Now, Mr. Speaker, if I may be permitted to be so immodest as to say that I don't like to have my friend Mr. Wilson, from Philadelphia, go on the floor of this House, and wish to say that I don't believe he means it when he says such words as "fair," "honest," etc. and just what is a reasonable and fair basis—I don't believe that he means to say to the members of this House and to the Speaker that be believes that in the particular bill which he cites and the only bill which he cites that there is some opposition to those standards which he is talking about. I cannot believe that the gentleman means such a thing. There is one or two points to which I want to call the attention of this House, Mr. Speaker and Gentlemen of the House, in this connection and I am perfectly willing to admit and believe that I think my friend, the gentleman from Philadelphia, is laboring under a misapprehension of what he undertakes to say to the House characterized by him as not "just" and not "honest" etc.

This is the point, one of them, which I wish to call to your attention that it was not only this particular bill of the Bradford Star Record, which is the correct name of the paper, which was cut, but three hundred papers as well as that paper throughout the State, and therefore it would seem to imply that the reason that these papers were all cut was because their bills were unfair, unjust and unreasonable, which I know he does not want you to believe, and which I do not believe the Auditor-General wants you to believe, and which I am sure the newspapers would not for one minute have you believe. Now, gentlemen, the situation is this with regard to the large papers and the smaller papers. When a large paper makes a rate per line it makes it on the basis of an agate line, and a agate line is the smallest type that can possibly be manufactured, and there is not a line of it in any newspaper office so far as I know outside of the very largest. There are fifteen agate lines to an inch and I submit to you that the newspapers have fixed their rates—there is only one paper which he cites and tries to pick out as being unfair, unjust and dishonest—are based on the basis of a minion line which is only nine lines to the inch. You take the rate charged by the large papers and multiply by twenty-five, if that is the rate by fourteen or fifteen lines to the inch and then take the smaller paper which can only get nine lines into the inch and multiply that by seventeen, and you will find out that there is not one of us attempting to collect the rates which you seem to have authorized, that it takes over double the space on that basis than it does on the other.

Now, gentlemen, there is nothing about this that needs to be put under cover; there is nothing that needs to be done in a private office away from everybody else. Let us understand the real truth of the matter. Would any man in this House say that the State of Pennsylvania should pay to the newspapers of this State the same rate that you pay to advertise for a hired girl in your home, or a house for sale or rent? That is one class of advertising, and there are many classes of advertising, yet the Auditor-General has asked many of these newspapers to take less than any one would pay for cash in advance for a "want Ad" per line.

Now, gentlemen, here is the situation. Take for instance, the theatres in your district. They are on the same basis, practically that the State is on, except that the State has a different attitude toward the paper than the theatre has, and see what the attitude of the theatre is in that particular. Every theatre, so far as I know, at least in our paper, pays us forty cents, and why? Because it pays for comparatively little of what it gets, and what it gets it is only too glad to pay for that. And we give them many "readers" of a semi-news character in this particular, and they are courteous enough and kind enough to come back to us with eight season tickets, and their tickets are for seats in the same place for all performances. And this is not only the case

of the one paper I know but all papers. And now, gentlemen, the State of Pennsylvania, has sent to my paper and to all the papers throughout this State every day from one to five to seven bulletins for the daily service from the Health Department, from the Dairy and Food Department, of the Foot and Mouth Disease of the State Veterinary Department, from the Forestry Department, and so on—from the Auditor-General's Department, if you please, Gentlemen of the House, and the Auditor-General has sent to my paper and to other papers in this State a statement within the last six months that took over three columns and a half and it was printed there for the good of the State and for the good of his Department. When he desires to state something for the benefit and information of this State the newspapers print it and then practically the only time that the State of Pennsylvania can pay for it then instead of reciprocating, instead of in any sense having any consideration for the newspapers, it assumes this attitude; "print everything free you can for us, and we will put you down to the pound of flesh, to the lowest possible basis we can figure on, and make you come in with the pound of flesh. Now, gentlemen, there are some things that should be considered in all fairness and in all justice. Let me call your attention here to another point. The consignments to this very paper which the gentleman sees fit to hold up singly and alone to seeming ridicule, to the insinuation at least, that it is dishonest and unfair, are two consignments from the State Treasurer as approved by the Auditor-General to this same paper, the Bradford Star Record. The first one in August, 1913 and one in July, 1914 for the very same rate that is charged in the constitutional amendment advertising for advertisements for the State of Pennsylvania. Now, gentlemen, I submit to you in all fairness to consider this as a question of common justice and common honesty. Did the Auditor-General rob or mulct the State when he paid those advertising bills? Why, certainly not. Did Auditor-General Young and Auditor-General Sisson rob and mulct the State when they approved those rates which these amendments call for either on this basis or the other basis or the basis paid three years ago, either one of the three? I have here a letter which I received permission by telegraph to use to-day, gentlemen, as I wired for it and as I would not use it without his permission—a personal letter which was written to me under date of December 11, 1913, and it is from a judge from one of the interior counties of the State and any of the members of the House or the Honorable Speaker who desires to see this letter can see it if they come to my desk, and it read as follows." In re the interview with State Treasurer Young"— This is the gentleman who passed these bills before on the basis which we want to put in here as the basis for settling these bills, and which you voted for overwhelmingly last night, and we ask you to stand by it to-day—"and stated that he had advised the Auditor-General in the beginning of last year that he was wrong, and gave him his views at the time,"—with regard to his position concerning this constitutional amendment advertising—"They were not well taken by Mr. Powell and Mr. Young. I made up my mind then never to mention the amendments to him again unless he first mentioned it to me. I thought at the time that he was wrong, and I think so yet." Gentlemen I appeal to you and to your kind intentions, and I ask you to support this bill on final passage as you did yesterday, in all common fairness to your papers.

Mr. CROMER. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, a great many of the gentlemen on this side of the House are becoming wearied by this prolonged discussion. We have remained quietly in our seats and listened to these gentlemen who have so ably, eloquently and impressively discussed this measure pro and con. We think we understand it thoroughly. We want to vote on it in a few minutes.

Mr. Speaker, I move the previous question.

The SPEAKER. The required number does not second the motion.

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I want to take up but a minute more of the time of the House. I listened attentively to the argument advanced by the gentleman from McKean and as near as I can make out it consists practically of one thing, that two wrongs make a right. He seemed to argue to the House that because bills of this character were o. k.'d by the previous Auditor-General that there should be no question raised as to the phraseology of this bill at this time. If this bill is defeated there is no harm done to the gentleman from McKean or anybody else having any claim of this character against the Commonwealth. They had, under the law, sixty days in which to appeal from the decision of the Auditor-General in refusing to pay these bills as rendered. Not availing themselves of that is no fault of this House, but as was said by the gentleman from Tioga last evening, when this matter was under discussion, and even now they do not come in with a bill and ask this House to give them the privilege to bring suit against the Commonwealth for these bills. I do not know what bills have been paid by the Auditor-General or what have been declined except I know this from the information obtained by me this morning, that a large number of the newspapers of this State, when their attention was called to the great difference to the bills presented and those presented by papers of much larger circulation, that they did pare their bills down in accordance with their wishes and the State Treasurer was thereby saved that much money. In many other instances, many of the newspapers which my friend represents refuse to pare down their bills one penny and that is the reason why these bills have not been paid.

Mr. HABGOOD. Mr. Speaker, I would like to interrogate the gentleman from Philadelphia.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman from McKean desires to interrogate the gentleman from Philadelphia. Will the gentleman from Philadelphia permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, certainly.

Mr. HABGOOD. Mr. Speaker, I would like to ask the gentleman where he got the information which he has just given us?

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I got my information from the Auditor-eneral's office this morning.

Mr. HABGOOD. Mr. Speaker, I would like to ask the gentleman who told him that.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Philadelphia permit himself to be further interrogated?

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I will. One of the attaches in the office, Mr. Rogers, in the absence of the Auditor-General, who was not there when I called.

Mr. HABGOOD. Then I would like to ask the gentleman, Mr. Speaker, or any other member, to appoint himself a committee of one to wait on the Auditor-General personally himself and ask him if the gentleman from Philadelphia was told the truth—at their leisure.

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I move you that the gentleman from McKean be so appointed a committee of one to wait upon the Auditor-General who is now present in the House.

Mr. CROMER. Mr. Speaker, was my motion seconded or not?

The SPEAKER. It was not.

Mr. CROMER. Mr. Speaker, it was seconded by a gentleman near me.

The SPEAKER. The Chair will state to the gentleman that to move the previous question requires twenty members to second the motion.

Mr. CROMER. Then I might have been short, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. DELL. Mr. Speaker, I would like to interrogate the gentleman from McKean.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman from Huntingdon desires to interrogate the gentleman from McKean. Will the gentleman from McKean permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. HABGOOD. Mr. Speaker, certainly.

Mr. DELL. Mr. Speaker, I would like to ask the gentleman to name the papers that in his judgment have been discriminated against; tell us where these papers are located and where they are politically.

Mr. HABGOOD. Mr. Speaker, I have a list here of between two and three hundred papers as published—

Mr. DELL. Mr. Speaker, we should like to have them read.

(Cries of No, No.)

Mr. HABGOOD (continuing) stating that these newspapers were cut, but I do not desire to tire the House, I assure you, with this list. You can se it, any of you, and see where the newspapers of your county are represented. You will find that the Republican and Democratic papers of

your county are represented in these cuts. In my own county I have the honor or the dishonor, as the verdict of the people might be, to run a Republican paper. There is also a Democratic paper published in our county from which the State Treasurer is now withholding over one thousand dollars for the three years, a weekly paper run by an old gentleman who is trying to make both ends meet, but he cannot do it without the money which the State is withholding.

These are facts, and I ask you men to vote as you think best in justice to your consciences.

POINT OF ORDER.

Mr. GLASS. Mr. Speaker, I rise to a point of order.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman will state his point of order.

Mr. GLASS. Mr. Speaker, my point of order is that this bill as amended is unconstitutional.

The SPEAKER. That point of order has already been decided by the House and is not well taken.

Mr. GLASS. I want to state my point, Mr. Speaker, that the question raised by the previous gentleman from Philadelphia is a little different from the point I will raise at this time. If the Speaker will indulge me I will state my point.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman will state his point of order.

Mr. GLASS. Mr. Speaker, the title of the bill discloses only one subject matter. The body of the bill as amended—

POINT OF ORDER.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I rise to a point of order.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman will state his point of order.

Mr. BALDWIN. My point of order is that this bill has already been decided by this House to be Constitutional. To raise that question now is out of order. A reconsideration of that vote might possibly be in order.

The SPEAKER. The point of order is well taken.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS.—123.

Adams,	Goodnough,	Mearkle,	Smith, Jeff. W.
Albee,	Goodyear,	Milliron,	Smith, L.,
Alcorn,	Gormley,	Murdoch,	Sones,
Arnold,	Hamilton,	Murphy,	Spangler,
Arthur,	Harper,	Myers,	Statler,
Baker,	Hefferman,	Neville,	Staving,
Baldwin,	Hess,	Nissley,	Steedle,
Bauerle,	Heyburn,	Ostrander,	Stein,
Becker,	Heffernan,	Palmer,	Stern,
Benn,	Hoffman,	Perry,	Swan,
Berntheizel,	Hollern,	Phillips,	Swartz,
Beyer,	Howarth,	Pickering,	Thomas,
Blackburn,	Hubler,	Powell,	Trach,
Christman,	Jack,	Ramsey,	Twibill,
Conner,	Kaiser,	Reel,	Urich,
Curry,	Klinger,	Reynolds,	Vickerman,
Dell,	Lafferty,	Rhoads,	Wagner,
Diefenderfer,	Landis,	Richards,	Walton,
Dodds,	Lanius,	Rininger,	Watson,
Drinkhouse,	Lauer,	Rinn,	Weimer,
Eby,	Lauler,	Robertson,	West,
Ehrhardt,	Leighner,	Rothenberger,	Wettach,
Evans,	Lindsey,	Rowell,	Whitten,
Flynn,	Luppert,	Sampsel,	Wildman,
Fretz,	Lynch,	Schaeffer,	Wilson, H. I.,
Fruit,	Mangan,	Scott,	Wood,
Gallagher,	McArdle,	Shaaber,	Woodward,
Gans,	McCaig,	Shaffer,	Wylie,
Garner,	McClure,	Shoop,	Young,
Gibson,	McConnell,	Sinclair,	Ambler,
Gompers,	McVicar,	Smith, J. W.,	Speaker.

NAYS.—60.

Benninger,	Finnerty,	Luxemburger,	Rudisill,
Bergy,	Forster,	Marvin,	Sarig,
Body,	Geiser,	Mather,	Showalter,
Brownlee,	Gingery,	Maurer,	Snyder,
Brumbaugh,	Glass,	McClintock,	Spencer,
Bungard,	Glenn,	McCurdy,	Stone,
Campbell, T.,	Goodwin,	McDermott,	Vogdes,
Coldsmith,	Graham,	McKay,	Walsh,
Corbin,	Hackett,	Mellott,	Walter,
Cox,	Herman,	Metzenbacher,	Weaver,
Cromer,	Hollingsworth,	Nieder,	Whitaker,
Davis,	Jones, E. E.,	Oaks,	Willard,
Dawson,	Kunkle,	Peters,	Williams,
Dunn,	Lipschutz,	Rich,	Wilson, W. H.,
Fackler,	Love,	Roney,	Wobensmith,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

REASONS FOR NOT VOTING.

Mr. HABGOOD. Mr. Speaker, on account of being directly interested in this bill I desire to be excused from voting.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman is excused from voting.

Mr. W. W. JONES. Mr. Speaker, I desire to be excused from voting, being directly interested in this bill.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman is excused from voting.

BILL SIGNED BY SPEAKER.

The Speaker announced that the Chief Clerk having reported that the following bill had passed both Houses of the General Assembly, and the same being correct, the title was publicly read as follows:

House Bill No. 11:

An Act authorizing the Secretary of Internal Affairs to appoint an assistant chief and a stenographer in the bureau of standards fixing their salary and increasing the salary of the chief of said bureau of standards

Whereupon,

The Speaker, in the presence of the House, signed the same.

RESOLUTION NO. 5.

Mr. W. H. WILSON asked and received unanimous consent to call up Concurrent Resolution No. 5, File Folio 223.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the resolution.

The Clerk then twice read the resolution as follows:

Whereas The great industrial Commonwealth of Pennsylvania has suffered more than any other State in the Union because of the present tariff and

Whereas Under its operation our important steel plants our textile mills and other industries have been operating only about one-half capacity and

Whereas The army of unemployed in our cities and towns has brought continued distress through inability to obtain proper food raiment and shelter and

Whereas We believe present conditions will become worse instead of better at the close of the war it is therfor

Resolved (If the House of Representatives concur), That the General Assembly of Pennsylvania now in session do request the Congress of the United States to repeal the present tariff law and replace it by a law giving adequate protection to our labor and industries and under normal conditions sufficient revenue to warrant the repeal of the present unjust and uncalled for special methods of taxation now in operation

On the question,

Will the House concur in the Resolution?

The yeas and nays were required by Mr. Herman and Mr. Geiser and were as follows:

YEAS.—154.

Adams,	Geary,	McArdle	Sones,
Albee,	Gibson,	McCaig,	Spangler,
Alcorn,	Glass,	McClintock,	Statler,
Alexander,	Goodnough,	McClure,	Staving,
Aron,	Goodwin,	McCurdy,	Steedle,
Arthur,	Goodyear,	McDermott,	Stein,
Baldwin,	Gormley,	McNichol,	Stern,
Bauerle,	Graham,	McVicar,	Stone,
Benn,	Greenwood,	Mearkle,	Swan,
Bergy,	Habgood,	Milliron,	Swartz,
Berntheizel,	Hackett,	Murdoch,	Thomas,
Beyer,	Hamilton,	Myers,	Twibill,
Blackburn,	Harper,	Neville,	Urich,
Bovee,	Heffernan,	Nieder,	Vogdes,
Brosius,	Hess,	Nissley,	Wagner,
Brownlee,	Heyburn,	Oaks,	Walsh,
Brumbaugh,	Hibshman,	Ostrander,	Walter,
Bungard,	Hoffman,	Palmer,	Walton,
Campbell, T.,	Hollingsworth,	Perry,	Weaver,
Coldsmith,	Horton,	Phillips,	Weimer,
Conner,	Howarth,	Pickering,	Weir,
Corbin,	Hubler,	Ramsey,	Wettach,
Cox,	Jack,	Reel,	Whitaker,
Cromer,	Jones, E. E.,	Reynolds,	Whitten,
Curry,	Jones, W. W.,	Rhoads,	Wildman,
Davis,	Kaiser,	Rich,	Willard,
Dawson,	Klinger,	Richards,	Williams,
Dell,	Lafferty,	Rininger,	Wilson, H. I.,
Dodds,	Landis,	Robertson,	Wilson, W. H.,
Drinkhouse,	Lauer,	Roney,	Wobensmith,
Dunn,	Lauler,	Sampsel,	Wood,
Eby,	Leighner,	Schaeffer,	

Ehrhardt,	Lindsey,	Scott,	Woodward,
Evans,	Lipschutz,	Shaaber,	Wylie,
Fackler,	Love,	Shoop,	Young,
Forster,	Lynch,	Showalter,	Ambler,
Fretz,	Mangan,	Sinclair,	Speaker.
Fruit,	Marvin,	Smith, Jeff. W	
Gans,	Mather,	Smith, L.,	
Garner,		Snyder,	

NAYS.—39.

Baker,	Flynn,	Lanius,	Rothenberger,
Beck,	Gallagher,	Luppert,	Rudisill,
Becker,	Geiser,	Luxemburger,	Sarig,
Benninger,	Gingery,	Maurer,	Shaffer,
Body,	Glenn,	McKay,	Smith, J. W.,
Christman,	Gompers,	Mellott,	Spencer,
Diefenderfer,	Herman,	Metzenbacher,	Taylor,
Eppley,	Hollern,	Murphy,	Trach,
Erdman,	Kuhn,	Peters,	West,
Finnerty,	Kunkle,	Rinn,	Wynne,

So the question was determined in the affirmative and the resolution was concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 71, entitled:

An Act transferring from one fund to another certain moneys appropriated to the Dairy and Food Division of the Department of Agriculture

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—183.

Adams,	Garner,	McArdle,	Smith, J. W.,
Alcorn,	Geiser,	McCaig,	Smith, Jeff. W
Alexander,	Gibson,	McClintock,	Smith, L.,
Arnold,	Gingery,	McClure,	Snyder,
Arthur,	Glass,	McConnell,	Sones,
Baker,	Gompers,	McCurdy,	Spangler,
Baldwin,	Goodnough,	McDermott,	Spencer,
Bauerle,	Goodwin,	McNichol,	Statler,
Beck,	Goodyear,	McVicar,	Staving,
Benn,	Gormley,	Mearkle,	Steedle,
Benninger,	Graham,	Metzenbacher,	Stein,
Bergy,	Habgood,	Milliron,	Stern,
Berntheizel,	Hackett,	Murdoch,	Stone,
Beyer,	Hamilton,	Murphy,	Swan,
Blackburn,	Harper,	Myers,	Swartz,
Body,	Heffernan,	Neville,	Taylor,
Bovee,	Herman,	Nieder,	Thomas,
Brosius,	Hess,	Nissley,	Trach,
Brownlee,	Heyburn,	Oaks,	Twibill,
Brumbaugh,	Hibshman,	Ostrander,	Urich,
Bungard,	Hoffman,	Palmer,	Vickerman,
Campbell, T.,	Hollern,	Perry,	Vogdes,
Christman,	Hollingsworth,	Peters,	Wagner,
Coldsmith,	Horton,	Pickering,	Walsh,
Conner,	Howarth,	Powell,	Walter,
Corbin,	Hubler,	Ramsey,	Walton,
Cox,	Jack,	Reel,	Watson,
Cromer,	Jones, W. W.,	Reynolds,	Weaver,
Cummins,	Kaiser,	Rhoads,	Weimer,
Curry,	Klinger,	Rich,	Weir,
Davis,	Kuhn,	Richards,	West,
Dawson,	Kunkle,	Rinn,	Wettach,
Dell,	Lafferty,	Robertson,	Whitaker,
Diefenderfer,	Landis,	Roney,	Wildman,
Dodds,	Lanius,	Rothenberger,	Willard,
Drinkhouse,	Lauer,	Rowell,	Williams,
Dunn,	Lauler,	Rudisill,	Wilson, H. I.,
Eby,	Leighner,	Sampsel,	Wilson, W. H.,
Ehrhardt,	Lindsey,	Sarig,	Wobensmith,
Fackler,	Lipschutz,	Schaeffer,	Wood,
Finnerty,	Love,	Scott,	Woodward,
Flynn,	Luppert,	Shaaber,	Wylie,
Forster,	Luxemburger,	Shaffer,	Young,
Fretz,	Lynch,	Shoop,	Ambler,
Fruit,	Mangan,	Showalter,	Speaker.
Gallagher,	Mather,	Sinclair,	
Gans,			

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on Third Reading of House Bill No. 213, as follows:

An Act validating certain ordinances of cities and boroughs and the contracts or payments made in pursuance thereof

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That all ordinances of a city or borough heretofore becoming law and not recorded in the books kept for such purpose as required by law are hereby validated if (a) such ordinances have been legally published and if (b) the clerk or his successor or successors in office whose duty it was to record such ordinances does so record them within six months from the approval of this act All contracts or payments heretofore made in pursuance of any such ordinance are validated

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question.

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—190.

Adams,	Fruit,	McArdle,	Smith, J. W.,
Albee,	Gallagher,	McCaig,	Smith, Jeff. W.
Alcorn,	Gans,	McClintock,	Smith, L.,
Alexander,	Garner,	McClure,	Snyder,
Arnold,	Geary,	McConnell,	Sones,
Aron,	Geiser,	McCurdy,	Spangler,
Arthur,	Gibson,	McDermott,	Spencer,
Baker,	Gingery,	McKay,	Statler,
Baldwin,	Glass,	McNichol,	Staving,
Bauerle,	Glenn,	McVicar,	Steedle,
Beck,	Gompers,	Mearkle,	Stein,
Becker,	Goodnough,	Mellott,	Stern,
Benn,	Goodwin,	Metzenbacher,	Stone,
Bergy,	Gormley,	Milliron,	Swan,
Berntheizel,	Graham,	Murdoch,	Swartz,
Beyer,	Habgood,	Murphy,	Taylor,
Blackburn,	Hackett,	Myers,	Thomas,
Body,	Hamilton,	Neville,	Trach,
Bovee,	Harper,	Nieder,	Twibill,
Brosius,	Heffernan,	Nissley,	Urich,
Brumbaugh,	Herman,	Oaks,	Vickerman,
Bungard,	Hess,	Ostrander,	Vogdes,
Campbell, T.,	Heyburn,	Palmer,	Walsh,
Christman,	Hibshman,	Perry,	Wagner,
Coldsmith,	Hoffman,	Peters,	Walter,
Conner,	Hollern,	Phillips,	Walton,
Corbin,	Hollingsworth,	Pickering,	Watson,
Cox,	Horton,	Powell,	Weaver,
Cromer,	Howarth,	Ramsey,	Weimer,
Cummins,	Hubler,	Reel,	Weir,
Curry,	Jack,	Reynolds,	West,
Davis,	Jones, W. W.,	Rhoads,	Wettach,
Dawson,	Kaiser,	Rich,	Whitaker,
Dell,	Klinger,	Richards,	Whitten,
Diefenderfer,	Kuhn,	Rinn,	Wildman,
Dodds,	Kunkle,	Robertson,	Willard,
Drinkhouse,	Lafferty,	Roney,	Williams,
Dunn,	Landis,	Rothenberger,	Wilson, H. I.,
Eby,	Lanius,	Rowell,	Wilson, W. H.,
Ehrhardt,	Lauer,	Rudisill,	Wobensmith,
Eppley,	Lauler,	Sampsel,	Wood,
Erdman,	Leighner,	Sarig,	Woodward,
Evans,	Lindsey,	Schaeffer,	Wylie,
Fackler,	Lipschutz,	Scott,	Young,
Finnerty,	Love,	Shaaber,	Ambler,
Flynn,	Luxemburger,	Shaffer,	Speaker.
Forster,	Lynch,	Shoop,	
Fretz,	Mather,	Sinclair,	
	Maurer,		

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

SENATE MESSAGE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, presented to the House extracts from the Journal of the Senate which were laid upon the table.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 219, as follows:

An Act granting to boroughs and incorporated towns the right of eminent domain for certain purposes and regulating the procedure thereunder

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That all boroughs and incorporated towns may acquire enter upon take use and appropriate private property and also land heretofore granted or dedicated to public use or other use which is no longer used

for the purpose for which the same was granted or dedicated and also lands where the title is defective disputed or doubtful for the erection of a town hall hose house lockup and other buildings and works as are necessary for public municipal purposes within the corporate limits of such municipality whenever the council thereof shall by ordinance determine thereon

No land or property belonging to or used for any cemetery burying-ground or place of public worship shall be taken or appropriated in any manner under and by virtue of the provisions of this act

Section 2 Whenever the municipal authorities desire to acquire enter upon take use and appropriate any such private property or lands for any of such purposes they shall declare such intention by an ordinance duly enacted

Section 3 The compensation and damages arising from such taking using and appropriating of private property for the purposes aforesaid shall be considered ascertained determined awarded and paid in the manner hereinafter provided

Section 4 In cases where the municipal authorities and the owner or owners thereof cannot agree as to the price or damages to be paid or where land is held by any borough or town and the title of the borough or town is disputed by one or more claimants or where any claimant or owner or owners are unknown or where there are two or more owners or claimants and one or more of said owners or claimants are known and reside within the county within which the borough or town is situate and any other owner or owners or claimants are unknown or do not reside within the said county and in cases where the title to the real estate to be taken used and appropriated as aforesaid is defective disputed or doubtful or any of the persons owning claiming or interested in said real estate are absent not of full age of unsound mind or from any cause cannot be bargained with and after the enactment of an ordinance as aforesaid declaring the intention of the borough or town to take use and appropriate any such real estate the borough or town shall present a petition to the court of common pleas of the county where the real estate to be taken is situated or to any judge thereof in vacation setting forth the facts and said petition of the borough or town shall state who the owner or owners or claimants of said real estate are if known together with their residence and address if the same can be ascertained or if the owners or claimants of said lands are unknown said petition shall state that the officers who make oath to the truth of the facts set forth in said petition have inquired of the tax assessor of the ward or borough or town in which said lands are situated as well as of three reputable and disinterested freeholders who reside in the vicinity of said lands as to who the owners or claimants of said real estate are and said petition shall be verified by the affidavit of either the burgess or the president of the council of the petitioning borough or town and upon presentation of such petition said court or judge thereof shall direct the filing of a bond to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in an amount to be fixed and approved by said court or in vacation by a judge thereof for the use of those entitled to damages for said taking and appropriation the condition of which bond shall be that the borough or town shall pay or cause to be paid to any person or persons such amount of damages as he or they shall have suffered by reason of such taking and appropriation after the same shall have been agreed upon or assessed in the manner provided by this act Where any owner or owners or claimants or the persons claiming or entitled to damages are known and reside within the county where said real estate is situated or are absent from said county but have a known agent or attorney residing within said county or are under legal disability but have a guardian or committee within said county or are a corporation and have an agent or officer residing within said county the borough or town shall serve upon said owners attorneys officers or agents guardians and committees as the case may be a copy of said petition and order directing the filing of said bond together with notice that said bond has been filed Where minors have no guardian and lunatics or persons of unsound or feeble mind have no guardians or committees the said court or a judge thereof in vacation shall have power to appoint a guardian or committee ad litem and direct that said petition order and notice and all other notices required by this act shall be served upon them As to all other persons who may be interested or claim to be interested in said real estate the said court or said judge thereof in vacation shall upon the filing of said bond direct such notice to be given by publication in at least two newspapers of the county in which said real estate is situated as the said court shall deem proper provided that said notice shall be so published at least twenty days prior to the limit of the time for filing exceptions and shall state the time within which such exceptions may be filed and if no exceptions are filed to said bond within ten days after service of said petition and order directing the filing of said bond by persons upon whom the same are served or by other persons on or before the day fixed in said published notices as the case may be the court shall approve said bond The said court shall have power to increase the amount of said bond and to hear and determine all exceptions that may be filed against the approval thereof Upon the approval of said bond the municipal authorities may enter upon and take said lands for the purposes expressed in this act and take hold use and enjoy said lands thereafter forever and the title of said borough or town to the lands shall be in fee simple The bond shall remain on file for the use of any person or persons who may be legally entitled to damages by reason of the taking of said lands The damages which may be recovered by the condition of the bond shall not be more than the fair market value of the land at the time of such entry and taking by the borough or town

Section 5 In case the damages for said taking and appropriation have not for any reason been agreed upon between the borough or town and the owners of said land the court of common pleas of the county or any judges thereof in vacation upon application thereto by a petition of the borough or town or any person interested shall appoint three members of the board of viewers as a board of view and appoint a time not less than twenty nor more than thirty days thereafter and said board of view shall meet upon the premises or lands taken or appropriated and view the same and the premises affected thereby The board of view shall give or cause to be given at least ten days notice of said meeting to the owner or owners of the said lands taken if it appears by the petition filed for the order directing the filing of a bond as aforesaid or by exceptions filed to said bond that said owner or owners reside within the county where real estate is situated and can be found which notice shall be served in the same manner as provided in section four of this act for the service of the petition and order directing the filing of a bond Where any owner owners or persons interested are unknown or do not reside within the county where said real estate is situated or where service of such notice can not be made upon a proper person or persons within the county as provided for the service of the petition and order for the filing of the bond as provided in section four herein such notice shall be given in at least two newspapers of general circulation printed and published in the proper borough or town or county not less than ten days prior to said meeting and they shall give such other or further notice as the court shall direct

Section 6 The board of view shall hear the parties interested and their witnesses and shall estimate and determine the value of the land taken and appropriated and any damages that may have been sustained by reason of said taking and appropriation and who are entitled to receive the same and having so estimated and determined the value of the property and damages sustained they shall make up their report which shall be signed by them or any two of them and thereupon filed in the court of common pleas from which the order to view issued Upon the filing of said report the board of view shall give notice thereof by one publication in at least two newspapers printed and published in the proper borough or town or county and any additional papers if so directed by the court

Section 7 Upon said report being filed in court any interested party within thirty days may file exceptions thereto and the court shall have power to confirm modify change or otherwise correct the same or refer the same back to the board of view with like power as to their report or within said thirty days from the filing of any such report in court the respective borough or town or any party whose lands have been taken may appeal to the proper court of common pleas and demand a trial by jury according to the course of the common law and said court shall have power to provide what notices shall be given in connection with any part of the proceedings and make all such orders as it may deem requisite Upon the entry of final judgment or any issue had upon said appeal either party shall have the right to appeal to the Superior or Supreme Court as in other cases All proceedings however after the filing and approval of the bond provided in this act to be filed by the borough or town shall not affect the title acquired by the borough or town by virtue of the provisions of this act

Section 8 This act does not repeal or in any way affect the provisions of the act approved the tenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and one entitled "An Act authorizing and empowering boroughs and incorporated towns to take use and appropriate private property for necessary public buildings and works within the corporate limits of such municipality and providing for the manner of ascertaining determining awarding and paying compensation and damages therefor" or of an act approved the first day of June one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled "An Act to amend section one of an act entitled 'An Act authorizing and empowering borough and incorporated towns to take use and appropriate private property for necessary public buildings and works within the corporate limits of such municipality and providing for the manner of ascertaining determining awarding and paying compensation and damages therefor' approved June tenth one thousand nine hundred and one extending the provisions of the act to the taking use and appropriation of private property for a filter plant or of an act approved the first day of April one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled "An Act authrozing and empowering the several boroughs of this Commonwealth to purchase or acquire by condemnation proceedings such real estate within or without the borough limits as may be necessary for present and future use upon which to erect construct and maintain garbage or incinerating furnaces sewage-disposal works or plants with the necessary filter-beds appliances drains and sewers and for the extensions thereof"

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question.

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisons of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—185.

Adams,	Gahs,	Mangan,	Smith, Jeff. W
Albee,	Garner,	Marvin,	Smith, L.,
Alcorn,	Geary,	Mather,	Snyder,
Alexander,	Geiser,	McArdle,	Sones,
Arnold,	Gibson,	McCaig,	Spangler,
Aron,	Gingery,	McClintock,	Spencer,
Arthur,	Glass,	McConnell,	Statler,
Baker,	Glenn,	McCurdy,	Staving,
Baldwin,	Gompers,	McDermott,	Steedle,
Bauerle,	Goodnough,	McKay,	Stein,
Beck,	Goodwin,	McNichol,	Stern,
Becker,	Goodyear,	McVicar,	Stone,
Benn,	Graham,	Mearkle,	Swan,
Benninger,	Greenwood,	Milliron,	Swartz,
Bergy,	Habgood,	Myers,	Taylor,
Berntheizel,	Hackett,	Neville,	

Beyer,	Hamilton,	Nieder,	Thomas,
Blackburn,	Harper,	Nissley,	Trach,
Body,	Heffernan,	Oaks,	Twibill,
Bovee,	Herman,	Ostrander,	Urich,
Brosius,	Hess,	Palmer,	Vickerman,
Brumbaugh,	Heyburn,	Perry,	Vogdes,
Bungard,	Hibshman,	Peters,	Wagner,
Campbell, T.,	Hoffman,	Phillips,	Walsh,
Coldsmith,	Hollern,	Pickering,	Walter,
Conner,	Hollingsworth,	Powell,	Walton,
Corbin,	Horton,	Ramsey,	Watson,
Cox,	Howarth,	Reel,	Weaver,
Cromer,	Hubler,	Reynolds,	Weimer,
Cummins,	Jack,	Rhoads,	Weir,
Curry,	Jones, E. E.,	Rich,	Wettach,
Davis,	Jones, W. W.,	Richards,	Whitaker,
Dawson,	Kaiser,	Rininger,	Whitten,
Diefenderfer,	Klinger,	Rinn,	Wildman,
Dodds,	Kuhn,	Robertson,	Willard,
Drinkhouse,	Kunkle,	Roney,	Williams,
Dunn,	Landis,	Rothenberger,	Wilson, H. I.,
Eby,	Lanius,	Rowell,	Wilson, W. H.
Ehrhardt,	Lauer,	Rudisill,	Wobensmith,
Eppley,	Lauler,	Sampsel,	Wood,
Erdman,	Leighner,	Sarig,	Woodward,
Evans,	Lindsey,	Schaeffer,	Wylie,
Fackler,	Lipschutz,	Scott,	Wynne,
Finnerty,	Love,	Shaaber,	Young,
Flynn,	Luppert,	Shoop,	Ambler,
Forster,	Luxemburger,	Sinclair,	Speaker.
Fruit,	Lynch,		
Gallagher,			

NAYS—5.

Christman,	Smith, J. W.,	Shaffer,	West,
Mellott,			

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

MR. FLYNN IN THE CHAIR.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 255, as follows:

An Act to amend section four of an act approved the eleventh day of May one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine entitled "A further supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to establish a board of wardens for the port of Philadelphia and for the regulation of pilots and pilotage and for other purposes' approved March twenty-ninth one thousand eight hundred and three and for regulating the rates of pilotage and number of pilots"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section four of an act approved the eleventh day of May one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine entitled "A further supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to establish a board of wardens for the port of Philadelphia and for the regulation of pilots and pilotage and for other purposes' approved March twenty-ninth one thousand eight hundred and three and for regulating the rates of pilotage and number of pilots" which reads as follows

"Section 4 Vessels employed in and licensed for the coasting trade shall be exempt from the duty of employing a pilot and the vessels as well as their masters owners agents or consignees shall be exempt from the duty of paying pilotage half-pilotage or any penalty whatsoever in case of their neglect or refusal so to do except ships or vessels under register bound to or from the states or territories of the United States on the Pacific ocean but a coastwise vessel voluntarily taking a pilot shall pay the same fees for pilotage as prescribed in the case of a vessel bound to or from a foreign port" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

"Section 4 Vessels employed in and licensed for the coasting trade excepting vessels bound to or from the states territories or possessions of the United States on the Pacific ocean shall be exempt from the duty of employing a pilot and the vessels as well as their masters owners agents or consignees shall be exempt from the duty of paying pilotage half-pilotage or any penalty whatsoever in case of their neglect or refusal so to do but a coastwise vessel voluntarily taking a pilot shall pay the same fee for pilotage as prescribed in the case of a vessel bound to or from a foreign port

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—197.

Adams,	Shaaber,	Mangan,	Shoop,
Albee,	Gans,	Marvin,	Showalter,
Alcorn,	Garner,	Mather,	Sinclair,
Alexander,	Geary,	Maurer,	Smith, J. W.,
Arnold,	Geiser,	McAndle,	Smith, Jeff. W
Aron,	Gibson,	McCaig,	Smith, L.,
Arthur,	Gingery,	McClintock,	Snyder,
Baker,	Glass,	McClure,	Sones,
Baldwin,	Glenn,	McConnell,	Spangler,
Bauerle,	Gompers,	McCurdy,	Spencer,
Beck,	Goodnough,	McDermott,	Statler,
Becker,	Goodwin,	McKay,	Staving,
Benn,	Goodyear,	McNichol,	Steedle,
Benninger,	Gormley,	McVicar,	**Stein,**
Bergy,	Graham,	Mearkle,	Stern,
Berntheizel,	Greenwood,	Mellott,	Stone,
Beyer,	Habgood,	Metzenbacher,	Swan,
Blackburn,	Hackett,	Milliron,	Swartz,
Body,	Hamilton,	Murdoch,	Taylor,
Bovee,	Harper,	Murphy,	Thomas,
Brosius,	Heffernan,	Myers,	Trach,
Brownlee,	Herman,	Neville,	Twibill,
Brumbaugh,	Hess,	Nieder,	Urich,
Bungard,	Heyburn,	Nissley,	Vickerman,
Campbell, T.,	Hibshman,	Oaks,	Vogdes,
Christman,	Hoffman,	Ostrander,	Wagner,
Coldsmith,	Hollern,	Palmer,	Walsh,
Conner,	Hollingsworth,	Perry,	Walter,
Corbin,	Horton,	Peters,	**Walton,**
Cox,	Howarth,	Phillips,	Weaver,
Cromer,	Hubler,	Pickering,	Weimer,
Cummins,	Jack,	Powell,	Weir,
Curry,	Jones, E. E.,	Ramsey,	West,
Davis,	Jones, W. W.,	Reel,	Wettach,
Dawson,	Kaiser,	Reynolds,	Whitaker,
Diefenderfer,	Klinger,	Rhoads,	Whitten,
Dodds,	Kuhn,	Rich,	Wildman,
Drinkhouse,	Kunkle,	Richards,	Willard,
Dunn,	Lafferty,	Rininger,	Williams,
Eby,	Landis,	Rinn,	Wilson, H. I.,
Ehrhardt,	Lanius,	Robertson,	Wilson, W. H.,
Eppley,	Lauer,	Roney,	Wobensmith,
Erdman,	Lauler,	Rothenberger,	Wood,
Evans,	Leighner,	Rowell,	**Woodward,**
Fackler,	Lindsey,	Rudisill,	Wylie,
Finnerty,	Lipschutz,	Sampsel,	Wynne,
Flynn,	Love,	Sarig,	Young,
Forster,	Luppert,	Schaeffer,	Ambler,
Fretz,	Luxemburger,	Scott,	Speaker.
Fruit,	Lynch,	**Shaffer,**	
Gallagher,			

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 40, entitled:

An Act designating the mountain laurel (Kalmia latifolia) as the flower emblem or State flower of this Commonwealth

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. STERN. Mr. Speaker, I would like to see a Mountain Laurel. I don't believe I ever saw one in my life.

Mr. GEISER. Mr. Speaker, while I am advocating the Mountain Laurel to be the State flower I did not intend to make a flowery speech; but I have here a photograph of the mountain laurel. Now, since I have the floor, I will take up the time of the House for a very few minutes in explaining this bill. This bill does not require much explanation, however. It simply provides that the mountain laurel be adopted as the flower of the State of Pennsylvania. Two years ago, the time of this House was taken up by the advocacy of a number of bills. One bill finally reached Governor Tener who vetoed it. I think the bill provided that the daisy be the State emblem. He vetoed it because he thought sentiment had not sufficiently crystallized. To prove to you that sentiment has crystallized in favor of the mountain laurel I would state that a number of prominent Pennsylvanians have endorsed the mountain laurel as the state flower—among them being J. Horace McFarland, President of the American Civic Association, located here in Harrisburg; Samuel W. Pennypacker, Kate Douglass Wiggin, Elsie Singmaster Lewars, Robert J. Burdette, Ellen A. Wile Wilson, John Luther Long, Jean K. Baird, Boies Penrose, George T.

Oliver, J. T. Rothrock. The poet of the Susquehanna, Lloyd Mifflin, T. A. Daly, Ida M. Tarbell, Helen R. Martin, Owen Wister, Edward Bok, David Bispham, W. J. Holland, Margaret Deland, Ethan Allen Weaver and Nathan C. Schaffer.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—166.

Adams,	Garner,	McClure,	Smith, Jeff. W.
Albee,	Geiser,	McCurdy,	Snyder,
Alcorn,	Gibson,	McDermott,	Sones,
Arnold,	Gingery,	McKay,	Spangler,
Arthur,	Glass,	McNichol,	Spencer,
Baldwin,	Glenn,	McVicar,	Statler,
Beck,	Gompers,	Mellott,	Staving,
Becker,	Goodnough,	Metzenbacher,	Steedle,
Benninger,	Goodyear,	Murphy,	Stein,
Bergy,	Graham,	Myers,	Stone,
Berntheizel,	Greenwood,	Neville,	Swan,
Beyer,	Hackett,	Nissley,	Swartz,
Blackburn,	Hamilton,	Oaks,	Taylor,
Body,	Heffernan,	Ostrander,	Thomas,
Brosius,	Herman,	Palmer,	Trach,
Brownlee,	Hess,	Perry,	Twibill,
Brumbaugh,	Heyburn,	Peters,	Urich,
Bungard,	Hibshman,	Phillips,	Vickerman,
Campbell, T.,	Hoffman,	Pickering,	Vogdes,
Christman,	Hollern,	Powell,	Wagner,
Coldsmith,	Hollingsworth,	Ramsey,	Walsh,
Conner,	Horton,	Reel,	Walter,
Corbin,	Howarth,	Reynolds,	Walton,
Cox,	Hubler,	Rhoads,	Watson,
Cromer,	Jack,	Rich,	Weaver,
Cummins,	Jones, W. W.,	Richards,	Weimer,
Curry,	Kaiser,	Rininger,	Weir,
Davis,	Klinger,	Rinn,	West,
Dawson,	Kuhn,	Robertson,	Wettach,
Dell,	Kunkle,	Roney,	Whitaker,
Diefenderfer,	Lafferty,	Rothenberger,	Whitten,
Dodds,	Landis,	Rowell,	Wildman,
Drinkhouse,	Lanius,	Rudisill,	Willard,
Dunn,	Lauler,	Sampsel,	Williams,
Eby,	Leighner,	Sarig,	Wilson, H. I.,
Ehrhardt,	Lipschutz,	Schaeffer,	Wilson, W. H.,
Erdman,	Love,	Scott,	Wylie,
Evans,	Luppert,	Shaaber,	Wynne,
Fackler,	Luxemburger,	Shaffer,	Young,
Finnerty,	Lynch,	Shoop,	Ambler,
Flynn,	Marvin,	Showalter,	Speaker.
Forster,	Mather,	Sinclair,	
Fretz,	McArdle,	Smith, L.,	
Gallagher,	McClintock,	Smith, W. W.,	

NAYS—11.

Baker,	Harper,	Mangan,	Smith, L.,
Bovee,	Kuhn,	McConnell,	Wood,
Gromley,	Lindsey,	Milliron,	

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House bill No. 249, entitled:

An Act to repeal an act approved the thirteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred sixty-nine entitled "An Act relating to hawking peddling and huckstering in the counties of Indiana and Clearfield" so far as it relates to Indiana County.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—188.

Adams,	Fruit,	Maurer,	Showalter,
Albee,	Gallagher,	McArdle,	Sinclair,
Alcorn,	Gans,	McCaig,	Smith, J. W.,
Alexander,	Garner,	McClintock,	Smith, Jeff. W.
Arnold,	Geiser,	McClure,	Smith, L.,
Aron,	Gibson,	McConnell,	Snyder,
Arthur,	Gingery,	McCurdy,	Sones,
Baker,	Glass,	McDermott,	Spangler,
Baldwin,	Glenn,	McKay,	Spencer,
Bauerle,	Gompers,	McVicar,	Statler,
Beck,	Goodnough,	Mearkle,	Staving,
Becker,	Goodwin,	Mellott,	Steedle,
Benn,	Gormley,	Metzenbacher,	Stein,
Benninger,	Graham,	Milliron,	Stone,
Bergy,	Greenwood,	Murdoch,	Swan,
Berntheizel,	Habgood,	Murphy,	Swartz,
Beyer,	Hackett,	Myers,	Taylor,
Blackburn,	Hamilton,	Neville,	Thomas,
Body,	Harper,	Nieder,	Trach,
Bovee,	Heffernan,	Nissley,	Twibill,
Brosius,	Herman,	Oaks,	Urich,
Brownlee,	Hess,	Ostrander,	Vickerman,
Brumbaugh,	Heyburn,	Palmer,	Vogdes,
Bungard,	Hibshman,	Perry,	Wagner,
Campbell, T.,	Hoffman,	Peters,	Walsh,
Christman,	Hollern,	Phillips,	Walter,
Coldsmith,	Hollingsworth,	Pickering,	Walton,
Conner,	Horton,	Powell,	Weaver,
Corbin,	Howarth,	Ramsey,	Weimer,
Cox,	Hubler,	Reel,	Weir,
Cromer,	Jack,	Reynolds,	West,
Cummins,	Jones, W. W.,	Rhoads,	Wettach,
Curry,	Kaiser,	Rich,	Whitaker,
Davis,	Klinger,	Richards,	Whitten,
Dawson,	Kuhn,	Rininger,	Wildman,
Dell,	Kunkle,	Rinn,	Willard,
Diefenderfer,	Lafferty,	Robertson,	Williams,
Dodds,	Landis,	Roney,	Wilson, H. I.,
Drinkhouse,	Lanius,	Rothenberger,	Wilson, W. H.,
Dunn,	Leighner,	Rowell,	Wobensmith,
Eby,	Lindsey,	Rudisill,	Wood,
Ehrhardt,	Lipschutz,	Sampsel,	Wylie,
Eppley,	Love,	Sarig,	Wynne,
Erdman,	Luppert,	Schaeffer,	Young,
Evans,	Luxemburger,	Scott,	Ambler,
Fackler,	Lynch,	Shaaber,	Speaker.
Finnerty,	Mangan,	Shaffer,	
Flynn,	Mather,	Shoop,	

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 280, entitled:

An Act prescribing certain duties for collectors of taxes in boroughs and townships and for county treasurers

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—189.

Adams,	Forster,	Maurer,	Showalter,
Albee,	Fretz,	McArdle,	Smith, J. W.,
Alcorn,	Fruit,	McCaig,	Smith, Jeff. W.
Alexander,	Gallagher,	McClintock,	Smith, L.,
Arnold,	Garner,	McClure,	Snyder,
Aron,	Geiser,	McConnell,	Sones,
Arthur,	Gibson,	McCurdy,	Spangler,
Baker,	Gingery,	McDermott,	Spencer,
Baldwin,	Glass,	McKay,	Staving,
Bauerle,	Glenn,	McNichol,	Steedle,
Beck,	Gompers,	McVicar,	Stein,
Becker,	Goodnough,	Mearkle,	Stern,
Benn,	Goodwin,	Mellott,	Stone,
Benninger,	Goodyear,	Metzenbacher,	Swan,
Bergy,	Gormley,	Milliron,	Swartz,
Berntheizel,	Graham,	Murdoch,	Taylor,
Beyer,	Habgood,	Murphy,	Thomas,
Blackburn,	Hackett,	Myers,	Trach,
Body,	Hamilton,	Neville,	Twibill,
Bovee,	Harper,	Nieder,	Urich,
Brosius,	Heffernan,	Nissley,	Vickerman,
Brownlee,	Herman,	Ostrander,	Wagner,
Brumbaugh,	Hess,	Palmer,	Walsh,
Bungard,	Heyburn,	Perry,	Walter,
Campbell, T.,	Hibshman,	Peters,	Walton,
Christman,	Hoffman,	Phillips,	Watson,
Coldsmith,	Hollern,	Pickering,	Weaver,
Conner,	Hollingsworth,	Powell,	Weimer,
Corbin,	Horton,	Reynolds,	Weir,
Cox,	Howarth,	Rhoads,	West,
Cromer,	Hubler,	Rich,	Wettach,
Cummins,	Jack,	Richards,	Whitaker,
Curry,	Jones, W. W.,	Rininger,	Whitten,
Davis,	Kaiser,	Rinn,	Wildman,
Dawson,	Klinger,	Robertson,	Wilson, H. I.,
Dell,	Kunkle,	Roney,	Wilson, W. H.,
Diefenderfer,	Lafferty,	Rothenberger,	Wobensmith,
Dodds,	Landis,	Rowell,	Wood,
Drinkhouse,	Lanius,	Rudisill,	Woodward,
Dunn,	Lauler,	Sampsel,	Wylie,
Eby,	Leighner,	Sarig,	Wynne,
Ehrhardt,	Lipschutz,	Schaeffer,	Young,
Eppley,	Love,	Scott,	Ambler,
Erdman,	Luppert,	Shaaber,	Speaker.
Evans,	Luxemburger,	Shaffer,	
Fackler,	Lynch,	Shoop,	
Finnerty,	Marvin,		
Flynn,	Mather,		

NAYS.—1.

Reel,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 182, entitled:

An Act authorizing boroughs to supply and to make contract for supplying electric current outside the limits of said borough

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. WALTER. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to offer an amendment at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend the title, line 1, by striking out the word "contract" and inserting the word "contracts."

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to insert the amendment as read? Is there any objection? The Chair hears none and the amendment will be inserted in accordance with the instructions of the House.

Ordered, That the bill as amended lie over for printing.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

The bill as amended was then agreed to.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 85, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to refund to S. L. Stayman of York Pennsylvania moneys erroneously paid into the State Treasury

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of twenty-one dollars and fifty cents ($21.50) is hereby specifically appropriated for the purpose of refunding to S L Stayman of York Pennsylvania being the amount erroneously by him paid into the State treasury as a license fee for conducting in one thousand nine hundred and thirteen a billiard and pool room the license fee for which year had already been paid by S L Stayman Said amount shall be paid by warrant of the Auditor General on due proof that said amount was erroneously and actually paid into the State treasury

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 17, as follows:

An Act to provide for an additional law judge of the several courts of twelfth judicial district

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That in addition to the judges now provided for by existing law an additional law judge is hereby authorized and provided for the several courts of the twelfth judicial district who shall possess the same qualifications which are required by the Constitution and laws for the president judge of said district and who shall hold his office for a like term and by the same tenure and shall have the same powers authority and jurisdiction and shall be subject to the same duties restrictions and penalties and shall receive such compensation as is provided by law

Section 2 At the next municipal election after the passage of this act the qualified electors of the said twelfth judicial district shall elect in the manner provided by law for the election of a president judge a competent person to serve as additional law judge in said district Vacancies in the office hereby created whether caused by death resignation expiration of term or otherwise shall be filled in the same manner as is required by law in case of a similar vacancy in the office of president judge

Section 3 The Governor is hereby authorized to appoint some competent person learned in the law to serve as such additional law judge of said judicial district until the first Monday in January succeeding the next municipal election

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

SENATE MESSAGE.

HOUSE BILL CONCURRED IN BY SENATE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced returned bill from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 96.

An Act making an appropriation to the State Livestock Sanitary Board for the payment of necessary expenses in the eradication of foot-and-mouth disease and for the control of transmissible diseases in animals

With information that the Senate has passed the same without amendment.

SENATE MESSAGE.

SENATE BILL FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced presented for concurrence bill numbered and entitled as follows:

Senate Bill No. 79 (House Bill No. 533).

An Act prohibiting any member or employee of any Bureau or Department having charge of police and fire protection of any cities of the first class from taking any active part in politics political movements or elections from canvassing election precincts or from interfering with elections or from using his office to influence politics political movements or elections and providing penalties for the violation thereof.

Referred to the Committee on Elections.

SPEAKER AMBLER IN THE CHAIR.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. McNICHOL asked and obtained unanimous consent to report a bill from Committee at this time, as follows:

Mr. McNICHOL, from the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, reported as committed, House Bill No. 385, entitled:

An Act regulating the practice of Drugless Therapeutics in the State of Pennsylvania, defining the same, creating a Bureau of Licensure therefore and means and methods whereby the right to practice Drugless Therapeutics in any of its branches may be obtained and exemptions therefrom; providing penalties for violation thereof; and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent therewith.

RECESS.

Mr. FLYNN. Mr. Speaker, I move that the House take a recess until five o'clock this afternoon for the purpose of giving the Committees an opportunity to report bills.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

AFTER RECESS.

The House reconvened at 5 o'clock P. M.

The SPEAKER (Charles A. Ambler), in the Chair.

PETITIONS.

Mr. McCURDY presented a petition for a larger State appropriation for county fairs.

Referred to the Committee on Agriculture.

Mr. McCURDY presented a petition recommending the repeal of the Public Service Commission Act.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General.

The Chair asked and obtained unanimous consent to refer bills at this time.

BILLS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED.

By Mr. LAULER. House Bill No. 499.

An Act to repeal section one of an act entitled "A further supplement to an act entitled, 'An act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations,' approved April twenty-ninth, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, providing for the further regulation of such corporations," approved the seventeenth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven.

Referred to the Committee on Corporations.

By Mr. SWARTZ. House Bill No. 500.

An Act to incorporate the Knowlton Turnpike and Bridge Company, of Northampton County, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

By Mr. MAURER. House Bill No. 501.

An Act to amend sections one and two of an act entitled "An Act making it unlawful to trespass upon land posted as private property and providing the penalty therefor" approved the fourteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred and five.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. MAURER. House Bill No. 502.

An Act making an appropriation to the State Live-stock Sanitary Board for the purpose of reimbursing William O. Goshen for the value of cattle killed by order of the Board on account of tuberculosis.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. DAVIS. House Bill No. 503.

An Act making an appropriation to the Taylor Hospital Association of the Borough of Taylor, Lackawanna County, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. McCONNELL. House Bill No. 504.

An Act to amend an act, approved the seventh day of July, one thousand nine hundred and thirteen, entitled "An Act relating to and regulating motor vehicles, and vehicles trailing after or propelled by motor vehicles; controlling their speed upon the public streets and highways in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania; providing for their registration, and licensing of certain operators, by the State Highway Department; prohibiting the operation of any motor vehicle by any person when intoxicated, or without the consent of the owner; forbidding the passage of any law laying a tax upon or requiring the registration of motor vehicles, or licensing of any operator, or regulating the speed of motor vehicles; by any county, borough, city incorporated town, or township; establishing the rights of motor vehicles upon the public highways, with relation to other vehicles; providing for their equipment and for the width of tires to be used upon motor vehicles and vehicles trailing after or propelled by motor vehicles; regulating the service of process and proceedings in actions for damages arising therefrom; providing for arrest, and for service of process, and proceedings for violation of this act; prescribing the penalties therefor; and providing for the disposition of fees collected and fines imposed thereunder," by exempting from the operations of the act self propelled agricultural machinery.

Referred to the Committee on Agriculture.

By Mr. SWAN. House Bill No. 505.

An Act relating to and regulating the use of public highways and public places by vehicles and animals.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

By Mr. HABGOOD. House Bill No. 506.

An Act for the taxation of dogs and for the protection of horses, cattle, sheep and other livestock; domestic fowls and swine; creating the office of Dog Commissioner, in townships, boroughs and cities, defining his duties, providing methods for the enforcement of this act, and prescribing penalties for its violation, and repealing certain acts.

Referred to the Committee on Agriculture.

By Mr. McCAIG. House Bill No. 507.

An Act making an appropriation to the Board of Trustees of the Pennsylvania Soldiers' and Sailors' Home at Erie, Pennsylvania for maintenance of said home and payment of deficiency existing and providing that all moneys received from the United States Government by the Governor of Pennsylvania on account of maintenance shall be paid into the State Treasury.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. SCOTT. House Bill No. 508.

An Act making an appropriation for the Cottage State Hospital, Philipsburg, Centre County, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. BOVEE. House Bill No. 509.

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act granting a gratuity and an annuity to Patrick Leonard late Sergeant in Captain J. H. Wilson's Company, G. Seventeenth Regiment National Guard of Pennsylvania," approved the seventh day of July, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five by fixing the annuity herein provided for.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. FRUIT. House Bill No. 510.

An Act making an appropriation to the George Junior Republic Association, of Western Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. OAKS. House Bill No. 511.

An Act providing for the inspection by the county commissioners, and appointees of the Court of Quarter Sessions, and the grand jury, of all schools (other than public schools), colleges, seminaries, academies, hospitals, sanitariums, reformatories, houses of detention, homes, convents and asylums; providing for the filing of a report by such inspectors; and the duty of the district attorney in relation thereto.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. FRUIT. House Bill No. 512.

An Act making an appropriation to the Greenville Hospital, Greenville, Mercer County, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. FRUIT. House Bill No. 513.

An Act relating to the satisfaction of mortgages under power of attorney directed to the recorder of deeds.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. BOVEE. House Bill No. 514.

An Act to amend an act approved the fifteenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eleven, entitled "An Act to fix and regulate the compensation of directors of the poor, of poor districts composed of several townships, boroughs and cities, situate wholly within counties of this Commonwealth, not exceeding five hundred thousand population."

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. WOBENSMITH. House Bill No. 515.

An Act requiring all public printing and the processes used in doing such printing to be done within the territorial limits of this Commonwealth.

Referred to Committee on Printing.

By Mr. WOBENSMITH. House Bill No. 516.

An Act making an appropriation to the Board of Game Commissioners for the payment of salaries, traveling expenses, establishment, maintenance and protection of game preserves, feeding, propagation and distribution of game, leasing of land for game preserves and various incidental expenses.

Referred to the Committee on Game.

By Mr. BALDWIN. House Bill No. 517.

An Act prohibiting any city county or municipality from imposing or collecting any license fee or tax upon insurance companies or their agents or insurance brokers licensed to transact business by the Insurance Commissioner.

Referred to the Committee on Insurance.

By Mr. HIBSHMAN. House Bill No. 518.

An Act making an appropriation to the agricultural experiment station of the Pennsylvania State College to maintain sub-stations for the purpose of making experiments in the improvement, culture, curing and preparation of tobacco, and providing for the publication of the report thereof.

Referred to the Committee on Agriculture.

By Mr. WEIMER. House Bill No. 519.

An Act to authorize the revising, editing and printing of twenty-five thousand copies Bulletin, number two hundred and nineteen, entitled, "Increasing Winter Yield of Eggs," issued by the Department of Agriculture, and making an appropriation therefor.

Referred to the Committee on Agriculture.

By Mr. ADAMS. House Bill No. 520.

An Act making an appropriation for the support of the National Guard of Pennsylvania and the Naval Militia of Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen and for the payment of bills incurred and remaining unpaid at the close of the fiscal year ending May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen and for the payment of an annual allowance to commissioned officers of the National Guard of Pennsylvania and Naval Militia of Pennsylvania and for the purpose of placing at the disposal of the Governor of the Commonwealth the sum of five hundred thousand dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary and making same

available to replace or repair armory buildings owned by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania should such armory building be destroyed in whole or in part by fire flood or storm and to replace or repair military stores or supplies stored in such armory building and destroyed in whole or in part in like manner and to pay for service and expenses of the National Guard incident to actual service under orders of the Governor in repelling invasion, subduing insurrection riot or disorder or to furnish the quota of volunteers from the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania under a call made by the President of the United States.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. WILDMAN. House Bill No. 521.

An Act making an appropriation to the Polyclinic Hospital of Harrisburg, Pennsylvania.

By Mr. WETTACH. House Bill No. 522.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

An Act making an appropriation to the Protestant Home for Boys, of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. SHAFFER. House Bill No. 523.

An Act making an appropriation to the Bloomsburg Hospital (formerly Joseph Ratti Hospital), located at Bloomsburg, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. SHAFFER. House Bill No. 524.

An Act making an appropriation to the Berwick Hospital, Berwick, Columbia County, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. STEIN. House Bill No. 525.

An Act relating to and regulating the legal proceedings for the collection of moneys due upon notes, bonds or obligations, the payment of which is secured by mortgages on real estate.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. STEIN. House Bill No. 526.

An Act making an appropriation to the Montefiore Hospital Association of Western Pennsylvania, located at Pittsburgh.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. OAKS. House Bill No. 527.

An Act requiring light, heat and power companies to furnish, upon application presented, certain persons with light, heat, or power; and providing a penalty for refusing same.

Referred to the Committee on Corporations.

By Mr. STEIN. House Bill No. 528.

An Act in relation to the appointment and salaries of the deputy sheriffs on duty in the court-rooms of the courts of oyer and terminer and quarter sessions of the peace, in counties containing a population of not less than five hundred thousand nor more than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants as computed by the last preceding United States census, and repealing all acts, or parts of acts, general, special or local inconsistent therewith.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. STEIN. House Bill No. 529.

An Act supplementary to an act entitled "An Act regulating the confinement of children under the age of sixteen years awaiting trial," approved the third day of April one thousand nine hundred and three; providing for the separation of dependent and neglected children from incorrigible and delinquent children in places of detention of minors in the custody of the Juvenile Courts of the several counties.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

By Mr. STEIN. House Bill No. 530.

An Act supplementary to an act entitled "An Act defining the powers of the several courts of quarter sessions of the peace within this Commonwealth with reference to the care, treatment and control of dependent, neglected, incorrigible and neglected children under the age of sixteen years, and providing for the means in which such power may be exercised," approved April twenty-three, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and three; conferring power upon the judge or judges who are from time to time assigned to the sessions of said court, known as the juvenile court, to establish compulsory physical and mental examinations of all children who come within the custody or control of the said juvenile court, defining the purpose, method and extent of such examination and the character and use of the reports of examining physicians, designating the time and place of, and authorizing the necessary equipment for such examinations, and providing for the installation of said equipment and payment therefor, and for the appointment and compensation of examining physicians and assistants for the said work.

Referred to the Committe on Judiciary Special.

By Mr. SPANGLER. House Bill No. 531.

An Act making an appropriation to the Paradise Protectory and Agricultural School, at Paradise Township, York County, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committe on Appropriations.

By Mr. ARON. House Bill No. 532.

An Act regulating the method of installment payments on conditional sales or on bailments with right to purchase, regulating the issuing of writs of repleving therefor and pronibiting a waiver of the provisions of this act.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

By Mr. LEIGHNER. House Bill No. 534.

An Act relating to marriage, including the license therefor, the solemnization, and the effects of marriage, and prescribing duties of clerks of Orphans Courts and the State Department of Health.

Referred to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

By Mr. FORSTER. House Bill No. 535.

An Act making an appropriation to the Independent Chevre Kadisho in the County of Philadelphia, incorporated.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. THOMAS. House Bill No. 536.

An Act concerning the relations between attorney and client on suit being brought in any court of this Commonwealth and providing that the attorney shall have a lien for his compensation for his services upon the client's cause of action, claim or counter-claim which shall attach to any award, order, report, decision, compromise, settlement, verdict or judgment in the client's favor and the proceeds thereof in whosoever hands the same may be and which lien shall not be effective or defeated by any compromise or settlement between the parties before or after judgment.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. BRUMBAUGH. House Bill No. 537.

An Act relative to quail, and fixing a penalty.

Referred to the Committee on Game.

By Mr. GRAHAM. House Bill No. 538.

An Act making an appropriation to the Frederick Douglass Memorial Hospital and Training School of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. GRAHAM. House Bill No. 539.

An Act making an appropriation to the Robert Wood Industrial Home and Day Nursery for Colored Boys and Girls in Philadelphia.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr GRAHAM. House Bill No. 540.

An Act to amend the second section of an act entitled "An Act to establish an intermediate court of appeal; regulating its constitution, officers, jurisdiction, powers, practice, and its relation to the Supreme Court and other courts; providing for the reports of its decisions, the compensation of the judges and other officers, and the practice and costs on appeals from its adjudgments" approved the twenty-fourth day of June, A. D. 1895.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

By Mr. GRAHAM. House Bill No. 541.

An Act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Museum and School of Industrial Art of Philadelphia.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. STONE, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed, House Bill No. 179, entitled:

An Act confirmatory of the conveyances of real estate.

Mr. WOBENSMITH, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as amended, House Bill No. 248, entitled:

An Act authorizing courts to make awards to foreign executors and administrators in certain cases.

Mr. WALSH, from the Committee on Municipal Corporations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 484, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-fifth day of May, one thousand nine hundred seven, entitled "An Act creating an art bureau for cities of the first class, and prescribing its powers and duties."

Mr. WALSH, from the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, reported as committed, House Bill No. 294, entitled:

An Act repealing the act of the twenty-second day of July, one thousand nine hundred and thirteen, pamphlet laws page eight hundred seventy-nine, entitled "An Act to protect the public health and safety by regulating the erection, alteration, repair, use, occupancy, maintenance, sanitation and condemnation of dwellings, two family dwellings, rooming houses and tenements; by regulating the use, maintenance and sanitation of the grounds surrounding the same, the adjoining buildings and all vacant land in cities of the first-class, providing for their inspection, the abatement of nuisances, the vacating and destroying of uninhabitable houses, and the filing of liens, creating a division of housing and sanitation, providing for institution of prosecutions and penalties for violations of the provisions thereof, and repealing all laws inconsistent therewith."

Mr. WALSH, from the Committee on Ways and Means, reported as committed, House Bill No. 271, entitled:

An Act transferring from certain funds to another fund certain moneys appropriated to the Quarantine Physician, Philadelphia.

Mr. BROSIUS, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 169, entitled:

A Joint Resolution providing for a commission to investigate the advisability of the purchase by the Commonwealth of certain property in Philadelphia opposite Independence Hall as a public park.

Mr. BROSIUS, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 366, entitled:

An Act relative to judgments and prescribing the duties of prothonotaries in connection therewith.

Mr. GLASS, from the Committee on Municipal Corporations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 109, entitled:

An Act to enable certain boroughs to furnish and supply electric current for power purposes.

Mr. GLASS, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed, House Bill No. 247, entitled:

An Act amending an act, entitled "An Act amending an act, entitled 'An Act respecting the estates of non-residents wards,' approved the twenty-first day of April, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-six, extending the provisions thereof so that the same may apply to trustees and cestui que trusts," approved the thirteenth day of May, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine, further extending the provisions thereof, so that the same may apply where guardians and wards, trustees and cestui que trusts, are residents of foreign countries.

Mr. SHOWALTER, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed, House Bill No. 178, entitled:

An Act to amend section one of an act approved the twenty-third day of June, one thousand eight hundred ninety-seven, entitled "An Act to authorize executors and trustees, non-residents of the Commonwealth, to convey real estate.

Mr. BLACKBURN, from the Committee on Counties and Townships, reported as committed, House Bill No. 314, entitled:

An Act to fix the salaries of the clerks in the office of the County Treasurer of any county having a population of one million inhabitants or over.

Mr. MYERS, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 308, entitled:

An Act fixing the fee for marriage license.

Mr. DAWSON, from the Committee on Public Roads, reported as amended, House Bill No. 259, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the seventh day of July, one thousand nine hundred thirteen, entitled "An Act relating to and regulating motor vehicles, and vehicles trailing after or propelled by motor vehicles; controlling their speed upon the public streets and highways in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania; providing for their registration, and licensing of certain operators, by the State Highway Department; prohibiting the operation of any motor vehicle by any person when intoxicated, or without the consent of the owner; forbidding the passage of any law laying a tax upon or requiring the registration of motor vehicles, or licensing of any operator, or regulating the speed of motor vehicles, by any county, borough, city, incorporated town, or township; establishing the rights of motor vehicles upon the public highways with relation to other vehicles; providing for their equipment and for the width of tires to be used upon motor vehicles, and vehicles trailing after or propelled by motor vehicles; regulating the service of process and proceedings in actions for damages arising therefrom; providing for arrest, and for service of process, and proceedings for violation of this act; prescribing the penalties therefor; and providing for the disposition of fees collected and fines imposed thereunder."

Mr. McNICHOL, from the Committee on Municipal Corporations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 139, entitled:

An Act to provide for the filling of vacancies in Councils of cities of the first class.

Mr. VOGDES, from the Committee on Elections, reported as committed, House Bill No. 87, entitled:

A Supplement to an act approved the twenty-fourth day of July, one thousand nine hundred thirteen, entitled "An Act to provide for the personal registration of electors, and their enrollment as members of political parties, in cities of the first and second classes of this Commonwealth; to make such registration a condition of the right to vote in such cities, and their said enrollment as members of a political party a condition of the right to vote at primaries in said cities; and providing for the payment of witness fees for persons summoned before the commissioners; to provide penalties for violations for its provisions; and to repeal acts inconsistent herewith."

Mr. HEFFERNAN, from the Committee on Ways and Means reported as committed House Bill No. 55, entitled:

An Act to amend section two of an act entitled "An Act to amend section two of an act entitled "An Act to regulate the manner of increasing the indebtedness of municipalities to provide for the redemption of the same and to impose penalties for the illegal increase thereof approved the twentieth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four abolishing the restriction that the tax levied to pay municipal indebtedness shall be equal to eight per centum of the amount of such increased debt and providing for the method of assessing and levying a tax for the payment of the principal and interest when the bonds become due and the form of statement to be filed" approved the thirteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven by extending the power to incur and increase indebtedness to townships of the second class.

Mr. HIBSHMAN, from the Committee on Public Roads, reported as committed, House Bill No. 243, entitled:

An Act to repeal an act entitled "An Act to authorize and require road supervisors to erect and maintain suitable foot bridges, for the accommodation of pedestrians, across streams where public roads cross such streams," approved the twenty-third day of April one thousand nine hundred and nine.

Mr. HOLLINGSWORTH, from the Committee on Public Roads, reported as committed, House Bill No. 227, entitled:

An Act validating the incurring of debt or increase of indebtedness of townships of the second class, by its supervisors, for the purpose of macadamizing roads and highways, building, constructing repairing, and maintaining permanent roads, culverts, and bridges, purchasing machinery or lifting orders or payment of any contracts made therefor, to an amount in the aggregate not exceeding two per centum upon the assessed value of the taxable property therein, as fixed and determined by the last preceding assessed valuation thereof, and all coupon bonds or other securities issued therefor; and also assessments of annual tax for the payment of the principal and interest of such indebtedness, represented by such bonds or other securities, since the twentieth of April, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four.

Mr. McVICAR, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as amended, House Bill No. 49, entitled:

An Act empowering certain corporations, societies and voluntary associations having subordinate lodges or branches within this Commonwealth, to change the location of their principal office or place of business, and providing for the filing of notice of such changes.

Mr. SNYDER, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 304, entitled:

An Act to provide for an additional law judge of the several courts of forty-fifth judicial district.

Mr. RINN, from the Committee on Municipal Corporations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 452, entitled:

An Act to amend the first section of an act entitled "An Act to amend the first section of an act, approved the fourth day of April, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled 'An Act to fix the salaries of the deputy register, clerks and employes, in the office of register of wills of any county of this Commonwealth having a population of one million or over' so as to make it apply to counties containing a population of one million four hundred thousand or over" approved the fifth day of May, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven so as to change the salaries of the said deputy register, clerks and employes of the office of register of wills of said counties.

Mr. BENNINGER, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed, House Bill No. 367, entitled:

An Act amending the first section of the act, entitled "An Act authorizing policemen to hold and exercise the office of constables," approved the twenty-fifth day of April, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five, so as to extend the provisions of the same to townships of the first class.

Mr. PETERS, from the Committee on Counties and Townships, reported as amended, House Bill No. 56, entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act concerning building regulations and inspections in boroughs" approved the eighth day of May, A. D. 1907, by including townships of the first class in this Commonwealth, and providing that approved plans and specifications be secured from the proper authorities.

Mr. ROWELL, from the Committee on Ways and Means, reported as amended, House Bill No. 232, entitled:

An Act to amend section one thousand seven hundred and fifteen of article seventeen of an act approved the eighteenth day of May, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof; providing revenue to establish and maintain the same, and a method of collecting such revenue; and repealing all laws, general, special, or local, or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith" relating to the power to confer academic degrees, honorary or otherwise, and extending the same to all schools of similar grade in school districts of the first class.

Mr. SWARTZ, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as amended, House Bill No. 93, entitled:

An Act relating to notice to creditors of decedents' estates of the filing of an account by the personal representatives.

Mr. RONEY, from the Committee on Municipal Corporations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 246, entitled:

An Act requiring each city of the first class to establish a municipal pension fund for employes of said city, and regulating the payment of such pensions.

Mr. HIBSHMAN, from the Committee on Agriculture, reported as committed, House Bill No. 364, entitled:

An Act to assent to the provisions of an act of Congress approved May eighth one thousand nine hundred and fourteen entitled "An Act to provide for co-operative agricultural extension work between the agricultural colleges in the several states receiving the benefits of an act of Congress approved July second, eighteen hundred and sixty-two and of acts supplementary thereto and the United States Department of Agriculture."

Mr. RONEY, from the Committee on Ways and Means, reported as committed, House Bill No. 405, entitled:

An Act to revise consolidate and amend the law relating to taxation including State and local.

Mr. LEE SMITH, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 406, entitled:

An Act to clarify the statute law of the Commonwealth by repealing certain acts and parts of acts of assembly which are obsolete, expired, supplied, superseded, repealed by implication or declared unconstitutional.

Mr. REEL, from the Committee on Counties and Townships, reported with a negative recommendation, House Bill No. 168, entitled:

An Act to provide for the erection and organization of new counties out of parts of two adjoining counties and prescribing the manner in which the same may be done.

BILL SIGNED BY THE SPEAKER.

The SPEAKER announced that the Chief Clerk having reported that the following bill had passed both houses of the General Assembly, and the same being correct, the title was publicly read as follows:

House Bill No. 96:

An Act making an appropriation to the State Livestock Sanitary Board for the payment of necessary expenses in the eradication of foot-and-mouth disease and for the control of transmissible diseases in animals

Whereupon,

The SPEAKER, in the presence of the House, signed the same.

REPORT OF JOINT COMMISSION TO INVESTIGATE COMBINATIONS OF FIRE INSURANCE COMPANIES.

Mr. BALDWIN presented the Report of the Joint Legislative Commission appointed to investigate and report upon the objects, methods and practices of the various combinations of fire insurance companies.

RESOLUTION RELATIVE TO PRINTING REPORT.

Mr. BALDWIN offered the following resolution, which was twice read and considered:

Resolved, That the report of the Joint Legislative Commission appointed to investigate and report upon the objects, methods and practices of the various combinations of fire insurance companies be printed in to-day's Legislative Journal.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the resolution?

Mr. GARNER. Mr. Speaker, I would ask the gentleman to explain.

Mr. BALDWIN. Well, I would explain to the House that this was a Commission appointed two years ago under a Joint Resolution to investigate the objects and methods of fire insurance organizations or bureaus. This is the report. I desire to have it printed in the Legislative Journal so that it can be obtainable at the very earliest possible moment. Later I will ask the House to have a certain number of these reports printed in pamphlet form.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the resolution?

It was agreed to.

(For report see today's proceedings.)

ADJOURNMENT.

Mr. JAMES O. CAMPBELL. Mr. Speaker, I move that the House do now adjourn.

The motion was agreed to, and (at 5:25 P. M.) the House adjourned until tomorrow morning at ten o'clock.

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA.

Legislative Journal.

Session 1915 — 121st of the General Assembly

VOL. 3. HARRISBURG, PA., TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 16, 1915. No. 15.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Report of the Joint Legislative Commission Appointed to Investigate and Report upon the Objects, Methods and Practices of Various Combinations of Fire Insurance Companies.

TO HIS EXCELLENCY, MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH, GOVERNOR OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA, AND TO THE SENATE AND HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE SAID COMMONWEALTH.

Pursuant to the terms of Resolution Number 379, approved on the 27th day of June, A. D. 1913, the Commission appointed thereunder hereby makes its report and submits its suggestions and recommendations.

By the Resolution, said Commission was charged with an investigation of the objects, methods and practices of the various combinations of Fire Insurance Companies, more fully set forth in the Resolution itself, a copy of which follows:

A Joint Resolution authorizing the appointment of a joint legislative commission to investigate and report upon the objects, methods, and practices of the various combinations of fire insurance companies, organized and existing in this Commonwealth for the purpose of agreeing upon, fixing, establishing, and maintaining fire insurance rates, and to draft and report such legislation as may be deemed necessary; authorizing the employment of counsel, stenographer, and necessary experts by said commission; giving it authority to sit after the adjournment of the Legislature and compel the attendance of witnesses and the production of books and papers; and making an appropriation to meet the expenses of said commission.

Preamble.

Whereas, The fire insurance business is affected with a public interest, and is subject to legislative control; and

Whereas, The stock fire insurance companies incorporated under the laws of this Commonwealth, and the foreign stock fire insurance companies duly licensed to do business in this Commonwealth, acting through their agents and representatives in this State, have divided the entire territory of the State of Pennsylvania into three or more departments; and have formed in each of said departments various combinations, composed of said domestic companies and of said agents and representatives of foreign companies, for the purpose, among other things, of agreeing upon, fixing, establishing, and maintaining fire insurance rates,—in some instances in the form of flat minimum rates upon certain classes of risks, and in others in the form of rates upon individual risks,—alleged to have been arrived at through the application of the theory and practice of schedule-rating; and

Whereas, Said fire insurance rates, as fixed by said combinations, vary greatly in the different localities of this Commonwealth on the same classes of risks; and

Whereas, There is now no legislation governing or controlling the methods and practices of such combinations, or authorizing the supervision of said rates, which should be adequate to maintain the solvency of the companies but not unreasonable; and

Whereas, The owners of insurable property in this Commonwealth are compelled to pay the rates fixed by said combinations, because the members thereof control a practical monopoly of the fire insurance business within their respective territories, but have no redress against unreasonable and arbitrary practices and rates adopted and maintained by said combinations, through the infliction of penalties upon the members thereof for a violation of rules or rates, and through the cancellation of policies in the hands of the holders thereof; therefore,—

Commission to investigate and report upon objects, etc., of combination of fire insurance companies.

Duties.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That, upon the approval of this resolution by the Governor, the President pro tempore of the Senate shall appoint one Senator, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives shall appoint two of its members, and the Governor shall appoint two citizens of this Commonwealth, to constitute a joint legislative commission, whose duty it shall be to investigate in detail the objects, methods, and practices of all boards of underwriters, rating bureau, or similar organizations, associations, and combinations of fire insurance companies, or their agents or representatives, in this Commonwealth, formed for the purpose of suggesting, establishing, fixing or maintaining the premium rates to be paid upon fire insurance policies written upon risks located in this Commonwealth, and to report to the next session of the Legislature of this Commonwealth whether, in the opinion of said commission, such combinations of insurance companies, or their representatives or agents, are in accordance with wise public policy, necessary for the maintenance of the solvency of insurance companies, and beneficial to the public, and, if so, what if any legislation is necessary or advisable for the proper control and supervision of such combinations and their methods and practices, and the supervision by the Commonwealth, through any of its departments or governmental agencies, of the rates suggested, agreed upon, fixed, established, and maintained by such combinations, whether as minimum flat rates or arrived at by the application of the theory and practice of schedule-rating.

Organization.

Report.

Section 2. That said commission shall meet and organize within thirty days after its appointment, and select one of the members thereof as its chairman; and said commission shall have power to sit after the adjournment of the Legislature, and to hold its meetings at such times and in such places within this Commonwealth as it may deem advisable. The report of said commission, including the draft or drafts of any act or acts of Assembly deemed necessary by it to provide for the proper control, regulation, and supervision of the combinations of insurance companies, and their representatives and agents, herein referred to, and the rates adopted and maintained by the same, shall be made to the Legislature of one thousand nine hundred and fifteen, upon the first day of its session, or as soon thereafter as said Legislature is ready to receive the same.

Counsel and Employes.

Section 3. That the said commission shall have power and authority to employ one person, learned in the law, as its counsel, one stenographer, and such experts as it may consider necessary, and shall have power to fix the compensa-

tion of its counsel and employes. The members of said commission shall serve without compensation for their services, but shall receive all necessary traveling and other expenses incurred by them in the performance of the duties imposed upon them by this resolution.

Powers.

Section 4. That the said commission shall have power to issue subpoenas, signed by its chairman, requiring the attendance of persons and the production of such books and papers as in its judgment will assist it in the performance of its duties.

Appropriations.

Section 5. The sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary, is hereby specifically appropriated for the purpose of paying the expenses of the members of said commission, and the compensation of its counsel and employes; the moneys hereby appropriated to be paid out of the State Treasury, upon warrants drawn by the Auditor-General upon the State Treasurer, based upon duly itemized vouchers approved by the chairman of said commission.

Approved—The 27th day of June, A. D. 1913.

JOHN K. TENER.

The foregoing is a true and correct copy of the Act of the General Assembly No. 379.

ROBERT McAFEE,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

The Commission, consisting of Senator William E. Crow, Representatives Richard J. Baldwin and Robert S. Frey and Joseph S. Alexander and Frank McCann, organized at the City of Harrisburg, Pennsylvania, on the 22nd day of December, A. D. 1913, by the election of Richard J. Baldwin as Chairman and Robert S. Frey as Secretary and Treasurer. Frank E. Baldwin was named as counsel for the Commission and Albert B. Smith as official stenographer.

On January 27th, 1914, the Commission had its first sitting in the City of Philadelphia. Adjourned meetings were held at Pittsburgh, Wilkes-Barre, Harrisburg and York, Pennsylvania, at which meetings a hundred or more witnesses were examined and about four thousand pages of testimony taken.

Invitations were forwarded to the Mayors of every city in the State, to the Chief Burgesses of the more important Boroughs, to the various Firemens' Organizations and to the Secretaries of Chambers of Commerce in the different cities of the Commonwealth, urging them to attend these meetings and asking that any complaints they might have be brought to the attention of the Commission. The Commission was ready, at all times, to respond to calls from any community in which there resided some one having a complaint against the fire insurance business, or any of the various organizations or combinations of Fire Insurance Companies.

The Press of the State was constantly kept informed of the meetings of the Commission and it was attempted, in this way, to give the greatest possible publicity to its working and objects. Representatives of the various newspapers were constantly in attendance during the hearings and full and complete reports usually appeared in public print following the different sittings.

The magnitude of the undertaking assumed by the Commission can scarcely be appreciated by those unfamiliar with the principles and the actual workings of the Insurance Companies and their different connections.

The Insurance business, and the different organizations and combinations affecting it, have grown up and been established through many years of labor and thought on the part of men who have given their entire lives to a study of the problem, and the investigation now concluded necessarily led rapidly along the trail blazed during the long years that these pioneers of the business toiled and builded.

A reading of the testimony by those interested will show that the Commission endeavored at all times to deal with the problem from the side of one having a complaint against the present method of conducting the Insurance business in Pennsylvania. Every effort was made to find and expose wrongs, and outside of the hearings the members were constantly endeavoring to get in touch with those having grievances against the companies and their various organizations and combinations.

It seems to be the prevailing public opinion that the rate making organizations of the companies are detrimental to the public good, but the significant thing shown by the testimony is that in but a single instance did any witness appearing before the Commission fail to admit that they were an economic necessity.

In order to cover as fully as possible the work of the more important of the organizations and combinations, the Commission visited the Laboratories of the National Board of Fire Underwriters at Chicago, Illinois, where many tests of different materials entering into the fire hazard were made for their benefit and some important testimony was taken.

The officers of the different Fire Insurance companies and rating bureaus were at all times extremely courteous and seemingly anxious to assist and aid in getting the fullest information possible.

It might also be pertinent at this time to state that this same attitude was not always shown by some affiliated with what are known as "Non-Board" companies and that in several instances, after witnesses had been subpoenaed with the idea of getting testimony that would be antagonistic to the Board method of rating, these winesses were very reluctant to answer the questions put to them by the members of the Commission and, in one case, refused absolutely to testify without first seeking the advice of counsel.

In order to more logically and consecutively present the matters about which inquiry has been made, the body of this report has been divided into the following subjects:

1. Fire and Insurance.
2. The Companies and Agencies engaged in Fire Insurance.
3. The Policy Contract, Forms, Clauses and Riders.
4. Kinds of Combinations and Organizations.
6. Rates and Methods of Ratemaking.
5. Reasons for Combinations and Organizations.
7. Reduction and Prevention of Fire Waste.
8. Expense of the Business.
9. State Supervision of Fire Insurnace by Insurance Commissioners and Fire Marshals.
10. State Rating.
11. Commissions.
12. Agents, the Licensing thereof and their Responsibilities.
13. Rebating.
14. Taxation.
15. Re-insurance.
16. Underwriters' Agencies.
17. Opinions of Experts.
18. Suggested Legislation.

FIRE AND INSURANCE.

Fire, man's best friend and helpmate, is the greatest destroyer of his monuments of industry. Perhaps no discovery of all the ages has done more to bring to the human family comfort and luxury. No one discovery has done so much to lighten the burden of labor and no one discovery, in all its uses, has had so great an influence upon civilization. Man, only, has a knowledge of any of its varied benefits and uses.

Who first discovered how to produce fire, perhaps antedates even Mythological History. In some parts of the globe, no doubt, fire and its effects on the temperature of the atmosphere was known since earliest times. We cannot but believe that volcanoes existed before man appeared as one of earth's mammals.

History indicates that the friction stick was the earliest method known of producing fire artificially. This was followed by the method of striking two hard substances violently together, such as two flint stones; then came the Grecian Sun Glass and about the same time the Roman Concave Mirror was used as an agency to produce fire.

About a thousand years ago, an Arab, named Bechel, discovered phosphorus. It took eight hundred years more to find the man who could produce the match stick. An Englishman, named Kankwitz, discovered that sulphur and phosphorus, when brought into friction, produced fire; thus the whole civilized world began carry fire about in its pockets.

So much for a brief history of fire, man's greatest friend, yet one that is constantly, in apparent fiendish delight, turning in its track and destroying the very monuments that it had been so instrumental in rearing. And to this must be added countless thousands of the human family who have, themselves, fallen victims to its ghoulish caprice.

Fire Insurance, as we know it, is but little over a century old. It is true that the idea or fundamental principle of Fire Insurance dates back over two thousand years. Civilization, prior to the eighteenth century, had but little need for indemnity against loss by fire outside of the city life. Prior to that date, man had not begun to harness this all-powerful agent, fire. It was not until the discovery of the steam engine, steam and hot air furnaces and stoves, as a means of making our homes comfortable, that the civilized world was aroused to the vital needs of insurance against loss by fire.

Apparently, in early history, or we might say prior to the fifteenth century, a very small portion of the human family lived under conditions that necessitated insurance on their wordly goods and chattels; the dwellings and outbuildings consisted of structures little more than what we now call shacks; their personal effects either in their dwellings or out-buildings were likewise of very small value.

When the age of mechanical science took possession of the people of the earth, all this began to change. Palatial residences, comfortable homes, great manufacturing plants of every character appeared. Each community began building what in ancient times would be called a city. Necessarily, this condition called louder and louder for indemnity against fire loss. Not only was the necessity for insurance increased a thousand fold, but also the means of fighting fire and its prevention became one of the problems of this new civilization.

The story of the evolution of fire fighting appliances is unique and one of the most interesting subjects of our time. It was not until about the latter part of the eighteenth century that hose came into use. Prior to that date the village bucket brigade was the only means known to fight fire.

No sooner had the fire fighting appliances been perfected to meet the necessities of the times than the architects, as we might almost believe purposely, began the rearing of structures so high that no known apparatus could throw a stream of water high enough to reach the devouring agent, yet men who were giving their life work to the conservation of man's monuments, proved equal to their task. High pressure water systems were established in the great business centers of our cities; great tanks were placed on columns higher than our sky-scrapers, or in their top-most story, with proper appliances for instant use when needed.

The Fire Insurance business, as now conducted in our State, consists of:

(1) Local Mutuals. By local is meant those companies doing business within a radius of twenty miles or less on the assessment plan.

(2) Factory Mutuals, known as the "New England Mutuals," insuring a special class of risks.

(3) Lumbermen's Mutuals, covering a special class of business.

(4) Druggists' Mutuals, also insuring a special class of risks, and

(5) The Stock Companies, insuring every class of risks.

Your Commission is of the opinion that the Local Mutuals are avoiding the danger of conflagration hazards. If they are not, the Insurance Commissioner should have the power of spervision over that feature of their business. A mutual insurance company can, if doing a reasonably large business, furnish indemnity at a slightly lower cost than the stock companies and deserve to be encouraged.

It is the judgment of the Commission that every policy of insurance issued on the assessment plan should have stamped in large type on the face when folded these words "The Insured, under this contract, is liable for additional assessments."

It is too often the practice of agents to misrepresent the policy contract for the purpose of securing business. No man, or set of men, should refuse to honestly label his goods. It may be said that it is the duty of the insured to read his contract, which cannot be denied, yet it is a fact that very few do so; thus the importance of requiring this feature of the contract being placed in bold type prominently on the policy.

The Factory, or senior and junior New England Mutuals, cover only sprinklered factory risks. Their field of operations is nation wide; their methods and practices in the past indicate that those conducting them are high-class, clean business men. Whether they are avoiding conflagration hazards, your Commission has not had the time and means of learning. The testimony tells us that their contracts limit the assessments to five annual premiums. This feature of the contract is certainly misleading, for, should they fail to avoid the conflagration hazard, the time will surely come when they will fail to make good their loss without exceeding this limitation, and this part of the contract should be eliminated.

The Commission feels that, with proper avoidance of conflagration hazard, they act as a healthy competitor to the stock companies; this the Commission can also say of the Local Mutuals.

What has been said of the Factory and Local Mutuals is largely true of the Lumbermen's and Druggists' Mutuals and your Commission feels that by suggestions, that may from time to time be recommended to the Legislature by the Insurance Commissioner of the State, this class of insurance companies will be given proper governmental regulation.

The activities and business of the above named companies figure to a very small degree in the great volume of the insurance business of the United States. Few, indeed, realize the magnitude of the fire insurance business in this country. The fire loss, plus what is spent for conservation and to fight fire, reaches the appalling figures of one million five hundred thousand dollars every twenty-four hours. The destruction of buildings each year equals in value one-half the cost of buildings erected. The bulk of this burden is borne by the stock Fire Insurance Companies.

The first thought of indemnity, or protection from fire loss, was along the line of mutual agreement to assist the unfortunate in any one community where the property value was practically of about the same class and the risks carried about of an equal fire hazard. This method or system of fire insurance was entirely practical and at present prevails, under these conditions, in sections throughout the State and he United States. When there was no conflagration hazard, or any single risk such as we now have reaching into the millions, this mutual system worked well and practically filled the needs of the times on the most economical plan. Yet, the stage coach and canal boat, as a means of passenger transportation; the old Conestoga six mule freight wagon, as a means of freight transportation; or the sailing ship against modern methods on the high seas, as a means of transportation, will, in comparison with present day methods of these activities, well exemplify the great strides of latter day methods of the Fire Insurance business. What is now known as the Stock Fire Insurance Business is but the result of conditions.

The great burden of conflagration hazard falls upon the stock companies. What might be called the retail fire insurance business, especially in the cities of ten thousand (10,000) inhabitants or over, must necessarily, by the very nature of the business, be taken care of in the future—as experience in the past indicates—by the stock fire insurance companies. There are probably not enough mutual companies in the whole United States to give proper fire indemnity to any one of its first fifty cities. Besides, it is almost useless to suggest the many reasons that make it abolutely impracticable to apply the mutual system to this class of risks.

The general feeling against stock insurance companies is undoubtedly due to a misunderstanding of the great necessity in our commercial world for such institutions, combined with a lack of knowledge of the effect of rating bureaus, as born out of years of experience. The public necessity, becaues of our multifold interests, demands the protection of fire insurance. The public wants this at the lowest rate or tax, consistent with solvency; the public demands, and is entitled to, uniform rates on the same class of property or essentially the same class of risks. This is impossible without a scientific method of estimating rates.

COMPANIES AND AGENCIES ENGAGED IN FIRE INSURANCE.

In this Commonwealth the Fire Insurance business is conducted by several classes of companies as follows: Twenty-seven Pennsylvania joint stock companies, with paid up capital of $14.462,500; one hundred and thirteen stock companies of other States, with paid up capital of $76,-

611,647.75; and forty-one American branches of foreign companies, with large deposits and with a grand aggregate of total admitted assets of $641,489,568.42, and whose annual premium income aggregates $298,397,399.64.

There are also, doing business in Pennsylvania, eighteen mutual companies of other States, and fifteen of Pennsylvania, known as factory, manufacturers or trade mutuals, together with two hundred and eighty-five Pennsylvania mutual companies, commonly known as "County" or "Local" mutuals.

It is not possible to compile, nor have we any knowledge of any authentic compilation of figures, showing the grand aggregate of fire premiums and fire losses, for all classes of companies, whereby can be intelligently shown, the results of the insurance business for the United States. But we submit the following figures of the amount of fire risks written; the fire premiums received and the fire losses paid by companies in the State of Pennsylvania:

Total risks written, Joint Stock Companies,	$2,952,833,335.82
Total risks written, Mutual Companies,	565,672,641.00
Premium received, Joint Stock Companies,	25,610,878.59
Cash premiums and assessments (Mutual Companies),	5,769,313.43
Losses paid, Joint Stock Companies,	11,665,477.93
Losses paid (Mutual Companies),	2,908,592.68

No data is at hand dissecting the expense account of the companies, so as to properly proportion to this State its share of the expense of the business, therefore, we are unable to arrive at the profit or loss on Pennsylvania business. The following table, however, presents in concrete form the final results of underwriting by Pennsylvania stock companies on their total business throughout the United States for a period of thirty-nine years, up to and including 1912:

The following table shows the ratio of profits and losses to premium income of Pennsylvania joint stock companies for the past thirty-nine years, covering the entire period from the establishment of the Department to the present time. The period from 1874 to 1880 shows good underwriting profit. The period from 1880 to 1890 shows small profits in four years and underwriting loss in the other six. The period from 1890 to 1900 shows profits in six years and losses in the other four. From 1900 to the present time there have been losses in five years and profits in the other eight years.

Ratio of profit to premium income 1874,	18.50
Ratio of profit to premium income 1875,	12.39
Ratio of profit to premium income 1876,	12.70
Ratio of profit to premium income 1877,	2.68
Ratio of profit to premium income 1878,	5.22
Ratio of profit to premium income, 1879,	3.78
Ratio of profit to premium income 1880,	7.91
Ratio of loss to premium income 1881,	1.11
Ratio of loss to premium income, 1882,	.77
Ratio of profit to premium income 1883,	.60
Ratio of loss to premium income 1884,	3.98
Ratio of loss to premium income 1885,	.72
Ratio of profit to premium income 1886,	1.27
Ratio of loss to premium income 1887,	1.78
Ratio of profit to premium income 1888,	1.25
Ratio of loss to premium income 1889,	.75
Ratio of profit to premium income 1890,	9.10
Ratio of loss to premium income 1891,	3.63
Ratio of profit to premium income 1892,	.42
Ratio of loss to premium income 1893,	10.77
Ratio of profit to premium income 1894,	.33
Ratio of profit to premium income 1895,	4.95
Ratio of profit to premium income 1896,	6.98
Ratio of profit to premium income 1897,	4.76
Ratio of loss to premium income 1898,	6.31
Ratio of loss to premium income 1899,	12.55
Ratio of loss to premium income 1900,	8.49
Ratio of loss to premium income, 1901,	.18
Ratio of profit to premium income 1902,	5.74
Ratio of profit to premium income 1903,	10.57
Ratio of loss to premium income 1904,	.14
Ratio of profit to premium income 1905,	11.62
Ratio of loss to premium income 1906,	32.20
Ratio of profit to premium income 1907,	16.32
Ratio of loss to premium income 1908,	.25
Ratio of profit to premium income 1909,	10.18
Ratio of profit to premium income 1910,	9.98
Ratio of profit to premium income 1911,	1.34
Ratio of profit to premium income 1912,	3.94

The above tabulation shows an average underwriting profit for the period covered, of about 1.43 per cent.

The average insurance rate for the United States for 1912, is $1.08 per $100.00 and the average rate for the State of Pennsylvania, based on the business of joint stock companies for 1912, is .99.

The Mutual Companies, as a rule (with the exception of Factory and Trade Mutuals and some few Companies of the Mutual class, who, departing from the accepted Mutual plan, hazard their assets on the same basis and plan as do the stock companies), confine their activities to properties either in small communities or those which are unexposed, such as farm and village risks, and it, therefore, follows that it is remote to suppose that they are, generally speaking, subject to a great conflagration hazard. Under such conditions, which eliminate the necessity of raising large sums of money on short notice, it seems to render the Mutual plan of accumulating its premium income, by the requiring of a deposit with assessment abilities, not a very difficult problem. The testimony tends to show that Mutual Insurance is not available to the protection of the general hazard.

The joint stock companies are expected to and do assume the liability of large congested areas in addition to the classes desirable to the Mutuals and are subject to conflagrations. The assessment mutual premium, as an average proposition, seems to be just as much fixed as is the stock companies' rate, excepting that it is collected at the termination of the contract, if on the purely mutual plan. The premium income of the Pennsylvania Stock Companies is on their business wherever written. Considering the fact that the average rate in Pennsylvania is lower than in all but six other States, the figures furnish a reasonable basis of comparison.

The difference between the final price of Mutual and Stock Company insurance is accounted for in the different methods of obtaining their business; in cost of supervision; liability to loss; expense of operation; methods of taxation and returns on capital.

It would be absolutely impracticable to underwrite the liability of the congested communities on the Mutual plan and, if it were, the public would face the requirement of assuming the losses occasioned by conflagrations, such as San Francisco, Baltimore and Salem, which would be a tremendous tax and which liability is now assumed by the surplus, and capital if necessary of the joint Stock Companies.

Generally, the business of the Stock Companies is conducted through General Agents, Resident or Local Agents, Special Agents and Brokers or Solicitors. There are approximately 15,000 agents and 3,200 brokers or solicitors in this State.

General Agents are those having authority over an extended territory, sometimes covering one or more States, and supervising the local agents in that territory who, as their name implies, are those restricted to a single locality.

Special Agents are the direct employes of the Companies and maintain a general supervision over local agents in a large territory.

Brokers and solicitors are those who solicit the business and place it or have it written by agents.

THE POLICY CONTRACT, FORMS, CLAUSES AND RIDERS.

There is no legal standard policy in the State of Pennsylvania. However, there is in general use, a form of contract known as the New York standard which has been adopted by statute in that State as the legal fire insurance contract.

Uniformity and standardization of contract are manifestly of great value to the insuring public and to the Insurance Companies as well.

The necessity for standardization has been so apparent that the Insurance Department of several States have been active in constructing a standard policy contract which may eliminate or more clearly define the condition of the contract, so as to avoid the misconstructions which have been placed upon them in the past, and thus saving the many dis-

putes and litigations in this connection. It is certainly important that the contract be made standard by the Commonwealth so that the responsibility of the parties to it be fixed and determined by statute.

The united efforts of the several Insurance Departments and the Insurance people, have resulted in the production of a policy form which they believe will prove satisfactory to all interests and your commission will present in its suggestions the new form of policy contract for the consideration of the Legislature.

The conditions of the policy contract may be divided into two groups, viz: Those applying prior to a loss which include those requirements of the assured, the compliance with which tends to keep the property in the same classification under which it was originally insured during the full term of the policy contract; and those applying succeeding a loss including those requirements governing the actions of both the insurer and the insured after the occurrence of a loss.

In the writing and issuing of policies quite a number of forms, clauses and riders are used, owing to the peculiar conditions existing in individual risks. Among them are clauses relating to:

Builders or Finishing Risks.
Forms for distribution of liability.
Blanket policies,
Rent Insurance,
Reduced Rate or Co-Insurance.
Floating Insurance,
Smoke Houses.
Lightning,
Sprinkler,
Vacancy,
Natural Gas and Electric Light and Dynamo,
Consequential Damage,
Three-fourths value clause,

and others of more or less importance. The majority of these clauses and riders are standard throughout the jurisdiction of the various associations of the State. One of the most necessary factors in the adjustment of losses is concurrence in the forms and clauses so that all policies may contribute uniformly. Therefore, we believe, in the interest of all concerned, that standards in this feature of the business should be maintained.

We know of no clauses used in this Commonwealth which are not generally in use in the other States. Practically, the forms and clauses in use have passed without comment or discussion, excepting the provisions of the so-called co-insurance clause and the three-fourths value clause.

Of all the clauses in use the Co-Insurance clause is probably less understood and the reasons for its requirement less appreciated by the public than any other. As a matter of fact, if the use of this clause could be enforced by law on every policy issued it would be the quickest and most effective way of ultimately bringing all insurance rates to the lowest equitable level which could be maintained by the companies with consideration to the continued safety of their existence.

For with the co-insurance clause in universal use, the fire losses sustained by the companies would at once be measured as a percentage of actual destruction and, assuming the 80 per cent. clause to be the basis for the rate, no policy would ever be fully exhausted by less than an actual 80 per cent. destruction of the property covered by it. Also every premium being based on that clause, every insurer would pay a premium at the rate determined on the same percentage of the value of his property (eighty per cent.) and therefore every insurer would be paying his exact rightful percentage of "all" premiums collected by "all" the companies, to pay "all" the losses incurred by "all."

It should be clearly borne in mind that the people, themselves (that is the insuring public), in the final analysis, really pay their own losses, for the insrance companies are only a means to an end. That is, they collect from the many sufficient money to pay losses to the few, plus the expense of such collection, plus a fair reserve against conflagrations happening, plus a fair return on the private capital invested in the various companies.

If the collection proves inadequate, then premiums must be increased and those insured pay the increase. Therefore, manifestly, any rate which tends to make every insured pay his premium on the same basis tends to equalize and, in the end, to reduce the amount of the payment necessary. Assume two identical buildings, occupied by identical hazards, each containing stocks of merchandise of a total value of $100,000, the rate on each being one per cent., without any reference to the co-insurance clause or amount of insurance to be maintained. One insured (call him "A"), recognizing his necessity for protection, takes out policies totaling $80,000, and pays a premium of $800. The other insured, "B," figures closely and, hoping that $40,000 is as great a loss as he would suffer, takes out $40,000 insurance, paying $400 premium therefor. Each has a fire and each one's loss is an actual 40 per cent. destruction of value, amounting in each case to $40,000. Both losses are satisfactorily adjusted; they each collect $40,000, but "A" has paid $800, while "B" has paid only $400. And bear in mind that both "A's" $800 and "B's" $400 went into the general premium pot to provide funds for the losses. Therefore, "A" contributed just twice as much as "B" toward the payment of their losses, although both had identical hazards and paid the same rate of premium. Beyond this is the important fact that the companies in paying "B" exhausted their total policies, while in paying "A" they only exhausted 50 per cent. of their policies. Experience indicates that a large majority of losses are partial losses.

This illustration clearly shows that a 10 per cent. property loss would, in many cases, become a 100 per cent. insurance loss, and such insurance would be absolutely unfair to the smaller insurers who, as a rule, insure their property at nearly its full value, whether the clause is used or not, and are, therefore, paying more than their proportionate share of what might be termed the insurance tax.

The Three-fourths Value Clause reads as follows:

"It is understood and agreed to be a condition of this policy that in the event of loss or damage by fire to any building insured herein, this Company shall not be liable for an amount greater than three-fourths of the actual cash value of such building (not exceeding the amount insured thereon) at the time immediately preceding such loss or damage; and in the event of additional insurance on such building—if any is permitted in writing hereon—this company shall not be liable for more than its proportion of three-fourths of such cash value at the time of fire. If, by reason of this clause, the liability of the Company shall be less on any building than the amount of insurance thereon for which premium has been paid, the Company will, on demand, refund to the assured for the full term of policy the premium received by it on the difference between the amount insured and the amount paid for total loss on such building."

This clause is designed to restrict the insurance on a given property to three-fourths, or seventy-five per cent. of its value.

The real reason for its use, boiled down, is the safeguarding of the moral hazard on certain classes of business not subject to frequent inspection because of the expense connected therewith. While your Commission agrees that every effort to discourage and prevent over-insurance and questionable fires should be commended and supported, we are in doubt as to whether the authority to place limits upon the insured to secure insurance should be vested in a Bureau whose sole object is that of producing and establishing adequate and equitable rates. Your Commission is of the opinion that the amount of insurance to be accepted on an individual risk should be a question for determination between the insurer and the insured.

The testimony of the insurance men, generally, was that farm property, while profitable in certain counties—owing to local conditions—generally speaking, the class throughout the State was so unprofitable as to be absolutely declined by the larger majority of stock companies; that the business being so scattered, inaccessible to systematic inspection—except at heavy expense—made it necessary, in the interest of the loss ratio, to throw some safeguard around the moral hazard.

The very large majority of protected risks are not insured for more than 80 per cent. of their value. The mutual companies, owing to the localization of their business, are able to so closely inspect the physical property and review the moral hazard as to better determine the amount of insurance to be granted on specific risks and are, therefore, in a better position to underwrite this class of business than the stock

companies whose agents, probably, are not conversant with either the moral or physical condition surrounding the individual risks. Under these favorable conditions, many mutual companies deem the use of this clause necessary in the conduct of their business.

Generally speaking, there seems to be an effort upon the part of the companies, through organization, to standardize the forms, clauses and riders in use.

These clauses are used to broaden the scope of and extend privileges otherwise restricted by the policy and, in that they tend to prevent discrimination and establish concurrence, they should be commended.

KINDS OF COMBINATIONS AND ORGANIZATIONS.

The greatest of the different organizations, in point of territory covered, is the National Board of Fire Underwriters. This organization has been in existence since 1866 and embraces in its membership about 160 of the leading companies doing business in the United States. In its early days it endeavored to fix both rates and commissions for the whole of the United States, but this work proved impracticable and its purposes, as expressed in its present Constitution, are:

PURPOSES.

"1st. To promote harmony, correct practices and the principles of sound underwriting; to devise and give effect to measures for the protection of the common interests, and the promotion of such laws and regulations as will secure stability and solidity to capital employed in the business of Fire Insurance, and to protect it against [oppressive] impractical, unjust and discriminative legislation.

2d. To repress incendiarism and arson by combining in suitable measures for the apprehension, conviction, and punishment of criminals guilty of that crime.

3d. To gather such statistics and establish such classification of hazards as may be for the interest of members.

4th. To secure the adoption of uniform and correct policy forms and clauses, and to endeavor to agree upon such rules and regulations in reference to the adjustment of losses as may be desirable and in the interest of all concerned.

5th. To influence the introduction of improved and safe methods of building construction, encourage the adoption of fire protective measures, secure efficient organization and equipment of fire department, with adequate and improved water systems, and establish rules designed to regulate all hazards constituting a menace to the business. Every member shall be in honor bound to co-operate with every other member to accomplish the desired objects and purposes of the Board.

The National Board, through a corps of engineers, carries on an extensive work in making surveys of the conflagration hazard in cities. A report is issued on each city surveyed; this report is a basis for intelligent work in the betterment of conditions even by municipal authorities. It has, after an extensive study of the subject, also prepared a model building code, prepared statistics of fire losses and the causes of fires, and, at all times, is in close touch with the National Fire Protection Association and the Underwriters' Laboratories and frequently issues pamphlets, based on the work of these organizations as well as on the work of its own engineers, on the construction and installation of devices of a protective or hazardous nature. These pamphlets are given a wide circulation, gratuitously.

The Commission feels that the testimony taken clearly justifies it in saying that the work of the National Board is in the highest degree public spirited and its activities are to be highly commended.

The various combinations and organizations existing exclusively within this Commonwealth are:—

1st. The Philadelphia Fire Underwriters' Association.
2d. The Board of Fire Underwriters of Allegheny County.
3rd. Underwriters Association of the Middle Department.
4th. Philadelphia Suburban Underwriters' Association.

The Philadelphia Fire Underwriters' Association is an Association the membership of which is made up of the various companies doing business in the City of Philadelphia, each Company being represented in the membership of the Association by one of its officers or by delegated authority to its local agent; each Company being entitled to one vote on all matters coming before the Association. It endeavors to establish rates upon all property situate in the County of Philadelphia and promulgates the same to its members. The expense of the work done by this Association is borne by different Companies in proportion to the amount of business done.

The Board of Fire Underwriters of Allegheny County is composed of local companies and local agents, representing companies foreign to that County, and is supported in the same manner as is the Board in the City of Philadelphia.

The Suburban Underwriters' Association, having as its jurisdiction the Counties of Delaware, Montgomery, Chester and Bucks [is under company supervision.]

The Underwriters' Association of the Middle Department is composed of companies, being represented in its membership by Special Agents or Field Men, who are in the direct employ of the Companies. This Association covers the entire State excepting as heretofore explained.

REASONS FOR COMBINATIONS AND ORGANIZATIONS.

The reason for the existence of the different combinations and organizations of Fire Insurance Companies is the all important and vital question to be determined, [by this inquiry] and upon its proper solution depends the existence of these organizations in Pennsylvania. For, if the reason is valid and justifiable, then the principle is sound and the structure raised should be allowed to stand.

The different combinations and organizations, beginning with the largest in point of area covered, the National Board, and coming down to those whose scope of activity does not extend beyond the limits of the State, in a measure all have some influence upon the rate charged for Fire protection. The first named, it is true, only indirectly has any bearing upon the price finally paid by the insured, and it is for the existence of those combinations whose avowed purpose is the establishing and promulgation of rates that we must primarily find some justification.

In the early days when insurance was in its infancy, [and there were fewer companies] and many less risks seeking protection, it was possible and safe for those conducting and managing the companies to predicate the rate charged upon individual judgment for the reason that [competition was less keen,] risks were less congested and not as different in method, and character of construction. The rate charged was in every instance determined by the Company accepting the risk and was based almost entirely upon the experience of the Company selling the insurance.

When the construction of buildings changed and when Company managers realized that the material and appliances used therein could cause a great difference in lessening or increasing the fire hazard and would have to be taken into consideration in arriving at a rate, then they also realized that the fixing of that rate became a more difficult and costly process. If Companies continued to base rates upon their judgment as to the value of the same and in open competition undersold insurance in order to get the business, the result could be none other than financial ruin.

Affecting as it does the very heart of the business world by reason of the credit allowed and extended for ample and safe fire protection, the stability and solvency of the companies doing business is of most vital importance and anything that in any manner would be detrimental to it should be avoided.

When the matter of rate making began to [necessarily] include the personal inspection of buildings during and after construction; when the rate became, in short, the result of scientific research practically and individually applied; and when they became more costly to arrive at the nearer they approached the proper rate; Company managers apparently realized that the cost of rate making, if borne by each Company, would soon become so great as to make the rate itself prohibitive, but that if assumed by a number of companies, acting in concert, would consequently become less costly, [and] It was for these reasons [in this way] that Companies undertook the formation of associations which are to-day the various Underwriters' Associations throughout the Country. The Underwriters' Association, being admittably a combination of companies or company agents,

through the application of scientifically created schedules, after extensive and intelligent surveys and examinations of buildings and properties by a trained force at their disposal, arrive at and promulgate a rate which is used by all companies working under, or having membership in the association, and the rate is given to them at a very small percentage of the cost that would be incurred by each Company if it separately attempted to arrive at a proper rate [by the same] [expensive] [processes.]

The methods used in arriving at a rate, which will be fully explained in this report, are at times so complicated and extensive that only men especially trained could be depended upon to do the work correctly.

In view of these facts, which are clearly set forth in the testimony without having been contradicted, it is a simple matter to conclude that if each company were forced to get a proper [its] rate [in the same manner,] insurance protection would cost much more than under the present system, which would seem to be a sufficient reason for the existence of these combinations and organizations from the stand-point of the insured.

RATES AND METHODS OF RATE MAKING.

The methods used for obtaining the price of insurance, called rate, by stock companies and the practices of Rating Bureaus have caused more discussion and differences of opinion than any other particular feature of the fire insurance business.

Evidently, the fire insurance business is of such a character that it must accommodate and adapt itself to all the changes and developments in every other business.

Prior to the year 1874, when the Insurance Department was established, there had been no effort on the part of the Commonwealth to supervise in any way the fire insurance business, [and] therefore, it is reasonable to infer that until that time the attention of the general public had not been attracted to the importance of this business. It is a fact that the price of no commodity was, until about that time, subject to the dissection that it has been since. Prior to 1870, all rates were flat or minimum (so-called) in this Commonwealth, the only distinction being as to whether the risk was of brick or wood construction and whether it was in or out of fire protection. However, preceding the recognition by the Commonwealth of the magnitude of this business, the insurance companies came to the conclusion that individual judgment or action was not satisfactory, either to the public or themselves, and this brought into existence in 1851 the Board of Fire Underwriters of Allegheny County and, a little later, the Philadelphia Fire Underwriters' Association of Philadelphia, which organizations seemed to confine their efforts to the Cities of Pittsburgh and Philadelphia, respectively.

From the organization of these two associations commenced attempts at schedule rating. It is apparent that this evolution was brought about by the desire on the part of the companies to distinguish between profitable and unprofitable business at the then prevailing rates. It seems unnecessary at this time to detail the evolution of schedules used in rating but merely necessary to explain the reasons for and the mechanical application of the various schedules used to-day, from which it is quite evident that this business, by its use of present schedules and methods, has kept pace with the modern idea of efficiency.

At this time, this Commonwealth is divided into four rating bodies, the two above mentioned, together with the Underwriters' Association of the Middle Department and the Philadelphia Suburban Underwriters' Association. These four organizations differ in some degree in their general system, caused by the different conditions found in the various jurisdictions supervised by them, i. e. the Philadelphia Fire Underwriters' Association having jurisdiction over Philadelphia County, the Philadelphia Suburban Tariff Association, supervising Montgomery, Delaware, Chester and Bucks Counties; The Underwriters' Association of the Middle Department, supervising all other Counties in the State with the exception of the County of Allegheny, which is under the supervision of the Board of Fire Underwriters of Allegheny County, whose practices and methods we will now discuss for the purpose of illustration.

The schedule in use at the present time is based upon the Universal System which was amended and modified in 1902 by a co-operating Committee made up of thirty-seven fire insurance experts.

The starting point of the schedule is the assumption, based upon the consensus of opinion, that a standard building, unoccupied, in a standard city may be written at 25 cents per $100.

"A Standard City is one having gravity waterworks, with head sufficient at all hours, to throw over five-story buildings. The main supply pipe to be in duplicate unless intermediate storage reservoir be provided. Water pipes and mains to be not less than six inches in diameter in dwelling section, and not less than eight inches (as a minimum) in mercantile section (they ought to be ten and twelve inches); a paid fire department, 12 men to each steamer; not less than two steam fire-engines to each square mile of compact portion, or one to each 10,000 population up to 500,000 population; hook and ladder trucks, one to every four steamers; fire-alarm telegraph; efficient police; paved, macadamized, or other hard streets, the majority of which—say 60 per cent.—are 70 feet or more in width; a good building law, well enforced; no outlying exposures, such as lumber districts, etc., to cause sweeping fires; no unjust municipal and State taxation and a previous five-year, fire record of not exceeding $5 annual fire loss to each $1,000 of insurance."

" Standard Building is one having walls of brick or stone (brick preferred), not less than twelve inches thick at top story (16 inches if stone), extending through and 36 inches above roof in parapet and coped, and increasing four inches in thickness for each story below to the ground—the increased thickness of each story to be utilized for beam ledges. Ground floor area not over 2,500 square feet (say, 25 by 100); height not over four stories, or 50 feet; floors of two-inch plank, (three inches better covered by 7-8 or one-inch flooring, crossing diagonally, with water-proof paper or approved fire resisting material between (if tin or sheet-iron between, see deductions); wooden beams, girders, and wooden story posts or pillars twelve inches thick, or protected iron columns; elevators, stairways, etc., cut off by brick walls or by plaster on metallic studs and lathing, communications at each floor protected with approved tin-covered doors and fire-proof sills; windows and doors on exposed sides protected by approved tin-covered doors and shutters; walls of flues not less than eight inches in thickness, to be lined with fire-brick, well-burned clay or cast-iron, and throat capacity not less than 96 square inches if steam-boilers are used; all floor timbers to be trimmed at least four inches from outside of flue; heated by steam; lighted by gas; cornices of incombustible material; roof of metal or tile; if partitions are hollow or walls are furred off there must be fire-stops at each floor.

To ascertain the Basis Rate of a standard building in any city or town differing from the above standard, add to the basis rate of 25 cents for a standard building in a standard city, the following charges for the deficiencies of the city or town from such standard. (for the purpose of illustration, see Appendix, Exhibit "A").

The National Board of Fire Underwriters, through its Engineering Department, furnishes in detail a survey of the general and physical condition of a city, including every feature that might affect in any way the fire hazard of that city and from the information thus provided the Key or Basis Rate of that city is obtained.

Applying this schedule to the National Board survey of the City of Pittsburgh shows the following results:

Basis, (standard building in standard city).	.25
Additions—	
Item No. 5. Direct pressure system water supply pumps operated by steam power, pumping machinery double,	.04
Item No. 14. Fire Alarm Telegraph,	.02
Note: Book says this charge at 5c where there is no fire alarm telegraph. There is a Fire Alarm Telegraph in Pittsburgh but its sub-standard condition warrants the change made.	
Item No. 20. Fire Department not free from political control,	.04
Item No. 25. Building law inadequate; not well enforced and ordinance as to storage of explosives undeveloped,	.03

Item No. 27. Conflagration hazard,		.05
Item No. 28. Natural gas,		.02
Item No. 24. More than 40 per cent. of streets less than seventy feet,		.02
Item No. 26. Electric trolley system,		.02
		.24
Total Key Rate, gross,		.49
Deductions—		
Item No. 32. Chemical engines on wheels,	5%	
Item No. 33. Auxiliary steamers,	5%	
Item No. 34. Hook and Ladder trucks, one to every four steamers,	5%	
Item No. 184. Extra steamers,	10%	
Item No. 185. Water tower,	5%	
Item No. 186-A. Gravity Pressure,	30%	
	60%—	.294
		.196
Add for convenience,		.004
Net Key Rate for Pittsburgh Proper,		.20

This same schedule produces in adjacent towns and Boroughs of Allegheny County the following Key Rates:

Arnold,	48c	New Kensington,	49c
Avalon,	45c	Parnassus,	43c
Bellevue,	44c	Russelton,	54c
Braddock,	38c	Springdale,	55c
Bridgeville,	51c	South Side (Pgh.),	30c
Dormont,	53c	Sharpsburg,	44c
Homestead,	39c	Tarentum,	42c
Leetsdale,	51c	Wilkinsburg,	38c
McKees Rocks,	45c	Whitaker,	54c
Stowe Twp.,	45c	Wilson,	49c

Schedules applying to different classes of property are in use as follows: Fire-Proof Mercantile, Non-Fire-Proof Mercantile, Frame Mercantile, Glass Factories, Planeing Mill and Wood Workers, Metal Workers, Electric Light and Power Plants, Coal Properties, Sprinklered Risks, Breweries, Theatres and School Houses.

The Key Rate established is the basis for all schedules. The Non-Fire-Proof Mercantile Schedule is sufficient for illustration, being the most common or numerous in its application. (See Appendix, Exhibit "B").

Application of the Schedule to a Given Risk.—The information upon which this schedule is applied to an individual property is gathered from surveys made up by inspectors of the association, who make their reports on forms. (See Appendix, Exhibit "C").

In addition to the survey of the general conditions of the risk a report on the electrical equipment is furnished by an electrical engineer. (See Appendix, Exhibit "D.")

The data, thus compiled, applied to the schedule produces the final rate of an individual risk.

Promulgation of Rates.—Immediately upon their completion, detailed copies of the survey, electrical report and schedule are forwarded, first, to the owner of the building and in addition to the tenant or tenants upon whose application the risk has been rated.

In order that the insured may have an opportunity to lower his rate by removal of the charges for defects or Faults of Management a rider is attached to his copy of the schedule stating that "If there are defects or Faults of Management existing in the property rated under this schedule the rate may be reduced by complying with the suggestions herein."

The original survey, schedule and electrical report are kept on file in the rooms of the association and are, at all times, accessible to all members of the association. For convenience the rating information regarding individual risks is printed on cards and distributed to members of the association who provide cabinets for filing and make requests therefor.

The sending of a detailed copy of all the information concerning his risk furnishes to the assured every opportunity for revision of his rate if he is not satisfied with the result.

It should be stated here that as a rule the standards established by the Underwriters and the compilation of their various schedules are the results of investigation and conferences of the National Fire Protection Association which is composed of national associations of all kinds which may be interested in the protection of life and property against fire, such as the American Institute of Architects, American Concrete Institute, American Electric Railway Association, American Institute of Consulting Engineers, American Institute of Electrical Engineers, American Institute of Mining Engineers, American Warehousemens' Association, American Gas Institute, National Association of Building Owners and Managers, National Association of Credit Men, National Association of Electrical Inspectors, National Association of Manufacturers, National Association Master Gravel and Slag Roofers of America, National Electrical Contractors Association, National Electric Light Association, National Hardware Association, National Implement and Vehicle Association, National Paint, Oil and Varnish Association, National Wholesale Druggists Association, National Wholesale Grocers' Association and many others.

While it is undoubtedly true that no system of ascertaining rates or prices to be charged for fire insurance has given unqualified satisfaction to all parties concerned, and probably no such system ever will give entire and unqualified satisfaction to everyone, yet the system hereinbefore described seems to be more scientific, exact, impartial and just—both to insurer and insured—than any other that has yet been devised. It gives to the insured an exact knowledge of the conditions of his property upon which the charges are based, together with an opportunity of bettering his rate by improving the character and condition of his risk.

This is well shown by reference to Items 136 to 154 of the schedule, entitled "Faults of Management Until Corrected." (See Appendix, Exhibit "B.") These charges are for deficiencies which are in no wise a part of the structure itself, but are the results of carelessness and poor housekeeping, which charges may be removed singly or in their entirety by the remedying of the the defects.

The testimony shows that upon the original application of this schedule in Allegheny County to a number of risks the average increase of rate, as compared with the schedule in previous use, was from 15 per cent. to 20 per cent., but that the removal of the defects resulted in an average reduction of almost 30 per cent., which in turn resulted in a much lower rate to the assured. And it is quite evident that the charge for Faults of Management is one of the most effective agencies in the interest of the reduction of the fire waste.

There are two methods of rating in use in this association; schedule rating, as illustrated above, and minimum or flat rates. It is evident that schedule rates are preferable to minimum rates. About 35 years ago there were practically no rates other than minimum or judgment rates. The adoption of schedules from time to time has gradually eliminated this method until, at present, dwellings and their contents; private stables and their contents are practically the only non-scheduled classes.

Minimum Rates.—In dwelling houses the only features in which the buildings differ are the construction material, class of occupancy, location, and whether in or out of fire protection and to this extent they are classified and rated separately under minimums.

The testimony supports the contention that any given number of risks of this class produce a composite or similar hazard and it is very apparent that the inspection and re-inspection, rating and re-rating of each individual risk would be a very expensive procedure without an appreciable difference in the result.

With the exception of sprinklered business this class of property pays the lowest rate per $100. of insurance and though the income from this class is large in the aggregate, it is collected in such small amounts that any additional expense would necessarily fall upon the small individual insurer. There is no question but that the method in use is the most reasonable and economical one.

Sprinklered Risks.—A comparison of the rates named and the methods used in rating properties protected by auto-

matic sprinkler equipments with that of other classes is a wonderful exposition of how insurance rates may be reduced by the elimination of hazard.

These practices and methods in general are also in use in the territory supervised by the Philadelphia Fire Underwriters' Association.

Underwriters' Association of the Middle Department.—This association was organized in 1883 and is composed of Special Agents or Field Men representing a large number of fire insurance companies doing business in the Commonwealth, maintaining for convenience its head office in the City of Philadelphia and for further convenience offices under the care of District Secretaries in the following named cities: Allentown, Altoona, Bradford, Dubois, Erie, Greensburg, Harrisburg, Johnstown, Lancaster, Meadville, Pittsburgh, Pottsville, Reading, Scranton, Sunbury, Wilkes-Barre, Williamsport and York.

In 1902 there was adopted a schedule known as the "Conference Schedule" for the purpose of rating mercantile risks throughout its territory. Numerous changes have been made in the schedule since that time and for illustration the present schedule now in use is shown. (See Appendix, Exhibit "E.")

Like the other organizations, this association also uses numerous schedules for rating manufacturing or so called special hazards. Their methods of rating dwelling houses and private stables and their contents differ but little from the practices in effect in Allegheny County.

The ratings, themselves, are made and filed at the offices of the various district secretaries throughout the territory and are promulgated and open to inspection at all times to all members of the association and their respective agents in the territory. This association also maintains an electrical department.

Very little complaint is made against Schedule Rating. The system has had the almost unqualified approval and support of the various investigating commissions representing numerous States, particularly those of New York, Massachusetts, Illinois, Wisconsin and Missouri as the best method of preventing discrimination, which always tends toward the advantage of the large; never to the small insurer. In its recognition of better construction by credits and the deprecation of faulty and careless construction and poor house-keeping by penalties, it gives to the individual insurer the ability to build and practically name his own rate and is in the interest of the conservation of property and preservation of life, a subject which is engaging the attention of all.

It is not to be expected that in the near future construction in general will come close to being standard, but through this system of offering rewards, in the way of reduced premiums for correction of defetcs, can be seen the best incentive toward securing the co-operation of property owners to that ultimate end.

The complaints as a rule are not directed against the schedule itself, or the component parts thereof, but toward the makeup of the schedule from the data and information furnished by the survey. (See Appendix, Exhibit "C.") This is better illustrated by the fact that from the exterior two buildings may appear to be exactly alike. The general construction may appear similar, but a detailed inspection reveals in one case elevators enclosed according to requirements, wall thicknesses standard, floor joists of sufficient dimensions, heating apparatus properly protected, storage and care of oils according to standard, while in the other case, any one or all of these essentials missing, thus producing an entirely different risk.

The fire insurance business, or at least the method of arriving at the final result-rate,—is probably less understood and appreciated by the average citizen than any other business with which he comes in contact, for the reason that, until his loss occurs, he feels that he is paying for something which he does not receive. The man who exercises the greatest caution in the acceptance of any other security,—mortgage, deed or evidence of debt,—will accept insurance contracts without any investigation of scrutiny, either as to the worth of the company, or form of contract.

REDUCTION AND PREVENTION OF FIRE WASTE

It is pretty well agreed that the question of fire waste in life and property is of much greater importance to the public than that of expense, however serious and important the question of expense may be considered.

If it were not for fire waste, we all fully realize that insurance companies would not be necessary and the more that is done to reduce and prevent fires the cheaper will insurance protection be bought, as any company, whether mutual or stock, if it remains in business, must collect from its policyholders sufficient to pay its losses and the expenses of managing its business.

Your Commisson believes that our State Fire Marshal Act of June 3rd, 1911, and its supplements, is a most important step towards fire prevention and waste, and, while the Act is so recent that it is possible that time and lack of money have not permitted of the complete enforcement of all its features, yet a vast amount of good, we are certain, has been accomplished and that it will be instrumental in forcing a marked decrease in the burning ratio of the State and prove a great benefit to the people at large.

The Act is comprehensive and gives a great deal of authority to the Department but none too much. When it is in complete operation, with the legislation to be suggested to this legislature, if adopted, it will be possible for this Department to know about every fire in the State, outside of the cities of Philadelphia and Pittsburgh (which maintain their own Fire Marshals). And the Department will be in a position to inspect all buildings and premises within its jurisdiction "and wherever the representatives of said Department find any building or structure which for want of repair or reason of age or dilapidated condition, or for any other cause, is especially liable to fire and is so situated to endanger other property, he or they shall order the same removed or remedied, if same is reasonably practicable, thereby lessening the danger from fire." It provides for reports of all fires and thorough investigation and prosecution, when justified, of suspicious fires.

The Department already is becoming very active along these lines. Many prosecutions have been instituted and numerous convictions obtained. It might be expedient for the Fire Marshal to have the power to order payment of insurance delayed in suspicious cases, pending an investigation.

It is made "the duty of the Fire Marshal to prepare in consultation with the Superintendent of Public Instruction, books of instruction for use in public and private schools of students of all grades with regards to the dangers of fire and prevention of fire waste," and provides for the instruction of pupils of said schools by means of drills and otherwise.

Your Commission is strongly of the opinion that the enforcement of this legislation and other statutes will bring about many favorable results, and suggest such amendments to the State Fire Marshal's Act as will enable the Department to fully carry out and enforce all of its powers.

The Act authorized the Fire Marshal in his annual report to the Governor to recommend such legislation, if any, as in his judgment may be desirable to further carry out the purpose of this law for the purpose of preventing or reducing fire waste.

We believe the amendments now being proposed by this Department, when enacted into law, will have a most marked and beneficial effect upon fire prevention and waste.

Fire insurance rates in the United States are very high, and in many instances distressingly so, [but notwithstanding they have not been high enough during the past ten or twelve years to make good the fire waste and necessary expenses of the business, and certainly,] apparently the only hope for the relief of the public lies in reduction of fire waste [and expenses.]

Fire waste may be lessened in various ways: by the enforcement of more stringent rules for construction of buildings; by a more careful supervision by owners, the public and insurance companies, so that defective chimneys, flues, heating apparatus and other fire hazards may be corrected; greater care in storage and sale of combustible and explosive substances, use of safety matches, proper disposition of ashes, well equipped fire departments and many other precautions. This is especially necessary in the smaller towns and cities which are not now required to maintain these provisions but, as we have already mentioned, we hope for very marked results along these lines for the proper enforcement of our State Fire Marshal Law.

The public must fully realize that much depends upon it

if it desires to have a lower and satisfactory insurance rate. One person should vie with another to see that his risk is as good as he can make it and if his neighbor neglect his risk, his attention should be called to it, and, if necessary, the attention of the insurance companies and the State Fire Marshal Department, so that no unnecessary hazard may be permitted to endanger and menace the life and property of the community.

The instructions in our public and private schools along these lines are most important and should help to arouse people generally on the subject and be very effectual in solving the problem of fire waste.

From interesting data furnished by the State Fire Marshal Department, the Commission submits the following as supplementing what has previously been said on the subject of fire prevention and waste and as giving some of the views of this Department as to further legislation that should be suggested.

"The active work of the State Fire Marshal dates from September 21st, 1912. Since that time there have been received to December 31st, 1914—17,231 reports of fires (7,707 in 1912 and 1913, and 9,528 in 1914) from sixty-five (65) counties, (excluding Allegheny and Philadelphia Counties). Of the number reported 740 were of supposed incendiary origin (306 in 1912 and 1913, and 434 in 1914). These cases were specially investigated, resulting in one hundred and fifty-three prosecutions for arson, terminating in ninety-nine (99) convictions (42 in 1912 and 1913, and 57 in 1914); thirty-six (36) acquittals (17 in 1912 and 1913 and 19 in 1914); twenty (20) suspects left the jurisdiction of the State (9 in 1912 and 1913 and 11 in 1914). The whereabouts of these suspects is unknown to the Department and may be considered by their acts to show guilt. Of those convicted four (4) committed suicide and one died in jail. There are twelve (12) cases in the hands of District Attorneys for trial; forty-four (44) cases still under investigation and of the balance there was either no evidence of incendiarism or insufficient evidence to warrant prosecution.

There were 11,581 inspections made in 57 counties (6,932 in 1912 and 1913, and 4,649 in 1914) into the condition of dilapidated buildings accumulation of rubbish, explosive oils and other inflammable material, and orders were issued for remedying conditions and in the majority of cases the orders were complied with, and in no case was it necessary to enforce them by law.

Investigation of incendiary fires, and the greatest number of the inspections were made at the beginning by four men and later increased to nine men, the present force.

The territory under the jurisdiction of the State Fire Marshall consists of sixty-five (65) counties or 44.329 square miles, requiring each man to cover an average of over 4,800 square miles and equally one man for each 880,000 of population. This is a totally inadequate force to properly cope with the great work of Fire Prevention, Protection and the Elimination of the incendiary.

In the endeavor to benefit and educate the public in the saving of life and property, the Department has distributed throughout the State 64,600 bulletins (13,600 in 1912 and 1913 and 51,000 in 1914).

The present law fails to provide for the payment for the removal of dilapidated buildings or material, which are a menace to a community, upon the refusal of the owner to do so when ordered by the Marshal, according to the Act, and further provides no penalty to punish the owner for refusal or neglect to comply with the order so issued.

It provides no police powers which is essential at times to enable the apprehending of suspected persons. Particularly is this so in the outlying districts where it is difficult to obtain the services of a suitable officer of the law.

It fails to provide for the employment of attorneys or detectives when such services are necessary for the prosecution or detection of the crime of arson.

It fails to provide for a penalty for refusal of owners or occupants of buildings or premises, permitting the Assistant of the State Fire Marshal to make inspection of the same as provided for in Section 5 of the Act.

The Act is for the benefit of the public by the reduction of the fire waste throughout the Commonwealth, and by so doing will effect a reduction in the insurance rates which increases as fire waste increases.

There should be an ample contingent fund appropriation for the purpose for which it is impossible to determine expenditures, viz; traveling expenses of Marshals, Deputies and Assistants, services of Attorneys, payment of fees of witnesses, Detectives, postage and outside stenographers' fees in reporting cases, and other miscellaneous expenses.

The subject of over-insurance is one of grave importance and should be given consideration."

EXPENSE OF BUSINESS.

In our judgment, next to the subject of reduction and prevention of fire waste, the most important subject affecting the cost of insurance to the purchaser is that of expenses, as the entire premium receipt is paid out in losses or expenses, unless there shall be a margin of profit after the losses and expenses are paid.

In the Insurance Commissioner's Report for 1913, is shown that the business of all stock companies, home and foreign, transacted exclusively in this State during the year, is as follows:

Total Fire Risks written,	$2,138,102,912.12
Premiums received,	21,253,748.71
Losses paid,	9,399,539.89
Ratio of premiums received to losses paid,	44.17
The year 1913 showing an increase over 1912 of,	.27

The Insurance Commissioner's report further shows the business of Pennsylvania Stock Companies during the year, 1913:

Income of fire premiums,	$29,256,271.72	
Income from Marine and Inland premiums,	3,792,731.36	
Total premium income,		$33,049,003.08
Paid for fire losses,	$16,452,624.12	
Paid for Marine and Inland losses,	2,044,088.83	
Paid for commissions,	7,421,137.78	
Paid for salaries,	2,794,340.26	
Paid for taxes,	1,095,183.03	
Paid for miscellaneous expenses,	2,954,559.59	
Total losses and expenses,		32,761,933.61
Excess of premiums over losses and expenses,		$287,069.47
Income from invesments,	$2,833,313.58	
Income from rents,	174,214.96	
Income from miscellaneous,	401,025.51	
Total miscellaneous income,		$3,408,554.05
Total net income,		$3,695,623.52
Dividends,		1,936,727.38
Excess of income over expenditures,		$1,758,896.14
Ratio of losses paid to premium income,		55.96
Ratio of expenses to premium income,		42.86
Ratio of profit to premium income,		1.18

When we study these figures and find a ratio of losses paid to premium income amounting to 55.96 and a ratio of expenses to premium income of 42.86, we see at a glance how insurance premiums are used up in the payment of losses and expenses.

We have already had something to say in regard to the methods of lessening fire loss and at this time only expect to comment very briefly on the expenses of fire insurance business.

The Insurance Report shows that out of every dollar's worth of business done in Pennsylvania in 1913, that .4286 was paid for expenses. These expenses are divided in the following manner:

Commissions,	approximately, 23.56	per cent.
Taxes and fees,	approximately, 3.3	per cent.
Salaries,	approximately, 8	per cent.
Rents, Gen'l Administrative expenses,	approximately, 8	per cent.
Total,	42.86	

Much of the largest single item of expense is that of commissions and your Commission, from their study and investigations, are very firmly of the opinion that the expense of doing business is much larger than it should be and might

be reduced, and more especially the items of brokers' and agents' commissions which constitute approximately one-half of the cost.

This item, in the mind of the Commission and in the opinion of many supervising officials and fire insurance executives and managers, could be reduced, so as to make a very substantial saving to the companies and yet not mean discouragement to the legitimate agent or underwriter. We realize that the cost of living expenses have increased during the past several years and believe the insurance agent is entitled, like other people, to an increase in his earnings over those formerly received.

It is not reasonable to expect that the item of taxes and fees will be reduced as, with the more complete supervision and regulation by the State, it will require many more employees and a greater expenditure of money upon the part of the Insurance Department.

Nor may any very large savings be expected from salaries, rents and other administrative expenses. It cannot be said that insurance companies generally are making too large profits, as we see by our Pennsylvania Insurance Report that in the year 1913, the Pennsylvania Stock Insurance Companies only made a profit of 1.18 per cent on the premium income of that year.

The annual premium income of American and foreign fire insurance companies, doing business in the United States, has grown in the past fifty years from $29,000,000. to over $300,000,000. and about fifty-eight per cent. of these premiums have been returned in fire losses.

[We believe there should not be the difference in rates of commission paid by companies to agents and brokers. It is true the companies are now endeavoring to remedy this practice. We should enact and enforce comprehensive and clearly expressive anti-discrimination laws to be administered by the Insurance Department of the State. We are suggesting such an Act which, we believe, if passed and enforced, would have a strong influence in reducing expenses by preventing discrimination of all kinds.]

STATE SUPERVISION OF FIRE INSURANCE BY INSURANCE COMMISSIONERS AND FIRE MARSHALS.

It is agreed that modern conditions in the fire insurance business make State supervision on behalf of the public necessary, not only to determine financial responsibility, but to prevent monoply, unequal rates, discrimination, secret rebating, the appointment of incompetent agents, and to control the fire waste.

This supervision, to some extent, is exercised through the Insurance Department.

All joint stock insurance companies doing business in Pennsylvania are obliged to report to the Insurance Department the amount of risks written, premiums received, losses paid, and, in fact, a complete statement of their financial condition, and their books are open, at all times, and subject to an examination by the Department, so that any and all statements filed by them may be verified. We have already enumerated above, under the division of reduction and prevention of fire waste, some of the very numerous and important powers conferred upon the Fire Marshal's Department and, with the amendments being suggested to the Act, together with powers already conferred, and the legislation recommended by your Commission herewith and made a part of this report, giving the Insurance Department supervision over rate-making bureaus, requiring fire insurance companies to maintain or co-operate in maintaining and operating rate-making bureaus, and to provide for an inspection and survey by rating bureaus of all fire insurance risks specifically rated, the State would have all the control and supervising power necessary. We do not believe the State should have power to fix rates but it should be in a position to prevent discriminations and have a supervisory control.

STATE RATING—STATE INSURANCE.

Should the State attempt to fix the price of insurance? That is what State Rating means. Fixing the price of a commodity by Statute or Law is not a new proposition. History tells us that the practice is over two thousand years old and has been tried by all the older nations of Europe again and again, only to be discarded as impractical. The price of a commodity, or recompense for services rendered, is the basis of value in business affairs and is, to all practical intents, the value of that particular function or commodity. If all the elements that contribute to the production of any and every commodity were unchangeable, the proposition of fixing a legal price might be practicable.

If there could be a Statutory Standard of living, then perhaps a wage standard would also be practical. An attempt, even experimentally, to fix by Statute the price of fire insurance should not be made unless the evidence is conclusive that exorbitant or excessive charges prevail. A fair examination of the subject warrants no other conclusion than that this business produces a far smaller margin of profit than the majority of our industrial activities.

While State Rating might possibly be considered in a community with a small number of risks, the proposition in a State like Pennsylvania, with its thousands of risks, would be a stupendous and expensive one to embark in. Certainly, no one, fully acquainted with the facts, would ask or advise that the State, either by Statute or through a Commissioner or Commission, fix the price of fire insurance. Besides, no honest man could object to a law to recompense the company in case the rate proved inadequate to meet the loss. Should a conflagration occur in any one of the cities, the State might be called upon to make good an immense sum. The San Francisco loss would have entailed upon California a debt of over a hundred million dollars. The insurance companies complain, and with just cause, about useless, unreasonable and utterly impracticable statutes proposed and, in some instances, passed. Probably no business has, during the past quarter century, in our States been subject to the same degree of State regulation and attempted regulation. They continually ask, "Why are we thus so unjustly treated?" "Why are we the target to be harrassed by every legislative body in the State?" The Manager of every stock fire insurance company in the Union sighs with relief when he learns that a State Legislature has adjourned, Sine Die.

On the other hand, the reasons for supervision are many and natural. No one business has been more exploited. No field has been more fruitful to the social parasite. No field has been so diligently tilled by men of questionable methods. To a much smaller degree these practices still exist. This applies to every phase of the insurance business, as well as fire insurance. It is because of this condition that today every State in the Union exercises a supervising power of some kind over the business. It is only natural that novices should, by legislation, attempt to remedy whatever appears to them an evil or bad practice. Nowhere else in our social and commercial world is the old adage that "A Little Learning is a Dangerous Thing" better exemplified.

Your Commission feels that with the suggestions contained in the proposed legislation most of the ills existing will be reduced to a minimum. State Rating, we think impracticable. If properly done, it would entail an enormous expense and, so far as your Commission can learn, would give to the public very little, if any, lower rates of fire insurance.

State Rating and State Insurance should not be confused. The former implies the fixing of rates, under which the insurance companies must conduct their business; the latter, the actual assumption of the liability by the State itself.

The question as to how far the government should interest itself in the management of business has engaged the attention of statesmen and philanthropists for centuries. Plato's communistic ideas, now called Socialism, have been put to the test many times, only to be discarded, especially in communities of either large areas or populations.

Your Commission is fully aware of the fact that the subject, no matter how much discussed, would still be far from a conclusion.

Thus far, Pennsylvania has confined itself to delegating to certain individuals the right to make, administer and enforce laws, maintain peace and good order, protect property and regulate the management of corporations. Our State has not, in any other respect, interfered by competition in any of our commercial affairs. There are many who think the State should embark in business. All will agree, we think, that activities of a complex character should, at least, be last approached or experimented with by the State.

A careful reading of our report should quickly convince anyone that the fire insurance business in Pennsylvania, with its eight millions of people and billions of property liable to fire loss, so located that to solve the problem of equitable rates of premium, under the countless varying conditions, [it] would call for an army of experts to find the proper rates and keep informed of the constant changing of conditions, and would require a new Department, supervised by a corps of the ablest insurance men in the world, aided by

a force of at least three to five hundred clerks and from three to four hundred field men and—in order to accommodate the public—not less than five thousand agents. Government control of any of the public utilities would be a much simpler proposition. To attempt it, is impracticable, as the revenue is not in sight to provide the necessary reserve to give the public proper protection. There are many congested districts in Pennsylvania where a conflagration might occur at any moment and the State might be called upon to make good a loss of many million dollars. Without providing a large reserve, the proposition would be absolutely impracticable. Individuals carry several millions of dollars on single properties.

Your Commission feels that a Department, dealing with a proposition requiring such a large force of employes and with a subject so complex and so close to every property holder, and one so impossible to reduce to a common standard, would soon hear the cry that favoritism was being practiced through political intrigue; that the whole Department would soon be in disgrace, whether rightfully or wrongfully accused; that public sentiment would quickly ask for the repeal of the law and abandonment of the whole proposition. Strange as it may seem, that portion of the public which cries loudest for government control complains most against the supposed general dishonesty of public officials.

Thus, after briefly considering the State Fire Insurance problem, we believe that the people of this State will heartily coincide with us in disapproving the proposition as utterly impractical at this time and, in all probability in a community such as Pennsylvania, for all time to come.

COMMISSIONS.

The commission proposition, like almost every other phase of the fire insurance business, when you come to study the subject, is so complex that it is very difficult to afford relief by statute regulation. Some localities afford a fair recompense for the fire insurance man at a fifteen per cent. commission while another locality, sparsely settled and with small values, would offer poor opportunity at forty per cent. A single property, with large values, would pay well at ten per cent. commission, while in doing what might be designated as a retail business, where the premiums seldom exceed ten dollars,—often falling as low as two dollars for the policy—a like compensation would be inadequate. In addition to these conditions, we find in certain localities, which would afford a fair field for two or three agents, rival companies planting ten to twenty agencies, consisting of men and women of almost every calling. At times, companies plant agencies with individuals knowing that they will not secure other than the insurance on his own property. Of course, where no other risks are expected than the agent's own property it practically amounts to rebating the commission. The testimony before your Commission shows that the companies would be glad to have the Legislature relieve this situation.

There are so many feautres entering into the solution of this question that it is our opinion they could be better solved by the companies and agents, themselves. However, we do believe that a proper regulation of the qualifications required of agents, brokers and solicitors will go a long way toward putting commissions on a proper basis.

AGENTS, THE LICENSING THEREOF, AND THEIR RESPONSIBILITIES.

The agent of the company is a very important personage in the insurance business. He is the man who, personally and directly, comes in contact with the insured and is responsible to both; to the company for the premium and the degree of moral hazard of the risk; and to the insured for the protection he desires and believes he has obtained.

The public, generally, is ignorant of the terms of its contract of insurance, and the different riders and forms attached thereto, and none but agents thoroughly familiar with the contract, and competent to explain it, should be permitted to solicit business.

With an agent, honest and capable in his dealings with his company, and careful and conscientious in his acceptance of risks which are of doubtful moral hazard, the companies would be safe-guarded and the public protected. This would eventually result in a lower loss ratio.

By changing, what may apparently seem a trivial form to the insured, the broker or agent is oft-times able to obtain for his customer a lower rate, but, when the fire comes and the loss is sustained, the insured finds that the trivial change has prejudiced his adjustment.

It seems to be the policy of the companies to employ agents, without regard to their fitness, ability or knowledge of the business and it is, likewise, the policy of the State to license them, without any further qualification than their ability to pay the small fee required by the Statutes of the Commonwealth and which, at times, is paid for him by the companies. This is a policy which cannot be too strongly condemned. Much of the evil now prevalent in the insurance world would disappear, or could be avoided on the part of the companies, if none but competent, intelligent and trustworthy persons were employed by them or licensed by the State.

It is due the companies, however, to state that the greater responsibility for the wrong rests upon the State, as the license issued by the Commonwealth is, and properly can be, taken by the public as a guarantee by the State of the fitness and honesty of the agent receiving the same. A recent report summarizes this important question in the following language:

"The Home or Department offices are remote from most of the business written, inspections of necessity are infrequent and then do not take into account the many local and purely personal considerations which contribute to differentiate between "good" and "bad" fire risks. These distinctions, in the main, are impossible to Home Office Inspectors, but easily within the knowledge of the local agent. If he is skillful and honest, he is the one individual who stands between the companies he represents and the dangerous risk and the careless or dishonest insurer. The agent may be naturally honest, but no man is born with skill and experience and no man should be permitted to acquire these at public expense.

"It is indisputable that the local agent is the most important personal influence in the reduction or increase of fire losses, and consequently the insurance cost, and the need is for men of character, trained in the business who know what sound underwriting means to the entire public, and who realize their personal responsibilities.

"Ignorance has no more place in the Fire Insurance business than in any other activity, and dishonesty has no place anywhere. Under the present system, no qualifications, training or experience are necessary to an agency appointment. While no doubt the companies prefer experienced men and secure them when possible, the fact remains that thousands of agents are appointed annually who have little or no conception of their power or responsibilities. Appointment of agents only after a proper examination might not make them honest, but certainly could better their mental and moral qualifications and, in a measure, remove the temptations that so often lead them to forget the best interests of their companies and the communities they serve."

Recognizing the necessity to the business, and consequently to the public which supports it, of the employment of a higher grade of insurance agents, we fail to see any other way to remedy the evil than to suggest the advisability of licensing as agents and brokers only such persons who successfully pass an examination as to their ability and fitness and to submit such proof of their honesty and integrity as may be required by the Insurance Commissioner, or some other person or persons as may be designated by him as set forth in the Statute recommended for enactment.

What has been said concerning the qualifications of local agents applies with equal, or even greater force, not only to brokers but to Special Agents and adjusters who represent their companies in the field.

Local Agents, Brokers and Special Agents represent the business-getting end of the business, and a safe standard of character and conduct would tend to stop the spread of the offensive features of commercialism which have done so much to bring Fire Insurance into disrepute.

From the testimony submitted to your Commission, over-insurance would seem to exist only in certain localities and within a very limited territory, but it is, nevertheless, a subject of considerable importance and should be guarded against in every possible way. Insurance companies are doing a great deal to prevent over-insurance as it is one of the most common causes of incendiarism.

The companies are, to a great extent, at the mercy of their agents, brokers and inspectors in this respect, as the agent and broker write the risk and should be more familiar with it than any one else, excepting the assured and ought

to know more about its real value, as well as the moral risk, than anyone else connected with the company.

To a great extent, therefore, the qualifications, honesty, fitness and diligence of the agent and broker must help solve this very important question. He must not let his eagernes for commissions and his desire to please blind his duty to his company and to the public.

It would seem that a still more diligent campaign upon the part of the companies, through their agents, brokers and inspectors, might further lessen this evil. Also the numerous powers conferred upon the State Fire Marshal should have a strong tendency to discourage the practice of over-insurance.

REBATING.

The Pennsylvania Insurance Law, in the opinion of your Commission, has already provided about all the regulation of this subject necessary to control this phase of the business by making it unlawful to rebate any part of an insurance commission.

TAXATION.

To all appearances, the State revenues at present do not warrant any reduction of the State income. The stock fire insurance companies are, apparently, paying more than their share of the State taxes, independent of the licenses required to do business within the State. A stock fire insurance company, chartered to do business within the State is required to pay five mills tax on the market value of its capital stock and an addition of eight mills on its gross receipts on property insured within the State. Foreign stock fire insurance companies are required to pay twenty mills on the gross receipts of business done within the State. While this is a larger tax than is required of any other corporation, the most unfair feature of the law is that mutual fire insurance companies, operating under Pennsylvania Charters, are not required to pay any tax. Stock companies are absolutely essential to fill the needs of the insuring public; consequently, it appears only fair that the taxation, to be uniform, should be levied without regard to the character of the corporation.

REINSURANCE.

As here referred to, the term Reinsurance is applied to that system under which an individual company protects its liability in excess of the net amount it desires to carry on a given risk.

This is accomplished, either in the ordinary manner under a single policy, or under a general system involving one or more companies; this latter practice is commonly referred to as "Treaty Reinsurance."

The desire upon the part of the agent to procure a maximum line at the maximum commission, on the one hand, and the competition of companies as to service to the agents and the acquiring of large premium incomes on the other, has extended this system to a point where a legitimate and useful practice has become, at least, subject to criticism as one of the evils of the business.

Many companies are, in this way, accepting liability in the larger communities, where conflagration areas exist, which might prove to be in excess of their ability to pay and, in such cases, it would seem that they are more dependent upon the successful management of their reinsurers than upon themselves. It is quite easy to understand how a large conflagration, occurring at the present time, could through the unsettled financial conditions abroad seriously affect the financial conditions of some companies perfectly able to pay their liabilities under normal conditions, but who would now be forced into impairment and insolvency through their inability to promtly collect reinsurance from their treaty companies. Such an event affects the value of every other policy contract of the company, wherever the holder may be. No objections should be made to reasonable reinsurance, but it is difficult to arrive at or even suggest what might constitute the term "reasonable" in this connection. However, we note that recently requests have been made by several Insurance Departments for statements from companies, showing their gross liability in congested areas, together with the amount of reinsurances and the names of the companies reinsuring, as well as the net liability retained, and it is suggested that it might be of value to the Insurance Department of this Commonwealth to acquire similar data, at least in the larger cities of the State, to the end that a reasonable status of reinsurance may be reached.

Many very large lines are acceptable to the assured under the mistaken impression that reinsurance is effected for his direct benefit.

UNDERWRITERS AGENCIES.

Underwriters' Agencies consist of General Agencies which assume all the powers of the Home Office, or the principal office of a foreign company located within the State. This necessarily entails additional cost of supervision that apparently could be dispensed with. The system, undoubtedly, increases the danger of excessive liability in congested districts, increasing the possibility of loss that might endanger the solvency of the parent companies.

The practice is for the Agency to advertise the combined capital of two or more parent companies, as an asset, yet in fact the policy contract states that neither company is in any way responsible for any part of the liability of its sister partner and, as a fact, the Underwriters' Agency has no independent capital. Where such Agency issues a policy for, say $50,000, dividing the insurance equally between the two sister companies, one half the insurance may be protected by a company having assets of not over $3,000,000., while the other half may be protected by a company having $10,000,000 assets and the insured, believing his insurance is protected to the last dollar by the combined assets, amounting to $13,000,000., is misled. While your Commission does not find any evidence of such conditions having wronged anyone in the past, we think it bad practice to be permitted to continue.

The practice of permitting underwriting agencies, when representing only one parent company, is even more misleading to the public, for in such instances the same capital or assets might be used several times over and this might, ultimately, so mislead the public that only those versed in the insurance business could know the real financial standing of the insurer of their property.

The corporate laws of Pennsylvania, relating to all other industrial lines, prohibit, or at least do not provide for, the combining of corporations, no doubt because of the belief that were it allowed or provided for under the law monopolies would quickly exterminate all competition in that particular activity.

Under the National, or what is known as the Sherman Act Trust Law, these associations would be prohibited as violators of the principle of interlocking directorates.

While this Commission does not, with its limited opportunity, feel confident of its position on the subject, it appears to us that the causes that have led to this condition were due to various reasons and conditions; either some companies wanted two places for favorites when only one was possible, or to overcome a company agreement which they, themselves, had promulgated, namely, that not more than a certain number of agents should be established in any given territory. By organizing an Underwriters' Agency, with all the powers of the parent, yet without a dollar of asset of its own, an additional agent could thus be established in the territory already limited by the company's own, mutual, voluntary action; thus, in financial statements to the public the same assets are used twice or oftener.

There can be no doubt that men with intelligence and business acumen managing some of these offending companies well know that using the same capital as an asset more than once is questionable, if not actually wrong. They well know that this practice has reached such a condition that only a very few of the best posted men in the fire insurance business have a full and complete knowledge of the vexed and entangled alliances of several of the large fire insurance companies. By absorbing a smaller company and giving it the name of an underwriting agency, which does not have a dollar of capital and the only asset value it has in the world is its agency staff, and that of no benefit or protection to the public, but to its parent alone,—and that value being enhanced to its parent by evading the corporation tax, when previously constituting one of the State's corporations,—leads the Commission to suggest legislation that, perhaps will check, at least, this tendency that ulti-

mately must drive all the smaller fire insurance companies to the wall or absorb them in a maw that has no limitation. It will, indeed, be a hard task to do this without disturbing the fire insurance business in our State to the disadvantage of the public. But, we feel that our suggestions are along sane, conservative lines and following Legislatures can, from time to time, shape the law to meet conditions as they arise.

OPINIONS OF EXPERTS.

Your Commission has used every means at its disposal to inform itself as to the status of combinations [of combinations,] through Rating organizations, for accumulating information upon individual properties and the enforcement of their rules and regulations.

The public utterances of men from all sections of the country who have given serious thought to this question have been read by the Commission and, while we do not reproduce them in this report because of their volume and the fact that they are readily obtainable through other sources, we find the consensus of opinion of such men to be that only through and by means of these rating organizations can be obtained the information necessary to the safe, economical and practical handling of this business and their total abolition for a number of years would be the only way to demonstrate to the public the necessity for their existence. This necessity has been shown by the fact that even those States that have abolished or prohibited such organizations have invariably adopted, in lieu of them, a practically identical system.

CONCLUSION.

The stock fire insurance companies assert that rating bureaus and their auxiliary associations, by their practices, are of great economic value to the public and, combined with the additional work of the companies, have resulted in great reduction of fire waste and, necessarily, fire insurance cost to the public. These activities have, they claim, produced greater uniformity of rates, or, in other words, reduced discrimination to a minimum. The Commission is mindful of the fact that in every calling there are some who disregard the Golden Rule and, according to the testimony, stock fire insurance companies, apparently, have amongst their number some of this class.

In our opinion, the purposes and practices of the four different rating bureaus operating in Pennsylvania, as laid down in their By-Laws, contain nothing of consequence that is inimical to the public interest if honestly observed in spirit as well as practice.

We find a few stock companies that are not members of any rating bureaus; we find several stock companies that are members of rating bureaus in one or more sections of the State but not in other localities; we also find some companies who knowingly violate their own rules and regulations, as laid down in their By-Laws, and also depart from the rates of their association.

Non-board companies, and companies that are non-board in certain localities but members in others, through their various agencies in non-board localities, and evidently for the purpose of securing business—advise the public that Rating Bureaus arbitrarily, without scientific examination or by the law of experience, fix the rates of insurance unreasonably high. So far as your Commission has been able to learn, these practices are confined to a very small number of the stock fire insurance companies doing business within the State. In not a single instance was there any testimony from men of experience—whether board or non-board—that Rating Bureaus were inimical to the public interest. The testimony of those operating non-board agencies was that, in their opinion, Rating Bureaus were a public necessity.

It must be admtited that it is hard to harmonize the theories and practices of a few of the companies upon any other assumption than that they—through greed for business—do not abide by their own obligations and frequently secure business from their competitors through unfair methods. This condition has largely contributed to the general public opinion that Rating Bureaus are inimical to the public interests and should be prohibited. Were the public fully informed on the subject of Fire Insurance, much, if not all, the complaint and criticism would disappear.

It is very evident that it costs the board companies a very large sum to maintain the various organizations to scientifically rate large properties and properties in congested areas where so many elements enter into the fire risk; to carefully inspect the municipal fire fighting appliances, water systems and pressure; to inspect the construction of risks; to reduce the fire loss by providing the most modern methods of fire prevention by the use of fire doors, shutters, wire glass and other means. Under the Decree of the Allegheny County Court the rate fixed by the Bureaus becomes public property and thus non-board companies, either mutual or stock, learn the board rate without any expense to them whatever, and are thus enabled to discount the board price. This, naturally, leads the public to consider Rating Bureaus as against public interest.

In conclusion, your Commissions finds from the testimony adduced before it from all sources, both from the insurer and the insured, as well as that of recognized experts in the fire insurance business, that such combinations of insurance companies, or their representatives or agents, are in accordance with a wise public policy, are necessary to the solvency of the insurance companies and are beneficial to the public. And we now suggest such legislation as, in our judgment, is necessary and advisable for the proper control and supervision of such combinations, their methods and practices.

Respectfully submitted,

R. J. BALDWIN.
W. E. CROW,
ROB. S. FREY,
J. S. ALEXANDER.
FRANK McCANN.

Harrisburg, Penna.,
February 8th, 1915.

An Act to supervise the operations of fire insurance rate-making bureaus and providing for their examination by the Insurance Commissioner Prohibiting discrimination in fixing and collecting fire insurance rates Requiring companies to maintain and co-operate in maintaining and operating rate making bureaus Requiring inspection and survey by such bureaus of all risks specifically rated and regulating agreements between companies or other insurers with respect to fixing and collecting fire insurance rates and repealing existing laws

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the Insurance Commissioner may address inquiries to any individual association or bureau which is or has been engaged in making rates or estimates for rates for fire insurance upon property in this Commonwealth in relation to the organization maintenance or operation or any other matter connected with its transactions and may require the filing of schedules rates forms rules regulations and such other information as may be required and it shall be the duty of every such individual association or bureau or some officer thereof to promptly make such filing or reply to such inquiries in writing Provided however surveys and completed schedules may be required only upon specific complaint being registered with the Insurance Commissioner on specified risks

Section 2 The Insurance Commissioner shall have power to examine any such rating bureau as often as he deems it expedient to do so and shall do so not less than once every three years A report thereof shall be filed in his office The Insurance Commissioner may waive such examination upon the filing with him of a report of such examination made by some other insurance department or proper supervising officer within such three years A statement with regard to such examination shall be made in the annual report of the Insurance Commissioner

Section 3 No fire insurance company or other insurer against the risk of fire or lightning, nor any rating bureau shall fix or charge any rate for fire insurance upon property in this Commonwealth which discriminates unfairly between risks in the application of like charges and credits or which discriminates unfairly between risks of essentially the same hazard and territorial classification and having substantially the same degree of protection against fire

Section 4 Every such company or other insurer shall at least fifteen days in advance of any variation by it from the bureau rate file with the bureau of which it is a member a schedule showing such variations

Secion 5 Except as contained in the policy and the usual agreement for other insurance no such insurance company or insurer or rating bureau shall make any contract or agreement with any person insured or to be insured that the whole or any part of any insurance shall be written by or placed with any particular company insurer agent or any group of companies insurers or agents

Section 6 Every fire insurance company or other insurer authorized to effect insurance against the risk of loss or damage by fire or lightning in this Commonwealth shall maintain or be a member of a rating bureau No such insurer shall be a member of more than one rating bureau for

the purpose of rating the same risk. Provided however that the provisions of this section shall not apply to mutual fire insurance companies doing business under a Pennsylvania charter

Section 7 A rating bureau may consist of one or more insurers and when consisting of two or more insurers shall admit to membership any fire insurance company authorized to do business within this Commonwealth applying therefor who shall agree to abide by the rules and regulations of such association or bureau The expenses of the bureau shall be shared in proportion to the gross premiums received in this Commonwealth by each member during the preceding year to which may be added a reasonable annual fee [Each member shall have one vote]

Section 8 Every fire insurance company or other insurer aforesaid shall in its annual application for license specify each rating bureau making rates upon property located within this Commonwealth of which it is a member and during the year file written notice of any such other rating bureaus of which it shall become a member

Section 9 Every rating bureau engaged in making rates or estimates for rates for fire insurance on property in this Commonwealth shall inspect every risk specifically rated by it upon schedule and make a written survey of such risk which shall be filed as a permanent record in the office of such bureau A copy of such survey shall be furnished to the owner or his authorized agent upon request

Section 10 No fire insurance Company or any other insurer and no rating bureau or any representative of any fire insurance company or other insurer or rating bureau shall enter into or act upon any agreement with regard to the making fixing or collecting of any rate for fire insurance upon property within this Commonwealth except in compliance with this act

Section 11 Any such agreement may be made and enforced provided the same be not contrary to prohibitions conforming to law and practice of this Commonwealth and be in writing and prior to its taking effect a copy thereof be filed with the Insurance Commissioner and with each rating bureau of which any of the parties thereto shall be a member or subsriber

Section 12 The Insurance Commissioner may after due notice and hearing upon complaint or upon his own motion make an order disapproving any such agreement or any part of such agreement No such agreement shall be in force nor shall any rights be based thereon after service of a copy of such order upon each of the parties to such agreement and upon each bureau with which such agreement is required to be filed Service may be made by mail and shall be completed upon the expiration of a reasonable time for transmission fixed in such order The action of the Insurance Commissioner in making or refusing to make any such order shall be subject to summary review before a court of competent jurisdiction of this Commonwealth

Section 13 All acts or parts of acts in so far as the same are inconsistent with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed

An Act to amend sections fourteen and seventeen of an act approved June first one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to establish an Insurance Department authorizing the appointment of an Insurance Commissioner and prescribing his powers and duties also providing for the licensing examination regulation and dissolution of insurance and surety companies and associations and for the licensing and regulation of insurance agents and insurance brokers also providing for the collection of fees and prescribing penalties for the violation of any of the provisions of this act and repealing all existing acts" as amended by an act of July twenty-fourth one thousand nine hundred and thirteen

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section fourteen of an act approved June first one thousand nine hundred and eleven enitled "An Act to establish an Insurance Department authorizing the appointment of an Insurance Commissioner and prescribing his powers and duties also providing for the licensing examination regulation and dissolution of insurance and surety companies and associations and for the licensing and regulation of insurance agents and insurance brokers also providing for the collection of fees and prescribing penalties for the violation of any of the provisions of this act and repealing all existing acts" as amended by the act of July twenty-fourth one thousand nine hundred and thirteen which reads as follows

"Section 14 Companies to which certificates of authority are issued shall from time to time certify to the Insurance Commissioner the names of all agents appointed by them to solicit risks in this Commonwealth Such agents may be either individuals co-parterships or corporations No agent shall transact any business until a certificate has been procured from the Commissioner showing that the company has complied with the requirements of law and that the person co-partnership or corporation named in said certificate has been duly appointed as its agent No license shall be issued to a corporation unless by its charter it is authorized to engage in the insurance or real estate business

When a license is issued to a co-partnership or corporation every officer of the corporation and each director thereof who engages in the business of soliciting insurance and each member of the co-partnership shall be required to have an individual license but no additional fee shall be exacted for issuing the license to the corporation or co-partnership

Certificates to agents of life insurance companies other than industrial agents collecting premiums on the weekly or monthly plan shall be issued upon written application which application shall be approved and countersigned by the company to be represented and shall be upon a form prescribed by the Commissioner and which shall give such information as he may require The Commissioner may refuse to issue a certificate to any agent or to renew the same or he may suspend or revoke any certificate when it shall appear to his satisfaction that the applicant for a certificate or agent holding a certificate has by misconduct or by misappropriation of collected premiums or by misrepresentation or incomplete or misleading comparison of policies oral written or otherwise for the purpose of inducing or tending to induce a policyholder in any company to lapse forfeit or surrender his insurance therein and to take out a policy of insurance in another company insuring against similar risks or otherwise proved to be unfit to hold such certificate When a certificate shall be refused or suspended or revoked the party aggrieved may appeal to the court of common pleas of Dauphin County" is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 14 Companies to which certificates of authority are issued shall from time to time certify to the Insurance Commissioner the names of all agents appointed by them to solicit risks in this Commonwealth. Such agents may be either individuals co-partnerships or corporations. It shall be unlawful for any person, firm or corporation to act as agent for any insurance company authorized to transact business in this Commonwealth until a license shall have been issued to him or it authorizing him or it to act as such agent which license shall specifically set forth the name of the person, firm or corporation so authorized to act as such agent in the name of the corporation or association for which the agent is authorized to act and the classes of insurance for which said agent is authorized to solicit and or countersign policies and otherwise transact business. No license shall be issued to a corporation unless by its charter it is authorized to engage in the insurance or real estate business

When a license is issued to a co-partnership or corporation every officer of the corporation and each director thereof who engages in the business of soliciting insurance and each member of the co-partnership shall be required to have an individual license but no additional fee shall be exacted for issuing the license to the corporation or co-partnership

Licenses to agents shall not be granted under this Act until the person, firm or corporation desiring to act as agent shall have filed with the Insurance Commissioner an application duly signed and verified upon a form prescribed by the Insurance Commissioner giving such information as he may require in order to determine his fitness to hold such license Provided that the industrial agents of life insurance companies collecting premiums on the weekly or monthly plan shall not be required to make individual application

The Insurance Commissioner may refuse to issue a license to any agent or to renew the same or he may suspend or revoke any certificate when it shall appear to his satisfaction that the applicant for a license or the agent holding a license has by misconduct or by misappropriation of collected premiums or by misrepresentations or incomplete or misleading comparison of policies oral written or otherwise for the purpose of inducing or tending to induce a policyholder in any company to lapse forfeit or surrender his insurance therein and take a policy of insurance in another company insuring against similar risks or otherwise proved to be unfit to hold such license When a license shall be refused or suspended or revoked the party aggrieved may appeal to the Court of Common Pleas of Dauphin County

Section 2 That section seventeen which reads as follows

"Section 17 An agent is an individual co-partnership or corporation authorized in writing by a company

(a) To solicit risks and collect premiums and to issue or countersign policies in its behalf or

(b) To solicit risks and collect premiums in its behalf

No individual co-partnership or corporation shall act as agent of any insurance company transacting business in this Commonwealth until a certificate has been issued by the Commissioner stating that the company has complied with the requirements of this act and that the individual co-partnership or corporation named therein has been duly appointed its agent

Any individual co-partnership or corporation transacting business within this Commonwealth as the agent of an insurance company without a certificate as required by this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine of five hundred dollars" is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 17 An agent is hereby defined as a person firm or corporation acting under express authority from any insurance company authorized to transact business in Pennsylvania to solicit insurance and or write and countersign policies of insurance and collect premiums therefor within this Commonwealth on behalf of such companies A solicitor is hereby defined as any person acting under express authority from an agent having authority to appoint solicitors of an insurance company authorized to transact business in this Commonwealth to solicit insurance for such agent but without the power or authority to issue or countersign policies or otherwise bind any company of which such agent may be the duly authorized representative

Any agent duly authorized as such and representing one or more insurance companies within this Commonwealth may employ such solicitors as he may desire to represent him and his agency but such solicitors shall not represent themselves by advertisement or otherwise as agents of insurance companies for which their employer may be the authorized agent Such solicitors shall in all instances rep-

resent themselves only as solicitors for said authorized agents

The Insurance Commissioner shall prepare a form of license to be issued by him to any such solicitor on requisition of any legally authorized agent in this Commonwealth The fee for each solicitor's license so issued shall be $5.00

The issuance of a solicitor's license shall be limited to persons who shall be residents of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Provided however that the provisions of this section shall not apply to insurance brokers

Any individual co-partnership or corporation transacting business within this Commonwealth as the agent of an insurance company or as a solicitor without a license as required by this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine of five hundred dollars

An Act to provide a standard form of policy contract to be issued by fire insurance companies transacting business in Pennsylvania designating the provisions thereof exempting certain policies and prescribing penalties for any violations

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That on and after January 1 1916 no insurance company shall issue fire insurance policies except policies of perpetual insurance on property in this Commonwealth other than those of the standard form herein set forth except as follows

First A company may print on its policies its name location and date of incorporation plan of operation whether stock or mutual and if the former the amount of its paid up capital stock the name of its officers and agents the number and date of the policy and if it is issued through an agent the words "This policy shall not be valid until countersigned by the duly authorized agent of the company at ————————"

Second A company may print or use in its policies printed forms of description and specifications of the property insured

Third A company incorporated in this Commonwealth may print in its policies any provisions which it is authorized or required by law to insert therein and any company not incorporated in this Commonwealth may with the approval of the Insurance Commissioner so print any provision required by its charter or deed of settlement or by the laws of its own state or country not contrary to the laws of this Commonwealth but the Insurance Commissioner shall require any provision which in his opinion modifies the contract of insurance in such way as to effect the question of loss to be appended to the policy by a slip or rider as hereinafter provided

Fourth The blanks in said standard form may be filled in print or writing

Fifth A company may print upon policies issued in compliance with the preceding provisions of this section the words "Pennsylvania Standard Policy" and may include the name of any state or states which may adopt this form of policy

Sixth A company may write upon the margin or across the face of the policy or print in type not smaller than long primer upon separate slips or riders to be attached thereto provisions adding to or modifying those contained in the standard form and all such slips riders and provisions must be signed by the officers or agents of the company so issuing them

Section 2 Said standard form shall be plainly printed and no portion thereof shall be in type smaller than long primer and shall be as follows

No. .....

[Insertion of name of company or companies issuing the policy and other matter permitted to be stated at the head of the policy.]

Amount $..... Rate..... Premium $.....

In Consideration of the Stipulations herein named

and of.....Dollars Premium

does insure.....

.....

and legal representatives, to the extent of the actual cash value (ascertained with proper deductions for depreciation) of the property at the time of loss or damage, but not exceeding the amount which it would cost to repair or replace the same with material of like kind and quality within a reasonable time after such loss or damage, without allowance for any increased cost of repair or reconstruction by reason of any ordinance or law regulating construction or repair and without compensation for loss resulting from interruption of business or manufacture, for the term

of .....

from the.....day of.....19...., at noon,

to the.....day of.....19...., at noon,

against all DIRECT LOSS AND DAMAGE BY FIRE and by removal from premises endangered by fire, except as herein provided, to an amount not exceeding..... Dollars to the following described property while located and contained as described herein, or pro rata for five days at each proper place to which any of the property shall necessarily be removed for preservation from fire, but not elsewhere, to wit:

[Description of property.]

This policy is made and accepted subject to the foregoing stipulations and conditions, and to the stipulations and conditions printed on the back hereof, which are hereby made a part of this policy, together with such other provisions, stipulations and conditions as may be endorsed hereon or added hereto as herein provided.

In Witness Whereof, this Company has executed and attested these presents.

[Date and signatures and titles of officers and agent.]

Fraud, misrepresentation, etc.

This entire policy shall be void if the insured has concealed or misrepresented any material fact or circumstance concerning this insurance or the subject thereof; or in case of any fraud or false swearing by the insured touching any matter relating to this insurance or the subject thereof, whether before or after a loss.

Property which can not be insured.

This policy shall not cover accounts, bills, currency, deeds, evidences of debt, money, notes or securities.

Hazards not covered.

This Company shall not be liable for loss or damage caused directly or indirectly by invasion, insurrection, riot, civil war or commotion, or military or usurped power, or by order of any civil authority; or by theft; or by neglect of the insured to use all reasonable means to save and preserve the property at and after a fire or when the property is endangered by fire in neighboring premises.

This entire policy shall be void, unless otherwise provided by agreement in writing added hereto,

Ownership, etc.

(a) if the interest of the insured be other than unconditional and sole ownership; or (b) if the subject of insurance be a building on ground not owned by the insured in fee simple; or (c) if, with the knowledge of the insured, foreclosure proceedings be commenced or notice given of sale of any property insured hereunder by reason of any mortgage or trust deed; or (d) if any change, other than by the death of an insured, take place in the interest, title or possession of the subject of insurance (except change of occupants without increase of hazard); or (e) if this policy be assigned before a loss.

Unless otherwise provided by agreement in writing added hereto this Company shall not be liable for loss or damage occurring,

Other insurance.

(a) while the insured shall have any other contract of insurance, whether valid or not, on property covered in whole or in part by this policy; or

Increase of hazard.

(b) while the hazard is increased by any means within the control or knowledge of the insured; or

Repairs, etc.

(c) while mechanics are employed in building, altering or repairing the described premises beyond a period of fifteen days; or

Explosives, gas, etc.

(d) while illuminating gas or vapor is generated on the described premises; or while (any usage or custom to the contrary notwithstanding) there is kept, used or allowed on the described premises fireworks, greek fire, phosphorus, explosives, benzine, gasoline, naphtha or any other product of petroleum of greater inflammability than kerosene oil, gunpowder exceeding twenty-five pounds, or kerosene oil exceeding five barrels; or

Factories.

(e) if the subject of insurance be a manufacturing establishment while operated in whole or in part between the hours of ten P. M. and five A. M., or while it ceases to be operated beyond a period of ten days; or

Unoccupancy.

(f) while a described building, whether intended for occupancy by or tenant, is vacant or unoccupied beyond a period of ten days; or

Excepted property.

(g) to bullion, manuscripts, mechanical drawings, dies or patterns; or

Explosion lightning.

(h) by explosion or lightning, unless fire ensue, and, in that event, for loss or damage by fire only.

Chattel mortgage.

Unless otherwise provided by agreement in writing added hereto this Company shall not be liable for loss or damage to any property insured hereunder while incumbered by a chattel mortgage, and during the time of such incumbrance this Company shall be liable only for loss or damage to any other property insured hereunder.

Fall of building.

If a building, or any material part thereof, fall except as the result of fire, all insurance by this policy on such building or its contents shall immediately cease.

Added clauses.

The extent of the application of insurance under this policy and of the contribution to be made by this Company in case of loss or damage, and any other agreement not inconsistent with or a waiver of any of the conditions or provisions of this policy, may be provided for by rider added hereto.

Waiver.

No one shall have power to waive any provision or condition of this policy except such as by the terms

of this policy may be the subject of agreement added hereto, nor shall any such provision or condition be held to be waived unless such waiver shall be in writing added hereto, nor shall any provision or condition of this policy or any forfeiture be held to be waived by any requirement, act or proceeding on the part of this Company relating to appraisal or to any examination herein provided for; nor shall any privilege or permission affecting the insurance hereunder exist or be claimed by the insured unless granted herein or by rider added hereto.

Cancellation of policy.

This policy shall be cancelled at any time at the request of the insured, in which case the Company shall, upon demand and surrender of this policy, refund the excess of paid premium above the customary short rates for the expired time. This policy may be cancelled at any time by the Company by giving to the insured a five days' written notice of cancellation with or without tender of the excess of paid premium above the pro rata premium for the expired time, which excess, if not tendered, shall be refunded on demand. Notice of cancellation shall state that said excess premium (if not tendered) will be refunded on demand.

Pro rata liability.

This Company shall not be liable for a greater proportion of any loss or damage than the amount hereby insured shall bear to the whole insurance covering the property, whether valid or not and whether collectible or not.

Noon.

The word "noon" herein means noon of standard time at the place of loss or damage.

Mortgage Interests.

If loss or damage is made payable, in whole or in part, to a mortgagee, this policy may be cancelled as to such interest by giving to the mortgagee a ten days' written notice of cancellation. Upon failure of the insured to render proof of loss such mortgagee shall, as if named as insured hereunder, but within sixty days after such failure, render proof of loss and be subject to the provisions hereof as to appraisal and time of payment. On payment to a mortgagee of any sum for loss or damage hereunder, if this Company shall claim that as to the mortgagor or owner, no liability existed, it shall, to the extent of such payment be subrogated to the mortgagee's right of recovery and claim upon the collateral to the mortgage debt, but without impairing the mortgagee's right to sue; or it may pay the mortgage debt and require an assignment thereof and of the mortgage. Except as stated in this paragraph, the agreement between a mortgagee and this Company shall be only as stated by rider added hereto.

Requirements in case of loss.

The insured shall give immediate notice, in writing, to this Company, of any loss or damage, protect the property from further damage, forthwith separate the damaged and undamaged personal property, put it in the best possible order, furnish a complete inventory of the destroyed, damaged and undamaged property, stating the quantity and cost of each article and the amount claimed thereon; and, the insured shall, within sixty days after the fire, unless such time is extended in writing by this Company, render to this Company a proof of loss, signed and sworn to by the insured, stating the knowledge and belief of the insured as to the time and origin of the fire; the interest of the insured and of all others in the property; the cash value of each item thereof and the amount of loss or damage thereto; all incumbrances thereon; all other contracts of insurance, whether valid or not, covering any of said property; and a copy of all the descriptions and schedules in all policies; any changes in the title, use, occupation, location, possession, or exposures of said property since the issuing of this policy; and by whom and for what purpose any building herein described and the several parts thereof were occupied at the time of fire; and shall furnish, if required, verified plans and specifications of any building, fixtures or machinery destroyed or damaged. The insured, as often as may be reasonably required, shall exhibit to any person designated by this Company all that remains of any property herein described, and submit to examinations under oath by any person named by this Company, and subscribe the same; and, as often as may be reasonably required, shall produce for examination all books of account, bills, invoices, and other vouchers, or certified copies thereof, if originals be lost, at such reasonable time and place as may be designated by this Company or its representative, and shall permit extracts and copies thereof to be made.

Appraisal.

In case the insured and this Company shall fail to agree as to the amount of loss or damage, each shall, on the written demand of either, select a competent and disinterested appraiser. The appraisers shall first select a competent and disinterested umpire; and failing for fifteen days to agree upon such umpire then, on request of the insured or this Company, such umpire shall be selected by a judge of a court of record in the state in which the property insured is located. The appraisers shall then appraise the loss and damage stating separately sound value and loss or damage to each item; and failing to agree, shall submit their differences only, to the umpire. An award in writing, so itemized, of any two when filed with this Company shall determine the amount of sound value and loss or damage. Each appraiser shall be paid by the party selecting him and the expenses of appraisal and umpire shall be paid by the parties equally.

Company's options.

It shall be optional with this Company to take all, or any part, of the articles at the agreed or appraised value, and also to repair, rebuild, or replace the property lost or damaged with other of like kind and quality within a reasonable time, on giving notice of its intention so to do within thirty days after the receipt of the proof of loss herein required; but

Abandonment.

There can be no abandonment to this Company of any property.

When loss payable.

The amount of loss or damage for which this Company may be liable shall be payable sixty days after proof of loss, as herein provided, is received by this Company and ascertainment of the loss or damage is made either by agreement between the insured and this Company expressed in writing or by the filing with this Company of an award as herein provided.

Suit.

No suit or action on this policy, for the recovery of any claim, shall be sustainable in any court of law or equity unless the insured shall have complied with all the requirements of this policy, nor unless commenced within twelve months next after the fire.

Subrogation.

This Company may require from the insured an assignment of all right of recovery against any party for loss or damage to the extent that payment therefor is made by this Company.

Section 3 Any person corporation or company that shall either as principal or agent wilfully issue or cause to be issued any policy or contract of fire insurance on property situated within this Commonwealth contrary to the provisions of this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not exceeding five hundred dollars Any policy issued in violation of this act shall nevertheless be construed in accordance with the provisions of this act Provided however that as the provisions of this act are not applicable to policies of perpetual insurance such perpetual policies shall not be required to conform to the requirements of this act

An Act to regulate certain kinds of insurance by individuals and partnerships or associations of individuals known as Lloyds defining the powers of such associations authorizing the Insurance Commissioner to grant a license and prescribing penalties for any violation thereof and repealing existing laws

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That individuals partnerships or associations of individuals hereby designated underwriters are hereby authorized to engage in the business of insurance in this Commonwealth as insurers on the Lloyds plan in accordance with the provisions of this act but not otherwise

Section 2 Such underwriters when authorized as hereinafter provided may insure the following classes of risks

(a) Against loss or damage to property by fire lightning hail or windstorm tornadoes or earthquakes on land and against loss or damage arising from breakage or leakage of sprinklers or piping connected therewith pumps or other apparatus erected for extinguishing fires

(b) Every insurance appertaining to or connected with ocean marine perils and risks of transit and transportation by land or water and all other risks and perils insured by marine and transportation insurers

(c) All kinds of team vehicle and automobile insurance including indemnity against loss sustained by or legal liability for loss to the persons or property of others caused by their use or operation but shall not include insurance against loss by reason of bodily injury to the person

Section 3 Such underwriters shall file with the Insurance Commissioner a declaration signed and sworn to by their duly authorized attorney or attorneys in fact setting forth

(a) The name or title under which the business is to be conducted which name shall not be so similar to any existing association of insurance on the Lloyds or Inter-Insurance plan or insurance corporaions as in the opinion of the Insurance Commissioner is calculated to deceive

(b) The location of the principal office at which the business is to be conducted

(c) A copy of the form of power of attorney agreement or other authority of the attorney or attorneys in fact setting forth the character of their representatives and authority and the agreement between the underwriters

(d) Copies of the forms of policy contracts or agreements under or by which insurance is to be effected

(e) The names and addresses of all the underwriters proposing to engage in such business

(f) The designation and appointment of the Insurance Commissioner for service of legal process

(g) The kind or kinds of insurance to be written

(h) That a fund for the protection of policy holders is in the possession within the United States of the attorney or attorneys in fact or a Committee for such underwriters and is either in cash or invested as required by the laws of the State in which the principal office of the underwriters is located in respect to securities deposited by the insurance corporations authorized to transact similar kinds of insurance such fund to amount to the sum of one hundred thousand dollars ($100,000.00) if the applicants desire to be authorized to transact the kind of insurance specified in any one of the sub-divisions (a) (b) or (c) or in sub-divisions (a) and (c) or (b) and (c) of section two of this act and such fund to amount to the sum of two hundred thousand dollars ($200,000.00) if the applicants desire to be authorized to transact all the kinds of insurance specified in sub-divisions (a) (b) and (c) or in sub-divisions (a) and (b) of said section

(i) The number of underwriters which shall not be less than twenty-five and that each underwriter is worth in his own right not less than twenty thousand dollars ($20,000.00) over and above all his debts and liabilities

(j) A statement showing a list of all cash and invested assets owned by said associated underwriters as such and their estimated value

The Insurance Commissioner may in his discretion by a writing to be filed and kept in the Insurance Department waive the filing of any part of the declaration mentioned on the part of such underwriters as are lawfully doing business in this Commonwealth at the time this act takes effect and who have heretofore filed such duly verified information with the said Commissioner

Section 4 Upon the filing of the documents hereinbefore specified the Insurance Commissioner shall examine the same and if it shall appear that all the statements made in the said declaration are true and that the rights of the policy holders will be protected thereunder he may issue a certificate of authority to such underwriters under the name chosen and approved stating that they are authorized to transact the business of insurance specified in said declaration Such certificate of authority shall be renewed annually and no underwriter attorney in fact agent or other person shall transact the business of insurance in this Commonwealth for such underwriters until such certificate has been issued nor during its suspension or revocation

Section 5 Prior to the issuance of such certificate of authority the Insurance Commissioner may at his option cause an examination to be made of the affairs and assets of the underwriters applying for said certificates

Section 6 If any of the underwriters applying for certificate of authority hereunder is not a citizen of the United States each such alien underwriter shall at the time of the making of the aforesaid application for certificate of authority deposit with the Insurance Commissioner the sum of five thousand dollars ($5,000.00) in cash or in securities such as are now required for the investment of the capital of insurance corporations authorized to do similar kinds of insurance business in this Commonwealth or in such kinds of securities as may be approved by him Provided however that the provisions of this section as to deposits shall not apply if such alien underwriter is one of an association of underwriters having on deposit with the Insurance Department of any State of the United States or in the hands of a bank or trust company as trustee a cash deposit or approved securities worth not less than one hundred thousand dollars ($100,000.00) held in trust for the benefit of all their policy holders in the United States provided further that the provisions of this section as to deposits shall not apply if such alien underwriter is one of an association of underwriters nine-tenths of whom are at all times citizens of the United States and who have complied with all other provisions of this act

Section 7 After the conditions of any deposits made under the provisions of this act have been fulfilled and the certificate of authority granted to such underwriters has been cancelled or they have voluntarily withdrawn from and have ceased doing business in this Commonwealth the Insurance Commissioner shall return to said underwriters or their duly authorized representative for this purpose specifically designated by them or their principal attorney or attorneys in fact all securities and cash so deposited in this Commonwealth

Section 8 Whenever underwriters applying for certificates of authority hereunder after the issue of such certificates are joined by other underwriters additional or substituted such additional or substituted underwriters must comply with the provisions of this act and shall be held to be found by the documents on file with the Insurance Commissioner concerning such authorized underwriters in the same manner and to the same extent as though they had been original applicants for the certificate of authority

Section 9 Any association of underwriters authorized hereunder shall from time to time furnish to the Insurance Commissioner under oath of their attorney or attorneys in fact such information as said Commissioner may require respecting the conduct of their affairs changes in the name under which said business is done the establishment of branch offices and their location and any change in the membership of the underwriters and their attorney or attorneys in fact including any amendment to the power of attorney agreements or articles of association of underwriters

Section 10 No association of underwriters authorized to do business in this Commonwealth under the terms hereof shall expose themselves to loss on any one risk to an amount in excess of one-fifth of their cash and invested assets including therein the underwriting liability of the individual underwriters unless any excess shall be promptly reinsured by said underwriters

Section 11 All associations of underwriters authorized hereunder and their representatives shall respectively be subject to the same supervision by and required to make the same reports to the Insurance Commissioner as is required of foreign insurance companies and their representatives transacting the same or similar kinds of insurance in this Commonwealth and they shall pay the same taxes and license fees as are required to be paid by such insurance companies

Section 12 Nothing herein contained shall apply to Inter-Insurers or Reciprocal Underwriters

Section 13 Upon violation of any of the provisions of this act the Insurance Commissioner shall have authority to revoke or suspend any certificate of authority issued hereunder

Section 14 Any person who as principal attorney agent broker or other representatives shall engage in the business contemplated by this act or any variety or part thereof without complying with the requirements thereof or who shall violate any provision of this act shall be deemend guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be sentenced to pay a fine of five hundred dollars

Section 15 The act approved February fourth one thousand eight hundred and seventy entitled "An Act to prevent the issue of unauthorized policies of insurance" is repealed and all other acts or parts of acts inconsistent with this act are repealed

EXHIBIT "A"

ANALYSIS OF CITY SCHEDULE TO ASCERTAIN THE KEY-RATE.

1. NON-FIRE DEPT. TOWNS.—If town is deficient in having no water-works (11), fire-engines (12), fire-alarm telegraph (14), police system (15), fire department organization (16), fire marshal or fire coroner (22), nor other appliances than bucket and cisterns, add ..... 32 cts.

Note.—This clause is intended to group the charges of towns having no fire-department or water-works, to save time in making up the "key-rate," and covers items 2 to 22 both inclusive.

It is not necessary to elaborate upon the explanation of this clause; it greatly facilitates computing the key-rate of towns which are entirely without fire appliances.

2. WATER-WORKS—If gravity system but not standard pressure, being simply sufficient to keep mains full for supply of engines, charge..... 2 cts.

Note.—This deficiency will entail charges for No. 12, if no steamers to supply needed pressure, and will, also, not en-

title the city to reduction for auxiliary steamers, No. 33, which will practically increase charges. The advantages of water-works are brought home to each risk by hydrant deductions, Nos. 155, 190, &c.

A gravity system of water-works with standard pressure is of importance for two reasons:

1st. The pressure is always available night and day for supplying the necessary force, which cannot be said of the so-called direct pressure systems, such as the Holly system, and others, which may not have steam up for the pumping engines, or which have been known to break down when most needed.

2d. Exerting a uniform pressure on the pipe system, there is less danger of rupture of mains than in the case of direct systems, which exert suddenly an abnormal pressure for an occasion.

The schedule is, therefore, based on a standard of gravity water-works with sufficient head, and any variation from this requirement entails a charge, not measured simply by the two cents in the key-rate above, but, as suggested in the above note, subjecting the city to the charge for absence of steamers, at No. 12, and depriving the city of the reduction for auxiliary steamers, No. 33.

Indirectly the advantages of a gravity system are recognized by hydrant deductions later on, 155, 190, &c., and the deduction for gravity pressure on both buildings and stocks, pages 47 and 50. These properly recognize the advantages of a gravity system.

3. If not gravity, standard pressure, but instead thereof a direct pressure system, duplicate pumps operated by water power, add ..... 3 cts.

For reasons already stated, a direct pressure system is not equal to the gravity, and should be charged for. Water power pumps are preferable to steam pumps as steam might not be up at time of fire.

The succeeding paragraphs, Nos. 4, 5 and 6 recognize the difference between duplicate pumps and single pumps and pumps operated by steam power, both single and duplicate machinery.

4. If pumps not in duplicate, charge instead of No. 3, ... 5 cts.

5. If direct pressure system, pumps operated by steam-power, but with the pumping machinery in duplicate, charge ..... 4 cts.

6. If direct pressure system, pumps operated by steam-power, pumps not duplicate, charge..... 7 cts.

The duplication should extend to all essential features of the plant, boilers, etc.

7. If direct pressure, but without stand-pipe or reservoir with capacity of ten hours' supply, at full pressure—75 lbs. at hydrant, (unless pumping machinery is in duplicate, in which case add 2 cts.), charge in addition to Nos. 3, 4, 5 or 6, ... 5 cts.

A stand-pipe or elevated reservoir even of ten hours' supply is of advantage, but particularly in cases where the pumping machinery is not in duplicate, as is recognized in this paragraph.

8. If pumping station is endangered by, or occupied in part for, electric-light station, special hazard, or for other purpose, add not less than..... 10 cts.

The fault of utilizing the machinery and building of a pumping station for an electric-light station or other hazard, whose destruction would endanger the pumping station, in itself not likely to burn, seems to be overlooked with a frequency that is incomprehensible.

Fire-Proof Pumping Station.

It would seem unnecessary to state that the building on whose existence the safety of a city depends should be safe from fire and separated from dangerous manufacturing or other hazards and especially from Electric Lighting Stations. It will be observed that charge is made (item No. 8) for an electric-light station or other special hazard in the pump-house or exposing it. It is a grave question if this charge ought not to be higher, even to the extent of making the "key-rate" of a city having a direct pressure system, so jeopardized, higher than that of a town without any water-works at all, in view, first, of the fact that individual risks in such a town get credit afterwards for proximity to hydrants to the extent possibly of 15 per cent. (see Nos. 155, 156) and, second, of the fact that a company's conflagration line in the direct pressure town would have been increased by reason of the pressure, but all benefit of the system lost if a fire destroying the pump-house should happen to be coincident with the raging of a conflagration in the city.

9. If not duplicate Supply Main from reservoir or pumping station, add ..... 2 cts.
(If intermediate storage reservoir or stand-pipe with 10 hours supply to be relied upon in case of breakage, no charge.)

This charge probably does not need suggestion as to its propriety.

10. If water pipes in mercantile portion be less than 8 inches, as a minimum, or if hydrants be less than 6-inch barrels, charge according to deficiency, but not less than ..... 3 cts.

This matter will be found to be more fully explained in the article on Water Supply.

11. If the only water supply is from public and private wells and cisterns, or natural streams, canals or ponds near enough to compact portion to be available with engine, suction, charge, according to supply, not less than ..... 10 cts.

This clause is self-explanatory, but it may be well to state here, what will probably be observed, viz., that it does not measure the entire difference between a town without any water supply other than private wells and cisterns and a town with a poor water supply; an unsupplied town would have higher rates by not securing the deductions later on for proximity to hydrants, etc., Nos. 155, 156, etc., page 45.

WATER-WORKS IN THE UNIVERSAL SCHEDULE.

It will be observed that the schedule recognizes efficiency and reliability of water-works in the following order:

1. Gravity system, with an "effective head" and "volume" at the hydrants. For recognition in schedule rating, the reservoir should contain at all times at least five days' supply for domestic and fire service which should be maintained and is more reliable if supplied by hydraulic pumps in duplicate, from a river or other inexhaustible supply, not liable to drought. If the pumps, whether steam or hydraulic, are arranged to secure also direct pressure on the pipes in emergency, as already explained, both kinds of service may be secured.

2. Hydraulic Pumps, in duplicate, with storage reservoir or tank standpipe of ten hours' supply for domestic and fire service.

3. Steam Pumps, in duplicate, with a tank stand-pipe or storage reservoir of ten hours' supply for domestic and fire service.

4. Direct pressure from Hydraulic Pumps, in duplicate, without tank stand-pipe or storage reservoir.

5. Direct pressure from Steam Pumps, in duplicate, without tank stand-pipe or reservoir.

A reservoir system is preferable to all others, and insures uniform pressure in pipes, involving less danger of breakage. While a large reservoir is desirable for storage purposes, however, it is not indispensable for fire purposes. A reservoir sufficient to hold a supply for both domestic and fire service of ten hours would probably be ample for extinguishing any fire. One million gallons storage will supply eleven, standard, 250 gallon fire streams for six hours, and for the ordinary city up to 15,000 inhabitants, a million gallons could be considered an ample storage reserve for fire purposes.

CAPACITY OF CISTERNS OR STAND-PIPES IN U. S. GALLONS.

For each 12 inches of depth.

The following table will enable any one to estimate the capacity of tank stand-pipes or cisterns of cylindrical form in U. S. gallons for each 12 inches of depth:

4 feet diameter....	94	11 feet diameter....	711
5 feet diameter....	147	12 feet diameter....	846
6 feet diameter....	211½	13 feet diameter....	993
7 feet diameter....	288	14 feet diameter....	1,115½
8 feet diameter....	376	15 feet diameter....	1,322
9 feet diameter....	476	20 feet diameter....	2,350
10 feet diameter....	587½	25 feet diameter....	3,672

For example, a cistern 25 feet in diameter would contain 3,672 gallons for every foot of depth; and if 10 feet deep, 36,720 gallons, or 918 bbls.

A simple rule may be stated as follows: To find the contents in U. S. standard gallons for each foot of depth of a cylindrical cistern with a circular base, multiply the square of the diameter (in feet) by 5⅞; the product will be the contents in gallons.*

For example, a cistern 20 feet in diameter and 10 feet deep would contain 20x20x5⅞x10=23,500 gallons (see table on page 16).

12. Steam Fire-Engines—If none, add..... 7 cts.
Steam Fire-Engines—If one, add..... 4 cts.

No charge for absence of steam fire-engines, if direct pressure system or gravity water-works with head sufficient to throw a 1⅛ inch stream through 200 feet of hose over highest building and sufficient good hose for at least six streams. This would require an effective head at hydrants of 160 feet, or say a pressure of 75 lbs.

This charge is intended to measure the absence of steam fire engines only in the key-rate and its effect upon all risks in the town. The standard requirement is two steamers per square mile and this is a deficiency charge.

13. Hose—If less than 1,000 feet of serviceable hose per steamer (there should be 2,000 feet) or less than 20 feet per hydrant, if direct pressure (but not less in any case than a total of 2,000 feet), charge according to circumstances, size of town, character of buildings, etc., but not less than..... 3 cts.

(No charge, of course, if charge has been made for absence of steamers, of direct pressure, etc.)

14. Fire-Alarm Telegraph—If none, add..... 5 cts.

(Underground wires preferable.)

Note.—If fire alarm system is by key boxes (objectionable), the keys to be deposited in some public place accessible to citizens as well as policemen and firemen. Neighboring drug stores, for example, are good depositories, because accessible at most hours of the day and night. The Central Station should not be in a dangerous building.

The keyless boxes are preferable to make sure that an alarm will be sent in promptly and to save the delay of searching for the key. The fears that alarms will be sent in by mischievous persons prove unfounded in actual practice. Underground wires, of course, prevent interruption of service by storms or falling buildings.

15. Police Organization—If none, add..... 2 cts.

Self-explanatory.

*The cubic contents in feet of a cylinder like a cistern are obtained by multiplying the area of the circle by the depth in feet. Inasmuch as the area of a circle is obtained by multiplying the square of the diameter by .7854, and inasmuch as a cubic foot of water contains 7.48 gallons, it is only necessary to multiply the square of the diameter by the product of 7.48×.7854=5⅞, to obtain the result in gallons, without the longer computation.

16. Fire Department Organization—If none, charge 6 cts.
(If charge is made for 16, omit 17, 18, 19, 20 and 21.)

17. If less than 12 paid men to each steamer, or four men to each hose cart where direct pressure or gravity system is relied upon, add..... 2 cts.

18. If only engineer and driver paid, add..... 3 cts.

If not paid by municipality but by Volunteer Department charge 4 cents and omit No. 21.

(No charge if no steamers.)

19. If firemen paid according to number of fires attended, charge same as No. 16..... 6 cts.

20. If paid fire department, but not free from improper political control and influences, add from 1 cent to ..... 4 cts.

21. If volunteer, add ..... 5 cts.

These charges will be self-explanatory.

22. Fire Marshal or Fire Coroner—If none, add.... 2 cts.

The smallness of the charge would probably be the only criticism made upon it; but it was carefully considered and is believed to be relatively correct.

23. Streets—In mercantile section, if not paved or macadamized, or if exceeding say 10 per cent. are impassable for engines during wet seasons, add..... 2 cts.

Note.—While streets are impassable the fire engines and extinguishing appliances of a city are, of course, practically useless.

24. If exceeding 40 per cent. of whole number in mercantile section are less than 70 feet wide, add.... 2 cts.

These clauses need no explanation.

25. Building Law—If none, or not well enforced, or if no ordinance as to storage of explosives, etc., add 3 cts.

It has been suggested that charge No. 25 is too low, but the intimation overlooks the fact that this entire schedule is, in effect, a building law and, by its penalties of charges and encouragement of deductions, will do more to enforce proper building methods than any municipal or state regulation which is simply mandatory.

26. Electric Trolley (or other dangerous) system of street railway, add ..... 2 cts.

27. Conflagration Hazard—Danger of sweeping fires from outlying exposures, such as extensive frame or lumber districts, aggregations of special hazards, especially wood-workers, about a common water-power, or along a water-front near enough to endanger city, not less than ..... 5 cts.

This charge should be very carefully considered. The schedule is based upon the ordinary conflagration hazard of the average city. Where mercantile and other buildings are abnormally high, especially in the class of towns known as "six-story towns with two-story fire departments," water mains small, and general construction poor, by reason of incorrect building methods, defective bricks and mortar, etc., a liberal charge should be made under this item. The "lay of the land" also should be taken into account, and an extra charge should be made for cities built upon a hill or mountain-side, such as Quebec, St. Johns, N. F., Lynchburg, Va., etc. Such conditions minimize the separating effect even of wide streets. Where cities are located in canons, also, a charge should be made, as in the case of Hot Springs, Ark., Virginia City, etc. (The latter town was destroyed in 1875.) In Astoria, Ore., the business section is built on spiles, with an air space below, and is therefore more liable to a sweeping fire by reason of this fact.

The destruction, in May, 1900, of Ottawa and Hull, Can., due to the burning of large accumulations of lumber, outlying exposures, etc., is a more recent instance enforcing the importance of studying the environment of cities.

28. Natural Gas or Oil for Fuel, add ..... 2 cts.

The hazard of natural gas has of late years been better understood, and the great number of fires due to its use when first applied for heating, cooking, etc., has been largely cut down. Meanwhile, the insurance companies stood in the breach, as it is always their misfortune to do in the case of all new hazards, and paid for all mistakes and lack of proper precautions.

29. High Winds—If city subject to high winds, add according to hazard, say ..... 5 cts.

30. PREVIOUS FIRE RECORD—This schedule is based on the supposition of a normal fire record of the city or town to be rated. If, however, the previous fire record of the place has been abnormal and disastrous, a higher basis rate for a standard building in such place should be made, in accordance with such record. An average annual loss on mercantile risks for the previous period of five years of not exceeding $5 for each $1,000 of insurance or value, as shown by the books of the principle insurance agents, may be regarded as normal. For each dollar of loss or part thereof, in excess of $5 per $1,000 of insurance on Mercantile Business, 20 per cent. should be added to the above basis rate of a standard building in the city to be rated.

(Twenty per cent. of the key-rate to be the maximum increase or addition for any one sweeping fire or conflagration.)

For example, if the average annual fire loss for the previous five years has been at the rate of $7 per each $1,000 of insurance, and the rate of a standard building in such city has been ascertained, as above, to be 40 cents, 40 per cent. thereof, or 16 cents, should be added, making 56 cents as the basis rate of a standard building.

By way of illustration, let us suppose a town whose insurance on mercantile values—buildings and stocks—amounts to $20,000,000. If its average losses amount to $100,000 per annum, they would be at the rate of $5 per $1,000 of insurance, or normal. If the average rate be 1 per cent. the premiums would be $200,000, and the loss ratio 50 per cent.; but, let us suppose that instead of $100,000 losses per annum, the annual loss is $140,000. This would be at the rate of $7 per $1,000 or $2 per $1,000 in excess of normal, and 70 per cent. of the premiums at 1 per cent. The

schedule would increase the rate 20 per cent. for each dollar in excess of five, or 40 per cent., and, at a rate of 140, the premiums would be $280,000 on which the $140,000 of losses would be 50 per cent. **Mercantile values of a city and the** annual fire loss can be estimated with approximate correctness by an intelligent expert, assisted by the local agents or by the Companies. Even where not possible to get accurate figures, however, anything gained under this item of the schedule will be a practical improvement on present methods, which ignore this feature of previous fire record altogether.

REDUCED FIRE WASTE—There should be a reduction, also, of 1 per cent. of premium rate for each 1 per cent. de**crease in fire waste below 55 per cent., not exceeding 15 per** cent. on a three year period. (See page 123.)

31. Exceptional Features of City—If the city or town has unfavorable features [not provided for in the schedule] which are exceptional, and which should be provided for in the general city charge as affecting all structures in the compact portion, charge according to danger, ...

Note.—The only supply water-main for an important Southern city, for example, crosses a wooden railroad bridge, The locomotives using wood for fuel. An important Western city was dependent, at one time, upon the working of a telephone to secure water for fires. It did not work and a conflagration was the result. Such faults should be roundly charged for.

The Galveston, Texas, water supply was cut off by the great storm of September, 1900. The water supply of an important city in North Carolina depends upon a single fireman some distance from the city and an accident to him would cripple the service. It is strange that such contingencies are so frequently overlooked.

DEDUCTIONS.

32. Chemical Engines on Wheels—For each deduct (not exceeding 5 per cent. in all) from foregoing total 3%

These are admirable in their way, and where used with intelligence by the chief of the fire department frequently save immense loss to underwriters, which would otherwise result from throwing large quantities of water on damageable stocks, like hardware, millinery, etc. They are gradually winning their way, so that most of the practical fire chiefs are using them.

33. Auxiliary Steamers—Where a city has gravity water-works, with head sufficient to throw over highest building, or direct pressure system, and sufficient hose for six streams, if one or more steam engines, maintained in good condition, are also provided, deduct 5%

It is too frequently the case that municipalities with gravity water-works, or with a direct pressure system, fail to provide fire steamers, or, having them already, dispense with them upon securing the direct pressure system. Those towns which keep them should have recognition of them.

34. Hook and Ladder Trucks—One to every four steamers 5%

Result—The Basis or "Key-Rate" for a standard Building in said city .....

(For illusration see page 59.)

This basis rate once obtained, in this manner, will be the "Key" Rate for rating all buildings in the city, and so ascertained, it is only necessary, thereafter, to use the following schedules for rating all structures.

EXHIBIT "B"

SCHEDULE

Board of Fire Underwriters of Allegheny Co.

NON-FIRE-PROOF BRICK BUILDINGS.

Map..... Survey No.....

Location .....

	No.	Amount.
KEY RATE OF PITTSBURGH PROPER .20; N. S. .30; S. S. 30		
WALLS, 38 Indep't, each 4 in. variation from stand 01		
(Buildings over 4 stories high double charge)		
39 On Buildings over 3 stories if average 12 in. or less add in addition to above not less than 04. (If 2 independent walls adjoin deduct 4 inches from average requirement)		
Party Walls 40—Each two inches defficiency from st'd.....01		
If over four stories double charge		
41 If less than 12 inches in any part add not less than 05		
Charge for one wall only, the most deficient.		
42 Walls not Parapet 12 inches above roof and coped each exposed side 03		
43 Poor Bricks or poor quality mortar 10		
44 Each Iron Front or side not backed with brick and mortar ..... .03		
45 Iron Fronts backed up with brick and mortar 01		
46 Each Iron Front in group add in addition to above 01		
46½ Stone Front or side, each 03		
ROOF. 47—Composition (other than standard) 01		
48 Slate 02		
49 Shingle 08		
50 Mansard with wooden frame, four story or lower, one side 07		
51 Each additional side .03. Increase charge 5 cents for each story over four.....		
52 Roof space, blind attic each vertical foot .01, not over.....05		
FLOORS. 53—Double Flooring less than 3 inches thick 02		
54 Single Flooring 05		
55 Floor Joists less than 3x10 inches 03		
CEILING OR SHEATING. 56—Wood or Strawboard ceiling or wooden lath furring		
on walls each story 01		
57 Wood or Strawboard siding one story .02; each add 01		
57a Cloth or paper ceiling or siding on wood studs, each story 05		
59 AREA each 1000 sq. ft. in excess of 2500 sq. ft. add 03		
Limit 6 story or under 1.00 over 6 story 1:50. Sole tenant 20% off. (Deduct 10% of area charge for each division wall, not exceeding 40% of area charge)		
HEIGHT. 63..... Stories—Fifth Story 03		
64 For Sixth Story 05		
65 For Seventh Story .12, each story over seven .15, (cumulative)		
(Standard building may be Seven Stories without charge.)		
ELEVATORS. 67—Cut off by lath and plaster hallway or shaft with self closing doors or automatic traps 03		
67a Cut off by brick or fireproof shaft but doors not standard, or with wood sills, or if windows in shaft are not wire glass or otherwise fire-resistant, charge.....02		
68 Open 06		
69 Wooden Shaft without self closing traps 08		
STAIRWAY. 71—Cut off by lath and plaster hallway .06, with self closing traps or doors at each floor 03		
71a If stairways are simply provided with traps which are closed only at night, charge .06		

	No.	Amount.
71b Cut off by brick or tile hallways, but doors not iron or metal covered, or if lights in panels are not wire glass, or otherwise fire-resistant, charge 02		
72 Enclosed in wood with self closing doors each floor 05		
73 Open 08		
These charges for elevators and stairways apply to building four stories or less in heighth. Over four stories add 25% per story to final charge.		
(For each extra elevator or stairway add ¼ of charge for each. If both elevator and stairway are charged make full charge for greater amount and half charge for smaller,)		
WELL HOLES, CHUTES, VENT, SHAFTS AND DUMBWAITERS. 74—Make full charge for each floor; no allowance for traps which are not automatic in every particular and fit openings closely. For each floor pierced not less than .01 (well holes each floor .05)		
75 If dumb-waiters are in brick shaft, but the doors to floors are not metal-lined, deduct only 50% from charge.		
SKYLIGHTS. 76—Not standard each 9 sq. ft. over 9, .02; not over 15		
WOODEN CORNICE, CUPOLAS, ETC. 79—Not less than 02		
80 Wooden awnings on one-story buildings .05, on higher buildings 01		
86 Kerosene 01		
HEATING. 87—Furnace .02, if metallic air box 01		
89 Stoves (if 87 and 89 only charge for greater) 01		
CHIMNEYS. 97—Not built from ground but on brackets 05		
99 Resting on attic floor beams or joists 15		
100 Only one-half brick thick (4 inches) .12 (if stoves only) 06		
Half charge only for chimneys 4 inches thick which are used for small stoves connected with the same by pipe of some length, but full charge to be made if used for furnaces, boilers, large laundry stoves, large ranges, etc.		
No charge for a 4-inch chimney properly lined with cast-iron or terra cotta pipe.		
101 Poor bricks or mortar (in add. to bldg. charge No. 43) 10		
WIRES. 102—Overhead around building to interfere with fire department 01		
105 Electric Trolley Wire to interfere with fire department 02		
TENANTS. 106—Each mercantile tenant in excess of one tenant 01		
106a Each Manufacturing tenant in excess of the highest rated one (which is charged for in No. 128) add twenty per cent. (20%) of first column charge.		
106b MANUFACTURING RISKS.—Charge 1-10 of .01 for each operative employe in excess of 10, maximum .25 except where the first colum charge exceeds .25, then double this charge, maximum 1.00.		
SMALL PART FRAME. 108—Except as provided for under 50, 51, 79, 80 ..... Not less than 05		
STONE PIERS, STONE COLUMNS, PILLARS, or brick piers with bond stones, unprotected, 109—not less than .03.		
110 Unprotected metal columns or girders 05		
111 STEAM BOILER (except for heating) inside first floor or basement .05, upstairs .10, Wood shavings for fuel 1,00		
First Total		

DEDUCT FOR EXCEPTIONAL CONSTRUCTION:	No.	%
119 Tin or Sheet Iron between floors 10%		
120 Waterproof paper between floors 5%		
121 Floor waterproof inclined to carry off surplus 5%		
122 Grade floor fireproof 10%. Each additional floor 5% (not exceeding 40% in all)		
123 Metallic stud and lathing or tile partitions throughout 10%		
124 Metallic lathing on wooden studs, terra cotta or other fire resisting partitions 5%		
125 Mill construction .....5% to 25%		
127 RATE ON BUILDING UNOCCUPIED		
127 RATE ON BUILDING UNOCCUPIED (Brought Forward)		
Occupied by Nos.		
127a Add 50% of amount in first column for most hazardous occupancy		
128 RATE ON BUILDING OCCUPIED		

DEDUCTIONS FOR FIRE APPLIANCES, ETC., ON BUILDINGS.	No.	%	cts.	
158 Automatic fire alarm .....10% to 10 cents.				
158a Automatic burglar alarm 1%				
159 Chemical Engine on wheels 5%				
160 Iron fire escapes on accessible side with landings each floor 2%				
161 Casks of water or sand or filled pails on each floor (2 filled pails for each 1,000 square feet floor area).5% Note—(Approved extinguishers may be accepted in lieu of required number of pails.)				
162 Standpipe internal, near stairs, ample tank supply..2%				
164 Standpipe, appd. with external Siamese connections 1%				
165 Each side or rear accessible to fire department (no deduction for front or alley) 2%				
167 Bas and/or sub-bas. with approved equipment of automatic sprinklers having approved external Siamese connection only 2%				
173 If building occupied throughout exclusively offices or office and dwelling 25%				
174 If building above grade floor occupied for office or offices and dwellings 10%				
176 Watchman with watch-clock .....2½% to 2½ cents.				
176a Special Building Signal .....5% to 5 cents. Without watchman and clock .....2½% to 2½ cents.				
177 Roof Hydrants (with approved hose and protected) 2%				
178 Floor beams and girders, self-releasing 1%				
186 FIRE BOAT. If risk within 800 feet of Fire Boat 5%				
Total Deductions				
129 NET RATE OF BUILDING OCCUPIED				
130 EXPOSURE				
130a EXPOSURE Conflagration District, Like Dry Goods District				
131 RATE OF BUILDING Occupied and Exposed				
131b SPRINKLERS. If according to the requirements, deduct .....%				
132 DEDUCT 15% FOR 80% CO-INSURANCE				

ADD FOR FAULTS OF MANAGEMENT UNTIL CORRECTED.	No.	Amount.
136 Unprotected stovepipes through floors or partitions..50		
136a Unsafe Gas or other stoves.....10 to 25		
137 Stovepipes through window, roof or wall, but with double metal chimney, ...50		
138 Through windows not protected.....1.00		
139 Entering bottom of flue vertically.....25		
140 Entering flue in attic or unused room.....25		
141 Bottom of elevator shaft used for closet or waste....50		
142 Swinging or other unsafe gas brackets or lamps unprotected 10		
142 Untidiness, rubbish, ashes, etc., especially in cellar .....10 to 25		
143a Packing material not in bins.....15		
144 Broken Plastering, windows, cracked walls, etc. 10 to 25		
145 Empty boxes or rubbish in rear yard, alleys, window recesses, under sidewalks, grating, etc...10 to 25		
146 Open Lights in Show Windows.....25		
146a Unsafe Gas Engine.....25		
147 Sawdust on floors, sawdust spittoons.....10		
148 Benzine, according to quantity.....10 up		
149 Ash or waste cans approved, if none.....10		
149a Oily floors under machines, lack of drip-pans.....10		
149b Steampipes in contact with wood.....01		

	No.	Amount.
153 Elevator or other shaft communicating with roof space.....10 to 25		
154a Crowded Mdse. without proper aisles opposite or too near windows, overloading, not less than.....25		
Sign on roof to interfere with Fire Department.....10		
Communications until approved.....		
Unsafe Electrical Apparatus.....25		
Unsafe Heating Apparatus.....		
Rubber Hose for Heating.....25		
.....		
.....		
.....		

FINAL RATE ON BUILDING .....

N. B.—If building not within 300 feet of a hydrant on a properly fed 6-inch or larger water main increase rate 20%

Rate of building occupied, No. 128, above ..... cts.

Deduct a sum equal to 10% of deficiencies of building (i. e. 10% of excess of item No. 127 over 20 cents) or .30 or .35) as follows:
Rate 127.....cents, minus 20 cents (or .30 or .35), equals .....
cents; 10% of which (.....cents) deducted from No. 128 leaves.....

Key Rate.

This will be the KEY OR BASIS RATE FOR ALL STOCKS IN BUILDING

Add 75% of amount named for stock to be rated (No.....) in second column of Occupancy Table .....

Add, if entire stock is above or below grade floor, each floor, 5 cents .....

If distributed over two or more floors, add the charges for all and divide by the number of floors covered to get the average. For example, for third floor 10 cts., fourth 15 cts., and fifth 20 cts., total 45 cts., divided by 3 equals 15 cts. If stock extends only over the three floors—grade, basement and second floor, no charge or deduction.

Total .....

DEDUCTIONS FOR FIRE APPLIANCES, ETC., ON STOCK.	No.	%	cts.
193 Automatic fire alarm.....10% to 10 cents			
193a Automatic burglar alarm.....1%			
194 Chemical engine on wheels.....5%			
195 Iron fire-escapes outside of building on accessible side with landing at each floor.....2%			
196 Casks of water or sand or filled pails (two filled pails to each 1,000 sq. feet of floor area).....5%			
Note—(Approved Extinguishers may be accepted in lieu of required number of pails.)			
197 Standpipe, internal, near stairs with tank supply...2%			
198 Standpipe, app. with external Siamese connection for use of fire department.....1%			
199 Each side or rear accessible to fire department (no deduction for front or alley) 3%			
201 Bas. and / or sub-bas. with approved equipment of automatic sprinklers having approved external Siamese connection 2%			
For partial automatic sprinkler equipment allowance see board.			
207 If building occupied above grade floor for offices....5%			
208 If for office and dwelling.....10%			
210 Watchman with watch-clock.....2½% to 2½ cents			
210a Special Building Signal.....5% to 5 cents			
Without watchman and clock.....2½% to 2½ cents			

	No.	%	cts.
211 Roof hydrants (with approved hose and protected) 1%			
214 Merchandise in tin covered cases.....5%			
215 Skids. If merchandise in bales or unopened cases or similar original and unbroken packages is kept on skids or platforms 6 inches high, deduct..2%			
216 Grade floor stock; if stock exclusively on grade floor, deduct 5%; if stock extends only over one additional floor, basement or second, skidded.....3%			
221 Fireboat. If risk within 800 feet of Fire Boat.....5%			
Total		% & C.	
134 RESULT.—(See note.) Rate on stock in unexposed building			
134a EXPOSURE			
134b Conflagration District, outlying exposures, etc.			
Total			
134c SPRINKLERS. If according to requirements, deduct.....%			
135 DEDUCT 7½% FOR 80% CO-INSURANCE			
ADD FOR FAULTS OF MANAGEMENT, same as building			
FINAL RATE ON STOCK			

N. B.—If building not within 300 feet of a hydrant on a 6-inch or larger water main increase rate 20%.

EXHIBIT "B"

EXPOSURE

Calculate the exposure as per tables, for given distance or condition for each side and enter in its column, add or substract from charge as follows: carrying the net result by successive processes down the column to the bottom.

	Front	Right	Rear	Left
Height				
Rate				
Distance				
Length of Side				
RATE OF EXPPOSURE LESS THAN 1 PER CENT., pro rate charge.				
BUILDINGS SEPARATED.—With openings. N. B.—(Wooden Cornice or Wooden Mansard same as openings.)				
BLANK WALL OF RISK towards exposure deduct 4-5 of charge. (No deductions if wooden cornice or mansard.)				
BLANK WALL of Exposure towards risk, deduct ½.				
BLANK WALL TO BOTH, deduct 90 per cent.				
OPENINGS NOT OPPOSITE each other, deduct 30 per cent.				
OPENINGS ON GRADE OR FIRST FLOOR ONLY, deduct 25 per cent.				
IF BUILDINGS ADJOINING.—Charge as per tables E and F.				
WALLS NOT THROUGH ROOF.—If division wall between two adjoining risks does not extend through roof, cutting off roof timbers, charge same as per tables E and F for communications above first floor with single fire door.				
LENGTH OF EXPOSED SIDE OF RISK.—Less than 75 running feet, 1 per cent. less for each foot. No deduction if adjoining with communications.				
LENGTH of Exposure.—Less than 75 feet, ½ per cent. less for each foot. (N. B.—No deduction under these items, however, if the exposure building contains oils or other "grese risks." Wholesale Drugs, stocks of Furniture, Agricultural Implements, Carriage or Wagon Materials or other Wood risks—hazards of intense combustibility.)				

HEIGHT OF EXPOSURE.—If less than 5 stories, deduct 10 per cent. for each story less than 5. If over 5 stories, add 25 per cent. for each story over 5.				
FALLING WALL HAZARD.—Add not less than 2 per cent. of the rate of the exposing risk.				
GLASS FRONT OR SIDE OF RISK.—Increase charge 10 per cent. if first story, 20 per cent. for second, and 10 per cent. for each additional story.				
GLASS FRONT OF EXPOSURE.—Increase charge 20 per cent. for each glass story above first or grade floor.				
STANDARD FIRE SHUTTERS OR WIRED GLASS WINDOWS.—To window openings of risk, deduct 2-5.				
STANDARD FIRE SHUTTERS OR WIRED GLASS WINDOWS.—To openings of exposure, deduct 1-3.				
STANDARD FIRE SHUTTERS OR WIRED GLASS WINDOWS.—TO BOTH risk and exposure, deduct 45 per cent.				
LARGE AREA OF EXPOSURE, exceeding 10,000 square feet and height exceeding intervening distance, increase charge 20 per cent. and add a further 2 per cent. for each 1,000 in excess of 10,000.				
FRAME EXPOSURE, increase charge 50 per cent., but not exceeding a sum which shall make rate of risk equal to 80 per cent. of exposure.				
IF BOTH RISK AND EXPOSURE RATES ARE BELOW 1 PER CENT.—Take such percentage of final result as the rate of risk bears to 1 per cent., e. g., if 65 cents, 65 per cent.; if 45 cents, 45 per cent., etc.				
Total Exposure Charge for all sides.				
HEIGHT OF RISK.—If under five stories high, deduct 15 per cent. of total charges for each story less than five. If over five stories high, add 15 per cent. for each story over five, not exceeding 75 per cent.				
Deduct 10 per cent. from final exposure charge as working margin. Charge remainder as building exposure. Deduct from building exposure 25 per cent.; charge remainder as contents exposure.	Bldg. ..... Conts.			

EXHIBIT "C"

Map. Vol. ..... Sheet..... Survey No. ....

Board of Fire Underwriters of Allegheny County

SURVEY OF NON-FIREPROOF BUILDING.

Location .....

RISK				EXPOSURES				
Openings in Wall	op'gs over exp. if adjoining	Distance	Height and Const'r.	Street Number	Openings	Opposite	Kind of Shutters	Blank
Front	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Right	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Rear	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Left	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

Walls	Brick	Stone	Iron not Backed	Iron Backed	Hollow Iron in Row	Wood	Glass	Indep.	Party	Parapet? Height?	Parapet? Coped?	Thickness—report ledges or proj't'ns. 1	2	3	4	5	6	7	Poor Bricks or Mortar?
Front	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Right	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Rear	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Left	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

Height.....Story, Bast.....Sub. Bast..... Area..... × ..... = ...

Bk. Div. Walls?.....

	Side Accessible	Fire Escape	Mansard	Shutters Kind and condition	Communications? Character	Floors	Open or Protected
Front							
Right							
Rear							
Left							

Fire Doors at communications? (Construction and Condition)

Roof.....Roof Space? .....Shaft or openings into same?

Floors .....Fire-proof floors-Construction?

Beams, less than 3x10 inches.....Beams, self releasing?

All story posts girders, beams 12x12 inches? (Describe)

Tin sheet, iron, or water-proof paper between floors?

Inclined water-proof floors with scuppers?

Ceiling (wood, cloth, paper?) S.....B.....1.....2.....3.....4.....5.....6.....7.....

Side Walls (wood cloth paper, furred?) S.....B.....1.....2.....3.....4.....5.....6.....7.....

Metal Lath and wood or iron stud?

Skylights? (Monitor, size, thickness, frame) Over openings?

Extension .....Main Building

Cornice ..... **Wood continuous with other buildings**

Cupolas, Dormer windows?.....**Wires?** Location

Wood Awnings?.....**Frame** Ext.? (Height, size)

Stone piers, or brick piers, with bond or cap stones? (number, size supporting what?)

Iron Columns, etc. Unprotected Columns (Cast or wrought) or girders, number, what supporting?

Note: Give full particulars of all floor openings, stating distance from one to the other.

Elevators? (Number and how arranged. In same opening with stairs or adjoining)

Stairways? (Number and how arranged. State if stone or iron. If office or dwellings above grade, does stairway from street communicate with store?)

Hoist or Hatchways?

Well-holes? (size, floors pierced)

Light and Vent. Shaft? (floors pierced and arrangement)

Dumb Waiters? (floors pierced and arrangement)

Chutes, Belt-holes, etc.? (floors pierced and arrangement)

Age.....Condition, Broken floors, windows or plaster exposing lath, etc., etc.?

Lighting, Electricity.....Gas.....Kerosene.....Open gas lights in show windows

Unsafe swinging brackets or unprotected wood-work or stock exposed? (Number, location and arrangement)

Have arc lights tight globes or spark arresters?

Heating.....Wood or metal cold air box to furnace?.....Steam pipes safe?

Chimney, less than 8 inch thick?.....For what used?.....Good condition?

Bracketed or from ground?.....On Attic floor beams?.....Floors under and in front of stoves protected?

Stove Pipes..... Through roof, floors, partitions, windows or wall? How arranged?

..... Enter bottom of flue vertically or flue in attic or unused room?

Boiler?.....Used for.....Location how cut off?.....woodwork.....in distant

Power? .....Ash Cans? .....

Heat used in Manuf'g? .....

Benzine, Rubber Cement, Gasolene, Paints, Oils, Varnish, Turpentine, Alcohol, Ethers, etc.?
(Quantity? where used and in what kept, note floor here and give full report under occupancy.)

.....

.....

.....

Dry Rooms? (For what, construction, heating, safely arranged and clean?) .....

.....

.....

Self-closing Cans for oily waste, rags, etc., required? B.....1.....2.....3.....4.....5.....6.....7.....

Drip pans required? B.....1.....2.....3.....4.....5.....6.....7.....

Cuttings, Papers, Sweepings, etc., (Disposition and receptacles) .....

Packing material? (Quantity, where and how kept?).....

Bottom of Shafts used for closet or waste?.....Sawdust on floor and spittoons?.....Oily floors?.....

Untidiness? (Also as to yards, under sidewalks, gratings, etc.) .....

Crowded? Without proper aisles. Too near windows. State floors) .....

Fire Buckets? S.....B.....1.....2.....3.....4.....5.....6.....7.....Good condition?.....Well placed?.....

Watchman and or Special Building Signal?.....Which-....When?....Rounds?....Clock?....Stations?.... Records?....

Automatic Alarm?.....Chemical Engine on Wheels?.....Burglar Alarm (partial or throughout?).....

Standpipe, Internal and or External? (No, size, location and supply, size, kind, length and condition of hose each floor, attached, and with nozzle?).....Roof Hydrants? (No., size, supply, hose, housed?).....

Pumps for fire use? (Location, kind, size, supply?).....

OCCUPANCY.

Report all tenants by name (including sample stock) except offices. Full particulars as to mixed stocks, work done, processes, materials and machinery used, number of hands, etc. (If Public Warehouse, Bonded or Free? Private Warehouse, original unbroken packages, sales by sample only, delivery of broken packages?

	Goods on Skids 6 in.	In Water-tight cases.	Occupancy Charges Items Nos. and Amounts.

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS MARGIN.

Remarks:.....

Date.....Surveyor.

Note:—Diagram of risk to scale must be drawn on this page.

EXHIBIT "D"

ELECTRICAL REPORT

Schedule No.

Town..... Street.....

NOTICE

Care should be taken to employ on all electrical work none but the most COMPETENT AND EXPERIENCED MECHANICS, AND OBTAIN FROM THEM A GUARANTEE that the same is in accordance with the published rules and will pass inspection of the Board of Fire Underwriters of Allegheny County. IT IS DANGEROUS TO EMPLOY INEXPERIENCED MECHANICS.

The following paragraphs refer either directly or indirectly to the rules of the National Electrical Code and indicates specific defects and remedies by marginal check marks. Since no concessions will be made, time of the Inspector will be saved and assistance rendered the assured in securing the reduction in rate by covering every requirement specified at once.

If you are unable to interpret any part of the checked paragraphs apply for further information to the Electrical Department of the Board of Fire Underwriters of Allegheny County, Commonwealth Building, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Service Wires, Switches and Appliances.

1. Service wires, where they enter buildings, must have drip loops outside, be separated not less than 6 inches and the holes through which the conductors pass must be bushed with non-combustible, non-absorptive insulating tubes—slanting upwards towards the inside.
2. A main double-pole knife switch must be placed on the service wires in a readily accessible place as near as possible to the point where the wires enter the building within easy access from floor and must cut out the meter.
   Location .....
3. A main double-pole cut-out must be placed on the service wires where they enter the building.
   Location .....
4. Service wires must be thoroughly protected from any contact with buildings or awnings.
5. Service wires must be supported by petticoat insulators on iron brackets.
   Location .....
6. Service wires not in use must be removed.
7. Main switch, now in position, not approved. One or more substantial pattern must be substituted, having heavy metal fittings mounted on slate or marble base.
8. Remove dead and unused wires and fittings.
9.
10. **Switches of the Baby-knife type will not be approved.**
11. Switches for 25 amperes or over must be equipped with lugs firmly bolted or screwed to the switch into which the conducting wires should be soldered.
12. Hinges of knife switches must not be used to carry current unless they are equipped with spring washers held by lock nuts or pins, so arranged that a firm and secure connection will be maintained at all positions of the switch blades.
13.
14. Snap switches must be mounted on sub-bases on open or moulding work.
    Location .....

Cut-outs and Their Application—Specifications, Etc.

15. Cut-outs required.
    Location .....
16. **Cut-outs with porcelain bases, with link fuses, with or without covers, will not be approved.**
    Location .....
17. Cut-outs known as "bug" or other designs not approved in fixture canopies, and must be removed.
    Location .....
18. Cut-outs must not be located in show windows or over inflammable material.
    Location .....
19. Any constant potential above 125 volts must be supplied with cut-outs of the cartridge or open fuse link type, slate or marble base.
20. All cut-outs and tablet boards for branch circuits must be placed in distribution boxes. The cut-outs or distribution boxes must be constructed of, or lined with, fire resisting materials. A suitable box can be made of marble, slate or wood, strongly put together, the door to close against a rabbet so as to be perfectly dust tight, and should be hung on strong hinges and held closed by a hook or spring catch. If the box is wood, the inside should be lined with sheets of asbestos board one-eighth inch in thickness, neatly put on and firmly secured in place by shellac and tacks.
    Location .....

21. Exit lights must be taken from a point on street side of main service fuses.

22. Connections on tablet boards must be on the face; if otherwise arranged the wires must be accessible. Distribution boxes for tablet boards with back connections should be provided with doors on both sides for easy access.
Location .....

23. Branch cut-outs should be so placed that no more than 660 watts will be dependent on any cut-out.
Location .....

24. Each arc lamp or series of lamps must be protected by a double-pole cut-out.
Location .....

25. Cut-outs for 30 amperes or over must be equipped with lugs firmly bolted or screwed to the cut-out.
Location .....

26. Cut-outs not approved in following location:
Location .....

27. The fuses in branch cut-outs except for motors must not have a rated capacity greater than that given as follows for circuits at various potentials: 55 volts or less 12 amperes, over 55 but less than 125 volts 10 amperes; 125 to 250 volts 3 amperes.

28. All power as well as lighting circuits must not be fused beyond the rated carrying capacity of the wires. (See Rule 18, National Code.)

29. Refillable cartridge fuses are not approved except Economy fuses, and must be replaced by approved fuses of the plug, cartridge or special open-link type. Permission has been granted for the use of the Economy refillable fuse.
Location .....

Wires, Grades, Sizes, Etc.

30. Wires.
Location .....

31. Wires placed in moulding, conduit or used for concealed work must have an approved rubber insulating covering, also wires used on open work in damp places.
Location .....

32. Wires must be increased in size to be not less than N.....B. & S. Gauge for the feeders and No..... B. & S. for the branches.
Location .....

33. All wires must be thoroughly insulated from any contact with the building, gas, pipes, etc., and must be pulled taut and rigidly supported on porcelain insulators not smaller than No. 5½ or cleats—placed not over 5 feet apart and each side of every cut-out and switch.
Location .....

34. Wires must be attached to the insulators with insulated tie wires; except where split insulators are used, the wrapping or twisting the wires around the insulators will not be approved.
Location .....

35. All splices must be well made, soldered and wrapped with three or more coverings of insulating tape equal to the insulation of the conductors. Where rubber wire is used this will require the use of rubber as well as friction tape.
Location .....

36. At every point where a tap is made on the circuit wires an insulator must be placed on the branch wires to relieve any mechanical strain on the splice.
Location .....

Mouldings, Running Boards, Bushings, Etc.

37. Extra "plaster" bushings are required in plastered partitions.
Location .....

38. Mouldings must not be used in damp places, nor outside of buildings.
Location .....

39. Approved porcelain bushings of the proper length must be used where wires pass through the woodwork or other building material.
Location .....

40. Bushing passing from the floor to the ceiling must be long enough to bush the entire length of the hole in one continuous piece. Circular loom tubing may be used provided it is first encased in iron conduit tubing.
Location .....

41. Porcelain tubes through brick or other walls to be secured rigidly into place.

42. Wires must be encased in moulding, in order to protectthem from mechanical injury.

43. Wires for moulding must be rubber covered.

44. **All wood** moulding **must** have, both inside and outside, two coats of waterproof paint or be impregnated with a moisture repellant. **It is recommended that only hard-wood moulding be used.**
Location .....

45. Wires on side walls must be securely boxed protecting them from mechanical injury. A conduit may be substituted for boxing, in which case each wire must be separately encased in continuous lengths of approved flexible tubing.

46.

47. Wires to be removed from open joists and run on the under side of blackboards at least five (5) inches in width or guard strips not less than 7-8 inch in width and high as insulators must parallel all wires crossing floor timbers, rafters, etc.
Location .....

Flexible Cord, Prohibited and Approved.

48. Flexible cord for portables must be standard.
Location .....

49. Flexible cord for pendant lamps is not approved; only the National Code cord should be used.
Location .....

50. Flexible cord must not be used in show windows for pendants or temporary lighting. Permanent fixtures or receptacles or metal covered flexible cord with proper fittings must be used instead.

51. Flexible cord must not be run across walls or ceilings through partitions or any portion or building material. It will be approved for use only where it can hang freely in the air and must be suspended from a rosette or other approved split insulator placed between the circuit wires.
Location .....

52. Flexible cord drops must be cut to a convenient length and all surplus cord removed.
Location .....

53. Flexible cord must not be used in supplying current to arc lamps.

54. Flexible cord must not be used for connecting any but pendant switches.
Location .....

55. Flexible cord is limited to pendants, portable lamps and small portable motors, and these must be free from any portion of walls or buildings.
Location .....

56. Where extensions are desired use attachment plug socket, with wood handle and metal ferrule and re-inforced cord, so same may be disconnected when not in use. The lamp must be protected by a wire guard.
Location .....

57. Not more than one flexible cord may be hung upon each ceiling cut-out, and all pendants must be provided with a rubber bushing or an approved wood handle with a metal ferrule and approved lined socket.
Location .....

Concealed Work.

58. Flexible or brass conduit tubing must not be used for bushings or runnings to light and switch outlets on brick walls or behind furred work.
Location .....

59. Wires running to light and switch outlets on brick or stone walls and behind furred work must be encased in iron conduit tubing, and must be continuous from outlet to outlet and comply with the rules covering interior conduits. All conduits must terminate in junction or outlet boxes.
Location .....

60. Where wires are fished they must be encased in an approved flexible conduit, running continuous lengths from insulator to insulator, or from outlet to outlet.
Location .....

61. Where armored cable is used, same to be continuous from outlet to outlet and comply with the rules covering interior conduits. (See National Electrical Code.)

62. Bell and signalling wires must be separated from light wiring not less than 2 inches.

63. All light, switch and other outlet wires must be protected with approved flexible tubing, extending in continuous lengths from the last insulator to one inch beyond the gas cap or plaster line.
Location .....

64. Wires in 2 inch partitions must be encased their entire length in flexible tubing.

65. All conduits, armored cable and metal moulding must be grounded. (See Rules 27, 28, 29 National Code.)

66. Junction outlet and switch boxes must be rigidly set and provided with lock nuts and bushings.

67. All flush switches and receptacles must be enclosed in boxes constructed of iron or steel.
Location .....

68. Wires must not be run on upper edge of joinst.

69. In open work ends of all conduit armored cable and metal moulding must be equipped with approved fittings such as a conduit or pipe end, the wires to emerge from same through separate bushed holes.

Fixture Work and Ceiling Fans.

For connecting combination fixtures, see page 19.

70. Wiring will not be permitted in show cases unless enclosed in metal or wood moulding.

71. All fixture wires must have an approved braided rubber insulating covering (flexible cord not approved) and applied as follows:

Arms, No. 18 B. & S. Gauge.
Stems 1 to 3 feet long not less than 18 B. & S. Gauge.
Stems, 4-6 feet long, not less than No. 16 B. & S. Gauge.
Stems, 7-12 feet long, not less than No. 14 B. & S. Gauge.

72. A seven-eighth inch wooden block not less than four inches wide, must be fastened between the studs or floor timbers flush with the back of the lathing to hold the wires in place, also for support of fixtures and switches.
Location .....

73. On iron ceilings, canopy of the fixtures must rest against suitable insulating collars or ceiling plates.

74. Fixture wires in conjunction with conduit systems must be protected from any contact with gas pipe fixture stud or the outlet box.

75. Straight electric fixtures, unless attached to gas or conduit-piping or metal outlet boxes, must be fastened to wood rosettes or blocks properly filled, securely screwed to the lath and plaster.
Location .....

76. Fixtures attached to gas pipes must be provided with insulating joints of an approved type.
Location .....

77. Unused outlet wires to be thoroughly closed with insulating tape and protected from gas pipe or back plate.
Location .....

78. Ceiling fans and cluster lights must be provided with insulating joints or hangers where attached to pipes or iron ceilings.

79. Ceiling fan must be protected with an approved cut-out.

80. Ceiling fan canopies or iron ceilings must be protected with insulating collars or ceiling plates.
Location .....

81. All Westinghouse sockets must be replaced by approved sockets of the Edison type.

Miscellaneous.

82. Arc lamp globes must have wire nettings with meshes not larger than 1¼ inches.
Location .....

83. Weather-proof sockets must be adopted, and circuits to which they are attached should be provided with switches.

84. Starting box or rheostat must be mounted on slate or marble.
Location .....

85. Fuse rosettes and key sockets must not be used.
Location .....

86. Meter must be removed from
Location .....

87. Wires connecting meters must be properly insulated or encased in tubing.

88. Approved tubing must be pushed back in one continuous piece as far as possible on outlet wires.
Location .....

89. Supply conductors and the splicers on the fixture wires must be kept clear of the grounded portion of the insulating joint and the gas pipe. The gas pipe must be covered with an insulated tube having a flange on the lower end where it comes in contact with the insulated joint.

90. Transformers and their high tension appliances are not permitted inside buildings unless enclosed in an approved fire-proof room.
Location .....

91. All wires in elevator shafts must be installed in conduit.

EXHIBIT "E"

Survey No. ....

Schedule for Rating Non-Fireproof Brick Mercantile Buildings Under Protection.

(Adopted November 1, 1910.)

LOCATION.

Town .....
County ..... State .....
Street ..... Side .....
Map No. ..... Street No. .....
Map ..... Page ..... Block .....
Owned by .....

No.	OCCUPIED BY	OCCUPANCY	Class
.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	.....	.....	.....

Date ....Surveyor.

Base Rate for non-fireproof brick mercantile building	.20
Increase base rate, for unfavorable conditions optional with Committee.	
1. If located within jurisdiction of fire department, but over 500 feet from a public fire hydrant, add	.25
2. If cement block, add	.15
3. If not more than one-third frame, add not less than	.10
Note.—If more than one-third frame, or if frame, iron-clad, terra-cotta, tile or brick-veneered, rate as frame building	
4. **Walls.**	
(a) If first story less than 12 inches thick, charge for each side wall, not less than	.10
(b) If less than 12 inches thick at any one story above first, charge for each side wall, not less than	.05
Note.—If charge made under (a), make no charge under (b).	
(c) If otherwise not standard, for each side wall, not less than	.02½
Note.—If charge made under (a) or (b) make no charge under (c).	
(d) For absence of standard parapet side walls, for each exposed side	.01
Note.—Where buildings are two stories or under make one-third the charge under (a), (b) and (c); for three story one-half.	
5. **Area.**	
(a) For each 1,000 square feet (or greater fraction thereof) over 5,000 square feet floor area devoted to sale, exhibition, storage or manufacture of merchandise up to 20,000 square feet, charge	.01
(b) For each 2,000 square feet over 20,000 square feet, charge	.01
6. **Height.**	
(a) For 5-story building, add not less than	.05
(b) For 6-story building, add not less than	.10
(c) For 7-story building, add not less than	.25
(d) For 8-story building, add not less than	.50
7. **Roof.**	
(a) For shingle roof	.10
(b) For mansard roof	.05
(c) For blind attic	.03
8. **Cornice and Awnings on exposed Brick Buildings.**	
(a) If wood cornice, metal covered	.01
(b) If wood cornice or cupola	.02
(c) If wood awnings	.01
Note.—No charge to be made if shingle or mansard roof is charged for.	
9. **Floors.** If not as in requirements, for each floor	.02
Note.—Where occupancy above grade floor is strictly dwelling or offices, this charge to apply only to floors directly under and over the mercantile occupancy.	
10. **Metal Columns, supporting floor or wall,** unless as in standard, not less than	.03
11. **Finish.**	
Wood finish on ceilings or side walls, for each floor occupied for other than dwelling or office purposes exclusively, add not less than	.03
12. **Elevators.**	
(a) If not standard, and opening into store, charge for elevator for each floor pierced	.05
(b) For each additional elevator for each floor pierced	.02½
(c) If not standard and not opening into store	.05
(d) If elevator communicates with blind attic	.15
Note.—If no standard shaft, but automatic traps metal covered on under side and edges, reduce above charges ½; if ordinary automatic traps, ¼.	
13. **Stairways.**	
If opening into store and not enclosed, as in requirements, charge for each stairway, for each floor pierced, not less than	.02
Note.—If charge is made for open elevator in store make one-half of this charge only.	
14. **Light Shafts or Well Holes.**	
(a) If opening into store part, for each floor pierced	.04
(b) If not opening into store, for each floor pierced	.02
Note.—Reduce charge one-half if open elevator charge made on same floor.	
15. **Skylights.**	
If not as in requirements, not less than	.03
16. **Chimneys or Flues.**	
If brick, but not as in standard, not less than	.02
17. **Power.**	
If generated by steam, boiler in building, not less than	.10

18.	**Tenants.** For each mercantile or manufacturing occupant, over one, not less than	.02	
19.	**Exceptional Bad Features not noted in Schedule.** Charge according to circumstances		
20.	**Occupancy.** Add for occupancy as per schedule		
	DEDUCTIONS.		
21.	If occupied above grade floor for dwellings exclusively: (a) If 3 stories or less (but not to exceed 15c.)	20%	
	(b) If over 3 stories (but not to exceed 10c.)	15%	
22.	If occupied throughout for offices, or offices and dwellings (but not to exceed 10c.)	10%	
23.	For watchman and approved clock system, or for approved thermostat system (but not to exceed 10c.)	5%	
24.	For internal protection, according to standard (but not to exceed 10c.)	5%	
25.	**Occupied and Unexposed Building Rate**		
26.	**Add for Exposure** Note.—The exposing rate of a building is its own unexposed rate, plus all the exposure it gets from all other buildings.		
27.	Conflagration charges to be made in congested district		
28.	**Net Building Rate with 80% Co-Insurance**		

			Building	CONTENTS "A"	CONTENTS "B"	CONTENTS "C"
29.	**Net Rates with 80 per cent. Co-Insurance**					
	Note.—The following charges to apply in gross to all rates:					
30.	Town deficiency charges as per Fire Department and Water Works schedule					
31.	For unsafe chimneys, tile flues, stove pipes, or other heating apparatus or boilers, for each	.25				
32.	For carelessness, untidiness, rubbish, loose packing material, especially in cellars and attics, not less than	.25				
33.	For ashes on wooden floors or in wooden receptacles	.25				
34.	For swinging or defective gas brackets or rubber hose connections	.10				
35.	For lighting by kerosene oil in large central draft lamps, not hung according to standard, for each (not to exceed 25 cts. in all)	.10				
	It is not intended that this charge should apply to stand lamps of ordinary size, holding not to exceed one quart of oil.					
36.	For saw-dust spittoons	.10				
37.	For open lights in show windows	.10				
38.	Moving picture occupancy					
	Final Net Rates (with 80 per cent. Co-Insurance) subject to change for improvements					
	To obtain Flat Rates (without co-insurance) add 30c. to all final Net Rates					
	Final Gross Rates (without co-insurance) subject to change for improvements					

Table for Mercantile Stocks in Brick Buildings

To find rate on contents, charge that opposite building rate under proper classification.

Building Rate.		Contents Rate. Class A	Class B	Class C
$ 20	$ 24	$ 44	$ 54	$ 67
25	29	49	59	72
30	34	54	64	77
35	39	59	69	82
40	44	64	74	87
45	49	69	79	92
50	54	74	84	96
55	59	79	89	1 00
60	64	84	94	1 04
65	69	89	99	1 08
70	74	94	1 03	1 12
75	79	99	1 07	1 16
80	84	1 04	1 11	1 20
85	89	1 08	1 15	1 24
90	94	1 12	1 19	1 28
95	99	1 16	1 23	1 32
1 00	1 04	1 20	1 27	1 36
1 05	1 09	1 24	1 31	1 40
1 10	1 14	1 28	1 35	1 44
1 15	1 19	1 32	1 39	1 49
1 20	1 24	1 36	1 43	1 54
1 25	1 29	1 40	1 47	1 59
1 30	1 34	1 44	1 51	1 63

Building Rate.		Contents Rate. Class A	Class B	Class C
$1 35	$1 39	$1 49	$1 55	$1 67
1 40	1 44	1 54	1 59	1 71
1 45	1 49	1 59	1 64	1 75
1 50	1 54	1 64	1 69	1 79
1 55	1 59	1 69	1 74	1 84
1 60	1 64	1 74	1 79	1 89
1 65	1 69	1 79	1 84	1 94
1 70	1 74	1 84	1 89	1 99
1 75	1 79	1 89	1 94	2 04
1 80	1 84	1 94	1 99	2 09
1 85	1 89	1 99	2 04	2 14
1 90	1 94	2 04	2 09	2 19
1 95	1 99	2 09	2 14	2 24
2 00	2 04	2 14	2 19	2 29
2 05	2 09	2 19	2 24	2 34
2 10	2 14	2 24	2 29	2 39
2 15	2 19	2 29	2 34	2 44
2 20	2 24	2 34	2 39	2 49
2 25	2 29	2 39	2 44	2 50
2 30	2 34	2 44	2 49	2 50
2 35	2 39	2 49	2 50	2 50
2 40	2 49	2 50	2 50	2 50

Where rate on building is 2.50 or higher, rate all contents to be the same.

CLASSIFICATION FOR CONTENTS.

The figures opposite certain of the classes indicate the addition to the building rate, because of the hazard of occupancy.

These charges are based upon 80 per cent. co-insurance.

Class

A—Academies and Schools.

A—Agricultural Implements.

B—Armories.

C—Art Galleries.

C—Art Studios.

C—Artificial Flowers and Feathers.

C—Artist Materials.

B—Athletic and Sporting Goods.

C—Auction Stocks.

B—Awning, Tents and Sails.

B—Bakery, with oven or cruller stove, not less than.. .20

A—Bank Furniture and Fixtures.

B—Barber.

A—Bathing Establishments.

B—Bell Hanger, Lock and Gunsmith.

B—Bicycles.

B—Billiard Room and Bowling Alleys.

B—Bookbinder and Printer, not less than ..... .15

Class

B—Books and Stationery.

A—Boots and shoes, wholesale only.

B—Boots and Shoes, wholesale and retail.

B—Bottling and Mineral Water.

B—Bric-a-Brac, Casts and Curios.

C—Broom Corn.

B—Brush Stocks.

B—Butter, Eggs and Cheese.

C—Candy and Confectionery.

C—Candy and Confectionery (if mfg., no steam), not less than ..... .15

B—Carpet, Rugs and Oil Cloth.

B—Carriage and Automobile (uncharged) Repository (no repairing).

C—Chinese and Japanese Goods.

B—Cigar and Tobacco.

B—Cloaks and Suits.

B—Cloth and Woolens.

B—Clothing.

Class	
B—Club Room.	
C—Costumers.	
B—Crockery, China and Glassware.	
B—Dentist and Manicure.	
B—Delicatessen.	
B—Dressmaking.	
B—Drugs, retail.	
B—Drugs, wholesale not less than	.25
B—Dry Goods, retail and wholesale.	
C—Dyeing, Cleansing and Bleaching, not less than	.25
B—Electrical Supplies.	
B—Electro-Plating and Typing, not less than	.15
B—Essential Oils and Perfumery.	
B—Marble and Granite.	
B—Meats.	
A—Metal, Iron and Steel Piping.	
C—Millinery.	
B—Mill Supplies.	
C—Moving Pictures, according to installation (consult Electrical Department), but not less than	.25
C—Museum, not less than	.50
B—Music.	
B—Musical Instruments.	
B—Newsdealer.	
A—Office Furniture and Fixtures.	
B—Optical Goods.	
B—Painter, House and Sign, not less than	.25
B—Paints and Oils, not less than	.25
B—Paper, Bags and Twine.	
C—Paper Box Manufacturing.	
B—Patent Medicine.	
C—Pawnbroker.	
C—Photographer.	
C—Pictures and Framing, not less than	.10
B—Plumber, Gas and Steamfitter, not less than	.10
A—Police Station.	
B—Printer, not less than	.15
B—Printer, with Stereotyping or Electrotyping, not less than	.25
C—Rag and Junk, not less than	.50
B—Restaurant, not less than	.10
B—Rubber Stamp Mfg.	
B—Rubber Goods.	
A—Safes.	
B—Feed and Grain and Hay (if Hay), not less than	.10
A—Fire Department.	
C—Fish.	
C—Five and Ten-Cent Store.	
C—Florist.	
A—Flour in Packages.	
B—Fruit (if banana ripening), by gas or steam safely arranged, not less than	.15
By any other method, not less than	.50
B—Furnishing Goods—Men's and Women's Wear.	
B—Furniture, not less than	.10
C—Furs in Stock and Storage.	

Class	
B—Gas Fixtures, Lamps and Chandeliers.	
B—Glass, Plate and Window.	
B—Glovers' Stocks.	
B—Groceries, wholesale and retail (with coffee roasting), not less than	.20
B—Groceries, wholesale and retail	
A—Gymnasium.	
C—Hair Goods—Human.	
A—Halls, Assembly, no scenery.	
B—Hardware and Cutlery (with paints and oils), not not less than	.10
B—Hardware and Cutlery.	
B—Harness and Saddlery.	
B—Hats and Caps.	
A—Hides.	
B—Hops in Bales.	
B—Hotel furniture and fixtures, not less than	.25
B—Household Furnishings.	
B—Instrument Makers, Optical and Dental.	
B—Jewelry.	
A—Jewelry in Safes.	
C—Jewelry Case and Camera Box manufacturing, not less than	.20
B—Laboratories—Chemical, not less than	.10
B—Laundry—Hand Power, not less than	.15
B—Law Books.	
B—Leather Belting.	
C—Leather, Glove.	
A—Leather, Sole and Rough.	
B—Leather, Upper.	
B—Libraries.	
B—Liquors, wholesale and retail.	
C—Lithographer, not less than	.15
B—Lodge Room.	
B—Machinery Stocks.	
B—Saloon.	
C—Second-Hand Goods.	
C—Seeds (use of carbon bisulphide prohibited).	
B—Sewing Machines.	
B—Ship Chandlery, Rope and Cordage.	
B—Shirt and Neckware Mfg.	
B—Shoemaker (cobbler).	
C—Shooting Galleries, not less than	.15
C—Storage—household furniture.	
C—Storage—Fibre, vegetable, not less than	.25
B—Stove and Tinware (without shop).	
B—Stove and Tinware (with shop), not less than	.10
B—Tailor, Merchant and Shop.	
C—Taxidermist.	
B—Tea and Coffee.	
B—Tea and Coffee (with coffee roasting), not less than	.20
A—Telegraph Office.	
C—Telephone Exchanges, not less than	.05
C—Toys.	
B—Trunks and Bags.	
B—Umbrella, Canes and Whips.	
C—Undertaker Stocks.	
B—Upholstery and Carriage Trimmings Stocks.	

B—Upholstering and Repairing, not less than ..... .25

C—Wall Paper.

B—Wire Goods.

B—Wood and Willow Ware, not less than ..... .10

A—Wool in Bales.

NOTES.

For ratings on any class of occupancy, not clearly covered in above list the maximum charge must be collected.

Charges in building rates for occupancy hazards not to be cumulative, but highest charge to govern.

STANDARD REQUIREMENTS FOR PROTECTED MERCANTILE BUILDINGS.

Walls. To be Brick.

Height	Minimum Thickness in Inches of Independent Walls Stories.							
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
One story	12							
Two stories	12	12						
Three stories	12	12	12					
Four stories	16	16	16	12				
Five stories	20	16	16	16	12			
Six stories	24	20	20	20	16	16		
Seven stories	24	24	20	20	20	16	16	
Eight stories	24	24	24	20	20	20	16	16

Party walls to be 4 inches thicker at each floor. Parapet walls to rise not less than 18 inches above roof, and to be not less than 12 inches thick.

Chimneys. To be built from the ground of brick and walls not to be less than 8 inches. Four inches of brick with terra-cotta lining throughout may be passed when used for ordinary sized stoves.

Area. Not to exceed 5,000 square feet floor area, including basement, devoted to sale, exhibition or storage of merchandise.

Height. Not over 4 stories above street level. Basement rising 3 feet or more above street level, and mansard roof, to be considered a story.

Roof. To be metal, gravel, tile or slate.

Cornice. To be brick, terra-cotta or stone.

Floors. To be not less than 2 inches thick.

Metal Columns. All metal posts or columns supporting floor or wall must be protected by fire-proofing at least 2 inches thick.

Finish. No wood-finish on walls or ceilings.

Stairways. If opening into store, to be enclosed in plank not less than 1½ inches thick, with self-closing door of same thickness at each story.

Elevators. If any, in brick shaft with walls rising above roof and standard fire doors at openings.

Heating. Steam or hot water, pipes to be supported on iron brackets, or stoves or furnaces properly installed.

Power. No power.

Lighting. To be by coal gas or electricity properly installed.

Specifications for Hanging Central Draft Lamps. To be hung from an iron hook with screw not less than ⅝ inch in diameter, screw to enter joist at least 6 inches, or where joist is less than 6 inches to go entirely through and be fastened with 3-inch washer and nut on the top side. No cord or rope to be used in hanging. Where necessary steel chain not less than 3-16 inch can be used. If top of chimney is less than 4 feet below ceiling, a metal bell or protector (shaped like an inverted basin) not less than 18 inches in diameter, to be securely fastened not less than 6 inches below ceiling, in such a position that center of bell will be immediately over top of chimney.

Skylights. To be of wire glass, set in metal frames, or glass not less than one-half inch in thickness, set in metal frames and covered with wire netting.

Light Shaft or Well Holes. None unless covered at each floor with glass not less than one-half inch in thickness.

Occupancy. Not more than one mercantile occupancy.

Casks and Pails. At least two filled metal fire pails for each 1,000 square feet of floor area. One approved chemical fire extinguisher or one filled cask and three pails equal to five filled pails. In risks where oils, varnish or similar inflammable fluids are stored or used, a portion of the pails or barrels should be filled with dry sand, provided with scoops for distribution.

OR

Standpipe and Hose. One standpipe for each 5,000 square feet of floor area with small hose (not less than one inch) attached on each floor, so located that all parts of the building may be reached with the same. Water pressure to be not less than 25 pounds on the top floor; supply of water to be from city water works, or automatic pump, ready for use at all times.

Compute Exposures from the 80 per cent. Co-Insurance Rate on Buildings at No. 25, in Schedule, plus the exposure the risk obtains from other buildings.

Exposure charges not to apply if open space of sixty feet, or street of 50 feet, unless exposure rate exceeds rate of risk obtains from other buildings.

EXPOSURES—PROTECTED RISKS.

Exposure Distance or Separating Space.	Rate of Exposure. Amount (in cents) to be Added for Exposure.											
	75c.	1.25	1.75	2.25	2.75	3.25	3.75	4.25	4.75	5.25	5.75	6.25
10 feet	.06	.12	.18	.24	.30	.36	.42	.48	.54	.60	.66	.72
20 feet	.05	.10	.15	.20	.25	.30	.35	.40	.45	.50	.55	.60
30 feet	.04	.08	.12	.16	.20	.24	.28	.32	.36	.40	.44	.48
40 feet	.03	.06	.09	.12	.15	.18	.21	.24	.27	.30	.33	.36
50 feet	.02	.04	.06	.08	.10	.12	.14	.16	.18	.20	.22	.24
60 feet	.01	.02	.03	.04	.05	.06	.07	.08	.09	.10	.11	.12

Rule.—**If the rate of the exposure does not exceed that of the risk** by more than 75 cents, add the amount named in the above table for the given distance.

If the rate of the exposure exceeds that of the risk by more than 75 cents, add the amount named in the above table for so much of the rate of the exposure as equals the rate of the risk itself, and also the amount for the given distance in the following table for such amount as the exposure exceeds the rate of the risk.

Exposure Distance or Separating Space.	Add to Above for Excess of Exposure Rate.										
	100 cents excess	150 cents excess	200 cents excess	250 cents excess	300 cents excess	350 cents excess	400 cents excess	450 cents excess	500 cents excess	550 cents excess	600 cents excess
10 feet	.09	.20	.36	.56	.81	1.10	1.44	1.82	2.25	2.72	3.24
20 feet	.08	.18	.32	.50	.72	.98	1.28	1.62	2.00	2.42	2.88
30 feet	.07	.16	.28	.44	.63	.86	1.12	1.42	1.75	2.12	2.52
40 feet	.06	.13	.24	.37	.54	.73	.96	1.21	1.50	1.81	2.16
50 feet	.05	.11	.20	.31	.45	.61	.80	1.01	1.25	1.51	1.80
60 feet	.04	.09	.16	.25	.36	.49	.64	.81	1.00	1.21	1.44
70 feet	.03	.07	.12	.19	.27	.37	.48	.61	.75	.91	1.08
80 feet	.02	.05	.08	.12	.18	.24	.32	.40	.50	.60	.72
90 feet	.01	.02	.04	.06	.09	.12	.16	.20	.25	.30	.36
100 feet	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00

N. B.—Calculate the exposure, as per table, for given distance or condition for each side and enter in its column, then add or subtract from charge, as follows, carrying the net result by successive processes down the column to the bottom.

	Distance .....feet	Distance .....feet	Distance .....feet	Distance .....feet
	Front A	Right fac'g risk B	Rear C	Left fac'g risk D
1. Brick buildings with openings, separated, take table charges (wooden roof, cornice, or wooden mansard same as openings).				
2. Independent blank brick wall:				
(a) With parapet toward exposure, deduct .....80 pct.				
(b) Without parapet toward exposure, deduct .60 "				
3. Independent blank brick walls:				
(a) Of exposure toward risk, deduct .....50 "				
(b) To both exposure and exposed risk with either wall higher than roof of risk, deduct..90 "				
(c) To both exposure and exposed risk with neither wall higher than roof or risk, deduct .75 "				
4. Party Wall:				
(a) Standard, no openings, and through roof, deduct, ...80 "				
(b) Not standard, no openings but through roof, deduct, ...50 "				
(c) Less than 12 inches thick, make full table charge.				
(d) Not through roof but otherwise standard, deduct, ...25 "				
(e) Not through roof and not otherwise standard, no deduction.				
5. Buildings adjoining, wall higher and openings in excess height:				
(a) On lower buildings, except when risk has non-standard skylight, deduct .....60 "				
(b) On lower buildings, if non-standard skylight, deduct .....40 "				
(c) On higher buildings, deduct.....20 "				
6. Wall openings:				
(a) If not opposite, deduct.....20 "				
(b) If on first floor only, deduct.....25 "				
7. Fire shutters or approved wire glass:				
(a) To all openings of risk, deduct.....50 "				
(b) To all openings of exposure, deduct.....25 "				
(c) To all openings of exposure and exposed risk deduct .....60 "				

	Distance .....feet	Distance .....feet	Distance .....feet	Distance .....feet
	Front A	Right fac'g risk B	Rear C	Left fac'g risk D
8. If wall of risk is longer or shorter than exposure, openings being at right angles, charge 25 per cent. of table charge for distance between nearest opening.				
9. Frame exposure, add .....10 pct.				
10. If risk has shingle roof, increase charge 25 per cent., but not to exceed rate of exposure.				
11. If exposure has unbroken ground area of 10,000 sq. ft. or over, increase charge 50 pct. and 10 pct. additional for each 2,500 sq. ft. over 10,000 sq. ft. but not to exceed rate of exposure.				
12. Falling wall hazard, if any, add not less than 2 per cent. of exposure rate.				

Make rates on blocks computed from the greatest hazard in the block, before adding for exposure across the street. Charge on each side for that exposure which would make the highest charge.

Dwellings or fire-proof buildings not to be considered exposures to Mercantile or Manufacturing risks, unless the dwelling forms part of a continuous row.

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA.

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HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

WEDNESDAY, February 17, 1915.

The House met at 10:00 A. M.
The SPEAKER (Charles A. Ambler), in the Chair.

PRAYER.

The Chaplain, Rev. F. W. Staley, offered the following prayer:

Almighty and Most merciful God, we this beautiful morning ought to be a most thankful and most grateful people for the wonderful providing that Thou hast made for our redemption in this life. Thou hast provided, Thou hast created the heavens and the earth to make contributions to our physical natures; Thou hast provided abundant resources to feed our mental natures; Thou hast provided schools, colleges, universities, and vast libraries and many other potent agencies, Thou hast provided for our spiritual natures the church with its powerful organizations, great christian institutions and all kinds of religious organizations. May we be grateful for all these things, and may our souls go out in the cry, "Let everything that hath breath, praise the name of the Lord," we ask for Christ's sake. Amen.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the Journal of yesterday's proceedings.

The Clerk proceeded to the reading of the Journal of yesterday's proceedings, when on motion of Mr. Steedle, the further reading was dispensed with, and the Journal was approved.

PETITION.

FAVORING GAME CODE.

Mr. WILLIAMS presented the petition of the Liberty and Jackson Hunting and Fishing Club of Liberty, Tioga County in favor of the proposed Game Code.

Referred to the Committee on Game.

BILLS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED.

By Mr. BALDWIN. House Bill No. 542.

An Act to amend sections fourteen and seventeen of an act approved June first one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to establish an Insurance Department authorizing the appointment of an Insurance Commissioner and prescribing his powers and duties also providing for the licensing examination regulation and dissolution of insurance and surety companies and associations and for the licensing and regulation of insurance agents and insurance brokers also providing for the collection of fees and prescribing penalties for the violation of any of the provisions of this act and repealing all existing acts" as amended by an Act of July twenty-fourth one thousand nine hundred and thirteen

Referred to the Committee on Insurance.

By Mr. POWELL. House Bill No. 543.

An Act to amend an act, approved the ninth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eleven, entitled "An Act to provide for the appointment of deputy prothonotaries in counties of this Commonwealth having a population of more than two hundred and fifty thousand and less than a million, and defining their qualifications, powers and salary."

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. BALDWIN. House Bill No. 544.

An Act authorizing the adoption of an amortized basis for valuing the bond investments of life insurance companies.

Referred to the Committee on Insurance.

By Mr. BALDWIN. House Bill No. 545.

An Act to supervise the operations of fire insurance rate-making bureaus and providing for their examination by the Insurance Commissioner Prohibiting discrimination in fixing and collection fire insurance rates. Requiring companies to maintain and co-operate in maintaining and operating rate making bureaus. Requiring inspection and survey by such bureaus of all risks specifically rated and regulating agreements between companies of other insurers with respect to fixing and collecting fire insurance rates and repealing existing laws.

Referred to the Committee on Insurance.

By Mr. BALDWIN. House Bill No. 546.

An Act to regulate certain kinds of insurance by individuals and partnerships or associations of individuals known as Lloyds defining the powers of such associations authorizing the Insurance Commissioner to grant a license and prescribing penalties for any violation thereof and repealing existing laws.

Referred to the Committee on Insurance.

By Mr. VICKERMAN. House Bill No. 547.

An Act requiring Counties now or hereafter containing a population of not less than seven hundred and fifty thousand, and not more than one million two hundred thousand inhabitants, to establish and maintain schools for the care and education of female children under the jurisdiction of the Juvenile Courts, and conferring the powers and regulating the proceedings for the establishment, maintenance and management thereof.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Mr. VICKERMAN. House Bill No. 548.

An Act amending the fourth section of an act, approved April 23rd. Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred three, entitled, "An Act defining the powers of the several courts of quarter sessions of the peace, within this Commonwealth, with reference to the care, treatment and control of dependent, neglected, incorrigible and delinquent children, under the age of sixteen years and providing for the means in which such power may be exercised," and amending this sixth section of the said act as amended by the first section of an act approved the first day of June, Anno Domini, one thousand nine hundred eleven, entitled "An Act to amend the sixth section of an act approved April 23rd, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred three, entitled' An Act defining the powers of the several courts of quarter sessions of the peace, within this Commonwealth with reference to the care, treatment and control of dependent, neglected, incorrigible and delinquent children under the age of sixteen years, and providing for the means in which such power may be exercised,' by providing that the court may direct that the board of such children be paid by the proper county," by providing that the court may direct that the clothing of said children be paid for by the proper county.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

By Mr. DAWSON. House Bill No. 549.

An Act making an appropriation to the House of Good Shepherd, Scranton, Lackawanna County, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. STATLER. House Bill No. 550.

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-third day of May, one thousand eight hundred ninety-three, entitled "An Act to authorize the election of a Burgess for three years in the several boroughs of the Commonwealth who shall not be eligible to the office for the next succeeding term: and providing that such officer shall not be a member of the town council, giving him the power to veto ordinances: providing for the election of a presiding officer of councils and abolishing the office of assistant burgess."

Referred to the Committee on Elections.

By Mr. RUDISILL. House Bill No. 551.

An Act making an appropriation to the G. W. and Agnes Hoffman Orphanage of Littlestown, Adams County, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. KUNKLE. House Bill No. 552.

An Act making an appropriation to the General Hospital of East Stroudsburg.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. DAWSON. House Bill No. 553.

An Act to provide for the safety of persons employed in and about the anthracite coal mines of this Commonwealth, by providing that no person or persons shall be conveyed into or from the mines by way of perpendicular shafts except in cages of steel frame construction and fixing a penalty for violations thereof.

Referred to the Committee on Mines and Mining.

By Mr. BALDWIN. House Bill No. 554.

An Act to provide a standard form of policy contract to be issued by fire insurance companies transacting business in Pennsylvania, designating the provisions thereof exempting certain policies and prescribing penalties for any violations.

Referred to the Committee on Insurance.

By Mr. ARON. House Bill No. 555.

An Act requiring each telephone company to install registers and call records on certain telephones, and providing penalties for failure so to do, and providing for the enforcement of this act.

Referred to the Committee on Corporations.

By Mr. McCURDY. House Bill No. 556.

An Act to amend an act approved the twelfth day of July, one thousand nine hundred and thirteen, entitled "An Act regulating certain political parties; providing for and regulating the nomination of candidates of such political parties for certain public offices, the election of delegates and alternate delegates to National Party-conventions, and of certain party officers, including State committeemen; a method whereby electors of such political parties may express their choice of candidates for the office of President of the United States; and the payment by the several counties, and their reimbursement by the State, of the expenses of the same; authorizing the State committee of a political party to make, and to alter, amend, and revoke rules; and providing penalties for the violation of the provisions of this act, and for the punishment of certain offenses provided for herein; and repealing inconsistent legislation."

Referred to the Committee on Elections.

By Mr. McCLINTOCK. House Bill No. 557.

An Act making an appropriation to the Trustees of the Philadelphia Museum.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. SCOTT. House Bill No. 558.

A Further Supplement to an act entitled "An Act to accept the grant of public lands by the United States for the endowment of agricultural colleges" approved April first, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, and making appropriations for carrying the same into effect.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. CONNER. House Bill No. 559.

An Act providing for the appointment of the William Penn Memorial Bridge Commission, defining its duties and making an appropriation.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. BODY. House Bill No. 560.

An Act relating to the animal commonly known as the muskrat, and providing penalties.

Referred to the Committee on Game.

By Mr. BODY. House Bill No. 561.

An Act relating to the animals commonly known as the skunk or polecat, and prescribing penalties.

Referred to the Committee on Game.

By Mr. GRAHAM. House Bill No. 562.

An Act making an appropriation to the Philadelphia Polyclinic College for Graduates of Medicine.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. THOMAS. House Bill No. 563.

An Act to amend the second section of an act approved the thirteenth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three, entitled "An Act for the promotion of medical science by the distribution and use of unclaimed human bodies for scientific purposes through a Board created for that purpose, and to prevent unauthorized uses and traffic in human bodies" by providing that bodies of honorably discharged soldiers, sailors or marines of the United States and of the militia of the State of Pennsylvania shall not be delivered to said Anatomical Board, and further providing that there shall not be delivered to the said Board any body claimed by relatives or representatives of fraternal society or charitable organization within seventy-two hours after death.

Referred to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

By Mr. WEAVER. House Bill No. 564.

An Act to validate certain elections held between the first day of May, one thousand nine hundred nine and the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred fifteen, upon the question of increasing the indebtedness of counties, cities, boroughs, townships, school districts, or other incorporated districts or municipalities of this Commonwealth, all bonds issued pursuant to such elections, and the indebtedness represented by such bonds.

Referred to the Committee on Elections.

By Mr. WHITAKER. House Bill No. 565.

An Act making an appropriation to Downingtown Industrial and Agricultural School.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. SPANGLER. House Bill No. 566.

An Act relating to and regulating self-propelled traction engines or tractors equipped with metal tired wheels, and vehicles trailing after or propelled by traction engines or tractors; providing for their registration and the licensing of certain operators, by the Highway Department; prohibiting the operation of any traction engine or tractor by any person when intoxicated; forbidding the passage of any law laying a tax upon, or requiring the registration of traction engines or tractors by any county, city, borough or incorporated town or township; establishing the rights of traction engines or tractors upon the public highways, with relation to other vehicles; providing for their equipment and for the width of tires to be used upon vehicles trailing after or propelled by traction engines or tractors; regulating the service of process and proceedings in actions of damages arising therefrom; providing for arrest, and for service of process, and proceedings for violation of this act; prescribing the penalties therefor; and providing for the disposition of fees and fines imposed thereunder.

Referred to the Committee on Agriculture.

By Mr. RICHARDS. House Bill No. 567.

An Act making an appropriation to the Eastern State Penitentiary at Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. LAUER. House Bill No. 568.

An Act making an appropriation to the Northwestern General Hospital of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. HAMILTON. House Bill No. 569.

An Act making an appropriation to the South Side Hospital, of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committe on Appropriations.

By Mr. KAISER. House Bill No. 570.

An Act making an appropriation to the Pittsburgh Sunshine Childrens' Home, located at Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. KAISER. House Bill No. 571.

An Act making an appropriation to the German Protestant Home for Aged at Fair Oaks, Allegheny County, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. McVICAR. House Bill No. 572.

An Act creating a Division of Distribution of Documents, defining its powers and duties; regulating the printing, binding, and distribution of the public documents of this Commonwealth; and providing penalties for the violation of this act.

Referred to the Committee on Printing.

By Mr McCAIG. House Bill No. 573.

An Act to amend section eighteen of an act, entitled "An Act providing for the original location, laying out, and construction of public roads or highways in the several counties of this Commonwealth, and for the permanent improvement of certain public roads or highways therein; making such originally constructed or improved roads and

highways county roads; authorizing the relocation, opening, straightening, widening, extension and alteration of the same, and the vacation of so much of any road as may thereby become unnecessary; providing that the county commissioners of any county may prescribe rules regulating the use of roads constructed or maintained by the various counties, and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof; providing for the taking of property for such improvement, the compensation to be paid therefor, and the payment of damages resulting from such taking and the manner in which such damages may be determined; providing for the payment of the costs and expenses of such construction or improvement and in thereafter repairing and maintaining said roads; authorizing the levy of a tax or the issuing of bonds to provide a fund for the expense thereof; prescribing a method for improving a county road lying within or traversing a borough, and apportioning the cost of such improvement and authorizing the vacation of any county road" approved the eleventh day of May, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven; as the same was amended by an act approved the twelfth day of May, one thousand nine hundred and thirteen, by authorizing counties to contract with municipalities in the improvement of certain streets of such municipalities connecting with the county road, providing for the cost thereof, prescribing the method by which the contract for such improvement shall be made and imposing the cost of the maintenance of such streets on the municipalities.

Referred to the Committee on Public Roads.

By Mr. STEEDLE. House Bill No. 574.

An Act making an appropriation to the De Paul Institute of Mount Lebanon Township, Allegheny County, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. MAURER. House Bill No. 575.

An Act relating to and regulating the employment of persons in compressed work.

Referred to the Committee on Mines and Mining.

By Mr. BLACKBURN. House Bill No. 576.

An Act relating to the issue of marriage licenses, and the applications therefor.

Referred to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

By Mr. WILDMAN. House Bill No. 577.

A Supplement to an act approved the sixteenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred and eleven, entitled "An Act to provide within the following boundaries namely: On the west by the present eastern line of Capitol Park on the north by the southern line of North Street, on the east by the western line of the right of way of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, and on the south by the northern line of Walnut Street for the extension of Capitol Park in the city of Harrisburg, and for the acquiring, taking and condemnation of the real estate in connection therewith, and within said boundaries, and for the demolition of the buildings and structures thereon and making an appropriation therefor; and also for the expenses and cost in connection therewith," and making an appropriation.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. STERN. House Bill No. 578.

An Act to amend section one of the act of May ninth, one thousand nine hundred and thirteen, entitled "An Act prohibiting the furnishing, by gift, sale, or otherwise, of cigarettes or cigarette paper to minors; requiring minors to divulge where and from whom cigarettes or cigarette paper have been obtained; and providing penalties for violation of this act," by providing for summary conviction for violations of this act before any alderman, magistrate or justice of the peace.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

By Mr. ROTHENBERGER. House Bill No. 579.

An Act making an appropriation to cover a deficiency caused by insufficient appropriation to carry out the purposes of an act, approved the twenty-second day of July, one thousand nine hundred thirteen, entitled "An Act relating to roads; providing for the supervision, construction, maintenance, and repair of township roads; relating to road tax; and providing penalties for the violation thereof."

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. DRINKHOUSE. House Bill No. 580.

An Act making an appropriation to the National Stomach Hospital of Philadelphia County, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. McCLINTOCK. House Bill No. 581.

An Act making an appropriation to the Philadelphia Home for Incurables.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. FRETZ. House Bill No. 582.

An Act authorizing municipalities to enter into certain contracts and make appropriations regarding libraries.

Referred to the Committee on Libraries.

By Mr. HENRY I. WILSON. House Bill No. 583.

An Act making an appropriation to the Punxsutawney Hospital Association, at Punxsutawney, Jefferson County, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. HENRY I. WILSON. House Bill No. 584.

An Act making an appropriation to the Adrian Hospital Association of Punxsutawney, Jefferson County, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. KUHN. House Bill No. 585.

An Act making an appropriation to the Waynesburg Hospital, of Waynesburg, Greene County, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. HEFFERNAN. House Bill No. 586.

An Act to amend an act "To provide for the better collection of collateral inheritance taxes" approved the sixth day of May, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven, providing for the employment of attorneys and clerks.

Referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. WALTON, from the Committee on Municipal Corporations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 241, entitled:

An Act to repeal an act, approved the fifth day of March, one thousand nine hundred and six, entitled "An Act to provide for the personal registration of electors in cities of the third class of this Commonwealth, to make such registration a condition of the right to vote in such cities, and to provide penalties for violation of its provisions."

Mr. THOMAS, from the Committee on Municipal Corporations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 150, entitled:

An Act relating to the appointment of persons to the Police and Fire Departments in cities of the third class; constituting a Civil Service Board in relation thereto; providing for and regulating examinations; the manner of appointments and the manner and power of removal of employes of said Departments, and providing a method for fixing compensation of Examiners.

Mr. McVICAR, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 404, entitled:

An Act to amend, revise and consolidate the law relating to boroughs.

Mr. HABGOOD, from the Committee on Corporations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 403, entitled:

An Act to revise, consolidate and amend the law relating to certain corporations.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 256, as follows:

An Act to further amend an act approved the thirtieth day of March one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine entitled "An Act to amend the first section of an act approved the eleventh day of May one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine entitled 'A further supplement to an act entitled "An Act to establish a board of wardens for the Port of Philadelphia and for the regulation of pilots and pilotage and for other purposes" approved March twenty-ninth one thousand eight hundred and three and for regulating the rates of pilotage and number ber of pilots' "

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the first section of an act approved the thirtieth day of March one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine entitled "An Act to amend the first section of an act approved the eleventh day of May one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine entitled 'A further supplement to an act entitled "An Act to establish a board of wardens for the Port of Philadelphia and for the regulation of pilots and pilotage and for other purposes" approved March twenty-ninth one thousand eight hundred and three and for regulating the rates of pilotage and number of pilots' " which reads as follows

"Section 1 That from and after the passage of this act the rates of pilotage for conducting a vessel from the capes of the Delaware to the City of Philadelphia or other place on the river Delaware and from

the City of Philadelphia or other place on the Delaware to the capes of the Delaware in either case shall be for every half foot of water which a vessel shall draw under up to and including twelve feet the sum of two dollars per half foot and for every vessel drawing over twelve feet the sum of two dollars and fifty cents per half foot of water An increase of ten per centum from the said rates shall be paid to the pilot whenever he shall speak an inward-bound vessel at any point east of the Five Fathom Bank Lightship or north of Hereford Inlet lighthouse or south of Fenwick's Island lighthouse and a deduction of ten per centum from the said rates shall be made when an inward-bound vessel is first spoken by the pilot inside of a straight line drawn from Cape May light to Cape Henlopen light Provided always That a vessel inward-bound to any port or place on the bay or river Delaware which is not spoken or offered the services of a pilot outside of a straight line drawn from Cape Henlopen light to Cape May light shall be exempt from the duty of taking a pilot and the vessel as well as her master owner agent or consignee shall be exempt from the duty of paying pilotage or half pilotage or any penalty whatsoever in case of her neglect or refusal to do so" be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows

Section 1 That from and after the passage of this act the rates of pilotage for conducting a vessel from the capes of the Delaware to the City of Philadelphia or other place on the river Delaware and from the City of Philadelphia or other place on the river Delaware to the capes of the Delaware in either case shall be for every half foot of water which a vessel shall draw under up to and including twelve feet the sum of two dollars per half foot and for every vessel drawing over twelve feet the sum of two dollars and seventy-five cents per half foot of water An increase of ten per centum from the said rates shall be paid to the pilot whenever he shall speak an inward-bound vessel at any point east of Five Fathom Bank Lightship or north of Hereford Inlet lighthouse or south of Fenwick's Island lighthouse and a deduction of ten per centum from the said rates shall be made when an inward-bound vessel is first spoken by the pilot inside of a straight line drawn from Cape May light to Cape Henlopen light Provided always That a vessel inward-bound to any port or place on the bay or river Delaware which is not spoken or offered the services of a pilot outside of a straight line drawn from Cape Henlopen light to Cape May light shall be exempt from the duty of taking a pilot and the vessel as well as her master owner agent or consignee shall be exempt from the duty of paying pilotage or half-pilotage or any penalty whatsoever in case of her neglect or refusal to do so

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—180.

Adams,	Gans,	Marvin,	Scott,
Albee,	Garner,	Mather,	Shaaber,
Alcorn,	Geiser,	Maurer,	Shaffer,
Alexander,	Gibson,	McArdle,	Shoop,
Arnold,	Gingery,	McCaig,	Showalter,
Aron,	Glass,	McClintock,	Smith, J. W.,
Arthur,	Gompers,	McClure,	Smith, L.,
Baldwin,	Goodnough,	McConnell,	Spangler,
Bauerle,	Goodyear,	McCurdy,	Spencer,
Beck,	Gormley,	McDermott,	Statler,
Becker,	Graham,	McKay,	Staving,
Benninger,	Greenwood,	McNichol,	Steedle,
Bergy,	Habgood,	McVicar,	Stein,
Beyer,	Hackett,	Mearkle,	Stern,
Blackburn,	Haggerty,	Mellott,	Stone,
Body,	Hamilton,	Metzenbacher,	Swan,
Brosius,	Harper,	Milliron,	Swartz,
Brownlee,	Heffernan,	Murdoch,	Taylor,
Brumbaugh,	Herman,	Myers,	Thomas,
Bungard,	Hess,	Neville,	Trach,
Campbell, T.,	Heyburn,	Nieder,	Twibill,
Coldsmith,	Hibshman,	Nissley,	Urich,
Conner,	Hoffman,	Oaks,	Vickerman,
Corbin,	Hollern,	Ostrander,	Vogdes,
Cox,	Hollingsworth,	Palmer,	Walsh,
Cromer,	Howarth,	Perry,	Walter,
Curry,	Hubler,	Peters,	Walton,
Davis,	Jack,	Phillips,	Weaver,
Dawson,	Jones, E. E.,	Powell,	Weimer,
Dell,	Jones, W. W.,	Ramsey,	Weir,
Diefenderfer,	Kaiser,	Reel,	West,
Dodds,	Klinger,	Reynolds,	Whitten,
Drinkhouse,	Kuhn,	Rhoads,	Wildman,
Dunn,	Kunkle,	Rich,	Willard,
Eby,	Lafferty,	Richards,	Williams,
Ehrhardt,	Landis,	Rininger,	Wilson, H. I.,
Eppley,	Lantus,	Rinn,	Wilson, W. H.,
Erdman,	Lauer,	Robertson,	Wobensmith,
Evans,	Lauler,	Roney,	Wood,
Fackler,	Leighner,	Rothenberger,	Woodward,
Finnerty,	Lipschutz	Rowell,	Wylie,
Flynn,	Love,	Rudisill,	Wynne,
Forster,	Luppert,	Sampsel,	Young,
Fretz,	Luxemburger,	Sarig,	Ambler,
Fruit,	Lynch,	Schaeffer,	Speaker.
Gallagher,			

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 48, as follows:

An Act enabling townships of the first class to provide regulate and protect a system of water supply and to contract with certain adjoining municipalities for such water and granting and regulating the right of eminent domain and the right to occupy highways

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That any township of the first class is empowered to contract with any adjoining municipality owning a waterworks system for a supply of water for public and private uses to be delivered into the lines of the township at or near the boundary thereof

Section 2 A township making such contract may by ordinance provide and regulate and protect a system of distribution of the water After a certified copy of the plans and surveys for such system with a description of the sources from which it is proposed to derive the supply are filed in the Department of Health and a written permit for the construction of such system obtained from the Commissioner of Health in accordance with the provisions of the act of April twenty-second one thousand nine hundred and five entitled "An Act to preserve the purity of the waters of the State for the protection of the public health"

Section 3 In providing for regulating and protecting and extending its system of distribution of water the township may occupy public highways and may take injure or destroy private property compensation for which taking injury or destruction to be made or secured as hereinafter in this act provided. Property belonging to or used as a cemetery or a place of public worship shall not be taken injured or destroyed by virtue of this act

Section 4 If the compensation and damages arising from such taking injury or destruction of private property cannot be agreed upon the township may tender its bond as security to the party claiming or entitled to any damages or to the attorney or agent of any absent person or to the agent or other officer of a corporation or to the guardian or committee of any person under legal incapacity The condition of the bond shall be that the township shall pay or cause to be paid such amount of damages as the party shall be entitled to receive after the same shall have been agreed upon or assessed in the manner provided in this act In case the party or parties claiming damages refuse or do not accept the security so tendered the township shall then give the party his or their agent attorney guardian or committee at least ten days written notice of the time when the same will be presented to the court of common pleas for approval Thereafter the township may present its bond to the court and when approved the said bond shall be filed in court for the benefit of those interested and recovery may be had thereon for the amount of damages finally determined if the same be not paid or cannot be made by execution on the judgment in the issue formed to try the question and upon the approval of said security the township may enter into possession take hold use and enjoy said land for the purpose aforesaid forever

Section 5 In case the compensation or damages accruing from such taking injury or destruction has not been agreed upon by the parties in interest the court of common pleas or any law judge thereof in vacation on application thereto by the township or any person interested in such property shall appoint three members of the board of viewers of the county as a board of view and appoint a time not less than ten nor more than twenty days thereafter when the board of view shall meet upon the property and view the same and the premises affected thereby The board of view shall give at least five days personal notice of the time of their first meeting upon the owners agents attorneys or representatives thereof if the same reside within the county otherwise by handbills posted upon the premises or by such other notice as the court shall direct The board of view having been duly sworn or affirmed faithfully justly and impartially to decide and true report to make concerning all matters and things submitted to them in relation to which they are authorized to inquire under the provisions of this act and having viewed the premises or examined the property shall hear all parties interested and their witnesses and having due regard to the advantages and disadvantages shall estimate and determine the damages for the property taken used or appropriated and to whom the same are payable they shall give at least ten days notice thereof in the manner herein provided to all parties interested of the time and place when the board of view will meet and exhibit said report and hear any exceptions thereto After making whatever changes are deemed necessary and proper the board of view shall make report to the court showing the damages if any are allowed and file therewith a plan showing the properties taken injured or destroyed and the names of the persons to whom such damages are payable

Section 6 When the report of the board of view or any two of them is filed in court any party may within thirty days thereafter file exceptions to the same and the court may confirm the report or modify change or otherwise correct it or refer it back to the same or new viewers with like power as to their report Or within thirty days from the filing of any report in court any party whose property is so taken used or appropriated may appeal to the court of common pleas of the county and demand a trial by jury Any party interested therein may within thirty days after final decree have an appeal to the Superior or the Supreme Court If no exceptions are filed or no demand made for trial by jury within the said thirty days after the filing of said report the same shall become absolute The court may order what notices shall be given in connection with any part of said proceedings and may make all such orders as it may deem requisite

Section 7 The board of view provided for in this act may be appointed before or at any time after the entry taking or appropriation of any property to be used for the purpose aforesaid They shall have power to administer oaths and adjourn their hearings from day to day as they may find necessary

Section 8 The costs of the board of view and all court costs incurred in the proceedings including advertising and printing and posting notices shall be defrayed by the township

Section 9 All damages when determined shall be assessed against and paid by the township so taking injuring or destroying the property as aforesaid

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—182.

Adams,	Geiser,	Mather,	Smith, J. W.,
Albee,	Gibson,	Maurer,	Smith, Jeff. W
Alcorn,	Gingery,	McArdle,	Smith, L.,
Alexander,	Glass,	McCaig,	Sones,
Arnold,	Gompers,	McClintock,	Spangler,
Aron,	Goodnough,	McConnell,	Spencer,
Arthur,	Goodwin,	McCurdy,	Statler,
Baldwin,	Goodyear,	McDermott,	Staving,
Bauerle,	Gormley,	McNichol,	Steedle,
Beck,	Graham,	McVicar,	Stein,
Becker,	Greenwood,	Mearkle,	Stern,
Benninger,	Habgood,	Mellott,	Stone,
Bergy,	Hackett,	Metzenbacher,	Swan,
Beyer,	Haggerty,	Milliron,	Swartz,
Blackburn,	Hamilton,	Murdoch,	Taylor,
Body,	Harper,	Murphy,	Thomas,
Brosius,	Heffernan,	Myers,	Trach,
Brownlee,	Herman,	Neville,	Twibill,
Brumbaugh,	Hess,	Nieder,	Urich,
Bungard,	Heyburn,	Nissley,	Vickerman,
Campbell, T.,	Hibshman,	Oaks,	Vogdes,
Conner,	Hoffman,	Ostrander,	Wagner,
Corbin,	Hollern,	Palmer,	Walsh,
Cox,	Hollingsworth,	Perry,	Walter,
Cromer,	Horton,	Peters,	Walton,
Curry,	Howarth,	Pickering,	Watson,
Davis,	Hubler,	Powell,	Weaver,
Dawson,	Jack,	Ramsey,	Weimer,
Dell,	Jones, W. W.,	Reynolds,	Weir,
Diefenderfer,	Kaiser,	Rhoads,	West,
Dodds,	Klinger,	Rich,	Wettach,
Drinkhouse,	Kuhn,	Richards,	Whitaker,
Dunn,	Kunkle,	Rininger,	Whitten,
Eby,	Lafferty,	Rinn,	Wildman,
Ehrhardt,	Landis,	Robertson,	Willard,
Evans,	Lanius,	Roney,	Williams,
Fackler,	Lauer,	Rothenberger,	Wilson, W. H.,
Finnerty,	Lauler,	Rowell,	Wobensmith,
Flynn,	Leighner,	Rudisill,	Wood,
Forster,	Lipschutz,	Sarig,	Woodward,
Fretz,	Love,	Schaeffer,	Wylie,
Fruit,	Luppert,	Scott,	Wynne,
Gallagher,	Luxemburger,	Shaaber,	Young,
Gans,	Lynch,	Shaffer,	
Garner,	Mangan,	Showalter,	Ambler,
Geary,	Marvin,	Sinclair,	Speaker.

NAYS.—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 175, as follows:

An Act providing for the discharge of persons arrested or held on process issued on a judgment obtained in civil actions

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from and after the passage of this act that any person arrested or held in custody on or by virtue of any process issued on a judgment obtained in any civil action in this Commonwealth may present his petition to the Court or any law judge thereof out of which the process or execution issues praying for his discharge from arrest The petition shall set forth the nature of the proceedings out of which the process upon which the petitioner is held issued the amount of the judgment therein obtained a schedule of all the assets of the petitioner a list of the creditors of the petitioner with the amounts of their claims the addresses of the creditors and the nature of the debts owing to them a statement as to why the petitioner is unable to pay the judgment and shall be verified by the affidavit of the petitioner

Section 2 The court to which the petition is presented shall grant a rule to show cause why the petitioner shall not be discharged from arrest returnable at some convenient time and shall discharge the petitioner pending the hearing of the said rule upon his entering such security for his appearance surrender and compliance with the decree of the court as the court shall deem requisite

Section 3 Actual notice of the hearing of the rule shall be given to the plantiff in the process or his counsel of record and to all the creditors whose addresses are known to the petitioner and publication of the hearing of the said rule shall be made twice in a daily newspaper in the county and once in the legal periodical if any designated by the court and an affidavit of the service of the notices upon the creditors and of the publication shall be filed at or before the time fixed for the hearing of the rule

Section 4 Upon the hearing of the rule the petitioner shall be required to answer all questions put to him and shall produce all books and papers required of him and if it shall appear to the court that the petitioner is without means or property with which to pay the judgment and that he has not secreted or assigned any of his property so as to avoid the payment of the judgment the court may discharge him from arrest and in said proceedings but such discharge shall not in any way effect the judgment entered against him

Section 5 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are and the same be hereby repealed

And the said bill having been considered three times at length, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. WALTER. Mr. Speaker, as I understand it we are now voting on House Bill No. 175.

The SPEAKER. House Bill No. 175, File Folio 217.

Mr. WALTER. Mr. Speaker, is this the Act entitled "An Act providing for the discharge of persons arrested or held on process issued on a judgment obtained in civil actions?

The SPEAKER. It is.

Mr. WALTER. Mr. Speaker, this Act makes a very radical change in the law of this Commonwealth as it has existed for over sixty years, and it seems to me that since it makes this radical change it ought not to pass in a peremptory manner. This bill practically abolishes all imprisonment in civil action. If a man utters a foul slander and a judgment of a hundred dollars be recovered and the defendant has no assets, he must remain in jail three months before he is permitted to make his application for discharge. This law will change all that. Under this proposed law there is no imprisonment for debt or for wrongdoing, and it seems to me it would be better for the interests of the people of this Commonwealth if the wrongdoer who is without property and maliciously wrongs his neighbor, should face imprisonment in case he does not have sufficient property to pay the judgment. Therefore, I think this bill ought not to pass.

Mr. LIPSCHUTZ. Mr. Speaker, the thought of this bill is not to affect the procedure as it now exists except in this particular: according to the Act of 1836, now in force and effect, in order that a poor and deserving debtor may be discharged from prison that debtor must remain incarcerated for a period of sixty days. The thought of this bill is that if that individual be without funds that he or his attorney may, by petition, petition the Court and the Court names a day when he is to appear in Court and all parties interested are notified. He is cross-examined and if he has no assets or if he has secreted no assets, the Court may discharge him. It is not peremptory upon the court and not mandatory. According to our old practice a debtor would have to remain in jail until he presented his application. If he has not bail he must remain in prison and he must remain until the expiration of the three months before finally discharged. According to the Act of 1906, a very complicated act, he would have to remain there a considerable length of time, he would be put to considerable expenses and nobody would gain anything from it but the man who has the judgment. This does not abolish imprisonment for debt or affect the lien on the judgment. This is legislation for the purpose of aiding those deserving debtors who are either unfortunate or who have had poor advice and who are in jail either by reason of a judgment unjustly obtained, or through this poor advice.

Therefore, they have an opportunity, by petition, in this matter to thoroughly hear all parties and interests; have an opportunity to examine the defendant and if that defendant should not remain any longer in jail the court may discharge him.

Mr. WALTER. Mr. Speaker, I should like to interrogate the gentleman.

The Speaker. Will the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Lipschutz, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. LIPSCHUTZ. Mr. Speaker, yes sir.

Mr. WALTER. Mr. Speaker, if the word "may" in this Act is interpreted as has now been stated to the House, would that permit the defendant to remain in prison until the Judge saw fit to discharge him?

Mr. LIPSCHUTZ. Mr. Speaker, the word "may" presupposes discretionary power. The Court may at its discre-

tion, if he sees fit discharge—if in a worthy case the Court so sees. The object is not to give a person this opportunity who is not deserving of it but to a man who is bereft of the assets and to him that opportunity is extended to be discharged, if he should be discharged and if he is discharged.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—74.

Adams,	Fackler,	Love,	Robertson,
Alcorn,	Finnerty,	Luxemburger,	Roney,
Aron,	Forster,	Lynch,	Rowell,
Arthur,	Gallagher,	Marvin,	Schaeffer,
Bauerle,	Gans,	Mather,	Shaaber,
Brownlee,	Garner,	Maurer,	Sinclair,
Campbell, T.,	Glass,	McArdle,	Smith, Jeff. W.
Coldsmith,	Goodnough,	McClintock,	Stern,
Conner,	Graham,	McDermott,	Stone,
Cox,	Habgood,	McNichol,	Swartz,
Curry,	Heffernan,	Murphy,	Thomas,
Davis,	Hibshman,	Neville,	Trach,
Dawson,	Hubler,	Nieder,	Urich,
Dell,	Jones, E. E.,	Nissley,	Weimer,
Drinkhouse,	Jones, W. W.,	Powell,	Weir,
Dunn,	Lafferty,	Reynolds,	Wildman,
Ehrhardt,	Lauler,	Richards,	Wobensmith,
Erdman,	Lipschutz,	Rininger,	Young,
Evans,			

NAYS—94.

Albee,	Goodyear,	Mellott,	Sones,
Arnold,	Gormley,	Metzenbacher,	Spencer,
Baker,	Greenwood,	Milliron,	Statler,
Baldwin,	Harper,	Murdoch,	Staving,
Beck,	Herman,	Oaks,	Steedle,
Becker,	Hollern,	Ostrander,	Swan,
Benninger,	Hollingsworth,	Palmer,	Twibill,
Bergy,	Howarth,	Peters,	Vickerman,
Blackburn,	Jack,	Pickering,	Vogdes,
Body,	Kaiser,	Ramsey,	Walter,
Brosius,	Klinger,	Reel,	Walton,
Brumbaugh,	Kuhn,	Rhoads,	Watson,
Bungard,	Kunkle,	Rich,	Weaver,
Corbin,	Landis,	Rinn,	West,
Cromer,	Lanius,	Rothenberger,	Whitaker,
Diefenderfer,	Lauer,	Rudisill,	Whitten,
Eby,	Leighner,	Sampsel,	Williams,
Eppley,	Lindsey,	Sarig,	Wilson, H. I.,
Fretz,	Luppert,	Scott,	Wilson, W. H.,
Fruit,	McClure,	Shaffer,	Wood,
Geiser,	McConnell,	Shoop,	Wylie,
Gibson,	McCurdy,	Showalter,	Wynne,
Gingery,	McVicar,	Smith, J. W.,	Ambler,
Gompers,	Mearkle,	Snyder,	Speaker.
Goodwin,			

Less than the majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the negative, and the bill falls.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 85, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to refund to S. L. Stayman of York Pennsylvania moneys erroneously paid into the State treasury

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—181.

Adams,	Gibson,	McCaig,	Smith, J. W.,
Albee,	Gingery,	McClintock,	Smith, Jeff. W.
Alcorn,	Glass,	McClure,	Smith, L.,
Arnold,	Glenn,	McConnell,	Sones,
Aron,	Gompers,	McCurdy,	Spangler,
Arthur,	Goodnough,	McDermott,	Spencer,
Baldwin,	Goodwin,	McNichol,	Staving,
Bauerle,	Goodyear,	McVicar,	Steedle,
Beck,	Graham,	Mearkle,	Stein,
Becker,	Greenwood,	Mellott,	Stern,
Benninger,	Habgood,	Milliron,	Stone,
Bergy,	Hackett,	Murdoch,	Swan,
Beyer,	Hamilton,	Murphy,	Swartz,
Blackburn,	Harper,	Myers,	Taylor,
Bovee,	Heffernan,	Neville,	Thomas,
Brosius,	Herman,	Nieder,	Trach,
Brownlee,	Hess,	Nissley,	Twibill,
Brumbaugh,	Heyburn,	Oaks,	Urich,
Bungard,	Hibshman,	Ostrander,	Vickerman,
Campbell, T.,	Hoffman,	Palmer,	Vogdes,
Christman,	Hollern,	Perry,	Wagner,
Coldsmith,	Hollingsworth,	Peters,	Walter,
Conner,	Howarth,	Phillips,	Walton,
Corbin,	Hubler,	Pickering,	Watson,
Cox,	Jack,	Powell,	Weaver,
Cromer,	Jones, E. E.,	Ramsey,	Weimer,
Curry,	Jones, W. W.,	Reynolds,	Weir,
Davis,	Kaiser,	Rhoads,	West,
Dawson,	Klinger,	Rich,	Wettach,
Diefenderfer,	Kuhn,	Richards,	Whitaker,
Dodds,	Kunkle,	Rininger,	Whitten,
Drinkhouse,	Lafferty,	Rinn,	Wildman,
Dunn,	Landis,	Robertson,	Willard,
Eby,	Lanius,	Roney,	Williams,
Ehrhardt,	Lauer,	Rothenberger,	Wilson, H. I.,
Erdman,	Lauler,	Rowell,	Wilson, W. H.,
Evans,	Leighner,	Rudisill,	Wobensmith,
Fackler,	Lindsey,	Sampsel,	Wood,
Finnerty,	Love,	Sarig,	Woodward,
Forster,	Luppert,	Schaeffer,	Wylie,
Fretz,	Luxemburger,	Scott,	Wynne,
Fruit,	Lynch,	Shaaber,	Young,
Gallagher,	Marvin,	Shaffer,	Ambler,
Gans,	Mather,	Showalter,	Speaker.
Garner,	Maurer,	Sinclair,	
Geiser,	McArdle,		

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 17, entitled:

An Act to provide for an additional law judge of the several courts of twelfth judicial district

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. NISSLEY. Mr. Speaker, I move that this bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. SWARTZ. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the motion?

It was agreed to.

SENATE MESSAGE.

RESOLUTION FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, presented the following extract from the Journal of the Senate which was read as follows:

INVITING EX-PRESIDENT TAFT TO ADDRESS THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

In the Senate, February 16, 1915.

Whereas, The Honorable William Howard Taft, former President of the United States, is expected to visit Harrisburg, on the fifteenth day of April next; and

Whereas, It is the desire of the Legislature of Pennsylvania now in session that ex-President Taft should visit the Capitol and, if agreeable to him, address the Senate and House of Representatives in joint session; therefore, be it

Resolved (If the House of Representatives concur), That the Governor of the Commonwealth be requested to invite Mr. Taft to make such a visit as the guest of the Commonwealth, and to address the General Assembly at such time during his visit as may best suit his convenience.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for its concurrence.

On the question,

Will the House concur in the resolution?

It was concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 176, entitled:

An Act requiring county commissioners in certain counties to provide quarters in the county buildings for the official county association of physicians and surgeons

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 295, entitled:

An Act to protect the public health in cities of the first class in this Commonwealth and for that purpose creating in the Department of Public Health and Charities four bureaus to be called the Bureaus of Hospitals and Charities Health Sanitation and Housing said bureaus to have the supervision and control in said cities of hospitals and charities health sanitation and housing as herein set forth and other matters affecting the public welfare so far as regards the use and occupancy of all buildings and the appurtenances thereto occupied in whole or in part as placed of residence by more than two families living separate and apart and providing for themselves also the licensing supervision and control and the use of lodging rooming apartment and tenement houses fixing the responsibility for violations of any of the provisions of this act and also giving power to said bureaus to make rules and regulation to govern certain conditions affecting health and sanitation and the licensing of certain trades industries and premises and providing for punishments and penalties for violations of any of the rules and regulations made by the Department of Public Health and Charities or by any of its bureaus under the powers granted by this act also providing for the filing of liens also providing for the inspection by the Bureau of Building Inspection and the Fire Marshal of said cities of the first class and repealing all laws inconsistent herewith

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 205, entitled:

An Act to regulate the practice of Optometry in the State of Pennsylvania to provide for the establishment of a Board of Optometric Examiners to provide for the examining and licensure of optometrists of this State to provide for the enforcement of the provisions thereof by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure of the Department of Public Instruction and to provide penalties for the violation of this act

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. GANS. Mr. Speaker, I move that House Bill No. 205, File Folio 249, be recommitted to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation for the purpose of a hearing.

Mr. ARON. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 110, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twelfth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act providing for the establishment and maintenance of boards of health in boroughs and townships of the first class and defining their powers and duties providing for the appointment of members of such boards of health by the president of the borough councils or by the chairmen of the board of commissioners of such townships providing for the election of a secretary and a health officer providing that the Commissioner of Health may take charge of the administration of health laws in any borough or township of the first class when conditions therein in his opinion constitute a menace to the lives or health of the people living outside the corporate limits of such borough or township of the first class or when it may be known to him that such borough or township of the first class is without an existing or efficient board of health and providing the manner in which the expenses of boards of health or of the Commissioner of Health incurred in administering health laws in any borough or township of the first class shall be paid"

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order.

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 51, entitled:

An Act defining optometry and relating to the right to practice optometry in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and making certain exceptions and providing a Bureau of Optometrical Education Examination and Licensure as a bureau of the Department of Public Instruction and means and methods whereby the right to practice optometry may be obtained and providing for the means to carry out the provisions of this act and providing for the revocation or suspension of licenses given by said bureau and providing penalties for violations thereof and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent therewith.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. GANS. Mr. Speaker, I move that House Bill No. 251, File Folio 261, be recommitted to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation for the purpose of a hearing.

Mr. ARON. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 135, entitled:

An Act defining drugs and defining and regulating the peddling thereof

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 385, entitled:

An Act regulating the practice of Drugless Therapeutics in the State of Pennsylvania defining the same creating a bureau of licensure therefore and means and methods whereby the right to practice drugless therapeutics in any of its branches may be obtained and exemptions therefrom providing penalties for violation thereof and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent therewith

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. GANS. Mr. Speaker, I move that House Bill No. 385, File Folio 277, be recommitted to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation for the purpose of a hearing.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 179, entitled:

An Act confirmatory of the conveyances of real estate

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 248, entitled:

An Act authorizing courts to make awards to foreign executors and administrators in certain cases

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 484, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred seven entitled "An Act creating an art bureau for cities of the first class and prescribing its powers and duties"

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 294, entitled:

An Act repealing the act of the twenty-second day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen pamphlet laws page eight hundred seventy-nine entitled "An Act to protect the public health and safety by regulating the erection alteration repair use occupancy maintenance sanitation and condemnation of dwellings two family dwellings rooming houses and tenements by regulating the use maintenance and sanitation of the grounds surrounding the same the adjoining buildings and all vacant land in cities of the first class providing for their inspection the abatement of nuisances the vacating and destroying of uninhabitable houses and the filing of liens creating a division of housing and sanitation providing for institution of prosecutions and penalties for violations of the provisions thereof and repealing all laws inconsistent therewith"

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 271, entitled:

An Act transferring from certain funds to another fund certain moneys appropriated to the Quarantine Physician Philadelphia

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 169, entitled:

A Joint Resolution providing for a commission to investigate the advisability of the purchase by the Commonwealth of certain property in Philadelphia opposite Independence Hall as a public park

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 366, entitled:

An Act relative to judgments and prescribing the duties of prothonotaries in connection therewith

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 109, entitled:

An Act to enable certain boroughs to furnish and supply electric current for power purposes

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 247, entitled:

An Act amending an act entitled "An Act amending an act entitled 'An Act respecting the estates of non-resident wards' approved the twenty-first day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-six extending the provisions thereof so that the same may apply to trustees and cestui que trusts" approved the thirteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine further extending the provisions thereof so that the same may apply where guardians and wards trustees and cestui que trusts are residents of foreign countries

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 178, entitled:

An Act to amend section one of an act approved the twenty-third day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-seven entitled "An Act to authorize executors and trustees non-residents of the Commonwealth to convey real estate"

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 314, entitled:

An Act to fix the salaries of the clerks in the office of the county treasurer of any county having a population of one million inhabitants or over

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. RONEY. Mr. Speaker, I move that House Bill No. 314, File Folio 311, be recommitted to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

Mr. CONNER. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 308, entitled:

An Act fixing the fee for marriage license

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 259, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the seventh day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act relating to and regulating motor vehicles and vehicles trailing after or propelled by motor vehicles controlling their speed upon the public streets and highways in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania providing for their registration and licensing of certain operators by the State Highway Department prohibiting the operation of any motor vehicle by any person when intoxicated or without the consent of the owner forbidding the passage of any law laying a tax upon or requiring the registration of motor vehicles or licensing of any operator or regulating the speed of motor vehicles by any county borough city incorporated town or township establishing the rights of motor vehicles upon the public highways with relation to other vehicles providing for their equipment and for the width of tires to be used upon motor vehicles and vehicles trailing after or propelled by motor vehicles regulating the service of process and proceedings in actions for damages arising therefrom providing for arrest and for service of process and proceedings for violation of this act prescribing the penalties therefor and providing for the disposition of fees collected and fines imposed thereunder"

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 139, entitled:

An Act to provide for the filling of vacancies in councils of cities of the first class

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 87, entitled:

A Supplement to an act approved the twenty-fourth day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act to provide for the personal registration of electors and their enrollment as members of political parties in cities of the first and second classes of this Commonwealth to make such registration a condition of the right to vote in such cities and their said enrollment as members of a political party a condition of the right to vote at primaries in said cities and providing for the payment of witness fees for persons summoned before the commissioners to provide penalties for violations of its provisions and to repeal acts inconsistent herewith"

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 55, entitled:

An Act to amend section two of an act entitled "An Act to amend section two of an act entitled "An Act to regulate the manner of increasing the indebtedness of municipalities to provide for the redemption of the same and to impose penalties for the illegal increase thereof approved the twentieth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four abolishing the restriction that the tax levied to pay municipal indebtedness shall be equal to eight per centum of the amount of such increased debt and providing for the method of assessing and levying a tax for the payment of the principal and interest when the bonds become due and the form of statement to be filed" approved the thirteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven by extending the power to incur and increase indebtedness to townships of the second class

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 243, entitled:

An Act to repeal an act entitled "An Act to authorize and require road supervisors to erect and maintain suitable foot bridges for the accommodation of pedestrians across streams where public roads cross such streams" approved the twenty-third day of April one thousand nine hundred and nine

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order.

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 227, entitled:

An Act validating the incurring of debt or increase of indebtedness of townships of the second class by its supervisors for the purpose of macadamizing roads and highways building constructing repairing and maintaining permanent roads culverts and bridges purchasing ma-

chinery or lifting orders or payment of any contracts made therefor to an amount in the aggregate not exceeding two per centum upon the assessed value of the taxable property therein as fixed and determined by the last preceding assessed valuation thereof and all coupon bonds or other securities issued therefor and also assessments of annual tax for the payment of the principal and interest of such indebtedness represented by such bonds or other securities since the twentieth of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 49, entitled:

An Act empowering certain corporations societies and voluntary associations having subordinate lodges or branches within this Commonwealth to change the location of their principal office or place of business and providing for the filing of notice of such changes

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order.

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 304, entitled:

An Act to provide for an additional law judge of the several courts of forty-fifth judicial district

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 452, entitled:

An Act to amend the first section of an act entitled "An Act to amend the first section of an act approved the fourth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled 'An Act to fix the salaries of the deputy register clerks and employes in the office of register of wills of any county of this Commonwealth having a population of one million or over so as to make it apply to counties containing a population of one million four hundred thousand or over" approved the fifth day of May Anno Domini one thousad nine hundred and eleven so as to change the salaries of the said deputy register clerks and employes of the office of register of wills of said counties

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 367, entitled:

An Act amending the first section of the act entitled "An Act authorizing policemen to hold and exercise the office of constables" approved the twenty-fifth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five so as to extend the provisions of the same to townships of the first class

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 56, entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act concerning building regulations and inspections in boroughs" approved the eighth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven by including townships of the first class in this Commonwealth and providing that approved plans and specifications be secured from the proper authorities

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 232, entitled:

An Act to amend section one thousand seven hundred and fifteen of article seventeen of an act approved the eighteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and a method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith" relating to the power to confer academic degrees honorary or otherwise and extending the same to all schools of similar grade in school districts of the first class

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 93, entitled:

An Act relating to notice to creditors of decedents' estates of the filing of an account by the personal representatives

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 246, entitled:

An Act requiring each city of the first class to establish a municipal pension fund for employes of said city and regulating the payment of such pensions

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 364, entitled:

An Act to assent to the provisions of an act of Congress apporved May eighth one thousand nine hundred and fourteen entitled "An Act to provide for co-operative agricultural extension work between the agricultural colleges in the several states receiving the benefits of an act of Congress approved July second eighteen hundred and sixty-two and of acts supplementary thereto and the United States Department of Agriculture"

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 405, entitled:

An Act to revise consolidate and amend the law relating to taxation including State and local

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. RONEY. Mr. Speaker, I move that House Bill No. 405, be recommitted to the Committee on Ways and Means.

Mr. CONNER. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 406, entitled:

An Act to clarify the statute law of the Commonwealth by repealing certain acts and parts of acts of Assembly which are obsolete expired supplied superseded repealed by implication or declared unconstitutional

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

ADJOURNMENT.

Mr. HABGOOD. Mr. Speaker, I move that this House do now adjourn.

The motion was agreed to, and (at 11:00 A. M.) the House adjourned until Monday, March 1st, 1915, at 9:00 P. M.

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA.

Legislative Journal.

Session 1915 — 121st of the General Assembly

VOL. 3. HARRISBURG, PA., MONDAY, MARCH 1, 1915. No. 17.

SENATE.

MONDAY, March 1, 1915.

The Senate met at 9:30 o'clock P. M.

The PRESIDENT (Lieutenant-Governor Frank B. McClain) in the Chair.

PRAYER.

The Chaplain, Rev. Thomas W. Davis, offered the following prayer:

Almighty God, our kind Heavenly Father, we thank Thee for our splendid capabilities; for the promise that is in ourselves of the great things that can be accomplished by our lives. We pray that we may so live from day to day that while we are helping to build up this great State we may not forget that if we build ourselves well, we shall be likely to make the largest contribution to the welfare of our fellowmen. Grant to so guide us that we may keep in mind at all times our influence upon others, and we may do always unto others as we would have them do unto us. We ask in our Saviour's name. Amen.

The PRESIDENT. A quorum of the Senate being present the Clerk will read the Journal of the preceding session.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of the preceding session, when, on motion of Mr. CATLIN, the further reading was dispensed with, and the Journal was approved.

PETITIONS.

FAVORING COUNTY LOCAL OPTION LAW.

The Chair presented two petitions of citizens of Steelton, Dauphin County, and petition of citizens of Philadelphia, praying for the passage of a county local option law.

Which were referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

Mr. WASBERS presented petition of citizens of Wrightsville, York County, praying for the passage of a county local option law.

Which was referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

FAVORING REPEAL OF FULL CREW LAW.

The Chair presented petition of the Pittsburgh Passenger Club, favoring the repeal of the full crew law.

Which was referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

FAVORING AMENDMENTS TO GAME LAWS.

Mr. PHIPPS presented nine petitions of citizens of Warren County favoring amendments to the game laws.

Which were referred to the Committee on Game and Fisheries.

FAVORING THE CONTINUATION OF FARMER'S INSTITUTES.

The Chair presented petitions of citizens of Mercer County, favoring the continuation of Farmer's Institutes.

Which were referred to the Committee on Agriculture.

LEAVES OF ABSENCE.

Mr. MAGEE asked and obtained leave of absence for the Senator from Bradford, Mr. Mills.

Mr. HILTON asked and obtained leave of absence for the Senator from Clarion, Mr. Hindman, for this evening's session.

The Chair asked and obtained leave of absence for the Senator from Allegheny, Mr. Moore.

The Chair asked and obtained leave of absence for the Senator from Northumberland, Mr. McConnell.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. SHANTZ, from the Committee on Municipal Affairs, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 7, entitled:

An Act amending sections one, three, four, seven, ten and eleven, and repealing section eight of an act, entitled "An Act relating to the collection of city, school and poor taxes, in the several cities of the third class in this Commonwealth, and providing that the City Treasurer of each of said cities by virtue of his office, shall be collector of the said several taxes; prescribing his duties and fixing his compensation," approved the twentieth day of June, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred one.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

Mr. CATLIN read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 289, entitled:

An Act amending section nine of an act, as amended by the act of the seventeenth of April, one thousand nine hundred and five, P. L. one hundred eighty-five, approved the fifth day of May, one thousand eight hundred ninety-nine, entitled "An Act supplementing and amending an act entitled 'An Act to establish an intermediate court of appeal'; regulating its constitution, officers, jurisdiction, powers, practice, and its relation to the Supreme Court and other courts; providing for the reports of its decisions, the compensation of the judges, and other officers, and the practice and costs on appeals from its judgments," approved June twenty-fourth, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred ninety-five," and increasing the amount to which the judges of the Superior Court shall be entitled to be reimbursed for the sums expended by them, in each year, for the help of stenographers, typewriters or clerks, and regulating the time and manner of such reimbursement.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

Mr. HILTON read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 290, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to further carry into effect the provisions of an act approved the thirteenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred seven, entitled "An Act to authorize county commissioners for the purpose of encouraging agriculture and the holding of county agricultural exhibitions to pay annually one thousand dollars to the incorporated agricultural association paying premiums on agricultural exhibits holding an annual exhibition in the county; providing for the filing of sworn statement by the claimant or claimants with the county commissioners relative to said exhibition and providing for the repayment to the county by the State of the sum so paid.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. HACKETT read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 291, entitled:

An Act to protect the public health and welfare, by regulating the employment of females in hotels, boarding houses and restaurants, with respect to their hours of labor, and the conditions of their employment; by establishing certain sanitary regulations in which they work; by requiring certain notices to be posted; by providing for the enforcement of this act by the Commissioner of Labor and Industry and others, and prescribing penalties for violation thereof, and by repealing all acts and parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions thereof.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

Mr. CROFT read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 292, entitled:

An Act to establish a Secondary School of Agriculture at Pennsburg, Pennsylvania; and making appropriation for the said school.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 293, entitled:

An Act to amend section four of an act entitled "An Act to regulate the doing of business in this Commonwealth by foreign corporations; the registration thereof and service of process thereon; and providing punishment and penalties for the violation of its provisions; and repealing previous legislation on the subject;" approved the eight day of June, one thousand nine hundred eleven.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. SALUS read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 294, entitled:

An Act to further protect the rights and liberty of the people of this Commonwealth when under arrest, upon a bailable criminal charge, making its infraction a misdemeanor and providing punishment therefor.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. THOMPSON read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 295, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Providence Hospital of Beaver Falls, Beaver County, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. W. W. SMITH read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 296, entitled:

An Act relating to building and loan associations, and to the duties of the Commissioner of Banking incidental thereto and providing penalties.

Which was committed to the Committee on Banks and Building and Loan Associations.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 297, entitled:

An Act relating to buildings authorized to be constructed on land of the Commonwealth, authorizing the appointment of a state architect as incidental thereto, and regulating his compensation and duties.

Which was committed to the Committee on Public Grounds and Buildings.

Mr. MARTIN read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 298, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Carlisle Hospital of Carlisle, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

COMMUNICATIONS FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Private Secretary to the Governor being introduced, presented communications in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which were laid upon the table.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

Mr. SCHANTZ read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 299, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Allentown Hospital, Allentown, Lehigh County, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 300, entitled:

An Act to validate appraisements and titles made and effected to surviving husbands and wives by virtue of an act entitled "An Act to amend section one of an act entitled 'An Act relating to the descent and distribution of the estates of intestates,' passed and approved April 8th, 1833, defining and declaring the interest that shall descend to and vest in the surviving husband or wife of such intestate," approved the 1st day of May, A. D. 1909, P. L. 87.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. GRAFF read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 301, entitled:

An Act requiring justices of the peace and aldermen to file acceptances of office with the prothonotary of the proper county; and requiring prothonotaries to certify such acceptance, together with the election of justices and aldermen, before commissions shall issue.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

Mr. McKEE read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 302, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the 13th day of June, 1911, entitled "An Act establishing in counties containing a population of from eight hundred thousand to one million four hundred thousand, a Board for the Assessment and Revision of Taxes for State and county purposes; prescribing the method of their appointment, their powers and duties; fixing their salary, to be paid by the proper county; and abolishing the office of ward, borough, and township assessors, in so far as respects the assessment of State and county taxes.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 303, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the National Convention of the United Spanish War Veterans, to be held in the City of Scranton, Pa., August 30 and 31, and September 1 and 2, 1915, and providing for the appointment of a commission to disburse the same, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. PHIPPS read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 304, entitled:

An Act relating to appeals from the reports of auditors of school districts of the second, third and fourth classes.

Which was committed to the Committee on Education.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 305, entitled:

An Act relating to appeals from the reports of auditors of boroughs, townships and poor districts.

Which was committed to the Committee on New Counties and County Seats.

Mr. PATTON read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 306, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Trustees of the University of Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 307, entitled:

An Act relating to the Gettysburg Battlefield Memorial Commission, authorizing the printing of its report and making an appropriation.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 308, entitled:

An Act relative to plans of public improvements in cities of the first class and the incidental duties of the city solicitor.

Which was committed to the Committee on Municipal Affairs.

Mr. HOKE read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 309, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the G. W. and Agnes Hoffman Orphanage of Littlestown, Adams County, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 310, entitled:

An Act to establish as a "State highway" a certain section of public road in Adams County.

Which was committed to the Committee on Public Roads and Highways.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 311, entitled:

An Act directing the public service commission to investigate issues of bonds of corporations, regulating the investigation and the powers of the commission, providing penalties and making an appropriation.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 312, entitled:

An Act regulating voting at meetings of stockholders of corporations and fixing penalties.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 313, entitled:

An Act relating to the issuance or delivery of certain policies of insurance, providing and requiring certain standard and other provisions in such policies and prohibiting discrimination.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 314, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the State Hospital of Coaldale, Coaldale, Schuylkill County, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Apporpriations.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 315, entitled:

A joint resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution of this Commonwealth in accordance with provisions of the eighteenth (XVIII) article thereof.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. BURKE read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 316, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Western State Penitentiary.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. MILLER read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 317, entitled:

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act providing for the selection and purchase, or the appropriation from the State forest reserves, of a tract of land and the erection thereon of buildings for the Western Penitentiary; making an appropriation therefor; authorizing the removal thereto of the inmates of the said penitentiary; and directing the sale of the site now occupied by the said penitentiary, and the buildings and materials thereon," approved the 30th day of March, A. D. 1911, making an additional appropriation for erection, construction and equipment.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. FARLEY read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 318, entitled:

An Act relative to passenger elevators in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, and providing a penalty for violation thereof.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 319, entitled:

An Act to regulate the taking of private property for municipal or public purposes.

Which was committed to the Committee on Municipal Affairs.

Mr. TOMPKINS read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 320, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the 27th day of June, one thousand nine hundred and thirteen, entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation, regulation and government of cities of the third class; regulating nomination and election of municipal officers therein; and repealing, consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto."

Which was committed to the Committee on Municipal Affairs.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 321, entitled:

An Act to provide for the retirement of superannuated and incapacitated teachers in the public schools of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Education.

Mr. WAGNERS (by request) read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 322, entitled:

An Act requiring payment by the county of costs of prosecution in certain criminal cases.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. MAGEE read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 323, entitled:

An Act relating to legal proceedings removed by writs of certiorari to the Superior Court or the Supreme Court, the record therein and the disposal thereof.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 324, entitled:

An Act to amend the thirty-third section of an act entitled "An Act relating to executions," approved the 16th day of June, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six, as amended by the act approved the 2d day of July, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five, so as to enable the officers to publish notice in the several counties of this Commonwealth.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Also (by request) read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 325, entitled:

An Act prohibiting the commissioners of townships of the first class from undertaking the paving, curbing, macadamizing or otherwise improving of, or construction of sewers in any street, alley, or part thereof, except upon petition of property owners owning property containing a majority of the number of feet fronting and abutting on the line of the proposed improvement.

Which was committed to the Committee on Municipal Affairs.

Mr DeWITT read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 326, entitled:

An Act relating to boroughs, requiring the estimate of expenses, appropriation of revenues, the fixing of the tax levy, provision for construction or improvement of highways or other public works and of the funds required for the same, by ordinance within sixty days after the organization of the borough councils in each fiscal year; regulating the manner in which the borough funds shall be paid out; regulating changes in appropriations; prescribing certain duties and liabilities of borough treasurers and secretaries and of borough auditors in connection therewith; making invalid contracts, hirings, purchases or orders or warrants issued in violation of the provision of the act; permitting the inspection of books and records by taxpayers or their agents; requiring competitive and advertised bidding upon all contracts or purchases in excess of three hundred dollars ($300).

Which was committed to the Committee on Municipal Affairs.

Mr. KURTZ read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 327, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Adrian Hospital Association of Punxsutawney, Jefferson County, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 328, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Punxsutawney Hospital Association, at Punxsutawney, Jefferson County, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. W. W. SMITH read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 329, entitled:

An Act providing for the employment of a chief bookkeeper and three assistants and one additional traveling auditor in the Department of the Auditor General, and fixing their salaries.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. THOMPSON. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make reports from Committees at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. THOMPSON, from the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 198, entitled:

An Act regulating the sale barter exchange distribution dealing in giving away and dispensing or disposing of chloral opium cocaine or any of their salts or derivatives or any compound or preparation of any of them and giving certain powers to the State Department of Health relative thereto, providing penalties for any violation thereof and making an appropriation therefor.

Also, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 237, entitled:

An Act relating to the admission of attorneys at law to the Supreme and Superior Courts.

Also, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 178, entitled:

An Act making the stenographer of the Department of Internal Affairs the stenographer and vacant land clerk, fixing the salary of same, and fixing the salary of the stenographer of the Bureau of Railways in the Department of Internal Affairs.

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from Committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. BEIDLEMAN, from the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 183, entitled:

An Act regulating the sale and exposing for sale of dressed lambs, sheep and calves.

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from Committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. BUCKMAN, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 61, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the payment of deficiencies which have arisen in the payment of expenses for the erection, furnishing and equipment of six cottages, bakery and addition to the laundry at the State Institution for Feeble-Minded of Western Pennsylvania.

HOUSE MESSAGE.

The Clerk of the House of Representatives, being introduced, presented extract from the Journal of the House of Representatives, which was laid upon the table.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. SNYDER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make reports from Committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. SNYDER, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 289, entitled:

An Act amending section nine of an act, as amended by the act of seventeenth April, one thousand nine hundred five, P. L. one hundred eighty-five, approved the fifth day of May, one thousand eight hundred ninety-nine, entitled "An Act supplementing and amending an act entitled 'An Act to establish an intermediate court of appeal; regulating its constitution, officers, jurisdiction, powers, practice, and its relation to the Supreme Court and other courts; providing for the reports of its decisions, the compensation of the judges, and other officers, and the practice and costs on appeals from its judgments,' approved June twenty-fourth, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred ninety-five," and increasing the amount to which the judges of the Superior Court shall be entitled to be reimbursed for the sums expended by them, in each year, for the help of stenographers, typewriters or clerks, and regulating the time and manner of such reimbursement.

Also, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 291, entitled:

An Act to protect the public health and welfare, by regulating the employment of females in hotels, boarding houses and restaurants, with respect to their hours of labor, and the conditions of their employment; by establishing certain regulations in which they work; by requiring certain notices to be posted; by providing for the enforcement of this act by the Commissioner of Labor and Industry and others, and prescribing penalties for violation thereof, and by repealing all acts and parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions thereof.

BILL ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 92, entitled:

An Act requiring certain petitions and papers to be verified before being considered by the court

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS.—35.

Beidleman,	Farley,	Kline,	Smith, W. W.,
Buckman,	Gerberich,	Lynch,	Snyder, P. W.,
Burke,	Graff,	Magee, C. J.,	Sproul,
Catlin,	Gyger,	Martin,	Stewart,
Clark,	Hackett,	Phipps,	Thompson,
Croft,	Herbst,	Salus,	Tompkins,
Daix,	Hilton,	Semmens,	Warner,
DeWitt,	Hoke,	Sensenich,	Wasbers,
Endsley,	Homsher,	Smith, R. E.,	

NAYS—2.

Jenkins, Schantz,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILL OVER IN ORDER.

Mr. SENSENICH. Mr. President, I ask that Senate Bill No. 105, on third reading, entitled:

An Act to avoid delay in the administration of justice by fixing a time within which decisions in certain questions and matters shall be rendered by judges and requiring certain certificates from judges before their salaries shall be paid

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 111, entitled:

An Act authorizing cities of the first and second classes to appropriate city funds for the maintenance of historical societies

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS.—43.

Beidleman,	Graff,	Magee, C. J.,	Smith, W. W.,
Buckman,	Gyger,	Martin,	Snyder, C. A.,
Burke,	Hackett,	McKee, W. S.,	Snyder, P. W.,
Catlin,	Herbst,	Miller,	Sones,
Clark,	Hilton,	Patton,	Sproul,
Croft,	Hoke,	Phipps,	Stewart,
Daix,	Homsher,	Salus,	Thompson,
DeWitt,	Jenkins,	Schantz,	Tompkins,
Endsley,	Kline,	Semmens,	Warner,
Farley,	Kurtz,	Sensenich,	Wasbers,
Gerberich,	Lynch,	Smith, R. E.,	

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 112, entitled:

An Act to amend the first section of an act entitled "An Act to encourage county historical societies" approved the twenty-first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred one so as to provide that the commissioners board in counties where the population exceeds one million may appropriate a sum not exceeding one thousand dollars annually to the chief historical society in said county

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—43.

Beidleman,	Graff,	Magee, C. J.,	Smith, W. W.,
Buckman,	Gyger,	Martin,	Snyder, C. A.,
Burke,	Hackett,	McKee, W. S.,	Snyder, P. W.,
Catlin,	Herbst,	Miller,	Sones,
Clark,	Hilton,	Patton,	Sproul,
Croft,	Hoke,	Phipps,	Stewart,
Daix,	Homsher,	Salus,	Thompson,
DeWitt,	Jenkins,	Schantz,	Tompkins,
Endsley,	Kline,	Semmens,	Warner,
Farley,	Kurtz,	Sensenich,	Wasbers,
Gerberich,	Lynch,	Smith, R. E.,	

NAYS.—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILL OVER IN ORDER.

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, I ask that Senate Bill No. 114, on third reading, entitled:

An Act providing for the printing binding and distribution of the report of the fiftieth anniversary of the Battle of Gettysburg Commission entitled "Pennsylvania Gettysburg Reunion" providing for additions to said report and for the compiling editing proof reading and indexing thereof providing also for the preparation for filing of record in the State Library for their proper preservation therein of certain original manuscripts of the addresses delivered at said reunion and of other original data souvenirs and records relative thereto and making appropriation therefor

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 153, as follows:

An Act to establish and regulate the fees to be charged and collected by sheriffs in counties of this Commonwealth having a population of not less than five hundred thousand nor more than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants as computed by the last preceding United States census the time and manner in which said fees shall be paid the publication and posting of said fees the delivery of an itemized receipt for official fees and legal costs received and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from and after the passage and approval of this act the fees to be received by sheriffs in counties of this Commonwealth having a population of not less than five hundred thousand nor more than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants as computed by the last preceeding United States census shall be as follows

For receiving docketing and making return thereof for each writ of scire facias replevin returno habenda summons foreign attachment attachment execution subpoena in divorce alias subpoena in divorce satisfaction of mortgage injunction mandamus quo warranto bill in equity rule decree order citation subpoena series of interrogatories proclamation or notice of any kind in any civil action issued out of any court or required by law or rule of court one dollar

For serving such processes or any statement of claim personally or by copy one dollar and fifty cents and mileage

For each additional defendant or party served or copy posted fifty cents and mileage

For making each copy served or posted forty cents

For return of tarde venit fifty cents

For return of non est inventus fifty cents and mileage

Provided However that no charge for service shall be made an alias or pluries writ if the same has been charged upon the original

For serving the same by publication in one or more newspapers as required by law or order of court two dollars and seventy-five cents in each case in addition to printer's bill

For serving any rule decree process or order of court not hereinbefore specically provided for he shall charge and receive the same official fees and legal costs as for a writ served in a similar way as hereinbefore provided

For executing writs of levari facias fieri facias venditioni exponas and any writ or order issued out of any court requiring the levy and seizure of lands and tenements and selling the same according to law for receiving docketing and making return thereof two dollars

For levying on each separate piece or parcel of land one dollar and mileage

For advertising to public sale in newspapers each piece or parcel of land two dollars and seventy-five cents in addition to printers bill

For advertising to public sale by hand bills each piece or parcel of land separately described by metes and bounds two dollars and seventy-five cents and mileage in addition to printers bill

For crying the sale of each separate piece or parcel of land separately sold and each adjourned sale one dollar

For clerk hire when necessary per day two dollars

In addition the sheriff shall charge and receive as an official fee a commission charge of two cents on every dollar based upon the total amount bid for the property whether paid to the sheriff or credited to the purchases provided that the amount of same does not exceed one thousand dollars in which case one-half cent (½c) on every dollar in excess of this amount shall be charged in addition

For the settlement or staying of any writs embraced in this section of this act the execution of same not being concluded he shall receive the same fee for receiving docketing and making return for levying advertising mileage and commission upon such sums as would be charged and received if sale had been made upon said writ whether paid to him or to the plaintiff or a compromise be made between plaintiff and defendant

For making and acknowledging any deed for lands and tenements three dollars

For registering the same in second-class cities one dollar

For registering the same in third-class cities one dollar and twenty-five cents

For registering the same in townships one dollar and fifteen cents

For mileage actually travelled and necessary

For the fee of the prothonotary for the acknowledgment

For the fee of the recorder for recording

All of which fees shall be paid by the purchaser

For executing any writ of inquiry partition appraisement venire facias or any similar writ issued by any court alderman justice of the peace or commissioner under any act of assembly for receiving docketing and making return thereof one dollar

For summoning personally or by copy for first service one dollar and fifty cents and mileage

For each additional service personally or by copy or posting fifty cents and mileage

For making each copy served or posted forty cents

For summoning and swearing jurors four dollars

For execution of writ four dollars

For holding inquisition four dollars per day and mileage if same be held upon the premises in addition to jurors' artist's or surveyor's fees and necessary expenses

For serving the same by publication in one or more newspapers as required by law or order of court two dollars and seventy-five cents in addition to printer's bill

For delivering lands to plaintiff in inquisition or similar proceedings two dollars and seventy-five cents and no commission in such case shall be charged

For executing fieri facias attachment foreign attachment returno habenda and replevin or any writ or order issued out of any court requiring the levy and seizure of property and selling the same according to law for receiving docketing and making return thereof two dollars

For each levy on personal property one dollar and mileage

For clerk hire at said sale per day two dollars

For advertising personal property to public sale two dollars and seventy-five cents and mileage

In addition the sheriff shall charge and receive as an official fee a commission charge of two cents on every dollar based upon the total amount realized from said sale whether paid to the sheriff or credited to the purchaser on account of any writ provided that the amount of same does not exceed one thousand dollars in which case one-half cents (½c) on every dollar in excess of that amount shall be charged in addition

For watchmen taking charge of property levied upon when necessary for each legal day of eight hours two dollars

For insurance arranging goods for sale heat light storage rent transportation feeding live stock and similar expenses incurred in caring for and keeping the goods and chattels levied upon when the same is necessary and advantageous or when requested by the defendant or plaintiff to incur any such expense the actual cost thereof

For the settlement or staying of any writ embraced in this section of this act the execution of the same not being concluded he shall receive the same fees for receiving docketing and returning levying advertising mileage and commission upon such sums as would be charged and received if sale had been made upon said writ whether paid to him or to the plaintiff or a compromise be made between plaintiff and defendant

For the appraisement of personal property by virtue of any act of Assembly four dollars Each appraiser to receive the sum of one dollar and the sheriff one dollar for each appraisement provided that in any case where the appraisement of a large quantity of goods shall be required the sheriff may apply by petition to the court or a judge thereof having jurisdiction over said matter setting forth the facts and said court or judge may make an order fixing the sum to be allowed and paid to the sheriff as the proper cost of making such appraisement which sum so fixed and allowed shall be taxed as the sheriff's proper legal costs in addition to the official fee of one dollar to be charged and collected by him

For notifying the Auditor-General of proposed sale of the property or the franchises of any corporation or joint stock association three dollars

For executing venire facias or venire facias jurotores issued out of any court for receiving docketing and making return thereof on each venire two dollars

For drawing from jury wheel and summoning each juror drawn one dollar and mileage and necessary expenses

All of which fees shall be paid by the county

For executing writs of habere facias liberari facias dower possessionem or possessory process requiring the delivery of possession of real estate or ejecting or dispossessing any person or persons of their effects five dollars and mileage and reasonable costs for help when absolutely necessary in addition to the costs of sale when made

For executing any process warrant capias attachment decree sentence or order of court issued out of any court where the defendant's body is taken into custody as follows

For receiving docketing and making return thereof one dollar

For each arrest one dollar and mileage in addition to necessary help and expenses

For transportation of each prisoner ten cents per mile

For each commitment to jail or placê of detention of any juvenile court in any criminal or civil matter fifty cents

All of which fees shall be paid by the county

For discharging a prisoner from jail or place of detention of any juvenile court in any criminal or civil case fifty cents

For executing bail piece or taking bond in any matter whether civil or criminal one dollar

He shall receive for the indictment in each oyer and terminer case the sum of three dollars and in each quarter session court case the sum of one dollar and fifty cents

For each bill ignored by the grand jury one dollar and fifty cents

For each case acted upon by any juvenile court one dollar and fifty cents

For each non-support or desertion case acted upon by any court the sum of one dollar and fifty cents

All of which fees shall be paid by the county

For removing an insane person to any institution for the confinement of the insane or any person to the penitentiary workhouse Huntingdon Reformatory or to any charitable institution or any institution where persons are confined or detained under any commitment sentence or order of court two dollars and fifty cents on each commitment or order in addition to mileage and necessary expenses provided however that the mileage for the person in charge under commitment or order shall be based upon the miles actually traveled by him

All of which fees shall be paid by the county

For attending court bringing into and removing therefrom prisoners for arraignment trial and sentence the sum of four dollars per day for the sheriff or each deputy for each and every day of oyer and terminer court quarter sessions court juvenile court or county court where the sheriff or deputy is actually present to be paid by the county

For levying or paying out fines three cents per dollar to be paid by the party receiving the fine

For advertising general or special elections two dollars and seventy-five cents to be paid by the county

For advertising general or special elections by hand bills for each polling place two dollars and seventy-five cents and mileage to be paid by the county

For serving notice on the judge of each election district in special elections seventy-five cents to be paid by the county

For services performed in his capacity as a conservator of the peace or police officer in suppressing riots mobs or insurrections and when discharging the duty requiring the summoning of a posse comitatus or special deputy sheriffs the sheriff shall receive a per diem compensation of not less than ten dollars and as much more as is commensurate with the services performed together with the mileage and necessary expenses including subsistence for himself and those under him to be paid by the county unless otherwise provided by law

For mileage in serving or executing any of the writs rules decrees orders or processes or performing any of the duties for service herein specified and intended to be authorized by law the sheriff shall be entitled to charge and receive and may tax as official fees ten cents a mile for each mile actually traveled and necessary and the same shall be allowed upon each separate writ rule order decree process or service performed provided that he shall not receive more than one mileage where the plaintiff and defendant in two or more contemporaneous writs are the same

For the executing of any matter directed to the sheriff or authorized by law or rule of court the service of which is not herein provided for the sheriff shall receive the same official fees and legal costs as for similar services herein provided for

Section 2 All official fees and legal costs which are or shall be charged and received by the sheriff shall be payable upon demand In case he does not demand such costs in advance he shall file with each return he makes an itemized list of said fees and costs and if no exceptions be filed to the same within thirty days from the time of filing the same said fees and costs shall be considered taxed and confirmed absolutely and become a judgment in law and the said sheriff may issue an execution and collect the same without further suit

Section 3 The several sheriffs of this Commonwealth shall and are hereby required to make fair tables of their respective fees according to this act and to publish and keep a copy of the same in some conspicuous place in their offices within three months from the passage of this act

Section 4 It shall be the duty of every sheriff his deputy or agent if demand for that purpose shall be made immediately after receiving any of his official fees and legal costs or any written security therefor to deliver a bill of particulars specifying the several items contained therein and the amount thereof to the party paying said fees and to give a receipt therefor or to endorse on such written security when taken that the same was given for fees and legal costs and to sign the endorsement so to be made

Section 5 This act is intended as an entire and complete fee bill for sheriffs of counties of this Commonwealth having a population of not less than five hundred thousand nor more than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants as computed by the last preceding United States census and the following acts or parts of acts to wit

Section 6 of an act entitled "An Act for supplying an act entitled 'An act for the effectual recovering and securing the fines forfeitures and other moneys due or belonging to the Commonwealth for the use of the same'" passed December ninth one thousand seven hundred and eighty-three (two Smith's Laws eighty-four)

Section one of an act entitled "An Act for the better personal liberty and preventing wrongful imprisonments" passed February eighteenth one thousand seven hundred eighty-five (two Smith's Laws two hundred seventy-five) so far as the same relates to the fees of the sheriff

Section ten of an act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to establish the judicial courts of this Commonwealth in conformity to the alterations and amendments in this constitution'" passed September thirtieth one thousand seven hundred and ninety-one (three Smith's Laws fifty-eight) so far as the same relates to the fees of the sheriff

Section thirteen of an act entitled "An Act directing the mode of selecting and returning jurors" Passed March twenty-ninth one thousand eight hundred and five (four Smith's Laws two hundred and thirty-seven)

Section twenty-six of an act entitled "An Act to amend and consolidate the several acts relating to the settlement of the public accounts and the payment of the public monies and for other purposes" Passed March thirteith one thousand eight hundred and eleven (five Smith's Laws two hundred and twenty-eight)

Section thirty-four of an act entitled "An Act to amend and consolidate the several acts relating to the settlement of the public accounts and the payment of the public monies and for other purposes" Passed March thirtieth one thousand eight hundred and eleven (five Smith's Laws two hundred and twenty-eight) so far as the same relates to the fees of the sheriff

Sections twenty-five twenty-six and twenty-seven of an act entitled "An Act establishing a fee bill" Passed March twenty-eighth one thousand eight hundred and fourteen (six Smith's Laws two hundred twenty-eight)

Sections three fourteen and fifteen of an act entitled "An Act to alter and amend the fee bill" Passed February twenty-second one thousand eight hundred and twenty-one (seven Smith's Laws three hundred and sixty-seven)

An Act entitled "An Act relative to the appointment and payment of the criers of the courts of the county of Allegheny" Approved March thirty-one one thousand eight hundred and twenty-eight (Pamphlet Laws two hundred and thirty-six)

Section sixty of an act entitled "An Act relating to orphans' courts" Approved March twenty-ninth one thousand eight hundred and thirty-two (Pamphlet Laws one hundred and ninety)

An Act entitled "An Act supplementary to an act entitled 'An Act to alter and amend the fee bill' passed the twenty-second day of February Anno Domini eighteen hundred and twenty-one" Approved April fourteenth one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four (Pamphlet Laws three hundred and seventy-eight)

Section seventy-nine of an act entitled "An Act relating to counties and townships and county and township officers" approved April fifteenth one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four (Pamphlet Laws five hundred and thirty-seven)

Section eleven of an act entitled "An Act relative to lunatics and habitual drunkards" Approved June thirteenth one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six (Pamphlet Laws five hundred and eighty-nine)

Section two of an act entitled "An act to exempt property to the value of three hundred dollars from levy and sale on execution and distress for rent" Approved April ninth one thousand eight hundred and forty-nine (Pamphlet Laws five hundred and thirty-three) so far as the same relates to the costs of appraisement

Section three of an act entitled "An Act relating to judgments relative to writs of estrepment and the fees of sheriffs and constables and partitions" Approved May fourth one thousand eight hundred and fifty-two (Pamphlet Laws five hundred and eighty-four)

An Act entitled "A further supplement to the act relating to county rates and levies and township rates and levies and to the act relating to counties and townships and county and township officers" approved March thirtieth one thousand eight hundred and fifty-five (Pamphlet Laws one hundred and sixty)

Section two of an act entitled "A Supplement to an act relative to suits in dower and partition passed twentieth February one thousand eight hundred and fifty-four" Approved April seventeenth one thousand eight hundred and fifty-six (Pamphlet Laws three hundred and eighty-six)

Section twenty-nine of an act entitled "An Act relating to Allegheny county" Approved May first one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one (Pamphlet Laws four hundred and fifty)

An Act entitled "An Act relative to the service of summons on jurors in Allegheny county and regulating compensation" Approved April fifth one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six (Pamphlet Laws five hundred twenty-one) so far as the same relates to the compensation of the sheriff

Section two of an act entitled "A Supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to consolidate revise and amend the laws of this Commonwealth relating to penal proceedings and pleadings' passed the thirty-first day of March Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty" Approved April seventeenth one thousand eight hundred sixty-six (Pamphlet Laws one hundred and twelve)

Section two of an act entitled "An Act to ascertain and appoint the fees to be received by the several officers of this Commonwealth" Approved April second one thousand eight hundred and sixty-eight (Pamphlet Laws three)

Section six of an act entitled "An Act relating to the appraisement of real estate devised by any last will and testament within this Commonwealth" Approved April seventeenth one thousand eight hundred and sixty-nine (Pamphlet Laws seventy-two) so far as the same relates to the fees to be received by the sheriff

Section three of an act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'A supplement to an act for the better management of the Allegheny county prison' approved the first day of February Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six" Approved March eighth one thouand eight hundred and seventy-one (Pamphlet Laws one hundred and eighty-four) so far as the same relates to the fee or compensation of the sheriff

Section fourteen of an act entitled "An act relating to the fees salaries and duties of certain officers in Allegheny county" Approved April sixth one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one (Pamphlet Laws four hundred and seventy-six) so far as the same relates to the fees to be received by the sheriff

Sections one two and four of an act entitled "A further supplement to an act entitled 'An act relative to the fees salaries and duties of certain county officers in Allegheny county' approved April sixth Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one relating to the salaries of the sheriff and his deputies and expenses of the sheriff's office" Approved April third one thousand eight hundred seventy-three (Pamphlet Laws four hundred and ninety-six)

An act entitled "An act to fix the fees of sheriffs in counties containing over three hundred thousand inhabitants and of those performing duties under them and the manner of collecting and paying the same" approved April first one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven (Pamphlet Laws fifteen)

Section seven of an act entitled "An act relating to proceedings where goods or chattels have been levied upon or seized by the sheriff and claimed to belong to others than the defendant in the execution or process" approved May twenty-sixth one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven (Pamphlet Laws ninety-five) so far as the cost of making an appraisement of goods and chattels is fixed and established

Section two of an act entitled "An Act to aid the Auditor General in the collection of taxes due the Commonwealth from corporations limited partnerships and joint-stock associations" Approved May twenty-ninth one thousand nine hundred and one (Pamphlet Laws three hundred and forty-four)

An Act entitled "An Act to regulate and establish the fees to be charged by sheriffs in this Commonwealth and to provide for the taxation and collection of the same" Approved July eleventh one thousand nine hundred and one (Pamphlet Laws six hundred and sixty-three)

Section one of an act entitled "An Act to supplement an act entitled 'An Act defining the powers of the several courts of quarter sessions of the peace within this Commonwealth with reference to the care treatment and control of dependent neglected incorrigible and delinquent children under the age of sixteen years and providing for the means in which such power may be exercised' approved April twenty-three one thousand nine hundred and three" Approved June seventh one thouand nine hundred and seven (Pamphlet Laws four hundred and thirty-eight)

Together with any and all other Acts of Assembly general special or local or any parts thereof that are in any way in conflict or inconsistent with this act or any part thereof shall at the time of the taking effect of this act be and the same are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

YEAS—43.

Beidleman,	Graff,	Magee, C. J.,	Smith, W. W.,
Buckman,	Gyger,	Martin,	Snyder, C. A.,
Burke,	Hackett,	McKee, W. S.,	Snyder, P. W.,
Catlin,	Herbst,	Miller,	Sones,
Clark,	Hilton,	Patton,	Sproul,
Croft,	Hoke,	Phipps,	Stewart,
Daix,	Homsher,	Salus,	Thompson,
DeWitt,	Jenkins,	Schantz,	Tompkins,
Endsley,	Kline,	Semmens,	Warner,
Farley,	Kurtz,	Sensenich,	Washers,
Gerberich,	Lynch,	Smith, R. E.,	

NAYS.—0.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 161, entitled:

An Act relating to the acquisition and holding of property real and personal by any literary scientific educational religious charitable benevolent or beneficial society church congregation association or body whether incorporated or unincorporated or any trustee or trustees of any trust for charitable or benevolent objects or purposes and providing for the increase of the amount of such property which may thus be acquired and held and a method of procedure for obtaining the right to such increase

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—43.

Beidleman,	Graff,	Magee, C. J.,	Smith, W. W.,
Buckman,	Gyger,	Martin,	Snyder, C. A.,
Burke,	Hackett,	McKee, W. S.,	Snyder, P. W.,
Catlin,	Herbst,	Miller,	Sones,
Clark,	Hilton,	Patton,	Sproul,
Croft,	Hoke,	Phipps,	Stewart,
Daix,	Homsher,	Salus,	Thompson,
DeWitt,	Jenkins,	Schantz,	Tompkins,
Endsley,	Kline,	Semmens,	Warner,
Farley,	Kurtz,	Sensenich,	Washers,
Gerberich,	Lynch,	Smith, R. E.,	

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered,That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 162, entitled:

An Act providing for the establishment regulation and maintenance by the Board of Game Commissioners of the State game preserves on the forestry reservations and elsewhere and providing penalties for violations of this act

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution and were as follows, viz:

NAYS—43.

Beidleman,	Graff,	Magee, C. J.,	Smith, W. W.,
Buckman,	Gyger,	Martin,	Snyder, C. A.,
Burke,	Hackett,	McKee, W. S.,	Snyder, P. W.,
Catlin,	Herbst,	Miller,	Sones,
Clark,	Hilton,	Patton,	Sproul,
Croft,	Hoke,	Phipps,	Stewart,
Daix,	Homsher,	Salus,	Thompson,
DeWitt,	Jenkins,	Schantz,	Tompkins,
Endsley,	Kline,	Semmens,	Warner,
Farley,	Kurtz,	Sensenich,	Wasbers,
Gerberich,	Lynch,	Smith, R. E.,	

NAYS.—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 172, as follows:

An Act amending the act approved the ninth day of April one thousand eight hundred sixty-two entitled "An Act to authorize the erection of a poor house by the borough of Dunmore borough of Scranton and township of Providence in the county of Luzerne" as amended by an act approved the twenty-second day of April one thousand eight hundred seventy-nine entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to authorize the erection of a poor house by the borough of Dunmore borough of Scranton and township of Providence in the county of Luzerne' approved April ninth one thousand eight hundred sixty-two" by defining the Scranton poor district providing for the election of the poor board therein defining the powers and duties of such board and abolishing the present office of poor directors

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the act approved the ninth day of April one thousand eight hundred sixty-two entitled "An act to authorize the erection of a poor house by the borough of Dunmore borough of Scranton and township of Providence in the county of Luzerne" as amended by an act approved the twenty-second day of April one thousand eight hundred seventy-nine entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An act to authorize the erection of a poor house by the borough of Dunmore borough of Scranton and township of Providence in the county of Luzerne' approved April ninth eighteen hundred and sixty-two" which as amended reads as follows

"Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That Edward Spencer of the borough of Dunmore Joseph Slocum and David K. Kresler of the borough of Scranton and Henry Griffin of the township of Providence in Luzerne county be and they are hereby appointed commissioners whose duty it shall be or a majority of them as soon after the passing of this act as practicable to determine upon and with the assent of the court of quarter sessions of said county purchase such real estate as may be necessary and proper for the accommodation of the poor of the borough of Dunmore and the borough of Scranton and the township of Providence aforesaid and it shall be lawful for said commissioners to take and receive proper conveyances therefor in the name and for the use of the corporation mentioned in the second section of this act and upon the receipt of such conveyance to execute in the name of said corporation and deliver to the vender or vendors bonds or mortgage upon said real estate to secure the payment of so much of the purchase money thereof as shall then remain unpaid and also to erect thereon suitable building for the accommodation and keeping of the poor of said boroughs and township and they are also authorized and empowered to borrow such sum or sums of money as may in their opinion be advisable and necessary not exceeding ten thousand dollars at a rate of interest not exceeding seven per centum to be used in the payment of the expense of purchasing said real estate and erecting said buildings and to secure the payment of the same by bonds and mortgages on said real estate

"Section 2 That the said Edward Spencer Joseph Slocum David K. Kresler and Henry Griffin are hereby constituted directors of the poor in the boroughs and townships aforesaid until successors are elected or appointed and qualified as hereinafter provided and they and their successors in office are hereby created a body politic and corporate in law to all intents and purposes whatever relative to the poor of said boroughs and township and shall have perpetual succession by the name style and title of the Scranton poor district and by that name may be sued plead and be impleaded receive take and hold any lands tenements and hereditaments not exceeding the yearly value of three thousand dollars to erect and keep in proper condition suitable buildings for the reception use accommodation and employment of the poor of said boroughs and township and to provide all things necessary for the lodging maintenance and employment of the poor of said boroughs and townships

"Section 3 That the said Edward Spencer Joseph Slocum David K Kresler and Henry Griffin shall continue in office as directors until the annual March election in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five at which time the qualified electors of the township of Providence shall elect one person to serve as director of the poor of said boroughs and township for the term or period of three years the said Edward Spencer the said Joseph Slocum and David K. Kresler holding over until the usual spring election for borough officers in the borough of Scranton in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six at which time the qualified electors of each of the wards of the said borough of Scranton shall elect one person to serve as director of the poor of said boroughs and township for the term or period of three years and for the purpose of ascertaining the result of said election it shall be the duty of the judges of election in the several wards of said borough to meet at the office of the Wyoming House in said borough on the day next succeeding the day of said election and to count up the votes polled in the several wards for the respective candidates for the office of director of the poor aforesaid and such candidate as shall have received the highest number of legal votes in his ward shall be declared elected and the said judges shall thereupon certify his election accordingly as well to him as to the board of directors of the poor of said boroughs and township and in case of a tie vote between the candidates for the said office in either of the said wards the burgess shall put the names of the candidates thus having received an equal number of votes for the said office respectively into a suitable box or drawer and after having fairly shaken them together shall draw therefrom the paper containing the name of one of the said candidates and such person whose name has been thus drawn shall be declared elected to the office aforesaid and the said judge in whose presence the said drawing shall always take place shall certify together with the burgess the election of said director as well to himself as to the board of directors of the poor of said boroughs and township the said Edward Spencer holding over until the usual spring election for borough officers in the borough of Dunmore in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven at which time the qualified electors of the borough of Dunmore shall elect one person to serve as director of the poor for said boroughs and township for the term or period of three years and in case of a tie vote between any candidates for the said office the same proceedings shall be had as provided herein relative to such an occurrence in the borough of Scranton and in case of a vacancy occurring in the board of directors of the poor of said boroughs and township by death resignation or otherwise it shall be the duty of the judges of the court of quarter sessions of the county of Luzerne to appoint a suitable person to fill such vacancy for the unexpired term of the director causing the same and at the usual annual March election every three years after the election in March in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five the qualified electors of the township of Providence shall elect one person to serve as director of the poor of said boroughs and townships for the term or period of three years next ensuing and the same shall be the case with the borough of Scranton and the borough of Dunmore every three years after the usual spring elections for borough officers in said boroughs in the years one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six and one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven respectively Provided That the person appointed to fill any vacancy shall reside in the borough or township for which said vacancy shall be filled And provided further That the judges of the court of quarter sessions of Luzerne county shall have power to remove any director for gross neglect of duty or other misconduct upon the petition of twenty or more of the electors of the said boroughs or township respectively on hearing of the complaint after reasonable notice to the director complained of

"Section 4 That the said directors shall before entering upon the duties of their office respectively be duly sworn or affirmed to faithfully discharge the duties of said office and the persons herein appointed directors shall as soon as they shall think proper after the passing of this act appoint a treasurer steward or superintendent collector of poor taxes and such other assistants as they shall deem necessary who shall serve until successors are appointed and in the month of January in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three and in the month of January in each year thereafter the said directors shall appoint a treasurer collector steward or superintendent physician and such other assistants as they may deem necessary to serve for one year and until successors are appointed and qualified the said treasurer and collectors to give bonds with sufficient security to be approved by the president judge of the court of common pleas of said county and filed in the office of the prothonotary of said court conditioned for the faithful performance of their respective duties in such sum as the directors shall require any of said officers or assistants may be removed by said directors for neglect of duty or for improper conduct in office and the vacancies as well as all vacancies which shall otherwise occur shall be filled by them

"Section 5 That the said directors a majority of whom shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business

shall have power annually as soon after the returns of the annual assessments in said county as is practicable to lay a rate of assessments upon all real and personal estate trades and occupations and all other matters and things made taxable under existing laws for state and county purposes in the boroughs and township aforesaid for defraying the expenses of purchasing the real estate as referred to in the first section of this act erecting said buildings and of stocking and fitting up the property of the corporation for the proper comfort and employment of the poor of said boroughs and township which shall be the same rate per centum in said boroughs and township and shall be levied upon the basis of the last adjusted valuation made for regulating county rates and levies and having caused fair duplicates of such rate or assessment by them laid to be made which shall be signed by them shall issue their warrant to the collector of such tax therein authorizing and requiring him to demand receive and collect from every person therein named the sum wherewith such person stands charged in the manner and by the same process as poor taxes are now by law collectable and the said directors shall from the time of providing by them of suitable buildings for the accommodating of said poor exercise and perform all the powers and duties which overseers of the poor may and are now required by law to exercise and perform within said boroughs and townships except so far as such acts duties and powers as are herein expressly prescribed or limited

"Section 6 That the said directors shall keep or cause to be kept a book or books in which shall be entered the name or names the age and sex and place of nativity of all and every poor person coming from either of the boroughs or township aforesaid to whom they shall give relief in the poor house aforesaid and they shall keep or cause to be kept a just and true account of the cost and expense of maintaining the poor admitted into the said poor house or relieved by the said directors from each of the said boroughs and the said township respectively and the said directors or a majority of them shall have power annually as soon after the returns of the annual assessments in said county as is practicable to lay a rate or assessment upon the real and personal estate trades and occupations and all other matters and things made taxable under existing laws for state and county purposes within the boroughs respectively aforesaid and within the township aforesaid for defraying the expenses of maintaining the poor coming from the boroughs respectively as aforesaid and from the township aforesaid which rate shall be levied upon the basis of the last adjusted valuation made for regulating county rates and levies and shall not together with the rate for which provision has been made in the preceeding section of this act exceed one cent on the dollar at one time and having caused fair duplicates of said in each of the said boroughs and townships to be made such rate or assessment by them laid on the property aforewhich shall be signed by them shall issue their warrant to the collector of such tax therein authorizing and requiring him to demand receive and collect from every person therein named the sum wherewith such person stands charged in the manner and by the same process as poor taxes are by existing laws collectable the true intent and meaning of this section being that the borough of Dunmore and the borough of Scranton and the township of Providence shall each pay the expenses of maintaining the poor at the poor house aforesaid who are received and maintained there from each of the said districts respectively and a rate or assessment shall be levied as herein provided for that purpose upon each of the said districts in the proportion accordingly

"Section 7 That the said directors shall have the exclusive power to grant exonerations for taxes levied in pursuance of this act

"Section 8 That the said directors shall keep or cause to be kept a book or books showing the amount of the taxes levied in each of said boroughs and in the said township the amount exonerated and collected in each and the amount expended in maintaining the poor from each of the said boroughs and the said township which book or books shall at all times be open to the inspection of any of the electors in the said boroughs and township

"Section 9 That the said directors shall as soon as they shall have provided suitable buildings for the accommodation of the poor of said boroughs and township file in the office of the clerk of the court of quarter sessions of Luzerne county a certificate setting forth that such buildings are ready for the reception and accommodation of said poor which certificate shall also contain a statement of the real estate purchased with a brief description of the buildings thereon the cost of procuring and fitting up the same together with the cost of stocking and fitting up the property of the corporation and they shall also thereupon give notice to the overseers of the poor of said boroughs and township of their readiness to receive and accommodate the poor thereof which said overseers are required forthwith to furnish said directors with a list of the names of the persons then a charge upon said boroughs and township respectively or receiving relief therefrom with the place of residence of each and the said directors shall thereupon cause such poor persons or such of them as they shall think it expedient to be removed to said house so provided and thereafter to be kept lodged and maintained therein so long as such persons shall continue a charge upon said borough or township and no person who shall refuse to go to said poor house or to be maintained therein shall be entitled to relief or support from said directors or from said boroughs or township during the time of such refusal Provided however That said directors may if they think proper furnish assistance and afford relief to any poor persons without requiring them to be removed to and kept at said poor house

"Section 10 That the said directors are hereby authorized to provide work and employment for such poor persons as may be able to perform any labor or pursue any employment and if any poor person unless by reason of age infancy disease infirmity or other disability shall refuse to perform such reasonable labor or service as shall be allotted to or required of him or her by said directors such person or persons shall not be entitled to or receive any relief or assistance during such refusal and shall immediately upon such refusal be discharged from said poor house

"Section 11 That the overseers of the poor and other persons having charge of the poor of the boroughs and township aforesaid shall assume as notified by the directors in the manner provided for in a preceding section of this act cease to act as averseers of the poor in said boroughs and township except so far as may be required to settle adjust and close their accounts as overseers with said boroughs and township or with persons with whom they have transacted business and they shall upon demand deliver to the said directors transcripts of all poor taxes remaining unpaid on duplicates in their hands together with all books orders papers and documents pertaining to their office as overseers and shall also pay to the said directors or to the treasurer appointed by them all the moneys unexpended in their hands belonging to the said boroughs or township and the said directors shall forwith issue their warrant to the collector for the collection of all such unpaid poor taxes which shall be collected in the same manner as is provided for the collection of taxes assessed by said directors

"Section 12 That if upon a final settlement by said overseers of the boroughs and township aforesaid of their account as overseers any balance shall be found due them or either of them the said balance shall be certified by the auditors making such settlement and thereupon the said directors are required to issue their order upon the treasurer in favor of such overseer or overseers for the amount or or amounts so certified to be due

"Section 13 That the said directors are hereby required yearly on the first Monday of January in each year to make and prepare a statement or to cause the same to be done showing the income of said real estate for the preceding year as nearly as the same can be done also the excess of the expenditures over and above said income during the said preceding year the amount and kind of personal property then on hand including grain stock and all farming implements and conveniences the number of persons admitted from each of the boroughs and township aforesaid and also the number discharged and belonging to the said boroughs and township respectively and the number belonging to each then therein the length of time each of the said persons remained and the age sex and nativity of each a just and correct account of the receipts and disbursements for each of the said boroughs and township during the preceding year which statement the said directors shall annually in the month of January in each year publish in any weekly newspaper published in either of the said boroughs in three successive issues of the same together with a statement of the aggregate amount of the receipts disbursements and expenditures of said corporation during the preceding year from any source whatever or for any cause or purpose whatsoever.

"Section 14 The judges of the court of common pleas of the county of Lackawanna are hereby authorized and empowered to appoint on the first Monday of January three competent persons residents and taxpayers of the Scranton poor district to constitute a board of auditors one to serve for one year one for two years and one for three years to settle the accounts of said district and on the first meeting of said auditors they shall determine by lot which shall serve for one year which for two years and which for three years and the judges of Lackawanna county shall appoint one auditor annually thereafter for a term of three years and the said board of auditors shall meet to settle the accounts of the directors on the second Monday of January in each year and shall receive for their service each two dollars per day for each day necessarily employed to be paid out of the funds belonging to said district and that said report of such auditors shall be sworn to by them before any alderman justice of the peace or notary public within said poor district Provided That one of the said auditors shall at all times be a resident and taxpayer of the old borough of Providence and one of the borough of Dunmore

"Section 15 That all orders issued for the relief of any poor person or persons within said boroughs or township after the filing of the certificates mentioned in a preceding section of this act shall be directed to the directors of the poor of Providence and upon the receipt of such orders said directors or any of them shall immediately proceed to inquire into the circumstances and if the person or persons therein named are found to be entitled to relief he or they shall furnish such relief or cause such person or persons to be removed or taken to said poor house and there kept and maintained until legally discharged but no person shall be discharged from said poor house unless at his or her own request except by the direction of at least two of the said directors though any one of the said directors shall have authority to direct a poor person to be admitted into the said poor house

"Section 16 That the said directors are hereby authorized to bind out poor children under their care whose parents are dead or unable to support them as apprentices in the same manner and under the same restrictions as the overseers of the poor may now by law put out such children

and the said directors shall exercise the same power and authority over all real and personal estate of any poor person under their care as is now by law vested in the overseers of the poor

"Section 17 That the compensation of the treasurer collector steward or superintendent matron physician and other officers or assistants shall be fixed by the directors and the compensation of the directors shall be fixed by the board of auditors at each yearly settlement for the next succeeding year provided that the compensation of said directors from the passage of this act until the first settlement shall be fixed by the board of auditors at the first yearly settlement the said directors to furnish the said auditors a correct account of the time and expense lost and incurred by them in attending to their duties from which account the said compensation shall be fixed and adjusted

"Section 18 That the said directors or treasurer or any one or more of the taxpayers of said boroughs or township may within thirty days from the yearly settlement by the auditors as aforesaid appeal from such settlement to the court of common pleas of Luzerne County in the same manner and under the same provisions and regulations that appeals from settlements by township auditors are now allowed

"Section 19 That no moneys shall be paid by the treasurer except upon orders drawn by the directors and signed by at least a majority of said directors

"Section 20 That the borough of Providence and the borough of Hydepark in the County of Luzerne or either of them may at any time elect to become a part of this corporation and be entitled to all the benefits and priivleges resulting therefrom and be subject to all the provisions in this act contained and for the purpose of enabling said boroughs or either of them to join said corporation it shall be lawful for the burgess and town council of said boroughs or either of them upon petition of twenty or more of the citizens thereof asking to become a part of said corporation to pass an ordinance declaring that said borough shall become a part of said corporation whereupon the burgess shall forthwith cause a copy of said ordinance to be lodged with the directors named in this act or their successors and the burgess and town council shall forthwith appoint some suitable and competent person resident therein to be director for said borough who shall hold his office for one year or until his successor shall be duly elected and qualified and at the usual spring election next succeeding said appointment the qualified electors of said borough shall elect one suitable and competent person to serve as director for the term or period of three years and the same shall be done every three years thereafter Provided That said borough or boroughs respectively shall on becoming a part of this corporation pay a full proportion of the expenses incurred in the purchase of the real estate erecting the buildings and fitting up and stocking the property and to this end a rate or assessment shall be levied upon the said boroughs or either of them in the same manner and with like force and affect as assessments are levied by virtue of the provisions hereinbefore contained in this act

"Section 21 That the expenses of the corporation so far as paying the officers and assistants costs of auditing accounts and all other matters except as hereinbefore provided shall be borne by the several boroughs and the township included herein in common and shall be paid out of the funds of the corporation to be raised in the manner hereinbefore provided and in case of any tie vote between candidates for the office of director in either the borough of Providence or Hydepark at any election for director hereafter the same shall be decided in the manner as hereinbefore provided for like occurrences in the boroughs of Dunmore and Scranton

"Section 22 That all acts of Assembly or parts of acts hereby supplied or inconsistent with this act are hereby repealed" is amended so as to read as follows

Section 1 The Scranton poor district which is hereby established shall consist of all the territory now or hereafter constituting the City of Scranton and the borough of Dunmore

This district shall be divided into seven sub-districts which shall be numbered and constituted as follows

The first sub-district shall consist of the first second and third wards of the city

The second sub-district shall consist of the seventh eighth thirtenth and sixteenth wards of the city

The third sub-district shall consist of the ninth tenth twelfth and seventeenth wards of the city

The fourth sub-district shall consist of the eleventh nineteenth and twentieth wards of the city

The fifth sub-district shall consist of the sixth fifteenth eighteenth and twenty-second wards of the city

The sixth sub-district shall consist of the fourth fifth fourteenth and twenty-first wards of the city

The seventh sub-district shall consist of the borough of Dunmore

Section 2 The poor board of said Scranton poor district hereafter designated in this act as the board shall consist of seven qualified electors one from each of said sub-districts who shall be elected as follows

At the municipal election to be held in Noyember one thousand nine hundred and fifteen there shall be elected from each of the seven sub-districts by the qualified electors thereof one qualified elector of each sub-district to represent such sub-district on the board The persons elected as directors in the first third fifth and seventh districts shall serve for the term of two years and until their successors are duly qualified

The persons elected directors in the second fourth and sixth districts shall serve for the term of four years and until their successors are duly qualified

At every succeeding municipal election an election shall be held in the proper sub-districts to fill the vacancies in the office of director for the proper district Those so elected shall serve for the term of four years

Section 3 Any vacancy occurring in the board shall be filled for the unexpired term by a majority vote of the remaining members of the board by the selection of a duly qualified elector from the proper sub-district

Section 4 Each of the members of the board shall receive an annual compensation of twelve hundred dollars ($1,200) payable quarterly

Section 5 The term of office of each director shall begin on the first Monday of January next succeeding his election

Section 6 Each member of the board before assuming the duties of his office shall take and subscribe the oath or affirmation prescribed in article seven of the Constitution of this Commonwealth The oath or affirmation so subscribed shall be filed with the clerk of court of Lackawanna county

Section 7 For each meeting regular or special from which any director shall be absent he shall forfeit the sum of ten dollars ($10) unless he can produce to the board a certificate under the oath of his regular physician to the effect that such director was physically unable to attend such meeting The said sum shall be deducted from the compensation of the director for that quarter

Section 8 Within ten days after the first Monday of January in every year the board shall organize by electing a president who shall be a member of the board a treasurer secretary collector of taxes and attorney who shall be elected for a term of one year and who shall respectively receive such compensation as shall be fixed by the board Immediately after the first organization of the board it shall elect a superintendent of the Hillside Home a resident physician and such other employes as it may deem necessary in administering the affairs of the said district These officers and employes shall serve for such terms and at such compensation as may be fixed by the board The board shall hold stated meetings at least every month and shall hold special meetings when called by the president The president shall call a special meeting when requested so to do by two members of the board Four members of the board shall constitute a quorum

Section 9 The board shall cause books to be kept showing the amount of taxes levied for poor purposes in the district the amount collected and exonerated and the amount expended in poor relief and in administering the affairs of said district The board shall keep full records of all meetings and actions All records of the board shall be in the custody of the secretary and shall at all times be open for inspection by any taxpayer of said district

Section 10 No debt shall be contracted or sanctioned except by a majority of the entire membership of the board Orders for temporary relief may be acted on and relief thereon furnished upon the direction of any member of the board Every such order for relief shall be reported by such director at the next meeting of the board and approved hereby

Section 11 No money shall be paid out by the treasurer except on warrant of the board signed by the president and secretary Each warrant shall state on its face specifically for what it is given Each warrant when filled out shall be detached from its proper stub in the warrant book Each stub which shall bear the same number as the corresponding warrant shall show the date and amount of such warrant and in itemized detail for what the same shall have been given

Section 12 The board shall lay annually a rate of assessment upon all property real and personal and on all trades and occupations for the proper relief and employment of the poor in said district This rate shall be levied upon the county valuation last preceding such assessment The board shall cause duplicates of such rate to be made and shall issue its warrant to the proper collector of poor tax requiring him to collect from every person firm or corporation named in such duplicate the sum wherewith such person firm or corporation stands charged in the manner and by the same process as poor taxes are now by law collectible The board shall exercise all the powers and perform all the duties which overseers of the poor may or are now by law required to exercise and perform within said district except as herein expressly prescribed or limited

Section 13 The board shall have exclusive power to grant exonerations for taxes levied in pursuance of this act

Section 14 The board may extend relief to every poor person who shall have a legal settlement in the district Such relief may be extended by requiring such person to be removed to the house or home provided for the poor or by furnishing relief or assistance to any poor person without requiring him or her to be so removed No person shall be entitled to relief if such person shall refuse to go to such home when so ordered by the board

Section 15 All orders issued for the relief of any poor person in the district shall be directed to the board Upon receipt of any such order the board or any member thereof shall immediately inquire into the circumstances and if the person or persons named therein shall be entitled to relief every such person shall receive relief or shall be removed to the home and there properly kept and maintained until legally discharged

Section 16 The board may provide work or employment for poor persons who are able to perform any labor or pursue any employment If any poor person unless incapacitated by infancy age disease or other disability shall refuse to perform such reasonable labor or service as shall be allotted to or required of such person he or she shall not be entitled to receive any relief during such refusal and shall on the continuance of such refusal be discharged from said house or home

Section 17 The board may bind out as apprentice any poor child under its care whose parents are dead or unable to support it Such binding out shall be done in the same manner and under the same restrictions as are or may be prescribed by law

Section 18 The board shall exercise the same power and authority over all real and personal estate of any poor person removed to such home as is or may hereafter be by law vested in overseers of the poor

Section 19 Except by a majority vote of the board no person shall be discharged from the home unless on the request of such persons or on the refusal of such persons to perform such labor or service allotted to or required of such person

Section 20 The board shall cause to be prepared immediately after the first of January in each year a statement showing

(1) An itemized list of receipts during the preceding year

(2) An itemized list of expenditures during the preceding year

(3) An itemized list of all exonorations granted during the preceding year

(4) The income from all real estate during the preceding year
(5) The amount and kind of personal property belonging to the district then on hand
(6) The number of persons to whom outdoor relief has been given during the year giving the age sex and birth place of such persons
(7) The number of person admitted to the home during the year the number discharged the number of persons who have died in the home and the number in the home at the end of the year This statement shall include the age sex birth place and the sub-district from which each person shall have come

This statement shall thereupon be published once a week for three successive weeks in two daily newspapers of said district having a general circulation in such district

Section 21 The court of common pleas of Lackawanna county shall on the first Monday of January one thousand nine hundred and sixteen appoint three competent electors of the district to constitute a board of auditors One of said auditors shall be an elector of the borough of Dunmore The court shall designate one of such auditors to serve for one year one for two years and one for three years Annually thereafter said court shall appoint one competent elector of the district to serve as auditor for three years The board of auditors shall meet on the second Monday of January in each year or oftener if thereto required and examine and audit all the accounts of the said poor board and make a report thereof Such report shall be sworn to and subscribed by the auditors before any alderman justice of the peace or notary public of the district Each auditor shall receive the sum of five dollars ($5.00) for each day necessarily employed by him in the performance of his duties This compensation shall be paid out of the funds of the district If any auditor shall fail or refuse to perform any of the duties herein prescribed his office shall by the other auditors be declared vacant Any vacancy occurring in the office of auditor shall be filled by the court on the petition of the remaining auditors Each auditor before assuming the duties of his office shall take the oath or affirmation prescribed by the Constitution of this Commonwealth

Section 22 The board or the treasurer thereof or any tax-payer of the district may within thirty days after the annual settlement of the auditors appeal from such settlement to the said court in the same manner and under the same regulations as appeals from settlements of township auditors are now allowed

Section 23 The present offices of directors of the poor of Scranton poor district are hereby abolished on the first Monday of January one thousand nine hundred and sixteen at which time they shall turn over to such elected board all real and personal property of the present Scranton poor district

Section 24 All acts or parts of act inconsistent with any of the provisions of this act are repealed

And said bill having been read at length the third time,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill?

Mr. LYNCH. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to amend section 1, line 597, by striking out the word "be" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "by."

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

The amendment was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading as amended?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended be printed for the use of the Senate.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 179, entitled:

An Act empowering municipal corporations to construct and maintain street railway tracks and equipment for the operation of street cars and to lease said tracks and equipment upon payment of a reasonable rental to persons or corporations desiring to use the same for the operation of street cars

The first section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That municipal corporations are hereby empowered to construct and maintain street railway tracks with such curves switches connections and sidings and other appurtenances as may be deemed necessary upon streets alleys and other highways within said municipalities where street railway tracks have not been laid nor has the said municipality authorized the laying of any tracks thereon by any other person or corporation Said municipal corporations may also construct and maintain such poles wires or other overhead surface or sub-surface structures as may be necessary to provide for the operation of cars over said tracks by electricity or otherwise

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I move to amend section 1, line 4, by striking out the words "municipal corporation" and inserting in lieu thereof "cities of the second class."

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The second section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 2 Said municipal corporations are hereby empowered and authorized to lease said tracks and equipment to other persons or corporations authorized by law to maintain and operate street passenger railways upon such terms and conditions as may be agreed upon Provided however that the amount of the annual rental to be paid therefor shall in no case be less than an amount sufficient to pay all annual maintenance and renewal charges on account of said construction and in addition thereto not less than six per centum per annum interest upon the cost of the construction of said tracks and equipment

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I move to amend section 2 line 1, by striking out the words "municipal corporations" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "cities of the second class."

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The third section of the bill was read as follows and agreed to:

Section 3 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

The title of the bill was read as follows:

An Act empowering municipal corporations to construct and maintain street railway tracks and equipment for the operation of street cars and to lease said tracks and equipment upon payment of a reasonable rental to persons or corporations desiring to use the same for the operation of street cars

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the title?

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I move to amend the title in line 1 by striking out the words "municipal corporations" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "cities of the second class."

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. Presdent, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the title as amended?

It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 180, entitled:

An Act to amend the first second and third sections of an act approved the eighteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act authorizing any county and city in any county in which the county seat is within the limits of such city to erect a joint county and municipal building providing for the conditions under which such building may be erected and for the ownership thereof providing for the selection of a site for said building and authorizing said county and city to make a sale or exchange of properties under certain conditions for the purpose of securing such site authorizing the acquisition of additional property for such building by purchase or condemnation and authorizing the county to issue bonds in payment of any indebtedness incurred for a share of the cost of such building and land" by conferring upon such county and city additional powers relating to the design construction use administration operation and maintenance of such joint county and municipal building and also if deemed advisable for an independent power plant in connection therewith

The first section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section one of an act approved the eighteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act authorizing any county and city in any county in which the county seat is within the limits of such city to erect a joint county and municipal building providing for the conditions under which such building may be erected and for the ownership thereof providing for the selection of a site for said building and authorizing said county and city to make a sale or exchange of properties under certain conditions for the purpose of securing such site authorizing the acquisition of additional property for such building by purchase or condemnation and authorizing the county to issue bonds in payment of any indebtedness incurred for its share of the cost of such building and land with reads as follows

Section 1 That in each county of this Commonwealth where the county seat is within the limits of any city the county commissioners and the corporate authorities of such city shall have the power and they are hereby authorized to agree upon a site within the limits of such city and to erect thereon a joint county and municipal building to be used by the county for court house and other county purposes and to be used by the city for municipal purposes The county commissioners and the corporate authorities of such city shall agree upon and adopt plans for such building which shall show the part thereof selected by the county commissioners to be used for court house and other county purposes and the part thereof selected by the corporate authorities of such city to be used for municipal purposes The building shall be so constructed as to permit of an apportionment of the cost of that part of the building selected and occupied by each and the cost of the building shall be paid for by each in accordance with such apportionment and the county and city own in severalty the part of the building selected by each and the land upon which such part of the building so selected is constructed is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 1 That in each county of this Commonwealth where the county seat is within the limits of any city the county commissioners and the proper corporate authorities of such city shall have the power and they are hereby authorized to agree upon a site within the limits of such city and to erect thereon a joint county and municipal building to be used by the county for court house and other purposes and to be used by the city for municipal purposes

The land upon which said building shall be erected shall be owned in severalty by such county and city and the part of such building which shall stand upon the land owned in severalty by the county shall belong in severalty to the county and the part of such building which shall stand upon the land owned in severalty by the city shall belong in severalty to the city The county commissioners of such county and the corporate authorities of such city shall choose such site and shall determine the parts of the land so chosen which shall be owned in severalty by each and when this has been done and the erection of such joint building has been agreed upon they shall agree upon and adopt plans for such joint building The building may be so designed and constructed that part of the building on the land owned by each shall be used by each respectively or the building may be so designed and constructed as to permit of the use by the county of any portion or portions of the part of the building owned by the city and likewise to permit of the use by the city of any portion or portions of the part of the building owned by the county and whether so specially designed or not the county commissioners and corporate authorities of such city shall have the power and they are hereby authorized to permit of the use by the county of any portion or portions of the part of the building owned by the city and likewise to permit of the use by the city of any portion or portions of the part of the building owned by the county upon such terms and conditions as may be in the judgment of the county commissioners and the corporate authorities just and reasonable The building shall be so constructed as to permit of an apportionment of the cost of the part thereof owned respectively by such county and city and the building shall be paid for in accordance with such apportionment

The county commissioners of such county and the corporate authorities of such city may provide that the corridors stairways and elevators be used in common by both county and city They may install for the whole building a single system of lighting heat ventilation and plumbing and for other general equipment which shall be used in common by the county and the city They may provide that the mechanical plants and power plants necessary for the elevators lighting heating ventilating plumbing and cleaning and the plants necessary for all other general equipment be located partly in a portion of the part of the building owned by each or that such plants or general equipment be located wholly in the part of the building owned by the county or wholly in the part of the building owned by the city in such a manner as to conveniently serve all portions of the building and such plants or general equipment shall be considered and regarded as fixtures for the use and benefit of the whole building and shall be paid for by the county and city in such equitable proportions as the county commissioners and proper executive officers of such city shall agree upon If however the county commissioners and the corporate authorities of such city do not deem it advisable to provide such plants or any of them they may secure light heat or power for said building in such manner as to them may seem most advantageous and may for said purposes either jointly or separately acquire other land in the vicinity of the joint county and municipal building and construct thereon or on land belonging to either or both jointly or separately mechanical plants and power plants for the purpose of supplying light heat and power to said joint building The same to be supplied at such terms and conditions as may be in the judgment of the county commissioners and the corporate authorities just and reasonable

The administration maintenance control and operation of such joint building shall be and is hereby vested in the county commissioners and the proper executive officers of such city and they shall exercise the powers and rights in relation thereto in such manner as the county commissioners and the proper executive officers of such city may from time to time agree upon

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I move to amend section 1 in line 16, by insertng double quotation mark after the word line 16, by inserting double quotation mark after the word before the word "section;" also in line 36 by inserting double quotation mark after the word "constructed."

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The second section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 2 The second section of said act which reads as follows

Section 2 It shall be lawful and the county commissioners and the corporate authorities of such city are hereby authorized and empowered to choose for the site of such joint county and municipal building land owned and held by the county or land owned and held by the city Whenever the cite chosen as aforesaid consists of land owned and held by the county it shall be lawful for the county commissioners of such county and they are hereby authorized and empowered to convey in fee to such city at private sale and upon a fair valuation so much of said land as may be necessary for the purpose of erecting the portion of the joint building to be used by the city It shall be lawful for the corporate officials of such city and they are hereby authorized and empowered to pay in cash for said land or in their discretion to convey in fee to the county at private sale and at a fair valuation in exchange for the conveyance to the city of the land aforesaid any loan owned by the city which in the estimation of the corporate authorities of such city is not needed for municipal purposes The land or any part thereof so conveyed to the county may be held and used by the county for county purposes or if in the estimation of the county commissioners it is not needed for such purposes it may be sold by the county commissioners at either public or private sale

Whenever the site chosen as aforesaid consists of land owned and held by the city it shall be lawful for the corporate authorities of such city and they are hereby authorized and empowered to convey in fee to such county at private sale and upon a fair valuation so much of said land as may be necessary for the purpose of erecting thereon the portion of the joint building to be used by the county It shall also be lawful for the county commissioners of such county and they are hereby authorized and empowered to pay in cash for said land or in their discretion to convey in fee to the city at private sale and upon a fair valuation in exchange for the conveyance to the county of the land aforesaid any land owned by the county which in the estimation of the county commissioners is not needed for county purposes The land or any part thereof so conveyed to the city may be held and used by the city for municipal purposes or if in the estimation of the corporate authorities of such city it is not needed for such purposes it may be sold by the corporate authorities of such city at either public or private sale" is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 2 It shall be lawful and the county commissioners and the corporate authorities of such city are hereby authorized and empowered to choose for the site of such joint county and municipal building land owned and held by the county or land owned and held by the city Whenever the site chosen as aforesaid consists of land owned and held by the county it shall be lawful for the county commissioners of such county and they are hereby authorized and empowered to convey in fee to such city at private sale and upon a fair valuation so much of said land as may be necessary for the purpose of erecting the portion of the joint building to be owned by the city It shall be lawful for the corporate officials of such city and they are hereby authorized and empowered to pay in cash for said land or in their discretion to convey in fee to the county at private sale and at a fair valuation in exchange for the conveyance to the city of the land aforesaid any land owned by the city which in the estimation of the corporate authorities of such city is not needed for municipal purposes The land or any part thereof so conveyed to the county may be held and used by the county for county purposes or if in the estimation of the county commissioners it is not needed

for such purposes it may be sold by the county commissioners at either public or private sale

Whenever the site chosen as aforesaid consists of land owned and held by the city it shall be lawful for the corporate authorities of such city and they are hereby authorized and empowered to convey in fee to such county at private sale and upon a fair valuation so much of said land land as may be necessary for the purpose of erecting thereon the portion of the joint building to be owned by the county It shall also be lawful for the county commissioners of such county and they are hereby authorized and empowered to pay in cash for said land or in their discretion to convey in fee to the city at private sale and upon a fair valuation in exchange for the conveyance to the county of the land aforesaid any land owned by the county which in the estimation of the county commissioners is not needed for county purposes The land or any part thereof so conveyed to the city may be held and used by the city for municipal purposes or if in the estimation of the corporate authorities of such city it is not needed for such purposes it may be sold by the corporate authorities of such city at either public or private sale

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I move to amend section 2 in line 2, by inserting double quotation mark before the word "Section;" also in line 17 by striking out the word "loan" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "land."

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The third section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 3 The third section of said act which reads as follows

Section 3 Any sale or conveyance of land made pursuant to the provisions of this act shall be subject to the approval of the court of common pleas of the proper county of the price agreed to be paid therefor and the terms and conditions thereof The county commissioners shall also submit to the court aforesaid for its approval the plans adopted for the part of such building selected by the county and when such approval is obtained the county commissioners shall have full authority to erect the part so selected in conjunction with the part so selected by the city on the site chosen and in the manner aforesaid The county commissioners and the corporate authorities for the construction of such building are authorized and empowered to enter into a joint contract for the payment of the whole or a several contract for the payment by each of their proportionate share of the cost of such building and they are further authorized and empowered to make such other agreements and to do such other acts as may be necessary to fully exercise the powers herein conferred is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 3 Any sale on conveyance of land made pursuant to the provisions of this act shall be subject to the approval of the majority of the judges of the court of common pleas of the proper county of the price agreed to be paid therefor and the terms and conditions thereof The county commissioners shall also submit to the judges aforesaid for their approval the plans adopted for the part of the building to be owned by the county and also the portion of the building if any to be used by the county in the part to be owned by such city and when such approval is obtained the county commissioiners shall have full authority to erect the part to be owned by the county in conjunction with the erection by the city of the part to be owned by the city on the site chosen and in the manner aforesaid The county commissioners and the corporate authorities for the construction of such building are authorized and empowered to enter into a joint contract for the payment of the whole or a several contract for the payment by each of their proportionate share of the cost of such building and they are further authorized and empowered to make such other agreements and to do such other acts as may be necessary to fully exercise the powers herein conferred

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I move to amend section 3 in line 3, by inserting double quotation mark before the word "Section;" also in line 19 by inserting double quotation marks after the word "conferred."

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The title of the bill was read as follows and agreed to.

An Act to amend the first second and third sections of an act approved the eighteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act authorizing any county and city in any county in which the county seat is within the limits of such city to erect a joint county and municipal building providing for the conditions under which such building may be erected and for the ownership thereof providing for the selection of a site for said building and authorizing said county and city to make a sale or exchange of properties under certain conditions for the purpose of securing such site authorizing the acquisition of additional property for such building by purchase or condemnation and authorizing the county to issue bonds in payment of any indebtedness incurred for its share of the cost of such building and land" by conferring upon such county and city additional powers relating to the design construction use administration operation and maintenance of such joint county and municipal building and also if deemed advisable for an independent power plant in connection therewith

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 181, entitled:

An Act authorizing and empowering municipalities to construct and for this purpose to procure locations therefor by purchase or condemnation proceedings in fee simple as herein provided or to acquire by lease purchase condemnation or otherwise and to maintain and operate underground street passenger railways or subways whether the same be wholly within or partly within and partly without the limits of the municipality and also street passenger railways or elevated railways connecting therewith or exchanging passengers with said underground street railway and to lease the underground street railway and any surface or elevated street railway connecting therewith to corporations or individuals with the right in the municipalities to charge an additional sum for each passenger using the subway to meet the interest and sinking fund charges on the cost of the subway and conferring upon said municipalities all the rights and powers conferred upon corporations under the act of June seventh one thousand nine hundred and one entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and government of passenger railways either elevated or underground or partly elevated and partly underground with surface rights (Pamphlet Laws five hundred and twenty-three) and supplements and amendments thereto"

The first section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That municipalities are hereby authorized and empowered to construct or to acquire by lease purchase condemnation or otherwise underground street passenger railways or subways whether the same be wholly within or partly within and partly without the limits of the municipality and also street passenger railways or elevated railways connecting therewith or exchanging passengers with said underground street railway and to maintain and operate the same

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I move to amend section 1 in line 5, by inserting after the word "lease" the word "or;" also in line 5 by striking out the words "condemnation or otherwise."

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The second, third, fourth, and fifth sections of the bill were read as follows and agreed to.

Section 2 Said municipalities shall have the right to enact ordinances providing for the laying out of routes or locations for said underground street passenger railways or subways and connecting street passenger railways or elevated railways

Section 3 In case the municipalities desire to obtain any lands or properties necessary for the construction or operation of said railways and are unable to agree with the owner or owners upon the price to be paid therefor the court of common pleas of the county wherein said underground street passenger railway is located or any law judge in vacation on application therefor by petition of said municipalities shall appoint three discreet and disinterested persons as viewers and appoint a time not less than ten or more than twenty days thereafter when said viewers shall meet and inspect the property appropriated or intended to be appropriated by said municipality

Section 4 Said viewers having been duly sworn or affirmed justly and impartially to decide and a true report to make concerning all matters to be submitted to them and in relation to which they are authorized to inquire in pursuance of the provisions of this act and having viewed the premises shall hear all parties interested and their wit-

nesses and shall estimate and determine the damages for the property taken and to whom the same is payable and prepare a schedule thereof and give notice to all parties interested of the time (not less than ten days thereafter) and of the place where they shall meet and exhibit the schedule and hear all objections thereto and evidence Notice of the time and place of said meeting shall be given by personal service upon all parties in interest or their attorneys of record After making whatever changes are deemed necessary said viewers shall make report to the court showing the damages allowed and to whom the same are payable and file therewith a plan showing said premises

Section 5 If the compensation to be paid for any lands or property which the municipality desires to obtain for said purposes cannot be agreed upon between the owners thereof and such municipality and if the municipality desires to take possession of such property it shall be lawful for it at any time after the appointment of said viewers to tender its bond with surety as security to the owner or owners of such lands or property the condition of which shall be that the said municipality shall pay or cause to be paid such amount of damages as the owner or owners thereof shall be entitled to receive after the same shall have been agreed upon by the parties or awarded in the manner provided by this act In case the owner or owners of such property refuse to or do not accept said bond the said municipality shall give the owner or owners thereof written notice of the time when the same shall be presented for approval and said bond shall be presented to the court in which the said petition for the appointment of viewers has been filed and when approved said bond shall be filed in the said court for the benefit of said owner or owners and upon the approval of said bonds said municipality may enter upon appropriate take hold use and control such lands or property and shall hold the same in fee simple

The sixth section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 6 Upon the report of said viewers or any two of them being filed in said court either party may within thirty days thereafter file exceptions to the same and the court shall have power to confirm said report or to modify change or otherwise correct the same or refer the same back to the same or new viewers with like power as to their report or within thirty days from the filing of any report in court or the final confirmation thereof either party may appeal and demand a trial by jury and either party may within thirty days after final decree have an appeal to the Superior or Supreme Court according to law upon final confirmation in any of the cases provided in this section the award shall be a good and valid judgment against the said municipality The court of common pleas shall have power to order what notices shall be given in connection with any part of said proceedings and may make all such orders as it may deem requisite

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I move to amend section 6 in line 16, by inserting after the word "requisite" the words "any damages that may accrue to any property by reason of the aforesaid improvements, or any of them, shall be ascertained and determined in the same manner as herein provided where land or property is taken or in the same manner as is now or may hereafter be provided by law for ascertaining and determining damages for the taking, injuring and destruction of property.

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The seventh, eighth, ninth and tenth sections of the bill were read as follows and agreed to:

Section 7 Said municipalities shall also have the power to lease to corporations or individuals the railways owned leased or otherwise acquired or controlled by the municipality upon such terms and conditions as may be agreed upon

Section 8 The municipality shall also have the right in addition to any charges made by an operating or leasing company to charge an additional sum not exceeding two (2) cents per passenger for the use of the said underground railway or subway to meet the interest and sinking fund charges on the cost thereof

Section 9 In addition to the powers herein enumerated said municipality owning or controlling said underground street railway together with any surface or elevated street railway connected therewith shall have the rights and powers of underground or elevated passenger railway companies under an act approved June seventh one thousand nine hundred and one (Pamphlet Laws five hundred and twenty-three) entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and government of passenger railways either elevated or underground or partly elevated and partly underground with surface rights

Section 10 Any acts or parts of acts conflicting herewith be and the same hereby repealed

The title of the bill was read as follows:

An Act authorizing and empowering municipalities to construct and for this purpose to procure locations therefor by purchase or condemnation proceedings in fee simple as herein provided or to acquire by lease purchase condemnation or otherwise and to maintain and operate underground street passenger railways or subways whether the same be wholly within or partly within and partly without the limits of the municipality and also street passenger railways or elevated railways connecting therewith or exchanging passengers with said underground street railway and to lease the underground street railway and any surface or elevated street railway connecting therewith to corporations or individuals with the right in the municipalities to charge an additional sum for each passenger using the subway to meet the interest and sinking fund charges on the cost of the subway and conferring upon said municipalities all the rights and powers conferred upon corporations under the act of June seventh one thousand nine hundred and one entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and government of passenger railways either elevated or underground or partly elevated and partly underground with surface rights" pamphlet laws five hundred and twenty-three and supplements and amendments thereto

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the title?

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I move to amend the title in line 4, by inserting the word "or" after the word "lease" also in line 4, by striking out the words "condemnation or otherwise."

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the title as amended?

It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 262 (House Bill No. 66), entitled:

An Act making a deficiency appropriation to the trustees of Temple University

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 5, entitled:

An Act fixing a uniform time for the withdrawal of candidates at all elections

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 26, entitled:

An Act relating to roads in townships and prescribing the duties of commissioners and supervisors

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 86, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to refund to Lynford Biddle of Philadelphia certain moneys erroneously paid into the State treasury

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 88, entitled:

An Act relating to the competency of witnesses and to the rules of evidence in proceedings arising from the exercise of the right of eminent domain

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 116, entitled:

An Act to exempt from the payment of inheritance taxes bequests and devises to institutions of purely public charity

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 129, entitled:

An Act defining acid treated lubricating oil designating the name by which it shall be known regulating the sale and labelling of the same so as to prevent fraud and deception in its sale providing penalty for violations of this act and the methods of procedure for its enforcement

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. PHIPPS. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 129, the bill just read, be recommitted to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, I second the motion.
The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 141, entitled:

An Act to regulate the practice of optometry in Pennsylvania defining optometry and relating to the right to practice optometry in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and making certain exceptions and providing a Bureau of Optometrical Education Examination and Licensure as a bureau of the Department of Public Instruction and means and methods whereby the right to practice optometry may be obtained and providing for the means to carry out the provisions of this act and providing for revocation or suspension of licenses given by said bureau and providing penalties for violations thereof and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent therewith

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. GERBERICH. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 141, the bill just read, be recommitted to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I second the motion.
The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 149, entitled:

An Act regulating the display or exhibit for sale of food and imposing penalties

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 159 (House Bill No. 43), entitled:

An Act authorizing Peter C. Kuhn of Scranton Lackawanna county to sue the Commonwealth

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 184 (House Bill No. 20), entitled:

An Act authorizng cities of the third class wherein the title to the water-works therein located is in the city to extend their pipes and improvements beyond the city limits and supply water to persons corporations and municipalities within the county and regulating the supply of water

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration Senate Bill No. 242, entitled:

An Act to amend "A Supplement to an act relative to the qualifications and powers of road jurors in the city of Philadelphia approved May sixth Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred seventy-one

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. CLARK. Mr. President. I move that Senate Bill No. 242, the bill just read, be recommitted to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. GRAFF. Mr. President, I second the motion.
The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 203, entitled:

An Act prohibiting executor, executors, trustee or trustees or any other holding property in trust for charitable use, objects and purposes, or the like, who have discretion to select the beneficiary or beneficiaries of the trust, from selecting a beneficiary or beneficiaries outside of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania when the will or other instrument creating the trust does not designate where the beneficiary shall be located and the donor was a resident of Pennsylvania at the time of creating the trust and making such person or persons personally liable to the Commonwealth for sums hereinafter paid out in violation of this act and providing a method for collection of the same by the Commonwealth.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 212, entitled:

An Act to amend sections four and eight of an act approved the twenty-fifth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen Pamphlet Laws one thousand two hundred sixty-seven entitled "An Act providing for the printing binding and distribution of two publications heretofore published by the State namely 'Pennsylvania at Gettysburg' and 'report of the commission to locate the sites of the frontier forts of Pennsylvania' also providing for additions to said reports and for the editing proofreading and indexing thereof and making appropriations for said work"

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 215, entitled:

An Act vesting in county commissioners certain powers relative to public monuments

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 217, entitled:

A supplement to an act approved the 14th day of April, 1851, entitled "An Act relating to the commencement of actions to judgments and decrees for the payment of money to the widows and children of decedents, to partitions in the common pleas relative to penalties on telegraph operators, to pleadings in certain actions of debt, to actions of ejectments, to the protection of fences, to partnerships, to limitations of writs of entry in manors, lands and tenements, to the exemption laws, to reports of the Supreme Court, to appeals relating to wards, boroughs, and township officers, to the acknowledgements of deeds and sequestration of life estates," providing a method of allowing a widow's exemption where the property consists of real estate not readily divided.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 219, entitled:

An Act authorizing the appointment by the Director of the Legislative Reference Bureau of a custodian and assistant custodian of the law labrary and a night watchman in the bureau and fixing their salaries

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 247, entitled:

Joint resolution authorizing the printing and binding of the report of the commission to consider the revision and amendment of the penal laws of Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 263 (House Bill No. 76), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to refund to the Crawford County Trust Company a corporation of Meadville Crawford county Pennsylvania moneys erroneously paid into the State treasury

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. THOMPSON. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 160, on third reading postponed for the present, entitled:

An Act to amend section one of article eight section two of article eight section four of article eight section six of article eight rule one of article twelve rule three of article five rule seventeen of article twelve rule twenty of article twelve rule thirty-five of article twelve rule thirty-six of article twelve rule forty-five of article twelve section four of article thirteen section eight of article seventeen and article eighteen of an act entitled an act "To provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the anthracite coal mines of Pennsylvania and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith" approved the second day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred ninety-one

be recommitted to the Committee on Mines and Mining for the purpose of a hearing.

Mr. TOMPKINS. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

CORRECTIONS IN WORKMEN'S COMPENSATION ACT.

The PRESIDENT. The Attorney-General, who has prepared the Workmen's Compensation Bill, submitted for the information of the members of the Legislature, asks that attention be called to an error on page 40 of the pamphlet, in that the word "not" should be inserted after the word "shall" in the last line of the first part of section 310; also that on page 66, section 410, the third word of that section should be the word "after" instead of the word "before" and that the section should read "on or after the fourteenth day."

COMMUNICATIONS FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Chair cleared his table and laid before the Senate communication in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, filed with the Chief Clerk during the interim, which was read as follows:

VETO OF RESOLUTION PROVIDING FOR ADDITIONAL OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES IN THE SENATE AND HOUSE.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, February 18, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen: I return herewith, without my approval, Concurrent Resolution from the Senate and House of Representatives, providing "That the President pro tem. and the Chief Clerk of the Senate be authorized to employ in the Senate, and the Speaker and the Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives be authorized to employ in the House, such additional officers and employes as they may deem expedient to expedite the business of the present session, and the compensation and mileage of such additional officers and employes shall be provided for in the supplement to the General Appropriation Act of 1913."

I withhold my approval from this Resolution, for the reason that I am not convinced of the necessity for such additional officers and employes.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

On the question,

Shall the resolution pass, the objections of the Governor to the contrary notwithstanding?

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I move that the question together with the further consideration of this resolution be postponed for the present.

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

RESOLUTION REQUESTING THE GOVERNOR TO INVITE EX-PRESIDENT WILLIAM HOWARD TAFT TO ADDRESS THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

He also laid before the Senate communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has concurred in resolution from the Senate as follows:

In the Senate, February 16, 1915.

Whereas, The Honorable William H. Taft, former President of the United States, is expected to visit Harrisburg, on the fifteenth day of April next; and

Whereas, It is the desire of the Legislature of Pennsylvania now in session that ex-President Taft should visit the Capitol and, if agreeable to him, address the Senate and House of Representatives in joint session; therefore, be it

Resolved, if the House of Representatives concur, That the Governor of the Commonwealth be requested to invite Mr. Taft to make such a visit as the guest of the Commonwealth and to address the General Assembly at such time during his visit as may best suit his convenience.

COMMUNICATIONS FROM THE GOVERNOR.

He also laid before the Senate communications in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which were read as follows:

NOTARIES PUBLIC.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, March 1, 1915

The Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen: In conformity with law I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons to be Notaries Public for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, for the term of four years, to compute from the dates set opposite their names, respectively:

ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

H. W. Douglass, McKeesport, March 19, 1915.
Leroy M. Stephens, Pittsburgh, March 19, 1915.
Wm. F. Sommers, Pittsburgh, March 20, 1915.
Harry L. McGuire, West Elizabeth, March 22, 1915.
John Weaver, Pittsburgh, March 28, 1915.
S. I. Aronson, Pittsburgh, March 28, 1915.
C. P. Brainard, Pittsburgh, March 29, 1915.
Fred Golden, Pittsburgh, March 29, 1915.

ARMSTRONG COUNTY

James Rayburn, Kittanning, March 20, 1915.

BEAVER COUNTY.

A. R. Leyda, Beaver Falls, March 5, 1915.
E. H. Ward, New Brighton, March 15, 1915.

BERKS COUNTY.

Harry Egolf, Reading, March 20, 1915.
Adam L. Otterbein, Reading, March 21, 1915.

BUCKS COUNTY.

Miss Margaret F. Leatherman, Bristol, March 26, 1915.

CHESTER COUNTY.

Miss Mabel E. Entrokin, Coatesville, March 17, 1915.

CLEARFIELD COUNTY.

James K. Horton, Clearfield, March 14, 1915.

DAUPHIN COUNTY.

Edmund A. Sexton, Harrisburg, March 20, 1915.

DELAWARE COUNTY.

Jos. P. Swope, Darby, March 11, 1915.
Albert E. Holl, Media, March 16, 1915.

ERIE COUNTY.

T. S. Woodruff, Girard, March 9, 1915.
Herman J. Crutze, Erie, March 18, 1915.

LACKAWANNA COUNTY.

W. J. Appleman, Throop, March 7, 1915.
Philip V. Mattes, Scranton, March 28, 1915.

LANCASTER COUNTY.

T. Roberts Appel, Lancaster, March 12, 1915.
I. C. Arnold, Lancaster, March 12, 1915.

LEBANON COUNTY.

Samuel H. Bentz, Lebanon, March 14, 1915.

LUZERNE COUNTY.

William W. Cooper, Ashley, March 7, 1915.
William J. Trembath, Wilkes-Barre, March 9, 1915.
Edward T. Royer, Hazleton, March 29, 1915.

MIFFLIN COUNTY.

E. Bruce Alexander, Union Twp., March 26, 1915.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY.

John M. Dettra, Norristown, March 16, 1915.

NORTHAMPTON COUNTY.

James D. Faust, Bethlehem, March 12, 1915.
Charles B. Brunner, Easton, March 16, 1915.
George H. Leh, Bangor, March 28, 1915.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY.

Frank Brooks Kelly, Philadelphia, March 5, 1915.
J. Willison Smith, Philadelphia, March 6, 1915.
Thomas A. Somers, Philadelphia, March 6, 1915.
Boyd L. Spahr, Philadelphia, March 6, 1915.
Willard E. Barcus, Philadelphia, March 7, 1915.
John M. Dredger, Jr., Philadelphia, March 7, 1915.
Samuel S. McCloskey, Philadelphia, March 7, 1915.
Oliver S. Keely, Philadelphia, March 8, 1915.
Robert T. Mitchell, Philadelphia, March 8, 1915.
Romeo J. Neri, Philadelphia, March 9, 1915.
Miss Eliza J. Wilkinson, Philadelphia, March 12, 1915.
Lawrence Farrell, Philadelphia, March 13, 1915.
Chas. Fred Millet, Philadelphia, March 20, 1915.
John J. Minnick, Philadelphia, March 21, 1915.
Francis M. Brower, Jr., Philadelphia, March 28, 1915.
Andrew F. Gallagher, Philadelphia, March 29, 1915.

SCHULYKILL COUNTY.

Charles S. Henry, Tower City, March 16, 1915.

SOMERSET COUNTY.

Robert Cook, Meyersdale, March 26, 1915.

UNION COUNTY.

Theodore W. Bostian, Kelly Twp., March 29, 1915.

WESTMORELAND COUNTY.

G. A. McDowell, Greensburg, March 14, 1915.

YORK COUNTY.

J. A. Miller, Red Lion, March 6, 1915.
John E. Lowe, New Freedom, March 11, 1915.
George S. Dellinger, York, March 17, 1915.
George F. Saubel, York, March 24, 1915.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, March 1, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons to be Notaries Public for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, for the term of four years, to compute from the date of their confirmation:

ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

Waldo P. Breeden, Pittsburgh.
Felidio Canuti, Pittsburgh.
Giuseppe Cuda, Pittsburgh.
Wm. M. Duff, Pittsburgh.
R. Frank, Pittsburgh.
Herman W. Klein, Pittsburgh.
David L. Lawrence, Pittsburgh.
Miss Ella J. Letzkus, Pittsburgh.
S. Lee McBride, Pittsburgh.
D. McKitrick, Pittsburgh.
J. G. Miliauckas, Pittsburgh.
Arthur D. Rodgers, Pittsburgh.
L. M. Sarraf, Pittsburgh.
Walter W. Schlegel, Pittsburgh.
Winfield Scott Walsh, Pittsburgh.
James L. Weldon, Pittsburgh.

BEAVER COUNTY.

Howard L. Crimmell, Monaca.

BERKS COUNTY.

Matteo Albert, Reading.
Irvin D. Bertram, Reading.
Paul A. Eben, Reading.

BLAIR COUNTY.

Charles M. Kurtz, Altoona.
Matthew M. Morrow, Altoona.

BRADFORD COUNTY.

Lee Brooks, Canton.

BUTLER COUNTY.

James E. Marshall, Butler.

CAMBRIA COUNTY.

E. Sandford Henry, Portago.
George M. Lang, Cresson.
J. E. McCartney, East Conemaugh.

CHESTER COUNTY.

Leo A. Gotwals, Phoenixville.

CLEARFIELD COUNTY.

G. P. Kolbe, Clearfield.
Harry F. Wallace, Clearfield.

DAUPHIN COUNTY.

Christian L. Brinser, Harrisburg.
Fred O. Miller, Harrisburg.
Harry S. Gilbert, Millersburg.
Marko Kofalt, Steelton.
John W. Metzger, Middletown.

DELAWARE COUNTY.

William B. McClenachan, Jr., Chester.
Felix Santilli, Chester.

ERIE COUNTY.

Ritchie T. Marsh, Erie.
B. I. Miller, Erie.
H. H. Nichols, Girard.

FAYETTE COUNTY.

Joseph K. Bush, Brownsville.
Joseph Vecchio, Uniontown.

FRANKLIN COUNTY.

W. Ed. Finney, Chambersburg.
Harlan J. Mentzer, Washington Township.

INDIANA COUNTY.

D. A. Palmer, Burrel Township.

JEFFERSON COUNTY.

Joseph Marinaro, Reynoldsville.

LACKAWANNA COUNTY.

R. U. Capwell, Scranton.
Charles J. Cassese, Scranton.
A. S. Prokopovitsh, Olyphant.

LEHIGH COUNTY.

Miss Florence E. Kohl, Allentown.
Martin A. Reinsmith, Allentown.
Harry V. Sieger, Coplay.

LUZERNE COUNTY.

Anthony C. Kubitsky, West Hazleton.
Willard L. Post, Wilkes-Barre.
John Shadrach, Wilkes-Barre.

LYCOMING COUNTY.

S. B. Kreigbaum, Williamsport.

MERCER COUNTY.

Quinton J. Burnett, Greenville.
Gerald C. Dixon, Sharon.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY.

Jacob M. Knetz, East Greenville.

MONTOUR COUNTY.

C. J. Yagel, Anthony Township.

NORTHAMPTON COUNTY.

William J. Fink, Bethlehem.
Miss Della M. Frankenfield, Bethlehem.

NORTHUMBERLAND COUNTY.

William A. Coulston, Shamokin.
Clarence M. Graeber, Shamokin.
Oscar N. Raeder, Mt. Carmel.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY.

Benjamin Alexander, Philadelphia.
John D. Beatty, Philadelphia.
Albert E. Beech, Philadelphia.
Max Berger, Philadelphia.
Wm. H. Brennian, Philadelphia.
Daniel E. Brogan, Philadelphia.
Myer B. Burkhardt, Philadelphia.
D. Frank Carroll, Philadelphia.
Miss Jane E. Clegg, Philadelphia.

A. Reynolds Colesberry, Philadelphia.
Joseph G. Denny, Jr., Philadelphia.
Mrs. Belle B. Framo, Philadelphia.
Miss Helen H. Fullerton, Philadelphia.
Jay V. Hare, Philadelphia.
H. Eugene Heine, Philadelphia.
John M. Holton, Philadelphia.
Wm. H. Hood, Philadelphia.
P. Wm. Huster, Philadelphia.
Miss Rae B. Jenks, Philadelphia.
Mark D. Jones, Philadelphia.
William H. Jones, Philadelphia.
Edward J. Kirchner, Philadelphia.
Charles F. Kolb, Philadelphia.
Frank J. McMahon, Philadelphia.
William Macdonald, Philadelphia.
D. Arthur Magaziner, Philadelphia.
Edmond A. Maloney, Philadelphia.
Fuentes Phipps, Philadelphia.
William M. Pye, Philadelphia.
Maurice Rosenblum, Philadelphia.
Edwin B. Ross, Philadelphia.
Miss Laura M. Schappelle, Philadelphia.
Geo. Z. Sutton, Philadelphia.
Samuel J. Taylor, Philadelphia.
Miss Emilie W. Trump, Philadelphia.
Giuseppe Varallo, Philadelphia.

SCHUYLKILL COUNTY.

Frank L. Brown, Auburn.
John M. Coombe, Mahanoy City.
James S. Hicks, Frackville.

UNION COUNTY.

Miss Susan R. Slifer, Lewisburg.

VENANGO COUNTY.

Homer R. Blair, Franklin.
J. C. Gilmore, Oil City.
Bert C. Weikal, Polk.

WASHINGTON COUNTY.

Achille Annunziata, Monongahela.
Albert Erdelyi, Donora.

WESTMORELAND COUNTY.

J. C. Schroyer, Sewickley Township.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

EXECUTIVE SESSION.

By unanimous consent,

A motion was made by Mr. SPROUL.

That Rule 38 which requires nominations made by the Governor to be referred to proper committees be dispensed with, and the Senate do now resolve itself into executive session, for the purpose of acting on the foregoing nominations,

Which was agreed to,

Whereupon,

A motion was made by Mr. SPROUL.

That the Senate do advise and consent to said nominations.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—43.

Beidleman,	Graff,	Magee, C. J.,	Smith, W. W.,
Buckman,	Gyger,	Martin,	Snyder, C. A.,
Burke,	Hackett,	McKee, W. S.,	Snyder, P. W.,
Catlin,	Herbst,	Miller,	Sones,
Clark,	Hilton,	Patton,	Sproul,
Croft,	Hoke,	Phipps,	Stewart,
Daix,	Homsher,	Salus,	Thompson,
DeWitt,	Jenkins,	Schantz,	Tompkins,
Endsley,	Kline,	Semmens,	Warner,
Farley,	Kurtz,	Sensenich,	Wasbers,
Gerberich,	Lynch,	Smith, R. E.,	

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Governor be informed accordingly.

COMMUNICATIONS FROM THE GOVERNOR.

He also laid before the Senate communications in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth which were read as follows and referred to the Committee on Executive Nominations:

INSPECTOR OF THE EASTERN PENITENTIARY.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, March 1, 1915

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen: In conformity with law I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Ignatius J. Horstmann, to be an Inspector of the Eastern Penitentiary, to serve until May 26, 1917, vice Robert A. Balfour, deceased.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

JUDGE OF THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS NO. 1 OF THE CITY AND COUNTY OF PHILADELPHIA.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, March 1, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen: In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, William H. Shoemaker to be a Judge of the Court of Common Pleas No. 1, in and for the City and County of Philadelphia, to serve until the first Monday of January, 1916, vice John L. Kinsey, deceased.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. KLINE, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 270 (House Bill No. 255), entitled:

An Act to amend section four of an act approved the eleventh day of May, one thousand eight hundred eighty-nine, entitled "A further supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to establish a board of wardens for the port of Philadelphia and for the regulation of pilots and pilotage and for other purposes' approved March twenty-ninth, one thousand eight hundred three, and for regulating the rates of pilotage and number of pilots."

RECESS.

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now take a recess for ten minutes.

Mr. HOMSHER. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

AFTER RECESS.

The PRESIDENT. The time of recess having elapsed the Senate will be in order.

HOUSE MESSAGE.

HOUSE BILLS FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced, presented for concurrence bills of the House of Representatives as follows:

House Bill No. 17 (Senate Bill No. 330), entitled:

An Act to provide for an additional law judge of the several courts of twelfth judicial district

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

House Bill No. 182 (Senate Bill No. 331), entitled:

An Act authorizing boroughs to supply and to make contract for supplying electric current outside the limits of said borough

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

House Bill No. 48 (Senate Bill No. 332), entitled:

An Act enabling townships of the first class to provide regulate and protect a system of water supply and to contract with certain adjoining municipalities for such water and granting and regulating the right of eminent domain and the right to occupy highways

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

House Bill No. 85 (Senate Bill No. 333), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to refund to S. L. Stayman of York Pennsylvania moneys erroneously paid into the State treasury

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 256 (Senate Bill No. 334), entitled:

An Act to further amend an act approved the thirtieth day of March one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine entitled "An Act to amend the first section of an act approved the eleventh day of May one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine entitled 'A further supplement to an act entitled "An Act to establish a board of wardens for the port of Philadelphia and for the regulation of pilots and pilotage and for other purposes" approved March twenty-ninth one thousand eight hundred and three and for regulating the rates of pilotage and number of pilots'"

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from Committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. KLINE, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 334 (House Bill No 256), entitled:

An Act to further amend an act approved the thirtieth day of March, one thousand eight hundred ninety-nine, entitled "An Act to amend the first section of an act approved the eleventh day of May one thousand eight hundred eighty-nine, entitled 'A further supplement to an act entitled "An Act to establish a board of wardens for the Port of Philadelphia and for the regulation of pilots and pilotage and for other purposes" approved March twenty-ninth, one thousand eight hundred and three, and for regulating the rates of pilotage and number of pilots."

ADJOURNMENT.

Mr. KURTZ. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now adjourn until tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock.

Mr. HOMSHER. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The Senate adjourned at 11:10 o'clock P. M. until Tuesday morning, March 2, 1915, at 10 o'clock.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

MONDAY, March 1st, 1915.

The House met at 9:00 o'clock P. M.

The SPEAKER (Charles A. Ambler) in the Chair.

PRAYER.

The Chaplain, Rev. F. W. Staley, offered the following prayer:

Almighty and most compassionate Father, we thank Thee for the minuteness of Thy providence; a providence that numbers the hairs of our head and notices the sparrow that falls to the ground; a providence that is over all of our loved ones; and a providence that has brought us here together to perform the duties as Representatives of the State. And we thank Thee that Thou hast watched over us all. But there is one that has departed this life, an employe, a clerk to one of the committees, who departed this life suddenly; and we learn that he was a faithful employe, a devoted father and affectionate husband; a good man, a christian man; and death was the chariot to him that took him up to repose upon the bosom of his Father and his God; and we would pray for his bereaved widow and children and for his parents; and may they realize that "earth has no sorrow that Heaven cannot heal;" and may we all learn the lesson that "it is appointed unto man once to die" and after that the judgment, and every one of us shall give an account of himself to God. May we make such a record in this life that it will meet with the approval of God, we ask for Christ's sake, Amen.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the Journal of the proceedings of February 17th, 1915.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of the proceedings of February 17th, 1915, when on motion of Mr. Stern, the further reading was dispensed with and the Journal was approved.

PETITIONS.

FAVORING PASSAGE OF LOCAL OPTION LAW.

Mr. WILLIAMS presented the petition of 318 residents of Shamokin, Northumberland County, asking for the enactment of a County Local Option Law.

Referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

PETITION TO AMEND GAME CODE.

Mr. CORBIN presented the petition of sundry citizens of Mifflin County for an amendment of the Game Code.

Referred to the Committee on Game.

Mr. WILLIAMS. Mr. Speaker, I desire to formally present a petition at this time.

The SPEAKER. The Chair hears no objection.

Mr. WILLIAMS. Mr. Speaker, I have been requested by the moral instructor of the Eastern Penitentiary, the Reverend Joseph Welsh, to present to you at this time a very unusual communication addressed to this House, which I believe to be without a parallel in the history of legislative bodies throughout the United States. It is a petition signed by upwards of one thousand inmates of the Eastern Penitentiary, suggesting certain legislation and their reasons therefor. For the further information of the members I would ask that the Clerk read the same, omitting the names.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the petition.

The Clerk then read the petition as follows:

To the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in General Assembly met:

Your petitioners, representing the major portion of the inmates of the Eastern State Penitentiary, of Pennsylvania, respectfully aver:

That they believe fully seventy per cent. of crime within the State is directly attributable to the excessive use of intoxicating liquors, and

That many of them have a personal knowledge of its debasing influence as exemplified in their own lives, and

That, believing if the sale of intoxicating liquors was prohibited by the enactment of laws by your honorable body, that the effect would be to reduce crime at least fifty per cent., if not more, they therefore

Respectfully pray, That you will favorably consider the introduction of any measure having for its object the curtailment of the sale of intoxicating liquors, and use the great power with which you are clothed to secure the passage of an act to prohibit the sale of such intoxicating liquor anywhere within the bounds of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

We further pray, That you will give due consideration to this petition, coming to you as the voluntary deed of a body of earnest men and women, acting entirely on its own initiative, without suggestion from others, and your petitioners will ever pray.

Referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

BILL RE-REFERRED.

Mr. WOODWARD. Mr. Speaker, I ask permission to return House Bill No. 513 that was inadvertently referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the title of the bill.

The Clerk then read the title as follows:

An Act relating to the satisfaction of mortgages under power of attorney directed to the recorder of deeds.

The SPEAKER. The Chair will re-refer the bill to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. GARNER. Mr. Speaker, I have here about twenty letters asking for a hearing on House Bill No. 275. I have had about thirty personal requests for a hearing. It is a bill about oil and the acid treatment of oil. As the chairman of the Committee on Labor and Industry I want to state to the Chair that I know nothing about oil or acids. I have asked a great many of those on Labor and Industry and they know nothing about the subject whatever. I therefore ask the Speaker to refer this bill to the Committee on Mines and Mining.

The SPEAKER. The bill not being in the possession of the House, the Chair cannot again refer it, but would suggest to the gentleman that if he will present this bill tomorrow morning the Chair will very gladly refer it to some committee.

LEAVES OF ABSENCE.

Mr. MATHER asked and obtained leave of absence for Mr. Stone until Wednesday.

Mr. LEIGHNER asked and obtained leave of absence for Mr. James O. Campbell, on account of illness, for the week.

Mr. HESS asked and obtained leave of absence for Mr. Berntheizel until tomorrow evening.

RESOLUTION.

FIXING LAST DAY FOR THE INTRODUCTION OF BILLS.

Mr. CROMER offered the following resolution, which was twice read and laid over for printing:

Be it resolved, That Wednesday, March seventeenth, one thousand nine hundred and fifteen, be fixed as the last day for the introduction of bills in this House for passage at this session.

RESOLUTION.

Mr. WOODWARD offered the following resolution, which was read by the Clerk:

AUTHORIZING THE APPOINTMENT OF A COMMISSION TO INVESTIGATE CHARGES AGAINST CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS AND VESTING CERTAIN POWERS IN THE COMMISSION.

Whereas, Grave criticism has been directed in the public prints of recent date against the management of certain charitable institutions and

Whereas, The allegations are directed inter alia against institutions to which the Commonwealth biennially appropriates large sums of money and

Whereas, It would be highly improper were such charges to be ignored and the grave danger run of giving state funds to institutions that would make a wrong use of them; and

Whereas, It is incumbent on the appropriation committee of each branch of the General Assembly to eliminate the undeserving applicants for State aid; therefore

Be it resolved (If the Senate concur), That a joint commission is hereby established whose duty it shall be to investigate thoroughly all charges appearing in the public prints recently against institutions of the State, and those receiving State aid, and to report therein in writing as soon as practicable at this session of the General Assembly.

The commission shall consist of the chairman of the appropriation committee of the Senate and the House and of five members from each appropriation committee as may be selected by the respective chairman.

The commission is hereby given authority to issue subpoenas and to compel the attendance and testimony of persons and the production of books and papers. The subpoenas shall be served by the sergeant-at-arms of the House.

Any member of the committee shall have power to administer oaths or affirmations in any matter under consideration by the committee.

On the question,
Will the House agree to the resolution?

REASON FOR INTRODUCING RESOLUTION.

Mr. WOODWARD. Mr. Speaker, I offer the following as my reason for introducing this resolution at this time and ask to have it read.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the same.

The Clerk read the reasons as follows:

The following criticism of institutions supported in part by the State were published in the Pittsburgh Dispatch of Tuesday, February 16th, and it is owing to these criticisms that the resolution just read has been offered:

STATE CHARITY SYSTEM SCORED.

CHILDREN MISTREATED IN ALLEGHENY ASYLUMS, CHARGED IN LENGTHY REPORT.

"Through its haphazard, chaotic system of appropriating public funds to institutions under private control, Pennsylvania is to-day helping to promote the existence of some institutions which are worse than useless" is one of the concluding statements in a report in which charges of inhuman treatment to children in Allegheny County institutions are made. The report was read yesterday by Abraham Oseroff, executive secretary of the Allegheny County Committee of the Public Charities Association of Pennsylvania, at a meeting of the association at the Fort Pitt Hotel, and is a summary of the report on twenty (20) State and county-aided "subsidized institutions for dependent, delinquent and crippled children" in this county, which has been prepared in detail and will be issued within a few days.

The first criticism is of the "almost total lack of proper investigation before the admission of a child in the majority of the institutions," as a result of which, the report says, the institutions are burdened with children who need never have become institutional charges. The financial records, it adds, are often as poorly managed. It points out the "tendency in the Pittsburgh district to emphasize institutional care, rather than the more modern system of placing out normal children in family homes," and finds fault with the "insufficient co-operation between institution managers and existing agencies for placement of children." The lack of provision for industrial training is condemned.

Unjustifiable punishments for trivial offenses are pointed out. In one institution, the report says, children were locked up in a dark, unplastered dungeon and an old, built-in refrigerator for twenty-four (24) hours on a bread and water diet. When these were filled children were placed with their backs against banisters in the home, with hands tied behind their backs, feet tied to the banister, and permitted to stay in that way for twenty-four (24) hours. They were fed with bread and water, and any crumbs dropped on the floor would have to be "licked up" after the punishment was completed. In another institution, it says, one of the older girls was put head first into a tub of water when she refused to wash dishes allotted to her.

The summary closes with the assertion that "The vicious practices here detailed are permitted and the continuation of inefficiency and mismanagement are permitted by the State of Pennsylvania, which helps to support these institutions. Instead of utilizing the available funds to provide needed care first, for those who are distinctly State wards and now cared for, Pennsylvania through its system of subsidies to private charities, has burdened itself with institutions which are a shame to the State, and a detriment to the charitable system" One recommendation made is that a central supervisory body be provided to remedy defects.

Attorney James H. Gray presided at the meeting, and an address was also made by Attorney Robert D. Dripps, of Philadelphia, executive secretary of the association.

In the beginning of the report of the names of the institutions investigated are set forth, but are not connected with the specific instances detailed later, this however, is done in the detailed report, soon to be issued, except in the case of the "banister" and "dungeon" punishments. Speaking of this matter later Mr. Oseroff said: "Our aim is not destructive critcisim. We point out these defects only that they may be remedied, and we show how they can be remedied, some at no cost to the institutions and some with the co-operation of our committee, or of other bodies which would willingly assist in the work. We have withheld the name of the institution at which the banister and dungeon punishments were meted out, because very recently a new superintendent was appointed there, and she has promised, and we have every reason to believe that she will fulfill that promise, to abolish such punishments. It is not our intention to make complaint to the State Appropriations Committee, but a detailed report is to be mailed to each member.

On the question recurring,
Will the House agree to the resolution?

Mr. WOODWARD. Mr. Speaker, I ask for the unanimous consent of the House to have this resolution considered at this time.

Mr. GARNER. Mr. Speaker, I object.

The SPEAKER. The Chair hears objection and the resolution will lie over for printing.

PRINTER'S ERRORS IN PROPOSED WORKMEN'S COMPENSATION ACT.

The SPEAKER. The Chair desires to call the attention of the members to the printer's errors in the proposed Workmen's Compensation Act on page 40, Section 310 12th line which reads "alien widowers, parents, brothers, and sisters not residents of the United States shall be entitled to any compensation;" insert the word "not" after the word "shall."

Also, on page 66, Section 410, after the word "or," insert the word "after" instead of the word "before."

COMMUNICATION FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Private Secretary of the Governor being introduced, presented a communication in writing from His Excellency, the Governor, which was read as follows:

GOVERNOR'S ACTION ON HOUSE BILL NO. 75.

Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, February 18, 1915.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen: I have the honor to advise you that I have this day approved and signed House Bill No. 75, entitled: "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to provide for the ordinary expenses of the executive judicial and legislative departments of the Commonwealth interest on the public debt and the support of the public schools for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and thirteen and for the payment of bills incurred and remaining unpaid at the close of the fiscal year ending May thirty-first

one thousand nine hundred and thirteen' as approved the sixteenth day of July Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen pamphlet laws page seven hundred and fifty-five providing for deficiencies in certain appropriations made to the executive judicial and legislative departments by the act to which this is a supplement and for minor appropriations to certain of the executive judicial and legislative departments not provided for by said act," except as to the following items:

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

The item in section two, which provides as follows: "For the payment of the traveling and incidental expenses of the Governor the miscellaneous expenses incurred in the management of the Executive Mansion and the maintenance of an automobile the additional sum of five thousand dollars ($5,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary to be expended at the discretion of the Governor." This item is approved in the sum of four thousand dollars ($4,000). I withhold my approval from the remainder of said item.

ATTORNEY-GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT.

Also the item which provides as follows: "For the payment of costs fees and expenses in the collection of amounts due the Commonwealth for the support and maintenance of the insane confined in the various asylums in the Commonwealth and chargeable to the Commonwealth and counties the additional sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary." This item is approved in the sum of six thousand dollars ($6,000.00) I withhold my approval from the remainder of said item.

STATE FIRE MARSHAL'S DEPARTMENT.

Also the item which provides as follows: "For the payment of contingent traveling expenses of the State Fire Marshal his deputies and assistants for the payment of reporting fires and mileage incident thereto for the investigation of fires and the inspection property for the payment of services and expenses of attorney and detectives employed by the State Fire Marshal to assist in the detection and prosecution of the crime of arson for the payment of costs witness fees the taking of testimony and the services of processes and for carrying out the provisions of the act establishing the Department of the State Fire Marshal the additional sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary." This item is approved in the sum of eight thousand dollars ($8,000.00). I withhold my approval from the remainder of said item.

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR AND INDUSTRY.

Also the item which provides as follows: "To the Department of Labor and Industry for fees of special sanitary inspectors in the several districts and for the incidental contingent expenses for postage expressage telegraphing advertising and such special work and investigations as may be required or necessary during two years ending May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen the additional sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary." This item is approved in the sum of seven thousand dollars ($7,000). I withhold my approval from the remainder of said item.

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH.

Also the item which provides as follows: "For a deficiency arising in the appropriation made to the Department of Health for the construction equipping and maintaining sanatoria infirmaries and dispensaries for the free treatment of indigent persons affected with tuberculosis and for the maintenance of laboratories for sanitary supervision isolation and treatment of indigent persons affected with tuberculosis and for the preventive education of the public for the payment of salaries and all other necessary expenses which may be incurred in this tuberculosis work the sum of one hundred and thirty-five thousand five hundred and twenty-four dollars and forty-five cents ($135,524.45) or so much thereof as may be necessary." This item is approved in the sum of one hundred and fifteen thousand five hundred and twenty-four dollars and forty-five cents ($115,524.45). I withhold my approval from the remainder of said item.

STATE HIGHWAY DEPARTMENT.

Also the item which provides as follows: "For the payment of a deficiency in the Automobile License Division State Highway Department in the purchase of license plates payment of delivery charges on same salaries of additional clerical help and other necessary expenses due to the great increase over the previous two years in the number of licenses issued the sum of thirty-five thousand dollars ($35,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary. This item is approved in the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars ($25,000). I withhold my approval from the remainder of said item.

DEPARTMENT OF WATER SUPPLY COMMISSION.

Also the item which provides as follows: "For the payment of salaries and traveling expenses of engineers and assistants for the examination of dams and encroachments by the Water Supply Commission of Pennsylvania from February first to June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000) under section five Water Supply Commission appropriation of one thousand nine hundred and thirteen."This item is approved in the sum of seven thousand five hundred dollars ($7,500.). I withhold my approval from the remainder of said item.

Also the item which provides as follows: "For the payment of salaries and traveling expenses of engineers and assistants engaged upon taking the inventory of the water resources Water Supply Commission of Pennsylvania from February first to June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen the sum of eight thousand dollars ($8,000) under the act of July twenty-fifth one thousand nine hundred and thirteen." This item is approved in the sum of five thousand dollars ($5,000). I withhold my approval from the remainder of said item.

DEPARTMENT OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS.

Also the item which provides as follows: "For the payment of the deficiency which has arisen in the Department of Internal Affairs for services rendered and expenses incurred in the collection of tax statistics and for the compilation of the same as required by the Act of Assembly approved May ninth one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and thirteen the sum of five thousand dollars ($5,000) to be paid to the persons entitled thereto for services so rendered upon the warrant of the Auditor General upon specifically itemized vouchers certified by the Secretary of Internal Affairs." This item is approved in the sum of four thousand two hundred dollars ($4,200.) I withhold my approval from the remainder of said item.

SENATE.

Also the item in section four which provides as follows: "For the payment of additional incidental expenses and the salaries and mileage session of one thousand nine hundred and fifteen of such additional officers and employes of the Senate as may be authorized by resolution the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars ($25,000.) or so much thereof as may be necessary to be expended by the Chief Clerk of the Senate who shall render to the Auditor-General accounts from time to time with specifically itemized vouchers to be settled in the same manner as other accounts provided That all vouchers for salaries and mileage of officers and employes shall be certified by the President pro tempore and the Chief Clerk of the Senate." I withhold my approval from this item for the reason that I am not convinced of the necessity for this expenditure.

Also the item which provides as follows: "To the President pro tempore of the Senate for additional contingent expenses including clerical and stenographic charges session of one thousand nine hundred and fifteen the sum of two thousand dollars ($2,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary." This item is approved in the sum of one thousand dollars ($1,000). I withhold my approval from the remainder of said item.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Also the item which provides as follows: "For the payment of additional incidental expenses and the salaries and mileage session of one thousand nine hundred and fifteen of such additional officers and employes of the House of Representatives as may be authorized by resolution the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars ($25,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary to be expended by the Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives who shall render to the Auditor-General accounts from time to time with specifically itemized vouchers to be settled in the same manner as other accounts Provided That all vouchers for salary and mileage of officers and employes shall be certified by the Speaker of the House of Representatives and the Chief Clerk thereof." I withhold my approval from this item for the reason that I am not convinced of the necessity for this expenditure.

Also the item which provides as follows: "To the Chairman of the Committee on Fisheries for the purpose of visiting the various fish hatcheries of the State to enable the said committee to more intelligently act upon legislation before said committee tending toward the improvement of said hatcheries the sum of five hundred ($500) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary." I withhold my approval from this item for the reason that I am not convinced of the necessity for this expenditure.

Also the item which provides as follows: "To the Speaker of the House of Representatives for additional contingent expenses including clerical and stenographic charges session of one thousand nine hundred and fifteen the sum of two thousand dollars ($2,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary." This item is approved in the sum of one thousand dollars ($1,000). I withhold my approval from the remainder of said item.

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

On the question,

Shall the items in the bill vetoed become a law the objections of the Governor to the contrary, notwithstanding?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution the yeas and nays were taken, and were as follows:

YEAS—2.

Baker, Dodds,

NAYS—187.

Adams,	Glass,	Maurer,	Sinclair,
Albee,	Glenn,	McArdle,	Smith, J. W.,
Alcorn,	Gompers,	McCaig,	Smith, Jeff. W.,
Arnold,	Goodnough,	McClintock,	Snyder,
Aron,	Goodwin,	McClure,	Sor-
Arthur,	Goodyear,	McConnell,	Spangler,
Baldwin,	Gormley,	McCurdy,	Spencer,
Bauerle,	Graham,	McDermott,	Statler,
Becker,	Gransback,	McKay,	Staving,
Benninger,	Greenwood,	McNichol,	Steedle,
Bergy,	Habgood,	McVicar,	Stein,
Beyer,	Hackett,	Mearkle,	Stern,
Blackburn,	Haggerty,	Mellott,	Sullivan,
Body,	Hamilton,	Metzenbacher,	Swan,
Bovee,	Harper,	Milliron,	Swartz,
Brosius,	Heffernan,	Murdoch,	Taylor,
Brumbaugh,	Herman,	Murphy,	Thomas,
Campbell, T.,	Hess,	Myers,	Trach,
Christman,	Heyburn,	Neville,	Twibill,
Coldsmith,	Hibshman,	Nieder,	Urich,
Conner,	Hoffman,	Nissley,	Vickerman,
Corbin,	Hollingsworth,	Oal-	Vogdes,
Cromer,	Horton,	Ostrander,	Wagner,
Cummins,	Howarth,	Palmer,	Walsh,
Curry,	Hubler,	Perry,	Walter,
Davis,	Jack,	Peters,	Walton,
Dawson,	Jones, E. E.,	Phillips,	Weaver,
Dell,	Jones, W. W.,	Pickering,	Weimer
Diefenderfer,	Kaiser,	Powell,	Wor-
Drinkhouse,	Kitts,	Reel,	West,
Dunn,	Klinger,	Reynolds,	Wettach,
Eby,	Kuhn,	Rhoads,	Whitaker,
Ehrhardt,	Kunkle,	Rich	Whitten,
Eppley,	Lafferty,	Richards,	Wildman,
Erdman,	Landis,	Rininger,	Willard,
Evans,	Lanius,	Rinn,	Williams,
Fackler,	Lauer,	Robertson,	Wilson, H. I.,
Finnerty,	Lauer-	Roney,	Wilson, W. H.,
Flynn,	Leighner,	Rothenberger,	Wobensmith,
Fretz,	Lindsey,	Rowell,	Wood,
Fruit,	Lipschutz,	Rudisill,	Woodward,
Gallagher,	Love,	Sampsel,	Wylie,
Gans,	Luppert,	Sarig,	Wynne,
Garner,	Luxemburger,	Schaeffer,	Young,
Geary,	Mangan,	Scott,	Ambler,
Geiser,	Marvin,	Shaaber,	Speaker.
Gibson,	Mather,	Shaffer,	
Gingery,		Shoop,	

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the negative the question was determined in the negative, and the veto of the Governor was sustained.

COMMUNICATIONS FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Private Secretary of the Governor being introduced, presented the following communications from the Governor, which were read as follows:

APPROVAL OF HOUSE BILL NO. 11.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, February 24, 1915.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen: I have the honor to advise you that I have this day approved and signed House Bill No. 11, entitled: "An Act authorizing the Secretary of Internal Affairs to appoint an assistant chief and a stenographer in the bureau of standards fixing their salary and increasing the salary of the chief of said bureau of standards."

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

APPROVAL OF HOUSE BILL NO. 96.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, February 24, 1915.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen: I have the honor to advise you that I have this day approved and signed House Bill No. 96, entitled: "An Act making an appropriation to the State Livestock Sanitary Board for the payment of necessary expenses in the eradication of foot-and-mouth disease and for the control of transmissible diseases in animals."

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

BILL ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 241, entitled:

An Act to repeal an act approved the fifth day of March one thousand nine hundred and six entitled "An Act to provide for the personal registration of electors in cities of the third class of this Commonwealth to make such registration a condition of the right to vote in such cities and to provide penalties for violation of its provisions"

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. HABGOOD. Mr. Speaker, I move that House Bill No. 241, File Folio 369, be recommitted to the Committee on Elections.

Mr. EHRHARDT. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 150, entitled:

An Act relating to the appointment of persons to the police and fire departments in cities of the third class constituting a civil service board in relation thereto providing for and regulating examinations the manner of appointments and the manner and power of removal of employes of said departments and providing a method for fixing compensation of examiners

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 404, entitled:

An Act to amend revise and consolidate the law relating to boroughs

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. McVICAR. Mr. Speaker, I move that House Bill No. 404, File Folio 923, be recommitted to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. STERN. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 403, entitled:

An Act to revise consolidate and amend the law relating to certain corporations

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. MATHER. Mr. Speaker, I move that House Bill No. 403, File Folio 1175, be recommitted to the Committee on Corporations.

Mr. HABGOOD. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL INTRODUCED AND REFERRED.

Mr. WOODWARD asked and obtained unanimous consent to introduce the following bill:

House Bill No. 642:

An Act to provide for the ordinary expenses of the Executive, Judicial, and Legislative Departments of the Commonwealth, interest on the public debt, and the support of the public schools, for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand nine hundred and fifteen, and for the payment of bills incurred and remaining unpaid at the close of the fiscal year ending May thirty-first, one thousand nine hundred and fifteen.

Which was referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

BILLS ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreably to order.

The House proceeded to the final passage and consideration of House Bill No. 182, as follows:

An Act authorizing boroughs to supply and to make contracts for supplying electric current outside the limits of said borough

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That boroughs which are engaged in making and selling electricity for commercial purposes for the use of their inhabitants may whenever their proper authorities deem it advisable so to do supply and make contracts for supplying electricity for commercial purposes to corporations firms and individuals outside the limits of such borough at rates not less than those established from time to

time within the limits of such borough Nothing in this act shall conflict with the corporate rights of any corporation supplying electric light in territory adjacent to such boroughs or with the rights of any other borough.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. WALTERS. Mr. Speaker, the object of this bill is to legalize the furnishing of current by boroughs who own their own electric light plants to persons residing at or near them. That is being done by a great many boroughs in the State but could be prevented at the suit of any taxpayer within the borough. Since boroughs, when they engage in the manufacture and sale of electric light, naturally have a monopoly it would be a great hardship to deprive those parts of the Commonwealth lying adjacent to those boroughs from the use of electric current. It is for that reason that this bill is presented so that those citizens of the Commonwealth may have the same privileges that they would have was the corporation supplying electricity to the borough a private one.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—191.

Adams,	Geiser,	Marvin,	Shaffer,
Albee,	Gibson,	Mather,	Shoop,
Alcorn,	Gingery,	Maurer,	Sinclair,
Arnold,	Glass,	McArdle,	Smith, J. W.,
Aron,	Glenn,	McCaig,	Smith, Jeff. W.
Arthur,	Gompers,	McClintock,	Snyder,
Baker,	Goodnough,	McConnell,	Sones,
Baldwin,	Goodwin,	McCurdy,	Spangler,
Bauerle,	Goodyear,	McDermott,	Spencer,
Becker,	Gormley,	McKay,	Statler,
Benn,	Graham,	McNichol,	Steedle,
Benninger,	Gransback,	McVicar,	Stein,
Bergy,	Greenwood,	Mearkle,	Stern,
Beyer,	Habgood,	Mellott,	Sullivan,
Blackburn,	Hackett,	Metzenbacher,	Swan,
Body,	Haggerty,	Milliron,	Swartz,
Bovee,	Hamilton,	Murdoch,	Taylor,
Brosius,	Harper,	Murphy,	Thomas,
Brumbaugh,	Heffernan,	Myers,	Trach,
Bungard,	Herman,	Neville,	Twibill,
Campbell, T.,	Hess,	Nieder,	Urich,
Christman,	Heyburn,	Nissley,	Vickerman,
Coldsmith,	Hibshman,	Oaks,	Vogdes,
Conner,	Hoffman,	Ostrander,	Wagner,
Corbin,	Hollern,	Palmer,	Walsh,
Cromer,	Hollingsworth,	Perry,	Walter,
Cummins,	Horton,	Peters,	Walton,
Curry,	Howarth,	Phillips,	Watson,
Davis,	Hubler,	Pickering,	Weaver,
Dawson,	Jack,	Powell,	Weimer,
Dell,	Jones, E. E.,	Ramsey,	Weir,
Diefenderfer,	Jones, W. W.,	Reel,	West.
Dodds,	Kaiser,	Reynolds,	Whitten,
Drinkhouse,	Kitts,	Rhoads,	Wettach,
Dunn,	Klinger,	Rich,	Whitaker,
Eby,	Kuhn,	Richards,	Wildman,
Ehrhardt,	Kunkle,	Rininger,	Willard,
Eppley,	Lafferty,	Rinn,	Williams,
Erdman,	Landis,	Robertson,	Wilson, H. I.,
Evans,	Lanius,	Roney,	Wilson, W. H.,
Fackler,	Lauler,	Rothenberger,	Wobensmith,
Finnerty,	Lindsey,	Rowell,	Wood,
Flynn,	Leighner,	Rudisill,	Woodward,
Fretz,	Lipschutz	Sampsel,	Wylie,
Fruit,	Love,	Sarig,	Wynne,
Gallagher,	Luppert,	Schaeffer,	Young,
Gans,	Luxemburger,	Scott,	Ambler,
Garner,	Lynch,	Shaaber,	Speaker.
Geary,	Mangan,		

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Mr. NISSLEY. Mr. Speaker, I desire to call up from the postponed calendar, House Bill No. 17, File Folio 137, entitled:

An Act to provide for an additional law judge of the several courts of the twelfth judicial district

Bill on final passage postponed for the present.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. GARNER. Mr. Speaker, I was reading the Harrisburg newspapers and in those Harrisburg newspapers it said that there was a great doubt if an additional judge was needed here. Some of the greatest lawyers at the Dauphin County Bar stated that there was no need of an additional judge and that they were against it. I am against this State paying out any more cash than they have to.

Mr. NISSLEY. Mr. Speaker, I am sorry that the gentleman from Schuylkill should make that statement. It is true that possibly one of the papers of Harrisburg did state that this was not required, but that newspaper had some say before election and the people of Dauphin County and of the State did not believe it. I hold in my hand clippings from newspapers from this County, from all over the County, saying that this is needed, but I don't want to take the time of the House to read these statements. I have one here, an editorial printed in one of our evening papers, saying our judges are overworked and that our business is away back. The gentleman from Schuylkill referred to a prominent lawyer of this County who said it is not needed. I know that there is one that said that, but I do not know any other reason than that he was tooth and nail against the President Judge of this County when he was elected, and now that he is elected against the wishes of that prominent lawyer he wants to work him to death.

I do not want to go into these statistics I have here to show the number of cases that our courts have to pass on each year, but the records show that they had to sit in open court two hundred and sixty-five days in the last two years, just to hear cases in open court, and that does not take in the argument of cases that they have to try and the argument of cases that are called up as special cases, and then considering the cases that come from the Commonwealth, the courts are so busy that we in our work here can hardly receive attention.

Mr. GARNER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to interrogate the gentleman from Dauphin.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Dauphin, Mr. Nissley, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. NISSLEY. Mr. Speaker, I will.

Mr. GARNER. Mr. Speaker, I would like to ask the gentleman what do the Judges themselves say?

Mr. NISSLEY. For the benefit of the gentleman from Schuylkill, I desire to say I saw the Judges themselves before I presented this bill and they were satisfied that it should be presented, that one was needed, or I would not have presented it, if I had not first shown it to them and had not had their permission.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—165.

Adams,	Glass,	McArdle,	Smith, Jeff. W
Albee,	Gompers,	McCaig,	Snyder,
Alcorn,	Goodnough,	McClintock,	Spangler,
Arnold,	Goodwin,	McClure,	Spencer,
Aron,	Goodyear,	McConnell,	Statler,
Arthur,	Gormley,	McCurdy,	Staving,
Baldwin,	Graham,	McDermott,	Steedle,
Bauerle,	Gransback,	McNichol,	Stein,
Benn,	Greenwood,	McVicar,	Stern,
Benninger,	Habgood,	Mearkle,	Sullivan,
Bergy,	Hackett,	Milliron,	Swan,
Beyer,	Haggerty,	Murdoch,	Swartz,
Blackburn,	Hamilton,	Murphy,	Thomas,
Body,	Harper,	Myers,	Twibill,
Bovee,	Heffernan,	Neville,	Urich,
Brosius,	Herman,	Nieder,	Vickerman,
Brumbaugh,	Hess,	Nissley,	Vogdes,
Bungard,	Heyburn,	Oaks,	Wagner,
Campbell, T.,	Hibshman,	Ostrander,	Walsh,
Christman,	Hoffman,	Palmer,	Walter,
Coldsmith,	Hollern,	Perry,	Weaver,
Conner,	Hollingsworth	Peters,	Weimer,
Corbin,	Horton,	Phillips,	Weir,
Cromer,	Howarth,	Pickering,	West,
Cummins,	Hubler,	Powell,	Wettach,
Curry,	Jack,	Ramsey,	Whitaker,
Davis,	Jones, E. E.,	Reel,	Whitten,
Dawson,	Jones, W. W.,	Reynolds,	Wildman,
Dell,	Kaiser,	Rich,	Willard,
Diefenderfer,	Kitts,	Richards,	Williams,
Drinkhouse,	Kuhn,	Rininger,	Wilson, H. I.,
Dunn,	Kunkle,	Robertson,	Wilson, W. H.,
Eby,	Lafferty,	Roney,	Wobensmith,
Ehrhardt,	Landis,	Rowell,	Wood,
Evans,	Lauer,	Sampsel,	Woodward,
Fackler,	Lauler,	Schaeffer,	Wylie,
Finnerty,	Leighner,	Scott,	Wynne,
Fruit,	Lipschutz,	Shaaber,	Young,
Gans,	Love,	Shaffer,	Ambler,
Geary,	Luxemburger,	Shoop,	Speaker.
Geiser,	Marvin,	Sinclair,	
Gibson,	Mather,	Smith, J. W.,	

NAYS—17.

Baker,	Garner,	Maurer,	Rinn,
Becker,	Gingery,	McKay,	Rothenberger,
Eppley,	Klinger,	Mellott,	Rudisill,
Erdman,	Lanius,	Metzenbacher,	Trach,
Gallagher,			

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House bill No. 176, as follows:

An Act requiring county commissioners in certain counties to provide quarters in the county buildings for the official county association of physicians and surgeons

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That in each county having a population exceeding eight hundred thousand inhabitants and not exceeding one million five hundred thousand inhabitants the county commissioners shall furnish in the court house buildings free of charge permanent and suitable quarters for the recognized official county association of physicians and surgeons This privilege shall be granted only on condition that such association is open at all times to reputable practitioners of all recognized schools of medicine

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House bill No. 295, entitled:

An Act to protect the public health in cities of the first class in this Commonwealth and for that purpose creating in the Department of Public Health and Charities four Bureaus to be called the Bureaus of Hospitals and Charities Health Sanitation and Housing said Bureaus to have the supervision and control in said cities of Hospitals and Charities Health Sanitation and Housing as herein set forth and other matters affecting the public welfare so far as regards the use and occupancy of all buildings and the appurtenances thereto occupied in whole or in part as places of residence by more than two families living separate and apart and providing for themselves also the licensing supervision and control and the use of lodging rooming apartment and tenement houses fixing the responsibility for violations of any of the provisions of this act and also giving power to said Bureaus to make rules and regulations to govern certain conditions affecting health and sanitation and the licensing of certain trades industries and premises and providing for punishments and penalties for violations of any of the rules and regulations made by the Department of Public Health and Charities or by any of its Bureaus under the powers granted by this act also providing for the filing of liens also providing for the inspection by the Bureau of building inspection and the fire marshal of said cities of the first class and repealing all laws inconsistent herewith

The first section was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the Department of Public Health and Charities in cities of the first class in this Commonwealth shall for the purposes of carrying out the provisions of this act consist of four Bureaus to be known respectively as "The Bureau of Hospitals and Charities The Bureau of Health The Bureau of Sanitation and the Bureau of Housing each of said Bureaus to be in charge of an official to be called the chief thereof The number of other officers and employes of said Bureaus and their compensation to be determined and fixed by the councils of said cities of the first class by ordinances on application made therefor by the Directors of the Department of Public Health and Charities who shall have the general supervision of the said bureau and the duties of the officials and employes attached thereto He shall make all appointments thereto and promotions made necessary in conformity with the existing laws governing appointments to positions in the Civil Service of cities of the first class All Chiefs of Bureaus before assuming the duties of their offices shall be required to take the same oath of office as required by Article Seven Section one of the Constitution of Pennsylvania that relates to Judicial State and County officers Provided That all of the officers and employes appointed under Civil Service provisions now acting and on duty in any of the present Bureaus, in said Department of Public Health and Charities who by the provisions of this act are transferred to any other Bureau created by this act shall not be subject to any further civil service examination for eligibility to serve in the departments to which they may be transferred

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. GRANSBACK. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend Section 1, line 7, by striking out the double quote in front of the word "The"; also in line 15, by striking out the word "Directors" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "Director"; also in line 16, by striking out the word "bureau" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "bureaus."

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendments?

They were agreed to,

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The second, third, fourth and fifth, sixth seventh, eighth, ninth, tenth and eleventh sections were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 2 Each of the Bureaus created by this act is hereby authorized empowered and directed to adopt and promulgate suitable rules and regulations to carry out and enforce the provisions of any existing laws of this Commonwealth relating to hospitals charities health sanitation and housing and also the provisions of this act or any ordinance of said cities of the first class relating to the subject matters in charge of said Department of Public Health and Charities and its Bureaus

Any person who shall refuse or neglect to comply with the requirements of any of said rules or regulations or any of the provisions of this act after publication and notice of said rules and regulations as hereinafter fixed shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and on conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not more than five hundred dollars within the discretion of the court Provided however That all such rules and regulations when adopted shall be first approved by the Director of the Department of Public Health and Carities of cities of the first class and the Board of Health Provided further That such rules and regulations shall be first published in three of the daily newspapers in cities of the first class of the largest circulation to be determined by the Director of the Department of Public Health and Charities and they shall also be printed in pamphlet form for public distribution and shall be evidence in all cases brought in any court for a violation of any of the said rules and regulations Provided further That any court before which any person may be brought for trial for violation of said rules and regulations shall have the right and power to pass upon the legality and reasonableness of the same Provided further That said rules and regulations shall not be considered to repeal the provisions of any law of this Commonwealth applicable to the subject matter of charities health sanitation or housing except as hereinafter provided

Section 3 The Bureau of Hospitals and Charities shall have charge of the care management administration and supervision of all hospitals charities almshouses and other similar institutions the maintenance control or government of which is entrusted to the city and all laws relating to such subjects as may be embraced within the provisions of any act of Assembly of this Commonwealth or the ordinances of cities of the first class relating to any of the subjects named as being within the powers and duties of the said Bureau of Hospitals and Charities Provided That said Bureau shall not have charge of hospitals maintained by said city for contagious diseases

Section 4 The Bureau of Health shall have the care management and control of all health inspectors and the enforcement of its rules and regulations and the provisions of any act of Assembly of this Commonwealth or the ordinances of the cities of the first class relating to nuisances vital statistics contagious diseases and boards or bureaus of health except such as may be herein specifically designated as coming within the powers and duties of the Bureaus of Hospitals and Charities Sanitation and Housing and further shall have the power and duties as are now exercised by any bureaus or boards of health in cities of the first class in this Commonwealth except otherwise provided in this act shall have charge of all hospitals maintained by said city for treatment of contagious diseases all physicians appointed for the purpose of guarding the public health the pupils of public schools and other public institutions and all physicians having the care of the teeth and eyes of the pupils of the public schools in cities of the first class.

Section 5 The Bureau of Sanitation shall have full charge and control of the enforcement of all laws of this Commonwealth and the rules and regulations of said Bureaus relating to the plumbing and drainage and sewerage of all buildings in cities of the first class no matter for what purpose they may be used and shall have power to enforce all regulations and rules governing plumbing in cities of the first class including fixtures pipes and all facilities and appliances more especially sinks drains and cess-pools the construction of which and the materials to be used for the purpose of preventing the emission of gases or air from sewers or cesspools or any receptacle for the holding of excremental filth or any other kind of filth whether liquid or solid and the conditions necessary for the sanitation of all buildings no matter for what purpose they may be used. Provided that no building shall be

erected without being connected with a public sewer unless because of local conditions it may become necessary to adopt some other method of disposal satisfactory to the Board and Bureau of Health and Sanitation and if it becomes necessary to use any part of a public highway to meet the plans or method agreed upon the owner of said building or buildings shall have the right to build or construct the same under any public street or highway in accordance with the rules and regulations of the Bureau of Surveys of said city

All subjects relating to the drainage of courts yards areas and alleys rain leaders rain conductors waste and drain pipes and all sewerage connected with any building all water closets their number and location and all privies and the method of their construction and the amount of the water supplied and plumbing necessary to a general good sanitary condition of the premises shall be subject to all the rules and regulations that may be made and promulgated as hereinbefore provided by the said Bureau of Sanitation the sanitary condition of all houses used for the purpose of residence and appurtenances to such houses of buildings so far as regards the keeping of animals or fowls and the slaughtering of the same in or on said properties or the premises adjoining shall be subject to rules regulations and permits that may be promulgated and issued by the said Bureau or Department of Sanitation in said cities of the first class and who shall have the further authority to issue permits and to charge a fee of two dollars for each permit said permits to be in accordance with the said rules and regulations that may be made to govern the same said permits to be for the year or fraction thereof ending on the thirty-first day of December next following All of the rules and regulations governing the keeping and slaughtering of animals shall be subject to such local conditions that might affect or be prejudicial to health or by the allowance of the same become a common nuisance Under such circumstances it shall be within the power ot fhe said Bureau to refuse to issue such permit for the use of any building or the properties or premises adjacent thereto for such purposes

Further the use and occupancy of all buildings as a place of storage for the keeping or storage or the sale of any article of merchandise or commerce or for any matter or thing deterimental to health or life shall also be subject to the rules and regulations of said Bureau and that all pits for the keeping of animal manure shall also be subject to the rules and regulations of the said Bureau of Sanitation Provided however that in all cities of the first class there shall be separate rules and regulations relating to the keeping of animal manure in these sections or districts that are sparsely populated and which section shall be designated in said rules by bounds or description in a special permit

The said Bureau of Sanitation shall also have charge of the licensing inspection and sanitary maintenance of bone boiling fat rendering garbage reduction and the incineration reduction or rendering of any other kind of offal which produces obnoxious odors glue works leather works smelters coal dust compounders rubber works wool pickers and all other places where the process causes the emanation of offensive odors

The licensing inspection and sanitary maintenance of all wagons used for the private collection of garbage also the inspection and sanitary maintenance of places where garbage is disposed of when within the limits of said cities

The licensing inspection and sanitary maintenance of all public and private dumps used for the disposal of any household waste ashes and any other character of refuse

The licensing inspection and sanitary maintenance of all disposal places for night soils or privy filth also the licensing of odorless excavators and the provisions for abondoning privy wells on streets in which there is a sewer and the cleaning and sanitary maintenance of privy wells on all other streets

The inspection and sanitary maintenance of all stables manure storage places and this shall also include pig stys cattle yards and other places where animals are kept or housed

The above license or permits to cost the applicant or applicants two dollars for each separate license

Said Bureau shall also have the power to abate any nuisance caused by stagnant ponds or waters in order to prevent mosquito breeding either by drainage filling or blasting at the expense of the owner or owners

That all costs expended by said Bureau of Sanitation in correcting any insanitary condition arising out of any of the subject matter set forth in this section through failure of the owner or owners of said premises lot buildings or other structures after five days notice to correct or abate the same shall be filed as a lien against said lot premises building or other structure as other municipal claims are filed under the provisions of the act of June fourth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one number two hundred and twenty-eight page three hundred and sixty-four of the Pamphlet Laws of this Commonwealth

Said bureau shall have charge of the inspection and sanitary maintenance of second-hand clothing stores second-hand shops of all rag shops junk shops and other places where apparel merchandise or other goods are sold second-hand pawn shops loan offices etc where second-hand wearing material is handled also

The licensing inspection and the sanitary maintenance of all places where meats milk groceries bread and provisions ice-cream and soda water are sold or exposed for sale and shall make all rules and regulations to maintain sanitary conditions in such places and any vehicle used for the transportation of the same within the limits of said city including the certification standardising pasturization and sterilization of milk said permits or licenses to cost the party licensed the sum of two dollars and shall be in force until the thirty-first day of December next thereafter

Said Bureau of Sanitation shall have charge of all matters affecting the light and ventilation of all buildings used for public purposes and all halls or buildings used for meetings of lodges associations or conventions and the ventillization of all vehicles or cars used for the transportation of passengers for hire within the limits of said city

Section 9 The Bureau or Department of Housing shall have charge of enforcing all the laws of this Commonwealth not repealed by this provision of this act either specifically or for being inconsistent herewith relating to the use and occupancy of all buildings in cities of the first class except that they shall not have control of the use and occupancy of buildings used and occupied as a dwelling house by not more than two families living separate and apart from each other except as hereinbefore provided

Section 10 That all persons who desire to conduct a tenement house which is here defined to be a building used or occupied as a residence by three or more families or individuals living separate and independently of each other and doing or having cooking done upon the premises shall apply to the chief of the Bureau of Housing and set out on a blank to be furnished by the said bureau or department and approved by the director of the Department of Public Health and Charities in which shall be stated the name and address of the applicant or applicants and if not the owner of the buildings the name and address of the owner with his written consent thereto attached its exact location by street and number or other definite information the character of the structure along with a certificate from the Bureau of Building Inspection that the house named and described so far as regards its construction is in conformity with the laws rules and regulations and ordinances relating to the construction of buildings in cities of the first class in this Commonwealth and whether it is necessary to make any alteration or additions before the said building can be used for the purposes of a tenement house and a certificate from the Bureau of Sanitation that all the plumbing drainage and sewerage of said building and other sanitary conditions are in strict conformity with laws ordinances rules and regulations relating to such subjects so far as relates to the specific building or buildings for which the application is made and such certificate the said Bureau of building Inspection and the said Bureau or Department of Sanitation are entitled to charge a fee of one dollar if the law rules and regulations as hereinbefore mentioned have been complied with and that the building fully meets with all the requirements of the laws ordinances rules and regulations as herein set forth then the said chief of the Bureau of Housing shall issue to such applicant a license which shall clearly specify the name and address of the person or persons corporations partnerships or associations authorized to conduct the tenement house or houses therein described said license shall also contain the name and address of the owner its location and the number of rooms or apartments which may be kept and used for tenement purposes and the date of the expiration of the license to wit the thirty-first day of December of the calendar year for which it was issued that said license shall in no way be transferable except under the rules and regulations of the said Division of Housing governing such transfers

The said chief of the Bureau of Housing shall file said application and also keep a public record in which shall be set forth the application and such other actions as may be taken in reference thereto whether in the nature of granting the same or a refusal and said record shall be a public record and shall be evidence in any case that may be brought in any court in this Commonwealth and the said chief of the Bureau of Housing with the consent and approval of the director of the Department of Public Health and Charities shall have the power to revoke any license whenever any of the laws of this Commonwealth or any of the ordinances of the said cities of the first class or any of the rules and regulations of any of the departments of charities health sanitation or housing are proven to have been violated but it is herein provided however that any applicant for a license who has been refused or whose license has been revoked shall have the right to appeal within fifteen days from such refusal or revocation to the court of common pleas of the proper county and such court shall make such order as right and justice may require Provided however that such appeal shall not operate as a supersedeas and that said court shall fix a hearing as soon as may be possible for the hearing of the same not more than thirty days from said date of appeal

Section 11 The charge for every license for a tenment-house shall be five dollars and on and after January first one thousand nine hundred and sixteen it shall be unlawful for any person association partnership or corporation to conduct a tenement house in any city of the first-class unless he or it has complied with the provisions of this act the ordinance of councils of cities of the first-class and the rules and regulations of the several Bureaus or Departments of Public Health and Charities and that said license shall be displayed in a conspicuous place so as to be seen by all those who enter and leave said tenement to which it applies That there shall be no fractional part of a year so far as regards the fee or time for which this act fixes the use of license to wit the calendar year as aforesaid

The twelfth section was read as follows:

Section 12 That all inspections to see whether the laws ordinances rules and regulations relating to tenement houses are being faithfully and fully carried out shall be made by the officials connected with the said Bureau of Housing who shall report all violations of law relating to health and sanitation to the Chief of the Bureau of Housing who shall in turn report the same to the Director of the Department of Public Health and Charities who shall cause action to be taken by the chiefs of the several bureaus affected thereby

That all corporations joint stock companies partnerships individuals or any association of individuals shall be included in the word "person" in this act Provided also That until the first day of January one thousand nine hundred and sixteen tenement-houses may be conducted under existing laws that on and after January first one thousand nine hundred and sixteen the act of June seventh one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled "An Act to regulate tenement houses in cities of the first-class and requiring those conducting the same to secure a license from the mayor" shall stand repealed

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. GRANSBACK. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 12, line 18, by striking out the words "requiring those" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "to require those owning or;" also, line 19, by striking out the double quote after the word mayor" and also inserting the words "making violations of the act misdemeanors, and providing penalties for such violations."

On the question,
Will the House agree to the amendments?
They were agreed to,
On the question,
Will the House agree to the section as amended?
It was agreed to.
The thirteenth section was read as follows:

Section 13 That no part of any building below the level of any street highway lane or alley shall be used for bedrooms or sleeping purposes under the provisions of this act unless in compliance with such rules and regulations as said Bureau of Housing shall make to govern and regulate the same and no alterations nor additions shall be made to any licensed tenement house so far as regards its structure or the plumbing drainage or sewerage ventilation or light without plans and specifications to be filed with the approval of the Bureau of Building Inspectors of the Department of Public Safety and that the Chiefs of the Bureaus of Sanitation and Housing shall also give their consent or refusal before any work shall be done on said premises

In case of any refusal by the Bureau of Building Inspectors and any of the Chiefs of the Bureau of Housing and Sanitation they shall meet for the purpose of considering the same and if a majority shall refuse to allow said alterations or additions to be made the applicant thereof shall have the right to appeal within fifteen days to the court of common pleas which shall consider the same as promptly as may be under the circumstances of the case not more than thirty days from said appeal

That the use and occupancy of all tenement houses so far as regards the disposition of garbage ashes and other refuse matter shall be subject to such rules and regulations as the Bureau of Sanitation may make

That the powers given by this act to the said Bureaus of Health Housing and Sanitation so far as regards tenement houses lodging rooming and apartment houses or other buildings shall in no wise interfere with these laws granting powers to the Departments of the State Government regarding the use and occupancy of buildings for manufacturing and other purposes

That all violations of this act shall be prosecuted by the Department of Public Health and Charities and no person shall have the right to institute prosecutions for violations of this act or of any of the rules and regulations adopted by the several Bureaus of the Department of Public Health and Charities unless he shall have first obtained the consent and authority to do so from the Director of the Department of Public Health and Charities who shall refer the said application to the proper Bureau for investigation before first passing upon the same

On the question,
Will the House agree to the section?
Mr. GRANSBACK. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.
The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.
The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 13, line 7 by striking out the word "structutre" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "structure."

On the question,
Will the House agree to the amendment?
It was agreed to,
On the question,
Will the House agree to the section as amended?
It was agreed to.
The fourteenth section was read and agreed to as follows:

Section 14 That lodging houses to be subject to the provisions of this act in cities of the first class shall be every building not licensed as an hotel inn or tavern in which accommodations are kept for ten or more persons lodged for a price for a single night of twenty-five cents or less for each person and license to conduct a lodging house as hereinbefore set forth shall be granted by the Chief of the Bureau of Housing created by the provisions of this act upon the payment of a fee of five dollars and the said license shall be granted only to persons who are of good moral character and shall be for the year or the fraction thereof expiring on the thirty-first day of December next thereafter but no license shall be issued until the Bureau of Building Inspection and the Fire Marshal of said city of the first class and the Chiefs of the Bureaus of Sanitation and Health shall certify that said building is safe to be used for the purpose of a lodging house and is of such a construction as to carry any load that it will probably have to carry and is provided with all the fire-escapes and all other additional means of escape in case of fire as the construction of the buildings its surrounding and the use to which it is to be put requires

That all persons to whom said license shall be issued shall keep a registry of the name of every person and their address if possible to be ascertained whom he shall accept as a lodger together with the time of his arrival and his departure and such record shall be open to the inspection of the police authorities of said cities of the first class at any time and that said lodging house shall at all times be open for inspection by such persons as may be connected with any of the Bureaus of the Department of Public Health and Charities and the Department of Public Safety or any of its Bureaus and shall be subject to such rules and regulations as the Department of Housing may make in reference to the conduct use and control of lodging houses and all laws and rules of the Bureau of Health and Sanitation as to cleanliness ventilation and disinfection and nuisances and all other rules of the several Bureaus of the Department of Public Health and Charities as to plumbing urinals and water closets

The fifteenth section was read as follows:

Section 15 Any person or any employes or agent or officer of any association corporation or partnership to whom a license to keep a tenement or lodging house is issued or any other person employee agent or officer of any association corporation or partnership who shall violate any of the laws of this Commonwealth rules or regulations made by any Bureau of the Department of Public Health and Charities relating to tenement and lodging houses shall upon conviction thereof before any magistrate alderman or justice of the peace be sentenced to pay the costs of prosecution and to forfeit and pay a fine not exceeding one hundred dollars and in default of the payment thereof shall be committed to and imprisoned in the county jail wherein the said city of the first class may be situate for a period not exceeding thirty (30) days provided however That for any reason existing outside of the provisions of this act for which it is sought to revoke the said tenement or lodging house license so issued to the party affected thereby he or they shall have the right to appeal to the Court of Common Pleas who shall have the right to pass upon all of the questions involving the application for said revocation

"Any building existing at the time of the passage of this act if approved by the Director of Health and Charities may be used for tenement-house purposes"

Provided further That this act shall not apply to any building used for lodging purposes controlled by charitable organization incorporated and operating under their charter and the laws of this Commonwealth nor shall it apply to any institutions established for the commitment of persons as vagrants or for other minor offences or misdemeanors by any power of commitment given to any court or person by any of the laws of this Commonwealth

On the question,
Will the House agree to the section?
Mr. RONEY. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.
The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.
The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend Section 15, at lines 27 and 28, by adding, after the word "charitable" and before the word "organization," the words "or religious."

Further amend Section 15, by striking out, in lines 28 and 29, the words "and operating under their charter and the laws of this Commonwealth," and inserting the words "or unincorporated."

On the question,
Will the House agree to the amendments?
They were agreed to,
On the question,
Will the House agree to the section as amended?
Mr. GRANSBACK. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.
The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.
The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend Section 15, line 23 by striking out the double quote in front of the word "Any

Amend Section 15, line 25 by striking out the double quote after the word purposes"

Amend Section 15, line 28 by striking out the word "organization" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "organizations."

Amend Section 15, line 28, by striking out the word "charter" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "charters."

On the question,
Will the House agree to the amendments?
They were agreed to,
On the question recurring,
Will the House agree to the section as amended?
It was agreed to.
The sixteenth section was read and agreed to as follows:

Section 16 That provisions of this act relating to lodging houses shall take effect on and after the first day of January one thousand nine hundred and sixteen and shall be considered as a repeal of the act of the second day

of July one thousad eight hundred and ninety-five pamphlet laws four hundred twenty-eight entitled "An Act to regulate and license public lodging houses in the different cities in this Commonwealth" so far as regards its operation in cities of the first-class

The seventeenth section was read as follows:

Section 17 A rooming-house apartment house shall be considered a house occupied by more than two families living separate and apart for private residential purposes and where no person has exclusive control of said premises except the owner or such person or persons corporations partnerships or associations that have rented the whole of the said premises from the owner or persons thereof and subletted the same to such person or persons who are using and occupying the rooms or apartments in said building and said person or persons corporations partnerships or associations that have exclusive control shall employ a keeper or janitor or porter to have charge of the same the said owner or lessee of the whole property shall be held responsible for all violations of law and ordinances relating to garbage ashes and other refuse matter gathered on such premises and the removal of snow and ice from the footway or pavements of said premises said buildings used for rooming and apartment purposes as hereinbefore defined shall be subject to all the laws of this Commonwealth ordinances of the cities of the first class and rules and regulations of the different Bureaus of the Department of Public Health and Charities of said cities of the first class so far as regards their construction light ventilation and sanitation

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. GRANSBACK. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend Section 17, line 15 by striking out the word "said" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "Said."

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to,

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The eighteenth section was read as follows:

Section 18 That all laws of this Commonwealth and ordinance of cities of the first class and rules and regulations of the different Bureau of the Department of Public Health and Charities affecting the use or occupancy of any public buildings shall be under the control and supervision and enforcement of the Department of Public Health and Charities and the different Bureaus thereof That all buildings lodging houses rooming or apartment houses and all public buildings including public schools so far as regard their sanitation which shall include light and ventilation their drainage and sewerage water closets privies or cesspools their water supply their plumbing their occupancy so far as regards the number using the same shall be subject to the rules and regulations that may be made to govern the same by the said different Departments or Bureaus of the Department of Public Health and Charities or any laws of this Commonwealth

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. GRANSBACK. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend Section 18, line 1 by striking out the word "ordinance" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "ordinances."

Amend Section 18, line 3 by striking out the word "Bureau" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "Bureaus."

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendments?

They were agreed to,

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The nineteenth and twentieth sections were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 19 That a rooming-house or apartment house as defined by the provisions of this act shall not be used above the first floor for any business or manufacturing purpose or where the conduct of such would be detrimental to the health of the occupants and the safety of the same and after investigation and on due proof thereof it shall be shown that such business is unsafe to the occupants of said building or detrimental to their health any one who shall still persist in the same after ten (10) days' notice shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and on conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars or undergo imprisonment for not more than six months or either or both within the discretion of the court

Section 20 Any person who shall violate any of the provisions of this act not hitherto provided for or any reasonable rule or regulation of the different Bureaus of the Department of Public Health and Charities shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be fined not more than five hundred dollars in the discretion of the court

Whenever a notice is required calling the attention of any person corporation partnership or association to any violations of the provisions of this act or any of the rules and regulations of the several Bureaus of the Department of Public Health and Charities there shall be service made upon the owner if this service cannot be made then by leaving the notice at his last known place of residence in said cities of the first-class or his agent or any other party having control of the use occupancy or rental of said building and in case of the party corporation partnership or association not being within the jurisdiction of the said Department of Public Health and Charities in cities of the first class service may be made by mailing a copy of the known address of said persons corporations partnerships or associations and also by posting a copy of the same upon a conspicuous place on the premises affected for ten (10) days That at the end of the ten (10) days if no action is taken by the parties affected thereby to conform and comply with the notice so served mailed or posted then the Department of Public Health and Charities through its proper Bureau may proceed with the same in accordance with the provisions of this act the ordinance of councils or the rules and regulations of the Departments or Bureaus thereof

The twenty-first section was read as follows:

Section 21 All acts or parts or acts inconsistent with this act be and the same are hereby repealed except as heretofore provided Also provided that the act of the twenty-second day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen pamphlet laws page eight hundred seventy-nine entitled "An Act to protect the public health and safety by regulating the erection alteration repair use occupancy maintenance sanitation and condemnation of dwellings two-family dwellings rooming houses and tenements by regulating the use maintenance and sanitation of the grounds surrounding the same the adjoining buildings and all vacant land in cities of the first-class providing for their inspection the abatement or nuisances the vacating and destroying of uninhabitable houses and the filing of liens creating a division of housing and sanitation providing for institution of prosecutions and penalties for violation of the provisions thereof and repealing all laws inconsistent therewith is hereby repealed Provided however that license and permits already issued for the year for one thousand nine hundred fourteen under any existing laws for any of the subject matters for which licenses are to be issued under this act shall be good until the expiration of the time for which they are limited

That all fees paid for licenses and permits under this act shall be paid into the city treasury for the benefit of the municipality Provided also That any party aggrieved by the refusal of a permit license or privilege as herein provided on the revocation of the same for which there is no right of appeal specified may have the right within fifteen days thereafter to appeal to the court of common pleas which shall hear the same not more than thirty days from said appeal

Provided further that the act of July twelfth one thousand eight hundred ninety-seven entitled an act "To amend section one of an act approved the third day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to provide for the better security of life and limb in cases of fire in hotels and other buildings" approved the eleventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine extending the provisions thereof to buildings used in whole or in part for offices not of fire proof constrction" shall not apply and be enforced so far as relates to tenement houses having not more than five rooms and a bath above the second floor

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. GRANSBACK. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend Section 21, line 15 by adding a double quote after the word therewith.

Amend Section 21, line 16 by striking out the word "license" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "licenses."

Amend Section 21, line 30 by adding a double quote before the word an.

Amend Section 21, line 30 by striking out the word "an" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "An."

Amend Section 21, line 30 by striking out the double quote and the word "To and inserting in lieu thereof the single quote and the word 'to.

Amend Section 21, line 32 by striking out the double quote in front of the word "An and inserting in lieu thereof a single quote

Amend Section 21, line 33 by striking out the single quote in front of the word 'An and inserting in lieu thereof a double quote

Amend Section 21, line 37 by adding a single quote after the word construction'"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendments?

They were agreed to,

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The title was read an agreed to as follows:

An Act to protect the public health in cities of the first class in this Commonwealth and for that purpose creating in the Department of Public Health and Charities four Bureaus to be called the Bureaus of Hospitals and Charities Health Sanitation and Housing said Bureaus to have the supervision and control in said cities of Hospitals and Charities Health Sanitation and Housing as herein set forth and other matters affecting the public welfare so far as regards the use and occupancy of all buildings and the appurtenances thereto occupied in whole or in part as places of residence by more than two families living separate and apart and providing for themselves also the licensing supervision and control and the use of lodging rooming apartment and tenement houses fixing the responsibility for violations of any of the provisions of this act and also giving power to said Bureaus to make rules and regulations to govern certain conditions affecting health and sanitation and the licensing of certain trades industries and premises and providing for punishments and penalties for violations of any of the rules and regulations made by the Department of Public Health and Charities or by any of its Bureaus under the powers granted by this act also providing for the filing of liens also providing for the inspection by the Bureau of building inspection and the fire marshal of said cities of the first class and repealing all laws inconsistent herewith

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. THEO. CAMPBELL. Mr. Speaker, I move that the next bill on the calendar No. 135, entitled:

An Act defining drugs and defining and regulating the peddling thereof.

be recommitted to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation for the purpose of a hearing.

It was agreed to.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House bill No. 179 as follows:

An Act confirmatory of the conveyance of real estate

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That all deeds and conveyances of lands within this Commonwealth heretofore made and executed and duly recorded in the county where the lands therein conveyed lie under the authority of any last will and testament bythe executor or executors thereof or trustee or trustees named in said will the said will having been duly proved and letters testamentary granted as prescribed by the laws of the State of which the testator was a citizen at the time of his death shall upon the recording of a copy of said last will duly certified as prescribed by acts of Congress in the office of the register of wills in the county where the lands conveyed lie be held to have the same force and effect to pass and convey the estate that was in the testator at the time of his decease and intended to be conveyed by the deed or conveyance as if such will had been duly proved and letters testamentary thereon granted within this Commonwealth All such deeds or conveyances shall be in such form and drawn in such manner as to convey the estate intended to be conveyed either by the laws of this Commonwealth or by the laws of the State of the testators domicile and shall have been duly acknowledged as prescribed by existing laws of this Commonwealth Nothing herein contained shall effect the right of any parties to any suit now pending

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 248, entitled:

An Act authorizing courts to make awards to foreign executors and administrators in certain cases.

The first section was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That it shall be lawful for the court having jurisdiction of the account of any executor administrator trustee or guardian to award personal property to the foreign executor or administrator of a deceased nonresident creditor legatee or distributee Provided it shall appear by affidavit that there are no creditors of such nonresident decedent within this Commonwealth and it further appear by certificate of the register of wills surrogate or court of the proper county state territory or county duly authenticated as required by the acts of Congress if the domicile of such non-resident creditor legatee or distributee was in another state territory or possession of the United States of America or by the proper diplomaitc or consular officer appointed by the United States of America under his official seal if such domicile was in a foreign country certifying that the person claiming to receive such award is authorized under the laws of such state territory or county to receive the property of his decedent And provided further That the benefits of this act shall not be extended to any case in which it shall be shown to the satisfaction of the court having jurisdiction as aforesaid that the rights of any citizen of this Commonwealth may be adversely affected by such transfer of property to such foreign executor or administrator.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. LAUER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 1, line 12 by striking out the word "County" and inserting the word "Country."

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to,

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The title was read and agreed to as follows:

An Act authorizing courts to make awards to foreign executors and administrators in certain cases

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 484, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred seven entitled "An Act creating an art bureau for cities of the first class and prescribing its powers and duties"

The first section was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section one of an act approved the twenty-fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred seven entitled "An Act creating an art jury for cities of the first class and prescribing its powers and duties" which reads as follows

"Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That in every city of the first class in this Commonwealth there shall be an art jury composed of the mayor of the city ex officio and eight other members to be appointed by him as hereinafter provided In all matters within the jurisdiction of the jury pertaining to work under the special charge of a bureau in any department of the city the head of such bureau shall also for the time being act as a members of the jury ex-officio" is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That in every city of the first class in this Commonwealth there shall be an executive department of said city to be known as the art jury composed of the mayor of the city ex-officio and eight other members to be appointed by him as hereinafter provided In all matters within the jurisdiction of the jury pertaining to work under the special charge of a bureau in any other department of the city the head of such bureau shall also for the time being act as a member of the jury ex-officio.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend Section 1 line 18, by striking out the word "members" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "member".

On the question,
Will the House agree to the amendment?
It was agreed to,
On the question,
Will the House agree to the section as amended?
It was agreed to.
The title was read and agreed to as follows:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred seven entitled "An Act creating an art jury for cities of the first class and prescribing its powers and duties"

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 294, entitled:

An Act repealing the act of the twenty-second day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen, pamphlet laws page eight hundred and seventy-nine, entitled "An Act to protect the public Health and safety by regulating the erection, alteration, repair, use, occupancy, maintenance, sanitation and condemnation of dwellings, two family dwellings, rooming houses and tenements; by regulating the use, maintenance and sanitation of the grounds surrounding the same, the adjoining buildings and all vacant land in cities of the first class, providing for their inspection, the abatement of nuisances, the vacating and destroying of uninhabitable houses, and the filing of liens, creating a Division of housing and sanitation, providing for institution of prosecutions and penalties for violations of the provisions thereof, and repealing all laws inconsistent therewith."

The first section was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the act of twenty-second day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen pamphlet laws page eight hundred and seventy-nine entitled "An Act to protect public health and safety by regulating the erection alteration repair use occupancy maintenance sanitation and condemnation of dwellings two family-dwellings rooming-houses and tenements by regulating the use maintenance and sanitation of the grounds surrounding the same the adjoining buildings and all vacant land in cities of the first class providing for their inspection the abatement of nuisances the vacating and destroying of uninhabitable houses and the filing of liens creating a division of housing and sanitation providing for institution of prosecutions and penalties for violation of the provisions thereof and repealing all laws inconsistent therewith is hereby repealed

On the question,
Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. GRANSBACK. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend Section 1, line 6, by inserting after the word "protect" the word "the".
Amend Section 1, line 17, by adding a double quote after the word "therewith".

On the question,
Will the House agree to the amendments?
They were agreed to,
On the question,
Will the House agree to the section as amended?
It was agreed to.

The title was read as follows:

An Act repealing the act of the twenty-second day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen pamphlet laws page eight hundred and seventy-nine entitled "An Act to protect the public health and safety by regulating the erection alteration repair use occupancy maintenance sanitation and condemnation of dwellings two family dwellings rooming houses and tenements by regulating the use maintenance and sanitation of the grounds surrounding the same the adjoining buildings and all vacant land in cities of the first class providing for their inspection the abatement of nuisances the vacating and destroying of uninhabitable houses and the filing of liens creating a division of housing and sanitation providing for institution of prosecutions and penalties for violations of the provisions thereof and repealing all laws inconsistent therewith

On the question,
Will the House agree to the title?

Mr. GRANSBACK. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend the title, line 15, by adding a double quote after the word therewith."

On the question,
Will the House agree to the amendment?
It was agreed to,
On the question,
Will the House agree to the title as amended?
It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 271, as follows:

An Act transferring from certain funds to another fund certain moneys appropriated to the quarantine physician Philadelphia

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from the fund or amount appropriated at the last session of the General Assembly to the quarantine physician Philadelphia for the purchase of coal for heating shore buildings the sum of five hundred dollars ($500.00) is hereby transferred to a general fund for the use of the quarantine physician Philadelphia to be expended by him as he may deem best

Section 2 From the fund or amount appropriated at said session to the quarantine physician Philadelphia for maintenance of the quarantine station including all supplies repairs water and gas supply labor painting plumbing carpenter work feed for horses necessary improvements and additions to buildings new buildings and any and all expenses incident to maintaining the grounds and buildings and the furnishing and equipping the same the sum of five hundred dollars ($500.00) is transferred to said general fund for the use of the quarantine physician Philadelphia to be expended by him as he may deem best

Section 3 The Auditor General shall draw his warrants and the State Treasurer shall make payments of said amount accordingly

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 169, as follows:

A Joint Resolution providing for a commission to investigate the advisability of the purchase by the Commonwealth of certain property in Philadelphia opposite Independence Hall as a public park

Whereas The partiotic heart of this nation lies in Independence Hall Philadelphia and

Whereas This hall should be preserved as a memorial forever to the citizens of our land and safeguarded from fire and

Whereas Its proximity to old buildings in its immediate vicinity materially enhances the hazard of destruction by fire and

Whereas Such hazard could be approximately removed by enlarging the open space surrounding the hall therefore

Section 1 Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met That a commission consisting of a member of the House chosen by the Speaker a member of the Senate chosen by the President pro tempore and one citizen of Philadelphia chosen by the Governor shall investigate the advisability of purchasing certain land in Philadelphia by the Commonwealth to be hereafter maintained as a State park Said land is bounded on the south by the property line on the north side of Chestnut street on the east by the property line on the western side of fifth street on the west by the property line on the eastern side of Sixth street and on the north by th property line on the Southern side of Minor street The commission shall ascertain the assessed value of the various pieces of realty comprising said tract and the approximate values of said pieces and shall ascertain the best method of acquiring said tract The commission shall report in writing to this session of the General Assembly setting forth its findings and such recommendations as it shall consider proper to include It shall serve without compensation.

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 366, as follows:

An Act relative to judgments and prescribing the duties of prothonotaries in connection therewith

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the prothonotary

of each county is hereby directed not to enter any judgment unless the judgment creditor or his duly authorized attorney or agent produces to the prothonotary a certificate signed by the judgment creditor or by his duly authorized attorney or agent setting forth the precise residence address of the said creditor The certificate shall be filed at the same number and term as the judgment

Section 2 The prothonotary shall monthly prepare and deliver to the county authorities who assess property for county tax purposes a list of all judgments entered during the preceeding month with the names and residence addresses of the respective judgment creditors and the amount of the respective judgment

Section 3, All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with or supplied by this act are repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 247, entitled:

An Act amending an act entitled "An Act amending an act entitled 'An Act respecting the estates of non-resident wards' approved the twenty-first day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-six extending the provisions thereof so that the same may apply to trustees and cestui que trusts" approved the thirteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine further extending the provisions thereof so that the same may apply where guardians and wards trustees and cestui que trusts are residents of foreign countries

The first section was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That so much of the act recited which as heretofore amended reads as follows

"Section 1 That in all cases where any guardian and his ward cestui que trust and his trustee may both be non-residents of this State and such wards or cestui que trust may be entitled to property of any description in this State such guardian and trustee on producing satisfactory proof to the orphans' court of the proper county by certificates according to the acts of Congress in such cases that he has given bond and security in the State in which he and his ward or cestui que trust reside in double the amount of the value of his property as guardian or trustee and it is found that a removal of the property will not conflict with the terms or limitations attending the right by which the ward or cestui que trust owns the same then any such guardian or trustee may demand or sue for and remove any such property to the place of residence of himself and ward or cestui que trust"

"Section 2 That when any such non-resident guardian or trustee shall produce an exemplification from under the seal of the office if there be a seal of the proper court in the State of his residence containing all the entries on record in relation to his appointment and giving bond and authenticated as required by the act of Congress as aforesaid the orphans' court of the proper county in this State may cause suitable orders to be made discharging any resident guardian executor administrator or trustee and authorizing the delivering and passing over of such property and also requiring receipts to be passed and recorded if deemed advisable Provided The benefits of this act shall not extend to the citizens of any State in which a similar act does not exist or may not hereafter be passed And provided also That in all cases thirty days' notice shall be given to the resident guardian executor administrator or trustee of the intended application for the order of removal and the court may reject the application and refuse such order whenever it is satisfied that it is for the interest of the ward or cestui que trust that such removal shall not take place" is hereby further amended to read as follows

Section 1 That in all cases where any guardian and his ward cestui que trust and his trustee may both be non-residents of this State and such ward or cestui que trust be entitled to property of any description in this State such guardian or trustee on producing satisfactory proof to the orphans' court of the proper county by certificates that he has given bond and security with special reference to the property to be removed in the State or country in which he and his ward or cestui que trust reside in double the amount of the value of the property as guardian or trustee and it is found that a removal of the property will not conflict with the terms of limitations attending the right by which the ward or cestui que trust owns the same then any such guardian or trustee may demand or sue for and remove any such property to the place of residence of himself and ward or cestui que trust Provided that if such guardian or trustee and his ward or cestui que trust reside in another state territory or possession of the United States of America such certificates shall be authenticated as required by the Acts of Congress and if they reside in a foreign country shall be made by the court having jurisdiction of such guardian or trustee and authenticated by and under the official seal of a diplomatic or consular officer appointed by the United States of America and residing in such country.

Section 2 That when such non-resident guardian or trustee shall produce an exemplification from under the seal of the office if there be a seal of the proper court in the State, or country of his residence containing all the entries on record in relation to his appointment and giving bond and authenticated as required by the Act of Congress or by a diplomatic or consular officer appointed by the United States of America as aforesaid the orphans' court of the proper county in this State may cause suitable orders to be made discharging any resident guardian executor administrator or trustee and authorizing the delivering and passing over of such property and also requiring receipts to be passed and recorded if deemed advisable Provided That if it shall appear by such certificate that under the laws of such foreign country such guardian or trustee is not required to enter security but that the interests of his ward or cestui que trust are safeguarded by a deposit of the property in the court having proper jurisdiction then it shall be lawful for the orphans' court of the proper county in this State to cause suitable orders to be made authorizing the delivery and passing over of such property to such court without entering security And Provided also The benefits of this act shall not extend to the citizens of any state or country in which a similar act or rule of law does not exist or may not hereafter be passed or established And provided further That in all cases thirty days' notice shall be given to the resident guardian executor administrator or trustee if such there be of the intended application for the order of removal and the court may reject the application and refuse such order whenever it is satisfied that it is for the interest of the ward or cestui que trust that such removal shall not take place

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. LAUER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend Section 1, line 15 by striking out the word "his" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "the."

Amend Section 1, line 22 by striking out the word "any."

Amend Section 1, line 61 by striking out the word "he" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "be."

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendments?

They were agreed to,

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The Title was read as follows:

An Act amending an act entitled "An Act amending an act entitled 'An Act respecting the estates of non-resident wards' approved the twenty-first day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-six extending the provisions thereof so that the same may apply to trustees and cestui que trusts" approved the thirteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine further extending the provisions thereof so that the same may apply where guardians and wards trustees and cestui que trusts are residents of foreign countries

On the question,

Will the House agree to the Title?

Mr. LAUER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend the title, by striking out the word "estates" by inserting in lieu thereof the word "estate."

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to,

On the question,

Will the House agree to the Title as amended?

It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 178, as follows:

An Act to amend section one of an act approved the twenty-third day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-seven entitled "An Act to authorize executors and trustees non-residents of the Commonwealth to convey real estate"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the first section of an act approved the twenty-third day of June one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven entitled "An Act to authorize executors and trustees non-residents of the Commonwealth to convey real estate" which reads as follows

"Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by authority of the same That whenever a citizen of the United States non-resident in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania shall have died owning real estate in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and by last will and testament shall have empowered his executor or trustee to sell and convey his real estate it shall be lawful for said executor or trustee although not a resident in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania from and after the expiration of five years from the death of such person to execute any power of sale contained in said last will and testament and to sell and convey to the purchaser the whole or any part of such real estate located in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Provided That before execut-

ing the power of sale a certified copy of the last will and testament and letters testamentary shall be filed in the office of the register of wills of the county where the land is situated Provided further That nothing in this act shall change or modify the acts of assembly relating to collateral inheritances" be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by authority of the same That when ever a citizen of the United States nonresident in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania shall have died owning real estate in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and by last will and testament shall have empowered his executor or trustee to sell and convey his real estate it shall be lawful for said executor or trustee although not a resident in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania from and after the expiration of two years from the death of such person to execute any power of sale contained in said last will and testament and to sell and convey to the purchaser the whole or any part of such real estate located in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Before executing the power of sale a certified copy of the last will and testament and letters testamentary shall be filed in the office of the register of wills of the county where the land is situated This act is not intended to change any act relating to collateral inheritance

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 259, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the seventh day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act relating to and regulating motor vehicles and vehicles trailing after or propelled by motor vehicles controlling their speed upon the public streets and highways in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania providing for their registration and licensing of certain operators by the State Highway Department prohibiting the operation of any motor vehicle by any person when intoxicated or without the consent of the owner forbidding the passage of any law laying a tax upon or requiring the registration of motor vehicles or licensing of any operator or regulating the speed of motor vehicles by any county borough city incorporated town or township establishing the rights of motor vehicles upon the public highways with relation to other vehicles providing for their equipment and for the width of tires to be used upon motor vehicles and vehicles trailing after or propelled by motor vehicles regulating the service of process and proceedings in actions for damages arising therefrom providing for arrest and for service of process and proceedings for violation of this act prescribing the penalties therefor and providing for the disposition of fees collected and fines imposed thereunder"

The first section was read and agreed to as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the eighth section of an act approved the seventh day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act relating to and regulating motor vehicles and vehicles trailing after or propelled by motor vehicles controlling their speed upon the public streets and highways in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania providing for their registration and licensing of certain operators by the State Highway Department prohibiting the operation of any motor vehicle by any person when intoxicated or without the consent of the owner forbidding the passage of any law laying a tax upon or requiring the registration of motor vehicles or licensing of any operator or regulating the speed of motor vehicles by any county borough city incorporated town or township establishing the rights of motor vehicles upon the public highways with relation to other vehicles providing for their equipment and for the width of tires to be used upon motor vehicles and vehicles trailing after or propelled by motor vehicles regulating the service of process and proceedings in actions for damages arising therefrom providing for arrest and for service of process and proceedings for violation of this act prescribing the penalties therefor and providing for the disposition of fees collected and fines imposed thereunder" which reads as follows

Age Limit

"Section 8 No person under sixteen years of age whether the owner of a motor vehicle or not shall operate any motor vehicle upon any of the public roads streets or highways of this Commonwealth" is amended to read as follows

Age Limit

Section 8 No person under the age of fifteen years shall unless accompanied by a regularly licensed person operate a motor vehicle upon any of the public roads streets or highways of the Commonwealth No license shall be granted to any person between fifteen and eighteen years of age unless the competency of said person to operate a motor vehicle shall be shown by an affidavit of three persons one of whom shall be the parent or guardian of said applicant and the other two shall be two persons who are each licensed owners of motor vehicles

The title was read as follows:

An Act to amend an act approved the seventh day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act relating to and regulating motor vehicles and vehicles trailing after or propelled by motor vehicles controlling their speed upon the public streets and highways in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania providing for their registration and licensing of certain operators by the State Highway Department prohibiting the operation of any motor vehicle by any person when intoxicated or without the consent of the owner forbidding the passage of any law levying a tax upon or requiring the registration of motor vehicles or licensing of any operator or regulating the speed of motor vehicles by any county borough city incorporated town or township establishing the rights of motor vehicles upon the public highways with relation to other vehicles providing for their equipment and for the width of tires to be used upon motor vehicles and vehicles trailing after or propelled by motor vehicles regulating the service of process and proceedings in actions for damages arising therefrom providing for arrest and for service of process and proceedings for violation of this act prescribing the penalties therefor and providing for the disposition of fees collected and fines imposed thereunder"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the title?

Mr. DAVIS. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend the title, line 10, by striking out the word "levying" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "laying."

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment.

It was agreed to,

On the question,

Will the House agree to the title as amended?

It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 139, as follows:

An Act to provide for the filling of vacancies in councils of cities of the first class

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That a vacancy in either branch of the councils of cities of the first class shall be filled for the unexpired term at any general or municipal election or at any special election held in such city for any purpose

Section 2 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 87, as follows:

A supplement to an act approved the twenty-fourth day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act to provide for the personal registration of electors and their enrollment as members of political parties in cities of the first and second classes of this Commonwealth to make such registration a condition of the right to vote in such cities and their said enrollment as members of a political party a condition of the right to vote at primaries in said cities and providing for the payment of witness fees for persons summoned before the commissioners to provide penalties for violations of its provisions and to repeal acts inconsistent herewith"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That when any elector has registered or shall register and continues to reside in the district he shall on applying for registration be deemed a permanent resident A permanent resident shall not be required to answer questions numbered five to fifteen both inclusive and eighteen to twenty-one both inclusive as required by section seven of the act to which this is a supplement Opposite his name at each registration the registrar shall write the words "Permanent Resident"

And Said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 55, entitled:

An Act to amend section 2 of an act entitled "An Act to amend section two of an act entitled "An Act to regulate the manner of increasing the indebtedness of municipalities to provide for the redemption of the same and to impose penalties for the illegal increase thereof approved the twentieth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four abolishing the restriction that the tax levied to pay municipal indebtedness shall be equal to eight per centum of the amount of such increased debt and providing for the method of assessing and levying a tax for the payment of the principal and interest when the bonds become due and the form of statement to be filed" approved the thirteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven by extending the power to incur and increase indebtedness to townships of the second class.

The first section was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is herby enacted by the authority of the same That section two of an act approved the thirteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven entitled "An Act to amend section two of an act entitled 'An Act to regulate the manner of increasing the indebtness of municipalties to provide for the redemption of the same and to impose penalties for the illegal increase thereof approved the twentieth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four abolishing the restriction that the tax levied to pay municipal indebtedness shall be equal to eight per centum of the amount of such increased debt and providing for the method of assessing and levying a tax for the payment of the principal and interest when the bonds become due and the form of statement to be filed" which reads as follows

"Section 2 That any county city borough school district or other municipality or incorporated district may incur debt or increase its indebtedness to an amount in the aggregate not exceeding two per centum upon the assessed value of the taxable property therein as fixed and determined by the last preceding assessed valuation thereof and the corporate authorities of such municipality may by a vote thereof duly recorded upon its minutes authorize and direct the incurring or the increase of such debt to the amount aforesaid and may issue coupon bonds or other securities therefor in sums not less than one hundred dollars each bearing interest at a rate not exceeding six per centum per annum payable semi-annually and the principal thereof re-imbursable at a period not exceeding thirty years from the date at which the same is authorized and an annual tax commencing the first year after such debt shall be increased or incurred sufficient for the payment of the interest thereon and the principal of such debt within a period not exceeding thirty years from the date of such increase shall be forthwith assessed Before issuing any such obligation or security it shall be the duty of the principal officer or officers of such municipality or incorporated district to prepare a statement showing the actual indebtedness of such district the amount of the last preceding assessed valuation of the taxable property therein the amount of debt to be incurred the form number and date of maturity of the obligations to be issued therefor and he shall make and append thereto his oath or affirmation of the truth of the facts therein stated and shall file the said statement in the office of the clerk of the court of quarter sessions of the proper county upon failure so to do he shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and on conviction thereof shall be punished as provided in the first section of this act Certified copies of the record of such statement under the seal of said court shall be competent evidence in all the courts of this Commonwealth Provided that the bonds shall not be sold at less than their par value" is hereby amended to read as follows

"Section 2 That any county city borough school district township of the second class or other municipality or incorporated district may incur debt or increase its indebtedness to an amount in the aggregate not exceeding two per centum upon the assessed value of the taxable property therein as fixed and determined by the last preceding assessed value thereof and the corporate authorities of such municipality may by a vote thereof duly recorded upon its minutes authorize and direct the incurring or the increase of such debt to the amount aforesaid and may issue coupon bonds or other securities therefor in sums not less than one hundred dollars each bearing interest at a rate not exceeding six per centum per annum payable semi-annually and the principal thereof re-imbursable at a period not exceeding thirty years from the date at which the same is authorized and an annual tax commencing the first year after such debt shall be increased or incurred sufficient for the payment of the interest thereon and the principal of such debt within a period not exceeding thirty years from the date of such increase shall be forthwith assessed Before issuing any such obligation or security it shall be the duty of the principal officer or officers of such municipality or incorporated district to prepare a statement showing the actual indebtedness of such district the amount of the last preceding assessed valuation of the taxable property therein the amount of debt to be incurred the form number and date of maturity of the obligations to be issued therefor and he shall make and append thereto his oath or affirmation of the truth of the facts therein stated and shall file the said statement in the office of the clerk of the court of quarter sessions of the proper county upon failure so to do he shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and on conviction thereof shall be punished as provided in the first section of this act Certified copies of the record of such statement under the seal of said court shall be competent evidence in all the courts of this Commonwealth Provided that the bonds shall not be sold at less than their par value

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 1, line 9, by inserting a single quote after the word thereof'

Amend section 1, line 52 by striking out the double quote before the word "Section"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendments?

They were agreed to,

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The title was read as follows:

An Act to amend section two of an act entitled "An Act to amend section two of an act entitled 'An Act to regulate the manner of increasing the indebtedness of municipalities to provide for the redemption of the same and to impose penalties for the illegal increase thereof approved the twentieth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four abolishing the restriction that the tax levied to pay municipal indebtedness shall be the equal to eight per centum of the amount of such increased debt and providing for the method of assessing and levying a tax for the payment of the principal and interest when the bonds become due and the form of statement to be filed" approved the thirteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven by extending the power to incur and increase indebtedness to townships of the second class

On the question,

Will the House agree to the title?

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend the title, line 5, by inserting a single quote after the word "thereof"

Amend the title, line 8, by striking out the first word "the"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendments?

They were agreed to,

On the question,

Will the House agree to the title as amended?

It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 243, as follows:

An Act to repeal an act entitled "An Act to authorize and require road supervisors to erect and maintain suitable foot bridges for the accommodation of pedestrians across streams where public roads cross such streams" approved the twenty-third day of April one thousand nine hundred and nine

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the act of Aseembly approved the twenty-third day of April one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled "An Act to authorize and require road supervisors to erect and maintain suitable foot bridges for the accommodation of pedestrians across streams where public roads cross such streams" is hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 227, entitled:

An Act validating the incurring of debt or increase of indebtedness of townships of the second class by its supervisors for the purpose of macadamizing roads and highways building constructing repairing and maintaining permanent roads culverts and bridges purchasing machinery or lifting orders or payment of any contracts made therefor to an amount in the aggregate not exceeding two per centum upon the assessed value of the taxable property therein as fixed and determined by the last preceding assessed valuation thereof and all coupon bonds or other securities issued therefor and also assessments of annual tax for the payment of the principal and interest of such indebtedness represented by such bonds or other securities since the twentieth of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four

The first section was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That in all cases where supervisors of townships of the second class have incurred debt or increased the indebtedness of such township to an amount in the aggregate not exceeding two per centum upon the assessed value of the taxable property therein as fixed and determined by the last preceding assessed valuation thereof for the purpose of macadamizing the roads and highways of such township and of purchasing stone-crushers steam rollers and tools implements material and machinery necessary therefor or of building constructing improving or repairing and maintaining any roads bridges or culverts or of lifting orders issued or satisfying contracts made therefor and have issued interest-bearing coupon bonds or orders or other securities or made contracts therefor and levied or assessed an annual tax for the payment of the interest and principal of said bonds or other securities since the twentieth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four such incurring of debt or increase of indebtedness is hereby declared to be valid and shall be held and adjudged to be valid and sufficient in law and in all such cases the interest-bearing bonds order contract or other securities issued or made by such township as evidence of such debt or increase of indebtedness shall be and the same are hereby declared to be valid and lawful to all intents and purposes against such township in the hands of all persons or corporations holding the same and all assessments of annual tax for the payment of such bonds or other securities are likewise hereby declared to be valid and lawful to all intents and purposes

On the question,
Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. ALBEE. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 1, line 19, by striking out the word "Domnii" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "Domini"

On the question,
Will the House agree to the amendment?
It was agreed to,
On the question,
Will the House agree to the section as amended?
It was agreed to.

The title was read and agreed to as follows:

An Act validating the incurring of debt or increase of indebtedness of townships of the second class by its supervisors for the purpose of macadamizing roads and highways building constructing repairing and maintaining permanent roads culverts and bridges purchasing machinery or lifting orders or payment of any contracts made therefor to an amount in the aggregate not exceeding two per centum upon the assessed value of the taxable property therein as fixed and determined by the last preceding assessed valuation thereof and all coupon bonds or other securities issued therefor and also assessments of annual tax for the payment of the principal and interest of such indebtedness represented by such bonds or other securities since the twentieth of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 49, entitled:

An Act empowering certain corporations societies and voluntary associations having subordinate lodges or branches within this Commonwealth to change the location of their principal office or place of business and providing for the filing of notice of such changes

The first section was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That any corporation society or voluntary association carried on for the sole benefit of its members and their beneficiaries and not for profit and having subordinate lodges or branches within this Commonwealth may change the location of its principal offices or place of business to any other place within this Commonwealth A notice that such location has been changed shall be filed by the secretary of the corporation society of voluntary association under the corporate seal in the prothonotarys office in the county to which said office or place of business has been removed and in the office of the Insurance Commissioner ten days before the change shall take effect

On the question,
Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. McVICAR. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section one line seven by striking out the word "offices" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "office."

Line ten ,after the word "society" striking out the word "of" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "or."

On the question,
Will the House agree to the amendments?
They were agreed to,
On the question,
Will the House agree to the section as amended?
It was agreed to.

The second section and title were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 2 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

An Act empowering certain corporations societies and voluntary associations having subordinate lodges or branches within this Commonwealth to change the location of their principal office or place of business and providing for the filing of notice of such changes

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 304, as follows:

An Act to provide for an additional law judge of the several courts of forty-fifth judicial district

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That in addition to the judges now provided for by existing law an additional law judge is hereby authorized and provided for the several courts of the forty-fifth judicial district who shall possess the same qualifications which are required by the constitution and the laws for the president judge of said district and who shall hold his office for the same term and by the same tenure and shall have the same powers authority and jurisdiction and shall be subject to the same duties restrictions and penalties and shall receive such compensation as is provided by law

Section 2 At the next municipal election after the passage of this act the qualified electors of the said forty-fifth judicial district shall elect in the maner provided by law for the election of a president judge a competent person to serve as additional law judge in said district Vacancies in the office hereby created whether caused by death resignation expiration of term or otherwise shall be filled in the same manner as is required by law in case of a similar vacancy in the office of president judge

Section 3 The Governor is hereby authorized to appoint some competent person learned in the law to serve as such additional law judge of said judicial district until the first Monday in January succeeding the next municipal election

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 452, entitled:

An Act to amend the first section of an act entitled "An Act to amend the first section of an act approved the fourth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled 'An Act to fix the salaries of the deputy register clerks and employes in the office of register of wills of any county of this Commonwealth having a population of one million or over' so as to make it apply to counties containing a population of one million four hundred thousand or over" approved the fifth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven so as to change the salaries of the said deputy register clerks and employes of the office of register of wills of said counties

The first section was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the first section of an act approved the fifth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to amend the first section of an act approved the fourth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled 'An Act to fix the salaries of the deputy register clerks and employes of the office of register of wills of any county of this Commonwealth having a population of one million or overs o as to make it apply to counties containing a population of one million four hundred thousand or over" which now reads as follows

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same that the salaries or compensation of the deputy register clerks and employes in the office of the register of wills of any county of this Commonwealth having a population of one million four hundred thousand or over as computed by the last preceding United States census shall be as follows deputy register at the rate of twenty-five hundred dollars per annum one chief clerk seventeen hundred dollars one assistant chief clerk sixteen hundred dollars one bookkeeper and cashier fifteen hundred dollars transcribing clerks recording clerks inventory clerks index clerks compare clerks miscellaneous clerks and stenographer each at twelve hundred dollars per annum custodians of records and a messenger each at one thousand dollars per annum Such salaries and compensation to be paid monthly by the treasurer of such county according to existing laws" be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same that the salaries or compensation of the deputy register clerks and employes in the office of the register of wills of any county of this Commonwealth having a population of one million four hundred thousand or over as computed by the last preceding United States census shall be as follows Deputy register at the rate of thirty-five hundred dollars per annum one chief clerk two thousand dollars one assistant chief clerk eighteen hundred dollars one bookkeeper and cashier eighteen hundred dollars one chief account clerk eighteen hundred dollars one chief compare clerk twenty-two hundred dollars transcribing clerks recording clerks inventory clerks index clerks miscellaneous clerks temporary clerks search clerks account clerks and stenographer each fifteen hundred dollars per annum custodians of records and a messenger each at twelve hundred dollars per annum one janitor at seven hundred and twenty dollars per annum Such salaries and compensation to be paid monthly by the treasurer of such county according to existing laws

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. GANS. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 1, line 9, by striking out the first word "of" by inserting in lieu thereof the word "in."

Amend section 1, line 9, by inserting after the second word "of" the word "the."

Amend section 1, line 15, by inserting a double quote before the word "section."

Amend section 1, line 28, by striking out the word "anum" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "annum."

Amend section 1, line 45 by inserting after the word "dollars" the words, "assistant chief compare clerk, eighteen hundred dollars compare clerks."

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendments?

They were agreed to,

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The title was read as follows:

An Act to amend the first section of an act entitled "An act to amend the first section of an act approved the fourth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled 'An act to fix the salaries of the deputy register clerks and employes in the office of register of wills of any county in this Commonwealth having a population of one million or over so as to make it apply to counties containing a population of one million four hundred thousand or over" approved the fifth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven so as to change the salaries of the said deputy register clerks and employes of the office of register of wills of said counties

On the question,

Will the House agree to the title?

Mr. GANS. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend the title, line four, by striking out the word "eleven" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "seven."

Amend the title, line 5, by inserting after the word "of" the word "the."

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendments?

They were agreed to,

On the question,

Will the House agree to the title as amended?

It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 367, as follows:

An Act amending the first section of the act entitled "An Act authorizing policemen to hold and exercise the office of constables" approved the twenty-fifth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five so as to extend the provisions of the same to townships of the first class

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the first section of the act entitled "An Act authorizing policemen to hold and exercise the office of constables" approved the twenty-fifth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five which reads as follows

"Section 1 That from and after the passage of this act it shall be lawful for any policeman residing in any borough who shall be duly appointed or elected to the office of constable in said borough or any ward thereof to hold and exercise said office and to demand and receive all costs fees and emoluments pertaining thereto as allowed by law" is herebyamended to read as follows

Section 1 That from and after the passage of this act it shall be lawful for any policeman residing in any borough or township of the first class who shall be duly appointed or elected to the office of constable in said borough or township of the first class or any ward thereof to hold and exercise said office and to demand and receive all costs fees and emoluments pertaining thereto as allowed by law

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 56, entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act concerning building regulations and inspections in boroughs" approved the eighth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven by including townships of the first class in this Commonwealth and providing that approved plans and specifications be secured from the proper authorities

The first section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That an act entitled "An Act concerning building regulations and inspection in boroughs" approved the eighth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven which reads as follows

"Section 1 That to prevent the spread of fires and to secure structural and sanitary safety of the buildings within its limits every borough shall have power by ordinance to establish general regulations for the construction of new buildings and the repair of old ones and to require that before work begins municipal approval of plans and specifications therefor be secured and to provide for inspection of such construction and repair including the appointment of one or more building inspectors to prescribe limits wherein none but buildings of incombustible materials and fire-proof roofs shall be erected or substantially reconstructed or removed thereinto and to provide penalties for violation of such ordinance and building regulations Any building erected reconstructed or removed contrary to the provisions of any such ordinance is declared to be a public nuisance and abatable as such

Section 2 All such building regulations and inspection ordinances heretofore enacted by boroughs are hereby validated as being lawfully within their police powers

Section 3 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

"Section 1 That to prevent the spread of fires and to secure structural and sanitary safety of the buildings within its limits every borough and commissioner of townships of the first class of this Commonwealth shall have power by ordinance to establish general regulations for the construction of new buildings and the repair of old ones and to require that before work begins approval of plans and specifications therefor be secured from the proper authorities of such township or borough and to provide for inspection of such construction and repair including the appointment of one or more building inspectors to prescribe limits wherein none but buildings of incombustible materials and fire-proof roofs shall be erected or substantially reconstructed or removed thereinto and to provide penalties for violation of such ordinance and building regulations Any building erected reconstructed or removed contrary to the provisions of any such ordinance is declared to be a public nuisance and abatable as such

Section 2 All such building regulations and inspection ordinances heretofore enacted by boroughs or townships in this Commonwealth are hereby validated as being lawfully within their police powers

Section 3 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

BILLS DROPPED FROM CALENDAR.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, As there is an amendment contemplated to the borough laws of the State, I find that it will be better to drop this bill from the calendar, and have another and better bill prepared.

I therefore move that the bill be dropped from the calendar.

Mr. WILDMAN. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 232, as follows:

An Act to amend section one thousand seven hundred and fifteen of article seventeen of an act approved the eighteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith" relating to the power to confer academic degrees honorary or otherwise and extending the same to all schools of similiar grade in school districts of the first class

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section one thousand seven hundred and fifteen in article seventeen of an act approved the eighteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith" which reads as follows

"Section 1715 The power to confer academic degrees honorary or otherwise heretofore granted to and possessed by any board of public education board of school directors or controllers of any school district at the time of the passage of this act is hereby vested in the board of public education or school directors of such school district created by the provisions hereof And any public high school in any school district existing at the time of the passage of this act with a course of study of not less than four years and upon whose students of the full prescribed course of study such academic or other degrees have heretofore been conferred shall be continued by the said board of public education or school directors of the district in which it shall be located under such name or title with such regulations and courses of study of such length and character as the said board may deem necessary" be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows

Section 1715 The power to confer academic degrees honorary or otherwise heretofore granted to and possessed by any board of public education board of school directors or controllers of any school district at the time of the passage of this act is hereby vested in the board of public education or school directors of all school districts of the first class created by the provisions hereof And any public high school in any school district existing at the time of the passage of this act with a course of study of not less than four years and upon whsoe students of the full prescribed course of study such academic or other degrees have heretofore been conferred shall be continued and extended to all schools of similiar grade in school districts of the first class by the said board of public education or school directors of the district in which it or they shall be located under such name or title with such regulations and courses of study of such length and character as the said "Board" may deem necessary

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 93, entitled:

An Act relating to notice to creditors of decedents estates of the filing of an account by the personal representatives

The first section was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That after the death of a person those claiming to be creditors of the estate may file with the Clerk of the Orphans Court a sworn statement of their respective claims giving particularly the names and addresses of the said persons claiming to be creditors or of their attorneys

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. BEYER. Mr. Speaker, I would ask leave to have this bill sent back to the Committee. The bill was reported to the House from the Judiciary Special Committee, and I ask it to be referred back to that Committee for further consideration, as there are some matters that have come to my attention during the last week that need consideration.

Mr. RONEY. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 246, entitled:

An Act requiring each city of the first class to establish a municipal pension fund for employes of said city and regulating the payment of such pensions

The first section was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the cities of the first class shall create a municipal pension fund for the pensioning of all employes who have given twenty years of service in said city No employe under the age of fifty years shall be pensioned unless such employe is totally and permanently disabled

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. GEARY. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section one, line four, by inserting after the word "first" the words "and second."

On the question,

Will the Houes agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to,

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The second section was read as follows:

Section 2 The cities of the first class shall set aside and appropriate a sum not to exceed one-half of one per centum of all taxes for such municipal pension fund

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. GEARY. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section two, line one, by inserting after the word "first" the words "and second."

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to,

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The third, fourth, fifth and sixth sections were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 3 The employes shall contribute one per centum of their salaries each succeeding month until they retire on pension when such contribution shall cease

Section 4 The pension allowed shall be one-half of the salary received for the two years previous to their retirement

Section 5 The payment of pension shall be made through the department of which said pensioner shall have been last a member

Section 6 The act approved the twenty-fourth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act authorizing each city of the first class to establish a municipal pension fund for employes of said city and regulating the payment of such pensions" is repealed All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with this act are repealed

The title was read as follows:

An Act requiring each city of the first class to establish a municipal pension fund for employes of said city and regulating the payment of such pensions

On the question,

Will the House agree to the title?

Mr. GEARY. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend the title, line one, by inserting after the word "first" the words "and second."

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to,

On the question,

Will the House agree to the title as amended?

It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 364, as follows:

An Act to assent to the provisions of an act of Congress approved May eighth one thousand nine hundred and fourteen entitled "An Act to provide for Co-operative Agricultural Extension work between the agricultural colleges in the several states receiving the benefits of an act of Congress approved July second eighteen hundred and sixty-two and of acts supplementary thereto and the United States Department of Agriculture"

Whereas an act of Congress approved May eighth one thousand nine hundred and fourteen providing for Co-operative Agricultural Extension work between the Agricultural Colleges in the several states receiving the benefits of an act of Congress approved July second eighteen hundred and sixty-two commonly known as the Land Grant Act and of acts supplementary thereto and the United States Department of Agriculture requires the states receiving the benefits of said act to signify their assent to the same and the Governor of the Commonwealth having already signified the assent of this State to the purposes and conditions thereof pending the action of the State Legislature thereof

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the sameThat the assent of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania is hereby given to said Act of Congress approved May eighth one thousand nine hundred and fourteen entitled "An Act to provide for Co-operative Agricultural Extension work between the Agricultural Colleges in the several states receiving the benefits of an Act of Congress approved July second eighteen hundred and sixty-two and of acts supplementary thereto and the United States Department of Agriculture" with all its provisions and conditions and the Pennsylvania State College is hereby designated as the proper institution to receive all appropriations made or to be made by Congress for the purpose of carrying into effect said act or any supplement or supplements thereto and that the treasurer or other officer duly appointed by the governing board of said college be designated as the proper officer to receive all appropriations made under the provisions of said act

Section 2 All acts and parts of acts inconsistent herewith be and the same are hereby repealed and the Secretary of the Commonwealth is hereby directed to forward a certified copy of this act to the Secretary of the Treasury of the United States

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 406, as follows:

An Act to clarify the statute law of the Commonwealth by repealing certain acts and parts of acts of assembly which are obsolete expired supplied superseded repealed by implication or declared unconstitutional

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the following acts or parts of acts of assembly are absolutely repealed namely

1 An Act entitled "An Act against buying land of the natives" approved the twenty-seventh day of November one thousand seven hundred (Vol. II page eighteen Statutes at Large Chapter XX)

2 Sections one and three of an act entitled "An Act for taking lands in execution for the payment of debts where the sheriff cannot come at other effects to satisfy the same" approved the twenty-seventh day of November one thousand seven hundred (1 Smith's Laws 7)

3 An Act entitled "An Act for the better regulation of servants in this province and territories" approved the twenty-seventh day of November one thousand seven hundred (1 Smith's Laws 10)

4 An Act entitled "An Act for erecting and establishing a post office" approved the twenty-seventh day of November one thousand seven hundred (Vol. II page fifty-seven Statutes at Large Chapter L)

5 An Act entitled "An Act for the regulating of streets and water courses in the cities and towns of this government" approved the twenty-seventh day of November one thousand seven hundred (Vol. II page sixty-five Statutes at Large Chapter LIII)

6 An Act entitled "An Act about erecting and regulating the prices of ferries" approved the twenty-seventh day of November one thousand seven hundred (Vol. II page seventy-six Statutes at Large Chapter LX)

7 An Act entitled "An Act for the sitting of orphans courts" approved the twenty-seventh day of November one thousand seven hundred (Vol. II page eighty-one Statutes at Large Chapter LXIII)

8 Section two of an act entitled "An Act for regulating and maintaining of fences" approved the twenty-seventh day of November one thousand seven hundred (1 Smith's Laws 13)

9 An Act entitled "The law about killing of wolves" approved the twentyseventh day of November one thousand seven hundred (Vol. II page eighty-five Statutes at Large Chapter LXIX)

10 An Act entitled "An Act for the regulating of money weights and for stamping the same" approved the twenty-seventh day of November one thousand seven hundred (Vol. II page eighty-six Statutes at Large Chapter LXXI)

11 Sections one and two of an act entitled "An Act for regulating weights and measures" approved the twenty-seventh day of November one thousand seven hundred (1 Smith's Laws 18)

12 An Act entitled "An Act about country produce to be current pay in the territories of the province of Pennsylvania" approved the twenty-seventh day of November one thousand seven hundred (Vol. II page one hundred twenty-six Statutes at Large Chapter XC)

13 An Act entitled "The law about court proceedings and summons" approved the twenty-seventh day of November one thousand seven hundred (Vol. II page one hundred twenty-eight Statutes at Large Chapter XCII)

14 An Act entitled "The law about summoning of juries" approved the twenty-seventh day of November one thousand seven hundred (Vol. II page one hundred thirty-two Statutes at Large Chapter XCVIII)

15 An Act entitled "The law about officers' fees" approved the twenty-seventh day of November one thousand seven hundred (Vol. II page one hundred thirty-seven Statutes at Large Chapter CIII)

16 An Act entitled "The law about Indian traders" approved the twenty-seventh day of November one thousand seven hundred (Vol. II page one hundred forty Statutes at Large Chapter CIV)

17 An Act entitled "An Act against selling rum and other strong liquors to the Indians" approved the twenty-eighth day of October one thousand seven hundred one (Vol. II page one hundred sixty-eight Statutes at Large Chapter CXIV)

18 An Act entitled "An Act against murder and manslaughter" approved the twelfth day of January one thousand seven hundred six (Vol. II page one hundred seventy-two Statutes at Large Chapter CXVI)

19 An Act entitled "An Act against burglary" approved the twelfth day of January one thousand seven hundred six (Vol. II page one hundred seventy-three Statutes at Large Chapter CXVII)

20 An Act entitled "An Act against rape or ravishment" approved the twelfth day of January one thousand seven hundred six (Vol. II page one hundred seventy-eight Statutes at Large Chapter CXX)

21 An Act entitled "An Act against sodomy and buggery" approved the twelfth day of January one thousand seven hundred six (Vol. II page one hundred eighty-three Statutes at Large Chapter CXXIV)

22 An Act entitled "An Act against burning of houses" approved the twelfth day of January one thousand seven hundred six (Vol. II page one hundred eighty-four Statutes at Large Chapter CXXV)

23 An Act entitled "An Act for determining of debts under forty shillings" approved the twelfth day of January one thousand seven hundred six (Vol. II page one hundred eighty-nine Statutes at Large Chapter CXXX)

24 An Act entitled "An Act directing the order of payment of debts of persons deceased" approved the twelfth day of January one thousand seven hundred six (Vol. II page one hundred ninety-eight Statutes at Large Chapter CXXXIV)

25 An Act entitled "An Act about departures out of this province" approved the twelfth day of January one thousand seven hundred six (Vol. II page two hundred twenty-eight Statutes at Large Chapter CXL)

26 An Act entitled "An Act for the better improving a good correspondence with the Indians" approved the twelfth day of January one thousand seven hundred six (Vol. II page two hundred twenty-nine Statutes at Large Chapter CXLI)

27 An Act entitled "An Act about attachments" approved the twelfth day of January one thousand seven hundred six (1 Smith's Laws 45)

28 Section three of an act entitled "An Act for defalcation" approved the twelfth day of January one thousand seven hundred six (1 Smith's Laws 49)

29 Sections one three and five of an act entitled "An Act for taking lands in execution for payment of debts" approved the twelfth day of January one thousand seven hundred six (1 Smith's Laws 59)

30 An Act entitled "An Act for raising a supply of two pence halfpenny per pound and ten shillings per head also for granting an impost and laying an excise on sundry liquors and negroes imported into this province for the support of government and defraying the necessary public charges in the administration thereof" approved the twelfth day of January one thousand seven hundred six (Vol. II page two hundred eighty Statutes at Large Chapter CLXIV)

31 An Act entitled "An Act that no public house or inn within this province be kept without license" approved the twenty-eighth day of February one thousand seven hundred eleven (1 Smith's Laws 73)

32 An Act entitled "An Act for the better improving a good correspondence with the Indians" approved the twenty-eighth day of February one thousand seven hundred eleven (Vol. II page three hundred sixty-five Statutes at Large Chapter CLXXVII)

33 An Act entitled "An Act for establishing orphans' courts" approved the twenty-seventh day of March one thousand seven hundred thirteen (1 Smith's Laws 81)

34 An Act entitled "An affirmation act for such who for conscience sake cannot take an oath" approved the twenty-eighth day of May one thousand seven hundred fifteen (Vol. III page thirty-nine Statutes at Large Chapter CCIV)

35 An Act entitled "An Act for the better regulating of elections of sheriffs coroners and assessors" approved the twenty-fourth day of August one thousand seven hundred seventeen (Vol. III page one hundred thirty-eighth Statutes at large Chapter CCXXII)

36 An Act entitled "An Act for the better encouraging the trade of this province" approved the twenty-second day of February one thousand seven hundred eighteen (Vol. III page one hundred forty-five Statutes at Large Chapter CCXXIV)

37 Section three of an act entitled "An Act for the advancement of justice and more certain administration thereof" approved the thirty-first day of May one thousand seven hundred eighteen (1 Smith's Laws 105)

38 Sections two three four five and six of an act entitled "A supplementary act to a law of this province entitled 'An Act that no public house or inn within this province be kept without license'" approved the twenty-sixth day of August one thousand seven hundred twenty-one (1 Smith's Laws 126)

39 Sections five eleven twelve thirteen fifteen sixteen seventeen eighteen twenty twenty-one twenty-two twenty-three and twenty-four of an act entitled "An Act for establishing courts of judicature in this province" approved the twenty-second day of May one thousand seven hundred twenty-two (1 Smith's Laws 131)

40 An Act entitled "An Act to prohibit the selling of rum and other strong liquors to the Indians and to prevent abuses that may happen thereby" approved the twenty-second day of May one thousand seven hundred twenty-two (Vol. III page three hundred ten Statutes at Large Chapter CCLVI)

41 An Act entitled "An Act for regulating the gauging of cask in this province" approved the twenty-second day of May one housand seven hundred twenty-two (1 Smith's Laws 154)

42 An Act entitled "An Act to rectify proceedings upon attachments" approved the second day of March one thousand seven hundred twenty-three (Vol. III page three hundred thirty-nine Statutes at Large Chapter CCLXIII)

43 An Act entitled "An additional act to the act entitled 'An Act for laying an excise or duty on all wine rum and other spirits retailed in this province'" approved the thirtieth day of March one thousand seven hundred twenty-three (Vol. III page three hundred sixty-two Statutes at Large Chapter CCLXVIII)

44 An Act entitled "An Act more effectually to prevent unfair practices in the packing of beef and pork for exportation" approved the eighteenth day of August one thousand seven hundred twenty-seven (1 Smith's Laws 170)

45 An Act entitled "An Act for erecting of pounds in each township of this province" approved the tenth day of May one thousand seven hundred twenty-nine (1 Smith's Laws 173)

46 Sections sixteen seventeen and twenty of an act entitled "An Act for the relief of insolvent debtors within the province of Pennsylvania" approved the fourteenth day of February one thousand seven hundred thirty (1 Smith's Laws 181)

47 An Act entitled "An Act imposing a duty on persons convicted of heinous crimes and to prevent poor and impotent persons being imported into the province of Pennsylvania" approved the fourteenth day of February one thousand seven hundred thirty (Vol. IV page one hundred sixty-four Statutes at Large Chapter CCCXIV)

48 An Act entitled "A supplementary act to the act for raising county rates and levies" approved the fifteenth day of August one thousand seven hundred thirty-two (Vol. IV page two hundred thirty-four Statutes at Large Chapter CCCXXX)

49 An Act entitled "A supplement to the law for laying out of highways and public roads" approved the twentieth day of February one thousand seven hundred thirty-six (Vol. IV page two hundred ninety-six Statutes at Large Chapter CCCXLII)

50 An Act entitled "An Act for naturalizing such foreign protestants as are settled or shall settle within this province who not being of the people called Quakers do conscientiously refuse the taking of any oath" approved the third day of February one thousand seven hundred forty-three (Vol. IV page three hundred ninety-one Statutes at Large Chapter CCCLIX)

51 An Act entitled "An Act for the speedy trial of capital offenses committed by any Indian or Indians in the remote parts of the province" approved the nineteenth day of October one thousand seven hundred forty-four (Vol. V page five Statutes at Large Chapter CCCLXIII)

52 An Act entitled "An Act for the more effectual suppressing profane cursing and swearing" approved the seventh day of March one thousand seven hundred forty-six (Vol. V page forty-two Statutes at Large Chapter CCCLXIX)

53 An Act entitled "An Act to encourage the killing of squirrels within this province" approved the fourth day of February one thousand seven hundred forty-nine (Vol. V page sixty-eight Statutes at Large Chapter CCCLXXVI)

54 Sections one two and three of an act entitled "An Act for the more effectual preventing accidents which may happen by fire and for suppressing idleness drunkenness and other debaucheries" approved the ninth day of February one thousand seven hundred fifty-one (Vol. V page one hundred eight Statutes at Large Chapter CCCLXXXVIII)

55 Section one of an act entitled "An Act for preventing bribery and corruption in the election of sheriffs and coroners within this province" approved the eleventh day of March one thousand seven hundred fifty-two (Vol. V page one hundred fifty-nine Statutes at Large Chapter CCCXCVII)

56 An Act entitled "An Act to prevent the exportation of bad or unmerchantable staves heading boards and timber" approved the twenty-first day of April one thousand seven hundred fifty-nine (1 Smith's Laws 222)

57 Section one two three four five and eight of an act entitled "An Act to prevent the hunting of deer and other wild beasts beyond the limits of the lands purchased of the Indians by the proprietaries of this province and against killing deer out of season" approved the ninth day of April one thousand seven hundred sixty (1 Smith's Laws 227)

58 Section two and three of an act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act for taking lands in execution for payment of debts and for confirming partitions in several instances heretofore made'" approved the twenty-third day of March one thousand seven hundred sixty-four (1 Smith's Laws 262)

59 An Act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act for the relief of insolvent debtors within the province of Pennsylvania'" approved the second day of February one thousand seven hundred sixty-five (Vol. VI page three hundred ninety-two Statutes at Large Chapter DXVIII)

60 An Act entitled "An Act to explain and amend a supplement to an act entitled 'An Act for the relief of insolvent debtors within the province of Pennsylvania'" approved the twentieth day of September one thousand seven hundred sixty-five (Vol. VI page four hundred fifty-nine Statutes at Large Chapter DXXXI)

61 Sections two and three of an act entitled "An Act to prevent the mischiefs arising from the increase of vagabonds and other idle or disorderly persons within this province" approved the twenty-first day of February one thousand seven hundred sixty-seven (1 Smith's Laws 268)

62 An Act entitled "An Act to amend the act entitled 'An Act for establishing Courts of Judicature within this province'" approved the twentieth day of May one thousand seven hundred sixty-seven (1 Smith's Laws 274)

63 An Act entitled "An Act to amend the act entitled 'An Act to prevent the exportation of bad and unmerchantable staves heading boards and timber'" approved the twentieth day of May one thousand seven hundred sixty-seven (1 Smith's Laws 277)

64 Section two of an act entitled "An Act for the better confirmation of the estates of persons holding or claiming under feme-coverts and for establishing a mode by which husband and wife may hereafter convey their estates" approved the twenty-fourth day of February one thousand seven hundred seventy (1 Smith's Laws 307)

65 An Act entitled "A supplement to the act entitled 'An Act for bailing prisoners and about imprisonment'" approved the twenty-fourth day of February one thousand seven hundred seventy (1 Smith's Laws 309)

66 An Act entitled "An Act for the relief of (the) languishing prisoners in the gaols of the several counties within this province with respect to the imprisonment of their persons" approved the twenty-fourth day of February one thousand seven hundred seventy (Vol VII page three hundred forty-seven Statutes at Large Chapter DCXI)

67 Sections one two three four five six seven eight nine ten eleven twelve thirteen fourteen seventeen eighteen nineteen twenty twenty-one twenty-two twenty-three twenty-four twenty-five twenty-six twenty-seven twenty-eight twenty-nine thirty thirty-one and thirty-two of an act entitled "An Act for the relief of the poor" approved the ninth day of March one thousand seven hundred seventy-one (1 Smith's Laws 332)

68 Section four of an act entitled "An Act for the sale of goods distrained for rent and to secure such goods to the persons distraining the same for the better security of rents and for other purposes therein mentioned" approved the twenty-first day of March one thousand seven hundred seventy-two (1 Smith's Laws 370)

69 An Act entitled "An Act for the more easy recovery of legacies" approved the twenty-first day of March one thousand seven hundred seventy-two (1 Smith's Laws 383)

70 Section two of an act entitled "An Act for the relief of such persons as conscientiously scruple the taking of an oath in the common form" approved the twenty-first day of March one thousand seven hundred seventy-two (1 Smith's Laws 387)

71 Section four of an act entitled "An Act for prevention of frauds and perjuries" approved the twenty-first day of March one thousand seven hundred seventy-two (1 Smith's Laws 389)

72 An Act entitled "An Act to prevent frauds in the packing and preserving of shad and herring for exportation" approved the twenty-fourth day of December one thousand seven hundred seventy-four (1 Smith's Laws 418)

73 Section five of an act entitled "A supplement to the act entitled 'An Act for acknowledging and recording of deeds' " approved the eighteenth day of March one thousand seven hundred seventy-five (1 Smith's Laws 422)

74 An Act entitled "An ordinance to prevent the counterfeiting the paper money issued by the Honorable the Continental Congress or by this or any other of the United American States" approved the first day of August one thousand seven hundred seventy-six (Vol. IX page eight Statutes at Large Chapter DCCXXVIII)

75 An Act entitled "An ordinance to compel debtors in certain cases to give security to their creditors" approved the thirteenth day of September one thousand seven hundred seventy-six (Vol. IX page twenty-one Statutes at Large Chapter DCCXXXIV)

76 Section six of an act entitled "An Act for establishing in the city of Philadelphia and in each county of this state an office for the probate and registering of wills and granting letters of administration and an affice for the recording of deeds" approved the fourteenth day of March one thousand seven hundred seventy-seven (1 Smith's Laws 443)

77 An Act entitled "An Act for establishing a new seal for the Supreme Court and for altering the place of holding the said Court and the courts of Oyer and Terminer and General Gaol Delivery in the counties of Chester and Bucks for a limited Time" approved the second day of January one thousand seven hundred seventy-eight (1 Smith's Laws 447)

78 An Act entitled "A supplement to the act for raising of county rates and levies" approved the first day of October one thousand seven hundred seventy-nine (Vol. IX page four hundred two Statutes at Large Chapter DCCCLI)

79 An Act entitled "An Act for continuing an act entitled an act for the more easy recovery of legacies" approved the ninth day of October one thousand seven hundred seventy-nine (1 Smith's Laws 473)

80 An Act entitled "An Act more effectually to prevent countergeiting the continental loan office certificates the continental loan office bills of exchange and the paper money of the United States of America or any of them" approved the twenty-sixth day of November one housand seven hundred seventy-nine (Vol. X page twelve Statutes at Large Chapter DCCCLXIX)

81 Sections eight and nine of an act entitled "An Act to render the revenue rising from the excise on wine and spirits and on licenses to be granted to public houses effective and equal to the public necessities" approved the seventeenth day of March one thousand seven hundred eighty (1 Smith's Laws 503)

82 An Act entitled "An Act for an impost on goods wares and merchandise imported into this state" approved the twenty-third day of December one thousand seven hundred eighty (Vol. X page two hundred fifty-two Statutes at Large Chapter CMXXV)

83 Sections one four five and nine of an act entitled "An act for raising and collecting of money on the specified articles therein mentioned for the support of government and for other purposes therein mentioned" approved he twentieth day of March one thousand seven hundred and eighty-three (Vol. XI page sixty-five Statutes at Large Chapter MXVIII)

84 An Act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act for an impost on goods wares and merchandise imported into this State' " approved the twenty-fifth day of September one thousand seven hundred and eighty-three (Vol. XI page one hundred and eighty-eight Statutes at Large Chapter MLI)

85 Section four of an act entitled "An Act to revive and continue in force the acts of Assembly regulating sales by public auction and for other purposes therein mentioned" approved the ninth day of December one thousand seven hundred and eighty-three (2 Smith's Laws page 86)

86 An Act entitled "An Act to secure the persons employed in the building and fitting ships and vessels for sea by making the body tackle apparel and furniture of such ships and vessels liable to pay the several tradesmen employed in building and fitting them for their work and materials" approved the twenty-seventh day of March one thousand seven hundred and eighty-four (2 Smith's Laws page 95)

87 An Act entitled "An Act to enable the courts of quarter sessions of the several counties of this Commonwealth to vacate roads and highways in proper cases" approved the eighth day of February one thousand seven hundred and eighty-five (Vol. XI page four hundred and fifteen Statutes at Large Chapter MCXXVI)

88 Sections one two three four five six seven eight nine ten eleven twelve thirteen fourteen fifteen seventeen eighteen nineteen and twenty of an act entitled "An Act for the better regulation of juries" approved the nineteenth day of March one thousand seven hundred and eighty-five (Vol. XI page four hundred and eighty-six Statutes at Large Chapter MCXXXVIII)

89 An Act entitled " Afurther supplement to the act entitled 'An Act for raising county rates and levies" approved the twenty-fifth day of March one thousand seven hundred and eighty-five (Vol. XI page five hundred and three Statutes at Large Chapter MCXL)

90 An Act entitled "An Act to ascertain fix and establish permanent salaries for the judges of the supreme court" approved the twenty-fifth day of March one thousand seven hundred and eighty-five (Vol. XI page five hundred and fourteen Statutes at Large Chapter MCXLII)

91 Sections sixteen and seventeen of an act entitled "An Act to provide further regulations whereby to secure fair and equal proceedings in the Land-Office and in the surveying of lands" approved the eighth day of April one thousand seven hundred and eighty-five (2 Smith Laws page 317)

92 An Act entitled "An Act for the more speedy and effectual administration of justice" approved the twenty-fifth day of September one thousand seven hundred and eighty-six (2 Smith's Laws page 391)

93 An Act entitled "A supplement to the act entitled 'An Act for the more speedy and effectual administration of justice' " approved the twenty-eighth day of February one thousand seven hundred and eighty-seven (2 Smith's Laws 397 Chapter MCCLII)

94 Sections one two three four five six seven nine ten thirteent fourteen fifteen and sixteen of an act entitled "An Act to declare and regulate escheats" approved the twenty-ninth day of September one thousand seven hundred and eighty-seven (2 Smith's Laws page 425)

95 An Act entitled "A supplement to the act entitled 'An Act to alter and amend an act entitled "An Act to remedy the defects of the several acts of Assembly heretofore made for regulating the elections of justices of peace throughout this State and to establish a permanent mode for holding such elections and to authorize the justices of the peace of the City of Philadelphia to hold the courts of record of the said city and to make further provisions for the due election and return of justices of peace elect' " approved the twenty-seventh day of February one thousand seven hundred and eighty-eight (Vol. XIII page 9 Statutes at Large Chapter MCCCXXIX)

96 An Act entitled "An Act directing the time places and manner of holding elections for representatives of this state in the congress of the United States and for appointing electors on the part of this state for choosing a president and vice-president of the United States" approved the fourth day of October one thousand seven hundred and eighty-eight (Vol. XIII page 140 Statutes at Large Chapter MCCCLXXIII)

97 An Act entitled "An act to alter the times of holding the courts of general quarter sessions of the peace and gaol delivery in the several counties within this Commonwealth" approved the seventh day of September one thousand seven hundred and eighty-nine (Vol. XIII page 305 Statutes at Large Chapter MCDXXVII)

98 An act entitled "A supplement to the several laws of this Commonwealth respecting attachments" approved the twenty-eighth day of September one thousand seven hundred and eighty-nine (2 Smith's Laws page 502 Chapter MCCCCXXXIV)

99 An Act entitled "An Act for the inspection of Shingles" approved the twenty-ninth day of September one thousand seven hundred and eighty-nine (2 Smith's Laws pags 504)

100 An Act entitled "An Act relating to sheriffs and coroners" approved the twenty-ninth day of September one thousand seven hundred and eighty-nine (Vol. XIII page 368 Statutes at Large Chapter MCDLII)

101 An Act entitled "A supplement to the act entitled 'An act to provide for the salaries of the officers of the land office' enacted the eighth day of December one thousand seven hundred and eighty-nine" approved the nineteenth day of February one thousand seven hundred and ninety (Vol. XIII page 441 Statutes at Large Chapter MCDLXXX)

102 An Act entitled "An Act relating to the securities to be given by sheriffs and coroners" approved the fifth day of March one thousand seven hundred and ninety (Vol. XIII page 455 Statutes at Large Chapter MCDLXXXVIII)

103 Section three of an act entitled "An Act for instituting a board of property and for other purposes therein mentioned" Approved the eighth day of January one thousand seven hundred and ninety-one (3 Smith's Laws page 2)

104 Section four of an act entitled "An Act to enjoin certain duties on the Secretary of the Commonwealth and for other purposes" approved the twelfth day of March one thousand seven hundred and ninety-one (3 Smith's Laws page 8)

105 An Act entitled "An Act to provide for the election of representatives of the people of this state in the congress of the United States" approved the sixteenth day of March one thousand seven hundred and ninety-one (Vol. XIV page 20 Statutes at Large Chapter MDXXXIII)

106 An Act entitled "An Act to provide a more effectual method of settling the public accounts of the commissioners and treasurers of the respective counties" approved the thirtieth day of March one thousand seven hundred and ninety-one (3 Smith's Laws page 15)

107 Sections one two three and four of an act entitled "An Act to confer on certain associations of the citizens of this Commonwealth the powers and immunities of corporations or bodies politic in law" approved the sixth day of April one thousand seven hundred and ninety-one (3 Smith's Laws page 20)

108 An Act entitled "An Act to provide for the support of the government of this Commonwealth" approved the thirteenth day of April one thousand seven hundred and ninety-one (3 Smith's Laws page 26)

109 Sections one two three four five six seven eight eleven twelve thirteen sixteen seventeen eighteen nineteen and twenty-one of an act entitled "An Act to establish the judicial courts of this Commonwealth in conformity to the alterations and amendments in the Constitution" approved the thirteenth day of April one thousand seven hundred and ninety-one (3 Smith's Laws page 28)

110 An Act entitled "An act to regulate the trials of contested elections" approved the twenty-ninth day of September one thousand seven hundred and ninety-one (3 Smith's Laws page 45)

111 An Act entitled "An Act to regulate the inspection of flour in certain western counties of the State" approved the thirtieth day of September one thousand seven hundred and ninety-one (3 Smith's Laws page 52)

112 Sections one two three four five six seven and eight of an act entitled "A supplement to the act entitled 'An act to establish the judicial courts of this Commonwealth in conformity to the alterations and amendments in the Constitution'" approved the thirtieth day of September one thousand seven hundred and ninety-one (3 Smith's Laws page 58)

113 Section four of an act entitled "An Act to enable executors and administrators by leave of court to convey lands and tenements contracted for with their decedents and for other purposes therein mentioned" approved the thirty-first day of March one thousand seven hundred and ninety-two (3 Smith's Laws page 66)

114 Sections one two and three of an act entitled "An Act to provide for printing publishing and distributing the laws of this Commonwealth and to direct a proper index to be made of the records of the executive department" approved the fourth day of April one thousand seven hundred and ninety-two (3 Smith's Laws page 79)

115 An Act entitled "A supplement to the act entitled 'An act to secure the persons employed in the building and fitting ships and vessels for sea by making the body tackle apparel and furniture of such ships and vessels liable to pay the several tradesmen employed in building and fitting them for their work and materials'" approved the ninth day of February one thousand seven hundred and ninety-three (3 Smith's Laws 89)

116 An Act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to provide a more effectual method of settling the public accounts of the commissioners and treasurers of the respective counties" approved the sixth day of March one thousand seven hundred and ninety-three (Vol. XIV page 346 Statutes at Large Chapter MDCLVIII)

117 An act entitled "A further supplement to the act entitled 'An Act to provide for the support of the government of this Commonwealth'" approved the eighth day of April one thousand seven hundred and ninety-three (3 Smith's Laws page 111)

118 An act entitled "An act to authorize the admission of certain persons as witnesses in cases respecting the settlement of paupers" approved the third day of April one thousand seven hundred ninety-four (3 Smith's Laws 126 Chapter MDCCXV)

119 An Act entitled "A supplement to the act entitled 'An Act to enjoin certain duties on the Secretary of the Commonwealth and for other purposes'" approved the eighth day of April one thousand seven hundred ninety-four (Statutes at Large 37 Vol. XV Chapter MDCCXXXVI)

120 An Act entitled "A supplement to the Act entitled 'An Act to enable executors and administrators by leave of court to convey land and tenements contracted for with their decedents and for other purposes therein mentioned'" approved the fourteenth day of April one thousand seven hundred ninety-four (3 Smith's Laws 129 Chapter MDCCXXX)

121 An Act entitled "An Act directing the descent of intestates' real estate and distribution of their personal estates and for other purposes therein mentioned" approved the nineteenth day of April one thousand seven hundred ninety-four (3 Smith's Laws 143)

122 An Act entitled "A further supplement to the act entitled 'An Act for the support of the government of this Commonwealth'" approved the twenty-second day of April one thousand seven hundred ninety-four (3 Smith's Laws 183)

123 An Act entitled "An Act to provide for the better collection of the revenue arising from tavern licenses" approved the twenty-second day of April one thousand seven hundred ninety-four (Statutes at Large 149 Chapter MDCCLXIII Vol. XV)

124 An Act entitled "An Act to regulate the mode of assessing and collecting county rates and levies" approved the seventeenth day of April one thousand seven hundred ninety-five (Statutes at Large 322 Chapter MDCCCLII Vol. XV)

125 An Act entitled "An act supplementary to the several acts of Assembly for establishing the judicial courts of this Commonwealth in conformity to the alterations and amendments in the Constitution" approved the eighteenth day of April one thousand seven hundred niney-five (3 Smith's Laws 245)

126 Sections one and two of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the payment of clerks in the offices of the Surveyor-General Receiver-General and Secretary of the Land Office and for other purposes therein mentioned" approved the twentieth day of April one thousand seven hundred ninety-five (3 Smith's Laws 259)

127 Section one of an act entitled "An Act to collect revenue from the rolls office for the further support of government" approved the twentieth day of April one thousand seven hundred ninety-five (Statutes at Large 375 Chapter MDCCCLXV Vol. XV)

128 An Act entitled "An Act providing for the appointment of an inspector of staves and heading" approved the seventeenth day of March one thousand seven hundred ninety-six (3 Smith's Laws 268)

129 Sections one three five six and seven of an act entitled "An Act supplementary to the act entitled 'An Act directing the descent of intestates real estates and distribution of their personal estates and for other purposes therein mentioned'" approved the fourth day of April one thousand seven hundred ninety-seven (3 Smith's Laws 296)

130 An Act entitled "An Act for continuing the present salaries of the judges of the Supreme Court the Secretary of the Commonwealth and the presidents of the courts of common pleas" approved the fourth day of April one thousand seven hundred ninety-eight (3 Smith's Laws 329)

131 Section five of an act entitled "A supplement to the act entitled 'An Act to extend the powers of the justices of the peace of this State'" approved the first day of March one thousand seven hundred ninety-nine (3 Smith's Laws 354)

132 Section one of an act entitled "An Act to enable the justices of the Supreme Court to hold circuit courts within this Commonwealth" approved the twentieth day of March one thousand seven hundred ninety-nine (3 Smith's Laws 358)

133 Sections one and three of an act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to regulate hawkers and peddlers'" approved the twenty-eighth day of March one thousand seven hundred ninety-nine (3 Smith's Laws 359)

134 Sections one and three of an act entitled "An Act to supply certain defects in the acts incorporating the city of Philadelphia and sundry towns and boroughs within the Commonwealth and to explain and amend an act entitled 'An Act to alter and amend the several acts of the General Assembly of this Commonwealth incorporating the city of Philadelphia and for other purposes'" approved the eleventh day of April one thousand seven hundred ninety-nine (3 Smith's Laws 390)

135 Sections one two three eleven twelve thirteen fourteen seventeen twenty-two twenty-three twenty-four twenty-six and twenty-seven of an act entitled "An Act to raise and collect county rates and levies" approved the eleventh day of April one thousand seven hundred ninety-nine (3 Smith's Laws 392)

136 An Act entitled "A supplement to the act vesting certain powers in the judges of the Supreme Court" approved the fifteenth day of March one thousand eight hundred (3 Smith's Laws 437 Chapter MMCXXXII)

137 An act entitled "A further supplement to the act entitled 'An Act to prevent the exportation of bread and flour not merchantable and for repealing at a certain time all the laws heretofore made for that purpose'" approved the fifteenth day of March one thousand eight hundred (3 Smith's Laws 437 Chapter MMCXXXIII)

138 An act entitled "An Act to tax the office of the prothonotary or clerk of the Supreme Court" approved the fifth day of December one thousand eight hundred and one (P. L. 3 1802)

139 An Act entitled "An Act to alter and amend the health laws of this State so far as respects vessels goods and passengers coming from any port or place in the state of Delaware" approved the twenty-seventh day of January one thousand eight hundred and two (P. L. 25)

140 An Act entitled "An Act declaring the holding of offices or appointments under this State incompatible with the holding or exercising offices or appointments under the United States" approved the twelfth day of February one thousand eight hundred and two (P. L. 37)

141 An Act entitled "An Act authorizing executors and administrators in certain cases to convey lands sold by their decedents by order of orphans' court" approved the second day of April one thousand eight hundred and two (P. L. 133)

142 An Act entitled "An Act to provide for the election of representatives of the people of this State in Congress of the United States" pproved the second day of April one thousand eight hundred and two (P. L. 145)

143 An Act entitled "An Act to enlarge the March and December terms in the Supreme Court" approved the fifth day of April one thousand eight hundred and two (P. L. 166)

144 An Act entitled "An Act to enable purchasers at sheriff's or coroner's sales to obtain possession" approved the sixth day of April one thousand eight hundred and two (P. L. 266)

145 An Act entitled "An Act establishing the compensation of the Deputy Secretary of this Commonwealth" approved the twenty-fifth day of February one thousand eight hundred and three (P. L. 354)

146 An Act entitled "An Act to authorize the several Courts of Quarter Sessions within their respective counties to lay off alter and divide townships and for other purposes" approved the twenty-fourth day of March one thousand eight hundred and three (P. L. 439)

147 An Act entitled "An Act relating to County Treasurers" approved the twenty-eighth day of March one thousand eight hundred and three (P. L. 476)

148 Sections one two three five six seven nine and ten of an act entitled "An Act directing Sheriffs and Coroners to give sufficient sureties for the faithful execution of their official duties and for other purposes" approved the twenty-eighth day of March one thousand eight hundred and three (P. L. 497)

149 An Act entitled "A supplement to the act entitled 'An act to prevent the exportation of bad or unmerchantable staves heading boards and timber'" approved the thirtieth day of March one thousand eight hundred and three (P. L. 573)

150 An Act entitled "An Act to provide for reducing and limiting the number of Associate Judges of the courts of common pleas" approved the first day of April one thousand eight hundred and three (P. L. 586)

151 Section one of an act entitled "A supplement to the act entitled 'An Act to enable the Justices of the Supreme Court to hold circuit courts within this Commonwealth'" approved the second day of April one thousand eight hundred and three (P. L. 623)

152 Sections one two three four five and six of an act entitled "An Act to empower the overseers and guardians of the poor of the several townships within this Commonwealth to recover certain fines penalties and forfeitures and for other purposes" approved the fourth day of April one thousand eight hundred and three (P. L. 662)

153 An Act entitled "An Act for the inspection of butter intended for exportation" approved the seventh day of January one thousand eight hundred and four (P. L. 5)

154 An Act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to empower the overseers and guardians of the poor of the several townships of the Commonwealth to recover certain fines penalties and forfeitures and for other purposes passed the fourth day of April one thousand eight hundred and three'" approved the twentieth day of February one thousand eight hundred and four (P. L. 123)

155 An Act entitled "A further supplement to the act entitled 'An Act directing the descent of intestates real estates and distribution of their personal estates and for other purposes therein mentioned" approved the second day of April one thousand eight hundred and four (P. L. 459)

156 An Act entitled "An Act to provide for the Inspection of Ground Black-Oak Bark intended for Exportation" approved the third day of April one thousand eight hundred and four (P. L. 499)

157 Sections one three four five seven nine ten eleven twelve fourteen and sixteen of an act entitled "An Act directing the Mode of selecting and returning Jurors" approved the twenty-ninth day of March one thousand eight hundred and five (P. L. 183)

158 An Act entitled "A further supplement to an act entitled 'An Act directing the Descents of Intestates Real Estates and Distribution of their Personal Estates and for other Purposes therein mentioned'" approved the first day of April one thousand eight hundred and five (P. L. 205)

159 Section two of an act entitled "A supplement to the act entitled 'An Act to raise and collect county rates and levies'" approved the fourth day of April one thousand eight hundred and five (P. L. 265)

160 Section five of an act entitled "An Act making appropriations for the expenses of government and payment of certain debts and for other purposes" approved the fourth day of April one thousand eight hundred and five (P. L. 280)

161 Sections one two four five six seven eight nine twelve thirteen fourteen fifteen sixteen seventeen eighteen twenty twenty-one twenty-three twenty-four and twenty-six of an act entitled "An Act to alter the judiciary system of this Commonwealth" approved the twenty-fourth day of February one thousand eight hundred and six (P. L. 334)

162 An Act entitled "An Act making additional allowance to the prothonotary of the supreme court of the eastern district and the prothonotary of the court of common pleas of the city and county of Philadelphia" approved the twenty-first day of March one thousand eight hundred and six (P. L. 547)

163 An Act entitled "An Act regulating the proceedings of county commissioners and treasurers in certain cases" approved the twenty-first day of March one thousand eight hundred and six (P. L. 548)

164 Sections one two four seven ten and eleven of an act entitled "An Act to regulate arbitrations and proceedings in courts of justice" approved the twenty-first day of March one thousand eight hundred and six (P. L. 558)

165 Section four of an act entitled "A supplement to the act entitled 'An Act to alter the judiciary system of this Commonwealth' and to alter the time of holding the courts of common pleas and quarter sessions and orphans court in the county of Washington" approved the twelfth day of January one thousand eight hundred and seven (P. L. 8)

166 Sections two three four and five of an act entitled "A supplement to the act entitled 'An Act directing the mode of selecting and returing jurors'" approved the fourth day of April one thousand eight hundred and seven (P. L. 124)

167 Section ten of an act entitled "An Act supplementary to the several acts of this Commonwealth concerning partitions and for other purposes therein mentioned" approved the seventh day of April one thousand eight hundred and seven (P. L. 155)

168 An Act entitled "An Act for the inspection of hogslard intended for exportation" approved the seventh day of April one thousand eight hundred and seven (P. L. 163)

169 An Act entitled "An Act erecting a middle district of the Supreme Court and for other purposes" approved the tenth day of April one thousand eight hundred and seven (P. L. 248)

170 An Act entitled "An Act directing the distribution of the Journals printed in the English language and for other purposes" approved the eleventh day of April one thousand eight hundred and seven (P. L. 267)

171 Section four of an act entitled "An Act making appropriations and for other purposes" approved the thirteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred and seven (P. L. 282)

172 Sections one two three four five six seven eight nine ten eleven twelve thirteen fourteen seventeen and eighteen of an act entitled "An Act to alter and amend the several laws of this Commonwealth relative to domestic attachments" approved the fourth day of December one thousand eight hundred and seven (P. L. 1 1808)

173 An Act entitled "An Act to fix the number of senators from the state into districts and determine the portion to be allotted to each also to fix the number of representatives for the city and the several counties of the Commonwealth in pursuance of the revisions of the Constitution" approved the twenty-first day of March one thousand eight hundred and eight (P. L. 86)

174 Section three of an act entitled "An Act to amend certain parts of an act entitled 'An Act supplementary to the several acts of this Commonwealth concerning partitions and for other purposes therein mentioned'" approved the twenty-sixth day of March one thousand eight hundred and eight (P. L. 144)

175 Sections one and three of an act entitled "A further supplement to the act entitled 'An Act to regulate arbitrations and proceedings in courts of justice'" approved the twenty-eighth day of March one thousand eight hundred and eight (P. L. 168)

176 An act entitled "An act supplementary to an act entitled 'An Act to provide for the settlement of public accounts and for other purposes therein mentioned'" approved the tenth day of January one thousand eight hundred and nine (P. L. 2)

177 Sections one two three four five and eight of an act entitled "A further supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to alter the judiciary system of this Commonwealth'" approved the eleventh day of March one thousand eight hundred and nine (P. L. 36)

178 An Act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to provide a more effectual method of settling the public accounts of the commissioners and treasurers of the respective counties'" approved the sixteenth day of March one thousand eight hundred and nine (P. L. 42)

179 Section ten of an act entitled "An act abolishing the offices of receiver-general and master of the rolls and transferring the duties therein performed to other offices and for other purposes" approved the twenty-ninth day of March one thousand eight hundred and nine (P. L. 122)

180 Sections one two three four five seven eight ten eleven twelve thirteen fourteen fifteen sixteen seventeen and eighteen of an act entitled "An Act supplementary to an act entitled 'An Act to regulate arbitrations and proceedings in courts of justice'" approved the twenty-ninth day of March one thousand eight hundred and nine (P. L. 125)

181 An Act entitled "A further supplement to the act entitled 'An Act for laying out making and keeping in repair the public roads and highways within this Commonwealth and for laying out private roads'" approved the third day of April one thousand eight hundred and nine (P. L. 143)

182 An Act entitled "An Act concerning contempts of court" approved the third day of April one thousand eight hundred and nine (P. L. 146)

183 Section two of an act entitled "An Act to repeal so much of an act passed April fourth one thousand eight hundred and seven as directs the township assessors to select and return jurors and also allowing peremptory challenges in certain cases" approved the fourth day of April one thousand eight hundred and nine (P. L. 163)

184 An Act entitled "An Act supplementary to an act entitled 'An Act to alter and amend the several laws of this Commonwealth relative to domestic attachments'" approved the fourth day of April one thousand eight hundred and nine (P. L. 182)

185 An Act entitled "An Act concerning Foreign Insurance Companies" approved the tenth day of March one thousand eight hundred and ten (P. L. 81)

186 An Act entitled "An Act to prevent devises and legacies from lapsing in certain cases" approved the nineteenth day of March one thousand eight hundred and ten (P. L. 96)

187 An Act entitled "An Act supplemental to an act to prevent frauds in the packing and preserving of shad and herring for exportation" approved the nineteenth day of March one thousand eight hundred and ten (P. L. 128)

188 Sections two three four five six seven eight nine eleven twelve thirteen fourteen fifteen sixteen seventeen eighteen nineteen twenty twenty-one twenty-two twenty-three twenty-four twenty-five twenty-six and twenty-seven of an act entitled "An Act regulating arbitrations" approved the twentieth day of March one thousand eight hundred and ten (P. L. 145)

189 An Act entitled "An Act supplementary to an act entitled 'An Act for regulating and maintaining fences'" approved the twentieth day of March one thousand eight hundred and ten (P. L. 161)

190 An Act entitled "A supplement to the act entitled 'An Act to alter the judiciary system of this Commonwealth' passed February twenty-fourth one thousand eight hundred six" approved the twentieth day of March one thousand eight hundred and ten (P. L. 195)

191 Sections one nine sixteen and twenty-nine of an act entitled "An Act to amend and consolidate with its supplements the act entitled 'An Act for the recovery of debts and demands not exceeding one hundred dollars before a justice of the peace and for the election of constable and for other purposes'" approved the twentieth day of March one thousand eight hundred and ten (P. L. 208)

192 An Act entitled "An act authorizing the judges of the Supreme Court to establish return days" approved the twentieth day of March one thousand eight hundred and ten (P. L. 231)

193 An Act entitled "A further supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to prevent the exporation of bread and flour not merchantable and for repealing at a certain time all the laws heretofore made for that purpose'" approved the thirteenth day of February one thousand eight hundred and eleven (P. L. 46)

194 An Act entitled "An Act to remedy defects in the titles to real estate purchased by certain emigrants within this Commonwealth during the time they were aliens" approved the twentieth day of March one thousand eight hundred eleven (P. L. 86)

195 Section two of an act entitled "An Act imposing certain duties upon the commissioners and treasurer of Luzerne county and empowering county commissioners to administer oaths or affirmations" approved the twenty-third day of March one thousand eight hundred eleven (P. L. 111)

196 Sections seventeen eighteen twenty twenty-one twenty-two twenty-three twenty-four thirty-nine forty forty-one forty-two forty-four and forty-five of an act entitled "An Act to amend and consolidate the several acts relating to the settlement of the public accounts and the pay-

ment of the public monies and for other purposes" approved the thirtieth day of March one thousand eight hundred eleven (P. L. 145)

197 Sections two three four and five of an act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act for laying out and keeping in repair the public roads and highways within this Commonwealth and laying out private roads'" approved the thirtieth day of March one thousand eight hundred eleven (P. L. 189)

198 An Act entitled "An Act relative to dower and for other purposes" approved the first day of April one thousand eight hundred eleven (P. L. 198)

199 Section one of an act entitled "An additional supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to alter the judiciary system of this Commonwealth'" approved the sixth day of March one thousand eight hundred twelve (P. L. 82)

200 Sections one and two of an act entitled "A supplement to an act declaring the holding of any office or appointment under this State incompatible with the holding or exercising offices or appointments under the United States" approved the sixth day of March one thousand eight hundred twelve (P. L. 85)

201 An Act entitled "An Act to provide for the election of representatives of the people of this State in the Congress of the United States" approved the twentieth day of March one thousand eight hundred twelve (P. L. 127)

202 An Act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act taxing certain offices'" approved the twentieth day of March one thousand eight hundred twelve (P. L. 140)

203 An Act entitled "A supplement to an act regulating arbitrations" approved the twenty-fifth day of February one thousand eight hundred thirteen (P. L. 87)

204 An Act entitled "An act fixing the salaries of the officers therein mentioned" approved the twenty-fifth day of March one thousand eight hundred thirteen (P. L. 169)

205 An Act entitled "An Act providing for the sale of the estate of lunatics or persons non compos mentis in certain cases" approved the seventh day of February one thousand eight hundred fourteen (P. L. 45)

206 An Act entitled "A further supplement to the act entitled 'An Act to provide for the support of the government of this Commonwealth" approved the seventh day of February one thousand eight hundred fourteen (P. L. 48)

207 An Act entitled "A further supplement to the act entitled 'An Act to raise and collect county rates and levies" approved the twenty-first day of February one thousand eight hundred fourteen (P. L. 50)

208 An Act entitled "An Act providing for the inspection of spiritous liquors" approved the fourteenth day of March one thousand eight hundred fourteen (P. L. 100)

209 An Act entitled "A supplement to 'An Act to enable the purchasers at sheriffs or coroners sales to obtain possession'" approved the fourteenth day of March one thousand eight hundred fourteen (P. L. 110)

210 An Act entitled "An Act supplementary to the acts for the inspection of butter and hogs lard intended for exportation" approved the twenty-second day of March one thousand eight hundred fourteen (P. L. 173)

211 Sections one two three four five six seven eight nine ten twelve thirteen fourteen fifteen sixteen seventeen and eighteen of an act entitled "An Act for the relief of insolvent debtors" approved the twenty-sixth day of March one thousand eight hundred fourteen (P. L. 216)

212 An Act entitled "An Act making provision for the travelling expenses of the presidents and associate judges of the courts of common pleas" approved the twenty-eighth day of March one thousand eight hundred fourteen (P. L. 249)

213 Sections one two three four five six seven eight nine ten eleven twelve fourteen fifteen seventeen eighteen twenty twenty-one and twenty-three of an act entitled "An Act establishing a fee bill" approved the twenty-eighth day of March one thousand eight hundred fourteen (P. L. 352)

214 An Act entitled "A supplement to the act entitled 'An Act for laying out making and keeping in repair the public roads and highways within this Commonwealth and for laying out private roads'" approved the sixth day of February one thousand eight hundred fifteen (P. L. 27)

215 An Act entitled "An Act to authorize undertakers of public bridges to procure materials for building such bridges" approved the sixth day of February one thousand eight hundred fifteen (P. L. 28)

216 An Act entitled "A further supplement to the act entitled 'An Act for laying out making and keeping in repair the public roads and highways within this Commonwealth and for laying out private roads'" approved the first day of March one thousand eight hundred fifteen (P. L. 56)

217 An Act entitled "An Act altering the mode of issuing tavern licenses" approved the eighth day of March one thousand eight hundred fifteen (P. L. 91)

218 An Act entitled "An Act to fix the number of Senators and Representatives and form the State into districts in pursuance of the provisions of the Constitution" approved the eighth day of March one thousand eight hundred fifteen (P. L. 93)

219 An Act entitled "A supplement to the act for the relief of insolvent debtors" approved the thirteenth day of March one thousand eight hundred fifteen (P. L. 156)

220 An Act entitled "A supplement to the act entitled 'An Act providing for the inspection of spirituous liquors' passed the fourteenth day of March one thousand eight hundred and fourteen and for the prevention of fraud in the purchase or sale of flour or whiskey" approved the thirteenth day of March one thousand eight hundred fifteen (P. L. 171)

221 An Act entitled "An Act for the settlement of the estates intestates where some of the heirs reside out of the State" approved the thirteenth day of March one thousand eight hundred fifteen (P. L. 173)

222 An Act entitled "An additional supplement to an act entitled 'An Act directing the mode of selecting and returning jurors'" approved the thirteenth day of February one thousand eight hundred sixteen (P. L. 52)

223 An Act entitled "An Act to provide for the continuance of courts of quarter sessions" approved the twentieth day of February one thousand eight hundred sixteen (P. L. 82)

224 Section one of an act entitled "An Act for holding special courts of common pleas" approved the fifteenth day of March one thousand eight hundred sixteen (P. L. 137)

225 An Act entitled "A supplement to the act entitled 'An Act to provide for the inspection of ground black oak bark intended for exportation'" approved the fifth day of February one thousand eight hundred seventeen (P. L. 40)

226 Sections four and five of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the more equal distribution of the laws of this Commonwealth" approved the tenth day of March one thousand eight hundred seventeen (P. L. 96)

227 Section three of an act entitled "An Act relative to suits brought by or against corporations" approved the twenty-second day of March one thousand eight hundred seventeen (P. L. 128)

228 Section two of an act entitled "An Act to prevent the practice of wagering or betting on elections" approved the twenty-fourth day of March one thousand eight hundred seventeen (P. L. 204)

229 An Act entitled "An Act establishing a standard weight for grain and foreign salt" approved the tenth day of March one thousand eight hundred eighteen (P. L. 182)

230 Section one of an act entitled "A supplement to the act entitled 'An act for holding special courts of common pleas'" approved the twenty-third day of March one thousand eight hundred eighteen (P. L. 239)

231 An Act entitled "A further supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to regulate the trials of contested elections' passed the twenty-ninth day of September one thousand seven hundred and ninety-one" approved the twenty-third day of March one thousand eight hundred eighteen (P. L. 258)

232 Section two of an act entitled "A further supplement to an act entitled 'An Act for laying out making and keeping in repair the public roads and highways within this Commonwealth and for laying out private roads'" approved the twenty-fourth day of March one thousand eight hundred eighteen (P. L. 276)

233 An Act entitled "A supplement to the act entitled 'An Act providing for the sale of the estate of lunatics or persons non compos mentis in certain cases'" approved the twenty-fourth day of March one thousand eight hundred eighteen (P. L. 301)

234 Section three of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the more speedy publication and distribution of the laws of this Commonwealth" approved the twenty-first day of January one thousand eight hundred nineteen (P. L. 14)

235 An Act entitled "An Act relative to escheated estates" approved the twenty-first day of January one thousand eight hundred nineteen (P. L. 25)

236 An Act entitled "An Act relative to habitual drunkards" approved the twenty-fifth day of February one thousand eight hundred nineteen (P. L. 74)

237 An Act entitled "An Act to extend to coppersmiths brass-founders coopers and venders of sail cloth certain advantages secured to sundry tradesmen employed in building and fitting ships and vessels for sea" approved fifth day of March one thousand eight hundred nineteen (P. L. 90)

238 Sections one and two of an act entitled "An Act to encourage more effectually the destruction of wolves and panthers" approved the sixteenth day of March one thousand eight hundred nineteen (P. L. 114)

239 An Act entitled "An Act relative to paupers" approved the twenty-ninth day of March one thousand eight hundred nineteen (P. L. 200)

240 Sections two three and six of an act entitled "An Act enjoining duties upon the Attorney-General and for other purposes approved the twenty-ninth day of March one thousand eight hundred nineteen (P. L. 266)

241 Sections one four and six of an act entitled "A supplement to the act entitled 'An Act for the relief of insolvent debtors'" approved the twenty-ninth day of January one thousand eight hundred twenty (P. L. 9)

242 An Act entitled "An Act for the relief of redemptioners" approved the ninth day of February one thousand eight hundred twenty (P. L. Chapter XVIII)

243 Sections one and two of an act entitled "A supplement to the act entitled 'An Act to establish a board of wardens for the port of Philadelphia and for the regulation of pilots and pilotages and for other purposes therein mentioned'" approved the twenty-fourth day of February one thousand eight hundred twenty (P. L. 40)

244 An Act entitled "An Act allowing mileage to jurors and for other purposes" approved the sixteenth day of March one thousand eight hundred twenty (P. L. 85 Chapter LX)

245 An Act entitled "A further supplement to an act entitled 'An Act for laying out making and keeping in repair the public roads and highways within this Commonwealth and for laying out private roads'" approved the seventeenth day of March one thousand eight hundred twenty (P. L. 87 Chapter LXII)

246 An Act entitled "An Act to prevent kidnapping" approved the twenty-seventh day of March one thousand eight hundred twenty (P. L. 104)

247 An Act entitled "A supplement to the act entitled 'A supplement to the act entitled 'An Act for the relief of insolvent debtors' passed the twenty-ninth January one thousand eight hundred and twenty" approved the twenty-eighth day of March one thousand eight hundred twenty (P. L. 155)

248 An Act entitled "A further supplement to an act entitled 'An Act regulating arbitrations'" approved the twenty-eighth day of March one thousand eight hundred twenty (P. L. 172)

249 Resolution approved the sixteenth day of March one thousand eight hundred twenty (P. L. 202 Chapter IV)

250 An Act entitled "An Act reducing the salaries of the Governor and Secretary of the Commonwealth" approved the eighteenth day of December one thousand eight hundred twenty (P. L. 1 1821)

251 An Act entitled "An Act to provide for the enumeration of the taxable inhabitants and slaves within this Commonwealth" approved the sixth day of January one thousand eight hundred twenty-one (P. L. 4)

252 Sections two three four five and six of an act entitled "An Act reducing the salaries of sundry public officers and the daily pay of members of the Legislature" approved the eighteenth day of January one thousand eight hundred twenty-one (P L. 7)

253 Section three five six nine ten and eleven of an act entitled "An Act to alter and amend the fee bill" approved the twenty-second day of February one thousand eight hundred twenty-one (P. L. 50)

254 An Act entitled "A supplement to the act entitled 'An Act to provide for the enumeration of the taxable inhabitants and slaves within this Commonwealth'" approved the twenty-sixth day of March one thousand eight hundred twenty-one (P. L. 98)

255 Sections three and four of an act entitled "An Act to regulate inspections" approved the twenty-seventh day of March one thousand eight hundred twenty-one (P. L. 133)

256 An Act entitled "An Act relative to guardians of minor children" approved the thirtieth day of March one thousand eight hundred twenty-one (P. L. 153)

257 Section one of an act entitled "An Act concerning bills of exchange" approved the thirtieth day of March one thousand eight hundred twenty-one (P. L. 156)

258 An Act entitled "An Act laying a duty on the retailers of foreign merchandize" approved the second day of April one thousand eight hundred twenty-one (P. L. 244)

259 An Act entitled "An Act to prevent the increase of pauperism in this Commonwealth" approved the second day of April one thousand eight hundred twenty-one (P. L. 254)

260 A resolution entitled "Resolution relative to inspectors of beef pork et cetera in the city and county of Philadelphia" approved the first day of February one thousand eight hundred twenty-one (P. L. 313 Chapter III)

261 An Act entitled "A supplement to the act relative to habitual drunkards" approved the nineteenth day of January one thousand eight hundred twenty-two (P. L. 4)

262 An Act entitled "A supplement to the act entitled 'An Act concerning contempts of court'" approved the eighteenth day of February one thousand eight hundred twenty-two (P. L. 30)

263 An Act entitled "A supplement to the act entitled 'An Act to raise and collect county rates and levies'" approved the eleventh day of March one thousand eight hundred twenty-two (P. L. 58)

264 An Act entitled "An Act to fix the number of Senators and Representatives and form the State into districts in pursuance of the provisions of the constitution" approved the twenty-fifth day of March one thousand eight hundred twenty-two (P. L. 74)

265 Sections one and two of an act entitled "A further supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to raise and collect county rates and levies'" approved the thirtieth day of March one thousand eight hundred twenty-two (P. L. 106)

266 An Act entitled "A supplement to the act for regulating the measurement of corn and salt imported into the port of Philadelphia" approved the second day of April one thousand eight hundred twenty-two (P. L. 126 Chapter XCVIII)

267 An Act entitled "A supplement to the act entitled 'An Act to regulate the inspectors of flour in certain western counties of the state'" approved the second day of April one thousand eight hundred twenty-two (P. L. 225 Chapter CLXII)

268 An Act entitled "A further supplement to the act entitled 'An Act relative to habitual drunkards'" approved the second day of April one thousand eight hundred twenty-two (P. L. 226)

269 An Act entitled "A supplement to the act entitled 'An Act to regulate the inspection of flour in certain western counties of the state' passed the thirtieth day of September one thousand seven hundred and ninety-one" approved the first day of February one thousand eight hundred twenty-three (P. L. 32)

270 An Act entitled "An Act fixing the compensation of the inspectors of staves and heading" approved the twenty-fourth day of February one thousand eight hundred twenty-three (P. L. 51)

271 An Act entitled "A supplement to the act entitled 'An Act to compel assignees to settle their accounts and for other purposes'" approved the twenty-ninth day of March one thousand eight hundred twenty-three (P. L. 146)

272 An Act entitled "A further supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to declare and regulate echeats'" approved the twenty-ninth day of March one thousand eight hundred twenty-three (P. L. 161 Chapter C)

273 An Act entitled "A further supplement to an act entitled 'An Act for taking lands in execution for the payment of debts' and for confirming partitions in several instances heretofore made" approved the thirty-first day of March one thousand eight hundred twenty-three (P. L. 230)

274 An Act entitled "An Act relative to turnpike road and bridge companies" approved the first day of April one thousand eight hundred twenty-three (P. L. 282)

275 An Act entitled "A further supplement to the act entitled 'An Act directing the descent of intestates real estate and distribution of their personal estates and for other purposes therein mentioned'" approved the first day of April one thousand eight hundred twenty-three (P. L. 286)

276 Section three of an act entitled "An act relative to the entry of writs of testatum fieri facias service of writs of scire facias and relative to payment of costs on appeals from before justices of the peace and for other purposes" approved the first day of April one thousand eight hundred twenty-three (P. L. 288)

277 An Act entitled "A supplement to the act entitled 'An Act to amend and consodidate the several acts relating to the settlement of the public accounts and the payment of the public moneys and for other purposes'" approved the twelfth day of January one thousand eight hundred twenty-four (P. L. 5 Chapter VII)

278 An Act entitled "An Act to enable executors administrators guardians and other trustees to invest their trust moneys" approved the eighteenth day of February one thousand eight hundred twenty-four (P. L. 25)

279 An Act entitled "A further supplement to the act entitled 'An Act regulating arbitrations'" approved the twenty-third day of February one thousand eight hundred twenty-four (P. L. 27)

280 Sections one to six of an act entitled "An Act for the preservation of wooden bridges within this Commonwealth" approved the nineteenth day of March one thousand eight hundred twenty-four (P. L. 50)

281 An Act entitled "A supplement to the act entitled 'An Act to regulate the trial of contested elections'" approved the nineteenth day of March one thousand eight hundred twenty-four (P. L. 53)

282 An Act entitled "An Act to regulate the public printing" approved the twenty-second day of March one thousand eight hundred twenty-four (P. L. 57)

283 An Act entitled "A further supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to declare and regulate escheats'" approval the twenty-seventh day of March one thousand eight hundred twenty-four (P. L. 109)

284 Section three of an act entitled "A further supplement to the act entitled 'An Act to amend and consolidate with its supplements the act entitled "An Act for the recovery of debts and demands not exceeding one hundred dollars before a justice of the peace and for the election of constables and for other purposes'" approved the twenty-ninth day of March one thousand eight hundred twenty-four (P. L. 171)

285 An Act entitled "A supplement to the act entitled 'An Act to regulate the public printing'" approved the twenty-ninth day of December one thousand eight hundred twenty-four (P. L. 2 1825)

286 An Act entitled "A supplement to the act entitled 'An Act for laying out making and keeping in repair the public roads and highways within this Commonwealth and for laying out private roads'" approved the eleventh day of April one thousand eight hundred twenty-five (P. L. 161)

287 An Act entitled "A further supplement to the act entitled 'An Act for the relief of insolvent debters' passed the twenty-sixth day of March one thousand eight hundred and fourteen" approved the eleventh day of April one thousand eight hundred twenty-five (P. L. 168)

288 Section one of an act entitled "A further supplement to an act entitled 'An Act for holding special courts of common pleas'" approved the eleventh day of April one thousand eight hundred twenty-five (P. L. 218)

289 An Act entitled "An Act more effectually to secure the collection of the revenue from tavern licenses and for other purposes" approved the twelfth day of April one thousand eight hundred and twenty-five (P. L. 247)

290 An Act entitled "An Act to repeal the act of eighteen hundred and twenty-four relative to the education of the poor" approved the twentieth day of February one thousand eight hundred and twenty-six (P. L. 52)

291 An Act entitled "An Act establishing an internal improvement fund" approved the first day of April one thousand eight hundred and twenty-six (P. L. 166)

292 An Act entitled "A supplement to the intestate law of this Commonwealth" approved the eighth day of April one thousand eight hundred and twenty-six (P. L. 255)

293 An Act entitled "A further supplement to the act entitled 'An Act to alter the judiciary system of this Commonwealth'" approved the eighth day of April one thousand eight hundred and twenty-six (P. L. 263)

294 Sections two and twelve of an act entitled "An Act to protect the public in the full benefit and enjoyment of the works constructed for the purposes of inland navigation" approved the tenth day of April one thousand eight hundred and twenty-six (P. L. 301)

295 An Act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act relative to turnpike road and bridge companies in which the State holds stock' passed twenty-seventh day of March one thousand eight hundred and twenty-four and for other purposes" approved the tenth day of April one thousand eight hundred and twenty-six (P. L. 324)

296 An Act entitled "A further supplement to the act entitled 'An Act for the regulation of the militia of this Commonwealth'" approved the tenth day of April one thousand eight hundred and twenty-six (P. L. 329)

297 An Act entitled "An Act relative to constables' fees" approved the second day of January one thousand eight hundred and twenty-seven (P. L. 5 No. 6)

298 Sections one three and four of an act entitled "An Act to authorize the printing and distribution of an additional number of the Pamphlet Laws" approved the first day of February one thousand eight hundred and twenty-seven (P. L. 29)

299 An Act entitled "An Act for the appointment of an inspector of pot and pearl ashes for the port of Philadelphia and for regulating the inspection of the same" approved the twenty-seventh day of February one thousand eight hundred and twenty-seven (P. L. 45)

300 An Act entitled "A supplement to the several acts for the inspectioin of staves and heading" approved the eleventh day of April one thousand eight hundred and twenty-seven (P. L. 236 No. 103)

301 An Act entitled "An Act concerning agencies of insurance companies not authorized by the laws of this State established within this Commonwealth" approved the thirteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred and twenty-seven (P. L. 239)

302 An Act entitled "An Act to declare the uses of certain bonds" approved the thirteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred and twenty-seven (P. L. 253 No. 118)

303 An Act entitled "A further supplement to the act entitled 'An Act for the regulation of the militia of this Commonwealth'" approved the fourteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred and twenty-seven (P. L. 385 No. 164)

304 An Act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act for the relief of the poor' passed the ninth day of March one thousand seven hundred and seventy-one" approved the sixteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred and twenty-seven (P. L. 437)

305 An Act entitled "An Act concerning writs of scire facias" approved the sixteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred and twenty-seven (P. L. 444)

306 Sections one two and three of an act entitled "An Act relative to the distribution of money arising from sheriffs and coroners sales and relatives to the duties of the Auditor-General and county commissioners" approved the sixteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred and twenty-seven (P. L. 471 No. 192)

307 Sections three four and five of an act entitled "An Act relating to escheated estates" approved the sixteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred and twenty-seven (P. L. 483)

308 An Act entitled "An Act to provide for the better inspection of butter and lard" approved the twenty-seventh day of February one thousand eight hundred and twenty-eight (P. L. 117)

309 An Act entitled "An Act for the relief of the poor" approved the tenth day of April one thousand eight hundred and twenty-eight (P. L. 285)

310 An Act entitled "A supplement to the act entitled 'An Act to compel assignees to settle their accounts and for other purposes'" approved the fourteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred and twenty-eight (P. L. 435)

311 An Act entitled "A supplement to the act entitled 'A further supplement to the act entitled 'An Act to alter the judiciary system of this Commonwealth' passed the eighth day of April eighteen hundred and twenty-six" approved the fourteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred and twenty-eight (P. L. 484)

312 Sections one and two of an act entitled "An Act requiring county treasurers to give bonds with security to the Commonwealth for the faithful discharge of certain duties and to repeal certain laws relating to treasurers bonds" approved the fifteen day of April one thousand eight hundred and twenty-eight (P. L. 491)

313 An Act entitled "An Act supplementary to an act passed the second day of April Anno Domini eighteen hundred and twenty-two entitled 'An Act for the regulation of the militia of this Commonwealth and the several supplements thereto'" approved the fifteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred and twenty-eight (P. L. 492)

314 An Act entitled "An Act relative to the appointment and payment of the criers of the courts in this Commonwealth" approved the twenty-third day of March one thousand eight hundred and twenty-nine (P. L. 103 No. 82)

315 An Act entitled "A further supplement to the act entitled 'An Act for laying out making and keeping in repair the public roads and highways within this Commonwealth and for laying out private roads" approved the thirtieth day of March one thousand eight hundred and twenty-nine (P. L. 114)

316 Section one of an act entitled "An Act concerning executors" approved the third day of April one thousand eight hundred and twenty-nine (P. L. 122)

317 An Act entitled "An Act relative to the patenting of lands" approved the eighth day of April one thousand eight hundred and twenty-nine (P. L. 146)

318 An Act entitled "An Act to fix the number of Senators and Representatives and form the State into districts in pursuance of the provisions of the constitution" approved the twentieth day of April one thousand eight hundred and twenty-nine (P. L. 212)

319 An Act entitled "An Act relative to insurance companies and agencies of insurance companies not chartered by this State" approved the twenty-third day of April one thousand eight hundred and twenty-nine (P. L. 264)

320 An Act entitled "A further supplment to the act entitled 'An Act for the regulation of the militia of this Commonwealth'" approved the twenty-third day of April one thousand eight hundred and twenty-nine (P. L. 280)

321 An Act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act for the preservation of wooden bridges within this Commonwealth' passed the nineteenth of March eighteen hundred and twenty-four and for other purposes" approved the twenty-third day of April one thousand eight hundred and twenty-nine (P. L. 292)

322 An Act entitled "A further supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to amend and consolidate with its supplements the act entitled 'An Act for the recovery of debts and demands not exceeding one hundred dollars before a justice of the peace and for the election of constables and for other purposes'" approved the fourth day of February one thousand eight hundred and thirty (P. L. 36)

323 An Act entitled "A supplement to the act entitled 'An Act relating to collateral inheritances'" approved the second day of April one thousand eight hundred and thirty (P. L. 160)

324 Section two of an act entitled "An Act relative to landlord and tenant" approved the third day of April one thousand eight hundred and thirty (P. L. 187 No. 116)

325 Section one of an act entitled "An Act relating to the service of process by sheriffs and to the appointment of tipstaves in the city and county of Philadelphia" approved the sixth day of April one thousand eight hundred and thirty (P. L. 246)

326 Sections two five eight and ten of an act entitled "An Act for the levy and collection of taxes upon proceedings in courts and in the offices of register and recorder and for other purposes" approved the sixth day of April one thousand eight hundred and thirty (P. L. 272)

327 An Act entitled "A further supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to declare and regulate escheats'" approved the sixth day of April one thousand eight hundred and thirty (P. L. 322)

328 An Act entitled "A further supplement to the act directing the descent of intestates' real estates and distribution of their personal estates and for other purposes therein mentioned passed the nineteenth day of April seventeen hundred and ninety-four" approved the seventh day of April one thousand eight hundred and thirty (P. L. 347)

329 An Act entitled "An Act to regulate inns and taverns" approved the seventh day of April one thousand eight hundred and thirty (P. L. 352)

330 An Act entitled "A further supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to regulate the inspection of flour in certain western counties of the State'" approved the thirtieth day of January one thousand eight hundred and thirty-one (P. L. 47, No. 37)

331 An Act entitled "An Act concerning the acknowledgement of sheriffs' and coroners' deeds in certain cases" approved the seventeenth day of February one thousand eight hundred and thirty-one (P. L. 65)

332 Sections one and two of an act entitled "A further supplement to the act entitled 'A supplement to the act entitled 'An Act to compel assignees to settle their accounts and for other purposes'" approved the twenty-first day of March one thousand eight hundred and thirty-one (P. L. 192)

333 Sections two and three of an act entitled "An Act more effectually to prevent and punish extortion and for other purposes" approved the twenty-fifth day of March one thousand eight hundred and thirty-one (P. L. 211)

334 Section two of an act entitled "A further supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to amend and consolidate the several acts relating to the settlement of the public accounts and the payment of the public monies and for other purposes' and a supplement to an act entitled 'An Act establishing an internal improvement fund'" approved the fourth day of April one thousand eight hundred and thirty-one (P. L. 477)

335 An Act entitled "An Act to provide for the inspection of tobacco for the Port of Philadelphia" approved the tenth day of February one thousand eight hundred and thirty-two (P. L. 58)

336 An Act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to regulate inns and taverns' passed April seventh eighteen hundred and thirty" approved the fifteenth day of February one thousand eight hundred and thirty-two (P. L. 73, No. 51)

337 An Act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to increase the county rates and levies for the use of the Commonwealth' passed the twenty-fifth day of March Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and thirty-one'" approved the fifteenth day of February one thousand eight hundred and thirty-two (P. L. 79)

338 Section thirty-nine of an act entitled "An Act relating to registers and registers' courts" approved the fifteenth day of March one thousand eight hundred thirty-two (P. L. 135)

339 Section two of an act entitled "An Act concerning the administration of justice" approved the thirteenth day of April one thousad eight hundred and thirty-two (P. L. 388)

340 An Act entitled "An Act entitled 'A further supplement to 'An Act for taking lands in execution" approved the third day of May one thousand eight hundred and thirty-two (P. L. 404, No. 165)

341 An Act entitled "An Act providing the mode of settling the accounts of county treasurers and for other purposes" approved the third day of May one thousand eight hundred and thirty-two (P. L. 417)

342 An Act entitled "A supplement to the act to authorize the printing and distribution of an additional number

of the pamphlet laws" approved the eleventh day of June one thousand eight hundred and thirty-two (P. L. 615, No. 245)

343 An Act entitled "A further supplement to the act entitled 'A further supplement to the act entitled 'An Act to alter the judiciary system of this Commonwealth' passed the eighth day of April eighteen hundred and twenty-six" approved the seventh day of January one thousand eight hundred and thirty-three (P. L. 1 No. 2)

344 An Act entitled "An Act changing the organization and extending the jurisdiction of the court of common pleas of the first judicial district" approved the eighth day of February one thousand eight hundred and thirty-three (P. L. 23)

345 An Act entitled "A supplement to an act passed the twenty-second March Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventeen entitled 'An Act relative to suits brought by or against corporations' " approved the sixteenth day of March one thousand eight hundred and thirty-three (P. L. 78, No. 44)

346 An Act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to confer on certain associations of the citizens of this Commonwealth the powers and immunities of corporations or bodies politic in law' passed the sixth day of April one thousand seven hundred and ninety-one" approved the eighth day of April one thousand eight hundred and thirty-three (P. L. 238)

347 An Act entitled "An Act relating to last wills and testaments" approved the eighth day of April one thousand eight hundred and thirty-three (P. L. 249)

348 Sections one two three four five six seven eight nine ten eleven twelve thirteen fourteen fifteen and sixteen of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the erection of an additional court within the county of Allegheny and for other purposes" approved the eighth day of April one thousand eight hundred and thirty-three (P. L. 305)

349 Sections twelve and fourteen of an act entitled "An Act relating to the descent and distribution of the estates of intestates" approved the eighth day of April one thousand eight hundred and thirty-three (P. L. 315)

350 Section four of an act entitled "An Act to abolish imprisonment for debt and for other purposes" approved the ninth day of April one thousand eight hundred and thirty-three (P. L. 480)

351 Sections four and twenty-four of an act entitled "An act relating to executors and administrators" approved the twenty-fourth day of February one thousand eight hundred thirty-four (P. L. 73)

352 Sections one two three four five eleven thirteen fourteen fifteen sixteen twenty-four twenty-five and twenty-six of an act entitled "An Act relating to inns tavers and retailers of vinous and spirituous liquors" approved the eleventh day of March one thousand eight hundred thirty-four (P. L. 117)

353 An Act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to provide for the inspection of tobacco for the Port of Philadelphia' " approved the first day of April one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four (P. L. 179)

354 An Act entitled "An Act authorizing and directing county treasurers to pay gratuities and pensions to soldiers and widows of revolutionary soldiers residing within this Commonwealth" approved the fourteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four (P. L. 290)

355 Sections three five six sixteen seventeen twenty-four twenty-five twenty-six twenty-seven twenty-eight fifty-two fifty-three fifty-four fifty-seven eighty-one eighty-two eighty-five eighty-six ninety-two one hundred one hundred two one hundred three one hundred thirteen one hundred thirty-three and one hundred fifty of an act entitled "An Act relative to the organization of the courts of justice" approved the fourteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred thirty-four (P. L. 333)

356 Section six of an act entitled "An Act for the amendment of the law relating to factors" approved the fourteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred thirty-four (P. L. 375)

357 An Act entitled "An Act relative to suits brought by and against canal and railroad companies" approved the fourteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred thirty-four (P. L. 395)

358 Section six of an act entitled "An Act to fix the standards and denominations of measures and weights in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania" approved the fifteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred thirty-four (P. L. 525)

359 Sections ten fifteen seventeen eighteen twenty-six twenty-seven twenty-eight twenty-nine forty forty-six sixty sixty-one sixty-three and ninety-three of an act entitled "An Act relating to counties and townships and county and township officers" approved the fifteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred thirty-four (P. L. 537)

360 An Act entitled "An Act relative to banks" approved the first day of April one thousand eight hundred thirty-five (P. L. 99)

361 An Act entitled "An Act relating to inspections" approved the fifteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred thirty-five (P. L. 384)

362 An Act entitled "An Act to increase the salaries of the president judge of the fifth judicial district and of the judge of the district court of the county of Allegheny" approved the thirty-first day of March one thousand eight hundred thirty-six (P. L. 329 No. 101)

363 An Act entitled "An supplement to an act entitled 'An Act relating to inspections' approved the fifteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred and thirty-five" approved the thirty-first day of March one thousand eight hundred thirtysix (P. L. 332)

364 Sections one and three of an act entitled "An Act requiring the banks of this Commonwealth to make quarterly statements to the Auditor-General and for other purposes" approved the first day of April one thousand eight hundred thirty-six (P. L. 421)

365 Section twenty-seven of an act entitled "An Act relating to the support and employment of the poor" approved the thirteenth day of June one thousand eight hundred thirty-six (P. L. 539)

366 Sections two and thirty-seven of an act entitled "An Act relating to the commencement of actions" approved the thirteenth day of June one thousand eight hundred thirty-six (P. L. 568)

367 Section twelve of an act entitled "An Act relating to lunatics and habitual drunkards" approved the thirteenth day of June one thousand eight hundred thirty-six (P. L. 589)

368 Sections thirty seventy-three seventy-five and ninety-six of an act entitled "An Act relating to executions" approved the sixteenth day of June one thousand eight hundred thirty-six (P. L. 755)

369 Section two of an act entitled "An Act relating to the jurisdiction and powers of courts" approved the sixteenth day of June one thousand eight hundred thirty-six (P. L. 784)

370 An Act entitled "An Act to fix the number of Senators and Representatives and form the State into districts in pursuance of the provisions of the constitution" approved the sixteenth day of June one thousand eight hundred thirty-six (P. L. 794)

371 Section thirty-seven of an act entitled "An Act to incorporate the Preston Retreat and relative to the sale of lands of Saint John's church in Norristown Montgomery county and for other purposes" approved the sixteenth day of June one thousand eight hundred thirty-six (P. L. 810)

372 An Act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to prescribe the times places and manner of choosing Senators to represent this State in the Senate of the United States' " approved the thirteenth day of December one thousand eight hundred thirty-six (P. L. 1 1837

373 An Act entitled "An Act to authorize the printing and distribution of the Pamphlet Laws in the German language" approved the twenty-first day of January one thousand eight hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 8)

374 Section one of an act entitled "A supplement to the act entitled 'An Act to authorize the printing and distribution of the Pamphlet Laws in the German language passed January twenty-third Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven and for other purposes' " approved the fourth day of April one thousand eight hundred thirty-seven (P. L. 354)

375 Section three of an act entitled "An Act relating to the commencement of actions to appeals from county auditors and for other purposes" approved the fourteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred thirty-eight (P. L. 457)

376 Section thirty-eight of an act entitled "An Act regulating election districts" approved the sixteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred thirty-eight (P. L. 593)

377 Section five of an act entitled "An Act providing for the election of aldermen and justices of the peace" approved the twenty-first day of June one thousand eight hundred thirty-nine (P. L. 376)

378 Section four of an act entitled "An Act to compensate Samuel Dale for services rendered as an associate judge of Lancaster county and for other purposes" approved the twenty-second day of June one thousand eight hundred thirty-nine (P. L. 390)

379 Sections five twenty-three twenty-four twenty-six twenty-seven forty-three forty-four forty-five forty-six forty-seven forty-eight forty-nine fifty sixty-one sixty-three sixty-nine seventy-one seventy-two seventy-three seventy-five seventy-six seventy-seven seventy-eight one hundred nineteen one hundred twenty one hundred twenty-nine one hundred thirty one hundred thirty-one one hundred thirty-two one hundred thirty-three one hundred thirty-four one hundred thirty-five one hundred thirty-six one hundred thirty-seven one hundred thirty-eight one hundred thirty-nine one hundred forty one hundred forty-one one hundred forty-two one hundred forty-three one hundred forty-four one hundred forty-five one hundred forty-six one hundred forty-seven one hundred forty-eight one hundred forty-nine one hundred fifty one hundred fifty-one one hundred fifty-two one hundred fifty-three one hundred fifty-four one hundred fifty-five one hundred fifty-six one hundred fifty-seven one hundred fifty-eight one hundred fifty-nine one hundred sixty one hundred sixty-one one hundred sixty-two one hundred sixty-three one hundred sixty-four one hundred sixty-five one hundred sixty-six one hundred sixty-seven one hundred sixty-eight one hundred sixty-nine one hundred seventy one hundred seventy-one one hundred seventy-two and one hundred seventy-three of an act entitled "An Act relating to the elections of this Commonwealth" approved the second day of July one thousand eight hundred thirty-nine (P. L. 519)

380 Section seven of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the election of prothonotaries clerks recorders and registers" approved the second day of July one thousand eight hundred thirty-nine (P. L. 559)

381 Sections thirty-three thirty-four thirty-five and thirty-six of an act entitled "An Act relative to the election of borough and township officers and for other purposes" approved the seventh day of March one thousand eight hundred forty (P. L. 72)

383 An Act entitled "A further supplement to an act to authorize the printing and distribution of the pamphlet laws in the German language" approved the thirty-first day of March one thousand eight hundred forty (P. L. 209)

383 Section four of an act entitled "A further supplement to 'An Act entitled an act relating to orphans' courts passed the twenty-ninth day of March one thousand eight hundred and thirty-two and the supplement thereto passed the fourteenth day of April one thousand and eight hundred and thirty-five and for other purposes" approved the thirteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred forty (P. L. 319)

384 Section twenty-three of an act entitled "An Act relating to executions and for other purposes" approved the sixteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred forty (P. L. 410)

385 Section twenty-two of an act entitled "An Act to erect the town of South Easton in the county of Northampton into a borough and for other purposes" approved the twenty-seventh day of May one thousand eight hundred forty (P. L. 548)

386 A resolution entitled "Resolution relative to James Lyon and for other purposes" approved the twenty-ninth day of May one thousand eight hundred forty (P. L. 749)

387 Sections one two and three of an act entitled "An Act to create a new division to be called the seventeenth division of the Pennsylvania militia" approved the twelfth day of June one thousand eight hundred forty (P. L. 663)

388 Sections four five six and twelve of an act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act relating to the elections of this Commonwealth' passed the second day of July Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and thirty-nine and for other purposes" approved the thirteenth day of June one thousand eight hundred forty (P. L. 683)

389 Sections three four and five of an act entitled "A further supplement to an act entitled 'An Act providing for the election of aldermen and justices of the peace' passed twenty-first June one thousand eight hundred and thirty-nine and for other purposes" approved the thirteenth day of June one thousand eight hundred forty (P. L. 689)

390 Sections six eight ten eleven and fourteen of an act entitled "An Act to establish an asylum for the insane of this Commonwealth" approved the fourth day of March one thousand eight hundred forty-one (P. L. 57)

391 An Act entitled "An Act supplementary to the various acts relating to tavern licenses" approved the twenty-ninth day of March one thousand eight hundred forty-one (P. L. 121)

392 Sections thirteen and fourteen of an act entitled "An Act to authorize the Governor to incorporate a company to erect a bridge over the Lackawaxen at or near Paupack Eddy in the county of Wayne" approved the sixth day of April one thousand eight hundred forty-one (P. L. 149)

393 Section one of an act entitled "An Act to enable religious societies to purchase and hold real estate and for other purposes" approved the twenty-second day of April one thousand eight hundred forty-one (P. L. 369)

394 Section five of a resolution entitled "Resolutions relating to the Warren Bridge Company and for other purposes" approved the fifth day of May one thousand eight hundred forty-one (P. L. 445)

395 Section five of an act entitled "An Act relating to the election of county treasurers and for other purposes" approved the twenty-seventh day of May one thousand eight hundred forty-one (P. L. 400)

396 A resolution entitled "Resolutions relative to the Public Printing and Binding" approved the first day of February one thousand eight hundred forty-one (P. L. 435)

397 Section sixty-six of an act entitled "An Act regulating election districts and for other purposes" approved the fourth day of March one thousand eight hundred forty-two (P. L. 43)

398 Section three of an act entitled "A further supplement to the act entitled 'An Act to establish the district court of the city and county of Philadelphia' passed the twenty-eighth day of March one thousand eight hundred and thirty-five and for other purposes" approved the twelfth day of March one thousand eight hundred forty-two (P. L. 66)

399 Sections one two three four five and six of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the resumption of specie payments by the banks of this Commonwealth and for other purposes" approved the twelfth day of March one thousand eight hundred forty-two (P. L. 68)

400 Section twelve of an act entitled "Supplement to the act entitled 'An Act to incorporate the township of Moyamensing in Philadelphia county' passed March twenty-fourth one thousand eight hundred and twelve and for other purposes" approved the seventeenth day of March one thousand eight hundred forty-two (P. L. 95)

401 Section twenty-four of an act entitled "An Act to incorporate the Mutual Beneficial Insurance Association of Bucks county against losses sustained by fire and for other purposes" approved the twenty-fourth day of March one thousand eight hundred forty-two (P. L. 162)

402 Section twenty of an act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act authorizing the Governor to incorporate the Tioga Navigation Company' passed the twenty-sixth day of February one thousand eight hundred and twenty-six and for other purposes" approved the twelfth day of April one thousand eight hundred forty-two (P. L. 262)

403 Section one of a resolution entitled "Resolutions to prevent collectors and other public agents from speculating with the public funds in notes of the fourth May one thousand eight hundred and forty-one" approved the twelfth day of April one thousand eight hundred forty-two (P. L. 488)

404 Resolutions one three and four of a resolution entitled "Resolutions to prevent a further subscription by the banks to the loan authorized by the act of fourth May eighteen hundred and forty-one and to provide for the redemption in gold and silver coin of the relief notes" approved the twenty-fourth day of June one thousand eight hundred forty-two (P. L. 493)

405 Section thirty-two of an act entitled "An Act to abolish imprisonment for debt and to punish fraudulent debtors" approved the twelfth day of July one thousand eight hundred forty-two (P. L. 339)

406 Section forty-one of an act entitled "An Act concerning the trust estate of Hugh Roberts deceased and for other purposes" approved the sixteenth day of July one thousand eight hundred forty-two (P. L. 374)

407 Sections four five six seven and eight of an act entitled "An Act to incorporate the Liberty Fire Company of Holmesburg in the county of Philadelphia" approved the twenty-sixth day of July one thousand eight hundred forty-two (P. L. 430)

408 Section six of an act entitled "An act to provide for the ordinary expenses of the government payment of the interest upon the State debt receiving of proposals for the sale of the public works and for other purposes" approved the twenty-seventh day of July one thousand eight hundred forty-two (P. L. 441)

409 Sections thirteen and fourteen of an act entitled "An act annexing the county of Schuylkill to the Eastern District of the Supreme Court and for other purposes" approved the second day of August one thohusand eight hundred forty-two (P. L. 458)

410 An Act entitled "An Act to regulate the public printing and binding and for other purposes" approved the twenty-third day of January one thousand eight hundred forty-three (P. L. 2)

411 An Act entitled "An Act to create permanently the office of State Printer" approved the twenty-fourth day of March one thousand eight hundred forty-three (P. L. 110)

412 An Act entitled "An Act to divide the State into congressional districts for the election of representatives in the Congress of the United States" approved the twenty-fifth day of March one thousand eight hundred forty-three (P. L. 115)

413 Section six of an act entitled "An Act to confer upon the orphans' court of Lancaster county certain powers in relation to the real estate of John Lindemuth deceased and for other purposes" approved the fourthday of April one thousand eight hundred forty-three (P. L. 131)

414 An Act entitled "An Act supplementary to an act entitled 'An Act relating to roads highways and bridges'" approved the thirteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred forty-three (P. L. 221)

415 An Act entitled "An Act to fix the number of Senators and Representatives and form the State into districts in pursuance of the provisions of the Constitution" approved the fourteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred forty-three (P. L. 247)

416 Section four of an act entitled "An Act to reduce the expenses of Government" which became a law the seventeenth day of April one thousand eight hundred forty-three (P. L. 324)

417 An Act entitled "An Act giving out for a term of years all the public printing and binding of the Commonwealth to the lowest bidder with ample security for performances" approved the twenty-third day of March one thousand eight hundred forty-four (P. L. 148 No. 98)

418 An Act entitled "An Act to reduce the expenses of the militia system of this Commonwealth and provide a more rigid mode for the collection of militia fines" approved the twenty-fifth day of April one thousand eight hundred forty-four (P. L. 398)

419 Sections eight nine eleven twelve thirteen fourteen fifteen sixteen seventeen eighteen and nineteen of an act entitled "An Act to extend the charter of the commercial bank of Pennsylvania" approved the twenty-sixth day of April one thousand eight hundred forty-four (P. L. 419)

420 Section two of an act entitled "An Act relative to the surveyor general's office" which became a law the twenty-ninth day of April one thousand eight hundred forty-four (P. L. 529)

421 Section one of an act entitled "An Act further to regulate proceedings in courts of justice and for other purposes" approved the sixth day of May one thousand eight hundred forty-four (P. L. 564)

422 Clause two of a resolution entitled "Resolution relative to the translators of the journals of both houses" approved the twenty-ninth day of April one thousand eight hundred forty-four (P. L. 610 No 33)

423 Section one of an act entitled "A supplement to 'An Act to provide for the election of aldermen and justices of the peace' approved the twenty-first day of June one thousand eight hundred and thirty-nine and a further supplement passed April eleventh one thousand eight hundred and forty and for other purposes" approved the twenty-seventh day of February one thousand eight hundred forty-five (P. L. 72 No. 52)

424 An Act entitled "An Act to authorize payment for the translation of legislative documents" approved the twenty-seventh day of February one thousand eight hundred forty-five (P. L. 74 No. 54)

425 An Act entitled "An Act to create a third battalion out of the second regiment second brigade eighth division of the Pennsylvania militia in the county of Luzerne" approved the first day of April one thousand eight hundred forty-five (P. L. 276)

426 Sections five and six of an act entitled "An Act authorizing the Secretary of the Commonwealth to distribute copies of the standard of weights and measures and for the appointment of sealers" approved the fifteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred forty-five (P. L. 443)

427 Sections one and two of an act entitled "A supplement to the Act of Assembly passed the twenty-ninth March one thousand eight hundred thirty-two relating to the proceedings in the orphans' court of this Commonwealth and

for other purposes" approved the fifteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred forty-five (P. L. 458)

428 An Act entitled "An Act to regulate the stndard weight of Indian corn" approved the sixteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred forty-five (P. L. 475 No. 314)

429 Section one of an act entitled "An Act concerning certain sheriffs and coroners sales and for other purposes" approved the sixteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred forty-five (P. L. 538)

430 Section two of an act entitled "An Act supplementary to an act entitled 'An Act to preserve and perfect the validity of judgments entered upon the continuance or appearance dockets of the courts' and for other purposes" approved the sixteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred forty-five (P. L. 542)

431 An Act entitled "An Act to alter an act entitled 'An Act to reduce the expenses of the militia system of this Commonwealth and provide a more rigid mode for the collection of militia fines' passed the twenty-fifth day of April one thousand eight hundred and forty-four so far as it respects the second brigade ninth division of the Pennsylvania militia" approved the third day of April one thousand eight hundred forty-six (P. L. 228)

432 An Act entitled "An act supplementary to an act entitled 'An Act relating to collateral inheritances' passed seventh April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and twenty-six" approved the sixteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred forty-six (P. L. 358 No. 300)

433 Section four of an act entitled "An Act to authorize the voters of Mifflin county to decide the question of tavern license therein and to prohibit the sale of intoxicating drinks within specified limits in certain counties" approved the twenty-first day of April one thousand eight hundred forty-six (P. L. 431)

434 Section nine of an act entitled "An Act in regard to certain entries in ledgers in the city of Pittsburgh and relating to the publication of sheriffs' sales and for other purposes" approved the twenty-second day of April one thousand eight hundred forty-six (P. L. 476)

435 Section four of an act entitled "An act relative to the appointment of trustees by orphans' court and for other purposes" approved the twenty-second day of April one thousand eight hundred forty-six (P. L. 483)

436 An Act entitled "An Act to regulate the standard measure of charcoal" approved the twenty-second day of January one thousand eight hundred forty-seven (P. L. 51)

437 An Act entitled "A supplement to 'An Act to create the office of State printer' passed the twenty-fourth day of March one thousand eight hundred and forty-three' " approved the twenty-fifth day of January one thousand eight hundred forty-seven (P. L. 55)

438 Section one of an act entitled "A further supplement to an act to create permanently the office of State printer passed the twenty-fourth day of April eighteen hundred and forty-three" approved the fourteenth day of February one thousand eight hundred forty-eight (P. L. 49)

439 An Act entitled "A further supplement to an act to create permanently the office of State printer passed March twenty-fourth one thousand eight hundred and forty-three' " approved the sixteenth day of March one thousand eight hundred forty-eight (P. L. 188 No. 151)

440 An act entitled "An Act designating the period for the commencement of the official term of the State Treasurer" approved the twenty-eighth day of March one thousand eight hundred forty-eight (P. L. 285 No. 231)

441 Section three of an act entitled "An Act for the relief of John H. Morrison collector of tolls on the Susquehanna division of the Pennsylvania canal fixing the age at which children shall be admitted into the schools of the first school district relative to the taxation of bank dividends and to undrawn donation tracts" approved the eleventh day of April one thousand eight hundred forty-eight (P. L. 511)

442 Section two of an act entitled "A further supplement to an act entitled 'An Act relating to the elections in this Commonwealth' " approved the eleventh day of April one thousand eight hundred forty-eight (P. L. 512)

443 Section two of an act entitled "An act authorizing the executors of doctor Samuel Du Fresne of the city of Lancaster deceased to sell certain real estate and relating to discharge of insolvent applicants and so forth" approved the eleventh day of April one thousand eight hundred forty-eight (P. L. 525)

444 Sections one and two of an act entitled "A supplement to the act entitled 'An Act regulating turnpike and plank road companies' approved January twenty-sixth Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred forty-nine" approved the seventh day of April one thousand eight hundred forty-nine (P. L. 461)

445 Section three of an act entitled "An Act relative to supervisors in Franklin county to elections of constables to school district in Jefferson county to voting in Mifflin county to the extension of certain road laws in Susquehanna county to the West Chester turnpike road in Delaware county to prevent the destruction of fish in Somerset county to township line in Mercer county to East Brunswick school district in Schuylkill county to Casely Ferry in Warren county and to hawkers and peddlers in Lancaster county" approved the ninth day of April one thousand eight hundred forty-nine (P. L. 508)

446 Sections one two three four five six seven eight nine ten eleven twelve thirteen fourteen fifteen sixteen seventeen thirty thirty-one thirty-two and thirty-three of an act entitled "An Act to create a sinking fund and to provide for the gradual and certain extinguishment of the debt of the Commonwealth" approved the tenth day of April one thousand eight hundred forty-nine (P. L. 570)

447 Sections six and seven of an act entitled "An act authorizing the commissioners of the incorporated districts of the Northern Liberties and Kensington to open a street to be called Delaware avenue relative to the duties of assessors vendors of mineral waters the Fire Association of Philadelphia vacancies in the school boards in the county of Philadelphia to lost mortgages auditors of Philadelphia county rebuilding of the court house in Philadelphia to enable to commissioners of Philadelphia county to borrow money to settle certain accounts between Spring Garden and the Commonwealth and respecting the appointment of auditors" which became a law the twenty-fourth day of January one thousand eight hundred forty-nine (P. L. 678)

448 An act entitled "An act to revise the militia system and provide for the training of such only as shall be uniformed" approved the seventeenth day of April one thousand eight hundred forty-nine (P. L. 665)

449 Sections two three four and five of an act entitled "An Act for the relief of the heirs of James Caldwell deceased and relative to the hours of labor in manufacturing establishments" approved the twenty-first day of April one thousand eight hundred forty-nine (P. L. 671)

450 An act entitled "A supplement to an act to create permanently the office of State Printer passed March twenty-fourth one thousand and eight hundred and forty-three" approved the twenty-first day of January one thousand eight hundred fifty (P. L. 6)

451 An Act entitled "An Act allowing compensation to the Auditor General and State Treasurer for their services as commissioners of the internal improvement fund and sinking fund" which became a law the fifth day of February one thousand eight hundred fifty (P. L. 38)

452 An Act entitled "An Act relating to collateral inheritance taxes" approved the eleventh day of March one thousand eight hundred fifty (P. L. 170)

453 Section twenty-two of an act entitled "A Supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to prevent waste in certain cases within this Commonwealth' passed the twenty-ninth day of March one thousand eight hundred and twenty-two of land and building associations giving the court of Susquehanna county jurisdiction in a certain case relative to the service of process in certain cases to party walls in West Philadelphia to the proof of a certain will to the sale and purchase of certain burial grounds in Philadelphia to the laying of gas pipes in the district of Moyamensing to the release of certain sureties in Erie county to the State Lunatic hospital relative to the service of process against sheriffs to the rights of married women to ground rents and relating to foreign insurance companies" approved the twenty-second day of April one thousand eight hundred fifty (P. L. 549)

454 Section forty-three of an act entitled "An Act relating to the bail of executrixes to partition in the orphans' court and common pleas to colored convicts in Philadelphia to the limitations of actions against corporations to actions enforcing the payment of ground rent to trustees of married women to appeals from awards of arbitrators by corporations to hawkers and peddlers in the counties of Butler and Union to the payment of costs in actions by informers in certain cases to taxing lands situate in different townships and in relation to fees of county treasurers of Lycoming Clinton and Schuylkill to provide for recording the accounts of executors administrators guardians and auditors' reports and to amend and alter existing laws relative to the administration of justice in this Commonwealth" became a law the twenty-fifth day of April one thousand eight hundred fifty (P. L. 569)

455 Section eight of an act entitled "An Act regulating the hunting of deer in the county of Warren and relative to hawkers and peddlers in the counties of Carbon Butler and Union authorizing the Philadelphia Germanown and Norristown Railroad Company to become stockholders in the Chester Valley Railroad Company relative to the sale of spirituous and vinous liquors in Washington county and to the licensing of inn-keepers in this Commonwealth to the estate of John Claar deceased legitimating John Diffenbach of Lancaster county and authorizing the sale of the real estate of Darius Grimes of Fayette county deceased" approved the thirtieth day of April one thousand eight hundred fifty (P. L. 634)

456 Section nine of an act entitled "An Act supplementary to an act entitled 'An Act to incorporate the borough of Girard in the county of Erie' and to authorize the borough of Erie to borrow money and to encourage agriculture and the mechanic arts in Erie county and relative to the election of assistant wardens of the port of Philadelphia to county treasurers and delinquent inn-keepers" approved the fifteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred fifty (P. L. 471)

457 Section five of an act entitled "A Supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to create a sinking fund and to provide for the gradual and certain extinguishment of the debt of the Commonwealth' and to authorize a loan" approved the fifteenth day of May one thousand eight hundred fifty (P. L. 772)

458 An Act entitled "An Act to fix the number of senators and Representatives and form the State into districts in pursuance of the provisions of the Constitution" approved the fifteenth day of May one thousand eight hundred fifty (P. L. 777)

459 Sections five six eight nine ten and eleven of an act entitled "An Act to authorize Amanda M. Richmond of McKean county the trustees of the Church of God in Fredericksburg Lebanon county and Thomas Heyl junior guardian to sell certain real estate empowering William H. Holstein guardian to draw and appropriate certain moneys in relation to insurance companies and the agencies of insurance companies not chartered by this State and to liens in Lycoming and Clinton counties" became a law the twenty-fourth day of January one thousand eight hundred forty-nine (P. L. 921 1850)

460 Section three of an act entitled "A Supplement to the act providing for the publication and distribution of the pamphlet laws of the Commonwealth" approved the eleventh day of February one thousand eight hundred fifty-one (P. L. 124)

461 Section four of an act entitled "An Act to incorporate the Somerset and Johnstown Plank Road Company relating to the half pilotage law and in relation to elections in Tioga county" approved the twenty-fourth day of March one thousand eight hundred fifty-one (P. L. 229)

462 Section twelve of an act entitled "An Act extending the time for the completion of the Hollidaysburg and Bedford turnpike road relative to the collection of certain taxes in Huntingdon county authorizing Greensburg and Mount Pleasant to subscribe stock in a plank road company to the sale of malt liquors in the city and county of Philadelphia to certain school districts in Erie and Warren counties and confirming a certain power of attorney to George Morris Knevelt" approved the fourteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred fifty-one (P. L. 566)

463 Section eight of an act entitled "A further supplement to the act entitled 'An Act authorizing the Governor to incorporate the Bear Mountain Railroad Company' and for other purposes passed July thirteenth one thousand eight hundred and forty-two and relative to roads streets and alleys in the borough of Pottsville in Schuylkill county to hawkers and peddlers in Armstrong and Carbon counties to the Bethany and Dingman's choice turnpike road to the district of West Philadelphia to the bottling of cider and malt liquors licensing billiard rooms and bowling saloons to the district of Moyamensing and to authorize Charles B. Mench to sell certain real estate" approved the fourteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred fifty-one (P. L. 569)

464 Section twelve of an act entitled "An Act to incorporate the New Brighton and Harmony Plank Road Company relative to the Hillsboro and Pittsburgh State road and to the borough of Strattonville to granting licenses to theatres circuses and menageries to a State road in Monroe and Pike counties and to the Girard Avnue Schuylkill Bridge Company" approved the fourteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred fifty-one (P. L. 594)

465 Sections one eighteen and nineteen of an act entitled "An Act relating to the commencement of actions to judgments and decrees for the payments of money to the widows and children of decedents to partitions in the common pleas relative to penalties on telegraph operators to pleadings in certain actions of debt to actions of ejectments to the protection of fences to partnerships to limitations of writs of entry in manors lands and tenements to the exemption laws to reports of the Supreme Court to appeals relating to wards boroughs and township officers to the acknowledgments of deeds and sequestration of life estates" approved the fourteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred fifty-one (P. L. 612)

466 Section thirteen of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the ordinary expenses of government the repair of the public canals and railroads and other general and special appropriations" approved the fifteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred fifty-one (P. L. 676)

467 Sections five six seven eight and twelve of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the election of judges of the several courts of this Commonwealth and to regulate certain judicial districts" approved the fifteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred fifty-one (P. L. 648)

468 An Act entitled "A further supplement to an act entitled 'An Act relating to inspection' approved the fifteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred and thirty-five" approved the tenth day of April one thousand eight hundred fifty-two (P. L. 311)

469 Section eleven of an act entitled "An Act to vest in Margaret Van Horn of Juniata county the right of this Commonwealth to the estate of Mary Ann Hellings of Bucks county and relative to ten-pin alleys in Mifflin county confirming a road view in Union county changing the name of Mary Ann Vanzandt of Mifflin county for the relief of William Lathrow relative to holding elections in Fermanaugh and Turbit townships in Juniata county to authorize the administrator of Jacob Soles Junior to make a deed to extend the general manufacturing law to the manufacture of vitrified iron legitimating Amanda Beighley Fletcher of Butler county relative to corporations under the general manufacturing act renting real estate and to streets in Blairsville and relative to the Erie Gas Company" approved the fifteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred fifty-two (P. L. 360)

470 An Act entitled "An Act to divide the State into congressional districts for the election of representatives in the Congress of the United States" approved the first day of May one thousand eight hundred fifty-two (P. L. 492)

471 Section one of an act entitled "An Act relative to courts in this Commonwealth" approved the fourth day of May one thousand eight hundred fifty-two (P. L. 574)

472 Sections three and four of an act entitled "An Act relating to judgments relative to writs of estrepment and the fees of sheriffs and constables and partitions" approved the fourth day of May one thousand eight hundred fifty-two (P. L. 584)

473 An Act entitled "A further supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to create permanently the office of State printer'" approved the fifteenth day of March one thousand eight hundred fifty-three (P. L. 198)

474 Section one of an act entitled "A Supplement to the sixth section of an act entitled 'An Act authorizing the Commissioners of the incorporated districts of the Northern Liberties and Kensington to open a street to be called Delaware avenue relative to the duties of assessors venders of mineral waters' passed the twenty-fourth day of January one thousand eight hundred forty-nine and the supplement to an act entitled 'An Act relative to the venders of mineral waters and an act relative to the Washington Coal company to sheriffs' sales of real estate to the substitution of executors and trustees when plantiffs to partition on common pleas and for other purposes' passed the ninth day of April eighteen hundred forty-nine relative to the Pennsylvania Building and Loan Association and to the Venango Railroad company" approved the twentieth day of April one thousand eight hundred fifty-three (P. L. 643)

475 An Act entitled "A Supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to revise to militia system and provide for the training of such only as shall be uniformed' passed April seventeen one thousand eight hundred and forty-nine" approved the thirteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred fifty-three (P. L. 654)

476 Sections one two three five and six of an act entitled "An Act relative to the State Library and Librarian" approved the twenty-fifth day of January one thousand eight hundred fifty-four (P. L. 7)

477 An Act entitled "An Act relative to the appointment of notaries public" approved the twentieth day of February one thousand eight hundred fifty-four (P. L. 90)

478 An Act entitled "An Act relative to the payment of constables for attending the general and township elections" approved the thirty-first day of March one thousand eight hundred fifty-four (P. L. 250)

479 Section three of an act entitled "An Act relating to dogs in Allegheny Chester Northampton Schuylkill and Lancaster counties" approved the sixth day of April one thousand eight hundred fifty-four (P. L. 286)

480 An Act entitled "An Act relative to the salaries of associate judges in this Commonwealth" approved the twentieth day of April one thousand eight hundred fifty-four (P. L. 404)

481 Section one of an act entitled "An Act in relation to establishing and changing the places for holding general elections throughout the Commonwealth" approved the twentieth day of April one thousand eight hundred fifty-four (P. L. 419)

482 An Act entitled "An Act to prescribe the manner of collecting certain taxes" approved the nith day of May one thousand eight hundred fifty-four (P. L. 569)

483 An Act entitled "An Act extending the right of trial by jury to certain cases" approved the twenty-seventh day of April one thousand eight hundred fifty-five (P. L. 365)

484 An Act entitled "A further supplement to the several acts relating to the tax upon collateral inheritances" approved the fourth day of May one thousand eight hundred fifty-five (P. L. 425)

485 An Act entitled "A further supplement to an act to create permanently the office of State Printer" approved the fifth day of May one thousand eight hundred fifty-five (P. L. 443)

486 Section seventy-four of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the ordinary expenses of government the repairs of the public canals and railroads and other general and special appropriations" approved the seventh day of May one thousand eight hundred fifty-five (P. L. 495)

487 An Act entitled "An Act to authorize the Governor to issue letters patent in certain cases" approved the seventh day of May one thousand eight hundred fifty-five (P. L. 462)

488 An Act entitled "A Supplement to an act to provide for the appointment of a reporter of the Supreme Court of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania" approved the eighth day of May one thousand eight hundred fifty-five (P. L. 528)

489 Section one of an act entitled "An Act relating to judgments and executions in foreign attachments" approved the eighth day of May one thousand eight hundred fifty-five (P. L. 532)

490 Sections one two three four five six seven eight nine eleven twelve thirteen fifteen and twenty-two or an act entiteld "An Act to regulate the sale of intoxicating liquors" approved the thirty-first day of March one thousand eight hundred fifty-six (P. L. 200)

491 An Act entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation of insurance companies" approved the second day of April one thousand eight hundred fifty-six (P. L. 211, No. 236)

492 An Act entitled "An Act in relation to Public Printing" approved the ninth day of April one thousand eight hundred fifty-six (P. L. 262)

493 Sections three and four of an act entitled "An Act relating to the rights of property of husband and wife" approved the eleventh day of April one thousand eight hundred fifty-six (P. L. 315)

494 Section two of an act entitled "An Act to repeal certain Acts of Assembly upon non-payment of the enrollment tax" approved the twenty-second day of April one thousand eight hundred fifty-six (P. L. 512 No. 546)

495 An Act entitled "An Act providing for the election of a State Treasurer" approved the twenty-fifth day of February one thousand eight hundred fifty-seven (P. L. 64)

496 An Act entitled "An Act relating to fees of aldermen justices of the peace and constables" approved the eighteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred fifty-seven (P. L. 229)

497 An Act entitled "A Supplement to an act to provide for the incorporation of insurance companies approved the second day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-six" approved the first day of May one thousand eight hundred fifty-seven (P. L. 380)

498 Section seventy-nine of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the ordinary expenses of government the repairs of public canals and railroads and other general and special appropriations" approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand eight hundred fifty-seven (P. L. 559)

499 An Act entitled "An Act to regulate the salaries of the associate judges of this Commonwealth" approved the twentieth day of May one thousand eight hundred fifty-seven (P. L. 612 No. 652)

500 An Act entitled "An Act to fix the number of Senators and Representatives and to form the State into districts in pursuance of the provisions of the Constitution" approved the twentieth day of May one thousand eight hundred fifty-seven (P. L. 619)

501 Section one of an act entitled "An Act in relation to bills of exchange" approved the twenty-first day of May one thousand eight hundred fifty-seven (P. L. 629 No. 665)

502 Sections one three four five and six of an act entitled "An Act for the better preservation of game and insectiverous birds" approved the twenty-first day of April one thousand eight hundred fifty-eight (P. L. 371)

503 An Act entitled "A Supplement to the act of sixteenth day of June one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six entitled 'An Act relating to executions'" approved the twenty-second day of April one thousand eight hundred fifty-eight (P. L. 458)

504 Section one of an act entitled "An Act to establish a sinking fund for the payment of the public debt" approved the twenty-second day of April one thousand eight hundred fifty-eight (P. L. 468)

505 An Act entitled "An Act relating to certain charitable corporations" approved the twenty-fourth day of February one thousand eight hundred fifty-nine (P. L. 78)

506 An Act entitled "An Act requiring railroad companies to make uifnorm reports to the Auditor General" approved the fourth day of April one thousand eight hundred fifty-nine (P. L. 358)

507 An Act entitled "An Act to provide for taking testimony in cases of contested elections of members of the General Assembly" approved the eleventh day of April one thousand eight hundred fifty-nine (P. L. 495)

508 An Act entitled "An Act to equalize taxation upon corporations" approved the twelfth day of April one thousand eight hundred fifty-nine (P. L. 529)

509 Section one of an act entitled "An Act relating to the settlements of registers of wills recorders of deeds prothonotaries and clerks of courts with the State Treasurer" approved the thirteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred fifty-nine (P. L. 561 No. 546)

510 An Act entitled "An Act to regulate the standard weight of oats" approved the thirteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred fifty-nine (P. L. 610)

511 An Act entitled "A Supplement to an act for the better preservation of game approved April twenty-first Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight" approved the fourteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred fifty-nine (P. L. 640)

512 An Act entitled "An Act relating to the granting of licenses to hotel inn or tavern keepers" approved the fourteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred fifty-nine (P. L. 653 No. 652)

513 An Act entitled "An Act regulating the standard weight of clover seed" approved the twenty-second day of March one thousand eight hundred sixty (P. L. 230 No. 224)

514 An Act entitled "An Act regulating the inspection of pickled fish and to prevent fraud in the vending of the same" approved the twenty-seventh day of March one thousand eight hundred sixty (P. L. 287)

515 An Act entitled "An Act to establish a system of free banking in Pennsylvania and to secure the public against loss from insolvent banks" approved thirty-first day of March one thousand eight hundred sixty (P. L. 459)

516 An Act entitled "An Act authorizing president judges to hold courts out of their several districts in certain cases" approved the second day of April one thousand eight hundred sixty (P. L. 552 No. 460)

517 An Act entitled "An Act relating to the publication of notice of proposed acts of incorporation of this Commonwealth" approved the second day of April one thousand eight hundred sixty (P. L. 610 No. 527)

518 An Act entitled "An Act to divide the State into congressional districts for the election of representatives in the Congress of the United States" approved the first day of May one thousand eight hundred sixty-one (P. L. 471)

519 An Act entitled "A Supplement to an act entitled 'An Act authorizng president judges to hold courts out of their several districts in certain cases' approved the second day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty" approved the first day of of May one thousand eight hundred sixty-one (P. L. 494)

520 Entire act except section thirty-six entitled "Supplement to an act to establish a system of free banking in Pennsylvania and to secure the public against loss from insolvent banks approved March thirty-one eighteen hundred sixty" approved the first day of May one thousand eight hundred sixty-one (P. L. 503 No. 473)

521 An Act entitled "An Act to authorize the brigade inspector of the Second Brigade Seventh Division Pennsylvania Militia to appoint a deputy" approved the sixteenth day of May one thousand eight hundred sixty-one (P. L. 759)

522 An Act entitled "A Supplement to the act for the better organization of the militia of the Commonwealth approved the twelfth day of April one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one" approved the sixteenth day of May one thousand eight hundred sixty-one (P. L. 769 No. 695)

523 An Act entitled "A Supplement to an act in relation to public printing approved the ninth day of April one thousand eight hundred and fifty-six" approved the twenty-fifth day of February one thousand eight hundred sixty-two (P. L. 49)

524 An Act entitled "A Supplement to an act relating to the commencement of actions" approved the fourth day of March one thousand eight hundred sixty-two (P. L. 79 No. 83)

525 Section one of an act entitled "An Act to reorganize the Congressional districts of Pennsylvania in accordance with the act of Congress approved March fourth one thousand eight hundred and sixty-two" approved the tenth day of April one thousand eight hundred sixty-two (P. L. 405)

526 An Act entitled "An Act fixing the commencement of the term of office of sheriffs in the several counties of this Commonwealth" approved the eleventh day of April one thousand eight hundred sixty-two (P. L. 431)

527 An Act entitled "An Act granting to the Supreme Court jurisdiction of a court of chancery in all cases of mortgages et cetera" approved the eleventh day of April one thousand eight hundred sixty-two (P. L. 477 No. 468)

528 An Act entitled "An Act to provide for the adjudication and payment of certain military claims" approved the sixteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred sixty-two (P. L. 535)

529 An Act entitled "An Act to provide for the distribution of State documents among the different States of the Union" approved the first day of April one thousand eight hundred sixty-three (P. L. 191, No. 199)

530 An Act entitled "An Act to authorize the Governor to furnish tourniquets for the use of the soldiers of this State" approved the eleventh day of April one thousand eight hundred sixty-three (P. L. 349, No. 353)

531 An Act entitled "An Act requiring canal companies to make yearly reports to the Auditor-General" approved the fifteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred sixty-three (P. L. 464)

532 An Act entitled "An Act relating to the payment of stamp duties" approved the fifteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred sixty-three (P. L. 477)

533 An Act entitled "An Act relating to the inspection of domestic distilled spirits" approved the fifteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred sixty-three (P. L. 480)

534 An Act entitled "An Act relating to proceedings in cases of partition in equity" approved the twenty-second day of April one thousand eight hundred sixty-three (P. L. 519)

535 An Act entitled "An Act providing for the military board of claims" approved the twenty-second day of April one thousand eight hundred sixty-three (P. L. 520)

536 Section three of an act entitled "An Act to authorize certain military officers to take affidavits testimony and acknowledgments of the execution of deeds and other instruments of writing of persons in the military service of this State or the United States" approved the twenty-second day of April one thousand eight hundred sixty-three (P. L. 572)

537 A resolution entitled "Joint resolution relative to the pay of the Board of Revenue Commissioners" approved the first day of April one thousand eight hundred sixty-three (P. L. 609, No. 10)

538 An Act entitled "An Act providing for the election of a State Treasurer" approved the sixteenth day of March one thousand eight hundred sixty-four (P. L. 10)

539 An Act entitled "An Act to fix the number of Senators and representatives and to form the State into districts in pursuance of the provisions of the Constitution" approved the fifth day of May one thousand eight hundred sixty-four (P. L. 258)

540 An Act entitled "An Act to declare Washington's birthday a public holiday" approved the seventh day of May one thousand eight hundred sixty-four (P. L. 889)

541 Section one of an act entitled "A supplement to an act to declare and regulate escheats" approved the twenty-seventh day of June one thousand eight hundred sixty-four (P. L. 951, No. 837)

542 Sections one two three four five six seven eight ten eleven twelve and thirteen of an act entitled "An Act enabling the banks of this Commonwealth to become associations for the purpose of banking under the laws of the United States" approved the twenty-second day of August one thousand eight hundred sixty-four (P. L. 977)

543 An Act entitled "A supplement to an act to fix the number of Senators and Representatives and to form the State into districts in pursuance of the provisions of the Constitution approved May fifth one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four" approved the twenty-fourth day of August one thousand eight hundred sixty-four (P. L. 1014, No. 884)

544 An Act entitled "A further supplement to the act for the organization discipline and regulation of the militia of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania approved March fourth one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four" approved the twenty-first day of March one thousand eight hundred sixty-five (P. L. 8, No. 9)

545 An Act entitled "An Act to fix the standard weight of potatoes" approved the twenty-third day of March one thousand eight hundred sixty-five (P. L. 40, No. 24)

546 An Act entitled "An Act to increase the salary of the Assistant State Librarian" approved the first day of February one thousand eight hundred sixty-six (P. L. 13, No. 13)

547 An Act entitled "An Act regulating the mode of voting at all elections in the several counties of this Commonwealth" approved the thirtieth day of March one thousand eight hundred sixty-six (P. L. 92)

548 An Act entitled "Supplement to an act entitled 'An Act regulating companies' approved February nineteenth Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and forty-nine" approved the seventeen h day of April one thousand eight hundred sixty-six (P. L. 103, No. 9)

549 An Act entitled "An Act fixing the salary of the Governor of the Commonwealth" approved the twelfth day of April one thousand eight hundred sixty-six (P. L. 816, No. 805)

550 An Act entitled "A further supplement to the election laws of this Commonwealth" approved the fourth day of June one thousand eight hundred sixty-six (P. L. 1107)

551 An Act entitled "An Act to regulate the salary of the Secretary of the Commonwealth" approved the twenty-ninth day of January one thousand eight hundred sixty-seven (P. L. 20)

552 An Act entitled "An Act requiring the Superintendent of Public Printing to advertise for proposals for supplying the State with printing and bill paper" approved the tenth day of April one thousand eight hundred sixty-seven (P. L. 64)

553 An Act entitled "An Act to authorize the appointment of phonographic reporters for the several courts of common pleas of this Commonwealth" approved the fifteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred sixty-seven (P. L. 3)

554 Sections two ten and eleven of an act entitled "An Act to ascertain and appoint the fees to be received by the several officers of this Commonwealth" approved the second day of April one thousand eight hundred sixty-eight (P. L. 3)

555 An Act entitled "A supplement to an act for the better preservation of game and insectivorous birds approved the twenty-first day of April one thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight" approved the thirty-first day of March one thousand eight hundred sixty-eight (P. L. 51)

556 Section two of an act entitled "An Act relating to railroad companies and common carriers defining their liabilities and authorizing them to provide means of indemnity against loss of life and personal injury" approved the fourth day of April one thousand eight hundred sixty-eight (P. L. 58)

557 An Act entitled "An Act fixing the number and pay of the officers of the Senate and House of Representatives of Pennsylvania" approved the eighth day of April one thousand eight hundred sixty-eight (P. L. 70, No. 36)

558 An Act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to permit disabled soldiers to peddle by procuring a license therefor without charge' approved April eighth one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven extending the same to sailors and marines" approved the tenth day of April one thousand eight hundred sixty-eight (P. L. 79, No. 42)

559 An Act entitled "A supplement to an act requiring the Superintendent of Public Printing to advertise for proposals for supplying the State with printing and bill paper approved April tenth Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven" approved the tenth day of April one thousand eight hundred sixty-eight (P. L. 79, No. 43)

560 An Act entitled "An Act relating to the organization of co-operative associations for the purpose of carrying on any mechanical mining manufacturing or trading business in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania" approved the fourteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred sixty-eight (P. L. 100, No. 62)

561 An Act entitled "An Act supplementary to an act to enlarge the jurisdiction of the courts of common pleas of this Commonwealth approved March twenty-sixth one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven so far as the same relates to the chartering of insurance companies" approved the seventeenth day of March one thousand eight hundred sixty-nine (P. L. 7)

562 An Act entitled "An Act directing public notice to be given when county land lien dockets are forwarded to the respective counties and staying proceedings by the Attorney-General for one year from the date of forwarding the same" approved the eighth day of April one thousand eight hundred sixty-nine (P. L. 21)

563 An Act entitled "An Act to declare Good Friday a public holiday" approved the twelfth day of April one thousand eight hundred sixty-nine (P. L. 26)

564 An Act entitled "An Act to provide for the extinction of irredeemable rents" approved the fifteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred sixty-nine (P. L. 47)

565 Entire act except sections six ten twelve fourteen eighteen nineteen twenty thirty-eight and forty-one entitled "An Act further supplemental to the act relative to the elections of this Commonwealth" approved the seventeenth day of April one thousand eight hundred sixty-nine (P. L. 49)

566 Sections one and two of an act entitled "A further supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to declare and regulate escheats' passed the twenty-ninth day of September Anno Domini one thousand seven hundred and eighty-seven" approved the seventeenth day of April one thousand eight hundred sixty-nine (P. L. 71, No. 48)

567 An Act entitled "An Act providing for the taking of game" approved the twenty-first day of April one thousand eight hundred sixty-nine (P. L. 84)

568 An Act entitled "A supplement to an act relating to orphans' courts approved March twenty-ninth Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and thirty-two" approved the first day of April one thousand eight hundred seventy (P. L. 45, No. 25)

569 Sections one two and three of an act entitled "An Act supplementary to the several acts relative to the State Treasurer and to the Commissioners of the sinking fund" approved the thirteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred seventy (P. L. 67)

570 Section three of an act entitled "An Act relating to management of the State Treasury and the sinking fund" approved the fourteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred seventy (P. L. 73, No. 47)

571 An Act entitled "An Act relative to limitations" approved the sixteenth day of December one thousand eight hundred sixty-nine (P. L. (1870) 1372)

572 An Act entitled "A further supplement to the act of ninth of April Anno Domini eighteen hundred and fifty-six regulating the public printing and binding" approved the twenty-seventh day of March one thousand eight hundred seventy-one (P. L. 232)

573 An Act entitled "An Act relative to the chartering of mutual fire insurance companies" approved the seventeenth day of April one thousand eight hundred seventy-one (P. L. 240)

574 An Act entitled "A further supplement to an act for the organization discipline and regulation of the militia of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania approved May fourth one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four" approved the twenty-sixth day of April one thousand eight hundred seventy-one (P. L. 241, No. 226)

575 An Act entitled "An Act to fix the number of Senators and representatives and to form the State into districts in pursuance of the provisions of the Constitution" which became a law the sixth day of May one thousand eight hundred seventy-one (P. L. 252)

576 An Act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to fix the number of senators and representatives and to form the State into districts in pursuance of the Constitution' which became a law on the sixth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one" approved the eleventh day of May one thousand eight hundred seventy-one (P. L. 259)

577 An Act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to revise amend and consolidate the laws taxing corporations brokers and bankers' approved May first one thousand eight hundred and sixty-eight" approved the thirteenth day of May one thousand eight hundred seventy-one (P. L. 267, No. 247)

578 An Act entitled "An Act to authorize married women owning capital stock of any railroad company to sell and transfer the same" approved the second day of June one thousand eight hundred seventy-one (P. L. 283, No. 263)

579 An Act entitled "An Act relating to clandestine marriages" approved the second day of June one thousand eight hundred seventy-one (P. L. 289)

580 An Act entitled "A further supplement to the act entitled 'An Act establishing a health office and to secure the city and port of Philadelphia from the introduction of pestilential and contagious diseases and for other purposes' approved twenty-ninth January one thousand eight hundred and eighteen" approved the fourteenth day of March one thousand eight hundred seventy-one (P. L. 332)

581 An Act entitled "An Act to change the name of the board of school controllers of the first school district of Pennsylvania" approved the fifteenth day of March one thousand eight hundred seventy (P. L. 437)

582 An Act entitled "A supplement to the act for the preservation of the records of the inspectors of coal mines in the mining districts of Schuylkill and Luzerne embracing the anthracite coal regions of Pennsylvania approved the fifth day of April one thousand eight hundred and seventy" approved the second day of June one thousand eight hundred seventy-one (P. L. 1314)

583 An Act entitled "An Act to repeal the fifteenth section of an act entitled 'An Act further supplemental to the act relative to the elections of this Commonwealth" approved April seventeenth one thousand eight hundred and sixty-nine" approved the twenty-eighth day of June one thousand eight hundred seventy-one (P. L. 1365, No. 1268)

584 An Act entitled "An Act entitled 'A further supplement to an act relating to the elections of this Commonwealth' approved July second Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and thirty-nine" approved the twenty-first day of February one thousand eight hundred seventy-two (P. L. 17)

585 An Act entitled "An Act enabling married women to purchase sewing machines" approved the twenty-ninth day of February one thousand eight hundred seventy-two (P. L. 21, No. 7)

586 An Act entitled "An Act relating to the investment of trust funds" approved the twenty-ninth day of March one thousand eight hundred seventy-two (P. L. 31, No. 19)

587 An Act entitled "A further supplement to an act incorporating the Lehigh Coal and Navigation Company" approved the third day of April one thousand eight hundred seventy-two (P. L. 883, No. 799)

588 An Act entitled "An Act authorizing mining and manufacturing companies or other organized companies or individuals to give and banks or other organized companies or individuals to take and hold mortgages on real estate to secure payment of notes bills and renewals thereof" approved the seventeenth day of February one thousand eight hundred seventy-three (P. L. 35, No. 8)

589 An Act entitled "An Act to authorize mining and manufacturing companies to issue bonds and mortgages and to use the same as collaterals for bank accounts" approved the twentieth day of February one thousand eight hundred seventy-three (P. L. 36, No. 11)

590 An Act entitled "An Act to increase the pay of jurors in this Commonwealth" approved the twenty-eighth day of February one thousand eight hundred seventy-three (P. L. 37, No. 12)

591 An Act entitled "A supplement to an act to permit the voters of this Commonwealth to vote every three years on the question of granting licenses to sell intoxicating liquors approved twenty-seventh March one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two" approved the sixth day of March one thousand eight hundred seventy-three (P. L. 89)

592 An Act entitled "An Act defining what days shall constitute legal holidays" approved the second day of April one thousand eight hundred seventy-three (P. L. 58)

593 An Act entitled "A further supplement to an act relating to orphans' courts approved March twenty-fourth one thousand eight hundred and thirty-two" approved the fourth day of April one thousand eight hundred seventy-three (P. L. 59, No. 36)

594 An Act entitled "An Act to provide for the better security of life and property from the dangers of coal and petroleum oils" approved the fourth day of April one thousand eight hundred seventy-three (P. L. 60, No. 38)

595 Sections three and six of an act entitled "An Act regulating the election of State Treasurer" approved the twenty-eighth day of April one thousand eight hundred seventy-three (P. L. 77, No. 56)

596 An Act entitled "An Act to amend and consolidate the several acts relating to game and game fish" approved the first day of May one thousand seventy-three (P. L. 89)

597 An Act entitled "A supplement to an act relative to arbitrations in certain counties" approved the twenty-fifth day of March one thousand eight hundred seventy-three (P. L. 396, No. 415)

598 An Act entitled "An Act to carry out the provisions of section twelve article three of the constitution relative to contracts for supplies for the Legislature and the various departments of the State government" approved the sixteenth day of March one thousand eight hundred seventy-four (P. L. 45, No. 5)

599 An Act entitled "An Act to provide for the payment of the expenses of advertising the new constitution" approved the twenty-seventh day of March one thousand eight hundred seventy-four (P. L. 48, No. 8)

600 An Act entitled "An Act to authorize married women owning loans of this Commonwealth or of the City of Philadelphia or capital stock of any corporation of this Commonwealth to sell and transfer the same" approved the first day of April one thousand eight hundred seventy-four (P. L. 49, No. 9)

601 An Act entitled "An Act designating the judicial districts of the Commonwealth and providing for the appointment and election of judges therein for issuing to additional judges learned in the law commissions as president judges and manner of fixing the terms of courts therein" approved the ninth day of April one thousand eight hundred seventy-four (P. L. 54)

602 Section two of an act entitled "A supplement to an act for the better protection of the wages of mechanics miners laborers and others approved the ninth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two" approved the eighth day of May one thousand eight hundred seventy-four (P. L. 120, No. 58)

603 Section eleven of an act entitled "An Act supplementary to the several acts relating to the State Treasurer and to the commissioners of the sinking fund" approved the ninth day of May one thousand eight hundred seventy-four (P. L. 126)

604 Sections two four and five of an act entitled "An Act fixing the compensation of members of the General Assembly and the number duties and compensation of the officers and employees thereof" approved the eleventh day of May one thousand eight hundred seventy-four (P. L. 129)

605 Section six of an act entitled "An Act regulating the election of Secretary of Internal Affairs defining his duties and fixing his salary" approved the eleventh day of May one thousand eight hundred seventy-four (P. L. 135, No. 69)

606 Sections one two four five six seven eight nine and ten of an act entitled "An Act relating to parties engaged in the storage and transportation by pipe lines of crude and refined petroleum oil and the issuing of fraudulent receipts certificates or vouchers and providing for monthly reports" approved the fifteenth day of May one thousand eight hundred seventy-four (P. L. 172)

607 An Act entitled "An Act to construe the twenty-first section of an act entitled 'An Act to amend and consolidate the several acts relating to game and game fish' approved May first Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three" approved the fifteenth day of May one thousand eight hundred seventy-four (P. L. 180, No. 112)

608 An Act entitled "An Act to provide for the better security of life and property from the dangers of coal and petroleum oils" approved the fifteenth day of May one thousand eight hundred seventy-four (P. L. 189)

609 An Act entitled "An Act to fix the number of senators and representatives in the General Assembly of the State and to apportion the State into senatorial and representative districts as provided in the Constitution" approved the nineteenth day of May one thousand eight hundred seventy-four (P. L. 197)

610 An Act entitled "An Act making Decoration Day a legal holiday" approved the twenty-fifth day of May one thousand eight hundred seventy-four (P. L. 222, No. 145)

611 Sections fourteen fifteen sixteen seventeen eighteen nineteen twenty-one twenty-two twenty-three twenty-four twenty-five twenty-six twenty-seven twenty-eight twenty-nine thirty thirty-one thirty-four thirty-five thirty-six thirty-seven thirty-nine forty and forty-six (paragraph one and clauses one two three seven and nine) sections forty-seven forty-eight forty-nine and fifty (paragraph one and clauses one two three four five six seven eight nine ten eleven twelve thirteen and fourteen) and sections fifty-one fifty-four fifty-five and fifty-six of an act entitled "An Act dividing the cities of this State into three classes regulating the passage of ordinances providing for contracts for supplies and work for said cities authorizing the increase of indebtedness and the creation of a sinking fund to redeem the same defining and punishing certain offenses in all of said cities and providing for the incorporation and government of cities of the third class" approved the twenty-third day of May one thousand eight hundred seventy-four (P. L. 230)

612 An Act entitled "A further supplement to the act of ninth of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-six regulating the public printing and binding and the supplement thereto approved March twenty-seventh Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one amending the same so as to increase the number of bills to be printed for the use of the two houses and providing for the printing of the reports of the commissioners of insurance and statistics and of the inspectors of mines" approved the fifth day of June one thousand eight hundred seventy-four (P. L. 274)

613 An Act entitled "An Act to enable mining manufacturing and trading companies to wind up their affairs after the expiration of their charters" approved the eighth day of June one thousand eight hundred seventy-four (P. L. 278, No. 164)

614 An Act entitled "An Act to provide for a right of way across or under the rivers or other streams of this Commonwealth for the better and more convenient mining of anthracite coal" approved the thirteenth day of June one thousand eight hundred seventy-four (P. L. 286)

615 An Act enttiled "An Act relating to return of writs and other process in courts which are abolished or changed by the provisions of the constitution" approved the twenty-second day of January one thousand eight hundred seventy-five (P. L. 3, No. 1)

616 Section two of an act entitled "An Act fixing and regulating the terms of all members of councils and all other city ward borough and township officers excepting school directors elected by the people and fixing the time for organization of the legislative departments of the municipal governments of the Commonwealth and the inauguration of the mayors of all the cities of the same" approved the tenth day of March one thousand eight hundred seventy-five (P. L. 6, No. 7)

617 An Act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act dividing the cities of this State into three classes regulating the passage of ordinances providing for contracts for supplies and work

for said cities authorizing the increase of indebtedness and the creation of a sinking fund to redeem the same defining and punishing certain offenses in all of said cities and providing for the incorporation and government of cities of the third class approved May twenty-third Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four' approved the eighteenth day of March one thousand eight hundred seventy-five (P. L. 15)

618 An Act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to authorize married women owning loans of this Commonwealth or of the city of Philadelphia or capital stock of any corporation of this Commonwealth to sell and transfer the same approved the first day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four extending the provisions of said act so as to include the loans as well as the capital stock of corporations of this Commonwealth' approved the eighteenth day of March one thousand eight hundred seventy-five (P. L. 24, NO. 22)

619 An Act entitled "A supplement to an act approved the first day of May one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three entitled 'An Act to amend and consolidate the several acts relating to game and game fish' approved the eighteenth day of March one thousand eight hundred seventy-five (P. L. 26)

620 Sections two three four five six nine ten eleven and twelve of an act entitled "An Act to repeal an act to permit the voters of this Commonwealth to vote every three years on the question of granting licenses to sell intoxicating liquors and to restrain and regulate the sale of the same approved the twelfth day of April one thousand eight hundred seventy-five (P. L. 40)

621 Section one of an act entitled "A supplement to an act to authorize the Governor to appoint additional notaries public" approved the sixteenth day of March one thousand eight hundred seventy-six (P. L. 7, No. 6)

622 An Act entitled "An Act to revise and amend an act entitled 'An Act dividing the cities of this State into three classes regulating the passage of ordinances providing for contracts for supplies and work for said cities authorizing the increase of indebtedness and the creation of a sinking fund to redeem the same defining and punishing certain offenses in all of said cities and providing for the incorporation and government of cities of the third class' approved May twenty-third Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four providing for the division of the cities of the State into five classes and for other purposes" approved the eleventh day of April one thousand eight hundred seventy-six (P. L. 20)

623 An Act entitled "An Act to carry out the provisions of section twelve article three of the constitution in relation to the public printing and binding and the supply of paper therefor" approved the first day of May one thousand eight hundred seventy-six (P. L. 65)

624 Section four of an act entitled "An Act providing for the appraisement collection and payment of damages to private property by the grading of streets or alleys in cities other than those of the first second and fifth classes and authorizing the occupation of private property for the purposes of slopes or embankments in the improvement of streets or alleys therein" approved the first day of May one thousand eight hundred seventy-six (P. L. 86)

625 Section one of an act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to carry out the provisions of section twelve article three of the constitution relative to contracts for supplies for the Legislature and various departments of the State government' " approved the fourth day of May one thousand eight hundred seventy-six (P. L. 99, NO. 68)

626 An Act entitled "An Act to amend the act of April twenty-eighth one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three entitled 'An Act to re-organize the congressional districts of Pennsylvania' be so amended as to attach the new township of Collier in the County of Allegheny to the twenty-second congressional district" approved the fourth day of May one thousand eight hundred seventy-six (P. L. 101, NO. 72)

627 An Act entitled "A further supplement to the act approved May fourth Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four entitled 'An Act for the organization discipline and regulation of the militia of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania' " approved the fourth day of May one thousand eight hundred seventy-six (P. L. 102, No. 73)

628 An Act entitled "An Act to amend and consolidate the several acts relating to game and game fish" approved the fifth day of May one thousand eight hundred seventy-six (P. L. 104)

629 An Act entitled "An Act enlarging the powers of courts of equity throughout the State in cases of partition" approved the eighth day of May one thousand eight hundred seventy-six (P. L. 134)

630 An Act entitled "An Act authorizing councils of cities of the Commonwealth of the third class to fill vacancies in the offices of city controller and city treasurer" approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand eight hundred seventy-six (P. L. 180, No. 100)

631 An Act entitled "An Act to authorize chattel mortgages in this Commonwealth upon lumber iron and coal on in bulk and upon iron tanks tank cars iron ore mined and prepared for use manufactured slate and canal boats" approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand eight hundred seventy-six (P. L. 181)

632 Section twelve of an act entitled "An Act in relation to cities of the second class providing for the levy collection and disbursement of taxes and water rents" approved the twenty-second day of March one thousand eight hundred seventy-seven (P. L. 16)

633 An Act entitled "An Act to empower the sheriff and prothonotaries of the several counties of the Commonwealth to sue for their fees" approved the twenty-third day of March one thousand eight hundred seventy-seven (P. L. 25)

634 An Act entitled "An Act to amend sections twelve and nineteen of an act entitled 'An Act to carry out the provisions of section twelve article three of the Constitution in relation to the public printing and binding and the supply of paper therefor' approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-six" approved the twenty-third day of March one thousand eight hundred seventy-seven (P. L. 27)

635 An Act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to amend and consolidate the several acts relating to game and game fish' approved the fifth day of May Anno Domini eighteen hundred and seventy-six" approved the twenty-fourth day of March one thousand eight hundred seventy-seven (P. L. 45, No. 44)

636 An Act entitled "An Act creating and defining the duties and powers of a recorder for cities whose population does not exceed thirty thousand and is not less than eight thousand five hundred which accept the provisions of 'this act" approved the twenty-fourth day of March one thousand eight hundred seventy-seven (P. L. 47, No. 47)

637 An Act entitled "An Act to authorize the governor to appoint a sealer of weights and measures in the several counties of this Commonwealth" approved the fourth day of April one thousand eight hundred seventy-seven (P. L. 52, No. 50)

638 An Act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act supplementary to an act relative to burial grounds and cemeteries situated in incorporated boroughs approved the nineteenth day of May eighteen hundred and seventy-four changing the title of said act and authorizing the court to make orders and decrees required by the act and to enforce the same by process approved the thirteenth day of May eighteen hundred and seventy-six further empowering courts to direct removal of remains in boroughs and cities from burial grounds where interments have ceased and such remains interfere with religious buildings or trusts" approved the eighteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred seventy-seven (P. L. 54)

639 An Act entitled "An Act providing the means for securing the health and safety of persons employed in the bituminous coal mines of Pennsylvania" approved the eighteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred seventy-seven (P. L. 56)

640 An Act entitled "An Act to authorize and provide for the payment of additional appropriations to school districts in certain cases approved the twelfth day of April one thousand eight hundred seventy-eight (P. L. 13, No. 15)

641 An Act entitled "An Act to prohibit peddling selling or hawking of produce and merchandise in cities of the second and third classes of this Commonwealth without a license" approved the twelfth day of April one thousand eight hundred seventy-eight (P. L. 15)

642 An Act entitled "An act to repeal a portion of the sixth section of an act for the preservation of the records of the inspection of mines in the mining districts of Schuylkill and Luzerne embracing the coal regions of Pennsylvania" approved the twelfth day of April one thousand eight hundred seventy-eight (P. L. 16, NO. 18)

643 An Act entitled "An Act to provide for the holding of courts in certain cities of this Commonwealth" approved the eighteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred seventy-eight (P. L. 29)

644 Sections one two three five six and seven of an act entitled "An Act authorizing and empowering the court of common pleas of the several counties of this Commonwealth to change alter and direct the mode of preparing and keeping indices in the several offices of record in said counties and for preparing making an substituting new indices for old indices or parts thereof" approved the third day of May one thousand eight hundred seventy-eight (P. L. 43)

645 An Act entitled "An Act fixing and regulating the terms of certain officers in cities of the fourth class" approved the twenty-second day of May one thousand eight hundred seventy-eight (P. L. 87, NO. 110)

646 An Act entitled "An Act to prevent deception in the sale of butter and cheese" approved the twenty-second day of May one thousand eight hundred seventy-eight (P. L. 87 NO. 112)

647 An Act entitled "An Act confirmatory of the conveyances of real estate" approved the twenty-second day of May one thousand eight hundred seventy-eight (P. L. 98, NO. 132)

648 An Act entitled "An Act empowering the State Superintendent to issue permanent certificates to teachers in cities of the fifth class approved the twenty-third day of May one thousand eight hundred seventy-eight (P. L. 110)

649 An Act entitled "An Act to more clearly define the duties of sealers of weights and measures" approved the twenty-fourth day of May one thousand eight hundred seventy-eight (P. L. 130)

650 An Act entitled "An Act to prevent the adulteration of milk and prevent the trame in impure and unwholesome milk" approved the twenty-fifth day of May one thousand eight hundred seventy-eight (P. L. 144)

651 An Act entitled "An Act authorizing the assignment and satisfaction of record and validating former satisfactions of record by married women of mortgages or judgments belonging to them" approved the twenty-fifth day of May one thousand eight hundred seventy-eight (P. L. 152, NO. 195)

652 An Act entitled "An Act to ascertain and appoint the fees to be received by the sheriffs coroners protnonotaries clerks of the several courts registers of wills and recorders of deeds of this Commonwealth except in counties containing more than one hundred and fifty thousand or less than ten thousand inhabitants" approved the twelfth day of June one thousand eight hundred seventy-eight (P. L. 187)

653 An Act entitled "An Act for the taxation of dogs and the protection of sheep" approved the twelfth day of June one thousand eight hundred seventy-eight (P. L. 198, NO. 231)

654 An Act entitled "An Act providing for the election of members of the select council of cities of the fifth class where said cities have not been divided into wards" approved the twelfth day of February one thousand eight hundred seventy-nine (P. L. 3)

655 An Act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to provide for the division of counties of this Commonwealth and the erection of new counties therefrom' " approved the thirteenth day of March one thousand eight hundred seventy-nine (P. L. 6)

656 An Act to entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and for the government and regulation of street railway companies now incorporated or which may hereafter be incorporated in cities of the second and third class in this Commonwealth" approved the nineteenth day of March one thousand eight hundred seventy-nine (P. L. 9)

657 An Act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act dividing the cities of this State into three classes regulating the passage of ordinances providing for contracts for supplies and work for said cities authorizing the increase of indebtedness and the creation of a sinking fund to redeem the same defining and punishing certain offenses in all of said cities and proving for the incorporation and government of cities of the third class' approved May twenty-third Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four and providing for the registry of real estate in cities of the third class" approved the eleventh day of April one thousand eight hundred seventy-nine (P. L. 22, No. 19)

658 An Act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to provide for the division of counties of this Commonwealth and the erection of new counties therefrom' approved the seventeenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-eight" approved the twenty-second day of April one thousand eight hundred seventy-nine (P. L. 26)

659 An Act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act creating and defining the duties and powers of a recorder for the cities whose population does not exceed thirty thousand and is not less than eight thousand five hundred which accept the provisions of this act' approved March twenty-fourth one thousand eight hun-

dred and seventy-seven amending said act" approved the first day of May one thousand eight hundred seventy-nine (P. L. 44, No. 41)

660 An Act entitled "An Act amending an act dividing the cities of this State into three classes regulating the passage of ordinances providing for contracts for supplies and work for said cities authorizing the increase of indebtedness and the creation of a sinking fund to redeem the same defining and punishing certain offenses in all of said cities and providing for the incorporation and government of cities of the third class approved the twenty-third day of May one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four reducing the number of common councilmen in cities of the third class containing twenty wards or more to one for each ward" approved the thirteenth day of May one thousand eight hundred seventy-nine (P. L. 56)

661 An Act entitled "An Act authorizing select and common councils of cities of the second class to name the hour of holding their sessions" approved the thirteenth day of may one thousand eight hundred seventy-nine (P. L. 59, No. 60)

662 An Act entitled "An Act to regulate the fees of justices of the peace and constables of the several counties of this Commonwealth" approved the nineteenth day of May one thousand eight hundred seventy-nine (P. L. 64, No. 69)

663 An Act entitled "An Act supplementary to an act entitled 'An Act to revise and amend an act entitled "An Act dividing the cities of this State into three classes regulating the passage of ordinances providing for contracts for supplies and work for said cities authorizing the increase of indebtedness and the creation of a sinking fund to redeem the same defining and punishing certain offenses in all of said cities and providing for the incorporation and government of cities of the third class" approved May twenty-third Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four providing for the division of the cities of the State into five classes and for other purposes' approved April eleventh Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-six providing for levying poor tax and the city treasurer ex-officio to be poor treasurer and the city comptroller ex-officio to be poor controller in cities of fifth class" approved the nineteenth day of May one thousand eight hundred seventy-nine (P. L. 65, No. 70)

664 An Act entitled "An Act regulating the assessment and collection of taxes in cities of the fifth class" approved the twenty-second day of May one thousand eight hundred seventy-nine (P. L. 67)

665 An Act entitled "An Act relative to assessments for sewers in boroughs" approved the twenty-first day of May one thousand eight hundred seventy-nine (P. L. 73, No. 83)

666 An Act entitled "An Act for the assessment and collection in cities of the third class of the cost of grading paving curbing or otherwise improving streets heretofore improved and running in whole or part through rural districts" approved the fourth day of June one thousand eight hundred seventy-nine (P. L. 97)

667 An Act entitled "A supplement to an act of the General Assembly approved the seventeenth day of March Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-nine entitled 'An Act relative to fraudulent debtors' " approved the eleventh day of June one thousand eight hundred seventy-nine (P. L. 129)

668 An Act entitled "An Act to authorize the board of school directors in cities of the fourth class to regulate the terms of its members in certain cases" approved the eleventh day of June one thousand eight hundred seventy-nine (P. L. 137, No. 141)

669 An Act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to provide for the division of counties of this Commonwealth' approved the seventeenth day of April eighteen hundred and seventy-eight" approved the eleventh day of June one thousand eight hundred seventy-nine (P. L. 139, No. 146)

670 An Act entitled "An Act to provide for the holding of courts in certain cities of this Commonwealth" approved the twelfth day of June one thousand eight hundred seventy-nine (P. L. 174)

671 An Act entitled "An Act providing for the printing of copies of the general laws" approved the twenty-eighth day of June one thousand eight hundred seventy-nine (P. L. 178, No. 194)

672 An Act entitled "An Act to regulate the manufacture and sale of commercial fertilizers" approved the twenty-eighth day of June one thousand eight hundred seventy-nine (P. L. 180)

673 Sections three four five six seven eight nine ten and eleven of an act entitled "An Act to consolidate the offices of receiver of taxes and collector of outstanding or delinquent taxes to invest the said receiver with all the powers and privileges and to impose upon him all the duties and liabilities of said collector and for the more efficient collection of taxes in cities of the first class" approved the fourteenth day of February one thousand eight hundred eighty-one (P. L. 3, No. 2)

674 An Act entitled " A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act creating and defining the duties and powers of a recorder for cities whose population does not exceed thirty thousand and is not less than eight thousand five hundred which accept the provisions of this act' approved the twenty-fourth day of March Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-seven and the supplement thereto amending said act approved May first Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine amending the same" approved the fourteenth day of February one thousand eight hundred eighty-one (P. L. 6, No. 3)

675 An Act entitled "An Act to provide proper means of conveyance of persons injured in or about the mines to their homes" approved the tenth day of May one thousand eight hundred eighty-one (P. L. 17, No. 21)

676 An Act entitled "An Act to make taxes assessed upon real estate a first lien and to provide for the collection of such taxes and a remedy for false returns" approved the second day of June one thousand eight hundred eighty-one (P. L. 45)

677 An Act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to provide the means for securing the health and safety of persons employed in the bituminous coal mines of Pennsylvania' approved the eighteenth day of April Anno Domini eighteen hundred and seventy-seven" approved the third day of June one thousand eight hundred eighty-one (P. L. 47, No. 54)

678 An Act entitled "An Act to fix the salaries of the judges of the Supreme Court" approved the eighth day of June one thousand eight hundred eighty-one (P. L. 56, No. 64)

679 An Act entitled "An Act to prohibit the defacing of walls fences and trees by painting posting or otherwise and providing a penalty therefor" approved the eighth day of June one thousand eight hundred eighty-one (P. L. 85, No. 92)

680 An Act entitled "An Act to secure to operatives and laborers engaged in and about coal mines manufactories or iron and steel and all other manufactories the payment of their wages at regular intervals and in lawful money of the United States" approved the twenty-ninth day of June one thousand eight hundred eighty-one (P. L. 147)

681 An Act entitled "An Act to provide for the assessment of damages and benefits caused by the altering or changing of the channels of water courses in cities of the fifth class" approved the tenth day of June one thousand eight hundred eighty-one (P. L. 104, No. 112)

682 An Act entitled "An Act regulating the hunting and killing of web-footed wild fowl" approved the seventeenth day of May one thousand eight hundred eighty-three (P. L. 34, No. 24)

683 An Act entitled "An Act in relation to the public health and sanitary condition of cities of the second class" approved the twenty fifth day of May one thousand eight hundred eighty-three (P. L. 41)

684 An Act entitled "An Act to amend part of an act entitled 'An Act to provide proper means of conveyance of persons injured in or about the mines to their homes' " approved the twenty-fifth day of May one thousand eight hundred eighty-three (P. L. 45)

685 An Act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in coal mines' approved the third of March Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy providing for the furnishing of props and timbers to the miners in the mines" approved the first day of June one thousand eight hundred eighty-three (P. L. 55, No. 48)

686 An Act entitled "An Act to permit the killing at any season of the year of the small bird known as the English sparrow" approved the fourth day of June one thousand eight hundred eighty-three (P. L. 68, No. 59)

687 An Act entitled "An Act relating to city controllers in cities of the third class and regulating their term of office" approved the fourth day of June one thousand eight hundred eighty-three (P. L. 68, No. 60)

688 Sections one and two of an act entitled "An Act fixing the compensation of the judges of the courts of common pleas" approved the fourth day of June one thousand eight hundred eighty-three (P. L. 74, No. 67)

689 An Act entitled "An Act to authorize the commissioners of the several counties of this Commonwealth to discharge from prison all persons confined in jail without proceedings under the insolvent laws" approved the thirteenth day of June one thousand eight hundred eighty-three (P. L. 99)

690 An Act entitled "An Act directing the investment of moneys remaining to the credit of the several sinking funds of cities of the second class in loans of said cities or of the United States or of the State of Pennsylvania and repealing all acts inconsistent therewith" approved the thirteenth day of June one thousand eight hundred eighty-three (P. L. 100, No. 95)

691 An Act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act providing the means for securing the health and safety of persons employed in the bituminous coal mines of Pennsylvania' approved the eighteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-seven" approved the thirteenth day of June one thousand eight hundred eighty-three (P. L. 101)

692 An Act entitled "An Act fixing salaries of county officers in counties containing over one hundred thousand and less than one hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants and requiring the payment of the fees of such officers into the respective county treasuries" approved the twenty-second day of June one thousand eight hundred eighty-three (P. L. 139, No. 127)

693 An Act entitled "An Act to amend part of an act entitled 'An Act to amend and consolidate the several acts relating to game and game fish' et cetera with the supplements thereto" approved the twenty-seventh day of June one thousand eight hundred eighty-three (P. L. 163, No. 150)

694 An Act entitled "An Act to amend the first section of an act entitled 'An Act regulating the hunting and killing of web-footed wild fowls' approved May seventeenth Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three' approved the sixteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred eighty-five (P. L. 8, No. 9)

695 An Act entitled "An Act to further regulate the admission of attorneys and counsellors at law to practice in the several courts of this Commonwealth" approved the seventh day of May one thousand eight hundred eighty-five (P. L. 16, No. 18)

696 An Act entitled "An Act confirmatory of the conveyances of real estates" approved the twenty-eighth day of May one thousand eight hundred eighty-five (P. L. 24)

697 An Act entitled "An Act to repeal the first section of an act entitled 'An Act for regulating and maintaining of fences' passed Anno Domini one thousand seven hundred" approved the twenty-third day of June one thousand eight hundred eighty five (P. L. 149)

698 An Act entitled "An Act to amend the first section of the act of June fourth Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three entitled 'An Act to regulate the publication of apportionment and distribution of the pamphlet laws executive and legislative documents reports of the heads of departments and the annual and biennial messages of the Governor' providing for additional copies of the Auditor-General's report on the finances of the Commonwealth for distribution by him" approved the twenty-third day of June one thousand eight hundred eighty-five (P. L. 144, No. 113)

699 An Act entitled "An Act relating to the practice in courts of common pleas of this Commonwealth where the defendant is a chartered corporation" approved the twenty-fourth day of June one thousand eight hundred eighty-five (P. L. 149, No. 116)

700 An Act entitled "An Act to perfect the records of deeds mortgages and other instruments in certain cases" approved the twenty-fourth day of June one thousand eight hundred eighty-five (P. L. 160, No. 127)

701 An Act entitled "A supplement to an act approved May twenty-first Anno Domini eighteen hundred and fifty-seven relating to an appeal from the decision of township auditors" approved the twenty-fourth day of June one thousand eight hundred eighty-five (P. L. 162)

702 An Act entitled "An Act authorizing the acquisition of turnpikes roads or highways heretofore or hereafter constructed near or through any borough or township in this Commonwealth upon which tolls are charged the traveling public" approved the twenty-fifth day of June one thousand eight hundred eighty-five (P. L. 170, No. 138)

703 An Act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act dividing the cities of this State into three classes regulating the passage of ordinances providing for contracts for supplies and work for said cities authorizing the increase of indebtedness and the creation of a sinking fund to redeem the same defining and punishing certain offences in all of said cities and providing for the incorporation and government of cities of the third class' approved May twenty-third Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four and the supplements thereto extending the term of the mayor who shall hereafter

be elected in said cities" approved the twenty-sixth day of June one thousand eight hundred eighty-five (P. L. 189)

704 An Act entitled "An Act relating to bituminous coal mines and providing for the lives health safety and welfare of persons employed therein" approved the thirtieth day of June one thousand eight hundred eighty-five (P. L. 205)

705 An Act entitled "An Act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the anthracite coal mines of Pennsylvania and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith" approved the thirtieth day of June one thousand eight hundred eighty-five (P. L. 218)

706 An Act entitled "An Act to prevent the adulteration of and the traffic in impure and unwholesome milk in cities of the second and third classes" approved the seventh day of July one thousand eight hundred eighty-five (P. L. 260)

707 An Act entitled "An Act to designate the several judicial districts of the Commonwealth as required by the Constitution" approved the seventh day of August one thousand eight hundred eighty-three (P. L. (1885) 323)

708 An Act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to fix the salaries of the several State officers of the Commonwealth the number of clerks to be employed in the several departments and their compensation and providing for the incidental expenses of said department' approved May fourteenth one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four increasing the salary of the Deputy Attorney-General and providing for the number of clerks and employes in the Attorney-General's office also fixing the salary of the keeper of the Harrisburg Arsenal and the salary of the six men employed at the State Arsenal" approved the fourth day of March one thousand eight hundred eighty-seven (P. L. 4)

709 An Act entitled "An Act authorizing an increase in the number of clerks employed in the office of the State Treasurer and fixing the salary thereof" approved the twenty-second day of March one thousand eight hundred eighty-seven (P. L. 7, No. 6)

710 An Act entitled "An Act to authorize the president judges of the several judicial districts of this Commonwealth to procure the assistance of president or additional law judges of another district in the transaction of business in the several courts of such district" approved the twenty-fourth day of March one thousand eight hundred eighty-seven (P. L. 14)

711 An Act entitled "An Act to provide for the organization discipline and regulation of the National Guard of Pennsylvania" approved the thirteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred eighty-seven (P. L. 23)

712 An Act entitled "An Act to regulate the publication binding and distribution of the public documents of this Commonwealth" approved the sixteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred eighty-seven (P. L. 54, No. 25)

713 An Act entitled "An Act to fix the number of Representatives in the General Assembly of the State and to apportion the State into representative districts as provided in the constitution" approved the twelfth day of May one thousand eight hundred eighty-seven (P. L. 88, No. 49)

714 An Act entitled "An Act to repeal an act entitled 'An Act for the destruction of wolves wildcats foxes minks hawks weasels and owls in this Commonwealth' approved June twenty-third Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five so far as relates to foxes minks hawks weasels and owls" approved the thirteenth day of May one thousand eight hundred eighty-seven (P. L. 116)

715 An Act entitled "An Act authorizing cities of the third fourth and fifth classes to levy and collect taxes and validating taxes levied and assessments made therein" approved the seventeenth day of May one thousand eight hundred eighty-seven (P. L. 117)

716 An Act entitled "An Act to amend the first section of an act entitled 'An Act to further regulate the admission of attorneys and counsellors-at-law to practice in the several courts of this Commonwealth' approved the seventh day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five" approved the nineteenth day of May one thousand eight hundred eighty-seven (P. L. 131)

717 An Act entitled "An Act to provide for the appointment of a night watchman for the State library" approved the nineteenth day of May one thousand eight hundred eighty-seven (P. L. 139, No. 83)

718 An Act entitled "An Act to amend the ninth section of an act entitled 'An Act to amend and consolidate the several acts relating to game and game fish' " approved the twenty-third day of May one thousand eight hundred eighty-seven (P. L. 169)

719 An Act entitled "An Act dividing cities of this State into seven classes providing for the creation and division of wards therein and the annexation of adjacent territory thereto prescribing general regulations relative to the passage of ordinances and giving out of contracts the management of the finances the terms and duties of officers and the punishment of certain offenses in all of said cities and providing for the incorporation and government of cities of the fourth fifth sixth and seventh classes" approved the twenty-fourth day of May one thousand eight hundred eighty-seven (P. L. 204)

720 An Act entitled "An Act relating to school districts in cities of the fourth fifth sixth and seventh classes in this Commonwealth" approved the twenty-eighth day of May one thousand eight hundred eighty-seven (P. L. 274, No. 161)

721 An Act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to regulate the publication binding and distribution of the public documents of this Commonwealth' approved the sixteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven" approved the twenty-third day of April one thousand eight hundred eighty-nine (P. L. 43)

722 An Act entitled "An Act to amend section three of the act approved the fourteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four entitled 'An Act relative to the issuing of warrants to survey vacant lands' providing for the payment of purchase money and fees due the Commonwealth and regulating the consideration of caveats filed against the granting of warrants" approved the twenty-third day of April one thousand eight hundred eighty-nine (P. L. 46, No. 46)

723 An Act entitled "An Act making the first Monday in September in each year a legal holiday be known to as "Labor holiday" approved the twenty-fifth day of April one thousand eight hundred eighty-nine (P. L. 49, No. 51)

724 An Act entitled "An Act to amend the ninth section of an act entitled 'An Act to amend and consolidate the several acts relating to game and game fish' " approved the twenty-fifth day of April one thousand eight hundred eighty-nine (P. L. 53, No. 57)

725 An Act entitled "An Act to amend the provisions of the first section of an act approved May thirteenth one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven entitled 'An Act for the destruction of wolves and wildcats' " approved the twenty-fifth day of April one thousand eight hundred eighty-nine (P. L. 54)

726 An Act entitled "A supplement to section one of an act entitled 'An Act to make taxes assessed upon real estate a first lien and to provide for the collection of such taxes and a remedy for false returns' approved the second day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one" approved the fourth day of May one thousand eight hundred eighty-nine (P. L. 83, No. 80)

727 An Act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to fix the salaries of the several State officers of the Commonwealth the number of clerks to be employed in the several departments and their compensation and providing for the incidental expenses of said departments' approved May fourteenth one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four increasing the salary of messenger in charge of flagroom" approved the seventh day of May one thousand eight hundred eighty-nine (P. L. 110, No. 117)

728 An Act entitled "An Act to amend the second section of an act entitled 'A supplement to an act entitled "An Act to fix the salaries of the several State officers of the Commonwealth the number of clerks to be employed in the several departments and their compensation and providing for the incidental expenses of said department" approved May fourteenth one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four increasing the salary of the Deputy Attorney-General and providing for the number of clerks and employes in the Attorney-General's office also fixing the salary of the keeper of the Harrisburg Arsenal and the salary of the six men employed at the State Arsenal' approved the fourth day of March Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven so as to provide for an additional clerk in the place of a messenger in the Attorney-General's office and fixing the salary of such clerk" approved the seventh day of May one thousand eight hundred eighty-nine (P. L. 118)

729 An Act entitled "An Act dividing the cities of this State into three classes with respect to their population and designating the mode of ascertaining and changing the classification thereof in accordance therewith" approved the eighth day of May one thousand eight hundred eighty-nine (P. L. 133, No. 149)

730 An Act entitled "An Act to amend 'An Act to fix the number of representatives in the General Assembly of the State and to apportion the State into representative districts as provided in the Constitution" approved the eighth day of May one thousand eight hundred eighty-nine (P. L. 138, No. 155)

731 An Act entitled "An Act to provide for the examination of miners in the anthracite region of this Commonwealth and to prevent the employment of incompetent persons as miners in anthracite coal mines" approved the ninth day of May one thousand eight hundred eighty-nine (P. L. 142)

732 An Act entitled "An Act to amend the eighth sixteenth forty-second and fiftieth sections of an act entitled 'An Act to provide for the organization discipline and regulation of the National Guard of Pennsylvania' approved the thirteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven providing for the per diem pay and expense for cavalry" approved the ninth day of May one thousand eight hundred eighty-nine (P. L. 146, No. 164)

733 An Act entitled "An Act relating to estate held for religious and charitable uses" approved the ninth day of May one thousand eight hundred eighty-nine (P. L. 173, No. 193)

734 An Act entitled "An Act prohibiting the killing or taking of song and wild birds except in certain cases and providing a penalty therefor" approved the fourteenth day of May one thousand eight hundred eighty-nine (P. L. 218)

735 An Act entitled "An Act for the taxation of dogs and the protection of sheep" approved the fifteenth day of May one thousand eight hundred eighty-nine (P. L. 222)

736 An Act entitled "An Act to regulate the employment and provide for the safety of women and children in mercantile industries and manufacturing establishments and to provide for the appointment of inspectors to enforce the same and other acts providing for the safety or regulating the employment of said persons" approved the twentieth day of May one thousand eight hundred eighty-nine (P. L. 243)

737 Article one sections one two and three article two sections one and two article three sections one two three four and five article four sections one two three four five six seven eight nine ten eleven twelve thirteen fourteen fifteen sixteen seventeen and eighteen article five sections one two and three article six sections one two three four five six seven eight nine ten and eleven article seven sections one two three four five six seven eight article eight sections one two and three article nine section one article ten sections one two three four and five article eight sections one two three four and five article fourteen sections one two three four five six seven and eight article sixteen sections one two three and four article seventeen sections one two three four and five article eighteen sections one two three and four of an act entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation and government of cities of the third class" approved the twenty-third day of May one thousand eight hundred eighty-nine (P. L. 277)

738 An Act entitled "A supplement to an act approved May fourteenth one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine entitled 'An Act prohibiting the killing and taking of song and wild birds except in certain cases and providing a penalty therefor" amending the first sixth and eighth section thereof" approved the fifteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred ninety-one (P. L. 20)

739 An Act entitled "An Act to provide for a uniform contract or policy of fire insurance to be made and issued by all insurance companies taking fire risks on property within this State" approved the sixteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred ninety-one (P. L. 22)

740 An Act entitled "An Act designating the days and half days to be observed as legal holidays and for the payment acceptance and protesting of bills notes drafts checks and other negotiable paper on such days" approved the seventh day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-one (P. L. 46)

741 An Act entitled "An Act authorizing the ascertainment levy assessment and collection of the costs damages and expenses of municipal improvements including the grading paving macadamizing or otherwise improving of any street lane or alley or parts thereof completed or now in process of completion and also the costs damages and expenses of the construction of any sewer completed or now in process of completion and authorizing the completion of any such improvement" approved the sixteenth day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-one (P. L. 71)

742 An Act entitled "An Act authorizing the Insurance Commissioner to employ a skilled stenographer and typewriter in the Insurance Department" approved the sixteenth day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-one (P. L. 90, No. 63)

743 An Act entitled "An Act enabling the Superintendent of Public Instruction to pay to school districts in certain cases their proper share or portion of the State appropriation to common schools" approved the twenty-third day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-one (P. L. 114, No. 99)

744 An Act entitled "An Act to prevent the spread of the disease in peach trees known as the yellows" approved the twenty-sixth day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-one (P. L. 124)

745 An Act entitled "An Act regulating the standard weight of a bushel of potatoes" approved the first day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-one (P. L. 160, No. 153)

746 An Act entitled "An Act to amend the forty-ninth and fifty-sixth section of an act entitled 'An Act to provide for the organization discipline and regulation of the National Guard of Pennsylvania' approved the thirteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven increasing the amount to be paid for armory rent and extending the privileges of the roll of retired officers" approved the second day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-one (P. L. 173, No. 174)

747 An Act entitled "An Act empowering councils in cities of the first class to revise and establish the line for wharves and piers and low-water mark or bulkhead lines on the Delaware river in front of cities of the first class" approved the eighth day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-one (P. L. 209)

748 An Act entitled "An Act to prevent the pollution of the waters of streams supplying cities of this Commonwealth" approved the eighth day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-one (P. L. 216, No. 188)

749 An Act entitled "An Act to authorize corporations to increase their capital stock for corporate purposes" approved the eighth day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-one (P. L. 223, No. 191)

750 An Act entitled "An Act making it the duty of county commissioners to furnish office and storage rooms for the use of the county superintendents of schools" approved the eighth day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-one (P. L. 228)

751 An Act entitled "An Act amending clause thirteen of section three of article five of an act entitled 'An Act providing for the incorporation and government of cities of the third class' approved May twenty-third Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine" approved the ninth day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-one (P. L. 255)

752 An Act entitled "An Act amending the fifth and eighth sections of the act entitled 'An Act to restrain and regulate the sale of vinous and spirituous liquors malt or brewed liquors or any admixture thereof" approved the twenty-fourth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven authorizing bondsmen from any part of the county to execute a bond and fixing the amount thereof" approved the nineteenth day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-one (P. L. 368, No. 293)

753 An Act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to provide for the regulation and inspection of buildings within the City of Philadelphia and for the better preservation of life and property' approved the seventh day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-five as to the amount of the bond which the inspector shall be required to furnish for the faithful performance of his duties and providing for the cancellation thereof" approved the eighteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred ninety-three (P. L. 22)

754 An Act entitled "An Act to authorize the State Superintendent of Public Instruction to grant permanent State teachers' certificates to graduates of recognized literary and scientific colleges" approved the tenth day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-three (P. L. 39, No. 36)

755 An Act entitled "An Act to empower the court of quarter sessions of any county of this Commonwealth to fix the place of holding the general election" approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-three (P. L. 106, No. 58)

756 Sections one two and four of an act entitled "An Act relative to a Forestry Commission and providing for the expenses thereof" approved the twenty-third day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-three (P. L. 115)

757 An Act entitled "An Act to regulate and estalish the fees to be charged by justices of the peace aldermen magistrates and constables in this Commonwealth" approved the twenty-third day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-three (P. L. 117)

758 An Act entitled "An Act to abolish commissioners of public buildings and to place all public buildings heretofore under the control of such commissioners under the control of the department of public works in cities of the first class" approved the twenty-fourth day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-three (P. L. 124)

759 An Act entitled "An Act to prohibit the employment of any minor under the age of fourteen years in or about elevators" approved the twenty-fourth day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-three (P. L. 131, No. 89)

760 An Act except sections twelve and sixteen of an act entitled "An Act 'To regulate the employment and provide for the safety of women and children in manufacturing establishments mercantile industries laundry or renovating establishments and to provide for the appointment of inspectors to enforce the same and other acts providing for the safety or regulating the employment of said persons'" approved the third day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-three (P. L. 276)

761 An Act entitled "A supplement to 'An Act empowering councils in cities of the first class to revise and establish the line for wharves and piers and low water mark or bulkhead lines on the Delaware river in front of cities of the first class' approved June eighth one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one and to further authorize the acquisition by said cities of wharves piers bulkheads and riparian rights and to prescribe and carry out the plans for the construction of said wharves piers and bulkheads" approved the third day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-three (P. L. 281, No. 247)

762 An Act entitled "An Act creating the office of county controller in counties of this Commonwealth containing one hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants and over prescribing his duties" approved the eighth day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-three (P. L. 393)

763 An Act entitled "An Act making it unlawful for any persons to engage in the practice or assume the title of doctor of dental surgery or advertise himself as a doctor of dental surgery without first procuring a diploma from a reputable institution recognized by the National Board of Dental Examiners and defining who shall be understood as practicing dentistry and authorizing State Board of Dental Examiners to charge and collect certain fees" approved the tenth day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-three (P. L. 441.)

764 An Act entitled "An Act to amend an act approved the thirteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven entitled 'An Act to provide for the organization discipline and regulation of the National Guard of Pennsylvania and the several supplements thereto' providing for the more efficient organization and government of the National Guard of Pennsylvania" approved the tenth day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-three (P. L. 443)

765 An Act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act in relation to the government of cities of the second class' approved June fourteenth Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven amending sections twenty-four and twenty-five thereof regulating the manner of voting on an increase of the bonded indebtedness and further regulating the manner of awarding contracts for official advertising" approved the thirteenth day of February one thousand eight hundred ninety-five (P. L. 13)

766 Sections twelve thirteen fourteen and fifteen of an act entitled "An Act relative to the public grounds and buildings defining the powers of the Commissioners authorizing the Board of Commissioners to carry into effect the provisions of section twelve article three of the Constitution relative to contracts for stationery supplies fuel furniture furnishings distribution of documents repairs alterations or improvements and other matters needed by the Legislature the several departments boards and commissions of the State government and executive mansion authorizing the appointment of a superintendent and defining his powers authority and duties and providing for the appointment of subordinate officers required by this act and fixing the compensation of the same" approved the twenty-sixth day of March one thousand eight hundred ninety-five (P. L. 22, No. 15)

767 Sections three four and five of an act entitled "An Act to regulate the employment and provide for the safety of persons employed in tenement houses and shops where clothing cigarettes cigars and certain other articles are made or partially made and to provide for the appointment of inspectors to enforce the same and to provide for the safety and regulating the employment of said persons" approved the eleventh day of April one thousand eight hundred ninety-five (P. L. 34)

768 An Act entitled "An Act to amend clause sixteen of section one of an act entitled 'An Act to regulate the publication binding and distribution of the public documents of this Commonwealth' further regulating the printing and distribution of Smull's Legislative Hand Book and expediting the publication thereof" approved the twenty-fifth day of April one thousand eight hundred ninety-five (P. L. 42)

769 An Act entitled "An Act to provide that one burial permit shall be a sufficient authority for interment in a cemetery that is partly within the limits of two or more municipalities" approved the second day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-five (P. L. 44, No. 29)

770 An Act entitled "An Act regulating the standard weight of a bushel of onions" approved the eighth day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-five (P. L. 55, No. 36)

771 An Act entitled "An Act to amend section five of an act entitled 'An Act to regulate the manufacture and sale of commercial fertilizers' approved June twenty-eighth one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine so as to provide for the payment of expenses of taking samples of commercial fertilizers and expenses incident to carrying into effect the provisions of the law relative to the manufacture and sale of the same" approved the twenty-first day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-five (P. L. 85)

772 An Act entitled "An Act in relation to the official newspaper advertising of cities of the second class" approved the twenty-first day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-five (P. L. 90)

773 An Act entitled "An Act to designate the several judicial districts of the Commonwealth as required by the Constitution and to provide for the election appointment and commissioning of judges learned in the law for the said districts in cases where such judges are not provided for by existing law" approved the twelfth day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-five (P. L. 190)

774 An Act entitled "An Act regulating the pay of election officers at all elections hereafter to be held within this Commonwealth" approved the twenty-fourth day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-five (P. L. 237, No. 137)

775 An Act entitled "An Act fixing the term of office of notaries public and regulating the appointment thereof" approved the twenty-fourth day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-five (P. L. 241, No. 147)

776 An Act entitled "An Act regulating the standard weight of a bushel of clover seed" approved the twenty-fourth day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-five (P. L. 243, No. 149)

777 An Act entitled "An Act relating to and regulating the business of plumbing and house drainage in cities of the second class" approved the twenty-fifth day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-five (P. L. 272)

778 An Act entitled "An Act for the protection of persons unable to care for their own property" approved the twenty-fifth day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-five (P. L. 300)

779 An Act entitled "An Act to amend section two of an act entitled 'An Act to regulate the manufacture and sale of commercial fertilizers' approved June twenty-eighth one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine so as to change the time for filing the papers required by the act to enable the Secretary of the State Board of Agriculture to issue the certificates required by the act instead of the Secretary of the Commonwealth and to extend the time of certificates expiring July thirty-first one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five" approved the twenty-sixth day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-five (P. L. 335)

780 An Act entitled "An Act to authorize the publication of school laws and decisions" approved the twenty-eighth day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-five (P. L. 410)

781 An Act entitled "An Act to amend the fifty-second and the sixty-third sections of an act entitled 'An Act to provide for the organization discipline and regulation of the National Guard of Pennsylvania' approved the thirteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven changing and fixing the per diem pay of the musicians and the annual appropriation to military bands and also changing the rank of band leader" approved the fifth day of July one thousand eight hundred ninety-five (P. L. 625)

782 An Act entitled "An Act regulating the standard weight of a bushel of oats" approved the thirtieth day of March one thousand eight hundred ninety-seven (P. L. 10 No. 8)

783 An Act entitled "An Act for the protection of public school houses and other buildings used and occupied for public school purposes out-

buildings thereof and public school property" approved the nineteenth day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-seven (P. L. 76 No. 54)

784 An Act entitled "An Act to protect the health of the domestic animals of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania" approved the twenty-sixth day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-seven (P. L. 99)

785 An Act entitled "An Act to amend an act making it a misdemeanor to levy blackmail or extort money or other valuable thing by threats charges or accusations and fixing the penalty therefor" approved the twenty-seventh day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-seven (P. L. 111 No. 93)

786 An Act entitled "An Act to protect employes of corporations in their right to form join or belong to labor organiatzions by prescribing penalties for any interference therewith" approved the fourth day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-seven (P. L. 116 No. 98)

787 An Act entitled "An Act for the better protection of game and game mammals game birds song and insectivorous birds limiting the number of game birds and game mammals to be killed by any one person in one day or in one season prohibiting the sale of the same and the shipment thereof out of the State and providing penalties for the violation thereof" approved the fourth day June one thousand eight hundred ninety-seven (P. L. 123)

788 An Act entitled "An Act authorizing empowering and directing the county commissioners of the several counties of this Commonwealth to pay to the constables of their respective counties for the services rendered by such constables in making returns to court of elections attending special borough township or ward elections and traveling expenses incidental thereto since the first day of January Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-six in all cases where the same remain unpaid" approved the fifteenth day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-seven (P. L. 165)

789 An Act entitled "An Act to establish a Dental Council and a State Board of Dental Examiners to define the powers and duties of said Dental Council and said State Board of Dental Examiners to provide for the examination and licensing of practitioners of dentistry and to further regulate the practice of dentistry" approved the ninth day of July one thousand eight hundred ninety-seven (P. L. 206)

790 Sections one to eight inclusive of an act entitled "An Act establishing a Bureau of Mines in the Department of Internal Affairs of Pennsylvania defining its purposes and authority providing for the appointment of a chief of said bureau and assistants and fixing their salaries and expenses" approved the fifteenth day of July one thousand eight hundred ninety-seven (P. L. 279)

791 An Act entitled "An Act requiring the weighing of bituminous coal before screening and providing a penalty for the violation thereof" approved the fifteenth day of July one thousand eight hundred ninety-seven (P. L. 286)

792 An Act entitled "An Act to regulate the hours of labor of mechanics workingmen and laborers in the employ of the State or municipal cornorations therein or otherwise engaged on public works" approved the twenty-sixth day of July one thousand eight hundred ninety-seven (P. L. 418)

793 Section two three four five six nine and twelve of an act entitled "An Act relating to the bureaus of police and fire in cities of the second class constituting a civil service board in relation thereto providing for and regulating examinations the manner of appointments and the manner and power of removal of employes in said bureaus" approved the fourth day of April one thousand eight hundred ninety-nine (P. L. 28)

794 An Act entitled "An Act providing for the construction and maintenance of side paths along the highways in the townships of the Commonwealth for the use of bicycles and pedestrians providing for the appointment of side path commissioners prescribing their duties and the duties of the assessors in the assessment of bicycles providing for levying collecting and disbursement of a tax on bicycles" approved the eleventh day of April one thousand eight hundred ninety-nine (P. L. 36)

795 An Act entitled "An Act to amend the fifth section of an act entitled 'An Act to provide a more just and equitable method of distributing the school appropriation to the common schools and specifying the duties of officers in connection therewith' approved the fifteenth day of July one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven" approved the nineteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred ninety-nine (P. L. 64 No. 57)

796 An Act entitled "An Act creating the office of additional law clerk in the Attorney General's Department and fixing the salary thereof" approved the twenty-eighth day of April one thousand eight hundred ninety-nine (P. L. 112)

797 An Act entitltd "An Act amending section six of an act entitled 'An Act for the protection of persons unable to care for their own property' so as to authorize the guardian provided for in said act to support the wife and children of said feeble-minded person" approved the twenty-eighth day of April one thousand eight hundred ninety-nine (P. L. 112 No. 90)

798 An Act entitled "An Act to provide for the organization discipline and regulation of the National Guard of Pennsylvania" approved the twenty-eighth day of April one thousand eight hundred ninety-nine (P. L. 133)

799 An Act entitled "An Act to regulate the publication binding and distribution of the public documents of this Commonwealth" approved the second day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-nine (P. L. 178)

800 An Act entitled "An Act authorizing counties of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to purchase maintain use and condemn bridges erected and in use over rivers and streams separating or dividing any part or district of such counties and providing the manner in which compensation shall be made" approved the fifth day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-nine (P. L. 231)

801 An Act entitled "An Act to regulate the manufacture and sale of oleomargarine and butterine and other similar products to prevent fraud and deception by the manufacture and the sale thereof as an imitation of butter the licensing of manufacturers of and dealers in the same and providing punishment for violation of the act and the means for its enforcement" approved the fifth day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-nine (P. L. 241)

802 An Act entitled "An Act to amend the title to an act approved the fourth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven" approved the sixth day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-nine (P. L. 253 No. 149)

803 An Act entitled "An Act to provide for the enrollment organization discipline and regulation of the militia of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania" approved the ninth day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-nine (P. L. 266)

804 An Act entitled "An Act relating to the study and practice of physical culture in the public schools" approved the eighth day of March one thousand nine hundred one (P. L. 49 No. 15)

805 An Act entitled "An Act authorizing and empowering the owners and lessees of real estate within this Commonwealth to kill hare or rabbits upon their own premises at all seasons of the year" approved the eleventh day of April one thousand nine hundred one (P. L. 73 No. 42)

806 An Act entitled "An Act to repeal so much of section one of an act entitled 'An Act to promote the more certain and equal assessment of taxes in Philadelphia' approved March fourteenth one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five as relates to the appointment of members of the board of revision of taxes in said county to repeal an act entitled 'A Supplement to an act entitled "An Act to promote the more certain and equal assessment of taxes in Philadelphia" approved the fourteenth day of March Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five' approved March twenty-seventh one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five to repeal section one of an act entitled 'A further supplement to an act entitled "An Act to promote the more certain and equal assessment of taxes in Philadelphia" approved March fourteenth one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five' approved February second one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven and to repeal all other legislation pertaining to the board of revision of taxes inconsistent with the election of members thereof by the people" approved the twenty-fourth day of April one thousand nine hundred one (P. L. 94)

807 An Act entitled "An Act to provide for the election of the members of the board of revision of taxes in any county co-extensive in boundary with a city of the first class and to provide for the filling of vacancies therein" approved the twenty-fourth day of April one thousand nine hundred one (P. L. 95)

808 Sections one two three four five six seven eight nine ten eleven twelve thirteen fourteen fifteen sixteen seventeen eighteen nineteen twenty twenty-one twenty-two twenty-three twenty-six twenty-nine thirty-six thirty-seven thirty-eight and thirty-nine of an act entitled "An Act to revise and amend an act entitled 'An Act providing for the incorporation and government of cities of the third class' approved May twenty-third Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine enlarging modifying and defining the powers of cities of the third class" approved the sixteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred one (P. L. 224)

809 Sections thirteen twenty-eight thirty-five thirty-eight and forty-six of an act entitled "An Act defining the rights and liabilities of parties to and regulating the effect of contracts for work and labor to be done and labor and materials to be furnished to any building bridge wharf dock pier bulkhead vault subway tramway tollroad conduit tunnel mine coal-breaker flume pump screen tank derrick pipe-line aqueduct reservoir viaduct telegraph telephone railway or railroad line canal millrace works for supplying water heat light power cold air or any other substance furnished to the public well for the production of gas oil or other volatile or mineral substance or other structure or improvement of whatsoever kind or character the same may be providing remedies for the recovery of debts due by reason of such contracts and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto" approved the fourth day of June one thousand nine hundred one (P. L. 431)

810 An Act entitled "An Act amending section one of an act entitled 'An Act for the protection of persons unable to care for their own property' approved June twenty-fifth one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five and section six of said act as amended by an act entitled 'An Act amending section six of an act entitled "An Act for the protection of persons unable to care for their own property" so as to authorize the guardian provide for in said act to support the wife and children of said feeble-minded person' approved April twenty-eighth one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine so as to confer concurrent jurisdiction upon the orphans' court enable additional persons to petition enlarge the powers of the guardian and authorize the sale of the real estate of the ward" approved the nineteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred one (P. L. 574 No. 282)

811 An Act entitled "An Act authorizing empowering and directing the county commissioners of the several counties of this Commonwealth to pay the constables of their respective counties for the services rendered by such constables in making returns to the court and for attending general special borough township or ward elections and traveling expenses incident thereto since the first day of January Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven on all cases where the same remain unpaid" approved the second day of July one thousand nine hundred one (P. L. 609)

812 An Act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to provide for the organization discipline and regulation of the National Guard of Pennsylvania' approved the twenty-eighth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine by providing for the organization of a regiment of cavalry the establishment of regimental bands and of a hospital corps" approved the twenty-seventh day of March one thousand nine hundred three (P. L. 86)

813 An Act entitled "An Act amending clause twenty-two of section three of article five and sections one and two of article thirteen of an act entitled 'An Act providing for the incorporation and government of cities of the third class' approved the twenty-third day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine and amending clauses ten and forty of said section three article five and section eleven of article six and section four of article sixteen of said act as the same were enacted by amendment by an act revising and amending said act approved the sixteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one" approved the thirtieth day of March one thousand nine hundred three (P. L. 115)

814 An Act entitled "An Act amending 'A Supplement to an act entitled "An Act to fix the salaries of the several State officers of the Commonwealth the number of clerks to be employed in the several departments and their compensation and providing for the incidental expenses of said department" approved May fourteenth one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four increasing the salary of the Deputy Attorney General and providing for the number of clerks and employes in the Attorney General's office also fixing the salary of the keeper of the Harrisburg Arsenal and the salary of the six men employed at the State Arsenal' approved the fourth day of March Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven" approved the eighth day of April one thousand nine hundred three (P. L. 157)

815 Sections one two three four five and six of an act entitled "An Act to fix the salaries of the judges of the Supreme Court the

judges of the Superior Court the judges of the courts of common pleas and the judges of the orphans' courts' approved the fourteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred three (P. L. 175)

816 An Act entitled "An Act amending an act entitled 'An Act regulating the pay of election officers at all elections hereafter held within this Commonwealth' approved the twenty-fourth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five and fixing the pay of election officers' approved the sixteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred three (P. L. 220)

817 An Act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to regulate the publication binding and distribution of the public documents of this Commonwealth approved the second day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine" approved the twenty-second day of April one thousand nine hundred three (P. L. 246 No. 181)

818 An Act entitled "An act to amend an act entitled 'An Act defining the rights and liabilities of parties to and regulating the effect of contracts for work and labor to be done and labor or materials to be furnished to any building bridge wharf dock pier bulkhead vault subway tramway railroad conduit tunnel mine coal-breaker flume pump screen tank derrick pipeline aqueduct reservoir viaduct telegraph telephone railway or railroad line canal millrace works for supplying water heat light power cold air or any other substance furnished to the public well for the production of gas oil or volatile or mineral substances or other structure or improvement of whatsoever kind or character the same may be providing remedies for the recovery of debts due by reason of such contracts and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto' approved June the fourth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one' approved the twenty-second day of April one thousand nine hundred and three (P. L. 255)

819 An Act entitled "A supplement to an act approved twenty third day of May one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine entitled 'An Act for the incorporation and government of cities of the third class providing for the adjustment of the indebtedness of such cities and boroughs or townships annexed thereto" approved the twenty-fifth day of April one thousand nine hundred three (P. L. 312)

820 An Act entitled "An Act regulating the salaries of the chaplains of the Senate and House of Representatives' approved the twenty-seventh day of April one thousand nine hundred three (P. L. 320) No. 245)

821 Section two of an act entitled "An Act to amend article nine section one of an act entitled 'An Act to provide for the health and the safety of persons employed in and about the anthracite coal mines of Pennsylvania and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith' approved June second one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one also to amend section seventeen of an act entitled 'An Act relating to bituminous coal mines and providing for the lives health safety and welfare of persons employed therein' approved June thirtieth one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five" approved the thirteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred three (P. L. 359)

822 An Act entitled "An Act providing for the payment of the expenses of maintaining prisoners committed to county prisons for non-payment of fines or penalties imposed for the violation of city or borough ordinances or ordinances of townships of the first class by the city borough or township of the first class to which such fines are payable" approved the twenty-eighth day of March one thousand nine hundred five (P. L. 61 No. 42)

823 An Act entitled "An Act providing for necessary medical attention to needy persons who may be in danger of suffering from hydrophobia" approved the thirty-first day of March one thousand nine hundred five (P. L. 92 No. 68)

824 An Act entitled "An Act to amend the fourth section of an act entitled 'An Act to protect the health of the domestic animals of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania' approved the twenty-sixth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven by prescribing penalties and methods of procedure for the enforcement of the provisions of said act" approved the fifth day of April one thousand nine hundred five (P. L. 106)

825 An Act entitled "An Act to amend section one article one of an act entitled 'An Act providing for the incorporation and government of cities of the third class' approved May twenty-third Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine providing for the submission of the question of incorporation of such city of the third class by councils upon the petition of a certain number of the qualified electors of the towns or boroughs embraced within the limits of the proposed city" approved the tenth day of April one thousand nine hundred five (P. L. 127)

826 An Act entitled "An Act providing that where two cities are contiguous and in the same county the smaller may be annexed to the larger prescribing the method of proceeding and the effect of annexation providing for the division of such enlarged cities into wards for the apportionment of common council and for the indebtedness of such cities" approved the twentieth day of April one thousand nine hundred five (P. L. 221 No. 161)

827 An Act entitled "An Act to provide for the protection and preservation of game game-quadrupeds and game-birds and song insectivorous and other wild birds and prescribing penalties for violation of its several provisions" approved the twenty-second day of April one thousand nine hundred five (P. L. 248)

828 An Act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act relating to appeals in cases of summary convictions' approved the seventeenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-six providing for the entering of security on appeal on summary conviction" approved the twenty-second day of April one thousand nine hundred five (P. L. 284)

829 An Act entitled "An Act to fix the salary of the messenger in charge of the flag-room" approved the twenty-second day of April one thousand nine hundred five (P. L. 289)

830 An Act entitled "An Act providing for the election of a city clerk in the several cities of the third class in this Commonwealth prescribing his duties term and compensation and empowering him to administer oaths and certify ordinances resolutions and other proceedings of councils" approved the seventh day of March one thousand nine hundred seven (P. L. 11)

831 An Act entitled "An Act to amend the act approved July fifteenth one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven entitled 'An Act to provide a more just and equitable method of distributing the school appropriation to common schools and specifying the duties of officers in connection therewith' by providing for the enumeration of school children and the enrollment of taxables in cities of the first and second classes by officers appointed by the Board of Education and for the distribution of school funds to said cities on the basis of such list of taxables" approved the fourth day of April one thousand nine hundred seven (P. L. 41)

832 An Act entitled "An Act being a supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to regulate the time of holding city teachers' institutes' approved the twentieth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five extending its application to boroughs' approved the fourth day of April one thousand nine hundred seven (P. L. 43 No. 40)

833 An Act entitled "An Act to amend section eleven of the act entitled 'An Act to regulate the publication binding and distribution of the public documents of this Commonwealth' increasing the number of reports of the commissioners of Soldiers' Orphans' Schools" approved the fourth day of April one thousand nine hundred seven (P. L. 49 No. 47)

834 An Act entitled "An Act regulating the hunting and killing and possession of wild water-fowl in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and prescribing penalties for the violation of its provisions" approved the fifteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred seven (P. L. 63 No. 57)

835 An Act entitled "An Act to amend section one of article one of an act entitled 'An Act to amend section one article one of an act entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation and government of cities of the third class" approved May twenty-third Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine providing for the submission of the question of incorporation of such city of the third class by councils upon the petition of a certain number of the qualified electors of the towns or boroughs embraced within the limits of the proposed city' approved the tenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five providing for the submission of such question of the incorporation of such city of the third class by the court of quarter sessions of the peace of the county wherein such proposed city is to be located upon the petition of a certain number of the qualified electors of the towns and boroughs embraced within the limits of the proposed city of the qualified electors and the manner of voting thereon' approved the fifteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred seven (P. L. 66 No. 59)

836 An Act entitled "An Act to provide for the better protection of deer in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and prescribing penalties for violation of its several provisions' approved the fifteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred seven (P. L. 69)

837 An Act entitled "An Act to provide for the taking or killing of rabbits or hares in this Commonwealth and prescribing penalties for violation of its several provisions" approved the fifteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred seven (P. L. 72)

838 An Act entitled "An Act to amend sections six and twenty-three of the act entitled 'An Act to provide for the protection and preservation of game game-quadrupeds and game-birds and song and insectiverous and other wild birds and prescribing penalties for violation of its several provisions' approved the twenty-second day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five changing the open season for ruffed grouse commonly called pheasant prohibiting the killing of game birds in the nighttime limiting the kind of guns to be used in killing game regulating prosecutions for the violation of the provisions of this act and the disposition of the fines and penalties imposed therefor" approved the fifteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred seven (P. L. 74)

839 Sections one two three four five seven nine ten eleven and twelve of an act entitled "An Act to encourage the breeding of horses to regulate the public service of stallions to require the registration of stallions and to provide for the enforcement thereof" approved the twenty-fifth day of April one thousand nine hundred seven (P. L. 114)

840 An Act entitled "An Act to amend section one of 'An Act providing for necessary medical attention to needy persons who may be in danger of suffering from hydrophobia' approved the thirty-first day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five so as to include all persons who may apply for aid and providing that the cost of such medical attention shall be paid by the several poor districts within this Commonwealth" approved the seventh day of May one thousand nine hundred seven (P. L. 170 No. 132)

841 Sections two three and four of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the better protection and preservation of song and insectiverous birds and other wild birds and providing penalties for violation of its several provisions" approved the eighth day of May one thousand nine hundred seven (P. L. 186)

842 An Act entitled "An Act authorizing and empowering the courts of common pleas of the respective counties of this Commonwealth to declare a vacancy in the office of aldermen and justices of the peace when said officers shall not reside and maintain an office in their respective wards districts boroughs or townships and providing for the appointment of their successors" approved the twenty-fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred seven (P. L. 257 No. 196)

843 An Act entitled "An Act to further amend section one article one of an act entitled 'An Act providing for the incorporation and government of cities of the third class' approved the twenty-third day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine and which was amended by an act approved the tenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five prescribing the manner and computing and making return of same" approved the twenty-eighth day of May one thousand nine hundred seven (P. L. 268)

844 An Act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to provide for the organization discipline and regulation of the National Guard of Pennsylvania' approved the twenty-eighth day of April eighteen hundred and ninety-nine providing for increasing the efficiency of the National Guard by the retirement of officers upon age or service and defining the duties and rights of such retired officers' " approved the thirty-first day of May one thousand nine hundred seven (P. L. 357 No. 258)

845 An Act entitled "An Act to amend section thirteen of the act entitled 'An Act to regulate the publication binding and distribution of the public documents of this Commonwealth increasing the number of fire and marine reports of the Insurance Commissioner' " approved the sixth day of June one thousand nine hundred seven (P. L. 420)

846 An Act entitled "An Act providing that the jurisdiction of the courts shall not be ousted by a provision in a contract that an award or an appraisement of an engineer architect or other person shall be final or conclusive or that a certificate of an engineer architect or other person shall be a condition precedent to maintaining an action

upon such contract and that any controversy arising on a contract containing such a provision shall be determined in due course of law with the same effect as if such provisions were not in such contract contracts with municipal or other corporations invested with the privilege of taking private property for public use excepted" approved the first day of June one thousand nine hundred seven (P. L. 381 No. 274)

847 Sections two three four five six and seven of an act entitled "An Act providing for the method contents style reporting and printing of the Legislative Journal authorizing the appointment of official reporters and typewriters providing for the making of an appendix and index the printing of wrappers for said Journal abolishing the printing of the Legislative Record and Senate and House of Representatives Journals in separate form and repealing all acts or parts of acts relating to the printing of the Legislative Record and wrappers for the same" approved the twenty-third day of April one thousand nine hundred nine (P. L. 163)

848 An Act entitled "An Act amending section eight or article seven of an act entitled 'An Act providing for the incorporation and government of cities of the third class' approved May twenty-third Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine by providing for the disposition of all fees received by any magistrate or alderman while presiding in the mayor's police court and authorizing councils to provide compensation for such services" approved the twenty-seventh day of April one thousand nine hundred nine (P. L. 192)

849 An Act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act for the establishment of free public libraries in the several school districts of the Commonwealth except in cities of the first and second class' approved the twenty-eighth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five so as to increase the maximum rate of one-fourth of a mill and establish a minimum rate" approved the twenty-ninth day of April one thousand nine hundred nine (P. L. 294)

850 An Act entitled "An Act to amend section two of the act entitled 'An Act abolishing the office of township tax collector in townships of the first class and providing that in such townships all taxes shall be collected by the township treasurer including State and county taxes' approved May twenty-eighth one thousand nine hundred and seven providing that nothing in the said act shall take away from or interfere with the powers and duties conferred or imposed upon the treasurer of any county in relation to the collection of State and county taxes by existing laws" approved the first day of May one thousand nine hundred nine' (P. L. 301)

851 An Act entitled "An Act providing a method whereby moneys due sub-contractors for labor and materials furnished for and in the construction of municipal work or public improvements may be secured and recovered" approved the sixth day of May one thousand nine hundred nine (P. L. 441)

852 An Act entitled "An Act to amend section nineteen of an act entitled 'An Act to regulate the publication binding and distribution of the public documents of this Commonwealth' approved the seventeenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five to increase the number of copies of the annual report of the Commissioner of Health from three thousand four hundred copies to three thousand nine hundred copies the extra five hundred copies to be for the Department of Health and to allow the publication and distribution by the Department of Health of a bulletin" approved the sixth day of May one thousand nine hundred nine (P. L. 444)

853 An Act entitled "An Act to amend section first of an act of Assembly approved the fourth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled 'An Act creating in counties having a population of from three hundred thousand to one million a board to fix and determine the number and compensation of employes in all county offices boards bureaus departments and divisions thereof prescribing the powers and duties of said board and regulating appeals from the decision thereof' so as to make it apply to counties containing a population of not less than eight hundred thousand nor more than one million four hundred thousand" approved the fourth day of March one thousand nine hundred eleven (P. L. 10)

854 Sections one two three four five six seven eight nine and ten of an act entitled "An Act amending section three of article one section five of article three sections sixteen seventeen and eighteen of article four section two of article six section one of article seven sections one and three of article eight and sections one and seven of article nine of an act entitled 'An Act providing for the incorporation and government of cities of the third class' approved the twenty-third day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine" approved the twenty-first day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven (P. L. 1102)

855 An Act entitled "An Act providing for another judge in each of the courts of common pleas of Philadelphia county" approved the twenty-ninth day of March one thousand nine hundred thirteen (P. L. 20)

856 An Act entitled "An Act to consolidate the five courts of common pleas of Philadelphia county" approved the eleventh day of June one thousand nine hundred thirteen (P. L. 469)

Section 2 The repeal by this act of any act of assembly or part thereof shall not revive any act or part thereof heretofore repealed or superseded The provisions of this act shall not affect any act done liability incurred or right accrued or vested or affect any suit or prosecution pending or to be instituted to enforce any right or penalty or punish any offense under the authority of such repealed laws The provisions of this act shall be severable and if any of the provisions shall be held to be unconstitutional the decision shall not affect the validity of any of the remaining provisions of this act

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading

ADJOURNMENT.

Mr. BROSIUS. I move that this House do now adjourn.

The motion was agreed to, and at 10:48 P. M. the House adjourned until to-morrow morning at 10:00 o'clock.

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA.

Legislative Journal.

Session 1915 — 121st of the General Assembly

VOL. 3. HARRISBURG, PA., TUESDAY, MARCH 2, 1915. No. 18.

SENATE.

TUESDAY, March 2, 1915.

The Senate met at 10 o'clock A. M.

The PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE (Mr. Charles H. Kline) in the Chair

PRAYER.

The Chaplain, Rev. Thomas W. Davis, offered the following prayer:

Almighty God, our kind Heavenly Father, we thank Thee for this beautiful day and for the preservation of our lives. We pray Thee that we may dedicate our lives to the one great purpose of helping our fellows as much as we can, and bringing about in the broadest possible way the fatherhood of God and the brotherhood of man. Enable us to take advantage of the opportunities that come to us so that we may be spoken of as well after we have retired from our work as we delight to speak about others who have done their work. We ask it in the Saviour's name. Amen.

The PRESIDENT. A quorum of the Senate being present the Clerk will read the Journal of the preceding session

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of the preceding session, when, on motion of Mr. KURTZ, the further reading was dispensed with, and the Journal was approved.

PETITION.

FAVORING CURTAILMENT OF SALE OF INTOXICATING LIQUOR.

Mr. SENSENICH presented the petition of the inmates of the Eastern Penitentiary praying for the passage of a bill for the curtailment of the sale of intoxicating liquors, which was read and referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. CLARK, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as amended Senate Bill No. 13, entitled:

An Act relating to and regulating partnerships

Mr. PATTON, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 300, entitled:

An Act to validate appraisements and titles made and effected to surviving husbands and wives by virtue of an act entitled "An Act to amend section one of an act entitled 'An Act relating to the descent and distribution of the estates of intestates' passed and approved April 8th, 1833, defining and declaring the interest that shall descend to and vest in the surviving husband or wife of such intestate" approved the 1st day of May, A. D. 1909, P. L. 87

Mr. LYNCH, from the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 206, entitled:

An Act to regulate cold storage of certain articles of food and providing penalties for the violations of the provisions of this act

Mr. BUCKMAN, from the Committee on Appropriations reported as committed Senate Bill No. 268 (House Bill No. 206), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the payment of the expense of publication of amendments to the Constitution for the three years beginning June 1st, 1912, and directing the Auditor-General and the State Treasurer to cause the same to be paid

Also, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended Senate Bill No. 197, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Trustees of the State Hospital for the Criminal Insane at Farview to cover deficiency in maintenance and equipment of said hospital

Mr. TOMPKINS, from the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 62, entitled:

An Act to protect the public from the unlawful use of bottles jars vessels or other packages in the sale exchange and delivery of milk and cream and their products and providing penalties for such use

Mr. BUCKMAN, from the Committee on Game and Fisheries, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 250, entitled:

An Act to give additional protection to the fish in the waters within the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania prohibiting the fishing for or capture or killing of such fish by unnaturalized foreign-born residents and prescribing penalties for violation of its provisions

TIME OF NEXT MEETING.

Mr. HERBST. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to offer a resolution at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. HERBST offered the following resolution, which was twice read, considered and agreed to:

Resolved (If the House of Representatives concur), That when the Senate adjourns this week it shall be to reconvene on Monday evening, March eighth, at nine-thirty o'clock and that when the House of Representatives adjourns this week it shall be to reconvene on Monday evening, March eighth, at nine o'clock.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

Mr. SALUS read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 335, entitled:

An Act to impose additional liability upon insurance companies and other corporations, firms or persons for failure to promptly pay insurance losses and a liability upon policy holders where they respectfully defend or bring suits not in good faith

Which was committed to the Committee on Insurance.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 336, entitled:

An Act to amend the fifth section of an act approved the nineteenth day of May, A. D., 1874, entitled "An Act relating to the organization and jurisdiction of orphans' courts and to establish a separate orphans' court in and for counties having more than one hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants and to provide for the election of judges thereof," as amended by an act approved the sixth day of May, A. D., 1909, entitled "An Act to further amend the fifth section of an act entitled "An Act relating to the organization and jurisdiction of the orphans' court and establishing a separate orphans' court in and for counties having more than one hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants and to provide for the election of judges thereof" approved May nineteenth, A. D., 1874, as amended by an act approved the 29th day of April, A. D., 1897, fixing and determining the salaries of the assistant clerks of said court" by vesting the appointment of the first assistant clerk of said courts in the respective judges thereof and providing that this amendment shall not apply to counties having a population over seven hundred thousand

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 337, entitled:

An Act providing for the appointment and expenses of a commission of three persons, learned in the law, to codify and revise the law of decedents' estates

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. CATLIN read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 338, entitled:

An Act requiring and regulating the declaring and posting of the vote at election districts at a primary election

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

Mr. BEIDLEMAN read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 339, entitled:

An Act regulating the collection of county taxes in certain counties; creating the office of receiver of taxes in such counties and prescribing the powers and duties of said officer

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

Mr. DAIX read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 340, entitled:

An Act to enable foreign religious and charitable corporations which have been incorporated and are carried on not for purposes of profit, but for a purely and strictly religious or charitable purpose, to hold real estate in this Commonwealth

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. MARTIN read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 341, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the erection at Carlisle of a monument to commemorate the heroine of the Battlefield of Monmouth in one thousand seven hundred and seventy-eight, known in history as "Molly Pitcher", and providing for the appointment of a commission to select a model for and supervise the erection thereof

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. PATTON read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 342, entitled:

An Act to provide for and regulate commissions chargeable for the placing of building and loan association mortgages in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and providing penalties for the violation thereof.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. TOMPKINS read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 343, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the 27th day of June 1913 entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation regulation and government of cities of the third class regulating nomination and election of municipal officers therein and repealing, consolidating, and extending existing laws in relation thereto."

Which was committed to the Committee on Municipal Affairs.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 344, entitled:

An Act to promote and encourage manufacturing within the Commonwealth by exempting machinery employed therein from State and Local Taxation.

Which was committed to the Committee on Finance.

Also (by request of Mr. WARNER) read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 345, entitled:

An Act relating to boroughs.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. GERBERICH read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 346, entitled:

An Act relating to alcoholic liquors providing for the protection of the public health and the prevention of fraud and deception by prohibiting the manufacture or sale or offering for sale or advertising for sale or having in possession with intent to sell of adulterated or misbranded alcoholic liquors; providing penalties for the violation thereof and providing for the enforcement thereof.

Which was committed to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 347, entitled:

An Act relating to policies of life insurance or annuities.

Which was committed to the Committee on Insurance.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 348, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Home for Widows and Single Women of Lebanon and Lebanon County.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 349, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Good Samaritan Hospital of Lebanon, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from Committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. CATLIN, from the Committee on New Counties and County Seats, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 305, entitled:

An Act relating to appeals from the reports of auditors of boroughs, townships and poor districts

Mr. THOMPSON. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from Committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. THOMPSON, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 280, entitled:

An Act declaring valid certain municipal liens filed for grading, paving, macadamizing, or otherwise improving public streets, or parts thereof, by the several boroughs under an act approved the 12th day of May, 1911, entitled "An act empowering boroughs of this Commonwealth, without petition of the property owners, to grade, pave, curb, macadamize, and otherwise improve public streets, or parts thereof; and assess a portion of the cost of the same on the owners of property abutting thereon; and providing for the collection of the same," and authorizing the amendment of the claims in certain particulars

BILLS INTRODUCED.

Mr. PATTON. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to read a bill in place at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. PATTON (by request of Mr. KLINE) read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 350, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Association for the Blind, at Pittsburgh, Pa.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

BILL ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate resumed the consideration of Senate Bill No. 172 as follows:

An Act amending the act approved the ninth day of April one thousand eight hundred sixty-two entitled "An Act to authorize the erection of a poor house by the borough of Dunmore borough of Scranton and township of Providence in the county of Luzerne" as amended by an act approved the twenty-second day of April one thousand eight hundred seventy-nine entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to authorize the erection of a poor house by the borough of Dunmore borough of Scranton and township of Providence in the county of Luzerne' approved April ninth one thousand eight hundred sixty-two" by defining the Scranton poor district providing for the election of the poor board therein defining the powers and duties of such board and abolishing the present office of poor directors

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in Gen-

eral Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the act approved the ninth day of April one thousand eight hundred sixty-two entitled "An act to authorize the erection of a poor house by the borough of Dunmore borough of Scranton and township of Providence in the county of Luzerne" as amended by an act approved the twenty-second day of April one thousand eight hundred seventy-nine entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An act to authorize the erection of a poor house by the borough of Dunmore borough of Scranton and township of Providence in the county of Luzerne' approved April ninth eighteen hundred and sixty-two" which as amended reads as follows'

"Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That Edward Spencer of the borough of Dunmore Joseph Slocum and David K. Kresler of the borough of Scranton and Henry Griffin of the township of Providence in Luzerne county be and they are hereby appointed commissioners whose duty it shall be or a majority of them as soon after the passing of this act as practicable to determine upon and with the assent of the court of quarter sessions of said county purchase such real estate as may be necessary and proper for the accommodation of the poor of the borough of Dunmore and the borough of Scranton and the township of Providence aforesaid and it shall be lawful for said commissioners to take and receive proper conveyances therefor in the name and for the use of the corporation mentioned in the second section of this act and upon the receipt of such conveyance to execute in the name of said corporation and deliver to the vender or vendors bonds or mortgage upon said real estate to secure the payment of so much of the purchase money thereof as shall then remain unpaid and also to erect thereon suitable building for the accommodation and keeping of the poor of said boroughs and township and they are also authorized and empowered to borrow such sum or sums of money as may in their opinion be advisable and necessary not exceeding ten thousand dollars at a rate of interest not exceeding seven per centum to be used in the payment of the expense of purchasing said real estate and erecting said buildings and to secure the payment of the same by bonds and mortgages on said real estate

"Section 2 That the said Edward Spencer Joseph Slocum David K. Kresler and Henry Griffin are hereby constituted directors of the poor in the boroughs and townships aforesaid until successors are elected or appointed and qualified as hereinafter provided and they and their successors in office are hereby created a body politic and corporate in law to all intents and purposes whatever relative to the poor of said boroughs and township and shall have perpetual succession by the name style and title of the Scranton poor district and by that name may be sued plead and be impleaded receive take and hold any lands tenements and hereditaments not exceeding the yearly value of three thousand dollars to erect and keep in proper condition suitable buildings for the reception use accommodation and employment of the poor of said boroughs and township and to provide all things necessary for the lodging maintenance and employment of the poor of said boroughs and townships

"Section 3 That the said Edward Spencer Joseph Slocum David K Kresler and Henry Griffin shall continue in office as directors until the annual March election in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five at which time the qualified electors of the township of Providence shall elect one person to serve as director of the poor of said boroughs and township for the term or period of three years the said Edward Spencer the said Joseph Slocum and David K. Kresler holding over until the usual spring election for borough officers in the borough of Scranton in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six at which time the qualified electors of each of the wards of the said borough of Scranton shall elect one person to serve as director of the poor of said boroughs and township for the term or period of three years and for the purpose of ascertaining the result of said election it shall be the duty of the judges of election in the several wards of said borough to meet at the office of the Wyoming House in said borough on the day next succeeding the day of said election and to count up the votes polled in the several wards for the respective candidates for the office of director of the poor aforesaid and such candidate as shall have received the highest number of legal votes in his ward shall be declared elected and the said judges shall thereupon certify his election accordingly as well to him as to the board of directors of the poor of said boroughs and township and in case of a tie vote between the candidates for the said office in either of the said wards the burgess shall put the names of the candidates thus having received an equal number of votes for the said office respectively into a suitable box or drawer and after having fairly shaken them together shall draw therefrom the paper containing the name of one of the said candidates and such person whose name has been thus drawn shall be declared elected to the office aforesaid and the said judge in whose presence the said drawing shall always take place shall certify together with the burgess the election of said director as well to himself as to the board of directors of the poor of said boroughs and township the said Edward Spencer holding over until the usual spring election for borough officers in the borough of Dunmore in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven at which time the qualified electors of the borough of Dunmore shall elect one person to serve as director of the poor for said boroughs and township for the term or period of three years and in case of a tie vote between any candidates for the said office the same proceedings shall be had as provided herein relative to such an occurrence in the borough of Scranton and in case of a vacancy occurring in the board of directors of the poor of said boroughs and township by death resignation or otherwise it shall be the duty of the judges of the court of quarter sessions of the county of Luzerne to appoint a suitable person to fill such vacancy for the unexpired term of the director causing the same and at the usual annual March election every three years after the election in March in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five the qualified electors of the township of Providence shall elect one person to serve as director of the poor of said boroughs and townships for the term or period of three years next ensuing and the same shall be the case with the borough of Scranton and the borough of Dunmore every three years after the usual spring elections for borough officers in said boroughs in the years one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six and one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven respectively Provided That the person appointed to fill any vacancy shall reside in the borough or township for which said vacancy shall be filled And provided further That the judges of the court of quarter sessions of Luzerne county shall have power to remove any director for gross neglect of duty or other misconduct upon the petition of twenty or more of the electors of the said boroughs or township respectively on hearing of the complaint after reasonable notice to the director complained of

"Section 4 That the said directors shall before entering upon the duties of their office respectively be duly sworn or affirmed to faithfully discharge the duties of said office and the persons herein appointed directors shall as soon as they shall think proper after the passing of this act appoint a treasurer steward or superintendent collector of poor taxes and such other assistants as they shall deem necessary who shall serve until successors are appointed and in the month of January in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three and in the month of January in each year thereafter the said directors shall appoint a treasurer collector steward or superintendent physician and such other assistants as they may deem necessary to serve for one year and until successors are appointed and qualified the said treasurer and collectors to give bonds with sufficient security to be approved by the president judge of the court of common pleas of said county and filed in the office of the prothonotary of said court conditioned for the faithful performance of their respective duties in such sum as the directors shall require any of said officers or assistants may be removed by said directors for neglect of duty or for improper conduct in office and the vacancies as well as all vacancies which shall otherwise occur shall be filled by them

"Section 5 That the said directors a majority of whom shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business shall have power annually as soon after the returns of the annual assessments in said county as is practicable to lay a rate of assessments upon all real and personal estate trades and occupations and all other matters and things made taxable under existing laws for state and county purposes in the boroughs and township aforesaid for defraying the expenses of purchasing the real estate as referred to in the first section of this act erecting said buildings and of stocking and fitting up the property of the corporation for the proper comfort and employment of the poor of said boroughs and township which shall be the same rate per centum in said boroughs and township and shall be levied upon the basis of the last adjusted valuation made for regulating county rates and levies and having caused fair duplicates of such rate or assessment by them laid to be made which shall be signed by them shall issue their warrant to the collector of such tax therein authorizing and requiring him to demand receive and collect from every person therein named the sum wherewith such person stands charged in the manner and by the same process as poor taxes are now by law collectable and the said directors shall from the time of providing by them of suitable buildings for the accommodating of said poor exercise and perform all the powers and duties which overseers of the poor may and are now required by law to exercise and perform within said boroughs and townships except so far as such acts duties and powers as are herein expressly prescribed or limited

"Section 6 That the said directors shall keep or cause to be kept a book or books in which shall be entered the name or names the age and sex and place of nativity of all and every poor person coming from either of the boroughs or township aforesaid to whom they shall give relief in the poor house aforesaid and they shall keep or cause to be kept a just and true account of the cost and expense of maintaining the poor admitted into the said poor house or relieved by the said directors from each of the said boroughs and the said township respectively and the said directors or a majority of them shall have power annually as soon after the returns of the annual assessments in said county as is practicable to lay a rate or assessment upon the real and personal estate trades and occupations and all other matters and things made taxable under existing laws for state and county purposes within the boroughs respectively aforesaid and within the township aforesaid for defraying the expenses of maintaining the poor coming from the boroughs respectively as aforesaid and from the township aforesaid which rate shall be levied upon the basis of the last adjusted valuation made for regulating county rates and levies and shall not together with the rate for which provision has been made in the preceeding section of this act exceed one cent on the dollar at one time and having caused fair duplicates of

said in each of the said boroughs and townships to be made such rate or assessment by them laid on the property aforewhich shall be signed by them shall issue their warrant to the collector of such tax therein authorizing and requiring him to demand receive and collect from every person therein named the sum wherewith such person stands charged in the manner and by the same process as poor taxes are by existing laws collectable the true intent and meaning of this section being that the borough of Dunmore and the borough of Scranton and the township of Providence shall each pay the expenses of maintaining the poor at the poor house aforesaid who are received and maintained there from each of the said districts respectively and a rate or assessment shall be levied as herein provided for that purpose upon each of the said districts in the proportion accordingly

"Section 7 That the said directors shall have the exclusive power to grant exonerations for taxes levied in pursuance of this act

"Section 8 That the said directors shall keep or cause to be kept a book or books showing the amount of the taxes levied in each of said boroughs and in the said township the amount exonerated and collected in each and the amount expended in maintaining the poor from each of the said boroughs and the said township which book or books shall at all times be open to the inspection of any of the electors in the said boroughs and township

"Section 9 That the said directors shall as soon as they shall have provided suitable buildings for the accommodation of the poor of said boroughs and township file in the office of the clerk of the court of quarter sessions of Luzerne county a certificate setting forth that such buildings are ready for the reception and accommodation of said poor which certificate shall also contain a statement of the real estate purchased with a brief description of the buildings thereon the cost of procuring and fitting up the same together with the cost of stocking and fitting up the property of the corporation and they shall also thereupon give notice to the overseers of the poor of said boroughs and township of their readiness to receive and accommodate the poor thereof which said overseers are required forthwith to furnish said directors with a list of the names of the persons then a charge upon said boroughs and township respectively or receiving relief therefrom with the place of residence of each and the said directors shall thereupon cause such poor persons or such of them as they shall think it expedient to be removed to said house so provided and thereafter to be kept lodged and maintained therein so long as such persons shall continue a charge upon said borough or township and no person who shall refuse to go to said poor house or to be maintained therein shall be entitled to relief or support from said directors or from said boroughs or township during the time of such refusal Provided however That said directors may if they think proper furnish assistance and afford relief to any poor persons without requiring them to be removed to and kept at said poor house

"Section 10 That the said directors are hereby authorized to provide work and employment for such poor persons as may be able to perform any labor or pursue any employment and if any poor person unless by reason of age infancy disease infirmity or other disability shall refuse to perform such reasonable labor or service as shall be allotted to or required of him or her by said directors such person or persons shall not be entitled to or receive any relief or assistance during such refusal and shall immediately upon such refusal be discharged from said poor house

"Section 11 That the overseers of the poor and other persons having charge of the poor of the boroughs and township aforesaid shall assume as notified by the directors in the manner provided for in a preceding section of this act cease to act as averseers of the poor in said boroughs and township except so far as may be required to settle adjust and close their accounts as overseers with said boroughs and township or with persons with whom they have transacted business and they shall upon demand deliver to the said directors transcripts of all poor taxes remaining unpaid on duplicates in their hands together with all books orders papers and documents pertaining to their office as overseers and shall also pay to the said directors or to the treasurer appointed by them all the moneys unexpended in their hands belonging to the said boroughs or township and the said directors shall forwith issue their warrant to the collector for the collection of all such unpaid poor taxes which shall be collected in the same manner as is provided for the collection of taxes assessed by said directors

"Section 12 That if upon a final settlement by said overseers of the boroughs and township aforesaid of their account as overseers any balance shall be found due them or either of them the said balance shall be certified by the auditors making such settlement and thereupon the said directors are required to issue their order upon the treasurer in favor of such overseer or overseers for the amount or or amounts so certified to be due

"Section 13 That the said directors are hereby required yearly on the first Monday of January in each year to make and prepare a statement or to cause the same to be done showing the income of said real estate for the preceding year as nearly as the same can be done also the excess of the expenditures over and above said income during the said preceding year the amount and kind of personal property then on hand including grain stock and all farming implements and conveniences the number of persons admitted from each of the boroughs and township aforesaid and also the number discharged and belonging to the said boroughs and township respectively and the number belonging to each then therein the length of time each of the said persons remained and the age sex and nativity of each a just and correct account of the receipts and disbursements for each of the said boroughs and township during the preceding year which statement the said directors shall annually in the month of January in each year publish in any weekly newspaper published in either of the said boroughs in three successive issues of the same together with a statement of the aggregate amount of the receipts disbursements and expenditures of said corporation during the preceding year from any source whatever or for any cause or purpose whatsoever.

"Section 14 The judges of the court of common pleas of the county of Lackawanna are hereby authorized and empowered to appoint on the first Monday of January three competent persons residents and taxpayers of the Scranton poor district to constitute a board of auditors one to serve for one year one for two years and one for three years to settle the accounts of said district and on the first meeting of said auditors they shall determine by lot which shall serve for one year which for two years and which for three years and the judges of Lackawanna county shall appoint one auditor annually thereafter for a term of three years and the said board of auditors shall meet to settle the accounts of the directors on the second Monday of January in each year and shall receive for their service each two dollars per day for each day necessarily employed to be paid out of the funds belonging to said district and that said report of such auditors shall be sworn to by them before any alderman justice of the peace or notary public within said poor district Provided That one of the said auditors shall at all times be a resident and taxpayer of the old borough of Providence and one of the borough of Dunmore

"Section 15 That all orders issued for the relief of any poor person or persons within said boroughs or township after the filing of the certificates mentioned in a preceding section of this act shall be directed to the directors of the poor of Providence and upon the receipt of such orders said directors or any of them shall immediately proceed to inquire into the circumstances and if the person or persons therein named are found to be entitled to relief he or they shall furnish such relief or cause such person or persons to be removed or taken to said poor house and there kept and maintained until legally discharged but no person shall be discharged from said poor house unless at his or her own request except by the direction of at least two of the said directors though any one of the said directors shall have authority to direct a poor person to be admitted into the said poor house

"Section 16 That the said directors are hereby authorized to bind out poor children under their care whose parents are dead or unable to support them as apprentices in the same manner and under the same restrictions as the overseers of the poor may now by law put out such children and the said directors shall exercise the same power and authority over all real and personal estate of any poor person under their care as is now by law vested in the overseers of the poor

"Section 17 That the compensation of the treasurer collector steward or superintendent matron physician and other officers or assistants shall be fixed by the directors and the compensation of the directors shall be fixed by the board of auditors at each yearly settlement for the next succeeding year provided that the compensation of said directors from the passage of this act until the first settlement shall be fixed by the board of auditors at the first yearly settlement the said directors to furnish the said auditors a correct account of the time and expense lost and incurred by them in attending to their duties from which account the said compensation shall be fixed and adjusted

"Section 18 That the said directors or treasurer or any one or more of the taxpayers of said boroughs or township may within thirty days from the yearly settlement by the auditors as aforesaid appeal from such settlement to the court of common pleas of Luzerne County in the same manner and under the same provisions and regulations that appeals from settlements by township auditors are now allowed

"Section 19 That no moneys shall be paid by the treasurer except upon orders drawn by the directors and signed by at least a majority of said directors

"Section 20 That the borough of Providence and the borough of Hydepark in the County of Luzerne or either of them may at any time elect to become a part of this corporation and be entitled to all the benefits and priivleges resulting therefrom and be subject to all the provisions in this act contained and for the purpose of enabling said boroughs or either of them to join said corporation it shall be lawful for the burgess and town council of said boroughs or either of them upon petition of twenty or more of the citizens thereof asking to become a part of said corporation to pass an ordinance declaring that said borough shall become a part of said corporation whereupon the burgess shall forthwith cause a copy of said ordinance to be lodged with the directors named in this act or their successors and the burgess and town council shall forthwith appoint some suitable and competent person resident therein to be director for said borough who shall hold his office for one year or until his successor shall be duly elected and qualified and at the usual spring election next succeeding said appointment the qualified electors of said borough shall elect one suitable and competent person to serve as director for the term or period of three years and the same shall be done every three years thereafter Provided That said borough or boroughs respectively shall

on becoming a part of this corporation pay a full proportion of the expenses incurred in the purchase of the real estate erecting the buildings and fitting up and stocking the property and to this end a rate or assessment shall be levied upon the said boroughs or either of them in the same manner and with like force and affect as assessments are levied by virtue of the provisions hereinbefore contained in this act

"Section 21 That the expenses of the corporation so far as paying the officers and assistants costs of auditing accounts and all other matters except as hereinbefore provided shall be borne by the several boroughs and the township included herein in common and shall be paid out of the funds of the corporation to be raised in the manner hereinbefore provided and in case of any tie vote between candidates for the office of director in either the borough of Providence or Hydepark at any election for director hereafter the same shall be decided in the manner as hereinbefore provided for like occurrences in the boroughs of Dunmore and Scranton

"Section 22 That all acts of Assembly or parts of acts hereby supplied or inconsistent with this act are hereby repealed" is amended so as to read as follows

Section 1 The Scranton poor district which is hereby established shall consist of all the territory now or hereafter constituting the City of Scranton and the borough of Dunmore

This district shall be divided into seven sub-districts which shall be numbered and constituted as follows

The first sub-district shall consist of the first second and third wards of the city

The second sub-district shall consist of the seventh eighth thirteenth and sixteenth wards of the city

The third sub-district shall consist of the ninth tenth twelfth and seventeenth wards of the city

The fourth sub-district shall consist of the eleventh nineteenth and twentieth wards of the city

The fifth sub-district shall consist of the sixth fifteenth eighteenth and twenty-second wards of the city

The sixth sub-district shall consist of the fourth fifth fourteenth and twenty-first wards of the city

The seventh sub-district shall consist of the borough of Dunmore

Section 2 The poor board of said Scranton poor district hereafter designated in this act as the board shall consist of seven qualified electors one from each of said sub-districts who shall be elected as follows

At the municipal election to be held in November one thousand nine hundred and fifteen there shall be elected from each of the seven sub-districts by the qualified electors thereof one qualified elector of each sub-district to represent such sub-district on the board The persons elected as directors in the first third fifth and seventh districts shall serve for the term of two years and until their successors are duly qualified

The persons elected directors in the second fourth and sixth districts shall serve for the term of four years and until their successors are duly qualified

At every succeeding municipal election an election shall be held in the proper sub-districts to fill the vacancies in the office of director for the proper district Those so elected shall serve for the term of four years

Section 3 Any vacancy occurring in the board shall be filled for the unexpired term by a majority vote of the remaining members of the board by the selection of a duly qualified elector from the proper sub-district

Section 4 Each of the members of the board shall receive an annual compensation of twelve hundred dollars ($1,200) payable quarterly

Section 5 The term of office of each director shall begin on the first Monday of January next succeeding his election

Section 6 Each member of the board before assuming the duties of his office shall take and subscribe the oath or affirmation prescribed in article seven of the Constitution of this Commonwealth The oath or affirmation so subscribed shall be filed with the clerk of court of Lackawanna county

Section 7 For each meeting regular or special from which any director shall be absent he shall forfeit the sum of ten dollars ($10) unless he can produce to the board a certificate under the oath of his regular physician to the effect that such director wag physically unable to attend such meeting The said sum shall be deducted from the compensation of the director for that quarter

Section 8 Within ten days after the first Monday of January in every year the board shall organize by electing a president who shall be a member of the board a treasurer secretary collector of taxes and attorney who shall be elected for a term of one year and who shall respectively receive such compensation as shall be fixed by the board Immediately after the first organization of the board it shall elect a superintendent of the Hillside Home a resident physician and such other employes as it may deem necessary in administering the affairs of the said district These officers and employes shall serve for such terms and at such compensation as may be fixed by the board The board shall hold stated meetings at least every month and shall hold special meetings when called by the president The president shall call a special meeting when requested so to do by two members of the board Four members of the board shall constitute a quorum

Section 9 The board shall cause books to be kept showing the amount of taxes levied for poor purposes in the district the amount collected and exonerated and the amount expended in poor relief and in administering the affairs of said district The board shall keep full records of all meetings and actions All records of the board shall be in the custody of the secretary and shall at all times be open for inspection by any taxpayer of said district

Section 10 No debt shall be contracted or sanctioned except by a majority of the entire membership of the board Orders for temporary relief may be acted on and relief thereon furnished upon the direction of any member of the board Every such order for relief shall be reported by such director at the next meeting of the board and approved hereby

Section 11 No money shall be paid out by the treasurer except on warrant of the board signed by the president and secretary Each warrant shall state on its face specifically for what it is given Each warrant when filled out shall be detached from its proper stub in the warrant book Each stub which shall bear the same number as the corresponding warrant shall show the date and amount of such warrant and in itemized detail for what the same shall have been given

Section 12 The board shall lay annually a rate of assessment upon all property real and personal and on all trades and occupations for the proper relief and employment of the poor in said district This rate shall be levied upon the county valuation last preceding such assessment The board shall cause duplicates of such rate to be made and shall issue its warrant to the proper collector of poor tax requiring him to collect from every person firm or corporation named in such duplicate the sum wherewith such person firm or corporation stands charged in the manner and by the same process as poor taxes are now by law collectible The board shall exercise all the powers and perform all the duties which overseers of the poor may or are now by law required to exercise and perform within said district except as herein expressly prescribed or limited

Section 13 The board shall have exclusive power to grant exonerations for taxes levied in pursuance of this act

Section 14 The board may extend relief to every poor person who shall have a legal settlement in the district Such relief may be extended by requiring such person to be removed to the house or home provided for the poor or by furnishing relief or assistance to any poor person without requiring him or her to be so removed No person shall be entitled to relief if such person shall refuse to go to such home when so ordered by the board

Section 15 All orders issued for the relief of any poor person in the district shall be directed to the board Upon receipt of any such order the board or any member thereof shall immediately inquire into the circumstances and if the person or persons named therein shall be entitled to relief every such person shall receive relief or shall be removed to the home and there properly kept and maintained until legally discharged

Section 16 The board may provide work or employment for poor persons who are able to perform any labor or pursue any employment If any poor person unless incapacitated by infancy age disease or other disability shall refuse to perform such reasonable labor or service as shall be allotted to or required of such person he or she shall not be entitled to receive any relief during such refusal and shall on the continuance of such refusal be discharged from said house or home

Section 17 The board may bind out as apprentice any poor child under its care whose parents are dead or unable to support it Such binding out shall be done in the same manner and under the same restrictions as are or may be prescribed by law

Section 18 The board shall exercise the same power and authority over all real and personal estate of any poor person removed to such home as is or may hereafter be by law vested in overseers of the poor

Section 19 Except by a majority vote of the board no person shall be discharged from the home unless on the request of such persons or on the refusal of such persons to perform such labor or service allotted to or required of such person

Section 20 The board shall cause to be prepared immediately after the first of January in each year a statement showing

(1) An itemized list of receipts during the preceding year

(2) An itemized list of expenditures during the preceding year

(3) An itemized list of all exonorations granted during the preceding year

(4) The income from all real estate during the preceding year

(5) The amount and kind of personal property belonging to the district then on hand

(6) The number of persons to whom outdoor relief has been given during the year giving the age sex and birth place of such persons

(7) The number of person admitted to the home during the year the number discharged the number of persons who have died in the home and the number in the home at the end of the year This statement shall include the age sex birth place and the sub-district from which each person shall have come

This statement shall thereupon be published once a week for three successive weeks in two daily newspapers of said district having a general circulation in such district

Section 21 The court of common pleas of Lackawanna county shall on the first Monday of January one thousand nine hundred and sixteen appoint three competent electors of the district to constitute a board of auditors One of said auditors shall be an elector of the borough of Dunmore The court shall designate one of such auditors to serve for one year one for two years and one for three years Annually thereafter said court shall appoint one competent elector of the district to serve as auditor for three years The board of auditors shall meet on the second Monday of January in each year or oftener if thereto required and examine and audit all the accounts of the said poor board and make a report thereof Such report shall be sworn to and subscribed by the auditors before any alderman justice of the peace or notary public of the district Each auditor shall receive the sum of five dollars ($5.00) for each day necessarily employed by him in the performance of his duties This compensation shall be paid out of the funds of the district If any auditor shall fail or refuse to perform any of the duties herein prescribed his office shall by the other auditors be declared vacant Any vacancy occurring in the office of auditor shall be filled by the court on the petition of the remaining auditors Each auditor before assuming the duties of his office shall take the oath or affirmation prescribed by the Constitution of this Commonwealth

Section 22 The board or the treasurer thereof or any tax-payer of the district may within thirty days after the annual settlement of the auditors appeal from such settlement to the said court in the same manner and under the same regulations as appeals from settlements of township auditors are now allowed

Section 23 The present offices of directors of the poor of Scranton poor district are hereby abolished on the first Monday of January one thousand nine hundred and sixteen at which time they shall turn over to such elected board all real and personal property of the present Scranton poor district

Section 24 All acts or parts of act inconsistent with any of the provisions of this act are repealed

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—41.

Beidleman,	Graff,	Martin,	Snyder, C. A.,
Buckman,	Gyger,	McKee, W. S.,	Snyder, P. W.,
Burke,	Hackett,	Miller,	Sones,
Catlin,	Herbst,	Patton,	Sproul,
Clark,	Hindman,	Phipps,	Stewart,
Croft,	Hoke,	Salus,	Thompson,
Daix,	Homsher,	Schantz,	Tompkins,
DeWitt,	Jenkins,	Semmens,	Wasbers,
Endsley,	Kurtz,	Smith, R. E.,	Kline,
Farley,	Lynch,	Smith, W. W.,	Pres. pro tem
Gerberich,	Magee, C. J.,		

NAYS—0.

A majority of the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILLS OVER IN ORDER.

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, at the request of the Senator from Westmoreland, Mr. Sensenich, I ask that Senate Bill No. 105, on third reading, entitled:

An Act to avoid delay in the administration of justice by fixing a time within which decisions in certain questions and matters shall be rendered by judges and requiring certain certificates from judges before their salaries shall be paid

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, I ask that Senate Bill No. 114, on third reading, entitled:

An Act providing for the printing binding and distribution of the report of the fiftieth anniversary of the battle of Gettysburg commission entitled "Pennsylvania Gettysburg Reunion" providing for additions to said report and for the compiling editing proof reading and indexing thereof providing also for the preparation for filing of record in the State Library for their proper preservation therein of certain original manuscripts of the addresses delivered at said reunion and of other original data souvenirs and records relative thereto and making appropriation therefor

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 179, as follows:

An Act empowering cities of the second class to construct and maintain street railway tracks and equipment for the operation of street cars and to lease said tracks and equipment upon payment of a reasonable rental to persons or corporations desiring to use the same for the operation of street cars

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That cities of the second class are hereby empowered to construct and maintain street railway tracks with such curves switches connections and sidings and other appurtenances as may be deemed necessary upon streets alleys and other highways within said municipalities where street railway tracks have not been laid nor has the said municipality authorized the laying of any tracks thereon by any other person or corporation Said municipal corporations may also construct and maintain such poles wires or other overhead surface or sub-surface structures as may be necessary to provide for the operation of cars over said tracks by electricity or otherwise

Section 2 Said municipal corporations are hereby empowered and authorized to lease said tracks and equipment to other persons or corporations authorized by law to maintain and operate street passenger railways upon such terms and conditions as may be agreed upon Provided however that the amount of the annual rental to be paid therefor shall in no case be less than an amount sufficient to pay all annual maintenance and renewal charges on account of said construction and in addition thereto not less than six per centum per annum interest upon the cost of the construction of said tracks and equipment

Section 3 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—42.

Beidleman,	Graff,	Martin,	Snyder, P. W.,
Buckman,	Gyger,	McKee, W. S.,	Sones,
Burke,	Hackett,	Miller,	Sproul,
Catlin,	Herbst,	Patton,	Stewart,
Clark,	Hindman,	Phipps,	Thompson,
Croft,	Hoke,	Salus,	Tompkins,
Daix,	Homsher,	Schantz,	Warner,
DeWitt,	Jenkins,	Semmens,	Wasbers,
Endsley,	Kurtz,	Smith, R. E.,	Kline,
Farley,	Lynch,	Smith, W. W.,	Pres. pro tem
Gerberich,	Magee, C. J.,	Snyder, C. A.,	

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 180, as follows:

An Act to amend the first second and third sections of an act approved the eighteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act authorizing any county and city in any county in which the county seat is within the limits of such city to erect a joint county and municipal building providing for the conditions under which such building may be erected and for the ownership thereof providing for the selection of a site for said building and authorizing said county and city to make a sale or exchange of properties under certain conditions for the purpose of securing such site authorizing the acquisition of additional property for such building by purchase or condemnation and authorizing the county to issue bonds in payment of any indebtedness incurred for a share of the cost of such building and land" by conferring upon such county and city additional powers relating to the design construction use administration operation and maintenance of such joint county and municipal building and also if deemed advisable for an independent power plant in connection therewith

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section one of an act approved the eighteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act authorizing any county and city in any county in which the county seat is within the limits of such city to erect a joint county and municipal building providing for the conditions under which such building may be erected and for the ownership thereof providing for the selection of a site for said building and authorizing said county and city to make a sale or exchange of properties under certain conditions for the purpose of securing such site authorizing the acquisition of additional property for such building by purchase or condemnation and authorizing the county to issue bonds in payment of any indebtedness incurred for its share of the cost of such building and land" which reads as follows

Section 1 That in each county of this Commonwealth where the county seat is within the limits of any city the county commissioners and the corporate authorities of such city shall have the power and they are hereby authorized to agree upon a site within the limits of such city and to erect thereon a joint county and municipal building to be used by the county for court house and other county purposes and to be used by the city for municipal purposes The county commissioners and the corporate authorities of such city shall agree upon and adopt plans for such building which shall show the part thereof selected by the county commissioners to be used for court house and other county purposes and the part thereof selected by the corporate authorities of such city to be used for municipal purposes The building shall be so constructed as to permit of an apportionment of the cost of that part of the building selected and occupied by each and the cost of the building shall be paid for by each in accordance with such apportionment and the county and city own in severalty the part of the building selected by each and the land upon which such part of the building so selected is constructed" is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 1 That in each county of this Commonwealth where the county seat is within the limits of any city the county commissioners and the proper corporate authorities of such city shall have the power and they are hereby authorized to agree upon a site within the limits of such city and to erect thereon a joint county and municipal building to be used by the county for court house and other purposes and to be used by the city for municipal purposes

The land upon which said building shall be erected shall be owned in severalty by such county and city and the

part of such building which shall stand upon the land owned in severalty by the county shall belong in severalty to the county and the part of such building which shall stand upon the land owned in severalty by the city shall belong in severalty to the city The county commissioners of such county and the corporate authorities of such city shall choose such site and shall determine the parts of the land so chosen which shall be owned in severalty by each and when this has been done and the erection of such joint building has been agreed upon they shall agree upon and adopt plans for such joint building The building may be so designed and constructed that part of the building on the land owned by each shall be used by each respectively or the building may be so designed and constructed as to permit of the use by the county of any portion or portions of the part of the building owned by the city and likewise to permit of the use by the city of any portion or portions of the part of the building owned by the county and whether so specially designed or not the county commissioners and corporate authorities of such city shall have the power and they are hereby authorized to permit of the use by the county of any portion or portions of the part of the building owned by the city and likewise to permit of the use by the city of any portion or portions of the part of the building owned by the county upon such terms and conditions as may be in the judgment of the county commissioners and the corporate authorities just and reasonable The building shall be so constructed as to permit of an apportionment of the cost of the part thereof owned respectively by such county and city and the building shall be paid for in accordance with such apportionment

The county commissioners of such county and the corporate authorities of such city may provide that the corridors stairways and elevators be used in common by both county and city They may install for the whole building a single system of lighting heat ventilation and plumbing and for other general equipment which shall be used in common by the county and the city They may provide that the mechanical plants and power plants necessary for the elevators lighting heating ventilating plumbing and cleaning and the plants necessary for all other general equipment be located partly in a portion of the part of the building owned by each or that such plants or general equipment be located wholly in the part of the building owned by the county or wholly in the part of the building owned by the city in such a manner as to conveniently serve all portions of the building and such plants or general equipment shall be considered and regarded as fixtures for the use and benefit of the whole building and shall be paid for by the county and city in such equitable proportions as the county commissioners and proper executive officers of such city shall agree upon If however the county commissioners and the corporate authorities of such city do not deem it advisable to provide such plants or any of them they may secure light heat or power for said building in such manner as to them may seem most advantageous and may for said purposes either jointly or separately acquire other land in the vicinity of the joint county and municipal building and construct thereon or on land belonging to either or both jointly or separately mechanical plants and power plants for the purpose of supplying light heat and power to said joint building The same to be supplied at such terms and conditions as may be in the judgment of the county commissioners and the corporate authorities just and reasonable

The administration maintenance control and operation of such joint building shall be and is hereby vested in the county commissioners and the proper executive officers of such city and they shall exercise the powers and rights in relation thereto in such manner as the county commissioners and the proper executive officers of such city may from time to time agree upon

Section 2 The second section of said act which reads as follows

Section 2 It shall be lawful and the county commissioners and the corporate authorities of such city are hereby authorized and empowered to choose for the site of such joint county and municipal building land owned and held by the county or land owned and held by the city Whenever the cite chosen as aforesaid consists of land owned and held by the county it shall be lawful for the county commissioners of such county and they are hereby authorized and empowered to convey in fee to such city at private sale and upon a fair valuation so much of said land as may be necessary for the purpose of erecting the portion of the joint building to be used by the city It shall be lawful for the corporate officials of such city and they are hereby authorized and empowered to pay in cash for said land or in their discretion to convey in fee to the county at private sale and at a fair valuation in exchange for the conveyance to the city of the land aforesaid any land owned by the city which in the estimation of the corporate authorities of such city is not needed for municipal purposes The land or any part thereof so conveyed to the county may be held and used by the county for county purposes or if in the estimation of the county commissioners it is not needed for such purposes it may be sold by the county commissioners at either public or private sale

Whenever the site chosen as aforesaid consists of land owned and held by the city it shall be lawful for the corporate authorities of such city and they are hereby authorized and empowered to convey in fee to such county at private sale and upon a fair valuation so much of said land as may be necessary for the purpose of erecting thereon the portion of the joint building to be used by the county It shall also be lawful for the county commissioners of such county and they are hereby authorized and empowered to pay in cash for said land or in their discretion to convey in fee to the city at private sale and upon a fair valuation in exchange for the conveyance to the county of the land aforesaid any land owned by the county which in the estimation of the county commissioners is not needed for county purposes The land or any part thereof so conveyed to the city may be held and used by the city for municipal purposes or if in the estimation of the corporate authorities of such city it is not needed for such purposes it may be sold by the corporate authorities of such city at either public or private sale

Section 3 The third section of said act which reads as follows

Section 3 Any sale or conveyance of land made pursuant to the provisions of this act shall be subject to the approval of the court of common pleas of the proper county of the price agreed to be paid therefor and the terms and conditions thereof The county commissioners shall also submit to the court aforesaid for its approval the plans adopted for the part of such building selected by the county and when such approval is obtained the county commissioners shall have full authority to erect the part so selected in conjunction with the part so selected by the city on the site chosen and in the manner aforesaid The county commissioners and the corporate authorities for the construction of such building are authorized and empowered to enter into a joint contract for the payment of the whole or a several contract for the payment by each of their proportionate share of the cost of such building and they are further authorized and empowered to make such other agreements and to do such other acts as may be necessary to fully exercise the powers herein conferred" is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 3 Any sale on conveyance of land made pursuant to the provisions of this act shall be subject to the approval of the majority of the judges of the court of common pleas of the proper county of the price agreed to be paid therefor and the terms and conditions thereof The county commissioners shall also submit to the judges aforesaid for their approval the plans adopted for the part of the building to be owned by the county and also the portion of the building if any to be used by the county in the part to be owned by such city and when such approval is obtained the county commissioiners shall have full authority to erect the part to be owned by the county in conjunction with the erection by the city of the part to be owned by the city on the site chosen and in the manner aforesaid The county commissioners and the corporate authorities for the construction of such building are authorized and empowered to enter into a joint contract for the payment of the whole or a several contract for the payment by each of their proportionate share of the cost of such building and they are further authorized and empowered to make such other agreements and to do such other acts as may be necessary to fully exercise the powers herein conferred

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,
Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—42.

Beidleman,	Graff,	Magee, C. J.,	Snyder, C. A.,
Buckman,	Gyger,	Martin,	Snyder, P. W.,
Burke,	Hackett,	McKee, W. S.,	Sones,
Catlin,	Herbst,	Miller,	Sproul,
Clark,	Hilton,	Patton,	Stewart,
Croft,	Hindman,	Phipps,	Thompson,
Daix,	Hoke,	Salus,	Tompkins,
DeWitt,	Homsher,	Schantz,	Wasbers,
Endsley,	Jenkins,	Semmens,	Kline,
Farley,	Kurtz,	Sensenich,	Pres. pro tem.
Gerberich,	Lynch,	Smith, W. W.,	

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 181, as follows:

An Act authorizing and empowering municipalities to construct and for this purpose to procure locations therefor by purchase or condemnation proceedings in fee simple as herein provided or to acquire by lease or purchase and to maintain and operate underground street passenger railways or subways whether the same be wholly within or partly within and partly without the limits of the municipality and also street passenger railways or elevated railways connecting therewith or exchanging passengers with said underground street railway and to lease the underground street railway and any surface or elevated street railway connecting therewith to corporations or individuals with the right in the municipalities to charge an additional sum for each passenger using the subway to meet the interest and sinking fund charges on the cost of the subway and conferring upon said municipalities all the rights and powers conferred upon corporations under the act of June seventh one thousand nine hundred and one entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and government of passenger railways either elevated or underground or partly elevated and partly underground with surface rights (Pamphlet Laws five hundred and twenty-three) and supplements and amendments thereto"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That municipalities are hereby authorized and empowered to construct or to acquire by lease or purchase underground street passenger railways or subways whether the same be wholly within or partly within and partly without the limits of the municipality and also street passenger railways or elevated railways connecting therewith or exchanging passengers with said underground street railway and to maintain and operate the same

Section 2 Said municipalities shall have the right to enact ordinances providing for the laying out of routes or locations for said underground street passenger railways or subways and connecting street passenger railways or elevated railways

Section 3 In case the municipalities desire to obtain any lands or properties necessary for the construction or operation of said railways and are unable to agree with the owner or owners upon the price to be paid therefor the court of common pleas of the county wherein said underground street passenger railway is located or any law judge in vacation on application therefor by petition of said municipalities shall appoint three discreet and disinterested persons as viewers and appoint a time not less than ten or more than twenty days thereafter when said viewers shall meet and inspect the property appropriated or intended to be appropriated by said municipality

Section 4 Said viewers having been duly sworn or affirmed justly and impartially to decide and a true report to make concerning all matters to be submitted to them and in relation to which they are authorized to inquire in pursuance of the provisions of this act and having viewed the premises shall hear all parties interested and their witnesses and shall estimate and determine the damages for the property taken and to whom the same is payable and prepare a schedule thereof and give notice to all parties interested of the time (not less than ten days thereafter) and of the place where they shall meet and exhibit the schedule and hear all objections thereto and evidence Notice of the time and place of said meeting shall be given by personal service upon all parties in interest or their attorneys of record After making whatever changes are deemed necessary said viewers shall make report to the court showing the damages allowed and to whom the same are payable and file therewith a plan showing said premises

Section 5 If the compensation to be paid for any lands or property which the municipality desires to obtain for said purposes cannot be agreed upon between the owners thereof and such municipality and if the municipality desires to take possession of such property it shall be lawful for it at any time after the appointment of said viewers to tender its bond with surety as security to the owner or owners of such lands or property the condition of which shall be that the said municipality shall pay or cause to be paid such amount of damages as the owner or owners thereof shall be entitled to receive after the same shall have been agreed upon by the parties or awarded in the manner provided by this act In case the owner or owners of such property refuse to or do not accept said bond the said municipality shall give the owner or owners thereof written notice of the time when the same shall be presented for approval and said bond shall be presented to the court in which the said petition for the appointment of viewers has been filed and when approved said bond shall be filed in the said court for the benefit of said owner or owners and upon the approval of said bonds said municipality may enter upon appropriate take hold use and control such lands or property and shall hold the same in fee simple

Section 6 Upon the report of said viewers or any two of them being filed in said court either party may within thirty days thereafter file exceptions to the same and the court shall have power to confirm said report or to modify change or otherwise correct the same or refer the same back to the same or new viewers with like power as to their report or within thirty days from the filing of any report in court or the final confirmation thereof either party may appeal and demand a trial by jury and either party may within thirty days after final decree have an appeal to the Superior or Supreme Court according to law upon final confirmation in any of the cases provided in this section the award shall be a good and valid judgment against the said municipality The court of common pleas shall have power to order what notices shall be given in connection with any part of said proceedings and may make all such orders as it may deem requisite any damages that may accrue to any property by reason of the aforesaid improvements or any of them shall be ascertained and determined in the same manner as herein provided where land or property is taken or in the same manner as is now or may hereafter be provided by law for ascertaining and determining the damages for the taking injury or destruction of property

Section 7 Said municipalities shall also have the power to lease to corporations or individuals the railways owned leased or otherwise acquired or controlled by the municipality upon such terms and conditions as may be agreed upon

Section 8 The municipality shall also have the right in addition to any charges made by an operating or leasing company to charge an additional sum not exceeding two (2) cents per passenger for the use of the said underground railway or subway to meet the interest and sinking fund charges on the cost thereof

Section 9 In addition to the powers herein enumerated said municipality owning or controlling said underground street railway together with any surface or elevated street railway connected therewith shall have the rights and powers of underground or elevated passenger railway companies under an act approved June seventh one thousand nine hundred and one (Pamphlet Laws five hundred and twenty-three) entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and government of passenger railways either elevated or underground or partly elevated and partly underground with surface rights

Section 10 Any acts or parts of acts conflicting herewith be and the same hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the third time and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—33.

Beidleman,	Graff,	Martin,	Sensenich,
Buckman,	Gyger,	McKee, W. S.,	Sones.
Burke,	Hackett,	Miller,	Stewart,
Clark.	Herbst,	Patton,	Thompson.
Daix,	Hindman,	Phipps,	Tompkins,
DeWitt,	Hoke,	Salus,	Wasbers,
Endsley,	Homsher,	Schantz,	Kline,
Farley,	Lynch,	Semmens,	Pres. pro tem.
Gerberich,	Magee. C. J.,		

NAYS—1.

Jenkins,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 262 (House No. 66) entitled:

An Act making a deficiency appropriation to the trustees of Temple University

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—43.

Beidleman,	Graff,	Martin,	Snyder, C. A.,
Buckman,	Gyger,	McKee, W. S.,	Snyder, P. W.,
Burke,	Hackett,	Miller,	Sones,
Catlin,	Herbst,	Patton,	Sproul,
Clark,	Hindman,	Phipps,	Stewart,
Croft,	Hoke,	Salus,	Thompson,
Daix,	Homsher,	Schantz,	Tompkins,
DeWitt,	Jenkins,	Semmens,	Warner,
Endsley,	Kurtz,	Sensenich,	Wasbers.
Farley,	Lynch,	Smith, R. E.,	Kline,
Gerberich,	Magee, C. J.,	Smith, W. W.,	Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 5, as follows:

An Act fixing a uniform time for the withdrawal of candidates at all elections

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the withdrawal of a candidate at any general municipal or special election shall not be valid unless it be filed with proper officer at least thirty days prior to the date of the election

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 26, entitled:

An Act relating to roads in townships and prescribing the duties of commissioners and supervisors

The first section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and house of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That whenever in any township any tract or piece of land has been or shall be laid off in lots and lots have been or shall be sold therefrom and the plan of such lots recorded in the office for the recording of deeds in the proper county any street on such plan shall be a public road and whenever two or more buildings shall bona fide be erected in any block in any such street it shall be the duty of the proper commissioners or supervisors as the case may be to repair and keep continually in good repair the portion of such street and portion of street or road leading thereto

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. SEMMENS. Mr. President, I move to amend section 1 in line 8 by striking out the word "two" after the word "whenever" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "one hundred."

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The second section of the bill was read as follows and agreed to.

Section 2 All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with this act are repealed

The title of the bill was read as follows and agreed to.

An Act relating to roads in townships and prescribing the duties of commissioners and supervisors

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 86, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to refund to Lynford Biddle of Philadelphia certain moneys erroneously paid into the state treasury

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of ten dollars is hereby specifically appropriated for the purpose of refunding to Lynford Biddle of Philadelphia the amount erroneously by him paid into the state treasury in payment of an automobile registration fee for an automobile for which he had already paid the registration fee Said amount shall be paid on warrant of the Auditor General on due proof that said amount was erroneously and actually as aforesaid paid into the State treasury

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 88, as follows:

An Act relating to the competency of witnesses and to the rules of evidence in proceedings arising from the exercise of the right to eminent domain

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That in all proceedings arising from the exercise of the right of eminent domain it shall be competent for all witnesses called when duly qualified to state their opinion as to the market value of the property before the exercise of the right of eminent domain and as unaffected by it and its market value immediately after the exercise of the right of eminent domain and as affected thereby

(a) To state in detail and costs all the elements of benefit or damage which they have taken into consideration in arriving at their opinion

(b) In arriving at their opinion as to the market value immediately after the exercise of the right of eminent domain to add to their opinion of the market value before such exercise the cost or value of all the elements of benefit or advantage and to deduct therefrom all disadvantage or damage in order to arrive at the market value after such exercise of the right of eminent domain and as affected thereby

(c) In all proceedings to assess damages or benefits for the opening of any street alley or other highway to take into consideration as one of the elements of advantage or disadvantage the cost of street improvements

Section 2 In all claims for damages against a county city borough or township arising from the exercise of the right of eminent domain it shall be competent for the party or parties claiming damages to offer in evidence as a declaration against interest the value of the property affected as assessed for the purpose of taxation

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 116, as follows:

An Act to exempt from the payment of inheritance taxes bequests and devises to institutions of purely public charity

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That hereafter all bequests and devises to institutions of purely public charity shall be exempt from liability for inheritance taxes provided that this shall not apply to institutions incorporated under the laws of any other state or country

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. SALUS. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 149, on second reading, entitled:

An Act regulating the display or exhibit for sale of food and imposing penalties

be recommitted to the Committee on Judiciary Special for the purpose of a hearing.

Mr. HERBST. Mr. President, I second the motion?

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 159, (House Bill No. 43), entitled:

An Act authorizing Peter C. Kuhn of Scranton Lackawanna County to sue the Commonwealth

The first section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That Peter C. Kuhn of Scranton Lackawanna county is authorized to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania for any sum or sums of money that may be legally or justly due him from the Commonwealth on account of injuries received while in the service of the Commonwealth

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. LYNCH. Mr. President, I move to amend section 1 by adding the following paragraph:

"This suit shall be subject to the same rules of pleadings and evidence as in other cases between individuals. The right to bring suit hereby given shall not preclude the Commonwealth from raising any defense available to it in the suit hereby authorized."

Mr. PATTON. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The title of the bill was read as follows and agreed to.

An Act authorizing Peter C. Kuhn of Scranton Lackawanna County to sue the Commonwealth

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 184 (House Bill No. 20) entitled:

An Act authorizing cities of the third class wherein the title to the water-works therein located is in the city to extend their pipes and improvements beyond the city limits and supply water to persons corporations and municipalities within the county and regulating the supply of water

The first section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That all cities of the third class wherein the title to the water-works therein located is in the name of the city shall have the right and are hereby authorized and empowered to extend the water pipes and improvements of any such water-works beyond the bounds of the cities wherein they are located into the county and municipalities of the county in the vicinity of such cities and to furnish water to any and all corporations persons and municipalities in the counties in which said cities are located under and in pursuance of the laws rules and regulations now existing or to be hereafter enacted governing cities of the third class

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. President, I move to amend section 1, in line 10, by inserting after the word "corporations" the word "institutions."

Mr. DAIX. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The second section of the bill was read as follows and agreed to:

Section 2 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith be and the same are hereby repealed

The title of the bill was read as follows and agreed to:

An Act authorizing cities of the third class wherein the title to the water-works therein located is in the city to extend their pipes and improvements beyond the city limits and supply water to persons, corporations and municipalities within the county and regulating the supply of water

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 203, entitled:

An Act prohibiting executor executors trustee or trustees or any other holding property in trust for charitable use objects and purposes or the like who have discretion to select the beneficiary or beneficiaries of the trust from selecting a beneficiary or beneficiaries outside of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania when the will or other instrument creating the trust does not designate where the beneficiary shall be located and the donor was a resident of Pennsylvania at the time of creating the trust and making such person or persons personally liable to the Commonwealth for sums hereinafter paid out in violation of this act and providing a method for collection of the same by the Commonwealth

The first section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That in all cases where any person or persons being a resident or residents of the State of Pennsylvania has given or shall hereafter give by will deed or otherwise any property real personal or mixed to any executor executors trustee trustees or to any other person partnership or corporation by any name or description in trust that the same may be used and applied distributed disbursed or dispensed by him her it or them for charitable uses objects and purposes or for charitable uses objects or purposes and has given to such executor executors trustee trustees and has given to such executor executors trustee trustees person partnership or corporation discretion to select the beneficiary or beneficiaries of said trust fund and the will writing or instrument creating the trust does not designate where such beneficiary or beneficiaries shall be located it shall be unlawful for such executor executors trustee trustees person partnership or corporation to use and apply distribute disburse or dispense the said trust fund or any part thereof to or for any beneficiary or beneficiaries except such as are bona fide residents of the State of Pennsylvania and any executor executors trustee trustees person partnership or corporation who shall violate the provisions of this act shall be personally liable to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania for so much of such fund as hereafter he she it or they shall use and apply disburse dispense or distribute otherwise than as provided in this act the same to be collected by the Commonwealth at the suit of the Attorney General

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. THOMPSON. Mr. President, I move to amend section 1, in line 11, by striking out after the word "purposes" the words "or for;" also in line 12 by striking out the words "charitable uses objects or purposes."

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendments.

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The second section of the bill was read as follows and agreed to:

Section 2 All laws or parts of laws inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

The title of the bill was read as follows:

An Act prohibiting executor executors trustee of trustee or any other holding property in trust for charitable use objects and purposes or the like who have discretion to select the beneficiary or beneficiaries of the trust from selecting a beneficiary or beneficaries outside of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania when the will or other instrument creating the trust does not designate where the beneficaries

shall be located and the donor was a resident of Pennsylvania at the time of creating the trust and making such person or persons personally liable to the Commonwealth for sums hereafter paid out in violation of this act and providing a method for collection of the same by the Commonwealth

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the title?

Mr. THOMPSON. Mr. President, I move to amend the title in line 1 by striking out the word "trustee" where it occurs the second time, and inserting in lieu thereof the word "trustees"; also in line 1 by striking out the word "other" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "others."

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment.

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the title as amended?

It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 212, entitled:

An Act to amend sections four and eight of an act approved the twenty-fifth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen Pamphlet Laws one thousand two hundred sixty-seven entitled "An Act providing for the printing binding and distribution of two publications heretofore published by the State namely 'Pennsylvania at Gettysburg' and 'report of the commission to locate the sites of the frontier forts of Pennsylvania' also providing for additions to said reports and for the editing proof-reading and indexing thereof and making appropriations for said work"

The first section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section four of an act approved the twenty-fifth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen Pamphlet Laws one thousand two hundred sixty-seven entitled "An Act providing for the printing binding and distribution of two publications heretofore published by the State namely 'Pennsylvania at Gettysburg' and 'report of the commission to locate the sites of the frontier forts of Pennsylvania' also providing for additions to said reports and for the editing proof-reading and indexing thereof and making appropriations for said work" which reads as follows

"Section 4 The distribution of the aforesaid edition shall be as follows Five hundred copies for the use of the Governor five hundred copies for the use of the State Librarian five hundred copies for the use of the fiftieth anniversary commission one thousand copies for the use of the Senate and three thousand copies for the use of the House of Representatives to be delivered to the members and officers of the present Legislature" be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows

Section 4 The distribution of the aforesaid edition shall be as follows Five hundred copies for the use of the Governor five hundred copies for the use of the fiftieth anniversary commission one thousand copies for the use of the Senate and three thousand copies for the use of the House of Representatives to be delivered to the members and officers of the present Legislature four hundred copies for the use of the Senate and twenty-two hundred copies for the use of the House of Representatives to be delivered to the members and officers of the Legislature of one thousand nine hundred thirteen who were not members or officers of the Legislature of one thousand nine hundred thirteen

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. SCHANTZ. Mr. President, I move to amend Section 1 by striking out lines 21 to 32 inclusive, and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "Section 4. The distribution of the aforesaid edition shall be as follows: Five hundred copies for the use of the Governor; five hundred copies for the use of the State Librarian; five hundred copies for the use of the fiftieth anniversary commission; one thousand copies for the use of the Senate, and three thousand copies for the use of the House of Representatives to be delivered to the members and officers of the Legislature of one thousand nine hundred and thirteen; four hundred copies for the use of the Senate and twenty-two hundred copies for the use of the House of Representatives to be delivered to the members and officers of the present Legislature who were not members or officers of the Legislature of one thousand nine hundred thirteen."

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The second section of the bill was read as follows and agreed to:

Section 2 That section eight of said act which reads as follows

"Section 8 The distribution of the frontier forts publication shall be as follows One thousand copies for the use of the Senate and three thousand copies for the use of the House of Representatives to be delivered to the members and officers of the present Legislature five hundred copies for the use of the Executive Department and five hundred copies for the use of the State Librarian" be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows

Section 8 The distribution of the frontier forts publication shall be as follows One thousand copies for the use of the Senate and three thousand copies for the use of the House of Representatives to be delivered to the members and officers of the Legislature of one thousand nine hundred thirteen five hundred copies for the use of the Executive Department and five hundred copies for the use of the State Librarian four hundred copies for the use of the Senate and twenty-two hundred copies for the use of the House of Representatives to be delivered to the members and officers of the present Legislature who were not members or officers of the Legislature of one thousand nine hundred thirteen

The title of the bill was read as follows and agreed to.

An Act to amend sections four and eight of an act approved the twenty-fifth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen Pamphlet Laws one thousand two hundred sixty-seven entitled "An Act providing for the printing binding and distribution of two publications heretofore published by the State namely 'Pennsylvania at Gettysburg' and 'report of the commission to locate the sites of the frontier forts of Pennsylvania' also providing for additions to said reports and for the editing proof-reading and indexing thereof and making appropriations for said work"

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate bill No. 215 as follows:

An Act vesting in county commissioners certain powers relative to public monuments

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the county commissioners are hereby given the power to preserve maintain and repair any public monument in the county other than in cemeteries including the enclosed public ground surrounding the monument and to appropriate moneys for such purpose

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate bill No. 217 entitled,

A supplement to an act approved the fourteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred fifty-one entitled "An Act relating to the commencement of actions to judgments and decrees for the payment of money to the widows and children of decedents to partitions in the common pleas relative to penalties on telegraph operators to pleadings in certain actions of debt to actions of ejectments to the protection of fences to partnerships to limitations of writs of entry in manors lands and tenements to the exemption laws to reports of the Supreme Court to appeals relating to wards boroughs and township officers to the acknowledgements of deeds and sequestration of life estates" providing a method of allowing a widow's exemption where the property consists of real estate not readily divided

The first and second sections of the bill were read as follows and agreed to.

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in Gen-

eral Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That whenever any widow of any decedent shall claim the benefit of the act to which this is a supplement out of the real estate left by the decedent and the real estate appraised shall consist of a messuage or tenement lot of ground or other real estate which cannot be divided without prejudice or spoiling the whole and the appraisers may have appraised or shall appraise and value the same at three hundred dollars or more over and above the liens that are against it the orphans' court to whom the application shall be made may confirm the appraisement and set apart for the use of the widow such messuage or tenement lot of ground or other real estate subject to whatever liens against the same conditioned however that the widow shall pay the amount of the valuation or appraisement over and above the liens that may be against the real estate in excess of the three hundred dollars within one year from the date of the confirmation of the valuation

Section 2 If the widow refuses to take the real estate at the appraisement the court on application of any person interested shall grant an order to sell the same

The third section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 3 The real estate subject to any liens against it if taken by the widow as herein provided shall vest in her and her heirs or assigns absolutely upon her paying the surplus over and above the sum of three hundred dollars to the parties legally entitled thereto

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. CHARLES A. SNYDER. Mr. President, I move to amend section 3 in line 3 by striking out the words "and her."

Mr. GERBERICH. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The fourth section of the bill was read as follows and agreed to.

Section 4 If the real estate should not be taken at the appraisement but should be sold as herein provided then the sum of three hundred dollars of the purchase money shall be paid to the widow and the balance after the payment of costs and expenses distributed to the heirs or other persons legally entitled thereto

The fifth section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 5 All former appraisement heretofore made as authorized hereby are validated and made good and effectual

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. CHARLES A. SNYDER. Mr. President, I move to amend section 5 in line 1 by striking out the word "appraisement" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "appraisements."

Mr. GERBERICH. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The sixth section of the bill was read as follows and agreed to.

Section 6 The act entitled "An Act supplementary to the act to set apart for the use of the widow or children of a decedent three hundred dollars of the estate of said decedent approved April fourteenth one thousand eight hundred and fifty-one" approved the twenty-seventh day of November one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five is repealed

All other acts or parts of acts inconsistent with this act are repealed

The title of the bill was read as follows and agreed to.

A supplement to an act approved the fourteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred and fifty-one entitled "An Act relating to the commencement of actions to judgments and decrees for the payment of money to the widows and children of decedents to partitions in the common pleas relative to penalties on telegraph operators to pleadings in certain actions of debt to actions of ejectments to the protection of fences to partnerships to limitations of writs of entry in manors lands and tenements to the exemption laws to reports of the Supreme Court to appeals relating to wards boroughs and township officers to the acknowledgments of deeds and sequestration of life estates" providing a method of allowing a widow's exemption where the property consists of real estate not readily divided

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered to be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 219, entitled:

An Act authorizing the appointment by the Director of the Legislative Reference Bureau of a custodian and assistant custodian of the law library and a night watchman in the bureau and fixing their salaries

The first section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the Director of the Legislative Reference Bureau is authorized to appoint a custodian of the law library and government publications who shall be learned in the law and who shall receive an annual salary of two thousand five hundred dollars and one assistant custodian who shall be a skilled stenographer and typewriter who shall receive an annual salary of one thousand two hundred dollars and one night watchman in the bureau who shall receive an annual salary of nine hundred dollars

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. CHARLES A. SNYDER. Mr. President, I move to amend section 1 in line 9 by striking out the letter "a" after the word "receive" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "an."

Mr. GERBERICH. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The title of the bill was read as follows and agreed to:

An Act authorizing the appointment by the Director of the Legislative Reference Bureau of a custodian and assistant custodian of the law library and a night watchman in the bureau and fixing their salaries

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 219, the bill just read, be recommitted to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. CHARLES A. SNYDER. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 247, as follows:

A joint resolution authorizing the printing and binding of the report of the Commission to consider the Revision and Amendment of the Penal Laws of Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the Superintendent of Public Printing and Binding is directed to cause to be printed and bound in pamphlet form five thousand copies of the report of the Commission to consider the Revision and Amendment of the Penal Laws of Pennsylvania which was authorized by an act approved the twenty-fifth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen

Section 2 The copies when printed and bound shall be delivered to the Division of Distribution of Documents and shall be distributed as follows The Governor may requisition five hundred copies each Senator and Representative ten copies the State Librarian five hundred copies the Legislative Reference Bureau two hundred copies and the Commission the remaining number

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 247, the bill just read, be recommitted to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. GERBERICH. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 263 (House Bill No. 76), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to refund to the Crawford County Trust Company a corporation of Meadville Crawford County Pennsylvania money erroneously paid into the State treasury

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 7, entitled:

An Act amending sections one three four seven ten and eleven and repealing section eight of an act entitled "An Act relating to the collection of city school and poor taxes in the several cities of the third class in this Commonwealth and providing that the City Treasurer of each of said cities by virtue of his office shall be collector of the said several taxes prescribing his duties and fixing his compensation" approved the twentieth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 61, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the payment of deficiencies which have arisen in the payment of expenses for the erection furnishing and equipment of six cottages bakery and additions to the laundry at the State Institution for Feeble-Minded of Western Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 178, entitled:

An Act making the stenographer of the Department of Internal Affairs the stenographer and vacant land clerk fixing the salary of same and fixing the salary of the stenographer of the Bureau of Railways in the Department of Internal Affairs

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 183, entitled:

An Act regulating the sale and exposing for sale of dressed lambs sheep and calves

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 198, entitled:

An Act regulating the sale barter exchange distribution dealing in giving away and dispensing or disposing of chloral opium cocaine or any of their salts or derivatives or any compound or preparation of any of them and giving certain powers to the State Department of Health relative thereto providing penalties for any violation thereof and making an appropriation therefor

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. GERBERICH. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 198, the bill just read, be recommitted to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation for the purpose of a hearing.

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 237, entitled:

An Act relating to the admission of attorneys at law to the Supreme and Superior Courts

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 270 (House Bill No. 255), entitled:

An Act to amend section four of an act approved the eleventh day of May one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine entitled "A further supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to establish a board of wardens for the port of Philadelphia and for the regulation of pilots and pilotage and for other purposes' approved March twenty-ninth one thousand eight hundred and three and for regulating the rates of pilotage and number of pilots"

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 289, entitled:

An Act amending section nine of an act, as amended by the act of the seventeenth of April one thousand nine hundred and five pamphlet laws one hundred and eighty-five approved the fifth day of May one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine entitled "An Act supplementing and amending an act entitled 'An Act to establish an intermediate court of appeal regulating its constitution officers jurisdiction powers practice and its relation to the Supreme Court and other courts providing for the reports of its decisions the compensation of the judges and other officers and the practice and costs on appeals from its judgments' approved June twenty-fourth" Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five" and increasing the amount to which the judges of the Superior Court shall be entitled to be reimbursed for the sums expended by them in each year for the help of stenographers typewriters or clerks and regulating the time and manner of such reimbursement

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 291, entitled:

An Act to protect the public health and welfare by regulating the employment of females in hotels boarding houses and restaurants with respect to their hours of labor and conditions of their employment by establishing certain regulations in which they work by requiring certain notices to be posted by providing for the enforcement of this act by the Commissioner of Labor and Industry and others and prescribing penalties for violation thereof and by repealing all acts and parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions thereof

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 334 (House Bill No. 256), entitled:

An Act to further amend an act approved the thirtieth day of March one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine entitled "An Act to amend the first section of an act approved the eleventh day of May one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine entitled 'A further supplement to an act entitled "An Act to establish a board of wardens for the Port of Philadelphia and for the regulation of pilots and pilotage and for other purposes" approved March twenty-ninth one thousand eight hundred and three and for regulating the rates of pilotage and number of pilots"

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

COMMUNICATIONS FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Private Secretary to the Governor being introduced, presented communications in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which were read as follows:

NOTARIES PUBLIC.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, March 2, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons to be Notaries Public for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, for the term of four years, to compute from the dates set opposite their names, respectively:

ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

E. L. Grimes, Pittsburg, March 5, 1915

BUTLER COUNTY.

Harry L. Graham, Butler, March 14, 1915

MONTGOMERY COUNTY.

Miss Lizzie Weiss, Norristown, March 22, 1915

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY.

George H. Smyth, Philadelphia, March 15, 1915
Frederick C. Eberhardt, Philadelphia, March 27, 1915

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, March 2, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons to be Notaries Public for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, for the term of four years, to compute from the date of their confirmation:

ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

Miss Alice Kerr, Tarentum.
Chas. A. Waldschmidt, Pittsburgh.
O. E. Brunner, Pittsburgh.
Charles H. Smith, Knoxville.
Thomas Mathew Brassell, Pittsburgh.

BERKS COUNTY.

L. Warren Leiss, Reading.

BUCKS COUNTY.

Miss Mabel M. Heitz, Quakertown.

BUTLER COUNTY.

Zenas McMichael, Zelienople.

FAYETTE COUNTY.

Paul B. Dick, Connellsville.
John Farrell, Uniontown.

GREENE COUNTY.

Walter C. Montgomery, Waynesburg.
M. L. Rich, Cumberland Township.

LACKAWANNA COUNTY.

H. S. Alworth, Scranton.

LANCASTER COUNTY.

John E. Homsher, Strasburg.
Richard C. Humphreville, Lancaster.

LUZERNE COUNTY.

Frank Cacco, Hazleton.

MONROE COUNTY.

Roy M. Houser, Stroudsburg.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY.

William Lindner, Philadelphia.
Edward M. Moll, Philadelphia.

WARREN COUNTY.

C. W. Elder, Sheffield Township.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

EXECUTIVE SESSION.

By unanimous consent,

A motion was made by Mr. SPROUL.

That Rule 38 which requires nominations made by the Governor to be referred to proper committees be dispensed with, and the Senate do now resolve itself into executive session, for the purpose of acting on the foregoing nominations,

Which was agreed to,

Whereupon,

A motion was made by Mr. SPROUL.

That the Senate do advise and consent to said nominations.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—43.

Beidleman,	Graff,	Magee, C. J.,	Smith, W. W.,
Buckman,	Gyger,	Martin,	Snyder, C. A.,
Burke,	Hackett,	McKee, W. S.,	Snyder, P. W.,
Catlin,	Herbst,	Miller,	Sones,
Clark,	Hilton,	Patton,	Sproul,
Croft,	Hindman,	Phipps,	Stewart,
Daix,	Hoke,	Salus,	Thompson,
DeWitt,	Homsher,	Schantz,	Tompkins,
Endsley,	Jenkins,	Semmens,	Washers,
Farley,	Kurtz,	Sensenich,	Kline,
Gerberich,	Lynch,	Smith, R. E.,	Pres. pro tem.

NAYS.—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Governor be informed accordingly.

HOUSE MESSAGE.

TIME OF NEXT MEETING.

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced informed the Senate that the House of Representatives has concurred in resolution from the Senate as follows:

In the Senate, March 2, 1915.

Resolved (If the House of Representatives concur), That when the Senate adjourns this week it shall be to reconvene on Monday evening, March eighth, at nine-thirty o'clock, and that when the House of Representatives adjourns this week it shall be to reconvene on Monday evening, March eighth, at nine o'clock.

RECESS.

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now take a recess for ten minutes.

Mr. SALUS. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

AFTER RECESS.

The PRESIDENT. The time of recess having elapsed, the Senate will be in order.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. KURTZ. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from Committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. KURTZ, from the Committee on Corporations, reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 249, entitled:

An Act to amend an act, entitled "An Act to amend an act, entitled 'An Act to amend an act, entitled "An Act to amend an act, entitled 'An Act to amend an act, entitled "An Act authorizing companies incorporated under the laws of any other State of the United States for the manufacture of any form of iron, steel or glass, to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments, and to take, have and hold real estate necessary and proper for manufacturing purposes," approved the 9th day of June, A. D. 1881, extending the same to companies formed for the purpose of quarrying slate, granite, stone or rocks, or for dressing, polishing, working or manufacturing the same, or any of them, and to mineral springs companies incorporated for the purpose of bottling and selling natural mineral springwater, approved the 16th day of June, A. D. 1893,' approved the 19th day of April, A. D. 1901, extending the same to companies formed for the purposes of manufacturing and selling chemicals, food stuffs, cement, and cement products, and the quarrying of cement rock," approved May 28, 1907; extending the same to companies incorporated for the manufacture, buying, selling, leasing, using and operation of electrical apparatus and machinery, and articles of every kind appertaining to or in any wise connected with the production, use, regulation, control, distribution or application of electricity or electrical energy or products for any use or purpose; constructing, acquring, using, selling, buying or leasing any works construction or plant, or part thereof, connected with or involving such use, distribution, regulation, control or ap-

plication of electricity, or the control or use of electrical apparatus for any purpose; and of producing, furnishing and supplying electricity or electrical apparatus in any form and for any purpose, and to carry on a general manufacturing business,'" approved the 23d day of June, 1911, by extending the same to companies incorporated for the purpose of refining, manufacturing or sale of petroleum and petroleum products.

HOUSE BILLS FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced, presented for concurrence bills of the House of Representatives as follows:

House Bill No. 176 (Senate Bill No. 351), entitled:

An Act requiring county commissioners in certain counties to provide quarters in the county buildings for the official county association of physicians and surgeons

Which was committed to the Committee on New Counties and County Seat.

House Bill No. 179 (Senate Bill No. 352), entitled:

An Act confirmatory of the conveyances of real estate

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

House Bill No. 271 (Senate Bill No. 353), entitled:

An Act transferring from certain funds to another fund certain moneys appropriated to the Quarantine Physician Philadelphia

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 87 (Senate Bill No. 354), entitled:

A Supplement to an act approved the twenty-fourth day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act to provide for the personal registration of electors and their enrollment as members of political parties in cities of the first and second classes of this Commonwealth to make such registration a condition of the right to vote in such cities and their said enrollment as members of a political party a condition of the right to vote at primaries in said cities and providing for the payment of witness fees for persons summoned before the commissioners to provide penalties for violations of its provisions and to repeal acts inconsistent herewith"

Which was committed to the Committee on Elections.

House Bill No. 139 (Senate Bill No. 355), entitled:

An Act to provide for the filling of vacancies in councils of cities of the first class

Which was committed to the Committee on Municipal Affairs.

House Bill No. 169 (Senate Bill No. 356), entitled:

A Joint Resolution providing for a commission to investigate the advisability of the purchase by the Commonwealth of certain property in Philadelphia opposite Independence Hall as a public park

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

House Bill No. 178 (Senate Bill No. 357), entitled:

An Act to amend section one of an act approved the twenty-third day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-seven entitled "An Act to authorize executors and trustees non-residents of the Commonwealth to convey real estate

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

House Bill No. 366 (Senate Bill No. 358), entitled:

An Act relative to judgments and prescribing the duties of prothonotaries in connection therewith

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

House Bill No. 243 (Senate Bill No. 359), entitled:

An Act to repeal an act entitled "An Act to authorize and require road supervisors to erect and maintain suitable foot bridges for the accommodation of pedestrians across streams where public roads cross such streams" approved the twenty-third day of April one thousand nine hundred and nine

Which was committed to the Committee on Public Roads and Highways.

House Bill No. 304 (Senate Bill No. 360), entitled:

An Act to provide for an additional law judge of the several courts of forty-fifth judicial district

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

House Bill No. 367 (Senate Bill No. 361), entitled:

An Act amending the first section of an act entitled "An Act authorizing policemen to hold and exercise the office of constables" approved the twenty-fifth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five so as to extend the provisions of the same to townships of the first class

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

House Bill No. 364 (Senate Bill No. 362), entitled:

An Act to assent to the provisions of an act of Congress approved the May eighth one thousand nine hundred and fourteen entitled "An Act to provide for co-operative agricultural extension work between the agricultural colleges in the several states receiving the benefits of an act of Congress approved July second eighteen hundred and sixty-two and of acts supplementary thereto and the United States Department of Agriculture"

Which was committed to the Committee on Agriculture.

RECESS.

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now take a recess for five minutes.

Mr. GRAFF. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

AFTER RECESS.

The PRESIDENT. The time of recess having elapsed, the Senate will be in order.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. DAIX. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from Committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. DAIX, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 186 (House Bill No. 108), entitled:

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to section one, article eight of the Constitution of Pennsylvania

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. GRAFF. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to read a bill in place at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. GRAFF read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 363, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the use of the Topographic and Geologic Survey Commission of Pennsylvania for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of the act of May 13th, A. D. 1909.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from Committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. SPROUL, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 330 (House Bill No. 17), entitled:

An Act to provide for an additional law judge of the several courts of twelfth judicial district.

Mr. CLARK. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from Committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. CLARK, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed Senate bill No. 266 (House Bill No. 213), entitled:

An Act validating certain ordinances of cities and boroughs and the contracts or payments made in pursuance thereof.

ADJOURNMENT.

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now adjourn until Monday evening, March 8, 1915, at 9.30 o'clock.

Mr. WASBERS. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The Senate adjourned at 12.10 o'clock P. M. until Monday evening, March 8, 1915, at 9.30 o'clock.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

TUESDAY, March 2nd, 1915.

The House met at 10 o'clock A. M.

The SPEAKER (Charles A. Ambler) in the Chair.

PRAYER.

The Chaplain, Rev. F. W. Staley, offered the following prayer:

We thank Thee, Oh God, for the recognition of prayer; for its value, for its spirit, for its power, for its achievements for the home, for the State, for Governments and for the world. We thank Thee for the promise "If ye abide in me and my words abide in you, ask what ye will and it shall be given unto you."

We ask this morning that Thou wouldst bless the President of the United States and help him to solve the great problems of neutrality. Bless the Governor of this State, may he be true to his obligation to this State and true to Thee, Oh God. We ask that Thou wouldst bless this General Assembly, the Senate with its officers and members and employes; this House, with its Speaker, with its members and with its employes, and may we together stand solidly upon truth in everything that is noble and good for the welfare of the State and nation. We ask for Christ's sake. Amen.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the Journal of yesterday's proceedings.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of yesterday's proceedings when, on motion of Mr. Cummins, the further reading was dispensed with and the Journal was approved

BILLS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED.

By Mr. JEFFERSON W. SMITH. House Bill No. 587.

An Act to amend an act, approved the second day of May, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine, entitled, "An Act to provide revenue by imposing a mercantile license tax on venders of or dealers in goods, wares and merchandise, and providing for collection of said tax."

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

By Mr. MATHER. House Bill No. 588.

An Act making an appropriation to the Robert Packer Hospital, Sayre.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. NISSLEY. House Bill No. 589.

An Act making an appropriation to the Messiah Rescue and Benevolent Home, of Harrisburg, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. NISSLEY. House Bill No. 590.

An Act to prescribe the conditions and restrictions under which public crypts, vaults or mausoleums for the interment of human bodies may be constructed and maintained, and fixing the penalties for failure to comply therewith.

Referred to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

By Mr. NISSLEY. House Bill No. 591.

An Act entitled An Act to prohibit the sprinkling, or turning on of water on smooth paved streets in cities of the First, second or third class in this Commonwealth between the hours of six o'clock A. M. and seven o'clock P. M. and providing a penalty for the violation of this act.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

By Mr CHAS. A. SHAFFER. House Bill No. 592.

An Act requiring electric railway companies operating suburban railways to provide waiting rooms.

Referred to the Committee on Electric Railways.

By Mr. LANDIS. House Bill No. 593.

An Act relating to the manufacture, sale, offering for sale, giving, leasing, furnishing, disposing, carrying, possessing, using and attempting to use certain dangerous or deadly instruments or weapons prescribing certain duties of district attorneys and county commissioners and fixing penalties for violation of this act.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

By Mr. OSTRANDER. House Bill No. 594.

An Act making an appropriation to further carry into effect the provisions of an act approved the thirteenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred and seven, entitled "An Act to authorize county commissioners for the purpose of encouraging agriculture and the holding of county agricultural exhibitions to pay annually one thousand dollars to the incorporated agricultural association paying premiums on agricultural exhibits holding an annual exhibition in the county; providing for the filing of sworn statement by the claimant or claimants with the county commissioners relative to said exhibition and providing for the repayment to the county by the State of the sum so paid.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. RONEY. House Bill No. 595.

An Act to provide for the immediate printing and distribution of advance sheets of the laws of this Commonwealth as they are enacted from time to time, to persons making application therefor, and to certain officials.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. GARNER. House Bill No. 596.

An Act making all ordinances of boroughs granting to any person, firm, or corporation the right to enter said borough for the purpose of furnishing electricity for heating, lighting or power purposes lawful and valid without the intervention or approval of the Public Service Commission.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. GARNER. House Bill No. 597.

An Act compelling all hospitals receiving state aid to admit, at the request of the patient, one other person desired by the patient, into the operating room during the time said patient is being operated upon.

Referred to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

By Mr. GARNER. House Bill No. 598.

An Act compelling all coal companies, owners and operators who have collected from the people of this Commonwealth any moneys by way of an increase in the price of coal for the purpose of paying the state tax upon such coal, and when such state tax upon coal is thereafter declared unconstitutional by the Supreme Court of this Commonwealth, to refund to said persons the additional moneys so collected, with interest thereon, in the manner set forth in this Act. Providing that any moneys not so refunded within one year from the decision of the Supreme Court, shall, together with interest thereon, be paid into the Treasury of this Commonwealth; providing the method of proving said claims of persons entitled to the same and fixing the disposition of the costs of providing said claims.

Referred to the Committee on Mines and Mining.

By Mr. GOMPERS. House Bil No. 599.

An Act providing that no judgment shall be set aside or reversed or new trial granted, unless the error complained of has injurously affected the substantial rights of the parties.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

By Mr. DAVIS. House Bill No. 600.

An Act relating to the selection of juries in criminal cases including challenges by the Commonwealth and by the defendant.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. POWELL. House Bill No. 601.

An Act relative to borough employes, perscribing a method of paying them and fixing the duties of council.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

By Mr. POWELL. House Bill No. 602.

An Act to amend an act approved the twelfth day of June, one thousand nine hundred and thirteen, entitled "An Act providing for the election of a borough controller in all boroughs of this Commonwealth; prescribing the qualifications, powers and duties thereof; and abolishing the office of borough auditors in said boroughs," by extending the provisions to all boroughs, and regulating the controller.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

By Mr. WILLIAMS. House Bill No. 603.

An Act making an appropriation for the trustees of the State Hospital for Injured Persons of the Bituminous and Semi-Bituminous Coal Regions of Pennsylvania, located at Blossburg, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. SWARTZ. (By request) House Bill No. 604.

An Act to amend an act, entitled "An Act authorizing the employment of stenographers by the district attorneys of certain counties," approved the twenty-seventh day of April, one thousand nine hundred and nine.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

By Mr. WILLIAMS. House Bill No. 605.

An Act declaring the liability of railroad companies for loss or damage by fire providing a remedy therefor and relating to evidence thereof.

Referred to the Committee on Corporations.

By Mr. POWELL. House Bill No. 606.

An Act requiring and regulating the declaring and posting of the vote at election districts at a primary election.

Referred to the Committee on Elections.

By Mr. SWAN. House Bill No. 607.

An Act making an appropriation to the Protestant Home for Boys of Pittsburgh.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. POWELL. House Bill No. 608.

An Act amending section seven of an act, entitled "An Act to amend sections one, two, three and seven of an act approved the third day of May, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine, entitled 'An Act to amend sections one, two, three and seven of an act approved the third day of May, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five, entitled "An Act amending section one, two, three, seven and fifteen, article two, of an act, entitled 'An Act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the anthracite coal mines of Pennsylvania, and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith,' approved June eighth, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one (Pamphlet Laws, one thousand nine hundred and one, page five hundred and thirty-five, et cetera); increasing the number of inspectors and inspection districts, providing for the examination of candidates for Dauphin County, and providing for certain redistricting of inspectors," granting to the qualified electors of Sullivan, Susquehanna and Wayne counties the right to participate in the election of mine inspectors of the second inspection district,' so as to increase the number of inspection districts by making the counties of Susquehanna, Wayne and Sullivan a separate district; providing for the appointment of a board of examiners for said district, and for the examination and election of an inspector therefor, and for the appointment of an inspector therefor until such time as an inspector should be duly elected," approved the fifth day of May, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven; increasing the number of inspectors to be elected in the first and second inspection districts.

Referred to the Committee on Mines and Mining.

By Mr. BODY. House Bill No. 609.

An Act providing for the licensing and bonding of persons, copartnerships, corporations and associations engaged in selling agricultural products on commission, providing for action on such bonds, and fixing penalties for violation of this act.

Referred to the Committee on Agriculture.

By Mr. BODY. House Bill No. 610.

An Act to amend an act, approved the twenty-fourth day of July, one thousand nine hundred thirteen, entitled "An Act defining commodities; regulating the sale thereof; and providing penalties for violation hereof."

Referred to the Committee on Agriculture.

By Mr. CROMER. House Bill No. 611.

An Act to amend an act approved the eighteenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred eleven, entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, together with the provisions by which it shall be administered, and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof; providing revenue to establish and maintain the same, and the method of collecting such revenue; and repealing all laws, general, special or local, or any parts thereof, that are or may be inconsistent therewith."

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Mr. DRINKHOUSE. House Bill No. 612.

An Act making an appropriation to the Nazarene Home for the Aged, at Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. KUNKLE. House Bill No. 613.

An Act requiring the county commissioners to provide a stenographer for the use of county superintendents of schools.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Mr. TRACH. House Bill No. 614.

An Act relating to county interpreters, enlarging their duties, forbidding the employment of others than the interpreter so appointed, in criminal proceedings before justices of the peace and alderman, providing for the payment of their services as part of the costs to the county, and fixing the mileage allowed to the interpreters.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. CHRISTMAN. House Bill No. 615.

An Act to establish a Secondary school of Agriculture at Pennsburg, Pennsylvania; and making an appropriation for said school.

Referred to the Committee on Agriculture.

By Mr. KITTS. House Bill No. 616.

An Act making an appropriation to the Hamot Hospital Association, of the City of Erie, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. RUDISILL. House Bill No. 617.

An Act to establish as a "State Highway" a certain section of public road in Adams County.

Referred to the Committee on Public Roads.

By Mr. W. W. JONES. House Bill No. 618.

An Act making an appropriation to the Carbondale Hospital Association, of the City of Carbondale, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. HEFFERNAN. House Bill No. 619.

An Act to amend an act, entitled "An Act to amend an act, entitled, 'An Act to amend an act, entitled, 'An Act to amend an act entitled, An Act to amend an act entitled, 'An Act authorizing companies incorporated under the laws of any other State of the United States for the manufacture of any form of iron, steel or glass, to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments, and to take, have and hold real estate proper and necessary for manufacturing purposes,' approved the ninth day of June, Anno Domini, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one, extending the same to companies formed for the purpose of quarrying slate, granite, stone or rocks, or for dressing polishing,

working or manufacturing the same, or any of them, and to mineral springs companies incorporated for the purpose of bottling and selling natural mineral springs water, approved the sixteenth day of June, Anno Domini, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three,' approved the nineteenth day of April, Anno Domini, one thousand nine hundred and one, extending the same to companies formed for the purpose of manufacturing and selling chemicals, foodstuffs, cement, and cement products, and the quarrying of cement rock," approved May twenty-eight, one thousand nine hundred and seven; extending the same to companies incorporated for the manufacture, buying, selling, leasing, using, and operation of electrical apparatus and machinery, approved the twenty-third day of June, Anno Domini, one thousand nine hundred and eleven; extending the same to companies incorporated for the manufacture of any clay into brick, tile, or other articles, and products produced from clay and other substances mixed therewith.

Referred to the Committee on Manuactures.

By Mr. OAKS. House Bill No. 620.

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-seventh day of June one thousand nine hundred thirteen, entitled, "An Act providing for the incorporation, regulation and government of cities of the third class; regulating nomination and election of municipal officers therein; and repealing, consolidating, and extending, existing laws in relation thereto.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

By Mr. W. W. JONES. House Bill No. 621.

An Act relating to stored or impounded water providing certain acts in or on such water and giving certain powers to watchmen of water companies and to constables.

Referred to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

By Mr. HOWARTH. House Bill No. 622.

An Act fixing a method of adjusting boundary lines of municipalities and townships.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

By Mr. DAWSON. House Bill No. 623.

An Act giving district attorneys authority with the approval of the court of quarter sessions of the proper county or any judge thereof, to employ expert and special witnesses to assist in the preparation and trial of criminal cases, to employ special investigators and detectives and to employ persons to assist in apprehening and extraditing fugitives from justice, and to determine the compensation of said witnesses, investigators, detectives and persons, and to approve the bills of the same and authorizing the payment of said bills out of the treasury of the proper county.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

By Mr. VICKERMAN. House Bill No. 624.

An Act taking away from the Public Service Commission of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania jurisdiction over counties, cities, boroughs, towns and townships in certain matters relating to their duties, powers, contract and public service and vesting the same in the Courts of Common Pleas.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. JEFFERSON W. SMITH. House Bill No. 625.

An Act making an appropriation to the Lying-In-Charity Hospital, Philadelphia.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. HAMILTON. House Bill No. 626.

An Act relating to expert witnesses; fixing their qualifications; regulating the manner of their selection; providing for their compensation by the county and by parties to the proceedings; and providing penalties.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. WALSH. House Bill No. 627.

An Act making an appropriation to the Trustees of the University of Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. WALTON. House Bill No. 628.

An Act making an appropriation from which the several counties of the Commonwealth may be reimbursed for moneys paid out by said counties upon certain noxious animals and birds, under the provisions of the act of the twenty-fifth day of July, Anno Domini, one thousand nine hundred and thirteen, Pamphlet Laws 1036.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. WHITAKER. House Bill No. 629.

An Act making an appropriation for providing, erecting, completing, regulating and maintaining armories for the use of the National Guard of Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. WALTON. House Bill No. 630.

An Act making an appropriation to pay for the collection, revising, indexing, and proof-reading of the material contained in the pamphlet known as "The Game, Fish and Forestry Laws" of this Commonwealth.

Referred to the Committe on Appropriations.

By Mr. LANDIS. House Bll No. 631.

An Act to amend section 4 of an act entitled "An Act to regulate the doing of business in this Commonwealth by foreign corporations; the registration thereof and service of process thereon; and providing punishment and penalties for the violation of its provisions; and repealing pervious legislation on the subject;" approved the eighth day of June, one thousand nine hundred and eleven.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

By Mr. WILDMAN. House Bill No. 632.

An Act making an appropriation to the Nursery Home, of Harrisburg, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. WILDMAN. House Bill No. 633.

An Act making an appropriation to the Children's Industrial Home, at Harrisburg, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. DUNN. House Bill No. 634.

A joint resolution authorizing the appointment, and prescribing the duties of a commission to aid in celebrating each year in Philadelphia the anniversary of the signing of the Declaration of Independence; and making an appropriation.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. ADAMS. House Bill No. 635.

An Act making an appropriation for the National Convention of the United Spanish War Veterans, to be held in the City of Scranton, Pa., August 30 and 31, and September 1 and 2, 1915, and providing for the appointment of a Commission to disburse the same, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. DELL. House Bill No. 636.

An Act authorizing George S. Smith, a citizen of Huntingdon County, Pennsylvania, to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin County, against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Local.

By Mr. WHITAKER. House Bill No. 637.

An Act validating contracts, bonds or obligations of, or belonging to corporations of other states, made, entered into, or acquired, prior to the passage of ant act entitled "An Act to regulate the doing of business in this Commonwealth by foreign corporations; the registration thereof and service of process thereon; and providing punishment and penalties for the violation of its provisions; and repealing previous legislation on the subject," approved the eighth day of June, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven, Pamphlet Laws seven hundred and ten, without such corporations first having established known places of business, and designated authorized agents for the transaction of their business within this Commonwealth, and providing for the enforcement of such contracts, bonds or obligations, upon the payment of a penalty and taxes to the Commonwealth.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

By Mr. GEISER. House Bill No. 638.

An Act to amend an act, entitled "An Act relating to appeals in cases of summary convictions," approved the seventeenth day of April, Anno Domini eighteen hundred seventy-six.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. KUNKLE. House Bill No. 639.

An Act relating to poultry; providing methods of improving the quality and the eradication and prevention of diseases thereof; establishing and regulating a Bureau of Poultry in the Department of Agriculture; defining its powers and duties, and providing penalties for violation of this act.

Referred to the Committee on Agriculture.

By Mr. HARPER. House Bill No. 640.

An Act making an appropriation to the Almira Home, of New Castle, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. HABGOOD. House Bill No. 641.

An Act making an appropriation to the Beacon Light Mission, near the City of Bradford, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. MANGAN. House Bill No. 643.

An Act making an appropriation to Saint Joseph's Hospital and Dispensary of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. SWAN. House Bill No. 644.

An Act making an appropriation to the Western State Penitentiary.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. SCOTT. House Bill No. 645.

A supplement to an act, entitled "An Act providing for the selection and purchase, or the appropriation from the State Forest Reserves, of a tract of land, and the erection thereon of buildings for the Western Penitentiary; making an appropriation therefor authorizing the removal thereto of the inmates of the said penitentiary; and directing the sale of the site now occupied by the said penitentiary and the buildings and materials thereon," approved the 30th day of March, A. D. 1911, making an additional appropriation for erection, construction and equipment.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. HEFERNAN. House Bill No. 646.

An Act to provide for and regulate commissions chargeable for the placing of building and loan association mortgages in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, and providing penalties for the violation thereof.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

By Mr. MAURER. House Bill No. 647.

An Act authorizing each city in the Commonwealth to prepare adopt and amend its own charter regulating the preparation adoption and amendment thereof providing penalties for violations of the act and repealing certain laws relating to the government of cities.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

By Mr. ERDMAN. House Bill No. 648.

An Act to repeal an act approved the sixteenth day of March one thousand eight hundred sixty-seven, entitled "An Act regulating the salary of the Treasurer of Lehigh County."

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

SENATE MESSAGE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced presented to the House extracts from the Journal of the Senate which were laid upon the table.

BILL RE-REFERRED.

Mr. GARNER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to return House Bill No. 275, entitled:

An Act defining acid treated lubricating oil; designating the name by which it shall be known; regulating the sale and labelling of the same as to prevent fraud and deception in its sale; providing penalty for violations of this act and the methods of procedure for its enforcement.

from the Committee on Labor and Industry with the recommendation that it be referred to the Committee on Mines and Mining.

The SPEAKER. The Chair will refer this bill to the Committee on Manufactures.

PETITION.

FAVORING LOCAL OPTION.

Mr. JACOB W. SMITH presented a petition from the Forty-third Annual Convention of the Protestant Episcopal Church in favor of a local option bill with the county as a unit.

Which was referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES OF THE MOTHERS' ASSISTANCE FUND.

The SPEAKER laid before the House the report to the General Assembly of Pennsylvania 1915 of the Trustees of the Mothers' Assistance Fund of Philadelphia County which was ordered to be noted on the Journal and printed at length in the Appendix.

(For Report see Appendix.)

RESOLUTION NO. 7.

Mr. WOODWARD. Mr. Speaker, I call up Resolution No. 7, Calendar No. 2, File Folio 1681.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the resolution.

The Clerk read the resolution as follows:

Authorizing the appointment of a commission to investigate charges against charitable institutions and vesting certain powers in the commission

Whereas Grave criticism has been directed in the public prints of recent date against the management of certain charitable institutions and

Whereas The allegations are directed inter alia against institutions to which the Commonwealth biennially appropriates large sums of money and

Whereas It would be highly improper were such charges to be ignored and the grave danger run of giving state funds to instituions that would make a wrong use of them and

Whereas It is incumbent on the appropriation committee of each branch of the General Assembly to eliminate the undeserving applicants for state aid therefore

Be it resolved (If the Senate concur) That a joint commission is hereby established whose duty it shall be to investigate thoroughly all charges appearing in the public prints recently against institutions of the State and those receiving state aid and to report therein in writing as soon as practicable at this session of the General Assembly

The commission shall consist of the chairman of the appropriation committee of the Senate and the House and of five members from each appropriation committee as may be selected by the respective chairman

The commission is hereby given authority to issue subpoenas and to compel the attendance and testimony of persons and the production of books and papers The subpoenas shall be served by the sergeant-at-arms of the House

Any members of the committee shall have power to administer oaths or affirmations in any matter under consideration by the committee

On the question,

Will the House agree to the resolution?

Mr. GARNER. Mr. Speaker, the resolution is not on our files and there is not a single man in this House who understands it.

RESOLUTION POSTPONED.

Mr. WOODWARD. Mr. Speaker, I ask that further consideration of the resolution be postponed until it is on the file.

The SPEAKER. The resolution not being on the file of the House it cannot be considered at this time.

RECONSIDERATION OF VOTE.

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman from Philadelhpia, Mr. Wilson

Mr W. H. WILSON. I desire to offer a motion at this time.

The SPEAKER. The motion will be read by the Clerk.

The Clerk then read the motion as follows:

Moved that the vote by which House Bill No. 175, file folio 217, entitled:

An Act providing for the discharge of persons arrested or held on process issued on a judgment obtained in civil action.

which was defeated on third reading on February 17th be reconsidered.

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, the purpose for making this motion is to have the vote reconsidered and then have the bill recommitted to the Committee on Judiciary General, which then being referred to the proper committee will be amended.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the motion?

It was agreed to.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I move that House Bill No. 175, file folio 217, entitled:

An Act providing for the discharge of persons arrested or held on process issued on a judgment obtained in civil action.

be recommitted to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. GANS. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 176, entitled:

An Act requiring county commissioners in certain counties to provide quarters in the county buildings for the official county association of physicians and surgeons

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—178.

Adams,	Garner,	Love,	Shaffer,
Albee,	Geary,	Luppert,	Showalter,
Alcorn,	Geiser,	Luxemburger,	Sinclair,
Alexander,	Gibson,	Lynch,	Smith, J. W.,
Arnold,	Gingery,	Mangan,	Smith, Jeff. W.,
Aron,	Glass,	Marvin,	Smith, L.,
Arthur,	Glenn,	Maurer,	Spangler,
Baldwin,	Gompers,	McCaig,	Statler,
Bauerle,	Goodnough,	McClure,	Staving,
Beck,	Goodwin,	McConnell,	Steedle,
Becker,	Goodyear,	McCurdy,	Stein,
Benn,	Gormley,	McDermott,	Stern,
Benninger,	Graham,	McKay,	Sullivan,
Bergy,	Gransback,	McNichol,	Swan,
Beyer,	Greenwood,	McVicar,	Swartz,
Body,	Habgood,	Mearkle,	Thomas,
Bovee,	Hackett,	Metzenbacher,	Trach,
Brosius,	Hamilton,	Milliron,	Twibill,
Brownlee,	Harper,	Murdoch,	Vickerman,
Brumbaugh,	Heffernan,	Murphy,	Vogdes,
Campbell, T.,	Herman,	Neville,	Wagner,
Christman,	Hess,	Nieder,	Walsh,
Coldsmith,	Heyburn,	Nissley,	Walter,
Conner,	Hibshman,	Oaks,	Walton,
Corbin,	Hoffman,	Ostrander,	Watson,
Cromer,	Hollern,	Palmer,	Weaver,
Curry,	Horton,	Peters,	Weimer,
Davis,	Howarth,	Phillips,	Weir,
Dawson,	Hubler,	Pickering,	West,
Dell,	Jack,	Powell,	Wettach,
Diefenderfer,	Jones, W. W.,	Ramsey,	Whitaker,
Dodds,	Kaiser,	Reel,	Whitten,
Drinkhouse,	Kitts,	Reynolds,	Wildman,
Dunn,	Klinger,	Rich,	Willard,
Eby,	Kuhn,	Richards,	Williams,
Ehrhardt,	Kunkle,	Rininger,	Wilson, H. I.,
Eppley,	Lafferty,	Rinn,	Wilson, W. H.,
Erdman,	Landis,	Robertson,	Wobensmith,
Evans,	Lanius,	Roney,	Wood,
Fackler,	Lauer,	Rothenberger,	Woodward,
Finnerty,	Lauler,	Rowell,	Wylie,
Flynn,	Leighner,	Rudisill,	Wynne,
Fretz,	Lindsey,	Sampsel,	Young,
Gallagher,	Lipschutz,	Sarig,	Ambler,
Gans,		Shaaber,	Speaker.

NAYS—3.

Baker, Blackburn, Bungard,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 179, entitled:

An Act confirmatory of the conveyances of real estate.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—186.

Adams,	Gans,	Mangan,	Shoop,
Albee,	Garner,	Marvin,	Showalter,
Alcorn,	Geary,	Mather,	Sinclair,
Alexander,	Geiser,	Maurer,	Smith, J. W.,
Arnold,	Gibson,	McArdle,	Smith, Jeff. W.,
Aron,	Gingery,	McCaig,	Smith, L.,
Arthur,	Glass,	McClintock,	Sones,
Baldwin,	Gompers,	McConnell,	Spangler,
Bauerle,	Goodnough,	McCurdy,	Spencer,
Beck,	Goodwin,	McDermott,	Statler,
Becker,	Goodyear,	McNichol,	Staving,
Benn,	Gormley,	McVicar,	Steedle,
Benninger,	Graham,	Mearkle,	Stein,
Bergy,	Gransback,	Mellott,	Stern,
Beyer,	Greenwood,	Metzenbacher,	Sullivan,
Blackburn,	Habgood,	Milliron,	Swan,
Body,	Hackett,	Murdoch,	Swartz,
Bovee,	Haggerty,	Murphy,	Thomas,
Brosius,	Hamilton,	Myers,	Trach,
Brownlee,	Harper,	Neville,	Twibill,
Brumbaugh,	Heffernan,	Nieder,	Ulich,
Bungard,	Herman,	Oaks,	Vickerman,
Campbell, T.,	Hess,	Ostrander,	Vogdes,
Christman,	Heyburn,	Palmer,	Walsh,
Coldsmith,	Hibshman,	Perry,	Walter,
Conner,	Hoffman,	Peters,	Walton,
Corbin,	Hollern,	Phillips,	Weaver,
Cromer,	Hollingsworth,	Pickering,	Weimer,
Cummins,	Horton,	Powell,	Weir,
Curry,	Howarth,	Ramsey,	West,
Davis,	Hubler,	Reel,	Wettach,
Dawson,	Jones, W. W.,	Reynolds,	Whitaker,
Dell,	Kaiser,	Rhoads,	Whitten,
Diefenderfer,	Kitts,	Rich,	Wildman,
Dodds,	Klinger,	Richards,	Willard,
Drinkhouse,	Kuhn,	Rininger,	Williams,
Dunn,	Kunkle,	Rinn,	Wilson, H. I.,
Eby,	Lafferty,	Robertson,	Wilson, W. H.,
Ehrhardt,	Landis,	Roney,	Wobensmith,
Erdman,	Lanius,	Rothenberger,	Wood,
Evans,	Lauer,	Rowell,	Woodward,
Fackler,	Lauler,	Rudisill,	Wylie,
Finnerty,	Leighner,	Sampsel,	Wynne,
Flynn,	Lipschutz,	Sarig,	Young,
Fretz,	Luppert,	Schaeffer,	Ambler,
Fruit,	Luxemburger,	Shaaber,	Speaker.
Gallagher,	Lynch,	Shaffer,	

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 271, entitled:

An Act transferring from certain funds to another fund certain moneys appropriated to the Quarantine Physician Philadelphia

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—188.

Adams,	Gans,	Mather,	Showalter,
Albee,	Garner,	Maurer,	Sinclair,
Alcorn,	Geary,	McArdle,	Smith, J. W.,
Alexander,	Geiser,	McCaig,	Smith, Jeff. W.
Arnold,	Gibson,	McClure,	Smith, L.,
Aron,	Glass,	McCurdy,	Snyder,
Arthur,	Glenn,	McDermott,	Sones,
Baldwin,	Gompers,	McNichol,	Spencer,

Bauerle, Goodnough, McVicar, Statler,
Beck, Goodwin, Mearkle, Staving,
Becker, Goodyear, Mellott, Steedle,
Benn, Gormley, Metzenbacher, Stein,
Benninger, Graham, Milliron, Stern,
Bergy, Gransback, Murdoch, Sullivan,
Beyer, Greenwood, Murphy, Swan,
Blackburn, Habgood, Myers, Swartz,
Body, Hackett, Neville, Taylor,
Bovee, Hamilton, Nieder, Thomas,
Brosius, Harper, Nissley, Trach,
Brownlee, Heffernan, Oaks, Twibill,
Brumbaugh, Herman, Ostrander, Vickerman,
Bungard, Hess, Palmer, Vogdes,
Campbell, T., Heyburn, Perry, Wagner,
Christman, Hibshman, Peters, Walsh,
Coldsmith, Hoffman, Phillips, Walter,
Conner, Hollingsworth, Pickering, Walton,
Corbin, Horton, Powell, Watson,
Cromer, Howarth, Ramsey, Weaver,
Cummins, Hubler, Reel, Weimer,
Curry, Jack, Reynolds, Weir,
Davis, Jones, W. W., Rhoads, West,
Dawson, Kaiser, Rich, Wettach,
Dell, Kitts, Richards, Whitaker,
Diefenderfer, Klinger, Rininger, Wildman,
Dodds, Kuhn, Rinn, Willard,
Drinkhouse, Kunkle, Robertson, Williams,
Dunn, Lafferty, Roney, Wilson, H. I.,
Eby, Landis, Rothenberger, Wilson, W. H.,
Ehrhardt, Lanius, Rowell, Wobensmith,
Eppley, Lauer, Rudisill, Wood,
Erdman, Leighner, Sampsel, Woodward,
Evans, Lindsey, Sarig, Wylie,
Fackler, Lipschutz, Schaeffer, Wynne,
Finnerty, Love, Scott, Young,
Flynn, Luxemburger, Shaaber, Ambler,
Fretz, Lynch, Shaffer, Speaker.
Fruit, Mangan, Shoop,
Gallagher, Marvin,

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 169, entitled:

A joint resolution providing for a commission to investigate the advisability of the purchase by the Commonwealth of certain property in Philadelphia opposite Independence Hall as a public park.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—178.

Adams, Geary, Marvin, Showalter,
Albee, Geiser, Mather, Sinclair,
Alcorn, Gibson, McArdle, Smith, Jeff. W.,
Alexander, Gingery, McCaig, Smith, L.,
Arnold, Glass, McClintock, Sones,
Aron, Glenn, McClure, Spencer,
Arthur, Gompers, McConnell, Statler,
Baldwin, Goodnough, McCurdy, Staving,
Bauerle, Goodwin, McDermott, Steedle,
Becker, Goodyear, McNichol, Stein,
Benn, Gormley, McVicar, Stern,
Benninger, Graham, Mearkle, Sullivan,
Bergy, Gransback, Metzenbacher, Swan,
Beyer, Greenwood, Milliron, Swartz,
Blackburn, Habgood, Murphy, Taylor,
Body, Hackett, Myers, Thomas,
Bovee, Hamilton, Neville, Trach,
Brosius, Harper, Nieder, Twibill,
Brownlee, Herman, Nissley, Vickerman,
Brumbaugh, Hess, Oaks, Vogdes,
Bungard, Heyburn, Ostrander, Wagner,
Campbell, T., Hibshman, Palmer, Walsh,
Christman, Hoffman, Perry, Walter,
Coldsmith, Hollingsworth, Peters, Walton,
Conner, Horton, Phillips, Weaver,
Corbin, Howarth, Pickering, Weimer,
Cromer, Hubler, Powell, Weir,
Cummins, Jack, Ramsey, West,
Curry, Jones, W. W., Reel, Wettach,
Davis, Kaiser, Reynolds, Whitaker,
Dawson, Kitts, Rich, Whitten,
Dell, Klinger, Richards, Wildman,
Dodds, Kuhn, Rininger, Willard,
Drinkhouse, Kunkle, Rinn, Williams,
Dunn, Lafferty, Robertson, Wilson, H. I.,
Eby, Landis, Roney, Wilson, W. H.,
Ehrhardt, Lanius, Rothenberger, Wobensmith,
Evans, Lauer, Rowell, Wood,
Fackler, Lauler, Rudisill, Woodward,
Finnerty, Leighner, Sampsel, Wylie,
Flynn, Lindsey, Sarig, Wynne,
Fretz, Lipschutz, Schaeffer, Young,
Fruit, Love, Shaaber, Ambler,
Gallagher, Luppert, Shaffer, Speaker.
Gans, Luxemburger, Shoop,
Garner,

NAYS—1.

Baker,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 366, entitled:

An Act relative to judgments and prescribing the duties of prothonotaries in connection therewith

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—184.

Adams, Gallagher, Lynch, Shaaber,
Albee, Gans, Mangan, Shaffer,
Alcorn, Garner, Marvin, Shoop,
Alexander, Geary, Mather, Showalter,
Arnold, Geiser, Maurer, Sinclair,
Aron, Gibson, McArdle, Smith, J. W.,
Arthur, Glass, McCaig, Smith, Jeff. W.,
Baldwin, Glenn, McClintock, Smith, L.,
Bauerle, Gompers, McClure, Spencer,
Beck, Goodnough, McConnell, Statler,
Becker, Goodwin, McCurdy, Staving,
Benn, Goodyear, McDermott, Steedle,
Benninger, Gormley, McKay, Stein,
Bergy, Graham, McNichol, Stern,
Beyer, Gransback, McVicar, Sullivan,
Blackburn, Greenwood, Mearkle, Swan,
Body, Habgood, Mellott, Swartz,
Bovee, Hackett, Metzenbacher, Thomas,
Brosius, Hamilton, Milliron, Trach,
Brownlee, Harper, Murdoch, Twibill,
Brumbaugh, Heffernan, Murphy, Urich,
Bungard, Herman, Myers, Vickerman,
Campbell, T., Hess, Neville, Vogdes,
Christman, Heyburn, Nieder, Wagner,
Coldsmith, Hibshman, Nissley, Walsh,
Conner, Hoffman, Oaks, Walter,
Corbin, Hollingsworth, Ostrander, Walton,
Cromer, Howarth, Perry, Watson,
Cummins, Hubler, Peters, Weimer,
Curry, Jack, Phillips, Weir,
Davis, Jones, W. W., Pickering, Wettach,
Dawson, Kaiser, Powell, Whitaker,
Dell, Kitts, Ramsey, Whitten,
Diefenderfer, Klinger, Reel, Wildman,
Dodds, Kuhn, Rhoads, Willard,
Drinkhouse, Kunkle, Rich, Williams,
Dunn, Lafferty, Richards, Wilson, H. I.,
Eby, Landis, Rininger, Wilson, W. H.,
Ehrhardt, Lanius, Rinn, Wobensmith,
Eppley, Lauer, Robertson, Wood,
Erdman, Lauler, Roney, Woodward,
Evans, Leighner, Rothenberger, Wylie,
Fackler, Lindsey, Rowell, Young,
Finnerty, Lipschutz, Sampsel, Ambler,
Flynn, Love, Sarig, Speaker.
Fretz, Luppert, Schaeffer,
Fruit, Luxemburger,

NAYS—2.

Palmer, Sones,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

SENATE MESSAGE.

RESOLUTION FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, presented the following extract from the Journal of the Senate, which was read as follows, viz:

TIME OF NEXT MEETING.

In the Senate, March 2, 1915.

Resolved (If the House of Representatives concur), That when the Senate adjourns this week it shall be to recon-

vene on Monday evening, March eighth, at nine-thirty o'clock; and that when the House of Representatives adjourns this week it shall be to reconvene on Monday evening, March eighth at nine o'clock.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for its concurrence.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the resolution?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the Clerk notify the Senate accordingly.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 178, entitled:

An Act to amend section one of an act approved the twenty-third day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-seven entitled "An Act to authorize executors and trustees non-residents of the Commonwealth to convey real estate"

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—185.

Adams,	Garner,	Mangan,	Sinclair,
Albee,	Geary,	Marvin,	Smith, J. W.,
Alcorn,	Geiser,	Mather,	Smith, Jeff. W.,
Alexander,	Gibson,	Maurer,	Smith, L.,
Arnold,	Gingery,	McArdle,	Snyder,
Aron,	Glass,	McClintock,	Sones,
Arthur,	Glenn,	McClure,	Spencer,
Baldwin,	Gompers,	McConnell,	Statler,
Bauerle,	Goodnough,	McCurdy,	Staving,
Becker,	Goodyear,	McDermott,	Steedle,
Benn,	Gormley,	McKay,	Stein,
Benninger,	Graham,	McNichol,	Stern,
Bergy,	Gransback,	McVicar,	Sullivan,
Beyer,	Greenwood,	Mearkle,	Swan,
Blackburn,	Habgood,	Metzenbacher,	Swartz,
Body,	Hackett,	Milliron,	Taylor,
Bovee,	Haggerty,	Murdoch,	Thomas,
Brosius,	Hamilton,	Murphy,	Trach,
Brownlee,	Harper,	Myers,	Twibill,
Brumbaugh,	Heffernan,	Neville,	Urich,
Bungard,	Herman,	Nieder,	Vickerman,
Campbell, T.,	Hess,	Nissley,	Vogdes,
Christman,	Heyburn,	Oaks,	Wagner,
Coldsmith,	Hibshman,	Ostrander,	Walsh,
Conner,	Hoffman,	Palmer,	Walter,
Corbin,	Hollingsworth,	Perry,	Walton,
Cox,	Horton,	Peters,	Weaver,
Cromer,	Howarth,	Phillips,	Weimer,
Cummins,	Hubler,	Pickering,	Weir,
Curry,	Jack,	Powell,	West,
Davis,	Jones, W. W.,	Ramsey,	Wettach,
Dawson,	Kaiser,	Reel,	Whitaker,
Dell,	Kitts,	Reynolds,	Whitten,
Diefenderfer,	Klinger,	Rhoads,	Wildman,
Dodds,	Kuhn,	Rich,	Willard,
Drinkhouse,	Kunkle,	Richards,	Williams,
Dunn,	Lafferty,	Rininger,	Wilson, H. I.,
Eby,	Landis,	Robertson,	Wilson, W. H.,
Ehrhardt,	Lanius,	Roney,	Wobensmith,
Eppley,	Lauer,	Rothenberger,	Wood,
Erdman,	Lauler,	Rowell,	Woodward,
Fackler,	Leighner,	Rudisill,	Wylie,
Flynn,	Lindsey,	Sampsel,	Wynne,
Fretz,	Lipschutz,	Sarig,	Young,
Fruit,	Love,	Shaffer,	Ambler,
Gallagher,	Luxemburger,	Showalter,	Speaker.
Gans,	Lynch,		

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 139, entitled:

An Act to provide for the filling of vacancies in councils of cities of the first class

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—180.

Adams,	Fruit,	Mangan,	Shaffer,
Albee,	Gallagher,	Marvin,	Showalter,
Alcorn,	Gans,	Mather,	Sinclair,
Alexander,	Garner,	McArdle,	Smith, J. W.,
Arnold,	Geary,	McCaig,	Smith, Jeff. W.,
Aron,	Geiser,	McClintock,	Smith, L.,
Arthur,	Gibson,	McConnell,	Snyder,
Baldwin,	Gingery,	McCurdy,	Sones,
Bauerle,	Glass,	McDermott,	Spangler,
Beck,	Glenn,	McNichol,	Spencer,
Becker,	Gompers,	McVicar,	Statler,
Benninger,	Goodwin,	Mearkle,	Staving,
Bergy,	Goodyear,	Mellott,	Steedle,
Beyer,	Gormley,	Metzenbacher,	Stein,
Blackburn,	Graham,	Milliron,	Stern,
Body,	Gransback,	Murdoch,	Sullivan,
Bovee,	Greenwood,	Murphy,	Swan,
Brosius,	Habgood,	Myers,	Swartz,
Brownlee,	Hackett,	Neville,	Taylor,
Brumbaugh,	Hamilton,	Nieder,	Thomas,
Bungard,	Harper,	Nissley,	Trach,
Campbell, T.,	Heffernan,	Ostrander,	Twibill,
Christman,	Herman,	Palmer,	Urich,
Coldsmith,	Hess,	Perry,	Vickerman,
Conner,	Heyburn,	Peters,	Vogdes,
Corbin,	Hibshman,	Phillips,	Wagner,
Cox,	Hoffman,	Pickering,	Walton,
Cromer,	Hollern,	Powell,	Watson,
Cummins,	Hollingsworth,	Ramsey,	Weaver,
Curry,	Horton,	Reel,	Weir,
Davis,	Jack,	Reynolds,	West,
Dawson,	Jones, W. W.,	Rhoads,	Wettach,
Dell,	Kaiser,	Rich,	Whitaker,
Diefenderfer,	Kitts,	Richards,	Wildman,
Dodds,	Klinger,	Rininger,	Willard,
Drinkhouse,	Kunkle,	Ross,	Williams,
Dunn,	Lanius,	Robertson,	Wilson, H. I.,
Eby,	Lauer,	Roney,	Wilson, W. H.,
Ehrhardt,	Lauler,	Rothenberger,	Wobensmith,
Eppley,	Leighner,	Rowell,	Woodward,
Erdman,	Lindsey,	Rudisill,	Wynne,
Evans,	Lipschutz,	Sampsel,	Young,
Fackler,	Love,	Sarig,	Ambler,
Finnerty,	Luppert,	Schaeffer,	Speaker.
Flynn,	Luxemburger,	Shaaber,	
Fretz,			

NAYS—1.

Walsh,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Mr. HENRY I. WILSON in the Chair.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 87, entitled:

A supplement to an act approved the twenty-fourth day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act to provide for the personal registration of electors and their enrollment as members of political parties in cities of the first and second classes of this Commonwealth to make such registration a condition of the right to vote in such cities and their said enrollment as members of a political party a condition of the right to vote at primaries in said cities and providing for the payment of witness fees for persons summoned before the commissioners to provide penalties for violations of its provisions and to repeal acts inconsistent herewith"

The said bill having been read at length, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. WILLIAMS. Mr. Speaker, I ask for recognition before the roll call. The act to which this bill is a supplement is not before us for reference, and in order that we may vote with some degree of intelligence upon this bill, I would ask the sponsor to explain to the House or to tell the members what the questions five to fifteen and eighteen to twenty-one, are in the act to which this is a supplement.

Mr. DUNN. Mr. Speaker, the purpose of this supplement in amending the registration act is to make, in my district, and in the district which it covers, a "permanent resident", therefore, when a man first registers in any one of the districts and answers all of the questions as now contained in the registration act, he shall be considered, so long as he lives in that district, a permanent resident; and after that

when he comes to register before the Registration Board it will only be necessary for him, as a permanent resident, to give his name and address and the number of the house in which he lives; if he wishes to enroll, then he goes further on and acknowledges the enrollment. Then he proceeds to the next questions, and so long as he lives in that election district that is all that will be necessary. If he moves from there into another district, it will be necessary for him to answer all the questions. This comes from my district and the people of my district, and even those who prepared the law, acknowledge that the unnecessary questions should be stricken out, which I have proposed in this act, as being really unnecessary, so far as the color of the hair, the height, and weight, etc., are concerned; and every time the party goes to register he is compelled to answer those questions, and that is the purpose of the act—the striking out of that part of it in regard to the color of hair, and eyes, weight, and so forth, whether white or black, and what room you live in, and all such nonsensical questions, when you first register in any election division and that is the purpose of the act. My intention was first to apply it to the cities of the first class, but the representatives of the cities of the second class requested me to amend it to include those cities. With pleasure I amended it to include cities of the second class and it is now on file for your approval and consideration.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—146.

Adams,	Finnerty,	Lafferty,	Rothenberger,
Albee,	Flynn,	Lanius,	Rowell,
Alcorn,	Fretz,	Lauer,	Sampsel,
Alexander,	Fruit,	Lauler,	Schaeffer,
Arnold,	Gallagher,	Lindsey,	Scott,
Aron,	Garner,	Lipschutz,	Shaaber,
Arthur,	Geary,	Luppert,	Showalter,
Baker,	Geiser,	Luxemburger,	Sinclair,
Baldwin,	Gibson,	Lynch,	Smith, J. W.,
Bauerle,	Gingery,	Mangan,	Smith, Jeff. W.
Beck,	Goodnough,	McArdle,	Smith, L.,
Becker,	Goodwin,	McClure,	Spangler,
Bergy,	Gormley,	McConnell,	Statler,
Beyer,	Graham,	McCurdy,	Staving,
Blackburn,	Gransback,	McDermott,	Steedle,
Body,	Greenwood,	McNichol,	Stern,
Bovee,	Habgood,	Mellott,	Swan,
Brumbaugh,	Hackett,	Milliron,	Swartz,
Campbell, T.,	Hamilton,	Murdoch,	Thomas,
Christman,	Harper,	Murphy,	Trach,
Conner,	Heffernan,	Myers,	Twibill,
Corbin,	Herman,	Neville,	Vogdes,
Cox,	Hess,	Nieder,	Wagner,
Cromer,	Heyburn,	Nissley,	Walsh,
Curry,	Hibshman,	Oaks,	Watson,
Davis,	Hoffman,	Ostrander,	Weaver,
Dawson,	Hollern,	Palmer,	Weimer,
Dell,	Hollingsworth,	Perry,	Weir,
Diefenderfer,	Horton,	Peters,	West,
Dodds,	Howarth,	Phillips,	Wettach,
Drinkhouse,	Hubler,	Pickering,	Whitaker,
Dunn,	Jack,	Powell,	Whitten,
Eby,	Jones, W. W.,	Ramsey,	Wildman,
Eppley,	Kaiser,	Reel,	Wilson, H. I.,
Evans,	Kitts,	Rhoads,	Wood,
Fackler,	Klinger,	Rininger,	Wynne,
		Robertson,	

NAYS—21.

Brosius,	Leighner,	Richards,	Willard,
Bungard,	McClintock,	Rudisill,	Williams,
Glass,	McKay,	Spencer,	Wilson, W. H.,
Glenn,	Metzenbacher,	Vickerman,	Wobensmith,
Goodyear,	Reynolds,	Walter,	Wylie,
Kuhn,			

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order.

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 243, entitled:

An Act to repeal an act entitled "An Act to authorize and require road supervisors to erect and maintain suitable foot bridges for the accommodation of pedestrians across streams where public roads cross such streams" approved the twenty-third day of April one thousand nine hundred and nine

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. PALMER. Mr. Speaker.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman from Schuylkill, Mr. Palmer.

Mr. PALMER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to interrogate Mr. Phillips, the sponser of this bill.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Clearfield, Mr. Phillips, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. PHILLIPS. Mr. Speaker, yes sir.

Mr. PALMER. Mr. Speaker, I want to ask the gentleman from Clearfield, Mr. Phillips, how the Act of 1874 relative to the provision of foot bridges by supervisors has outlived its usefulness and explain that to the House.

Mr. PHILLIPS. Mr. Speaker, the Act of 1874 does not have anything to do with the proposed repeal of this bill. This is the Act of 1909, an act whereby ten citizens of any township can petition the supervisors of a township to put a foot-bridge across any stream. There are quite a number of townships in this Commonwealth that have many streams and the point I want to raise here is the fact that so small a number of people can create a burden upon the taxpayers of a township that may cost seven, or eight or nine hundred dollars. There is another reason: It says "within six weeks from the time such supervisors must construct that bridge." This may be in winter time and it is almost impossible to construct a bridge at that season of the year. There is also a provision made for the taking care of the public in the building of the bridge; the county appoints a board of viewers to hear the people who have a right to be heard and they have a right to register their protest against anything that they might do. In this Act it only requires ten signers to this petition and this creates a burden upon the county that they cannot get away from. I have in mind a case where ten men crossed the Susquehanna River and asked for a foot-bridge across the river. This would be an expenditure of a good deal of money, if this were absolutely necessary if it should be taken up. This particular Act only applies to foot-bridges across streams and it can be applied anywhere and any place in the Commonwealth.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—170.

Adams,	Flynn,	Lipschutz,	Schaeffer,
Albee,	Fretz,	Love,	Scott,
Alcorn,	Fruit,	Luxemburger,	Shaaber,
Alexander,	Gallagher,	Lynch,	Shaffer,
Arnold,	Gans,	Marvin,	Showalter,
Aron,	Garner,	Mather,	Sinclair,
Arthur,	Geary,	McClintock,	Smith, Jeff. W.
Baker,	Geiser,	McConnell,	Smith, L.,
Baldwin,	Gibson,	McCurdy,	Sones,
Bauerle,	Glass,	McDermott,	Spangler,
Benninger,	Gompers,	McKay,	Spencer,
Bergy,	Goodwin,	McNichol,	Statler,
Beyer,	Goodyear,	McVicar,	Staving,
Blackburn,	Gormley,	Mearkle,	Stein,
Body,	Graham,	Mellott,	Stern,
Bovee,	Gransback,	Metzenbacher,	Sullivan,
Brosius,	Greenwood,	Milliron,	Swan,
Brownlee,	Habgood,	Murdoch,	Swartz,
Brumbaugh,	Hackett,	Murphy,	Thomas,
Bungard,	Hamilton,	Myers,	Trach,
Campbell, T.,	Harper,	Neville,	Twibill,
Christman,	Heffernan,	Nieder,	Urich,
Coldsmith,	Herman,	Nissley,	Vogdes,
Conner,	Hess,	Oaks,	Wagner,
Corbin,	Heyburn,	Ostrander,	Walsh,
Cox,	Hibshman,	Palmer,	Walter,
Cromer,	Hoffman,	Perry,	Walton,
Cummins,	Hollingsworth,	Peters,	Weaver,
Curry,	Howarth,	Phillips,	Weimer,
Davis,	Horton,	Pickering,	Weir,
Dawson,	Hubler,	Powell,	Whitaker,
Dell,	Jack,	Ramsey,	Whitten,
Diefenderfer,	Jones, W. W.,	Reel,	Wildman,
Dodds,	Kaiser,	Reynolds,	Willard,
Drinkhouse,	Klinger,	Rhoads,	Williams,
Dunn,	Kuhn,	Richards,	Wilson, H. I.,
Eby,	Lafferty,	Rininger,	Wilson, W. H.,
Ehrhardt,	Landis,	Rinn,	Wobensmith,
Eppley,	Lanius,	Robertson,	Wood,
Evans,	Lauer,	Roney,	Woodward,
Fackler,	Lauler,	Rowell,	Wylie,
Finnerty,	Leighner,	Rudisill,	Wynne,
	Lindsey,	Sampsel,	Young,

NAYS—6.

Beck,	Kitts,	Smith, J. W.,	West,
	Rothenberger,	Sarig,	

The majority required oy the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 304, entitled:

An Act to provide for an additional law judge of the several courts of forty-fifth judicial district

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. WOBENSMITH. Mr. Speaker, I would like to interrogate the gentleman from Lackawanna, Mr. Dawson.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Lackawanna permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr DAWSON. Mr. Speaker, I will.

Mr. WOBENSMITH. Mr. Speaker, I would like to be informed as to what Judicial district this is for which the additional law judge is to be provided.

Mr. DAWSON. Mr. Speaker, for the benefit of the gentleman, I wish to inform him that the district includes only Lackawanna county.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—162.

Adams,	Finnerty,	Kuhn,	Reynolds,
Albee,	Flynn,	Kunkle,	Rhoads,
Alcorn,	Fretz,	Lafferty,	Rich,
Alexander,	Fruit,	Landis,	Richards,
Arnold,	Gallagher,	Lanius,	Rininger,
Aron,	Gans,	Lauer,	Rinn,
Arthur,	Garner,	Lauler,	Robertson,
Baker,	Geary,	Leighner,	Rowell,
Baldwin,	Geiser,	Love,	Rudisill,
Bauerle,	Gibson,	Luppert,	Sampsel,
Becker,	Gingery,	Lynch,	Schaeffer,
Benn,	Glass,	Mangan,	Scott,
Bergy,	Glenn,	Marvin,	Shaaber,
Beyer,	Gompers,	Mather,	Showalter,
Blackburn,	Goodnough,	McArdle,	Sinclair,
Body,	Goodwin,	McCaig,	Smith, L.,
Bovee,	Goodyear,	McClintock,	Spangler,
Brownlee,	Gormley,	McClure,	Spencer,
Brumbaugh,	Graham,	McConnell,	Statler,
Bungard,	Gransback,	McCurdy,	Staving,
Campbell, T.,	Greenwood,	McDermott,	Steedle,
Christman,	Habgood,	McNichol,	Stein,
Coldsmith,	Hackett,	McVicar,	Stern,
Conner,	Haggerty,	Mearkle,	Sullivan,
Corbin,	Hamilton,	Milliron,	Swan,
Cox,	Harper,	Murdoch,	Thomas,
Cromer,	Heffernan,	Murphy,	Trach,
Cummins,	Herman,	Myers,	Urich,
Curry,	Hess,	Nieder,	Vogdes,
Davis,	Heyburn,	Nissley,	Weimer,
Dawson,	Hibshman,	Oaks,	Weir,
Dell,	Hoffman,	Ostrander,	West,
Diefenderfer,	Hollern,	Palmer,	Whitaker,
Dodds,	Hollingsworth,	Perry,	Wildman,
Drinkhouse,	Howarth,	Peters,	Williams,
Dunn,	Hubler,	Phillips,	Wobensmith,
Eby,	Jack,	Pickering,	Wood,
Ehrhardt,	Jones, W. W.,	Powell,	Woodward,
Eppley,	Kaiser,	Ramsey,	Wylie,
Evans,	Kitts,	Reel,	Wynne,
Fackler,	Klinger,		

NAYS—5.

Brosius,	Sarig,	Wagner,	Wilson, H. I.,
Rothenberger,			

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading on House Bill No. 367, entitled:

An Act amnding the first section of the act entitled "An Act authorizing policemen to hold and exercise the office of constables" approved the twenty-fifth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five so as to extend the provisions of the same to townships of the first class

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—157.

Adams,	Fruit,	Marvin,	Shaaber,
Albee,	Gallagher,	Mather,	Shaffer,
Alcorn,	Gans,	McArdle,	Shoop,
Alexander,	Garner,	McCaig,	Showalter,
Arnold,	Geary,	McClintock,	Smith, J. W.,
Aron,	Gingery,	McClure,	Snyder,
Arthur,	Glass,	McCurdy,	Sones,
Baker,	Gompers,	McDermott,	Spangler,
Baldwin,	Goodnough,	McKay,	Spencer,
Bauerle,	Goodwin,	McNichol,	Staving,
Beck,	Goodyear,	McVicar,	Steedle,
Becker,	Gormley,	Mellott,	Stern,
Benninger,	Graham,	Metzenbacher,	Sullivan,
Bergy,	Gransback,	Milliron,	Swan,
Beyer,	Greenwood,	Murdoch,	Swartz,
Blackburn,	Habgood,	Murphy,	Thomas,
Bovee,	Hackett,	Neville,	Trach,
Brosius,	Hamilton,	Nieder,	Vickerman,
Brownlee,	Harper,	Nissley,	Vogdes,
Brumbaugh,	Heffernan,	Oaks,	Wagner,
Bungard,	Herman,	Ostrander,	Walsh,
Christman,	Hess,	Palmer,	Watson,
Coldsmith,	Heyburn,	Perry,	Weaver,
Conner,	Hoffman,	Pickering,	Weimer,
Corbin,	Howarth,	Powell,	Weir,
Cromer,	Hubler,	Ramsey,	West,
Cummins,	Jack,	Reel,	Wettach,
Curry,	Jones, E. E.,	Reynolds,	Whitaker,
Dawson,	Jones, W. W.,	Rhoads,	Whitten,
Dell,	Kaiser,	Richards,	Wildman,
Diefenderfer,	Kitts,	Rininger,	Williams,
Dodds,	Klinger,	Rinn,	Wilson, H. I.,
Drinkhouse,	Kuhn,	Robertson,	Wilson, W. H.,
Dunn,	Lafferty,	Rothenberger,	Wobensmith,
Eby,	Landis,	Rowell,	Wood,
Evans,	Leighner,	Rudisill,	Wylie,
Fackler,	Lauler,	Sampsel,	Wynne,
Finnerty,	Lipschutz,	Sarig,	Young,
Flynn,	Luppert,	Schaeffer,	Ambler,
Fretz,	Luxemburger,	Scott,	Speaker.

NAYS—9.

Hollern,	Lynch,	Smith, L.,	Twibill,
Horton,	Sinclair,	Taylor,	Walter,
Love,			

The majority required oy the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 232, entitled:

An Act to amend section one thousand seven hundred and fifteen of article seventeen of an act approved the eighteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and a method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith" relating to the power to confer academic degrees honorary or otherwise and extending the same to all schools of similar grade in school districts of the first class

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. DUNN. Mr. Speaker, I move you that action on this bill be postponed for the present for the purpose of amendment later on.

M. HABGOOD. M. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 364, entitled:

An Act to assent to the provisions of an act of Congress approved May eighth one thousand nine hundred and fourteen entitled "An Act to provide for co-operative agricultural extension work between the agricultural colleges in the several states receiving the benefits of an act of Congress approved July second eighteen hundred and sixty-two and of acts supplementary thereto and the United States Department of Agriculture."

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—187.

Adams,	Gallagher,	Lynch,	Scott,
Albee,	Gans,	Marvin,	Shaaber,
Alcorn,	Garner,	Mather,	Shaffer,
Alexander,	Geary,	Maurer,	Shoop,
Arnold,	Geiser,	McArdle,	Showalter,
Aron,	Gibson,	McCaig,	Sinclair,
Arthur,	Gingery,	McClintock,	Smith, J. W.,
Baker,	Glass,	McClure,	Smith, L.,
Baldwin,	Glenn,	McCurdy,	Snyder,
Barnett,	Gompers,	McDermott,	Sones,
Bauerle,	Goodnough,	McKay,	Spangler,
Beck,	Goodwin,	McNichol,	Spencer,
Becker,	Goodyear,	McVicar,	Staving,
Benn,	Gormley,	Mearkle,	Steedle,
Benninger,	Graham,	Mellott,	Stein,
Bergy,	Gransback,	Metzenbacher,	Stern,
Beyer,	Habgood,	Milliron,	Sullivan,
Blackburn,	Hackett,	Murdoch,	Swan,
Body,	Hamilton,	Murphy,	Swartz,
Bovee,	Harper,	Neville,	Taylor,
Brosius,	Heffernan,	Nieder,	Thomas,
Brownlee,	Herman,	Nissley,	Trach,
Bungard,	Hess,	Oaks,	Twibill,
Campbell, T.,	Heyburn,	Ostrander,	Vickerman,
Christman,	Hibshman,	Palmer,	Vogdes,
Coldsmith,	Hoffman,	Perry,	Wagner,
Conner,	Hollern,	Peters,	Walsh,
Corbin,	Hollingsworth,	Phillips,	Walter,
Cromer,	Horton,	Pickering,	Walton,
Cummins,	Howarth,	Powell,	Watson,
Curry,	Hubler,	Ramsey,	Weaver,
Davis,	Jones, E. E.,	Reel,	Weimer,
Dawson,	Jones, W. W.,	Reynolds,	Weir,
Dell,	Kaiser,	Rhoads,	West,
Diefenderfer,	Kitts,	Rich,	Wettach,
Dodds,	Klinger,	Richards,	Wildman,
Drinkhouse,	Kuhn,	Rininger,	Willard,
Dunn,	Kunkle,	Rinn,	Williams,
Eby,	Lafferty,	Robertson,	Wilson, H. I.,
Ehrhardt,	Landis,	Roney,	Wilson, W. H.,
Eppley,	Lanius,	Rothenberger,	Wobensmith,
Erdman,	Lauer,	Rowell,	Wood,
Evans,	Lauler,	Rudisill,	Woodward,
Fackler,	Leighner,	Sampsel,	Wylie,
Finnerty,	Lindsey,	Sarig,	Wynne,
Flynn,	Lipschutz,	Schaeffer,	Young,
Fretz,	Luxemburger,		
Fruit,			

NAYS—1.

Jack,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 406, entitled:

An Act to clarify the statute law of the Commonwealth by repealing certain acts and parts of acts of Assembly which are obsolete expired supplied superseded repealed by implication or declared unconstitutional

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, with the consent of the author of this bill, I desire to have it postponed. I therefore would move that the House would postpone this bill for the present as it is a matter of repealing some eight hundred and fifty statutes, so that the members may have further time to consider the matter.

Mr. WILDMAN. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 110, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twelfth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act providing for the establishment and maintenance of boards of health in boroughs and townships of the first class and defining their powers and duties providing for the appointment of members of such boards of health by the president of the borough councils or by the chairmen of the board of commissioners of such townships providing for the election of a secretary and a health officer providing that the Commissioner of Health may take charge of the administration of health laws in any borough or township of the first class when conditions therein in his opinnion constitute a menace to the lives or health of the people living outside the corporate limits of such borough or township of the first class or when it may be known to him that such borough or township of the first class is without an existing or efficient board of health and providing the manner in which the expenses of boards of health or of the Commissioner of Health incurred in administering health laws in any borough or township of the first class shall be paid."

The first section was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sixth section of an act approved the twelfth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act providing for the establishment and maintenance of boards of health in boroughts and townships of the first class and defining their powers and duties providing for the appointment of members of such boards of health by the president of the borough councils or by the chairman of the board of commissioners of such townships providing for the election of a secretary and a health officer providing that the Commissioner of Health may take charge of the administration of the health laws in any borough or township of the first class when conditions therein in his opinion constitute a menace to the lives or health of the people living outside the corporate limits of such borough or township of the first class or when it may be known to him that such borough or township of the first class is without existing or efficient board of health and providing the manner in which the expenses of boards of health or of the Commissioner of Health incurred in administering health laws in any borough or township of the first class shall be paid" which reads as follows

"Section 6 The said board of health shall have the power and it shall be their duty to enforce the laws of the Commonwealth the regulations of the State Department of Health and such further regulations as the board may see fit to adopt for the control of communicable disease and the prevention of infections therefrom They shall also have power with the consent of the councils in case of a prevalence or apprehended prevalence of any contagious or infectious diseases in their borough or township to establish one or more emergency hospitals and to make provisions and regulations for the management of the same" is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 6 The said board of health shall have the power and it shall be their duty to enforce the laws of the Commonwealth the regulations of the State Department of Health and such further regulations as the board may see fit to adopt for the control of communicable disease and the prevention of infections therefrom They shall also have power with the consent of councils in case of a prevalence or apprehended prevalence of any contagious or infectious diseases in their borough or township to establish one or more emergency hospitals and to make provisions and regulations for the management of the same

The board shall also have the power to make enforce and cause to be published all necessary rules and regulations for carrying into effect the powers and functions with which they are invested by law and the power and authority relating to the public health conferred on the boroughs and townships of the first class Such rules and regulations when approved by the borough council and burgess or by the township commissioners as the case may be and when advertised in the same manner as other ordinances shall have the force of ordinances of the borough or township respectively and all penalties or punishment prescribed for the violation thereof as well as the expenses actually and necessarily incurred in carrying such rules and regulations into effect shall be recoverable for the use of the borough or township respectively in the same manner as penalties for violation of the ordinances of the borough or township and subject to the like limitations as to the amount thereof

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. McVICAR. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Section 1 line 36 Strike out the words "and such further regulations as the Board may see fit to adopt for the control of communicable disease and the prevention of infections therefrom" and insert in lien thereof after the word "Health" in line 36 the following "and to make and enforce such additional rules and regulations to prevent the introduction and spread of infectious or contagious diseases, by the regulation of intercourse with infected places, by the arrest separation and treatment of infected persons and persons who shall have been exposed to any infectious or contagious disease, and by abating and removing all nuisances which they shall deem prejudicial to the public health; to enforce vaccination, to mark infected houses or places, to prescribe rules for the construction and maintenance of house-drains, wash pipes, soil-pipes, sewer pipes and cesspools, and to make all such other rules and regulations as they shall deem necessary for the preservation of the public health".

Section 1, line 40 Insert after the word "councils" the words: "or township commissioners"

Section 1, line 43 Insert after the words "regulations for the" the words: "maintenance and"

Amend Section 1, line 13, by striking out the second word "the"

Amend Section 1, line 29, by striking out the word "the"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendments?

They were agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The title was read and agreed to as follows:

An Act to amend an act approved the twelfth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act providing for the establishment and maintenance of boards of health in boroughs and townships of the first class and defining their powers and duties providing for the appointment of members of such boards of health by the president of the borough councils or by the chairman of the board of commissioners of such townships providing for the election of a secretary and a health officer providing that the Commissioner of Health may take charge of the administration of health laws in any borough or township of the first class when conditions therein in his opinion constitute a menace to the lives or health of the people living outside the corporate limits of such borough or township of the first class or when it may be known to him that such borough or township of the first class is without an existing or efficient board of health and providing the manner in which the expenses of boards of health or of the Commissioner of Health incurred in administering health laws in any borough or township of the first class shall be paid"

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 109, as follows:

An Act to enable certain boroughs to furnish and supply electric current for power purposes

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from and after the passage of this act all boroughs of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania owning in whole or in part electric light plants for the furnishing and supplying the inhabitants thereof with electric current for lighting purposes may in addition thereto supply electric current for power purposes

Section 2 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 308, as follows:

An Act fixing the fee for marriage licenses

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the clerk of the orphans' court shall be entitled to receive the fee of two dollars for each marriage license issued by him in lieu of the fee now fixed by law

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 150, entitled:

An Act relating to the appointment of persons to the police and fire departments in cities of the third class constituting a civil service board in relation thereto providing for and regulating examinations the manner of appointments and the manner and power of removal of employees of said departmentments and providing a method for fixing compensation of examiners

The first section was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from and after the passage of this act no person or persons may be appointed to any position whatever in the police department engineering department electrical department or the fire department in any city of the third class in this Commonwealth without having first passed all the examinations hereinafter provided for and having been appointed in the manner and according to the terms provisions and conditions of this act

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. WALTON. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend Section 1, line 5 by striking out the word "whaever" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "whatever"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The second section was read as follows:

Section 2 There shall be appointed and constituted in all said cities of the third class a civil service board consisting of three citizens who shall be elected by the city council and who shall serve for four years and until their successors are elected and qualified One of said citizens shall be an educator and one shall be a physician At the first election the city council shall elect one person to serve for two years one person to serve for three years and one person to serve for four years and upon the expiration of the term of any member of said board one persons shall be elected by the city council to serve upon said board for the term of four years If any vacancies occur they shall be filled by the city council for the unexpired term Each of said members before entering upon the duties of his office shall take and subscribe to the oath of office prescribe by the Constitution of Pennsylvania and file the same duly certified by the officer administering it with the controller of the city No salary or other compensation shall be paid to any member of the said board two members of the board shall constitute a quorum necessary for the transaction of business and said boards shall organize under this act for the purpose of transacting all business immediately upon the passage of this act

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. WALTON. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend Section 2, line 22 by striking out the word "boards" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "board"

The third section was read and agreed to as follows:

Section 3 The said board immediately upon organization shall prepare and adopt such rules and regulations to cover the selection and appointment of all persons to be hereafter employed or appointed in each of said departments in said cities of the third class as in the judgment of said board shall be best adapted to securing the best service for the public in each and all of said departments and such rules and regulations shall provide for ascertaining and determining so far as possible the physical qualifications habits reputation standing experience and education of all applicants for such positions respectively and they shall provide for examinations upon any and all subjects

deemed proper or necessary by said board for the purpose of determining their qualifications for the position sought and applied for

The fourth section was read as follows:

Section 4 Said board shall make and keep in numerical order a list containing the names of all applicants for positions in each of said several departments who may pass the required mental and physical examinations and shall furnish the council a certified copy of any and all lists so prepared and kept whenever any vacancy shall occur or appointment be required in any of said departments the council shall make written application to the president of said board who shall forthwith certify to it in writing the first three names on the list of applicants for positions in the designated department and the council shall immediately fill the necessary appointment from the three said names submitted to it by selecting one of the three said names and assigning the person whose name is so selected for service in the designated department The name of the person so appointed shall be immediately stricken from the list of said board and the names of the two rejected persons shall immediately be restored to their former place on said list

On the question,
Will the House agree to the Section?

Mr. WALTON. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend Section 4, line 4 by inserting after the word "examinations" the words: "Where more than one person takes examinations for any of said positions at the same time, those successfully passing such examinations shall be entered upon the list of eligible names in the order of their respective percentages, the highest coming first."

Amend Section 4, line 7 by striking out the word "council" and inserting in lieu thereof the words, "superintendent of such department."

Amend Section 4, line 9 by striking out the word "it" and inserting in lieu thereof the words, "such superintendent."

Amend Section 4, line 11 by inserting after the word "department" the words, "and thereupon the superintendent of such department shall nominate to the city council one of the three persons whose names are submitted to fill such position.

Amend Section 4, lines 11, 12, 13, 14 and 15 by striking out the words, "the council shall immediately fill the necessary appointment from said three names submitted to it by selecting one of the three said names and assigning the person whose name is so selected,," and inserting in lieu thereof the words, "if the city council approve such nomination, the person nominated shall be appointed to fill such vacancy and shall be assigned."

Amend Section 4, line 15 by inserting after the word "department" the words, "if the council do not approve such nomination, then the superintendent of such department shall submit another nomination for such position from the remaining two names, and if such nomination is not approved by the council, he shall submit the third name; and the person, of the three submitted, whose nomination by the superintendent is approved by the city council, shall be appointed to fill such position and shall be assigned to the designated departmnet."

On the question,
Will the House agree to the amendments?
They were agreed to.
On the question,
Will the House agree to the section as amended?
It was agreed to.

The fifth, sixth, seventh and eighth sections were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 5 The provisions of this act shall apply to all employes of said several departments and all appointments made under the provisions of this act shall be for and during good behavior and no employe shall be removed or transferred for any political reasons whatever Provided further however That among those persons possessing equal qualifications and eligibility for appointment preference in appointment shall be given to volunteer fireman for positions in the fire department and honorably discharged sailors and soldiers who served in the navy or army of the United States during the time of war provided further That if the preference hereby provided for be for any reason inavlid all other provisions of this act shall remain in force with like effect as if said preference had not been contained therein it being the intention of the Legislature not to make the other provisions of this act dependent upon the validity of said preference And provided further That all persons holding appointments in said several departments of said cities at the time this act goes into effect shall remain in office without being required to pass examinations and be removed only in accordance with the provisions of this act Provided further That in cases of riot or emergency temporary appointments in the said departments may be made without complying with the provisions of this act

Section 6 All employes of said several departments shall be subject to suspension by the superintendent of the department to which they are severally assigned for misconduct or violation of any law of this Commonwealth any ordinance of the city or regulation of the department in which they are respectively serving pending action by the city council upon the charges made against any such employes and on hearing before the city council where they may be represented by counsel they may be fined suspended or discharged by the city council if found guilty of the charges made against them

Section 7 The said civil service board may appoint a secretary and prescribe his duties He shall be subject to removal at any time by the board and the board shall have power to change his duties The compensation to be paid said secretary provided for by this act and all necessary stationery and supplies for said board shall be such as councils shall by ordinance direct

Section 8 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith be and the same are hereby repealed

The title was read as follows:

An Act relating to the appointment of persons to the police and fire departments in cities of the third class constituting a civil service board in relation thereto providing for and regulating examinations the manner of appointments and the manner and power of removal of employes of said departments and providing a method for fixing compensation of examiners

On the question,
Will the House agree to the title?

Mr. WALTON. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend title, line 1, by inserting after the word "police" the words, "engineering, electrical."

Amend title last line, by striking out the word "examiners" and inserting in lieu thereof the words, "a secretary."

On the question,
Will the House agree to the amendments?
They were agreed to.
On the question,
Will the House agree to the title as amended?
It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

SENATE MESSAGE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, presented extracts from the Journal of the Senate which were laid upon the table.

The SPEAKER. The Chair will entertain a motion to take a recess until 4.30 this afternoon.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, what is the object of taking a recess? It is going to interfere with several of our committee appointments.

The SPEAKER. The Chair is informed that there are a good many reports to be gotten in and that the bills on third reading that were not on file this morning will be taken up.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I do not think that we will gain any time whatever by cutting into our afternoon committee work, because I think we will have plenty of time tomorrow to handle whatever legislation will be on the calendar on either third or second reading.

The SPEAKER. The Chair would inform the gentleman that to-night the Hall of the House will be in use.

Mr. BALDWIN. My own judgment is that we can very easily tomorrow handle all bills that will be on the calendar. I suppose we could get some first readings through this evening. However, I am agreeable.

The SPEAKER. If the Gentleman desires, it can be made five o'clock.

RECESS.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker. I move that the House do now take a recess until 5 o'clock this afternoon.

Mr. HEYBURN. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

AFTER RECESS.

The House reconvened at 5 o'clock P. M.

Speaker (Charles A. Ambler) in the Chair.

The Speaker asked and received unanimous consent to refer the following bills.

BILLS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED.

By Mr. SWARTZ. House Bill No. 649.

An Act defining public service companies; and providing for their regulation by prescribing and defining their duties and liabilities; prescribing, defining and limiting their powers, and regulating their incorporation; creating and establishing a public service bureau in the Department of Internal Affairs of Pennsylvania for the regulation thereof; prescribing and defining the powers and duties of such bureau and its officers including the exclusive power to regulate the construction alteration relocation, or abolition of the crossings of railroad corporations, street railway corporations, or other public service companies, and of public highways by the tracks or other facilities of said companies, providing for the ascertainment by the bureau of the expense and damages resulting from such construction, alteration, relocation. or abolition and for the payment of such expense and damages, severally or propor-

tionately, by the public service companies interested, the State, or municipal corporation concerned, and giving persons whose property is thereby taken, injured, or destroyed, authority to sue the Commonwealth for damages in such cases; providing for the terms, salaries, and compensations of the members of the bureau, its officers, counsel, and employes; prescribing and regulating the practice and procedure before such bureau, and upon appeal and judicial review of its orders and determinations by the courts of common pleas; and giving the court of common pleas of Dauphin County exclusive jurisdiction of such appeals in certain cases, and of all injunctions, mandamus, or other appropriate proceedings to enforce the provisions of this act and the orders of the bureau, and to restrain such orders, subject to an appeal to the Supreme Court; prescribing penalties, fines, and imprisonment for the violation of the provisions of this act and for the violation of orders of said bureau; making it the duty of the Public Service Bureau to enforce the provisions of the act approved the nineteenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred and eleven, entitled "An Act to promote the safety of travelers and employes on railroads, by compelling common carriers by railroad to properly man their trains," by amending section nine thereof; repealing the act approved the twenty-sixth day of July, one thousand nine hundred and thirteen, which provided for the creating and establishing of the Public Service Commission, and the act approved the thirty-first day of May, one thousand nine hundred and seven, which provided for the appointment of the Pennsylvania State Railroad Commission; and sections one and two of the act, approved the fourth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three, entitled "An Act to enforce the provisions of the seventeenth article of the Constitution, relative to railroads and canals;" and an act entitled "To provide the maximum car service charges, including car storage charges, that railroad companies and coroporations or associations, may charge and collect on each car loading, and not unloading within the free time for unloading cars, and fixing the free time that shall be allowed for unloading cars," approved twenty-fourth day of May, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven; and the provise of clause three and the provisos of clause seven of section thirty-four of the act, entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations," approved the twenty-ninth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, and all other legislation inconsistent with or supplied by this act.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. BECKER. House Bill No. 650.

An Act making an appropriation to the State Hospital of Coaldale, Schuylkill County, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. GEARY. House Bill No. 651.

An Act to provide for the erection of a monument and memorial tablets to Battery F, Ind. Penna. Artillery (known as the Hampton Battery) on the Battlefield of Antietam, and the dedication of the same, and of the expenses of the Commission appointed to select supervise and erect the same, and the transportation of the survivors of said command to and from said battlefield.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. GEARY. House Bill No. 652.

An Act to provide for the erection of a monument and memorial tablets to Battery F, Ind. Pennsylvania Artillery (known as the Hampton Battery) on the Battlefield of Chancellorsville, and the dedication of the same, and of the expenses of the commission appointed to select, supervise and erect the same, and the transportation of the survivors of said command to and from said battlefield.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. WILLARD. House Bill No. 653.

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to provide for state registration of nurses to establish a State Board of Examiners in connection therewith and to provide penalties for the violation of certain provisions regarding such registration," approved the 1st day of May, one thousand nine hundred and nine, providing further regulation as to applications therefor, and providing for the making of reports of training schools for nurses whose competency for instruction is approved by the said board.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. MELLOTT. House Bill No. 654.

An Act providing for a system of constructing county bridges at the joint expense of the county and the Commonwealth.

Referred to the Committee on Public Roads.

By Mr. McNICHOL. House Bill No. 655.

An Act making an appropriation to the National Farm School at Doylestown.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. HUBLER. House Bill No. 656.

An Act to amend section two thousand six hundred and twenty-three of an act approved the eighteenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred and eleven, entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, together with the provisions by which it shall be administered, and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof; providing revenue to establish and maintain the same, and the method of collecting such revenue; and repealing all laws, general, special, or local, or any parts thereof, that are or may be inconsistent therewith," as amended by section two of an act approved the fifth day of June, one thousand nine hundred and thirteen, entitled "An Act to amend an act approved the eighteenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred and eleven, entitled 'An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, together with the provisions by which it shall be administered, and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof; providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue; and repealing all laws, general, special, or local, or any parts thereof, that are or may be inconsistent therewith.'"

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Mr. HUBLER. House Bill No. 657.

An Act to amend section two of an act, entitled "An Act relating to the settlement and audit of the accounts of all officers, elected or appointed, of boroughs, townships, poor districts, and school districts; prescribing the time for such settlement and audits, for the matters to be contained in the report of settlement and audit, for the filing of said report in the office of the clerk of quarter sessions, and for appeals to the court of common pleas and Superior and Supreme Courts," by more specifically defining the duties of auditors in regard to the report of settlement and audit.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Local.

By Mr. MYERS. House Bill No. 658.

An Act transferring from certain funds to another certain moneys appropriated to the State Livestock Sanitary Board.

Referred to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

By Mr. MURDOCH. House Bill No. 659.

An Act making an appropriation to the McKeesport Hospital, McKeesport, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. STEIN. House Bill No. 660.

An Act to prohibit experiments upon living dogs and providing a penalty for the violation thereof.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. STEIN. House Bill No. 661.

An Act to prohibit experiments upon sentient animals and providing a penalty for violation thereof.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. STEIN. House Bill No. 662.

An Act to protect all persons in their equal rights, regardless of race, color or creed in places of public accommodation, entertainment or amusement, and providing penalty for violation of the same.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. STEIN. House Bill No. 663.

An Act to repeal an act entitled "An Act regulating the exhibiting or using of moving pictures and stereopticon views; providing for and regulating the examination and approval of moving picture films, or reels and stereopticon views; and fixing penalties for the violation of this act," approved June 19, 1911.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. WALTON. House Bill No. 664.

An Act prohibiting minors from entering places where intoxicating liquors are sold and prohibiting persons from inducing minors to enter such places.

Referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

By Mr. WALTON. House Bill No. 665.

A Joint Resolution directing the publication of the pamphlet containing the Game, Fish and Forestry Laws.

Referred to the Committee on Game.

By Mr. MYERS. House Bill No. 666.

An Act requiring banks, trust companies, and savings associations, doing business within this Commonwealth, to make quarterly returns to the County Commissioners of the county in which they transact business of all moneys on deposit drawing interest, showing name and post-office address of depositor, providing a fee for making said return, and imposing a penalty for failure to make return.

Referred to the Committee on Banks.

By Mr. MYERS. House Bill No. 667.

An Act for the creation and appointment of two assistant officers to the Chief of the Department of Mines; defining their qualifications, authority and duties; fixing their offices, salaries, official expenses and providing for them counsel learned in the law with remuneration therefor; and making provisions, also, for an increase in the salaries of the Chief of the Department of Mines, his deputy, and the several mine inspectors of the State, granting them the same time additional powers.

Referred to the Committee on Mines and Mining.

By Mr. MANGAN. House Bill No. 668.

An Act empowering cities of the second class to charge toll or rental for the use of bridges owned or controlled by said cities.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

By Mr. WHITTEN. House Bill No. 669.

An Act making an appropriation to the Boys' Industrial Home of Western Pennsylvania, located at Oakdale, Allegheny County.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. HEYBURN. House Bill No. 670.

An Act making an appropriation to the Glen Mills Schools situated in the Eastern District of the Commonwealth to defray the expenses of erecting and furnishing an additional cottage, a school house, for the enlargement and improvement of the sewage disposal plant and for the purchase and improvement of additional land in connection with the Girls Department and to defray the expenses of an extension of the sewage, water and electric light for the new hospital and for a new fire escape for the Assembly Room in connection with the Boys Department.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. WILDMAN. House Bill No. 671.

An Act making an appropriation to the Board of Commissioners of Public Grounds and Buildings for the completion of a new main building authorized by an act approved the twenty-fifth day of July, one thousand nine hundred and thirteen; for the construction of a retaining wall and the construction of improved driveways on the State Arsenal Grounds, Harrisburg, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. WILDMAN. House Bill No. 672.

An Act making an appropriation to Henry C. Mercer in payment for tiling furnished by him to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, and now in place in the Treasury Department of the Capitol Building.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. WILDMAN. House Bill No. 673.

An Act making an appropriation to Pierce Rettew for additional work imposed upon him in packing and shipping the annual report of the Department of Health for the year one thousand nine hundred and nine.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. KITTS. House Bill No. 680.

An Act relative to estates of decedents.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

By Mr. MILLIRON. House Bill No. 681.

An Act providing for the administration by county commissioners in certain counties of the provisions of an Act approved the twenty-ninth day of April, one thousand nine hundred and thirteen, entitled "An Act applicable to all counties of this Commonwealth, to provide monthly payments, as approved by the trustees, to indigent, widowed, or abandoned mothers, for partial support of their children in their own homes. The manner of appointment of the trustees; the administration of the trust; amount of appropriations, proportioning appropriations, co-ordinate appropriations; amounts to be paid, form of records, eligibility, penalties, and reports, as set forth," and limiting the expense thereof.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. KAISER. House Bill No. 682.

An Act making an appropriation to the Woods Run Settlement Association, Petosky Street, North Side, Pittsburgh, Allegheny County, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. WEST. House Bill No. 683.

An Act making an appropriation to the Trustees of the State Hospital for the Insane at Danville, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. KITTS. House Bill No. 684.

An Act to amend an act approved the first day of May, one thousand nine hundred seven, entitled "An Act relating to the appointment of stenographers and assistant stenographers to report proceedings in the several courts of common pleas, and orphans' courts of oyer and terminer and general jail delivery, and courts of quarter sessions of the peace, of this Commonwealth, as well as before commissioners, examiners, auditors, and other officers; prescribing their powers and duties, and when such reports shall be evidence of the facts reported; prescribing their compensation and allowances for expenses, when the same shall be paid by the county wherein such stenographers or assistant stenographers are employed, and when by the parties to such proceedings; and repealing an act, entitled 'An Act directing the appointment of official stenographers in the several civil courts of this Commonwealth; authorizing the appointment of stenographers by examiners, masters, referees, commissioners, and auditors; authorizing the appointment of assistant stenographers; repealing "An Act to authorize the appointment of stenographers in the several courts of this Commonwealth, prescribing their duties and fixing their compensation," approved May fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four; repealing "An Act to authorize the appointment of stenographers in the several courts of this Commonwealth, prescribing their duties and fixing theis compensation," approved May eighth, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-six, and repealing "An Act defining the duty of court stenographers in the several counties in this State," approved June tenth, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one approved the twenty-fourth day of May, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven; but such repeal not to revive any law repealed by the said act of twenty-fourth of May, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven."

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

By Mr. DODDS. House Bill No. 685.

An Act providing that any person, firm or corporation operating street cars on the public streets and highways of Pennsylvania shall have the cars in use equipped with efficient air brakes for their control and providing penalties for the violation of this Act.

Referred to the Committee on Public Roads.

By Mr. DODDS. House Bill No. 686.

An Act providing that it shall be unlawful for any person or persons, firm or corporation to have in use upon public streets, alleys and highways of the State of Pennsylvania, between the hours of sunset and sunrise, any vehicle or vehicles, without being equipped with lights that can be observed from the front, rear and sides of said vehicle, and providing penalties for the violation of this act.

Referred to the Committee on Public Roads.

By Mr. FLYNN. House Bill No. 687.

An Act to amend an act approved the ninth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one, entitled "An Act authorizing companies, incorporated under the laws

of any other state, of the United States for the manufacture of any form of iron, steel or glass, to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments, and to take, have and hold real estate necessary and proper for manufacturing purposes," as amended; by extending the same to companies incorporated for the purpose of the manufacture and sale of explosives.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

By Mr. SPANGLER. House Bill No. 688.

An Act making an appropriation to the Messiah Orphanage of Monoghan Township, York County, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. SPANGLER. House Bill No. 689.

An Act establishing in York County a certain section of public road as a "State Highway."

Referred to the Committee on Public Roads.

By Mr. McNICHOL. House Bill No. 690.

An Act making an appropriation to the Mercy Hospital and School for Nurses, in the City of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. LAULER. House Bill No. 691.

An Act making an appropriation to the Gettysburg Battlefield Memorial Commission for various purposes.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. GARNER. House Bill No. 692.

An Act making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Hospital for Injured Persons of the Anthracite Coal Region of Pennsylvania, at Fountain Springs, near Ashland, Schuylkill County, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. STEIN. House Bill No. 697.

An Act to amend an act approved the fourth day of April, one thousand nine hundred and one, entitled "An Act fixing the term of office of notaries public, regulating the appointment, and prescribing certain duties thereof."

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. STEIN. House Bill No. 698.

An Act making an appropriation to the Duquesne University of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

SENATE BILLS FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced presented for concurrence bills numbered and entitled as follows:

Senate Bill No. 162 (House Bill No. 674).

An Act providing for the establishment regulation and maintenance by the Board of Game Commissioners of State Game Preserves on the Forestry Reservations and elsewhere and providing penalties for violation of this act.

Referred to the Committee on Game.

Senate Bill No. 161 (House Bill No. 675).

An Act relating to the acquisitions and holding of property real and personal by any literary scientific educational religious charitable benevolent or beneficial society church congregation association or body whether incorporated or unincorporated or any trustee or trustees of any trust for charitable or benevolent objects or purposes and providing for the increase of the amount of such property which may thus be acquired and held and a method of procedure for obtaining the right to such increase.

Referred to the Committee on Corporations.

Senate Bill No. 153 (House Bill No. 676).

An Act to establish and regulate the fees to be charged and collected by sheriffs in counties of this Commonwealth having a population of not less than five hundred thousand nor more than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants as computed by the last preceding United States census the time and manner in which said fees shall be paid the publication and posting of said fees the delivery of an itemized receipt for official fees and legal costs received and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

Senate Bill No. 112 (House Bill No. 677).

An Act to amend the first section of an act entitled "An Act to encourage county historical societies" approved the twenty-first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one so as to provide that the Commissioners' board in counties where the population exceeds one million may appropriate a sum not exceeding one thousand dollars annually to the chief historical society in said county

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

Senate Bill No. 111 (House Bill No. 678).

An Act authorizing cities of the first and second classes to appropriate city funds for the maintenance of historical societies

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

Senate Bill No. 92 (House Bill No. 679).

An Act requiring certain petitions and papers to be verified before being considered by the court.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Senate Bill No. 172 (House Bill No. 693).

An Act amending the act approved the ninth day of April one thousand eight hundred sixty-two entitled "An Act to authorize the erection of a poor house by the borough of Dunmore borough of Scranton and township of Providence in the county of Luzerne" as amended by an act approved the twenty-second day of April one thousand eight hundred seventy-nine entitled "A Supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to authorize the erection of a poor house by the borough of Dunmore borough of Scranton and township of Providence in the county of Luzerne' approved April ninth eighteen hundred and sixty-two" by defining the Scranton poor district providing for the election of the poor board therein defining the powers and duties of such board and abolishing the present office of poor directors.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Local.

Senate Bill No. 180 (House Bill No. 694).

An Act to amend the first second and third sections of an act approved the eighteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act authorizing any county and city in any county in which the county seat is within the limits of such city to erect a joint county and municipal building providing for the condition under which such building may be erected and for the ownership thereof providing for the selection of a site for said building and authorizing said county and city to make a sale or exchange of properties under certain conditions for the purpose of securing such site authorizing the acquisition of additional property for such building by purchase or condemnation and authorizing the county to issue bonds in payment of any indebtedness incurred for its share of the cost of such building and land by conferring upon such county and city additional powers relating to the design construction use administration operation and maintenance of such joint county and municipal building and also if deemed advisable for an independent power plant in connection therewith.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

Senate Bill No. 179 (House Bill No. 695).

An Act empowering cities of the second class to construct and maintain street railway tracks and equipment for the operation of street cars and to lease said tracks and equipment upon payment of a reasonable rental to persons or corporations desiring to use the same for the operation of street cars.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

Senate Bill No. 181 (House Bill No. 696).

An Act authorizing and empowering municipalities to construct and for this purpose to procure locations therefor by purchase or condemnation proceedings in fee simple as herein provided or to acquire by lease or purchase and to maintain and operate underground street passenger railways or subways whether the same be wholly within or partly within and partly without the limits of the municipality and also street passenger railways or elevated railways connecting therewith or exchanging passengers with said underground street railway and to lease the underground street railway and any surface or elevated street railway connecting therewith to corporations or individuals with the right in the municipalities to charge an additional sum for each passenger using the subway to meet the interest and sinking fund charges on the cost of the subway and conferring upon said municipalities all the rights and powers conferred upon corporations under the act of June seventh one thousand nine hundred and one entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and government of passenger railways either elevated or underground or partly elevated and partly underground with surface rights (Pamphlet Laws five hundred and twenty-three) and supplements and amendments thereto."

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

HOUSE BILL CONCURRED IN BY SENATE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced returned bill from the House of Representatives number and entitled as follows:

House Bill No. 66.

An Act making a deficiency appropriation to the Trustees of Temple University

with the information that the Senate had passed the same without amendment.

RESOLUTION RELATIVE TO THE DEATH OF HONORABLE WILLIAM U. HENSEL.

Mr. Geiser asked and received unanimous consent to present the following resolution, which was read by the Clerk:

Be it resolved by the House of Representatives of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in the death of Hon. William U. Hensel, former Attorney General of this Commonwealth, another great citizen of Pennsylvania has been taken away, and be it further

Resolved, In the taking away of William U. Hensel this State has been deprived of the presence of a most charming personality, a man of integrity of the highest degree, a man of eloquence, of unusual literary ability, a man deeply learned in the law and a fellow citizen who ever held this Commonwealth in the greatest love and reverence, and whose ethical standards were ever of the highest nature, and be it further

Resolved, Inasmuch as Pennsylvania has been bereft of one who at one time filled one of the highest and most difficult and trying offices in the State, it is but fitting that this body should publicly evince some token of the great respect and esteem in which he was held by his fellow citizens; therefore be it

Resolved, That when this House adjourns this week it adjourn in memory of the late William U. Hensel former Attorney General of Pennsylvania, and be it

Resolved, That a copy of this resolution be spread upon the Journal of the House, and a copy thereof be sent to the family of the deceased.

Mr. GEISER. Mr. Speaker, I move that this resolution be adopted at once.

Mr. HESS. Mr. Speaker, and members of the House, it is with deep regret and sadness that I arise to second this motion. In the death of William Uhler Hensel, Lancaster has lost its foremost citizen and the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania one of its most worthy sons. He brought to the field of his various activities a strong body and a vigorous mind. As an editor he proved to be one of the most versatile of the men of letters. His contributions to the literature of his day reflect a scope of vision that makes the reason for his greatness plain. His great soul dwelt on the borderland of the infinite and as he caught glimpses of the larger life beyond he sketched them with his pen that they might serve as beacon lights to guide his fellow men along life's way. As a lawyer he was a leader not only of the bar of Pennsylvania, but of the Union. His general learning and his professional ability deserved and received the respect and the admiration of all who knew him. His genial personality won for him the love of all who knew him well. As Attorney General he reflected lustre upon the office and established an ideal that his successors can be proud to follow. As an historian his great heart found its best expression. His busy life was not permitted to crowd out the opportunities he sought to study the characters of those who have gone before and whose efforts have made this Commonwealth what it is, and his home county and the State at large can well be proud of the numerous shafts and tablets that mark the surging tide of history as Quaker and Mennonite and Scotch Irish coped with the antagonism of a wilderness to make of it a "Land of Flowers." But the richness of his life becomes more apparent as we study him as a man. Of him it can well be said that he was a true friend and that to know him was to love him. From the grind of a busy professional life he would frequently turn aside to extend to a fallen friend a strong arm, and much of the joy of his life was won by sharing his great strength with his weaker fellow men. At no time was the beauty of his strength more pronounced than in the quiet, patient. resignation, as he saw the forces of decay steal ruthlessly upon him, and when the end was near he bowed his head in patient submission to the will of Him, "who doeth all things well."

William Uhler Hensel is dead, but his eloquence and influence still lives. England has had her Gladstone; Ireland has had her O'Connell, and Lancaster has had her Hensel.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the adoption of the resolution?

It was unanimously agreed to.

RESOLUTION NO. 7.

Mr. WOODWARD. Mr. Speaker, I desire to call up Resolution No. 7 at this time.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the resolution

The Clerk then twice read the resolution which was agreed to, as follows:

Authorizing the appointment of a commission to investigate charges against charitable institutions and vesting certain powers in the commission

Whereas Grave criticism has been directed in the public prints of recent date against the management of certain charitable institutions and

Whereas The allegations are directed inter alia against institutions to which the Commonwealth biennially appropriates large sums of money and

Whereas It would be highly improper were such charges to be ignored and the grave danger run of giving state funds to institutions that would make a wrong use of them and

Whereas It is incumbent on the appropriation committee of each branch of the General Assembly to eliminate the undeserving applicants for state aid therefore

Be it resolved (If the Senate concur) That a joint commission is hereby established whose duty it shall be to investigate thoroughly all charges appearing in the public prints recently against institutions of the state and those receiving state aid and to report therein in writing as soon as practicable at this session of the General Assembly

The commission shall consist of the chairman of the appropriation committee of the Senate and the House and of five members from each appropriation committee as may be selected by the respective chairman

The commission is hereby given authority to issue subpoenas and to compel the attendance and testimony of persons and the production of books and papers The subpoenas shall be served by the sergeant-at-arms of the House

Any members of the committee shall have power to administer oaths or affirmations in any matter under consideration by the committee

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

RESOLUTION NO. 6.

Mr. CROMER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to call up Resolution No. 6, file folio 1679, at this time.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the Resolution.

The Clerk then twice read the Resolution as follows:

Fixing last day for presentation of bills

Be it resolved that Wednesday March seventeenth one thousand nine hundred and fifteen be fixed as the last day for the introduction of bills in this House for passage at this session

On the question,

Will the House agree to the Resolution?

Mr. CROMER. Mr. Speaker, my object in presenting this resolution to the House is to expedite its business, believing that if all the bills that will be considered at this session are in by the 17th of March that we may reasonably hope for adjournment about the middle or at least in the last week of April. We have been in session for two months and have not accomplished as much as we might. I also desire to gently and politely remind the Senate that the General Assembly of Pennsylvania convenes at Harrisburg, Pennsylvania, and not in Atlantic City nor San Lucia, Florida. Mr. Speaker, I wish to state further that you have no doubt observed that this House is composed almost entirely of business and professional men who are neglecting their business or their practice. as the case may be. to serve this Commonwealth, and we earnestly hope that the business of this session may be concluded as speedily as possible. I understand further that this resolution may embarrass the administration and as I have no desire to embarrass the administration or any member of the House, and to prove that I have no such desire and that I don't mean to do anything that is detrimental to the public and, therefore, say that I am in favor, Sir, that this resolution be referred to the Committee on Rules and I make that as a motion.

Mr. RONEY. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I suggest that the Committee on Rules make it a concurrent resolution, if they are going to report it out. It will not have any force unless they do.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the motion?

It was agreed to.

REPORT OF MOTHER'S PENSION FUND OF BEAVER COUNTY.

The SPEAKER laid before the House the report of the Mother's Pension Fund in Beaver County which was ordered to be noted on the journal and printed at length in the Appendix.

(See Appendix.)

RECONSIDERATION OF VOTE.

Mr. DUNN. Mr. Speaker, I move that the vote by which House Bill No. 232, file folio 349, entitled:

An Act to amend section one thousand seven hundred and fifteen of article seventeen of an act approved the eighteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith" relating to the power to confer academic degrees honorary or otherwise and extending the same to all schools of similar grade in school districts of the first class

passed the House on third reading be reconsidered.

Mr. VOGDES. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. DUNN. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to offer an amendment at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The Clerk then read the amendment as follows:

Amend Section 1 by striking out lines 29 to 44 both inclusive and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "Section 1715. The Board of Public Education or school directors of each school district shall have and possess the power to confer academic degrees in arts and science upon students in any public high school in any school district under whatever name or title such school may be designated, and the same and like power to confer degrees, honorary and otherwise, which is possessed by any educational institution in Pennsylvania, and it shall be the duty of such Board to establish and maintain in one or more convenient places in any school district, open to all residents of such school district who are qualified therefor, advanced courses of study of such length and character as may fully prepare the students therein to receive the degree of Bachelor of Arts or Bachelor of Science and to confer said degree upon each student who successfully completes the course prescribed therefor."

The SPEAKER. Will the House give its unanimous consent to the insertion of the amendment? Is there any objection? The Chair hears none and the amendment will be inserted in accordance with the instruction of the House.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading as amended?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended lie over for printing.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. CROMER, from the Committee on Education, reported as committed, House Bill No. 611, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the eighteenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred eleven, entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, together with the provisions by which it shall be administered, and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof; providing revenue to establish and maintain the same, and the method of collecting such revenue; and repealing all laws, general, special or local, or any parts thereof, that are or may be inconsistent therewith."

Mr. FORSTER, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 393, entitled:

An Act relating to the powers, duties, and fees of coroners and their officers or assistants.

Mr. WALTON, from the Committee on Municipal Corporations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 268, entitled:

An Act to amend section one of article eight of the act entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation, regulation and government of cities of the third class; regulating nomination and election of municipal officers therein; and repealing, consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto," approved the twenty-seventh day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirteen.

Mr. NISSLEY, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 513, entitled:

An Act relating to the satisfaction of mortgages under power of attorney directed to the recorder of deeds.

Mr. WOBENSMITH, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed, House Bill No. 482, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the fourteenth day of April, one thousand nine hundred and three, entitled "An Act for the creation and government of a division of the State Library for the preservation of public records by establishing the office of supervisor of public records with general supervision over the care and custody and condition of public records of the several counties, cities and boroughs of this Commonwealth.

Mr. WOBENSMITH, for the Committee on Printing, reported as amended, House Bill No. 486, entitled:

An Act relating to publication of notices required by the Constitution and laws of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in newspapers in said Commonwealth.

Mr. BROSIUS, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 536, entitled:

An Act concerning the relations between attorney and client on suit being brought in any court of this Commonwealth and providing that the attorney shall have a lien for his compensation for his services upon the client's cause of action, claim or counter-claim which shall attach to any award, order, report, decision, compromise, settlement, verdict or judgment in the client's favor and the proceeds thereof in whosoever hands the same may be and which lien shall not be affected or defeated by any compromise or settlement between the parties before or after judgment.

Mr. FRUIT, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 432, entitled:

An Act relating to the administration of the estate of an intestate decedent.

Mr. EHRHARDT, from the Committee on Municipal Corporations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 622, entitled:

An Act fixing a method of adjusting boundary lines of municipalities and townships.

Mr. BAKER, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as amended, House Bill No. 430, entitled:

An Act making county commissioners overseers of the poor in certain counties and regulating their compensation and expenses.

Mr. CONNER, from the Committee on Printing, reported as committed, House Bill No. 515, entitled:

An Act requiring all public printing and the processes used in doing such printing to be done within the territorial limits of this Commonwealth.

Mr. HUBLER, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 317, entitled:

An Act to repeal an act, approved the twenty-sixth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three, entitled "An Act relative to the eligibility of candidates for the office of district attorney."

Mr. GREENWOOD, from the Committee on Law and Order, reported as committed, House Bill No. 476, entitled:

An Act regulating the sale of vinous, spirituous, malt and brewed liquors and admixtures thereof, by limiting the hours during which said vinous, spirituous, malt and brewed liquors may be sold, and providing a penalty for violation thereof.

Mr. WHITAKER, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as amended, House Bill No. 530, entitled:

An Act supplementary to an act entitled "An Act defining the powers of the several courts of quarter sessions of the peace within this Commonwealth with reference to the care, treatment and control of dependent, neglected, incorrigible and neglected children under the age of sixteen years, and providing for the means in which such power may be exercised", approved April twenty-three, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and three; conferring power upon the judge or judges who are from time to time assigned to the session of said court, known as the juvenile court, to establish compulsory physical and mental examinations of all children who come within the custody or control of the said juvenile court, defining the purpose, method and extent of such examination and the character and use of the reports of examining physicians, designating the time and place of, and authorizing the necessary equipment for such examinations, and providing for the installation of said equipment and payment therefor, and for the appointment and compensation of examining physicians and assistants for the said work.

Mr. WHITAKER, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as amended, House Bill No. 529, entitled:

An Act supplementary to an act entitled "An Act regulating the confinement of children under the age of sixteen years awaiting trial", approved the third day of April one thousand nine hundred and three, providing for the separation of dependent and neglected children from in-

corrigible and delinquent children in places of detention of minors in the custody of the Juvenile Courts of the several counties.

Mr. SWAN, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed, House Bill No. 548, entitled:

An Act amending the fourth section of an act, approved April 23rd, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred three, entitled, "An Act defining the powers of the several courts of quarter sessions of the peace, within this Commonwealth, with reference to the care,, treatment and control of dependant, neglected, incorrigible and delinquent children, under the age of sixteen years and providing for the means in which such power may be exercised", and amending this sixth section of the said act as amended by the first section of an act approved the first day of June, Anno Domini, one thousand nine hundred eleven, entitled "An Act to amend the sixth section of an act approved April 23rd, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred three, entitled 'An Act defining the powers of the several courts of quarter sessions of the peace, within this Commonwealth with reference to the care, treatment and control of dependant, neglected,. incorrigible and delinquent children under the age of sixteen years of age and providing for the means in which such power may be exercised, by providing that the court may direct that the board of such children be paid by the proper county", by providing that the court may direct that the clothing of said children be paid for by the proper county.

Mr. WALTER, from the Committee on Education, reported as committed, House Bill No. 230, entitled:

An Act to amend an act, approved the eighteenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred eleven, entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, together with the provisions by which it shall be administered, and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof; providing revenue to establish and maintain the same, and the method of collecting such revenue; and repealing all laws, general, special or local, or any parts thereof, that are or may be inconsistent therewith."

Mr. GLENN, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as amended, House Bill No. 543, entitled:

An Act to amend an act, approved the ninth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eleven, entitled "An Act to provide for the appointment of deputy prothonotaries in counties of this Commonwealth having a population of more than two hundred and fifty thousand and less than a million, and defining their qualifications, powers and salary."

Mr. BAUERLE, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed, House Bill No. 540, entitled:

An Act to amend the second section of an act entitled "An Act to establish an intermediate court of appeals; regulating its constitution, officers, jurisdiction, powers, practice and its relation to the Supreme Court and other courts; providing for the reports of its decision, the compensation of the judges and other officers, and the practice and cost on appeals from its judgments," approved the twenty-fourth day of June, A. D. 1895.

Mr. LEE SMITH, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 464, entitled:

An Act relating to balloons and imposing a penalty.

Mr. STERN, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as amended, House Bill No. 351, entitled:

An Act relating to juvenile offenders and regulating their detention and trial.

Mr. VICKERMAN, from the Committee on Eudcation, reported as committed, House Bill No. 547, entitled:

An Act requiring counties now or hereafter containing a population of not less than seven hundred and fifty thousand, and not more than one million two hundred thousand inhabitants, to establish and maintain schools for the care and education of female children under the jurisdiction of the juvenile courts, and conferring the powers and regulating the proceedings for the establishment, maintenance and management thereof.

Mr. STEIN, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 494 (Senate Bill No. 30), entitled:

An Act amending section seven of an act entitled "An Act to establish a county court for the county of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof" approved the fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven as amended by changing the practice in desertion and non-support cases.

Mr. WHITAKER, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed (Senate Bill No. 27) House Bill No. 498, entitled:

A further supplement to an act entitled "An Act to establish a county court for the county of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof" approved the fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven constituting the said court the juvenile court of said county and prescribing its organization jurisdiction and powers therein and otherwise.

Mr. STEIN, from the Committe on Judiciary General, reported as committed (Senate Bill No. 29) House Bill No. 495, entitled:

An Act amending sections eight and nine of an act entitled "An Act to establish a county court for the county of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof" approved the fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven as amended by changing the practice of the court with regard to trial by jury and by providing that appeals from the judgment of the court in all civil actions shall be taken by leave of the court of common pleas and prescribing the practice and the powers of the court of common pleas in such cases.

Mr. WALTER, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed (Senate Bill No. 21) House Bill No. 348, entitled:

An Act to validate deeds mortgages and other instruments of writing which have been defectively acknowledged by husband and wife prior to the fourth day of January one thousand nine hundred and fifteen.

Mr. McVICAR, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as amended (Senate Bill No. 36) House Bill No. 497, entitled:

An Act authorizing the surrender and delivery of mortgages and writings obligatory secured thereby given to the Commonwealth and the satisfaction of the record thereof when full payment has been made.

Mr. KITTS, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, (Senate Bill No. 2) House Bill No. 350, entitled:

An Act to amend the first section of an act approved the twenty-eighth day of March one thousand eight hundred and twenty entitled "An Act relative to mortgages" by requiring purchase money mortgages to be recorded within ten days in order to have priority of lien.

Mr. HEYBURN, from the Committee on Education, reported with a negative recommendation, House Bill No. 105, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the eighteenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred eleven, entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, together with the provisions by which it shall be administered, and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof; providing revenue to establish and maintain the same, and the method of collecting such revenue; and repealing all laws, general, special or local, or any parts thereof, that are or may be inconsistent therewith."

Mr. LOVE, from the Committee on Education, reported with a negative recommendation, House Bill No. 102, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the eighteenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred eleven, entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, together with the provisions by which it shall be administered, and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof; providing revenue to establish and maintain the same, and the method of collecting such revenue; and repealing all laws, general, special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith."

Mr. GRAHAM, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported with a negative recommendation, House Bill No. 152, entitled:

An Act providing for the recovery of costs in suits before justices of the peace, aldermen or magistrates.

Mr. HOLLINGSWORTH, from the Committee on Education, reported with a negative recommendation, House Bill No. 441, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the eighteenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred eleven, entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, together with the provisions by which it shall be administered, and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof; providing revenue to establish and maintain the same, and the method of collecting such revenue; and repealing all laws, general, special or local, or any parts thereof, that are or may be inconsistent therewith."

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 295, as follows:

An Act to protect the public health in cities of the first class in this Commonwealth and for that purpose creating in the Department of Public Health and Charities four Bureaus to be called the Bureaus of Hospitals and Charities Health Sanitation and Housing said Bureaus to have the supervision and control in said cities of Hospitals and Charities Health Sanitation and Housing as herein set forth and other matters affecting the public welfare so far as regards the use and occupancy of all buildings and the appurtenances thereto occupied in whole or in part as places of residence by more than two families living separate and apart and providing for themselves also the licensing supervision and control and the use of lodging rooming apartment and tenement houses fixing the responsibility for violations of any of the provisions of this act and also giving power to said Bureaus to make rules and regulations to govern certain conditions affecting health and sanitation and the licensing of certain trades industries and premises and providing for punishments and penalties for violations of any of the rules and regulations made by the Department of Public Health and Charities or by any of its Bureaus under the powers granted by this act also providing for the filing of liens also providing for the inspection by the Bureau of building inspction and the fire marshal of said cities of the first class and repealing all laws inconsistent herewith

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the Department of Public Health and Charities in cities of the first class in this Commonwealth shall for the purposes of carrying out the provisions of this act consist of four Bureaus to be known respectively as "The Bureau of Hospitals and Charities The Bureau of Health The Bureau of Sanitation and the Bureau of Housing each of said Bureaus to be in charge of an official to be called the chief thereof The number of other officers and employes of said Bureaus and their compensation to be determined and fixed by the councils of said cities of the first class by ordinances on application made therefor by the Directors of the Department of Public Health and Charities who shall have the general supervision of the said bureau and the duties of the officials and employes attached thereto He shall make all appointments thereto and promotions made necessary in conformity with the existing laws governing appointments to positions in the Civil Service of cities of the first class All Chiefs of Bureaus before assuming the duties of their offices shall be required to take the same oath of office as required by Article Seven Section one of the Constitution of Pennsylvania that relates to Judicial State and County officers Provided That all of the officers and employes appointed under Civil Service provisions now acting and on duty in any of the present Bureaus in said Department of Public Health and Charities who by the provisions of this act are transferred to any other Bureau created by this act shall not be subject to any further civil service examination for eligibility to serve in the departments to which they may be transferred

Section 2 Each of the Bureaus created by this act is hereby authorized empowered and directed to adopt and promulgate suitable rules and regulations to carry out and enforce the provisions of any existing laws of this Commonwealth relating to hospitals charities health sanitation and housing and also the provisions of this act or any ordinance of said cities of the first class relating to the subject matters in charge of said Department of Public Health and Charities and its Bureaus

Any person who shall refuse or neglect to comply with the requirements of any of said rules or regulations or any of the provisions of this act after publication and notice of said rules and regulations as hereinafter fixed shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and on conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not more than five hundred dollars within the discretion of the court Provided however That all such rules and regulations when adopted shall be first approved by the Director of the Department of Public Health and Carities of cities of the first class and the Board of Health Provided further That such rules and regulations shall be first published in three of the daily newspapers in cities of the first class of the largest circulation to be determined by the Director of the Department of Public Health and Charities and they shall also be printed in pamphlet form for public distribution and shall be evidence in all cases brought in any court for a violation of any of the said rules and regulations Provided further That any court before which any person may be brought for trial for violation of said rules and regulations shall have the right and power to pass upon the legality and reasonableness of the same Provided further That said rules and regulations shall not be considered to repeal the provisions of any law of this Commonwealth applicable to the subject matter of charities health sanitation or housing except as hereinafter provided

Section 3 The Bureau of Hospitals and Charities shall have charge of the care management administration and supervision of all hospitals charities almshouses and other similar institutions the maintenance control or government of which is entrusted to the city and all laws relating to such subjects as may be embraced within the provisions of any act of Assembly of this Commonwealth or the ordinances of cities of the first class relating to any of the subjects named as being within the powers and duties of the said Bureau of Hospitals and Charities Provided That said Bureau shall not have charge of hospitals maintained by said city for contagious diseases

Section 4 The Bureau of Health shall have the care management and control of all health inspectors and the enforcement of its rules and regulations and the provisions of any act of Assembly of this Commonwealth or the ordinances of the cities of the first class relating to nuisances vital statistics contagious diseases and boards or bureaus of health except such as may be herein specifically designated as coming within the powers and duties of the Bureaus of Hospitals and Charities Sanitation and Housing and further shall have the power and duties as are now exercised by any bureaus or boards of health in cities of the first class in this Commonwealth except otherwise provided in this act shall have charge of all hospitals maintained by said city for treatment of contagious diseases all physicians appointed for the purpose of guarding the public health the pupils of public schools and other public institutions and all physicians having the care of the teeth and eyes of the pupils of the public schools in cities of the first class.

Section 5 The Bureau of Sanitation shall have full charge and control of the enforcement of all laws of this Commonwealth and the rules and regulations of said Bureaus relating to the plumbing and drainage and sewerage of all buildings in cities of the first class no matter for what purpose they may be used and shall have power to enforce all regulations and rules governing plumbing in cities of the first class including fixtures pipes and all facilities and appliances more especially sinks drains and cess-pools the construction of which and the materials to be used for the purpose of preventing the emission of gases or air from sewers or cesspools or any receptacle for the holding of excremental filth or any other kind of filth whether liquid or solid and the conditions necessary for the sanitation of all buildings no matter for what purpose they may be used. Provided that no building shall be erected without being connected with a public sewer unless because of local conditions it may become necessary to adopt some other method of disposal satisfactory to the Board and Bureau of Health and Sanitation and if it becomes necessary to use any part of a public highway to meet the plans or method agreed upon the owner of said building or buildings shall have the right to build or construct the same under any public street or highway in accordance with the rules and regulations of the Bureau of Surveys of said city

All subjects relating to the drainage of courts yards areas and alleys rain leaders rain conductors waste and drain pipes and all sewerage connected with any building all water closets their number and location and all privies and the method of their construction and the amount of the water supplied and plumbing necessary to a general good sanitary condition of the premises shall be subject to all the rules and regulations that may be made and promulgated as hereinbefore provided by the said Bureau of Sanitation the sanitary condition of all houses used for the purpose of residence and appurtenances to such houses of buildings so far as regards the keeping of animals or fowls and the slaughtering of the same in or on said properties or the premises adjoining shall be subject to rules regulations and permits that may be promulgated and issued by the said Bureau or Department of Sanitation in said cities of the first class and who shall have the further authority to issue permits and to charge a fee of two dollars for each permit said permits to be in accordance with the said rules and regulations that may be made to govern the same said permits to be for the year or fraction thereof ending on the thirty-first day of December next following All of the rules and regulations governing the keeping and slaughtering of animals shall be subject to such local conditions that might affect or be prejudicial to health or by the allowance of the same become a common nuisance Under such circumstances it shall be within the power of the said Bureau to refuse to issue such permit for the use of any building or the properties or premises adjacent thereto for such purposes

Further the use and occupancy of all buildings as a place of storage for the keeping or storage or the sale of any article of merchandise or commerce or for any matter or thing deterimental to health or life shall also be subject to the rules and regulations of said Bureau and that all pits for the keeping of animal manure shall also be subject to the rules and regulations of the said Bureau of Sanitation Provided however that in all cities of the first class there shall be separate rules and regulations relating to the keeping of animal manure in these sections or districts that are sparsely populated and which section shall be designated in said rules by bounds or description in a special permit

The said Bureau of Sanitation shall also have charge of the licensing inspection and sanitary maintenance of bone boiling fat rendering garbage reduction and the incineration reduction or rendering of any other kind of offal which produces obnoxious odors glue works leather works smelters coal dust compounders rubber works wool pickers and all other places where the process causes the emanation of offensive odors

The licensing inspection and sanitary maintenance of all wagons used for the private collection of garbage also the inspection and sanitary maintenance of places where garbage is disposed of when within the limits of said cities

The licensing inspection and sanitary maintenance of all public and private dumps used for the disposal of any household waste ashes and any other character of refuse

The licensing inspection and sanitary maintenance of all disposal places for night soils or privy filth also the licensing of odorless excavators and the provisions for abondoning privy wells on streets in which there is a sewer and the cleaning and sanitary maintenance of privy wells on all other streets

The inspection and sanitary maintenance of all stables manure storage places and this shall also include pig stys cattle yards and other places where animals are kept or housed

The above license or permits to cost the applicant or applicants two dollars for each separate license

Said Bureau shall also have the power to abate any nuisance caused by stagnant ponds or waters in order to prevent mosquito breeding either by drainage filling or blasting at the expense of the owner or owners

That all costs expended by said Bureau of Sanitation in correcting any insanitary condition arising out of any of the subject matter set forth in this section through failure of the owner or owners of said premises lot buildings or other structures after five days notice to correct or abate the same shall be filed as a lien against said lot premises building or other structure as other municipal claims are filed under the provisions of the act of June fourth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one number two hundred and twenty-eight page three hundred and sixty-four of the Pamphlet Laws of this Commonwealth

Said bureau shall have charge of the inspection and sanitary maintenance of second-hand clothing stores second-hand shops of all rag shops junk shops and other places where apparel merchandise or other goods are sold second-hand pawn shops loan offices etc where second-hand wearing material is handled also

The licensing inspection and the sanitary maintenance of all places where meats milk groceries bread and provisions ice-cream and soda water are sold or exposed for sale and shall make all rules and regulations to maintain sanitary conditions in such places and any vehicle used for the transportation of the same within the limits of said city including the certification standardising pasturization and sterilization of milk said permits or licenses to cost the party licensed the sum of two dollars and shall be in force until the thirty-first day of December next thereafter

Said Bureau of Sanitation shall have charge of all matters affecting the light and ventilation of all buildings used for public purposes and all halls or buildings used for meetings of lodges associations or conventions and the ventilization of all vehicles or cars used for the transportation of passengers for hire within the limits of said city

Section 9 The Bureau or Department of Housing shall have charge of enforcing all the laws of this Commonwealth not repealed by this provision of this act either specifically or for being inconsistent herewith relating to the use and occupancy of all buildings in cities of the first class except that they shall not have control of the use and occupancy of buildings used and occupied as a dwelling house by not more than two families living separate and apart from each other except as hereinbefore provided

Section 10 That all persons who desire to conduct a tenement house which is here defined to be a building used or occupied as a residence by three or more families or individuals living separate and independently of each other and doing or having cooking done upon the premises shall apply to the chief of the Bureau of Housing and set out on a blank to be furnished by the said bureau or department and approved by the director of the Department of Public Health and Charities in which shall be stated the name and address of the applicant or applicants and if not the owner of the buildings the name and address of the owner with his written consent thereto attached its exact location by street and number or other definite information the character of the structure along with a certificate from the Bureau of Building Inspection that the house named and described so far as regards its construction is in conformity with the laws rules and regulations and ordinances relating to the construction of buildings in cities of the first class in this Commonwealth and whether it is necessary to make any alteration or additions before the said building can be used for the purposes of a tenement house and a certificate from the Bureau of Sanitation that all the plumbing drainage and sewerage of said building and other sanitary conditions are in strict conformity with laws ordinances rules and regulations relating to such subjects so far as relates to the specific building or buildings for which the application is made and such certificate the said Bureau of building Inspection and the said Bureau or Department of Sanitation are entitled to charge a fee of one dollar if the law rules and regulations as hereinbefore mentioned have been complied with and that the building fully meets with all the requirements of the laws ordinances rules and regulations as herein set forth then the said chief of the Bureau of Housing shall issue to such applicant a license which shall clearly specify the name and address of the person or persons corporations partnerships or associations authorized to conduct the tenement house or houses therein described said license shall also contain the name and address of the owner its location and the number of rooms or apartments which may be kept and used for tenement purposes and the date of the expiration of the license to wit the thirty-first day of December of the calendar year for which it was issued that said license shall in no way be transferable except under the rules and regulations of the said Division of Housing governing such transfers

The said chief of the Bureau of Housing shall file said application and also keep a public record in which shall be set forth the application and such other actions as may be taken in reference thereto whether in the nature of granting the same or a refusal and said record shall be a public record and shall be evidence in any case that may be brought in any court in this Commonwealth and the said chief of the Bureau of Housing with the consent and approval of the director of the Department of Public Health and Charities shall have the power to revoke any license whenever any of the laws of this Commonwealth or any of the ordinances of the said cities of the first class or any of the rules and regulations of any of the departments of charities health sanitation or housing are proven to have been violated but it is herein provided however that any applicant for a license who has been refused or whose license has been revoked shall have the right to appeal within fifteen days from such refusal or revocation to the court of common pleas of the proper county and such court shall make such order as right and justice may require Provided however that such appeal shall not operate as a supersedeas and that said court shall fix a hearing as soon as may be possible for the hearing of the same not more than thirty days from said date of appeal

Section 11 The charge for every license for a tenment-house shall be five dollars and on and after January first one thousand nine hundred and sixteen it shall be unlawful for any person association partnership or corporation to conduct a tenement house in any city of the first-class unless he or it has complied with the provisions of this act the ordinance of councils of cities of the first-class and the rules and regulations of the several Bureaus or Departments of Public Health and Charities and that said license shall be displayed in a conspicuous place so as to be seen by all those who enter and leave said tenement to which it applies That there shall be no fractional part of a year so far as regards the fee or time for which this act fixes the use of license to wit the calendar year as aforesaid

Section 12 That all inspections to see whether the laws ordinances rules and regulations relating to tenement houses are being faithfully and fully carried out shall be made by the officials connected with the said Bureau of Housing who shall report all violations of law relating to health and sanitation to the Chief of the Bureau of Housing who shall in turn report the same to the Director of the Department of Public Health and Charities who shall cause action to be taken by the chiefs of the several bureaus affected thereby

That all corporations joint stock companies partnerships individuals or any association of individuals shall be included in the word "person" in this act Provided also That until the first day of January one thousand nine hundred and sixteen tenement-houses may be conducted under existing laws that on and after January first one thousand nine hundred and sixteen the act of June seventh one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled "An Act to regulate tenement houses in cities of the first-class and requiring those conducting the same to secure a license from the mayor making violations of the act misdemeanors and providing penalties for such violations" shall stand repealed

Section 13 That no part of any building below the level of any street highway lane or alley shall be used for bedrooms or sleeping purposes under the provisions of this act unless in compliance with such rules and regulations as said Bureau of Housing shall make to govern and regulate the same and no alterations nor additions shall be made to any licensed tenement house so far as regards its structure or the plumbing drainage or sewerage ventilation or light without plans and specifications to be filed with the approval of the Bureau of Building Inspectors of the Department of Public Safety and that the Chiefs of the Bureaus of Sanitation and Housing shall also give their consent or refusal before any work shall be done on said premises

In case of any refusal by the Bureau of Building Inspectors and any of the Chiefs of the Bureau of Housing and Sanitation they shall meet for the purpose of considering the same and if a majority shall refuse to allow said alterations or additions to be made the applicant thereof shall have the right to appeal within fifteen days to the court of common pleas which shall consider the same as promptly as may be under the circumstances of the case not more than thirty days from said appeal

That the use and occupancy of all tenement houses so far as regards the disposition of garbage ashes and other refuse matter shall be subject to such rules and regulations as the Bureau of Sanitation may make

That the powers given by this act to the said Bureaus of Health Housing and Sanitation so far as regards tenement houses lodging rooming and apartment houses or other buildings shall in no wise interfere with these laws granting powers to the Departments of the State Government regarding the use and occupancy of buildings for manufacturing and other purposes

That all violations of this act shall be prosecuted by the Department of Public Health and Charities and no person shall have the right to institute prosecutions for violations of this act or of any of the rules and regulations adopted by the several Bureaus of the Department of Public Health and Charities unless he shall have first obtained the consent and authority to do so from the Director of the Department of Public Health and Charities who shall refer the said application to the proper Bureau for investigation before first passing upon the same

Section 14 That lodging houses to be subject to the provisions of this act in cities of the first class shall be every building not licensed as an hotel inn or tavern in which accommodations are kept for ten or more persons lodged for a price for a single night of twenty-five cents or less for each person and license to conduct a lodging house as hereinbefore set forth shall be granted by the Chief of the Bureau of Housing created by the provisions of this act upon the payment of a fee of five dollars and the said license shall be granted only to persons who are of good moral character and shall be for the year or the fraction thereof expiring on the thirty-first day of December next thereafter but no license shall be issued until the Bureau of Building Inspection and the Fire Marshal of said city of the first class and the Chiefs of the Bureaus of Sanitation and Health shall certify that said building is safe to be used for the purpose of a lodging house and is of such a construction as to carry any load that it will probably have to carry and is provided with all the fire-escapes and all other additional means of escape in case of fire as the construction of the buildings its surrounding and the use to which it is to be put requires

That all persons to whom said license shall be issued shall keep a registry of the name of every person and their address if possible to be ascertained whom he shall accept as a lodger together with the time of his arrival and his departure and such record shall be open to the inspection of the police authorities of said cities of the first class at any time and that said lodging house shall at all times be open for inspection by such persons as may be connected with any of the Bureaus of the Department of Public Health and Charities and the Department of Public Safety or any of its Bureaus and shall be subject to such rules and regulations as the Department of Housing may make in reference to the conduct use and control of lodging houses and all laws and rules of the Bureau of Health and Sanitation as to cleanliness ventilation and disinfection and nuisances and all other rules of the several Bureaus of the Department of Public Health and Charities as to plumbing urinals and water closets

Section 15 Any person or any employe or agent or officer of any association corporation or partnership to whom a license to keep a tenement or lodging house is issued or any other person employee agent or officer of any association corporation or partnership who shall violate any of the laws of this Commonwealth rules or regulations made by any Bureau of the Department of Public Health and Charities relating to tenement and lodging houses shall upon conviction thereof before any magistrate alderman or jus-

tice of the peace be sentenced to pay the costs of prosecution and to forfeit and pay a fine not exceeding one hundred dollars and in default of the payment thereof shall be committed to and imprisoned in the county jail wherein the said city of the first class may be situate for a period not exceeding thirty (30) days provided however That for any reason existing outside of the provisions of this act for which it is sought to revoke the said tenement or lodging house license so issued to the party affected thereby he or they shall have the right to appeal to the Court of Common Pleas who shall have the right to pass upon all of the questions involving the application for said revocation

Any building existing at the time of the passage of this act if approved by the Director of Health and Charities may be used for tenement-house purposes

Provided further That this act shall not apply to any building used for lodging purposes controlled by charitable or religious organization incorporated or unincorporated nor shall it apply to any institutions established for the commitment of persons as vagrants or for other minor offences or misdemeanors by any power of commitment given to any court or person by any of the laws of this Commonwealth

Section 16 That provisions of this act relating to lodging houses shall take effect on and after the first day of January one thousand nine hundred and sixteen and shall be considered as a repeal of the act of the second day of July one thousad eight hundred and ninety-five pamphlet laws four hundred twenty-eight entitled "An Act to regulate and license public lodging houses in the different cities in this Commonwealth" so far as regards its operation in cities of the first-class

Section 17 A rooming-house apartment house shall be considered a house occupied by more than two families living separate and apart for private residential purposes and where no person has exclusive control of said premises except the owner or such person or persons corporations partnerships or associations that have rented the whole of the said premises from the owner or persons thereof and subletted the same to such person or persons who are using and occupying the rooms or apartments in said building and said person or persons corporations partnerships or associations that have exclusive control shall employ a keeper or janitor or porter to have charge of the same the said owner or lessee of the whole property shall be held responsible for all violations of law and ordinances relating to garbage ashes and other refuse matter gathered on such premises and the removal of snow and ice from the footway or pavements of said premises Said buildings used for rooming and apartment purposes as hereinbefore defined shall be subject to all the laws of this Commonwealth ordinances of the cities of the first class and rules and regulations of the different Bureaus of the Department of Public Health and Charities of said cities of the first class so far as regards their construction light ventilation and sanitation

Section 18 That all laws of this Commonwealth and ordinances of cities of the first class and rules and regulations of the different Bureaus of the Department of Public Health and Charities affecting the use or occupancy of any public buildings shall be under the control and supervision and enforcement of the Department of Public Health and Charities and the different Bureaus thereof That all buildings lodging houses rooming or apartment houses and all public buildings including public schools so far as regard their sanitation which shall include light and ventilation their drainage and sewerage water closets privies or cesspools their water supply their plumbing their occupancy so far as regards the number using the same shall be subject to the rules and regulations that may be made to govern the same by the said different Departments or Bureaus of the Department of Public Health and Charities or any laws of this Commonwealth

Section 19 That a rooming-house or apartment house as defined by the provisions of this act shall not be used above the first floor for any business or manufacturing purpose or where the conduct of such would be detrimental to the health of the occupants and the safety of the same and after investigation and on due proof thereof it shall be shown that such business is unsafe to the occupants of said building or detrimental to their health any one who shall still persist in the same after ten (10) days' notice shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and on conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars or undergo imprisonment for not more than six months or either or both within the discretion of the court

Section 20 Any person who shall violate any of the provisions of this act not hitherto provided for or any reasonable rule or regulation of the different Bureaus of the Department of Public Health and Charities shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be fined not more than five hundred dollars in the discretion of the court

Whenever a notice is required calling the attention of any person corporation partnership or association to any violations of the provisions of this act or any of the rules and regulations of the several Bureaus of the Department of Public Health and Charities there shall be service made upon the owner if this service cannot be made then by leaving the notice at his last known place of residence in said cities of the first-class or his agent or any other party having control of the use occupancy or rental of said building and in case of the party corporation partnership or association not being within the jurisdiction of the said Department of Public Health and Charities in cities of the first class service may be made by mailing a copy of the known address of said persons corporations partnerships or associations and also by posting a copy of the same upon a conspicuous place on the premises affected for ten (10) days That at the end of the ten (10) days if no action is taken by the parties affected thereby to conform and comply with the notice so served mailed or posted then the Department of Public Health and Charities through its proper Bureau may proceed with the same in accordance with the provisions of this act the ordinance of councils or the rules and regulations of the Departments or Bureaus thereof

Section 21 All acts or parts or acts inconsistent with this act be and the same are hereby repealed except as heretofore provided Also provided that the act of the twenty-second day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen pamphlet laws page eight hundred seventy-nine entitled "An Act to protect the public health and safety by regulating the erection alteration repair use occupancy maintenance sanitation and condemnation of dwellings two-family dwellings rooming houses and tenements by regulating the use maintenance and sanitation of the grounds surrounding the same the adjoining buildings and all vacant land in cities of the first-class providing for their inspection the abatement or nuisances the vacating and destroying of uninhabitable houses and the filing of liens creating a division of housing and sanitation providing for institution of prosecutions and penalties for violation of the provisions thereof and repealing all laws inconsistent therewith" is hereby repealed Provided however that licenses and permits already issued for the year for one thousand nine hundred fourteen under any existing laws for any of the subject matters for which licenses are to be issued under this act shall be good until the expiration of the time for which they are limited

That all fees paid for licenses and permits under this act shall be paid into the city treasury for the benefit of the municipality Provided also That any party aggrieved by the refusal of a permit license or privilege as herein provided on the revocation of the same for which there is no right of appeal specified may have the right within fifteen days thereafter to appeal to the court of common pleas which shall hear the same not more than thirty days from said appeal

Provided further that the act of July twelfth one thousand eight hundred ninety-seven entitled "An Act to amend section one of an act approved the third day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five entitled 'An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to provide for the better security of life and limb in cases of fire in hotels and other buildings" approved the eleventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine extending the provisions thereof to buildings used in whole or in part for offices not of fire proof construction'" shall not apply and be enforced so far as relates to tenement houses having not more than five rooms and a bath above the second floor

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—79.

Alexander,	Gans,	Luxemburger,	Richards,
Aron,	Garner,	Lynch,	Rininger,
Arthur,	Graham,	Mangan,	Rowell,
Baldwin,	Gransback,	McArdle,	Schaeffer,
Barnett,	Habgood,	McNichol,	Scott,
Bauerle,	Hackett,	Milliron,	Shaaber,
Becker,	Haggerty,	Murdoch,	Smith, L.,
Beyer,	Hamilton,	Murphy,	Stein,
Blackburn,	Heffernan,	Neville,	Stern,
Bovee,	Hoffman,	Nieder,	Sullivan,
Campbell, T.,	Hollern,	Nissley,	Swan,
Conner,	Horton,	Oaks,	Vogdes,
Curry,	Hubler,	Ostrander,	Wagner,
Dawson,	Jones, W. W.,	Palmer,	Walsh,
Dodds,	Kaiser,	Perry,	Walton,
Drinkhouse,	Landis,	Pickering,	Whitten,
Dunn,	Lauer,	Powell,	Wildman,
Flynn,	Lauler,	Reynolds,	Wynne,
Fretz,	Lipschutz,		

NAYS—86.

Albee,	Fruit,	Luppert,	Snyder,
Alcorn,	Gallagher,	Marvin,	Sones,
Baker,	Geiser,	Mather,	Spangler,
Becker,	Gingery,	Maurer,	Spencer,
Benninger,	Glass,	McClintock,	Statler,
Body,	Glenn,	McClure,	Taylor,
Brosius,	Gompers,	McCurdy,	Trach,
Brownlee,	Goodwin,	McKay,	Vickerman,
Brumbaugh,	Goodyear,	Metzenbacher,	Walter,
Bungard,	Gormley,	Peters,	Watson,
Christman,	Greenwood,	Phillips,	Weaver,
Corbin,	Harper,	Rhoads,	West,
Cromer,	Herman,	Rich,	Williams,
Dell,	Hess,	Robertson,	Wilson, H. I.,
Diefenderfer,	Hollingsworth,	Rothenberger,	Wilson, W. H.,
Eby,	Jack,	Rudisill,	Wobensmith,
Ehrhardt,	Kuhn,	Sampsel,	Wood,
Eppley,	Kunkle,	Sarig,	Wylie,
Erdman,	Lanius,	Shoop,	Young,
Evans,	Leighner,	Showalter,	Ambler,
Finnerty,	Love,	Sinclair,	Speaker.
Forster,	Lindsey,	Smith, J. W.,	

Less than the majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the negative and the bill falls.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 248, as follows:

An Act authorizing courts to make awards to foreign executors and administrators in certain cases

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That it shall be lawful for the court having jurisdiction of the account of any executor administrator trustee or guardian to award personal property to the foreign executor or administrator of a deceased non-resident creditor legatee or distributee Provided It shall appear by affidavit that there are no creditors of such non-resident decedent within this Commonwealth and it further appear by certificate of the register of wills surrogate or court of the proper country state territory or county duly authenticated as required by the acts of Congress if the domicile of such non-resident creditor legatee or distributee was in another state territory or possession of the United States of America or by the proper diplmatic or consular officer appointed by the United States of America under his official seal if such domicile was in a foreign country certifying that the person claiming to receive such award is authorized under the laws of such state territory or country to receive the property of his decedent and provided further That the benefits of this act shall not be extended to any case in which it shall be shown to the satisfaction of the court having jurisdiction as aforesaid that the rights of any citizen of this Commonwealth may be adversely affected by such transfer of property to such freign executor or administrator

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—154.

Alcorn,	Glass,	McCaig,	Sinclair,
Alexander,	Goodnough,	McClintock,	Smith, J. W.,
Arnold,	Goodyear,	McConnell,	Smith, L.,
Aron,	Gormley,	McDermott,	Sones,
Arthur,	Graham,	McKay,	Spencer,
Baldwin,	Gransback,	McNichol,	Statler,
Bauerle,	Hargood,	Metzenbacher,	Staving,
Beck,	Hackett,	Milliron,	Steedle,
Benninger,	Haggerty,	Myers,	Stein,
Beyer,	Hamilton,	Neville,	Stern,
Blackburn,	Harper,	Nieder,	Sullivan,
Body,	Heffernan,	Nissley,	Swan,
Bovee,	Herman,	Oaks,	Swartz,
Brosius,	Hess,	Ostrander,	Thomas,
Brownlee,	Heyburn,	Palmer,	Trach,
Brumbaugh,	Hibshman,	Perry,	Twibill,
Bungard,	Homman,	Peters,	Vickerman,
Campbell, T.,	Hollern,	Phillips,	Vogdes,
Coldsmith,	Horton,	Pickering,	Wagner,
Conner,	Howarth,	Powell,	Walter,
Corbin,	Hubler,	Ramsey,	Watson,
Curry,	Jack,	Reynolds,	Weaver,
Dawson,	Jones, W. W.,	Rhoads,	Weir,
Dell,	Kaiser,	Rich,	West,
Dodds,	Klinger,	Richards,	Wettach,
Drinkhouse,	Kuhn,	Rininger,	Whitaker,
Dunn,	Kunkle,	Rinn,	Wildman,
Eby,	Lafferty,	Robertson,	Willard,
Ehrhardt,	Landis,	Rothenberger,	Williams,
Fackler,	Lanius,	Rowell,	Wilson, H. I.,
Finnerty,	Lauer,	Sampsel,	Wilson, W. H.,
Flynn,	Lauler,	Sarig,	Wobensmith,
Forster,	Leighner,	Schaeffer,	Wood,
Fretz,	Lindsey,	Scott,	Wylie,
Fruit,	Lipschutz,	Shaaber,	Wynne,
Gallagher,	Love,	Shaffer,	Young,
Gans,	Luxemburger,	Shoop,	Ambler,
Garner,	Mangan,	Showalter,	Speaker.
Geiser,	Marvin,		
Gingery,	Mather,		

NAYS—2.

Baker,	Cromer,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 484, as follows:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred seven entitled "An Act creating an art jury for cities of the first class and prescribing its powers and duties"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section one of an act approved the twenty-fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred seven entitled "An Act creating an art jury for cities of the first class and prescribing its powers and duties" which reads as follows

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That in every city of the first class in this Commonwealth there shall be an art jury composed of the mayor of the city ex officio and eight other members to be appointed by him as hereinafter provided In all matters within the jurisdiction of the jury pertaining to work under the special charge of a bureau in any department of the city the head of such bureau shall also for the time being act as a member of the jury ex-officio" is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That in every city of the first class in this Commonwealth there shall be an executive department of said city to be known as the art jury composed of the mayor of the city ex officio and eight other members to be appointed by him as hereinafter provided In all matters within the jurisdiction of the jury pertaining to work under the special charge of a bureau in any other department of the city the head of such bureau shall also for the time being act as a member of the jury ex officio

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—183.

Albee,	Garner,	Marvin,	Sinclair,
Alcorn,	Geary,	Mather,	Smith, Jeff. W
Alexander,	Geiser,	Maurer,	Smith, L.,
Arnold,	Gibson,	McAnlle,	Snyder,
Aron,	Gingery,	McCaig,	Spangler,
Arthur,	Glass,	McClintock,	Spencer,
Baldwin,	Gompers,	McClure,	Statler,
Bauerle,	Goodnough,	McConnell,	Staving,
Beck,	Goodwin,	McCurdy,	Steedle,
Becker,	Goodyear,	McDermott,	Stein,
Benninger,	Graham,	McKay,	Stern,
Bergy,	Gransback,	McNichol,	Sullivan,
Beyer,	Greenwood,	McVicar,	Stone,
Blackburn,	Hackett,	Metzenbacher,	Swan,
Body,	Haggerty,	Milliron,	Swartz,
Bovee,	Hamilton,	Murdoch,	Taylor,
Brosius,	Harper,	Murphy,	Thomas,
Brownlee,	Heffernan,	Neville,	Trach,
Brumbaugh,	Herman,	Nieder,	Twibill,
Bungard,	Hess,	Nissley,	Vogdes,
Campbell, T.,	Heyburn,	Oaks,	Wagner,
Christman,	Hibshman,	Ostrander,	Walsh,
Coldsmith,	Hoffman,	Palmer,	Walter,
Conner,	Hollern,	Perry,	Walton,
Corbin,	Hollingsworth,	Peters,	Watson,
Cromer,	Horton,	Phillips,	Weaver,
Cummins,	Howarth,	Pickering,	Weir,
Curry,	Hubler,	Powell,	West,
Davis,	Jack,	Ramsey,	Wettach,
Dawson,	Jones, W. W.,	Reel,	Whitaker,
Dell,	Kaiser,	Reynolds,	Wildman,
Diefenderfer,	Kitts,	Rhoads,	Willard,
Dodds,	Klinger,	Rich,	Williams,
Drinkhouse,	Kunkle,	Richards,	Wilson, H. I.,
Dunn,	Lafferty,	Rininger,	Wilson, W. H.,
Eby,	Landis,	Rinn,	Wobensmith,
Ehrhardt,	Lanius,	Robertson,	Wood,
Erdman,	Lauer,	Rothenberger,	Woodward,
Evans,	Lauler,	Rudisill,	Wylie,
Fackler,	Leighner,	Sampsel,	Wynne,
Finnerty,	Lindsey,	Sarig,	Young,
Flynn,	Lipschutz,	Schaeffer,	Ambler,
Forster,	Love,	Scott,	Speaker.
Fretz,	Luxemburger,	Shaaber,	
Fruit,	Lynch,	Shoop,	
Gallagher,	Mangan,	Showalter,	
Gans,			

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 294, as follows:

An Act repealing the act of the twenty-second day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen, pamphlet laws page eight hundred and seventy-nine, entitled "An Act to protect the public Health and safety by regulating the erection, alteration, repair, use, occupancy, maintenance, sanitation and condemnation of dwellings, two family dwellings, rooming houses and tenements; by regulating the use, maintenance and sanitation of the grounds surrounding the same, the adjoining buildings and all vacant land in cities of the first class, providing for their inspection, the abatement of nuisances, the vacating and destroying of uninhabitable houses, and the filing of liens, creating a Division of housing and sanitation, providing for institution of prosecutions and penalties for violations of the provisions thereof, and repealing all laws inconsistent therewith."

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the act of twenty-

second day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen pamphlet laws page eight hundred and seventy-nine entitled "An Act to protect public health and safety by regulating the erection alteration repair use occupancy maintenance sanitation and condemnation of dwellings two family-dwellings rooming-houses and tenements by regulating the use maintenance and sanitation of the grounds surrounding the same the adjoining buildings and all vacant land in cities of the first class providing for their inspection the abatement of nuisances the vacating and destroying of uninhabitable houses and the filing of liens creating a division of housing and sanitation providing for institution of prosecutions and penalties for violation of the provisions thereof and repealing all laws inconsistent therewith" is hereby repealed

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. FORSTER. Mr. Speaker, I move that further consideration of this bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. GANS. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 247, as follows:

An Act amending an act entitled "An Act amending an act entitled 'An Act respecting the estates of non-resident wards' approved the twenty-first day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-six extending the provisions thereof so that the same may apply to trustees and cestui que trusts" approved the thirteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine further extending the provisions thereof so that the same may apply where guardians and wards trustees and cestui que trusts are residents of foreign countries

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That so much of the act recited which as heretofore amended reads as follows

"Section 1 That in all cases where any guardian and his ward cestui que trust and his trustee may both be non-residents of this State and such wards or cestui que trust may be entitled to property of any description in this State such guardian and trustee on producing satisfactory proof to the orphans' court of the proper county by certificates according to the acts of Congress in such cases that he has given bond and security in the State in which he and his ward or cestui que trust reside in double the amount of the value of the property as guardian or trustee and it is found that a removal of the property will not conflict with the terms or limitations attending the right by which the ward or cestui que trust owns the same then any such guardian or trustee may demand or sue for and remove any such property to the place of residence of himself and ward or cestui que trust"

"Section 2 That when any such non-resident guardian or trustee shall produce an exemplification from under the seal of the office if there be a seal of the proper court in the State of his residence containing all the entries on record in relation to his appointment and giving bond and authenticated as required by the act of Congress as aforesaid the orphans' court of the proper county in this State may cause suitable orders to be made discharging any resident guardian executor administrator or trustee and authorizing the delivering and passing over of such property and also requiring receipts to be passed and recorded if deemed advisable Provided The benefits of this act shall not extend to the citizens of any State in which a similar act does not exist or may not hereafter be passed And provided also That in all cases thirty days' notice shall be given to the resident guardian executor administrator or trustee of the intended application for the order of removal and the court may reject the application and refuse such order whenever it is satisfied that it is for the interest of the ward or cestui que trust that such removal shall not take place" is hereby further amended to read as follows

Section 1 That in all cases where any guardian and his ward cestui que trust and his trustee may both be non-residents of this State and such ward or cestui que trust be entitled to property of any description in this State such guardian or trustee on producing satisfactory proof to the orphans' court of the proper county by certificates that he has given bond and security with special reference to the property to be removed in the State or country in which he and his ward or cestui que trust reside in double the amount of the value of the property as guardian or trustee and it is found that a removal of the property will not conflict with the terms of limitations attending the right by which the ward or cestui que trust owns the same then any such guardian or trustee may demand or sue for and remove any such property to the place of residence of himself and ward or cestui que trust Provided that if such guardian or trustee and his ward or cestui que trust reside in another state territory or possession of the United States of America such certificates shall be authenticated as required by the Acts of Congress and if they reside in a foreign country shall be made by the court having jurisdiction of such guardian or trustee and authenticated by and under the official seal of a diplomatic or consular officer appointed by the United States of America and residing in such country.

Section 2 That when such non-resident guardian or trustee shall produce an exemplification from under the seal of the office if there be a seal of the proper court in the State, or country of his residence containing all the entries on record in relation to his appointment and giving bond and authenticated as required by the Act of Congress or by a diplomatic or consular officer appointed by the United States of America as aforesaid the orphans' court of the proper county in this State may cause suitable orders to be made discharging any resident guardian executor administrator or trustee and authorizing the delivering and passing over of such property and also requiring receipts to be passed and recorded if deemed advisable Provided That if it shall appear by such certificate that under the laws of such foreign country such guardian or trustee is not required to enter security but that the interests of his ward or cestui que trust are safeguarded by a deposit of the property in the court having proper jurisdiction then it shall be lawful for the orphans' court of the proper county in this State to cause suitable orders to be made authorizing the delivery and passing over of such property to such court without entering security And Provided also The benefits of this act shall not extend to the citizens of any state or country in which a similar act or rule of law does not exist or may not hereafter be passed or established And provided further That in all cases thirty days' notice shall be given to the resident guardian executor administrator or trustee if such there be of the intended application for the order of removal and the court may reject the application and refuse such order whenever it is satisfied that it is for the interest of the ward or cestui que trust that such removal shall not take place

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—179.

Albee,	Gans,	Luppert,	Showalter,
Alcorn,	Garner,	Luxemburger,	Sinclair,
Alexander,	Geiser,	Lynch,	Smith, L.,
Arnold,	Gibson,	Marvin,	Snyder,
Aron,	Gingery,	Mather,	Sones,
Arthur,	Glass,	McArdle,	Spangler,
Baldwin,	Glenn,	McCaig,	Spencer,
Bauerle,	Gompers,	McClintock,	Statler,
Beck,	Goodnough,	McClure,	Staving,
Becker,	Goodwin,	McConnell,	Steedle,
Benn,	Goodyear,	McCurdy,	Stein,
Benninger,	Gormley,	McDermott,	Stern,
Bergy,	Graham,	McNichol,	Swan,
Berntheizel,	Gransback,	McVicar,	Swartz,
Beyer,	Greenwood,	Mearkle,	Thomas,
Blackburn,	Habgood,	Milliron,	Trach,
Body,	Hackett,	Murdoch,	Twibill,
Bovee,	Haggerty,	Murphy,	Ulrich,
Brosius,	Hamilton,	Myers,	Vickerman,
Brownlee,	Harper,	Neville,	Vogdes,
Brumbaugh,	Heffernan,	Nieder,	Wagner,
Bungard,	Herman,	Nissley,	Walsh,
Campbell, T.,	Hess,	Oaks,	Walter,
Christman,	Heyburn,	Ostrander,	Walton,
Coldsmith,	Hibshman,	Palmer,	Watson,
Conner,	Hoffman,	Perry,	Weaver,
Corbin,	Hollern,	Phillips,	Weimer,
Cromer,	Hollingsworth	Pickering,	Weir,
Cummins,	Horton,	Powell,	West,
Curry,	Howarth,	Ramsey,	Whitaker,
Davis,	Hubler,	Reel,	Whitten,
Dawson,	Jack,	Reynolds,	Wildman,
Dell,	Jones, E. E.,	Rhoads,	Willard,
Diefenderfer,	Jones, W. W.,	Rich,	Williams,
Dodds,	Kaiser,	Richards,	Wilson, H. I.,
Drinkhouse,	Kitts,	Rininger,	Wilson, W. H.
Dunn,	Klinger,	Rinn,	Wobensmith,
Eby,	Kuhn,	Robertson,	Wood,
Ehrhardt,	Lafferty,	Rothenberger,	Woodward,
Eppley,	Landis,	Rowell,	Wylie,
Erdman,	Lauler,	Rudisill,	Wynne,
Fackler,	Leighner,	Sampsel,	Young,
Finnerty,	Lindsey,	Schaeffer,	Ambler,
Forster,	Lipschutz,	Scott,	Speaker.
Fretz,	Love,	Shaaber,	
Fruit,			
Gallagher,			

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

The SPEAKER. There are four more bills on the third reading calendar but owing to the hour the Chair will entertain a motion to adjourn.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE.

Mr. McCURDY asked and obtained leave of absence for Mr. Bergy for the balance of the week on account of an accident.

ADJOURNMENT.

Mr. DUNN. Mr. Speaker, I move that the House do now adjourn.

The motion was agreed to and (at 6.00 P. M.) the House adjourned until tomorrow morning at 10.00 o'clock.

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA.

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Session 1915 — 121st of the General Assembly

VOL. 3. HARRISBURG, PA., WEDNESDAY, MARCH 3, 1915. No. 19.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

WEDNESDAY, March 3rd, 1915.

The House met at 10:00 o'clock A. M.

The SPEAKER (Charles A. Ambler) in the Chair.

PRAYER.

Rabbi Charles J. Freund, of Harrisburg, offered the following prayer:

Our God and Father, Thou who wast ere light was formed! Thou who hast said the word and the world came into being! Thou who hast set man as the crowning work of creation! Our thoughts are directed to Thee at this time.

In the activities about to be resumed here we recognize Thy guidance and seek Thy assistance. Thanks well to our lips for all the boons and privileges that come to us from Thee; for the privileges of living in this free country where freedom of conscience is our most highly treasured gift; for the homes which dot our fair land and for all the good influences that emanate from them.

Be with the members of this great legislative body as they gather here to promote the welfare of this great Commonwealth. Be with the officers, that wisdom guide them in their judgment. May they all work harmoniously together that they prove worthy of the high trust reposed in them.

Bless our country that it may ever be a stronghold of peace and an advocate in the councils of nations. O, God, hasten the dawn of the day when firmly shall be established, Peace through Justice and Justice through Peace; when all shall recognize Thee as their Father, themselves as Thy children, and shall recognize the spark of divinity in all created in thy image.

Fervently we invoke Thy blessing for this, our country, and our nation. Guard them, O God, from calamity and injury. May their adversaries not triumph over them; but may the glories of a just, righteous and God-fearing people increase from age to age. Enlighten and sustain with Thy power those whom the people have set in authority; the President, his counsellors and advisers, the judges, law givers, and executives, and all those who are entrusted with the guardianship of our rights and liberties. May peace and good will obtain among all the citizens of our land. May religion shed its blessing among us and exalt our nation in righteousness. Amen.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the Journal of yesterday's proceedings.

The Clerk proceeded to the reading of the Journal of yesterday's proceedings, when, on motion of Mr. Beyer, the further reading was dispensed with and the Journal was approved.

MEMBER PRESENT.

Mr. BERGY. As I was reported being absent for the balance of the week last evening, on account of injury, I want to say that I am present now.

The SPEAKER. The presence of the gentleman from Juniata will be noted.

BILLS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED.

By Mr. HABGOOD. House Bill No. 699.

An Act making an appropriation to the Kane Summit Hospital Association of Kane, McKean County, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. HOLLERN. House Bill No. 700.

An Act to amend section two of "An Act to protect miners in the bituminous coal region of this Commonwealth" approved the first day of June, one thousand eight hundred eighty-three (Pamphlet Laws, page fifty-two), so as to require uniformity in the size and weight of cars where coal is mined and paid for by weight.

Referred to the Committee on Mines and Mining.

By Mr. HOLLERN. House Bill No. 701.

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the bituminous coal mines of Pennsylvania, and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith," approved the ninth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eleven (Pamphet Laws 756) by adding thereto a provision authorizing the inspection of bituminous coal mines by a committee of miners.

Referred to the Committee on Mines and Mining.

By Mr. TWIBILL. House Bill No. 702.

An Act making an appropriation to the Charity Hospital of the City of Philadelphia.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. WOOD. House Bill No. 703.

An Act establishing in Indiana County a certain section of public road as a State Highway and providing for its construction and maintenance at the expense of the Commonwealth.

Referred to the Committee on Public Roads.

By Mr. PHILLIPS. House Bill No. 704.

An Act to enlarge the limit of purchase price to be paid by the Department of Forestry for lands to be purchased and used for State forest purposes.

Referred to the Committee on Forestry.

By Mr. WHITTEN. House Bill No. 705.

An Act making an appropriation to the Homestead Hospital Association of Homestead, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. BROWNLEE. House Bill No. 706.

An Act to amend section one of an act, approved the twenty-fourth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five, entitled "An Act declaring it to be a misdemeanor to trespass on certain enclosed land of a water company, and providing that any watchman of a water company or any constable or policeman duly authorized to make arrests may arrest without warrant" by extending the scope of the act.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. McVICAR. House Bill No. 707.

An Act making an appropriation to the Allegheny Valley Hospital at Tarentum, Allegheny County, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. MILLIRON. House Bill No. 708.

An Act to amend an act approved the eighteenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred eleven, entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, together with the provisions by which it shall be administred and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof; providing revenue to establish and maintain the same, and the method of collecting such revenue; and repealing all laws, general, special or local, or any parts thereof, that are or may be inconsistent therewith."

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Mr. EVANS. House Bill No. 709.

An Act making an appropriation to the Trustees of the State Hospital at Nanticoke, Luzerne County, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. SPANGLER. House Bill No. 710.

An Act amending an act entitled "A further supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to provide revenue by taxation, approved the seventh day of June, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine'" approved the first day of June, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine.

Referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. HEYBURN. House Bill No. 711.

An Act making an appropriation to the Cheyney Training School for Teachers (formerly the Institute for Colored Youth) at Cheyney, Delaware County.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. HESS. House Bill No. 712.

An Act making an appropriation to the Lancaster General Hospital.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. HACKETT. House Bill No. 713.

An Act making an appropriation to Charles Roth and George H. Roth, owners of "The Star" moving picture place, of the amount illegally demanded and collected as a State license fee from them as proprietors of a moving picture place in the State of Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. HACKETT. House Bill No. 714.

An Act to amend the fifth section of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations," approved 29th day of April 1874.

Referred to the Committee on Corporations.

By Mr. ERDMAN. House Bill No. 715.

An Act making an appropriation to the Allentown Hospital, Allentown, Lehigh County, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. GOMPERS. House Bill No. 716.

An Act to amend an act, approved the twenty-fourth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five, entitled "An Act relative to costs in suits before alderman and justices of the peace, and the collection of the same.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. BERNTHEIZEL. House Bill No. 717.

An Act to provide in certain cases a uniform procedure in the exercise of the right of eminent domain.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. ALCORN. House Bill No. 718.

An Act to enlarge the jurisdiction of justice of the peace to include jurisdiction in action of trespass on the case.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

By Mr. WYLIE. House Bill No. 719.

An Act regulating official advertising by county officers in counties having a population of more than 1,000,000 and less than 1,500,000, and providing for the letting of triennial contracts therefor.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

By Mr. ARON. House Bill No. 720.

An Act making an appropriation to the Lebanon Hospital of Philadelphia.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. SAMPSEL. House Bill No. 721.

An Act regulating the placing of insurance on hospitals, penal institutions, sanitariums, schools, normal schools, colleges and universities supported wholly or partly by appropriation from the State.

Referred to the Committee on Public Buildings.

By Mr. REEL. House Bill No. 722.

An Act regulating the manufacture and sale of commercial fertilizers.

Referred to the Committee on Agriculture.

By Mr. ERDMAN. House Bill No. 723.

An Act to validate appraisements and titles made and effected to surviving husbands and wives by virtue of an act entitled "An Act to amend section one of an act entitled 'An Act relating to the descent and distribution of the estates of intestates passed and approved April eighth one thousand eight hundred and thirty-three,' defining and declaring the interest that shall descend to and vest in the surviving husband or wife of such intestate," approved the first day of May A. D. 1909.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. SHAABER. House Bill No. 724.

An Act limiting the hours of labor of motormen, conductors and drivers employed by horse, cable and electric railway companies.

Referred to the Committee on Labor and Industry.

By Mr. KITTS. House Bill No. 725.

An Act to amend an act approved the sixth day of May, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven, entitled "An Act to authorize the commissioners of the several counties of this Commonwealth to discharge from prison all persons confined in jail, without proceedings under the insolvent laws."

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. NEVILLE. House Bill No. 726.

An Act to repeal section fifteen of an act, entitled "An Act relating to election of County Treasurers, and for other purposes," approved May twenty-seventh, one thousand eight hundred and forty-one (Pamphlet Laws, 400).

Referred to the Committee on Elections.

By Mr. STONE. House Bill No. 727.

An Act to authorize the merger and consolidation of street railway corporations organized under the laws of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, with street railway corporations, organized under the laws of other states where the lines of said street railway corporations meet at the state line of any state adjoining the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, and form a continuous line with each other and validating all such mergers and consolidations heretofore made.

Referred to the Committee on Corporations.

By Mr. STEEDLE. House Bill No. 728.

An Act to provide for the maintenance, care and treatment of indigent insane persons afflicted with tuberculosis, by poor districts which now have or may hereafter supply, erect and equip hospitals or sanitoriums for the care and treatment of indigent insane persons afflicted with tuberculosis.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. MAURER. House Bill No. 729.

An Act providing for a wage commission and making an appropriation.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. COX. House Bill No. 730.

An Act to provide for the health, safety and welfare of minors by forbidding their employment or work in certain establishments and occupations and under certain specified ages; by restricting their hours of labor and regulating certain conditions of their employment. by requiring employment certificates for certain minors, and prescribing the kinds thereof, and the rules for the issuance, reissuance, filing, return and recording of the same; by providing that the Indus-

trial Board shall under certain conditions, determine and declare whether certain occupations are within the prohibitions of this act; requiring that certain minors shall, during the period of their employment attend certain schools to be approved by the State Superintendent of Public Instructions, and regulating the conditions of such attendance, authorizing the State Board of Education in certain cases to appoint attendance officers to aid in enforcing the provisions of this act, and creating the salary and expenses of such officers a charge against the school district wherein they are employed; requiring certain abstracts and notices to be posted; providing for the enforcement of this act by the Commissioner of Labor and Industry, the attendance officers of school districts and police officers; permitting private prosecutions for violation thereof, and defining the procedure in prosecutions thereunder and establishing certain presumptions in relation thereto; providing penalties for the violation of the provisions thereof, and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent therewith.

Referred to the Committee on Manufactures.

By Mr. COX. House Bill No. 731.

An Act providing for the appropriation of certain moneys to the organizations constituting and having in charge the distribution of various police pension funds throughout the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and defining the duties of certain officers in relation thereto.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. SINCLAIR. House Bill No. 732.

An Act prohibiting corporations, co-partnerships or companies conducting a cemetery from excluding persons duly authorized by lot-holders in said cemeteries to enter said cemeteries to do gardening work and decorations on lots therein and providing a penalty for violation of said act by officers, managers, agents or employes of said corporations, co-partnerships or companies.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

By Mr. JACK. House Bill No. 733.

An Act making an appropriation to the Department of Agriculture to prevent, control and eradicate diseases of bees.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. SULLIVAN. House Bill No. 734.

An Act making an appropriation to the Home of the Good Shepherd, Lincoln Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. W. H. WILSON. House Bill No. 735.

A supplement supplementary to an act, entitled "An Act providing for the voting of shares of stock in corporations in this Commonwealth, held by executors, administrators, guardians and trustees and the manner of voting the same," approved March sixteenth, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. FRETZ. House Bill No. 736.

An Act regulating the taking or catching of suckers in the Delaware River, above Trenton Falls.

Referred to the Committee on Fisheries.

By Mr. STEIN. House Bill No. 737.

An Act authorizing municipalities to purchase the entire capital stock of bridge companies owning bridges situated wholly or partly within the limits of such municipalities and exempting the Capital Stock and Bonds of such companies from State taxation.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

By Mr. STEIN. House Bill No. 738.

An Act authorizing and empowering cities of the second class to construct underground tubes or subways to be used for pipe galleries or for the operation of street passenger railway lines, either or both, providing for the use thereof by public service corporations, and others, having their tracks, conduits, wires, cables, pipes, and other appliances on the public streets, conferring power upon said cities to compel their use under certain conditions, and providing for the payment of a reasonable rental therefor.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. HENRY I. WILSON, from the Committee on Judiciary General, re-reported as amended, House Bill No. 120 entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-eighth day of May, one thousand nine hundred and seven, entitled "An Act to provide for the protection of insane persons feeble minded persons and epileptics and the appointment of a guardian for the said insane persons feeble-minded persons and epileptics unable to care for their own property authorizing the guardian to support the wife and children of the said insane persons feeble-minded persons and epileptics defining the powers of the guardian and authorizing the sale of real estate of the ward" by adding an additional section.

Mr. BERNTHEIZEL, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported with a negative recommendation, House Bill No. 262, entitled:

An Act to prohibit the leasing or renting of store-houses store-rooms work-shops and dwelling-houses to any person other than a bona fide tenant who shall be an occupier or contemplated occupier and invalidating all leases and contracts for property to be sub-let between owners and real estate companies house-renting concerns commission agents and other individuals and fixing a penalty for its violation by the owners of house-renting property.

BILLS RE-REFERRED.

Mr. HIBSHMAN. Mr. Speaker, I ask permission to return House Bill No. 504, which was inadvertently referred to the Committee on Agriculture.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the title of the bill.

The Clerk then read the title as follows:

An Act to amend an act approved the seventh day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act relating to and regulating motor vehicles and vehicles trailing after or propelled by motor vehicles controlling their speed upon the public streets and highways in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania providing for their registration and licensing of certain operators by the State Highway Department prohibting the operation of any motor vehicle by any person when intoxicated or without the consent of the owner forbidding the passage of any law laying a tax upon or requiring the registration of motor vehicles or licensing of any operator or regulating the speed of motor vehicles by any county borough city incorporated town or township establishing the rights of motor vehicles upon the public highways with relation to other vehicles providing for their equipment and for the width of tires to be used upon motor vehicles and vehicles trailing after or propelled by motor vehicles regulating the service of process and proceedings in actions for damages arising therefrom providing for arrest and for service of process and proceedings for violation of this act prescribing the penalties therefor and providing for the disposition of fees collected and fines imposed thereunder" by exempting from the operations of the act self-propelled agricultural machinery

The SPEAKER. The Chair will re-refer the bill to the Committee on Public Roads.

Mr. HIBSHMAN. Mr. Speaker, I ask permission to return House Bill No. 566, which was inadvertently referred to the Committee on Agriculture.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the title of the bill.

The Clerk read the title as follows:

An Act relating to and regulating self-propelled traction engines or tractors equipped with metal tired wheels and vehicles trailing after or propelled by traction engines or tractors providing for their registration and the licensing of certain operators by the Highway Department prohibiting the operation of any traction engine or tractor by any person when intoxicated forbidding the passage of any law laying a tax upon or requiring the registration of traction engines or tractors by any county city borough or incorporated town or township establishing the rights of traction engines or tractors upon the public highways with relation to other vehicles providing for their equipment and for the width of tires to be used upon vehicles trailing after or propelled by traction engines or tractors regulating the service of process and proceedings in actions of damages arising therefrom providing for arrest and for service of process and proceedings for violation of this act prescribing the penalties therefor and providing for the disposition of fees and fines imposed thereunder

The SPEAKER. The Chair will re-refer the bill to the Committee on Public Roads.

BILL ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 232, as follows:

An Act to amend section one thousand seven hundred and fifteen of article seventeen of an act approved the eighteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof

providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith" relating to the power to confer academic degrees honorary or otherwise and extending the same to all schools of similar grade in school districts of the first class

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section one thousand seven hundred and fifteen in article seventeen of an act approved the eighteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith" which reads as follows

"Section 1715 The power to confer academic degrees honorary or otherwise heretofore granted to and possessed by any board of public education board of school directors or controllers of any school district at the time of the passage of this act is hereby vested in the board of public education or school directors of such school district created by the provisions hereof And any public high school in any school district existing at the time of the passage of this act with a course of study of not less than four eyars and upon whose students of the full prescribed course of study such academic or other degrees have heretofore been conferred shall be continued by the said board of public education or school directors of the district in which it shall be located under such name or title with such regulations and courses of study of such length and character as the said board may deem necessary" be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows

Section 1715 The Board of Public Education or school directors of each school district shall have and possess the power to confer academic degrees in arts and science upon students in any public high school in any school district under whatever name or title such school may be designated and the same and like power to confer degrees honorary and otherwise which is possessed by any educational institution in Pennsylvania and it shall be the duty of such Board to establish and maintain in one or more convenient places in any school district open to all residents of such school district who are qualified therefor advanced courses of study of such length and character as may fully prepare the students therein to receive the degree of Bachelor of Arts or Bachelor of Science and to confer said degree uopn each student who successfully completes the course prescribed therefor

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. MILLIRON. Mr. Speaker, to my mind this bill, or this act, is one that should not become a law of the State of Pennsylvania. If you read the bill carefully you will notice that it gives to all High Schools of the State the power to confer degrees, either honorary or otherwise. The School Code provides and classifies the High Schools in this State in three classes, high schools of the first class, consisting of four years, high schools of the second class of three years, and high schools of the third class of two years. I do not believe there is a gentleman in this House today who wants to give to the two year high schools the power of granting the same degree as the universities and colleges of this State. It seems to me that if we want to cheapen the higher institutions of learning of this State, we cannot do it in any better way than in passing this act giving the high schools the power of conferring these degrees. Every educational institution in this State has its purpose, it has its mission, and it has its sphere in which to work, and they are valuable in that sphere. But a degree carries with it prestige ;it carries with it privileges that are worth striving for and it is not fair to the man or woman who goes through a university or college course to be placed on the same basis as a boy or girl who simply graduates from a little township high school in one of the district counties. Therefore, I ask the members of this House to consider this bill carefully before casting their vote in favor of it. I want further to state, as a point of order, that this bill is deective in the fact that the title is defective. The bill has been amended but the title has not been amended. You will notice in the title of this act that it applies only to school districts of the first class, but the bill itself applies to all high schools in this State. Therefore, I claim that the bill is defective in that the title is not correct and does not agree with the bill.

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. DUNN. Mr. Speaker, in order that all the members of this House may thoroughly understand the purpose of this bill and the point which the gentleman has raised, that the title may be defective, I move that the further consideration of this bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. H. I. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

It was agreed to.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 259, as follows:

An Act to amend an act approved the seventh day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act relating to and regulating motor vehicles and vehicles trailing after or propelled by motor vehicles controlling their speed upon the public streets and highways in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania providing for their registration and licensing of certain operators by the State Highway Department prohibiting the operation of any motor vehicle by any person when intoxicated or without the consent of the owner forbidding the passage of any law laying a tax upon or requiring the registration of motor vehicles or licensing of any operator or regulating the speed of motor vehicles by any county borough city incorporated town or township establishing the rights of motor vehicles upon the public highways with relation to other vehicles providing for their equipment and for the width of tires to be used upon motor vehicles and vehicles trailing after or propelled by motor vehicles regulating the service of process and proceedings in actions for damages arising therefrom providing for arrest and for service of process and proceedings for violation of this act prescribing the penalties therefor and providing for the disposition of fees collected and fines imposed thereunder"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the eighth section of an act approved the seventh day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act relating to and regulating motor vehicles and vehicles trailing after or propelled by motor vehicles controlling their speed upon the public streets and highways in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania providing for their registration and licensing of certain operators by the State Highway Department prohibiting the operation of any motor vehicle by any person when intoxicated or without the consent of the owner forbidding the passage of any law laying a tax upon or requiring the registration of motor vehicles or licensing of any operator or regulating the speed of motor vehicles by any county borough city incorporated town or township establishing the rights of motor vehicles upon the public highways with relation to other vehicles providing for their equipment and for the width of tires to be used upon motor vehicles and vehicles trailing after or propelled by motor vehicles regulating the service of process and proceedings in actions for damages arising therefrom providing for arrest and for service of process and proceedings for violation of this act prescribing the penalties therefor and providing for the disposition of fees collected and fines imposed thereunder" which reads as follows

Age Limit

"Section 8 No person under sixteen years of age whether the owner of a motor vehicle or not shall operate any motor vehicle upon any of the public roads streets or highways of this Commonwealth" is amended to read as follows

Age Limit

Section 8 No person under the age of fifteen years shall unless accompanied by a regularly licensed person operate a motor vehicle upon any of the public roads streets or highways of the Commonwealth No license shall be granted to any person between fifteen and eighteen years of age unless the competency of said person to operate a motor vehicle shall be shown by an affidavit of three persons one of whom shall be the parent or guardian of said applicant and the other two shall be two persons who are each licensed owners of motor vehicles

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—166.

Adams,	Geary,	Mangan,	Snyder,
Albee,	Geiser,	Marvin,	Sones,
Alcorn,	Gibson,	Mather,	Spangler,
Arnold,	Gingery,	Maurer,	Spencer,
Aron,	Glass,	McCaig,	Statler,
Arthur,	Gompers,	McClintock,	Staving,
Baldwin,	Goodnough,	McClure,	Stein,
Bauerle,	Goodwin,	McCurdy,	Stern,
Becker,	Goodyear,	McDermott,	Stone,
Benn,	Gormley,	McKay,	Swan,
Benninger,	Gransback,	McNichol,	Swartz,
Berntheizel,	Greenwood,	McVicar,	Taylor,
Beyer,	Habgood,	Mellott,	Thomas,

Blackburn,	Hackett,	Metzenbacher,	Trach,
Body,	Haggerty,	Milliron,	Twibill,
Bovee,	Hamilton,	Murdoch,	Urich,
Brosius,	Harper,	Murphy,	Vickerman,
Brownlee,	Heffernan,	Nieder,	Vogdes,
Brumbaugh,	Herman,	Nissley,	Wagner,
Bungard,	Heyburn,	Oaks,	Walter,
Campbell, T.,	Hibshman,	Palmer,	Walton,
Christman,	Hollern,	Perry,	Watson,
Coldsmith,	Hollingsworth,	Peters,	Weaver,
Conner,	Horton,	Pickering,	Weimer,
Corbin,	Howarth,	Powell,	Weir,
Cox,	Hubler,	Ramsey,	West,
Cromer,	Jack,	Reel,	Whitaker,
Curry,	Jones, E. E.,	Reynolds,	Whitten,
Davis,	Jones, W. W.,	Rhoads,	Wildman,
Dawson,	Kitts,	Rich,	Willard,
Dell,	Klinger,	Richards,	Williams,
Diefenderfer,	Kuhn,	Rininger,	Wilson, H. I.,
Dodds,	Kunkle,	Rinn,	Wilson, W. H.,
Drinkhouse,	Lanius,	Rowell,	Wobensmith,
Dunn,	Lauer,	Rudisill,	Wood,
Eby,	Lauler,	Schaeffer,	Woodward,
Erdman,	Lindsey,	Scott,	Wylie,
Evans,	Lipschutz,	Shaaber,	Young,
Fackler,	Love,	Shoop,	Ambler,
Flynn,	Luppert,	Showalter,	Speaker.
Fruit,	Luxemburger,	Sinclair,	
Gallagher,	Lynch,	Smith, J. W.,	
Garner,		Smith, L.,	

NAYS—3.

Bergy,	Rothenberger,	Sarig,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 55, as follows:

An Act to amend section 2 of an act entitled "An Act to amend section two of an act entitled 'An Act to regulate the manner of increasing the indebtedness of municipalities to provide for the redemption of the same and to impose penalties for the illegal increase thereof' approved the twentieth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four abolishing the restriction that the tax levied to pay municipal indebtedness shall be equal to eight per centum of the amount of such increased debt and providing for the method of assessing and levying a tax for the payment of the principal and interest when the bonds become due and the form of statement to be filed" approved the thirteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven by extending the power to incur and increase indebtedness to townships of the second class.

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is herby enacted by the authority of the same That section two of an act approved the thirteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven entitled "An Act to amend section two of an act entitled 'An Act to regulate the manner of increasing the indebtedness of municipalties to provide for the redemption of the same and to impose penalties for the illegal increase thereof approved the twentieth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four abolishing the restriction that the tax levied to pay municipal indebtedness shall be equal to eight per centum of the amount of such increased debt and providing for the method of assessing and levying a tax for the payment of the principal and interest when the bonds become due and the form of statement to be filed" which reads as follows

"Section 2 That any county city borough school district or other municipality or incorporated district may incur debt or increase its indebtedness to an amount in the aggregate not exceeding two per centum upon the assessed value of the taxable property therein as fixed and determined by the last preceding assessed valuation thereof and the corporate authorities of such municipality may by a vote thereof duly recorded upon its minutes authorize and direct the incurring or the increase of such debt to the amount aforesaid and may issue coupon bonds or other securities therefor in sums not less than one hundred dollars each bearing interest at a rate not exceeding six per centum per annum payable semi-annually and the principal thereof re-imbursable at a period not exceeding thirty years from the date at which the same is authorized and an annual tax commencing the first year after such debt shall be increased or incurred sufficient for the payment of the interest thereon and the principal of such debt within a period not exceeding thirty years from the date of such increase shall be forthwith assessed Before issuing any such obligation or security it shall be the duty of the principal officer or officers of such municipality or incorporated district to prepare a statement showing the actual indebtedness of such district the amount of the last preceding assessed valuation of the taxable property therein the amount of debt to be incurred the form number and date of maturity of the obligations to be issued therefor and he shall make and append thereto his oath or affirmation of the truth of the facts therein stated and shall file the said statement in the office of the clerk of the court of quarter sessions of the proper county upon failure so to do he shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and on conviction thereof shall be punished as provided in the first section of this act Certified copies of the record of such statement under the seal of said court shall be competent evidence in all the courts of this Commonwealth Provided that the bonds shall not be sold at less than their par value" is hereby amended to read as follows

"Section 2 That any county city borough school district township of the second class or other municipality or incorporated district may incur debt or increase its indebtedness to an amount in the aggregate not exceeding two per centum upon the assessed value of the taxable property therein as fixed and determined by the last preceding assessed value thereof and the corporate authorities of such municipality may by a vote thereof duly recorded upon its minutes authorize and direct the incurring or the increase of such debt to the amount aforesaid and may issue coupon bonds or other securities therefor in sums not less than one hundred dollars each bearing interest at a rate not exceeding six per centum per annum payable semi-annually and the principal thereof re-imbursable at a period not exceeding thirty years from the date at which the same is authorized and an annual tax commencing the first year after such debt shall be increased or incurred sufficient for the payment of the interest thereon and the principal of such debt within a period not exceeding thirty years from the date of such increase shall be forthwith assessed Before issuing any such obligation or security it shall be the duty of the principal officer or officers of such municipality or incorporated district to prepare a statement showing the actual indebtedness of such district the amount of the last preceding assessed valuation of the taxable property therein the amount of debt to be incurred the form number and date of maturity of the obligations to be issued therefor and he shall make and append thereto his oath or affirmation of the truth of the facts therein stated and shall file the said statement in the office of the clerk of the court of quarter sessions of the proper county upon failure so to do he shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and on conviction thereof shall be punished as provided in the first section of this act Certified copies of the record of such statement under the seal of said court shall be competent evidence in all the courts of this Commonwealth Provided that the bonds shall not be sold at less than their par value

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—181.

Adams,	Garner,	Mangan,	Smith, L.,
Alcorn,	Geary,	Marvin,	Snyder,
Arnold,	Geiser,	Mather,	Sone
Aron,	Gibson,	Maurer,	Spangler,
Arthur,	Gingery,	McCaig,	Spencer,
Baker,	Glass,	McClintock,	Statler,
Baldwin,	Gompers,	McClure,	Staving,
Bauerle,	Goodnough,	McConnell,	Steedle,
Beck,	Goodwin,	McCurdy,	Stein,
Becker,	Goodyear,	McDermott,	Stern,
Benn,	Gormley,	McVicar,	Stone,
Benninger,	Graham,	Mearkle,	Sullivan,
Bergy,	Gransback,	Mellott,	Swan,
Berntheizel,	Greenwood,	Metzenbacher,	Swartz,
Beyer,	Habgood,	Milliron,	Taylor,
Blackburn,	Hackett,	Murdoch,	Thomas,
Body,	Haggerty,	Neville,	Trach,
Bovee,	Hamilton,	Nieder,	Twibill,
Brosius,	Harper,	Oak	Urich,
Brownlee,	Heffernan,	Ostrander,	Vickerman,
Brumbaugh,	Herman,	Palmer,	Vogdes,
Bungard,	Hess,	Perry,	Wagner,
Campbell, T.,	Heyburn,	Peters,	Walsh,
Christman,	Hibshman,	Phillips,	Walter,
Coldsmith,	Hollern,	Powell,	Walton,
Conner,	Hollingsworth,	Ramsey,	Watson,
Corbin,	Horton,	Reel,	Weaver,
Cox,	Howarth,	Reynolds,	Weimer
Cromer,	Hubler,	Rhoads,	Weir,
Curry,	Jack,	Rich,	Wettach,
Davis,	Jones, E. E.,	Rininger,	Whitaker,
Dawson,	Kitts,	Rinn,	Whitten,
Dell,	Klinger,	Robertson,	Wildman,
Diefenderfer,	Kuhn,	Rothenberger,	Willard,
Dodds,	Kunkle,	Rowell,	Williams,
Drinkhouse,	Landis,	Rudisill,	Wilson, H. I.,
Dunn,	Lanius,	Sampsel,	Wilson, W. H.,
Eby,	Lauer,	Sarig,	Wobensmith,
Ehrhardt,	Lauler,	Schaeffer,	Wood,
Eppley,	Leighner,	Scott,	Woodward,
Erdman,	Lindsey,	Shaaber,	Wylie,
Evans,	Lipschutz,	Shoop,	Wynne,
Fackler,	Love,	Showalter,	Young,
Finnerty,	Luppert,	Sinclair,	Ambler,
Flynn,	Luxemburger,	Smith, J. W.,	Speaker.
Fruit,	Lynch,	Smith, Jeff. W.,	
Gallagher,			

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 227, as follows:

An Act validating the incurring of debt or increase of indebtedness of townships of the second class by its supervisors for the purpose of macadamizing roads and highways building constructing repairing and maintaining permanent roads culverts and bridges purchasing machinery or lifting orders or payment of any contracts

made therefor to an amount in the aggregate not exceeding two per centum upon the assessed value of the taxable property therein as fixed and determined by the last preceding assessed valuation thereof and all coupon bonds or other securities issued thereof and also assessments of annual tax for the payment of the principal and interest of such indebtedness represented by such bonds or other securities since the twentieth of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That in all cases where suprevisors of townships of the second class have incurred debt or increased the indebtedness of such township to an amount in the aggregate not exceeding two per centum upon the assessed value of the taxable property therein as fixed and determined by the last preceding assessed valuation thereof for the purpose of macadamizing the roads and highways of such township and of purchasing stone-crushers steam rollers and tools implements material and machinery necessary therefor or of building constructing improving or repairing and maintaining any roads bridges or culverts or of lifting orders issued or satisfying contracts made therefor and have issued interest-bearing coupon bonds or orders or other securities or made contracts therefor and levied or assessed an annual tax for the payment of the interest and principal of said bonds or other securities since the twentieth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four such incurring of debt or increase of indebtedness is hereby declared to be valid and shall be held and adjudged to be valid and sufficient in law and in all such cases the interest-bearing bonds order contract or other securities issued or made by such township as evidence of such debt or increase of indebtedness shall be and the same are hereby declared to be valid and lawful to all intents and purposes against such township in the hands of all persons or corporations holding the same and all assessments of annual tax for the payment of such bonds or other securities are likewise hereby declared to be valid and lawful to all intents and purposes

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—171.

Adams,	Gans,	Lynch,	Smith, J. W.,
Albee,	Geary,	Mangan,	Smith, L.,
Alcorn,	Geiser,	Marvin,	Snyder,
Alexander,	Gibson,	Mather,	Sones,
Arnold,	Glass,	Maurer,	Spangler,
Aron,	Gompers,	McArdle,	Spencer,
Arthur,	Goodnough,	McClintock,	Statler,
Baker,	Goodwin,	McClure,	Staving,
Baldwin,	Goodyear,	McConnell,	Steedle,
Bauerle,	Gormley,	McCurdy,	Stein,
Beck,	Graham,	McDermott,	Stern,
Becker,	Gransback,	McKay,	Stone,
Benninger,	Greenwood,	McNichol,	Sullivan,
Bergy,	Habgood,	McVicar,	Swan,
Berntheizel,	Hackett,	Mearkle,	Swartz,
Beyer,	Hamilton,	Metzenbacher,	Thomas,
Blackburn,	Harper,	Milliron,	Trach,
Body,	Heffernan,	Myers,	Twibill,
Brosius,	Heyburn,	Neville,	Ulrich,
Brownlee,	Hibshman,	Nieder,	Vickerman,
Brumbaugh,	Hoffman,	Nissley,	Vogdes,
Bungard,	Hollern,	Ostrander,	Wagner,
Christman,	Hollingsworth	Palmer,	Walter,
Coldsmith,	Horton,	Peters,	Walton,
Conner,	Howarth,	Phillips,	Watson,
Corbin,	Hubler,	Pickering,	Weaver,
Cox,	Jack,	Powell,	Weimer,
Cromer,	Jones, E. E.,	Ramsey,	Weir,
Cummins,	Jones, W. W.,	Reynolds,	Wettach,
Curry,	Kitts,	Rhoads,	Whitaker,
Davis,	Klinger,	Rich.	Whitten,
Dawson,	Kuhn.	Rininger,	Wildman,
Dell,	Kunkle,	Rinn,	Williams,
Diefenderfer,	Lafferty,	Robertson,	Wilson, H. I.,
Dodds,	Landis,	Rothenberger,	Wilson, W. H.
Drinkhouse,	Lanius,	Rowell,	Wobensmith,
Eby,	Lauler,	Rudisill,	Wood,
Ehrhardt,	Leighner,	Sampsel,	Wylie,
Eppley,	Lindsey,	Sarig,	Wynne,
Erdman,	Lipschutz,	Scott,	Young.
Fackler,	Love,	Shaaber,	
Finnerty,	Luppert,	Shoop,	Ambler,
Fretz,	Luxemburger,	Sinclair,	Speaker.
Gallagher,			

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 49, as follows:

An Act empowering certain corporations societies and voluntary associations having subordinate lodges or branches within this Commonwealth to change the location of their principal office or place of business and providing for the filing of notice of such changes

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That any corporation society or voluntary association carried on for the sole benefit of its members and their beneficiaries and not for profit and having subordinate lodges or branches within this Commonwealth may change the location of its principal office or place of business to any other place within this Commonwealth A notice that such location has been changed shall be filed by the secretary of the corporation society or voluntary association under the corporate seal in the prothonotarys office in the county to which said office or place of business has been removed in the prothonotarys office in the county from hich said office or place of business has been removed and in the office of the Insurance Commissioner ten days before the change shall take effect

Section 2 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. DELL. Mr. Speaker, I should like to interrogate the sponsor of this bill.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Allegheny, Mr. McVicar permit himself to be interrogated.

Mr. McVICAR. Mr. Speaker, I will.

Mr. DELL. Mr. Speaker, I should like the sponsor of this bill to explain briefly its merits.

Mr. McVICAR. Mr. Speaker, this bill briefly enables corporations, fraternal, and beneficial societies having supreme and subordinate lodges, not for profit, to change their principal office from the county in which they are incorporated to another county upon filing a notice in the county in which they are incorporated and a notice in the county in which they propose to be moved, and in the Insurance Commissioner's office of the Commonwealth. The purpose is, because of the fact that the membership and officers of these lodges sometimes change so that it becomes more convenient and practical to have the office in another county, and I might add that the Insurance Commissioner of the Commonwealth thinks it is a desirable change in the law.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—182.

Adams,	Fruit,	Lipschutz,	Shoop,
Albee,	Gallagher,	Love,	Showalter,
Alcorn,	Gans,	Luxemburger,	Sinclair,
Alexander,	Garner,	Lynch,	Smith, J. W.,
Arnold,	Geary,	Mangan,	Smith, Jeff. W
Aron,	Geiser,	Marvin,	Smith, L.,
Arthur,	Gibson,	Mather,	Snyder,
Baker,	Gingery,	Maurer,	Sones,
Baldwin,	Glass,	Mcardle,	Spencer,
Bauerle,	Gompers,	McCaig,	Staving,
Beck,	Goodnough,	McClintock,	Stein,
Benn,	Goodwin,	McClure,	Stern,
Benninger,	Goodyear,	McConnell,	Stone,
Bergy,	Gormley,	McCurdy,	Sullivan,
Berntheizel,	Graham,	McDermott,	Swan,
Beyer,	Gransback,	McKay,	Swartz,
Blackburn,	Greenwood,	McNichol,	Thomas,
Body,	Habgood,	McVicar,	Trach,
Bovee,	Hackett,	Mellott,	Twibill,
Brosius,	Haggerty,	Metzenbacher,	Ulrich,
Brownlee,	Hamilton,	Milliron,	Vogdes,
Brumbaugh,	Harper,	Murdoch,	Wagner,
Bungard,	Heffernan,	Murphy,	Walsh,
Christman,	Herman,	Myers,	Walter,
Coldsmith,	Hess,	Neville,	Walton,
Conner,	Heyburn,	Nieder,	Watson,
Corbin,	Hibshman,	Nissley,	Weaver,
Cox,	Hoffman,	Palmer,	Weimer,
Cromer,	Hollern,	Perry,	Weir,
Curry,	Hollingsworth,	Peters,	West,
Davis,	Horton,	Phillips,	Wettach,
Dawson,	Howarth,	Pickering,	Whitaker,
Dell,	Hubler,	Powell,	Whitten,
Diefenderfer,	Jack,	Ramsey,	Wildman,
Dodds,	Jones, E. E.,	Reel,	

Drinkhouse,	Jones, W. W.,	Reynolds,	Williams,
Dunn,	Kaiser,	Richards,	Wilson, H. I.,
Eby,	Kitts,	Rinn,	Wilson, W. H.,
Ehrhardt,	Klinger,	Robertson,	Wobensmith,
Erdman,	Kuhn,	Rothenberger,	Wood,
Evans,	Kunkle,	Rowell,	Woodward,
Fackler,	Landis,	Rudisill,	Wylie,
Finnerty,	Lanius,	Sampsel,	Wynne,
Flynn,	Lauer,	Sarig,	Young,
Forster,	Leighner,	Shaaber,	Ambler,
Fretz,	Lindsey,	Shaffer,	Speaker.

NAYS.—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 452, as follows:

An Act to amend the first section of an act entitled "An Act to amend the first section of an act approved the fourth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled 'An Act to fix the salaries of the deputy register clerks and employes in the office of the register of wills of any county of this Commonwealth having a popuation of one milion or over' so as to make it apply to counties containing a population of one million four hundred thousand or over" approved the fifth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven so as to change the salaries of the said deputy register clerks and employes of the office of register of wills of said counties

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in Genral Assemby met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the first section of an act approved the fifth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to amend the first section of an act approved the fourth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled 'An Act to fix the salaries of the deputy register clerks and employes in the office of the register of wills of any county of this Commonwealth having a popuation of one million or over so as to make it apply to counties containing a population of one million four hundred thousand or over" which now reads as follows

"Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same that the salaries or compensation of the deputy register clerks and employes in the office of the register of wills of any county of this Commonwealth having a population of one million four hundred thousand or over as computed by the last preceding United States census shall be as follows deputy register at the rate of twenty-five hundred dollars per annum one chief clerk seventeen hundred dollars one assistant chief clerk sixteen hundred dollars one bookkeeper and cashier fifteen hundred dollars transcribing clerks recording clerks inventory clerks index clerks compare clerks miscellaneous clerks and stenographer each at twelve hundred dollars per annum custodians of records and a messenger each at one thousand dollars per annum Such salaries and compensation to be paid monthly by the treasurer of such county according to existing laws" be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same that the salaries or compensation of the deputy register clerks and employes in the office of the register of wills of any county of this Commonweath having a population of one million four hundred thousand or over as computed by the last preceding United States census shall be as folows Deputy register at the rate of thirty-five hundred dollars per annum one chief clerk two thousand dollars one assistant chief clerk eighteen hundred dollars one bookkeeper and cashier eighteen hundred dollars one chief account clerk eighteen hundred dollars one chief compare clerk twenty-two hundred dollars assistant chief compare clerks eighteen hundred dollars compare clerks transcribing clerks recording clerks inventory clerks index clerks miscellaneous clerks temporary clerks search clerks account clerks and stenographer each fifteen hundred dollars per annum custodians of records and a messenger each at twelve hundred dollars per annum one janitor at seven hundred and twenty dollars per annum Such salaries and compensation to be paid monthly by the treasurer of such county according to existing laws

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, at the request of the sponsor of this bill, I move that further consideration of the same be postponed for the present.

Mr. CONNER. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 246, as follows:

An Act requiring each city of the first and second class to establish a municipal pension fund for employes of said city and regulating the payment of such pensions

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the cities of the first class shall create a municipal pension fund for the pensioning of all employes who have given twenty years of service in said city No employe under the age of fifty years shall be pensioned unless such employe is totally and permanently disabled

Section 2 The cities of the first and second class shall set aside and appropriate a sum not to exceed one-half of one per centum of all taxes for such municipal pension fund

Section 3 The employes shall contribute one per centum of their salaries each succeeding month until they retire on pension when such contribution shall cease

Section 4 The pension allowed shall be one-half of the salary received for the two years previous to their retirement

Section 5 The payment of pension shall be made through the department of which said pensioner shall have been last a member

Section 6 The act approved the twenty-fourth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act authorizing each city of the first class to establish a municipal pension fund for employes of said city and regulating the payment of such pensions" is repealed All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with this act are repealed

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

RECONSIDERATION OF VOTE.

Mr. DUNN. Mr. Speaker, I would like to offer an amendment by inserting a word, and would therefore move that the vote by which this bill passed third reading be reconsidered.

Mr. BEYER. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. DUNN. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to insert an amendment at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section one, line four, after the word "first" add "and second."

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to insert the amendments as read? Is there any objection? The Chair hears none and the amendments will be inserted in accordance with the instructions of the House.

The bill as amended was then agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended lie over for printing.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 110, as follows:

An Act to amend an act approved the twelfth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act providing for the establishment and maintenance of boards of health in boroughs and townships of the first class and defining their powers and duties providing for the appointment of members of such boards of health by the president of the borough councils or by the chairmen of the board of commissioners of such townships providing for the election of a secretary and a health officer providing that the Commissioner of Health may take charge of the administration of health laws in any borough or township of the first class when conditions therein in his opinion constitute a menace to the lives or health of the people living outside the corporate limits of such borough or township of the first class or when it may be known to him that such borough or township of the first class is

without an existing or efficient board of health and providing the manner in which the expenses of boards of health or of the Commissioner of Health incurred in administering health laws in any borough or township of the first class shall be paid"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sixth section of an act approved the twelfth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act providing for the establishment and maintenance of boards of health in boroughs and townships of the first class and defining their powers and duties providing for the appointment of members of such boards of health by the president of the borough councils or by the chairman of the board of commissioners of such townships providing for the election of a secretary and a health officer providing that the Commissioner of Health may take charge of the administration of health laws in any borough or township of the first class when conditions therein in his opinion constitute a menace to the lives or health of the people living outside the corporate limits of such borough or township of the first class or when it may be known to him that such borough or township of the first class is without an existing or efficient board of health and providing the manner in which the expenses of boards of health or of the Commissioner of Health incurred in administering health laws in any borough or township of the first class shall be paid" which reads as follows

"Section 6 The said board of health shall have the power and it shall be their duty to enforce the laws of the Commonwealth the regulations of the State Department of Health and such further regulations as the board may see fit to adopt for the control of communicable disease and the prevention of infections therefrom They shall also have power with the consent of councils in case of a prevalence or apprehended prevalence of any contagious or infectious diseases in their borough or township to establish one or more emergency hospitals and to make provisions and regulations for the management of the same" is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 6 The said board of health shall have the power and it shall be their duty to enforce the laws of the Commonwealth the regulations of the State Department of Health and to make and enforce such additional rules and regulations to prevent the introduction and spread of infections or contagious diseases by the regulation of intercourse with infected places by the arrest separation and treatment of infected persons and persons who shall have been exposed to any infectious or contagious disease and by abating and removing all nuisances which they shall deem prejudicial to the public health to enforce vaccination to mark infected houses or places to prescribe rules for the construction and maintenance of house-drains wash-pipes soil-pipes sewer pipes and cesspools and to make all such other rules and regulations as they shall deem necessary for the preservation of the public health They shall also have power with the consent of councils or township commissioners in case of a prevalence or apprehended prevalence of any contagious or infectious diseases in their borough or township to establish one or more emergency hospitals and to make provisions and regulations for the maintenance and management of the same

The board shall also have the power to make enforce and cause to be published all necessary rules and regulations for carrying into effect the powers and functions with which they are invested by law and the power and authority relating to the public health conferred on the boroughs and townships of the first class Such rules and regulations when approved by the borough council and burgess or by the township commissioners as the case may be and when advertised in the same manner as other ordinances shall have the force of ordinances of the borough or township respectively and all penalties or punishment prescribed for the violation thereof as well as the expenses actually and necessarily incurred in carrying such rules and regulations into effect shall be recoverable for the use of the borough or township respectively in the same manner as penalties for violation of the ordinances of the borough or township and subject to the like limitations as to the amount thereof

And said bill having been read at length the third time considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—154.

Adams,	Flynn,	Love,	Statler,
Albee,	Fretz,	Luppert,	Staving,
Alcorn,	Fruit,	Luxemburger,	Steedle,
Alexander,	Gallagher,	Lynch,	Stein,
Arnold,	Garner,	Marvin,	Stern,
Aron,	Geary,	Mather,	Sullivan,
Arthur,	Gibson,	Maurer,	Swan,
Baldwin,	Gompers,	McArdle,	Swartz,
Beck,	Goodnough,	McCaig,	Thomas,
Becker,	Goodwin,	McClintock,	Trach,
Benninger,	Graham,	McClure,	Twibill,
Bergy,	Gransback,	McConnell,	Urich,
Berntheizel,	Greenwood,	McCurdy,	Vickerman,
Beyer,	Habgood,	McNichol,	Vogdes,
Blackburn,	Hackett,	McVicar,	Wagner,
Body,	Haggerty,	Mearkle,	Walsh,
Bovee,	Hamilton,	Mellott,	Walter,
Brosius,	Harper,	Metzenbacher,	Watson,
Brownlee,	Heffernan,	Milliron,	Weaver,
Bungard,	Herman,	Murdoch,	Weimer,
Campbell, T.,	Heyburn,	Murphy,	Weir,
Christman,	Hibshman,	Nissley,	West,
Coldsmith,	Hoffman,	Perry,	Wettach,
Conner,	Hollern,	Phillips,	Whitaker,
Corbin,	Hollingsworth,	Pickering,	Wildman,
Cromer,	Horton,	Powell,	Willard,
Cummins,	Howarth,	Ramsey,	Williams,
Curry,	Hubler,	Reel,	Wilson, H. I.,
Davis,	Jack,	Rhoads,	Wilson, W. H.,
Dawson,	Jones, W. W.,	Rininger,	Wobensmith,
Dell,	Kaiser,	Robertson,	Wood,
Diefenderfer,	Kitts,	Rowell,	Woodward,
Dodds,	Klinger,	Sampsel,	Wylie,
Drinkhouse,	Kunkle,	Scott,	Wynne,
Dunn,	Landis,	Shoop,	Young,
Erdman,	Lauer,	Showalter,	Ambler,
Evans,	Lauler,	Smith, J. W.,	Speaker.
Fackler,	Leighner,	Snyder,	
Finnerty,	Lipschutz	Spencer,	

NAYS—4.

Baker,	McKay,	Rothenberger,	Sarig,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 109, entitled:

An Act to enable certain boroughs to furnish and supply electric current for power purposes

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. SHOWALTER. Mr. Speaker, there seems to be some doubt whether the act of 1897 is broad enough to cover the manufacture of electricity for power purposes by boroughs that own their own plant, and in order that this possibility of doubt may be removed about the authority or power of a borough to manufacture electricity for power purposes, is the intent of this bill.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—128.

Adams,	Goodnough,	McCurdy,	Statler,
Alcorn,	Goodyear,	McDermott,	Staving,
Arnold,	Gormley,	McKay,	Stern,
Aron,	Graham,	McVicar,	Stone,
Arthur,	Gransback,	Mellott,	Sullivan,
Baker,	Haggerty,	Metzenbacher,	Swan,
Baldwin,	Hamilton,	Milliron,	Swartz,
Bauerle,	Harper,	Murdoch,	Taylor,
Becker,	Heffernan,	Myers,	Thomas,
Benn,	Herman,	Palmer,	Trach,
Blackburn,	Heyburn,	Peters,	Twibill,
Bovee,	Hollern,	Phillips,	Urich,
Brosius,	Horton,	Powell,	Vickerman,
Brownlee,	Howarth,	Reel,	Wagner,
Bungard,	Hubler,	Reynolds,	Walter,
Campbell, T.,	Jack,	Rich,	Watson,
Coldsmith,	Jones, W. W.,	Richards,	Weaver,
Conner,	Klinger,	Rininger,	Weimer,
Corbin,	Kuhn,	Robertson,	West,
Dell,	Kunkle,	Rothenberger,	Whitaker,
Diefenderfer,	Landis,	Rowell,	Wildman,
Drinkhouse,	Lanius,	Sampsel,	Williams,
Eby,	Leighner,	Sarig,	Wilson, H. I.,
Eppley,	Lipschutz,	Schaeffer,	Wilson, W. H.,
Fackler,	Love,	Scott,	Wobensmith,
Finnerty,	Luppert,	Shoop,	Woodward,
Forster,	Luxemburger,	Showalter,	Wylie,
Fretz,	Mangan,	Sinclair,	Wynne,
Geary,	Marvin,	Smith, L.,	Young,
Geiser,	Mather,	Sones,	Ambler,
Gingery,	McClintock,	Spencer,	Speaker.
Glass,	McClure,		
Gompers,			

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 308, entitled:

An Act fixing the fee for marriage license

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

Mr. CROMER. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, I am opposed to raising the price and discouraging matrimony. Matrimony is an ordinance that is encouraged by the State and blessed by the Church. We should not do anything to discourage our young men from marrying; in fact, I know a lot of young men now that if they don't get married soon it will be too late and I don't think we should discourage these young men.

Mr. WALTER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to interrogate the sponsor of the bill, the gentleman from Fayette, Mr. Smith.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Fayette, Mr. Smith, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. LEE SMITH. Mr. Speaker, with pleasure.

Mr. WALTER. Mr. Speaker, I should like to know if the gentleman from Fayette who introduced this bill is married or single.

Mr. LEE SMITH. Mr. Speaker, I am willing to answer that question upon one condition which I think is fair and that is that my interrogator shall state whether he is married or single first.

Mr. WALTER. Mr. Speaker, I am married.

Mr. LEE SMITH. Mr. Speaker, I am single.

Mr. SNYDER. Mr. Speaker, I should like to interrogate the gentleman from Fayette.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Fayette permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. LEE SMITH. Mr. Speaker, certainly.

Mr. SNYDER. Mr. Speaker, I should like to know if the gentleman has ever been jilted.

Mr. LEE SMITH. Mr. Speaker, I do not know whether I shall answer that.

The SPEAKER. The Chair would inform the gentleman that he need not incriminate himself.

Mr. LEE SMITH. Mr. Speaker, there may formerly have been a condition where this privilege may have been considered worth not over one dollar. If there are no further questions to be asked me, I would like to make a statement in regard to this bill.

Mr. W. H. WILSON. I would like to interrogate the gentleman from Fayette.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Fayette permit himself to be interrogated further?

Mr. LEE SMITH. Mr. Speaker, certainly.

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I would like to have the gentleman from Fayette inform the House whether he is in personal danger of any immediate matrimonial alliance.

Mr. LEE SMITH. Mr. Speaker, as I understand it I am not required to answer any questions that lead to personal incrimination.

The merits of this bill are this: As I understand it, the Legislature of 1913 amended the marriage laws, requiring of the person who issues the marriage license at least twice the amount of work that formerly was required. If twice the amount of work is now required there ought to be twice the amount of pay. The persons in authority who have been issuing marriage licenses throughout the State, many of them, think that they are not being sufficiently paid and they have requested that the fee be increased commensurate with the amount of labor required of them at this time.

Just recently there has been another bill introduced to cover all phases of the marriage laws, and if that bill should become a law it will easily include this, and if all of the marriage laws, including the licenses and fees relating thereto (are included in the one bill) it will prevent an incumbrance of the record and make one law to take the place of all the others, and at this time, if it is not out of order, I would move you that further consideration of this bill be postponed indefinitely until the other bill is returned.

MR. KITTS IN THE CHAIR.

Mr. FORSTER. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

On the question of agreeing to the motion,

A division was taken, 43 voting in the affirmative, and 95 in the negative.

And the question was determined in the negative.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I move that the further consideration of this bill be postponed for the present.

The SPEAKER. The motion is not in order.

Mr. BALDWIN. I understood the gentleman from Fayette, Mr. Smith, to move postponement of the consideration of the bill indefinitely; am I not correct?

The SPEAKER. The Chair withdraws his decision.

Mr. URICH. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was not agreed to.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—45.

Adams,	Davis,	Lauler,	Neville,
Aron,	Dawson,	Lipschutz,	Sinclair,
Arthur,	Drinkhouse,	Luxemburger,	Smith, L.,
Baker,	Evans,	Lynch,	Stern,
Baldwin,	Fackler,	McCaig,	Swan,
Beck,	Fretz,	McClintock,	Thomas,
Benn,	Glass,	McClure,	Walter,
Bungard,	Gormley,	McVicar,	Weaver,
Campbell, T.,	Greenwood,	Mellott,	West,
Coldsmith,	Hackett,	Milliron,	Wilson, H. I.,
Conner,	Heffernan,	Myers.	Wilson, W. H.,
Curry,	Hubler,		

NAYS—97.

Alcorn,	Gibson,	Maurer,	Statler,
Arnold,	Gingery,	McCurdy,	Staving,
Becker,	Gompers,	McDermott,	Stone,
Benninger,	Goodwin,	McKay,	Sullivan,
Berntheizel,	Goodyear,	Metzenbacher,	Swartz,
Bergy,	Graham,	Murdoch,	Taylor,
Blackburn,	Haggerty,	Murphy,	Trach,
Body,	Hamilton,	Nissley,	Twibill,
Brosius,	Herman,	Oaks,	Urich,
Brownlee,	Hollern,	Peters,	Vickerman,
Christman,	Jack,	Phillips,	Wagner,
Corbin,	Jones, E. E.,	Powell,	Walsh,
Cromer,	Jones, W. W.,	Richards,	Weimer,
Dell,	Kitts,	Rininger,	Wettach,
Diefenderfer,	Klinger,	Robertson,	Whitten,
Dodds,	Kunkle,	Rothenberger,	Wildman,
Dunn,	Landis,	Rowell,	Williams,
Eby,	Lanius,	Schaeffer,	Wobensmith,
Eppley,	Lindsey,	Scott,	Wood,
Erdman,	Love,	Shaaber,	Wylie,
Finnerty,	Luppert,	Shoop,	Wynne,
Forster,	Mangan,	Smith, J. W.,	Young,
Fruit,	Marvin,	Spangler,	
Gallagher,	Mather,	Spencer,	

Less than the majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the negative and the bill falls.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 150, as follows:

An Act relating to the appointment of persons to the police engineering electrical and fire departments in cities of the third class constituting a civil service board in relation thereto providing for and regulating examinations the manner of appointments and the manner and power of removal of employes of said departments and providing a method for fixing compensation of a secretary

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from and after the passage of this act no person or persons may be appointed to any position whatever in the police department engineering department electrical department or the fire department in any city of the third class in this Commonwealth without having first passed all the examinations hereinafter provided for and having been appointed in the manner and according to the terms provisions and conditions of this act

Section 2 There shall be appointed and constituted in all said cities of the third class a civil service board consisting of three citizens who shall be elected by the city council and who shall serve for four years and until their successors are elected and qualified One of said citizens shall be an educator and one shall be a physician At the first election the city council shall elect one person to serve for two years one person to serve for three years and one person to serve for four years and upon the expiration of the term of any member of said board one person shall be elected by the city council to serve upon said board for the term of four years If any vacancies occur they shall be filled by the city council for the unexpired term Each of said members before entering upon the duties of his office shall take and subscribe to the oath of office prescribed by the constitution of Pennsylvania and file the same duly certified by the officer administering it with the controller of the city No salary or other compensation shall be paid to any member

of the said board two members of the board shall constitute a quorum necessary for the transaction of business and said board shall organize under this act for the purpose of transacting all business immediately upon the passage of this act

Section 3 The said board immediately upon organization shall prepare and adopt such rules and regulations to cover the selection and appointment of all persons to be hereafter employed or appointed in each of said departments in said cities of the third class as in the judgment of said board shall be best adapted to securing the best service for the public in each and all of said departments and such rules and regulations shall provide for ascertaining and determining so far as possible the physical qualifications habits reputation standing experience and education of all applicants for such positions respectively and they shall provide for examinations upon any and all subjects deemed proper or necessary by said board for the purpose of determining their qualifications for the position sought and applied for

Section 4 Said board shall make and keep in numerical order a list containing the names of all applicants for positions in each of said several departments who may pass the required mental and physical examinations Where more than one person takes examinations for any of said positions at the same time those successfully passing such examinations shall be entered upon the list of eligible names in the order of their respective percentages the highest coming first and shall furnish the council a certified copy of any and all lists so prepared and kept whenever any vacancy shall occur or appointment be required in any of said departments the superintendent of such department shall make written application to the president of said board who shall forthwith certify to such superintendent in writing the first three names on the list of applicants for positions in the designated department and thereupon the superintendent of such department shall nominate to the city council one of the three persons whose names are submitted to fill such positions and if the city council approve such nomination the person nominated shall be appointed to fill such vacancy and shall be assigned for service in the designated department If the council do not approve such nomination then the superintendent of such department shall submit another nomination for such position from the remaining two names and if such nomination is not approved by the council he shall submit the third name and the person of the three submitted whose nomination by the superintendent is approved by the city council shall be appointed to fill such positions and shall be assigned to the designated department The name of the person so appointed shall be immediately stricken from the list of said board and the names of the two rejected persons shall immediately be restored to their former place on said list

Section 5 The provisions of this act shall apply to all employes of said several departments and all appointments made under the provisions of this act shall be for and during good behavior and no employe shall be removed or transferred for any political reasons whatever Provided further however That among those persons possessing equal qualifications and eligibility for appointment preference in appointment shall be given to volunteer fireman for positions in the fire department and honorably discharged sailors and soldiers who served in the navy or army of the United States during the time of war Provided further That if the preference hereby provided for be for any reason invalid all other provisions of this act shall remain in force with like effect as if said preference had not been contained therein it being the intention of the Legislature not to make the other provisions of this act dependent upon the validity of said preference And provided further That all persons holding appointments in said several departments of said cities at the time this act goes into effect shall remain in office without being required to pass examination and be removed only in accordance with the provisions of this act Provided further That in cases of riot or emergency temporary appointments in the said departments may be made without complying with the provisions of this act

Section 6 All employes of said several departments shall be subject to suspension by the superintendent of the department to which they are severally assigned for misconduct or violation of any law of this Commonwealth any ordinance of the city or regulation of the department in which they are respectively serving pending action by the city council upon the charges made against any such employes and on hearing before the city council where they may be represented by counsel they may be fined suspended or discharged by the city council if found guilty of the charges made against them

Section 7 The said civil service board may appoint a secretary and prescribe his duties He shall be subject to removal at any time by the board and the board shall have power to change his duties The compensation to be paid said secretary provided for by this act and all necessary stationery and supplies for said board shall be such as councils shall by ordinance direct

Section 8 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith be and the same are hereby repealed

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. WALTON. Mr. Speaker, I move that the further consideration of this bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. WILDMAN. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. SPANGLER. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to report a bill from Committee at this time.

The SPEAKER. Is there any objection? The Chair hears none, and the report will be received.

Mr. SPANGLER, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as amended, House Bill No. 27, entitled:

An Act relating to county officers in counties having less than one hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants and providing for their salaries and the compensation of deputies and clerks in the respective county offices requiring the payment into the respective county treasury of the fees of county officers and providing penalties for violation of this act.

Mr. SPANGLER. Mr. Speaker, I now move that five hundred extra copies of this bill be printed for use of the members.

The SPEAKER. I think the gentleman can make that motion when the bill next appears on the calendar.

Mr. SPANGLER. Mr. Speaker, if I am in order at this time, it is my purpose in making this motion now to have the printer print an extra number of bills at the same time that he prints the regular original quota. I believe that it would save extra trouble and extra time and confusion, if my motion is entertained and agreed to at the present time for the extra number of bills.

The SPEAKER. The Chair is of the opinion that the bill is not properly before the House unless the gentleman from York secures unanimous consent to place it before the House.

Mr. SPANGLER. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that the House entertain a motion for the printing of a certain number of extra copies of this bill.

Mr. LANIUS. Mr. Speaker, I object on the grounds that it is clearly set forth that this bill is not constitutional and the State should not be put to the cost of printing those bills if that be true.

The SPEAKER. The Chair hears objections.

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 611, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven entited "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or maybe inconsistent therewith"

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 393, entitled:

An Act relating to the powers duties and fees of coroners and their officers or assistants

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 268, entitled:

An Act to amend section one of article eight of the act entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation regulation and government of cities of the third class regulating nomination and election of municipal officers therein and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto" approved the twenty-seventh day of June one thousand nine hundred thirteen

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 513, entitled:

An Act relating to the satisfaction of mortgages under power of attorney directed to the recorder of deeds

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 482, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the fourteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred and three entitled "An Act for the creation and government of a division of the State Library for the preservation of public records by establishing the office of supervisor of public records with general supervision over the care and custody and condition of public records of the several counties cities and boroughs of this Commonwealth

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 486, entitled:

An Act relating to pubication of notices required by the Constitution and laws of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in newspapers in said Commonwealth

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 536, entitled:

An Act concerning the relations between attorney and client on suit being brought in any court of this Commonwealth and providing that the attorney shall have a lien for his compensation for his services upon the client's cause of action claim or counter-claim which shall attach to any award order report decision compromise settlement verdict or judgment in the client's favor and the proceeds thereof in whosoever hands the same may be and which lien shall not be affected or defeated by any compromise or settlement between the parties before or after judgment

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 432, entitled:

An Act relating to the administration of the estate of an intestate decedent

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 622, entitled:

An Act fixing a method of adjusting boundary lines of municipalities and townships

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 430, entitled:

An Act making county commissioners overseers of the poor in certain counties and regulating their compensation and expenses

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 515, entitled:

An Act requiring all public printing and the processes used in doing such printing to be done within the territorial limits of this Commonwealth

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 317, entitled:

An Act to repeal an act approved the twenty-sixth day of April one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three entitled "An Act relative to the eligibility of candidates for the office of district attorney"

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 476, entitled:

An Act regulating the sale of vinous spiritous malt and brewed liquors and admixtures thereof by limiting the hours during which said vinous spiritous malt and brewed liquors may be sold and providing a penalty for violation thereof

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 530, entitled:

An Act supplementary to an act entitled "An Act defining the powers of the several courts of quarter sessions of the peace within this Commonwealth with reference to the care treatment and control of dependent neglected incorrigible and neglected children under the age of sixteen years and providing for the means in which such power may be exercised" approved April twenty-three Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and three conferring power upon the judge or judges who are from time to time assigned to the session of said court known as the juvenile court to establish compulsory physical and mental examinations of all children who come within the custody or control of the said juvenile court defining the purpose method and extent of such examination and the character and use of the reports of examining physicians designating the time and place of and authorizing the necessary equipment for such examinations and providing for the installation of said equipment and payment therefor and for the appointment and compensation of examining physicians and assistants for the said work

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 529, entitled:

An Act supplementary to an act entitled "An Act regulating the confinement of children under the age of sixteen years awaiting trial" approved the third day of April one thousand nine hundred and three providing for the separation of dependent and neglected children from incorrigible and delinquent children in places of detention of minors in the custody of the juvenile court of the several counties

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 548, entitled:

An Act amending the fourth section of an act approved April twenty-third Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred three entitled "An Act defining the powers of the several courts of quarter sessions of the peace within this Commonwealth with reference to the care treatment and control of dependent negected incorrigible and delinquent children under the age of sixteen years and providing for the means in which such power may be exercised" and amending this sixth section of the said act as amended by the first section of an act approved the first day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to amend the sixth section of an act approved April twenty-third Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and three entitled 'An Act defining the powers of the several courts of quarter sessions of the peace within this Commonwealth with reference to the care treatment and control of dependent neglected incorrigible and delinquent children under the age of sixteen years and providing for the means in which such power may be exercised by providing that the court may direct that the board of such children be paid by the proper county" by providing that the court may direct that the clothing of said children be paid for by the proper county

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 230, entitled:

An Act to amend and act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith"

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 543, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the ninth day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to provide for the appointment of deputy prothonotaries in coun-

ties of his Commonwealth having a population of more than two hundred and fifty thousand and less than a million and defining their qualifications powers and salary"

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 540, entitled:

An Act to amend the second section of an act entitled "An Act to establish an intermediate court of appeals regulating its constitution officers jurisdiction powers practice and its relation to the Supreme Court and other courts providing for the reports of its decision the compensation of the judges and other officers and the practice and cost on appeals from its judgments" approved the twenty-fourth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 464, entitled:

An Act relating to balloons and imposing a penalty

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 351, entitled:

An Act relating to juvenile offenders and regulating their detention and trial

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 547, entitled:

An Act requiring counties now or hereafter containing a population of not less than seven hundred and fifty thousand and not more than one million two hundred thousand inhabitants to establish and maintain schools for the care and education of female children under the jurisdiction of the juvenile courts and conferring the powers and regulating the proceedings for the establishment maintenance and management thereof

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 494 (Senate No. 30) entitled:

An Act amending section seven of an act entitled "An Act to establish a county court for the county of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof" approved the fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven as amended by changing the practice in desertion and non-support cases

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 498 (Senate No. 27), entitled:

A further supplement to an act entitled "An Act to establish a county court for the county of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof" approved the fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven constituting the said court the juvenile court of said county and prescribing its organization jurisdiction and powers therein and otherwise

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 495 (Senate No. 29), entitled:

An Act amending sections eight and nine of an act entitled "An Act to establish a county court for the county of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof" approved the fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven as amended by changing the practice of the court with regard to trial by jury and by providing that appeals from the judgment of the court in all civil actions shall be taken by leave of the court of common pleas and prescribing the practice and the powers of the court of common pleas in such cases

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 348 (Senate No. 21), entitled:

An Act to validate deeds and mortgages and other instruments of writing which have been defectively acknowledged by husband and wife prior to the fourth day of January one thousand nine hundred and fifteen

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 497 (Senate No. 36), entitled:

An Act authorizing the surrender and delivery of mortgages and writings obligatory secured thereby given to the Commonwealth and the satisfaction of the record thereof when full payment has been made

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 350 (Senate No. 2), entitled:

An Act to amend the first section of an act approved the twenty-eighth day of March one thousand eight hundred and twenty entitled "An Act relative to mortgages" by requiring purchase money mortgages to be recorded within ten days in order to have priority of lien

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
The SPEAKER (Charles A. Ambler) in the Chair.

HEARING ON CHILD LABOR BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. COX. Mr. Speaker.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Cox.

Mr. COX. Mr. Speaker, for the information of all those concerned in Child Labor I desire to state that by an agreement with the Senate Committee and the Governor and the Speaker of the House, the hearing on the Child Labor Bills has been postponed until March 17th, at three P. M., instead of March 9th. There has been another Child Labor Bill introduced this morning that will necessitate reprinting and consequently the people will not get this bill to properly digest it in time for the hearing on March 9th, and we have agreed to make it March 17th at three P. M.

The SPEAKER. The Chair desires to say to the members of the House that the calendar is all cleaned up and that while we will adjourn until Monday night, when we adjourn this morning, or the Chair trusts that we will, he hopes that the Committees will stay here and work this afternoon and after this week, the sessions of the House will last longer in the week.

ADJOURNMENT.

Mr. THEODORE CAMPBELL. Mr. Speaker, I move that this House do now adjourn.

The motion was agreed to, and (at 11.40 A. M.) the House adjourned until Monday, March 8th, 1915 at 9:00 P. M.

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA.

Legislative Journal.

Session 1915 — 121st of the General Assembly

VOL. 3. HARRISBURG, PA., MONDAY, MARCH 8, 1915. No. 20.

SENATE.

MONDAY, March 8, 1915.

The Senate met at 9:30 o'clock P. M.

The PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE (Mr. Charles H. Kline) in the Chair.

PRAYER.

The Chaplain, Rev. Thomas W. Davis, offered the following prayer:

Almighty God, our kind Heavenly Father, we thank Thee for all the possibilities of our lives. We pray Thee to so guide us from day to day, that we may realize that we should address ourselves to the task of not only living but letting others live, also guide us so that it may become easy for us to do that which is right and hard for us to do that which is wrong. May each day of our lives count in bringing about the great brotherhood of man and the fatherhood of God. We ask in our Saviour's name. Amen.

The PRESIDENT. A quorum of the Senate being present the Clerk will read the Journal of the preceding session.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of the preceding session, when, on motion of Mr. WASBERS, the further reading was dispensed with, and the Journal was approved.

PETITIONS.

FAVORING CONSTRUCTION OF DIKE ALONG BROKEN STRAW CREEK.

Mr. PHIPPS presented the petition of citizens of Brokenstraw Township, Warren County, favoring an appropriation for the construction of a dike along Brokenstraw Creek.

Which was referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

FAVORING PASSAGE OF OPTOMETRY BILL.

Mr. THOMPSON presented the petition of Citizens of Beaver County praying for the passage of the Optometry Bill.

Which was referred to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

PETITIONS FAVORING COUNTY LOCAL OPTION.

The Chair presented the petition of Citizens of South Bethlehem and Philadelphia favoring the passage of a County Local Option law.

Which was referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

Mr. HILTON presented the petition of Citizens of Potter County favoring the passage of a County Local Option law.

Which was referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

Mr. WASBERS presented petition of citizens of York County favoring the passage of County Local Option bill.

Which was referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

Also the petition of Wisteria Council No. 184, Daughters of Liberty, of Red Lion, York County, Pa., favoring the passage of County Local Option law.

Which was referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. CLARK from the Committee on Game and Fisheries reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 176, entitled:

An Act to provide for the better protection and preservation of deer, and elk, and certain birds classed as game birds, within the Commonwealth; providing a method through which certain lands in the Commonwealth may be closed to hunting for a term of years; and prescribing penalties for violation of its several provisions.

Mr. McCONNELL from the Committee on Game and Fisheries reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 167, entitled:

An Act to amend section three of an act, entitled "An Act to provide for the appointment of Game Commissioners for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, defining their duties and empowering them to appoint game protectors," approved the 25th day of June, A. D. 1895, as amended by the act of the 15th day of June, 1911, P. L. 960.

Mr. GERBERICH from the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 56, entitled:

An Act for the prevention of fraud and deception by prohibiting the use of added artificial coloring matter in such edible alimentary pastes as macaroni spaghetti vermicelli and noodles.

Mr. MARTIN from the Committee on Agriculture reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 264 (House Bill No. 40), entitled:

An Act defining the Mountain Laurel (Kalmia latifolia) as the flower emblem or State flower of this Commonwealth.

Mr. SALUS from the Committee on Judiciary General reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 336, entitled:

An Act to amend the fifth section of an act approved the 19th day of May, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, entitled "An Act relating to the organization and jurisdiction of orphans' courts and to establish a separate orphans' court in and for counties having more than one hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants and to provide for the election of judges thereof" as amended by an act approved the sixth day of May, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine, entitled "An Act to further amend the fifth section of an act, entitled 'An Act relating to the organization and jurisdiction of the orphans' court and establishing a separate orphans' court in and for counties having more than one hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants and to provide for the election of judges thereof,' approved May 19th, A. D. 1874, as amended by an act approved the 29th day of April, A. D. 1897, fixing and determining the salaries of the assistant clerks of said court" by vesting the appointment of the first assistant clerk of said courts in the respective judges thereof, and providing that this amendment shall not apply to counties having a population over seven hundred thousand.

Mr. CATLIN from the Committee on Judiciary Special reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 338, entitled:

An Act requiring and regulating the declaring and posting of the vote at election districts at a primary election.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

Mr. MOORE read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 364, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Homestead Hospital Association of Homestead, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. SALUS read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 365, entitled:

An Act authorizing Louis Gumbinar, a resident of Philadelphia County, Pennsylvania, to bring suit or suits against and to recover from the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, either in law or equity, in the Court of Common Pleas of Philadelphia County, the amount of such part of a certain wholesale liquor license fee as required by, and paid by him to, the Treasurer of the City and County of Philadel-

phia, in excess of the amount of such fee as was justly and legally due and payable; together with legal interest on such excessive amount from the time of payment thereof.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 366, entitled:

An Act to amend the third section of an act entitled "An Act relative to the supervision and control of hospitals or homes in which the insane are placed for treatment or detention," approved the eighth day of May, A. D. one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three, so as to fix the compensation of the secretary of the committee on lunacy.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

Mr. McCONNELL read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 367, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the State Hospital for Injured Persons of the Treverton, Shamokin and Mount Carmel Coal Fields, situate in the Township of Coal, near Shamokin, Northumberland County, Pennsylvania, for its maintenance and support for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand nine hundred and fifteen; for the erection and completion of Burnt Ward and Isolated Ward; finishing Nurses' Home, Garage and furnishing and equipping same; Pathological Laboratory, Drug-room and Superintendent's Home; furniture, furnishings, repairs and improvements of the above; and providing the manner of payment of said appropriation.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. P. W. SNYDER read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 368, entitled:

An Act to regulate the sale, furnishing, giving away, prescription and possession of opium, morphine, heroin, codeine, their salts, derivatives or compounds and of any substance or preparation containing opium, morphine, heroin, codeine or any salt, derivative or compound thereof; providing for the enforcement of this act, and prescribing penalties for violation of its provisions.

Which was committed to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

Mr. CLARK read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 369, entitled:

An Act regulating the sale, offering for sale or exposing for sale of vegetables, grapes and fruits; providing standard containers, baskets, trays and measures therefor, and imposing penalties.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 370, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the fifth day of May, one thousand eight hundred ninety-nine, entitled "An Act relative to the liens of the Commonwealth against unpatented lands; providing for their adjustment, and for the granting of patents."

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 371, entitled:

An Act to amend further an act approved the eleventh day of April, one thousand eight hundred sixty-two, entitled "A further supplement to an act, entitled 'An Act for the regulation and continuance of a system of education by common schools,' approved the eighth day of May, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-four.

Which was committed to the Committee on Education.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 372, entitled:

An Act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act authorizing certain corporations to issue preferred stock of one or more classes; providing for the manner of issuance, restrictions and regulations in the matter of voting thereof, and the rights and privileges of the holders thereof; and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent therewith," approved May 28, 1913 (P. L. 378).

Which was committed to the Committee on Corporations.

Mr. BUCKMAN read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 373, entitled:

An Act to repeal sections one and two of an act, approved the twenty-fourth day of April, one thousand nine hundred one, entitled "An Act to encourage the use of wide tires upon wagons upon the public highways of this Commonwealth, and providing penalties for its violation."

Which was committed to the Committee on Public Roads and Highways.

Mr. BURKE read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 374, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Allegheny General Hospital of the North Side, City of Pittsburgh.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. SONES (by request) read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 375, entitled:

An Act relative to the deposit of county funds by the county treasurer in banks.

Which was committed to the Committee on Banks and Building and Loan Associations.

Mr. WASBERS read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 376, entitled:

An Act for the encouragement of agriculture and the holding of agricultural exhibitions, providing State aid for certain agricultural associations and regulating the payment thereof.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 377, entitled:

A supplement to an act approved the 25th day of July, 1913, entitled "An Act providing for the establishment of a State Industrial Home for Women; authorizing the purchase of a site, and the erection thereon and equipment of necessary buildings; providing for the commitment to said Industrial Home for Women of females between the ages of sixteen and thirty years, convicted of, or pleading guilty to the commission of any criminal offense; and providing for the government and management of said institution; and making an appropriation to carry out the purposes of this act."

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. SCHANTZ read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 378, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Homeopathic State Hospital for the Insane, at Allentown, Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 379, entitled:

An Act to amend section one of an act, entitled "An Act regulating the method and procedure in the erection of line or partition fences," approved the 14th day of April, 1905, P. L. 162.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 380, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the 27th day of June, 1913, entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation, regulation, and government of cities of the third class; regulating nomination and election of municipal officers therein; and repealing, consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto," by providing for formation of such cities from parts of two or more contiguous counties

Which was committed to the Committee on Municipal Affairs.

Mr. ENDSLEY read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 381, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Department of Agriculture to prevent, control and eradicate diseases of bees

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. MARTIN read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 382, entitled:

An Act to aid in the suppression of insect pests in Pennsylvania, by authorizing the Department of Agriculture to prepare a catalogue of the insects of Pennsylvania, giving their common and scientific names, dates, localities, food, enemies, remedies, habits, and other important points, as far as can be ascertained, together with illustrations of some of the important types of insects, and providing for the publication of said book and the distribution of the same, and making an appropriation therefor.

Which was committed to the Committee on Agriculture.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 383, entitled:

An Act to promote education in Economic Entomology and aid in the suppression of insect pests, and the preservation of birds in Pennsylvania by authorizing the Department of Agriculture to prepare for the public schools of Pennsylvania a colored chart showing injurious and beneficial insects, and insectivorous birds of Pennsylvania in their natural colors, and stating their common and scientific names, food, economy and recommendations for their respective destruction or preservation, and providing for the publication of said chart and the distribution of the same, and making an appropriation therefor.

Which was committed to the Committee on Agriculture.

Mr. MILLS read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 384, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the People's Co-operative Hospital, located at Sayre, Bradford County, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 385, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Robert Packer Hospital, Sayre.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. CROFT read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 386, entitled:

An Act to authorize the judges of the courts of common pleas of judicial districts having separate orphans' courts to hear and determine all matters in such courts, at the request of the judges thereof.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 387, entitled:

An Act concerning notaries public who are stockholders directors, officers or employes of banks, banking institutions, trust companies or other corporations.

Which was committed to the Committee on Banks and Building and Loan Associations.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 388, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to Saint Joseph's Protectory, Norristown, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. JENKINS read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 389, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the House of the Good Shepherd, Penn and Chew Streets, Germantown, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. W. W. SMITH read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 390, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to Saint Mary's Hospital of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. PATTON read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 391, entitled:

An Act providing for the payment of interest on damages caused by the taking, injury or destruction of private property for public use.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 392, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the House of the Good Shepherd, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 393, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to Saint Vincent's Home and Maternity Hospital, Philadelphia.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 394, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to Saint John's Orphan Asylum, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 395, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Trustees of the Philadelphia Museums.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. BUCKMAN (by request of Mr. KLINE) read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 396, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Trustees of the University of Pittsburgh for the general maintenance of the University for the purchases of apparatus and equipment, for an addition to the School of Mines building, for an addition to the School of Medicine building, and for the erection of a building for the School of Education of the University

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. DAIX read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 397, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to Saint Joseph's Hospital, of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 398, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Catholic Home for Destitute Children, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. PHIPPS read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 399, entitled:

An Act providing for the appointment by the county commissioners of certain counties, of a county appraiser and inspector and making said county appraiser and inspector and making said county appraiser and inspector ex-officio mercantile appraiser and inspector of weights and measures.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. VARE read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 400, entitled:

An Act to provide for a survey of Militia Hill and Fort Hill as a site for a public park with an approach thereto from Philadelphia, and to make an appropriation therefor.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. BEIDLEMAN read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 401, entitled:

An Act authorizing George F. Pawling, a resident of the City of Philadelphia, successor to Berdoll and Pawling, to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county, against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Which was committted to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. THOMPSON read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 402, entitled:

An Act providing for the payment of judgment and mortgages and other claims which are liens on property affected by public improvements or appropriated by the exercise of the right of eminent domain.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 403, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to The Beaver County Children's Home, of New Brighton, Beaver County, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 404, entitled:

An Act regulating the practice of veterinary medicine, including veterinary surgery and veterinary dentistry, or any branch thereof; and establishing as incidental thereto a State Board of Veterinary Medical Examiners, and defining its powers and duties.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

Also (by request of Mr. HERBST) read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 405, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the House of the Good Shepherd, in the City of Reading, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Also (by request of Mr. HERBST) read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 406, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Sisters of Charity of Saint Catherin's Orphan Asylum, of Reading, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Also (by request of Mr. HERBST) read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 407, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Saint Joseph's Hospital in the City of Reading, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. MAGEE read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 408, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Western Pennsylvania Institution for the Blind, at Pittsburgh, Pa.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. VARE read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 409, entitled:

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution of this Commonwealth in accordance with provisions of the eighteenth (XVIII) article thereof.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General

HOUSE MESSAGE.

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced presented extract from the Journal of the House of Representatives, which was laid on the table.

RESOLUTION REQUESTING THE CONGRESS OF THE UNITED STATES TO ENACT LEGISLATION PROVIDING PLAN FOR THE PREVENTION OF FLOODS ALONG THE MISSISSIPPI RIVER.

Mr. PLYMOUTH W. SNYDER offered the following resolution, which was twice read and referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Whereas, The frequent floods of the Mississippi River, caused by waters from thirty-one states, embracing more than forty-one per cent. of the total area of the United States, result in great loss of human lives in portions of the States of Illinois, Tennessee, Kentucky, Mississippi, Missouri, Arkansas and Louisiana, and large money losses, not only in such afflicted territory, but in other portions of the nation, and

Whereas, It has been declared by every member of the Engineer Corps of the United States Army who has dealt with such floods, by the Mississippi River Commission and by other commissions appointed by Congress that such floods can be prevented at a reasonable cost, and

Whereas, The work of such flood prevention has been going on for many years in the least economical way and over two-thirds of its cost has been borne by the damaged sections who can no longer cope with this giant problem without effective aid from the National Government, and

Whereas, All political parties have declared in their campaign platforms that flood control of the Mississippi River is a national duty, therefore

Be it resolved (If the House of Representatives concur), That the Congress of the United States be, and is hereby requested to fulfill this national duty at its next session and to enact such legislation as shall provide a separate and comprehensive plan for the prevention of such floods without delay, and

Be it further resolved, That copies of this resolution be sent to the Speaker of the House of Representatives, to the President of the Senate of the Congress of the United States and to each member of the Senate and House of Representatives of this State in Congress.

RESOLUTION CALLING UPON THE WATER SUPPLY COMMISSION FOR INFORMATION RESPECTING THE WATER RESOURCES OF THE STATE.

Mr. CHARLES A. SNYDER offered the following resolution which was twice read and referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

Whereas, The procuring of a pure and adequate water supply for municipal and domestic uses is becoming in this State an increasingly difficult problem; and

Whereas, It may become necessary for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to assume ownership of the sources of such water supply or to lend additional protection to such supply not under State control; and

Whereas, It is desirable to have a schedule of such water sources and water supply, and information in relation thereto, as complete as it is possible at present to make, and to continue the study of this subject for the purpose of furnishing additional information to the people of Pennsylvania.

Therefore, Be it resolved by the Senate, that the State Water Supply Commission be directed to furnish to the Senate on or before the 10th day of April, 1915, a complete schedule of the sources of water supply present or inchoate, of which it has made studies and collected data, and in which report the Commission shall set forth the following information:

1. The location of the supply, indicating whether it be a lake, a pond, a spring, or a stream arising from any of these sources.
2. A statement of the elevation above sea level of all such sources of supply.
3. The dimensions of the lake, pond, or spring, with a statement of the volume of water which it normally contains and the volume of water flow issuing from said source and passing onward as stream flow.
4. A statement of the degree of fluctuation to which said supply at present is subject.
5. The approximate drainage area from which the water forming said supply is derived.
6. The kind of rock strata and the geological formation from which said supply is derived.
7. The character of the land forming said drainage area, stating whether it is agricultural land or wild land, either denuded or forested.
8. A statement of the ownership of such drainage area, whether public or private, and the approximate value of the land, if known, surrounding the source of said supply
9. A statement as to whether or not said water supply receives contamination at its source or at points lower down, the character and amount of said contamination, if known, and whether it is continuous or intermittent.

10. A statement of what would be required to prevent such contamination and who would be chargeable with the expense of such prevention.

11. A statement of all the lakes, ponds, springs, or streams comprehended in this report which are at this time held in public ownership.

Be it further Resolved, That the Water Supply Commission be directed to continue the collection of data relating to water supply for domestic and municipal purposes along the lines indicated herein, and report the result of its findings to the Senate at the beginning of the session of 1917.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make reports from Committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. BUCKMAN, from the Committee on Appropriations re-reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 247, entitled:

A Joint Resolution authorizing the printing and binding of the report of the Commission to consider the Revision and Amendment of the Penal Laws of Pennsylvania.

Also from the Committee on Appropriations re-reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 219, entitled:

An Act authorizing the appointment by the Director of the Legislative Reference Bureau of a custodian and assistant custodian of the law library and a night watchman in the bureau and fixing their salaries

Mr. CHARLES A. SNYDER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from Committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. CHARLES A. SNYDER, from the Committee on Judiciary Special reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 339, entitled:

An Act regulating the collection of county taxes in certain counties; creating the office of receiver of taxes in such counties and prescribing the powers and duties of said officer.

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from Committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. CATLIN, from the Committee on New Counties and County Seats reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 351 (House Bill No. 176) entitled:

An Act requiring county commissioners in certain counties to provide quarters in the county buildings for the official county association of physicians and surgeons.

Mr. CROW. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. CROW, from the Committee on Executive Nominations reported with a favorable recommendation the following nomination made by His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, March 1, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, William H. Shoemaker to be a judge of the Court of Common Pleas No. 1, in and for the City and County of Philadelphia, to serve until the first Monday of January, 1916, vice John L. Kinsey, deceased.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

EXECUTIVE SESSION.

By unanimous consent,

A motion was made by Mr. VARE,

That Rule 38 which requires nominations made by the Governor reported from committee to lie over for one day be dispensed with, and the Senate do now resolve itself into executive session, for the purpose of acting on the foregoing nomination.

Which was agreed to.

Whereupon,

A motion was made by Mr. VARE,

That the Senate do advise and consent to said nomination.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—49.

Beidleman,	Gyger,	McNichol,	Snyder, C. A.,
Buckman,	Hackett,	Miller,	Snyder, P. W.,
Burke,	Hilton,	Mills,	Sones,
Catlin,	Hindman,	Moore,	Sproul,
Clark,	Hoke,	Patton,	Stewart,
Croft,	Homsher,	Phipps,	Thompson,
Crow,	Jenkins,	Salus,	Tompkins,
Daix,	Kurtz,	Schantz,	Vare,
DeWitt,	Lynch,	Semmens,	Warner,
Endsley,	Magee, C. J.,	Sensenich,	Wasbers,
Farley,	Martin,	Smith, R. E.,	Kline;
Gerberich,	McConnell,	Smith, W. W.,	Pres. pro tem
Graff,	McKee, W. S.,		

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Governor be informed accordingly.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. VARE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make reports from Committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. VARE, from the Committee on Municipal Affairs, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 164, entitled:

An Act to promote the health and efficiency of firemen in cities of the second class by providing for a two platoon system for firemen in the Department of Public Safety of such cities.

Also from the Committee on Municipal Affairs reported as committed Senate Bill No. 343, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the 27th day of June, 1913, entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation, regulation and government of cities of the third class; regulating nomination and election of municipal officers therein; and repealing, consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto."

Also from the Committee on Municipal Affairs, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 320, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the 27th day of June, 1913, entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation, regulation, and government of cities of the third class; regulating nomination and election of municipal officers therein; and repealing, consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto."

Also from the Committee on Municipal Affairs reported as committed Senate Bill No. 267 (House Bill No. 219), entitled:

An Act granting to boroughs and incorporated towns the right of eminent domain for certain purposes and regulating the procedure thereunder.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 5 on third reading, entitled:

An Act fixing a uniform time for the withdrawal of candidates at all elections.

be recommitted to the Committee on Elections.

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL OVER IN ORDER.

Mr. TOMPKINS. Mr. President, I ask that Senate Bill No. 26, on third reading, entitled:

An Act relating to roads in townships and prescribing the duties of commissioners and supervisors.

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 86, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to refund to Lynford Biddle of Philadelphia certain moneys erroneously paid into State Treasury

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—49.

Beidleman,	Gyger,	McNichol,	Snyder, C. A.,
Buckman,	Hackett,	Miller,	Snyder, P. W.,
Burke,	Hilton,	Mills,	Sones,
Catlin,	Hindman,	Moore,	Sproul,
Clark,	Hoke,	Patton,	Stewart,
Croft,	Homsher,	Phipps,	Thompson,
Crow,	Jenkins,	Salus,	Tompkins,
Daix,	Kurtz,	Schantz,	Vare,
DeWitt,	Lynch,	Semmens,	Warner,
Endsley,	Magee, C. J.,	Sensenich,	Wasbers,
Farley,	Martin,	Smith, R. E.,	Kline,
Gerberich,	McConnell,	Smith, W. W.,	Pres. pro tem.
Graff,	McKee, W. S.,		

NAYS.—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 88, entitled:

An Act relating to the competency of witnesses and to the rules of evidence in proceedings arising from the exercise of the right of eminent domain

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS.—46.

Beidleman,	Gyger,	McNichol,	Snyder, P. W.,
Buckman,	Hackett,	Mills,	Sones,
Burke,	Hilton,	Moore,	Sproul,
Catlin,	Hindman,	Patton,	Stewart,
Clark,	Hoke,	Phipps,	Thompson,
Crow,	Homsher,	Salus,	Tompkins,
Daix,	Jenkins,	Schantz,	Vare,
DeWitt,	Kurtz,	Semmens,	Warner,
Endsley,	Lynch,	Sensenich,	Wasbers,
Farley,	Magee, C. J.,	Smith, R. E.,	Kline,
Gerberich,	Martin,	Smith, W. W.,	Pres. pro tem.
Graff,	McConnell,	Snyder, C. A.,	

NAYS.—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION FOR REPRESENTATION OF THE COMMONWEALTH AT THE LAUNCHING OF BATTLESHIP PENNSYLVANIA.

The Chair cleared his table and laid before the Senate extracts from the Journal of the House of Representatives which was twice read as follows:

In the House of Representatives, March 8, 1915.

Whereas, On the sixteenth day of March in this year, a battleship of the United States bearing the Name Pennsylvania will be launched at Newport News, Virginia; and

Whereas, It is customary and proper that each State be represented officially at the launching of a battleship bearing its name; and

Whereas, It is usual and proper that the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania be officially represented at the launching of the battleship Pennsylvania on the sixteenth day of March in this year; therefore

Be it Resolved (if the Senate concur) That those who shall officially represent this Commonwealth at the launching of said battleship shall consist of the Governor, the Lieutenant Governor, the President pro tempore of the Senate, and ten members of the Senate selected by him, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and fifteen members of the House selected by him, and such other guests as the Governor may desire to invite; the expenses to be paid out of the contingent funds of the Chief Clerk of the Senate and of the Chief Clerk of the House in equal amounts.

Mr. VARE. Mr. President, I move that Rule 39 which requires concurrent resolutions to be referred to an appropriate committee be suspended in order to consider the resolution just read.

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreel to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the resolution?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 105, entitled:

An Act to avoid delay in the administration of justice by fixing a time within which decisions in certain questions and matters shall be rendered by judges and requiring certain certificates from judges before their salaries shall be paid

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—37.

Buckman,	Hackett,	McKee, W. S.,	Smith, R. E.,
Catlin,	Hilton,	McNichol,	Smith, W. W.,
Clark,	Hindman,	Miller,	Snyder, C. A.,
Croft,	Hoke,	Mills,	Snyder, P. W.,
DeWitt,	Kurtz,	Moore,	Stewart,
Endsley,	Lynch,	Patton,	Thompson,
Farley,	Magee, C. J.,	Phipps,	Tompkins,
Gerberich,	Martin,	Semmens,	Warner,
Graff,	McConnell,	Sensenich,	Wasbers,
Gyger,			

NAYS—11.

Beidleman,	Homsher,	Schantz,	Vare,
Burke,	Jenkins,	Sones,	Kline,
Daix,	Salus,	Sproul,	Pres. pro tem

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILL OVER IN ORDER.

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, I ask that Senate Bill No. 114, on third reading entitled:

An Act providing for the printing binding and distribution of the report of the fiftieth anniversary of the battle of Gettysburg commission entitled "Pennsylvania Gettysburg Reunion" providing for additions to said report and for the compiling editing proof reading and indexing thereof providing also for the preparation for filing of record in the State Library for their proper preservation therein of certain original manuscripts of the addresses delivered at said reunion and of other original data souvenirs and records relative thereto and making appropriation therefor

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 116, entitled:

An Act to exempt from the payment of inheritance taxes bequests and devises to institutions of purely public charity

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS.—40.

Burke,	Hackett,	McNichol,	Snyder, C. A.,
Catlin,	Hilton,	Miller,	Sones,
Clark,	Homsher,	Mills,	Stewart,
Croft,	Jenkins,	Moore,	Thompson,
Daix,	Kurtz,	Patton,	Tompkins,
DeWitt,	Lynch,	Salus,	Vare,
Endsley,	Magee, C. J.,	Schantz,	Warner,
Farley,	Martin,	Semmens,	Wasbers,
Gerberich,	McConnell,	Smith, R. E.,	Kline,
Graff,	McKee, W. S.,	Smith, W. W.,	Pres. pro tem
Gyger,			

NAYS.—1.

Buckman,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 159 (House Bill No. 43) as follows:

An Act authorizing Peter C. Kuhn of Scranton Lackawanna County to sue the Commonwealth

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That Peter C Kuhn of Scranton Lackawanna county is authorized to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania for any sum or sums of money that may be legally or justly due him from the Commonwealth on account of injuries received while in the service of the Commonwealth

This suit shall be subject to the same rules of pleadings and evidence as in other cases between individuals The right to bring suit hereby given shall not preclude the Commonwealth from raising any defence available to it in the suit hereby authorized

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—49.

Beidleman,	Graff,	McConnell,	Smith, R. E.,
Buckman,	Gyger,	McKee, W. S.,	Smith, W. W.,
Burke,	Hackett,	McNichol,	Snyder, C. A.,
Catlin,	Hilton,	Mills,	Snyder, P. W.,
Clark,	Hindman,	Miller,	Sones,
Croft,	Hoke,	Moore,	Sproul,
Crow,	Homsher,	Patton,	Stewart,
Daix,	Jenkins,	Phipps,	Thompson,
DeWitt,	Kurtz,	Salus,	Tompkins,
Endsley,	Lynch,	Schantz,	Vare,
Farley,	Magee, C. J.,	Semmens,	Warner,
Gerberich,	Martin,	Sensenich,	Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the House is requested.

BILL OVER IN ORDER.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I ask that Senate Bill No. 184 (House Bill No. 20), on third reading, entitled:

An Act authorizing cities of the third class wherein the title to the water-works therein located is in the city to extend their pipes and improvements beyond the city limits and supply water to persons corporations and municipalities within the county and regulating the supply of water

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 203 as follows:

An Act Prohibiting executor excutors trustee or trustees or any others holding property in trust for charitable use objects and purposes or the like who have discretion to select the beneficiary or beneficiaries of the trust from selecting a beneficiary or beneficiaries outside of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania when the will or other instrument creating the trust does not designate where the beneficiaries shall be located and the donor was a resident of Pennsylvania at the time of creating the trust and making such person or persons personally liable to the Commonwealth for sums hereafter paid out in violation of this act and providing a method for collection of the same by the Commonwealth

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That in all cases where any person or persons being a resident or residents of the State of Pennsylvania has given or shall hereafter give by will deed or otherwise any property real personal or mixed to any executor executors trustee trustees or to any other person partnership or corporation by any name or description in trust that the same may be used and applied distributed disbursed or dispensed by him her it or them for charitable uses objects and purposes and has given to such executor executors trustee trustees person partnership or corporation discretion to select the beneficiary or beneficiaries of said trust fund and the will writing or instrument creating the trust does not designate where such beneficiary or beneficiaries shall be located it shall be unlawful for such executor executors trustee trustees person partnership or corporation to use and apply distribute disburse or dispense the said trust fund or any part thereof to or for any beneficiary or beneficaries except such as are bona fide residents of the State of Pennsylvania and any executor executors trustee trustees person partnership or corporation who shall violate the provisions of this act shall be personally liable to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania for so much of such fund as hereafter he she it or they shall use and apply disburse dispense or distribute otherwise than as provided in this act the same to be collected by the Commonwealth at the suit of the Attorney General

Section 2 All laws or parts of laws inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the third time,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. THOMPSON. Mr. President, I move that the question together with the further consideration of the bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 212, as follows:

An Act to amend sections four and eight of an act approved the twenty-fifth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen Pamphlet Laws one thousand two hundred sixty-seven entitled "An Act providing for the printing binding and distribution of two publications heretofore published by the State namely 'Pennsylvania at Gettysburg' and 'report of the commission to locate the sites of the frontier forts of Pennsylvania, also providing for additions to said reports and for the editing proof-reading and indexing thereof and making appropriations for said work"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section four of an act approved the twenty-fifth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen Pamphlet Laws one thousand two hundred sixty-seven entitled "An Act providing for the printing binding and distribution of two publications heretofore published by the State namely 'Pennsylvania at Gettysburg' and 'report of the commission to locate the sites of the frontier forts of Pennsylvania' also providing for additions to said reports and for the editing proof-reading and indexing thereof and making appropriations for said work" which reads as follows

"Section 4 The distribution of the aforesaid edition shall be as follows Five hundred copies for the use of the Governor five hundred copies for the use of the State Librarian five hundred copies for the use of the fiftieth anniversary commission one thousand copies for the use of the Senate and three thousand copies for the use of the House of Representatives to be delivered to the members and officers of the present Legislature" be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows

Section 4 The distribution of the aforesaid edition shall be as follows Five hundred copies for the use of the Governor five hundred copies for the use of the State Librarian five hundred copies for the use of the fiftieth anniversary commission one thousand copies for the use of the Senate and three thousand copies for the use of the House of Rep-

resentatives to be delivered to the members and officers of the Legislature of one thousand nine hundred thirteen four hundred copies for the use of the Senate and twenty-two hundred copies for the use of the House of Representatives to be delivered to the members and officers of the present Legislature who were not members or officers of the Legislature of one thousand nine hundred thirteen

Section 2 That section eight of said act which reads as follows

"Section 8 The distribution of the frontier forts publication shall be as follows One thousand copies for the use of the Senate and three thousand copies for the use of the House of Representatives to be delivered to the members and officers of the present Legislature five hundred copies for the use of the Executive Department and five hundred copies for the use of the State Librarian" be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows

Section 8 The distribution of the frontier forts publication shall be as follows One thousand copies for the use of the Senate and three thousand copies for the use of the House of Representatives to be delivered to the members and officers of the Legislature of one thousand nine hundred thirteen five hundred copies for the use of the Executive Department and five hundred copies for the use of the State Librarian four hundred copies for the use of the Senate and twenty-two hundred copies for the use of the House of Representatives to be delivered to the members and officers of the present Legislature who were not members or officers of the Legislature of one thousand nine hundred thirteen

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—49.

Beidleman,	Gyger,	McNichol,	Snyder, C. A.,
Buckman,	Hackett,	Miller,	Snyder, P. W.,
Burke,	Hilton,	Mills,	Sones,
Catlin,	Hindman,	Moore,	Sproul,
Clark,	Hoke,	Patton,	Stewart,
Croft,	Homsher,	Phipps,	Thompson,
Crow,	Jenkins,	Salus,	Tompkins,
Daix,	Kurtz,	Schantz,	Vare,
DeWitt,	Lynch,	Semmens,	Warner,
Endsley,	Magee, C. J.,	Sensenich,	Wasbers,
Farley,	Martin,	Smith, R. E.	Kline,
Gerberich,	McConnell,	Smith, W. W.,	Pres. pro tem.
Graff,	McKee, W. S.,		

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative,

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 215, entitled:

An Act vesting in county commissioners certain powers relative to public monuments

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—48.

Beidleman,	Hackett,	McNichol,	Snyder, C. A.,
Buckman,	Hilton,	Miller,	Snyder, P. W.,
Burke,	Hindman,	Mills,	Sones,
Catlin,	Hoke,	Moore,	Sproul,
Clark,	Homsher,	Patton,	Stewart,
Croft,	Jenkins,	Phipps,	Thompson,
Crow,	Kurtz,	Salus,	Tompkins,
Daix,	Lynch,	Schantz,	Vare,
DeWitt,	Magee, C. J.,	Semmens,	Warner,
Endsley,	Martin,	Sensenich,	Wasbers,
Farley,	McConnell,	Smith, R. E.,	Kline,
Gerberich,	McKee, W. S.,	Smith, W. W.,	Pres. pro tem.
Graff,			

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 217, as follows:

A Supplement to an act approved the fourteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred and fifty-one entitled "An Act relating to the commencement of actions to judgments and decrees for the payment of money to the widows and children of decedents to partitions in the common pleas relative to penalties on telegraph operators to pleadings in certain actions of debt to actions of ejectments to the protection of fences to partnerships to limitations of writs of entry in manors lands and tenements to the exemption laws to reports of the Supreme Court to appeals relating to wards boroughs and township officers to the acknowledgments of deeds and sequestration of life estates" providing a method of allowing a widow's exemption where the property consists of real estate not readily divided

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That whenever any widow of any decedent shall claim the benefit of the act to which this is a supplement out of the real estate left by the decedent and the real estate appraised shall consist of a messuage or tenement lot of ground or other real estate which cannot be divided without prejudice or spoiling the whole and the appraisers may have appraised or shall appraise and value the same at three hundred dollars or more over and above the liens that are against it the orphans' court to whom the application shall be made confirm the appraisement and set apart for the use of the widow such messuage or tenement lot of ground or other real estate subject to whatever liens against the same conditioned however that the widow shall pay the amount of the valuation or appraisement over and above the liens that may be against the real estate in excess of the three hundred dollars within one year from the date of the confirmation of the valuation

Section 2 If the widow refuses to take the real estate at the appraisement of court on application of any person interested shall grant an order to sell the same

Section 3 The real estate subject to any liens against it if taken by the widow as herein provided shall vest in her and her heirs or assigns absolutely upon her paying the surplus over and above the sum of three hundred dollars to the parties legally entitled thereto

Section 4 If the real estate should not be taken at the appraisement but should be sold as herein provided then the sum of three hundred dollars of the purchase money shall be paid to the widow and the balance after the payment of costs and expenses distributed to the heirs or other persons legally entitled thereto

Section 5 All former appraisements heretofore made as authorized hereby are validated and made good and effectual

Section 6 The act entitled "An Act supplementary to the act to set apart for the use of the widow or children of a decedent three hundred dollars of the estate of said decedent approved April fourteenth one thousand eight hundred and fifty-one" approved the twenty-seventh day of November one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five is repealed

All other act or parts of acts inconsistent with this act are repealed

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—49.

Beidleman,	Gyger,	McNichol,	Snyder, C. A.,
Buckman,	Hackett,	Miller,	Snyder, P. W.,
Burke,	Hilton,	Mills,	Sones,
Catlin,	Hindman,	Moore,	Sproul,
Clark,	Hoke,	Patton,	Stewart,
Croft,	Homsher,	Phipps,	Thompson,
Crow,	Jenkins,	Salus,	Tompkins,
Daix,	Kurtz,	Schantz,	Vare,
DeWitt,	Lynch,	Semmens,	Warner,
Endsley,	Magee, C. J.,	Sensenich,	Wasbers,
Farley,	Martin,	Smith, R. E.,	Kline,
Gerberich,	McConnell,	Smith, W. W.,	Pres. pro tem.
Graff,	McKee, W. S.,		

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 263 (House No. 76) entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to refund to the Crawford County Trust Company a corporation of Meadville Crawford County, Pennsylvania, moneys erroneously paid into the State treasury ffl

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—49.

Beidleman,	Eyger,	McNichol,	Snyder, C. A.,
Buckman,	Hackett,	Miller,	Snyder, P. W.,
Burke,	Hilton,	Mills,	Sones,
Catlin,	Hindman,	Moore,	Sproul,
Clark,	Hoke,	Patton,	Stewart,
Croft,	Homsher,	Phipps.	Thompson,
Crow,	Jenkins,	Salus,	Tompkins,
Daix,	Kurtz,	Schantz,	Vare,
DeWitt,	Lynch,	Semmens,	Warner,
Endsley,	Magee, C. J.,	Sensenich,	Wasbers,
Farley,	Martin,	Smith, R. E.,	Kline,
Gerberich,	McConnell,	Smith, W. W.,	Pres. pro tem
Graff,	McKee, W. S.,		

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 7, as follows:

An Act Amending sections one three four seven ten eleven and repealing Section eight of an Act entitled "An Act relating to the collection of city school and poor taxes in the several cities of the third class in this Commonwealth and providing that the city treasurer of each of said cities by virtue of his office shall be collector of the said several taxes prescribing his duties and fixing his compensation" approved the twentieth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representative of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section one of an act entitled "An Act relating to the collection of city school and poor taxes in the several cities of the third class in this Commonwealth and providing that the city treasurer of each of said cities by virtue of his office shall be the collector of the said several taxes prescribing his duties and fixing his compensation" approved the twentieth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one which reads as follows

"Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the several city treasurers hereafter elected in cities of the third class of this Commonwealth by virtue of their office shall be the collectors of all the city school and poor taxes assessed or levied in their respective cities and shall perform the duties and be subject to the hereinafter provisions of this act" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the several city treasurers hereafter elected or appointed in cities of the third class of this Commonwealth by virtue of their office shall be the collectors of the city school and poor taxes assessed or levied in their respective cities by the proper authorities therein

Section 2 That section three of said act which reads as follows

"Section 3 The several city school and poor authorities now empowered or which may be hereafter empowered to levy taxes upon persons and property within the said cities of the third class shall on the first day of June in each year make out and deliver their respective duplicates of taxes assessed to the said city treasurer as the collector of the said several taxes which taxes shall be collected by the said city treasurer by virtue of his office as herein provided and the said duplicates shall at all times be open to the proper inspection of the tax-payers and of the proper auditing and examining officers and shall be delivered by the said treasurer at the expiration of his term to his successor in office" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 3 The several city and poor auhtorities now empowered or which may be hereafter empowered to levy taxes upon persons and property within each of the said cities of the third class shall on the first day of March in each year make out and deliver their respective duplicat of taxes assessed to the said city treasurer of the r spective city as the collector of the said taxes whi taxes shall be collected by the city treasurer by virt of his office as aforesaid and the proper school authoriti shall make out and deliver the school duplicates of the respective school districts of said city at the time and in t manner provided by law All duplicates of taxes placed in t hands of said treasurer shall at all times be open the proper inspection of the tax-payers and of the prop auditing and examining officers of said city or of the scho district as the case may be and shall be delivered by sa treasurer at the expiration of his term to his successor office

Section 3 That section four of said act which rea as follows

"Section 4 The several duplicates shall be accompani with the warrants of the proper authorities directing a authorizing the said city treasurer as the collector of tax to collect the same The warrant for the collection of a school tax shall be executed by the president of the board school controllers attested by the secretary thereof the wa rants for any tax levied by the councils of any of sa cities shall be executed by the mayor and be countersign by the city controller and in all other cases the wa rant shall be executed by the authority making the t levy" be and the same is hereby amended to read as fo lows

Section 4 The said several duplicates shall be accompa ied with the warrants of the proper authorities directing a authorizing the said treasurer as the collector of taxes collect the same The warrant for the collection of any t levied by the council of any said cities shall be executed the mayor and countersigned by the superintendent of a counts and finance and in all other cases the warrant sha be executed by the authority making the tax levy

Section 4 That section seven of said act as the same w amended by an act approved the twenty-seventh d of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred thirte which as amended reads as follows

"Section 7 All persons who shall make payment on or b fore the first day of August in each year of any city poor tax levied within the respective city of the thi class and charged against the said persons in the prop duplicate shall be entitled to a reduction or abatement one per centum from the amount thereof Upon all tax remaining unpaid on the first day of September of each t year three per centum shall be added thereto and up the first day of every succeeding month thereafter the shall be added or charged an additional penalty for no payment of one per [illegible] such taxes are paid whi penalties shall be added to the taxes by the said treasur as collector and be collected by him" be and the sa is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 7 All persons who shall make payment duri the months of March and April in each year of city a poor tax shall be entitled to a reduction or abatement one per centum from the amount thereof and all such tax shall be payable at their face during the months of M and June in each year Upon all city and poor tax remai ing unpaid on the first day of July in each year one p centum shall be added thereto and upon the first day of ea succeeding month thereafter there shall be added or charg an additional penalty for non-payment of one per centu until such taxes are paid which penalty shall be added the taxes by said treasurer as collector and be collected him

Section 5 That section eight of said act be and the sa is hereby repealed

Section 6 That section ten of said act which reads follows

"Section 10 The said treasurer as collector of tax shall at least once a month pay over to himself as c treasurer and school treasurer or charge himself ther with all the city school and poor taxes collected by him the same time he shall make a return or report to the c controller verified by affidavit showing by whom and up what properties the real estate city taxes have been pa and also make a report and return to such officer or re resentative of the board of school controllers and to su other authority in said city as shall be entitled there verified as aforesaid showing by whom and upon wh properties the real estate school and poor taxes have be paid" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follo

Section 10 The said treasurer as collector of taxes sh at least once a month pay over to himself as city treasu or charge himself therewith all the city and poor tax collected by him at the same time he shall make a r port or return to the superintendent of accounts and finan verified by affidavit showing by whom and upon wh properties the real estate city and poor taxes have be paid

Section 7 That section eleven of said act which reads follows

"Section 11 Upon the payment to said treasurer as s collector of any taxes assessed against real estate it sh be his duty to satisfy the real estate taxes thus paid up the duplicates in his hands He shall finally settle wi the proper authorities all duplicates of taxes delivered him on or before the first Monday of April following t date of the delivery of such duplicates and pay over t amount charged against him except such sums as he m be exonerated from collecting by the proper authorit which exonerations may be made in the manner as heret fore practiced" be and the same is hereby amended to re as follows

Section 11 Upon the payment to said treasurer as said collector of any taxes assessed against real estate it shall be his duty to satisfy the real estate taxes thus paid upon the duplicates in his hands He shall finally settle with the proper authorities all duplicates of city and poor taxes delivered to him on or before the first Monday of January following the date of the delivery of such duplicates and pay over the amount charged against him except such sums as he may be exonerated from collecting by the proper authorties which exonerations may be made in the manner as heretofore practiced Upon the expiration of the term of office of the city treasurer in case any of the taxes which he was commanded to collect remain unpaid he shall have the right

(a) To collect all the delinquent taxes for the space of one year after the expiration of his term of office and for this purpose all warrants issued to him during his term of office shall be effective to him as collector of taxes for the space of one year after the expiration of his term as city treasurer

(b) To certify real estate taxes remaining unpaid and delinquent to the city solicitor for filing in the court of common pleas as a city lien

(c) Or he may turn over the unpaid or delinquent taxes on real estate to his successor in office who shall have power to collect the same either by having the same filed in court as a lien or sell the same at public sale as provided by law authorizing the sale of real estate for the payment of delinquent taxes

In case the said treasurer as collector of taxes pays the taxes levied against any real estate he shall be entitled to collect the same from the person or persons who are liable therefor by his warrant so long as it is in force and have the said taxes filed in court as a lien for his use and after the expiration of his term as city treasurer he shall continue in office as the collector of school taxes until the end of the then current school year

Section 8 The provisions contained in sections two (2) and four (4) of this act shall not go into effect until the first day of January Anno Domini nineteen hundred sixteen

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 61, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation for the payment of deficiencies which have arisen in the payment of expenses for the erection furnishing and equipment of six cottages bakery and addition to the laundry at the State Institution for Feeble-Minded of Western Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the following sums or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same are hereby specifically appropriated to the Trustees of the State Institution for Feeble-Minded of Western Pennsylvania at Polk Pennsylvania for the payment of deficiencies which have arisen

For the erection furnishing and equipment of six cottages to accommodate three hundred inmates to be built in one group with separate dining hall kitchen and administrative quarters and with tunnel connection to the present power plant the sum of fifty-four thousand two hundred forty-six dollars and eighty-eight cents ($54,246.88)

For an addition to the laundry-machinery and equipment the sum of fifteen thousand seven hundred and forty-eight dollars and twenty-five cents ($15,748.25)

For the erection and equipment of a bakery the sum of ten thousand eighty-seven dollars and fifty cents ($1,087.50)

Said appropriations shall be paid out under the same conditions as those under which the original appropriation was paid and shall be immediately available upon the approval of this act

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 178, as follows:

An Act making the stenographer of the Department of Internal Affairs the stenographer and vacant land clerk fixing the salary of the same and fixing the salary of the stenographer of the Bureau of Railways in the Department of Internal Affairs

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from and after the passage of this act the stenographer of the Department of Internal Affairs shall be the vacant land clerk and stenographer and shall receive a salary of fourteen hundred dollars ($1,400) per annum and the stenographer of the Bureau of Railways in said department shall receive twelve hundred dollars ($1,200) per annum

Section 2 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith be and the same are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 178, the bill just read, be recommitted to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. CLARK. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 183, as follows:

An Act regulating the sale and exposing for sale of dressed lambs sheep and calves

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That it is unlawful to sell or expose for sale any dressed lambs sheep or calves unless they are what is known as "clean dressed"

The term "clean dressed" means

(a) That the body of the animal is not connected with the head thereof or with any leg thereof beyond the second joint

(b) That there is not in the body of the animal any heart liver or lung or part thereof

(c) That no part of the body is covered with what is commonly known as a "web" or "caul" or omentum

No dressed lamb sheep or calf shall have placed in or on any part of the said animal pieces of wood or other material generally known as "back ticks" or "stretchers"

Section 2 Any person co-partnership or association shall be guilty of a misdemeanor who violates any of the provisions of this act Upon conviction thereof such person or the members of such co-partnership or association or the officers or directors of the corporation having knowledge of the fact shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars or to undergo imprisonment in the county prison not exceeding one year or both in the discretion of the court

Section 3 All acts or parts of acts consistent or inconsistent herewith be and the same are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 237, as follows:

An Act Relating to the admission of attorneys-at-law to the Supreme and Superior Courts

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That any attorney-at-law of this Commonwealth desiring to be admitted to practice before the Supreme and Superior Courts shall be entitled to such admission by filing due proof of heretofore having been admitted and continuously practiced for three years or more before a court of record in any county or counties of this Commonwealth together with affidavits from at least three regular practicing attorneys in the county from which such attorney desires admission and who are entitled to practice before the Supreme Court setting forth that such attorney is personally known to them that he is of reputable professional standing and of good moral character and that they recommend his admission

Section 2 All Acts or parts of acts inconsistent with this act are repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 270 (House Bill No. 255), entitled:

An Act to amend section four of an act approved the eleventh day of May one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine entitled "A further supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to establish a board of wardens for the port of Philadelphia and for the regulation of pilots and pilotage and for other purposes' approved March twenty-ninth one thousand eight hundred and three and for regulating the rates of pilotage and number of pilots"

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 289, entitled:

An Act amending section nine of an act, as amended by the act of seventeenth April, one thousand nine hundred five, P. L. one hundred eighty-five, approved the fifth day of May, one thousand eight hundred ninety-nine, entitled "An Act supplementing and amending an act entitled 'An Act to establish an intermediate court of appeal; regulating its constitution, officers, jurisdiction, powers, practice, and its relation to the Supreme Court and other courts; providing for the reports of its decisions, the compensation of the judges, and other officers, and the practice and costs on appeals from its judgments,' approved June twenty-fourth, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred ninety-five," and increasing the amount to which the judges of the Superior Court shall be entitled to be reimbursed for the sums expended by them, in each year, for the help of stenographers, typewriters or clerks, and regulating the time and manner of such reimbursement.

The first section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section nine of an act approved May fifth Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five as amended by the act of seventeenth April one thousand nine hundred and five Pamphlet Laws one hundred and eighty-five entitled "An Act supplementing and amending an act entitled 'An Act to establish an intermediate court of appeal regulating its constitution officers jurisdiction powers practice and its relations to the Supreme Court and other courts providing for the reports of its decisions the compensation of the judges and other officers and the practice and costs on appeal from its judgments' approved June twenty-fourth Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five" which reads as follows

"Section 9 All necessary dockets blank-books seals stationery and other supplies shall be obtained and furnished by the Secretary of the Commonwealth in the same manner as books and supplies are furnished to and for his own department And to facilitate the labors of the judges of the Superior Court the said judges are hereby authorized to employ the help of stenographers typewriters or other clerks provided that such cost of such help shall not exceed the sum of fifteen hundred dollars per annum for any member of said court The cost of such help shall be paid by the judge employing the same and shall be repaid to him by the State Treasurer on his certificate of the amount actually paid by him during the preceding month for clerk hire" be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows

Section 9 All necessary dockets blank-books seals stationery and other supplies shall be obtained and furnished by the Secretary of the Commonwealth in the same manner as books and supplies are furnished to and for his own department And to facilitate the labors of the judges of the Superior Court and to reimburse them for expenses incurred in the discharge of their duties the said judges are hereby authorized to pay such expenses and to employ the help of stenographers typewriters or other clerks provided that the cost thereof shall not exceed the sum of twenty-five hundred dollars per annum for any member of said court The cost thereof shall be paid by the judge incurring the same and shall be repaid to him by the State Treasurer on his certificate of the amount actually paid by him during the preceding month for clerk hire and such expenses

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I move to amend section 1 by striking out lines 4 to 15 inclusive, and inserting in lieu thereof the words "Section nine of an act entitled "An Act supplementing and amending an act entitled 'An Act to establish an intermediate court of appeal; regulating its constitution, officers, jurisdiction, powers practice and its relation to the Supreme Court and other courts; providing for the reports of its decisions the compensation of the judges and other officers, and the practice and costs on appeals from its judgments,' approved June twenty-four, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five," approved the fifth day of May, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine as amended by an act entitled "An Act amending section nine of an act approved the fifth day of May, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, entitled 'An act supplementing and amending an act, entitled "An Act to establish an intermediate court of appeal, regulating its constitution, officers jurisdiction, powers, practice, and its relation to the Supreme Court and other courts; providing for the reports of its decisions, the compensation of the judges and other officers, and the practice and costs on appeals from its judgments," approved June twenty-fourth, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five,' and increasing the amount to which the judges of the Superior Court shall be entitled to be reimbursed for the sums expended by them in each year for the help of stenographers, typewriters or clerks, and regulating the time and manner of such reimbursement," approved the seventeenth day of April, one thousand nine hundred and five, which as amended reads as follows": also in line 22 by striking out the word "such" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "the"; also in line 28 by inserting after the word "hereby" the word "further."

Mr. CLARK. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The title of the bill was read as follows:

An Act amending section nine of an act as amended by the act of seventeenth April one thousand nine hundred and five Pamphlet Laws one hundred and eighty-five approved the fifth day of May one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine entitled "An Act supplementing and amending an act entitled 'An Act to establish an intermediate court of appeal regulating its constitution officers jurisdiction powers practice and its relation to the Supreme Court and other courts providing for the reports of its decisions the compensation of the judges and other officers and the practice and costs on appeals from its judgments' approved June twenty-fourth Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five" and increasing the amount to which the judges of the Superior Court shall be entitled to be reimbursed for the sums expended by them in each year for the help of stenographers typewriters or clerks and regulating the time and manner of such reimbursement

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the title?

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I move to amend the title in line 14 by inserting after the word "year" the words "for expenses incurred in the discharge of their duties and."

Mr. CLARK. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the title as amended?

It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 291, entitled:

An Act to protect the public health and welfare by regulating the employment of females in hotels boarding houses and restaurants with respect to their hours of labor and the conditions of their employment by establishing certain sanitary regulations in which they work by requiring certain notices to be posted by providing for the enforcement of this act by the Commissioner of Labor and Industry and others and prescribing penalties for violation thereof and by repealing all acts and parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions thereof

The first, second, third, fourth, fifth and sixth sections of the bill were read as follows and agreed to:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That no female shall be employed or permitted to work in or in connection with any hotel boarding house or restaurant more than sixty-three hours in any one week or more than ten hours in any one day The term "week" when used in this act shall mean any seven

consecutive days and the term "day" shall mean any twenty-four consecutive hours

Section 2 No female under eighteen years of age shall be employed or permitted to work in or in connection with any hotel boarding house or restaurant before the hour of six o'clock in the morning or after the hour of nine o'clock in the evening of any day

Section 3 No female shall be employed or permitted to work for more than six hours continuously in or in connection with any hotel boarding house or restaurant without an interval of at least forty-five minutes and no period of less than forty-five minutes shall be deemed to interrupt a continuous period of work Provided That whenever any female shall be employed or permitted to work in or in connection with any hotel boarding house or restaurant for less than eight hours in any one day the interval between working periods may be reduced to not less than thirty minutes

Section 4 Every person employing or permitting females to work in any hotel boarding house or restaurant shall provide suitable wash or dressing-rooms and water-closets or privies for their use so located as to be accessible to such females In any hotel boarding house or restaurant in which males and females shall be employed or permitted to work separate wash and dressing-rooms and water-closets or privies shall be provided for each sex and such wash and dressing-rooms and water-closets or privies for each sex shall be entirely separate from those provided for the other sex All water-closets or privies shall be properly lighted and shall be separated from the rooms in which employes shall be permitted to work by partitions extending from floor to ceiling and the compartments containing such water-closets or privies shall have sufficient direct outside ventilation by window or other means All water-closets or privies shall at all times be kept clean sanitary and free from obscene writing or marking

Section 5 Every person employing or permitting any female to work in any hotel boarding house or restaurant shall keep posted in a conspicuous place a printed abstract of the provisions of this act and a schedule of the hours of labor of such female

Section 6 No person shall hinder or delay the Commissioner of Labor and Industry or any of his deputies in the performance of his duties in the enforcement of this act or refuse to admit or lock out any inspector from any place while females are employed therein and which said inspector shall be authorized to inspect or refuse to give any inspector information required for the proper enforcement of this act

The seventh section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 7 It shall be the duty of the Commissioner of Labor and Industry and his depties to enforce all the provisions of this act They shall visit and inspect hotels boarding houses and restaurants and shall have power at any reasonable time to visit and inspect any hotel boarding house or restaurant in or in connection with which any female shall be employed or permitted to work They shall investigate all complaints of violations of this act received by them and shall institute prosecutions for violations of the provisions thereof

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. HACKETT. Mr. President, I move to amend Section 7, in line 2, by striking out "depties" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "deputies."

Mr. CROFT. Mr President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The eighth, ninth, and tenth sections of the bill were read as follows and agreed to:

Section 8 All prosecutions for violations of this act shall be instituted by the Commissioner of Labor and Industry or his deputy before a magistrate alderman or justice of the peace who shall issue a summons commanding the person charged with the violation of the act to appear within not less than five nor more than eight days Upon conviction after hearing the penalties of this act shall be imposed and shall be final unless an appeal be taken to the court of proper jurisdiction within twenty days after the imposition of the penalties aforesaid in the manner already provided by law in appeals from penalties

Section 9 Any person who whether by himself or for another or through an agent servant or foreman shall violate any provisions of this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor

Upon conviction for a wilful violation of any provision of this act he shall be punished for the first offense by a fine of not less than ten dollars or more than fifty dollars for a second or subsequent offense by a fine of not less than twenty-five dollars or more than one hundred dollars at the discretion of the court and whenever any person shall have been notified by the Commissioner of Labor and Industry or his deputy or by the service of a summons in a prosecution that he is violating such provision he shall be punished by like penalties in addition for each and every day that such violation shall have continued after such notification

Section 10 All fines imposed and collected for any violation of this act shall be forwarded to the Commissioner of Labor and Industry who shall pay the same into the office of the State Treasurer for the use of the Commonwealth

Mr. HACKETT. Mr. President, I move to amend the bill by adding at the end thereof a new section as follows: "Section 11. All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed."

Mr. CROFT. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment.

It was agreed to.

The title of the bill was read as follows:

An Act to protect the public health and welfare by regulating the employment of females in hotels boarding houses and restaurants with respect their hours of labor and the conditions of their employment by establishing certain sanitary regulations in which they work by requiring certain notices to be posted by providing for the enforcement of this act by the Commissioner of Labor and Industry and others and prescribing penalties for violation thereof and by repealing all acts and parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions thereof

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the title?

Mr. HACKETT. Mr. President, I move to amend the title in line 3, by inserting after the word "respect" the word "to."

Mr. CROFT. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the title as amended?

It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 334 (House Bill No. 256), entitled:

An Act to further amend an act approved the thirtieth day of March one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine entitled "An Act to amend the first section of an act approved the eleventh day of May one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine entitled 'A further supplement to an act entitled "An Act to establish a board of wardens for the Port of Philadelphia and for the regulation of pilots and pilotage and for other purposes" approved March twenty-ninth one thousand eight hundred and three and for regulating the rates of pilotage and number of pilots"

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

HOUSE MESSAGE.

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced, presented extract from the Journal of the House of Representatives, which was laid upon the table.

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 13, entitled:

An Act relating to and regulating partnerships.

And said bill having been read at length the first time.

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 62, entitled:

An Act to protect the public from the unlawful use of bottles jars vessels or other packages in the sale exchange and delivery of milk and cream and their products and providing penalties for such use

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 186 (House Bill No. 108), entitled:

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to section one article eight of the Constitution of Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 197, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Trustees of the State Hospital for the Criminal Insane at Fairview to cover deficiency in maintenance and equipment of said hospital

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 206, entitled:

An Act to regulate cold storage of certain articles of food and providing penalties for the violations of the provisions of this act

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 249, entitled:

An Act to amend an act, entitled "An Act to amend an act, entitled 'An Act to amend an act, entitled "An act to amend an act, entitled 'An Act to amend an act, entitled "An act authorizing companies incorporated under the laws of any other state of the United States for the manufacture of any form of iron, steel or glass to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments, and to take, have and hold real estate necessary and proper for manufacturing purposes," approved the 9th day of June, A. D. 1881, extending the same to companies formed for the purpose of quarrying slate, granite, stone or rocks, or for dressing, polishing, working or manufacturing the same, or any of them, and to mineral springs companies incorporated for the purpose of bottling and selling natural mineral springs water, approved the 16th day of June, A. D. 1893,' approved the 19th day of April, A. D. 1901, extending the same to companies formed for the purposes of manufacturing and selling chemicals, food stuffs, cement, and cement products and the quarrying of cement rock," approved May 28th, 1907; extending the same to companies incorporated for the manufacture, buying, selling, leasing, using and operation of electrical apparatus and machinery and articles of every kind appertaining to or in any wise connected with the production, use, regulation, control, distribution or application of electricity or electrical energy or products for any use or purpose; constructing, acquiring, using, selling, buying or leasing any works, construction, or plant, or part thereof, connected with or involving such use, distribution, regulation, control or application of electricity, or the control or use of electrical apparatus for any purpose; and of producing, furnishing and supplying electricity or electrical apparatus in any form and for any purpose and to carry on a general manufacturing business,'" approved the 23d day of June, 1911; by extending the same to companies incorporated for the purpose of refining, manufacturing or sale of petroleum and petroleum products.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 250, entitled:

An Act to give additional protection to the fish in the waters within the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania prohibiting the fishing for or capture or killing of such fish by unnaturalized foreign-born residents and prescribing penalties for violation of its provisions

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 266 (House Bill No. 213), entitled:

An Act validating certain ordinances of cities and boroughs and the contracts or payments made in pursuance thereof

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 268 (House Bill No. 206), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the payment of the expense of publication of amendments to the Constitution for the three years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and twelve and directing the Auditor General and the State Treasurer to cause the same to be paid

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 280 entitled:

An Act declaring valid certain municipal liens filed for grading paving macadamizing or otherwise improving public streets or parts thereof by the several boroughs under an act approved the twelfth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act empowering boroughs of this Commonwealth without petition of the property owners to grade pave curb macadamize and otherwise improve public streets or parts thereof and assess a portion of the cost of the same on the owners of property abutting thereon and providing for the collection of the same" and authorizing the amendment of the claims in certain particulars

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 300, entitled:

An Act to validate appraisements and titles made and effected to surviving husbands and wives by virtue of an act entitled "An Act to amend section one of an act entitled 'An Act relating to the descent and distribution of the estates of intestates' passed and approved April eighth one thousand eight hundred thirty-three defining and declaring the interest that shall descend to and vest in the surviving husband or wife of such intestate" approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine Pamphlet Laws eighty-seven

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 305, entitled:

An Act relating to appeals from the reports of auditors of boroughs townships and poor districts

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 330 (House Bill No. 17), entitled:

An Act to provide for an additional law judge of the several courts of twelfth judicial district

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

RESOLUTION AUTHORIZING THE APPOINTMENT OF A COMMISSION TO INVESTIGATE AGAINST CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS AND VESTING CERTAIN POWERS IN THE COMMISSION.

The Chair cleared his table and laid before the Senate extract from the Journal of the House of Representatives which was twice read as follows:

Whereas, Grave criticism has been directed in the public prints of recent date against the management of certain charitable institutions; and

Whereas, The allegations are directed inter alia against institutions to which the Commonwealth biennially appropriates large sums of money; and

Whereas, It would be highly improper were such charges to be ignored and the grave danger run of giving state funds to institutions that would make a wrong use of them; and

Whereas, It is incumbent on the Appropriation Committee of each branch of the General Assembly to eliminate the undeserving applicants for state aid therefore

Be it resolved (if the Senate concur) That a joint commission is hereby established whose duty it shall be to investigate thoroughly all charges appearing in the public prints recently against institutions of the State and those receiving State aid and to report therein in writing as soon as practicable at this session of the General Assembly

The commission shall consist of the chairman of the Appropriation Committee of the Senate and the House and of five members from each appropriation committee as may be selected by the respective chairman

The commission is hereby given authority to issue subpoenas and to compel the attendance and testimony of persons and the production of books and papers The subpoenas shall be served by the sergeant-at-arms of the House

Any members of the committee shall have power to administer oaths or affirmations in any matter under consideration by the committee

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I move that rule 39 which requires concurrent resolutions to be referred to an appropriate committee be suspended and that the Senate do now proceed to the immediate consideration of the resolution just read.

Mr. McCONNELL. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the resolution?

't was agreed to.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

COMMUNICATIONS FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Private Secretary of the Governor being introduced, presented communications in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which were read as follows:

NOTIFICATION OF ACCEPTANCE OF INVITATION TO HONORABLE WILLIAM H. TAFT TO ADDRESS LEGISLATURE ON APRIL 15, 1915.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, March 8, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that in compliance with the terms of a resolution of the Senate and House of Representatives, I invited the Honorable William H. Taft to address those bodies, in joint session, during his visit to Harrisburg, in April next. In response to such invitation Mr. Taft advises me that he will address the General Assembly upon the afternoon of April 15, 1915.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

NOTARIES PUBLIC.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, March 8, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons to be Notaries Public for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, for the term of four years, to compute from the date of their confirmation:

ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

A. T. Platt, Coraopolis.
Elliott Frederick, Pittsburgh.
Miss Rose B. Knepper, Pittsburgh.
J. C. Somerville, Pittsburgh.
Miss Edna Zacharias, Pittsburgh.
Miss Mathilra C. Zauner, Pittsburgh.

BUCKS COUNTY.

Lewis R. Bond, Morrisville.

CARBON COUNTY.

Mrs. F. B. Setzer, Weissport.

CENTRE COUNTY.

John M. Keichline, Bellefonte.
H. B. Hering, Grogg Township.

CLARION COUNTY.

C. E. Sayers, Hawthorn.

DAUPHIN COUNTY.

Edwin M. Hershey, Hershey.

FAYETTE COUNTY.

William S. Conwell, Brownsville.

JEFFERSON COUNTY.

Harry E. Markle, Summerville.

LACKAWANNA COUNTY.

M. J. Reedy, Archbald.
Frank Rought, Scranton.

LUZERNE COUNTY.

M. H. McAniff, Wilkes-Barre.
Miss Reba B. Smith, Wilkes-Barre.

MERCER COUNTY.

William A. Maitland, Sharon.
H. Clay Johnson, Mercer.
J. M. Hittle, Greenville.
Guy Thorne, Greenville.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY.

John R. Kline, Lower Salford Township.
George W. Quigley, Moreland Township.

NORTHAMPTON COUNTY.

Alexander Kuhar, Northampton.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY.

John Eckstein Beatty, Philadelphia.
James J. Burns, Philadelphia.
Vitold E. Balukiewicz, Philadelphia.
Alfonso M. Caruso, Philadelphia.
Miss Marion H. Crowl, Philadelphia.
William J. Earnshaw, Philadelphia.
W. Fletcher Emery, Philadelphia.
Eugene S. Mapp, Philadelphia.
J. Louis Weber, Philadelphia.
Walter J. Weiss, Philadelphia.

SCHULYKILL COUNTY.

Pasquale D'Innocenzi, Mahanoy City.

SNYDER COUNTY.

Jay G. Weiser, Middlesburg.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, March 8, 1915.

The Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons to be Notaries Public for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, for the term of four years, to compute from the dates set opposite their names, respectively:

ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

S. H. Parker, Avalon, March 24, 1915.

BERKS COUNTY.

Miss M. Bessie Detweiler, Reading, March 13, 1915.

COLUMBIA COUNTY.

J. C. Rutter, Jr., Bloomsburg, March 16, 1915.

ERIE COUNTY.

Miss Charlotte A. Maston, Erie, March 19, 1915.

LEHIGH COUNTY.

Joseph D. Bechtel, Allentown, March 15, 1915

LUZERNE COUNTY.

J. A. Opp, Plymouth, March 12, 1915.
D. A. Sammon, Pittston, March 29, 1915.

NORTHAMPTON COUNTY.

P. S. Weiss, Easton, March 26, 1915.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY.

J. A. Stroebele, Philadelphia, March 14, 1915.
Mortimer A. Jones, Philadelphia, March 16, 1915.
Allen C. Middleton, Philadelphia, March 20, 1915.
Rufus E. Sadler, Philadelphia, March 20, 1915.
Clarence R. Rhoads, Philadelphia, March 21, 1915.
Harry Green, Philadelphia, March 26, 1915.
Fred W. Cassidy, Philadelphia, March 29, 1915.

SCHUYLKILL COUNTY.

John Smith, Mahanoy City, March 24, 1915.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

EXECUTIVE SESSION.

By unanimous consent,

A motion was made by Mr. GERBERICH,

That Rule 38 which requires nominations made by the Governor to be referred to proper committees be dispensed with, and the Senate do now resolve itself into executive

session, for the purpose of acting on the foregoing nominations.

Which was agreed to,

Whereupon,

A motion was made by Mr. GERBERICH,

That the Senate do advise and consent to said nominations

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—49.

Beidleman,	Gyger,	McNichol,	Snyder, C. A.,
Buckman,	Hackett,	Miller,	Snyder, P. W.,
Burke,	Hilton,	Mills,	Sones,
Catlin,	Hindman,	Moore,	Sproul,
Clark,	Hoke,	Patton,	Stewart,
Croft,	Homsher,	Phipps,	Thompson,
Crow,	Jenkins,	Salus,	Tompkins,
Daix,	Kurtz,	Schantz,	Vare,
DeWitt,	Lynch,	Semmens,	Warner,
Endsley,	Magee, C. J.,	Sensenich,	Wasbers.
Farley,	Martin,	Smith, R. E.,	Kline,
Gerberich,	McConnell,	Smith, W. W.,	Pres. pro tem.
Graff,	McKee, W. S.,		

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Governor be informed accordingly.

APPOINTMENT OF COMMITTEE ON THE PART OF THE SENATE TO ATTEND THE LAUNCHING OF THE BATTLESHIP "PENNSYLVANIA" AT NEWPORT NEWS ON TUESDAY, MARCH 16.

The PRESIDENT. The Chair desires to announce, in compliance with the concurrent resolution passed at this evening's session, relative to the launching of the battleship, "Pennsylvania" at Newport News on Tuesday, March 16, the appointment of the following gentlemen to represent the State of Pennsylvania on behalf of the Senate: Messrs. Beidleman, Gerberich, Lynch, Magee, Phipps, Buckman, Clark, Sones, Hackett, Wasbers.

BILL ON FIRST READING.

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 338, entitled:

An Act requiring and regulating the declaring and posting of the vote at election districts at a primary election.

be read the first time.

Mr. GERBERICH. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 338, entitled:

An Act requiring and regulating the declaring and posting of the vote at election districts at a primary election.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

RECESS.

Mr. HACKETT. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now take a recess for ten minutes.

Mr. HINDMAN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

AFTER RECESS.

The PRESIDENT. The time of recess having elapsed, the Senate will be in order.

HOUSE BILLS FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced, presented for concurrence bills of the House of Representatives as follows:

House Bill No. 246 (Senate Bill No. 410), entitled:

An Act requiring each city of the first and second class to establish a municipal pension fund for employes of said city and regulating the payment of such pensions

Which was committed to the Committee on Municipal Affairs.

House Bill No. 120 (Senate Bill No. 411), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-eighth day of May one thousand nine hundred seven entitled "An Act to provide for the protection of insane persons feeble minded persons and epileptics and the appointment of a guardian for the said insane persons feeble-minded persons and eplieptics unable to care for their own property authorizing the guardian to support the wife and children of the said insane persons feeble-minded persons and epileptics defining the powers of the guardian and authorizing the sale of real estate of the ward" by adding an additional section

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

House Bill No. 452 (Senate Bill No. 412), entitled:

An Act to amend the first section of an act entitled "An Act to amend the first section of an act approved the fourth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled 'An Act to fix the salaries of the deputy register clerks and employes in the office of register of wills of any county of this Commonwealth having a population of one million or over' so as to make it apply to counties containing a population of one million four hundred thousand or over" approved the fifth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven so as to change the salaries of the said deputy register clerk and employes of the office of register of wills of said counties

Which was committed to the Committee on Municipal Affairs.

House Bill No. 247 (Senate Bill No. 413), entitled:

An Act amending An Act entitled "An Act amending An Act entitled 'An Act respecting the estates of non-resident wards' approved the twenty-first day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-six extending the provisions thereof so that the same may apply to trustees and cestui que trusts" approved the thirteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine further extending the provisions thereof so that the same may apply where guardians and wards trustees and cestui que trusts are residents of foreign countries

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

House Bill No. 248 (Senate Bill No. 414), entitled:

An Act authorizing courts to make awards to foreign executors and administrators in certain cases

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

House Bill No. 484 (Senate Bill No. 415), entitled:

An Act to amend An Act approved the twenty-fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred seven entitled "An Act creating an art bureau for cities of the first class and prescribing its powers and duties"

Which was committed to the Committee on Municipal Affairs.

House Bill No. 49 (Senate Bill No. 416), entitled:

An Act empowering certain corporations societies and voluntary associations having subordinate lodges or branches within this Commonwealth to change the location of their principal office or place of business and providing for the filing of notice of such changes

Which was committed to the Committee on Insurance.

House Bill No. 55 (Senate Bill No. 417), entitled:

An Act to amend section two of an act entitled "An Act to amend section two of an act entitled 'An act to regulate the manner of increasing the indebtedness of municipalities to provide for the redemption of the same and to impose penalties for the illegal increase thereof approved the twentieth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four abolishing the restriction that the tax levied to pay municipal indebtedness shall be equal to eight per centum of the amount of such increased debt and providing for the method of assessing and levying a tax for the payment of the principal and interest when the bonds become due and the form of statement to be filed'" approved the thirteenth day of April, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven by extending the power to incur and increase indebtedness to townships of the second class

Which was committed to the Committee on Municipal Affairs.

House Bill No. 227 (Senate Bill No. 418), entitled:

An Act validating the incurring of debt or increase of indebtedness of townships of the second class by its super-

visors for the purpose of macadamizing roads and highways building constructing repairing and maintaining permanent roads culverts and bridges purchasing machinery or lifting orders or payment of any contracts made therefor to an amount in the aggregate not exceeding two per centum upon the assessed value of the taxable property therein as fixed and determined by the last preceding assessed valuation thereof and all coupon bonds or other securities issued therefor and also assessments of annual tax for the payment of the principal and interest of such indebtedness represented by such bonds or other securities since the twentieth of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four

Which was committed to the Committee on Public Roads and Highways.

House Bill No. 259 (Senate Bill No. 419), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the seventh day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act relating to and regulating motor vehicles and vehicles trailing after or propelled by motor vehicles controlling their speed upon the public streets and highways in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania providing for their registration and licensing of certain operators by the State Highway Department prohibiting the operation of any motor vehicle by any person when intoxicated or without the consent of the owner forbidding the passage of any law laying a tax upon or requiring the registration of motor vehicles or licensing of any operator or regulating the speed of motor vehicles by any county borough city incorporated town or township establishing the rights of motor vehicles upon the public highways with relation to other vehicles providing for their equipment and for the width of tires to be used upon motor vehicles and vehicles trailing after or propelled by motor vehicles regulating the service of process and proceedings in actions for damages arising therefrom providing for arrest and for service of process and proceedings for violation of this act prescribing the penalties therefor and providing for the disposition of fees collected and fines imposed thereunder"

Which was committed to the Committee on Public Roads and Highways.

House Bill No. 109 (Senate Bill No. 420), entitled:

An Act to enable certain boroughs to furnish and supply electric current for power purposes

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

House Bill No. 110 (Senate Bill No. 421), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twelfth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act providing for the estalishment and maintenance of boards of health in boroughs and townships of the first class and defining their powers and duties providing for the appointment of members of such boards of health by the president of the borough councils or by the chairmen of the board of commissioners of such townships providing for the election of a secretary and a health officer providing that the Commissioner of Health may take charge of the administration of health laws in any borough or township of the first class when conditions therein in his opinion constitute a menace to the lives or health of the people living outside the corporate limits of such borough or township of the first class or when it may be known to him that such borough or township of the first class is without an existing or efficient board of health and providing the manner in which the expenses of boards of health or of the Commissioner of Health incurred in administering health laws in any borough or township of the first class shall be paid"

Which was committed to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

BILL INTRODUCED.

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to read a bill in place at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. BUCKMAN (by request of Mr. KLINE) read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 422, entitled:

An Act to fix the salary of the first assistant clerk of the Orphans' Court in counties having a population of not less than eight hundred thousand and not more than one million five hundred thousand.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from Committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed, resolution as follows:

RESOLUTION CALLING UPON THE WATER SUPPLY COMMISSION FOR INFORMATION RESPECTING THE WATER RESOURCES OF THE STATE.

Whereas, The procuring of a pure and adequate water supply for municipal and domestic uses is becoming in this State an increasingly difficult problem; and

Whereas, It may become necessary for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to assume ownership of the sources of such water supply or to lend additional protection to such supply not under State control; and

Whereas, It is desirable to have a schedule of such water sources and water supply, and information in relation thereto, as complete as it is possible at present to make, and to continue the study of this subject for the purpose of furnishing additional information to the people of Pennsylvania, therefore be it

Resolved by the Senate, That the State Water Supply Commission be directed to furnish to the Senate on or before the 10th day of April, 1915, a complete schedule of the sources of water supply present or inchoate, of which it has made, studies and collected data, and in which report the Commission shall set forth the following information:

1. The location of the supply, indicating whether it be a lake, a pond, a spring, or a stream arising from any of these sources.
2. A statement of the elevation above sea level of all such sources of supply.
3. The dimensions of the lake, pond, or spring, with a statement of the volume of water which it normally contains and the volume of water flow issuing from said source and passing onward as stream flows.
4. A statement of the degree of fluctuation to which said supply at present is subject.
5. The approximate drainage area from which the water forming said supply is derived.
6. The kind of rock strain and the geological formation from which said supply is derived.
7. The character of the land forming said drainage area, stating whether it is agricultural land or wild land, either denuded or forested.
8. A statement of the ownership of such drainage area, whether public or private, and the approximate value of the land, if known, surrounding the source of said supply.
9. A statement as to whether or not said water supply receives contamination at its source or at points lower down, the character and amount of said contamination, if known, and whether it is continuous or intermittent.
10. A statement of what would be required to prevent such contamination and who would be chargeable with the expense of such prevention.
11. A statement of all the lakes, ponds, springs, or streams comprehended in this report which are at this time held in public ownership.

Be it further resolved, That the Water Supply Commission be directed to continue the collection of data relating to water supply for domestic and municipal purposes along the lines indicated herein, and report the result of its findings to the Senate at the beginning of the session of 1917.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER. Mr. President, I move that Rule 39, which requires resolutions containing calls for information from the heads of departments to lie over one day, be suspended in order to consider the resolution just reported from the Committee on Judiciary Special.

Mr. SENSENICH. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The resolution was twice read, considered and agreed to.

ADJOURNMENT.

Mr. THOMPSON. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now adjourn until tomorrow morning at eleven o'clock.

Mr. SEMMENS. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The Senate adjourned at 11.32 o'clock P. M., until Tuesday morning, March 9, at 11 o'clock.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

MONDAY, March 8th, 1915.

The House met at 9:00 o'clock P. M.

The SPEAKER (Charles A. Ambler) in the Chair.

The Chaplain, Rev. F. W. Staley, offered the following prayer:

PRAYER.

Almighty God, Thou art a just God, Thou art a righteous God; Thou has ordained the government, preserved the State and revealed Thy Fatherhood unto us, first in the person of Thy only begotten Son. To-night, as representative men, we stand in Thy presence, asking Thee to give us a broader vison, lit up with Thy light to see deep into the perplexing questions agitating so many minds in this great Commonwealth. We pray Thee, that Thou wouldst give

us a larger mind filled with Thy wisdom to know and understand our relations to our fellow men and to apply those relations and to be just to them, and at the same time be true to our convictions. We pray Thee, O God, to endow us with an enlightened conscience—a conscience that may know what is right and what is wrong, and may we be fearlessly true to those convictions in the performance of all our duty. May we fear only Thee, we ask for Christ's sake, Amen.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the Journal of the proceedings of March 3rd, 1915.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of the proceedings of March 3rd, 1915, when on motion of Mr. Adams, the further reading was dispensed with and the Journal was approved.

Mr. GARNER. Mr. Speaker I desire to present to the Chair the first fruits of the Full Crew Act

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will investigate. The Chair will appreciate it if the gentleman will explain to the House in reference to the mileage book passed up to the Clerk.

Mr. GARNER. Mr. Speaker I had a man in my room this afternoon who represents the corporate interests. I was trying to find out from him what was doing in the other line, and he said, upon going out, "you are a friend of mine"; and I naturally said I was. He presented to me a mileage book. I have no use for it and I am handing it to the Chair.

The SPEAKER. The Chair will return it to the gentleman from Schuylkill. The Chair also has no use for it.

Mr. GARNER. Mr. Speaker, and I refuse to accept it back.

FAVORING LOCAL OPTION.

Mr. E. E. JONES presented a petition of citizens of Susquehanna County favoring Local Option.

Referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

Mr. WALTON presented the petition of citizens of Lawrence County favoring Local Option.

Referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

Mr. DELL presented a petition of citizens of Huntingdon County favoring Local Option.

Referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

Mr. WILLIAMS presented the several petitions of citizens of Philadelphia, favoring Local Option.

Referred to the Committee of Law and Order.

Mr. BALDWIN presented petitions of citizens of Delaware County favoring Local Option.

Referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

PROTESTING AGAINST PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL NO. 255.

The SPEAKER presented the petition of citizens of Philadelphia protesting against the passage of House Bill No. 255.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

The SPEAKER presented the petition of the Commercial Exchange of Philadelphia protesting against the passage of House Bill No. 255.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

FAVORING SENATE BILL NO. 206.

The SPEAKER presented the petition of the Philadelphia Board of Trade favoring the passage of Senate Bill No. 206.

Referred to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

FAVORING THE ERECTION OF A STATUE OF GEORGE WASHINGTON.

The SPEAKER presented the petition of the Pennsylvania Society of Pittsburgh favoring the erection of a statue of George Washington in the State Capitol.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

FAVORING STATE HIGHWAY.

Mr. E. E. JONES presented the petition of residents of Susquehanna and Bradford Counties for the establishing of a State Highway in Susquehanna County.

Referred to the Committee on Public Roads.

FAVORING REPEAL OF THE FULL CREW LAW.

The SPEAKER presented the petition of the Philadelphia Bourse requesting repeal of the so-called Full Crew Law.

Referred to the Committee on Railroads.

FAVORING AN APPROPRIATION TO THE DUBOIS GENERAL HOSPITAL.

Mr. ALCORN presented the petition of ladies of Dubois and vicinity praying for an appropriation for the Dubois General Hospital, situated on Maple Avenue, Dubois, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES OF THE MOTHERS' ASSISTANCE FUND.

The SPEAKER laid before the House the Report to the General Assembly of Pennsylvania of 1915 of the Trustees of the Mothers' Assistance Fund of Allegheny County which was ordered to be noted on the Journal and printed at length (For report see Appendix).

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. CHARLES A. SHAFFER, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed House Bill No. 683, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Trustees of the State Hospital for the Insane at Danville Pennsylvania.

Mr. MILLIRON, from the Committee on Game, reported as amended House Bill No. 240, entitled:

An Act creating a reward or bounty for the destruction of certain noxious animals killed within the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania; providing a method for the payment of the same; and providing the method of furnishing evidence of said destruction; and penalties for the violation of the several provisions hereof.

Mr. MILLIRON, from the Committee on Education, reported as committed House Bill No. 274, entitled:

An Act amending section two thousand and thirty-five of an act entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, together with the provisions by which it shall be administered, and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof; providing revenue to establish and maintain the same, and the method of collecting such revenue; and repealing all laws, general, special or local, or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith" approved the 18th day of May, 1911, and relating to the management of State Normal Schools purchased by the Commonwealth.

Mr. PHILLIPS, from the Committee on Game, reported as amended House Bill No. 119, entitled:

An Act to provide for the better protection and preservation of game, game-quadrupeds, and game-birds in Pennsylvania, and prescribing penalties for violation of its several provisions.

Mr. THOMAS, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed House Bill No. 121, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the State Hospital at Nanticoke, Luzerne County, Pennsylvania, for the payment of indebtedness against said hospital, buildings, equipment and grounds.

Mr. HARPER from the Committee on Printing reported as amended House Bill No. 572, entitled:

An Act creating a division of Distribution of Documents defining its powers and duties; regulating the printing, binding, and distribution of the public documents of this Commonwealth; and providing penalties for the violation of this act.

Mr. HESS from the Committee on Appropriations reported as committed House Bill No. 166, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the payment of the deficiency which has arisen under the provisions of an act, approved the thirteenth day of June, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven, entitled "An Act to authorize county commissioners, for the purpose of encouraging agriculture and the holding of county agricultural exhibitions, to pay annually one thousand dollars to the incorporated agricultural association paying premiums on agricultural exhibits, holding an annual exhibition in the county ;providing for the filing of sworn statement by the claimant or claimants with the county commissioners relative to said exhibition, and providing for the repayment to the county by the State of the sum so paid.

Mr. HESS from the Committee on Judiciary General reported as committed House Bill No. 414, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Legislative Reference Bureau to continue the work commenced under the provisions of an act, approved the twentieth day of May, one thousand nine hundred and thirteen, entitled "An Act directing the Leg-

islative Reference Bureau to prepare compilations or codes, by topics, of the existing general laws of this Commonwealth, for adoption or rejection by the General Assembly; fixing the powers and duties of the bureau therein; fixing the compensation of the assistant director; and making an appropriation therefor," fixing the powers and duties of the bureau therein, fixing the duties and compensation of the assistant director and making an appropriation.

Mr. WYLIE from the Committee on Insurance reported as committed House Bill No. 517, entitled:

An Act prohibiting any city county or municipality from imposing or collecting any license fee or tax upon insurance companies or their agents or insurance brokers licensed to transact business by the Insurance Commissioner.

Mr. DELL from the Committee on Game reported as committed House Bill No. 457, entitled:

An Act to amend section two of an act entitled "An Act for the better protection of the wild birds known as the turtle or mourning dove, the kill-deer plover, and the bird commonly called the blackbird in Pennsylvania, and prescribing penalties for violation of its provisions," approved the twenty-first day of March Anno Domini, one thousand nine hundred and thirteen, Pamphlet Laws 8, by extending the power to destroy birds commonly called blackbirds.

Mr. WILDMAN, from the Committee on Insurance, reported as committed, House Bill No. 544, entitled:

An Act authorizing the adoption of any amortized basis for valuing the bond investments of life insurance companies.

Mr. GEARY, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed House Bill No. 678, (Senate Bill No. 111), entitled:

Authorizing cities of the first and second classes to appropriate city funds for the maintenance of historical societies.

Mr. SPENCER, from the Committee on Education, reported as amended, House Bill No. 197, entitled:

An Act to amend section one thousand three hundred ten of an act entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof; providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws, general, special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith" approved the eighteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven.

Mr. MILLIRON, from the Committee on Game, reported with a negative recommendation, House Bill No. 25, entitled:

An Act providing for the appointment of a Game Commission in each county in this Commonwealth; providing that one half of all fees derived by the Commonwealth from hunters licenses shall be returned to the county from which said fees were derived and placed in the county treasury subject to the vouchers of said Game Commission; providing that the said Game Commission shall expend said moneys in the purchase of game to be liberated in said county.

Mr. OSTRANDER, from the Committee on Game, reported with a negative recommendation, House Bill No. 57, entitled:

An Act to repeal an act approved the seventeenth day of April, one thousand nine hundred thirteen, entitled "An Act for the better protection of wild birds and game within the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania; requiring citizens of the United States residing within this State to procure a license before using guns for the purpose of hunting for any wild birds or animals protected by the laws of this Commonwealth; and providing penalties for violation of the several provisions, and the manner of proceedings to enforce compliance therewith; and providing for the disposition of the license fees, fines and penalties received."

Mr. M. D. REEL (for Mr. SHOOP) from the Committee on Education re-reported with a negative recommendation, House Bill No. 198, entitled:

An Act to amend section 1708 of an act entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith" approved the eighteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven.

Mr. DELL, from the Committee on Education, reported with a negative recommendation, House Bill No. 34, entitled:

An Act to amend section 2105 of an act, entitled "An Act to establish a Public School System in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania," approved the eighteenth day of May, Anno Domini, one thousand nine hundred and eleven by authorizing and empowering certain school districts, having superintendents, to unite for the purpose of holding a Teachers Annual Institute.

BILLS RE-REFERRED.

The SPEAKER. The Committe on Public Health and Sanitation returns House Bill No. 658, entitled:

An Act transferring from certain funds to another certain moneys appropriated to the State Livestock Sanitary Board.

which was inadvertently referred to that committee.

It is now referred to the Committee on Agriculture.

LEAVES OF ABSENCE.

The Chair laid before the House the following communication, which was read by the Clerk:

Vandergrift Heights, Penna.

Charles A. Ambler,
Harrisburg, Pennsylvania.

My Dear Mr. Ambler:

I am going to ask you for a leave of absence for a few days, as my little girl is very poorly; was sick when I went away last week and instead of gaining she seems to be really growing weaker all the time. I remain,

Very truly yours,
A. W. LOVE.

The SPEAKER. Is there any objection? The Chair hears none and leave is granted.

Mr. LEIGHNER asked and obtained leave of absence for Mr. James O. Campbell for the balance of the week on account of sickness.

Mr. DAWSON asked and obtained leave of absence for Mr. Haggerty for the balance of the week on account of sickness.

Mr. GOODYEAR asked and obtained leave of absence for Mr. Shoop on account of sickness.

Mr. ERDMAN asked and obtained leave of absence for Mr. Diefenderfer on account of sickness.

RESOLUTION RELATIVE TO THE LAUNCHING OF THE BATTLESHIP PENNSYLVANIA.

Mr. WOODWARD offered the following resolution which was twice read considered and agreed to:

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION.

Whereas, On the sixteenth day of March in this year, a battleship of the United States bearing the name Pennsylvania will be launched at Newport News, Virginia; and

Whereas, It is customary and proper that each state be represented officially at the launching of a battleship bearing its name; and

Whereas, It is usual and proper that the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania be officially represented at the launching of the battleship Pennsylvania on the sixteenth day of March in this year; therefore

Be It Resolved (If the Senate concur) That those who shall officially represent this Commonwealth at the launching of said battleship shall consist of the Governor, the Lieutenant Governor, the President pro tempore of the Senate, and ten members of the Senate selected by him, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and fifteen members of the House selected by him, and such other guests as the Governor may desire to invite. The expenses to be paid out of the contingent funds of the Chief Clerk of the Senate and of the Chief Clerk of the House in equal amounts.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

RESOLUTION RELATIVE TO PETITIONS.

Mr. H. I. WILSON offered the following resolution, which was read by the Clerk:

Whereas, Within the last four weeks the citizens of Pennsylvania have sent through the mails communications in vast numbers asking for legislative action on certain measures; and

Whereas, Due to the excessive number of these communications the time of the members has been largely consumed in opening and considering them; and

Whereas, Through lack of time to differentiate between communications of this nature and the private correspondence of the members, valuable papers and documents have gone astray and in many instances have been lost; and

Whereas, Owing to the fact that the members cannot without great expense hire persons to take care of correspondence so volumnious in its nature, the care and attention personally required distract the members in the performance of their duties and materially decrease their efficiency as representatives of the people in the legislative work; and

Whereas, Through well-meaning but misguided zeal the efforts made to influence the members of the General Assembly might possibly result in a consummation materially different from that intended by those who direct the communications to the members; therefore

Be it resolved by the House of Representatives of the General Assembly of Pennsylvania, that not wishing to deny or abate in the slightest the right of every citizen of Pennsylvania to address petitions to the General Assembly for the redress of grievances or other proper purposes it is the sense of this body that should hereafter any concerted movement be planned to address communications in large numbers to the members of the General Assembly for any purpose such communications instead of being sent through the mails should be collected in convenient packets and directed to the particular member in order to obviate any possibility of confusion with his ordinary correspondence and to enable him to divide his time justly and equitably between and among the various parts of his legislative work.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the resolution?

Mr. H. I. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, while I do not think the resolution requires any explanation I feel duty bound to say this: that within the last ten days I alone have received in the neighborhood of ten thousand letters upon one particular subject, and I know of many other members who have received many thousands of letters. The resolution as read expresses my sentiments on that subject. I understand there are many more letters to follow and I try to set the wheels in motion to make it convenient for us to receive these letters in another way. I do not wish to deny the privilege of any man or any citizen or any organization or any plan of any person to keep them from doing that which will furnish us with information as to how they want things done here. But I do hope that the citizens of this State will take into consideraion that we have many things to do, not just the few things in which they are interested. We have no power to compel. This is a polite request only. I hope the House will adopt this resolution.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the resolution?

It was agreed to.

BILLS RECOMMITTED.

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I move that House Bill No. 294, File Folio No. 1709, entitled:

An Act repealing the act of the twenty-second day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen pamphlet laws page eight hundred seventy-nine entitled 'An Act to protect the public health and safety by regulating the erection alteration repair use occupancy maintenance sanitation and condemnation of dwellings two family dwellings rooming houses and tenements by regulating the use maintenance and sanitation of the grounds surrounding the same the adjoining buildings and all vacant land in cities of the first class providing for their inspection the abatement of nuisances the vacating and destroying of uninhabitable houses and the filing of liens creating a division of housing and sanitation providing for institution of prosecutions and penalties for violations of the provisions thereof and repealing all laws inconsistent therewith

on page 2 of today's calendar, be recommitted to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

Mr. FORSTER. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Mr. SCHAEFFER. Mr. Speaker, I move that House Bill No. 393, File Folio No. 1823, entitled:

An Act relating to the powers duties and fees of coroners and their officers or assistants

on page 3 of today's calendar, be recommitted to the Committee on Judiciary General for the purpose of amendment.

Mr. NEVILLE. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 27, entitled:

An Act relating to county officers in counties having less than one hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants and providing for their salaries and the compensation of deputies and clerks in the respective county offices requiring the payment into the respective county treasury of the fees of county officers and providing penalties for violation of this act

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. SPANGLER. Mr. Speaker, I move that this bill be recommitted to the Committee on Judiciary General, and I just want to say in connection with that motion that the purpose of recommitting this bill is to give the members of the House in counties under 150,000 an opportunity to note the amendments that have been made in the bill, especially with respect to the revised schedule of salaries for the different classifications.

Mr. McCLINTOCK. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration and final passage of House Bill No. 246, as follows:

An Act requiring each city of the first and second class to establish a municipal pension fund for employes of said city and regulating the payment of such pensions

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the cities of the first and second class shall create a municipal pension fund for the pensioning of all employes who have given twenty years of service in said city No employe under the age of fifty years shall be pensioned unless such employe is totally and permanently disabled

Section 2 The cities of the first and second class shall set aside and appropriate a sum not to exceed one-half of one per centum of all taxes for such municipal pension fund

Section 3 The employes shall contribute one per centum of their salaries each succeeding month until they retire on pension when such contribution shall cease

Section 4 The pension allowed shall be one-half of the salary received for the two years previous to their retirement

Section 5 The payment of pension shall be made through the department of which said pensioner shall have been last a member

Section 6 The act approved the twenty-fourth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act authorizing each city of the first class to establish a municipal pension fund for employes of said city and regulating the payment of such pensions" is repealed All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with this act are repealed

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—179.

Adams,	Glenn,	McArdle,	Smith, Jeff. W.,
Albee,	Gompers,	McCaig,	Smith, L.,
Alcorn,	Goodnough,	McClintock,	Snyder,
Alexander,	Goodwin,	McClure,	Sones,
Arnold,	Goodyear,	McConnell,	Spangler,
Aron,	Graham,	McCurdy,	Spencer,
Arthur,	Gransback,	McDermott,	Statler,
Baker,	Greenwood,	McKay,	Staving,
Baldwin,	Habgood,	McNichol,	Steedle,
Bauerle,	Hackett,	McVicar,	Stern,
Beck,	Hamilton,	Mearkle,	Stone,
Becker,	Harper,	Milliron,	Sullivan,
Benn,	Heffernan,	Murdoch,	Swan,
Benninger,	Herman,	Murphy,	Swartz,
Beyer,	Hess,	Myers,	Thomas,
Blackburn,	Heyburn,	Neville,	Trach,
Body,	Hibshman,	Nieder,	Twibill,
Bovee,	Hoffman,	Nissley,	Urich,
Brosius,	Hollern,	Oaks,	Vogdes,
Bungard,	Hollingsworth,	Ostrander,	Wagner,
Campbell, T.,	Horton,	Palmer,	Walsh,
Christman,	Howarth,	Perry,	Walter,
Corbin,	Hubler,	Peters,	Walton,
Cox,	Jack,	Phillips,	Watson,
Cromer,	Jones, E. E.,	Pickering,	Weaver,
Cummins,	Jones, W. W.,	Powell,	Weimer,
Curry,	Kaiser,	Ramsey,	Weir,
Davis,	Kitts,	Reel,	West,
Dawson,	Klinger,	Reynolds,	Wettach,
Dell,	Kuhn,	Rhoads,	Whitaker,
Dodds,	Kunkle,	Rich,	

Drinkhouse,	Lafferty,	Richards,	Whitten,
Dunn,	Landis,	Rininger,	Wildman,
Ehrhardt,	Lanius,	Rinn,	Willard,
Evans,	Lauler,	Robertson,	Williams,
Fackler,	Leighner,	Rothenberger,	Wilson, H. L.,
Flynn,	Lindsey,	Rowell	Wilson, W. H.,
Forster,	Lipschutz,	Sampsel,	Wobensmith,
Fruit,	Luppert,	Sarig,	Wood,
Gallagher,	Luxemburger,	Schaeffer,	Woodward,
Gans,	Lynch,	Scott,	Wylie,
Garner,	Mangan,	Shaaber,	Wynne,
Geary,	Marvin,	Showalter,	Young,
Geiser,	Mather,	Sinclair,	Ambler,
Gibson,	Maurer,	Smith, J. W.,	Speaker.
Glass,			

NAYS—4.

Bergy,	Brumbaugh,	Eppley,	Gingery,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

RECONSIDERATION OF VOTE.

Mr. FORSTER moved that the vote by which House Bill No. 295, entitled:

An Act to protect the public health in cities of the first class in this Commonwealth and for that purpose creating in the Department of Public Health and Charities four Bureaus to be called the Bureaus of Hospitals and Charities Health Sanitation and Housing said Bureaus to have the supervision and control in said cities of Hospitals and Charities Health Sanitation and Housing as herein set forth and other matters affecting the public welfare so far as regards the use and occupancy of all buildings and the appurtenances thereto occupied in whole or in part as places of residence by more than two families living separate and apart and providing for themselves also the licensing supervision and control and the use of lodging rooming apartment and tenement houses fixing the responsibility for violations of any of the provisions of this act and also giving power to said Bureaus to make rules and regulations to govern certain conditions affecting health and sanitation and the licensing of certain trades industries and premises and providing for punishments and penalties for violations of any of the rules and regulations made by the Department of Public Health and Charities or by any of its Bureaus under the powers granted by this act also providing for the filing of liens also providing for the inspection by the Bureau of building inspection and the fire marshal of said cities of the first class and repealing all laws inconsistent herewith

which was defeated on third reading on Tuesday, March 2nd, 1915, be reconsidered.

Mr. GLASS. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the motion?

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I understand that the purpose of this motion is to have this bill recommitted to the Committee on Health and Sanitation. With that in mind I should support this motion and I will ask the rest of the gentlemen of the House to do likewise. It is a matter which pertains only to Philadelphia county.

Mr. GARNER. Mr. Speaker, what does Mr. Gransback say about that?

The SPEAKER. The gentleman from Schuylkill, Mr. Garner, desires to interrogate the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Gransback.

Mr. GARNER. Mr. Speaker, has he anything to do about that at all?

On the question of agreeing to the motion,

A division was taken, 114 voting in the affirmative.

And the question was determined in the affirmative.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. W. H. WILSON moved that House Bill No. 295, be recommitted to the Committee on Health and Sanitation.

Mr. FORSTER. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

And the bill was recommitted to the Committee on Health and Sanitation.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 120, as follows:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-eighth day of May one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled "An Act to provide for the protection of insane persons feeble-minded persons and epileptics and the appointment of a guardian for the said insane persons feeble-minded persons and epileptics unable to care for their own property authorizing the guardian to support the wife and children of the said insane persons feeble-minded persons and epileptics defining the powers of the guardian and authorizing the sale of real estate of the ward" by adding an additional section

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the act approved the twenty-eighth day of May one thousand nine hundred seven entitled "An Act to provide for the protection of insane persons feeble-minded persons and epileptics and the appointment of a guardian for the said insane persons feeble-minded persons and epileptics unable to care for their own property authorizing the guardian to support the wife and children of the said insane persons feeble-minded persons and epileptics defining the powers of the guardian and authorizing the sale of real estate of the ward" is hereby amended by the addition of the following which shall be marked and known as section ten of said act

Section 10 Every guardian so appointed in pursuance of this act whether required by the court to give security or not shall when so required by the court or if not required by the court may of his own volition once in every three years render an account of the management of the property under his care The accounts shall be filed in the office of the prothonotary for the information of the court and the inspection of all parties concerned After filing any such account the guardian may petition the court for leave to have the account examined or audited and confirmed finally The petition shall set forth the reason why such account should be examined or audited and confirmed and shall set forth the name and address of the wife or husband or next of kin of the person under legal disability The court shall thereupon direct to whom and what notice if any shall be given to the wife or husband or next of kin of the filing of the account and the presentation of the petition After filing proof of the service of the notice and if the court is satisfied that the account should be examined or audited and confirmed finally the court may thereupon examine and audit the account or may appoint an examiner or auditor to examine and audit such account and report thereon to the court After the examination or audit is completed a final decree of confirmation shall be made by the court which decree shall be conclusive as to matters contained in the account report or audit and decree on all persons except the ward and on the ward three months after the removal of legal disability and in case of the filing of a final account occasioned by the resignation removal or death of the guardian such final account after proper audit and confirmation as hereinbefore provided and all triennial accounts or other accounts which may have been properly filed audited and confirmed before shall be conclusive as to the ward as well as to all other parties The cost of the audit or examination shall be paid out of the estate or otherwise as the decree of the court confirming the report of the auditor shall direct If such costs are paid by the guardian out of the funds of the estate in his hands such payment shall be allowed as a credit in his account Appeal and rehearing of the decree shall be allowed in the manner and form now allowed in the cases of decrees made in executors' administrators' and trustees' accounts Every such guardian unless previously discharged or removed shall on the death or restoration to legal capacity of the person whose estate is under his care settle in the office of the prothonotary a full and complete account of his management of the property under his care A final account shall include only such items and matters as were not included in any former account confirmed finally The decree of the court upon such final account shall be conclusive upon all parties unless reversed modified or altered on appeal

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—194.

Adams,	Gans,	Mangan,	Sinclair,
Albee,	Garner,	Marvin,	Smith, J. W.,
Alcorn,	Geary,	McArdle,	Smith, Jeff. W.
Alexander,	Geiser,	McClintock,	Smith, L.,
Aron,	Gibson,	McClure,	Snyder,
Arthur,	Gingery,	McConnell,	Sones,
Baker,	Glass,	McCurdy,	Spangler,
Baldwin,	Glenn,	McDermott,	Spencer,
Bauerle,	Gompers,	McKay,	Statler,
Beck,	Goodnough,	McNichol,	Staving,
Becker,	Goodwin,	McVicar,	Steedle,
Benn,	Goodyear,	Mearkle,	Stein,
Benninger,	Gormley,	Mellott,	Stern,
Bergy,	Graham,	Metzenbacher,	Stone,
Beyer,	Gransback,	Milliron,	Sullivan,
Blackburn,	Greenwood,	Murdoch,	Swan,
Body,	Habgood,	Murphy,	Swartz,
Bovee,	Hackett,	Myers,	Taylor,
Brosius,	Hamilton,	Neville,	Thomas,
Brownlee,	Harper,	Nieder,	Trach,

Brumbaugh,	Herman,	Oaks,	Urich,
Campbell, T.,	Hess,	Ostrander,	Vickerman,
Christman,	Heyburn,	Palmer,	Vogdes,
Coldsmith,	Hibshman,	Perry,	Wagner,
Conner,	Hoffman,	Peters,	Walsh,
Corbin,	Hollingsworth,	Phillips,	Walter,
Cox,	Horton,	Pickering,	Walton,
Cromer,	Howarth,	Powell,	Watson,
Cummins,	Hubler,	Ramsey,	Weaver,
Curry,	Jack,	Reel,	Weimer,
Davis,	Jones, E. E.,	Reynolds,	Weir,
Dawson,	Jones, W. W.,	Rhoads,	West,
Dell,	Kaiser,	Rich,	Wettach,
Dodds,	Kitts,	Richards,	Whitaker,
Drinkhouse,	Klinger,	Rininger,	Whitten,
Dunn,	Kuhn,	Rinn,	Wildman,
Eby,	Kunkle,	Robertson,	Willard,
Ehrhardt,	Lafferty,	Roney,	Williams,
Eppley,	Landis,	Rothenberger,	Wilson, H. I.,
Erdman,	Lanius,	Rowell,	Wilson, W. H.,
Evans,	Lauer,	Rudisill,	Wobensmith,
Fackler,	Lauler,	Sampsel,	Wood,
Finnerty,	Leighner,	Sarig,	Woodward.
Flynn,	Lindsey,	Schaeffer,	Wylie,
Forster,	Lipschutz,	Scott,	Wynne,
Fretz,	Luppert,	Shaaber,	Young,
Fruit,	Luxemburger,	Shaffer,	Ambler,
Gallagher,	Lynch,	Showalter,	Speaker.
Heffernan,	Nissley,	Twibill,	

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

BILL ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Mr. DUNN. Mr. Speaker, I call up House Bill No. 232, File Folio 759, Bills on Final Passage, postponed on page one of today's calendar.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 232, entitled:

An Act to amend section one thousand seven hundred and fifteen of article seventeen of an act approved the eighteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to estalish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith" relating to the power to confer academic degrees honorary or otherwise and extending the same to all schools of similar grade in school districts of the first class

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

RECONSIDERATION OF VOTE.

Mr. DUNN. Mr. Speaker, I move that the vote by which this bill passed third reading be reconsidered.

Mr. GANS. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Mr. DUNN. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to offer amendments at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The Clerk then read the amendments as follows:

Amend section one by striking out all after the 28th line and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Section 1715. The power to confer academic degrees, honorary or otherwise, heretofore granted to and possessed by any Board of Public Education, Board of School Directors or Controllers of any school district at the time of the passage of this act is hereby vested in the Board of Public Education or Board of School Directors of such school district created by the provisions hereof. And any public high school in any school district existing at the time of the passage of this act with a course of study of not less than four years and upon whose students of the full prescribed course of study such academic or other degrees have heretofore been conferred shall be continued by the said Board of Public Education or Board of School Directors of the District in which it shall be located, under such name or title, and with such regulations and courses of study of such character as the said Board may deem proper; and it shall be the duty of said Board to establish and maintain in such school advanced courses of study which shall extend for at least two years beyond its present four years' courses; said advanced courses shall be open to every resident of such school district who is qualified therefor without regard to the part of said district in which he resides and upon the completion of any such advanced course by any student to confer upon him the baccalaureate degree in arts or science appropriate to such course.

The like power to confer academic degrees in arts and science is hereby granted to the Board of Public Education or Board of School Directors of every school district of the first class which shall establish and maintain public schools or institutions of learning with courses of study at least two years in advance of those required for a high school of the first class.

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to insert the amendments as read? Is there any objection? The Chair hears none and the amendments will be inserted in accordance with the instructions of the House.

Mr. DUNN. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to offer amendments at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The Clerk then read the amendments as follows:

Amend the title by striking out all after the word "otherwise" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "requiring advanced courses of study leading to such degrees and granting like power to confer such degrees to the Board of Public Education or Board of School Directors of every school district of the first class."

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to insert the amendments as read? Is there any objection?

The SPEAKER. The gentleman from Armstrong, Mr. Milliron objects to giving unanimous consent to insert the amendment.

Mr. DUNN. Mr. Speaker, I move that we go into the Committee of the Whole House.

The SPEAKER. The title cannot be amended in the Committee of the Whole House.

The SPEAKER. On the question recurring, will the House give unanimous consent to insert the amendments as read? Is there any objection? The Chair hears none, and the amendments will be inserted in accordance with the instructions of the House.

The bill as amended was then agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended lie over for printing.

POINT OF ORDER.

Mr. MILLIRON. Mr. Speaker, I rise to a point of order.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman will state his point of order.

Mr. MILLIRON. Mr. Speaker, my point of order is, did we give unanimous consent to amend the title or the bill?

The SPEAKER. The House gave unanimous consent to amend the bill and the title. The gentleman from Armstrong personally gave unanimous consent to amend the title. The bill was amended before you gave consent to amend the title.

BILL ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Mr. GANS. Mr. Speaker, I call up House Bill No. 452, File Folio 1733, Bills on Final Passage on page one of to-day's calendar.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 452, entitled:

An Act to amend the first section of an act entitled "An Act to amend the first section of an act approved the fourth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled 'An Act to fix the salaries of the deputy register clerks and employes in the office of register of wills of any county of this Commonwealth having a population of one million or over' so as to make it apply to counties containing a population of one million four hundred thousand or over" approved the fifth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven so as to change the salaries of the said deputy register clerks and employes of the office of register of wills of said counties

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—186.

Adams,	Geiser,	McArdle,	Smith, L.,
Albee,	Gingery,	McCaig,	Snyder,
Alcorn,	Glass,	McClintock,	Sones,
Alexander,	Glenn,	McClure,	Spangler,
Arnold,	Goodnough,	McConnell,	Spencer,
Aron,	Goodwin,	McCurdy,	Statler,

Arthur,	Goodyear,	McDermott,	Staving,
Baldwin,	Gormley,	McKay,	Steedle,
Bauerle,	Graham,	McNichol,	Stein,
Beck,	Gransback,	McVicar,	Stern,
Becker,	Greenwood,	Mearkle,	Stone,
Benn,	Habgood,	Mellott,	Sullivan,
Beyer,	Hackett,	Metzenbacher,	Swan,
Blackburn,	Hamilton,	Millıron,	Swartz,
Body,	Harper,	Murdoch,	Taylor,
Bovee,	Heffernan,	Murphy,	Thomas,
Brosius,	Herman,	Neville,	Trach,
Brownlee,	Hess,	Nieder,	Twibill,
Brumbaugh,	Heyburn,	Nissley,	Urich,
Bungard,	Hibshman,	Oaks,	Vickerman,
Campbell, T.,	Hoffman,	Ostrander,	Vogdes,
Christman,	Hollern,	Palmer,	Wagner,
Coldsmith,	Hollingsworth,	Perry,	Walsh,
Conner,	Horton,	Peters,	Walter,
Corbin,	Howarth,	Phillips,	Walton,
Cox,	Hubler,	Pickering,	Watson,
Cummins,	Jack,	Powell,	Weaver,
Curry,	Jones, W. W.,	Ramsey,	Weimer,
Davis,	Kaiser,	Reel,	Weir,
Dawson,	Kitts,	Reynolds,	West,
Dell,	Klinger,	Rhoads,	Wettach,
Dodds,	Kuhn,	Rich,	Whitaker,
Drinkhouse,	Kunkle,	Richards,	Whitten,
Dunn,	Lafferty,	Rininger,	Wildman,
Eby,	Landis,	Rinn,	Willard,
Ehrhardt,	Lauer,	Robertson,	Williams,
Eppley,	Lauler,	Rowell,	Wilson, H. I.,
Evans,	Leighner,	Rudisill,	Wilson, W. H.,
Fackler,	Lindsey,	Sampsel,	Wobensmith,
Flynn,	Lipschutz,	Schaeffer,	Wood,
Forster,	Luppert,	Scott,	Woodward,
Fretz,	Luxemburger,	Shaaber,	Wylie,
Fruit,	Lynch,	Shaffer,	Wynne,
Gallagher,	Mangan,	Showalter,	Young,
Gans,	Marvin,	Sinclair,	Ambler,
Garner,	Mather,	Smith, J. W.,	
Geary,	Maurer,	Smith, Jeff. W.	Speaker.

NAYS—5.

Baker,	Benninger,	Cromer,	Rothenberger,
Sarig,			

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, that the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 611, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith"

The first section was read as follows:

Section 1 Bt it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That sections two thousand four hundred one two thousand four hundred two two thousand four hundred three and two thousand four hundred four of an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith" which reads as follows

"Section 2401 The board of school directors of any district in this Commonwealth is hereby authorized and empowered to establish contribute to and administer as herein provided a teachers' retirement fund The said fund shall consist of all funds available for like purposes in said district at the time of the enactment of this law together with such additions thereto as the board of school directors may from time to time appropriate for that purpose from the funds of the district and such moneys or other property as may be donated bequeathed devised or received from any other source for such purpose

"Section 2402 The board of school directors of any district may provide in the contracts with its teachers principals or supervising officials that they shall contribute a reasonable sum from their salaries each year to said retirement fund Provided That no person shall be required to contribute any part of his salary to any retirement fund unless the same is provided for in the contract by which he is engaged

"Section 2403 Where the teachers principals or supervising officials of any district contribute to any retirement fund they shall be represented in making the regulations governing it and in its control and management

"Section 2404 Every teacher principal or supervising official who retires in accordance with the regulations prescribed shall be entitled to such annuity as said regulations provide" are hereby amended to read as follows

Section 2401 The board of school directors of any district in this Commonwealth is hereby authorized and empowered to establish contribute to and administer as herein provided a teachers' retirement fund The said fund shall consist of all funds available for like purposes in said district at the time of the enactment of this law together with such additions thereto as the board of school directors may from time to time appropriate for that purpose from the funds of the district and such moneys or other property as may be donated bequeathed devised or received from any other source for such purpose

The board of school directors of any district of the first class is hereby authorized and empowered to establish contribute to and administer as herein provided a janitors' retirement fund This fund shall consist of all funds available for like purposes in said district at the time of the enactment of this act together with such additions thereto as the board of school directors may from time to time appropriate for that purpose from the funds of the district and such real or personal property as may be donated bequeathed devised or received from any other source for such purpose

Section 2402 The board of school directors of any district may provide in the contracts with its teachers principals or supervising officials that they shall contribute a reasonable sum from their salaries each year to said retirement fund Provided That no person shall be required to contribute any part of his salary to any retirement fund unless the same is provided for in the contract by which he is engaged

The board of school directors of any district of the first class may provide in the contracts with its janitors that they shall contribute a reasonable sum from their salaries each year to said retirement fund No janitor shall be required to contribute any part of his salary to the retirement fund unless the same is provided for in the agreement by which he is engaged

Section 2403 Where the teachers principals or supervising officials of any district contribute to any retirement fund they shall be represented in making the regulations governing it and in its control and management

When janitors of any school in districts of the first class contribute to a retirement fund they shall be represented in making the regulations governing it and in its control and management

Section 2404 Every teacher principal or supervising official who retires in accordance with the regulations prescribed shall be entitled to such annuity as said regulations provide

Every janitor who retires in accordance with the regulations required shall be entitled to such annuity as the regulations provide

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. CROMER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 1, line 31, by striking out the word "contribue" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "contribute."

On the question,
Will the House agree to the amendment?
It was agreed to,
On the question,
Will the House agree to the section as amended?
It was agreed to.

The title was read and agreed to as follows:

An Act to amend an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith"

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 268, as follows:

An Act to amend section one of article eight of the act entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation regulation and government of cities of the third class regulating nomination and election of municipal officers therein and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto" approved the twenty-seventh day of June one thousand nine hundred thirteen

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section one of article eight of an act entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation regulation and government of cities of the third class regulating nomination and election of municipal officers therein and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto" approved the twenty-seventh day of June one thousand nine hundred thirteen which reads as follows

"Section 1 Subject to the provisions of section thirteen of article six of this act the council of each city of the third class shall on the first Monday of January after its election elect a city treasurer who shall hold his office for the term of two years from said first Monday of January and until his successor is duly elected and qualified or until the said treasurer shall have been removed from office according to law The city treasurer shall be a competent accountant and shall have been a resident of the city and an elector thereof for at least three years previous to his election He shall give lawful bond to the city with two or more sufficient sureties or with a surety or other company authorzed by law to act as surety to be approved by the council in such sum as it may by ordinance direct conditioned for the honest and faithful discharge of his official duties and the safekeeping and payment over of all public moneys entrusted to his care He shall receive a fixed annual salary to be provided by ordinance" is amended to read as follows

Section 1 The qualified electors of each city of the third class shall elect at the last municipal election preceding the expiration of the term of the city treasurer then in office a city treasurer who shall serve for a term of four years from the first day of January next succeeding his election Provided That when the term of the city treasurer expires on the first Monday of December one thousand nine hundred and fifteen the term of the succeeding city treasurer shall begin at that time and expire on the first Monday of January one thousand nine hundred and twenty The city treasurer shall be a competent accountant and shall have been a resident of the city and an elector thereof for at least three years previous to his election He shall give lawful bond to the city with two or more sufficient sureties or with a surety or other company authorized by law to act as surety to be approved by the council in such sum as it may by ordinance direct conditioned for the honest and faithful discharge of his official duties and the safekeeping and payment over of all public moneys entrusted to his care He shall receive a fixed annual salary to be provided by ordinance

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 513, as follows:

An Act relating to the satisfaction of mortgages under power of attorney directed to the recorder of deeds

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That in all cases where any owner or holder of a mortgage having legal power to satisfy the same has heretofore executed and delivered or may hereafter execute and deliver a power of attorney authorizing the recorder of deeds of the county in which such mortgage is recorded in office at the time of such execution and delivery either by his official title or by his individual name to enter satisfaction of such mortgage upon the record and such satisfaction has not been entered such power of attorney when duly recorded shall be a sufficient authority to any subsequent recorder of deeds of the same county to enter satisfaction of such mortgage upon the record thereof and this power and authority conferred by this act to enter such satisfaction shall not in any way be impaired or affected by the fact that the person who executed and delivered such power of attorney or the person named or designated therein as attorney or both of them may have in the meantime died

Section 2 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 482, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the fourteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred and three entitled "An Act for the creation and government of a division of the State Library for the preservation of public records by establishing the office of supervisor of public records with general supervision over the care and custody and condition of public records of the several counties cities and boroughs of this Commonwealth

The first section was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the fourth section of an act approved the fourteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred and three entitled "An Act for the creation and government of a division of the State Library for the preservation of public records" which reads as follows

"Section 4 That The Division of Public Records shall be under the direction of the State Librarian who shall have immediate charge of and be responsible for everything consigned to his custody and shall enforce all rules and regulations provided by the trustees He shall receive and disburse all moneys that are or may be hereafter appropriated for this Division's purposes and keep accurate accounts thereof and make settlements therefor in the same manner as is provided for the accounts of the State Library He shall collect classify preserve and make accessible for reference all records which may come into the possession of the Division with such exceptions as may be indicated by the trustees He shall report to the trustees biennially on the condition of the State records with such recommendations as shall be desirable for the preservation of all public records throughout Pennsylvania He may appoint such assistants at such salaries as shall be authorized by the Legislature from time to time in the general appropriation bill and may expend such sums for the purpose of the Division as may be appropriated by the Legislature for that purpose" is amended to read as follows

Section 4 The Division of Public Records shall be under the direction of the State Librarian who shall have immediate charge of and be responsible for everything consigned to his custody and shall enforce all rules and regulations provided by the trustees He shall receive and disburse all moneys that are or may be hereafter appropriated for this Division's purposes and keep accurate accounts thereof and make settlements therefor in the same manner as is provided for the accounts of the State Library He shall collect classify preserve and make accessible for reference all records which may come into the possession of the Division with such exceptions as may be indicated by the trustees He shall report to the trustees biennially on the condition of the State records with such recommendations as shall be desirable for the preservation of all public records throughout Pennsylvania He may appoint such assistants at such salaries as shall be authorized by the Legislature from time to time in the general appropriation bill and may expend such sums for the purpose of the Division as may be appropriated by the Legislature for that purpose One of the assistants appointed by the Librarian shall be supervisor of public records The supervisor of public records shall examine into the condition of the records books pamphlets documents manuscripts archives maps and papers kept filed or recorded or hereafter to be filed or recorded in the several public offices of the counties cities and boroughs of the State He shall recommend such action to be taken by the persons having the care and custody of public records as may be necessary to secure their safety and preservation and he shall cause all laws relating to the public records to be enforced He shall submit an annual report to the State Librarian in which he shall present a detailed report upon the number kind and condition of the various public records in the custody and under the control of the several counties cities and boroughs of the State This report shall be included by the State Librarian in his annual report

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment:

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 1, line 16, by striking out the word "settlements" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "settlement"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The title was read as follows:

An Act to amend an act approved the fourteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred and three entitled "An Act for the creation and government of a division of the State Library for the preservation of public records by establishing the office of supervisor of public records with general supervision over the care and custody and condition of public records of the several counties cities and boroughs of this Commonwealth

On the question,
Will the House agree to the title?
Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.
The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.
The amendment was read by Clerk as follows:

Amend title, line 4, inserting a double quote after the word records"

On the question,
Will the House agree to the amendment?
It was agreed to.
On the question,
Will the House agree to the title as amended?
It was agreed to,
And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended,
Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.
Agreeably to order,
The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,
The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 486, as follows:

An Act Relating to publication of notices required by the Constitution and laws of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in newspapers in said Commonwealth

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That any newspaper in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania desirous or willing to publish any of the notices or advertisements required by the Constitution or the laws of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to be published in newspapers shall as a condition precedent to receiving same from any official or department of this Commonwealth file its rate of charges for the publication of such notices and advertisements with the Secretary of the Commonwealth and no official or department of state government of this Commonwealth shall cause any notice or advertisement to be inserted in any newspaper that has not first complied with this provision as to the filing of its rates for same with the Secretary of the Commonwealth Where rates of charges have been filed by any newspapers with the Secretary of the Commonwealth under the provisions of this act those rates shall be the ones upon which the amount due by the Commonwealth to such newspaper shall be adjusted and such rates shall prevail until changed by new rates filed by such newspaper with the Secretary of the Commonwealth but no change in the rates filed shall affect the charges for any notice or advertisement inserted prior to such change

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,
Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.
Agreeably to order,
The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,
The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 536, as follows:

An Act concerning the relations between attorney and client on suit being brought in any court of this Commonwealth and providing that the attorney shall have a lien for his compensation for his services upon the client's cause of action claim or counterclaim which shall attach to any award order report decision compromise settlement verdict or judgment in the client's favor and the proceeds thereof in whosoever hands the same may be and which lien shall not be affected or defeated by any compromise or settlement between the parties before or after judgment

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from the commencement of any action or proceeding either at law in equity or otherwise howsoever or the filing of any counter-claim or any pleading the attorney who appears of record for a party therein shall have a lien for his compensation for his services upon his client's cause of action claim or counterclaim which shall attach to any award order report decision compromise settlement verdict or judgment in the client's favor and the proceeds thereof in whosoever hands they may come and the said lien shall not be affected or defeated by any compromise or settlement between the parties before or after judgment Provided however That nothing herein contained shall prevent the bona fide compromise or settlement of litigation by the parties thereto subject to the lien of the attorney as provided by this act

Section 2 The court in which the cause is brought shall on the petition of the client or of the attorney have jurisdiction to determine and enforce the lien subject to the right of appeal to the person aggrieved as in other cases

Section 3 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with this act are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.
Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.
Agreeably to order,
The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,
The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 432, as follows:

An Act relating to the administration of the estate of an intestate decedent

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That whenever an oath is required in the administration of the estate of an intestate decedent such oath may be administered by any notary public or justice of the peace or alderman of the county in any of the following cases

(a) Proof of death of decedent and averment as to intestacy
(b) The renunciation of right to administration
(c) Agreement relative to the right of administration
(d) Justification of the sureties of the bond of the administrator
(e) Oath of office administered to the administrator

Section 2 The register of wills shall cause to be prepared at the expense of the county suitable blank forms necessary in the administration of the estate of an intestate decedent Such blank forms shall be furnished upon request to any person interested in the estate of any such decedent

Section 3 This act shall apply only to counties having a population of less than one hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.
Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.
Agreeably to order,
The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,
The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 622, as follows:

An Act fixing a method of adjusting boundary lines of municipalities and townships

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That where the common boundary lines of two municipalities or of a municipality and a township or of two townships passes through a plan of lots the municipalities or townships as the case may be shall change the line as soon as practicable so that it shall pass along the center of a public highway

Section 2 The change above required when agreed upon shall be fixed by ordinance of the two municipalities or of the two townships or of the municipality and township as the case may be The ordinance shall not be valid unless it receive the vote of two-thirds of the members of council of the municipalities or of two of the township commissioners or two of the township supervisors as the case may be and in the case of a municipality unless it receive the approval of the executive of the municipality A copy of the ordinance duly certified together with a certified plan of the change made in the line shall be filed in the office of the clerk of the court of quarter sessions within thirty days after the passage of the ordinance Any tax payer of the municipality or township may appeal from such ordinance to the court of quarter sessions In case of such appeal the court has authority to make such orders or decrees as to right and justice shall appertain

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.
Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.
Agreeably to order,
The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,
The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 430, entitled:

An Act making county commissioners overseers of the poor in certain counties and regulating their compensation and expenses

The first section was read and agreed to as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That in counties having a population not exceeding fifty thousand inhabitants the county commissioners shall be the overseers of the poor and shall be subject to all the duties and have all the powers imposed or provided by law on or for poor directors

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. KUHN. Mr. Speaker, I move that House Bill No. 430 be recommitted to the Committee on Judiciary special.

Mr. LANIUS. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 515, as follows:

An Act requiring all public printing and the processes used in doing such printing to be done within the territorial limits of this Commonwealth

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from and after the approval of this act all public printing whether for state county municipal school or other public purposes shall be done within the territorial limits of this Commonwealth and all said printing shall be done from or with type set within said territorial limits either by hand or by the aid of any kind of type-setting machine or from plates made within said territorial limits from type set therein or if said printing be done by lithographic process or photoengraving process then by a process wholly performed within said territorial limits or if said printing be done from hand engraved plates or dies then from plates or dies made within said territorial limits No contract or order for such printing shall be valid unless such contract or order shall contain a provision that the printing typesetting lithographing engraving or any printing process used and to be done thereunder shall be wholly done within the said territorial limits This act shall not apply to contracts or orders for public printing entered into or given before the date of the approval of this act nor shall this act prevent the use of plates heretofore made

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 317, as follows:

An Act to repeal an act approved the twenty-sixth day of April one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three entitled "An Act relative to the eligibility of candidates for the office of district attorney"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the act approved the twenty-sixth day of April one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three entitled "An Act relative to the eligibility of candidates for the office of district attorney" is hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 530, entitled:

An Act supplementary to an act entitled "An act defining the powers of the several courts of quarter sessions of the peace within this Commonwealth with reference to the care treatment and control of dependent neglected incorrigible and neglected children under the age of sixteen years and providing for the means in which such power may be exercised" approved April twenty-three Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and three conferring power upon the judge or judges who are from time to time assigned to the sessions of said court known as the juvenile court to establish compulsory physical and mental examinations of all children who come within the custody or control of the said juvenile court defining the purpose method and extent of such examination and the character and use of the reports of examining physicians designating the time and place of and authorizing the necessary equipment for such examinations and providing for the installation of said equipment and payment therefor and for the appointment and compensation of examining physicians and assistants for the said work

The first, second, third, fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh and eighth sections were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the judge or judges within this Commonwealth who from time to time are assigned to sessions of the court known as the juvenile court shall from the date of passage of this act have the power and authority to promulgate a standing rule of the juvenile court within their jurisdiction requiring the compulsory physical and where mental abnormality or deficiency is suspected the compulsory mental examination of all children who shall come within the custody or control of such court and shall have the power and authority upon making such standing rule to appoint a competent physician and if deemed necessary nor more than two (2) assistants for this purpose resident within the jurisdiction at a rate of payment to aggregate not more than one thousand eight hundred dollars ($1,800.00) a year for each physician and not more than one thousand two hundred dollars ($1,200.00) a year for each assistant to be paid out of the treasury of the proper county in the manner provided for the compensation of other county officers such physicians and assistants to be removable at the will of the judge or judges of said court The judge or judges aforesaid shall further have the power and authority to designate and set apart suitable quarters for such examination on the premises regularly used as a place of detention of wards of the juvenile court and to direct that such quarters be adequately equipped at the public expense as aforesaid and under the advice and assistance of the chief examining physician with the furnishment and apparatus necessary for that purpose and shall have the power and authority to make and enforce general rules for the conduct of such examinations not inconsistent with the provisions of this act

Section 2 Such examination shall be thorough for the purpose of diagnosing any physical defect or disorder of the child and shall include examination of the eyes ears teeth throat and nose lungs skin vital functions genitourinary organs and general nervous condition of the child A mental examination shall be made in all cases where in the course of the physical examination mental abnormality or deficiency is apparent or suspected in which event such mental examination shall be thorough for the purpose of determining abnormality or deficiency and the causes and proper treatment thereof in the particular case

Section 3 Such examinations shall be conducted within the places of detention provided in the respective counties for the custody of wards of the juvenile court in the quarters regularly set apart therein for such examinations and shall be begun and completed immediately upon admission of the child to such place of detention or at the earliest possible time thereafter In the case however of children not actually in the place of detention the examination may be conducted in the home or dwelling place of the child if in the opinion of the examining physician it is suitable for the purpose or in a public hospital The parents of the child or any person standing in loco parentis shall have the right to be present at the examination unless there appear to the examining physician special reasons against such presence in the particular case in which event the juvenile court or a judge thereof shall determine and pass finally upon the right to be present of such parents or persons standing in loco parentis

Section 4 Genito-urinary examinations of female children may in the discretion of said court be conducted by a properly qualified woman physician appointed as provided by section one of this act

Section 5 The results of all examinations shall be fully set down at the time thereof by the examining physician or the assistant and tabulated upon printed forms which shall be supplied by the county commissioners of the proper counties upon the order of said juvenile courts and it shall be the duty of the State Board of Health to prescribe said forms promptly after the passage of this act Each examination form shall be fully filled in shall be signed and dated by the examining physician and shall be filed in the probation office as part of the history of the case for the use and information of the court and of the proper probation officer in dealing with the said case Such reports shall not constitute a part of the public record but shall be submitted to the judge for his consideration at the hearing of the respective cases They shall not be open to the inspection of any person or persons other than the judge or judges of said court the proper probation officer the parents of the child or those standing in loco parentis except by special order of said court

Section 6 If contagious or infectious disease be discovered or suspected by the examining physician the child under examination shall forthwith be sent to the proper institution for treatment upon summary order of the examining physician Such order with the physician's report fully setting forth the circumstances shall be submitted to the juvenile court for confirmation at its first session thereafter or to a judge of said court in the interval

Section 7 This act shall apply only to counties having a population of a million or over

Section 8 All Acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

The title was read as follows:

An Act supplementary to an act entitled "An Act defining the powers of the several courts of quarter sessions of the peace within this Commonwealth with reference to the care treatment and control of dependent neglected incorrigible and neglected children under the age of sixteen years and providing for the means in which such power may be exercised" approved April twenty-three Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and three conferring power upon the judge or judges who are from time to time assigned to the sessions of said court known as the juvenile court to establish compulsory physical and mental examinations of all children who come within the custody or control of the said juvenile court defining the purpose method and extent of such examination and the character and use of the reports of examining physicians designating the time and place of and authorizing the necessary equipment for such examinations and providing for the installation of said equipment and payment therefor and for the appointment and compensation of examining physicians and assistants for the said work

On the question,

Will the House agree to the title?

Mr. STEIN. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend title, line 5, by striking out the word "neglected" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "delinquent."

Amend title, line 7, by striking out the word "three" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "third."

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendments?

They were agreed to,

On the question,

Will the House agree to the title as amended?

It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 529, as follows

An Act Supplementary to an act entitled "An Act regulating the confinement of children under the age of sixteen years awaiting trial" approved the third day of April one thousand nine hundred and three providing for the separation of dependent and neglected children from incorrigible and delinquent children in places of detention of minors in the custody of the Juvenile courts of the several counties

Whereas the occupancy of places of detention by children of the dependent or neglected class in common with children of the delinquent and incorrigible class tends to the corruption of the innocent and is injurious to public morals

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That it shall be the duty of the county commissioners of the several counties of the Commonwealth having a population of a million or over to provide and maintain suitable places of detention including lavatories and toilet accommodations and sleeping and eating quarters for the use of the incorrigible and delinquent children of each sex in the custody of the juvenile court of their respective counties which quarters shall be seperate and apart from the places of detention provided for the use of dependent and neglected children and without means of inter-communication open to the children The cost of providing and maintaining such separate quarters shall be borne by the respective counties

Section 2 All minors coming into the custody of the juvenile courts shall be classified according to the cause of such custody and each class of each sex shall thereafter be detained exclusively in the respective separate quarters provided in accordance with section one hereof Provided that if at any time it shall appear to the chief officer that a child of one of said classes should be removed to the place of detention provided for children of the other class because of probable injury to the moral welfare either of such child or of the other children there detained said chief probation officer may so remove such child such removal to be subject to summary review by the juvenile court upon petition of any person in interest

Section 3 All Acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith be and the same are hereby repealed

Section 4 This Act shall take effect on the first day of July one thousand nine hundred and fifteen

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 548, entitled:

An Act amending the fourth section of an act approved April twenty-third Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred three entitled "An Act defining the powers of the several courts of quarter sessions of the peace within this Commonwealth with reference to the care treatment and control of dependent neglected incorrigible and delinquent children under the age of sixteen years and providing for the means in which such power may be exercised" and amending this sixth section of the said act as amended by the first section of an act approved the first day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to amend the sixth section of an act approved April twenty-third Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred three entitled 'An Act defining the powers of the several courts of quarter sessions of the peace within this Commonwealth with reference to the care treatment and control of dependent neglected incorrigible and delinquent children under the age of sixteen years and providing for the means in which such power may be exercised by providing that the court may direct that the board of such children be paid by the proper county" by providing that the court may direct that the clothing of said children be paid for by the proper county

The first section was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the fourth section of an act approved April twenty-third Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred three entitled "An Act defining the powers of the several courts of quarter sessions of the peace within this Commonwealth with reference to the care treatment and control of dependent neglected incorrigible and delinquent children under the age of sixteen years and providing for the means in which such power may be exercised" which reads as follows

"Section 4 At the hearing the judge or judges holding such session of the court shall determine after an inquiry into the facts what order for the commitment and custody and care of the child the child's own good and the best interests of the state may require and may commit such child to the care of its parents subject to the supervision of a probation officer or to some suitable institution or the care of some reputable citizen of good moral character or to the care of some training school or to an industrial school or the care of some association willing to receive it and in either such case it shall be within the power of the court to make an order upon the parent or parents of any such child to contribute to the support of the child such sum as the court may determine it being further provided that in all cases in which a delinquent child shall be committed to the care of a reformatory institution when such child shall be discharged from such institution the court shall be duly advised thereof and a record of such discharge shall be kept in the juvenile court docket" be and it is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 4 At the hearing the judge or judges holding such session of the court shall determine after an inquiry into the facts what order for the commitment and custody and care of the child the child's own good and the best interests of the state may require and may commit such child to the care of its parents subject to the supervision of a probation officer or to some suitable institution or the care of some reputable citizen of good moral character or to the care of some training school or to an industrial school or the care of some association willing to receive it and in either such case it shall be within the power of the court to make an order upon the parent or parents of any such child to contribute to the support of the child such sum as the court may determine or except where such child has been committed to the care of its parents the court may direct that the payment of the board and clothing of such child be made by the proper county until a suitable provision may be made for the child in a home without such payment it being further provided that in all cases in which a delinquent child shall be committed to the care of a reformatory institution when such child shall be discharged from such institution the court shall be duly advised thereof and a record of such discharge shall be kept in the juvenile court docket"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. VICKERMAN. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 1, line 52, by striking out the double quote after the word docket."

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to,

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The second section and title were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 2 That the sixth section of the act aforesaid as amended by the first section of an act approved the first day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to amend the sixth section of an act approved April twenty-third Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and three entitled 'An Act defining the powers of the several courts of quarter sessions of the peace within this Commonwealth with reference to the care treatment and control of dependent neglected incorrigible and delinquent children under the age of sixteen years and providing for the means in which such power may be exercised' by providing that the court may direct that the board of such children be paid by the proper county" and which so amended reads as follows

"Section 6 In the case of a delinquent child the court may continue the hearing from time to time and may commit the child to the care and guardianship of a probation officer duly appointed by the court and may allow said child to remain in its own home subject to the visitation of the probation officer such child to report to the probation officer as often as may be required and subject to be returned to the court for further proceedings whenever such action may appear to be necessary or the court may commit the child to the care and guardianship of the probation officer to be placed in a suitable family home subject to the supervision of such probation officer or it may authorize the said probation officer to board out the said child in some suitable family home in case provision is made by voluntary contribution or otherwise for the payment of the board of such child or may direct that the payment of the board of such child be made by the proper county until a suitable provision may be made for the child in a home without such payment or the court may commit the child to a suitable institution for the care of delinquent children or to any society duly incorporated having for one of its objects the protection of dependent or delinquent children" be and the same is hereby further amended to read as follows

Section 6 In the case of a delinquent child the court may continue the hearing from time to time and may commit the child to the care and guardianship of a probation officer duly appointed by the court and may allow said child to remain in its own home subject to the visitation of the probation officer such child to report to the probation officer as often as may be required and subject to be returned to the court for further proceedings whenever such action may appear to be necessary or the court may commit the child to the care and guardianship of the probation officer to be placed in a suitable family home subject to the supervision of such probation officer or it may authorize the said probation officer to board out the said child in some suitable family home in case provision is made by voluntary contribution or otherwise for the payment of the board of such child or may direct that the payment of the board and clothing of such child be made by the proper county until a suitable provision may be made for the child in a home without such payment or the court may commit the child to a suitable institution for the care of delinquent children or to any society duly incorporated having for one of its objects the protection of dependent or delinquent children

An Act amending the fourth section of an act approved April twenty-third Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred three entitled "An Act defining the powers of the several courts of quarter sessions of the peace within this Commonwealth with reference to the care treatment and control of dependent neglected incorrigible and delinquent children under the age of sixteen years and providing for the means in which such power may be exercised" and amending this sixth section of the said act as amended by the first section of an act approved the first day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to amend the sixth section of an act approved April twenty-three Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred three entitled 'An Act defining the powers of the several courts of quarter sessions of the peace within this Commonwealth with reference to the care treatment and control of dependent neglected incorrigible and delinquent children under the age of sixteen years and providing for the means in which such power may be exercised' by providing that the court may direct that the board of such children be paid by the proper county" by providing that the court may direct that the clothing of said children be paid for by the proper county

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 230, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith"

The first section was read and agreed to as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section two thousand twenty-nine of an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith" which reads as follows

"Section 2029 It shall be lawful for any State Normal School in this Commonwealth to condemn and take any land required by it for its use in the same manner as land may be condemned and taken by any school district as prescribed in this act Provided That before any land is so taken by any State Normal School a proper bond with sufficient security to be approved by the court of common pleas of the proper county conditioned for the payment of all damages incurred on account of taking such land shall be filed in said court for the use of the owners of the land so taken" is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 2029 Any State Normal School may condemn and take land required by it for its use It may also condemn and take portions of public highways where the land required for its use lies on both sides of the highway Such land including highways shall be condemned and taken in the same manner as land may be condemned and taken by a school district under the provisions of this act Before any land is so taken by any State Normal School a proper bond with sufficient security to be approved by the court of common pleas of the proper county conditioned for the payment of all damages incurred on account of taking such land shall be filed in said court for the use of the owners of the land so taken

The title was read as follows:

An Act to amend an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any part thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the title?

Mr. SHOWALTER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend title, line 8, by striking out the word "part" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "parts"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the title as amended?

It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 543, as follows:

An Act to amend an act approved the ninth day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to provide for the appointment of deputy prothonotaries in counties of this Commonwealth having a population of more than two hundred and fifty thousand and less than a million and defining their qualifications powers and salary"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the first section of an act approved the ninth day of June entitled "An Act to provide for the appointment of deputy prothonotaries in counties of this Commonwealth having a population of more than two hundred and fifty thousand and less than a million and defining their qualifications powers and salary" which reads as follows

"Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in

General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by authority of the same That from and after the passage of this act in counties having a population of more than two hundred and fifty thousand and less than one million the prothonotary shall appoint a person learned in the law as deputy prothonotary" is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by authority of the same That in counties having a population of more than two hundred and fifty thousand and less than one million inhabitants the prothonotary shall designate from the force of clerks in his office a person learned in the law who shall be the deputy prothonotary He shall also appoint subject to existing law as many assistant deputies as he shall deem necessary in the performance of the work of the office

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committe of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Hous Bill No. 540, entitled:

An Act to amend the second section of an act entitled "An Act to establish and intermediate court of appeals regulating its constitution officers jurisdiction powers practice and its relation to the Supreme Court and other courts providing for the reports of its decision the compensation of the judges and other officers and the practice and cost on appeals from its judgments" approved the twenty-fourth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five

The first section was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section two of the act entitled "An Act to establish an intermediate court of appeal regulating its constitution officers jurisdiction powers practice and its relation to the Supreme Court and others courts providing for the reports of its decisions the compensation of the judges and other officers and the practice and costs on appeals from its judgments" approved the twenty-fourth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred ninety-five Pamphlet Laws two hundred twelve two hundred twenty-one which reads

"Section 2 As soon as convenient after the election the successful candidates shall cast lots for the priority of commission and certify the result to the Governor who shall issue their commissions in accordance therewith and the same course shall be pursued whenever thereafter two or more judges are elected at the same time

The rank title and position of president judge of the said Superior Court shall be held by that elected member of the Court whose commission shall have priority either in time or as the result of the lot And if the President Judge shall be re-elected or if any succeeding President Judge shall be re-elected he shall continue to hold the rank title and position

Whenever it is reasonably possible the full bench of seven judges shall sit at the hearing and shall also take part in the examination and decision of each appeal but four judges shall be a quorum and may conduct the business of the Court" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 2 As soon as convenient after the first election the successful candidates shall cast lots for priority of commission and certify the result to the Governor who shall issue their commissions in accordance therewith and the same course shall be pursued whenever thereafter two or more judges are elected at the same time Provided however that the judge who is re-elected shall not cast lots for priority of commission but shall retain the position and rank as to priority of commission which he held at the time of his re-election

The rank title and position of the President Judge of the said Superior Court shall be held by that elected member of the Court whose commission shall have priority either in time or as the result of the lot And if the President Judge shall be re-elected or if any succeeding president judge shall be re-elected he shall continue to hold the rank title and position

Whenever it is reasonably possible the full bench of seven judges shall sit at the hearing and shall also take part in the examination and decisions of each appeal but four judges shall be a quorum and may conduct the business of the court

On the question,

Will the House agree to the Section?

Mr. GRAHAM. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 1, line 7, by striking out the word "others" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "other"

Amend section 1, line 13, by inserting before the word "election" the word "first"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendments?

They were agred to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The title was read and agreed to as follows:

An Act to amend the second section of an act entitled "An Act to establish an intermediate court of appeal regulating its constitution officers jurisdiction powers practice and its relation to the Supreme Court and other courts providing for the reports of its decisions the compensation of the judges and other officers and the practice and costs on appeals from its judgments" approved the twenty-fourth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred ninety-five

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Odered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 464, as follows:

An Act relating to balloons and imposing a penalty

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That it shall be unlawful to sell or expose for sale or buy or exchange or give away or have in possession or send up or cause to ascend any balloon containing in or about it any fire This section does not apply to a balloon in which a human being ascends

Section 2 Any person who violates any of the provisions of this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and on conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding two hundred dollars or to undergo an imprisonment not exceeding sixty days or both in the discretion of the court

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 494 (Senate Bill No. 30) entitled:

An Act amending section seven of an act entitled "An Act to establish a county court for the county of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof" approved the fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven as amended by changing the practice in desertion and non-support cases

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered. To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 498 (Senate Bill No. 27) entitled:

A further supplement to an act entitled "An Act to establish a county court for the county of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof" approved the fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven constituting the said court the juvenile court of said county and prescribing its organization jurisdiction and powers therein and otherwise

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 495 (Senate Bill No. 29) entitled:

An Act amending sections eight and nine of an act entitled "An Act to establish a county court for the county of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenees thereof" approved the fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven as amended by changing the practice of the court with regard to trial by jury and by providing that appeals from the judgment of the court in all civil actions shall be taken by leave of the court of common pleas and prescribing the practice and the powers of the court of common pleas in such cases

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 348 (Senate Bill No. 21) entitled:

An Act to validate deeds and mortgages and other instruments of writing which have been defectively acknowledged by husband and wife prior to the fourth day of January one thousand nine hundred and fifteen

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 497 (Senate Bill No. 36) as follows:

An Act authorizing the surrender and delivery of mortgages and writings obligatory secured thereby given to the Commonwealth and the satisfaction of the record thereof when full payment has been made

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That whenever heretofore or hereafter mortgages have been or shall be duly executed and delivered to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania or to any officer of the Commonwealth for its use and have been or shall be recorded in any county or counties of the state the Attorney-General or other officer or officers of the Commonwealth having custody thereof shall upon payment in full of said mortgage or mortgages or the bonds notes or other writings obligatory which said mortgages were given to secure surrender and deliver the same to the mortgagor or obligor therein or a duly authorized agent and the Attorney-General upon payment of the proper costs and charges together with accrued interest shall acknowledge satisfaction of said mortgage upon the record thereof and cause the same to be satisfied of record either acting by himselg or through a person duly authorized by his letter of attorney to act for him

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 350 (Senate Bill No. 2) entitled:

An Act to amend the first section of an act approved the twenty-eighth day of March one thousand eight hundred and twenty entitled "An Act relative to mortgages" by requiring purchase money mortgages to be recorded within ten days in order to have priority of lien

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

ADJOURNMENT.

Mr. McARDLE. Mr. Speaker, I move that this House do now adjourn.

The motion was agreed to, and at 10:25 P. M. the House adjourned until tomorrow morning at 10:00 o'clock.

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA.

Legislative Journal.

Session 1915 — 121st of the General Assembly

VOL. 3. HARRISBURG, PA., TUESDAY, MARCH 9, 1915. No. 21.

SENATE.

TUESDAY, March 9, 1915.

The Senate met at 11 o'clock A. M.

The PRESIDENT (Lieutenant-Governor Frank B. McClain) in the Chair.

PRAYER.

The Chaplain, Rev. Thomas W. Davis, offered the following prayer:

Almighty God, our Heavenly Father, realizing that Thy word is a lamp unto our feet and a light unto our pathway we pray that we may submit ourselves to its guidance in all the affairs of our lives. Grant that we may live from day to day so that we may have a conscience void of offense both toward God and toward men. Give Thy blessing to this body and to its President and to all our families, we ask in our Saviour's name. Amen.

The PRESIDENT. A quorum of the Senate being present the Clerk will read the Journal of the preceding session.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of the preceding session, when, on motion of Mr. SPROUL, the further reading was dispensed with, and the Journal was approved.

PETITIONS.

FAVORING COUNTY LOCAL OPTION LAW.

The Chair presented two petitions of citizens of Philadelphia praying for the passage of a County Local Option Law.

Which were referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

BILL SIGNED.

The PRESIDENT (Lieutenant-Governor Frank B. McClain) announced that the Chief Clerk having reported that the following bill had passed both houses of the General Assembly and the same being correct, the title was publicly read as follows:

House Bill No. 66.

An Act making a deficiency appropriation to the trustees of Temple University

Whereupon, The PRESIDENT (Lieutenant-Governor Frank B. McClain) in the presence of the Senate signed the same.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. HACKETT, from the Committee on Military Affairs reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 207, entitled:

An Act providing for the organization discipline maintenance and regulation of the militia of the Commonwealth

Mr. BUCKMAN, from the Committee on Judiciary General reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 402, entitled:

An Act providing for the payment of judgment and mortgages and other claims which are liens on property affected by public improvements or appropriated by the exercise of the right of eminent domain

Also from the Committee on Game and Fisheries reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 283, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the 1st day of May, 1909, entitled "An Act to classify the fish in the waters within this Commonwealth; declaring which are game fish, which are food fish, and which are bait fish, and to regulate the catching and sale and encourage the propagation of the same, to protect the waters within this Commonwealth from unfair, improper, wasteful, and destructive fishing, and to protect fish from being destroyed or injured by destructive means; to provide for the appointment of fish wardens; and to declare their official powers and duties; to encourage and regulate the propagation of fish within this Commonwealth, and regulate the free distribution of the same by the Department of Fisheries, in the waters within the same; to define powers and duties of the Department of Fisheries; to regulate the sale and shipment of fish artificially propagated for profit; to forbid the sale of unlawful devices for catching fish; and to provide penalties and punishments for the violation of the provisions of this act, and providing how and by whom the costs shall be paid."

Mr. DAIX, from the Committee on Judiciary General reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 324, entitled:

An Act to amend the 33d section of an act entitled "An Act relating to executions," approved the 16th day of June, A. D. 1836, as amended by the act approved the 2d day of July, A. D. 1895, so as to enable the officers to publish notice in the several counties of this Commonwealth.

Mr. PHIPPS, from the Committee on Judiciary General reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 251, entitled:

An Act providing for a special tax in townships of the second class for fire protection purposes.

Mr. SCHANTZ, from the Committee on Judiciary General reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 3, entitled:

An Act making it unlawful to obtain or attempt to obtain goods, wares, merchandise or credit under a false or assumed name.

Mr. SALUS, from the Committee on Judiciary General reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 253, entitled:

A supplement to an act approved the 28th day of April, 1899, entitled "An Act to provide for the classifications of the townships of the Commonwealth, with respect to their population into two classes, and to prescribe the form of government for townships of each class", by providing for a Township Solicitor to be appointed by the Township Commissioners.

Mr. HINDMAN, from the Committee on Judiciary General reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 287, entitled:

An Act to validate all sales, public and private and all mortgages of real estate of decedents, heretofore made under authority of orphans courts upon petition of executors or administrators.

Also from the Committee on Judiciary General reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 323, entitled:

An Act relating to legal proceedings removed by writs of certiorari to the Superior Court or the Supreme Court, the record therein and the disposal thereof.

Mr. TOMPKINS, from the Committee on Judiciary General reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 245, entitled:

An Act to amend an act, entitled "An Act authorizing appeals from assessment of taxes in this Commonwealth to the courts of Common Pleas," approved the 19th day of April, A. D. 1889, by giving the right to an appeal to other property owners and to the city, borough, county, township, school district or other public corporations entitled to levy and collect taxes on the assessment complained of.

Also from the Committee on Judiciary General reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 301, entitled:

An Act requiring justices of the peace and aldermen to file acceptance of office with the prothonotary of the proper county; and requiring prothonotaries to certify such acceptance together with the election of justices and aldermen, before commissions shall issue.

Also from the Committee on Judiciary General reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 271 (House Bill No. 280), entitled:

An Act prescribing certain duties for collectors of taxes in boroughs and townships and for county treasurers.

Mr. PATTON, from the Committee on Judiciary General reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 225, entitled:

An Act supplementing and amending sections ten and twelve of an act, entitled "An Act establishing a court for the County of Philadelphia; prescribing its jurisdiction and powers; providing for the service of its writs, process, or warrants by the proper officers of the county or city of Philadelphia; regulating the procedure therein, and appeals therefrom, and providing for the expenses thereof," approved the 12th day of July, 1913, by increasing the jurisdiction of the court in all civil actions in assumpsit to twelve hundred dollars ($1200); by conferring upon said court jurisdiction in actions of replevin, foreign attachment, proceedings commenced under an act, entitled "An Act relating to fraudulent debtors," approved 17th day of March 1869, mechanics' liens, municipal claims, habeas corpus proceedings, and regulating and changing the practice and procedure in said court, and changing the word "Prothonotary" in the said section twelve wherever it appears to the word "Clerk."

Also from the Committee on Judiciary General reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 123, entitled:

An Act relating to practice in the Courts of Common Pleas in actions of assumpsit and trespass, prescribing the pleadings and procedure to be observed therein and giving the courts power to enforce its provisions.

Mr. JENKINS, from the Committee on Judiciary General reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 322, entitled:

An Act requiring payment by the county of costs of prosecution in certain criminal cases.

Mr. MAGEE, from the Committee on Judiciary General reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 391, entitled:

An Act providing for the payment of interest on damages caused by the taking, injury or destruction of private property for public use.

Also from the Committee on Judiciary General reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 401, entitled:

An Act authorizing George F. Pawling a resident of the City of Philadelphia, successor to Bergdoll and Pawling, to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin County against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Mr. CROW, from the Committee on Executive Nominations, reported with a favorable recommendation the following nominations made by His Excellency, the Governor, which were laid upon the table.

NOTARIES PUBLIC.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, January 1915.

The Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following named persons to be Notaries Public for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, for the term of four years, to compute from the date of their confirmation:

ADAMS COUNTY.

John W. Hewitt, Gettysburg.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

S. J. Corbett, Pittsburgh.
Joseph Wahlstrom, Pittsburgh.
James A. Chambers, Pittsburgh.
Frank F. Sneathen, Pittsburgh.
J. Thos. Beall, Jr., Pittsburgh.
Hallock C. Sherrard, Pittsburgh.
Miss Wilhelmina Taliaferro, Pittsburgh.
Miss Bertha L. Becker, Pittsburgh.
Mrs. N. B. Burchinal, Pittsburgh.
Wm. L. Mussler, Port Vue.
William J. Salisbury, Pittsburgh.
Miss Edith Boyd, Pittsburgh.
B. H. Giffen, Pittsburgh.
W. F. Aull, Pittsburgh.
Miss M. Portman, Pittsburgh.
Miss Sybilla L. Hoover, Pittsburgh.
James F. Callahan, Pittsburgh.
John M. Gallagher, Pittsburgh.
W. L. Geddis, Pittsburgh.
Oliver S. Heck, Carnegie.
Walter S. Lobingier, Pittsburgh.
P. T. Siebert, Pittsburgh.
Wm. Haberfeld, Pittsburgh.
Elmer G. Trimble, East Pittsburgh.
S. G. Rovinanek, Pittsburgh.
Mrs. Emma Lea Montgomery, Pittsburgh.
Frank Veverka, Pittsburgh.
Benjamin Golomb, Pittsburgh.
Michael LeVine, Pittsburgh.
Stanley S. McGuire, Elizabeth.
R. D. Paul, Glassport.
Will J. Stoup, Pittsburgh.
Ray T. Page, Pittsburgh.
Miss Sara Edythe Wagg, Pittsburgh.
Arthur B. Niemeyer, Pittsburgh.
J. W. Donahey, Pittsburgh.
J. J. Arnold, McKees Rocks.
R. E. Lovett, Wilkinsburg.
Abner H. Rainbow, Pittsburgh.
W. O. Lantz, Pittsburgh.
C. R. Hobson, Homestead.
Miss Norma Ella Hageman, Pittsburgh.
G. R. Landers, Pittsburgh.
D. Paulson Foster, Pittsburgh.
A. T. Rowe, Pittsburgh.
Karl J. Kauffman, Pittsburgh.
S. W. Gault, Pittsburgh.
Miss Martha M. Brogan, Pittsburgh.
M. J. Lowry, Pittsburgh.
Harry J. Zimmer, Millvale.
Harry N. Mellor, Pittsburgh.
John N. English, Ross Township.
Sidney B. Harwood, Pittsburgh.
Daniel Ashworth, Crafton.
Henry Grelle, Pittsburgh.
Joseph B. Hetherington, Pittsburgh.
Wm. J. Terry, Pittsburgh.
David K. Thompson, Pittsburgh.
Herman J. Klinger, Pittsburgh.
John Wilfred Ely, Pittsburgh.
Frank E. Cronkhite, Wilkinsburg.
John J. Sweeney, Pittsburgh.
Harry L. Neff, Pittsburgh.
Ira H. Edmundson, Pittsburgh.
John F. Will, Pittsburgh.
J. S. Levy, Pittsburgh.
John P. Callender, E. Deer Township.
Lawrence E. Orr, Pittsburgh.
Miss Grace L. Brown, Braddock.
Miss Flora Hartfeld, Pittsburgh.
Harry B. Pavitt, Harrison Township.
Miss Mary C. Anstead, Pittsburgh.
John William Connery, Pittsburgh.
Raymond L. Leety, Pittsburgh.
L. R. Martin, Pittsburgh.
J. A. Lynch, Pittsburgh.
W. H. Stone, Pittsburgh.
William Tressel, Pittsburgh.
Miss Mayme B. Moakley, Pittsburgh.
Wm. S. Graham, Pittsburgh.
Miss Emma M. Haller, Pittsburgh.
Miss M. L. Boyd, Pittsburgh.
Gherardo Cremonese, Pittsburgh.
John I. Bohnert, Pittsburgh.
J. A. McFall, Pittsburgh.
W. R. Bell, Chartiers Township.
Raymond C. Suckling, Pittsburgh.
Miss N. N. Oliver, Sewickely.
Mrs. Clara C. Heakin, Wilkinsburg.
John C. Breading, Bellevue.
Miss Lulu M. Genter, Pittsburgh.
Herman A. Fischer, Etna.
Michael Finish, Braddock.
L. W. Mendenhall, Pittsburgh.
Miss Bertha R. Thomas, Pittsburgh.
John R. Mayhugh, Aspinwall.
Edwin Gilpin Orr, Pittsburgh.
Miss Josephine MacGilvray, Pittsburgh.
Henry G. White, Coraopolis.
Miss Estella Biedenbach, Pittsburgh.
William B. Dawson, Pittsburgh.
C. E. McPherson, Pittsburgh.
Howard F. Good, Pittsburgh.
Leo T. Bowman, Pittsburgh.
Albert W. Wallace, Pittsburgh.
Detmore D. Park, Pittsburgh.
Miss Margaret Buchan, McKeesport.
Miss Blanch B. Ransick, McKeesport.
Colman John Meres, Pittsburgh.
Robert V. Fulton, Pittsburgh.
J. Woods McCormick, Pittsburgh.
Earl C. Price, Pittsburgh.
John J. Hess, Pittsburgh.
J. D. Buckley, Pittsburgh.
Miss K. J. Cullen, Pittsburgh.
James L. Wehn, Pittsburgh.
Mrs. Bertha D. Johnson, Pittsburgh.
Leo E. Zaruba, Pittsburgh.
William Jacob Sossong, Carnegie.
H. D. Wood, Pittsburgh.
George Haramic, Pittsburgh.

Mrs. Rose L. Byers, Pittsburgh.
Denis Coales Tebbutt, Pittsburgh.
W. J. Vandevort, Pittsburgh.
Arthur I. Zeiger, Pittsburgh.
Fred W. Young, Pittsburgh.
John Shanks, Pittsburgh.
Leonard McLaughlin, Pittsburgh.
Miss Mary C. McGowan, Pittsburgh.
O. H. J. Seidemann, Pittsburgh.
William E. Miller, East Pittsburgh.
Fred W. Jones, Pittsburgh.
M. L. King, Pittsburgh.
Jacob Sheffler, Pittsburgh.
Miss Elizabeth T. McAleese, Pittsburgh.
A. H. Gribbin, Pittsburgh.
Miss Celia Schnitzer, Pittsburgh.
Wm. G. Marshall, Pittsburgh.
Joseph N. Dalfonzo, Pittsburgh.
P. J. Long, Duquesne.
R. A. Saint, Sharpsburg.
Miss Gyla Zimmerly, Pittsburgh.
Miss Ida M. Barr, Pittsburgh.
Miss Mary Peninah Yeager, Pittsburgh.
Morris Ungar, Pittsburgh.
George Szecskay, Pittsburgh.
Wilbert N. Owings, Pittsburgh.
Edward F. Bartels, Pittsburgh.

ARMSTRONG COUNTY.

W. T. Carroll, Bradys Bend Township.
Byron W. Meredith, Madison Township.
Ira J. Wray, Apollo.

BEAVER COUNTY.

Fred J. Mai, Beaver Falls.
V. Sakraida, Beaver Falls.
D. M. Carver, Beaver.
Henry Miksch, Monaca.
Adolf Fleischhacker, Aliquippa.
Charles Theo. Smith, Beaver Falls.
Wm. D. Hamilton, Freedom.
K. L. Cameron, Koppel.
Edward Friedfeld, Ambridge.
Paulus E. Koehler, Monaca.
Stewart C. Moore, Woodlawn.
H. F. Reed, Beaver.

BERKS COUNTY.

Miss Ethel Staples, Reading.
Jacob J. Shaeffer, Fleetwood.
J. Paul Burkhart, Bernville.
James G. Kauffman, Centre Township.
Herman Saul, Jr., Reading.
Miss Ella H. Gartlan, Reading.
Harry R. Auge, Reading.
Cosmos D. Kutz, Maxatawny Township.
Miss Elizabeth C. Gartmann, Reading.

BLAIR COUNTY.

D. E. Sell, Freedom Township.
J. P. Potteiger, Tyrone.
W. F. Dootson, Altoona.
Harry G. Greene, Altoona.
John G. Denniston, Hollidaysburg.

BRADFORD COUNTY.

Bernardo Cacchione, Sayre.
David A. McNeal, Towanda.
Miss Lauretta Greeney, Athens.
Edward S. Johnson, Athens.
Dee W. Bennett, Sayre.

BUCKS COUNTY.

Alden M. Collins, Doylestown.
E. J. Thomas, Quakertown.
Harvey M. Freed, Richlandtown.
John P. Taylor, Bristol.
Rolf H. Kielland, Doylestown.
E. Wesley Keeler, Doylestown.

BUTLER COUNTY.

Miss E. Maude Christley, Butler.
Howard Mellon, Buffalo Township.
G. W. Hazlett, Butler.
Miss Marie A. Manny, Butler.
J. A. Ripper, Evans City.

CAMBRIA COUNTY.

Mrs. Bernadette McDonnell, Johnstown.
Mrs. Katherine O. Statler, Johnstown.
William Sitter, East Conemaugh.
A. G. Neff, Hastings.
Irwin W. Penrod, Johnstown.
Miss Margaret Jones, Johnstown.
Mrs. E. W. Brabmair, Johnstown.
Miss Louisa A. Nees, Johnstown.

CARBON COUNTY.

Frank Romano, Mauch Chunk Township.
William M. Kleckner, East Mauch Chunk.
Carl Hine, Mauch Chunk.
William J. Reese, Lansford.

CENTRE COUNTY.

M. Ward Flemming, Phillipsburg.
G. O. Gray, State College.

CHESTER COUNTY.

I. N. Earl Wynn, West Chester.
William H. Brown, Coatesville.
J. A. Hartman, Phoenixville.

CLARION COUNTY.

Miss Irene B. Baker, Richland Township.
Harry F. Stewart, Perry Township.
F. R. Johnston, Rimersburg.

CLEARFIELD COUNTY.

William I. Swoope, Clearfield.
L. D. McCall, DuBois.
Samuel Toney, Clearfield.
John J. Pentz, DuBois.
J. A. Frank, Curwensville.

COLUMBIA COUNTY.

Frank P. Zarr, Bloomsburg.
John Aimetti, West Berwick.
William C. Hosler, Benton.
R. Earle Campbell, Berwick.
Conway W. Dickson, Berwick.

CRAWFORD COUNTY.

M. H. Longwill, Meadville.
G. D. Burton, Meadville.

CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

John G. Shank, East Pennsboro Township.
Robert W. Peffer, South Middleton Township.
Miss Caroline Sheaffer, Carlisle.

DAUPHIN COUNTY.

H. A. Douglas, Harrisburg.
Wm. H. Charters, Harrisburg.
Walter R. Sohn, Harrisburg.
Wm. S. Middleton, Harrisburg.
Miss A. M. Maguire, Harrisburg.
Miss Villa M. Baker, Harrisburg.
Mrs. M. Elizabeth Walsh, Harrisburg.

DELAWARE COUNTY.

Miss Tillie E. Dankelman, Eddystone.
James Wolfenden, Upper Darby Township.
Miss Alice V. Kerns, Chester.
Percival V. Cooper, Media.
John L. Galloway, Prospect Park.
J. Chauncey Shortlidge, Concord Township.
H. Parke Schrader, Colwyn.
William B. Palmer, Clifton Heights.
Miss Elizabeth Cottom, Chester.
Mrs. Margaret C. Hoopes, Upper Darby Township.
Miss Marie B. Johnson, Chester.
Miss Theresa A. Kelley, Chester.
Alfred Holroyd, Darby.
Philip S. Neison, Norwood.

ELK COUNTY.

Leo Rettger, St. Mary's.

ERIE COUNTY.

A. O. Chapin, Erie.
Otto A. Knoll, Erie.
Miss Lucy M. Grieves, Erie.
Miss Maud M. Miles, North East.
A. M. Milloy, Erie.
Vincent Leonetti, Erie.
Benjamin H. Wells, North East.
Glen P. Cole, Erie.
Geo. E. Gibson, Erie.
Albert E. Rose, Erie.
Bertrand R. Pierce, North East.
Miss Gladys A. Boyles, Erie.
Walter L. Peake, Corry.
Ed. Deriar, Albion.
Miss Lillian K. Scully, Erie.
Isador Sobel, Erie.

FAYETTE COUNTY.

P. M. Buttermore, Connellsville.
G. H. Keirsted, Jr., Uniontown.
Wayne Thomas, Henry Clay Township.
Marijan Derencin, Connellsville.
John C. Reisinger, Uniontown.
F. A. Kail, Connellsville.
Raymond King, Connellsville.
Miss Beulah Warman, Point Marion.
Kenneth Porter, South Brownsville.
Thomas J. Fleckenstein, Point Marion.

FRANKLIN COUNTY.

John L. Etchberger, Chambersburg.
Miss Ethel S. Boyd, Chambersburg.
Wm. Robertson, Fannett Township.
Miss Rose E. Fisher, Chambersburg.

GREENE COUNTY.

Floyd W. Patterson, Waynesburg.
Miss Alma E. Porter, Waynesburg.
W. S. Noble, Waynesburg.
Frank R. Hill, Waynesburg.

HUNTINGDON COUNTY.

W. D. Behel, Tell Township.
O. J. Cassady, Mount Union.
J. A. Woods, Tell Township.
Elmer Ellsworth Corbin, Huntingdon.
Miss Helen M. Stelker, Huntingdon.

LACKAWANNA COUNTY.

Frank Marinaro, Scranton.
Corron E. Dix, Carbondale.
James P. McLaughlin, Scranton.
Lewis B. Carter, Scranton.
Frank M. Walsh, Scranton.
Robert H. Miller, Scranton.
Abraham Rarich, Scranton.
Miss Ella A. Hawks, Scranton.
Moses E. Clifford, Scranton.
Miss Clara L. Oakley, Scranton.
Elmer D. Adair, Scranton.
Thos. V. Judge, Scranton.
Miss Amelia S. Koch, Scranton.
John R. Shepherd, Carbondale.
Fred A. Hughes, Scranton.
M. B. Connor, Carbondale.
Robert T. Mantz, Scranton.
Miss Anna M. Blackmore, Scranton.
Frank L. Murray, Old Forge.
Alfred L. Sherman, Scranton.

LANCASTER COUNTY.

Hayes G. Shimp, Manheim Township.
Mrs. Elsie M. Rutter, Salisbury Township.
H. B. Slack, Leacock Township.
Merle R. Burkhart, Lancaster.
A. M. Book, Quarryville.
Jacob B. Landis, Lancaster.

LAWRENCE COUNTY.

Miss Ruby G. Kelly, New Castle.
Maurice J. Kraus, Ellwood City.
George W. Muse, New Castle.
R. Bernhardt, Taylor Township.
D. C. Hancher, Ellwood City.
Bernard A. Vacca, Hillsville.
Domenico Lagnese, Mahoning Township.
George S. Miller, New Castle.

LEBANON COUNTY.

Miss Mamie E. Sholl, Lebanon.
Miss Anna C. Euston, Lebanon.
Miss Eva M. Brunner, Lebanon.

LEHIGH COUNTY.

Samuel T. Waidelich, Lynn Township.
Henry C. Gladstone, Allentown.
Edward D. Rose, Allentown.
Miss Claire M. Seip, Allentown.
Edward F. Berkemeyer, Allentown.
Geo. W. Specht, Whitehall Township.
James V. Cassone, Allentown.
Samuel Weil, Allentown.
Robert P. Wetzel, Allentown.
Charles L. Walters, Allentown.
Miss Cora M. Hixson, Allentown.

LUZERNE COUNTY.

Frank B. Lask, Hazleton.
David E. Bryden, Wilkes-Barre.
Miss Elizabeth G. Green, Wilkes-Barre.
Robert Challis, Jr., Wilkes-Barre.
Lewis Ferrari, Hazleton.
J. Frank Nuss, Wilkes-Barre.
G. V. Damiano, Wilkes-Barre.
Albert J. Tucker, Newport Township.
Wm. T. Howells, Jeddo.
Louis LaVigna, Hazleton.
Frank B. Brown, Wilkes-Barre.
S. W. Rhoads, Wilkes-Barre.
Mrs. Agnes L. Conniff, Plains Township.
Philip T. Myers, Wilkes-Barre.
Robert W. Jones, Wilkes-Barre.
Harry C. Miller, Wilkes-Barre.
Joseph Reichman, Wilkes-Barre.
Miss Lillian M. Ritter, Nanticoke.
C. L. Church, Shickshinny.
Edore W. Brown, Pittston.
Ben H. Keller, Wilkes-Barre.
James W. Allen, Wyoming.
Miss Daisy Sharkey, Wilkes-Barre.
Philip Giordano, Pittston.

LYCOMING COUNTY.

J. S. Till, Williamsport.
Solomon F. Houck, Williamsport.
G. W. Howard, Williamsport.
Giglio Oreste, Williamsport.
Michael Chianelli, Williamsport.
Mrs. Maude L. Haag, Williamsport.

McKEAN COUNTY.

C. M. Slack, Eldred.
Lester H. Simons, Bradford.
M. N. Allen, Port Allegany.
Manley L. Day, Kane.
C. C. Davis, Kane.
Allen E. Conant, Bradford.
Zera M. Smith, Kane.

MERCER COUNTY.

Alexander Green, Sharon.
Mrs. Margaret C. Lininger, Sharon.
Romulus G. Vasu, Sharon.
Ignatz Schlesinger, Farrell.
Daniel J. Levey, Farrell.
Miss Mary R. McCann, Sharon.
W. H. Miller, Greenville.
Stanley A. Gillespie, Greenville.
Edward Buchholz, Sharon.

MIFFLIN COUNTY.

Joseph S. Waream, Granville Township.

MONROE COUNTY.

C. Raymond Bensinger, Stroudsburg.
Harry E. West, Stroudsburg.
Verner M. Reynolds, East Stroudsburg.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY.

Irvin H. Campbell, Conshohocken.
Daniel Yeakel Miller, Norristown.
Charles H. Miller, Lansdale.
William, Edelman, Pottstown.
Clement Comly, Springfield Township.
E. M. Harry, Norristown.
Charles C. Evans, Norristown.
Early L. Gilbert, Lansdale.
James E. Dolan, Lower Merion Township.
Miss Florence A. Hiller, Norristown.
Miss Elmina S. Tyson, Norristown.
Miss Rebecca McI. Roberts, Norristown.
Mrs. G. Emma Trank, Jenkintown.
Daniel L. Evans, Pottstown.

NORTHAMPTON COUNTY.

Jordan F. Stover, Easton.
John E. Leigfried, Bethlehem.
Philip Meixler, Northampton.
John J. Mayorosh, Nazareth.
Frank J. Roethline, Northampton.
H. Morton Serfass, South Bethlehem.
George L. Baum, Bethlehem.
William Leston Ealer, Easton.
F. E. Siegfeldt, South Bethlehem.
Joseph McGarr, South Bethlehem.
C. E. Beckel, Lower Saucon Township.
Clarence H. Boehm, South Bethlehem.

NORTHUMBERLAND COUNTY.

James P. McCormick, Shamokin.
John F. Oran, Shamokin.
Michael J. Boltun, Mt. Carmel.
Russell S. Renn, Shamokin.
John W. Timmes, Shamokin.
Joseph A. Palumbo, Mt. Carmel.
Wm. H. Ressler, Shamokin.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY.

Maurice H. Matsinger, Philadelphia.
Samuel H. Quigley, Philadelphia.
Samuel B. Khon, Philadelphia.
John J. Rzepski, Philadelphia.
James H. Clemmens, Philadelphia.
Miss Helen R. McSorley, Philadelphia.
Joseph A. Cianciarulo, Philadelphia.
Mrs. Mary A. Wolf, Philadelphia.
Harry Schwartz, Philadelphia.
F. Roland O'Brien, Philadelphia.
Wm. J. Skeen, Philadelphia.
Miss Margaret M. Daly, Philadelphia.
David T. Nevin, Philadelphia.
Mrs. M. A. Swoboda, Philadelphia.
Louis Edward Levinthal, Philadelphia.
E. H. Wallaston, Philadelphia.
William W. McKim, Philadelphia.
Miss Rose Kenin, Philadelphia.

Frank G. Mundorf, Philadelphia.
William K. Miller, Philadelphia.
Charles J. Shull, Philadelphia.
J. Albert Bawn, Philadelphia.
Jos. H. Yerkes, Philadelphia.
James G. Gibson, Philadelphia.
George W. Worman, Philadelphia.
Edmund H. Rogers, Philadelphia.
Joseph DiBlasi, Philadelphia.
Thomas C. Leonards, Philadelphia.
Charles J. Thomson, Jr., Philadelphia.
J. H. Faunce, Philadelphia.
Arthur J. Leupold, Philadelphia.
Silas M. Wass, Philadelphia.
John T. Sinnott, Jr., Philadelphia.
George F. Sattler, Philadelphia.
Harold S. Riddiough, Philadelphia.
Henry F. Fuss, Philadelphia.
Guy B. Helms, Philadelphia.
George F. Deck, Philadelphia.
Wm. H. Barrett, Philadelphia.
Eugene E. Hogle, Philadelphia.
George F. Powell, Philadelphia.
Thomas H. Maginniss, Jr., Philadelphia.
William H. Lauer, Philadelphia.
Thomas E. Ashmead, Philadelphia.
William J. Montgomery, Philadelphia.
Mayer Kraus, Philadelphia.
Louis Karstaedt, Philadelphia.
Joseph R. Redfern, Philadelphia.
Samuel H. Chestnut, Philadelphia.
Frederick A. Guthapfel, Philadelphia.
William P. Swift, Philadelphia.
Allan I. Huckins, Philadelphia.
Henry G. Ormsby, Jr., Philadelphia.
Walter L. Thomas, Philadelphia.
Vincent P. Carroll, Philadelphia.
William Anthony Kuser, Philadelphia.
Morris F. Rothstein, Philadelphia.
C. Harry Johnson, Philadelphia.
Miss M. Gertrude Ryan, Philadelphia.
Edward H. Apsley, Philadelphia.
Thomas H. Palmer, Philadelphia.
Rob't B. McConnell, Philadelphia.
Joseph K. Seidle, Philadelphia.
Adolph B. Caspar, Philadelphia.
Chas. V. Brennan, Philadelphia.
Miss Martha C. Scott, Philadelphia.
Allan J. Cassidy, Philadelphia.
Abraham L. Millard, Philadelphia.
Miss Marie Krizsan, Philadelphia.
Wm. Fred Dreisbach, Philadelphia.
William D. Chambers, Philadelphia.
Robt. V. Myers, Jr., Philadelphia.
George C. Gibson, Philadelphia.
Edward S. Lower, Philadelphia.
Vincent D. Olivet, Philadelphia.
W. Heyward Myers, Jr., Philadelphia.
Mrs. John T. Dohan, Philadelphia.
William A. Hartnett, Philadelphia.
Edgar L. Steel, Philadelphia.
Woodward Abrahams, Philadelphia.
John E. Nikels, Philadelphia.
Thomas M. Dalzell, Philadelphia.
Miss Mary Miller, Philadelphia.
J. Russell Windber, Philadelphia.
Joseph Toro, Philadelphia.
Nicholas Raspa, Philadelphia.
Miss Florence Dunlap, Philadelphia.
Alfred H. Neithammer, Philadelphia.
George Blight Robinson, Philadelphia.
William J. Clark, Philadelphia.
George A. Jennis, Philadelphia.
Edward L. Langham, Philadelphia.
William K. Hunter, Philadelphia.
Henry Happ, Philadelphia.
John A. Durso, Philadelphia.
Charles P. Stocke, Philadelphia.
W. F. Weniger, Philadelphia.
Miss Ella Robb, Philadelphia.
Edward I. Frank, Philadelphia.
Francis P. Kelly, Philadelphia.
Aubrey R. Stenger, Philadelphia.
James M. Landsburg, Philadelphia.
John Linton, Philadelphia.
Joseph F. X. Quinn, Philadelphia.
Edward B. Lentz, Philadelphia.
Robert J. Ragan, Philadelphia.
Bertram P. Rambo, Philadelphia.
Miss J. Lutheria Kauffman, Philadelphia.
Preston B. Lee, Philadelphia.
Daniel G. Heintzelman, Philadelphia.
P. A. Wilson, Philadelphia.
Lawrence D. Sasscer, Philadelphia.
William J. Russell, Philadelphia.
Miss Frances C. Dougherty, Philadelphia.
Charles E. Gill, Philadelphia.
William Martin, Philadelphia.
John M. Ross, Philadelphia.
William Boylan, Philadelphia.
Miss Mary R. Haines, Philadelphia.
Albert H. Larson, Philadelphia.
Miss M. Louise Schuman, Philadelphia.
George J. Sosna, Philadelphia.
David G. Kratzok, Philadelphia.
Charles C. Benkert, Philadelphia.
Henry B. Weed, Philadelphia.
Walter I. Summerfield, Philadelphia.
Harry J. Alker, Jr., Philadelphia.
Henry A. Gautschi, Philadelphia.
Miss Estella M. Ford, Philadelphia.
L. K. Moses, Philadelphia.
Mrs. Bessie B. Everett, Philadelphia.
Byron Hancock, Philadelphia.
Harry J. Fasy, Philadelphia.
George A. Meyer, Philadelphia.
Edward V. O'Hanlan, Philadelphia.
John C. Schultzbach, Philadelphia.
George W. Betts, Philadelphia.
Thomas E. Cogan, Philadelphia.
George Ovington, Jr., Philadelphia.
Thomas J. Hughes, Philadelphia.
Reginald L. S. Doggett, Philadelphia.
William Phillips, Philadelphia.
Oscar Rosenbaum, Philadelphia.
Irvin K. Hall, Philadelphia.
Herman J. Schneyer, Philadelphia.
S. MacGregor Clyde, Philadelphia.
William H. Whitaker, Philadelphia.
Frederick Eissler, Philadelphia.
George W. Halliday, Philadelphia.
Miss Pauline Alloy, Philadelphia.
Mrs. Laura P. Cameron, Philadelphia.
Miss Catherine S. Fegely, Philadelphia.
Chas. A. Jann, Jr., Philadelphia.
William P. Quinlan, Philadelphia.
Leo J. Horton, Philadelphia.
Miss Anna G. Cunningham, Philadelphia.
James J. Finn, Philadelphia.
Domenico Pontarelli, Philadelphia.
J. Morris Dalton, Philadelphia.
William Harrison O'Neil, Philadelphia.
Ralph M. Reeve, Philadelphia.
Arthur C. Penton, Philadelphia.
Furey Ellis, Philadelphia.
Nathan Silberman, Philadelphia.
C. Trevor Dunham, Philadelphia.
Andrew F. Stevens, Philadelphia.
F. P. Carter, Philadelphia.
Luis Weil, Philadelphia.
Lewis C. Lee, Philadelphia.
Maurice J. Teitelbaum, Philadelphia.
A. H. Buxham, Philadelphia.
Thomas J. Stewart, Philadelphia.
John M. Cook, Jr., Philadelphia.

POTTER COUNTY.

Harry D. Martin, Galeton.
Thomas H. Nanney, Galeton.

SCHULYKILL COUNTY.

Oscar J. Bretz, Delano Township.
Carlo Dangelo, Shenandoah.
William F. Horn, East Union Township.
John Jachetti, Mahanoy City.
Edward J. Kaier, Mahanoy City.
Charles G. Reed, Pottsville.
S. A. Ramonat, Shenandoah.
J. William Ritz, Ashland.
Theo. F. Barron, Ashland.
Edward J. Dailey, McAdoo.
Wm. R. Middleton, Gilberton.
Morris W. Hikes, Pinegrove.
Luigi Fanelli, Pottsville.
Frank E. Mekailek, Gilberton.
Walter J. Henry, Tower City.
Miss Beatrice E. Quigel, Hegins Township.
John J. Coughlin, Shenandoah.
Enoch Daubenspeck, West Penn Township.
Joseph Bell, Shenandoah.
John J. Lawler, Shenandoah.
H. Fred Lauer, Ashland.

SNYDER COUNTY.

H. G. Winey, Franklin Township.

SOMERSET COUNTY.

Leo R. Van Horn, Somerset.
D. H. Pore, Confluence.
A. B. Lowry, Salisbury.
W. G. Carter, Somerset.
B. Freeman, Windber.
L. D. Sine, Shade Township.
George Kondor, Paint.

SULLIVAN COUNTY.

Miss Elizabeth M. Bahl, Dushore.

SUSQUEHANNA COUNTY.

C. W. Hicks, Hallsted.

TIOGA COUNTY.

O. S. Kimball, Westfield.
Miss Marguerite R. Baldwin, Tioga.

VENANGO COUNTY.

Harold T. Parker, Oil City.
Miss Holly Hoover, Franklin.
John H. McKinney, Franklin.
Thos. J. Callanan, Oil City.
Lester G. Truby, Oil City.
Silas Criswell, Emlenton.
Lee A. McCracken, Oil City.
Patrick J. McMahon, Oil City.
Maurice A. Brewster, Cornplanter Township.
Gus B. Evans, Oil City.

WARREN COUNTY.

Miss Mabelle J. Mason, Warren.
L. C. Jamieson, Warren.
Miss Nora E. Mills, Warren.
Joseph A. Schofield, Warren.

WASHINGTON COUNTY.

Edw. B. Hess, Washington.
W. B. Vandergrift, East Bethlehem Township.
M. J. Tylavsky, Charleroi.
Benjamin M. Kelso, Canonsburg.
M. H. Borland, Burgettstown.
Miss Louise Carroll, Washington.
G. L. Neel, Donora.
Geo. K. Gray, Washington.
Louis P. Flickinger, Charleroi.
E. J. Charles, Charleroi.
Miss Minnie B. Fleming, Washington.

WAYNE COUNTY.

Oscar E. Rummetsch, Honesdale.
Ellis D. Keyes, Lake Township.
Alfred Edward Swoyer, Honesdale.

WESTMORELAND COUNTY.

Adam B. Shaffer, Greensburg.
George V. Phillippi, Derry Borough.
Mrs. Tillie Staman, South Huntingdon Township.
C. A. Sherrick, Mt. Pleasant.
Edward H. Welsh, Vandergrift.
A. N. Shuster, Monessen.
J. Lyman Loucks, East Huntingdon Township.
N. J. Miller, Donegal Township.
Reynolds Laughlin, New Kensington.
L. S. Rhoades, Mt. Pleasant.
Lawrence M. Pfaadt, Mt. Pleasant.
Charles L. Lore, Greensburg.
Stanislaus Moravek, Monessen.
D. A. Mowry, Derry.
John B. Hagerman, New Kensington.
Johnson D. Wagner, Youngwood.
Nicholas Long, Greensburg.
J. D. Neely, Derry.
T. F. O'Connell, Jeannette.
C. Joseph Albertoletti, Jeannette.
E. M. Frye, Monessen.
Vincent R. Smith, Greensburg.
Syndey Watkins, Rostraver Township.

YORK COUNTY.

Miss C. L. Moody, York.
Alvin R. Nissly, Hanover.
Miss Bertha M. Schoener, York.
J. F. Witman, York.
Milton H. Gross, Conewago Township.
Charles M. Fry, Lower Chanceford Township.
Norman L. Knauss, York.
J. M. Flinchburgh, Red Lion.
S. A. Fitzgerald, Wellsville.
C. E. Dise, Glenrock.
Raymond Saub, Hanover.

JOHN K. TENER.

COMMISSIONER OF DEEDS.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, January 5, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons to be Commissioners of Deeds for the term of five years, to be computed from the dates set opposite their names, respectively:

Edward L. Smith, Phillipsburg, N. J., July 5, 1913.
Jerome S. Rush, Ocean City, N. J., July 11, 1913.
G. B. Mountcastle, Richmond, Va., July 23, 1913.
M. V. Collins, San Francisco, Cal., August 18, 1913.
David L. Ostro, New York, N. Y., October 16, 1913.
Harry K. Torrey, Portsmouth, N. H., October 16, 1913.
Samuel A. Patterson, Asbury Park, N. J., October 27, 1913.
Frank M. Taylor, East Orange, N. J., November 7, 1913.
William E. Schul, Baltimore, Md., November 7, 1913.
M. J. Solan, Trenton, N. J., November 19, 1913.
S. B. Goodale, New York, N. Y., December 1, 1913.
Alexander Thomas Long, Carrickmacross, Ireland, December 17, 1913.
Charles G. Guyer, Wilmington, Del., January 23, 1914.
Clarence R. Dugan, New York, N. Y., February 16, 1914.
A. W. Dresser, Burlington, N. J., February 25, 1914.
Leon R. Taylor, Asbury Park, N. J., March 2, 1914.
Charles L. Adolph, Newark, N. J., March 16, 1914.
Joseph H. Hughes, Cape May, N. J., April 27, 1914.
Alex. R. Smith, Jr., Boston, Mass., May 5, 1914.
Livingston W. Cleaveland, New Haven, Conn., May 13, 1914.
Percy Braby, London, Eng., May 29, 1914.
Frank W. Herrick, Boston, Mass., August 12, 1914.
Arthur Wright, Atlantic City, N. J., October 2, 1914.
John C. McManenin, Atlantic City, N. J., November 19, 1914.

JOHN K. TENER.

Mr. MILLS, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 254, entitled:

An Act relating to the issuing of checks, drafts and orders for the payment of money, and providing penalties.

Mr. CLARK, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 293, entitled:

An Act to amend section four of an act, entitled "An Act to regulate the doing of business in this Commonwealth by foreign corporations, the registration thereof and service of process thereon, and providing punishment and penalties for the violation of its provisions; and repealing previous legislation on the subject," approved the 8th day of June, 1911.

Also from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 294, entitled:

An Act to further protect the rights and liberty of the people of this Commonwealth when under arrest upon a bailable criminal charge, making its infraction a misdemeanor and providing punishment therefor.

Mr. TOMPKINS, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 285, entitled:

An Act authorizing J. P. Swearingen, of Greene Township, Beaver County, Pennsylvania, to bring suit against the Commonwealth.

Also from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 379, entitled:

An Act to amend section one of an act, entitled "An Act regulating the method and procedure in the erection of line or partition fences," approved the 14th day of April, 1905, P. L. 162.

Also from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 370, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the 5th day of May, 1899, entitled "An Act relative to the liens of the Commonwealth against unpatented lands; providing for their adjustment, and for the granting of patents."

Also from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 369, entitled:

An Act regulating the sale, offering for sale or exposing for sale of vegetables, grapes and fruits; providing standard containers, baskets, trays and measures therefor, and imposing penalties.

Mr. VARE, from the Committee on Municipal Affairs, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 380, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the 27th day of June, 1913, entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation, regulation, and government of cities of the third class; regulating nomination and election of municipal officers therein; and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto," by providing for formation of such cities from parts of two or more contiguous counties.

Mr. BEIDLEMAN, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 282, entitled:

An Act providing for and regulating the validation of certain borough ordinances.

Also from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 252, entitled:

An Act providing for a special tax for lighting public highways, public places and public buildings in townships of the second class, and authorizing the making of contracts for such lighting.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

Mr. HOKE read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 423, entitled:

An Act regulating the printing of the Laws of this Commonwealth.

Which was committed to the Committee on Public Printing.

Mr. PHIPPS read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 424, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the third day of July, one thousand eight hundred eighty-five, entitled "An Act to establish uniform compensation to be allowed witnesses in civil and criminal cases before justices of the peace and alderman, in the several counties of this Commonwealth.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. HILTON read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 425, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Kane Summit Hospital Association of Kane, McKean County, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 426, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to aid in the erection upon the Capitol grounds at Harrisburg, a memorial to commemorate the founding of the common school system of Pennsylvania and perpetuate the memory of the men who were principally instrumental in establishing and carrying it into practical effect and providing for the appointment of a Commission to select a model for and supervise the erection thereof.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. BUCKMAN read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 427, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Board of Commissioners of Public Grounds and Buildings for further carrying into effect an act entitled "An Act providing for the joint acquisition and maintenance by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and the State of New Jersey of certain toll-bridges over the Delaware River, and making an appropriation therefor," approved the twenty-fifth day of July, one thousand nine hundred thirteen.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 428, entitled:

An Act to create in Pennsylvania what shall be known as "Bird Day", and requiring all teachers in our public schools upon that day to make a special effort in teaching the value of the lifework of birds to our people.

Which was committed to the Committee on Education.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 429, entitled:

An Act to give protection to and regulate the catching or taking or having possession of within this Commonwealth of bullfrogs and tadpoles and providing and imposing a penalty for violation of its provisions and repealing all acts inconsistent herewith.

Which was committed to the Committee on Game and Fisheries.

Mr. PATTON read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 430, entitled:

An Act relative to the holding of magistrates courts in cities of the first class.

Which was committed to the Committee on Municipal Affairs.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 431, entitled:

An act relative to the powers of magistrates in cities of the first class.

Which was committed to the Committee on Municipal Affairs.

Mr. CLARK read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 432, entitled:

An Act to repeal an act, approved the sixteenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirteen, entitled "An Act for the protection of the public health and the prevention of fraud and deception, by regulating the storage and sale of cold storage foods; fixing penalties for the violation of the provisions thereof, and providing for the enforcement thereof."

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

Mr. McNICHOL read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 433, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to Saint Vincent's Home, Philadelphia.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. CROFT (by request) read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 434, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Monroe County Hospital, located at Stroudsburg, Monroe County, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. DAIX read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 435, entitled:

A supplement to an act, approved the seventh day of July, one thousand nine hundred thirteen, entitled "An Act relating to and regulating motor vehicles, and vehicles trailing after or propelled by motor vehicles; controlling their speed upon the public streets and highways in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania; providing for their registration and licensing of certain operators, by the State Highway Department; prohibiting the operation of any motor vehicle by any person when intoxicated, or without the consent of the owner; forbidding the passage of any law laying a tax upon or requiring the registration of motor vehicles, or licensing of any operator, or regulating the speed of motor vehicles, by any county, borough, city, incorporated town, or township ;establishing the rights of motor vehicles upon the public highways, with relation to other vehicles; providing for their equipment and for the width of tires to be used upon motor vehicles, and vehicles trailing after or propelled by motor vehicles; regulating the service of process and proceedings in actions for damages arising therefrom; providing for arrest, and for service of process, and proceedings for violation of this act; prescribing the penalties therefor; and providing for the disposition of fees collected and fines imposed thereunder."

Which was committed to the Commitee on Public Roads and Highways.

Mr. TOMPKINS read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 436, entitled:

An Act to provide for the appointment of a county solicitor in the several counties in this Commonwealth, whose population does not exceed one hundred fifty thousand (150,000); providing for his compensation and expenses; and prescribing the terms and duties of the county solicitor.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

BILL ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 7, entitled:

An Act amending sections one three four seven ten and eleven and repealing section eight of an act entitled "An Act relating to the collection of city school and poor taxes in the several cities of the third class in this Commonwealth and providing that the City Treasurer of each of said cities by virtue of his office shall be collector of the said several taxes prescribing his duties and fixing his compensation" approved the twentieth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS— 46.

Beidleman,	Graff,	McConnell,	Smith, W. W.,
Buckman,	Gyger,	McKee, W. S.,	Snyder, C. A.,
Burke,	Hackett,	McNichol,	Snyder, P. W.,
Catlin,	Hilton,	Miller,	Sones,
Clark,	Hindman,	Moore,	Sproul,
Croft,	Hoke,	Phipps,	Stewart,
Crow,	Homsher,	Salus,	Thompson,
Daix,	Jenkins,	Schantz,	Tompkins,
DeWitt,	Kline,	Semmens,	Vare,
Endsley,	Kurtz,	Sensenich,	Warner,
Farley,	Lynch,	Smith, R. E.,	Wasbers,
Gerberich,	Magee, C. J.,		

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILL OVER IN ORDER.

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, in the absence of the Senator from Allegheny, Mr. Kline, who introduced it, I ask that Senate Bill No. 26, on third reading, entitled:

An Act relating to roads in townships and prescribing the duties of commissioners and supervisors

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILL ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 61, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the payment of deficiencies which have arisen in the payment of expenses for the erection furnishing and equipment of six cottages bakery and additions to the laundry at the State Institution for Feeble-Minded of Western Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—46.

Beidleman,	Graff,	McNichol,	Smith, W. W.,
Buckman,	Gyger,	Miller,	Snyder, C. A.,
Burke,	Hackett,	Mills,	Snyder, P. W.,
Catlin,	Hoke,	Moore,	Sones,
Clark,	Homsher,	Patton,	Sproul,
Croft,	Jenkins,	Phipps,	Stewart,
Crow,	Kurtz,	Salus,	Thompson,
Daix,	Lynch,	Schantz,	Tompkins,
DeWitt,	Magee, C. J.,	Semmens,	Vare,
Endsley,	Martin,	Sensenich,	Warner,
Farley,	McConnell,	Smith, R. E.,	Wasbers,
Gerberich,	McKee, W. S.,		

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 114, on third reading, entitled:

An Act providing for the printing binding and distribution of the report of the fiftieth anniversary of the battle of Gettysburg commission entitled 'Pennsylvania Gettysburg Reunion" providing for additions to said report and for the compiling editing proof reading and indexing thereof providing also for the preparation for filing of record in the State Library for their proper preservation therein of certain original manuscripts of the addresses delivered at said reunion and of other original data souvenirs and records relative thereto and making appropriation therefor

be recommitted to the Committee on Finance for the purpose of amendment.

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order.

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 183, entitled:

An Act regulating the sale and exposing for sale of dressed lambs sheep and calves

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. HOKE. Mr. President, I have no desire whatsoever to oppose this bill, but I confess I am in complete ignorance as to the purpose of it, and I believe other members of this body are in the same position. I wish to inquire from the sponsor of the bill what good purpose this bill would serve if it became a law.

The PRESIDENT. Will the Senator from Philadelphia, Mr. Salus, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. SALUS. Mr. President, I will. What does the Senator want to know?

The PRESIDENT. He wants to know the purpose of this bill, what purpose is intended to be served by this legislation.

Mr. SALUS. Mr. President, there is now on the statute books a similar act to this, prohibiting the sale of sheep and lambs with the hoofs and heads on the sheep. The purpose of this act at this time is a health and sanitation measure. The idea is to prohibit the sale of sheep, calves and lambs in this Commonwealth with what is commonly called the pluck on the inside. The idea of that is possibly this: these sheep, lambs and calves are shipped in from the outside communities into our communities here and after they come here many of them are put in cold storage. The lambs and sheep are frozen, the livers, lights and lungs attached to them are also frozen. Immediately after being taken from the storage, possibly within twenty-four hours or so thereafter, these livers commence to thaw and decompose. They are sold to the consumer generally in a frozen state and when taken home by people who have not the refrigerating facilities over night they become sour and putrid, and, in most instances,—and as we all know that sheep's livers particularly are only purchased by the poorer people they bring the stuff into their homes and the next morning they wake up and find out that the stuff that they bought apparently good the night before is decomposed. Now these livers and things can be sold separately and apart from the whole carcass. In addition to that there is sent into this community from the western houses, particularly the sheep and lambs, with what is commonly known as back sticks or stretchers on them. Those that come in from the western houses are backed up generally with hickory sticks. These hickory sticks weigh sometimes two or three pounds, for which the shipper gets maybe forty, fifty or sixty cents for two cents worth of wood, and naturally that makes unfair competition between outside drovers and dealers in these articles as against our local institutions. It simply is an amendment to some extent, to the present act of Assembly and is only for the general benefit of the people within this Commonwealth as a health regulation and also as a fair competition between people in the commonwealth and people on the outside in dealing in these particular articles.

And the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—37.

Beidleman,	Hackett,	McNichol,	Smith, W. W.,
Burke,	Hilton,	Mills,	Sones,
Catlin,	Hindman,	Moore,	Sproul,
Clark,	Jenkins,	Patton,	Stewart,
Daix,	Kline,	Phipps,	Thompson,
DeWitt,	Lynch,	Salus,	Tompkins,
Farley,	Magee, C. J.,	Semmens,	Vare,
Gerberich,	Martin,	Sensenich,	Warner,
Graff,	McConnell,	Smith, R. E.,	Wasbers,
Gyger,			

NAYS—4.

Buckman,	Homsher,	Schantz,	Snyder, P. W.,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILL OVER IN ORDER.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President I ask that Senate Bill No. 184 (House Bill No. 20), on third reading, entitled:

An Act authorizing cities of the third class wherein the title to the water-works therein located is in the city to extend their pipes and improvements beyond the city limits and supply water to persons corporations and municipalities within the county and regulating the supply of water

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 219, as follows:

An Act authorizing the appointment by the Director of the Legislative Reference Bureau of a custodian and assistant custodian of the law library and a night watchman in the bureau and fixing their salaries

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the Director of the Legislative Reference Bureau is authorized to appoint a custodian of the law library and government publications who shall be learned in the law and who shall receive an annual salary of two thousand five hundred dollars and one assistant custodian who shall be a skilled stenographer and typewriter who shall receive an annual salary of one thousand two hundred dollars and one night watchman in the bureau who shall receive an annual salary of nine hundred dollars

And said bill having been read at length the third time.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. MARTIN. Mr. President, I move that the question, together with the further consideration of the bill, be postponed for the present.

Mr. HOKE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 237, entitled:

An Act relating to the admission of attorneys at law to the Supreme and Superior Courts

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—39.

Beidleman,	Hackett,	McKee, W. S.,	Snyder, P. W.,
Catlin,	Hilton,	McNichol,	Sones,
Clark,	Hindman,	Mills,	Sproul,
Crow,	Homsher,	Moore,	Stewart,
DeWitt,	Jenkins,	Phipps,	Thompson,
Endsley,	Kline,	Salus,	Tompkins,
Farley,	Kurtz,	Semmens,	Vare,
Gerberich,	Lynch,	Sensenich,	Warner,
Graff,	Magee, C. J.,	Smith, R. E.,	Wasbers,
Gyger,	McConnell,	Smith, W. W.,	

NAYS—4.

Buckman,	Hoke,	Martin,	Schantz,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 247, entitled:

Joint Resolution authorizing the printing and binding of the report of the commission to consider the revision and amendment of the penal laws of Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—49.

Beidleman,	Gyger,	McConnell,	Smith, R. E.,
Buckman,	Hackett,	McKee, W. S.,	Smith, W. W.,
Burke,	Hilton,	McNichol,	Snyder, C. A.,
Catlin,	Hindman,	Miller,	Snyder, P. W.,
Clark,	Hoke,	Mills,	Sones,
Croft,	Homsher,	Moore,	Sproul,
Crow,	Jenkins,	Patton,	Stewart,
Daix,	Kline,	Phipps,	Thompson,
DeWitt,	Kurtz,	Salus,	Tompkins,
Endsley,	Lynch,	Schantz,	Vare,
Farley,	Magee, C. J.,	Semmens,	Warner,
Gerberich,	Martin,	Sensenich,	Wasbers,
Graff,			

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 270 (House No. 255) entitled:

An Act to amend section four of an act approved the eleventh day of May one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine entitled "A further supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to establish a board of wardens for the Port of Philadelphia and for the regulation of pilots and pilotage and for other purposes' approved March twenty-ninth one thousand eight hundred and three and for regulating the rates of pilotage and number of pilots"

And said bill having been read at length the third time.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I move the question, together with the further consideration of the bill, be postponed for the present.

Mr. SCHANTZ. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS OVER IN ORDER.

The PRESIDENT. Senate Bill No. 289, on third reading, entitled:

An Act amending section nine of an act, as amended by the act of the seventeenth April, one thousand nine hundred five, P. L. one hundred eighty-five, approved the fifth day of May, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, entitled "An Act supplementing and amending an act entitled 'An Act to establish an intermediate court of appeal; regulating its constitution, officers, jurisdiction, powers, practice, and its relation to the Supreme Court and other courts; providing for the reports of its decisions, the compensation of the judges, and other officers, and the practice and costs on appeals from its judgments,' approved June twenty-fourth, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five," and increasing the amount to which the judges of the Superior Court shall be entitled to be reimbursed for the sums expended by them, in each year, for the help of stenographers, typewriters or clerks, and regulating the time and manner of such reimbursement.

and Senate Bill No. 291, on third reading, entitled:

An Act to protect the public health and welfare by regulating the employment of females in hotels boarding houses and restaurants with respect to their hours of labor and the conditions of their employment by establishing certain regulations in which they work by requiring certain notices to be posted by providing for the enforcement of this act by the Commissioner of Labor and Industry and others and prescribing penalties for violation thereof and by repealing all acts and parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions thereof

have not been received from the printer and will go over in their order.

BILL ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 334 (House Bill No. 256) entitled:

An Act to further amend an act approved the thirtieth day of March one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine entitled "An Act to amend the first section of an act approved the eleventh day of May one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine entitled 'A further supplement to an act entitled "An Act to establish a board of wardens for the Port of Philadelphia and for the regulation of pilots and pilotage and for other purposes" approved March twenty-ninth one thousand eight hundred and three and for regulating the rates of pilotage and number of pilots"

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—46.

Beidleman,	Gyger,	McConnell,	Smith, W. W.,
Burke,	Hackett,	McKee, W. S.,	Snyder, C. A.,
Catlin,	Hilton,	Miller,	Snyder, P. W.,
Clark,	Hindman,	Moore,	Sones,
Croft,	Hoke,	Patton,	Sproul,
Crow,	Homsher,	Phipps,	Stewart,
Daix,	Jenkins,	Salus,	Thompson,
DeWitt,	Kline,	Schantz,	Tompkins,
Endsley,	Kurtz,	Semmens,	Vare,
Farley,	Lynch,	Sensenich,	Warner,
Gerberich,	Magee, C. J.,	Smith, R. E.,	Wasbers,
Graff,	Martin,		

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

BILL ON THIRD READING POSTPONED FOR THE PRESENT.

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I move that the Senate resume the consideration of Senate Bill No. 270 (House Bill No. 255) on third reading, postponed for the present, entitled:

An Act to amend section four of an act approved the eleventh day of May one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine entitled "A further supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to establish a board of wardens for the port of Philadelphia and for the regulation of pilots and pilotage and for other purposes,'" approved March twenty-ninth one thousand eight hundred and three and for regulating the rates of pilotage and number of pilots

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

And the question recurring,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—49.

Beidleman,	Gyger,	McConnell,	Smith, R. E.,
Buckman,	Hackett,	McKee, W. S.,	Smith, W. W.,
Burke,	Hilton,	McNichol,	Snyder, C. A.,
Catlin,	Hindman,	Miller,	Snyder, P. W.,
Clark,	Hoke,	Mills,	Sones,
Croft,	Homsher,	Moore,	Sproul,
Crow,	Jenkins,	Patton,	Stewart,
Daix,	Kline,	Phipps,	Thompson,
DeWitt,	Kurtz,	Salus,	Tompkins,
Endsley,	Lynch,	Schantz,	Vare,
Farley,	Magee, C. J.,	Semmens,	Warner,
Gerberich,	Martin,	Sensenich,	Wasbers,
Graff.			

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendment.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 13, as follows:

The first and second sections of the bill were read as follows and agreed to:

PART I

PRELIMINARY PROVISIONS

[Name of Act]

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met-and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That this act may be cited as Uniform Partnership Act

Section 2 [Definition of Terms] In this act "Court" includes every court and judge having jurisdiction in the case

"Business" includes every trade occupation or profession

"Person" includes individuals partnerships corporations and other associations

"Bankrupt" includes bankrupt under the Federal Bankruptcy Act or insolvent under any state insolvent act

"Conveyance" includes every assignment lease mortgage or encumbrance

"Real property" includes land and any interest or estate in land

The third section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 3 [Interpretation of Knowledge and Notice] (1) A person has "knowledge" of a fact within the meaning of this act not only when he has actual knowledge thereof but also when he has knowledge of such facts as in the circumstances shows bad faith

(2) A person has "notice" of a fact within the meaning of this act when the person who claims the benefit of the notice

(a) States the fact to such person or

(b) Delivers through the mail or by other means of communication a written statement of the fact to such person or to a proper person at his place of business or residence

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. JENKINS. Mr. President, I move to amend section 3, line 5, by striking out the word "shows" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "show."

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh, eighth, ninth, tenth, eleventh, twelfth, thirteenth, fourteenth and fifteenth sections of the bill were read as follows and agreed to:

Section 4 [Rules of Construction] (1) The rule that statutes in derogation of the common law are to be strictly construed shall have no application to this act

(2) The law of estoppel shall apply under this act

(3) The law of agency shall apply under this act

(4) This Act shall be so interpreted and construed as to effect its general purpose to make uniform the law of those states which enact it

(5) This Act shall not be construed so as to impair the obligations of any contract existing when the act goes into effect nor to effect any action or proceedings begun or right accrued before this act takes effect

Section 5 [Rules for Cases not Provided for in this Act] In any case not provided for in this act the rules of law and equity including the law merchant shall govern

PART II

NATURE OF A PARTNERSHIP

Section 6 [Partnership defined] (1) A partnership is an association of two or more persons to carry on as co-owners a business for profit

(2) But any association formed under any other statute of this State or any statute adopted by authority other than the authority of this State is not a partnership under this act unless such association would have been a partnership in this State prior to the adoption of this act but this act shall apply to limited partnerships except in so far as the statutes relating to such partnerships are incinsistent herewith

Section 7 [Rules for determining the existence of a partnership] In determining whether a partnership exists these rules shall apply

(1) Except as provided by section sixteen persons who are not partners as to each other are not partners as to third persons

(2) Joint tenancy tenancy in common tenancy by the entireties joint property common property or part ownership does not of itself establish a partnership whether such co-owners do or do not share any profits made by the use of the property (3) The sharing of gross returns does not of itself establish a partnership whether or not the persons sharing them have a joint or common right or interest in any property from which the returns are derived

(4) The receipt by a person of a share of the profits of a business is prima facie evidence that he is a partner in the business but no such inference shall be drawn if such profits were received in payment

(a) As a debt by installments or otherwise

(b) As wages of an employe or rent to a landlord

(c) As an annuity to a widow or representative of a deceased partner

(d) As interest on a loan though the amount of payment vary with the profits of the business

(e) As the consideration for the sale of the good-will of a business or other property by installments or otherwise

Section 8 [Partnership property] (1) All property originally brought into the partnership stock or subsequently acquired by purchase or otherwise on account of the partnership is partnership property

(2) Unless the contrary intention appears property acquired with partnership funds is partnership property

(3) Any estate in real property may be acquired in the partnership name Title so acquired can be conveyed only in the partnership name

(4) A conveyance to a partnership in the partnership name though without words of inheritance passes the entire estate of the grantor unless a contrary intent appears

PART III

Relations of Partners to Persons Dealing with the Partnership

Section 9 [Partner agent of partnership as to partnership business] (1) Every partner is an agent of the partnership for the purpose of its business and the act of every partner including the execution in the partnership name of any instrument for apparently carrying on in the usual way the business of the partnership of which he is a member binds the partnership unless the partner so acting has in fact no authority to act for the partnership in the particular matter and the person with whom he is dealing has knowledge of the fact that he has no such authority

(2) An act of a partner which is not apparently for the carrying on of the business of the partnership in the usual way does not bind the partnership unless authorized by the other partners

(3) Unless authorized by the other partners or unless they have abandoned the business one or more but less than all the partners have no authority to

(a) Assign the partnership property in trust for creditors or on the assignees promise to pay the debts of the partnership

(b) Dispose of the good-will of the business

(c) Do any other act which would make it impsosible to carry on the ordinary business of the partnership

(d) Confess a judgment

(e) Submit a partnership claim or liability to arbitration or reference

(4) No act of a partner in contravention of a restriction on his authority shall bind the partnership to persons having knowledge of the restriction

Section 10 [Conveyance of Real Property of the Partnership] (1) Where title to real property is in the partnership name, any partner may convey title to such property by a conveyance executed in the partnership name but the partnership may recover such property unless the partner's act binds the partnership under the provisions of paragraph (1) of section nine or unless such property has been conveyed by the grantee or a person claiming through such grantee to a holder for value without knowledge that the partner in making the conveyance has exceeded his authority

(2) Where title to real property is in the name of the partnership a conveyance executed by a partner in his own name passes the equitable interest of the partnership provided the act is one within the authority of the partner under the provisions of paragraph (1) of section nine

(3) Where title to real property is in the name of one or more but not all the partners and the record does not disclose the right of the partnership in whose name the title stands may convey title to such property but the partnership may recover such property if the partners' act does not bind the partnership under the provisions of paragraph (1) of section nine unless the purchaser or his assignee is a holder for value without knowledge

(4) Where the title to real property is in the name of one or more of all the partners or in a third person in trust for the partnership a conveyance executed by a partner in the partnership name or in his own name passes the equitable interest of the partnership provided the act is one within the authority of the partner under the provisions of paragraph (1) of section nine

(5) Where the title to real property is in the names of all the partners a conveyance executed by all the partners passes all their rights in such property

Section 11 [Partnership Bound by Admission of Partner] An admission or representation made by any partner concerning partnership affairs within the scope of his authority as conferred by this act is evidence against the partnership

Section 12 [Partnership Charged with Knowledge of or Notice to Partner] Notice to any partner of any matter relating to partnership affairs and the knowledge of the partner acting in the particular matter acquired while a partner or then present to his mind and the knowledge of any other partner who reasonably could and should have communicated it to the acting partner operate as notice to or knowledge of the partnership except in the case of a fraud on the partnership committed by or with the consent of that partner

Section 13 [Partnership Bound by Partner's Wrongful Act] Where by any wrongful act or omission of any partner acting in the ordinary course of the business of the partnership or with the authority of his co-partners loss or injury is caused to any person not being a partner in the partnership or any penalty is incurred the partnership is liable therefore to the same extent as the partner so acting or omitting to act

Section 14 [Partnership Bound by Partner's Breach of Trust] The partnership is bound to make good the loss

(a) Where one partner acting within the scope of his apparent authority receives money or property of a third person and misapplies it and

(b) Where the partnership in the course of its business receives money or property of a third person and the money or property so received is misapplied by any partner while it is in the custody of the partnership

Section 15 [Nature of partner's liability] All partners are liable

(a) Jointly and severally for everything chargeable to the partnership under sections thirteen and fourteen

(b) Jointly for all other debts and obligations of the partnership but any partner may enter into a separate obligation to perform a partnership contract

The sixteenth section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 16 [Partner by Estoppel] (1) When a person by words spoken or written or by conduct represents himself or consents to another representing him to any one as a partner in an existing partnership or with one or more persons not actual partners he is liable to any such person to whom such representation has been made who has on the faith of such representation given credit to the actual or apparent partnership and if he has made such representation or consented to its being made in a public manner he is liable to such person whether the representation has or has not been made or communicated to such person so giving credit by or with the knowledge of the apparent partner making the representation or consenting to its being made

(a) When a partnership liability results he is liable as though he were an actual member of the partnership

(b) When no partnership liability results he is liable jointly with the other persons if any so consenting to the contract or representation as to incur liability otherwise separately

(2) When a person has been thus represented to be a partner in an existing partnership or with one or more persons not actual partners he is an agent of the persons consenting to such representation to bind them to the same extent and in the same manner as though he were a partner in fact with respect to persons who rely upon the representation Where all the members of the existing partnership consent to the representation a partnership act or obligation results but in all other cases it is the joint act or obligation of the person acting and the persons consenting to the representation

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. JENKINS. Mr. President, I move to amend Section 16, in line 24, by striking out the word "consents" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "consent."

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The seventeenth, eighteenth, nineteenth and twentieth sections of the bill were read as follows and agreed to:

Secion 17 [Liability of Incoming Partner] A person admitted as a partner into an existing partnership is liable for all the obligations of the partnership arising before his admission as though he had been a partner when such obligations were incurred except that this liability shall be satisfied only out of partnership property

PART IV

Relations of Partners to One Another

Section 18 [Rules Determining Rights and Duties of Partners] The rights and duties of the partners in relation to the partnership shall be determined subject to any agreement between them by the following rules

(a) Each partner shall be repaid his contributions whether by way of capital or advances to the partnership property and share equally in the profits and surplus remaining after all liabilities including those to partners are satisfied and must contribute towards the losses whether of capital or otherwise sustained by the partnership according to his share in the profits

(b) The partnership must indemnify every partner in respect of payments made and personal liabilities reasonably incurred by him in the ordinary and proper conduct of its business or for the preservation of its business or property

(c) A partner who in aid of the partnership makes any payment or advance beyond the amount of capital which he agreed to contribute shall be paid interest from the date of the payment or advance

(d) A partner shall receive interest on the capital contributed by him only from the date when repayment should be made

(e) All partners have equal rights in the management and conduct of the partnership business

(f) No partner is entitled to remuneration for acting in the partnership business except that a surviving partner is entitled to reasonable compensation for his services in winding up the partnership affairs

(g) No person can become a member of a partnership without the consent of all the partners

(h) Any difference arising as to ordinary matters connected with the partnership business may be decided by a majority of the partners but no act in contravention of any agreement between the partners may be done rightfully without the consent of all the partners

Section 19 [Partnership Books] The partnership books shall be kept subject to any agreement between the partners at the principal place of business of the partnership and every partner shall at all times have access to and may inspect and copy any of them

Section 20 [Duty of Partners to Render Information] Partners shall render on demand true and full information of all things affecting the partnership to any partner or the legal representative of any deceased partner or partner under legal disability

The twenty-first section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 21 [Partner Accountable as a Fiduciary] (1) Every partner must account to the partnership for any benefit and hold as trustee for it any profits derived by him without the consent of the other partners from any transaction connected with the formation conduct or liquidation of the partnership or from any use by him of its property

(2) This section applies also to the representatives of a deceased partner engaged in the liquidation of the affairs of the partnership as the personal representatives of the last surviving partner

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. JENKINS. Mr. President, I move to amend Section 21, in line 2, by striking out "partenrship" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "partnership."

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The twenty-second, twenty-third, twenty-fourth, twenty-fifth, twenty-sixth and twenty-seventh sections of the bill were read as follows and agreed to:

Section 22 [Right to an Account] Any partner shall have the right to a formal account as to partnership affairs

(a) If he is wrongfully excluded from the partnership business or possession of its property by his co-partners

(b) If the right exists under the terms of any agreement

(c) As provided by section twenty-one

(d) Whenever other circumstances render it just and reasonable

Section 23 [Continuation of Partnership Beyond Fixed Term] (1) When a partnership for a fixed term or particular undertaking is continued after the termination of such term or particular undertaking without any express agreement the rights and duties of the partners remain the same as they were at such termination so far as is consistent with a partnership at will

(2) A continuation of the business by the partners or such of them as habitually acted therein during the term without any settlement or liquidation of the partnership affairs is prima facie evidence of a continuation of the partnership

PART V

Property Rights of a Partner

Section 24 [Extent of Property Rights of a Partner] The property rights of a partner are (1) his rights in specific partnership property (2) his interest in the partnership and (3) his right to participate in the management

Section 25 [Nature of a Partners Right in Specific Partnership Property]

(1) A partner is co-owner with his partners of specific partnership property holding as a tenant in partnership

(2) The incidents of this tenancy are such that

(a) A partner subject to the provisions of this act and to any agreement between the partners has an equal right with his partners to possess specific partnership property for partnership purposes but he has no right to possess such property for any other purpose without the consent of his partners

(b) A partners right in specific partnership property is not assignable except in connection with the assignment of the rights of all the partners in the same property

(c) A partners right in specific partnership property is not subject to attchment or execution except on a claim against the partnership When partnership property is attached for a partnership debt the partners or any of them or the representatives of a deceased partner cannot claim any right under the homestead or exemption laws

(d) On the death of a partner his right is specific partnership property vests in the surviving partner or partners except where the deceased was the last surviving partner when his right in such property vests in his legal representative Such surviving partner or partners or the legal representative of the last surviving partner has no right to possess the partnership property for any but a partnership purpose

(e) A partners right in specific partnership property is not subject to dower curtesy or allowances to widows heirs or next of kin

Section 26 [Nature of Partner's Interest in the Partnership] A partner's interest in the partnership is his share of the profits and surplus and the same is personal property

Section 27 [Assignment of Partners Interest] (1) A conveyance by a partner of his interest in the partnership does not of itself dissolve the partnership nor as against the other partners in the absence of agreement entitle the assignee during the continuance of the partnership to interfere in the management or administration of the partnership business or affairs or to require any information or account of partnership transactions or to inspect the partnership books but it merely entitles the assignee to receive in accordance with his contract the profits to which the assigning partner would otherwise be entitled

(2) In case of a dissolution of the partnership the assignee is entitled to receive his assignors interest and may require an account from the date only of the last account agreed to by all the partners

The twenty-eighth section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 28 [Partners Interest Subject to Charging Order] (1) On due application to a competent court by any judgment creditor of a partner the court which entered the judgment order or decree or any other court may charge the interest of the debtor partner with payment of the unsatisfied amount of such judgment debt with interest thereon and may then or later appoint a receiver of his share of the profits and of any other money due or to fall due to him in respect of the partnership and make all other orders directions accounts and inquiries which the debtor partner might have been made or which the circumstances of the case may require

(2) The interest charged may be redeemed at any time before foreclosure or in case of a sale being directed by the court may be purchased without thereby causing a dissolution

(a) With separate property by any one or more of the partners or

(b) With partnership property by any one or more of the partners with the consent of all the partners whose interests are not so charged or sold

(3) Nothing in this act shall be held to deprive a partner of his right if any under the exemption laws as regards his interest in the partnership

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. JENKINS. Mr. President, I move to amend section 28, in line 10, by striking out after the word "have" the word "been."

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The twenty-ninth and thirtieth sections of the bill were read as follows and agreed to:

Section 29 [Dissolution Defined] The dissolution of a partnership is the change in the relation of the partners caused by any partner ceasing to be associated in the carrying on as distinguished from the winding up of the business

Section 30 [Partnership Not Terminated by Dissolution] On dissolution the partnership is not terminated but continues until the winding up of partnership affairs is completed

The thirty-first section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 31 [Causes of Dissolution] Dissolution is caused

(1) Without violation of the agreement between the partners

(a) By the termination of the definite term or particular undertaking specified in the agreement

(b) By the express will of any partner when no definite term or particular undertaking is specified

(c) By the express will of all the partners who have not assigned their interests or suffered them to be charged for their separate debts either before or after the termination of any specified term or particular undertaking

(d) By the expulsion of any partner from the business bona fide in accordance with such a power conferred by the agreement between the partners

(2) In contravention of the agreement between the partners where the circumstances do not permit a dissolu-

tion under any other provision of this section by the express will of any partner at any time

(3) By any event which makes it unlawful for the business of the partnership to be carried on or for the members to carry it on in partnership

(4) By the death of any partner

(5) By the bankruptcy of any partner or the partnership

By decree of court under section thirty-two

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. JENKINS. Mr. President, I move to amend section 31, in line 23, by inserting "(6)" before the word "by."

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The thirty-second, thirty-third, thirty-fourth, thirty-fifth, thirty-sixth, thirty-seventh, thirty-eighth, thirty-ninth, fortieth, forty-first, forty-second and forty-third sections of the bill were read as follows and agreed to:

Section 32 [Dissolution by Decree of Court] (1) On application by or for a partner the court shall decree a dissolution whenever

(a) A partner has been declared a lunatic in any judicial proceeding or is shown to be of unsound mind

(b) A partner becomes in any other way incapable of performing his part of the partnership contract

(c) A partner has been guilty of such conduct as tends to affect prejudically the carrying on of the business

(d) A partner wilfully or persistently commits a breach of the partnership agreement or otherwise so conducts himself in matters relating to the partnership business that it is not reasonably practicable to carry on the business in partnership with him

(e) The business of the partnership can only be carried on at a loss

(f) Other circumstances render a dissolution equitable

(2) On the application of the purchaser of a partner's interest under sections twenty-eight or twenty-nine

(a) After the termination of the specified term or particular undertaking

(b) At any time if the partnership was a partnership at will when the interest was assigned or when the charging order was issued

Section 33 [General Effect of Dissolution on Authority of Partner] Except so far as may be necessary to wind up partnership affairs, or to complete transactions begun but not then finished dissolution terminates all authority of any partner to act for the partnership

(1) With respect to the partners

(a) When the dissolution is not by the act bankruptcy or death of a partner or

(b) When the dissolution is by such act bankruptcy or death of a partner in cases where section thirty-four so requires

(2) With respect to persons not partners as declared in section thirty-five

Section 34 [Right of Partner to Contribution from Copartners After Dissolution] Where the dissolution is caused by the act death or bankruptcy of a partner each partner is liable to his co-partners for his share of any liability created by any partner acting for the partnership as if the partnership had not been dissolved unless

(a) The dissolution being by act of any partner the partner acting for the partnership had knowledge of the dissolution or

(b) The dissolution being by the death or bankruptcy of a partner the partner acting for the partnership had knowledge or notice of the death or bankruptcy

Section 35 [Power of Partner to Bind Partnership to Third Persons After Dissolution] (1) If the partnership is not dissolved because it has become unlawful to carry on the business a partner cannot after dissolution bind the partnership to third persons by any act which is not necessary to wind up the partnership affairs or to complete transactions then unfinished unless

(a) Such third person having had relations with the partnership by which a credit was extended upon the faith of the partnership has had no knowledge or notice of the dissolution or

(b) Such third person not having had business relations with the partnership by which a credit was extended to the partnership has no knowledge or notice of the dissolution and the fact of dissolution has not been advertised in a newspaper of general circulation of the place (or of each place if more than one) at which the partnership business was regularly carried on and in the legal periodical if any designated by rule of court in such place or places for the publication of legal notices

(2) The partnership is in no case bound by the acts of a partner who has become bankrupt but this provision does not affect the liability of any person who as declared by section sixteen after bankruptcy has represented himself or consented to another's representing him to be a partner of the bankrupt

Section 36 [Effect of Dissolution on Partner's Existing Liability] (1) The dissolution of the partnership does not of itself discharge the existing liaility of any partner

(2) A partner is discharged from any existing liability upon dissolution of the partnership by an agreement to that effect between himself the partnership creditor and the person or partnership continuing the business and such agreement may be inferred from the course of dealing between the creditor having knoweldge of the dissolution and the person or partnership continuing the business

(3) Where a person agrees to assume the existing obligations of a dissolved partnership the partners whose obligations have been assumed shall be discharged from any liability to any creditor of the partnership who knowing of the agreement consents to a material alteration in the nature or time of payment of such obligations

(4) The individual property of a deceased partner shall be liable for all obligations of the partnership incurred while he was a partner but subject to the prior payment of his separate debts

Section 37 [Right to Wind Up] Unless otherwise agreed the partners who have not wrongfully dissolved the partnership or the legal representative of the last surviving partner not bankrupt has the right to wind up the partnership affairs provided however that any partner his legal representative or his assignee upon cause shown may obtain winding up by the court

Section 38 [Rights of Partners to Application of Partnership Property] (1) When dissolution is caused in any way except in contravention of the partnership agreement each partner as against his co-partners and all persons claiming through them in respect of their interests in the partnership unless otherwise agreed may have the partnership property applied to discharge its liabilities and the surplus applied to pay in cash the net amount owing to the respective partners But if dissolution is caused by expulsion of a partner bona fide under the partnership agreement and if the expelled partner is discharged from all partnership liabilities either by payment or agreement under section thirty-six (2) he shall receive in cash only the net amount due him from the partnership

(2) When dissolution is caused in contravention of the partnership agreement the rights of the partners shall be as follows

(a) Each partner who has not caused dissolution wrongfully shall have

I All the rights specified in paragraph (1) of this section and

II The right as against each partner who has caused the dissolution wrongfully to damages for breach of the agreement

(b) The partners who have not caused the dissolution wrongfully if they all desire to continue the business in the same name either by themselves or jointly with others may do so during the agreed term for the partnership and for that purpose may possess the partnership property provided they secure the payment by bond approved by the court or pay to any partner who has caused the dissolution wrongfully the value of his interest in the partnership at the dissolution less any damages recoverable under clause (2a II) of this section and in like manner indemnify him against all present or future partnership liabilities

(c) A partner who has caused the dissolution wrongfully shall have

I If the business is not continued under the provisions of paragraph (2b) all the rights of a partner under paragraph (1) subject to clause (2a II) of this section

II If the business is continued under paragraph (2b) of this section the right as against his co-partners and all claiming through them in respect of their interests in the partnership to have the value of his interest in the partnership less any damages caused to his co-partners by the dissolution ascertained and paid to him in cash or the payment secured by bond approved by the court and to be released from all existing liabilities of the partnership but in ascertaining the value of the partner's interest the value of the good-will of the business shall not be considered

Section 39 [Rights Where Partnership is Dissolved for Fraud or Misrepresentation] Where a partnership contract is rescinded on the ground of the fraud or misrepresentation of one of the parties thereto the party entitled to rescind is without prejudice to any other right entitled

(a) To a lien on or right or retention of the surplus of the partnership property after satisfying the partnership liabilities to third persons for any sum of money paid by him for the purchase of an interest in the patrnership and for any capital or advances contributed by him and

(b) To stand after all liabilities to third persons have been satisfied in the place of the creditors of the partnership for any payments made by him in respect of the partnership liabilities and

(c) To be indemnified by the person guilty of the fraud or making the representation against all debts and liabilities of the partnership

Section 40 [Rules for Distribution] In settling accounts between the partners after dissolution the following rules shall be observed subject to any agreement to the contrary

(a) The assets of the partnership are

I The partnership property

II The contributions of the partners necessary for the payment of all the liabilities specified in clause (b) of this prargraph

(b) The liabilities of the partnership shall rank in order of payment as follows

I Those owing to creditors other than partners

II Those owing to partners other than for capital and profits
III Those owing to partners in respect of capital
IV Those owing to partners in respect of profits
(c) The assets shall be applied in order of their declaration in clause (a) of this paragraph to the satisfaction of the liabilities

(d) The partners shall contribute as provided by section eighteen (a) the amount necessary to satisfy the liabilities but if any but not all of the partners are insolvent or not being subject to process refuse to contribute the other partners shall contribute their share of the liabilities and in the relative proportions in which they share the profits the additional amount necessary to pay the liabilities
(e) An assignee for the benefit of creditors or any person appointed by the court shall have the right to enforce the contributions specified in clause (d) of this pragarph
(f) Any partner or his legal representatives shall have the right to enforce the contributions specified in clause (d) of this paragraph to the extent of the amount which he has paid in excess of his share of the liability
(g) The individual property of a deceased partner shall be liable for the contributions specified in clause (d) of this paragraph
(h) When partnership property and the individual properties of the partners are in the possession of a court for distribution partnership creditors shall have priority on partnership property and separate creditors on individual property saving the rights of lien or secured creditors as heretofore
(i) Where a partner has become bankrupt or his estate is insolvent the claims against his separate property shall rank in the following order
I Those owing to separate creditors
II Those owing to partnership creditors
III Those owing to partners by way of contribution

Section 41 [Liability of Persons Continuing the Business in Certain Cases] (1) When any new partner is admitted into an existing partnership or when any partner retires and assigns (or the representative of of the deceased partner assigns) his rights in partnership property to two or more of the partners or to one or more of the partners and one or more third persons if the business is continued without liquidation of the partnership affairs creditors of the first or dissolved partnership are also creditors of the partnership so continuing the business
(2) When all but one partner retire and assign (or the representative of a deceased partner assigns) their rights in partnership property to the remaining partner who continues the business without liquidation of partnership affairs either alone or with others creditors of the dissolved partnership are also creditors of the person or partnership so continuing the business
(3) When any partner retires or dies and the business of the dissolved partnership is contiuued as set forth in paragraphs (1) and (2) of this section with the consent of the retired partners or the representative of the deceased partner but wihout any assignment of his right in partnership property rights of creditors of the dissolved partnership and of the creditors of the person or partnership continuing the business shall be as if such assignment had been made

(4) When all the partners or their representatives assign their rights in partnership property to one or more third persons who promise to pay the debts and who continue the business of the dissolved patrnership creditors of the dissolved partnership are also creditors of the person or partnership continuing the business
(5) When any partner wrongfully causes a dissolution and the remaining partners continue the business under the provisions of section thirty-eight (2b) either alone or with others and without liquidation of the partnership affairs creditors of the dissolved partnership are also creditors of the person or partnership continuing the business
(6) When a partner is expelled and the remaining partners continue the business either alone or with others without liquidation of the partnership affairs creditors of the dissolved partnership are also creditors of the person or partnership continuing the business
(7) The liability of a third person becoming a partner in the partnership continuing the business under this section to the creditors of the dissolved partnership shall be satisfied out of partnership property only
(8) When the business of a partnership after dissolution is continued under any conditions set forth in this section the creditor of the dissolved partnership as against the separate crediors of the retiring or deceased partner or the representative of the deceased partner have a prior right to any claim of the retired partner or the representative of the deceased partner against the person or parnership continuing the business on account of the retired or deceased partner's interest in the dissolved partnership or on account of any consideration promised for such interest or for his right in partnership property
(9) Nothing in this section shall be held to modify any right of creditors to set aside any assignment on the ground of fraud
(10) The use by the person or partnership continuing the business of the partnership name or the name of a deceased partner as part thereof shall not of itself make the individual property of the deceased partner liable for any debts contracted by such person or partnership

Section 42 [Rights of Retiring or Estates of Deceased Partners When the Business is Continued] When any partner retires or dies and the business is continued under any of the conditions set forth in section forty-one (one two three five six) or section thirty-eight (2b) without any settlement of accounts as between him or his estate and the person or partnership continuing the business unless otherwise agreed he or his legal representative as against such persons or partnership may have the value of his interest at the date of dissolution ascertained and shall receive as an ordinary creditor an amount equal to the value of his interest in the dissolved partnership with interest or at his option or at the option of his legal representative in lieu of interest the profits attributable to the use of his right in the property of the dissolved partnership provided that the creditors of the dissolved partnership as against the separate creditors or the representatives of the retired or deceased partner shall have priority on any claim arising under this section as provided by section forty-one (eight) of this act

Section 43 [Accrual of Actions] The right to an account of his interest shall accrue to any partner or his legal representative as against the winding up partners or the surviving partners or the persons or partnership continuing the business at the date of dissolution in the absence of any agreement to the contrary

The forty-fourth section of the bill was read as follows:

PART VII

Miscellaneous Provisions

Section 44 [When Act Takes Effect] This act shall take effect on the ----------day of ----------one thousand nine hundred and--------

On the question,
Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr .JENKINS. Mr. President, I move to amend section 44, in line 4, by inserting before the word "day" the word "first"; also in line 4, by inserting before the word "one" the word "July"; also in line "five" by inserting after the word "and" the word "fifteen" so that section 44 shall read: "This act shall take effect on the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred and fifteen."

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,
Will the Senate agree to the amendment?
It was agreed to.
On the question,
Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?
It was agreed to,
The forty-fifth section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 45 [Legislation Repealed] The following acts are hereby repealed
The act approved the sixth day of April one thousand eight hundred and seventy entitled "An Act declaring that where a loan to a firm association or corporation upon the terms of receiving a share of the profits shall not constitute the party so making the loan a co-partner
The act approved the eighth day of April one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three entitled 'An Act supplementary to an act relating to executions passed the sixteenth day of June one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six"

On the question,
Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. JENKINS. Mr. President, I move to amend section 45, in line 10, by striking out the word "one"; also in line 11, by striking out the words "thousand eight," and inserting in lieu thereof the word "eighteen."

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,
Will the Senate agree to the amendment?
It was agreed to.
On the question,
Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?
It was agreed to.
The forty-sixth section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 46 [Legislation not Affected] Nothing in this act shall be deemed to repeal any of the following acts
The act approved the sixth day of April one thousand eight hundred and thirty entitled 'An Act for the furtherance of justice between obligors and obligees and other creditors and debtors"
The first section of the act approved the fourteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred and thirty-eight entitled "An Act relating to the commencement of actions to appeals from county auditors and for other purposes"
The nineteenth section of the act approved the thirtieth day of October one thousand eight hundred and forty entitled "An Act relating to orphans' courts and for other purposes"
The third fourth and fifth sections of the act approved the eleventh day of April one thousand eight hundred and forty-eight entitled "A supplement to an act entitled an 'Act relative to the Le Raysville Phalanx' passed March Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and forty-seven and relative to obligors and obligees to secure the right of married women in relation to defalcation and to extend the boundaries of the borough of Ligonier"
The thirteenth and fourteenth sections of the act approved the fourteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred and fifty-one entitled 'An Act relating to the commencement of actions to judgments and decrees for the payment of money to widows and children of decedents to partitions in the common pleas relative to penalties on telegraph operators to pleadings in certain actions of death to actions of ejectments to the protection of fences to partnerships to limitations of writs of entries in manors lands and tenements to the exemption laws to reports of the Supreme Court to appeals relating to wards boroughs and townships officers to the acknowledgments of deeds and sequestration of life estates"
The act approved the twenty-second day of March one thousand eight hundred and sixty-two entitled "An Act relating to co-partners and joint debtors"
The first section of the act approved the fifteenth day of June one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one entitled "An Act to promote industrial partnerships"

On the question,
Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. JENKINS. Mr. President, I move to amend section 46 in line 10 by striking out the word "thirtieth" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "thirteenth"; also in line 15, by striking out the words "an Act" an inserting in lieu thereof the words "'An act" with single quotation before the word "An"; also in line 24, by inserting after the word "to" the word "the"; also in line 28, by striking out the word "entries" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "entry"; also in line 30 by striking out the word "townships" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "township."

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The title of the bill was read as follows and agreed to:

An Act relating to and regulating partnerships

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate bill No. 56, as follows:

An Act for the prevention of fraud and deception by prohibiting the use of added artificial coloring matter in such edible alimentary pastes as macaroni spaghetti vermicelli and noodles

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authoriy of the same That it shall be unlawful for any person firm or corporation by himself herself itself or themselves or by his her its or their agents servants or employes to sell offer for sale expose for sale or have in possession with intent to sell such edible alimentary pastes as macaroni spaghetti vermicelli and noodles containing any added artificial coloring matter

Section 2 Any person firm or corporation who shall violate any of the provisions of this act shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than twenty-five ($25) dollars nor more than two hundred ($200) dollars or to undergo an imprisonment of not less than thirty (30) days nor more than sixty (60) days or both or either at the discretion of the court

Section 3 The Dairy and Food Commissioner shall be charged with the enforcement of the provisions of this act

Section 4 All fines and penalties imposed and recovered for the violation of any of the provisions of this act shall be paid to the Dairy and Food Commissioner or his agent and when so collected and paid shall thereafter be by the Dairy and Food Commissioner paid into the State Treasury for the use of the Commonwealth

Section 5 This act shall go into full force and effect upon its passage and approval provided however that no penalty shall be imposed for a violation of its provisions as to domestic products or foreign products imported prior to three months after its passage and approval

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 62, as follows:

An Act to protect the public from the unlawful use of bottles jars vessels or other packages in the safe exchange and delivery of milk and cream and their products and providing penalties for such use

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That any person who after being duly notified by the owner not to use shall use any bottle jar vessel or other package of such owner upon which is stamped blown or engraved the name title or mark of the owner without the consent of the owner in the sale exchange and delivery of milk or cream or their products shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and on conviction thereof shall be fined not exceeding one hundred dollars ($100) or imprisoned not exceeding six months or both at the discretion of the court

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 186 (House Bill No. 108) entitled:

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to section one article eight of the Constitution of Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 197, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Hospital for the Criminal Insane at Farview to cover deficiency in maintenance and equipment of said hospital

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of eleven thousand dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the trustees of the State Hospital for the Criminal Insane to cover deficiencies in maintenance and equipment incurred by the said Board of trustees of the State Hospital for the Criminal Insane for the two fiscal years ending May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 206, as follows:

An Act to regulate cold storage of certain articles of food and providing penalties for the violations of the provisions of this act

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That for the purpose of this act "cold storage" shall mean the storage or keeping of articles of food at or below a temperature above zero of forty-five degrees Fahrenheit in a cold storage warehouse "cold storage warehouse" shall mean any place artificially cooled to or below a temperature above zero of forty-five degrees Fahrenheit in which articles of food are placed and held for thirty days or more "articles of food" shall mean fresh meat and fresh meat products and all fresh food fish game poultry eggs and butter

Section 2 No person firm or corporation shall maintain or operate a cold storage warehouse without a license so to do issued by the Dairy and Food Commissioner Any person firm or corporation desiring such a license shall make written application to the Dairy and Food Commissioner for that purpose stating the location of the warehouse The Dairy and Food Commissioner thereupon shall cause an examination to be made of said warehouse and if it be found by him to be in a proper sanitary condition and otherwise properly equipped for its intended use he shall issue a license authorizing the applicant to operate the same as a cold storage warehouse during one year. The license shall be issued upon payment by the applicant of a license fee of fifty dollars to the Treasurer of the State

Section 3 In case any cold storage warehouse or any part thereof shall at any time be deemed by the Dairy and Food Commissioner to be in an unsanitary condition or not properly equipped for its intended use he shall notify the license of such condition and upon the failure of the license to put such cold storage warehouse in a sanitary condition or to properly equip the same for its intended use within a time to be designated by the Dairy and Food Commissioner he shall revoke such license

Section 4 Every such license shall keep accurate records of the articles of food received in and of the articles of food withdrawn from his cold storage warehouse and the Dairy and Food Commissioner shall have free access to such records at any time Every such licensee shall submit a monthly report to the Dairy and Food Commissioner setting forth in itemized particulars the quantities and kinds of food in his cold storage warehouse Such monthly reports shall be filed on or before the fifth day of each month and the reports so rendered shall show the conditions existing on the last day of the preceding month reported and a summary of such reports shall be prepared by the Dairy and Food Commissioner and shall be open to public inspection on or before the tenth of each month

Section 5 The Dairy and Food Commissioner shall inspect and supervise all cold storage warehouses and make such inspection of articles of food therein as he may deem

necessary to secure the proper enforcement of this act and he shall have access to all cold storage warehouses at all reasonable times The Dairy and Food Commissioner may appoint such persons as he deems qualified to make any inspection under this act

Section 6 No article of food intended for human consumption shall be placed received or kept in any cold storage warehouse if diseased tainted otherwise unfit for human consumption or in such condition that it will not keep wholesome for human consumption No article of food for use other than for human consumption shall be placed received or kept in any cold storage warehouse unless previously marked in accordance with forms to be prescribed by the Dairy and Food Commissioner in such a way as to indicate plainly the fact that such article of food is not to be sold or used for human food

Section 7 No person firm or corporation shall place receive or keep any cold storage warehouse in this State articles of food unless the same shall be plainly marked stamped or tagged either upon the container in which they are packed or upon the article of food itself with the date when placed therein and no person firm or corporation shall remove or allow to be removed such article of food from any cold storage warehouse unless the same shall be plainly marked stamped or tagged either on the container in which it is enclosed or upon the article of food itself with the date of such removal and such marks stamps and tags shall be "prima facie" evidence of such receipt and removal and of the dates thereof All articles of food in any cold storage warehouse at the time this act goes into effect shall before being removed therefrom be plainly marked stamped or tagged with the date when this act goes into effect and the date of removal therefrom

Section 8 No person firm or corporation shall hereafter keep or permit to remain in any cold storage warehouse any article of food which has been held in cold storage either within or without the State for a longer aggregate period than twelve months except with the consent of the Dairy and Food Commissioner as hereinafter provded The Dairy and Food Commissioner shall upon application during the twelfth month extend the period of cold storage beyond twelve months for any particular article of food provided the same is found upon examination to be in proper condition for further cold storage The length of time for which such further storage is allowed shall be specified in the order granting the permission A report on each case in which such extension of storage may be permitted including information relating to the reason for the action of the Dairy and Food Commissioner the kinds and amounts of the articles of food for which the storage period was extended and the length of time for which this continuance was granted shall be filed open to public inspection in the office of the Dairy and Food Commissioner and shall be included in his annual report Such extension shall be not more than sixty days a second extension of not more than sixty days may be granted upon a re-examination but the entire extended period shall be not more than one hundred and twenty days in all

Section 9 It shall be unlawful to sell or to offer for sale any article of food which has been held for a period of thirty days or over in cold storage either within or without the State without notifying persons purchasing or intending to purchase the same that it has been so held by the display of a placard plainly and conspicuously marked "Cold Storage Goods" and the bulk mass or articles of food and it shall be unlawful to represent or advertise as fresh any article of food which has been held in cold storage for a period of thirty days or over

Section 10 It shall be unlawful to return to any cold storage warehouse any article of food which has been once released from storage for the purpose of placing it on the market for sale It shall be unlawful to transfer any article of food from one cold storage warehouse to another if such transfer is made for the purpose of avoiding any provision of this act and such transfer shall be unlawful unless all prior stampings markings and taggings upon such article shall remain thereon

Section 11 The Dairy and Food Commissioner may make all necessary rules and regulations to carry this act into effect Such rules and regulations shall be filed in the Commissioner's office and shall not take effect until thirty (30) days after such filing

Section 12 Any person firm or corporation violating any provision of this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and shall upon conviction be punished for the first offense by a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars ($500) and for the second or any subsequent offense by a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars ($1,000) or by imprisonment of not more than six months or by both such fine and imprisonment in the discretion of the court

Section 13 This Act shall be so interpreted and construed as to effect its general purpose to make uniform the law of those states which enact it

Section 14 This act may be cited as the Uniform Cold Storage Act

Section 15 All Acts or parts of acts inconsistent with this act are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 249, as follows:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An act to amend an act entitled "An Act authorizing companies incorporated under the laws of any other State of the United States for the manufacture of any form of iron steel or glass to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments and to take have and hold real estate necessary and proper for manufacturing purposes" approved the ninth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one extending the same to companies formed for the purpose of quarrying slate granite stone or rocks or for dressing polishing working or manufacturing the same or any of them and to mineral springs companies incorporated for the purpose of bottling and selling natural mineral springs water approved the sixteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three' approved the nineteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one extending the same to companies formed for the purposes of manufacturing and selling chemicals foodstuffs cement and cement products and the quarrying of cement rock" approved May twenty-eight one thousand nine hundred and seven extending the same to companies incorporated for the manufacture buying selling leasing using and operation of electrical apparatus and machinery and articles of every kind appertaining to or in any wise connected with the production use regulation control distribution or application of electricity or electrical energy or products for any use or purpose constructing acquiring using selling buying or leasing any works constructions or plant or part thereof connected with or involving such use distribution regulation control or application of electricity or the control of use of electrical apparatus for any purpose and of producing furnishing and supplying electricity or electrical apparatus in any form and for any purpose and to carry on a general manufacturing business'" approved the twenty-third day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven by extending the same to companies incorporated for the purpose of refining manufacturing or sale of petroleum and petroleum products

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section one of an act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act authorizing companies incorporated under the laws of any other state of the United States for the manufacturer of any form of iron steel or glass to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments and to take have and hold real estate necessary and proper for manufacturing purposes" approved the ninth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one extending the same to companies formed for the purpose of quarrying slate granite stone or rocks or for dressing polishing working or manufacturing the same or any of them and to mineral springs companies incorporated for the purpose of bottling and selling natural mineral springs water approved the sixteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three' approved the nineteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one extending the same to companies formed for the purposes of manufacturing and selling chemicals foodstuffs cement and cement products and the quarrying of cement rock" approved May twenty-eight one thousand nine hundred and seven extending the same to companies incorporated for the manufacture buying selling leasing using and operation of electrical apparatus and machinery and articles of every kind appertaining to or in any wise connected with the production use regulation control distribution or application of electricity or electrical energy or products for any use or purpose constructing acquiring using selling buying or leasing any works construction or plant or part thereof connected with or involving such use distribution regulation control or application of electricity or the control or use of electrical apparatus for any purpose and of producing furnishing and supplying electricity or electrical apparatus in any form and for any purpose and to carry on a general manufacturing business'" approved the twenty-third day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven which reads as follows

"It shall and may be lawful for any company incorporated under the laws of any other State for the manufacture of any form of iron steel or glass or for the quarrying of slate granite cement rock stone or rocks of any kind or for dressing polishing or manufacturing the same or any of them or for any mineral springs company incorporated for the purpose of bottling and selling natural mineral springs water or for any company incorporated for the purpose of manufacturing supplying and sale of ice or for the manufacture and sale of chemicals or for the manufacture and sale of foodstuffs and eatables cement and cement products and the quarrying of cement rock or for the manufacture buying selling leasing using and operation of electrical apparatus and machinery and articles of every kind appertaining to or in any wise connected with the production use regulation control distribution or application of electricity or electrical energy or products for any use or purpose constructing acquiring using selling buying or leasing any works construction or plant or part thereof connected with or in-

volving such use distribution regulation control or application of electricity or the control or use of electrical apparatus for any purpose and of producing furnishing and supplying electricity or electrical apparatus in any form and for any purpose and to carry on a general manufacturing business to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments within this Commonwealth and to have and hold real estate to an amount necessary and proper therefor Provided that nothing herein contained shall be deemed to prevent or relieve real estate taken and held by such company under the provisions of this statute from being taxed in like manner with other real estate within this Commonwealth And provided further That no foreign corporation shall be entitled to employ any greater amount of capital in any such business in this State than the same kind or corporations organized under the laws of this State are entitled to employ And provided further That every such foreign corporation doing business as aforesaid in this Commonwealth shall be liable to taxation to an amount not exceeding that imposed on corporations organized for similar purposes under the laws of this State and every such foreign corporation taking the benefit of this act shall make the same returns to the Auditor General that are now required by law of the corporations of this State" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

It shall and may be lawful for any company incorporated under the laws of any other State for the manufacture of any form of iron steel or glass or for the quarrying of slate granite cement rock stone or rocks of any kind or for dressing polishing or manufacturing the same or any of them or for any mineral springs company incorporated for the purpose of bottling and selling natural mineral springs water or for any company incorporated for the purpose of manufacturing supplying and sale of ice or for the manufacture and sale of chemicals or for the manufacture and sale of foodstuffs and eatables cement and cement products and the quarrying of cement rock or for the manufacture buying selling leasing using and operation of electrical apparatus and machinery and articles of every kind appertaining to or in any wise connected with the production use regulation control distribution or application of electricity or electrical energy or products for any use or purpose constructing acquiring using selling buying or leasing any works construction or plant or part thereof connected with or involving such use distribution regulation control or application of electricity or the control or use of electrical apparatus for any purpose and of producing furnishing and supplying electricity or electrical apparatus in any form and for any purpose and to carry on a general manufacturing business or for the refining manufacturing or sale of petroleum and petroleum products to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments within this Commonwealth and to have and hold real estate to an amount necessary and proper therefor Provided that nothing herein contained shall be deemed to prevent or relieve real estate taken and held by such company under the provisions of this statute from being taxed in like manner with other real estate within this Commonwealth And provided further That no foreign corporation shall be entitled to employ any greater amount of capital in any such business in this State than the same kind of corporations organized under the laws of this State are entitled to employ And provided further That every such foreign corporation doing business as aforesaid in this Commonwealth shall be liable to taxation to an amount not exceeding that imposed on corporations organized for similar purposes under the laws of this State and every such foreign corporation taking the benefit of this act shall make the same returns to the Auditor General that are now required by law of the corporations of this State

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be laid aside for third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 250, as follows:

An Act to give additional protection to the fish in the waters within the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania prohibiting the fishing for or capture or killing of such fish by unnaturalized foreign-born residents and prescribing penalties for violation of its provisions

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from and after the passage of this act it shall be unlawful for any unnaturalized foreign-born resident to go fishing for or capture or kill in this Commonwealth any fish of any description Each and every person violating any provisions of this section shall upon conviction thereof be sentenced to pay a penalty of twenty dollars for each offense or undergo imprisonment in the common jail of the county for the period of one day for each dollar of penalty imposed

Section 2 For the purpose of this act any unnaturalized foreign-born person who shall reside or live within the boundaries of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania for ten consecutive days shall be considered a resident and shall be liable to the penalties imposed for violation of the provisions of this act

Section 3 From and after the passage of this act any justice of the peace alderman or magistrate upon information or complaint made to him by affidavit of one or more persons charging any person or persons with having violated the provisions of this act is hereby authorized and required to issue his warrant under his hand and seal directed to any constable peace officer or warden and cause such person or persons to be arrested and brought before such justice alderman or magistrate who shall hear and determine the guilt or innocence of the person or persons so charged and if convicted upon such charge shall be sentenced by said justice alderman or magistrate severally to pay the fine or fines penalty or penalties provided in this act for such violations together with the costs of suit the whole of said fine shall be paid over forthwith to the treasurer of the county in which the prosecution was brought and said county treasurer shall pay over the same forthwith to the Commissioner of Fisheries for the benefit of the Commonwealth Provided That in case the defendant or defendants shall neglect to pay at once the fine or fines so imposed said defendant or defendants shall forthwith be sentenced to undergo imprisonment in the county jail of the county where such conviction takes place for the period of one day for each dollar of fine so imposed and unpaid unless the defendant or defendants upon conviction shall give notice of intention to appeal when such defendant or defendants shall be permitted to enter into good and sufficient recognizance to appear before such justice alderman or magistrate on or before the expiration of five days if such appeal is not taken by them or on the final determination of such appeal if it be not sustained for execution of sentence Provided also That all actions for any violation of any of the provisions of this act must be taken within one year from the time the offense was committed and when necessary to properly conduct any case before any alderman justice of the peace magistrate or any court the Commissioner of Fisheries is authorized to employ legal counsel

Section 4 From and after the passage of this act any fish commissioner fish warden deputy warden sheriff deputy sheriff constable or any special officer or any peace officer in this Commonwealth is hereby authorized and commanded to forthwith apprehend and arrest any person or persons who may be guilty of violating the provisions of this act and take such person or persons before any justice of the peace alderman or magistrate and thereupon make charge of such violation of this act and the justice of the peace alderman or magistrate shall forthwith hear and determine the charge as provided in section three of this act and in case any fish commissioner fish warden or any officer named above fails to prove his case and the defendant or defendants are discharged or in case the defendant or defendants are convicted and are sent to jail in lieu of the payment of fine or fines penalty or penalties the county in which the case is heard shall pay the costs Such arrests may also be made on Sunday in which case the person or persons so arrested for safe keeping may be committed to the jail or lock-up for that day but shall be taken before the proper magistrate and proceeded against on a week day following the arrest

Section 5 All Acts or parts of acts inconsistent with this act are repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 266 (House Bill No. 213) entitled:

An Act validating certain ordinances of cities and boroughs and the contracts or payments made in pursuance thereof

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILL OVER IN ORDER.

Mr. CROW. Mr. President, I ask that Senate Bill No. 268 (House Bill No. 206) on second reading, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the payment of the expense of publication of amendments to the Constitution for the three years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and twelve and directing the Auditor-General and the State Treasurer to cause the same to be paid

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 280, as follows:

An Act declaring certain municipal liens filed for grading paving macadamizing or otherwise improving public streets or parts thereof by the several boroughs under an act approved the twelfth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act empowering boroughs of this Commonwealth without petition of the property owners to grade pave curb macadamize and otherwise improve public streets or parts thereof and assess a portion of the cost of the same on the owners of property abutting thereon and providing for the collection of the same" and authorizing the amendment of the claims in certain particulars

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That when heretofore any public street or part thereof of any borough has been graded paved curbed macadamized or otherwise improved under the provisions of an act approved the twelfth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act empowering boroughs of this Commonwealth without petition of the property owners to grade pave curb macadamize and otherwise improve public streets or parts thereof and assess a portion of the cost of the same on the owners of property abutting thereon and providing for the collection of the same" and a lien or liens have been filed within the time fixed by the said act with the corporate name of the borough as claimant and plaintiff against the owner or owners named as defendants describing the property or properties against which liens are filed and designating the nature and kind of work done the time when the same was completed and the amount assessed against such property any such liens are hereby declared valid and subsisting liens as provided by said act and the original claim may be amended by the attorney or solicitor of any such borough filing an amended claim setting forth the proper act and authority under which the lien was filed the limits of the street or portion thereof improved whether the improvement was of the cartway or sidewalk the feet frontage of the property and the cost per foot of such improvement

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 300, as follows:

An Act to validate appraisements and titles made and effected to surviving husbands and wives by virtue of an act entitled "An Act to amend section one of an act entitled 'An Act relating to the descent and distribution of the estates of intestates' passed and approved April eighth one thousand eight hundred and thirty-three defining and declaring the interest that shall descend to and vest in the surviving husband or wife of such intestate" approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred nine Pamphlet Laws eighty-seven

Whereas by misapprehension of the method of appraisement to be made under an act entitled "An Act to amend section one of an act entitled 'An Act relating to the descent and distribution of the estates of intestates passed and approved April eighth one thousand eight hundred and thirty-three defining and declaring the interest that shall descent and distribution of the estates of intestates' passed and approved proved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine a great many appraisements have been made by two appraisers and confirmed by the court instead of three appraisers and titles to real estate and personal property have thus been affected and acquired" now therefore

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That all appraisements of real and personal estate of intestates heretofore made and approved by decree of the Orphans' Court in pursuance of the act entitled "An Act to amend section one of an act entitled 'An Act relating to the descent and distribution of the estates of intestates' passed and approved April eighth one thousand eight hundred and thirty-three defining and declaring the interest that shall descend to and vest in the surviving husband or wife of such intestate" approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine are hereby declared to be valid and effectual to vest in the husband or wife the title of such intestates in the real estate or personal property so appraised to them or each of them and approved by decree of the Orphans' Court Provided however that this act shall not affect any litigation now pending in any court of this Commonwealth under the act as amended

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order.

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 305, as follows:

An Act relating to appeals from the reports of auditors of boroughs townships and poor districts

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That in any proceeding in the court of common pleas upon an appeal from a report of auditors of any borough township or poor district the accounts of the officer or officers in question may be investigated de novo but the figures and facts found and stated by the auditors in their report of audit shall be taken as prima facie correct as against any such officer and the burden shall be upon each officer whose accounts are in question of establishing the credits to which he shall be entitled

Section 2 That when more than one appeal from a report of such auditors shall have been taken whether by the municipality or district an officer or officers thereof or by a taxpayer or any or all of them the court of common pleas shall upon petition of any party interested direct the several appeals to be disposed of in a single proceeding

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 330 (House Bill No. 17) entitled:

An Act to provide for an additional law judge of the several courts of twelfth judicial district

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 338, as follows:

An Act requiring and regulating the declaring and posting of the vote at election districts at a primary election

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That at the primary election at each election district the vote as soon as counted shall be publicly and fully declared from the window to the citizens present and a brief statement showing the votes received by each candidate shall be made and signed by the election officers as soon as the vote is counted and shall be immediately posted up on the door of the election house or polling place for the information of the public

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 164, entitled:

An Act to promote the health and efficiency of firemen in cities of the second class by providing for a two platoon system for firemen in the department of public safety of such cities

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 167, entitled:

An Act to amend section three of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the appointment of Game Commissioners for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania defining their duties and empowering them to appoint game protectors" approved the twenty-fifth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five as amended by the act of the fifteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven Pamphlet Laws nine hundred and sixty

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 176, entitled:

An Act to provide for the better protection and preservation of deer and elk and certain birds classed as game birds within the Commonwealth providing a method through which certain lands in the Commonwealth may be closed to hunting for a term of years and prescribing penalties for violation of its several provisions

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 264 (House Bill No. 40) entitled:

An Act defining the mountain laurel (kalmia latifolia) as the flower emblem or State flower of this Commonwealth

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 267 (House Bill No. 219) entitled:

An Act granting to boroughs and incorporated towns the right of eminent domain for certain purposes and regulating the procedure thereunder

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 320, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-seventh day of June one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation regulation and goverment of cities of the third class regulating nomination and election of municipal officers therein and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto"

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 336, entitled:

An Act to amend the fifth section of an act approved the nineteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four entitled "An Act relating to the organization and jurisdiction of orphans' courts and to establish a separate orphans' court in and for counties having more than one hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants and to provide for the election of judges thereof" as amended by an act approved the sixth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled "An Act to further amend the fifth section of an act entitled 'An Act relating to the organization and jurisdiction of the orphans' court and establishing a separate orphans' court in and for counties having more than one hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants and to provide for the election of judges thereof" approved May nineteenth Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred seventy-four as amended by an act approved the twenty-ninth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven fixing and determining the salaries of the assistant clerks of said court" by vesting the appointment of the first assistant clerk of said courts in the respective judges thereof and providing that this amendment shall not apply to counties having a population over seven hundred thousand

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 339, entitled:

An Act regulating the collection of county taxes in certain counties creating the office of receiver of taxes in such counties and prescribing the powers and duties of said officer

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 343, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-seventh day of June one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation regulation and government of cities of the third class regulating nomination and election of municipal officers therein and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto"

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 351 (House Bill No. 176) entitled:

An Act requiring county commissioners in certain counties to provide quarters in the county buildings for the official county association of physicians and surgeons

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 206, entitled:

An Act to regulate cold storage of certain articles of food and providing penalties for the violations of the provisions of this act

which was read today the second time, be recommitted to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

Mr. GERBERICH. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

TIME OF NEXT MEETING.

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to offer a resolution at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. SPROUL offered the following resolution which was twice read, considered and agreed to.

Resolved (If the House of Representatives concur), That when the Senate adjourns this week it shall reconvene on Monday evening, March fifteenth, at nine-thirty o'clock; and when the House of Representatives adjourns this week it shall reconvene on Monday evening, March fifteenth, at nine o'clock.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to read bills in place at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. KLINE read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 437, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the eighth day of April, one thousand eight hundred thirty-three, entitled "An Act relating to last wills and testaments," by conferring the same rights upon the mother as upon the father.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 438, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the tenth day of June, one thousand eight hundred eighty-one, entitled "An Act to enable mothers in certain cases to appoint testamentary guardians," by extending certain rights to mothers.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 439, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Arsenal Park Monument Association of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

HOUSE MESSAGE.

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced, presented extracts from the Journal of the House which were laid upon the table.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Private Secretary to the Governor being introduced, presented communication in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which was read as follows:

NOTARIES PUBLIC.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, March 8, 1915.

The Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons to be Notaries Public for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, for the term of four years, to compute from the date of confirmation:

DAUPHIN COUNTY.

Harry Bruce Mumma, Harrisburg.
John J. Buffington, Gratz.
Abraham J. Dewhirst, Harrisburg.
Joseph J. Parialo, Harrisburg.
Charles A. Fornwald, Harrisburg.
Max A. Kohn, Steelton.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

EXECUTIVE SESSION.

By unanimous consent,

A motion was made by Mr. CROW,

That Rule 38 which requires nominations made by the Governor to be referred to proper committees and when reported from committee to lie over one day be dispensed with, and the Senate do now resolve itself into executive session, for the purpose of acting on the foregoing nominations, and the nominations reported from the Committee on Executive Nominations at to-day's session.

Which was agreed to,

Whereupon,

A motion was made by Mr. CROW,

That the Senate do advise and consent to said nominations.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—49.

Beidleman,	Gyger,	McConnell,	Smith, R. E.,
Buckman,	Hackett,	McKee, W. S.,	Smith, W. W.,
Burke,	Hilton,	McNichol,	Snyder, C. A.,
Catlin,	Hindman,	Miller,	Snyder, P. W.,
Clark,	Hoke,	Mills,	Sones,
Croft,	Homsher,	Moore,	Sproul,
Crow,	Jenkins,	Patton,	Stewart,
Daix,	Kline,	Phipps,	Thompson,
DeWitt,	Kurtz,	Salus,	Tompkins,
Endsley,	Lynch,	Schantz,	Vare,
Farley,	Magee, C. J.,	Semmens,	Warner,
Gerberich,	Martin,	Sensenich,	Wasbers,
Graff,			

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Governor be informed accordingly.

HOUSE CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL NO. 43.

The Chair cleared his table and laid before the Senate communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has concurred in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 43, entitled:

An Act authorizing Peter C. Kuhn of Scranton Lackawanna County to sue the Commonwealth

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 30.

He also laid before the Senate communication from the House of Representatives returning to the Senate, Senate Bill No. 30, entitled:

Amending section seven of an act entitled "An Act to establish a county court for the County of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof" approved the fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven as amended by changing the practice in desertion and non-support cases

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 27.

He also laid before the Senate communication from the House of Representatives returning to the Senate, Senate Bill No. 27, entitled:

A further supplement to an act entitled "An Act to establish a county court for the County of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof" approved the fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven consituting the said court the Juvenile Court of said county and prescribing its organization jurisdiction and powers therein and otherwise

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

RECESS.

Mr. LYNCH. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now take a recess for fifteen minutes.

Mr. THOMPSON. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

AFTER RECESS.

The PRESIDENT. The time of recess having elapsed, the Senate will be in order.

HOUSE BILLS FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced presented for concurrence bills of the House of Representatives as follows:

House Bill No. 464 (Senate Bill No. 440), entitled:

An Act relating to balloons and imposing a penalty

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

House Bill No. 529 (Senate Bill No. 441), entitled:

An Act supplementary to an act entitled "An Act regulating the confinement of children under the age of sixteen years awaiting trial" approved the third day of April one thousand nine hundred and three providing for the separation of dependent and neglected children from incorrigible and delinquent children in places of detention of minors in the custody of the juvenile court of the several counties

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

House Bill No. 543 (Senate Bill No. 442), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the ninth day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to provide for the appointment of deputy prothonotaries in counties of this Commonwealth having a population of more than two hundred and fifty thousand and less than a million and defining their qualifications powers and salary"

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

House Bill No. 268 (Senate Bill No. 443), entitled:

An act to amend section one of article eight of the act entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation regulation and government of cities of the third class regulating nomination and election of municipal officers therein and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto" approved the twenty-seventh day of June one thousand nine hundred thirteen

Which was committed to the Committee on Municipal Affairs.

House Bill No. 513 (Senate Bill No. 444), entitled:

An Act relating to the satisfaction of mortgages under power of attorney directed to the recorder of deeds

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

House Bill No. 536 (Senate Bill No. 445), entitled:

An Act concerning the relations between attorney and client on suit being brought in any court of this Commonwealth and providing that the attorney shall have a lien for his compensation for his services upon the client's cause of action claim or counter-claim which shall attach to any award order report decision compromise settlement verdict or judgment in the client's favor and the proceeds thereof in whosoever hands the same may be and which lien shall not be affected or defeated by any compromise or settlement between the parties before or after trial

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

House Bill No. 515 (Senate Bill No. 446), entitled:

An Act requiring all public printing and the processes used in doing such printing to be done within the territorial limits of this Commonwealth

Which was committed to the Committee on Public Printing.

BILL ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now proceed to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 289, on third reading, entitled:

An Act amending section nine of an act, as amended by the act of the seventeenth of April one thousand nine hundred and five pamphlet laws one hundred and eighty-five approved the fifth day of May one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine entitled "An Act supplementing and amending an act entitled 'An Act to establish an intermediate court of appeal regulating its constitution officers jurisdiction powers practice and its relation to the Supreme Court and other courts providing for the reports of its decisions the compensation of the judges and other officers and the practice and costs on appeals from its judgments' approved June twenty-fourth Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five" and increasing the amount to which the judges of the Superior Court shall be entitled to be reimbursed for the sums expended by them in each year for the help of stenographers typewriters or clerks and regulating the time and manner of such reimbursement

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 289, as follows:

An Act Amending section nine of an act as amended by the act of seventeenth April one thousand nine hundred and five Pamphlet Laws one hundred and eighty-five approved the fifth day of May one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine entitled "An Act supplementing and amending an act entitled 'An Act to establish an intermediate court of appeal regulating its constitution officers jurisdiction powers practice and its relation to the Supreme Court and other courts providing for the reports of its decisions the compensation of the judges and other officers and the practice and costs on appeals from its judgments' approved June twenty-fourth Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five" and increasing the amount to which the judges of the Superior Court shall be entitled to be reimbursed for the sums expended by them in each year for expenses incurred in the discharge of their duties for the help of stenographers typewriters or clerks and regulating the time and manner of such reimbursement

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section nine of an act entitled "An Act supplementing and amending an act entitled 'An Act to establish an intermediate court of appeal regulating its constitution officers jurisdiction powers practice and its relation to the Supreme Court and other courts providing for the reports of its decisions the compensation of the judges and other officers and the practice and costs on appeals from its judgments' approved June twenty-four one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five" approved the fifth day of May one thouasnd eight hundred and ninety-nine as amended by an act entitled "An Act amending section nine of an act approved the fifth day of May one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine entitled 'An Act supplementing and amending an act entitled "An Act to establish an intermediate court of appeal regulating its constitution officers jurisdiction powers practice and its relation to the Supreme Court and other courts providing for the reports of its decisions the compensation of the judges and other officers and the practice and costs on appeals from its judgments" approved June twenty-fourth Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five' and increasing the amount to which the judges of the Superior Court shall be entitled to be reimbursed for the sums expended by them in each year for the help of stenographers typewriters or clerks and regulating the time and manner of such reimbursement" approved the seventeenth day of April one thousand nine hundred and five which as amended reads as follows

"Section 9 All necessary dockets blank-books seals stationery and other supplies shall be obtained and furnished by the Secretary of the Commonwealth in the same manner as books and supplies are furnished to and for his own department And to facilitate the labors of the judges of the Superior Court the said judges are hereby authorized to employ the help of stenographers typewriters or other clerks provided that the cost of such help shall not exceed the sum of fifteen hundred dollars per annum for any member of said court The cost of such help shall be paid by the judge employing the same and shall be repaid to him by the State Treasurer on his certificate of the amount actually paid by him during the preceding month for clerk hire" be and the same is hereby further amended so as to read as follows

Section 9 All necessary dockets blank-books seals stationery and other supplies shall be obtained and furnished by the Secretary of the Commonwealth in the same manner as books and supplies are furnished to and for his own department And to facilitate the labors of the judges of the Superior Court and to reimburse them for expenses incurred in the discharge of their duties the said judges are hereby authorized to pay such expenses and to employ the help of stenographers typewriters or other clerks provided that the cost thereof shall not exceed the sum of twenty-five hundred dollars per annum for any member of said court The cost thereof shall be paid by the judge incurring the same and shall be repaid to him by the State Treasurer on his certificate of the amount actually paid by him during the preceding month for clerk hire and such expenses

And said bill having been read at length the third time. and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—48.

Beidleman,	Graff,	Martin,	Smith, R. E.,
Buckman,	Gyger,	McConnell,	Smith, W. W.,
Burke,	Hackett,	McKee, W. S.,	Snyder, C. A.,
Catlin,	Hilton,	McNichol,	Snyder, P. W.,
Clark,	Hindman,	Miller,	Sones,
Croft,	Hoke,	Mills,	Sproul,
Crow,	Homsher,	Moore,	Stewart,
Daix,	Jenkins,	Patton,	Thompson,
DeWitt,	Kline,	Phipps,	Tompkins,
Endsley,	Kurtz,	Salus,	Vare,
Farley,	Lynch,	Schantz,	Warner,
Gerberich,	Magee, C. J.,	Semmens,	Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

MEMBER OF COMMITTEE ON PUBLIC HEALTH AND SANITATION.

The PRESIDENT. The Chair announces that the President pro tempore has appointed the Senator from Clearfield, Mr. Miller, a member of the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

RECESS.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now take a recess until 8 o'clock this evening.

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

AFTER RECESS.

The PRESIDENT. The time of recess having elapsed, the Senate will be in order.

HOUSE MESSAGE.

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced, presented extracts from the Journal of the House of Representatives which were laid upon the table.

REPORT OF MOTHERS' PENSION BOARD OF BEAVER COUNTY.

Mr. THOMPSON. Mr. President, I present the report of the administration of the Mothers' Pension Board of Beaver County. (For report, see Appendix.)

BILLS SIGNED.

The PRESIDENT, Lieutenant-Governor (Frank B. McClain) announced that the Chief Clerk having reported that the following bills had passed both houses of the General Assembly and the same being correct, the titles were publicly read as follows:

House Bill No. 255, entitled:

An Act to amend section four of an act approved the eleventh day of May one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine entitled 'A further supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to establish a board of wardens for the port of Philadelphia and for the regulation of pilots and pilotage and for other purposes'" approved March twenty-ninth one thousand eight hundred and three and for regulating the rates of pilotage and number of pilots

House Bill No. 256, entitled:

An Act to further amend an act approved the thirtieth day of March one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine entitled "An Act to amend the first section of an act approved the eleventh day of May one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine entitled 'A further supplement to an act entitled "An Act to establish a board of wardens for the port of Philadelphia and for the regulation of pilots and pilotage and for

other purposes" approved March twenty-ninth one thousand eight hundred and three and for regulating the rates of pilotage and number of pilots' "

House Bill No. 76, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to refund to the Crawford County Trust Company a corporation of Meadville Crawford county Pennsylvania moneys erroneously paid into the State treasury

House Bill No. 43, entitled:

An Act authorizing Peter O. Kuhn of Scranton Lackawanna County to sue the Commonwealth

Whereupon,

The PRESIDENT (Lieutenant-Governor Frank B. McClain) in the presence of the Senate signed the same.

TIME OF NEXT MEETING.

The Chair cleared his table and laid before the Senate communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has concurred in resolution from the Senate as follows:

In the Senate, March 9, 1915.

Resolved (If the House of Representatives concur), That when the Senate adjourns this week it shall reconvene on Monday evening, March fifteenth, at nine-thiry o'clock; and when the House of Representatives adjourns this week it shall reconvene on Monday evening, March fifteenth, at nine o'clock.

HOUSE BILLS FOR CONCURRENCE.

He also laid before the Senate for concurrence bills of the House of Representatives as follows:

House Bill No. 230 (Senate Bill No. 447) entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith"

Which was committed to the Committee on Education.

House Bill No. 482 (Senate Bill No. 448) entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the fourteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred and three entitled "An Act for the creation and government of a division of the State Library for the preservation of public records by establishing the office of supervisor of public records with general supervision over the care and custody and condition of public records of the several counties cities and boroughs of this Commonwealth

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

House Bill No. 540 (Senate Bill No. 449) entitled:

An Act to amend the second section of an act entitled "An Act to establish an intermediate court of appeals regulating its constitution officers jurisdiction powers practice and its relation to the Supreme Court and other courts providing for the reports of its decision the compensation of the judges and other officers and the practice and cost on appeals from its judgments" approved the twenty-fourth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

House Bill No. 611 (Senate Bill No. 450, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith"

Which was committed to the Committee on Education.

SENATE BILL NO. 36 RETURNED WITH AMENDMENTS.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 36, entitled:

An Act authorizing the surrender and delivery of mortgages and writings obligatory secured thereby given to the Commonwealth and the satisfaction of the record thereof when full payment has been made

With the information that the House has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested, which was laid over one day under the rules.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 2.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 2, entitled:

An Act to amend the first section of an act approved the twenty-eighth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and twenty entitled "An Act relative to mortgages" by requiring purchase money mortgages to be recorded within ten days in order to have priority of lien

With the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 21.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 21, entitled:

An Act to validate deeds mortgages and other instruments of writing which have been defectively acknowledged by husband and wife prior to the fourth day of January one thousand nine hundred and fifteen

With the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 29.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 29, entitled:

Amending sections eight and nine of an act entitled "An Act to establish a county court for the County of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof" approved the fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven as amended by changing the practice of the court with regard to trial by jury and by providing that appeals from the judgment of the court in all civil actions shall be taken by leave of the court of common pleas and prescribing the practice and the powers of the court of common pleas in such cases

With the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. McNICHOL, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 432, entitled:

An Act to repeal an act approved the 16th day of May, 1913, entitled "An Act for the protection of the public health and the prevention of fraud and deception by regulating the storage and sale of cold storage food fixing penalties for the violation of the provisoins thereof, and providing for the enforcement thereof."

BILL ON FIRST READING.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 432, entitled:

An Act to repeal an act approved the 16th day of May, 1913, entitled "An Act for the protection of the public health and the prevention of fraud and deception by regulating the storage and sale of cold storage food fixing penalties for the violation of the provisions thereof, and providing for the enforcement thereof."

be read the first time.

Mr. PATTON. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 432, entitled:

An Act to repeal an act approved the 16th day of May, 1913, entitled "An Act for the protection of the public health and the prevention of fraud and deception by regulating the storage and sale of cold storage food fixing penalties for the violation of the provisions thereof, and providing for the enforcement thereof."

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

COMMUNICATIONS FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Private Secretary to the Governor being introduced, presented communications in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which were read as follows, viz:

NOTARIES PUBLIC.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, March 9, 1915.

The Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons to be Notaries Public for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, for the term of four years, to compute from the dates set opposite their names, respectively:

ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

R. Milo McAnulty, Braddock, March 20, 1915.
O. S. Richardson, Pittsburgh, March 29, 1915.

CLINTON COUNTY.

A. W. McCormick, Lock Haven, March 12, 1915.

LAWRENCE COUNTY.

Michael Conti, New Castle, March 12, 1915.
Quincy A. McBride, New Castle, March 13, 1915.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, March 9, 1915.

The Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons to be Notaries Public for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, for the term of four years, to compute from the date of their confirmation:

ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

Miss Mabel Buckley, Pittsburgh.
Robert B. Lea, Pittsburgh.
Henry J. Gelm, Braddock.

BERKS COUNTY.

Wm. H. McGowan, Reading.

CHESTER COUNTY.

Miss Mary B. Darlington, West Chester.

COLUMBIA COUNTY.

Mrs. Ettie Masanotti, West Berwick.

LACKAWANNA COUNTY.

James J. Grace, Scranton.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY.

James J. Boyle, Philadelphia.
Harry K. Courtney, Philadelphia.
James B. McConnell, Philadelphia.
John S. McConnell, Philadelphia.
John H. Shields, Philadelphia.

SUSQUEHANNA COUNTY.

Charles M. Shelp, New Milford.

WASHINGTON COUNTY.

Miss Myrtle E. Burns, Washingon.

YORK COUNTY.

D. Guy Hollinger, Hanover.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH

EXECUTIVE SESSION.

By unanimous consent,

A motion was made by Mr. BUCKMAN,

That Rule 38 which requires nominations made by the Governor to be referred to proper committees be dispensed with, and the Senate do now resolve itself into executive session, for the purpose of acting on the foregoing nominations,

Which was agreed to,

Whereupon,

A motion was made by Mr. BUCKMAN,

That the Senate do advise and consent to said nominations.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—49.

Beidleman,	Gyger,	McConnell,	Smith, R. E.,
Buckman,	Hackett,	McKee, W. S.,	Smith, W. W.,
Burke,	Hilton,	McNichol,	Snyder, C. A.,
Catlin,	Hindman,	Miller,	Snyder, P. W.,
Clark,	Hoke,	Mills,	Sones,
Croft,	Homsher,	Moore,	Sproul,
Crow,	Jenkins,	Patton,	Stewart,
Daix,	Kline,	Phipps,	Thompson,
DeWitt,	Kurtz,	Salus,	Tompkins,
Endsley,	Lynch,	Schantz,	Vare,
Farley,	Magee, C. J.,	Semmens,	Warner,
Gerberich,	Martin,	Sensenich,	Wasbers,
Graff,			

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Governor be informed accordingly.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to read a bill in place at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. McNICHOL read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 451, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the 25th day of May, 1897, entitled "An Act to provide for the maintenance care and treatment of the indigent insane in county and local institutions," as amended

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to read a bill in place at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. CATLIN read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 452, entitled:

A supplement to an act approved the 27th day of June, 1913, entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation regulation and government of cities of the third class; regulating nomination and election of municipal officers therein; and repealing, consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto."

Which was committed to the Committee on Municipal Affairs.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to read bills in place at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 453, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Hospital for Injured Persons of the Anthracite Coal Region of Pennsylvania at Fountain Springs near Ashland, Schuylkill County, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 454, entitled:

An Act to amend section nine of an act, to regulate the practice of osteopathy in the State of Pennsylvania; to provide for the establishment of a State Board of Osteopathic Examiners; to define the powers and duties of said Board of Osteopathic Examiners; to provide for the examining and licensing of osteopaths in this State and to provide penalties for the violation of this act approved the 19th day of March, A. D. 1909, as amended by an act approved the 11th day of May, A. D. 1911, providing for the licensing of certain practitioners now known as registered osteopaths

Which was committed to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

Mr. MARTIN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to read a bill in place at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. MARTIN read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 455, entitled:

An Act to provide for the better setting of fruit and the protection of bees by prohibiting the spraying of trees shrubs bushes or plants of fruit bearing kinds when in bloom.

Which was committed to the Committee on Agriculture.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. ENDSLEY. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make reports from Committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. ENDSLEY, from the Committee on Agriculture, reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 45, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the 14th day of May, 1913, entitled "An Act authorizing the board of county commissioners of the several counties of the State to appropriate money for co-operative agricultural extension work for the purpose of improving and developing the agricultural resources of the proper counties.

Also from the Committee on Agriculture reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 383, entitled:

An Act to promote education in Economic Entomology and aid in the suppression of insect pests and the preservation of birds in Pennsylvania by authorizing the Department of Agriculture to prepare for the public schools of Pennsylvania colored chart showing injurious and beneficial insects and insectivorous birds of Pennsylvania in their natural colors and stating their common and scientific names food economy and recommendations for their respective destruction or preservation and providing for the publication of said chart and the distribution of the same and making an appropriation therefor.

Mr. DAIX. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from Committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. DAIX, from the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 141, entitled:

An Act to regulate the practice of optometry in Pennsylvania defining optometry and relating to the right to practice optometry in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and making certain exceptions and providing a Bureau of Optometrical Education Examination and Licensure as a Bureau of the Department of Public Instruction and means and methods whereby the right to practice optometry may be obtained and providing for the means to carry out the provisions of this act and providing for revocation or suspension of licenses given by said Bureau and providing penalties for violations thereof and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent therewith.

Mr. CLARK. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from Committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. CLARK, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 332 (House Bill No. 48) entitled:

An Act enabling townships of the first class to provide regulate and protect a system of water supply and to contract with certain adjoining municipalities for such water and granting and regulating the right of eminent domain and the right to occupy highways

Mr. P. W. SNYDER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make reports from Committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. P. W. SNYDER, from the Committee on Agriculture, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 382, entitled:

An Act to aid in the suppression of insect pests in Pennsylvania by authorizing the Department of Agriculture to prepare a catalogue of the insects of Pennsylvania, giving their common and scientific names, dates, localities, food, enemies, remedies habits and other important points as far as can be ascertained together with illustrations of some of the important types of insects and providing for the publication of said book and the distribution of the same and making an appropriation therefor.

Also from the Committee on Agriculture reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 362 (House Bill No. 364) entitled:

An act to assent to the provisions of an act of Congress approved May 8th, 1914, entitled "An Act to provide for cooperative Agricultural Extension work between the agricultural colleges in the several states receiving the benefits of an Act of Congress," approved July 2d, 1862, and of acts supplementary thereto and the United States Department of Agriculture.

Mr. MOORE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from Committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. MOORE, from the Committee on Education, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 321, entitled:

An Act to provide for the retirement of superannuated and incapicitated teachers in the public schools of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Mr. WASBERS. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from Committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. WASBERS, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 377, entitled:

A supplement to an act approved the 25th day of July, 1913, entitled "An Act providing for the establishment of a State Industrial Home for Women; authorizing the purchase of a site and the erection thereon and equipment of necessary buildings; providing for the commitment to said State Industrial Home for Women of Females between the ages of sixteen and thirty years, convicted of or pleading guilty to the commission of any criminal offence and providing for the government and management of said institution, and making an appropriation to carry out the purposes of this act."

Mr. TOMPKINS. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make reports from Committees at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. TOMPKINS, from the Committee on Education, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 84, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the 18th day of May, 1911, entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof, providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith."

Also from the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 121, entitled:

An Act regulating the sale of chicory mixed with coffee and providing a penalty

BILLS INTRODUCED.

Mr. THOMPSON. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to read a bill in place at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. THOMPSON read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 456, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for refunding to the Everhart Coal Company moneys erroneously paid into the State Treasury

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. BURKE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to read a bill in place at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. BURKE read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 457, entitled:

An Act to regulate the admixture of high grade petroleum oil or of its by-products produced in Pennsylvania, with other inferior petroleum oil or its by-products and the sale of such mixture; and providing a penalty.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. HOKE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from Committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. HOKE, from the Committee on Education, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 371, entitled:

An Act to amend further an act approved the 11th day of April, 1862, entitled "A further supplement to the act, entitled 'An Act for the regulation and continuance of a system of education by common schools,' approved the 8th day of May, 1854."

ADJOURNMENT.

Mr. PATTON. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now adjourn until tomorrow morning at ten o'clock.

Mr. JENKINS. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The Senate adjourned at 9:50 o'clock P. M. until Wednesday morning, March 10, 1915, at 10 o'clock.

ERRATUM.

In proceedings of March 8, 1915, page 412, second column.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 377, entitled:

A supplement to an act approved the 25th day of July, 1913, entitled "An Act providing for the establishment of a State Industrial Home for Women; authorizing the purchase of a site and the erection thereon and equipment of necessary buildings; providing for the commitment to said Industrial Home for Women of females between the ages of sixteen and thirty years convicted of, or pleading guilty to the commission of any criminal offense; and providing for the government and management of said institution; and making an appropriation to carry out the purposes of this act."

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Should read:

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 377, entitled:

A supplement to an act approved the 25th day of July, 1913, entitled "An Act providing for the establishment of a State Industrial Home for Women; authorizing the purchase of a site and the erection thereon and equipment of necessary buildings; providing for the commitment to said Industrial Home for Women of females between the ages of sixteen and thirty years, convicted of, or pleading guilty to the commission of any criminal offense; and providing for the government and management of said institution; and making an appropriation to carry out the purposes of this act."

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

TUESDAY, March 9th, 1915.

The House met at 10:00 A. M.
The SPEAKER (Charles A. Ambler) in the Chair.

PRAYER.

The Chaplain of the Senate, Rev. Thomas W. Davis, offered the following prayer:

Almighty God, our kind Heavenly Father, we thank Thee for all the splendid bounties of nature. We thank Thee for the great prophecies in each of our lives as to what we are capable of doing.

We pray that, coming from the various localities of the State of Pennsylvania and bringing the light that each one has in his own mind for the corrective influences that will be brought to bear by others who come from other parts, that these may be crystallized into such laws as will make it as easy as possible for us to do what is right and as hard as possible to do that which is wrong.

We pray Thy blessing upon the Speaker and upon this House and all their families. We ask it in our Saviour's name. Amen.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the Journal of yesterday's proceedings.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of yesterday's proceedings, when, on motion of Mr. Perry, the further reading of the Journal was dispensed with and the Journal was approved.

BILLS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED.

By Mr. HAMILTON. House Bill No. 739.

An Act relating to the arrest and punishment of professional thieves, burglars and pickpockets, and making certain evidence in such cases competent.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

By Mr. CURRY. House Bill No. 740.

An Act prohibiting the incorporation by courts of common pleas of corporations formed or to be formed to establish and maintain hospitals or other charitable or eleemosynary institutions in which indigent persons are treated or maintained unless proof of the consent and approval of the board of public charities is first produced to said courts.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

By Mr. HARPER. House Bill No. 741.

An Act making an appropriation to the Children's Day Nursery Association of New Castle, Pennsylvania, located at New Castle, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. HACKETT. House Bill No. 742.

An Act making an appropriation to George H. Roth and Robert Rappold, trading as Roth and Rappold, owners of "The Owl" a moving picture place, of the amount illegally demanded and collected as a State License fee from them as proprietors of a moving picture place in the State of Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. McVICAR. House Bill No. 743.

An Act authorizing the Orphans' Court to reduce, under certain circumstances, the bond of any fiduciary; imposing duties on Registers of Wills in connection therewith.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

By Mr. GIBSON. House Bill No. 744.

An Act further amending an act, approved the twenty-fifth day of June, one thousand eight hundred ninety-five, entitled "An Act creating and defining the offense of disorderly conduct by persons on the public highways, roads, streets, lanes, alleys, parks, squares or commons of the Commonwealth, or near thereto, and fixing penalties for committing such offense," by requiring special allowances in the case of appeals, enlarging the scope of the act and providing certain punishment for third and subsequent offenses.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. RAMSEY. House Bill No. 745.

An Act to amend the first section of an act approved the twenty-seventh day of April, one thousand nine hundred and eleven, entitled "An Act regulating the compensation of court criers and tipstaves, in counties containing more than ninety thousand and less than one hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants; providing for the payment of the same by the particular county; limiting the number of tipstaves to be appointed; and repealing an Act of Assembly, entitled 'An Act to regulate the fees of court criers and tipstaves of the courts, in judicial districts containing more than ninety thousand and less than one hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants,' approved the twenty-ninth day of April, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine," so as to increase the number of tipstaves which may be employed in such judicial districts at any one time.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. RAMSEY. House Bill No. 746.

An Act supplementary to an act entitled "An Act defining the powers of the several courts of quarter sessions of the peace within this Commonwealth with reference to the care, treatment and control of dependent, neglected incorrigible or delinquent children under the age of sixteen years, and providing for the means in which such powers may be exercised," approved the twenty-third day of April, one thousand nine hundred and three, Pamphlet Laws, page two hundred and seventy-four; prohibiting

magistrates or justices of the peace from sentencing or committing for trial for any offenses dependent, neglected, incorrigible or delinquent children under the age of sixteen years, and providing for the disposition of such children by the juvenile courts; providing that the jurisdiction of such courts over children committed by them shall continue notwithstanding such children may remove or be removed from the territorial limits of such courts; authorizing the said courts to commit such children in proper cases to the custody of their mothers to be maintained in their respective homes, and providing for the payment of the cost of such maintenance by the proper county; prescribing the duties of probation officers in such cases, and authorizing the several juvenile courts to employ medical experts in certain cases.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. REYNOLDS. House Bill No. 747.

An Act amending the first section of an act approved the twenty-fifth day of May, one thousand nine hundred and seven, entitled "An Act authorizing the board of public charities to appoint two assistant general agents, and prescribing their duties."

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

By Mr. REYNOLDS. House Bill No. 748.

An Act to amend the third section of an act approved the nineteenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred and eleven, entitled "An Act authorizing the release on probation of certain convicts, instead of imposing sentences, the appointment of probation and parole officers; and the payment of their salaries and expenses; regulating the manner of sentencing convicts in certain cases, and providing for their release on parole; their conviction of crime during parole, and their rearrest and reconviction for breach of parole, and extending the powers and duties of prison inspectors of penitentiaries, so as to authorize the appointment of probation officers, assistant probation officers and clerks.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

By Mr. SWARTZ. House Bill No. 749.

An Act making an appropriation to the Home for the Friendless of Harrisburg, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. GEARY. House Bill No. 750.

An Act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Association for the Blind, at Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. JACK. House Bill No. 751.

An Act making an appropriation to the Armstrong County General Hospital at Kittanning, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. HOFFMAN. House Bill No. 752.

An Act making an appropriation to and imposing certain duties upon the State Breeders' Association, Pennsylvania State Poultry Association, Pennsylvania State Beekeepers' Association, Pennsylvania State Dairy Union, Pennsylvania Sheep and Wool Growers' Association, State Horticultural Association, Pennsylvania Berkshire Breeders' Association.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. DELL. House Bill No. 753.

An Act establishing in Fulton county and Huntingdon county a certain section of public road as a "State Highway."

Referred to the Committee on Public Roads.

By Mr. POWELL. House Bill No. 754.

An Act making an appropriation to the Nesbit West Side Hospital, Dorranceton, Luzerne County, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. MURDOCH. House Bill No. 755.

An Act to amend further an act approved the twenty-third day of June, one thousand nine hundred eleven, entitled "An Act establishing in each county a board of viewers; prescribing their duties; providing for their appointment as viewers, road juries, juries of view, and commissioners to view land; and providing for the charges upon the respective counties in the matter of salaries costs and expenses thereof."

Referred to the Committee on Counties and Townships.

By Mr. FORSTER. House Bill No. 756.

An Act to amend an act, approved the seventh day of May, one thousand nine hundred seven, entitled, "An Act regulating and defining the powers and duties of the Dental Council and the State Board of Dental Examiners; providing for the appointment of Examiners; defining qualifications of applicants for examination; condition of granting licenses, regulating and limiting the practice of dentistry; prohibiting practice by, or employment of unlicensed persons, and providing punishment therefor; and disposition of fees and fines, and fixing the appropriation to the Dental Council.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. LEIGHNER. House Bill No. 757.

An Act authorizing counties and municipalities to unite in providing in the Court House certain rest or waiting rooms.

Referred to the Committee on Counties and Townships.

By Mr. GIBSON. House Bill No. 758.

An Act authorizing cities, boroughs, towns and first class townships to form and to join associations for certain purposes, and to appropriate moneys therefor.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

By Mr. WYLIE. House Bill No. 759.

An Act making an appropriation to the State Highway Department to be used in deepening, straightening, widening and otherwise improving Turtle Creek, so as to prevent damage and danger from floods and overflows and granting to the said State Highway Department the authority to make said improvements.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. DUNN. House Bill No. 760.

An Act providing for the alteration of the boundaries of counties in certain cases, and for the adjustment of the indebtedness thereof.

Referred to the Committee on Counties and Townships.

By Mr. DAWSON. House Bill No. 761.

An Act to classify the fish in the waters within this Commonwealth; declaring which are game fish, which are food fish, and which are bait fish, and to regulate the catching and sale and encourage the propagation of the same; to protect the waters within this Commonwealth from unfair, improper, wasteful and destructive fishing, and to protect the fish from being destroyed or injured by destructive means; to provide for the appointment of fish wardens, and to declare their official powers and duties; to encourage and regulate the propagation of fish within this Commonwealth, and to regulate the free distribution of the same by the Department of Fisheries, in the waters within the same; to define powers and duties of the Department of Fisheries; to regulate the sale and shipment of fish artificially propagated for profit; to forbid the sale of unlawful devices for catching fish; and to provide penalties and punishments for the violation of the provisions of this act, and providing how and by whom the costs shall be paid.

Referred to the Committee on Fisheries.

By Mr. E. E. JONES. House Bill No. 762.

An Act establishing in Susquehanna County a certain section of public road as a "State Highway."

Referred to the Committee on Public Roads.

By Mr. BARNETT. House Bill No. 763.

An Act to amend an act approved the thirteenth day of May, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven, entitled "An Act to restrain and regulate the sale of vinous and spirituous, malt or brewed liquors, or any admixture thereof."

Referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

By Mr. BARNETT. House Bill No. 764.

An Act to amend an act approved the ninth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one, entitled "An Act to restrain and regulate the sale of vinous and spirituous, malt or brewed liquors or any admixture thereof by wholesale."

Referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

By Mr. BARNETT. House Bill No. 765.

A supplement to an act approved the thirteenth day of May, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven, entitled "An Act to restrain and regulate the sale of vinous and spirituous, malt or brewed liquors or any admixture thereof."

Referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

By Mr. SHOWALTER. House Bill No. 766.

An Act to provide for the pensioning of soldiers and marines who served in the army or navy of the United States from Pennsylvania in the Civil War of one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one to sixty-five, fixing the rate of said pensions, the manner of obtaining same and making an appropriation for the payment thereof.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. WOODWARD. House Bill No. 767.

An Act making an appropriation for the purpose of refunding certain moneys to the Peters Packing Company of McKeesport, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. WOODWARD. House Bill No. 768.

An Act making an appropriation for the purpose of further carrying out the provisions of a joint resolution, approved the fourteenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred and eleven, entitled "A joint resolution to provide for the participation of the State of Pennsylvania in the Panama-Pacific International Exposition, to be held in San Francisco, California, in nineteen hundred and fifteen, to celebrate the completion and opening of the Panama Canal and the four hundredth anniversary of the discovery of the Pacific Ocean, and providing for the appointment of a commission, and making an appropriation to defray the expenses of the same."

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. HUBLER. House Bill No. 769.

An Act regulating the depositing of county funds in certain counties.

Referred to the Committee on Banks.

By Mr. HUBLER. House Bill No. 770.

An Act relative to the burial of the bodies of certain indigent deceased widows at the county expense.

Referred to the Committee on Counties and Townships.

By Mr. NEVILLE. House Bill No. 771.

An Act concerning notaries public who are stockholders, directors, officers or employes of banks, banking instititons, trust companies or other corporations.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. GLENN. House Bill No. 772.

An Act making an appropriation to the Trustees of the State Institution for Feeble-Minded of Western Pennsylvania at Polk, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. GLENN. House Bill No. 773.

An Act making an appropriation to the Trustees of the State Institution for Feeble-Minded of Western Pennsylvania at Polk, Pennsylvania, for maintenance.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. OAKS. House Bill No. 774.

An Act fixing the salaries of certain county officers in counties containing more than one hundred and fifty thousand and less than two hundred thousand inhabitants.

Referred to the Committee on Counties and Townships.

By Mr. WOODWARD. House Bill No. 775.

An Act making an appropriation to pay for the care, treatment, removal and maintenance of the indigent insane, for the two years ending the thirty-first day of May, one thousand nine hundred and seventeen.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. SPANGLER. House Bill No. 776.

An Act establishing in York County a certain section of public road as a "State Highway."

Referred to the Committee on Public Roads.

By Mr. LAULER. House Bill No. 777.

An Act making an appropriation to the Elizabeth Steel Magee Hospital, of Pittsburgh.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. LAULER. House Bill No. 778.

An Act making an appropriation to the Trustees of the University of Pittsburgh for the general maintenance of the University, for the purchase of apparatus and equipment, for an addition to the School of Mines building, for an addition to the School of Medicine building, and for the erection of a building for the School of Education of the University.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. SHOWALTER. House Bill No. 779.

An Act to amend the first section of an act, entitled, "An Act enabling the libellant in all proceedings for divorce on the ground of desertion to testify to the fact of desertion, and to the efforts made by him or her to induce the respondent to return and resume the marital relation," approved June eighth, Anno Domini, one thousand nine hundred eleven, by enabling the libellant to testify where the cause of divorce is personal abuse, or conduct on the part of either the husband or wife as to render the condition of the other intolerable and life burdensome, or when the husband shall have by cruel and barbarous treatment endangered his wife's life or offered such indignities to her person as to render her condition intolerable and life burdensome.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. EVANS. House Bill No. 780.

A supplement to an Act entitled "An Act providing for the election of a borough controller in all boroughs of this Commonwealth, prescribing the qualifications, powers and duties thereof; and abolishing the office of borough auditors in said Boroughs" approved the twelfth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen; prescribing certain additional duties of said Controller, the audit by him of the accounts of all officers of the borough, the filing of his report in the office of the Prothonotary, the surcharge of any officer by him, the entry of judgment against any officer upon said report, the method by which the Controller may obtain evidence before him, making persons guilty of false testimony before him guilty of perjury; providing for appeals by the borough or taxpayers or officers from the Controllers report of audit to the Court of Common Pleas and thence to the Superior and Supreme Courts; prescribing the method of disposition of appeals, giving certain rights to taxpayers in connection with said appeals, fixing the amount of the bond and regulating the salary of the borough Controller.

Referred to the Committee on Elections.

By Mr. WALTON. House Bill No. 781.

An Act creating a State Agricultural Commission, establishing Farm Bureaus in counties of this Commonwealth, defining the duties of said Bureaus, authorizing the appointment of Superintendets of such Bureaus in said counties, and the employment of inspectors by said Bureaus, defining their duties and providing for the salary and expenses of all officials and employes required by the provisions of this act.

Referred to the Committee on Agriculture.

By Mr. HEYBURN. House Bill No. 782.

An Act placing the control and management of county jails and prisons in the several counties of the Commonwealth and the inmates thereof in boards of prison inspectors, providing for the appointment of such boards in each of said counties, and for the regulation and government of said jails and prisons and the inmates thereof, providing for the payment of the necessary expenses for keeping, furnishing and maintaining said jails and prisons by the several counties respectively, and prescribing the duties of the commissioners and treasurers respectively of said counties relative to the payment of such expenses.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. McCLURE. House Bill No. 783.

An Act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the clay, ore and graphite mines and stone, slate, marble, and granite quarries of Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Mines and Mining.

By Mr. MAURER. House Bill No. 784.

An Act to require the reporting by physicians to the State Department of Health of certain occupational diseases, and providing penalties for violations thereof.

Referred to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

By Mr. COX. House Bill No. 785.

An Act authorizing the board of public charities to appoint two additional assistant general agents, and prescribing their duties.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. McKAY. House Bill No. 786.

An Act requiring that all moneys appropriated by the State to the State Highway Department for the improvement of State Highways shall be expended in each county of the State in proportion to the total mileage of unimproved State Highways therein.

Referred to the Committee on Public Roads.

By Mr. CONNER. House Bill No. 787.

An Act making an appropriation to the St. Francis Country House, located in Darby, Delaware County, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. BRUMBAUGH. House Bill No. 788.

An Act prohibiting the taking, carrying or transporting of vinous, spirituous, malt or brewed liquors into certain territory.

Referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

By Mr. SULLIVAN. House Bill No. 789.

An Act giving to dependent neglected incorrigible delinquent and other children committed to the care custody or control of any institution or citizen or training school or industrial school or any association willing to receive them or to any other person or persons by any court of this Commonwealth sitting as a juvenile court or any judge or magistrate sitting as such the right to reviews and rehearings on petition of their parent or parents or next friend requiring the testimony to be made a part of the record and providing for appeals to the Superior Court.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. SNYDER. House Bill No. 790.

An Act to amend section five of an act approved the twenty-second day of July, one thousand nine hundred and thirteen, entitled "An Act relating to roads; providing for the supervision, construction, maintenance, and repair of township roads; relating to road tax; and providing penalties for the violation thereof."

Referred to the Committee on Public Roads.

By Mr. DUNN. House Bill No. 791.

An Act regulating upholstering, making of upholstering and the manufacture of mattresses, imposing penalties and providing incidental duties of the Department of Labor and Industry.

Referred to the Committee on Manufactures.

By Mr. HESS. House Bill No. 792.

An Act for the encouragement of agriculture and the holding of agricultural exhibitions, providing State aid for certain agricultural associations and regulating the payment thereof.

Referred to the Committee on Agriculture.

By Mr. LIPSCHUTZ. House Bill No. 793.

An Act to provide a co-partnership law in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania uniform with that of several commonwealths of the Union.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. LANDIS. House Bill No. 794.

An Act making an appropriation to the Philadelphia Protectory for Boys, Protectory Station, Montgomery County, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. LIPSCHUTZ. House Bill No. 795.

An Act to authorize the payment from the general appropriation for the care of the indigent insane of the cost of transferring or removing patients from one insane hospital or asylum or institution to another or elsewhere upon the order of the Board of Public Charities or the Committee on Lunacy.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. VICKERMAN. House Bill No. 796.

An Act making an appropriation to the Suburban General Hospital, of Bellevue, Allegheny County, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. KUHN. House Bill No. 797.

An Act authorizing and regulating the employment of convicts and prisoners on the public highways.

Referred to the Committee on Public Roads.

By Mr. CUMMINS. House Bill No. 798.

An Act making an appropriation to the House of the Good Shepherd, Penn and Chew Streets, Germantown, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. CUMMINS. House Bill No. 799.

An Act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Institution for the Deaf and Dumb, for maintenance and education of State pupils, and also a special appropriation for two deaf, dumb and blind pupils.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

BILL SIGNED BY THE SPEAKER.

The SPEAKER announced that the Chief Clerk having reported that the following bill had passed both houses of the General Assembly and the same being correct, the title was publicly read as follows:

House Bill No. 66.

An Act making a deficiency appropriation to the Trustees of Temple University

Whereupon,

The Speaker in the presence of the House signed the same.

PETITIONS.

FAVORING LOCAL OPTION.

Mr. WOBENSMITH presented the petition of Citizens of Philadelphia County praying for the passage of a county local option law.

Referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

Mr. DELL presented the petition of Citizens of Huntingdon County praying for the passage of a county local option law.

Referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

PROTESTING AGAINST PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL NO. 255.

The SPEAKER presented the petitions of the Board of Directors of the Vessel Owners' and Captains' Association of Philadelphia protesting against the passage of House Bill No. 255.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

LEAVES OF ABSENCE.

Mr. OSTRANDER asked and obtained leave of absence for Mr. Hapgood for the balance of the day.

Mr. MURPHY asked and obtained leave of absence for Mr. Finnerty for the balance of the week.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 268, entitled:

An Act to amend section one of article eight of the act entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation regulation and government of cities of the third class regulating nomination and election of municipal officers therein and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto" approved the twenty-seventh day of June one thousand nine hundred thirteen

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. RAMSEY. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, for fear some of the gentlemen may not be familiar with this bill I want to call your attention to this fact: This bill is an amendment to the Clark bill passed in 1913. Many of the cities of the third class in Pennsylvania have not had the full privilege of the Clark act in reference to the city treasurer, and will not have until the expiration of the term of office of the city treasurer which occurs this year. We feel in our section of the state that the Clark act should be tried in all cities thoroughly before any amendments are made. Under the Clark act the city treasurer is elected by the councils and is nothing more or less than a tax receiver. The Commissioner of finance under the Clark act becomes the city treasurer, after every provision of the act is operative in third class cities. I trust the members of the House will look this matter over carefully and give the Clark act a fair trial in all cities.

Mr. RININGER. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, I had thought that this bill would go through this House perhaps with the unanimous consent of all the members. This bill affects only third class cities. By the Clark Act the power is taken from the hands of the people in our cities to elect the City Treasurer and placed with the Council. This act is not popular with the Council in very many of the cities. It is not at all popular with the voters who, previous to the Clark Act, elected their own City Treasurers. We feel in our own city, and I know that the centiment is the same in a great many other cities, that the people are just as competent to elect the City Treasurer. The City Treasurer is not merely a receiver of taxes. He remains the City Treasurer just the same as he did before the enactment of the Clark Bill. The City Treasurer in third class cities today is a member of the sinking fund commission which is a very important commission under the Clark Act. The sinking fund commission is composed of the City Treasurer, of the Mayor of the City and of the Director of Finances and Accounts. Now what do you suppose the treasurer's office would amount to on this commission if two of the men that are serving on the commission with him are the men who elect him to the office. He gives bond for the faithful performance of his duties. He handles the funds of the school board over which the commissioners of the city have no jurisdiction whatsoever; and we feel that when we are creating such officer an election is necessary to offices of that nature by the popular vote of the people, and that in cities of the third class we should be allowed to elect our City Treasurer by a popular vote; and I trust that this bill will have the unanimous consent of all the members of the House.

Mr. SPANGLER. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, two years ago I had the honor to have charge of the Clark Bill on the floor of the House of Representatives. At that time we held the Clark Bill in committee for the period of at least two months. The question of the duties and authority of the treasurer and his relationship to the Commissioner of Finances under that bill were most thoroughly considered in committee and in the House and in the Senate, and after a most thorough consideration of that particular feature we decided that the Treasurer of the City should be under the Commissioner of Finance.

Under the Clark Bill the idea was to concentrate the authority and power of the Council within four members. One of the departments constituted the Department of Finances. We placed, as chairman, or as head of that department, the Commissioner of Finance and we placed as the custodian of the funds, the treasurer of the city. Now I maintain that the Treasurer of the City, under the Clark Bill, is nothing more than the custodian of the city funds. He has no administrative powers. He is under the supervision of the Superintendent of Finances. He cannot pay any of the bills unless they are sanctioned by the Commissioner of Finance and therefore he is considered a subordinate officer.

Now, in recent years, the whole tendency has been to concentrate the power of city government within a few hands and to make those few people who are at the head of affairs, those few who are at the head of departments, responsible directly to the people. Are we going to now, after trying this act two years, are we going to say now that we have started on the wrong track;we have done wrong; that now we should diffuse the powers of the heads of the departments instead of keeping them concentrated as was originally intended by the author of the bill. Further than that, we would make another elective office. The tendency of the times has been to make as few elective offices as possible and the short ballot has been agitated for a number of years

Now I desire to ask the gentleman from Blair what purpose and what good is to be subserved by placing the City Treasurer upon an elective basis. Mr. Speaker it is my opinion, although I do not assert the right to read the mind of the gentleman from Blair, that in his particular county there is a man, perhaps, who cannot be appointed by Council as City Treasurer and he desires to dislocate the whole Clark Act in order that his own selfish purposes might be subserved; and, therefore, Mr. Speaker, I register an absolute negative and absolute opposition to the present bill as it stands, and I trust that the House will vote it down in the interest of good government in cities of the third class.

Mr. SARIG. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, the question has been brought up whether we shall follow the tendency of the past ten or fifteen years to concentrate all the powers in this Commonwealth of Pennsylvania into the hands of a few men, or whether it is time to turn the tide and turn the government back into the hands of the people where it originally belongs. I, as a representative of Berks County, believe that the time is here when we should turn back. I believe that the people of Pennsylvania are more able today than they have ever been before to take care of their government, and I believe that the tendency to take away all these elective offices and create appointive offices is a tendency in the wrong direction; and I wish to protest and I wish to answer the question as put, that the time is here that we ought to say to the people of Pennsylvania, you are able by your own judgment to elect your own officers, and I believe that this bill ought to go through. I believe that we have gone entirely too far on the theory that the people are not able to take care of their government and that they are not able to elect their own officers. I believe that the tendency towards creating appointive offices has gone beyond its limit, and I believe the time is here when we ought to say to the people of Pennsylvania we have confidence in you, we trust you and we believe you are fully competent to judge this matter and to elect your own officers.

Mr. SPANGLER. Mr. Speaker, I would suggest that the gentleman on the Democratic side direct his remarks to the worthy head of his party, the President of the United States, in respect to giving the government back to the people.

Mr. GARNER. Mr. Speaker, as long as the gentleman brings in the Democratic side, I say as a Republican that I believe in leaving it in the hands of the people myself.

Mr. RININGER. Mr. Speaker, the gentleman from York, has brought it out very plainly that I must have had some selfish motive in introducing this bill into this House. I want to say to the members of this House that when I have any selfish motive that I want to satisfy I will not try to satisfy it through a bill in the legislature. I have introduced this bill at the request of the City of Altoona and I have the unanimous endorsement of our electorate in that city in bringing this bill down here.

Mr. GIBSON. Mr. Speaker, coming from a third class city myself, I want to point out one phase of this bill as it applies to third class cities. The Clark Bill is simply being tried out. The people are not unanimous whether it is the best thing or nor. In our section the great objection, and I believe properly so, is the additional overhead expenses the bill has entailed upon the people and there is a question

whether it is all justified. Now we all know that in elective offices the salary should be larger than for appointive offices because a man has got to go through a campaign to be elected. This bill provides that the salary of this treasurer to be elected shall be designated by the Council which hardly seems fair, because the man who is elected is at the mercy of the Council after he is elected; but I believe in the interests of economy throughout the third-class cities it would be a grave mistake to make this office elective and I hope the members of the House will not pass this bill.

Mr. MAURER. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, I also represent a third class city and as a representative from a third class city I feel it is my duty to speak on this subject.

The gentleman from York pointed out the care that the session of 1913 took in considering the Clark Bill and tried to infer that because of the fact that they decided that the City Treasurer should be appointed, that that should be sufficient for us; that we should not set aside anything that they might have decided upon two years ago. I can really see no reason why this House should be guided in its opinion by the actions of the sesssion two years ago. I think we have had the advantage, at least, in having this act operate for nearly two years and we have found out in the operation that the City Treasurer should be elected, in our opinion, and I see nothing drastic about this. We have been in the habit of electing them before and I see no reason why we should not elect them again. If any one can point out any great damage done by electing the City Treasurer there would be something to consider, but there is nothing in it. We feel that this is one of the most important positions in the city and we would like to have the privilege of electing our own city treasurer, and I hope, as a representative of a third class city, that this bill will pass. We are not asking much, but we do feel that we should have the right to say who the custodian of our funds should be.

Mr. RAMSEY. Mr. Speaker, I only want to add this to what I have already said. I have no idea at all of any selfish motives in this bill, but if you will remember, the advocates of what is termed "The Commission Form of Government" two years ago practically forced this act upon third class cities, and now the same people, who two years ago wanted a commission form of government, want it all turned over again. I think if we are going to do anything with this commission government we ought to repeal it entirely, but do not let us change it every two years until the people are either thoroughly satisfied or disgusted with it. Let us keep in this provision as to the city treasurer for at least two years more.

Mr. SONES. Mr. Speaker, I take the position taken by the gentleman who has just preceded me. I think this is a matter of responsibility. It is not a question of ability. I believe in the people, or the electorate, exercising the functions of government to the fullest extent, but in this case the people have delegated the power into the hands of councils. This act has been on the statute books but two years, and I believe ought to be given a chance and left as it is. I do not believe in tampering with legislation of this kind, until it has fully worked out. This is the same thing as the School Code. Let this act work out. It is placed in the hands of councils by reason of this commission idea of government that has taken hold of the people. It is not because they are not able, but is because they have placed the responsibility in the hands of councils, and I think we owe it as a duty to the people of this Commonwealth, who have placed it there to leave it where it belongs and see how it works out. We have lots of chance to repeal or amend it if it does not work out. For the present I, for one, voice the sentiments of the gentleman who preceded me and say, "Leave it as it is."

Mr. GARNER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to interrogate the gentleman from Schuylkill.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Schuylkill, Mr. Sones, permit himself to be interrogated.

Mr. SONES. Mr. Speaker, I will.

Mr. GARNER. You were elected by the votes of the people of Schuylkill, were you not?

Mr. SONES. I certainly was.

Mr. GARNER. Are you afraid to leave the responsibility in their hands?

Mr. SONES. I am not, Mr. Garner.

Mr. GARNER. Then why not leave this responsibility in their hands?

Mr. SONES. Mr. Speaker, the people who elected me also elected the council in cities of the third class in this Commonwealth.

Mr. McKAY. Mr. Speaker, I mave the previous question.

The SPEAKER. The motion does not appear to be properly seconded.

Mr. SPANGLER. I just want to explain one thing in connection with this bill. Since the Clark bill was passed the "Third Class City League," consisting of the mayors and city solicitors of all the third class cities of Pennsylvania, had a very extended meeting in the city of Harrisburg, and formulated the amendments, after due consideration, that they believed were necessary for the Clark bill. Among those amendments they did not include the provisions that compromise the bill now being advocated and introduced by the gentleman from Blair.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—121.

Adams,	Evans,	Maurer,	Shaffer,
Alcorn,	Fackler,	McCalg,	Shoop,
Alexander,	Fretz,	McClure,	Smith, J. W.,
Arnold,	Gallagher,	McCurdy,	Snyder,
Baker,	Garner,	McKay,	Spencer,
Beck,	Geary,	McVicar,	Statler,
Becker,	Gingery,	Mearkle,	Staving,
Benn,	Gompers,	Mellott,	Steedle,
Benninger,	Goodyear,	Metzenbacher,	Stein,
Bergy,	Gormley,	Milliron,	Stern,
Beyer,	Gransback,	Murdoch,	Sullivan,
Blackburn,	Hamilton,	Myers,	Swan,
Body,	Harper,	Neville,	Swartz,
Brownlee,	Herman,	Nieder,	Trach,
Brumbaugh,	Hoffman,	Nissley,	Vickerman,
Bungard,	Hollern,	Oaks,	Wagner,
Campbell, T.,	Howarth,	Ostrander,	Walton,
Christman,	Jack,	Palmer,	Watson,
Coldsmith,	Jones, W. W.,	Peters,	Weaver,
Conner,	Kaiser,	Phillips,	Weir,
Corbin,	Klinger,	Pickering,	Wettach,
Cromer,	Kuhn,	Reel,	Whitten,
Cummins,	Kunkle,	Reynolds,	Wildman,
Davis,	Lafferty,	Rininger,	Williams,
Dawson,	Landis,	Rinn,	Wilson, W. H.,
Dell,	Lanius,	Robertson,	Wood,
Diefenderfer,	Lauler,	Rothenberger,	Woodward,
Dodds,	Lindsey,	Rowell,	Wylie,
Eby,	Luppert,	Sarig,	Young,
Eppley,	Luxemburger,	Schaeffer,	Ambler,
Erdman,	Mangan,	Scott,	Speaker.

NAYS—61.

Albee,	Goodnough,	Mather,	Sones,
Aron,	Goodwin,	McArdle,	Spangler,
Arthur,	Graham,	McClintock,	Stone,
Baldwin,	Hackett,	McDermott,	Thomas,
Berntheizel,	Heffernan,	McNichol,	Twibill,
Brosius,	Hess,	Murphy,	Vogdes,
Curry,	Heyburn,	Perry,	Walsh,
Dunn,	Hollingsworth,	Ramsey,	Walter,
Ehrhardt,	Horton,	Rhoads,	Weimer,
Forster,	Jones, E. E.,	Richards,	West,
Fruit,	Kitts,	Sampsel,	Whitaker,
Geiser,	Lauer,	Shaaber,	Willard,
Gibson,	Leighner,	Sinclair,	Wilson, H. I.,
Glass,	Lipschutz,	Smith, Jeff. W.	Wobensmith,
Glenn,	Marvin,	Smith, L.,	Wynne,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

SENATE MESSAGE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced presented extracts from the Journal of the Senate, which were laid upon the table.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 513, entitled:

An Act relating to the satisfaction of mortgages under power of attorney directed to the recorder of deeds

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. FRUIT. Mr. Speaker, this bill is intended to apply to the satisfaction of mortgages authorized by a power of attorney directed to the Recorder of a county to satisfy the same. As very often happens, a man in receiving a satisfaction of a mortgage, instead of sending it directly to the Recorder to satisfy it of record, put it in his pocket and forgets all about it until some years later when he desires to sell the property; the Recorder has left office; the man who was the mortgagee or the man who loaned him the money has died and it is impossible to get that mortgage satisfied, although everything is paid and done except by publication in the newspapers and petition to court. This is a rather expensive method and the present suggested method simplifies it to this extent, that it empowers any Recorder who may be in office, at the time that the mortgage is desired to be satisfied, that he places the same on record. It is nothing radical but simply is both a time and money saver to the person who believes that his mortgage has been satisfied by simply taking the receipt and power of attorney.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—191.

Adams,	Gallagher,	Marvin,	Sinclair,
Albee,	Gans,	Mather,	Smith, J. W.,
Alcorn,	Garner,	McArdle,	Smith, Jeff. W.
Alexander,	Geary,	McClintock,	Smith, L.,
Arnold,	Geiser,	McClure,	Sones,
Aron,	Gibson,	McConnell,	Spangler,
Arthur,	Gingery,	McCurdy,	Spencer,
Baker,	Glass,	McDermott,	Statler,
Baldwin,	Glenn,	McKay,	Staving,
Bauerle,	Gompers,	McNichol,	Steedle,
Beck,	Goodnough,	McVicar,	Stein,
Becker,	Goodwin,	Mearkle,	Stone,
Benn,	Goodyear,	Mellott,	Sullivan,
Benninger,	Gormley,	Metzenbacher,	Swan,
Bergy,	Graham,	Milliron,	Swartz,
Berntheizel,	Gransback,	Murdoch,	Taylor,
Beyer,	Habgood,	Murphy,	Thomas,
Blackburn,	Hackett,	Myers,	Trach,
Body,	Hamilton,	Neville,	Twibill,
Bovee,	Harper,	Nieder,	Urich,
Brosius,	Heffernan,	Nissley,	Vickerman,
Brownlee,	Herman,	Oaks,	Vogdes,
Brumbaugh,	Hess,	Ostrander,	Wagner,
Bungard,	Heyburn,	Palmer,	Walsh,
Campbell, T.,	Hibshman,	Perry,	Walter,
Christman,	Hoffman,	Peters,	Walton,
Coldsmith,	Hollern,	Phillips,	Watson,
Conner,	Hollingsworth,	Pickering,	Weaver,
Corbin,	Horton,	Powell,	Weimer,
Cox,	Howarth,	Ramsey,	Weir,
Cromer,	Hubler,	Reel,	West,
Curry,	Jack,	Reynolds,	Wettach,
Davis,	Jones, E. E.,	Rhoads,	Whitaker,
Dawson,	Jones, W. W.,	Rich,	Whitten,
Dell,	Kaiser,	Richards,	Wildman,
Diefenderfer,	Kitts,	Rininger,	Willard,
Dodds,	Klinger,	Rinn,	Williams,
Drinkhouse,	Kuhn,	Robertson,	Wilson, H. L.,
Dunn,	Kunkle,	Rothenberger,	Wilson, W. H.,
Eby,	Lafferty,	Rowell,	Wobensmith,
Ehrhardt,	Landis,	Rudisill,	Wood,
Eppley,	Lanius,	Sampsel,	Woodward,
Erdman,	Lauer,	Sarig,	Wylie,
Evans,	Lauler,	Schaeffer,	Wynne,
Fackler,	Leighner,	Scott,	Young,
Flynn,	Lipschutz,	Shaaber,	Ambler,
Forster,	Luppert,	Shaffer,	Speaker.
Fretz,	Lynch,	Shoop,	
Fruit,	Mangan,		

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

SENATE MESSAGE.

RESOLUTIONS CONCURRED IN BY SENATE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, informed that the Senate has concurred in the resolution from the House of Representatives as follows, viz:

A CONCURRENT RESOLUTION.

In the House of Representatives.

Whereas, On the sixteenth day of March in this year, a battleship of the United States bearing the name Pennsylvania will be launched at Newport News, Virginia; and

Whereas, It is customary and proper that each state be represented officially at the launching of a battleship bearing its name; and

Whereas, It is usual and proper that the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania be officially represented at the launching of the battleship Pennsylvania on the sixteenth day of March in this year, therefore be it

Resolved (if the Senate concur) That those who shall officially represent this Commonwealth at the launching of said battleship shall consist of the Governor, the Lieutenant-Governor, the President pro tempore of the Senate, and ten members of the Senate selected by him, the Speaker of the House of Representatives and fifteen members of the House selected by him, and such other guests as the Governor may desire to invite; the expenses to be paid out of the contingent funds of the Chief Clerk of the Senate and of the Chief Clerk of the House in equal amounts.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, informed that the Senate has concurred in the resolution from the House of Representatives as follows, viz:

A CONCURRENT RESOLUTION.

In the House of Representatives.

Authorizing the appointment of a commission to investigate charges against charitable institutions and vesting certain powers in the commission.

Whereas, Grave criticism has been directed in the public prints of recent date against the management of certain charitable institutions: and

Whereas, The allegations are directed inter alia against institutions to which the Commonwealth biennially appropriates large sums of money; and

Whereas, It would be highly improper were such charges to be ignored and the grave danger run of giving state funds to institutions that would make a wrong use of them and

Whereas, It is incumbent on the appropriation committee of each branch of the General Assembly to eliminate the undeserving applicants for state aid; therefore be it

Resolved (if the Senate concur), That a joint commission is hereby established whose duty it shall be to investigate thoroughly all charges appearing in the public prints recently against institutions of the state, and those receiving state aid, and to report therein in writing as soon as practicable at this session of the General Assembly.

The commission shall consist of the chairman of the appropriation committee of the Senate and the House and of five members from each appropriation committee as may be selected by the respective chairman.

The commission is hereby given authority to issue subpoenas and to compel the attendance and testimony of persons and the production of books and papers. The subpoenas shall be served by the sergeant-at-arms of the House.

Any member of the committee shall have power to administer oaths or affirmations in any matter under consideration by the committee.

HOUSE BILL CONCURRED IN BY SENATE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced returned bills from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows: House Bill No. 76,

An Act making an appropriation to refund to the Crawford County Trust Company a corporation of Meadville Crawford county Pennsylvania moneys erroneously paid into the State treasury

with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendment.

AMENDED HOUSE BILL RETURNED FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced returned bill from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows: House Bill No. 43,

An Act authorizing Peter C. Kuhn of Scranton Lackawanna County to sue the Commonwealth

with the information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The Clerk read the amendments as follows:

Amend section one, line 8, by striking out "mnowealth" and inserting "monwealth."

Also amend section one, line 10, by inserting

This suit shall be subject to the same rules of pleadings and evidence as in other cases between individuals The right to bring suit hereby given shall not preclude the Commonwealth from raising any defense available to it in the suit hereby authorized

On the question,

Will the House concur in the amendments made my the Senate?

Mr. EHRHARDT. Mr. Speaker, for the information of the House I wish to say that the amendments made by the Senate are satisfactory as they were made at the suggestion of the Attorney General's Department and they are accepted by the sponser of the bill.

On the question recurring,

Will the House concur in the amendments made by the Senate?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—191.

Adams,	Gans,	Maurer,	Smith, J. W.,
Albee,	Garner,	McArdle,	Smith, Jeff. W.,
Alcorn,	Geary,	McCaig,	Smith, L.,
Alexander,	Geiser,	McClintock,	Snyder,
Arnold,	Gibson,	McClure,	Sones,
Aron,	Gingery,	McConnell,	Spangler,
Arthur,	Glass,	McCurdy,	Spencer,
Baker,	Glenn,	McDermott,	Statler,
Baldwin,	Gompers,	McKay,	Staving,
Bauerle,	Goodnough,	McNichol,	Steedle,
Beck,	Goodyear,	McVicar,	Stein,
Becker,	Gormley,	Mearkle,	Stern,
Benninger,	Graham,	Mellott,	Stone,
Bergy,	Gransback,	Metzenbacher,	Sullivan,
Berntheizel,	Greenwood,	Milliron,	Swan,
Beyer,	Habgood,	Murdoch,	Swartz,
Blackburn,	Hackett,	Murphy,	Taylor,
Body,	Hamilton,	Myers,	Thomas,
Bovee,	Harper,	Neville,	Trach,
Brosius,	Heffernan,	Nissley,	Twibill,
Bungard,	Herman,	Oaks,	Urich,
Campbell, T.,	Hess,	Ostrander,	Vickerman,
Christman,	Heyburn,	Palmer,	Vogdes,
Coldsmith,	Hoffman,	Perry,	Wagner,
Conner,	Hollern,	Peters,	Walsh,
Corbin,	Hollingsworth,	Phillips,	Walter,
Cox,	Horton,	Pickering,	Walton,
Cromer,	Hubler,	Powell,	Watson,
Cummins,	Jack,	Ramsey,	Weaver,
Curry,	Jones, W. W.,	Reel,	Weimer,
Davis,	Kaiser,	Reynolds,	Weir,
Dawson,	Kitts,	Rhoads,	West,
Dell,	Klinger,	Rich,	Wettach,
Diefenderfer,	Kuhn,	Richards,	Whitaker,
Dodds,	Kunkle,	Rininger,	Whitten,
Drinkhouse,	Lafferty,	Rinn,	Wildman,
Dunn,	Landis,	Robertson,	Willard,
Eby,	Lanius,	Rothenberger,	Williams,
Ehrhardt,	Lauer,	Rowell,	Wilson, H. I.,
Eppley,	Lauler,	Rudisill,	Wilson, W. H.,
Erdman,	Leighner,	Sampsel,	Wobensmith,
Evans,	Lindsey,	Sarig,	Wood,
Fackler,	Lipschutz,	Schaeffer,	Woodward,
Flynn,	Luppert,	Scott,	Wylie,
Forster,	Lynch,	Shaaber,	Wynne,
Fretz,	Mangan,	Shoop,	Young,
Fruit,	Marvin,	Showalter,	Ambler,
Gallagher,	Mather,	Sinclair,	Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative and amendments concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 486, entitled:

An Act relating to publication of notices required by the Constitution and laws of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in newspapers in said Commonwealth

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally

Mr. WALKER. Mr. Speaker, there seem to be some very serious objections to this bill. The last section of the Constitution relating to amendments requires publication in two newspapers in each county—

The SPEAKER. The Chair would suggest to the gentleman from Franklin that the sponsor of the bill not being present, it would probably be in order to postpone the bill for the present.

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. Speaker, I move that further consideration of this bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 536, entitled:

An Act concerning the relations between attorney and client on suit being brought in any court of this Commonwealth and providing that the attorney shall have a lien for his compensation for his services upon the client's cause of action claim or counter-claim which shall attach to any award order report decision compromise settlemeat verdict or judgment in the client's favor and the proceeds thereof in whosoever hands the same may be and which lien shall not be affected or defeated by any compromise or settlement between the parties before or after judgment

And said bill having been read at length the third time. considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—174.

Adams,	Fackler,	Lanius,	Shaaber,
Albee,	Flynn,	Lauer.	Shoop,
Alcorn,	Forster,	Lauler,	Showalter,
Alexander,	Fretz,	Leighner,	Sinclair,
Arnold,	Fruit,	Lipschutz,	Smith, Jeff. W.,
Aron,	Gallagher,	Luppert,	Smith, L.,
Arthur,	Gans,	Lynch,	Spangler,
Baker,	Garner,	Mangan,	Statler,
Baldwin,	Geary,	Marvin,	Steedle,
Barnett,	Geiser,	Mather,	Stein,
Bauerle,	Gibson,	McArdle,	Stern,
Beck,	Gingery,	McCaig,	Stone,
Becker,	Glass,	McClintock,	Sullivan,
Benn,	Glenn,	McConnell,	Swan,
Benninger,	Gompers,	McCurdy,	Swartz,
Bergy,	Goodyear,	McDermott,	Taylor,
Berntheizel,	Gormley,	McNichol,	Thomas,
Beyer,	Graham,	McVicar,	Trach,
Blackburn,	Gransback,	Mearkle,	Twibill,
Body,	Greenwood,	Milliron,	Urich,
Brosius,	Hackett,	Murdoch,	Vickerman,
Brownlee,	Hamilton,	Murphy,	Vogdes,
Brumbaugh,	Harper,	Myers,	Wagner,
Bungard,	Heffernan,	Neville,	Walsh,
Campbell, T.,	Herman,	Nieder,	Walter,
Christman,	Hess,	Nissley,	Walton,
Coldsmith,	Heyburn,	Oaks,	Watson,
Conner,	Hibshman,	Ostrander,	Weaver,
Corbin,	Hoffman,	Palmer,	Weimer,
Cox,	Hollern,	Perry,	Weir,
Cromer,	Hollingsworth,	Peters,	West,
Cummins,	Horton,	Phillips,	Wettach,
Curry,	Howarth,	Pickering,	Whitten,
Davis,	Hubler,	Powell,	Willard,
Dawson,	Jack,	Ramsey,	Williams,
Dell,	Jones, W. W.,	Reel,	Wilson, H. I.,
Diefenderfer,	Kaiser,	Reynolds,	Wilson, W. H.,
Dodds,	Kitts,	Rhoads,	Wobensmith,
Drinkhouse,	Klinger,	Richards,	Wood,
Dunn,	Kuhn,	Robertson,	Wynne,
Eby,	Kunkle,	Rowell,	Young,
Ehrhardt,	Lafferty,	Sampsel,	Ambler,
Eppley,	Landis,	Schaeffer,	Speaker.
Erdman,		Scott,	
Evans,			

NAYS—10.

McKay,	Rothenberger,	Sones,	Whitaker,
Metzenbacher,	Rudisill,	Spencer,	Wylie,
Rich,	Sarig,		

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 432, entitled:

An Act relating to the administration of the estate of an intestate decedent

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, before the House acts on the bill on third reading, I would like to make a motion that this bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. COX. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 622, entitled:

An Act fixing a method of adjusting boundary lines of municipalities and townships

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. HOWARTH. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to offer amendments at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The Clerk then read the amendments as follows.

Section 2, line 6, strike out the two words "of the" after the word "or." Insert in lieu "a majority."

In line 7 insert after the word commissioners "of townships of the first class."

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to insert the amendments as read? Is there any objection? The Chair hears none and the amendments will be inserted in accordance with the instructions of the House.

The bill as amended was then agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended lie over for printing.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 515, entitled:

An Act requiring all public printing and the processes used in doing such printing to be done within the territorial limits of this Commonwealth

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—157.

Adams,	Geary,	Marvin,	Snyder,
Alcorn,	Geiser,	Mather,	Sones,
Alexander,	Glass,	Maurer,	Spangler,
Aron,	Gompers,	McArdle,	Staving,
Arthur,	Goodnough,	McClintock,	Steedle,
Baker,	Goodyear,	McClure,	Stein,
Bauerle,	Gormley,	McCurdy,	Stern,
Beck,	Graham,	McDermott,	Stone,
Becker,	Gransback,	McNichol,	Sullivan,
Benn,	Greenwood,	McVicar,	Swan,
Benninger,	Hackett,	Mearkle,	Swartz,
Bergy,	Hamilton,	Murdoch,	Taylor,
Berntheizel,	Harper,	Myers,	Thomas,
Beyer,	Hess,	Neville,	Trach,
Blackburn,	Heyburn,	Nieder,	Twibill,
Bovee,	Hoffman,	Ostrander,	Urich,
Brosius,	Hollern,	Palmer,	Vickerman,
Bungard,	Hollingsworth,	Peters,	Vogdes,
Campbell, T.,	Horton,	Phillips,	Wagner,
Christman,	Howarth,	Pickering,	Walsh,
Coldsmith,	Hubler,	Powell,	Walton,
Conner,	Jack,	Ramsey,	Watson,
Corbin,	Jones, W. W.,	Reel,	Weaver,
Cox,	Kaiser,	Reynolds,	Weir,
Cromer,	Kitts,	Richards,	West,
Cummins,	Klinger,	Rininger,	Whitaker,
Curry,	Kuhn,	Rinn,	Wildman,
Davis,	Kunkle,	Rothenberger,	Willard,
Dawson,	Lafferty,	Rowell,	Williams,
Dell,	Lanius,	Rudisill,	Wilson, H. I.,
Diefenderfer,	Lauer,	Sampsel,	Wilson, W. H.,
Dodds,	Lauler,	Sarig,	Wobensmith,
Drinkhouse,	Leighner,	Scott,	Wood,
Eby,	Lindsey,	Shaaber,	Woodward,
Ehrhardt,	Lipschutz,	Shoop,	Wylie,
Erdman,	Luppert,	Sinclair,	Wynne,
Fackler,	Luxemburger,	Smith, J. W.,	Young,
Flynn,	Lynch,	Smith, Jeff. W.,	Ambler,
Gallagher,	Mangan,	Smith, L.,	Speaker.
Garner,			

NAYS—10.

Arnold,	Gingery,	Metzenbacher,	Walter,
Brownlee,	Glenn,	Spencer,	Weimer,
Gibson,	Mellott,		

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 317, entitled:

An Act to repeal an act approved the twenty-sixth day of April one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three entitled "An Act relative to the eligibility of candidates for the office of district attorney"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. REYNOLDS. Mr. Speaker, I see that the sponsor of this bill is not present and I would therefore move that it be put on the postponed calendar.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The SPEAKER. The next bill, House Bill No. 530, is not on the files. This bill will be passed for the present.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. STEIN. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to have House Bill No. 530, entitled:

An Act supplementary to an act entitled "An Act defining powers of the several courts of quarter sessions of the peace within this Commonwealth with reference to the care treatment and control of dependent neglected incorrigible and delinquent children under the age of sixteen years and providing for the means in which such power may be exercised" approved April twenty-third Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and three conferring power upon the judge or judges who are from time to time assigned to the session of said court known as the juvenile court to establish compulsory physical and mental examinations of all children who come within the custody or control of the said juvenile court defining the purpose method and extent of such examination and the character and use of the reports of examining physicians designating the time and place of and authorizing the necessary equipment for such examinations and providing for the installation of said equipment and payment therefor and for the appointment and compensation of examining physicians and assistants for the said work

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General for the purpose of amendment.

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to refer this bill to committee at this time, the bill not being on the file? The Chair hears no objection and in accordance with the instructions of the House the bill is re-committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 529, entitled:

An Act supplementary to an act entitled "An Act regulating the confinement of children under the age of sixteen years awaiting trial" approved the third day of April one thousand nine hundred and three providing for the seperation of dependent and neglected children from incorrigible and delinquent children in places of detention of minors in the custody of the juvenile court of the several counties

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—187.

Adams,	Gans,	Maurer,	Smith, J. W.,
Albee,	Garner,	McArdle,	Smith, Jeff. W.,
Alcorn,	Geary,	McCaig,	Smith, L.,
Alexander,	Geiser,	McClintock,	Snyder,
Arnold,	Gingery,	McClure,	Sones,
Aron,	Glass,	McConnell,	Spangler,
Arthur,	Glenn,	McCurdy,	Spencer,
Baker,	Gompers,	McDermott,	Statler,
Baldwin,	Goodwin,	McKay,	Staving,
Bauerle,	Goodyear,	McNichol,	Steedle,
Beck,	Gormley,	McVicar,	Stein,
Becker,	Graham,	Mearkle,	Stern,
Benn,	Gransback,	Mellott,	Stone,
Benninger,	Greenwood,	Metzenbacher,	Sullivan,
Bergy,	Hackett,	Milliron,	Swartz,
Berntheizel,	Hamilton,	Murdoch,	Taylor,
Beyer,	Harper,	Myers,	Thomas,
Blackburn,	Heffernan,	Neville,	Trach,
Body,	Herman,	Nieder,	Twibill,
Bovee,	Hess,	Nissley,	Urich,
Brosius,	Heyburn,	Oaks,	Vickerman.
Brownlee,	Hoffman,	Ostrander,	Vogdes,
Brumbaugh,	Hollern,	Palmer,	Wagner,
Bungard,	Hollingsworth,	Perry,	Walsh,
Campbell, T.,	Horton,	Peters,	Walter,
Christman,	Howarth,	Phillips,	Walton,
Coldsmith,	Hubler,	Pickering,	Watson,
Conner,	Jack,	Powell,	Weaver,
Corbin,	Jones, E. E.,	Ramsey,	Weimer,
Cox,	Kaiser,	Reel,	Weir,
Cromer,	Kitts,	Reynolds,	West,
Cummins,	Klinger,	Rhoads,	Wettach,
Davis,	Kuhn,	Rich,	Whitaker,
Dawson,	Kunkle,	Richards,	Whitten,
Dell,	Lafferty,	Rininger,	Wiliman,
Diefenderfer,	Landis,	Rinn,	Willard,
Dodds,	Lanius,	Robertson,	Williams,
Drinkhouse,	Lauer,	Rothenberger,	Wilson, H. I.,
Dunn,	Leighner,	Rowell,	Wilson, W. H.,
Eby,	Lindsey,	Rudisill,	Wobensmith,
Ehrhardt,	Lipschutz,	Sampsel,	Wood,
Eppley,	Luppert,	Sarig,	Woodward,
Erdman,	Luxemburger,	Schaeffer,	Wylie,
Evans,	Lynch,	Scott,	Wynne,
Fackler,	Mangan,	Shaaber,	Young,
Flynn,	Marvin,	Showalter,	Ambler,
Fretz,	Mather,	Sinclair,	Speaker.
Fruit,			

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 543, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the ninth day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to provide for the appointment of deputy prothonotaries in counties of this Commonwealth having a population of more than two hundred and fifty thousand and less than a million and defining their qualifications powers and salary"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. McKAY. Mr. Speaker, I would like to interrogate the sponsor for this bill.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Luzerne, Mr. Powell, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. POWELL. Certainly, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. McKAY. Mr. Speaker, will the gentleman kindly explain to the House the object of this bill?

Mr. POWELL. Mr. Speaker and gentleman of the House, this bill was sent to me by the Prothonotary of Luzerne County. It amends an act that was passed in the Session of 1911 that placed the sole duty upon the prothonotary and his chief deputy of administering oaths and affidavits. The Prothonotary wants this amended so that he can appoint any one in his office to administer the oaths and take the affidavit. It does not create any new positions. It does not create any increase in salary. The sole thing is to deputize more deputies to do the work, as he sees fit, in his office.

On the question recurring.

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—191.

Adams,	Garner,	Maurer,	Smith, Jeff. W.,
Albee,	Geary,	McArdle,	Smith, L.,
Alcorn,	Geiser,	McCaig,	Snyder,
Alexander,	Gibson,	McClintock,	Sones,
Arnold,	Gingery,	McClure,	Spangler,
Aron,	Glass,	McConnell,	Spencer,
Arthur,	Glenn,	McCurdy,	Statler,
Baker,	Gompers,	McDermott,	Staving,
Baldwin,	Goodnough,	McKay,	Steedle,
Barnett,	Goodwin,	McNichol,	Stein,
Bauerle,	Goodyear,	McVicar,	Stern,
Beck,	Gormley,	Mearkle,	Stone,
Becker,	Graham,	Mellott,	Sullivan,
Benn,	Gransback,	Metzenbacher,	Swan,
Benninger,	Greenwood,	Milliron,	Swartz,
Bergy,	Hackett,	Murdoch,	Taylor,
Beyer,	Hamilton,	Murphy,	Thomas,
Blackburn,	Harper,	Myers,	Trach,
Body,	Heffernan,	Neville,	Twibill,
Bovee,	Herman,	Nieder,	Urich,
Brosius,	Hess,	Nissley,	Vickerman,
Brownlee,	Heyburn,	Oaks,	Vogdes,
Brumbaugh,	Hoffman,	Ostrander,	Wagner,
Bungard,	Hollern,	Palmer,	Walsh,
Campbell, T.,	Hollingsworth,	Perry,	Walter,
Christman,	Horton,	Peters,	Walton,
Coldsmith,	Howarth,	Phillips,	Watson,
Conner,	Hubler,	Pickering,	Weaver,
Corbin,	Jack,	Powell,	Weimer,
Cox,	Jones, E. E.,	Ramsey,	Weir,
Cromer,	Jones, W. W.,	Reynolds,	West,
Cummins,	Kaiser,	Rhoads,	Wettach,
Curry,	Kitts,	Rich,	Whitaker,
Davis,	Klinger,	Richards,	Whitten,
Dawson,	Kuhn,	Rininger,	Wiliman,
Dell,	Kunkle,	Rinn,	Willard,
Diefenderfer,	Lafferty,	Robertson,	Williams,
Dodds,	Landis,	Rothenberger,	Wilson, H. I.,
Drinkhouse,	Lanius,	Rowell,	Wilson, W. H.,
Dunn,	Lauer,	Rudisill,	Wobensmith,
Eby,	Leighner,	Sampsel,	Wood,
Ehrhardt,	Lindsey,	Sarig,	Woodward,
Erdman,	Lipschutz,	Schaeffer,	Wylie,
Evans,	Luppert,	Scott,	Wynne,
Fackler,	Luxemburger,	Shaaber,	Young,
Flynn,	Lynch,	Shoop,	Ambler,
Fretz,	Mangan,	Sinclair,	Speaker.
Fruit,	Marvin,	Smith, J. W.,	
Gallagher,	Mather,		

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 464, entitled:

An Act relating to balloons and imposing a penalty

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—186.

Adams,	Fretz,	Luppert,	Sinclair,
Albee,	Fruit,	Luxemburger,	Smith, J. W.,
Alcorn,	Gallagher,	Mangan,	Smith, L.,
Alexander,	Gans,	Marvin,	Snyder,
Arnold,	Garner,	Mather,	Sones,
Aron,	Geary,	McArdle,	Spangler,
Arthur,	Geiser,	McCaig,	Spencer,
Baker,	Gibson,	McClintock,	Staving,
Baldwin,	Gingery,	McConnell,	Steedle,
Barnett,	Glass,	McCurdy,	Stein,
Bauerle,	Glenn,	McDermott,	Stern,
Beck,	Gompers,	McNichol,	Stone,
Becker,	Goodnough,	McVicar,	Sullivan,
Benn,	Goodwin,	Mearkle,	Swan,
Benninger,	Gormley,	Mellott,	Swartz,
Bergy,	Graham,	Metzenbacher,	Thomas,
Berntheizel,	Gransback,	Murdoch,	Trach,
Beyer,	Greenwood,	Murphy,	Twibill,

Blackburn,	Habgood.	Myers,	Urich,
Body,	Hackett,	Neville,	Vickerman,
Bovee,	Hamilton,	Nieder,	Vogdes,
Brosius,	Harper,	Nissley,	Wagner,
Brownlee,	Heffernan,	Oaks,	Walsh,
Brumbaugh,	Herman,	Ostrander,	Walter,
Bungard,	Hess,	Palmer,	Walton,
Campbell, T.,	Heyburn,	Perry,	Watson,
Christman,	Hibshman,	Peters,	Weaver,
Coldsmith,	Hoffman,	Phillips,	Weimer,
Conner,	Hollingsworth,	Pickering,	Weir,
Corbin,	Horton,	Powell,	West,
Cox,	Howarth,	Ramsey,	Wettach,
Cromer,	Hubler,	Reynolds,	Whitaker,
Cummins,	Jack,	Rhoads,	Whitten,
Davis,	Jones, E. E.,	Richards,	Wildman,
Dawson,	Jones, W. W.,	Rininger,	Willard,
Dell,	Kitts,	Rinn,	Williams,
Diefenderfer,	Klinger,	Robertson,	Wilson, H. I.,
Dodds,	Kuhn,	Rothenberger,	Wilson, W. H.,
Drinkhouse,	Kunkle,	Rowell,	Wobensmith,
Dunn,	Lafferty,	Rudisill,	Wood,
Eby,	Landis,	Sampsel,	Woodward,
Ehrhardt,	Lanius,	Sarig,	Wylie,
Eppley,	Lauer,	Schaeffer,	Wynne,
Erdman,	Lauler,	Scott,	Young,
Evans,	Leighner,	Shaaber,	Ambler,
Fackler,	Lindsey,	Showalter,	Speaker.
Flynn,	Lipschutz,		

NAYS—6.

Goodyear,	Milliron,	Shoop,	Statler,
Hollern,	Reel,		

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 494 (Senate Bill No. 30), entitled:

An Act amending section seven of an act entitled "An Act to establish a county court for the county of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof" approved the fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven as amended by changing the practice in desertion and non-support cases

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—190.

Adams,	Gans,	Mather,	Smith, J. W.,
Albee,	Garner,	Maurer,	Smith, Jeff. W.
Alcorn,	Geary,	McArdle,	Smith, L.,
Alexander,	Geiser,	McCaig,	Snyder,
Arnold,	Gibson,	McClintock,	Sones,
Aron,	Gingery,	McClure,	Spangler,
Arthur,	Glass,	McConnell,	Spencer,
Baker,	Gompers,	McCurdy,	Statler,
Baldwin,	Goodnough,	McDermott,	Steedle,
Barnett,	Goodwin,	McKay,	Stein,
Bauerle,	Goodyear,	McNichol,	Stern,
Beck,	Gormley,	McVicar,	Stone,
Becker,	Graham,	Mearkle,	Sullivan,
Benn,	Gransback,	Mellott,	Swan,
Bergy,	Greenwood,	Milliron,	Swartz,
Berntheizel,	Hackett,	Murdoch,	Taylor,
Beyer,	Hamilton,	Murphy,	Thomas,
Blackburn,	Harper,	Myers,	Trach,
Bovee,	Heffernan,	Neville,	Twibill,
Brosius,	Herman,	Nieder,	Urich,
Brownlee,	Hess,	Nissley,	Vickerman,
Brumbaugh,	Heyburn,	Oaks,	Vogdes,
Bungard,	Hibshman,	Ostrander,	Wagner,
Campbell, T.,	Hoffman,	Palmer,	Walsh,
Christman,	Hollern,	Perry,	Walter,
Coldsmith,	Hollingsworth,	Peters,	Walton,
Conner,	Horton,	Phillips,	Watson,
Corbin,	Howarth,	Pickering,	Weaver,
Cox,	Hubler,	Powell,	Weimer,
Cummins,	Jack,	Ramsey,	Weir,
Curry,	Jones, E. E.,	Reel,	West,
Davis,	Jones, W. W.,	Reynolds,	Wettach,
Dawson,	Kaiser,	Rhoads,	Whitaker,
Dell,	Kitts,	Rich,	Whitten,
Diefenderfer,	Klinger,	Richards,	Wildman,
Dodds,	Kuhn,	Rininger,	Willard,
Drinkhouse,	Kunkle,	Rinn,	Williams,
Dunn,	Lafferty,	Robertson,	Wilson, H. I.,
Eby,	Lanius,	Rothenberger,	Wilson, W. H.,
Ehrhardt,	Lauer,	Rowell,	Wobensmith,
Eppley,	Lauler,	Rudisill,	Wood,
Erdman,	Leighner,	Sampsel,	Woodward,
Evans,	Lindsey,	Sarig,	Wylie,
Fackler,	Lipschutz,	Schaeffer,	Wynne,
Flynn,	Luppert,	Scott,	Young,
Fretz,	Luxemburger,	Shaaber,	Ambler,
Fruit,	Mangan,	Shoop,	Speaker.
Gallagher,	Marvin,	Sinclair,	

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed it without amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 498 (Senate Bill No. 27), entitled:

A further supplement to an act entitled "An Act to establish a county court for the county of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof" approved the fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven constituting the said court the juvenile court of said county and prescribing its organization jurisdiction and powers therein and otherwise

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—198.

Adams,	Gans,	Marvin,	Showalter,
Albee,	Garner,	Mather,	Sinclair,
Alcorn,	Geary,	Maurer,	Smith, J. W.,
Alexander,	Geiser,	McArdle,	Smith, Jeff. W.
Arnold,	Gibson,	McCaig,	Smith, L.,
Aron,	Gingery,	McClintock,	Snyder,
Arthur,	Glass,	McClure,	Sones,
Baker,	Glenn,	McConnell,	Spangler,
Baldwin,	Gompers,	McCurdy,	Spencer,
Bauerle,	Goodnough,	McDermott,	Statler,
Beck,	Goodwin,	McKay,	Staving,
Becker,	Goodyear,	McNichol,	Steedle,
Benn,	Gormley,	McVicar,	Stein,
Benninger,	Graham,	Mearkle,	Stern,
Bergy,	Gransback,	Mellott,	Stone,
Berntheizel,	Greenwood,	Metzenbacher,	Sullivan,
Beyer,	Hackett,	Milliron,	Swan,
Blackburn,	Hamilton,	Murdoch,	Swartz,
Body,	Harper,	Murphy,	Taylor,
Bovee,	Heffernan,	Myers,	Thomas,
Brosius,	Herman,	Neville,	Trach,
Brownlee,	Hess,	Nieder,	Twibill,
Bungard,	Heyburn,	Nissley,	Urich,
Campbell, T.,	Hibshman,	Oaks,	Vickerman,
Christman,	Hoffman,	Ostrander,	Vogdes,
Coldsmith,	Hollern,	Palmer,	Wagner,
Conner,	Hollingsworth,	Perry,	Walsh,
Corbin,	Horton,	Peters,	Walter,
Cox,	Howarth,	Phillips,	Walton,
Cromer,	Hubler,	Pickering,	Watson,
Cummins,	Jack,	Powell,	Weaver,
Curry,	Jones, E. E.,	Ramsey,	Weimer,
Davis,	Jones, W. W.,	Reel,	Weir,
Dawson,	Kaiser,	Reynolds,	West,
Dell,	Kitts,	Rhoads,	Wettach,
Diefenderfer,	Klinger,	Rich,	Whitaker,
Dodds,	Kuhn,	Richards,	Whitten,
Drinkhouse,	Kunkle,	Rininger,	Wildman,
Dunn,	Lafferty,	Rinn,	Willard,
Eby,	Landis,	Robertson,	Williams,
Ehrhardt,	Lanius,	Rothenberger,	Wilson, H. I.,
Eppley,	Lauer,	Rowell,	Wilson, W. H.,
Erdman,	Lauler,	Rudisill,	Wobensmith,
Evans,	Leighner,	Sampsel,	Wood,
Fackler,	Lindsey,	Sarig,	Woodward,
Finnerty,	Lipschutz,	Schaeffer,	Wylie,
Flynn,	Love,	Scott,	Wynne,
Fretz,	Luppert,	Shaaber,	Young,
Fruit,	Luxemburger,	Shaffer,	Ambler,
Gallagher,	Lynch,	Shoop,	Speaker.
	Mangan,		

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed it without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 495 (Senate Bill No. 29, entitled:

An Act amending sections eight and nine of an act entitled "An Act to establish a county court for the county of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof" approved the fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven as amended by changing the practice of the court with regard to trial by jury and by providing that appeals from the judgment of the court in all civil actions shall be taken by leave of the court of common pleas and prescribing the practice and the powers of the court of common pleas in such cases

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agree to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—192.

Adams,	Gans,	Marvin,	Showalter,
Albee,	Garner,	Mather,	Sinclair,
Alcorn,	Geary,	Maurer,	Smith, J. W.,
Alexander,	Geiser,	McArdle,	Smith, Jeff. W.,
Arnold,	Gibson,	McCaig,	Smith, L.,
Aron,	Gingery,	McClintock,	Snyder,
Arthur,	Glass,	McClure,	Sones,
Baker,	Glenn,	McConnell,	Spangler,
Baldwin,	Gompers,	McCurdy,	Spencer,
Bauerle,	Goodnough,	McDermott,	Statler,
Beck,	Goodwin,	McKay,	Staving,
Becker,	Goodyear,	McNichol,	Steedle,
Benn,	Gormley,	McVicar,	Stein,
Benninger,	Graham,	Mearkle,	Stern,
Bergy,	Gransback,	Mellott,	Stone
Berntheizel,	Greenwood,	Metzenbacher,	Sullivan,
Beyer,	Hackett,	Milliron,	Swan,
Blackburn,	Hamilton,	Murdoch,	Swartz,
Body,	Harper,	Murphy,	Taylor,
Bovee,	Heffernan,	Myers,	Thomas,
Brosius,	Herman,	Neville,	Trach,
Brownlee,	Hess,	Nieder,	Twibill,
Brumbaugh,	Heyburn,	Nissley,	Urich,
Bungard,	Hibshman,	Oaks,	Vickerman,
Campbell, T.,	Hoffman,	Ostrander,	Vogdes,
Christman,	Hollern,	Palmer,	Wagner,
Coldsmith,	Hollingsworth,	Perry,	Walsh,
Conner,	Horton,	Peters,	Walter,
Corbin,	Howarth,	Phillips,	Walton,
Cox,	Hubler,	Pickering,	Watson,
Cromer,	Jack,	Powell,	Weaver,
Cummins,	Jones, E. E.,	Ramsey,	Weimer,
Curry,	Jones, W. W.,	Reel,	Weir,
Davis,	Kaiser,	Reynolds,	West,
Dawson,	Kitts,	Rhoads,	Wettach,
Dell,	Klinger,	Rich,	Whitaker,
Diefenderfer,	Kuhn,	Richards,	Whitten,
Dodds,	Kunkle,	Rininger,	Wildman,
Drinkhouse,	Lafferty,	Rinn,	Willard,
Dunn,	Landis,	Robertson,	Williams,
Eby,	Lanius,	Rothenberger,	Wilson, H. I.,
Ehrhardt,	Lauer,	Rowell,	Wilson, W. H.,
Eppley,	Lauler,	Rudisill,	Wobensmith,
Erdman,	Leighner,	Sampsel,	Wood,
Evans,	Lindsey,	Sarig,	Woodward,
Fackler,	Lipschutz,	Schaeffer,	Wylie,
Finnerty,	Luppert,	Scott,	Wynne,
Flynn,	Luxemburger,	Shaaber,	Young,
Fretz,	Lynch,	Shaffer,	Ambler,
Fruit,	Mangan,	Shoop,	Speaker.
Gallagher,			

NAYS.—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with the information that the House has passed it without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 348 (Senate Bill No. 21), entitled:

An Act to validate deeds and mortgages and other instruments of writing which have been defectively acknowledged by husband and wife prior to the fourth day of January one thousand nine hundred and fifteen

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—189.

Adams,	Gans,	Mather,	Smith, J. W.,
Albee,	Garner,	Maurer,	Smith, Jeff. W.
Alcorn,	Geary,	McArdle,	Smith, L.,
Alexander,	Gibson,	McCaig,	Snyder,
Arnold,	Gingery,	McClintock,	Sones,
Aron,	Glass,	McClure,	Spangler,
Arthur,	Glenn,	McConnell,	Spencer,
Baker,	Gompers,	McCurdy,	Statler,
Baldwin,	Goodnough,	McDermott,	Staving,
Bauerle,	Goodwin,	McKay,	Steedle,
Beck,	Goodyear,	McNichol,	Stein,
Becker,	Gormley,	Mearkle,	Stern,
Benn,	Graham,	Mellott,	Stone,
Benninger,	Gransback,	Metzenbacher,	Sullivan,
Bergy,	Greenwood,	Milliron,	Swan,
Berntheizel,	Hackett,	Murdoch,	Swartz,
Beyer,	Hamilton,	Murphy,	Taylor,
Blackburn,	Harper,	Myers,	Thomas,
Body,	Heffernan,	Neville,	Trach,
Bovee,	Herman,	Nieder,	Twibill,
Brosius,	Hess,	Nissley,	Urich,
Brumbaugh,	Heyburn,	Oaks.	Vogdes,
Bungard,	Hibshman,	Ostrander,	Wagner,
Campbell, T.,	Hoffman,	Perry,	Walsh,
Christman,	Hollern,	Peters,	Walter,
Coldsmith,	Hollingsworth,	Phillips,	Walton,
Conner,	Horton,	Pickering,	Watson,
Corbin,	Howarth,	Powell,	Weaver,
Cox,	Hubler,	Ramsey,	Weimer,
Cromer,	Jack,	Reel,	Weir,
Cummins,	Jones, W. W.,	Reynolds,	West,
Curry,	Kaiser,	Rhoads,	Wettach,
Davis,	Kitts,	Rich,	Whitaker,
Dawson,	Klinger,	Richards,	Whitten,
Dell,	Kuhn,	Rinn,	Wildman,
Diefenderfer,	Kunkle,	Robertson,	Willard,
Dodds,	Lafferty,	Rothenberger,	Williams,
Drinkhouse,	Landis,	Rowell,	Wilson, H. I.,
Dunn,	Lanius,	Rudisill,	Wilson, W. H.,
Eby,	Lauler,	Sampsel,	Wobensmith,
Ehrhardt,	Leighner,	Sarig,	Wood,
Eppley,	Lindsey,	Schaeffer,	Woodward,
Erdman,	Lipschutz,	Scott,	Wylie,
Evans,	Luppert,	Shaaber,	Wynne,
Fackler,	Luxemburger,	Shoop,	Young,
Flynn,	Lynch,	Showalter,	Ambler,
Fretz,	Mangan,	Sinclair,	Speaker.
Fruit,	Marvin,		
Gallagher,			

NAYS.—1.

Palmer,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with the information that the House has passed it without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House bill No. 497 (Senate Bill No. 36) entitled:

An Act authorizing the surrender and delivery of mortgages and writings obligatory secured thereby given to the Commonwealth and the satisfaction of the record thereof when full payment has been made

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—190.

Adams,	Fruit,	Luxemburger,	Showalter,
Albee,	Gallagher,	Mangan,	Sinclair,
Alcorn,	Gans,	Mather,	Smith, J. W.,
Alexander,	Garner,	McArdle,	Smith, Jeff. W.,
Arnold,	Geary,	McCaig,	Smith, L.,
Aron,	Geiser,	McClintock,	Snyder,
Arthur,	Gibson,	McClure,	Sones,
Baker,	Gingery,	McConnell,	Spangler,
Baldwin,	Glass,	McCurdy,	Spencer,
Bauerle,	Glenn,	McDermott,	Statler,
Beck,	Gompers,	McKay,	Staving,
Becker,	Goodnough,	McNichol,	Steedle,
Benn,	Goodwin,	McVicar,	Stein,
Benninger,	Goodyear,	Mearkle,	Stern,
Bergy,	Gormley,	Mellott,	Stone,
Berntheizel,	Graham,	Metzenbacher,	Sullivan,
Beyer,	Gransback,	Milliron,	Swan,
Blackburn,	Greenwood,	Murdoch,	Swartz,
Bovee,	Hackett,	Murphy,	Taylor,
Brosius,	Hamilton,	Myers,	Thomas,
Brownlee,	Harper,	Neville,	Twibill,
Brumbaugh,	Heffernan,	Nieder,	Urich,
Bungard,	Herman,	Nissley,	Vickerman,

Campbell, T.,	Hess,	Oaks,	Vogdes,
Christman,	Heyburn,	Ostrander,	Wagner,
Coldsmith,	Hibshman,	Palmer,	Walsh,
Conner,	Hoffman,	Perry,	Walter,
Corbin,	Hollern,	Peters,	Walton,
Cox,	Hollingsworth,	Phillips,	Watson,
Cromer,	Horton,	Pickering,	Weaver,
Cummins,	Howarth,	Powell,	Weimer,
Curry,	Hubler,	Ramsey,	Weir,
Davis,	Jack,	Reynolds,	West,
Dawson,	Jones, E. E.,	Rhoads,	Wettach,
Dell,	Jones, W. W.,	Rich,	Whitaker,
Diefenderfer,	Kaiser,	Richards,	Whitten,
Dodds,	Kitts,	Rininger,	Willman,
Drinkhouse,	Klinger,	Rinn,	Willard,
Dunn,	Kuhn,	Robertson,	Williams,
Eby,	Kunkle,	Rothenberger,	Wilson, H. I.,
Ehrhardt,	Lafferty,	Rowell,	Wilson, W. H.,
Eppley,	Landis,	Rudisill,	Wobensmith,
Erdman,	Lauer,	Sampsel,	Wood,
Evans,	Lauler,	Sarig,	Woodward,
Fackler,	Leighner,	Schaeffer,	Wynne,
Flynn,	Lindsey,	Scott,	Young,
Fretz,	Lipschutz,	Shaaber,	Ambler,
	Luppert,	Shoop,	Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with the information that the House has passed it with amendments in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 350 (Senate Bill No. 2), entitled:

An Act to amend the first section of an act approved the twenty-eighth day of March one thousand eight hundred and twenty entitled "An Act relative to mortgages" by requiring purchase money mortgages to be recorded within ten days in order to have priority of lien

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—172.

Adams,	Flynn,	Lynch,	Shoop,
Albee,	Fretz,	Mangan,	Showalter,
Alcorn,	Fruit,	Mather,	Sinclair,
Alexander,	Gallagher,	Maurer,	Smith, J. W.,
Arnold,	Gans,	McArdle,	Smith, Jeff. W.
Aron,	Geary,	McCaig,	Smith, L.,
Arthur,	Gibson,	McClintock,	Snyder,
Baker,	Gingery,	McConnell,	Sones,
Baldwin,	Glass,	McCurdy,	Spangler,
Bauerle,	Glenn,	McDermott,	Spencer,
Beck,	Gompers,	McKay,	Statler,
Becker,	Goodnough,	McNichol,	Staving,
Benn,	Goodwin,	McVicar,	Steedle,
Benninger,	Gormley,	Mearkle,	Stein,
Bergy,	Graham,	Metzenbacher,	Stern,
Berntheizel,	Gransback,	Milliron,	Sullivan,
Blackburn,	Greenwood,	Murdoch,	Swan,
Body,	Hackett,	Myers,	Swartz,
Bovee,	Hamilton,	Neville,	Taylor,
Brosius,	Harper,	Nieder,	Thomas,
Brownlee,	Heffernan,	Nissley,	Trach,
Brumbaugh,	Herman,	Oaks,	Twibill,
Bungard,	Hess,	Ostrander,	Urich,
Campbell, T.,	Heyburn,	Palmer,	Vickerman,
Christman,	Hibshman,	Perry,	Vogdes,
Coldsmith,	Hoffman,	Peters,	Wagner,
Conner,	Hollern,	Phillips,	Walter,
Corbin,	Horton,	Pickering,	Watson,
Cox,	Howarth,	Powell,	Weaver,
Cromer,	Hubler,	Ramsey,	Weimer,
Cummins,	Jack,	Reed,	Weir,
Curry,	Jones, E. E.,	Reynolds,	West,
Davis,	Jones, W. W.,	Rhoads,	Wettach,
Dawson,	Kaiser,	Rich,	Whitaker,
Dell,	Klinger,	Richards,	Whitten,
Diefenderfer,	Kuhn,	Rininger,	Willman,
Dodds,	Kunkle,	Rinn,	Willard,
Drinkhouse,	Lafferty,	Robertson,	Williams,
Dunn,	Lanius,	Rowell,	Wobensmith,
Eby,	Lauer,	Rudisill,	Wood,
Ehrhardt,	Lauler,	Sampsel,	Wylie,
Eppley,	Leighner,	Sarig,	Wynne,
Erdman,	Lindsey,	Schaeffer,	Young,
Evans,	Lipschutz,	Scott,	Ambler,
Fackler,	Luppert,	Shaaber,	Speaker.
	Luxemburger,		

NAYS—6.

Beyer,	Goodyear,	McClure,	Stone,
Garner,	Landis,		

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed it without amendments.

SENATE MESSAGE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced presented extracts from the Journal of the Senate which were laid upon the table.

BILL ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 351, as follows

An Act relating to juvenile offenders and regulating their detention and trial

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That all records of criminal actions against juveniles under the age of sixteen years shall be by the proper officers entered only in a special docket to be kept for that purpose in the proper court The docket shall not be open for public inspection except by special permission of the court nor shall it contain the records of any action against a juvenile of the age of sixteen years or older

Section 2 This act applies to courts of record magistrate courts police courts and other courts not of record

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. KITTS. Mr. Speaker, I move that the bill just passed on second reading be recommitted to the Judiciary General Committee for the purpose of amendment.

Mr. THOMAS. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

SENATE MESSAGE.

SENATE BILL FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, presented for concurrence bill numbered and entitled as follows:

Senate Bill No. 237 (House Bill No. 834.)

An Act relating to the admission of attorneys-at-law to the Supreme and Superior Courts.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

BILL RETURNED.

Mr. E. E. JONES. Mr. Speaker, I wish to return to the House House Bill No. 325, which was inadvertently referred to the Committee on Public Roads.

BILL RE-REFERRED.

The SPEAKER. House Bill No. 325, entitled:

An Act to amend section fifteen of an act entitled "An Act relating to and regulating motor vehicles, and vehicles trailing after or propelled by motor vehicles; controlling their speed upon the public streets and highways in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania; providing for their registration and licensing of certain operators, by the State Highways Department; prohibiting the operation of any motor vehicle by any person when intoxicated, or without the consent of the owner; forbidding the passage of any law laying a tax upon or requiring the registration of motor vehicles, or licensing of any operator, or regulating the speed of motor vehicles, by any county, borough, city, incorporated town, or township; establishing the rights of motor vehicles upon the public highways, with relation to other vehicles; providing for their equipment, and for the width of tires to be used upon motor vehicles and vehicles trailing after or propelled by motor vehicles; regulating the service of process and proceedings in actions for damages arising therefrom; providing for arrest, and for service of process, and proceedings for violation of this act; prescribing the penalties therefor; and providing for the disposition of fees collected and fines imposed thereunder, approved July seventh A. D. nineteen hundred and thirteen, conferring power upon cities of this Commonwealth to levy and collect an annual license tax or registration fee for revenue purposes upon motor vehicles.

Which was referred to the Committee on Public Roads and is now re-referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

SENATE MESSAGE.

HOUSE BILL CONCURRED IN BY SENATE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, returned bill from the House numbered and entitled as follows, House Bill No. 255

An Act to amend section four of an act approved the eleventh day of May one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine entitled "A further supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to establish a board of wardens for the Port of Philadelphia and for the regulation of pilots and pilotage and for other purposes' approved March twenty-ninth one thousand eight hundred and three and for regulating the rates of pilotage and number of pilots"

with information that same has passed the Senate without amendment.

RECESS.

The SPEAKER. The House will now take a recess until 4:30 o'clock this afternoon.

AFTER RECESS.

The House reconvened at 4:30 P. M.

The SPEAKER (Charles A. Ambler) in the Chair.

The Speaker asked and obtained unanimous consent to refer the following bills.

BILLS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED.

By Mr. HERMAN. House Bill No. 800.

An Act to repeal an act approved the first day of June, one thousand nine hundred and eleven, entitled "An Act to tax traction-engines, and providing that the same shall be assessed by the several assessors of the counties of this Commonwealth in the same manner as other articles of personal estate liable for taxation are assessed."

Referred to the Committee on Public Roads.

By Mr. HERMAN. House Bill No. 801.

An Act establishing in Wyoming County a certain section of public road as a "State Highway."

Referred to the Committee on Public Roads.

By Mr. TWIBILL. House Bill No. 802.

An Act regulating the compensation, commission and brokerage of persons securing or placing loans for building and loan associations; providing for the recovery of excessive compensation commission or brokerage and providing penalties.

Referred to the Committee on Banks and Banking.

By Mr. HERMAN. House Bill No. 803.

A Supplement to an act approved the thirty-first day of May, one thousand nine hundred eleven, entitled "An Act providing for the establishment of a State Highway Department, by the appointment of a State Highway Commissioner, two Deputy State Highway Commissioners, chief engineer, chief draughtsman, superintendents of highways, and a staff of assistants and employes; defining their duties and the jurisdiction of the State Highway Department and fixing salaries of commissioner and deputies and other appointees; providing for taking over from the counties or townships of the Commonwealth certain existing public roads connecting county-seats, principal cities, and towns extending to the State line; describing and defining same by route numbers as the State Highways of the Commonwealth, providing for the improvement, maintenance and repair of said State Highways solely at the expense of the Commonwealth, and relieving the several townships or counties from any further obligation and expense to improve or maintain the same, and relieving said townships or counties of authority over same; requiring boroughs and incorporated towns to maintain certain State Highways wholly and in part; requiring the State Highway Commissioner to make maps to be complete records thereof; conferring authority on the State Highway commissioner; providing for the payment of damages in taking of property, or otherwise, in the improvement thereof; providing for purchase or acquiring of turnpikes or toll-roads forming all or part of any State Highway, and procedure therein; providing for work of improvement of State Highways to be done by contract, except where the State Highway Commissioner decides the work be done by the State; providing aid by the State to counties and townships or county roads; defining highways and State-aid highways; providing method of application for State aid in the improvement, maintenance and repair of townships or county roads and prescribing the contents of township, county, borough, or incorporated town petitions; providing for percentage of cost of improvement or repairs to be paid by State, county, township, borough, or incorporated town, and requiring contracts by counties, townships, boroughs, and incorporated towns with Commonwealth governing same; providing for the minimum width of State Highways and State-aid highways and kind of materials to be used in the improvement; providing for payment of cost of improvement and repairs; providing penalty for injuring or destroying State Highways; making appropriations to carry out the provisions of the act; and providing for the repeal of certain acts relating to Highway Department and improvement of roads, and of all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith; and providing that existing contracts are not affected by provisions of this Act," by providing for the taking over by the State Highway Department from the counties, boroughs, towns, or townships certain bridges.

Referred to the Committee on Public Roads.

By Mr. SINCLAIR. House Bill No. 804.

An Act making an appropriation to the Brownsville General Hospital, of Brownsville, Fayette County, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. HORTON. House Bill No. 805.

An Act making an appropriation to the Cottage State Hospital, at Connellsville, Fayette County, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. HORTON. House Bill No. 806.

An Act to amend an act approved the ninth day of June, one thousand nine hundred and eleven, entitled "An Act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the bituminous coal-mines of Pennsylvania, and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith."

Referred to the Committee on Mines and Mining.

By Mr. HUBLER. House Bill No. 807.

An Act to protect public health by regulating the use of bottles intended to contain spring water or distilled water and providing penalties.

Referred to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

By Mr. FRUIT. House Bill No. 808.

An Act making an appropriation to the Christian H. Buhl Hospital, of Sharon, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. LEE SMITH. House Bill No. 809.

An Act making an appropriation to the Uniontown Hospital, Uniontown, Fayette County, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. GEARY. House Bill No. 810.

An Act making an appropriation to the Tuberculosis League, of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. GEARY. House Bill No. 811.

An Act making an appropriation to the Improvement Children's Home of the City of Pittsburgh.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. TWIBILL. House Bill No. 812.

An Act making an appropriation to the House of Good Shepherd, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. McNICHOL. House Bill No. 820.

An Act making an appropriation to Saint Joseph's Protectory, Norristown, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. McNICHOL. House Bill No. 821.

An Act making an appropriation to Saint John's Orphan Asylum, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. REYNOLDS. House Bill No. 822.

An Act making an appropriation to the Catholic Home for Destitute Children, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. REYNOLDS. House Bill No. 823.

An Act making an appropriation to the House of the Good Shepherd, Penn and Chew streets, Germantown, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. THEODORE CAMPBELL. House Bill No. 824.

An Act providing that all horse-drawn vehicles in all cities of the first and second class except those used for pleasure shall have on the sides of such vehicles in legible letters the name and the address of the owner together with a designating number if more than one vehicle is used; providing for arrest and proceedings for violation of the act prescribing the penalties therefor.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. CURRY. House Bill No. 825.

An Act to license and regulate the business of purchasing, for smelting purposes, all articles made in whole or in part of gold and silver.

Referred to the Commitee on Manufactures.

By Mr. LAFFERTY. House Bill No. 826.

An Act making an appropriation to Saint Vincent's Home and Maternity Hospital, Philadelphia.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. LAFFERTY. House Bill No. 827.

An Act making an appropriation to the Saint Francis Home, at Darby, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. McARDLE. House Bill No. 828

An Act making an appropriation to Saint Vincent's Home, Philadelphia.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. THEODORE CAMPBELL. House Bill No. 829.

An Act to regulate the sale, furnishing, giving away, prescription and possession of opium, morphine, heroin, codeine, their salts, derivatives or compounds, and of any substance or preparation containing opium, morphine, heroin, codeine or any salt, derivative or compound thereof; providing for the enforcement of this act, and prescribing penalties for violation of its provisions.

Referred to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

By Mr. BUNGARD. House Bill No. 830.

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act defining and prohibiting pandering, providing penalties for violation thereof, and regulating the competency of certain evidence at the trial thereof," approved the seventh day of June, one thousand nine hundred and eleven.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. ARON. House Bill No. 831.

A Joint Resolution providing an amendment to Article eight of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. BALDWIN. House Bill No. 832.

An Act to provide for the person upon whom service of all legal processes shall be made in the case of foreign insurance companies transacting business in this Commonwealth requiring the designation of the Insurance Commissioner for such service prescribing the method of service and repealing existing laws.

Referred to the Commitee on Insurance.

By Mr. CROMER. House Bill No. 833.

An Act relating to vaccination, including the entrance into schools of children not vaccinated, and providing penalties.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Mr. WHITAKER. House Bill No. 839.

An Act creating a department of agriculture; defining its powers and duties; charging the department with the enforcement of laws heretofore enforced by the department of agriculture or any bureau or division thereof and the state livestock sanitary board; and abolishing the state livestock sanitary board and certain offices in the department of agriculture.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

By Mr. WILDMAN. House Bill No. 841.

An Act making an appropriation to pay the judgment obtained against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania by Robert Stewart.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. BALDWIN. House Bill No. 842.

An Act to empower the Public Service Commission to require railroad corporations to employ an adequate number of men upon trains and to repeal an act entitled "An Act to promote the safety of travelers and employes upon railroads by compelling common carriers by railroad to properly man their trains," approved the nineteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven.

Referred to the Commitee on Railroads.

By Mr. GRAHAM (by request). House Bill No. 843.

An Act relating to the councils of cities of the first class of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

Br Mr. GRAHAM (by request). House Bill No. 844.

An Act to further regulate the nomination of public officers by providing that the right of a party to nominate at a primary or by certificate shall be determined by the vote cast at the preceeding primary, except that associations of electors nominating by nomination papers may nominate at the next succeeding primary or election, and to repeal laws or parts of laws inconsistent therewith.

Referred to the Committee on Elections.

By Mr. GRAHAM (by request). House Bill No. 845.

An Act to further amend an act entitled "An Act to regulate the nomination and election of public officers, requiring certain expenses incident thereto to be paid by the several counties, and punishing certain offenses in regard to such elections," approved the tenth day of June, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three, by providing for secrecy in voting and punishing certain offenses in regard to elections.

Referred to the Committee on Elections.

By Mr. GRAHAM (by request). House Bill No. 846.

An Act to further amend an act entitled "An Act to regulate the nomination and election of public officers, requiring certain expenses incident thereto to be paid by the several counties, and punishing certain offenses in regard to such elections," approved the tenth day of June, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three, by changing the form of the ballot and regulating the method of marking the same.

Referred to the Committee on Elections.

By Mr. WALTER. House Bill No. 847.

An Act making an appropriation for the education of blind children.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

SENATE MESSAGE.

SENATE BILLS FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced presented for concurrence Bills numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

Senate Bill No. 217 (House Bill No. 813).

A supplement to an act approved the fourteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred and fifty-one entitled "An Act relating to the commencement of actions to judgments and decrees for the payment of money to the widows and children of decedents to partitions in the common pleas relative to penalties on telegraph operators to pleadings in certain actions of debt to actions of ejectment to the protection of fences to partnerships to limitations of writs of entry in manors lands and tenements to the exemption laws to reports of the Supreme Court to appeals relating to wards boroughs and township officers to the acknowledgments of deeds and sequestration of life estates" providing a method of allowing a widow's exemption where the property consists of real estate and readily divided.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Senate Bill No. 215 (House Bill No. 814).

An Act vesting in county commissioners certain powers relative to public monuments.

Referred to the Committee on Counties and Townships.

Senate Bill No. 212 (House Bill No. 815).

An Act to amend sections four and eight of an act aprvoed the twenty-fifth day of July, one thousand nine hundred and thirteen Pamphlet Laws one thousand two hundred sixty-seven entitled "An Act providing for the printing, binding and distribution of two publications heretofore published by the State namely 'Pennsylvania at Gettysburg' and 'report of the commission to locate the sites of the frontier forts of Pennsylvania' also providing for additions to said reports and for the editing proof-reading and indexing thereof and making appropriations for said work."

Referred to the Committee on Printing.

Senate Bill No. 116 (House Bill No. 816).

An Act to exempt from the payment of inheritance taxes bequests and devices to institutions of purely public charity.

Referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

Senate Bill No. 105 (House Bill No. 817).

An Act to avoid delay in the administration of justice by fixing a time within decisions in certain questions and matters shall be rendered by judges and requiring certain certificates from judges before their salaries shall be paid.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Senate Bill No. 88 (House Bill No. 818).

An Act relating to the competency of witnesses and to the rules of evidence in proceedings arising from the exercise of the right of eminent domain.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Senate Bill No. 86 (House Bill No. 819).

An Act making an appropriation to refund to Lynford Biddle of Philadelphia certain moneys erroneously paid into the State Treasury.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

Also Senate Bill No. 7 (House Bill No. 835).

An Act amending sections one three four seven ten eleven and repealing section eight of an act entitled "An Act relating to the collection of city school and poor taxes in the several cities of the third class in this Commonwealth and providing that the city treasurer of each of said cities by virtue of his office shall be collector of the said several taxes prescribing his duties and fixing his compensation" approved the twentieth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

Senate Bill No. 61 (House Bill No. 836).

An Act making an appropriation for the payment of deficiencies which have arisen in the payment of expenses for the erection furnishing and equipment of six cottages bakery and addition to the laundry at the State Institution for Feeble-Minded of Western Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

Senate Bill No. 183 (House Bill No. 837).

An Act regulating the sale and exposing for sale of dressed lambs sheep and calves.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Senate Bill No. 247 (House Bill No. 838).

A Joint Resolution authorizing the printing and binding of the report of the Commission to consider the Revision and Amendment of the Penal Laws of Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Printing.

Senate Bill No. 289 (House Bill No. 840).

An Act amending section one of an act as amended by the act of seventeenth April one thousand nine hundred and five Pamphlet Laws one hundred and eighty-five approved the fifth day of May one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine entitled "An Act supplementing and amending an act entitled 'An Act to establish an intermediate court of appeal regulating its constitution officers jurisdiction powers practice and its relation to the Supreme Court and other courts providing for the reports of its decisions the compensation of the judges and other officers and the practice and costs on appeals from its judgments' approved June twenty-fourth Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five" and increasing the amount to which the judges of the Superior Court shall be entitled to be reimbursed for the sums expended by them in each year for expenses incurred in the discharge of their duties for the help of stenographers typewriters or clerks and regulating the time and manner of such reimbursement.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. STERN from the Committee on Judiciary General reported as committed House Bill No. 196, entitled:

An Act providing for the appointment and expenses of a Commission of three persons learned in the law to codify and revise the law of decedents' estates, and making an appropriation.

Mr. WOODWARD from the Committee on Appropriations reported as committed (Senate Bill No. 63) House Bill No. 492, entitled:

An Act relating to moneys heretofore deposited in State Treasury prior to December thirty-first Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen by the State Highway Department as fees for registration of motor vehicles and the licensing of operators and making an appropriation thereof.

Mr. NISSLEY from the Committee on Judiciary General reported as committed House Bill No. 410, entitled:

Joint Resolution Authorizing the printing and binding of the report of the Commission to consider the Revision and Amendment of the Penal Laws of Pennsylvania.

Mr. BROSIUS from the Committee on Judiciary General reported as committed House Bill No. 697, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the fourth day of April, one thousand nine hundred and one, entitled "An Act fixing the term of office of notaries public, regulating the appointment, and prescribing certain duties thereof."

Mr. LANIUS from the Committee on Judiciary Special reported as committed House Bill No. 687, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the ninth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one, entitled "An Act authorizing companies, incorporated under the laws of any other state of the United States for the manufacture of any form of iron, steel or glass, to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments, and to take, have and hold real estate necessary and proper for manufacturing purposes," as amended ;by extending the same to companies incorporated for the purpose of the manufacture and sale of explosives.

Mr. HORTON from the Committee on Public Roads, reported as committed House Bill No. 573, entitled:

An Act to amend section eighteen of an act, entitled "An Act providing for the original location, laying out, and construction of public roads or highways in the several counties of this Commonwealth, and for the permanent improvement of certain public roads or highways therein; making such originally constructed or improved roads and highways county roads; authorizing the relocation, opening straightening, widening, extension and alteration of the same, and the vacation of so much of any road as may thereby become unnecessary; providing that the county commissioners of any county may prescribe rules regulating the use of roads constructed or maintained by the various counties, and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof; providing for the taking of property for such improvement, the compensation to be paid therefor, and the payment of damages resulting from such taking, and the manner in which such damages may be determined; providing for the payment of the costs and expenses of such construction or improvement and in thereafter repairing and maintaining said roads; authorizing the levy of a tax or the issuing of bonds to provide a fund for the expense thereof; prescribing a method for improving a county road lying within or traversing a borough, and apportioning the cost of such improvement; and authorizing the vacation of any county road," approved the eleventh day of May, Anno Domini, one thousand nine hundred and eleven; as the same was amended by an act approved the twelfth day of May, one thousand nine hundred and thirteen, by authorizing counties to contract with municipalities in the improvement of certain streets of such municipalities connecting with a

county road, providing for the cost thereof, prescribing the method by which the contract for such improvement shall be made and imposing the cost of the maintenance of such streets on the municipalities.

Mr. LINDSEY from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed (Senate Bill No. 153) House Bill No. 676, entitled:

An Act to establish and regulate the fees to be charged and collected by sheriffs in counties of this Commonwealth having a population of not less than five hundred thousand nor more than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants as computed by the last preceding United States census; the time and manner in which said fees shall be paid; the publication and posting of said fees; the delivery of an itemized receipt for official fees and legal costs received, and repealing all laws, general, special or local, or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith.

Mr. JACK from the Committee on Agricutture reported as committed House Bill No. 658, entitled:

Transferring from certain funds to another certain moneys appropriated to the State Livestock Sanitary Board.

Mr. FRUIT from the Committee on Appropriations reported as committed (Senate Bill No. 112) House Bill No. 677, entitled:

An Act to amend the first section of an act entitled "An Act to encourage county historical societies," approved the twenty-first day of May, Anno Domini, one thousand nine hundred and one, so as to provide that the commissioners' board in counties where the population exceeds one million may appropriate a sum not exceeding one thousand dollars annually to the chief historical society in said county.

Mr. BAUERLE from the Committee on Judiciary Special reported as committed, House Bill No. 637, entitled:

Validating contracts, bonds or obligations of, or belonging to corporations of other states, made, entered, into, or acquired, prior to the passage of an act entitled "An Act to regulate the doing of business in this Commonwealth by foreign corporations; the registration thereof and service of process thereon; and providing punishment and penalties for the violation of its provisions; and repealing previous legislation on the subject," approved the eighth day of June, Anno Domini, one thousand nine hundred and eleven, Pamphlet Laws, seven hundred and ten, without such corporations first having established known places of business, and designated authorized agents for the transation of their business within this Commonwealth, and providing for the enforcement of such contracts, bonds or obligations, upon the payments of a penalty and taxes to the Commonwealth.

Mr. GOODNOUGH, from the Committee on Agriculture, reported as committed, House Bill No. 518, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the agricultural experiment station of the Pennsylvania State College, to maintain substations for the purpose of making experiments in the improvement, culture, curing and preparation of tobacco, and providing for the publication of the report thereof.

Mr. REYNOLDS, from the Committee on Manufactures, reported as committed, House Bill No. 483, entitled:

An Act defining paint, to prevent deception in sale of paint; to provide for true labels for and advertising of the same when offered for sale; for the enforcement of this act by the Secretary of Agriculture and penalties for the violation of same.

Mr. JEFFERSON W. SMITH, from the Committee on Labor and Industry, reported as committed, House Bill No. 331, entitled:

An Act requiring each county having a population of one million five hundred thousand and over to establish a pension fund for employes of said county, and regulating the payment of such pensions.

Mr. LAFFERTY, from the Committee on Manufactures, reported as committed, House Bill No. 619, entitled:

An Act to amend an act, entitled "An Act to amend an act, entitled 'An Act to amend an act, entitled 'An Act to amend an act, entitled 'An Act to amend an act, entitled 'An Act authorizing companies incorporated under the laws of any other State of the United States for the manufacture of any form of iron, steel, or glass, to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments, and to take, have, and hold, real estate necessary and proper for manufacturing purposes,' approved the ninth day of June Anno Domini, One thousand eight hundred and eighty-one, extending the same to companies formed for the purpose of quarrying slate, granite, stone or rocks, or for dressing, polishing, working, or manufacturing the same, or any of them, and to mineral springs companies incorporated for the purpose of bottling and selling natural mineral springs water, approved the sixteenth day of June, Anno Domini, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three,' approved the nineteenth day of April, Anno Domini, one thousand nine hundred and one, extending the same to companies formed for the purpose of manufacturing and selling chemicals, foodstuffs, cement, and cement products, and the quarrying of cement rock," approved May twenty-eight, one thousand nine hundred and seven; extending the same to companies incorporated for the manufacture, buying, selling, leasing, using, and operation of electrical apparatus and machinery, approved the twenty-thrid day of June, Anno Domini. one thousand nine hundred and eleven; extending the same to companies incorporated for the manufacture of any clay into brick, tile, or other articles, and products produced from clay, or from clay and other substances mixed therewith.

Mr. LYNCH, from the Committee on Banks and Banking, reported as committed, House Bill No. 92, entitled:

An Act relating to checks and drafts and fixing penalties.

Mr. PICKERING, from the Committee on Public Roads, reported as committed, House Bill No. 30, entitled:

An Act relating to the vacation of public roads and their continuance as private roads.

Mr. HARPER, from the Commitee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 679 (Senate Bill No. 92) entitled:

An Act requiring certain petitions and papers to be verified before being considered by the court.

Mr. WALTERS, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 834 (Senate Bill No. 237), entitled:

An Act relating to the admission of attorneys-at-law to the Supreme and Superior Courts.

Mr. BODY, from the Committee on Agriculture, reported as committed, House Bill No. 519, entitled:

An Act to authorize the revising, editing and printing of twenty-five thousand copies Bulletin, number two hundred and nineteen, entitled "Increasing the Winter Yield of Eggs," issued by the Department of Agriculture, and making an appropriation therefor.

Mr. BENNINGER, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as amended, House Bill No. 500, entitled:

An Act to incorporate the Knowlton Turnpike & Bridge Company, of Northampton County, Pennsylvania.

Mr. KITTS, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 723, entitled:

An Act to validate appraisements and titles made and effected to surviving husbands and wives by virtue of an act entitled "An Act to amend section one of an act entitled 'An Act relating to the descent and distribution of the estates of intestates passed and approved April eighth one thousand eight hundred and thirty-three, defining and declaring the interest that shall descend to and vest in the surviving husband or wife of such intestate," approved the first day of May A. D. 1909.

Mr. KITTS, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 653, entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to provide for state registration of nurses to establish a State Board of Examiners in connection therewith and to provide penalties for the violation of certain provisions regarding such registration," approved the first day of May one thousand nine hundred and nine, providing further regulation as to applications for examination for registration of nurses and the fee chargeable therefor, and providing for the making of reports of training schools for nurses whose competency for instruction is approved by the said Board.

Mr. PHILLIPS, from the Committee on Libraries, reported as amended, House Bill No. 582, entitled:

An Act authorizing municipalities to enter into certain contracts and make appropriations regarding libraries.

Mr. RONEY, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as amended, House Bill No. 595, entitled:

An Act to provide for the immediate printing and distribution of advance sheets of the laws of this Commonwealth as they are enacted from time to time, to persons making application therefor, and to certain officials.

Mr. WEST, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, re-reported as amended, House Bill No. 430, entitled:

An Act making county commissioners overseers of the poor in certain counties and regulating their compensation and expenses.

Mr. STEIN, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported with a negative recommendation, House Bill No. 525, entitled:

An Act relating to and regulating the Legal Proceedings for the collection of moneys due upon notes, bonds or obligations, the payment of which is secured by mortgages on real estate.

Mr. REYNOLDS, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported with a negative recommendation, House Bill No. 277, entitled:

An Act to prevent fraud and fraudulent practices upon or by keepers of sanitoriums or private hospitals.

Mr. GRAHAM, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported with a negative recommendation, House Bill No. 352, entitled:

An Act to prevent trespassing upon the waters, lands and premises and the pollution of the waters of companies supplying water to the public and providing for the punishment thereof.

Mr. BROSIUS, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported with a negative recommendation, House Bill No. 614, entitled:

An Act relating to county interpreters, enlarging their duties, forbidding the employment of others than the interpreter so appointed, in criminal proceedings before justices of the peace and aldermen, providing for the payment of their services as part of the costs to the county, and fixing the mileage allowed to the interpreters.

Mr. SHOWALTER, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported with a negative recommendation, House Bill No. 599, entitled:

An Act providing that no judgment shall be set aside or reversed or new trial granted, unless the error complained of has injuriously affected the substantial rights of the parties.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE.

Mr. THOMAS asked and obtained leave of absence for his colleague, Mr. Evans, on account of the sickness of his wife.

RESOLUTION.

Mr. BRUMBAUGH. Mr. Speaker,

The SPEAKER. The gentleman from Blair, Mr. Brumbaugh.

Mr. BRUMBAUGH. Mr. Speaker, I desire at this time to ask unanimous consent of the House to present the following resolution.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the resolution.

The Clerk then twice read the resolution as follows:

Whereas, It has been reported to this House by Hr. Garner, of Schuylkill, that a representative of the corporate interests had presented him with a mileage book which Mr. Garner termed the first fruits of the "Full Crew," therefore,—

Be it resolved that this House authorizes the Speaker to appoint a committee of three to investigate and report to this House the facts in this case which are reflective upon this House and ought to be beneath its dignity.

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to consider this resolution at this time? There is objection.

The resolution will lie over for printing.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 611, as follows:

An Act to amend an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That sections two thousand four hundred one two thousand four hundred two two thousand four hundred three and two thousand four hundred four of an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith" which reads as follows

"Section 2401 The board of school directors of any district in this Commonwealth is hereby authorized and empowered to establish contribute to and administer as herein provided a teachers' retirement fund The said fund shall consist of all funds available for like purposes in said district at the time of the enactment of this law together with such additions thereto as the board of school directors may from time to time appropriate for that purpose from the funds of the district and such moneys or other property as may be donated bequeathed devised or received from any other source for such purpose

"Section 2402 The board of school directors of any district may provide in the contracts with its teachers principals or supervising officials that they shall contribute a reasonable sum from their salaries each year to said retirement fund Provided That no person shall be required to contribute any part of his salary to any retirement fund unless the same is provided for in the contract by which he is engaged

"Section 2403 Where the teachers principals or supervising officials of any district contribute to any retirement fund they shall be represented in making the regulations governing it and in its control and management

"Section 2404 Every teacher principal or supervising official who retires in accordance with the regulations prescribed shall be entitled to such annuity as said regulations provide" are hereby amended to read as follows

Section 2401 The board of school directors of any district in this Commonwealth is hereby authorized and empowered to establish contribute to and administer as herein provided a teachers' retirement fund The said fund shall consist of all funds available for like purposes in said district at the time of the enactment of this law together with such additions thereto as the board of school directors may from time to time appropriate for that purpose from the funds of the district and such moneys or other property as may be donated bequeathed devised or received from any other source for such purpose

The board of school directors of any district of the first class is hereby authorized and empowered to establish contribute to and administer as herein provided a janitors' retirement fund This fund shall consist of all funds available for like purposes in said district at the time of the enactment of this act together with such additions thereto as the board of school directors may from time to time appropriate for that purpose from the funds of the district and such real or personal property as may be donated bequeathed devised or received from any other source for such purpose

Section 2402 The board of school directors of any district may provide in the contracts with its teachers principals or supervising officials that they shall contribute a reasonable sum from their salaries each year to said retirement fund Provided That no person shall be required to contribute any part of his salary to any retirement fund unless the same is provided for in the contract by which he is engaged

The board of school directors of any district of the first class may provide in the contracts with its janitors that they shall contribute a reasonable sum from their salaries each year to said retirement fund No janitor shall be required to contribute any part of his salary to the retirement fund unless the same is provided for in the agreement by which he is engaged

Section 2403 Where the teachers principals or supervising officials of any district contribute to any retirement fund they shall be represented in making the regulations governing it and in its control and management

When janitors of any school in districts of the first class contribute to a retirement fund they shall be represented in making the regulations governing it and in its control and management

Section 2404 Every teacher principal or supervising official who retires in accordance with the regulations prescribed shall be entitled to such annuity as said regulations provide

Every janitor who retires in accordance with the regulations required shall be entitled to such annuity as the regulations provide

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. CROMER. Mr. Speaker, as the sponsor of this bill I just want to offer a word of explanation. This bill will give the janitors of the districts of the first class permission to present a proposition to the school board. It does

not bind the school board to accept any proposition, but just simply gives permission to them to present this proposition.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—150.

Adams,	Eppley,	Lauler,	Shoop,
Albee,	Erdman,	Leighner,	Showalter,
Alcorn,	Fackler,	Love,	Sinclair,
Alexander,	Forster,	Luppert,	Smith, J. W.,
Arnold,	Fretz,	Marvin,	Smith, Jeff. W.
Aron,	Fruit,	Mather,	Smith, L.,
Arthur,	Gallagher,	Maurer,	Spangler,
Baker,	Gans,	McClintock,	Spencer,
Baldwin,	Geiser,	McConnell,	Statler,
Bauerle,	Gibson,	McDermott,	Staving,
Beck,	Gingery,	McKay,	Steedle,
Becker,	Glass,	McNichol,	Stern,
Benn,	Gompers,	Mearkle,	Sullivan,
Benninger,	Goodnough,	Mellott,	Swan,
Bergy,	Goodyear,	Milliron,	Swartz,
Beyer,	Gormley,	Nieder,	Taylor,
Blackburn,	Graham,	Oaks,	Thomas,
Body,	Gransback,	Ostrander,	Trach,
Bovee,	Greenwood,	Palmer,	Twibill,
Brosius,	Hackett,	Perry,	Urich,
Brownlee,	Hamilton,	Peters,	Vogdes,
Brumbaugh,	Harper,	Phillips,	Walsh,
Bungard,	Heffernan,	Pickering,	Weimer,
Campbell, T.,	Herman,	Powell,	Weir,
Christman,	Hess,	Ramsey,	Wettach,
Coldsmith,	Heyburn,	Reel,	Whitaker,
Conner,	Hibshman,	Rhoads,	Whitten,
Corbin,	Hollingsworth,	Richards,	Wildman,
Cox,	Horton,	Rinn,	Willard,
Cromer,	Howarth,	Roney,	Wilson, H. I.,
Cummins,	Hubler,	Rothenberger,	Wilson, W. H.,
Curry,	Jones, E. E.,	Rowell,	Wobensmith,
Davis,	Jones, W. W.,	Rudisill,	Wood,
Dawson,	Kaiser,	Sarig,	Woodward,
Dell,	Kitts,	Schaeffer,	Wynne,
Diefenderfer,	Klinger,	Scott,	Young,
Dodds,	Kuhn,	Shaaber,	Ambler,
Drinkhouse,	Kunkle,	Shaffer,	Speaker.
Dunn,	Lanius,		

NAYS—18.

Eby,	McArdle,	Rininger,	Sones,
Jack,	Myers,	Robertson,	Walter,
Landis,	Neville,	Sampsel,	Watson,
Lauer,	Reynolds,	Snyder,	Wylie,
Lindsey,	Rich,		

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 482, as follows:

An Act to amend an act approved the fourteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred and three entitled "An Act for the creation and government of a division of the State Library for the preservation of public records" by establishing the office of supervisor of public records with general supervision over the care and custody and condition of public records of the several counties cities and boroughs of this Commonwealth

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the fourth section of an act approved the fourteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred and three entitled "An Act for the creation and government of a division of the State Library for the preservation of public records" which reads as follows

"Section 4 That The Division of Public Records shall be under the direction of the State Librarian who shall have immediate charge of and be responsible for everything consigned to his custody and shall enforce all rules and regulations provided by the trustees He shall receive and disburse all moneys that are or may be hereafter appropriated for this Division's purposes and keep accurate accounts thereof and make settlement therefor in the same manner as is provided for the accounts of the State Library He shall collect classify preserve and make accessible for reference all records which may come into the possession of the Division with such exceptions as may be indicated by the trustees He shall report to the trustees biennially on the condition of the State records with such recommendations as shall be desirable for the preservation of all public records throughout Pennsylvania He may appoint such assistants at such salaries as shall be authorized by the Legislature from time to time in the general appropriation bill and may expend such sums for the purpose of the Division as may be appropriated by the Legislature for that purpose" is amended to read as follows

Section 4 The Division of Public Records shall be under the direction of the State Librarian who shall have immediate charge of and be responsible for everything consigned to his custody and shall enforce all rules and regulations provided by the trustees He shall receive and disburse all moneys that are or may be hereafter appropriated for this Division's purposes and keep accurate accounts thereof and make settlements therefor in the same manner as is provided for the accounts of the State Library He shall collect classify preserve and make accessible for reference all records which may come into the possession of the Division with such exceptions as may be indicated by the trustees He shall report to the trustees biennially on the condition of the State records with such recommendations as shall be desirable for the preservation of all public records throughout Pennsylvania He may appoint such assistants at such salaries as shall be authorized by the Legislature from time to time in the general appropriation bill and may expend such sums for the purpose of the Division as may be appropriated by the Legislature for that purpose One of the assistants appointed by the Librarian shall be supervisor of public records The supervisor of public records shall examine into the condition of the records books pamphlets documents manuscripts archives maps and papers kept filed or recorded or hereafter to be filed or recorded in the several public offices of the counties cities and boroughs of the State He shall recommend such action to be taken by the persons having the care and custody of public records as may be necessary to secure their safety and preservation and he shall cause all laws relating to the public records to be enforced He shall submit an annual report to the State Librarian in which he shall present a detailed report upon the number kind and condition of the various public records in the custody and under the control of the several counties cities and boroughs of the State This report shall be included by the State Librarian in his annual report

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—194.

Adams,	Geary,	Maurer,	Sinclair,
Albee,	Geiser,	McArdle,	Smith, J. W.,
Alcorn,	Gibson,	McCaig,	Smith, Jeff. W.
Alexander,	Gingery,	McClintock,	Smith, L.,
Arnold,	Glass,	McClure,	Snyder,
Aron,	Gompers,	McConnell,	Sones,
Arthur,	Goodnough,	McCurdy,	Spangler,
Baker,	Goodwin,	McDermott,	Spencer,
Baldwin,	Goodyear,	McKay,	Statler,
Bauerle,	Gormley,	McNichol,	Staving,
Beck,	Graham,	Mearkle,	Steedle,
Becker,	Gransback,	Mellott,	Stein,
Benn,	Greenwood,	Metzenbacher,	Stern,
Benninger,	Hackett,	Milliron,	Stone,
Bergy,	Hamilton,	Murdoch,	Sullivan,
Beyer,	Harper,	Murphy,	Swan,
Blackburn,	Heffernan,	Myers,	Swartz,
Body,	Hess,	Neville,	Taylor,
Bovee,	Heyburn,	Nieder,	Thomas,
Brosius,	Hibshman,	Nissley,	Trach,
Brownlee,	Hoffman,	Oaks,	Twibill,
Brumbaugh,	Hollern,	Ostrander,	Urich,
Bungard,	Hollingsworth,	Palmer,	Vickerman,
Campbell, T.,	Horton,	Perry,	Vogdes,
Christman,	Howarth,	Peters,	Wagner,
Coldsmith,	Hubler,	Phillips,	Walsh,
Conner,	Jack,	Pickering,	Walter,
Corbin,	Jones, E. E.,	Powell,	Walton,
Cox,	Jones, W. W.,	Ramsey,	Watson,
Cromer,	Kaiser,	Reel,	Weaver,
Cummins,	Kitts,	Reynolds,	Weimer,
Curry,	Klinger,	Rhoads,	Weir,
Davis,	Kuhn,	Rich,	West,
Dawson,	Kunkle,	Richards,	Wettach,
Diefenderfer,	Lafferty,	Rininger,	Whitaker,
Dodds,	Landis,	Rinn,	Whitten,
Drinkhouse,	Lanius,	Robertson,	Wildman,
Eby,	Lauer,	Roney,	Willard,
Ehrhardt,	Lauler,	Rothenberger,	Williams,
Eppley,	Leighner,	Rowell,	Wilson, H. I.,
Erdman,	Lindsey,	Rudisill,	Wilson, W. H.,
Fackler,	Lipschutz,	Sampsel,	Wobensmith,
Flynn,	Love,	Sarig,	Wood,
Forster,	Luppert,	Schaeffer,	Woodward,
Fretz,	Luxemburger,	Scott,	Wylie,
Fruit,	Lynch,	Shaaber,	Wynne,
Gallagher,	Mangan,	Shaffer,	Young,
Gans,	Marvin,	Shoop,	Ambler,
Garner,	Mather,	Showalter,	Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 548, as follows:

An Act amending the fourth section of an act approved April twenty-third Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred three entitled "An Act defining the powers of the several courts of quarter sessions of the peace within this Commonwealth with reference to the care treatment and control of dependent neglected incorrigible and delinquent children under the age of sixteen years and providing for the means in which such power may be exercised" and amending this sixth section of the said act as amended by the first section of an act approved the first day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to amend the sixth section of an act approved April twenty-three Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred three entitled 'An Act defining the powers of the several courts of quarter sessions of the peace within this Commonwealth with reference to the care treatment and control of dependent neglected incorrigible and delinquent children under the age of sixteen years and providing for the means in which such power may be exercised' by providing that the court may direct that the board of such children be paid by the proper county" by providing that the court may direct that the clothing of said children be paid for by the proper county

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the fourth section of an act approved April twenty-third Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred three entitled "An Act defining the powers of the several courts of quarter sessions of the peace within this Commonwealth with reference to the care treatment and control of dependent neglected incorrigible and delinquent children under the age of sixteen years and providing for the means in which such power may be exercised" which reads as follows

"Section 4 At the hearing the judge or judges holding such session of the court shall determine after an inquiry into the facts what order for the commitment and custody and care of the child the child's own good and the best interests of the state may require and may commit such child to the care of its parents subject to the supervision of a probation officer or to some suitable institution or the care of some reputable citizen of good moral character or to the care of some training school or to an industrial school or the care of some association willing to receive it and in either such case it shall be within the power of the court to make an order upon the parent or parents of any such child to contribute to the support of the child such sum as the court may determine it being further provided that in all cases in which a delinquent child shall be committed to the care of a reformatory institution when such child shall be discharged from such institution the court shall be duly advised thereof and a record of such discharge shall be kept in the juvenile court docket" be and it is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 4 At the hearing the judge or judges holding such session of the court shall determine after an inquiry into the facts what order for the commitment and custody and care of the child the child's own good and the best interests of the state may require and may commit such child to the care of its parents subject to the supervision of a probation officer or to some suitable institution or the care of some reputable citizen of good moral character or to the care of some training school or to an industrial school or the care of some association willing to receive it and in either such case it shall be within the power of the court to make an order upon the parent or parents of any such child to contribute to the support of the child such sum as the court may determine or except where such child has been committed to the care of its parents the court may direct that the payment of the board and clothing of such child be made by the proper county until a suitable provision may be made for the child in a home without such payment it being further provided that in all cases in which a delinquent child shall be committed to the care of a reformatory institution when such child shall be discharged from such institution the court shall be duly advised thereof and a record of such discharge shall be kept in the juvenile court docket"

Section 2 That the sixth section of the act aforesaid as amended by the first section of an act approved the first day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to amend the sixth section of an act approved April twenty-third Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and three entitled 'An Act defining the powers of the several courts of quarter sessions of the peace within this Commonwealth with reference to the care treatment and control of dependent neglected incorrigible and delinquent children under the age of sixteen years and providing for the means in which such power may be exercised' by providing that the court may direct that the board of such children be paid by the proper county" and which so amended reads as follows

"Section 6 In the case of a delinquent child the court may continue the hearing from time to time and may commit the child to the care and guardianship of a probation officer duly appointed by the court and may allow said child to remain in its own home subject to the visitation of the probation officer such child to report to the probation officer as often as may be required and subject to be returned to the court for further proceedings whenever such action may appear to be necessary or the court may commit the child to the care and guardianship subject to the supervision of such probation officer or it may authorize the said probation officer to board out the said child in some suitable family home in case provision is made by voluntary contribution or otherwise for the payment of the board of such child or may direct that the payment of the board of such child be made by the proper county until a suitable provision may be made for the child in a home without such payment or the court may commit the child to a suitable institution for the care of delinquent children or to any society duly incorporated having for one of its objects the protection of dependent or delinquent children" be and the same is hereby further amended to read as follows

Section 6 In the case of a delinquent child the court may continue the hearing from time to time and may commit the child to the care and guardianship of a probation officer duly appointed by the court and may allow said child to remain in its own home subject to the visitation of the probation officer such child to report to the probation officer as often as may be required and subject to be returned to the court for further proceedings whenever such action may appear to be necessary or the court may commit the child to the care and guardianship of the probation officer to be placed in a suitable family home subject to the supervision of such probation officer or it may authorize the said probation officer to board out the said child in some suitable family home in case provision is made by voluntary contribution or otherwise for the payment of the board of such child or may direct that the payment of the board and clothing of such child be made by the proper county until a suitable provision may be made for the child in a home without such payment or the court may commit the child to a suitable institution for the care of delinquent children or to any society duly incorporated having for one of its objects the protection of dependent or delinquent children

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. VICKERMAN. Mr. Speaker, I move that this bill be recommitted to the Committee on Education.

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 230, as follows:

An Act to amend an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundrtd eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section two thousand twenty-nine of an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith" which reads as follows

"Section 2029 It shall be lawful for any State Normal School in this Commonwealth to condemn and take any land required by it for its use in the same manner as land may be condemned and taken by any school district as prescribed in this act Provided That before any land is so taken by any State Normal School a proper bond with sufficient security to be approved by the court of common pleas of the proper county conditioned for the payment of all damages incurred on account of taking such land shall be filed in said court for the use of the owners of the land so taken" is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 2029 Any State Normal School may condemn and take land required by it for its use It may also condemn and take portions of public highways where the land required for its use lies on both sides of the highway Such land including highways shall be condemned and taken in the same manner as land may be condemned and taken by a school district under the provisions of this act Before any land is so taken by any State Normal School a proper bond with sufficient security to be approved by the court of common pleas of the proper county conditioned for the payment of all damages incurred on account of taking such land shall be filed in said court for the use of the owners of the land so taken

And said bill having been read at length the third time considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—188.

Adams,	Geary,	Mather,	Shaffer,
Albee,	Geiser,	Maurer,	Shoop,
Alcorn,	Gibson,	McArdle,	Showalter,
Alexander,	Gingery,	McCaig,	Sinclair,
Arnold,	Glass,	McClintock,	Smith, J. W.,
Aron,	Glenn,	McClure,	Smith, Jeff. W.
Arthur,	Gompers,	McConnell,	Smith, L.,
Baldwin,	Goodnough,	McCurdy,	Snyder,
Barnett,	Goodwin,	McDermott,	Spangler,
Bauerle,	Goodyear,	McKay,	Spencer,
Beck,	Gormley,	McNichol,	Statler,
Becker,	Graham,	McVicar,	Steedle,
Benninger,	Gransback,	Mearkle,	Stone,
Bergy,	Greenwood,	Mellott,	Sullivan,
Beyer,	Hackett,	Metzenbacher,	Swan,
Blackburn,	Hamilton,	Milliron,	Swartz,
Body,	Harper,	Murdoch,	Taylor,
Bovee,	Heffernan,	Murphy,	Thomas,
Brosius,	Hess,	Myers,	Trach,
Brownlee,	Heyburn,	Neville,	Twibill,
Brumbaugh,	Hibshman,	Nieder,	Urich,
Bungard,	Hoffman,	Nissley,	Vickerman,
Campbell, T.,	Hollern,	Oaks,	Vogdes,
Christman,	Hollingsworth,	Ostrander,	Wagner,
Coldsmith,	Horton,	Palmer,	Walsh,
Conner,	Howarth,	Perry,	Walter,
Corbin,	Hubler,	Peters,	Walton.
Cox,	Jack,	Phillips,	Watson,
Cromer,	Jones, E. E.,	Pickering,	Weaver,
Cummins,	Jones, W. W.,	Powell,	Weimer,
Curry,	Kaiser,	Ramsey,	Weir,
Davis,	Kitts,	Reel,	West,
Dawson,	Klinger,	Reynolds,	Wettach,
Dell,	Kuhn,	Rhoads,	Whitaker,
Diefenderfer,	Kunkle,	Rich,	Whitten,
Dodds,	Lafferty,	Richards,	Wildman,
Drinkhouse,	Landis,	Rininger,	Willard,
Dunn,	Lanius,	Rinn,	Williams,
Eby,	Lauer,	Robertson,	Wilson, H. I.,
Ehrhardt,	Lauler,	Roney,	Wilson, W. H.,
Eppley,	Leighner,	Rothenberger,	Wobensmith,
Erdman,	Lindsey,	Rowell,	Wood,
Flynn,	Love,	Rudisill,	Woodward,
Forster,	Luppert,	Sampsel,	Wylie,
Fretz,	Luxemburger,	Sarig,	Wynne,
Fruit,	Lynch,	Schaeffer,	Young,
Gallagher,	Mangan,	Scott,	Ambler,
Gans,	Marvin,	Shaaber,	Speaker.
Garner,			

NAYS—1.

Sones,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 540, as follows:

An Act to amend the second section of an act entitled "An act to establish an intermediate court of appeal regulating its constitution officers jurisdiction powers practice and its relation to the Supreme Court and other courts providing for the reports of its decisions the compensation of the judges and other officers and the practice and costs on appeals from its judgments" approved the twenty-fourth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred ninety-five

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section two of the act entitled "An Act to establish an intermediate court of appeal regulating its constitution officers jurisdiction powers practice and its relation to the Supreme Court and others courts providing for the reports of its decisions the compensation of the judges and other officers and the practice and costs on appeals from its judgments" approved the twenty-fourth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred ninety-five Pamphlet Laws two hundred twelve two hundred twenty-one which reads

"Section 2 As soon as convenient after the first election the successful candidates shall cast lots for the priority of commission and certify the result to the Governor, who shall issue their commissions in accordance therewith and the same course shall be pursued whenever thereafter two or more judges are elected at the same time

The rank title and position of president judge of the said Superior Court shall be held by that elected member of the Court whose commission shall have priority either in time or as the result of the lot And if the President Judge shall be re-elected or if any succeeding President Judge shall be re-elected he shall continue to hold the rank title and position

Whenever it is reasonably possible the full bench of seven judges shall sit at the hearing and shall also take part in the examination and decision of each appeal but four judges shall be a quorum and may conduct the business of the Court" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 2 As soon as convenient after the first election the successful candidates shall cast lots for priority of commission and certify the result to the Governor who shall issue their commissions in accordance therewith and the same course shall be pursued whenever thereafter two or more judges are elected at the same time Provided however that the judge who is re-elected shall not cast lots for priority of commission but shall retain the position and rank as to priority of commission which he held at the time of his re-election

The rank title and position of the President Judge of the said Superior Court shall be held by that elected member of the Court whose commission shall have priority either in time or as the result of the lot And if the President Judge shall be re-elected or if any succeeding president judge shall be re-elected he shall continue to hold the rank title and position

Whenever it is reasonably possible the full bench of seven judges shall sit at the hearing and shall also take part in the examination and decisions of each appeal but four judges shall be a quorum and may conduct the business of the court

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. GRAHAM. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, the purpose of this act is to amend the act of 1895 which is the act that organized the Superior Court. The particular section of the act of 1895 that it is proposed to amend is section two. Now, section two provides for the priority of the judges in that court. Priority of judges is important, gentlemen, only in that it determines who shall be the President Judge of that court. As the law now stands, priority depends upon years of service, but accordingly to the terms of the act of 1895 a judge who is re-elected, having served an original term of ten years, loses the credit for the ten years which he served; in other words, a judge of the Superior Court who has served an original term of ten years and is re-elected and has served a period of one year on his second term is outranked in question of priority by a judge who has served, we will say, only two years of an original term. Now that appears, gentlemen, to be unjust and the purpose of this amendment is to give to the judges who are re-elected an opportunity to claim credit for the time that they have served in prior terms; in other words, the amendment that is offered here provides that the priority of the judges shall be dependent upon the years of continuous service, regardless of whether part of that service was on a re-elected term.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—191.

Adams,	Gans,	McArdle,	Smith, J. W.,
Albee,	Geiser,	McCaig,	Smith, Jeff. W.
Alcorn,	Gibson,	McClintock,	Smith, L.,
Alexander,	Gingery,	McClure,	Snyder,
Arnold,	Glass,	McConnell,	Sones,
Aron,	Glenn,	McCurdy,	Spangler,
Arthur,	Gompers,	McDermott,	Spencer,
Baker,	Goodnough,	McKay,	Statler,
Baldwin,	Goodwin,	McNichol,	Staving,
Bauerle,	Goodyear,	McVicar,	Steedle,
Beck,	Gormley,	Mellott,	Stein,
Becker,	Graham,	Metzenbacher,	Stern,
Benn,	Gransback,	Milliron,	Stone
Benninger,	Greenwood,	Murdoch,	Sullivan,
Bergy,	Hackett,	Murphy,	Swan,
Beyer,	Hamilton,	Myers,	Swartz,
Blackburn,	Harper,	Neville,	Taylor,
Body,	Heffernan,	Nieder,	Thomas,
Bovee,	Herman,	Nissley,	Trach,
Brosius,	Hess,	Oaks,	Twibill,
Brownlee,	Heyburn,	Ostrander,	Urich,
Brumbaugh,	Hibshman,	Palmer,	Vickerman,
Bungard,	Hoffman,	Perry,	Vogdes,
Campbell, T.,	Hollingsworth,	Peters,	Wagner,
Christman,	Horton,	Phillips,	Walsh,
Coldsmith,	Howarth,	Pickering,	Walter,
Conner,	Hubler,	Powell,	Walton,
Corbin,	Jack,	Ramsey,	Watson,
Cox,	Jones, E. E.,	Reel,	Weaver,
Cromer,	Jones, W. W.,	Reynolds,	Weimer,
Cummins,	Kitts,	Rhoads,	Weir,
Curry,	Klinger,	Rich,	West,
Davis,	Kuhn,	Richards,	Wettach,
Dawson,	Kunkle,	Rininger,	Whitaker,
Diefenderfer,	Landis,	Rinn,	Whitten,

Dodds,	Lanius,	Robertson,	Willman,
Drinkhouse,	Lauer,	Roney,	Willard,
Dunn,	Lauler,	Rowell,	Williams,
Eby,	Leighner,	Rudisill,	Wilson, H. I.,
Ehrhardt,	Lindsey,	Sampsel,	Wilson, W. H.,
Eppley,	Lipschutz,	Sarig,	Wobensmith,
Erdman,	Love,	Schaeffer,	Wood,
Evans,	Luppert,	Scott,	Woodward,
Fackler,	Luxemburger,	Shaaber,	Wylie,
Flynn,	Lynch,	Shaffer,	Wynne,
Forster,	Mangan,	Shoop,	Young,
Fretz,	Marvin,	Showalter,	Ambler,
Fruit,	Mather,	Sinclair,	Speaker.
Gallagher,			

NAYS—1.

Doll.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

BILL ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 232, as follows:

An Act to amend section one thousand seven hundred and fifteen of article seventeen of an act approved the eighteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith" relating to the power to confer academic degrees honorary or otherwise extending the same to all schools of similar grade in requiring advanced courses of study leading to such degrees and granting like power to confer such degrees to the board of public education or board of school directors of every school district of the first class

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section one thousand seven hundred and fifteen in article seventeen of an act approved the eighteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith" which reads as follows

"Section 1715 The power to confer academic degrees honorary or otherwise heretofore granted to and possessed by any board of public education board of school directors or controllers of any school district at the time of the passage of this act is hereby vested in the board of public education or school directors of such school district created by the provisions hereof And any public high school in any school district existing at the time of the passage of this act with a course of study of not less than four years and upon whose students of the full prescribed course of study such academic or other degrees have heretofore been conferred shall be continued by the said board of public education or school directors of the district in which it shall be located under such name or title with such regulations and courses of study of such length and character as the said board may deem necessary" be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows

Section 1715 the power to confer academic degrees honorary or otherwise heretofore granted to and possessed by any board of public education board of school directors or controllers of any school district at the time of the passage of this act is hereby vested in the board of public education or board of school directors of such school district created by the provisions hereof And any public high school in any school district existing at the time of the passage of this act with a course of study of not less than four years and upon whose students of the full prescribed course of study such academic or other degrees have heretofore been conferred shall be continued by the said board of public education or board of school directors of the district in which it shall be located under such name or title and with such regulations and courses of study of such character as the said board may deem proper and it shall be the duty of the said board to establish and maintain in such school advanced courses of study which shall extend for at least two years beyond its present four years' courses said advanced courses shall be open to every resident of such school district who is qualified therefor without regard to the part of said district in which he resides and upon the completion of any such advanced course by any student to confer upon him the baccalaureate degree in arts or science appropriate to such course

The like power to confer academic degrees in arts and science is hereby granted to the board of public education or board of school directors of every school district of the first class which shall establish and maintain public schools or institutions of learning with courses of study at least two years in advance of those required for a high school of the first class

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. MILLIRON. Mr. Speaker, I am sorry that duty calls me again to say a word against any measure introduced by any member of this House, but when I take into consideration the fact of my sworn allegiance to the public school system of this State, and the duty that I owe to the constituency which I represent in Armstrong county, and to the constituents throughout he State of Pennsylvania, it compels me again to say a word in opposition to this measure. In order that the Members of this House may have a clear conception of what this bill means I want to say that some years ago there was an act on a principle or a provision or whatever you chose to call it that permitted the old Central High School of Philadelphia to confer honorary degrees. I am also happy to state that only one other school district in the great United States has fallen so far beneath the intention of higher education as to take advantage of and ask for the same privilege, and that is the high school in Louisville, Kentucky. These two institutions, gentlemen, have been the subject of ridicule and the laughing stock of this whole country of ours, and when the framers of this school code, which was adopted in 1911, framed the provisions that were to be embraced in this code, it was their intention to eliminate the privilege that has been granted to this school in Philadelphia by eliminating it from the code, and if I am correctly informed, the embodying of this act, which this seeks to amend, was not sanctioned by the framers of the code, but it was passed through the House in some other manner. When this bill was first introduced into this House by the gentleman from Philadelphia, it applied to only districts of the first class. That bill was unconstitutional, because the high schools in this state are classified in three classes. They are regulated by the laws governing high schools, and you cannot regulate a high school in one district without doing it in every district in this Commonwealth. The next draft of this bill included all high schools in all the districts in the State of Pennsylvania, giving a little township high school up here in your county. You gentlemen who are from the rural districts, a township high school with a very meagre force, with a very inefficient faculty of teachers, the same power of conferring a degree as the University of Pennsylvania or the University of Pittsburgh, and that we can not stand for. And the bill is back here again with a new cloak and a new dress. It is the old form of bill No. 1 and bill No. 2 drafted in a new bill as we have it before us to-day, and it not only gives the power that this bill was enacted to give, to the high schools of Philadelphia and Pittsburgh, but to every high school in the State of Pennsylvania, to confer these degrees. We have in the Governor's chair to-day a man who has been engaged in the educational field in this state for a number of years, as well as in other states and in other countries, together with the State Superintendent of this State, Dr. Schaeffer? They stood shoulder to shoulder in this state for twenty years trying to bring the degrees conferred by the colleges and universities of this state to such a condition that they would be recognized the world over. That has been accomplished after twenty years of hard work and it is not fair to those men, and it is not fair to the men who have gone through the colleges and universities and acquired their degress by actual service for this Legislature to pass this act and to give to the high school graduate the same honor given those who have worked for it and who have graduated from the colleges and universities. This bill is to my mind one of the most iniquitous pieces of legislation that has been before this House. I do not put the blame on anybody. These things are likely to come in here. I want to say to you further, that if that bill had been received in the Committee on Education, there would not have been one

vote in the Committee on Education to bring it to the light of day, and I appeal to the Members of this House in the name of fairness and justice to cast their votes in opposition to this measure.

Mr. DUNN. Mr. Speaker and Gentlemen of the House, in reply to my good friend from Armstrong, I want to say that in the school code at the present time there is incorporated a provision enabling the High School in Philadelphia, the Central High School to confer degrees upon the graduates from that particular high school. This act of mine does not extend that power nor does it wipe out that power; if you defeat this bill, which my good friend from Armstrong advocates, it does not take away from the Central High School of Philadelphia the power of conferring degrees which she has held for sixty-six years or more, and which was granted by the General Assembly of 1849. What is this bill? It was not prepared by me, my friend, but prepared by people who have passed though that high school's educational course, and become prominent, not only in the affairs of Philadelphia and in the affairs of this great state of Pennsylvania, but in the affairs of this great nation of ours, who have received its degrees and entered a college with the understanding that they would not at that time be obliged to pass a preparatory course of two years. Up until the time this wonderful bill that was discussed a few minutes ago in committee, relative to the medical board of education was enacted in 1911, the framers of that law created a higher standard for the student to enter college, and thus the degree conferred by the Central High School of Philadelphia is null and void because no Medical College in the city of Philadelphia will admit the Central High School students, my freind, on the degree conferred by them under the act of this Legislature; and it is necessary for them after they have received that degree to then enter a preparatory school for two years or more, compelling the children of that public school to spend an additional sum of money, often, I say, not having the money to do it with, the children who have passed through these schools and seek a college education, this Medical act passed in 1911, compels those children to go into a preparatory school for two years and pay the tuition necessary to enter college. And what is my act? What is my act, my friend. I heard the word is going around to defeat this bill, but you are going to hear to-day, in my humble way, the purpose of this act. It has been framed by the intelligent educators of Philadelphia. The purpose of this act is to extend the High School course two years. It is for the purpose of permitting the children of poor parents to obtain that two years' course in the college of Philadelphia without paying for it. That is the purpose, my friends, of this bill. It is only to give the City of Philadelphia the power to create the college of Philadelphia in the Central High School and let the children of poor parents receive the tuition necessary to enter them in the Medical College and other colleges without increasing the cost, and it is only fair and just that the poorer children in the public school system can be prepared so that they can enter the college without going into the two-year preparatory course.

That is the purpose of the act, my friends. It is not to wipe out or advance the degree, as my good friend from Armstrong wishes to impress on your minds. It is still in the Code ,and if you defeat the bill it is still in the Code, but I only ask you members of this House to consider it. It is only giving to Philadelphia the power to give those children down there—the graduates of the High School —two years additional course, without imposing upon the parents of those children the additional cost they would be compelled to pay in a preparatory school, and that is only right and fair.

I know my good friends, those who have paid for this higher education, those who have gone into these ordinary schools of preparation and paid the tuition, some I admit through hard work have earned those honors and received their degrees from colleges and graduated, probably they would be a little jealous of this particular bill, but I want to say to you, my friends, don't be selfish in this matter; If we can confer upon our children in the public schools an additional advantage of education without additional cost—let us be reasonable and give it to Philadelphia. That's the only one that confers that particular power. power if they want to start a college and give that two years advanced study. Why, my friends, if I wanted to be selfish in this matter I might say this: that I would not approve of any higher education. I would not approve of it because I, myself was compelled to leave school at the age of ten, in order to help educate or help advance a family of six children. I was compelled to work from that day on, and if I wanted to be selfish in that matter and looked at it and say, because I was unable to receive the proper education—I want to impress upon you that if I wanted to be selfish I would say "No, give nobody any higher eduation in the public schools of our great Commonwealth, except a high grammar education." But no, I am not selfish. Iam willing to concede to the children all the privileges and advantages and opportunities whereby they might be advanced, and it is only fair and justice to give Philadelphia this opportunity and see if she proves successful in that matter.

You are not wiping out degrees. You are not enlarging degrees in any manner, but give it to her, the same as New York has got—the College of the City of New York; the same as Cleveland has got; the same as other cities throughout the nation has got, advancing their children to higher education without the additional cost of higher institutions.

Mr. MILLIRON. Mr. Speaker, I want to say in reply to the gentleman from Philadelphia, that I assure him it is from no selfiesh motive. I am not trying to protect any degree I have. My preparatory course was taken at the old McCrea Furnace in Armstrong County, and I received the degree, the only one I have, and the degree that any boy or girl no matter how poor he is can receive, and that is the degree from the "University of Hard Knocks." That is the only degree I possess, so I assure the gentleman it is from no selfish standpoint. I want to say that it is evident that the gentleman is misinformed in regard to the requirements for entering the colleges and universities of this state. I am not familiar with your high schools in Philadelphia, but we look up to that city as the city of brotherly love, that city of everything good, and I take it for granted the high schools in Philadelphia are on the same level with the first grade high schools in other parts of our state. I can take you to any other part of the state except the city of Philadelphia, into the smallest towns and most sparsely settled townships of this country where there is a high school, and when a student graduates from that high school in the regular course, any college in the state of Pennsylvania will admit him without further examination into the freshman year, and that is why we have this standard of high schools, and that is why these men who have been at the head of this educational work in this State have worked for years so that the poor boy does not have to spend that money in taking an extra preparatory course.

We have a number of vocations and professions. Take the medical profession and the only requirement is a high school education. I am not sure about the legal profession, but if you have that four years high school course—that is providing that your high school is a high school that is recognized as a standard high school of four years, then you can be admitted to any college or any university in Pennsylvania, but you must get that recognition—not from the fact that you are granted degrees. The universities of this State and colleges of any standing ought not to recognize a high school that wants to confer the A. B. or B. S. degrees on students of high schools. No wonder you have to take a two years extra preparatory school course if you graduate from the Central School of Philadelphia. You depreciate the degree that is granted after four years of additional work in the colleges and universities.

If you take a high school anywhere in this State, paying attention to the work that is laid out for that school in that particular sphere and that school having a reputation for proficient work for four years, the colleges and universities will recognize that and admit their students. I do not want to say that this bill is unconstitutional, yet it is crudely drawn, poorly drawn. I have said that a couple of times. I do not want to do that—to say that it is unconstitutional—but I do say this: what are you going to call your high school of six years? Are you going to call it a high school of the first class, or second class, or third

class? If you want to establish, as this bill states, a high school, and you call it a high school of six years, you must amend the whole school code and re-classify all the high schools of this State, and instead of there being three classes, there must be four class; the first of six years; the second class of four years; the third class of three years, or four, three and two, or four classes instead of three. I think this bill has been amended enough and I leave that to the gentlemen of the House to decide.

Mr. KUNKLE. Mr. Speaker, I think there are scholars enough in this house to realize what we mean by "Degrees." Those of us who have waded up to our necks in mathematics, and science and history, and all that; through tangents, parabola and hyperbola, logarithms, binomial theorems, regelation, cosmic relations, reaction and reagents and all these other things, fully realize what he means by cheapening the degrees we have secured by four years of hard work, after we had gone through the academy or school, and then only got the degree of A. B., which we now propose to give to boys and girls in trousers, short breeches, before they get to the colleges. Here's a difference with a distinction. If the high schools can grant these degrees in the first or second year and then the student goes to college and works three years longer, he gets nothing from that college but an additional A. B. or B. S. degree.

In European countries we know that the degree must be worked out by writing a book or a thesis, which requires deep and profound research and orignality. It means something there, what we are going to hand out so liberally to the schoolboys of this State, and the schoolboys on the street will run along with our Governor and our great scholars of the State and nation, with the same paper and the same degree that our scholars possess.

Secondly, just as soon as we begin to do that it stifles further research and work of these boys and girls; they think they know it all and they quit right there. Let us go slow. I do not charge anybody with any sinister motives in this bill, but maybe it is only inadvised and not properly considered. Let us go slow.

Mr. GRAHAM. I am afraid that you men are going to vote on this bill without exactly understanding what it is. I am afraid you are going to vote on this bill under the impression that by its terms some degree already existing is going to be cheapened, in other words, that by the terms of this bill it is going to be easier for a man to get a degree. That is an entirely mistaken notion. As the law now stands, graduates of the Central High School in Philadelphia receive the degree of bachelor of arts after a four years course. That is the law as it stands to-day. Our objection to that law is this: that the Central High School in Philadelphia is more or less of a local institution. In other words we have a number of other high schools in the city: high schools in which the course is just as severe, that do not have the advantage of being able to confer a degree on their students. We think, therefore, that provision is unfair. Now the provision is this; the proposition is to take away from the high school the right to confer a degree for a four years course and allow them to confer that degree only after a six years course.

Now, you men, if you know anything about a high school course will know that the four years at high school more than admits a man to college. In other words, a student who has gone through four years at the Central High School in Philadelphia, and who, after that, if this act becomes a law, takes the two years additional course provided by the act, that that student will probably have the same standing of the scholastic world as the graduate of any ordinary college in this State. I say, therefore, gentlemen, that so far as it relates to the Central High School in Philadelphia, this act increases the difficulty of obtaining that degree. It does not decrease the standard of that degree; it increases it to a point where six years is required and I say it brings it up to a standard that is as nearly equal as it can be to any other college in the State.

Mr. BARNETT. Mr. Speaker, I am opposed to the passage of this bill. It discounts the work of our best colleges. The boys and girls of seventeen and eighteen that pass through a petty high school course would come out with the appendage "Batchelor of Arts" or "Batchelor of Science." Another young man of twenty-five spends three or four years in a college and he comes out with the same title, "Batchelor of Arts" or Batchelor of Science." It cheapens the whole thing and takes the meaning out of those titles. Those titles ought to mean something. It ought to mean a degree of maturity; it ought to mean a lot of work well done. When a young man takes four years in college and has passed through mathematics and the sciences and languages and comes out with a mastery of some of those things the title has some meaning to it; but to allow every high school around the country to confer that degree on the boys and girls of seventeen and eighteen years of age, I say, not only discounts the work done by our best colleges but it cheapens the whole thing.

A few years ago I met a North Carolinan who called himself "Colonel" Abernathy, and he insisted that I must call and see him, that I must visit him on his plantation. I did so and not only did he call himself "Colonel" Abernathy but I found the people all around there called him "Colonel" Abernathy and that there were a lot of other people that they called "Colonel." So I said to him one day, "How is this? You are not old enough to have been in the war. How did you get your title of 'Colonel'?" "Well," he said, "No, I was not in the war; I was not old enough for that; but a few years ago they had a big parade in Charlotte. I had the finest horse in North Carolina and they wanted me to lead the procession. I did so and they called me 'Colonel' and ever since then they have called me 'Colonel' Abernathy."

Now, that is a little the style of this "Batchelor of Arts" and this "Batchelor of Science" to the boys and girls who pass through our high schools; consequently, I believe it will be a disgrace to Pennsylvania to send out boys and girls with those titles, who will come up against a man from one of the colleges who has that same title. If the boy and girl can have the title of "Batchelor of Arts" and "Batchelor of Science" what more can the man get who takes a thorough course, a thorough training, and who then becomes a genuine "Batchelor of Arts" or "Batchelor of Sciences" and later on a "Master of Arts" or "Master of Sciences."

Mr. SONES. Mr. Speaker, and gentlemen of the House, I do not propose to go over the grounds that other gentlemen have gone over, but one thought has occurred to me which I did not hear any of the other gentlemen speak of, and that is this fact: All the high schools, city high schools of the present time, who have a course of four years, are known as high schools of the first class. Their students leave that high school when they go to normal school and they must be there as resident students for two years before they graduate from those institutions. Now the normal schools do not think of granting any degree "A. B." or "Batchelor of Sciences." They would not think of doing a thing like that. That is two years in addition to the present high school work of high schools of the first class; and if high schools add two years more and then confer degrees, they will be giving a degree for work for which a boy must give two years more in a college. I believe that we will go down as the laughing stock among educated people of this State and other states if we support a bill of this kind. I, for one, am opposed to it. I am in harmony with the spirit of the high schools in this State. I think they are doing a noble work, yet I believe if the high school faculties of this State were canvassed and asked their opinion of this bill that the majority would say, "No," we want to keep the work within our proper sphere and we are not ready and it is not the province of our high schools to grant such degrees. We leave that to the institutions whose province it is; and gentlemen, therefore, I am opposed to this bill.

Mr. DUNN. Mr. Speaker, I do not want to prolong this discussion or take up much more time on this bill. I only want to impress upon your minds that if this bill is

defeated it will not prevent the Central High School of Philadelphia from conferring the degree of "Batchelor of Arts" on the graduates of that particular high school The reason that I presented this bill was because in Philadelphia at the present time we have four or five additional high schools. One is in my particular district, the working people's district of northeast Philadelphia, where the students going to that high school are children of the working class and with the other four additional high schools are deprived of this honor which the Central High School confers upon the students of that particular high school. That is the only right I ask you to extend to the children of my high school and the other four high schools. You will not defeat or take away from the Central High School that power of conferring degrees to that certain class within the boundary of that particular high school. The children within the boundaries of my district who go to the high school in the northeastern part of Philadelphia are deprived of that privilege or that honor. Within the boundaries of the South Philadelphia High School, within the boundaries of the West Philadelphia High School, within the boundaries of all other high schools in Philadelphia County, those children who go through the same course of study as the children in the Central High School are deprived of receiving the degree which the Central High School confers upon their scholars ;and when you defeat this bill, if it is intended to defeat it, you do not take away from the Central High School that honor that is still incorporated in the School Code and you could only take the stand, as it is to-day, that the children within the boundaries of that particular high school should receive that degree while four-fifths of the children going through the same study in the first class City of Philadelphia do not receive that degree. Is that fair? Is that right? That is the only reason that I am here appealing for the interests of the working people of my district and the children of my high school. I think they are just as good and just as much entitled to this privelege or honor if they go through the same course of study as the scholars in the Central High School. This bill amends that act but don't take away that privilege and by defeating this bill you do not take away that privilege but you only increase for two years more the time that the children of my particular section, the West Philadelphia section and the South Philadelphia section can go the Central High School to get what only is conferred on the scholars of the Central High School. That is all we are asking.

Mr. HERMAN. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, it was not my purpose to say anything relative to this bill. I think enough has been said to show the fallacy of the principle of granting degrees upon a high school course; but I notice that the gentleman, my friend from Philadelphia ,in his argument for his bill does not state that he thinks that the Central High Shool of Philadelphia has a right—that is, that it is an honor to the children who attend that district to have this degree conferred upon them. And I want to say further, if I have been rightly informed, that the reason that this matter was left as it is,—this high school was given this privilege when the School Code was before this House, was because they could not pass the School Code without making some concession, and the Governor of this State was opposed to it, our present Governor, and the Superintendent of Public Instruction; but in order to get that bill passed they committed a wrong; gentlemen, they committed a wrong by allowing this high school the privilege of conferring degrees, and now to-day we are asked to commit another wrong because they did so in 1911; and, gentlemen, I say that is not right. It is not treating the scholar fair. It is putting a premium upon ignorance.

Mr. RICH. Mr. Speaker, I happened to be a trustee of one of our seminaries in this State and we voted to surrender the charter that we had or right we had to grant the degrees of "Batchelor of Arts" and "Batchelor of Sciences." The institution for four years or more had been granting these degrees. We realized that we were exercising a right or authority that did not belong to us, although all graduates of high schools were required to study for two years in the seminary before they were entitled to these degrees: and, realizing this, we surrendered our charter to the State; and if the school that the gentleman complains of in Philadelphia that is exercising this right would surrender its charter to the State, it would relieve them of all that embarrassment.

On the question recurring.

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—48.

Adams,	Dunn,	Lauer,	Rothenberger,
Aron,	Fackler,	Lipschutz,	Shaffer,
Baker,	Forster,	Maurer,	Stern,
Bauerle,	Gallagher,	McArdle,	Swartz,
Benninger,	Gans,	McDermott,	Walsh,
Campbell, T.,	Graham,	McNichol,	Weir,
Conner,	Gransback,	Murphy,	Wildman,
Cox,	Hackett,	Nieder,	Willard,
Cummins,	Heffernan,	Perry,	Wilson, W. H.,
Curry,	Heyburn,	Reynolds,	Wobensmith,
Dawson,	Hollern,	Richards,	Wynne,
Drinkhouse,	Lafferty,	Roney,	Young,

NAYS—133.

Albee,	Goodnough,	McVicar,	Sones,
Alcorn,	Goodwin,	Mearkle,	Spangler,
Arnold,	Goodyear,	Mellott,	Spencer,
Baldwin,	Gormley,	Metzenbacher,	Statler,
Barnett,	Greenwood,	Milliron,	Staving,
Beck,	Hamilton,	Murdoch,	Steedle,
Becker,	Harper,	Myers,	Stein,
Benn,	Herman,	Neville,	Stone,
Bergy,	Hess,	Oaks,	Sullivan,
Beyer,	Hibshman,	Ostrander,	Swan,
Blackburn,	Hoffman,	Palmer,	Taylor,
Bovee,	Hollingsworth,	Peters,	Thomas,
Brosius,	Horton,	Phillips,	Trach,
Brownlee,	Howarth,	Pickering,	Tyndall,
Baumbaugh,	Hubler,	Powell,	Urich,
Bungard,	Jack,	Ramsey,	Vickerman,
Christman,	Jones, W. W.,	Reel,	Vogdes,
Coldsmith,	Kaiser,	Rhoads,	Wagner,
Corbin,	Klinger,	Rich,	Walter,
Cromer,	Kuhn,	Rininger,	Walton,
Davis,	Kunkle,	Rinn,	Weaver,
Dell,	Landis,	Robertson,	Weimer,
Diefenderfer,	Lanius,	Rudisill,	West,
Dodds,	Lauler,	Sampsel,	Wettach,
Eby,	Leighner,	Scott,	Whitaker,
Eppley,	Lindsey,	Shaaber,	Whitten,
Flynn,	Love,	Shaffer,	Williams,
Fretz,	Luppert,	Shoop,	Wilson, H. I.,
Fruit,	Lynch,	Showalter,	Wood,
Geiser,	Mangan,	Sinclair,	Wylie,
Gibson,	Marvin,	Smith, Jeff. W.	Ambler,
Gingery,	McConnell,	Smith, L.,	Speaker.
Glass,	McCurdy,	Snyder,	
Glenn,	McKay,		
Gompers,			

Less than the majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the negative and the bill falls.

BILLS SIGNED BY THE SPEAKER.

The SPEAKER announced that the Chief Clerk having reported that the following bills had passed both houses of the General Assembly and the same being correct the titles were publicly read as follows:

House Bill No. 43.

An Act authorizing Peter C Kuhn of Scranton Lackawanna County to sue the Commonwealth

House Bill No. 76.

An Act making an appropriation to refund to the Crawford County Trust Company a corporation of Meadville Crawford county Pennsylvania moneys erroneously paid into the State treasury

House Bill No. 255.

An Act to amend section four of an act approved the eleventh day of May one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine entitled "A further supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to establish a board of wardens for the port of Philadelphia and for the regulation of pilots and pilotage and for other purposes' approved March twenty-ninth one thousand eight hundred and three and for regulating the rates of pilotage and number of pilots"

House Bill No. 256.

An Act to further amend an act approved the thirtieth day of March one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine entitled "An Act to amend the first section of an act approved the eleventh day of May one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine entitled 'A further supplement to an act entitled "An Act to establish a board of wardens for the Port of Philadelphia and for the regulation of pilots and pilotage and for other purposes" approved March twenty-ninth one thousand eight hun-

dred and three and for regulating the rates of pilotage and number of pilots' "

Whereupon,

The Speaker in the presence of the House signed the same.

SENATE MESSAGE.

RESOLUTION FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, presented extract from the Journal of the Senate, which was read as follows:

TIME OF NEXT MEETING.

In the Senate, March 9th, 1915.

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur) that when the Senate adjourns this week, it shall reconvene Monday evening March 15th, at 9.30 o'clock, and when the House of Representatives adjourns this week, it shall reconvene Monday evening March 15th, at 9.00 o'clock.

On the question,

Will the House concur in the resolution of the Senate?

It was concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

PETITION.

PRAYING FOR A STATE HIGHWAY.

Mr. E. E. JONES presented the petitions of Citizens of Susquehanna County praying for a State Highway.

Referred to the Committee on Public Roads.

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 683, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Hospital for the Insane at Danville Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 240, entitled:

An Act creating a reward or bounty for the destruction of certain noxious animals killed within the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania providing a method for the payment of the same and providing the method of furnishing evidence of said destruction and penalties for the violation of the several provisions hereof

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 274, entitled:

An Act amending section two thousand and thirty-five of an act entitled "An act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith" approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven and relating to the management of State Normal Schools purchased by the Commonwealth

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 119, entitled:

An Act to provide for the better protection and preservation of game game-quadrupeds and game-birds in Pennsylvania and prescribing penalties for violation of its several provisions

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 121, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the State Hopsital at Nanticoke Luzerne county Pennsylvania for the payment of indebtedness against said hospital buildings equipment and grounds

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 572, entitled:

An Act creating a division of Distribution of Documents defining its powers and duties regulating the printing binding and distribution of the public documents of this Commonwealth and providing penalties for the violation of this act

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 166, entitled:

An act making an appropriation for the payment of the deficiency which has arisen under the provisions of an act approved the thirteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled "An act to authorize county commissioners for the purpose of encouraging agriculture and the holding of county agricultural exhibitions to pay annually one thousand dollars to the incorporated agricultural association paying premiums on agricultural exhibits holding an annual exhibition in the county providing for the filing of sworn statement by the claimant or claimants with the county commissioners relative to said exhibition and providing for the repayment to the county by the State of the sum so paid

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 414, entitled:

An act authorizing the Legislative Reference Bureau to continue the work commenced under the provisions of an act approved the twentieth day of May one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An act, directing the Legislative Reference Bureau to prepare compliations of codes by topics of the existing general laws of this Commonwealth for adoption or rejection by the General Assembly fixing the powers and duties of the bureau therein fixing the compensation of the assistant director and making an appropriation therefor" fixing the powers and duties of the bureau therein fixing the duties and compensation of the assistant director and making an appropriation

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 517, entitled:

An act prohibiting any city county or municipality from imposing or collecting any license fee or tax upon insurance companies or their agents or insurance brokers licensed to transact business by the Insurance Commissioner

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 457, entitled:

An Act to amend section two of an act entitled "An Act for the better protection of the wild birds known as the turtle or morning dove the kill-deer plover and the bird commonly called the blackbird in Pennsylvania and prescribing penalties for violation of its provisions" approved the twenty-first day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen Pamphlet Laws eight by extending the power to destroy birds commonly called blackbirds

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 544, entitled:

An act authorizing the adoption of an amortized basis for valuing the bond investments of life insurance companies

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 678 (Senate No. 111), entitled:

Authorizing cities of the first and second class to appropriate city funds for the maintenance of historical societies

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

ADJOURNMENT.

Mr. WILLARD. Mr. Speaker, I move that the House do now adjourn.

The motion was agreed to, and (at 6:05 P. M.) the House adjourned until to-morrow morning at ten o'clock.

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA.

Legislative Journal.

Session 1915 — 121st of the General Assembly

VOL. 3. HARRISBURG, PA., WEDNESDAY, MARCH 10, 1915. No. 22.

SENATE.

WEDNESDAY, March 10, 1915.

The Senate met at 10 o'clock A. M.

The PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE (Mr. Charles H. Kline) in the Chair.

PRAYER.

The Reverend M. D. Lichliter offered the following prayer:

Our Father, we bless Thee for this beautiful day and with it come renewed responsibilities and obligations. We pray Thy blessing to be upon this body of the General Assembly. Bless the Lieutenant-Governor, the President Pro Tem., each member of the Senate, and the attaches thereof. With their faces toward the light, may each member of this Senate as directed by Thy wisdom move toward that light so that in the end the transactions of this body may be for Thy glory and the good of this Commonwealth. We ask in Jesus name. Amen.

The PRESIDENT. A quorum of the Senate being present the Clerk will read the Journal of the preceding session.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of the preceding session, when, on motion of Mr. MAGEE, the further reading was dispensed with, and the Journal was approved.

PETITIONS.

FAVORING PASSAGE OF OPTOMETRY BILL.

Mr. THOMPSON presented the petition of the citizens of Beaver County, praying for the passage of the Optometry Bill.

Which was referred to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

Mr. KURTZ presented the petition of citizens of Indiana County praying for the passage of the Optometry Bill.

Which was referred to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

AGAINST HOUSE BILL NO. 511.

Mr. KURTZ presented petition of voters of the 37th District protesting against the passage of House Bill No. 511.

Which was referred to the Committee on Education.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. MILLS, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 195 (House Bill No. 100) entitled:

An Act validating certain sales of real estate heretofore made by guardians administrators and executors by decree of orphans' court.

Mr. SCHANTZ, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 358 (House Bill No. 366) entitled:

An Act relative to judgments and prescribing the duties of prothonotaries in connection therewith.

Mr. TOMPKINS, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 193 (House Bill No. 74) entitled:

An Act to quiet the title to real estate and to enable citizens of the United States and corporations authorized to hold real estate within this Commonwealth to hold and convey title to real estate which has been formerly held by or for corporations not authorized by law to hold the same.

Mr. BUCKMAN, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 411 (House Bill No. 120) entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the 28th day of May, 1907, entitled "An Act to provide for the protection of insane persons feeble-minded persons and epileptics and the appointment of a guardian for the said insane persons feeble-minded persons and epileptics unable to care for their own property authorizing the guardian to support the wife and children of the said insane persons feeble-minded persons and epileptics defining the powers of the guardian and authorizing the sale of real estate of the ward" by adding an additional section.

Also from the Committee on Appropriations reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 422, entitled:

An Act to fix the salary of the first assistant clerk of the Orphans' Court in counties having a population of not less than eight hundred thousand and not more than one million five hundred thousand.

Also from the Committee on Appropriations reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 71, entitled:

An Act transferring from one fund to another certain moneys appropriated to the Dairy and Food Division of the Department of Agriculture.

Mr. CLARK, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 445 (House Bill No. 536) entitled:

An Act concerning the relations between attorney and client on suit being brought in any court of this Commonwealth and providing that the attorney shall have a lien for his compensation for his services upon the client's cause of action claim or counterclaim which shall attach to any award order report decision compromise settlement verdict or judgment in the client's favor and the proceeds thereof in whosoever hands the same may be and which lien shall not be affected or defeated by any compromise or settlement between the parties before or after judgment.

Mr. PHIPPS, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 352 (House Bill No. 179) entitled:

An Act confirmatory of the conveyance of real estate.

Mr. MAGEE, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 302, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the 13th day of June, 1911, entitled "An Act establishing in counties containing a population of from eight hundred thousand to one million four hundred thousand, a Board for the Assessment and Revision of Taxes for State and county purposes; prescribing the method of their appointment, their powers and duties; fixing their salary, to be paid by the proper county; and abolishing the office of ward, borough and township assessors, in so far as respects the assessment of State and county taxes.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

Mr. SPROUL read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 458, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the 14th day of April, 1903, entitled "An Act for the creation and government of a division of the State Library for the preservation of public records by establishing the office of supervisor of public

records with general supervision over the care and custody of public records of the several counties cities and boroughs of this Commonwealth.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. BUCKMAN read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 459, entitled:

An Act to amend section one of an act, entitled "An Act permitting in certain cases imposition of costs upon the proper county in proceedings for the commitment of an alleged insane person," approved the 20th day of June, A. D. 1911.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 460, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania through proclamation to close any county or counties of Pennsylvania to hunting fishing or to close any stream or part of streams to fishing when in his opinion such action is necessary to conserve either the health or welfare of our people or our natural resources.

Which was committed to the Committee on Game and Fisheries.

Mr. BEIDLEMAN read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 461, entitled:

A Joint Resolution extending the time for the making of the report of the Engineer's Commission, and providing for the printing and distribution of the report.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. CROW read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 462, entitled:

An Act to amend the third section of an act entitled "An Act authorizing the merger and consolidation of certain corporations," approved 3d day of May, A. D. 1909.

Which was committed to the Committee on Corporations.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 463, entitled:

An Act to amend section three of an act approved the 14th day of May, A. D. 1874, entitled "A further supplement to an act relative to suits in dower and partition, approved the 20th day of February, A. D. 1854, and its supplement, approved the 30th day of March, A. D. 1869, construing said act and extending jurisdiction of the courts therein" by extending the provisions thereof to include persons having an undivided interest in the land or in the coal or timber thereon when the same has not been entirely severed, and permitting such persons to compel partition of the entire tract.

Which was committed to the Committee on Corporations.

Mr. CLARK read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 464, entitled:

An Act further amending an act approved June 1, 1889, entitled "A further supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to provide revenue by taxation,' approved the 7th day of June, A. D. 1879, as amended.

Which was committed to the Committee on Finance.

BILL RETURNED WITH AMENDMENT.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate resumed the consideration of Senate Bill No. 36, entitled:

An Act authorizing the surrender and delivery of mortgages and writings obligatory secured thereby given to the Commonwealth and the satisfaction of the record thereof when full payment has been made

which was returned from the House of Representatives with amendment.

Said amendment was twice read as follows:

In line 14 by inserting after the word "charges" the words "together with accrued interest."

Said amendment having been printed as required by the Constitution.

On the question,

Will the Senate concur in the same?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—49.

Beidleman,	Gyger,	McNichol,	Snyder, C. A.,
Buckman,	Hackett,	Miller,	Snyder, P. W.,
Burke,	Hilton,	Mills,	Sones,
Catlin,	Hindman,	Moore,	Sproul,
Clark,	Hoke,	Patton,	Stewart,
Croft,	Homsher,	Phipps,	Thompson,
Crow,	Jenkins,	Salus,	Tompkins,
Daix,	Kurtz,	Schantz,	Vare,
DeWitt,	Lynch,	Semmens,	Warner,
Endsley,	Magee, C. J.,	Sensenich,	Wasbers,
Farley,	Martin,	Smith, R. E.	Kline,
Gerberich,	McConnell,	Smith, W. W.,	Pres. pro tem
Graff,	McKee, W. S.,		

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 3, as follows:

An Act making it unlawful to obtain or attempt to obtain goods wares merchandise or credit under a false or assumed name

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That it is unlawful for any person to obtain or attempt to obtain with fraudulent intent goods wares merchandise or credit under any name other than his or her proper name

Section 2 A person's proper name under this act shall consist of the surname of his or her parents together with his or her given or baptismal name or such other name as shall have been legally fixed by decree of court

Section 3 This act shall not apply to any person or persons using or adopting without intent to defraud any name or title for the carrying on of any lawful business

Section 4 A person shall be guilty of a misdemeanor who violates any of the provisions of this act and on conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars and undergo an imprisonment in the jail in the county not exceeding three years either or both in the discretion of the court

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—47.

Beidleman,	Graff,	McKee, W. S.,	Snyder, C. A.,
Buckman,	Gyger,	McNichol,	Snyder, P. W.,
Burke,	Hackett,	Miller,	Sones,
Catlin,	Hilton,	Mills,	Sproul,
Clark,	Hindman,	Moore,	Stewart,
Croft,	Hoke,	Patton,	Thompson,
Crow,	Jenkins,	Phipps,	Tompkins,
Daix,	Kurtz,	Schantz,	Vare,
DeWitt,	Lynch,	Semmens,	Warner,
Endsley,	Magee, C. J.,	Sensenich,	Wasbers,
Farley,	Martin,	Smith, R. E.,	Kline,
Gerberich,	McConnell,	Smith, W. W.,	Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 13, as follows:

An Act relating to and regulating partnerships

PART I

PRELIMINARY PROVISIONS

[Name of Act]

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That this act may be cited as Uniform Partnership Act

Section 2 [Definition of Terms] In this act "Court" includes every court and judge having jurisdiction in the case

"Business" includes every trade occupation or profession

"Person" includes individuals partnerships corporations and other associations

"Bankrupt" includes bankrupt under the Federal Bankruptcy Act or insolvent under any state insolvent act

"Conveyance" includes every assignment lease mortgage or encumbrance

"Real property" includes land and any interest or estate in land

Section 3 [Interpretation of Knowledge and Notice] (1) A person has "knowledge" of a fact within the meaning of this act not only when he has actual knowledge thereof but also when he has knowledge of such facts as in the circumstances show bad faith

(2) A person has "notice" of a fact within the meaning of this act when the person who claims the benefit of the notice

(a) States the fact to such person or

(b) Delivers through the mail or by other means of communication a written statement of the fact to such person or to a proper person at his place of business or residence

Section 4 [Rules of Construction] (1) The rule that statutes in derogation of the common law are to be strictly construed shall have no application to this act

(2) The law of estoppel shall apply under this act

(3) The law of agency shall apply under this act

(4) This Act shall be so interpreted and construed as to effect its general purpose to make uniform the law of those states which enact it

(5) This Act shall not be construed so as to impair the obligations of any contract existing when the act goes into effect nor to effect any action or proceedings begun or right accrued before this act takes effect

Section 5 [Rules for Cases not Provided for in this Act] In any case not provided for in this act the rules of law and equity including the law merchant shall govern

PART II

NATURE OF A PARTNERSHIP

Section 6 [Partnership defined] (1) A partnership is an association of two or more persons to carry on as co-owners a business for profit

(2) But any association formed under any other statute of this State or any statute adopted by authority other than the authority of this State is not a partnership under this act unless such association would have been a partnership in this State prior to the adoption of this act but this act shall apply to limited partnerships except in so far as the statutes relating to such partnerships are incinsistent herewith

Section 7 [Rules for determining the existence of a partnership] In determining whether a partnership exists these rules shall apply

(1) Except as provided by section sixteen persons who are not partners as to each other are not partners as to third persons

(2) Joint tenancy tenancy in common tenancy by the entireties joint property common property or part ownership does not of itself establish a partnership whether such co-owners do or do not share any profits made by the use of the property

(3) The sharing of gross returns does not of itself establish a partnership whether or not the persons sharing them have a joint or common right or interest in any property from which the returns are derived

(4) The receipt by a person of a share of the profits of a business is prima facie evidence that he is a partner in the business but no such inference shall be drawn if such profits were received in payment

(a) As a debt by installments or otherwise

(b) As wages of an employe or rent to a landlord

(c) As an annuity to a widow or representative of a deceased partner

(d) As interest on a loan though the amount of payment vary with the profits of the business

(e) As the consideration for the sale of the good-will of a business or other property by installments or otherwise

Section 8 [Partnership property] (1) All property originally brought into the partnership stock or subsequently acquired by purchase or otherwise on account of the partnership is partnership property

(2) Unless the contrary intention appears property acquired with partnership funds is partnership property

(3) Any estate in real property may be acquired in the partnership name Title so acquired can be conveyed only in the partnership name

(4) A conveyance to a partnership in the partnership name though without words of inheritance passes the entire estate of the grantor unless a contrary intent appears

PART III

Relations of Partners to Persons Dealing with the Partnership

Section 9 [Partner agent of partnership as to partnership business] (1) Every partner is an agent of the partnership for the purpose of its business and the act of every partner including the execution in the partnership name of any instrument for apparently carrying on in the usual way the business of the partnership of which he is a member binds the partnership unless the partner so acting has in fact no authority to act for the partnership in the particular matter and the person with whom he is dealing has knowledge of the fact that he has no such authority

(2) An act of a partner which is not apparently for the carrying on of the business of the partnership in the usual way does not bind the partnership unless authorized by the other partners

(3) Unless authorized by the other partners or unless they have abandoned the business one or more but less than all the partners have no authority to

(a) Assign the partnership property in trust for creditors or on the assignees promise to pay the debts of the partnership

(b) Dispose of the good-will of the business

(c) Do any other act which would make it impsosible to carry on the ordinary business of the partnership

(d) Confess a judgment

(e) Submit a partnership claim or liability to arbitration or reference

(4) No act of a partner in contravention of a restriction on his authority shall bind the partnership to persons having knowledge of the restriction

Section 10 [Conveyance of Real Property of the Partnership] (1) Where title to real property is in the partnership name, any partner may convey title to such property by a conveyance executed in the partnership name but the partnership may recover such property unless the partner's act binds the partnership under the provisions of paragraph (1) of section nine or unless such property has been conveyed by the grantee or a person claiming through such grantee to a holder for value without knowledge that the partner in making the conveyance has exceeded his authority

(2) Where title to real property is in the name of the partnership a conveyance executed by a partner in his own name passes the equitable interest of the partnership provided the act is one within the authority of the partner under the provisions of paragraph (1) of section nine

(3) Where title to real property is in the name of one or more but not all the partners and the record does not disclose the right of the partnership in whose name the title stands may convey title to such property but the partnership may recover such property if the partners' act does not bind the partnership under the provisions of paragraph (1) of section nine unless the purchaser or his assignee is a holder for value without knowledge

(4) Where the title to real property is in the name of one or more of all the partners or in a third person in trust for the partnership a conveyance executed by a partner in the partnership name or in his own name passes the equitable interest of the partnership provided the act is one within the authority of the partner under the provisions of paragraph (1) of section nine

(5) Where the title to real property is in the names of all the partners a conveyance executed by all the partners passes all their rights in such property

Section 11 [Partnership Bound by Admission of Partner] An admission or representation made by any partner concerning partnership affairs within the scope of his authority as conferred by this act is evidence against the partnership

Section 12 [Partnership Charged with Knowledge of or Notice to Partner] Notice to any partner of any matter relating to partnership affairs and the knowledge of the partner acting in the particular matter acquired while a partner or then present to his mind and the knowledge of any other partner who reasonably could and should have communicated it to the acting partner] operate as notice to or knowledge of the partnership except in the case of a fraud on the partnership committed by or with the consent of that partner

Section 13 [Partnership Bound by Partner's Wrongful Act] Where by any wrongful act or omission of any partner acting in the ordinary course of the business of the partnership or with the authority of his co-partners loss or injury is caused to any person not being a partner in the partnership or any penalty is incurred the partnership is liable therefore to the same extent as the partner so acting or omitting to act

Section 14 [Partnership Bound by Partner's Breach of Trust] The partnership is bound to make good the loss

(a) Where one partner acting within the scope of his apparent authority receives money or property of a third person and misapplies it and

(b) Where the partnership in the course of its business receives money or property of a third person and the money or property so received is misapplied by any partner while it is in the custody of the partnership

Section 15 [Nature of partner's liability] All partners are liable

(a) Jointly and severally for everything chargeable to the partnership under sections thirteen and fourteen

(b) Jointly for all other debts and obligations of the partnership but any partner may enter into a separate obligation to perform a partnership contract

Section 16 [Partner by Estoppel] (1) When a person by words spoken or written or by conduct represents himself or consents to another representing him to any one as a partner in an existing partnership or with one or more persons not actual partners he is liable to any such person to whom such representation has been made who has on the faith of such representation given credit to the actual or apparent partnership and if he has made such representation or consented to its being made in a public manner he is liable to such person whether the representation has or has not been made or communicated to such person so giving credit by or with the knowledge of the apparent partner making the representation or consenting to its being made

(a) When a partnership liability results he is liable as though he were an actual member of the partnership

(b) When no partnership liability results he is liable jointly with the other persons if any so consenting to the contract or representation as to incur liability otherwise separately

(2) When a person has been thus represented to be a partner in an existing partnership or with one or more persons not actual partners he is an agent of the persons consenting to such representation to bind them to the same extent and in the same manner as though he were a partner in fact with respect to persons who rely upon the representation Where all the members of the existing partnership consent to the representation a partnership act or obligation results but in all other cases it is the joint act or obligation of the person acting and the persons consenting to the representation

Secion 17 [Liability of Incoming Partner] A person admitted as a partner into an existing partnership is liable for all the obligations of the partnership arising before his admission as though he had been a partner when such obligations were incurred except that this liability shall be satisfied only out of partnership property

PART IV

Relations of Partners to One Another

Section 18 [Rules Determining Rights and Duties of Partners] The rights and duties of the partners in relation to the partnership shall be determined subject to any agreement between them by the following rules

(a) Each partner shall be repaid his contributions whether by way of capital or advances to the partnership property and share equally in the profits and surplus remaining after all liabilities including those to partners are satisfied and must contribute towards the losses whether of capital or otherwise sustained by the partnership according to his share in the profits

(b) The partnership must indemnify every partner in respect of payments made and personal liabilities reasonably incurred by him in the ordinary and proper conduct of its business or for the preservation of its business or property

(c) A partner who in aid of the partnership makes any payment or advance beyond the amount of capital which he agreed to contribute shall be paid interest from the date of the payment or advance

(d) A partner shall receive interest on the capital contributed by him only from the date when repayment should be made

(e) All partners have equal rights in the management and conduct of the partnership business

(f) No partner is entitled to remuneration for acting in the partnership business except that a surviving partner is entitled to reasonable compensation for his services in winding up the partnership affairs

(g) No person can become a member of a partnership without the consent of all the partners

(h) Any difference arising as to ordinary matters connected with the partnership business may be decided by a majority of the partners but no act in contravention of any agreement between the partners may be done rightfully without the consent of all the partners

Section 19 [Partnership Books] The partnership books shall be kept subject to any agreement between the partners at the principal place of business of the partnership and every partner shall at all times have access to and may inspect and copy any of them

Section 20 [Duty of Partners to Render Information] Partners shall render on demand true and full information of all things affecting the partnership to any partner or the legal representative of any deceased partner or partner under legal disability

Section 21 [Partner Accountable as a Fiduciary] (1) Every partner must account to the partnership for any benefit and hold as trustee for it any profits derived by him without the consent of the other partners from any transaction connected with the formation conduct or liquidation of the partnership or from any use by him of its property

(2) This section applies also to the representatives of a deceased partner engaged in the liquidation of the affairs of the partnership as the personal representatives of the last surviving partner

Section 22 [Right to an Account] Any partner shall have the right to a formal account as to partnership affairs

(a) If he is wrongfully excluded from the partnership business or possession of its property by his co-partners

(b) If the right exists under the terms of any agreement

(c) As provided by section twenty-one

(d) Whenever other circumstances render it just and reasonable

Section 23 [Continuation of Partnership Beyond Fixed Term] (1) When a partnership for a fixed term or particular undertaking is continued after the termination of such term or particular undertaking without any express agreement the rights and duties of the partners remain the same as they were at such termination so far as is consistent with a partnership at will

(2) A continuation of the business by the partners or such of them as habitually acted therein during the term without any settlement or liquidation of the partnership affairs is prima facie evidence of a continuation of the partnership

PART V

Property Rights of a Partner

Section 24 [Extent of Property Rights of a Partner] The property rights of a partner are (1) his rights in specific partnership property (2) his interest in the partnership and (3) his right to participate in the management

Section 25 [Nature of a Partners Right in Specific Partnership Property]

(1) A partner is co-owner with his partners of specific partnership property holding as a tenant in partnership

(2) The incidents of this tenancy are such that

(a) A partner subject to the provisions of this act and to any agreement between the partners has an equal right with his partners to possess specific partnership property for partnership purposes but he has no right to possess such property for any other purpose without the consent of his partners

(b) A partners right in specific partnership property is not assignable except in connection with the assignment of the rights of all the partners in the same property

(c) A partners right in specific partnership property is not subject to attchment or execution except on a claim against the partnership When partnership property is attached for a partnership debt the partners or any of them or the representatives of a deceased partner cannot claim any right under the homestead or exemption laws

(d) On the death of a partner his right is specific partnership property vests in the surviving partner or partners except where the deceased was the last surviving partner when his right in such property vests in his legal representative Such surviving partner or partners or the legal representative of the last surviving partner has no right to possess the partnership property for any but a partnership purpose

(e) A partners right in specific partnership property is not subject to dower curtesy or allowances to widows heirs or next of kin

Section 26 [Nature of Partner's Interest in the Partnership] A partner's interest in the partnership is his share of the profits and surplus and the same is personal property

Section 27 [Assignment of Partners Interest] (1) A conveyance by a partner of his interest in the partnership does not of itself dissolve the partnership nor as against the other partners in the absence of agreement entitle the assignee during the continuance of the partnership to interfere in the management or administration of the partnership business or affairs or to require any information or account of partnership transactions or to inspect the partnership books but it merely entitles the assignee to receive in accordance with his contract the profits to which the assigning partner would otherwise be entitled

(2) In case of a dissolution of the partnership the assignee is entitled to receive his assignors interest and may require an account from the date only of the last account agreed to by all the partners

Section 28 [Partners Interest Subject to Charging Order] (1) On due application to a competent court by any judgment creditor of a partner the court which entered the judgment order or decree or any other court may charge the interest of the debtor partner with payment of the unsatisfied amount of such judgment debt with interest thereon and may then or later appoint a receiver of his share of the profits and of any other money due or to fall due to him in respect of the partnership and make all other orders directions accounts and inquiries which the debtor partner might have made or which the circumstances of the case may require

(2) The interest charged may be redeemed at any time before foreclosure or in case of a sale being directed by the court may be purchased without thereby causing a dissolution

(a) With separate property by any one or more of the partners or

(b) With partnership property by any one or more of the partners with the consent of all the partners whose interests are not so charged or sold

(3) Nothing in this act shall be held to deprive a partner of his right if any under the exemption laws as regards his interest in the partnership

PART VI.

Dissolution and Winding Up.

Section 29 [Dissolution Defined] The dissolution of a partnership is the change in the relation of the partners caused by any partner ceasing to be associated in the carrying on as distinguished from the winding up of the business

Section 30 [Partnership Not Terminated by Dissolution] On dissolution the partnership is not terminated but continues until the winding up of partnership affairs is completed

Section 31 [Causes of Dissolution] Dissolution is caused

(1) Without violation of the agreement between the partners

(a) By the termination of the definite term or particular undertaking specified in the agreement

(b) By the express will of any partner when no definite term or particular undertaking is specified

(c) By the express will of all the partners who have not assigned their interests or suffered them to be charged for their separate debts either before or after the termination of any specified term or particular undertaking

(d) By the expulsion of any partner from the business bona fide in accordance with such a power conferred by the agreement between the partners

(2) In contravention of the agreement between the partners where the circumstances do not permit a dissolution under any other provision of this section by the express will of any partner at any time

(3) By any event which makes it unlawful for the business of the partnership to be carried on or for the members to carry it on in partnership

(4) By the death of any partner

(5) By the bankruptcy of any partner or the partnership

(6) By decree of court under section thirty-two

Section 32 [Dissolution by Decree of Court] (1) On application by or for a partner the court shall decree a dissolution whenever

(a) A partner has been declared a lunatic in any judicial proceeding or is shown to be of unsound mind

(b) A partner becomes in any other way incapable of performing his part of the partnership contract
(c) A partner has been guilty of such conduct as tends to affect prejudically the carrying on of the business
(d) A partner wilfully or persistently commits a breach of the partnership agreement or otherwise so conducts himself in matters relating to the partnership business that it is not reasonably practicable to carry on the business in partnership with him
(e) The business of the partnership can only be carried on at a loss
(f) Other circumstances render a dissolution equitable
(2) On the application of the purchaser of a partner's interest under sections twenty-eight or twenty-nine
(a) After the termination of the specified term or particular undertaking
(b) At any time if the partnership was a partnership at will when the interest was assigned or when the charging order was issued
Section 33 [General Effect of Dissolution on Authority of Partner] Except so far as may be necessary to wind up partnership affairs or to complete transactions begun but not then finished dissolution terminates all authority of any partner to act for the partnership
(1) With respect to the partners
(a) When the dissolution is not by the act bankruptcy or death of a partner or
(b) When the dissolution is by such act bankruptcy or death of a partner in cases where section thirty-four so requires
(2) With respect to persons not partners as declared in section thirty-five
Section 34 [Right of Partner to Contribution from Co-partners After Dissolution] Where the dissolution is caused by the act death or bankruptcy of a partner each partner is liable to his co-partners for his share of any liability created by any partner acting for the partnership as if the partnership had not been dissolved unless
(a) The dissolution being by act of any partner the partner acting for the partnership had knowledge of the dissolution or
(b) The dissolution being by the death or bankruptcy of a partner the partner acting for the partnership had knowledge or notice of the death or bankruptcy
Section 35 [Power of Partner to Bind Partnership to Third Persons After Dissolution] (1) If the partnership is not dissolved because it has become unlawful to carry on the business a partner cannot after dissolution bind the partnership to third persons by any act which is not necessary to wind up the partnership affairs or to complete transactions then unfinished unless
(a) Such third person having had relations with the partnership by which a credit was extended upon the faith of the partnership has had no knowledge or notice of the dissolution or
(b) Such third person not having had business relations with the partnership by which a credit was extended to the partnership has no knowledge or notice of the dissolution and the fact of dissolution has not been advertised in a newspaper of general circulation of the place (or of each place if more than one) at which the partnership business was regularly carried on and in the legal periodical if any designated by rule of court in such place or places for the publication of legal notices
(2) The partnership is in no case bound by the acts of a partner who has become bankrupt but this provision does not affect the liability of any person who as declared by section sixteen after bankruptcy has represented himself or consented to another's representing him to be a partner of the bankrupt
Section 36 [Effect of Dissolution on Partner's Existing Liability] (1) The dissolution of the partnership does not of itself discharge the existing liaility of any partner
(2) A partner is discharged from any existing liability upon dissolution of the partnership by an agreement to that effect between himself the partnership creditor and the person or partnership continuing the business and such agreement may be inferred from the course of dealing between the creditor having knoweldge of the dissolution and the person or partnership continuing the business
(3) Where a person agrees to assume the existing obligations of a dissolved partnership the partners whose obligations have been assumed shall be discharged from any liability to any creditor of the partnership who knowing of the agreement consents to a material alteration in the nature or time of payment of such obligations
(4) The individual property of a deceased partner shall be liable for all obligations of the partnership incurred while he was a partner but subject to the prior payment of his separate debts
Section 37 [Right to Wind Up] Unless otherwise agreed the partners who have not wrongfully dissolved the partnership or the legal representative of the last surviving partner not bankrupt has the right to wind up the partnership affairs provided however that any partner his legal representative or his assignee upon cause shown may obtain winding up by the court
Section 38 [Rights of Partners to Application of Partnership Property] (1) When dissolution is caused in any way except in contravention of the partnership agreement each partner as against his co-partners and all persons claiming through them in respect of their interests in the partnership unless otherwise agreed may have the partnership property applied to discharge its liabilities and the surplus applied to pay in cash the net amount owing to the respective partners But if dissolution is caused by expulsion of a partner bona fide under the partnership agreement and if the expelled partner is discharged from all partnership liabilities either by payment or agreement under section thirty-six (2) he shall receive in cash only the net amount due him from the partnership
(2) When dissolution is caused in contravention of the partnership agreement the rights of the partners shall be as follows
(a) Each partner who has not caused dissolution wrongfully shall have
I All the rights specified in paragraph (1) of this section and
II The right as against each partner who has caused the dissolution wrongfully to damages for breach of the agreement
(b) The partners who have not caused the dissolution wrongfully if they all desire to continue the business in the same name either by themselves or jointly with others may do so during the agreed term for the partnership and for that purpose may possess the partnership property provided they secure the payment by bond approved by the court or pay to any partner who has caused the dissolution wrongfully the value of his interest in the partnership at the dissolution less any damages recoverable under clause (2a II) of this section and in like manner indemnify him against all present or future partnership liabilities
(c) A partner who has caused the dissolution wrongfully shall have
I If the business is not continued under the provisions of paragraph (2b) all the rights of a partner under paragraph (1) subject to clause (2a II) of this section
II If the business is continued under paragraph (2b) of this section the right as against his co-partners and all claiming through them in respect of their interests in the partnership to have the value of his interest in the partnership less any damages caused to his co-partners by the dissolution ascertained and paid to him in cash or the payment secured by bond approved by the court and to be released from all existing liabilities of the partnership but in ascertaining the value of the partner's interest the value of the good-will of the business shall not be considered
Section 39 [Rights Where Partnership is Dissolved for Fraud or Misrepresentation] Where a partnership contract is rescinded on the ground of the fraud or misrepresentation of one of the parties thereto the party entitled to rescind is without prejudice to any other right entitled
(a) To a lien on or right or retention of the surplus of the partnership property after satisfying the partnership liabilities to third persons for any sum of money paid by him for the purchase of an interest in the patrnership and for any capital or advances contributed by him and
(b) To stand after all liabilities to third persons have been satisfied in the place of the creditors of the partnership for any payments made by him in respect of the partnership liabilities and
(c) To be indemnified by the person guilty of the fraud or making the representation against all debts and liabilities of the partnership
Section 40 [Rules for Distribution] In settling accounts between the partners after dissolution the following rules shall be observed subject to any agreement to the contrary
(a) The assets of the partnership are
I The partnership property
II The contributions of the partners necessary for the payment of all the liabilities specified in clause (b) of this prargraph
(b) The liabilities of the partnership shall rank in order of payment as follows
I Those owing to creditors other than partners
II Those owing to partners other than for capital and profits
III Those owing to partners in respect of capital
IV Those owing to partners in respect of profits
(c) The assets shall be applied in order of their declaration in clause (a) of this paragraph to the satisfaction of the liabilities
(d) The partners shall contribute as provided by section eighteen (a) the amount necessary to satisfy the liabilities but if any but not all of the partners are insolvent or not being subject to process refuse to contribute the other partners shall contribute their share of the liabilities and in the relative proportions in which they share the profits the additional amount necessary to pay the liabilities
(e) An assignee for the benefit of creditors or any person appointed by the court shall have the right to enforce the contributions specified in clause (d) of this pragarph
(f) Any partner or his legal representatives shall have the right to enforce the contributions specified in clause (d) of this paragraph to the extent of the amount which he has paid in excess of his share of the liability
(g) The individual property of a deceased partner shall be liable for the contributions specified in clause (d) of this paragraph
(h) When partnership property and the individual properties of the partners are in the possession of a court for distribution partnership creditors shall have priority on partnership property and separate creditors on individual property saving the rights of lien or secured creditors as heretofore
(i) Where a partner has become bankrupt or his estate is insolvent the claims against his separate property shall rank in the following order
I Those owing to separate creditors
II Those owing to partnership creditors
III Those owing to partners by way of contribution

Section 41 [Liability of Persons Continuing the Business in Certain Cases] (1) When any new partner is admitted into an existing partnership or when any partner retires and assigns (or the representative of of the deceased partner assigns) his rights in partnership property to two or more of the partners or to one or more of the partners and one or more third persons if the business is continued without liquidation of the partnership affairs creditors of the first or dissolved partnership are also creditors of the partnership so continuing the business

(2) When all but one partner retire and assign (or the representative of a deceased partner assigns) their rights in partnership property to the remaining partner who continues the business without liquidation of partnership affairs either alone or with others creditors of the dissolved partnership are also creditors of the person or partnership so continuing the business

(3) When any partner retires or dies and the business of the dissolved partnership is contiuued as set forth in paragraphs (1) and (2) of this section with the consent of the retired partners or the representative of the deceased partner but wihout any assignment of his right in partnership property rights of creditors of the dissolved partnership and of the creditors of the person or partnership continuing the business shall be as if such assignment had been made

(4) When all the partners or their representatives assign their rights in partnership property to one or more third persons who promise to pay the debts and who continue the business of the dissolved patrnership creditors of the dissolved partnership are also creditors of the person or partnership continuing the business

(5) When any partner wrongfully causes a dissolution and the remaining partners continue the business under the provisions of section thirty-eight (2b) either alone or with others and without liquidation of the partnership affairs creditors of the dissolved partnership are also creditors of the person or partnership continuing the business

(6) When a partner is expelled and the remaining partners continue the business either alone or with others without liquidation of the partnership affairs creditors of the dissolved partnership are also creditors of the person or partnership continuing the business

(7) The liability of a third person becoming a partner in the partnership continuing the business under this section to the creditors of the dissolved partnership shall be satisfied out of partnership property only

(8) When the business of a partnership after dissolution is continued under any conditions set forth in this section the creditor of the dissolved partnership as against the separate crediors of the retiring or deceased partner or the representative of the deceased partner have a prior right to any claim of the retired partner or the representative of the deceased partner against the person or parnership continuing the business on account of the retired or deceased partner's interest in the dissolved partnership or on account of any consideration promised for such interest or for his right in partnership property

(9) Nothing in this section shall be held to modify any right of creditors to set aside any assignment on the ground of fraud

(10) The use by the person or partnership continuing the business of the partnership name or the name of a deceased partner as part thereof shall not of itself make the individual property of the deceased partner liable for any debts contracted by such person or partnership

Section 42 [Rights of Retiring or Estates of Deceased Partners When the Business is Continued] When any partner retires or dies and the business is continued under any of the conditions set forth in section forty-one (one two three five six) or section thirty-eight (2b) without any settlement of accounts as between him or his estate and the person or partnership continuing the business unless otherwise agreed he or his legal representative as against such persons or partnership may have the value of his interest at the date of dissolution ascertained and shall receive as an ordinary creditor an amount equal to the value of his interest in the dissolved partnership with interest or at his option or at the option of his legal representative in lieu of interest the profits attributable to the use of his right in the property of the dissolved partnership provided that the creditors of the dissolved partnership as section as provided by section forty-one (eight) of this act against the separate creditors or the representatives of the retired or deceased partner shall have priority on any claim arising under this

Section 43 [Accrual of Actions] The right to an account of his interest shall accrue to any partner or his legal representative as against the winding up partners or the surviving partners or the persons or partnership continuing the business at the date of dissolution in the absence of any agreement to the contrary

PART VII

Miscellaneous Provisions

Section 44 [When Act Takes Effect] This act shall take effect on the first day of July one thousand nine hundred and fifteen

Section 45 [Legislation Repealed] The following acts are hereby repealed

The act approved the sixth day of April one thousand eight hundred and seventy entitled "An Act declaring that where a loan to a firm association or corporation upon the terms of receiving a share of the profits shall not constitute the party so making the loan a co-partner

The act approved the eighth day of April one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three entitled 'An Act supplementary to an act relating to executions passed the sixteenth day of June eighteen hundred and thirty-six"

Section 46 [Legislation not Affected] Nothing in this act shall be deemed to repeal any of the following acts

The act approved the sixth day of April one thousand eight hundred and thirty entitled 'An Act for the furtherance of justice between obligors and obligees and other creditors and debtors"

The first section of the act approved the fourteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred and thirty-eight entitled "An Act relating to the commencement of actions to appeals from county auditors and for other purposes"

The nineteenth section of the act approved the thirteenth day of October one thousand eight hundred and forty entitled "An Act relating to orphans' courts and for other purposes"

The third fourth and fifth sections of the act approved the eleventh day of April one thousand eight hundred and forty-eight entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act relative to the Le Raysville Phalanx' passed March Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and forty-seven and relative to obligors and obligees to secure the right of married women in relation to defalcation and to extend the boundaries of the borough of Ligonier"

The thirteenth and fourteenth sections of the act approved the fourteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred and fifty-one entitled 'An Act relating to the commencement of actions to judgments and decrees for the payment of money to widows and children of decedents to partitions in the common pleas relative to penalties on telegraph operators to pleadings in certain actions of death to actions of ejectments to the protection of fences to partnerships to limitations of writs of entry in manors lands and tenements to the exemption laws to reports of the Supreme Court to appeals relating to wards boroughs and township officers to the acknowledgments of deeds and sequestration of life estates"

The act approved the twenty-second day of March one thousand eight hundred and sixty-two entitled "An Act relating to co-partners and joint debtors"

The first section of the act approved the fifteenth day of June one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one entitled "An Act to promote industrial partnerships"

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—48.

Beidleman,	Gyger,	McKee, W. S.,	Snyder, C. A.,
Buckman,	Hackett,	McNichol,	Snyder, P. W.,
Burke,	Hilton,	Miller,	Sones,
Catlin,	Hindman,	Mills,	Sproul,
Clark,	Hoke,	Moore,	Stewart,
Croft,	Homsher,	Patton,	Thompson,
Crow,	Jenkins,	Phipps,	Tompkins,
Daix,	Kurtz,	Schantz,	Vare,
DeWitt,	Lynch,	Semmens,	Warner,
Endsley,	Magee, C. J.,	Sensenich,	Wasbers,
Farley,	Martin,	Smith, R. E.,	Kline,
Gerberich,	McConnell,	Smith, W. W.,	Pres. pro tem
Graff,			

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, with the permission of the sponser of the bill, I move that Senate Bill No. 26, on third reading, entitled:

An Act relating to roads in townships and prescribing the duties of commissioners and supervisors

be recommitted to the Committee on Public Roads and Highways.

Mr. DAIX. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 56, entitled:

An Act for the prevention of fraud and deception by prohibiting the use of added artificial coloring matter in such edible alimentary pastes as macaroni spaghetti vermicelli and noodles

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—48.

Beidleman,	Gyger,	McKee, W. S.,	Snyder, C. A.,
Buckman,	Hackett,	McNichol,	Snyder, P. W.,
Burke,	Hilton,	Miller,	Sones,
Catlin,	Hindman,	Mills,	Sproul,
Clark,	Hoke,	Moore,	Stewart,
Croft,	Homsher,	Patton,	Thompson,
Crow,	Jenkins,	Phipps,	Tompkins,
Daix,	Kurtz,	Schantz,	Vare,
DeWitt,	Lynch,	Semmens,	Warner,
Endsley,	Magee, C. J.,	Sensenich,	Wasbers,
Farley,	Martin,	Smith, R. E.,	Kline,
Gerberich,	McConnell,	Smith, W. W.,	Pres. pro tem
Graff,			

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 62, entitled:

An Act to protect the public from the unlawful use of bottles jars vessels or other packages in the sale exchange and delivery of milk and cream and their products and providing penalties for such use

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—48.

Beidleman,	Gyger,	McKee, W. S.,	Snyder, C. A.,
Buckman,	Hackett,	McNichol,	Snyder, P. W.,
Burke,	Hilton,	Miller,	Sones,
Catlin,	Hindman,	Mills,	Sproul,
Clark,	Hoke,	Moore,	Stewart,
Crow,	Homsher,	Patton,	Thompson,
Daix,	Jenkins,	Phipps,	Tompkins,
DeWitt,	Kurtz,	Schantz,	Vare,
Endsley,	Lynch,	Semmens,	Warner,
Farley,	Magee, C. J.,	Sensenich,	Wasbers,
Gerberich,	Martin,	Smith, R. E.,	Kline,
Graff,	McConnell,	Smith, W. W.,	Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILLS OVER IN ORDER.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I ask that Senate Bill No. 184 (House Bill No. 20), on third reading, entitled:

An Act authorizing cities of the third class wherein the title to the water-works therein located is in the city to extend their pipes and improvements beyond the city limits and supply water to persons corporations and municipalities within the county and regulating the supply of water

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. CROW. Mr. President, I ask that Senate Bill No. 186, (House Bill No. 108), on third reading, entitled:

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to section one article eight of the Constitution of Pennsylvania

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILL ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 197, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Trustees of the State Hospital for the Criminal Insane at Farview to cover deficiency in maintenance and equipment of said hospital

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—47.

Beidleman,	Gyger,	McKee, W. S.,	Snyder, C. A.,
Buckman,	Hackett,	McNichol,	Snyder, P. W.,
Burke,	Hilton,	Miller,	Sones,
Catlin,	Hindman,	Mills,	Sproul,
Clark,	Hoke,	Moore,	Stewart,
Crow,	Homsher,	Patton,	Thompson,
Daix,	Jenkins,	Phipps,	Tompkins,
DeWitt,	Kurtz,	Schantz,	Vare,
Endsley,	Lynch,	Semmens,	Warner,
Farley,	Magee, C. J.,	Sensenich,	Wasbers.
Gerberich,	Martin,	Smith, R. E.,	Kline,
Graff.	McConnell,	Smith, W. W.,	Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 249, entitled:

An Act to amend an act, entitled "An Act to amend an act, entitled 'An Act to amend an act, entitled "An Act to amend an act, entitled 'An Act to amend an act, entitled "An Act authorizing companies incorporated under the laws of any other State of the United States for the manufacture of any form of iron, steel or glass, to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments, and to take, have and hold real estate necessary and proper for manufacturing purposes," approved the 9th day of June, A. D. 1881, extending the same to companies formed for the purpose of quarrying slate, granite, stone or rocks, or for dressing, polishing, working or manufacturing the same, or any of them, and to mineral springs companies incorporated for the purpose of bottling and selling natural mineral springwater, approved the 16th day of June, A. D. 1893,' approved the 19th day of April, A. D. 1901, extending the same to companies formed for the purposes of manufacturing and selling chemicals, food stuffs, cement, and cement products, and the quarrying of cement rock," approved May 28, 1907; extending the same to companies incorporated for the manufacture, buying, selling, leasing, using and operation of electrical apparatus and machinery, and articles of every kind appertaining to or in any wise connected with the production, use, regulation, control, distribution or application of electricity or electrical energy or products for any use or purpose; constructing, acquring, using, selling, buying or leasing any works construction or plant, or part thereof, connected with or involving such use, distribution, regulation, control or application of electricity, or the control or use of electrical apparatus for any purpose; and of producing, furnishing and supplying electricity or electrical apparatus in any form and for any purpose, and to carry on a general manufacturing business,'" approved the 23d day of June, 1911, by extending the same to companies incorporated for the purpose of refining, manufacturing or sale of petroleum and petroleum products.

And said bill having been read at length the third time,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill?

Mr. CROW. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to amend section 1, in line 21, by striking out "teding" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "tending."

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading as amended?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended be printed for the use of the Senate.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 250, entitled:

An Act to give additional protection to the fish in the waters within the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania prohibiting the fishing for or capture or killing of such fish by unnaturalized foreign-born residents and prescribing penalties for violation of its provisions

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—26.

Buckman,	Hoke,	Patton,	Snyder, P. W.,
Daix,	Lynch,	Phipps,	Sones,
Endsley,	Magee, C. J.,	Semmens,	Sproul,
Gerberich,	McKee, W. S.,	Sensenich,	Stewart,
Graff,	McNichol,	Smith, R. E.,	Warner,
Hackett,	Miller,	Smith, W. W.,	Wasbers,
Hindman,	Moore,		

NAYS—11.

Beidleman,	Hilton,	McConnell,	Tompkins,
Catlin,	Jenkins,	Schantz,	Kline,
Clark,	Kurtz,	Snyder, C. A.,	Pres. pro tem

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative,

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 266 (House No. 213) entitled:

An Act validating certain ordinances of cities and boroughs and the contracts or payments made in pursuance thereof

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—47.

Beidleman,	Gyger,	McKee, W. S.,	Snyder, C. A.,
Buckman,	Hackett,	McNichol,	Snyder, P. W.,
Burke,	Hilton,	Miller,	Sones,
Catlin,	Hindman,	Mills,	Sproul,
Clark,	Hoke,	Moore,	Stewart,
Crow,	Homsher,	Patton,	Thompson,
Daix,	Jenkins,	Phipps,	Tompkins,
DeWitt,	Kurtz,	Schantz,	Vare,
Endsley,	Lynch,	Semmens,	Warner,
Farley,	Magee, C. J.,	Sensenich,	Wasbers,
Gerberich,	Martin,	Smith, R. E.,	Kline,
Graff,	McConnell,	Smith, W. W.,	Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 280, entitled:

An Act declaring valid certain municipal liens filed for grading paving macadamizing or otherwise improving public streets or parts thereof by the several boroughs under an act approved the twelfth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act empowering boroughs of this Commonwealth without petition of the property owners to grade pave curb macadamize and otherwise improve public streets or parts thereof and assess a portion of the cost of the same on the owners of property abutting thereon and providing for the collection of the same" and authorizing the amendment of the claims in certain particulars

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—47.

Beidleman,	Gyger,	McKee, W. S.,	Snyder, C. A.,
Buckman,	Hackett,	McNichol,	Snyder, P. W.,
Burke,	Hilton,	Miller,	Sones,
Catlin,	Hindman,	Mills,	Sproul,
Clark,	Hoke,	Moore,	Stewart,
Crow,	Homsher,	Patton,	Thompson,
Daix,	Jenkins,	Phipps,	Tompkins,
DeWitt,	Kurtz,	Schantz,	Vare,
Endsley,	Lynch,	Semmens,	Warner,
Farley,	Magee, C. J.,	Sensenich,	Wasbers,
Gerberich,	Martin,	Smith, R. E.,	Kline,
Graff,	McConnell,	Smith, W. W.,	Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 291, as follows:

An Act to protect the public health and welfare by regulating the employment of females in hotels boarding houses and restaurants with respect to their hours of labor and the conditions of their employment by establishing certain sanitary regulations in which they work by requiring certain notices to be posted by providing for the enforcement of this act by the Commissioner of Labor and Industry and others and prescribing penalties for violation thereof and by repealing all acts and parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions thereof

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That no female shall be employed or permitted to work in or in connection with any hotel boarding house or restaurant more than sixty-three hours in any one week or more than ten hours in any one day The term "week" when used in this act shall mean any seven consecutive days and the term "day" shall mean any twenty-four consecutive hours

Section 2 No female under eighteen years of age shall be employed or permitted to work in or in connection with any hotel boarding house or restaurant before the hour of six o'clock in the morning or after the hour of nine o'clock in the evening of any day

Section 3 No female shall be employed or permitted to work for more than six hours continuously in or in connection with any hotel boarding house or restaurant without an interval of at least forty-five minutes and no period of less than forty-five minutes shall be deemed to interrupt a continuous period of work Provided That whenever any female shall be employed or permitted to work in or in connection with any hotel boarding house or restaurant for less than eight hours in any one day the interval between working periods may be reduced to not less than thirty minutes

Section 4 Every person employing or permitting females to work in any hotel boarding house or restaurant shall provide suitable wash and dressing rooms and water closets or privies for their use so located as to be accessible to such females In any hotel boarding house or restaurant in which males and females shall be employed or permitted to work separate wash and dressing-rooms and water-closets or privies shall be provided for each sex and such wash and dressing-rooms and water-closets or privies shall be entirely separate from those provided for the other sex All water-closets or privies shall be properly lighted and shall be separated from the rooms in which employes shall be permitted to work by partitions extending from floor to ceiling and the compartments containing such water-closets or privies shall have sufficient direct outside ventilation by window or other means All water-closets or privies shall at all times be kept clean sanitary and free from obscene writing or marking

Section 5 Every person employing or permitting any female to work in any hotel boarding house or restaurant shall keep posted in a conspicuous place a printed abstract of the provisions of this act and a schedule of the hours of labor of such female

Section 6 No person shall hinder or delay the Commissioner of Labor and Industry or any of his deputies in the performance of his duties in the enforcement of this act or refuse to admit or lock out any inspector from any place while females are employed therein and which said inspector shall be authorized to inspect or refuse to give any inspector information required for the proper enforcement of this act

Section 7 It shall be the duty of the Commissioner of Labor and Industry and his deputies to enforce all the provisions of this act They shall visit and inspect hotels boarding houses and restaurants and shall have power at any reasonable time to visit and inspect any hotel boarding house or restaurant in or in connection with which any female shall be employed or permitted to work They shall investigate all complaints of violations of this act received by them and shall institute prosecutions for violations of the provisions thereof

Section 8 All prosecutions for violations of this act shall be instituted by the Commissioner of Labor and Industry or his deputy before a magistrate alderman or justice of the peace who shall issue a summons commanding the person charged with the violation of the act to appear within not less than five nor more than eight days Upon conviction after hearing the penalties in this act shall be imposed and shall be final unless an appeal be taken to the court of proper jurisdiction within twenty days after the imposition of the penalties aforesaid in the manner already provided by law in appeals from penalties

Section 9 Any person who whether by himself or for another or through an agent servant or foreman shall violate any provision of this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor

Upon conviction for a wilful violation of any provision of this act he shall be punished for the first offense by a fine of not less than ten dollars or more than fifty dollars for a second or subsequent offense by a fine of not less than twenty-five dollars or more than one hundred dollars at the discretion of the court and whenever any person shall have been notified by the Commissioner of Labor and Industry or his deputy or by the service of a summons in a prosecution that he is violating such provision he shall be punished by like penalties in addition for each and every day that such violation shall have continued after such notification

Section 10 All fines imposed and collected for any violation of this act shall be forwarded to the Commissioner of Labor and Industry who shall pay the same into the office of the State Treasurer for the use of the Commonwealth

Section 11 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the third time,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill?

Mr. JENKINS. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to amend section 9, in line 3, by inserting, after the word, "misdemeanor" and before the word "Upon" in line 4, the following: "Section 10. Provided that nothing in this Act shall prevent any, or there be more than one, all the proprietors, owners or managers of any hotel, boarding-house or restaurant, from availing himself, herself, or themselves of the employment, services and help therein of any female member of his, her or their family or household, without any limitation whatever as to the hours of the day and the length of time named in this act or any other act," and by renumbering section 10 thereof to read "Section 11."

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection?

Mr. HACKETT. Mr. President, I am advised by counsel that the amendment is unconstitutional, being class legislation.

The PRESIDENT. Does the Senator wish to object?

Mr. HACKETT. Mr. President, I do.

The PRESIDENT. The Chair hears objection.

And the question recurring,

Will the Senate agree to the bill?

Mr. JENKINS. Mr. President, this act now before the Senate is very comprehensive in its scope. The amendment that I proposed to offer was one that is somewhat liberalizing the act. The act in its second section prohibits any female under eighteen years of age from being employed or being permitted to be employed, either for pay or compensation, or without pay, in any hotel, boarding house or restaurant before the hour of six and after the hour of nine. Now there are tens of thousands of little restaurants in the State of Pennsylvania that are affected by this act, where the proprietor of the restaurant after the hour of nine is aided by some female member of his household under the age of eighteen and a daughter or a sister or a niece or some relative who would be stopped from that service by this section of this act. For instance, if we go to the movies and come out at nine o'clock and go into a restaurant in my own district on Germantown Avenue five minutes after nine in the evening and ask for ice cream and sponge cake, and the seventeen-year-old daughter of the proprietor attempts to serve you that proprietor violates the provisions of this act and is liable to a fine. In all the villages of this great Commonwealth there are numberless little restaurants of that kind that come within the inquisitorial persecuting scope of this act, and the same way with reference to boarding houses. The folly of attempting to regulate a little boarding house that has one star boarder in the little front hall room, whose landlady is a widow aided by one female, a member of the family, under eighteen being prohibited from doing anything after nine o'clock, shows the folly of attempting to regulate a little boarding house by the same act that regulates a palace hotel. It is like the act of 1913, July 25, the factory act, which regulates an insignificant place of employment by the same act that regulates five hundred female operatives in a mill.

Now, something has been said about unconstitutionality. I respectfully submit there is nothing unconstitutional about the amendment I have offered here and which was ruled out. The proposed amendment was not class legislation because these two matters, the lodging houses and little restaurant are altogether in a different class from a hotel. Common sense recognizes that classification, and the law, which is the perfection of reason, recognizes that classification. Now, I do not want to say anything that can be construed into an idea that I am opposed to people getting high wages for few hours employment. I am entirely willing that anyone should be paid as high wages as possible, but I do not believe that the way to increase wages is to shorten the hours of employment or to prohibit certain hours for labor. We cannot juggle with the laws of trade in that way. Temporarily such a measure might increase the wages, but permanently they will seek their own level. Now the Romans said, "The Gods sell all things at a fair price." That was true in the year A. D. 1, and it is true to-day; and we cannot by juggling the hours of labor increase the earnings of the employee. I heartily wish the employee success, but warn him that the passage of such bills as this will not attain that end. He cannot drive too hard a bargain because it will react on him sooner or later in some indirect way it will come back and be a failure. We cannot come here and legislate something for nothing; we cannot by law give a man a good bargain that is going to stand good any more than we can legislate the north star out of place or the sun into darkness. Now this act affects every boarding house. I want to raise an humble appeal here in behalf of the persecuted boarding house. What Senator has not been some time or other an inmate of a boarding house? If there be such an one he is to be pitied. We first pity, then endure and then embrace. Every man sooner or later has fled to it for refuge. Many a time she has ministered to our comfort and the landlady's niece or daughter under eighteen is entitled to consideration. Now gentlemen, in all seriousness, the boarding house industry is an important industry. In New England, in New York, in the summer months, it is an abundant source of revenue to the citizens of those states, and in the summer months to the boarding houses in the Poconos in the mountain resorts, and it is an industry affected by this act, and disastrously affected. Now I do not find in Commissioner Jackson's book, which is a compilation of industries of Pennsylvania, any list of boarding houses, but if they come within the industries of the state and come wthin the purview of this act as they do sooner or later the commissioner will have to get out a directory to cover the boarding houses of Pennsylvania. Dr. Eliot, of Harvard, has a celebrated five-foot shelf that contains the classics of the world. Take them off the shelf and you could fill it with the directory of the boarding houses of Pennsylvania and those books would be more celebrated than Dr. Eliot's classics.

Now this act, as I say, if passed as it is, is incapable of enforcement. What is the result? Regulate these petty restaurants, these one-horse affairs, these household concerns and boarding houses as they should be regulated, as the act contemplates, on the same scale as the palace hotel, we shall have to increase our inspectors in the department of labor and industry. How many hundred additional inspectors will be needed at $1500 per annum and expenses? You cannot enforce the act. The act of July, 1913, is already breaking down for that very reason, because it is too wide in scope and impossible of enforcement. The act of July, 1913, it has been openly charged is violated by university heads in this state and I know that it is being violated by at least one thousand lawyers in Philadelphia who employ female stenographers, so that I say this act is impossible of enforcement.

Now it is a courious thing to me that the present day legislation is against industry and I think it should be the reverse, I think it should be in the contrary direction, that it should favor industry, and encourage business and the manufacturer. To quote from Dr. Watts, who composed that little poem that we learned at the knee of our mothers; "How doth the little busy bee improve each shining hour?" If Dr. Watts were to write that poem to-day he would say, "Each shining hour by virtue and consent of the legislature of Pennsylvania between eight in the morning and four in the afternoon." And I would like to say also that I am in favor of as little work as possible, but these legislatures in shortening the hours of labor, with all due respect, I want to say do not take knowledge of the facts of life. Work is the eternal law of life. We have got to work in this struggle of existence in which we find ourselves. It is as true to-day as in the days of Solomen, that we must consider the ways of the ant, and not consider those ways in certain limited hours but all the time. The men whose pictures are on the walls of our households, are in the adorned public places, fill the books in the libraries, the men whom we honor, were not eight-hour a day men, they were not ten-hour a day men, they were, most of them, fourteen hours a day men, and the women who helped them who were their true and loyal helpmates, the mothers of the present generation, they were not any eight-hour women or ten-hour women, but their work lasted from sunrise to beyond the setting of the sun. Now, our records are filled with appeals to the Senators in various ways to make the State of Pennsylvania great and glorious. The State of Pennsylvania has never been made great and

glorious at eight hours a day and ten hours a day men and women. Work is the law of man, work is the law of salvation. That father of the Church in the middle ages who said, "laborare est orare," to labor is to pray, knew that work was sanitary, health and holiness.

Now I say this act cannot be enforced. You should all vote against this act in its present form. Any man who is interested in protecting the small restaurant keepers of a village or a town, any man who is interested in the taxpayer, who desires to check any increase of inquisitorial inspectors who are to visit these lodging houses should vote against this act.

Fellow Senators, in the bill of indictment that our ancestors drew up against George III, one of the counts was that he created innumerable offices and filled them with people who fattened on the substance of the citizens, and government by a bureau with inquisitorial inspectors can be just as tyrannical as a government by a monarchy or oligarchy. Then there is a third class of people who should vote against this bill as it stands, that is the class of people who want to give the young woman a chance to work. These young women who are forbidden to work either for or without compensation and do not desire to be idle, they want to be employed. If we prohibit them from obtaining employment the industrious among them, of course, find some other employment, many of them will be in enforced idleness and others between the ages of sixteen and eighteen after the hour of nine will be put on the streets and that is no benefit to them and for that reason, my fellow Senators, I urge you in its present form to defeat this bill.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I will not take up the question as to whether this bill is unconstitutional or not, but I think the Senator from Philadelphia has read this bill in a manner that has been misleading to himself. As I understand the provisions of this act it is enlarging the scope of the act of 1913, known as the "Woman's Bill" in which there are fifty-four hours under that provision, and this bill as I understand it, increases for the reasons and convenience of the employment of just such persons as he refers to sixty-three hours. Now this is the construction placed upon it by men who are in the business, both as to the small shopkeepers and the small boarding houses and large hotels as they arrived at an adjustment that enlarges the scope of employment from fifty-four hours to sixty-three, distrbuted over the conditions and hours of the day such as described in this bill. If he gets any other deduction from this act, I would like to know as to whether it is not true that it is an enlargement of the hours of employment.

Mr. JENKINS. Mr. President, it is an enlargement of the hours of employment but it is more drastic as to lodging houses and restaurants than the act of 1913 because it prohibits employment after nine o'clock whether it be voluntary or not. Employment after nine o'clock in the act of 1913 is permitted if it is not for compensation, but if it is voluntary in the lodging houses after nine o'clock it is prohibited by this act now introduced.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, the reason for this bill being drastic in its form is simply because the employers of labor today both in hotels and other walks in life are trying to conform to the act of 1913, and to the ideas of the Commissioner of Labor who will not permit any annulment or amendment taking out the drastic treatment of these bills and in that I think he is wise because it is necessary that we have at least a longer period than two years for an experiment under those conditions. It is true, as the Senator from Philadelphia has said, there are quite a lot of things which can be improved upon, but there are objections to all new legislation until fully tried out, and the objections rectified by proper and close investigation. This is something that is satisfactory to men who have been for the last two years interfered with in the proper regulation of an industry that is necessary for the comfort of the traveling public of the State of Pennsylvania, and I trust that the bill will pass as the best outcome of the sort of conditions for the last two years existing in this State and at the next session of the Senate there can be possibly with the aid of the Senator and others of us some of the more drastic features of this whole labor proposition taken up after being properly considered for the next two years. I can see nothing objectionable to this bill except to the men who have been almost driven to the point of desperation in the last two years to try and make something out of this law that will at least give them some comfort and peace.

Mr. JENKINS. Mr. President, I heartily agree with the Senator from Philadelphia, Mr. McNichol. The aim of the hotel men to secure greater freedom in the conduct of their business, but I think they have made an error in dragging into this bill the lodging houses and the restaurants because as to them this bill is really more drastic and severe than the act of 1913. Pennsylvania is not the only State concerned in this kind of legislation. In 1911 the State of California passed a factory act covering numerous industries and omitting lodging houses. The question arose in that State and was taken to the Supreme Court of California and went up to the Supreme Court of the United States. The question involved was that it was an unreasonable discrimination to omit lodging houses and the Supreme Court of the United States in an opinion reported on Friday of last week in the Legal Intelligencer, which as the Senator knows, is the oldest Law Journal of the United States and the authority in this State; in an opinion reported last Friday in the Legal Intelligencer, Justice Hughes of the Supreme Court delivering the opinion said it was not an unreasonable discrimination to omit a lodging house from an act imposing limitations and regulations upon hotels. If these gentlemen interested in this act, the spirit of which I approve, omit lodging houses and restaurants, which are now brought under more drastic government than under the act of 1913, this bill would have had my unqualified support. As it is I am opposed to it because it puts a penalty which I have endeavored to point out upon these matters, lodging houses and restaurants, in a more drastic way than the act of 1913, and without being a prophet, I am sure that the act of 1913, sooner or later, will be amended by the Legislature of the State of Pennsylvania because I think it must be.

Mr. CHARLES A. SNYDER. Mr. President, not to delay the proceedings of the Senate, but I feel very much relieved at the new voice, or rather the voice from a new district. At the last session of the Legislature, when this bill was before the Senate, the protest came from the vicinity and locality. I believe, which the gentleman now represents against the kind of legislation that the radical Senate then proposed to enact, and the chief objection to those bills at the time was that this Senate was in favor of the oppression of women, and so on, and all the uplift newspapers in the state got their support and confirmation from the aristocratic circles of Philadelphia. This morning I wish to congratulate the gentleman that he has come to us with his uplifting hand to smite the voice and the weapons that were used heretofore in the uplifting or so-called uplifting bills that were unmaking Pensylvania. I am glad that he has joined the conservative and the same procedure that the Senate of Pennsylvania has always stood for, and I see a new era for the manufacturing and industrial people of the State of Pennsylvania. I simply wish to thank the gentleman and to voice the thanks of the Senators that were put in the position of upholding oppression and tyranny in the State of Pennsylvania, and I now feel that the newspapers and the champions of the heretofore Senate that was reported throughout this State as being against women and children that we now have a voice from this aristocratic district who has seen the light and therefore I am glad that we can all follow the lead in that light.

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, I see a very real objection and injustice in the conditions which are brought out by the Senator from the Germantown district. I would like to interrogate the Senator from Philadelphia, Mr. McNichol.

The PRESIDENT. Will the Senator from Philadelphia, Mr. McNichol, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I will.

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, is there any real objection to taking out the word "voluntary" in the bill and leaving voluntary employment out of it.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I have no objection to any feature of the bill that would conform to the regulations of the Department of Labor, but I cannot see any use to us agreeing to taking anything out of the bill that does not comply with that requirement.

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, the regulation of a bureau of labor would be founded upon the law if we left the vol-

untary employment out of the bill. The regulations of employment would not conflict.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, that is a question which I think the lawyers ought to answer and not being a lawyer I would not like to agree to anything that would destroy the validity of the bill. If the lawyers say that it will not interfere with the constitutionality of the act I have no objection to taking it out.

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. President, I would like to interrogate the Senator from Philadelphia, Mr. Jenkins.

The PRESIDENT. Will the Senator from Philadelphia, Mr. Jenkins, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. JENKINS. Mr. President, I will with pleasure.

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. President, I desire to ask the Senator from Philadelphia, Mr. Jenkins, if he reads anything in the act of 1913 limiting females to be employed in boarding houses, except section 3, clause 1, which reads as follows: "No female shall be employed or permitted to work for more than six hours continuously in or in connection with any hotel, boarding house or restaurant without an interval of at least forty-five minutes, and no period of less than forty-five minutes shall be deemed to interrupt a continuous period of work," and the proviso in the same section which is as follows, "Provided that whenever any female shall be employed or permitted to work in or in connection with any hotel or boarding house or restaurant for less than eight hours in any one day, the interval between working periods may be reduced to not less than thirty minutes.

Mr. JENKINS. Mr. President, I say yes to the Senator from Dauphin, Mr. Beidleman. Any female operations in any household or restaurant or lodging house, hotels or factories are all included in the definition of the word establishment. In the first section of the act, Establishment by that act is defined to be any place in which a woman is employed for financial or any other compensation. That makes a lawyer's office, a physician's office, a university dean's office, every place in which a female stenographer is employed, come within the limits of that act and subject to that provision.

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. President, do you not think it was the intentment of the Legislature that the lawyers and physicians should be in the same class as other people? Why should we be in a preferred class and be allowed to work our stenographers any longer than any one else?

Mr. JENKINS. Mr. President, because there should be a classification arising out of necessity. As I have said, the California bill attempted to govern a mill in which there were five hundred female operatives by the same law by which you govern a lawyer's office, or a lodging house. It was appealed to the Supreme Court of the United States and their decision is reported in the Legal Intelligencer, with which you are familiar. As to the constitutionality I had intended to limit this act by further amendment, had it been received, so as not to apply to any place or lodging house or restaurant in which ten or a lesser number of girls are employed, or any number that the Senate might see fit because the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania, by decision in 171 Pennsylvania State in reference to the Anthracite Coal Mines Act, which said it shall not apply to places where less than ten are employed, has said that such a restriction is unconstitutional. I do not think there was anything in the amendment that has now gone overboard that would have rendered the act unconstitutional. I desire to help hotel employers but I do not think they should drag in these other industries. I wish this act could be referred back to Committee so that the points I have raised could be considered.

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. President, I also would like to interrogate the Senator from Delaware, Mr. Sproul.

The PRESIDENT. Will the Senator from Delaware, Mr. Sproul, allow himself to be interrogated.

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, I will.

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. President, I would like to ask the Senator if inserting the word "voluntary" in this act as suggested by the Senator from Delaware would not negative the purpose of the act? Whether it has not been his experience that when you come down to the question of employment the inserting of the word "voluntary" brings the person within the meaning of the act because he would have to do something voluntarily or lose his position.

Mr. JENKINS. Mr. President, I cannot answer that. My attention was not called to this act until last Saturday night. I was not familiar with the act of 1913 at all. I say that unblushingly, because it does not impute any lack of ability in a lawyer to say that he is not familiar with the acts of 1913, because there were eight hundred and fifty acts.

And the question recurring,

Will the Senate agree to the bill?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. President, in the light of this discussion which has arisen in the Senate this morning, on a question which none of the Senators seems to be versed upon, I move that the question, together with the further consideration of the bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I heartily coincide with the motion and I think that my decision has been arrived at by the very able manner which the Senator from Philadelphia has pleaded his cause and the only thing I see in the question is that if the lawyers are unable to agree upon the constitutionality of the suggested amendment, that the postponement should take place until we get a decision from both sides as to whether we can comply with the Senator's request. I think that the district that has been referred to by Senator Snyder should be congratulated in sending such an able representative to the Senate.

And the question recurring,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 300, entitled:

An Act to validate appraisements and titles made and effected to surviving husbands and wives by virtue of an act entitled "An Act to amend section one of an act entitled 'An Act relating to the descent and distribution of the estates of intestates' passed and approved April eighth one thousand eight hundred thirty-three defining and declaring the interest that shall descend to and vest in the surviving husband or wife of such intestate" approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine Pamphlet Laws eighty-seven

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—45.

Beidleman,	Gyger,	McNichol,	**Snyder, C. A.,**
Buckman,	Hackett,	Miller,	Snyder, P. W.,
Burke,	Hilton,	Mills.	Sones,
Catlin,	Hindman,	Moore,	Sproul,
Clark,	Hoke,	Patton,	Stewart,
Crow,	Jenkins,	Phipps,	**Tompkins,**
Daix,	Kurtz,	Schantz,	Vare,
DeWitt,	Lynch,	Semmens,	Warner,
Endsley,	Magee, C. J.,	Sensenich,	Wasbers,
Farley,	Martin,	Smith, R. E.,	Kline,
Gerberich,	McConnell,	Smith, W. W.,	**Pres. pro tem.**
Graff,	McKee, W. S.,		

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 305, entitled:

An Act relating to appeals from the reports of auditors of boroughs townships and poor districts

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—45.

Beidleman,	Gyger,	McKee, W. S.,	Smith, W. W.,
Buckman,	Hackett,	McNichol,	Snyder, C. A.,
Burke,	Hilton,	Miller,	Snyder, P. W.,
Catlin,	Hindman,	Mills,	Sones,
Clark,	Hoke,	Moore,	Sproul,
Crow,	Jenkins,	Patton,	Stewart,
Daix,	Kurtz,	Phipps,	Tompkins,
DeWitt,	Lynch,	Schantz,	Vare,
Endsley,	Magee, C. J.,	Semmens,	Warner,
Farley,	Martin,	Sensenich,	Wasbers,
Gerberich,	McConnell,	Smith, R. E.,	Kline,
Graff,			Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILL OVER IN ORDER.

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, I ask that Senate Bill No. 330 (House Bill No. 17), on third reading, entitled:

An Act to provide for an additional law judge of the several courts of twelfth judicial district

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILL ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 338, entitled:

An Act requiring and regulating the declaring and posting of the vote at election districts at a primary election

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—43.

Beidleman,	Graff,	McNichol,	Snyder, C. A.,
Buckman,	Gyger,	Miller,	Snyder, P. W.,
Burke,	Hackett,	Mills,	Sones,
Catlin,	Hoke,	Moore,	Sproul,
Clark,	Jenkins,	Patton,	Stewart,
Crow,	Kurtz,	Phipps,	Tompkins,
Daix,	Lynch,	Schantz,	Vare,
DeWitt,	Magee, C. J.,	Semmens,	Warner,
Endsley,	Martin,	Sensenich,	Wasbers,
Farley,	McConnell,	Smith, R. E.,	Kline,
Gerberich,	McKee, W. S.,	Smith, W. W.,	Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

COMMUNICATIONS FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Private Secretary to the Governor being introduced presented communications in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which were laid upon the table.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 141, entitled:

An Act to regulate the practice of optometry in Pennsylvania defining optometry and relating to the right to practice optometry in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and making certain exceptions and providing a Bureau of Optometrical Education Examination and Licensure as a bureau of the Department of Public Instruction and means and methods whereby the right to practice optometry may be obtained and providing for the means to carry out the provisions of this act and providing for revocation or suspension of licenses given by said bureau and providing penalties for violations thereof and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent therewith

The first section of the bill was read as follows and agreed to:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the practice of optometry is hereby defined to be the employment of any means other than the use of drugs for the measurement of the powers of vision and the adaptation of lenses for the correction and aid of the vision of human beings

The second section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 2 That on and after January one one thousand nine hundred sixteen it shall not be lawful for any person in this Commonwealth to engage in the practice of optometry or to hold himself out as a practitioner of optometry or to attempt to determine by an examination of the eyes the kind of glasses needed by any person or to hold himself out as a licensed optometrist when not so licensed or to hold himself out as able to examine the eyes of any person for the purpose of fitting the same with glasses excepting those hereinafter exempted unless he has first fulfilled the requirements of this act and has received a certificate of licensure from the bureau of optometrical education examination and licensure created by this act nor shall it be lawful for any person in this Commonwealth to represent that he is the lawful holder of a certificate of licensure such as is provided for in this act when in fact he is not such lawful holder or to impersonate any licensed practitioner of optometry or to fail to deliver the certificate provided for in section six of this act

Any person violating the provisions of this section shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and shall upon conviction be subject upon first offence to a fine of not more than five hundred dollars or imprisonment for not more than six months in the county prison or both or either at the discretion of the court and upon conviction on second or later offence shall be subject to a fine of not less than five hundred dollars nor more than one thousand dollars and imprisonment for not less than six months nor more than one year at the discretion of the court

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the Section?

Mr. DAIX. Mr. President, I move to amend Section 2, in line 1, by striking out the word "one" where it first occurs, and inserting lieu thereof the word "first."

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The third and fourth sections of the bill were read as follows and agreed to:

Section 3 For the purpose of carrying out and enforcing the provisions of this act there shall be established in this Commonwealth a bureau of the Department of Public Instruction which shall be known as the bureau of optometrical education examination and licensure of the Department of Public Instruction of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania The said bureau shall consist of seven members one of whom the Superintendent of Public Instruction shall be ex-officio a member thereof the six remaining members shall be appointed by the Governor of the Commonwealth on or before September first nineteen hundred and fifteen Each member shall receive a certificate of his appointment signed by the Governor and attested by the Secretary of the Commonwealth Only optometrists citizens of this Commonwealth who possess the requisite qualifications to practice optometry under this act and who shall have been so practicing in this State during the five years next previous to their appointment shall be eligible to appointment The appointment of members of said bureau shall be made from the list of members of the optical society of the State of Pennsylvania submitted to the Governor by the executive committee of said society and future appointments from a similar list submitted annually by said committee Two members of the bureau first appointed under this act shall serve for one year two for two years and two for three years after which the successor of each member shall be appointed for a term of three years but no member of said bureau shall be a member of the faculty of any undergraduate school or college teaching optometry The first appointees shall by virtue of such appointment receive certificates of licensure without examination The Governor shall by appointment fill all vacancies caused by death resignation or otherwise and may remove any member of said bureau for continued neglect of his duties in connection therewith or for any unprofessional or dishonorable conduct but only upon due proof of such neglect or unprofessional or dishonorable conduct and after an opportunity has been given such member for a hearing Appointments

to fill vacancies occurring through death resignation or otherwise shall be for the unexpired term of the deceased or retiring member

Section 4 Said bureau shall effect its organization immediately after the appointment of its members by the Governor by holding a meeting at which it shall elect from its membership a president and a secretary who shall also be treasurer It shall have authority to make rules and regulations not inconsistent with the laws of this Commonwealth for the transaction of its business and for the registration of all optometrists of this Commonwealth and for conducting examinations of applicants Said rules shall be printed in pamphlet form for public distribution and may be published in such newspapers in Philadelphia Pittsburgh and Harrisburg as may be designated by the bureau Five members shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of all business except for the consideration of the revocation or suspension of a certificate of licensure or the refusal to grant a certificate of licensure or the determination of the fitness of any college to render eligible its graduates for licensure when the unanimous consent of all seven members shall be necessary Said bureau shall meet at least twice a year at Harrisburg Any member may administer oaths and take testimony when appointed so to do by the bureau The appointed members shall receive compensation at the rate of ten dollars per day and necessary expenses for each day actually devoted to the work of the bureau and the Superintendent of Public Instruction shall receive two hundred and fifty dollars per annum as compensation for his services as a member of the bureau

The fifth section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 5 Every person desiring to commence the practice of optometry or if now in practice to continue the practice thereof after January first one thousand nine hundred and sixteen except as herein otherwise provided shall take the examination provided in this act and satisfy the other requirements hereof as herein provided Any person who has been engaged in the practice of optometry in this Commonwealth for two full years prior to the passage of this act or for one year in this and for the year preceding it in another state and is of good character shall be entitled to take a limited examination covering the following matters only

(a) The limitations of the sphere of optometry
(b) The necessary scientific instruments used
(c) The form and power of lenses used
(d) A correct method of measuring presbyopia hypermetropia myopia and astigmatism
(e) The writing of formulas or prescriptions for the adaptation of lenses in aid of vision

Any person over the age of twenty-one years of good moral character who has had a preliminary education equivalent to two years of the course of a high school whose standard is approved by the Department of Public Instruction which preliminary education shall be ascertained by examination or by acceptable certificate as to credits for work done in such a proved institution and has graduated from a school of optometry approved by said bureau which maintains a course in optometry of not less than two years and has afterwards studied optometry for at least one year in a licensed optometrist's office shall be entitled to take a standard examination Said standard examination shall consist of tests in practical theoretical and physiological optics in theoretical and practical optometry and in the anatomy and physiology of the eye and in pathology as applied to optometry Provided however that any person not less than twenty-one years of age who is actually engaged in the practice of optometry at the time of the passage of this act shall be entitled to take the standard examination merely upon proof to the bureau that he is of good moral character and is not addicted to the intemperate use of alcohol or narcotic drugs

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. DAIX. Mr. President, I move to amend section 5, in line 24, by striking out the words "a proved" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "approved."

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The sixth, seventh, eighth and ninth sections of the bill were read as follows and agreed to:

Section 6 Every person desiring to be licensed as in this act provided shall file with the secretary of said bureau upon appropriate blank to be furnished by said secretary an application verified by oath setting forth the facts which entitle the applicant to examination and licensure under the provisions of this act The said bureau shall hold at least two examinations each year In case of failure at any standard examination the applicant after the expiration of six months and within two years shall have the privilege of a second examination by the bureau without the payment of an additional fee In case of failure at any limited examination the applicant shall have the privilege of continuing the practice of optometry and of taking a second and third examination without the payment of an additional fee But in the event of his failing to pass the examination on or before January first one thousand nine hundred and seventeen he shall thereafter cease to practice optometry in this Commonwealth Every applicant who shall pass the standard examination or the limited examination as the case may be and who shall otherwise comply with the provisions of this act shall receive from the said bureau under its seal a certificate of licensure entitling him to practice optometry in this Commonwealth which certificate shall be duly registered in the office of the Superintendent of Public Instruction of this Commonwealth in a record book to be properly kept for that purpose which shall be open to public inspection and a duly certified copy of said record shall be received as evidence in all courts of this Commonwealth in the trial of any case Each person to whom a certificate shall be issued by said bureau shall keep said certificate displayed in a conspicuous place in the office or place of business wherein said person shall practice optometry together with the photograph of said person attached to the lower right hand corner of said certificate and shall whenever required exhibit the said certificate to any member or agent of said bureau Whenever any such person shall practice optometry outside or away from his office or place of business he shall deliver to each person fitted with glasses by him a certificate signed by him wherein he shall set forth the amount charged his post office address and the number of his certificate Each person to whom a certificate has been issued by said bureau shall before practicing under the same register said certificate in the office of the prothonotary in each county wherein he proposes to practice optometry and shall pay therefor such fee as may be lawfully chargeable for such registry The prothonotary in each county shall keep a book for registering such certificates in the manner now provided by law for the registry of certificates of licensure of practitioners of medicine and surgery

Section 7 Said Bureau of Optometrical Education Examination and Licensure shall charge the following fees for all examinations that may be conducted by it The sum of twenty-five dollars for a standard examination ten dollars for a limited examination one dollar per annum for a revision of the record of each certificate issued by it so long as the person to whom it was issued continues to practice optometry It shall adopt a seal and certificate of suitable design and shall have an office at Harrisburg in this Commonwealth where examinations may be held and where all its permanent records shall be kept which records shall be open to public inspection It shall have power to make requisition upon the proper State officials for offices rooms and supplies including stationery and furniture All printing and binding necessary for the work of the said bureau shall be done by the State Printer upon an order issued by said bureau through its president and secretary to the Superintendent of Public Printing and Binding

Section 8 All fees received by said bureau for examinations or from any other source shall be utilized in regulating the practice of optometry and paying the expenses of the bureau as provided for in this act any surplus to be turned over to the State Treasurer at least once in each twelve months An annual audit of the accounts of the bureau shall be made by the Auditor General of the Commonwealth The treasurer of said bureau shall give a bond to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in the sum of two thousand five hundred dollars for the faithful performance of his duties said bond to be approved by the bureau of Optometrical education examination and licensure and by the Attorney General of the Commonwealth who shall be custodian of the bond

Section 9 The bureau of optometrical education examination and licensure shall refuse to grant a certificate of licensure to any applicant and may cancel revoke or suspend the operation of any certificate by it granted for any or all of the following reasons to wit The conviction of a crime involving moral turpitude habitual intemperance in the use of ardent spirits or stimulants narcotics or any other substance which impairs the intellect and judgment to such an extent as to incapacitate for the performance of the duties of an optometrist the certificate of licensure of any person convicted of a violation of section two of this act shall be ipso facto revoked

Any person who is the holder of a certificate of licensure or who is an applicant for examination for a certificate of licensure against whom is preferred any charges shall be furnished by the bureau with a copy of the complaint and shall have a hearing before the bureau at which hearing he may be represented by counsel At such hearing witnesses may be examined for and against the accused respecting the said charges which examination shall be conducted in the manner usually followed in the taking of testimony before commissions in this Commonwealth The suspension of a certificate of licensure by reason of the use of stimulants or narcotics may be removed when the holders thereof shall have been adjudged by the said bureau to be cured and capable of practicing optometry

Section 10 An applicant for a certificate of licensure who has been examined by the State Board of Optometrical Examiners of another State which through reciprocity similarly accredits the holder of a certificate issued by the bureau of optometrical education examination and licensure of this Commonwealth to the full privilege of practice within such State shall on the payment of a fee of twenty-five dollars to the said bureau and on filing in the office of the bureau a true and attested copy of the said license certified by the president or secretary of the State board issuing the same and showing also that the standard of requirements adopted and enforced by said board is equal to that provided for by this act shall without further examination receive a certificate of licensure provided that

such applicant has not previously failed at an examination held by the bureau optometrical education examination and licensure of this Commonwealth.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. DAIX. Mr. President, I move to amend section 10, in line 16, by inserting after the word "bureau" the word "of."

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to,

The eleventh, twelfth, thirteenth, fourteenth and fifteenth sections of the bill were read as follows and agreed to:

Section 11 Nothing in this act shall be construed as conferring on the holder of any certificate of licensure issued by said bureau the title of doctor oculist opthalmouogist or any other word or abreviation indicating that he is engaged in the practice of medicine or surgery or in the treatment or the diagnosis of diseases of or injuries to the human eye or the right to use drugs or medicines in any form for the treatment or examination of the human eye

Section 12 The provisions of this act shall not apply to physicians or surgeons practicing under authority of licenses issued under the laws of this Commonwealth for the practice of medicine or surgery or persons who sell spectacles and eyeglasses who neither practice nor profess to practice optometry

Section 13 This act shall take effect and be in full force from the date of the appointment of the said bureau by the Governor as herein provided

Section 14 Wherever in this act the singular number is used it shall be interpreted as meaning both singular and plural if compatible with the sense of the language used and vice verso and wherever in this act the masculine gender is used it shall be construed as comprehending also the feminine gender

Section 15 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with this act are hereby repealed it being intended that this act shall furnish a complete and exclusive system of and in itself for obtaining the right to practice optometry in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and for the regulation of the practice of optometry therein

The title of the bill was read as follows and agreed to:

An Act to regulate the practice of optomtery in Pennsylvania defining optometry and relating to the right to practice optometry in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and making certain exceptions and providing a Bureau of Optometrical Education Examination and Licensure as a bureau of the Department of Public Instruction and means and methods whereby the right to practice optometry may be obtained and providing for the means to carry out the provisions of this act and providing for the revocation or suspension of licenses given by said bureau and providing penalties for violations thereof and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent therewith

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 164, as follows:

An Act to promote the health and efficiency of firemen in cities of the second class by providing for a two platoon system for firemen in the department of public safety of such cities

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the head of the department of public safety in each city of the second class shall divide the officers and members of companies of the uniformed fire force in the employ of such cities excepting the chief engineer and assistant chiefs into two bodies or platoons one to perform day service and the other to perform night service The hours of day service shall not exceed ten commencing at eight o'clock in the morning the hours of night service shall not exceed fourteen commencing at six o'clock in the afternoon In cases of riot serious conflagration or other such emergency the chief engineer of the bureau of fire or the assistant chief deputy or chief officer in charge at any fire shall have the power to assign all the members of the fire force to continuous duty or to continue any member thereof on duty if necessary No member of either of said platoons shall be required to perform continuous day service or continuous night service for a longer consecutive period than two weeks nor be kept on duty continuously longer than ten hours in the day platoon or fourteen hours in the night platoon excepting as may be necessary to equalize the hours of duty and service and also excepting in cases of riot serious conflagration or other such emergency as above provided

Section 2 The provisions hereof shall not repeal or affect any law or ordinance relating to salaries vacations sick or disability leave or pay of members of fire departments in cities to which this act applies

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 167, entitled:

An Act to amend section three of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the appointment of Game Commissioners for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania defining their duties and empowering them to appoint game protectors" approved the twenty-fifth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five as amended by the act of the fifteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven Pamphlet laws nine hundred and sixty

The first section of the bill was read as follows and agreed to:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section three of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the appointment of Game Commissioners for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania defining their duties and empowering them to appoint game protectors" approved the twenty-fifth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five as amended by the act of the fifteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven Pamphlet Laws nine hundred sixty which reads as follows

"Section 3 The Board of Game Commissioners shall have the power and authority to appoint thirty (30) competent men whose powers and duties are hereinafter defined and who shall be known as Game Protectors The said Board shall from time to time designate one of such protectors as Chief Protector who shall remain such during the pleasure of the Board and who shall have the direction supervision and control of the other Protectors The Chief Game Protector shall be secretary to the Board of Game Commissioners shall occupy as his permanent headquarters the room assigned to the Game Commissioners at the Capitol at Harrisburg Said Secretary shall have authority to have printed at the expense of the State the annual report of the Board of Game Commissioners to the Governor and such bulletins as in the opinion of said Board may be necessary to its work" be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows

Section 3 The Board of Game Commissioners shall have the power and authority to appoint sixty (60) competent men whose powers and duties are hereinafter defined and who shall be known as Game Protectors The said Board shall from time to time designate one of such Protectors as Chief Protector who shall remain such during the pleasure of the Board and who shall have the direction supervision and control of the other Protectors The Chief Game Protector shall be secretary to the Board of Game Commissioners and shall occupy as his permanent headquarters the room assigned to the Game Commissioners at the Capitol at Harrisburg Said secretary shall have authority to have printed at the expense of the State the annual report of the Board of Game Commissioners to the Governor and such other bulletins as in the opinion of said Board may be necessary to its work

The title of the bill was read as follows:

An Act to amend section three of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the appointment of Game Commissioners for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania defining their duties and empowering them to appoint game protectors" approved the twenty-fifth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five as amended by the act of the fifteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven Pamphlet Laws nine hundred and sixty

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the title?

Mr. McCONNELL. Mr. President, I move to amend the title by adding the words "authorizing the Board of Game Commissioners to increase the force of game protectors from thirty to sixty."

Mr. SCHANTZ. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the title as amended?

It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 167, the bill just read, be recommitted to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. MILLER. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 176, as follows:

An Act to provide for the better protection and preservation of deer and elk and certain birds classed as game birds within the Commonwealth providing a method through which certain lands in the Commonwealth may be closed to hunting for a term of years and prescribing penalties for violation of its several provisions

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from and after the passage of this act the Board of Game Commissioners of this Commonwealth shall have the power and authority to close for a term of years to the purpose of hunting elk and deer and wild turkey and ruffed grouse and quail commonly called Virginia partridge and ring-necked pheasant and Hungarian quail or either of them as may appear necessary to the citizens of any county of this Commonwealth for the purpose of adding to the protection of such animals and birds or either of them and assist in their increase in the county wherein such citizens may reside

Section 2 That whenever at least two hundred citizens of any county in this Commonwealth shall through written petition certify to the Board of Game Commissioners that in their opinion an absolutely closed season is necessary to insure the better protection and consequent increase of elk and deer and wild turkeys and ruffed grouse and quail and ring-necked pheasant and Hungarian quail or either of them in a wild state in that county in which such citizens may reside and asking that such county be closed to hunting for a period the Board of Game Commissioners shall forward to said petitioners and others a blank form setting forth such questions as they may consider best suited to determine the quantity of game and game conditions in the county in question and the necessity for closing said county to hunting which said forms with replies to entitle such answers to consideration before said Board of Game Commissioners shall be returned to said Board on or before the return day as fixed upon said forms such petitioners shall also publish for at least three consecutive weeks at their own expense in at least two prominent newspapers in the county to be closed the statement that such petitions has been filed with its purpose and the return day for information as fixed by the Board of Game Commissioners and shall file with said board duly certified copies of such notices as published in each newspaper on or before said return day If the written answers as returned shall fail to satisfy said Board of Game Commissioners that such closed season is necessary or those opposing such action shall demand a hearing before said board then a hearing shall be had upon such date and at such place within the county to be affected as may be decided upon by the said Board of Game Commissioners the expense of such hearing to be paid by those demanding the same if after the receipt of the written answers or the public hearing or both the Board of Game Commissioners shall be satisfied such closed season is necessary to insure the better protection of elk and deer and wild turkeys and ruffed grouse and quail and ring-necked pheasants and Hungarian quail found in a wild state and their consequent increase in said county they are herewith empowered and directed to declare a closed season not to exceed five years for elk and deer and wild turkeys and ruffed grouse and quail and ring-necked pheasants and Hungarian quail or either of them found in a wild state within said county

The Board of Game Commissioners to make such closed season effective and binding shall be required to publish annually their decision and action regarding this matter in at least three newspapers if there be that many in each county affected thereby and to have notices of such ruling declaring such county closed to hunting printed and annually distributed in reasonable numbers throughout the affected territory

Each and every person violating any of the provisions of such ruling made by the Board of Game Commissioners under the requirements of this act shall be liable to a penalty of three hundred dollars for each elk and two hundred dollars for each deer and twenty-five dollars for each bird taken killed wounded or attempted to be taken killed or wounded upon said closed territory

Section 3 Each and every magistrate justice of the peace and alderman within this Commonwealth shall have the power of summary conviction in matters pertaining to violation of any of the provisions of this act All actions for violations of any of the provisions of this act except where the defendant is taken in the act of violating the law or in a pursuit immediately following such violation shall be commenced by affidavit made within two years after the date of such violation and any magistrate justice of the peace or alderman in this Commonwealth on complaint made before him by affidavit by one or more persons of a violation of any of the provisions of this act by any person is hereby authorized and required to issue his warrant under his hand and seal directed to any constable police officer game protector or any officer of the Commonwealth whose duty it is to protect the game and wild birds of the Commonwealth and cause such person to be brought before him such magistrate justice of the peace or alderman who shall hear the evidence and determine the guilt or innocence of the person accused and if such person be convicted of the offense charged he shall be sentenced to pay the full penalty prescribed by the section violated together with the costs of prosecution All penalties thus recovered in cases where the prosecutor is a salaried officer of the Commonwealth shall be immediately surrendered by the court receiving the same to the prosecutor who in turn as soon as may be shall forward or deliver such amount in full to the Secretary of the Board of Game Commissioners at Harrisburg Where any citizen of the Commonwealth other than salaried officer is the prosecutor one-half of any penalty thus collected shall be paid to such prosecutor by the court receiving the same and the remaining one-half shall be as soon as the case is fully determined before him forwarded by such magistrate justice of the peace or alderman to the secretary of the Board of Game Commissioners at Harrisburg together with a statement of the cause for which such money shall have been collected the cost of which statement is hereby fixed at fifty cents and made a part of the costs of prosecution and it shall be the duty of said secretary of the Board of Game Commissioners to at least once a month make return of moneys thus collected to the State Treasurer who shall keep the moneys thus collected as a fund separate and apart solely for the purpose of wild bird and game protection and for the purchase and propagation of game under the supervision of the Board of Game Commissioners of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and for payment of bounties under the provisions of law The several purposes to which the fund so received by the State Treasurer shall be applied to be clearly designated by an act of the Legislature either in the general appropriation act or by separate appropriation for the payment of bounties Any prosecutor or defendant being dissatisfied with the finding of the magistrate justice of the peace or alderman in a trial for violation of any provision of this act shall be entitled an appeal under the provisions of section fourteen of Article five of the Constitution and the laws of Pennsylvania relating thereto which said court on the conviction of the defendant of such offense and his failure to pay the penalty in full imposed by this act together with the costs of prosecution shall commit such defendant to the common pail of the county for one day for each dollar of penalty imposed Provided That any person caught in the act or charged with a violation of any provisions of this act may at his discretion either before or after the bringing of the suit sign an acknowledgment of the offense committed and pay to any duly authorized game protector or deputy game protector the penalty in full as fixed by the section violated together with costs if any to date and the receipt which he shall receive therefrom and which in all instances shall bear the imprint of the seal of the Board of Game Commissioners and the signature of its secretary shall be evidence of full satisfaction of the offense committed

Section 4 The act of the twenty-ninth of April one thousand nine hundred and thirteen Pamphlet Laws one hundred and twenty entitled "An Act to provide protection and preservation of elk and deer providing a method through which certain lands in the Commonwealth may be closed to hunting for a term of years and prescribing penalties for violation of its several provisions" is hereby repealed provided however that any counties which have already been closed for a term of years under the provisions of said act may remain closed under the provisions of this act for the term for which they have already been closed without taking any further action therefor and all other laws or parts of laws inconsistent with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 264 (House Bill No. 40) entitled:

An Act defining the mountain laurel (kalmia latifolia) as the flower emblem or State flower of this Commonwealth

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 267 (House Bill No. 219) entitled:

An Act granting to boroughs and incorporated towns the right of eminent domain for certain purposes and regulating the procedure thereunder

The first, second, third, fourth, fifth, sixth and seventh sections of the bill were read as follows and agreed to:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That all boroughs and incorporated towns may acquire enter upon take use and appropriate private property and also land heretofore granted or dedicated to public use or other use which is no longer used for the purpose for which the same was granted or dedicated and also lands where the title is defective disputed or doubtful for the erection of a town hall hose house lockup and other buildings and works as are necessary for public municipal purposes within the corporate limits of such municipality whenever the council thereof shall by ordinance determine thereon

No land or property belonging to or used for any cemetery burying-ground or place of public worship shall be taken or appropriated in any manner under and by virtue of the provisions of this act

Section 2 Whenever the municipal authorities desire to acquire enter upon take use and appropriate any such private property or lands for any of such purposes they shall declare such intention by an ordinance duly enacted

Section 3 The compensation and damages arising from such taking using and appropriating of private property for the purposes aforesaid shall be considered ascertained determined awarded and paid in the manner hereinafter provided

Section 4 In cases where the municipal authorities and the owner or owners thereof cannot agree as to the price or damages to be paid or where land is held by any borough or town and the title of the borough or town is disputed by one or more claimants or where any claimant or owner or owners are unknown or where there are two or more owners or claimants and one or more of said owners or claimants are known and reside within the county within which the borough or town is situate and any other owner or owners or claimants are unknown or do not reside within the said county and in cases where the title to the real estate to be taken used and appropriated as aforesaid is defective disputed or doubtful or any of the persons owning claiming or interested in said real estate are absent not of full age of unsound mind or from any cause cannot be bargained with and after the enactment of an ordinance as aforesaid declaring the intention of the borough or town to take use and appropriate any such real estate the borough or town shall present a petition to the court of common pleas of the county where the real estate to be taken is situated or to any judge thereof in vacation setting forth the facts and said petition of the borough or town shall state who the owner or owners or claimants of said real estate are if known together with their residence and address if the same can be ascertained or if the owners or claimants of said lands are unknown said petition shall state that the officers who make oath to the truth of the facts set forth in said petition have inquired of the tax assessor of the ward or borough or town in which said lands are situated as well as of three reputable and disinterested freeholders who reside in the vicinity of said lands as to who the owners or claimants of said real estate are and said petition shall be verified by the affidavit of either the burgess or the president of the council of the petitioning borough or town and upon presentation of such petition said court or judge thereof shall direct the filing of a bond to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in an amount to be fixed and approved by said court or in vacation by a judge thereof for the use of those entitled to damages for said taking and appropriation the condition of which bond shall be that the borough or town shall pay or cause to be paid to any person or persons such amount of damages as he or they shall have suffered by reason of such taking and appropriation after the same shall have been agreed upon or assessed in the manner provided by this act Where any owner or owners or claimants or the persons claiming or entitled to damages are known and reside within the county where said real estate is situated or are absent from said county but have a known agent or attorney residing within said county or are under legal disability but have a guardian or committee within said county or are a corporation and have an agent or officer residing within said county the borough or town shall serve upon said owners attorneys officers or agents guardians and committees as the case may be a copy of said petition and order directing the filing of said bond together with notice that said bond has been filed Where minors have no guardian and lunatics or persons of unsound or feeble mind have no guardians or committees the said court or a judge thereof in vacation shall have power to appoint a guardian or committee ad litem and direct that said petition order and notice and all other notices required by this act shall be served upon them As to all other persons who may be interested or claim to be interested in said real estate, the said court or said judge thereof in vacation shall upon the filing of said bond direct such notice to be given by publication in at least two newspapers of the county in which said real estate is situated as the said court shall deem proper provided that said notice shall be so published at least twenty days prior to the limit of the time for filing exceptions and shall state the time within which such exceptions may be filed and if no exceptions are filed to said bond within ten days after service of said petition and order directing the filing of said bond by persons upon whom the same are served or by other persons on or before the day fixed in said published notices as the case may be the court shall approve said bond The said court shall have power to increase the amount of said bond and to hear and determine all exceptions that may be filed against the approval thereof Upon the approval of said bond the municipal authorities may enter upon and take said lands for the purposes expressed in this act and take hold use and enjoy said lands thereafter forever and the title of said borough or town to the lands shall be in fee simple The bond shall remain on file for the use of any person or persons who may be legally entitled to damages by reason of the taking of said lands The damages which may be recovered by the condition of the bond shall not be more than the fair market value of the land at the time of such entry and taking by the borough or town

Section 5 In case the damages for said taking and appropriation have not for any reason been agreed upon between the borough or town and the owners of said land the court of common pleas of the county or any judges thereof in vacation upon application thereto by a petition of the borough or town or any person interested shall appoint three members of the board of viewers as a board of view and appoint a time not less than twenty nor more than thirty days thereafter and said board of view shall meet upon the premises or lands taken or appropriated and view the same and the premises affected thereby The board of view shall give or cause to be given at least ten days notice of said meeting to the owner or owners of the said lands taken if it appears by the petition filed for the order directing the filing of a bond as aforesaid or by exceptions filed to said bond that said owner or owners reside within the county where said real estate is situated and can be found which notice shall be served in the same manner as provided in section four of this act for the service of the petition and order directing the filing of a bond Where any owner owners or persons interested are unknown or do not reside within the county where said real estate is situated or where service of such notice can not be made upon a proper person or persons within the county as provided for the service of the petition and order for the filing of the bond as provided in section four herein such notice shall be given in at least two newspapers of general circulation printed and published in the proper borough or town or county not less than ten days prior to said meeting and they shall give such other or further notice as the court shall direct

Section 6 The board of view shall hear the parties interested and their witnesses and shall estimate and determine the value of the land taken and appropriated and any damages that may have been sustained by reason of said taking and appropriation and who are entitled to receive the same and having so estimated and determined the value of the property and damages sustained they shall make up their report which shall be signed by them or any two of them and thereupon filed in the court of common pleas from which the order to view issued Upon the filing of said report the board of view shall give notice thereof by one publication in at least two newspapers printed and published in the proper borough or town or county and any additional papers if so directed by the court

Section 7 Upon said report being filed in court any interested party within thirty days may file exceptions thereto and the court shall have power to confirm modify change or otherwise correct the same or refer the same back to the board of view with like power as to their report or within said thirty days from the filing of any such report in court the respective borough or town or any party whose lands have been taken may appeal to the proper court of common pleas and demand a trial by jury according to the course of the common law and said court shall have power to provide what notices shall be given in connection with any part of the proceedings and make all such orders as it may deem requisite Upon the entry of final judgment or any issue had upon said appeal either party shall have the right to appeal to the Superior or Supreme Court as in other cases All proceedings however after the filing and approval of the bond provided in this act to be filed by the borough or town shall not affect the title acquired by the borough or town by virtue of the provisions of this act

The eighth section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 8 This act does not repeal or in any way affect the provisions of the act approved the tenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and one entitled "An Act authorizing and empowering boroughs and incorporated towns to take use and appropriate private property for necessary public buildings and works within the corporate limits of such municipality and providing for the manner of ascertaining determining awarding and paying compensation and damages therefor" or of an act approved the first day of June one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled "An Act to amend section one of an act entitled 'An Act authorizing and empowering borough and incorporated towns to take use and appropriate private property for necessary public buildings and works within the corporate limits of such municipality and providing for the manner of ascertaining determining awarding and paying compensation and damages therefor' approved June tenth one thousand nine hundred and one extending the provisions of the act to the taking use and appropriation of private property for a filter plant or of an act approved the first day of April one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled "An Act authorizing and empowering

the several boroughs of this Commonwealth to purchase or acquire by condemnation proceedings such real estate within or without the borough limits as may be necessary for present and future use upon which to erect construct and maintain garbage or incinerating furnaces sewage-disposal works or plants with the necessary filter-beds appliances drains and sewers and for the extensions thereof"

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. LYNCH. Mr. President, I move to amend section 8, in line 19, by placing after the word "plant" double quotation mark (").

Mr. WARNER. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question, will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The title of the bill was read as follows and agreed to:

An Act granting to boroughs and incorporated towns the right of eminent domain for certain purposes and regulating the procedure thereunder

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILL OVER IN ORDER.

Mr. HILTON. Mr. President, I ask that Senate Bill No. 268 (House Bill No. 206), on second reading, entitled:

An Act to regulate cold storage of certain articles of food and providing penalties for the violations of the provisions of this act

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 320, as follows:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-seventh day of June one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation regulation and government of cities of the third class regulating nomination and election of municipal officers therein and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That paragraphs one and two of section three of article five of an act approved the twenty-seventh day of June one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation regulation and government of cities of the third class regulating nomination and election of municipal officers therein and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto" which now read as follows

"1 To levy and collect taxes for general revenue purposes not to exceed ten mills on the dollar in any one year on all persons real personal and mixed property within the limits of said city taxable according to the laws of the State of Pennsylvania for county purposes the valuation of such property to be assessed as hereinafter provided

"2 To provide for the assessment and collection of taxes in addition to the above not exceeding one per centum on the dollar upon the assessed valuation in any one year on all persons real and personal property and all other matters and things within said city taxable for county purposes for the payment of interest on bonded indebtedness and for the payment of loans to support the government and to make necessary improvements in said city" are hereby amended to read as follows

1 To levy and collect taxes for general revenue purposes not to exceed ten mills on the dollar in any one year on all persons real personal and mixed property within the limits of said city taxable according to the laws of the State of Pennsylvania for city and county purposes except machinery of all kinds the valuation of such property to be assessed as hereinafter provided

2 To provide for the assessment and collection of taxes in addition to the above not exceeding one per centum on the dollar upon the assessed valuation in any one year on all persons real and personal property and all other matters and things within said city taxable for city and county purposes except machinery of all kinds for the payment of interest on bonded indebtedness and for the payment of loans to support the government and to make necessary improvements in said city

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 336, as follows:

An Act to amend the fifth section of an act approved the nineteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four entitled "An Act relating to the organization and jurisdiction of orphans' courts and to establish a seperate orphans' court in and for counties having more than one hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants and to provide for the election of judges thereof" as amended by an act approved the sixth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled "An Act to further amend the fifth section of an act entitled 'An Act relating to the organization and jurisdiction of the orphans' court and establishing a seperate orphans' court in and for counties having more than one hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants and to provide for the election of judges thereof" approved May nineteenth Anno Domini eighteen hundred and seventy-four as amended by an act approved the twenty ninth day of April Anno Domini eighteen hundred and ninety-seven fixing and determining the salaries of the assistant clerks of said court" by vesting the appointment of the first assistant clerk of said courts in the respective judges thereof and providing that this amendment shall not apply to counties having a population over seven hundred thousand

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representative of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the fifth section of an act approved the nineteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four entitled "An Act relating to the organization and jurisdiction of orphans' courts and to establish a seperate orphans' court in and for counties having more than one hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants and to provide for the election of judges thereof" as amended by an act approved the sixth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled "An Act to further amend the fifth section of an act entitled 'An Act relating to the organization and jurisdiction of the orphans' court and establishing a seperate orphans' court in and for counties having more than one hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants and to provide for the election of judges thereof' approved May nineteenth Anno Domini eighteen hundred and seventy-four as amended by an act approved the twenty-ninth day of April Anno Domini eighteen hundred and ninety-seven fixing and determining the salaries of the assistant clerks of said court" which now reads

"Section 5 The register of wills of each and every county containing over one hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants in which a seperate orphans' court is or may be hereafter established shall be clerk of such orphans' court and subject to its directions in all matters pertaining to his office and he may appoint assistant clerks but only with the consent and approval of said court who shall receive annual salaries payable monthly by the treasurer of said respective counties as follows to wit In counties containing over two hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants the first assistant thirty-five hundred dollars the second assistant twenty-five hundred dollars and the third assistant eighteen hundred dollars and in counties not containing over two hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants the first assistant twenty-five hundred dollars the second assistant two thousand dollars and the third assistant fourteen hundred dollars the annual salaries of all other assistants to be fixed by the judge or judges of said court but said annual salaries not to exceed fifteen hundred dollars each in the larger counties and twelve hundred dollars each in the smaller counties as above classified which salaries shall be paid out of the fees of said office paid into the treasury of the county upon bills attested by said register and countersigned by a judge of said court But in the event that the fees received in said office of register of wills be not sufficient to fully pay the register and his assistants then payment shall be made in full to the said register of wills but to his assistants in manner as follows namely where there are more than one assistant then the balance of fees remaining to the credit of said office of register of will shall be divided among each of said assistants in proportion as his salary shall stand to the whole" is hereby amended so as to read

Section 5 The register of wills of each and every county containing over one hundred fifty thousand inhabitants in which a separate orphans' court is or may be hereafter established shall be clerk of such orphans' court and subject to its directions in all matters pertaining to his office The judge or judges of said court in counties containing a population of less than seven hundred thousand may appoint the first assistant clerk and the said register of wills may with the consent and approval of said court appoint additional assistant clerks Said clerks shall receive annual salaries payable monthly by the treasurer of said respective counties as follows to wit In counties containing over two hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants the first assistant thirty-five hundred dollars the second assistant twenty-five hundred dollars and the third assistant eighteen hundred dollars and in counties not containing over two hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants the first assistant twenty-five hundred dollars the second assistant two thousand dollars and the third assistant fourteen hundred

dollars the annual salaries of all other assistants to be fixed by the judge or judges of said court but said annual salaries not to exceed fifteen hundred dollars each in the large counties and twelve hundred dollars each in the smaller counties as above classified which salaries shall be paid out of the fees of said office paid into the treasury of the county upon bills attested by said register and countersigned by a judge of said court But in the event that the fees received in said office of register of wills be not sufficient to fully pay the register and his assistants then payment shall be made in full to the said register of wills but to his assistants in manner as follows namely where there are more than one assistant then the balance of fees remaining to the credit of said office of register of wills shall be divided among each of said assistants in proportion as his salary shall stand to the whole.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 339, as follows:

An Act regulating the collection of county taxes in certain counties creating the office of receiver of taxes in such counties and prescribing the powers and duties of said office

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That in each county having a population of not less than ninety thousand inhabitants nor more than one hundred fifty thousand inhabitants the county taxes shall be collected by a receiver of taxes

Section 2 Upon the passage of this act the Governor shall appoint a receiver of taxes for each such county to hold office until the first Monday of January one thousand nine hundred sixteen or until his successor is elected and has qualified At the municipal election in the year one thousand nine hundred fifteen and quadrennially thereafter the qualified electors of each such counties shall elect a qualified elector of the county as receiver of taxes to serve for a term of four years from the first Monday of January next succeeding his election or until his successor is elected and has qualified Any vacancy in the office shall be filled by the Governor for the unexpired term

Section 3 The receiver of taxes shall before he enters upon the duties of his office take and subscribe the oath required by section one article seven of the Constitution and file the same in the office of the recorder of deeds He shall before he assumes the duties of his office enter into a bond to the Commonwealth in an amount to be fixed by the county commissioners The condition of the bond shall be that the receiver of taxes shall pay over or account for according to law the whole amount of taxes charged in the duplicates delivered to him during his term of office The bond shall be presented to the court of quarter sessions for approval and if approved shall be filed in the office of the clerk of the court of quarter sessions

Section 4 The receiver of taxes shall receive an annual salary of three thousand six hundred dollars to be paid monthly by the county treasurer The receiver of taxes may appoint two deputies at an annual salary not to exceed fifteen hundred dollars each The deputies shall possess all the powers with regard to the collection of county taxes hereinafter conferred upon the receiver of taxes

Section 5 The receiver of taxes in such counties shall have an office at the court house which shall be open each day for the receipt of taxes The county commissioners shall furnish the receiver of taxes with books numbered receipts blank forms of notices and all postage and supplies which may be necessary for the proper conduct of his office

Section 6 When the yearly or triennial assessments for county purposes in any city borough town or township of any such county have been made and revised and all appeals therefrom have been heard and finally determined the county commissioners shall issue a duplicate of all county taxes including taxes upon unseated lands levied in any such district to the receiver of taxes with their warrant attached The warrant shall be effectual for the collection of taxes within said city borough town or township for a period of two years The commissioners shall issue separate duplicates for each city borough town and township and taxes in any particular district shall become due and payable as soon as the duplicate is delivered to the receiver of taxes

Section 7 The county commissioners shall at the time of the delivery of any duplicate to the receiver of taxes certify the amount of such duplicate to the county treasurer who shall charge the receiver of taxes with the amount thereof

Section 8 Upon the delivery of any duplicate the receiver of taxes shall proceed to collect the taxes levied in such duplicate and shall within thirty days after such delivery notify each taxable whose name appears on the duplicate The notice shall state (a) the valuation of the property of the taxable (b) the rate of taxation (c) the valuation of the occupation of the taxable (d) the full amount of taxes for which the taxable is liable (e) a statement that the taxes are due and payable (f) a place within the district and time when payment can be made (g) a statement of the time during which an abatement will be allowed (h) when the full amount of tax will be collected and (i) when an additional percentage will be added as a penalty The notice shall be mailed to the last known postoffice address of each taxable

Section 9 All persons making payment of county taxes charged against them within ninety days from the date of the notice as provided in section six shall be entitled to a reduction of five per centum from the amount thereof Persons failing to make payment of their taxes within six months after the date of the notice shall be charged five per centum additional on the taxes charged against them which shall be added thereto by the receiver of taxes and be collected by him

Section 10 The receiver shall furnish each taxable on the payment of his county taxes with a receipt setting out the date of payment the name of the taxpayer the amount of each particular tax and the name of the district and shall also make upon the stub in the book corresponding to the receipt a memorandum containing the same date as the receipt The stubs of all such receipts shall be kept in the office of the receiver of taxes and be open to public inspection

Section 11 The receiver shall attend at least two days in each city borough town and township for the purpose of receiving taxes One of the days on which the receiver of taxes attends in a district shall be during the time in which a rebate is allowed and the other day shall be before the penalty attaches

Section 12 The receiver of taxes shall make monthly returns to the county commissioners showing the amounts collected during the preceding month and the amount of uncollected taxes upon the respective duplicates The receiver of taxes shall at the time of making any return to the county commissioners pay over to the county treasurer all the taxes collected by him during the preceding month and the county treasurer shall credit the receiver of taxes with the amount so paid over

Section 13 The county commissioners shall allow to the receiver of taxes such abatements and exonerations as to them shall appear just and reasonable The county commissioners shall cause to be entered in a book kept for that purpose the names of the persons to whom an abatement or exoneration was allowed the reason for each abatement and exoneration the amount thereof and the date when made The county commissioners shall give to the receiver of taxes a certificate directed to the county treasurer stating the nature of the tax and the amount abated or exonerated and the county treasurer shall credit the receiver of taxes with the amount of such abatement or exoneration

Section 14 If any person shall neglect or refuse to make payment of the amount due by him for any county tax within thirty days from the date of notice as provided in section eight the taxes of such person shall become delinquent and the receiver of taxes may levy the amount of such taxes by distress of the goods and chattels of such person and after ten days' public notice by written or printed advertisement the receiver of taxes may sell the goods and chattels of such delinquent

Section 15 Every tenant of lands and tenements shall be liable to pay all taxes which during his possession or occupancy may become due and payable thereon The goods and chattels of any such tenant shall be liable to distress and sale as provided in section fourteen of this act for any such taxes remaining unpaid Having paid any taxes the tenant may by an action of assumpsit or otherwise recover from his landlord the amount paid or at his election may defalcate the amount thereof in payment of rent due to such landlord unless such defalcation or recovery would impair any contract or agreement between the landlord and tenant previously made

Section 16 In case goods and chattels sufficient to satisfy the amount of the tax due by any taxable cannot be found upon the premises of the taxable the receiver of taxes may take the body of the delinquent taxable and convey him to the jail of the county there to remain until the amount of such tax together with the costs shall be paid or secured to be paid or until he shall be otherwise discharged by due process of law The receiver of taxes shall not imprison any female or minor or person found by a judicial proceeding to be of unsound mind

Section 17 The personal representative of any deceased receiver of taxes may enforce the collection of unpaid taxes in the same manner as the receiver could if living and may employ a suitable person to act for them in the execution of the warrant with all the powers possessed by the deceased receiver of taxes

Section 18 The receiver of taxes on or before the last day of the year in which any taxes are levied make return to the county commissioners and county treasurer of all seated and unseated lands for which the tax has not been paid and upon which personal property cannot be found sufficient to pay such taxes The receiver of taxes shall add to the amount of the tax returned against any property a penalty of five per centum

Section 19 The receiver of taxes shall make a complete settlement of all taxes upon his duplicates with the county treasurer not later than three months after the expiration of his term of office On making such settlement the receiver shall make oath or affirmation that he has made a true and just return of all moneys by him collected for county taxes The oath or affirmation shall be administered by the county treasurer and shall be filed in the office of the county commissioners

Section 20 A receiver of taxes who converts any money collected for county taxes to his own use or who uses by way of investment any money so collected at the times

and places required by this act and to the person authorized to receive the same is guilty of embezzlement and upon conviction thereof shall be sentenced to imprisonment not exceeding five years or to pay a fine not exceeding five thousand dollars or both

Section 21 All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with this act are repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 343, as follows:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-seventh day of June one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation regulation and government of cities of the third class regulating nomination and election of municipal officers therein and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section four of article fifteen of an act approved the twenty-seventh day of June one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation regulation and government of cities of the third class regulating nomination and election of municipal officers therein and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto" which reads as follows

"Section 4 The assessor shall make or cause to be made during the year of the triennial assessment for county purposes a full just equal and impartial assessment of all property real personal and mixed and all matters and things within the city subject by law to taxation for city purposes and a just and perfect list of all property exempt by law from taxation with a just valuation of the same With his assessments he shall return such dimensions description or quantity of each lot or parcel of land as will be sufficient to identify the same together with the number and kind of improvements In all cases they shall value the property at such sums as the same would in their judgment bring at a fair public sale thereof And it shall be the further duty of said assessor to return annually a list of all the male inhabitants over twenty-one years of age" is amended to read as follows

Section 4 The assessor shall make or cause to be made during the year of the triennial assessment for county purposes a full just equal and impartial assessment of all property real personal and mixed and all matters and things within the city subject by law to taxation for city purposes and the assessment shall show such dimension description or quantity of each lot or parcel of land as will be sufficient to identify the same together with the number and kind of improvements In all cases they shall value the property at such sums as the same would in their judgment bring at a fair public sale thereof In making such assessments the assessor shall classify all real estate in the city in such manner and upon such testimony as may be adduced before him so as to distinguish between the buildings on land and land exclusive of the buildings and certify to the council of said city the aggregate valuation of city property subject to taxation It shall be the duty of said council in determining the rate for the year one thousand nine hundred fifteen to assess a tax upon the buildings equal to nine-tenths of the highest rate of tax required for said year and for the years one thousand nine hundred sixteen one thousand nine hundred seventeen and one thousand nine hundred eighteen to assess a tax upon the buildings equal to eight-tenths of the highest rate of tax required to be assessed for those years and for the years one thousand nine hundred nineteen one thousand nine hundred twenty and one thousand nine hundred twenty-one to assess a tax upon the buildings equal to seven-tenths of the highest rate of tax required to be assessed for those years and for the years one thousand nine hundred twenty-one one thousand nine hundred twenty-three and one thousand nine hundred twenty-four to assess a tax upon the buildings equal to six-tenths of the highest rate of tax required to be assessed for those years and for the year one thousand nine hundred twenty-five and for each year thereafter to assess a tax upon the buildings equal to five-tenths of the highest rate of tax required to be assessed for the year one thousand nine hundred twenty-five and for each year thereafter respectively so that upon said classes of real estate of said city there shall in any year be two rates of taxation And it shall be the further duty of said assessors to return annually a list of all the male inhabitants over twenty-one years of age

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 351 (House Bill No. 176), entitled:

An Act requiring county commissioners in certain counties to provide quarters in the county buildings for the official county association of physicians and surgeons

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

An Act to repeal an act approved the sixteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act for the protection of the public health and the prevention of fraud and deception by regulating the storage and sale of cold storage foods fixing penalties for the violation of the provisions thereof and providing for the enforcement thereof"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the act approved the sixteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act for the protection of the public health and the prevention of fraud and deception by regulating the storage and sale of cold storage foods fixing penalties for the violation of the provisions thereof and providing for the enforcement thereof" together with all amendments thereof is hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 45, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the fourteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act authorizing the board of county commissioners of the several counties of the State to appropriate money for cooperative agricultural extension work for the purpose of improving and developing the agricultural resources of the proper counties

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and considerations of Senate Bill No. 84, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith"

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 121, entitled:

An act regulating the sale of chicory mixed with coffee and providing a penalty

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 123, entitled:

An Act relating to practice in the courts of common pleas in actions of assumpsit and trespass prescribing the pleadings and procedure to be observed therein and giving the courts power to enforce its provisions

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 123, the bill just read, be recommitted to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. PHIPPS. Mr. President, I second the motion.

It was agreed to.

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 207, entitled:

An Act providing for the organization discipline maintenance and regulation of the militia of the Commonwealth

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 225, entitled:

An Act supplementing and amending sections ten and twelve of an act entitled "An Act establishing a court for the county of Philadelphia prescribing its jurisdiction and powers providing for the service of its writs process or warrants by the proper officers of the county or city of Philadelphia regulating the procedure therein and appeals therefrom and providing for the expenses thereof" approved the twelfth day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen by increasing the jurisdiction of the court in all civil actions in assumpsit to twelve hundred dollars ($1,200) by conferring upon said court jurisdiction in actions of replevin foreign attachment proceedings commenced under an act entitled "An Act relating to fraudulent debtors" approved seventeenth day of March one thousand eight hundred sixty-nine mechanics' liens municipal claims habeas corpus proceedings and regulating and changing the practice and procedure in said court and changing the word "prothonotary" in the said section twelve wherever it appears to the word "clerk"

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 245, entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act authorizing appeals from assessment of taxes in this Commonwealth to the courts of common pleas" approved the nineteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred eighty-nine by giving the right to an appeal to other property owners and to the city borough county township school district or other public corporations entitled to levy and collect taxes on the assessment complained of

And said bill having been read at length the first time, **Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.**

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 251, entitled:

An Act providing for a special tax in townships of the second class for fire protection purposes

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 252, entitled:

An Act providing for a special tax for lighting public highways public places and public buildings in townships of the second class and authorizing the making of contracts for such lighting

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 253, entitled:

A supplement to an act approved the twenty-eighth day of April one thousand eight hundred ninety-nine entitled "An Act to provide for the classifications of the townships of the Commonwealth with respect to their population into two classes and to prescribe the form of government for townships of each class" by providing for a township solicitor to be appointed by the township commissioners

And said bill having been read at length the first time, **Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.**

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 254, entitled:

An Act relating to the issuing of checks drafts and orders for the payment of money and providing penalties

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 271, entitled:

An Act prescribing certain duties for collectors of taxes in boroughs and townships and for county treasurers

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 282, entitled:

An Act providing for and regulating the validation of certain borough ordinances

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 283, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the first day of May one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled "An Act to classify the fish in the waters within this Commonwealth declaring which are game fish which are food fish and which are bait fish and to regulate the catching and sale and encourage the propagation of the same to protect the waters within this Commonwealth from unfair improper wasteful and destructive fishing and to protect fish from being destroyed or injured by destructive means to provide for the appointment of fish wardens and to declare their official powers and duties to encourage and regulate the propagation of fish within this Commonwealth and regulate the free distribution of the same by the Department of Fisheries in the waters within the same to define powers and duties of the Department of Fisheries to regulate the sale and shipment of fish artificially propagated for profit to forbid the sale of unlawful devices for catching fish and to provide penalties and punishments for the violation of the provisions of this act and providing how and by whom the costs shall be paid"

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 285, entitled:

An Act authorizing J. P. Swearingen of Greene township Beaver County Pennsylvania to bring suit against the Commonwealth

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 287, entitled:

An Act to validate all sales public and private and all mortgages of real estate of decedents heretofore made under authority of orphans courts upon petition of executors or administrators

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 293, entitled:

An Act to amend section four of an act entitled "An Act to regulate the doing of business in this Commonwealth by foreign corporations the registration thereof and service of process thereon and providing punishment and penalties for the violation of its provisions and repealing previous legislation on the subject" approved the eighth day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 294, entitled:

An Act to further protect the rights and liberty of the people of this Commonwealth when under arrest upon a bailable criminal charge making its infraction a misdemeanor and providing punishment therefor

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 301, entitled:

An Act requiring justices of the peace and aldermen to file acceptance of office with the prothonotary of the proper county and requiring prothonotaries to certify such acceptance together with the election of justices and aldermen before commissions shall issue

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 321, entitled:

An Act to provide for the retirement of superannuated and incapacitated teachers in the public schools of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. TOMPKINS. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 321, the bill just read, be recommitted to the Committee on Education for the purpose of amendment.
Mr. FARLEY. Mr. President, I second the motion.
The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 322, entitled:

An Act requiring payment by the county of costs of prosecution in certain criminal cases

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 323, entitled:

An Act relating to legal proceedings removed by writs of certiorari to the Superior Court or the Supreme Court the record therein and the disposal thereof

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 324, entitled:

An Act to amend the thirty-third section of an act entitled "An Act relating to executions" approved the sixteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred thirty-six as amended by the act approved the second day of July Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred ninety-five so as to enable the officers to publish notice in the several counties of this Commonwealth

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 332 (House Bill No. 48) entitled:

An Act enabling townships of the first class to provide regulate and protect a system of water supply and to contract with certain adjoining municipalities for such water and granting and regulating the right of eminent domain and the right to occupy highways

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. SNYDER. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 332 (House Bill No. 48), the bill just read, be recommitted to the Committee on Judiciary Special.
Mr. ENDSLEY. Mr. President, I second the motion.
The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 362 (House Bill No. 364) entitled:

An Act to assent to the provisions of an Act of Congress approved May eighth one thousand nine hundred fourteen entitled "An Act to provide for co-operative agricultural extension work between the agricultural colleges in the several states receiving the benefits of an Act of Congress" approved July second one thousand eight hundred sixty-two and of acts supplementary thereto and the United States Department of Agriculture

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 369, entitled:

An Act regulating the sale offering for sale or exposing for sale of vegetables grapes and fruits providing standard containers baskets trays and measures therefor and imposing penalties

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 370, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the fifth day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-nine entitled "An Act relative to the liens of the Commonwealth against unpatented lands providing for their adjustment and for the granting of patents"

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 371, entitled:

An Act to amend further an act approved the eleventh day of April one thousand eight hundred sixty-two entitled "A further supplement to the act entitled 'An Act for the regulation and continuance of a system of education by common schools' approved the eighth day of May one thousand eight hundred fifty-four"

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 377, entitled:

A supplement to an act approved the twenty-fifth day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act providing for the establishment of a State Industrial Home for Women authorizing the purchase of a site and the erection thereon and equipment of necessary buildings providing for the commitment to said State Industrial Home for Women of females between the ages of sixteen and thirty years convicted of or pleading guilty to the commission of any criminal offence and providing for the government and management of said institution and making an appropriation to carry out the purposes of this act"

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 379, entitled:

An Act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act regulating the method and procedure in the erection of line or partition fences" approved the fourteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred five Pamphlet Laws one hundred sixty-two

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 380, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-seventh day of June one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An act providing for the incorporation regulation and government of cities of the third class regulating nomination and election of municipal officers therein and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto" by providing for formation of such cities from parts of two or more contiguous counties

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 382, entitled:

An Act to aid in the suppression of insect pests in Pennsylvania by authoriinzg the Department of Agriculture to prepare a catalague of the insects of Pennsylvania giving

their common and scientific names dates localities food enemies remedies habits and other important points as far as can be ascertained together with illustrations of some of the important types of insects and providing for the publication of said book and the distribution of the same and making an appropriation therefor

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order.

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 383, entitled:

An Act to promote education in economic entomology and aid in the suppression of insect pests and the preservation of birds in Pennsylvania by authorizing the Department of Agriculture to prepare for the public schools of Pennsylvania colored chart showing injurious and beneficial and insectivorous birds of Pennsylvania in their natural colors and stating their common and scientific names food economy and recommendations for their respective destruction or preservation and providing for the publication of said chart and the distribution of the same and making an appropriation therefor

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 391, entitled:

An Act providing for the payment of interest on damages caused by the taking injury or destruction of private property for public use

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 401, entitled:

An Act authorizing George F. Pawling a resident of the city of Philadelphia successor to Bergdoll and Pawling to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 402, entitled:

An Act providing for the payment of judgment and mortgages and other claims which are liens on property affected by public improvements or appropriated by the exercise of the right of eminent domain

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. CLARK. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make reports from Committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. CLARK, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 437, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the 8th day of April, 1833, entitled "An Act relating to last wills and testaments" by conferring the same rights upon the mother as upon the father.

Also from the Committee on Judiciary General reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 438, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the 10th day of June, 1881, entitled "An Act to enable mothers in certain cases to appoint testamentary guardians," by extending certain rights to mothers.

BILL INTRODUCED.

Mr. CLARK. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to read a bill in place at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. CLARK read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 465, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the State Trustees of the Edinboro State Normal School.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. SNYDER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make reports from Committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. SNYDER, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 276, entitled:

An Act directing the county commissioners of the several counties to offer for sale to the Department of Forestry tracts of land which they may have purchased at county treasurers' sales for acceptance or refusal for Forestry purposes, and to convey to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania the tracts so offered to be sold if accepted by the Department.

Also from the Committee on Judiciary Special reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 286, entitled:

An Act to provide for retirement of State employes permanently disqualified by reason of physical or mental disability to perform their official functions and duties, with half pay, under certain conditions, during the remainder of their lives except State employes whose retirement has been or shall be otherwise provided for and the filling of vacancies caused by such retirement.

Also from the Committee on Judiciary Special reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 313, entitled:

An Act relating to the issuance or delivery of certain policies of insurance, providing and requiring certain standard and other provisions in such policies and prohibiting discrimination

Also from the Committee on Judiciary Special reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 404, entitled:

An Act regulating the practice of veterinary medicine including veterinary surgery and veterinary dentistry or any branch thereof, and establishing as incidental thereto a State Board of Veterinary Medical Examiners, and defining its powers and duties

Mr. GRAFF. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from Committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. GRAFF, from the Committee on Banks and Building and Loan Associations, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 288, entitled:

An Act regulating the payment of certain deposits made with any bank trust company or savings institution in the name of two persons

BILL INTRODUCED.

Mr. SCHANTZ. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to read a bill in place at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. SCHANTZ read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 466, entitled:

An Act to amend section nine of the act entitled "An Act providing for the establishment of a State Highway Department by the appointment of a State Highway Commissioner two Deputy State Highway Commissioners, Chief Engineer, Chief Draftsman, Superintendent of highways and a staff of assistants and employes; defining their duties and the jurisdiction of the State Highway Department; and fixing salaries of Commissioner and deputies and other appointees; providing for taking over from the counties or townships of the Commonwealth certain existing public roads connecting county-seats principal cities and towns and extending to the State line; describing and defining same by route numbers as the State Highways of the Commonwealth; providing for the improvement, maintenance and repair of said State Highways solely at the expenses of the Commonwealth and relieving the several townships or counties from any further obligation and expense to improve or maintain the same, and relieving said townships or counties of authority over same; requiring boroughs and incorporated towns to maintain certain State highways wholly and in part; requiring the State Highway Commissioner to make maps to be complete records thereof; conferring authority on the State Highway Commissioner; providing for the payment of damages in taking of property or otherwise in the improvement thereof; providing for purchase or acquiring of turnpikes or toll roads forming all or part of any State Highway and procedure therein, providing for work of improvement of State Highways to be done by contract, except where the State Highway Commissioner decided the work to be done by the State; providing aid by the State to counties and townships desiring the same in the improvement of township or county roads; defining Highways and State-aid Highways; providing

method of application for State aid in the improvement, maintenance and repair of township or county roads and prescribing the contents of township, county, borough or incorporated town petitions; providing for percentage of cost of improvement or repairs to be paid by State county township borough or incorporated town, and requiring contracts by counties townships borough and incorporated towns with Commonwealth governing same; providing for the minimum width of State Highways and State aid Highways and kind of materials to be used in the improvement; providing for payment of cost of improvement and repairs; providing penalty for injuring or destroying State highways, making applications to carry out the provisions of the act and providing for the repeal of certain acts relating to Highway Department and improvement of roads and of all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith; and providing that existing contracts are not affected by provisions of this act," approved the 31st day of May, A. D. 1911, as amended by the first section of an act approved the 11th day of April, A. D. 1913, entitled "An Act to amend section nine of the act, entitled 'An Act providing for the establishment of a State Highway Department by the appointment of a State Highway Commissioner, two Deputy State Highway Commissioners, Chief Engineer, Chief Draftsman, Superintendent of Highways and a staff of assistants and employes; defining their duties and the jurisdiction of the State Highway Department, and fixing salaries of Commissioner and deputies and other appointees, providing for taking over from the counties or townships of the Commonwealth certain existing public roads connecting county seats principal cities and towns and extending to the State line; describing and defining same by route numbers as the State highways of the Commonwealth; providing for the improvement, maintenance and repair of said State highways solely at the expense of the Commonwealth and relieving the several townships or counties from any further obligation and expense to improve or maintain the same and relieving said townships or counties of authority over same, requiring boroughs and incorporated towns to maintain certain State highways wholly and in part; requiring the State Highway Commissioner to make maps to be complete records thereof; conferring authority on the State Highway Commissioner; providing for the payment of damages in taking of property or otherwise in the improvement thereof; providing for purchase or acquiring of turnpikes or toll roads forming all or part of any State highway and procedure therein; providing for work of improvement of State highways to be done by contract except where the State Highway Commissioner decides the work to be done by the State; providing aid by the State to counties and townships desiring the same in the improvement of township or county roads; defining highways and State-aid highways; providing method of application for State aid in the improvement, maintenance and repair of township or county roads, and prescribing the contents of township county borough or incorporated town petitions; providing for percentage of cost of improvement or repair to be paid by State county township borough or incorporated town and requiring contracts by counties townships boroughs and incorporated towns with Commonwealth governing same; providing for the minimum width of State highways and State-aid highways and kind of materials to be used in improvement; providing for payment of cost of improvement and repairs; providing penalty for injuring or destroying State highways; making applications to carry out the provisions of the act; and providing for the repeal of certain acts relating to Highway Department and improvement of roads and of all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith and providing that existing contracts are not affected by provisions of this act,' approved the 31st day of May, A. D. 1911; by defining the method of taking testimony in proceedings for the condemnation of turnpikes and toll roads; providing for the appointment of stenographers therefor and the compensation of the same, and the compensation of viewers; providing a method for compelling the Commonwealth to pay the damages assessed for the taking of the same," by extending the act to include toll bridges.

Which was committed to the Committee on Public Roads and Highways.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. ENDSLEY. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from Committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. ENDSLEY, from the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 454, entitled:

An Act to amend section nine of an act to regulate the practice of osteopathy in the State of Pennsylvania; to provide for the establishment of a State Board of Osteopathic Examiners; to define the powers and duties of said Board of Osteopathic Examiners; to provide for the examining and licensing of osteopaths in this State, and to provide penalties for the violation of this act, approved the 19th day of March, A. D. 1909, as amended by an act approved the 11th day of May, A. D. 1911; providing for the licensing of certain practitioners now known as registered osteopaths.

The PRESIDENT (Lieutenant-Governor Frank B. McClain) in Chair.

CONGRATULATIONS TO SENATOR CROW.

The PRESIDENT. The beautiful and appropriate emblem upon the desk of the Senator from Fayette, reminds me that this is the forty-fifth anniversary of his natal day. I congratulate the Senator from Fayette and voice the unanimous and heartfelt sentiments of his colleagues in this Senate, of which the Senator from Fayette is so useful and important a member, when I say may the feet of Time linger by him; may the seasons of all the days of his life be summers, and the sunlight of health, happiness and prosperity sweep down his pathway and cast no shadows.

COMMUNICATIONS FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Chair cleared his table and laid before the Senate communications in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which were read as follows:

TRUSTEES TO ADMINISTER THE LAW PROVIDING PAYMENTS TO INDIGENT, WIDOWED OR ABANDONED MOTHERS.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, March 9, 1913.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen: In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons to be Trustees to administer the law providing payments to indigent, widowed or abandoned mothers, for the county of Erie, for the term of one year to be computed from the date of confirmation:

Mrs. Jessie Wheeler Armstrong, Erie.
Mrs. Johanna A. Royer, Erie.
Mrs. Margaret Guth, Erie.
Mrs. Kate Wurzbach, Erie.
Mrs. Blanche O. Drew, Girard.
Mrs. Margaret Lee, North East.
Mrs. Helen Hatch, Union City.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

NOTARIES PUBLIC.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, March 10, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen: In conformity with law I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons to be Notaries Public for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, for the term of four years, to compute from the date of their confirmation:

COLUMBIA COUNTY.

John R. Diemer, Catawissa.

LUZERNE COUNTY.

Gomer W. Morgan, Edwardsville.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY.

Chas. H. Allen, Philadelphia.
J. Howard Arnold, Philadelphia.
W. Whitney Ball, Philadelphia.
Thomas Descane, Philadelphia.
Alexander R. Staples, Philadelphia.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, March 10, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen: In conformity with law I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons to be Notaries Public for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, for the term of four years, to compute from the dates set opposite their names, respectively:

LUZERNE COUNTY.

Nicola Ciotola, Hazleton, March 11, 1915.

LYCOMING COUNTY.

Harry E. Shelley, Williamsport, March 20, 1915.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY.

Samuel E. Gardiner, Philadelphia, March 13, 1915.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, March 9, 1913.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen: In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, Frank J. Faust to be a justice of the Peace in and for the Township of Lowhill, County of Lehigh, to serve until the first Monday of January, 1916, vice John J. Peters, resigned.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

JUDGE OF THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS OF ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I ask that in addition to the names indicated by the Clerk for confirmation, there be included the name of J. McF. Carpenter, Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of Allegheny County as a compliment to him.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

EXECUTIVE SESSION.

By unanimous consent,

A motion was made by Mr. CROW,

That Rule 38 which requires nominations made by the Governor to be referred to proper committees be dispensed with, and the Senate do now resolve itself into executive session, for the purpose of acting on the foregoing nominations,

Which was agreed to,

Whereupon,

A motion was made by Mr. CROW,

That the Senate do advise and consent to said nominations.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—46.

Beidleman,	Graff,	McConnell,	Smith, R. E.,
Buckman,	Gyger,	McKee, W. S.,	Smith, W. W.,
Burke,	Hackett,	McNichol,	Snyder, C. A.,
Catlin,	Hilton,	Miller,	Snyder, P. W.,
Clark,	Hindman,	Mills,	Sones,
Croft,	Hoke,	Moore,	Sproul,
Crow,	Jenkins,	Patton,	Stewart,
Daix,	Kline,	Phipps,	Tompkins,
DeWitt,	Kurtz,	Schantz,	Vare,
Endsley,	Lynch,	Semmens,	Warner,
Farley,	Magee, C. J.,	Sensenich,	Wasbers,
Gerberich,	Martin,		

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Governor be informed accordingly.

RECESS.

Mr. VARE. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now take a recess for ten minutes.

Mr. PATTON. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

AFTER RECESS.

The PRESIDENT. The time of recess having elapsed, the Senate will be in order.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

Mr. VARE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to read bills in place at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. VARE read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 467, entitled:

An Act to amend the second section of an act entitled "An Act to establish an Intermediate Court of Appeal; regulating its constitution, officers, jurisdiction, powers, practice and its relation to the Supreme Court and other courts, providing for the reports of its decisions the compensation of the judges and other officers and the practice and costs on appeals from its judgment," approved the 24th day of June, A. D. 1895.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 468, entitled:

An Act supplementing and amending section nine of an act, entitled "An Act establishing a court for the County of Philadelphia; prescribing its jurisdiction and powers providing for the service of its writs process or warrants by the proper officers of the county or city of Philadelphia, regulating the procedure therein and appeals therefrom and providing for the expenses thereof" approved the 12th day of July, 1913, by increasing the amount of salary to be paid to the chief probation officer and two additional probation officers.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. VARE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make reports from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. VARE, from the Committee on Municipal Affairs, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 319, entitled:

An Act to regulate the taking of private property for municipal or public purposes.

Also from the Committee on Municipal Affairs reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 452, entitled:

A supplement to an act approved the 27th day of June, 1913, entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation, regulation and government of cities of the third class; regulating nomination and election of municipal officers therein; and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto."

The PRESIDENT (Lieutenant-Governor Frank B. McClain) announced that the Chief Clerk having reported that the following bills had passed both houses of the General Assembly and the same being correct, the titles were publicly read as follows:

Senate Bill No. 2, entitled:

An Act to amend the first section of an act approved the twenty-eighth day of March one thousand eight hundred and twenty entitled "An Act relative to mortgages" by requiring purchase money mortgages to be recorded within ten days in order to have priority of lien

Senate Bill No. 21, entitled:

An Act to validate deeds mortgages and other instruments of writing which have been defectively acknowledged by husband and wife prior to the fourth day of January one thousand nine hundred and fifteen

Senate Bill No. 29, entitled:

Amending sections eight and nine of an act entitled "An Act to establish a county court for the County of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof" approved the fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven as amended by changing the practice of the court with regard to trial by jury and by providing that appeals from the judgment of the court in all civil actions shall be taken by leave of the court of common pleas and prescribing the practice and the powers of the court of common pleas in such cases

Senate Bill No. 36, entitled:

An Act authorizing the surrender and delivery of mortgages and writings obligatory secured thereby given to the Commonwealth and the satisfaction of the record thereof when full payment has been made

Whereupon,

The PRESIDENT (Lieutenant-Governor Frank B. McClain) in the presence of the Senate signed the same.

ADJOURNMENT.

Mr. JENKINS. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now adjourn until next Monday evening, at 9:30 o'clock.

Mr. WASBERS. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The Senate adjourned at 12:35 o'clock P. M. until Monday evening, March 15, 1915, at 9:30 o'clock.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

WEDNESDAY, March 10th, 1915.

The House met at 10:00 o'clock A. M.

The SPEAKER (Charles A. Ambler) in the Chair.

PRAYER.

The Chaplain, Rev. F. W. Staley, offered the following prayer:

Almighty God, we thank Thee that we can come into Thy presence with the same freedom as a little child comes into the presence of the devoted parent; and as that devoted parent is so willing to grant the requests of the little child so Thou, O Father, art the more willing to grant our requests when we present them to Thee. We pray Thee then this morning that Thou wouldst let a divine blessing rest upon every member and employe of this House. We would pray for those who are absent on

account of sickness, and may they realize how dependent they are upon Thee for the health of the body and the health of the soul. Bless them in their homes and bless them in their families, and may they speedily be restored to health, and may we all have ringing in our minds contsantly "Surely goodness and mercy shall follow us all the days of our lives, and we will dwell in the House of the Lord forever," we ask for Christ's sake, Amen.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the Journal of yesterday's proceedings.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of yesterday's proceedings, when, on motion of Mr. Ramsey, the further reading was dispensed with, and the Journal was approved.

BILLS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED.

By Mr. STERN. House Bill No. 848.

An Act to fix the salaries of district attorneys, and providing for the appointment of assistant district attorneys, and creating the office of first assistant district attorney in the several counties of the Commonwealth having over one million two hundred thousand inhabitants; prescribing the powers and duties and fixing the salaries of the said assistant district attorneys and the first assistant district attorney

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. WYLIE. House Bill No. 849.

An Act amending Section 3 of an act entitled "An Act to prohibit the receiving and detaining of children in Almshouses and Poor Houses, and to provide for the care and education of such children" approved the thirteenth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three, by extending same to poor districts now maintaining almshouses and hospitals for the treatment of indigent tubercular and insane persons

Referred to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

By Mr. SCHAEFFER. House Bill No. 850.

An Act making a burgess of a borough eligible to the office for the next succeeding term.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

By Mr. HAMILTON. House Bill No. 851.

An Act providing a uniform rate of assessment and taxation for all real estate in cities of the second class.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

By Mr. STEIN. House Bill No. 852.

An Act providing for the registration of ownership to real estate in cities of the second class for the use of said cities to facilitate the assessment, levy and collection of taxes and municipal claims in such cities, authorizing the preservation and use of records heretofore employed in such cities for such purposes.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. E. E. JONES. House Bill No. 853.

An Act making an appropriation to the Trustees of the State Hospital for the Criminal Insane at Farview, Wayne County, and authorizing the Board of Trustees to perform certain work in connection therewith.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. McVICAR. House Bill No. 854.

An Act to amend the ninth section of an act entitled "An Act to establish a county court for the County of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties; regulating the procedure therein, and providing for the expenses thereof," approved the fifth day of May, A. D., one thousand nine hundred and eleven, as amended and supplemented by an act, entitled: "An Act amending and supplementing section nine of an act, entitled 'An Act to establish a county court for the County of Allegheny, and prescribing its powers and duties; regulating the procedure therein, and providing for the expenses thereof,' approved the fifth day of May, one thousand nine hundred and eleven; by requiring the appellant in appeals to pay the costs in the county court, and give bail for compliance with the final judgment, and fixing the final liability for costs in appeals in certain cases; providing for an appeal in forma pauperis, prescribing under what circumstances appeals shall operate as a supersedeas, requiring notice to the opposite party when appeals are allowed by the common pleas court, and requiring the appellant, in cases where the appeal is from judgment on a verdict, to first obtain leave of the common pleas court to take appeals, and prescribing the practice in such cases," approved the twenty-third day of May, A. D., one thousand nine hundred and thirteen, by providing that, from a final judgment of the court of common pleas upon a writ of certiorari issued from it to the county court, an appeal may be taken to the superior court as from other final judgments in the said court.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. STEIN. House Bill No. 855.

An Act requiring the Secretary of the Senate and the Chief Clerk of the House to send copies of bills, calendars and legislative journal to law libraries of over eight this Commonwealth having a population of over eight hundred thousand and less than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants as computed by the last preceding United States Census.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. LIPSCHUTZ. House Bill No. 856.

An Act fixing the salary of the messenger in the Legislative Reference Bureau.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. LEIGHNER. House Bill No. 857.

An Act providing for the amendment of the pleadings in civil courts of common pleas in this Commonwealth, and for the payment of costs when same is allowed.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. ALCORN. House Bill No. 858.

An Act making an appropriation for the DuBois Hospital of DuBois, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. WOOD. House Bill No. 859.

An Act to apportion the State into Representative Districts.

Referred to the Committee on Legislative Apportionment.

By Mr. KUHN. House Bill No. 860.

An Act to amend an act, approved the twenty-ninth day of April, one thousand nine hundred thirteen, entitled "An Act applicable to all counties of this Commonwealth, to provide monthly payments, as approved, by the trustees, to indigent, widowed, or abandoned mothers, for partial support of their children in their own homes. The manner of appointment of the trustees; the administration of the trust; amount of appropriations, proportioning appropriations, co-ordinate appropriations; amounts to be paid, form of records, eligibility, penalties, and reports, as set forth.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. RICH. House Bill No. 861.

An Act making an appropriation to the State Trustees of the Lock Haven State Normal School.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. RICH. House Bill No. 862.

An Act making an appropriation to the State Board of Education for the liquidation of certain mortgage indebtedness assumed by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in the purchase of certain State Normal Schools.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. SNYDER. House Bill No. 863.

An Act imposing a tax for county purposes on each qualified elector, providing for a rebate in certain cases, incidentally imposing duties on election officers and county commissioners and prescribing penalties.

Referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. WOBENSMITH. House Bill No. 864.

An Act making an appropriation to the Providence General Hospital located between Germantown and Roxborough, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

REPORT OF TRUSTEES OF MOTHERS' ASSISTANCE FUND OF CLINTON COUNTY.

The Chair laid before the House the detailed report of the Trustees of the Mothers' Assistance Fund of Clinton County.

(For Report see Appendix).

PETITIONS.

FAVORING CONSTRUCTION OF DYKE.

Mr. LINDSEY presented the petitions of sundry citizens of Brokenstraw Township, Warren County, praying for the construction of a dyke.

RELATIVE TO DEER SEASON.

Mr. SPANGLER presented two petitions from the citizens of York County relative to the season for shooting deer.

Referred to the Committee on Game.

FAVORING LOCAL OPTION.

Mr. BRUMBAUGH presented the petition of sundry citizens of Blair County favoring the passage of a local option bill.

Referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

LEAVES OF ABSENCE.

Mr. OSTRANDER asked and obtained leave of absence for Mr. Habgood, for the balance of the day.

Mr. McCURDY asked and obtained leave of absence for Mr. Brumbaugh, for the balance of the week.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 197, entitled:

An Act to amend section one thousand three hundred ten of an act entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith" approved the eighteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven

The first section was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section one thousand three hundred ten of an act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania et cetera approved May eighteen Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred eleven which reads as follows

"Section 1310 The Superintendent of Public Instruction shall select such places and time for holding examinations for permanent State certificates as will in his judgment reasonably accommodate all parts of the Commonwealth The Superintendent of Public Instruction shall annually appoint an Examining Board of superintendents or teachers who are holders of State certificates for each place where such examinations are to be held The members of said Examining Boards shall be reimbursed by the State for all expenses necessarily incurred in conducting such examinations but shall receive no further compensation therefor" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 1310 The Superintendent of Public Instruction shall select such places and times for holding examinations for permanent State certificates as will in his judgment reasonably accommodate all parts of the Commonwealth The Superintendent of Public Instruction shall annually appoint an Examining Board of superintendents or teachers who are holders of State certificates for each place where such examinations are to be held The members of said Examining Boards shall be reimbursed by the State for all expenses necessarily incurred in conducting said examination and shall receive reasonable compensation for the labor involved No applicant for a permanent State certificate shall be charged an examination fee

On the question,

Will the House agree to the Section?

Mr. SHOWALTER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Section 1, line 4. After the word "act" insert the words entitled "An Act."

Section 1, line 6. After the word "Pennsylvania" insert the following: "together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof, providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general, special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith," "approved the eighteenth day of May,"

Section 1, line 6. Strike out the words "et cetera approved May eighteenth"

Section 1, line 9. Strike out the word "time" and insert "times."

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendments?

They were agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The title was read and agreed to as follows:

An Act to amend section one thousand three hundred ten of an act entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith" approved the eighteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 683, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Hospital for the Insane at Danville Pennsylvania

Whereas by reason of an epidemic of Apthous Fever commonly known as Foot and Mouth Disease existing in the livestock in certain barns on lands of the trustees of the State Hospital for the Insane at Danville Pennsylvania a corporation existing under the laws of the State of Pennsylvania owned and controlled by said State all livestock on said premises were quarantined by order of the Livestock Sanitary Board of said State That said quarantine was so proceeded in that on or about January thirteenth one thousand nine hundred and fifteen all cattle and hogs on said quarantined premises were ordered to be and were killed disinfected and buried and all stabling and barn apparatus in which said livestock was housed were so ordered to be and were torn out and destroyed

That pursuant to law said livestock and destroyed barn equipment were appraised by said Livestock Sanitary Board and by duly qualified representatives of the Government of the United States as follows Livestock less salvage or price received for meat and hides sold seven thousand eight hundred sixty-six dollars and ninety cents ($7,866.90) expense allowed in killing one hundred fifty-six dollars and ten cents ($156.10) total eight thousand and twenty-three dollars ($8,023.00) of which amount the Government of the United States is liable for four thousand eleven dollars and fifty cents ($4,011.50) and the State of Pennsylvania for three thousand six hundred thirty-one dollars and fifty cents ($3,631.50) being fifty per centum (50%) of the value less excess of value over legal limit of indemnity namely three hundred and eighty dollars ($380.00) the total of National and State liability being seven thousand six hundred and forty-three dollars ($7,643.00) and that the value of barn and pig-pen equipment destroyed is two thousand six hundred forty-four dollars and seventy-five cents ($2,644.75) That the sum of nineteen thousand eight hundred dollars ($19,800.00) will be required to replace the livestock so quarantined and killed and to refurnish and supply the barn equipment so destroyed

That said institution is without livestock and barn equipment and without funds to replace the same It is thus required daily to buy large quantities of milk and is without means of using large quantities of feed and roughage now stored in is barns and is without adequate means of storage for a large acreage of growing crops

That under the law said indemnity is payable to the Treasurer of the State of Pennsylvania and cannot be paid to or used by said trustees of the State Hospital for the Insane at Danville Pennsylvania without specific appropriation therefore

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in

General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of nineteen thousand eight hundred dollars ($19,800.00) or so much therof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the trustees of the State Hospital for the Insane at Danville Pennsylvania for the following purposes

For purchasing dairy cows the sum of eleven thousand dollars ($11,000)

For purchasing breeding bulls the sum of five hundred dollars ($500.00)

For purchasing breeding hogs four hundred and sixty dollars ($460.00)

For purchasing shoats for the production of pork for current year one thousand five hundred and forty dollars ($1,540.00)

For purchasing material and work necessary in refurnishing stables and housing necessities for live stock in main barn the sum of three thousand dollars ($3,000)

For purchasing material and work necessary in refurnishing stables and housing necessities for live stock in barn number two the sum of three thousand dollars ($3,000.00)

For purchasing material and work necessary in refurnishing for housing necessities of hogs in present hog pens the sum of three hundred dollars ($300.00)

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 240, as follows:

An Act creating a reward or bounty for the destruction of certain noxious animals killed within the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania providing a method for the payment of the same and providing the method of furnishing evidence of said destruction and penalties for the violation of the several provisions hereof

Whereas, frauds have been perpetrated upon the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania under the act of July twenty-five one thousand nine hundred and thirteen (Pamphlet Laws one thousand and thirty-six) in the collection of bounties for the destruction of animals and birds purporting to be the animals and birds mentioned in said act and large sums of money have been illegally obtained from the Commonwealth thereunder therefore

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from and after the passage of this act a reward or bounty shall be paid by this Commonwealth for the killing within the Commonwealth only of the following noxious animals For each wildcat the sum of six dollars for each fox the sum of two dollars for each weasel the sum of one dollar and for each mink the sum of one dollar

Section 2 It shall be the duty of any person who having killed within this Commonwealth one or more of the animals named in section one of this act and being desirous of securing the reward or bounty named for such killing as fixed by section one of this act to produce such slain animal or animals or the entire pelt thereof before any game protector of any justice of the peace or alderman or magistrate within this Commonwealth and to make affidavit that he or some member of his family naming such person killed the same naming it stating clearly the approximate time of such killing and the fact that the place where such animal was killed naming it was within the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and that such animal was not reared in captivity

(a) Upon the production of such animal or pelt and the making of such affidavit before a game protector such official shall in the presence of the party making such affidavit split the skin of the face of the animal from between the eyes through the end of the nose and shall return the pelt or skin thus mutilated to the person presenting same and shall fill out in the name of the party making such affidavit a cerificate directed to the Secretary of the Board of Game Commissioners at Harrisburg setting forth clearly the fact that the provisions of this act have been complied with giving the name of the animal killed the name of the person killing it the approximate time it was killed and as nearly as possible the name of the place and county within the Commonwealth where it was thus killed and that such animal was not reared in captivity and the said game protector shall forward to the office of the Secretary of the Board of Game Commissioners at Harrisburg the certificate and the affidavit so taken by him

(b) Where the affidavit required by this act is made before a justice of the peace or alderman or magistrate such official shall include in one affidavit all claims for bounty that may be made by one person at one time not to exceed five and shall receive in full for services rendered a fee of twenty-five cents where but one animal is named in such affidavit Where more than one animal is named in one affidavit the fee shall be fifty cents such fee in all cases to be paid by the claimant for bounty The affidavit shall preferably be made upon forms to be provided by the Board of Game Commissioners on demand by any justice of the peace or alderman or magistrate within this Commonwealth and all affidavits of this character shall in all cases clearly set forth the name of the animal killed for which a bounty is claimed the name of the person killing same the approximate time when such animal was killed and as nearly as possible the name of the place and county within this Commonwealth where same was killed and that such animal was not reared in captivity Upon the completion of such affidavit and the payment of the fee as above stated the justice of the peace or alderman or magistrate shall deliver said affidavit and skin or pelt brought before him to the claimant for bounty who shall as soon as may be forward such affidavit and the skin or pelt of the animal or animals for the killing of which a bounty is claimed and named in in such affidavit to the Secretary of the Board of Game Commissioners at Harrisburg It shall be the duty of the justice of the peace or alderman or magistrate before whom any claim for bounty is made to examine all skins or pelts presented to him so that he may judge of the legality of the claim made but such official shall not split the face of any such skin or in any manner mutilate same

Section 3 Upon the receipt of such affidavit or such certificate or both in proper form the Secretary of the Board of Game Commissioners being satisfied that the skins or pelts presented to him are the skins or pelts of animals for the killing of which a bounty is offered by this act and that such claims are in all respects legitimate shall return to the owner thereof all skins or pelts received by him and shall at least once a month draw his requisition upon the Auditor General in favor of the persons named in said affidavits or certificates received by him for the amount to which each claimant may be entitled against the fund hereinafter disignated paid into the State Treasury pursuant to the provisions of the act of April seventeenth one thousand nine hundred and thirteen (Pamphlet Laws eighty-five) from hunters' license fees fines and penalties collected under the provisions of said act which by section twelve thereof are paid into the State Treasury and kept "as a fund separate and apart solely for the purpose of wild bird and game protection and for the purchase and propagation of game under the supervision of the Board of Game Commissioners of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and the payment of bounties under the provisions of law" which part of said fund devoted to the payment of bounties together with such other moneys as may pursuant to other laws of this Commonwealth be paid into the State Treasury for the payment of bounties is hereinafter designated as "Fund for the Payment of Bounties"

Section 4 The Auditor General upon presentation to him of the requisition of the Secretary of the Board of Game Commissioners shall draw his warrant upon the State Treasurer against the fund hereinafter designated received from the hunters' license fees fines and penalties and other laws of this Commonwealth as set out in the third section of this Act of Assembly and hereinafter designated "fund for the payment of bounties"

Section 5 Pursuant to section twelve of the Act of April seventeenth one thousand nine hundred and thirteen pamphlet laws eighty-five providing for the licensing of hunters which provides "It being specifically provided that fifty per centum of any fund returned to the State through or because of the provisions of this act or so much of said fifty per centum as may be needed shall be applied by the Legislature at its biennial sessions to the payment of bounties" one-half of the said sum hereafter received from all hunters' license fees fines and penalties under the provisions of said act of Assembly and all other fines and penalties set apart under any other laws of this Commonwealth for the payment of bounties are hereby directed to be placed by the State Treasurer in a separate and special fund to be designated and known as "fund for the payment of bounties" and all of the moneys placed in said fund are declared to be available as soon as paid into the State Treasury and are hereby specifically appropriated for the payment of the bounties as provided by this act and the Auditor General shall charge against the said fund all warrants drawn by him for the payment of bounties and the State Treasurer is directed to pay out of said fund all of the warrants so drawn by the Auditor General Provided That the office expenses clerk hire postage et cetera necessary to the performance of the extra duties imposed by this act upon the Board of Game Commissioners shall be a charge against the fund created by this act and shall be paid upon requisition of the secretary of said board in the same form and manner as requisitions for bounty are paid

Section 6 The game protectors of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania are hereby authorized and empowered to administer the oath necessary to the proving of the claims made as provided by the section two of this act but no charge for administering such oath is to be made by any of said game protectors

Section 7 No person shall at any time be paid a bounty for the killing of any animal named in this act the front of the face of which is split before presentation to the persons authorized to take affidavits under the provisions of this act and no person shall at any time collect or attempt to collect a second bounty for the killing of any animal under the provisions of this act or shall attempt to collect such bounty through the presentation of the skin or carcass or any part thereof of an animal not named in this act or through deception of any character and it shall be unlawful for any person in this Commonwealth to present for the purpose of securing the bounty

provided for by this act the skin or carcass or any part thereof of an animal that has been reared in capivity or the skin or carcass of any part thereof of any animal killed or captured outside of this Commonwealth Each and every person who shall wilfully or fraudlently collect or attempt to collect any reward or bounty provided for by this act to which he or they are not legally entitled under the provisions of this act or shall aid or abet or assist in any capacity official or otherwise in an attempt to defraud the State through the collection or payment of any reward or bounty provided for by this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall in addition to the penalty that may be imposed for perjury where a false affidavit is made be sentenced to pay to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania a fine of not less than one hundred dollars or more than five hundred dollars or in default of the payment thereof with costs shall suffer an imprisonment in the common jail of the county in which the affidavit is made for a period of one day in jail for each dollar of fine imposed and unpaid

Section 8 The act of July twenty-fifth one thousand nine hundred and thirteen pamphlet laws one thousand and thirty-six entitled "An Act creating a reward or bounty for the destruction of certain noxious animals and birds killed within the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania providing a method for the payment of the same by the several counties of the Commonwealth which in turn are to be reimbursed by the Commonwealth and providing penalties for violation of its several provisions" is hereby repealed and all other acts or parts of acts inconsistent with this act are also hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILL RE-COMMITTED.

Mr. PHILLIPS. Mr. Speaker, I move that this bill be recommitted to the Committee on Game.

Mr. BROSIUS. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 274, as follows:

An Act amending section two thousand and thirty-five of an act entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith" approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven and relating to the management of State normal schools purchased by the Commonwealth

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section two thousand and thirty-five of an act entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing the penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith" approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven which reads as follows namely

Section 2035 Upon the conveyance of the property of any State normal school to the Commonwealth said school shall be managed by a board of nine trustees residents of the normal school district in which said school is located to be appointed by the State Board of Education three to serve until the first Monday of the first ensuing July three to serve until the first Monday of the second ensuing July and three to serve until the first Monday of the third ensuing July and each year thereafter three to serve for three years but all such trustees shall continue to serve until their successors are appointed A majority of the members thereof shall be a quorum for the transaction of business at any meeting of such board The State Board of Education may remove any trustee at any time All vacancies in such board shall be filled for the unexpired terms by the State Board of Education" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows namely

Section 2035 Any State normal school the property of which has heretofore been or may hereafter be conveyed to the Commonwealth shall be managed by a board of trustees consisting ex-officio of the county superintendents of the counties composing the State normal school district in which such school is located and the district superintendents of districts therein having a population in excess of ten thousand as shown by the last preceding decennial census A majority of the members of such board duly convened shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 119, as follows:

An Act to provide for the better protection and preservation of game game quadrupeds and game-birds in Pennsylvania and prescribing penalties for violation of its several provisions

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hedeby enacted by the authority of the same That whenever because of a violation of any provisions of this act a person shall be convicted for a first offense and a penalty be imposed and the defendant shall neglect or refuse to immediately pay said amount together with the costs of prosecution in lawful money of the United States he shall at once be committed to the common jail of the county for a period of one day for each dollar of penalty imposed unless he shall enter into good and sufficient recognizance to pay said penalty and costs within a period of ten days after the date of his said conviction or shall certiorari the proceedings or shall carry the case to a higher court on appeal as provided for in this act

For the second or any other offense after the first offense the defendant shall upon conviction in addition to the penalty prescribed for the first offense suffer an imprisonment of one day in jail for each dollar of penalty imposed Provided That in every case of a conviction for violation of any provision of this act wherein a defendant suffers imprisonment in lieu of a cash payment of the penalty imposed all traps guns shooting paraphernalia boats decoys and other appliances used in violation of the law and found or proven to have been either in possession or under control of the defendant at the time of such violation shall be and they are hereby declared forfeited to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and shall be sold under the direction of the Board of Game Commissioners and the money thus secured be applied by them first to the payment of the cost incurred and the balance be deposited with the State Treasurer to be held in a fund separate and apart solely for the purpose of game and wild bird protection and propagation the defendant being entitled to a credit of one day off his imprisonment for each dollar so deposited for the first offense only.

Section 2. There shall be no hunting for or shooting at or chasing of game upon the first day of the week commonly called Sunday Each and every person violating any provision of this section shall upon conviction be liable to a penalty of twenty-five dollars for each and every offense

Section 3 That from and after the passage of this act the open season for the wild turkey ruffed grouse commonly called pheasant Virginia partridge commonly called quail woodcock ring-necked pheasants Hungarian quail and the birds commonly called black-birds the gray black and fox squirrel the wild rabbit and the hare shall be from the fifteenth day of October to the thirtieth day of November both days inclusive

The open season for raccoon shall be from the fifteenth day of October to the thirty-first day of January both days inclusive

The open season for bear shall be from the fifteenth day of October to the fifteenth day of December next following both days inclusive

The open season for deer shall be from the first day of December to the fifteenth day of December next following both days inclusive

Section 4 It shall be unlawful to sell or offer for sale or have in possession for sale any elk or deer or wild rabbit or hare or gray or black or fox squirrel or any part of such animals that have been caught taken or killed in a wild state in this Commonwealth or to sell or offer for sale or have in possession for sale any wild turkey or ruffed grouse commonly called pheasant or any Virginia partridge commonly called quail or any woodcock killed either within or outside of this Commonwealth or to sell or offer for sale or have possession for sale any ring-neck pheasant or Hungarian quail killed in this Commonwealth in a wild state Provided however deer or elk or Belgian or German hare or any ring-necked pheasant raised strictly in captivity and killed within such place of confinement without being released in the Commonwealth at large may be killed at any time regardless of sex or age and may be sold within the Commonwealth at any time either dead or alive under the rules and regulations regarding the marking and tagging of game as now fixed by law relating to game raised in private preserves

Section 5 That it shall be unlawful for any person to kill in one day more than one wild turkey or more than five ruffed grouse or more than eight Virginia partridges commonly called quail or more than ten woodcock or more than four ring-neck pheasants or more than four Hungarian quail or more than one bear or more than six squirrels of the combined kinds mentioned in section three of this act

or more than ten wild rabbits or more than three hare or to kill in any one week considering the week to begin on Monday morning and ending Saturday night more than one wild turkey or more than twenty ruffed grouse or more than twenty-five Virginia partridges commonly called quail or more than twenty woodcock or more than ten ring-neck pheasants or more than ten Hungarian quail or more than one bear or more than twenty of the combined kinds of squirrels named in section three of this act or more than thirty wild rabbits or more than fifteen hares or to kill in any one season more than two wild turkeys or more than thirty ruffed grouse or more than forty Virginia partridges commonly called quail or more than thirty wood-cock or more than twenty ring-neck pheasants or more than twenty Hungarian quail or more than forty squirrels of the combined kinds named in section three of this act or more than one bear or more than sixty wild rabbits or more than thirty hare or more than one deer which in every instance shall be a male deer with horns or antlers extending not less than two inches above the hair Provided That when it is proven to the satisfaction of the Board of Game Commissioners that either deer or elk or rabbits are excessively destroying property and thereby becoming a nuisance in any section of the State the said Board of Game Commissioners shall have authority to at any time remove said animals from that neighborhood or to have the same killed as the case may require

Section 6 Except as provided for by the laws of this Commonwealth relating to the taking of quadrupeds and birds under the authority of the Board of Game Commissioners either by certificate or otherwise each and every person taking or killing or wounding or attempting to take kill or wound any quadruped or bird given protection by this act at a time other than that time fixed by this act as the open season for such quadruped or bird or that may be of a kind the killing of which is not specifically permitted by this act or that may be killed in excess of the number permitted by this act or that may be had in possession or be disposed of contrary to the provisions of this act shall upon conviction be liable to a penalty of one hundred dollars for each deer taken killed or wounded or attempted to be taken killed or wounded contrary to the provision of this act Each and every person violating any provision of this act relating to the taking of squirrels or rabbits or hare or raccoon in this State shall upon conviction be liable to a penalty of ten dollars for each squirrel or rabbit or hare or raccoon so taken killed or wounded or attempted to be so taken killed or wounded and each person who shall sell or attempt to sell or have in possession for sale an elk or deer or wild rabbit or hare or squirrel or part thereof killed in a wild state in this Commonwealth shall be liable to a penalty of two hundred dollars for each elk and one hundred dollars for each deer and ten dollars for each rabbit or hare or squirrel or part thereof so sold offered for sale or had in possession for sale and twenty-five dollars for each wild turkey ruffed grouse commonly called pheasant Virginia partridge commonly called quail or wood-cock killed either within or outside of this Commonwealth and twenty-five dollars for each ring-neck pheasant or Hungarian quail killed in a wild state within this Commonwealth sold offered for sale or had in possession for sale each and every person who shall take kill or wound or attempt to take kill or wound a bear contrary to the provisions of this act shall be liable to a penalty of fifty dollars and each and every person who shall take kill wound or attempt to take kill or wound a game bird given protection by this act at any time except during that time fixed as the open season for such game bird by this act or who shall take or kill such birds in excess of the daily weekly or yearly limit fixed for such birds by this act shall be liable to a penalty of twenty-five dollars for each bird taken killed wounded or attempted to be taken killed or wounded contrary to any provision of this act

Section 7 It shall be unlawful for any person in this Commonwealth to kill game of any description for wages or hire or in evasion of this provision and to that end it shall be unlawful for any person acting as a guide to deliver or in any manner cause to be delivered to the benefit of his employer game of any description killed in this Commonwealth or for the employer of a guide to receive game of any description killed by such guide while in his employ Each and every person who acting as a guide shall violate any provision of this section shall be liable to a penalty of one hundred dollars for each deer and twenty-five dollars for each game bird and ten dollars for each rabbit or hare or squirrel he may kill and apply to the benefit of his employer and each employer accepting game of any description killed by a person employed as a guide shall be liable to a penalty of one hundred dollars for each deer and twenty-five dollars for each game bird and ten dollars for each rabbit or hare or squirrel he may thus receive

Section 8 It shall be unlawful for any person in this Commonwealth to ship game of any description by Parcel Post or to ship by express or as freight or baggage or by common carrier of any description any bird or animal or part thereof commonly known as game killed in this Commonwealth or for any common carrier in this Commonwealth to transport game of any kind from one county to another county in this Commonwealth excepting where such game is accompanied by the owner thereof or is carried upon the same train with such owner and where such game is of a kind commonly known as small game the same shall be carried upon the person or openly as hand baggage without cover in such manner as to be easily seen and inspected or when carried in baggage or boxed for shipment each package or box or receptacle of any description containing game shall have attached thereto a card bearing in English the name of the person owning same with the place of his residence the name of the county wherein same was killed and the number of each species of small game birds or animals contained in said package

Where the game shipped is of the kind commonly known as large game the carcass shall in all instances have attached a card bearing the name and address of the owner with the name of the county wherein same was killed Where large game is cut up for shipment each division thereof shipped uncovered and each package of every description containing any part of such game shall have attached a card bearing in English the name of the owner of such game with his home address and the character of the contents of such package so that such contents may be determined by an outside inspection of such package

Each and every person who shall transport or attempt to transport a game animal or game bird of any description or part thereof contrary to any provision of this section shall be liable to a penalty equal in amount to the penalty imposed by this act for the killing such animal or bird during the close season and each and every person acting for himself or for another or as the agent of a common carrier who shall knowingly or negligently receive game for transportation contrary to the provisions of this act shall be liable to a penalty of twenty-five dollars for each offense

Section 9 That from and after the passage of this act it shall be unlawful for any person in this Commonwealth to breed or sell ferrets or in any manner to offer to sell ferrets or to have such animals in possession except by virtue of a license to be issued by the Board of Game Commissioners of this Commonwealth which said license may be issued by the Board of Game Commissioners upon application made by any person and the payment of twenty-five dollars upon the part of a breeder of or dealer in ferrets and one dollar upon the part of such person as may desire to own a ferret without breeding same Each and every person violating any provision of this section shall upon conviction be liable to a penalty of twenty-five dollars for each ferret bred for sale sold or in any manner offered for sale or had in possession contrary to the provisions of this section Each and every ferret found in possession of any person in this Commonwealth contrary to the provisions of this section shall upon conviction of such person or his acknowledgment of guilt be immediately destroyed by any officer of the State whose duty it is to protect the game and wild birds of this Commonwealth and it shall be the right of any citizen of the Commonwealth to kill a ferret when found at large and beyond the control of its owner

Section 10 It shall be unlawful for any person in this Commonwealth to take or kill or wound or to attempt to take or kill or wound any game bird protected by this act or any deer or bear or rabbit or hare or squirrel except through the use of a gun held in the hands of the hunter Provided That as a protection to growing crops vegetables and fruit trees rabbits may be killed by the owner of lessee of lands or by the employe of such owner or lessee upon which lands such animals may be committing depredations at any time and in such manner as may be best suited to secure the desired end

Provided also That it shall be lawful to use steel traps not to exceed in size a standard No. 3 in this Commonwealth for the purpose of taking wild cats and other wild animals classed as vermin so long as such traps are not set where rabbits and other protected game may be caught in such traps

Each and every person violating any provision of this section shall upon conviction be liable to a penalty of one hundred dollars for each deer and fifty dollars for each bear and ten dollars for each rabbit or hare or squirrel and twenty-five dollars for each game bird killed or wounded or attempted to be killed or wounded contrary to the provisions of this Section

Section 11 Each and every magistrate justice of the peace and alderman within this Commonwealth shall have the power of summary conviction in matters pertaining to violation of any of the provisions of this act All actions for violations of any of the provisions of this act except where the defendant is taken in the act of violating the law or in a pursuit immediately following such violation shall be commenced by affidavit made within two years after the date of such violation and any magistrate justice of the peace or alderman in this Commonwealth on complaint made before him by affidavit by one or more persons of a violation of any of the provisions of this act by any person is hereby authorized and required to issue his warrant under his hand and seal directed to any constable police officer game protector or any officer of the Commonwealth whose duty it is to protect the game and wild birds of the Commonwealth and cause such person to be brought before him such magistrate justice of the peace or alderman who shall hear the evidence and determine the guilt or innocence of the person accused and if such person be convicted of the offense charged he shall be sentenced to pay the full penalty prescribed by the section violated together with the costs of prosecution All penalties thus recovered in cases where the prosecutor is a salaried officer of the Commonwealth shall be immediately surrendered by the court receiving the same to the prosecutor who in turn as soon as may be shall forward or deliver such amount in full to the secretary of the Board of Game Commissioners at Harrisburg Where any citizen of the Commonwealth other than a salaried officer is the prosecutor one-half of any penalty thus collected shall be paid to such prosecutor by the court re-

ceiving the same and the remaining one-half shall be as soon as the case is fully determined before him forwarded by such magistrate justice of the peace or alderman to the Secretary of the Board of Game Commissioners at Harrisburg together with a statement of the cause for which such money shall have been collected the cost of which statement is hereby fixed at fifty cents and made a part of the costs of prosecution and it shall be the duty of said Secretary of the Board of Game Commissioners to at least once a month make return of moneys thus collected to the State Treasurer who shall keep the moneys thus collected as a fund separate and apart solely for the purpose of wild bird and game protection and for the purchase and propagation of game under the supervision of the Board of Game Commissioners of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and for the payment of bounties under the provisions of law The several purposes to which the fund so received by the State Treasurer shall be applied to be clearly designated by an act of the Legislature either in the general appropriation act or by separate appropriation for the payment of bounties Either the prosecutor or defendant being dissatisfied with the finding of the magistrate justice of the peace or alderman in a trial for a violation of any provision of this act shall be entitled to an appeal under the provisions of section fourteen of article five of the Constitution and the laws of Pennsylvania relating thereto which said court on the conviction of the defendant of such offense and his failure to pay the penalty in full imposed by this act together with the costs of prosecution shall commit such defendant to the common jail of the county for one day for each dollar of penalty imposed Provided That any person caught in the act or charged with a violation of any provisions of this act may at his discretion either before or after the bringing of the suit sign an acknowledgment of the offense committed and pay to any duly authorized game protector or deputy game protector the penalty in full as fixed by the section violated together with costs if any to date and the receipt which he shall receive therefrom and which in all instances shall bear the imprint of the seal of the Board of Game Commissioners and the signature of its Secretary shall be evidence of full satisfaction of the offense committed

Section 12 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act insofar as they relate to the various subjects and conditions considered by this act and specifically changed by its provisions are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. McVICAR. Mr. Speaker, I move that House Bill No. 572, entitled:

An Act creating a division of Distribution of Documents defining its powers and duties regulating the printing binding and distribution of the public documents of this Commonwealth and providing penalties for the violation of this act

be recommitted to the Committee on Printing.

Mr. HENRY I. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 414, as follows:

An Act authorizing the Legislative Reference Bureau to continue the work commenced under the provisions of an act approved the twentieth day of May one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act directing the Legislative Reference Bureau to prepare compilations or codes by topics of the existing general laws of this Commonwealth for adoption or rejection by the General Assembly fixing the powers and duties of the bureau therein fixing the compensation of the assistant director and making an appropriation therefor" fixing the powers and duties of the bureau therein fixing the duties and compensation of the assistant director and making an appropriation

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the Legislative Reference Bureau is directed to continue the work commenced by it under the provisions of an act approved the twentieth day of May one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act directing the Legislative Reference Bureau to prepare compilations or codes by topics of the existing general laws of this Commonwealth for adoption or rejection by the General Assembly fixing the powers and duties of the bureau therein fixing the compensation of the assistant director and making an appropriation therefor" and to report to the next session of the General Assembly for adoption or rejection such codes codification and compilations as shall have been completed by the bureau

Section 2 The bureau is authorized to employ such experts learned in the law or otherwise and such clerical and stenographical help as the bureau may deem necessary in carrying out the provisions of this act

The printing and binding deemed necessary by the director in the proper performance of the duties herein imposd shall be done by the State Printer upon order of the Superintendent of Public Printing and Binding upon requisition of the director of the bureau

Section 3 The work shall be done under the special supervision of the assistant director of the bureau learned in the law who shall receive therefor in addition to his regular salary the sum of one thousand dollars a year for the two years one thousand nine hundred fifteen and one thousand nine hundred sixteen

Section 4 To enable the bureau to continue said work the sum of thirty-five thousand dollars ($35,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the Director of the Legislative Reference Bureau

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 517, as follows:

An Act prohibiting any city county or municipality from imposing or collecting any license fee or tax upon insurance companies or their agents or insurance brokers licensed to transact business by the Insurance Commissioner

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from and after the passage of this act it shall be unlawful for any city county or municipality to impose or collect any license fee or tax upon insurance companies or their agents or insurance brokers authorized to transact business under an act approved the first day of June nineteen hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to establish an Insurance Department authorizing the appointment of an Insurance Commissioner and prescribing his powers and duties also providing for the licensing examination regulation and dissolution of insurance and surety companies and associations and for the licensing and regulation of insurance agents and insurance brokers also providing for the collection of fees and prescribing penalties for the violation of any of the provisions of this act and repealing all existing acts"

Section 2 That all acts or parts of acts inconsistent with this act be and the same are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 457, entitled:

An Act to amend section two of an act entitled "An Act for the better protection of the wild birds known as the turtle or mourning dove the kill-deer plover and the bird commonly called the blackbird in Pennsylvania and prescribing penalties for violation of its provisions" approved the twenty-first day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen Pamphlet Laws eight by extending the power to destroy birds commonly called blackbirds

The first section was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section two of an act entitled "An Act for the better protection of the wild birds known as the turtle or mourning-dove the killdeer plover and the bird commonly called the blackbird in Pennsylvania and prescribing penalties for violation of its provisions" approved the twenty-first day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen Pamphlet Laws eight which reads as follows

"Section 2 Except as provided by the law of this Commonwealth it shall be unlawful for any person at any time to take or kill or wound or to attempt to take or kill or wound either a turtle or mourning-dove or a killdeer plover or one of the birds commonly called black-birds in this Commonwealth or to have such dove or such plover or such blackbird or any part of either bird in possession under a penalty of ten dollars for each bird either dove or plover or blackbird taken or killed or wounded or at-

tempted to be taken or killed or wounded or had in possession in this Commonwealth or in lieu thereof to suffer an imprisonment in the common jail of the county for a period of one day for each dollar of penalty imposed and unpaid Provided That blackbirds may be killed by the owners of land when caught in the act of destroying either the eggs or young of other birds or fruit or berries or grain upon such property" be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. LANDIS. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend Section 1, Line 12, by striking out the word "law" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "laws"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to,

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The second section and title were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 2 Except as provided by the law of this Commonwealth it shall be unlawful for any person at any time to take or kill or wound or to attempt to take or kill or wound either a turtle or mourning-dove or a killdeer plover or one of the birds commonly called blackbirds in this Commonwealth or to have such dove or such plover or such blackbird or any part of either bird in possession under a penalty of ten dollars for each bird either dove or plover or blackbird taken or killed or wounded or attempted to be taken or killed or wounded or had in possession in this Commonwealth or in lieu thereof to suffer an imprisonment in the common jail of the county for a period of one day for each dollar of penalty imposed and unpaid Provided That those birds commonly known as blackbirds may be killed by the owner or lessee of lands in this Commonwealth or by the legitimate employe of such owner or lessee when upon the property under their control such birds may be destroying either the eggs or young of other birds or growing crops or grain or fruit or berries and the Board of Game Commissioners shall have authority to direct the killing of those birds commonly called blackbirds when satisfied that such birds have from any cause become a nuisance in the section wherein they may be located

An Act to amend section two of an act entitled "An Act for the better protection of the wild birds known as the turtle or mourning-dove the killdeer plover and the bird commonly called the blackbird in Pennsylvania and prescribing penalties for violation of its provisions" approved the twenty-first day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen Pamphlet Laws eight by extending the power to destroy birds commonly called blackbirds

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 678 (Senate Bill No. 111) entitled:

Authorizing cities of the first and second classes to appropriate city funds for the maintenance of historical societies.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 430, as follows:

An Act making county commissioners overseers of the poor in certain counties and regulating their compensation and expenses.

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That in counties where the whole county is a poor district having a population not exceeding fifty thousand inhabitants the county commissioners shall be the overseers of the poor and shall be subject to all the duties and have all the powers imposed or provided by law on or for poor directors

Section 2 In such counties the poor directors in office at the passage of this act shall serve as poor directors jointly with the county commissioners until their respective terms shall expire Thereafter overseers of the poor or poor directors shall not be elected in such counties but the county commissioners shall act as provided in section one of this act

Section 3 Each county commissioner in such counties acting as overseer of the poor shall receive an annual salary out of the county treasury and receive annual expenses actually and necessarily incurred not exceeding the respective amount set forth below

In counties containing ten thousand inhabitants or less a salary of five hundred dollars expenses one hundred dollars

In counties containing over ten thousand but less than twenty thousand inhabitants a salary of seven hundred fifty dollars expenses one hundred fifty dollars

In counties containing over twenty thousand but less than thirty thousand inhabitants a salary of one thousand dollars expenses two hundred fifty dollars

In counties containing over thirty thousand but less than fifty thousand inhabitants a salary of twelve hundred dollars expenses two hundred fifty dollars

Section 4 The salaries set forth in the preceding section shall be paid quarterly and shall be in lieu of all other compensation as county commissioner or as overseers of the poor or both The expenses shall not be allowed unless an itemized account is rendered and verified by said officers presenting such expense account for payment

Section 5 All acts and parts of acts general local and special inconsistent with or supplied by this act including all acts general local or special providing for the election and appointment and compensation of poor directors in such counties are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILL ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 622, as follows:

An Act fixing a method of adjusting boundary lines of municipalities and townships

Section 1 Be is enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That where the common boundary lines of two municipalities or of a municipality and a township or of two townships passes through a plan of lots the municipalities or townships as the case may be shall change the line as soon as practicable so that it shall pass along the center of a public highway

Section 2 The change above required when agreed upon shall be fixed by ordinance of the two municipalities or of the two townships or of the municipality and township as the case may be The ordinance shall not be valid unless it receive the vote of two-thirds of the members of council of the municipalities or a majority of the township commissioners of townships of the first class or two of the township supervisors as the case may be and in the case of a municipality unless it receive the approval of the executive of the municipality A copy of the ordinance duly certified together with a certified plan of the change made in the line shall be filed in the office of the clerk of the court of quarter sessions within thirty days after the passage of the ordinance Any taxpayer of the municipality or township may appeal from such ordinance to the court of quarter sessions In case of such appeal the court has authority to make such orders or decrees as to right and justice shall appertain

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. WAGNER. Mr. Speaker, I would like to interrogate the gentleman from Allegheny county, Mr. Howarth.

The SPEAKER. Will the Gentleman from Allegheny permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. HOWARTH. Mr. Speaker, I will.

Mr. WAGNER. Mr. Speaker, I would like to have the gentleman explain his bill.

Mr. HOWARTH. Mr. Speaker, the object of this bill is to eliminate all the difficulties that have arisen by reason of borough lines previously established running through a plan of lots that were laid out afterwards. The property owners that have their lots divided by a borough line have had to pay taxes in two different boroughs, have had to straighten out many complications up to the present time and it makes it a hardship on the property owners. I have heard many of them express their opinion that they would like to have that eliminated and this bill is drawn up for that purpose, to help each property owner to have his lot assessed in a particular borough. The bill states that it is not compulsory to be in any section or any other

borough but it is left to a two-thirds majority, a good majority of the borough's council or the township commissioner that are affected and after that any citizen has a right to appeal to the court if he thinks he has not been treated right, but I feel safe in saying that no citizen will ever appeal to the court.

Mr. STEEDLE. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, this bill to my mind is a bill directly in opposition to that which the people of the County of Allegheny and especially those contingent to the City of Pittsburgh have unalterably opposed and fought in this House for the last three or four sessions. I disagree with the gentleman from Allegheny when he says that many people who own such properties have appealed for a correction of his so-called evil in the paying of taxes in a township and a borough. The scope of this bill may take in a considerable territory and I believe it is the right of the people of any borough or any township to say by vote on it, whether they shall or whether they shall not become a part of another borough or a city or another township. Now this gives a man who owns property no redress only by appealing to court and in many instances, council and councilmen, as you all know, for some particular reasons are oftimes misled, and for some unknown cause will do as some large corporations or a large land company would have them do. Now the council in my borough, which I represent, in Allegheny county, objects seriously to this bill because they feel that they should not be compelled to settle a dispute of this kind. Therefore I hope that the House, in its wisdom, will grant us the right, as taxpayers of our borough and of our respective township, to decide whether we shall or shall not become a part of any other borough or any other township, or if you please, the City of Pittsburgh. Furthermore, in this bill it specifically states that if two-thirds of the members of council shall vote affirmatively on both sides that it shall pass, that it shall be agreed that this switch may be made. I am of the opinion, not as an attorney, but I believe that in specifying that in the act, you are taking the constitutional right away from the Burgess in his veto. Therefore, I believe that even if this House should pass the bill that the bill in itself is not constitutional. I hope that this House will not pass this bill at this time.

Mr. HOWARTH. Mr. Speaker, I take excepton to that last remark from the gentleman from Allegheny, that the bill will not be constitutional. In the Municipal Corporation Committee we thrashed that out, and the question was asked that we send to Allegheny and get the opinion of the Allegheny County Solicitor as to its constitutionality. Mr. Stein, of Allegheny, attended to that and found that the bill was entirely constitutional beyond a question.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—39.

Adams,	Cromer,	Kuhn,	Pickering,
Arnold,	Davis,	Lauler,	Robertson,
Aron,	Dawson,	Luxemburger,	Shoop,
Arthur,	Fackler,	Mangan,	Staving,
Barnett,	Goodyear,	Mather,	Stein,
Beck,	Gormley,	McCaig,	Sullivan,
Becker,	Gransback,	Mearkle,	Swan,
Bergy,	Hamilton,	Palmer,	Walter,
Beyer,	Howarth,	Phillips,	Wettach,
Coldsmith,	Klinger,		

NAYS—105.

Alexander,	Goodnough,	McDermott,	Spencer,
Baker,	Graham,	McVicar,	Steedle,
Baldwin,	Harper,	Mellott,	Stern,
Benn,	Heffernan,	Metzenbacher,	Stone,
Blackburn,	Herman,	Milliron,	Swartz,
Body,	Heyburn,	Murdoch,	Taylor,
Bovee,	Hollern,	Murphy,	Trach,
Brosius,	Hollingsworth,	Myers,	Twibill,
Brownlee,	Horton,	Nieder,	Urich,
Bungard,	Hubler,	Nissley,	Vickerman,
Campbell, T.,	Jones, E. E.,	Oaks,	Wagner,
Christman,	Kunkle,	Ostrander,	Watson,
Conner,	Lafferty,	Powell,	Weimer,
Corbin,	Landis,	Ramsey,	Weir,
Cox,	Lanius,	Reynolds,	West,
Diefenderfer,	Lauer,	Richards,	Whitaker,
Dodds,	Leighner,	Rininger,	Whitten,
Drinkhouse,	Lindsey,	Rothenberger,	Willard,
Dunn,	Lipschutz,	Rudisill,	Williams,
Eby,	Love,	Sampsel,	Wilson, H. I.,
Eppley,	Luppert,	Sarig,	Wilson, W. H.,
Flynn,	Lynch,	Scott,	Wobensmith,
Gallagher,	Marvin,	Shaffer,	Wood,
Geiser,	Maurer,	Sinclair,	Wylie,
Gibson,	McClintock,	Smith, L.,	Wynne,
Gingery,	McConnell,	Sones,	Ambler,
Gompers,	McCurdy,		Speaker.

Less than the majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the negative and the bill falls.

BILLS SIGNED BY SPEAKER.

The SPEAKER announced that the Chief Clerk having reported that the following bills had passed both Houses of the General Assembly and same being correct, the titles were publicly read as follows:

SENATE BILL NO. 30.

An Act amending section seven of an act entitled "An Act to establish a county court for the county of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof" approved the fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven as amended by changing the practice in desertion and non-support cases

SENATE BILL NO. 27.

A further supplement to an act entitled "An Act to establish a county court for the county of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof" approved the fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven constituting the said court the juvenile court of said county and prescribing its organization jurisdiction and powers therein and otherwise

Whereupon,

The Speaker in the presence of the House signed the same.

Mr. GIBSON asked and obtained unanimous consent to report a bill from committee at this time.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. GIBSON, from the Committee on Agriculture, reported as amended, House Bill No. 722, entitled:

An Act regulating the manufacture and sale of commercial fertilizers.

Mr. GARNER. Mr. Speaker, I would like very much to go home this afternoon at half past three——

The SPEAKER. The Chair hears no objection.

Mr. GARNER. ——but if there are any investigations going on I would like to hear the men now. I am not going to run away, but unless I hear it now I will go home at half past three.

The SPEAKER. The Chair assures the gentleman he can safely go home at half past three.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE.

Mr. OAKS asked and obtained leave of absence for himself for the balance of the week.

BILLS RE-REFERRED.

Mr. RONEY. Mr. Speaker, I desire to move at this time for the re-reference of House Bills Nos. 323, 324, 326, 378 and 379, which were referred to the Committee on Ways and Means and House Bill No. 325, which was referred to the Committee on Public Roads, to the Committee on Municipal Corporations. These bills simply relate to local taxation in cities of the second class. I think they properly belong in the Municipal Corporations Committee and I therefore move for the re-reference of these bills to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

Mr. CONNER. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

RECESS.

The SPEAKER. The House will take a recess until 4:30 o'clock this afternoon at which time we will have reports of committees and also take up bills on first reading. The Chair desires to state that we will hold a session tomorrow morning.

AFTER RECESS.

The House reconvened at 4:30 o'clock P. M.

The SPEAKER (Charles A. Ambler) in the Chair.

The Chair asked and received unanimous consent to refer the following bills:

BILLS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED.

By Mr. W. H. WILSON. House Bill No. 865.

An Act relating to the assessment of real estate for taxation.

Referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. STERN. House Bill No. 866.

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-fifth day of May, one thousand eight hundred ninety-seven, entitled "An Act to provide for the maintenance, care and treatment of the indigent insane in county and local institutions," as amended.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. WYLIE. House Bill No. 867.

An Act conferring authority upon the commissioners of the counties respectively within this Commonwealth to appropriate money for the maintenance of such indigent residents of the county as may be patients in a hospital or sanatorium of any district in the county which has been erected and equipped according to plans and specifications approved by the Department of Health of Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Counties and Townships.

By Mr. E. E. JONES. House Bill No. 868.

An Act to regulate the operation of motor vehicles for public use in the transportation of persons and the issuance of licenses therefor; to prescribe the qualifications of the owners and drivers or operators thereof; to define certain rights and duties and fixing penalties for the violation of this act ;and to provide revenue from the operation of such vehicles for the maintenance of streets and highways.

Referred to the Committee on Public Roads.

PETITIONS.

PROTESTING AGAINST REPEAL OF FULL CREW LAW.

The SPEAKER presented the petition of Keystone Lodge No. 42, Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen, of Harrisburg, protesting against the passage of the Full Crew Law repealer.

Also the petition of Reading Lodge No. 762, Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen, protesting against the passage of the Full Crew Law repealer.

Also the petition of Glenwood Division No. 281, Order Railway Conductors, of Pittsburgh, protesting against the passage of the Full Crew Law repealer.

Also the joint petition of the Allentown Order of Railway Conductors Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen, protesting against the passage of the Full Crew Law repealer.

Also the petition of the R. B. Hawkins Division No. 114, Order of Railway Conductors, of Pittsburgh, protesting against the passage of the Full Crew Law repealer.

Which were referred to the Committee on Railroads.

Also,

PROTESTING AGAINST PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL NO. 511.

The petition of the Washington County Federation of Catholic Societies protesting against the passage of House Bill No. 511, known as "The Oak's Private Institution Inspection Act."

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Also,

FAVORING PASSAGE OF CHILD LABOR BILLS.

The petition of F. Cooper Pullman and sundry other citizens of Montgomery County favoring the passage of an eight-hour day and no night work for children under sixteen years of age.

Referred to the Committee on Labor and Industry.

The Chair also laid before the House the following communication, which was read by the Clerk:

The Americus Republican Club of Pittsburgh,
March 8th, 1915.

Hon. Chas. A. Ambler,
Speaker of the House of Representatives,
Harrisburg, Pa.

Dear Sir: At the regular stated meeting of the members of the Americus Republican Club, held Saturday evening, March 6th, 1915, the following was unanimously adopted:

"Resolved, That the Americus Republican Club endorse the act introduced or about to be introduced in the Legislature of Pennsylvania, repealing the non-partisan feature of our election laws, and that the Secretary of the club send a copy of this action to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives, with the request that such action be taken thereon as they shall deem best; also, that this action be handed to the public press."

Very truly yours,
(Signed) STANLEY R. L. NEELY,
Secretary.

Referred to the Committee on Elections.

REPORT OF TRUSTEES OF MOTHERS' ASSISTANCE FUND OF PHILADELPHIA COUNTY.

The Chair laid before the House the report of the Trustees of the Mothers' Assistance Fund of Philadelphia County. (For Report see Appendix).

COMMUNICATION FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The private secretary of the Governor being introduced presented the following communication from the Governor, which was read as follows:

APPROVAL OF RESOLUTION.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, March 10, 1915.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen: I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed a Resolution of the Senate and House of Representatives, providing for official representation at the launching of the United States Battleship "Pennsylvania," at Newport News, Virginia, on the sixteenth day of March, 1915.

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

APPOINTMENT OF COMMITTEE TO ATTEND LAUNCHING OF THE BATTLESHIP PENNSYLVANIA.

The SPEAKER. In accordance with the resolution just signed by the Governor, the Chair desires to say that you have given him the most embarrassing job since the session was opened, and that is to select fifteen members to go to Newport News. I would be very glad if I were able to appoint every one of you to go, but unfortunately that cannot be. I have appointed the following gentlemen: The gentleman from Allegheny, Mr. Woodward; the gentleman from Allegheny, Mr. Vickerman; the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. McNichol; the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Walsh; the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Conner; the gentleman from Erie, Mr. Bovee; the gentleman from Fayette, Mr. Sinclair; the gentleman from Franklin, Mr. Walters; the gentleman from Huntingdon, Mr. Dell; the gentleman from Lackawanna, Mr. Dawson; the gentleman from Lancaster, Mr. Rhoads; the gentleman from Lehigh, Mr. Rinn; the gentleman from Luzerne, Mr. Adams; the gentleman from Montour, Mr. West, and the gentleman from Northumberland, Mr. Geiser.

SENATE MESSAGE.

HOUSE BILL CONCURRED IN BY SENATE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced returned bill from the House of Representatives, numbered and entitled as follows:

House Bill No. 213:

An Act validating certain ordinances of cities and boroughs and the contracts or payments made in pursuance thereof

with the information that the Senate has passed the same without amendment.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. LAUER, from the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, reported as committed, House Bill No. 459, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-fourth day of May, one thousand eight hundred eighty-seven, entitled "An Act to regulate the practice of pharmacy and sale of poisons, and to prevent adulterations in drugs and medicinal preparations, in the State of Pennsylvania," as amended.

Mr. McNICHOL, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed, House Bill No. 850, entitled:

An Act making a burgess of a borough eligible to the office for the next succeeding term.

Mr. OSTRANDER, from the Committee on Counties and Townships, reported as committed, House Bill No. 770, entitled:

An Act relative to the burial of the bodies of certain indigent deceased widows at the county expense.

Mr. STERN, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 785, entitled:

An Act authorizing the board of public charities to appoint two additional assistant general agents, and prescribing their duties.

Mr. STERN, from the Committee on Elections, reported as committed (Senate Bill No. 79), House Bill No. 533, entitled:

An Act prohibiting any member or employe of any bureau or department having charge of police and fire protection of any cities of the first class from taking any active part in politics, political movements or elections, from canvassing election precincts or from interfering with elections or from using his office to influence politics, political movements or elections, and providing penalties for violation thereof.

Mr. LAFFERTY, from the Committee on Elections, reported as committed, House Bill No. 550, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-third day of May, one thousand eight hundred ninety-three, entitled "An Act to authorize the election of a burgess for three years in the several boroughs of the Commonwealth who shall not be eligible to the office for the next succeeding term; and providing that such officer shall not be a member of the town council, giving him the power to veto ordinances; providing for the election of a presiding officer of councils and abolishing the office of assistant burgess."

Mr. BEYER, from the Committee on Municipal Corporations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 323, entitled:

An Act repealing an act entitled "An Act amending article six of an act entitled 'An Act for the government of cities of the second class,' approved the seventh day of March, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one, as amended by an amendatory act, approved the first day of April, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine, and as affected by an act entitled 'An Act providing a uniform rate of assessment and taxation for all real estate in cities of the second class,' approved the eleventh day of May, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven; by providing for the classification of real estate for purposes of taxation into two classes, to wit, the buildings on land, and the land exclusive of buildings, and by providing for the assessment of a less tax upon the buildings than upon the land exclusive of the buildings, in cities of the second class," approved May fifteenth, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen.

Mr. HARPER, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 789, entitled:

An Act giving to dependent neglected incorrigible delinquent and other children committed to the care custody or control of any institution or citizen or training school or industrial school or any association wiling to receive them or to any other person or persons by any court of this Commonwealth sitting as a Juvenile Court or any judge or magistrate sitting as such the right to reviews and rehearings on petition of their parent or parents or next friend requiring the testimony to be made a part of the record and providing for appeals to the Superior Court.

Mr. BROSIUS, from the Committee on Game, reported as amended, House Bill No. 674 (Senate Bill No. 162), entitled:

An Act providing for the establishment regulation and maintenance by the Board of Game Commissioners of State Game Preserves on the Forestry Reservations and elsewhere and providing penalties for violation of this act

Mr. GLASS, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed House Bill No. 747, entitled:

An Act amending the first section of an act approved the twenty-fifth day of May, one thousand nine hundred and seven, entitled "An Act authorizing the Board of Public Charities to appoint two assistant general agents, and prescribing their duties."

Mr. GLASS, from the Committee on Municipal Corporations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 696 (Senate Bill No. 181), entitled:

An Act authorizing and empowering municipalities to construct and for this purpose to procure locations therefor by purchase or condemnation proceedings in fee simple as herein provided or to acquire by lease or purchase and to maintain and operate underground street passenger railways or subways whether the same be wholly within or partly within and partly without the limits of the municipality and also street passenger railways or elevated railways connecting therewith or exchanging passengers with said underground street railway and to lease the underground stret railway and any surface or elevated street railway connecting therewith to corporations or individuals with the right in the municipalities to charge an additional sum for each passenger using the subway to meet the interest and sinking fund charges on the cost of the subway and conferring upon said municipalities all the rights and powers conferred upon corporations under which the act of June seventh one thousand nine hundred and one entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and government of passenger railways either elevated or underground or partly elevated or partly underground with surface rights (pamphlet laws five hundred and twenty-three) and supplements and amendments thereto."

Mr. SONES, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed, House Bill No. 481, entitled:

An Act to repeal an act approved the fifteenth day of June, one thousand eight hundred seventy-one, entitled "An Act relating to the assessment of damages for the appropriation of land for public use."

Mr. TWIBILL, from the Committee on Judiciary Local, reported as committed, House Bill No. 416, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the eighth day of May, one thousand nine hundred and thirteen, entitled "An Act regulating the appointment, confirmation, duties, salary and expenses of county detectives, in counties containing not less than three hundred thousand nor more than seven hundred thousand inhabitants," by extending its provisions to counties having a population of two hundred thousand inhabitants, but not more than seven hundred thousand inhabitants, and by repealing section three of the act.

Mr. LEIGHNER, from the Committee on Counties and Townships, reported as committed, House Bill No. 814 (Senate Bill No. 215) entitled:

An Act vesting in county commissioners certain powers relative to public monuments.

Mr. EBY, from the Committee on Game, reported as committed, House Bill No. 665, entitled:

A Joint Resolution directing the publication of the pamphlet containing the game, fish and forestry laws.

Mr. EBY, from the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, as amended, House Bill No. 349 (Senate Bill No. 4), entitled:

An Act relating to persons habitually addicted to the use of alcohol or drugs and providing for the care and treatment of such persons at the expense of the county and State if indigent.

Mr. LINDSEY, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed, House Bill No. 623, entitled:

An Act giving district attorneys authority with the approval of the court of quarter sessions of the proper county, or any judge thereof, to employ expert and special witnesses to assist in the preparation and trial of criminal cases, to employ special investigators and detectives, and to employ persons to assist in apprehending and extraditing fugitives from justice, and to determine the compensation of said witnesses, investigators, detectives and persons, and to approve the bills of the same and authorizing the payment of said bills out of the treasury of the proper county

Mr. STEIN, from the Committee on Municipal Corporations, reported as committed House Bill No. 379, entitled:

An Act empowering cities of the second class to levy and collect for general revenue purposes license taxes or fees upon poles, wires, cables, conduits, pipes, tracks, vaults and other appliances and apurtenances under, upon, over, or through the public streets, ways, alleys, wharves and properties thereof.

Mr. WALTON, from the Committee on Municipal Corporations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 378, entitled:

An Act empowering cities of the second class to levy and collect for general revenue purposes, license taxes or fees upon railroad switches, turn-outs, tracks and sidings upon the public streets, ways, alleys, wharves and properties of said cities

Mr. WALTON, from the Committee on Municipal Corporations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 324, entitled:

An Act creating additional subjects of taxation in cities of the second class by providing that all real estate in cities of the second class owned or possessed by any corporation shall be subject to taxation for city and school purposes the same as other real estate in said cities

Mr. WALTON, from the Committee on Municipal Corporations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 326, entitled:

An Act amending sections 1, 3, 5 and 6 of an act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act for the government of cities of the second class,' approved the 7th day of March, A. D. 1901, providing for the levy, collection and disbursement of taxes and water rents or rates, and conferring certain powers and duties in reference thereto upon the City Treasurer, the Board of Water Assessors and the Collector of Delinquent Taxes; and repealing certain acts relating to matters herein provided for," approved May 12th, 1911, as amended by an amendment to the first paragraph of the third section of said act approved May 31, 1913, Pamphlet Laws 390, changing the time of the collection of taxes and water rents and the duties of the Board of Water Assessors and City Treasurer and Collector of Delinquent Taxes in reference thereto and the time for the levy and assessment thereof

Mr. HUBLER, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 779, entitled:

An Act to amend the first section of an act, entitled "An Act enabling the libellant in all proceedings for divorce on the ground of desertion to testify to the fact of desertion, and to the efforts made by him or her to induce the respondent to return and resume the marital relation," approved June eighth, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred eleven, by enabling the libellant to testify where the case of divorce is personal abuse or conduct on the part of either the husband or wife as to render the condition of the other intolerable and life burdensome, or when the husband shall have by cruel and barbarous treatment endangered his wife's life or offered such indignities to her person as to render her condition intolerable and life burdensome

Mr. GEARY, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed, House Bill No. 748, entitled:

An Act to amend the third section of an act approved the nineteenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred and eleven, entitled "An Act authorizing the release on probation of certain convicts, instead of imposing sentences; the appointment of probation and parole officers; and the payment of their salaries and expenses; regulating the manner of sentencing convicts in certain cases, and providing for their release on parole; their conviction of crime during parole, and their rearrest and reconviction for breach of parole; and extending the powers and duties of boards of prison inspectors of penitentiaries," so as to authorize the appointment of probation officers, assistant probation officers and clerks

Mr. CROMER, from the Committee on Game, reported as amended, House Bill No. 516, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Board of Game Commissioners for the payment of salaries, traveling expenses, establishment, maintenance and protection of game preserves, feeding, propagation and distribution of game, leasing of land for game preserves and various incidental expenses.

Mr. HOWARTH, from the Committee on Municipal Corporations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 737, entitled:

An Act authorizing municipalities to purchase the entire capital stock of bridge companies owning bridges situated wholly or partly within the limits of such municipalities and exempting the Capital Stock and Bonds of such companies from State taxation.

Mr. BOVEE, from the Committee on Municipal Corporations, reported as committed (Senate Bill No. 180) House Bill No. 694, entitled:

An Act to amend the first, second and third sections of an act approved the eighteenth day of April, one thousand nine hundred and thirteen, entitled "An Act authorizing any county, and city in any county in which the county seat is within the limits of such city to erect a joint county and municipal building; providing for the conditions under which such building may be erected, and for the ownership thereof; providing for the selection of a site for said building, and authorizing said county and city to make a sale or exchange of properties under certain conditions for the purpose of securing such site authorizing the acquisition of additional property for such building by purchase or condemnation, and authorizing the county to issue bonds in payment of any indebtedness incurred for its share of the cost of such building and land," by conferring upon such county and city additional powers relating to the design, construction, use, administration, operation and maintenance of such joint county and municipal building, and also if deemed advisable, for an independent power plant in connection therewith

Mr. RININGER, from the Committee on Corporations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 727, entitled:

An Act to authorize the merger and consolidation of street railway corporations organized under the laws of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, with street railway corporations, organized under the laws of other States, where the lines of said street railway corporations meet at the state line of any State adjoining the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, and form a continuous line with each other and validating all such mergers and consolidations heretofore made

Mr. SHAABER, from the Committee on Municipal Corporations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 668, entitled:

An Act empowering cities of the second class to charge toll or rental for the use of the bridges owned or controlled by said cities

Mr. RINN, from the Committee on Municipal Corporations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 695 (Senate Bill No. 179), entitled:

An Act empowering cities of the second class to construct and maintain street railway tracks and equipment for the operation of street cars and to lease said tracks and equipment upon payment of a reasonable rental to persons or corporations desiring to use the same for the operation of street cars

Mr. COX, from the Committee on Judiciary Local, reported as committed, House Bill No. 636, entitled:

An Act authorizing George S. Smith, a citizen of Huntingdon County, Pennsylvania, to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin County against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

Mr. WOOD, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 648, entitled:

An Act to repeal an act, approved the sixteenth day of March, One thousand eight hundred sixty-seven, entitled, "An Act regulating the salary of the treasurer of Lehigh County."

Mr. LAULER, from the Committee on Municipal Corporations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 738, entitled:

An Act authorizing and empowering cities of the second class to construct underground tubes or subways to be used for pipe galleries or for the operation of street passenger railway lines, either or both, providing for the use thereof by public service corporations, and others, having their tracks, conduits, wires, cables, pipes, and other appliances on the public streets, conferring power upon said cities to compel their use under certain conditions, and providing for the payment of a reasonable rental therefor

Mr. ARTHUR, from the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, reported as committed, House Bill No. 385, entitled:

An Act regulating the practice of drugless therapeutics in the State of Pennsylvania defining the same creating a bureau of licensure therefor and means and methods

whereby the right to practice drugless therapeutics in any of its branches may be obtained any exemptions therefrom providing penalties for violation thereof and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent therewith

Mr. MILLIORN, from the Committee on Game, re-reported as amended, House Bill No. 240, entitled:

An Act creating a reward or bounty for the destruction of certain noxious animals killed within the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania providing a method for the payment of the same and providing the method of furnishing evidence of said destruction and penalties for the violation of the several provisions hereof

Mr. McVICAR, from the Committee on Judiciary General, re-reported as amended House Bill No. 404, entitled:

An Act to amend revise and consolidate the law relating to boroughs

Mr. KUHN, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported with a negative recommendation, House Bill No. 429, entitled:

An Act relating to judgments and assignments thereof and the duties of the prothonotary incidental thereto

Mr. LANIUS, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported with a negative recommendation, House Bill No. 718, entitled:

An Act to enlarge the jurisdiction of justices of the peace to include jurisdiction in action of trespass on the case

Mr. WALTERS, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported with a negative recommendation, House Bill No. 397, entitled:

An Act relative to the sale in bulk of the whole, or a large part, of a stock of merchandise and fixtures, or merchandise, or fixtures, not in the ordinary course of business; providing certain requirements therefor; imposing certain duties upon the seller ;and making their violation a misdemeanor.

Mr. SPANGLER, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported with a negative recommendation, House Bill No. 394, entitled:

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to Section five of Article fourteen of the Constitution of this Commonwealth; providing for the salaries of county officers.

Mr. GEISER, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported with a negative recommendation, House Bill No. 771, entitled:

An Act concerning notaries public who are stockholders, directors, officers or employes of banks, banking institutions, trust companies, or other corporations.

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 196, entitled:

An Act providing for the appointment and expenses of a commission of three persons learned in the law to codify and revise the law of decedents' estates and making an appropriation.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 492 (Senate No. 63) entitled:

An Act relating to moneys heretofore deposited in State Treasury prior to December thirty-first Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen by the State Highway Department as fees for registration of motor vehicles and the licensing of operators and making an appropriation thereof.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 410, entitled:

Joint Resolution authorizing the Printing and binding of the report of the commission to consider the revision and amendment of the penal laws of Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 697, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the fourth day of April one thousand nine hundred and one entitled "An Act fixing the term of office of notaries public regulating the appointment and prescribing certain duties thereof"

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 687, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the ninth day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one entitled "An Act authorizing companies incorporated under the laws of any other state of the United States for the manufacture of any form of iron steel or glass to erect aud maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments and to take have and hold real estate necessary and proper for manufacturing purposes" as amended by extending the same to companies incorporated for the purpose of the manufacture and sale of explosives

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 573, entitled:

An Act to amend section eighteen of an act entitled "An Act providing for the original location laying out and construction of public roads or highways in the several counties of this Commonwealth and for the permanent improvement of certain public roads or highways therein making such originally constructed or improved roads and highways county roads authorizing the relocation opening straightening widening extension and alteration of the same and the vacation of so much of any road as may thereby become unnecessary providing that the county commissioners of any county may prescribe rules regulating the use of roads constructed or maintained by the various counties and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing for the taking of property for such improvement the compensation to be paid therefor and the payment of damages resulting from such taking and the manner in which such damages may be determined providing for the payment of the costs and expenses of such construction or improvement and in thereafter repairing and maintaining said roads authorizing the levy of a tax or the issuing of bonds to provide a fund for the expense thereof prescribing a method for improving a county road lying within or traversing a borough and apportioning the cost of such improvement and authorizing the vacation of any county road" approved the eleventh day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven as the same was amended by an act approved the twelfth day of May one thousand nine hundred and thirteen by authorizing counties to contract with municipalities in the improvement of certain streets of such municipalities connecting with a county road providing for the cost thereof prescribing the method by which the contract for such improvement shall be made and imposing the cost of the maintenance of such streets on the municipalities

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 676 (Senate No. 153) entitled:

An Act to establish and regulate the fees to be charged and collected by sheriffs in counties of this Commonwealth having a population of not less than five hundred thousand nor more than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants as computed by the last preceding United States census the time and manner in which said fees shall be paid the publication and posting of said fees the delivery of an itemized receipt for official fees and legal costs received and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 658, entitled:

Transferring from certain funds to another certain moneys appropriated to the State Livestock Sanitary Board,

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 677 (Senate No. 112) entitled:

An Act to amend the first section of an act entitled "An Act to encourage county historical societies" approved the twenty-first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one so as to provide that the commissioners' board in counties where the population exceeds one million may appropriate a sum not exceeding one thousand dollars annually to the chief historical society in said county

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 637, entitled:

Validating contracts bonds or obligations of or belonging to corporations of other states made entered into or acquired prior to the passage of an act entitled "An Act to regulate the doing of business in this Commonwealth by foreign corporations the registration thereof and service of process thereon and providing punishment and penalties for the violation of its provisions and repealing previous legislation on the subject" approved the eighth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven Pamphlet Laws seven hundred and ten without such corporations first having established known places of business and designated authorized agents for the transaction of their business within this Commonwealth and providing for the enforcement of such contracts bonds or obligations upon the payments of a penalty and taxes to the Commonwealth

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 518, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the agricultural experiment station of the Pennsylvania State College to maintain substations for the purpose of making experiments in the improvement culture curing and preparation of tobacco and providing for the publication of the report thereof

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 483, entitled:

An Act defining paint to prevent deception in sale of paint to provide for true labels for and advertising of the same when offered for sale for the enforcement of this act by the Secretary of Agriculture and penalties for the violation of same.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 331, entitled:

An Act requiring each county having a population of one million five hundred thousand and over to establish a pension fund for employes of said county and regulating the payment of such pensions.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 619, entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act authorizing companies incorporated under the laws of any other state of the United States for the manufacture of any form of iron steel or glass to erect and maintain buildings and manufacuring establishments and to take have and hold real estate necessary and proper for manufacturing purposes' approved the ninth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one extending the same to companies formed for the purpose of quarrying slate granite stone or rocks or for dressing polishing working or manufacturing the same or any of them and to mineral springs companies incorporated for the purpose of bottling and selling natural mineral springs water approved the sixteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three' approved the nineteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one extending the same to companies formed for the purpose of manufacturing and selling chemicals foodstuffs cement and cement products and the quarrying of cement rock" approved May twenty-eight one thousand nine hundred and seven extending the same to companies incorporated for the manufacture buying selling leasing using and operation of electrical apparatus and machinery approved the twenty-third day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven extending the same to companies incorporated for the manufacture of clay into brick tile or other articles and products produced from clay or from clay and other substances mixed therewith

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 92, entitled:

An Act relating to checks and drafts and fixing penalties.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 30, entitled:

An Act relating to the vacation of public roads and their continuance as private roads.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 679 (Senate No. 92) entitled:

An Act requiring certain petitions and papers to be verified before being consideerd by the court

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 834 (Senate No. 237) entitled:

An Act relating to the admission of attorneys-at-law to the Supreme and Superior Courts

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 519, entitled:

An Act to authorize the revising editing and printing of twenty-five thousand copies bulletin number two hundred and nineteen entitled "Increasing the Winter Yield of Eggs" issued by the Department of Agriculture and making an appropriation therefor

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 500, entitled:

An Act to incorporate the Knowlton Turnpike and Bridge Company of Northampton County Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 723, entitled:

An Act to validate appraisements and titles made and effected to surviving husbands and wives by virtue of an act entitled "An Act to amend section one of an act entitled 'An Act relating to the descent and distribution of the estates of intestates passed and approved April eighth one thousand eight hundred and thirty-three defining and declaring the interest that shall descend to and vest in the surviving husband or wife of such intestate' approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine"

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 653, entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to provide for State registration of nurses to establish a State Board of Examiners in connection therewith and to provide penalties for the violation of certain provisions regarding such registration" approved the first day of May one thousand nine hundred and nine providing further regulation as to applications for examination for registration of nurses and the fee chargeable therefor and providing for the making

of reports of training schools for nurses whose competency for instruction is approved by the said board

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 582, entitled:

An Act authorizing municipalities to enter into certain contracts and make appropriations regarding libraries

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 595, entitled:

An Act to provide for the immediate printing and distribution of advance sheets of the laws of this Commonwealth as they are enacted from time to time to persons making application therefor and to certain officials

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,
The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,
The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 544, entitled:

An Act authorizing the adoption of an amortized basis for valuing the bond investments of life insurance companies

The first section was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That all bonds or other evidences of debt held by any life insurance company authorized to do business in this Commonwealth may if amply secured and if not in default as to principal or interest be valued as follows If purchased at par at the par value if purchased above or below par on the basis of the purchase price adjusted so as to bring the value to par at maturity and so as to yield meantime the effective rate of interest at which the purchase was made Provided that the purchase price shall in no case be taken at a higher figure than the actual market value at the time of purchase and provided further that the Insurance Commissioner shall have full discretion in determining the method of calculating values according to the foregoing rule and the values found by him in accordance with such method shall be final and binding Provided also that any such corporation may return such bonds or other evidences of debt at their market value or their book value but in no case at an aggregate value exceeding the aggregate of the values calculated according to the foregoing rule

On the question,
Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by Clerk as follows:

Amend section 1 by inserting after the word "company" in line five the words "or fraternal beneficiary societies."

On the question,
Will the House agree to the amendment?
It was agreed to.
On the question,
Will the House agree to the section as amended?
It was agreed to.

The second section was read as follows:

Section 2 This act shall not be construed to require any life insurance company authorized to do business in this Commonwealth which shall not elect to value its bonds and other evidences of debt by amortization as herein provided to do so but any company electing to adopt the amortized basis shall continue to have its bonds valued upon that basis

On the question,
Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 2 by inserting after the word "company" in line two the words "or fraternal beneficiary societies."

On the question,
Will the House agree to the amendment?
It was agreed to.
On the question,
Will the House agree to the section as amended?
It was agreed to.

The title was read as follows:

An Act authorizing the adoption of an amortized basis for valuing the bond investments of life insurance companies

On the question,
Will the House agree to the title?

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend the title by inserting after the word "companies" the words "or fraternal beneficiary societies."

On the question,
Will the House agree to the amendment?
It was agreed to.
On the question,
Will the House agree to the title as amended?
It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.
Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.
Agreeably to order,
The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,
The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 166, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the payment of the deficiency which has arisen under the provisions of an act approved the thirteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled "An Act to authorize county commissioners for the purpose of encouraging agriculture and the holding of county agricultural exhibitions to pay annually one thousand dollars to the incorporated agricultural association paying premiums on agricultural exhibits holding an annual exhibition in the county providing for the filing of sworn statement by the claimant or claimants with the county commissioners relative to said exhibition and providing for the repayment to the county by the State of the sum so paid

The first section was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of seventeen thousand seven hundred fifty-one and fourteen one hundredths dollars ($17,751.14) or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated for the payment of the deficiency which has arisen under the provisions of an act approved the thirteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled "An Act to authorize county commissioners for the purpose of encouraging agriculture and holding of county agricultural exhibitions to pay annually one thousand dollars to the incorporated agricultural association paying premiums on agricultural exhibits holding an annual exhibition in the county providing for the filing of sworn statement by the claimant or claimants with the county commissioners relative to said exhibition and providing for the repayment to the county by the State of the sum so paid"

On the question,
Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. HESS. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment:

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 1, line 19, by striking out the double quote after the word "paid."

On the question,
Will the House agree to the amendment?
It was agreed to.
On the question,
Will the House agree to the section as amended?
It was agreed to.

The title was read and agreed to as follows:

"An Act making an appropriation for the payment of the deficiency which has arisen under the provisions of an act approved the thirteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled "An Act to authorize county commissioners for the purpose of encouraging agriculture and holding of county agricultural exhibitions to pay annually one thousand dollars to the incorporated agricultural association paying premiums on agricultural exhibits holding an annual exhibition in the county providing for the filing of sworn statement by the claimant or claimants with the county commissioners relative to said exhibition and providing for the repayment to the county by the State of the sum so paid"

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended,
Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

SENATE MESSAGE.

AMENDMENTS TO SENATE BILL CONCURRED IN BY SENATE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced informed that the Senate has concurred in the amendments made by the House of Representatives to Senate Bill No. 36, entitled:

An Act authorizing the surrender and delivery of mortgages and writings obligatory secured thereby given to the Commonwealth and the satisfaction of the record thereof when full payment has been made

BILLS SIGNED BY SPEAKER.

The Speaker announced that the Chief Clerk having reported that the following bills had passed both Houses of the General Assembly and the same being correct the titles were read as follows:

Senate Bill No. 21.

An Act to validate deeds mortgages and other instruments of writing which have been defectively acknowledged by husband and wife prior to the fourth day of January one thousand nine hundred and fifteen

Senate Bill No. 29.

An Act amending sections eight and nine of an act entitled "An Act to establish a county court for the county of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof" approved the fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven as amended by changing the practice of the court with regard to trial by jury and by providing that appeals from the judgment of the court in all civil actions shall be taken by leave of the court of common pleas and prescribing the practice and the powers of the court of common pleas in such cases

Senate Bill No. 2.

An Act to amend the first section of an act approved the twenty-eighth day of March one thousand eight hundred and twenty entitled "An Act relative to mortgages" by requiring purchase money mortgages to be recorded within ten days in order to have priority of lien.

Senate Bill No. 36.

An Act authorizing the surrender and delivery of mortgages and writings obligatory secured thereby given to the Commonwealth and the satisfaction of the record thereof when full payment has been made

Whereupon,
The Speaker in the presence of the House signed the same.

ADJOURNMENT.

Mr. DUNN. Mr. Speaker, I move that the House do now adjourn.

The motion was agreed to and (at 5:00 P. M.) the House adjourned until to-morrow morning at ten o'clock.

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA.

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HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

THURSDAY, March 11th, 1915.

The House met at 10 o'clock A. M.

The SPEAKER (Charles A. Ambler) in the Chair.

PRAYER.

The Chaplain, Rev. F. W. Staley, offered the following prayer:

Almighty God, we thank Thee, that Thou hast placed us in the position to gain great moral and spiritual victories, and we thank Thee that Thou hast given us the armor to gain these victories. Thou hast said unto us "put on the whole armor of God," and we know that we do not wrestle against flesh and blood, against principalities, against powers, against rulers of the darkness of this world, against spiritual wickedness in high places, but we know that in all these things we shall come off more than conquerors, through Him that loved us. Bless us this morning in all our deliberations: bless the Speaker in all his tasks: bless us all in the positions that we occupy, guide us all with Thy Spirit and save us all for Christ's sake, Amen

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the Journal of yesterday's proceedings.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of yesterday's proceedings, when, on motion of Mr. Bauerle, the further reading was dispensed with and the Journal was approved.

BILLS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED.

By Mr. REYNOLDS. House Bill No. 869.

An Act making an appropriation to the Philadelphia Protectory for Boys, Protectory Station, Montgomery County, Pennsylvania

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. GOMPERS. House Bill No. 870.

An Act to amend an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven, entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, together with the provisions by which it shall be administered, and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof; providing revenue to establish and maintain the same, and the method of collecting such revenue; and repealing all laws, general, special or local, or any parts thereof that are or may be in inconsistent therewith."

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Mr. WHITAKER. House Bill No. 871.

An Act authorizing appointments of clerks and stenographers by district attorneys in certain counties, and regulating their compensation out of the county treasury.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

By Mr. WILDMAN. House Bill No. 882.

An Act making an appropriation to the State Board of Osteopathic Examiners to defray expenses proper and necessary to discharge the duties of the said board under and to enforce the law regulating the practice of Osteopathy in the State of Pennsylvania

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. H. I. WILSON. House Bill No. 883.

An Act authorizing the Department of Forestry to grow and distribute young forest trees, and restricting their use after distribution

Referred to the Committee on Forestry.

By Mr. BROSIUS. House Bill No. 884.

An Act prohibiting persons, copartnerships and corporations engaged in the manufacture, sale, bottling, distilling, brewing or compounding of vinous, spirituous, malt or brewed liquors or admixtures thereof, and members of such copartnerships and officers and directors of such corporations from contributing to the nomination or election or defeat of persons for judge of the court of common pleas or associate judge not learned in the law

Referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

By Mr. MILLIRON. House Bill No. 885.

An Act extending the powers and duties of Foresters, Forest Rangers, Game Protectors, Deputy Game Protectors, Special Deputy Game Protectors, Fish Wardens, and Deputy Fish Wardens of this Commonwealth

Referred to the Committee on Forestry.

By Mr. VICKERMAN. House Bill No. 886.

An Act amending an act entitled "An Act applicable to all counties of this Commonwealth, to provide monthly payments, as approved by the Trustees, to indigent, widowed, or abandoned mothers, for partial support of their children in their own homes. The manner of appointment of Trustees; the administration of the Trust; amount of appropriations, proportioning appropriations, co-ordinate appropriations; amounts to be paid, form of records, eligibility, penalties and reports as to set forth" approved April twenty-ninth, nineteen hundred thirteen, by limiting the provisions of said act to women whose husbands are dead or permanently insane and who have children under sixteen years of age; and providing for uniformity of administration by the appointment of the State Supervisor over the Boards of Trustees of different counties, and otherwise amending the provisions of said act.

Referred to the Committee on Pensions and Gratuities.

By Mr. BECKER. House Bill No. 887.

An Act authorizing an examination of borough accounts under the supervision of the courts, and imposing penalties

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. DELL. House Bill No. 888.

An Act relative to costs in actions before aldermen, magistrates and justices of the peace

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. WALTER. House Bill No. 889.

An Act to further amend the act approved the eighteenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred and eleven, entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, together with the provisions by which it shall be administered, and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof; providing revenue to establish and maintain the same, and the method of collecting such revenue; and repealing all laws, general, special or local, or any parts thereof, that are or may be inconsistent therewith," as amended, by providing for the education of certain blind children beyond the age of eight years under certain circumstances

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Mr. ALBEE. House Bill No. 890.

An Act making a fixed charge for county purposes on lands purchased by the State for State forests and providing for the distribution of the same to the counties wherein State forests are located

Referred to the Committee on Forestry.

By Mr. LEIGHNER. House Bill No. 891.

An Act establishing in Butler County a certain section of public road as a "State Highway."

Referred to the Committee on Public Roads.

By Mr. PHILLIPS. House Bill No. 892.

An Act relative to certain county offices in counties containing less than one hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants with the incidental duties of county commissioners and election officers

Referred to the Committee on Counties and Townships.

By Mr. DELL. House Bill No. 893.

An Act to amend an act, approved the twentieth day of March one thousand eight hundred ten, entitled "An Act to amend and consolidate with its supplements, the act entitled 'An Act for the recovery of debts and demands, not exceeding one hundred dollars, before a Justice of the Peace, and for the election of constables, and for other purposes.'"

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. HUBLER. House Bill No. 894.

An Act fixing the compensation of the person charged with the collection of taxes in certain school districts.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Mr. HUBLER. House Bill No. 895.

An Act regulating the compensation of treasurers of townships of the first-class both as collectors of township taxes and as custodians and disbursers of township funds.

Referred to the Committee on Counties and Townships.

By Mr. HUBLER. House Bill No. 896.

An Act fixing the compensation of the person charged with the collection of taxes in certain boroughs and townships.

Referred to the Committee on Counties and Townships.

By Mr. RONEY. House Bill No. 897.

An Act to repeal an act approved the seventh day of June, one thousand nine hundred eleven, entitled "An Act to restrain and regulate the use of billiard-tables, pool-tables, and bagatelle-boards or tables, kept in and maintained for the use of the general public, for hire or reward, in cities of the first-class in this Commonwealth; providing for the granting of licenses, and providing for punishments for the violations of the provisions of this act."

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. RONEY. House Bill No. 898.

An Act making an appropriation to the Woman's Southern Homeopathic Hospital, of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. RONEY. House Bill No. 899.

An Act making an appropriation to the Howard Hospital, of Philadelphia.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. RONEY. House Bill No. 900.

An Act regulating salaries of clerks in recorders offices in certain counties.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. RONEY. House Bill No. 901.

An Act making an appropriation to the Maternity Hospital, in the City of Philadelphia.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. RAMSEY. House Bill No. 902.

An Act providing for the better protection of life and property by the competent operation of steam boilers and engines in third class cities, and providing for the examination and licensing of engineers in charge of same and for the appointment of a Board of Examiners; and prescribing their duties and powers and prescribing penalties of the violation of the provisions of this act.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

PETITIONS.

FAVORING PASSAGE OF LOCAL OPTION LAW.

The CHAIR presented the petition of Members of St. John's English Lutheran Church, of Mahanoy City, Pennsylvania, asking for the enactment of a County Local Option Law.

Referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

Mr. RINNINGER presented petition of citizens of the First District of Blair County asking for the passage of a County Local Option Law.

Referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

Mr. McCURDY presented the petition of the citizens of Tyrone, Blair County, asking for the enactment of a County Local Option Law.

He also presented the petition of the citizens of Roaring Springs, Blair County, asking for the enactment of a County Local Option Law.

Which were referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. FLYNN, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 434, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to refund to Henry S. Raichard of South Bethlehem, Pennsylvania, money erroneously paid into the State Treasury.

SENATE MESSAGE.

SENATE BILLS FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced presented for concurrence bills numbered and entitled as follows:

Senate Bill No. 3 (House Bill No. 872).

An Act making it unlawful to obtain or attempt to obtain goods, wares, merchandise or credit under a false or assumed name.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

Senate Bill No. 13 (House Bill No. 873).

An Act relating to and regulating partnerships.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

Senate Bill No. 56 (House Bill No. 874).

An Act for the prevention of fraud and deception by prohibiting the use of added artificial coloring matter in such edible alimentary pastes as macaroni, spaghetti, vermecilli and noodles.

Referred to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

Senate Bill No. 62 (House Bill No. 875).

An Act to protect the public from the unlawful use of bottles, jars, vessels or other packages in the sale, exchange and deliver of milk and cream and their products, and providing penalties for such use.

Referred to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

Senate Bill No. 197 (House Bill No. 876).

An Act making an appropriation to the Trustees of the State Hospital for the Criminal Insane at Farview to cover deficiency in maintenace and equipment of said hospital.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

Senate Bill No. 250 (House Bill No. 877).

An Act to give additional protection to the fish in the waters within the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, prohibiting the fishing for or capture or killing of such fish by unnaturalized foreign-born residents and prescribing penalties for violation of its provisions.

Referred to the Committee on Fisheries.

Senate Bill No. 280 (House Bill No. 878).

An Act declaring valid certain liens filed for grading, paving macadamizing or otherwise improving public streets or parts thereof by the several boroughs under an act approved the twelfth day of May one thousand nine hundred

and eleven entitled "An Act empowering boroughs of this Commonwealth without petition of the property owners to grade, pave, curb, macadamize and otherwise improve public streets or parts thereof and assess a portion of the cost of the same on the owners of property abutting thereon, and providing for the collection of the same" and authorizing the amendment of the claims in certain particulars.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Senate Bill No. 300 (House Bill No. 879).

An Act to validate appraisements and titles made and effected to surviving husbands and wives by virtue of an act entitled "An Act to amend section one of an act entitled 'An Act relating to the descent and distribution of the estates of intestates' passed and approved April 8th one thousand eight hundred and thirty-three, defining and declaring the interest that shall descend to and vest in the surviving husband or wife of such intestate" approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred nine Pamphlet Laws eighty-seven.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Senate Bill No. 305 (House Bill No. 880).

An Act relating to appeals from the reports of auditors of boroughs, townships and poor districts.

Referred to the Committee on Counties and Townships.

Senate Bill No. 338 (House Bill No. 881).

Requiring and regulating the declaring and posting of the vote at election districts at a primary election.

Referred to the Committee on Elections.

RESOLUTION FIXING DAY OF FINAL ADJOURNMENT.

Mr. BALDWIN offered the following resolution which was twice read:

Resolved (if the Senate concur) That the General Assembly adjourn sine die on Thursday, May sixth, one thousand nine hundred and fifteen, at twelve o'clock noon.

The SPEAKER. The resolution will lie over for printing.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, that resolution does not lie over for printing. It comes up for immediate action under Rule 66. It is one of the exempted resolutions.

The SPEAKER. The Chair withdraws his decision.

The question is on the adoption of the resolution.

Mr. WHITAKER. Mr. Speaker, I move that the resolution be referred to the Committee on Rules.

Mr. GIBSON. I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the resolution?

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, it is specifically provided under the Rules of the House that this is not one of the resolutions to lie over and be printed. It is a resolution that is so simple that every Member in the House comprehends just what it means. This resolution was introduced by the Member from Delaware after a very careful canvass of the Members of the House on this subject. I did not find in my inquiry through the House a single objection to this resolution. I did not want to say what I am going to say. I hoped the resolution would pass without my calling the House's attention to conditions that have existed here and that have been very much against my wishes. I realize that my party has pledged the people one thing over and above all others and I believe that the people of the State, irrespective of party, feel that we owed this matter to them, namely, that our legislative body, when it came to Harrisburg, would get right down to business, get the business of this body carefully considered and disposed of and adjourned sine die and save the State every dollar that we could.

I want to say to the members of this House who have not taken the trouble to examine into the proposition, that it costs about forty thousand dollars a month—and I am speaking conservatively, too—every month that this legislative body is in session. Now that is the expense of running this legislature. If we can save one week for the State in performing these duties we will save ten thousand dollars. We have now been in session over two months. I don't believe I can say that—at least within my memmory—any legislative body has given as few days and as few hours to the consideration of the business that has been presented to us. If this consideration continues we will have failed to keep one of the pledges to the people that every one of us know we should keep and can keep. After an experience of several years here I can say to the Members of the House that the business atmosphere of this House will change in such a marked degree when you have decided on a day for adjournment sine die that you will be surprised that some Member of this House of experience had not taken this action earlier in the session.

Now it, in my opinion, offers ample time to consider and dispose of the business that is in front of us. I want to say to the members that if this House were to stay in session for twelve months bills will be continually coming in, the most of them on trivial matters; so that there is no necessity, in my estimation, for additional time over the sixth of May to give consideration to the legislation that we will have to consider if we will only work as we used to work twenty years ago, every day, and never adjourn until Friday. When I came to this House twenty years ago there was no thought of adjourning this House until Friday; and if you will examine the rules of this House you will find in the rules a provision for the rule of order on Friday and there is nobody here yet found any necessity for that rule for Thursday until this week; so that I do hope that the House will pass this resolution and save the State and from this on say we are willing to work five days in the week. It is an outrage and a shame that men in this State will have to come from two to three hundred miles and have to stay here five days out of every seven and wait to work two days.

Now I, perhaps, imagine that through the minds of some of the members may be going this thought: That we have kept the calendar clear. Yes: but when has there been any time to hold committee meetings, if you adjourn on Tuesday night or Wednesday morning? Why, there is absolutely no time to bring the legislation out of the committees and put it on the calendar so that we can proceed with our business as we should do.

Now, if this House don't want to pass this resolution there is one member at least who can say that it is not his fault, and those who do not think we ought to can carry that responsibility.

Mr. WHITAKER. Mr. Speaker, on the question of experience I yield to the member from Delaware, and I am always willing to take his advice and guidance on the affairs of the House because of his years of experience in legislative matters, but it does seem to me that at this day, a day when a large proportion of the members of the House are absent, and when the resolution has just been presented, that it is premature for this House to decide on a day of adjournment. It is a matter of great importance, the fixing of the day of adjournment. I do not say that the day suggested in the resolution is too soon or too late, but I do say it is a matter which ought to be given very careful consideration and all the members of the House should have the opportunity to think it over and decide for themselves whether or not the work of their particular committees, on bills in which they are particularly interested, can be properly presented before the House and considered before that particular date.

The gentleman from Delaware is exactly correct in saying that the House ought to work five days a week. It is a hardship on the members from the western part of the State to remain here idle, but this resolution does not necessarily correct that evil, or does not necessarily cure that ill. It is within the power of the House to stay in session until Friday, and the fact that it has extended the session this week, at least an extra day, indicates it is getting into the spirit of hard work, which I think will continue, and the end desired by this resolution will be accomplished without premature and hasty decision on a point which is of too great importance to be fixed without due consideration.

Mr. HENRY I. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, as I understand it, the question before the House is the consideration of the motion to send the resolution to the Committee on Rules. Now, a vote "Aye" would be to send the resolution to the committee on Rules, and a vote "No" would be to consider the resolution at this time. I am not sure, but it would seem to me that there are enough here to consider this question. I think the House wants to be fair, but I think it is the duty of the House to express itself as to how it feels on this uestion pretty soon, and I think that if we would send this resolution over to the Senate and put it up to the gentlemen that who have not been working any too long a time, that they will take notice at least of what we are thinking, and they would have a right, wouldn't they, to amend it or act upon it as they saw fit.

It is not my desire to embarrass any person, but it does seem that those of us who come from the western end of the State have been called upon to come here for about two months and a little better and await the notion of some gentleman on the other side. Now I am willing to give them all the time they need. If the date mentioned is not the right time, let them change that, but so far as I am concerned that date is satisfactory, and why need we, if we all agree upon that date, unless there is some good reason for it, wait for some expression on it. If there is any other motive behind it for holding it up, I do not know it and I would like to have it made known to me so I can vote intelligently, but if it is a mere expression of our own ideas. I do not see any harm in acting upon the resolution here. As far as I am concerned, I am ready to consider it at this time, but I do not want to be insistent if somebody can give a good reason. But just as the matter stands I am opposed to sending the resolution to the Committee on Rules, but am in favor of considering it now.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, my friend from Chester said about all that can be said against considering this resolution at the present time: namely, the men that are not here now and have not been here, must have an opportunity to have a voice on this proposition. The men that have stayed here and have objected to going away are here now, and they are the men that ought to have the voice, and if you wait until the men who have not been staying here come back Monday night, you may lose your opportunity. Now is the time to consider this matter, you who are interested in the question of whether this House shall continue to stay here and do its work. If you want to wait until men that are constantly running away, and who stay one day or two days, and perhaps only half a day, you may have it voted down. You are the interested parties and now is the time to consider it and express your opinion.

Mr. WHITAKER. Mr. Speaker, the applause that greets the gentleman from Delaware in all his witty remarks indicates that there are a good many members in the House and perhaps not so many are absent, as he suggests. However, in looking toward my friend, Mr. Wilson, who asked for the real reason. I notice there is not a seat occupied, although they are pretty far apart.

The reason, the substantial reasons, why it should not be considered at this time are that within the next week the most important bills which will come before the House during the session, will probably be on the calendar for consideration. I understand that most of those five or six important measures are in such shape that they will be on the calendars next week. It will then be very easy for the Committee on Rules to consider how much time will be required to consider those bills properly and what date they can fix conveniently for adjournment. The chairman of the Committee on Rules is not here, and the committee has not lately had a meeting, but as one of its members, I can state to the Speaker and to the House that if this resolution is referred to the Committee, it will be promptly considered next week and a date suggested to the House.

Mr. CROMER. Mr. Speaker, inasmuch as I started this trouble ten days ago I want to say a word on it now. If you look up House Resolutions No. 6, File Folio 1679, you will see that I introduced a resolution in this House, afterward made a Concurrent Resolution, which should not have been done, as it relates solely to the business of this House, and as you remember that resolution set a time, the Seventeenth of March, as the last day when bills would be received in the House for passage at this session. I stated at that time that my object in presenting such a resolution was to expedite the business of the House and hasten the day for adjournment sine die. I want to say that I endorse heartily the position taken by the gentleman from Delaware. I am not the spokesman for the Allegheny County delegation, but I really believe, Mr. Speaker, that they will all vote to a man on this resolution. I am sorry he did not make it a week earlier. I think the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania will be greatly relieved when this session adjourns before we pass too much fool legislation.

Mr. WALTER. Mr. Speaker, it seems to me in view of the large number of vacant seats in this House this morning, that no harm could come to this body, or to the interests of the State, if this matter were postponed until Monday evening. If the gentlemen who are in favor of this resolution wish to force its consideration now, it seems to be in their power to do so, but it does not look to me as a fair and square thing. It does not look to me as though proper courtesy were being extended to the gentlemen of the several important committees of this House who have had more to do with directing the business of this House than anybody else. I refer to the chairman of the Judiciary General Committee, Mr. Wilson, and also to the chairman of the Law and Order Committee, Mr. Williams, both of which committees have and will have important legislation to which the Party is pledged, and certainly if anybody should have something to say as to whether or not this is a proper time to adjourn, these gentlemen ought to be heard.

It is simply a matter of fairness, Mr. Speaker. It seems to me this resolution ought fairly to go to the Committee on Rules, with the understanding that it will be reported out for action on Monday evening, when we will have a full house.

Mr. LANIUS. Mr. Speaker, it was not my intention to take part in this debate this morning, but I wish to call the attention of the House to one fact. In the session of 1913, at this time, at this date, there were over fifteen hundred bills in this House. Today there are less than nine hundred. Now, doesn't this seem just a bit right that we should take this into consideration. Surely if the House of 1913 could pass the Workmen's Compensation Act, introduced in February, voted the following March, the 25th, this House could do the same. I am sure the Chairman of the Judiciary General Committee is just as able, just as capable, and the members of that committee are just as capable as the members of the committee two years ago, and I for one would consider it a reflection upon the ability of the members of this House if we were not to take this into consideration.

Two years ago we adjourned on June 27th: this is dated May 6th. Why surely, with this great decrease in the number of bills in the House at this time, we can get through. We can work a little bit longer, and make it Thursday or Friday if you please, and I say there is no reason why this consideration should be postponed until Monday evening. It is clear to me, from the sound that reaches my ears, that there are a great number present this morning, probably twenty-five less than will be here Monday night. Why not settle this question? The people of this State are sick and tired of seeing their members back on the streets in the districts on a Tuesday or a Wednesday. When I go home to my district on a Wednesday afternoon I am heartily ashamed of myself. I am ashamed to get into my carriage and go up that old road to my farm, because I know the people think I have run away from Harrisburg; tney have the impression that I have deliberately quit and come home.

Let us be honest with the people of this State. Let us discuss this proposition: then if we cannot get through, we can change it. We have the power; we have the authority. What are we afraid of? We are afraid of ourselves.

Mr. SONES. Mr. Speaker, I have had the same experience as my friend, Mr. Lanius. Whenever I go home nearly every one seems to say "Back already." If I step into any public places or places of business, the first thing that confronts me is the question "What are you fellows doing back already?"

I hold in my hand a clipping from the Pottsville Journal, of March 4th, which is as follows: "Although two months time has elapsed since the 1915 session of the Legislature was convened, neitner the House nor Senate has been in session thirty hours in all. Actually, the House has been in session a total of twenty-nine hours, having met twenty-one times."

Now, Mr. Speaker, I took this clipping along with me with the intention of speaking on this subject on Monday evening and put myself on record as being opposed to this delay. I wish to place myself on record in the eyes of my people that I am willing to come here and spend my time five days each week in order to put our legislation through. I had this in mind and then I thought to myself, 'hold on; you are a young member and perhaps you had better not.' I carried this clipping in my pocket, however, and I see this morning that there are other gentlemen, members of this House, of the same opinion as I am, who have the same sentiments as to their duties to their constituents in their districts as I have of my duties to the constituents in my own district, and I wish to say that I am in favor of disposing of this resolution, accepting it, and then getting down to the business of this House.

Mr. MILLIRON. Mr. Speaker, I want to say a word to the new members of this House. There are one hundred and forty new members who are here. I notice that the press of Western Pennsylvania, especially in the smaller districts, criticize us. They dub us as the "kindergarten legislators" and we will be held responsible. The members who have been here for several sessions don't need to care whether this Legislature adjourns in May or September. They have one hundred and forty of we fellows here who are here for the first time sitting in the rear ranks of civilization. They can say "It was their fault because they represented a majority of the House." I appeal to the one hundred and forty new men here to stand together in having this adjournment date settled now. If we are dubbed the "kindergarten legislators" of 1915 and we are to go through this life with this charge on our shoulders we ought to do one of two things: We ought to settle the day of adjournment and work diligently, and we ought to in addition work seven days out of the week, if that were possible, so that we could advance at least to the first grade on the day this Legislature adjourns. If we are supposed to stay in session all summer the only other thing we ought to do is to adjourn for a week and hold a teachers' institute after the practice of the schools of this State. I appeal to the new men, the fellows in the rear ranks of civilization, to see to it that this question is decided this morning.

Mr. WHITAKER. Mr. Speaker, I really don't care to discuss this motion any further but I do want to call the attention of the House to a misapprehension, apparently, in the minds of the last three speakers—that my motion to commit this resolution to the Committee on Rules is for the purpose of delaying the adjournment. It is not that at all. The committing of this resolution to the Committee on Rules is a matter that may as well be settled and it may be very well to commit it to that Committee on Rules which may recommend a date earlier even than the resolution calls for. It is not a question whether or not we are willing to work and expedite the business of the House, but it is at present a matter of whether or not we should fix the date of adjournment with a great many members of the House absent and without a full opportunity on their part to be heard.

I do not agree with the gentleman from Armstrong who considers it a "kindergarten House" or that this resolution if not brought up to-day shows any kindergarten tactics in politics. On the contrary it is a question in regard to this resolution that at this time it be postponed only in order that many members now absent from this House may be here and may have an opportunity to be heard.

Mr. KITTS. Mr. Speaker, I think this resolution does not properly belong to the Committee on Rules. It is not such a resolution as should go to that committee. If I properly understand the rules of procedure the resolution introduced by the gentleman from Delaware, Mr. Baldwin, under the rules and custom of procedure of this House, it should be settled now and not referred to that "graveyard" committee, that of the Committee on Rules. On the other hand, I have always maintained the policy to show to my brother members the very best courtesy and legislative consideration possible, and I believe no one could accuse me of ever having violated that, but I contend this morning and I have contended in the past session and will still continue to contend that those members who shirk their duties and go away from these sessions on Tuesday or Wednesday of the week and leave we fellows who usually do the hard work at the end of the session—I contend that they deserve no consideration or courtesy and are not entitled to have these matters held over for their approval. The goegraphical conditions of this State are peculiar for some of us members. It is a long hard ride; some of us who get on a Pennsylvania Railroad train and jaunt three to four hundred miles to our homes, consuming two days of travel, in order to keep our little business together that we have left sitting idle when we came to this session, while those who live nearby, in Philadelphia, or in some of the other nearby towns who come over here late on Monday nights and possibly get back on Tuesday or Wednesday and may be able to put in almost a full week at home. It is not a fair deal to those members of the House who want to get down to work and finish the business of this session. Two years ago, this question was debated pro and con in this House and it seemed to be the policy at that time that we should set a date for adjournment. Finally one morning we crowded it over notwithstanding the opposition of our worthy Speaker, Mr. Alter, and even on the very day in which we passed this resolution there was a different atmosphere in this House; a different complexion came over this House; the committees were full; bills began to come out; the members stayed here and instead of the Speaker being required to sweat drops of blood on Wednesday morning for fear that there might not be a quorum here, the whole House was full and we got down to business. This being the eleventh day of March and the resolution set the sixth day of May for adjournment which gives us ample time to thoroughly consider the legislation before this Assembly. It gives us full and ample time to carry out the platform pledges of every party represented in this Assembly. I hope the members of the House will vote "No" on this motion to refer this resolution to the Committee on Rules and then vote "Aye" on the consideration of the adoption of the resolution.

Mr. FORSTER. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, I am a little amazed at the attitude of the gentleman from Erie which he has just taken in what he has said about the shirking of duty and staying away from the sessions of the House and doing the work of the Assembly, and I am also a little surprised at the attitude that the older speakers are taking in their statements, which to my mind would tend to mislead new members, and the mere fact that postponing consideration of it is in some miraculous manner going, of itself, to prevent adjournment of the House on the sixth day of May. How in the world it can hurt any of those who vote on this on Monday instead of Thursday morning, I don't know; that is a matter I cannot see. The gentleman from Erie says he stands for fair play. I know he does. I have been in the House with him before and I know the sort of man he is, but is it fair play to call up a resolution of this sort this morning, at this time? Look around; look at the empty desks. Every man who sits at one of those desks whether he is here to-day or not is just as vitally interested in this question as any one of you gentlemen who are here. Undoubtedly, every man will be here on Monday night. Now, why can you not postpone action until Monday night? What is being done to-day would not delay the hour of adjournment one day or one hour. It is fair and only fair. I don't know how many mem-

bers are in the House this morning; I am not justifying the men who have gone away and as my friend from Erie says, possibly shirking their duty. I say there are gentlemen away this morning who have not missed a single session in this House since the opening. Is it fair to take up a matter and vote upon a question as important as this is in their absence? I say it is not. To my mind, this resolution is as important as anything as we can have before us; as important as any bill that we may have on the calendar, because it means that we are going to now say, two months ahead of the time fix, no matter what legislation is tending,; no matter what we have failed to do; no matter what is before us, we are going to adjourn on the sixth of May. I ask you to postpone this question or refer it to the Committee on Rules. (Calls of No, No, all over the House). Inasmuch as your minds are made up, I suppose it is not worth while for anyone to say any more.

Mr. DUNN. Mr. Speaker, and gentlemen of the House, I am heartily in favor of the adoption of this resolution for the reason that I am in the same position as the gentleman from York, Mr. Lanius. When I go back to my district on a Wednesday afternoon and walk out through the country roads in the farming district and see those industrious farmers working in their fields, they stop and say "There goes our representative at Harrisburg; why do we send him to the Legislature? Do we send him up there to work for us or send him home to walk along the roads and see us work?" I would be in favor of continuing the session of this Legislature until next week at this time without an intermission or adjournment because I am informed that at least a dozen delegations are waiting at my house to see me when I arrive for an interview and I would rather stay here and attend to my work than be interviewed at my house at home. In regard to my good friend from Philadelphia, Mr. Forster, speaking of the vacant seats around this House today I want to say where is there a vacant seat on the side of the House reserved for the party which I represent? Look to the Democratic side of the House; they are here doing their duty and we, as a Republican majority party ought to ge here doing our duty,

On the question,

Will the House agree to refer the resolution to the Committee on Rules?

The yeas and nays were required by Mr. Cox and Mr. Forster were as follows:

YEAS—20.

Barnett,	Forster,	Hubler,	Walter,
Campbell, T.,	Fruit,	Lipschutz,	Weaver,
Cox,	Gibson,	McClintock,	Whitaker,
Drinkhouse,	Glass,	Snyder,	Wobensmith,
Ehrhardt,	Hackett,	Walsh,	Ambler, Speaker.

NAYS—138.

Adams,	Gallagher,	Mather,	Shaffer,
Albee,	Geary,	Maurer,	Shoop,
Alcorn,	Geiser,	McCaig,	Showalter,
Alexander,	Gingery,	McClure,	Sinclair,
Arnold,	Glenn,	McConnell,	Smith, J. W.,
Aron,	Gompers,	McCurdy,	Smith, Jeff. W.,
Baker,	Goodnough,	McKay,	Smith, L.,
Baldwin,	Goodwin,	McVicar,	Sones,
Bauerle,	Goodyear,	Mearkle,	Spencer,
Beck,	Gormley,	Metzenbacher,	Staving,
Becker,	Graham,	Milliron,	Steedle,
Benn,	Habgood,	Murdoch,	Stern,
Benninger,	Hamilton,	Murphy,	Stone,
Bergy,	Harper,	Myers,	Swan,
Beyer,	Heffernan,	Neville,	Swartz,
Blackburn,	Herman,	Nissley,	Taylor,
Body,	Hollern,	Ostrander,	Thomas,
Bovee,	Horton,	Palmer,	Trach,
Brosius,	Howarth,	Phillips,	Twibill,
Bungard,	Jack,	Pickering,	Urich,
Christman,	Jones, W. W.,	Powell,	Wagner,
Coldsmith,	Kaiser,	Ramsey,	Walton,
Corbin,	Kitts,	Reel,	Watson,
Cromer,	Klinger,	Rhoads,	Weimer,
Curry,	Kuhn,	Rich,	West,
Davis,	Kunkle,	Rininger,	Wettach,
Dawson,	Lanius,	Rinn,	Whitten,
Dell,	Lauler,	Robertson,	Wildman,
Dodds,	Leighner,	Rothenberger,	Wilson, H. I.,
Dunn,	Lindsey,	Rudisill,	Wilson, J. M.,
Eby,	Love,	Sampsel,	Woodward,
Eppley,	Luppert,	Sarig,	Wylie,
Erdman,	Lynch,	Schaeffer,	Wynne,
Flynn,	Mangan,	Shaaber,	Young,
Fretz,	Marvin,	Wood,	

So the question was determined in the negative and the motion was not agreed to.

On the question recurring.

Will the House agree to the resolution?

Mr. WHITAKER. Mr. Speaker, it is not my intention to delay this matter any further. It seems to be the opinion of the House, plainly expressed, to act on this resolution this morning. And it is probable that it is the opinion of the members that referring this resolution to the Committee on Rules would be to kill the resolution and to postpone the fixing of the time indefinitely. That however was not my thought in making the motion, and I do not think it would be the fact if the resolution had been so referred. This being the case however, there certainly can be no objection to fix a definite date to vote on this question, and I therefore make the motion that the further consideration of this resolution be postponed until ten o'clock Monday night.

Mr. FORSTER. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

Mr. McCAIG. Mr. Speaker, I move that the motion be laid on the table.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

On the question recurring.

Will the House agree to the resolution?

The yeas and nays were required by Mr. Cox and Mr. Forster were as follows:

YEAS—137.

Adams,	Geiser,	McClure,	Sinclair,
Albee,	Gingery,	McConnell,	Smith, J. W.,
Alcorn,	Glenn,	McCurdy,	Smith, Jeff. W.
Alexander,	Gompers,	McDermott,	Smith, L.,
Aron,	Goodnough,	McKay,	Snyder,
Baker,	Goodwin,	McVicar,	Sones,
Baldwin,	Goodyear,	Mearkle,	Spangler,
Bauerle,	Gormley,	Milliron,	Spencer,
Beck,	Graham,	Murdoch,	Staving,
Becker,	Habgood,	Murphy,	Steedle,
Benn,	Hamilton,	Myers,	Stern,
Benninger,	Harper,	Neville,	Stone,
Bergy,	Heffernan,	Nissley,	Swan,
Beyer,	Hollern,	Ostrander,	Swartz,
Blackburn,	Horton,	Palmer,	Taylor,
Body,	Howarth,	Phillips,	Thomas,
Bovee,	Hubler,	Pickering,	Trach,
Bungard,	Jack,	Powell,	Twibill,
Christman,	Jones, W. W.,	Ramsey,	Urich,
Corbin,	Kaiser,	Reel,	Wagner,
Cromer,	Kitts,	Rhoads,	Walter,
Curry,	Klinger,	Rich,	Walton,
Davis,	Kuhn,	Richards,	Watson,
Dawson,	Kunkle,	Rininger,	Weimer,
Dell,	Lanius,	Robertson,	West,
Dodds,	Lauler,	Rothenberger,	Wettach,
Dunn,	Leighner,	Rudisill,	Whitten,
Eby,	Lindsey,	Sampsel,	Wildman,
Ehrhardt,	Luppert,	Sarig,	Wilson, H. I.,
Eppley,	Lynch,	Schaeffer,	Wood,
Erdman,	Mangan,	Shaaber,	Woodward,
Flynn,	Marvin,	Shaffer,	Wylie,
Fretz,	Mather,	Shoop,	Wynne,
Gallagher,	Maurer,	Showalter,	Young,
Geary,	McCaig,		

NAYS—19.

Arnold,	Cox,	Glass,	Weaver,
Barnett,	Drinkhouse,	Hackett,	Whitaker,
Brosius,	Forster,	Lipschutz,	Wobensmith,
Campbell, T.,	Fruit,	McClintock,	Ambler,
Coldsmith,	Gibson,	Walsh.	Speaker.

So the question was determined in the affirmative and the resolution was agreed to.

Ordered that the Clerk present the same to the Senate for its concurrence.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House bill No. 196, as follows:

An Act providing for the appointment and expenses of a Commission of three persons learned in the law to codify and revise the law of decedents' estates and making an appropriation.

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the Governor is duly authorized to appoint a Commission of three persons learned in the law and one of whom shall be an orphans' court judge in commission to codify and revise the law of decedents' estates whether testate or intestate and to report the same to the next General Assembly and to recommend such changes in the existing law as may to such commission seem desirable.

Section 2 The members of the Commission shall receive no compensation for their services but shall receive compensation and be reimbursed for all expenses necessarily incurred in the performance of their duties

Section 3 The commission may appoint a stenographer and law clerk or both at such reasonable compensation as it may determine

Section 4 To carry out the purposes of this act the sum of ten thousand dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the use of the commission Payment of the money shall be on order of the chairman of the commission and on warrant of the Auditor General

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House bill No. 492, (Senate bill No. 63) entitled:

An Act relating to moneys heretofore deposited in State Treasury prior to December thirty-first Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen by the State Highway Department as fees for registration of motor vehicles and the licensing of operators and making an appropriation thereof

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House bill No. 410, as follows:

A Joint Resolution authorizing the printing and binding of the report of the Commission to consider the Revision and Amendment of the Penal Laws of Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the Superintendent of Public Printing and Binding is directed to cause to be printed and bound in pamphlet form five thousand copies of the report of the Commission to consider the revision and amendment of the penal laws of Pennsylvania which was authorized by an act approved the twenty-fifth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen

Section 2 The copies when printed and bound shall be delivered to the Division of Distribution of Documents and shall be distributed as follows The Governor may requisition five hundred copies each Senator and Representative ten copies the State Librarian five hundred copies the Legislative Reference Bureau two hundred copies and the commission the remaning number

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House bill No. 687, as follows:

An Act to amend an act approved the ninth day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one entitled "An Act authorizing companies incorporated under the laws of any other state of the United States for the manufacture of any form of iron steel or glass to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments and to take have and hold real estate necessary and proper for manufacturing purposes" as amended by extending the same to companies incorporated for the purpose of the manufacture and sale of explosives

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section one of an act approved the ninth day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one entitled "An Act authorizing companies incorporated under the laws of any other state of the United States for the manufacture of any form of iron steel or glass to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments and to take have and hold real estate necessary and proper for manufacturing purposes" as amended by an act approved the twenty-third day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act authorizing companies incorporated under the laws of any other state of the United States for the manufacture of any form of iron steel or glass to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments and to take have and hold real estate necessary and proper for manufacturing purposes" approved the ninth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one extending the same to companies formed for the purpose of quarrying slate granite stone or rocks or for dressing polishing working or manufacturing the same or any of them and to mineral springs companies incorporated for the purpose of bottling and selling natural springs water approved the sixteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three' approved the nineteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one extending the same to companies formed for the purposes of manufacturing and selling chemicals food stuffs cement and cement products and the quarrying of cement rock'" approved May twenty-eight one thousand nine hundred and seven extending the same' to companies incorporated for the manufacture buying selling leasing using and operation of electrical apparatus and machinery and articles of every kind appertaining to or in any wise connected with the production use regulation control distribution or application of electricity or electrical energy or products for any use or purpose constructing acquiring using selling buying or leasing any works construction or plant or part thereof connected with or involving such use distribution regulation control or application of electricity or the control or use of electrical apparatus for any purpose and of producing furnishing and supplying electricity or electrical apparatus in any form and for any purpose and to carry on a general manufacturing business" which reads as follows

"It shall and may be lawful for any company incorporated under the laws of any other State for the manufacture of any form of iron steel or glass or for the quarrying of slate granite cement rock stone or rocks of any kind or for dressing polishing or manufacturing the same or any of them or for any mineral springs company incorporated for the purpose of bottling and selling natural mineral springs water or for any company incorporated for the purpose of manufacturing supplying and sale of ice or for the manufacture and sale of chemicals or for the manufacture and sale of foodstuffs and eatables cement and cement products and the quarrying of cement rock or for the manufacture buying selling leasing using and operation of electrical apparatus and machinery and articles of every kind appertaining to or in any wise connected with the production use regulation control distribution or application of electricity or electrical energy or products for any use or purpose constructing acquiring using selling buying or leasing any works construction or plant or part thereof connected with or involving such use distribution regulation control or application of electricity or the control or use of electrical apparatus for any purpose and of producing furnishing and supplying electricity or electrical apparatus in any form and for any purpose and to carry on a general manufacturing business to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments within this Commonwealth and to have and hold real estate to an amount necessary and proper therefor Provided That nothing herein contained shall be deemed to prevent or relieve real estate taken and held by such company under the provisions of this statute from being taxed in like manner with other real estate within this Commonwealth And provided further That no foreign corporation shall be entitled to employ any greater amount of capital in any such business in this State than the same kind of corporations organized under the laws of this State are entitled to employ And provided further That every such foreign corporation doing business as aforesaid in this Commonwealth shall be liable to taxation to an amount not exceeding that imposed on corporations organized for similar purposes under the laws of this State and every such foreign corporation taking the benefit of this act shall make the same returns to the Auditor General that are now required by law of the corporations of this State" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

It shall and may be lawful for any company incorporated under the laws of any other state for the manufacture of any form of iron steel or glass or for the quarrying of slate granite cement rock stone or rocks of any kind or for dressing polishing or manufacturing the same or any of them or for any mineral springs company incorporated for the purpose of bottling and selling natural mineral springs water or for any company incorporated for the purpose of manufacturing supplying and sale of ice or for the manufacture and sale of chemicals or for the manufacture and sale of foodstuffs and eatables cement and cement products and the quarrying of cement rock or for the manufacture buying selling leasing using and operation of electrical apparatus and machinery and articles of every kind appertaining to or in any wise connected with the production use regulation control distribution or application of electricity or electrical energy or products for any use or purpose constructing acquiring using selling buying or leasing any works construction or plant or part thereof connected

with or involving such use distribution regulation control or application of electricity or the control or use of electrical apparatus for any purpose and of producing furnishing and supplying electricity or electrical apparatus in any form and for any purpose and to carry on a general manufacturing business or for the manufacture and sale of explosives to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments within this Commonwealth and to have and hold real estate to an amount necessary and proper therefor Provided That nothing herein contained shall be deemed to prevent or relieve real estate taken and held by such company under the provisions of this statute from being taxed in like manner with other real estate within this Commonwealth And provided further That no foreign corporation shall be entitled to employ any greater amount of capital in any such business in this State than the same kind of corporations organized under the laws of this State are entitled to employ And provided further That every such foreign corporation doing business as afroesaid in this Commonwealth shall be liable to taxation to an amount not exceeding that imposed on corporations organized for similar purposes under the laws of this State and every such foreign corporation taking the benefit of this act shall make the same returns to the Auditor General that are now reuired by law of the corporations of this State

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 573, as follows:

An Act to amend section eighteen of an act entitled "An Act providing for the original location laying out and construction of public roads or highways in the several counties of this Commonwealth and for the permanent improvement of certain public roads or highways therein making such originally constructed or improved roads and highways county roads authorizing the relocation opening straightening widening extension and alteration of the same and the vacation of so much of any road as may thereby become unnecessary providing that the county commissioners of any county may prescribe rules regulating the use of roads constructed or maintained by the various counties and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing for the taking of property for such improvement the compensation to be paid therefor and the payment of damages resulting from such taking and the manner in which such damages may be determined providing for the payment of the costs and expenses of such construction or improvement and in thereafter repairing and maintaining said roads authorizing the levy of a tax or the issuing of bonds to provide a fund for the expense thereof prescribing a method for improving a county road lying within or traversing a borough and apportioning the cost of such improvement and authorizing the vacation of any county road" approved the eleventh day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven as the same was amended by an act approved the twelfth day of May one thousand nine hundred and thirteen by authorizing counties to contract with municipalities in the improvement of certain streets of such municipalities connecting with a county road providing for the cost thereof prescribing the method by which the contract for such improvement shall be made and imposing the cost of the maintenance of such streets on the municipalities

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section eighteen of an act approved the eleventh day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act providing for the original location laying out and construction of public roads or highways in the several counties of this Commonwealth and for the permanent improvement of certain public roads or highways therein making such originally constructed or improved roads and highways county roads authorizing the relocation opening straightening widening extension and alteration of the same and the vacation of so much of any road as may thereby become unnecessary providing that the county commissioners of any county may prescribe rules regulating the use of roads constructed or maintained by the various counties and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing for the taking of property for such improvement the compensation to be paid therefor and the payment of damages resulting from such taking and the manner in which such damages may be determined providing for the payment of the costs and expenses of such construction or improvement and in thereafter repairing and maintaing said roads authorizing the levy of a tax or the issuing of bonds to provide a fund for the expense thereof prescribing a method for improving a county road lying within or traversing a borough and apportioning the cost of such improvement and authorizing the vacation of any county roads" as the same was amended by an act approved the twelfth day of May one thousand nine hundred and thirteen which reads as follows

Section 18 When a borough intervenes between two ends of a county highway and the borough has failed to properly improve the street or streets constituting the shortest and most reasonable road through said borough which will connect the two ends of such highway it shall be lawful for the councils of such borough to authorize by ordinance that the proper officials of the borough contract in the manner herein provided with the county commissioners that the shortest and most reasonable route through said borough connecting the two ends of such highway be improved

Or when a county highway termintes at the corporate limits of a borough in the same or another county and connects with a borough street which the borough has failed to properly improve and the county commissioners of the county in which the borough is located deem the improvement of such borough street necessary in order to make such county highway easily accessible to the residents of the borough or to the traveling public it shall be lawful for the councils of such borough to authorize by ordinance that the proper officials of the borough contract with the county commissioners in the manner herein provided that such borough street may be improved Whenever an improvement is made to a borough street pursuant to this section it shall be lawful for the county to pay the total cost of such improvement or the cost may be divided between the borough and the county The borough ordinance authorizing the improvement shall stipulate what percentage of the cost if any shall be borne by the borough and what percentage shall be borne by the county The contract for any such improvement may be taken by the county upon the stipulation of the borough to pay its proportionate share of the cost if any upon the completion of the work or it may be taken by the borough upon a like stipulation of the county or the improvement may be made by joint contract

Before any highway is improved under this section the county commissioners and the proper borough officials shall agree upon the maintenance of the highway Such agreement may provide that such highway shall be kept and maintained in good repair by the borough or it may provide that it shall be kept and maintained in good repair by the county and the cost thereof paid by the borough to the county

The proper borough officials shall have the right to issue permits determining the manner in which public service or other corporations or individuals shall place on or under such highway railway tracks pipes conduits telegraph lines or other devices used in the furtherance of business is amended to read as follows

Section 18 When a municipality intervenes between two ends of a county highway and the municipality has failed to properly improve the municipal streets or highways constituting the shortest and most reasonable route through said municipality which will connect the two ends of such highway it shall be lawful for the councils of such municipality to authorize by ordinance that the proper corporate authorities of the municipality contract in the manner herein provided with the county commissioners that the shortest and most reasonable route through said municipality connecting the two ends of such highway be improved

Or when a county highway terminates at the corporate limits of a municipality in the same or in another county and connects with a municipal street or alley which the municipality has failed to properly improve and the county commissioners of the county in which the municipality is located deem the improvement of such municipal street or alley necessary in order to make such county highway easily accessible to the residents of the municipality or to the traveling public it shall be lawful for the councils of such municipality to authorize by ordinance that the proper corporate officials of the municipality contract with the county commissioners in the manner herein provided that such municipal street or alley or any part thereof be improved and also that there be improved when necessary any part or parts of the streets connected therewith which connect the said county highway with the business district or districts of said municipality or with a system of improved streets therein or which connect the said highway with another county highway terminating at the limits of said municipality. If several municipalities are contiguous to each other and at the corporate limits of any one of them a county highway terminates and one or more of such municipalities have failed to properly improve any municipal street or alley therein and the county commissioners deem the improvement of such street or alley necessary in order to make such highway easily accessible to the residents of the municipality or to the traveling public it shall be lawful for the councils of such municipality or municipalities to authorize the proper corporate authorities to enter into a similar contract with the county commissioners The county commissioners shall have the power to improve said streets or alleys as herein provided and said powers herein given shall also include the right to widen repave or otherwise improve said municipal streets and alleys whenever the same is necessary to accomplish the purpose herein conferred Whenever an improvement is made to a municipal street or alley pursuant to this section it shall be lawful for the county to pay the total cost of such improvement or the cost may be divided between the municipality and county The municipal ordinance authorizing the improvement shall stipulate what percentage of the cost if any shall be borne by the municipality and what percentage of the cost shall be borne by the county The contract for any such improvement may be taken by the county upon the stipulation by the municipality to pay its proportinate share of the cost if any upon the completion of the work or it may be taken by the municipality upon a like stipulation

of the county or the improvement may be made by joint contract When municipal streets or alleys are widened or improved by the county in the manner herein provided and special benefits result therefrom to abutting property the city shall collect such benefits in the manner now provided by law and shall apply the amount thereof to its share if any of the cost of such improvement

Before any municipal street or alley is improved under this section the county commissioners and the proper corporate authorities of such municipality shall agree upon the maintenance of such municipal street or alley Such agreement may provide that such municipal street or alley shall be kept and maintained in good repair by the municipality or it may provide that it shall be kept and maintained in good repair by the county and the cost thereof paid by the municipality to the county

The proper corporate authorities of such municipality shall have the right to issue permits determining the manner in which public service corporations or individuals shall place on or under or over such municipal streets or alleys railway tracks pipes conduits telegraph lines or other devices used in the furtherance of business and nothing herein contained should be construed to in any way effect or impair the rights powers and privileges of the municipality in on under over or through the public streets or alleys of such municipalities except as herein provided.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with.

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 676, (Senate Bill No. 153) entitled:

An Act to establish and regulate the fees to be charged and collected by sheriffs in counties of this Commonwealth having a population of not less than five hundred thousand nor more than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants as computed by the last preceding United States census the time and manner in which said fees shall be paid the publication and posting of said fees the delivery of an itemized receipt for official fees and legal costs received and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House bill No. 677, (Senate bill No. 112), entitled:

An Act to amend the first section of an act entitled "An Act to encourage county historical societies" approved the twenty-first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one so as to provide that the commissioners' board in counties where the population exceeds one million may appropriate a sum not exceeding one thousand dollars annually to the chief historical society in said county

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House bill No. 637, as follows:

An Act validating contracts bonds or obligations of or belonging to corporations of other states made entered into or acquired prior to the passage of an act entitled "An Act to regulate the doing of business in this Commonwealth by foreign corporations the registration thereof and service of process thereon and providing punishment and penalties for the violation of its provisions and repealing previous legislation on the subject" approved the eighth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven Pamphlet Laws seven hundred and ten without such corporations first having established known places of business and designated authorized agents for the transaction of their business within this Commonwealth and providing for the enforcement of such contracts bonds or obligations upon the payment of a penalty and taxes to the Commonwealth

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That whenever any corporation organized and existing under the laws of any other state and doing business within this Commonwealth shall have made entered into or acquired any contract bond or obligation with any person firm or corporation prior to the passage of the act entitled "An Act to regulate the doing of business in this Commonwealth by foreign corporations the registration thereof and service of process thereon and providing punishment and penalties for the violation of its provisions and repealing previous legislation on the subject" approved the eighth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven (Pamphlet Laws seven hundred and ten) without such corporation first having established a known place or places of business and designated an authorized agent or agents for the transaction of its business in this Commonwealth the said contract bond or obligation shall be binding upon the parties thereto and such corporation may enforce the same in the courts of this Commonwealth Provided That it has subsequent to the passage of the said act and prior to the passage of this act complied with the laws of this Commonwealth by filing the power of attorney and statement with the Secretary of the Commonwealth as therein provided And Provided Further That before commencing any suit upon such contract bond or obligation it shall pay to the Secretary of the Commonwealth for the use of the Commonwealth a license fee or fine of two hundred and fifty dollars and shall also pay the taxes that would have accrued to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania if it had complied with the laws of Pennsylvania at the time of beginning to do business therein

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 518, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the agricultural experiment station of the Pennsylvania State College to maintain substations for the purpose of making experiments in the improvement culture curing and preparation of tobacco and providing for the publication of the report thereof

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of six thousand dollars ($6,000.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary for the two fiscal years beginning on the first day of June one thousand nine hundred and fifteen be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the trustees of the agricultural experiment station of the Pennsylvania State College for the purpose of conducting experiments in the improvement culture curing and preparation of tobacco in collaboration with the Tobacco Growers Societies duly incorporated et cetera of Lancaster and Clinton counties and with such other responsible associations as may desire to engage in such work or with the United States Department of Agriculture The management of the experiments shall be conducted by said experiment station and the results of the experiments together with an itemized statement of the expenditures hereunder shall be published in the annual report presented by said station to the Governor of the Commonwealth Provided That no part of the appropriation herein made shall be used for the purchase of land

Section 2 That an amount not exceeding five per centum of the sum appropriated by this act may be used by the station for the purpose of printing and distributing the results of the experiments herein provided for in the form of bulletins one copy of each of which shall be sent to every newspaper published in the State and to such individuals as may request the same so far as the means of the station may permit

Section 3 The money hereby appropriated shall be paid to the said trustees by the State Treasurer on the warrant of the Auditor-General in such sums as may from time to time be required and as the condition of the treasury will allow on the presentation of a sworn statement showing in detail the purposes for which said sums have been expended under the provisions of this act

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. GOODNOUGH. Mr. Speaker, I move that this bill be re-committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. GIBSON. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 331, as follows:

An Act requiring each county having a population of one million five hundred thousand and over to establish a pension fund for employes of said county and regulating the payment of such pensions

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That counties having a population of one million five hundred thousand and over shall create a pension fund for the pensioning of all employes who have given twenty years of service in said county No employe under the age of fifty years shall be pensioned unless such employe is totally and permanently disabled

Section 2 Counties having a population of one million five hundred thousand and over shall set aside and appropriate a sum not to exceed one-half of one per centum of all taxes for such pension fund

Section 3 The employes shall contribute one per centum of their salaries each succeeding month until they retire on pension when such contribution shall cease

Section 4 The pension allowed shall be one-half of the salary received for the two years previous to their retirement

Section 5 The payment of pension shall be made through the department of which said pensioner shall have been last a member

Section 6 All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with this act are repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 619, as follows:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act authorizing companies incorporated under the laws of any other State of the United States for the manufacture of any form of iron steel or glass to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments and to take have and hold real estate necessary and proper for manufacturing purposes" approved the ninth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one extending the same to companies formed for the purpose of quarrying slate granite stone or rocks or for dressing polishing working or manufacturing the same or any of them and to mineral springs companies incorporated for the purpose of bottling and selling natural mineral springs water approved the sixteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three' approved the nineteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one extending the same to companies formed for the purpose of manufacturing and selling chemicals foodstuffs cement and cement products and the quarrying of cement rock" approved May twenty-eight one thousand nine hundred and seven extending the same to companies incorporated for the manufacture buying selling leasing using and operation of electrical apparatus and machinery' approved the twenty-third day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven extending the same to companies incorporated for the manufacture of any clay into brick tile or other articles and products produced from clay or from clay and other substances mixed therewith"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section one of the act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act authorizing companies incorporated under the laws of any State of the United States for the manufacture of any form of iron steel or glass to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments and to take have and hold real estate necessary and proper for manufacturing purposes' approved the ninth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one extending the same to companies formed for the purpose of quarrying slate granite stone or rocks or for dressing polishing working or manufacturing the same or any of them and to mineral springs companies incorporated for the purpose of bottling and selling natural mineral springs water' approved the sixteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three' approved the nineteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one extending the same to companies formed for the purpose of manufacturing and selling chemicals foodstuffs cement and cement products and the quarrying of cement rock" approved the twenty-eighth day of May one thousand nine hundred and seven extending the same to companies incorporated for the manufacturing buying selling leasing and operation of electrical apparatus and machinery' approved the twenty-third day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven which reads as follows It shall and may be lawful for any company incorporated under the laws of any other state for the manufacture of any form of iron steel or glass or for the quarrying of slate granite cement rock stone or rocks of any kind or for dressing polishing or manufacturing the same or any of them or for any mineral springs company incorporated for the purpose of bottling and selling natural mineral springs water or for any company incorporated for the purpose of manufacturing supplying and sale of ice or for the manufacture and sale of chemicals or for the manufacture and sale of foodstuffs and eatables cement and cement products and the quarrying of cement rock or for the manufacture buying selling leasing using and operation of electrical apparatus and machinery and articles of every kind appertaining to or in any wise connected with the production use regulation control distribution or application of electricity or electrical energy or products for any use or purpose constructing acquiring using selling buying or leasing any works construction or plant or part thereof connected with or involving such use distribution regulation control or application of electricity or the control or use of electrical apparatus for any purpose and of producing furnishing and supplying electricity or electrical apparatus in any form and for any purpose and to carry on a general manufacturing business to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments within this Commonwealth and to have and hold real estate to an amount necessary and proper therefore Provided that nothing herein contained shall be deemed to prevent or relieve real estate taken and held by such company under the provisions of this statute from being taxed in like manner with other real estate within this Commonwealth and provided further That no foreign corporation shall be entitled to employ any greater amount of capital in any such business in this State than the same kind of corporations organized under the laws of this State are entitled to employ And provided further That every such foreign corporation doing business as aforesaid in this Commonwealth shall be liable to taxation to an amount not exceeding that imposed on corporations organized for similar purposes under the laws of this State and every such foreign corporation taking the benefit of this act shall make the same returns to the Auditor General that are now required by law of the corporations of this State" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

"Section 1 It shall and may be lawful for any company incorporated under the laws of any other state for the manufacture of any form of iron steel or glass or for the quarrying of slate granite cement rock stone or rocks of any kind or for dressing polishing or manufacturing the same or any of them or for any mineral springs company incorporated for the purpose of bottling and selling natural mineral springs water or for any company incorporated for the purpose of manufacturing supplying and sale of ice or for the manufacture and sale of chemicals or for the manufacture and sale of foodstuffs and eatables cement and cement products and the quarrying of cement rock or for the manufacture buying selling leasing using and operation of electrical apparatus and machinery and articles of every kind appertaining to or in any wise connected with the production use regulation control distribution or application of electricity or electrical energy or products for any use or purpose constructing acquiring using selling buying or leasing any works construction or plant or part thereof connected with or involving such use distribution regulation control or application of electricity or the control or use of electrical apparatus for any purpose and of producing furnishing and supplying electricity or electrical apparatus in any form and for any purpose and to carry on a general manufacturing business or for the mining and manufacturing of any clay into brick tile and various other articles and products produced from clay or from clay and other substances mixed therewith to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments within this Commonwealth and to have and hold real estate to an amount necessary and proper for corporate purposes Provided that nothing herein contained shall be deemed to prevent or relieve real estate taken and held by such company under the provisions of this statute from being taxed in like manner with other real estate within this Commonwealth And provided further That no foreign corporation shall be entitled to employ any greater amount of capital in any such business in this State than the same kind of corporations organized under the laws of this State are entitled to employ And provided further That every such foreign corporation doing business as aforesaid in this Commonwealth shall be liable to taxation to an amount not exceeding that imposed on corporations organized for similar purposes under the laws of this State and every such foreign corporation taking the benefit of this act shall make the same returns to the Auditor General that are now required by law of the corporations of this State"

Section 2 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act be and the same are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 92, as follows:

An Act relating to checks and drafts and fixing penalties

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That a person is guilty of a misdemeanor who makes and delivers to another a check or draft on a bank or trust company and thereby obtains credit or personal property of any nature if such check or draft when presented for payment within reasonable time is not paid because the maker has no account or has not sufficient funds on deposit to pay the check or draft

Section 2 A person convicted of a misdemeanor under section one of this act shall be sentenced to pay a fine and undergo imprisonment in the county prison as follows

If the amount of the check or draft is under twenty dollars he shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not more than one hundred dollars or to undergo imprisonment not to exceed thirty days

If the amount of the check or draft is twenty dollars or more he shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than fifty nor more than

five hundred dollars and to undergo imprisonment not to exceed two years

Section 3 If within twenty days after receipt of actual notice oral or written of protest of the check or draft the person making and delivering the check or draft pays the amount of the check or draft with protest fees he shall not be prosecuted under this act If prosecution has actually begun it shall be dismissed at the cost of defendant on payment of the check or draft with protest fees as aforesaid

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consderation of House Bill No. 30, as follows:

An Act relating to the vacation of public roads and their continuance as private roads

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That in all proceedings in the courts of this Commonwealth involving the vacation of all part of any public road the viewers are hereby given jurisdiction to determine that such public road or any part of the same shall be vacated as a public road and that the same or any part thereof shall remain and continue as a private road for the use of abutting and appurtenant properties and shall so report to the court with a recommendation as to fences bars and gates

Section 2 The courts of this Commonwealth having jurisdiction of such proceedings are hereby given jurisdiction to approve modify or set aside such report and recommendations and to enter a final decree accordingly and no damages shall be allowed any landowner on account of such private road taking the place of a public road

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committe of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 679 (Senate Bill No. 92) entitled:

An Act requiring certain petitions and papers to be verified before being considered by the court

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 834 (Senate Bill No. 237) entitled:

An Act relating to the admission of attorneys-at-law to the Supreme and Superior Courts

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Odered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 519, as follows:

An Act to authorize the revising editing and printing of twenty-five thousand copies bulletin number two hundred and nineteen entitled "Increasing the Winter Yield of Eggs" issued by the Department of Agriculture and making an appropriation therefor

Whereas The number of copies of bulletin number two hundred and nineteen entitled "Increasing the Winter Yield of Eggs" published by the Department of Agriculture has proved to be entirely inadequate to meet the demands for same therefore

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the Secretary of Agriculture is authorized to cause to be edited and revised the bulletin number two hundred and nineteen heretofore published by the Department of Agriculture entitled "Increasing the Winter Yield of Eggs" and to order the printing of twenty-five thousand copies thereof It shall be the duty of the Superintendent of Public Printing and Binding to have the bulletin printed and delivered to the Department of Agriculture The sum of two thousand dollars ($2,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to carry out the purpose of this act

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 500, as follows:

An Act to incorporate the Knowlton Turnpike and Bridge Company of Northampton County Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Reprensentatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That Amos L. Jones George Burgess LeRoy Craig Henry V. B. Darlington and Gilbert S. B. Darlington and all other persons who may hereafter be subscribers to or holders of the stock hereinafter mentioned are hereby constituted a body corporate by the name of Knowlton Turnpike and Bridge Company for the purpose of constructing maintaining and managing a bridge across the Delaware River at the Township of Upper Mount Bethel in the County of Northampton and Commonwealth of Pennsylvania where the bridge formerly used by the Delaware Lackawanna and Western Railroad Company crosses the said river to the center line of said Delaware River and which will connect at the said center line of said river with a bridge running to Warren County in the State of New Jersey the immediate location to be fixed as hereinafter provided

Section II The affairs of the said Company shall be managed by five (5) directors and Amos L. Jones George Burgess LeRoy Craig James H. Darlington and Gilbert S. B. Darlington are hereby made directors of said Company and they shall continue in office until five thousand ($5,000.00) dollars of the capital stock of the said Company shall be subscribed and until others shall be selected or appointed in their stead as shall be hereinafter provided The said directors shall have power to fill any and all vacancies in their number occasioned by death resignation refusing to serve or otherwise and said directors so appointed to such vacancies shall have the same power as the original directors and shall continue in office until others shall be chosen according to this act Any two of said directers shall have power to call a meeting of such directors for the purpose of organization At least five days notice shall be given stating the time and place for such meeting which may be served personally or by mail

Section III The capital stock of said corporation shall be five thousand ($5,000.00) dollars with power to increase it to thirty thousand ($30,000.00) dollars if necessary The said stock shall be divided into shares of one hundred ($100.00) dollars each

Section IV The said Knowlton Turnpike and Bridge Company shall have perpetual succession and all the privileges and franchises incident to a corporation and shall be capable of taking and holding their capital stock and the increase and profits thereof and of enlarging the same from time to time by new subscriptions in such manner and form as provided by law if such enlargement shall be found necessary to fulfill the intent of this act provided such increase does not with the original subscription exceed the amount of thirty thousand ($30,000.00) dollars and of purchasing taking and holding for itself its successors and assigns in fee simple or for any less estate all such lands tenements hereditaments and assets real and personal as may be necessary and convenient to them in the prosecution of said road and approaches to said bridge and the same to sell and dispose of and of suing and being sued pleading and being impleaded in all courts of proper jurisdiction

Section V That in addition to the general powers hereinabove given the corporation shall have the right to cause such examination and surveys for its proposed approach to said bridge as may be necessary and for such purposes by its officers and servants to enter upon the lands or waters of any person but subject to the responsibility for all damages which shall be done thereto

Section VI The corporation shall have the right to take and hold such voluntary grants of real estate and other property whether real or personal as may be necessary for the construction maintenance operation and accommodation of its turnpike bridge approach culverts abutments rights of way and franchises pertaining or incidental or in any way necessary thereto

Section VII The corporation shall have the right to lay out its road as hereby provided and to construct the same together with all necessary culverts drains approaches and abutments and for the purpose of cuttings and embankments to take as much more land as may be necessary for the proper construction security maintenance and accommodation of said turnpike and all bridges connected therewith and forming part of the same

Section VIII The corporation shall have the right to charge levy collect and receipt for such rates and tolls for passage along and over said bridge and the bridges forming a part thereof as may be charged and levied according to law

Section IX The corporation shall have the right to erect and maintain piers approaches abutments offices warehouses and all other buildings and structures or to acquire existing structures of any of the said kinds necessary for the maintenance of any bridge within this Commonwealth or between this Commonwealth and any other state upon or over any river flowing between the same in particular any river flowing between this Commonwealth and the State of New Jersey

Section X The corporation shall have the right to make such by-laws and regulations not inconsistent with the laws or constitution of this Commonwealth or of the United States as shall be necessary for well ordering the affairs of the company and fixing upon the site or location of said highway and bridges forming a part of the same such fixing of such sites or locations being however sub-

ject to the general site or location of said highway as prescribed by this act

Section XI The corporation shall have the right to enter upon lands neighboring and adjacent to the line of said highway for the purpose of obtaining stone gravel sand or other material necessary for the construction or operation of its turnpike the bridges forming a part thereof with their approaches providing always that due compensation be made in every case to the owner or owners of any materials so taken

Section XII That the places from and to which the said turnpike may be constructed maintained and operated are as follows

Beginning at a point in the township of Upper Mt. Bethel County of Northampton upon the main highway along the Delaware River and near the point where the main railway bridge of the Delaware Lackawanna and Western Railroad Company crosses the said river said point of beginning being a point in the said highway situated five hundred feet more or less due south from the farm and buildings of one Peter Michael and where the said highway crosses a brook by a plank bridge Running thence in a northeasterly direction following the easterly bank of the said brook one hundred fifty feet more or less to a concrete culvert at the point where the said brook passes beneath the embankment formerly used by the said Delaware Lackawanna and Western Railroad Company Running thence in a general easterly direction along the said embankment and following the line thereof approximately seven hundred feet to the westerly bank of the Delaware River Running thence almost due east to the centre line of the Delaware River being the boundary between the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and the State of New Jersey a distance of approximately three hundred feet using the structure of the old truss bridge erected in one thousand eight hundred and ninety for the use of the Warren Railroad Company and its lessee the said Delaware Lackawanna and Western Railroad Company

Section XIII That in all cases in which the corporation is permitted to take waters streams lands property materials or franchises for public purposes thereof and the corporation cannot agree with the owner or owners of any such waters streams lands materials or franchises for the compensation proper for the damage done or likely to be done to or sustained by any such owner or owners of such waters streams land or materials the corporation may enter upon use or take away in pursuance of the authority herein given or by reason of the absence or legal incapacity of any such owner or owners no such compensation can be agreed upon the court of common pleas of the County of Northampton on application thereto by petition either by the corporation or by the owner or owners or any one in behalf of either shall appoint three discreet and disinterested freeholders of the said County of Northampton and appoint a time not less than ten nor more than twenty days thereafter for said viewers to meet at or upon the premises where the damages are alleged to be sustained or the property taken of which time and place five days notice shall be given by the petitioner to the said viewers and the other party and the said viewers having been first duly sworn or affirmed faithfully justly and impartially to decide and true report to make concerning all matters and things to be submitted to them and in relation to which they are authorized to inquire in pursuance of the provisions of this act and having viewed the premises they shall estimate and determine the quantity quality and value of such lands streams or property so taken or occupied or to be taken or occupied or the materials so used or taken away as the case may be and having a due regard to and making just allowance for the advantages which may have resulted or which may seem likely to result to the owner or owners of said streams land or materials in consequence of the making of the improvements or conducting the operations of the corporation or of the construction of works for which the property is to be taken and after having made a fair and just comparison of said advantages and disadvantages they shall estimate and determine whether any and if any what amount of damages has been or may be ssutained and to whom payable and make report thereof to the said court and if any damages be awarded and the report be confirmed by the said court judgment shall be entered thereon and upon the payment by the corporation of the amount named in the said judgment to the owner or owners of said streams land or materials or to whomever decreed in said judgment the title to said streams lands materials or franchises shall thereupon vest in the corporation in accordance with the terms of the said judgment

Section XIV As soon as the bridge shall be ready for travel it shall be lawful for said company to erect a tollgate or gates at or near said bridge and to fix exact demand receive and collect of all persons passing and repassing over said bridge a toll to be received and collected for the use of said company and to make such erections as the directors may deem expedient to guard the entrance of said bridge but said tolls shall not exceed the following rates namely For every automobile or motor driven vehicle twenty-five cents for every stage wagon carriage hack sleigh or vehicle drawn by two horses mules or oxen twenty-five cents for every additional horse mule or oxen ten cents for every carriage wagon sleigh vehicle cart or sulky drawn by one horse mule or ox fifteen cents for every horse mule ox or cow five cents for every hog sheep calf goat three cents for every horse or mule ridden or led ten cents for every person crossing said bridge on foot three cents

Section XV If any person shall wilfully do or cause to be done any act or acts whatever whereby said bridge or any appurtenances thereto belonging shall be obstructed impaired weakened injured or destroyed the person or persons so offending shall forfeit to the said company treble the damages sustained by reason of said offence or injury to be recovered in the name of the corporation with costs of suit by an action in any court having jurisdiction thereof and such person shall be deemed guilty of a misdeemanor and be punished by fine or imprisonment or both as provided by law for the punishment of misdemeanors when no other punishment is prescribed

Section XVI If any person or persons shall force attempt to force any of the gates of said company or shall attempt to cross said bridge without payment of the toll demanded by said company or fixed by this act such person or persons shall forfeit and pay to the said company the sum of five dollars which sum may be recovered by said company as a penalty for said act with costs

Section XVII The president and directors shall keep a just and true account of all moneys received by their agents and officers together with a just and true account of all moneys paid out by them during each and every year as well as from what source said money was received and for what purpose and to whom paid out and shall on the last Monday of December in each and every year publish a statement showing the condition of the premises of the said company together with the dividend to be made with the clear profits among the stockholders and on the first Monday of January in each year at the annual election of directors shall pay said dividend to the said stockholders

Section XVIII The said company after its increase of its capital stock as hereinbefore provided is hereby authorized to issue bonds secured by a mortgage on its real estate and other property to an amount not exceeding one-half the amount of its capital stock said bonds to be issued only after a meeting of the stockholders called for that purpose shall authorize the same

Section XIX Said bridge shall be ready for travel within two years after the passage of this act

Section XX It shall be lawful for the company to erect a gate and receive toll at or near the west end of said bridge

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 723, as follows:

An Act to validate appraisements and titles made and effected to surviving husbands and wives by virtue of an act entitled "An Act to amend section one of an act entitled 'An Act relating to the descent and distribution of the estates of intestates' passed and approved April eighth one thousand eight hundred and thirty-three defining and declaring the interest that shall descend to and vest in the surviving husband or wife of such intestate approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine"

Whereas by misapprehension of the method of appraisement to be made under an act entitled "An Act to amend section one of an act entitled 'An Act relating to the descent and distribution of the estates of intestates' passed and approved April eighth one thousand eight hundred and thirty-three defining and declaring the interest that shall descend to and vest in surviving husband or wife of such intestate" approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine a great many appraisements have been made by two appraisers and confirmed by the court instead of three appraisers and titles to real estate and personal property have thus been affected and acquired now therefore

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That all appraisements of real and personal estate of intestates heretofore made and approved by decree of the Orphans' Court in pursuance of the act entitled "An Act to amend section one of an act entitled 'An Act relating to the descent and distribution of the estates of intestates passed and approved April eight one thousand eight hundred and thirty-three defining and declaring the interest that shall descend to and vest in the surviving husband or wife of such intestate" approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine are hereby declared to be valid and effectual to vest in the husband or wife the title of such intestates in the real estate or personal property so appraised to them or each of them and approved by decree of the Orphans' Court provided however That this act shall not affect any litigation now pending in any court of this Commonwealth under the act as amended

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 653, as follows:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to provide for State registration of nurses to establish a State Board of Examiners in connection therewith and to provide penalties for the violation of certain provisions regarding such registration" approved the first day of May one thousand nine hundred and nine providing further regulation as to applications for examination for registration of nurses and the fee chargeable therefor and providing for the making of reports of training schools for nurses whose competency for instruction is approved by the said board

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section five of the act entitled "An act to provide for State registration of nurses to establish a State board of examiners in connection therewith and to provide penalties for the violation of certain provisions regarding such registration" approved the first day of May one thousand nine hundred and nine which reads as follows

"Section 5 The secretary of the board shall receive a salary not to exceed one hundred dollars ($100.00) a year All members of the board shall receive five dollars ($5.00) a day for each day actually engaged in the transaction of official business together with all actual expenses incurred as aforesaid All expenditures of the said board shall be paid from the fees received thereby under the provisions of this act and said expenditures shall in no case be paid from the State Treasury The treasurer of the boards shall give bond in such sum as may be fixed by the by-laws which bond shall be subject to the approval of the State Treasurer The said treasurer shall pay the necessary and current expenses of the board and may retain in the treasury a sum not exceeding one thousand dollars to defray the ordinary expenditures but all monies exceeding the said sum of one thousand dollars shall be paid by the treasurer of the board to the State Treasury The said board shall have no power to fix prices or in any way control the compensation received by the registered nurse" be amended to read as follows

"Section 5 The secretary of the board shall receive a salary not to exceed one hundred dollars ($100.00) a year All members of the board shall receive five dollars ($5.00) a day for each day actually engaged in the transaction of official business together with all actual expenses incurred as aforesaid All expenditures of the said board shall be paid from the fees received thereby under the provisions of this act and said expenditures shall in no case be paid from the State Treasury The treasurer of the board shall give bond in such sum as may be fixed by the by-laws which bond shall be subject to the approval of the State Treasurer The said treasurer shall pay the necessary and current expenses of the board and may retain in the treasury a sum not exceeding five thousand dollars to defray the ordinary expenditures but all moneys exceeding the said sum of five thousand dollars shall be paid by the treasurer of the board to the State Treasury The said board shall have no power to fix prices or in any way control the compensation received by the registered nurse"

Section 2 That section seven of said act which reads as follows

"Section 7 No application for registration shall be considered unless accompanied by a fee of five dollars Every applicant to be eligible for examination must furnish evidence satisfactory to the board that he or she is twenty-one years of age or over is of good moral character and has graduated from a training school for nurses which gives at least a two years' course of instruction or has received instruction in different training schools or hospitals for periods of time amounting to at least a two years' course as aforesaid and then graduated and that such applicant during said period of at least two years has received practical and theoretical training in surgical and medical nursing" shall be amended so as to read as follows

"Section 7 On and after August first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen no application for registration shall be considered unless accompanied by a fee of ten dollars Every applicant to be eligible for examination must furnish evidence satisfactory to the board that he or she is twenty-one years of age or over is of good moral character and has graduated from a training school for nurses which gives at least a two years' course of instruction or has received instruction in different training schools or hospitals for periods of time amounting to at least a two years' course as aforesaid and then graduated and that such applicant during said period of at least two years has received practical and theortical training in surgical and medical nursing

Provided that a graduate nurse registered in any state of the United States where the requiremnts for registration in the judgment of the registration board for nurses of this State are at least equal to the requirements of law for such nurses in Pennsylvania may at the discretion of the board be registered without examination upon application in writing on forms provided by the board and upon the payment of a fee of ten dollars

And Provided further That it shall be the duty of the said registration board to prepare and make a report for public distribution at intervals regulated by the by-laws of the said board of all training schools or combinations of training schools that are approved by the board possessing the necessary requirements for giving a pupil nurse a full and adequate course of instruction

Section 3 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith be and the same are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 582, as follows:

An Act authorizing municipalities to enter into certain contracts and make appropriations regarding libraries

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That when by any gift or gifts or bequest or bequests any estates or estates real or personal exceeding twenty thousand dollars is given or bequeathed for the purpose of establishing in a municipality a free public non-sectarian library on a permanent basis for the use of the residents of the municipality and there is attached to such gift or gifts or bequest or bequests a condition that the municipality shall provide for the maintenance of a librarian of such library the municipality may enter into a perpetual contract with the donor or the representatives of any estator or corporation created to execute such gift or gifts or bequest or bequests for the payment annually of a certain fixed sum of money at such periods as may be agreed upon between the contracting parties Such sum shall be applied for the employment and maintenance of a suitable librarian in accordance with the terms of the gift or gifts or bequest or bequests

Section 2 The municipality shall appropriate annually for the compensation of such librarian not to exceed the amount of one mill on a dollar on all taxable property in the municipality

Section 3 All acts or parts of acts not consistent herewith are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Mr. PHILLIPS asked and received unanimous consent to calll up House Bill No. 119, File Folio 2007, on page 7, of to-day's calendar, bills on third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 119, entitled:

An Act to provide for the better protection and preservation of game game-quadrupeds and game-birds in Pennsylvania and prescribing penalties for violation of its several provisions

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. PHILLIPS. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to offer amendments at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend Section 6, line 23, by striking out the word "liablt" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "liable"

Amend Section 10, line 8, by striking out the first word "of" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "or"

Amend Section 11, line 67, by striking out the word "penatly" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "penalty"

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to insert the amendments as read? Is there any objection? The Chair hears none, and the amendments will be inserted in accordance with the instructions of the House.

The bill as amended was then agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended lie over for printing.

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 722, entitled:

An Act regulating the manufacture and sale of commercial fertilizers

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 459, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-fourth day of May one thousand eight hundred eighty-seven entitled "An Act to regulate the practice of pharmacy and sale of poisons and to prevent adulterations in drugs and medicinal preparations in the State of Pennsylvania" as amended

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 850, entitled:

An Act making a burgess of a borough eligible to the office for the next succeeding term

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 770, entitled:

An Act relative to the burial of the bodies of certain indigent deceased widows at the county expense

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 785, entitled:

An Act authorizing the board of public charities to appoint two additional assistant general agents and prescribing their duties

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 533 (Senate Bill No. 79) entitled:

An Act prohibiting any member or employe of any bureau or department having charge of police and fire protection of any cities of the first class from taking any active part in politics political movements or elections from canvassing election precincts or from interfering with elections or from using his office to influence politics political movements or elections and providing penalties for violation thereof

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 550, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-third day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-three entitled "An Act to authorize the election of a burgess for three years in the several boroughs of the Commonwealth who shall not be eligible to the office for the next succeeding term and providing that such officer shall not be a member of the town council giving him the power to veto ordinances providing for the election of a presiding officer of councils and abolishing the office of assistant burgess"

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 323, entitled:

An Act repealing an act entitled "An Act amending article six of an act entitled 'An Act for the government of cities of the second class' approved the seventh day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one as amended by an amendatory act approved the first day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine and as affected by an act entitled 'An Act providing a uniform rate of assessment and taxation for all real estate in cities of the second class' approved the eleventh day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven by providing for the classification of real estate for purposes of taxation into two classes to wit the buildings on land and the land exclusive of buildings and by providing for the assessment of a less tax upon the buildings than upon the land exclusive of the buildings in cities of the second class" approved May fifteenth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 789, entitled:

An Act giving to dependent neglected incorrigible delinquent and other children committed to the care custody or control of any institution or citizens or training school or industrial school or any association willing to receive them or to any other person or persons by any court of this Commonwealth sitting as a juvenile court or any judge or magistrate sitting as such the right to reviews and rehearings on petition of their parent or parents or next friend requiring the testimony to be made a part of the record and providing for appeals to the Superior Court

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 674 (Senate No. 162) entitled:

An Act providing for the establishment regulation and maintenance by the Board of Game Commissioners of State game preserves on the forestry reservations and elsewhere and providing penalties for violation of this act

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 747, entitled:

An Act amending the first section of an act approved the twenty-fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled "An Act authorizing the Board of Public Charities to appoint two assistant general agents and prescribing their duties

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 696 (Senate No. 181) entitled:

An Act authorizing and empowering municipalities to construct and for this purpose to procure locations therefor by purchase or condemnation proceedings in fee simple as herein provided or to acquire by lease or purchase and to maintain and operate underground street passenger railways or subways whether the same be wholly within or partly within and partly without the limits of the municipality and also street passenger railways or elevated railways connecting therewith or exchanging passengers with said underground street railway and to lease the underground street railway and any surface or elevated street railway connecting therewith to corporations or individuals with the right in the municipalities to charge an additional sum for each passenger using the subway to meet the interest and sinking fund charges on the cost of the subway and conferring upon said municipalities all the rights and powers conferred upon corporations under which the act of June seventh one thousand nine hundred and one entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and government of passenger railways either elevated or underground or partly elevated or partly underground with surface rights (Pamphlet Laws five hundred and twenty-three) and supplements and amendments thereto

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 481, entitled:

An Act to repeal an act approved the fifteenth day of June one thousand eight hundred seventy-one entitled "An Act relating to the assessment of damages for the appropriation of land for public use"

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 416, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the eighth day of May one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act regulating the appointment confirmation duties salary and expenses of county detectives in counties containing not less than three hundred thousand nor more than seven hundred thousand inhabitants" by extending its provisions to counties having a population of two hundred thousand inhabitants but not more than seven hundred thousand inhabitants and by repealing section three of the act

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 814 (Senate No. 215) entitled:

An Act vesting in county commissioners certain powers relative to public monuments

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 665, entitled:

A Joint Resolution directing the publication of the pamphlet containing the game fish and forestry laws

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 349 (Senate No. 4) entitled:

An Act relating to persons habitually addicted to the use of alcohol or drugs and providing for the care and treatment of such persons at the expense of the county and State if indigent

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 623, entitled:

An Act giving district attorneys authority with the approval of the court of quarter sessions of the proper county or any judge thereof to employ expert and special witnesses to assist in the preparation and trial of criminal cases to employ special investigators and detectives and to employ persons to assist in apprehending and extraditing fugitives from justice and to determine the compensation of said witnesses investigators detectives and persons and to approve the bills of the same and authorizing the payment of said bills out of the treasury of the proper county

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 379, entitled:

An Act empowering cities of the second class to levy and collect for general revenue purposes license taxes or fees upon railroad switches conduits pipes tracks vaults and other appliances and appurtenances under upon over or through the public streets ways alleys wharves and properties thereof

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 378, entitled:

An Act empowering cities of the second class to levy and collect for general revenue purposes license taxes or fees upon railroad switches turn-outs tracks and sidings upon the public streets ways alleys wharves and properties of said cities

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 324, entitled:

An Act creating additional subjects of taxation in cities of the second class by providing that all real estate in cities of the second class owned or possessed by any corporation shall be subject to taxation for city and school purposes the same as other real estate in said cities

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 326, entitled:

An Act amending sections one three five and six of an act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act for the government of cities of the second class' approved the seventh day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred one providing for the levy collection and disbursements of taxes and water rents or rates and conferring certain powers and duties in reference thereto upon the city treasurer the board of water assessors and the collector of delinquent taxes and repealing certain acts relating to matters herein provided for" approved May twelfth one thousand nine hundred eleven as amended by an amendment to the first paragraph of the third section of said act approved May thirty-one one thousand nine hundred thirteen Pamphlet Laws three hundred ninety changing the time of the collection of taxes and water rents and the duties of the board of water assessors and city treasurer and collector of delinquent taxes in reference thereto and the time for the levy and assessment thereof.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 779, entitled:

An Act to amend the first section of an act entitled "An Act enabling the libellant in all proceedings for divorce on the ground of desertion to testify to the fact of desertion and to the efforts made by him or her to induce the respondent to return an dresume the marital relation" approved June eighth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred eleven by enabling the libellant to testify where the case of divorce is personal abuse or conduct on the part of either the husband or wife as to render the condition of the other intolerable and life burdensome or when the husband shall have by cruel and barbarous treatment endangered his wife's life or offered such indignities to her person as to render her condition intolerable and life burdensome

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 748, entitled:

An Act to amend the third section of an act approved the nineteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act authorizing the release on probation of certain convicts instead of imposing sentences the appointment of probation and parole officers and the payment of their salaries and expenses regulating the manner of sentencing convicts in certain cases and providing for their release on parole their conviction of crime during parole and their rearrest and reconviction for breach of parole and extending the powers and duties of boards of prison inspectors of penitentiaries" so as to authorize the appointment of probation officers assistant probation officers and clerks

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 516, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Board of Game Commissioners for the payment of salaries traveling expenses establishment maintenance and protection of game preserves feeding propagation and distribution of game leasing of land for game preserves and various incidental expenses

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 737, entitled:

An Act authorizing municipalities to purchase the entire capital stock of bridge companies owning bridges situated wholly or partly within the limits of such municipalities and exempting the capital stock and bonds of such companies from State taxation

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 694 (Senate No. 180) entitled:

An Act to amend the first second and third sections of an act approved the eighteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An act authorizing any county and city in any county in which the county seat is within the limits of such city to erect a joint county and municipal building providing for the conditions under which such building and authorizing said county and city to make a sale or exchange of properties under certain conditions for the purpose of securing such site authorizing the acquisition of additional property for such building by purchase or condemnation and authorizing the county to issue bonds in payment of any indebtedness incurred for its share of the cost of such buildings and land" by conferring upon such county and city additional powers relating to the design construction use administration operation and maintenance of such joint county and municipal building and also if deemed advisable for an independent power plant in connection therewith

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 727, entitled:

An Act to authorize the merger and consolidation of street railway corporations organized under the laws of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania with street railway corporations organized under the laws of other states where the lines of said street railway corporations meet at the state line of any state adjoining the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and form a continuous line with each other and validating all such mergers and consolidations theretofore made

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 668, entitled:

An Act empowering cities of the second class to charge toll or rental for the use of the bridges owned or controlled by said cities

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 695 (Senate No. 179) entitled:

An Act empowering cities of the second class to construct and maintain street railway tracks and equipment for the operation of street cars and to lease said tracks and equipment upon payment of a reasonable rental to persons or corporations desiring to use the same for the operation of street cars

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 636, entitled:

An Act authorizing George S. Smith a citizen of Huntingdon County Pennsylvania to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin County against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 648, entitled:

An Act to repeal an act approved the sixteenth day of March one thousand eight hundred sixty-seven entitled "An Act regulating the salary of the treasurer of Lehigh County"

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 738, entitled:

An Act authorizing and empowering cities of the second class to construct underground tubes or subways to be used for pipe galleries or for the operation of street passenger railway lines either or both providing for the use thereof by public service corporations and others having their tracks conduits wires cables pipes and other appliances on the public streets conferring power upon said cities to compel their use under certain conditions and providing for the payment of a reasonable rental therefor

An said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Mr. DUNN asked and received unanimous consent to report a bill from committee at this time.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. DUNN, from the Commtttee on Public Health and Sanitation, re-reported as amended, House Bill No. 295, entitled:

An Act to protect the public health in cities of the first class in this Commonwealth and for that purpose creating in the Department of Public Health and Charities four bureaus to be called the Bureaus of Hospitals and Charities Health Sanitation and Housing; said Bureaus to have the supervision and control in said cities of hospitals and charities, health sanitation and housing, as herein set forth, and other matters affecting the public welfare so far as regards the use and occupancy of all buildings and appurtenances thereto occupied in whole or in part as places of residence by more than two families living separate and apart and providing for themselves; also the licensing supervision and control and the use of lodging rooming apartment and tenement houses fixing the responsibility for violations of any of the provisions of this act, and also giving power to said Bureaus to make rules and regulations to govern certain condition affecting health and sanitation, and the licensing of certain trades, industries and premises, and providing for punishments and penalties for violations of any of the rules and regulations made by the department of Public Health and Charities by any of its Bureaus under the powers granted by this act; also providing for the filing of liens; also providing for the inspection by the Bureau of Building Inspection and the fire marshal of said cities of the first class, and repealing all laws inconsistent herewith.

ADJOURNMENT.

Mr. FORSTER. Mr. Speaker, I move that this House do now adjourn.

The motion was agreed to and (at 11:35 A. M.) the House adjourned to meet on Monday evening, March 15th, at 9:00 o'clock.

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA.

Legislative Journal.

Session 1915 — 121st of the General Assembly

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SENATE.

MONDAY, March 15, 1915.

The Senate met at 9.30 o'clock P. M.

The PRESIDENT (Lieutenant-Governor Frank B. McClain) in the Chair.

PRAYER.

The Chaplain, Rev. Thomas W. Davis, offered the following prayer:

Almighty God, our kind Heavenly Father, we thank Thee for all the bounties of nature, and for all the blessings of life. We pray Thee that we may measure our lives and direct them from day to day so that we may accomplish those things in ourselves that we admire so much in others. Help us to perpetuate all that is good that has been handed down to us by the past, and grant that we may realize in our own lives those splendid accomplishments that may cause others to be glad that we lived, and be glad for what we have done. Help us to realize that whatsoever we sow we must reap. To this end guide us, that we may live from day to day to further the very highest prophecies of our own lives. We ask in the Saviour's name. Amen.

The PRESIDENT. A quorum of the Senate being present the Clerk will read the Journal of the preceding session.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of the preceding session, when, on motion of Mr. GERBERICH, the further reading was dispensed with, and the Journal was approved.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE.

The CHAIR asked and obtained leave of absence for the Senator from Bradford, Mr. Mills, for this week, on account of illness.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. SPROUL, from the Committee on Finance, re-reported as amended Senate Bill No. 114, entitled:

An Act providing for the printing, binding and distribution of the Report of the Fiftieth Anniversary of the Battle of Gettysburg Commission, entitled "Pennsylvania-Gettysburg Reunion," and for the compiling, auditing, proof reading and indexing thereof providing also for the preparation for filing of record in the State Library for their proper preservation therein of certain original manuscripts of the addresses delivered at said reunion and of other original data, souvenirs and records relative thereto and making appropriation therefor.

Mr. HINDMAN, from the Committee on Insurance, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 347, entitled:

An Act relating to policies of life insurance or annuities.

Mr. HOKE, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 442 (House Bill No. 543), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the 9th day of June, 1911, entitled "An Act to provide for the appointment of deputy prothonotaries in counties of this Commonwealth having a population of more than two hundred and fifty thousand and less than a million, and defining their qualifications, powers and salary."

Mr. GERBERICH, from the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 125, entitled:

An Act amending and supplementing sections 1 and 2 of an act, entitled "An Act for the promotion of medical science by the distribution and use of unclaimed human bodies for scientific purposes through a board created for that purpose, and to prevent unauthorized uses and traffic in human bodies," approved June 13th, 1883, by providing that the name of said board of distribution shall be Anatomical Board of the State of Pennsylvania; by extending its provisions to all persons having charge or control over bodies required to be buried at the public expense; by requiring immediate notice of the death of any person required to be buried at the public expense; by requiring notice in all cases, but providing that there shall not be delivered to the board created under the act, the bodies of deceased indigent persons where claimed by relatives within twenty-four hours after death, for interment at the expense of the claimant, or the bodies of honorably discharged soldiers, sailors or marines who have served the United States in any war, or who were in active service in the militia of the State of Pennsylvania, under and in pursuance of any of the proclamations issued by the Governor during the Civil War and not duly mustered into the service of the United States; by repealing the provisions as to deceased indigent travelers; by providing for the burial at the expense of the county, of indigent persons unfit for anatomical purposes, upon the certificate of the board, or its duly authorized officer, or agent, that such bodies are unfit for anatomical purposes, or are the bodies of soldiers, sailors or marines, required to be buried at the public expense, and that the provisions of this act have been complied with, by providing that no warrants for payment of expenses of burial shall be drawn or paid except upon such certificate; by providing for the burial of bodies rendered unfit for anatomical purposes by the failure to comply with the provisions of this act, at the expense of the person failing to comply with its provisions; repealing an act approved the 20th day of April, 1911, and an act approved the 23d day of May, 1913.

Mr. BUCKMAN, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 329, entitled:

An Act providing for the employment of a chief bookkeeper and three assistants and one additional traveling auditor in the Department of the Auditor General and fixing their salaries.

Also from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 333 (House Bill No. 85), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to refund to S. L. Stayman, of York, Pennsylvania, moneys erroneously paid into the State treasury.

Also from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 353 (House Bill No. 271), entitled:

An Act transferring from certain funds moneys appropriated to the quarantine physician, Philadelphia.

Mr. VARE, from the Committee on Municipal Affairs, reported as amended Senate Bill No. 200, entitled:

An Act to amend and revise an act entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation, regulation and government of cities of the third class; regulating nomination and election of municipal officers therein; and repealing, consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto," approved the 27th day of June, A. D. 1913, enlarging, changing, modifying and defining certain of the powers of cities of the third class.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

Mr. MOORE read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 469, entitled:

An Act amending an act entitled "An Act in relation to the laying out, opening, widening, straightening, extending or vacating streets and alleys, and the construction of bridges in the several municipalities of this Commonwealth the grading, paving, macadamizing or otherwise improving streets and alleys, providing for ascertaining the damages to private property resulting therefrom, the assessment of the damages, costs and expenses thereof upon the property benefited, and the construction of sewers and payment of the damages, costs and expenses thereof, in-

cluding the damages to private property resulting therefrom," approved the 16th day of May, A. D. one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one; by providing for the placing of footwalks, curb, parking space, shade trees, or otherwise improving the space between the curb line and the property line in the said streets, lanes and alleys and by providing for the payment of the damages, costs and expenses thereof.

Which was committed to the Committee on Municipal Affairs.

Mr. THOMPSON read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 470, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-fifth day of July, one thousand nine hundred thirteen, entitled "An Act to protect the public health and welfare, by regulating the employment of females in certain establishments with respect to their hours of labor and the conditions of their employment; by establishing certain sanitary regulations in the establishments in which they work; by requiring certain abstracts and notices to be posted; by providing for the enforcement of this act by the Commissioner of Labor and Industry and others; by prescribing penalties for violations thereof; by defining the procedure in prosecutions; and by repealing all acts and parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions thereof," by making certain exemptions relative to telephone operators.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

Mr. CLARK read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 471, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the State Board of Education for the liquidation of certain mortgage indebtedness assumed by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in the purchase of certain State Normal Schools.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. SCHANTZ read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 472, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Children's Home of South Bethlehem, Salisbury Township, Lehigh County, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 473, entitled:

An Act to amend the first section of an act approved the twenty-fifth day of April, one thousand nine hundred and seven (Pamphlet Laws, one hundred three), entitled "A supplement to the act of April third, eighteen hundred and fifty-one, entitled 'An Act regulating boroughs,' providing for the election of a borough solicitor, fixing the term of office and prescribing his duties, and authorizing the town council to fix his compensation," as amended by an act, approved the fifth day of June, one thousand nine hundred and thirteen (Pamphlet Laws, four hundred nine), entitled "An Act to amend the first section of an act approved the twenty-fifth day of April, one thousand nine hundred and seven (Pamphlet Laws, one hundred three), entitled 'A supplement to the act of April third, eighteen hundred and fifty-one, entitled 'An Act regulating boroughs,' providing for the election of a borough solicitor, fixing the term of office and prescribing his duties, and authorizing the town council to fix his compensation,' so as to include all boroughs, and by changing the length of the term and the time of the election of borough solicitors, and extending the terms of the borough solicitors holding office under the act of April twenty-fifth, nineteen hundred and seven, and providing for the furnishing of a bond by a trust or bonding company," so as to extend the terms of the borough solicitors holding office under said act of April twenty-fifth, nineteen hundred and seven, which expire at any time between the first Monday of January, nineteen hundred and sixteen, and the first Monday of January, nineteen hundred and eighteen.

Which was committed to the Committee on Municipal Affairs.

Mr. PATTON read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 474, entitled:

An Act authorizing cities to regulate and license certain motor vehicles.

Which was committed to the Committee on Municipal Affairs.

Mr. PHIPPS read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 475, entitled:

An Act relating to crude petroleum, including products therefrom and compounds thereof and providing penalties.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 476, entitled:

An Act regulating the number, grade, appointment and assignment of employees in the Adjutant-General's Department and State Arsenal, and fixing salaries of each

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 477, entitled:

A supplement to an act approved the eighteenth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-three entitled "An Act relating to the sale and conveyance of real estate."

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. MARTIN read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 478, entitled:

An Act to prevent fraud and deceit in the sale of certain animals, fowl and eggs, and imposing certain duties upon the Secretary of Agriculture in connection therewith.

Which was committed to the Committee on Agriculture.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 479, entitled:

An Act to regulate the grading, packing, marking, shipping and sale of apples and providing penalties.

Which was committed to the Committee on Agriculture.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 480, entitled:

An Act to prevent fraud and deceit in the sale of fruits, vegetables, seeds, plants, scions and trees; and imposing certain duties upon the Secretary of Agriculture in connection therewith.

Which was committed to the Committee on Agriculture.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 481, entitled:

An Act to amend section fifteen of an act approved the tenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred and nine, entitled "An Act authorizing the release on probation of certain convicts, instead of imposing sentences; the appointment of probation and parole officers, and the payment of their salaries and expenses; regulating the manner of sentencing convicts in certain cases, and providing for their release on parole."

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. SALUS read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 482, entitled:

An Act to amend section three of an act entitled "An Act to limit the duration upon real estate of the debts of decedents, including the expenses of the settlement of the estate, and to provide under what conditions the lien may be continued," approved May third, 1909, so as to limit the lien on judgments revived by the death of the defendant to real estate of which he died seized.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 483, entitled:

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to article nine of the Constitution of Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 484, entitled:

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to article nine of the Constitution of Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. VARE read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 485, entitled:

An Act to make an appropriation for the improvement of the maritime port facilities of the State of Pennsylvania, at Philadelphia, and providing for the expenditure thereof, and for the appointment by the Governor of a competent engineer to assist and co-operate therein.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 486, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Mount Sinai Hospital, of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. RAYMOND E. SMITH read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 487, entitled:

An Act to provide revenue by taxation for the improvement of the public roads in this Commonwealth.

Which was committed to the Committee on Finance.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 488, entitled:

An Act requiring that all monies appropriated by the State to the State Highway Department for the improvement of State Highways shall be expended in each county of the State in proportion to the total mileage of State Highways therein.

Which was committed to the Committee on Public Roads and Highways.

Mr. SONES read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 489, entitled:

An Act to authorize the City of Williamsport to acquire, if necessary, and, in all events, to maintain, for the purpose of securing and improving the general sanitary conditions of said city, the dam which was erected by the Susquehanna Boom Company across the West Branch of the Susquehanna River at a point near the intersection of Hepburn Street with said river, in said city.

Which was committed to the Committee on Municipal Affairs.

Mr. CHARLES A. SNYDER read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 490, entitled:

An Act relating to free public non-sectarian libraries and branch libraries within this Commonwealth; providing for their establishment, maintenance and regulation and for the maintenance and regulation of such free public non-sectarian libraries as may have been already established by the several counties, cities, boroughs, towns, townships and school districts; and providing that all library property and gifts, devises, grants or endowments for library purposes shall be exempt from taxation; and providing that the several counties, cities, boroughs, towns, townships and school districts may levy taxes, condemn private property and borrow money for library purposes and imposing penalties for injuring library property and for violation of library regulations and repealing existing laws in relation to the above subjects.

Which was committed to the Committee on Library.

Mr. SALUS read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 491, entitled:

An Act to amend section three of an act, approved the twenty-third day of June, one thousand eight hundred eighty-five, entitled "An Act relating to marriage licenses, providing for officers herein indicated to issue licenses for parties to marry," as amended.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. TOMPKINS, by request, read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 492, entitled:

An Act validating certain divorces.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 493, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the 13th day of March, one thousand eight hundred and fifteen, entitled "An Act concerning divorces."

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. CROW read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 494, entitled:

An Act defining the liability of an employer to pay damages for injuries received by an employe in the course of employment; establishing an elective schedule of compensation, and providing procedure for the determination of liability and compensation thereunder.

Which was committed to the Committee on Corporations.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 495, entitled:

An Act to provide for the administration of the Workmen's Compensation Act of one thousand nine hundred and fifteen by creating the Bureau of Workmen's Compensation of the Department of Labor and Industry; providing for the establishment of Workmen's Compensation Board to have charge of such Bureau; authorizing the division of the Commonwealth into workmen's compensation districts and the appointment of workmen's compensation referees; defining the powers and duties of the Commissioner of Labor and Industry, the Bureau of Workmen's Compensation, the Workmen's Compensation Board, the workmen's compensation referees and the factory inspectors of the Department of Labor and Industry in enforcing the said act; and fixing the salaries of the members of the Workmen's Compensation Board, the workmen's compensation referees and certain of their employes and assistants.

Which was committed to the Committee on Corporations.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 496, entitled:

An Act providing for the creation and administration of a State fund for the insurance of compensation for injuries to employes of subscribers thereto.

Which was committed to the Committee on Corporations.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 497, entitled:

An Act regulating policies of insurance against liability arising under Article three of the act, entitled "An Act entitled 'An Act defining the liability of an employer to pay damages for injuries received by an employe in the course of employment establishing an elective schedule or compensation and regulation procedure for the determination of liability and compensation thereunder,' approved the day of Anno Domini, one thousand nine hundred and fifteen, providing for the regulation of premium rates therefor and providing penalties for the violation thereof."

Which was committed to the Committee on Corporations.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 498, entitled:

An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of employers mutual liability insurance associations and for the licensing of foreign mutual liability insurance companies.

Which was committed to the Committee on Corporations.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 499, entitled:

A supplement to an act, entitled "An Act defining the liability of an employer to pay damages for injuries received by an employe in the course of employment establishing an elective schedule of compensation and regulating procedure for the determination of liability and compensation thereunder," approved the day of Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and fifteen to exempt domestic servants and agricultural workers from the provisions thereof.

Which was committed to the Committee on Corporations.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 500, entitled:

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to section twenty-one of Article three of the Constitution of Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Corporations.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 501, entitled:

An Act granting and confirming the equitable jurisdiction and powers of the courts of common pleas of this Commonwealth in cases where owing to unusual financial or other conditions debtors are unable to meet their obligations as they mature and it appears to the said court that the fair value of the debtor's assets largely exceeds his liabilities and that there is grave danger of such assets being sacrificed through legal process forces sales or otherwise.

Which was committed to the Committee on Corporations.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 502, entitled:

An Act to further amend an act approved the 30th day of April, 1864, entitled "An Act imposing additional taxes for State purposes and to abolish the Revenue Board," by requiring certain reports from county controllers.

Which was committed to the Committee on Finance.

Mr. MAGEE read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 503, entitled:

An Act making mortgages given by benevolent charitable philantrophic, educational and eleemosynary institutions, corporations of unincorporated associations for permanent improvements and refunding purposes prior liens to the liens of the Commonwealth for the appropriation of moneys, providing a method for the giving of such mortgages and fixing the duties of the Auditor General and Board of Public Charities in connection therewith.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

TIME OF NEXT MEETING.

Mr. SPROUL offered the following resolution which was twice read, considered and agreed to:

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That when the Senate adjourns this week it shall be to reconvene on Monday evening, March twenty-second, at nine thirty o'clock, and that when the House of Representatives adjourns this week it shall be to reconvene on Monday evening, March twenty-second, at nine o'clock.

SENATE BILL NO. 29 RECALLED FROM THE GOVERNOR.

Mr. KLINE offered the following resolution which was twice read, considered and agreed to:

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That Senate Bill No. 29, entitled "An Act amending section eight of an act entitled 'An Act to establish a county court for the County of Allegheny, and prescribing its powers and duties; regulating the procedure therein and providing for expenses thereof,' approved the fifth day of May, one thousand nine hundred and eleven, by changing the practice of the court with regard to trial by jury and further amending section nine of said act as supplemented and amended by section four of an act approved April the second, one thousand nine hundred and thirteen, and by section one of an act approved May the twenty-third, one thousand nine hundred and thirteen, by providing that appeals from the judgment of the court in all civil actions shall be taken by leave of the court of common pleas and prescribing the practice and the powers of the court of common pleas in such cases," be recalled from the Governor for purpose of amendment.

BILL ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate resumed the consideration of Senate Bill No. 249, as follows:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An act to amend an act entitled "An Act authorizing companies incorporated under the laws of any other State of the United States for the manufacture of any form of iron steel or glass to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments and to take have and hold real estate necessary and proper for manufacturing purposes" approved the ninth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one extending the same to companies formed for the purpose of quarrying slate granite stone or rocks or for dressing polishing working or manufacturing the same or any of them and to mineral springs companies incorporated for the purpose of bottling and selling natural mineral springs water approved the sixteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three' approved the nineteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one extending the same to companies formed for the purposes of manufacturing and selling chemicals foodstuffs cement and cement products and the quarrying of cement rock" approved May twenty-eight one thousand nine hundred and seven extending the same to companies incorporated for the manufacture buying selling leasing using and operation of electrical apparatus and machinery and articles of every kind appertaining to or in any wise connected with the production use regulation control distribution or application of electricity or electrical energy or products for any use or purpose constructing acquiring using selling buying or leasing any works constructions or plant or part thereof connected with or involving such use distribution regulation control or application of electricity or the control of use of electrical apparatus for any purpose and of producing furnishing and supplying electricity or electrical apparatus in any form and for any purpose and to carry on a general manufacturing business'" approved the twenty-third day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven by extending the same to companies incorporated for the purpose of refining manufacturing or sale of petroleum and petroleum products

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section one of an act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act authorizing companies incorporated under the laws of any other state of the United States for the manufacturer of any form of iron steel or glass to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments and to take have and hold real estate necessary and proper for manufacturing purposes" approved the ninth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one extending the same to companies formed for the purpose of quarrying slate granite stone or rocks or for dressing polishing working or manufacturing the same or any of them and to mineral springs companies incorporated for the purpose of bottling and selling natural mineral springs water approved the sixteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three' approved the nineteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one extending the same to companies formed for the purposes of manufacturing and selling chemicals foodstuffs cement and cement products and the quarrying of cement rock" approved May twenty-eight one thousand nine hundred and seven extending the same to companies incorporated for the manufacture buying selling leasing using and operation of electrical apparatus and machinery and articles of every kind appertaining to or in any wise connected with the production use regulation control distribution or application of electricity or electrical energy or products for any use or purpose constructing acquiring using selling buying or leasing any works construction or plant or part thereof connected with or involving such use distribution regulation control or application of electricity or the control or use of electrical apparatus for any purpose and of producing furnishing and supplying electricity or electrical apparatus in any form and for any purpose and to carry on a general manufacturing business'" approved the twenty-third day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven which reads as follows

"It shall and may be lawful for any company incorporated under the laws of any other State for the manufacture of any form of iron steel or glass or for the quarrying of slate granite cement rock stone or rocks of any kind or for dressing polishing or manufacturing the same or any of them or for any mineral springs company incorporated for the purpose of bottling and selling natural mineral springs water or for any company incorporated for the purpose of manufacturing supplying and sale of ice or for the manufacture and sale of chemicals or for the manufacture and sale of foodstuffs and eatables cement and cement products and the quarrying of cement rock or for the manufacture buying selling leasing using and operation of electrical apparatus and machinery and articles of every kind appertaining to or in any wise connected with the production use regulation control distribution or application of electricity or electrical energy or products for any use or purpose constructing acquiring using selling buying or leasing any works construction or plant or part thereof connected with or involving such use distribution regulation control or application of electricity or the control or use of electrical apparatus for any purpose and of producing furnishing and supplying electricity or electrical apparatus in any form and for any purpose and to carry on a general manufacturing business to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments within this Commonwealth and to have and hold real estate to an amount necessary and proper therefor Provided that nothing herein contained shall be deemed to prevent or relieve real estate taken and held by such company under the provisions of this statute from being taxed in like manner with other real estate within this Commonwealth And provided further That no foreign corporation shall be entitled to employ any greater amount of capital in any such business in this State than the same kind or corporations organized under the laws of this State are entitled to employ And provided further That every such foreign corporation doing business as aforesaid in this Commonwealth shall be liable to taxation to an amount not exceeding that imposed on corporations organized for similar purposes under the laws of this State and every such foreign corporation taking the benefit of this act shall make the same returns to the Auditor General that are now required by law of the corporations

of this State" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

It shall and may be lawful for any company incorporated under the laws of any other State for the manufacture of any form of iron steel or glass or for the quarrying of slate granite cement rock stone or rocks of any kind or for dressing polishing or manufacturing the same or any of them or for any mineral springs company incorporated for the purpose of bottling and selling natural mineral springs water or for any company incorporated for the purpose of manufacturing supplying and sale of ice or for the manufacture and sale of chemicals or for the manufacture and sale of foodstuffs and eatables cement and cement products and the quarrying of cement rock or for the manufacture buying selling leasing using and operation of electrical apparatus and machinery and articles of every kind appertaining to or in any wise connected with the production use regulation control distribution or application of electricity or electrical energy or products for any use or purpose constructing acquiring using selling buying or leasing any works construction or plant or part thereof connected with or involving such use distribution regulation control or application of electricity or the control or use of electrical apparatus for any purpose and of producing furnishing and supplying electricity or electrical apparatus in any form and for any purpose and to carry on a general manufacturing business or for the refining manufacturing or sale of petroleum and petroleum products to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments within this Commonwealth and to have and hold real estate to an amount necessary and proper therefor Provided that nothing herein contained shall be deemed to prevent or relieve real estate taken and held by such company under the provisions of this statute from being taxed in like manner with other real estate within this Commonwealth And provided further That no foreign corporation shall be entitled to employ any greater amount of capital in any such business in this State than the same kind of corporations organized under the laws of this State are entitled to employ And provided further That every such foreign corporation doing business as aforesaid in this Commonwealth shall be liable to taxation to an amount not exceeding that imposed on corporations organized for similar purposes under the laws of this State and every such foreign corporation taking the benefit of this act shall make the same returns to the Auditor General that are now required by law of the corporations of this State

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—48.

Beidleman,	Graff,	Martin,	Smith, R. E.,
Buckman,	Gyger,	McConnell,	Smith, W. W.,
Burke,	Hackett,	McKee, W. S.,	Snyder, C. A.,
Catlin,	Hilton,	McNichol,	Snyder, P. W.,
Clark,	Hindman,	Miller,	Sones,
Croft,	Hoke,	Moore,	Sproul,
Crow,	Homsher,	Patton,	Stewart,
Daix,	Jenkins,	Phipps,	Thompson,
DeWitt,	Kurtz,	Salus,	Tompkins,
Endsley,	Kline,	Schantz,	Vare,
Farley,	Lynch,	Semmens,	Warner,
Gerberich,	Magee, C. J.,	Sensenich,	Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 141, as follows:

An Act to regulate the practice of optometry in Pennsylvania defining optometry and relating to the right to practice optometry in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and making certain exceptions and providing a Bureau of Optometrical Education Examination and Licensure as a bureau of the Department of Public Instruction and means and methods whereby the right to practice optometry may be obtained and providing for the means to carry out the provisions of this act and providing for revocation or suspension of licenses given by said bureau and providing penalties for violations thereof and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent therewith

Whereas The eyesight of the citizens of this Commonwealth is endangered by incompetent persons practicing optometry and due regard for the safety and protection of the citizens demands that only authorized and qualified optometrists shall be permitted to practice optometry

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the practice of optometry is hereby defined to be the employment of any means other than the use of drugs for the measurement of the powers of vision and the adaptation of lenses for the correction and aid of the vision of human beings

Section 2 That on and after January first one thousand nine hundred sixteen it shall not be lawful for any person in this Commonwealth to engage in the practice of optometry or to hold himself out as a practitioner of optometry or to attempt to determine by an examination of the eyes the kind of glasses needed by any person or to hold himself out as a licensed optometrist when not so licensed or to hold himself out as able to examine the eyes of any person for the purpose of fitting the same with glasses excepting those hereinafter exempted unless he has first fulfilled the requirements of this act and has received a certificate of licensure from the bureau of optometrical education examination and licensure created by this act nor shall it be lawful for any person in this Commonwealth to represent that he is the lawful holder of a certificate of licensure such as is provided for in this act when in fact he is not such lawful holder or to impersonate any licensed practitioner of optometry or to fail to deliver the certificate provided for in section six of this act

Any person violating the provisions of this section shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and shall upon conviction be subject upon first offence to a fine of not more than five hundred dollars or imprisonment for not more than six months in the county prison or both or either at the discretion of the court and upon conviction on second or later offence shall be subject to a fine of not less than five hundred dollars nor more than one thousand dollars and imprisonment for not less than six months nor more than one year at the discretion of the court

Section 3 For the purpose of carrying out and enforcing the provisions of this act there shall be established in this Commonwealth a bureau of the Department of Public Instruction which shall be known as the bureau of optometrical education examination and licensure of the Department of Public Instruction of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania The said bureau shall consist of seven members one of whom the Superintendent of Public Instruction shall be ex-officio a member thereof the six remaining members shall be appointed by the Governor of the Commonwealth on or before September first nineteen hundred and fifteen Each member shall receive a certificate of his appointment signed by the Governor and attested by the Secretary of the Commonwealth Only optometrists citizens of this Commonwealth who possess the requisite qualifications to practice optometry under this act and who shall have been so practicing in this State during the five years next previous to their appointment shall be eligible to appointment The appointment of members of said bureau shall be made from the list of members of the optical society of the State of Pennsylvania submitted to the Governor by the executive committee of said society and future appointments from a similar list submitted annually by said committee Two members of the bureau first appointed under this act shall serve for one year two for two years and two for three years after which the successor of each member shall be appointed for a term of three years but no member of said bureau shall be a member of the faculty of any undergraduate school or college teaching optometry The first appointees shall by virtue of such appointment receive certificates of licensure without examination The Governor shall by appointment fill all vacancies caused by death resignation or otherwise and may remove any member of said bureau for continued neglect of his duties in connection therewith or for any unprofessional or dishonorable conduct but only upon due proof of such neglect or unprofessional or dishonorable conduct and after an opportunity has been given such member for a hearing Appointments to fill vacancies occurring through death resignation or otherwise shall be for the unexpired term of the deceased or retiring member

Section 4 Said bureau shall effect its organization immediately after the appointment of its members by the Governor by holding a meeting at which it shall elect from its membership a president and a secretary who shall also be treasurer It shall have authority to make rules and regulations not inconsistent with the laws of this Commonwealth for the transaction of its business and for the registration of all optometrists of this Commonwealth and for conducting examinations of applicants Said rules shall be printed in pamphlet form for public distribution and may be published in such newspapers in Philadelphia Pittsburgh and Harrisburg as may be designated by the bureau Five members shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of all business except for the consideration of the revocation or suspension of a certificate of licensure or the refusal to grant a certificate of licensure or the determination of the fitness of any college to render eligible its graduates for licensure when the unanimous consent of all seven members shall be necessary Said bureau shall meet at least twice a year at Harrisburg Any member may administer oaths and take testimony when appointed so to do by the bureau The appointed members shall receive compensation at the rate of ten dollars per day and necessary expenses for each day actually devoted to the work of the bureau and the Superintendent of Public Instruction shall receive two hundred and fifty dollars per annum as compensation for his services as a member of the bureau

Section 5 Every person desiring to commence the practice of optometry or if now in practice to continue the practice

thereof after January first one thousand nine hundred and sixteen except as herein otherwise provided shall take the examination provided in this act and satisfy the other requirements hereof as herein provided Any person who has been engaged in the practice of optometry in this Commonwealth for two full years prior to the passage of this act or for one year in this and for the year preceding it in another state and is of good character shall be entitled to take a limited examination covering the following matters only

(a) The limitations of the sphere of optometry

(b) The necessary scientific instruments used

(c) The form and power of lenses used

(d) A correct method of measuring presbyopia hypermetropia myopia and astigmatism

(e) The writing of formulas or prescriptions for the adaptation of lenses in aid of vision

Any person over the age of twenty-one years of good moral character who has had a preliminary education equivalent to two years of the course of a high school whose standard is approved by the Department of Public Instruction which preliminary education shall be ascertained by examination or by acceptable certificate as to credits for work done in such approved institution and has graduated from a school of optometry approved by said bureau which maintains a course in optometry of not less than two years and has afterwards studied optometry for at least one year in a licensed optometrist's office shall be entitled to take a standard examination Said standard examination shall consist of tests in practical theoretical and physiological optics in theoretical and practical optometry and in the anatomy and physiology of the eye and in pathology as applied to optometry Provided however that any person not less than twenty-one years of age who is actually engaged in the practice of optometry at the time of the passage of this act shall be entitled to take the standard examination merely upon proof to the bureau that he is of good moral character and is not addicted to the intemperate use of alcohol or narcotic drugs

Section 6 Every person desiring to be licensed as in this act provided shall file with the secretary of said bureau upon appropriate blank to be furnished by said secretary an application verified by oath setting forth the facts which entitle the applicant to examination and licensure under the provisions of this act The said bureau shall hold at least two examinations each year In case of failure at any standard examination the applicant after the expiration of six months and within two years shall have the privilege of a second examination by the bureau without the payment of an additional fee In case of failure at any limited examination the applicant shall have the privilege of continuing the practice of optometry and of taking a second and third examination without the payment of an additional fee But in the event of his failing to pass the examination on or before January first one thousand nine hundred and seventeen he shall thereafter cease to practice optometry in this Commonwealth Every applicant who shall pass the standard examination or the limited examination as the case may be and who shall otherwise comply with the provisions of this act shall receive from the said bureau under its seal a certificate of licensure entitling him to practice optometry in this Commonwealth which certificate shall be duly registered in the office of the Superintendent of Public Instruction of this Commonwealth in a record book to be properly kept for that purpose which shall be open to public inspection and a duly certified copy of said record shall be received as evidence in all courts of this Commonwealth in the trial of any case Each person to whom a certificate shall be issued by said bureau shall keep said certificate displayed in a conspicuous place in the office or place of business wherein said person shall practice optometry together with the photograph of said person attached to the lower right hand corner of said certificate and shall whenever required exhibit the said certificate to any member or agent of said bureau Whenever any such person shall practice optometry outside or away from his office or place of business he shall deliver to each person fitted with glasses by him a certificate signed by him wherein he shall set forth the amount charged his post office address and the number of his certificate Each person to whom a certificate has been issued by said bureau shall before practicing under the same register said certificate in the office of the prothonotary in each county wherein he proposes to practice optometry and shall pay therefor such fee as may be lawfully chargeable for such registry The prothonotary in each county shall keep a book for registering such certificates in the manner now provided by law for the registry of certificates of licensure of practitioners of medicine and surgery

Section 7 Said Bureau of Optometrical Education Examination and Licensure shall charge the following fees for all examinations that may be conducted by it The sum of twenty-five dollars for a standard examination ten dollars for a limited examination one dollar per annum for a revision of the record of each certificate issued by it so long as the person to whom it was issued continues to practice optometry It shall adopt a seal and certificate of suitable design and shall have an office at Harrisburg in this Commonwealth where examinations may be held and where all its permanent records shall be kept which records shall be open to public inspection It shall have power to make requisition upon the proper State officials for offices rooms and supplies including stationery and furniture All printing and binding necessary for the work of the said bureau shall be done by the State Printer upon an order issued by said bureau through its president and secretary to the Superintendent of Public Printing and Binding

Section 8 All fees received by said bureau for examinations or from any other source shall be utilized in regulating the practice of optometry and paying the expenses of the bureau as provided for in this act any surplus to be turned over to the State Treasurer at least once in each twelve months An annual audit of the accounts of the bureau shall be made by the Auditor General of the Commonwealth The treasurer of said bureau shall give a bond to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in the sum of two thousand five hundred dollars for the faithful performance of his duties said bond to be approved by the bureau of Optometrical education examination and licensure and by the Attorney General of the Commonwealth who shall be custodian of the bond

Section 9 The bureau of optometrical education examination and licensure shall refuse to grant a certificate of licensure to any applicant and may cancel revoke or suspend the operation of any certificate by it granted for any or all of the following reasons to wit The conviction of a crime involving moral turpitude habitual intemperance in the use of ardent spirits or stimulants narcotics or any other substance which impairs the intellect and judgment to such an extent as to incapacitate for the performance of the duties of an optometrist the certificate of licensure of any person convicted of a violation of section two of this act shall be ipso facto revoked

Any person who is the holder of a certificate of licensure or who is an applicant for examination for a certificate of licensure against whom is preferred any charges shall be furnished by the bureau with a copy of the complaint and shall have a hearing before the bureau at which hearing he may be represented by counsel At such hearing witnesses may be examined for and against the accused respecting the said charges which examination shall be conducted in the manner usually followed in the taking of testimony before commissions in this Commonwealth The suspension of a certificate of licensure by reason of the use of stimulants or narcotics may be removed when the holders thereof shall have been adjudged by the said bureau to be cured and capable of practicing optometry

Section 10 An applicant for a certificate of licensure who has been examined by the State Board of Optometrical Examiners' of another State which through reciprocity similarly accredits the holder of a certificate issued by the bureau of optometrical education examination and licensure of this Commonwealth to the full privilege of practice within such State shall on the payment of a fee of twenty-five dollars to the said bureau and on filing in the office of the bureau a true and attested copy of the said license certified by the president or secretary of the State board issuing the same and showing also that the standard of requirements adopted and enforced by said board is equal to that provided for by this act shall without further examination receive a certificate of licensure provided that such applicant has not previously failed at an examination held by the bureau optometrical education examination and licensure of this Commonwealth.

Section 11 Nothing in this act shall be construed as conferring on the holder of any certificate of licensure issued by said bureau the title of doctor oculist opthalmouogist or any other word or abreviation indicating that he is engaged in the practice of medicine or surgery or in the treatment or the diagnosis of diseases of or injuries to the human eye or the right to use drugs or medicines in any form for the treatment or examination of the human eye

Section 12 The provisions of this act shall not apply to physicians or surgeons practicing under authority of licenses issued under the laws of this Commonwealth for the practice of medicine or surgery or persons who sell spectacles and eyeglasses who neither practice nor profess to practice optometry

Section 13 This act shall take effect and be in full force from the date of the appointment of the said bureau by the Governor as herein provided

Section 14 Wherever in this act the singular number is used it shall be interpreted as meaning both singular and plural if compatible with the sense of the language used and vice verso and wherever in this act the masculine gender is used it shall be construed as comprehending also the feminine gender

Section 15 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with this act are hereby repealed it being intended that this act shall furnish a complete and exclusive system of and in itself for obtaining the right to practice optometry in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and for the regulation of the practice of optometry therein

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to.

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—36.

Beidleman,	Graff,	Magee, C. J.,	Sensenich,
Burke,	Hackett,	Martin,	Smith, R. E.,
Clark,	Hilton,	McConnell,	Smith, W. W.,
Croft,	Hindman,	McKee, W. S.,	Snyder, P. W.,
DeWitt,	Hoke,	McNichol,	Sones,

Daix,	Jenkins,	Moore,	Stewart,
Endsley,	Kline,	Patton,	Tompkins,
Farley,	Kurtz,	Schantz,	Warner,
Gerberich,	Lynch,	Semmens,	Wasbers,

NAYS—5.

Buckman,	Homsher,	Miller,	Sproul,
Vare,			

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 164, entitled:

An Act to promote the health and efficiency of firemen in cities of the second class by providing for a two platoon system for firemen in the department of public safety of such cities.

And said bill having been read at length the third time and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—48.

Beidleman,	Graff,	Martin,	Smith, R. E.,
Buckman,	Gyger,	McConnell,	Smith, W. W.,
Burke,	Hackett,	McKee, W. S.,	Snyder, C. A.,
Catlin,	Hilton,	McNichol,	Snyder, P. W.,
Clark,	Hindman,	Miller,	Sones,
Croft,	Hoke,	Moore,	Sproul,
Crow,	Homsher,	Patton,	Stewart,
Daix,	Jenkins,	Phipps,	Thompson,
DeWitt,	Kline,	Salus,	Tompkins,
Endsley,	Kurtz,	Schantz,	Vare,
Farley,	Lynch,	Semmens,	Warner,
Gerberich,	Magee, C. J.,	Sensenich,	Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 176, entitled:

An Act to provide for the better protection and preservation of deer and elk and certain birds classed as game birds within the Commonwealth providing a method through which certain lands in the Commonwealth may be closed to hunting for a term of years and prescribing penalties for violation of its several provisions.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—48.

Beidleman,	Graff,	Martin,	Smith, R. E.,
Buckman,	Gyger,	McConnell,	Smith, W. W.,
Burke,	Hackett,	McKee, W. S.,	Snyder, C. A.,
Catlin,	Hilton,	McNichol,	Snyder, P. W.,
Clark,	Hindman,	Miller,	Sones,
Croft,	Hoke,	Moore,	Sproul,
Crow,	Homsher,	Patton,	Stewart,
Daix,	Jenkins,	Phipps,	Thompson,
DeWitt,	Kline,	Salus,	Tompkins,
Endsley,	Kurtz,	Schantz,	Vare,
Farley,	Lynch,	Semmens,	Warner,
Gerberich,	Magee, C. J.,	Sensenich,	Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. CHARLES A. SNYDER. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 184 (House Bill No. 20), on third reading, entitled:

An Act authorizing cities of the third class wherein the title to the water-works therein located is in the city to extend their pipes and improvements beyond the city limits and supply water to persons corporations and municipalities within the county and regulating the supply of water.

be recommitted to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

Mr. VARE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL SIGNED.

The PRESIDENT (Lieutenant-Governor Frank B. McClain), announced that the Chief Clerk having reported that the following bills had passed both houses of the General Assembly and the same being correct, the titles were publicly read as follows:

An Act validating certain ordinances of cities and boroughs and the contracts or payments made in pursuance thereof

Whereupon,

The PRESIDENT (Lieutenant-Governor Frank B. McClain), in the presence of the Senate signed the same.

HOUSE MESSAGE.

The Clerk of the House of Representatives, being introduced, presented extracts from the Journal of the House of Representatives which were laid upon the table.

BILL ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 186 (House No. 108) entitled:

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to section one article eight of the Constitution of Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. CROW. Mr. President, two years ago I opposed the adoption of this resolution with all the force at my command. The resolution nevertheless received a constitutional majority. Later it became a question as to whether or not it should be made a pledge of the party in the Republican Platform of last year. After due deliberation and consideration, the party was committed to the adoption of this resolution, submitting the question of woman's suffrage to a referendum vote of the State. Upon that platform the State candidates were elected and practically all of the legislative candidates. As to what extent the holdover members of the Senate are obligated to support it is a question. To my mind we are at least obligated to the extent of being members and representatives of the party that has given the pledge. As to those who were elected upon this platform there certainly can be no question as to the obligation. Those who support it here are under no obligation to support it at the polls. The question is, shall a party platform pledge, deliberately made, be faithfully kept. Speaking for the Republican State Committee and the Republican State organization, I feel it my duty to say that we feel that there is as much obligation resting upon the party to pass this resolution as to carry any other party platform pledge into legislative effect, and we can only express the wish that the Republican members of the Senate will recognize that obligation by giving the resolution their support.

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. President, I do not propose to take up any considerable time of this Senate tonight in expressing my opposition to this resolution, because I feel that the members of this Senate have substantially made up their minds as to how they will cast their votes, but I feel, Mr. President, that I would fail to properly represent the district which I have the honor to represent in this Senate, if I did not express the opposition of the people in my Senatorial district to the passage of this resolution. As has been said by the Senator from Fayette, twenty-three members of this Senate were elected two years ago without any pledge made by them either one way or the other upon this resolution, and every member of the Senate who was elected only last fall had received the support of the members

of his senatorial district before the Republican State or the Democratic State platforms were written as the expression of the respective parties. So that there is no one as a member of this Senate who stands bound to his people as a candidate for the Senate by any expression made by him prior to the enactment of the State platforms upon this question. For two years and more I have taken occasion to sound the people of this district which I represent and I find it to be overwhelmingly against this proposition. Only last week three men came into my office from down in the country districts living some two miles apart from each other and when they happened into my office I was opening a letter which dwelt upon the question of suffrage for the women of the Commonwealth. I said, "This is a letter on suffrage," and I said, "By the way, how does your district feel upon it?" and unanimously they said that there would not be a single vote cast in that district in favor of the proposition. I feel, Mr. President, that it is my duty notwithstanding the fact that the platform speaks on this question, to represent the people of this district. We might just as well commit ourselves to the question of initiative and referendum as to submit a question to the people that we know they will oppose. If the members of this Senate would consult their wishes, if they would go into their respective homes and asked their good wives how they felt upon the question of suffrage, I venture the opinion tonight that there would not be ten per cent. of the members of this Senate who would have an affirmative answer upon this proposition. And, Mr. President, it is because of the overwhelming sentiment of the senatorial district comprised of the County of Dauphin that I shall cast my vote against this proposition tonight.

Mr. MARTIN. Mr. President, it seems to me that it is not only a party obligation that we are committed to this question, by the pledge on this subject, that has gone before the people, but it is the people's rights. I feel that we have no right to withhold this bill from the people. Let it go to the people and let them decide the question. It is their right to do this and my vote will be "aye."

Mr. THOMPSON. Mr. President, upon the question of an amendment to the Constitution, giving the women of this Commonwealth the privilege of voting, I have examined my conscience, and am convinced that we should not mould our young women in the strife of politics, but rather in the care of the home, with all its beautiful traditions. We do not want those whom we love best, mothers, wives and sisters, involved in politics, even though they are our equals, and, in many respects, our superiors. I therefore will vote nay upon the proposed amendment.

Mr. VARE. Mr. President, I take great pleasure in seconding the speech of the Senator from Fayette, Mr. Crow, in favor of the women; first, there ought to be no question when it does not cost anybody anything, especially to let the people decide, and second, because of the grand and good fight the women have made for this bill. That is why I am going to vote for it.

Mr. HILTON. Mr. President, I do not believe that we should shoulder the responsibility of an amendment of this importance without passing it on for the consideration of the people. Equal suffrage has been an issue in a great many other States besides Pennsylvania, and it is only in the last few months that our National Congress has voted upon this question, and at that time one of the strongest arguments, and possibly the argument that defeated the amendment, was the statement that it was a State issue. Now, we cannot place that argument against the bill for the simple reason that it is a State issue. Two years ago this resolution was passed through the Senate, and a few months afterwards it was considered of so much importance that it was placed in the Washington Party platform, the Democratic Party platform, and the Progressive platform. I believe any constitutional amendment that has been taken up by different parties in this way should not be defeated by any legislative body but passed on for the consideration of the voters. For the past few months we have heard a great deal as to whether the voters of this State, the majority, favor an amendment of this kind. We will never know unless we pass it on for their consideration and for this reason I believe that we ought to pass it on and let the people, at the fall election, the majority of the voters, decide whether they want this amendment or not.

And the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—37.

Clark,	Hoke,	Miller,	Smith, W. W.,
Croft,	Homsher,	Moore,	Snyder, C. A.,
Crow,	Jenkins,	Patton,	Snyder, P. W.,
Daix,	Kurtz,	Phipps,	Sproul,
Endsley,	Lynch,	Salus,	Stewart,
Farley,	Magee, C. J.,	Schantz,	Tompkins,
Graff,	Martin,	Semmens,	Vare,
Gyger,	McConnell,	Sensenich,	Warner,
Hilton,	McKee, W. S.,	Smith, R. E.,	Wasbers,
Hindman,			

NAYS—11.

Beidleman,	Catlin,	Hackett,	Sones,
Buckman,	DeWitt,	Kline,	Thompson,
Burke,	Gerberich,	McNichol,	

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

BILLS RECOMMITTED.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 264 (House Bill No. 40), on third reading, entitled:

An Act defining the mountain laurel (kalmia latifolia) as the flower emblem or State flower of this Commonwealth

be recommitted to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

Mr. CHARLES A. SNYDER. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 267 (House Bill No. 219), on third reading, entitled:

An Act granting to boroughs and incorporated towns the right of eminent domain for certain purposes and regulating the procedure thereunder

be recommitted to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 320, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-seventh day of June one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation regulation and government of cities of the third class regulating nomination and election of municipal officers therein and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto"

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—45.

Beidleman,	**Gyger,**	**Martin,**	**Smith, W. W.,**
Buckman,	**Hackett,**	**McConnell,**	**Snyder, C. A.,**
Burke,	**Hilton,**	**McKee, W. S.,**	**Snyder, P. W.,**
Catlin,	**Hindman,**	**Moore,**	**Sones,**
Clark,	**Hoke,**	**Patton,**	**Sproul,**
Croft,	**Homsher,**	**Phipps,**	**Stewart,**
Crow,	**Jenkins,**	**Salus,**	**Thompson,**
Daix,	**Kline,**	**Schantz,**	**Tompkins,**
Endsley,	**Kurtz,**	**Semmens,**	**Vare,**
Farley,	**Lynch,**	**Sensenich,**	**Warner,**
Gerberich,	**Magee, C. J.,**	**Smith, R. E.,**	**Wasbers,**
Graff,			

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

COMMUNICATIONS FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Private Secretary to the Governor being introduced presented communications in writng from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth which were laid upon the table.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 330 (House Bill No. 17), entitled:

An Act to provide for an additional law judge of the several courts of twelfth judicial district

And said bill having been read at length the third time,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, I move that the question, together with the further consideration of the bill, be postponed for the present.

Mr. SALUS. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 336, entitled:

An Act to amend the fifth section of an act approved the nineteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four entitled "An Act relating to the organization and jurisdiction of orphans' courts and to establish a separate orphans' court in and for counties having more than one hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants and to provide for the election of judges thereof" as amended by an act approved the sixth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled "An Act to further amend the fifth section of an act entitled 'An Act relating to the organization and jurisdiction of the orphans' court and establishing a separate orphans' court in and for counties having more than one hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants and to provide for the election of judges thereof' approved May nineteenth Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred seventy-four as amended by an act approved the twenty-ninth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven fixing and determining the salaries of the assistant clerks of said court" by vesting the appointment of the first assistant clerk of said courts in the respective judges thereof and providing that this amendment shall not apply to counties having a population over seven hundred thousand

And said bill having been read at length the third time,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill?

Mr. SALUS. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to amend section 1 in line 16 by striking out the word "and" after the word "hundred"; also in line 24, by striking out the word "and" after the word "hundred"; also in line 53, by striking out the word "will" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "wills"; also in line 78, by striking out the word "large" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "larger"; also the title in line 13, by striking out the word "and" after the word "hundred."

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading as amended?

It was agreed to,

Ordered, That the bill as amended be printed for the use of the Senate.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. McCONNELL. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 339, on third reading, entitled:

An Act regulating the collection of county taxes in certain counties creating the office of receiver of taxes in such counties and prescribing the powers and duties of said officer

be recommitted to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

Mr. MARTIN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 343, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-seventh day of June one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation regulation and government of cities of the third class regulating nomination and election of municipal officers therein and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto"

And said bill having been read at length the third time,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill?

Mr. TOMPKINS. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to amend Section 1, in lines 43, 44 and 45 by striking out the words "for the year one thousand nine hundred and fifteen to assess a tax upon the buildings equal to nine-tenths of the highest rate of tax required for said year and"; also in line 53, by striking out the word "twenty-one" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "twenty-two."

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading as amended?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended be printed for the use of the Senate.

BILL ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 351 (House Bill No. 176), entitled:

An Act requiring county commissioners in certain counties to provide quarters in the county buildings for the official county association of physicians and surgeons

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—36.

Beidleman,	Farley,	Kurtz,	Patton,
Burke,	Graff,	Lynch,	Salus,
Catlin,	Gyger,	Magee, C. J.,	Schantz,
Clark,	Hackett,	Martin,	Smith, W. W.,
Croft,	Hilton,	McConnell,	Snyder, P. W.,
Crow,	Hindman,	McKee, W. S.,	Thompson,
Daix,	Hoke,	McNichol,	Tompkins,
DeWitt,	Jenkins,	Miller,	Vare,
Endsley,	Kline,	Moore,	Washers,

NAYS—3.

Semmens,	Smith, R. E.,	Warner,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 432, entitled:

An Act to repeal an act approved the sixteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act for the protection of the public health and the prevention of fraud and deception by regulating the storage and sale of cold storage food fixing penalties for the violation of the provisions thereof and providing for the enforcement thereof

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. HOKE. Mr. President, I desire simply to call the attention of the Senators to the fact that this bill which they

are now about to vote on is a repealer of the Cold Storage Law of 1913.

And the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—32.

Burke,	Farley,	Lynch,	Snyder, C. A.,
Catlin,	Gerberich,	Martin,	Sones,
Clark,	Graff,	McConnell,	Sproul,
Croft,	Gyger,	McNichol,	Stewart,
Crow,	Hackett,	Moore,	Thompson,
Daix,	Homsher,	Phipps,	Tompkins,
DeWitt,	Jenkins,	Schantz,	Warner,
Endsley,	Kurtz,	Semmens,	Wasbers,

NAYS—7.

Hoke,	Sensenich,	Smith, W. W.,	Vare,
Salus,	Smith, R. E.,	Snyder, P. W.,	

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

RESOLUTION FIXING TIME OF FINAL ADJOURNMENT.

The Chair cleared his table and laid before the Senate extract from the Journal of the House of Representatives, which was twice read as follows:

In the House of Representatives, March 11, 1915.

Resolved (If the Senate concur), That the General Assembly adjourn sine die on Thursday, May 6, 1915, at twelve o'clock noon.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the Resolution?

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I move that the resolution be referred to the Committee on Executive Nominations.

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

PRINTING OF PROCEEDINGS ON DESK OF WILLIAM UHLER HENSEL

He also laid before the Senate extract from the Journal of the House of Representatives which was twice read as follows:

In the House of Representatives, March 15, 1915.

Be it resolved (If the Senate concur), That three thousand copies of the proceedings of this House on March 2, 1915, on the death of William Uhler Hensel, former Attorney-General of Pennsylvania be printed for the use of the House.

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, I move that Rule 39, which requires concurrent resolutions to be referred to an appropriate committee be suspended and that the Senate do now proceed to the immediate consideration of the resolution just read.

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the resolution?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

RESOLUTION RECALLING FROM THE GOVERNOR SENATE BILL NO. 29.

He also laid before the Senate communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has concurred in resolution from the Senate as follows:

In the Senate, March 15, 1915.

Resolved (If the House of Representatives concur), That Senate Bill No. 29, entitled Amending section eight and nine of an act entitled "An Act to establish a county court for the County of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof" approved the fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven as amended by changing the practice of the court with regard to trial by jury by providing that appeals from the judgment of the court in all civil actions shall be taken by leave of the court of common pleas and prescribing the practice and the powers of the court of common pleas in such cases

be recalled from the Governor for the purpose of amendment.

TIME OF NEXT MEETING.

He also laid before the Senate communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has concurred in resolution from the Senate as follows:

In the Senate, March 15, 1915.

Resolved (If the House of Representatives concur), That when the Senate adjourns this week, it shall be to reconvene on Monday evening, March 22, at 9.30 o'clock and when the House of Representatives adjourns this week, it shall be to reconvene on Monday evening, March 22, at 9 o'clock.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE GOVERNOR.

He also laid before the Senate communications in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which were read as follows:

NOTARIES PUBLIC.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, March 15, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons to be Notaries Public for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, for the term of four years, to compute from the date of their confirmation:

ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

Miss Margaret C. Burke, Pittsburgh.
Miss Alice J. Miller, Pittsburgh.
J. D. C. Miller, Pittsburgh.
Miss Margaret A. Schwalm, Pittsburgh.
Matijo Spender, Pittsburgh.

BRADFORD COUNTY.

Chas. C. Yocum, Sayre.

CAMBRIA COUNTY.

A. J. Waters, Ebensburg.

ERIE COUNTY.

James B. Blair, Erie.

GREENE COUNTY.

Edward C. Fordyce, Gilmore Township.

JEFFERSON COUNTY.

Grant Schoafnocker, Brookville.

MERCER COUNTY.

Theodore C. Whitman, Greenville.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY.

Charles F. Markley, Bridgeport.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY.

Mrs. Florence D. Cadwallader, Philadelphia.
Herman C. Flomenhoft, Philadelphia.
Robert E. Gamble, Philadelphia.
Miss M. M. Hamilton, Philadelphia.
Antoni Janiszewski, Philadelphia.
Alexander Lieberman, Phildelphia.
Walter A. McClatchy, Philadelphia.
Antoine J. Mauran, Philadelphia.
Miss Iola S. Ranck, Philadelphia.
Alfred L. Skirving, Philadelphia.
Clinton A. Sowers, Philadelphia.
Charles D. Thomas, Philadelphia.

SCHUYLKILL COUNTY.

Joseph C. Dallago, Minersville.

TIOGA COUNTY.

John S. Ryon, Elkland.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, March 15, 1915.

The Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons to be Notaries Pub-

lic for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, for the term of four years, to compute from the dates set opposite their names, respectively:

ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

Samuel R. McClure, Pittsburgh, March 20, 1915.

DAUPHIN COUNTY.

Maurice R. Metzger, Harrisburg, March 21, 1915.

COLUMBIA COUNTY.

J. Harmer Miller, Catawissa, March 29, 1915.

FULTON COUNTY.

M. Ray Shaffner, McConnellsburg, March 26, 1915.

LUZERNE COUNTY.

W. J. Parry, Luzerne, March 21, 1915.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY.

Miss Margaret Craig, Philadelphia, March 26, 1915.
James P. Ascough, Philadelphia, March 29, 1915.
Manuel Hurevitz, Philadelphia, March 29, 1915.
Frank W. Lewis, Philadelphia, March 29, 1915.
William H. McConnell, Philadelphia, March 29, 1915.
Samuel W. Price, Philadelphia, March 29, 1915.

SCHULYKILL COUNTY.

George E. Runkle, East Norwegian Twp., March 20, 1915.
Christopher P. Kelly, Cressona, March 20, 1915.
Charles A. Millet, Tamaqua, March 20, 1915.
Charles D. Thompson, Gilberton, March 20, 1915.
Wm. M. Marsh, Gordon, March 20, 1915.

YORK COUNTY.

Isaac H. Stubbs, Delta, March 26, 1915.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

EXECUTIVE SESSION.

By unanimous consent,

A motion was made by Mr. McNICHOL,

That Rule 38 which requires nominations made by the Governor to be referred to proper committees be dispensed with, and the Senate do now resolve itself into executive session, for the purpose of acting on the foregoing nominations,

Which was agreed to,

Whereupon,

A motion was made by Mr. McNICHOL,

That the Senate do advise and consent to said nominations.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—48.

Beidleman,	Graff,	Martin,	Smith, R. E.
Buckman,	Gyger,	McConnell,	Smith, W. W.,
Burke,	Hackett,	McKee, W. S.,	Snyder, C. A.,
Catlin,	Hilton,	McNichol,	Snyder, P. W.,
Clark,	Hindman,	Miller,	Sones,
Croft,	Hoke,	Moore,	Sproul,
Crow,	Homsher,	Patton,	Stewart,
Daix,	Jenkins,	Phipps,	Thompson,
DeWitt,	Kline,	Salus,	Tompkins,
Endsley,	Kurtz,	Schantz,	Vare,
Farley,	Lynch,	Semmens,	Warner.
Gerberich,	Magee, C. J.,	Sensenich,	Wasbers,

NAYS.—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Governor be informed accordingly.

APPROVAL OF SENATE BILL NO. 36.

He also laid before the Senate communication in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which was read as follows:

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, March 12, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to advise you that I have this day approved and signed Senate Bill No. 36, entitled "An Act authorizing the surrender and delivery of mortgages and writings obligatory secured thereby given to the Commonwealth and the satisfaction of the record thereof when full payment has been made."

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. VARE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from Committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. VARE, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 264 (House Bill No. 40), entitled:

An Act defining the mountain laurel (kalmia latifolia) as the flower emblem or State flower of this Commonwealth

BILL ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now proceed to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 264 (House Bill No. 40), entitled:

An Act defining the mountain laurel (kalmia latifolia) as the flower emblem or State flower of this Commonwealth

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 264, (House No. 40), entitled:

An Act defining the mountain laurel (kalmia latifolia) as the flower emblem or State flower of this Commonwealth

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—38.

Beidleman,	Gerberich,	Lynch,	Salus,
Buckman,	Gyger,	Magee, C. J.,	Semmens,
Burke,	Hackett,	Martin,	Smith, W. W.,
Catlin,	Hilton,	McConnell,	Snyder, P. W.,
Croft,	Hindman,	McNichol,	Sones,
Crow,	Hoke,	Miller,	Tompkins,
Daix,	Homsher,	Moore,	Vare,
DeWitt,	Jenkins,	Patton,	Warner,
Endsley,	Kline,	Phipps,	Wasbers,
Farley,	Kurtz,		

NAYS—8.

Clark,	McKee, W. S.,	Sensenich,	Snyder, C. A.,
Graff,	Schantz,	Smith, R. E.,	Stewart,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to read a bill in place at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. McNICHOL read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 504, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the College Department of the Hahnemann Medical College and Hospital

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 505, entitled:

An Act to amend section twenty-one of an act approved the 1st day of June, 1889, entitled "A further supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to provide revenue by taxation,' approved the 7th day of June, A. D. 1879," as amended by an act approved the 22d day of July, A. D. 1913, P. L. 1913, page 903.

Which was committed to the Committee on Finance.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 506, entitled:

An Act to amend section seventy-five of the act, entitled "An Act to consolidate, revise and amend the penal laws of this Commonwealth," approved the 31st day of March, A. D. 1860, by providing that the penalty for murder of the first degree shall be either death or life imprisonment at the discretion of the jury or of the court, as the case may be.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 45, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the fourteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act authorizing the board of county commmissioners of the several counties of the State to appropriate money for co-operative agricultural extension work for the purpose of improving and developing the agricultural resources of the proper counties

The first section of the bill was read as follows and agreed to:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the first section of an act approved the fourteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act authorizing the board of county commissioners of the several counties of the State to appropriate money for co-operative agricultural extension work for the purpose of improving and developing the agricultural resources of the proper counties" which reads as follows

"Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the board of county commissioners of each county are hereby authorized to appropriate from the funds of the county a sum not to exceed fifteen hundred dollars ($1,500) annually for agricultural extension work in co-operation with the Pennsylvania State College in encouraging improved methods of farm management and home economics and giving practical instruction and demonstrations in agriculture for the purpose of improving and developing the agricultural resources of the county" is amended to read as follows

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That county commissioners when duly thereto requested in writing by Pennsylvania State College and by at least three hundred resident taxables and electors of the county shall appropriate annually from the funds of the county a sum not less than one thousand dollars and not to exceed three thousand dollars ($3,000) for agricultural extension work in co-operation with Pennsylvania State College in encouraging improved methods of farm management and home economics and in giving practical instruction and demonstrations in agricultural for the purpose of improving and developing the agricultural resources of the county The agricultural expert shall be appointed by State College with the advice and consent of the home counties or county farm bureau

Two counties may unite in appropriating money to carry out jointly the purpose of this section One-half of the amount appropriated shall be paid by each county The aggregate amount appropriated by the two counties shall not be less than one thousand dollars nor more than three thousand dollars per annum

The second section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 2 The third section of said act which reads as follows

"Section 3 The money so appropriated shall be expended according to rules and regulations prescribed and approved by such board of county commissioners is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 3 The money so appropriated shall be expended according to rules and regulations approved by the board of county commissioners

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. STEWART. Mr. President, I move to amend section 2, in line 4, by striking out the word "and" where it occurs the second time and inserting in lieu thereof the word "or"; also in line 5, by inserting after the word "commissioners" a double quotation mark.

Mr. TOMPKINS. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The title of the bill was read as follows and agreed to:

An Act to amend an act approved the fourteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act authorizing the board of county commissioners of the several counties of the State to appropriate money for co-operative agricultural extension work for the purpose of improving and developing the agricultural resources of the proper counties

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 84, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith"

The first section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That sections one thousand four hundred twenty-one and one thousand four hundred and twenty-two of an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hunderd eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith" which respectively read as follows

"Section 1421 No person in this Commonwealth either for himself or for any firm association or corporation shall during the term of compulsory attendance as fixed by the board of school directors in any school district and during the hours the public schools are in session accept service from engage or employ any child or children between eight and fourteen years of age nor shall he accept service from engage or employ any child or children between the ages of fourteen and sixteen years unless such child shall first furnish and deliver to such employer an employment certificate issued according to law"

"Section 1422 Any person or persons accepting service from or engaging or employing any child between eight and fourteen years of age during the term of compulsory attendance and while the schools are in session or accepting service from engaging or employing any child during the same period of time between the ages of fourteen and sixteen years without being first furnished by such child with an employment certificate or failing to furnish to the district superintendent of schools supervising principal attendance officer or secretary of the board of school directors the information required by this act concerning the children employed by him or them or shall fail to post for inspection at the place of employment of such children the list of children engaged by him or them as required by the provisions of this act shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be punished for a first offense by a fine of not less than ten dollars ($10.00) or more than twenty-five dollars ($25.00) or ten days' imprisonment in the county jail or either or both at the discretion of the court and for a subsequent offence shall be punished by a fine of not less than twenty dollars ($20.00) or more than ($50.00) or ninety days' imprisonment in the county jail or either or both at the discretion of the court" are amended to read respectively as follows

Section 1421 No person in this Commonwealth either for himself or for any firm association or corporation shall during the term of compulsory attendance as fixed by the board of school directors in any school district and during the hours the public schools are in session accept service from engage or employ any child or children between eight and fourteen years of age nor shall he accept service from engage or employ any child or children between the ages of fourteen and sixteen years unless such child shall first furnish and deliver to such employer an employment certificate issued according to law

If the child leaves such employment or is absent from such employment ten days the employer shall immediately

in writing notify accordingly the school official who issued the certificate

Section 1422 Any person or persons accepting service from or engaging or employing any child between eight and fourteen years of age during the term of compulsory attendance and while the public schools are in session or accepting service from engaging or employing any child during the same period of time between the ages of fourteen and sixteen years without being first furnished by such child with an employment certificate or failing to furnish to the district superintendent of schools supervising principal attendance officer or secretary of the board of school directors the information required by this act concerning the children employed by him or them or shall fail to post for inspection at the place of employment of such children the list of children engaged by him or them as required by the provisions of this act who shall fail to notify the proper school official as required by the last preceding section of this act shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be punished for a first offence by a fine of not less than ten dollars ($10.00) or more than twenty-five dollars ($25.00) or ten days' imprisonment in the county jail or either or both at the discretion of the court and for a subsequent offence shall be punished by a fine of not less than twenty dollars ($20.00) or more than fifty dollars ($50.00) or ninety days' imprisonment in the county jail or either or both at the discretion of the court

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. SEMMENS. Mr. President. I move to amend section 1, in line 56, by striking out "childrenn" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "children."

Mr. JENKINS. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The title of the bill was read as follows and agreed to:

An Act to amend an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith"

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 121, as follows:

An Act regulating the sale of chicory mixed with coffee and providing a penalty

Whereas Recent unprejudiced chemical analyses by leading chemists show that from the standpoint of domestic economy chicory is a good and safe addition to coffee and

Whereas In view of the results attained there appears to be no objectionable physiological action when chicory is used

Whereas A small quantity of chicory added to good coffee improves the flavor and reduces the peculiar nervous effects of the coffee and

Whereas The National Dispensary declares that very probably an infusion of chicory taken at meals as a substitute for coffee would be preferable to the latter on the score of health and

Whereas On the continent of Europe the use of chicory as a beverage is fully as well established as the use of tea coffee or cocoa and

Whereas The addition of chicory to coffee would improve the taste of the beverage and greatly lessen its cost therefore

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That it is lawful to sell chicory mixed with coffee if it conforms to the following conditions

1 The amount of chicory shall not exceed fifteen per centum of the mixture of coffee and chicory

2 The package containing the mixture shall bear the words in letters of the same style and size but not less than one-half (½) inch high "coffee and chicory" and may contain also the name and address of the manufacturer and distributor a non-descripture brand name and a statement of the net weight of the package contents but no other printed matter

3 The mixture shall contain no cereal in any form

4 If sold in the form of a beverage in hotels or restaurants there shall be displayed in a prominent place in characters easily legible by the patrons a placard bearing the words "the coffee sold here is mixed with chicory"

Section 2 Any person firm or corporate body who shall violate any of the provisions of this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not more than one hundred ($100) dollars

Section 3 The Dairy and Food Commissioner shall be charged with the enforcement of the provisions of this act

Section 4 All fines and penalties imposed and recovered for the violation of any of the provisions of this act shall be paid to the Diary and Food Commissioner or his agent and when so collected and paid shall thereafter be by the Diary and Food Commissioner paid into the State Treasury for the use of the Commonwealth

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 207, entitled:

An Act providing for the organization discipline maintenance and regulation of the militia of the Commonwealth

The first, second and third sections of the bill were read as follows and agreed to:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the organized militia of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania shall be styled the National Guard of Pennsylvania and shall be subject at all times to the orders of the officers thereof

Section 2 For the purpose of this act the word "company" shall apply to and indicate the infantry cavalry engineer signal corps field hospital machine-gun and ambulance companies the words "regiment" "battalion" and "squadron" shall apply to any organization of any arm of the service equal in organization and strength to a regiment or battalion of infantry as the case may be

Section 3 The Governor of this Commonwealth as Commander-in-Chief of its military forces shall have the power and is hereby authorized and directed to prescribe in orders the organization of the National Guard of Pennsylvania in such manner and form as to make said organization conform as far as practicable to the requirements for the organized militia under the laws of the United States and for that purpose he shall have power to alter divide annex consolidate disband organize or re-organize any organization department corps or staff so as to conform as far as practicable to any organization system drill instruction uniform or equipment now or hereafter prescribed by the laws of the United States or requirements of the War Department for the organization and regulation of the organized militia and for that purpose the number of officers and non-commissioned officers of any grade in any organization department corps or staff may be increased or diminished and the grade of such officers and non-commissioned officers may be altered to the extent necessary to secure as far as practicable such conformity Provided however that commissioned officers who shall become surplus by reduction alteration consolidation transfer or disbandment of organizations as provided in this section may be relieved from active service and held as supernumerary during the unexpired portion of their respective commissions and while so held as supernumerary shall be subject to detail for active duty by the Governor and Commander-in-Chief and the period in which such commissioned officers are held as supernumerary may be included in computing the necessary length of service to entitle a commissioned officer to be placed upon the retired list

Each enlisted man shall at the time of enlistment execute enlistment papers in duplicate according to a form prescribed by the Adjutant-General approved by the Commander-in-Chief which form shall embody within it an oath of allegiance to the United States and to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania the duplicate copy of enlistment paper shall be retained by the commanding officer before and by whom the enlistment is made the original enlistment paper to be forwarded to and filed in the office of the Adjutant-General but before any person shall be enlisted he shall be subject to the requisite physical examination by an officer of the medical corps or any duly licensed or legally authorized surgeon or physician in active practice and designated by the officer before and by whom the enlistment is made and the certificate of such officer of the medical corps surgeon or physician shall accompany and be filed with said enlistment paper

The term of enlistment of each enlisted man shall be for the period of three years and no person shall be enlisted who is not a citizen of the United States or who has not made legal declaration of his intention to become a citizen of the United States and who is less than eighteen years of

age or more than forty-five years of age Provided however that an enlisted man who is serving an enlistment in the National Guard of Pennsylvania and which enlistment expires after such enlisted man has reached the age of forty-five years may be re-enlisted within thirty days from the expiration of his previous enlistment upon permission being granted therefor by the Commander-in-Chief

The fourth section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 4 In time of peace the National Guard of Pennsylvania shall consist of the several departments corps or staffs as hereinafter enumerated and in addition thereto not more than one hundred and fifty companies of infantry one regiment of cavalry one brigade of field artillery the necessary complement of machine gun companies a battalion a battalion of signal troops four field hospitals four ambulance companies fifteen regimental bands one ammunition train one sanitary train and one supply train fully armed uniformed and equipped to be organized allotted and apportioned in such localities of the Commonwealth as the necessities and interests of the service in the discretion of the Commander-in-Chief may require and organized into such divisions brigades regiments battalions squadrons and companies with power to make such alterations in the organization and arrangement thereof from time to time as the Commander-in-Chief may deem necessary Provided that there shall not be more than one major-general and five brigadier-generals of the line but the Commander-in-Chief shall have power in case of war invasion insurrection riot or imminent danger thereof to increase the said force and organize the same as the exigencies of the occasion may require

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. McKEE. Mr. President, I move to amend section 4, in line 7, by inserting after the word "battalion" where it first occurs, the words "of engineers."

Mr. PHIPPS. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The fifth section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 5 The commissioned and non-commissioned officers of the National Guard shall be as follows

The Governor shall be Commander-in-Chief of the National Guard at all times when in the service of the Commonwealth He shall make all appointments of commissioned officers in the respective departments corps regiments squadrons battalions and companies and also of the aides-de-camp to the Governor and Commander-in-Chief except as otherwise specifically provided in this act

An Adjutant-General's department consisting of one Adjutant-General of the grade of Brigadier-General to be appointed by the Governor with the consent of the Senate and who shall be assigned to duty with the Commander-in-Chief and who shall be chief of staff one adjutant-general of the grade of colonel who shall be chief of said department one adjutant-general of the grade of lieutenant-colonel not more than seven adjutants-general of the grade of major

An inspector-general's department consisting of one inspector-general of the grade of colonel who shall be chief of said department one inspector-general of the grade of lieutenant-colonel not more than seven inspectors of the grade of major

A judge-advocate-general's department consisting of one judge-advocate-general of the grade of colonel who shall be chief of said department one judge-advocate of the grade of lieutenant-colonel not more than seven judge-advocates of the grade of major

A quartermaster's corps consisting of one quartermaster-general of the grade of colonel who shall be chief of said corps three quartermasters of the grade of lieutenant-colonel not more than fourteen quartermasters of the grade of major not more than fourteen quartermasters of the grade of captain

An ordnance department consisting of one chief of ordnance of the grade of colonel and who shall be chief of said department one ordnance officer of the grade of lieutenant-colonel not more than seven ordnance officers of the grade of major

An inspector of small-arms practice department consisting of one general inspector of small-arms practice of the grade of colonel and who shall be chief of said department

A medical department consisting of a medical corps the necessary complement of detachments of sanitary troops field hospital companies and ambulance companies Of the medical corps and there shall be one surgeon-general of the grade of colonel and who shall be chief of the medical department two officers of the grade of lieutenant-colonel one of whom shall be detailed as chief surgeon twenty-five officers of the grade of major not more than eighty officers of the grade of captain or first lieutenant Provided that officers of the medical corps of the grade of of first lieutenant who shall have served for a period of three years as such may be recommissioned as of the grade of captain The appointment of officers of the medical corps below the grade of lieutenant-colonel shall be made by the Commander-in-Chief only after the applicant has passed successfully such examination as to moral character professional ability and physical condition as may be required by the Commander-in-Chief and the application for appointment has been approved by the surgeon-general or chief surgeon

The staff of the Commander-in-Chief shall consist of such departmental corps or line officers as may be assigned to duty with the Commander-in-Chief and in addition thereto twelve aides-de-camp each of the grade of lieutenant-colonel to be appointed by the Commander-in-Chief also two post quartermaster-sergeants one ordnance-sergeant to be assigned from the respective departments and one sergeant-major one color-sergeant and one trumpeter to be enlisted by direction of the Commander-in-Chief

Of a division one major-general to command the same to be appointed by the Governor and Commander-in-Chief with the consent of the Senate The staff of the division commander shall consist of one adjutant-general major adjutant-general's department one inspector of small arms practice lieutenant-colonel ordnance department one inspector major inspector-general's department one judge-advocate major judge-advocate-general's department one chief quartermaster lieutenant-colonel quartermaster's department one chief commissary lieutenant-colonel quartermaster's department one chief surgeon lieutenant-colonel medical corps two surgeons majors medical corps three aides-de-camp captains to be detailed by the Commander-in-Chief either from the line or departments two sergeants quartermaster corps to be detailed from the quartermaster corps one sergeant-major one color-sergeant and one trumpeter to be enlisted or appointed and warranted by the division commander

Of each brigade one brigadier-general to command the same to be appointed by the Governor and Commander-in-Chief with the consent of the Senate

The staff of a brigade commander shall consist of one adjutant-general major adjutant-general's department one inspector major inspector-general's department two quartermasters majors quartermaster corps one major medical corps one inspector of small arms practice major ordnance department two aides-de-camp first lieutenants to be detailed by the Commander-in-Chief from the line or departments two sergeants quartermaster corps to be detailed from the quartermaster corps one sergeant-major one color-sergeant one trumpeter to be enlisted or appointed and warranted by the brigade commander

Of each regiment of infantry one colonel one lieutenant-colonel not more than three majors of the line each to be appointed by the Governor and Commander-in-Chief one major medical corps three captains or first lieutenants medical corps to be assigned from the medical corps by the Commander-in-Chief one chaplain of the grade of captain one adjutant (an extra captain) on regimental quartermaster (an extra captain) one regimental commissary (an extra captain) one regimental inspector of small-arms practice (an extra captain) not more than three battalion adjutants (extra first lieutenants) not more than three battalion quartemasters and commissaries (extra second lieutenants) each to be appointed by the colonel subject to the approval of the brigade commander or if the regiment be not part of a brigade then of the immediate superior commanding officer also one sergeant-major one quartermaster sergeant one commissary-sergeant two color-sergeants not more than three battalion sergeants-major each to be enlisted or appointed and warranted by the colonel

Of each regiment of cavalry one colonel one lieutenant-colonel not more than three majors of the line each to be appointed by the Governor and Commander-in-Chief and one major medical corps and three captains or first lieutenants medical corps assigned from the medical corps by the Commander-in-Chief one chaplain of the grade of captain one adjutant (an extra captain) one regimental quartermaster (an extra captain) one regimental commissary (an extra captain) one regimental inspector of small-arms practice (an extra captain) not more than three squadron adjutants (extra first lieutenants) not more than three squadron quartermasters and commissaries (extra second lieutenants) each to be appointed by the colonel subject to the approval of the immediate superior commanding officer one sergeant-major one quartermaster-sergeant one commissary-sergeant two color-sergeants and not more than three squadron sergeants-major each to be enlisted or appointed and warranted by the colonel In each regiment of cavalry the Commander-in-Chief may appoint two veterinarians civilians who when in active service shall have the pay of a second lieutenant

Of each regiment of field artillery one colonel one lieutenant-colonel two majors of the line each to be appointed by the Governor and Commander-in-Chief one major medical corps and two captains or first lieutenants medical corps to be assigned from the medical corps by the Commander-in-Chief one chaplain of the grade of captain one adjutant (an extra captain) one regimental quartermaster (an extra captain) one regimental commissary (an extra captain) one regimental inspector of small-arms practice (an extra captain) not more than two battalion adjutants (extra captains) not more than two battalion quartermaster and commissaries (extra first lieutenants) each to be appointed by the colonel subject to the approval of the immediate superior commanding officer and one sergeant-major one quartermasters-sergeant one commissary-sergeant two color-sergeants not more than

two battalion sergeants-major and not more than two battalion quartermaster-sergeants each to be enlisted or appointed and warranted by the colonel In each regiment of artillery the Commander-in-Chief may appoint two veterinarians civilians who when in active service shall have the pay of a second lieutenant

Of a battalion of engineers one major to be appointed by the Governor and Commander-in-Chief one adjutant (an extra captain) one battalion quartermaster and commissary (an extra first lieutenant) one assistant inspector of small-arms practice (an extra first lieutenant) each to be appointed by the major subject to the approval of the immediate superior commanding officer ond one officer of the medical corps captain or first lieutenant to be assigned by the Commander-in-Chief also one battalion sergeant-major one battalion quartermaster-sergeant to be enlisted or appointed and warranted by the battalion commander

Of a battalion of field artillery not a part of a regiment one major to be appointed by the Commander-in-Chief one battalion adjutant (an extra captain) one battalion quartermaster and commissary (an extra first lieutenant) to be appointed by the major subject to the approval of the immediate superior commanding officer and one officer of the medical corps captain or first lieutenant to be assigned by the Commander-in-Chief and also one sergeant-major and one quartermaster-sergeant to be enlisted or appointed and warranted by the battalion commander

Of a squadron of cavalry not a part of a regiment one major to be appointed by the Governor and Commander-in-Chief one squadron adjutant (an extra first lieutenant) one squadron quartermaster and commissary (an extra second lieutenant) to be appointed by the major subject to the approval of the immediate superior commanding officer and one officer of the medical corps captain or first lieutenant to be assigned by the Commander-in-Chief and one sergeant-major to be enlisted or appointed and warranted by the squadron commander

Of a battalion of infantry not a part of a regiment one major to be appointed by the Governor and the Commander-in-Chief one adjutant (an extra first leeutenant) one battalion quartermaster and commissary (an extra second lieutenant) to be appointed by the major subject to the approval of the immediate superior commanding officer and one officer of the medical corps captain or first lieutenant to be assigned by the Commander-in-Chief one sergeant-major to be enlisted or appointed and warranted by the battalion commander

Of each company of infantry one captain and one first lieutenant to be appointed by the Governor and Commander-in-Chief and one second lieutenant to be elected by the written or printed votes of a majority of the non-commissioned officers and privates of the respective company one first-sergeant one company quartermaster-seargeant four sergeants six corporals two cooks one artificer two musicians and forty-eight privates minimum fifty-six privates maximum the non-commissioned officers to be appointed by the captain and approved by the regimental commander where a company is a part of a regiment and by the immediate superior commanding officer where a company is not a part of a regiment

Of each battery of artillery one captain two first lieutenants each to be appointed by the Governor and Commander-in-Chief and two second lieutenants each to be elected by the written or printed votes of a majority of the non-commissioned officers and privates of the respective battery one first-sergeant one quartermaster-sergeant one stable-sergeant six sergeants twelve corporals three cooks one chief mechanic four mechanics two musicians one hundred and two privates minimum and one hundred and twelve privates maximum the non-commissioned officers to be appointed by the captain and approved by the regimental commander where a battery is part of a regiment and by the immediate superior commanding officer where a battery is not a part of a regiment

Of each troop of cavalry one captain and one first lieutenant each to be appointed by the Governor and Commander-in-Chief and one second lieutenant to be elected by the written or printed votes of a majority of the non-commissioned officers and privates of the respective troop one first sergeant one troop quartermaster-sergeant six sergeants six corporals two cooks one farrier one horseshoer one saddler one wagoner two trumpeters forty-three privates minimum and fifty-one privates maximum the non-commissioned officers to be appointed by the captain and approved by the regimental commander where a troop of cavalry is a part of a regiment and by the immediate superior commanding officer where a troop of cavalry is not a part of a regiment Provided however that in a troop of cavalry to which the provisions of section eight of this act apply all commissioned officers shall be elected by the written or printed votes of a majority of the non-commissioned officers and privates of the respective troop

Of each company of engineers one captain and one first lieutenant each to be appointed by the Governor and Commander-in-Chief and one second lieutenant to be elected by the written or printed votes of a majority of the non-commissioned officers and privates of the respective company one first sergeant one quartermaster-sergeant five sergeants eight corporals two cooks two musicians twenty-three first-class privates and twenty-three second-class privates minimum and thirty-one second-class privates maximum the non-commissioned officers to be appointed by the captain and approved by the immediate superior commanding officer

Of a signal corps company Type A one captain and two first lieutenants each to be appointed by the Governor and Commander-in-Chief one first lieutenant to be elected by the written or printed votes of a majority of the non-commissioned officers and privates of the company two master signal electricians seven first-class sergeants ten sergeants seventeen corporals two cooks twenty-four privates first-class and thirteen privates minimum and twenty-three privates maximum the non-commissioned officers to be appointed by the captain and approved by the immediate superior commanding officer

Of each field hospital one major and four captains or first lieutenants of the medical corps to be assigned by the Governor and Commander-in-Chief three sergeants first-class six sergeants one acting cook and eight privates first-class and fifteen privates minimum and eight privates first-class and twenty-four privates maximum the non-commissioned officers to be appointed by the commanding officer and approved by the immediate superior commanding officer

Of each ambulance company five captains or first lieutenants of the medical corps to be assigned by the Governor and Commander-in-Chief two sergeants first-class seven sergeants one acting cook and eleven privates first-class and twenty-two privates minimum and eleven privates first-class and thirty-two privates maximum the non-commissioned officers to be appointed by the commanding officer subject to the approval of the immediate superior commanding officer

Of each regimental band (which shall be known as band section of the headquarters company) one chief musician one principal musician one drum-major each of the grade of sergeant of the non-commissioned staff of a regiment four sergeants eight corporals one cook and twelve privates The chief musician shall receive the per diem pay of a first lieutenant The regimental commander is authorized to recruit and discharge members of the regimental band at his discretion all enlistment papers to be made in duplicate the original to be forwarded to the Adjutant General the duplicate to be filed at regimental headquarters The non-commissioned officers of regimental bands will be appointed and warranted by the regimental commander each regimental band duly organized and found by the military board upon examination of the rolls and reports returned by the inspecting officer to be efficient shall receive an allowance of four hundred dollars per annum to be paid by warrant drawn by the Adjutant General upon the State Treasurer approved by the Auditor General to the order of the chief musician said allowance to be used solely for military purposes and for the use and benefit of said regimental band and to be accounted for as the Adjutant General may direct

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. McKEE. Mr. President, I move to amend section 5, in line 71, by striking out the word "department" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "corps"; also in line 72, by striking out the word "department" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "corps"; also in line 75, by inserting after the word "line" the word "corps"; also in line 87, by inserting after the word "line" the word "corps"; also in line 122, by striking out "sergenat-major" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "sergeant-major."

Mr. PHIPPS. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The sixth, seventh, eighth, ninth and tenth sections of the bill were read as follows and agreed to:

Section 6 The adjutant-General shall give bond in the sum of twenty thousand dollars the quartermaster-general in the sum of ten thousand dollars subject to the approval of the Commander-in-chief The following shall give bonds in amounts as follows same subject to the approval of the State Military Board quartermasters of the grade of lieutenant-colonel and major each in the sum of three thousand dollars regimental quartermasters quartermasters of the grade of captain and regimental commissaries each in the sum of two thousand dollars the blank form for same to be prescribed and furnished by the Adjutant-General and to be conditioned upon the faithful discharge of the duties of their office captains of engineer companies signal corps companies batteries of artillery troops of cavalry companies of infantry and commanding officers of field hospitals and ambulance companies each in the sum of two thousand dollars each of the lieutenants of said organizations and chief musicians of bands in the sum of one thousand dollars each subject to the approval of the State Military Board and in form to be prescribed and furnished by the Adjutant-general and to be conditioned upon the faithful discharge of the duties of their respective offices and the proper accounting for public moneys entrusted to them and for the safe-keeping and return of the property of the State or of the United States issued to them by the Adjutant-General or the quartermaster or acquired by transfer or inventory or by purchase from State funds when demand is made for said money or property by the Adjutant-General or the quartermaster-general

Section 7 Whenever by the authority of this act the Governor and Commander-in-Chief increases or diminishes the miniumm strength of any organization of the National Guard to conform to the minimum fixed by the President of the United States or by the War Department he may increase or deminish the maximum strength of such organization by an amount equal to the number by which he has increased or diminished the minimum provided that the maximum strength shall at no time exceed the maximum war strength of such organization

Section 8 Nothing herein contained shall be construed as affecting the right of any troop of cavalry battery of artillery or company of infantry organized prior to one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one and since continuously maintained to preserve their respective organizations together with their original vested or chartered rights privileges and immunities and said organizations shall be deemed legal organizations in addition to the number of companies provided for in the fourth section of this act provided that such organization when admitted as an organization of the National Guard of Pennsylvania shall be in all things subject to the orders of the Commander-in-Chief and the provisions of this act except as to the office of Cornet in a troop of cavalry

Section 9 The major-general and the brigadier-generals of the line shall be appointed by the Governor with the consent of the Senate but no person shall be appointed a major-general or a brigadier-general of the line who shall not have served at least fifteen years as a commissioned officer either in the National Guard of Pennsylvania or in the military service of the United States or both Provided however That no officer shall remain in command of a division for a longer period than five years

Section 10 When ever an officer shall be recommissioned in the same grade or commissioned in a lower grade than that in which he has served in the National Guard of Pennsylvania within three months after the expiration or termination of his previous commission he shall take rank from the date given in his previous commission provided that when a commissioned officer has been in continuous service as such service and commission in a higher grade shall not affect the continuity of rank when such officer shall be recommissioned in a lower grade in which he has previously served

The eleventh section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 11 When a company of infantry troop of cavalry or battery or artillery has neither commissioned nor non-commissioned officers the commander of the regiment separate battalion or squadron to which it belongs shall appoint suitable persons within said company troop or battery to be non-commissioned officers thereof and shall detail a suitable person to be clerk

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. McKEE. Mr. President, I move to amend section 11, in line 2, by striking out he word "or" where it occurs the second time, and inserting in lieu thereof the words "of field"; also in line 2, by striking out the word "commissioner" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "commissioned."

Mr. PHIPPS. Mr. President, I second tne motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The twelfth and thirteenth sections of the bill were read as follows and agreed to:

Section 12 The appointment of non-commissioned officers of the National Guard shall in all cases be made from the membership of the organization in which they are to serve and preference shall be given to men of military ability and experience who have been in active service in war or have received military instruction at an institution or college where an officer of the United States army is assigned as military instructor

Section 13 All commissioned officers appointed by the Governor and Commander-in-Chief shall be commissioned according to the grade in the department corps or arm of the service in which they are appointed and shall be assigned to duty by the Commander-in-Chief Commissioned officers elected under the provisions of this act or appointed by regimental commanders shall be commissioned in the respective grade office and organization to which they shall be elected or appointed and upon returns of election or order announcing appointment filed in the office of the Adjutant-General

The fourteenth section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 14 The division commander shall order election to fill vacancy where the commission of an elective office expires in any organization attached to the division and the commander of which reports direct to the division commander and brigade commanders shall order election to fill vacancy where commission of an elective officer expires in any organization that is part of a brigade In all other cases the authority to order election shall be given by the Commander-in-Chief

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. McKEE. Mr. President, I move to amend section 14, in line 2, by striking out the word "office" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "officer."

Mr. PHIPPS. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The fifteenth, sixteenth, seventeenth, eighteenth and nineteenth sections of the bill were read as follows and agreed to:

Section 15 Officers ordering elections may preside and conduct the same or detail some officer of equal or superior grade to the office to be filled but no candidate shall preside at an election except to adjourn the meeting if no proper officer appears to preside At all elections such presiding officer shall keep a record of the proceedings and make return thereof to the Adjutant-General through the proper military channels

Section 16 Ten days' notice of election shall be given except when in annul camp or in active service when at least forty-eight hours' notice shall be given unless such notice shall be waived by the Commander-in-Chief The person who has a majority of the written or printed votes of the electors shall be declared elected and the presiding officer shall forthwith notify him of his election and make return thereof Provided That a majority of the electors shall be present in uniform but this provision in special cases may be waived by the Commander-in-Chief Every person so elected and notified shall accept within ten days otherwise he shall be deemed to have refused If before the meeting for the election of any officer is dissolved the person chosen signifies to the presiding officer his refusal to accept the same such refusal shall be recorded and made part of the return and the electors shall proceed to another election Elections may be adjourned not exceeding twice and each adjournment for a period not exceeding ten days The proper roll of the membership of the organization in which election is held shall be produced at such election by the person having the legal custody thereof

Section 17 No election for a commissioned officer shall be ordered in a company troop or battery hereafter organized unless at least the prescribed minimum number of men have been enlisted therein except when otherwise ordered by the Commander-in-Chief

Section 18 When a commissioned officer of the National Guard of Pennsylvania is elected or appointed to another office therein and accepts the same such acceptance shall vacate the office previously held and in the case of an elective officer shall constitute a part of the return of the presiding officer

Section 19 When a person elected or appointed to an office refuses to accept his commission he will return the same to his immediate superior commanding officer who will certify that fact on the back thereof and return it to the Adjutant-General through military channels and if the office is elective a new election shall be ordered or if appointive a new appointment shall be made

The twentieth section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 20 No officer or soldier shall be arrested on any warrant except for treason or felony while going to remaining at or returning from a place he is ordered to attend for military duty

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. McKEE. Mr. President, I move to amend section 20, in line 3, by inserting after the word "place" the word "where."

Mr. PHIPPS. Mr. Presiednt, I second the motion

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The twenty-first, twenty-second, twenty-third, twenty-fourth and twenty-fifth sections of the bill were read as follows and agreed o:

Section 21 Each commissioned officer before he enters upon the duties of the office to which he has been appointed or elected shall take and subscribe before any person duly authorized to administer oaths and affirmations such oath or affirmation as may be prescribed by the Commander-in-Chief which shall not be inconsistent with the oath and declaration as prescribed by the laws of the United States

Section 22 The commissions of staff officers appointed by a commanding officer other than the Commander-inChief shall terminate when the successor of such commanding officer is commissioned and qualified The commissions of aides-de-camp upon the staff of the Governor and Commander-in-Chief shall terminate in like manner

Section 23 General field and commissioned departmental or corps officers are hereby authorized and empowered to administer oaths and affirmations in all matters appertaining to or concerning the National Guard service and the commanding officers of companies regiments or separate squadrons or battalions are authorized and empowered to administer oaths and affirmations in the enlistment of recruits for their respective organizations regimental non-commissioned staff sanitary detachment or band section or for separate squadron or battalion noncommissioned staff but in no case shall any fee be charged therefor Any person who shall falsely swear or affirm to any oath or affirmation shall be deemed guilty of perjury and upon trial and conviction shall be sentenced for such offence as is now or may hereafter be prescribed by law

Section 24 When a company of infantry troop of cavalry or battery of field artillery is without commissioned officers from any cause the commanding officer of the regiment of which it is a part shall detail some officer of the staff or line of the regiment to command said organization until a commissioned officer is appointed or elected The commissioned officer detailed shall have the same power and be subjected to the same liability as if he were captain of said organization

Section 25 The Governor and Commander-inChief may discharge any commissioned officer

When such officer tenders his resignation

When he has removed his residence beyond the bounds of his command to so great a distance that it is deemed inconvenient for him to perform the duties of his office

When he has been absent from his command more than thirty days without proper leave having been granted

When it appears to the satisfaction of the Commander-in-Chief that he is unable or unfit from any cause to discharge the duties of his office

When recourse has been had to the sureties on his bond in the settlement of his financial or property accounts

When he has been convicted of an infamous crime

Upon sentence of a court-martial after due trial according to law

Upon adverse report as to his qualifications or efficiency by a brigade board of examination as prescribed by section twenty-six or like adverse report by a board of examination appointed by the commander-in-Chief or the division commander

Upon disbandment of an organization as prescribed by section twenty-nine

The twenty-sixth section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 26 Each brigade commander of the National Guard and such commanding officers of regiments composing the brigade as he may select and one major medical corps to be selected by the brigade commander shall constitute a brigade examining board whose duty it shall be to examine every commissioned officer appointed or elected within the brigade or who may hereafter be elected or appointed as to his qualifications efficiency and physical ability for active service and upon report of said brigade examining board if adverse to any officer and approved by the Commander-in-Chief the commission of said officer shall be vacated or if not already issued be denied and an election be ordered or if an appointive officer an appointment made by the proper appointing power to fill the vacancy thus created Provided that if any officer shall refuse to present himself before said board when directed the Commander-in-Chief may upon report so made by the examining board vacate the commission of such officer or if not issued refuse the same and direct an election to be held or appointment made by the proper appointing power to fill the vacancy

In cases where organizations report direct to the division commander and are not part of a brigade the division commander is authorized to appoint an examining board of not exceeding five officers of which he may be one whose duties and powers shall be to all intents and purposes similar to those prescribed for a brigade examining board and any officer in commission or any officer hereinafter elected or appointed in such organizations when ordered shall report to said examining board for examination and on failure to report or pass satisfactorily such examination and reported upon adversely the commission of such officer shall be vacated or denied him at the discretion of the Commander-in-Chief Provided that the said division commander may order any officer or organization not a part of a brigade before the brigade examining board with like effect as if such officer were in or attached to a brigade Provided further that the Commander-in-Chief may provide for the examination of officers of departments or corps and officers of arganizations not a part of a brigade and establish rules for such examination

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. McKEE, Mr. President, I move to amend section 26 in line 26, by striking out the word "hereinafter" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "hereafter."

Mr. PHIPPS, Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The twenty-seventh, twenty-eighth, twenty-ninth, thirtieth, thirty-first, thirty-second, thirty-third, thirty-fourth, thirty-fifth, thirty-sixth, thirty-seventh, thirty-eighth, thirty-ninth, fortieth, forty-first, forty-second, forty-third, and forty-fourth sections of the bill were read as follows and agreed to:

Section 27 The term of every commissioned officer except the Adjutant-General shall be for five years unless his commission shall be otherwise lawfully determined and annulled Provided that all commissions in force in the National Guard of Pennsylvania at the time of the passage of this act shall continue in force for the unexpired portion thereof subject to determination by resignation or by the provisions of sections twenty-two and twenty-five of this act Provided that all enlistments in force in the National Guard of Pennsylvania at the time of the passage of this act shall continue in force for the unexpired portion thereof subject to the provisions of sections twenty-eight and twenty-nine of this act

Section 28 The company commander upon the approval may and upon the order of his superior commanding officer will during the term of enlistment discharge any enlisted man of his company and all commanding officers may discharge non-commissioned staff officers enlisted or appointed by such commanding officers the certificate of discharge by such company or other commanding officer shall in all cases be good sufficient and valid An enlisted man who has faithfully served the term of his enlistment will at the expiration thereof be furnished by the commanding officer of the organization a full and honorable discharge to be signed by such commanding officer and approved by the superior commanding officer

Section 29 If it appears to the Commander-in-Chief that a company of the National Guard has failed to comply with the requirements of the law in matters of unifrom equipment discipline or efficiency so that it cannot discharge the duties required of it such company may be disbanded by the Commander-in-Chief and the Commander-in-Chief may disband any company if in his judgment the interests of the service justify it

Section 30 A commissioned officer responsible for State funds or State property or property of the United States issued to him by the Adjutant-General or the quartermaster-general or acquired by transfer inventory or purchase from annual allowance of State funds who may tender his resignation and whose accounts are not settled may be relieved from active duty by the Commander-in-Chief and held as supernumerary pending settlement of his accounts and when so relieved from active duty the office in which he is commissioned or to which he has been assigned shall be considered as vacated Provided that a commissioned officer so held as supernumerary shall be amendable to courtmartial for military offences to the same extent and in like manner as if upon the active list

Section 31 The Adjutant-General shall hold office for the term of four years and until his successor is appointed and qualified but he may be removed at any time by the Governor He shall have the custody of all books accounts and military property of the Commonwealth used by or pertaining to the National Guard of Pennsylvania he shall distribute all orders from the Commander-in-Chief shall obey all orders relative to carrying into execution and perfecting any system of military discipline established by law or regulations and perform such other military duties as the Commander-in-Chief shall direct he shall furnish to the National Guard such blank forms of rolls and of the different returns that may be required and shall also make proper abstracts from the returns and reports of the commanding officers of the division and brigades for the information of the Commander-in-Chief He shall make a return annually in duplicate of the organized militia of the Commonwealth and a report of their arms uniforms accoutrements and ammunition according to such forms as may be prescribed by the Secretary of War one copy to be filed in the office of the Adjutant-General and one copy to be forwarded to the Secretary of War He may with the consent of the Commander-in-Chief employ such emergency clerical and other force as may be required in his department or at the State Arsenal who shall be paid such rates of compensation as may be deemed just and proper He shall pay the troops and make all other disbursements authorized by this act by warrants drawn by him upon the Treasurer of the Commonwealth countersigned by the Auditor General

Section 32 Commissioned officers may be ordered upon special duty at the discretion of the Commander-in-Chief and shall receive the pay of their respective grades during the time they may continue upon duty under such order Provided that when the duty required of them is a duty enjoined by law or existing regulations upon an officer of higher grade the officer so detailed shall receive the pay of such higher grade

Section 33 Camps of instruction combined camps with troops of the regular army or practice marches shall be held at such times places and periods and for such organizations as the Commander-in-Chief may direct none of which shall exceed fourteen days in any one year and during any such tour of duty an inspection shall be made by the Adjutant-General or under his direction by the inspector-general For services during such tours of duty officers and enlisted men shall be entitled to a per diem pay as prescribed by section forty which shall be paid upon vouchers approved by the Military Board and warrants drawn by the Adjutant General upon the State Treasurer countersigned by the Auditor General and in addition to the per diem pay officers shall be entitled to transportation and enlisted men to transportation and subsistence In addition to the inspection above provided for such other inspection shall be made under the direction of the Adjutant-General or inspector-general as may be ordered by the Commander-in-Chief

Section 34 Officers for attendance upon court martial boards of examination and such other necessary service as the law may require of said officers shall be furnished transportation orders for which shall be made by the Adjutant-General division brigade or regimental commanders and all necessary expenses lawfully incurred in the per-

formances of such duty shall be audited and paid upon proper vouchers approved by the Military Board

Section 35 The following named organizations of the National Guard duly organized and found upon examination of rolls and reports made by the inspecting officer to be fully up to the standard in numerical strength in drill discipline and efficiency shall receive in annual allowance the following sums of money per annum which shall be used and expended solely for military purposes and for the use and benefit of the organization each engineer company seven hundred and fifty dollars each company of infantry machine gun company field hospital and ambulance company five hundred dollars each signal corps company troop of cavalry and battery of field artillery fifteen hundred dollars the same to be paid by the Adjutant-General by warrant drawn upon the State Treasurer approved by the Auditor General to order of the commanding officer of the respective organization but it shall be the duty of the Adjutant-General before paying any of the said allowance in money to procure by purchase or otherwise and issue for each enlisted man not already provided therewith such articles of dress and service uniform and equipment as are not included in the annual clothing allowance and also such mess tents kitchen tents and military stores required by the respective organizations and charge the cost of same to the said annual allowance and the balance if any to be paid and disbursed as hereinafter provided Provided however that any regiment battalion squadron or company may at its own expense provide itself with other uniforms of such style and pattern as a majority of its officers may select and the Commander-in-Chief approve which uniform shall be the property of the organization or the individual members thereof but such uniform shall not be worn at inspections provided for by this act or when an organization is called into active service by the Commander-in-Chief No portion of any allowance appropriated by the State shall be expended in procuring such special uniforms or in repairing or caring for the same

Section 36 The Military Board shall consist of the Adjutant-General Auditor General and State Treasurer who shall meet at such times as may be necessary and whose duty shall be to audit and adjust all claims incident to the organization discipline maintenance and service of the National Guard and which claims on the approval of said Military Board endorsed thereon shall be paid by warrant drawn by the Adjutant-General upon the State Treasurer approved by the Auditor General Each member of the Military Board shall be paid an annual salary of six hundred dollars

Section 37 The Adjutant-General shall in the disbursement of public funds in the manner provided for in this act in payment for stores furnished or services rendered require as far as practicable that the account be itemized and its correctness duly sworn to or affirmed before an officer authorized by law to administer oaths or affirmations

Section 38 Each organization excepting division brigade regimental squadron or battalion headquarters and regimental bands in addition to alowances provided by section thirty-five of this act and under the same requirements and not occupying an armory owned by the Commonwealth shall be paid an annual allowance of two hundred dollars by warrant drawn by the Adjutant-General upon the State Treasurer approved by the Auditor-General to the order of the commanding officer of the organization said annual allowance to be devoted exclusively to the payment of rent of armory

Section 39 The payment of hire of horses for such officers and enlisted men as are required to be mounted and for horses necessary for batteries of field artillery and for such horses or mules as may be required for wagon transportation when in active service including camps of instruction combined camps practice marches or parades when ordered by the Commander-in-Chief shall not exceed two dollars per diem per horse or mule the payment of said hire to be made by the Adjutant-General by warrant drawn upon the State Treasurer approved by the Auditor General and upon properly itemized and duly approved vouchers

Section 40 When the National Guard or any part thereof is ordered on active duty by the Commander-in-Chief and for which duty a per diem pay is authorized the commissioned officers so ordered on active duty shall be entitled to the same pay as officers of like grade in the regular army of the United States excepting and excluding longevity pay and allowances and enlisted men when so ordered on active duty shall be entitled to per diem pay as follows non-commissioned staff sergeants department and corps sergeants master signal electricians first sergeants principal musicians drum majors sergeants first-class engineers signal corps field hospitals ambulance companies and sanitary detachments three dollars sergeants of engineers and signal corps two dollars and twenty-five cents sergeants of infantry cavalry artillery field hospitals ambulance companies sanitary detachments and bands two dollars chief mechanics of artillery corporals of engineers and signal corps cooks of all organizations two dollars corporals of infantry cavalry artillery regimental bands artificers saddlers wagoners farriers horseshoers mechanics of artillery and privates first-class of engineers signal corps field hospital ambulance company and sanitary detachment one dollar and seventy-five cents privates all arms musicians of companies and trumpeters of cavalry and artillery one dollar and fifty cents The chief musician regimental band shall receive the pay of grade of first lieutenant Each enlisted man except the chief musician regimental band after having served one full term of enlistment of three years and who re-enlists within thirty days from expiration of previous enlistment shall be entitled to and receive additional pay at the rate of twenty-five cents per day for his second and a like amount for his third term of consecutive enlistment and the said payments shall be made in accordance with the muster and pay rolls prepared in such form and manner as the Adjutant-General shall direct and all payments of per diem pay and service pay shall be by warrants drawn by the Adjutant-General upon the State Treasurer approved by the Auditor General The necessary subsistence and quartermaster stores necessary expenses incident to such active service and the transportation of troops incident to such active service may be contracted for by direction of the Commander-in-Chief by the Adjutant-General or the proper departmental or corps officers and paid for in like manner When the National Guard or any portion thereof is ordered on active duty by the Governor and Commander-in-Chief in repelling invasion subduing insurrection riot or disorder within the State or in furnishing quota of volunteers from the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania under a call made by the President of the United States the payment of the troops and all other expenses incident to such service will be made by the Adjutant-General from funds obtained by warrant drawn by the Governor of the Commonwealth upon the State Treasurer against appropriation made for such purpose

Section 41 The necessary military expenses of general division brigade regimental separate squadron and battalion headquarters including clerk hire and other actual outlays shall be paid by warrants drawn by the Adjutant-General upon the State Treasurer in the usual manner on the usual lawful vouchers to that effect duly sworn or affirmed to by the commanding officer or the officer charged with the payment of such expenses such expenses in no event to exceed nine hundred dollars per annum for the division seven hundred and fifty dollars for each brigade five hundred dollars for each regiment and two hundred dollars for each battalion or squadron not a part of a regiment

Section 42 Any commissioned officer or chief musician of the National Guard who shall embezzle misapply or retain in his possession without authority any moneys received by him for disbursement shall be deemed guilty of a felony and it shall be the duty of the district attorney of the proper county on complaint being made to prosecute such offender in any court of competent jurisdiction and any penalty imposed shall be collected and paid into the State Treasury

Section 43 If any officer or enlisted man of the National Guard of Pennsylvania is wounded or otherwise disabled while doing duty in active service he shall receive from the Commonwealth just and reasonable relief in amount to be determined by the Military Board

Section 44 The Adjutant-General shall provide for and issue to the National Guard for rifle and artillery practice such ammunition as may be necessary for the efficiency of the service and the Commander-in-Chief may fix an annual allowance for rifle or revolver practice expenses based upon the number of men in each company troop or battery organization who practice to be paid by warrants drawn by the Adjutant-General upon the State Treasurer in the usual manner upon submission of proper vouchers approved by the Military Board

The forty-fifth section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 45 Commissioned officers shall have served as such for a continuous period of ten years or commissioned officer who have served fifteen years in the aggregate as commissioned officers and enlisted men in the National Guard of Pennsylvania may upon their application to the Adjutant-General be placed upon the retired list Provided however that service in the army navy or marine corps of the United States during the war for the suppression of the rebellion or the war with Spain shall be computed as of twice its actual length and as so computed may be included as part of the fifteen years Provided further that where such commissioned officers now retired or who may hereafter be retired served in the army navy or marine corps of the United States during the war for the suppression of the rebellion and has been honorably discharged thereform they shall be retired as of the next higher grade except in the case of a major-general whose grade upon the retired list shall remain the same Provided further that where an officer has been commissioned in a higher grade than that held by him at time of retirement or of being placed on retired list he may be placed upon the retired list as of the highest grade in which he has been at any time previously commissioned The Commander-in-Chief shall have power and is hereby authorized to relieve from active service and place upon the retired list as of the next higher grade any commissioned officer of the National Guard of Pennsylvania who has served continuously in any one grade for fifteen years A commissioned officer of any Pennsylvania volunteer organization duly mustered into service of the United States in the war with Spain may upon application to the Adjutant-General be placed upon the retired list Provided such commissioned officer served in the National Guard of Pennsylvania as a commissioned officer or enlisted man or both for five years immediately prior to April twenty-eighth one thousand eight hundred and ninety-eight and was on that date borne upon the rolls of the said National Guard Officers on the retired list shall be subject to such duty other than the command of troops as may be assigned them by the Commander-in-Chief When commissioned officers are relieved from active duty and placed upon the retired list the commission of such officer shall be considered as terminated and the office held by him vacated

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. McKEE. Mr. President, I move to amend section 45 in line 1, by inserting after the word "officers" the word "who".

Mr. PHIPPS. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The forty-sixth, forty-seventh, forty-eighth, forty-ninth, fiftieth, fifty-first, fifty-second, fifty-third, fifty-fourth, fifty-fifth, fifty-sixth, fifty-seventh and fifty-eighth sections of the bill were read as follows and agreed to:

Section 46 Commissioned officers who have served forty years either as an officer or enlisted man or both in the National Guard of Pennsylvania shall upon application made to the Adjutant-General be retired from active service and placed upon the retired list as of the next higher grade except a major-general whose grade upon the retired list shall remain the same and when any commissioned officer of the line is sixty-four years of age he shall be retired from active service and placed upon the retired list as of the next higher grade except a major-general whose grade shall remain the same to that held by them respectively at the time of such retirement Provided that service in the volunteer forces of the United States or in the army navy or marine corps thereof during the war for the suppression of the rebellion or the war with Spain may be included as of twice its actual length in computing the forty years of service required for retirement

Section 47 The commanding officer of each organization shall at such time as the Commander-in-Chief may direct make a return to the Adjutant-General containing an itemized account and statement of all disbursements of the money appropriated and paid during the preceding year to said organization which account and statement shall be verified by the proper original vouchers for such disbursements

Section 48 No part of the annual appropriations paid under this act to the several organizations of the National Guard shall be used in the purchase erection or construction of any armory unless the title thereto be vested in the Commonwealth

Section 49 The Adjutant-General shall supply to all officers of the National Guard copies of drill regulations manuals of rifle practice service manuals and military publications forms and books prescribed for use of United States Army as the Governor and Commander-in-Chief may designate same to be paid for by warrant drawn by the Adjutant-General upon the State Treasurer in the usual manner

Section 50 The commanding officer of any troops in active service may cause them to perform any military duty he shall require and also to put under arrest any officer or enlisted man who shall disobey the orders of his superior officer and also any person or persons who shall trespass on parade or camp grounds or in any way or manner interrupt or molest the orderly discharge of duty of those in active service and also may prohibit and prevent the sale of spirituous or malt liquors except by licensed houses within two miles of such parade grounds or encampment and also in his discretion abate as a nuisance all hucksters auction sales or gambling

Section 51 Every uniformed company troop or battery of the National Guard may form by-laws rules and regulations with the approval of the Commander-in-Chief not inconsistent with the laws of this State for the government and improvement of its members in military discipline and when approved by two-thirds of all the members belonging to any such company and the Commander-in-Chief such by-laws rules and regulations shall be binding but the same may upon like approval be altered from time to time as may become necessary Provided however that no deductions shall be made from pay of commissioned officers or enlisted men for active service for dues or other financial obligations imposed by such by-laws rules or regulations

Section 52 When an invasion of or insurrection in the State occurs or is threatened or a tumult riot or mob shall exist the Governor may in his discretion place the National Guard or any part thereof on active duty

Section 53 Every commissioned officer and enlisted man shall hold his uniform arms ammunition and accoutrements required by law free from all suits distresses executions or sales for debt or payment of taxes

Section 54 The Adjutant-General may under the direction of the Commander-in-Chief make such disposition of the arms accoutrements ammunition and all other military property belonging to the Commonwealth as will most effectually subserve its military interests or necessities He shall distribute to the officers regiments battalions squadrons and companies of the National Guard the arms uniforms equipments camp equipage and the books required by law to be furnished at public expense and may sue either in contract or tort any or all such officers for loss or damage sustained in articles so furnished He may permit the rifles field pieces and artillery equipments now in possession of any city or county so to remain so long as they provide suitable places of deposit therefor and keep them in good condition without expense to the Commonwealth

Section 55 The Adjutant-General may with the approval of the Commander-in-Chief sell or exchange from time to time such military stores belonging to the Commonwealth as are found unserviceable or in state of decay or which it may be deemed for the interests of the Commonwealth to sell or exchange all moneys received for stores so sold shall be paid into the Treasury of the Commonwealth

Section 56 The Commander-in-Chief is hereby authorized to procure and issue from time to time to the National Guard such flags standards and guidons as may be necessary which as far as practicable shall be similar in style to those of the United States Army

Section 57 Every arm uniform equipment or article of camp equipage owned or issued by the Commonwealth shall be used only in the discharge of military duty and any commissioned officer non-commissioned officer or private who shall wilfully or wantonly injure or destroy any uniform arm equipment or other military property belonging to the Commonwealth or to the United States or refuse to make good such injury or loss or who shall sell dispose of secrete or remove the same or who shall fail within ten days after being notified by his commanding officer to return the same to the Commonwealth or his commanding officer shall be tried by court-martial and if convicted shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not more than one hundred dollars or in default of payment of the same undergo an imprisonment in the county jail of not more than thirty days

Section 58 If any person shall knowingly and wilfully purchase or receive in pawn or pledge any arm accoutrement article of military clothing equipment tent or fly or any quartermaster medical engineer signal property ordnance or ordnance stores the property of the Commonwealth or of the United States in use by the Commonwealth he shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and being convicted thereof in any court of quarter sessions of the proper county shall be sentenced to an imprisonment not exceeding one year and a fine not exceeding three hundred dollars

The fifty-ninth section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 59 In addition to exemptions now allowed by law any person who shall have performed duty in the National Guard of the State for a period of nine years or who served for nine month or a longer period in active service of the United States and was honorably discharged shall be exempt from further military service except in case of war invasion or insurrection and from serving as a juror if he so desires Every officer and enlisted man in the National Guard shall during his service therein be exempt from service upon any posse comitatus Every officer and enlisted man of the National Guard of the State while in active service for which a per diem rate of pay is paid shall be exempt from jury duty during the period of such active service and any officer or enlisted shall during his membership in the National Guard of the State be exempt from service as a juror if he so desires

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. McKEE. Mr. President, I move to amend section 59, in line 13, by inserting after the word "enlisted" the word "man"; also in line 14, by striking out the word "service" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "serving."

Mr. PHIPPS. Mr. President, I second the motion:

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The sixtieth, sixty-first, sixty-second, sixty-third, sixty-fourth, sixty-fifth, sixty-sixth, sixty-seventh, sixty-eighth, sixty-ninth, seventieth, seventy-first, seventy-seventh, seventy-eighth, seventy-ninth and eightieth sections of the bill were read as follows and agreed to:

Section 60 No civil process shall issue or be enforced against any person mustered into the service of this Commonwealth or of the United States during so much of the term as he shall be engaged in active service under orders nor until thirty days after he shall have been relieved therefrom Provided that the operation of all statutes of limitations and presumptions arising from lapse of time shall be suspended upon all claims against such person during such term

Section 61 The Commander-in-Chief may at his discretion appoint and commission an officer with the relative naval rank of captain who shall be during his commission a member of the staff of the Commander-in-Chief and who shall under the direction of the Adjutant-General perform such duties in connection with the naval force of Pennsylvania as may be assigned him

Section 62 In the settlement and payment of any accounts the Adjutant-General shall require except for incidental expenses or allowances authorized by this act or when it may be impracticable an affidavit taken before a person authorized to administer oaths or affirmations to the following effect namely

City (or county) of .....ss Personally appeared before me.....in and for said city (or county)..... of the firm of ..... who having been ..... according to law said that the above account is correct that the articles therein charged were furnished to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania on the order of .....:.. and that the prices charged for the same are not more than the actual wholesale cash prices charged for goods of like quality to other purchasers and that no commission abatement or allowance whatever has been or is to be given to any person concerned in the ordering or purchasing of said articles or any other

person whomsoever and that the said articles are of the quality size and quantity mentioned in the said account .....and subscribed before me this .....day of ..... one thousand nine hundred and .....

Every account before payment shall be approved by the officer ordering the purchase showing that the same is correct as to price that the articles were furnished on his order and supplied as charged Provided That any person who shall be convicted before any court of record in this Commonwealth of wilful perjury under the provisions of this section shall suffer in addition to the penalties now or that may hereafter be provided by the laws of this Commonwealth against perjury the forfeiture of the whole amount of the articles falsely charged for or paid for one-half of which amount shall go to the person or persons who shall give information and shall prosecute such charge to conviction and the other half shall be paid into the Treasury of the Commonwealth

Section 62 Courts of inquiry may be instituted by the Commander-in-Chief or the commanding officer of the division in relation to those officers for whose trial they are authorized to appoint court martial for the purpose of investigating the conduct of any officer either upon his own solicitation or upon complaint or charge of improper conduct degrading the character of an officer or for the purpose of setting rank but no court of inquiry shall consist of more than one officer who may if approved of by the officer ordering the court of inquiry require an officer or person to act as recorder to attend such court in taking testimony and in investigating any complaint that may come before such court of inquiry Such court of inquiry shall without delay report a statement of facts and when required an opinion thereon to the officer instituting such court who may in his discretion thereupon appoint a court martial for the trial of the officer whose conduct shall have been inquired into

Section 64 Every court martial for the trial of general officers and officers detailed or appointed on the staff of the Commander-in-Chief shall be ordered by the Commander-in-Chief and shall consist of seven officers any five of whom shall constitute a quorum

Section 65 General courts martial for the trial of all other commissioned officers shall be ordered by the division commander for all organizations composing the division by the brigade commander for organizations of a brigade not a part of the division and by the Commander-in-Chief for commissioned officers of departments or corps and for commissioned officers of all organizations not a part of the division or of a brigade and shall consist of five officers any three of whom shall constitute a quorum

Section 66 General courts-martial for the trial of enlisted men of companies battalions or squadrons which report directly to the division commander shall be ordered by him and for the trial of enlisted men of the brigade shall be ordered by the brigade commander and for organizations not a part of a division or brigade by the Commander-in-Chief and shall consist of five officers any three of whom shall constitute a quorum

Section 67 A summary court-martial for the trial of enlisted men belonging to any regiment or separate battalion or squadron shall be ordered by the respective regimental or separate battalion or squadron commander and shall consist of a field officer or captain in such regiment or separate battalion or squadron

Section 68 An unassigned company court-martial for the trial of enlisted men belonging to unassigned companies of infantry signal corps company engineer companies machine gun company field hospital ambulance company troops of cavalry or batteries of artillery shall be ordered by the Commander-in-Chief and shall consist of one officer of the rank of a field officer or captain

Section 69 The officer ordering each court may at any time fill any vacancy that from any cause may happen therein but the member filling such vacancy shall not sit or participate in the trial of a case commenced before he has qualified

Section 70 The jurisdiction of general courts-martial shall extend to and include the trial of all offences against military law order or discipline Their sentences may inflict one or more of the following punishments namely reprimand forfeiture in whole or part of pay and allowances a fine not exceeding one hundred dollars or in default of payment of the same for twenty days after final approval imprisonment not exceeding thirty days suspension of officers from rank dishonorable discharge from the service and in addition in the case of non-commissioned officers their reduction to the ranks The record of every general court-martial and sentence imposed shall receive the approval or disapproval of the Commander-in-Chief who shall have the power to mitigate or remit such sentence

Section 71 The jurisdiction of summary and unassigned company courts-martial shall extend to and include the trial of all infractions of discipline non-attendance at drills abuse or neglect of arms equipment clothing or other military stores

Section 72 A summary or unassigned company court-martial may inflict one or more of the following punishments namely dishonorable discharge reduction to the ranks of non-commissioned officers reprimand forfeiture in whole or part of pay and allowance and a fine not exceeding twenty dollars or in default of payment of the same for twenty days after a final approval imprisonment not exceeding five days

Section 73 No officer or enlisted man under arrest shall be brought to trial before a general court-martial unless the officer convening the court-martial shall have ordered the same within thirty days after such arrest nor until ten days after a copy of the order convening the court and of the charges and specifications shall have been delivered to the accused or left at his usual or last known place of abode

Section 74 There shall be a judge-abvocate commissioned or specifically detailed for every general court-martial who shall after all challenges if any shall have been determined administer to each member of the court-martial the following oath of affirmation

You----------do swear (or affirm) that you will well and truly try and determine according to the evidence all matters and issues between the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and any person or persons who shall come before this court-martial and that you will not divulge the findings or sentence of the court to anyone but the proper authority until it shall be duly disclosed by the same and that you will not disclosed or discover the vote or opinion of any particular member of the court unless required to give evidence thereof as a witness in a court of justice in due course of law

Section 75 When all the members of a general court-martial shall have been duly sworn or affirmed the president of the court-marital shall administer to the judge-advocate the following oath or affirmation

You----------do swear (or affirm) that you will not divulge the finding or sentence of the court to any but the proper authority until it shall be duly disclosed by the same and that you will not disclose or discover the vote or opinion of any particular member of the court unless required to give evidence thereof as a witness in a court of justice in due course of law

Section 76 The proceedings and sentence of every court-martial shall without delay be delivered to the officer ordering the court who shall approve or disapprove thereof within fifteen days thereafter and shall give notice of his approval or disapproval to the president or officer of such court-martial to the arresting officer and to the accused and he may at his discretion publish the sentence as approved or disapproved in orders after action thereon by the Commander-in-Chief as provided in section seventy of this act but no part of such sentence shall be published or executed until after the time allowed for appeals has expired and he shall also forward such proceedings and sentences and his approval or disapproval thereof to the Adjutant General for such disposition as may be deemed proper

Section 77 An appeal from the approved finding or sentence of a general court-martial may be made to the Commander-in-Chief within twenty days after the decision appealed from shall have been made known to the person appealing and shall operate as a stay of execution of sentence until the dismissal of such appeal

Section 78 The president of such general court-martial or the officer of a summary battalion squadron or unassigned company court-martial shall issue his warrant for the collection of all fines imposed by said court-martial to the sheriff or any constable of the county in which the court was held or in which the delinquent resides whose duty it shall be to collect all fines provided for by this act in the same manner as he is authorized to collect debts on civil process and make his return to the president of the said court or to the officer of the said summary battalion squadron or unassigned company court-martial or within twenty days certify to the said president or officer that there is no property of the defendant out of which said moneys can be made Upon such return of "no goods" the said president or officer of the court shall issue his warrant of commitment of such delinquent to the proper jail of the county directed to such sheriff or constable who shall forthwith execute said warrant and make proper return of the same to court

Section 79 The keepers and wardens of all county jails are required to receive and confine all military offenders when delivered by such sheriff or constable under the proper certificate of commitment of a general or summary battalion squadron or unassigned company court-martial for and during the term of sentence as set forth in said commitment

Section 80 The senior officer present shall be the president of the court and all the members of such court shall when on duty be in uniform and the president or officer of the court may detail one or more marshals whose duty it shall be to summon all delinquents and parties accused and subpoena all witnesses to appear before the court at the properly designated time and place

The eighty-first section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 81 After a return of the summons by a marshall and certifying service of the same on the accused and upon default of appearance of such accused at the time and place designated for trial the president or officer of the court shall issue his warrant for the arrest of the delinquent directed to the sheriff or to the constable of the county who shall forthwith execute said warrant and make proper return thereof to said court and produce to the said court the body of the accused if within said county and retain the custody thereof until the conclusion of the trial unless sooner discharged by order of the court

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. McKEE. Mr. President, I move to amend section 81, in line 1, by striking out the word "marshall" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "marshal"; also in line 6, by striking out the word "the" where it first occurs, and inserting in lieu thereof the word "a."

Mr. PHIPPS. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The eighty-second section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 82 The president or officer of every court-martial and every court of inquiry both before and after he has been sworn shall issue subpoenas for all witnesses whose attendance at such court may in his opinion be necessary

in behalf of the Commonwealth and also on application for all witnesses on behalf of the accused or person returned as delinquent

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. McKEE. Mr. President, I move to amend section 82, in line 2, by striking out the words "both before and" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "either before or."

Mr. PHIPPS. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The eighty-third, eighty-fourth, eighty-fifth, eighty-sixth, eighty-seventh, eighty-eighth eighty-ninth and nintieth sections of the bill were read as follows and agreed to:

Section 83 The president or officer of every court-martial or court of inquiry shall have power to administer the usual oath to witnesses and shall have the same power to compel attending witnesses to be sworn and testify and to preserve order as courts of common law jurisdiction and all sheriffs jailers and constables are hereby required to execute any precept or process issued by such president or officer of the court for that purpose

Section 84 Every witness not appearing in obedience to such subpoena when duly served and not having a sufficient or reasonable excuse shall forfeit to the Commonwealth a sum not less than ten nor more than fifty dollars for each default and the president or officer of such court shall from time to time report to the district attorney the names of such delinquent witnesses together with the names and places of residence of the persons serving such subpoena the better to enable him to prosecute for such forfeiture

Section 85 Whenever it shall appear to the satisfaction of any court-martial or court of inquiry by proof made before such court that any person duly subpoenaed to appear as a witness before said court shall have refused or neglected without just cause to attend as such witness in conformity to such subpoena and the party in whose behalf such witness shall have been subpoenaed shall make oath that the testimony of such witness is material such court or the president or officer thereof shall have power to issue an attachment to compel the atendance of such witness

Section 86 Every such attachment shall be executed in the same manner as a warrant and by the sheriff or a constable of the county and the fees for serving the same shal be paid by the person against whom the same shall have been issued unless he shall show reasonable cause to the satisfaction of such court for his omission to attend in which case the party requiring such attachment shall pay the costs such costs shall be ascertained by the court which may thereupon issue an execution for the collection against the person liable to pay the same and which may be collected as other executions are collected by said sheriff or constable

Section 87 All fines and penalties imposed and collected through the sentences of court-martial shall be forwarded to the Adjutant-General and by him paid into the Treasury of the Commonwealth and the neglect or refusal of any marshal sheriff constables or jail warden to execute any process or to make proper return of all fines and penalties collected shall be deemed a misdemeanor and shall subject the offender to a prosecution by the proper district attorney and to a penalty upon conviction of each offense of one hundred dollars to the use of the Commonwealth

Section 88 Any officer or soldier failing to appear upon any occasion of duty to which he shall be ordered by his proper commanding officer shall be subject to a trial by a court-martial and upon conviction failing to render good and sufficient cause therefor he shall be sentenced to pay such fine or undergo such lawful punishment as such court-martial may direct

Section 89 Commissioned officers under arrest shall be suspended from exercising the duties of office and resignations tendered under charges when forwarded by any commanding officer will always be accompanied by a copy of the charges or in the absence of written charges by a report of the case for the information of the Commander-in-Chief

Section 90 The forms practice and procedure in all courts-martial and courts of inquiry shall be as herein prescribed unless altered amended or modified from time to time by orders from the Commander-in-Chief

The ninety-first section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 91 Judge-advocates and members of courts-martial and courts of inquiry and their marshals shall be allowed per diem pay as per military grade for time actually employed in the duties assigned them Transportation shall be furnished them as well as to all prosecutors prisoners witnesses marshals sheriffs and constables to and from the place or places designated for the meetings of said courts The per diem pay of military and civilian witnesses shall be the same as in civil courts of law The fees of sheriffs and constables for serving the processes provided for in this act shall be the same as prescribed by law for similar processes of a civil nature and shall upon proper vouchers being filed be paid out of the appropriation for the support of the National Guard by warrant drawn by the Adjutant-General upon the State Treasurer countersigned by the Auditor-General

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. McKEE. Mr. President, I move to amend section 91, in line 4, by striking out the word "as."

Mr. PHIPPS. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The ninety-second, ninety-third and ninety-fourth sections of the bill were read as follows and agreed to:

Section 92 Copies of this act and all subsequent laws of the Commonwealth relating to the National Guard shall be collected from time to time codified and published by the Adjutant-General and known as "The Military Code of Pennsylvania"

Section 93 The various sections of this act are hereby declared to be independent of each other and in the event of any section thereof hereafter being declared unconstitutional it is the intent and meaning hereof that such section alone should be eliminated therefrom without affecting any other portion of this act

Section 94 The provisions of this act will become effective on and after June first nineteen hundred and fifteen

The ninety-fifth section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 95 The Act of Assembly approved the fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An act providing for the organization discipline maintenance and regulation of the organized militia of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania otherwise styled the National Guard of Pennsylvania authorizing the Governor to alter divide annex consolidate disband organize or reorganize department or corps providing for admission of new organizations providing that certain privileges and exemption from duty as jurors be enjoyed by members thereof or persons who have served therein also exemption from further military service of persons who have served therein except in case of war invasion or insurrection exempting members of the National Guard from service upon any posse comitatus authorizing general field and commissioned department of staff officers to administer oaths or affirmations in matters concerning National Guard service and authorizing commanding officers to administer oaths or affirmations in enlistment or recruits providing that persons who falsely swear or affirm to any oaths or affirmation shall be deemed guilty of purjury and prescribing punishment therefor providing for annual allowances to be paid to organizations of the National Guard fixing rate per day for hire of horses fixing the per diem pay for officers and enlisted men of the National Guard providing for retirement of commissioned officers providing for Military Board and fixing salaries of members thereof providing for holding of annual encampments and fixing maximum period of same fixing terms of commission of commissioned officers providing that no officer shall remain in command of the division for a longer period than five years providing that officers may be held supernumerary fixing amount of bonds to be filed by certain officers providing for discharge of commissioned officers by the Commander-in-Chief and discharge of enlisted men by commanding officers authorizing the Adjutant-General by permission of the Governor to sell or echange military stores and directing payment into State Treasury of money received from sales so made prescribing the duties of the Adjutant-General authorizing commanding officers of troops under arms to arrest trespassers on parade or camp ground and to prohibit and prevent sale of spirituous liquors except by licensed houses within a radius of two miles of said parade or camp ground and providing that hucksters auction sales or gambling may be abated as a nuisance authorizing the Commander-in-Chief to fix an annual commutation for rifle practice providing that civil process shall not be issued or aforesaid any person mustered into the service of this Commonwealth or of the United States during so much of the term as he shall be engaged in active service under orders not until thirty days after he shall be relieved thereof providing that no officer or soldier shall be arrested upon any warrant except for treason or felony while in the performance of military duty providing for the appointment of courts of inquiry and courts-martial and the method of procedure of said courts of inquiry and courts-martial and fixing sentences that may be imposed or penalties inflicted or both providing for the punishment of certain offences hereby declared to be felonies or misdemeanors" and all other acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith be and the same are hereby repealed

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. McKEE. Mr. President, I move to amend section 95, in line 43, by striking out the word "aforesaid" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "enforced against"; also in line 46, by striking out the word "not" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "nor."

Mr. PHIPPS. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The title of the bill was read as follows and agreed to.

An Act providing for the organization discipline maintenance and regulation of the militia of the Commonwealth

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 225, as follows:

An Act supplementing and amending sections ten (10) and twelve (12) of an act entitled "An Act establishing a court for the county of Philadelphia prescribing its jurisdiction and powers providing for the service of its writs process or warrants by the proper officers of the county or city of Philadelphia regulating the procedure therein and appeals therefrom and providing for the expenses thereof" approved the twelfth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen by increasing the jurisdiction of the court in all civil actions in assumpsit to twelve hundred dollars ($1,200) by conferring upon said court jurisdiction in actions of replevin foreign attachment proceedings commenced under an act entitled "An Act relating to fraudulent debtors" approved seventeenth of March eighteen hundred and sixty-nine mechanics' liens municipal claims heabeas corpus proceedings and regulating and changing the practice and procedure in said court and changing the word "prothonotary" in the said section twelve (12) wherever it appears to the word "clerk"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section ten (10) of an act entitled "An Act establishing a court for the county of Philadelphia prescribing its jurisdiction and powers providing for the service of its writs process or warrants by the proper officers of the county or city of Philadelphia regulating the procedure therein and appeals therefrom and providing for the expenses thereof" approved the twelfth day of July nineteen hundred and thirteen which reads as follows

"Section 10 The said court hereby created shall have jurisdiction in all civil actions at law and in equity where the value of the matter or thing in controversy exclusive of interest and costs does not exceed the sum of six hundred dollars ($600) except that in actions for damages for personal injuries it shall have jurisdiction where the sum demanded by the plaintiff does not exceed one thousand five hundred dollars ($1,500) The amount claimed by the plaintiff where the said claim is for a sum certain shall be conclusive as to the jurisdiction of the court in all actions brought for the recovery of money and in actions at law or in equity not involving any sum certain the plaintiff shall file with his statement a certificate as to the amount of the thing or matter in controversy The said court shall also have jurisdiction in any civil cases transferred to it by order of a majority of the judges of any court of common pleas of Philadelphia county" be and the same is herewith amended and supplemented to read as follows

Section 10 The said court hereby created shall have jurisdiction in all civil actions at law and in equity where the value of the matter or thing in controversy exclusive of interest and costs does not exceed the sum of twelve hundred dollars ($1,200) in actions of assumpsit and fifteen hundred dollars ($1,500) in actions of trespass The amount claimed by the plaintiff where the said claim is for a sum certain shall be conclusive as to the jurisdiction of the court in all actions brought for the recovery of money and in actions at law or in equity not involving any sum certain the plaintiff shall file with his statement a certificate as to the amount of the thing or matter in controversy The said court shall also have jurisdiction in any civil cases transferred to it by order of a majority of the judges of any court of common pleas of Philadelphia county The said court hereby created shall also have jurisdiction in actions of replevin foreign attachment proceedings commenced under an act entitled "An Act relating to fraudulent debtors" approved seventeenth of March eighteen hundred and sixty-nine in proceedings involving mechanics' liens and municipal claims where the matter or thing in controversy exclusive of interest and costs shall not exceed the sum of twelve hundred dollars ($1,200) and in all habeas corpus proceedings

Setcion 2 And be it further enacted et cetera that section twelve of the above mentioned act which reads as follows

"Section 12 All civil actions in said municipal court shall be begun by filing a statement of the plaintiff's claim without the issuance of any formal writ The said statement shall consist of a concise recital of the facts which the plaintiff claims give rise to his cause for action divided into paragraphs consecutively numbered only one averment of fact so far as possible being included in one paragraph Where any contracts or other writings are material to the validity of the plaintiff's claim he must annex copies of the same in accordance with the practice now obtaining in the courts of common pleas This statement may be filed by the plaintiff or his counsel or may be orally stated to a clerk of the court whose duty it shall be to reduce the same to writing All statements shall be verified by the affidavit of the plaintiff or his duly authorized agent and shall be signed by the plaintiff or his counsel

The said clerk shall thereupon issue a summons under the seal of the court requiring the defendant to appear and file an answer to the plaintiff's claim within ten days after service of the statement upon him In default of the filing of an answer within ten days the plaintiff may take judgment against the defendant as of course In order to prevent judgment as aforesaid defendant must file within ten days of the service of the summons and statement upon him as aforesaid an answer which shall consist of a series of numbered paragraphs corresponding to the paragraphs in the plaintiff's statement of his claim and shall contain an admission or denial of each fact averred Provided That if defendant alleges himself to be ignorant as to the facts averred in any paragraph he may so state and place the plaintiff upon proof of the same as if they had been denied All facts which defendant does not deny or aver himself to be ignorant and demand proof as aforesaid shall be deemed to be admitted The answer may be filed by the defendant or his counsel or may be orally stated to a clerk of the court whose duty it shall be to reduce the same to writing All answers shall be verified by the affidavit of defendant or his duly authorized agent and shall be signed by defendant or his counsel After defendant has filed an answer the case shall be at issue without any formal pleas unless he sets up new matter in separate numbered paragraphs in addition to those answering plaintiff's averments in which case plaintiff may within five days answer the same in the same manner and all new matter so averred by defendant and not denied by plaintiff or of which he does not declare himself to be ignorant and demand proof shall be deemed to be admitted The case shall then be at issue Plaintiff may move for judgment for want of a sufficient answer for all or a portion of his claim

Every statement of claim before it shall be received by the prothonotary shall contain on the back thereof an endorsement signed by plaintiff or his counsel as follows "Jury trial demanded" or "It is agreed that this case be tried by a judge without a jury" If plaintiff demands a jury trial he shall at the time of filing his statement pay to the prothonotary a jury fee of four dollars Every answer where plaintiff has not demanded a jury trial shall contain on the back thereof a similar endorsement and if defendant demands a jury trial he shall at the time of filing his answer pay to the prothonotary a jury fee of four dollars If both parties as aforesaid have filed agreements that the case may be tried by a judge without a jury it shall be so tried under such rules of procedure as the court shall prescribe

When a case is at issue it may be immediately ordered on the trial list by either party It shall be the duty of the judges of the said court to so arrange their trial list that cases shall be tried as promptly as possible For the purpose of promtply disposing of all motions and rules in connection with its business it shall be the duty of said court to have at least one judge sitting continuously as many hours per day as he may be needed Except as modified by this act or its own rules adopted by a majority of the judges the practice and procedure of the municipal court shall be the same as the practice and procedure in the courts of common pleas of Philadelphia county" be and the same is hereby amended and supplemented to read as follows

Section 12 In actions of replevin in foreign attachment in proceedings commenced under an act entitled "An Act relating to fraudulent debtors" approved seventeenth day of March eighteen hundred and sixty-nine in all habeas corpus proceedings in mechanic's liens and municipal claims and in all actions for the filing enforcement and collection of said claims the practice and procedure in the municipal court shall be similar to that which governs in similar actions or proceedings in the courts of common pleas of the Commonwealth

Otherwise than in writs of capias ad respondendum when required and in those for which different provisions are made in this act all civil actions in the municipal court shall be begun by filing a statement of the plaintiff's claim prior to the issuance of any formal writ The said statement shall consist of a concise recital of the facts which the plaintiff claims give rise to his cause of action divided into paragraphs consecutively numbered only one averment of fact so far as possible being included in one paragraph Where any contracts or other writings are material to the validity of the plaintiff's claim he must annex copies of the same in accordance with the practice now obtaining in the courts of common pleas This statement may be filed by the plaintiff or his counsel or may be orally stated to a clerk of the court whose duty it shall be to reduce the same to writing All statements shall be verified by the affidavit of the plaintiff or his duly authorized agent and shall be signed by the plaintiff or his counsel

The said clerk shall thereupon issue a summons under the seal of the court requiring the defendant to appear and file an answer to the plaintiff's claim within ten days after service of the statement upon him In default of the filing of an answer within ten days the plaintiff may take judgment against the defendant as of course In order to prevent judgment as aforesaid defendant must file within ten days of the service of summons and statement upon him as aforesaid an answer which shall consist of a series of numbered paragraphs corresponding to the paragraphs in the plaintiff's statement of his claim and in actions of trespass shall contain an admission or denial of each fact averred Provided That if defendant alleges himself to be ignorant as to the facts averred in any paragraph as he may so state and place the plaintiff upon proof of the same as if they had been denied All facts which defendant does not deny or aver himself to be ignorant and demand proof as aforesaid shall be deemed to be admitted In actions of assumpsit the answer duly sworn to shall set forth fully the nature and character of the defense to the plaintiff's demand and shall conform to such rules as may be adopted by the majority of the judges of said court The answer may be filed by the defendant or his counsel or may be orally stated to a clerk of the court whose duty it shall be to reduce the same to writing All answers shall be verified by the affidavit of defendant or his duly authorized agent and shall be signed by defendant or his counsel After defendant has filed an answer the case shall be at issue without any formal pleas unless he sets up new matter in separate numbered paragraphs in addition to those answering plaintiff's averments in which case plaintiff may within ten days answer the same in the same manner and all new matter so averred by defendant and not denied by plaintiff or of which he does not declare himself to be ignorant and demand proof shall be deemed to be admitted The case shall then be at issue Plaintiff may move for judgment for want of a sufficient answer for all or a portion of his claim

Every statement of claim before it shall be received by the clerk shall contain on the back thereof an endorsement signed by plaintiff or his counsel as follows "Jury trial demanded" or "It is agreed that this case be tried by a judge without a jury" If plaintiff demands a jury trial he shall at the time of filing his statement pay to the clerk a jury fee of four dollars Every answer where plaintiff has not demanded a jury trial shall contain on the back thereof a similar endorsement and if defendant demands a jury trial he shall at the time of filing his answer pay to the clerk a jury fee of four dollars If both parties as aforesaid have filed agreements that the case may be tried by a judge without a jury it shall be so tried under such rules of procedure as the court shall prescribe

When a case is at issue it may be immediately ordered on the trial list by either party It shall be the duty of the judges of the said court to so arrange their trial list that cases shall be tried as promptly as possible For the purpose of promptly disposing of all motions and rules in connection with its business it shall be the duty of said court to have at least one judge sitting continuously as many hours per day as he may be needed Except as modified by this act or its own rules duly adopted by a majority of the judges the practice and procedure in the municipal court shall be the same as the practice and procedure in the courts of common pleas of Philadelphia county

Section 3 Al acts and parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with.

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 245, entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act authorizing appeals from assessment of taxes in this Commonwealth to the courts of common pleas" approved the nineteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred eighty-nine by giving the right to an appeal to other property owners and to the city borough county township school district or other public corporations entitled to levy and collect taxes on the assessment complained of

The first section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That any owner of real estate or taxable property in this Commonwealth who may feel aggrieved by the last or any future assessment or valuation of his real estate or taxable property or any other owner of real estate within the limits of the city borough county township school district or other public corporation entitled to levy and collect taxes on the assessment complained of and also the city borough county township school district or other public corporation itself may appeal from the decision of the county commissioners or board of revision and appeal to the court of common pleas of the county within which such property is situated and for that purpose may present to said court or file in the prothonotary's office within sixty days after the county commissioners or board of revision and appeal have held the appeals provided for by law and acted on the said assessments and valuations a petition signed by him his agent or attorney setting forth the facts of the case and thereupon on the said court shall proceed at the earliest convenient time to be by them appointed of which notice shall be given to the county commissioners of the proper county or to the board of revision and appeal of the proper city to hear the said appeal and the proofs in the case and to make such orders and decrees touching the matter complained of as to the judges of said court may seem just and equitable having due regard to the valuation and assessment made of other real estate in such county or city the costs of the appeal and hearing to be apportioned or paid as the court may direct Provided however That the said appeal shall not prevent the collection of the taxes complained of but in case the same shall be reduced then the excess shall be returned to the person or persons who shall have paid the same

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. PATTON. Mr. President, I move to amend section 1, in line 3, by inserting after the word "that" the following:

"Section one of an act entitled "An Act authorizing appeals from assessment of taxes in this Commonwealth to the courts of common pleas," approved the nineteenth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine, which reads as follows:

"Section 1 Be it enacted, etc., That any owner of real estate or taxable property in this Commonwealth, who may feel aggrieved by the last or any future assessment or valuation of his real estate or taxable property, may appeal from the decision of the county commissioners or board of revision and appeal, to the court of common pleas of the county within which such property is situated, and for that purpose may present to said court, or file in the prothonotary's office, within sixty days after the county commissioners or board of revision and appeal have held the appeals provided for by law, and acted on the said assessments and valuations, a petition signed by him, his agent, or attorney, setting forth the facts of the case, and thereupon the said court shall proceed at the earliest convenient time to be by them appointed, of which notice shall be given to the county commissioners of the proper county, or to the board of revision and appeal of the proper city to hear the said appeal, and the proofs in the case, and to make such orders and decrees touching the matter complained of as to the judges of said court may seem just and equitable, having due regard to the valuation and assessment made of other real estate in such county or city; the costs of the appeal and hearing to be apportioned or paid as the court may direct. Provided, however, That the said appeal shall not prevent the collection of the taxes complained of, but in case the same shall be reduced, then the excess shall be returned to the person or persons who shall have paid the same" is amended to read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same: that,

Mr. JENKINS. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The title of the bill was read as follows:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act authorizing appeal from assessment of taxes in this Commonwealth to the courts of common pleas" approved the nineteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine by giving the right to an appeal to other property owners and to the city borough county township school district or other public corporations entitled to levy and collect taxes on the assessment complained of

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the title?

Mr. PATTON. Mr. President, I move to amend the title in line 1, by striking out the word "appeal" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "appeals"; also in line 2, by striking out the word "assessment" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "assessments."

Mr. JENKINS. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the title as amended?

It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILLS RECOMMITTED.

Mr. McCONNELL. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 251, on second reading, entitled:

An Act providing for a special tax in townships of the second class for fire protection purposes

be recommitted to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. BEIDELMAN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Mr. McCONNELL. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 252, on second reading, entitled:

An Act providing for a special tax for lighting public highways public places and public buildings in townships of the second class and authorizing the making of contracts for such lighting

be recommitted to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. SCHANTZ. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 253, as follows:

A Supplement to the act approved the twenty-eighth day of April one thousand eight hundred ninety-one entitled "An Act to provide for the classification of the townships of the Commonwealth with respect to their population into two classes and to prescribe the form of government for townships of each class" by providing for a township solicitor to be appointed by the township commissioners

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the commissioners of each township of the first class on the first Monday of March one thousand nine hundred fifteen and quadrennially thereafter may elect by the vote of a majority of the members one person learned in the law who shall be styled the township solicitor who shall serve for the term of four years from the second Monday of March succeeding his election and until his successor shall be duly qualified The commissioners shall fix his compensation Vacancies in the office shall be filled by the commissioners for the unexpired term

Section 2 The law matters of the township shall be under the superintendence direction and control of the township solicitor and no department of the township including the board of auditors and the board of health shall employ or retain an additional counsel in any matter or cause except with the previous assent or subsequent ratification of the commissioners He shall keep in his office deposited and preserved all patents deeds leases mortgages and other assurances of title and all contracts bonds books and other evidences of debt belonging to the township unless the commissioners shall otherwise provide or direct

Section 3 The township solicitor shall prepare all bonds obligations contracts leases conveyances and assurances to which the township or any department thereof including the board of health and the township auditors may be a party as may be directed by resolution or ordinance He shall commence and prosecute all suits or actions brought by the corporations for or on account of the estates rights trusts privileges claims or demands of the same He shall defend all actions or suits against the said corporation or any officer thereof wherein or whereby any of the estates rights privileges trusts or ordinances or acts of the corporation or any department thereof including the board of health and the board of township auditors may be brought in question before any court He shall do all and every professional act incident to the office which he may by resolution or ordinance be lawfully authorized or required to do by the commissioners He shall whenever required furnish the commissioners the committees thereof the board of health the board of auditors or the heads of departments with his opinion in writing upon any question of law which may be submitted by either of them in their official capacity

Section 4 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 254, as follows:

An Act relating to the issuing of checks drafts and orders for the payment of money and providing penalties

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That a person is guilty of a misdemeanor who with intent to cheat and defraud obtains credit or money goods wares or anything of value by means of a check draft or order of any kind drawn upon any person co-partnership association or corporation not indebted to the drawer or with whom the drawer does not have a deposit or an insufficient deposit and who fails to provide for the payment or acceptance of such check draft or order within ten days after the presentation of the same for payment and upon conviction such person shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars or to undergo an imprisonment not exceeding three years or both

Section 2 The issuing of a check draft or order drawn upon any person co-partnership association or corporation not indebted to the drawer or with whom the drawer does not have a deposit or an insufficient deposit shall be prima facie evidence of an intent to cheat and defraud

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with.

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 268 (House Bill No. 206), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the payment of the expense of publication of amendments to the Constitution for the three years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and twelve and directing the Auditor General and the State Treasurer to cause the same to be paid

The first section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the additional sum of forty-six thousand and forty dollars and eighty cents ($46,040.80) is hereby specifically appropriated for the payment of the expenses already incurred for the publication in the various newspapers of this Commonwealth of the several amendments to the Constitution of this Commonwealth for the three fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and twelve which expense for these three fiscal years shall be adjusted and paid as follows In the case of newpapers that published any other State advertising ordered by any state department since June first one thousand nine hundred and thirteen at the same rate that this Commonwealth approved and paid for such state advertising In the case of newspapers which published no other state advertising ordered by any state department since June first one thousand nine hundred and thirteen at the rate they were respectively paid for the Constitutional amendments published in any of the following years one thousand nine hundred and nine one thousand nine hundred and ten and one thousand nine hundred and eleven and the Auditor General is hereby directed to certify and the State Treasurer to pay the same within twenty days after the passage of this act

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section.

Mr. HILTON. Mr. President, I move to amend section 1, in line 4, by striking out the words "$46,040.80" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "$159,507.00"; also in line 9, by striking out the words, "the three fiscal years beginning June 1st, 1912," and inserting in lieu thereof the words "the fiscal years beginning June 1st, 1908, and ending June 1st, 1915"; also in line 11, by striking out the words "three"; also in line 11, by striking out all after the word "paid" and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "In accordance with the law and equity provided however that the Governor shall appoint a committee consisting of five publishers of newspapers within the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, who shall advise with the Auditor General, the State Treasurer and the Secretary of the Commonwealth as to the proper schedule of rates of payments for services rendered having due regard to circulation; said schedule of rates to be within a minimum of five cents per line for each insertion and not above a maximum of twenty-seven and one-half cents per line for each insertion."

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

Mr. HILTON. Mr. President, this is the bill known as the "Newspaper Bill." The object of introducing this bill is for the purpose of having the Governor appoint a committee of five newspaper men who are to advise with the Auditor General, the State Treasurer and the Secretary of the Commonwealth for the purpose of adjusting the bills in dispute over the constitutional amendments. As this bill is at the present time it only calls for changing 1912, 1913 and 1914, and yet there has been a cut, since the fiscal year of 1908. I have with me here a report from the Auditor General's Department that shows in the years 1908 and 1909 there was a considerable cut on newspaper bills for constitutional amendments advertising to the amount of $44,291.66; in 1910 and 1911 there was a cut of $23,454.69;

in 1912, the last year of Auditor General Sisson's term, there was a cut of $46,910.33; in 1913 there was made a cut of $21,700.03; in 1914, there was a cut of $23,141.29.

Now, Mr. President, if it is right to pass a bill here over the Auditor General's "O K" for 1912, 1913 and 1914, it is nothing but right to pass it for 1909, 1910 and 1911. There were cuts in those years just the same as in the other years. If we pass this bill for 1911, 1912, 1913 and 1914 we have not settled the cut proposition for the other three years. Another thing, this bill only calls for an appropriation of $46,000.00, a little over $46,000.00, and it will take, to carry out this cut, a little over $91,000.00. Now, in this amendment as I have offered it, it calls for an appropriation of $159,000.00, in case it is necessary for that amount. In this committee that the Governor appoints, a committee of five newspaper men, and the Secretary of the Commonwealth, State Treasurer and the Auditor General making a committee of eight, and I think the State will be well taken care of by their decision, and also the newspaper people. I have discovered something to-day, that there are newspapers that the Auditor General has settled with in 1912 and 1913 that under this Act dating back to 1909, 1910 and 1911 that would not get as much as they do at the present time. I discovered one newspaper that the Auditor General has settled for in 1912 got five cents and a half a line, yet by the wording of this bill it states that 1912, 1913 and 1914, is to be the same as 1909, 1910 and 1911. Now, if we pass this act we settle for all time to come what is right by amendment of this kind. If we pass the act without the amendment we have only settled for the last three years and we have not settled for the other three years. It seems to me the Governor would appoint a committee of five newspaper men who would look after this in good shape and that he is to get the advice of the Auditor General, the State Treasurer and the Secretary of the Commonwealth, it seems to me that there would be a committee of eight that would settle this thing in good shape, and that is only proper way to handle this bill, otherwise this bill ought to be defeated, because it means nothing only justice to the people who were not cut in 1909, 1910 and 1911, and the fellows who were cut in those years get no benefit out of the next three years, and will get nothing over what Auditor General Powell has agreed to give.

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. President, I desire to interrogate the Senator from McKean, Mr. Hilton.

The PRESIDENT. Will the Senator from McKean, Mr. Hilton, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. HILTON. Mr. President, I will.

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. President, I desire to ask the Senator from McKean whether there is a single newspaper that is making any claim for a bill that was rendered prior to 1912, within his knowledge. It is my desire further to ask him, Mr. President, if this is not an effort to read $100,000.00 into this bill for the purpose of defeating it?

Mr. HILTON. Mr. President, I mean that $46,000.00 will not take care of this bill.

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. President, that is not my question. My interrogation is whether or not there is any newspaper, to his knowledge, within the Commonwealth that is complaining about a bill that was settled prior to 1912.

Mr. HILTON. Mr. President, there are several papers, we have one in our county.

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. President, will the Senator state what newspaper it is?

Mr. HILTON. Mr. President, it is the McKean Democrat.

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. President, what is its complaint, if I may ask?

Mr. HILTON. Mr. President, they got five cents in 1909, 1910 and 1911, and in 1912 they got five and one-half. I do not mean to say that they have any complaint, but I made an investigation and I find that to be true.

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. President, I desire to ask the Senator further whether this is not an effort to read into these amendments a complaint upon the part of newspapers which really does not exist; if it is not a fact that all the newspapers who published the amendment in 1912 have settled in full with the State.

Mr. HILTON. Mr. President. No sir.

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. President, can the Senator from McKean mention any place where there is a newspaper, even the McKean County Democrat, which is endeavoring to open the payments which were made by the Auditor General prior to 1912.

Mr. HILTON. Mr. President, it does not make any difference to the taxpayers of this State, who is complaining or who is not complaining, the question is, what is right and what is wrong. If it is right to pass this law and give the newspapers in 1912, 1913, and 1914, an extra amount, it is right for 1909, 1910 and 1911, and when you offer to make an amendment whereby a committee is appointed for the purpose of adjusting differences, what is fairer than that? We all have confidence that our Governor will appoint a right committee of five and he advises with those three officials, whom we have confidence in and that makes a committee of eight, and I think we will be well taken care of as far as the State is concerned, and the newspapers will not complain with the decision that committee of eight will give.

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. President, I desire to say for the information of the Senate that this bill was threshed out in the House covering a few days. The entire subject matter was gone over and I am advised that for the bills that are now before the Auditor General, the bill in its present state carries enough money to settle in full the claims of the several newspapers whose bill remain unpaid.

Mr. HILTON. Mr. President, the Auditor General tells me that is not true. He claims that to carry out this act as it stands to-day without an amendment, it will take ninety-one thousand dollars, that forty-six thousand dollars will not take care of it. I wish also to say that the Auditor General is perfectly satisfied with this amendment. He thinks that it is the fair way to have this settled.

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. President, will the Senator from McKean permit himself to be further interrogated.

The PRESIDENT. Will the Senator from McKean permit himself to be further interrogated?

Mr. HILTON. Mr. President, I will.

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. President, I will ask the Senator from McKean if it is not a fact that the Auditor General himself submitted a statement to the chairman of the Appropriations Committee of the House showing that the amount that is carried by this bill in its present state would settle the bills in dispute.

Mr. HILTON. Mr. President, I know nothing about that. I know the Auditor General has told me within the last three days that he has gone over it carefully and he discovered that forty-six thousand dollars will not take care of this act but it will take ninety-one thousand and some odd dollars to take care of the act as it is without the amendment. That was his report after going over it carefully.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I desire to interrogate the Senator from McKean.

The PRESIDENT. Will the Senator from McKean, Mr. Hilton, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. HILTON. Mr. President, I will.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, if it is true that the Auditor General did make such a report to the Chairman of the Committee on Appropriations of the House, that the amount carried in this bill is sufficient, would not that satisfy you that this is a proper bill to pass?

Mr. HILTON. Mr. President, no, sir, it would not. When he gives me the statement that I have in my hands in his own dictation saying that it will take ninety-one thousand dollars.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, then he has reversed his former statement.

Mr. HILTON. Mr. President, I do not know anything about his former statement. This is from the Auditor General. "After a careful examination of the records and accounts of the Auditor General's office, it is found that in the year 1912, the last year of General Sisson's term, 354 received the constitutional amendment; two hundred and fourteen papers had their bills scaled in the total sum of $46,910.33. In 1913, 236 had constitutional amendments; 109 papers had their bills scaled in the total sum of $21,700.03. In 1914, 275 papers had constitutional amendments; 119 papers had their bill scaled in the total sum

of $23,141.29. The total amount of the cuts in all three years was therefore equal to $91,760.65, which is the amount necessary to insert in the bill known as the "Habgood Bill" and introduced by Mr. McCaig. For your information, permit me to state that in 1912 140 papers which had the amendments were paid in full; in the year 1913, 127 papers were paid in full; in the year 1914, 156 papers were paid in full. In all of the three years mentioned the papers named in the attached list had the advertising and rendered bills which were in every way considered fair and reasonable and were paid in full. In addition, permit me to say that in the years 1908 and 1909 a total cut of $44,291.66 was made from the bills, and in 1910 and 1911 a total cut of $23,454.69 was made. If this payment is to be made in full, the bill ought to carry an appropriation for these sums in addition to the total sum heretofore given, or a grand total of $159.507.00."

Now, I have in addition to this from the Auditor General also,—that is his own report that I have just read,—I have in addition to that papers paid in full for publishing constitutional amendments for the years 1912, 1913 and 1914, sixty-two that were all paid in full. I have also the papers paid in full for publishing the constitutional amendments for one year or more, eighty-two. I will ask that these be inserted in the Legislative Journal, as follows:

PAPERS PAID IN FULL FOR PUBLISHING CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS FOR THE YEARS 1912, 1913 AND 1914.

Pittsburgh Press
Pittsburgh Volksblatt & Freiheits Freund
Reading Eagle
Altoona Tribune
Altoona Morning Times
Tyrone Times
Towanda Reporter Journal
Canton Sentinel
Bristol Weekly Courier
Sellersville Herald
Perkasie Central News
Doylestown Democrat
Butler Eagle
Butler County Record
Barnesboro Star
Ebensburg Mountaineer Herald
Johnstown Leader
Lehighton Press
Curwensville Mountaineer
Lock Haven Express
Conneautville Courier
Carlisle Evening Herald
Chester Times
Delaware County Record
Connellsville Courier
Uniontown News-Standard
Uniontown Morning Herald
Democratic Vindicator (Tionesta)
Mount Union Times
Mapleton Item
Mifflintown Republican & Sentinel
Columbia Spy
Lancaster Morning News
Lancaster New Era
Ellwood City Citizen
Allentown Chronicle & News
Allentown Leader
Muncy Luminary
Sharon Herald
Lewistown Gazette
Monroe Record (Stroudsburg)
Easton Free Press
Easton Sunday Call
Bangor Daily News
New Bloomfield Advocate & Press
Duncannon Record
Milford Dispatch
Somerset Standard
Meyersdale Republican
Wellsboro Agitator
Oil City Derrick
Franklin Evening News
Tidioute News
Charleroi Mail
Monongahela Republican
Donora American
Honesdale Citizen
Hawley Times
Monessen Independent
Tunkhannock Republican & New Age
York Dispatch
Hanover Herald

PAPERS PAID IN FULL FOR PUBLISHING THE CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS FOR ONE OR MORE YEARS.

New Oxford Item
Pittsburg Chronicle Telegraph
Pittsburg Leader
Elizabeth Herald
McKeesport Times
Pitcairn Express
Homestead Herald
Leechburg Advance
Freeport Journal
Altoona Evening Mirror
Martinsburg Herald
Monroeton Enterprise
Newtown Enterprise
Slippery Rock Sun
Johnstown Free Press
Cresson Record
Mauch Chunk Daily Times
West Chester Daily Local News
Oxford News
East Brady Review
Knox Herald
Madera Hustler
Cochranton Times
Cambridge Springs News
Newville Valley Times
Middleton Press
Chester Morning Republican
Darby Progress
Delaware County American
Wayne Suburban
Albion News
Waterford Leader
North East Breeze
North Girard Success
Uniontown Evening Genius
Forest Republican
Orbosonia Dispatch
Marion Center Independent
Reynoldsville Star
Mifflintown Herald
Scranton Druid
Scranton Times
Scranton Tribune-Republican
Carbondale Leader
Columbia News
Strasburg News
Terre Hill Times
Ellwood City Enterprise
Allentown Morning Call
Williamsport Sun and News
Williamsport Sun
Belleview Times
Lewistown Democrat and Sentinel
Newton Hamilton Herald
Collegeville Independent
North Wales Record
Conshohocken Reporter
Easton Express
Easton Argus
Herndon News
Newport News
Philadelphia Evening Times
Philadelphia North American
Philadelphia Gwizada
Shenandoah Advocate
West Schuylkill Press
Freeburg Courier
Berlin Record
Montrose Independent Republican
Susquehanna Transcript
Great Bend Plaindealer
Millerton Advocate
Westfield Free Press
Covington Sun
Wellsboro Gazette
Mansfield Advertiser
Oil City Derrick
Oil City Blizzard
Washington Record
Washington Daily News
Latrobe Bulletin
Greensburg Morning Review

That is the Auditor-General's own statement, saying that it will take $91,000.00 to carry out this act. I believe that is the question you asked.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, $91,000.00?

Mr. HILTON. Mr. President, instead of $46,000.00.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, would that carry out the provisions of this amendment?

Mr. HILTON. Mr. President, providing the committee would allow all the bills. If I understand the question Senator McNichol has asked me it is how much money would it take to carry out this act in case all bills rendered were allowed.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, no, that is not the question. How much will it take to carry out the provisions of this bill as per the amendment introduced by you tonight?

Mr. HILTON. Mr. President, that would be according to what the committee would decide upon paying, but the maximum amount would be $159,000.00 in case they would pay the amounts in the bills rendered; but of course they would not pay that amount, so it would not take possibly that amount, but that would be the maximum.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, or $61,000.00 more than the present bill that we are about to pass?

Mr. HILTON. Mr. President, if this bill as it stands at the present time without the amendment goes through it will take $91,000.00 instead of $46,000.00, if this committee would allow all bills according to the bills rendered from the fiscal year of 1908 up to the present time, it would take $159,000.00; but, Mr. President, I think we will all agree that anything like that will not happen. Instead of its being $91,000.00, which this original bill calls for, it will be much less.

The PRESIDENT. Does the Senator from Philadelphia desire to further interrogate the Senator from McKean?

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I do not. I cannot see how we can be asked to vote against this bill as it is on the Calendar tonight, or how we can be asked to support the amendment offered by the Senator from McKean; because, as the Senator from Dauphin has said, the matter has been threshed out in the House pro and con for the past month. Three hundred and eighty-five newspapers, representing practically ninety per cent. of the newspapers in the State of Pennsylvania, have been since 1912, 1913, 1914 and part of 1915, clamoring for and seeking compensation for work done upon orders upon proper legal authority of the State of Pennsylvania, and after this matter has been thoroughly threshed out to say that we, for the purpose of further delay upon this bill, shall vote for the amendment adding an additional sixty or seventy thousand dollars to take in the years 1908, 1909, 1910 and 1911, when there is no request from the owners of these papers, is to my mind ridiculous and absolutely preposterous. I therefore trust that this Senate will refuse to amend this bill in the form submitted by the Senator from McKean and the bill be allowed to pass second reading and to pass the Senate.

Mr. HILTON. Mr. President, I would like to interrogate the Senator from Philadelphia, Mr. McNichol.

The PRESIDENT. Will the Senator from Philadelphia, Mr. McNichol permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I will, with pleasure.

Mr. HILTON. Mr. President, since the fiscal year of 1908, there has been a cut by the Auditor-General for those constitutional amendments every year. Now this bill only covers a remedy for 1912, 1913 and 1914, which I would judge from the Senator's remarks he approves. Now if it is right to correct that in 1912, 1913 and 1914, and it is wrong in 1909, 1910 and 1911, and we have no record to show that it is right or wrong any more than we have in 1913 or 1914, do you believe that we should take care of 1912, 1913 and 1914 and not 1910 and 1911?

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I believe that the newspapers of the State of Pennsylvania received a judicial, fair and financial settlement of their bills in 1908, 1909, 1910 and 1911 and the result of this bill is the absolute impossibility of receiving a fair and judicial interpretation of their claims under the present Auditor-General.

Mr. HILTON. Mr. President, I would like to have the Senator from Philadelphia answer my question. I asked him if he considered it was fair to correct those bills in 1912 and 1913 and they were cut in 1909, 1910 and 1911? If it would not be equally fair to cut them also in those other years.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, in the absence of a requisition upon the part of people whom they cut. If there had been a request for an adjustment in 1908, 1909, 1910 and 1911, yes, but who is making that request?

Mr. HILTON. Mr. President, there are many people in this State who are dissatisfied with the cuts in 1909, 1910 and 1911, as much as in 1912, 1913 and 1914, and I wish to further state that Auditor-General Powell has settled with people in 1912 at rates which were higher than the rates in 1909, 1910 and 1911, and, if this McCaig bill goes through without an amendment, he will have to send back some of the money that the Auditor-General sent to them, because he sent them more than this bill will allow. Take for instance, what the newspapers were allowed in 1909, 1910 and 1911, five cents a line. Now where a bill gives them in 1912 five cents a line and where this act calls for 1912, 1913 and 1914 the same as in the other three years, they will have to get five cents a line.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, will that not be good for the State? I want to read for the information of the Senate over the signature of A. W. Powell, Auditor-General, and C. E. Willock, Deputy, statements that one hundred and forty-six thousand and forty dollars and eighty cents, of which there is one hundred thousand dollars in a fund, which is a sufficient amount of money to adjust and settle all claims for the years 1912, 1913 and 1914. This is the document and the Senator from McKean is privileged to inspect it if he desires to do so.

Mr. HILTON. Mr. President, I would like to ask the Senator from Philadelphia, Mr. McNichol, or any gentleman of this Senate, if he does not know it to be a fact that a great many of our newspapers with a circulation of between five and ten thousand, that there is a variation of between two and three hundred per cent. in the charges that they made in the bills rendered. I understand there are a couple gentlemen in this Senate, one associated with the Chester Times and the other with the Uniontown Herald which only charged three hundred and seventy-one dollars and that the circulation of their papers is from eight to ten thousand and yet we have other papers with a circulation of a little over five thousand and that they charged seventeen cents and a half a line and according to this will get it, or over eleven hundred dollars. On the face of it it shows it is wrong. When a paper with the largest circulation only charges three hundred and seventy-one dollars and another one with half the circulation charges eleven hundred dollars there is something wrong. According to this law, and without this amendment, it will go through in that way.

And the question recurring,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

The yeas and nays were required by Mr. HILTON and Mr. HINDMAN, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—7.

Hilton,	Moore,	Snyder, P. W.,	Warner,
Hindman,	Smith, R. E.,	Stewart,	

NAYS—23.

Burke,	Endsley,	McConnell,	Semmens,
Catlin,	Farley,	McKee, W. S.,	Smith, W. W.,
Croft,	Graff,	McNichol,	Snyder, C. A.,
Crow,	Homsher,	Patton,	Sproul,
Daix,	Jenkins,	Salus,	Tompkins,
DeWitt,	Kurtz,	Schantz,	

So the question was determined in the negative.

The title of the bill was read as follows and agreed to:

An Act making an appropriation for the payment of the expense of publication of amendments to the Constitution for the three years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and twelve and directing the Auditor General and the State Treasurer to cause the same to be paid

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 271 (House Bill No. 280), entitled:

An Act prescribing certain duties for collectors of taxes in boroughs and townships and for county treasurers

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideratinoof Senate Bill No. 282, as follows:

An Act providing for and regulating the validation of certain borough ordinances

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That when a borough ordinance has heretofore been duly enacted and approved by the burgess or passed over his veto or has become a law without his veto and has

been published in a newspaper published in the borough or county and transcribed in the ordinance book of the borough but has not been further published by advertisements thereof put up in public places in the borough or if so further published proof thereof cannot be made or when the burgess or president of council or both have failed to sign their names to the ordinance in the ordinance book of the borough any such ordinance shall be in full force and effect without further signing or publication if the borough council passes a resolution accepting the provisions of this act and if the resolution is signed by the burgess and is published and is transcribed in the ordinance book as ordinance of boroughs are by law required to be published and transcribed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered to be transcribed for a third reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. MOORE. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 283, on third reading, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the first day of May one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled "An Act to classify the fish in the waters within this Commonwealth declaring which are game fish which are food fish and which are bait fish and to regulate the catching and sale and encourage the propagation of the same to protect the waters within this Commonwealth from unfair improper wasteful and destructive fishing and to protect fish from being destroyed or injured by destructive means to provide for the appointment of fish wardens and to declare their official powers and duties to encourage and regulate the propagation of fish within this Commonwealth and regulate the free distribution of the same by the Department of Fisheries in the waters within the same to define powers and duties of the Department of Fisheries to regulate the sale and shipment of fish artificially propagated for profit to forbid the sale of unlawful devices for catching fish and to provide penalties and punishments for the violation of the provisions of this act and providing how and by whom the costs shall be paid"

be recommitted to the Committee on Game and Fisheries.

Mr. GYGER. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order.

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 285, as follows:

An Act authorizing J. P. Swearingen of Greene township Beaver county Pennsylvania to bring suit against the Commonwealth

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That J. P. Swearingen of Green township Beaver county Pennsylvania in his own right and in the right of his minor son James Edgar Swearingen is hereby authorized to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county against this Commonwealth for any sum or sums of money that may be legally due the said J. P. Swearingen in his own right and in the right of said minor son from this Commonwealth as damages for personal injuries sustained by the said James Edgar Swearingen upon a state highway through the negligence of certain offices and employes of this Commonwealth

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 287, as follows:

An Act to validate all sales public and private and all mortgages of real estate of decedents heretofore made under authority of orphans courts upon petition of executors or administrators

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That all sales public and private and all mortgages of real estate of decedents heretofore made by virtue of decrees of orphans courts upon petition of executors or administrators for any lawful purpose shall be valid and effectual and shall vest in the purchasers or mortgagees their heirs and assigns the title or mortgage interest as the case may be of such decedents in the real estate so decreed to be sold or mortgaged No such sale or mortgaging of any real estate of a decedent shall be validated unless adequate security conditioned for the faithful application of the proceeds of such sale or mortgage shall have been given by such executors or administrators as the case may be in accordance with such decrees This act shall not apply to any case heretofore judicially adjudicated

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 293, entitled:

An Act to amend section four of an act entitled "An Act to regulate the doing of business in this Commonwealth by foreign corporations the registration thereof and service of process thereon and providing punishment and penalties for the violation of its provisions and repealing previous legislation on the subject" approved the eighth day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven

The first section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the fourth section of an act approved the eighth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to regulate the doing of business in this Commonwealth by foreign corporations the registration thereof and service of process thereon and providing punishment and penalties for the violation of its provisions and repealing previous legislation on the subject" which reads as follows

"Section 4 Any person or persons agent officer or employe of any such foreign corporation who shall transact any business within this Commonwealth for any such foreign corporation without the provisions of this act being complied with shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by imprisonment not exceeding thirty days and by a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars or either at the discretion of the court trying the same Provided That the failure of any such corporation to file the power of attorney and statement aforesaid with the Secretary of the Commonwealth shall not impair or affect the validity of any contract with such corporation and actions or proceedings at law or in equity may be instituted and maintained on any such contract but no such action shall be instituted or recovery had by any such corporation on any such contract either expressed or implied in any of the courts of this Commonwealth or before any justice of the peace or magistrate thereof until such corporation complies with the provisions of this act And provided further Before any such corporation can institute any action in any of the courts of this Commonwealth or before any justice of the peace or magistrate thereof on any cause of action arising prior to the filing of the power of attorney and statement provided for in section two of this act it shall pay to the Secretary of the Commonwealth for the use of the Commonwealth a license fee or fine of two hundred and fifty dollars ($250.00) Provided further however that this act shall not extend or be construed to give validity to any contracts other than contracts between depositors and persons or corporations engaged in the business of receiving deposits of money subject to check entered into by corporations prior to the passage of this act nor to give to foreign corporations any right to enforce such contracts other than contracts between depositors and persons or corporations engaged in the business of receiving deposits of money subject to check if such right did not exist at the time such contracts were entered into but actions or proceedings at law or in equity may be instituted and maintained and recovery may be had in any pending action on contracts between depositors and persons or corporations engaged in the business of receiving deposits of money subject to check although said contracts may have been entered into prior to the passage of this act" be amended to read as follows

"Section 4 Any person or persons agent officer or employe of any such foreign corporation who shall transact any business within this Commonwealth for any such foreign corporation, without the provisions of this act being complied with shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by imprisonment not exceeding thirty days and by a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars or either at the discretion of the court trying the same Provided That the failure of any such corporation to file the power of attorney and statement aforesaid with the Secretary of the Commonwealth shall not impair or affect the validity of any contract with such corporation and actions or proceedings at law or in equity may be instituted and maintained on any such contract but no such action shall be instituted or recovery had by any such corporation on any contract either expressed or implied in any of the courts of this Commonwealth or before any justice of the peace or magistrate thereof until such corporation complies with the provisions of this act and provided further Before any such corporation can institute any action in any of the courts of this Commonwealth or before any justice of the peace or magistrate thereof on any cause of action arising prior to the filing of the power of attorney and statement provided for in section two of this act it shall pay to the Secretary of the Commonwealth for the use of the Commonwealth a license fee or fine of two hundred and fifty dollars ($250.00) Provided further however that this act shall not extend or to be construed to give validity to any contracts entered into by corporations prior to the passage of this act nor to give to foreign corporations any right to enforce such contracts if such right did not exist at the time such contracts were entered into"

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. CROFT. Mr. President, I move to amend section 1, in line 58, by striking out the double quotation mark be-

fore the word "Section"; also in line 91, by striking out the double quotation mark after the word "into."

Mr. JENKINS. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The title of the bill was read as follows and agreed to:

An Act to amend section four of an act entitled "An Act to regulate the doing of business in this Commonwealth by foreign corporations the registration thereof and service of process thereon and providing punishment and penalties for the violation of its provisions and repealing previous legislation on the subject" Approved the eighth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 294, entitled:

An Act to further protect the rights and liberty of the people of this Commonwealth when under arrest upon a bailable criminal charge making its infraction a misdemeanor and providing punishment therefor

The first section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That upon arrest of any person with or without a warrant in this Commonwealth charged with crime in order to preserve and protect his her or their rights and to facilitate the entry of bail for his her or their appearance before a magistrate coroner judge or the court of the quarter sessions and oyer and terminer it shall be the duty of the sheriff coroner constable police or other official making the arrest or having charge of the prisoner or prisoners upon application made therefor either by council or a citizen to issue without cost to the applicant a certificate stating the name of the prisoner or prisoners and the charge upon which he she or they have been arrested and imprisoned and the amount of bail demanded if the same has been fixed so that bail may be entered as authorized by law

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. SALUS. Mr. President, I move to amend section 1, in line 12, by striking out the word "council" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "counsel."

Mr. HOMSHER. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The second section of the bill was read as follows and agreed to:

Section 2 Should any sheriff coroner constable police or other official who made such arrest or arrests having such prisoner or prisoners in charge or any mayor or director of public safety of any municipal corporation of this Commonwealth or subordinate thereof by whose order or direction said prisoner or prisoners are held fail omit neglect or refuse to issue a certificate as sepcified in section one of this act immediately upon demand therefor he or they shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not more than five hundred dollars ($500) or to suffer imprisonment not exceeding one year at the discretion of the court

The title of the bill was read as follows and agreed to:

An Act to further protect the rights and liberty of the people of this Commonwealth when under arrest upon a bailable criminal charge making its infraction a misdemeanor and providing punishment therefor

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 301, as follows:

An Act requiring justices of the peace and aldermen to file acceptance of office with the prothonotary of the proper county and requiring prothonotaries to certify such acceptance together with the election of justices and aldermen before commissions shall issue

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That every person hereafter elected to the office of justice of the peace or alderman shall within thirty days after the election if he intends to accept said office give notice thereof in writing to the prothonotary of the court of common pleas of the proper county who shall immediately certify his election and such acceptance of the office to the Secretary of the Commonwealth under his hand and seal of office together with the name of the township borough city or ward for which such justice or alderman is elected and has accepted the name of the person succeeded and the cause of the vacancy whereupon the Governor shall commission for the full term such persons as shall appear to be duly elected and accepting and no commission shall issue until the Secretary of the Commonwealth has received the certificate aforesaid

Section 2 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith be and the same are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 322, as follows:

An Act requiring payment by the County of costs of prosecution in certain criminal cases

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That whenever hereafter the court shall quash an indictment or the district attorney with the consent of the court shall in any criminal case whatsoever enter a nolle prosequi of any indictment dismiss or discontinue any case in which the costs are not paid by either of the parties to the suits the costs of prosecution in every such case shall be paid by the county

Section 2 All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with this act are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 323, as follows:

An Act relating to legal proceedings removed by writs of certiorari to the Superior Court or the Supreme Court the record therein and the disposal thereof

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That in all proceedings instituted and maintained in any court of this Commonwealth after the passage and approval of this act when the final order judgment or decree therein is removed to the Superior Court or the Supreme Court for review by writ of certiorari the opinions rulings proceedings evidence adduced therein and the exceptions thereto when certified by a judge of the court wherein said proceedings are had shall be a part of the record therein and shall be considered by said Superior Court or the Supreme Court in the final decision thereof The provisions of this act shall not apply to proceedings relating in any manner or degree to highways or the ascertainment or the awarding of compensation or damages involved in any proceedings matter or thing connected therewith

Section 2 In the proceedings hereinbefore specified at the instance of any party thereto or counsel of said party the judge hearing and deciding said proceedings shall cause the testimony in said proceedings to be reported stenographically and certify and cause to be certified to the Superior Court or the Supreme Court the correctness of the opinions rulings proceedings therein together with the testimony adduced and exceptions thereto to the Superior Court or the Supreme Court whereupon the matters so certified when any such proceeding is removed to the Superior Court or the Supreme Court for review by writ of certiorari shall be a part of the record therein and be considered and passed upon by said Courts in the final decision thereof as aforesaid

Section 3 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith be and the same are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 324, as follows:

An Act to amend the thirty-third section of an act entitled "An Act relating to executions" approved the sixteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six as amended by the act approved the second day of July Anno Doimni one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five so as to enable the officers to publish notice in the several counties of this Commonwealth

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sixty-third section of the act of Assembly entitled "An Act relating to executions" approved the sixteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six as amended by the act approved July second Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five which reads as follows namely

'The officers shall also give notice of every such sale by advertisement describing the real estate to be sold and the time and place of sale as aforesaid in at least two newspapers of general circulation one of which except in the city and county of Philadelphia may and in counties having a population of one hundred and fifty thousand and upwards shall be a German paper If however there be no newspaper published in such county then in the newspaper printed nearest thereto once a week during three successive weeks previous to such sale under penalty of fifty dollars to any party aggrieved by such neglect to be recovered as debts of like amount are recovered Provided That nothing herein shall debar any party aggrieved from recovering the damages which he may actually sustain by reason of such neglect" be and the same is hereby amended to read as folows

The officers shall also give notice of every such sale by advertisement describing the real estate to be sold and the time and place of sale as aforesaid in at least two newspapers of general circulation one of which except in all counties having a population of one million and upwards may and in counties having a population of one hundred and fifty thousand and upwards to but not exceeding one million population shall be a German newspaper If however there be no newspaper published in such county then in the newspaper printed nearest thereto once a week during three successive weeks previous to such sale under penalty of fifty dollars to any party aggrieved by such neglect to be recovered as debts of like amount are recovered Provided That nothing herein shall debar any party aggrieved from recovering the damages which he may actually sustain by reason of such neglect

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 362 (House Bill No. 364), entitled:

An Act to assent to the provisions of an act of Congress approved May eighth one thousand nine hundred fourteen entitled "An Act to provide for co-operative agricultural extension work between the agricultural colleges in the several states receiving the benefits of an act of Congress" approved July second one thousand eight hundred sixty-two and of acts supplementary thereto and the United States Department of Agriculture

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideratio nof Senate Bill No. 369, as follows:

An Act regulating the sale offering for sale or exposing for sale of vegetables grapes and fruits providing standard containers baskets trays and measures therefor and imposing penalties

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That vegetables grapes and fruits may be sold in standard containers baskets trays or measures if such containers baskets trays or measures are made as herein designated and are of the dimensions or capacity described in this act

Section 2 The "standard pony basket" shall be of the following dimensions inside measurement the bottom shall be three and five eighths inches in width and nine and five-eighths inches in length the heighth shall be three and seven-eighths inches the top shall be four and one-half inches in width and ten and five-eighths inches in length

Section 3 "The standard basket" shall be of the following dimensions inside measurement the bottom shall be four and three-fourths inches in width twelve and one-fourth inches in length the heighth shall be four and five-eighth inches the top shall be six inches in width and fourteen and one-quarter inches in length

Section 4 The "standard jumbo basket" shall be of the following dimensions inside measurement the bottom shall be seven and one-eighth inches in width fifteen inches in length the heighth shall be six and one-eighth inches the top shall be eight and three-fourts inches in width and seventeen and one-half inches in length

Section 5 The "standard tray" shall be eighteen inches long over all Its head shall be seven inches high fifteen and one-half inches long on top and thirteen and one-half inches long on the bottom and shall be sawed or cut not over five-eighths inches thick Its side shall be not less than six inches high Its cover sides and bottom shall be sawed or cut not more than one-quarter inch thick

Section 6 The standard of measure other than as specified in sections two three four and five of this act for buying and selling vegetables grapes and fruits shall be the lawful bushel of the State one-half bushel one peck one-half peck two quarts one quart and one pint and one-half pint The cubical contents of the quart shall be sixty-seven and one-fifth cubic inches

Section 7 A reasonable variation in the capacity and dimensions specified shall be allowed

Section 8 That any container basket tray or measure made in conformity to the provisions of sections two three four five and six of this act and of the capacity therein specified need not be tagged marked or otherwise branded to indicate the quantity of the contents or to specify the same in terms of weight measure or numerical count All other containers baskets or trays not made in conformity with the provisions of this act of a different capacity from that herein specified shall be plainly or conspicuously tagged branded or otherwise marked on the outside of such container basket or tray to indicate the quantity of the contents in terms of weight measure or numerical count

Section 9 That any person firm corporation or association who shall pack or cause to be packed containers baskets trays or measures for vegetables grapes or fruits and who shall knowingly sell or offer for sale such vegetables fruits or grapes in containers baskets trays or measures in violation of the provisions of this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof before any alderman magistrate or justice of the peace in the proper county shall be sentenced for the first offense to pay a fine of one dollar and costs for each such container basket tray or measure and for the second offense a sum not less than five dollars nor more than ten dollars and costs for each such container basket tray or measure used by the same in violation of this act and for any subsequent offense not less than ten dollars nor more than fifty dollars and costs for each container basket tray or measure so made or used by the same

Section 10 It shall be the duty of the proper city and county inspectors of weights and measures to enforce the provisions of this act

Section 11 All other acts or parts of acts general local or special inconsistent with any of the provisions of this act are repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 370, as follows:

An Act to amend an act approved the fifth day of May one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine entitled "An Act relative to the liens of the Commonwealth against unpatented lands providing for their adjustment and for the granting of patents"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the first section of an act approved the fifth day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-nine entitled "An Act relative to the liens of the Commonwealth against unpatented lands providing for their adjustment and for the granting of patents" which as amended by an act approved the twenty-ninth day of April one thousand nine hundred nine entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act relative to the liens of the Commonwealth against unpatented lands providing for their adjustment and for the granting of patents' approved the fifth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine so as to include lots inlots outlots reserve lots and other lands sold by the Commonwealth under acts of Assembly or by commissioners appointed under acts of Assembly" reads as follows

"Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it

is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That in all cases where it shall appear from the records of the Department of Internal Affairs that there have been applications made or warrants granted by the Commonwealth for lands or lots inlots outlots reserve lots or other lands sold under acts of assembly or by commissioners appointed under acts of Assembly the titles to which have not been completed by the granting of patents and where liens have been entered of record against such unpatented lands for unpaid purchase money interest and fees pursuant to the act approved May twentieth one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four and its supplements the Secretary of Internal Affairs be and he is hereby authorized to make settlement as provided in the act of May twenty-sixth one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven with the owners of such unpatented lands upon the payment of the patent fees amounting to fifteen dollars and upon the presentation of applications with satisfactory proofs of ownership to grant the patent of the Commonwealth which shall operate as a release of all claims of the Commonwealth under said liens the same as if the entire amount of purchase money and interest had been paid" is further amended to read

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That in all cases where it shall appear from the records of the Department of Internal Affairs that there have been applications made or warrants granted by the Commonwealth for lands or lots inlots outlots reserve lots or other lands sold under acts of Assembly or by commissioners appointed under acts of Assembly the titles to which have not been completed by the granting of patents and where liens have been or have not been entered of record against such unpatented lands for unpaid purchase money interest and fees pursuant to the act approved May twentieth one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four and its supplements the Secretary of Internal Affairs be and he is hereby authorized to make settlement as provided in the act of May twenty-sixth one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven with the owners of such unpatented lands upon the payment of the patent fees amounting to fifteen dollars and upon the presentation of applications with satisfactory proofs of ownership to grant the patent of the Commonwealth which shall operate as a release of all claims of the Commonwealth under said liens as if the entire amount of purchase money and interest had been paid

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 371, as follows:

An Act to amend further an act approved the eleventh day of April one thousand eight hundred sixty-two entitled "A further supplement to the act entitled 'An Act for the regulation and continuance of a system of education by common schools' approved the eighth day of May one thousand eight hundred and fifty-four"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sixteenth section of an act approved the eleventh day of April one thousand eight hundred sixty-two entitled "A further supplement to the act entitled 'An Act for the regulation and continuance of a system of education by common schools' approved the eighth day of May one thousand eight hundred and fifty-four" which as amended by an act approved the eleventh day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to amend section sixteen of an act approved the eleventh day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-two entitled 'A further supplement to the act entitled "An Act for the regulation and continuance of a system of education by common schools" approved the eighth day of May one thousand eight hundred fifty-four by providing for and regulating the establishment and maintenance of industrial schools" which reads as follows

"Section 16 That the trustees of any academy or seminary in this Commonwealth which received money or land therefrom for educational purposes are hereby authorized and empowered to convey by deed of not less than two-thirds of their number to be approved by the court of common pleas of the county within which said academy or seminary is located all the real estate buildings property and funds of or belonging thereto to the board of directors and their successors in office of the common schools of the district in which the main building thereof may be situated to be used and applied by said directors for the purposes of common school education therein or if so designated in said conveyance said lands property and funds or their equivalent in value shall be devoted to the establishment and maintenance of an industrial school in which instruction shall be given in manual training husbandry and domestic science and for no other purpose Provided That when such property shall be used toward the maintenance of such industrial or high common school the citizens of the county within which said district is situated shall have the right to have their sons and daughters admitted into such industrial or high school if duly qualified on paying to the treasurer of said district the same rate of tuition for each which it shall annually cost said district per student for the maintenance of such industrial or high school aside from the use therein of the property and funds so conveyed to said district as hereinbefore provided" is further amended to read

Section 16 That the trustees of any academy or seminary in this Commonwealth which received money or land therefrom for educational purposes are hereby authorized and empowered to convey by deed of not less than two-thirds of their number to be approved by the court of common pleas of the county within which said academy or seminary is located all the real estate buildings property and funds of or belonging thereto to the board of directors and their successors in office of the common schools of the district in which the main building thereof may be situated to be used and applied by said directors for the purposes of common school education therein or if so designated in said conveyance said lands property and funds or their equivalent in value shall be devoted to the establishment and maintenance of an industrial school in which instruction shall be given in manual training husbandry and domestic science and for no other purpose Provided That when such property shall be used toward the maintenance of such industrial or high common school the citizens of the county within which said district is situated shall have the right to have their sons and daughters admitted into such industrial or high school if duly qualified on paying to the treasurer of said district the same rate of tuition for each which it shall annually cost said district per student for the maintenance of such industrial or high school aside from the use therein of the property and funds so conveyed to said district as hereinbefore provided

The trustees of the academy or seminary may enter into an agreement with the board of school directors of the school district to conduct jointly the aforesaid educational work and may bear a part or the whole of the expense thereof or the trustees may contract with the directors so that the directors may have sole charge and supervision of such instruction

The trustees may with the approval of the court of common pleas convert the whole or part of the assets of the academy or seminary into cash and transfer the same or transfer the assets in whole or in part to the board of school directors upon the express condition that the principal or corpus of the assets shall forever remain intact and that only the income or use thereof be available for such instruction

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 377, entitled:

A supplement to an act approved the twenty-fifth day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act providing for the establishment of a State Industrial Home for Women authorizing the purchase of a site and the erection thereon and equipment of necessary buildings providing for the commitment to said State Industrial Home for Women of females between the ages of sixteen and thirty years convicted of or pleading guilty to the commission of any criminal offence and providing for the government and management of said institution and making an appropriation to carry out the purposes of this act"

The first section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the building commission for a State Industrial Home for Women appointed in pursuance of the provisions of an act approved the twenty-fifth day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled an act providing for the establishment of a State Industrial Home for Women authorizing the purchase of a site and the erection thereon and equipment of necessary buildings providing for the commitment to said State Industrial Home for Women of females between the ages of sixteen and thirty years convicted of or pleading guilty to the commission of any criminal offense and providing for the government and management of said institution and making an appropriation to carry out the purposes of this act" is hereby directed to abandon the site selected for the said Home in Lycoming county which site shall hereafter be a part of the State Forest Reservations under the Department of Forestry The commission shall purchase as a site for the said Home a tract of land in Manchester and East Manchester townships York county on the main line of the Pennsylvania Railroad from Harrisburg to Washington and located about four miles northward from York comprising approximately one hundred and seventy acres now owned by Frederick M. Small

The purchase price shall in no event whether by agreement or by condemnation exceed the sum of seventy-five thousand dollars If the commission and the owner cannot agree upon the price for the land the commission is authorized to take the land with all fixtures thereon by proceeding in eminent domain

In acquiring said lands if the commission cannot agree with the owner thereof or if the owner cannot be found or is not sui juris the commission may file its petition in the court of common pleas of the county wherein the lands are situated praying for the appointment of viewers to ascertain the fair value of such land Thereupon the court shall appoint from among the members of the board of viewers of the county three viewers who by personal inspec-

tion and otherwise of the lands proposed to be acquired shall ascertain and fix the fair value thereof The court shall fix a time not less than ten days nor more than twenty days thereafter for the viewers to meet either upon said lands or otherwise Notice of the time and place of meeting of such viewers shall be given where practicable by personal service upon the owner or by such other service as the court may direct When the viewers shall have completed their labors they shall file their report in writing in the said court If no exceptions shall be filed thereto within thirty days from the filing of the report or if no appeal therefrom be filed within said time demanding a trial by jury the said report shall be confirmed absolutely After final judgment on any appeal from the award of viewers an appeal may be had to either the Supreme Court or Superior Court as the case may require If upon any appeal the award of the viewers is not increased or modified in favor of the appellant the entire cost of the proceedings subsequent to such award shall be paid by the appellant

In any proceedings under this section the court may appoint such guardians or committees or trustees as the case may require and may in all cases prescribe the form and manner of service of any notice required in any proceedings under this act

Upon such site the Home aforesaid shall be erected

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. HINDMAN. Mr. President, at the request of the Senator from York, Mr. Wasbers, I move to amend section 1, in line 7, by striking out the word "an" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "An."

Mr. HILTON. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The title of the bill was read as follows and agreed to:

A Supplement to an act approved the twenty-fifth day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act providing for the establishment of a State Industrial Home for Women authorizing the purchase of a site and the erection thereon and equipment of necessary buildings providing for the commitment to said State Industrial Home for Women and females between the ages of sixteen and thirty years convicted of or pleading guilty to the commission of any criminal offense and providing for the government and management of said institution and making an appropriation to carry out the purposes of this act"

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. TOMPKINS. Mr. President, at the request of the Senator from Lycoming, Mr. Sones, I move that Senate Bill No. 377, the bill just read, be recommitted to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 379, entitled:

An Act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act regulating the method and procedure in the erection of line or partition fences" approved the fourteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred five Pamphlet Laws one hundred sity-two

The first section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section one of an act entitled "An Act regulating the method and procedure in the erection of line or partition fences" approved the fourteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred and five (Pamphlet Laws one hundred and sixty-two) which reads as follows

"Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from and after the passage of this act owners of improved and occupied land shall erect and maintain an equal part of all line or division fences between them nor shall any such owner be relieved from liability under the provisions of this act except by the consent of the adjoining owner And if any owner of such improved and occupied land shall fail or neglect to erect or maintain his her or their share of such line or division fence the party aggrieved shall notify the township or borough auditors whose duty it shall be to examine such line or division fence so complained of and if they find said fence sufficient the complainant shall pay the costs of their services which shall be two dollars for each day's service but if they find such fence insufficient they shall so report to a justice of the peace residing in the county where such fence is located designating points and distances of such fence whether a new fence is required or whether the old one can be repaired and the probable costs of a new or the repair of the old fence and said justice shall notify the delinquent owner of such improved and occupied land of the auditors' report and that his part of said fence as found by the auditors be erected or repaired within forty days from the date of such notice and if such notice be not complied with the aggrieved party may cause said line or division fence to be erected or repaired and the costs thereof collected from the delinquent owner of such improved and occupied land as other debts are collected by law Provided however That no owner of improved land shall be compelled to build or repair fence during the months of December January February and March And provided further That nothing herein contained shall be construed to apply to railroad companies" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authirty of the same That from and after the passage of this act owners of improved and occupied land shall erect and maintain an equal part of all line or division fences between them nor shall any such owner be relieved from liability under the provisions of this act except by the consent of the adjoining owner And if any owner of such improved and occupied land shall fail or neglect to erect or maintain his her or their share of such line or division fence the party aggrieved shall notify the township or borough auditors whose duty it shall be to examine such line or division fence so complained of and if they find said fence sufficient the complainant shall pay the costs of their services which shall be two dollars for each day's service but if they find such fence insufficient they shall so report to a justice of the peace residing in the county where such fence is located designating points and distances of such fence whether a new fence is required or whether the old one can be repaired and the probable costs of a new or the repair of the old fence and said justice shall notify the delinquent owner of such improved and occupied land of the auditors' report and that his part of said fence as found by the auditors be erected or repaired within forty days from the date of such notice and if such notice be not complied with the aggrieved party may cause said line or division fence to be erected or repaired and the costs thereof collected from the delinquent owner of such improved and occupied land as other debts are collected by law Provided however That no owner of improved land shall be compelled to build or repair fence during the months of December January February and March And provided further That no such fence shall be considered sufficient unless the same shall be not less than fifty-four (54) inches high and well and substantially constructed so that horses mules cattle swine and sheep cannot creep through the same

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. SCHANTZ. Mr. President, I move to amend section 1, in line 29, by striking out "Notfy" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "notify."

Mr. McCONNELL. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The title of the bill was read as follows and agreed to:

An Act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act regulating the method and procedure in the erection of line or partition fences" approved the fourteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred and five (Pamphlet Laws one hundred sixty-two)

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 380, as follows:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-seventh day of June one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation regulation and government of cities of the third class regulating nomination

and election of municipal officers therein and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto" by providing for formation of such cities from parts of two or more contiguous counties

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the first section of an act approved the twenty-seventh day of June one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation regulation and government of cities of the third class regulating nomination and election of municipal officers therein and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto" which reads as follows

"Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That cities of the third class shall be chartered whenever a majority of the electors of any town townships or borough or any two or more contiguous towns townships or boroughs situate within the limits of the same county and having together a population of at least ten thousand according to the last preceding United States census shall each separately vote at any general or municipal election in favor of the same and the council or corporate authorities of any such town townships or borough or of any any such contiguous towns townships or boroughs as the case may be may on their own motion or upon petition of one hundred or more qualified electors thereof shall by resolution duly passed and recorded among the minutes submit the question of whether any such town townships or borough or whether any such contiguous towns townships or boroughs shall become a city of the third class to the qualified electors thereof and they shall give notice by the publication of said resolution during at least four weeks immediately prior to the next general or municipal election in all of the newspapers published in said towns townships or boroughs and if no newspaper be published in said towns townships or boroughs then publication shall be made in not more than two newspapers published in the county wherein the towns townships or boroughs are located that such an election will be held they shall certify said resolution to the county commissioners of the proper county who shall thereupon cause the said question to be printed at the foot of the official ballot to be used at the said general or municipal election in the towns townships borough or boroughs aforesaid in the following form 'proposed city charter' and below shall be printed on two lines with a square at the right of each the words 'for city charter' and 'against city charter' and the electors shall designate with a cross mark (X) in one of said squares their desire to vote for or against such city charter It shall be the duty of the election officers within said town township or towns townships borough or boroughs to count the votes so cast for and against such city charter and make return thereof on blanks to be furnished by the corporate authorities of said town or towns township or townships borough or boroughs to the clerk of the court of quarter sessions of the proper county who shall compute the same and certify the result thereof to the corporate authorities aforesaid and a duplicate return to the Secretary of the Commonwealth each duly certified in the manner required by law and in receiving counting and making return of the votes cast the inspectors judges and clerks of the said election shall be governed by the laws of the Commonwealth regulating general elections and all the electors inspectors judges and clerks voting at and in attendance upon the election to be held under the provisions of this act shall be subject to the penalties imposed by the election laws of this Commonwealth" is amended to read as follows

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That cities of the third class shall be chartered whenever a majority of the electors of any town township or borough or any two or more contiguous towns townships or boroughs situate within the limits of the same county or situate in two or more contiguous counties and having together a population of at least ten thousand according to the last preceding United States census shall each separately vote at any general or municipal election in favor of the same and the council or corporate authorities of any such town township or borough or of any such contiguous towns townships or boroughs as the case may be may on their own motion or upon petition of one hundred or more qualified electors thereof shall by resolution duly passed and recorded among the minutes submit the question of whether any such town township or borough or whether any such contiguous towns townships or boroughs shall become a city of the third class to the qualified electors thereof and they shall give notice by the publication of said resolution during at least four weeks immediately prior to the next general or municipal election in all of the newspapers published in said towns townships or boroughs and if no newspaper be published in said towns townships or boroughs then publication shall be made in not more than two newspapers published in the county or counties wherein the towns townships or boroughs are located that such an election will be held they shall certify said resolution to the county commissioners of the proper county or counties who shall thereupon cause the said question to be printed at the foot of the official ballot to be used at the said general or municipal election in the towns townships borough or boroughs aforesaid in the following form "Proposed city charter" and below shall be printed on two lines with a square at the right of each the words "for city charter" and "against city charter" and the electors shall designate with a cross mark (X) in one of said squares their desire to vote for or against such city charter It shall be the duty of the election officers within said town township or towns townships borough or boroughs to count the votes so cast for and against such city charter and make return thereof on blanks to be furnished by the corporate authorities of said town or towns township or townships borough or boroughs to the clerk of the court of quarter sessions of the proper county who shall compute the same and certify the result thereof to the corporate authorities aforesaid and a duplicate return to the Secretary of the Commonwealth each duly certified in the manner required by law and in receiving counting and making return of the votes cast the inspectors judges and clerks of the said election shall be governed by the laws of the Commonwealth regulating general elections and all the electors inspectors judges and clerks voting at and in attendance upon the election to be held under the provisions of this act shall be subject to the penalties imposed by the election laws of this Commonwealth

That any city of the third class heretofore or hereafter formed out of a borough formed by the consolidation or boroughs partly lying or situate in different counties shall for all municipal purposes of government and control be deemed and considered as under and within the jurisdiction of the courts of that county in which it situate the borough first incorporated of those forming such consolidated borough

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 382, entitled:

An Act to aid in the suppression of insect pests in Pennsylvania by authorizing the Department of Agriculture to prepare a catalogue of the insects of Pennsylvania giving their common and scientific names dates localities food enemies remedies habits and other important points as far as can be ascertained together with illustrations of some of the important types of insects and providing for the publication of said book and the distribution of the same and making an appropriation therefor

The first section of the bill was read as follows and agreed to.

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the Secretary of Agriculture is hereby directed to have prepared through the Economic Zoologist twenty thousand copies of a catalog of the insects of Pennsylvania giving their classification common and scientific names dates localities food enemies remedies habits and other important facts as far as can be ascertained together with uncolored illustrations of some of the important types of insects Said publication shall be bound in cloth and shall be distributed by the Secretary of Agriculture and upon recommendation of the Senators and Representatives

The second section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 2 An appropriation of ten thousand dollars or such part thereof as is necessary is hereby made to provide for the preparation publication and distribution of this work

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. ENDSLEY. Mr. President, I move to amend section 2 by striking out lines 1, 2 and 3, and inserting in lieu thereof the words, "The sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary, is hereby specifically appropriated to provide for the preparation, publicaton and distribution of said catalogue."

Mr. GRAFF. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The title of the bill was read as follows and agreed to:

An Act to aid in the suppression of insect pests in Pennsylvania by authorizing the Department of Agriculture to prepare a catalog of the insects of Pennsylvania giving their common and scientific names dates localities food enemies remedies habits and other important points as far as can be ascertained together with illustrations of some of the important types of insects and providing for the publi-

cation of said book and the distribution of the same and making an appropriation therefor

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transscribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 383, entitled:

An Act to promote education in economic entomology and aid in the suppression of insect pests and the preservation of birds in Pennsylvania by authorizing the Department of Agriculture to prepare for the public schools of Pennsylvania colored chart showing injurious and beneficial and insectivorous birds of Pennsylvania in their natural colors and stating their common and scientific names food economy and recommendations for their respective destruction or preservation and providing for the publication of said chart and the distribution of the same and making an appropriation therefor

The first section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the Secretary of Agriculture is hereby directed to have prepared through the Economic Zoologist three thousand five hundred copies or such part thereof as the following appropriation will permit of a colored chart of injurious and beneficial insects and insectivorous birds of Pennsylvania shown in their natural colors giving their common and scientific names food economy and recommendations for their respective destruction or preservation Said charts to be distributed from the office of the Economic Zoologist of the Department of Agriculture by direction of the Secretary of Agriculture and upon recommendation of the Department of Public Instruction and of the Senators and Representatives

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. ENDSLEY. Mr. President, I move to amend section 1, in line 11, by striking out the word "to" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "shall."

Mr. McCONNELL. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The second section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 2 An appropriation of eight thousand dollars or such part thereof as is necessary is hereby made to provide for the preparation publication and distribution of these charts

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. ENDSLEY. Mr. President, I move to amend section 2, by striking out lines 1, 2 and 3, and inserting in lieu thereof the words, "The sum of eight thousand dollars ($8,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary, is hereby specifically appropriated to provide for the preparation, publication and distribution of said charts."

Mr. McCONNELL. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The title of the bill was read as follows:

An Act to promote education in economic entomology and aid in the suppression of insect pests and the preservation of birds in Pennsylvania by authorizing the Department of Agriculture to prepare for the public schools of Pennsylvania a colored chart showing injurious and beneficial insects and insectivorous birds of Pennsylvania in their natural colors and stating their common and scientific names food economy and recommendations for their respective destruction or preservation and providing for the publication of said chart and the distribution of the same and making an appropriation therefor

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the title?

Mr. ENDSLEY. Mr. President, I move to amend the title, in line 4, by striking out the words "for the public schools of Pennsylvania."

Mr. McCONNELL. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 391, as follows:

An Act providing for the payment of interest on damages caused by the taking injury or destruction of private property for public use

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That in all cases where private property is taken injured or destroyed by municipal or other corporations or individuals invested with the privilege of taking private property for public use the damages caused by such taking injury or destruction shall bear interest at the rate of six per centum per annum from the date of such taking injury or destruction thereof

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 401, as follows:

An Act authorizing George F. Pawling a resident of the city of Philadelphia successor to Bergdoll and Pawling to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That George F. Pawling a resident of the city of Philadelphia successor to Bergdoll and Pawling formerly Louis J. Bergdoll and George F. Pawling doing business as Bergdoll and Pawling is authorized to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania for any sum or sums of money that may be legally or justly due the said George F. Pawling in his own right or as successor to Bergdoll and Pawling arising out of a contract for the erection of a sun parlor for the Pennsylvnia State Lunatic Hospital at Harrisburg The suit shall be subject to the same rules of pleading evidence and appeal as other suits brought in said court

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 402, as follows:

An Act providing for the payment of judgment and mortgages and other claims which are liens on property affected by public improvements or appropriated by the exercise of the right of eminent domain

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That in all proceedings hereafter instituted for the condemnation and appropriation of land and property by the exercise of the right of eminent domain or to ascertain damages and benefits by reason of public improvements the petition for the appointment of viewers therein shall contain allegations specifying any judgment mortgages or other claims (hereinafter designated "liens") which are liens upon the land and property sought to be appropriated

Section 2 Testimony shall be taken in said proceedings to ascertain the amounts of said liens and the dates of the entry of the same and the amounts of said liens and the dates of entry thereof shall be found as facts by the viewers in said proceedings Certified lists of liens from the courts of the Commonwealth and the United States shall be prima facie evidence of the existence dates amounts dates of entry and places of record of said liens and unless modified or overcome by oral or documentary evidence shall be conclusive upon the parties thereto as to items just specified

Section 3 Where it appears that liens exist as aforesaid which are liens upon property sought to be condemned and appropriated or which is affected by public improvements as aforesaid a report of the facts found as aforesaid shall be made to the court having jurisdiction of the proceeding which report shall be subject to exceptions in manner to be regulated by the Supreme Court by general rule prescribed amended and published from time to time and upon the findings in relation to said liens being finally found by said court having jurisdiction of said proceedings said court shall make an order directing the payment and distribution of the amount found to be payable as compensation damages or benefits to the parties entitled thereto first to the owners of said liens then to the owners of the property damaged or appropriated as aforesaid Provided however That the parties interested shall have the right of appeal from said order of distribution to the Superior and Supreme Courts of the Commonwealth as shall be determined by the amount distributed to said parties respectively in manner now provided by law Payment in accordance with said order of distribution shall absolutely discharge the party making said payment from all claims of whatsoever nature by any person firm corporation or claimant when the payment thereof shall be evidenced by a receipt of record in said proceedings and in said receipt and on the record thereof any claimant may reserve the right to pursue the owner of said property for any balance due upon his lien which shall not be divested against said owner unless the same be paid in full and as between said claimant and owner said payment made pursuant to said order of court shall absolutely discharge said owner to the extent of payment made which amount shall be a credit upon said lien

Section 4 Upon payment of the damages or compensation for land or property appropriated as aforesaid in accordance with said order of distribution title to the land or property appropriated shall vest in the taker thereof in accordance with provisions of the law under which such appropriation is made and all cliams for damages shall be deemed paid and satisfied as herein provided

Section 5 All acts and parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. TOMPKINS. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. TOMPKINS, from the Committee on Education, reported as amended Senate Bill No. 321, entitled:

An Act to provide for the retirement of superannuated and incapacitated teachers in the public schools of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 219, on third reading postponed for the present, entitled:

An Act authorizing the appointment by the Director of the Legislative Reference Bureau of a custodian and assistent custodian of the law library and a night watchman in the bureau and fixing their salaries

be recommitted to the Committee on Corporations.

Mr. DAIX. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 193 (House Bill No. 74), entitled:

An Act to quiet the title to real estate and to enable citizens of the United States and corporations authorized to hold real estate within this Commonwealth to hold and convey title to real estate which has been formerly held by or for corporations not authorized by law to hold the same

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 195 (House Bill No. 100), entitled:

An Act validating certain sales of real estate heretofore made by guardians administrators and executors by decree of orphans' court

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 352 (House Bill No. 179), entitled:

An Act confirmatory of the conveyance of real estate

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 265 (House Bill No. 71), entitled:

An Act transferring from one fund to another certain moneys appropriated to the Dairy and Food Division of the Department of Agriculture

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 276, entitled:

An Act directing the county commissioners of the several counties to offer for sale to the Department of Forestry tracts of land which they may have purchased at county treasurers' sales for acceptance or refusal for forestry purposes and to convey to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania the tracts so offered to be sold if accepted by the department

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 286, entitled:

An Act to provide for retirement of State employes permanently disqualified by reason of physical or mental disability to perform their official functions and duties with half pay under certain conditions during the remainder of their lives except State employes whose retirement has been or shall be otherwise provided for and the filling of vacancies caused by such retirement

And said bill having been read at length the first time.

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 288, entitled:

An act regulating the payment of certain deposits made with any bank trust company or savings institution in the name of two persons.

And said bill having been read at length the first time.

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 302, entitled:

An act to amend an act approved the tenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act establishing in counties containing a population of from eight hundred thousand to one million four hundred thousand a board for the assessment and revision of taxes for state and county purposes prescribing the method of their appointment their powers and duties fixing their salary to be paid by the proper county and abolishing the office of ward borough and township assessors in so far as respects the assessment of state and county taxes

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 313, entitled:

An Act relating to the issuance or delivery of certain policies of insurance providing and requiring certain standard and other provisions in such policies and prohibiting discrimination

And said bill having been read at length the first time.

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 319, entitled:

An Act to regulate the taking of private property for municipal or public purposes

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 358 (House Bill No. 366), entitled:

An Act relative to judgments and prescribing the duties of prothonotaries in connection therewith

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 404, entitled:

An Act regulating the practice of veterinary medicine including veterinary surgery and veterinary dentistry or any branch thereof and establishing as incidental thereto a State Board of Veterinary Medical Examiners and defining its powers and duties

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 411 (House Bill No. 120), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-eighth day of May one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled "An Act to provide for the protection of insane persons feeble-minded persons and epileptics and the appointment of a guardian for the said insane persons feeble-minded persons and epileptics unable to care for their own property authorizing the guardian to support the wife and children of the said insane persons feeble-minded persons and epileptics defining the powers of the guardian and authorizing the sale of real estate of the ward" by adding an additional section

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 422, entitled:

An Act to fix the salary of the first assistant clerk of the Orphans' Court in counties having a population of not less than eight hundred thousand and not more than one million five hundred thousand

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 445 (House Bill No. 536), entitled:

An Act concerning the relations between attorney and client on suit being brought in any court of this Commonwealth and providing that the attorney shall the client's cause of action claim of counteraction which have a lien for his compensation for his services upon upon the client's cause of action claim or counterclaim which shall attach to any award order report decision compromise settlement verdict or judgment in the client's favor and the proceeds thereof in whosoever hands the same may be and which lien shall not be affected or defeated by any compromise or settlement between the parties before or after judgment

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 437, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the eighth day of April one thousand eight hundred and thirty-three entitled "An Act relating to last wills and testaments by conferring the same rights upon the mother as upon the father

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 438, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the tenth day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one entitled "An Act to enable mothers in certain cases to appoint testamentary guardians" by extending certain rights to mothers

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 452, entitled:

A supplement to an act approved the twenty-seventh day of June one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation regulation and government of cities of the third class regulating nomination and election of municipal officers therein and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto"

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 454, entitled:

An Act to amend section nine of an act to regulate the practice of osteopathy in the State of Pennsylvania to provide for the establishment of a State Board of Osteopathic Examiners to define the powers and duties of said Board of Osteopathic Examiners to provide for the examining and licensing of osteopaths in this State and to provide penalties for the violation of this act approved the nineteenth day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine as amended by an act approved the eleventh day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven providing for the licensing of certain practitioners now known as registered osteopaths

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

BILL INTRODUCED.

Mr. BURKE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to read a bill in place at this time.
The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.
Mr. BURKE read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 507, entitled:

An Act authorizing John E. Joos, a resident of the City of Pittsburgh, Allegheny County, Pennsylvania, to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin County against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. CROW. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time.
The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.
Mr. CROW, from the Committee on Corporations, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 501, entitled:

An Act granting and confirming the equitable jurisdiction and powers of the courts of common pleas of this Commonwealth in cases where owing to unusual financial or other conditions debtors are unable to meet their obligations as they mature and it appears to the said court that the fair value of the debtor's assets largely exceeds his liabilities and that there is grave danger of such assets being sacrificed through legal process, forced sales or otherwise.

BILL ON FIRST READING.

Mr. CROW. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 501, entitled:

An Act granting and confirming the equitable jurisdiction and powers of the courts of common pleas of this Commonwealth in cases where owing to unusual financial or other conditions debtors are unable to meet their obligations as they mature and it appears to the said court that the fair value of the debtor's assets largely exceeds his liabilities and that there is grave danger of such assets being sacrificed through legal process, forced sales or otherwise.

be read the first time.
Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I second the motion.
The motion was agreed to.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 501, entitled:

An Act granting and confirming the equitable jurisdiction and powers of the courts of common pleas of this Commonwealth in cases where owing to unusual financial or other conditions debtors are unable to meet their obligations as they mature and it appears to the said court that the fair value of the debtor's assets largely exceeds his liabilities and that there is grave danger of such assets being sacrificed through legal process, forced sales or otherwise.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

RECESS.

Mr. CROW. Mr. President, I move the Senate do now take a recess for five minutes.
Mr. VARE. Mr. President, I second the motion.
The motion was agreed to.

AFTER RECESS.

The PRESIDENT. The time of recess having elapsed, the Senate will be in order.

HOUSE BILLS FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced, presented for concurrence, bills of the House of Representatives, as follows:

House Bill No. 166 (Senate Bill No. 508), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the payment of the deficiency which has arisen under the provisions of an act approved the thirteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled "An Act to authorize county commissioners for the purpose of encouraging agriculture and the holding of county agricultural exhibitions to pay annually one thousand dollars to the incorporated

agricultural association paying premiums on agricultural exhibits holding an annual exhibition in the county providing for the filing of sworn statement by the claimant or claimants with the county commissioners relative to said exhibition and providing for the repayment to the county by the State of the sum so paid

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 414 (Senate Bill No. 509), entitled:

An Act authorizing the Legislature Reference Bureau to continue the work commenced under the provisions of an act approved the twentieth day of May one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act directing the Legislative Reference Bureau to prepare compilations of codes by topics of the existing general laws of this Commonwealth for adoption or rejection by the General Assembly fixing the powers and duties of the bureau therein fixing the compensation of the assistant director and making an appropriation therefor" fixing the powers and duties of the bureau therein fixing the duties and compensation of the assistant director and making an appropriation

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 119 (Senate Bill No. 510), entitled:

An Act to provide for the better protection and preservation of game game-quadrupeds and game-birds in Pennsylvania and prescribing penalties for violation of its several provisions

Which was committed to the Committee on Game and Fisheries.

House Bill No. 197 (Senate Bill No. 511), entitled:

An Act to amend section one thousand three hundred ten of an act entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith" approved the eighteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven

Which was committed to the Committee on Education.

House Bill No. 274 (Senate Bill No. 512), entitled:

An Act amending section two thousand and thirty-five of an act entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith" approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven and relating to the management of State Normal Schools purchased by the Commonwealth

Which was committed to the Committee on Education.

House Bill No. 683 (Senate Bill No. 513), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Hospital for the Insane at Danville Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

ADJOURNMENT.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now adjourn until tomorrow afternoon at 3 o'clock.

Mr. VARE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The Senate adjourned at 11 55 o'clock P. M. until Tuesday afternoon, March 16, 1915, at 3 o'clock.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

MONDAY, March 15th, 1915.

The House met at 9:00 o'clock P. M.

The SPEAKER (Charles A. Ambler) in the Chair.

PRAYER.

The Chaplain, Rev. F. W. Staley, offered the following prayer:

Almighty God, we thank Thee that we have before our vision a magnificent painting, portraying groups of men whose lives are full of inspiration. The churchmen who have made it possible for us to live in an age of religious organization with myriads of churches and vast congregations; philanthropists who gave us charitable institutions to administer to the needy and to the helpless and the homeless; statesmen who did their work nobly and well and who have made Pennsylvania the Keystone State in the sisterhood of states to become the mighty forces in this great Republic; soldiers who died upon the field of battle in defense of their State and who helped to make Gettysburg one of the famous battlefields of the world. These illustrious men have placed in our hands this State with its solemn responsibilities. O God, give us strength to bear it up; to make it more noble, more philanthropic, more patriotic and more religious. We ask it for Christ's sake. Amen.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the Journal of the proceedings of Thursday, March 11th, 1915.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of the proceedings of Thursday, March 11th, 1915, when, on motion of Mr. Stern, the further reading was dispensed with and the Journal was approved.

The SPEAKER presented the following telegram:

Pittsburgh, Pa., March 14, 1915.

Mr. Charles Ambler, Speaker of the House, Harrisburg, Pa.

At a meeting of the Congress of Womens Club of Western Pennsylvania comprising ninety clubs and ten thousand women the following resolution was adopted:

Resolved, That the Congress of Womens Club of Western Pennsylvania asks the legislators of Pennsylvania to vote against House bills two ninety-four and two ninety-five which will in effect repeal the present housing code of Philadelphia. The Speaker is requested to read this resolution from the Chair.

(Signed) Congress of Womens Club of Western Penna.

PETITIONS.

PRAYING FOR COUNTY LOCAL OPTION.

The SPEAKER presented the petitions of the citizens of various counties praying for the passage of a county local option law.

Which was referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

PRAYING FOR REPEAL OF FULL CREW LAW.

The SPEAKER presented the petition of the Local Freight Agents Association of Philadelphia and of the Duquesne Heights and Mt. Washington Board of Trade of Pittsburgh praying for the repeal of the Full Crew Law.

Which were referred to the Committee on Railroads.

AGAINST REPEAL OF FULL CREW LAW.

The SPEAKER presented the petition of the members of Division 172 O. R. C. and Lodge 174 B. of R. T., and Iron City Lodge 179 B. of R. T. against the repeal of the Full Crew Law.

Which were referred to the Committee on Railroads.

PRAYING FOR COUNTY LOCAL OPTION.

Mr. BARNETT presented the petition of the Daughters of Liberty of Dallastown, York county, praying for the passage of a county local option law.

Which was referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

COMMUNICATIONS FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Private Secretary of the Governor being introduced presented the following communications from the Governor which were read as follows, viz:

APPROVAL OF HOUSE BILL NO. 43.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, Pa., March 12, 1915.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to advise you that I have this day approved and signed House Bill No. 43, entitled: "An Act authorizing Peter C. Kuhn of Scranton Lackawanna County to sue the Commonwealth."

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

APPROVAL OF HOUSE BILL NO. 76.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, Pa., March 12, 1915.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to advise you that I have this day approved and signed House Bill No. 76, entitled:

"An Act making an appropriation to refund to the Crawford County Trust Company a corporation of Meadville Crawford County Pennsylvania moneys erroneously paid into the State treasury."

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

APPROVAL OF HOUSE BILL NO. 66.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, Pa., March 12, 1915.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to advise you that I have this day approved and signed House Bill No. 66, entitled: "An Act making a deficiency appropriation to the trustees of Temple University"

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

LEAVES OF ABSENCE.

Mr. CHARLES A. SHAFFER asked and obtained leave of absence for Mr. Mellott for tonight's and tomorrow's session.

Mr. GOMPERS asked and obtained leave of absence for Mr. Hollern for the balance of the week on account of sickness.

Mr. HABGOOD asked and obtained leave of absence for Mr. Lindsey for tonight's session.

Mr. McKAY asked and obtained leave of absence for Mr. Kuhn for the balance of the week.

Mr. DAWSON asked and obtained leave of absence for Mr. Haggerty for the balance of the week on account of sickness.

Mr. HEFFERNAN asked and obtained leave of absence for Mr. Vogdes until tomorrow.

Mr. TWIBILL asked and obtained leave of absence for Mr. Richards for the balance of the week on account of sickness.

The SPEAKER asked and obtained leave of absence for Mr. Gibson for the balance of the week on account of illness.

RESOLUTION RELATIVE TO HOLDING OLYMPIC GAMES IN PHILADELPHIA.

Mr. W. H. WILSON presented the following resolution and asked and obtained unanimous consent to have it considered at this time.

Whereas, It is now deemed impossible to hold the great International Olympic Games in Berlin, Germany, in 1916, because of the unfortunate European War, and

Whereas, A movement is now on foot to transfer these games to the United States of America, where they will be open to the athletes of all nations on neutral ground, and

Whereas, Committees are now working in Philadelphia to bring the Olympic Games to that city in 1916,

Therefore, Be it resolved by the House of Representatives of the State of Pennsylvania, in meeting assembled, that the earnest support and co-operation of this House be given to the citizens of Philadelphia in this enterprise and that a copy of these resolutions be forwarded to the mayor and councils of Philadelphia and to the President of the American Olympic Committee at New York.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the resolution?

Mr. GARNER. I desire to interrogate the gentleman from Philadelphia.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Wilson, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I will.

Mr. GARNER. Mr. Speaker, if there are such athletic men why are they not in the war?

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I do not know that tnere will be any war in 1916. I do know that the athletic games will not be held in Europe at that time.

The question recurring,

Will the House agree to the resolution?

It was agreed to.

RESOLUTION RELATIVE TO PRINTING EXTRA COPIES OF THE PROCEEDINGS OF THE HOUSE.

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION.

Mr. GEISER presented the following concurrent resolution and asked unanimous consent to have it considered at this time.

In the House of Representatives, March 15, 1915.

Be it resolved (If the Senate concur), That three thousand (3,000) copies of the proceedings of this House on March second, one thousand nine hundred fifteen on the death of William Uhler Hensel, former Attorney General of Pennsylvania, be printed for the use of the House.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the resolution?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for its concurrence.

RESOLUTION GRANTING USE OF HALL OF THE HOUSE TO THE PENNSYLVANIA FORESTRY ASSOCIATION.

Mr. ALBEE. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following resolution.

The resolution was read by the Clerk as follows:

Resolved that the Pennsylvania Forestry Association be given the use of the hall of the House of Representatives for the evening of Tuesday, March 23, 1915, for the presentation of a lecture on the forest problems of Pennsylvania by Dr. J. T. Rothrock, former Commissioner of Forestry.

Ordered, That the same lie over for printing.

BILL PLACED ON CALENDAR.

Mr. GEISER. Mr. Speaker, I move that House Bill No. 614, File Folio 3361, entitled:

An Act relating to county interpreters enlarging their duties forbidding the employment of others than the interpreter so appointed in criminal proceedings before justices of the peace and aldermen providing for the payment of their services as part of the costs to the county and fixing the mileage allowed to the interpreters

be placed on the Calendar notwithstanding the negative recommendation of the Committee.

Mr. W. H. WILSON, Mr. Speaker, I second the motion?

On the question,

Will the House agree to the motion?

Mr. GEISER. Mr. Speaker, this bill was introduced by my colleague, Mr. Trach, and was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General. It was reported out last Tuesday afternoon with a negative recommendation. Now, while I am on that committee, I was unable to be present as I had to appear before the Judiciary Special Committee last Tuesday afternoon, and I did not know anything about it until to-day. Now the judges and Bar association of our county have unanimously endorsed this particular bill and what I would like to do would be to have the bill placed on the calendar, and then move to have it recommitted.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the motion?

It was agreed to.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. GEISER. I move that House Bill No. 614, File Folio 3361, be recommitted to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. WALTON. Mr. Speaker, I move you that House Bill No. 323, File Folio 2185, entitled:

An Act repealing an act entitled "An Act amending article six of an act entitled 'An Act for the government of cities of the second class' approved the seventh day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one as amended by an amendatory act approved the first day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine and as affected by an act entitled 'An Act providing a uniform rate of assessment and taxation for all real estate in cities of the second class' approved the eleventh day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven by providing for the classification of real estate for purposes of taxation into two classes to wit the buildings on land and the land exclusive of buildings and by providing for the assessment of a less tax upon the buildings than upon the land exclusive of the buildings in cities of the second class" approved May fifteenth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen.

on page ten of tonight's calendar, Bills on Second Reading, be recommitted to the Committee on Municipal Corporations for a hearing.

Mr. RONEY. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 434, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to refund to Henry S. Raichard of South Bethlehem Pennsylvania money erroneously paid into the State Treasury

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

BILL ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 119, as follows:

An Act to provide for the better protection and preservation of game game quadrupeds and game-birds in Pennsylvania and prescribing penalties for violation of its several provisions

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That whenever because of a violation of any provisions of this act a person shall be convicted for a first offense and a penalty be imposed and the defendant shall neglect or refuse to immediately pay said amount together with the costs of prosecution in lawful money of the United States he shall at once be committed to the common jail of the county for a period of one day for each dollar of penalty imposed unless he shall enter into good and sufficient recognizance to pay said penalty and costs within a period of ten days after the date of his said conviction or shall certiorari the proceedings or shall carry the case to a higher court on appeal as provided for in this act

For the second or any other offense after the first offense the defendant shall upon conviction in addition to the penalty prescribed for the first offense suffer an imprisonment of one day in jail for each dollar of penalty imposed Provided That in every case of a conviction for violation of any provision of this act wherein a defendant suffers imprisonment in lieu of a cash payment of the penalty imposed all traps guns shooting paraphernalia boats decoys and other appliances used in violation of the law and found or proven to have been either in possession or under control of the defendant at the time of such violation shall be and they are hereby declared forfeited to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and shall be sold under the direction of the Board of Game Commissioners and the money thus secured be applied by them first to the payment of the cost incurred and the balance be deposited with the State Treasurer to be held in a fund separate and apart solely for the purpose of game and wild bird protection and propagation the defendant being entitled to a credit of one day off his imprisonment for each dollar so deposited for the first offense only.

Section 2. There shall be no hunting for or shooting at or chasing of game upon the first day of the week commonly called Sunday Each and every person violating any provision of this section shall upon conviction be liable to a penalty of twenty-five dollars for each and every offense

Section 3 That from and after the passage of this act the open season for the wild turkey ruffed grouse commonly called pheasant Virginia partridge commonly called quail woodcock ring-necked pheasants Hungarian quail and the birds commonly called black-birds the gray black and fox squirrel the wild rabbit and the hare shall be from the fifteenth day of October to the thirtieth day of November both days inclusive

The open season for raccoon shall be from the fifteenth day of October to the thirty-first day of January both days inclusive

The open season for bear shall be from the fifteenth day of October to the fifteenth day of December next following both days inclusive

The open season for deer shall be from the first day of December to the fifteenth day of December next following both days inclusive

Section 4 It shall be unlawful to sell or offer for sale or have in possession for sale any elk or deer or wild rabbit or hare or gray or black or fox squirrel or any part of such animals that have been caught taken or killed in a wild state in this Commonwealth or to sell or offer for sale or have in possession for sale any wild turkey or ruffed grouse commonly called pheasant or any Virginia partridge commonly called quail or any woodcock killed either within or outside of this Commonwealth or to sell or offer for sale or have possession for sale any ring-neck pheasant or Hungarian quail killed in this Commonwealth in a wild state Provided however deer or elk or Belgian or German hare or any ring-necked pheasant raised strictly in captivity and killed within such place of confinement without being released in the Commonwealth at large may be killed at any time regardless of sex or age and may be sold within the Commonwealth at any time either dead or alive under the rules and regulations regarding the marking and tagging of game as now fixed by law relating to game raised in private preserves

Section 5 That it shall be unlawful for any person to kill in one day more than one wild turkey or more than five ruffed grouse or more than eight Virginia partridges commonly called quail or more than ten woodcock or more than four ring-neck pheasants or more than four Hungarian quail or more than one bear or more than six squirrels of the combined kinds mentioned in section three of this act or more than ten wild rabbits or more than three hare or to kill in any one week considering the week to begin on Monday morning and ending Saturday night more than one wild turkey or more than twenty ruffed grouse or more than twenty-five Virginia partridges commonly called quail or more than twenty woodcock or more than ten ring-neck pheasants or more than ten Hungarian quail or more than one bear or more than twenty of the combined kinds of squirrels named in section three of this act or more than thirty wild rabbits or more than fifteen hares or to kill in any one season more than two wild turkeys or more than thirty ruffed grouse or more than forty Virginia partridges commonly called quail or more than thirty wood-cock or more than twenty ring-neck pheasants or more than twenty Hungarian quail or more than forty squirrels of the combined kinds named in section three of this act or more than one bear or more than sixty wild rabbits or more than thirty hare or more than one deer which in every instance shall be a male deer with horns or antlers extending not less than two inches above the hair Provided That when it is proven to the satisfaction of the Board of Game Commissioners that either deer or elk or rabbits are excessively destroying property and thereby becoming a nuisance in any section of the State the said Board of Game Commissioners shall have authority to at any time remove said animals from that neighborhood or to have the same killed as the case may require

Section 6 Except as provided for by the laws of this Commonwealth relating to the taking of quadrupeds and birds under the authority of the Board of Game Commissioners either by certificate or otherwise each and every person taking or killing or wounding or attempting to take kill or wound any quadruped or bird given protection by this act at a time other than that time fixed by this act as the open season for such quadruped or bird or that may be of a kind the killing of which is not specifically permitted by this act or that may be killed in excess of the number permitted by this act or that may be had in possession or be disposed of contrary to the provisions of this act shall upon conviction be liable to a penalty of one hundred dollars for each deer taken killed or wounded or attempted to be taken killed or wounded contrary to the provision of this act Each and every person violating any provision of this act relating to the taking of squirrels or rabbits or hare or raccoon in this State shall upon conviction be liable to a penalty of ten dollars for each squirrel or rabbit or hare or raccoon so taken killed or wounded or attempted to be so taken killed or wounded and each person who shall sell or attempt to sell or have in possession for sale an elk or deer or wild rabbit or hare or squirrel or part thereof killed in a wild state in this Commonwealth shall be liable to a penalty of two hundred dollars for each elk and one hundred dollars for each deer and ten dollars for each rabbit or hare or squirrel or part thereof so sold offered for sale or had in possession for sale and twenty-five dollars for each wild turkey ruffed grouse commonly called pheasant Virginia partridge commonly called quail or wood-cock killed either within or outside of this Commonwealth and twenty-five dollars for each ring-neck pheasant or Hungarian quail killed in a wild state within this Commonwealth sold offered for sale or had in possession for sale each and every person who shall take kill or wound or attempt to take kill or wound a bear contrary to the provisions of this act shall be liable to a penalty of fifty dollars and each and every person who shall take kill wound or attempt to take kill or wound a game bird given protection by this act at any time except during that time fixed as the open season for such game bird by this act or who shall take or kill such birds in excess of the daily weekly or yearly limit fixed for such birds by this act shall be liable to a penalty of twenty-five dollars for each bird taken killed wounded or attempted to be taken killed or wounded contrary to any provision of this act

Section 7 It shall be unlawful for any person in this Commonwealth to kill game of any description for wages or hire or in evasion of this provision and to that end it shall be unlawful for any person acting as a guide to deliver or in any manner cause to be delivered to the benefit of his employer game of any description killed in this Commonwealth or for the employer of a guide to receive game of any description killed by such guide while in his employ Each and every person who acting as a guide shall violate any provision of this section shall be liable to a penalty of one hundred dollars for each deer and twenty-five dollars for each game bird and ten dollars for each rabbit or hare or squirrel he may kill and apply to the benefit of his employer and each employer accepting game of any description killed by a person employed as a guide shall be liable to a penalty of one hundred dollars for each deer and twenty-five dollars for each game bird and ten dollars for each rabbit or hare or squirrel he may thus receive

Section 8 It shall be unlawful for any person in this Commonwealth to ship game of any description by Parcel Post or to ship by express or as freight or baggage or by common carrier of any description any bird or animal or part thereof commonly known as game killed in this Commonwealth or for any common carrier in this Commonwealth to transport game of any kind from one county to another county in this Commonwealth excepting where such game is accompanied by the owner thereof or is carried upon the same train with such owner and where such game is of a kind commonly known as small game the same shall be carried upon the person or openly as hand baggage without cover in such manner as to be easily seen and inspected or when carried in baggage or

boxed for shipment each package or box or receptacle of any description containing game shall have attached thereto a card bearing in English the name of the person owning same with the place of his residence the name of the county wherein same was killed and the number of each species of small game birds or animals contained in said package

Where the game shipped is of the kind commonly known as large game the carcass shall in all instances have attached a card bearing the name and address of the owner with the name of the county wherein same was killed Where large game is cut up for shipment each division thereof shipped uncovered and each package of every description containing any part of such game shall have attached a card bearing in English the name of the owner of such game with his home address and the character of the contents of such package so that such contents may be determined by an outside inspection of such package

Each and every person who shall transport or attempt to transport a game animal or game bird of any description or part thereof contrary to any provision of this section shall be liable to a penalty equal in amount to the penalty imposed by this act for the killing such animal or bird during the close season and each and every person acting for himself or for another or as the agent of a common carrier who shall knowingly or negligently receive game for transportation contrary to the provisions of this act shall be liable to a penalty of twenty-five dollars for each offense

Section 9 That from and after the passage of this act it shall be unlawful for any person in this Commonwealth to breed or sell ferrets or in any manner to offer to sell ferrets or to have such animals in possession except by virtue of a license to be issued by the Board of Game Commissioners of this Commonwealth which said license may be issued by the Board of Game Commissioners upon application made by any person and the payment of twenty-five dollars upon the part of a breeder of or dealer in ferrets and one dollar upon the part of such person as may desire to own a ferret without breeding same Each and every person violating any provision of this section shall upon conviction be liable to a penalty of twenty-five dollars for each ferret bred for sale sold or in any manner offered for sale or had in possession contrary to the provisions of this section Each and every ferret found in possession of any person in this Commonwealth contrary to the provisions of this section shall upon conviction of such person or his acknowledgment of guilt be immediately destroyed by any officer of the State whose duty it is to protect the game and wild birds of this Commonwealth and it shall be the right of any citizen of the Commonwealth to kill a ferret when found at large and beyond the control of its owner

Section 10 It shall be unlawful for any person in this Commonwealth to take or kill or wound or to attempt to take or kill or wound any game bird protected by this act or any deer or bear or rabbit or hare or squirrel except through the use of a gun held in the hands of the hunter Provided That as a protection to growing crops vegetables and fruit trees rabbits may be killed by the owner or lessee of lands or by the employe of such owner or lessee upon which lands such animals may be committing depredations at any time and in such manner as may be best suited to secure the desired end

Provided also That it shall be lawful to use steel traps not to exceed in size a standard No. 3 in this Commonwealth for the purpose of taking wild cats and other wild animals classed as vermin so long as such traps are not set where rabbits and other protected game may be caught in such traps

Each and every person violating any provision of this section shall upon conviction be liable to a penalty of one hundred dollars for each deer and fifty dollars for each bear and ten dollars for each rabbit or hare or squirrel and twenty-five dollars for each game bird killed or wounded or attempted to be killed or wounded contrary to the provisions of this Section

Section 11 Each and every magistrate justice of the peace and alderman within this Commonwealth shall have the power of summary conviction in matters pertaining to violation of any of the provisions of this act All actions for violations of any of the provisions of this act except where the defendant is taken in the act of violating the law or in a pursuit immediately following such violation shall be commenced by affidavit made within two years after the date of such violation and any magistrate justice of the peace or alderman in this Commonwealth on complaint made before him by affidavit by one or more persons of a violation of any of the provisions of this act by any person is hereby authorized and required to issue his warrant under his hand and seal directed to any constable police officer game protector or any officer of the Commonwealth whose duty it is to protect the game and wild birds of the Commonwealth and cause such person to be brought before him such magistrate justice of the peace or alderman who shall hear the evidence and determine the guilt or innocence of the person accused and if such person be convicted of the offense charged he shall be sentenced to pay the full penalty prescribed by the section violated together with the costs of prosecution All penalties thus recovered in cases where the prosecutor is a salaried officer of the Commonwealth shall be immediately surrendered by the court receiving the same to the prosecutor who in turn as soon as may be shall forward or deliver such amount in full to the secretary of the Board of Game Commissioners at Harrisburg Where any citizen of the Commonwealth other than a salaried officer is the prosecutor one-half of any penalty thus collected shall be paid to such prosecutor by the court receiving the same and the remaining one-half shall be as soon as the case is fully determined before him forwarded by such magistrate justice of the peace or alderman to the Secretary of the Board of Game Commissioners at Harrisburg together with a statement of the cause for which such money shall have been collected the cost of which statement is hereby fixed at fifty cents and made a part of the costs of prosecution and it shall be the duty of said Secretary of the Board of Game Commissioners to at least once a month make return of moneys thus collected to the State Treasurer who shall keep the moneys thus collected as a fund separate and apart solely for the purpose of wild bird and game protection and for the purchase and propagation of game under the supervision of the Board of Game Commissioners of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and for the payment of bounties under the provisions of law The several purposes to which the fund so received by the State Treasurer shall be applied to be clearly designated by an act of the Legislature either in the general appropriation act or by separate appropriation for the payment of bounties Either the prosecutor or defendant being dissatisfied with the finding of the magistrate justice of the peace or alderman in a trial for a violation of any provision of this act shall be entitled to an appeal under the provisions of section fourteen of article five of the Constitution and the laws of Pennsylvania relating thereto which said court on the conviction of the defendant of such offense and his failure to pay the penalty in full imposed by this act together with the costs of prosecution shall commit such defendant to the common jail of the county for one day for each dollar of penalty imposed Provided That any person caught in the act or charged with a violation of any provisions of this act may at his discretion either before or after the bringing of the suit sign an acknowledgment of the offense committed and pay to any duly authorized game protector or deputy game protector the penalty in full as fixed by the section violated together with costs if any to date and the receipt which he shall receive therefrom and which in all instances shall bear the imprint of the seal of the Board of Game Commissioners and the signature of its Secretary shall be evidence of full satisfaction of the offense committed

Section 12 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act insofar as they relate to the various subjects and conditions considered by this act and specifically changed by its provisions are hereby repealed

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. HERMAN. Mr. Speaker, I move that the vote by which this bill passed third reading be reconsidered.

Mr. BENNINGER. I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the motion?

Mr. PHILLIPS. Mr. Speaker, I object to the reconsidera tion of this vote and would like to have the gentleman state his reasons for this.

The SPEAKER. The question is on the reconsideration of the vote.

The Speaker declared that the ayes appeared to have it.

Whereupon,

A division was called for and 63 gentlemen having voted in the affirmative and 66 in the negative, the motion was not agreed to.

Mr. HERMAN. Mr. Speaker, I offer the following motion:

The SPEAKER. The motion will be read for information.

The Clerk read the motion as follows:

Moved by Mr. Herman and seconded by Mr. Showalter that the House go into the Committee of the Whole for the purpose of special amendment to House Bill No. 119, entitled:

An Act to provide for the better protection and preservation of game game-quadrupeds and game-birds in Pennsylvania and prescribing penalties for violation of its several provisions

The SPEAKER. The Chair informs the gentleman that the motion is out of order as you cannot go into the committee of the whole on final passage. This bill is on final passage and the motion to reconsider the vote by which it passed third reading has just been defeated.

On the question recurring.

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—111.

Albee,	Dunn,	Landis,	Scott,
Alcorn,	Eby,	Lauer,	Shoop,
Arnold,	Evans,	Lauler,	Sinclair,
Arthur,	Fackler,	Leighner,	Smith, Jeff. W.,
Baker,	Finnerty,	Lipschutz,	[illegible],
Baldwin,	Forster,	Lynch,	Stahler,
Barnett,	Fretz,	Mangan,	Staving,
Bauerle,	Geary,	McArdle,	Steedle,
Beck,	Gingery,	McCaig,	Stern,
Benn,	Glass,	McClintock,	Swan,
Bergy,	Glenn,	McConnell,	Twibill,
Blackburn,	Goodnough,	McDermott,	Vickerman,
Bovee,	Goodwin,	McNichol,	Wagner,
Brosius,	Goodyear,	McVicar,	Walsh,
Brumbaugh,	Gormley,	Mearkle,	Walter,
Bungard,	Gransback,	Milliron,	Walton,
Campbell, J. O.,	Habgood,	Murdoch,	Weir,
Campbell, T.,	Hackett,	Myers,	Whitaker.
Coldsmith,	Hamilton,	Neville,	Whitten,
Conner,	Harper,	Nieder,	Willard,
Corbin,	Heffernan,	Ostrander,	Wilson, H. I.,
Cox,	Heyburn,	Phillips,	Wilson, W. H.,
Cromer,	Hollingsworth,	Pickering,	Wobensmith,
Cummins,	Horton,	Reel,	Wood,
Curry,	Howarth,	Reynolds,	Woodward,
Dell,	Jack,	Rininger.	Wylie,
Dodds,	Kitts,	Roney,	Ambler,
Drinkhouse,	Klinger,	Sampsel,	Speaker.

NAYS—64.

Adams,	Gompers,	McKay,	Showalter,
Aron,	Herman,	Metzenbacher,	Smith, J. W.,
Becker,	Hess,	Murphy,	Sones,
Benninger,	Hibshman,	Nissley,	Spencer,
Beyer,	Hubler,	Palmer,	Stone,
Body,	Jones, E. E.,	Peters,	Swartz,
Brownlee,	Jones, W. W.,	Powell,	Taylor,
Christman,	Kaiser,	Ramsey,	Thomas,
Davis,	Kunkle,	Rhoads,	Trach,
Dawson,	Lafferty,	Rinn,	Urich,
Diefenderfer,	Lanius,	Robertson,	Watson,
Ehrhardt,	Luppert,	Rothenberger,	West,
Eppley,	Luxemburger,	Rudisill,	Wildman,
Gallagher,	Marvin,	Sarig,	Williams,
Garner,	Mather,	Schaeffer,	Wynne,
Geiser,	Maurer,	Shaaber,	Young,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to introduce a series of seven bills which carries out the Administration scheme of Workingmen's Compensation, and ask that the same be referred at once.

The SPEAKER. Is there any objection? The Chair hears none and the bills will be received and referred.

BILLS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED.

By Mr. W. H. WILSON. House Bill No. 929.

An Act defining the liability of an employer to pay damages for injuries received by an employe in the course of employment establishing an elective schedule of compensation and providing procedure for the determination of liability and compensation thereunder.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. W. H. WILSON. House Bill No. 930.

An Act to provide for the administration of the Workmen's Compensation Act of one thousand nine hundred and fifteen by creating the Bureau of Workmen's Compensation of the Department of Labor and Industry providing for the establishment of Workmen's Compensation Board to have charge of such bureau authorizing the division of the Commonwealth into workmen's compensation districts and the appointment of workmen's compensation referees defining the powers and duties of the Commissioner of Labor and Industry the Bureau of Workmen's Compensation the Workmen's Compensation Board the workmen's compensation referees and the factory inspectors of the Department of Labor and Industry in enforcing the said act and fixing the salaries of the members of the Workmen's Compensation Board the workmen's compensation referees and certain of their employes and assistants.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. W. H. WILSON. House Bill No. 931.

An Act providing for the creation and administration of a State fund for the insurance of compensation for injuries to employes of subscribers thereto.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. W. H. WILSON. House Bill No. 932.

An Act regulating policies of insurance against liability arising under Article three of the act entitled "An Act entitled 'An Act defining the liability of an employer to pay damages for injuries received by an employe in the course of employment establishing an elective schedule of compensation and regulation procedure for the determination of liability and compensation thereunder' approved the day of Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and fifteen providing for the regulation of premium rates therefor and providing penalties for the violation thereof"

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. W. H. WILSON. House Bill No. 933.

An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of employers' liability insurance associations and for the licensing of foreign mutual liability insurance companies

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. W. H. WILSON. House Bill No. 934.

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act defining the liability of an employer to pay damages for injuries received by an employe in the course of employment establishing an elective schedule of compensation and regulating procedure for the determination of liability and compensation thereunder" approved the day of Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and fifteen to exempt domestic servants and agricultural workers from the provisions thereof.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. W. H. WILSON. House Bill No. 935.

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to section twenty-one of Article three of the Constitution of Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. ADAMS asked and received unanimous consent to report a bill from committee at this time.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. ADAMS, from the Committee on Military, reported as amended House Bill No. 383, entitled:

An Act providing for the organization discipline maintenance and regulation of the militia of the Commonwealth.

BILL REMAINS ON CALENDAR.

The SPEAKER asked and received unanimous consent to allow House Bill No. 406, entitled:

An Act to clarify the statute law of the Commonwealth by repealing certain acts and parts of acts of Assembly which are obsolete expired supplied superseded repealed by implication or declared unconstitutional

to remain on the Calendar for another week.

BILL ON FINAL PASSAGE POSTPONED.

Agreeably to order.

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 150, entitled:

An Act relating to the appointment of persons to the engineering electrical and fire departments in cities of the third class constituting a civil service board in relation thereto providing for and regulating examinations the manner of appointments and the manner and power of removal of employes of said departments and providing a method of fixing a compensation of a secretary

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. WALTON. Mr. Speaker, I move that the vote by which this bill passed third reading be reconsidered.

Mr. HARPER. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. WALTON. Mr. Speaker, I move that this bill be recommitted to the Committee on Municipal Corporations for the purpose of amendment.

Mr. HARPER. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 197, as follows:

An Act to amend section one thousand three hundred ten of an act entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith" approved the eighteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section one thousand three hundred ten of an act entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith" approved the eighteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred eleven which reads as follows

"Section 1310 The Superintendent of Public Instruction shall select such places and times for holding examinations for permanent State certificates as will in his judgment reasonably accommodate all parts of the Commonwealth The Superintendent of Public Instruction shall annually appoint an Examining Board of superintendents or teachers who are holders of State certificates for each place where such examinations are to be held The members of said Examining Boards shall be reimbursed by the State for all expenses necessarily incurred in conducting such examinations but shall receive no further compensation therefor" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 1310 The Superintendent of Public Instruction shall select such places and times for holding examinations for permanent State certificates as will in his judgment reasonably accommodate all parts of the Commonwealth The Superintendent of Public Instruction shall annually appoint an Examining Board of superintendents or teachers who are holders of State certificates for each place where such examinations are to be held The members of said Examining Boards shall be reimbursed by the State for all expenses necessarily incurred in conducting said examination and shall receive reasonable compensation for the labor involved No applicant for a permanent State certificate shall be charged an examination fee

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—159.

Adams,	Gingery,	McClintock,	Smith, Jeff. W.,
Albee,	Glass,	McClure,	Smith, L.,
Alcorn,	Glenn	McCurdy,	Spangler,
Arnold,	Gompers,	McDermott,	Spencer,
Baldwin,	Goodyear,	McNichol,	Statler,
Beck,	Gormley,	McVicar,	Staving,
Becker,	Graham,	Mearkle,	Steedle,
Benninger,	Gransback,	Milliron,	Stern,
Bergy,	Greenwood,	Murdoch,	Stone,
Berntheizel,	Hackett,	Murphy,	Swan,
Beyer,	Hamilton,	Myers,	Swartz,
Blackburn,	Harper,	Neville,	Thomas,
Body,	Heffernan,	Nieder,	Trach,
Brownlee,	Heyburn,	Nissley,	Twibill,
Bungard,	Hibshman,	Oaks,	Urich,
Campbell, T.,	Hollingsworth,	Palmer,	Vickerman,
Christman,	Howarth,	Perry,	Wagner,
Coldsmith,	Hubler,	Peters,	Walsh,
Conner,	Jack,	Phillips,	Walton,
Corbin,	Jones, E. E.,	Pickering,	Watson,
Cox,	Jones, W. W.,	Powell,	Weaver,
Cromer,	Kaiser,	Ramsey,	Weimer,
Curry,	Kitts,	Reel,	Weir,
Davis,	Klinger,	Reynolds,	West,
Dawson,	Kunkle,	Rhoads,	Wettach,
Dell,	Lafferty,	Rininger,	Whitaker,
Diefenderfer,	Lanius,	Rinn,	Whitten,
Dodds,	Lauer,	Robertson,	Wildman,
Drinkhouse,	Lauler,	Roney,	Willard,
Eby,	Lipschutz,	Rothenberger,	Williams,
Ehrhardt,	Love,	Rowell,	Wilson, H. I.,
Erdman,	Luppert,	Sampsel,	Wilson, W. H.,
Evans,	Luxemburger,	Schaeffer,	Wobensmith,
Fackler,	Lynch,	Scott,	Wood,
Forster,	Mangan,	Shaaber,	Woodward,
Fretz,	Marvin,	Shaffer,	Wylie,
Fruit,	Mather,	Shoop,	Wynne,
Gallagher,	Maurer,	Showalter,	Young,
Gans,	McArdle,	Sinclair,	Ambler,
Geiser,	McCaig,	Smith, J. W.,	Speaker.

NAYS—8.

Baker,	Campbell, J. O.,	Goodnough,	Ostrander,
Brosius,	Eppley,	Leighner,	Sones,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 683, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Trustees of the State Hospital for the Insane at Danville Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—188.

Adams,	Fretz,	Lynch,	Shaffer,
Albee,	Fruit,	Mangan,	Shoop,
Alcorn,	Gallagher,	Marvin,	Showalter,
Arnold,	Gans,	Mather,	Sinclair,
Aron,	Garner,	McArdle,	Smith, J. W.,
Arthur,	Geary,	McCaig,	Smith, Jeff. W.,
Baker,	Geiser,	McClintock,	Smith, L.,
Baldwin,	Gibson,	McClure,	Sones,
Barnett,	Gingery,	McConnell,	Spangler,
Bauerle,	Glass,	McCurdy,	Spencer,
Beck,	Gompers,	McDermott,	Statler,
Becker,	Goodyear,	McKay,	Staving,
Benn,	Gormley,	McNichol,	Steedle,
Benninger,	Graham,	McVicar,	Stern,
Bergy,	Gransback,	Mearkle,	Stone,
Berntheizel,	Greenwood,	Metzenbacher,	Swan,
Beyer,	Habgood,	Milliron,	Swartz,
Blackburn,	Hackett,	Murdoch,	Thomas,
Body,	Hamilton,	Murphy,	Trach,
Bovee,	Harper,	Myers,	Twibill,
Brosius,	Heffernan,	Neville,	Urich,
Brownlee,	Herman,	Nieder,	Vickerman,
Brumbaugh,	Hess,	Nissley,	Wagner,
Bungard,	Heyburn,	Oaks,	Walsh,
Campbell, J. O.,	Hibshman,	Ostrander,	Walter,
Campbell, T.,	Hollern,	Palmer,	Walton,
Christman,	Hollingsworth,	Perry,	Watson,
Coldsmith,	Horton,	Peters,	Weaver,
Conner,	Howarth,	Phillips,	Weimer,
Corbin,	Hubler,	Pickering,	Weir,
Cox,	Jack,	Powell,	West,
Cromer,	Jones, E. E.,	Ramsey,	Wettach,
Cummins,	Jones, W. W.,	Reel,	Whitaker,
Curry,	Kitts,	Reynolds,	Whitten,
Davis,	Klinger,	Rhoads,	Wildman,
Dawson,	Kuhn,	Rininger,	Willard,
Dell,	Kunkle,	Rinn,	Williams,
Diefenderfer,	Lafferty,	Robertson,	Wilson, H. I.,
Dodds,	Lanius,	Roney,	Wilson, W. H.,
Drinkhouse,	Lauer,	Rothenberger,	Wobensmith,
Dunn,	Lauler,	Rowell,	Wood,
Eby,	Leighner,	Rudisill,	Woodward,
Ehrhardt,	Lindsey,	Sampsel,	Wylie,
Eppley,	Lipschutz,	Sarig,	Wynne,
Erdman,	Love,	Schaeffer,	Young,
Evans,	Luppert,	Scott,	Ambler,
Fackler,	Luxemburger,	Shaaber,	Speaker.
Finnerty,			
Forster,			

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

BILL SIGNED BY SPEAKER.

The speaker announced that the Chief Clerk having reported that the following bill had passed both houses of the General Assembly and the same being correct, the title was publicly read as follows:

House Bill No. 213:

An Act validating certain ordinances of cities and boroughs and the contracts or payments made in pursuance thereof

Whereupon,

The Speaker in the presence of the House signed the same.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 274, entitled:

An Act amending section two thousand and thirty-five of an act entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith" approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven and relating to the management of State Normal Schools purchased by the Commonwealth

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—124.

Adams,	Fretz,	Lauler,	Sarig,
Alexander,	Fruit,	Leighner,	Scott,
Aron,	Gallagher,	Luppert,	Shaaber,
Baldwin,	Gans,	Luxemburger,	Shoop,
Beck,	Geary,	Lynch,	Sinclair,
Becker,	Gingery,	Mangan,	Smith, J. W.,
Benninger,	Glass,	Mather,	Smith, L.,
Bergy,	Glenn,	Maurer,	Snyder,
Berntheizel,	Gompers,	McArdle,	Spangler,
Beyer,	Goodwin,	McClure,	Spencer,
Blackburn,	Goodyear,	McCurdy,	Statler,
Body,	Gormley,	McDermott,	Staving,
Brownlee,	Graham,	McKay,	Steedle,
Brumbaugh,	Gransback,	Mearkle,	Stein,
Bungard,	Greenwood,	Metzenbacher,	Stone,
Campbell, J. O.,	Hackett,	Milliron,	Swartz,
Coldsmith,	Harper,	Murdoch,	Thomas,
Conner,	Heffernan,	Murphy,	Urich,
Corbin,	Herman,	Neville,	Vickerman,
Cox,	Hess,	Nissley,	Walton,
Cromer,	Heyburn,	Oaks,	Weimer,
Curry,	Hibshman,	Phillips,	Wettach,
Davis,	Hoffman,	Pickering,	Whitaker,
Dawson,	Hollingsworth,	Powell,	Whitten,
Dodds,	Horton,	Ramsey,	Wildman,
Drinkhouse,	Howarth,	Reel,	Willard,
Dunn	Hubler,	Reynolds,	Wylie,
Ehrhardt,	Kaiser,	Rininger,	Wynne,
Eppley,	Kitts,	Robertson,	Young.
Fackler,	Klinger,	Rothenberger,	Ambler,
Finnert[illegible]	Kunkle,	Rudisill,	Speaker.

NAYS—37.

Albee,	Evans,	Myers,	Stern,
Arnold,	Goodnough,	Nieder,	Swan,
Arthur,	Jack,	Ostrander,	Taylor,
Baker,	Jones, E. E.,	Palmer,	Tyibill,
Bauerle,	Lanius,	Perry,	Weir,
Brosius,	Lauer,	Sampsel,	West,
Campbell, T.,	Marvin,	Shaffer,	Williams,
Cummins,	McConnell,	Showalter,	Wilson, H. T.,
Diefenderfer,	McNichol,	Sones,	Wobensmith,
Eby,			

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 166, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation for the payment of the deficiency which has arisen under the provisions of an act approved the thirteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled "An Act to authorize county commissioners for the purpose of encouraging agriculture and the holding of county agricultural exhibitions to pay annually one thousand dollars to the incorporated agricultural association paying premiums on agricultural exhibits holding an annual exhibition in the county providing for the filing of sworn statement by the claimant or claimants with the county commissioners relative to said exhibition and providing for the repayment to the county by the State of the sum so paid"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of seventeen thousand seven hundred fifty-one and fourteen one hundredths dollars $17,751.14) or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated for the payment of the deficiency which has arisen under the provisions of an act approved the thirteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled "An Act to authorize county commissioners for the purpose of encouraging agriculture and holding of county agricultural exhibitions to pay annually one thousand dollars to the incorporated agricultural association paying premiums on agricultural exhibits holding an annual exhibition in the county providing for the filing of sworn statement by the claimant or claimants with the county commissioners relative to said exhibition and providing for the repayment to the county by the State of the sum so paid

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—187.

Adams,	Gallagher,	Marvin,	Showalter,
Albee,	Gans,	Mather,	Sinclair,
Alcorn,	Garner,	Maurer,	Smith, J. W.,
Alexander,	Geary,	McArdle,	Smith, Jeff. W.,
Arnold,	Geiser,	McCaig,	Smith, L.,
Aron,	Gingery,	McClintock,	Snyder,
Arthur,	Glass,	McClure,	Sones,
Baker,	Glenn,	McConnell,	Spangler,
Baldwin,	Gompers,	McCurdy,	Spencer,
Barnett,	Goodnough,	McDermott,	Statler,
Bauerle,	Goodwin,	McKay,	Staving,
Beck,	Goodyear,	McNichol,	Steedle,
Becker,	Graham,	McVicar,	Stern,
Benn,	Gransback,	Mearkle,	Stone,
Berntheizel,	Greenwood,	Metzenbacher,	Swan
Beyer,	Habgood,	Milliron,	Swartz,
Blackburn,	Hamilton,	Murdoch,	Taylor,
Body,	Harper,	Murphy,	Thomas,
Bovee,	Heffernan,	Myers,	Trach,
Brosius,	Herman,	Neville,	Tyibill,
Brownlee,	Hess,	Nieder,	Urich,
Brumbaugh,	Heyburn,	Nissley,	Vogdes,
Bungard,	Hibshman,	Oaks,	Wagner,
Campbell, J. O.,	Hoffman,	Ostrander,	Walsh,
Christman,	Hollingsworth,	Palmer,	Walter,
Conner,	Horton,	Perry,	Walton,
Cox,	Howarth,	Peters,	Watson,
Cromer,	Hubler,	Phillips,	Weaver,
Cummins,	Jack,	Powell,	Weimer,
Curry,	Jones, E. E.,	Ramsey,	Weir,
Davis,	Jones, W. W.,	Reel,	West,
Dawson,	Kaiser,	Reynolds,	Wettach,
Dell,	Kitts,	Rhoads,	Whitaker,
Diefenderfer,	Klinger,	Rininger,	Whitten,
Dodds,	Kunkle,	Rinn,	Wildman,
Drinkhouse,	Lafferty,	Robertson,	Willard,
Dunn,	Landis,	Roney,	Williams,
Eby,	Lanius,	Rothenberger,	Wilson, H. T.
Ehrhardt,	Lauer,	Rowell,	Wilson, W. H.,
Eppley,	Lauler,	Rudisill,	Wobensmith,
Evans,	Leighner,	Sampsel,	Wood,
Fackler,	Lipschutz,	Sarig,	Woodward,
Finnerty,	Love,	Schaeffer,	Wylie,
Forster,	Luppert,	Scott,	Wynne,
Fretz,	Luxemburger,	Shaaber,	Young,
Fruit,	Lynch,	Shaffer,	Ambler,
	Mangan,	Shoop,	Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Mr. HABGOOD called up House Bill No. 317 on page 8 of tonight's Calendar, Bills on Third Reading Postponed.

Agreeably to order.

The House resumed the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 317, entitled:

An Act to repeal an act approved the twenty-sixth day of April one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three entitled "An Act relative to the eligibility of candidates for the office of district attorney"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. FORSTER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to interrogate the sponsor of this bill.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Forster, desires to interrogate the gentleman from McKean, Mr. Habgood. Will the gentleman permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. HABGOOD. Mr. Speaker, yes, sir.

Mr. FORSTER. Mr. Speaker, I desire the gentleman from McKean to explain what the purpose of this bill is and what does it bring about?

Mr. HABGOOD. Mr. Speaker, I will, in answer to that question, read the bill which it repeals. It consists only of about seven lines. The bill was passed in 1883 which provided as follows: "That no person shall be eligible to the office of District Attorney of any county within this Commonwealth unless he shall be admitted to practice for two years preceding his election. It simply provides that any attorney who has been admitted to the bar and who has practiced law for a period of two years is eligible. It applies to the smaller counties.

They must be learned in the law, and of course that is up to the people. They have to elect their district attorneys.

Mr. FORSTER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to further interrogate the gentleman from McKean, Mr. Habgood.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from McKean, Mr. Habgood, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. HABGOOD. Certainly, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. FORSTER. Mr. Speaker, will not this bill if passed render any person eligible to the office of District Attorney whether he is a member of the bar or not?

Mr. HABGOOD. Mr. Speaker, I would absolutely and positively say not. He must be admitted to practice in the courts of the counties of this state, but it does say he must have been admitted for so many years.

Mr. FORSTER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to further interrogate the gentleman from McKean, Mr. Habgood.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from McKean, Mr. Habgood, permit himself to be further interrogated?

Mr. HABGOOD. Certainly, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. FORSTER. Mr. Speaker, under the law as it stands, or after this act passes, under what act of assembly would it be that a person would be a candidate for district attorney?

Mr. HABGOOD. In the absence of any act, a person simply would be in a absurd position to be a candidate for district attorney unless he were an attorney practicing in the courts of the various counties. If any undertaker or hardware dealer or grocer ran for district attorney he would not be elected by the people and before he could be a candidate for the office without any law at all he would have to be a practicing attorney or else the people would not elect him.

Mr. FORSTER. Mr. Speaker, I would like to interrogate the gentleman from McKean, further.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from McKean, Mr. Habgood, permit himself to be further interrogated.

Mr. HABGOOD. Certainly, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. FORSTER. Mr. Speaker, then except for the ridiculousness of the proposition, there would be nothing in the law of Pennsylvania to prevent any undertaker or butcher or baker from being elected to the office of district attorney. Is that correct?

Mr. HABGOOD. Mr. Speaker, the people would prevent their being elected to the office of district attorney. Of course they would. He would have to be admitted to the bar as before, before he could be a candidate, and the people are just as much to be trusted as this House, because they elected this House.

Mr. FORSTER. Mr. Speaker, I heartily agree with the sponsor of the bill that so far as the repealing of the restriction of two years' practice before being eligible for this office of district attorney is concerned, is probably a very good thing, yet I do feel that there should be some restrictions in the law which would limit the office of district attorney to men learned in the law. Now, in the absence of any such provision, while I have the utmost faith in the common sense of the electorate of any district, I do feel that we should be very careful to put some restriction in which would guard against the possibility of anything of the sort which I have mentioned from happening. As the bill now stands I do not believe that there is any restriction whatever on the eligibility of a candidate for district attorney. I do not feel that I would want to pass this bill unless it is amended in some way to provide for this, and as it stands now I do not think that this bill should be passed.

Mr. GOODWIN. Mr. Speaker, it appears to me as though this is an ill-advised piece of legislation. It proposes to repeal the Act of 1883 which requires that a candidate for district attorney shall have been admitted to the bar for at least two years. It simply proposes to repeal that act without providing any qualifications as to being admitted to the bar, or any experience by him whatever. Before the act of 1850 and since that time he has performed the duties of deputy attorney general. In 1852 that qualification was reduced to one year before being admitted to the bar. In the County of Dauphin, it was repealed in 1853 but after a few years by the act of 1883 the two years' qualification at the bar was required and it has been in that condition ever since. Now this bill repeals the act of 1883 without requiring any experience whatever at the bar. It is in line with the bill which proposed to allow high schools to confer academic degrees without large qualifications. It is not in harmony with the progressive spirit of the times. Our schools are extending their courses; our medical colleges, our law colleges—and this bill proposes to let down the bars and allow a man as soon as he is admitted to the bar with no qualifications whatever to be an eligible candidate for district attorney. This should not be. The office of district attorney is an important one; he represents the Commonwealth in all criminal prosecutions; he is the legal advised of the Grand Jury and signs all bills of indictment, and should be a man of some experience. I think this House should not repeal the act of 1883 and let down the bars and let any boy when he was simply admitted to the bar without any experience whatever be eligible to the office of district attorney.

Mr. FLYNN. Mr. Speaker, it must appear to the members of the House that this qualification to the office in the act which this seeks to repeal is a very trivial one,—the fact that an attorney must practice in the courts two years before he can be elected to the office of district attorney. No one believes for a minute that the people are not competent to pass on who their district attorney should be without this petty qualification of two years practice in the courts. I say this act is trivial and should not have been written into our statutes. The fact is that in very many of the smaller counties of the state we find trouble in getting candidates for this office—an office tnat pays four to six hundred dollars a year—and as a rule it is given to some young lawyer just out of school, and we are glad to find such men to take the place. This act very often stands in the way to find a candidate who will accept the office, and that is why we ask for the repeal of this act. It is a trivial qualification. No one assumes that in the larger counties, such as the County of Philadelphia, represented by the gentleman who first raised the question will elect a district attorney who is not qualified by practice in the courts to hold the office, and I do not believe that the County of Venango, notwithstanding the great alarm of the member from there will elect a district attorney to serve in that position who is not competent. Why not pass this repealer, and leave the matter in the hands of the people. It is only in the smaller counties of the State, as I said, where they have trouble in finding candidates for this office.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—97.

Adams,	Flynn,	Luxemburger,	Shaffer,
Albee,	Fretz,	Mangan,	Smith, J. W.,
Alcorn,	Gallagher,	Maurer,	Smith, Jeff. W.
Alexander,	Gans,	McArdle,	Spencer,
Aron,	Gingery,	McCaig,	Statler,
Baldwin,	Gompers,	McKay,	Staving,
Benn,	Goodnough,	McNichol,	Steedle,
Bergy,	Graham,	Mearkle,	Stern,
Beyer,	Gransback,	Milliron,	Swan,
Body,	Greenwood,	Murdoch,	Swartz,
Bovee,	Habgood,	Murphy,	Thomas,
Christman,	Hamilton,	Neville,	Vickerman,
Conner,	Heffernan,	Nieder,	Weimer,
Cox,	Herman,	Nissley,	Weir,
Cummins,	Heyburn,	Ostrander,	West,
Dawson,	Hollingsworth,	Perry,	Wettach,
Dell,	Howarth,	Phillips,	Whitaker,
Diefenderfer,	Jones, W. W.,	Powell,	Whitten,
Dodds,	Kitts,	Ramsey,	Wildman,

Dunn,	Klinger,	Reynolds,	Wilson, H. L.,
Ehrhardt,	Lafferty,	Rininger,	Wilson, W. H.,
Erdman,	Lauler,	Rinn,	Young,
Fackler,	Lipschutz,	Rowell,	Ambler,
Finnerty,	Luppert,	Shaaber,	Speaker.

NAYS—80.

Arnold,	Eppley,	Kunkle,	Sampsel,
Arthur,	Evans,	Lanius,	Sarig,
Baker,	Forster,	Lauer,	Schaeffer,
Bauerle,	Fruit,	Leighner,	Scott,
Beck,	Garner,	Lynch,	Shoop,
Benninger,	Geiser,	Marvin,	Showalter,
Berntheizel,	Glass,	Mather	Sinclair,
Blackburn,	Glenn,	McClure,	Smith, L.,
Brosius,	Goodwin,	McConnell,	Sones,
Brownlee,	Goodyear,	McCurdy,	Spangler,
Brumbaugh,	Gormley,	McVicar,	Stone,
Bungard,	Harper,	Metzenbacher,	Trach,
Campbell, J. O.,	Hess,	Myers,	Twibill,
Campbell, T.,	Hibshman,	Oaks,	Walsh,
Coldsmith,	Hoffman,	Palmer,	Walter,
Corbin,	Horton,	Reel,	Williams,
Cromer,	Hubler,	Rhoads,	Wobensmith,
Davis,	Jack,	Roney,	Wood,
Drinkhouse,	Jones, E. E.,	Rothenberger,	Wylie,
Eby,	Kaiser,	Rudisill,	Wynne,

Less than the majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the negative and the bill falls.

SENATE MESSAGE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced presented extracts from the Journal of the Senate which were laid on the table.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 414, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Legislative Reference Bureau to continue the work commenced under the provisions of an act approved the twentieth day of May one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act directing the Legislative Reference Bureau to prepare compilations of codes by topics of the existing general laws of this Commonwealth for adoption or rejection by the General Assembly fixing the powers and duties of the bureau therein fixing the compensation of the assistant director and making an appropriation therefor" fixing the powers and duties of the bureau therein fixing the duties and compensation of the assistant director and making an appropriation

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—196.

Adams,	Fretz,	Luppert,	Shaaber,
Albee,	Fruit,	Luxemburger,	Shaffer,
Alcorn,	Gallagher,	Lynch,	Shoop,
Alexander,	Gans,	Mangan,	Showalter,
Arnold,	Garner,	Marvin,	Sinclair,
Aron,	Geary,	Mather,	Smith, J. W.,
Arthur,	Geiser,	Maurer,	Smith, Jeff. W.
Baldwin,	Gingery,	McArdle,	Smith, L.,
Bauerle,	Glass,	McCaig,	Snyder,
Beck,	Glenn,	McClintock,	Sones,
Becker,	Gompers,	McClure,	Spangler,
Benn,	Goodnough,	McConnell,	Spencer,
Benninger,	Goodwin,	McCurdy,	Statler,
Bergy,	Goodyear,	McDermott,	Staving,
Berntheizel,	Gormley,	McKay,	Steedle,
Beyer,	Graham,	McNichol,	Stern,
Blackburn,	Gransback,	McVicar,	Stone,
Body,	Greenwood,	Mearkle,	Swan,
Bovee,	Habgood,	Metzenbacher,	Swartz,
Brosius,	Hackett,	Milliron,	Taylor,
Brownlee,	Hamilton,	Murdoch,	Thomas,
Brumbaugh,	Harper,	Murphy,	Trach,
Bungard,	Heffernan,	Myers,	Twibill,
Campbell, J. O.,	Herman,	Neville,	Urich,
Campbell, T.,	Hess,	Nieder,	Vickerman,
Christman,	Heyburn,	Nissley,	Wagner,
Coldsmith,	Hibshman,	Oaks,	Walsh,
Conner,	Hoffman,	Ostrander,	Walter,
Corbin,	Hollern,	Palmer,	Walton,
Cox,	Hollingsworth,	Perry,	Watson,
Cromer,	Horton,	Peters,	Weaver,
Cummins,	Howarth,	Phillips,	Weimer,
Curry,	Hubler,	Pickering,	Weir,
Davis,	Jack,	Powell,	West,
Dawson,	Jones, E. E.,	Ramsey,	Wettach,
Dell,	Jones, W. W.,	Reel,	Whitaker,
Diefenderfer,	Kaiser,	Reynolds,	Whitten,
Dodds,	Kitts,	Rhoads,	Wildman,
Drinkhouse,	Klinger,	Rininger,	Willard,
Dunn,	Kunkle,	Rinn,	Williams,
Eby,	Lafferty,	Robertson,	Wilson, H. L.,
Ehrhardt,	Landis,	Roney,	Wilson, W. H.,
Eppley,	Lanius,	Rothenberger,	Wobensmith,
Erdman,	Lauer,	Rowell,	Wood,
Evans,	Lauler,	Rudisill,	Woodward,
Fackler,	Leighner,	Sampsel,	Wylie,
Finnerty,	Lindsey,	Sarig,	Wynne,
Flynn,	Lipschutz,	Schaeffer,	Young,
Forster,	Love,	Scott,	Ambler, Speaker.

NAYS—2.

Baker, Barnett,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

The SPEAKER. The Chair will at this time clear the table.

The Clerk read as follows:

SENATE MESSAGE.

RESOLUTIONS FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, presented the following extract from the Journal of the Senate, which was read as follows, viz:

In the Senate, March 15, 1915.

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That Senate Bill No. 29, entitled "An Act amending section eight of an act entitled 'An Act to establish a county court for the County of Allegheny, and prescribing its powers and duties; regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof,' approved the fifth day of May, one thousand nine hundred and eleven, by changing the practice of the court with regard to trial by jury and further amending section nine of said act as supplemented and amended by section four of an act approved April the second, one thousand nine hundred and thirteen, and by section one of an act approved May the twenty-third, one thousand nine hundred and thirteen, by providing that appeals from the judgment of the court in all civil actions shall be taken by leave of the court of common pleas and prescribing the practice and the powers of the court of common pleas in such cases," be recalled from the Governor for purpose of amendment.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for its concurrence.

On the question,

Will the House concur in the resolution?

It was concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

Also the following:

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, presented the following extract from the Journal of the Senate, which was read as follows, viz:

TIME OF NEXT MEETING.

In the Senate, March 15, 1915.

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That when the Senate adjourns this week it shall be to reconvene on Monday evening, March twenty-second, at nine thirty o'clock, and that when the House of Representatives adjourns this week it shall be to reconvene on Monday evening, March twenty-second, at nine o'clock.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

On the question,

Will the House concur in the resolution?

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I move to amend the resolution so that when the House adjourns it be to meet at eight o'clock on next Monday evening instead of nine o'clock.

Mr. HEYBURN. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was not agreed to.

On the question recurring,

Will the House concur in the resolution of the Senate?

It was concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

The SPEAKER. The Chair asks unanimous consent to pass over the balance of the third reading bills and go on the bills on second reading in order to have a calendar tomorrow on third reading.

Is there any objection?

The Chair hears none.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 476, as follows:

An Act regulating the sale of vinous spiritous malt and brewed liquors and admixtures thereof by limiting the hours during which said vinous, spirituous malt and brewed liquors may be sold and providing a penalty for violation thereof

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from and after the passage of this act it shall be unlawful for any person or persons now or hereafter licensed to sell at wholesale or retail vinous spirituous malt or brewed liquors or any admixture thereof within the State of Pennsylvania to sell or permit to be sold upon or within the premises occupied by such person or persons any such vinous spirituous malt or brewed liquors or any admixture thereof between the hours of eleven o'clock post meridian and eight o'clock ante meridian

Section 2 Any person who shall violate section one of this act shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be subjected to a fine of not less than one hundred dollars ($100.00) nor more than five hundred dollars ($500.00) and shall not again receive a license in any city or county of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to sell either at wholesale or retail any vinous spirituous malt or brewed liquors or any admixture thereof

Section 3 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order.

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 547, entitled:

An Act requiring counties now or hereafter containing a population of not less than seven hundred and fifty thousand and not more than one million two hundred thousand inhabitants to establish and maintain schools for the care and education of female children under the jurisdiction of the juvenile courts and conferring the powers and regulating the proceedings for the establishment maintenance and management thereof

The first, second, third and fourth sections were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That in each county of this Commonwealth now or hereafter containing a population of not less than seven hundred and fifty thousand and not more than one million two hundred thousand inhabitants as ascertained by the United States census there shall be established a school properly equipped for the care maintenance and instruction of such female children as shall come within the provisions hereof Such schools shall be supplementary to the school system of the Commonwealth shall be kept open during the entire year and shall be established on the cottage home plan

Section 2 The buildings for said schools shall be substantially constructed and adequately lighted and ventilated and provided with baths playrooms sleeping rooms and kitchens and there shall be adequate provisions for playgrounds as well as provisions for instruction in the common branches and for manual domestic and moral training to the end that said schools shall as far as possible during the period of detention adequately provide for the mental moral and physical welfare and advancement of the children therein detained

Section 3 The schools herein provided for shall be established upon farms within the limits of the said counties and for said purpose such counties may acquire as much land as shall be necessary by purchase or condemnation with the same power and under the same procedure as land is now acquired within the limits of school districts for school purposes under the acts of Assembly in such case made and provided the board of managers of said school exercising the authority exercised by school directors for said purposes

Section 4 Such school shall be presided over by a female superintendent who shall be a person trained in educational and social work and shall have the power of detention over the children committed thereto When any girl committed to said schools shall have attained a condition of mental and moral advancement satisfactory to the superintendent and board of managers they shall so certify to the juvenile court which has committed her to said school whereupon the said court may order her release upon parole under conditions which shall be prescribed by said board of managers subject to the approval and direction of the court and in case the conduct of such girl released upon parole shall be such as to satisfy the board of managers that a further period of training is necessary said board shall have the power through its agent or agents at any time during her minority to apprehend and return her to said school where she shall remain subject to the same control as when originally committed and in such case it shall be the duty of the superintendent immediately to notify the said court thereof

The fifth section was read as follows:

Section 5 Such school shall be established and managed by a board of nine managers of whom five shall be women The judges of the court or courts of common pleas of such county shall appoint said managers Upon the first appointment three of said managers shall be appointed to serve for one year three for two years and three for three years and thereafter three shall be appointed annually to serve for a term of three years The time of the commencement of the term of said managers shall be fixed by said judges but shall not be later than

The board of managers shall as often as required at least once every six months report to the said judges in the form by them prescribed Said judges shall also have power to fill any vacancies in said board of managers for unexpired terms as well as the power in their discretion to remove any of said managers appointed by them at any time and to fill the vacancies thereby created Said managers shall receive no compensation but the necessary expenses incurred in the performance of their duties shall be paid

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. VICKERMAN. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The Speaker. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 5, line 9, by inserting words "July the first, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and fifteen"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendments?

It was agreed to,

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The sixth, seventh, eighth and ninth sections were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 6 Said school shall receive girls upon the commitment of the juvenile court of such county and such school may upon a proper compensation being arranged for receive girls committed thereto by the juvenile courts of counties other than that by which said school is maintained

Section 7 The counties hereby required to establish and maintain schools as aforesaid shall pay for the establishment and maintenance thereof out of the general county funds On or before the fifteenth day of January of each year the said board of managers shall make up an estimate of the amount of money required during the ensuing calendar year for the acquiring of lands making of improvements equipment and maintenance of such school during the ensuing calendar year which estimate shall be certified to the county commissioners in order that they make provision for the maintenance of said school in the annual tax levy and for the establishment extension improvement or equipment thereof either in the annual tax levy or by issue of bonds as the county commissioners shall deem wise Should the said board and the said commissioners differ in their judgment as to any amount of money required as aforesaid the matter shall be submitted to a court of common pleas of said county which court after investigation shall certify the amount required and its decision shall be final The said county commissioners may also upon the request of said board of managers prior to the year nineteen hundred and sixteen issue bonds for the establishment of such school or appropriate to the same or to the maintenance thereof out of the county treasury such sums as they may find it convenient to so expend Any bonds issued for the purposes aforesaid shall be issued in compliance with the existing law covering the issue of bonds by county commissioners for the erection or repair of public buildings

Section 8 Said board of managers shall determine the number of teachers and other persons necessary for the proper conduct of the said school and shall fix the salaries to be paid to them as well as to the superintendent aforesaid

Section 9 Said board of managers shall annually elect from their number a president and a secretary

The tenth section was read as follows:

Section 10 Upon the written request of said board of managers certified to them by its president and secretary the county commissioners of the said counties are empowered to pay over to said board from time to time out of the amounts appropriated for each fiscal year as aforesaid for the establishment construction extension improvement equipment and maintenance of said school sums of not less than five thousand ($5,000.00) dollars by warrant drawn on the county treasurer and countersigned by the county controller of the proper county in the form now in use for the disbursement of funds for general county purposes And all of such funds expended on account of said school by its said board of managers shall be accounted for it and be subject to audit by the county controller of the proper county in the manner now provided by law

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. VICKERMAN. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The Speaker. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 10, line 12, by changing the word "it" to "to."

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The eleventh section and title were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 11 Any moneys realized from the sale of any products of said schools or the farms connected therewith shall be paid into the county treasury and become a part of the general county fund but the said board of managers in its discretion may provide for allowing a portion of the earnings of said school to be paid to the girls producing the same

An Act requiring counties now or hereafter containing a population of not less than seven hundred and fifty thousand and not more than one million two hundred thousand inhabitants to establish and maintain schools for the care and education of female children under the jurisdiction of the juvenile courts and conferring the powers and regulating the proceedings for the establishment maintenance and management thereof

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 121, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the State Hospital of Nanticoke Luzerne county Pennsylvania for the payment of indebtedness against said hospital buildings equipment and grounds

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of fourteen thousand dollars ($14,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the State Hospital of Nanticoke Luzerne county Pennsylvania for the payment of indebtedness and all claims debts and liens against the said hospital including all buildings equipment and grounds Payment of such debts claims and liens shall be made under such conditions as shall be prescribed by the Auditor-General

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 483, as follows:

An Act defining paint to prevent deception in sale of paint to provide for true labels for and advertising of the same when offered for sale for the enforcement of this act by the Secretary of Agriculture and penalties for the violation of same

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the word "Paint" as used in this act shall mean any material intended to be applied by means of brushing or spraying to the surface of wood metal concrete cement plaster stone and other materials for the purpose of producting an ornamental or (and) protective coating

Section 2 Whoever shall expose for sale or sell within this State any paint which is labeled or marked with any false statements as to the ingredients of such paint or in any other manner so as to tend to deceive the purchaser as to its nature or composition or which is not accurately labeled as hereinafter required shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and for each offense shall upon conviction thereof be punished by a fine of not more than twenty-five dollars ($25.00) for the first offense and not more than one hundred dollars ($100.00) for each subsequent offense

Section 3 The label required by this act shall clearly and distinctly state the name and location of the manufacturer of the paint or the distributor thereof or of the party for whom the same is manufactured Said label shall clearly state in addition to the beforementioned matter the quantity contained in the package this if sold by measure to be designated in United States standard gallons or fraction thereof or if sold by weight to be shown by weight avoirdupois Said label shall be printed in the English language in plain legible type

Section 4 It shall be unlawful to sell or offer for sale any paint which is falsely advertised as to the ingredients of such paint or as to the address of the manufacturer distributor thereof or of the person for whom the same was manufactured

Section 5 The having in possession by any person or persons firm or corporation or agent or employe of any person or persons firm or corporation dealing in said articles any article hereinbefore described and not properly labeled as provided in this act shall be considered prima facie evidence that the same is kept by such person firm or corporation in violation of the provisions of this act and punishable under it

Section 6 The provisions of this act shall not apply to any paint which may be in the hands of paint dealers or jobbers on the day on which this act becomes effective

Section 7 It shall be the duty of the Secretary of Agriculture to enforce the provisions of this act

Section 8 This act shall go into effect on the first day of January one thousand nine hundred and sixteen

Section 9 All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with this act are repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 385, entitled:

An Act regulating the practice of drugless therapeutics in the State of Pennsylvania defining the same creating a Bureau of Licensure therefor and means and methods whereby the right to practice drugless therapeutics in any of its branches may be obtained and exemptions therefrom Providing penalties for violation thereof and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent therewith

The first and second sections were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That on and after the passage and approval of this act it shall be unlawful for any person or persons within the State of Pennsylvania to hold himself or herself forth as a practitioner in drugless therapeutics or any branch thereof or to assume the title of doctor of drugless therapeutics or doctor of any specific disease or to diagnose diseases or treat diseases by drugless therapeutics or to hold himself or herself forth as able so to do or to sign any death or birth certificate except such persons as are hereinafter exempted from the provisions of this act until he or she shall have received a certificate from the Bureau of Drugless Therapeutics created by this act which certificate shall be recorded in the office of the Superintendent of Public Instruction at Harrisburg and in the prothonotary's office of the county wherein such person desires to practice

Section 2 That the provisions of this act may be fully enforced the Governor of the State of Pennsylvania is hereby authorized and directed to appoint a State Board of Drugless Therapeutic Examiners from such representatives of the various schools or systems hereinafter set forth who have been regularly engaged in practice for a period of five years prior to the passage and approval of this act said board shall consist of one representative from each of the following schools

Neuropathy Manual Therapy Chiropractic Spondylo Therapy Vacuum Therapy Naturopathy

Provided that no school or system shall at any time be represented by more than one member on said board

The members so appointed shall within fifteen days after the date of their appointment meet at Harrisburg Pennsylvania for organization and shall thereupon elect a president secretary and treasurer adopt a common seal make all necessary rules and regulations not inconsistent with the laws of this State or of the United States whereby to perform their duties and transact the business required under the provisions of this act and they shall thereafter hold annual meetings for organization purposes

Immediately after the first organization of said board the members thereof shall be divided into three classes the first class to consist of those to serve for two years the second class to consist of those to serve for three years and the third class to consist of those to serve for five years The selection of the members of the various classes shall be made by lot and at the expiration of the terms of the members first appointed the Governor shall from a list of all licensed drugless practitioners of the State to be furnished him yearly by the secretary of the board appoint a successor to fill such vacancy said successor to be appointed for a term of three years and all future appointments caused by the expiration of any term or terms shall be for a like period of three years In case of any vacancy occurring on said board the Governor is hereby authorized to fill the same for the unexpired term

The third section was read as follows:

Section 3 After the passage and approval of this act any person desiring to practice drugless therapeutics in this State or any branch thereof shall make application in writing at least ten days before the date fixed for examinations to the Bureau of Drugless Therapeutics in the form provided by the bureau Said application shall be accompanied by a fee of twenty-five dollars together with a photograph of the applicant a certificate of preliminary education equivalent to four years of high school attendance and a diploma from a reputable school or college of drugless therapeutics maintaining at and prior to the time of the granting of said diploma a resident course of study of a standard approved by said bureau

All examinations shall be written in the English language and in addition to such other subjects as may be required by the bureau for each drugless system shall include anatomy, physiology histology chemistry pathology bacteriology hygiene prophylaxis dietetics obstetrics gynecology symtomatology jurisprudence toxicology and diagnosis and theory and practice of drugless therapeutics as taught by the school or schools of which the applicant is a graduate

Upon the successful passing of said examinations by any applicant and approved by a majority of the members of the bureau the bureau shall issue a license entitling him or her to practice the particular system or systems of drugless therapeutics in which he or she has qualified said certificate to be signed by the president and secretary of the bureau attested by the seal thereof The bureau shall have the power to change its standards as to education requirements or length of courses from time to time as the courses of the various schools may warrant but no higher standard shall be required of any applicant than those existing at the time of his or her matriculation into the school from which the diploma was obtained

Any person who has been engaged in the practice of any system or systems of drugless therapeutics in this State for a period of one year prior to the approval of this act and who shall within sixty days from approval apply to the bureau on the form provided by the bureau for a license to continue the practice of such system or systems in this State together with a diploma or diplomas issued to him or her from a legally chartered school or schools of drugless therapeutics approved by the bureau and shall satisfy the bureau as to his or her moral character and professional standing shall on the payment of a fee of twenty-five dollars receive from the said bureau a license to practice in this State the system or systems of drugless therapeutics in which he or she has thus qualified

All licenses issued under the provisions of this act shall plainly state the particular system or systems of drugless therapeutics in which the practitioner is licensed

The bureau may refuse to grant a license to any person guilty of a crime involving moral turpitude or any person addicted to the liquor or drug habit to such a degree as to render him or her in the opinion of a majority of the bureau unfit to practice and may after notice and hearing revoke for any such cause any license heretofore granted and any person after such refusal or revocation of license who shall attempt or continue the practice of drugless therapeutics shall be subject to the penalties hereinafter prescribed

Drugless practitioners duly licensed as herein provided shall have in the practice or conduct of their professions all the rights powers and privileges of any or all persons practicing physicians or doctors of any school class or division in the treatment of any and all diseases ailments or disabilities of the human body whatsoever or the health of the individual or of the public and shall observe and be subject to all State and municipal regulations relating to the control of contagious diseases and deaths provided that only those who have been licensed by the said board of examiners under a standard of at least a three-year course of not less than seven months each year and under an educational standard including obstetrics shall have the right to report and certify to births Such reports shall be accepted by the proper officers or departments Nothing in this act shall give drugless practitioners the right to practice major surgery

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 3 line two by inserting after the word "person" the words "over twenty-one years of age."

Section 3 line 27 by striking out the word "change" and insert in line thereof the word "raise."

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendments?

They were agreed to,

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The fourth, fifth and sixth sections were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 4 The examinations of the bureau shall be held in the city of Harrisburg Pennsylvania on the second Monday of June of each year and the second Monday of December of each year

Section 5 For the purpose of defining drugless therapy as included in this act it is hereby declared to be any treatment having the spine for a base including (a) neuropathy (b) manual therapy or its minor branches (c) chiropractic (d) napravit (e) spondylo-therapy (f) chiropractic spondylo-therapy (g) vacuum therapy (h) naturopathy (i) Any other treatment having the spine for a base

Any treatment having water air heat light sun earth for a base including (a) hydro-therapy (b) Kneipp system (c) Priessnitz system (d) Just system (e) helio-therapy (f) thermotherapy

Any treatment having electricity for a base including (a) electro-therapy (b) electric robe baths (c) electro massage (d) electric light baths

Any treatment having food or herbs for a base including (a) all prepared foods (b) selected foods (c) teas (d) herb treatments (e) thorpho-therapy (f) food chemistry (g) phytotherapy

Any treatment having any manual physical mechanical exercises apparatus appliances adjustments or treatments for a base including (a) mechano-therapy (b) Swedish movements (c) massage (d) scientific massage (e) vibro-massage (f) medical gymnastics (g) physical culture (h) neurology (i) oxypathy or oxydonor (j) magnetic healing

Any treatment having the mind for a base including (a) suggestive therapeutics (b) metaphysics (c) vita-therapy

Any system method science or art of treatment which is in existence or may come into existence and not already specified under the above-named divisions of drugless therapy

Provided Nothing within this act shall be construed to affect practitioners of medicine or surgery osteopathy or Christian Science

Section 5 All fees and penalties collected as provided by this act shall be paid to the treasurer of the bureau to be held by him as a fund to pay the necessary expenses of the members and officers of said bureau in the discharge of their duties and to enforce this law upon a warrant of the president and secretary No expenses shall be created to exceed the income of fees and penalties collected as herein provided The salaries shall be fixed by the bureau but shall not exceed fifteen dollars per day of actual services per member and railroad and hotel expenses

Section 6 Any person hereafter commencing or continuing the practice of drugless therapeutics in any of its branches in this State without first having obtained and filed the license herein provided for or contrary to the provisions of this act shall be deemed guilty of misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be punished for the first offense by a fine of not less than one hundred dollars or by imprisonment in the county jail for a period of not less than thirty days or by both fine and imprisonment and for each subsequent offense the punishment shall be double that of the preceding one and it shall be the duty of the respective district attorneys of the counties of this State to prosecute violations of the provisions of this act

All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

The title was read as follows:

An Act regulating the practice of drugless therapeutics in the State of Pennsylvania defining the same creating a bureau of licensure therefor and means and methods whereby the right to practice drugless therapeutics in any of its branches may be obtained any exemptions therefrom

Providing penalties for violation thereof and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent therewith

On the question,

Will the House agree to the title?

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend the title, line 3, by striking out the word "therefore" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "therefor."

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to,

On the question,

Will the House agree to the title as amended?

It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 404, as follows:

An Act to amend revise and consolidate the law relating to boroughs

CHAPTERS

I Preliminary Provisions
II Creation—Charters
- Article I Incorporation
- Article II Consolidation of Boroughs
- Article III Re-Establishment of Boroughs
- Article IV Division of Boroughs
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III Change of Limits—Boundaries—Wards
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- Article IX Streets and Highways Crossing Railroads
- Article X Plans and Location of Streets
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- Article XIII Contracts With Street Railways
- Article XIV Bridges and Viaducts
- Article XV Electric Wires
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- Article XVII Public Service
- Article XVIII Public Buildings and Works
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- Article XX Licenses and License Fees

VII Government
- Article 1 Council
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- Article V Controller
- Article VI Appointed Officers
- Article VII Bureau of Mine Inspection and Surface Support

VIII Elections—Vacancies in Office
- Article I Number Term and Time of Election of Officers
- Article II Filling of Vacancies

IX Parks—Shade Trees—Forests
- Article I Parks and Playgrounds
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X Libraries
XI Burial Grounds
XII Enforcement of Ordinances—Actions by and Against Boroughs
- Article I Enforcement of Ordinances
- Article II Actions by and Against Boroughs

XIII Acts of the General Assembly Repealed

CHAPTER I
PRELIMINARY PROVISIONS
ARTICLE I

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That this act shall be known and may be cited as "The General Borough Act"

Section 2 This act does not include any provisions and shall not be construed to repeal any acts relating to

First The assessment levy and collection of taxes except taxes on dogs

Second The procedure for the collection of municipal claims by liens

Third The amount and method of incurring or increasing bonded indebtedness

Fourth Election officers and conduct of elections

Fifth Poor districts

Sixth Boards of health

Seventh Common schools

Eighth Borough and ward constables

Ninth Justices of the peace

Tenth The giving of municipal consent to public service corporations

Eleventh State roads State-aid roads and private roads

Twelfth Validations of elections bonds ordinances and acts of corporate officers

Thirteenth Crimes and offences by borough officers

Section 3 The provisions of this act so far as they are the same as those of existing laws are intended as a continuation of such laws and not as new enactments The repeal by this act of any act of assembly or part thereof shall not revive any act or part thereof heretofore repealed or superseded nor affect the corporate existence of any borough heretofore incorporated The provisions of this act shall not affect any act done liability incurred or right accrued or vested or affect any suit or prosecution pending or to be instituted to enforce any right or penalty or punish any offense under the authority of such repealed laws All ordinances regulations and rules made pursuant to any act of assembly repealed by this act shall continue with the same force and effect as if such act had not been repealed Any person holding office under any act of assembly repealed by this act shall continue to hold such office until the expiration of the term thereof subject to the conditions attached to such office prior to the passage of this act

Section 4 The provisions of this act shall be severable and if any of the provisions shall be held to be unconstitutional such decision shall not affect the validity of any of the remaining provisions of this act

Section 5 Whenever in this act reference is made to any act by title such reference shall also apply to and include any codification wherein the provisions of the act referred to are substantially re-enacted

Section 6 This act shall apply to all boroughs incorporated under general law and to those which have accepted the provisions of the act of April third one thousand eight hundred fifty-one entitled "An act regulating boroughs" This act shall not annul or repeal any local or special act in force at the date of the passage of this act or any provision thereof

Section 7 Any borough or incorporated town incorporated or acting under any local or special act of assembly may surrender the provisions of its special acts so far as they are inconsistent with this act by presenting a petition to the court of quarter sessions setting forth the desire of such borough or incorporated town to accept the provisions of this act Such petition shall be made by the burgess council or twenty-five qualified electors of the borough or incorporated town

Upon the presentation of the petition the court shall fix a day for hearing of which such notice shall be given as may be directed by the court At such hearing any inhabitant of the borough or incorporated town may remonstrate against the granting of the petition and the court may grant or refuse the petition

If the court grant the petition the decree shall be recorded in the office for the recording of deeds and thereafter the borough or incorporated town shall be subject to all the provisions of this act and any such incorporated town shall become a borough and the local and special acts of assembly in force in any such borough or incorporated town shall be annulled so far as they are inconsistent with the provisions of this act When an incorporated town accepts the provisions of this act the decree of the court permitting such acceptance shall set forth the title of the new borough

Section 8 When any borough or incorporated town shall accept the provisions of this act as provided by section seven of this article all liabilities incurred rights accrued or vested obligations issued or contracted and all suits and prosecutions pending or to be instituted to enforce any right or penalty accrued or punish any offense committed prior to such acceptance and all ordinances shall continue with the same force and effect as if no such acceptance had been made

Section 9 This act shall take effect on the first day of July one thousand nine hundred and fifteen

CHAPTER II
CREATION—CHARTERS
ARTICLE I
INCORPORATION

Section 1 The courts of quarter sessions may incorporate any town or village within their jurisdiction into a borough Every town or village so incorporated shall be a body corporate and politic by the title which shall be given by the court

Section 2 The application for incorporation shall be in writing and shall be signed within three months immediately preceding its presentation to the court by a majority of the freeholders residing within the limits of the proposed borough

Section 3 The application shall set forth the title of the proposed borough with a particular description of the boundaries thereof exhibiting the courses and distances in words at length and be accompanied with a plot of the same

Section 4 Upon presentation to the court the application shall be filed with the clerk and notice thereof shall be given in one newspaper of the county for a period of not less than thirty days immediately before the next regular term following the filing thereof during which time exceptions may be filed to the application by any person interested The court at said term if it shall find that the conditions prescribed by this article have been complied with may grant the prayer of the petitioners and make a decree accordingly but if the court shall deem further investigation necessary they may make such order thereon as to right and justice shall appertain The application and decree shall be recorded in the recorder's office of the county at the expense of the applicants

Section 5 When the application and decree have been recorded such part of a township or townships shall be an incorporated borough and shall be entitled to the several rights privileges and immunities conferred by this act

Section 6 When in any application the boundaries fixed by the petitioners shall embrace lands exclusively used for the purpose of farm-

ing the court may if it deem such land does not properly belong to the proposed borough at the request of the party aggrieved change the boundaries so as to exclude therefrom the land used for farming purposes

Section 7 The corporate title of boroughs incorporated under this act shall be "The borough of ————————"

Section 8 All charters granted under this act shall set forth

First The corporate title of the borough

Second The boundaries thereof

Section 9 An appeal to the Superior Court may be had from any decree incorporating a borough within six months from the date of such decree by not less than three persons aggrieved thereby

Section 10 The courts of quarter sessions shall fix the time and place of holding the first election in the borough designate a person to give notice of the election and the manner thereof and appoint from among the electors of the borough a judge and inspectors to hold the first election The officers elected at such special election shall hold their office and their successors shall be elected and qualify as provided for in chapter eight article one section twenty of this act

Section 11 The boundaries of the borough shall as soon as practicable after its incorporation be marked due notice being first given to the commissioners and supervisors of adjoining townships and to the corporate authorities of adjoining municipalities

CHAPTER II

CREATION—CHARTERS

ARTICLE II

CONSOLIDATION OF BOROUGHS

Section 1 Whenever two or more boroughs situate in the same county or in different counties shall be adjacent and of compact territory they may be consolidated into one borough

Section 2 Such consolidation shall be made under the following conditions

(a) The councils of the boroughs may of their own initiative or shall within sixty days after each is requested in writing by at least one hundred qualified electors of the respective borough enter into a joint agreement under the corporate seal of each borough for the consolidation thereof into one borough The joint agreement shall set forth the name of the new borough the number of wards if any into which the borough is to be divided the territorial boundaries thereof It may also set forth such terms as have been agreed upon for the disposition of the assets of each of the boroughs and for the liquidation of the indebtedness of each of the boroughs either jointly separately or in certain defined proportions and the adjusting and paying of the same by separate rates of taxation on all property subject to taxation within the boundaries of such boroughs respectively

(b) The question of the consolidation of such boroughs shall be submitted to the vote of the qualified electors of each of the boroughs at a special election to be held on a day to be designated in the joint agreement The election shall be held by the regular election officers and in accordance with the provisions of the laws regulating elections If such special election shall be ordered within ninety days of any general or municipal election the election shall be held on the day fixed for the holding of such election Notice of such election shall be given by proclamation by the high constables of the respective boroughs in the manner prescribed for proclamations for elections for municipal officers

(c) The election shall be by ballot which shall be marked "Proposed consolidation" and below shall be printed the words "For consolidation" and "Against consolidation" and the elector shall designate with an "X" his desire to vote for or against such consolidation

(d) If the majority of the votes cast for and against the proposed consolidation at such election in each of the boroughs is in favor of the ratification of the agreement that fact shall be certified to the council of each of the boroughs by the respective election boards or return judges and the burgess and secretary of the respective borough shall cause a certification of the result to be indorsed upon the joint agreement

(e) The agreement or a certified copy thereof with all its endorsements shall be filed in the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth Upon the filing thereof the Governor shall cause letters patent to be issued under the great seal of the Commonwealth consolidating the boroughs into one corporation by the name set forth in the joint agreement A copy of such agreement duly certified by the Secretary of the Commonwealth under the seal of his office shall be evidence of the existence of the new borough

Section 3 Upon the issuance of letters patent the several boroughs shall be a borough under the name provided in the agreement The ordinances in force in each of such boroughs at the time of such consolidation shall continue in force throughout the territory for which they were originally enacted until altered or repealed by the consolidated borough

Section 4 After such consolidation the rights privileges and franchises of each of the boroughs and all the property real personal and mixed and all debts due on whatever account and other things in action belonging to each of such boroughs shall be vested in the new borough The title to real estate vested in either of such boroughs shall not revert or be in any way impaired by reason of such consolidation All rights of creditors and liens shall be preserved and all debts liabilities and duties of either of such boroughs shall attach to such new borough and be enforced against it

Section 5 Any borough formed by the consolidation of boroughs situate in different counties shall be considered as under the jurisdiction of the courts of that county in which is situate the borough first incorporated of those forming such consolidated borough

CHAPTER II

CREATION—CHARTERS

ARTICLE III

RE-ESTABLISHMENT OF BOROUGHS

Section 1 Where cities of the third class have been formed by joining together two or more boroughs the court of common pleas upon the petition of not less than one-third of the registered electors of the territory formerly comprised within the limits of either of such boroughs setting forth that the inhabitants of such territory wish to separate from the city and establish a borough organization may appoint three commissioners who shall investigate the facts set forth in such petition and report to the court as to the expediency of granting the prayer of the petitioners

Section 2 If the commissioners report in favor of setting off the territory from the city they shall accompany their report with a plot of such territory formerly comprising said borough or any such part thereof as may be described in the petition

Section 3 The court shall thereupon order an election to be held on the next appointed day for the holding of a general or municipal election at which time the qualified electors within such territory shall vote for or against such separation

Section 4 If a majority of votes cast for and against such separation at such election shall be in favor of such separation the court shall make a decree declaring such territory a borough and appoint one person qualified to serve as a member of the Senate of this Commonwealth to be the burgess of such borough and seven persons qualified to serve as Members of the House of Representatives of this Commonwealth to constitute the council thereof Such officers shall hold their respective offices until the first Monday of January next succeeding the municipal election at which a burgess and council are to be elected as provided in chapter eight article one sections six and fourteen of this act

Section 5 From the date of such decree the territory so erected into a borough shall be separate from such city and shall be subject to the provisions of this act

CHAPTER II

CREATION—CHARTERS

ARTICLE IV

DIVISION OF BOROUGHS

Section 1 When a borough has been erected from two or more villages the majority of the freeholders residing in any one or more of such parts of the borough may make application by a petition in writing to the court of quarter sessions praying that such part or parts may be set off from the borough and erected into a new borough

Section 2 The petition shall be signed by the petitioners within three months immediately preceding its presentation to the court Upon such presentation it shall be filed with the clerk Notice thereof shall be given in one newspaper of the county for a period of not less than thirty days immediately before the next regular term following the filing thereof during which time exceptions may be filed by any person interested If the court at said term shall find that the conditions prescribed by this article have been complied with it may grant the prayer of the petitioners and make a decree accordingly The petition and decree shall be recorded in the recorder's office of the county at the expense of the petitioners

Section 3 The part or parts of the borough so set off shall thereupon be a borough under a name given by the court and shall be subject to the provisions of this act

Section 4 The court shall fix the time and place for holding the first election in the borough designated a person to give notice of such election and appoint from among the electors of the borough a judge and inspectors to hold the first election The officers elected at such election shall hold their offices and their successors shall be elected and qualified as provided in chapter eight article one section twenty of this act

Section 5 An appeal to the Superior Court may be had from any decree incorporating such part or parts of the borough into a borough within six months after the date of the decree by not less than three persons aggrieved thereby

Section 6 Whenever any territory shall be detached from a borough under the procedure set forth in sections one two three four five six seven and eight of article one chapter three of this act the court of quarter sessions may decree that the portions so detached shall constitute a new borough if the same shall be to the best interest of the several boroughs townships and school districts affected thereby and the residents of the territory so detached and shall order and direct a special election to be held for the election of officers for such borough The officers elected at such special election shall hold their respective offices and their successors shall be elected and qualify as provided in chapter eight article one section twenty of this act No such borough shall be created unless the intention to do so has been set forth in the original petition filed or after thirty days notice in such manner as the court may direct

CHAPTER II

CREATION—CHARTERS

ARTICLE V

AMENDMENT AND ANNULMENT OF CHARTERS

Section 1 The court of quarter sessions may with the concurrence of the grand jury and upon application in writing of two-thirds of the taxable inhabitants of any borough annul or alter the charter of such borough

Section 2 The application shall be signed by the petitioners within three months immediately preceding its presentation to the court Public notice of the intended application for such annulment or amendment shall be given in at least one newspaper of the county for a period of not less than thirty days immediately before the application shall be presented

Section 3 The application shall be laid before the grand jury at the same term of court when presented if the same can be conveniently done and in no case later than the next subsequent term of the court if the grand jury shall find that the conditions prescribed by this article have geen complied with and shall believe it expedient to grant the prayer of the petitioners they shall certify the same to the court which certificate shall be entered of record No further proceedings shall be had until the succeeding term of the court at which term the judgment of the grand jury may be confirmed If the decree of the

court shall be in conformity with the prayer of the petitioners the petition and decree shall be recorded in the recorders office of the county at the expense of the applicants

CHAPTER III

CHANGE OF LIMITS—BOUNDARIES—WARDS

ARTICLE I

CHANGE OF LIMITS

(a) ON PETITION OF FREEHOLDERS OF BOROUGH

Section 1 The court of quarter sessions with the concurrence of the grand jury may upon petition change the limits of any borough heretofore incorporated by the courts of quarter sessions from a town or village or incorporated under the provisions of chapter two article one of this act

Section 2 The provisions of the preceding section do not authorize a change of borough limits by the detachment of territory and its annexation to a contiguous township

Section 3 Notice of the intended application shall be given in at least one newspaper of the county for a period of not less than thirty days immediately before the presentation of the petition

Section 4 The petition shall be signed by a majority of the freeholders residing in the borough within three months immediately preceding its presentation to the court It shall set forth a description and be accompanied with a plot showing the courses and distances of the boundaries of the borough before and after the proposed change of limits

Section 5 The petition except as provided in section two of this article shall be laid before the grand jury at the same term of court when presented whenever the same can be conveniently done and in no case later than the next subsequent term of the court

Section 6 If th grand jury shall believe it expedient to grant the prayer of the petitioners they shall certify the same to the court The certificates shall be entered of record and no further proceedings had until the succeeding term of court at which term the judgment of the grand jury may be confirmed If the court shall deem further investigation necessary it may make such order as to right and justice shall appertain If the court shall grant the prayer of the petitioners the petition and decree shall be recorded in the recorders office at the expense of the petitioners

Section 7 Whenever the court shall make a decree changing the limits of any borough as provided by the foregoing sections of this article by detaching therefrom any portion of the territory included therein the court shall make a further decree directing that the portion so detached shall constitute a new borough a new township or become part of an adjacent borough as to the court may seem best This section does not authorize the creation of a new borough unless the intention to do so has been set forth in the petition or until after thirty days notice in such manner as the court may direct In the case of the erection of a new borough the court shall order a special election as provided in chapter two article four section six of this act

Section 8 In case any officer of the borough from which any territory is detached resides in the portion so detached he shall from the time of the decree cease to exercise the function of said office and the office shall be vacant and shall be filled by the court of quarter session for the electors of the borough who shall hold office for the unexpired term and until their successors qualify The remaining members of council shall constitute the council for the transaction of all business until the vacancies shall have been filled

(b) BY ANNEXATION ON PETITION OF FREEHOLDERS OUTSIDE THE BOROUGH

(1) Where territory is in one county

Section 9 The court of quarter sessions with the concurrence of the grand jury may upon petition change the limits of any borough by the annexation of adjacent territory

Section 10 Personal notice of the intended application shall be given to the burgess and council of the borough and to the commissioners or supervisors of the township in which the petitioners reside Notice of such application shall also be given in one newspaper of the county for a period of thirty days immediately before the presentation of the petition

Section 11 The petition shall be signed by a majority of the freeholders residing within the territory to be annexed It shall set forth a description and be accompanied with a plot showing the courses and distances of the boundaries of the borough before and after the proposed annexation

Section 12 The court shall cause the petition to be laid before the grand jury and if the grand jury shall believe it expedient to grant the prayer of the petitioners they shall certify the same to the court which certificate shall be entered of record for confirmation by the court The court may make such order thereon as to right and justice shall appertain If the court shall confirm the petition the said petition and decree shall be recorded in the recorders office of the county at the expense of the petitioners Thenceforth the territory so annexed shall be a part of the borough

(2) Where territory is in two or more counties

Section 13 The court of quarter sessions may upon petition annex to any adjacent borough territory situated in two or more counties

The petition shall be signed by a majority of the taxable inhabitants of such territory and shall be presented to the courts of quarter sessions of all the counties in which the territory and the borough are situated

Section 14 Notice of the intended application shall be given in one newspaper of general circulation in the territory and in the borough for a period of thirty days immediately before the presentation of the petition to any of the courts

Section 15 Upon presentation of the petition the several courts shall each appoint one person as commissioner and the commissioners so chosen shall select an additional one who shall be a surveyor

The commissioners shall be severally sworn or affirmed within sixty days from their appointment and selection and shall view the territory sought to be annexed They shall report to the several courts at the respective terms next following such appointment or soon thereafter as possible The reports shall state the commissioners were sworn or affirmed and that they were all present at the view If the commissioners favor the proposed annexation they shall accompany their reports with a plot showing the courses and distances of the boundaries of the territory proposed to be annexed and the quantity of land therein contained

Section 16 Any person interested may petition any of the courts at the term to which the respective report is made for a rule on any two or more persons signing the original petition to show cause why the report should not be approved The rule shall be returnable not later than the succeeding term If the rule is confirmed the persons signing the original petition shall pay the costs of the entire proceeding if such rule is discharged the costs shall be paid by those petitioning for its issue

Section 17 If each of the courts shall approve the report of the commissioners the whole proceeding shall be entered on the record of each court and the territory annexed shall be a part of the borough Each commissioner shall receive five dollars per day for each day necessarily employed in the discharge of his duties to be paid if such territory is annexed by the borough

(c) BY ANNEXATION ON PETITION TO COUNCIL

Section 18 Any borough may by ordinance annex adjacent land situate in the same or any adjoining county upon petition of a majority of the freeholders of the territory propesed to be annexed

Section 19 A certified copy of the ordinance together with a description and a plot showing the courses and distances of the boundaries of the borough before and after such proposed annexation shall be filed in the court of quarter sessions of the county or in case the land proposed to be annexed is situate in an adjacent county then in the courts of both counties A notice of such filing shall also be filed in the office of the county commissioners of the proper county Thereupon the territory proposed to be annexed shall be a part of the borough except when any ordinance and plot are filed in the office of the clerk of the court of quarter sessions within two months of any general municipal or primary election in which case the property proposed to be annexed shall not become a part of the borough until the day succeeding such election

(d) BY DETACHMENT OF TERRITORY

(1) Where it is annexed to a contiguous township

Section 20 The court of quarter sessions upon petition may change the limits of any borough by detaching territory therefrom and annexing the same to a contiguous township or townships

Section 21 The petition shall be signed by a majority of the freehold residents of the borough except where the dividing line between a borough and a township shall separate the lands of any person in which case the petition may be made by any freeholder whose lands are so divided The petition shall contain the names of the contiguous township or townships to which the territory is proposed to be annexed and shall set forth a description and be accompanied with a plot showing the courses and distances of the boundaries of such township or townships before and after the proposed change of limits

Section 22 Upon its presentation the court shall order the petition filed and shall fix a time for hearing Notice of the filing of the petition shall be given to the supervisors of the townships and to the secretary of the borough and president of council at least twenty days prior to the date of hearing If the court shall determine in favor of the proposed detachment of territory it shall state in its decree to what adjacent township or townships the territory so detached shall be annexed The petition and decree shall be recorded in the office for the recording of deeds of the county at the expense of the petitioners and thenceforth the boundaries of the borough and of the adjacent township or townships shall be as decreed by the court

(2) By reason of natural or artificial causes

Section 23 Whenever the territory of any borough is divided by reason of natural or artificial causes or whenever any part of a borough is so located that access to the remaining portion can be had only by passing through some other township or borough the court of quarter sessions on petition signed by persons representing at least two-thirds of the value of the real property and two-thirds of the inhabitants of the borough may detach therefrom the part so divided or located and annex it to an adjacent borough or townsnip

Section 24 Upon its presentation the court shall order the petition filed and shall direct that notice thereof be given to the borough or to the township whose boundaries may be affected and shall also fix a time for hearing

Section 25 If the decree of the court shall be in conformity with the prayer of the petitioners the boundaries of the borough from which the territory is detached and of the borough or township to which such detached portion is annexed shall be as decreed by the court

CHAPTER III

CHANGE OF LIMITS—BOUNDARIES—WARDS

ARTICLE II

BOUNDARIES

Section 1 Whenever any borough is bounded by the nearest margin of a navigable stream and an opposite township borough or city is also bounded by the nearest margin of the same stream the boundaries of such borough shall extend to the center line of the stream

Section 2 The court of quarter sessions upon petition may ascertain and establish disputed boundaries between two or more boroughs between boroughs and cities or between boroughs and townships

Section 3 Upon such petition the court shall appoint as commissioners three impartial men one of whom shall be a surveyor After giving notice to parties interested as directed by the court they shall view the disputed boundaries The commissioners or any two of them shall report to the next succeeding term of court which report shall contain their recommendations and be accompanied with a plot of the proposed boundary if the same cannot be fully described by natural lines

Section 4 Any person interested may petition the court for a review or may except to the report of the commissioners When matters of fact are in dispute the court may frame an issue and certify the same for trial to the court of common pleas

Section 5 The commissioners shall each receive three dollars per day except the surveyor who shall receive five dollars per day for

each day necessarily employed in the performance of their duties and mileage at the rate of ten cents per mile for each mile necessarily traveled to be paid by the county

Section 6 Whenever a boundary is established pursuant to the preceding sections of this article the court shall cause the same to be marked with stone monuments placed at intervals not exceeding fifteen hundred feet and the expense thereof when approved by the court shall be borne equally by the municipalities or townships interested

Section 7 Whenever the dividing line between two adjoining boroughs is uncertain or whenever adjoining boroughs desire that the dividing line should be changed the borough council may declare and fix boundary line or may change the same in the manner hereinafter set forth

Section 8 Such dividing line shall be determined and fixed or changed by ordinance passed by the councils of each borough by the affirmative votes of not less than two-thirds of all the members elected to each of the councils and approved by the respective burgesses A plot showing such dividing line and the changes in the same together with certified copies of the ordinances authorizing the action taken shall be filed in the office of the clerk of the court of quarter sessions within thirty days after the approval of the last ordinance relating to the matter

Section 9 Any citizen of either borough may appeal from the ordinances within thirty days of the filing of such plan and the court shall make such decree thereon as to right and justice shall appertain

Section 10 Whenever the dividing line between adjoining boroughs situate in the same county separates the property of the same owner into two or more parts the court of quarter sessions on the petition of the council of either borough or upon the petition of the property owner may change the dividing line so that the whole of the property shall be thereafter located in one of the boroughs No such change shall be made until the written consent of the borough councils and of the party whose land is affected where they do not appear as petitioners is obtained and filed of record

Section 11 Any costs and expenses incurred under the provision of the preceding section shall be paid by the petitioners

CHAPTER III

CHANGE OF LIMITS—BOUNDARIES—WARDS

ARTICLE III

WARDS

Section 1 The court of quarter sessions upon petition may divide boroughs into wards erect new wards out of two or more adjoining wards or parts thereof divide any ward already erected into two or more wards or alter the lines of any two or more adjoining wards and may cause the lines or boundaries to be ascertained and established

Section 2 The petition shall be signed by twenty freehold residents of the borough or of the ward whose limits it is proposed to change Upon its presentation the court shall appoint three impartial men as commissioners to inquire into the propriety of granting its prayers The commissioners or any two of them shall make a report to the next term of the court and shall accompany it with a plot showing the boundary of the borough and wards before and after the proposed change whenever the same cannot be fully designated by natural lines

Section 3 The court shall confirm the report nisi which confirmation shall become absolute unless exceptions are filed before the third day of the term next succeeding The court may grant a review if a better adjudication may thereby be secured upon a petition presented before the third day of such succeeding term

Section 4 The commissioners appointed pursuant to section two of this article shall each receive three dollars per day except a surveyor who shall receive five dollars per day for each day necessarily employed in the discharge of their duties and mileage at the rate of five cents per mile for every mile necessarily traveled

Section 5 Such compensation shall be paid by the county during the term of court to which the report is made to be reimbursed by the petitioners as directed by the court To secure such reimbursement the court may require the petitioners to file a bond with their petition

Section 6 Officers in office at the time of any changes made pursuant to the preceding sections of this article shall remain in office until the expiration of the terms for which they have been elected In case any vacancy shall occur the same shall be filled by the court of quarter sessions until the first Monday of January next succeeding the election at which such officers are elected as provided in chapter eight article one of this act

Section 7 Boroughs may by ordinance change the name of any ward to number or change the number of any ward to name No such ordinance shall go into force until a certified copy thereof be filed with the clerk of the court of quarter sessions

CHAPTER IV

ADJUSTMENT OF INDEBTEDNESS

ARTICLE I

(a) WHEN INCORPORATED FROM A TOWNSHIP

Section 1 Whenever a township is merged into one or more boroughs or whenever a borough is erected out of a township or parts of adjoining townships every such borough shall share in just proportion in the rights and liabilities of such townships existing at the time of its incorporation In all pending actions and actions thereafter brought by or against such townships the borough liable or entitled shall by order of court be made party plaintiff or defendant as the case may be

Section 2 The proportion to be paid by the borough shall be ascertained by reference to the assessments of such townships for the year in which such borough was incorporated

Section 3 Whenever any borough has been erected out of a township or whenever any township has been merged into more than one borough the court of common pleas upon application by a bill in equity of any creditor of such townships or of the authorities of any such township or borough may ascertain the indebtedness of such townships including judgments against the same at the time of the incorporation of such boroughs respectively and may equitably adjust such indebtedness between such townships and boroughs and between the several boroughs into which any township shall have been merged and shall decree the proportion of such indebtedness which each township and borough shall pay In making such adjustment the township taxes then unexpended shall be taken into account

Section 4 The adjustment shall be based upon the assessments of the townships for the year in which such boroughs were incorporated In ascertaining the indebtedness neither pending actions nor claims against such townships founded on tort shall be included unless the same shall in the meantime have been prosecuted to final judgment

Section 5 Three months notice shall be given by order of court to all persons having claims against any of such townships to present the same on or before the day therein named All persons failing to present their claims shall be forever debarred from enforcing collection of the same The notice shall be published in not less than two newspapers of the county

Section 6 The court may make all needful orders for the collection and payment by the township or borough of the share of the indebtedness apportioned to it and may order the officers of the township or borough to collect by special taxation an amount sufficient to pay the share either in one year or by annual instalments

Section 7 The court may appoint a receiver to whom the money due from each township and borough shall be paid The receiver shall pay over the amount so received to creditors of the township in such order or in such proportions as the court shall direct In case of any special taxation in any township or borough the collector of the special tax shall pay the same to the receiver

Section 8 Each borough in any of the cases aforesaid shall be credited with its proper share of any unappropriated balance in the treasury of such townships at the end of the current year during which such borough shall have been incorporated and the court may equitably apportion the same

Section 9 The cost of the proceedings shall be paid by the several townships and boroughs in such proportions as the court shall direct

(b) WHEN BOROUGHS ARE RE-ESTABLISHED

Section 10 Whenever any borough shall be erected from a city of the third class formed by joining together two or more boroughs as provided in chapter two article three of this act the court of common pleas shall immediately appoint an auditor

Section 11 The auditor shall ascertain the indebtedness of such city He shall likewise take into account and include in his report the cost of all the property owned by such city and purchased at the general expense of the same He shall show in his report how much of such indebtedness would be the proportionate share chargeable to the territory so set off from such city after allowance for a proportionate credit for the value of the property owned by the city prior to the establishment of the borough

Section 12 If there is any indebtedness remaining which would be chargeable to the borough then the authorities of such borough shall issue and deliver to the authorities of the city interest-bearing bonds in liquidation of the indebtedness ascertained to be the proportionate share payable by such borough

(c) WHEN LIMITS ARE CHANGED AND BOROUGHS DIVIDED

Section 12 Whenever proceedings shall be commenced for the purpose of changing the limits of any borough as provided in chapter three article one section one to nineteen inclusive or in the case of the division of boroughs as provided in chapter two article four of this act and the same shall have been approved by the grand jury to which the application shall have been submitted in all cases where such approval is required the court before entering a decree confirming the same shall appoint an auditor

Section 14 The court shall at the time of making the appointment direct notice to be given to all parties interested Such notice shall state the time and place of the meeting of the auditor and the time of making his report and of the hearing thereon

Section 15 The auditor shall ascertain the liabilities of the several boroughs and townships affected the amount and value of the property owned by each the amount and value of the property passing to and from each borough and township and the assessed valuation of all property liable to taxation for borough or township purposes as shown by the last assessment and within the limits of the part annexed to or detached from such borough He shall report the same to the court with the form of a decree adjusting the liabilities equitably between such boroughs and townships respectively

Section 16 The court shall direct the amounts that shall be paid by such boroughs and townships and the time and mode of payment and if necessary may order a special tax to be levied upon the property so annexed to or detached from said borough for the payment of the indebtedness awarded against it and shall direct how the same shall be assessed and collected

(d) WHEN TERRITORY IT DETACHED

Section 17 Whenever under the provisions of chapter three article one sections twenty to twenty-four inclusive of this act the court shall decree the detachment of territory from a borough the court shall appoint an auditor who shall give such notice as the court shall direct to all parties in interest

Section 18 The auditor shall hear all parties in interest make necessary investigation and report to the court the total valuation for taxation purposes of the boroughs and townships affected the assessed valuation of the portion detached the amount of indebtedness of the several boroughs and townships and the value of all property transferred from the borough to a township or borough The auditor shall also report a form of decree making such adjustment of the indebtedness of the boroughs and townships affected as he shall deem equitable

Section 19 The report and decree shall be confirmed nisi by the court and shall become absolute in ten days unless exceptions be filed thereto or an appeal be taken by parties in interest

CHAPTER V

GENERAL POWERS

ARTICLE I

Section 1 A borough may

I Have succession perpetually by its corporate name

II Sue and be sued and complain and defend in the courts of the Commonwealth

III Make and use a common seal and alter the same at pleasure

IV Purchase hold lease let and convey such real and personal estate as the purposes of the borough shall require

Section 2 The powers of the borough shall be vested in the corporate officers They shall have power

I To regulate the roads streets lanes alleys common sewers public squares common grounds foot-walks gutters culverts and drains and the heights grades widths slopes and forms thereof and to prohibit the erection or construction of any building or other obstruction to the convenient use of the same

II To prescribe reasonable fees for the services of their officers in the adjustment of grades curbs lines of streets and the like and to enforce the payment of the same

III To provide a supply of water for the use of the inhabitants and to make regulations for the protection of the pipes reservoirs and other constructions or apparatus and to prevent the waste of water so supplied

IV To establish a nightly watch

V To provide street lights and to make regulations for the protection thereof

VI To construct and maintain in any of the highways within the borough limits comfort and waiting stations and drinking fountains The damages accruing to abutting properties by reason of any such improvements shall be ascertained and collected in the manner provided in chapter six article two of this act

VII To erect watering troughs at an expense not exceeding twenty dollars

VIII To prohibit and remove any obstruction or nuisance in the highways of the borough

IX To prohibit and remove any nuisance or dangerous structure on public or private grounds or to require the removal of the same by the owner or occupier of such grounds in default of which the borough may cause the same to be done and collect the cost thereof together with a penalty of twenty per cent. of such cost in the manner provided in chapter six article twelve sections two and three of this act

X To prohibit the keeping of hogs within the borough or within any part of the borough

XI To make regulation respecting vaults cesspools and drains

XII To make regulations relative to the accumulation of manure compost and the like

XIII To prohibit accumulations of garbage or rubbish upon private properties and to prescribe penalties for the enforcement thereof

XIV To make regulations for the care and removal of garbage and other refuse material including the imposition and collection of reasonable fees and charges therefor and to prescribe fines and penalties for the violation of such regulations

XV To erect maintain and operate garbage plants or to provide other means for the collection destruction or removal of garbage and other refuse material and to provide for the payment of the cost or expense thereof either in whole or in part out of the funds of the borough

XVI To prohibit within the borough the carrying on of any manufacture art trade or business which may be noxious or offensive to the inhabitants

XVII To make such other regulations as may be necessary for the health and cleanliness and the beauty, convenience comfort and safety of the borough

XVIII To make regulations within the borough or within such limits thereof as may be deemed proper relative to the cause and management of fires and the prevention thereof

XIX To purchase fire engines and fire apparatus for the use of the borough and to appropriate money to fire companies or for the purchase of fire engines for the use of the borough

XX To prohibit or regulate the erection of wooden structures

XXI To make regulations for the construction of new buildings and repair of old ones and to require that before the work begins municipal approval of the plans and specifications therefor be secured and to provide for the inspection of such construction and repair including the appointment of one or more building inspectors to prescribe limits wherein none but buildings of combustible material and fire-proofs roofs shall be erected or substantially re-constructed or removed thereinto and to provide penalties for the violation of such regulations Any building erected re-constructed or removed contrary to the provisions of any ordinance passed for any of the purposes specified in this clause is declared to be a public nuisance and abatable as such

XXII To prohibit the manufacture sale or exposure of fire works or other inflammable or dangerous articles to prescribe the quantities of inflammable articles that may be kept in one place and to prescribe such other safe-guards as may be necessary

XXIII To make regulations respecting partition fences and the foundations and party-walls of buildings

XXIV To prescribe reasonable fees for the service of their officers in the adjustment of party-walls partition fences and the like and to enforce the payment of the same

XXV To regulate license or prohibit theatrical exhibitions amusements and other exhibitions and in connection therewith to impose fines to be collected by an action of debt or penalties to be enforced in a summary proceeding to regulate and license and to fix the time of opening and closing of pool rooms, billiard rooms and ten pin alleys

XXVI To regulate markets and peddling and to provide for the inspection of milk

XXVII To regulate the scales weights and measures according to the standard of the Commonwealth to provide for the confiscation of false weights and measures and to regulate the inspection and measurement or weight of articles offered for sale in the borough

XXVIII To levy and collect annually a tax on the owners of dogs and bitches not exceeding one dollar on the owner of but one dog or two dollars on the owner of but one bitch and to levy and collect such additional tax on the owners of more than one dog or bitch and in such ratio of increase as they may deem proper

XXIX To prohibit or regulate the running at large of dogs and in the enforcement of such regulations to direct the killing of dogs or their seizure and sale for the benefit of the borough

XXX To prohibit and regulate the running at large of other animals and to authorize their seizure and sale for the benefit of the borough

XXXI To impose fines and penalties incurring partial or total forfeitures or to remit the same

XXXII To provide a lockup for the temporary detention of persons

XXXIII To display the flag of Pennsylvania or the flag of any county city borough or other municipality in the State on the public buildings of the borough

XXXIV To enter into contracts with any street passenger railway company surface elevated or underground or motor power company leasing and operating the franchise and property of such company within the limits of the borough regulating the franchises powers duties and liabilities of such companies and the respective rights of the contracting parties Such contracts may inter alia provide for payments by the companies to the borough in lieu of the performance of certain duties or the payment of license fees or charges imposed in favor of such borough by the charters of the respective companies or by any general law or ordinances for the appointment by the borough of a certain number of persons to act as directors of such company in conjunction with the directors elected by the stockholders of such company and may further provide for the ultimate acquisition by the borough upon terms mutually satisfactory of the leaseholds property and franchises of the contracting companies

XXXV To take by right of eminent domain for the purpose of appropriating to themselves for the use of the National Guard of Pennsylvania such public lands easements and public property as may be in their possession or control and used or held by them for any other purpose Such right however shall not be exercised as to any street or wharf but all other public easements and property may be appropriated and used for the purposes herein provided any limitation of the use thereof by the borough either by donation dedication appropriation statute or otherwise to the contrary notwithstanding

XXXVI To appropriate money or convey land either independently or in conjunction with any county city town borough or other municipal division to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania for the purpose of assisting the armory board of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in the erection of armories for the use of the National Guard and to furnish water light or fuel free of cost to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania for use in any armory of the National Guard and to do all things necessary to accomplish the purposes of this clause

XXXVII To appropriate money for the expenses of Memorial Day services

XXXVIII To appropriate annually to each camp of the United Spanish War Veterans and of the army of the Philippines and to each post of the American Veterans of Foreign Service in the borough a sum not exceeding fifty dollars to aid in defraying the expenses of Memorial Day

XXXIX To make and they are hereby so required annual appropriations to each post of the Grand Army of the Republic in the borough in a sum not exceeding fifty dollars to aid in defraying expenses of Memorial Day

CHAPTER VI

SPECIAL POWERS

ARTICLE I

EMINENT DOMAIN

Section 1 Boroughs may enter upon the lands and premises of any person for the purposes authorized by this act

Section 2 No borough shall exercise the right of eminent domain as against land now occupied by any building which was used during the Colonial or Revolutionary period as a place of Assembly by the Council of the Colony of Pennsylvania the Supreme Executive Council of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania or the Congress of the United States or as against the land occupied by any fort redoubt or blockhouse erected during the Colonial or Revolutionary period or any building used as headquarters by the Commander-in-Chief of the Continental Army or as against the site of any building fort redoubt blockhouse or headquarters which are preserved for their historic associations and not for private profit The Colonial and Revolutionary period shall be taken as ended on the third day of September one thousand seven hundred and eighty-three

Section 3 Whenever in any condemnation proceedings any borough has tendered a bond to secure the payment of damages and the same has been accepted of if the acceptance has been refused and the bond has been filed in and approved by the court the borough shall have the right to immediate possession of the property

Section 4 If the owner lessee or occupier shall refuse to remove his personal property or give up possession the borough may serve written notice upon such owner lessee or his agent or the occupier to remove his personal property and give up possession of such property within sixty days from the date of the service of such notice

Section 5 If the owner lessee or occupier shall refuse to remove his personal property and give possession upon proof to the service of the notice specified in section four of this article a writ of habere facias possessionem shall forthwith issue directing the sheriff to give to the borough possession

Section 6 Whenever any court shall order any borough to enter security for the payment of damages for the taking injury or destruction of land or materials by right of eminent domain the bond of the borough shall be taken without sureties

Section 7 In all cases of the appropriation of land for public use other than for roads or streets it shall not be lawful to assess any portion of the damage done to or value of the land so appropriated against the other property adjoining or in the vicinity of the land so appropriated

Section 8 Viewers or juries of view appointed by any court to assess damages and benefits due to the taking injury or destruction of private property in and by the construction or enlargement of any public work highway or improvement shall make their reports within a time which the court shall fix when appointing them

Section 9 If any of the viewers or juries of view appointed as provided in the preceding section shall for any reason appearing sufficient to the court be unable to file its report within the period so fixed the court may either before or after the expiration of the time fixed extend the time for the filing of such report

Section 10 In any proceeding to ascertain the damages caused to any owner of lands by reason of the appropriation of a right of way or easement by any borough where the owner and borough cannot agree upon the amount of damage done the parties may by agreement waive the right to have such damages assessed and the owner may file his claim in the court of common pleas of the county and rule the defendant to plead thereto within fifteen days from the service of such rule upon the borough and the suit shall be proceeded with as if an award of viewers had been filed and an appeal had been taken therefrom

Section 11 Either party to such an action may on motion have the jury visit and view the premises over or through which the proposed right of way or easement may extend

Section 12 In all cases of damages assessed against any borough for property taken injured or destroyed by the construction or enlargement of their works highways or improvements whether such assessment shall have been made by viewers or otherwise than upon trial in court and an appeal is not provided for an appeal may be taken by either party to the court of common pleas of the county within thirty days from the filing of the report

Section 13 Any appeal taken pursuant to the preceding section shall be signed by the party taking the same or by his agent or attorney and shall be accompanied by an affidavit of the party appellant or of the agent or attorney that the same is not for the purpose of delay but because the affiant firmly believes that injustice had been done

Section 14 When no appeal is taken in accordance with the provisions of sections twelve and thirteen of this article and judgment is entered and the party to whom damages have been awarded refuses to accept payment of such award or judgment then it shall be lawful for such borough upon petition to the court after notice as ordered by court to pay the amount of the award and costs into the court The court upon such payment shall order the satisfaction of the award or judgment

CHAPTER VI

SPECIAL POWERS

ARTICLE II

CONDEMNATION PROCEEDINGS IN COURT OF COMMON PLEAS

Section 1 In the laying out opening widening extending vacating grading or changing the grades or lines of streets lanes or alleys the construction of bridges and the piers and abutments therefor the construction of slopes embankments and sewers the erection and extensions of water-works wharves and docks public buildings public works sewerage systems sewage and garbage disposal plants gas plants electric light plants and libraries the establishing of parks and playgrounds and the changing of water courses a borough may enter upon appropriate injure or destroy private lands property or material

Section 2 In case the compensation for damages or benefits accuring therefrom have not been agreed upon any court of common pleas or any law judge thereof in vacation on application thereto by petition by the borough or any person interested shall appoint three viewers from the board of viewers of the county and appoint a time not less than twenty nor more than thirty days thereafter when the viewers shall meet upon the line of the improvement and view the same and the premises affected thereby

Section 3 The viewers provided for in the preceding section may be appointed before or after the entry appropriation or injury of any property or materials for constructing such improvements

Section 4 The viewers shall give at least ten days notice of the time of their first meeting by publication in one or more newspapers of the county Where the publication is more than one newspaper one of the newspapers may be in the German language and by handbills posted upon the premises or otherwise as the court shall direct

Section 5 The viewers having been sworn or affirmed faithfully justly and impartially to decide and a true report to make concerning all matters to be submitted to them and in relation to which they are authorized to inquire and having viewed the premises and examined the property shall hear all parties interested and their witnesses and shall determine the damages for property taken injured or destroyed and to whom the same is payable and having determined the damages together with the benefits they shall prepare a schedule thereof

Section 6 The damages may be paid in whole or in part by the borough or may be assessed in whole or in part upon the property benefited In the latter case the viewers having first determined the damages apart from the benefits shall assess the total cost of the improvement or so much thereof as may be just and reasonable upon the properties peculiarly benefited including in the assessment all parties for which damages have been allowed and shall report the same to the court The total assessments for benefits shall not exceed the total damages awarded or agreed upon

Section 7 In proceedings to assess damages and benefits if the property is both benefited and damaged by such improvements the excess of damages over benefits or the excess of benefits over damages or nothing in case the benefits and damages are equal shall be awarded to or assessed against the several owners of property affected thereby

Section 8 The preceding section shall not prevent the viewers from making a separate report of the damages and benefits respectively In such event if the damages to the property of any person be greater than the benefits or if the benefits be greater than the damages or if the damages and benefits be equal in either case the viewers shall strike a balance and carry the difference forward to another column so that the assessment shall show what amount is to be received or paid by the property owner and the difference only shall be collectible of or paid to such property owner Appeals taken from the report of the board of viewers shall be from such net amount only

Section 9 The viewers shall give notice to all parties to whom damages are allowed or upon whom assessments for benefits are made of a time not less than ten days thereafter and of place where the viewers will meet and exhibit their schedule and hear all exceptions thereto

Section 10 Such notice shall be given in the manner provided by law for the service of a summons in a personal action if the parties can be found in the borough or upon an adult person residing upon the property affected by the assessment in case the owner or reputed owner cannot be found and to all others by publication in the newspaper or newspapers in which the first notices of the view were published and by posting conspicuously on the premises Council may by ordinance provide by whom the notice shall be served and posted and fix the compensation for such service

Section 11 After making whatever changes are necessary the viewers shall report to the court showing the damages and benefits allowed and assessed in each case and file therewith a plan showing the improvement the properties taken injured or destroyed and properties benefited

Section 12 When the report is filed notice thereof shall immediately be given by publication once in the newspapers publishing the notice provided for in section four of this article Such notice shall state the date of filing of the report contain a schedule of the damages allowed and benefits assessed and shall state that unless exceptions be filed thereto within thirty days from the date of filing the report will be confirmed absolutely

Section 13 The cost of the proceedings including court costs except the compensation of the viewers shall be paid by the borough

Section 14 In all cases where the parties have not agreed upon the damages claimed or where by reason of the absence or legal incapacity of the owner no such agreement can be made the borough may tender sufficient security to the party entitled to damages or to the attorney or agent of any person absent or to the agent or officer of a corporation or to the guardian or committee of anyone under legal incapacity

Section 15 The condition of the security shall be that the borough shall pay or cause to be paid such amount of damages as the party shall be entitled to receive after the same shall have been agreed upon by the parties or assessed in the manner provided for by this article In case the party claiming damages refuse to accept the security tendered the borough shall give the party or his agent attorney gardian or committee a written notice of the time when the same will be presented in court

Section 16 If approved by the court the security shall be filed for the benefit of those interested and recovery may be had thereon for the amount of damages assessed If the damages be not paid they may be collected by execution on the judgment in the issue framed to try the question Upon the approval of the security the borough may proceed with the improvement

Section 17 Within thirty days after the filing of any report any party interested may file exceptions to the same and the court shall confirm modify or change the same or change the assessments made therein or refer it back to the same or new viewers

Section 18 When the report is filed the prothonotary shall mark it confirmed nisi In case no exceptions are filed thereto he shall enter a decree that the report is confirmed absolutely

Section 19 When exceptions are filed which affect the entire report the same shall not be confirmed absolutely as to any part thereof until the exceptions have been finally disposed of when the exceptions do not affect the entire report the court may confirm the assessments to which exceptions have not been taken

Section 20 Within six months after the confirmation of any report any party interested may appeal from the decree of the court below to the Superior or Supreme Court as the case may be

Section 21 Where any appeal is taken from the action of the court confirming any viewers' report or part thereof if the appeal affects the entire report it shall have the effect of suspending the absolute confirmation thereof until the appeal is finally disposed of but where the appeal is to matters which do not affect the entire report or any other assessment such appeal shall affect only the particular assessment for which the appeal is taken

Section 22 In order to determine whether any appeal affects the entire report or any particular assessment the appellant shall file in the court below before or at the time of filing his writ or certiorari a copy of his specifications or assignments of error or grounds of appeal. Upon failure so to do the borough or any party interested may by notice or rule upon the appellant cause such specifications assignments of error or grounds of appeal to be filed

Section 23 Upon the request of the borough or any party interested the court below or any judge thereof in vacation shall certify whether the appeal affects the entire report and said certificate shall be conclusive Where the court or judge certifies that the appeal will affect the entire report no further proceedings shall be taken in the court below until after the final action of the appellate court but where the court or judge certifies that the appeal will affect only a particular assessment then the confirmation of all other assessments shall be final

Section 24 If on any appeal the action of the court below is affirmed the date of the decree or judgment of the appellate court shall be taken as the day on which the report was finally confirmed

Section 25 Where any appeal is taken to the Supreme Court and an appeal is also taken to the Superior Court and the appeals in both cases are substantially the same the Superior Court may certify such appeal to the Supreme Court to be heard with the other appeals from the same report

Section 26 The Supreme Court shall consolidate all such appeals and hear them as one case Where several appeals are taken from the confirmation of the same report either to the Superior or Supreme Court and the grounds of appeal are similar the appellate court may consolidate the appeals

Section 27 Several parties may unite in a sigle appeal either to the Superior or Supreme Court where the grounds of appeal are similar but the uniting of the appellants shall not unite the amounts or change the jurisdiction When the appeal if taken by each appellant singly would be to the Superior Court then the appeal shall be to that court but if the appeal of any one appellant would be to the Supreme Court then the joint appeal shall be to that court If an appeal has been taken the Supreme Court any other party without regard to the amount involved if the grounds of appeal are similar may appeal to the same court and join in such appeal

Section 28 Within thirty days after any report of viewers is filed in court any party whose property is taken injured or destroyed or who is assessed benefits may appeal to the court of common pleas and demand a trial by jury

Section 29 The appeal as provided in the last preceding section shall state the grounds upon which it is taken and shall be signed by the appellant or by his agent or attorney and shall be accompanied by an affidavit that it is not taken for the purpose of delay but because the appellant believes that injustice has been done

Section 30 Upon the trial of any such appeal in case the party appellant does not obtain a verdict more favorable than was the report of viewers as finally confirmed the appellant shall not recover any costs

Section 31 The court of common pleas shall order what notices shall be given in connection with such proceedings and may by rule or otherwise prescribe the form of pleadings After verdict and final judgment either party may appeal to the Superior or Supreme Court

Section 32 Should any appeal under this article be made to the wrong court such court shall certify the appeal to the court to which it should have been taken

Section 33 No appeal taken under this article shall prevent the filing of liens by any borough for any assessment made by any such report but upon the final termination of the issue the court shall make such order as to the lien filed as shall appear right and proper

Section 34 If any borough shall repeal any ordinance or discontinue any proceeding providing for any of the improvements mentioned in this article prior to the entry upon taking or injury to any property or materials and within thirty days after the filing of the report of viewers the borough shall not be liable to pay any damages which have been assessed but all costs upon any such proceeding shall be paid by the borough together with any actual damage sustained by reason of such proceeding

Section 35 All assessments for benefits costs and expenses shall bear interest at the expiration of thirty days after they shall have been finally ascertained and shall be payable to the treasurer of the borough

CHAPTER VI

SPECIAL POWERS

ARTICLE III

DAMAGES FOR INJURY TO PROPERTY

Section 1 The right to damages against boroughs is given to all owners or tenants of lands property or material abutting on or through which pass roads streets lanes or alleys injured by the laying out opening widening vacating extending or grading of such roads streets lanes or alleys or the changing of the grades or lines thereof the construction and the vacation of bridges and piers abutments and approaches therefor and the construction of sewers over upon or through such lands or property

Section 2 All juries of view appointed for assessing damages or benefits for taking using occupying or injuring land property or material are directed to assess the damages provided for in section one of this article against boroughs and the benefits in connection therewith and make a report thereof to the court

Section 3 The right of appeal to the court of common pleas the right of trial by jury and the right to file exceptions are given to any party not satisfied with such report

Section 4 After disposal of exceptions or after verdict and final judgment any interested party may appeal to the Superior or Supreme Court as in other cases

Section 5 Whenever viewers are appointed to vacate any road street or highway and the vacation of the same takes no land from the owner abutting thereon if in the opinion of the viewers such vacation damages the property of the abutting owner they may award damages to such owner as though land has been actually taken and such damages shall be ascertained as provided in chapter six article two of this act

CHAPTER VI

SPECIAL POWERS

ARTICLE IV

OPENING WIDENING EXTENDING STRAIGHTENING AND VACATING STREETS

(a) WITHOUT PETITION

Section 1 Boroughs may survey lay out open widen straighten extend or vacate streets lanes alleys and courts or parts thereof without petition of property owners

Section 2 Ten days notice of the contemplated improvement shall be given by the borough by not less than ten handbills posted on the line of the proposed improvement and in such notice shall be designated a time and place where objections thereto shall be heard

Section 3 Any ordinance authorizing the exercise of any power conferred by section one of this article shall be adopted by the affirmative vote of three-fourths of the whole number of councilmen and shall be approved by the burgess No such ordinance shall be finally adopted until the expiration of twenty-eight days from the date of its introduction and in the meantime copies thereof shall be published in such one or more of the newspapers of the borough once a week for three consecutive weeks immediately following the introduction thereof In case no newspaper shall be published in the borough then in one newspaper published in the county

Section 4 No owner or occupier of lands buildings or other improvements shall erect any buildings or make any improvements within the lines of the roads streets lanes alleys or courts laid out widened or straightened or proposed to be laid out widened or straightened after notice thereof If any such erection or improvement shall be made no allowance shall be had therefor in the assessment of damages

Section 5 Viewers shall be appointed damages awarded and benefits assessed as provided in chapter six article two in the case of property taken injured or destroyed Any costs and expenses which cannot be assessed upon property benefited shall be paid by the borough

Section 6 Any street lane or alley opened pursuant to this article or by agreement of parties is a public highway

(b) ON PETITION TO THE COUNCIL

Section 7 Boroughs may upon petition open widen straighten extend or vacate streets and alleys or parts thereof

Section 8 The petition shall be signed by a majority in number and interest of the owners of property abutting on the line of the proposed improvement as fixed at the time of its presentation and shall be verified by the affidavit of one or more of the petitioners The majority in interest of owners of undivided interests in any piece of property shall be deemed as one person for the purposes of the petition

Section 9 Upon the approval of any ordinance passed pursuant to section seven of this article notice shall within ten days be given by handbills posted in conspicuous places along the line of the proposed improvement The notice shall state the fact of the passage of the ordinance and the date thereof that the petition for the improvement was signed by a majority in interest and number of the owners of property abutting the line of the proposed improvement and that any person interested denying the fact that such petition was so signed may appeal to the court of common pleas of the county within sixty days after the passage thereof

Section 10 Any person interested may within sixty days from the passage of the ordinance present a petition to the court of common pleas of the county whereupon the court shall determine whether such improvement was petitioned for by the requisite majority If said court shall find that it was not so petitioned for it shall quash the ordinance otherwise it shall approve the same

Section 11 If no appeal shall be taken or if the court on appeal shall approve the ordinance the borough may proceed with the improvement Thereafter all parties interested shall be estopped from denying the fact that the petition was signed by the requisite majority of the property owners as required by section eight of this article

Section 12 Viewers shall be appointed damages awarded and benefits assessed as provided in chapter six article two of this act in the case of property taken injured or destroyed Any costs and expenses which cannot be assessed upon property benefited shall be paid by the borough

(c) TIME WITHIN WHICH STREETS ARE TO BE OPENED

Section 13 Whenever any borough shall pass an ordinance authorizing the laying out or surveying of any road street lane alley or court over any private property the proceedings to open the same and to assess the damages arising therefrom shall be had not later than two years from the passage thereof

Section 14 Whenever any street lane or alley shall be laid out by any person and has not been opened to or used by the public for twenty-one years such streets lanes or alleys shall not thereafter be opened without the consent of the owners of the land on which the same has been so laid out

CHAPTER VI

SPECIAL POWERS

ARTICLE V

VACATION OF ROADS AND STREETS

(a) ROADS LAID OUT BY THE COMMONWEALTH

Section 1 Boroughs may vacate in whole or in part streets lanes and alleys within their limits laid out by the Commonwealth whenever the same shall have remained unopened for a period of thirty years

Section 2 In exercising the power provided for in the preceding section the proceedings for the ascertainment of damages and the assessment of benefits shall be as provided for in chapter six article two of this act

(b) LANES AND ALLEYS DECLARED NUISANCES BY BOARD OF HEALTH

Section 3 Whenever the board of health of the borough shall declare as a nuisance any public alley lane or passageway any two or more owners of property adjacent or abutting upon the same may present their petition verified by oath or affirmation to the court of quarter sessions setting forth the facts regarding such nuisance and praying that said alley lane or passageway may be vacated Such petition shall be accompanied by a certificate of the board of health setting forth that they have declared such alley lane or passageway to be a public nuisance

Section 4 The court shall thereupon appoint a jury of view of three men of the county The jury being sworn or affirmed to faithfully perform its duties shall give notice to all parties likely to be affected by the proceedings of the time and place of the first meeting in such manner as the court shall direct

Section 5 After the first meeting the jury shall proceed to view the premises hear all parties interested and their witnesses and shall prepare a report of findings and recommendations as to whether or not such alley lane or passageway or part thereof should be vacated and in such report shall award damages and assess benefits to the property affected

Section 6 The jury shall give notice in writing to all parties affected by their report at least ten days before the same is filed in court The notice shall state the time and place where such report will be open to inspection

Section 7 Any person aggrieved by such report may file exceptions thereto with the jury whereupon the jury shall reconsider their report with the exceptions and change the same as justice may require The report as finally prepared shall be filed in court

Section 8 Any person affected by the report shall have an appeal to the court of common pleas within thirty days after the report is filed and the procedure on such appeal shall be the same as in actions of trespass

Section 9 At the end of the period allowed for an appeal the report shall be absolutely confirmed by the court as to such awards or assessments from which no appeals have been taken

Section 10 No alley lane or passageway shall be vacated in any case where the vacating deprives any lot abutting thereon of the sole means of ingress or egress otherwise than to or from the front line thereof nor where it was created by grant or contract and not theretofore accepted by the public

CHAPTER VI

SPECIAL POWERS

ARTICLE VI

ROADS PARTLY WITHIN THE BOROUGH

Section 1 In opening widening and straightening roads partly within a borough like proceedings shall be had as for the laying out and opening of public roads

Section 2 Every jury appointed to view lay out widen or vacate any road or part of a road in any borough laid out as provided in section one of this article shall have reference to the town plot and to the general arrangement convenience and advantage of the borough and shall set forth the facts fully in their report

Section 3 All damages assessed beyond the value of the land appropriated to public use shall be paid by the borough and the jury shall separately assess the same

Section 4 Petitions for the assessment of damages for the opening or widening of any road or highway when the damages are not assessed by the view opening the road may be filed in the court of quarter sessions within the period of six years from the confirmation of any report or the entry of any decree opening such road or highway All claims shall be barred after the expiration of the period of six years

Section 5 No owner or occupier of lands buildings or improvements shall erect any building or make any improvements within the lines of the roads laid out widened or straightened or proposed to be laid out widened or straightened after notice thereof and if any such erection or improvement shall be made no allowance shall be had therefor in the assessment of damages

Section 6 Whenever the authorities of any borough deem it advisable to construct or change any part of any public road under their supervision and can agree with the property owners affected as

to the damages upon the payment of the damages agreed upon the borough may change or alter such public road without the formality of a view

Section 7 Before any change is made in any such road a petition setting forth the facts accompanied by a map shall be presented to the court of quarter sessions and if approved by the court the new location shall be taken to be the public road and the old location shall be deemed vacated

Section 8 The authority conferred in section six of this article shall not extend to any change the costs and expenses of which including damages shall exceed three hundred dollars

CHAPTER VI

SPECIAL POWERS

ARTICLE VII

STREET IMPROVEMENT

(a) GRADING STREETS AND ASSESSMENT OF DAMAGES

Section 1 Boroughs may lay out establish or change the grades of streets roads lanes and alleys or parts thereof

Section 2 At least ten days' notice shall be given by not less than ten handbills posted on the line of the proposed improvement of any proposition to establish or change the grades of streets roads lanes or alleys and in such notice a time and place shall be designated where objections thereto shall be heard

Section 3 Whenever any street road lane or alley is graded or changed in grade pursuant to this article and private property is damaged thereby the damages may be awarded and benefits costs and expenses where the costs and expenses are not assessed according to the foot front rule may be assessed as provided in chapter six article two of this act in the case of property taken injured or destroyed

(b) GRADING CURBING PAVING MACADAMIZING STREETS ON PETITION AND ASSESSMENT ACCORDING TO BENEFITS

Section 4 Upon the petition of a majority of property owners in interest and number abutting on the line of any proposed improvement to be verified by the affidavit of at least one of the petitioners a majority in interest of owners of undivided interests in any piece of property to be treated as one person a borough may grade curb pave or macadamize or otherwise improve any street or alley or part thereof or which may be in whole or in part boundaries thereof and provide for the necessary drainage thereof

Section 5 The majority in interest and number required for such petitions shall be fixed as of the date of such petition After the passage of any ordinance for the grading curbing paving or macadamizing or otherwise improving any street or alley notice shall be given within ten days thereafter by handbills posted in conspicuous places along the line of the proposed improvement

Section 6 The notice shall state the fact and the date of the passage of such ordinance that the petition for the improvement was signed by a majority in interest and number of owners of property abutting on the line of the proposed improvement and that any person interested denying the fact that said petition was so signed may appeal to the court of common pleas of the county within sixty days from the passage of the ordinance

Section 7 Any person interested may within sixty days from the passage of such ordinahce present a petition to the court of common pleas of the county setting forth the facts whereupon the court shall determine whether such improvement was petitioned for by the requisite majority If the court shall find that it was not so petitioned for it shall quash the ordinance but if it shall find that it was so petitioned for it shall approve the same If no appeal shall be taken or if the court on appeal shall approve the ordinance the borough may proceed with the improvement and thereafter all parties shall be estopped from denying the fact that such petition was properly signed

Section 8 On petition viewers shall be appointed as provided in chapter six article two of this act who shall assess the damages costs and expenses of such grading curbing paving or macadamizing or improving including the expenses for necessary drainage upon the property benefited according to benefits if sufficient can be found but if not the deficiency when ascertained shall be paid by the borough The proceedings of the viewers and the proceedings on their report shall be as provided in chapter six article two of this act

(c) GRADING CURBING PAVING OR MACADAMIZING STREETS AND COLLECTION OF COST BY FOOT-FRONT RULE

Section 9 Boroughs without petition or upon petition verified by affidavit of at least one of the petitioners may grade curb pave or macadamize streets lanes and alleys or parts thereof and collect from the owners of real estate abutting on the improvement by an equal assessment on the foot-front the whole cost or part thereof including the expenses for the necessary drainage thereof as follows that is to say

I If the petition be for grading curbing paving or macadamizing and is signed by petitioners representing two-thirds in the number of feet of properties abutting on the proposed improvement and the real estate on both sides of the street is assessable then two-thirds of the cost may be collected

II If the petition be for grading curbing paving or macadamizing and is signed by petitioners representing two-thirds in the number of feet of property abutting on the proposed improvement and the real estate on one side only of the street is assessable then one-half of the cost may be collected

III If the petition be for grading curbing paving or macadamizing and is signed by petitioners representing four-fifths in the number of feet of property abutting on the proposed improvement then the whole cost may be collected the whole cost of such improvement shall not be assessed unless the petition shall contain a statement to the effect that the whole cost may be collected

IV If the petition be for grading only and is signed by a majority in number and interest of the owners of property abutting the line of the proposed improvement a majority of owners of undivided interest in any one piece of property to be deemed as one person then the whole cost or any part thereof may be collected and the council in making the assessment may provide for an equitable reduction not exceeding one-third from the frontage of all lots at street or other intersections where for any equitable cause an assessment for the full frontage would be unjust

V If any street is graded curbed paved or macadamized without a petition as provided in this section then two-thirds of the cost may be collected

Section 10 Whenever an ordinance is passed for any of the purposes authorized by the preceding section pursuant to a petition therefor ten days notice shall be given by hand-bills posted in conspicuous places along the line of the proposed improvement The notice shall state the fact and date of the passage of the ordinance that the petition for the improvement was signed by a majority of free-holders in interest and number or by the owners of property representing two-thirds or four-fifths in the number of feet abutting the line of the proposed improvement as the case may be and shall further state that any person interested denying that the petition was so signed may appeal to the court of common pleas of the county within sixty days from the passage of the ordinance

Section 11 Any person interested may within sixty days from the passage of the ordinance present a petition to the court of common pleas of the county whereupon the court shall determine whether said improvement was petitioned for by the requisite majority two-thirds or four-fifths as the case may be If the court shall find that it was not so petitioned for it shall quash the ordinance otherwise it shall approve the same

Section 12 If no such appeal shall be taken or if the court on the appeal shall approve the ordinance the borough may proceed with the improvement and thereafter all parties interested shall be estopped from denying the fact that the petition was properly signed

Section 13 Whnever any improvement is proposed to be made without a petition as provided in section nine of this article the ordinance authorizing and directing the improvement shall be adopted by the affirmative vote of two-thirds of the whole number of council If the burgess approve such ordinance he shall sign it but if he shall not so approve he shall return it with his objections to the council at the next regular meeting thereof when said objections shall be entered upon the minutes

At the regular meeting next succeeding the return of such ordinance the council shall proceed to a reconsideration thereof and if all the members shall vote to pass such ordinance it shall then become of as full force as if it had been approved by the burgess but in such case the vote shall be determined by yeas and nays and the names and votes of the members shall be entered on the minutes If such ordinance shall not be returned by the burgess at the regular meeting next succeeding its presentation to him it shall likewise have as full force as if it had been approved

Section 14 Whenever any improvement is proposed to be made without a petition as provided in section nine of this article the ordinance authorizing such improvement shall not be adopted until thirty days from the date of its introduction and in the meantime copies thereof shall be published in a newspaper circulating in the borough once a week for two weeks and five copies thereof shall be posted in conspicuous places along the proposed improvement ten days before its final passage

Section 15 All assessments made pursuant to section nine of this article shall be estimated by the council or such person as it shall designate and shall be filed with the secretary of the borough

Section 16 The secretary of the borough shall cause thirty days notice of the assessment to be given to each party assessed either by service on the owner or his agent or left on the assessed premises

Section 17 If any asessment shall remain unpaid at the expiration of the notice it shall be the duty of the borough solicitor to collect the same with interest from the time of completion of the improvement by action of assumpsit or by a lien to be filed and collected in the same manner as municipal claims When an owner has two or more lots against which there is an assessment for the same improvement all of such lots shall be embraced in one claim

(e) GRADING CURBING PAVING MACADAMIZING BOUNDARY STREETS AND STREETS OUTSIDE LIMITS

1 By agreement with municipalities and townships

Section 18 Boroughs may enter into agreements with adjoining municipalities and townships for the grading curbing paving or macadamizing of streets and alleys which may be boundaries between such boroughs and municipalities or townships and may provide in such contract that the damages costs and expenses of such improvement shall be divided between such boroughs and municipalities or townships in the proportion agreed upon

Section 19 In grading curbing paving or macadamizing such streets or alleys boroughs shall exercise such power only upon petition of a majority of the property owners in interest and number abutting the line of the proposed improvement within the borough limits to be verified by the affidavit of at least one of the petitioners a majority in interest of owners of undivided interests in any piece of property to be treated as one person asking that such improvement be made

Section 20 The portion of the damages costs and expenses agreed to be paid by the borough shall be ascertained and the benefits incident thereto shall be assessed and collected in the manner provided in chapter six article two of this act but the borough may agree to pay any part of the costs damages and expenses of such improvements out of the general funds

2 By agreement with counties and townships

Section 21 Whenever the center line of any highway constitutes the dividing line between any borough and a township located in the same county and the borough shall enter into a contract with the commissioners of the county and the commissioners or road supervisors of the township to grade curb pave or macadamize such highway in accordance with the provisions of the act of the twentieth day of May one thousand nine hundred and thirteen page two hundred and sixty-seven entitled "An Act providing a method whereby highways the center line of which constitutes a dividing line between a city or borough and a township in the same county may be altered or improved and the cost thereof apportioned" such alteration or improvement shall be constructed and subsequent repairs shall be made under the supervision of the authorities of the borough and in compliance with the plans to be agreed upon in writing between such borough and the commissioners of the county and the commissioners or road supervisors of the township One-half of the cost of such repairs shall be borne by the borough

3 Streets outside limits

Section 22 Boroughs may singly or jointly with boroughs cities or counties appropriate and expend moneys for the improvement of highways outside of the limits of such boroughs for the purpose of connecting improved streets in such boroughs with state or state-aid highways No such highway shall be improved which shall be more than one mile in length

(f) MAINTENANCE AND IMPROVEMENT OF CONDEMNED AND ABANDONED TURNPIKES

Section 23 When any turnpike or part thereof situate in the same or more than one county shall be condemned for public use free of tolls and the assessment of damages therefore shall have been paid by the county or when any turnpike company or association has abandoned its turnpike or any part thereof or when any utrnpike company or association has been dissolved such turnpike or part thereof located within the limits of any borough shall be maintained and improved in the same manner as other streets of the borough

(g) MAINTENANCE AND IMPROVEMENT OF STREETS CONNECTING COUNTY ROADS

Section 24 Whenever any county shall improve any road located within any borough under the provisions of an act approved the thirteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred and nine page five hundred and twenty-seven entitled "An Act amending an act approved the twenty-second day of. April Anno Domini nineteen hundred and five entitled 'An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act providing for the permanent improvement of certain public roads or highways in the several counties of this Commonwealth making such improved roads and highways county roads authorizing the relocation opening straightening widening extension and alteration of the same and the vacation of so much of any such road as may thereby become necessary authorizing the taking of property for such improvement and providing for the compensation therefor and the damage resulting from such taking providing for the payment of the costs and expenses incurred in making such improvements and in thereafter repairing and maintaining said road and authorizing the levy of a tax to provide a fund for such purposes' approved June twenty-sixth one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five providing that public roads and highways may be constructed improved and maintained by the several counties of the Commonwealth as county roads whether existing by other authority or laid out in whole or in part by virtue of this act and providing that public roads and highways may be originally located laid out and established for the purpose of such construction improvement and maintenance by the several counties in the manner and by the procedure set out in the amended act and subject to other provisions thereof providing for the laying out of a system of main thoroughfares to which the establishing construction improvement and maintenance of public roads by the counties shall be restricted after January one one thousand nine hundred and seven but providing for such establishing construction improvement and maintenance of roads not part of said system upon parties interested paying not less than one-fourth of the original cost of construction and providing that the county commissioners of any county may provide rules regulating the use of roads constructed and maintained by the counties and prescribing the penalties for the violation thereof' and providing that public roads and highways located established constructed and improved by the several counties in the manner and by the procedure set out in the said acts shall thereafter be township or borough roads and be maintained and improved by the proper township or borough" such road shall by ordinance enacted by the borough council become a borough road and the duty of maintaining the same in repair shall devolve upon the borough in which such road lies

Section 25 Whenever any road is improved by a county in accordance with the provisions of an act approved the eleventh day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven page two hundred and forty-four entitled "An Act providing for the original location laying out and construction of public roads or highways in the several counties of this Commonwealth and for the permanent improvement of certain public roads or highways therein making such originally constructed or improved roads and highways county roads authorizing the relocation opening straightening widening extension and alteration of the same and the vacation of so much of any road as may thereby become unnecessary providing that the county commissioners of any county may prescribe rules regulating the use of roads constructed or maintained by the various counties and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing for the taking of property for such improvement the compensation to be paid therefor and the payment of damages resulting from such taking and the manner in which such damages may be determined providing for the payment of the costs and expenses of such construction or improvement and in thereafter repairing and maintaining said roads authorizing the levy of a tax or the issuing of bonds to provide a fund for the expense thereof prescribing a method for improving a county road lying within or traversing a borough and apportioning the cost of such improvement and authorizing the vacation of any county road" and its amendments and when a borough intervens between two ends of such county highway and the borough has failed to improve the street or streets constituting the shortest and most reasonable route through the borough which will connect the two ends of such highway the councils of the borough may by ordinance contract with the county commissioners that the shortest and most reasonable route through such borough be improved or when an improved county highway terminates at the limits of a borough in the same or another county and connects with a borough street which the borough has failed to improve and the county commissioners deem the improvement of such borough street necessary in order to make such highway accessible to the traveling public the councils of the borough may by ordinance contract with the county commissioners for the improvement of such street

Section 26 Whenever an improvement is made to a borough street pursuant to the preceding section the cost of such improvement may be divided between the borough and the county The borough ordinance authorizing the improvement shall stipulate what percentage of the cost if any the borough and county shall pay The contract for such improvement may be taken by the borough upon the stipulation of the county to pay its proportionate share of the cost or the improvement may be made by joint contract with the county

Section 27 Before any highway is improved under sections twenty-nine and thirty of this article the borough shall agree with the county commissioners for the maintenance of such highway Such agreement may provide that such highway shall be kept and maintained in repair by the borough or by the county and in the latter case the cost thereof shall be paid by the borough to the county

(h) ASSESSMENTS ON PROPERTY OUTSIDE LIMITS

Section 28 Whenever any street or alley entirely within the limits of any borough shall divide such borough from any other municipality or township located in the same county the property on the side of the street or alley opposite the line of the borough shall for a depth of one hundred and fifty feet be assessed for municipal improvements on such streets or alleys on which such property shall abut in the manner provided by chapter six article two of this act

(i) EXPENDITURES FOR PAVING CURBING MACADAMIZING STREETS

Section 29 The authorities of any borough in addition to the method of paying for improvements prescribed in this article may expend not exceeding one-half of the annual appropriation for roads and streets in curbing and paving or macadamizing any street lane or alley or part thereof

CHAPTER VI

SPECIAL POWERS

ARTICLE VIII

COLLECTION BY INSTALMENT OF COST OF GRADING AND IMPROVING STREETS

Section 1 When any borough shall authorize the grading subgrading or the permanent paving and improvement of any streets or alleys or parts thereof and the entire costs or any part thereof shall be assessed against the properties abutting on such improvement whether by the foot front rule or according to benefits the council may provide in the ordinance that the assessment may be paid in semi-annual or annual instalments Such instalments shall bear interest at a rate not exceeding six percentum from the date of the commencement of the work or the construction of such improvement

Section 2 In order to provide for the payment of the cost and expense of such improvement the council of such borough may from time to time issue bonds in such sums as may be required in all to an amount not exceeding the amount of assessments The bonds shall bear the name of the street or alley to be improved and shall rest alone for their security and payment upon such assessments and shall be payable at periods not exceeding five years from the date of their issue to be provided in the ordinance directing the improvement

Section 3 The bonds shall bear interest at a rate not exceeding six percentum per annum payable semi-annually or annually as the ordinance shall direct and shall be negotiated at not less than par and the proceeds thereof applied solely to the payment of such improvement In case the bonds are not negotiated by the council they may be delivered to the contractor in payment of the work but when so delivered must be at not less than par

Section 4 Liens to secure the assessments shall be entered in the prothonotary's office of the county in the same form and collected in the same manner as municipal claims are filed and collected

Section 5 Such assessments shall be payable at the office of the borough treasurer or such other place as the ordinance shall provide in semi-annual or annual instalments with interest at the rate provided from the date from which interest is computed on the amount of the assessments The moneys so received by the borough shall be applied to the payment of such bonds exclusively

Section 6 In case of default in the payment of any instalment and interest for a period of sixty days after the same shall become due the entire assessment and accrued interest shall become due and the borough solicitor shall proceed to collect the same under the general laws relating to the collection of municipal claims

Section 7 Any owner of property against whom any such assessment has been made may pay the same in full at any time with interest thereon to the next semi-annual or annual payment and such payment shall discharge the lien If any owner shall sub-divide any property after the lien attaches he may in like manner discharge the same upon any sub-divided portion thereof by paying the amount for which such part would be liable

Section 8 Whenever any borough shall issue bonds pursuant to this article the treasurer of the borough shall keep a registry book in which the bonds shall be registered Such registry shall show the date of the issue of the bond the amount of the bond and the name and address of the person firm or corporation to whom the same was issued which shall also be noted on the back of such bond

Section 9 The bonds may be transferred at any time and the secretary shall make the proper entry of any such transfers in the registry book and on such bonds and shall file all assignments among the records of the borough Payment of such bonds and interest thereon shall be made only to the last registered owner

CHAPTER VI

SPECIAL POWERS

ARTICLE IX

STREETS AND HIGHWAYS CROSSING RAILROADS

Section 1 Every borough constructing a highway across a railroad shall construct the same above or below the grade thereof unless permitted in the manner provided in this article to construct the same at grade and the cost of the work shall be paid one-half by the borough and one-half by the railroad company

Section 2 Whenever any borough constructing a new highway shall decide to cress a railroad at grade a petition shall be presented by the borough to the court of common pleas of the county within which such crossing is situate upon ten days notice to the railroad The petition shall describe the proposed construction and set forth the reasons which are supposed to make the same necessary

Section 3 The court of common pleas upon such notice as it shall deem sufficient shall examine the matter either by evidence by reference to a master or commissioner or otherwise and if satisfied that such construction is reasonably required to accommodate the public or to avoid excessive expense in view of the small amount of traffic on the highway or railroad or in view of the difficulties in construction it shall make an order permitting such crossing at grade prescribe what gates signals or other safeguards shall be maintained by the railroad company in addition to the signals and safeguards prescribed by statute

Section 4 All costs and expenses of the proceedings shall be ascertained and allowed by the court of common pleas and shall be paid by such party as it shall decide or be apportioned between the parties and may be collected by execution

Section 5 Any borough may at its own cost vacate and alter any railroad grade crossing of a highway by passing the highway over or under the grade of the railroad but no highway which has been constructed at grade by permission of the court of common pleas shall be vacated or altered without like permission unless by agreement with the railroad company

Section 6 Such alteration shall not without the consent of the railroad company create a steeper gradient of such railroad than the established gradient in the same direction

Section 7 The borough shall give thirty days notice to the railroad company of any such proposed vacation or alteration with plans and details thereof

Section 8 If the highway is to be carried under the railroad the railroad company shall support the railroad tracks during the progress of the work and in the case of failure so to do the borough may enter upon the railroad and provide for such support

Section 9 If any additional lands are necessary for such vacation or alteration of highways or the location of any highways such land may be purchased or taken by condemnation and the cost of the same shall become a part of the cost of the alterations The railroad companies interested in the improvements shall have notice of such condemnation procedings and the right to be heard therein and no purchase shall be made without the approval of the railroad company

Section 10 In case the parties interested cannot agree upon the damages sustained by any person the same shall be determined by a jury of view as provided in chapter six article two of this act upon petition brought by any party claiming to be damaged The petition shall be filed within one year after the decree of the court as provided in section five of this article

Section 11 Wherever any railroad is crossed at grade by a street or highway and the railroad company shall have constructed or there shall have been constructed by others with such companys consent a subway or an overgrade crossing sufficiently near such crossing to reasonably accommodate the travelling public the court of quarter sessions of the county upon petition of any person may if satisfied that such subway or overgrade crossing reasonably accommodates the traveling public after notice to any corporation occupying such street with tracks wires pipes or conduits and after testimony the court may order that the street or highway where it crosses the railroad at grade and its approaches on both sides shall be vacated

Section 12 Thereafter the subway or the overgrade crossing and its approaches on both sides shall be substituted therefor and shall be a public highway and be maintained by the proper authorities and any company which had rights upon the street or highway vacated shall have the same rights upon such subway and overgrade crossing so opened and may connect the same with its system without obtaining further consent

CHAPTER VI

SPECIAL POWERS

ARTICLE X

PLANS AND LOCATION OF STREETS

(a) PLANS OF STREETS

Section 1 Every borough shall have a general plan of its streets and alleys including those which have been laid out but not opened

Section 2 The plan shall be filed in the office of the engineer or other proper office of the borough and all subdivisions of property thereafter made shall conform thereto

Section 3 The location of streets or alleys laid out by council shall not afterwards be altered without the consent of council and no map or plot of streets or alleys shall be entered in any public office of the county until approved by council

(b) LOCATION OF STREETS

Section 4 Boroughs may by ordinance locate streets and alleys and include therein streets and alleys theretofore opened or used for highway purposes and may locate streets or alleys theretofore opened or used for highway purposes of a greater width and may revise the lines of such streets or alleys in accordance therewith and place the same on the general plan of such borough All subdivisions of property thereafter made shall conform thereto

Section 5 No such location shall authorize the entry upon or appropriation of any property within such located street or alley not theretofore opened or used for highway purposes nor shall the same interfere in any way with the rights of the owners to the full use of such property

Section 6 No person shall recover any damages for the taking for public use of any buildings or improvements constructed within the lines of any located street or alley after the same shall have been so located and any such building or improvement shall be removed at the expense of the owner

CHAPTER VI

SPECIAL POWERS

ARTICLE XI

SIDEWALKS

(a) GRADING PAVING REPAIRING SIDEWALKS CURBS AND GUTTERS

Section 1 Boroughs may ordain and lay out sidewalks curbs gutters and drains on the streets of the borough

Section 2 Boroughs may ordain and lay out sidewalks gutters and drains upon the beds of turnpike roads or state highways with the consent of companies controlling such turnpikes or the state highway commissioner

Section 3 Boroughs may ordain and lay out sidewalks gutters and drains upon land abutting the sides of state highways and upon land abutting the sides of public roads where such roads are outside the borough limits and the land upon which such sidewalks are to be laid out if within the borough limits

Section 4 Boroughs shall fix the width of all sidewalks and may require the grading paving and repairing of sidewalks and the constructing and repairing of curbs and gutters at the edge of sidewalks by the owners of lots fronting thereon

Section 5 The borough may pay a portion of the cost and expense of grading and curbing sidewalks

Section 6 Upon the neglect of any owner of lots to comply with the requirements as provided in the preceding sections of this article the borough may after notice cause the grading paving repairing curbing and guttering to be done at the cost of such owner and may collect the cost thereof and ten percentum additional together with all charges and expenses from such owner and may file a municipal claim therefor or collect the same by action in assumpsit

Section 7 All such notices shall be served upon the owner of the premises to which the notice refers if such owner be a resident of the borough If the owner is not a resident then the notice may be served upon the agent or tenant of the owner or upon the occupant of such premises If the owner have no agent or tenant or there be no occupier of such premises then service shall be by printed or written notice posted upon the premises

(b) LAYING OUT SIDEWALKS GUTTERS AND DRAINS ALONG THE SIDES OF TURNPIKE ROADS

Section 8 Boroughs may ordain and lay out sidewalks gutters and drains upon land abutting the sides of turnpike roads and may fix the width thereof

Section 9 Whenever any borough shall open lay out and ordain sidewalks gutters and drains upon lands abutting along the sides of turnpike roads the borough may apply by petition to the court of common pleas setting forth the facts and describing the locality of such sidewalks gutters and drains and praying the court to appoint three viewers from the county board of viewers

Section 10 The viewers shall view the premises described in the petition and having regard to the advantages and disadvantages caused to the property along the line of such improvement shall allow to all persons injured thereby such damages as they shall have sustained over and above all advantages and shall make all assessments for contribution upon such properties as shall be benefited

Section 11 The viewers shall report to the next session of the court describing the properties upon which assessments have been made specifically stating whether for contribution or for damages with the amounts respectively and the court may at any subsequent session on the hearing of such parties as choose to contest the same modify and confirm the report which onfirmation shall be final The borough may collect such assessments for contribution by municipal claim or by action of assumpsit

CHAPTER VI

SPECIAL POWERS

ARTICLE XII

SEWERS

(a) POWER TO LAY OUT AND ASSESS ACCORDING TO BENEFITS

Section 1 Boroughs may lay out and ordain such common sewers and drains as may be necessary in any street or alley or through or over private property

Section 2 On petition viewers shall be appointed as provided in chapter six article two of this act who shall assess the damages costs and expenses of the sewer upon the property benefited according to benefits if sufficient can be found but if not then the deficiency when finally ascertained shall be paid by the borough The procedings of the viewers and the proceedings on their report shall be as provided in chapter six article two of this act

(b) SEWER SYSTEMS AND ASSESSMENT ACCORDING TO FOOT FRONT RULE

Section 3 Any borough may by ordinance adopt and construct such system of sewers as may be necessary for the disposal of sewage matter

Section 4 The borough shall fix the places along the streets alleys and courts where such sewer-mains or drains and branches thereof shall be laid down and shall prescribe the manner in which they shall be constructed

Section 5 No contract for the construction of any such sewer systems shall be entered into until a permit for the construction of the same shall have been obtained from the commissioner of health

Section 6 Whenever any borough shall determine to construct any sewer as provided in section three of this article it shall by ordinance assess the cost thereof as a sewage tax upon the property adjoining or adjacent to the same either by the foot front rule or in such other manner as to the burgess and town council may seem equitable which assessment duly certified under the seal of the borough attested by the burgess or the president of council and secretary shall be collectible from the owner of such property

Section 7 Such certificate of assessment shall be prima facie evidence in any suit for the recovery of the same of the correctness and validity of such assessment

Section 8 If the owners of property against which assessment for sewage tax have been made shall refuse to pay such assessments within sixty days after notice of the same the borough may immediately file a claim therefor against the property upon which such assessments have been made Such claims shall be filed and collected in the same manner as municipal claims are filed and collected

Section 9 The borough may enforce by penalties such regulations as it may ordain with reference to the use and maintenance of such sewage system

Section 10 The borough may extend the necessary sewermains and outlets beyond the limits of such borough to a point where such sewage

is to be disposed and shall have power to enter upon and condemn such lands property and materials for the construction of all such sewer-mains outlets and works as may be necessary for the disposal of such sewage

Section 11 No ordinance for any such construction beyond the limits of the borough or any works connected therewith shall be adopted until notice thereof has been given by publication of the proposed ordinance for at least four weeks in one newspaper published in the borough or county and also by serving copies of such proposed ordinance upon all land owners through whose land such sewer is to pass at least ten days before final action thereon

Section 12 Before entry shall be made upon private property without the owner's consent for the purpose of laying any such sewer or outlet or constructing any such works security for all damages which may be done shall first be given to such owner in such form and in such amount as the court of common pleas of the county may direct All damages caused by the construction of any such sewer or works or by the taking of lands and materials therefor shall be ascertained in the manner provided in chapter six article two of this act for property taken injured or destroyed and shall be paid out of the borough treasury

(c) JOINT SEWERS

Section 13 Boroughs may enter into agreements with municipalities or townships for the purpose of building sewers including trunk line sewers or drains and sewage-disposal plants Such agreement shall provide for the joint maintenance of the same

Section 14 No such sewer or plant shall be constructed until plans and specifications have been submitted to the State Department of Health and approved in accordance with provisions of the act of April twenty-second one thousand nine hundred and five page two hundred and sixty entitled "An Act to preserve the purity of the waters of the State for the protection of the public health"

Section 15 Any borough may connect with an existing sewer owned by any adjacent municipality for sewage purposes in the manner prescribed in sections sixteen seventeen and eighteen of this article

Section 16 Whenever any borough shall desire to connect with the existing sewer or any adjacent municipality an application shall be made by council to the court of quarter sessions of the county setting forth that fact

Section 17 If the court shall be of the opinion that such connection can be made without impairing the usefulness of the existing sewer it shall appoint three viewers who shall view the premises and investigate the facts of the case and shall assess the proportionate part of the expense of building the original sewer upon such borough and shall fix the proportion of the expense for repairs which each municipality shall thereafter bear and determine all other questions liable to arise in connection therewith

Section 18 The viewers shall report to the court the result of their investigation which report shall be confirmed within thirty days unless exceptions thereto be filed After confirmation of such report or the disposal of any exceptions any party interested may appeal from the decision of the court of quarter sessions to the Superior Court

(d) ACQUISITION OF SEWER SYSTEMS

Section 19 Any borough in which any person firm or corporation is maintaining sewers and culverts with the necessary inlets and appliances for surface under-surface and sewage drainage may become the owner of such sewers culverts inlets and appliances by paying therefor the actual value of the same at the time of the taking by the borough

Section 20 In case of disagreement the amount to be paid shall be ascertained in the same manner as damages are ascertained under chapter six article two of this act In the same proceeding the viewers shall assess the costs and expenses of the sewers culverts inlets and appliances acquired by the borough upon the property benefited according to benefits if sufficient can be found but if not then the deficiency when ascertained shall be paid by the borough

(e) COLLECTION BY INSTALMENT OF COSTS OF BUILDING AND ACQUIRING SEWERS AND SEWER SYSTEMS

Section 21 Whenever any borough shall by ordinance authorize the construction or acquisition of any sewer or system of sewers and the entire cost or any part thereof shall be assessed against the properties abutting on such improvement whether by the foot front rule or according to benefits the council may provide in such ordinance that the assessment may be paid in semi-annual or annual instalments Such instalments shall bear interest at a rate not exceeding six percentum from the date of the commencement of the work or the construction of such improvement

Section 22 In order to provide for the payment of the cost and expense of any such improvement the borough may from time to time issue bonds in such sums as may be required in all to an amount not exceeding the amount of assessments The bonds shall bear the name of the sewer and shall rest alone for their security and payment upon such assessments and shall be payable at periods not exceeding five years from the date of their issue to be provided in the ordinance directing the improvement

Section 23 The bonds shall bear interest at a rate not exceeding six percentum per annum payable semi-annually or annually as the council in the ordinance shall direct and shall be negotiated at not less than par and the proceeds thereof applied solely to the payment of such improvement In case the bonds are not negotiated by the council they may be delivered to the contractor in payment of the work but when so delivered must be at not less than par

Section 24 Liens to secure the assessments shall be entered in the prothonotarys office of the county in the same form and collected in the same manner as municipal claims are filed and collected

Section 25 Such assessments shall be payable at the office of the borough treasurer or such other place as the ordinance shall provide in semi-annual or annual instalments with interest at the rate provided from the date from which interest is computed on the amount of the assessments The moneys so received by the borough shall be applied to the payment of such bonds exclusively

Section 26 In case of default in the payment of any instalment and interest for a period of sixty days after the same shall become due the entire assessment and accrued interest shall become due and the solicitor shall proceed to collect the same under the general laws relating to the collection of municipal claims

Section 27 Any owner of property against whom any such assessment has been made may pay the same in full at any time with interest thereon to the next semi-annual or annual payment and such payment shall discharge the lien If any owner shall subdivide any property after the lien attaches he may in like manner discharge the same upon any subdivided portion thereof by paying the amount for which such part would be liable

Section 28 Whenever any borough shall issue any such bonds the treasurer of the borough shall keep a registry book in which the bonds shall be registered Such registry shall show the date of the issue of the bond the amount of the bond and the name and address of the person firm or corporation to whom the same was issued which shall also be noted on the back of such bonds

Section 29 The bonds may be transferred at any time and the treasurer shall make the proper entry of any such transfers in the registry book and on such bonds and shall file all assignments among the records of the borough Payment of such bonds and interest thereon shall be made only to the last registered owner

Section 30 Nothing contained in this article shall prevent the construction of any sewer and the payment of the same by general taxation when the same is for the general health and public welfare of any borough

(f) SEWER CONNECTIONS

Section 31 Any borough may by ordinance require any owner of property abutting on or adjoining any street or alley in which is a sewer to make connections with such sewer in such manner as the borough may order for the purpose of discharge of such drainage or waste matter as the borough may specify The borough may by penalties enforce any regulations it may ordain with reference to any sewer connections

Section 32 The owner shall be given three months notice of any resolution or ordinance requiring such sewer connection and upon failure to make such connection the borough may make the same and collect the cost thereof from the owner by a municipal claim or in an action of assumpsit All connections required shall be uniform

(g) UNLAWFUL TO BUILD WITHIN LINE OF SEWERS

Section 33 It shall be unlawful for any person to erect any building or make any improvement within the lines of the sewers laid out or ordained to be laid out after due notice thereof and if any such erection or improvement shall be made no allowance shall be had therefor in the assessment of damages

(h) TO BE OPENED WITHIN TWO YEARS AFTER ENACTMENT OF ORDINANCE

Section 34 If any borough shall lay out or ordain any sewer over or under private property located in whole or in part within the limits of such borough and proceedings to open the same and to assess the damage arising therefrom shall not be proceeded with by the borough within two years from the enactment of the ordinance the whole proceedings shall be void

CHAPTER VI

SPECIAL POWERS

ARTICLE XIII

CONTRACTS WITH STREET RAILWAYS

Section 1 To secure the removal of any street railway tracks or to prevent the laying of any tracks authorized to be laid or to change the route of any street railway on any street a borough may enter into a contract with a street railway or motor power company owning leasing or operating such tracks for a period not exceeding fifty years for such considerations and upon such conditions as may be agreed upon

Section 2 Such contract may include a covenant providing that during the continuance thereof municipal consent shall not be granted to any other company to use for street railway or passenger transportation purposes any streets covered by such contract Such covenant may be enforced by bill in equity against the borough

Section 3 The contract may also provide for the laying or relaying of tracks upon such terms and upon such conditions as may be agreed upon

CHAPTER VI

SPECIAL POWERS

ARTICLE XIV

BRIDGES AND VIADUCTS

(a) GENERAL POWER

Section 1 Boroughs may construct bridges and the piers and abutments therefor and in exercising such power shall have the right to take use and occupy private property

Section 2 Whenever any borough shall build any bridge and the piers and abutments therefor the same procedure shall be had as provided in chapter six article four of this act relating to the opening widening and straightening of streets and all damages shall be awarded and benefits assessed as provided in chapter six article two of this act

Section 3 Whenever in the laying out opening widening extending straightening or grading of streets it becomes necessary to build bridges piers and abutments therefor the proceedings therefor shall be in the case of opening widening extending or straightening streets as provided in chapter six article four and in the case of grading streets as provided in chapter six article seven and all damages shall be awarded and benefits assessed as provided in chapter six article two of this act

(b) OVER BOUNDARY STREAMS

Section 4 Whenever a creek over which a bridge may be necessary shall be on the division line of a borough and a municipality or township the borough shall unite with such municipality or township in the construction and maintenance of such bridge and pay an equal share of the expenses incident thereto

(c) OVER RAILROADS

Section 5 Boroughs may build bridges or viaducts over railroads rivers creeks streams and private property or over railroads and any of them or over railroads only whether the bridges or viaducts be wholly or partly within the borough limits for the purpose of uniting two or more streets or separate portions of the same street Such bridges and viaducts must in all cases cross railroads

Section 6 Boroughs may provide for the laying out and opening of the routes or locations for such bridges and viaducts which shall be public highways The proceedings for the laying out and fixing such locations and for the opening thereof shall be as provided in chapter six article four of this act except that no petition of property owners shall be required therefor

Section 7 In case the borough has not agreed with the owner of any land for the damages done or likely to be done by the erection of any such bridge or viaduct the borough may appropriate the lands and property necessary and the damages and benefits caused by such appropriation shall be assessed by viewers in the manner provided in chapter six article two of this act

Section 8 The borough shall also have power to enter into a contract with the county commissioners and also with railroads street railways and other companies or parties interested for the building and maintenance of such bridges or viaducts and for the payment of any damages caused by the location or erection thereof

Section 9 Nothing contained in the proceeding section shall authorize a borough to contract with a county for the maintenance of any bridge or viaduct which does not cross a place over which the county is authorized to build bridges but such viaduct or bridge shall be maintained as a borough structure and the borough is authorized to contract with any party interested except the county for the maintenance of the same

Section 10 The contracts herein provided for may stipulate that the borough county railroad company street railway or other company or party interested shall pay a certain part of the contract price of the work including damages or may stipulate that each shall construct a certain portion of the work and may provide otherwise for the payment of damages

Section 11 When any railroad company street railway or other company or party interested agrees to pay a certain portion of the cost of such work it shall pay the same into the borough treasury and the borough treasurer shall pay the same over to the contractor as may be provided in the contract but the amount to be paid by the county shall be paid directly to the contractor The agreements may provide for the maintenance of the bridges and viaducts after their erection

Section 12 After any such contract has been entered into the borough in conjunction with the county commissioners shall have prepared plans and specifications of the entire work and shall advertise for bids and award the contract to the lowest responsible bidder

Section 13 The contract for the work shall provide that the county shall pay its certain part of such bridge or viaduct and the borough shall contract for the other part of the work but the contract as to the boroughs part shall be based upon the appropriation made by the borough for the part of the work for which it had agreed to pay and the remaining part of the contract price shall be based upon the amounts the other parties have agreed to pay

Section 14 The contractor shall have a right of action against each party uniting in the contract provided for in sections ten and eleven of this article for the part thereof agreed to be paid by each party

Section 15 In case the county commissioners do not unite in the contract the borough may contract for the construction of such bridge or viaduct and may pay for the entire work or may contract with all or any of the other parties for such work Plans and specifications shall be prepared and advertisement shall be made for bids by the borough and the contract shall be let in the manner hereinbefore provided

Section 16 Any of the contracts provided for may be recorded in the recorders office of the county and such record shall be notice to all persons who might be affected thereby

(d) CONDEMNATION OF TOLL BRIDGES

Section 17 Boroughs may purchase condemn and maintain any toll bridge crossing any river or stream within the limits of such borough and may also enter into contracts with the county commissioners whereby the county shall pay a portion of the costs thereof

Section 18 If the borough is unable to agree with the owner of the bridge for the price to be paid any court of common pleas or any law judge thereof in vacation on application of the borough by petition shall appoint three persons as viewers and appoint a time not less than ten nor more than twenty days thereafter when the viewers shall meet and view the same together with the approaches thereto

Section 19 The proceedings before such viewers for the assessment of damages for property taken injured or destroyed and the proceedings on their report shall be the same as provided in chapter six article two of this act

Section 20 If any borough shall discontinue any proceeding taken providing for the appropriation of any such bridge prior to the entry upon the same and before judgment therein the borough shall not be liable to pay any damages but all costs upon any such proceeding together with any actual damage sustained by reason of such proceeding shall be paid by the borough and such damage shall be fixed by the court

Section 21 Any borough may also enter into a contract with the county commissioners upon such terms and conditions as may be agreed upon for the purchase or condemnation of any such bridge The contract may stipulate that the borough and county shall each pay a certain portion of the purchase price or the damages allowed by any condemnation proceeding and may also provide for the maintenance and repair of such bridge

Section 22 The amount to be paid by the county shall be paid into the borough treasury and shall be applied solely to the payment of such bridge

Section 23 Whenever any bridge shall be purchased or condemned the borough shall maintain the same as a public bridge but the borough may charge tolls or rentals for the use thereof from railways telephone and telegraph companies and other persons making a use thereof for other than ordinary foot and vehicle travel

Section 24 All existing contracts between persons firms or corporations and the owners of the bridge shall be preserved for the benefit of the borough and shall be assigned to the borough

CHAPTER VI

SPECIAL POWERS

ARTICLE XV

ELECTRIC WIRES

Section 1 Boroughs may define by ordinance a reasonable district within which electric light telephone and telegraph wires shall be placed under ground in conduits owned either by the borough or by corporations owning such wires or by corporations organized for the purpose of laying such conduits and renting space therein

Section 2 Whenever conduits are owned by any person firm or corporation the borough may regulate by ordinance the manner in which conduits shall be used and terms and conditions and the rate of rental to be charged for space therein

Section 3 Boroughs may acquire such conduits by purchase or by condemnation and in the latter case the court of common pleas or any judge thereof in vacation shall upon the petition of the borough appoint a jury of three viewers from the county board not residents of the borough and the proceedings for the assessment of damages shall be the same as provided in chapter six article two of this act for property taken injured or destroyed

Section 4 The borough authorities shall not surrender or barter away the rights reserved in sections one two and three of this act

Section 5 The court of quarter sessions of the county upon the appeal of any person may review any ordinance passed pursuant to this article and may annul such ordinance if deemed unreasonable Such appeal shall be taken within thirty days from the approval of such ordinance

CHAPTER VI

SPECIAL POWERS

ARTICLE XVI

WATER COURSES

(a) WIDENING AND DEEPENING WATER COURSES AND ERECTING EMBANKMENTS

Section 1 Boroughs may widen and deepen water courses running through the borough and may erect such dykes and embankments along the same as shall be necessary to prevent the water from overflowing the banks thereof

Section 2 Boroughs may enter upon any land lying near such water courses and secure such material as may be necessary for the purpose of making and repairing the embankments along such water courses when the same cannot be obtained by contract at reasonable prices Boroughs shall case no unnecessary damage to the owners of such lands and shall repair any fences which they may destroy

Section 3 Boroughs may appropriate for such purposes any moneys of the borough applicable to the making and maintaining of the streets and bridges of such borough

Section 4 Any person aggrieved by reason of any ordinance passed pursuant to the preceding sections of this article may complain to the court of common pleas and proceedings may be had in the court to fix and determine the damages and the rights of all parties interested in the same manner as provided in chapter six article two of this act

(b) VACATION AND ALTERATION OF COURSE OR CHANNEL OF WATER COURSES

Section 5 Boroughs may vacate or alter the course or channel of any water course other than navigable streams and for such purpose may enter upon and condemn such property and materials as may be necessary

Section 6 No ordinance for the vacation or alteration of the course or channel of any water course shall be passed until notice thereof has been given by publication of the proposed ordinance at least once a week for three consecutive weeks in one newspaper published in the county

Section 7 The borough may at any time after the passage of the ordinance present a petition to the court of common pleas setting forth the nature of the vacation or alteration proposed in the course or channel of such water course together with a description of the proposed improvements and praying the court to appoint three viewers to ascertain the damages costs and expenses resulting therefrom and to assess the damages costs and expenses or so much thereof as the viewers may deem reasonable upon the property benefited

Section 8 The court or any law judge thereof in vacation shall appoint three viewers from the county board of viewers and appoint a time not less than twenty nor more than thirty days thereafter when the viewers shall meet upon the line of the improvement and view the same and the premises affected

Section 9 The proceedings before such viewers for the allowance of damages for property taken injured or destroyed and for the assessment of benefits upon property benefited shall be as provided in chapter six article two of this act

Section 10 If any borough shall repeal any ordinance passed or discontinue any proceeding taken providing for any such improvements prior to the entry upon appropriation or injury to any property or materials and within thirty days after the filing of the report of viewers the borough shall not be liable to pay any damages but all costs upon any such proceeding together with any actual damage or injury sustained by reason of such proceedings shall be paid by the borough

Section 11 When the court has entered its final decree confirming the report or fixing the assessments the assessments of benefits shall become liens upon the property assessed and such claims shall be filed and collected in the same manner as municipal claims are filed and collected or they may be collected by action or assumpsit the lien of the judgment however to be limited to the property assessed

Section 12 Nothing contained in section five of this article or in the sections based thereon shall apply to any water course used by any municipality or water company as a source of supply unless such municipality or water company shall consent to such vacation or alteration

(c) CONFINING AND PAVING WATER COURSES

Section 13 Upon the written request of the board of health the borough may confine and pave any water course or part thereof other than navigable streams within the limits of the borough and for such purpose may enter upon and condemn such property and materials as may be necessary to complete such work

Section 14 No ordinance for the confining or paving of any water course shall be passed until notice thereof has been given by publication of the proposed ordinance once a week for three consecutive weeks in one newspaper published in the county

Section 15 When the work of confining and paving of any water course has been completed if the borough cannot agree with the property owners as to the payment of the costs and expenses the borough may present its petition to the court of common pleas setting forth the character of such improvements and that the damages costs and expenses incurred have not been paid and praying the court to appoint three freeholders as viewers to ascertain the damages costs and expenses resulting therefrom and to ratably assess the damages costs and expenses or so much thereof as the viewers may deem reasonable upon the property benefited and make report thereof to the court

Section 16 The court or any law judge thereof shall thereupon appoint three viewers from the county board of viewers and appoint a time not less than twenty nor more than thirty days thereafter when the viewers shall meet upon the line of the improvement and view the same

Section 17 The proceedings before such viewers for the allowance of damages for property taken injured or destroyed and for the assessment of benefits upon property benefited shall be as provided in chapter six article two of this act

Section 18 The final assessment against any property shall be a lien for the amount of such assessment dating from the time of the final confirmation of the report or the final decree of the court fixing such assessment if filed in the court within six months from the final assessment or confirmation

Section 19 Nothing contained in section thirteen of this article or in the sections based thereon shall apply to any water course used by any borough or water company as a source of supply unless such borough or water company shall consent to such confining or paving

CHAPTER VI

SPECIAL POWERS

ARTICLE XVII

PUBLIC SERVICE

(a) WATER SUPPLY AND WATER-WORKS

Section 1 Boroughs may provide a supply of water for the use of the public within such borough by erecting and operating water works by entering into a contract with persons or corporations authorized to supply water within the limits of such borough or partly by the erection and operation of water-works and partly by entering into a contract

Section 2 No contract for the supply of water hereafter entered into by any borough with any person or corporation shall in anywise abridge the power of the borough to construct and operate water-works as provided in section one of this article but such power shall remain in force as though such contract had not been made

Section 3 Any borough desiring to erect water-works or to improve its water supply may appropriate springs streams rivers or creeks and lands easements and rights of way within or without its limits and for the purpose of conducting water obtained outside the limits of the borough may lay pipes under and over any lands rivers streams bridges highways and across railroads

Section 4 No water appropriated under the provisions of the preceding section shall be used in such manner as to deprive the owner thereof of the free use and enjoyment of the same for domestic or farm purposes

Section 5 Prior to any such appropriation the borough shall attempt to agree with the owner as to the damage done or likely to be done and if the parties cannot agree or the owner cannot be found or is under legal incapacity the borough shall file its bond in the court of common pleas conditioned for the payment to the owner of the property of the damages for the taking thereof when the same shall have been ascertained Upon the approval of the bond and filing thereof the borough may enter upon such property

Section 6 Upon petition of either the property owner or borough at any time thereafter the court shall appoint three viewers from the county board of viewers who shall asess the damages for the property or rights appropriated and shall fix a time for their meeting of which notice shall be given to all parties interested When the report is filed either party may appeal and have a jury trial

Section 7 Whenever any person firm or corporation shall own any water-works or system and a borough is desirous of owning and operating such water-works or system such borough may present its petition to the court of common pleas of the county setting forth that the borough is desirous of owning such water-works or system and that it will be necessary to issue bonds to be secured by such water-works or system and that a value should be placed upon such water-works or system including all property real and personal used in connection therewith

Section 8 The court shall thereupon appoint three civil engineers as appraisers to value and appraise such water-works or system and the property used in connection therewith who shall file their report in the court within three months after their appointment unless such time be extended by the court

Section 9 The appraisers shall have access to the books and records of the person firm or corporation owning such water-works or system to inform themselves as to the income and value thereof They shall have power to administer oaths and are authorized to take the testimony of witnesses Their report shall be final if not appealed from

Section 10 Within ten days after notice of the filing of any report either party may appeal from such appraisement alleging an under valuation or over valuation of the property and praying for a hearing before the court The court shall thereupon fix a time when such appeal may be heard of which time at least ten days notice shall be given to the parties and upon such hearing the court shall have power to modify such report and either party may appeal from the final confirmation of such report to the Superior or Supreme Court

Section 11 After the value is finally determined the borough is authorized to buy such water-works or system at the valuation so fixed and the person firm or corporation owning the same shall within ten days after notice file in court its consent to sell and convey its water-works or system and property to the borough at the valuation fixed and in default thereof such person firm or corporation shall cease to have any exclusive privilege of supplying the borough or the citizens thereof with water and the borough may install such water-works or system as may be necessary for the accommodation of the public

Section 12 For the purpose of such purchase the borough may issue bonds which shall be secured solely by such water-works systems and property and the revenues thereof and without any other liability on the part of such borough

Section 13 Such bonds shall not exceed in amount the value fixed by the appraisers or the court The proceeds of the sale of such bonds shall be used exclusively for the purpose of paying for the property acquired

Section 14 The bonds shall be payable within thirty years from the date of their issue and shall be redeemable at such earlier periods as the borough may by ordinance provide and shall bear interest at a rate not exceeding six percentum per annum The bonds shall be exempt from taxation for any purpose

Section 15 The borough shall provide a sinking fund for the revenues derived from such water-works or system for the payment of the interest on such bonds and for their redemption

Section 16 Should there be at the time of the passage of this act a contract or agreement in writing existing between any person firm or corporation owning such water-works or system and a borough dated prior to May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and seven establishing or fixing the manner in which such water-works or system may be appraised and acquired then the appraisement shall be made in accordance with the terms of such contract and the respective parties to such contract shall in lieu of the provisions of sections seven eight nine ten and eleven of this article carry out the terms of such contract in arriving at the vale of such water-works or system

Section 17 Two or more boroughs may unite or any borough may unite with a township in the construction or acquisition and maintenance of works for the supply of water

Section 18 The construction of water-works as provided for in the preceding section shall be after plans for such water-works have been filed with the State Commissioner of Health and a permit issued in accordance with the act of Assembly of April twenty-second one thousand nine hundred and five page two hundred sixty entitled "An Act to preserve the purity of the waters of the State for the protection of the public health"

Section 19 In all boroughs where authority is given to construct water-works and where the qualified voters are given the right to determine by vote the expediency of constructing such water-works and whenever the question of expediency has been submitted to a vote and has been determined in favor of such expediency and the construction of such works has not been commenced within four years after such election it shall be unlawful thereafter to proceed with such construction until the expediency thereof has been determined by another election

Section 20 Whenever the schedule of water rates in any borough owning or controlling water-works shall have been fixed or limited by general or special Act of Assembly the borough may change the rates or schedule of rates from time to time so that the same shall not at any time exceed the rates now limited

Section 21 Boroughs may receive bids from incorporated water companies authorized to do business within such borough for the supply of water for fire protection and for other municipal purposes and may contract therefor with such company

Section 22 Whenever any borough is maintaining water-works it shall be lawful for such borough to supply water for ordinary and domestic uses to persons and corporations outside the limits of such borough at rates not less than those required to be paid by persons and corporations within the limits of such borough but no such privilege shall conflict with the corporate rights of any water company or the rights of any other borough

Section 23 Whenever any borough in supplying water to the public shall find it necessary in storing water to occupy and overflow with water portions of any turnpike or public road or whenever any public road leads into or crosses over any reservoir used for the storage of water the borough shall cause such turnpike or road to be reconstructed at its own expenses on a favorable location and in as perfect manner as the original road and for such purpose is authorized to condemn land whenever an agreement as to the price cannot be had with the owners

Section 24 After such change is made the borough shall file in the court of quarter sessions of the county a map or plan showing such change of road and shall furnish to the supervisors or other authorities of the township or municipal corporation a copy of such map

Section 25 Boroughs may acquire by purchase or condemnation such lands along and contiguous to the streams of water or reservoirs from which water is taken for public use as may be necessary to preserve the same from contamination

Section 26 No land shall be taken for the uses mentioned in sections twenty-three and twenty-five of this article until compensation therefor shall have been paid or secured before such taking injury or destruction

Section 27 The damages incurred in changing the location of any such turnpike or public road and in condemning land to preserve water from contamination shall be ascertained in the manner provided in chapter six article two of this act and shall be paid by the borough

Section 28 Whenever any borough owns and maintains water-works there may be established in such borough a commission of water works to be composed of three citizens of the borough who shall be known as commissioners of water-works

Section 29 Any borough desiring to avail itself of the provisions of this act so far as it relates to a commission of water-works shall by resolution passed by the council and recorded in its minutes apply to the court of common pleas of the county for the appointment of commissioners of water-works

Section 30 It shall be the duty of the court of common pleas upon application of any borough to appoint such commissioners of water-works one of whom shall be appointed to serve for one year one for two years and one for three years and annually thereafter the court shall appoint one commissioner of water-works to serve a term of three years In case of a vacancy the court shall fill the same for the unexpired term

Section 31 After three years from the first appointment the borough may at any time rescind the resolution asking for the appointment of a commission of water-works When such resolution shall be recinded the court shall make no further appointment of commissions until a resolution shall again be passed by a council asking for such appointment

Section 32 The commissioners of water-works shall not receive any salary for their services but shall be paid all moneys necessarily expended in the performance of their duty

Section 33 It shall be the duty of the commissioners of water-works to meet within ten days after their first appointment and annually thereafter and organize by electing a president and secretary

Section 34 After organization the commissioners shall take charge and control of the water works of such borough The commmissioners shall have power to appoint all necessary officers and agents and take from them such security for the faithful performance of their duty as they shall deem proper and to fix the salaries and wages of such officers and agents to provide for the repair extension improvement and maintenance of such water works and the erection of new water-works to collect water rents and to make and establish the rates and conditions upon which water will be furnished to applicants therefor and to make by-laws and regulations for the economic and efficient management of such water-works

Section 35 The borough may upon the request of the commissioners of water-works issue bonds for the extension of the water-works or the erection of new water-works Such bonds shall be designated "water-works bonds" and shall be delivered to the commissioners from time to time upon their requisition after the commencement of the work for the payment of which such bonds were issued Each such requisition shall be accompanied by a detailed statement of the work done and materials purchased The bonds shall not be sold for less than par and the proceeds thereof shall be applied to the purposes for which such bonds were issued

Section 36 The commissioners shall prepare plans and specifications of all work to be performed and materials necessary for the repair maintenance and extension of such water-works or the erection of new water-works and shall after plans and specifications for the extension or the erection of water-works have been submitted to and approved by the department of health in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly approved the twenty-second day of April one thousand nine hundred and five page two hundred sixty entitled "An Act to preserve the purity of the waters of the State for the protection of public health" and a permit granted therefor by the Commissioner of Health invite proposals for the performing of such work and the furnishing of such materials and shall let contracts therefor to the lowest responsible bidder and shall take adequate security for the performance of such contracts

Section 37 The commissioners shall make a monthly report to the council of the borough of the receipts and disbursements during the preceding month and annually make a detailed report of the condition of the water-works which shall be published by the council for the information of the public

Section 38 The commissioners shall cause all moneys collected to be deposited weekly by the collectors with the borough treasurer who shall return a receipt therefor to the commissioners All moneys so collected shall be kept in a separate fund and shall be used for the purpose of repairing maintaining and extending such water-works the erection of new water-works or the payment of any indebtedness on said water-works and for no other purpose No money shall be drawn from such fund except upon order countersigned by the president and secretary of the commission

Section 39 All by-laws and regulations not inconsistent with the laws of the Commonwealth the rules and regulations of the Department of Health or Water Supply Commission when made by the commissioners shall have the force and effect of ordinance of such borough

Section 40 Whenever two or more boroughs or any borough and a township jointly construct and maintain water-works and desire to avail themselves of the provisions of this act so far as it relates to a commission of water-works the councils of such boroughs may join with the commissioners or supervisors of such township after ordinance duly passed and apply to the court of common pleas of the county for the appointment of a commission of water-works in accordance with section twenty-nine of this article Such commission shall be composed of citizens of each of the boroughs and townships so uniting

(b) MANUFACTURE AND SUPPLY OF ELECTRICITY

Section 41 Boroughs may manufacture or purchase electricity for the use of the inhabitants of such borough Boroughs owning and operating electric light plants may make contracts for supplying electricity for commercial purposes outside the limits of such borough with the consent of the municipal and township authorities at rates not less than those established from time to time within the limits of such borough Nothing in this section shall conflict with the corporate rights of any corporation empowered to supply electricity in territory adjacent to such boroughs or with the rights of any other borough

Section 42 Boroughs may regulate the use of electricity in dwelling houses store-rooms and other places in such boroughs and the price to be charged for the same

Section 43 Whenever any electric light company organized under the laws of this Commonwealth is furnishing light to any borough or the public such borough is authorized to purchase the works of such corporation at such price as may be agreed upon by the borough and a majority in value of the stockholders of such corporation

Section 44 Upon failure so to agree the borough may present a petition to the court of common pleas asking for the appointment of viewers to assess the value of the plant and works so taken whereupon the court shall appoint three viewers from the county board of viewers neither of whom shall be stockholders in such corporation or tax payers in such borough and shall appoint a time for their meeting of which ten days' notice shall be given to all parties in interest

Section 45 The viewers having been sworn or affirmed justly and impartially to appraise the property and having viewed the premises and taken such testimony as may be offered by any party touching the value of the property and franchises they shall determine the amount of damages that such corporation will sustain and to whom payable and make report thereof to the court which report having been confirmed by the court judgment shall be entered thereon

Section 46 Either party may at any time within thirty days after the confirmation of any such report appeal therefrom to the court of common pleas of the county

Section 47 After such appeal either party may put the cause at issue in the form directed by the court and the same shall be tried before a jury After final judgment either party may have an appeal to the Superior or Supreme Court

Section 48 If any exceptions are filed with any appeal they shall be speedily disposed of and if allowed a new view shall be ordered but if disallowed the appeal shall proceed as before provided

Section 49 The court shall have power to order what notice shall be given in connection with any part of such proceedings

Section 50 Before any borough shall construct an electric light plant or purchase the property of any electric light company the question of the increase of the debt of such borough for any of such purposes shall first be submitted to the qualified voters of the borough in the manner provided by law for the increase of indebtedness of municipal corporations

CHAPTER VI

SPECIAL POWERS

ARTICLE XVIII

PUBLIC BUILDINGS AND WORKS

Section 1 Boroughs may enter upon and appropriate private property and also land granted or dedicated to public use prior to the tenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and one and which is no longer used for the purpose for which the same was granted or dedicated for the erection thereon of such public buildings and works as are necessary for municipal purposes within the limits of such borough

Section 2 No land or property used for any cemetery burying ground or place of public worship shall be taken or appropriated by virtue of any power contained in the preceding section of this article

Section 3 If the compensation for damages arising from such taking and appropriating of private property cannot be agreed upon by the owners thereof and such borough it shall be lawful for the borough to tender its bond as security to the party entitled to any damages or to the attorney or agent of any absent person or to the agent or other officer of a corporation or to the guardian or committee of any person under legal incapacity the condition of which shall be that the borough shall pay or cause to be paid such amount of damages as the party shall be entitled to receive after the same shall have been agreed upon or assessed by viewers

Section 4 In case the party claiming damages refuses to accept the security tendered the borough shall give the party his agent attorney guardian or committee ten days' written notice of the time when the same will be presented in the court of common pleas for approval and thereafter the borough may present its bond in court and when approved the same shall be filed in the court for the benefit of those interested and recovery may be had thereon for the amount of damages ascertained if the same be not paid by execution on the judgment in the issue framed to try the question and upon the approval of such security the borough may enter into possession

Section 5 Whenever any borough shall desire to take any lands granted or dedicated to any use or purpose for which the same are no longer used they shall pass an ordinance declaring such intention and shall thereupon petition the court of common pleas of the county for leave to file the bond of such borough for the purpose of securing any person who may be injured by the taking of such lands

Section 6 The court shall thereupon direct such notice to be given by publication in two newspapers of the county as to the court shall seem proper and if no exceptions are filed to the bond on or before the day fixed in the notice the court shall approve the same The court shall have power to increase the amount of such bond and to hear and determine all exceptions that may be filed against the approval thereof Upon the approval of such bond the borough may enter upon and take such lands

Section 7 The bond provided for in section five of this article shall be in the name of the Commonwealth for the use of any persons who may be entitled to damage by reason of the taking of such lands and shall remain on file for their benefit

Section 8 In case the compensation for damages accruing from such appropriation have not been agreed upon the court of common pleas of the county or any law judge thereof in vacation on application by the borough or any person interested shall appoint three freeviewers from the county board of viewers and appoint a time not less than ten nor more than twenty days thereafter when the viewers shall meet upon the property and view the same and the premises affected

Section 9 The proceedings before such viewers for the assessment of damages for property taken injured or destroyed shall be as provided in the preceding sections of this article and the proceedings on their report shall be as provided in chapter six article two of this act

Section 10 All damages when ascertained the costs of the viewers and all court costs incurred in such proceedings including advertising printing and posting notices shall be paid by the borough

Section 11 In the preparation of specifications for the erection or alteration of any public building when the entire cost of such work shall exceed one thousand dollars it shall be the duty of the architect engineer or person preparing such specifications to prepare separate specifications for the plumbing heating ventilating and electrical work and the borough shall receive separate bids upon each of the said branches of work and award the contact for the same to the lowest responsible bidder

Section 12 In letting contracts for the erection of any public buildings when plans and specifications for the same shall be submitted for bids the same shall be accompanied by a list of quantities of material required for such building to be prepared and furnished by the architect or engineer preparing the plans which bill or list shall be attached to the specifications No such list of materials shall be taken as being guaranteed by the borough submitting such plans and specifications

Section 13 Boroughs may purchase any real estate within or without the borough limits upon which to erect and maintain garbage or incinerating furnaces and sewage-disposal works with the necessary filter-beds appliances drains and sewers

Section 14 Boroughs desiring to locate any garbage or incinerating plant shall first apply to the court of common pleas for its approval of the location thereof whereupon the court shall fix a date when objections to the location will be heard and shall prescribe what notice of such hearing shall be given If at the time fixed for such

hearing no objection shall be made to such location the same shall be approved but if objection be made then the court shall proceed to hear the matter and determine whether the location is a detriment to neighboring properties The finding of the court shall be conclusive but shall in no way adjudicate any question relating to damages for injury to property

Section 15 In case the borough cannot agree with the owner of such property as to the price or in case the owner is absent or incapacitated from any cause or is unknown by reason of which no agreement can be made the borough may take and appropriate for any or such purposes any real estate after an ordinance shall have been passed providing for such taking, and appropriating

Section 16 No real estate shall be acquired or contract for the construction of sewage disposal works or plants or sewer or drains extending thereto be entered into until a permit for the location and construction shall have been obtained from the State Commissioner of Health

Section 17 Where the borough and the owner cannot agree as to the price to be paid or where by reason of the legal incapacity of such owner or where the owner is absent or unknown no agreement as to the damages sustained can be made the borough may tender its bond to the party entitled to damages or to the agent of any person absent or to the guardian or committee of any one under legal incapacity The condition of the bond shall be that the borough will pay or cause to be paid such amount of damages as the party shall be entitled to receive after the same shall have been agreed upon by the parties or assessed by viewers

Section 18 In case the party claiming damage refuse to accept the bond so tendered the borough shall give such party at least five days' written notice of a time when the same will be presented for filing in court Thereafter the borough may present its bond to the court of common pleas or to any law judge thereof in vacation and if approved the bond shall be filed in court for the benefit of those interested

Section 19 In case the title to the lands to be taken and appropriated be defective or disputed or the party owning such real estate cannot be served with a notice or have a bond tendered as provided in the preceding section the court of common pleas of the county or any law judge thereof in vacation upon petition of the borough setting forth the necessary facts shall direct the filing of a bond to the Commonwealth in an amount to be fixed and approved by the court for the benefit of those who may be found entitled to the damages The condition of such bond shall be the same as provided in section seventeen of this article

Section 20 Upon the filing and approval of any bond provided for by sections seventeen and nineteen of this article the borough shall have the right to enter upon and appropriate the lands mentioned in such bonds and the title acquired by virtue of such condemnation shall be a fee simple title

Section 21 In case the damages for such taking and appropriation have not been agreed upon the court of common pleas or any law judge thereof in vacation on application by petition of the borough or any person interested shall apoint three viewers from the county board of viewers and appoint a time not less than twenty nor more than thirty days thereafter when the viewers shall meet upon the premises and view the same

Section 22 The viewers shall give ten days' notice of such meeting to the owners of lands taken if such owners reside within the county and can be found and to the guardian of any minor if such guardian resides within the county and to the guardian or committee of any lunatic or person of unsound mind if such notice can be served upon such guardian or committee and in all cases where the owners are incapacitated or unknown notice shall be given in two newspapers of general circulation printed in the borough or county and the viewers shall give such other notice as the court shall direct having regard to the circumstances of the case Where minors have no guardians and lunatics or persons of unsound mind have no guardians or committee the court shall appoint a guardian or committee ad litem and direct that all notices shall be served upon them

Section 23 The proceedings before such viewers for the allowance of damages for property taken injured or destroyed and the proceedings upon their report shall be as provided in chapter six article two of this act

Section 24 Nothing contained in this article shall be construed to repeal or affect the provisions of an act entitled "An Act to preserve the purity of the waters of the State for the protection of the public health" approved the twenty-second day of April one thousand nine hundred and five page two hundred sixty or in any way to limit the powers of the Department of Health with regard to the regulations of the discharge of sewage

CHAPTER VI

SPECIAL POWERS

ARTICLE XIX

WHARVES AND DOCKS

Section 1 Boroughs may erect and repair wharves and docks regulate and fix the rate of wharfage for all public wharves and docks within their limits and enforce the collection of wharfage for the use of the same and also to regulate the anchoring of vessels boats or rafts within their limits and the depositing of freight on such public wharves

Section 2 Boroughs may acquire by purchase or condemnation such real estate as they may need for the construction of wharves and docks within the limits of such boroughs along navigable streams

Section 3 No real estate for the erection of wharves and docks as provided in the preceding section of this article shall be taken or appropriated until an ordinance authorizing the same shall have been passed and approved

Section 4 Whenever an agreement can not be made between any borough and the owner of any real estate as to the price to be paid therefor the borough may tender its bond to the owner or to the agent if such owner shall be absent or to the guardian or committee of any one incapacitated

Section 5 In case the owner or agent committee or guardian shall refuse to accept such bond the borough shall present the same for approval to the court of common pleas of the county or any law judge thereof in vacation A notice of such application in writing with a copy of the proposed bond shall be served upon such owner agent committee or guardian at least five days before the application for approval shall be made If such bond shall be approved by the court it shall be filed in the prothonotary's office of the county for the benefit of those interested

Section 6 In case the title to any real estate so condemned shall be defective or disputed or if from any cause no bond can be tendered or notice served the borough may present its petition to the court or to any law judge thereof in vacation setting forth the necessary facts Whereupon the court may direct that the bond of such borough be executed to the Commonwealth and filed in the court for the benefit of those who shall be entitled to any damages by reason of such taking or appropriation The amount of such bond shall be fixed by the court

Section 7 The condition of each bond provided for in the preceding sections of this article shall be that the borough will pay to the party entitled such amount of damages as may be agreed upon between such party and the borough or assessed by viewers

Section 8 Upon the approval and filing of any bond provided for in the preceding sections of this article the borough may enter upon and appropriate the real estate mentioned in such bond and the title acquired by the borough shall be a title in fee simple

Section 9 Whenever the price for any such real estate has not been agreed upon the court on petition of the borough or any party interested shall appoint three freeholders as viewers and fix a time not less than twenty nor more than thirty days thereafter when the viewers shall meet upon the premises and view the same

Section 10 At least ten days' notice of the time and place of such meeting shall be given to the owners of such real estate or to their agent committee or guardian If service of such notice cannot be had on such owners agent committee or guardian such notice shall be given in two newspapers of general circulation in such borough Such other notices shall be given as the court or judge may direct

Section 11 When any owner of such real estate shall be legally incapacitated the court may on the application of the borough appoint a guardian or committee ad litem for such owner and may direct that all notices shall be served on such guardian or committee

Section 12 The proceedings before such viewers for the allowance of damages for property taken injured or destroyed and the proceedings on their report shall be as provided in chapter six article two of this act The costs of all proceedings including the compensation of the viewers shall be paid by the borough

Section 13 The damages for the taking or injury of any property for use as a wharf pier or bulkhead shall include full compensation for the value of the property taken or injured and if the property so taken or injured shall constitute a part of a plant used as an entirety the damage to the owner or tenant shall be assessed by taking the difference in market value of such plant as a whole including buildings and all equipments installed and used in such plant before and after such taking or injuring and notwithstanding that part of such plant may be separated by a highway

Section 14 Boroughs may lease any wharf or part thereof and collect rent therefor by distress or otherwise No one term of any such lease shall be for a longer period than three years

Section 15 Boroughs may erect and maintain market houses and terminal sheds on wharves for the receipt and distribution of freight and express hauled by boats railroads and street cars Boroughs may also construct railroad and street railway tracks or other facilities on wharves to provide for the convenient hauling of such freight or express matter and collect rents tolls or charges for the use of such market houses terminal sheds tracks and facilities No permit other than a license revocable at will shall be granted and no exclusive permit for the use of such facilities shall be granted

Section 16 No structure erected and no right granted under the powers conferred by any of the preceding sections of this article shall interfere with the public use of wharves for river commerce

CHAPTER VI

SPECIAL POWERS

ARTICLE XX

LICENSES AND LICENSE FEES

(a) AUCTIONEERS

Section 1 Boroughs may regulate and license persons and firms engaged in the business of auctioneering within the limits of any such borough and fix the amount to be paid for such license Such license shall be in addition to all other licenses required by law

Section 2 The provisions of the preceding section shall not apply for a space of three months to persons or firms regularly engaged in business in boroughs who may desire to reduce their stock or retire from business

(b) FOREIGN DEALERS

Section 3 Boroughs may license foreign dealers in merchandise or their agents having no permanent place of business in such boroughs but temporarily engaged in selling merchandise either by wholesale or by retail Such license shall not exceed the amount imposed on resident merchants engaged in like business The provisions of this section shall not apply to sales by samples

(c) TRANSIENT MERCHANTS

Section 4 It shall be unlawful for any person co-partnership or corporation without a license to conduct any business in any borough the whole or greater part of which shall consist of the sale of goods which shall be represented or advertised to be the goods of the estate of any bankrupt or the goods of any assignee or a person firm or corporation about to go out of business or goods that have been damaged in any way

Section 5 The provisions of the preceding section of this article shall not prohibit the sale of any goods by any assignee trustee receiver or other officer appointed by any court of this Commonwealth or of the United States acting for the estate of any such bankrupt or other person firm or corporation within the limits of any borough wherein such person firm or corporation conducted business or had the goods immediately before the appointment of any such assignee trustee receiver or other officer or the sale of any damaged goods if the same be sold within the limits of the borough wherein the owner conducted business or had such goods at the time the same became damaged

Section 6 The license provided for in section four of this article shall be issued by the treasurer of the borough wherein such business is conducted The license fee shall not be less than one hundred dollars nor more than two hundred dollars for each calendar month or fraction thereof and shall be fixed by ordinance The license shall be renewed monthly during the time such person firm or corp-

oration shall conduct such business and shall be in addition to all license fees and taxes imposed by the Commonwealth and the borough

Section 7 Any person association co-partnership or corporation violating any of the provisions of sections five six seven or eight of this article shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay for each day such business shall be conducted without a license a fine of not more than two hundred dollars

(d) VEHICLES

Section 8 Boroughs may enact ordinances establishing reasonable rates of license fees on all vehicles used in carrying persons or property for pay and may regulate the operation and compensation of such vehicles witnin the limits of such boroughs or between any such borough or other points

(e) RESTRICTIONS

Section 9 It shall be unlawful for any borough to levy or collect any license fee from any farmer who sells his own produce in or about the streets of any borough

Section 10 It shall be unlawful for any borough to levy any license fee or mercantile tax upon any persons taking orders for merchandise by sample from dealers or merchants for individuals or companies who pay a license or mercantile tax at their chief places of business Nothing in this section shall authorize any person to sell by retail to others than dealers or merchants

CHAPTER VII

GOVERNMENT

ARTICLE I

COUNCIL

Section 1 The borough council shall organize at eight o'clock post meridian on the first Monday of January one thousand nine hundred and sixteen and biennially thereafter by electing a president and secretary and such other officers as it may require The president shall preside over the meetings of council and when absent his place shall be filled by a president pro tempore The councilmen shall not receive any compensation for their services as councilmen

Section 2 Before entering upon the duties of their office the councilmen shall take and subscribe an oath or affirmation to support the Constitution of the United States and of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and to perform the duties of their office with fidelity The oath or affirmation may be taken before any judge or justice of the peace of the county or before the burgess of the borough when he has qualified and shall be entered upon or filed among the records of the borough

Section 3 The burgess shall preside over the organization meeting of the council but he shall not vote thereat unless the vote of the council be equally divided

Section 4 If the council of any borough shall fail to organize within ten days from the time prescribed in section one of this article the court of quarter sessions upon the petition of ten taxable inhabitants verified by the affidavit of five of the petitioners shall issue a rule upon the delinquent to show cause why their seats should not be declared vacant The rule shall be returnable not less than five days from the time of its issue and after hearing the court may declare the seats of such delinquent councilmen vacant and appoint others in their stead who shall hold their office for the unexpired term

Section 5 Whenever two or more boroughs are consolidated under the provisions of chapter two article two of this act the council of the new borough at the first meeting after such consolidation shall designate by ballot which of the high constables and auditors shall perform the duties of those offices in the new borough and the persons so chosen shall hold their office until the first Monday of January next succeeding the municipal election at which such officers are regularly elected as provided in chapter eight article one of this act The council shall also designate by ballot which of the treasurers shall perform the duties of that office in the new borough and shall select some person as secretary of the council

Section 6 It shall be the duty of the council a majority of whom shall be a quorum

I To meet statedly at least once a month

II To make and preserve full records of their proceedings

III To enact revise repeal and amend such laws rules regulations and ordinances not inconsistent with the laws of the Commonwealth as it shall deem beneficial to the borough and to provide for the enforcement of the same

IV To publish in one newspaper printed in the county and by twelve advertisements posted in public places in the borough every enactment regulation ordinance or other general law at least ten days before the same shall take effect

V To provide by ordinance for the manner in which all notices shall be served and to give personal notice of all orders and regulations affecting particular individuals

VI To cause to be made a plan of the roads streets lanes alleys and courts opened or laid out together with such explanation as shall be necessary to a full understanding of the same The plan shall be kept by the secretary and shall be open to public inspection

VII To appoint and remove a treasurer and secretary Council in their discretion may appoint a solicitor one or two street commissioners and such other officers as it shall deem necessary

VIII To fix the compensation of the treasurer secretary street commissioners high constable and such other officers and employes as they may appoint to be paid from the borough treasury by orders drawn thereon

IX To fix the amount of security to be given by the treasurer the high constable and of such other officers and employes as it may designate

X To direct annually the publication of the accounts of the treasurer

XI To mitigate or remit fines and forfeitures in reasonable cases

Section 7 Every ordinance and resolution except as herein otherwise provided passed by the council shall be presented to the burgess for his approval If the burgess approve he shall sign it but if he shall not so approve he shall return it with his objections to the council at its next regular meeting when the objections shall be entered upon the minutes and the council shall proceed to a reconsideration thereof If after such reconsideration two-thirds of all the members elected to said council or a majority of council plus one when the number composing such council is less than nine shall vote to pass such ordinance or resolution it shall become of as full force and effect as if it had received the approval of the burgess but in such case the vote shall be determined by yeas and nays and the names and votes of the members shall be entered on the minutes If any such ordinance or resolution shall not be returned by the burgess at the regular meeting of the council next succeeding its presentation to him it shall likewise have as full force as if it had been approved

Section 8 No ordinance or resolution shall be considered in force until the same is recorded in the ordinance book of the borough and is advertised as provided in clause four of section six of this article

Section 9 Complaint may be made to the next court of quarter sessions upon entering into recognizance with sufficient security to prosecute the same with effect and for the payment of costs by any person aggrieved in consequence of any ordinance regulation or act done or purporting to be done in virtue of this act and the determination and order of the court thereon shall be conclusive

Section 10 Whenever any ordinance book is lost destroyed or becomes unserviceable the borough council may provide by ordinance for a new ordinance book into which shall be transcribed by the secretary all of the then valid ordinances

Section 11 The secretary in transcribing such ordinances shall make complete copies thereof including the date of enactment and approval and the names of the officers who signed the same and after notice given and corrections made shall certify each ordinance as a correct copy of the original

Section 12 The ordinance providing for the transcribing of such ordinances shall be recorded in such book immediately following the ordinances so transcribed and it shall provide that the secretary of the borough upon the completion of such transcribing shall publish once a week for four weeks in one newspaper published in the borough and if there be no such publication then in a newspaper published in the county a notice stating that all of the then valid ordinances of the borough have been transcribed into a new ordinance book and that the old books and records of borough ordinances and the new ordinance book are open to public inspection for the purpose of verification and correction during the thirty days from the date of the notice

Section 13 The secretary of the borough at the expiration of such notice shall make all corrections and shall then certify that all of the ordinances have been compared with their originals and that they are correct copies thereof After the ordinances are transcribed notice thereof given and the certificate of correction made as provided in the preceding sections of this article the ordinances so transcribed shall take the place of the original record and shall be the valid and legal ordinances of the borough

Section 14 Borough councils may compel the attendance of witnesses and the production of books papers or other evidence at any meeting of the council or any committee thereof and for that purpose may issue subpoenas signed by the president of council or the chairman of the committee and cause the same to be served in any part of this Commonwealth If any witness shall refuse to testify to any fact within his knowledge or to produce any books or papers in his possession or control required to be used as evidence in any such case the secretary of the council shall report the facts relating to such refusal to the court of common pleas If the court determines the evidence required of such witness to be legal and competent it shall order such witness to testify or produce the evidence required

Section 15 No person residing without the borough and subpoenaed as aforesaid shall be required to respond to the same until mileage to and from the borough at the rate of ten cents a mile and a per diem allowance of two dollars for the time their presence is desired has been furnished

Section 16 Any person called as a witness as provided in section fourteen of this article may be examined under oath and for the giving of false testimony shall be liable to indictment and punishment for perjury

CHAPTER VII

GOVERNMENT

ARTICLE II

BURGESS

Section 1 No burgess shall hold any other borough office or appointment during the term for which he is elected nor be eligible to succeed himself he shall not be a member of nor preside at the meetings of the council except as provided in section three article one of this chapter

Section 2 No member of Congress or any person holding any office or appointment of profit or trust under the Government of the United States shall be capable of holding the office of burgess

Section 3 Any person violating the provisions of section two of this article shall be liable to a penalty of not less than fifty dollars nor more than one hundred dollars and the office of burgess shall be considered vacant

Section 4 Any penalty imposed under section three of this article shall be paid one-half to the overseers guardians or directors of the poor of the borough or county where such offense is committed to be applied for the support of the poor and one-half to the prosecutor

Section 5 The burgess before exercising the duties of his office shall take and subscribe an oath or affirmation and the same shall be filed as provided in chapter seven article one section two of this act

Section 6 The salary of the burgess may be fixed by ordinance to be paid from the borough treasury in monthly instalments on warants authorized by the council When so fixed such salary shall not be changed during the term of the incumbent

Section 7 The salary of the burgess shall not exceed per annum one hundred dollars per thousand for the first five thousand population or fraction thereof and fifty dollars per annum for each additional one thousand of population or fractional majority thereof the population to be determined by the last United States decennial census or by five times the number of electors in the borough as shown by the last registration thereof

Section 8 Any salary paid pursuant to sections six and seven of this article shall be in lieu of all costs and fees allowed a burgess whether acting as burgess or justice of the peace and in such case the costs and fees shall be taxed and collected by the burgess and turned monthly into the borough treasury together with a sworn statement of the same

Section 9 In all cases where the burgess is given the jurisdiction of a justice of the peace he shall collect the same costs and fees as is charged by justices of the peace for like services

Section 10 The burgess shall have power

I To administer oaths and affirmations in matters pertaining to borough affairs

II To exercise jurisdiction in all disputes between the borough and individuals arising under the ordinances rules and regulations of the borough

III To exercise the criminal powers and jurisdiction of justices of the peace in the enforcement of all ordinances of the borough and the collection of fines and penalties imposed thereunder

IV To exercise the powers and jurisdiction of justices of the peace within the borough for the suppression of riots tumults and disorderly meetings and in all criminal cases for the punishment of vagrants and disorderly persons

Section 11 It shall be the duty of the burgess

I To preserve order in the borough to enforce the ordinances and regulations to hear complaints to remove nuisances and to exact a faithful performance of the duties of the officers appointed

II To demand and receive sufficient security in the amount fixed by the borough from the treasurer and high constable

III To sign the by-laws rules regulations and ordinances after they shall have been correctly transcribed by the secretary

IV To keep correct accounts of all fees fines and costs received by him to render to the councils at each regular meeting an itemized statement of all such moneys so received since the last regular meeting of the council with the dates at which and the names of the persons from whom the same was received and to pay all such moneys into the borough treasury prior to such regular meeting

V To cause to be opened all public roads streets lanes or alleys lying partly within the borough

Section 12 Any burgess neglecting or refusing to open a road street lane or alley as provided in the preceding section shall be liable to a fine of not less than four dollars nor more than fifty dollars to be recovered in a summary proceedings before any justice of the peace of the county

Section 13 Whenever the burgess is absent or incapacitated the duties of his office shall be discharged by the president of council

CHAPTER VII

GOVERNMENT

ARTICLE III

HIGH CONSTABLE

Section 1 The high constable before entering on the duties of his office shall take and subscribe an oath or affirmation and the same shall be filed as provided in chapter seven article one section two of this act he shall give such bond with surety as is required by the borough

Section 2 The high constable shall have the power and authority of constables of the several townships in the county

Section 3 The high constable shall give ten days' notice of the biennial elections of the borough by posting six advertisements in the most public places within the same

Section 4 It shall be unlawful for any high constable who is at the time employed as a policeman in the borough or any other part of the Commonwealth to charge or accept any compensation in addition to the salary paid him as policeman for any service rendered either as a policeman or as high constable except public rewards and the legal mileage allowed to constables for traveling expenses

Section 5 Any person violating the provisions of the preceding section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding fifty dollars and costs or to undergo imprisonment in the jail of the county not exceeding thirty days or both

CHAPTER VII

GOVERNMENT

ARTICLE IV

AUDITORS

Section 1 The auditors of the borough shall meet on the third Tuesday of January one thousand nine hundred and sixteen and annually thereafter and shall audit adjust and settle the accounts of the tax collectors and all officers of the borough Any officer whose act or neglect contributes to the financial loss of any borough shall be surcharged with the amount of such loss

Section 2 All orders and vouchers which have been paid shall on their presentation to the auditors be cancelled by writing the word "audited" on the face thereof

Section 3 The auditors shall complete such audit adjustment and settlement as soon as possible and shall within ten days thereafter published by posting printed or typewritten hand-bills in five public places in the borough an itemized statement of the receipts and expenditures of the several officers for the preceding year they shall also within such period of ten days file a copy of the statement with the secretary of the borough and also with the clerk of court of quarter sessions of the county which shall be at all times subject to public inspection Whenever two or more borough offices shall be exercised by the same person only one statement shall be required

Section 4 It shall be lawful for the borough or any tax payer thereof on its behalf or any officer whose account is settled or audited to appeal from the settlement or audit to the court of common pleas of the county within thirty days after the statement has been filed in the court of quarter sessions

Section 5 No appeal by a taxpayer or officer shall be allowed unless the applicant shall enter into recognizance to prosecute the same with effect and to pay all costs accruing thereon in case if the appellant be a taxpayer he shall fail to obtain a final decision more favorable to the borough than that awarded by the auditors or in case the appellant be an accounting officer he shall fail to obtain a final decision more favorable to the officer than that awarded by the auditors

Section 6 Whenever an appeal has been taken from the report of the auditors by the borough or by any person charged in such report with any sum of money any taxpayer of the borough may intervene in such appeal and either prosecute the same on its behalf or defend it against the appeal of the person so charged No tax payer shall intervene unless he shall file in the court of common pleas a bond with one or more sufficient sureties conditioned to indemnify the borough against all costs accruing by reason of such intervention

Section 7 Any person interested may order the appeal upon the argument list and evidence may be taken before any person authorized to administer oaths upon rule for that purpose served upon the opposite party

Section 8 Whenever any matter of fact is in dispute the court of common pleas is authorized to frame an issue for the trial thereof

Section 9 After hearing the court shall file its finding of fact and law and enter judgment in accordance therewith and the judgment so entered may be enforced by any appropriate proceedings by the party prevailing

Section 10 Any person interested may except to the ruling of the court and may appeal therefrom to the Superior or Supreme Court as in other cases

Section 11 Whenever any person is charged with a sum of money by the report of the borough auditors any taxpayer of the borough may enforce the collection thereof for the benefit of the borough by action or execution upon filing in the court of common pleas a bond with one or more sureties conditioned to indemnify the borough from all costs which may accrue in the proceedings undertaken by such taxpayer

Section 12 The borough auditors may employ an attorney in case of any disagreement with an official or board of officials whose accounts they are required to audit Such attorney shall not be employed until reasonable effort has been made to reach an agreement and only after notice of such contemplated employment has been given to such official or board

Section 13 The compensation of such attorney shall be fixed by the auditors and shall not exceed the sum of ten dollars per day nor thirty dollars in any case in dispute except whenever an appeal is taken as provided in the preceding sections of this article in which case the court shall fix an additional compensation

Section 14 The compensation of such attorney shall be paid out of the fund whose settlement is in dispute by warrant drawn by the auditors upon the treasurer of such fund immediately upon the final settlement of the account

Section 15 Each auditor shall receive not less than two nor more than five dollars per day for each day necessarily employed in the discharge of his duties to be paid by the borough the compensation to be fixed by the council

Section 16 In case of any neglect or refusal to comply with the provisions of the preceding sections of this article the auditors so neglecting or refusing shall pay a penalty of one hundred dollars to be recovered in the same manner as debts of like amount are recoverable by suit instituted in the name of the borough upon the complaint of any taxpayer thereof When so recovered the amount of the penalty shall be paid into the treasury of the borough

CHAPTER VII

GOVERNMENT

ARTICLE V

CONTROLLER

Section 1 The borough controller shall before entering upon the duties of his office take and subscribe the oath prescribed by section one article seven of the constitution of this Commonwealth and shall give bond to the borough with two or more sureties or with a surety company to be approved by the council in such sum as they may by ordinance direct conditioned for the faithful discharge of his duties The cost of such bond shall be paid by the borough

Section 2 The borough controller shall receive a fixed annual salary to be fixed by ordinance and not to exceed the sum of one thousand dollars per annum

Section 3 The borough controller shall superintend the fiscal concerns of the borough He shall examine audit and settle all accounts whatsoever in which the borough is concerned either as debtor or creditor where provision for the settlement thereof is made by law and where no such provisions or an insufficient provision has been made he shall examine such accounts and report to the borough council the facts relating thereto with his opinion thereon

Section 4 The borough controller shall have supervision and control of the accounts of all departments bureaus and officers of the borough authorized to collect receive or disburse the public moneys or who are charged with the management or custody thereof He shall audit their respective accounts and may at any time require from any of them a statement in writing of any moneys or property of the borough in their hands or under their control and he shall immediately upon the discovery of any default irregularity or delinquency report the same to the borough council He shall also audit and report upon the account of any such officer upon the death resignation removal or expiration of the term of the said officer

Section 5 The borough controller may administer oaths or affirmations in relation to any matter touching the authentication of any account with or claim or demand against the borough but shall not be entitled to receive any fee therefor

Section 6 The borough controller shall countersign all warrants upon the borough treasurer the form thereof to be prescribed by council but no warrant shall be countersigned unless there is money in the treasury to pay the same Whenever a warrant on the treasurer shall be presented to the controller to be countersigned the person presenting the same shall if the controller require produce evidence

1 That the amount expressed in the warrant is due to the person in whose favor it is drawn

2 That the supplies or service for payment of which the warrant is drawn have been furnished or performed according to law and the terms of the contract

Section 7 The borough controller shall not permit any appropriation made by the council to be overdrawn Whenever an appropriation is exhausted the object of which is not complete he shall immediately report the fact to the council and accompany such report with a statement of the moneys which have been drawn on such appropriation and the particular purpose for which they are drawn

Section 8 Every contract involving appropriation of money shall designate the item of appropriation on which it is founded and the estimated amount of the expenditure thereunder shall be charged against such item and so certified by the borough controller on the contract before it shall take effect as a contract and the payment required by such contract shall be made from the fund appropriated therefor If the controller shall certify any contract in excess of the

appropriation made therefor the borough shall not be liable for such excess but the controller and his sureties shall be liable for the same which may be recovered in an action at law by the contracting party aggrieved It shall be the duty of the controller to certify contracts for the payment of which sufficient appropriations have been made

Section 9 The borough controller shall as often as he may deem expedient or the council shall direct suggest plans to the council for the management and improvement of the borough finances and he shall make a report verified by oath or affirmation to the council at the first stated meeting in January in each year of the public accounts of the borough and of the trusts in its care exhibiting all the expenditures thereof respectively the sources from which the revenue and funds are derived and the manner in which the same have been disbursed Each account shall be accompanied by a detailed statement of the several appropriations made by councils the amount drawn on each appropriation and the balance standing to the debit or credit of such appropriation The report shall be published at the expense of the borough once a week for two weeks in a newspaper circulating generally in the borough

Section 10 The borough controller shall keep a regular set of books in which shall be opened and kept as many accounts under appropriate titles as may be necessary to show separately and distinctly all the estates and property whatsoever real and personal vested in the borough all trusts in the care of the same all debts due and owing the borough all receipts and expenditures of the various departments of the borough government and all appropriations made by council and the sums under the same respectively

Section 11 The foregoing provisions of this article shall not become operative or effective in any borough not having a controller until the council shall by ordinance accept the provisions of this article

Section 12 In all boroughs accepting the provisions of this article as provided in the preceding section the borough auditors then in office shall continue to hold their office until the first day of January succeeding the election of a borough controller after which date the office of borough auditor is abolished

CHAPTER VII
GOVERNMENT
ARTICLE VI
APPOINTED OFFICERS

(a) GENERAL PROVISIONS

Section 1 Appointed officers of the borough shall receive such compensation for their services as the council shall prescribe

Section 2 All officers appointed by the borough council shall whenever directed render their accounts to the council for settlement

Section 3 Whenever an employe of any borough is required to give bond endorsed by a surety company for the faithful performance of his duties the borough may pay the premium thereon

(b) TREASURER

Section 4 The borough treasurer shall before entering upon the duties of his office give bond with surety as required by the borough he shall perform the duties of the township treasurer within the borough shall keep a just account of all receipts and disbursements and shall annually submit his account to the borough auditors and publish the same in a manner directed by the borough he shall pay over all moneys remaining in his hands and deliver all books papers accounts and other things belonging to the borough to his successor All moneys received by any officer for the use of the borough shall be forthwith paid to the borough treasurer

Section 5 The borough treasurer shall receive such compensation as the council shall prescribe

(c) SECRETARY

Section 6 The secretary shall attend all meetings of the borough council and shall keep full minutes of their proceedings he shall transcribe the by-laws rules regulations and ordinances adopted into a book kept for that purpose and when signed by the presiding officer shall attest the same he shall preserve the records and documents of the borough and shall have custody of the corporate seal He shall certify copies of any book paper record by-law rule regulation ordinance or proceeding of the borough under the seal thereof which copies so certified shall be admitted in evidence in any court of the Commonwealth He shall attest the execution of all instruments record the publication of all enactments and attest the same by his signature He shall file or record the proof of service of all notices required by law and the certificate thereof shall be good evidence of such notice He shall deliver to his successor the seal and all books papers and other things belonging to the borough

(d) STREET COMMISSIONERS

Section 7 On the first Monday of January or within thirty days thereafter of each even numbered year the borough council may appoint one or two persons as street commissioners who shall serve for a term of two years or until their successors shall qualify

Section 8 Whenever two or more boroughs are consolidated under the provisions of chapter two article two of this act the street commissioners of each of such boroughs shall continue in office as officers of the new borough until the expiration of their respective terms of office

(e) SOLICITOR

Section 9 The borough council on the first Monday of January in any even numbered year or as soon thereafter as practicable may elect by a vote of a majority of the members one person learned in the law who shall be styled the borough solicitor and who shall serve for the term of four years from the first Monday of January of the even numbered year in or succeeding which he was elected and until his successor qualified Vacancies in the office of borough solicitor shall be filled by the council for the unexpired term

Section 10 All borough solicitors holding office at the date of the approval of this act whose terms of office expire at any time between the first Monday of January one thousand nine hundred and fourteen and the first Monday of January one thousand nine hundred and sixteen shall continue to hold their office until the first Monday of January one thousand nine hundred and sixteen Solicitors elected on the first Monday of January one thousand nine hundred and fourteen shall hold their respective offices until the first Monday of January one thousand nine hundred and eighteen

Section 11 The borough solicitor shall give a bond to the borough with two or more sureties or one trust or bonding company to be approved by the council in such sum as it shall by ordinance direct conditioned for the faithful performance of his duty

Section 12 The law matters of the borough shall be under the superintendence discretion and control of the borough solicitor and no department of the borough except as herein otherwise provided shall employ an additional counsel without the assent or ratification of the council

Section 13 The borough solicitor shall prepare such bonds obligations contracts leases conveyances and assurances to which the borough or any department thereof may be a party as may be directed by ordinance or resolution he shall commence and prosecute all actions brought by the borough for or on account of any of the estates rights trusts privileges claims or demands as well as defend all actions or suits against the borough or any officer thereof wherein or whereby any of the estates rights privileges trusts ordinances or accounts of the borough or any department thereof may be brought in question before any court in the Commonwealth and shall do every professional act incident to the office which he may be authorized or required to do by the burgess or by any ordinance or resolution He shall whenever required furnish the council the committees thereof the burgess or the heads of departments with his opinion in writing upon any question of law which may be submitted by any of them in their official capacities

(f) POLICE

Section 14 Borough councils may appoint and remove one or more suitable persons citizens of this Commonwealth as borough policemen who shall have the power to arrest persons violating any ordinance of the borough the violation of which may subject persons to arrest Any person so arrested shall be received for confinement by the keepers of the jails lock-ups or station houses within the county

Section 15 The borough policemen shall when on duty wear a shield or badge with the words "borough police" and the name of the borough for which they are appointed inscribed thereon

Section 16 The borough police shall be under the direction of the burgess as to the time during which the place where and the manner in which they shall perform their duties The burgess may for cause and without pay suspend any policeman until the succeeding regular meeting of the council at which time the council may discharge or reinstate such policeman

Section 17 The borough police shall receive a stated salary to be fixed by ordinance and it shall be unlawful for any borough policeman to charge or accept any fee or other compensation in addition to his salary for any service performed pertaining to his duties or office except public rewards and legal mileage allowed for traveling expenses

Section 18 Any person violating the provisions of the preceding section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding fifty dollars and costs or undergo imprisonment not exceeding thirty days or both

Section 19 Borough policemen residing in the borough may at the same time hold and exercise the office of constable in the borough or any ward thereof and may demand and receive all costs fees and emoluments pertaining to such office

Section 20 Borough policemen may perform all the duties of high constable but shall receive no compensation therefor

Section 21 Boroughs may by ordinance establish a police pension fund to be maintained by an equal and proportionate monthly charge against each member of the police force not exceeding annually three per centum of the pay of such member The fund shall be under the direction of the borough council or such committee as it may designate and shall be applied under such regulations as the council may by ordinance prescribe for the benefit of such members of the police force as shall receive honorable discharge therefrom by reason of age or disability and the families of such as may be injured or killed in the service Any allowance made to those who are retired by reason of disability or age shall be in conformity with a uniform scale

Section 22 The ordinance establishing the police pension fund may prescribe a minimum period of continuous service not less than twenty years after which members of the force may be retired from active duty Borough policemen so retired shall be subject to service as police reserve until unfitted for such service by reason of age or disability when they may be finally discharged

Section 23 The basis of the apportionment of the pension shall be determined by the rate of monthly pay of the member at the date of death honorable discharge or retirement and shall not in any case exceed in any year one-half the annual pay of such member computed at such monthly rate

Section 24 Payments made under the provisions of section twenty-two of this article and the sections based thereon shall be a charge on no other fund in the treasury of the borough or under its control other than the police pension fund

Section 25 Boroughs may take by gift grant devise or bequest any money or property real personal or mixed in trust for the benefit of such police pension fund The care management investment and disposal of such trust funds funds or property shall be vested in such officers as the borough shall by ordinance direct and shall be governed by such officers subject to any directions not inconsistent therewith as the donors of such funds and property may prescribe

Section 26 No person participating in such police pension fund and becoming entitled to receive a benefit therefrom shall be deprived of his right to an equal and proportionate share therein upon the basis upon which he first became entitled thereto except for the following causes that is to say conviction of a crime or misdemeanor becoming a habitual drunkard becoming a non-resident of the Commonwealth or failing to comply with some general regulation relating to the management of such fund which may be made by ordinance and which provides that a failure to comply therewith shall terminate the right to participate the pension fund after such notice and hearing as it shall prescribe

CHAPTER VII
GOVERNMENT
ARTICLE VII
BUREAU OF MINE INSPECTION AND SURFACE SUPPORT

Section 1 Boroughs within the limits of the anthracite region of the Commonwealth may by ordinance create a bureau of mine inspection and surface support

Section 2 The bureau shall consist of one practical mining engineer to be appointed by the burgess with consent of the council and such assistant clerks and employes as the council may provide The officers and employees of the bureau shall receive such compensation as may be prescribed by council

Section 3 Members of the bureau may enter inspect examine and survey any mine or colliery within the limits of the borough at all reasonable times either by day or night but not so as to impede nor obstruct the workings of the mine or colliery and may take with them such other persons as may be necessary for the purpose of making an examination or survey The owner operator or superintendent of such mine or colliery shall furnish the means necessary for such entry inspection examination survey and exit

Section 4 The owner operator or superintendent of every coal mine or colliery within three months after the passage of an ordinance by any borough creating such bureau shall make or cause to be made and furnished to such bureau an accurate map or plan of the workings or excavations of such coal mine or colliery on a scale of one hundred feet to the inch The map or plan shall exhibit the workings or excavations in every seam of coal on a separate sheet and the tunnels and passages connecting with such workings or excavations It shall show in degrees the general inclination of the strata with any material deflection therein in the workings or excavations and shall also show the tidal elevations of the bottom of every shaft slope tunnel and gangway and of every other point in the mine or on the surface where such elevation shall be deemed necessary by the bureau The map or plan shall show the number of the last survey station and date of each survey on the gangways or the most advanced workings

Section 5 Every mine owner operator or superintendent shall place or cause to be placed upon the map of the bureau at least once in every three months all the extensions made in any mine within the limits of such borough during the three preceding months except those made within thirty days immediately preceding the time of placing such extensions upon the said map

Section 6 It shall be unlawful for any person co-partnership association or corporation to dig mine remove or carry away the coal rock earth or other minerals or materials forming the natural support of the surface beneath the public highways streets alleys courts and places of any borough in the anthracite region to such an extent and in such a manner as to thereby remove the necessary support of the surface without having first placed or constructed an artificial permanent support sufficient to uphold and preserve the stability of the surfaces of such public highways streets alleys courts and places

Section 7 Any person being the general manager superintendent or person in charge of the work of any corporation co-partnership or association violating any of the provisions of this article shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction before a justice of the peace of the borough shall be sentenced for such offense to pay a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars or to undergo imprisonment in the county jail for a period not exceeding ninety days or both All fines imposed under this section shall be paid into the treasury of the borough

Section 8 Borough councils may enact such ordinances as may be necessary for the enforcement of the provisions of this article

CHAPTER VIII
ELECTIONS—VACANCIES IN OFFICE
ARTICLE I
NUMBER TERM AND TIME OF ELECTION OF OFFICERS

Section 1 Electors of the borough only shall be eligible to elective borough offices

Section 2 Elections for borough officers shall be at the time and place designated by law for the holding of municipal elections

Section 3 Certificates of election of all borough officers shall be filed among the records of the borough

Section 4 Persons elected to borough offices shall serve until their successors are elected and qualified

Section 5 It shall be lawful for the electors of the borough to elect

1 In boroughs not divided into wards seven councilmen a burgess high constable and three auditors or a controller

2 In boroughs divided into wards at least one and not more than three councilmen in each ward to be residents of the ward from which they are elected and chosen by the electors of the ward also a burgess a high constable and three auditors or a controller who shall be chosen by the electors of the borough at large

Section 6 At the municipal election to be held in the year one thousand nine hundred and fifteen there shall be elected in each borough a sufficient number of councilmen to equal one-half of the entire number of which such council is legally composed to serve for a term of four years from the first Monday of January next succeeding and where such entire number is seven nine or eleven then sufficient to constitute three four or five as the case may be The aforesaid councilmen to be elected in the year one thousand nine hundred and fifteen being successors to those elected in the years one thousand nine hundred and eleven and one thousand nine hundred and thirteen whose terms as heretofore provided by law expire on the first Monday of January one thousand nine hundred and sixteen All councilmen whose terms expire on the first Monday of January one thousand nine hundred and eighteen shall continue to hold their office until the first Monday of January one thousand nine hundred and eighteen as now provided and their successors shall be elected at the municipal election in the year one thousand nine hundred and seventeen to serve for a term of four years from the first Monday of January next succeeding Biennially thereafter at the municipal election a sufficient number of councilmen shall be elected for a term of four years from the first Monday of January next succeeding to fill the places of those whose terms under the provisions of this act shall expire on the first Monday of January next following such election

Section 7 Whenever the court of quarter sessions shall divide any borough into wards erect two or more wards or parts of two or more wards into one ward or divide a ward already erected into two or more wards as provided in chapter three article three of this act and when the report in such case is confirmed by the court it shall at the same time decree the election of an equal number of councilmen in each of the wards in such manner as not to interfere with the terms of those theretofore elected In decreeing such election when the entire number of council shall be composed of an even number the decree shall be so made that one-half of the entire number shall thereafter be elected at each municipal election When the entire number of council shall be an odd number the court shall divide such council into two classes and shall make its decree so that one-half of the entire number of councilmen less one shall as soon as possible take their office in a year divisible by four and the remaining number of councilmen shall take their office in an even numbered year not divisible by four The apportionment shall be so made by the court that there shall be equal or as nearly equal as possible representation by wards in each class Biennially thereafter at each municipal election a sufficient number of councilmen shall be elected for the term of four years from the first Monday of January next succeeding to fill the places of those whose terms shall expire on the first Monday of January next following such election

Section 8 Whenever two or more boroughs are consolidated as provided in chapter two article two of this act the members of the council of each of such boroughs shall be members of the council of the new borough from the wards in which they respectively reside and shall hold their office until the expiration of their terms

In consolidated boroughs divided into wards the number of councilmen in each ward shall be three

At the first municipal election next succeeding such consolidation the qualified electors of such borough shall elect a sufficient number of councilmen to equal one-half of the entire number of which such council is legally composed to serve for a term of four years from the first Monday of January next succeeding their election and where such entire number is seven nine or eleven and where the year in which such officers shall take office is divisible by four then sufficient to constitute three four or five as the case may be and where such year is an even numbered year not divisible by four then sufficient to constitute four five or six At the second municipal election succeeding such consolidation the remaining number of councilmen to which such consolidated borough is entitled shall be elected to serve for a term of four years from the first Monday of January next succeeding In consolidated boroughs divided into wards the council shall by lot prior to the first municipal election succeeding such consolidation apportion the councilmen to be elected as above provided so that there shall be equal or as nearly equal as possible representation by wards Biennially thereafter at each municipal election a sufficient number of councilmen shall be elected to serve for a term of four years from the first Monday of January next succeeding to fill the places of those whose term shall expire on the first Monday of January next following such election

Section 9 The purpose of the three sections immediately preceding is that as nearly as possible one-half of the councilmen of every borough shall be elected at each municipal election to serve for a term of four years from the first Monday of January next succeeding

Section 10 Whenever upon the division of any borough into wards or the creation of a new ward or wards the number of councilmen cannot be equally divided among the wards of the borough it shall be lawful for the court in decreeing such division or creation to increase the number of council to and not exceeding such number as will enable the court to make an equal apportionment of the same among the several wards of such borough

Section 11 The court of quarter sessions having fixed the number of councilmen as provided in section seven of this article may upon petition of citizens of the borough increase the same to any number not exceeding three for each ward

Section 12 Whenever the electors of any borough divided into wards are authorized by this act or by a decree of court to elect three members of council from each ward the court of quarter sessions may upon the petition of twenty citizens of such borough and after notice to the council decrease the number of the council to be elected in each of such wards to two

At each municipal election thereafter the electors of each ward shall elect one councilman to hold office for a term of four years from the first Monday of January next succeeding his election

Section 13 Whenever the court of quarter sessions shall divide any borough into wards it shall appoint for each ward such judges and inspectors of election to hold the first election after such division as are by law required

Section 14 Electors of every borough shall at the municipal election in the year one thousand nine hundred and seventeen and every four years thereafter elect one person as burgess who shall hold office for a term of four years from the first Monday of January next succeeding his election

Section 15 Whenever two or more boroughs are consolidated under the provisions of chapter two article two the burgess of the borough which shall have been first incorporated shall be the burgess of the consolidated borough to serve until the expiration of his term The burgess of the other borough shall become a member of the council of such consolidated borough from the ward in which he resides and shall continue a member thereof until the expiration of his term At the first municipal election for the election of burgesses in boroughs and quadriennially thereafter a burgess shall be elected in such consolidated borough for a term of four years from the first Monday of January next succeeding such election

Section 16 The electors of every borough shall at the municipal election in the year one thousand nine hundred and fifteen and every fourth year thereafter elect one person as high constable to serve for a term of four years from the first Monday of January next following

Section 17 The qualified electors in boroughs electing auditors and not accepting the provisions of chapter seven article five of this act shall elect at the municipal election in the year one thousand nine hundred and fifteen one auditor and in the year one thousand nine hundred and seventeen two auditors to serve for a term of four years from the first Monday of January next succeeding their election Biennially thereafter one or two auditors as the case may be shall be elected for a term of four years to fill the places of those whose terms shall expire on the first Monday of January next following such election

Section 18 The terms of office of all borough treasurers and street commissioners elected by the voters at large of any borough is fixed at four years from the first Monday of January next succeeding their election

Section 19 The qualified electors in every borough having controller and in every borough accepting the provisions of chapter seven article five of this act shall at the municipal election in the year one thousand nine hundred and seventeen and every four years thereafter elect as borough controller one person who shall be a competent accountant and an elector of the borough for at least four years prior to his election The person so chosen shall serve for a term of four years from the first Monday of January next succeeding his election

Section 20 Whenever in boroughs hereafter incorporated from a township as provided in chapter two article one in boroughs hereafter formed by the division of a borough as provided in chapter two article four or in boroughs hereafter created by the detachment of territory as provided in chapter two article four section six a special election is ordered by the court for the election of borough officers the officers so elected shall hold their office until the first Monday of January next succeeding the municipal election at which such officers are elected as provided in sections six seven eight fourteen sixteen and nineteen of this article and thereafter such officers shall be so elected that the time of their election and in the case of councilmen and auditors the number to be elected at any municipal election shall coincide with the time and number elected at such municipal elections by boroughs incorporated prior to the passage of this act

Section 21 Any person receiving notice of his election as burgess high constable or a member of council refusing or neglecting to take upon himself the execution of such office or any person having taken upon himself such duties neglecting to discharge the same according to law shall forfeit and pay the sum of twenty dollars to be recovered before any justice of the peace in the same manner as debts are recoverable Any penalty so recovered shall be forthwith paid to the treasurer of the borough

CHAPTER VIII
ELECTIONS—VACANCIES IN OFFICE
ARTICLE II
FILLING OF VACANCIES

Section 1 The court of quarter sessions may on petition of borough council fill vacancies occurring in any elective borough office until the municipal election next following Whenever a vacancy is filled by the court as provided in this section the electors of the borough shall at the municipal election next succeeding such appointment elect a sufficient number of persons to fill such vacancies for the unexpired term

Section 2 The borough council may fill any vacancy in their body until the municipal election next following at which election a sufficient number of persons shall be chosen to fill such vacancies for the unexpired term The voters shall designate on their ballots that the persons thereon named are voted for to fill an unexpired term

Section 3 The court of quarter sessions may on petition of council or of any resident of the borough fill any vacancy occurring in the office of burgess Any person so appointed shall hold office for the unexpired term

Section 4 The court of quarter sessions may fill any vacancy occurring in the office of high constable Any person so appointed shall hold office for the unexpired term

Section 5 The court of quarter sessions shall fill any vacancy occurring in the office of borough controller and the person so appointed shall serve until the first Monday of January succeeding the municipal election occurring two months after the happening of such vacancy at which election a successor shall be elected for the unexpired term

CHAPTER IX
PARKS—SHADE TREES—FOREST
ARTICLE I
PARKS AND PLAYGROUNDS

Section 1 Boroughs may improve maintain and regulate public parks parkways and playgrounds within the borough limits

Section 2 Boroughs may enter upon appropriate and acquire by gift devise purchase lease or otherwise private property for the purpose of making enlarging and maintaining public parks parkways and playgrounds The provisions of this section shall not authorize the appropriation of private property outside the borough limits

Section 3 No appropriation purchase or lease shall be made pursuant to the preceding sections whereby any borough shall within any period of three years obligate itself to pay in the aggregate any sum exceeding one and one-half mills on the dollar on the assessed valuation of all property offices professions and persons in the borough upon which county taxes are rated and levied without the consent of a majority of the electors obtained as hereinafter provided

Section 4 Whenever any borough shall by ordinance provide for the appropriation purchase or leasing of private property for the purposes aforesaid and the value of such property or the rental thereof shall alone or when added to the amount of liability incurred for any of the purposes aforesaid within the preceding three years exceed one and one-half mills on the dollar of valuation as provided in the preceding section the council shall cause the question of such appropriation purchase or leasing to be submitted to the electors of the borough at the municipal or general election next occurring after the expiration of forty days from the date of such ordinance

Section 5 The council shall give notice of the proposed submission of such question by weekly advertisements in not more than three newspapers published in the borough for a period of four weeks immediately preceding the day of election and if no newspapers be published therein by twenty printed handbills posted in conspicuous places at least twenty-one days prior to such election

Section 6 For the purpose of having such question appear upon the ballot the council shall certify the question to the county commissioners at least twenty-one days before the day of the election The question may be stated substantially as follows

"Shall the borough of_____acquire by purchase or condemnation or both at a price not exceeding _____dollars (or by lease for not more than _____years at an annual rental of not more than _____dollars) property for the purpose of making (or of enlarging) public parks parkways and playgrounds within the locality bounded by _____"

The council may at their discretion omit the designation of the locality

Section 7 The result of the vote on such question shall be ascertained and certified in the same manner as the vote on the election of officers named on the same ballots No such question determined negatively by the voters shall be again submitted until one municipal or general election shall intervene

Section 8 The appropriation of private property for the purpose of making enlarging and maintaining public parks parkways and playgrounds is declared to be the taking of private property for public use and for all damage suffered by the owners of any property so taken the funds of the borough raised by taxation shall be pledged as security

Section 9 Whenever compensation for the damages arising from such appropriation cannot be agreed upon the borough may tender its bond as security to the party claiming or entitled to any damages to the attorney or agent of any person absent to the agent or other officer of a corporation or to the guardian or committee of any person under legal incapacity the condition of which shall be that the borough shall cause to be paid such amount of damages as the party shall be entitled to receive after the same have been agreed upon or assessed

Section 10 Whenever any party claiming damages for property taken under the provisions of the preceding sections of this article refuses or neglects to accept the security so tendered the borough may upon ten days' written notice given to the party his agent attorney guardian or committee present its bond to the court of common pleas If approved the bond shall be filed for the benefit of those interested and recovery may be had thereon for the amount of damages ascertained or finally determined if the same be not paid by an execution on the judgment in the issue formed to try the question Upon the approval of such security the borough may enter into possession hold and use such land for such purposes forever

Section 11 Whenever any borough appropriates private property under the provisions of this article and is unable to agree with the owners or lessees for the amount of compensation or whenever by reason of the absence or legal incapacity of any owner or lessee no such compensation can be agreed upon the courts of common pleas or any law judge thereof in vacation on application thereto by the borough or any person interested shall appoint three freeholders as viewers and shall designate a time not less than twenty nor more than thirty days thereafter when the viewers shall meet upon the property and view the same

Section 12 The viewers shall give ten days' notice of the time and place of their first meeting to the owners of the property their agents attorneys or representatives by writing served if they reside within the county in the same manner as the service of summons in personal actions otherwise by handbills posted upon the premises or by such other notice as the court may prescribe

Section 13 The proceedings before the viewers for the assessment of damages and the proceedings upon their report shall be as provided in chapter six article two of this act

Section 14 The final confirmation of the report of viewers shall operate as a judgment against the borough in favor of the party to whom damages have been awarded by the report or by so much of the report as is confirmed Interest is allowed on such judgment from the date of filing the report

Section 15 Whenever any borough repeals any ordinance or discontinues any proceeding taken providing for the appropriation of property under this article prior to the entry upon or injury to such property and within thirty days after the filing of the report of viewers assessing damages the borough shall not thereafter be liable to pay any damages which have been or might have been assessed but the costs upon any proceeding had thereon shall be paid by the borough together with the actual damage sustained by reason of such proceeding

Section 16 Whenever prior to the first day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven any borough acquired land outside its corporate limits for park purposes such borough may own and possess such land for park purposes and is authorized to lay out and maintain the same and to appropriate money to defray expenses incident to such work

Section 17 Every borough shall have a general plan of its parks and playgrounds which plan shall be filed in the office of the engineer or other proper officer of the borough All subdivisions of property thereafter made shall conform thereto The location of parks and playgrounds laid out and confirmed by the borough council shall not afterwards be altered without the consent of the council and no map or plot of parks or playgrounds shall be entered or recorded in any public office of the county until approved by the borough council

Section 18 No person shall recover any damages for the taking for public use of any buildings or improvements of any kind placed or constructed upon or within the lines of any located park or playground after the same has been located by the borough council

CHAPTER IX
PARKS—SHADE TREES—FORESTS
ARTICLE II
SHADE TREES
(a) ESTABLISHMENT OF SHADE TREE COMMISSION

Section 1 Boroughs may establish a commission to be known as the shade tree commission of such borough

Section 2 The commission shall be composed of three free-holders of the borough who shall be appointed by the burgess and shall serve without compensation

Whenever a shade tree commission is established by any borough the burgess shall appoint three free-holders one for a term of three years one for a term of four years and one for a term of five years

On the expiration of the term of any commissioner a successor shall be appointed by the burgess to serve for a term of five years

Vacancies in the office of commissioner shall be filled by the burgess for the unexpired term

Section 3 Whenever in any borough there exists a commission for the care of public parks the council may by ordinance accept the provisions of this article so far as it relates to the subject of the shade tree commission and thereafter the park commission shall have all the powers and be subject to all the duties prescribed by this article for the shade tree commission

Section 4 The commission shall have exclusive custody and control of the shade trees in the borough and is authorized to plant remove maintain and protect shade trees on the public highways in the borough

Section 5 The commission may employ and pay such superintendents engineers foresters tree-wardens or other assistants as the proper performance of the duties devolving upon it shall require and may make publish and enforce regulations for the care and protection of the shade trees of the borough No such regulation shall be in force until it has been approved by the council and until it has been published at least twice in one or two newspapers of the borough

Section 6 The shade tree commission shall annually report in full to the burgess its transactions and expenses for the last fiscal year of the borough The park commission in boroughs accepting this article may incorporate such transactions and expenses in its regular report to council

Section 7 Whenever any shade tree commission or park commission in boroughs accepting this article proposes to plant transplant or remove shade trees on any highway notice of the time and place of the meeting at which such work is to be considered shall be given in one or more newspapers published in the borough once a week for two weeks immediately preceding the time of the meeting The notice shall specify in detail the highways or portions thereof upon which trees are proposed to be so planted re-planted or removed

Section 8 The cost of planting transplanting or removing any shade trees in the highways of the borough of the necessary and suitable guards curbing or grating for the protection thereof and of the replacing of any pavement or sidewalk necessarily disturbed in the execution of such work shall be paid by the owner of the real estate in front of whose property the work is done

The amount each tree-holder is to pay shall be ascertained and certified by the commission to council and to the borough treasurer

Section 9 Upon the filing of the certificate with the council the secretary of the borough shall cause thirty days' written notice to be given to the persons against whose property an assessment has been made The notice shall state the amount of the assessment and the time and place of payment and shall be accompanied with a copy of the certificate

The amount assessed against the real estate shall be a lien from the time of the filing of the certificate with the council and if not paid within the time designated in the notice a claim may be filed and collected by the borough solicitor in the same manner as municipal claims are filed and collected

Section 10 The cost and expenses of caring for such trees after having been planted and the expense of publishing the notice provided in the preceding section shall be paid by the borough

The needed amount shall each year be certified by the commissioners to the borough council and shall be drawn against as required by the commission in the same manner as money appropriated for borough purposes

The borough council instead of levying the tax authorized by the general taxation act of one thousand nine hundred and fifteen may provide for the expense of caring for trees already planted and of publishing the notice required by the preceding section by appropriations equal to the amount certified to be required by the commission

Section 11 The commission may assess penalties for the violation of its regulations and of this article so far as it relates to shade trees Any penalty so assessed shall be a lien upon the real estate of the offender and may be collected as municipal claims are collected

Section 12 All penalties or assessments imposed under this article shall be paid to the borough treasurer to be placed to the credit of the commission subject to be drawn upon by the commission for the purposes of the preceding sections of this article

(b) POWER OF BOROUGHS WITH REGARD TO SHADE TREES

Section 13 Boroughs may by ordinance upon the petition of a majority of the property owners upon any public street thereof require the planting and re-placing of suitable shade trees along and upon the sides of such streets upon such alignment and at such points as may be by such ordinance designated by the owners of property abutting the street at the points designated This section does not authorize boroughs to require the planting or re-planting of trees at any point which may interfere with the necessary or reasonable use of any street or abutting property or unreasonably interfere with any business conducted thereon

Section 14 On failure of any owner after reasonable notice to comply with the terms of any such ordinance the borough may cause such trees to be planted or re-planted at the expense of the borough and thereupon in the name of the borough collect the cost of such work from the owners in default as debts of like amount are by law collectible

CHAPTER IX
PARKS—SHADE TREES—FORESTS
ARTICLE III
FORESTS

Section 1 Boroughs may acquire by purchase gift or lease and hold tracts of land covered with forest or tree growth or suitable for the growth of trees and administer the same under the direction of the commissioner of forestry in accordance with the practices and principles of scientific forestry for the benefit of the borough Such tracts may be of any size suitable for the purpose and may be located within or without the borough limits

Section 2 Before the passage of any ordinance for the acquisition of land to be used as municipal forests the burgess shall submit to the Commissioner of Forestry and secure his approval of the area and location of such land

Section 3 Whenever the council of any borough deems it expedient to acquire any lands for the purposes of municipal forests it shall so declare in an ordinance wherein shall set forth all facts and conditions relating to the proposed action which proposed ordinance shall be advertised once a week for three weeks prior to its passage

Section 4 All money necessary for the purchase of such tracts shall be appropriated in the same manner as appropriations for borough purposes and such funds may be provided from the current revenue or by the proceeds of a sale of bonds in accordance with existing law

Section 5 Upon the acquisition of any municipal forests or lands suitable for such the council shall notify the Commissioner of Forestry who shall make such rules for the government and proper administration of the same as may be necessary and the council shall publish such rules declare the uses of the forest in accordance with the intent of this article and make such provision for its administration maintenance protection and development as shall be necessary or expedient The rules governing the administration of such forests shall have for their main purpose the producing of a continuing borough revenue by the sale of forest products

Section 6 All moneys necessary to be expended for the administration maintenance protection and development of such forests shall be appropriated and applied as is now done for borough purposes all revenue and emoluments arising from such forests shall be paid into the borough treasury to be used for general borough purposes

Section 7 Municipal forests may be used by the public as general outing or recreation grounds subject to the rules governing their administration as municipal forests

Section 8 Whenever the council of any borough deems it expedient to alienate any municipal forest or part thereof it shall so declare in an ordinance wherein shall be set forth all the facts and conditions relating to the proposed action which proposed ordinance shall be advertised once a week for three weeks prior to its passage No ordinance shall be effective in legalizing such alienation until it has been approved by a majority vote of the people at the next ensuing election

CHAPTER X
LIBRARIES
ARTICLE I

Section 1 A borough council may submit to the qualified electors of such borough at any municipal election the question of the establishment and maintenance of a public library and must submit such question if petitioned for by three per centum of the voters regsitered at the last general election At such election the question of establishing an annual tax not exceeding two mills on the dollar on all taxable property in the borough shall be submitted and voted upon

Section 2 The rate of tax so voted shall be an annual tax rate until another vote is taken changing the same The tax shall be levied and collected in like manner as other taxes in the borough and shall be in addition to all other taxes and shall be used for no purpose other than that of establishing and maintaining a public library The money so raised shall be under the exclusive control of a board of library directors appointed as hereinafter provided

Section 3 If five per centum of the registered electors of any borough shall petition council to submit the question of creating a bonded indebtedness for purchasing ground and erecting buildings for library purposes the council must submit such question at the next general election

Section 4 Boroughs may by ordinance or resolution purchase enter upon and appropriate private property within the limits of such borough for the purpose of establishing or enlarging public libraries

Section 5 Whenever any borough shall appropriate private properties for public library purposes and the borough cannot agree with the owner thereof for the price to be paid therefor or when by reason of the absence or legal incapacity of any such owner no such compensation can be agreed upon the court of common pleas or any judge thereof in vacation on application thereto by petition by the borough council or any person interested shall appoint three citizens of the county as viewers and shall appoint a time not less than twenty nor more than sixty days thereafter when the viewers shall meet upon the premises and view the same of which time and place ten days' notice shall be given by the petitioner to the viewers and all parties interested by personal service when such service can be obtained otherwise by public notice in one or more newspapers or by handbills posted on the premises or in such other manner as the court may direct

Section 6 The proceedings before the viewers for the allowance of damages for property taken injured or destroyed and the proceedings upon their report shall be as provided in chapter six article two of this act The costs incurred in such proceedings shall be paid by the borough

Section 7 The affairs of public libraries in boroughs shall be under the control of a board of library directors to be composed of not less than five nor more than nine persons as may be determined by council The superintendent of schools of the borough shall be an ex-officio member of the boardThe directors shall be appointed and vacancies filled by the burgess and confirmed by council The first appointees shall be appointed one-third for one year one-third for two years and one-third for three years and all appointments to fill the places of those whose terms expire shall be for a term of three years Vacancies in the board of directors shall be filled for the unexpired term

Section 8 The board of library directors shall organize by the election of a president and treasurer from its membership and such other officers and agents as the board may deem necessary The treasurer shall give bond in an amount to be fixed by the board

Section 9 Every such library shall be free to the use of the residents of the borough subject to such reasonable rules and regulations as the board of library directors may adopt and the board may exclude from the use of a library any person who shall wilfully violate such rules The board may extend the privileges of such library to persons residing outside the limits of such borough upon such terms and conditions as the board may prescribe

Section 10 The board shall make an annual report to the council of the borough covering the fiscal year of such borough stating the condition of the library and of any branch thereof the amount of money received from the library tax and from other sources and how such moneys have been expended and for what purposes the number of books and periodicals on hand and the number added by purchase gift or otherwise during the year the number of registered readers the number of books loaned out and the general character and kind of such books with such information and suggestions as may be of general interest

Section 11 Boroughs may pass ordinances imposing suitable penalties for the punishment of persons committing injury to libraries or to the grounds or property thereof or for failing to return at the time and in the manner specified in the rules of the library any books belonging to the same

Section 12 Any person desiring to make donations of books money personal property or real estate for the benefit of such library may vest the title thereto in the board of library directors to be held and controlled by such board according to the terms of the deed gift devise or bequest and as to such property the board shall be held to be trustees

Section 13 The provisions of sections one two three seven eight nine ten eleven and twelve of this article shall not apply to any borough wherein a free library was established prior to the seventeenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and one and is in existence at the time the provisions of such sections are sought to be invoked

Section 14 Boroughs are authorized to contract with the managers or owners of any existing non-sectarian public library for a fixed sum of money to be paid annually at such periods as may be agreed upon for the free use of such library by the residents of such boroughs No such contract shall be entered into for a longer period than three years

Section 15 The councils may appropriate annually from the taxes levied and collected for borough purposes an amount not to exceed one mill on the dollar on all taxable property in such boroughs for the purposes specified in the preceding section

Section 16 Boroughs may make appropriations not to exceed one mill on the dollar on all taxable property to establish or to aid in the establishment and maintenance of free public libraries for the use of the residents of such boroughs upon the condition that the borough shall be represented in the management of such library

Section 17 All taxes on dogs levied and collected under this act for borough purposes may be appropriated for the support and maintenance of public libraries All library companies to which such an appropriation is made shall maintain a free reading room for the use of all the inhabitants of such boroughs

CHAPTER XI
BURIAL GROUNDS
ARTICLE I

Section 1 Boroughs may prohibit within their limits or within any described territory within such limits the burial or interment of deceased persons and may regulate the depth of graves

Section 2 When the title and management of any burial ground is vested in a borough the council of such borough upon petition of ten lot owners in such burial ground may transfer such burial ground and the management thereof to an incorporated cemetery company

Section 3 Upon the presentation to council of such petition the council may pass an ordinance declaring that upon the acceptance of the provisions of such ordinance by the incorporated cemetery company filed with the borough secretary the title and control of such burial ground shall vest in such incorporated cemetery companies

Section 4 The secretary of the borough shall record the acceptance of any such incorporated cemetery company in the ordinance book of the borough and a copy of the ordinance and the acceptance thereof certified by the burgess and secretary of the borough shall be recorded in the office of the recorder of deeds of the county

Section 5 Authority is vested in the court of quarter sessions to make such orders for the regulation of burial grounds situated in and adjacent to boroughs as the public good shall require and when any burial ground shall become so neglected as in the opinion of the court to become a public nuisance the court may direct the removal of the dead therefrom by the borough authorities to some other burial ground

Section 6 Upon the petition of any incorporated cemetery company and a majority of the taxables of any borough the court of quarter sessions may authorize the transfer of any cemetery to the authorities of any borough in which such cemetery may be located or be adjacent thereto

Section 7 Such transfer shall be made without cost to the borough and upon being made the borough authorities shall exercise the powers and privileges of such incorporated company and may purchase lands within or beyond the borough limits not to exceed thirty acres for the extension of such cemetery and may raise the means to pay for the same by the sale of lots or otherwise but in no event by taxation they may lay out lots so purchased and alter the original plot of such cemetery and may dispose of such grounds in the same manner as such incorporated company could have done

Section 8 A deed for any lot made by the burgess shall be of the same validity as the deed of such incorporated cemetery company and the burgess is authorized to make deeds to those who theretofore purchased lots but have not been furnished with deeds by the cemetery company

Section 9 In altering the plot of any such cemetery the bodies may be removed and reinterred in a suitable place but without cost to surviving relatives or friends

Section 10 Whenever any burial ground in charge of any religious society or church or in charge of no one has ceased to be used for interments or has become so neglected as to become a public nuisance or when such cemetery hinders the improvements and progressive interests of any borough or is desired by the borough for any free public library building or for any other public purpose the court of quarter sessions of the county upon petition of the managers of such cemetery or upon the petition of fifty residents in the vicinity in case such cemetery is not in charge of anyone setting forth that the improvements and progressive interests of such borough are hampered and the welfare of such borough is injured or upon the petition of such borough setting forth that such cemetery is desired by the borough for the erection thereon of a free public library building or for any other public purpose and after three weeks of advertisement may direct the removal of the remains of the dead from such burial ground

Section 11 No application as provided in the preceding section shall be made by the managers of any cemetery in charge of any society or church except in pursuance of the wishes of a majority of the members of such society or church expressed at a meeting held for that purpose after two weeks' public notice

Section 12 Such removal shall be made by the managers of such cemetery or by the borough when such cemetery is in charge of no one in a careful manner at the expense of the party making such removal to such other burial ground as may be selected or if so desired by relatives or friends to some cemetery in the immediate vicinity

Section 13 The parties making such removal shall publish for two successive weeks in two daily or weekly newspapers of the borough or county a notice declaring their intention to remove such remains

Section 14 Relatives and friends of such dead may remove such remains at any time during such proceedings at their own expense before removal by the managers

Section 15 All bodies when so removed shall be placed in separate caskets and graves and the markers placed by the remains of such bodies shall be taken by the persons authorized to make such removal and placed as near as can be in the same relative position as before removal

CHAPTER XII
ENFORCEMENT OF ORDINANCES—ACTIONS BY AND AGAINST BOROUGHS
ARTICLE I
ENFORCEMENT OF ORDINANCES

Section 1 Fines and penalties made payable by this act or imposed under the ordinances of any borough shall be recoverable before any justice of the peace of the borough in the same manner as debts not exceeding three hundred dollars are recoverable and when so recovered shall be forthwith paid to the treasurer of the borough

Section 2 Policemen of the several boroughs may without warrant and upon view arrest and commit for hearing any person guilty of a breach of the peace vagrancy riotous or disorderly conduct or drunkenness or that may be engaged in the commission of any unlawful act tending to imperil the personal security or endanger the property of citizens or violating any of the ordinances of such borough for the violation of which a penalty is imposed Persons so arrested shall be entitled to give bail for their appearance according to the practice in cases of summary convictions

Section 3 All proceedings for the violation of borough ordinances and for the collection of fines and penalties imposed thereby may be commenced by warrant or by summons at the discretion of the burgess or justice of the peace before whom the proceedings are commenced but no warrant shall be issued except on oath or affirmation specifying the ordinance for the violation of which the same is issued and all process may be directed to and be served by any policeman of the borough who may execute the same anywhere within the Commonwealth

Section 4 Warrants shall be returnable forthwith and upon such return like proceedings shall be had as in cases of summary conviction with the same right of appeal from any final judgment

Section 5 When any person is arrested on view a complaint on oath or affirmation shall be immediately made whereupon like proceedings shall be had as provided in the preceding section

Section 6 Any person arrested for the violation of a borough ordinance may be committed to the borough lock-up pending a hearing or trial but in case there is no suitable lock-up in which to detain prisoners the person arrested may be committed to the county jail

Section 7 Upon judgment against any person by summary conviction or by proceedings by summons on default of the payment of the fine or penalty imposed and the costs the defendant may be sentenced and committed to the borough lock-up for a period not exceeding five days or to the county jail for a period not exceeding thirty days

Section 8 No fine or penalty shall exceed one hundred dollars for any single violation of any ordinance In case the defendant has goods or property of any kind whatsoever out of which the judgment and costs can be collected by execution or other process the plaintiff in the action may elect to collect the judgment and costs by such proceedings

Section 9 When any person shall have been arrested by authority of the burgess or justice of the peace of any borough charged with being a vagrant or tramp and having refused to pay the fine imposed for such offense the burgess or justice of the peace shall have authority to commit such person to the lock-up in such borough for a term not exceeding five days or compel such person to work upon the public works or streets of the borough for period of time not exceeding one day for each dollar of fine imposed

Section 10 Any such defendant as provided in the preceding section may appeal to the court of quarter sessions upon entering into recognizance with at least one surety in double the amount of the fine and costs for his appearance in court and the offence shall be prosecuted in court as in the case of misdemeanors

Section 11 When a prisoner shall be committed to any county jail or prison either for the non-payment of a fine or penalty imposed for the violation of any borough ordinance or while awaiting a hearing upon any charge for the violation of any borough ordinance the costs of the proceedings and the expenses of maintaining such prisoner during his confinement shall be paid by the borough and the county shall not be liable to the sheriff for any maintenance or to any person for any costs in such proceedings

CHAPTER XII
ENFORCEMENT OF ORDINANCES—ACTIONS BY AND AGAINST BOROUGHS
ARTICLE II
ACTIONS BY AND AGAINST BOROUGHS
(a) MUNICIPAL CLAIMS

Section 1 Boroughs may proceed for the recovery of municipal claims by lien or by action of assumpsit and jurisdiction is conferred upon justices of the peace to entertain such actions of assumpsit to the amount of three hundred dollars In all proceedings for the recovery of municipal claims an attorney's commission of five per centum may be included not to exceed twenty dollars

(b) DEFENCES BY TAXPAYERS

Section 2 Any taxpayer of any borough may inquire into the validity of any judgment or defend the borough in any suit or judgment upon filing a petition with the court of common pleas of the county in which such suit is pending or judgment exists accompanied by an affidavit that the taxpayer believes that injustice will be done to the borough in such suit or judgment Whenever it is deemed necessary the court may order such taxpayer to file a bond with one or more sureties to be approved by court to save harmless the borough from all costs that may accure in such proceeding subsequent to the filing of such petition

Section 3 Whenever a judgment is rendered by any justice of the peace or alderman against any borough and a right of appeal is given to such borough and for ten days immediately after the rendition of such judgment the borough officials neglect to perfect an appeal any taxpayer of such borough may take an appeal in behalf of the borough from such judgment to the court of common pleas of the county within the time prescribed for the taking of such appeal

Section 4 In taking the appeal the taxpayer shall make an affidavit that the same is not taken for the purpose of delay but because he verily believes that injustice has been done The taxpayer shall pay the costs of the appeal and enter sufficient bail for the payment of all costs before the justice of the peace or alderman and all costs in the court of common pleas

Section 5 Upon the filing of such appeal in the court of common pleas of the county the taxpayer shall be made a party to the suit and shall have the right to defend such borough therein

(c) LIABILITY IN BOND TRANSFERS

Section 6 All certificates of loans issued by a borough shall be transferable by the legal owner thereof without any liability on the part of the transfer agents of the borough to recognize or see to the execution of any trust whether expressed implied or constructive to which such loans may be subject unless such transfer agents of the borough shall have previously received notice in writing signed by or on behalf of the person for whom such loans appear by the certificate thereof to be held in trust that the proposed transfer would be a violation of such trust

CHAPTER XIII

ACTS OF ASSEMBLY REPEALED

ARTICLE I

Section 1 (a) The following acts and parts of acts of Assembly are absolutely repealed viz

Sections one two three four six seven ten eleven fourteen and sixteen of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation of boroughs" approved the first day of April one thousand eight hundred thirty-four (P. L. 163)

Sections one four five seven eight nine ten eleven thirteen eighteen nineteen twenty twenty-one twenty-two twenty-three twenty-four twenty-five twenty-seven twenty-eight twenty-nine thirty thirty-one thirty-two and thirty-three of an act entitled "An Act regulating boroughs" approved the third day of April one thousand eight hundred fifty-one (P. L. 320)

An Act entitled "A supplement to the act regulating boroughs approved April third one thousand eight hundred fifty-one" approved the twenty-second day of April one thousand eight hundred fifty-six (P. L. 525)

An Act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to provide for the incorporation of boroughs' approved the first day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred thirty-four" approved the first day of April one thousand eight hundred sixty-three (P. L. 200)

An Act entitled "An Act to authorize the councils of cities and boroughs in this Commonwealth to provide for the inspection of milk" approved the twentieth day of April one thousand eight hundred and sixty-nine (P. L. 81)

An Act entitled "An Act for the further regulation of boroughs" approved the second day of June one thousand eight hundred seventy-one (P. L. 283)

An Act entitled "An Act repealing the third section of the act approved June second one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one entitled 'An Act for the further regulation of boroughs' " approved the twenty-eighth day of March one thousand eight hundred seventy-three (P. L. 53)

An Act entitled "An Act to prescribe the manner by which the courts may divide boroughs into wards" approved the fourteenth day of May one thousand eight hundred seventy-four (P. L. 159)

An Act entitled "An Act relative to burial grounds and cemeteries situate in incoprorated boroughs" approved the nineteenth day of May one thousand eight hundred seventy-four (P. L. 208)

An Act entitled "An Act to regulate the extension of borough limits when the territory to be annexed is situate in two or more counties" approved the eighth day of June one thousand eight hundred seventy-four (P. L. 281)

An Act entitled "An Act empowering the councils in the boroughs of this Commonwealth to prescribe by ordinance the salary to be paid out of the borough treasury to the burgess respectively in lieu of all fees fines and costs the manner in which salaries shall be paid and directing all fees fines and costs to be paid into the borough treasury" approved the thirteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred seventy-six (P. L. 27)

An Act entitled "An Act supplementary to an act entitled 'An Act relative to burial grounds and cemeteries situated in incorporated boroughs' approved the nineteenth day of May eighteen hundred and seventy-four changing the title of the said act and authorizing the court to make orders and decrees required by the act and to enforce the same by process" approved the thirteenth day of May one thousand eight hundred seventy-six (P. L. 159)

An Act entitled "An Act providing for the filling of a vacancy or vacancies in the office of council or other borough offices in the several boroughs of this Commonwealth" approved the twenty-fourth day of March one thousand eight hundred seventy-seven (P. L. 36)

An Act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to prescribe the manner by which the courts may divide boroughs into wards' approved the fourteenth day of May Anno Domini eighteen hundred and seventy-four" approved the twenty-fourth day of March one thousand eight hundred seventy-seven (P. L. 47)

Sections one two three and four of an act entitled "An Act to provide through the courts of this Commonwealth for the erection of boroughs out of territory now included in cities of the third class that have been formed by joining together two or more boroughs" approved the eighteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred seventy-seven (P. L. 55)

Sections four and five of an act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to prescribe the manner in which the courts may divide boroughs into wards' approved the fourteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four" approved the tenth day of May one thousand eight hundred seventy-eight (P. L. 51)

An Act entitled "An Act authorizing boroughs having charge of water-works where the rates for water are fixed by law to change the same" approved the twenty-fourth day of May one thousand eight hundred seventy-eight (P. L. 118)

An Act entitled "An Act to provide for appointing viewers to assess damages where streets and alleys are changed in grades or location in the several boroughs of this Commonwealth" approved the twenty-fourth day of May one thousand eight hundred seventy-eight (P. L. 129)

An Act entitled "An Act providing for the adjustment of all indebtedness between a township and one or more boroughs erected therefrom also providing for the adjustment of the indebtedness of a township changed or merged into one or more boroughs" approved the twelfth day of June one thousand eight hundred seventy-eight (P. L. 184)

An Act entitled "A supplement to an act for the regulation of boroughs approved the third day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-one" approved the eleventh day of June one thousand eight hundred seventy-nine (P. L. 150)

An Act entitled "A further supplement to the act approved the fourteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four entitled 'An Act to prescribe the manner in which the courts may divide boroughs into wards and to provide for a ward representation upon school boards in said boroughs' " approved the sixteenth day of February one thousand eight hundred eighty-three (P. L. 5)

An Act entitled "An Act to amend the first section of an act approved the eleventh day of June one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine entitled 'A supplement to an act for the regulation of boroughs approved the third day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-one' so as to include all incorporated boroughs" approved the seventeenth day of May one thousand eight hundred eighty-three (P. L. 36)

An Act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act regulating boroughs' approved the third day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-one and empowering the corporate authorities of boroughs to lay foot walks along turnpike roads and assess the cost of paving curbing and guttering the same on the owners of the adjoining lands" approved the twenty-second day of May one thousand eight hundred eighty-three (P. L. 39)

An Act entitled "An Act to repeal part of section seventeen of an act entitled 'An Act regulating boroughs' approved April three Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-one and providing the manner of electing members of town councils in the boroughs of this Commonwealth and of filling vacancies therein" approved the first day of June one thousand eight hundred eighty-three (P. L. 54)

An Act entitled "An Act to provide for changing the dividing lines between adjoining boroughs where said lines separate the property of the same owner into two or more parts" approved the thirteenth day of June one thousand eight hundred eighty-three (P. L. 98)

An Act entitled "An Act fixing the date of the commencement of terms of borough officers and auditors settlements" approved the thirteenth day of June one thousand eight hundred eighty-three (P. L. 121)

An Act entitled "A further supplement to an act regulating boroughs approved the third day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-one" approved the third day of June one thousand eight hundred eighty-five (P. L. 55)

An Act entitled "An Act authorizing boroughs to supply and to make contracts for supplying water outside the limits of said boroughs" approved the tenth day of June one thousand eight hundred eighty-five (P. L. 81)

An Act entitled "An Act relating to elections in boroughs to determine the expediency of constructing water-works in certain cases" approved the twenty-fourth day of June one thousand eight hundred eighty-five (P. L. 163)

An Act entitled "An Act authorizing the councils of the boroughs of this Commonwealth to regulate and fix the amount of license to be paid by persons or firms engaged in the business of auctioneering within the limits of the same" approved the seventh day of May one thousand eight hundred eighty-seven (P. L. 93)

An Act entitled "An Act authorizing the burgess alderman or justice of the peace in any borough to commit to the lockup or station house of said borough in certain cases" approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand eight hundred eighty seven (P. L. 122)

An Act entitled "An Act extending the authority and jurisdiction of justices of the peace to the several burgesses of this Commonwealth" approved the nineteenth day of May one thousand eight hundred eighty-seven (P. L. 133)

An Act entitled "An Act appropriating the tax on dogs to the support of public libraries in boroughs" approved the twenty-third day of May one thousand eight hundred eighty-seven (P. L. 164)

An Act entitled "A further supplement to an act regulating boroughs approved the third day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty authorizing the erection and leasing of wharves and the collection of wharfage thereon" approved the seventeenth day of April one thousand eight hundred eighty-nine (P. L. 34)

An Act entitled "A further supplement to an act entitled 'An Act regulating boroughs' approved the third day of April one thousand eight hundred and fifty-one authorizing the corporate authorities to levy and collect a license tax on hacks carriages and other vehicles carrying persons or property for pay" approved the twenty-second day of April one thousand eight hundred eighty-nine (P. L. 39)

An Act entitled "An Act authorizing the councils of incorporated boroughs to require the paving curbing and macadamizing of streets or thoroughfares or parts thereof and assess a portion of the cost of the same on the owners of property abutting thereon and providing for the collection of the same" approved the twenty-third day of April one thousand eight hundred eighty-nine (P. L. 44)

An Act entitled "An Act providing for appeals from decrees of courts of quarter sessions incorporating boroughs" approved the ninth day of May one thousand eight hundred eighty-nine (P. L. 174)

An Act entitled "An Act to enable boroughs to adopt and construct sewage systems and to assess and collect the cost thereof" approved the fifteenth day of May one thousand eight hundred eighty-nine (P. L. 220)

An Act entitled "An Act to provide for the division of boroughs and the erection of new boroughs" approved the twenty-ninth day of May one thousand eight hundred eighty-nine (P. L. 393)

An Act entitled "An Act to authorize any borough now incorporated or that may hereafter be incorporated to manufacture electricity for commercial purposes for the use of the inhabitants of said boroughs and for this purpose to erect purchase or condemn electric-light plants and apparatus and making valid the acts of any borough which has heretofore manufactured the same or incurred any indebtedness thereby in accordance with the provisions of this act" approved the twentieth day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-one (P. L. 90)

An Act entitled "An Act to authorize the burgess and council of all incorporated boroughs to widen and deepen streams and water courses running through said boroughs and to erect dykes and embankments along the same and to empower the burgess and councils to enter upon private property on and along such streams and water courses for the purpose of procuring material for such work and to provide for the payment of the expense thereof and the assessment of damages sustained to private parties thereby" approved the eighth day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-one (P. L. 210)

An Act entitled "An Act to authorize the election of a chief burgess for three years in the several boroughs of this Commonwealth who shall not be eligible to the office for the next succeeding term and providing that such officer shall not be a member of the town council giving him the power to veto ordinances providing for the election of a presiding officer of councils and abolishing the office of assistant burgess" approved the twenty-third day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-three (P. L. 113)

An Act entitled "An Act authorizing the appointment of policemen in the boroughs of this Commonwealth defining their powers and duties and providing for their compensation and discharge' approved the sixth day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-three (P. L. 327)

Sections one two three four five six seven and ten of an Act entitled "An Act to provide for the consolidation of boroughs and the government and regulation thereof" approved the sixth day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-three (P. L. 335)

An Act entitled "An Act to designate the number of councilmen to be elected in the several boroughs of the Commonwealth not divided into wards to provide for their election and for the filling of vacancies and to fix the length of term for which they shall serve" approved the twenty-second day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-five (P. L. 109)

An Act entitled "An Act authorizing the councils of incorporated boroughs to change the designations of wards" approved the twenty-fourth day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-five (P. L. 241)

An Act entitled "A supplement to an act approved May twenty-four one thousand eight hundred and seventy-eight entitled 'An Act to provide for appointing viewers to assess damages where streets and alleys are changed in grades or location in the several boroughs of this Commonwealth' providing that the viewers therein named shall be entitled to mileage in addition to their per diem pay" approved the twenty-fourth day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-five (P. L. 248)

An Act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act empowering the councils in the boroughs of this Commonwealth to prescribe by ordinance the salary to be paid out of the borough treasury to the burgess respectively in lieu of all fees fines and costs the manner in which salaries shall be paid and directing all fees fines and costs to be paid into the borough treasury' approved the thirteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-six extending the provisions of said act to all boroughs in this Commonwealth whether incorporated under general or special laws" approved the twenty-fourth day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-five (P. L. 255)

An Act entitled "An Act to change the proceedings for the incorporation of boroughs in this Commonwealth providing for the approval of the application of incorporation by the court and abolishing that part of the proceeding which requires the laying of the same before the grand jury and its approval thereof" approved the twenty-sixth day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-five (P. L. 383)

An Act entitled "An Act providing for the filling of any vacancy in the office of burgess in the several boroughs of this Commonwealth" approved the second day of July one thousand eight hundred ninety-five (P. L. 433)

An Act entitled "An Act to authorize the courts of quarter sessions to declare the seats of councilmen in boroughs vacant when they fail to organize for ten days after the beginning of their term and to fill the vacancies so made" approved the twenty-seventh day of March one thousand eight hundred ninety-seven (P. L. 8)

An Act entitled "An Act supplementary to an act entitled 'An Act regulating boroughs' approved the third day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-one providing for the grading of streets and highways in boroughs according to the foot-front rule and for the assessment and collection of the costs and expenses thereof" approved the nineteenth day of May one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven (P. L. 79)

An Act entitled "An act to authorize boroughs of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to make appropriations for the establishment and maintenance of free public libraries" approved the twenty-fifth day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-seven (P. L. 84)

An Act entitled "An Act empowering boroughs of this Commonwealth without petition of property owners to grade pave curb macadamize and otherwise improve public streets or parts thereof when said streets or parts thereof do not exceed five hundred feet in length and connect two streets theretofore paved and improved and providing for the payment and collection of the costs damages and expenses thereof" approved the thirty-first day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-seven (P. L. 114)

An Act entitled "An Act amending sub-division eight of section three of an act entitled 'An Act regulating boroughs' approved the third day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-one and prescribing the notice to be given of any proposition to fix or change the grade or the laying out widening straightening extending or vacating the streets roads lanes or alleys in any borough in the Commonwealth" approved the twelfth day of July one thousand eight hundred ninety-seven (P. L. 246)

An Act entitled "An Act to amend the thirtieth section of an act entitled "An Act regulating boroughs' approved the third day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-one empowering the burgess and town council of any borough to annex adjacent lots or out lots or other tracts of land on the petition of a majority of the freehold owners thereof" approved the fifteenth day of July one thousand eight hundred ninety-seven (P. L. 296)

An Act entitled "An Act to amend section thirty-three of an act entitled 'An Act regulating boroughs' approved the third day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-one so as to extend the provisions which authorizes boroughs incorporated before April third one thousand eight hundred and fifty-one to become subject to the restrictions and possess the powers and privileges conferred by said act to boroughs incorporated since April third one thousand eight hundred and fifty-one" approved the sixteenth day of March one thousand eight hundred ninety-nine (P. L. 10)

An Act entitled "An Act to amend the fourth section of an act entitled 'An Act for the further regulation of boroughs' approved the second day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one specifying the mode of procedure in cases where the burgess and town council of any borough pass an ordinance annexing adjacent lands of a township lots or out lots of the same" approved the sixth day of April one thousand eight hundred ninety-nine (P. L. 33)

An Act entitled "An Act to further amend the thirtieth section of an act entitled 'An Act regulating boroughs' approved the third day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-one as amended by an act approved the fifteenth day of July Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven empowering the burgess and town council of any borough on petition of a majority of the freehold owners of lots or out lots or other tracts of land in any section lying adjacent to said borough to annex the section which such petitioners or others own" approved the twenty-eighth day of April one thousand eight hundred ninety-nine (P. L. 115)

An Act entitled "An Act to amend section one of an act entitled 'A supplement to the act regulating boroughs' approved April third one thousand eight hundred and fifty-one' approved the twenty-ecsond day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-six and providing for the opening of sidewalks along lands abutting on turnpike roads and ascertaining the benefits and damages caused thereby" approved the second day of May one thousand nine hundred one (P. L. 113)

An Act entitled "An Act authorizing and empowering councils of boroughs within this Commonwealth to contract with any incorporated water company authorized to do business within such municipality for a supply of water for fire protection and for other municipal purposes" approved the second day of May one thousand nine hundred one (P. L. 137)

An Act entitled "An Act authorizing boroughs to provide a supply of water for the use of the public either by the erection and operation of water works or by contract with persons or corporations authorized to supply water within the limits of said boroughs or by both methods" approved the third day of May one thousand nine hundred one (P. L. 140)

An Act entitled "An Act relating to connection of property with public sewers in boroughs" approved the twenty-first day of May one thousand nine hundred one (P. L. 265)

An Act entitled "An Act providing for the service of notice to build or repair sidewalks in the several boroughs of this Commonwealth" approved the twenty-fourth day of May one thousand nine hundred one (P. L. 297)

An Act entitled "An Act authorizing the policemen of the several boroughs of this Commonwealth to perform the duties of high constable and regulating compensation for their services" approved the twenty-fourth day of May one thousand nine hundred one (P. L. 297)

An Act entitled "A further supplement to an act entitled 'An Act regulating boroughs' approved the third day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-one amending a supplement to said act approved the twenty-second day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three and empowering the corporate authorities of boroughs to lay out foot-walks pavements gutters culverts and drains over and upon lands within the boroughs abutting on and along the side or sides of public roads entirely without the borough limits and to assess the paving curbing and guttering of the same on the owners of adjoining lands" approved the twenty-fourth day of May one thousand nine hundred one (P. L. 299)

An Act entitled "An Act amending section thirty-three of an act entiteld 'An Act to regulate boroughs' approved third April one thousand eight hundred and fifty-one designating who shall make application for a borough previously incorporated to become subject to the restrictions and possess the powers and privileges conferred by said act of one thousand eight hundred and fifty-one" approved the fourth day of June one thousand nine hundred one (P. L. 362)

An Act entitled "An Act providing that the president of council in all boroughs shall exercise the duties of burgess in the absence or disqualification of that official" approved the tenth day of June one thousand nine hundred one (P. L. 551)

An Act entitled "An Act authorizing boroughs of this Commonwealth to require the planting of shade-trees along the public streets thereof by the owners of abutting property in certain cases" approved the seventeenth day of June one thousand nine hundred one (P. L. 569)

An Act entitled "An Act authorizing the town councils of the several boroughs of this State to pay a portion of the cost and expense of grading and curbing sidewalks" approved the nineteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred one (P. L. 573)

An Act entitled "An Act authorizing any borough within this Commonwealth on the written request of the Board of Health to confine and pave or completely enclose any creek run or natural water way other than navigable steamrs and for this purpose to enter upon condemn and take property and material necessary to such confining and paving or complete enclosure and providing for the ascertainment and assessment of costs damages and expenses as well as the levy and collection of benefits arising therefrom and constituting such benefits a lien upon the properties upon which they are respectively assessed" approved the tenth day of July one thousand nine hundred one (P. L. 634)

An Act entitled "An Act to amend the first clause of the second section and the third section of an act entitled 'An Act to provide for the consolidation of boroughs and the government and regulation thereof' approved the sixth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three removing any limit upon the number of wards into which a consolidated borough may be divided and defining the laws and ordinances by which a consolidated borough shall be governed" approved the twenty-sixth day of February one thousand nine hundred three (P. L. 6)

An Act entitled "An Act supplementary to an act entitled 'An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to authorize the election of constables for three years" approved the fourteenth day of February Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine by providing for the election of a high constable of each of the boroughs of this Commonwealth for three years and by correcting the ambiguity as to the beginning of the terms of office under said act' approved the twenty-sixth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five making provisions for the filling of vacancies in the office of high constable in any borough or in the office of constable in any borough ward of any borough or township of this Commonwealth" approved the eleventh day of March one thousand nine hundred three (P. L. 22)

An Act entitled "An Act to provide for the election of councilmen in the several boroughs of this Commonwealth by wards" approved the thirteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred three (P. L. 171)

An Act entitled "An Act authorizing the chief burgesses of the several boroughs of this Commonwealth to administer all oaths and affirmations in matters pertaining to borough affairs" approved the twenty-third day of April one thousand nine hundred three (P. L. 291)

An Act entitled "An Act authorizing any of the boroughs of this Commonwealth to pay a salary to the chief burgess thereof" approved the seventh day of April one thousand nine hundred five (P. L. 116)

An Act entitled "An Act to further amend the first clause of the second section of an act entitled 'An Act to provide for the consolidation of boroughs and the government and regulation thereof' approved the sixth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three authorizing provisions in the joint agreement for such consolidation for the use and disposition of the separate assets and the liquidation of the separate debts of such boroughs and for the separate rates of taxation therein for that purpose" approved the tenth day of April one thousand nine hundred five (P. L. 136)

An Act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to provide for the consolidation of boroughs and the government and regulation thereof' approved the sixth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three as amended by an act approved the twenty-sixth day of February Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and three entitled "An Act to amend the first clause of the second section and the third section of an act entitled 'An Act to provide for the consolidation of boroughs and the government and regulation thereof' approved the sixth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three removing any limit upon the number of wards into which a consolidated borough may be divided and defining the laws and ordinances by which a consolidated borough shall be governed" defining the meaning of said act as amended and confirming the consolidation of boroughs partly lying or situate in different counties and providing for their government and regulation" approved the fourteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred five (P. L. 155)

An Act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act authorizing the councils of incorporated boroughs to require the paving curbing and macadamizing of streets or thoroughfares or parts thereof and assess a potrion of the cost of the same on the owners of property abutting thereon and providing for the collection of the same' approved the twenty-third day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine pamphlet laws forty-four providing that if the petition for said improvement has been verified by the affidavit of one or more of the petitioners notice may be given of the passage of the ordinance requiring said improvement and allowing an appeal therefrom by any person interested to any court of common pleas of the county and if such appeal is dismissed or no such appeal is taken then all parties interested shall be stopped from denying that said petition was signed by the requisite number of owners representing the requisite number of feet fronting on the street to be improved" approved the fourteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred five (P. L. 168)

An Act entitled "An Act to amend the second section of an act entitled 'An Act to authorize the election of a chief burgess for three years in the several boroughs in this Commonwealth who shall not be eligible to the office for the next succeeding term and providing that such officer shall not be a member of the town council giving him the power to veto ordinances providing for the election of a presiding officer of councils and abolishing the office of assistant burgess' approved the twenty-third day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three so as to authorize and empower the chief burgess to attend meetings of town councils at their annual organization for the election of such officers as are by law and borough ordinances at that time required to be elected and who shall have no vote unless the councils be equally divided when he shall cast the deciding vote" approved the eighteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred five (P. L. 215)

An Act entitled "An Act authorizing the councils of incorporated boroughs to require the subgrading paving curbing and macadamizing of streets or thoroughfares or parts thereof and assess the cost of the same on the owners of property abutting thereon providing four-fifths of said owners petition councils for same and providing for the collection of the cost of same" approved the twentieth day of April one thousand nine hundred five (P. L. 232)

An Act entitled "An Act authorizing boroughs to require the grading paving repaving and repairing of sidewalks and the constructing and repairing of curbs and gutters at the edge of sidewalks by the owner or owners of lots fronting thereon and providing that in case of failure to comply with such requirements the borough may cause the work to be done and collect the cost and charges thereof" approved the twentieth day of April one thousand nine hundred five (P. L. 235)

An Act entitled "An Act to authorize boroughs of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to contract with the duly constituted managers or owners of existing non-sectarian public libraries for the free use of such libraries by the residents of such boroughs and to make appropriations for the hiring and procuring of such free use" approved the twenty-second day of April one thousand nine hundred five (P. L. 281)

An Act entitled "An Act amending an act entitled 'An Act authorizing any of the boroughs of this Commonwealth to pay a salary to the chief burgess thereof (Pamphlet Laws one thousand nine hundred and five page one hundred and sixteen) by providing that in boroughs of over five thousand population where such salary would fall below the sum of fifty dollars per month the borough council in its wisdom may increase said salary to an amount not exceeding fifty dollars per month" approved the fifteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred seven (P. L. 61)

An Act entitled "An Act to amend the first section of an act entitled 'To enable boroughs to adopt and construct sewerage systems and to assess and collect the cost thereof" approved the fifteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine (Pamphlet Laws page two hundred and twenty) by providing for the construction of sewers without a petition of a majority of property owners and requiring a permit from the Commissioner of Health" approved the twenty-third day of April one thousand nine hundred seven (P. L. 97)

An Act entitled "A supplement to the act of April third eighteen hundred and fifty-one entitled 'An Act regulating boroughs' providing for the election of a borough solicitor fixing the term of office and prescribing his duties and authorizing the town council to fix his compensation" approved the twenty-fifth day of April one thousand nine hundred seven (P. L. 103)

An Act entitled "An Act to amend section one of an act entitled 'An Act empowering boroughs of this Commonwealth without petition of property owners to grade pave curb macadamize and otherwise improve public streets or parts thereof when said streets or parts thereof do not exceed five hundred feet in length and connect two streets theretofore paved and improved and providing for the payment and collection of the costs damages and expenses thereof" approved May thirty-first Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven by increasing the length of street so be improved to one thousand feet" approved the seventh day of May one thousand nine hundred seven (P. L. 168)

An Act entitled "An Act authorizing the corporate authorities of boroughs to expend not exceeding one-half of the annual appropriation for roads and streets in curbing and paving or macadamizing any street lane or alley therein" approved the eighth day of May one thousand nine hundred seven (P. L. 183)

Section one of an act entitled "An Act concerning building regulation and inspection in boroughs" approved the eighth day of May one thousand nine hundred seven (P. L. 184)

An Act entitled "An Act empowering incorporated boroughs to pass such ordinance as may be necessary to regulate or prevent the erection of wooden dwelling-houses shops warehouses stores carriage-houses stables or other frame buildings within the limits of the borough" approved the twenty-third day of May one thousand nine hundred seven (P. L. 203)

An Act entitled "An Act authorizing boroughs to erect and maintain garbage-furnaces and pass rules and regulations for the collection care and removal of garbage and provide penalties for the violation of the same" approved the twenty-fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred seven (P. L. 230)

An Act entitled "An Act authorizing and empowering the several boroughs of this Commonwealth to purchase or acquire by condemnation proceedings such real estate within or without the borough limits as may be necessary for present and future use upon which to erect construct and maintain garbage or incinerating furnaces sewage-disposal works or plants with the necessary filter-beds appliances drains and sewers and for the extensions thereof" approved the first day of April one thousand nine hundred nine (P. L. 79)

An Act entitled "An Act empowering the councils of boroughs in the Commonwealth to fix by ordinance the salary of the burgess of said boroughs" approved the twenty-third day of April one thousand nine hundred nine (P. L. 154)

An Act entitled "An Act authorizing the burgess and council in any incorporated borough in this Commonwealth in which is vested the title control and management of any cemetery or burial ground to transfer said title control and management to an incorporated cemetery company and providing how such transfer shall be effected" approved the twenty-third day of April one thousand nine hundred nine (P. L. 155)

An Act entitled "An Act fixing the length of the term of borough treasurers and street commissioners in boroughs of this Commonwealth that are elected by the electors at large" approved the sixth day of May one thousand nine hundred nine (P. L. 440)

An Act entitled "An Act amending the first section of an act approved the twenty-forth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-eight entitled 'An Act to provide for appointing viewers to assess damages where streets and alleys are changed in grades or location in the several boroughs of this Commonwealth' by fixing the number of the viewers at three" approved the twenty-seventh day of April one thousand nine hundred eleven (P. L. 89)

An Act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act authorizing the councils of incorporated boroughs to require the subgrading paving curbing and macadamizing of streets or thoroughfares or parts thereof and assess the cost of the same on the owners of property abutting thereon provided four-fifths of said owners petition councils for same and providing for the collection of the cost of same' approved twentieth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five (Pamphlet Laws two hundred and thirty-two) providing that if the petition for said improvement has been verified by the affidavit of one or more of the petitioners notice may be given of the passage of the ordinance requiring said improvement and allowing an appeal therefrom by any person interested to any court of common pleas of the county and if such appeal is dismissed or no such appeal is taken then all parties interested shall be estopped from denying that said petition was signed by the requisite number of owners representing the requisite number of feet fronting on the street to be improved" approved the fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven (P. L. 166)

An Act entitled "An Act authorizing the proper authorities of adjoining boroughs to fix and determine the dividing line between said boroughs where the location of the same is uncertain and to change the dividing line between adjoining boroughs and providing the manner of procedure in such cases" approved the fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven (P. L. 176)

An Act entitled 'An Act empowering boroughs of this Commonwealth without petition of the property owners to grade pave curb macadamize and otherwise improve public streets or parts thereof and assess a portion of the cost of the same on the owners of property abutting thereon and providing for the collection of the same" approved the twelfth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven (P. L. 288)

An Act entitled "An Act making void the surveying or laying out of the certain highways and sewers over private property in boroughs where the work has not been commenced within two years from the passage of the ordinance" approved the first day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven (P. L. 541)

An Act entitled "An Act authorizing boroughs to lay out and maintain as public parks land heretofore acquired outside of the borough limits" approved the first day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven (P. L. 544)

An Act entitled "An Act to amend section one of an act entitled 'An Act authorizing the councils of incorporated boroughs to require the paving curbing and macadamizing of streets or thoroughfares or parts thereof and assess a portion of the cost of the same on the owners of property abutting thereon and providing for the collection of the same' approved April twenty-third one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine by fixing a different portion of the cost and expense which may be assessed against abutting property where the property on one side of the street or thoroughfares desired to be improved is exempt from assessment" approved the eighth day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven (P. L. 714)

An Act entitled "An Act to amend section three of an act entitled 'An Act authorizing the appointment of policemen in the boroughs of this Commonwealth defining their powers and duties and providing for their compensation and discharge' approved June sixth Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three by regulating the control of policemen when on duty" approved the eighth day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven (P. L. 720)

An Act entitled "An Act to amend section one of an act entitled 'An Act authorizing the councils of incorporated boroughs to require the paving curbing and macadamizing of streets or thoroughfares

or parts thereof and assess a portion of the costs of the same on the owners of property abutting thereon and providing for the collection of the same' approved the twenty-third day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine so as to change the requirements of the petition for paving from two-thirds of the owners of property representing not less than two-thirds in number of feet of the properties fronting or abutting on the street or thoroughfares or the part thereof proposed to be paved to the owners of property representing not less than two-thirds in number of feet of the properties fronting or abutting on the street or thoroughfares or the part thereof proposed to be paved and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith" approved the thirteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven (P. L. 887)

An Act entitled "An Act providing for the election of councilmen in the several boroughs of this Commonwealth and fixing the time and manner of the organization of the town councils therein" approved the nineteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven (P. L. 1047)

An Act entitled "An Act amending the first section of an act approved the twenty-second day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-six' entitled a supplement to the act regulating boroughs approved April third one thousand eight hundred fifty-one' by fixing the number of the viewers at three" approved the twentieth day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven (P. L. 1085)

An Act entitled "An Act providing for and regulating the purchase or condemnation of real estate by boroughs for the purpose of constructing wharves landing-places and docks" approved the twenty-first day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven (P. L. 1099)

An Act entitled "An Act to provide for the making of a new ordinance book and record of the ordinances of any borough in which the ordinance book thereof has become lost destroyed or so much worn or mutilated as to be unserviceable" approved the twenty-first day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven (P. L. 1113)

An Act entitled "An Act to amend section four of an act approved the nineteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled 'An Act providing for the election of councilmen in the several boroughs of this Commonwealth and fixing the time and manner of the organization of the town councils therein' " approved the twentieth day of May one thousand nine hundred thirteen (P. L. 268)

An Act entitled "An Act to amend the first section of an act approved the twenty-fifth day of April one thousand nine hundred and seven (Pamphlet Laws one hundred three) entitled 'A supplement to the act of April third eighteen hundred and fifty-one entitled "An Act regulating boroughs" providing for the election of a borough solicitor fixing the term of office and prescribing his duties and authorizing the town council to fix his compensation' so as to include all boroughs and by changing the length of the term and the time of the election of borough solicitors and extending the terms of the borough solicitors holding office under the act of April twenty-fifth nineteen hundred and seven and providing for the furnishing of a bond by a trust or bonding company" approved the fifth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirteen (P. L. 409)

An Act entitled "An Act to amend an act approved the third day of April one thousand eight hundred and fifty-one entitled 'An Act regulating boroughs' as amended" approved the fifth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirteen (P. L. 411)

An Act entitled "An Act empowering the several boroughs of the Commonwealth to enact and enforce ordinances prohibiting accumulations of garbage or rubbish upon private properties within their respective limits" approved the fifth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirteen (P. L. 434)

An Act entitled "A further supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to regulate boroughs' approved the third day of April one thousand eight hundred and fifty-one authorizing the corporate authorities of any borough to levy and collect a license-tax on hacks carriages omnibuses and motor-vehicles carrying persons or property for pay to regulate the operation and compensation of such vehicles within the limits of any such borough or between any such borough and other points or places" approved the fifth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirteen (P. L. 434)

An Act entitled "An Act providing for the election of a borough controller in all boroughs of this Commonwealth prescribing the qualifications powers and duties thereof and abolishing the office of borough auditors in said boroughs" approved the twelfth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirteen (P. L. 499)

An Act entitled "An Act to amend section one of an act entitled 'An Act to amend section three of an act entitled "An Act authorizing the appointment of policemen in the boroughs of this Commonwealth defining their powers and duties and providing for their compensation and discharge" approved June sixth Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three by regulating the control of policemen when on duty' approved June eighth one thousand nine hundred and eleven" approved the nineteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirteen (P. L. 538)

An Act entitled "An Act to amend an act approved the sixth day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-three entitled 'An Act to provide for the consolidation of boroughs and the government and regulation thereof' as amended" approved the nineteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirteen (P. L. 540)

(b) THE FOLLOWING ACTS AND PARTS OF ACTS OF ASSEMBLY ARE ABSOLUTELY REPEALED EXCEPT IN SO FAR AS THEY RELATE TO ASSESSORS CONSTABLES ELECTIONS JUSTICES OF THE PEACE OVERSEERS OF THE POOR SCHOOL DIRECTORS OR TAXATION VIZ—

Sections five eight nine twelve thirteen and fifteen of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation of boroughs" approved the first day of April one thousand eight hundred thirty-four (P. L. 163)

Sections two three six twelve fourteen fifteen sixteen seventeen and twenty-six of an act entitled "An Act regulating boroughs" approved the third day of April one thousand eight hundred fifty-one (P. L. 320)

An Act entitled "An Act supplementary to an act entitled 'An Act to prescribe the manner by which the courts may divide boroughs into wards' approved the fourteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred seventy-four" approved the seventeenth day of February one thousand eight hundred seventy-six (P. L. 6)

Section one of an act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to prescribe the manner in which the courts may divide boroughs into wards' approved the fourteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred seventy-four" approved the tenth day of May one thousand eight hundred seventy-eight (P. L. 51)

An Act entitled "A further supplement to the act approved the fourteenth day May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred seventy-four entitled 'An Act to prescribe the manner in which the courts may divide boroughs into wards' and to extend the powers of the courts so that they may on petition increase the number of councilmen and school directors after decree has been made" approved the thirteenth day of May one thousand eight hundred eighty-nine (P. L. 193)

Section eight of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the consolidation of boroughs and the government and regulation thereof" approved the sixth day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-three (P. L. 335)

An Act entitled "An Act to amend the ninth section of an act entitled 'An Act to provide for the consolidation of boroughs and the government and regulation thereof' approved June sixth Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred ninety-three so as to allow the town council of a consolidated borough to select annually one street commissioner" approved the twenty-fifth day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-seven (P. L. 88)

An Act entitled "An Act relating to boroughs providing a method of procedure for violations of law and borough ordinances and for collection of the fines and penalties imposed for said violations" approved the fourth day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-seven (P. L. 121)

An Act entitled "An Act authorizing the courts of quarter sessions of the peace to decrease the number of members of town council and the number of school directors in wards or boroughs" approved the ninth day of July one thousand eight hundred ninety-seven (P. L. 216)

An Act entitled "An Act authorizing policemen to hold and exercise the office of constables" approved the twenty-fifth day of April one thousand nine hundred five (P. L. 309)

(c) THE FOLLOWING ACTS AND PARTS OF ACTS OF ASSEMBLY ARE REPEALED IN SO FAR AS THEY RELATE TO BOROUGHS VIZ

Section thirty-four of an act entitled "An Act relating to roads highways and bridges" approved the thirteenth day of June one thousand eight hundred thirty-six (P. L. 551)

Section one of an act entitled "An Act providing for the adjustment of all indebtedness between an old township or townships and a new township or borough erected therefrom" approved the twelfth day of April one thousand eight hundred sixty-six (P. L. 109)

An Act entitled "An Act relating to the assessment of damage for the appropriation of land for public use" approved the fifteenth day of June one thousand eight hundred seventy-one (P. L. 391)

An Act entitled "An Act to authorize and require the auditors to publish an annual statement of the receipts and expenditures of road commissioners supervisors overseers of the poor and school directors of the several townships and boroughs within this Commonwealth and to designate a day to audit settle and adjust township and borough accounts" approved the twenty-fourth day of April one thousand eight hundred seventy-four (P. L. 112)

Sections one two and three of an act entitled "An Act declaring what offices are incompatible" approved the fifteenth day of May one thousand eight hundred seventy-four (P. L. 186)

An Act entitled "An Act to facilitate the transfer of stocks and loans" approved the twenty-third day of May one thousand eight hundred seventy-four (P. L. 222)

An Act entitled "An Act for further regulation of appeals from assessments of damages to owners of property taken for public use approved the thirteenth day of June one thousand eight hundred seventy-four (P. L. 283)

An Act entitled "An Act fixing an regulating the terms of all members of councils and all other city ward borough and township officers excepting school directors elected by the people and fixing the time for organization of the legislative departments of the municipal governments of the Commonwealth and the inauguration of the mayors of all the cities of the same" approved the tenth day of March one thousand eight hundred seventy-five (P. L. 6)

An Act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to authorize and require the auditors to publish an annual statement of the receipts and expenditures of road commissioners supervisors overseers of the poor and school directors of the several townships and boroughs within this Commonwealth and to designate a day to audit settle and adjust township and borough accounts' approved the twenty-fourth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four" approved the thirty-first day of March one thousand eight hundred seventy-six (P. L. 12)

An Act entitled "A supplement to an act approved April fourteen Anno Domini eighteen hundred and fifty-one relating to an appeal from the decision of township auditors" approved the first day of May one thousand eight hundred seventy-six (P. L. 88)

An Act entitled "An Act conferring additional powers upon the several boroughs and incorporated towns of this Commonwealth" approved the fifth day of May one thousand eight hundred seventy-six (P. L. 112)

An Act entitled "An Act to empower any taxpayer of any township borough school poor or other municipal district upon petition and affidavit to become a party to any suit or process pending against said district" approved the twenty-third day of March one thousand eight hundred seventy-seven (P. L. 20)

An Act entitled "An Act to prohibit cities boroughs and municipalities from levying any license or mercantile tax upon persons taking orders for goods or merchandise by sample for individuals or companies who pay a license or mercantile tax at their chief place of business and also to prohibit the collection of such licenses or mercantile taxes" approved the seventeenth day of May one thousand eight hundred eighty-three (P. L. 31)

An Act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act supplementary to an act relative to burial grounds and cemeteries situated in incorporated boroughs' approved the nineteenth day of May one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four changing the title of said act and authorizing the court to make orders and decrees required by the act and to enforce the same by process approved the thirteenth day of May eighteen hundred and seventy-six further empowering courts to direct removal of remains in boroughs cities and towns from burial grounds where interments have ceased or have become so neglected as to become a public nuisance or such remains interfere with the improvements extensions and interests of such cities boroughs or towns" approved the twelfth day of May one thousand eight hundred eighty-seven (P. L. 96)

An Act entitled "An Act to provide for licensing and taxing foreign dealers in merchandise and their agents in the several cities and boroughs in the Commonwealth" approved the twenty-fourth day of May one thousand eight hundred eighty-seven (P. L. 185)

An Act entitled "An Act declaring and defining the limits of townships boroughs and cities bounded by any of the navigable streams of the Commonwealth" approved the twenty-fourth day of May one thousand eight hundred eighty-seven (P. L. 203)

An Act entitled "An Act to authorize cities and boroughs to condemn property and rights inside and outside of their limits for the purpose of obtaining and supplying water" approved the twenty-fifth day of May one thousand eight hundred eighty-seven (P. L. 267)

An Act entitled "A further supplement to an act approved the eleventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine entitled 'A supplement to an act for the regulation of boroughs' approved the third day of April one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one providing for the adjustment of indebtedness and government of the boroughs townships and school districts affected by changes of limits of any borough in the Commonwealth" approved the first day of June one thousand eight hundred eighty-seven (P. L. 285)

Section eleven of an act entiteld "An Act authorizing the condemnation of turnpikes roads or highways heretofore or hereafter constructed wholly or in part in any county of this Commonwealth for public use free from tolls and toll-gates and the assessment upon the proper county of the damages to which the owner or owners thereof may be entitled by a jury of viewers duly appointed by the court of quarter sessions of the proper county and providing for the maintenance of any such condemned turnpike road or highway by the proper city township or district" approved the second day of June one thousand eight hundred eighty-seven (P. L. 306)

An Act entitled "An Act to provide for the licensing of transient retail merchants in cities boroughs and townships" approved the fourth day of May one thousand eight hundred eighty-nine (P. L. 86)

An Act entitled "An Act fixing the compensation of borough and township auditors in this Commonwealth" approved the fourth day of May one thousand eight hundred eighty-nine (P. L. 86)

An Act entitled "An Act relating to unused streets lanes and alleys" approved the ninth day of May one thousand eight hundred eighty-nine (P. L. 173)

An Act entitled "An Act to provide for an appeal by county commissioners cities or other municipalities and all persons interested in the damages awarded for laying out widening grading opening or changing the lines or grades of any public street road or alley in this Commonwealth from the decree of the court of quarter sessions confirming the report of the viewers assessing such damages" approved the fifteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred ninety-one (P. L. 17)

An Act entitled "An Act in relation to the laying out opening widening straightening extending or vacating streets and alleys and the construction of bridges in the several municipalities of this Commonwealth the grading paving macadamizing or otherwise improving streets and alleys providing for ascertaining the damages to private property resulting therefrom the assessment of the damages costs and expenses thereof upon the property benefited and the construction of sewers and payment of the damages costs and expenses thereof including damages to private property resulting therefrom" approved the sixteenth day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-one (P. L. 75)

An Act entitled "An Act to limit the period within which petitions for the assessment of damages for the opening or widening of any street road or highway may be filed in the court of quarter sessions" approved the twenty-third day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-one (P. L. 109)

An Act entitled "An Act to provide for the security to be entered by municipal corporations for the taking of land for the opening or widening of roads streets and highways" approved the twenty-third day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-one (P. L. 109)

An Act entitled "An Act to provide for an appeal to the court of common pleas from the decree of the court of quarter sessions confirming any award of viewers in proceedings to assess damages for the opening widening or changing of grade of any street road or highway" approved the twenty-sixth day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-one (P. L. 116)

Section one of an act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act for future regulations of appeals from assessment of damages to owners of property taken for public use' approved the thirteenth day of June one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four" approved the second day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-one (P. L. 172)

An Act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to provide for the licensing of transient retail merchants in cities boroughs and townships' empowering councils to increase the maximum license" approved the tenth day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-three (P. L. 35)

An Act entitled "An Act to empower boroughs and cities to establish a police pension fund to take property in trust therefor and regulating and providing for the regulation of the same" approved the twenty-fourth day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-three (P. L. 129)

An Act entitled "An Act to provide for the establishing and ascertaining the lines and boundaries between two or more cities boroughs or townships cities and boroughs townships and boroughs or cities and townships within this Commonwealth and regulating the proceedings thereof" approved the third day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-three (P. L. 284)

An Act entitled "An Act to amend the first section of an act entitled 'An Act in relation to the laying out opening widening straightening extending or vacating streets and alleys and the construction of bridges in the several municipalities of this Commonwealth the grading paving macadamizing or otherwise improving streets and alleys providing for ascertaining the damages to private property resulting therefrom the assessment of the damages costs and expenses thereof upon the property benefited and the construction of sewers and payment of the damages costs and expenses thereof including damages to private property resulting therefrom' approved the sixteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one providing for assessment of damages where streets and alleys are changed in grade or location" approved the twelfth day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-three (P. L. 459)

An Act entitled "An Act relating to actions brought to ascertain or recover damages for appropriation of rights of way or easements in lands by corporations invested with the right of eminent domain and empowering and authorizing owners of lands and corporations municipal or otherwise desiring to exercise the right of eminent domain in such lands to waive the assessment of damages by viewers and granting the right to either party to demand and have the jury engaged in trying such action visit and view said land and premises" approved the twenty-first day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-five (P. L. 89)

An Act entitled "An Act amending section nine of an act entitled 'An Act in relation to the laying out opening widening straightening extending or vacating streets and alleys and the construction of bridges in the several municipalities of this Commonwealth the grading paving macadamizing or otherwise improving streets and alleys providing for ascertaining the damages to private property resulting therefrom the assessment of the damages costs and expenses thereof upon the property benefited and the construction of sewers and payment of the damages costs and expenses thereof including damages to private property resulting therefrom' approved May sixteenth Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one enabling municipal corporations to lay out open widen extend and vacate streets or alleys upon petition or without petition of property owners" approved the twenty-second day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-five (P. L. 106)

An Act entitled "An Act providing for the manner of ascertaining determining awarding and paying compensation and damages in all cases where municipalities of this Commonwealth may hereafter be authorized by law to take use and appropriate private property for the purpose of making enlarging and maintaining public parks within the corporate limits of such municipality" approved the eighth day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-five (P. L. 188)

An Act entitled "An Act to authorize cities boroughs and townships of this Commonwealth to appropriate moneys for Memorial Day services" approved the twenty-fifth day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-five (P. L. 298)

An Act entitled "An Act conferring upon municipalities the right of eminent domain for the purpose of appropriating public property for the use of the National Guard of Pennsylvania" approved the twenty-sixth day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-five (P. L. 332)

An Act entitled "An Act regulating the letting of contracts for the erection and construction of public buildings" approved the second day of July one thousand eight hundred ninety-five (P. L. 426)

An Act entitled "An Act to regulate the renumeration of policemen and constables employed as policemen throughout the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and prohibiting them from charging or accepting any fee or other compensation in addition to their salary except as public rewards and mileage for traveling expenses" approved the fourteenth day of July one thousand eight hundred ninety-seven (P. L. 266)

An Act entitled "An Act authorizing any borough or city within this Commonwealth to vacate change alter or relocate the course or channel of any creek run or natural waterway other than navigable streams and for this purpose to enter upon condemn and take property and materials necessary to such vacation change alteration or relocation and providing for the ascertainment and assessment of costs damages and expenses as well as the levy and collection of benefits arising therefrom and constituting such benefits a lien upon the properties upon which they are respectively assessed" approved the twenty-eighth day of April one thousand eight hundred ninety-nine (P. L. 74)

Section eleven of an act entitled "An Act supplementary to an act approved the second day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven entitled 'An Act authorizing the condemnation of turnpikes roads or highways heretofore or hereafter constructed wholly or in part in any county of this Commonwealth for public use free from tolls and toll-gates and the assessment upon the proper county of the damages to which the owner or owners thereof may be entitled by a jury of viewers duly appointed by the court of quarter sessions of the proper county and providing for the maintenance of any such condemned turnpike road or highway by the proper city township or district' extending its provisions so to authorize the condemnation of any turnpike road or highway in whole or in part located upon the line dividing two counties and to assess the damages payable to the owner or owners thereof equitably between such two counties" approved the twenty-eighth day of April one thousand eight hundred ninety-nine (P. L. 79)

An Act entitled "An Act amending section eight of an act entitled 'An Act in relation to the laying out opening widening straightening extending or vacating streets and alleys and the construction of bridges in the several municipalities of this Commonwealth the grading paving macadamizing or otherwise improving streets and alleys providing for ascertaining the damages to private property resulting therefrom the assessment of the damages costs and expenses thereof upon the property benefited and the construction of sewers and payment of the damages costs and expenses thereof including damages to private property resulting therefrom' approved May sixteenth Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one extending the provisions of said act to the grading paving curbing macadamizing or improvement of parts of streets or alleys" approved the twenty-eighth day of April one thousand eight hundred ninety-nine (P. L. 100)

An Act entitled "An Act to provide for the licensing of transient retail merchants in cities boroughs and townships and providing a penalty for failures to obtain the same" approved the second day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-nine (P. L. 159)

An Act entitled "An Act making it lawful for any municipality in which a corporation created and existing under and by virtue of the laws of this Commonwealth have constructed and are maintaining or may hereafter construct and maintain sewers culverts conduits and pipes with the necessary inlets and appliances for surface under surface and sewage drainage to become the owner of such sewers culverts conduits and pipes with the necessary inlets and appliances aforesaid providing the amount to be paid for the same and the manner of ascertaining such amount in case of disagreement between the municipality and the corporation owning the same" approved the nineteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred one (P. L. 82)

An Act entitled "An Act authorizing borough councils or school boards of this Commonwealth to purchase acquire take use and appropriate private property for public library purposes and providing the manner in which damages sustained thereby shall be assessed and collected" approved the eleventh day of May one thousand nine hundred one (P. L. 169)

An Act entitled "An Act to provide for the alteration of the boundaries of township and boroughs in certain cases and the adjustment of the indebtedness thereof" approved the eleventh day of May one thousand nine hundred one (P. L. 177)

Section two of an act entitled "An Act authorizing the abandonment by turnpike road or highway companies of such portion or portions of their turnpike roads or highways as are separated as to ownership or possession from the longest continuous portion thereof remaining in the possession or ownership of such companies after the appropriation or condemnation to public use of an intermediate portion or portions thereof also prescribing the method of making such abandonment and the giving of notice thereof to township authorities and providing for the future disposition of such abandoned portion or portions of said turnpike roads or highways" approved the fourth day of June one thousand nine hundred one (P. L. 359)

An Act entitled "An Act relating to railroad crossings of highways and for the regulation alteration and abolition of grade crossings except in cities of the first and second classes" approved the seventh day of June one thousand nine hundred one (P. L. 531)

An Act entitled "An Act authorizing and empowering boroughs and incorporated towns to take use and appropriate private property for necessary public buildings and works within the corporate limits of such municipality and providing for the manner of ascertaining determining awarding and paying compensation and damages therefor" approved the tenth day of June one thousand nine hundred one (P. L. 555)

An Act entitled "An Act for the establishment and maintenance of public libraries in cities of the second and third class and in boroughs" approved the seventeenth day of June one thousand nine hundred one (P. L. 569)

An Act entitled "An Act regulating the filing of reports of viewers or juries of view appointed by the courts of this Commonwealth to assess damages and benefits for the taking injury or destruction of private property in the construction or enlargement of public works highways or improvements" approved the eighteenth day of March one thousand nine hundred three (P. L. 28)

An Act entitled "An Act authorizing councils in boroughs and in cities of the second class and third class within this Commonwealth to issue subpoenas and to take the testimony of witnesses in any pending case of inquiry investigation or impeachment also providing for the compulsory production of books and papers and a mode of compelling the attendance of witnesses by attachment for contempt and providing for the punishment of perjury by witnesses so called" approved the nineteenth day of March one thousand nine hundred three (P. L. 31)

An Act entitled "An Act amending section nine of an act entitled 'An Act in relation to the laying out opening widening straightening extending or vacating streets and alleys and the construction of bridges in the several municipalities of this Commonwealth the grading paving macadamizing or otherwise improving streets and alleys providing for ascertaining the damages to private property resulting therefrom the assessment of the damages costs and expenses thereof upon the property benefited and the construction of sewers and payment of the damages costs and expenses thereof including damages to private property resulting therefrom' approved May sixteenth Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one enabling municipal corporations to lay out open widen extend and vacate streets or alleys upon petition or without petition of property owners as amended by the act approved the twenty-second day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five providing for the approval of ordinances by the city recorder and the publication of the ordinances" approved the nineteenth day of March one thousand nine hundred three (P. L. 35)

An Act entitled "An Act to provide for the confirmation of the reports of viewers or juries of view appointed by the courts of quarter sessions to assess damages and benefits and for the collection of damages in such proceedings" approved the twenty-seventh day of March one thousand nine hundred three (P. L. 83)

An Act entitled "An Act amending sections two and six of an act entitled 'An Act in relation to the laying out opening widening straightening extending or vacating streets and alleys and the construction of bridges in the several municipalities of this Commonwealth the grading paving macadamizing or otherwise improving streets and alleys providing for ascertaining the damages to private property resulting therefrom the assessment of the damages costs and expenses thereof upon the property benefited and the construction of sewers and payment of the damages costs and expenses thereof including damages to private property resulting therefrom' approved the sixteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred ninety-one" approved the second day of April one thousand nine hundred three (P. L. 124)

An Act entitled "An Act enabling the burgess and council of any borough or incorporated town to annex to the borough or incorporated town adjacent territory upon petition of a majority of the freehold owners thereof" approved the twenty-second day of April one thousand nine hundred three (P. L. 247)

An Act entitled "An Act to permit farmers to sell their own products without a license fee in and about the streets of any borough or city of this Commonwealth" approved the twenty-second day of April one thousand nine hundred three (P. L. 258)

An Act entitled "An Act to further define the police power of cities of the third class and boroughs with reference to electric light wires" approved the twenty-eighth day of April one thousand nine hundred three (P. L. 335)

An Act entitled "An Act authorizing the municipalities of the Commonwealth to vacate in whole or in part all streets lanes and alleys within their corporate limits laid out by this Commonwealth whenever the same or the portion to be vacated shall have remained unopened for a continuous period of thirty years next preceding such vacation" approved the twenty-first day of March one thousand nine hundred five (P. L. 46)

An Act entitled "An Act providing for the payment of the expense of maintaining prisoners committed to county prisons for nonpayment of fines or penalties imposed for the violation of city or borough ordinances or ordinances of townships of the first class by the city brough or township of the first class to which such fines are payable" approved the twenty-eighth day of March one thousand nine hundred five (P. L. 61)

An Act entitled "An Act to provide for the vacation and closing of alleys lanes or passageways that are or may hereafter become public nuisances and to compensate abutting property owners or others who may be damaged thereby and assess benefits if any there be" approved the seventeenth day of April one thousand nine hundred five (P. L. 193)

An Act entitled "An Act supplementary to an act entitled 'An Act in relation to the laying out opening widening straightening extending or vacating streets and alleys and the construction of bridges in the several municipalities of this Commonwealth the grading paving macadamizing or otherwise improving streets and alleys providing for ascertaining the damages to private property resulting therefrom the assessments of the damages costs and expenses thereof upon the property benefited and the construction of sewers and the payment of the damages costs and expenses thereof including the damages to private property resulting therefrom' approved the sixteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one relating to exceptions and to the confirmation of the reports of viewers and of parts thereof and of appeals to the Superior and Supreme Court from the confirmation of viewers' reports or parts thereof the manner of taking the same and the effect thereof" approved the eighteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred five (P. L. 198)

An Act entitled "An Act to provide for the repair and maintenance or improvement by the proper county city or borough of turnpikes heretofore or hereafter appropriated or condemned or any part thereof for public use free of tolls" approved the twentieth day of April one thousand nine hundred five (P. L. 237)

An Act entitled "An Act authorizing vacation of public highways at grade crossings over railroads and the opening of undergrade or overgrade crossings in lieu thereof by the court of quarter sessions" approved the twenty-second day of April one thousand nine hundred five (P. L. 295)

An Act entitled "An Act authorizing the county commissioners of the several counties or the town councils of the several boroughs of this Commonwealth or both to appropriate annually a sufficient sum of money to each post of the Grand Army of the Republic in their respective counties or boroughs to aid in defraying the expenses of Memorial Day" approved the twenty-first day of March one thousand nine hundred seven (P. L. 22)

An Act entitled "An Act supplementary to an act entitled 'An Act enabling the burgess and council of any borough or incorporated town by ordinance to annex to the borough or incorporated town adjacent territory upon petition of a majority of the freehold owners thereof" approved the twenty-second day of April one thousand nine hundred and three enabling the burgess and council of any borough or incorporated town by ordinance to annex to the borough or incorporated town adjacent territory in the same or an adjoining county upon petition of a majority of the freehold owners thereof" approved the twenty-first day of March one thousand nine hundred seven (P. L. 25)

An Act entitled "An Act fixing the pay of commissioners of roads viewers reviewers and re-reviewers of roads and bridges and commissioners appointed to run establish or re-establish township lines or to divide townships or to divide townships into election districts or boroughs into wards in this Commonwealth" approved the fourth day of April one thousand nine hundred seven (P. L. 44)

An Act entitled "An Act to amend section one of the act approved May twenty-fifth one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven entitled 'An Act to authorize cities and boroughs to condemn property and rights inside and outside of their imlits for the purpose of obtaining and supplying water' so as to include springs" approved the fifteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred seven (P. L. 90)

An Act entitled "An Act to amend the first section of an act entitled 'An Act to provide for the repair and maintenance or improvement by the proper county city or borough of turnpikes heretofore or hereafter appropriated or condemned or any part thereof for public use free of tolls' approved the twentieth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five providing for the repair and maintenance or improvement by the proper county city or borough of turnpikes heretofore or hereafter abandoned or any part thereof and for the repair maintenance or improvement of any turnpike or part thereof where the company or association owning the same has been or may hereafter be dissolved" approved the twenty-fifth day of April one thousand nine hundred seven (P. L. 104)

An Act entitled "An Act authorizing municipal corporations owning their own water systems to relocate roads destroyed by overflow of reservoirs or otherwise and to acquire land to preserve water-supply from contamination" approved the seventh day of May one thousand nine hundred seven (P. L. 167)

An Act entitled "An Act exempting certain real estate from the power of eminent domain as exercised by corporations incorporated under the laws of Pennsylvania" approved the tenth day of May one thousand nine hundred sven (P. L. 196)

An Act entitled "An Act providing for the payment of the premiums on bonds of county city borough school-district and township employes" approved the twenty-third day of May one thousand nine hundred seven (P. L. 225)

An Act entitled "An Act to provide for the alteration of the boundaries of contiguous boroughs and townships within this Commonwealth by detaching part or parts of the land embraced within the lines of any borough and annexing such territory to any adjacent or contiguous township or townships and for adjustment of the indebtedness of the boroughs and townships affected by such change of boundaries or limits" approved the twenty-eighth day of May one thousand nine hundred seven (P. L. 264)

An Act entitled "An Act to authorize municipalities or townships to make assessments for municipal improvements outside of their corporate limits under certain conditions" approved the twenty-eighth day of May one thousand nine hundred seven (P. L. 287)

An Act entitled "An Act to provide for the planting and care of shade trees on highways of townships of the first class boroughs and cities of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and providing for the cost thereof" approved the thirty-first day of May one thousand nine hundred seven (P. L. 349)

An Act entitled "An Act providing for the acquiring of water plants or systems by municipalities from corporations firms or individuals and the manner of ascertaining and arriving at the value of the same and to authorize municipalities of this Commonwealth to issue bonds secured by such water plants or systems for the payment thereof and to provide a sinking fund therefor out of the revenues of said plants" approved the thirty-first day of May one thousand nine hundred seven (P. L. 355)

An Act entitled "An Act to amend section one of an act entitled 'An Act authorizing and empowering borough and incorporated towns to take use and appropriate private property for necessary public buildings and works within the corporate limits of such municipality and providing for the manner of ascertaining determining awarding and paying compensation and damages therefor' approved June tenth one thousand nine hundred and one extending the provisions of the act to

the taking use and appropriation of private property for a filter plant" approved the first day of June one thousand nine hundred seven (P. L. 365)

An Act entitled "An Act providing a method to secure possession of lands buildings or other property acquired under the power of eminent domain" approved the seventh day of June one thousand nine hundred seven (P. L. 461)

An Act entitled "An Act to provide for the vacation and closing of alleys lanes or passageways that are or may hereafter become public nuisances and to compensate abutting property owners or others who may be damaged thereby and assess benefits if any there be" approved the eighth day of June one thousand nine hundred seven (P. L. 503)

An Act entitled "An Act relating to armories for the National Guard of Pennsylvania authorizing counties cities towns boroughs and other municipal divisions of the Commonwealth to provide and appropriate moneys or purchase and convey land or convey land owned by any county city town borough or other municipal division of the Commonwealth to assist the Armory Board in the erection of armories and to furnish free of cost to the Commonwealth water light fuel either or all for use in any armory" approved the fifteenth day of March one thousand nine hundred nine (P. L. 33)

An Act entitled "An Act authorizing municipalities to purchase or condemn public toll-bridges crossing rivers or streams within the limits thereof and giving power to municipalities to charge and collect tolls or rentals for the use of any such bridge from railway telephone and telegraph companies and other persons making a use thereof for other than ordinary public foot and vehicle travel and providing for the preservation of existing contracts with such persons and their assignment to such municipality" approved the twenty-fourth day of March one thousand nine hundred nine (P. L. 67)

An Act entitled "An Act to amend an act approved the fourth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled 'An Act providing for the recovery and collection of municipal claims by lien or by action of assumpsit' by conferring jurisdiction upon justices of the peace in such cases" approved the twenty-fifth day of March one thousand nine hundred nine (P. L. 78)

An Act entitled "An Act to permit the acquisition of forest or other suitable lands by municipalities for the purpose of establishing municipal forests and providing for the administration maintenance protection and development of such forests" approved the twenty-second day of April one thousand nine hundred nine (P. L. 124)

An Act entitled "An Act to amend sections five and six of an act entitled 'An Act providing for the acquiring of water plants or systems by municipalities from corporations firms or individuals and the manner of ascertaining and arriving at the value of the same and to authorize municipalities of this Commonwealth to issue bonds secured by such water plants or systems for the payment thereof and to provide a sinking-fund therefor out of the revenues of said plants' approved May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and seven limiting the liability of municipalities on the bonds issued for such water plants or systems and providing that the bonds mentioned in said act shall be payable in thirty years from date of their issue" approved the twenty-second day of April one thousand nine hundred nine (P. L. 135)

An Act entitled "An Act to empower township and borough auditors to employ an attorney and providing for their compensation" approved the twenty-seventh day of April one thousand nine hundred nine (P. L. 261)

An Act entitled "An Act to amend sections one and two of an act entitled 'A Supplement to an act entitled "An Act supplementary to an act relative to burial-grounds and cemeteries situated in incorporated boroughs approved the nineteenth day of May one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four changing the title of said act and authorizing the court to make orders and decrees required by the act and to enforce the same by process" approved the thirteenth day of May eighteen hundred and seventy-six further empowering courts to direct removal of remains in boroughs cities and towns from burial grounds where interments have ceased or have become so neglected as to become a public nuisance or such remains interfere with the improvements extensions and interests of such cities boroughs or towns' by further providing that such removal may be authorized when said lands shall be desired by said municipalities or the school districts thereof for the erection of municipal school or public library buildings thereon or for any other public purpose" approved the twenty-ninth day of April one thousand nine hundred nine (P. L. 291)

An Act entitled "An Act relating to the settlements and audits of the accounts of all officers of boroughs townships poor districts and school districts and appeals therefrom to the common pleas and thence to the Supreme and Superior Courts and providing a penalty for violations thereof" approved the third day of May one thousand nine hundred nine (P. L. 392)

An Act entitled "An Act authorizing townships of the first class and boroughs of this Commonwealth to acquire by taking and appropriating under right of eminent domain and by gift devise purchase lease and otherwise private property for the purpose of making enlarging extending and maintaining public parks parkways and playgrounds requiring the consent of the qualified electors to such acquiring in certain cases and providing the procedure for obtaining such consent authorizing the said townships and boroughs to improve maintain and regulate such parks parkways and playgrounds and providing for the manner of securing ascertaining determining awarding and paying compensation and damages where property is taken used and appropraited for the said purposes" approved the third day of May one thousand nine hundred nine (P. L. 401)

An Act entitled "A Supplement to an act entitled 'An Act relating to roads highways and bridges' approved the thirteenth day of June Anno Domini eighteen hundred and thirty-six" approved the fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven (P. L. 123)

An Act entitled "An Act to amend section one of 'An Act authorizing and empowering boroughs and incorporated towns to take use and appropriate private property for necessary public buildings and works within the corporate limits of such municipality and providing for the manner of ascertaining determining awarding and paying compensation and damages therefor' approved the tenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and one so as to extend the same to townships of the first class" approved fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven (P. L. 168)

An Act entitled "An Act to empower any taxpayer of any township borough poor district or school district upon providing for costs to appeal in behalf of such municipality to the court of common pleas of the proper county from the judgment of any justice of the peace or alderman against such municipality and to become a party to such suit" approved the eleventh day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven (P. L. 208)

An Act entitled "An Act providing for the payment of the costs of proceedings and the expenses of maintaining prisoners committed to county prisons either for non-payment of fines or penalties imposed for or while awaiting a hearing upon any charge for the violation of any city or borough ordinance or any ordinance of township of the first class whose ordinances are alleged to have been violated or to which any such fines or penalties are payable" approved the seventh day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven (P. L. 677)

An Act entitled "An Act fixing the time for organization of the legislative departments of municipal governments and for the inauguration of mayors of cities" approved the ninth day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven (P. L. 857)

An Act entitled "An Act to amend the first section of an act approved the twenty-first day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled 'An Act authorizing the county commissioners of the several counties or the town councils of the several boroughs of this Commonwealth or both to appropriate annually a sufficient sum of money to each Post of the Grand Army of the Republic in their respective counties or boroughs to aid in defraying the expenses of Memorial Day' by requiring the commissioners to make the payments specified and fixing the maximum amount thereof" approved the ninth day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven (P. L. 863)

An Act entitled "An Act relating to the settlement and audit of the accounts of all officers elected or appointed of boroughs townships poor districts and school districts prescribing the time for such settlement and audits for the matters to be contained in the report of settlement and audit for the filing of said report in the office of the clerk of quarter sessions and for appeals to the court of common pleas and Superior and Supreme Courts" approved the ninth day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven (P. L. 865)

An Act entitled "An Act providing a system whereby boroughs may build sewers grade sub-grade and pave streets and alleys pay the costs thereof by the issue of bonds and collect the same from the property benefited in instalments" approved the fifteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven (P. L. 971)

An Act entitled "An Act to amend the second section of an act approved the twenty-fifth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven entitled 'An Act to authorize cities and boroughs to condemn property and rights inside and outside of their limits for the purpose of obtaining and supplying water' by fixing the number of the viewers at three" approved the nineteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven (P. L. 1033)

An Act entitled "An Act to amend the first section of an act approved the eighth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled 'An Act to provide for the vacation and closing of alleys lanes or passageways that are or may hereafter become public nuisances and to compensate abutting property owners or others who may be damaged thereby and assess benefits if any there be' by fixing the number of the jury at three" approved the nineteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven (P. L. 1036)

An Act entitled "An Act to amend the first section of an act approved the seventeenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five entitled 'An Act to provide for the vacation and closing of alleys lanes or passageways that are or may hereafter become public nuisances and to compensate abutting property owners or others who may be damaged thereby and assess benefits if any there be' by fixing the number of the jury at three" approved the twentieth day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven (P. L. 1087)

An Act entitled "An Act to amend the first section of an act approved the tenth day of June one thousand nine hundred one entitled 'An Act authorizing and empowering boroughs and incorporated towns to take use and appropriate private property for necessary public buildings and work within the corporate limits of such municipality and providing for the manner of ascertaining determining awarding and paying compensation and damages therefor' as amended by the first section of an act approved the fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled 'An Act to amend section one of "An Act authorizing and empowering boroughs and incorporated towns to take use and appropriate private property for necessary public buildings and works within the corporate limits of such municipality and providing for the manner of ascertaining determining awarding and paying compensation and damages therefor" approved the tenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and one so as to extend the same to townships of the first class' by extending the act to include townships of the second class" approved the fifteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred thirteen (P. L. 66)

An Act entitled "An Act regulating the letting of certain contracts for the erection construction and alteration of public buildings" approved the first day of May one thousand nine hundred thirteen (P. L. 155)

An Act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act in relation to the laying out opening widening straightening extending or vacating streets and alleys and the construction of bridges in the several municipalities of this Commonwealth the grading paving macadamizing or otherwise improving streets and alleys providing for ascertaining the damages to private property resulting therefrom the assessment of the damages costs and expenses thereof upon the property benefited and the construction of sewers and payment of the damages costs and expenses thereof including damages to private property resulting therefrom' approved the sixteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one empowering municipalities to locate streets and alleys and to include therein streets and alleys or parts thereof theretofore opened or used for highway purposes" approved the fifteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred thirteen (P. L. 212)

An Act entitled "A Supplement to an act entitled 'An Act in relation to the laying out opening widening straightening extending or vacating streets and alleys and construction of bridges in the several municipalities of this Commonwealth the grading paving macadamizing or otherwise improving streets and alleys providing for ascertaining damages to private property resulting therefrom the assessment of the damages costs and expenses thereof upon the property benefited and the construction of sewers and payment of the damages costs and expenses thereof including damages to private property resulting therefrom' approved the sixteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five (Pamphlet Laws seventy-five) by providing

that in proceedings to assess damages and benefits arising from improvements under the act to which this is a supplement if property is both benefited and damaged by such improvements the excess of damages over benefits or the excess of benefits over damages or nothing in case the benefits and damages are equal shall be awarded to or assessed against the owners of property and providing that the report thereof made by the Board of Viewers shall show the net result only" approved the fifteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred thirteen (P. L. 215)

An Act entitled "An Act requiring a license for conducting any business the whole or greater part of which shall consist of the sale of goods which shall be held forth represented or advertised to be goods of or obtained from the estate of any brankrupt or goods of or obtained from an assignee or a person firm or corporation about to go out of business or goods to have been damaged in any way and regulating such licensing and fixing a penalty for violation of this act" approved the twentieth day of May one thousand nine hundred thirteen (P. L. 227)

An Act entitled "An Act to amend the title the first section the second section and the third section of an Act of Assembly entitled 'An Act relating to the settlement and audit of the accounts of all officers elected or appointed of boroughs townships poor districts and school districts prescribing the time for such settlement and audit for the filing of said report in the office of the clerk of quarter sessions and for appeals to the court of common pleas and Superior and Supreme Court's approved the ninth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven by repealing so much thereof as applies to school districts" approved the twentieth day of May one thousand nine hundred thirteen (P. L. 254)

An Act entitled "An Act to amend section one of an act approved the third day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled 'An Act authorizing townships of the first class and boroughs of this Commonwealth to acquire by taking and appropriating under right of eminent domain and by gift devise purchase lease and otherwise private property for the purpose of making enlarging extending and maintaining public parks parkways and playgrounds requiring consent of the qualified electors to such acquiring in certain cases and providing the procedure for obtaining such consent authorizing the said townships and boroughs to improve maintain and regulate such parks parkways and playgrounds and providing for the manner of securing ascertaining determining awarding and paying compensation and damages where property is taken used and appropriated for the said purposes' by changing the limitations of the amount of money which such township or borough in the exercise of the authority granted by said act shall within any period of three years obligate itself to pay without the consent of a majority of the qualified electors" approved the twentieth day of May one thousand nine hundred thirteen (P. L. 257)

An Act entitled "An Act amending an act entitled 'An Act providing a system whereby boroughs may build sewers grade sub-grade and pave streets and alleys pay the costs thereof by the issue of bonds and collect the same from the property benefited in instalments' approved June fifteen Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven by extending the provisions thereof so as to include the acquisition by boroughs and incorporated towns of existing sewers and sewer systems" approved the twenty-first day of May one thousand nine hundred thirteen (P. L. 277)

An Act entitled "An Act permitting counties cities and boroughs singly or jointly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to appropriate and expend moneys for the improvement of highways outside the limits of such cities or boroughs for the purpose of connecting improved streets of such cities or boroughs with a State highway or State-aid highway when the highway outside of the limits of such cities or boroughs is less than one mile in length and will connect such cities or boroughs with the State highway or State-aid highway" approved the twenty-third day of May one thousand nine hundred thirteen (P. L. 336)

An Act entitled "An Act giving to all owners or tenants of lands property or material abutting on or through which pass roads streets lanes or alleys injured by the laying out opening widening vacating extending or grading of said roads streets lanes or alleys or the changing of grades and lines thereof by cities counties boroughs or townships within this Commonwealth the construction and the vacating by said cities counties boroughs or townships of bridges and the piers abutments approaches embankments slopes or causeways therefor or leading thereto which abut on or pass through or along said lands property or material and the construction by said cities counties boroughs or townships of sewers in over upon along or through said lands property or material the right to damages for said injuries directing all juries of view appointed or that shall hereafter be appointed under existing laws for assessing damages or benefits for taking using occupying or injuring lands property or material to assess said damages if any against said cities counties boroughs or townships as the case may be and the benefits if any in connection therewith granting the right of appeal to the proper court of common pleas from the report of said juries and the trial by jury in said court of common pleas and the right to file exceptions to said report and the right of appeal to the Superior Court or Supreme Court after disposal of exceptions or verdict and final judgment and providing that this act shall apply to all existing and future proceedings" approved the twenty-eighth day of May one thousand nine hundred thirteen (P. L. 368)

An Act entitled "An Act relating to the reports of auditors of boroughs townships and poor districts and appeals therefrom giving certain powers to taxpayers in connection therewith and prescribing the practice to be pursued in all appeals from such auditors' reports" approved the thirty-first day of May one thousand nine hundred thirteen (P. L. 394)

An Act entitled "An Act to authorize the display of the State county city borough or other municipal flags on public buildings in the Commonwealth" approved the fifth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirteen (P. L. 419)

An Act entitled "An Act establishing a Commission of Waterworks in boroughs and incorporated towns of this Commonwealth providing for the appointment of commissioners of water-works and prescribing their powers and duties" approved the fifth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirteen (P. L. 445)

An Act entitled "An Act amending the first section on an act entitled 'An Act to further define the police power of cities of the third class and boroughs with reference to electric light wires' approved the twenty-eighth day of April one thousand nine hundred and three so as to include telegraph and telephone wires and reducing the number of jurors" approved the twelfth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirteen (P. L. 488)

An Act entitled "An Act relating to damages in case of taking of property for use as a public wharf pier or bulkhead" approved the twentieth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirteen (P. L. 543)

An Act entitled "An Act authorizing the several counties incorporated towns and boroughs to appropriate annually sums of money to each camp of the United Spanish War Veterans and of the Army of the Philippines and to each post of the American Veterans of Foreign Service in the respective counties boroughs and towns to aid in defraying the expenses of Memorial Day" approved the twenty-fifth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirteen (P. L. 550)

An Act entitled "An Act to authorize all cities and boroughs in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to construct and maintain comfort and waiting-stations and drinking-fountains in the public highways of such municipalities and providing the manner of ascertaining and collecting the damages caused by the construction of such improvements" approved the twenty-seventh day of June one thousand nine hundred thirteen (P. L. 632)

An Act entitled "An Act to permit viewers to award damages for the vacation of streets roads or highways to abutting owners where no land is actually taken" approved the twenty-seventh day of June one thousand nine hundred thirteen (P. L. 633)

An Act entitled "An Act amending and supplementing an act entitled 'An Act making it lawful for any municipality in which a corporation created and existing under and by virtue of the laws of this Commonwealth have constructed and are maintaining or may hereafter construct and maintain sewers culverts conduits and pipes with the necessary inlets and appliances for surface under surface and sewage drainage to become the owner of such sewers culverts conduits and pipes with the necessary inlets and appliances aforesaid providing the amount to be paid for the same and the manner of ascertaining such amount in case of disagreement between the municipality and the corporation owning the same' approved April nineteenth one thousand nine hundred and one by extending the provisions thereof to sewers culverts conduits and pipes with the necessary inlets and appliances owned by individuals and unincorporated associations and providing for the assessment of the costs and expenses of the property so acquired upon the properties benefitted thereby or upon the proper municipality" approved the twenty-first day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen (P. L. 865)

An Act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act in relation to the laying out opening widening straightening extending or vacating streets and alleys and the construction of bridges in the several municipalities of this Commonwealth the grading paving macadamizing or otherwise improving streets and alleys providing for ascertaining the damages to private property resulting therefrom the assessment of the damages costs and expenses thereof upon the property benefited and the construction of sewers and payment of the damages costs and expenses thereof including damages to private property resulting therefrom' approved the sixteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one" approved the twenty-second day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen (P. L. 902)

An Act entitled "An Act conferring certain powers upon municipalities of this Commonwealth in and on the public wharves within the limits of such municipalities" approved the twenty-fourth day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen (P. L. 1017)

An Act entitled "An Act regulating the mining out and removing of the coal and other minerals and support underlying and beneath the surface of the several streets avenues thoroughfares courts alleys places and public highways within the limits of the several municipal corporations and authorizing the creation of a Bureau of Mine Inspection and Surface Support by any municipal corporation within the anthracite coal fields of this Commonwealth and giving such bureau jurisdiction and providing for the filing of certain maps and plans and providing a penalty for violation thereof" approved the twenty-sixth day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen (P. L. 1439)

(d) THE FOLLOWING ACTS AND PARTS OF ACTS ARE REPEALED IN SO FAR AS THEY CONFER ANY POWERS OR IMPOSE ANY DUTIES ON BOROUGHS VIZ

An Act entitled "An Act to provide for the erection and maintaining of watering troughs for the use of horses and cattle on the public roads of this Commonwealth and providing penalties for the injury and destruction of the same" approved the twenty-eighth day of April one thousand eight hundred seventy-six (P. L. 51)

An Act entitled "A Supplement to an act to provide for the erection and maintaining of watering troughs for the use of horses and cattle on the public roads of this Commonwealth and providing penalties for the injury and destruction of the same approved the twenty-eighth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-six" approved the twenty-fifth day of June one thousand eight hundred eighty-five (P. L. 168)

An Act entitled "An Act authorizing the grading paving and curbing or macadamizing of streets and alleys which may be in whole or in part the boundaries of boroughs and first class townships by joint contract and providing for the payment of costs damages and expenses thereof" approved the tenth day of July one thousand nine hundred one (P. L. 637)

An Act entitled "An Act authorizing any municipality to connect with the sewer of any other municipality and township of the first class for sewage purposes and providing a method for ascertaining the damages caused thereby and for the assessment and payment of the same" approved the seventeenth day of July one thousand nine hundred one (P. L. 668)

An Act entitled "An Act authorizing contracts between cities boroughs and townships of the one part and street passenger railway companies and motor power companies of the other part providing for the keeping of certain streets free from street railway tracks by permitting the temporary relocation or abandonment of tracks already laid or the postponement of the laying of tracks duly authorized while preserving the rights of such company to resume the exercise of its said franchises upon the termination or breach of such contract" approved the third day of May one thousand nine hundred five (P. L. 379)

An Act entitled "An Act authorizing contracts between cities boroughs or townships of the one part and street passenger railway companies surface elevated or underground or motor power companies leasing and operating the franchises and property of such companies of the other part affecting fixing and regulating the franchises powers duties

and liabilities of such companies the management of the same the relations and respective rights of the contracting parties and the ultimate acquisition by such cities boroughs and townships of the property leaseholds and franchises of said contracting companies" approved the fifteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred seven (P. L. 80)

An Act entitled "An Act relating to the location construction and maintenance of viaducts and bridges in boroughs and adjacent territory empowering the several boroughs of this Commonwealth to construct or have constructed bridges or viaducts over rivers creeks streams railroads and private land or over and across railroads and any of them or over and across railroads for public highways and to procure locations therefor by purchase or condemnation proceedings whether the same be wholly within or partly within and partly without the borough limits authorizing said boroughs to unite and enter into a contract or contracts with the county commissioners of the proper county and with railroad street railway and other companies and parties interested or with any of them for the erection construction and maintenance of said viaducts and bridges and for the payment of the damage caused by their location and erection and forbidding any railroad company to pass under or upon any such viaduct or bridge without contributing the cost of maintenance thereof" approved the twenty-fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred seven (P. L. 240)

An Act entitled "An Act authorizing municipalities to purchase condemn maintain and use public toll-bridges crossing rivers or streams within the limits thereof and to enter into a contract with the county commissioners of the proper county when said commissioners are duly authorized thereto by the court of quarter sessions on petition of twenty or more taxpayers of such county whereby the said county shall pay a portion of the cost thereof and giving power to the municipalities to charge and collect tolls or rentals for the use of any such bridge from railway telephone and telegraph companies and other persons making a use thereof for other than ordinary public foot and vehicle travel and providing for the preservation of existing contracts with such persons and their assignment to such municipality" approved the twenty-fourth day of March one thousand nine hundred nine (P. L. 69)

An Act entitled "An Act to authorize municipalities to unite in the construction of a sewage system and to permit municipalities to form corporations for the purpose of constructing a sewage system" approved the first day of May one thousand nine hundred nine (P. L. 306)

An Act entitled "An Act amending an act approved the twenty-second day of April Anno Domini nineteen hundred and five entitled 'An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act providing for the permanent improvement of certain public roads or highways in the several counties of this Commonwealth making such improved roads and highways county roads authorizing the relocation opening straightening widening extension and alteration of the same and the vacation of so much of any such road as may thereby become necessary authorizing the taking of property for such improvement and providing for the compensation therefor and the damage resulting from such taking providing for the payment of the costs and expenses incurred in making such improvements and in thereafter repairing and maintaining said road and authorizing the levy of a tax to provide a fund for such purposes" approved June twenty-sixth one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five providing that public roads and highways may be constructed improved and maintained by the several counties of the Commonwealth as county roads whether existing by other authority or laid out in whole or in part by virtue of this act and providing that public roads and highways may be originally located laid out and established for the purpose of such construction improvement and maintenance by the several counties in the manner and by the procedure set out in the amended act and subject to other provisions thereof providing for the laying out of a system of main thoroughfares to which the establishing construction improvement and maintenance of public roads by the counties shall be restricted after January one one thousand nine hundred and seven but providing for such establishing construction improvement and maintenance of roads not part of said system upon parties interested paying not less than one-fourth of the original cost of construction and providing that the county commissioners of any county may provide rules regulating the use of roads constructed and maintained by the counties and prescribing the penalties for the violation thereof' and providing that public roads and highways located established constructed and improved by the several counties in the manner and by the procedure set out in the said acts shall thereafter be township or borough roads and be maintained and improved by the proper township or borough" approved the thirteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred nine (P. L. 527)

Section eighteen of an act entitled "An Act providing for the original location laying out and construction of public roads or highways in the several counties of this Commonwealth and for the permanent improvement of certain public roads or highways therein making such originally constructed or improved roads and highways county roads authorizing the relocation opening straightening widening extension and alteration of the same and the vacation of so much of any road as may thereby become unnecessary providing that the county commissioners of any county may prescribe rules regulating the use of roads constructed or maintained by the various counties and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing for the taking of property for such improvement the compensation to be paid therefor and the payment of damages resulting from such taking and the manner in which such damages may be determined providing for the payment of the costs and expenses of such construction or improvement and in thereafter repairing and maintaining said roads authorizing the levy of a tax or the issuing of bonds to provide a fund for the expense thereof prescribing a method for improving a county road lying within or traversing a borough and apportioning the cost of such improvement and authorizing the vacation of any county road" approved the eleventh day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven (P. L. 244)

An Act entitled "An Act authorizing boroughs to unite with boroughs or townships in constructing or acquiring and maintaining works for supplying water to such boroughs or townships" approved the first day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven (P. L. 541)

An Act entitled "An Act to amend the first and second sections of an act approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled 'An Act to authorize municipalities to unite in the construction of a sewage system and to permit municipalities to form corporations for the purpose of constructing a sewage system' by including townships" approved the fifteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven (P. L. 966)

An Act entitled "An Act providing a method whereby highways the center line of which constitutes a dividing line between a city or borough and a township in the same county may be altered or improved and the cost thereof apportioned" approved the twentieth day of May one thousand nine hundred thirteen (P. L. 267)

First four paragraphs of section one of an act entitled "An Act to amend section eighteen of an act entitled 'An Act providing for the original location laying out and construction of public roads or highways in the several counties of this Commonwealth and for the permanent improvement of certain public roads or highways therein making such originally constructed or improved roads and highways county roads authorizing the relocation opening straightening widening extension and alteration of the same and the vacation of so much of any road as may thereby become unnecessary providing that the county commissioners of any county may prescribe rules regulating the use of roads constructed or maintained by the various counties and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing for the taking of property for such improvement the compensation to be paid therefor and the payment of damages resulting from such taking and the manner in which such damages may be determined providing for the payment of the costs and expenses of such construction or improvement and in thereafter repairing and maintaining said roads authorizing the levy of a tax or the issuing of bonds to provide a fund for the expense thereof prescribing a method for improving a county road lying within or traversing a borough and apportioning the cost of such improvement and authorizing the vacation of any county road' approved the eleventh day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven by authorizing counties to contract with boroughs in the improvement of a borough street connecting with a county road providing for the cost thereof prescribing the method by which the contract for such improvement shall be made and imposing the cost of maintenance of such street on the borough" approved the twentieth day of May one thousand nine hundred thirteen (P. L. 273)

(e) THE FOLLOWING ACT OF ASSEMBLY IS REPEALED IN SO FAR AS IT RELATES TO HIGH CONSTABLE

The Act of Assembly entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to authorize the election of constables for three years' approved the fourteenth day of February Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred eighty-nine by providing for the election of a high constable in each of the boroughs of this Commonwealth for three years and by correcting the ambiguity as to the beginning of the terms of office under said act" approved the twenty-sixth day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-five (P. L. 375)

(f) ALL ACTS OR PARTS OF ACTS OF ASSEMBLY SUPPLIED BY INCONSISTENT WITH OR APPERTAINING TO THE SUBJECT MATTER COVERED BY THIS ACT ARE REPEALED IT IS THE INTENTION THAT THIS ACT SHALL FURNISH A COMPLETE AND EXCLUSIVE SYSTEM FOR THE GOVERNMENT AND REGULATION OF BOROUGHS EXCEPT AS TO THE SEVERAL MATTERS ENUMERATED IN SECTION TWO ARTICLE ONE CHAPTER ONE OF THIS ACT

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 722, as follows:

An Act regulating the manufacture and sale of commercial fertilizers

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the term "commercial fertilizers" as used in this act means any substance manufactured prepared or imported for fertilizing or manurial purposes except marl lime limestone wood ashes gypsum land plaster agricultural salt and the dung of domestic animals

Section 2 No person co-partnership association or corporation shall sell or offer or expose for sale commercial fertilizer in package bag or other container unless such container has plainly stamped on the outside thereof

(a) The name address and place of business of the manufacturer or importer

(b) The net weight of its contents

(c) The brand or trade-name of the commercial fertilizer it contains

(d) An analysis of its contents stating the minimum percentage of nitrogen in an available form of potash soluble in water and of the available and the insoluble phosphoric acid

(e) A statement that the commercial fertilizer contains pulverized leather hair ground hoof or wool waste in any form or garbage tankage peat or mora meal or any of them if such fertilizer does in fact contain any or all of such ingredients

Section 3 No person co-partnership association or corporation shall sell or offer or expose for sale in bulk any commercial fertilizer containing pulverized leather hair ground hoof or wool waste in any form or garbage tankage peat or mora meal unless a written statement that the fertilizer contains such ingredients or any of them accompany each bulk The statement shall specifically set forth the names of such ingredients the fertilizer contains

Section 4 A manufacturer or importer of commercial fertilizer shall annually on or before the first day of January or before offering any commercial fertilizer for sale in this Commonwealth file with the Secretary of Agriculture a statement of the brand of each commercial fertilizer having a distinct trade-name intended for sale during the

calendar year for which the statement is filed with a certified copy of the analysis required by section two

Section 5 In addition to the statement required by section four a manufacturer or importer of commercial fertilizer shall annually on or before the first day of January or before offering commercial fertilizer for sale in this Commonwealth file with the Secretary of Agriculture an affidavit showing the amount of each brand of commercial fertilizer sold within the Commonwealth during the last preceding calendar year

Section 6 A manufacturer or importer of commercial fertilizer shall pay to the Secretary of Agriculture the sum of ten dollars for the first registration of a commercial fertilizer having a distinct trade-name and shall pay an additional sum of ten cents for each ton of two thousand pounds weight sold within the Commonwealth during the last preceding calendar year Such registration shall be continued from year to year upon the annual payment on or before the first day of January of the sum of ten cents per ton of such fertilizer sold within the Commonwealth during the last preceding year All moneys received by the Secretary of Agriculture under the provisions of this section shall be covered into the State Treasury for the use of the Commonwealth

Section 7 The Secretary of Agriculture shall enforce the provisions of this act The Secretary of Agriculture may personally or through his agents collect samples of commercial fertilizer and cause such samples to be analyzed and the results of the analysis published for the information of the public The Secretary of Agriculture or his agent shall have access to all places used in the manufacture storage transportation or sale of any commercial fertilizer and may open any package bag or other container or supposed container of commerical fertilizer and upon tendering the value take samples from such containers for analysis

Section 8 A person co-partnership association or corporation or an officer or employe thereof violating any provision of this act or authorizing the sale or selling or having in possession to sell a commercial fertilizer with an analysis stating that it contains a larger per centage of any one or more of the constituents named in section two of this act than is contained therein shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and on conviction before an alderman magistrate or justice of the peace shall for the first offense be sentenced to pay a fine of not more than fifty dollars or to undergo an imprisonment not exceeding thirty days or both and for each subsequent offense be sentenced to pay a fine of not more than two hundred dollars or to undergo an imprisonment not exceeding six months or both All fines and costs imposed under this act shall be paid to the Secretary of Agriculture or his agent and shall be by the Secretary of Agriculture immediately covered into the State Treasury for the use of the Commonwealth

Section 9 This act shall take effect on the first day of January one thousand nine hundred sixteen

Section 10 The act entitled "An Act to regulate the manufacture and sale of commercial fertilizers providing for its enforcement and prescribing penalties for its violation" approved the twenty-fifth day of March one thousand nine hundred one the act entitled "An Act to regulate the manufacture and sale of commercial fertilizers prescribing penalties for its violation and repealing an act entitled 'An Act to regulate the manufacture and sale of commercial fertilizers providing for its enforcement and prescribing penalties for its violation' approved the twenty-fifth day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one" approved the first day of May one thousand nine hundred nine and all act and parts of act inconsistent with this act are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 459, as follows:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-fourth day of May one thousand eight hundred eighty-seven entitled "An Act to regulate the practice of pharmacy and sale of poisons and to prevent adulterations in drugs and medicinal preparations in the State of Pennsylvania" as amended

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the fifth section of an act approved the twenty-fourth day of May one thousand eight hundred eighty-seven entitled "An Act to regulate the practice of pharmacy and sale of poisons and to prevent adulterations in drugs and medicinal preparations in the State of Pennsylvania" which as amended by an act approved the twenty-fourth day of March one thousand nine hundred five entitled "An Act to amend section five (5) of the act entitled 'An Act to regulate the practice of pharmacy and sale of poisons and to prevent adulteration in drugs and medicinal preparations in the State of Pennsylvania' which was approved the twenty-fourth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven requiring that on and after January first one thousand nine hundred and six all persons applying for certificates of registration as competent pharmacists under the provisions of section five (5) of said act shall be graduates of a reputable college of pharmacy" reads as follows

"Section 5 That it shall be the duty of said board to meet at least once every three months in the city of Harrisburg or at such other place as they may deem expedient and examine all persons who shall desire to carry on the business of a retail apothecary or that of retailng drugs chemicals or poisons or of compounding physicians' prescriptions touching their competency and qualifications and they the said board or a majority of them shall grant to such persons as may be qualified certificates of competency or qualification which shall entitle the holders thereof to conduct or carry on the business or to act as a qualified assistant therein as may be expressed upon the said certificate and such certificate together with its renewals shall be good and sufficient evidence of registration under this act

"All persons applying for examination for certificate to entitle them to conduct and carry on the retail drug or apothecary business must produce satisfactory evidence of having had not less than four years' practical experience in the business of retailing compounding or dispensing of drugs chemicals and poisons and of compounding of physicians' prescriptions and of being a graduate of some reputable and properly chartered college of pharmacy And those applying for examination for certificates as qualified assistants therein must produce evidence of having not less than two years' experience in said business" is further amended to read as follows

Section 5 That it shall be the duty of said board to meet at least once every three months in the city of Harrisburg or at such other place as they may deem expedient and examine all persons who shall desire to carry on the business of a retail apothecary or that of retaling drugs chemicals or poisons or of compounding physicians' prescriptions touching their competency and qualifications and they the said board or a majority of them shall grant to such persons as may be qualified certificates of competency or qualification which shall entitle the holders thereof to conduct or carry on the business or to act as a qualified assitant therein as may be expressed upon the said certificate and such certificate together with its renewals shall be good and sufficient evidence of registration under this act

All persons applying for examination for certificates to entitle them to conduct and carry on the retail drug or apothecary business must produce satisfactory evidence of having had not less than four years' practical experience in the business of retailing compounding or dispensing of drugs chemicals and poisons and of compounding of physicians' prescriptions and of being a graduate of some reputable and properly chartered college of pharmacy of this or some other state or any foreign country whose pharmacy licensing board or other authority recognizes the graduates of the reputable and properly chartered colleges of pharmacy of this state and admits the graduates of all such colleges to its pharmacy licensure examinations And those applying for examination for certificates as qualified assistants therein must produce evidence of having not less than two years' experience in said business

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 850, as follows:

An Act making a burgess of a borough eligible to the office for the next succeeding term

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That a burgess of a borough shall be eligible to the office for the next succeeding term

Section 2 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith be and the same are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

MR. HESS IN THE CHAIR.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 770, entitled:

An Act relative to the burial of the bodies of certain indigent deceased widows at the county expense

The first section was read and agreed to as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the

authority of the same That the county commissioners may cause to be buried the body of the widow of any person who served in the army and navy of the United States in any war in which the United States was engaged which widow shall hereafter die in their county leaving insufficient means to defray her necessary burial expenses The expense to the county for any such burial shall not exceed the sum of fifty dollars

The second section was read as follows:

Section 2 The persons now appointed by the county commissioners to assume charge of the burial of the bodies of indigent deceased soldiers and sailors shall report the names of any such widows dying within the county to the county commissioner together with such other facts as the commissioners may require and upon order of the commissioners shall assume charge of the burial of the body of any such widow and the necessary expenses incident thereto Such burial may be made in any cemetery in the State except a cemetery used exclusively for the burial of pauper dead

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. HUBLER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend Section 2, line 5 by striking out the word "commissioner" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "commissioners."

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to,

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The third, fourth and fifth sections and title were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 3 The county commissioners shall cause to be entered in a suitable book the names of all such indigent widows whose burial expenses the county has assumed together with such other facts as are contained in the report required by section two

Section 4 The county commissioners may draw their warrant upon the county treasurer in favor of the persons whose duty it is to bury the body of any such indigent deceased widow for the payment of the expenses necessarily incurred in such burial not exceeding the said sum of fifty dollars for each body so buried

Section 5 All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with this act are repealed

An Act relative to the burial of the bodies of certain indigent deceased widows at the county expense

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 785, as follows:

An Act authorizing the Board of Public Charities to appoint two additional assistant general agents and prescribing their duties

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the Board of Public Charities be and are hereby authorized to appoint two additional assistant general agents who shall be paid annually the sum of two thousand five hundred dollars and actual traveling expenses

Section 2 It shall be the duty of the additional assistant general agents provided for under the provisions of this act when directed by either the Board of Public Charities or the general agent thereof to examine the conditions of charitable reformatory or correctional institutions within the State financially and otherwise

Section 3 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith be and the same are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 533 (Senate Bill No. 79) entitled:

An Act prohibiting any member or employe of any bureau or department having charge of police and fire protection of any cities of the first class from taking any active part in politics political movements or elections from canvassing election precincts or from interfering with elections or from using his office to influence politics political movements or elections and providing penalties for violation thereof

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 550, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-third day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-three entitled "An Act to authorize the election of a burgess for three years in the several boroughs of the Commonwealth who shall not be eligible to office for the next succeeding term and providing that such officer shall not be a member of the town council giving him the power to veto ordinances providing for the election of a presiding officer of councils and abolishing the office of assistant burgess"

The first section was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section three of an act approved the twenty-third day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-three entitled "An Act to authorize the election of a burgess for three years in the several boroughs of the Commonwealth who shall not be eligible to the office for the next succeeding term and providing that such officer shall not be a member of the town council giving him the power to veto ordinances providing for the election of a presiding officer of councils and abolishing the office of assistant burgess" which reads as follows

"Section 3 Every ordinance and resolution which shall be passed by said council shall be presented to the chief burgess of such borough and if he approve he shall sign it but if he shall not approve he shall return it with his objections to said council at the next regular meeting thereof when said objection shall be entered at large in the minute book and said council shall proceed to a reconsideration of such ordinance or resolution If after such reconsideration two-thirds of all the members elected to said council shall vote to pass such ordinance or resolution it shall become and be of as full force and effect as if said chief burgess had signed it but in such cases the votes of the members of council shall be determined by the ayes and nays and the names of the members voting shall be entered on the minutes of said council Provided That when the number of councilmen is less than nine a majority of council and one vote more shall be required to pass an ordinance over the veto If such ordinance or resolution shall not be returned by the burgess at the next regular meeting of the said council after the same shall have been presented to him the same shall likewise become and be in as full force and effect as if he had signed it Provided That before any ordinance shall come into force and effect as aforesaid the same shall be recorded in the borough ordinance book with the certificate of the secretary and be advertised as heretofore required by law" be amended so as to read as follows

Section 3 Every ordinance and every resolution motion by-law or rule of a legislative character which shall be passed by said council shall be presented to the chief burgess of such burgess of such borough and if he approve he shall sign it but if he shall not approve he shall return it with his objections to said council at the next regular meeting thereof when said objections shall be entered at large in the minute book and said council shall proceed to a reconsideration of such ordinance resolution or motion If after such reconsideration two-thirds of all the members elected to said council shall vote to pass such ordinance resolution or motion it shall become and be of as full force and effect as if said chief burgess had signed it but in such cases the votes of the members of council shall be determined by the ayes and nays and the names of the members voting shall be entered on the minutes of said council Provided That when the number of councilmen is less than nine a majority of council and one vote more shall be required to pass an ordinance over the veto If such ordinance resolution or motion shall not be returned by the chief burgess at the next regular meeting of the council after the same shall have been presented to him the same shall likewise become and be in as full force and effect as if he had signed it Provided That before any ordinance shall come into force and effect as aforesaid the same shall be recorded in the borough ordinance book with the certificate of the secretary and be advertised as heretofore required by law

Acts of the council temporary and ministerial in character and which relate only to the orderly transaction of the internal current business of the council shall not be submitted to the burgess for approval

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. STATLER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 1, line 6, by inserting before the word "burgess" the word "chief."

Amend section 1, line 7, by striking out the first word "the" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "this."

Amend section 1, line 11, by striking out the word "abolishing" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "abolishing"
Amend section 1, line 15, by striking out the word "and."
Amend section 1, line 29, by inserting before the word "burgess" the word "chief."
Amend section 1, line 32, by striking out the word "if."
Amend section 1, line 40, by striking out the words "of such bur-"
Amend section 1, line 41, by striking out the word "gess."

On the question,
Will the House agree to the amendments?
They were agreed to,
On the question,
Will the House agree to the section as amended?
It was agreed to.

The title was read as follows:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-third day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-three entitled "An Act to authorize the election of a burgess for three years in the several boroughs of the Commonwealth who shall not be eligible to the office for the next succeeding term and providing that such officer shall not be a member of the town council giving him the power to veto ordinances providing for the election of a presiding officer of councils and abolishing the office of assistant burgess"

On the question,
Will the House agree to the title?
Mr. STATLER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.
The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.
The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend title, line 3 by inserting before the word "burgess" the word "chief."
Amend title, line 4 by striking out the first word "the" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "this."
Amend title, line 4 by inserting before the word "office" the word "the."

On the question,
Will the House agree to the amendments?
They were agreed to,
On the question,
Will the House agree to the title as amended?
It was agreed to.
And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.
Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.
Agreeably to order,
The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,
The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 674 (Senate Bill No. 162) as follows:

An Act providing for the establishment regulation and maintenance by the Board of Game Commissioners of State Game Preserves on the Forestry Reservations and elsewhere and providing penalties for violation of this act

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the word "game" as used in this act shall include wild animals and wild fowl of every kind protected by the laws of Pennsylvania

Section 2 The Board of Game Commissioners may establish and maintain State game preserves for the protection and propagation of game Such State game preserves may be located on the or State Forests or may be upon land leased by the Board of Game Commissioners for that purpose

Section 3 If a State game preserve is located on a State Forest the consent of the Department of Forestry therefore must be obtained therefor

Section 4 The State game preserves shall be at all times subject to regulations established by the Board of Game Commissioners under its agreement with the Department of Forestry

Section 5 Each State game preserve upon a State Forest shall be surrounded by a well-defined fire-line or clear strip of land and by at least one wire at the boundary thereof

Section 6 On the boundary of each State game preserve there shall be posted in conspicuous places notices bearing the following "State Game Refuge Hunting is Unlawful

Section 7 The greatest transverse dimension of any State game preserve shall not exceed ten miles

Section 8 If the State game preserve is on a State Forest it must not exceed in area one-half of the total area of the Forest on which it is located

Section 9 Any citizen may go upon a State game preserve without fire-arms at any time during what is known as the close season for game in Pennsylvania For any purpose in compliance with the requirements of his respective official duties and in any manner and at any time and with or without fire-arms (a) Any member or employe of the Department of Forestry may go upon any State game preserve located on a State Forest and (b) any member or any employe of the Board of Game Commissioners may go upon any State game preserve wherever located

Section 10 Except as permitted by law in this State it is unlawful to hunt for or catch or kill or wound or drive or attempt to catch or kill or wound or drive any game within the limits of a State game preserve

Section 11 Except as otherwise permitted in this act it is unlawful for any person to carry fire-arms within the limit of a State game preserve or to take a dog of any kind upon a State game preserve or during the open season for game in Pennsylvania to go upon the State game preserve either with or without fire-arms

Section 12 Jurisdiction for summary conviction for violation of any of the provisions of this act is hereby specifically given to all aldermen magistrates and justices of the peace

Any person who shall be convicted summarily by any alderman magistrate or justice of the peace of the county of a violation of any of the provisions of this act shall be sentenced to pay a fine as follows

If the defendant has violated any of the provisions of this act but has not wilfully killed any game nor resisted arrest nor refused to go with the arresting officer nor interfered with the arresting officer the fine shall be twenty-five dollars

In addition to the foregoing fine the defendant shall pay a fine as follows

If the defendant has killed or wounded or attempted to kill or wound a deer the fine shall be one hundred dollars If the defendant has killed or wounded or attempted to kill or wound a bear the fine shall be fifty dollars If the defendant has killed or wounded or attempted to kill or wound a game bird of any kind the fine shall be twenty-five dollars If the defendant has resisted arrest for violation of the provisions of this act or has refused to go with the officer making the arrest or has in any manner interfered with the arresting officer the fine shall not be less than one hundred dollars In default of payment of the fine the defendant shall be sentenced to imprisonment at the rate of one day for each dollar of the fine and cost

The person convicted may appeal to the court of quarter sessions upon allowance of a judge thereon on cause shown

Section 13 If the prosecutor is a paid game protector the fine shall be paid to the prosecutor who shall forward it to the Secretary of the Game Commission who shall pay it into the State Treasury for the use of the Game Commission as hereinafter provided

Section 14 If the prosecutor is other than a paid game protector one-half of the fine shall go to the prosecutor and shall be paid to him by the alderman magistrate or justice receiving the same The remaining half of the fine shall be forwarded within ten days to the Secretary of the Game Commission who shall deposit it into the State Treasury

Section 15 Any person charged with the violation of any of the provisions of this act may in his discretion sign an acknoweldgment of the offense committed and pay to the duly authorized game protector or deputy game protector the proper fine in full with costs to date He shall receive for money so paid a printed receipt which shall in all instances bear the seal of the Board of Game Commissioners and the signature of the secretary of the Board This receipt shall be evidence of a full satisfaction of the offense so committed

Section 16 Any person whose duty it is to protect the game of the Commonwealth or any officer whose duty it is to preserve the peace of the Commonwealth may arrest without warrant any person caught in the act of violating any provisions of this act or in pursuit immediately following such violation and may seize all guns shooting paraphernalia dogs boats decoys or other appliances used in violation of any provision of this act and may seize all game found either in possession or under control of the suspected person within this Commonwealth All birds and animals or parts thereof not classed as game in this Commonwealth thus seized shall be held subject to the order of the Board of Game Commissioners All guns boats decoys dogs game and shooting paraphernalia seized when such arrest is made shall be held subject to the determination of the proceedings instituted Where the party accused is convicted all game seized shall be forfeited to the Commonwealth and as soon as may be shall be forwarded to the most convenient hospital or to a hospital designated by the Secretary of the Game Commission for the use of the sick or injured therein Unless the fine and costs are paid all such seized guns boats decoys dogs and shooting paraphernalia shall be sold at public auction after advertising the same for five days by at least five public handbills conspicuously posted in the city borough or township wherein the conviction was secured The sale shall be held by or under the authority of the proper alderman magistrate or justice The cost of such advertising shall be part of the costs of prosecution and shall be collected as such Any fund thus arising shall be applied first to the payment of the costs of prosecution then to the payment of the fine imposed The remainder if any shall be returned to the owner of the property seized Where game dogs boats decoys or shooting paraphernalia of any description shall be seized and the owner thereof escapes arrest and refuses to present himself and make claim to the property all such game after the lapse of three days after the seizure shall be forfeited to the Common-

wealth and shall be sent to the most convenient hospital for the purpose before indicated in this section All guns dogs boats decoys and other shooting paraphernalia thus seized shall be held for a period of ten days after which time if the owner thereof fail to appear and defend himself against the charges made such property shall be sold in the manner prescribed for the sale of seized property after conviction The fund arising from such sale shall be applied as in the case of the sale after conviction The fact that imprisonment is suffered by any person convicted of violating any provisions of this act shall not prevent the sale of guns dogs boats decoys or other shooting paraphernalia of any description held as the property of the imprisoned party and the application of the fund thus realized to the payment of the costs and the fine imposed

Section 17 All fines collected for violation of any of the provisions of this act shall be paid to the State Treasurer as hereinbefore designated who shall keep the moneys thus collected as a fund separate and apart solely for the purpose of wild bird and game protection and for the purchase and propagation of game under the supervision of the Board of Game Commissioners. The several purposes to which the fund shall be applied shall be clearly designated by Act of Assembly

Section 18 The following acts are hereby totally repealed

1 The act approved the eleventh day of May one thousand nine hundred five entitled "An Act authorizing the Board of Game Commissioners of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to establish and maintain within the forestry reservation of this Commonwealth preserves for the protection and propagation of deer wild-turkey partridge quail woodcock and wild-pigeons and making an appropriation for the purpose of stocking and propagating the same"

2. The act approved the fifteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred seven entitled "An Act giving additional protection to the game of the state and wild birds within the limits of 'preserves' created under the provisions of the act of May eleventh one thousand nine hundred and five and under the control of the Board of Game Commissioners and prescribing penalties for violation of its several provisions"

3. The act approved the fifteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to amend section one and extend the provisions of an act entitled 'An Act giving additional protection to the game of the State and wild birds within the limits of "preserves" created under the provisions of the act of May eleventh one thousand nine hundred and five under the control of the Board of Game Commissioners and prescribing penalties for violation of its several provisions' approved the fifteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven"

And said bill having been read at length the second time **and agreed to,**

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 747, as follows:

An Act amending the first section of an act approved the twenty-fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled "An Act authorizing the board of public charities to appoint two assistant general agents and prescribing their duties"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the first section of an act approved the twenty-fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled "An Act authorizing the board of public charities to appoint two assistant general agents and prescribing their duties" which reads as follows:

"Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the board of public charities be and are hereby authorized to appoint two assistant general agents who shall each be paid annually the sum of two thousand dollars and actual traveling expenses" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the board of public charities be and are hereby authorized to appoint two assistant general agents who shall each be paid annually the sum of two thousand five hundred dollars and actual traveling expenses

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered. To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 696 (Senate Bill No. 181) as follows:

An Act authorizing and empowering municipalities to construct and for this purpose to procure locations therefor by purchase or condemnation proceedings in fee simple as herein provided or to acquire by lease or purchase and to maintain and operate underground street passenger railways or subways whether the same be wholly within or partly within and partly without the limits of the municipality and also street passenger railways or elevated railways connecting therewith or exchanging passengers with said underground street railway and to lease the underground street railway and any surface or elevated street railway connecting therewith to corporations or individuals with the right in the municipalities to charge an additional sum for each passenger using the subway to meet the interest and sinking fund charges on the cost of the subway and conferring upon said municipalities all the rights and powers conferred upon corporations under the act of June seventh one thousand nine hundred and one entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and government of passenger railways either elevated or underground or partly elevated and partly underground with surface rights (Pamphlet Laws five hundred and twenty-three) and supplements and amendments thereto"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That municipalities are hereby authorized and empowered to construct or to acquire by lease or purchase underground street passenger railways or subways whether the same be wholly within or partly within and partly without the limits of the municipality and also street passenger railways or elevated railways connecting therewith or exchanging passengers with said underground street railway and to maintain and operate the same

Section 2 Said municipalities shall have the right to enact ordinances providing for the laying out of routes or locations for said underground street passenger railways or subways and connecting street passenger railways or elevated railways

Section 3 In case the municipalities desire to obtain any lands or properties necessary for the construction or operation of said railways and are unable to agree with the owner or owners upon the price to be paid therefor the court of common pleas of the county wherein said underground street passenger railway is located or any law judge in vacation on application therefor by petition of said municipalities shall appoint three discreet and disinterested persons as viewers and appoint a time not less than ten or more than twenty days thereafter when said viewers shall meet and inspect the property appropriated or intended to be appropriated by said municipality

Section 4 Said viewers having been duly sworn or affirmed justly and impartially to decide and a true report to make concerning all matters to be submitted to them and in relation to which they are authorized to inquire in pursuance of the provisions of this act and having viewed the premises shall hear all parties interested and their witnesses and shall estimate and determine the damages for the property taken and to whom the same is payable and prepare a schedule thereof and give notice to all parties interested of the time (not less than ten days thereafter) and of the place where they shall meet and exhibit the schedule and hear all objections thereto and evidence Notice of the time and place of said meeting shall be given by personal service upon all parties in interest or their attorneys of record After making whatever changes are deemed necessary said viewers shall make report to the court showing the damages allowed and to whom the same are payable and file therewith a plan showing said premises

Section 5 If the compensation to be paid for any lands or property which the municipality desires to obtain for said purposes cannot be agreed upon between the owners thereof and such municipality and if the municipality desires to take possession of such property it shall be lawful for it at any time after the appointment of said viewers to tender its bond with surety as security to the owner or owners of such lands or property the condition of which shall be that the said municipality shall pay or cause to be paid such amount of damages as the owner or owners thereof shall be entitled to receive after the same shall have been agreed upon by the parties or awarded in the manner provided by this act In case the owner or owners of such property refuse to or do not accept said bond the said municipality shall give the owner or owners thereof written notice of the time when the same shall be presented for approval and said bond shall be presented to the court in which the said petition for the appointment of viewers has been filed and when approved said bond shall be filed in the said court for the benefit of said owner or owners and upon the approval of said bonds said municipality may enter upon appropriate take hold use and control such lands or property and shall hold the same in fee simple

Section 6 Upon the report of said viewers or any two of them being filed in said court either party may within thirty days thereafter file exceptions to the same and the court shall have power to confirm said report or to modify change or otherwise correct the same or refer the same back to the same or new viewers with like power as to their report or within thirty days from the filing of any report in court or the final confirmation thereof either party may appeal and demand a trial by jury and either party may within thirty days after final decree have an appeal to the Superior or Supreme Court according to law upon final con-

firmation in any of the cases provided in this section the award shall be a good and valid judgment against the said municipality The court of common pleas shall have power to order what notices shall be given in connection with any part of said proceedings and may make all such orders as it may deem requisite any damages that may accrue to any property by reason of the aforesaid improvements or any of them shall be ascertained and determined in the same manner as herein provided where land or property is taken or in the same manner as is now or may hereafter be provided by law for ascertaining and determining the damages for the taking injury or destruction of property

Section 7 Said municipalities shall also have the power to lease to corporations or individuals the railways owned leased or otherwise acquired or controlled by the municipality upon such terms and conditions as may be agreed upon

Section 8 The municipality shall also have the right in addition to any charges made by an operating or leasing company to charge an additional sum not exceeding two (2) cents per passenger for the use of the said underground railway or subway to meet the interest and sinking fund charges on the cost thereof

Section 9 In addition to the powers herein enumerated said municipality owning or controlling said underground street railway together with any surface or elevated street railway connected therewith shall have the rights and powers of underground or elevated passenger railway companies under an act approved June seventh one thousand nine hundred and one (Pamphlet Laws five hundred and twenty-three) entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and government of passenger railways either elevated or underground or partly elevated and partly underground with surface rights

Section 10 Any acts or parts of acts conflicting herewith be and the same are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 481, entitled:

An Act to repeal an act approved the fifteenth day of June one thousand eight hundred seventy-one entitled "An Act relating to the assessments of damages for the appropriation of land for public use"

The first section was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the act approved the fifteenth day of June one thousand eight hundred seventy-one entitled "An Act relating to the assessment of damages for the appropriation of land for public use" is hereby repealed

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend Section 1, line 6, by striking out the word "damages" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "damage."

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to,

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The title was read as follows:

An Act to repeal an act approved the fifteenth day of June one thousand eight hundred seventy-one entitled "An Act relating to the assessments of damages for the appropriation of land for public use"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the title?

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend Title, line 3, by striking out the word "assessments" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "assessment"

Amend Title, line 3, by striking out the word "damages" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "damage"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendments?

They were agreed to,

On the question,

Will the House agree to the title as amended?

It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 416, as follows:

An Act to amend an act approved the eighth day of May one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act regulating the appointment confirmation duties salary and expenses of county detectives in counties containing not less than three hundred thousand nor more than seven hundred thousand inhabitants" by extending its provisions to counties having a population of two hundred thousand inhabitants but not more than seven hundred thousand inhabitants and by repealing section three of the act

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section one of an act approved the eighth day of May one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act regulating the appointment confirmation duties salary and expenses of county detectives in counties containing not less than three hundred thousand nor more than seven hundred thousand inhabitants" which reads as follows

"Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from and after the passage and approval of this act in counties containing not less than three hundred thousand nor more than seven hundred thousand inhabitants the district attorney of the proper county shall have the power to appoint certain police officers to be designated 'county detectives' not exceeding four in number as he shall consider necessary at an annual salary of eighteen hundred dollars ($1,800.00) in addition to such expenses as are hereinafter provided for which salary and expenses shall be paid monthly from the funds of the proper county" is amended to read as follows

Section 1 In counties containing not less than two hundred thousand nor more than seven hundred thousand inhabitants the district attorney of the proper county shall have the power to appoint certain police officers to be designated "county detectives" not exceeding four in number as he shall consider necessary at an annual salary of eighteen hundred dollars ($1,800.00) in addition to such expenses as are hereinafter provided for which salary and expenses shall be paid monthly from the funds of the proper county

Section 2 The third section of said act is repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 814 (Senate Bill No. 215) entitled:

An Act vesting in county commissioners certain powers relative to public monuments

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 349 (Senate Bill No. 4) entitled:

An Act relating to persons habitually addicted to the use of alcohol or drugs and providing for the care and treatment of such persons at the expense of the county and State if indigent

The first, second, third and fourth sections were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the word "inebriate" used in this act means a person habitually so addicted to the use of alcohol or narcotic drugs as to be a proper subject for restraint care and treatment

Section 2 Upon petition of two citizens who shall be either the wife husband parent child committee of the estate of an inebriate or next friends of such person the court of quarter sessions shall issue its warrant requiring the inebriate on a day fixed to be brought into court for a hearing The petition shall not be considered unless it sets forth that the person named therein is an inebriate within the scope of

this act and unless it be accompanied by the affidavit or affidavits of at least two reputable physicians stating that they have examined the alleged inebriate and that he is a proper subject for restraint care and treatment

Section 3 If after such hearing the court is satisfied that the alleged inebriate is a proper subject for restraint care and treatment the court shall commit the inebriate to the State Insitution for Inebriates for such period as it may deem advisable under the circumstances which appear before it but in no case shall the same be for less than thirty days When so committed the inebriate shall remain in such institution until on further hearing the said court shall be of opinion that such restraint care and treatment are no longer beneficial to the inebriate or until the Board of Trustees or Superintendent of the Instiution shall certify to the said court that restraint care and treatment are no longer beneficial or necessary to the inebriate or that he is cured Whereupon the court shall order the inebriate to be discharged under such supervision and restriction as the court may impose

Section 4 When after hearing an inebriate is committed to the State Institution for Inebriates the court shall determine who shall bear the cost and expense of the restraint care and treatment of the inebriate while in the institution The persons who shall bear such cost and expense if the inebriate is indigent shall be the wife or husband and if the inebriate be a minor then his father or mother as the court may direct No inebriate shall be committed to the institution until the court shall by order determine who shall bear such cost and expense nor until payment therefor be made to the said Board of Trustees or security satisfactory to the board be given

The fifth section was read as follows:

Section 5 If at such hearing the court finds that the inebriate is indigent and that the wife husband or parent is unable to pay the cost and expense of the restraint care and treatment in the institution it shall so certify in the order committing the inebriate

The cost and expense of restraint care and treatment of indigent inebriates in the institution shall be born and paid by the county overhead charges by the State by the county from which the inebriate is committed

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. CLARK. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 5, line 9, by striking out the word "born" and inserting in lieu thereof the word 'borne"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendments?

It was agreed to,

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The sixth, seventh and eighth sections and title were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 6 Any inebriate or any person addicted to the use of alcohol or drugs who wishes to submit himself for care and treatment in the institution may be received therein as a patient He shall be detained therein and given adequate care and treatment Such detention shall not extend more than ten days after he has signified in writing his intention or desire of leaving the institution Admission of such patients shall be under such conditions not inconsistent herewith as may be imposed by the Board of Trustees

Section 7 If any inebriate at the time of his commitment is engaged in any business or is possessed of an estate that requires supervision and attention the court is hereby empowered on the petition of his or her husband wife father mother or child to appoint a committee to supervise his business or care for his estate during the period he may be confined in the institution under such conditions and order as the court may see fit to impose The committee to continue to act until discharged by the court

Section 8 The court committing the inebriate is hereby empowered to direct payment to be made for the cost and expense of his restraint care and treatment while in the institution by the inebriate or by person or persons who were directed to bear the liability at the time of his commitment out of his her or their property and to enforce the pyment of the same by execution or otherwise

An Act relating to persons habitually addicted to the use of alcohol or drugs and providing for the care and treatment of such persons at the expense of the county and State if indigent

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 665, entitled:

A Joint Resolution directing the publication of the pamphlet containing the game fish and forestry laws

The first section was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it resolved (if the Senate concur) That the Secretary of the Board of Game Commissioners of this Commonwealth be and is hereby directed to prepare the data and as soon as possible after the close of this session present the same to the Superintendent of Public Printing who shall at the expense of the State have published in pamphlet form one hundred thousand (100,000) copies of said laws together with such letter of instruction or explanation by those entrusted with the care of our game our forests and our fish as may seem necessary these pamphlets to be placed by the Division of Distribution of Documents in numbers as prescribed for by paragraph forty-three of section nineteen of House bill number five hundred seventy-two file folio three thousand two hundred and eleven

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. WALTON. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend Section 1, lines 11, 12 and 13, by striking out the words "prescribed for by paragraph forty-three of section nineteen of House Bill number five hundred seventy-two file folio three thousand two hundred and eleven" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "provided by law"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to,

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The preamble and title were separately read and agreed to as follows :

Whereas By reason of the great demand by the people of this Commonwealth for the pamphlet containing the Game the Fish and the Forestry Laws of this Commonwealth the many proposed changes of the same and additions thereto and that the people of the State be given the opportunity to become acquainted with these laws as quickly as possible after their enactment therefore

A Joint Resolution directing the publication of the pamphlet containing the Game Fish and Forestry Laws

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 379, entitled:

An Act empowering cities of the second class to levy and collect for general revenue purposes license taxes or fees upon poles wires cables conduits pipes tracks vaults and other appliances and appurtenances under upon over or through the public streets ways alleys wharves and properties thereof

The first section was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That in addition to the powers heretofore conferred upon cities of the second class they shall have power for general revenue purposes to levy and collect license taxes or fees upon poles wires cables conduits pipes tracks vaults and other appliances and appurtenances under upon over or through the public streets ways alleys wharves and properties thereof

On the question,

Will the House agree to the first section?

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. LAUER. Mr. Speaker, I move that this bill be recommitted to the Committee on Municipal Corporations for a hearing.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 378, as follows:

An Act empowering cities of the second class to levy and collect for general revenue purposes license taxes or fees upon railroad switches turnouts tracks and sidings upon the public streets ways alleys wharves and properties of said cities

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That cities of the second class are hereby empowered for general revenue purposes to levy and collect license taxes or fees upon railroad switches tracks sidings and turnouts on or upon public streets ways alleys wharves and properties of said cities

Section 2 The said cities may by ordinance from time to time fix the amounts of the license taxes or fees to be paid by any person firm or corportion now or hereafter having any railroad switch track siding or turnout on or upon public streets ways alleys wharves and properties of said cities

The amounts of said license taxes or fees may be fixed and determined either on the basis of a certain sum for the original installation or for a certain sum annually for each switch or turnout with an additional sum for each lineal foot of track on or upon the public streets ways alleys wharves and properties thereof or by classifying the switches tracks sidings and turnouts according to the length of the same or according to their location taking into account the character of the locality and the value of the land occupied or according to their length and location as aforesaid

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 779, entitled:

An Act to amend the first section of an act entitled "An Act enabling the libellant in all proceedings for divorce on the ground of desertion to testify to the fact of desertion and to the efforts made by him or her to induce the respondent to return and resume the marital relation" approved June eighth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred eleven by enabling the libellant to testify where the case of divorc is personal abuse or conduct on the part of either the husband or wife as to render the condition of the other intolerable and life burdensome or when the husband shall have by cruel and barbarous treatment endangered his wife's life or offered such indignities to her person as to render her condition intolerable and life burdensome

The first section was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section one of an act entitled "An Act enabling the libellant in all proceedings for divorce on the ground of desertion to testify to the fact of desertion and to the efforts made by him or her to induce the respondent to return and resume the marital relation" approved the eighth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven which read as follows

"Section 1 That in all proceedings for divorce on the ground of desertion the libellant shall be fully competent to prove the fact of desertion and the efforts if any made by him or her to induce the respondent to return and resume the marital relation though the respondent may not have been personally served with the subjoena or with a rule to take depositions and may not be residing within this Commonwealth but has been served by publication only" be so amended as to read

Section 1 That in all proceedings for divorce on the ground of wilful and malicious desertion on the part of either the husband or wife and absence from the habitation of the other without reasonable cause for and during the term and space of two years or for the cause of personal abuse or for such conduct on the part of either the husband or wife as to render the condition of the other to be intolerable and life burdensome or when any husband shall have by cruel and barbarous treatment endangered his wife's life or offered such indignities to her person as to render her condition intolerable and life burdensome the libellant shall be fully competent to prove the fact of desertion and the effort if any made by him or her to induce the respondent to return and assume the marital relation and the personal abuse or conduct on the part of either the husband or wife as to render the condition of the other to be intolerable and life burdensome or the cruel and barbarous treatment endangering the wife's life or the indignities to her person to render her condition intolerable and life burdensome though the respondent may not have been personally served with a rule to take depositions and may not be residing within the Commonwealth but has been served by publication only

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. SHOWALTER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment?

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend Section 1, line 9, by striking out the word "read" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "reads"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to,

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The title was read and agreed to as follows:

An Act to amend the first section of an act entitled "An Act enabling the libellant in all proceedings for divorce on the ground of desertion to testify to the fact of desertion and to the efforts made by him or her to induce the respondent to return and resume the marital relation" approved June eighth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred eleven by enabling the libellant to testify where the cause of divorce is personal abuse or conduct on the part of either the husband or wife as to render the condition of the other intolerable and life burdensome or when the husband shall have by cruel and barbarous treatment endangered his wife's life or offered such indignities to her person as to render her condition intolerable and life burdensome

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 748, entitled:

An Act to amend the third section of an act approved the nineteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act authorizing the release on probation of certain convicts instead of imposing sentences the appointment of probation and parole officers and the payment of their salaries and expenses regulating the manner of sentencing convicts in certain cases and providing for their release on parole their conviction of crime during parole of their rearrest and reconviction for breach of parole and extending the powers and duties of boards of prison inspectors of penitentiaries" so as to authorize the appointment of probation officers assistant probation officers and clerks

The first section was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section three of an act approved the nineteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act authorizing the release on probation of certain convicts instead of imposing sentences the appointment of probation and parole officers and the payment of their salaries and expenses and regulating the manner of sentencing convicts in certain cases and providfor their release on parole their conviction of crime during parole and their rearrest and reconviction for breach of parole and extending the powers and duties of boards of prison inspectors of penitentiaries" which reads as follows

"Section 3 Whenever or wherever the court may deem it necessary and desirable it may appoint a discreet person to serve as probation officer for the performance of such duties as the court shall direct The salary of such officer shall be determined by the court and this together with the necessary expenses incurred while in the actual performance of duty shall be paid by the county upon vouchers approved by the court and county commissioners In no case however shall a defendant be committed in the custody of a probation officer of the opposite sex" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 3 whenever or wherever the court may deem it necessary and desirable it may appoint one or more discreet persons to serve as probation officers for the performance of such duties as the court shall direct and as many assistant probation officers and as many clerks as it may deem necessary The salary of such officers assistants and clerks shall be determined by the court and this together with the necessary expenses incurred while in the actual performance of duty shall be paid by the county upon vouchers ap-

proved by the court In no case however shall a defendant be committed in the custody of a probation officer of the opposite sex

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. REYNOLDS. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 1, line 9, by striking out the word "and."

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to,

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The title was read and agreed to as follows:

An Act to amend the third section of an act approved the nineteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act authorizing the release on probation of certain convicts instead of imposing sentences the appointment of probation and parole officers and the payment of their salaries and expenses regulating the manner of sentencing convicts in certain cases and providing for their release on parole their conviction of crime during parole and their rearrest and reconviction for breach of parole and extending the powers and duties of boards of prison inspectors of penitentiaries" so as to authorize the appointment of probation officers assistant probation officers and clerks

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 326, as follows:

An Act amending sections one three five and six of an act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act for the government of cities of the second class' approved the seventh day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one providing for the levy collection and disbursement of taxes and water rents or rates and conferring certain powers and duties in reference thereto upon the city treasurer the Board of Water Assessors and the collector of delinquent taxes and repealing certain acts relating to matters herein provided for" approved May twelfth one thousand nine hundred and eleven as amended by an amendment to the first paragraph of the third section of said act approved May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and thirteen Pamphlet Laws three hundred and ninety changing the time of the collection of taxes and water rents and the duties of the Board of Water Assessors and city treasurer and collector of delinquent taxes in reference thereto and the time for the levy and assessment thereof

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section one of the said act approved May twelfth one thousand nine hundred and eleven which reads as follows

"Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the annual levy of taxes and water-rents or rates in cities of the second class shall be based upon detailed statements of the receipts and expenditures for each year ending the thirty-first day of December and also upon estimates of the amounts required for the ensuing fiscal year commencing February first of all the departments of said cities

All taxes and water-rents or rates shall be levied and assessed annually at the time provided by the act to which this is a supplement and it shall be the duty of all the departments of the city government to make reports of the receipts and expenditures of their various departments and also estimates of the amounts required for the ensuing year upon which the taxes for the succeeding year are to be based to the councils of said cities on or before the first day of January in each year" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That taxes and water rents or rates in cities of the second class shall be levied and assessed annually and all appropriations shall be made annually by general ordinance prior to the first day of December of each year which shall fix and determine the same for the ensuing fiscal year commencing January first

It shall be the duty of all the departments of the city government to make reports of the receipts and expenditures of their various departments and also estimates of the probably revenues to be collected by and of the probable amounts required by the respective departments for the ensuing fiscal year to the council at such time prior to December first of each year as may be required by council Said reports together with the report of the city controller of the total amounts received by the city from taxes and other revenues in prior years and also an estimate by the city Controller of the probable revenues of the ensuing fiscal year shall be submitted to council for the purpose of enabling the council to determine the amount of taxes and other revenues reasonably to be anticipated for the ensuing fiscal year and to determine the rate of taxes or millage to be fixed to meet the current expenses of the city for the ensuing fiscal year

That section three of said act approved May twelve one thousand nine hundred eleven as amended by the amendment thereto approved May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred thirteen which reads as follows

"Section 3 All taxes and water rents or rates levied for city and water purposes shall be payable in advance during the months of March April and May of each year except water rents for water supplied to consumers through a meter Where water is supplied to consumers through a meter the council of the city may by ordinance prescribe the time or times at which such meters shall be read and the terms and conditions as to meter service and the time or times at which payments for water supplied through a meter shall be made and they may also provide for a minimum rate or rates for meter service of both domestic or commercial users of water In the absence of such provision by ordinance the Board of Water Assessors shall read such meters not less than four times per year and shall read all such meters during the months of December and January of each year for the preceding twelve months or as near thereto as may be convenient and shall assess the water rents for the water consumed at the rates annually during the months of March April and May of each succeeding year

A discount of two per centum shall be allowed on all taxes and water rents or rates paid during the month of March during the months of April and May all taxes and water rents or rates shall be payable at face all of said payments to be made at the office of the city treasurer and in case said taxes or water rents or rates be not paid at the times fixed for the payment of the same said taxes and water rents or rates shall be deemed delinquent and shall be placed in the hands of the collector of delinquent taxes for collection and three per centum of the total amount of said taxes and water rents or rates shall forthwith be added to said delinquent taxes and water rents or rates as a penalty for the non-payment thereof at the times herein prescribed and in addition to said penalty said delinquent taxes and and water rents or rates shall bear interest at the rate of one-half per centum per month on the face amount of said delinquent taxes and water rents or rates for each and every month or part thereof that the same shall remain delinquent and unpaid

Said city shall have the further right to shut off the supply of water to any premises at any time upon the non-payment of the water rents or rates levied and assessed for water supplied thereto as and when the same becomes due and payable" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 3 All taxes levied in accordance with the provisions of section one hereof shall be payable in advance during the months of January February and March of each fiscal year Water rents or rates which are payable on a flat rate basis shall also be payable in advance during the same months The taxpayers shall also have the option to elect to pay the aforesaid taxes and water rents or rates quarterly as follows namely the first quarterly payment during the month of January the second quarterly payment during the month of April the third quarterly payment during the month of July and the fourth quarterly payment during the month of October and each of the said quarterly payments shall become delinquent on the first of each succeeding month and shall thereafter bear the same penalties and interest charges as hereinafter provided for delinquent taxes Water which is supplied to consumers on a metered basis shall be payable at such time or times as may be prescribed by ordinance The city shall have power to prescribe by ordinance the time or times at which meters shall be read the terms and conditions on which water will be supplied on a metered service and the time or times on which payment for such water shall be made it shall also have the power to prescribe the discounts if any which shall be allowed for prompt payment and the penalties if any which may be imposed for delayed payments and also to provide for a minimum rate or rates for meter service for all classes of users of water including both domestic and commercial In the absence of any provision by ordinance in reference to the same the Board of Water Assessors shall read all meters not less than four times per year and shall read all meters during the months of October and November of each year and ascertain the amount of water used in each year as shown by said meters for the preceding twelve months or as near thereto as may be convenient and shall assess the water rents or rates for the water consumed at the rates fixed from time to time by ordinance and the same shall be payable annually during the months of January February and March of each succeeding year

A discount of two per centum shall be allowed on all taxes or water rents or rates due under the provisions of this act and paid during the month of January. During the months of February and March all taxes and water rents or rates shall be payable at face all of said payments to be made to the city treasurer at his office and at such other place as may be designated by the city treasurer and in case said taxes or water rents or rates be not paid at the times fixed for the payment of the same said taxes and water rents or rates shall be deemed delinquent and shall be placed in the hands of the collector of delinquent taxes for collection and two per centum of the total amount of said taxes and water rents or rates shall forthwith be added to said delinquent taxes and water rents or rates as a penalty for the non-payment thereof at the times herein prescribed and in addition to said penalty said delinquent taxes and water rents or rates shall bear interest at the rate of one-half per centum per month on the face amount of said delin-

quent taxes and water-rents or rates for each and every month or part thereof that the same shall remain delinquent and unpaid

Said city shall have the right as heretofore to charge all consumers of water for water furnished by said city and also to make such exemptions or reductions of rates as may be fixed by ordinance to any public charity school religious institution and kindred institution and for said purposes to have and possess all of the rights in respect to the collection of said rents or rates as are now in force or may hereafter be enacted

Said city shall have the further right to shut off the supply of water to any premises at any time upon the non-payment of the water rents or rates levied and assessed for water supplied thereto as and when the same becomes due and payable

That section five of said act approved May twelfth one thousand nine hundred eleven which reads as follows

"Section 5 The councils of said cities are hereby authorized and empowered to create a Board of Water Assessors consisting of three qualified citizens to be appointed by the mayor one of whom shall be designated by the mayor as the chairman of said board Councils shall provide a sufficient number of employes for conducting the affairs of this board and shall fix the salaries of the members and employes thereof Councils shall annually levy and fix a schedule of water rents or rates and the rents at what water will be furnished by meter and the conditions upon which the same shall be furnished and shall have the right to require the use of meters generally or in specified classes of users and said board shall have the power and authority of assessing water rents or rates in accordance therewith and for this purpose said board and its employes shall have the right to enter and inspect all dwellings or buildings whenever they deem it necessary

Said board of water assessors shall have the power to grant exonerations on account of vacancy and non-use of water and for other causes upon such terms as may be prescribed by councils Any person firm or corporation which shall feel aggrieved by any assessment made by said board may personally or by his or its duly authorized agent appeal to the full board of water assessors sitting as a board of revision and demand a reassessment of the same All such appeals shall be by petition and affidavit which shall be filed with the clerk of said board on or before the first day of April of each year On the consideration of such appeals the said board shall have the power to examine under oath or affirmation any and all witnesses who may be brought before them Any owner who is dissatisfied with the final decision of said board upon said appeal may appeal therefrom to the court of common pleas of said county wherein said property is situate and for that purpose may present to said court or file in the prothonotary's office within thirty days after said final decision a petition signed by such person or his or its duly authorized agent therefor setting forth the facts of the cases notice of which appeal shall be given to the board of water assessors within fifteen days thereafter Thereupon the said court shall proceed at its earliest convenience to hear said appeal and to make such order and decree touching the matter complained of as may seem just and equitable The costs of the appeal and hearing shall be paid by the losing part or be apportioned between the parties as the court may direct Either party aggrieved by such decision shall have the right of appeal to the supreme or superior court in the same manner as appeals are taken in other cases to said courts

No appeals taken from such assessment shall prevent the collection of the water-rents or rates complained of but in case the same shall be reduced then the excess or overpayment shall be returned to the person who shall have paid the same

It shall be the duty of the Board of Water Assessors in said cities to furnish the Department of Assessors a copy of all water assessments made by them with a description of all properties against which such water rents or rates have been levied and assessed on or before the first day of February in each year and said Department of Assessors shall include in their annual return of tax assessments to the city treasurer all water tax assessments so furnished by the Board of Water Assessors" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 5 The councils of said cities are hereby authorized and empowered to create a Board of Water Assessors consisting of three qualified citizens to be appointed by the mayor one of whom shall be designated by the mayor as the chairman of said board Councils shall provide a sufficient number of employes for conducting the affairs of this board and shall fix the salaries of the members and employes thereof Councils shall annually levy and fix a schedule of water rents or rates and the rents at what water will be furnished by meter and the conditions upon which the same shall be furnished and shall have the right to require the use of meters upon such terms and conditions as may be prescribed by ordinance either in specified classes of users or in certain sections of the city or generally throughout the city and said board shall have the power and authority of assessing the water rents or rates in accordance therewith and for this purpose said board and its employes shall have the right to enter and inspect all dwellings or buildings whenever they deem it necessary

Said board of water assessors shall have the power to grant exonerations on account of vacancy and non-use of water and for other causes upon such terms as may be prescribed by councils Any person firm or corporation which shall feel aggrieved by any assessment made by said board may personally or by his or its duly authorized agent appeal to the full board of water assessors sitting as a board of revision and demand a reassessment of the same All such appeals shall be by petition and affidavit which shall be filed with the clerk of said board on or before the first day of February of each year On the consideration of such appeals the said board shall have power to examine under oath or affirmation any and all witnesses who may be brought before them Any owner who is dissatisfied with the final decision of said board upon said appeal may appeal therefrom to the court of common pleas of said county wherein said property is situate and for that purpose may present to said court or file in the prothonotary's office within thirty days after said final decision a petition signed by such person or his or its duly authorized agent therefor setting forth the facts of the case notice of which appeal shall be given to the Board of Water Assessors within fifteen days thereafter Thereupon the said court shall proceed at its earliest convenience to hear said appeal and to make such order and decree touching the matter complained of as may seem just and equitable The costs of the appeal and hearing shall be paid by the losing party or be apportioned between the parties as the court may direct Either party aggrieved by such decision shall have the right of appeal to the supreme or superior court in the same manner as appeals are taken in other cases to said courts

No appeals taken from such assessment shall prevent the collection of the water rents or rates complained of but in case the same shall be reduced then the excess or overpayment shall be returned to the person who shall have paid the same

It shall be the duty of the Board of Water Assessors in said cities to furnish the Department of Assessors a copy of all water assessments made by them with a description of all properties against which such water rents or rates have been levied and assessed on or before the first day of December in each year and said Department of Assessors shall include in their annual return of tax assessments to the city treasurer all water assessments so furnished by the Board of Water Assessors

That section six of said act approved May twelfth one thousand nine hundred eleven which reads as follows

"Section 6 All taxes and water rents or rates unpaid at the end of the last month in which by the terms of this act the same are payable shall be deemed delinquent and it shall be the duty of the city treasurer to prepare a registry or list of all delinquents and place the same in the hands of the delinquent tax collector on or before the thirtieth day of June of each year

The collector of delinquent taxes shall receive such compensation either by a fixed salary or by fees as councils may by ordinance provide and all ordinances now in force in said cities fixing such compensation shall remain in force until otherwise changed by the councils of such cities" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

Section 6 All taxes and water rents or rates unpaid at the end of the last month in which by the terms of this act the same are payable shall be deemed delinquent and it shall be the duty of the city treasurer to prepare a registry or list of all delinquents and place the same in the hands of the delinquent tax collector on or before the thirtieth day of April of each year

The collector of delinquent taxes shall receive such compensation either by a fixed salary or by fees as councils may by ordinance provide and all ordinances now in force in said cities fixing such compensation shall remain in force until other wise changed by the councils of such cities

That section seven of said act approved May twelfth one thousand nine hundred and eleven which reads as follows

"Section 7 The collector of delinquent taxes shall immediately upon said list being furnished to him proceed to collect such delinquent tax and water-rents or rates and if the same shall remain delinquent it shall be the duty of said collector of delinquent taxes on or before the twenty-eighth day of February in each year following the date when such taxes and water-rents or rates became payable to prepare a list of all delinquents and to publish the same twice in three newspapers in said cities one of which may be a daily newspaper printed in the German language or if there are not that number of newspapers in said cities in such number of newspapers as are therein Said list shall contain the names of said delinquents the ward in which the property against which such delinquents taxes and water-rents or rates were assessed the street or public highway upon or near which such property is located or if more than one street the name of one of the streets upon or near which the same is located the amount of such delinquent taxes and water-rents or rates and the year for which the same were assessed

If said delinquent taxes or water-rents or rates are not paid it shall be the duty of the collector of delinquent taxes to file liens against the property subject to the payment of such taxes or water-rents or rates and to collect the same in the manner provided by law

Upon the request of any property owner for a separation of taxes the collector of delinquent taxes shall furnish a statement of the taxes on the separate properties of the said owner as requested and shall receive payments of taxes on the separate properties Provided That in case said taxes have been advertised or a lien has been entered that all costs therefor shall be paid And also provided That in case assessments of the separate properties have not been made that a certified statement of the assessed valuation of the separate properties as required shall first be obtained from

the board of assessors And provided further That the collector of delinquent taxes may in his discretion refuse to allow a separation of taxes unless the separate properties if continguous are shown on a recorded plan" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 7 The collector of delinquent taxes shall immediately upon said list being furnished to him proceed to collect such delinquent tax and water-rents or rates and if the same shall remain delinquent it shall be the duty of said collector of delinquent taxes on or before the twenty-eighth day of February in each year following the date when such taxes and water-rents or rates became delinquent to prepare a list of all delinquents and to publish the same once in two newspapers in said cities or if there are not that number of newspapers in said cities in such number of newspapers as are therein same to be let to the lowest responsible bidder based on the lowest rate per thousand circulation Said list shall contain the names of said delinquents the ward in which the property against which such delinquent taxes and water-rents or rates were assessed the street or public highway upon or near which such property is located or if more than one street the name of one of the streets upon or near which the same is located the amount of such delinquent taxes and water-rents or rates and the year for which the same were assessed

If said delinquent taxes or water-rents or rates are not paid it shall be the duty of the collector of delinquent taxes to file liens against the property subject to the payment of such taxes or water-rents or rates and to collect the same in the manner provided by law

He shall file a single lien against any property to cover all of the taxes including water-rents or rates for any one year

Upon the request of any property owner for a separation of taxes the collector of delinquent taxes shall furnish a statement of the taxes on the separate properties of the said owner as requested and shall receive payments of taxes on the separate properties Provided That in case said taxes have been advertised or a lien has been entered that all costs therefor shall be paid and also provided That in case assessments of the separate properties have not been made that a certified statement of the assessed valuation of the separate properties as requested shall first be obtained from the board of assessors And provided further That the collector of delinquent taxes may in his discretion refuse to allow a separation of taxes unless the separate properties if contiguous are shown on a recorded plan

This act shall take effect the first day of July Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and fifteen

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 516, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Board of Game Commissioners for the payment of salaries traveling expenses establishment maintenance and protection of game preserves feeding propagation and distribution of game leasing of land for game preserves and various incidental expenses

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of three hundred and thirty-four thousand eight hundred dollars ($334,800) is hereby specifically appropriated to the Board of Game Commissioners of this Commonwealth for the payment of the salary of the secretary of the said board who is also the chief game protector for the years one thousand nine hundred fifteen and one thousand nine hundred sixteen at five thousand dollars per annum (ten thousand dollars) for the payment of the salary of the assistant chief game protector for the years one thousand nine hundred fifteen and one thousand nine hundred sixteen at two thousand dollars (four thousand dollars) for the payment of the salary of a clerk who shall be a bookkeeper stenographer and typewriter for the years one thousand nine hundred fifteen and one thousand nine hundred sixteen at fifteen hundred dollars per annum (three thousand dollars) for the payment of the salary of one clerk who shall be a stenographer and typewriter for the years one thousand nine hundred fifteen and one thousand nine hundred sixteen at fourteen hundred dollars per annum (two thousand eight hundred dollars) for the payment of salaries of fifty game protectors during the years one thousand nine hundred fifteen and one thousand nine hundred sixten at the rate of one hundreds dollars per month (one hundred and twenty thousand dollars) for the payment of the traveling and all necessary expenses for the Board of Game Commissioners and the game protectors for the payment of services rendered or expenses incurred by either deputy game protectors or special game protectors under a specific and written order of the chief game protector for the payment of incidental office expenses attorneys' fees and such other expenditures as may be deemed necessary by the Board of Game Commissioners for the proper carrying out of the provision of an act creating the Board of Game Commissioners during the years one thousand nine hundred fifteen and one thousand nine hundred sixteen the sum of one hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars

For the purpose of establishing additional game preserves and the maintenance and protection of game preserves already established the protection of game feeding of game and the propagation and the distribution of game throughout the State as directed by the Board of Game Commissioners including the leasing of lands for game preserves during the years one thousand nine hundred fifteen and one thousand nine hundred sixteen the sum of seventy thousand dollars

Moneys hereby appropriated shall be paid monthly to the secretary of the Board of Game Commissioners upon the presentation of duly certified vouchers of the expenditures of money previously drawn and satisfactory proof to the Auditor General that the expenditure is necessary for the enforcement of the laws of the Commonwealth relative to the protection of game of song and insectivorous birds or for the intelligent and necessary carrying into effect the purpose for which said Board of Game Commissioners was created

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 694 (Senate Bill No. 180), entitled:

An Act to amend the first second and third sections of an act approved the eighteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act authorizing any county and city in any county in which the county seat is within the limits of such city to erect a joint county and municipal building providing for the conditions under which such building and authorizing said county and city to make a sale or exchange of properties under certain conditions for the purpose of securing such site authorizing the acquisition of additional property for such building by purchase or condemntion and authorizing the county to issue bonds in payment of any indebtedness incurred for its share of the cost of such buildings and land" by conferring upon such county and city additional powers relating to the design construction use administration operation and maintenance of such joint county and municipal building and also if deemed advisable for an independent power plant in connection therewith

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 727, entitled:

An Act to authorize the merger and consolidation of street railway corporations organized under the laws of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania with street railway corporations organized under the laws of other states where the lines of said street railway corporations meet at the state line of any state adjoining the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and form a continuous line with each other and validating all such mergers and consolidations theretofore made

The first and second sections were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from and after the passage of this act it shall be lawful for any street railway corporation organized and doing business in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to merge and consolidate with a street railway corporation organized under the laws of and doing business in any state adjoining the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania where the lines of said corporations meet at the dividing line between the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and the aforesaid state and form a continuous line with each other by the filing of a joint agreement for such merger and consolidation in the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and in the office of the Secretary of the State where such foreign corporation is organized and doing business

Section 2 The agreement filed by each of the respective companies with the Secretary of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and of the state wherein such foreign corporation is organized and operated shall show that such merger and consolidation was made with the consent of the holders of not less than two-thirds of the capital stock of each of said constituent companies Provided That a certificate of public convenience shall be secured from the Public Service Commission of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania as in the case of the merger and consolidation of corporations And provided also That such certificate when so made by the Public Service Commission as aforesaid shall be re-

corded in the offices for recording deeds and mortgages in all of the counties of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania wherein any of the lines of said consolidated street railway corporation are located

The third section was read as follows:

Section 3 All mergers and consolidations of street railway corporations organized and doing business in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania with street railway corporations organized and doing business under the laws of any state adjoining the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania where the lines of said corporations meet at the dividing line between the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and the aforesaid state and form a continuous line with each other heretofore made where it shall appear that said merger and consolidation was made with the consent of the holders of not less than two thirds of the capital stock of each of said constituent companies are hereby validated and made good in law and such corporation when so merged and consolidated as aforesaid shall have possess and enjoy all and singular the rights privileges and franchises conferred upon merged and consolidated corporations by the act approved the twenty-fourth day of March Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five entitled "An Act supplementary to an act regulating railroad companies approved the nineteenth day of February Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and forty-nine and its supplements" subject to all regulations and requirements of law heretofore or hereafter enacted Provided That a certificate of public convenience shall first be secured from the Public Service Commission of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania as in the case of the merger and consolidation of corporations And provided also That such certificate when so made by the Public Service Commission as aforesaid shall be recorded in the offices for recording deeds and mortgages in all of the counties of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania wherein any of the lines of said consolidated street railway corporation are located

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. STONE. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 3, line 19, by striking out the double quote after the word supplements" and inserting in lieu thereof after the word nine" a double quote.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to,

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The title was read and agreed to as follows:

An Act to authorize the merger and consolidation of street railway corporations organized under the laws of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania with street railway corporations organized under the laws of other states where the lines of said street railway corporations meet at the state line of any state adjoining the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and form a continuous line with each other and validating all such mergers and consolidations heretofore made

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

RECONSIDERATION OF VOTE.

Mr. EVANS. Mr. Speaker, I move that the vote by which House Bill No. 476, entitled:

An Act regulating the sale of vinous spiritous malt and brewed liquors and admixtures thereof by limiting the hours during which said vinous spiritous malt and brewed liquors may be sold and providing a penalty for violation thereof

passed second reading be reconsidered.

Mr. THOMAS. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. EVANS. Mr. Speaker, I move that House Bill No. 476, entitled:

An Act regulating the sale of vinous spirituous malt and brewed liquors and admixtures thereof by limiting the hours during which said vinous spirituous malt and brewed liquors may be sold and providing a penalty for violation thereof

be recommitted to the Committee on Law and Order for the purpose of a hearing.

Mr. LIPSCHUTZ. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 658, as follows:

An Act transferring from certain funds to another certain moneys appropriated to the State Livestock Sanitary Board

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from the fund or amount appropriated at the last session of the General Assembly to the State Livestock Sanitary Board for the payment of the expenses of the State Meat Hygiene Service and for the payment of salaries and actual expenses of the agents of the State Livestock Sanitary Board in the Meat Hygiene Service as provided by law the sum of four thousand five hundred dollars is hereby transferred to the fund for the enforcement of the acts of May twenty-first one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five and March thirtieth one thousand nine hundred and five and subsequent acts and for the payment of indemnity for animals afflicted with dangerous contagious or infectious diseases and for the expense of detecting quarantining and disposing of such animals as provided by law From the amount of fund appropriated at the same session to the State Livestock Sanitary Board for the control and suppression of rabies and the quarantine of dogs as required by the act of March twenty-seven one thousand nine hundred and three and subsequent acts the sum of one thousand five hundred dollars is hereby transferred to the said fund for the enforcement of the acts of May twenty-first one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five and March thirtieth one thousand nine hundred and five and subsequent acts and for the payment of indemnity for animals afflicted with dangerous contagious or infectious diseases and for the expense of detecting quarantining and disposing of such animals as provided by law The Auditor General shall draw his warrants and the State Treasurer shall make payments accordingly

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 668, as follows:

An Act empowering cities of the second class to charge toll or rental for the use of the bridges owned or controlled by said cities

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That cities of the second class are hereby authorized and empowered to charge a toll or rental of all persons firms or corporations using the bridges owned or controlled by said cities

Section 2 The amounts to be charged for the use of said bridges of the various persons firms or corporations using the same shall be fixed by ordinance from time to time provided however that the total amount to be received annually by the said cities from the users of any bridge therein shall not except under the conditions hereinafter provided exceed the amount necessary to provide for the annual maintenance renewal and repair of said bridge together with the amount necessary to create a sinking fund which will be sufficient to cover the cost of a new adequate and modern bridge together with the approaches thereto at the end of the useful life of the existing bridge and its approaches

In fixing the rates of toll or the rentals to be charged for the different kinds and characters of users of said bridges the said cities shall take into account any special use made of said bridge by any person firm or corporation having its fixtures and appliances thereon and any exclusive or permanent rights thereon and said city shall also consider the question of whether the special or peculiar use made by any person firm or corporation of said bridge has a tendency to reduce the useful life of said bridge or adds to the ordinary cost of maintenance renewals and repairs

If the presence and location of tracks poles wires and other appliances and the operation of cars on the said bridge has caused the said city to expend an additional sum for the original cost acquisition or maintenance of said bridge the said city may consider and determine the increased cost of construction and repair by reason of the location and maintenance of the said appliances and fixtures and the operation of cars thereon over and above the amount which would have been necessary to construct and keep in repair a bridge adequate for the general public without provision for such fixtures and appliances and the operation of cars

thereon and may charge the said persons firms or corporations having the said appliances and fixtures and operating cars thereon an amount equal to five per centum per annum as interest upon the aforesaid items of additional cost of said structure in addition to the charges for maintenance and operation and for a sinking fund herein before provided

Said cities may charge any one or more of the various classes of users of said bridge as may be provided by ordinance without charging all of the various classes of users of said bridge provided however That there shall be no unreasonable discrimination within the same class of users of said bridge

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 695 (Senate Bill No. 179), entitled:

An Act empowering cities of the second class to construct and maintain street railway tracks and equipment for the operation of street cars and to lease said tracks and equipment upon payment of a reasonable rental to persons or corporations desiring to use the same for the operation of street cars

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 648, as follows:

An Act to repeal an act approved the sixteenth day of March one thousand eight hundred sixty-seven entitled "An Act regulating the salary of the treasurer of Lehigh County"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That an act entitled "An Act regulating the salary of the treasurer of Lehigh County" approved the sixteenth day of March one thousand eight hundred sixty-seven Pamphlet Laws four hundred and eighty-five is hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

RECONSIDERATION OF VOTE.

Mr. RONEY. Mr. Speaker, I move that the vote by which House Bill No. 317, File Folio 1813, entitled:

An Act to repeal an act approved the twenty-sixth day of April one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three entitled "An Act relative to the eligibility of candidates for the office of district attorney"

was defeated on final passage be reconsidered.

Mr. FORSTER. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the question?

Mr. RONEY. Mr. Speaker, this is the district attorney bill that was defeated a little while ago. I trust the House will consent to reconsider this vote because we will then have that bill recommitted to the Committee on Judiciary General and put it in such shape that it will be unobjectionable.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the motion?

It was agreed to.

Mr. RONEY. Mr. Speaker, I move that the vote by which House Bill No. 317, File Folio 1813, was defeated on third reading be reconsidered.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. RONEY. Mr. Speaker, I move that House Bill No. 317, File Folio 1813, be recommitted to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. FLYNN. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. FORSTER asked and obtained unanimous consent to report a bill from committee at this time.

Mr. FORSTER, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 437, entitled:

An Act to amend an act, entitled "An Act to limit the duration upon real estate of the debts of decedents, including the expenses of the settlement of the estate, and to provide under what conditions the lien may be continued," approved the third day of May, one thousand nine hundred and nine, so as to restrict the revival of judgment liens by the death of the debtor to real estate still owned by said decedent at the date of his death.

ADJOURNMENT.

Mr. BERNTHEISEL. Mr. Speaker, I move that the House do now adjourn.

The motion was agreed to and (at 11:05 P. M.) the House adjourned until to-morrow morning at 10 o'clock.

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA.

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Session 1915 — 121st of the General Assembly

VOL. 3. HARRISBURG, PA., TUESDAY, MARCH 16, 1915 No. 25.

SENATE.

TUESDAY, March 16, 1915.

The Senate met at 3.00 o'clock P. M.

The PRESIDENT (Lieutenant-Governor Frank B. McClain) in the Chair.

PRAYER.

The Chaplain, Rev. Thomas W. Davis, offered the following prayer:

Almighty God, our Heavenly Father, we thank Thee for this beautiful day, and the preservation of our lives. We pray Thy blessing upon those members of the Senate who are here and those who are absent, Thy blessing upon the President of the Senate and all of their families, and as we are today the result of what our lives were yesterday, so tomorrow we will be according to what we are sowing today. Grant that we may so live from day to day that we may contribute the largest amount of good to our fellows, and the largest amount of development in the way of peace and happiness to ourselves. We ask in our Saviour's name. Amen.

The PRESIDENT. A quorum of the Senate being present the Clerk will read the Journal of the preceding session.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of the preceding session, when, on motion of Mr. VARE, the further reading was dispensed with, and the Journal was approved.

PETITIONS FAVORING COUNTY LOCAL OPTION LAW.

Mr. THOMPSON presented petition of the Central Presbyterian Church of New Castle, Lawrence County, Pa. and eight petitions of Sunday School Classes thereof, praying for the passage of a county local option law.

Which were referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

He also presented petition of Men's Bible Class of the Epworth Methodist Episcopal Church of New Castle, Lawrence County, Pa. praying for the passage of a county local option law.

Which was referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

He also presented petition of Men's Bible Class of the First United Presbyterian Church of Rochester, Beaver County, Pennsylvania, praying for the passage of a County local option law.

Which was referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

He also presented petition of the Methodist Episcopal Church of Ellwood City, Beaver County, Pa., praying for the passage of a county local option law.

Which was referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

He also presented petition of Progressive Club of Beaver, Beaver County, Pa., praying for the passage of a county local option law.

Which was referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

He also presented petition of the First Presbyterian Sunday School of New Castle, Lawrence County, Pennsylvania, praying for the passage of a county local option law.

Which was referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

He also presented petition of the First Methodist Episcopal Church of New Castle, Lawrence County, Pa., praying for the passage of a county local option law.

Which was referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

Mr. JENKINS presented petition of Union Sunday School, Germantown, Philadelphia, praying for the passage of a local option law.

Which was referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

Mr. WASBERS presented two petitions of citizens of York County, Pennsylvania, praying for the passage of a county local option law.

Which was referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

The Chair presented petition of the Pennsylvania State Sabbath School Association, praying for the passage of a county local option law.

Which was referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

He also presented petition of citizens of York County praying for the passage of a county local option law.

Which was referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

He also presented five petitions of the citizens of Delaware County, Pennsylvania, praying for the passage of a county local option law.

Which were referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

Mr. WARNER presented petition of the citizens of Waymark, Wayne County, praying for the passage of a county local option law.

Which was referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

He also presented the petition of the Women's Christian Temperance Union of Lehighton, Carbon Co., praying for the passage of a county local option law.

Which was referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

Mr. THOMPSON presented petition of the First Baptist Church of New Castle, Lawrence County, Pa., praying for the passage of a county local option law.

Which was referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

AGAINST SENATE BILL NO. 93.

The Chair presented petition of the Fraternal Brotherhood meeting in San Francisco against the passage of Senate Bill No. 93.

Which was referred to the Committee on Insurance.

FAVORING CHILD LABOR BILL.

Mr. THOMPSON presented a petition of the Young Women's Christian Association of New Castle, Lawrence County, Pennsylvania, praying for the passage of the Child Labor Law.

Which was referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

SENATE BILL NO. 164.

Mr. THOMPSON presented petition of the Committee of the Pittsburgh Firemen praying for the passage of Senate Bill No. 164.

Which was referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

PRAYING FOR REPEAL OF PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION LAW OF 1913.

Mr. THOMPSON presented petition of Freedom Borough Council, Beaver County, and petition of Rochester Borough

Council, Beaver County, praying for the repeal of the public Service Commission Law of 1913.

Which were referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

BILLS SIGNED.

The PRESIDENT (Lieutenant-Governor Frank B. McClain) announced that the Chief Clerk having reported that the following bills had passed both houses of the General Assembly and the same being correct, the titles were publicly read as follows:

House Bill No. 40, entitled:

An Act designating the mountain laurel (Kalmina latifolia) as the flower emblem or State flower of this Commonwealth

House Bill No. 108, entitled:

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to section one Article eight of the Constitution of Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 176, entitled:

An Act requiring county commissioners in certain counties to provide quarters in the county buildings for the official county association of physicians and surgeons

Whereupon,

The PRESIDENT (Lieutenant-Governor Frank B. McClain) in the presence of the Senate signed the same.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 111.

The Chair cleared his table and laid before the Senate communication from the House of Representatives returning to the Senate, Senate Bill No. 111, entitled:

An Act authorizing cities of the first and second classes to appropriate city funds for the maintenance of historical societies

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 63.

He also laid before the Senate communication from the House of Representatives returning to the Senate, Senate Bill No. 63, entitled:

An Act relating to moneys heretofore deposited in State Treasury prior to December thirty-first Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen by the State Highway Department as fees for registration of motor-vehicles and the licensing of operators and appropriation thereof

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 153.

He also laid before the Senate communication from the House of Representatives returning to the Senate, Senate Bill No. 153, entitled:

An Act to establish and regulate the fees to be charged and collected by sheriffs in counties of this Commonwealth having a population of not less than five hundred thousand nor more than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants as computed by the last preceding United States census the time and manner in which said fees shall be paid the publication and posting of said fees the delivery of an itemized receipt for official fees and legal costs received and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 112.

He also laid before the Senate communication from the House of Representatives returning to the Senate, Senate Bill No. 112, entitled:

An Act to amend the first section of an act entitled "An Act to encourage county historical societies" approved the twenty-first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred one so as to provide that the commissioners board in counties where the population exceeds one million may appropriate a sum not exceeding one thousand dollars annually to the chief historical society in said county

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 92.

He also laid before the Senate communication from the House of Representatives returning to the Senate, Senate Bill No. 92, entitled:

An Act requiring certain petitions and papers to be verified before being considered by the court

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 237.

He also laid before the Senate communication from the House of Representatives returning to the Senate, Senate Bill No. 237, entitled:

An Act relating to the admission of attorneys at law to the Supreme and Superior Courts

with the information that the House had passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE BILLS FOR CONCURRENCE.

He also laid before the Senate bills of the House of Representatives for concurrence as follows:

House Bill No. 240 (Senate Bill No. 514), entitled:

An Act creating a reward or bounty for the destruction of certain noxious animals killed within the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania providing a method for the payment of the same and providing the method of furnishing evidence of said destruction and penalties for the violation of the several provisions hereof

Which was committed to the Committee on Game and Fisheries.

House Bill No. 457 (Senate Bill No. 515), entitled:

An Act to amend section two of an act entitled "An Act for the better protection of the wild birds known as the turtle or mourning dove the kill-deer plover and the bird commonly called the blackbird in Pennsylvania and prescribing penalties for violation of its provisions" approved the twenty-first day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen Pamphlet Laws eight by extending the power to destroy birds commonly called blackbirds

Which was committed to the Committee on Game and Fisheries.

House Bill No. 544 (Senate Bill No. 516), entitled:

An Act authorizing the adoption of an amortized basis for valuing the bond investments of life insurance companies

Which was committed to the Committee on Insurance.

House Bill No. 196 (Senate Bill No. 517), entitled:

An Act providing for the appointment and expenses of a commission of three persons learned in the law to codify and revise the law of decedents' estates and making an appropriation

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 410 (Senate Bill No. 518), entitled:

Joint Resolution authorizing the printing and binding of the Report of the Commission to consider the Revision and Amendment of the Penal Laws of Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Public Printing.

House Bill No. 637 (Senate Bill No. 519), entitled:

Validating contracts bonds or obligations of or belonging to corporations of other states made entered into or acquired prior to the passage of an act entitled "An Act to regulate the doing of business in this Commonwealth by foreign corporations the registration thereof and service of process thereon and providing punishment and penalties for the violation of its provisions and repealing previous legislation on the subject" approved the eighth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven Pamphlet Laws seven hundred and ten without such corporations first

having established known places of business and designated authorized agents for the transaction of their business within this Commonwealth and providing for the enforcement of such contracts bonds or obligations upon the payments of a penalty and taxes to the Commonwealth

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

House Bill No. 687 (Senate Bill No. 520), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the ninth day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one entitled "An Act authorizing companies incorporated under the laws of any other state of the United States for the manufacture of any form of iron steel or glass to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments and to take have and hold real estate necessary and proper for manufacturing purposes" as amended by extending the same to companies incorporated for the purpose of the manufacture and sale of explosives

Which was committed to the Committee on Corporations.

House Bill No. 519 (Senate Bill No. 521), entitled:

An Act to authorize the revising editing and printing of twenty-five thousand copies bulletin number two hundred and nineteen entitled "Increasing the Winter Yield of Eggs" issued by the Department of Agriculture and making an appropriation therefor

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 653 (Senate Bill No. 522), entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to provide for State registration of nurses to establish a State Board of Examiners in connection therewith and to provide penalties for the violation of certain provisions regarding such registration" approved the first day of May one thousand nine hundred and nine providing further regulation as to applications for examination for registration of nurses and the fee chargeable therefor and providing for the making of reports of training schools for nurses whose competency for instruction is approved by the said board

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

House Bill No. 121 (Senate Bill No. 523), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the State Hospital at Nanticoke Luzerne county Pennsylvania for the payment of indebtedness against said hospital buildings equipment and grounds

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 658 (Senate Bill No. 524), entitled:

Transferring from certain funds to another certain moneys appropriated to the State Livestock Sanitary Board

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 404 (Senate Bill No. 525), entitled:

An Act to amend revise and consolidate the law relating to boroughs

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

House Bill No. 722 (Senate Bill No. 526), entitled:

An Act regulating the manufacture and sale of commercial fertilizers

Which was committed to the Committee on Agriculture.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. KURTZ from the Committee on Public Roads and Highways reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 359, entitled:

An Act to repeal an act entitled "An Act to authorize and require road supervisors to erect and maintain suitable foot bridges for the accommodation of pedestrians across streams where public roads cross such streams," approved the 23d day of April, 1909.

Mr. VARE, from the Committee on Municipal Affairs, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 430, entitled:

An Act relative to the holding of magistrates courts in cities of the first class.

Also from the Committee on Municipal Affairs, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 432, entitled:

An Act relative to the powers of magistrates in cities of the first class.

Also from the Committee on Municipal Affairs, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 474, entitled:

An Act authorizing cities to regulate and license certain motor vehicles.

Mr. CATLIN, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 267 (House Bill No. 219), entitled:

An Act granting to boroughs and incorporated towns the right of eminent domain for certain purposes and regulating the procedure thereunder.

Mr. KURTZ, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 470, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the 25th day of July, 1913, entitled "An Act to protect the public health and welfare by regulating the employment of females in certain establishments, with respect to their hours of labor and the conditions of their employment; by establishing certain sanitary regulations in the establishments in which they work; by requiring certain abstracts and notices to be posted; by providing for the enforcement of this act by the Commissioner of Labor and Industry and others; by prescribing penalties for violations thereof; by defining the procedure in prosecutions; and by repealing all acts and parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions thereof," by making certain exemption relative to telephone operators.

Mr. VARE, from the Committee on Municipal Affairs, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 213, entitled:

An Act to amend section one of article four of an act approved the 27th day of June, 1913, P. L. 568, entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation, regulation and government of cities of the third class; regulating nomination and election of municipal officers therein; and repealing, consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto."

Also from the Committee on Municipal Affairs reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 473, entitled:

An Act to amend the first section of an act approved the 25th day of April, 1907 (P. L. 103), entitled "A supplement to the act of April 3d, 1851, entitled 'An Act regulating boroughs,' providing for the election of a borough solicitor, fixing the term of office, and prescribing his duties and authorizing the town council to fix his compensation," as amended by an act approved the 5th day of June, 1913, P. L. 409, entitled "An Act to amend the 1st section of an act approved the 25th day of April, 1907, P. L. 103, entitled 'A supplement to the act of April 3d, 1851, entitled 'An Act regulating boroughs,' providing for the election of a borough solicitor, fixing the term of office and prescribing his duties, and authorizing the town council to fix his compensation,' so as to include all boroughs and by changing the length of the term and the time of the election of borough solicitors and extending the terms of the borough solicitors holding office under the act of April 25th, 1907, and providing for the furnishing of a bond by a trust or bonding company," so as to extend the terms of the borough solicitors holding office under said act of April 25th, 1907, which expire at any time between the first Monday of January, 1916, and the first Monday of January, 1918.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

Mr. HOMSHER read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 527, entitled:

An Act declaring valid certain municipal liens under and by the authority of an act approved the 15th day of May, 1889, entitled "An Act to enable boroughs to adopt and construct sewage systems and to assess and collect the cost thereof," and authorizing the passage of an ordinance amending an original ordinance where the route of any sewer has been changed during the course of its construction.

Which was committed to the Committee on Municipal Affairs.

Mr. CROFT read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 528, entitled:

An Act to regulate the assessment on seated lands where township lines divide a tract of land and to determine the residence of owners and occupants of land, when the divid-

ing line between any two townships passes through the mansion house, and prescribing the duties of assessors in such cases.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. JENKINS read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 529, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Florence Crittenton Home, located at one hundred thirty-nine Queen street, Germantown, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. PATTON read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 530, entitled:

An Act to amend sections seven and eleven of an act, entitled "An Act to regulate the nomination and election of public officers, requiring certain expenses incident thereto to be paid by the several counties, and punishing certain offences in regard to such elections," approved the 10th day of June, 1893.

Which was committed to the Committee on Elections.

Mr. TOMPKINS read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 531, entitled:

An Act to repeal an act approved the 24th day of July, 1913, entitled "An Act to regulate nominations and elections for all elective offices of cities of the second class and all offices of judge of a court of record; providing for nonportisan nominations and elections for said offices; abolishing certain existing methods of nomination in such cases and the use of party or political names or appellations at elections with respect to said offices; imposing certain duties upon the Secretary of the Commonwealth, county commissioners, and election officers and clerks; and providing penalties for the violation of the provisions hereof, and the punishment of certain offenses."

Which was committed to the Committee on Elections.

Mr. SEMMENS (by request) read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 532, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the 25th day of July, 1913, entitled "An Act to protect the public health and welfare, by regulating the employment of females in certain establishments, with respect to their hours of labor and the conditions of their employment; by establishing certain sanitary regulations in the establishments in which they work; by requiring certain abstracts and notices to be posted; by providing for the enforcement of this act by the Commissioner of Labor and Industry and others; by prescribing penalties for violations thereof, by defining the procedure in prosecutions; and by repealing all acts and parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions thereof," by extending it to work in private homes.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

Mr. McNICHOL read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 533, entitled:

An Act to amend sections fifteen and eighteen of an act, entitled "An Act to provide for the personal registration of electors and their enrollment as members of political parties in cities of the first and second classes of this Commonwealth to make such registration a condition of the right to vote in such cities and their said enrollment as members of a political party a condition of the right to vote at primaries in said cities and providing for the payment of witness fees for persons summoned before the commissioners to provide penalties for violation of its provisions and to repeal acts inconsistent herewith approved the 24th day of July, 1913.

Which was committed to the Committee on Elections.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 534, entitled:

An Act to amend section six of an act, entitled "An Act to provide for the personal registration of electors and their enrollment as members of political parties in cities of the first and second classes of this Commonwealth to make such registration a condition of the right to vote in such cities and their said enrollment as members of a political party a condition of the right to vote at primaries in said cities and providing for the payment of witness fees for persons summoned before the commissioners to provide penalties for violations of its provisions and to repeal acts inconsistent herewith," approved the 24th day of July, 1913.

Which was committed to the Committee on Elections.

Mr. CATLIN read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 535, entitled:

An Act amending the first and seventeenth sections of an act approved the 17th day of June, 1913, entitled "An Act to provide revenue for State and county purposes and in cities coextensive with counties for city and county purposes imposing taxes upon certain classes of personal property," providing for the assessment and collection of the same; providing for the duties and compensation of prothonotaries and recorders in connection therewith and modifying existing legislation which provided for raising revenue for State purposes by authorizing the return by the county of part of said taxes collected in cities of the third class to such cities, relating to taxing bonds mortgages and other securities, and also by removing exemption of life and fire insurance corporations having no capital stock from the provisions of the act."

Which was committeed to the Committee on Finance.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair, Senate bill No. 536, entitled:

An Act creating a Division of Municipal Reference Statistics and Information in the Department of Labor and Industry, and fixing the compensation of officers and employes therein.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

Mr. THOMPSON read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 537, entitled:

An Act authorizing and regulating the giving of a set of colors state and national to certain Veteran Associations and making an appropriation

Which was committed to the Committee on Military Affairs.

Mr. W. W. SMITH read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 538, entitled:

An Act to amend an act, entitled "An Act regulating the publication of advertisements and notices, required by law to be published in counties of this Commonwealth, in newspapers published in the English language," approved the 30th day of April, 1901

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 539, entitled:

An Act repealing section three of an act, entitled "An Act to regulate the nomination and election of public officers, requiring certain expenses incident thereto to be paid by the several counties, and punishing certain offences in regard to such elections," approved the 10th day of June 1893, as amended by an act approved the 9th day of July, 1897

Which was committed to the Committee on Elections.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 540, entitled:

An Act to amend section five of an act, entitled "An Act regulating certain political parties; providing for and regulating the nomination of candidates of such political parties for certain public offices, the election of delegates and alternate delegates to National party conventions, and of certain party officers, including State committeemen; a method whereby electors of such political parties may express their choice of candidates for the office of President of the United States; and the payment by the several counties, and their re-imbursement by the States of the expenses of the same; authorizing the State committee of a political party to make, and to alter, amend, and revoke rules; and providing penalties for the violation of the provisions of this act, and for the punishment of certain offenses provided herein; and for the punishment of certain offenses provided for herein; and repealing inconsistent legislation," approved the 12th day of July, A. D. 1913.

Which was committed to the Committee on Elections.

Mr. VARE read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 541, entitled.

An Act to amend section one of an act, entitled "An Atc regulating the advertisement of all notices required to be published by law in cities of the first and second class," approved the 2d day of July, A. D. 1895.

Which was committed to the Committee on Municipal Affairs.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 542, entitled

An Act to amend section one of an act, entitled "An Act regulating the advertisement of all notices required to be published by law in cities of the first and second class," approved the 2d day of July, A. D. 1895.

Which was committed to the Committee on Municipal Affairs.

Mr. HOMSHER (at the request of Mr. MOORE) read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 543, entitled:

An Act providing for the appointment and future election of a municipal division board in counties having located therein a city of the second class, the number and kinds of members thereof, the term for which appointed, and elected, the organization, powers and duties thereof, the compensation of said members and the manner of providing for the necessary expenses for the operation of said Board.

Which was committed to the Committee on Municipal Affairs.

Mr. DeWITT read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 544, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Board of Commissioners of Public Grounds and Buildings for erecting certain bridges.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations

Mr. THOMPSON read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 545, entitled:

An Act to amend an act, entitled "An Act to amend an act, entitled 'An Act to amend an act, entitled "An Act to amend an act, entitled 'An Act to amend an act, entitled "An Act authorizing companies incorporated under the laws of any other State of the United States for the manufacture of any form of iron, steel, or glass, to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments, and to take, have, and hold real estate necessary and proper for manufacturing purposes," approved the 9th day of June, A. D. 1881, extending the same to companies formed for the purpose of quarrying slate, granite, stone or rocks, or for dressing, polishing, working, or manufacturing the same, or any of them, and to mineral springs companies incorporated for the purpose of bottling and selling natural mineral springs water, approved the 16th day of June, A. D. 1893,' approved the 19th day of April, A. D. 1901, extending the same to companies formed for the purposes of manufacturing and selling chemicals, food stuffs, cement and cement products and the quarrying of cement rock," approved May 28, 1907, extending the same to companies incorporated for the manufacture, buying, selling, leasing, using and operation of electrical apparatus and machinery and articles of every kind appertaining to or in any wise connected with the production, use, regulation, control distribution or application of electricity or electrical energy or products for any use or purpose; constructing, acquiring, using, selling, buying or leasing any works, construction or plant, or part thereof, connected with or involving such use, distribution, regulation, control or application of electricity or the control or use of electrical apparatus for any purpose; and of producing furnishing and supplying electricity or electrical apparatus in any form and for any purpose and to carry on a general manufacturing business,'" approved the 23d day of June, 1911; extending the same to corporations engaged in the manufacture, buying, selling, dealing in and using of collapsible tubes and metal specialties

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

Mr. VARE read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 546, entitled:

An Act relating to election expenses at primary and general elections of judges of courts of record in this Commonwealth; limiting the amount of such expenses and providing for the payment by the Commonwealth of the election expenses of judicial candidates at general elections: and providing penalties for the violation of the provisions hereof

Which was committed to the Committee on Elections.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 547, entitled:

An Act supplementing and amending sections three, five and six of an act, entitled "An Act to establish and maintain for the City of Philadelphia, a house of correction, employment and reformation for adults and minors," approved the 2nd day of June, 1871, as amended by the act of 1st of June, 1885, and as amended by the Act 20th of April, 1903, by depriving the mayor or recorder, or any alderman of the City of Philadelphia or police magistrate or justice of the peace from any jurisdiction over certain causes set out in such act, and placing the said jurisdiction over such causes in a judge or judges of the Municipal Court of Philadelphia.

Which was committed to the Committee on Municipal Affairs.

BILLS ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate resumed the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 336, as follows:

An Act to amend the fifth section of an act approved the nineteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four entitled "An Act relating to the organization and jurisdiction of orphans' courts and to establish a seperate orphans' court in and for counties having more than one hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants and to provide for the election of judges thereof" as amended by an act approved the sixth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled "An Act to further amend the fifth section of an act entitled 'An Act relating to the organization and jurisdiction of the orphans' court and establishing a seperate orphans' court in and for counties having more than one hundred fifty thousand inhabitants and to provide for the election of judges thereof" approved May nineteenth Anno Domini eighteen hundred and seventy-four as amended by an act approved the twenty ninth day of April Anno Domini eighteen hundred and ninety-seven fixing and determining the salaries of the assistant clerks of said court" by vesting the appointment of the first assistant clerk of said courts in the respective judges thereof and providing that this amendment shall not apply to counties having a population over seven hundred thousand

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representative of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the fifth section of an act approved the nineteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four entitled "An Act relating to the organization and jurisdiction of orphans' courts and to establish a seperate orphans' court in and for counties having more than one hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants and to provide for the election of judges thereof" as amended by an act approved the sixth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled "An Act to further amend the fifth section of an act entitled 'An Act relating to the organization and jurisdiction of the orphans' court and establishing a seperate orphans' court in and for counties having more than one hundred fifty thousand inhabitants and to provide for the election of judges thereof' approved May nineteenth Anno Domini eighteen hundred and seventy-four as amended by an act approved the twenty-ninth day of April Anno Domini eighteen hundred and ninety-seven fixing and determining the salaries of the assistant clerks of said court" which now reads

"Section 5 The register of wills of each and every county containing over one hundred fifty thousand inhabitants in which a seperate orphans' court is or may be hereafter established shall be clerk of such orphans' court and subject to its directions in all matters pertaining to his office and he may appoint assistant clerks but only with the consent and approval of said court who shall receive annual salaries payable monthly by the treasurer of said respective counties as follows to wit In counties containing over two hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants the first assistant thirty-five hundred dollars the second assistant twenty-five hundred dollars and the third assistant eighteen hundred dollars and in counties not containing over two hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants the first assistant twenty-five hundred dollars the second assistant two thousand dollars and the third assistant fourteen hundred dollars the annual salaries of all other assistants to be fixed by the judge or judges of said court but said annual salaries not to exceed fifteen hundred dollars each in the larger counties and twelve hundred dollars each in the smaller counties as above classified which salaries shall be paid out of the fees of said office paid into the treasury of the county upon bills attested by said register and countersigned by a judge of said court But in the event that the fees received in said office of register of wills be not sufficient to fully pay the register and his assistants then payment shall be made in full to the said register of wills but to his assistants in manner as follows namely where there are more than one assistant then the balance of fees remaining to the credit of said office of register of will shall be divided among each of said assistants in proportion as his salary shall stand to the whole" is hereby amended so as to read

Section 5 The register of wills of each and every county containing over one hundred fifty thousand inhabitants in which a separate orphans' court is or may be hereafter established shall be clerk of such orphans' court and subject to its directions in all matters pertaining to his office The judge or judges of said court in counties containing a population of less than seven hundred thousand may appoint the first assistant clerk and the said register of wills may with the consent and approval of said court appoint additional assistant clerks Said clerks shall receive annual salaries payable monthly by the treasurer of said respective counties as follows to wit In counties containing over two hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants the first

assistant thirty-five hundred dollars the second assistant twenty-five hundred dollars and the third assistant eighteen hundred dollars and in counties not containing over two hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants the first assistant twenty-five hundred dollars the second assistant two thousand dollars and the third assistant fourteen hundred dollars the annual salaries of all other assistants to be fixed by the judge or judges of said court but said annual salaries not to exceed fifteen hundred dollars each in the larger counties and twelve hundred dollars each in the smaller counties as above classified which salaries shall be paid out of the fees of said office paid into the treasury of the county upon bills attested by said register and countersigned by a judge of said court But in the event that the fees received in said office of register of wills be not sufficient to fully pay the register and his assistants then payment shall be made in full to the said register of wills but to his assistants in manner as follows namely where there are more than one assistant then the balance of fees remaining to the credit of said office or register of wills shall be divided among each of said assistants in proportion as his salary shall stand to the whole.

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—31.

Burke,	Gyger,	Miller,	Snyder, P. W.,
Catlin,	Hindman,	Moore,	Sproul,
Croft,	Homsher,	Patton,	Stewart,
Crow,	Jenkins,	Salus,	Thompson,
DeWitt,	Kurtz,	Schantz,	Tompkins,
Endsley,	McConnell,	Smith, R. E.,	Vare,
Farley,	McKee, W. S.,	Smith, W. W.,	Warner,
Graff,	McNichol,	Snyder, C. A.,	

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate resumed the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 343, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-seventh day of June one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation regulation and government of cities of the third class regulating nomination and election of municipal officers therein and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section four of article fifteen of an act approved the twenty-seventh day of June one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation regulation and government of cities of the third class regulating nomination and election of municipal officers therein and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto" which reads as follows

"Section 4 The assessor shall make or cause to be made during the year of the triennial assessment for county purposes a full just equal and impartial assessment of all property real personal and mixed and all matters and things within the city subject by law to taxation for city purposes and a just and perfect list of all property exempt by law from taxation with a just valuation of the same With his assessments he shall return such dimensions description or quantity of each lot or parcel of land as will be sufficient to identify the same together with the number and kind of improvements In all cases they shall value the property at such sums as the same would in their judgment bring at a fair public sale thereof And it shall be the further duty of said assessor to return annually a list of all the male inhabitants over twenty-one years of age" is amended to read as follows

Section 4 The assessor shall make or cause to be made during the year of the triennial assessment for county purposes a full just equal and impartial assessment of all property real personal and mixed and all matters and things within the city subject by law to taxation for city purposes and the assessment shall show such dimension description or quantity of each lot or parcel of land as will be sufficient to identify the same together with the number and kind of improvements In all cases they shall value the property at such sums as the same would in their judgment bring at a fair public sale thereof In making such assessments the assessor shall classify all real estate in the city in such manner and upon such testimony as may be adduced before him so as to distinguish between the buildings on land and land exclusive of the buildings and certify to the council of said city the aggregate valuation of city property subject to taxation It shall be the duty of said council in determining the rate for the years one thousand nine hundred sixteen one thousand nine hundred seventeen and one thousand nine hundred eighteen to assess a tax upon the buildings equal to eight-tenths of the highest rate of tax required to be assessed for those years and for the years one thousand nine hundred nineteen one thousand nine hundred twenty and one thousand nine hundred twenty-one to assess a tax upon the buildings equal to seven-tenths of the highest rate of tax required to be assessed for those years and for the years one thousand nine hundred twenty-two one thousand nine hundred twenty-three and one thousand nine hundred twenty-four to assess a tax upon the buildings equal to six-tenths of the highest rate of tax required to be assessed for those years and for the year one thousand nine hundred twenty-five and for each year thereafter to assess a tax upon the buildings equal to five-tenths of the highest rate of tax required to be assessed for the year one thousand nine hundred twenty-five and for each year thereafter respectively so that upon said classes of real estate of said city there shall in any year be two rates of taxation And it shall be the further duty of said assessors to return annually a list of all the male inhabitants over twenty-one years of age

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—29.

Catlin,	Homsher,	Moore,	Snyder, P. W.,
Croft,	Jenkins,	Patton,	Sproul,
Crow,	Kurtz,	Schantz,	Stewart,
Endsley,	McConnell,	Semmens,	Thompson,
Farley,	McKee, W. S.,	Smith, R. E.,	Tompkins,
Graff,	McNichol,	Smith, W. W.,	Vare,
Hilton,	Miller,	Snyder, C. A.,	Warner,
Hindman,			

NAY—1.

Burke,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate bill No. 45, as follows:

An Act to amend an act approved the fourteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act authorizing the board of county commissioners of the several counties of the State to appropriate money for co-operative agricultural extension work for the purpose of improving and developing the agricultural resources of the proper counties

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the first section of an act approved the fourteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act authorizing the board of county commissioners of the several counties of the State to appropriate money for co-operative agricultural extension work for the purpose of improving and developing the agricultural resources of the proper counties" which reads as follows

"Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the board of county commissioners of each county are hereby authorized to appropriate from the funds of the county a sum not to exceed fifteen hundred dollars ($1,500) annually for agricultural extension work in co-operation with the Pennsylvania State College in encouraging improved methods of farm management and home economics and giving practical instruction and demonstrations in agriculture for the purpose of improving and developing the agricultural resources of the county" is amended to read as follows

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That county commissioners when duly thereto requested in writing by Pennsylvania State College and by at least three hundred resident taxables and electors of the county shall appropriate annually from the funds of the county a sum not less than one thousand dollars and not to exceed three thousand dollars ($3,000) for agricultural extension work in co-operation with Pennsylvania State College in encouraging improved methods of farm management and home economics and in giving practical instruction and demonstrations in agricultural for the purpose of improving

and developing the agricultural resources of the county The agricultural expert shall be appointed by State College with the advice and consent of the home counties or county farm bureau

Two counties may unite in appropriating money to carry out jointly the purpose of this section One-half of the amount appropriated shall be paid by each county The aggregate amount appropriated by the two counties shall not be less than one thousand dollars nor more than three thousand dollars per annum

Section 2 The third section of said act which reads as follows

"Section 3 The money so appropriated shall be expended according to rules and regulations prescribed or approved by such board of county commissioners is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 3 The money so appropriated shall be expended according to rules and regulations approved by the board of county commissioners

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. HOMSHER. Mr. President, I think it would be a mistake to pass this amendment to our present law. The law at present provides that counties may make contributions to the farm bureau for agricultural extension work, and I think it may be safely left with the county commissioners to respond to a well founded demand for such work in the county. I think that the law goes far enough when it gives the privilege to make contributions without making it compulsory. I shall vote against the bill.

Mr. STEWART. Mr. President, I am sorry and regret to get into a controversy upon this bill. I have introduced this bill in good faith. I believe it to be a good bill. It transfers the agricultural work to our homes and the doorstep of every farmer in this Commonwealth. It is in operation in one of the counties of my district. It is a success and I think that there is nothing wrong in our county commissioners appropriating a portion of our own money to establish a farm bureau in connection with State College, because we want to meet the appropriation made by the national government and this is the only way in which we can meet it. I have provided that where counties are small two may be joined together by each appropriating their proportion of money necessary to carry on this farm bureau. I cannot see why this bill is not as fundamental as the School Law itself. We have our expert chosen through State College; we have a bureau composed of our farmers and other business men in our county seats and this expert is subject to the request of any farmer to be consulted on his own farm on agricultural matter and it certainly is bringing this agricultural work down to where it properly belongs, to the people. I hope that my fellow Senators will pass this bill.

And the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—27.

Burke,	Gyger,	Moore,	Snyder, P. W.,
Catlin,	Hilton,	Patton,	Sproul,
Croft,	Hindman,	Salus,	Stewart,
DeWitt,	Jenkins,	Semmens,	Thompson,
Endsley,	Kurtz,	Sensenich,	Tompkins,
Farley,	McNichol,	Smith, R. E.,	Warner,
Graff,	Miller,	Snyder, C. A.,	

NAYS—1.

Homsher,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE

Mr. CHARLES A. SNYDER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. CHARLES A. SNYDER from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 536, entitled:

An Act creating a Division of Municipal Reference Statistics and Information in the Department of Labor and Industry, and fixing the compensation of officers and employes therein

The ACTING PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE (Mr. W. C. Sproul) in the Chair.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 84, as follows:

An Act to amend an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That sections one thousand four hundred twenty-one and one thousand four hundred and twenty-two of an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hunderd eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith" which respectively read as follows

"Section 1421 No person in this Commonwealth either for himself or for any firm association or corporation shall during the term of compulsory attendance as fixed by the board of school directors in any school district and during the hours the public schools are in session accept service from engage or employ any child or children between eight and fourteen years of age nor shall he accept service from engage or employ any child or children between the ages of fourteen and sixteen years unless such child shall first furnish and deliver to such employer an employment certificate issued according to law"

"Section 1422 Any person or persons accepting service from or engaging or employing any child between eight and fourteen years of age during the term of compulsory attendance and while the schools are in session or accepting service from engaging or employing any child during the same period of time between the ages of fourteen and sixteen years without being first furnished by such child with an employment certificate or failing to furnish to the district superintendent of schools supervising principal attendance officer or secretary of the board of school directors the information required by this act concerning the children employed by him or them or shall fail to post for inspection at the place of employment of such children the list of children engaged by him or them as required by the provisions of this act shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be punished for a first offense by a fine of not less than ten dollars ($10.00) or more than twenty-five dollars ($25.00) or ten days' imprisonment in the county jail or either or both at the discretion of the court and for a subsequent offence shall be punished by a fine of not less than twenty dollars ($20.00) or more than ($50.00) or ninety days' imprisonment in the county jail or either or both at the discretion of the court" are amended to read respectively as follows

Section 1421 No person in this Commonwealth either for himself or for any firm association or corporation shall during the term of compulsory attendance as fixed by the board of school directors in any school district and during the hours the public schools are in session accept service from engage or employ any child or children between eight and fourteen years of age nor shall he accept service from engage or employ any child or children between the ages of fourteen and sixteen years unless such child shall first furnish and deliver to such employer an employment certificate issued according to law

If the child leaves such employment or is absent from such employment ten days the employer shall immediately in writing notify accordingly the school official who issued the certificate

Section 1422 Any person or persons accepting service from or engaging or employing any child between eight and fourteen years of age during the term of compulsory attendance and while the public schools are in session or accepting service from engaging or employing any child during the same period of time between the ages of fourteen and sixteen years without being first furnished by such child with an employment certificate or failing to furnish to the district superintendent of schools supervising principal attendance officer or secretary of the board of school directors the information required by this act concerning the children employed by him or them or shall fail to post

for inspection at the place of employment of such children the list of children engaged by him or them as required by the provisions of this act who shall fail to notify the proper school official as required by the last preceding section of this act shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be punished for a first offence by a fine of not less than ten dollars ($10.00) or more than twenty-five dollars ($25.00) or ten days' imprisonment in the county jail or either or both at the discretion of the court and for a subsequent offence shall be punished by a fine of not less than twenty dollars ($20.00) or more than fifty dollars ($50.00) or ninety days' imprisonment in the county jail or either or both at the discretion of the court

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—34.

Burke,	Hilton,	Moore,	Snyder, C. A.,
Catlin,	Hindman,	Patton,	Snyder, P. W.,
Croft,	Homsher,	Salus,	Sproul,
Crow,	Jenkins,	Schantz,	Stewart,
DeWitt,	Kurtz,	Semmens,	Thompson,
Endsley,	McConnell,	Sensenich,	Tompkins,
Farley,	McKee W. S.,	Smith, R. E.,	Vare,
Graff,	McNichol,	Smith, W. W.,	Warner,
Gyger,	Miller,		

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 114, as follows:

An Act providing for the printing binding and distribution of the Report of the Fiftieth Anniversary of the Battle of Gettysburg Commission entitled "Pennsylvania Gettysburg Reunion" and for the compiling editing proof reading and indexing thereof providing also for the preparation for filing of record in the State Library for their proper preservation therein of certain original manuscripts of the addresses delivered at said Reunion and of other original data souvenirs and records relative thereto and making appropriation therefor

Whereas The Report of the Fiftieth Anniversary of the Battle of Gettysburg Commission dated December thirty-first one thousand nine hundred thirteen and transmitted this General Assembly pursuant to the act of May thirteenth one thousand nine hundred nine creating said commission has been issued by the Commonwealth in most appropriate book form but in a limited edition and

Whereas said publication because of its authentic and excellent recital of all the important events connected with this Reunion of the Blue and the Gray on Gettysburg's historic field has aroused not only in this Commonwealth particularly but also throughout the nation the intense interest of the veterans of the Civil War as well as many others likewise interested in the history of those memorable days and of this great successful and unparalled Reunion a half century thereafter and

Whereas Of the original appropriations for said Reunion made to the aforesaid commission by the General Assemblies of Pennsylvania of one thousand nine hundred and nine one thousand nine hundred and eleven and one thousand nine hundred and thirteen which totaled four hundred and fifty thousand dollars ($450,000) there now remains in the State treasury an undrawn balance of thirty-five thousand dollars therefore

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the Superintendent of Public Printing and Binding is hereby authorized and directed to cause to be printed and bound at the expense of the Commonwealth and at the earliest date practicable within this year sixteeen thousand (16,000) copies and no more of the Report of the Commission known as the Fiftieth Anniversary of the Battle of Gettysburg Commission Such report shall be entitled "Pennsylvania Gettysburg Reunion" and shall be in the same general form and style as that heretofore issued by the Commonwealth

Section 2 The publication shall be compiled and edited by Lieutenant Colonel Lewis E. Beitler secretary of said commission and shall, be by him fully revised to date He shall prepare all necessary copy therefor read and correct all proofs thereof and arrange a summary index of the entire volume He shall also prepare for their filing of record in the State Library for their proper preservation therein the original manuscripts of the addresses delivered the reports of the participation in the said reunion by the several Commonwealths States and Territories of the Union as made to the Legislatures thereof by their commissioners the editorials and news articles relating to and the photographs taken and the flags medals and the many other interesting souvenirs collected at the said reunion and which are now in his possession all of which shall be then turned over by him to the Commonwealth for such preservation in the State Library For all of which services and for his similar services in the past year in compiling and editing the original publication and for all such manuscripts reports editorials photographs souvenirs et cetera and for all his incidental and contingent expenses connected therewith he shall be paid at the rate of three thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars ($3,750) per year for the said two years on the express condition and stipulation that he waive and turn over to the use of the Commonwealth all of the rights titles and preogatives now his under the United States copyright granted him theron and that his entire work shall be completed within the present year

Section 3 The distribution of the aforesaid edition shall be as follows Five hundred copies for the use of the Governor one thousand five hundred copies for the use of said commission two thousand copies for the use of the Department of Public Instruction for distribution to the libraries of public schools normal schools and colleges throughout this Commonwealth four thousand copies for the use of the Senate and eight thousand copies for the use of the House of Representatives to be delivered to the members and officers of the present Legislature the entire edition to be distributed through the Division of Distribution of Documents as is now provided by law

Section 4 To carry out the purposes of this act as set forth in section two the sum of seven thousand five hundred ($7,500) dollars is hereby specifically appropriated to be paid on warrant of the Auditor General when it is certified to him by the Superintendent of Public Printing and Binding and by the State Librarian respectively that the purposes services and duties set forth and conditioned in said section two have been respectively performed

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—34.

Burke,	Hilton,	Moore,	Snyder, C. A.,
Catlin,	Hindman,	Patton,	Snyder, P. W.,
Croft,	Homsher,	Salus,	Sproul,
Crow,	Jenkins,	Schantz,	Stewart,
DeWitt,	Kurtz,	Semmens,	Thompson,
Endsley,	McConnell,	Sensenich,	Tompkins,
Farley,	McKee, W. S.,	Smith, R. E.,	Vare,
Graff,	McNichol,	Smith, W. W.,	Warner,
Gyger,	Miller,		

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 121, entitled:

An Act regulating the sale of chirory mixed with coffee and providing a penalty

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—33.

Burke,	Hilton,	Miller,	Snyder, C. A.,
Catlin,	Hindman,	Moore,	Snyder, P. W.,
Clark,	Homsher,	Patton,	Sproul,
Crow,	Jenkins,	Schantz,	Stewart,
DeWitt,	Kurtz,	Semmens,	Thompson,
Endsley,	McConnell,	Sensenich,	Tompkins,
Farley,	McKee, W. S.,	Smith, R. E.,	Vare,
Graff,	McNichol,	Smith, W. W.,	Warner,
Gyger,			

NAYS—1.

Salus,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILL OVER IN ORDER

The PRESIDENT. Senate Bill No. 207, on third reading, entitled:

An Act providing for the organization discipline maintenance and regulation of the militia of the Commonwealth

has not been received from the printer and will go over in its order.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 225, entitled:

An Act supplementing and amending sections ten and twelve of an act entitled "An Act establishing a court for the county of Philadelphia prescribing its jurisdiction and powers providing for the service of its writs process or warrants by the proper officers of the county or city of Philadelphia regulating the procedure therein and appeals therefrom and providing for the expenses thereof" approved the twelfth day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen by increasing the jurisdiction of the court in all civil actions in assumpsit to twelve hundred dollars ($1,200) by conferring upon said court jurisdiction in actions of replevin foreign attachment proceedings commenced under an act entitled "An Act relating to fraudulent debtors" approved seventeenth day of March one thousand eight hundred sixty-nine mechanics' liens municipal claims habeas corpus proceedings and regulating and changng the practice and procedure in said court and changing the word "prothonotary" in the said section twelve wherever it appears to the word "clerk"

And said bill having been read at length the third time,

On the question.

Will the Senate agree to the bill?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. VARE. Mr. President, I move that the question, together with the further consideration of the bill, be postponed for the present.

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 245, as follows:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act authorizing appeals from assements of taxes in this Commonwealth to the courts of common pleas" approved the nineteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred eighty-nine by giving the right to an appeal to other property owners and to the city borough county township school district or other public corporations entitled to levy and collect taxes on the assessment complained of

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same: that,

Section one of an act entitled "An Act authorizing appeals from assessment of taxes in this Commonwealth to the courts of common pleas," approved the nineteenth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine, which reads as follows:

"Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, That any owner of real estate or taxable property in this Commonwealth, who may feel aggrieved by the last or any future assessment or valuation of his real estate or taxable property, may appeal from the decision of the county commissioners or board of revision and appeal, to the court of the common pleas of the county within which such property is situated, and for that purpose may present to said court, or file in the prothonotary's office, within sixty days after the county commissioners or board of revision and appeal have held the appeals provided for by law, and acted on the said assessments and valuations, a petition signed by him, his agent, or attorney, setting forth the facts of the case, and thereupon the said court shall proceed at the earliest convenient time to be by them appointed, of which notice shall be given to the county commissioners of the proper county, or to the board of revision and appeal of the proper city to hear the said appeal, and the proofs in the case, and to make such orders and decrees touching the matter complained of as to the judges of said court may seem just and equitable, having due regard to the valuation and assessment made of other real estate in such county or city; the costs of the appeal and hearing to be apportioned or paid as the court may direct. Provided, however, That the said appeal shall not prevent the collection of the taxes complained of, but in case the same shall be reduced, then the excess shall be returned to the person or persons who shall have paid the same" is amended to read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That any owner of real estate or taxable property in this Commonwealth who may feel aggrieved by the last or any future assessment or valuation of his real estate or taxable property or any other owner of real estate within the limits of the city borough county township to levy and collect taxes on the assessment complained of and also the city borough county township school district or other public corporation itself may appeal from the decision of the county commissioners or board of revision and appeal to the court of common pleas of the county within which such property is situated and for that purpose may present to said court or file in the prothonotary's office within sixty days after the county commissioners or board of revision and appeal have held the appeals provided for by law and acted on the said assessments and valuations a petition signed by him his agent or attorney setting forth the facts of the case and thereupon on the said court shall proceed at the earliest convenient time to be by them appointed of which notice shall be given to the county commissioners of the proper county or to the board of revision and appeal of the proper city to hear the said appeal and the proofs in the case and to make such orders and decrees touching the matter complained of as to the judges of said court may seem just and equitable having due regard to the valuation and assessment made of other real estate in such county or city the costs of the appeal and hearing to be apportioned or paid as the court may direct Provided however That the said appeal shall not prevent the collection of the taxes complained of but in case the same shall be reduced then the excess shall be returned to the person or persons who shall have paid the same

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—34.

Burke,	Hilton,	Patton,	Snyder, C. A.,
Catlin,	Hindman,	Moore,	Snyder, P. W.,
Croft,	Homsher,	Salus,	Sproul,
Crow,	Jenkins,	Schantz,	Stewart,
DeWitt,	Kurtz,	Semmens,	Thompson,
Endsley,	McConnell,	Sensenich,	Tompkins,
Farley,	McKee, W. S.,	Smith, R. E.,	Vare,
Graff,	McNichol,	Smith, W. W.,	Warne
Gyger,	Miller,		

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 253, entitled:

A supplement to an act approved the twenty-eighth day of April one thousand eight hundred ninety-nine entitled "An Act to provide for the classification of the townships of the Commonwealth with respect to their population into two classes and to prescribe the form of government for townships of each class" by providing for a township solicitor to be appointed by the township commissioners

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—34.

Burke,	Hilton,	Moore,	Snyder, C. A.,
Catlin,	Hindman,	Patton,	Snyder, P. W.,
Croft,	Homsher,	Salus,	Sproul,
Crow,	Jenkins,	Schantz,	Stewart,
DeWitt,	Kurtz,	Semmens,	Thompson,
Endsley,	McConnell,	Sensenich,	Tompkins,
Farley,	McKee, W. S.,	Smith, R. E.,	Vare,
Graff,	McNichol,	Smith, W. W.,	Warner,
Gyger,	Miller,		

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 254, entitled:

An Act relating to the issuing of checks drafts and orders for the payment of money and providing penalties

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—34.

Burke,	Hilton,	Moore,	Snyder, C. A.,
Catlin,	Hindman,	Patton,	Snyder, P. W.,
Croft,	Homsher,	Salus,	Sproul,
Crow,	Jenkins,	Schantz,	Stewart,
DeWitt,	Kurtz,	Semmens,	Thompson,
Endsley,	McConnell,	Sensenich,	Tompkins,
Farley,	McKee, W. S.,	Smith, R. E.,	Vare,
Graff,	McNichol,	Smith, W. W.,	Warner,
Gyger,	Miller,		

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILL OVER IN ORDER.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I ask that Senate Bill No. 268 (House Bill No. 206), on third reading, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the payment of the expense of publication of amendments to the Constitution for the three years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and twelve and directing the Auditor General and the State Treasurer to cause the same to be paid

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 271 (House Bill No. 280), entitled:

An Act prescribing certain duties for collectors of taxes in boroughs and townships and for county treasurers

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—32.

Burke,	Hilton,	Miller,	Snyder, C. A.,
Catlin,	Hindman,	Moore,	Snyder, P. W.,
Croft,	Homsher,	Patton,	Sproul,
Crow,	Jenkins,	Salus,	Stewart,
DeWitt,	Kurtz,	Schantz,	Thompson,
Endsley,	McConnell,	Semmens,	Tompkins,
Farley,	McKee, W. S.,	Sensenich,	Vare,
Graff,	McNichol,	Smith, W. W.,	Warner,
Gyger,			

NAYS—1.

Smith, R. E.,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 282, entitled:

An Act providing for and regulating the validation of certain borough ordinances

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—34.

Burke,	Hilton,	Moore,	Snyder, C. A.,
Catlin,	Hindman,	Patton,	Snyder, P. W.,
Croft,	Homsher,	Salus,	Sproul,
Crow,	Jenkins,	Schantz,	Stewart,
DeWitt,	Kurtz,	Semmens,	Thompson,
Endsley,	McConnell,	Sensenich,	Tompkins,
Farley,	McKee, W. S.,	Smith, R. E.,	Vare,
Graff,	McNichol,	Smith, W. W.,	Warner,
Gyger,	Miller,		

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 285, entitled:

An Act authorizing J. P. Swearingen of Greene township Beaver county Pennsylvania to bring suit against the Commonwealth

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—33.

Burke,	Hilton,	Miller,	Snyder, C. A.,
Catlin,	Hindman,	Patton,	Snyder, P. W.,
Croft,	Homsher,	Salus,	Sproul,
Crow,	Jenkins,	Schantz,	Stewart,
DeWitt,	Kurtz,	Semmens,	Thompson,
Endsley,	McConnell,	Sensenich,	Tompkins,
Farley,	McKee, W. S.,	Smith, R. E.,	Vare,
Graff,	McNichol,	Smith, W. W.,	Warner,
Gyger,			

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 287, entitled:

An Act to validate all sales public and private and all mortgages of real estate of decedents heretofore made under authority of orphans courts upon petition of executors or administrators

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—34.

Burke,	Hilton,	Moore,	Snyder, C. A.,
Catlin,	Hindman,	Patton,	Snyder, P. W.,
Croft,	Homsher,	Salus,	Sproul,
Crow,	Jenkins,	Schantz,	Stewart,
DeWitt,	Kurtz,	Semmens,	Thompson,
Endsley,	McConnell,	Sensenich,	Tompkins,
Farley,	McKee, W. S.,	Smith, R. E.,	Vare,
Graff,	McNichol,	Smith, W. W.,	Warner,
Gyger,	Miller,		

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 293, as follows:

An Act to amend section four of an act entitled "An Act to regulate the doing of business in this Commonwealth by foreign corporations the registration thereof and service of process thereon and providing punishment and penalties for the violation of its provisions and repealing previous legislation on the subject" approved the eighth day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the fourth section of an act approved the eighth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to regulate the doing of business in this Commonwealth by foreign corporations the registration there-

of and service of process thereon and providing punishment and penalties for the violation of its provisions and repealing previous legislation on the subject" which reads as follows

"Section 4 Any person or persons agent officer or employe of any such foreign corporation who shall transact any business within this Commonwealth for any such foreign corporation without the provisions of this act being complied with shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by imprisonment not exceeding thirty days and by a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars or either at the discretion of the court trying the same Provided That the failure of any such corporation to file the power of attorney and statement aforesaid with the Secretary of the Commonwealth shall not impair or affect the validity of any contract with such corporation and actions or proceedings at law or in equity may be instituted and maintained on any such contract but no such action shall be instituted or recovery had by any such corporation on any such contract either expressed or implied in any of the courts of this Commonwealth or before any justice of the peace or magistrate thereof until such corporation complies with the provisions of this act And provided further Before any such corporation can institute any action in any of the courts of this Commonwealth or before any justice of the peace or magistrate thereof on any cause of action arising prior to the filing of the power of attorney and statement provided for in section two of this act it shall pay to the Secretary of the Commonwealth for the use of the Commonwealth a license fee or fine of two hundred and fifty dollars ($250.00) Provided further however that this act shall not extend or be construed to give validity to any contracts other than contracts between depositors and persons or corporations engaged in the business of receiving deposits of money subject to check entered into by corporations prior to the passage of this act nor to give to foreign corporations any right to enforce such contracts other than contracts between depositors and persons or corporations engaged in the business of receiving deposits of money subject to check if such right did not exist at the time such contracts were entered into but actions or proceedings at law or in equity may be instituted and maintained and recovery may be had in any pending action on contracts between depositors and persons or corporations engaged in the business of receiving deposits of money subject to check although said contracts may have been entered into prior to the passage of this act" be amended to read as follows

Section 4 Any person or persons agent officer or employe of any such foreign corporation who shall transact any business within this Commonwealth for any such foreign corporation, without the provisions of this act being complied with shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by imprisonment not exceeding thirty days and by a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars or either at the discretion of the court trying the same Provided That the failure of any such corporation to file the power of attorney and statement aforesaid with the Secretary of the Commonwealth shall not impair or affect the validity of any contract with such corporation and actions or proceedings at law or in equity may be instituted and maintained on any such contract but no such action shall be instituted or recovery had by any such corporation on any contract either expressed or implied in any of the courts of this Commonwealth or before any justice of the peace or magistrate thereof until such corporation complies with the provisions of this act and provided further Before any such corporation can institute any action in any of the courts of this Commonwealth or before any justice of the peace or magistrate thereof on any cause of action arising prior to the filing of the power of attorney and statement provided for in section two of this act it shall pay to the Secretary of the Commonwealth for the use of the Commonwealth a license fee or fine of two hundred and fifty dollars ($250.00) Provided further however that this act shall not extend or to be construed to give validity to any contracts entered into by corporations prior to the passage of this act nor to give to foreign corporations any right to enforce such contracts if such right did not exist at the time such contracts were entered into

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—33.

Burke,	Hilton,	Miller,	Snyder, C. A.,
Catlin,	Hindman,	Moore,	Snyder, P. W.,
Croft,	Homsher,	Patton,	Sproul,
Crow,	Jenkins,	Salus,	Stewart,
DeWitt,	Kurtz,	Schantz,	Thompson,
Endsley,	McConnell,	Semmens,	Tompkins,
Farley,	McKee, W. S.,	Sensenich,	Vare,
Graff,	McNichol,	Smith, W. W.,	Warner,
Gyger,			

NAYS—1.

Smith, R. E.,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 294, as follows:

An Act to further protect the rights and liberty of the people of this Commonwealth when under arrest upon a bailable criminal charge making its infraction a misdemeanor and providing punishment therefor

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That upon arrest of any person with or without a warrant in this Commonwealth charged with crime in order to preserve and protect his her or their rights and to facilitate the entry of bail for his her or their appearance before a magistrate coroner judge or the court of the quarter sessions and oyer and terminer it shall be the duty of the sheriff coroner constable police or other official making the arrest or having charge of the prisoner or prisoners upon application made therefor either by counsel or a citizen to issue without cost to the applicant a certificate stating the name of the prisoner or prisoners and the charge upon which he or she have been arrested and imprisoned and the amount of bail demanded if the same has been fixed so that bail may be entered as authorized by law

Section 2 Should any sheriff coroner constable police or other official who made such arrest or arrests or having such prisoner or prisoners in charge or any mayor or director of public safety of any municipal corporation of this Commonwealth or subordinate thereof by whose order or direction said prisoner or prisoners are held fail omit neglect or refuse to issue a certificate as specified in section one of this act immediately upon demand therefor he or they shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not more than five hundred dollars ($500) or to suffer imprisonment not exceeding one year at the discretion of the court

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—34.

Burke,	Hilton,	Moore,	Snyder, C. A.,
Catlin,	Hindman,	Patton,	Snyder, P. W.,
Croft,	Homsher,	Salus,	Sproul,
Crow,	Jenkins,	Schantz,	Stewart,
DeWitt,	Kurtz,	Semmens,	Thompson,
Endsley,	McConnell,	Sensenich,	Tompkins,
Farley,	McKee, W. S.,	Smith, R. E.,	Vare,
Graff,	McNichol,	Smith, W. W.,	Warner,
Gyger,	Miller,		

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 301, entitled:

An Act requiring justices of the peace and aldermen to file acceptance of office with the prothonotary of the proper county and requiring prothonotaries to certify such acceptance together with the election of justices and aldermen before commissions shall issue

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—34.

Burke,	Hilton,	Moore,	Snyder, C. A.,
Catlin,	Hindman,	Patton,	Snyder, P. W.,
Croft,	Homsher,	Salus,	Sproul,
Crow,	Jenkins,	Schantz,	Stewart,
DeWitt,	Kurtz,	Semmens,	Thompson,
Endsley,	McConnell,	Sensenich,	Tompkins,
Farley,	McKee, W. S.,	Smith, R. E.,	Vare,
Graff,	McNichol,	Smith, W. W.,	Warner,
Gyger,	Miller,		

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 322, entitled:

An Act requiring payment by the county of costs of prosecution in certain criminal cases

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—34.

Burke,	Hilton,	Moore,	Snyder, C. A.,
Catlin,	Hindman,	Patton,	Snyder, P. W.,
Croft,	Homsher,	Salus,	Sproul,
Crow,	Jenkins,	Schantz,	Stewart,
DeWitt,	Kurtz,	Semmens,	Thompson,
Endsley,	McConnell,	Sensenich,	Tompkins,
Farley,	McKee, W. S.,	Smith, R. E.,	Vare,
Graff,	McNichol,	Smith, W. W.,	Warner,
Gyger,	Miller,		

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 323, entitled:

An Act relating to legal proceedings removed by writs of certiorari to the Superior Court or the Supreme Court the record therein and the disposal thereof

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—34.

Burke,	Hilton,	Moore,	Snyder, C. A.,
Catlin,	Hindman,	Patton,	Snyder, P. W.,
Croft,	Homsher,	Salus,	Sproul,
Crow,	Jenkins,	Schantz,	Stewart,
DeWitt,	Kurtz,	Semmens,	Thompson,
Endsley,	McConnell,	Sensenich,	Tompkins,
Farley,	McKee, W. S.,	Smith, R. E.,	Vare,
Graff,	McNichol,	Smith, W. W.,	Warner,
Gyger,	Miller,		

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 324, entitled:

An Act to amend the thirty-third section of an act entitled "An Act relating to executions" approved the sixteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred thirty-six as amended by the act approved the second day of July Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred ninety-five so as to enable the officers to publish notice in the several counties of this Commonwealth

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—34.

Burke,	Hilton,	Moore,	Snyder, C. A.,
Catlin,	Hindman,	Patton,	Snyder, P. W.,
Croft,	Homsher,	Salus,	Sproul,
Crow,	Jenkins,	Schantz,	Stewart,
DeWitt,	Kurtz,	Semmens,	Thompson,
Endsley,	McConnell,	Sensenich,	Tompkins,
Farley,	McKee, W. S.,	Smith, R. E.,	Vare,
Graff,	McNichol,	Smith, W. W.,	Warner,
Gyger,	Miller,		

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order.

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 362 (House No. 364), entitled:

An Act to assent to the provisions of an act of Congress approved May eighth one thousand nine hundred fourteen entitled "An Act to provide for co-operative agricultural extension work between the agricultural colleges in the several states receiving the benefits of an act of Congress" approved July second one thousand eight hundred sixty-two and of acts supplementary thereto and the United States Department of Agriculture

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—34.

Burke,	Hilton,	Moore,	Snyder, C. A.,
Catlin,	Hindman,	Patton,	Snyder, P. W.,
Croft,	Homsher,	Salus,	Sproul,
Crow,	Jenkins,	Schantz,	Stewart,
DeWitt,	Kurtz,	Semmens,	Thompson,
Endsley,	McConnell,	Sensenich,	Tompkins,
Farley,	McKee, W. S.,	Smith, R. E.,	Vare,
Graff,	McNichol,	Smith, W. W.,	Warner,
Gyger,	Miller,		

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 369, entitled:

An Act regulating the sale offering for sale or exposing for sale of vegetables grapes and fruits providing standard containers baskets trays and measures therefor and imposing penalties

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—34.

Burke,	Hilton,	Moore,	Snyder, C. A.,
Catlin,	Hindman,	Patton,	Snyder, P. W.,
Croft,	Homsher,	Salus,	Sproul,
Crow,	Jenkins,	Schantz,	Stewart,
DeWitt,	Kurtz,	Semmens,	Thompson,
Endsley,	McConnell,	Sensenich,	Tompkins,
Farley,	McKee, W. S.,	Smith, R. E.,	Vare,
Graff,	McNichol,	Smith, W. W.,	Warner,
Gyger,	Miller,		

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 370, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the fifth day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-nine entitled "An Act relative to the liens of the Commonwealth against unpatented lands providing for their adjustment and for the granting of patents"

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—34.

Burke,	Hilton,	Moore,	Snyder, C. A.,
Catlin,	Hindman,	Patton,	Snyder, P. W.,
Croft,	Homsher,	Salus,	Sproul,
Crow,	Jenkins,	Schantz,	Stewart,
DeWitt,	Kurtz,	Semmens,	Thompson,
Endsley,	McConnell,	Sensenich,	Tompkins,
Farley,	McKee, W. S.,	Smith, R. E.,	Vare,
Graff,	McNichol,	Smith, W. W.,	Warner,
Gyger,	Miller,		

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 371, entitled:

An Act to amend further an act approved the eleventh day of April one thousand eight hundred sixty-two entitled "A further supplement to the act entitled 'An Act for the regulation and continuance of a system of education by common schools' approved the eighth day of May one thousand eight hundred fifty-four"

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—34.

Burke,	Hilton,	Moore,	Snyder, C. A.,
Catlin,	Hindman,	Patton,	Snyder, P. W.,
Croft,	Homsher,	Salus,	Sproul,
Crow,	Jenkins,	Schantz,	Stewart,
DeWitt,	Kurtz,	Semmens,	Thompson,
Endsley,	McConnell,	Sensenich,	Tompkins,
Farley,	McKee, W. S.,	Smith, R. E.,	Vare,
Graff,	McNichol,	Smith, W. W.,	Warner,
Gyger,	Miller,		

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 379, as follows:

An Act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act regulating the method and procedure in the erection of line or partition fences" approved the fourteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred five Pamphlet Laws one hundred Sixty-two

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section one of an act entitled "An Act regulating the method and procedure in the erection of line or partition fences" approved the fourteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred and five (Pamphlet Laws one hundred and sixty-two) which reads as follows

"Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from and after the passage of this act owners of improved and occupied land shall erect and maintain an equal part of all line or division fences between them nor shall any such owner be relieved from liability under the provisions of this act except by the consent of the adjoining owner And if any owner of such improved and occupied land shall fail or neglect to erect or maintain his her or their share of such line or division fence the party aggrieved shall notify the township or borough auditors whose duty it shall be to examine such line or division fence so complained of and if they find said fence sufficient the complainant shall pay the costs of their services which shall be two dollars for each day's service but if they find such fence insufficient they shall so report to a justice of the peace residing in the county where such fence is located designating points and distances of such fence whether a new fence is required or whether the old one can be repaired and the probable costs of a new or the repair of the old fence and said justice shall notify the delinquent owner of such improved and occupied land of the auditors' report and that his part of said fence as found by the auditors be erected or repaired within forty days from the date of such notice and if such notice be not complied with the aggrieved party may cause said line or division fence to be erected or repaired and the costs thereof collected from the delinquent owner of such improved and occupied land as other debts are collected by law Provided however That no owner of improved land shall be compelled to build or repair fence during the months of December January February and March And provided further That nothing herein contained shall be construed to apply to railroad companies" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authirty of the same That from and after the passage of this act owners of improved and occupied land shall erect and maintain an equal part of all line or division fences between them nor shall any such owner be relieved from liability under the provisions of this act except by the consent of the adjoining owner And if any owner of such improved and occupied land shall fail or neglect to erect or maintain his her or their share of such line or division fence the party aggrieved shall notify the township or borough auditors whose duty it shall be to examine such line or division fence so complained of and if they find said fence sufficient the complainant shall pay the costs of their services which shall be two dollars for each day's service but if they find such fence insufficient they shall so report to a justice of the peace residing in the county where such fence is located designating points and distances of such fence whether a new fence is required or whether the old one can be repaired and the probable costs of a new or the repair of the old fence and said justice shall notify the delinquent owner of such improved and occupied land of the auditors' report and that his part of said fence as found by the auditors be erected or repaired within forty days from the date of such notice and if such notice be not complied with the aggrieved party may cause said line or division fence to be erected or repaired and the costs thereof collected from the delinquent owner of such improved and occupied land as other debts are collected by law Provided however That no owner of improved land shall be compelled to build or repair fence during the months of December January February and March And provided further That no such fence shall be considered sufficient unless the same shall be not less than fifty-four (54) inches high and well and substantially constructed so that horses mules cattle swine and sheep cannot creep through the same

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—34.

Burke,	Hilton,	Moore,	Snyder, C. A.,
Catlin,	Hindman,	Patton,	Snyder, P. W.,
Croft,	Homsher,	Salus,	Sproul,
Crow,	Jenkins,	Schantz,	Stewart,
DeWitt,	Kurtz,	Semmens,	Thompson,
Endsley,	McConnell,	Sensenich,	Tompkins,
Farley,	McKee, W. S.,	Smith, R. E.,	Vare,
Graff,	McNichol,	Smith, W. W.,	Warner,
Gyger,	Miller,		

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 380, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-seventh day of June one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation regulation and government of cities of the third class regulating nomination and election of municipal officers therein and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation therein" by providing for formation of such cities from parts of two or more contiguous counties

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—34.

Burke,	Hilton,	Moore,	Snyder, C. A.,
Catlin,	Hindman,	Patton,	Snyder, P. W.,
Croft,	Homsher,	Salus,	Sproul,
Crow,	Jenkins,	Schantz,	Stewart,

DeWitt,	Kurtz,	Semmens,	Thompson,
Endsley,	McConnell,	Sensenich,	Tompkins,
Farley,	McKee, W. S.,	Smith, R. E.,	Vare,
Graff,	McNichol,	Smith, W. W.,	Warner,
Gyger,	Miller,		

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 382, as follows:

An Act to aid in the suppression of insect pests in Pennsylvania by authorizing the Department of Agriculture to prepare a catalog of the insects of Pennsylvania giving their common and scientific names dates localities food enemies remedies habits and other important points as far as can be ascertained together with illustrations of some of the important types of insects and providing for the publication of said book and the distribution of the same and making an appropriation therefor

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the Secretary of Agriculture is hereby directed to have prepared through the Economic Zoologist twenty thousand copies of a catalog of the insects of Pennsylvania giving their classification common and scientific names dates localities food enemies remedies habits and other important facts as far as can be ascertained together with uncolored illustrations of some of the important types of insects Said publication shall be bound in cloth and shall be distributed by the Secretary of Agriculture and upon recommendation of the Senators and Representatives

Section 2 The sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to provide for the preparation publication and distribution of said catalogue

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—34.

Burke,	Hilton,	Moore,	Snyder, C. A.,
Catlin,	Hindman,	Patton,	Snyder, P. W.,
Croft,	Homsher,	Salus,	Sproul,
Crow,	Jenkins,	Schantz,	Stewart,
DeWitt,	Kurtz,	Semmens,	Thompson,
Endsley,	McConnell,	Sensenich,	Tompkins,
Farley,	McKee, W. S.,	Smith, R. E.,	Vare,
Graff,	McNichol,	Smith, W. W.,	Warner,
Gyger,	Miller,		

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 383, as follows:

An Act to promote education in economic entomology and aid in the suppression of insect pests and the preservation of birds in Pennsylvania by authorizing the Department of Agriculture to prepare a colored chart showing injurious and beneficial insects and insectivorous birds of Pennsylvania in their natural colors and stating their common and scientific names food economy and recommendations for their respective destruction or preservation and providing for the publication of said chart and the distribution of the same and making an appropriation therefor

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the Secretary of Agriculture is hereby directed to have prepared through the Economic Zoologist three thousand five hundred copies or such thereof as the following appropriation will permit of a colored chart of injurious and beneficial insects and insectivorous birds of Pennsylvania shown in their natural colors giving their common and scientific names food economy and recommendations for their respective destruction or preservation Said charts shall be distributed from the office of the Economic Zoologist of the Department of Agriculture by direction of the Secretary of Agriculture and upon recommendation of the Department of Public Instruction and of the Senators and Representatives

Section 2 The sum of eight thousand dollars ($8,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to provide for the preparation publication and distribution of said charts

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—34.

Burke,	Hilton,	Moore,	Snyder, C. A.,
Catlin,	Hindman,	Patton,	Snyder, P. W.,
Croft,	Homsher,	Salus,	Sproul,
Crow,	Jenkins,	Schantz,	Stewart,
DeWitt,	Kurtz,	Semmens,	Thompson,
Endsley,	McConnell,	Sensenich,	Tompkins,
Farley,	McKee, W. S.,	Smith, R. E.,	Vare,
Graff,	McNichol,	Smith, W. W.,	Warner,
Gyger,	Miller,		

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 391, entitled:

An Act providing for the payment of interest on damages caused by the taking injury or destruction of private property for public use

And said bill having been read at length the third time,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill?

Mr. PATTON. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to amend section 1, in line 5, by striking out the words "or other"; also in line 5, by striking out the words "or individuals."

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading as amended?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended be printed for the use of the Senate.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 401, entitled:

An Act authorizing George F. Pawling a resident of the city of Philadelphia successor to Bergdoll and Pawling to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—34.

Burke,	Hilton,	Moore,	Snyder, C. A.,
Catlin,	Hindman,	Patton,	Snyder, P. W.,
Croft,	Homsher,	Salus,	Sproul,
Crow,	Jenkins,	Schantz,	Stewart,
DeWitt,	Kurtz,	Semmens,	Thompson,
Endsley,	McConnell,	Sensenich,	Tompkins,
Farley,	McKee, W. S.,	Smith, R. E.,	Vare,
Graff,	McNichol,	Smith, W. W.,	Warner,
Gyger,	Miller,		

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 402, entitled:

An Act providing for the payment of judgment and mortgages and other claims which are liens on property affected by public improvements or appropriated by the exercise of the right of eminent domain

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—34.

Burke,	Hilton,	Moore,	Snyder, C. A.,
Catlin,	Hindman,	Patton,	Snyder, P. W.,
Croft,	Homsher,	Salus,	Sproul,
Crow,	Jenkins,	Schantz,	Stewart,
DeWitt,	Kurtz,	Semmens,	Thompson,
Endsley,	McConnell,	Sensenich,	Tompkins,
Farley,	McKee W. S.,	Smith, R. E.,	Vare,
Graff,	McNichol,	Smith, W. W.,	Warner,
Gyger,	Miller,		

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 193 (House Bill No. 74), entitled:

An Act to quiet the title to real estate and to enable citizens of the United States and corporations authorized to hold real estate within this Commonwealth to hold and convey title to real estate which has been formerly held by or for corporations not authorized by law to hold the same

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 195 (House Bill No. 100), entitled:

An Act validating certain sales of real estate heretofore made by guardians administrators and executors by decree or orphans' court

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 352 (House Bill No. 179), entitled:

An Act confirmatory of the conveyance of real estate

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 265 (House Bill No. 71), entitled:

An Act transferring from one fund to another certain moneys appropriated to the Dairy and Food Division of the Department of Agriculture

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 276, as follows:

An Act directing the county commissioners of the several counties to offer for sale to the Department of Forestry tracts of land which they may have purchased at county treasurers' sales for acceptance or refusal for forestry purposes and to convey to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania the tracts so offered to be sold if accepted by the Department

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That when county commissioners shall have received from the county treasurer a conveyance of lands which shall have been advertised and sold for unpaid taxes in accordance with the several acts of Assembly relating to the sale and conveyance of lands for taxes the said commissioners are hereby directed after the period for redemption of said lands shall have expired to offer said lands to the Department of Forestry for acceptance or rejection by said Department for forestry purposes when required so to do by the Department of Forestry The county commissioners in making such offer shall describe the land by giving the name of its former owner its location warrantee name or number and its adjoiners They shall state the number of acres and perches in each tract so offered and the amount of taxes interest and costs due thereon which shall have been levied and become a lien and accrued to the time of making the offer Every such offer shall be accompanied by a draft of the land when required by the Department to be prepared by the county surveyor The cost of the preparation of such draft shall be paid by the county commissioners and in no case shall exceed the ordinary and usual amount paid for the making of similar drafts in the course of county business The cost of the draft may be added by the commissioners to the amount of costs accrued against the land which they shall offer the Department of Forestry Where adjoining tracts are so offered they shall be included within one draft and the best of the draft shall be ratably apportioned among the several tracts in accordance with the area thereof

Section 2 That upon receiving any such offer from the county commissioners which offer shall be made upon blank forms to be prepared by the Department of Forestry and supplied to the commissioners the Department shall make an examination and valuation of the land so offered to determine whether it is suitable for forestry purposes If found not suitable for forestry purposes the Department shall so notify the commissioners If found to be suitable for that purpose it shall likewise notify the commissioners of its suitability make a conditional acceptance and proceed to examine the title If such examination shall disclose that the title is marketable and of such character as can be safely accepted the Department shall prepare a deed to be executed by the commissioners conveying such land to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania The consideration shall include all taxes levied interest and costs due to date of conveyance but shall in no case exceed the limit of purchase price now or hereafter fixed by law for the purchase of land by the Department of Forestry for forestry purposes

Section 3 That if the title examination shall disclose incumbrances upon the land or other objections which in the judgment of the Department of Forestry will render the title unmarketable or undesirable for the State to own the county commissioners shall then proceed to remove such objections to title and cure such defects so far as it may be possible to do so or may be required by the practice of the Department of Forestry in the purchase of lands The purchase of said land shall not be further proceeded with until the title shall be rendered acceptable to the Department of Forestry In case the county commissioners neglect or refuse to remove objections to title when required by the Department may after a reasonable time not exceeding six months notify the commissioners that it refuses to consider the further purchase of the land so offered The time for removal of objections may be extended by the Department for cause shown.

Section 4 That all laws or parts of laws in conflict herewith are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. W. W. SMITH. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 286, on second reading, entitled:

An Act to provide for retirement of State employes permanently disqualified by reason of physical or mental disability to perform their official functions and duties with half pay under certain conditions during the remainder of their lives except State employes whose retirement has been or shall be otherwise provided for and the filling of vacancies caused by such retirement

be recommitted to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

Mr. PLYMOUTH W. SNYDER. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 288, as follows:

An Act regulating the payment of certain deposits made with any bank trust company or savings institution in the name of two persons

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That whenever any deposit not exceeding one thousand dollars has heretofore been made or shall hereafter be made in any bank trust company or savings institution within this Commonwealth in the name of two persons and such deposit shall at the time of making the same be made payable to either depositor or to the survivor the whole or any part of such deposit together with any interest or dividends due thereon shall be paid by such depository to either of such persons drawing upon the same and in case of the death of either of such persons the whole of such deposit or any part thereof together with all accumulated interest or dividends due thereon shall be paid on demand to such surviving person

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 302, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the tenth of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act establishing in counties containing a population of from eight hundred thousand to one million four hundred thousand a board for the assessment and revision of taxes for state and county purposes prescribing the method of their appointment their powers and duties fixing their salary to be paid by the proper county and abolishing the office of ward borough and township assessors in so far as respects the assessment of State and county taxes

The first section of the bill was read as follows and agreed to:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the first section of an act approved the thirteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act establishing in counties containing a population of from eight hundred thousand to one million four hundred thousand a Board for the Assessment and Revision of Taxes for State and county purposes prescribing the method of their appointment their powers and duties fixing their salary to be paid by the proper county and abolishing the office of ward borough and township assessors insofar as respects the assessment of State and county taxes" which reads as follows

"Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That in counties of this Commonwealth containing a population of not less than eight hundred thousand nor more than one million four hundred thousand as shown by the last preceding Federal census all assessments and valuations of property whether real or personal taxable for State and county purposes including occupations shall be made by a board consisting of three persons to be designated as the Board for the Assessment and Revision of Taxes The members of said board shall be appointed by the county commissioners and shall hold their office for the term of four years and the said county commissioners shall fill all vacancies in said board for the unexpired term thereof The said board shall designate one of its members as president of the board Each member of said board shall receive a salary of five thousand dollars per annum payable monthly out of the treasury of the proper county" is hereby amended to read

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same In counties containing a population of not less than eight hundred thousand nor more than one million four hundred thousand as shown by the last preceding Federal census all assessments and valuations of property whether real or personal taxable for county purposes including occupations shall be made by a board consisting of three persons to be designated as the Board for the Assessment and Revision of Taxes At the municipal election in the year one thousand nine hundred and fifteen and quadrennially thereafter the qualified electors of the county shall elect three qualified electors of the county as members of the board who shall each serve for a term of four years from the first Monday of January next succeeding his election and until his successor has been elected and has qualified The Governor shall fill any vacancy by an appointment for the unexpired term The said board shall designate one of its members as president of the board Each member of said board shall receive a salary of five thousand dollars per annum payable monthly out of the treasury of the proper county

The terms of the present members of the board for the assessment and revision of taxes shall end on the first Monday of January one thousand nine hundred and sixteen Any vacancy occurring prior to such date shall be filled by the Governor by an appointment to end on such date

The title of the bill was read as follows:

An Act to amend an act approved the tenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act establishing in counties containing a population of from eight hundred thousand to one million four hundred thousand a board for the assessment and revision of taxes for state and county purposes prescribing the method of their appointment their powers and duties fixing their salary to be paid by the proper county and abolishing the office of ward borough and township assessors in so far as respects the assessment of State and county taxes

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the title?

Mr. McKEE. Mr. President, I move to amend the title in line 10 by inserting double quotation marks after the word "taxes."

Mr. P. W. SNYDER. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the title as amended?

It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 313, entitled:

An Act relating to the issuance or delivery of certain policies of insurance providing and requiring certain standard and other provisions in such policies and prohibiting discrimination

be recommitted to the Committee on Judiciary Special for the purpose of amendment.

Mr. THOMPSON. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 319, as follows:

An Act to regulate the taking of private property for municipal or public purposes

Whereas a practice has grown into a custom for municipalities to place streets and parks upon the municipal plan long in advance of their use for public purposes thereby preventing improvement except at the owner's risk and entailing a loss to the owner therefore

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That when a municipality or public corporation with power of eminent domain shall cause a property to be placed on a municipal plan of streets avenues parks or for any public purpose in improved sections then said plotting shall only be for one year unless condemnation proceedings have proceeded with reasonable diligence in which event application must be made to the proper court to extend the time to prosecute the claim for damages and appeals therefrom when a definite time shall be fixed which shall not exceed an additional year But if no proceedings other than the initial step of plotting of same for public uses has been made then the proceedings shall terminate and be null and void as regards the private owner and shall uot be renewed for one year thereafter in order to enable the owner to repair or improve his property without loss for his improvements

Section 2 That in the assessment of damages by any board of viewers or any court of record the measure thereof shall be the value of the property at the time of such assessment and that in cases of improved property no benefits shall be assessed against the owners of abutting or contiguous property and further that from and after the plotting of any property or part thereof for public use the taxes

against the private owner shall abate until the proceedings have terminated or the property plotted be legally dedicated to public use

Section 3 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 321, as follows:

An Act to provide for the retirement of superannuated and incapacitated teachers in the public schools of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

CONTRIBUTIONS

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That all teachers except as otherwise provided herein contracting or otherwise legally engaging after the passage of this act to teach in the public schools including state normal schools of this Commonwealth for any period from the first day of July one thousand nine hundred fifteen to the thirtieth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirty-five inclusive shall contribute from their respective salaries as teachers under such contract or engagement into the treasury of this Commonwealth for the purpose and in the manner herein set forth the following amount during the periods specified Four per centum of such salaries from the first day of July one thousand nine hundred fifteen to the thirtieth day of June one thousand nine hundred twenty, inclusive three per centum of such salaries from the first day of July one thousand nine hundred twenty to the thirtieth day of June one thousand nine hundred twenty-five inclusive two per centum of such salaries from the first day of July one thousand nine hundred twenty-five to the thirtieth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirty inclusive and one per centum of such salaries from the first day of July one thousand nine hundred thirty to the thirtieth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirty-five inclusive Provided That no teacher shall be required to contribute more than six dollars per school month nor more than sixty dollars per year during the first five-year period more than four and one-half dollars per school month nor more than forty-five dollars per year during the second five-year period more than three dollars per school month nor more than thirty dollars per year during the third five-year period nor more than one and one-half dollars per school month nor more than fifteen dollars per year during the fourth five-year period Any teacher having contracted or engaged before the passage of this act to teach in the public schools of this Commonwealth for any period covering any time after the thirtieth day of June one thousand nine hundred fifteen may elect to contribute as herein provided from any day after the said date to the end of the said period inclusive by notifying the state board of retirement herein established of such election in writing at least ten days before the issuance of the first warrant for salary from which deductions must be made under this act and after such notice contributions shall be regularly paid by such teacher under this act in respect of service rendered on and after the designated day Upon receipt of any such notice the State Board of Retirement through its secretary shall in sufficient time instruct the proper state or local officers to retain the due amount from the proper salary warrants thereafter issued

PAYMENT OF CONTRIBUTIONS

Section 2 The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and all boards of school directors and boards of trustees of state normal schools in this Commonwealth through their proper officers shall retain after the passage of this act from each salary warrant issued to every teacher for services in the public schools during any time from the first day of July one thousand nine hundred fifteen to the thirtieth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirty-five the percentage or portion of the amount thereof if any herein required to be contributed by the teacher into the treasury of the Commonwealth During the seven days preceding the first day of March the first day of July and the first day of December in each year all boards of school directors throughout the Commonwealth through their proper officers shall transmit to the Treasurer of the Commonwealth the total amount retained from teachers' salaries to the date of transmission

RETURN OF CONTRIBUTIONS

Section 3 If before attaining eligibility to a retiring allowance as herein provided any teacher who has contributed from his salary into the treasury of the Commonwealth as herein provided who has not been awarded a disablement allowance as herein provided and who is no longer under contract or engagement to teach in the public schools of this Commonwealth certifies in writing to the State Board of Retirement that to the best of his or her knowledge and belief he or she has permanently retired from service as a teacher in the public schools of this Commonwealth it shall be the duty of the said State Board of Retirement within three months after receipt of such notice to certify the fact to the treasurer of the Commonwealth who shall immediately refund to such teacher the total amount of his or her contribution under this act with interest at three per centum annually If any such teacher later becomes again a teacher in the public schools of this Commonwealth there shall be retained from his or her salary as such teacher in addition to any other contribution under this act and paid into the treasury of the Commonwealth in the same manner as other contributions under this act ten per centum of such salary until the total amount refunded as herein provided with simple interest at five per centum per annum shall have been returned into the treasury of the Commonwealth If any such teacher is awarded any allowance under this act before such entire amount with said interest has been returned into the treasury ten per centum shall be retained by the treasurer of the Commonwealth from each payment on such allowance and covered into the treasury until the entire amount with said interest has been returned If any teacher who has contributed from his salary into the treasury of the Commonwealth under this act dies while still under contract or engagement as a teacher in the public schools of this Commonwealth or within three years after ceasing to be under such contract or engagement and before he or she has received any payment on any allowance under this act or the full amount of his past contributions as herein provided the total unpaid amount of the said contributions upon application to the state board of retirement by the legal heirs of the deceased shall be returned to the said legal heirs with interest at three per centum annually in the manner herein provided for the return of contribution to teachers who have left the service of the public schools

COMPUTATION OF SERVICE

Section 4 In computing the length of service of teachers in the public schools for the purposes of this act the school month shall be the unit and each school month of service shall be counted regardless of the length of school term or year Provided That not more than ten school months of service by any teacher in any one year shall be counted The total number of years of service shall be one-eighth of the total number of months of service No service after the thirteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred fifteen and prior to the first day of July one thousand nine hundred thirty-five in respect of which contributions have not been paid under this act shall be counted Service outside of this Commonwealth by any teacher in excess of one-third of such teacher's total number of years of service shall not be counted

RETIRING ALLOWANCE

Section 5 Any teacher who has taught in the public schools of the United States not less in the aggregate than thirty years of eight school months each at least twenty of which including the last three have been in the public schools of this Commonwealth who has taught in the aggregate one year of eight school months in the public schools of this Commonwealth after the thirtieth day of June one thousand nine hundred fifteen and who has attained the age of sixty years shall be entitled upon proper application and retirement from service as a teacher in the public schools to a retiring allowance as herein provided Service as a teacher at the time of application shall not be a condition of eligibility Any teacher who attains the age of seventy years may be permanently retired by the State board of retirement at the end of the term of contract or engagement during which he or she attains such age unless the teacher be then ineligible to a retiring allowance in which case he or she may be permanently retired by the State board at the end of any later term of contract or engagement

DISABLEMENT ALLLOWANCE

Section 6 Any teacher who has taught in the public schools of the United States not less than in the aggregate than seven years of eight school months at least five of which have been in the public schools of this Commonwealth who has taught in the aggregate not less than six school months in the public schools of this Commonwealth after the thirtieth day of June one thousand nine hundred fifteen and who has become physically or mentally incapable other than temporarily of performing efficiently the duties of a teacher in the public schools of this Commonwealth shall be entitled upon proper application reasonable proof of other than temporary incapacity and retirement from service as a teacher in the public schools to a disablement allowance as herein provided Provided That said incapacity shall have been contracted while the applicant was serving as a teacher in the public schools or as a result of such service Any teacher who has taught in the public schools of the United States not less in the aggregate than fifteen years of eight school months at least ten of which have been in the public schools of this Commonwealth who has taught in the aggregate not less than one year of eight school months in the public schools of this Commonwealth after the thirtieth day of June one thousand nine hundred fifteen and who in the judgment of the board of retirement has become physically or mentally incapable other than temporarily of performing efficiently the duties of a teacher in the public schools of this Commonwealth may be permanently retired by the said board at the end of the term of contract or engagement during which the said judgment is recorded by the board Any teacher not less than fifty-five years of age who in the judgment of the said board has become physically or mentally incapable other than temporarily of performing efficiently the duties of a teacher in the public schools of this Commonwealth may be permanently retired by the board at the end of the term of contract or engagement during which the said judgment is recorded unless the teacher be then ineligible to a disablement allowance in which case he or she may be permanently retired at the end of the first term of contract or engagement during which eligibility to such allowance

is attained Nothing herein however shall prevent the board from later recording a like judgment No application for a disablement allowance shall be considered by the board of retirement unless the last service of the applicant as a teacher has been in the public schools of this Commonwealth Application for a disablement allowance for a teacher who is no longer under contract or engagement to teach in the public schools of this Commonwealth may be made on his or her behalf by another person

AMOUNT OF ALLOWANCES

Section 7 The annual amount of each retiring allowance shall be one-sixth of the average monthly salary of the teacher during the last one hundred months of his or her actual service as a teacher in the public schools of this Commonwealth multiplied by the total number of years of eight school months the teacher has taught in public schools of the United States Provided That no retiring allowance shall be less per annum than eighty per centum of the legal minimum annual salary of a teacher in this Commonwealth for the legal minimum school year nor more than eight hundred dollars The annual amount of each disablement allowance shall be one-sixth of the average monthly salary of the teacher during the last forty months of his or her actual service as a teacher in the public schools of this Commonwealth multiplied by the total number of years of eight school months the teacher has taught in the public schools of the United States Provided That no disablement allowance shall be less per annum than thirty per centum of the legal minimum annual salary of a teacher in this Commonwealth for the legal minimum school year nor more than seven hundred dollars The monthly salary of any teacher during any year in which he or she is paid throughout the year whether monthly quarterly or otherwise shall be for the purposes of this act the total amount of salary for said year divided by the number of months of actual service during said year

ALLOWANCES FOR FORMER TEACHERS

Section 8 Any person not under contract or engagement to teach in the public schools of this Commonwealth who is eligible to a retiring allowance or a disablement allowance under this act save he or she has not taught for the required number of school months in the public schools of this Commonwealth under this act shall be entitled upon proper application after the thirtieth day of June one thousand nine hundred fifteen to a retiring or a disablement allowance as the case may be equal to one-half of the allowance to which he or she would otherwise be entitled Such half allowances shall be awarded and paid in the same manner and under the same conditions as full allowances

STATE BOARD OF RETIREMENT

Section 9 A state board of retirement of five members appointed by the State Superintendent of Public Instruction is hereby established Except as otherwise herein provided the term of office of such members shall be five years beginning the first day of July of the year in which the appointment is made Annually in the month of June the State Superintendent of Public Instruction shall appoint one person to serve on the board of retirement for five years except in the month of June one thousand nine hundred fifteen he shall appoint five persons one to serve one year one to serve two years one to serve three years one to serve four years and one to serve five years All the members of the said board shall be citizens of this Commonwealth and two members shall be women One member of the board shall be at the date of appointment a class-room teacher in one of the public schools of this Commonwealth one member shall be at the date of appointment a county or district superintendent of schools in this Commonwealth and two members at the date of appointment shall not be teachers in the public schools of this Commonwealth All vacancies shall be filled for the unexpired term by appointment of the State Superintendent of Public Instruction The board shall hold a stated meeting each year during the first week of July at which one member shall be elected president to serve until the election and qualification of his successor Vacancies in the office of president shall be filled for the unexpired term by election of the board Members of the board of retirement shall serve without compensation but shall be reimbursed by the Commonwealth for proper personal expenses incident to attendance upon meetings of the board The state board of retirement shall have power to engage a secretary at a salary of fifteen hundred dollars per year and to assign his duties to secure proper office accommodations and fixtures in the city of Harrisburg and to provide such other facilities as may be needful to conduct the work of the board in an efficient manner The personal expenses of members of the board the salary of the secretary and all other legitimate expenses of the board shall be paid out of the treasury of the Commonwealth by the treasurer upon warrants drawn by the Auditor General of the Commonwealth In performing the duties imposed by this act the said board shall have power to require the proper officers to furnish data from public records to require affidavits to subpoena witnesses and compel them to testify and to administer oaths and affirmations The board of retirement shall have power to make such rules and regulations not inconsistent with law as may facilitate the performance of its functions

AWARD OF ALLOWANCES

Section 10 All applications for allowances under this act shall be made to the State Board of Retirement whose duty it shall be to satisfy itself in every case whether or not the applicant is eligible to an allowance under this act and if so to award the same and determine the amount thereof under the provisions of this act Every applicant shall furnish such data and evidence including medical certificates regarding his or her case as the board shall require No disablement allowance shall be awarded to a teacher who is eligible to a retiring allowance

PAYMENT OF ALLOWANCES

Section 11 All allowances under this act shall be paid quarterly on the first days of January April July and October in each year by the treasurer of the Commonwealth upon warrants drawn by the Auditor General on the order of the State Board of Retirement out of moneys in the treasury appropriated for that purpose Payment of any pension shall date from the beginning of the quarter following that in which it was awarded but from not later than the beginning of the third quarter following that in which the teacher's last contract or engagement to teach in the public schools of this Commonwealth terminated unless the teacher's application was received after the termination of such contract or engagement in which case payment shall date from not later than the beginning of the third quarter following that in which the application was received Subject to the provisions of this act all allowances shall be paid during the remainder of the life of the recipient The State Board of Retirement shall have power to require such evidence of the life and identity of any person in receipt of an allowance as it shall deem proper and to suspend the payment of any allowance pending the receipt of such evidence

SUSPENSION AND CANCELLATION OF ALLOWANCES

Section 12 If any teacher in receipt of a retiring allowance shall again engage in teaching in public or private schools on full time or part time either within or without the borders of this Commonwealth his or her allowance shall be reduced by the State Board of Retirement during the continuance of such teaching by the amount of compensation received therefor but in no case shall the teacher lose more than the full amount of the allowance during the period of such teaching Upon application by the teacher to the State Board of Retirement after cessation of such teaching payment of the former allowance in full shall be resumed If any teacher who has resumed teaching as here described attains the age of seventy years the Board of Retirement shall have the same power to retire him or her as in the case of teachers who have not been awarded a retiring allowance If any teacher in receipt of a disablement allowance and under sixty years of age becomes again capable of performing efficiently the duties of a teacher in the public schools of this Commonwealth the Board of Retirement shall promptly cancel his or her allowance To this end it shall be the duty of the Board to keep itself advised of the physical and mental condition of all teachers in receipt of disablement allowances and in fulfillment of this duty the Board shall have power to require such medical certificates and other evidence as it shall deem advisable The cancellation of a disablement allowance as here provided shall not prevent the Board from later awarding the teacher a retiring allowance or a new disablement allowance

PENALTY

Section 13 Any person who defrauds or attempts to defraud this Commonwealth by knowing and wilful misrepresentation of falsification designed to wrongfully secure for him or herself or any other person anw pecuniary advantage under this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be punished in case of actual fraud by a fine of not more than one thousand dollars or imprisonment for not more than two years or both at the discretion of the court and in case of attempted fraud by a fine of not more than five hundred dollars or imprisonment for not more than one year or both at the discretion of the court It shall be the duty of the State Board of Retirement to institute proceedings for the conviction and punishment of persons guilty of such acts of fraud or attempted fraud so far as the same come to its notice and for the recovery into the treasury of the Commonwealth of any funds thus fraudulently secured

DEFINITION

Section 14 The term "teacher" as used herein shall include classroom teachers principals supervisors supervising principals county and district superintendents and assistant superintendents the professional staffs of State normal schools the professional staff of the State Department of Public Instruction and all other persons engaged in teaching supervising or professionally administering the public schools of this Commonwealth or under contract or engaged to perform one or more of these functions Provided That no person shall be deemed a teacher within the meaning of this act who is not regularly engaged in performing one or more of these functions as a full-time occupation outside of vacation periods Likewise the function of teaching shall herein be deemed to include the functions of supervision of teaching and professional administration of schools In all cases of doubt the State Board of Retirement shall determine whether any person is a teacher within the meaning of this act

APPEAL

Section 15 All decisions and determinations of the State Board of Retirement shall be subject to appeal within a period of one month to the State Board of Education whose rulings shall be final

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 358 (House Bill No. 366), entitled:

An Act relative to judgments and prescribing the duties of prothonotaries in connection therewith

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 404, as follows:

An Act regulating the practice of veterinary medicine including veterinary surgery and veterinary dentistry or any branch thereof and establishing as incidental thereto a State Board of Veterinary Medical Examiners and defining its powers and duties

(DEFINITIONS)

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That as used in this act

1 The word "Boards" means the State Board of Veterinary Medical Examiners created by this act

2 The term "Veterinary school" means any veterinary school or any college or any department of a university maintaining a proper veterinary medical standard and legally incorporated

3 The term "veterinary medicine" includes veterinary medicine veterinary surgery and veterinary dentistry or any branch thereof

4 "Veterinarian" includes a veterinary physician or veterinary surgeon or veterinary dentist

5. A standard high school unit represents a year's study in any subject in a secondary school consisting of four or five periods of from forty to sixty minutes in length each week for thirty-six to forty weeks

(STATE BOARD OF VETERINARY MEDICAL EXAMINERS)

Section 2 A State Board of Veterinary Medical Examiners is hereby established The Board shall consist of five members appointed by the Governor and shall have power to adopt by-laws and regulations necessary to carry into effect the provisions of this act

(QUALIFICATIONS OF MEMBERS)

Section 3 The members of the board shall be of good standing in the veterinary profession and shall be graduates of a legally incorporated and reputable veterinary school They shall have practiced veterinary medicine for at least the five years immediately preceding their appointment

(TERMS OF MEMBERS)

Section 4 The members of the board shall serve for a term of four years from the first Monday of September after their appointment and shall hold office until their successors are appointed and duly qualified Those first appointed shall serve as follows Two for two years and three for four years from the first Monday in September one thousand nine hundred fifteen In such first appointment the Governor shall designate the respective term

(VACANCIES)

Section 5 The Governor shall fill a vacancy in the board by an appointment for the unexpired term He may remove any member of the board for continued neglect of the duties required by this act for incompetence or for unprofessional or dishonorable conduct

(CERTIFICATE OF APPOINTMENT)

Section 6 Every person who shall be appointed to serve on the board shall receive from the Secretary of the Commonwealth a certificate of appointment

(EXPENSES)

Section 7 From the fees provided by this act the board may pay all proper expenses incurred by its provisions If any surplus above the expenses shall remain each member of the board shall receive a reasonable compensation for his services for each day during the sessions of the board and his expenses actually and necessarily incurred in the performance of his duties

(FIRST MEETING)

Section 8 The first meeting of the Board shall be held on the first Monday in September one thousand nine hundred fifteen Suitable notice of this meeting in the usual form shall be given by the Secretary of the Commonwealth to each of the members specifying the time and place of meeting together with the notice of the appointment

(ORGANIZATION)

Section 9 At the first meeting of the board an organization shall be effected by the election from the members of a president a secretary and a treasurer

(MEETINGS)

Section 10 The Board for the purpose of examining applicants for license shall hold two or more stated or special meetings in each year Due notice of these meetings shall be made public at such time and places as the board may determine The board may authorize a committee of one or more members to conduct the examinations The board may hold such other meetings as the business of the board may require At any meeting of the board a majority of the members shall constitute a quorum

(PRACTICE OF VETERINARY MEDICINE)

Section 11 Hereafter no person shall practice veterinary medicine or assume or use the title of veterinarian or the title of doctor of veterinary medicine unless he shall

1 Have been a registered and licensed veterinarian prior to the approval of this act or

2 Be registered and licensed in accordance with this act

Any person registered and licensed heretofore may be recorded as an "existing practitioner"

Nothing in this act shall prevent any veterinarian if legally qualified to use a title from using such title but if such veterinarian opens an office or uses the title for the transaction of business he shall be deemed a "sojourner" and shall conform to the requirements of this act

(EXISTING PRACTITIONER)

Section 12 Any person who at the time of the passage of this act shall be legally licensed to practice veterinary medicine shall be entitled to receive a license to continue such practice upon making application to the board and paying proper fee and conforming to its requirements

(APPLICATION FOR LICENSE)

Section 13 Any person not heretofore authorized to practice veterinary medicine and desiring to practice may deliver to the secretary of the board upon the payment of a fee of ten dollars a written application for license The application shall be accompanied by satisfactory proof that the applicant (a) is twenty-one years of age or upwards (b) is of good moral character (c) possesses a certificate from the Bureau of Professional Education of Pennsylvania certifying that the applicant has received a preliminary education covering at least fifteen standard high school units or their equivalent (d) has received a diploma conferring the degree of doctor of veterinary medicine or its equivalent from some legally incorporated and reputable veterinary school of the United States or a diploma or license conferring the full right to practice all the branches of veterinary medicine in some foreign country (e) and any other requirements that the board may deem just and advisable Such proof shall be made if required upon affidavit

The provisions of clause (c) in this section shall not apply to any person who prior to the first day of June one thousand nine hundred fifteen shall have in good faith registered as a student in and on said date is in regular attendance at a reputable veterinary school

(DEGREES)

Section 14 Persons applying for license who have received their degrees in veterinary medicine after the first day of July one thousand eight hundred and ninety-six must have pursued the study of veterinary medicine for at least three years including three regular courses of lectures of at least six months each in different years in some reputable veterinary school or schools prior to the granting of the diploma or license Such proof shall be made if required upon affidavit

(ORDER FOR EXAMINATION)

Section 15 Upon paying the required fee and exhibiting the required proof the board if satisfied shall issue to the applicant for the license an order for examination

(EXAMINATIONS)

Section 16 Every applicant for a license shall submit to a theoretical and practical examination The examination may be written or oral or both and shall include the following subjects Veterinary Anatomy Surgery Practice of Medicine Obstetrics Pathology Chemistry Veterinary Diagnosis Materia Medica Therapeutics Physiology Animal Husbandry Sanitary Medicine and Meat and Milk Hygiene and Bacteriology

(ISSUE OF LICENSE)

Section 17 The board shall issue to every applicant who has successfully passed the required examination and who shall have been adjudged to be duly qualified for the practice of veterinary medicine a license to practice The license shall be subscribed by the officers of the board and shall have affixed to it by the proper person the seal of the Commonwealth The license before issued shall be recorded in a book to be kept in the office which the board shall establish for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this act The number of the book and the page therein containing the recorded copy of the license shall be noted upon the face of the license These records shall be open to public inspection with proper restrictions as to their preservation

(EXAMINATION FAILURE)

Section 18 In case of failure at any examination the candidate after the expiration of six months and within two years shall have the privilege of a second examination by the board without the payment of an additional fee

(FOREIGN STATE LICENSES)

Section 19 Persons examined and licensed by State Boards of Veterinary Medical Examiners or analogous bodies of other States on payment of a fee of ten dollars to the board and on filing in the office of the board a copy of the license certified by the affidavit of the president or secretary of the board of such other state and showing that the standard of examinations and other requirements adopted by that state board of veterinary medical examiners is substantially the same as that provided for by this act may without further exaimnation receive a license to practice veterinary medicine in Pennsylvania

(REGISTRATION BOOK)

Section 20 The board shall keep in its office a book of registration in which shall be registered the name and address of each and every person duly qualified under existing laws or who may hereafter become qualified to conduct the practice of veterinary medicine

(ANNUAL REGISTRATION)

Section 21 Each person now qualified and engaged in the practice of veterinary medicine or who shall hereafter be licensed by the board to engage in such practice shall register with the board annually before the first day of January of each year The form and method of such registration shall be regulated by the board in such manner as will enable the board to carry into effect the purpose of this act

(REGISTRATION FEE)

Section 22 The board shall demand and receive for each annual registration and for the certificate hereinafter provided a fee not to exceed three dollars ($3.00) which fee shall accompany the application for such registration

(CERTIFICATE)

Section 23 Upon receiving a proper application for registration accompanied by the required fee the board may issue its certificate of registration to the applicant upon which shall be noted the number of the book and the page therein containing the record of such registration The certificate and its renewals shall be good and sufficient evidence of registration under the provisions of this act The books of registration shall constitute a part of the records of the board

(PENALTIES)

Section 24 Any person who shall present to the board a veterinary diploma which has been obtained fraudulently or which is in whole or in part a forgery or shall make affidavit to any false statement which statement is to be filed with the board or shall otherwise violate or neglect to comply with any of the provisions of this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and on conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not more than one hundred dollars for the first offence and of not more than five hundred dollars for each subsequent offence The board or its legally authorized agent acting for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania shall be the prosecutor in all such cases All fines and penalties for violation of this act shall be for the use of the Commonwealth and shall be paid to the board or its duly authorized agent and by the board paid into the State Treasury

(EXEMPTIONS)

Section 25 This act is not intended to interfere with or punish commissioned veterinarians in the United States Army or any lawfully qualified veterinarian residing in other states or countries meeting registered veterinarians of this State in consultation or any veterinarian residing on the border of a neighboring state and duly authorized under the laws thereof to practice veterinary medicine therein whose practice extends into the limits of this State and who does not open an office or appoint a place to meet patients or receive calls within the limits of this State

Section 26 This act shall go into effect on the first day of September in the year one thousand nine hundred and fifteen

(REPEAL)

Section 27 The act approved the eleventh day of April one thousand eight hundred eighty-nine entitled "An Act to regulate the practice of veterinary medicine and surgery in Pennsylvania" and the act approved the twenty-ninth day of April one thousand eight hundred ninety-one entitled "An Act to amend the fourth section of an act entitled 'An Act to regulate the practice of veterinary medicine and surgery in Pennsylvania' approved the eleventh day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine so that practitioners shall be admitted to register as such and to pay registration fee at any time prior to the first day of January one thousand eight hundred and ninety-two but not on or after that day" and the act approved the sixteenth day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-five entitled "An Act to establish a State Board of Veterinary Medical Examiners and to regulate the practice of veterinary medicine and surgery in the State of Pennsylvania" and the act approved the eighteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred five entitled "An Act to provide for the registration of veterinary surgeons and to further regulate the practice of veterinary medicine and surgery in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania" and all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 411 (House Bill No. 120), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-eighth day of May one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled 'An Act to provide for the protection of insane persons feeble minded persons and epileptics and the appointment of a guardian for the said insane persons feeble-minded persons and epileptics unable to care for their own property authorizing the guardian to support the wife and children of the said insane persons feeble-minded persons and epileptics defining the powers of the guardian and authorizing the sale of real estate of the ward" by adding an additional section

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 422, as follows:

An Act to fix the salary of the first assistant clerk of the orphans court in counties having a population of not less than eight hundred thousand and not more than one million five hundred thousand

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That hereafter in counties having a population of not less than eight hundred thousand and not more than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants as ascertained from time to time by the last preceding United States Census the annual salary of the first assistant clerk of the orphans court shall be the sum of forty-five hundred dollars payable monthly instead of the sum of thirty-five hundred dollars heretofore provided by law

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 445 (House Bill No. 536), entitled:

An Act concerning the relations between attorney and client on suit being brought in any court of this Commonwealth and providing that the attorney shall have a lien for his compensation for his services upon the client's cause of action claim or counterclaim which shall attach to any award order report decision compromise settlement verdict or judgment in the client's favor and the proceeds thereof in whosoever hands the same may be and which lien shall not be affected or defeated by any compromise or settlement between the parties before or after judgment

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 437, as follows:

An Act to amend an act approved the eighth day of April one thousand eight hundred thirty-three entitled "An Act relating to last wills and testaments" by conferring the same rights upon the mother as upon the father

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennnsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the forth section of an act approved the eight day of April one thousand eight hundred thirty-three entitled "An Act relating to last wills and testaments" which reads as follows

"Section 4 Every person competent to make a will as aforesaid being the father of any minor child unmarried may devise the custody of such child during his or her minority or for any shorter period" is amended to read as follows

Section 4 Every person competent to make a will as aforesaid being the father or the mother of any minor child unmarried may devise the custody of such child during his or her minority or for any shorter period provided that the surviving father or mother relinquishes the custody of such minor child or the best interests of the minor require that such surviving father or mother should not retain the custody of said minor

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 438, as follows:

An Act to amend an act approved the tenth day of June one thousand eight hundred eighty-one entitled "An Act to enable mothers in certain cases to appoint testamentary guardians" by extending certain rights to mothers

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the first section of an act approved the tenth day of June one thousand eight hundred eighty-one entitled "An Act to enable mothers in certain cases to appoint testamentry guardians" which reads as follows

"Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That every mother of an unmarried minor child who shall leave to such child an estate either in lands or chattels may appoint a testamentary guardian for such child Provided That the father be not living or being deceased he has not appointed such guardian" is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That every mother of an unmarried minor child who shall leave to such child an estate either in lands or chattels may appoint a testamentary guardian for such estate of the child

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 452, as follows:

A supplement to an act approved the twenty-seventh day of June one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation regulation and government of cities of the third class regulating nomination and election of municipal officers therein and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That whenever at any primary election any candidate for nomination for the office of Mayor in any city of the third class shall receive a number of votes greater than one-half of the total number of votes cast for such office at such primary and greater than one-half the number of ballots cast in said city in which the nomination is to be made such candidate shall be the sole nominee for such office at the succeeding election and his name and none other shall be printed as candidate for such office upon the official ballots for use at such succeeding election

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 454, as follows:

An Act to amend section nine of an act to regulate the practice of osteopathy in the State of Pennsylvania to provide for the establishment of a State Board of Osteopathic Examiners to define the powers and duties of said Board of Osteopathic Examiners to provide for the examining and licensing of osteopaths in this State and to provide penalties for the violation of this act approved the nineteenth day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred nine as amended by an act approved the eleventh day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred eleven providing for the licensing of certain practitioners now known as registered osteopaths

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the ninth section of an act entitled "An Act to regulate the practice of osteopathy in the State of Pennsylvania to provide for the establishment of a State Board of Osteopathic Examiners to define the powers and duties of said Board of Osteopathic Examiners to provide for the examining and licensing of osteopaths in this State and to provide for the violation of this act" approved the nineteenth day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred nine as amended by the act approved the eleventh day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred eleven which reads as follows

"Section 9 A school or college of osteopathy to be recognized as reputable under the provisions of this act must be legally incorporated maintain a course of study consisting of the time element as provided for under the provisions of this act and afford adequate instruction in all the branches of study in which examinations are required for licensure under the provisions of this act subject to the approval and acceptance of a majority of the Board of Osteopathic Examiners of this Commonwealth Provided That any person who has been in the practice of osteopathy in this State for two continuous and consecutive years immediately prior to the nineteenth day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine and who is the holder of a diploma granted unto him or her from a legally incorporated school or college of osteopathy shall be allowed to continue in such practice provided he or she shall have been registered prior to the date of the approval of this amendment by the prothonotary of the county or counties in which he or she practices as originally provided for in the section hereby amended but after the date of the approval of this amendment no person shall be registered as a practitioner of osteopathy in this Commonwealth except by exhibiting to the prothonotary of the county or counties in which he or she desires to practice a license duly granted to him or her by the Board of Osteopathic Examiners for the State of Pennsylvania" be and the same is hereby amended and made to read as follows

Section 9 A school or college of osteopathy to be recognized as reputable under the provisions of this act must be legally incorporated maintain a course of study consisting of the time element as provided for under the provisions of this act and afford adequate instruction in all the branches of study in which examinations are required for licensure under the provisions of this act subject to the approval and acceptance of a majority of the Board of Osteopathic Examiners of this Commonwealth Provided That any registered osteopath who has been engaged in the practice of osteopathy in this State for eight continuous and consecutive years immediately prior to the approval of this act who shall exhibit his or her certificate of registration to the Secretary of the Board of Osteopathic Examiners within ninety days after the approval of this act together with a written application for license to practice osteopathy setting forth facts showing that the applicant is within the requirements of this proviso which shall be duly supported by affidavit and upon the payment by the applicant of the fee of ten dollars the Secretary of the said Board of Osteopathic Examiners shall issue to such applicant a license to practice osteopathy in this State which license shall be subscribed by every member of the Board of Osteopathic Examiners and shall have a like effect for all purposes as a license issued after examination by the Board of Examiners and such licensee shall register in the office of the prothonotary of the court of common pleas of the county or counties in which he or she desires to practice as required by section thirteen of the act hereby amended but after the date of the approval of this amendment no person shall be registered as a practitioner of osteopathy in this Commonwealth except by exhibiting to the prothonotary of the county or counties in which he or she desires to practice a license duly granted to him or her by the Board of Osteopathic Examiners for the State of Pennsylvania

Section 2 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith be and the same are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 501, as follows:

An Act granting and confirming the equitable jurisdiction and powers of the courts of common pleas of this Commonwealth in cases where owing to unusual financial or other conditions debtors are unable to meet their obligations as they mature and it appears to the said court that the fair value of the debtor's assets largely exceed his liabilities and that there is grave danger of such assets being sacrificed through legal process forced sales or otherwise

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That whenever it shall be made to appear to any court of common pleas of this Commonwealth that owing to the unusual stringent or depressed financial conditions of the time or other unusual conditions of any kind that any person or persons is or are unable to pay his their or its debts and liabilities as the same mature in the ordinary course of business and the court is satisfied that the fair value of the assets real and personal of said debtor largely exceed the said debts and liabilities and if properly conserved and managed will pay in full all of the said debts and liabilities and the said court is further satisfied that there is grave danger that the assets of the debtor real and personal or either will in various ways by legal process by

power of sale conferred on any one or more of the creditors or by any other means be sold or otherwise disposed of at less than their fair value or in other ways be sacrificed thus causing loss and injury to many if not all of the said creditors and the debtor full jurisdiction and power is hereby given and confirmed to all of said courts of common pleas to entertain a bill of bills in equity filed by any creditor or creditors of said debtor for the conservation care sale and management of all of said assets and distribution of the proceeds thereof to and among those legally or equitably entitled thereto

Section 2 And each and all of said courts are hereby given in such cases full power and authority in their discretion to take possession by receiver or otherwise of all of said assets real and personal and to conserve care for manage administer and sell any or all of the same free from or subject to liens and to distribute the proceeds thereof to those legally or equitably entitled thereto so that substantial justice shall be done to all the creditors and the debtor and a needless sacrifice of said assets be prevented And said courts in the exercise of any and all of said powers may issue injunctions general or special restraining orders of all kinds may appoint receivers and masters or auditors issue receivers' certificates secured and on such terms as the court may order and grant all kinds of relief by all kinds of equitable remedies that may to the court seem appropriate

Section 3 Any party aggrieved may within sixty (60) days after the making of any interlocutory or final decree by said common pleas court appeal therefrom to the Supreme Court or the Superior Court as the case may be which court is hereby given ample power to speedily hear and dispose of the same But no such appeal shall be a supersedeas or stay proceedings under the order or decree made unless especially allowed by said appellate court

Section 4 Equitable jurisdiction and powers hereby granted and confirmed shall extend to all actions within the scope thereof which are now pending or which may hereafter be brought

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILL ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 125, entitled:

An Act amending and supplementing sections one and two of an act entitled "An Act for the promotion of medical science by the distribution and use of unclaimed human bodies for scientific purposes through a board created for that purpose and to prevent unauthorized uses and traffic in human bodies" approved June thirteenth one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three by providing that the name of said board of distribution shall be Anatomical Board of the State of Pennsylvania by extending its provisions to all persons having charge or control over bodies required to be buried at the public expense by requiring immediate notice of the death of any person required to be buried at the public expense by requiring notice in all cases but providing that there shall not be delivered to the board created under the act the bodies of deceased indigent persons where claimed by relatives within twenty-four hours after death for interment at the expense of the claimant or the bodies of honorable discharged soldiers sailors or marines who have served the United States in any war or who were in active service in the Militia of the State of Pennsylvania under and in pursuance of any of the proclamations issued by the Governor during the Civil War and not duly mustered into the service of the United States by repealing the provisions as to deceased indigent travelers by providing for the burial at the expense of the county of indigent persons unfit for anatomical purposes upon the certificate of the board or its duly authorized officer or agent that such bodies are unfit for anatomical purposes or are the bodies of soldiers sailors or marines required to be buried at the public expense and that the provisions of this act have been complied with by providing that no warrants for payment of expenses of burial shall be drawn or paid except upon such certificate by providing for the burial of bodies rendered unfit for anatomical purposes by the failure to comply with the provisions of this act at the expense of the person failing to comply with its provisions Repealing an act approved the twentieth day of April one thousand nine hundred and eleven and an act approved the twenty-third day of May one thousand nine hundred and thirteen

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. PLYMOUTH W. SNYDER. Mr. President, at the request of the Senator from Lebanon, Mr. Gerberich, I move that Senate Bill No. 125, the bill just read, be recommitted to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

Mr. SCHANTZ. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 200, entitled:

An Act to amend and revise an act entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation regulation and government of cities of the third class regulating nomination and election of municipal officers therein and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto" approved the twenty-seventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred thirteen enlarging changing modifying and defining certain of the powers of cities of the third class

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 329, entitled:

An Act providing for the employment of a chief bookkeeper and three assistants and one additional traveling auditor in the Department of the Auditor General and fixing their salaries

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 333 (House Bill No. 85), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to refund to S. L. Stayman of York Pennsylvania moneys erroneously paid into the State Treasury

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 353 (House Bill No. 271), entitled:

An Act transferring from certain funds moneys appropriated to the quarantine physician Philadelphia

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 347, entitled:

An Act relating to policies of life insurance and annuities

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 442 (House Bill No. 543), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the ninth day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to provide for the appointment of deputy prothonotaries in counties of this Commonwealth having a population of more than two hundred and fifty thousand and less than a million and defining their qualifications powers and salary"

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

RECESS.

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now take a recess for ten minutes.

Mr. SENSENICH. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

AFTER RECESS.

The PRESIDENT. The time of recess having elapsed, the Senate will be in order.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. CROW. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. CROW, from the Committee on Corporations, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 372, entitled:

An Act to amend section one of an act, entitled "An Act authorizing certain corporations to issue preferred stock of one or more classes; providing for the manner of issuance restrictions and regulations in the matter of voting thereof, and the rights and privileges of the holders thereof; and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent therewith," approved May 28, 1913, P. L. 378

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. CHARLES A. SNYDER. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 454, entitled:

An Act to amend section nine of an act to regulate the practice of osteopathy in the State of Pennsylvania to provide for the establishment of a State Board of Osteopathic Examiners to define the powers and duties of said Board of Osteopathic Examiners to provide for the examining and licensing of osteopaths in this State and to provide

penalties for the violation of this act approved the ninteenth day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine as amended by an act approved the eleventh day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven providing for the licensing of certain practitioners now known as registered osteopaths

be recommitted to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation for the purpose of amendment.

Mr. THOMPSON. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 366, entitled:

An Act to amend the third section of an act, entitled "An Act relative to the supervision and control of hospitals or homes in which the insane are placed for treatment or detention," approved the eighth day of May, A. D. 1883, so as to fix the compensation of the secretary of the committee on lunacy

ADJOURNMENT.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now adjourn until next Monday evening at 9:30 o'clock.

Mr. VARE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I am making this motion in honor of the anniversary tomorrow of St. Patrick's birthday.

And the question recurring,

Will the Senate agree to the motion.

It was agreed to.

The Senate adjourned at 5:10 o'clock P. M. until Monday evening, March 22, 1915, at 9:30 o'clock.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

TUESDAY, March 16th, 1915.

The House met at 10:00 o'clock A. M.

Mr. HESS (Speaker Pro Tempore) in the Chair.

PRAYER.

The Chaplain, Rev. F. W. Staley, offered the following prayer:

Almighty God, we thank Thee that it is impossible for us to separate ourselves from Thy presence, from Thy power and wisdom, and from the providential care that is over us. We thank Thee that we are ever dependent upon Thee for the sunlight we enjoy, for the food that we eat, for the air that we breathe, and for the rich provisions which Thou hast made in the gospel for our redemption.

And we pray Thee, O God, that Thy providence would be over the Governor of the State and his guests, be over the Speaker of the House and the Committees of the Senate and House who have gone to attend the launching of a great ship; and may that great dreadnaught become one of the forces for peace, not only for this nation, but shall become a great defense for the nation; and may those who have gone away have a safe return.

Remember the absent ones who are sick and may they speedily be restored to health.

Remember us to-day in all our deliberations; we ask for Christ's sake, Amen.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the Journal of yesterday's proceedings.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of yesterday's proceedings when on motion of Mr. Benninger the further reading was dispensed with and the Journal was approved.

BILLS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED.

By Mr. GIBSON. House Bill No. 903.

An Act providing a system of recording farmnames; imposing duties on the recorder of deeds; regulating the use of the name, and imposing penalties.

Referred to the Committee on Agriculture.

By Mr. WHITAKER. House Bill No. 904.

An Act making an appropriation to the State Institution for Feeble Minded of Eastern Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. SWAN. House Bill No. 905.

An Act authorizing the free distribution of all maps issued by the State Highway Department.

Referred to the Committee on Public Roads.

By Mr. HARPER. House Bill No. 906.

An Act authorizing boroughs to collect an annual rental or assessment from property abutting on sewers constructed at public expense; and providing for the collection thereof.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

By Mr. BALDWIN. House Bill No. 907.

An Act providing for the manner of introducing legislation appropriating money for the support of State institutions and aid for semi-state institutions and charitable institutions.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. BALDWIN. House Bill No. 908.

An Act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Training School for Feeble-minded Children, at Elwyn, Delaware County, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. RHOADS. House Bill No. 909.

An Act making an appropriation to the Isaac Rendell Industrial Training School for Colored Youth, in Lancaster County, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. McVICAR. House Bill No. 910.

An Act to establish and regulate the fees to be received and charged by the Prothonotary of the Courts of Common Pleas of this Commonwealth, in counties having over eight hundred thousand and less than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants according to the last preceding United States Census.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

By Mr. SCOTT. House Bill No. 911.

An Act making an appropriation to the Bellefonte Hospital Corporation, Bellefonte, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. LINDSEY. House Bill No. 912.

An Act amending and supplementing an act entitled "An Act providing for the establishment of a State Industrial Home for Women; authorizing the purchase of a site, and the erection thereon and equipment of necessary buildings; providing for the commitment to said State Industrial Home for Women of females between the ages of sixteen and thirty years, convicted of, or pleading guilty to, the commission of any criminal offense; and providing for the government and management of said institution; and making an appropriation to carry out the purposes of this act," approved the twenty-fifth day of July, one thousand nine hundred and thirteen, conferring upon the said commission additional powers including the power of eminent domain.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

By Mr. DIEFENDERFER. House Bill No. 913.

An Act to amend section one thousand three hundred and eleven of an act approved the eighteenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred eleven, entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof, providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general, special or local, or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith."

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Mr. MEARKLE. House Bill No. 914.

An Act authorizing cities of the second class to locate, construct and maintain subways and galleries with the equipment accessories and appurtenances thereof in congested districts of such cities and grant licenses for the use thereof to public service companies and others maintaining works and facilities in said districts, providing for the determination of questions relating thereto by proceedings before the Public Service Commission and in the courts, requiring public service companies and others to use such subways and galleries for their works and facilities in certain cases and providing a method for affixing the terms of such use and authorizing said cities to appropriate land necessary for the construction of such subways or galleries and the appurtenances and accessories thereof, and providing a method for ascertaining the damages arising therefrom.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. METZENBACHER. House Bill No. 915.

An Act to provide revenue by taxation for the improvement of the public roads in this Commonwealth.

Referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. BERNTHEIZEL. House Bill No. 916.

An Act relating to the use of floating gill nets.

Referred to the Committee on Fisheries.

By Mr. BERNTHEIZEL. House Bill No. 917.

An Act making an appropriation to the Columbia Hospital, located at Columbia, Lancaster County, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. MAURER. House Bill No. 918.

An Act to provide for the study by the Department of Labor and Industry of the question of minimum wages for women and minors.

Referred to the Committee on Labor and Industry.

By Mr. KITTS. House Bill No. 919.

An Act to repeal an act, entitled "A further supplement to the charter of the City of Erie, to provide for the appointment of water commissioners and to define their powers and duties," approved the fourth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. ADAMS. House Bill No. 920.

An Act providing for the payment of tax on anthracite coal to school districts, in townships in which the roads shall be made and repaired by tax-payers.

Referred to the Committee on Public Roads.

By Mr. GEARY. House Bill No. 921.

An Act requiring each city of the second class to establish a municipal pension fund for employes of said city and regulating the payment of such pensions, excepting the employes of the bureaus of police, fire and electricity, who are eligible to the pension funds of said bureaus.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

By Mr. WHITAKER. House Bill No. 922.

An Act making an appropriation to the Homeopathic Hospital of Chester County, located at West Chester, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. KITTS. House Bill No. 923.

An Act relating to the payment of the cost of the transcription of stenographic notes in certain proceedings by the county, and the reimbursement of the county for such payment.

Referred to the Committee on Counties and Townships.

By Mr. SHOWALTER. House Bill No. 924.

An Act to repeal section seventeen hundred fifteen of an act approved the eighteenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred eleven, entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, together with the provisions by which it shall be administered, and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof; providing revenue to establish and maintain the same, and the method of collecting such revenue; and repealing all laws, general special or local or any parts thereof, that are or may be inconsistent therewith."

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Mr. BERNTHEIZEL. House Bill No. 925.

An Act regulating the number, grade, appointment and assignment of employes in the Adjutant General's Department and State Arsenal, and fixing salaries of each.

Referred to the Committee on Military.

By Mr. JEFFERSON W. SMITH. House Bill No. 926.

An Act making an appropriation to the College Department of the Hahnemann Medical College and Hospital.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. HABGOOD. House Bill No. 927.

An Act for the licensing, protection and keeping of dogs, and for the protection of horses, cattle, sheep, and other livestock, domestic fowls, and swine; creating the office of Dog Commissioner in townships, boroughs and cities, defining his duties; providing methods for the enforcement of this act; and prescribing penalties for its violation and repealing certain acts.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

By Mr. WALSH. House Bill No. 928.

An Act to classify the fish in the waters within this Commonwealth declaring which are game fish which are food fish and which are bait fish and to regulate the catching and sale and to forbid the sale of certain fish and to encourage the propagation of the same to protect the waters within this Commonwealth from unfair improper wasteful and destructive fishing and to protect the fish from being destroyed or injured by destructive means to provide for the appointment of fish wardens and to declare their official powers and duties to encourage and regulate the propagation of fish within this Commonwealth and to regulate the free distribution of the same by the Department of Fisheries in the waters within the same to define powers and duties of the Department of Fisheries to regulate the same and shipment of fish artificially propagated for profit and to provide penalties and punishments for the violation of the provisions of this act and providing how and by whom the costs shall be paid.

Referred to the Committee on Fisheries.

By Mr. VICKERMAN. House Bill No. 936.

An Act relating to Boroughs providing for the creation, regulation and abolition of the office of Borough Manager and declaring certain Borough offices compatible.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

By Mr. McCAIG. House Bill No. 937.

An Act regulating the furnishing of quotations of stock exchanges and giving jurisdiction to the Public Service Commission.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. McCAIG. House Bill No. 938.

An Act amending section 3 of an act approved the ninth day of June A. D. one thousand nine hundred and eleven, entitled "An Act authorizing the establishment and maintenance of Psychopathic wards in certain hospitals; providing for regulation therof, the commitment of persons suffering with mental disorders to such wards, and for the payment of expenses for maintaining and treating persons committed thereto", as amended by the 3rd section of an act approved the first day of May A. D. one thousand nine hundred and thirteen, entitled "An Act to amend the 3rd section of an act approved the ninth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven, entitled 'An Act authorizing the establishment and maintenance of Psychopathic wards in certain hospitals; providing for regulation thereof, the commitment of persons suffering with mental disorders to such wards, and for the payment of expenses for maintaining and treating persons committed thereto,' providing for the payment of expenses of maintenance and treating persons received therein, other than those committed by court."

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. FORSTER. House Bill No. 939.

An Act relating to the holding of real estate by certain foreign corporations, associations and companies doing business in Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. WALTON. House Bill No. 940.

An Act making an appropriation to the State Highway Department to reimburse the county of Lawrence and township of Hickory for money paid for the use of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, under a contract with the State Highway Department for the construction of that part of the Eastbrook road in Hickory Township, in said county, which has not been built.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. SPANGLER. House Bill No. 941.

An Act further amending an act entitled "An Act to provide increased revenues for the purpose of relieving the burdens of local taxation, being supplementary to an act entitled 'An Act to provide revenue by taxation', approved the seventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine, amending the first, fourteenth, sixteenth, twentieth, twenty-first, twenty-fifth and twenty-sixth sections of an act supplementary thereto which became a law on the first day of June, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine, entitled 'A further supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to provide revenue by taxation' approved the seventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy nine', and providing for greater uniformity of taxation by taxing all the property of corporations, limited partnerships and joint-stock associations having capital stock at the rate of five mills on each dollar of its actual value,' approved the eighth day of June, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety one", and regulating the making of certain reports and statements to the Auditor General for the purpose of taxation.

Referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. SPANGLER. House Bill No. 942.

An Act amending an act entitled "A further supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to provide revenue by taxation, approved the seventh day of June, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine' approved the first day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine."

Referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. EVANS. House Bill No. 943.

An Act to enable certain boroughs and parts of townships that are now or may hereafter be contiguous or adjacent to be united in one municipality, and providing for the division of the annexed territory into wards and the election of councilmen and school directors to which district may be entitled because of such annexation and providing for the adjustment of indebtedness between the municipalities

Referred to the Committee on Elections.

By Mr. W. W. JONES. House Bill No. 944.

An Act providing for a referendum vote in any county or counties of the Commonwealth on the question of granting licenses therein to sell vinous, spirituous, malt, brewed or other intoxicating liquors, or any admixture thereof; limiting in the several cities of the Commonwealth the number of licenses to be hereafter granted according to the population in said cities; defining the power of the Court of Quarter Sessions to revoke or refuse to renew existing licenses; requiring compensation to be paid the holder of any license for the sale of intoxicating liquors or any admixture thereof upon the termination or revocation of said license as a result of said referendum vote; creating a compensation fund in such cases, and vesting exclusive jurisdiction in the courts of common pleas to determine the amount of such compensation subject to appeal to the Superior and Supreme Courts.

Referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

By Mr. STATLER. House Bill No. 945.

An Act to amend an act, approved the fifteenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eleven, entitled "An Act requiring owners, lessees, or operators of bituminous coal or clay mines to furnish the owners or lessees of adjoining coal or clay lands with maps of the mines and workings along the division line of such coal or clay lands and permitting the owners or lessees of such adjoining coal or clay lands to enter such mines and make surveys, and to verify the accuracy of such maps."

Referred to the Committee on Mines and Mining.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE.

Mr. McCAIG asked and obtained leave of absence for Mr. Sullivan for the balance of the week.

RESOLUTION FAVORING PENSIONS TO EMERGENCY MEN.

Mr. BARNETT offered the following resolution, which was read and laid over for printing.

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION.

In the House of Representatives, March 15, 1915.

Whereas, During the Civil War this Commonwealth was twice threatened by an invasion of the Confederate forces under General Lee, namely at Antietam in 1862 and at Gettysburg in 1863, and

Whereas, At the urgent appeal of President Lincoln, the Governor of Pennsylvania, Andrew G. Curtin, in both of said years, called upon citizens of Pennsylvania to enlist in the defense of the State, and

Whereas, It is generally admitted that the Emergency Men of Pennsylvania answering the call of Governor Curtin were potential factors in this terrible crisis, and

Whereas, Neither the State nor the Nation has shown to these brave defenders of Pennsylvania the proper appreciation of their services when at the call of the Governor during the days of 1862 and 1863 they left their homes and firesides and hastened to the defense of their State, and

Whereas, In many of the encounters that ensued after the enlistment of these Emergency Men these men bore themselves bravely and fully answered every demand made upon them in the line of patriotic duty, and

Whereas, Said Emergency Men were commanded by United States officers and marched under orders of the United States Government, and under such commanders performed duties beyond the boundaries of Pennsylvania, and

Whereas, Now in their old age many of these men who at that time were willing to lay down their lives as a sacrifice for the good of their country, are now facing the sunset of life in straightened circumstances and in many cases in need of that care and attention which the Government and the Commonwealth should provide; and

Whereas, The National Government heretofore in its acknowledgment of the debt we owe to the soldiers of the Civil War has cared for many men whose services rendered were not greater than those rendered by the Emergency Men of Pennsylvania; therefore

Be it resolved, (if the Senate concur), That the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania urgently bring it to the attention of the Congress of the United States that adequate provision has not been made for the Emergency Men who enlisted during the Civil War, particularly the Emergency Men of Pennsylvania, and that through pension or otherwise they should be taken care of in their declining days, that they cannot say that their Country is unmindful of their services and ungrateful for what they did.

RESOLUTION NO. 8.

Mr. BRUMBAUGH. Mr. Speaker, I desire at this time to call up House Resolution No. 8, File Folio No. 2101.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the resolution.

The Clerk then read the resolution as follows:

Whereas It has been reported to this House by Mr. Garner of Schuylkill that a representative of the corporate interests had presented him with a mileage book which Mr. Garner termed the first fruits of the "Full Crew" therefore

Be it resolved that this House authorize the Speaker to appoint a committee of three to investigate and report to this House the facts in this case which are reflective upon this House and ought to be beneath its dignity

On the question,

Will the House agree to the resolution?

Mr. H. I. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I move that this resolution be referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. GLASS. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Mr. GARNER. Mr. Speaker, I move that House Bill No. 517, File Folio No. 1955, entitled:

An Act prohibiting any city county or municipality from imposing or collecting any license fee or tax upon insurance companies or their agents or insurance brokers licensed to transact business by the Insurance Commissioner

be laid over and not acted upon until Monday evening.

Mr. RONEY. Mr. Speaker, I think this bill should be either placed on the postponed calendar for the present, or else recommitted to the committee from which it came, because as I read the bill, and I took it up with the sponsor of the bill, the gentleman from Delaware, the verbiage in the bill is rather of a doubtful meaning, and where it prevented the county or municipality from levying and collecting any license fee or tax, I was just a bit fearful that perhaps there might be very considerably litigation concerning that, on the theory that perhaps it exempted from local taxation insurance companies. Now, I am perfectly agreed that the bill should prevent the municipalities from collecting the brokerage license tax from corporations and insurance companies that pay the State tax, but herein the language should be very plain. We would not want it to be at all construed hereafter that any one is exempted from the payment of brokerage license tax, but perhaps there is an exemption from any local tax; therefore I think that the sponsor of the bill, with whom I have already talked about this should best decide whether the bill should be postponed generally for the present, or recommitted to the committee from which it came. Either will serve the purpose of my objection at this time, which is that the House may go over the bill more carefully.

The SPEAKER. The Chair would like to know if the motion made by the gentleman from Schuylkill, Mr. Garner, has been seconded?

Mr. EHRHARDT. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the motion?

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, to save any discussion on the bill, when it finally comes before the House, I might explain to the House the purpose of the bill. The purpose of the bill is to prevent municipalities, namely, a city, or a borough or a township, from placing an additional tax upon an insurance agent or broker. Insurance agents and brokers have been one of the sources of revenue to the State. The tax on an insurance agent is two dollars for each company that he represents. Nearly all insurance agents that do any business scarcely at all are necessarily also brokers. Under the law a fire insurance agent, or any other person who may desire to place insurance through an agent, becomes a broker.

In the practice of fire insurance there are many agents—in fact, nearly all agents occasionally have a risk that is so large that their companies are not able to cover it in their own office, consequently they go over to another insurance agent and say "Here, I am able to take care of one hundred thousand dollars of insurance on this property, but as the insurer desires two hundred thousand dollars insurance and I have a hundred thousand surplus that I cannot take care of I will give that to you." There is always an understanding in the fire insurance business, between agents, that if I as an agent give you a hundred thousand insurance, or any other amount, you give me a portion of the commisson, and vice versa. If I take care of a surplus in this way I get a division of the commission. Thus nearly all fire insurance agents become brokers so that nearly all fire insurance agents have, generally, in their office anywheres from (I am speaking of the fire insurance business now, and those who do any business at all) three to ten companies that he represents. If I represent five companies, I pay two dollars into the State for each company; I pay ten dollars into the State for my license to represent each company and I pay, in addition to that, ten dollars for the right to be a broker. I pay a State tax of twenty dollars. If I represent twenty companies I pay forty dollars in addition to the general tax to be a broker, which would be fifty dollars. Now, the general feeling of a great many people is that they have been selected by the State as one of the sources of revenue for the State and that it is hardly fair to place a double taxation on that particular class of activity. But it does appear that some boroughs and some cities feel that they ought to collect a local tax in addition to the State tax. If this bill were to pass it would mean that hereafter the only tax that a fire insurance agent or broker would have to pay would be a State tax. I might say if it is the opinion of the House that this business does not pay as large a tax as it ought to that it should not be subjected to a double taxation, but if it does not pay a sufficient tax to the State that tax ought to be increased. My personal experience leads me to believe that this tax is a heavier tax on the fire insurance agents and representatives than the present Mercantile tax is on the merchant, so that it is a tax similar to that. Now, gentlemen, I had intended to have this bill postponed for the present, because in this morning's work I have not been able to draw up the amendments on which I agree with my friend and colleague from Philadelphia, who has just spoken (Mr. Roney)—that the language is a little indefinite. However, he is fearful that it might exempt insurance companies from taxes; what we might call municipal taxes. Personally, I don't think that is in the bill or to be feared, because a careful reading of the bill will show you that it refers only to that business as contained in the Act of 1911 and that Act dealt with nothing else except the license question. It is true this Act, as drawn, does have the word "tax" in it, but I don't think there is any use of postponing this bill until Monday evening, myself. I am willing to have it postponed for the present because we will be busy with other matters today and in the meantime I would prepare amendments, in confirmation with my friend from Philadelphia. It is immaterial to me, however.

Mr. GARNER. Mr. Speaker, the reason I ask that the bill be laid over until Monday evening is so that I may examine into the law upon this subject. I see an entirely different construction of this bill. As the law stands now the fire houses of Ashland where I live receive from this State tax a few hundred dollars every year for disabled firemen. As I read the bill without examining the law I see where they are going to take that away. I would, therefore, like to have a few days to examine the law before they destroy the Volunteer Fire Pension of our State.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I wish to inform the House and my friend from Schuylkill that this does not do any such thing; it is not possible to get out of it even a suggestion that it changes the distribution of the pension fund to firemen. The truth of the matter is, it only deals with the question of local taxation. There is no place in the bill, all through it, that anybody can find a suggestion to repeal the law that places this tax upon the fire insurance agents; such language cannot be found in it. Why, my friend from Schuylkill can have any idea of that I really cannot conceive. It don't deal with that in any way or sense. The Act of 1911 has nothing whatever to do with the pension law; that is a law that provides in each community that there shall be a certain division of the money collected by the State out of the fire insurance tax that shall be redistributed among and for the benefit of the firemen's association. This bill does not approach that in any way, shape or form. If that is what the gentleman has in mind in his objections to the bill I can say, positively, to the House that there is nothing in it and the language is very simple and I don't see how or where such a conception can be formed.

Mr. HERMAN. Mr. Speaker, I would like to interrogate the gentleman from Delaware.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Delaware, Mr. Baldwin, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, yes sir.

Mr. HERMAN. Mr. Speaker, as I understand the gentleman from Philadelphia in what he has just said in regard to this bill, is that the agent who is engaged in the insurance business as an agent pays two dollars tax to the State for each company that he represents. Now, I would like to ask the gentleman from Delaware if it is not true that the insurance companies pay that tax?

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I cannot answer that question, because there are about fifteen thousand agents in the State of Pennsylvania. I don't suppose that the gentleman would expect me to know what all the agents do.

Mr. HERMAN. Mr Speaker, the gentleman from Delaware does not understand my question or else he is evading answering it. It is this: Is it not true that the insurance companies pay this tax of two dollars to the State for their agents?

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I think I answered that question plainly. The gentleman has asked me a question that relates to about fifteen thousand agents in the State of Pennsylvania. If I were to make an answer it would be only an impression and I would not want to make a mistake in giving you what would just be my impression. I don't know that I have ever asked an agent in the State of Pennsylvania whether his tax was paid for him or not. I am surely not trying to evade the question of the gentleman. He is endeavoring to ask me a question that no living man can answer. A company may say that we pay the tax for our agents but there are from three to four hundred companies doing business in Pennsylvania, and the gentleman certainly does not wish me to tell the House what my opinion is.

Mr. HERMAN. Mr. Speaker, No.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I think the House appreciates how difficult it would be for me or any other member of this House to answer that question. I presume my friend has an impression himself that the companies pay that tax for the agents. I am not responsible for his impressions; he might be right, but if you would like me to give you my impression, if you want me to do that I will do it, but I want it understood that it is only an impression. I don't know, I cannot know. I think I have made the question clear, gentlemen. Have I not?

Mr. GARNER. Mr. Speaker, no, sir; you have not. I want to ask you a question.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I am answering one interrogation and all that I have said should be clear and I think everybody will agree with me as to that; nobody can do business until he pays into the State Treasury two dollars for one company, four dollars for two companies, and if he is in twenty companies or represents twenty companies he pays forty dollars, and in addition to that if he is a broker he pays ten dollars annually. If that tax is not heavy enough it may be increased, but it does not effect the pension fund in any way at all. There is no attempt in this bill to reduce the agent's tax of the State; it does not effect the State revenues at all, but simply says that if this class of business is to be taxed by the State it is not fair to tax it again by the local government; that is all it means.

Mr. HERMAN. Mr. Speaker, the reason why I asked this question is this: Because I have been told, personally, by an insurance man that the insurance company did pay this tax. I don't know how it is though as they might have paid the tax for this one man only. I do know this: If the insurance company pays this tax for all their agents then it seems to me that it is not a burden upon the insurance agents or brokers to pay this brokerage tax. I am just asking for information. I want to know about this matter because I am not in a position to know without this information and, therefore, I want to know what I am voting on.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I move that this bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. GARNER. Mr. Speaker, there is a motion before the House.

Mr. H. I. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, as I understand the gentleman from Delaware is really only intended to apply such insurance agents that might come under the head of brokers; because of doing particular things. If I am wrong in that, I can be corrected by the gentleman from Delaware, but if that is the case: That it be recommitted or postponed and the following amendment placed in the bill would bring about very nearly what the gentleman from Delaware has led me to understand: By striking out in lines six and seven, the words "or tax upon insurance companies or other agents or insurance representatives" and inserting after the word "fee" "other insurance companies". Then it will read properly. If I am wrong, the gentleman from Delaware has not made it clear to me.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I have already stated that the present law provides that any person who desires to represent an insurance company, it is necessary for them to pay to the State Treasury a tax of two dollars; if he represents two companies four dollars and for each additional company two dollars on each one. In addition to that he pays a fee of ten dollars. The nature of the business is one by which nearly always an agent is also a broker and he pays an annual brokerage fee of ten dollars. If an agent chooses to be a broker or to do any business as a broker that is what he pays. Therefore, this bill does not effect any one from a State standpoint at all but there is one thing I should like to explain to the House which is this: There are agencies in this State that are incorporated. It is that class of corporations I am talking about. They are not insurance companies who are insurers but representatives of insurance companies who place insurance for insurance companies and it will cover them as well as the individuals. There are several incorporated insurance companies in the State who do nothing but place insurance, that is the reason why the words "insurance companies" occur in the act.

Mr. H. I. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I desire to interrogate the gentleman from Delaware, Mr. Baldwin.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman will kindly remember that the bill itself is not before the House.

POINT OF ORDER.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I rise to a point of order.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman will state his point.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, does not a bill in its entirety come under consideration when a motion is made to postpone it for any particular time? Is not the whole bill under consideration? That would be my impression. Because how could the House understand whether they ought to postpone or not to postpone it unless the whole situation is explained which involves the bill.

The SPEAKER. If the postponement is for a special order of business, it is debatable, but not if it is postponed to some indefinite time.

Mr. BALDWIN. It is not postponed to some indefinite time, it is a time set.

The SPEAKER. This motion is made for a time set, but not a special order of business.

Mr. GARNER. Mr. Speaker, I withdraw my motion.

Mr. EHRHARDT. Mr. Speaker, I withdraw my second to the motion.

Mr. H. I. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I move that this bill be recommitted back to the Committe on Insurance for the purpose of proper amendment.

POINT OF ORDER.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I rise to a point of order.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman will state his point.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, my point of order is the gentleman is out of order. It cannot be recommitted until he reconsiders——

The SPEAKER. The gentleman's motion is not in order at this time.

The SPEAKER. The Chair withdraws its request to consider bills on second reading.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 517, entitled:

An Act prohibiting any city county or municipality from imposing or collecting any license fee or tax upon insurance companies or their agents or insurance brokers licensed to transact business by the Insurance Commissioner

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. H. I. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I move that this bill be recommitted to the Committee on Insurance.

Mr. RONEY. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the motion?

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I hope the House will not do that. The committee has already considered this bill from every phase. It was thoroughly discussed; all this bill wants is a postponement for the present, and there is no doubt that the amendments that will be made to it will make it as good as the sponsor will agree to make it, and then if the House does not want the bill it can vote it down. But is undoubtedly good legislation. Now if you will just postpone the bill for the present, by tomorrow I will have the amendments prepared. I have discussed this bill with the Insurance Commissioner, but I did not have time to prepare the amendments. If you will postpone the bill until the amendments are prepared, then if there is any member in the House who would like to know exactly what the law on the question is, and would like to confer with his friends at home, I will agree to have it postponed but I would like to have it keep its place on the calendar and move along.

Mr. H. I. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, under that statement of facts, I withdraw my motion to recommit it to the Committee on Insurance and after that we can have it postponed for the present if it is agreed to.

Mr. RONEY. Mr. Speaker, I withdraw my second to the gentleman's motion.

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. H. I. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I move that further consideration of this bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

SENATE MESSAGE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, presented extracts from the Journal of the Senate which were laid upon the table.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 457, as follows:

An Act to amend section two of an act entitled "An Act for the better protection of the wild birds known as the turtle or mourning-dove the killdeer plover and the bird commonly called the blackbird in Pennsylvania and prescribing penalties for violation of its provisions" approved the tweny-first day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen Pamphlet Laws eight by extending the power to destroy birds commonly called blackbirds

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section two of an act entitled "An Act for the better protection of the wild birds known as the turtle or mourning-dove the killdeer plover and the bird commonly called the blackbird in Pennsylvania and prescribing penalties for violation of its provisions" approved the twenty-first day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen Pamphlet Laws eight which reads as follows

"Section 2 Except as provided by the laws of this Commonwealth it shall be unlawful for any person at any time to take or kill or wound or to attempt to take or kill or wound either a turtle or mourning-dove or a killdeer plover or one of the birds commonly called blackbirds in this Commonwealth or to have such dove or such plover or such blackbird or any part of either bird in possession under a penalty of ten dollars for each bird either dove or plover or blackbird taken or killed or wounded or attempted to be taken or killed or wounded or had in possession in this Commonwealth or in lieu thereof to suffer an imprisonment in the common jail of the county for a period of one day for each dollar of penalty imposed and unpaid Provided That blackbirds may be killed by the owners of land when caught in the act of destroying either the eggs or young of other birds or fruit or berries or grain upon such property" be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows

Section 2 Except as provided by the law of this Commonwealth it shall be unlawful for any person at any time to take or kill or wound or to attempt to take or kill or wound either a turtle or mourning-dove or a killdeer plover or one of the birds commonly called blackbirds in this Commonwealth or to have such dove or such plover or such blackbird or any part of either bird in possession under a penalty of ten dollars for each bird either dove or plover or blackbird taken or killed or wounded or attempted to be taken or killed or wounded or had in possession in this Commonwealth or in lieu thereof to suffer an imprisonment in the common jail of the county for a period of one day for each dollar of penalty imposed and unpaid Provided That those birds commonly known as blackbirds may be killed by the owner or lessee of lands in this Commonwealth or by the legitimate employe of such owner or lessee when upon the property under their control such birds may be destroying either the eggs or young of other birds or growing crops or grain or fruit or berries and the Board of Game Commissioners shall have authority to direct the killing of those birds commonly called blackbirds when satisfied that such birds have from any cause become a nuisance in the section wherein they may be located

And said bill having been read at length the third time. considered and agreed to.

On the question.

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—169.

Albee,	Finnerty,	Lauler,	Sarig,
Alcorn,	Forster,	Leighner,	Schaeffer,
Alexander,	Fretz,	Lindsey,	Scott,
Arnold,	Fruit,	Lipschutz,	Shaaber,
Aron,	Gallagher,	Love,	Smith, J. W.,
Arthur,	Gans,	Luxemburger,	Smith, Jeff. W.
Baker,	Garner,	Lynch,	Smith, L.,
Baldwin,	Geary,	Mangan,	Snyder,
Barnett,	Gingery,	Marvin,	Sones,
Bauerle,	Glass,	McArdle,	Spencer,
Beck,	Glenn,	McCaig,	Statler,
Becker,	Gompers,	McClure,	Staving,
Benn,	Goodnough,	McConnell,	Steedle,
Benninger,	Goodwin,	McCurdy,	Stern,
Bergy,	Goodyear,	McDermott,	Stone,
Berntheizel,	Gormley,	McKay,	Swan,
Beyer,	Graham,	McVicar,	Swartz,
Blackburn,	Gransback,	Mearkle,	Taylor,
Body,	Greenwood,	Metzenbacher,	Thomas,
Brosius,	Hackett,	Milliron,	Trach,
Brownlee,	Hamilton,	Murdoch,	Twibill,
Brumbaugh,	Harper,	Murphy,	Urich,
Campbell, J. O.,	Hefferman,	Nieder,	Walton,
Campbell, T.,	Herman,	Nissley,	Watson,
Christman,	Hess,	Oaks,	Weaver,
Coldsmith,	Heyburn,	Ostrander,	Weimer,
Corbin,	Hibshman,	Palmer,	Weir,
Cox,	Hollern,	Phillips,	West,
Cromer,	Hollingsworth,	Pickering,	Wettach,
Cummins,	Horton,	Powell,	Whitaker,
Curry,	Howarth,	Ramsey,	Wildman,
Davis,	Hubler,	Reel,	Willard,
Diefenderfer,	Jack,	Reynolds,	Williams,
Dodds,	Jones, W. W.,	Rich,	Wilson, H. I.,
Drinkhouse,	Kaiser,	Rininger,	Wilson, W. H.,
Dunn,	Kitts,	Rinn,	Wobensmith,
Eby,	Klinger,	Robertson,	Wood,
Ehrhardt,	Kunkle,	Roney,	Wylie,
Eppley,	Lafferty,	Rothenberger,	Wynne,
Erdman,	Landis,	Rowell,	Young,
Evans,	Lanius,	Rudisill,	Ambler,
Fackler,	Lauer,	Sampsel,	Speaker.

NAYS—1.

Maurer,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 544, as follows:

An Act authorizing the adoption of an amortized basis for valuing the bond investments of life insurance companies or fraternal beneficiary societies

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That all bonds or other evidences of debt held by any life insurance company or fraternal beneficiary societies authorized to do business in this Commonwealth may if amply secured and if not in default as to principal or interest be valued as follows If purchased at par at the par value if purchased above or below par on the basis of the purchase price adjusted so as to bring the value to par at maturity and so as to yield meantime the effective rate of interest at which the purchase was made Provided that the purchase price shall in no case be taken at a higher figure than the actual market value at the time of purchase and provided further that the Insurance Commissioner shall have full discretion in determining the method of calculating values according to the foregoing rule and the values found by him in accordance with such method shall be final and binding Provided also that any such corporation may return such bonds or other evidences of debt at their market value or their book value but in no case at an aggregate value exceeding the aggregate of the values calculated according to the foregoing rule

Section 2 This act shall not be construed to require any life insurance company or fraternal beneficiary societies authorized to do business in this Commonwealth which shall not elect to value its bonds and other evidences of debt by amortization as herein provided to do so but any company electing to adopt the amortized basis shall continue to have its bonds valued upon that basis

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, there are several members of the House who have asked me to explain this bill. I think I can do it in a very few words, and you will appreciate just what it means. This is a bill that comes from the Insurance Department. You realize that all life insurance companies carry reserves. Those reserves are almost always represented entirely by securities held—bonds and mortgages of various kinds. We all realize that bonds fluctuate on the market. Sometimes under depressed conditions bonds take quite a tumble. The par value being one hundred, under depressed conditions it may have a market value of only ninety. That value may go as low as sixty. When the conditions are prosperous bonds go above par, and while the par is one hundred the market value of the bonds may be one hundred and ten, one hundred and twenty or one hundred and five. "Amortized" means that the Insurance Commissioner, so as to fix the value upon which the State collects its tax, shall have the power to fix the value of these bonds or securities held as reserves, that is the entire effect. If the company itself is allowed to fix the value of its securities for the purpose of boosting

its reserve when it is in a dangerous condition, it may fix the value of its securities above what a reasonable man would believe was fair, and if it was fixed at its par value the result would be to impair the reserve. The law of the State and of every State of the Union is that when the reserve of the company is impaired why the company must either make the impairment good or it must cease to do business. Now this bill simply gives to the Insurance Commissioners the right to amortize the securities. At the present time there is no such power.

On the question recurring.

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—165.

Albee,	Forster,	Lipschutz,	Schaeffer,
Alcorn,	Fretz,	Love,	Scott,
Alexander,	Fruit,	Luppert,	Shaaber,
Arnold,	Gallagher,	Luxemburger,	Shoop,
Aron,	Gans,	Lynch,	Showalter,
	Garner,	Mangan,	Smith, J. W.,
Baker,	Geary,	Marvin,	Smith, Jeff. W.,
Baldwin,	Gibson,	Mather,	Smith, L.,
Barnett,	Gingery,	Maurer,	Snyder,
Bauerle,	Glass,	McCaig,	Sones,
Beck,	Glenn,	McClure,	Spangler,
Becker,	Gompers,	McConnell,	Spencer,
Benn,	Goodnough,	McCurdy,	Staving,
Benninger,	Goodwin,	McDermott,	Steedle,
Bergy,	Goodyear,	McKay,	Stern,
Berntheizel,	Gormley,	McVicar,	Stone,
Beyer,	Graham,	Mearkle,	Swan,
Blackburn,	Gransback,	Metzenbacher,	Swartz,
Body,	Greenwood,	Milliron,	Thomas,
Bovee,	Hackett,	Murdoch,	Trach,
Brosius,	Hamilton,	Murphy,	Twibill,
Brownlee,	Harper,	Nieder,	Urich,
Campbell, J. O.,	Heffernan,	Nissley,	Wagner,
Campbell, T.,	Herman,	Oaks,	Walton,
Christman,	Hess,	Ostrander,	Watson,
Coldsmith,	Heyburn,	Palmer,	Weaver,
Corbin,	Hibshman,	Peters,	Weimer,
Cox,	Hollingsworth,	Phillips,	Weir,
Cromer,	Howarth,	Pickering,	Whitaker,
Cummins,	Hubler,	Powell,	Whitten,
Curry,	Jones, E. E.,	Ramsey,	Wildman,
Davis,	Jones, W. W.,	Reel,	Willard,
Diefenderfer,	Kaiser,	Reynolds,	Williams,
Dodds,	Klinger,	Rich,	Wilson, H. I.,
Drinkhouse,	Kunkle,	Rininger,	Wilson, W. H.,
Dunn,	Lafferty,	Robertson,	Wobensmith,
Eby,	Landis,	Roney,	Wood,
Ehrhardt,	Lanius,	Rowell,	Wylie,
Eppley,	Lauer,	Rudisill,	Wynne,
Erdman,	Lauler,	Sampsel,	Young,
Evans,	Leighner,	Sarig,	Ambler,
Fackler,	Lindsey,		Speaker.
Finnerty,			

NAYS—1.

Rothenberger,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 678 (Senate No. 111), entitled:

Authorizing cities of the first and second classes to appropriate city funds for the maintenance of historical societies

And said bill having been read at length the third time considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—163.

Albee,	Forster,	Lipschutz,	Sarig,
Alcorn,	Fretz,	Love,	Scott,
Alexander,	Fruit,	Luppert,	Shaaber,
Arnold,	Gallagher,	Luxemburger,	Shoop,
Aron,	Gans,	Lynch,	
Arthur,	Garner,	Mangan,	Smith, J. W.,
Baldwin,	Geary,	Marvin,	Smith, Jeff. W.
Barnett,	Gibson,	Mather,	Smith, L.,
Bauerle,	Gingery,	Maurer,	Snyder,
Beck,	Glass,	McCaig,	Sones,
Becker,	Gompers,	McClure,	Spencer,
Benn,	Goodnough,	McConnell,	Staving,
Benninger,	Goodwin,	McCurdy,	Steedle,
Bergy,	Goodyear,	McDermott,	Stern,
Berntheizel,	Gormley,	McKay,	Stone,
Beyer,	Graham,	McVicar,	Swan,
Blackburn,	Gransback,	Mearkle,	Swartz,
Body,	Greenwood,	Mellott,	Thomas,
Bovee,	Hackett,	Metzenbacher,	Trach,
Brosius,	Hamilton,	Milliron,	Twibill,
Brownlee,	Harper,	Murdoch,	Urich,
Campbell, J. O.,	Heffernan,	Murphy,	Wagner,
Campbell, T.,	Herman,	Myers,	Walter,
Christman,	Hess,	Neville,	Walton,
Coldsmith,	Heyburn,	Nieder,	Weimer,
Corbin,	Hibshman,	Oaks,	Weir,
Cox,	Hollingsworth,	Ostrander,	Wettach,
Cummins,	Horton,	Palmer,	Whitaker,
Curry,	Howarth,	Peters,	Whitten,
Davis,	Hubler,	Phillips,	Wildman,
Diefenderfer,	Jack,	Pickering,	Willard,
Dodds,	Jones, W. W.,	Powell,	Williams
Drinkhouse,	Kaiser,	Ramsey,	Wilson, H. I.,
Dunn,	Kitts,	Reel,	Wilson, W. H.,
Eby,	Klinger,	Reynolds,	Wobensmith,
Ehrhardt,	Kunkle,	Rich,	Wood,
Eppley,	Lafferty,	Rininger,	Wylie,
Erdman,	Lanius,	Robertson,	Wynne,
Evans,	Lauer,	Roney,	Young,
Fackler,	Lauler,	Rudisill,	Ambler,
Finnerty,	Leighner,	Sampsel,	Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed it without amendment.

The SPEAKER. A resolution was inadvertently mixed with the bills this morning. The sponsor of this resolution is entitled to consideration of it today. It should have been presented under the order of business of "Resolutions." If there is no objection it will be considered at this time. The Chair hears no objecton.

RESOLUTION RELATIVE TO PRINTING DESECRATION OF FLAG ACT.

Mr. SCOTT offered the following concurrent resolution which was twice read and laid over for printing.

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION.

Whereas, Many citizens of Pennsylvania are not aware of the provisions of an act, approved the twenty-third day of May, one thousand nine hundred seven, entitled "An Act to prevent and punish the desecration of the flag of the United States and of this State," prohibiting the desecration of the flag of our country and of Pennsylvania, therefore, be it

Resolved (If the Senate concur), That fifty thousand copies of said act be printed, twelve thousand copies for the use of the members of the House of Representatives, eight thousand copies for the use of the members of the Senate, and the remainder for the use of the society known as the Daughters of the Revolution.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 430, entitled:

An Act making county commissioners overseers of the poor in certain counties and regulating their compensation and expenses

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. MILLIRON. On account of the absence of the sponsor for this bill, I move that it be postponed for the present.

Mr. LYNCH. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 240, as follows:

An Act creating a reward or bounty for the destruction of certain noxious animals killed within the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania providing a method for the payment of the same and providing the method of fur-

nishing evidence of said destruction and penalties for the violation of the several provisions hereof

Whereas frauds have been perpetrated upon the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania under the act of July twenty-five one thousand nine hundred and thirteen (Pamphlet Laws one thousand and thirty-six) in the collection of bounties for the destruction of animals and birds purporting to be the animals and birds mentioned in said act and large sums of money have been illegally obtained from the Commonwealth thereunder therefore

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from and after the passage of this act a reward or bounty shall be paid by this Commonwealth for the killing within the Commonwealth only of the following noxious animals For each wildcat the sum of six dollars for each fox the sum of two dollars for each weasel the sum of one dollar and for each mink the sum of one dollar

Section 2 It shall be the duty of any person who having killed within this Commonwealth one or more of the animals named in section one of this act and being desirous of securing the reward or bounty named for such killing as fixed by section one of this act to produce such slain animal or animals or the entire pelt thereof before any game protector or of any justice of the peace or alderman or magistrate within this Commonwealth and to make affidavit that he or some member of his family naming such person killed the same naming it stating clearly the approximate time of such killing and the fact that the place where such animal was killed naming it was within the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and that such animal was not reared in captivity

(a) Upon the production of such animal or pelt and the making of such affidavit before a game protector such official shall in the presence of the party making such affidavit split the skin of the face of the animal from between the eyes through the end of the nose and shall return the pelt or skin thus mutilated to the person presenting same and shall fill out in the name of the party making such affidavit a certificate directed to the Secretary of the Board of Game Commissioners at Harrisburg setting forth clearly the fact that the provisions of this act have been complied with giving the name of the animal killed the name of the person killing it the approximate time it was killed and as nearly as possible the name of the place and county within the Commonwealth where it was thus killed and that such animal was not reared in captivity and the said game protector shall forward to the office of the Secretary of the Board of Game Commissioners at Harrisburg the certificate and the affidavit so taken by him

(b) Where the affidavit required by this act is made before a justice of the peace or alderman or magistrate such official shall include in one affidavit all claims for bounty that may be made by one person at one time not to exceed five and shall receive in full for services rendered a fee of twenty-five cents where but one animal is named in such affidavit Where more than one animal is named in one affidavit the fee shall be fifty cents such fee in all cases to be paid by the claimant for bounty The affidavit shall preferably be made upon forms to be provided by the Board of Game Commissioners on demand by any justice of the peace or alderman or magistrate within this Commonwealth and all affidavits of this character shall in all cases clearly set forth the name of the animal killed for which a bounty is claimed the name of the person killing same the approximate time when such animal was killed and as nearly as possible the name of the place and county within this Commonwealth where same was killed and that such animal was not reared in captivity Upon the completion of such affidavit and the payment of the fee as above stated the justice of the peace or alderman or magistrate shall deliver said affidavit and skin or pelt brought before him to the claimant for bounty who shall as soon as may be forward such affidavit and the skin or pelt of the animal or animals for the killing of which a bounty is claimed and named in such affidavit to the Secretary of the Board of Game Commissioners at Harrisburg It shall be the duty of the justice of the peace or alderman or magistrate before whom any claim for bounty is made to examine all skins or pelts presented to him so that he may judge of the legality of the claim made but such official shall not split the face of any such skin or in any manner mutilate same

Section 3 Upon the receipt of such affidavit or such certificate or both in proper form the Secretary of the Board of Game Commissioners being satisfied that the skins or pelts presented to him are the skins or pelts of animals for the killing of which a bounty is offered by this act and that such claims are in all respects legitimate shall return to the owner thereof all skins or pelts received by him and shall at least once a month draw his requisition upon the Auditor General in favor of the persons named in said affidavits or certificates received by him for the amount to which each claimant may be entitled against the fund hereinafter designated paid into the State Treasury pursuant to the provisions of the act of April seventeenth one thousand nine hundred and thirteen (Pamphlet Laws eighty-five) from hunters' license fees fines and penalties collected under the provisions of said act which by section twelve thereof are paid into the State Treasury and kept "as a fund separate and apart solely for the purpose of wild bird and game protection and for the purchase and propagation of game under the supervision of the Board of Game Commissioners of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and the payment of bounties under the provisions of law" which part of said fund devoted to the payment of bounties together with such other moneys as may pursuant to other laws of this Commonwealth be paid into the State Treasury for the payment of bounties is hereinafter designated as "Fund for the Payment of Bounties"

Section 4 The Auditor General upon presentation to him of the requisition of the Secretary of the Board of Game Commissioners shall draw his warrant upon the State Treasurer against the fund hereinafter designated received from the hunters' license fees fines and penalties and other laws of this Commonwealth as set out in the third section of this Act of Assembly and hereinafter designated "fund for the payment of bounties"

Section 5 Pursuant to section twelve of the Act of April seventeenth one thousand nine hundred and thirteen pamphlet laws eighty-five providing for the licensing of hunters which provides "It being specifically provided that fifty per centum of any fund returned to the State through or because of the provisions of this act or so much of said fifty per centum as may be needed shall be applied by the Legislature at its biennial sessions to the payment of bounties" one-half of the said sum hereafter received from all hunters' license fees fines and penalties under the provisions of said act of Assembly and all other fines and penalties set apart under any other laws of this Commonwealth for the payment of bounties are hereby directed to be placed by the State Treasurer in a separate and special fund to be designated and known as "fund for the payment of bounties" and all of the moneys placed in said fund are declared to be available as soon as paid into the State Treasury and are hereby specifically appropriated for the payment of the bounties as provided by this act and the Auditor General shall charge against the said fund all warrants drawn by him for the payment of bounties and the State Treasurer is directed to pay out of said fund all of the warrants so drawn by the Auditor General Provided That the office expenses clerk hire postage et cetera necessary to the performance of the extra duties imposed by this act upon the Board of Game Commissioners shall be a charge against the fund created by this act and shall be paid upon requisition of the secretary of said board in the same form and manner as requisitions for bounty are paid

Section 6 The game protectors of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania are hereby authorized and empowered to administer the oath necessary to the proving of the claims made as provided by the section two of this act but no charge for administering such oath is to be made by any of said game protectors

Section 7 No person shall at any time be paid a bounty for the killing of any animal named in this act the front of the face of which is split before presentation to the persons authorized to take affidavits under the provisions of this act and no person shall at any time collect or attempt to collect a second bounty for the killing of any animal under the provisions of this act or shall attempt to collect such bounty through the presentation of the skin or carcass or any part thereof of an animal not named in this act or through deception of any character and it shall be unlawful for any person in this Commonwealth to present for the purpose of securing the bounty provided for by this act the skin or carcass or any part thereof of an animal that has been reared in captivity or the skin or carcass of any part thereof of any animal killed or captured outside of this Commonwealth Each and every person who shall willfully or fraudulently collect or attempt to collect any reward or bounty provided for by this act to which he or they are not legally entitled under the provisions of this act or shall aid or abet or assist in any capacity official or otherwise in an attempt to defraud the State through the collection or payment of any reward or bounty provided for by this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall in addition to the penalty that may be imposed for perjury where a false affidavit is made be sentenced to pay to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania a fine of not less than one hundred dollars or more than five hundred dollars or in default of the payment thereof with costs shall suffer an imprisonment in the common jail of the county in which the affidavit is made for a period of one day in jail for each dollar of fine imposed and unpaid

Section 8 The act of July twenty-fifth one thousand nine hundred and thirteen pamphlet laws one thousand and thirty-six entitled "An Act creating a reward or bounty for the destruction of certain noxious animals and birds killed within the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania providing a method for the payment of the same by the several counties of the Commonwealth which in turn are to be reimbursed by the Commonwealth and providing penalties for violation of its several provisions" is hereby repealed and all other acts or parts of acts inconsistent with this act are also hereby repealed

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. PHILLIPS. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, I just wish to state at this time that the origin of this bill comes from two different sources. In the first place the bill was originated by the County Commissioners' Organization, which composes the State of Pennsylvania, and met at Erie. The object of the bill is to take the paying of bounties out of the hands of the County Commissioners and put it in the hands of the State Game Department where it properly belongs. There has been a great deal of difficulty in paying these bounties and a number of counties had to borrow money in order to meet this demand. This bill provides that any one killing any of these obnoxious animals shall take the pelt to a justice of the peace or a representative of the Game Department and it is then to be sent to the Game Department and the bounty paid direct

to the man who killed the animal. Before this they went to the County Commissioners and they paid the money out and had to lay out of the money. I have before me, and I presume other members have also, letters from County Commissioners who have paid out a great deal of money and have not yet been repaid for the bounties paid out the last two years. This bill is also recommended by the sportsmen of Pennsylvania. The money is paid in, as you know, for hunters licenses and they would also like to have the paying of these bounties come direct from the Department, and I therefore ask you to support this bill.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—169.

Albee,	Finnerty,	Love,	Sampsel,
Alcorn,	Forster,	Luppert,	Sarig,
Alexander,	Fretz,	Luxemburger,	Scott,
Arnold,	Fruit,	Lynch,	Shaaber,
Aron,	Gallagher,	Mangan,	Shoop,
Arthur,	Gans,	Marvin,	Smith, J. W.,
Baker,	Garner,	Mather,	Smith, Jeff. W.,
Baldwin,	Geary,	McArdle,	Smith, L.,
Barnett,	Gingery,	McCaig,	Snyder,
Bauerle,	Glass,	McClintock,	Sones,
Beck,	Glenn,	McClure,	Spangler,
Becker,	Gompers,	McConnell,	Spencer,
Benn,	Goodnough,	McCurdy,	Statler,
Benninger,	Goodwin,	McDermott,	Staving,
Bergy,	Goodyear,	McKay,	Steedle,
Berntheizel,	Gormley,	McNichol,	Stern,
Beyer,	Graham,	McVicar,	Stone,
Blackburn,	Gransback,	Mearkle,	Swan,
Body,	Greenwood,	Metzenbacher,	Taylor,
Bovee,	Hackett,	Milliron,	Thomas,
Brosius,	Hamilton,	Murdoch,	Trach,
Brownlee,	Harper,	Murphy,	Twibill,
Brumbaugh,	Heffernan,	Neville,	Urich,
Campbell, J. O.,	Herman,	Nieder,	Wagner,
Campbell, T.,	Hess,	Nissley,	Walter,
Christman,	Heyburn,	Oaks.	Walton,
Coldsmith,	Hibshman,	Ostrander,	Weaver,
Corbin,	Hollingsworth,	Palmer,	Weimer,
Cox,	Horton,	Perry,	Weir,
Cromer,	Howarth,	Peters,	West,
Cummins,	Hubler,	Pickering,	Whitaker,
Curry,	Jack,	Powell.	Whitten,
Davis,	Jones, W. W.,	Ramsey,	Wildman,
Diefenderfer,	Kaiser.	Reel,	Willard,
Dodds,	Klinger,	Reynolds,	Williams,
Drinkhouse,	Kunkle,	Rich,	Wilson, H. I.,
Dunn,	Landis,	Rininger,	Wilson, W. H.,
Eby,	Lanius,	Robertson,	Wobensmith,
Ehrhardt,	Lauer,	Roney,	Wood,
Eppley,	Lauler,	Rothenberger,	Wylie,
Erdman,	Leighner,	Rowell.	Wynne,
Evans,	Lindsey,	Rudisill,	Young,
Fackler,	Lipschutz,		

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affrmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 196, entitled:

An Act providing for the appointment and expenses of a commission of three persons learned in the law to codify and revise the law of decendents' estates and making an appropriation

The said bill having been read the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. McKAY. Mr. Speaker, I desire to interrogate the sponsor of this bill.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Lancaster, Mr. Berntheizel, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. BERNTHEIZEL. Mr. Speaker, I will.

Mr. McKAY. Mr. Speaker, I would like to ask if there is any reason why the Legislative Reference Bureau cannot do this work, thus saving the State ten thousand dollars?

Mr. BERNTHEIZEL. Mr. Speaker, this bill provides not for a codification, but for a revision of the law of decedents' estates. This bill was given to me by the late W. U. Hensel, chairman of the Committee of Law Reform, by direction of the State Bar Association. It has the endorsement of the Philadelphia Bar Association, and through the State Bar Association, I take it, of every bar of the State. It is needless for me to enter into a discussion as to the need of the revision of the law of decedents' estates of Pennsylvania. Any person who will read the very able address of Judge Gest, delivered before the Law Academy of Philadelphia, recently, will realize the urgency of that need. The bill provides that the commission shall serve without pay. One of the Commission shall be a judge of the Orphan's Court of Pennsylvania. The members comprising that Commission will, of course, be men of the highest calibre. It is unreasonable to expect that they will render their services gratuituously unless we provide them with ample means for revising the law. It does not follow that the entire appropriation need be spent, or will be spent. For one I have absolute confidence in the integrity of the men whom the Governor will appoint to this Commission. If the bill provided solely for codification, I would say, "Yes, the Legislative Reference Bureau is available," but inasmuch as it is a revision of the law, I believe the Commission to be appointed by the Governor should be men learned in the law, and men adapted for this purpose should be appointed.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—142.

Albee,	Finnerty,	Lauer,	Sarig,
Alcorn,	Forster,	Lauler,	Scott,
Alexander,	Fretz,	Leighner,	Shaaber,
Arnold,	Fruit,	Lindsey,	Shoop,
Aron,	Gallagher,	Lipschutz,	Smith, J. W.,
Arthur,	Gans,	Love,	Smith, L.,
Baldwin,	Garner,	Luxemburger,	Snyder,
Barnett,	Geary,	Lynch,	Spangler,
Bauerle,	Gingery,	Mangan,	Spencer,
Beck,	Glass,	Mather,	Statler,
Benn,	Gompers,	McCaig,	Steedle,
Benninger,	Goodnough,	McClintock,	Stern,
Bergy,	Goodwin,	McConnell,	Stone,
Berntheizel,	Goodyear,	McCurdy,	Swan,
Beyer,	Graham,	McVicar,	Swartz,
Blackburn,	Gransback,	Metzenbacher,	Thomas,
Body,	Greenwood,	Milliron,	Trach,
Brosius,	Hackett,	Murdoch,	Twibill,
Brownlee,	Hamilton,	Neville,	Urich,
Campbell, J. O.,	Harper,	Nieder,	Wagner,
Campbell, T.,	Heffernan,	Nissley,	Walton,
Christman,	Herman,	Oaks,	Weaver,
Coldsmith,	Hess,	Ostrander,	Weimer,
Cox,	Heyburn,	Palmer,	Weir,
Cummins,	Hibshman,	Peters,	Wettach,
Curry,	Hollingsworth,	Phillips,	Whitaker,
Davis,	Horton,	Pickering,	Wildman,
Diefenderfer,	Howarth,	Powell.	Willard,
Dodds,	Hubler,	Ramsey,	Williams,
Drinkhouse,	Jack,	Reel,	Wilson, H. I.,
Dunn,	Jones, W. W.,	Reynolds,	Wilson, W. H.,
Eby,	Kaiser,	Rich,	Wobensmith,
Ehrhardt,	Klinger,	Robertson,	Wood,
Eppley,	Lafferty,	Roney,	Wylie,
Erdman,	Landis,	Sampsel,	Wynne,
Fackler,			Young,

NAYS—10.

Baker,	Cromer,	McKay,	Sones,
Brumbaugh,	McClure,	Rudisill,	Staving,
Conner,	McDermott,		

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 492 (Senate Bill No. 63), entitled:

An Act relating to moneys heretofore deposited in State Treasury prior to December thirty-first Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen by the State Highway Department as fees for registration of motor-vehicles and the licensing of operators and making an appropriation thereof

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—166.

Albee,	Forster,	Love,	Sarig,
Alcorn,	Fretz,	Luxemburger,	Schaeffer,
Alexander,	Fruit,	Lynch,	Scott,
Arnold,	Gallagher,	Marvin,	Shaaber,
Aron,	Gans,	Maurer,	Shoop,
Arthur,	Garner,	McArdle,	Smith, J. W.,
Baker,	Geary,	McCaig,	Smith, Jeff. W.,
Baldwin,	Gingery,	McClintock,	Smith, L.,
Barnett,	Glenn,	McClure,	Sones,
Bauerle,	Gompers,	McConnell,	Spangler,
Beck,	Goodnough,	McCurdy,	Spencer,
Becker,	Goodwin,	McDermott,	Statler,
Benn,	Goodyear,	McKay,	Staving,
Benninger,	Gormley,	McVicar,	Steedle,
Bergy,	Graham,	Mearkle,	Stern,
Berntheizel,	Gransback,	Metzenbacher,	Stone,
Beyer,	Greenwood,	Milliron,	Swan,
Blackburn,	Hackett,	Murdoch,	Swartz,
Body,	Hamilton,	Neville,	Taylor,
Brosius,	Harper,	Nieder,	Trach,
Brownlee,	Heffernan,	Nissley,	Twibill,
Brumbaugh,	Herman,	Oaks,	Urich,
Bungard,	Hess,	Ostrander,	Wagner,
Campbell, J. O.,	Heyburn,	Palmer,	Walton,
Campbell, T.,	Hibshman,	Perry,	Weaver,
Christman,	Hollingsworth,	Peters,	Weimer,
Coldsmith,	Horton,	Phillips,	Weir,
Cox,	Hubler,	Pickering,	Wettach,
Cromer,	Jack,	Powell,	Whitaker,
Cummins,	Jones, W. W.,	Ramsey,	Whitten,
Curry,	Kaiser,	Reel,	Wildman,
Davis,	Klinger,	Reynolds,	Willard,
Diefenderfer,	Kunkle,	Rich,	Williams,
Dodds,	Lafferty,	Rininger,	Wilson, H. I.,
Drinkhouse,	Landis,	Robertson,	Wilson, W. H.,
Dunn,	Lanius,	Roney,	Wobensmith,
Eby,	Lauer,	Rothenberger,	Wood,
Ehrhardt,	Lauler,	Rowell,	Wylie,
Erdman,	Leighner,	Rudisill,	Wynne,
Evans,	Lindsey,	Sampsel,	Young,
Fackler,	Lipschutz,		
Finnerty,			

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 410, entitled:

Joint resolution authorizing the printing and binding of the report of the commission to consider the revision and amendment of the penal laws of Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—168.

Albee,	Forster,	Love,	Sarig,
Alcorn,	Fretz,	Luppert,	Scott,
Alexander,	Fruit,	Luxemburger,	Shaaber,
Arnold,	Gallagher,	Lynch,	Shoop,
Aron,	Gans,	Mangan,	Smith, J. W.,
Arthur,	Garner,	Marvin,	Smith, Jeff. W.,
Baldwin,	Geary,	Mather,	Smith, L.,
Barnett,	Gingery,	Maurer,	Snyder,
Bauerle,	Glass,	McArdle,	Sones,
Beck,	Glenn	McCaig,	Spangler,
Becker,	Gompers,	McClintock,	Spencer,
Benn,	Goodnough,	McClure,	Statler,
Benninger,	Goodwin,	McConnell,	Staving,
Bergy,	Goodyear,	McCurdy,	Steedle,
Berntheizel,	Gormley,	McDermott,	Stern,
Beyer,	Graham,	McKay,	Stone,
Blackburn,	Gransback,	Mearkle,	Swan,
Body,	Greenwood,	Metzenbacher,	Swartz,
Brosius,	Hackett,	Milliron,	Taylor,
Brownlee,	Hamilton,	Murdoch,	Thomas,
Brumbaugh,	Harper,	Murphy,	Trach,
Bungard,	Heffernan,	Neville,	Twibill,
Campbell, J. O.	Herman,	Nieder,	Urich,
Campbell, T.,	Hess,	Nissley,	Wagner,
Christman,	Heyburn,	Oaks,	Walton,
Coldsmith,	Hibshman,	Ostrander,	Watson,
Corbin,	Hollingsworth,	Palmer,	Weimer,
Cox,	Horton,	Peters,	Weir,
Cromer,	Hubler,	Phillips,	West,
Cummins,	Jack,	Pickering,	Wettach,
Curry,	Jones, W. W.,	Powell,	Whitaker,
Davis,	Kaiser,	Ramsey,	Whitten,
Diefenderfer,	Klinger,	Reel,	Wildmar
Dodds,	Kunkle,	Reynolds,	Willard,
Drinkhouse,	Lafferty,	Rich,	Williams,
Dunn,	Landis,	Rininger,	Wilson, H. I.,
Eby,	Lanius,	Robertson,	Wilson, W. H.,
Ehrhardt,	Lauer,	Roney,	Wobensmith,
Eppley,	Lauler,	Rothenberger,	Wood,
Erdman,	Leighner,	Rowell,	Wylie,
Fackler,	Lindsey,	Rudisill,	Wynne,
Finnerty,	Lipschutz,	Sampsel,	Young,

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 687, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the ninth day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one entitled "An act authorizing companies incorporated under the laws of any other state of the United States for the manufacture of any form of iron steel or glass to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments and to take have and hold real estate necessary and proper for manufacturing purposes" as amended by extending the same to companies incorporated for the purpose of the manufacture and sale of explosives

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—158.

Albee,	Fruit,	Lipschutz,	Rowell,
Alcorn,	Gallagher,	Love,	Rudisill,
Alexander,	Gans,	Luppert,	Sampsel,
Arnold,	Garner,	Luxemburger,	Scott,
Aron,	Geary,	Lynch,	Shaaber,
Arthur,	Gingery,	Mangan,	Shoop,
Baker,	Glass,	Marvin,	Smith, J. W.,
Baldwin,	Glenn,	Mather,	Smith, Jeff. W.
Bauerle,	Gompers,	McArdle,	Smith, L.,
Beck,	Goodnough,	McCaig,	Snyder,
Becker,	Goodyear,	McClintock,	Spangler,
Benn,	Gormley,	McClure,	Spencer,
Benninger,	Graham,	McConnell,	Statler,
Bergy,	Gransback,	McCurdy,	Staving,
Berntheizel,	Greenwood,	McDermott,	Steedle,
Beyer,	Hackett,	McKay,	Stern,
Blackburn,	Hamilton,	McVicar,	Stone,
Body,	Harper,	Mearkle,	Swartz,
Brownlee,	Heffernan,	Mellott,	Taylor,
Brumbaugh,	Herman,	Milliron,	Thomas,
Bungard,	Hess,	Murdoch,	Trach,
Christman,	Heyburn,	Murphy,	Wagner,
Coldsmith,	Hibshman,	Myers,	Walton,
Corbin,	Hollingsworth,	Neville,	Watson,
Cox,	Horton,	Nissley,	Weimer,
Cromer,	Howarth,	Oaks,	Weir,
Cummins,	Hubler,	Ostrander,	Wettach,
Curry,	Jack,	Palmer,	Whitaker,
Davis,	Jones, W. W.,	Peters,	Whitten,
Dodds,	Kaiser,	Phillips,	Wildman,
Drinkhouse,	Kitts,	Pickering,	Willard,
Dunn,	Klinger,	Powell,	Williams,
Eby,	Lafferty,	Ramsey,	Wilson, H. I.,
Ehrhardt,	Landis,	Reel,	Wilson, W. H.,
Eppley,	Lanius,	Reynolds,	Wobensmith,
Erdman,	Lauer,	Rich,	Wood,
Fackler,	Lauler,	Rininger,	Wylie,
Finnerty,	Leighner,	Robertson,	Wynne,
Flynn,	Lindsey,	Roney,	Young,
Forster,			
Fretz,			

NAYS—6.

Brosius,	Rothenberger,	Sones,	Twibill,
Campbell, J. O.,	Sarig,		

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 573, entitled:

An Act to amend section eighteen of an act entitled "An Act providing for the original location laying out and construction of public roads or highways in the several counties of this Commonwealth and for the permanent improvement of certain public roads or highways therein making such originally constructed or improved roads and highways county roads authorizing the relocation opening straightening widening extension and alteration of the same and the vacation of so much of any road as may thereby become unnecessary providing that the county commissioners of any county may prescribe rules regulating the use of roads constructed or maintained by the various counties and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing for the taking of property for such improvements the compensation to be paid therefor and the payment of damages resulting from such taking and the manner in which such damages may be determined providing for the payment of the costs and expenses of such construction or improvement and in thereafter repairing and maintaining said roads authorizing the levy of a tax or the issuing of bonds to provide a fund for the expense thereof prescribing a method for improving a county road lying within or traversing a borough and apportioning the cost of such improvement and authorizing the vacation of any county road" approved the eleventh day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven as the same was amended by an act approved the twelfth day of May one thousand nine hundred and thirteen by authorizing counties to contract with municipalities in the improvement of certain streets of such municipalities connecting with a county road providing for the cost thereof prescribing the method by which the contract for such improvement shall be made and imposing the cost of the maintenance of such streets on the municipalities

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. McCAIG. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to offer an amendment to the bill at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The Clerk read the amendment as follows:

Amend Section 1, line 28, by inserting before the word "Section a double quote.

Amend Section 1, line 48, by striking out the word "may"

Amend Section 1, line 71, by inserting a double quote after the word business"

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to insert the amendment as read? Is there any objection? The Chair hears none and the amendment is agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill as amended?

Agreed to.

Ordered. That the bill as amended lie over for printing.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 676 (Senate Bill No. 153), entitled:

An Act to establish and regulate the fees to be charged and collected by sheriffs in counties of this Commonwealth having a population of not less than five hundred thousand nor more than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants as computed by the last preceding United States census the time and manner in which said fees shall be paid the publication and posting of said fees the delivery of an itemized receipt for official fees and legal costs received and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—171.

Albee,	Gallagher,	Love,	Sampsel,
Alcorn,	Gans,	Luppert,	Sarig,
Alexander,	Garner,	Luxemburger,	Scott,
Arnold,	Geary,	Mangan,	Shaaber,
Aron,	Gibson,	Marvin,	Shoop,
Arthur,	Gingery,	Mather,	Showalter,
Baldwin,	Glass,	Maurer,	Smith, J. W.,
Bauerle,	Glenn,	McCaig,	Smith, Jeff. W.
Beck,	Gompers,	McClintock,	Smith, L.,
Becker,	Goodnough,	McClure,	Sones,
Benn,	Goodwin,	McConnell,	Spangler,
Benninger,	Goodyear,	McCurdy,	Spencer,
Bergy,	Gormley,	McDermott,	Statler,
Berntheizel,	Graham,	McKay,	Staving,
Beyer,	Gransback,	McVicar,	Steedle,
Blackburn,	Greenwood,	Mearkle,	Stone,
Body,	Hackett,	Mellott,	Swan,
Bovee,	Hamilton,	Metzenbacher,	Swartz,
Brosius,	Harper,	Milliron,	Taylor,
Brownlee,	Heffernan,	Murdoch,	Thomas,
Brumbaugh,	Herman,	Murphy,	Trach,
Bungard,	Hess,	Myers,	Twibill,
Campbell, J. O.,	Heyburn,	Neville,	Urich,
Campbell, T.,	Hibshman,	Nieder,	Wagner,
Christman,	Hollingsworth,	Nissley,	Walton,
Coldsmith,	Horton,	Oaks,	Watson,
Cromer,	Howarth,	Ostrander,	Weaver,
Cummins,	Hubler,	Palmer,	Weimer,
Curry,	Jack,	Perry,	Weir,
Davis,	Jones, W. W.,	Peters,	West,
Diefenderfer,	Kaiser,	Phillips,	Wettach,
Dodds,	Kitts,	Pickering,	Whitaker,
Drinkhouse,	Klinger,	Powell,	Whitten,
Dunn,	Kunkle,	Ramsey,	Wildman,
Eby,	Lafferty,	Reel,	Willard,
Ehrhardt,	Landis,	Reynolds,	Williams,
Erdman,	Lanius,	Rich,	Wilson, H. I.,
Evans,	Lauer,	Rininger,	Wilson, W. H.,
Fackler,	Lauler,	Roney,	Wobensmith,
Finnerty,	Leighner,	Rothenberger,	Wood,
Forster,	Lindsey,	Rowell,	Wylie,
Fretz,	Lipschutz,	Rudisill,	Wynne,
Fruit,			Young,

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 677 (Senate Bill No. 112), entitled:

An Act to amend the first section of an act entitled "An Act to encourage county historical societies" approved the twenty-first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one so as to provide that the commissioners' board in counties where the population exceeds one million may appropriate a sum not exceeding one thousand dollars annually to the chief historical society in said county

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—177.

Albee,	Fretz,	Love,	Sarig,
Alcorn,	Fruit,	Luxemburger,	Scott,
Alexander,	Gallagher,	Lynch,	Shaaber,
Arnold,	Gans,	Mangan,	Shoop,
Aron,	Garner,	Marvin,	Smith, J. W.,
Arthur,	Geary,	Mather,	Smith, Jeff. W.
Baker,	Gingery,	Maurer,	Smith, L.,
Baldwin,	Glass,	McArdle,	Snyder,
Barnett,	Glenn,	McCaig,	Sones,
Bauerle,	Gompers,	McClintock,	Spangler,
Beck,	Goodnough,	McClure,	Spencer,
Becker,	Goodwin,	McConnell,	Statler,
Benn,	Goodyear,	McCurdy,	Staving,
Benninger,	Gormley,	McDermott,	Steedle,
Bergy,	Graham,	McKay,	Stern,
Berntheizel,	Gransback,	McVicar,	Stone,
Beyer,	Greenwood,	Mearkle,	Swan,
Blackburn,	Hackett,	Metzenbacher,	Swartz,
Body,	Hamilton,	Milliron,	Taylor,
Brosius,	Harper,	Murdoch,	Thomas,
Brownlee,	Heffernan,	Murphy,	Trach,
Brumbaugh,	Herman,	Myers,	Twibill,
Bungard,	Hess,	Neville,	Urich,
Campbell, J. O.,	Heyburn,	Nieder,	Wagner,
Campbell, T.,	Hibshman,	Nissley,	Walter,
Christman,	Hollingsworth,	Oaks,	Walton,
Coldsmith,	Horton,	Ostrander,	Watson,
Corbin,	Howarth,	Palmer,	Weaver,
Cox,	Hubler,	Peters,	Weimer,
Cromer,	Jack,	Phillips,	Weir,
Cummins,	Jones, W. W.,	Pickering,	West,
Curry,	Kaiser,	Powell,	Wettach,
Davis,	Kitts,	Ramsey,	Whitaker,
Diefenderfer,	Klinger,	Reel,	Whitten,
Dodds,	Kunkle,	Reynolds,	Wildman,
Drinkhouse,	Lafferty,	Rich,	Willard,
Dunn,	Landis,	Rininger,	Williams,
Eby,	Lanius,	Robertson,	Wilson, H. I.,
Ehrhardt,	Lauer,	Roney,	Wilson, W. H.,
Eppley,	Lauler,	Rothenberger,	Wobensmith,
Erdman,	Leighner,	Rowell,	Wood,
Evans,	Lindsey,	Rudisill,	Wylie,
Fackler,	Lipschutz,	Sampsel,	Wynne,
Finnerty,			Young,
Forster,			

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 637, entitled:

Validating contracts bonds or obligations of or belonging to corporations of other states made entered into or acquired prior to the passage of an act entitled "An Act to regulate the doing of business in this Commonwealth by foreign corporations the registration thereof and service of process thereon and providing punishment and penalties for the violation of its provisions and repealing previous legislation on the subject" approved the eighth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven Pamphlet Laws seven hundred and ten without such corporations first having established known places of business and designated authorized agents for the transaction of their business within this Commonwealth and providing for the enforcement of such contracts bonds or obligations upon the payments of a penalty and taxes to the Commonwealth

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. SARIG. Mr. Speaker, I would like to interrogate the sponsor of the bill.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Chester, Mr. Whitaker, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. WHITAKER. Yes sir, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. SARIG. I would like the sponsor of this bill to explain to the House the object of it.

Mr. WHITAKER. Mr. Speaker, the object or the purpose of the bill is to enable foreign corporations which have failed to comply with the act of 1847 by registering and filing their certificate of location with the Secretary of the Commonwealth to sue on contracts and bonds which they have entered into provided they comply with the law and register and file their certificates, pay the taxes which would have become due if they had registered at the proper time, and by paying a fine or license fee of two hundred and fifty dollars to the Secretary of the Commonwealth. The same act, or an act of the same character, was passed in 1907 enabling foreign corporations, to sue on contracts entered into before that time, and the act of 1911 made the same provision concerning contracts entered into before 1911; but for the contracts entered into by foreign corporations between that time and this no provision has yet been made, and there seems to be no reason why contracts shall not be sued on if the provisions of the law are complied with and the taxes and penalty paid.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—168.

Albee,	Gallagher,	Love,	Scott,
Alcorn,	Gans,	Luppert,	Shaaber,
Alexander,	Garner,	Luxemburger,	Shoop,
Arnold,	Geary,	Mangan,	Sinclair,
Aron,	Gingery,	Marvin,	Smith, J. W.,
Arthur,	Glass,	Mather,	Smith, Jeff. W.
Baker,	Glenn	Maurer,	Smith, L.,
Baldwin,	Gompers,	McCaig,	Snyder,
Barnett,	Goodnough,	McClintock,	Sones,
Bauerle,	Goodwin,	McClure,	Spangler,
Beck,	Goodyear,	McConnell,	Spencer,
Becker,	Gormley,	McCurdy,	Statler,
Benn,	Graham,	McDermott,	Staving,
Bergy,	Gransback,	McKay,	Steedle,
Berntheizel,	Greenwood,	Mearkle,	Stern,
Beyer,	Hackett,	Mellott,	Stone,
Blackburn,	Hamilton,	Metzenbacher,	Swartz,
Body,	Harper,	Milliron,	Taylor,
Brosius,	Heffernan,	Murdoch,	Thomas,
Brumbaugh,	Herman,	Murphy,	Trach.
Bungard,	Hess,	Myers,	Twibill,
Campbell, J. O.,	Heyburn,	Nieder.	Urich,
Campbell, T.,	Hibshman,	Nissley,	Wagner,
Christman,	Hollingsworth,	Oaks,	Walton,
Coldsmith,	Horton,	Ostrander,	Watson,
Corbin,	Howarth,	Palmer,	Weaver,
Cox,	Hubler,	Peters,	Weimer,
Cromer,	Jack,	Phillips,	Weir,
Cummins,	Jones, W. W.,	Pickering,	Wettach,
Curry,	Kaiser,	Powell,	Whitaker,
Davis,	Kitts,	Ramsey,	Whitten,
Drinkhouse,	Klinger,	Reel,	Wildman,
Dunn,	Kunkle,	Reynolds,	Willard,
Eby,	Lafferty,	Rich,	Williams,
Ehrhardt,	Landis,	Robertson,	Wilson, H. I.,
Eppley,	Lanius,	Roney,	Wilson, W. H.,
Erdman,	Lauer,	Rothenberger,	Wobensmith,
Evans,	Lauler,	Rowell,	Wood,
Fackler,	Leighner,	Rudisill,	Wylie,
Finnerty,	Lindsey,	Sampsel,	Wynne,
Forster,	Lipschutz,	Sarig,	Young,
Fretz,			
Fruit,			

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 331, entitled:

An Act requiring each county having a population of one million five hundred thousand and over to establish a pension fund for employes of said county and regulating the payment of such pensions

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. DUNN. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to offer amendments at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The Clerk then read the amendments as follows:

Section 4, line 1, insert the word "yearly" before the word "salary."
Line 2, strike out after the word "The" the words "two to the word to" inclusive and insert after the word "The", The words "year immediately preceding the year of."

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to insert the amendments as read? Is there any objection? The Chair hears none and the amendments will be inserted in accordance with the instructions of the House.

The bill as amended was then agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended lie over for printing.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House bill No. 619 entitled

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act authorizing companies incorporated under the laws of any other state of the United States for the manufacture of any form of iron steel or glass to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments and to take have and hold real estate necessary and proper for manufacturing purposes' approved the ninth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one extending the same to companies formed for the purpose of quarrying slate granite stone or rocks or for dressing polishing working or manufacturing the same or any of them and to mineral springs companies incorporated for the purpose of bottling and selling natural mineral springs water approved the sixteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three' approved the nineteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one extending the same to companies formed for the purpose of manufacturing and selling chemicals foodstuffs cement and cement products and the quarrying of cement rock" approved May twenty-eighth one thousand nine hundred and seven extending the same to companies incorporated for the manufacture buying selling leasing using and operation of electrical apparatus and machinery approved the twenty-third day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven extending the same to companies incorporated for the manufacture of clay into brick tile or other articles and products produced from clay or from clay and other substances mixed therewith

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. H. I. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, in the absence of the sponsor of this bill I desire to offer amendments as submitted by him and ask unanimous consent of the House to amend the bill at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The Clerk then read the amendments as follows:

Amend title, line 14, by inserting a single quote after the word water'

Amend title, line 16, by striking out the single quote after the word "three', and inserting in lieu thereof a double quote three"

Amend title, line 20, by striking out the double quote after the word "rock" and inserting in lieu thereof a single quote "rock"

Amend title, line 24, by striking out the single quote after the word machinery'

Amend title, line 24, by inserting after the word "machinery" the following:

And articles of every kind appertaining to or in any wise connected with the production use regulation, control distribution or application of electricity or electrical energy or products for any use or purpose constructing acquiring using selling buying or leasing any works construction or plant or part thereof connected with or involving such use distribution regulation control or application of electricity or the control or use of electrical apparatus for any purpose and of producing furnishing and supplying electricity or electrical apparatus in any form and for any purpose and to carry on a general manufacturing business.

Amend title, line 28, by striking out the double quote after the word therewith."

Amend section 1, line 8, by inserting after the word "any" the word "other"

Amend section 1, line 12, by striking out the single quote after the word purposes' and inserting in lieu thereof a double quote purposes"

Amend section 1, line 20, by striking out the single quote after the word three' and inserting in lieu thereof a double quote three"

Amend section 1, line 23, by striking out the word "purpose" and inserting in lieu therof the word "purposes"

Amend section 1, line 25, by striking out the double quote after the word "rock" and inserting in lieu thereof a single quote rock'

Amend section 1, line 25, by striking out the word "the" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "May"

Amend section 1, line 26, by striking out the words "day of May"

Amend section 1, line 28, by striking out the word "manufacturing" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "manufacture"

Amend section 1, line 28, by inserting after the word "leasing" the word "using"

Amend section 1, line 29, by striking out the single quote after the word machinery'

Amend section 1, line 29, by inserting after the word "machinery" the following:

And articles of every kind appertaining to or in any wise connected with the production use regulation control distribution or application of electricity or electrical energy or products for any use or purpose constructing acquiring useing selling buying or leasing any works construction or plant or part thereof connected with or involving such use distribution regulation control or application of electricity or the control or use of electrical apparatus for any purpose and of producing furnishing and supplying electricity or electricial appartus in any form and for any purpose and to carry on a general manufacturing business

Amend section 1, line 31, by inserting a double quote before the word "It and begin a new paragraph.

Amend section 1, line 38, by striking out the word "natuarl" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "natural"

Amend section 1, line 76, by striking out the double quote before the word "Section

Amend section 1, line 125 by striking out the double quote after the word State"

Amend section 2, lines 1, 2 and 3 by striking out the entire section"

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to insert the amendments as read? Is there any objection? The Chair hears none and the amendments will be inserted in accordance with the instructions of the House.

The bill as amended was then agreed to.

Ordered, that the bill as amended lie over for printing.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 92, entitled:

An Act relating to checks and drafts and fixing penalties

Mr. MEARKLE. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to offer amendments at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The Clerk then read the amendments as follows:

Amend section 2 line 3, strike out the word "and," and insert the word "or" in lieu thereof.

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to insert the amendments as read? Is there any objection? The Chair hears none and the amendments will be inserted in accordance with the instructions of the House.

The bill as amended was then agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended lie over for printing.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 30, entitled:

An Act relating to the vacation of public roads and their continuance as private roads

Mr. HUBLER. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to offer amendments at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The Clerk then read the amendments as follows:

Amend section 1, line 5, by striking out the word "all" and inserting in lieu therof the word "any"

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to insert the amendments as read? Is there any objection? The Chair hears none and the amendments will be inserted in accordance with the instructions of the House.

The bill as amended was then agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended lie over for printing.

Agreeably to order,

The House preceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 679 (Senate No. 92), entitled:

An Act requiring certain petitions and papers to be verified before being considered by the court

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—171.

Albee,	Fretz,	Luxemburger,	Shaaber,
Alcorn,	Fruit,	Lynch,	Shoop,
Alexander,	Gallagher,	Mangan,	Showalter,
Arnold,	Gans,	Marvin,	Sinclair,
Aron,	Garner,	Mather,	Smith, J. W.,
Arthur,	Geary,	Maurer,	Smith, Jeff. W.
Baker,	Gingery,	McAndle,	Smith, L.,
Baldwin,	Glass,	McCaig,	Snyder,
Barnett,	Glenn,	McClintock,	Sones,
Bauerle,	Gompers,	McClure,	Spangler,
Beck,	Goodnough,	McConnell,	Spencer,
Becker,	Goodwin,	McCurdy.	Statler,
Benn,	Goodyear,	McDermott,	Staving,
Benninger,	Gormley,	McKay,	Steedle,
Bergy,	Graham,	Mearkle,	Stern,
Berntheizel,	Gransback,	Mellott,	Stone,
Beyer,	Greenwood,	Metzenbacher,	Swartz,
Blackburn,	Hackett.	Milliron,	Taylor,
Body,	Hamilton,	Murdoch,	Thomas,
Brosius,	Harper,	Murphy,	Trach,
Brownlee,	Heffernan,	Myers,	Twibill,
Brumbaugh,	Herman,	Neville,	Urich,
Campbell, J. O.,	Hess,	Nieder,	Wagner,
Campbell, T.,	Heyburn,	Nissley,	Walton,
Christman,	Hibshman,	Oaks,	Watson,
Coldsmith,	Hollingsworth,	Ostrander,	Weaver,
Corbin,	Horton,	Palmer,	Weimer,
Cox,	Howarth,	Peters,	Weir,
Cromer,	Hubler,	Phillips,	West,
Cummins,	Jack,	Pickering,	Wettach,
Curry,	Jones, W. W.,	Powell,	Whitaker,
Davis,	Kaiser,	Ramsey,	Whitten,
Diefenderfer,	Kitts,	Reel,	Wildman,
Dodds,	Klinger,	Reynolds,	Willard,
Drinkhouse,	Kunkle,	Rich,	Williams,
Dunn,	Lafferty,	Rininger,	Wilson, H. I.,
Eby,	Landis,	Robertson,	Wilson, W. H.,
Ehrhardt,	Lanius,	Roney,	Wobensmith,
Eppley,	Lauer,	Rothenberger,	Wood,
Erdman,	Lauler,	Rowell,	Wylie,
Evans,	Leighner,	Rudisill,	Wynne,
Fackler,	Lindsey,	Sampsel,	Young,
Finnerty,	Lipschutz,	Sarig,	
Forster,	Love,	Scott,	

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed it without amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 834 (Senate Bill No. 237) entitled

An Act relating to the admisssion of attorneys-at-law to the Supreme and Superior Courts

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—162.

Albee,	Fackler,	Lipschutz,	Rowell,
Alcorn,	Finnerty,	Love,	Rudisill,
Alexander,	Forster,	Luxemburger,	Sampsel,
Arnold,	Fretz,	Lynch,	Sarig,
Aron,	Fruit,	Mangan,	Scott,
Arthur,	Gallagher,	Marvin,	Shaaber,
Baker,	Gans,	Mather,	Shoop,
Baldwin,	Garner,	Maurer,	Sinclair,
Barnett,	Geary,	McArdle,	Smith, J. W.,
Bauerle,	Gingery,	McCaig,	Smith, Jeff. W.
Beck,	Glass,	McClintock,	Smith, L.,
Becker,	Gompers,	McClure,	Snyder,
Benn,	Goodwin,	McConnell,	Sones,
Benninger,	Goodyear,	McCurdy,	Spangler,
Bergy,	Gormley,	McDermott,	Statler,
Berntheizel,	Graham,	McKay,	Staving,
Beyer,	Gransback,	McVicar,	Steedle,
Blackburn,	Greenwood,	Mearkle,	Stern,
Body,	Hackett,	Metzenbacher,	Swartz,
Brosius,	Hamilton,	Milliron,	Taylor,
Brownlee,	Harper,	Murdoch,	Thomas,
Brumbaugh,	Heffernan,	Murphy,	Trach,
Bungard,	Herman,	Myers,	Urich,
Campbell, J. O.,	Hess,	Neville,	Vickerman,
Campbell, T.,	Heyburn,	Nieder,	Wagner,
Christman,	Hibshman,	Nissley,	Walton,
Coldsmith,	Horton,	Oaks,	Watson,
Corbin,	Howarth,	Ostrander,	Weimer,
Cox,	Jack,	Palmer,	Weir,
Cromer,	Jones, W. W.,	Peters,	Wettach,
Cummins,	Kaiser,	Phillips,	Whitten,
Curry,	Kitts,	Pickering,	Wildman,
Davis,	Klinger,	Powell,	Willard,
Diefenderfer,	Kunkle,	Ramsey,	Williams,
Dodds,	Lafferty,	Reel,	Wilson, H. I.,
Drinkhouse,	Landis,	Reynolds,	Wood,
Dunn,	Lanius,	Rich,	Woodward,
Eby,	Lauer,	Rininger,	Wylie,
Ehrhardt,	Lauler,	Robertson,	Wynne,
Eppley,	Leighner,	Roney,	Young,
Erdman,	Lindsey,	Rothenberger,	
Evans,			

NAYS—10.

Glenn,	Showalter,	Twibill,	Wilson, W. H.,
Hollingsworth,	Spencer,	Whitaker,	Wobensmith,
Hubler,	Stone,		

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed it without amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 519 entitled

An Act to authorize the revising editing and printing of twenty-five thousand copies bulletin number two hundred and nineteen entitled "Increasing the Winter Yield of Eggs" issued by the Department of Agriculture and making an appropriation therefor

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—175.

Albee,	Fruit,	Luxemburger,	Shaaber,
Alcorn,	Gallagher,	Lynch,	Shoop,
Alexander,	Gans,	Mangan,	Showalter,
Arnold,	Garner,	Marvin,	Sinclair,
Aron,	Geary,	Mather,	Smith, J. W.,
Arthur,	Gingery,	McArdle,	Smith, Jeff. W.,
Baker,	Glass,	McCaig,	Smith, L.,
Baldwin,	Gompers,	McClintock,	Snyder,
Bauerle,	Goodnough,	McClure,	Sones,
Beck,	Goodwin,	McConnell,	Spencer,
Becker,	Goodyear,	McCurdy,	Statler,
Benn,	Gormley,	McDermott,	Staving,
Bergy,	Graham,	McKay,	Steedle,
Berntheizel,	Gransback,	McVicar,	Stern,
Beyer,	Greenwood,	Mearkle,	Stone,
Blackburn,	Hackett,	Metzenbacher,	Swan,
Body,	Hamilton,	Milliron,	Swartz,
Brosius,	Harper,	Murdoch,	Taylor,
Brownlee,	Heffernan,	Murphy,	Thomas,
Brumbaugh,	Herman,	Myers,	Trach,
Bungard,	Hess,	Neville,	Twibill,
Campbell, J. O.,	Heyburn,	Nieder,	Urich,
Campbell, T.,	Hibshman,	Nissley,	Walton,
Christman,	Hollingsworth	Oaks,	Watson,
Coldsmith,	Horton,	Ostrander,	Weaver,
Corbin,	Howarth,	Palmer,	Weimer,
Cox,	Hubler,	Peters,	Weir,
Cromer,	Jack,	Phillips,	Wettach,
Cummins,	Jones, E. E.,	Pickering,	Whitaker,
Curry,	Jones, W. W.,	Powell,	Whitten,
Davis,	Kaiser,	Ramsey,	Wildman,
Diefenderfer,	Kitts,	Reel,	Willard,
Dodds,	Klinger,	Reynolds,	Williams,
Drinkhouse,	Kunkle,	Rich,	Wilson, H. I.,
Dunn,	Lafferty,	Robertson,	Wilson, W. H.,
Eby,	Lanius,	Roney,	Wobensmith,
Ehrhardt,	Lauer,	Rothenberger,	Wood,
Eppley,	Lauler,	Rowell,	Wylie,
Erdman,	Leighner,	Sampsel,	Wynne,
Evans,	Lindsey,	Sarig,	Young,
Fackler,	Lipschutz	Schaeffer.	
Finnerty,	Love,	Scott,	
Forster,	Luppert,		
Fretz,			

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence,

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 500, entitled:

An Act to incorporate the Knowlton Turnpike and Bridge Company of Northampton county Pennsylvania

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. SWARTZ. Mr. Speaker, I move that the further consideration of this bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. HEYBURN. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 723, entitled:

An Act to validate appraisements and titles made and effected to surviving husbands and wives by virtue of an act entitled "An Act to amend section one of an act entitled 'An Act relating to the descent and distribution of the estates of intestates passed and approved April eighth one thousand eight hundred and thirty-three defining and declaring the interest that shall descend to and vest in the surviving husband or wife of such intestate' approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. ERDMAN. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to insert the following amendments.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk for information.

The Clerk then read the amendments as follows:

Amend title, line 9, by inserting a double quote after the word testate"

Amend title, line 9, by striking out the word "May" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "April"

Amend title, line 10, by striking out the double quote after the word nine"

Amend clause, line 7, by inserting after the word "in" the the word "the"

Amend clause, line 8, by striking out the word "May" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "April"

Amend section 1, line 12, by striking out the word "May" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "April"

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to the insertion of the amendments? Is there any objection? The Chair hears none and the amendments will be inserted in accordance with the instructions of the House.

The bill as amended was then agreed to on third reading.

Ordered, That the bill, as amended, lie over for printing.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 653, entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to provide for State registration of nurses to establish a State Board of Examiners in connection therewith and to provide penalties for the violation of certain provisions regarding such registration" approved the first day of May one thousand nine hundred and nine providing further regulation as to applications for examination for registration of nurses and the fee chargeable therefor and providing for the making of reports of training schools for nurses whose competency for instruction is approved by the said board

Said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. PHILLIPS. Mr. Speaker, I desire to interrogate the gentleman from Philadelphia.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Willard, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. WILLARD. Mr. Speaker, I will.

Mr. PHILLIPS. Mr. Speaker, I would like to ask the gentleman to what extent it creates a greater hardship on the nurses to be admitted to practice under this bill than under the old bill?

Mr. WILLARD. Mr. Speaker, it does not create any more hardship, in that, it is just the same as it was before. It provides penalties for violations, and so on, and compels registration in the different training schools as passed upon by the Board of Examiners.

Mr. STEEDLE. Mr. Speaker, I desire to interrogate the gentleman from Philadelphia.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Willard, permit himself to be further interrogated?

Mr. WILLARD. Mr. Speaker, I will.

Mr. STEEDLE. Mr. Speaker, I only want to ask the gentleman from Philadelphia how this bill will affect a nurse who graduates in another State and comes to Pennsylvania to practice nursing, who has already passed the State Board in her State—whether she will be compelled to pass another examination in the State of Pennsylvania.

Mr. WILLARD. Mr. Speaker, there is no discrimination in the case of a nurse already registered, coming from some other State. It has a reciprocity clause in it.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—153.

Albee,	Geary,	Marvin,	Smith, J. W.,
Alcorn,	Geiser,	Mather,	Smith, Jeff. W
Alexander,	Gingery,	McArdle	Smith, L.,
Arnold,	Glass,	McCaig,	Snyder,
Aron.	Gompers,	McClintock,	Sones,
Arthur,	Goodnough,	McConnell,	Spangler,
Baldwin,	Goodwin,	McDermott,	Staving,
Bauerle,	Goodyear,	McKay,	Steedle,
Becker,	Gormley,	McVicar,	Stone,
Benninger,	Graham,	Mearkle,	Swan,
Bergy,	Gransback,	Metzenbacher,	Swartz,
Berntheizel,	Greenwood,	Milliron,	Taylor,
Beyer,	Hackett,	Murdoch,	Thomas,
Blackburn,	Hamilton,	Murphy,	Trach,
Body,	Harper,	Myers,	Twibill,
Brosius,	Heffernan,	Neville,	Urich
Campbell, J. O.	Herman,	Nieder,	Wagner,
Campbell, T.,	Hess,	Nissley,	Walto
Christman,	Hevburn,	Oaks,	Watson,
Coldsmith,	Hibshman,	Ostrander,	Weaver,
Cox,	Hollingsworth,	Palmer,	Weimer,
Cromer,	Horton,	Perry,	Weir,
Cummins,	Howarth,	Peters,	Wettach,
Curry,	Hubler,	Phillips,	Whitaker
Davis,	Jones, E. E.,	Pickering,	Dodds,
Jones, W. W.,	Powell,	Whitten,	Drinkhouse,
Kaiser,	Ramsey,	Wildman,	Dunn,
Kitts,	Reel,	Willard,	Ehrhardt,
Klinger,	Reynolds,	Williams,	Erdman,
Lafferty,	Rich,	Wilson, H. I.,	Evans,
Lanius,	Rininger,	Wilson, W. H.,	Fackler,
Lauer,	Robertson,	Wohensmith,	Finnerty,
Lauler,	Roney,	Wood	Forster,
Leighner,	Rowell,	Wylie,	Fretz,
Lindsey,	Rudisill,	Wynne,	Fruit,
Linschutz,	Sampsel,	Young,	Gallagher,
Love,	Shaffer,	Gans,	Luxemburger,
Shoop,	Garner,	Lynch,	Showalter,

NAYS—15.

Baker,	Bungard,	Jack,	Rothenberger,
Beck,	Corbin,	Maurer,	Sarig,
Brownlee,	Diefenderfer,	McClure,	Spencer,
Brumbaugh,	Eby,	McCurdy,	

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affrmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 582, entitled:

An Act authorizing municipalities to enter into certain contracts and make appropriations regarding libraries

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. FRETZ. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to offer the following amendments.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the amendments for information.

The Clerk then read the amendments as follows:

Amend section 1, line 4 by striking out the first word "estates" and inserting in lieu thereof the word, "estate".

Amend section 1, line 10, by inserting before the word "maintenance" the words "maintenance in whole or in part of the library or the"

Amend section 1, line 11 by inserting after the word "library" the words, "or both"

Amend section 1, line 13, by striking out the word "estator" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "testator"

Amend section 1, line 16 by inserting after the word "applied" the words, "for the maintenance of the library or"

Amend section 1, line 18 by inserting before the word "in" the words, "or both".

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to the insertion of the amendments at this time? Is there any objection? The Chair hears none and the amendments will be inserted in accordance with the instructions of the House.

The bill as amended was then agreed to on third reading.

Ordered, That the bill as amended lie over for printing.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 295 as follows:

An Act to protect the public health in cities of the first class in this Commonwealth and for that purpose creating in the Department of Public Health and Charities four Bureaus to be called the Bureaus of Hospitals and Charities Health Sanitation and Housing said bureaus to have the supervision and control in said cities of Hospitals and Charities Health Sanitation and Housing as herein set forth and other matters affecting the public welfare so far as regards the use and occupancy of all buildings and the appurtenances thereto occupied in whole or in part as places of residence by more than two families living separate and apart and providing for themselves also the licensing supervision and control and the use of lodging rooming apartment and tenement houses fixing the responsibility for violations of any of the provisions of this act and also giving power to said bureaus to make rules and regulations to govern certain conditions affecting health and sanitation and the licensing of certain trades industries and premises and providing for punishments and penalties for violations of any of the rules and regulations made by the Department of Public Health and Charities or by any of its bureaus under the powers granted by this act also providing for the filing of liens also providing for the inspection by the Bureau of Building Inspection and the fire marshal of said cities of the first class and repealing all laws inconsistent herewith

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the Department of Public Health and Charities in cities of the first class in this Commonwealth shall for the purposes of carrying out the provisions of this act consist of four Bureaus to be known respectively as The Bureau of Hospitals and Charities The Bureau of Health The Bureau of Sanitation and the Bureau of Housing each of said Bureaus to be in charge of an official to be called the chief thereof The number of other officers and employes of said Bureaus and their compensation to be determined and fixed by the councils of said cities of the first class by ordinances on application made therefor by the Director of the Department of Public Health and Charities who shall have the general supervision of the said bureaus and the duties of the officials and employes attached thereto He shall make all appointments thereto and promotions made necessary in conformity with the existing laws governing appointments to positions in the Civil Service of cities of the first class All Chiefs of Bureaus before assuming the duties of their offices shall be required to take the same oath of office as required by Article Seven Section one of the Constitution of Pennsylvania that relates to Judicial State and County officers Provided That all of the officers and employes appointed under Civil Service pro-

visions now acting and on duty in any of the present Bureaus in said Department of Public Health and Charities who by the provisions of this act are transferred to any other Bureau created by this act shall not be subject to any further civil service examination for eligibility to serve in the departments to which they may be transferred

Section 2 The Director of the Department of Public Health and Charities together with the chiefs of the Bureaus herein created shall constitute a Board which Board is hereby authorized empowered and directed to adopt and promulgate suitable rules and regulations to carry out and enforce the provisions of any existing laws of this Commonwealth relating to hospitals charities health sanitation and housing and also the provisions of this act or any ordinance of said cities of the first class relating to the subject matters in charge of said Department of Public Health and Charities and its Bureaus

Any person who shall refuse or neglect to comply with the requirements of any of said rules or regulations or any of the provisions of this act after publication and nptice of said rules and regulations as hereinafter fixed shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and on conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not more than five hundred dollars within the discretion of the court Provided however That all such rules and regulations when adopted shall be first approved by the Select Councils of cities of the first class Provided further That such rules and regulations shall be first published in three of the daily newspapers in cities of the first class of the largest circulation to be determined by the Director of the Department of Public Health and Charities and they shall also be printed in pamphlet form for public distribution and shall be evidence in all cases brought in any court for a violation of any of the said rules and regulations Provided further That any court of record before which any person may be brought for trial for violation of said rules and regulations shall have the right and power to pass upon the legality and reasonableness of the same Provided further That said rules and regulations shall not be considered to repeal the provisions of any law of this Commonwealth applicable to the subject matter of charities health sanitation or housing except as hereinafter provided

Section 3 The Bureau of Hospitals and Charities shall have charge of the care management administration and supervision of all hospitals charities almshouses and other similar institutions the maintenance control or government of which is entrusted to the city and all laws relating to such subjects as may be embraced within the provisions of any act of Assembly of this Commonwealth or the ordinances of cities of the first class relating to any of the subjects named as being within the powers and duties of the said Bureau of Hospitals and Charities Provided That said Bureau shall not have charge of hospitals maintained by said city for contagious diseases

Section 4 The Bureau of Health shall have the care management and control of all health inspectors and the enforcement of its rules and regulations and the provisions of any act of Assembly of this Commonwealth or the ordinances of the cities of the first class relating to nuisances vital statistics contagious diseases and boards or bureaus of health except such as may be herein specifically designated as coming within the powers and duties of the Bureaus of Hospitals and Charities Sanitation and Housing and further shall have the power and duties as are now exercised by any bureaus or boards of health in cities of the first class in this Commonwealth except otherwise provided in this act shall have charge of all hospitals maintained by said city for treatment of contagious diseases all physicians appointed for the purpose of guarding the public health the pupils of public schools and other public institutions and all physicians having the care of the teeth and eyes of the pupils of the public schools in cities of the first class.

Section 5 The Bureau of Sanitation through the Division of Plumbing and House Drainage hereinafter provided for shall have full charge of the enforcement of all laws of this Commonwealth and the rules and regulations of said board relating to the plumbing drainage and sewerage of all buildings in cities of the first class no matter for what purpose they may be used The director of the department of public health and charities in cities of the first class shall cause to be organized in the bureau of sanitation a division thereof to be known as the division of plumbing and house drainage which said division shall have power to enforce all regulations and rules governing plumbing in cities of the first class including fixtures pipes and all facilities and appliances more especially sinks drains and cess-pools the construction of which and the materials to be used for the purpose of preventing the emission of gases or air from sewers or cesspools or any receptacle for the holding of excremental filth or any other kind of filth whether liquid or solid and the conditions necessary for the sanitation of all buildings no matter for what purpose they may be used. Provided that no building shall be erected without being connected with a public sewer unless because of local conditions it may become necessary to adopt some other method of disposal satisfactory to the Board and Bureau of Health and Sanitation and if it becomes necessary to use any part of a public highway to meet the plans or method agreed upon the owner of said building or buildings shall have the right to build or construct the same under any public street or highway in accordance with the rules and regulations of the Bureau of Surveys of said city

All subjects relating to the drainage of courts yards areas and alleys rain leaders rain conductors waste and drain pipes and all sewerage connected with any building all water closets their number and location and all privies and the method of their construction and the amount of the water supplied and plumbing necessary to a general good sanitary condition of the premises shall be subject to all the rules and regulations that may be made and promulgated as hereinbefore provided by the said board The chief officer in immediate charge of the division of plumbing and house drainage and each of the persons who may perform the duties of the examination of plans of proposed plumbing work or the inspection of plumbing and drainage work or who may perform any of the technical work necessary in the division shall be required to have had at least five years' practical experience in the trade or profession of plumbing and sanitation and to have been duly examined and registered as now required in cities of the first class to entitle persons to engage in the plumbing business therein the sanitary condition of all houses used for the purpose of residence and appurtenances to such houses of buildings so far as regards the keeping of animals or fowls and the slaughtering of the same in or on said properties or the premises adjoining shall be subject to rules and regulations as may be promulgated and issued by the said board in said cities of the first class and who shall have the further authority to issue permits to slaughter animals and fowls for the purpose of sale and to charge a fee of two dollars for each permit said permits to be in accordance with the said rules and regulations that may be made to govern the same said permits to be for the year or fraction thereof ending on the thirty-first day of December next following All of the rules and regulations governing the keeping and slaughtering of animals shall be subject to such local conditions that might affect or be prejudicial to health or by the allowance of the same become a common nuisance Under such circumstances it shall be within the power of the said board to refuse to issue such permit for the use of any building or the properties or premises adjacent thereto for such purposes

Further the use and occupancy of all buildings as a place of storage for the keeping or storage or the sale of any article of merchandise or commerce or for any matter or thing deterimental to health or life shall also be subject to the rules and regulations of said board and that all pits for the keeping of animal manure shall also be subject to the rules and regulations of the said board Provided however that in all cities of the first class there shall be separate rules and regulations relating to the keeping of animal manure in these sections or districts that are sparsely populated and which section shall be designated in said rules by bounds or description in a special permit

The licensing inspection and sanitary maintenance of all wagons used for the private collection of garbage also the inspection and sanitary maintenance of places where garbage is disposed of when within the limits of said cities

The licensing inspection and sanitary maintenance of all public and private dumps used for the disposal of any household waste ashes and any other character of refuse

The inspection and sanitary maintenance of all stables manure storage places and this shall also include pig stys cattle yards and other places where animals are kept or housed

The above license or permits to cost the applicant or applicants two dollars for each separate license

Said Bureau shall also have the power to abate any nuisance caused by stagnant ponds or waters in order to prevent mosquito breeding either by drainage filling or blasting at the expense of the owner or owners

That all costs expended by said Bureau of Sanitation in correcting any insanitary condition arising out of any of the subject matter set forth in this section through failure of the owner or owners of said premises lot buildings or other structures after five days notice to correct or abate the same shall be filed as a lien against said lot premises building or other structure as other municipal claims are filed under the provisions of the act of June fourth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one number two hundred and twenty-eight page three hundred and sixty-four of the Pamphlet Laws of this Commonwealth

Said bureau shall have charge of the inspection and sanitary maintenance of second-hand clothing stores second-hand shops of all rag shops junk shops and other places where apparel merchandise or other goods are sold second-hand pawn shops loan offices etc where second-hand wearing material is handled also

The licensing inspection and the sanitary maintenance of all places where meats milk groceries bread and provisions ice-cream and soda water are sold or exposed for sale and shall make all rules and regulations to maintain sanitary conditions in such places and any vehicle used for the transportation of the same within the limits of said city including the certification standardising pasturization and sterilization of milk said permits or licenses to cost the party licensed the sum of two dollars and shall be in force until the thirty-first day of December next thereafter

Said Bureau of Sanitation shall have charge of all matters affecting the light and ventilation of all buildings used for public purposes and all halls or buildings used for meetings of lodges associations or conventions and the ventilization of all vehicles or cars used for the transportation of passengers for hire within the limits of said city

Section 9 The Bureau or Department of Housing shall have charge of enforcing all the laws of this Commonwealth not repealed by this provision of this act either specifically or for being inconsistent herewith relating to the use and occupancy of all buildings in cities of the first class except that they shall not have control of the use and occupancy of buildings used and occupied as a dwelling house by not more than two families living separate and apart from each other except as hereinbefore provided

Section 10 That all persons who desire to conduct a tenement house which is here defined to be a building used or occupied as a residence by three or more families or individuals living separate and independently of each other and having cooking on the premises shall apply on or before January first of each year to the chief of the Bureau of Housing and set out on a blank to be furnished by the said bureau or department and approved by the director of the Department of Public Health and Charities in which shall be stated the name and address of the applicant or applicants and if not the owner of the buildings the name and address of the owner with his written consent thereto attached its exact location by street and number If the law rules and regulations as hereinbefore mentioned have been complied with and that the building fully meets with all the requirements of the laws ordinances rules and regulations as herein set forth then the said chief of the Bureau of Housing shall issue to such applicant a license which shall clearly specify the name and address of the person or persons corporations partnerships or associations authorized to conduct the tenement house or houses therein described its location and the number of rooms or apartments which may be kept and used for tenement purposes and the date of the expiration of the license to wit the thirty-first day of December of the calendar year for which it was issued that said license shall in no way be transferable

The said chief of the Bureau of Housing shall file said application and also keep a public record in which shall be set forth the application and such other actions as may be taken in reference thereto whether in the nature of granting the same or a refusal and said record shall be a public record and shall be evidence in any case that may be brought in any court in this Commonwealth and the said chief of the Bureau of Housing with the consent and approval of the

director of the Department of Public Health and Charities shall have the power to revoke any license whenever any of the laws of this Commonwealth or any of the ordinances of the said cities of the first class or any of the rules and regulations of any of the departments of charities health sanitation or housing are proven to have been violated but it is herein provided however that any applicant for a license who has been refused or whose license has been revoked shall have the right to appeal within fifteen days from such refusal or revocation to the court of common pleas of the proper county and such court shall make such order as right and justice may require Provided however that such appeal shall not operate as a supersedeas and that said court shall fix a hearing as soon as may be possible for the hearing of the same not more than thirty days from said date of appeal

Section 11 The charge for every license for a tenement-house shall be two dollars where the number of rooms is ten or under and five dollars in every other case which fee shall cover the cost of investigation and on and after January first one thousand nine hundred and sixteen it shall be unlawful for any person association partnership or corporation to conduct a tenement house in any city of the first class unless he or it has complied with the provisions of this act the ordinance of councils of cities of the first class and the rules and regulations of the said board or Departments of Public Health and Charities and that said license shall be displayed in conspicuous place so as to be seen by all those who enter and leave said tenement That there shall be no fractional part of a year so far as regards the fee or time for which this act fixes the use of license to wit the calendar year as aforesaid

Section 12 That all inspections to see whether the laws ordinances rules and regulations relating to tenement houses are being faithfully and fully carried out shall be made by the officials connected with the said Bureau of Housing who shall report all violations of law relating to health and sanitation to the Chief of the Bureau of Housing

That all corporations joint stock companies partnerships individuals or any association of individuals shall be included in the word "person" in this act Provided also That until the first day of January one thousand nine hundred and sixteen tenement-houses may be conducted under existing laws that on and after January first one thousand nine hundred and sixteen the act of June seventh one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled "An Act to regulate tenement houses in cities of the first class and to require those owning or conducting the same to secure a license from the mayor making violations of the act misdemeanors and providing penalties for such violations" shall stand repealed

Section 13 That no part of any building below the level of any street highway lane or alley shall be used for bedrooms or sleeping purposes under the provisions of this act unless in compliance with such rules and regulations as said board shall make to govern and regulate the same and no alterations nor additions shall be made to any licensed tenement house so far as regards its structure or the plumbing drainage or sewerage ventilation or light without plans and specifications to be filed with the approval of the Bureau of Building Inspectors of the Department of Public Safety and that the Chiefs of the Bureaus of Sanitation and Housing shall also give their consent or refusal before any work shall be done on said premises

In case of any refusal by the Bureau of Building Inspectors and any of the Chiefs of the Bureau of Housing and Sanitation they shall meet for the purpose of considering the same and if a majority shall refuse to allow said alterations or additions to be made the applicant thereof shall have the right to appeal within fifteen days to the court of common pleas which shall consider the same as promptly as may be under the circumstances of the case not more than thirty days from said appeal

That the powers given by this act to the said Bureaus of Health Housing and Sanitation so far as regards tenement houses lodging rooming and apartment houses or other buildings shall in no wise interfere with these laws granting powers to the Departments of the State Government regarding the use and occupancy of buildings for manufacturing and other purposes

That all violations of this act shall be prosecuted by the Department of Public Health and Charities and no person shall have the right to institute prosecutions for violations of this act or of any of the rules and regulations adopted by the several Bureaus of the Department of Public Health and Charities unless he shall have first obtained the consent and authority to do so from the Director of the Department of Public Health and Charities who shall refer the said application to the proper Bureau for investigation before first passing upon the same

Section 14 That lodging houses to be subject to the provisions of this act in cities of the first class shall be every building not licensed as an hotel inn or tavern in which accommodations are kept for ten or more persons lodged for a price for a single night of twenty-five cents or less for each person and license to conduct a lodging house as hereinbefore set forth shall be granted by the Chief of the Bureau of Housing created by the provisions of this act upon the payment of a fee of five dollars and the said license shall be granted only to persons who are of good moral character and shall be for the year or the fraction thereof expiring on the thirty-first day of December next thereafter but no license shall be issued until the Bureau of Building Inspection and the Fire Marshal of said city of the first class and the Chiefs of the Bureaus of Sanitation and Health shall certify that said building is safe to be used for the purpose of a lodging house and is of such a construction as to carry any load that it will probably have to carry and is provided with all the fire-escapes and all other additional means of escape in case of fire as the construction of the buildings its surrounding and the use to which it is to be put requires

That all persons to whom said license shall be issued shall keep a registry of the name of every person and their address if possible to be ascertained whom he shall accept as a lodger together with the time of his arrival and his departure and such record shall be open to the inspection of the police authorities of said cities of the first class at any time and that said lodging house shall at all times be open for inspection by such persons as may be connected with any of the Bureaus of the Department of Public Health and Charities and the Department of Public Safety or any of its Bureaus and shall be subject to such rules and regulations as the said board may make in reference to the conduct use and control of lodging houses and all laws and rules of the said board

Section 15 Any person or any employes or agents or officer of any association corporation or partnership to whom a license to keep a tenement or lodging house is issued or any other person employe agent or officer of any association corporation or partnership who shall violate any of the provisions of this act rules or regulations made by said board relating to tenement and lodging houses shall upon ties relating to tenement and lodging houses shall upon conviction thereof before any magistrate alderman or justice of the peace be sentenced to pay the costs of prosecution and to forfeit and pay a fine not exceeding one hundred dollars and in default of the payment thereof shall be committed to and imprisoned in the county jail wherein the said city of the first class may be situate for a period not exceeding thirty (30) days provided however That for any reason existing outside of the provisions of this act for which it is sought to revoke the said tenement or lodging house license so issued to the party affected thereby he or they shall have the right to appeal to the Court of Common Pleas who shall have the right to pass upon all of the questions involving the application for said revocation

Any building existing at the time of the passage of this act if approved by the Director of Health and Charities may be used for tenement-house purposes

Section 16 That provisions of this act relating to lodging houses shall take effect on and after the first day of January one thousand nine hundred and sixteen and shall be considered as a repeal of the act of the second day of July one thousad eight hundred and ninety-five pamphlet laws four hundred twenty-eight entitled "An Act to regulate and license public lodging houses in the different cities in this Commonwealth" so far as regards its operation in cities of the first-class

Section 17 A rooming-house apartment house shall be considered a house occupied by more than two families living separate and apart for private residential purposes and where each family so living occupies an apartment consisting of four rooms with a bath water closet and sink attached thereto for exclusive use of such family the said owner or lessee of the whole property shall be held responsible for all violations of law and ordinances relating to garbage ashes and other refuse matter gathered on such premises and the removal of snow and ice from the footway or pavements of said premises Said buildings used for rooming and apartment purposes as hereinbefore defined shall be subject to all laws of this Commonwealth ordinances of the cities of the first class and rules and regulations of the said board so far as regards their construction light ventilation and sanitation

Section 18 That all laws of this Commonwealth and ordinances of cities of the first class and rules and regulations of the different Bureaus of the Department of Public Health and Charities affecting the use or occupancy of any public buildings shall be under the supervision and enforcement of the Department of Public Health and Charities and the different Bureaus thereof That all buildings lodging houses rooming or apartment houses and all public buildings including public schools so far as regard their sanitation which shall include light and ventilation their drainage and sewerage water closets privies or cesspools their water supply their plumbing their occupancy so far as regards the number using the same shall be subject to the rules and regulations that may be made to govern the same by the said board or any laws of this Commonwealth

Section 19 That a rooming-house or apartment house as defined by the provisions of this act shall not be used above the first floor for any business or manufacturing purpose or where the conduct of such would be determined to the health of the occupants and the safety of the same and after investigation and on due proof thereof it shall be shown that such business is unsafe to the occupants of said building or detrimental to their health any one who shall still persist in the same after ten (10) days' notice shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and on conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars or undergo imprisonment for not more than six months or either or both within the discretion of the court

Section 20 Whenever a notice is required calling the attention of any person corporation partnership or association to any violations of the provisions of this act or any of the rules and regulations of the several Bureaus of the Department of Public Health and Charities there shall be service made upon the owner if this service cannot be made then by leaving the notice at his last known place of residence in said cities of the first-class or his agent or any other party having control of the use occupancy or rental of said building and in case of the party corporation partnership or association not being within the jurisdiction of the said Department of Public Health and Charities in cities of the first class service may be made by mailing a copy of the known address of said persons corporations partnerships or associations and also by posting a copy of the same upon a conspicuous place on the premises affected for ten (10) days That at the end of the ten (10) days if no action is taken by the parties affected thereby to conform and comply with the notice so served mailed or posted then the Department of Public

Health and Charities through its proper Bureau may proceed with the same in accordance with the provisions of this act the ordinance of councils or the rules and regulations of the Departments or Bureaus thereof

Section 21 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with this act be and the same are hereby repealed except as heretofore provided Also provided that the act of the twenty-second day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen pamphlet laws page eight hundred seventy-nine entitled "An Act to protect the public health and safety by regulating the erection alteration repair use occupancy maintenance sanitation and condemnation of dwellings two-family dwellings rooming houses and tenements by regulating the use maintenance and sanitation of the grounds surrounding the same the adjoining buildings and all vacant land in cities of the first class providing for their inpection the abatement of nuisances the vacating and destroying of uninhabitable houses and the filing of liens creating a division of housing and sanitation providing for institution of prosecutions and penalties for violation of the provisions thereof and repealing all laws inconsistent therewith" is hereby repealed Provided however that licenses and permits already issued for the year for one thousand nine hundred fourteen under any existing laws for any of the subject matters for which licenses are to be issued under this act shall be good until the expiration of the time for which they are limited

That all fees paid for licenses and permits under this act shall be paid into the city treasury for the benefit of the municipality Provided also That any party aggrieved by the refusal of a permit license or privilege as herein provided on the revocation of the same for which there is no right of appeal specified may have the right within fifteen days thereafter to appeal to the court of common pleas which shall hear the same not more than thirty days from said appeal

Provided further that the act of July twelfth one thousand eight hundred ninety-seven entitled "An Act to amend section one of an act approved the third day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five entitled 'An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to provide for the better security of life and limb in cases of fire in hotels and other buildings" approved the eleventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine extending the provisions thereof to buildings used in whole or in part for offices not of fire proof construction' " shall not apply and be enforced so far as relates to tenement houses having not more than six rooms above the second floor

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. GANS. Mr. Speaker, I move that further consideration of this bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 547 as follows:

An Act requiring counties now or hereafter containing a population of not less than seven hundred and fifty thousand and not more than one million two hundred thousand inhabitants to establish and maintain schools for the care and education of female children under the jurisdiction of the juvenile courts and conferring the powers and regulating the proceedings for the establishment maintenance and management thereof

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That in each county of this Commonwealth now or hereafter containing a population of not less than seven hundred and fifty thousand and not more than one million two hundred thousand inhabitants as ascertained by the United States census there shall be established a school properly equipped for the care maintenance and instruction of such female children as shall come within the provisions hereof Such schools shall be supplementary to the school system of the Commonwealth shall be kept open during the entire year and shall be established on the cottage home plan

Section 2 The buildings for said schools shall be substantially constructed and adequately lighted and ventilated and provided with baths playrooms sleeping rooms and kitchens and there shall be adequate provisions for playgrounds as well as provisions for instruction in the common branches and for manual domestic and moral training to the end that said schools shall as far as possible during the period of detention adequately provide for the mental moral and physical welfare and advancement of the children therein detained

Section 3 The schools herein provided for shall be established upon farms within the limits of the said counties and for said purpose such counties may acquire as much land as shall be necessary by purchase or condemnation with the same power and under the same procedure as land is now acquired within the limits of school districts for school purposes under the acts of Assembly in such case made and provided the board of managers of said school exercising the authority exercised by school directors for said purposes

Section 4 Such school shall be presided over by a female superintendent who shall be a person trained in educational and social work and shall have the power of detention over the children committed thereto When any girl committed to said schools shall have attained a condition of mental and moral advancement satisfactory to the superintendent and board of managers they shall so certify to the juvenile court which has committed her to said school whereupon the said court may order her release upon parole under conditions which shall be prescribed by said board of managers subject to the approval and direction of the court and in case the conduct of such girl released upon parole shall be such as to satisfy the board of managers that a further period of training is necessary said board shall have the power through its agent or agents at any time during her minority to apprehend and return her to said school where she shall remain subject to the same control as when originally committed and in such case it shall be the duty of the superintendent immediately to notify the said court thereof

Section 5 Such school shall be established and managed by a board of nine managers of whom five shall be women The judges of the court or courts of common pleas of such county shall appoint said managers Upon the first appointment three of said managers shall be appointed to serve for one year three for two years and three for three years and thereafter three shall be appointed annually to serve for a term of three years The time of the commencement of the term of said managers shall be fixed by said judges but shall not be later than July the first Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and fifteen

The board of managers shall as often as required at least once every six months report to the said judges in the form by them prescribed Said judges shall also have power to fill any vacancies in said board of managers for unexpired terms as well as the power in their discretion to remove any of said managers appointed by them at any time and to fill the vacancies thereby created Said managers shall receive no compensation but the necessary expenses incurred in the performance of their duties shall be paid

Section 6 Said school shall receive girls upon the commitment of the juvenile court of such county and such school may upon a proper compensation being arranged for receive girls committed thereto by the juvenile courts of counties other than that by which said school is maintained

Section 7 The counties hereby required to establish and maintain schools as aforesaid shall pay for the establishment and maintenance thereof out of the general county funds On or before the fifteenth day of January of each year the said board of managers shall make up an estimate of the amount of money required during the ensuing calendar year for the acquiring of lands making of improvements equipment and maintenance of such school during the ensuing calendar year which estimate shall be certified to the county commissioners in order that they make provision for the maintenance of said school in the annual tax levy and for the establishment extension improvement or equipment thereof either in the annual tax levy or by issue of bonds as the county commissioners shall deem wise Should the said board and the said commissioners differ in their judgment as to any amount of money required as aforesaid the matter shall be submitted to a court of common pleas of said county which court after investigation shall certify the amount required and its decision shall be final The said county commissioners may also upon the request of said board of managers prior to the year nineteen hundred and sixteen issue bonds for the establishment of such school or appropriate to the same or to the maintenance thereof out of the county treasury such sums as they may find it convenient to so expend Any bonds issued for the purposes aforesaid shall be issued in compliance with the existing law covering the issue of bonds by county commissioners for the erection or repair of public buildings

Section 8 Said board of managers shall determine the number of teachers and other persons necessary for the proper conduct of the said school and shall fix the salaries to be paid to them as well as to the superintendent aforesaid

Section 9 Said board of managers shall annually elect from their own number a president and a secretary

Section 10 Upon the written request of said board of managers certified to them by its president and secretary the county commissioners of the said counties are empowered to pay over to said board from time to time out of the amounts appropriated for each fiscal year as aforesaid for the establishment construction extension improvement equipment and maintenance of said school sums of not less than five thousand ($5,000.00) dollars by warrant drawn on the county treasurer and countersigned by the county controller of the proper county in the form now in use for the disbursement of funds for general county purposes And all of such funds expended on account of said school by its said board of managers shall be accounted for to and be subject to audit by the county controller of the proper county in the manner now provided by law

Section 11 Any moneys realized from the sale of any products of said schools or the farms connected therewith shall be paid into the county treasury and become a part of the general county fund but the said board of managers in its discretion may provide for allowing a portion

of the earnings of said school to be paid to the girls producing the same

On the question,
Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. McVICAR. Mr. Speaker, the sponsor of this bill being absent, I move that its further consideration be postponed for the present.

Mr. BERNTHEIZEL. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 121, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the State Hospital at Nanticoke Luzerne county Pennsylvania for the payment of indebtedness against said hospital buildings equipment and grounds

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,
Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—175.

Albee,	Fretz,	Love,	Sarig,
Alcorn,	Fruit,	Luppert,	Scott,
Alexander,	Gallagher,	Luxemburger,	Shaaber,
Arnold,	Gans,	Lynch,	Shoop,
Aron,	Garner,	Mangan,	Showalter,
Arthur,	Geary,	Marvin,	Sinclair,
Baldwin,	Gingery,	Mather,	Smith, J. W.,
Barnett,	Glass,	Maurer,	Smith, Jeff. W.
Bauerle,	Glenn,	McArdle,	Smith, L.,
Beck,	Gompers,	McCaig,	Snyder,
Becker,	Goodnough,	McClintock,	Sones,
Benn,	Goodwin,	McClure,	Spangler,
Benninger,	Goodyear,	McConnell,	Spencer,
Bergy,	Gormley,	McCurdy,	Statler,
Berntheizel,	Graham,	McDermott,	Staving,
Beyer,	Gransback,	McKay,	Steedle,
Blackburn,	Greenwood,	McVicar,	Stern,
Body,	Hackett,	Mearkle,	Stone,
Brosius,	Hamilton,	Metzenbacher,	Swan,
Brownlee,	Harper,	Milliron,	Swartz,
Brumbaugh,	Heffernan,	Murdoch,	Taylor,
Bungard,	Herman,	Murphy,	Thomas,
Campbell, J. O.,	Hess,	Myers,	Trach,
Campbell, T.,	Heyburn,	Neville,	Twibill,
Christman,	Hibshman,	Nieder,	Urich,
Coldsmith,	Hollingsworth,	Nissley,	Wagner,
Corbin,	Horton,	Oaks,	Walton,
Cox,	Howarth,	Ostrander,	Watson,
Cromer,	Hubler,	Palmer,	Weimer,
Cummins,	Jack,	Perry,	Weir,
Curry,	Jones, E. E.,	Phillips,	Wettach,
Davis,	Jones, W. W.,	Pickering,	Whitaker,
Diefenderfer,	Kaiser,	Powell,	Whitten,
Dodds,	Kitts,	Ramsey,	Wildman,
Drinkhouse,	Klinger,	Reel,	Willard,
Dunn,	Kunkle,	Reynolds,	Williams,
Eby,	Lafferty,	Rich,	Wilson, H. I.,
Ehrhardt,	Landis,	Rininger,	Wilson, W. H.,
Eppley,	Lanius,	Robertson,	Wobensmith,
Erdman,	Lauer,	Roney,	Wood,
Evans,	Lauler,	Rothenberger,	Wylie,
Fackler,	Leighner,	Rowell,	Wynne,
Finnerty.	Lindsey,	Rudisill,	Young,
Forster,	Lipschutz,	Sampsel,	

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 658 entitled

Transferring from certain funds to another certain moneys appropriated to the State Livestock Sanitary Board

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,
Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—178.

Albee,	Gallagher,	Lynch,	Shaaber,
Alcorn,	Gans,	Mangan,	Shoop,
Alexander,	Garner,	Marvin,	Showalter,
Arnold,	Geary,	Mather,	Sinclair,
Aron,	Gingery,	Maurer,	Smith, J. W.,
Arthur,	Glass,	McArdle,	Smith, Jeff. W
Baker,	Glenn,	McCaig,	Smith, L.,
Baldwin,	Gompers,	McClintock,	Snyder,
Barnett,	Goodnough,	McClure,	Sones,
Bauerle,	Goodwin,	McConnell,	Spangler,
Becker,	Goodyear,	McCurdy.	Spencer,
Benn,	Gormley,	McDermott,	Statler,
Benninger,	Graham,	McKay,	Staving,
Bergy,	Gransback,	McVicar,	Steedle,
Berntheizel,	Greenwood,	Mearkle,	Stern,
Beyer,	Hackett,	Mellott,	Stone,
Blackburn,	Hamilton,	Metzenbacher,	Swan,
Body,	Harper,	Milliron,	Swartz,
Brosius,	Heffernan,	Murdoch,	Taylor,
Brownlee,	Herman,	Murphy,	Thomas,
Brumbaugh,	Hess,	Myers,	Trach,
Campbell,	Heyburn,	Neville,	Twibill,
Campbell, T.,	Hibshman,	Nieder,	Urich,
Christman,	Hollingsworth,	Nissley,	Wagner,
Coldsmith,	Horton,	Oaks,	Walton,
Corbin,	Howarth,	Ostrander,	Watson,
Cox,	Hubler,	Palmer,	Weaver,
Cromer,	Jack,	Perry,	Weimer,
Cummins,	Jones, E. E.,	Peters,	Weir,
Curry,	Jones. W. W.,	Phillips,	West,
Davis,	Kaiser,	Pickering,	Wettach,
Diefenderfer,	Kitts,	Powell,	Whitaker,
Dodds,	Klinger,	Ramsey,	Whitten,
Drinkhouse,	Kunkle,	Reel.	Wildman,
Dunn.	Lafferty,	Reynolds,	Willard,
Eby,	Landis,	Rich.	Williams,
Ehrhardt,	Lanius,	Rininger.	Wilson, H. I.,
Eppley,	Lauer,	Robertson,	Wilson, W. H.,
Erdman,	Lauler,	Rothenberger,	Wobensmith,
Evans,	Leighner,	Rowell,	Wood,
Fackler,	Lindsey,	Rudisill,	Wylie,
Finnerty,	Lipschutz,	Sampsel,	Wynne,
Forster,	Love,	Sarig,	Young,
Fretz.	Luppert,	Scott,	
Fruit,	Luxemburger,		

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 483 entitled

An Act defining paint to prevent deception in sale of paint to provide for true labels for and advertising of the same when offered for sale for the enforcement of this act by the Secretary of Agriculture and penalties for the violation of same

On the question,
Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. COX. Mr. Speaker, as the sponsor of this bill is not present, I move that it be postponed for the present.

Mr. RONEY. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 385 as follows:

An Act regulating the practice of drugless therapeutics in the State of Pennsylvania defining the same creating a Bureau of Licensure therefor and means and methods whereby the right to practice drugless therapeutics in any of its branches may be obtained and exemptions therefrom Providing penalties for violation thereof and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent therewith

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That on and after the passage and approval of this act it shall be unlawful for any person or persons within the State of Pennsylvania to hold himself or herself forth as a practitioner in drugless therapeutics or any branch thereof or to assume the title of doctor of drugless therapeutics or doctor of any specific disease or to diagnose diseases or treat diseases by drugless therapeutics or to hold himself or herself forth as able so to do or to sign any death or birth certificate except such persons as are hereinafter exempted from the provisions of this act

until he or she shall have received a certificate from the Bureau of Drugless Therapeutics created by this act which certificate shall be recorded in the office of the Superintendent of Public Instruction at Harrisburg and in the prothonotary's office of the county wherein such person desires to practice

Section 2 That the provisions of this act may be fully enforced the Governor of the State of Pennsylvania is hereby authorized and directed to appoint a State Board of Drugless Therapeutic Examiners from such representatives of the various schools or systems hereinafter set forth who have been regularly engaged in practice for a period of five years prior to the passage and approval of this act said board shall consist of one representative from each of the following schools

Neuropathy Manual Therapy Chiropractic Spondylo Therapy Vacuum Therapy Naturopathy

Provided that no school or system shall at any time be represented by more than one member on said board

The members so appointed shall within fifteen days after the date of their appointment meet at Harrisburg Pennsylvania for organization and shall thereupon elect a president secretary and treasurer adopt a common seal make all necessary rules and regulations not inconsistent with the laws of this State or of the United States whereby to perform their duties and transact the business required under the provisions of this act and they shall thereafter hold annual meetings for organization purposes

Immediately after the first organization of said board the members thereof shall be divided into three classes the first class to consist of those to serve for two years the second class to consist of those to serve for three years and the third class to consist of those to serve for five years The selection of the members of the various classes shall be made by lot and at the expiration of the terms of the members first appointed the Governor shall from a list of all licensed drugless practitioners of the State to be furnished him yearly by the secretary of the board appoint a successor to fill such vacancy said successor to be appointed for a term of three years and all future appointments caused by the expiration of any term or terms shall be for a like period of three years In case of any vacancy occurring on said board the Governor is hereby authorized to fill the same for the unexpired term

Section 3 After the passage and approval of this act any person over twenty-one years of age desiring to practice drugless therapeutics in this State or any branch thereof shall make application in writing at least ten days before the date fixed for examinations to the Bureau of Drugless Therapeutics in the form provided by the bureau Said application shall be accompanied by a fee of twenty-five dollars together with a photograph of the applicant a certificate of preliminary education equivalent to four years of high school attendance and a diploma from a reputable school or college of drugless therapeutics maintaining at and prior to the time of the granting of said diploma a resident course of study of a standard approved by said bureau

All examinations shall be written in the English language and in addition to such other subjects as may be required by the bureau for each drugless system shall include anatomy, physiology histology chemistry pathology bacteriology hygiene prophylaxis dietetics obstetrics gynecology symtomatology jurisprudence toxicology and diagnosis and theory and practice of drugless therapeutics as taught by the school or schools of which the applicant is a graduate

Upon the successful passing of said examinations by any applicant and approved by a majority of the members of the bureau the bureau shall issue a license entitling him or her to practice the particular system or systems of drugless therapeutics in which he or she has qualified said certificate to be signed by the president and secretary of the bureau attested by the seal thereof The bureau shall have the power to raise its standards as to education requirements or length of courses from time to time as the courses of the various schools may warrant but no higher standard shall be required of any applicant than those existing at the time of his or her matriculation into the school from which the diploma was obtained

Any person who has been engaged in the practice of any system or systems of drugless therapeutics in this State for a period of one year prior to the approval of this act and who shall within sixty days from approval apply to the bureau on the form provided by the bureau for a license to continue the practice of such system or systems in this State together with a diploma or diplomas issued to him or her from a legally chartered school or schools of drugless therapeutics approved by the bureau and shall satisfy the bureau as to his or her moral character and professional standing shall on the payment of a fee of twenty-five dollars receive from the said bureau a license to practice in this State the system or systems of drugless therapeutics in which he or she has thus qualified

All licenses issued under the provisions of this act shall plainly state the particular system or systems of drugless therapeutics in which the practitioner is licensed

The bureau may refuse to grant a license to any person guilty of a crime involving moral turpitude or any person addicted to the liquor or drug habit to such a degree as to render him or her in the opinion of a majority of the bureau unfit to practice and may after notice and hearing revoke for any such cause any license heretofore granted and any person after such refusal or revocation of license who shall attempt or continue the practice of drugless therapeutics shall be subject to the penalties hereinafter prescribed

Drugless practitioners duly licensed as herein provided shall have in the practice or conduct of their professions all the rights powers and privileges of any or all persons practicing physicians or doctors of any school class or division in the treatment of any and all diseases ailments or disabilities of the human body whatsoever or the health of the individual or of the public and shall observe and be subject to all State and municipal regulations relating to the control of contagious diseases and deaths provided that only those who have been licensed by the said board of examiners under a standard of at least a three-year course of not less than seven months each year and under an educational standard including obstetrics shall have the right to report and certify to births Such reports shall be accepted by the proper officers or departments Nothing in this act shall give drugless practitioners the right to practice major surgery

Section 4 The examinations of the bureau shall be held in the city of Harrisburg Pennsylvania on the second Monday of June of each year and the second Monday of December of each year

Section 5 For the purpose of defining drugless therapy as included in this act it is hereby declared to be any treatment having the spine for a base including (a) neuropathy (b) manual therapy or its minor branches (c) chiropractic (d) napravit (e) spondylo-therapy (f) chiropractic spondylo-therapy (g) vacuum therapy (h) naturopathy (i) Any other treatment having the spine for a base

Any treatment having water air heat light sun earth for a base including (a) hydro-therapy (b) Kneipp system (c) Priessnitz system (d) Just system (e) helio-therapy (f) thermotherapy

Any treatment having electricity for a base including (a) electro-therapy (b) electric robe baths (c) electro massage (d) electric light baths

Any treatment having food or herbs for a base including (a) all prepared foods (b) selected foods (c) teas (d) herb treatments (e) thorpho-therapy (f) food chemistry (g) phytotherapy

Any treatment having any manual physical mechanical exercises apparatus appliances adjustments or treatments for a base including (a) mechano-therapy (b) Swedish movements (c) massage (d) scientific massage (e) vibro-massage (f) medical gymnastics (g) physical culture (h) neurology (i) oxypathy or oxydonor (j) magnetic healing

Any treatment having the mind for a base including (a) suggestive therapeutics (b) metaphysics (c) vita-therapy

Any system method science or art of treatment which is in existence or may come into existence and not already specified under the above-named divisions of drugless therapy

Provided Nothing within this act shall be construed to affect practitioners of medicine or surgery osteopathy or Christian Science

Section 5 All fees and penalties collected as provided by this act shall be paid to the treasurer of the bureau to be held by him as a fund to pay the necessary expenses of the members and officers of said bureau in the discharge of their duties and to enforce this law upon a warrant of the president and secretary No expenses shall be created to exceed the income of fees and penalties collected as herein provided The salaries shall be fixed by the bureau but shall not exceed fifteen dollars per day of actual services per member and railroad and hotel expenses

Section 6 Any person hereafter commencing or continuing the practice of drugless therapeutics in any of its branches in this State without first having obtained and filed the license herein provided for or contrary to the provisions of this act shall be deemed guilty of misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be punished for the first offense by a fine of not less than one hundred dollars or by imprisonment in the county jail for a period of not less than thirty days or by both fine and imprisonment and for each subsequent offense the punishment shall be double that of the preceding one and it shall be the duty of the respective district attorneys of the counties of this State to prosecute violations of the provisions of this act

All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I move that further consideration of this bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. RONEY. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS OF THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 404 entitled

An Act to amend revise and consolidate the law relating to boroughs

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—179.

Albee,	Gallagher,	Luxemburger,	Sarig,
Alcorn,	Gans,	Lynch,	Scott,
Alexander,	Garner,	Mangan,	Shaaber,
Arnold,	Geary,	Marvin,	Shoop,
Aron,	Gingery,	Mather,	Showalter,
Arthur,	Glass,	Maurer,	Sinclair,
Baker,	Glenn,	McArdle,	Smith, J. W.,
Baldwin,	Gompers,	McCaig,	Smith, Jeff. W.
Bauerle,	Goodnough,	McClintock,	Smith, L.,
Beck,	Goodwin,	McClure,	Snyder,
Becker,	Goodyear,	McConnell,	Sones,
Benn,	Gormley,	McCurdy,	Spangler,
Benninger,	Graham,	McDermott,	Spencer,
Bergy,	Gransback,	McKay,	Statler,
Berntheizel,	Greenwood,	McVicar,	Staving,
Beyer,	Hackett,	Mearkle,	Steedle,
Blackburn,	Hamilton,	Mellott,	Stone,
Body,	Harper,	Metzenbacher,	Swan,
Brosius,	Heffernan,	Milliron,	Swartz,
Brownlee,	Herman,	Murdoch,	Taylor,
Brumbaugh,	Hess,	Murphy,	Thomas,
Campbell, J. O.,	Heyburn,	Myers,	Trach,
Campbell, T.,	Hibshman,	Neville,	Twibill,
Christman,	Hollingsworth,	Nieder,	Urich,
Coldsmith,	Horton,	Nissley,	Wagner,
Corbin,	Howarth,	Oaks,	Walton,
Cox,	Hubler,	Ostrander,	Watson,
Cromer,	Jack,	Palmer,	Weaver,
Cummins,	Jones, E. E.,	Perry,	Weimer,
Curry,	Jones, W. W.,	Peters,	Weir,
Davis,	Kaiser,	Phillips,	Wettach,
Diefenderfer,	Kitts,	Pickering,	Whitaker,
Dodds,	Klinger,	Powell,	Whitten,
Drinkhouse,	Kuhn,	Ramsey,	Wildman,
Dunn,	Kunkle,	Reel,	Willard,
Eby,	Lafferty,	Reynolds,	Williams,
Ehrhardt,	Landis,	Rich,	Wilson, H. L.,
Eppley,	Lanius,	Rininger,	Wilson, W. H.,
Erdman,	Lauer,	Robertson,	Wobensmith,
Evans,	Lauler,	Roney,	Wood,
Fackler,	Leighner,	Rothenberger,	Wylie,
Finnerty,	Lindsey,	Rowell	Wynne,
Forster,	Lipschutz,	Rudisill,	Young,
Fretz,	Love,	Sampsel,	
Fruit,	Luppert,		

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 722 entitled

An Act regulating the manufacture and sale of commercial fertilizers

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—176.

Albee,	Fruit,	Luppert,	Scott,
Alcorn,	Gallagher,	Luxemburger,	Shaaber,
Alexander,	Gans,	Lynch,	Shoop,
Arnold,	Garner,	Mangan,	Showalter,
Aron,	Geary,	Marvin,	Sinclair,
Arthur,	Gingery,	Mather,	Smith, J. W.,
Baldwin,	Glass,	Maurer,	Smith, Jeff. W.,
Bauerle,	Glenn,	McArdle,	Smith, L.,
Beck,	Gompers,	McCaig,	Snyder,
Becker,	Goodnough,	McClintock,	Sones,
Benn,	Goodwin,	McClure,	Spangler,
Benninger,	Goodyear,	McConnell,	Spencer,
Bergy,	Gormley,	McCurdy,	Statler,
Berntheizel,	Graham,	McDermott,	Staving,
Beyer,	Gransback,	McKay,	Steedle,
Blackburn,	Greenwood,	McVicar,	Stern,
Body,	Hackett,	Mearkle,	Stone,
Brosius,	Hamilton,	Metzenbacher,	Swan,
Brownlee,	Harper,	Milliron,	Swartz,
Brumbaugh,	Heffernan,	Murdoch,	Taylor,
Bungard,	Herman,	Murphy,	Thomas,
Campbell, J. O.,	Hess,	Myers,	Trach,
Campbell, T.,	Heyburn,	Neville,	Twibill,
Christman,	Hibshman,	Nieder,	Urich,
Coldsmith,	Hollingsworth,	Nissley,	Wagner,
Corbin,	Horton,	Oaks,	Walton,
Cox,	Howarth,	Ostrander,	Watson,
Cromer,	Hubler,	Palmer,	Weaver,
Cummins,	Jack,	Perry,	Weimer,
Curry,	Jones, E. E.,	Peters,	Weir,
Davis,	Jones, W. W.,	Pickering,	Wettach,
Diefenderfer,	Kaiser,	Powell,	Whitaker,
Dodds,	Kitts,	Ramsey,	Whitten,
Drinkhouse,	Klinger,	Reel,	Wildman,
Dunn,	Kunkle,	Reynolds,	Willard,
Eby,	Lafferty,	Rich,	Williams,
Ehrhardt,	Landis,	Rininger,	Wilson, H. L.,
Eppley,	Lanius,	Robertson,	Wilson, W. H.,
Erdman,	Lauer,	Roney,	Wobensmith,
Evans,	Lauler,	Rothenberger,	Wood,
Fackler,	Leighner,	Rowell,	Wylie,
Finnerty,	Lindsey,	Rudisill,	Wynne,
Forster,	Lipschutz,	Sampsel,	Young,
Fretz,	Love,	Sarig,	

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

The SPEAKER. The Chair will clear the table.

The Clerk read as follows:

SENATE MESSAGE.

HOUSE BILLS CONCURRED IN BY SENATE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced returned bills from the House of Representatives, numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 108 (Senate Bill No. 186).

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to section one article eight of the Constitution of Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 40 (Senate Bill No. 264).

An Act designating the Mountain Laurel (Kalmia latifolia) as the flower emblem or State flower of this Commonwealth

House Bill No. 176 (Senate Bill No. 351).

An Act requiring county commissioners in certain counties to provide quarters in the county buildings for the official county association of physicians and surgeons

with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendment.

RESOLUTION CONCURRED IN BY SENATE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced informed that the Senate has concurred in the resolution from the House of Representatives as follows, viz:

Be It Resolved (if the Senate concur) That three thousand (3,000) copies of the proceedings of this House on March 2, 1915, on the death of William Uhler Hensel former Attorney General of Pennsylvania be printed for the use of the House

RECESS.

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I move that we now take a recess until 4.30 P. M.

Mr. LANIUS. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to, and the House took a recess until 4.30 P. M.

AFTER RECESS.

The House reconvened at 4.30 o'clock P. M.

Mr. HESS, (Speaker Pro Tempore), in the Chair.

SENATE MESSAGE.

SENATE BILLS FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced presented for concurrence bills numbered and entitled as follows:

Senate Bill No. 164 (House Bill No. 946).

An Act to promote the health and efficiency of firemen in cities of the second class by providing for a two platoon system for firemen in the department of public safety of such cities.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

Senate Bill No. 176 (House Bill No. 947).

An Act to provide for the better protection and preservation of deer and elk and certain birds classed as game birds within the Commonwealth; providing a method through which certain lands in the Commonwealth may be closed to hunting for a term of years and prescribing penalties for violation of its several provisions.

Referred to the Committee on Game.

Senate Bill No. 320 (House Bill No. 948).

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-seventh day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation, regulation and government of cities of the third class regulating nomination and election of municipal officers therein and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto."

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

Senate Bill No. 432 (House Bill No. 949).

An Act to repeal an act approved the sixteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act for the protection of the public health and the prevention of fraud and deception by regulating the storage and sale of cold storage foods, fixing penalties for the violation of theprovisions thereof and providing for the enforcement thereof."

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

Senate Bill No. 249 (House Bill No. 950).

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act authorizing companies incorporated under the laws of any other State of the United States for the manufacture of any form of iron, steel or glass to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments and to take, have and hold real estate necessary and proper for manufacturing purposes" approved the ninth day of June, Anno Domini, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one, extending the same to companies formed for the purpose of quarrying slate, granite, stone or rocks or for dressing, polishing, working or manufacturing the same or any of them and to mineral spring companies incorporated for the purpose of bottling and selling natural mineral spring water, approved the sixteenth day of June, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety three,' approved the nineteenth day of April, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one, extending the same to companies formed for the purposes of manufacturing and selling chemicals, foodstuffs, cement and cement products and the quarrying of cement rock", approved May twenty-eight one thousand nine hundred and seven extending the same to companies incorporated for the manufacture, buying, selling, leasing, using and operation of electrical apparatus and machinery and articles of every kind appertaining to or in any wise connected with the production, use, regulation, control, distribution or application of electricity or electrical energy or products for any use or uprpose, constructing, acquiring, using, selling, buying or leasing any works, construction or plant or part thereof connected with or involving such use, distribution, regulation control or application of electricity or the control or use of electrical apparatus for any purpose and of producing, furnishing and supplying electricity or electrical apparatus in any form and for any purpose and to carry an a general manufacturing business'" approved the twenty-third day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven by extending the same to companies incorporated for the purpose of refining, manufacturing or sale of petroleum and petroleum products

Referred to the Committee on Corporations.

BILLS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED.

By Mr. METZENBACHER. House Bill No. 951.

An Act making an appropriation for the purchase for the Pennsylvania State Museum, of a collection of photograph negatives showing the history of the oil industry of this Commonwealth, from the earliest discoveries to the present time.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. DODDS. House Bill No. 952.

An Act providing that it shall be unlawful for any person or persons firm or corporation to have in use upon the public streets alleys and highways of the State of Pennsylvania, commencing one hour after sunset and continuing until one hour before sunrise any vehicle or vehicles without being equipped with lights that can be observed from the front and rear of said vehicle and providing penalties for the violation of this act.

Referred to the Committee on Public Roads.

By Mr. DODDS. House Bill No. 953.

An Act making it unlawful to use any type of mining machine in retreat mining in the removal of ribs stumps or pillars in any bituminous coal mine in the State of Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Mines and Mining.

By Mr. STERN. House Bill No. 954.

An Act to authorize the regulations of the location, size and use of buildings in cities.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. BAUERLE. House Bill No. 955.

An Act to amend an act approved the fourth day of May, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-five, entitled "An Act relating to certain duties and rights of Husband and Wife, and Parents and Children."

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

By Mr. GEARY. House Bill No. 956.

An Act making an appropriation to the Beulah Rescue Home of Wetsern Pennsylvania

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. MEARKLE. House Bill No. 957.

An Act validating sales upon tax or municipal claims made under any act or acts of Assembly, making the title of the purchases at such sale absolute and barring the rights of former owners or claimants and those claming under them

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. STEIN. House Bill No. 958.

An Act requiring alderman, justices of the peace and committing magistrates to return a transcript of all information to the district attorney and clerk of quarter sessions within three days after the binding over or commital of any defendant charged with any crime or misdemeanor.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. STEIN. House Bill No. 959.

An Act requiring justices of the peace, alderman and constables to give itemized receipts and imposing penalties for failure so to do and imposing penalties for charging illegal fees.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. STEIN. House Bill No. 960.

An Act prohibiting the doing, except under certain circumstances, of a trading stamp business, as defined therein, by corporations, joint stock or other companies, and prescribing penalties for the violation of the provisions thereo.f

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

By Mr. LAULER. House Bill No. 961.

An Act imposing certain liabilities on persons, firms and corporations in cities of the second class for the cost of extinguishing fires which occur through their criminal intent, design or willful negligence, or where they have not complied with any law, ordinance or other lawful regulation for the prevention of fire or the spreading thereof; providing a method for the ascertainment of such cost and the manner of collecting the same.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

By Mr. BEYER. House Bill No. 962.

An Act relating to practice in the Courts of Common Pleas in actions of assumpsit and trespass, prescribing the pleadings and procedure to be observed therein and giving the courts power to enforce its provisions.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. KITTS, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed House Bill No. 745, entitled:

An Act to amend the first section of an act approved the twenty-seventh day of April, one thousand nine hundred and eleven, entitled "An Act regulating the compensation of Court criers and tipstaves in counties containing more than ninety thousand and less than one hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants; providing for the payment of the same by the particular county; limiting the number of tipstaves to be appointed; and repealing an act of Assembly, entitled 'An Act to regulate the fees of court criers and tipstaves of the courts, in judicial districts containing more than ninety thousand and less than one hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants,' approved the twenty-ninth day of April, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine," so as to increase the number of tipstaves which may be employed in such judicial districts at any one time.

Mr. OSTRANDER, from the Committee on Forestry, reported as committed House Bill No. 704, entitled:

An Act to enlarge the purchase price to be paid by the Department of Forestry for lands to be purchased and used for State forest purposes.

Mr. BEYER, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed, House Bill No. 684, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the first day of May, one thousand nine hundred seven, entitled "An Act relating to the appointment of stenographers and assistant stenographers to report proceedings in the several courts of common pleas, and orphans' courts, courts of oyer and terminer and general jail delivery, and courts of quarter sessions of the peace, of this Commonwealth, as well as before commissioners, masters and special masters in chancery, refereed, examiners, auditors, and other officers; prescribing their powers and duties, and when such reports shall be evidence of the facts reported; prescribing their compensation and allowances for expenses, when the same shall be paid by the county wherein such stenographers or assistant stenographers are employed, and when by the parties to such proceedings; and repealing an act, entitled 'An Act directing the appointment of official stenographers in the several civil courts of this Commonwealth; authorizing the appointment of stenographers by examiners, masters, referees, commisioners, and auditors; authorizing the appointment of assistant stenographers; repealing "An Act to authorize the appointment of stenographers in the several courts of this Commonwealth, prescribing their duties and fixing their compensation," approved May fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four; repealing "An Act to authorize the appointment of stenographers in the several courts of this Commonwealth, prescribing their duties and fixing their compensation," approved May eighth, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-six, and repealing "An Act defining the duty of court stenographers in the several counties of this State," approved June tenth, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one,' approved the twenty-fourth day of May, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven; but such repeal not to revive any law repealed by the said act of twenty-fourth of May, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven."

Mr. ARTHUR, from the Committee on Insurance, reported as committed House Bill No. 546, entitled:

An Act to regulate certain kinds of insurance by individuals and partnerships of associations of individuals known as Lloyds defining the power of such associations authorizing the Insurance Commissioner to grant a license and prescribing penalties for any violation thereof and repealing existing laws.

Mr. GRAHAM, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed (Senate Bill No. 13) House Bill No. 873, entitled:

An Act relating to and regulating partnerships.

Mr. DAVIS, from the Committee on Public Roads, reported as committed House Bill No. 800, entitled:

An Act to repeal an act approved the first day of June, one thousand nine hundred and eleven, entitled "An Act to tax traction engines, and providing that the same shall be assessed by the several assessors of the counties of this Commonwealth in the same manner as other articles of personal estate liable for taxation are assessed."

Mr. PHILLIPS, from the Committee on Forestry, reported as committed House Bill No. 883, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Department of Forestry to grow and distribute young forest trees, and restricting their use after distribution.

Mr. FRUIT, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as amended, House Bill No. 756, entitled:

An Act to amend an act, approved the seventh day of May, one thousand nine hundred seven, entitled "An Act regulating and defining the powers and duties of the Dental Council and the State Board of Dental Examiners; providing for appointment of examiners; defining qualifications of applicants for examination; condition of granting licenses, regulating and limiting the practice of dentistry; prohibiting practice by, or employment of unlicensed persons, and providing punishment therefor; and disposition of fees and fines, and fixing the appropriation to the Dental Council."

Mr. FRUIT, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed House Bill No. 490 (Senate Bill No. 47), entitled:

An Act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act to fix the fees to be allowed the district attorney in the several counties of this Commonwealth having seven hundred fifty thousand inhabitants and less than one million two hundred thousand" approved May sixth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine

Mr. THOMAS, from the Committee on Municipal Corporations, reported as committed House Bill No. 902, entitled:

An Act providing for the better protection of life and property by the competent operation of steam boilers and engines in third class cities, and providing for the examination and licensing of engineers in charge of same and for the appointment of a Board of Examiners; and prescribing their duties and powers and prescribing penalties of the violation of the provisions of this act.

Mr. HORTON, from the Committee on Forestry, reported as amended House Bill No. 885, entitled:

An Act extending the powers and duties of Foresters, Forest Rangers, Game Protectors, Deputy Game Protectors, Special Deputy Game Protectors, Fish Wardens, and Deputy Fish Wardens of this Commonwealth.

Mr. BROSIUS, from the Committee on Ways and Means, reported as committed House Bill No. 586, entitled:

An Act to amend an act "To provide for the better collection of collateral inhertance taxes," approved the sixth day of May, Anno Domini, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven, providing for the employment of attorneys and clerks.

Mr. BROSIUS, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed House Bill No. 725, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the sixth day of May, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven, entitled "An act to authorize the commissioners of the several counties of this Commonwealth to discharge from prison all persons confined in jail, without proceedings under the insolvent laws.

Mr. JAMES O. CAMPBELL, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as amended House Bill No. 680, entitled:

An Act relative to estates of decedents.

Mr. LEE SMITH, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed House Bill No. 840 (Senate Bill No. 289), entitled:

An Act amending section nine of an act as amended by the act of seventeenth April one thousand nine hundred and five Pamphlet Laws one hundred and eighty-five approved the fifth day of May one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine entitled "An act supplementing and amending an act entitled "An act to establish an intermediate court of appeals regulating its constitution officers jurisdiction powers practice and its relation to the Supreme Court and other courts providing for the reports of its decisions the compensation of the judges and other officers and the practice and costs on appeals from its judgments' approved June twenty-fourth Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five" and increasing the amount to which the judges of the Superior Court shall be entitled to be reimbursed for the sums expended by them in each year for expenses incurred in the discharge of their duties for the help of stenographers typewriters or clerks and regulating the time and manner of such reimbursement

Mr. SHOOP, from the Committee on Education, reported as committed House Bill No. 889, entitled:

An Act to further amend the act approved the eighteenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred and eleven, entitled "An act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, together with the provisions by which it shall be administered, and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof; providing revenue to establish and maintain the same, and the method of collecting such revenue; and repealing all laws, general, special or local, or any parts thereof, that are or may be inconsistent therewith," as amended, by providing for the education of certain blind children beyond the age of eight years under certain circumstances.

Mr. CHRISTMAN, from the Committee on Insurance, reported as committed House Bill No. 545, entitled:

An Act to supervise the operation of fire insurance rate-making bureaus and providing for their examination by the Insurance Commissioner Prohibiting discrimination in fixing and collecting fire insurance rates Requiring companies to maintain and co-operate in maintaining and operating rate making bureaus Requiring inspection and survey by such bureaus of all risks specifically rated and regulating agreements betweeen companies or other insurers with respect to fixing and collecting fire insurance rates and repealing existing laws

Mr. HERMAN, from the Committee on Education, reported as committed House Bill No. 913, entitled:

An Act to amend section one thousand three hundred and eleven of an act approved the eighteenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred eleven, entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, together with a provision by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof, providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws, special or local, or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith."

Mr. SPENCER, from the Committee on Education, reported as committed House Bill No. 870, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the eighteenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred eleven, entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, together with the provisions by which it shall be administered, and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof; providing revenue to establish and maintain the same, and the method of collecting such revenue; and repealing all laws, general, special or local, or any parts thereof, that are or may be inconsistent therewith."

Mr. McKAY, from the Committee on Education, reported as committed House Bill No. 708, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the eighteenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred eleven, entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, together with the provisions by which it shall be administered, and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof; providing revenue to establish and maintain the same, and the method of collecting such revenue; and repealing all laws, general, special or local, or any parts thereof, that are or may be inconsistent therewith."

Mr. KAISER, from the Committee on Manufactures, reported as committed House Bill No. 791, entitled:

An Act regulating upholstering, making of upholstering and the manufacture of mattresses, imposing penalties and providing incidental duties of the Department of Labor and Industry.

Mr. WILLIAMS, from the Committee on Forestry, reported as committed House Bill No. 890, entitled:

An Act making a fixed charge for county purposes on lands purchased by the State for State forests and providing for the distribution of the same to the counties wherein State forests are located.

Mr. SPANGLER, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed House Bill No. 717, entitled:

An Act to provide in certain cases a uniform procedure in the exercise of the right of eminent domain.

Mr. H. I. WILSON, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed House Bill No. 600, entitled:

An Act relating to the selection of juries in criminal cases including challenges by the Commonwealth and by the defendant.

Mr. NISSLEY, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed House Bill No.489 (Senate Bill No. 46), entitled:

An Act authorizing the district attorneys of certain counties to appoint a secretary prescribing the duties, fixing the salary and providing for payment of the same.

Mr. MILLIRON, from the Committee on Education, reported as committed House Bill No. 924, entitled:

An Act to repeal section seventeen hundred fifteen of an act approved the eighteenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred eleven, entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, together with the provisions by which it shall be administered. and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof; providing revenue to establish and maintain the same, and the method of collecting such revenue; and repealing all laws, general, special or local or any parts thereof, that are or may be inconsistent therewith."

Mr. McVICAR, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as amended House Bill No. 824, entitled:

An Act providing that all horsedrawn vehicles owned or operated by persons residing in all cities of the first and second class except those used for pleasure shall have on the sides of such vehicles in legible letters the name and the address of the owner together with a designating number if more than one vehicles is used: providing for arrest and proceedings for violation of the act; prescribing the penalties therefor.

Mr. ERDMAN, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed House Bill No. 491 (Senate Bill No. 48), entitled:

An Act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act to amend section one of an act entitled 'An Act providing for the appointment of assistant district attorneys in the several counties of this Commonwealth having seven hundred and fifty thousand and less than one million two hundred thousand inhabitants; prescribing the powers and duties and fixing the salaries of the said assistant district attorneys' approved the twenty-fifth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred seven so as to increase the salary of the first assistant district attorney and to provide for the classification of the other assistant district attorneys for whose appointment provision is made by said act as second third and fourth assitants and assistants and to increase the salary of some and to decrease the salary of others of said assistant district attorneys" approved May sixth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred nine so as to increase the salary of some of the assistant district attorneys and to provide for the appointment of two more assistant district attorneys and fixing the salaries of the same.

Mr. MYERS, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed House Bill No. 878 (Senate Bill No. 280), entitled:

An Act declaring valid certain municipal liens filed for grading pavements macadamizing or otherwise improving public streets or parts thereof by the several boroughs under an act approved the twelfth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act empowering boroughs of this Commonwealth without petition of the property owners to grade, pave, curb, macadamize and otherwise improve public streets or parts thereof and assess a portion of the cost of the same on the owners of property abutting thereon and providing for the collection of the same" and authorizing the amendment of the claims in certain particulars.

Mr. REYNOLDS, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed House Bill No. 912, entitled:

An Act amending and supplementing an act entitled "An act providing for the establishment of a State Industrial Home for Women; authorizing the purchase of a site, and the erection theron and equipment of necessary buildings; providing for the commitment to said State Industrial Home for Women or females between the ages of sixteen and thirty years, convicted of, or pleading guilty to, the commission of any criminal offence; and providing for the government and management of said institution; and making an appropriation to carry out the purposes of this act," approved the twenty-fifth day of July, one thousand nine hundred and thirteen, conferring upon the said commission additional powers including the power of eminent domain.

Mr. RAMSEY, from the Committee on Municipal Corporations, re-reported as amended House Bill No. 150, entitled:

An Act relating to the appointment of persons to the police engineering electrical and fire departments in cities of the third class constituting a civil service board in relation thereto providing for and regulating examinations the manner of appointments and the manner and power of removal of employes of said departments and providing a method for fixing compensation of a secretary.

Mr. SWARTZ, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, re-reported as committed House Bill No. 93, entitled:

An Act relating to notice to creditors of decedents estates of the filing of an account by the personal representatives.

Mr. BENNINGER, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported with a negative recommendation House Bill No. 505, entitled:

An Act relating to and regulating the use of public highways and public places by vehicles and animals.

Mr. BAKER, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported with a negative recommendation House Bill No. 455, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twelfth day of June, one thousand nine hundred and thirteen, entitled "An act to increase the powers of courts in summary proceedings for desertion or non-support of wives, children, or aged parents by directing that imprisonment in such cases be at hard labor in such institution as the court shall name, with wages payable to the wives children or parents providing for the disbursement of moneys collected on forfeitures of bonds, bail-bonds, or recognizances and by empowering such courts to appoint desertion probation officers for the per-

formance of such duties as the court shall direct and providing for the payment of the expenses incident to the carrying out of this act."

Mr. ARON, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported with a negative recommendation House Bill No. 578, entitled:

An Act to amend section one of the act of May ninth, one thousand nine hundred and thirteen, entitled "An act prohibiting the furnishing, by gift, sale, or otherwise, of cigarettes or cigarette paper to minors; requiring minors to divulge where and from whom cigarettes or cigarette paper have been obtained; and providing penalties for violation of this act," by providing for summary conviction for violations of this act before any alderman, magistrate or justice of peace.

Mr. GEARY, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported with a negative recommendation, House Bill No. 740, entitled:

An Act prohibiting the incorporation by courts of common pleas of corporations formed or to be formed to establish and maintain hospitals or other charitable or eleemosynary institutions in which indigent persons are treated or maintained unless proof of the consent and approval of the Board of Public Charities is first produced to said courts.

Mr. REEL, from the Committee on Education, reported with a negative recommendation, House Bill No. 613, entitled:

An Act requiring the county commissioners to provide a stenographer for the use of county superintendents of schools.

Mr. STERN, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported with a negative recommendation, House Bill No. 716, entitled:

An Act to amend an act, approved the twenty-fourth day of June. one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five, entitled "An Act relative to costs in suits before aldermen and justices of the peace, and the collection of the same."

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 459 entitled

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-fourth day of May one thousand eight hundred eighty-seven entitled "An act to regulate the practice of pharmacy and sale of poisons and to prevent adulterations in drugs and medical preparations in the State of Pennsylvania" as amended

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—154.

Albee,	Fretz,	Lipschutz,	Rudisill,
Alcorn,	Fruit,	Love,	Scott,
Alexander,	Gallagher,	Luppert,	Shaaber,
Arnold,	Gans,	Luxemburger,	Shoop,
Aron,	Garner,	Lynch,	Showalter,
Arthur,	Geary,	Mangan,	Smith, J. W.,
Baker,	Gingery,	Marvin,	Smith, Jeff. W.,
Baldwin,	Glass,	Mather,	Smith, L.,
Barnett,	Gompers,	Maurer,	Snyder,
Bauerle,	Goodnough,	McArdle,	Sones,
Becker,	Goodwin,	McCaig,	Spangler,
Benn,	Goodyear,	McConnell,	Staving,
Benninger,	Gormley,	McCurdy,	Steedle,
Bergy,	Graham,	McDermott,	Stern,
Berntheizel,	Gransback,	McKay,	Stone,
Beyer,	Greenwood,	McVicar,	Swan,
Blackburn,	Hackett,	Mearkle,	Swartz,
Body,	Hamilton,	Metzenbacher,	Thomas,
Brosius,	Harper,	Milliron,	Trach,
Brumbaugh,	Heffernan,	Murdoch,	Twibill,
Campbell. J. O	Herman,	Murphy,	Wagner,
Campbell, T.,	Hess,	Myers,	Walton,
Christman,	Heyburn,	Nieder,	Watson,
Coldsmith,	Hibshman,	Nissley,	Weaver,
Corbin,	Hollingsworth	Oaks,	Weir,
Cox,	Horton,	Ostrander,	Wettach,
Cromer,	Hubler,	Palmer,	Whitaker,
Cummins,	Jack,	Perry,	Whitten,
Curry,	Jones, W. W.,	Pickering,	Wildman,
Davis,	Kaiser,	Phillips,	Willard,
Diefenderfer,	Kitts,	Powell.	Williams,
Dodds,	Klinger,	Ramsey,	Wilson, H. L.,
Drinkhouse,	Kunkle,	Reel,	Wilson, W. H.,
Dunn,	Lafferty,	Rich,	Wobensmith,
Ehrhardt,	Landis,	Rininger,	Wood,
Evans,	Lanius,	Robertson,	Wylie,
Fackler,	Lauer,	Roney,	Wynne,
Finnerty,	Leighner,	Rowell,	Young,
Forster,			

NAYS—5.

Eppley,	Sampsel,	Sarig,	Spencer,
Rothenberger,			

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 850 entitled

An Act making a burgess of a borough eligible to the office for the next succeeding term

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—93.

Aron,	Fretz,	Landis,	Roney,
Arthur,	Gans,	Lanius,	Rowell,
Baker,	Garner,	Lipschutz,	Sarig,
Baldwin,	Geary,	Luxemburger,	Schaeffer,
Barnett,	Gingery,	Mangan,	Scott,
Bauerle,	Glass,	Maurer,	Shoop,
Becker,	Goodnough,	McArdle,	Showalter,
Benninger,	Goodyear,	McClure,	Smith, J. W.,
Berntheizel,	Gormley,	McConnell,	Sones,
Beyer,	Graham,	McCurdy,	Spangler,
Blackburn,	Gransback,	McDermott,	Stern,
Body,	Hackett,	McVicar,	Stone,
Brumbaugh,	Heffernan,	Murphy,	Swartz,
Campbell, T.,	Herman,	Myers,	Thomas,
Christman,	Hess,	Nieder,	Trach,
Cox,	Heyburn,	Palmer,	Walton,
Cummins,	Hibshman,	Perry,	Weir,
Dodds,	Hubler,	Pickering.	Whitaker,
Drinkhouse,	Jack,	Powell.	Whitten,
Dunn,	Jones, W. W.,	Ramsey,	Wildman,
Eby,	Klinger,	Reynolds,	Willard,
Ehrhardt,	Kunkle,	Rininger,	Wobensmith,
Eppley,	Lafferty,	Robertson,	Young,
Fackler,			

NAYS—45.

Albee,	Lauler,	Nissley,	Staving,
Arnold,	Leighner,	Oaks,	Steedle,
Brosius,	Love,	Ostrander,	Swan,
Campbell, J. O,	Luppert,	Phillips,	Taylor,
Cromer,	Lynch,	Reel,	Twibill,
Davis,	Marvin,	Rich,	Watson,
Evans,	McKay,	Rothenberger,	Weaver,
Finnerty,	Mearkle,	Sampsel,	Wettach,
Fruit,	Metzenbacher,	Smith, L.,	Williams,
Gompers,	Milliron,	Spencer,	Wood,
Horton,	Murdoch,	Statler,	Wylie,
Kaiser,			

Less than the majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the negative and the bill falls.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 770 as follows:

An Act relative to the burial of the bodies of certain indigent deceased widows at the county expense

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the county commissioners may cause to be buried the body of the widow of any person who served in the army and navy of the United States in any war in which the United States was engaged which widow shall hereafter die in their county leaving insufficent means to defray her necessary burial expenses The expense to the county for any such burial shall not exceed the sum of fifty dollars

Section 2 The persons now appointed by the county commissioners to assume charge of the burial of the bodies of

indigent deceased soldiers and sailors shall report the names of any such widows dying within the county to the county commissioners together with such other facts as the commissioners may require and upon order of the commissioners shall assume charge of the burial of the body of any such widow and the necessary expenses incident thereto Such burial may be made in any cemetery in the State except a cemetery used exclusively for the burial of pauper dead

Section 3 The county commissioners shall cause to be entered in a suitable book the names of all such indigent widows whose burial expenses the county has assumed together with such other facts as are contained in the report required by section two

Section 4 The county commissioners may draw their warrant upon the county treasurer in favor of the persons whose duty it is to bury the body of any such indigent deceased widow for the payment of the expenses necessarily incurred in such burial not exceeding the said sum of fifty dollars for each body so buried

Section 5 All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with this act are repealed

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—161.

Adams,	Fretz,	Luxemburger,	Sarig,
Albee,	Fruit,	Lynch,	Shaaber,
Alcorn,	Gallagher,	Mangan,	Shoop,
Alexander,	Gans,	Marvin,	Showalter,
Arnold,	Gingery,	Mather,	Smith, J. W.,
Aron,	Glass,	Maurer,	Smith, Jeff. W.,
Arthur,	Gompers,	McArdle,	Smith, L.,
Baker,	Goodnough,	McCaig,	Snyder,
Baldwin,	Goodwin,	McClintock,	Sones,
Bauerle,	Goodyear,	McClure,	Spangler,
Beck,	Gormley,	McConnell,	Spencer,
Becker,	Graham,	McCurdy.	Statler,
Benn,	Gransback,	McDermott,	Staving,
Benninger,	Greenwood,	McKay,	Steedle,
Bergy,	Hamilton,	McVicar,	Stern,
Beyer,	Harper,	Mearkle,	Stone,
Blackburn,	Heffernan,	Metzenbacher,	Swan,
Body,	Herman,	Milliron,	Swartz,
Brosius,	Hess,	Murphy,	Taylor,
Brumbaugh,	Heyburn,	Myers,	Thomas,
Campbell, J. O.,	Hibshman,	Neville,	Trach,
Campbell, T.,	Hollingsworth,	Nieder,	Twibill,
Christman,	Horton,	Nissley,	Wagner,
Coldsmith,	Hubler,	Oaks,	Walton,
Corbin,	Jack,	Ostrander,	Watson,
Cox,	Jones, W. W.,	Palmer,	Weaver,
Cromer,	Kaiser,	Perry,	Weir,
Cummins,	Kitts,	Phillips,	Wettach,
Curry,	Klinger,	Pickering,	Whitaker,
Davis,	Kunkle,	Powell,	Whitten,
Diefenderfer,	Lafferty,	Ramsey,	Wildman,
Dodds,	Landis,	Reel,	Willard,
Drinkhouse,	Lanius,	Rich,	Williams,
Dunn,	Lauer,	Rininger,	Wilson, H. I.,
Eby,	Lauler,	Robertson,	Wilson, W. H.,
Ehrhardt,	Leighner,	Roney,	Wobensmith,
Eppley,	Lindsey,	Rothenberger,	Wood,
Erdman,	Lipschutz,	Rowell,	Wylie,
Evans,	Love,	Rudisill,	Wynne,
Fackler,	Luppert,	Sampsel,	Young,
Finnerty,			
Forster,			

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 785 entitled

An Act authorizing the Board of Public Charities to appoint two additional assistant general agents and prescribing their duties

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—113.

Albee,	Finnerty,	Lauer,	Scott,
Alcorn,	Forster,	Lauler,	Shaaber,
Alexander,	Fretz,	Leighner,	Shoop,
Arnold,	Fruit,	Lindsey,	Snyder,
Aron,	Gans,	Lipschutz,	Spangler,
Arthur,	Geary,	Luxemburger,	Statler,
Baldwin,	Glass,	Lynch,	Staving,
Bauerle,	Goodnough,	Mangan,	Steedle,
Beck,	Goodyear,	McArdle,	Stern,
Becker,	Gormley,	McCaig,	Stone,
Beyer,	Graham,	McDermott,	Swan,
Blackburn,	Gransback,	Mearkle,	Swartz,
Bod	Greenwood,	Milliron,	Thomas,
Brosius,	Harper,	Murdoch,	Twibill,
Brumbaugh,	Heffernan,	Murphy,	Wagner,
Bungard,	Hess,	Myers,	Walton,
Campbell, J. O.,	Heyburn,	Nieder,	Watson,
Campbell, T.,	Hibshman,	Nissley,	Weir,
Christman,	Hollingsworth,	Ostrander,	Wettach,
Corbin,	Horton,	Palmer,	Whitaker,
Cox,	Hubler,	Perry,	Whitten,
Cummins,	Jack,	Peters,	Wildman,
Davis,	Jones, W. W.,	Phillips,	Willard,
Dodds,	Kaiser,	Pickering,	Wilson, W. H.,
Drinkhouse,	Kitts,	Powell,	Wobensmith,
Dunn,	Klinger,	Ramsey,	Wood,
Eby,	Kunkle,	Robertson,	Wylie,
Ehrhardt,	Lafferty,	Roney,	Wynne,
Evans,	Landis,		Young,
Fackler,			

NAYS—31.

Baker,	Gompers,	McCurdy,	Smith, J. W.,
Benninger,	Hamilton,	McKay,	Smith, L.,
Bergy,	Herman,	Mellott,	Sones,
Brownlee,	Lanius,	Metzenbacher,	Spencer,
Cromer,	Luppert,	Reel,	Trach,
Eppley,	Marvin,	Rothenberger,	Weaver,
Erdman,	Mather,	Rudisill,	Williams,
Gingery,	McConnell,	Sarig,	

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

SENATE MESSAGE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced presented to the House extracts from the Journal of the Senate which were laid upon the table.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 533 (Senate Bill No. 79) entitled

An Act prohibiting any member or employe of any bureau or department having charge of police and fire protection of any cities of the first class from taking any active part in politics political movements or elections from canvassing election precints or from interfering with elections or from using his office to influence politics, political movements or elections, and providing penalties for violation thereof

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—123.

Albee,	Erdman,	Lafferty,	Robertson,
Alcorn,	Evans,	Landis,	Roney,
Alexander,	Fackler,	Lauer,	Rudisill,
Aron,	Finnerty,	Lindsey,	Sampsel,
Arthur,	Forster,	Love,	Scott,
Baker,	Fretz,	Luxemburger,	Shaaber,
Baldwin,	Fruit,	Mangan,	Shoop,
Bauerle,	Gallagher,	Marvin,	Sinclair,
Beck,	Gans,	Mather,	Smith, L.,
Becker,	Garner,	McArdle,	Sones,
Benn,	Glass,	McCaig,	Spangler,
Bergy,	Goodnough,	McClintock,	Steedle,
Beyer,	Goodwin,	McClure,	Stern,
Blackburn,	Gormley,	McCurdy,	Stone,
Body,	Graham,	McDermott,	Swan,
Brosius,	Gransback,	Mearkle,	Swartz,
Brumbaugh,	Greenwood,	Milliron,	Thomas,
Campbell, T.,	Hamilton,	Murphy,	Twibill,
Christman,	Harper,	Myers,	Walton,
Coldsmith,	Heffernan,	Nieder,	Weir,
Corbin,	Herman,	Nissley,	Wettach,
Cox,	Hess,	Oaks,	Whitaker,
Cummins,	Heyburn,	Ostrander,	Wildman,
Curry,	Hibshman,	Palmer,	Willard,
Davis,	Horton,	Perry,	Williams,
Diefenderfer,			

Dodds,	Hubler,	Phillips,	Wilson, H. I.,
Drinkhouse,	Jack,	Pickering,	Wilson, W. H.,
Dunn,	Jones, W. W.,	Powell,	Wobensmith,
Eby,	Kitts,	Ramsey,	Wood,
Ehrhardt,	Klinger,	Reel,	Wynne,
Eppley,	Kunkle,	Rininger,	Young,

NAYS—23.

Arnold,	Lanius,	Metzenbacher,	Staving,
Benninger,	Lauler,	Murdoch,	Trach,
Cromer,	Leighner,	Rothenberger,	Wagner,
Gingery,	Luppert,	Sarig,	Whitten,
Gompers,	Maurer,	Smith, J. W.,	Wylie,
Kaiser,	McVicar,	Spencer,	

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with the information that the House has passed it without amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 550 as follows:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-third day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-three entitled "An Act to authorize the election of a chief burgess for three years in the several boroughs of this Commonwealth who shall not be eligible to the office for the next succeeding term and providing that such officer shall not be a member of the town council giving him the power to veto ordinances providing for the election of a presiding officer of councils and abolishing the office of assistant burgess"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section three of an act approved the twenty-third day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-three entitled "An Act to authorize the election of a chief burgess for three years in the several boroughs of this Commonwealth who shall not be eligible to the office for the next succeeding term and providing that such officer shall not be a member of the town council giving him the power to veto ordinances providing for the election of a presiding officer of councils and abolishing the office of assistant burgess" which reads as follows

"Section 3 Every ordinance and resolution which shall be passed by said council shall be presented to the chief burgess of such borough if he approve he shall sign it but if he shall not approve he shall return it with his objections to said council at the next regular meeting thereof when said objection shall be entered at large in the minute book and said council shall proceed to a reconsideration of such ordinance or resolution If after such reconsideration two-thirds of all the members elected to said council shall vote to pass such ordinance or resolution it shall become and be of as full force and effect as if said chief burgess had signed it but in such cases the votes of the members of council shall be determined by the ayes and nays and the names of the members voting shall be entered on the minutes of said council Provided That when the number of councilmen is less than nine a majority of council and one vote more shall be required to pass an ordinance over the veto If such ordinance or resolution shall not be returned by the chief burgess at the next regular meeting of the said council after the same shall have been presented to him the same shall likewise become and be in as full force and effect as he had signed it Provided That before any ordinance shall come into force and effect as aforesaid the same shall be recorded in the borough ordinance book with the certificate of the secretary and be advertised as heretofore required by law" be amended so as to read as follows

Section 3 Every ordinance and every resolution motion by-law or rule of a legislative character which shall be passed by said council shall be presented to the chief burgess of such borough and if he approve he shall sign it but if he shall not approve he shall return it with his objections to said council at the next regular meeting thereof when said objections shall be entered at large in the minute book and said council shall proceed to a reconsideration of such ordinance resolution or motion If after such reconsideration two-thirds of all the members elected to said council shall vote to pass such ordinance resolution or motion it shall become and be of as full force and effect as if said chief burgess had signed it but in such cases the votes of the members of council shall be determined by the ayes and nays and the names of the members voting shall be entered on the minutes of said council Provided That when the number of councilmen is less than nine a majority of council and one vote more shall be required to pass an ordinance over the veto If such ordinance resolution or motion shall not be returned by the chief burgess at the next regular meeting of the council after the same shall have been presented to him the same shall likewise become and be in as full force and effect as if he had signed it Provided That before any ordinance shall come into force and effect as aforesaid the same shall be recorded in the borough ordinance book with the certificate of the secretary and be advertised as heretofore required by law

Acts of the council temporary and ministerial in character and which relate only to the orderly transaction of the internal current business of the council shall not be submitted to the burgess for approval

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—159.

Albee,	Fretz,	Love,	Sampsel,
Alcorn,	Fruit,	Luppert,	Scott,
Alexander,	Gallagher,	Luxemburger,	Shaaber,
Arnold,	Gans,	Lynch,	Shoop,
Aron,	Garner,	Mangan,	Showalter,
Arthur,	Geary,	Marvin,	Sinclair,
Baker,	Gingery,	Mather,	Smith, J. W.,
Baldwin,	Glass,	McArdle,	Smith, Jeff. W.,
Bauerle,	Gompers,	McCaig,	Smith, L.,
Beck,	Goodnough,	McClintock,	Snyder,
Becker,	Goodwin,	McClure,	Sones,
Benn,	Goodyear,	McConnell,	Spangler,
Benninger,	Gormley,	McCurdy,	Spencer,
Bergy,	Graham,	McDermott,	Statler,
Beyer,	Gransback,	McKay,	Staving,
Blackburn,	Greenwood,	McVicar,	Steedle,
Body,	Hackett,	Mearkle,	Stern,
Brosius,	Hamilton,	Metzenbacher,	Stone,
Brumbaugh,	Harper,	Milliron,	Swan,
Campbell, J. G	Heffernan,	Murphy,	Swartz,
Campbell, T.,	Herman,	Myers,	Taylor,
Christman,	Hess,	Neville,	Thomas,
Coldsmith,	Heyburn,	Nieder,	Trach,
Corbin,	Hibshman,	Oaks,	Wagner,
Cox,	Hollingsworth	Ostrander,	Watson,
Cromer,	Horton,	Palmer,	Weaver,
Cummins,	Howarth,	Perry,	Weir,
Curry,	Hubler,	Phillips,	Wettach,
Davis,	Jack,	Pickering,	Whitten,
Diefenderfer,	Jones, W. W.,	Powell,	Wildman,
Dodds,	Kaiser,	Ramsey,	Willard,
Drinkhouse,	Kitts,	Reel,	Williams,
Dunn,	Klinger,	Reynolds,	Wilson, H. I.,
Eby,	Kunkle,	Rich,	Wilson, W. H.,
Ehrhardt,	Lafferty,	Rininger,	Wobensmith,
Eppley,	Landis,	Robertson,	Wood,
Erdman,	Lanius,	Roney,	Wylie,
Evans,	Lauer,	Rowell,	Wynne,
Fackler,	Leighner,	Rudisill,	Young,
Finnerty,	Lindsey,		
Forster,	Lipschutz,		

NAYS—5.

Nissley,	Sarig,	Twibill,	Whitaker,
Rothenberger,			

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 674 (Senate Bill No. 162), entitled:

An Act providing for the establishment regulation and maintenance by the Board of Game Commissioners of State game preserves on the forestry reservations and elsewhere and providing penalties for violation of this act

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. BROSIUS. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to offer amendments at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The Clerk then read the amendments as follows:

Section 2, line 4, after the word "the" strike out the word "or"

Section 3, line 3, after the word "Forestry strike out the word "therefore"

Section 12, line 9, after the word "has" insert the word "wilfully"

Section 12, line 10, after the word "not" strike out the word "wilfully"

Section 12, line 29, after the word judge erase the word "thereon" and insert the word "thereof"

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to insert the amendments as read? Is there any objection? The Chair hears none and the amendments will be inserted in accordance with the instructions of the House.

The bill as amended was then agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended lie over for printing.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 747, entitled:

An Act amending the first section of an act approved the twenty-fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled "An Act authorizing the Board of Public Charities to appoint two assistant general agents and prescribing their duties

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. NISSLEY. Mr. Speaker, I would like to interrogate the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Reynolds.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Philadelphia permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. REYNOLDS. Mr. Speaker, I will.

Mr. NISSLEY. Mr. Speaker, I desire to inquire from the sponsor of this bill whether the provisions of this bill have any relation to the bill which was passed on third reading a few minutes ago, the Cox bill, which provides for the employment of two inspectors?

Mr. REYNOLDS. Absolutely none, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. NISSLEY. Mr. Speaker, then it seems to me as though these two acts were on the same subject, and we ought to know whether they are conflicting. I want to say frankly to the House, that I have not had time to examine the bill but it occurred to me just as the title was read that we just passed a bill, as I recall, providing for the appointment of two inspectors to visit prisons, et cetera, and providing for their payment. Now, here is a bill which provides for something similiar. We ought to be careful not to pass any legislation on the same subject which would conflict. The other bill, Mr. Speaker, provided for the appointment of two men.

Mr. REYNOLDS. Mr. Speaker, I have endeavored to answer the gentleman's interrogatory, but he does not seem to understand my answer. The gentleman wants to know if a bill passed by you some fifteen or twenty minutes ago conflicts with the bill that is now before you for your consideration, and I have answered that it does not. While this bill, and the preceding bill of Mr. Cox of Philadelphia, are bills applying to the same department, the bill of Mr. Cox created two offices in that department, and provided for the payment of two additional men. That was absolutely necessary and has met with the approval of all our authorities. Now, in addition to that, additional work has been imposed upon two others of their men who are now employed there as agents and inspectors. You will realize from the very small force of men of the Department of Charities and the entire State of Pennsylvania to be covered by that force it was really necessary to have four additional men, but instead of that it was conceded by all of the authorities in power that the two men remaining there should have their salaries increased to the amount specified in my act in order that there might not be any additional positions created, and in order that those agents who are now men of experience, could travel throughout the State and visit the various State institutions. They are doing an excellent work. There has been, during all of the years of the Department, not one word of criticism, but on the other hand words of commendation for the work they are doing because of their force being so small, and that is the reason of this act. It does not conflict with the act of Mr. Cox and has nothing to do with it insofar as you are concerned. I hope you will vote for the measure.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—109.

Albee,	Fruit,	Luxemburger,	Roney,
Alcorn,	Gans,	Mangan,	Rowell,
Arnold,	Geary,	Maurer,	Sampsel,
Aron,	Fretz,	McArdle,	Scott,
Arthur,	Glass,	McCaig,	Shaaber,
Baldwin,	Goodnough,	McClintock,	Shoop,
Bauerle,	Goodwin,	McConnell,	Smith, Jeff. W.,
Beck,	Goodyear,	McDermott,	Spangler,
Becker,	Graham,	McVicar,	Statler,
Benn,	Gransback,	Mearkle,	Steedle,
Bergy,	Harper,	Murdoch,	Stern,
Beyer,	Heffernan,	Murphy,	Swartz,
Blackburn,	Hess,	Myers,	Thomas,
Brosius,	Heyburn,	Nieder,	Twibill,
Campbell, J. O.,	Hibshman,	Nissley,	Walton,
Campbell, T.,	Hollingsworth,	Oaks,	Weir,
Cox,	Horton,	Ostrander,	Wettach,
Cummins,	Hubler,	Palmer,	Whitaker,
Curry,	Jones, E. E.,	Perry,	Whitten,
Davis,	Jones, W. W.,	Peters,	Wildman,
Diefenderfer,	Klinger,	Phillips,	Willard,
Drinkhouse,	Lafferty,	Pickering,	Wilson, H. I.,
Dunn,	Landis,	Powell,	Wilson, W. H.,
Eby,	Lauer,	Ramsey,	Wobensmith,
Ehrhardt,	Lauler,	Reynolds,	Wood,
Evans,	Lindsey,	Rininger,	Wynne,
Fackler,	Lipschutz,	Robertson,	Young,
Forster,	Love,		

NAYS—32.

Baker,	Finnerty,	Marvin,	Sones,
Barnett,	Gingery,	McCurdy,	Spencer,
Benninger,	Gompers,	Reel,	Statler,
Brumbaugh,	Gormley,	Rothenberger,	Staving,
Christman,	Jack,	Rudisill,	Swan,
Coldsmith,	Kaiser,	Sarig,	Trach,
Corbin,	Lanius,	Smith, J. W.,	Williams,
Cromer,	Lynch,	Smith, L.,	Wylie,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 696 (Senate Bill No. 181), entitled:

An Act authorizing and empowering municipalities to construct and for this purpose to procure locations thereof by purchase or condemnation proceedings in fee simple as herein provided or to acquire by lease or purchase and to maintain and operate underground street passenger railways or subways whether the same be wholly within or partly within and partly without the limits of the municipality and also street passenger railways or elevated railways connecting therewith or exchanging passengers with said underground street railway and to lease the underground street railway and any surface or elevated street railway connecting therewith to corporations or individuals with the right in the municipalities to charge an additional sum for each passenger using the subway to meet the interest and sinking fund charges on the cost of the subway and conferring upon said municipalities all the rights and powers conferred upon corporations under which the act of June seventh one thousand nine hundred and one entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and government of passenger railways either elevated or underground or partly elevated or partly underground with surface rights (Pamphlet Laws five hundred and twenty-three) and supplements and amendments thereto

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—167.

Albee,	Gans,	Lynch,	Sarig,
Alcorn,	Garner,	Mangan,	Scott,
Alexander,	Geary,	Marvin,	Shaaber,
Arnold,	Gingery,	Mather,	Shoop,
Aron,	Glass,	Maurer,	Showalter,
Arthur,	Gompers,	McArdle,	Smith, J. W.,
Baker,	Goodnough,	McCaig,	Smith, Jeff. W.,
Baldwin,	Goodwin,	McClintock,	Smith, L.,
Bauerle,	Goodyear,	McClure,	Snyder,
Beck,	Gormley,	McConnell,	Sones,
Becker,	Graham,	McCurdy,	Spangler,
Benn,	Gransback,	McDermott,	Spencer,
Bergy,	Greenwood,	McKay,	Statler,
Beyer,	Hackett,	McVicar,	Staving,
Blackburn,	Hamilton,	Mearkle,	Steedle,
Body,	Harper,	Metzenbacher,	Stern,
Brosius,	Heffernan,	Milliron,	Stone,
Brumbaugh,	Herman,	Murdoch,	Swan,
Campbell, J. O.,	Hess,	Murphy,	Swartz,
Campbell, T.,	Heyburn,	Myers,	Taylor,
Christman,	Hibshman,	Neville,	Thomas,
Coldsmith,	Hollingsworth,	Nieder,	Trach,
Corbin,	Horton,	Nissley,	Twibill,
Cox,	Howarth,	Oaks,	Wagner,
Cromer,	Hubler,	Ostrander,	Walton,
Cummins,	Jack,	Palmer,	Watson,
Curry,	Jones, E. E.,	Perry,	Weaver,
Davis,	Jones, W. W.,	Peters,	Weir,
Diefenderfer,	Kaiser,	Phillips,	West,
Dodds,	Kitts,	Pickering,	Wettach,
Drinkhouse,	Klinger,	Powell,	Whitaker,
Dunn,	Kuhn,	Ramsey,	Whitten,
Eby,	Kunkle,	Reel,	Wildman,
Ehrhardt,	Lafferty,	Reynolds,	Willard,
Eppley,	Landis,	Rich,	Williams,
Erdman,	Lanius,	Rininger,	Wilson, H. I.,
Evans,	Lauer,	Robertson,	Wilson, W. H.,
Fackler,			

Finnerty,	Lauler,	Roney,	Wobensmith,
Forster,	Leighner,	Rothenberger,	Wood,
Fretz,	Lipschutz,	Rowell,	Wylie,
Fruit,	Luppert,	Rudisill,	Wynne,
Gallagher,	Luxemburger,	Sampsel,	Young,

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed it with amendments in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 481, as follows:

An Act to repeal an act approved the fifteenth day of June one thousand eight hundred seventy-one entitled "An Act relating to the assessment of damage for the appropriation of land for public use"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the act approved the fifteenth day of June one thousand eight hundred seventy-one entitled "An Act relating to the assessment of damage for the appropriation of land for public use" is hereby repealed

BILL POSTPONED.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. COX. Mr. Speaker, on account of the absence of the sponsor of this bill I move you, sir, that this bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. RONEY. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 416, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the eighth day of May one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act regulating the appointment confirmation duties salary and expenses of county detectives in counties containing not less than three hundred thousand nor more than seven hundred thousand inhabitants" by extending its provisions to counties having a population of two hundred thousand inhabitants but not more than seven hundred thousand inhabitants and by repealing section three of the act

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. POWELL. Mr. Speaker, I move you that House Bill No. 416, File Folio 2193, the bill just read, be postponed for the present.

Mr. GINGERY. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 814 (Senate Bill No. 215), entitled:

An Act vesting in county commissioners certain powers relative to public monuments

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—164.

Albee,	Fruit,	Lynch,	Sarig,
Alcorn,	Gans,	Mangan,	Scott,
Alexander,	Garner,	Marvin,	Shaaber,
Arnold,	Geary,	Mather,	Shoop,
Aron,	Gingery,	Maurer,	Showalter,
Arthur,	Glenn,	McArdle,	Smith, J. W.,
Baker,	Gompers,	McCaig,	Smith, Jeff. W.,
Baldwin,	Goodnough,	McClintock,	Snyder,
Bauerle,	Goodwin,	McClure,	Sones,
Beck,	Goodyear,	McConnell,	Spangler,
Becker,	Gormley,	McCurdy,	Spencer,
Benn,	Graham,	McDermott,	Statler,
Benninger,	Gransback,	McKay,	Staving,
Bergy,	Greenwood,	McVicar,	Steedle,
Beyer,	Hackett,	Mearkle,	Stern,
Blackburn,	Hamilton,	Mellott,	Stone,
Body,	Harper,	Metzenbacher,	Swan,
Brosius,	Heffernan,	Milliron,	Swartz,
Brumbaugh,	Herman,	Murdoch,	Taylor,
Bungard,	Hess,	Murphy,	Thomas,
Campbell, J. O.,	Heyburn,	Myers,	Trach,
Campbell, T.,	Hibshman,	Neville,	Twibill,
Christman,	Hollingsworth,	Nieder,	Wagner,
Coldsmith,	Horton,	Nissley,	Walton,
Corbin,	Howarth,	Oaks,	Weaver,
Cox,	Hubler,	Ostrander,	Weimer,
Cromer,	Jack,	Palmer,	Weir,
Cummins,	Jones, E. E.,	Perry,	Wettach,
Curry,	Jones, W. W.,	Peters,	Whitaker,
Davis,	Kaiser,	Pickering,	Whitten,
Dodds,	Kitts,	Powell.	Wildman,
Drinkhouse,	Klinger,	Ramsey,	Willard,
Dunn,	Lanius,	Reel,	Williams,
Eby,	Lauer,	Reynolds,	Wilson, H. I.,
Ehrhardt,	Lauler,	Rich,	Wilson, W. H.,
Erdman,	Leighner,	Rininger,	Wobensmith,
Evans,	Lindsey,	Robertson,	Wood,
Fackler,	Lipschutz,	Roney,	Wylie,
Finnerty,	Love,	Rowell,	Wynne,
Forster,	Luppert,	Rudisill,	Young,
Fretz,	Luxemburger,	Sampsel,	

NAYS—1.

Eppley,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed it without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 665, as follows:

A Joint Resolution directing the publication of the pamphlet containing the Game Fish and Forestry Laws

Whereas By reason of the great demand by the people of this Commonwealth for the pamphlet containing the Game the Fish and the Forestry Laws of this Commonwealth the many proposed changes of the same and additions thereto and that the people of the State be given the opportunity to become acquainted with these laws as quickly as possible after their enactment therefore

Section 1 Be it resolved (if the Senate concur) That the Secretary of the Board of Game Commissioners of this Commonwealth be and is hereby directed to prepare the data and as soon as possible after the close of this session present the same to the Superintendent of Public Printing who shall at the expense of the State have published in pamphlet form one hundred thousand (100,000) copies of said laws together with such letter of instruction or explanation by those entrusted with the care of our game our forests and our fish as may seem necessary these pamphlets to be placed by the Division of Distribution of Document in numbers as provided by law

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—167.

Albee,	Garner,	Marvin,	Scott,
Alcorn,	Geary,	Mather,	Shaaber,
Alexander,	Gingery,	Maurer,	Shoop,
Arnold,	Glass,	McArdle,	Showalter,
Aron,	Gompers,	McCaig,	Sinclair,
Arthur,	Goodnough,	McClintock,	Smith, J. W.,
Baker,	Goodwin,	McClure,	Smith, Jeff. W.,
Baldwin,	Goodyear,	McConnell,	Smith, L.
Barnett,	Gormley,	McCurdy,	Snyder,
Bauerle,	Graham,	McDermott,	Sones,
Beck,	Gransback,	McKay,	Spangler,
Becker,	Greenwood,	McVicar,	Spencer,
Benn,	Hackett,	Mearkle,	Statler,
Bergy,	Hamilton,	Mellott,	Staving,
Beyer,	Harper,	Metzenbacher,	Steedle,
Blackburn,	Heffernan,	Milliron,	Stern,
Body,	Herman,	Murdoch,	Stone,
Brosius,	Hess,	Murphy,	Swan,
Brumbaugh,	Heyburn,	Myers,	Swartz,
Bungard,	Hibshman,	Nieder,	Taylor,
Campbell, J. O.,	Hollingsworth,	Nissley,	Thomas,
Campbell, T.,	Horton,	Oaks,	Trach,
Christman,	Howarth,	Ostrander,	Twibill,
Coldsmith,			

Cox,	Hubler,	Palmer,	Wagner,
Cromer,	Jack,	Perry,	Walton,
Cummins,	Jones, E. E.,	Peters,	Watson,
Curry,	Jones, W. W.,	Phillips,	Weaver,
Davis,	Kaiser,	Pickering,	Weir,
Diefenderfer,	Kitts,	Powell,	Wettach,
Drinkhouse,	Klinger,	Ramsey,	Whitaker,
Dunn,	Kunkle,	Reel,	Whitten,
Eby,	Lafferty,	Reynolds,	Wildman,
Ehrhardt,	Lanius,	Rich,	Willard,
Eppley,	Lauer,	Rininger,	Williams,
Erdman,	Lauler,	Robertson,	Wilson, H. I.,
Evans,	Leighner,	Roney,	Wilson, W. H.,
Fackler,	Lindsey,	Rothenberger,	Wobensmith,
Forster,	Lipschutz,	Rowell,	Wood,
Fretz,	Love,	Rudisill,	Wylie,
Fruit,	Luxemburger,	Sampsel,	Wynne,
Gallagher,	Lynch,	Sarig,	Young,
Gans,	Mangan,		

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affrmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 378, entitled:

An Act empowering cities of the second class to levy and collect for general revenue purposes license taxes or fees upon railroad switches turn-outs tracks and sidings upon the public streets ways alleys wharves and properties of said cities

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—164.

Albee,	Gans,	Luxemburger,	Sampsel,
Alcorn,	Garner,	Lynch,	Sarig,
Alexander,	Geary,	Mangan,	Scott,
Arnold,	Gingery,	Marvin,	Shaaber,
Aron,	Glass,	Mather,	Shoop,
Arthur,	Gompers,	Maurer,	Showalter,
Baker,	Goodnough,	McArdle,	Sinclair,
Baldwin,	Goodwin,	McCaig,	Smith, J. W.,
Bauerle,	Goodyear,	McClintock,	Smith, Jeff. W.,
Beck,	Gormley,	McClure,	Smith, L.,
Becker,	Graham,	McConnell,	Snyder,
Benn,	Gransback,	McCurdy,	Sones,
Bergy,	Greenwood,	McDermott,	Spangler,
Beyer,	Hackett,	McKay,	Spencer,
Blackburn,	Hamilton,	McVicar,	Statler,
Body,	Harper,	Metzenbacher,	Staving,
Brosius,	Heffernan,	Milliron,	Steedle,
Brumbaugh,	Herman,	Murdoch,	Stern,
Campbell, T.,	Hess,	Murphy,	Stone,
Christman,	Heyburn,	Myers,	Swan,
Coldsmith,	Hibshman,	Neville,	Swartz,
Corbin,	Hollingsworth,	Nieder,	Taylor,
Cox,	Horton,	Nissley,	Thomas,
Cromer,	Howarth,	Oaks,	Trach,
Cummins,	Hubler,	Ostrander,	Wagner,
Curry,	Jack,	Palmer,	Walton,
Davis,	Jones, E. E.,	Perry,	Watson,
Diefenderfer,	Jones, W. W.,	Peters,	Weir,
Dodds,	Kaiser,	Phillips,	Wettach,
Drinkhouse,	Kitts,	Pickering,	Whitaker,
Dunn,	Klinger,	Powell,	Whitten,
Eby,	Kunkle,	Ramsey,	Wildman,
Ehrhardt,	Lafferty,	Reel,	Willard,
Eppley,	Lanius,	Reynolds,	Williams,
Erdman,	Lauer,	Rich,	Wilson, H. I.,
Evans,	Lauler,	Rininger,	Wilson, W. H.,
Fackler,	Leighner,	Robertson,	Wobensmith,
Finnerty,	Lindsey,	Roney,	Wood,
Forster,	Lipschutz,	Rothenberger,	Wylie,
Fretz,	Love,	Rowell,	Wynne,
Fruit,	Luppert,	Rudisill,	Young,

NAYS—3.

Campbell, J. O.,	Twibill,	Weaver,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 326, entitled:

An Act amending sections one three five and six of an act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An act for the government of cities of the second class' approved the seventh day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred one providing for the levy collection and disbursements of taxes and water rents or rates and conferring certain powers and duties in reference thereto upon the city treasurer the board of water assessors and the collector of delinquent taxes and repealing certain acts relating to matters herein provided for" approved May twelfth one thousand nine hundred eleven as amended by an amendment to the first paragraph of the third section of said act approved May thirty-one one thousand nine hundred thirteen Pamphlet Laws three hundred ninety changing the time of the collection of taxes and water rents and the duties of the board of water assessors and city treasurer and collector of delinquent taxes in reference thereto and the time for the levy and assessment thereof

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. MEARKLE. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to insert an amendment at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk for information.

The Clerk then read the amendment as follows:

Amend house bill 326, page, eleven, line 347, by inserting after the words in Said Cities, "one of which may be a newspaper printed in the German language."

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to insert the amendment? Is there any objection? The Chair hears none, and the amendment will be inserted in accordance with the instructions of the House.

The bill as amended was agreed to on third reading.

Ordered, That the bill as amended lie over for printing.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 779, as follows:

An Act to amend the first section of an act entitled "An Act enabling the libellant in all proceedings for divorce on the ground of desertion to testify to the fact of desertion and to the efforts made by him or her to enduce the respondent to return and resume the marital relation" approved June eighth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred eleven by enabling the libellant to testify where the cause of divorce is personal abuse or conduct on the part of either the husband or wife as to render the condition of the other intolerable and life burdensome or when the husband shall have by cruel and barbarous treatment endangered his wife's life or offered such indignities to her person as to render her condition intolerable and life burdensome

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section one of an act entitled "An Act enabling the libellant in all proceedings for divorce on the ground of desertion to testify to the fact of desertion and to the efforts made by him or her to induce the respondent to return and resume the marital relation" approved the eighth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven which read as follows

"Section 1 That in all proceedings for divorce on the ground of desertion the libellant shall be fully competent to prove the fact of desertion and the efforts if any made by him or her to induce the respondent to return and resume the marital relation though the respondent may not have been personally served with the subjoena or with a rule to take depositions and may not be residing within this Commonwealth but has been served by publication only" be so amended as to read

Section 1 That in all proceedings for divorce on the ground of wilful and malicious desertion on the part of either the husband or wife and absence from the habitation of the other without reasonable cause for and during the term and space of two years or for the cause of personal abuse or for such conduct on the part of either the husband or wife as to render the condition of the other to be intolerable and life burdensome or when any husband shall have by cruel and barbarous treatment endangered his wife's life or offered such indignities to her person as to render her condition intolerable and life burdensome the libellant shall be fully competent to prove the fact of desertion and the effort if any made by him or her to induce the respondent to return and assume the marital relation and the personal abuse or conduct on the part of either the husband or wife as to render the condition of the other to be intolerable and life burdensome or the cruel and barbarous treatment endangering the wife's life or the indignities to her person to render her condition intolerable and life burdensome though the respondent may not have been personally served with a rule to take depositions and may not be residing within the Commonwealth but has been served by publication only

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—166.

Albee,	Gallagher,	Love,	Sampsel,
Alcorn,	Gans,	Luppert,	Sarig,
Alexander,	Garner,	Luxemburger,	Schaeffer,
Arnold,	Geary,	Lynch,	Shaaber,
Aron,	Gingery,	Mangan,	Shoop,
Baker,	Glass,	Marvin,	Showalter,
Baldwin,	Glenn,	Mather,	Sinclair,
Barnett,	Gompers,	Maurer,	Smith, J. W.,
Bauerle,	Goodnough,	McArdle,	Smith, L.,
Beck,	Goodwin,	McCaig,	Snyder,
Becker,	Goodyear,	McClintock,	Sones,
Benn,	Gormley,	McClure,	Spangler,
Benninger,	Graham,	McConnell,	Spencer,
Bergy,	Gransback,	McCurdy,	Statler,
Beyer,	Greenwood,	McDermott,	Staving,
Blackburn,	Hackett,	McKay,	Steedle,
Body,	Hamilton,	McVicar,	Stern,
Brosius,	Harper,	Mearkle,	Stone,
Brumbaugh,	Heffernan,	Metzenbacher,	Swan,
Campbell, J. O.,	Herman,	Milliron,	Swartz,
Campbell, T.,	Hess,	Murphy,	Taylor,
Christman,	Heyburn,	Myers,	Thomas,
Coldsmith,	Hibshman,	Neville,	Trach,
Corbin,	Hollingsworth,	Nieder,	Twibill,
Cox,	Horton,	Nissley,	Wagner,
Cromer,	Hubler,	Oaks,	Walton,
Cummins,	Jack,	Ostrander,	Watson,
Curry,	Jones, E. E.,	Palmer,	Weir,
Davis,	Jones, W. W.,	Perry,	Wettach,
Diefenderfer,	Kaiser,	Peters,	Whitaker,
Dodds,	Kitts,	Phillips,	Whitten,
Drinkhouse,	Klinger,	Pickering,	Wildman,
Dunn,	Kunkle,	Powell.	Willard,
Eby,	Lafferty,	Ramsey,	Williams,
Ehrhardt,	Landis,	Reel,	Wilson, H. I.,
Eppley,	Lanius,	Reynolds,	Wilson, W. H.,
Erdman,	Lauer,	Rich,	Wobensmith,
Evans,	Lauler,	Robertson,	Wood,
Fackler,	Leighner,	Roney,	Wylie,
Finnerty,	Lindsey,	Rowell,	Wynne,
Forster,	Lipschutz,	Rudisill,	Young,
Fretz,			
Fruit,			

NAYS—1.

Scott,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 748, as follows:

An Act to amend the third section of an act approved the nineteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act authorizing the release on probation of certain convicts instead of imposing sentences the appointment of probation and parole officers and the payment of their salaries and expenses regulating the manner of sentencing convicts in certain cases and providing for their release on parole their conviction of crime during parole of their rearrest and reconviction for breach of parole and extending the powers and duties of boards of prison inspectors of penitentiaries" so as to authorize the appointment of probation officers assistant probation officers and clerks

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section three of an act approved the nineteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act authorizing the release on probation of certain convicts instead of imposing sentences the appointment of probation and parole officers and the payment of their salaries and expenses and regulating the manner of sentencing convicts in certain cases and providfor their release on parole their conviction of crime during parole and their rearrest and reconviction for breach of parole and extending the powers and duties of boards of prison inspectors of penitentiaries" which reads as follows

"Section 3 Whenever or wherever the court may deem it necessary and desirable it may appoint a discreet person to serve as probation officer for the performance of such duties as the court shall direct The salary of such officer shall be determined by the court and this together with the necessary expenses incurred while in the actual performance of duty shall be paid by the county upon vouchers approved by the court and county commissioners In no case however shall a defendant be committed in the custody of a probation officer of the opposite sex" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 3 whenever or wherever the court may deem it necessary and desirable it may appoint one or more discreet persons to serve as probation officers for the performance of such duties as the court shall direct and as many assistant probation officers and as many clerks as it may deem necessary The salary of such officers assistants and clerks shall be determined by the court and this together with the necessary expenses incurred while in the actual performance of duty shall be paid by the county upon vouchers approved by the court In no case however shall a defendant be committed in the custody of a probation officer of the opposite sex

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—166.

Albee,	Fruit,	Lipschutz,	Sarig,
Alcorn,	Gallagher,	Love,	Schaeffer,
Alexander,	Gans,	Luppert,	Scott,
Arnold,	Garner,	Luxemburger,	Shaaber,
Aron,	Geary,	Lynch,	Shoop,
Arthur,	Gingery,	Mangan,	Showalter,
Baker,	Glass,	Marvin,	Sinclair,
Baldwin,	Gompers,	Mather,	Smith, J. W.,
Barnett,	Goodnough,	McArdle,	Smith, L.,
Bauerle,	Goodwin,	McCaig,	Snyder,
Beck,	Goodyear,	McClintock,	Sones,
Becker,	Gormley,	McConnell,	Spangler,
Benn,	Graham,	McCurdy,	Spencer,
Benninger,	Gransback,	McDermott,	Statler,
Beyer,	Greenwood,	McKay,	Staving,
Blackburn,	Hackett,	McVicar,	Steedle,
Body,	Hamilton,	Mearkle,	Stern,
Brosius,	Harper,	Metzenbacher,	Stone,
Brumbaugh,	Heffernan,	Milliron,	Swan,
Campbell, J. O.,	Herman,	Murphy,	Swartz,
Campbell, T.,	Hess,	Myers,	Taylor,
Christman,	Heyburn,	Neville,	Thomas,
Coldsmith,	Hibshman,	Nieder,	Trach,
Corbin,	Hollingsworth,	Nissley,	Twibill,
Cox,	Horton,	Ostrander,	Wagner,
Cromer,	Howarth,	Palmer,	Walton,
Cummins,	Hubler,	Perry,	Walsh,
Curry,	Jack,	Peters,	Weaver,
Davis,	Jones, E. E.,	Phillips,	Weir,
Diefenderfer,	Jones, W. W.,	Pickering,	Wettach,
Dodds,	Kaiser,	Powell.	Whitaker,
Drinkhouse,	Kitts,	Ramsey,	Whitten,
Dunn,	Klinger,	Reel,	Wildman,
Eby,	Kuhn,	Reynolds,	Willard,
Ehrhardt,	Kunkle,	Rich,	Williams,
Eppley,	Lafferty,	Rininger,	Wilson, H. I.,
Erdman,	Landis,	Robertson,	Wilson, W. H.,
Evans,	Lanius,	Roney,	Wobensmith,
Fackler,	Lauer,	Rothenberger,	Wood,
Finnerty,	Lauler,	Rowell,	Wylie,
Forster,	Leighner,	Rudisill,	Wynne,
Fretz,	Lindsey,	Sampsel,	Young,

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affrmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 516, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Board of Game Commissioners for the payment of salaries traveling expenses establishment maintenance and protection of game preserves feeding propagation and distribution of game leasing of land for game preserves and various incidental expenses

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. WOBENSMITH. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to offer an amendment at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The Clerk then read the amendment as follows:

Section 1, line 14, after the word "dollars" insert the words "per annum"

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to insert the amendment as read? Is there any objection?

The Chair hears none and the amendment will be inserted in accordance with the instructions of the House.

The bill as amended was then agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended lie over for printing.

SENATE MESSAGE.

HOUSE BILLS CONCURRED IN BY SENATE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, returned bills from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 280:

An Act prescribing certain duties for collectors of taxes in boroughs and townships and for county treasurers

House Bill No. 364:

An Act to assent to the provision of an act of Congress approved May eighth one thousand nine hundred and fourteen entitled "An Act to provide for Co-operative Agricultural Extension work between the agricultural colleges in the several states receiving the benefits of an act of Congress approved July second eighteen hundred and sixty-two and of acts suplementary thereto and the United States Department of Agriculture"

with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendment.

The SPEAKER. If there is no objection, we will take up bills on second reading at this time. The Chair hears no objection.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 434, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to refund to Henry S. Raichard of South Bethlehem Pennsylvania money erroneously paid into the State Treasury

The first section of the bill was read and agreed to as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of seventy-five dollars ($75.00) is hereby specifically appropriated to refund to Mister Henry S. Raichard special deputy game protector of South Bethlehem Pennsylvania being the amount of money erroneously paid into the State Treasury and being the one-half of certain penalties collected from violators of the game laws prosecuted by the said Henry S. Raichard and remitted by him to the Secretary of the Game Commission and being the amount which the said Henry S. Raichard through reversal of the conviction was compelled to pay personally

The second section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 2 No payment shall be made under the provisions of this act until due proof shall be furnished to the Auditor General or the correctness of the payment mentioned herein to have been so erroneously and inadvertently made

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. TRACH. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 2, line 3, by striking out the word "or" and inserting in lien thereof the word "of"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The title of the bill was then read and agreed to as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to refund to Henry S. Raichard of South Bethlehem Pennsylvania money erroneously paid into the State Treasury

and said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 383, entitled:

An Act providing for the organization discipline maintenance and regulation of the militia of the Commonwealth

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 437, entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to limit the duration upon real estate of the debts of decedents including the expenses of the settlement of the estate and to provide under what conditions the lien may be continued" approved the third day of May one thousand nine hundred and nine so as to restrict the revival of judgment liens by the death of the debtor to real estate still owned by said decedent at the date of his death

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

ADJOURNMENT.

Mr. MILLIRON. Mr. Speaker, I move that the House do now adjourn.

The motion was agreed to and at (6:10 P. M.) the House adjourned until tomorrow morning at ten o'clock.

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA.

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HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

WEDNESDAY, March 17th, 1915.

The House met at 10 o'clock A. M.

The SPEAKER (Charles A. Ambler) in the Chair.

PRAYER.

The Chaplain, Rev. F. W. Staley, offered the following prayer:

Almighty God, we thank Thee that we are living in a golden age of inherited privileges; back of these privileges are the lives of heroic men. This day commemorates the birth of one who lived many centuries ago; one who performed deeds that have been emblazoned in history; who performed them for humanity, for religion, for the church and for God. Above all the heroes of the past stands the Man of Galilee, whose teachings have revolutionized the thought of the world and have regenerated the hearts of men and have become the principles of government. His teachings are uniting humanity into one great brotherhood over which rests the Fatherhood of God. May the lessons of the heroes of the past and may the teachings of the Man of Galilee be deeply impressed upon our minds, and may we so live that we may benefit our fellow-man and glorify God. We ask for Christ's sake. Amen.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the Journal of yesterday's proceedings.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of yesterday's proceedings when, on motion of Mr. Bauerle, the further reading of the Journal was dispensed with.

BILLS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED.

By Mr. HORTON. House Bill No. 963.

An Act to amend section twenty-one of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the protection and preservation of game, game-quadrupeds, and game-birds, and song and insectivorous and other wild birds, and prescribing penalties for violation of its several provisions," approved the first day of May, A. D. 1909, by extending the season during which dogs may be trained.

Referred to the Committee on Game.

By Mr. MAURER. House Bill No. 964.

A Joint Resolution proposing a constitutional amendment to the constitution of Pennsylvania granting to the people the right of recall of public officers.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. MAURER. House Bill No. 965.

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution of Pennsylvania providing for the initiative and referendum.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. STONE. House Bill No. 966.

An Act relating to and regulating tender of judgment or payment in certain civil matters.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

By Mr. HUBLER. House Bill No. 967.

An Act to provide for the erection, maintenance and regulation of public morgues in every county of this Commonwealth having a population of at least one hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Local.

By Mr. MEARKLE (by request). House Bill No. 968.

An Act granting to cities of the second class the authority to exercise the rights of local self government, and providing a method of securing the same.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

By Mr. MEARKLE (by request). House Bill No. 969.

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to confer upon street railway companies, and the lessees or operators thereof, the right to do an express business, and to transport light freight and property, and to charge and collect reasonable compensation therefor," approved the 22nd day of April, 1907, making it compulsory on said street railway companies to do such express business and provide a fine for the refusal of such street railway companies to comply with the provisions of the act.

Referred to the Committee on Electric Railways.

By Mr. MEARKLE. House Bill No. 970.

An Act to amend certain paragraphs of Section One, also Section Four, Five, Twelve, Thirteen, Twenty, Twenty-two, Thirty, Thirty-two and Thirty-seven of an act entitled "An Act providing when, how, upon what property, and to what extent, liens shall be allowed for taxes, and for municipal improvements, and for the removal of nuisances; the procedure upon claims filed therefor; the methods for preserving such liens and enforcing payment of such claims; the effect of judicial sales of the properties liened, and the manner of distributing the proceeds of such sales," approved the Fourth day of June, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one (Pamphlet Laws three hundred sixty-four) as one of said paragraphs of Section One, and said Fourth and Fifth Sections were amended by an act, approved the Nineteenth day of March, Anno Domini, one thousand nine hundred and three (Pamphlet Laws forty-one), as Section Twelve was amended by an act approved the twenty-first day of May, Anno Domini, one thousand nine hundred thirteen (Pamphlet Laws two hundred eighty-six), and as Section Thirty-two was amended by an act approved the twentieth day of June Anno Domini, one thousand nine hundred and eleven (Pamphlet Laws one thousand seventy-six).

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. HUBLER. House Bill No. 971.

An Act making an appropriation to the Board of Commissioners of Public Grounds and Buildings for erecting certain bridges.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. ARNOLD. House Bill No. 999.

An Act establishing in Clarion County a certain section of public road as a "State Highway."

Referred to the Commitee on Public Roads.

PETITIONS.

PROTESTING AGAINST PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL NO. 255.

The SPEAKER presented the petition of the Board of Directors of the Vessel Owners and Captains Association of Philadelphia, protesting against the passage of House Bill No. 255.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

FAVORING THE RE-ESTABLISHMENT OF THE PENNSYLVANIA NAUTICAL SCHOOL.

The SPEAKER presented the petition of the Board of Directors of the Vessel Owners and Captains Association of Philadelphia favoring the re-establishment of the Pennsylvania Nautical School.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

FAVORING LOCAL OPTION.

Mr. BECKER presented the petitions of the citizens of Schuylkill county favoring the passage of a county local option bill.

Referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

Mr. DELL, presented the petition of citizens of Huntingdon county favoring the passage of a county local option bill.

Referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

The SPEAKER presented the petition of citizens of Montgomery county favoring the passage of a county local option bill.

Also a petition of the citizens of Philadelphia county favoring the passage of a local option bill.

The SPEAKER presented the petition of the Philadelphia Conference of Baptist Ministers favoring the passage of a county local option bill.

Also a petition from the Liberal Club of Philadelphia favoring the passage of a county local option bill.

Referred to the Commitee on Law and Order.

PROTESTING AGAINST PASSAGE OF LOCAL OPTION LAW.

The SPEAKER presented the petition of citizens of Philadelphia protesting against the passage of the local option bill No. 283.

Referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

FAVORING LOCAL OPTION.

The SPEAKER presented the petition of citizens of Delaware, Philadelphia and Huntingdon counties favoring the passage of a local option bill.

Referred to the Commitee on Law and Order.

PROTESTING AGAINST REPEAL OF FULL CREW LAW.

The SPEAKER presented the petition of the Order of Railway Conductors protesting against the repeal of the Full Crew Law.

Referred to the Commitee on Railroads.

SENATE MESSAGE.

SENATE BILLS FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced presented for concurrence bills numbered and entitled as follows:

Senate Bill No. 336 (House Bill No. 972).

An Act to amend the fifth section of an act approved the nineteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four entitled "An Act relating to the organization and jurisdiction of Orphans' courts and to establish a separate orphans' court in and for counties having more than one hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants and to provide for the election of judges thereof" as amended by an act approved the sixth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled "An Act to further amend the fifth section of an act entitled 'An Act relating to the organization and jurisdiction of the orphans' court and establishing a separate orphans' court in and for counties having more than one hundred fifty thousand inhabitants and to provide for the election of judges thereof' approved May nineteenth Anno Domini eighteen hundred and seventy-four as amended by an act approved the twenty-ninth day of April Anno Domini eighteen hundred and ninety-seven fixing and determining the salaries of the assistant clerks of said court" by vesting the appointment of the first assistant clerk of said courts in the respective judges thereof and providing that this amendment shall not apply to counties having a population over seven hundred thousand.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Senate Bill No. 343 (House Bill No. 973).

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-seventh day of June one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation regulation and government of cities of the third class regulating nomination and election of municipal officers therein and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto."

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

Senate Bill No. 45 (House Bill No. 974).

An Act to amend an act approved the fourteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act authorizing the board of county commissioners of the several counties of the State to appropriate money for co-operative agricultural extension work for the purpose of improving and developing the agricultural resources of the proper counties."

Referred to the Committee on Agriculture.

Senate Bill No. 84 (House Bill No. 975).

An Act to amend an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general, special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith."

Referred to the Committee on Education.

Senate Bill No. 114 (House Bill No. 976).

An Act providing for the printing binding and distribution of the Report of the Fiftieth Anniversary of the Battle of Gettysburg Commission entitled "Pennsylvania Gettysburg Reunion" and for the compiling editing proof reading and indexing thereof providing also for the preparation for filing of record in the State Library for their proper preservation therein of certain manuscripts of the addresses delivered at said Reunion and of other original data souvenirs and records relative thereto and making appropriation therefor.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

Senate Bill No. 121 (House Bill No. 977).

An Act regulating the sale of chicory mixed with coffee and providing a penalty.

Referred to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

Senate Bill No. 245 (House Bill No. 978).

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act authorizing appeals from assessments of taxes in this Commonwealth to the courts of common pleas" approved the nineteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine by giving the right to an appeal to other property owners and to the city borough county township school district or other public corporations entitled to levy and collect taxes on the assessment complained of.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

Senate Bill No. 253 (House Bill No. 979).

A Supplement to the act approved the twenty-eighth day of April one thousand eight hundred ninety-one entitled "An Act to provide for the classification of the townships of the Commonwealth with respect to their population into two classes and to prescribe the form of government for townships of each class" by providing for a township solicitor to be appointed by the township commissioners.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Senate Bill No. 254 (House Bill No. 980).

An Act relating to the issuing of checks drafts and orders for the payment of money and providing penalties.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Senate Bill No. 282 (House Bill No. 981).

An Act providing for and regulating the validation of certain borough ordinances.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Senate Bill No. 285 (House Bill No. 982).

An Act authorizing J. P. Swearingen of Greene township Beaver county Pennsylvania to bring suit against the Commonwealth.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Senate Bill No. 287 (House Bill No. 983).

An Act to validate all sales public and private and all mortgages of real estate of decedents heretofore made under authority of orphans courts upon petition of executors or administrators.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

Senate Bill No. 293 (House Bill No. 984).

An Act to amend section four of an act entitled "An Act to regulate the doing of business in this Commonwealth by foreign corporations the registration thereof and service of process thereon and providing punishment and penalties for the violation of its provisions and repealing previous legislation on the subject" approved the eighth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Senate Bill No. 249 (House Bill No. 985).

An Act to further protect the rights and liberty of the people of this Commonwealth when under arrest upon a bailable criminal charge making its infraction a misdemeanor and providing punishment therefor.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

Senate Bill No. 301 (House Bill No. 986).

An Act requiring justices of the peace and alderman to file acceptance of office with the prothonotary of the proper county and requiring prothonotaries to certify such acceptance together with the election of justices and alderman before commissions shall issue.

Referred to the Committee on Elections.

Senate Bill No. 322 (House Bill No. 987).

An Act requiring payment by the county of costs of prosecution in certain criminal cases.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

Senate Bill No. 323 (House Bill No. 988).

An Act relating to legal proceedings removed by writs of certiorari to the Superior Court or the Supreme Court the record therein and the disposal thereof.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Senate Bill No. 324 (House Bill No. 989).

An Act to amend the thirty-third section of an act entitled "An Act relating to executions" approved the sixteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six as amended by the act approved the second day of July Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five so as to enable the officers to publish notice in the several counties of this Commonwealth.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

Senate Bill No. 369 (House Bill No. 990).

An Act regulating the sale offering for sale or exposing for sale of vegetables grapes and fruits providing standard containers baskets trays and measures therefor and imposing penalties.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Senate Bill No. 370 (House Bill No. 991).

An Act to amend an act approved the fifth day of May one thousand eight hundred and ninety nine entitled "An Act relative to the liens of the Commonwealth against unpatented lands providing for their adjustment and for the granting of patents."

Referred to the Commitee on Judiciary General.

Senate Bill No. 371 (House Bill No. 992).

An Act to further amend an act approved the eleventh day of April one thousand eight hundred and sixty-two entitled "A further supplement to an act entitled 'An Act for the regulation and continuance of a system of education by common schools' approved the eighth day of May one thousand eight hundred and fifty-four."

Referred to the Committee on Education.

Senate Bill No. 379 (House Bill No. 993).

An Act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act regulating the method and procedure of the erection of line or partition fences" approved the fourteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred and five (Pamphlet Laws One hundred and Sixty-two)

Referred to the Commitee on Judiciary General.

Senate Bill No. 380 (House Bill No. 994).

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-seventh day of June one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation regulation and government of ctiies of the third class regulating nomination and election of municipal officers therein and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto" by providing for formation of such cities from parts of two or more contiguous counties.

Referred to the Committee on Elections.

Senate Bill No. 382 (House Bill No. 995).

An Act to aid in the suppression of insect pests in Pennsylvania by authorizing the Department of Agriculture to prepare a catalog of the insects of Pennsylvania by giving their common and scientific names dates localities food enemies remedies habits and other important points as far as can be ascertained together with illustrations of some of the important types of insects and providing for the publication of said book and the distribution of the same and making an appropriation therefor

Referred to the Committee on Agriculture.

Senate Bill No. 383 (House Bill No. 996).

An Act to promote education in economic entomology and aid in the suppression of insect pests and the preservation of birds in Pennsylvania by authorizing the Department of Agriculture to prepare a colored chart showing injurious and beneficial insects and insectiverous birds of Pennsylvania and their natural colors and stating their common and scientific names food ecenomy and recommendations for their respective destruction or preservation and providing for the publication of said chart and the distribution of the same and making an appropriation therefor

Referred to the Committee on Agriculture.

Senate Bill No. 401 (House Bill No. 997).

An Act authorizing George F. Pawling a resident of the city of Philadelphia successor to Bergdoll and Pawling to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin County against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Senate Bill No. 402 (House Bill No. 998).

An Act providing for the payment of judgment and mortgages and other claims which are liens on property affected by public improvements or appropriated by the exercise of the right of eminent domain.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. HARPER, from the Commitee on Judiciary General, re-reported as amended House Bill No. 132, entitled:

An Act regulating process pleading and practice in all civil cases whether at law in equity in divorce or otherwise howsoever hereafter brought in any court of common pleas in this Commonwealth and providing a complete system of procedure within the limits of the subject matter of this act.

Mr. KUNKLE, from the Committee on Education, reported with negative recommendation House Bill No. 16, entitled:

An Act to supply the office of the County Superintendent with a telephone, a typewriter, and an executive clerk.

LEAVES OF ABSENCE.

Mr. MAURER asked and obtained leave of absence for Mr. Gallagher for the balance of the week.

Mr. OAKS asked and obtained leave of absence for Mr. Lindsey for the balance of the week.

RESOLUTION NO. 9.

Mr. ALBEE. Mr. Speaker, I desire to call up Resolution No. 9, File Folio 2609.

The SPEAKER. The resolution will be read by the Clerk.

The Clerk read as follows:

Resolved That the Pennsylvania Forestry Association be given the use of the hall of the House of Representatives for the evening of Tuesday March twenty-third one thousand nine hundred and fifteen for the presentation of a lecture on the forest problems of Pennsylvania by Doctor J. T. Rothrock former Commissioner of Forestry

Mr. ALBEE. Mr. Speaker, I move the adoption of the resolution.

Mr. OAKS. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

RESOLUTION FAVORING THE BUYING OF AMERICAN MANUFACTURED PRODUCTS.

Mr. McCAIG offered the following resolution which was twice read and laid over for printing.

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION.

In the House of Representatives, March 16, 1915.

Whereas, American manufacturing industries are only operating to a certain small percentage of their capacities at the present time, which is chiefly attributed to the unstable business conditions and general depression existing throughout the country, and

Whereas, The State of Pennsylvania, the counties, cities, boroughs, townships, Boards of Education and Public School Boards, public and private institutions as well as the citizens of Pennsylvania constantly have occasion to purchase equipment and supplies which are produced and manufactured in the United States of America, and

Whereas, The General Assembly of Pennsylvania is desirous of promoting the patronage of manufacturing industries of the United States of America for the purpose of restoring prosperity to the people of Pennsylvania and the United States; therefore, be it

Resolved (If the Senate concur), That the officers of the various departments of the government of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania be requested to purchase and specify at all times the products of the United States of America, and that the various counties, cities, boroughs, townships, Boards of Public Education and Public School Boards, public and private institutions throghout this Commonwealth as well as the private citizens be urged to specify and buy products of the United States of America; and be it further

Resolved, That this resolution be disseminated and widely published throughout this Commonwealth by the newspapers of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, so that all Counties, Cities, Boroughs, Townships, Boards of Education, School Boards, Public and Private Institutions, throughout this Commonwealth and private citizens be informed of the adoption of this resolution by the General Assembly.

BILLS SIGNED BY SPEAKER.

The SPEAKER announced that the Chief Clerk having reported that the following bills had passed both Houses of the General Assembly, and the same being correct, the titles were publicly read, as follows:

House Bill No. 40.

An Act designating the Mountain Laurel (Kalmia latifolia) as the flower emblem or State flower of this Commonwealth.

House Bill No. 108.

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to section one article eight of the Constitution of Pennsylvania.

House Bill No. 176.

An Act requiring county commissioners in certain counties to provide quarters in the county buildings for the official county association of physicians and surgeons.

Whereupon,

The SPEAKER, in the presence of the House, signed the same.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 636, as follows:

An Act authorizing George S. Smith a citizen of Huntingdon county Pennsylvania to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That George S. Smith a citizen of Huntingdon county Pennsylvania is hereby authorized to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania for any sum or sums of money that may be legally or justly due the said George S. Smith as damages for certain injuries sustained by him in the course of his employment while engaged as an employe of the State of Pennsylvania upon State Highway work performed in the county of Huntingdon in the year one thousand nine hundred thirteen

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 383, as follows:

An Act providing for the organization discipline maintenance and regulation of the militia of the Commonwealth

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the organized militia of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania shall be styled the National Guard of Pennsylvania and shall be subject at all times to the orders of the officers thereof

Section 2 For the purpose of this act the word "company" shall apply to and indicate the infantry cavalry engineer signal corps field hospital machine-gun and ambulance companies the words "regiment" "battalion" and "squadron" shall apply to any organization of any arm of the service equal in organization and strength to a regiment or battalion of infantry as the case may be

Section 3 The Governor of this Commonwealth as Commander-in-Chief of its military forces shall have the power and is hereby authorized and directed to prescribe in orders the organization of the National Guard of Pennsylvania in such manner and form as to make said organization conform as far as practicable to the requirements for the organized militia under the laws of the United States and for that purpose he shall have power to alter divide annex consolidate disband organize or re-organize any organization department corps or staff so as to conform as far as practicable to any organization system drill instruction uniform or equipment now or hereafter prescribed by the laws of the United States or requirements of the War Department for the organization and regulation of the organized militia and for that purpose the number of officers and non-commissioned officers of any grade in any organization department corps or staff may be increased or diminished and the grade of such officers and non-commissioned officers may be altered to the extent necessary to secure as far as practicable such conformity Provided however that commissioned officers who shall become surplus by reduction alteration consolidation transfer or disbandment of organizations as provided in this section may be relieved from active service and held as supernumerary during the unexpired portion of their respective commissions and while so held as supernumerary shall be subject to detail for active duty by the Governor and Commander-in-Chief and the period in which such commissioned officers are held as supernumerary may be included in computing the necessary length of service to entitle a commissioned officer to be placed upon the retired list

Each enlisted man shall at the time of enlistment execute enlistment papers in duplicate according to a form prescribed by the Adjutant-General approved by the Commander-in-Chief which form shall embody within it an oath of allegiance to the United States and to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania the duplicate copy of enlistment paper shall be retained by the commanding officer before and by whom the enlistment is made the original enlistment paper to be forwarded to and filed in the office of the Adjutant-General but before any person shall be enlisted he shall be subject to the requisite physical examination by an officer of the medical corps or any duly licensed or legally authorized surgeon or physician in active practice and designated by the officer before and by whom the enlistment is made and the certificate of such officer of the medical corps surgeon or physician shall accompany and be filed with said enlistment paper

The term of enlistment of each enlisted man shall be for the period of three years and no person shall be enlisted who is not a citizen of the United States or who has not made legal declaration of his intention to become a citizen of the United States and who is less than eighteen years of age or more than forty-five years of age Provided however that an enlisted man who is serving an enlistment in the National Guard of Pennsylvania and which enlistment expires after such enlisted man has reached the age of forty-five years may be re-enlisted within thirty days from the expiration of his previous enlistment upon permission being granted therefor by the Commander-in-Chief

Section 4 In time of peace the National Guard of Pennsylvania shall consist of the several departments corps or staffs as hereinafter enumerated and in addition thereto

not more than one hundred and fifty companies of infantry one regiment of cavalry one brigade of field artillery the necessary complement of machine gun companies a battalion of engineers a battalion of signal troops four field hospitals four ambulance companies fifteen regimental bands one ammunition train one sanitary train and one supply train fully armed uniformed and equipped to be organized alloted and apportioned in such localties of the Commonwealth as the necessities and interests of the service in the discretion of the Commander-in-Chief may require and organized into such divisions brigades regiments battalions squadrons and companies with power to make such alterations in the organization and arrangement thereof from time to time as the Commander-in-Chief may deem necessary Provided that there shall not be more than one major-general and five brigadier-generals of the line but the Commander-in-Chief shall have power in case of war invasion insurrection riot or imminent danger thereof to increase the said force and organize the same as the exigencies of the occasion may require

Section 5 The commissioned and non-commissioned officers of the National Guard shall be as follows

The Governor shall be Commander-in-Chief of the National Guard at all times when in the service of the Commonwealth He shall make all appointments of commissioned officers in the respective departments corps regiments squadrons battalions and companies and also of the aides-de-camp to the Governor and Commander-in-Chief except as otherwise specifically provided in this act

An Adjutant-General's department consisting of one Adjutant-General of the grade of Brigadier-General to be appointed by the Governor with the consent of the Senate and who shall be assigned to duty with the Commander-in-Chief and who shall be chief of staff one adjutant-general of the grade of colonel who shall be chief of said department one adjutant-general of the grade of lieutenant-colonel not more than seven adjutants-general of the grade of major

An inspector-general's department consisting of one inspector-general of the grade of colonel who shall be chief of said department one inspector-general of the grade of lieutenant-colonel not more than seven inspectors of the grade of major

A judge-advocate-general's department consisting of one judge-advocate-general of the grade of colonel who shall be chief of said department one judge-advocate of the grade of lieutenant-colonel not more than seven judge-advocates of the grade of major

A quartermaster's corps consisting of one quartermaster-general of the grade of colonel who shall be chief of said corps three quartermasters of the grade of lieutenant-colonel not more than fourteen quartermasters of the grade of major not more than fourteen quartermasters of the grade of captain

An ordnance department consisting of one chief of ordnance of the grade of colonel and who shall be chief of said department one ordnance officer of the grade of lieutenant-colonel not more than seven ordnance officers of the grade of major

An inspector of small-arms practice department consisting of one general inspector of small-arms practice of the grade of colonel and who shall be chief of said department

A medical department consisting of a medical corps the necessary complement of detachments of sanitary troops field hospital companies and ambulance companies Of the medical corps and there shall be one surgeon-general of the grade of colonel and who shall be chief of the medical department two officers of the grade of lieutenant-colonel one of whom shall be detailed as chief surgeon twenty-five officers of the grade of major not more than eighty officers of the grade of captain or first lieutenant Provided that officers of the medical corps of the grade of of first lieutenant who shall have served for a period of three years as such may be recommissioned as of the grade of captain The appointment of officers of the medical corps below the grade of lieutenant-colonel shall be made by the Commander-in-Chief only after the applicant has passed successfully such examination as to moral character professional ability and physical condition as may be required by the Commander-in-Chief and the application for appointment has been approved by the surgeon-general or chief surgeon

The staff of the Commander-in-Chief shall consist of such departmental corps or line officers as may be assigned to duty with the Commander-in-Chief and in addition thereto twelve aides-de-camp each of the grade of lieutenant-colonel to be appointed by the Commander-in-Chief also two post quartermaster-sergeants one ordnance-sergeant to be assigned from the respective departments and one sergeant-major one color-sergeant and one trumpeter to be enlisted by direction of the Commander-in-Chief

Of a division one major-general to command the same to be appointed by the Governor and Commander-in-Chief with the consent of the Senate The staff of the division commander shall consist of one adjutant-general major adjutant-general's department one inspector of small arms practice lieutenant-colonel ordnance department one inspector major inspector-general's department one judge-advocate major judge-advocate-general's department one chief quartermaster lieutenant-colonel quartermaster's corps one chief commissary lieutenant-colonel quartermaster's corps one chief surgeon lieutenant-colonel medical corps two surgeons majors medical corps three aides-de-camp captains to be detailed by the Commander-in-Chief either from the line or departments two sergeants quartermaster corps to be detailed from the quartermaster corps one sergeant-major one color-sergeant and one trumpeter to be enlisted or appointed and warranted by the division commander

Of each brigade one brigadier-general to command the same to be appointed by the Governor and Commander-in-Chief with the consent of the Senate

The staff of a brigade commander shall consist of one adjutant-general major adjutant-general's department one inspector major inspector-general's department two quartermasters majors quartermaster corps one major medical corps one inspector of small arms practice major ordnance department two aides-de-camp first lieutenants to be detailed by the Commander-in-Chief from the line or departments two sergeants quartermaster corps to be detailed from the quartermaster corps one sergeant-major one color-sergeant one trumpeter to be enlisted or appointed and warranted by the brigade commander

Of each regiment of infantry one colonel one lieutenant-colonel not more than three majors of the line each to be appointed by the Governor and Commander-in-Chief one major medical corps three captains or first lieutenants medical corps to be assigned from the medical corps by the Commander-in-Chief one chaplain of the grade of captain one adjutant (an extra captain) one regimental quartermaster (an extra captain) one regimental commissary (an extra captain) one regimental inspector of small-arms practice (an extra captain) not more than three battalion adjutants (extra first lieutenants) not more than three battalion quartermasters and commissaries (extra second lieutenants) each to be appointed by the colonel subject to the approval of the brigade commander or if the regiment be not part of a brigade then of the immediate superior commanding officer also one sergeant-major one quartermaster sergeant one commissary-sergeant two color sergeants not more than three battalion sergeants-major each to be enlisted or appointed and warranted by the colonel

Of each regiment of cavalry one colonel one lieutenant-colonel not more than three majors of the line each to be appointed by the Governor and Commander-in-Chief and one major medical corps and three captains or first lieutenants medical corps assigned from the medical corps by the Commander-in-Chief one chaplain of the grade of captain one adjutant (an extra captain) one regimental quartermaster (an extra captain) one regimental commissary (an extra captain) one regimental inspector of small-arms practice (an extra captain) not more than three squadron adjutants (extra first lieutenants) not more than three squadron quartermasters and commissaries (extra second lieutenants) each to be appointed by the colonel subject to the approval of the immediate superior commanding officer one sergeant-major one quartermaster-sergeant one commissary-sergeant two color-sergeants and not more than three squadron sergeants-major each to be enlisted or appointed and warranted by the colonel In each regiment of cavalry the Commander-in-Chief may appoint two veterinarians civilians who when in active service shall have the pay of a second lieutenant

Of each regiment of field artillery one colonel one lieutenant-colonel two majors of the line each to be appointed by the Governor and Commander-in-Chief one major medical corps and two captains or first lieutenants medical corps to be assigned from the medical corps by the Commander-in-Chief one chaplain of the grade of captain one adjutant (an extra captain) one regimental quartermaster (an extra captain) one regimental commissary (an extra captain) one regimental inspector of small-arms practice (an extra captain) not more than two battalion adjutants (extra captains) not more than two battalion quartermasters and commissaries (extra first lieutenants) each to be appointed by the colonel subject to the approval of the immediate superior commanding officer and one sergeant-major one quartermasters-sergeant one commissary-sergeant two color-sergeants not more than two battalion sergeants-major and not more than two battalion quartermaster-sergeants each to be enlisted or appointed and warranted by the colonel In each regiment of artillery the Commander-in-Chief may appoint two veterinarians civilians who when in active service shall have the pay of a second lieutenant

Of a battalion of engineers one major to be appointed by the Governor and Commander-in-Chief one adjutant (an extra captain) one battalion quartermaster and commissary (an extra first lieutenant) one assistant inspector of small-arms practice (an extra first lieutenant) each to be appointed by the major subject to the approval of the immediate superior commanding officer ond one officer of the medical corps captain or first lieutenant to be assigned by the Commander-in-Chief also one battalion sergeant-major one battalion quartermaster-sergeant to be enlisted or appointed and warranted by the battalion commander

Of a battalion of field artillery not a part of a regiment one major to be appointed by the Commander-in-Chief one battalion adjutant (an extra captain) one battalion quartermaster and commissary (an extra first lieutenant) to be appointed by the major subject to the approval of the immediate superior commanding officer and one officer of the medical corps captain or first lieutenant to be assigned by the Commander-in-Chief and also one sergeant-major and one quartermaster-sergeant to be enlisted or appointed and warranted by the battalion commander

Of a squadron of cavalry not a part of a regiment one major to be appointed by the Governor and Commander-in-Chief one squadron adjutant (an extra first lieutenant) one squadron quartermaster and commissary (an extra

second lieutenant) to be appointed by the major subject to the approval of the immediate superior commanding officer and one officer of the medical corps captain or first lieutenant to be assigned by the Commander-in-Chief and one sergeant-major to be enlisted or appointed and warranted by the squadron commander

Of a battalion of infantry not a part of a regiment one major to be appointed by the Governor and the Commander-in-Chief one adjutant (an extra first lieutenant) one battalion quartermaster and commissary (an extra second lieutenant) to be appointed by the major subject to the approval of the immediate superior commanding officer and one officer of the medical corps captain or first lieutenant to be assigned by the Commander-in-Chief one sergeant-major to be enlisted or appointed and warranted by the battalion commander

Of each company of infantry one captain and one first lieutenant to be appointed by the Governor and Commander-in-Chief and one second lieutenant to be elected by the written or printed votes of a majority of the non-commissioned officers and privates of the respective company one first-sergeant one company quartermaster-sergeant, four sergeants six corporals two cooks one artificer two musicians and forty-eight privates minimum fifty-six privates maximum the non-commissioned officers to be appointed by the captain and approved by the regimental commander where a company is a part of a regiment and by the immediate superior commanding officer where a company is not a part of a regiment

Of each battery of artillery one captain two first lieutenants each to be appointed by the Governor and Commander-in-Chief and two second lieutenants each to be elected by the written or printed votes of a majority of the non-commissioned officers and privates of the respective battery one first-sergeant one quartermaster-sergeant one stable-sergeant six sergeants twelve corporals three cooks one chief mechanic four mechanics two musicians one hundred and two privates minimum and one hundred and twelve privates maximum the non-commissioned officers to be appointed by the captain and approved by the regimental commander where a battery is part of a regiment and by the immediate superior commanding officer where a battery is not a part of a regiment

Of each troop of cavalry one captain and one first lieutenant each to be appointed by the Governor and Commander-in-Chief and one second lieutenant to be elected by the written or printed votes of a majority of the non-commissioned officers and privates of the respective troop one first sergeant one troop quartermaster-sergeant six sergeants six corporals two cooks one farrier one horseshoer one saddler one wagoner two trumpeters forty-three privates minimum and fifty-one privates maximum the non-commissioned officers to be appointed by the captain and approved by the regimental commander where a troop of cavalry is a part of a regiment and by the immediate superior commanding officer where a troop of cavalry is not a part of a regiment Provided however that in a troop of cavalry to which the provisions of section eight of this act apply all commissioned officers shall be elected by the written or printed votes of a majority of the non-commissioned officers and privates of the respective troop

Of each company of engineers one captain and one first lieutenant each to be appointed by the Governor and Commander-in-Chief and one second lieutenant to be elected by the written or printed votes of a majority of the non-commissioned officers and privates of the respective company one first sergeant one quartermaster-sergeant five sergeants eight corporals two cooks two musicians twenty-three first-class privates and twenty-three second-class privates minimum and thirty-one second-class privates maximum the non-commissioned officers to be appointed by the captain and approved by the immediate superior commanding officer

Of a signal corps company Type A one captain and two first lieutenants each to be appointed by the Governor and Commander-in-Chief one first lieutenant to be elected by the written or printed votes of a majority of the non-commissioned officers and privates of the company two master signal electricians seven first-class sergeants ten sergeants seventeen corporals two cooks twenty-four privates first-class and thirteen privates minimum and twenty-three privates maximum the non-commissioned officers to be appointed by the captain and approved by the immediate superior commanding officer

Of each field hospital one major and four captains or first lieutenants of the medical corps to be assigned by the Governor and Commander-in-Chief three sergeants first-class six sergeants one acting cook and eight privates first-class and fifteen privates minimum and eight privates first-class and twenty-four privates maximum the non-commissioned officers to be appointed by the commanding officer and approved by the immediate superior commanding officer

Of each ambulance company five captains or first lieutenants of the medical corps to be assigned by the Governor and Commander-in-Chief two sergeants first-class seven sergeants one acting cook and eleven privates first-class and twenty-two privates minimum and eleven privates first-class and thirty-two privates maximum the non-commissioned officers to be appointed by the commanding officer subject to the approval of the immediate superior commanding officer

Of each regimental band (which shall be known as band section of the headquarters company) one chief musician one principal musician one drum-major each of the grade of sergeant of the non-commissioned staff of a regiment four sergeants eight corporals one cook and twelve privates The chief musician shall receive the per diem pay of a first lieutenant The regimental commander is authorized to recruit and discharge members of the regimental band at his discretion all enlistment papers to be made in duplicate the original to be forwarded to the Adjutant General the duplicate to be filed at regimental headquarters The non-commissioned officers of regimental bands will be appointed and warranted by the regimental commander each regimental band duly organized and found by the military board upon examination of the rolls and reports returned by the inspecting officer to be efficient shall receive an allowance of four hundred dollars per annum to be paid by warrant drawn by the Adjutant General upon the State Treasurer approved by the Auditor General to the order of the chief musician said allowance to be used solely for military purposes and for the use and benefit of said regimental band and to be accounted for as the Adjutant General may direct

Section 6 The adjutant-General shall give bond in the sum of twenty thousand dollars the quartermaster-general in the sum of ten thousand dollars subject to the approval of the Commander-in-chief The following shall give bonds in amounts as follows same subject to the approval of the State Military Board quartermasters of the grade of lieutenant-colonel and major each in the sum of three thousand dollars regimental quartermasters quartermasters of the grade of captain and regimental commissaries each in the sum of two thousand dollars the blank form for same to be prescribed and furnished by the Adjutant-General and to be conditioned upon the faithful discharge of the duties of their office captains of engineer companies signal corps companies batteries of artillery troops of cavalry companies of infantry and commanding officers of field hospitals and ambulance companies each in the sum of two thousand dollars each of the lieutenants of said organizations and chief musicians of bands in the sum of one thousand dollars each subject to the approval of the State Military Board and in form to be prescribed and furnished by the Adjutant-general and to be conditioned upon the faithful discharge of the duties of their respective offices and the proper accounting for public moneys entrusted to them and for the safe-keeping and return of the property of the State or of the United States issued to them by the Adjutant-General or the quartermaster-general or acquired by transfer or inventory or by purchase from State funds when demand is made for said money or property by the Adjutant-General or the quartermaster-general

Section 7 Whenever by the authority of this act the Governor and Commander-in-Chief increases or diminishes the minimum strength of any organization of the National Guard to conform to the minimum fixed by the President of the United States or by the War Department he may increase or diminish the maximum strength of such organization by an amount equal to the number by which he has increased or diminished the minimum provided that the maximum strength shall at no time exceed the maximum war strength of such organization

Section 8 Nothing herein contained shall be construed as affecting the right of any troop of cavalry battery of artillery or company of infantry organized prior to one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one and since continuously maintained to preserve their respective organizations together with their original vested or chartered rights privileges and immunities and said organizations shall be deemed legal organizations in addition to the number of companies provided for in the fourth section of this act provided that such organization when admitted as an organization of the National Guard of Pennsylvania shall be in all things subject to the orders of the Commander-in-Chief and the provisions of this act except as to the office of Cornet in a troop of cavalry

Section 9 The major-general and the brigadier-generals of the line shall be appointed by the Governor with the consent of the Senate but no person shall be appointed a major-general or a brigadier-general of the line who shall not have served at least fifteen years as a commissioned officer either in the National Guard of Pennsylvania or in the military service of the United States or both Provided however That no officer shall remain in command of a division for a longer period than five years

Section 10 When ever an officer shall be recommissioned in the same grade or commissioned in a lower grade than that in which he has served in the National Guard of Pennsylvania within three months after the expiration or termination of his previous commission he shall take rank from the date given in his previous commission provided that when a commissioned officer has been in continuous service as such service and commission in a higher grade shall not affect the continuity of rank when such officer shall be recommissioned in a lower grade in which he has previously served

Section 11 When a company of infantry troop of cavalry or battery of field artillery has neither commissioned nor non-commissioned officers the commander of the regiment separate battalion or squadron to which it belongs shall appoint suitable persons within said company troop or battery to be non-commissioned officers thereof and shall detail a suitable person to be clerk

Section 12 The appointment of non-commissioned officers of the National Guard shall in all cases be made from the membership of the organization in which they are to serve and preference shall be given to men of military ability and experience who have been in active service in war or have received military instruction at an institution or college where an officer of the United States army is assigned as military instructor

Section 13 All commissioned officers appointed by the Governor and Commander-in-Chief shall be commissioned according to the grade in the department corps or arm of the service in which they are appointed and shall be assigned to duty by the Commander-in-Chief Commissioned officers elected under the provisions of this act or appointed by regimental commanders shall be commissioned in the respective grade office and organization to which they shall be elected or appointed and upon returns of

election or order announcing appointment filed in the office of the Adjutant-General

Section 14 The division commander shall order election to fill vacancy where the commission of an elective officer expires in any organization attached to the division and the commander of which reports direct to the division commander and brigade commanders shall order election to fill vacancy where commission of an elective officer expires in any organization that is part of a brigade In all other cases the authority to order election shall be given by the Commander-in-Chief

Section 15 Officers ordering elections may preside and conduct the same or detail some officer of equal or superior grade to the office to be filled but no candidate shall preside at an election except to adjourn the meeting if no proper officer appears to preside At all elections such presiding officer shall keep a record of the proceedings and make return thereof to the Adjutant-General through the proper military channels

Section 16 Ten days' notice of election shall be given except when in annual camp or in active service when at least forty-eight hours' notice shall be given unless such notice shall be waived by the Commander-in-Chief The person who has a majority of the written or printed votes of the electors shall be declared elected and the presiding officer shall forthwith notify him of his election and make return thereof Provided That a majority of the electors shall be present in uniform but this provision in special cases may be waived by the Commander-in-Chief Every person so elected and notified shall accept within ten days otherwise he shall be deemed to have refused If before the meeting for the election of any officer is dissolved the person chosen signifies to the presiding officer his refusal to accept the same such refusal shall be recorded and made part of the return and the electors shall proceed to another election Elections may be adjourned not exceeding twice and each adjournment for a period not exceeding ten days The proper roll of the membership of the organization in which election is held shall be produced at such election by the person having the legal custody thereof

Section 17 No election for a commissioned officer shall be ordered in a company troop or battery hereafter organized unless at least the prescribed minimum number of men have been enlisted therein except when otherwise ordered by the Commander-in-Chief

Section 18 When a commissioned officer of the National Guard of Pennsylvania is elected or appointed to another office therein and accepts the same such acceptance shall vacate the office previously held and in the case of an elective officer shall constitute a part of the return of the presiding officer

Section 19 When a person elected or appointed to an office refuses to accept his commission he will return the same to his immediate superior commanding officer who will certify that fact on the back thereof and return it to the Adjutant-General through military channels and if the office is elective a new election shall be ordered or if appointive a new appointment shall be made

Section 20 No officer or soldier shall be arrested on any warrant except for treason or felony while going to remaining at or returning from a place he is ordered to attend for military duty

Section 21 Each commissioned officer before he enters upon the duties of the office to which he has been appointed or elected shall take and subscribe before any person duly authorized to administer oaths and affirmations such oath or affirmation as may be prescribed by the Commander-in-Chief which shall not be inconsistent with the oath and declaration as prescribed by the laws of the United States

Section 22 The commissions of staff officers appointed by a commanding officer other than the Commander-inChief shall terminate when the successor of such commanding officer is commissioned and qualified The commissions of aides-de-camp upon the staff of the Governor and Commander-in-Chief shall terminate in like manner

Section 23 General field and commissioned departmental or corps officers are hereby authorized and empowered to administer oaths and affirmations in all matters appertaining to or concerning the National Guard service and the commanding officers of companies regiments or separate squadrons or battalions are authorized and empowered to administer oaths and affirmations in the enlistment of recruits for their respective organizations regimental non-commissioned staff sanitary detachment or band section or for separate squadron or battalion non-commissioned staff but in no case shall any fee be charged therefor Any person who shall falsely swear or affirm to any oath or affirmation shall be deemed guilty of perjury and upon trial and conviction shall be sentenced for such offence as is now or may hereafter be prescribed by law

Section 24 When a company of infantry troop of cavalry or battery of field artillery is without commissioned officers from any cause the commanding officer of the regiment of which it is a part shall detail some officer of the staff or line of the regiment to command said organization until a commissioned officer is appointed or elected The commissioned officer detailed shall have the same power and be subjected to the same liability as if he were captain of said organization

Section 25 The Governor and Commander-inChief may discharge any commissioned officer

When such officer tenders his resignation

When he has removed his residence beyond the bounds of his command to so great a distance that it is deemed inconvenient for him to perform the duties of his office

When he has been absent from his command more than thirty days without proper leave having been granted

When it appears to the satisfaction of the Commander-in-Chief that he is unable or unfit from any cause to discharge the duties of his office

When recourse has been had to the sureties on his bond in the settlement of his financial or property accounts

When he has been convicted of an infamous crime

Upon sentence of a court-martial after due trial according to law

Upon adverse report as to his qualifications or efficiency by a brigade board of examination as prescribed by section twenty-six or like adverse report by a board of examination appointed by the commander-in-Chief or the division commander

Upon disbandment of an organization as prescribed by section twenty-nine

Section 26 Each brigade commander of the National Guard and such commanding officers of regiments composing the brigade as he may select and one major medical corps to be selected by the brigade commander shall constitute a brigade examining board whose duty it shall be to examine every commissioned officer appointed or elected within the brigade or who may hereafter be elected or appointed as to his qualifications efficiency and physical ability for active service and upon report of said brigade examining board if adverse to any officer and approved by the Commander-in-Chief the commission of said officer shall be vacated or if not already issued be denied and an election be ordered or if an appointive officer an appointment made by the proper appointing power to fill the vacancy thus created Provided that if any officer shall refuse to present himself before said board when directed the Commander-in-Chief may upon report so made by the examining board vacate the commission of such officer or if not issued refuse the same and direct an election to be held or appointment made by the proper appointing power to fill the vacancy

In cases where organizations report direct to the division commander and are not part of a brigade the division commander is authorized to appoint an examining board of not exceeding five officers of which he may be one whose duties and powers shall be to all intents and purposes similar to those prescribed for a brigade examining board and any officer in commission or any officer hereinafter elected or appointed in such organizations when ordered shall report to said examining board for examination and on failure to report or pass satisfactorily such examination and reported upon adversely the commission of such officer shall be vacated or denied him at the discretion of the Commander-in-Chief Provided that the said division commander may order any officer or organization not a part of a brigade before the brigade examining board with like effect as if such officer were in or attached to a brigade Provided further that the Commander-in-Chief may provide for the examination of officers of departments or corps and officers of arganizations not a part of a brigade and establish rules for such examination

Section 27 The term of every commissioned officer except the Adjutant-General shall be for five years unless his commission shall be otherwise lawfully determined and annulled Provided that all commissions in force in the National Guard of Pennsylvania at the time of the passage of this act shall continue in force for the unexpired portion thereof subject to determination by resignation or by the provisions of sections twenty-two and twenty-five of this act Provided that all enlistments in force in the National Guard of Pennsylvania at the time of the passage of this act shall continue in force for the unexpired portion thereof subject to the provisions of sections twenty-eight and twenty-nine of this act

Section 28 The company commander upon the approval may and upon the order of his superior commanding officer will during the term of enlistment discharge any enlisted man of his company and all commanding officers may discharge non-commissioned staff officers enlisted or appointed by such commanding officers the certificate of discharge by such company or other commanding officer shall in all cases be good sufficient and valid An enlisted man who has faithfully served the term of his enlistment will at the expiration thereof be furnished by the commanding officer of the organization a full and honorable discharge to be signed by such commanding officer and approved by the superior commanding officer

Section 29 If it appears to the Commander-in-Chief that a company of the National Guard has failed to comply with the requirements of the law in matters of unifrom equipment discipline or efficiency so that it cannot discharge the duties required of it such company may be disbanded by the Commander-in-Chief and the Commander-in-Chief may disband any company if in his judgment the interests of the service justify it

Section 30 A commissioned officer responsible for State funds or State property or property of the United States issued to him by the Adjutant-General or the quartermaster-general or acquired by transfer inventory or purchase from annual allowance of State funds who may tender his resignation and whose accounts are not settled may be relieved from active duty by the Commander-in-Chief and held as supernumerary pending settlement of his accounts and when so relieved from active duty the office in which he is commissioned or to which he has been assigned shall be considered as vacated Provided that a commissioned officer so held as supernumerary shall be amendable to courtmartial for military offences to the same extent and in like manner as if upon the active list

Section 31 The Adjutant-General shall hold office for the term of four years and until his successor is appointed and qualified but he may be removed at any time by the Governor He shall have the custody of all books accounts and military property of the Commonwealth used by or pertaining to the National Guard of Pennsylvania he shall distribute all orders from the Commander-in-Chief shall obey all orders relative to carrying into execution and perfecting any system of military discipline established by law or regulations and perform such other military duties as the Commander-in-Chief shall direct he shall furnish to the National Guard such blank forms of rolls and of the different returns that may be required and shall also make proper abstracts from the returns and reports of the commanding officers of the division and brigades for the information of the Commander-in-Chief He shall make a return annually in duplicate of the organized militia of the Commonwealth and a report of their arms uniforms accoutrements and ammunition according to such forms as may be prescribed by the Secretary of War one

copy to be filed in the office of the Adjutant-General and one copy to be forwarded to the Secretary of War He may with the consent of the Commander-in-Chief employ such emergency clerical and other force as may be required in his department or at the State Arsenal who shall be paid such rates of compensation as may be deemed just and proper He shall pay the troops and make all other disbursements authorized by this act by warrants drawn by him upon the Treasurer of the Commonwealth countersigned by the Auditor General

Section 32 Commissioned officers may be ordered upon special duty at the discretion of the Commander-in-Chief and shall receive the pay of their respective grades during the time they may continue upon duty under such order Provided that when the duty required of them is a duty enjoined by law or existing regulations upon an officer of higher grade the officer so detailed shall receive the pay of such higher grade

Section 33 Camps of instruction combined camps with troops of the regular army or practice marches shall be held at such times places and periods and for such organizations as the Commander-in-Chief may direct none of which shall exceed fourteen days in any one year and during any such tour of duty an inspection shall be made by the Adjutant-General or under his direction by the inspector-general For services during such tours of duty officers and enlisted men shall be entitled to a per diem pay as prescribed by section forty which shall be paid upon vouchers approved by the Military Board and warrants drawn by the Adjutant General upon the State Treasurer countersigned by the Auditor General and in addition to the per diem pay officers shall be entitled to transportation and enlisted men to transportation and subsistence In addition to the inspection above provided for such other inspection shall be made under the direction of the Adjutant-General or inspector-general as may be ordered by the Commander-in-Chief

Section 34 Officers for attendance upon court martial boards of examination and such other necessary service as the law may require of said officers shall be furnished transportation orders for which shall be made by the Adjutant-General division brigade or regimental commanders and all necessary expenses lawfully incurred in the performance of such duty shall be audited and paid upon proper vouchers approved by the Military Board

Section 35 The following named organizations of the National Guard duly organized and found upon examination of rolls and reports made by the inspecting officer to be fully up to the standard in numerical strength in drill discipline and efficiency shall receive in annual allowance the following sums of money per annum which shall be used and expended solely for military purposes and for the use and benefit of the organization each engineer company seven hundred and fifty dollars each company of infantry machine gun company field hospital and ambulance company five hundred dollars each signal corps company troop of cavalry and battery of field artillery fifteen hundred dollars the same to be paid by the Adjutant-General by warrant drawn upon the State Treasurer approved by the Auditor General to order of the commanding officer of the respective organization but it shall be the duty of the Adjutant-General before paying any of the said allowance in money to procure by purchase or otherwise and issue for each enlisted man not already provided therewith such articles of dress and service uniform and equipment as are not included in the annual clothing allowance and also such mess tents kitchen tents and military stores required by the respective organizations and charge the cost of same to the said annual allowance and the balance if any to be paid and disbursed as hereinafter provided Provided however that any regiment battalion squadron or company may at its own expense provide itself with other uniforms of such style and pattern as a majority of its officers may select and the Commander-in-Chief approve which uniform shall be the property of the organization or the individual members thereof but such uniform shall not be worn at inspections provided for by this act or when an organization is called into active service by the Commander-in-Chief No portion of any allowance appropriated by the State shall be expended in procuring such special uniforms or in repairing or caring for the same

Section 36 The Military Board shall consist of the Adjutant-General Auditor General and State Treasurer who shall meet at such times as may be necessary and whose duty shall be to audit and adjust all claims incident to the organization discipline maintenance and service of the National Guard and which claims on the approval of said Military Board endorsed thereon shall be paid by warrant drawn by the Adjutant-General upon the State Treasurer approved by the Auditor General Each member of the Military Board shall be paid an annual salary of six hundred dollars

Section 37 The Adjutant-General shall in the disbursement of public funds in the manner provided for in this act in payment for stores furnished or services rendered require as far as practicable that the account be itemized and its correctness duly sworn to or affirmed before an officer authorized by law to administer oaths or affirmations

Section 38 Each organization excepting division brigade regimental squadron or battalion headquarters and regimental bands in addition to allowances provided by section thirty-five of this act and under the same requirements and not occupying an armory owned by the Commonwealth shall be paid an annual allowance of two hundred dollars by warrant drawn by the Adjutant-General upon the State Treasurer approved by the Auditor-General to the order of the commanding officer of the organization said annual allowance to be devoted exclusively to the payment of rent of armory

Section 39 The payment of hire of horses for such officers and enlisted men as are required to be mounted and for horses necessary for batteries of field artillery and for such horses or mules as may be required for wagon transportation when in active service including camps of instruction combined camps practice marches or parades when ordered by the Commander-in-Chief shall not exceed two dollars per diem per horse or mule the payment of said hire to be made by the Adjutant-General by warrant drawn upon the State Treasurer approved by the Auditor General and upon properly itemized and duly approved vouchers

Section 40 When the National Guard or any part thereof is ordered on active duty by the Commander-in-Chief and for which duty a per diem pay is authorized the commissioned officers so ordered on active duty shall be entitled to the same pay as officers of like grade in the regular army of the United States excepting and excluding longevity pay and allowances and enlisted men when so ordered on active duty shall be entitled to per diem pay as follows non-commissioned staff sergeants departmental and corps sergeants master signal electricians first sergeants principal musicians drum majors sergeants first-class of engineers signal corps field hospitals ambulance companies and sanitary detachments three dollars sergeants of engineers and signal corps two dollars and twenty-five cents sergeants of infantry cavalry artillery field hospitals ambulance companies sanitary detachments and bands two dollars chief mechanics of artillery corporals of engineers and signal corps cooks of all organizations two dollars corporals of infantry cavalry artillery regimental bands artificers saddlers wagoners farriers horseshoers mechanics of artillery and privates first-class of engineers signal corps field hospital ambulance company and sanitary detachment one dollar and seventy-five cents privates all arms musicians of companies and trumpeters of cavalry and artillery one dollar and fifty cents The chief musician regimental band shall receive the pay of grade of first lieutenant Each enlisted man except the chief musician regimental band after having served one full term of enlistment of three years and who re-enlists within thirty days from expiration of previous enlistment shall be entitled to and receive additional pay at the rate of twenty-five cents per day for his second and a like amount for his third term of consecutive enlistment and the said payments shall be made in accordance with the muster and pay rolls prepared in such form and manner as the Adjutant-General shall direct and all payments of per diem pay and service pay shall be by warrants drawn by the Adjutant-General upon the State Treasurer approved by the Auditor General The necessary subsistence and quartermaster stores necessary expenses incident to such active service and the transportation of troops incident to such active service may be contracted for by direction of the Commander-in-Chief by the Adjutant-General or the proper departmental or corps officers and paid for in like manner When the National Guard or any portion thereof is ordered on active duty by the Governor and Commander-in-Chief in repelling invasion subduing insurrection riot or disorder within the State or in furnishing quota of volunteers from the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania under a call made by the President of the United States the payment of the troops and all other expenses incident to such service will be made by the Adjutant-General from funds obtained by warrant drawn by the Governor of the Commonwealth upon the State Treasurer against appropriation made for such purpose

Section 41 The necessary military expenses of general division brigade regimental separate squadron and battalion headquarters including clerk hire and other actual outlays shall be paid by warrants drawn by the Adjutant-General upon the State Treasurer in the usual manner on the usual lawful vouchers to that effect duly sworn or affirmed to by the commanding officer or the officer charged with the payment of such expenses such expenses in no event to exceed nine hundred dollars per annum for the division seven hundred and fifty dollars for each brigade five hundred dollars for each regiment and two hundred dollars for each battalion or squadron not a part of a regiment

Section 42 Any commissioned officer or chief musician of the National Guard who shall embezzle misapply or retain in his possession without authority any moneys received by him for disbursement shall be deemed guilty of a felony and it shall be the duty of the district attorney of the proper county on complaint being made to prosecute such offender in any court of competent jurisdiction and any penalty imposed shall be collected and paid into the State Treasury

Section 43 If any officer or enlisted man of the National Guard of Pennsylvania is wounded or otherwise disabled while doing duty in active service he shall receive from the Commonwealth just and reasonable relief in amount to be determined by the Military Board

Section 44 The Adjutant-General shall provide for and issue to the National Guard for rifle and artillery practice such ammunition as may be necessary for the efficiency of the service and the Commander-in-Chief may fix an annual allowance for rifle or revolver practice expenses based upon the number of men in each company troop or battery organization who practice to be paid by warrants drawn by the Adjutant-General upon the State Treasurer in the usual manner upon submission of proper vouchers approved by the Military Board

Section 45 Commissioned officers who shall have served as such for a continuous period of ten years or commissioned officers who have served fifteen years in the aggregate as commissioned officers and enlisted men in the National Guard of Pennsylvania may upon their application to the Adjutant-General be placed upon the retired list Provided however that service in the army navy or marine corps of the United States during the war for the suppression of the rebellion or the war with Spain shall be computed as of twice its actual length and as so computed may be included as part of the fifteen years Provided further that where such commissioned officers now retired or who may hereafter be retired served in the army navy or marine corps of the United States during the war for the suppression of the rebellion and has been honorably discharged thereform they shall be retired as of the next higher grade except in the case of a major-general whose grade upon the retired list shall remain the same Provided further that where an officer has been commis-

sioned in a higher grade than that held by him at time of retirement or of being placed on retired list he may be placed upon the retired list as of the highest grade in which he has been at any time previously commissioned The Commander-in-Chief shall have power and is hereby authorized to relieve from active service and place upon the retired list as of the next higher grade any commissioned officer of the National Guard of Pennsylvania who has served continuously in any one grade for fifteen years A commissioned officer of any Pennsylvania volunteer organization duly mustered into service of the United States in the war with Spain may upon application to the Adjutant-General be placed upon the retired list Provided such commissioned officer served in the National Guard of Pennsylvania as a commissioned officer or enlisted man or both for five years immediately prior to April twenty-eighth one thousand eight hundred and ninety-eight and was on that date borne upon the rolls of the said National Guard Officers on the retired list shall be subject to such duty other than the command of troops as may be assigned them by the Commander-in-Chief When commissioned officers are relieved from active duty and placed upon the retired list the commission of such officer shall be considered as terminated and the office held by him vacated

Section 46 Commissioned officers who have served forty years either as an officer or enlisted man or both in the National Guard of Pennsylvania shall upon application made to the Adjutant-General be retired from active service and placed upon the retired list as of the next higher grade except a major-general whose grade upon the retired list shall remain the same and when any commissioned officer of the line is sixty-four years of age he shall be retired from active service and placed upon the retired list as of the next higher grade except a major-general whose grade shall remain the same to that held by them respectively at the time of such retirement Provided that service in the volunteer forces of the United States or in the army navy or marine corps thereof during the war for the suppression of the rebellion or the war with Spain may be included as of twice its actual length in computing the forty years of service required for retirement

Section 47 The commanding officer of each organization shall at such time as the Commander-in-Chief may direct make a return to the Adjutant-General containing an itemized account and statement of all disbursements of the money appropriated and paid during the preceding year to said organization which account and statement shall be verified by the proper original vouchers for such disbursements

Section 48 No part of the annual appropriations paid under this act to the several organizations of the National Guard shall be used in the purchase erection or construction of any armory unless the title thereto be vested in the Commonwealth

Section 49 The Adjutant-General shall supply to all officers of the National Guard copies of drill regulations manuals of rifle practice service manuals and military publications forms and books prescribed for use of United States Army as the Governor and Commander-in-Chief may designate same to be paid for by warrant drawn by the Adjutant-General upon the State Treasurer in the usual manner

Section 50 The commanding officer of any troops in active service may cause them to perform any military duty he shall require and also to put under arrest any officer or enlisted man who shall disobey the orders of his superior officer and also any person or persons who shall trespass on parade or camp grounds or in any way or manner interrupt or molest the orderly discharge of duty of those in active service and also may prohibit and prevent the sale of spirituous or malt liquors except by licensed houses within two miles of such parade grounds or encampment and also in his discretion abate as a nuisance all hucksters auction sales or gambling

Section 51 Every uniformed company troop or battery of the National Guard may form by-laws rules and regulations with the approval of the Commander-in-Chief not inconsistent with the laws of this State for the government and improvement of its members in military discipline and when approved by two-thirds of all the members belonging to any such company and the Commander-in-Chief such by-laws rules and regulations shall be binding but the same may upon like approval be altered from time to time as may become necessary Provided however that no deductions shall be made from pay of commissioned officers or enlisted men for active service for dues or other financial obligations imposed by such by-laws rules or regulations

Section 52 When an invasion of or insurrection in the State occurs or is threatened or a tumult riot or mob shall exist the Governor may in his discretion place the National Guard or any part thereof on active duty

Section 53 Every commissioned officer and enlisted man shall hold his uniform arms ammunition and accoutrements required by law free from all suits distresses executions or sales for debt or payment of taxes

Section 54 The Adjutant-General may under the direction of the Commander-in-Chief make such disposition of the arms accoutrements ammunition and all other military property belonging to the Commonwealth as will most effectually subserve its military interests or necessities He shall distribute to the officers regiments battalions squadrons and companies of the National Guard the arms uniforms equipments camp equipage and the books required by law to be furnished at public expense and may sue either in contract or tort any or all such officers for loss or damage sustained in articles so furnished He may permit the rifles field pieces and artillery equipments now in possession of any city or county so to remain so long as they provide suitable places of deposit therefor and keep them in good condition without expense to the Commonwealth

Section 55 The Adjutant-General may with the approval of the Commander-in-Chief sell or exchange from time to time such military stores belonging to the Commonwealth as are found unserviceable or in state of decay or which it may be deemed for the interests of the Commonwealth to sell or exchange all moneys received for stores so sold shall be paid into the Treasury of the Commonwealth

Section 56 The Commander-in-Chief is hereby authorized to procure and issue from time to time to the National Guard such flags standards and guidons as may be necessary which as far as practicable shall be similar in style to those of the United States Army

Section 57 Every arm uniform equipment or article of camp equipage owned or issued by the Commonwealth shall be used only in the discharge of military duty and any commissioned officer non-commissioned officer or private who shall wilfully or wantonly injure or destroy any uniform arm equipment or other military property belonging to the Commonwealth or to the United States or refuse to make good such injury or loss or who shall sell dispose of secrete or remove the same or who shall fail within ten days after being notified by his commanding officer to return the same to the Commonwealth or his commanding officer shall be tried by court-martial and if convicted shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not more than one hundred dollars or in default of payment of the same undergo an imprisonment in the county jail of not more than thirty days

Section 58 If any person shall knowingly and wilfully purchase or receive in pawn or pledge any arm accoutrement article of military clothing equipment tent or fly or any quartermaster medical engineer signal property ordnance or ordnance stores the property of the Commonwealth or of the United States in use by the Commonwealth he shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and being convicted thereof in any court of quarter sessions of the proper county shall be sentenced to an imprisonment not exceeding one year and a fine not exceeding three hundred dollars

Section 59 In addition to exemptions now allowed by law any person who shall have performed duty in the National Guard of the State for a period of nine years or who served for nine month or a longer period in active service of the United States and was honorably discharged shall be exempt from further military service except in case of war invasion or insurrection and from serving as a juror if he so desires Every officer and enlisted man in the National Guard shall during his service therein be exempt from service upon any posse comitatus Every officer and enlisted man of the National Guard of the State while in active service for which a per diem rate of pay is paid shall be exempt from jury duty during the period of such active service and any officer or enlisted man shall during his membership in the National Guard of the State be exempt from serving as a juror if he so desires

Section 60 No civil process shall issue or be enforced against any person mustered into the service of this Commonwealth or of the United States during so much of the term as he shall be engaged in active service under orders nor until thirty days after he shall have been relieved therefrom Provided that the operation of all statutes of limitations and presumptions arising from lapse of time shall be suspended upon all claims against such person during such term

Section 61 The Commander-in-Chief may at his discretion appoint and commission an officer with the relative naval rank of captain who shall be during his commission a member of the staff of the Commander-in-Chief and who shall under the direction of the Adjutant-General perform such duties in connection with the naval force of Pennsylvania as may be assigned him

Section 62 In the settlement and payment of any accounts the Adjutant-General shall require except for incidental expenses or allowances authorized by this act or when it may be impracticable an affidavit taken before a person authorized to administer oaths or affirmations to the following effect namely

City (or county) of .....ss Personally appeared before me.....in and for said city (or county)..... of the firm of ..... who having been ..... according to law said that the above account is correct that the articles therein charged were furnished to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania on the order of ..... and that the prices charged for the same are not more than the actual wholesale cash prices charged for goods of like quality to other purchasers and that no commission abatement or allowance whatever has been or is to be given to any person concerned in the ordering or purchasing of said articles or any other person whomsoever and that the said articles are of the quality size and quantity mentioned in the said account .....and subscribed before me this .....day of ..... one thousand nine hundred and .....

Every account before payment shall be approved by the officer ordering the purchase showing that the same is correct as to price that the articles were furnished on his order and supplied as charged Provided That any person who shall be convicted before any court of record in this Commonwealth of wilful perjury under the provisions of this section shall suffer in addition to the penalties now or that may hereafter be provided by the laws of this Commonwealth against perjury the forfeiture of the whole amount of the articles falsely charged for or paid for one-half of

which amount shall go to the person or persons who shall give information and shall prosecute such charge to conviction and the other half shall be paid into the Treasury of the Commonwealth

Section 63 Courts of inquiry may be instituted by the Commander-in-Chief or the commanding officer of the division in relation to those officers for whose trial they are authorized to appoint court martial for the purpose of investigating the conduct of any officer either upon his own solicitation or upon complaint or charge of improper conduct degrading the character of an officer or for the purpose of setting rank but no court of inquiry shall consist of more than one officer who may if approved of by the officer ordering the court of inquiry require an officer or person to act as recorder to attend such court in taking testimony and in investigating any complaint that may come before such court of inquiry Such court of inquiry shall without delay report a statement of facts and when required an opinion thereon to the officer instituting such court who may in his discretion thereupon appoint a court martial for the trial of the officer whose conduct shall have been inquired into

Section 64 Every court martial for the trial of general officers and officers detailed or appointed on the staff of the Commander-in-Chief shall be ordered by the Commander-in-Chief and shall consist of seven officers any five of whom shall constitute a quorum

Section 65 General courts martial for the trial of all other commissioned officers shall be ordered by the division commander for all organizations composing the division by the brigade commander for organizations of a brigade not a part of the division and by the Commander-in-Chief for commissioned officers of departments or corps and for commissioned officers of all organizations not a part of the division or of a brigade and shall consist of five officers any three of whom shall constitute a quorum

Section 66 General courts-martial for the trial of enlisted men of companies battalions or squadrons which report directly to the division commander shall be ordered by him and for the trial of enlisted men of the brigade shall be ordered by the brigade commander and for organizations not a part of a division or brigade by the Commander-in-Chief and shall consist of five officers any three of whom shall constitute a quorum

Section 67 A summary court-martial for the trial of enlisted men belonging to any regiment or separate battalion or squadron shall be ordered by the respective regimental or separate battalion or squadron commander and shall consist of a field officer or captain in such regiment or separate battalion or squadron

Section 68 An unassigned company court-martial for the trial of enlisted men belonging to unassigned companies of infantry signal corps company engineer companies machine gun company field hospital ambulance company troops of cavalry or batteries of artillery shall be ordered by the Commander-in-Chief and shall consist of one officer of the rank of a field officer or captain

Section 69 The officer ordering each court may at any time fill any vacancy that from any cause may happen therein but the member filling such vacancy shall not sit or participate in the trial of a case commenced before he has qualified

Section 70 The jurisdiction of general courts-martial shall extend to and include the trial of all offences against military law order or discipline Their sentences may inflict one or more of the following punishments namely reprimand forfeiture in whole or part of pay and allowances a fine not exceeding one hundred dollars or in default of payment of the same for twenty days after final approval imprisonment not exceeding thirty days suspension of officers from rank dishonorable discharge from the service and in addition in the case of non-commissioned officers their reduction to the ranks The record of every general court-martial and sentence imposed shall receive the approval or disapproval of the Commander-in-Chief who shall have the power to mitigate or remit such sentence

Section 71 The jurisdiction of summary and unassigned company courts-martial shall extend to and include the trial of all infractions of discipline non-attendance at drills abuse or neglect of arms equipment clothing or other military stores

Section 72 A summary or unassigned company court-martial may inflict one or more of the following punishments namely dishonorable discharge reduction to the ranks of non-commissioned officers reprimand forfeiture in whole or part of pay and allowance and a fine not exceeding twenty dollars or in default of payment of the same for twenty days after a final approval imprisonment not exceeding five days

Section 73 No officer or enlisted man under arrest shall be brought to trial before a general court-martial unless the officer convening the court-martial shall have ordered the same within thirty days after such arrest nor until ten days after a copy of the order convening the court and of the charges and specifications shall have been delivered to the accused or left at his usual or last known place of abode

Section 74 There shall be a judge-advocate commissioned or specifically detailed for every general court-martial who shall after all challenges if any shall have been determined administer to each member of the court-martial the following oath of affirmation

You_____do swear (or affirm) that you will well and truly try and determine according to the evidence all matters and issues between the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and any person or persons who shall come before this court-martial and that you will not divulge the findings or sentence of the court to anyone but the proper authority until it shall be duly disclosed by the same and that you will not disclosed or discover the vote or opinion of any particular member of the court unless required to give evidence thereof as a witness in a court of justice in due course of law

Section 75 When all the members of a general court-martial shall have been duly sworn or affirmed the president of the court-martial shall administer to the judge-advocate the following oath or affirmation

You_____do swear (or affirm) that you will not divulge the finding or sentence of the court to any but the proper authority until it shall be duly disclosed by the same and that you will not disclose or discover the vote or opinion of any particular member of the court unless required to give evidence thereof as a witness in a court of justice in due course of law

Section 76 The proceedings and sentence of every court-martial shall without delay be delivered to the officer ordering the court who shall approve or disapprove thereof within fifteen days thereafter and shall give notice of his approval or disapproval to the president or officer of such court-martial to the arresting officer and to the accused and he may at his discretion publish the sentence as approved or disapproved in orders after action thereon by the Commander-in-Chief as provided in section seventy of this act but no part of such sentence shall be published or executed until after the time allowed for appeals has expired and he shall also forward such proceedings and sentences and his approval or disapproval thereof to the Adjutant General for such disposition as may be deemed proper

Section 77 An appeal from the approved finding or sentence of a general court-martial may be made to the Commander-in-Chief within twenty days after the decision appealed from shall have been made known to the person appealing and shall operate as a stay of execution of sentence until the dismissal of such appeal

Section 78 The president of such general court-martial or the officer of a summary battalion squadron or unassigned company court-martial shall issue his warrant for the collection of all fines imposed by said court-martial to the sheriff or any constable of the county in which the court was held or in which the delinquent resides whose duty it shall be to collect all fines provided for by this act in the same manner as he is authorized to collect debts on civil process and make his return to the president of the said court or to the officer of the said summary battalion squadron or unassigned company court-martial or within twenty days certify to the said president or officer that there is no property of the defendant out of which said moneys can be made Upon such return of "no goods" the said president or officer of the court shall issue his warrant of commitment of such delinquent to the proper jail of the county directed to such sheriff or constable who shall forthwith execute said warrant and make proper return of the same to court

Section 79 The keepers and wardens of all county jails are required to receive and confine all military offenders when delivered by such sheriff or constable under the proper certificate of commitment of a general or summary battalion squadron or unassigned company court-martial for and during the term of sentence as set forth in said commitment

Section 80 The senior officer present shall be the president of the court and all the members of such court shall when on duty be in uniform and the president or officer of the court may detail one or more marshals whose duty it shall be to summon all delinquents and parties accused and subpoena all witnesses to appear before the court at the properly designated time and place

Section 81 After a return of the summons by a marshall and certifying service of the same on the accused and upon default of appearance of such accused at the time and place designated for trial the president or officer of the court shall issue his warrant for the arrest of the delinquent directed to the sheriff or to the constable of the county who shall forthwith execute said warrant and make proper return thereof to said court and produce to the said court the body of the accused if within said county and retain the custody thereof until the conclusion of the trial unless sooner discharged by order of the court

Section 82 The president or officer of every court-martial and every court of inquiry both before and after he has been sworn shall issue subpoenas for all witnesses whose attendance at such court may in his opinion be necessary in behalf of the Commonwealth and also on application for all witnesses on behalf of the accused or person returned as delinquent

Section 83 The president or officer of every court-martial or court of inquiry shall have power to administer the usual oath to witnesses and shall have the same power to compel attending witnesses to be sworn and testify and to preserve order as courts of common law jurisdiction and all sheriffs jailers and constables are hereby required to execute any precept or process issued by such president or officer of the court for that purpose

Section 84 Every witness not appearing in obedience to such subpoena when duly served and not having a sufficient or reasonable excuse shall forfeit to the Commonwealth a sum not less than ten nor more than fifty dollars for each default and the president or officer of such court shall from time to time report to the district attorney the names of such delinquent witnesses together with the names and places of residence of the persons serving such subpoena the better to enable him to prosecute for such forfeiture

Section 85 Whenever it shall appear to the satisfaction of any court-martial or court of inquiry by proof made before such court that any person duly subpoenaed to appear as a witness before said court shall have refused or neglected without just cause to attend as such witness in conformity to such subpoena and the party in whose behalf such witness shall have been subpoenaed shall make oath that the testimony of such witness is material such court or the president or officer thereof shall have power to issue an attachment to compel the atendance of such witness

Section 86 Every such attachment shall be executed in the same manner as a warrant and by the sheriff or a constable of the county and the fees for serving the same shal be paid by the person against whom the same shall have been issued unless he shall show reasonable cause to the satisfaction of such court for his omission to attend in which case the party requiring such attachment shall pay the costs such costs shall be ascertained by the court which may thereupon issue an execution for the collection against the person liable to pay the same and which may be col-

lected as other executions are collected by said sheriff or constable

Section 87 All fines and penalties imposed and collected through the sentences of court-martial shall be forwarded to the Adjutant-General and by him paid into the Treasury of the Commonwealth and the neglect or refusal of any marshal sheriff constables or jail warden to execute any process or to make proper return of all fines and penalties collected shall be deemed a misdemeanor and shall subject the offender to a prosecution by the proper district attorney and to a penalty upon conviction of each offense of one hundred dollars to the use of the Commonwealth

Section 88 Any officer or soldier failing to appear upon any occasion of duty to which he shall be ordered by his proper commanding officer shall be subject to a trial by a court-martial and upon conviction failing to render good and sufficient cause therefor he shall be sentenced to pay such fine or undergo such lawful punishment as such court-martial may direct

Section 89 Commissioned officers under arrest shall be suspended from exercising the duties of office and resignations tendered under charges when forwarded by any commanding officer will always be accompanied by a copy of the charges or in the absence of written charges by a report of the case for the information of the Commander-in-Chief

Section 90 The forms practice and procedure in all courts-martial and courts of inquiry shall be as herein prescribed unless altered amended or modified from time to time by orders from the Commander-in-Chief

Section 91 Judge-advocates and members of courts-martial and courts of inquiry and their marshals shall be allowed per diem pay as per military grade for time actually employed in the duties assigned them Transportation shall be furnished them as well as to all prosecutors prisoners witnesses marshals sheriffs and constables to and from the place or places designated for the meetings of said courts The per diem pay of military and civilian witnesses shall be the same as in civil courts of law The fees of sheriffs and constables for serving the processes provided for in this act shall be the same as prescribed by law for similar processes of a civil nature and shall upon proper vouchers being filed be paid out of the appropriation for the support of the National Guard by warrant drawn by the Adjutant-General upon the State Treasurer countersigned by the Auditor-General

Section 92 Copies of this act and all subsequent laws of the Commonwealth relating to the National Guard shall be collected from time to time codified and published by the Adjutant-General and known as "The Military Code of Pennsylvania"

Section 93 The various sections of this act are hereby declared to be independent of each other and in the event of any section thereof hereafter being declared unconstitutional it is the intent and meaning hereof that such section alone should be eliminated therefrom without affecting any other portion of this act

Section 94 The provisions of this act will become effective on and after June first nineteen hundred and fifteen

Section 95 The Act of Assembly approved the fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An act providing for the organization discipline maintenance and regulation of the organized militia of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania otherwise styled the National Guard of Pennsylvania authorizing the Governor to alter divide annex consolidate disband organize or reorganize department or corps providing for admission of new organizations providing that certain privileges and exemption from duty as jurors be enjoyed by members thereof or persons who have served therein also exemption from further military service of persons who have served therein except in case of war invasion or insurrection exempting members of the National Guard from service upon any posse comitatus authorizing general field and commissioned department of staff officers to administer oaths or affirmations in matters concerning National Guard service and authorizing commanding officers to administer oaths or affirmations in enlistment or recruits providing that persons who falsely swear or affirm to any oaths or affirmation shall be deemed guilty of purjury and prescribing punishment therefor providing for annual allowances to be paid to organizations of the National Guard fixing rate per day for hire of horses fixing the per diem pay for officers and enlisted men of the National Guard providing for retirement of commissioned officers providing for Military Board and fixing salaries of members thereof providing for holding of annual encampments and fixing maximum period of same fixing terms of commission of commissioned officers providing that no officer shall remain in command of the division for a longer period than five years providing that officers may be held supernumerary fixing amount of bonds to be filed by certain officers providing for discharge of commissioned officers by the Commander-in-Chief and discharge of enlisted men by commanding officers authorizing the Adjutant-General by permission of the Governor to sell or echange military stores and directing payment into State Treasury of money received from sales so made prescribing the duties of the Adjutant-General authorizing commanding officers of troops under arms to arrest trespassers on parade or camp ground and to prohibit and prevent sale of spirituous liquors except by licensed houses within a radius of two miles of said parade or camp ground and providing that hucksters auction sales or gambling may be abated as a nuisance authorizing the Commander-in-Chief to fix an annual commutation for rifle practice providing that civil process shall not be issued or aforesaid any person mustered into the service of this Commonwealth or of the United States during so much of the term as he shall be engaged in active service under orders not until thirty days after he shall be relieved thereof providing that no officer or soldier shall be arrested upon any warrant except for treason or felony while in the performance of military duty providing for the appointsistent herewith be and the same are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 93, entitled:

An act relating to notice to creditors of decedents estates of the filing of an account by the personal representatives

The first section was read and agreed to as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That after the death of a person those claiming to be creditors of the estate may file with the Clerk of the Orphans Court a sworn statement of their respective claims giving particularly the names and addresses of the said persons claiming to be creditors or of their attorneys

The second section was read as follows:

Section 2 It shall be the duty of the clerk of the orphans' court upon confirmation of the account of the personal representatives of any decedent to certify under his hand and seal of office a list of all claims filed with him under section one of this act to the auditing judge or to the auditor when an auditor is appointed.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. BEYER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 2, line 10, by striking out the word "upon" and insert in lieu thereof the word "before."

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The title was read as follows:

An Act relating to notice to creditors of decedents estates of the filing of an account by the personal representative

On the question,

Will the House agree to the title?

Mr. BEYER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend the title by striking out of the first line thereof the words "notice to" and insert in lieu thereof the words "the filing of claims by."

Further amend the title by striking out of the first line thereof the words "of the" and also by striking out all of line two and adding the following "and providing for a certified list thereof by said Clerk to the auditing judge or auditor before confirmation of the account of the personal representatives of any decedent"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendments?

They were agreed to,

On the question,

Will the House agree to the title as amended?

It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILL ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 573, as follows:

An Act to amend section eighteen of an act entitled "An Act providing for the original location laying out and construction of public roads or highways in the several counties of this Commonwealth and for the permanent improvement of certain public roads or highways therein making such originally constructed or improved roads and highways county roads authorizing the relocation opening straightening widening extension and alteration of the same and the vacation of so much of any road as may thereby become unnecessary providing that the county commissioners of any county may prescribe rules regulating the use of roads constructed or maintained by the various counties and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing for the taking of property for such improvement the compensation to be paid therefor and the payment of damages resulting from such taking and the manner in which such damages may be determined providing for the payment of the costs and expenses of such construction or improvement and in thereafter repairing and maintaining said roads authorizing the levy of a tax or the issuing of bonds to provide a fund for the expense thereof prescribing a method for improving a county road lying within or traversing a borough and apportioning the cost of such improvement and authorizing the vacation of any county road" approved the eleventh day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven as the same was amended by an act approved the twelfth day of May one thousand nine hundred and thirteen by authorizing counties to contract with municipalities in the improvement of certain streets of such municipalities connecting with a county road providing for the cost thereof prescribing the method by which the contract for such improvement shall be made and imposing the cost of the maintenance of such streets on the municipalities

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section eighteen of an act approved the eleventh day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act providing for the original location laying out and construction of public roads or highways in the several counties of this Commonwealth and for the permanent improvement of certain public roads or highways therein making such originally constructed or improved roads and highways county roads authorizing the relocation opening straightening widening extension and alteration of the same and the vacation of so much of any road as may thereby become unnecessary providing that the county commissioners of any county may prescribe rules regulating the use of roads constructed or maintained by the various counties and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing for the taking of property for such improvement the compensation to be paid therefor and the payment of damages resulting from such taking and the manner in which such damages may be determined providing for the payment of the costs and expenses of such construction or improvement and in thereafter repairing and maintaining said roads authorizing the levy of a tax or the issuing of bonds to provide a fund for the expense thereof prescribing a method for improving a county road lying within or traversing a borough and apportioning the cost of such improvement and authorizing the vacation of any county roads" as the same was amended by an act approved the twelfth day of May one thousand nine hundred and thirteen which reads as follows

"Section 18 When a borough intervenes between two ends of a county highway and the borough has failed to properly improve the street or streets constituting the shortest and most reasonable road through said borough which will connect the two ends of such highway it shall be lawful for the councils of such borough to authorize by ordinance that the proper officials of the borough contract in the manner herein provided with the county commissioners that the shortest and most reasonable route through said borough connecting the two ends of such highway be improved

Or when a county highway termintes at the corporate limits of a borough in the same or another county and connects with a borough street which the borough has failed to properly improve and the county commissioners of the county in which the borough is located deem the improvement of such borough street necessary in order to make such county highway easily accessible to the residents of the borough or to the traveling public it shall be lawful for the councils of such borough to authorize by ordinance that the proper officials of the borough contract with the county commissioners in the manner herein provided that such borough street may be improved Whenever an improvement is made to a borough street pursuant to this section it shall be lawful for the county to pay the total cost of such improvement or the cost may be divided between the borough and the county The borough ordinance authorizing the improvement shall stipulate what percentage of the cost if any shall be borne by the borough and what percentage shall be borne by the county The contract for any such improvement may be taken by the county upon the stipulation of the borough to pay its proportionate share of the cost if any upon the completion of the work or it may be taken by the borough upon a like stipulation of the county or the improvement may be made by joint contract

Before any highway is improved under this section the county commissioners and the proper borough officials shall agree upon the maintenance of the highway Such agreement may provide that such highway shall be kept and maintained in good repair by the borough or it may provide that it shall be kept and maintained in good repair by the county and the cost thereof paid by the borough to the county

The proper borough officials shall have the right to issue permits determining the manner in which public service or other corporations or individuals shall place on or under such highway railway tracks pipes conduits telegraph lines or other devices used in the furtherance of business" is amended to read as follows

Section 18 When a municipality intervenes between two ends of a county highway and the municipality has failed to properly improve the municipal streets or highways constituting the shortest and most reasonable route through said municipality which will connect the two ends of such highway it shall be lawful for the councils of such municipality to authorize by ordinance that the proper corporate authorities of the municipality contract in the manner herein provided with the county commissioners that the shortest and most reasonable route through said municipality connecting the two ends of such highway be improved

Or when a county highway terminates at the corporate limits of a municipality in the same or in another county and connects with a municipal street or alley which the municipality has failed to properly improve and the county commissioners of the county in which the municipality is located deem the improvement of such municipal street or alley necessary in order to make such county highway easily accessible to the residents of the municipality or to the traveling public it shall be lawful for the councils of such municipality to authorize by ordinance that the proper corporate officials of the municipality contract with the county commissioners in the manner herein provided that such municipal street or alley or any part thereof be improved and also that there be improved when necessary any part or parts of the streets connected therewith which connect the said county highway with the business district or districts of said municipality or with a system of improved streets therein or which connect the said highway with another county highway terminating at the limits of said municipality. If several municipalities are contiguous to each other and at the corporate limits of any one of them a county highway terminates and one or more of such municipalities have failed to properly improve any municipal street or alley therein and the county commissioners deem the improvement of such street or alley necessary in order to make such highway easily accessible to the residents of the municipality or to the traveling public it shall be lawful for the councils of such municipality or municipalities to authorize the proper corporate authorities to enter into a similar contract with the county commissioners The county commissioners shall have the power to improve said streets or alleys as herein provided and said powers herein given shall also include the right to widen repave or otherwise improve said municipal streets and alleys whenever the same is necessary to accomplish the purpose herein conferred Whenever an improvement is made to a municipal street or alley pursuant to this section it shall be lawful for the county to pay the total cost of such improvement or the cost may be divided between the municipality and county The municipal ordinance authorizing the improvement shall stipulate what percentage of the cost if any shall be borne by the municipality and what percentage of the cost shall be borne by the county The contract for any such improvement may be taken by the county upon the stipulation by the municipality to pay its proportinate share of the cost if any upon the completion of the work or it may be taken by the municipality upon a like stipulation of the county or the improvement may be made by joint contract When municipal streets or alleys are widened or improved by the county in the manner herein provided and special benefits result therefrom to abutting property the city shall collect such benefits in the manner now provided by law and shall apply the amount thereof to its share if any of the cost of such improvement

Before any municipal street or alley is improved under this section the county commissioners and the proper corporate authorities of such municipality shall agree upon the maintenance of such municipal street or alley Such agreement may provide that such municipal street or alley shall be kept and maintained in good repair by the municipality or it may provide that it shall be kept and maintained in good repair by the county and the cost thereof paid by the municipality to the county

The proper corporate authorities of such municipality shall have the right to issue permits determining the manner in which public service corporations or individuals shall place on or under or over such municipal streets or alleys railway tracks pipes conduits telegraph lines or other devices used in the furtherance of business and nothing herein contained should be construed to in any way effect or impair the rights powers and privileges of the municipality in on under over or through the public streets or alleys of such municipalities except as herein provided.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—177.

Adams,	Flynn,	Lipschutz,	Shaaber,
Albee,	Forster,	Love,	Shaffer,
Alcorn,	Fretz,	Luppert,	Shoop,
Arnold,	Fruit,	Luxemburger,	Showalter,
Aron,	Gans,	Lynch,	Sinclair,
Arthur,	Geary,	Mangan,	Smith, J. W.,
Baker,	Geiser,	Marvin,	Smith, Jeff. W.,
Baldwin,	Gibson,	Mather,	Smith, L.,
Barnett,	Gingery,	Maurer,	Snyder,
Bauerle,	Glass,	McArdle,	Sones,
Beck,	Gompers,	McCaig,	[illegible]ngler,
Becker,	Goodnough,	McClure,	Spencer,
Benn,	Goodwin,	McConnell,	Statler,
Benninger,	Goodyear,	McCurdy,	Staving,
Berntheizel,	Gormley,	McDermott,	Steedle,
Beyer,	Graham,	McNichol,	Stern,
Blackburn,	Gransback,	McVicar,	Stone,
Body,	Greenwood,	Mellott,	Swan,
Bovee,	Habgood,	Milliron,	Swartz,
Brosius,	Hackett,	Murdoch,	Taylor,
Brumbaugh,	Hamilton,	Murphy,	Thomas,
Bungard,	Harper,	Myers,	Urich,
Campbell, J. O.	Heffernan,	Neville,	Vickerman,
Campbell, T.,	Herman,	Nieder,	Vogdes,
Christman,	Hess,	Oaks,	Wagner,
Coldsmith,	Heyburn,	Ostrander,	Walsh,
Conner,	Hibshman,	Palmer,	Walter,
Corbin,	Hollingsworth,	Perry,	Walton,
Cox,	Horton,	Peters,	Watson,
Cromer,	Howarth,	Pickering,	Weaver,
Cummins,	Hubler,	Powell,	Weimer,
Curry,	Jack,	Ramsey,	Weir,
Davis,	Jones, E. E.,	Rhoads,	West,
Dawson,	Jones, W. W.,	Rich,	Wettach,
Dell,	Kaiser,	Richards,	Whitaker,
Dodds,	Kitts,	Rininger,	Wildman,
Drinkhouse,	Klinger,	Rinn,	Willard,
Dunn,	Kunkle,	Robertson,	Williams,
Eby,	Lafferty,	Rothenberger,	Wobensmith,
Ehrhardt,	Landis,	Rowell,	Wood,
Eppley,	Lanius,	Rudisill,	Woodward,
Erdman,	Lauer,	Sampsel,	Young,
Evans,	Lauler,	Schaeffer,	Ambler,
Fackler,	Leighner,	Scott,	Speaker.
Finnerty,			

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

GRANTING USE OF HALL OF HOUSE TO STATE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH.

Mr. COX asked and received unanimous consent to offer the following resolution which was twice read, considered and agreed to:

Resolved: That the use of the House of Representatives be granted to Dr. Samuel G. Dixon on Monday night, March the 22nd, between the hours of 8 and 9 for the purpose of exhibiting a motion picture illustrating the Tuberculosis work of the State Department of Health.

Mr. WOODWARD. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to report a bill from committee at this time.

The SPEAKER. Is there objection? The Chair hears none and the report will be received.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. WOODWARD, from the Commmittee on Appropriations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 642, entitled:

An Act to provide for the ordinary expenses of the Executive, Judicial, and Legislative Departments of the Commonwealth, interest on the public debt, and the support of the public schools, for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen, and for the payment of bills incurred and remaining unpaid at the close of the fiscal year ending May thirty-first, one thousand nine hundred and fifteen.

Mr. WOODWARD asked and received unanimous consent to have House Bill No. 642 read for the first time.

BILL ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 642, entitled:

An Act to provide for the ordinary expenses of the Executive, Judicial and Legislative Departments of the Commonwealth, interest on the public debt, and the support of the public schools, for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand nine hundred and fifteen and for the payment of bills incurred and remaining unpaid at the close of the fiscal year ending May thirty-first, one thousand nine hundred and fifteen.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. WOODWARD. Mr. Speaker, I now move that House Bill No. 642 be recommitted to the Committee on Appropriations for the purpose of amendment.

Mr. WHITAKER. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 331, as follows:

An Act requiring each county having a population of one million five hundred thousand and over to establish a pension fund for employes of said county and regulating the payment of such pensions

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That counties having a population of one million five hundred thousand and over shall create a pension fund for the pensioning of all employes who have given twenty years of service in said county No employe under the age of fifty years shall be pensioned unless such employe is totally and permanently disabled

Section 2 Counties having a poulation of one million five hundred thousand and over shall set aside and appropriate a sum not to exceed one-half of one per centum of all taxes for such pension fund

Section 3 The employes shall contribute one per centum of their salaries each succeeding month until they retire on pension when such contribution shall cease

Section 4 The pension allowed shall be one-half of the yearly salary received for the year immediately preceding the year of their retirement

Section 5 The payment of pension shall be made through the department of which said pensioner shall have been last a member

Section 6 All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with this act are repealed

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—158.

Adams,	Fruit,	Luxemburger,	Shoop,
Albee,	Gans,	Lynch,	[illegible]lter,
Alcorn,	Geary,	Mangan,	Sinclair,
Arnold,	Geiser,	Marvin,	Smith, J. W.,
Aron,	Gibson,	Mather,	Smith, Jeff. W.,
Arthur,	Gingery,	McCaig,	Smith, L.,
Baldwin,	Glass,	McClintock,	Snyder,
Bauerle,	Gompers,	McConnell,	Spangler,
Becker,	Goodnough,	McCurdy,	Staving,
Benninger,	Goodyear,	McNichol,	Steedle,
Berntheizel,	Gormley,	McVicar,	Stone,
Beyer,	Graham,	Mearkle,	Swan,
Blackburn,	Gransback,	Milliron,	Swartz,
Bovee,	Greenwood,	Murdoch,	Taylor,
Brosius,	Habgood,	Murphy,	Thomas,
Bungard,	Hackett,	Neville,	Twibill,
Campbell, J. O.,	Hamilton,	Nissley,	Urich,
Campbell, T.,	Harper,	Oaks,	Vickerman,
Christman,	Heffernan,	Ostrander,	Vogdes,
Coldsmith,	Herman,	Palmer,	Walsh,
Conner,	Hess,	Perry,	Walter,
Corbin,	Heyburn,	Peters,	Walton,
Cox,	Hibshman,	Phillips,	Weimer,
Cromer,	Hollingsworth,	Pickering,	Weir,
Cummins,	Horton,	Powell,	West,
Curry,	Howarth,	Ramsey,	Whitaker,
Davis,	Hubler,	Reel,	Whitten,
Dawson,	Jack,	Reynolds,	Wildman,
Dell,	Jones, E. E.,	Rhoads,	Willard,
Diefenderfer,	Jones, W. W.,	Rich,	Williams,
Dodds,	Kaiser,	Richards,	Wilson, H. I.,
Drinkhouse,	Kitts,	Rininger,	Wilson, W. H.,
Dunn,	Lafferty,	Robertson,	Wobensmith,
Eby,	Landis,	Roney,	Woodward,
Ehrhardt,	Lanius,	Rowell,	Wylie,
Eppley,	Lauer,	Sampsel,	Wynne,
Erdman,	Lauler,	Sarig,	Young,
Fackler,	Leighner,	Scott,	Ambler,
Forster,	Lipschutz,	Shaaber,	Speaker.
Fretz,	Love,	Shaffer,	

NAYS—6.

Baker,	Bergy,	Rudisill,	Spencer,
Barnett,	Kunkle,		

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affrmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

RECONSIDERATION OF VOTE.

Mr. HABGOOD. Mr. Speaker, I move that the vote by which House Bill No. 486, entitled:

An Act relating to publication of notices required by the Constitution and laws of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in newspapers in said Commonwealth

was passed on third reading be reconsidered.

Mr. OSTRANDER. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL RE-COMMITTED.

Mr. HABGOOD. Mr. Speaker, I move that House Bill No. 486, entitled:

An Act relating to publication of notices required by the Constitution and laws of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in newspapers in said Commonwealth

be recommitted to the Committee on Printing for the purpose of amendment.

Mr. OSTRANDER. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the final passage and consideration of House Bill No. 619, as follows:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act authorizing companies incorporated under the laws of any other State of the United States for the manufacture of any form of iron steel or glass to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments and to take have and hold real estate necessary and proper for manufacturing purposes" approved the ninth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one extending the same to companies formed for the purpose of quarrying slate granite stone or rocks or for dressing polishing working or manufacturing the same or any of them and to mineral springs companies incorporated for the purpose of bottling and selling natural mineral springs water' approved the sixteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three" approved the nineteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one extending the same to companies formed for the purpose of manufacturing and selling chemicals foodstuffs cement and cement products and the quarrying of cement rock' approved May twenty-eight one thousand nine hundred and seven extending the same to companies incorporated for the manufacture buying selling leasing using and operation of electrical apparatus and machinery and articles of every kind appertaining to or in any wise connected with the production use regulation control distribution or application of electricity or electrical energy or products for any use or purpose constructing acquiring using selling buying or leasing any works construction or plant or part thereof connected with or involving such use distribution regulation control or application of electricity or the control or use of electrical apparatus for any purpose and of producing furnishing and supplying electricity or electrical apparatus in any form and for any purpose and to carry on a general manufacturing business approved the twenty-third day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven extending the same to companies incorporated for the manufacture of any clay into brick tile or other articles and products produced from clay or from clay and other substances mixed therewith"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section one of the act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to amend an act entiled "An Act to amend any act entitled 'An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act authorizing companies incorporated under the laws of any other State of the United States for the manufacture of any form of iron steel or glass to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments and to take have and hold real estate necessary and proper for manufacturing purposes" approved the ninth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one extending the same to companies formed for the purpose of quarrying slate granite stone or rocks or for dressing polishing working or manufacturing the same or any of them and to mineral springs companies incorporated for the purpose of bottling and selling natural mineral springs water' approved the sixteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three" approved the nineteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one extending the same to companies formed for the purposes of manufacturing and selling chemicals foodstuffs cement and cement products and the quarrying of cement rock' approved May twenty-eighth one thousand nine hundred and seven extending the same to companies incorporated for the manufacture buying selling leasing using and operation of electrical apparatus and machinery and articles of every kind appertaining to or in any wise connected with the production use regulation control distribution or application of electricity or electrical energy or products for any use or purpose constructing acquiring using selling buying or leasing any works construction or plant or part thereof connected with or involving such use distribution regulation control or application of electricity or the control or use of electrical apparatus for any purpose and of producing furnishing and supplying electricity or electrical apparatus in any form and for any purpose and to carry on a general manufacturing business approved the twenty-third day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven which reads as follows "It shall and may be lawful for any company incorporated under the laws of any other state for the manufacture of any form of iron steel or glass or for the quarrying of slate granite cement rock stone or rocks of any kind or for dressing polishing or manufacturing the same or any of them or for any mineral springs company incorporated for the purpose of bottling and selling natural mineral springs water or for any company incorporated for the purpose of manufacturing supplying and sale of ice or for the manufacture and sale of chemicals or for the manufacture and sale of foodstuffs and eatables cement and cement products and the quarrying of cement rock or for the manufacture buying selling leasing using and operation of electrical apparatus and machinery and articles of every kind appertaining to or in any wise connected with the production use regulation control distribution or application of electricity or electrical energy or products for any use or purpose constructing acquiring using selling buying or leasing any works construction or plant or part thereof connected with or involving such use distribution regulation control or application of electricity or the control or use of electrical apparatus for any purpose and of producing furnishing and supplying electricity or electrical apparatus in any form and for any purpose and to carry on a general manufacturing business to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments within this Commonwealth and to have and hold real estate to an amount necessary and proper therefore Provided that nothing herein contained shall be deemed to prevent or relieve real estate taken and held by such company under the provisions of this statute from being taxed in like manner with other real estate within this Commonwealth and provided further That no foreign corporation shall be entitled to employ any greater amount of capital in any such business in this State than the same kind of corporations organized under the laws of this State are entitled to employ And provided further That every such foreign corporation doing business as aforesaid in this Commonwealth shall be liable to taxation to an amount not exceeding that imposed on corporations organized for similar purposes under the laws of this State and every such foreign corporation taking the benefit of this act shall make the same returns to the Auditor General that are now required by law of the corporations of this State" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 1 It shall and may be lawful for any company incorporated under the laws of any other state for the manufacture of any form of iron steel or glass or for the quarrying of slate granite cement rock stone or rocks of any kind or for dressing polishing or manufacturing the same or any of them or for any mineral springs company incorporated for the purpose of bottling and selling natural mineral springs water or for any company incorporated for the purpose of manufacturing supplying and sale of ice or for the manufacture and sale of chemicals or for the manufacture and sale of foodstuffs and eatables cement and cement products and the quarrying of cement rock or for the manufacture buying selling leasing using and operation of electrical apparatus and machinery and articles of every kind appertaining to or in any wise connected with the production use regulation control distribution or application of electricity or electrical energy or products for any use or purpose constructing acquiring using selling buying or leasing any works construction or plant or part thereof connected with or involving such use distribution regulation control or application of electricity or the control or use of electrical apparatus for any purpose and of producing furnishing and supplying electricity or electrical apparatus in any form and for any purpose and to carry on a general manufacturing business or for the mining and manufacturing of any clay into brick tile and various other articles and products produced from clay or from clay and other substances mixed therewith to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments within this Commonwealth and to have and hold real estate to an amount necessary and proper for corporate purposes Provided that nothing herein contained shall be deemed to prevent or relieve real estate taken and held by such company under the provisions of this statute from being taxed in like manner with other real estate within this Commonwealth And provided further That no foreign corporation shall be entitled to employ any greater amount of capital in any such business in this State than the same kind of corporations organized

under the laws of this State are entitled to employ And provided further That every such foreign corporation doing business as aforesaid in this Commonwealth shall be liable to taxation to an amount not exceeding that imposed on corporations organized for similar purposes under the laws of this State and every such foreign corporation taking the benefit of this act shall make the same returns to the Auditor General that are now required by law of the corporations of this State"

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—157.

Adams,	Gompers,	McConnell,	Smith, Jeff. W.,
Albee,	Goodnough,	McCurdy,	Smith, L.,
Alcorn,	Goodwin,	McDermott,	Sones,
Arnold,	Goodyear,	McNichol,	Spangler,
Aron,	Gormley,	McVicar,	Statler,
Arthur,	Graham,	Mearkle,	Staving,
Baldwin,	Gransback,	Metzenbacher,	Steedle,
Bauerle,	Greenwood,	Milliron,	Stern,
Benn,	Habgood,	Murdoch,	Stone,
Bergy,	Hackett,	Murphy,	Swartz,
Berntheizel,	Hamilton,	Myers,	Taylor,
Beyer,	Harper,	Neville,	Thomas,
Blackburn,	Heffernan,	Nissley,	Twibill,
Brosius,	Hess,	Oaks,	Urich,
Bungard,	Heyburn,	Ostrander,	Vickerman,
Campbell, T.,	Hibshman,	Palmer,	Vogdes,
Christman,	Hollingsworth	Perry,	Wagner,
Conner,	Horton,	Peters,	Walsh,
Corbin,	Howarth,	Phillips,	Walter,
Cox,	Hubler,	Pickering,	Watson,
Cromer,	Jack,	Powell,	Weaver,
Cummins	Jones, E. E.,	Ramsey,	Weimer,
Curry,	Jones, W. W.,	Reel,	Weir,
Dawson,	Kaiser,	Reynolds,	West,
Dell,	Kitts,	Rich,	Wettach,
Dodds,	Klinger,	Richards,	Whitaker,
Drinkhouse,	Kunkle,	Rininger,	Whitten,
Dunn,	Lafferty,	Rinn,	Wildman,
Eby,	Landis,	Robertson,	Willard,
Ehrhardt,	Lauer,	Roney,	Williams,
Flynn,	Lauler,	Rowell,	Wilson, W. H.,
Forster,	Leighner,	Sampsel,	Wobensmith,
Fretz,	Lipschutz,	Scott,	Wood,
Fruit,	Love,	Shaaber,	Woodward,
Gans,	Luxemburger,	Shaffer,	Wylie,
Geary,	Lynch,	Shoop,	Wynne,
Geiser,	Marvin,	Showalter,	Young,
Gibson,	Mather,	Sinclair,	Ambler,
Gingery,	Maurer,	Smith, J. W.,	Speaker.
Glass,	McCaig,		

NAYS—6.

Baker,	Body,	Rothenberger,	Sarig,
Becker,	Herman,		

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affrmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the final passage and consideration of House Bill No. 92, as follows:

An Act relating to checks and drafts and fixing penalties.

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That a person is guilty of a misdemeanor who makes and delivers to another a check or draft on a bank or trust company and thereby obtains credit or personal property of any nature if such check or draft when presented for payment within reasonable time is not paid because the maker has no account or has not sufficient funds on deposit to pay the check or draft

Section 2 A person convicted of a misdemeanor under section one of this act shall be sentenced to pay a fine or undergo imprisonment in the county prison as follows

If the amount of the check or draft is under twenty dollars he shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not more than one hundred dollars or to undergo imprisonment not to exceed thirty days

If the amount of the check or draft is twenty dollars or more he shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than fifty nor more than five hundred dollars and to undergo imprisonment not to exceed two years

Section 3 If within twenty days after receipt of actual notice oral or written of protest of the check or draft the person making and delivering the check or draft pays the amount of the check or draft with protest fees he shall not be prosecuted under this act If prosecution has actually begun it shall be dismissed at the cost of defendant on payment of the check or draft with protest fees as aforesaid

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—171.

Adams,	Flynn,	Marvin,	Shoop,
Albee,	Forster,	Mather,	Showalter,
Alcorn,	Fretz,	Maurer,	Sinclair,
Arnold,	Fruit,	McArdle,	Smith, J. W.,
Aron,	Gans,	McCaig,	Smith, L.,
Arthur,	Geiser,	McClure,	Snyder,
Baker,	Gibson,	McConnell,	Sones,
Baldwin,	Gingery,	McCurdy,	Spangler,
Bauerle,	Glass,	McDermott,	Spencer,
Beck,	Gompers,	McKay,	Statler,
Becker,	Goodnough,	McNichol,	Staving,
Benn,	Goodwin,	McVicar,	Steedle,
Benninger,	Goodyear,	Mearkle,	Stern,
Bergy,	Gormley,	Metzenbacher,	Stone,
Berntheizel,	Graham,	Milliron,	Swan,
Blackburn,	Gransback,	Murdoch,	Swartz,
Body,	Greenwood,	Murphy,	Taylor,
Bovee,	Hackett,	Myers,	Thomas,
Brosius,	Hamilton,	Neville,	Trach,
Brumbaugh,	Harper,	Nissley,	Urich,
Bungard,	Heffernan,	Oaks,	Vickerman,
Campbell, J. O.,	Hess,	Ostrander,	Vogdes,
Campbell, T.,	Heyburn,	Palmer,	Wagner,
Christman,	Hibshman,	Perry,	Walsh,
Conner,	Hollingsworth,	Peters,	Walter,
Corbin,	Horton,	Phillips,	Watson,
Cox,	Howarth,	Pickering,	Weaver,
Cromer,	Hubler,	Powell,	Weimer,
Cummins,	Jack,	Ramsey,	Weir,
Curry,	Jones, E. E.,	Reynolds,	Whitaker,
Davis,	Jones, W. W.,	Rhoads,	Whitten,
Dawson,	Kaiser,	Rich,	Wildman,
Dell,	Kitts,	Richards,	Willard,
Diefenderfer,	Klinger,	Robertson,	Williams,
Dodds,	Kunkle,	Roney,	Wilson, W. H.,
Drinkhouse,	Lafferty,	Rothenberger,	Wobensmith,
Dunn,	Landis,	Rowell,	Wood,
Eby,	Lanius,	Sampsel,	Woodward,
Ehrhardt,	Lauler,	Sarig,	Wylie,
Eppley,	Leighner,	Schaeffer,	Wynne,
Erdman,	Lipschutz,	Scott,	Young,
Evans,	Luxemburger,	Shaaber,	Ambler,
Fackler,	Lynch,	Shaffer,	Speaker.

NAYS—4.

Beyer,	Lauer,	Twibill,	West,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affrmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the final passage and consideration of House Bill No. 30, as follows:

An Act relating to the vacation of public roads and their continuance as private roads

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That in all proceedings in the courts of this Commonwealth involving the vacation of any part of any public road the viewers are hereby given jurisdiction to determine that such public road or any part of the same shall be vacated as a public road and that the same or any part thereof shall remain and continue as a private road for the use of abutting and appurtenant properties and shall so report to the court with a recommendation as to the fences bars and gates

Section 2 The courts of this Commonwealth having jurisdiction of such proceedings are hereby given jurisdiction to approve modify or set aside such report and recommendations and to enter a final decree accordingly and no damages shall be allowed any landowner on account of such private road taking the place of a public road

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—120.

Adams,	Finnerty,	Luxemburger,	Sarig,
Albee,	Flynn,	Lynch,	Scott,
Alcorn,	Forster,	Mangan,	Shaffer,
Arnold,	Fretz,	Mather,	Shoop,
Aron,	Fruit,	Maurer,	Sinclair,
Arthur,	Geiser,	McCaig,	Smith, J. W.,
Bauerle,	Gibson,	McClintock,	Sones,
Becker,	Gingery,	McCurdy,	Spangler,
Benn,	Glass,	McNichol,	Spencer,
Benninger,	Gompers,	McVicar,	Statler,
Bergy,	Goodnough,	Mearkle,	Steedle,
Berntheizel,	Goodyear,	Milliron,	Stern,

Beyer,	Gormley,	Neville,	Stone,
Blackburn,	Habgood,	Nieder,	Swan,
Body,	Hackett,	Nissley,	Taylor,
Bovee,	Hamilton,	Oaks,	Urich,
Bungard,	Hess,	Ostrander,	Wagner,
Conner,	Hollingsworth,	Palmer,	Walter,
Corbin,	Horton,	Perry,	Watson,
Cox,	Howarth,	Peters,	Weaver,
Cromer,	Hubler,	Pickering,	Weimer,
Curry,	Jack,	Powell,	West,
Davis,	Jones, E. E.,	Reynolds,	Wildman,
Dawson,	Jones, W. W.,	Rich,	Williams,
Dell,	Kaiser,	Rininger,	Wilson, H. I.,
Diefenderfer,	Klinger,	Rinn,	Wobensmith,
Dunn,	Lafferty,	Robertson,	Wood,
Eby,	Landis,	Rothenberger,	Wylie,
Ehrhardt,	Lauler,	Rowell,	Ambler,
Evans,	Luppert,	Sampsel,	Speaker.
Fackler,			

NAYS—10.

Baker,	Campbell, J. O.,	Heyburn,	Roney,
Baldwin,	Campbell, T.,	Leighner,	Twibill,
Brosius,	Harper,		

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 723, as follows:

An Act to validate appraisements and titles made and effected to surviving husbands and wives by virtue of an act entitled "An Act to amend section one of an act entitled 'An Act relating to the descent and distribution of the estates of intestates' passed and approved April eighth one thousand eight hundred and thirty-three defining and declaring the interest that shall descend to and vest in the surviving husband or wife of such intestate" approved the first day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine

Whereas by misapprehension of the method of appraisement to be made under an act entitled "An Act to amend section one of an act entitled 'An Act relating to the descent and distribution of the estates of intestates' passed and approved April eighth one thousand eight hundred and thirty-three defining and declaring the interest that shall descend to and vest in the surviving husband or wife of such intestate" approved the first day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine a great many appraisements have been made by two appraisers and confirmed by the court instead of three appraisers and titles to real estate and personal property have thus been affected and acquired now therefore

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That all appraisements of real and personal estate of intestates heretofore made and approved by decree of the Orphans' Court in pursuance of the act entitled "An Act to amend section one of an act entitled 'An Act relating to the descent and distribution of the estates of intestates passed and approved April eight one thousand eight hundred and thirty-three defining and declaring the interest that shall descend to and vest in the surviving husband or wife of such intestate" approved the first day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine are hereby declared to be valid and effectual to vest in the husband or wife the title of such intestates in the real estate or personal property so appraised to them or each of them and approved by decree of the Orphans' Court provided however That this act shall not affect any litigation now pending in any court of this Commonwealth under the act as amended

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—181.

Adams,	Geary,	McCaig,	Sinclair,
Albee,	Geiser,	McClintock,	Smith, J. W.,
Alcorn,	Gibson,	McClure,	Smith, Jeff. W.,
Arnold,	Gingery,	McConnell,	Smith, L.,
Aron,	Glass,	McCurdy,	Snyder,
Arthur,	Gompers,	McDermott,	Sones,
Baker,	Goodnough,	McKay,	Spangler,
Baldwin,	Goodwin,	McNichol,	Spencer,
Bauerle,	Goodyear,	McVicar,	Statler,
Beck,	Gormley,	Mearkle,	Staving,
Becker,	Graham,	Metzenbacher,	Steedle,
Benn,	Gransback,	Milliron,	Stern,
Bergy,	Greenwood,	Mellott,	Stone,
Berntheizel,	Habgood,	Murphy,	Swan,
Beyer,	Hackett,	Myers,	Swartz,
Blackburn,	Hamilton,	Neville,	Taylor,
Body,	Harper,	Nieder,	Thomas,
Bovee,	Heffernan,	Nissley,	Trach,
Brosius,	Herman,	Oaks,	Twibill,
Brumbaugh,	Hess,	Ostrander,	Urich,
Bungard,	Heyburn,	Palmer,	Vickerman,
Campbell, J. O.,	Hibshman,	Perry,	Vogdes,
Campbell, T.,	Hollingsworth,	Peters,	Wagner,
Christman,	Horton,	Phillips,	Walsh,
Conner,	Howarth,	Pickering,	Walter,
Corbin,	Hubler,	Powell,	Walton,
Cox,	Jack,	Ramsey,	Watson,
Cromer,	Jones, E. E.,	Reel,	Weaver,
Cummins,	Jones, W. W.,	Reynolds,	Weir,
Curry,	Kaiser,	Rhoads,	West,
Davis,	Kitts,	Rich,	Wettach,
Dawson,	Klinger,	Richards,	Whitaker,
Dell,	Kunkle,	Rininger,	Whitten,
Diefenderfer,	Lafferty,	Rinn,	Wildman,
Dodds,	Lauer,	Robertson,	Willard,
Drinkhouse,	Lauler,	Roney,	Williams,
Dunn,	Leighner,	Rothenberger,	Wilson, H. I.,
Eby,	Lipschutz,	Rowell,	Wilson, W. H.,
Ehrhardt,	Love,	Sampsel,	Wobensmith,
Eppley,	Luxemburger,	Sarig,	Wood,
Fackler,	Lynch,	Schaeffer,	Woodward,
Finnerty,	Mangan,	Scott,	Wylie,
Flynn,	Marvin,	Shaaber,	Wynne,
Forster,	Mather,	Shaffer,	Young,
Fretz,	Maurer,	Shoop,	Ambler,
Fruit,	McArdle,	Showalter,	Speaker.
Gans,			

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 582, as follows:

An Act authorizing municipalities to enter into certain contracts and make appropriations regarding libraries

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That when by any gift or gifts or bequest or bequests any estate or estates real or personal exceeding twenty thousand dollars is given or bequeathed for the purpose of establishing in a municipality a free public nonsectarian library on a permanent basis for the use of the residents of the municipality and there is attached to such gift or gifts or bequest or bequests a condition that the municipality shall provide for the maintenance in whole or in part of the library or the maintenance of a librarian of such library or both the municipality may enter into a perpetual contract with the donor or the representative of any testator or corporation created to execute such gift or gifts or bequest or bequests for the payment annually of a certain fixed sum of money at such periods as may be agreed upon between the contracting parties Such sum shall be applied for the maintenance of the library or for the employment and maintenance of a suitable librarian or both in accordance with the terms of the gift or gifts or bequest or bequests.

Section 2 The municipality shall appropriate annually for the compensation of such librarian not to exceed the amount of one mill on a dollar on all taxable property in the municipality

Section 3 All acts or parts of acts not consistent herewith are hereby repealed

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—183.

Adams,	Forster,	Mather,	Smith, J. W.,
Albee,	Fruit,	Maurer,	Smith, Jeff. W.,
Alcorn,	Gans,	McArdle,	Smith, L.,
Arnold,	Geary,	McCaig,	Snyder,
Aron,	Gingery,	McClintock,	Sones,
Arthur,	Glass,	McClure,	Spangler,
Baker,	Goodnough,	McCurdy,	Spencer,
Baldwin,	Goodwin,	McKay,	Statler,
Barnett,	Goodyear,	McVicar,	Staving,
Bauerle,	Gormley,	Mearkle,	Steedle,
Beck,	Graham,	Metzenbacher,	Stern,
Becker,	Gransback,	Milliron,	Stone,
Benninger,	Greenwood,	Murdoch,	Swan,
Bergy,	Habgood,	Murphy,	Swartz,
Berntheizel,	Hackett,	Myers,	Taylor,
Beyer,	Hamilton,	Neville,	Thomas,
Blackburn,	Harper,	Nieder,	Trach,
Body,	Heffernan,	Nissley,	Twibill,
Bovee,	Herman,	Oaks,	Urich,
Brosius,	Hess,	Ostrander,	Vickerman,
Brumbaugh,	Heyburn,	Palmer,	Vogdes,
Bungard,	Hibshman,	Perry,	Wagner,
Campbell, J. O.,	Hollern,	Peters,	Walsh,
Campbell, T.,	Horton,	Phillips,	Walter,

Christman,	Howarth,	Pickering,	Walton,
Coldsmith,	Hubler,	Powell,	Watson,
Conner,	Jack,	Ramsey,	Weaver,
Corbin,	Jones, E. E.,	Reynolds,	Weimer,
Cox,	Jones, W. W.,	Rhoads,	Weir,
Cromer,	Kaiser,	Rich,	West,
Cummins,	Kitts,	Richards,	Wettach,
Curry,	Klinger,	Rininger,	Whitaker,
Davis,	Kuhn,	Rinn,	Whitten,
Dawson,	Kunkle,	Robertson,	Wildman,
Dell,	Lafferty,	Roney,	Willard,
Diefenderfer,	Landis,	Rothenberger,	Williams,
Dodds,	Lauer,	Rowell,	Wilson, H. I.,
Drinkhouse,	Lauler,	Sampsel,	Wilson, W. H.,
Dunn,	Leighner,	Sarig,	Wobensmith,
Eby,	Lipschutz,	Schaeffer,	Wood,
Ehrhardt,	Love,	Scott,	Woodward,
Erdman,	Luppert,	Shaaber,	Wylie,
Evans,	Luxemburger,	Shaffer,	Wynne,
Fackler,	Lynch,	Shoop,	Young,
Finnerty,	Mangan,	Showalter,	Ambler,
Flynn,	Marvin,	Sinclair,	Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affrmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Mr. GRANSBACH. Mr. Speaker, I desire to call House Bill No. 295, File Folio 2273, from page eight of to-day's calendar. Bills on third reading postponed.

Agreeably to order,

The House resumed the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 295, entitled:

An Act to protect the public health in cities of the first class in this Commonwealth and for that purpose creating in the Department of Public Health and Charities four Bureaus to be called the Bureaus of Hospitals and Charities Health Sanitation and Housing said Bureaus to have the supervision and control in said cities of Hospitals and Charities Health Sanitation and Housing as herein set forth and other matters affecting the public welfare so far as regards the use and occupancy of all buildings and the appurtenances thereto occupied in whole or in part as places of residence by more than two families living separate and apart and providing for themselves also the licensing supervision and control and the use of lodging rooming apartment and tenement houses fixing the responsibility for violations of any of the provisions of this act and also giving power to said Bureaus to make rules and regulations to govern certain conditions affecting health and sanitation and the licensing of certain trades industries and premises and providing for punishments and penalties for violations of any of the rules and regulations made by the Department of Public Health and Charities or by any of its Bureaus under the powers granted by this act also providing for the filing of liens also providing for the inspection by the Bureau of building inspection and the fire marshal of said cities of the first class and repealing all laws inconsistent herewith

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. FORSTER. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, this bill is what is known as the "Philadelphia Housing Bill." It is strictly a Philadelphia measure and affects no other part of the State. The bill in its original form was opposed by some of us from Philadelphia, but since the bill first appeared on the floor of this House, it has been so amended as to meet the objections of we who opposed it. Inasmuch as I was one of those who did oppose the bill in the first place, I want to call the attention of the House very briefly to some of the changes. In the first place we objected to a clause in the bill—I might say before I start out that the bill provided for a housing law and provided for a chief of housing and also created four other departments which were under the direction of the Department of Public Health and Charities a department having the care of hospitals, a department having charge of charities, a department of sanitation and a department of plumbing. Now under the old bill, each chief of each department was an absolute czar without any restrictions whatever. We, who opposed it in the first place, thought that this was too much power to put in the hands of one man, we therefore had an amendment inserted in the bill which provided that the four chiefs of the departments together with the Director of Public Health and Charities should comprise a bureau, which bureau would create rules governing the departments.

The necessity for a department such as a Department of Sanitation—the name carries the meaning with it—in a city like Philadelphia is obvious. This Department has charge of everythng that will need inspection other than hospital charities and housing. An objection that can be found to this Department was that it gave the Chief of the Bureau of Sanitation charge of the plumbing without putting any restriction upon the men who would be actual inspectors of the plumbing. For that reason we felt that there should be a clause inserted in there for a Division of Plumbing and House Draining which should be in charge of an expert and which should be comprised of plumbers who had complied with the law with respect to examination and certified as registered plumbers. That was accordingly done.

As far as the housing was concerned, there were some changes inserted, some failure cut out; for instance a provision which removed charitable organizations from any inspection. Now, why in the world people who are supposedly in favor of sanitary housing conditions should object to having their places inspected, I do not know. But as the bill now stands all the charitable institutions, as well as the houses for correction, are subject to the same rules and regulations as tenement houses and lodging houses. That is, all that I mean are subject to the same rules and to the same inspection. It is a good bill, gentlemen. We who live in the city and are confronted with this tenement house problem every day—the district from which I have come contains possibly more or as many tenements as any other one section of Philadelphia, what little knowledge I have of tenement conditions I have gotten at first hand. I feel the necessity for the regulation of tenements. On the other hand, I do not think that an absolutely drastic set of rules, which are nonenforcible and cannot be complied with, is a proper regulation for the tenement. Under this act we will have a set of rules which will care for the poor, a set of rules which will prevent the abuse of those who are compelled to live in tenements and, at the same time, are not so drastic as to put a poor man's house entirely beyond his reach. Now, gentlemen, we Philadelphians ask you to support this bill. We think it is a good thing and we want it passed.

Mr. EBY. Mr. Speaker, I was glad to be able to listen to the beautiful cloak and to the beautiful dress put upon this bill under consideration at this time. House Bill No. 295 is a bill with a record in this House, gentlemen, and even though I stand alone I shall not allow the polished and eloquent gentleman from Philadelphia to deter me from registering my objections in the few simple homespun words I have to utter. It is a characteristic of Perry countians to say what they have to say in a manner that you cannot help but understand where we are at. I am against this House Bill for two reasons: First, because when I first dropped into a meeting of the Public Health and Sanitation Committee two bills were about to be considered or reported—whatever they call it, I do not know. I asked what they were and was told in a peculiar, short way and in a manner in which my spirit of resentment came straight back. There is nothing about me that will be caught with a bullet in the back. If I get hit it will be from a bullet coming from in front, as far as I am concerned, because I will go on even though I stand alone. I do not like the provisions of this bill. A friend of mine from Philadelphia, who is not interested in Philadelphia politcs, made the journey from Phladelphia to Harrisburg and asked me to try to defeat House Bills Nos. 294 and 295. He told me that in the City of Philadelphia there were conditions existing that were not as they should be; there were housing conditions there, gentlemen, that needed attention. There was a bill passed by this House in the session of 1913 with 177 votes for and 2 against it, after many hearings had been given on the bill. It was sent to the Senate and passed without a dissenting voice and taken to the Governor and signed and then taken to the City of Philadelphia to apply and on account of gang methods in Philadelphia they failed to comply with the law. He went over this matter quite carefully. Afterwards I went to Philadelphia and went over the grounds there known as the tenements.

I do not know anything about tenements, practically, but I have seen a few, but in our county we have but one tenement and that is what makes me feel a little hesitation in getting on the floor and speaking on this bill but I feel that the facts should be known to you. Last week when this bill was before you it was defeated. It was afterwards reconsidered and it went back to the committee and the gentlemen who voted for tha reconsideration of that bill were under the impression it would be recommitted for a hearing which would have been just and proper. If this is a just bill, as has been pointed out by my friend from Philadelphia if this bill has merit, why didn't we have a hearing on it? Why didn't they allow the House Committee to meet and have a hearing on this bill? The time for partisan legislation is past. Iam not here as a follower of any particular clique. Now I don't like the forty-one votes from Philadelphia to push through any legislation I have and for that reason come to me and force me into voting for this bill because legislation I have may suffer if I don't vote for it. These are things that happen on the floor of this House and that you have seen on the floor of this House since we have been here. Everybody is interested, and why? Because it is a pet measure they want to get through. I want to say to you gentlemen that if you do your duty and stand up like men that have backbone and take a lot and go forward in the face of opposition you will not pass this bill but vote it down and give the people of Philadelphia an opportunity to try out the bill passed in 1913 and give them an opportunity to put it into effect.

They talk about the revision of this bill, that they have amended this bill so that it meets all requirements. I notice the first amendment in section 2, line 1, they struck out "each of the bureaus created by this act," and then inserted "the Director of the Department of Public Health and Charities together with the Chiefs of the Bureaus herein created shall constitute a Board which Board" is hereby authorized, etc. Now, I guess that is not right. They struck that out. Now some of these lawyers here may be going to have a good time with me but I am going to have my time first. I know where I stand and will tell you where I stand, too. In section 2, lines 19, 20 and 21 they strike out "Director of the Department of Public Health and Charities of cities of the firstclass and the Board of Health." That is under the first bill and that is what it should be. Now it shall be the "Select Councils of cities of the first-class." If I am correctly informed, gentlemen of the House, this Select Council, into whose hands this power should be given are this day standing under an indictment. I do not know if that is a fact or not but I am informed that they are under indictment for contempt of Court. If that is the case it would be a nice state of affairs to leave the City Council tell the Court they don't have any say this time.

Gentlemen of the House I have a iittle data here I would like to present at this time. I feel deeply on this bill and would like to win this fight as a man does not like to lose his first fight. I have been informed that these gentlemen from Philadelphia represent certain real estate interests there. I have been informed that the real estate interests tnat they represent comprise a party of three persons who have constituted themselves a board of inquiry, trying to have the bill of 1913 repealed and they in turn represent about one hundred and seventy houses against which this day there are one hundred and eighty complaints for unsanitary conditions. Now is it any wonder, gentlemen, if you want to be fair and square, that if some person comes to you and you own a house and there is something unsanitary about the house and that man, in the interest of the community and the health of the people, tells you you must repair that unsanitary condition, don't you feel antagonistic to him and don't you feel like kicking him out if you have the power? It is just such people that are interested in the repeal of this bill. Gentlemen I thank you for your attention and I hope that you will see your way clear to defeat this bill once for all.

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, I am not going to detain you very long with any remarks which I shall make on the bill which is now before us for consideration. When this bill first came up before this House I opposed it and voted against it because I felt that there were some provisions in the bill which did not conform with fair treatment. The most notable provision to which I objected in the bill in its original shape was the concentration of power in the hands of one individual. Now, the Housing Code of 1913 was even more drastic than the original bill which is now before the House, prior to its amendment. In the code of 1913 the power to make rules and regulations touching matters covered by that act vested in the Chief of the Department, but even did not stop there. The Director of the Department of Public Health and Charities could over-ride any rule or regulation which that Chief might make, thereby vesting an arbitrary power in the head of that Department. When the Housing Code was before this House in the session of 1913, of which I had the honor to be a member, there was no objection to it. There were some hearings. It was a new matter and no one even at those hearings interposed an objection to any provisions of that bill. Of course, the bill passed both Houses of this Legislature and was enacted into law; but then when they started to put the bill into operation it became very apparent that it consisted of tremendously drastic provisions which practically drove out of business the people who were engaged in the tenement and apartment house business in the City of Philadelphia.

Now this bill applies only to the City of Philadelphia. Therefore, when this session of the legislature came into existence this bill was offered in original form as a substitute, but it also contained, what to my mind was an unfair provision, in that it placed in the hands of the chiefs of the divisions created by this bill the right to make rules and regulations to govern them and thereby concentrated the power in one man.

I objected to the bill in that form because I do not believe in the concentration of power in the hands of one individual. When this bill was defeated originally and then recommitted the bill was amended so that the power to make rules and regulations should be in the hands of the chiefs of all the divisions created by this bill, together with the director of the Department of Public Safety. These four chiefs, together with the director, constituted a board that should make the rules and regulations. That eliminated the main and chief objection I had to the bill. Now my friend from Perry County has told this House that there is some difficulty in Philadelphia which requires and necessitates action upon this bill at this time, that there is a necessity for haste. He is mistaken when he says that there are any politicians or members of council under indictment.

Under the original bill, which came in here as a reform measure, it gave the authority to appoint a number of inspectors, not less than one hundred, irrespective of the needs of tne community. That was a mandatory provision in the bill. The council of the City of Philadelphia, objecting to such a mandatory provision, irrespective of the needs and requirements of the community, did not provide for the payment of the salaries of the inspectors appointed under a reform administration, and thereupon they were taken into court and the question was agrued there. The judge who heard that argument decided that it was a mandatory provision and that council must make a provision for such payment, giving them a certain time to do it, irrespective of the necessity of that number of inspectors.

Now, sir, the reason for this bill being presented to this Legislature and being upon the calendar at this time, is to eliminate that objectionable feature. Here only such inspectors as are necessary to carry out the provisions of the act shall be appointed, and that is a matter to be determined upon by the chiefs of the departments, together with the director of the department of public health and sanitation in Philadelphia.

Now, all of the Philadelphia members, as far as I am able to learn, are a unit in the support of this bill. It applies only to Philadelphia, and is of no interest outside of the county of Philadelphia. With the only objectionable feature of the original bill eliminated, we stand as a unit in the support of this bill, and I would ask the members of this House to join with us in the support of it.

Mr. GEISER. Mr. Speaker, I voted no when this bill was first considered, but I am now going to vote aye. I am thoroughly in sympathy with what Mr. Wilson and Mr. Forster have said. They know what they want in Philadelphia. Give Philadelphia what it wants, and give Northumberland what Northumberland wants.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—130.

Adams,	Gompers,	McArdle,	Spangler,
Albee,	Goodnough,	McCaig,	Statler,
Aron,	Goodwin,	McClintock,	Staving,
Arthur,	Gormley,	McDermott,	Steedle,
Baldwin,	Graham,	McNichol,	Stern,
Bauerle,	Gransback,	McVicar,	Stone,
Becker,	Habgood,	Mearkle,	Swan,
Benn,	Hackett,	Myers,	Swartz,
Benninger,	Hamilton,	Neville,	Thomas,
Berntheizel,	Harper,	Nieder,	Trach,
Beyer,	Heffernan,	Ostrander,	Twibill,
Bovee,	Hess,	Palmer,	Urich,
Campbell, J. O.,	Heyburn,	Perry,	Vogdes,
Christman,	Hibshman,	Pickering,	Wagner,
Conner,	Hollingsworth,	Powell,	Walsh,
Corbin,	Horton,	Ramsey,	Walter,
Cox,	Howarth,	Reel,	Walton,
Cummins,	Hubler,	Reynolds,	Weimer,
Curry,	Jones, E. E.,	Rhoads,	Weir,
Dawson,	Jones, W. W.,	Rininger,	West,
Dodds,	Kaiser,	Rinn,	Wettach,
Drinkhouse,	Kitts,	Robertson,	Whitaker,
Dunn,	Klinger,	Roney,	Whitten,
Fackler,	Lafferty,	Rothenberger,	Wildman,
Finnerty,	Landis,	Rowell,	Willard,
Flynn,	Lauer,	Scott,	Wilson, H. I.,
Forster,	Lauler,	Shoop,	Wilson, W. H.,
Fretz,	Leighner,	Showalter,	Wobensmith,
Gans,	Lipschutz,	Sinclair,	Woodward,
Geary,	Love,	Smith, J. W.,	Wynne,
Geiser,	Luxemburger,	Smith, Jeff. W.,	Ambler,
Gibson,	Lynch,	Smith, L.,	Speaker.
Glass,	Mangan,	Sones,	

NAYS—43.

Alcorn,	Cromer,	Mather,	Rudisill,
Arnold,	Davis,	Maurer,	Sarig,
Baker,	Diefenderfer,	McClure,	Shaffer,
Barnett,	Eby,	McConnell,	Spencer,
Beck,	Eppley,	McCurdy,	Vickerman,
Bergy,	Gingery,	McKay,	Watson,
Blackburn,	Goodyear,	Metzenbacher,	Weaver,
Body,	Jac	Oaks,	Williams,
Bungard,	Kunkle,	Peters,	Wood,
Campbell, T.,	Lanius,	Phillips,	Wylie,
Coldsmith,	Marvin,	Rich,	

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

BILL ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 326, as follows:

An Act amending sections one three five and six of an act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act for the government of cities of the second class' approved the seventh day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one providing for the levy collection and disbursement of taxes and water rents or rates and conferring certain powers and duties in reference thereto upon the city treasurer the Board of Water Assessors and the collector of delinquent taxes and repealing certain acts relating to matters herein provided for" approved May twelfth one thousand nine hundred and eleven as amended by an amendment to the first paragraph of the third section of said act approved May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and thirteen Pamphlet Laws three hundred and ninety changing the time of the collection of taxes and water rents and the duties of the Board of Water Assessors and city treasurer and collector of delinquent taxes in reference thereto and the time for the levy and assessment thereof

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section one of the said act approved May twelfth one thousand nine hundred and eleven which reads as follows

"Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the annual levy of taxes and water-rents or rates in cities of the second class shall be based upon detailed statements of the receipts and expenditures for each year ending the thirty-first day of December and also upon estimates of the amounts required for the ensuing fiscal year commencing February first of all the departments of said cities

All taxes and water-rents or rates shall be levied and assessed annually at the time provided by the act to which this is a supplement and it shall be the duty of all the departments of the city government to make reports of the receipts and expenditures of their various departments and also estimates of the amounts required for the ensuing year upon which the taxes for the succeeding year are to be based to the councils of said cities on or before the first day of January in each year" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That taxes and water rents or rates in cities of the second class shall be levied and assessed annually and all appropriations shall be made annually by general ordinance prior to the first day of December of each year which shall fix and determine the same for the ensuing fiscal year commencing January first

It shall be the duty of all the departments of the city government to make reports of the receipts and expenditures of their various departments and also estimates of the probably revenues to be collected by and of the probable amounts required by the respective departments for the ensuing fiscal year to the council at such time prior to December first of each year as may be required by council Said reports together with the report of the city controller of the total amounts received by the city from taxes and other revenues in prior years and also an estimate by the city Controller of the probable revenues of the ensuing fiscal year shall be submitted to council for the purpose of enabling the council to determine the amount of taxes and other revenues reasonably to be anticipated for the ensuing fiscal year and to determine the rate of taxes or mileage to be fixed to meet the current expenses of the city for the ensuing fiscal year

That section three of said act approved May twelve one thousand nine hundred eleven as amended by the amendment thereto approved May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred thirteen which reads as follows

"Section 3 All taxes and water rents or rates levied for city and water purposes shall be payable in advance during the months of March April and May of each year except water rents for water supplied to consumers through a meter Where water is supplied to consumers through a meter the council of the city may by ordinance prescribe the time or times at which such meters shall be read and the terms and conditions as to meter service and the time or times at which payments for water supplied through a meter shall be made and they may also provide for a minimum rate or rates for meter service of both domestic or commercial users of water In the absence of such provision by ordinance the Board of Water Assessors shall read such meters not less than four times per year and shall read all such meters during the months of December and January of each year for the preceding twelve months or as near thereto as may be convenient and shall assess the water rents for the water consumed at the rates annually during the months of March April and May of each succeeding year

A discount of two per centum shall be allowed on all taxes and water rents or rates paid during the month of March during the months of April and May all taxes and water rents or rates shall be payable at face all of said payments to be made at the office of the city treasurer and in case said taxes or water rents or rates be not paid at the times fixed for the payment of the same said taxes and water rents or rates shall be deemed delinquent and shall be placed in the hands of the collector of delinquent taxes for collection and three per centum of the total amount of said taxes and water rents or rates shall forthwith be added to said delinquent taxes and water rents or rates as a penalty for the non-payment thereof at the times herein prescribed and in addition to said penalty said delinquent taxes and and water rents or rates shall bear interest at the rate of one-half per centum per month on the face amount of said delinquent taxes and water rents or rates for each and every month or part thereof that the same shall remain delinquent and unpaid

Said city shall have the further right to shut off the supply of water to any premises at any time upon the non-payment of the water rents or rates levied and assessed for water supplied thereto as and when the same becomes due and payable" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 3 All taxes levied in accordance with the provisions of section one hereof shall be payable in advance during the months of January February and March of each fiscal year Water rents or rates which are payable on a flat rate basis shall also be payable in advance during the same months The taxpayers shall also have the option to elect to pay the aforesaid taxes and water rents or rates quarterly as follows namely the first quarterly payment during the month of January the second quarterly payment during the month of April the third quarterly payment during the month of July and the fourth quarterly payment during the month of October and each of the said quarterly payments shall become delinquent on the first of each succeeding month and shall thereafter bear the same penalties and interest charges as hereinafter provided for delinquent taxes Water which is supplied to consumers on a metered basis shall be payable at such time or times as may be prescribed by ordinance The city shall have power to prescribe by ordinance the time or times at which meters shall be read the terms and conditions on which water will be supplied on a metered service and the time or times on which payment for such water shall be made it shall also have the power to prescribe the discounts if any which shall be allowed for prompt payment and the penalties if any which may be imposed for delayed payments and also to provide for a minimum rate or rates for meter service for all classes of users of water including both domestic and commercial In the absence of any provision by ordinance in reference to the same the Board of Water Assessors shall read all meters not less than four times per year and shall read all

meters during the months of October and November of each year and ascertain the amount of water used in each year as shown by said meters for the preceding twelve months or as near thereto as may be convenient and shall assess the water rents or rates for the water consumed at the rates fixed from time to time by ordinance and the same shall be payable annually during the months of January February and March of each succeeding year

A discount of two per centum shall be allowed on all taxes or water rents or rates due under the provisions of this act and paid during the month of January. During the months of February and March all taxes and water rents or rates shall be payable at face all of said payments to be made to the city treasurer at his office and at such other place as may be designated by the city treasurer and in case said taxes or water rents or rates be not paid at the times fixed for the payment of the same said taxes and water rents or rates shall be deemed delinquent and shall be placed in the hands of the collector of delinquent taxes for collection and two per centum of the total amount of said taxes and water rents or rates shall forthwith be added to said delinquent taxes and water rents or rates as a penalty for the non-payment thereof at the times herein prescribed and in addition to said penalty said delinquent taxes and water rents or rates shall bear interest at the rate of one-half per centum per month on the face amount of said delinquent taxes and water-rents or rates for each and every month or part thereof that the same shall remain delinquent and unpaid

Said city shall have the right as heretofore to charge all consumers of water for water furnished by said city and also to make such exemptions or reductions of rates as may be fixed by ordinance to any public charity school religious institution and kindred institution and for said purposes to have and possess all of the rights in respect to the collection of said rents or rates as are now in force or may hereafter be enacted

Said city shall have the further right to shut off the supply of water to any premises at any time upon the non-payment of the water rents or rates levied and assessed for water supplied thereto as and when the same becomes due and payable

That section five of said act approved May twelfth one thousand nine hundred eleven which reads as follows

"Section 5 The councils of said cities are hereby authorized and empowered to create a Board of Water Assessors consisting of three qualified citizens to be appointed by the mayor one of whom shall be designated by the mayor as the chairman of said board Councils shall provide a sufficient number of employes for conducting the affairs of this board and shall fix the salaries of the members and employes thereof Councils shall annually levy and fix a schedule of water rents or rates and the rents at what water will be furnished by meter and the conditions upon which the same shall be furnished and shall have the right to require the use of meters generally or in specified classes of users and said board shall have the power and authority of assessing water rents or rates in accordance therewith and for this purpose said board and its employes shall have the right to enter and inspect all dwellings or buildings whenever they deem it necessary

Said board of water assessors shall have the power to grant exonerations on account of vacancy and non-use of water and for other causes upon such terms as may be prescribed by councils Any person firm or corporation which shall feel aggrieved by any assessment made by said board may personally or by his or its duly authorized agent appeal to the full board of water assessors sitting as a board of revision and demand a reassessment of the same All such appeals shall be by petition and affidavit which shall be filed with the clerk of said board on or before the first day of April of each year On the consideration of such appeals the said board shall have the power to examine under oath or affirmation any and all witnesses who may be brought before them Any owner who is dissatisfied with the final decision of said board upon said appeal may appeal therefrom to the court of common pleas of said county wherein said property is situate and for that purpose may present to said court or file in the prothonotary's office within thirty days after said final decision a petition signed by such person or his or its duly authorized agent therefor setting forth the facts of the cases notice of which appeal shall be given to the board of water assessors within fifteen days thereafter Thereupon the said court shall proceed at its earliest convenience to hear said appeal and to make such order and decree touching the matter complained of as may seem just and equitable The costs of the appeal and hearing shall be paid by the losing part or be apportioned between the parties as the court may direct Either party aggrieved by such decision shall have the right of appeal to the supreme or superior court in the same manner as appeals are taken in other cases to said courts

No appeals taken from such assessment shall prevent the collection of the water-rents or rates complained of but in case the same shall be reduced then the excess or overpayment shall be returned to the person who shall have paid the same

It shall be the duty of the Board of Water Assessors in said cities to furnish the Department of Assessors a copy of all water assessments made by them with a description of all properties against which such water rents or rates have been levied and assessed on or before the first day of February in each year and said Department of Assessors shall include in their annual return of tax assessments to the city treasurer all water tax assessments so furnished by the Board of Water Assessors" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 5 The councils of said cities are hereby authorized and empowered to create a Board of Water Assessors consisting of three qualified citizens to be appointed by the mayor one of whom shall be designated by the mayor as the chairman of said board Councils shall provide a sufficient number of employes for conducting the affairs of this board and shall fix the salaries of the members and employes thereof Councils shall annually levy and fix a schedule of water rents or rates and the rents at what water will be furnished by meter and the conditions upon which the same shall be furnished and shall have the right to require the use of meters upon such terms and conditions as may be prescribed by ordinance either in specified classes of users or in certain sections of the city or generally throughout the city and said board shall have the power and authority of assessing the water rents or rates in accordance therewith and for this purpose said board and its employes shall have the right to enter and inspect all dwellings or buildings whenever they deem it necessary

Said board of water assessors shall have the power to grant exonerations on account of vacancy and non-use of water and for other causes upon such terms as may be prescribed by councils Any person firm or corporation which shall feel aggrieved by any assessment made by said board may personally or by his or its duly authorized agent appeal to the full board of water assessors sitting as a board of revision and demand a reassessment of the same All such appeals shall be by petition and affidavit which shall be filed with the clerk of said board on or before the first day of February of each year On the consideration of such appeals the said board shall have power to examine under oath or affirmation any and all witnesses who may be brought before them Any owner who is dissatisfied with the final decision of said board upon said appeal may appeal therefrom to the court of common pleas of said county wherein said property is situate and for that purpose may present to said court or file in the prothonotary's office within thirty days after said final decision a petition signed by such person or his or its duly authorized agent therefor setting forth the facts of the case notice of which appeal shall be given to the Board of Water Assessors within fifteen days thereafter Thereupon the said court shall proceed at its earliest convenience to hear said appeal and to make such order and decree touching the matter complained of as may seem just and equitable The costs of the appeal and hearing shall be paid by the losing party or be apportioned between the parties as the court may direct Either party aggrieved by such decision shall have the right of appeal to the supreme or superior court in the same manner as appeals are taken in other cases to said courts

No appeals taken from such assessment shall prevent the collection of the water rents or rates complained of but in case the same shall be reduced then the excess or overpayment shall be returned to the person who shall have paid the same

It shall be the duty of the Board of Water Assessors in said cities to furnish the Department of Assessors a copy of all water assessments made by them with a description of all properties against which such water rents or rates have been levied and assessed on or before the first day of December in each year and said Department of Assessors shall include in their annual return of tax assessments to the city treasurer all water assessments so furnished by the Board of Water Assessors

That section six of said act approved May twelfth one thousand nine hundred eleven which reads as follows

"Section 6 All taxes and water rents or rates unpaid at the end of the last month in which by the terms of this act the same are payable shall be deemed delinquent and it shall be the duty of the city treasurer to prepare a registry or list of all delinquents and place the same in the hands of the delinquent tax collector on or before the thirtieth day of June of each year

The collector of delinquent taxes shall receive such compensation either by a fixed salary or by fees as councils may by ordinance provide and all ordinances now in force in said cities fixing such compensation shall remain in force until otherwise changed by the councils of such cities" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

Section 6 All taxes and water rents or rates unpaid at the end of the last month in which by the terms of this act the same are payable shall be deemed delinquent and it shall be the duty of the city treasurer to prepare a registry or list of all delinquents and place the same in the hands of the delinquent tax collector on or before the thirtieth day of April of each year

The collector of delinquent taxes shall receive such compensation either by a fixed salary or by fees as councils may by ordinance provide and all ordinances now in force in said cities fixing such compensation shall remain in force until other wise changed by the councils of such cities

That section seven of said act approved May twelfth one thousand nine hundred and eleven which reads as follows

"Section 7 The collector of delinquent taxes shall immediately upon said list being furnished to him proceed to collect such delinquent tax and water-rents or rates and if the same shall remain delinquent it shall be the duty of said collector of delinquent taxes on or before the twenty-eighth day of February in each year following the date when such taxes and water-rents or rates became payable to prepare a list of all delinquents and to publish the same twice in three newspapers in said cities one of which may be a daily news-

paper printed in the German language or if there are not that number of newspapers in said cities in such number of newspapers as are therein Said list shall contain the names of said delinquents the ward in which the property against which such delinquents taxes and water-rents or rates were assessed the street or public highway upon or near which such property is located or if more than one street the name of one of the streets upon or near which the same is located the amount of such delinquent taxes and water-rents or rates and the year for which the same were assessed

If said delinquent taxes or water-rents or rates are not paid it shall be the duty of the collector of delinquent taxes to file liens against the property subject to the payment of such taxes or water-rents or rates and to collect the same in the manner provided by law

Upon the request of any property owner for a separation of taxes the collector of delinquent taxes shall furnish a statement of the taxes on the separate properties of the said owner as requested and shall receive payments of taxes on the separate properties Provided That in case said taxes have been advertised or a lien has been entered that all costs therefor shall be paid And also provided That in case assessments of the separate properties have not been made that a certified statement of the assessed valuation of the separate properties as required shall first be obtained from the board of assessors And provided further That the collector of delinquent taxes may in his discretion refuse to allow a separation of taxes unless the separate properties if continguous are shown on a recorded plan" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 7 The collector of delinquent taxes shall immediately upon said list being furnished to him proceed to collect such delinquent tax and water-rents or rates and if the same shall remain delinquent it shall be the duty of said collector of delinquent taxes on or before the twenty-eighth day of February in each year following the date when such taxes and water-rents or rates became delinquent to prepare a list of all delinquents and to publish the same once in two newspapers in said cities one of which may be a newspaper printed in the German language or if there are not that number of newspapers in said cities in such number of newspapers as are therein same to be let to the lowest responsible bidder based on the lowest rate per thousand circulation Said list shall contain the names of said delinquents the ward in which the property against which such delinquent taxes and water-rents or rates were assessed the street or public highway upon or near which such property is located or if more than one street the name of one of the streets upon or near which the same is located the amount of such delinquent taxes and water-rents or rates and the year for which the same were assessed

If said delinquent taxes or water-rents or rates are not paid it shall be the duty of the collector of delinquent taxes to file liens against the property subject to the payment of such taxes or water-rents or rates and to collect the same in the manner provided by law

He shall file a single lien against any property to cover all of the taxes including water-rents or rates for any one year

Upon the request of any property owner for a separation of taxes the collector of delinquent taxes shall furnish a statement of the taxes on the separate properties of the said owner as requested and shall receive payments of taxes on the separate properties Provided That in case said taxes have been advertised or a lien has been entered that all costs therefor shall be paid and also provided That in case assessments of the separate properties have not been made that a certified statement of the assessed valuation of the separate properties as requested shall first be obtained from the board of assessors And provided further That the collector of delinquent taxes may in his discretion refuse to allow a separation of taxes unless the separate properties if contiguous are shown on a recorded plan

This act shall take effect the first day of July Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and fifteen

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—180.

Adams,	Geiser,	Mangan,	Shaffer,
Albee,	Gibson,	Marvin,	Shoop,
Alcorn,	Gingery,	Mather,	Showalter,
Arnold,	Glass,	Maurer,	Sinclair,
Aron,	Glenn,	McArdle,	Smith, J. W.,
Arthur,	Gompers,	McCaig,	Smith, Jeff. W.,
Baker,	Goodnough,	McClintock,	Smith, L.,
Baldwin,	Goodwin,	McConnell,	Sones,
Bauerle,	Goodyear,	McCurdy,	Spencer,
Beck,	Gormley,	McDermott,	Staving,
Becker,	Graham,	McNichol,	Steedle,
Bergy,	Gransback,	McVicar,	Stern,
Berntheizel,	Greenwood,	Mearkle,	Stone,
Beyer,	Habgood,	Metzenbacher,	Swan,
Blackburn,	Hackett,	Milliron,	Swartz,
Bovee,	Hamilton,	Murdoch,	Taylor,
Brosius,	Harper,	Murphy,	Trach,
Brownlee,	Heffernan,	Myers,	Twibill,
Bungard,	Herman,	Neville,	Urich,
Campbell, J. O.,	Hess,	Nieder,	Vickerman,
Campbell, T.,	Heyburn,	Nissley,	Vogdes,
Christman,	Hibshman,	Oaks,	Wagner,
Conner,	Hollingsworth,	Ostrander,	Walsh,
Corbin,	Horton,	Palmer,	Walter,
Cox,	Howarth,	Perry,	Walton,
Cromer,	Hubler,	Peters,	Watson,
Cummins	Jack,	Phillips,	Weaver,
Curry,	Jones, E. E.,	Pickering,	Weimer,
Davis,	Jones, W. W.,	Powell,	Weir,
Dawson,	Kaiser,	Ramsey,	West,
Dell,	Kitts,	Reel,	Wettach,
Diefenderfer,	Klinger,	Reynolds,	Whitaker,
Dodds,	Kuhn,	Rhoads,	Whitten,
Drinkhouse,	Kunkle,	Rich,	Wildman,
Dunn,	Lafferty,	Richards,	Willard,
Eby,	Landis,	Rinn,	Williams,
Ehrhardt,	Lanius,	Robertson,	Wilson, H. I.,
Evans,	Lauer,	Roney,	Wilson, W. H.,
Fackler,	Lauler,	Rowell,	Wobensmith,
Finnerty,	Leighner,	Sampsel,	Wood,
Flynn,	Lipschutz,	Sarig,	Woodward,
Forster,	Love,	Schaeffer,	Wylie,
Fretz,	Luppert,	Scott,	Wynne,
Fruit,	Luxemburger,	Shaaber,	Young,
Gans,	Lynch,		Ambler,
Geary,			Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 516, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Board of Game Commissioners for the payment of salaries traveling expenses establishment maintenance and protection of game preserves feeding propagation and distribution of game leasing of land for game preserves and various incidental expenses

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of three hundred and thirty-four thousand eight hundred dollars ($334,800) is hereby specifically appropriated to the Board of Game Commissioners of this Commonwealth for the payment of the salary of the secretary of the said board who is also the chief game protector for the years one thousand nine hundred fifteen and one thousand nine hundred sixteen at five thousand dollars per annum (ten thousand dollars) for the payment of the salary of the assistant chief game protector for the years one thousand nine hundred fifteen and one thousand nine hundred sixteen at two thousand dollars per annum (four thousand dollars) for the payment of the salary of a clerk who shall be a bookkeeper stenographer and typewriter for the years one thousand nine hundred fifteen and one thousand nine hundred sixteen at fifteen hundred dollars per annum (three thousand dollars) for the payment of the salary of one clerk who shall be a stenographer and typewriter for the years one thousand nine hundred fifteen and one thousand nine hundred sixteen at fourteen hundred dollars per annum (two thousand eight hundred dollars) for the payment of salaries of fifty game protectors during the years one thousand nine hundred fifteen and one thousand nine hundred sixten at the rate of one hundreds dollars per month (one hundred and twenty thousand dollars) for the payment of the traveling and all necessary expenses for the Board of Game Commissioners and the game protectors for the payment of services rendered or expenses incurred by either deputy game protectors or special game protectors under a specific and written order of the chief game protector for the payment of incidental office expenses attorneys' fees and such other expenditures as may be deemed necessary by the Board of Game Commissioners for the proper carrying out of the provision of an act creating the Board of Game Commissioners during the years one thousand nine hundred fifteen and one thousand nine hundred sixteen the sum of one hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars

For the purpose of establishing additional game preserves and the maintenance and protection of game preserves already established the protection of game feeding of game and the propagation and the distribution of game throughout the State as directed by the Board of Game Commissioners including the leasing of lands for game preserves during the years one thousand nine hundred fifteen and one thousand nine hundred sixteen the sum of seventy thousand dollars

Moneys hereby appropriated shall be paid monthly to the secretary of the Board of Game Commissioners upon the presentation of duly certified vouchers of the expenditures of money previously drawn and satisfactory proof to the Auditor General that the expenditure is necessary for the enforcement of the laws of the Commonwealth relative to the protection of game of song and insectivorous birds or for the intelligent and necessary carrying into effect the

purpose for which said Board of Game Commissioners was created

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I note that this bill provides for an appropriation of three hundred and thirty-four thousand and eight hundred dollars. That appropriation contains, as I figure it out, a provision for salaries amounting to one hundred and thirty-nine thousand dollars. The appropriations here in 1913, if I am correct, for like services were about forty-eight thousand dollars. Some one ought to explain to this House thoroughly the necessity for the increase in salaries and the increase in the number of game protectors and why the salary of a game protector should be raised from nine hundred dollars to twelve hundred dollars and why other offices should be created and why the salaries of those that had previously been four thousand dollars should now be raised to five, and from eighteen hundred to two thousand dollars. If there is a good reason for all this, I am willing to vote for the bill. I don't want to appear mean in taking care of the administration but I cannot see any good reason for this increase in salary unless it can be explained to me.

Mr. PHILLIPS. Mr. Speaker, in answer to the gentleman from Delaware, I want to say that the increase in the amount of the appropriation for game warden is due very largely to the fact that we have just passed bills increasing the burden upon the different game wardens and increasing their duties. Heretofore, the bounties that had been paid out to the county commissioners was taken by the justices of the peace; that was their duty; the bill we passed yesterday puts that burden upon the game protectors. It is necessary, in order to take this out of the county commissioners' hands, to allow the game warden to have this duty and therefore it was necessary to increase the number of game wardens and this is one of the reasons why we ask for an increase in the appropriation. This appropriation, as I understand it, is the money that is paid into the treasury by the license that is paid by the hunters in the State.There is no money taken out of the State Treasury. The Game Department is self-supporting. the money that is paid in by the license pays this increase of salary and is made so that we can get better men in this Department. We ask for this appropriation because the game commissioner who has made a life-time study of this subject is entitled to an increase in salary and we ask for an increase in the salaries of the wardens in order to get better men to carry out the work to be done by game wardens to enforce the game laws in Pennsylvania. This has been requested by the men who are interested in Pennsylvania.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, realizing that our State pays to a trooper in the State Police only seventy-five dollars a month, who is on duty every day, and who is not only a police officer but a game warden, and that Department, since its creation, has made over one thousand arrests for violation of the game laws, and they do it for seventy-five dollars a month and that is considered proper payment for them. That subject was thoroughly discussed in the last Legislature and it was decided to be ample pay. I cannot see why the game wardens who practically walk around most of the year, doing very litle, according to past experience, and I repeat I cannot see why their salaries should be increased from nine hundred dollars a year to twelve hundred dollars a year. It don't seem to me to be following out the policy of the Party pledges of the Party that I am connected with. I am willing to vote for that bill if they will reduce it to nine hundred dollars; or I am willing to vote for the bill if they can show the necessity for fifty instead of twenty game wardens. Knowing that at the present time every constable in the State has the power of a game warden and knowing that the Constabulary of the State are also acting game wardens and knowing all this it does seem to me that after we have gotten this money into our treasury for a certain purpose that instead of using it for another purpose that we use it for the repopulating in the different game preserves of quadrupeds, mammals and birds in the different sections of our State. Instead we now take three hundred and thirty-four thousand dollars of that money and put it into salaries. In my judgment, that is not following out the policy of the party pledges and I will not support the bill in that position unless the salaries are brought down on a par with men who are appointed in our State on the Constabulary and who work every day of the year as State police. Under the present law the game wardens get nine hundred dollars, and I don't think that their salary ought to be increased knowing the services that they give to the public, so far as my experience goes, and I question whether the increase of the number is necessary, from twenty to fifty, when we know that every constable in every township and all of our State Constabulary give their assistance and I believe that the twenty game wardens provided by the Game Commission is sufficient.

Mr. WOBENSMITH. Mr. Speaker, as the sponsor of this bill, I desire to correct any misapprehension that may possibly have been caused by the remarks of the gentleman from Delaware. In the first place, this bill does not in any way conflict with the State Constabulary and there should be no question of conflict of the State Constabulary raised whatever. It is true that this bill provides for fifty game wardens but the idea is that these men shall be men who are trained not only for the arrest of people who are violating game laws but also for the propagation and development of the game of this Commonwealth. I drew this bill having absolutely no interest whatever in game; I know nothing whatever about it from that standpoint. It was handed to me by the Council for the State Hunters' Association and has the unqualified support of every qualified sportman of Pennsylvania. For these reasons I ask you to give your support to this bill.

Mr. MILLIRON. Mr. Speaker, I was very much surprised, indeed, to hear our good friend from Delaware take this opportunity of making an attack on this game bill in order to speak on the Constabulary Bill in which he is interested. As the members of this House know he is the sponsor of the bill advocating legislation on the State Constabulary and I don't wish to accuse him of taking this opportunity to make an extra talk on his own bill but it does sound, in what he says, that way and leads me to think that may be possible. I think that when the gentleman from Delaware has a bill to raise the salary of the State Police, if any member of this House would suggest when his bill is presented instead of giving them twelve hundred dollars, they shall be given,—

POINT OF ORDER.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I rise to a point of order. The Constabulary Bill is not under consideration and it is out of order to discuss the Constabulary Bill at this time.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman from Armstrong will confine himself to Bill No. 516.

Mr. MILLIRON. Mr. Speaker, if I am compelled to confine myself to Bill No. 516, I haven't anything further to say, because the gentleman from Delaware didn't say anything about Bill No. 516; he spoke about the State Constabulary Bill. This raising of salaries of every fellow who comes in here and who wanted his salary increased has been taking place from the judges down to the janitor and the gentleman from Delaware never raised his voice in defense of that or in opposition to it. Here comes an appropriation of our own money; in the other bills we were appropriating money of the State; but here is our own money and it seems to me that we have a right to appropriate it for this purpose. I ask you to consider this bill favorably.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, as my friend has called into this argument the question of a bill that I introduced here, I wish to say that I simply introduced that bill for a Department and the gentlemen know what my position is.

POINT OF ORDER.

Mr. MILLIRON. Mr. Speaker, I rise to a point of order. The gentleman is again talking on the Constabulary Bill.

The SPEAKER. The point of order is well taken. The gentleman from Delaware will confine himself to Bill No. 516.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I simply wish to call attention of the House that the duties of the State Constabulary not only was the duties to act as police officers in keeping the peace, but acting as game wardens of the State.

Mr. KITTS. Mr. Speaker, I rise to a point of information. I would like to have the Chair inform me which bill we are proceeding under—the Game Warden Bill or the Constabulary Bill?

The SPEAKER. The bill under consideration is House Bill No. 516, File Folio 2697.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, indirectly I stated to the House that every constable in the State, every member of the State Police, was a game warden. We are discussing the salaries of game wardens and what is a wise thing for this Legislature to do in fixing the salaries of the game protectors, which is practically the same proposition. I have a right to draw comparisons to show what has been paid for services of a similar character by the State, as an illustration, as to whether these salaries should be increased. I have called the attention of the House to the fact that to enforce these game laws of our State, if we are to rely entirely upon the police power, upon these fifty men, then we had better increase them to two hundred instead of fifty but knowing that every constable and every member of the State Constabulary is also doing that police work. We ought to have some light on the question when you say that salaries should be increased other than that the State Sportsmen's Association has concluded that that ought to be. I presume if you were to ask the sportsmen why, they would say that we want gentlemen on the force; we want them at good salaries; we do not want the people that are usually called the working class. I am calling your attention to the fact that it involves over one hundred thousand dollars in salaries. Would it not be wiser if it should be used in another way, or else the surplus go back to the State for our hospitals and our schools? This would be perfectly proper because it is the State's property. We had the right if we saw fit, to charge each man a dollar, and it did not mean necessarily that in a carrying out the idea of the administration and the idea of the public in propagating and protecting the game that we increase the salaries so as to get rid of the balance. That is a fit argument to bring before a Legislature.

Mr. CROMER. Mr. Speaker, and gentlemen of the House, I am familiar with the wild life of Pennsylvania. (Laughter.) Gentlemen, I refer to bird and animal life. I am familiar with House Bill No. 516 and I contributed and expect to contribute to this money. The gentleman from Delaware, a gentleman in whom I place a great deal of confidence and hold in the highest esteem, called attention to the fact that there were too many new positions created. I want to state that I was in favor of creating new positions because after going to the expense and trouble that we do to have game introduced into Pennsylvania, and planted, as it were, in the Game Preserves, it is not protected and men kill game out of season. We want the law obeyed. We want the law enforced. We do not want game killed out of season. Now in regard to salaries, one hundred dollars a month is not a particularly fat salary, although I am fundamentally opposed to the boosting of salaries. That was a point that appealed to me. I was not very enthusiastic about increasing salaries, although it comes out of the fund that does not cost the Commonwealth a penny. It comes out of the Hunter's license fees and the Game Commission thought by paying one hundred dollars a month we will get good, faithful men who will see that the law is enforced. Surely, every man who likes to go into the field when the leaves begin to turn appreciates the wild life of Pennsylvania and wants to see it conserved as much as possible.

Mr. MILLIRON. Mr. Speaker, I would like to interrogate the gentleman from Delaware, Mr. Baldwin.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Delaware permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. BALDWIN. Surely, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. MILLIRON. Mr. Speaker, the gentleman made the statement, if I understood it correctly, that he was in favor of this money going to the schools and hospitals of this State.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, the gentleman is mistaken, I did not make that statement.

Mr. MILLIRON. Mr. Speaker, I will leave that to the House.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I will repeat what I stated if the gentleman will let me.

Mr. MILLIRON. Yes, sir.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I stated that if this department was properly managed and organized, and there was any surplus it was better to use the surplus for other purposes.

Mr. MILLIRON. Mr. Speaker, the question I wanted to ask the gentleman from Delaware, is this. You want this House to understand that the money in that fund by law can be appropriated for schools and other purposes.

Mr. BALDWIN. If the department sees that it has more money than it needs for the department, after being fully operated, if there is a balance there would be no trouble to get the Legislature to put it in some other department.

Mr. WOBENSMITH. Mr. Speaker, in answer to the statement which the gentleman from Delaware has just made, I would read to you a section of the Act of 1913 creating this very fund (Pamphlet Laws of 1913, page 91) section 12 provides, "All license fees collected under the provisions of this act, and all fines and penalties imposed and collected for violation of any of its provisions shall be paid to the State Treasurer as hereinbefore designated, who shall keep the moneys thus collected as a fund separate and apart solely for the purpose of wild bird and game protection and for the purchase and propagation of game under the supervision of the Board of Game Commissioners of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and the payment of bounties under the provisions of the law." Now then, Mr. Speaker, I have just been informed that in the year 1913 there was collected under the provisions of this section of the act the sum of $305,000.00, and in the year 1914 the sum of $290,000.00, making all told in this fund, the Hunters' license fund, the sum of $595,000.00. Now this bill does not call for the appropriation of all of that sum, but simply a portion of it, leaving a balance for the other purposes of this act of 1913, namely to pay the bounties and for such other purposes as may be included therein. Furthermore, this bill does not entirely call for the expenditure of all of this $334,000.00 covering a period of two years for the payment of salaries, a large portion of it is for the propagation and conservation of game.

Mr. RICH. Mr. Speaker, my impression is that the fish wardens, fire wardens and the rangers also as a part of their duties act as game wardens. And it seems to me that the paying of salaries of this kind to the game wardens is going to raise a great deal of dissatisfaction among the rangers, foresters and the fish and fire wardens, and the meagre salaries that they receive. The rangers' duties are much more arduous than the duties required of the game wardens, and I think that the salaries of these others might be raised, and a compromise made between the salaries offered here to the game wardens would be more equitable and just. I think that this bill ought to be recommited and the other wardens taken into consideration in making this increase.

Mr. MEARKLE. Mr. Speaker, I would like to interrogate the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Wobensmith.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Philadelphia permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. WOBENSMITH. Mr. Speaker, I will.

Mr. MEARKLE. Mr. Speaker, I would like to ask what the duties of the game warden are as to whether he gives

his entire time to the work of the game warden or just a part of his time.

Mr. WOBENSMITH. Mr. Speaker, all of the time.

Mr. MEARKLE. Is it not a fact that he gives but one or two days a week attention to the duties of his office.

Mr. WOBENSMITH. Mr. Speaker, why no, there is no ground whatever for such an assumption. If a man is engaged as a game protector at such a salary, he would naturally have to give his entire time and attention to it.

Mr. MEARKLE. That is the intent and purpose.

Mr. WOBENSMITH. No question about it.

Mr. BROSIUS. Mr. Speaker, I do not wish to take up the time of the Houte at any length, I only want to say this: This bill was thoroughly discussed before the Commitee on Game. I do not believe there was a dissenting voice from the members of the committee on this bill. The committee based their opinions and their decisions on information that the chairman and other members of the committee received from the Game Associations and Wild Life Associations all over the State. This money was paid into the Treasury, as has already been stated, by the hunters, each paying one dollar license. This money was presumed to belong to the people who are engaged in the game business and the propagation of game and the preservation of game in this State. And the opinion of all the game associations was in favor of a bill of this kind. It has been stated by the gentleman from Delaware and other people that $1,200.00 a year is too much for the game wardens. Now, let that be as it may, we do not think so; we think that $1,200.00 to a man that is fit to be a game warden and atends to his duties is very small pay.

Now we do not have any game warden in our county but we have a very good game warden in the adjoining county. All of the game wardens that I am acquainted with have not only been spending every hour of the day but a part of the night so that the inquiry that was made by the gentleman from Allegheny is answered. To him I want to say further this, that it takes the whole time of the game warden to do his duties, and we know that every man that is asked for in this bill will do his duty. At the present time, I believe that there are only about thirty, and the secretary of the Game Committee and the Game Commitee have notified me that they do not have nearly sufficient men at the present time to attend to the duties that need to be attended to by the game wardens. I think that twelve hundred dollars is very small pay for a man that has to work like a game warden has to work put in his full time. Another thing if the other people that have been referred to by the different members who spoke on this question are not receiving the required pay, that is not the fault of the Game Commission. If these people are not receiving pay enough, there is some way of increasing their pay, and the people whose business it is can take the necessary steps to do that. Now, I do not wish to take any more time but I hope that every member of this House will vote in favor of this bill.

Mr. HERMAN. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen, I want to say that I am in accord with the spirit of this bill. I have listened with much interest to what the gentlemen have said on both sides of this question, but I want to call the attention of the House to one thing that has not been mentioned in regard to this matter and that is this, that under the license act of 1913 fifty per cent. of all moneys collected from these licenses are to go for the payment of bounties and the balance was to go to the payment of game wardens and put out game in the State preserves. Now, gentlemen, I take it that you cannot touch the fifty per cent. under this salary increase business, and if you take this much salary out of the other fifty per cent. of it we will have no moneys for the protection of game, that is the part that appeals to me. Now, gentlemen, it seems to me that there is only one thing that we want, that is more game in this State. We have made laws to kill game and licensed the kiling of it, and we are spending a lot of money and ought to put some back in the counties from which the game is taken, and if we use all the money for these officers, I do not see where we are going to get the money to put the game back.

Mr. BROSIUS. Mr. Speaker, just a few words in reference to the remarks made by the gentleman from Wyoming. This bill does not propose to take fifty per cent. of the money paid in by the hunters license to pay bounties. This bill, if you read it over carefully, you will see that it does not propose to pay out the one-half of the money paid in on hunters licenses for salaries. There is a large proportion of that appropriated for the propagation of game and taking care of it.

Mr. PHILLIPS. Mr. Speaker, the question that was raised by my friend from Delaware county in regard to the constables being game wardens—I want to say that is true; that the constable or any officer can perform this duty and is supposed to do this duty under the law; but the reason we are asking for this increased amount and increased salary is because we have imposed new burdens upon these people. The constable is not allowed, under the bill passed the other day, to collect these bounties. Herein is where the difficulty comes; he is supposed to be a man that understands birds and the different animals and upon that requisite alone he is to devote his entire attention; and we therefore think that when a man has to devote his entire time to a thing of this kind that he is entitled to be recompensed for it; and he must be a man capable of filling the office before being appointed ;and the bill is drafted that way, and we ask you gentlemen to help us out on this measure.

Mr. POWELL. Mr. Speaker, there has been a great deal said pro and con on this question but, gentlemen, I wish to state to each man within my hearing that I go to the woods as often as any man that ever walks. In my time I have done considerable hunting. I am known as a hunter; but, gentlemen, I never in my entire hunting experience found a game warden in the woods. I have time and time again run across a number of State troopers.

Here is a little pamphlet called "In the Open." I do not know who is behind this, but they take pride in calling our attention to the following facts: This is compiled up to February 1st—I presume this year. "The total amount collected from hunters' licenses is $604,225. The amount paid in bounties"—each and every county listed separately, "is $187,961." Now, if we add to that this appropriation of $334,000, then it brings it up to approximately $500,000. Whether or not that does not go over the fifty per cent.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—111.

Adams,	Ehrhardt,	Leighner,	Staving,
Albee,	Evans,	Lipschutz,	Steedle,
Alcorn,	Fackler,	Luxemburger,	Stern,
Arnold,	Finnerty,	Mangan,	Swartz,
Arthur,	Forster,	McArdle,	Thomas,
Baker,	Fretz,	McClintock,	Trach,
Barnett,	Geary,	McClure,	Twibill,
Bauerle,	Geiser,	McConnell,	Urich,
Becker,	Gingery,	McDermott,	Vickerman,
Benn,	Glass,	McKay,	Vogdes,
Benninger,	Gompers,	McNichol,	Wagner,
Bergy,	Goodnough,	Milliron,	Walsh,
Beyer,	Goodwin,	Murdoch,	Walter,
Blackburn,	Gormley,	Myers,	Walton,
Brosius,	Gransback,	Neville,	Weimer,
Bungard,	Habgood,	Nieder,	Weir,
Campbell, T.,	Hackett,	Oaks,	Whitten,
Conner,	Hamilton,	Ostrander,	Wildman,
Corbin,	Harper,	Phillips,	Williams,
Cox,	Heffernan,	Pickering,	Wilson, H. I.,
Cromer,	Horton,	Reynolds,	Wilson, W. H.,
Cummins,	Howarth,	Rininger,	Wobensmith,
Curry,	Hubler,	Robertson,	Wood,
Davis,	Jack,	Sampsel,	Wylie,
Dawson,	Kaiser,	Scott,	Wynne,

Dodds,	Klinger,	Smith, Jeff. W.,	Ambler,
Drinkhouse,	Lafferty,	Smith, L.,	Speaker.
Eby,	Lauer,	Spangler,	

NAYS—53.

Alexander,	Graham,	Marvin,	Rudisill,
Baldwin,	Greenwood,	Maurer,	Sarig,
Berntheizel,	Herman,	McCurdy,	Shaffer,
Body,	Hess,	Mearkle,	Shoop,
Bovee,	Heyburn,	Nissley,	Showalter,
Brumbaugh,	Hibshman,	Palmer,	Smith, J. W.,
Campbell, J. O.,	Hollingsworth,	Peters,	Sones,
Christman,	Jones, E. E.,	Powell,	Spencer,
Diefenderfer,	Kitts,	Reel,	Stone,
Eppley,	Lee,	Rhoads,	Swan,
Erdman,	Landis,	Rich,	Watson,
Gibson,	Lanius,	Rothenberger,	West,
Goodyear,	Lauler,	Rowell,	Wettach,
			Whitaker,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

BILLS SIGNED BY SPEAKER.

The SPEAKER announced that the Chief Clerk having reported that the following bills had passed both Houses of the General Assembly, and the same being correct, the titles were publicly read, as follows:

House Bill No. 280:

An Act prescribing certain duties for collectors of taxes in boroughs and townships and for county treasurers

House Bill No. 364:

An Act to assent to the provisions of an act of Congress approved May eighth one thousand nine hundred and fourteen entitled "An Act to provide for Co-operative Agricultural Extension work between the agricultural colleges in the several states receiving the benefits of an act of Congress approved July second eighteen hundred and sixty-two and of acts supplementary thereto and the United States Department of Agriculture"

Whereupon,

The SPEAKER, in the presence of the House, signed the same.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 349 (Senate Bill No. 4), as follows:

An Act relating to persons habitually addicted to the use of alcohol or drugs and providing for the care and treatment of such persons at the expense of the county and State if indigent

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is herby enacted by the authority of the same That the word "inebriate" used in this act means a person habitually so addicted to the use of alcohol or narcotic drugs as to be a proper subject for restraint care and treatment

Section 2 Upon petition of two citizens who shall be either the wife husband parent child committee of the estate of an inebriate or next friends of such person the court of quarter sessions shall issue its warrants requiring the inebriate on a day fixed to be brought into court for a hearing The petition shall not be considered unless it sets forth that the person named therein is an inebriate within the scope of this act and unless it be accompanied by the affidavit or affidavits of at least two reputable physicians stating that they have examined the alleged inebriate and that he is a proper subject for restraint care and treatment

Section 3 If after such hearing the court is satisfied that the alleged inebriate is a proper subject for restraint care and treatment the court shall commit the inebriate to the State Institution for Inebriates for such period as it may deem advisable under the circumstances which appear before it but in no case shall the same be for less than thirty days When so committed the inebriate shall remain in such institution until on further hearing the said court shall be of opinion that such restraint care and treatment are no longer beneficial to the inebriate or until the Board of Trustees or Superintendent of the Institution shall certify to the said court that restraint care and treatment are no longer beneficial or necessary to the inebriate or that he is cured Whereupon the court shall order the inebriate to be discharged under such supervision and restriction as the court may impose

Section 4 When after hearing an inebriate is committed to the State Institution for Inebriates the court shall determine who shall bear the cost and expense of the restraint care and treatment of the inebriate while in the institution The persons who shall bear such cost and expense if the inebriate is indigent shall be the wife or husband and if the inebriate be a minor then his father or mother as the court may direct No inebriate shall be committed to the institution until the court shall by order determine who shall bear such cost and expense nor until payment therefor be made to the said Board of Trustees or security satisfactory to the board be given

Section 5 If at such hearing the court finds that the inebriate is indigent and that the wife husband or parent is unable to pay the cost and expense of the restraint care and treatment in the institution it shall so certify in the order committing the inebriate

The cost and expense of restraint care and treatment of indigent inebriates in the institution shall be borne and paid by the county overhead charges by the State by the county from which the inebriate is committed

Section 6 Any inebriate or any person addicted to the use of alcohol or drugs who wishes to submit himself for care and treatment in the institution may be received therein as a patient He shall be detained therein and given adequate care and treatment Such detention shall not extend more thn ten days after he has signified in writing his intention or desire of leaving the institution Admission of such patients shall be under such conditions not inconsistent herewith as may be imposed by the Board of Trustees

Section 7 If any inebriate at the time of his commitment is engaged in any business or is possessed of an estate that requires supervision and attention the court is hereby empowered on the petition of his or her husband wife father mother or child to appoint a committee to supervise his business or care for his estate during the period he may be confined in the institution under such conditions and order as the court may see fit to impose The committee to continue to act until discharged by the court

Section 8 The court committing the inebriate is hereby empowered to direct payment to be made for the cost and expense of his restraint care and treatment while in the institution by the inebriate or by person or persons who were directed to bear the liability at the time of his commitment out of his or her or their property and to enforce the payment of the same by execution or otherwise

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—185.

Adams,	Flynn,	Luxemburger,	Shaffer,
Albee,	Forster,	Lynch,	Shoop,
Alcorn,	Fretz,	Mangan,	Showalter,
Alexander,	Fruit,	Marvin,	Sinclair,
Arnold,	Gans,	Mather,	Smith, J. W.,
Aron,	Geary,	Maurer,	Smith, Jeff. W.,
Arthur,	Gibson,	McArdle,	Smith, L.,
Baker,	Gingery,	McCaig,	Sones,
Baldwin,	Glass,	McClintock,	Spangler,
Barnett,	Gompers,	McClure,	Spencer,
Bauerle,	Goodnough,	McConnell,	Statler,
Beck,	Goodwin,	McCurdy,	Staving,
Becker,	Goodyear,	McDermott,	Steedle,
Benn,	Gormley,	McKay,	Stern,
Bergy,	Graham,	McNichol,	Stone,
Berntheizel,	Gransback,	McVicar,	Swartz,
Beyer,	Greenwood,	Mearkle,	Taylor,
Blackburn,	Habgood,	Metzenbacher,	Thomas,
Body,	Hackett,	Milliron,	Trach,
Bovee,	Hamilton,	Murdoch,	Twibill,
Brumbaugh,	Harper,	Murphy,	Urich,
Bungard,	Heffernan,	Neville,	Wagner,
Campbell, J. O.,	Herman,	Nieder,	Walsh,
Campbell, T.,	Hess,	Nissley,	Walter,
Christman,	Heyburn,	Oaks,	Walton,
Coldsmith,	Hibshman,	Ostrander,	Watson,
Conner,	Hollingsworth,	Palmer,	Weaver,
Corbin,	Horton,	Perry,	Weimer,
Cox,	Howarth,	Phillips,	Weir,
Cromer.	Hubler,	Pickering,	West,
Cummins	Jack,	Powell,	Wettach,
Curry,	Jones, E. E.,	Ramsey,	Whitaker,
Davis,	Jones, W. W.,	Reel,	Whitten,
Dawson,	Kaiser,	Reynolds,	Wildman,
Dell,	Kitts,	Rich,	Willard,
Diefenderfer,	Klinger,	Rininger,	Williams,
Dodds,	Kuhn,	Rinn,	Wilson, H. I.,
Drinkhouse,	Kunkle,	Robertson,	Wilson, W. H.,
Dunn,	Lafferty,	Roney,	Wobensmith,
Eby,	Landis,	Rothenberger,	Wood,
Ehrhardt,	Lanius,	Rowell,	Woodward,
Eppley,	Lauer,	Rudisill,	Wylie,
Erdman,	Lauler,	Sampsel,	Wynne,
Evans,	Leighner,	Sarig,	Young,
Fackler,	Lindsey,	Scott,	Ambler,
Finnerty,	Lipschutz,	Shaaber,	Speaker.
	Love,		

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed it with amendments in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

Mr. H. I. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I desire at this time to call up House Bill No. 432, File Folio 1803, on page 7, of to day's calendar, bills on third reading postponed.

Agreeably to order,

The House resumed the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 432, entitled:

An Act relating to the administration of the estate of an intestate decedent

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. H. I. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I desire to ask unanimous consent to offer an amendment at this time.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the amendment for information.

The Clerk then read the amendment as follows:

Amend section 3, by striking out the words "and fifty" in line 2.

The bill as amended was then agreed to on third reading.

Mr. H. I. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, inasmuch as this is merely a striking out in the bill making it apply only to counties of one hundred thousand inhabitants instead of one hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants, it is perfectly proper to go on and consider the bill at this time. I may say just this, with regard to the bill, without taking up any unnecessary time, that it only relates to counties having a population of less than one hundred thousand people and only relates to affidavits in the matter of proving the death of a decedent, the swearing of the bail or sureties and the taking of the oaths of office as administrators in the cases of intestates. I have tried to make this bill to apply only to the country districts. I know of no objections. If there are any I would be pleased to have them stated at this time. I hope the gentlemen of the House will vote for the bill.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—183.

Adams,	Fretz,	Mather,	Smith, J. W.,
Albee,	Fruit,	Maurer,	Smith, Jeff. W.,
Alcorn,	Gans,	McArdle,	Smith, L.,
Alexander,	Geary,	McCaig,	Snyder,
Arnold,	Geiser,	McClintock,	Sones,
Aron,	Gibson,	McConnell,	Spangler,
Arthur,	Gingery,	McCurdy,	Spencer,
Baker,	Glass,	McDermott,	Statler,
Baldwin,	Gompers,	McKay,	Staving,
Bauerle,	Goodnough,	McNichol,	Steedle,
Beck,	Goodwin,	McVicar,	Stern,
Becker,	Goodyear,	Mearkle,	Stone,
Benn,	Gormley,	Mellott,	Swan,
Benninger,	Graham,	Metzenbacher,	Swartz,
Bergy,	Gransback,	Milliron,	Taylor,
Berntheizel,	Greenwood,	Murphy,	Thomas,
Beyer,	Habgood,	Myers,	Trach,
Blackburn,	Hackett,	Neville,	Twibill,
Body,	Hamilton,	Nieder,	Urich,
Bovee,	Harper,	Nissley,	Vickerman,
Brosius,	Heffernan,	Oaks,	Vogdes,
Brumbaugh,	Herman,	Ostrander,	Wagner,
Bunnard,	Hess,	Palmer,	Walsh,
Campbell, J. O.,	Heyburn,	Perry,	Walter,
Campbell, T.,	Hibshman,	Peters,	Walton,
Coldsmith,	Hollingsworth,	Phillips,	Watson,
Conner,	Horton,	Pickering,	Weaver,
Corbin,	Howarth,	Powell,	Weimer,
Cox,	Hubler,	Ramsey,	Weir,
Cromer,	Jack,	Reel,	West,
Cummins,	Jones, E. E.,	Reynolds,	Wettach,
Curry,	Jones, W. W.,	Rhoads,	Whitaker,
Davis,	Kaiser,	Rich,	Whitten,
Dawson,	Klinger,	Rinn,	Wildman,
Dell,	Kunkle,	Robertson,	Willard,
Dodds,	Lafferty,	Rothenberger,	Williams,
Drinkhouse,	Lanius,	Rowell,	Wilson, H. I.,
Dunn,	Lauler,	Rudisill,	Wilson, W. H.,
Eby,	Leighner,	Sampsel,	Wobensmith,
Ehrhardt,	Lipschutz,	Sarig,	Wood,
Eppley,	Love,	Scott,	Woodward,
Erdman,	Luppert,	Shaaber,	Wylie,
Evans,	Luxemburger,	Shaffer,	Wynne,
Fackler,	Lynch,	Shoop,	Young,
Finnerty,	Marvin,	Showalter,	Ambler,
Flynn,			Speaker.
Forster,			

NAYS—3.

Christman, Diefenderfer, Mangan,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. Speaker, I would like to call up House Bill No. 483, File Folio 2057, on page 8, of today's calendar, bills on third reading postponed.

Agreeably to order,

The House resumed the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 483, entitled:

An Act defining paint to prevent deception in sale of paint to provide for true labels for and advertising of the same when offered for sale for the enforcement of this act by the Secretary of Agriculture and penalties for the violation of same

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. SHOWALTER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to interrogate the sponsor of the bill.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. McNichol, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. Speaker, with pleasure.

Mr. SHOWALTER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to know whether this bill as it is now written will apply to storekeepers who know nothing about the contents of paint when they buy it from the manufacturers, or whether it applies only to the manufacturers?

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. Speaker, I would state that the purpose of this bill could not apply or attach a responsibility to the storekeeper without he had knowledge that he was dealing in a spurious article. If he had that knowledge, of course he would be punished for so doing, but if he was furnished with paint so labeled in accordance with the provisions of this bill, and it was found that the original container had not been tampered with, of course no responsibility or liability could attach to the storekeeper, but would attach solely to the manufacturer.

Mr. SHOWALTER. I am in hearty accord with the intent of the sponsor of this bill, but I fear very much when it comes to be construed by the courts that they will not take the position that the sponsor takes. The Act of 1897 which pertains to the regulation, manufacture and sale of vinegar, reads as follows:

"From and after the passage of this act no person, firm or corporate body shall manufacture for sale, offer for sale, or expose for sale, sell or deliver, or have in his, her or their possession with intent to sell, a certain brand of vinegar."

Now, that act apparently was passed with the idea of including only the manufacturer, so that the manufacturer of vinegar would not impose upon the public, and when he branded it a certain way he was responsible for it, but to my certain knowledge, in two instances, the Dairy and Food Division of the Department of Agriculture has construed this act to apply to the man who buys this vinegar,—the storekeeper—as well as the manufacturer.

Now, it is not fair to the man who buys from the manufacturer to be held responsible for the ingredients that that particular substance contains. I am willing that this bill should apply to the manufacturer, the man who knows what the contents of his material is, that he puts upon the market, but it does seem to me that it is not quite fair that it should apply to the storekeeper, the man who knows absolutely nothing about the contents of that particular paint. If the construction of this act will apply only to the manufacturer, the man who knows what is in that paint, I am with this bill, but if the courts should apply it also to the innocent storekeeper, I say this is a bill that should not pass. If Mr. McNichol can assure us that that will be the construction of the Act, or if he will so amend it that it will apply only to the manufacture, I am with him on this bill.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. Speaker, this bill is a protection to the dealer, that is, the storekeeper, also it is a protection

to the man who uses the paint, and it is for the purpose of affording a protection to the storekeeper, that it will render him immune from any imposition on the part of the manufacturer. If there is a violation, as I said before, without the knowledge of the storekeeper, the responsibility attaches solely and particularly to the manufacturer. My friend need have no apprehension as to a hardship being worked upon the storekeeper because the provisions of this bill, when read carefully, show that it is a protection for not only the storekeeper, but also for the man who uses the paint.

Mr. CROMER. Mr. Speaker, I am heartily in favor of the passage of this bill and I hope it passes without a dissenting vote. It is a good bill because it protects the man who should be protected and the man who uses the paint. Section 4 is no hardship on the dealer because the dealer knows the quality of the paint he uses. The storekeeper will be smart enough to know what he is buying and so he will know what he is selling.

Mr. KUNKLE. Mr. Speaker, the painters of my town approached me a week ago and asked me to support this bill on the strength of the argument that they would then know what they are purchasing. The would know in case it is spurious or deleterious. They said "This is a good bill; put it through; we want to know what we are buying."

Mr. ALCORN. Mr. Speaker, I am interested in this bill This is our only protection and I am interested in it as a man who uses paint. I am one of the men who use it and under these conditions we are able to decide between a good and an inferior paint. I am heartily in favor of this bill and hope you will vote for it.

Mr. WALTER. Mr. Speaker, I would like to interrogate the gentleman from Philadelphia.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. McNichol, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. Speaker, yes, sir.

Mr. WALTER. Mr. Speaker, I should like to know if section 4 of this bill will not make the merchant as much responsible for its misbranding as the manufacturer? I am in favor of this bill, but perhaps that would be necessary to know.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. Speaker, as I stated before, the storekeeper has no responsibility attached to him if he has no guilty knowledge. The purpose of this bill is not to go after the minnow but the big fish.

Mr. WALTER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to call the attention of the House to the language in section 4 which reads as follows: "It shall be unlawful to sell or offer for sale any paint which is falsely advertised as to the ingredients of such paint or as to the address of the manufacturer, distributor thereof or of the persons for whom the same was manufactured."

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. Speaker, it shall be unlawful to sell or offer for sale with a guilty knowledge. That is the interpretation; that is an inference that would naturally be drawn from a reading of the act.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I suggest postponing it for the present. I know the gentleman from Philadelphia don't desire to bring the man who sells this into the criminal court; I know that he don't, but I do disagree with him as to the effect of the bill; I know it should not get on the Statute Books in the form it is now in. I am sure he will agree to put an amendment in his bill which would make it perfectly clear.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. Speaker, after the enactment of this legislation there will be no manufacture of a spurious article. Provisions have been made in this bill for those that have now a stock of paint on hand and wish to get rid of it; that is, they would not be effected by it. I think that my friends on the floor of this House are unduely apprehensive as to the effect of this law upon the storekeepers. I claim that this proposed legislation is a protection for the storekeeper as well as a protection for the men that use the paint.

Mr. SHOWALTER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to interrogate the sponsor of this bill further.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. McNichol, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. Speaker, yes sir.

Mr. SHOWALTER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to know whether it would be possible to bring a prosecution under this bill, as it is now worded, against a merchant who handles paint which is labeled different from what the ingredients really are, which is misbranded and he handling it innocently not knowing that it is not properly labeled?

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. Speaker, the man would have to be proven to have a guilty knowledge. Where there was an innocent handling of an article and it would not be within the providence of the handler to know the contents, he could not be prosecuted, but the manufacturer or person who sold it to him could be.

Mr. SHOWALTER. Mr. Speaker, my experience has been to the contrary to which I alluded a little while ago, in reference to the vinegar act. A gentleman from Pittsburgh had some concern out there that was making a spurious brand of vinegar; a merchant bought that vinegar in good faith and it so happened that the analysis of the vinegar was not as the label showed it to be. An agent of the Dairy and Food Commission came along and analyzed it and suit was brought against the merchant and there was recovered fifty dollars fine against him and the costs. That merchant was innocent, yet under the wording of the vinegar act, which is similar to this act, he was held responsible and I fear that this act will work the same effect.

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. Speaker, in order to save the time of the House I will say that my disposition is to accede to the requests of my fellow members' suggestion that has been made, that the possibilities that the insertion in section 4 of the word "knowingly" will be approved by those who are opposed to this bill, and I would therefore ask unanimous consent for the postponement of the bill at this time in order to amend it to meet with the approval of the opposition.

The SPEAKER. Hearing no objection, unanimous consent is given.

BILL ON THIRD READING

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 694 (Senate Bill No. 180), entitled:

An Act to amend the first second and third sections of an act approved the eighteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act authorizing any county and city in any county in which the county seat is within the limits of such city to erect a joint county and municipal building providing for the conditions under which such building and authorizing said county and city to make a sale or exchange of properties under certain conditions for the purpose of securing such site authorizing the acquisition of additional property for such building by purchase or condemnation and authorizing the county to issue bonds in payment of any indebtedness incurred for its share of the cost of such buildings and land" by conferring upon such county and city additional powers relating to the design construction use administration operation and maintenance of such joint county and municipal building and also if deemed advisable for an independent power plant in connection therewith

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—184.

Adams,	Fretz,	Luppert,	Shoop,
Albee,	Fruit,	Luxemburger,	Showalter,
Alcorn,	Gans,	Lynch,	Sinclair,
Alexander,	Geary,	Mangan,	Smith, J. W.,
Arnold,	Geiser,	Marvin,	Smith, L.,
Aron,	Gibson,	Mather,	Sones,
	Gingery,	Maurer,	Spangler,
Baker,	Glass,	McArdle,	Spencer,
Baldwin,	Gompers,	McCaig,	Statler,
Bauerle,	Goodnough,	McClintock,	Staving,
Beck,	Goodwin,	McClure,	Steedle,
Becker,	Gormley,	McConnell,	Stern,
Benn,	Graham,	McCurdy,	Stone,
Benninger,	Gransback,	McDermott,	Swan,
Bergy,	Greenwood,	McNichol,	Swartz,
			Taylor,

Berntheizel,	Habgood,	McVicar,	Thomas,
Blackburn,	Hackett,	Mearkle,	Trach,
Body,	Hamilton,	Metzenbacher,	Twibill,
Bovee,	Harper,	Milliron,	Urich,
Brosius,	Heffernan,	Murdoch,	Vickerman,
Brumbaugh,	Herman,	Murphy,	Vogdes,
Bungard,	Hess,	Neville,	Wagner,
Campbell, J. O.	Heyburn,	Nieder,	Walsh,
Campbell, T.,	Hibshman,	Nissley,	Walter,
Christman,	Hollern,	Oaks,	Walton,
Conner,	Hollingsworth,	Ostrander,	Watson,
Corbin,	Horton,	Palmer,	Weaver,
Cox,	Howarth,	Perry,	Weimer,
Cromer,	Hubler,	Peters,	Weir,
Cummins,	Jack,	Phillips,	West,
Curry,	Jones, E. E.,	Pickering,	Wettach,
Davis,	Jones, W. W.,	Powell,	Whitaker,
Dawson,	Kaiser,	Ramsey,	Whitten,
Dell,	Kitts,	Reel,	Wildman,
Diefenderfer,	Klinger,	Rich,	Willard,
Dodds,	Kuhn,	Rininger,	Williams,
Drinkhouse,	Kunkle,	Rinn,	Wilson, H. I.,
Dunn,	Lafferty,	Robertson,	Wilson, W. H.,
Eby,	Landis,	Roney,	Wobensmith,
Ehrhardt,	Lanius,	Rothenberger,	Wood,
Eppley,	Lauer,	Rudisill,	Woodward,
Erdman,	Lauler,	Sampsel,	Wylie,
Evans,	Leighner,	Sarig,	Wynne,
Fackler,	Lindsey,	Scott,	Young,
Flynn,	Lipschutz,	Shaaber,	Ambler,
Forster,	Love,	Shaffer,	Speaker.

NAY—1.

Barnett,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

RESOLUTION RELATIVE TO INVESTIGATION OF CHARGES AGAINST JUDGE UMBEL.

The SPEAKER. The Chair asks unanimous consent of the House to offer the following resolution which was handed to the Chair and which the Clerk will read.

The Clerk then twice read the resolution as follows:

HOUSE RESOLUTION.

In the House of Representatives, March 17th, 1915.

Whereas, On the twenty-eighth day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirteen there was presented to the Speaker of the House of Representatives of the General Assembly of Pennsylvania by one, H. S. Dumbauld, a petition asking for the appointment of a committee to inquire into and concerning the official conduct of Robert E. Umbel, otherwise known and designated as R. E. Umbel, President Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of the Fourteenth Judicial District of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania comprising the County of Fayette; and

Whereas, Upon receipt of the petition proceedings were initiated for the purpose of determining the truth or falsity of the accusations against said R. E. Umbel and a special committee of five was appointed to investigate the same, which committee held various hearings in Fayette County and elsewhere, but on account of the adjournment of the General Assembly was prevented from completing the investigation and reported to the House, whereupon the committee was discharged with the thanks of the House and the matter was continued until the present session of the General Assembly; and

Whereas, Since the beginning of the present session of the General Assembly charges of a like nature were prepared by the said H. S. Dumbauld against the said R. E. Umbel, and a petition prepared asking for the appointment of a committee to investigate the judicial conduct of the said R. E. Umbel with a view ultimately to impeachment, which proceedings, however, were not prosecuted and the petition not presented; and

Whereas, There having appeared recently in the public prints of Pennsylvania allegations of a corrupt bargain and agreement between the said R. E. Umbel and the said H. S. Dumbauld to the effect that the charges against R. E. Umbel had been withdrawn and were not intended to be prosecuted and continued at the present session of the General Assembly and that in consideration of the withdrawal of the said prosecution and charges and in consideration of the forbearance of the said H. S. Dumbauld to continue the investigation and press his charges the said R. E. Umbel agreed to resign his office of Judge in the Fourteenth Judicial District so as to bring about the election of his successor in the year one thousand nine hundred seventeen, and

Whereas, Such a corrupt bargain and agreement as entered into as aforesaid between the said parties with the intention as alleged in the public prints would constitute grave misconduct in office on the part of the said R. E. Umbel and show the said R. E. Umbel to be entirely unfit to hold the said high judicial office and render it imperative that a person guilty of such misconduct should be removed from office as a detriment to impartial justice and to public morals, and

Whereas, If a bargain and agreement of so grave and corrupt a nature were allowed to be entered into with impunty by those holding office of Judge, public confidence in the integrity of our judiciary would be shattered beyond repair, and the whole fabric of our judicial system seriously affected, therefore

Be it resolved by the House of Representatives of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, That a committee of five members of the House be appointed by the Speaker to investigate the truth or falsity of the corrupt bargain and agreement alleged to have been entered into by the said R. E. Umbel, President Judge of the Fourteenth Judicial District of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania comprising the County of Fayette, and one, H. S. Dumbauld according to the tenor of the serious charges hereinafter made and about to be made against the said R. E. Umbel were to be withdrawn by the said H. S. Dumbauld and in consideration thereof the said R. E. Umbel is to resign his office of Judge in time to allow his successor to be elected in the year one thousand nine hundred seventeen, and if the committee advise that a corrupt bargain and agreement has been entered into as aforesaid the committee is instructed to forthwith prepare and exhibit to this House articles of impeachment against the said R. E. Umbel, Judge of the said District in accordance with the provisions of Article six of the Constitution of Pennsylvania.

The SPEAKER. This resolution was offered by the gentleman from Fayette, Mr. Sinclair, it being in the nature of impeachment proceedings, the Chair refers the same to the Committee on Judiciary General.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 727, as follows:

An Act to authorize the merger and consolidation of street railway corporations organized under the laws of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania with street railway corporations organized under the laws of other states where the lines of said street railway corporations meet at the state line of any state adjoining the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and form a continuous line with each other and validating all such mergers and consolidations heretofore made

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from and after the passage of this act it shall be lawful for any street railway corporation organized and doing business in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to merge and consolidate with a street railway corporation organized under the laws of and doing business in any state adjoining the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania where the lines of said corporations meet at the dividing line between the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and the aforesaid state and form a continuous line with each other by the filing of a joint agreement for such merger and consolidation in the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and in the office of the Secretary of the State where such foreign corporation is organized and doing business

Section 2 The agreement filed by each of the respective companies with the Secretary of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and of the state wherein such foreign corporation is organized and operated shall show that such merger and consolidation was made with the consent of the holders of not less than two-thirds of the capital stock of each of said constituent companies Provided That a certificate of public convenience shall be secured from the Public Service Commission of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania as in the case of the merger and consolidation of corporations And provided also That such certificate when so made by the Public Service Commission as aforesaid shall be recorded in the offices for recording deeds and mortgages in all of the counties of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania wherein any of the lines of said consolidated street railway corporation are located

Section 3 All mergers and consolidations of street railway corporations organized and doing business in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania with street railway corporations organized and doing business under the laws of any state adjoining the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania where the lines of said corporations meet at the dividing line between the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and the aforesaid state and form a continuous line with each other heretofore made where it shall appear that said merger and consolidation was made with the consent of the holders of not less than two thirds of the capital stock of each of said constituent companies are hereby validated and made good in law and such corporation when so merged and consolidated as aforesaid shall have possess and enjoy all and singular the rights privileges and franchises conferred upon merged and consolidated corporations by the act approved the twenty-fourth day of March Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five entitled "An Act supplementary to an act regulating railroad companies approved the nineteenth day of February Anno Domini one

thousand eight hundred and forty-nine" and its supplements subject to all regulations and requirements of law heretofore or hereafter enacted Provided That a certificate of public convenience shall first be secured from the Public Service Commission of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania as in the case of the merger and consolidation of corporations And provided also That such certificate when so made by the Public Service Commission as aforesaid shall be recorded in the offices for recording deeds and mortgages in all of the counties of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania wherein any of the lines of said consolidated street railway corporation are located

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—182.

Adams,	Fruit,	Marvin,	Shaffer,
Albee,	Gans,	Mather,	Shoop,
Alcorn,	Geary,	Maurer,	Showalter,
Alexander,	Geiser,	McArdle,	Sinclair,
Arnold,	Gibson,	McCaig,	Smith, J. W.,
Aron,	Gingery,	McClintock,	Smith, L.,
Arthur,	Glass,	McClure,	Sones,
Baldwin,	Glenn,	McConnell,	Spangler,
Bauerle,	Gompers,	McCurdy,	Spencer,
Beck,	Goodnough,	McDermott,	Statler,
Becker,	Goodwin,	McKay,	Staving,
Benn,	Goodyear,	McNichol,	Steedle,
Benninger,	Gormley,	McVicar,	Stern,
Bergy,	Graham,	Mearkle,	Stone,
Berntheizel,	Gransback,	Metzenbacher,	Swan,
Beyer,	Greenwood,	Milliron,	Swartz,
Blackburn,	Habgood,	Murdoch,	Taylor,
Body,	Hackett,	Murphy,	Thomas,
Bovee,	Hamilton,	Myers,	Trach,
Brosius,	Harper,	Neville,	Twibill,
Brumbaugh,	Heffernan,	Nieder,	Urich,
Bungard,	Herman,	Nissley,	Vickerman,
Campbell, J. O.,	Hess,	Oaks,	Vogdes,
Campbell, T.,	Heyburn,	Ostrander,	Wagner,
Christman,	Hibshman,	Palmer,	Walsh,
Coldsmith,	Hollern,	Perry,	Walter,
Conner,	Hollingsworth,	Peters,	Walton,
Corbin,	Horton,	Phillips,	Watson,
Cox,	Howarth,	Pickering,	Weaver,
Cromer,	Hubler,	Powell,	Weimer,
Cummins	Jack,	Ramsey,	Weir,
Curry,	Jones, E. E.,	Reel,	West,
Davis,	Jones, W. W.,	Reynolds,	Wettach,
Dawson,	Kaiser,	Rich,	Whitaker,
Dell,	Kitts,	Rininger,	Whitten,
Diefenderfer,	Klinger,	Rinn,	Wildman,
Dodds,	Kunkle,	Robertson,	Willard,
Drinkhouse,	Lafferty,	Roney,	Williams,
Dunn,	Landis,	Rothenberger,	Wilson, H. I.,
Eby,	Lanius,	Rowell,	Wilson, W. H.,
Ehrhardt,	Lauer,	Rudisill,	Wobensmith,
Eppley,	Lauler,	Sampsel,	Wood,
Erdman,	Leighner,	Sarig,	Wylie,
Evans,	Lindsey,	Scott.	Wynne,
Fackler,	Lipschutz,	Shaaber,	Young,
Forster,	Luxemburger,		Ambler,
Fretz,	Lynch,		Speaker.

NAYS—5.

Baker.	Love,	Luppert,	Mangan,
Barnett.			

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 668, entitled:

An Act empowering cities of the second class to charge toll or rental for the use of the bridges owned or controlled by said cities

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. MANGAN. Mr. Speaker, I move that further consideration of this bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. SWAN. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 695 (Senate Bill No. 179), entitled:

An Act empowering cities of the second class to construct and maintain street railway tracks and equipment for the operation of street cars and to lease said tracks and equipment upon payment of a reasonable rental to persons or corporations desiring to use the same for the operation of street cars

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—186.

Adams,	Gans,	Lynch,	Shaffer,
Albee,	Geary,	Mangan,	Shoop,
Alcorn,	Geiser,	Marvin,	Showalter,
Alexander,	Gingery,	Mather,	Sinclair,
Arnold,	Glass,	Maurer,	Smith, J. W.,
Arthur,	Glenn,	McArdle,	Smith, L.,
Baldwin,	Gompers,	McCaig,	Sones,
Bauerle,	Goodnough,	McClintock,	Spangler,
Beck,	Goodwin,	McClure,	Spencer,
Becker,	Goodyear,	McConnell,	Statler,
Benn,	Gormley,	McCurdy,	Staving,
Bergy,	Graham,	McDermott,	Steedle,
Berntheizel,	Gransback,	McKay,	Stern,
Beyer,	Greenwood,	McNichol,	Stone,
Blackburn,	Habgood,	McVicar,	Swan,
Body,	Hackett,	Mearkle,	Swartz,
Bovee,	Hamilton,	Metzenbacher,	Taylor,
Brosius,	Harper,	Milliron,	Thomas,
Brumbaugh,	Heffernan,	Murphy,	Trach,
Bungard,	Herman,	Myers,	Twibill,
Campbell, J. O.,	Hess,	Neville,	Urich,
Campbell, T.,	Heyburn,	Nieder,	Vickerman,
Christman,	Hibshman,	Nissley,	Vogdes,
Coldsmith,	Hollern,	Oaks,	Wagner,
Conner,	Hollingsworth,	Ostrander,	Walsh,
Corbin,	Horton,	Palmer,	Walter,
Cox,	Howarth,	Perry,	Walton,
Cromer,	Hubler,	Peters,	Watson,
Cummins,	Jack,	Phillips,	Weaver,
Curry,	Jones, E. E.,	Pickering,	Weimer,
Davis,	Jones, W. W.,	Powell,	Weir,
Dawson,	Kaiser,	Ramsey,	West,
Dell,	Kitts,	Reel,	Wettach,
Diefenderfer,	Klinger,	Reynolds,	Whitaker,
Dodds,	Kuhn,	Rich,	Whitten,
Drinkhouse,	Kunkle,	Rininger,	Wildman,
Dunn,	Lafferty,	Rinn,	Willard,
Eby,	Landis,	Robertson,	Williams,
Ehrhardt,	Lanius,	Roney,	Wilson, H. I.,
Eppley,	Lauer,	Rothenberger,	Wilson, W. H.,
Erdman,	Lauler,	Rowell,	Wobensmith,
Evans,	Leighner,	Rudisill,	Wood,
Fackler,	Lindsey,	Sampsel,	Woodward,
Flynn,	Lipschutz,	Sarig,	Wylie,
Forster,	Love,	Scott.	Wynne,
Fretz,	Luxemburger,	Shaaber,	Young,
Fruit,			Ambler,
			Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed it without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 648, entitled:

An Act to repeal an act approved the sixteenth day of March one thousand eight hundred sixty-seven entitled "An Act regulating the salary of the treasurer of Lehigh county"

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—181.

Adams,	Fretz,	Lynch,	Sinclair,
Albee,	Fruit,	Mangan,	Smith, J. W.,
Alcorn,	Gans,	Marvin,	Smith, Jeff. W.,
Alexander,	Geary,	Mather,	Smith, L.,
Arnold,	Geiser,	McArdle,	Snyder,
Aron,	Gibson,	McCaig,	Sones,
Arthur,	Gingery,	McClintock,	Spangler,
Baldwin,	Glenn,	McClure,	Spencer,
Bauerle,	Gompers,	McConnell,	Statler,
Beck,	Goodnough,	McCurdy,	Staving,
Becker,	Goodyear,	McKay,	Steedle,
Benn,	Gormley,	McNichol,	Stern,
Benninger,	Graham,	McVicar,	Stone,
Bergy,	Gransback,	Mearkle,	Swan,
Berntheizel,	Greenwood,	Milliron,	Swartz,
Beyer,	Habgood,	Murdoch,	Taylor,
Blackburn,	Hackett,	Murphy,	Thomas,
Body,	Hamilton,	Myers,	Trach,
Bovee,	Harper,	Neville,	Twibill,
Brosius,	Heffernan,	Nissley,	Urich,
Brumbaugh,	Herman,	Oaks,	Vickerman,
Campbell, J. O.,	Hess,	Ostrander,	Vogdes,
Campbell, T.,	Heyburn,	Palmer,	Wagner,
Christman,	Hibshman,	Perry,	Walsh,
Coldsmith,	Hollingsworth,	Peters,	Walter,
Conner,	Horton,	Phillips,	Walton,
Corbin,	Howarth,	Pickering,	Weaver,
Cox,	Hubler,	Powell,	Weimer,
Cromer,	Jack,	Ramsey,	Weir,
Cummins,	Jones, E. E.,	Reynolds,	West,
Curry,	Jones, W. W.,	Rhoads,	Wettach,
Davis,	Kaiser,	Rich,	Whitaker,
Dawson,	Kitts,	Richards,	Whitten,
Dell,	Klinger,	Rininger,	Wildman,
Diefenderfer,	Kunkle,	Rinn,	Willard,
Dodds,	Lafferty,	Robertson,	Williams,
Eby,	Landis,	Roney,	Wilson, H. I.,
Ehrhardt,	Lanius,	Rowell,	Wilson, W. H.,
Eppley,	Lauer,	Sampsel,	Wobensmith,
Erdman,	Lauler,	Schaeffer,	Wood,
Evans,	Leighner,	Scott,	Woodward,
Fackler,	Lipschutz,	Shaaber,	Wylie,
Finnerty,	Love,	Shaffer,	Wynne,
Flynn,	Luppert,	Shoop,	Young,
Forster,	Luxemburger,	Showalter,	Ambler, Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 434, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to refund to Henry S. Raichard of South Bethlehem Pennsylvania money erroneously paid into the State Treasury

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of seventy-five dollars ($75.00) is hereby specifically appropriated to refund to Mister Henry S. Raichard special deputy game protector of South Bethlehem Pennsylvania being the amount of money erroneously paid into the State Treasury and being the one-half of certain penalties collected from violaters of the game laws prosecuted by the said Henry S. Raichard and remitted by him to the Secretary of the Game Commission and being the amount which the said Henry S. Raichard through reversal of the conviction was compelled to pay personally

Section 2 No payment shall be made under the provisions of this act until due proof shall be furnished to the Auditor General of the correctness of the payment mentioned herein to have been so erroneously and inadvertently made

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. TRACH. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to offer amendments at at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The Clerk then read the amendments as follows:

In title strike out "Raichard" and insert "Reichard".

Section 1, lines 5, 9, 12, strike out "Raichard" and insert "Reichard".

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to insert the amendments as read? Is there any objection? The Chair hears none and the amendments will be inserted in accordance with the instructions of the House.

The bill as amended was then agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended lie over for printing.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 150, as follows:

An Act relating to the appointment of persons to the police engineering electrical and fire departments in cities of the third class constituting a civil service board in relation thereto providing for and regulating examinations the manner of appointments and the manner and power of removal of employes of said departments and providing a method for fixing compensation of a secretary

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from and after the passage of this act no person or persons may be appointed to any position whatever in the police department engineering department electrical department or the fire department in any city of the third class in this Commonwealth without having first passed all the examinations hereinafter provided for and having been appointed in the manner and according to the terms provisions and conditions of this act

Section 2 There shall be appointed and constituted in all said cities of the third class a civil service board consisting of three citizens who shall be elected by the city council and who shall serve for four years and until their successors are elected and qualified One of said citizens shall be an educator and one shall be a physician At the first election the city council shall elect one person to serve for two years one person to serve for three years and one person to serve for four years and upon the expiration of the term of any member of said board one person shall be elected by the city council to serve upon said board for the term of four years If any vacancies occur they shall be filled by the city council for the unexpired term Each of said members before entering upon the duties of his office shall take and subscribe to the oath of office prescribed by the constitution of Pennsylvania and file the same duly certified by the officer administering it with the controller of the city No salary or other compensation shall be paid to any member of the said board two members of the board shall constitute a quorum necessary for the transaction of business and said board shall organize under this act for the purpose of transacting all business immediately upon the passage of this act

Section 3 The said board immediately upon organization shall prepare and adopt such rules and regulations to cover the selection and appointment of all persons to be hereafter employed or appointed in each of said departments in said cities of the third class as in the judgment of said board shall be best adapted to securing the best service for the public in each and all of said departments and such rules and regulations shall provide for ascertaining and determining so far as possible the physical qualifications habits reputation standing experience and education of all applicants for such positions respectively and they shall provide for examinations upon any and all subjects deemed proper or necessary by said board for the purpose of determining their qualifications for the position sought and applied for

Section 4 Said board shall make and keep in numerical order a list containing the names of all applicants for positions in each of said several departments who may pass the required mental and physical examinations Where more than one person takes examinations for any of said positions at the same time those successfully passing such examinations shall be entered upon the list of eligible names in the order of their respective percentages the highest coming first and shall furnish the council a certified copy of any and all lists so prepared and kept whenever any vacancy shall occur or appointment be required in any of said departments the superintendent of such department shall make written application to the president of said board who shall forthwith certify to such superintendent in writing the first three names on the list of applicants for positions in the designated department and thereupon the superintendent of such department shall nominate to the city council one of the three persons whose names are submitted to fill such positions and if the city council approve such nomination the person nominated shall be appointed to fill such vacancy and shall be assigned for service in the designated department If the council do not approve such nomination then the superintendent of such department shall submit another nomination for such position from the remaining two names and if such nomination is not approved by the council he shall submit the third name and the person of the three submitted whose nomination by the superintendent is approved by the city council shall be appointed to fill such positions and shall be assigned to the designated department The name of the person so appointed shall be immediately stricken from the list of said board and the names of the two rejected persons shall immediately be restored to their former place on said list

Section 5 The provisions of this act shall apply to all employes of said several departments and all appointments made under the provisions of this act shall be for and during good behavior and no employe shall be removed or transferred for any political reasons whatever Provided further however That among those persons possessing equal qualifications and eligibility for appointment preference in appointment shall be given to volunteer fireman for positions in the fire department and honorably discharged sailors and soldiers who served in the navy or army of the United States during the time of war And provided further That all persons holding appointments in said several departments

of said cities at the time this act goes into effect shall remain in office without being required to pass examination and be removed only in accordance with the provisions of this act Provided further That in cases of riot or emergency temporary appointments in the said departments may be made without complying with the provisions of this act

Section 6 All employes of said several departments shall be subject to suspension by the superintendent of the department to which they are severally assigned for misconduct or violation of any law of this Commonwealth any ordinance of the city or regulation of the department in which they are respectively serving pending action by the city council upon the charges made against any such employes and on hearing before the city council where they may be represented by counsel they may be fined suspended or discharged by the city council if found guilty of the charges made against them

Section 7 The said civil service board may appoint a secretary and prescribe his duties He shall be subject to removal at any time by the board and the board shall have power to change his duties The compensation to be paid said secretary provided for by this act and all necessary stationery and supplies for said board shall be such as councils shall by ordinance direct

Section 8 This act insofar as it relates to fire departments shall apply only to cities of the third class that have now or may hereafter have full paid fire departments

Section 9 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith be and the same are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—172.

Adams,	Finnerty,	Lipschutz,	Shaaber,
Albee,	Flynn,	Love,	Shoop,
Alcorn,	Forster,	Luxemburger,	Showalter,
Alexander,	Fruit,	Lynch,	Sinclair,
Arnold,	Gans,	Mangan,	Smith, J. W.,
Aron,	Garner,	Marvin,	Smith, Jeff. W.,
Arthur,	Geary,	Mather,	Smith, L.,
Baldwin,	Geiser,	McArdle,	Spangler,
Barnett,	Gingery,	McCaig,	Statler,
Bauerle,	Glass,	McClintock,	Staving,
Beck,	Gompers,	McConnell,	Steedle,
Becker,	Goodnough,	McCurdy,	Stern,
Benn,	Goodwin,	McDermott,	Stone,
Benninger,	Goodyear,	McKay,	Sullivan,
Bergy,	Gormley,	McNichol,	Swan,
Berntheizel,	Graham,	McVicar,	Swartz,
Beyer,	Gransback,	Mearkle,	Thomas,
Blackburn,	Greenwood,	Metzenbacher,	Trach,
Bovee,	Habgood,	Milliron,	Twibill,
Brosius,	Hackett,	Murphy,	Urich,
Brumbaugh,	Hamilton,	Neville,	Vickerman,
Bungard,	Harper,	Nieder,	Vogdes,
Campbell, J. O.,	Heffernan,	Nissley,	Wagner,
Campbell, T.,	Hess,	Oaks,	Walsh,
Christman,	Heyburn,	Ostrander,	Walter,
Coldsmith,	Hibshman,	Perry,	Walton,
Conner,	Hollingsworth,	Phillips,	Watson,
Corbin,	Horton,	Pickering,	Weaver,
Cox,	Howarth,	Powell,	Weir,
Cromer,	Hubler,	Ramsey,	West,
Cummins,	Jack,	Reel,	Wettach,
Curry,	Jones, E. E.,	Reynolds,	Whitaker,
Dawson,	Jones, W. W.,	Rhoads,	Wildman,
Dell,	Kaiser,	Rich,	Willard,
Diefenderfer,	Kitts,	Richards,	Wilson, H. I.,
Dodds,	Klinger,	Rinn,	Wilson, W. H.,
Drinkhouse,	Lafferty,	Robertson,	Wobensmith,
Dunn,	Landis,	Roney,	Wood,
Eby,	Lanius,	Rothenberger,	Woodward,
Ehrhardt,	Lauer,	Rowell,	Wylie,
Erdman,	Lauler,	Sampsel,	Wynne,
Evans,	Leighner,	Schaeffer,	Young,
Fackler,	Lindsey,	Scott,	Ambler,
			Speaker.

NAYS—2.

Palmer, Sones,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 745, entitled:

An Act to amend the first section of an act approved the twenty-seventh day of April one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act regulating the compensation of court criers and tipstaves in counties containing more than ninety thousand and less than one hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants providing for the payment of the same by the particular county limiting the number of tipstaves to be appointed and repealing an act of Assembly entitled 'An Act to regulate the fees of court criers and tipstaves of the courts in judicial districts containing more than ninety thousand and less than one hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants' approved the twenty-ninth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine" so as to increase the number of tipstaves which may be employed in such judicial districts at any one time

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 704, entitled:

An Act to enlarge the purchase price to be paid by the Department of Forestry for lands to be purchased and used for State forest purpose

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 684, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the first day of May one thousand nine hundred seven entitled "An Act relating to the appointment of stenographers and assistant stenographers to report proceedings in the several courts of common pleas an orphans' courts courts of oyer and terminer and general jail delivery and courts of quarter sessions of the peace of this Commonwealth as well as before commissioners masters and special masters in chancery referees examiners auditors and other officers prescribing their powers and duties and when such reports shall be evidence of the facts reported prescribing their compensation and allowances for expenses when the same shall be paid by the county wherein such stenographers or assistant stenographers are employed and when by the parties to such proceedings and repealing an act entitled 'An Act directing the appointment of official stenographers in the several courts of this Commonwealth authorizing the appointment of stenographers by examiners masters referees commissioners and auditors authorizing the appointment of assistant stenographers repealing 'An Act to authorize the appointment of stenographers in the several courts of this Commonwealth prescribing their duties and fixing their compensation' approved May fifteenth one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four repealing 'An Act to authorize the appointment of stenographers in the several courts of this Commonwealth prescribing their duties and fixing their compensation' approved May eighth one thousand eight hundred and seventy-six and repealing 'An Act defining the duty of court stenographers in the several counties of this State' approved June tenth one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one' approved the twenty-fourth day of May one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven but such repeal not to revive any law repealed by said act of twenty-fourth of May one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven"

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 546, entitled:

An Act to regulate certain kinds of insurance by individuals and partnerships or associations of individuals known as Lloyd's defining the power of such associations authorizing the Insurance Commissioner to grant a license and prescribing penalties for any violation thereof and repealing existing laws

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 873 (Senate No. 13), entitled:

An Act relating to and regulating partnerships

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 800, entitled:

An Act to repeal an act approved the first day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to tax traction engines and providing that the same shall be assessed by the several assessors of the counties of this Commonwealth in the same manner as other articles of personal estate liable for taxation are assessed"

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 883, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Department of Forestry to grow and distribute young forest trees and restricting their use after distribution

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 756, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the seventh day of May one thousand nine hundred seven entitled "An Act regulating and defining the powers and duties of the Dental Council and the State Board of Dental Examiners providing for appointment of examiners defining qualifications of applicants for examination condition of granting licenses regulating and limiting the practice of dentistry prohibiting practice by or employment of unlicensed persons and providing punishment therefor and disposition of fees and fines and fixing the appropriation to the Dental Council"

An said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 490 (Senate No. 47), entitled:

An Act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act to fix the fees to be allowed the district attorney in the several counties of this Commonwealth having seven hundred fifty thousand inhabitants and less than one million two hundred thousand" approved May sixth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 902, entitled:

An Act providing for the better protection of life and property by the competent operation of steam boilers and engines in third class cities and providing for the examination and licensing of engineers in charge of same and for the appointment of a board of examiners and prescribing their duties and powers and prescribing penalties for the violation of the provisions of this act

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 885, entitled:

An Act extending the powers and duties of foresters forest rangers game protectors deputy game protectors special deputy game protectors fish wardens and deputy fish wardens of this Commonwealth

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 586, entitled:

An Act to amend an act "To provide for the better collection of collateral inheritance taxes" approved the sixth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven providing for the employment of attorneys and clerks

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 725, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the sixth day of May one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven entitled "An Act to authorize the commissioners of the several counties of this Commonwealth to discharge from prison all persons confined in jail without proceedings under the insolvent laws

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 680, entitled:

An Act relative to estates of decedents

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 840 (Senate Bill No. 289), entitled:

An Act amending section nine of an act as amended by the act of seventeenth April one thousand nine hundred and five Pamphlet Laws one hundred and eighty-five approved the fifth day of May one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine entitled "An Act supplementing and amending an act entitled 'An Act to establish an intermediate court of appeal regulating its constitution officers jurisdiction powers practice and its relation to the Supreme Court and other courts providing for the reports of its decisions and the compensation of the judges and other officers and the practice and costs on appeals from its judgments' approved June twenty-fourth Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five" and increasing the amount to which the judges of the Superior Court shall be entitled to be reimbursed for the sums expended by them in each year for expenses incurred in the discharge of their duties for the help of stenographers typewriters or clerks and regulating the time and manner of such reimbursement

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 889, entitled:

An Act to further amend the act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith" as amended by providing for the education of certain blind children beyond the age of eight years under certain circumstances

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 545, entitled:

An Act to supervise the operations of fire insurance rate-making bureaus and providing for their examination by the Insurance Commissioner prohibiting discrimination in fixing and collecting fire insurance rates requiring companies to maintain and co-operate in maintaining and operating rate-making bureaus requiring inspection and survey by such bureaus of all risks specifically rated and regulating agreements between companies or other insurers with respect to fixing and collecting fire insurance rates and repealing existing laws

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 913, entitled:

An Act to amend section one thousand three hundred and eleven of an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with a provision by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith"

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 870, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith"

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 708, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith"

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 791, entitled:

An Act regulating upholstering making of upholstering and the manufacture of mattresses imposing penalties and providing incidental duties of the Department of Labor and Industry

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 890, entitled:

An Act making a fixed charge for county purposes on lands purchased by the State for State forests and providing for the distribution of the same to the counties wherein State forests are located

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 717, entitled:

An Act to provide in certain cases a uniform procedure in the exercise of the right of eminent domain

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. BERNTHEIZEL. Mr. Speaker, I move that House Bill No. 717, the bill just read, be recommitted to the Committee on Judiciary General for amendment.

Mr. HESS. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 600, entitled:

An Act relating to the selection of juries in criminal cases including challenges by the Commonwealth and by the defendant

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 489 (Senate No. 46), entitled:

An Act authorizing the district attorneys of certain counties to appoint a secretary prescribing the duties fixing the salary and providing for payment of the same

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 924, entitled:

An Act to repeal section seventeen hundred fifteen of an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith"

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. SHOWALTER. Mr. Speaker, I move that House Bill No. 924, the bill just read, be recommitted to the Committee on Education for the purpose of a hearing.

Mr. E. E. JONES. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 824, entitled:

An Act providing that all horsedrawn vehicles owned or operated by persons residing in all cities of the first and second class except those used for pleasure shall have on the sides of such vehicles in legible letters the name and the address of the owner together with a designating number if more than one vehicle is used providing for arrest and proceedings for violation of the act prescribing the penalties therefor

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 491 (Senate No. 48) entitled:

An Act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act to amend section one of an act entitled 'An Act providing for the appointment of assistant district attorneys in the several counties of this Commonwealth having seven hundred and fifty thousand and less than one million two hundred thousand inhabitants prescribing the powers and duties and fixing the salaries of the said assistant district attorneys' approved the twenty-fifth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred seven so as to increase the salary of the first assitant district attorney and to provide for the classification of the other assistant district attorney for whose appointment provision is made by said act as second third and fourth assistants and assistants and to increase the salary of some and to decrease the salary of others of said district attorneys" approved May sixth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred nine so as to increase the salary of some of the assistant district attorneys and to provide for the appointment of two or more assistant district attorneys and fixing the salaries of the same

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 878 (Senate No. 280), entitled:

An Act declaring valid certain municipal liens filed for grading pavements macadamizing or otherwise improving public streets or parts thereof by the several boroughs under an act approved the twelfth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act empowering boroughs of this Commonwealth without petition of the property owners to grade pave curb macadamize and otherwise improve public streets or parts thereof and assess a portion of the cost of the same on the owners of property abutting thereon and providing for the collection of the same" and authorizing the amendment of the claims in certain particulars.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 912, entitled:

An Act amending and supplementing an act entitled "An Act providing for the establishment of a State Industrial Home for Women authorizing the purchase of a site and the erection thereon and equipment of necessary buildings providing for the commitment to said State Industrial Home for Women of females between the ages of sixteen and thirty years convicted of or pleading guilty to the commission of any criminal offense and providing for the government and management of said institution and making an appropriation to carry out the purposes of this act" approved the twenty-fifth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen conferring upon the said commission additional powers including the power of eminent domain

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

BILL PLACED ON CALENDAR.

Mr. DELL. Mr. Speaker, in my absence yesterday notice was served upon me that a hearing was to be had on House Bill No. 455, of which I am the sponsor. Not knowing of this it was impossible for me to appear for the hearing. I move you, therefore, Mr. Speaker, that House Bill No. 455, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twelfth day of June one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act to increase the powers of courts in summary proceedings

for desertion or non-support of wives children or aged parents by directing that imprisonment in such cases be at hard labor in such institution as the court shall name with wages payable to the wives children or parents providing for the disbursement of moneys collected on forfeitures of bonds bail-bonds or recognizances and by empowering such courts to appoint desertion probation officers for the performance of such duties as the court shall direct and providing for the payment of the expenses incident to the carrying out of this act"

which was reported with a negative recommendation, be recommitted for the purpose of a hearing.

The SPEAKER. The bill not being upon the files of the House it is not possible to recommit it to a committee.

Mr. DELL. Mr. Speaker, I then move you that House Bill No. 455 be placed upon the calendar notwithstanding its negative recommendation.

Mr. STEEDLE. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Mr. DELL. Mr. Speaker, I now move that House Bill No. 455 be recommitted to the Committee on Judiciary Special for a hearing.

The SPEAKER. The Chair desires to inform the gentleman that the bill must go upon the calendar and be read the first time before it can be recommitted.

RECESS.

The SPEAKER. If there is no objection, the Chair would like to have a short session at seven thirty o'clock tonight for the purpose of having reports from committees and we will have a session tomorrow morning as usual. Is there any objection? The Chair hears none and will therefore declare a recess until 7:30 o'clock tonight.

Accordingly (at 1:10 P. M.) the House took a recess.

AFTER RECESS.

The House reconvened at 7:30 P. M.

The SPEAKER (Charles A. Ambler) in the Chair.

PETITIONS.

FAVORING LOCAL OPTION.

Mr. McCLINTOCK presented the petition of sundry citizens of Philadelphia County, favoring the passage of the Local Option bill.

Referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

FAVORING LOCAL OPTION.

Mr. E. E. JONES presented several petitions of sundry citizens of Susquehanna Connty, favoring the passage of the Local Option bill.

Referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

FAVORING LOCAL OPTION.

Mr. WALSH presented the petition of sundry citizens of Philadelphia County, favoring the passage of the Local Option bill.

Referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

The SPEAKER asked and received unanimous consent to refer the following bills:

BILLS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED.

By Mr. WATSON. House Bill No. 1000.

An Act making an appropriation to reimburse the township of Howe, in the County of Forest, for necessary repairs made to that part of route number two hundred fifty-three, of the State highway, where the same passes through the said Township of Howe.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. ALCORN. House Bill No. 1001.

An Act providing for a commission to investigate the question of old age pensions outlining its powers and duties and making an appropriation.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. HOLLINGSWORTH. House Bill No. 1002.

An Act relating to domestic animals and their destruction to prevent spread of disease, and the compensation therefor.

Referred to the Committee on Agriculture.

By Mr. HOLLINGSWORTH. House Bill No. 1003.

An Act to repeal section twelve of an act approved the twenty-second day of July, one thousand nine hundred thirteen, entitled "An Act relating to domestic animals; defining domestic animals so as to include poultry; providing methods of improving the quality thereof, and of preventing, controlling, and eradicating diseases thereof; imposing certain duties upon practitioners of veterinary medicine in Pennsylvania; regulating the manufacture, use and sale of tuberculin, mallein and other biological products for use with domestic animals; defining the powers and duties of the State Livestock Sanitary Board, and the officers and employes thereof; fixing the compensation of the Deputy State Veterinarian; and providing penalties for the violation of this act."

Referred to the Committee on Agriculture.

By Mr. McCAIG. House Bill No. 1004.

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act for the government of cities of the second class," approved the seventh day of March, one thousand nine hundred and one, authorizing cities of the second class for the purpose of preventing fires, the spread of fire, fire waste and loss of life from fire, or loss of life or damage to property from unsafe or improper construction or design of buildings to enact ordinances to provide for and regulate the construction, equipment, arrangements, maintenance, inspection, alteration, repair and removal of buildings and premises and appliances, apparatus and conditions in and about them, to provide for the regulation of the manufacture, transportation, storage, sale and use of explosives, gases, inflammables and dangerous chemicals and substances, to prohibit the manufacture of explosives and fire works and the transportation, storage, sale and use of nitro-glycerine, imposing on the Department of Public Safety the enforcement of ordinances relating thereto, and authorizing such department to investigate fires, providing for the service of orders made by the said department and for the appeals from and reviews of certain of its orders for the method of recovering money expended by the cities in remedying conditions and the method of obtaining a lien therefor and providing that the courts of common pleas shall have jurisdiction to punish witnesses for disobedience of orders of the Director of said Department when holding investigations and repealing all laws inconsistent therewith.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

By Mr. WHITAKER. House Bill No. 1005.

An Act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Epileptic Hospital and Colony Farm, Chester County, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. JEFFERSON W. SMITH. House Bill No. 1006.

An Act making an appropriation to the Saint Basil Orphanage Asylum of Philadelphia.

Referred to the Committe on Appropriations.

By Mr. HUBLER. House Bill No. 1007.

An Act making an appropriation to the National Washington Commission for the erection of Memorial Tablets.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. McVICAR. House Bill No. 1008.

An Act dividing the counties of this Commonwealth into eight classes, designating the mode of ascertaining and changing the classifications and providing for the regulation of their affairs according to their respective class.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. McVICAR. House Bill No. 1009.

An Act to regulate and establish the fees to be charged and collected by the Recorder of Deeds in counties, having a population of over eight hundred thousand and less than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants, as computed by the last preceding United States census.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. E. E. JONES. House Bill No. 1010.

An Act to further amend an act approved the third day of June, one thousand eight hundred ninety-five, entitled "An Act authorizing the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to rebuild county bridges over navigable rivers, and other streams, which have been declared public highways by Act of Assembly, where such bridges have been destroyed by flood, fire or other casualty, providing for the appointment

of viewers and inspectors, and the payment of the cost of rebuilding such bridges."

Referred to the Committee on Public Roads.

By Mr. WYLIE. House Bill No. 1011.

An Act creating in counties having over eight hundred thousand and less than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants according to the last preceding United States census, a Board to fix and determine the number and compensation of employes in all county offices, boards, bureaus, departments and divisions thereof; prescribing the powers and duties of said board and regulating appeals from the decision thereof.

Referred to the Committee on Counties and Townships.

By Mr. McVICAR. House Bill No. 1012.

An Act relating to the bonds to be given by county officers, the amount and conditions thereof, the sureties for such bonds, the payment of the premiums therefor and the recording and custody thereof, in counties having over eight hundred thousand and less than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. NEVILLE. House Bill No. 1016.

An Act amending part of an act entitled "To prohibit the killing of foxes by certain methods in Delaware County and fixing a penalty for the violation of the act, approved May 1st, 1913.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

RESOLUTION GRANTING USE OF THE HALL OF HOUSE TO JOINT COMMITTEES OF HOUSE AND SENATE.

Mr. W. H. WILSON offered the following resolution, which was twice read, considered and agreed to:

Resolved, That the use of the hall of the House be granted to the Judiciary General Committee of the House and the Corporation Committee of the Senate for a joint meeting on Tuesday, March 23, at 2 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of a public hearing on the Workmen's Compensation Acts.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. BROSIUS, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 972 (Senate Bill No. 336), entitled:

An Act to amend the fifth section of an act approved the nineteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four entitled "An Act relating to the organization and jurisdiction of orphans' courts and to establish a separate orphans' court in and for counties having more than one hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants and to provide for the election of judges thereof" as amended by an act approved the sixth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled "An Act to further amend the fifth section of an act entitled 'An Act relating to the organization and jurisdiction of the orphans' court and establishing a separate orphans' court in and for counties having more than one hundred fifty thousand inhabitants and to provide for the election of judges thereof' approved May nineteenth Anno Domini eighteen hundred and seventy-four as amended by an act approvd the twenty-ninth day of April Anno Domini eighteen hundred and ninety-seven fixing and determining the salaries of the assistant clerks of said court" by vesting the appointment of the first assistant clerk of said courts in the respective judges thereof and providing that this amendment shall not apply to counties having a population over seevn hundred thousand.

Mr. BLACKBURN, from the Committee on Printing, reported as committed, House Bill No. 838 (Senate Bill No. 247), entitled:

A Joint Resolution authorizing the printing and binding of the report of the Commission to consider the Revision and Amendment of the Penal Laws of Pennsylvania.

Mr. BECKER, from the Committee on Counties and Townships, reported as committed, House Bill No. 757, entitled:

An Act authorizing counties and municipalities to unite in providing in the court house certain rest or waiting rooms.

Mr. PETERS, from the Committee on Counties and Townships, reported as committed, House Bill No. 760, entitled:

An Act providing for the alteration of the boundaries of counties in certain cases, and for the adjustment of the indebtedness thereof.

Mr. RHOADS, from the Committee on Electric Railways, reported as amended, House Bill No. 291, entitled:

An Act to authorize any railroad company, street railway company, or any transportation company, incorporated or unincorporated, to issue or grant transportation at special reduced and lower rates to ministers of religion.

Mr. HOWARTH, from the Committee on Municipal Corporations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 921, entitled:

An Act requiring each city of the second class to establish a municipal pension fund for employes of said city and regulating the payment of such pensions excepting the employes of the bureaus of police, fire and electricity who are eligible to the pension funds of said bureaus.

Mr. GOODWIN, from the Committee on Printing, reported as amended, House Bill No. 815 (Senate Bill No. 212), entitled:

An Act to amend sections four and eight of an act approved the twenty-fifth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen Pamphlet Laws one thousand two hundred sixty-seven entitled "An Act providing for the printing binding and distribution of two publications heretofore published by the State namely 'Pennsylvania at Gettysburg' and 'report of the commission to locate the sites of the frontier forts of Pennsylvania' also providing for additions to said reports and for the editing proofreading and indexing thereof and making appropriations for said work."

Mr. LAULER, from the Committee on Municipal Corporations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 946 (Senate Bill No. 164), entitled:

An Act to promote the health and efficiency of firemen in cities of the second class by providing for a two platoon system for firemen in the department of public safety of such cities.

Mr. FRUIT, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 418, entitled:

A Supplement to an act approved the seventh day of June, one thousand nine hundred eleven, entitled "An Act providing for the examination, licensure, and registration of persons, firms or corporations engaged or engaging in the business or work of plumbing or house drainage, and prescribing certain rules, regulations, and requirements for the construction of plumbing, house drainage, and cesspools in cities of the first class, and imposing fines, penalties, and forfeitures for violations thereof."

Mr. McVICAR, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 854, entitled:

An Act to amend the ninth section of an act, entitled "An Act to establish a county court for the county of Allegheny, and prescribing its powers and duties; regulating the procedure therein, and providing for the expenses thereof," approved the fifth day of May, A. D. one thousand nine hundred and eleven ,as amended and supplemented by an act, entitled "An Act amending and supplementing section nine of an act, entitled 'An Act to establish a county court for the county of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties; regulating the procedure therein, and providing for the expenses thereof,' approved the fifth day of May, one thousand nine hundred and eleven; by requiring the appellant in appeals to pay the costs in the county court, and give bail for compliance with the final judgment, and fixing the final liability for costs in appeal in certain cases; providing for an appeal in forms pauperis, prescribing under what circumstances appeals shall operate as a supersedeas, requiring notice to the opposite party when appeals are allowed by the common pleas court, and requiring the appellant, in cases where the appeal is from judgment on a verdict, to first obtain leave of the common pleas court to take such appeal, and prescribing the practice in such cases," approved the twenty-third day of May, A. D. one thousand nine hundred and thirteen, by providing that, from a final judgment of the court of common pleas upon a writ of certiorari issued from it to the county court, an appeal may be taken to the superior court, as from other final judgments in the said court.

Mr. MYERS, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as amended, House Bill No. 731, entitled:

An Act providing for the appropriation of certain moneys to the organization constituting and having in charge the distribution of various police pension funds throughout the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and defining the duties of certain officers in relation thereto.

Mr. MYERS, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 856, entitled:

An Act fixing the salary of the messenger in the Legislative Reference Bureau.

Mr. FORSTER, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 900, entitled:

An Act regulating salaries of clerks in recorders offices in certain counties.

Mr. HARPER, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 866, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-fifth day of May, one thousand eight hundred ninety-seven, entitled "An Act to provide for the maintenance, care and treatment of the indigent insane in county and local institutions," as amended.

Mr. DAWSON, from the Committee on Printing, re-reported as amended, House Bill No. 572, entitled:

An Act creating a Division of Distribution of Documents defining its powers and duties regulating the printing binding and distribution of the public documents of this Commonwealth and providing penalties for the violation of this act.

Mr. KITTS, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported with a negative recommendation, House Bill No. 626, entitled:

An Act relating to expert witnesses; fixing their qualifications; regulating the manner of their selection; providing for their compensation by the county and by parties to the proceedings; and providing penalties.

Mr. WOOD, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported with a negative recommendation, House Bill No. 959, entitled:

An Act requiring justices of the peace, aldermen and constables to give itemized receipts and imposing penalties for failure so to do and imposing penalties for charging illegal fees.

Mr. WOOD, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported with a negative recommendation, House Bill No. 887, entitled:

An Act authorizing an examination of borough accounts under the supervision of the courts, and imposing penalties.

Mr. LIPSCHUTZ, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported with a negative recommendation, House Bill No. 907, entitled:

An Act providing for the manner of introducing legislation appropriating money for the support of State institutions and aid for semi-State institutions and charitable institutions.

Mr. LIPSCHUTZ, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported with a negative recommendation, House Bill No. 855, entitled:

An Act requiring the Secretary of the Senate and the Chief Clerk of the House to send copies of bills, calendars and legislative journal to law libraries in counties of this Commonwealth having a population of over eight hundred thousand and less than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants as computed by the last preceding United States census.

Mr. BROSIUS, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported with a negative recommendation, House Bill No. 954, entitled:

An Act to authorize the regulation of the location, size and use of buildings in cities.

Mr. WALTER, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported with a negative recommendation, House Bill No. 681, entitled:

An Act providing for the administration by county commissioners in certain counties of the provisions of an act approved the twenty-ninth day of April, one thousand nine hundred and thirteen, entitled "An Act applicable to all counties of this Commonwealth, to provide monthly payments, as approved by the trustees ,to indigent, widowed, or abandoned mothers, for partial support of their children in their own homes. The manner of appointment of the trustees; the administration of the trust ;amount of appropriations, proportioning appropriations, co-ordinate appropriations, amounts to be paid, form of records ,eligibility, penalties, and reports, as set forth," and limiting the expense thereof.

Mr. HUBLER, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported with a negative recommendation, House Bill No. 888, entitled:

An Act relative to costs in actions before aldermen, magistrates and justices of the peace.

Mr. FORSTER, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported with a negative recommendation, House Bill No. 893, entitled:

An Act to amend an act, approved the twentieth day of March, one thousand eight hundred ten, entitled "An Act to amend and consolidate with its supplements, the act entitled 'An Act for the recovery of debts and demands, not exceeding one hundred dollars, before a Justice of the Peace, and for the election of Constables, and for other purposes.'"

LEAVES OF ABSENCE.

Mr. WILLIAMS asked and obtained leave of absence for himself for the balance of the week.

Mr. MARVIN asked and obtained leave of absence for himself for the balance of the week.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Mr. VICKERMAN. Mr. Speaker, I desire to call up at this time House Bill No. 547, File Folio 2611, on page 8 of today's calendar, bills on third reading postponed for the present.

Agreeably to order,

The House resumed the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 547, entitled:

An Act requiring counties now or hereafter containing a population of not less than seven hundred and fifty thousand and not more than one million two hundred thousand inhabitants to establish and maintain schools for the care and education of female children under the jurisdiction of the juvenile courts and conferring the powers and regulating the proceedings for the establishment maintenance and management theerof

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—133.

Adams,	Finnerty,	McClintock,	Smith, L.,
Alcorn,	Fretz,	McConnell,	Sones,
Arnold,	Fruit,	McCurdy,	Spangler,
Aron,	Geiser,	McKay,	Spencer,
Arthur,	Gingery,	McVicar,	Tier,
Baldwin,	Glass,	Mearkle,	Staving,
Barnett,	Gompers,	Metzenbacher,	Steedle,
Bauerle,	Goodwin,	Milliron,	Stern,
Becker,	Goodyear,	Murdoch,	Stone,
Benn,	Gormley,	Murphy,	Swan,
Benninger,	Graham,	Myers,	Taylor,
Bergy,	Greenwood,	Neville,	Trach,
Beyer,	Hamilton,	Oaks,	Twibill,
Blackburn,	Heffernan,	Ostrander,	Vickerman,
Body,	Hibshman,	Palmer,	Vogdes,
Brosius,	Hollingsworth,	Peters,	Walsh,
Brumbaugh,	Horton,	Pickering,	Walter,
Bungard,	Howarth,	Powell,	Walton,
Campbell, J. O.,	Hubler,	Reel,	Weaver,
Campbell, T.,	Jack,	Rhoads,	West,
Coldsmith,	Jones, W. W.,	Rininger,	Wettach,
Conner,	Kaiser,	Rinn,	Whitaker,
Cromer,	Kitts,	Rothenberger,	Whitten,
Davis,	Kunkle,	Rowell,	Wildman,
Dell,	Lauler,	Rudisill,	Williams,
Diefenderfer,	Leighner,	Sampsel,	Wobensmith,
Dodds,	Lipschutz,	Shaaber,	Wood,
Drinkhouse,	Love,	Shaffer,	Woodward,
Eby,	Luppert,	Shoop,	Wylie,
Ehrhardt,	Luxemburger,	Showalter,	Wynne,
Erdman,	Marvin,	Sinclair,	Young,
Evans,	Mather,	Smith, J. W.,	Ambler,
Fackler,	Maurer,	Smith, Jeff. W.,	Speaker.
	McCaig,		

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

RESOLUTION NO. 10.

Mr. BARNETT. Mr. Speaker, I desire to call up Resolution No. 10.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the resolution.

The resolution was read as follows:

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 10.

Whereas During the Civil War this Commonwealth was twice threatened by an invasion of the Confederate forces under General Lee namely at Antietam in one thousand eight hundred and sixty-two and at Gettysburg in one thousand eight hundred and sixty three and

Whereas at the urgent appeal of President Lincoln the Governor of Pennsylvania Andrew G. Curtin in both of said years called upon cities of Pennsylvania to enlist in the defense of the State and

Whereas It is generally admitted that the Emergency Men of Pennsylvania answering the call of Governor Curtin were potential factors in this terrible crisis and

Whereas Neither the State nor the Nation has shown to these brave defenders of Pennsylvania the proper appreciation of their services when at the call of the Governor during the days of one thousand eight hundred and sixty-two and one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three they left their homes and firesides and hastened to the defense of their State and

Whereas In many of the encounters that ensued after the enlistment of these Emergency Men these men bore themselves bravely and fully answered every demand made upon them in the line of patriotic duty and

Whereas Said Emergency Men were commanded by United States officers and marched under orders of the United States Government and under such commanders performed duties beyond the boundaries of Pennsylvania and

Whereas Now in their old age many of these men who at that time were willing to lay down their lives as a sacrifice for the good of their country are now facing the sunset of life in straightened circumstances and in many cases in need of that care and attention which the Government and the Commonwealth should provide and

Whereas The National Government heretofore in its acknowledgment of the debt we owe to the soldiers of the Civil War has cared for many men whose services rendered were not greater than those rendered by the Emergency Men of Pennsylvania therefore

Be it resolved (if the Senate concur) That the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania urgently bring it to the attention of the Congress of the United States that adequate provision has not been made for the Emergency Men who enlisted during the Civil War particularly the Emergency Men of Pennsylvania and that through pension or otherwise they should be taken care of in their declining days that they cannot say that their country is unmindful of their services and ungrateful for what they did.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the resolution?

Mr. BARNETT. Mr. Speaker, perhaps I ought to make some statement on this resolution on why it has been introduced. This resolution is an appeal to the United States Congress to take cognizance of the Emergency Men called out in 1862 and 1863 when Pennsylvania was threatened with invasion. They were called out at the urgent request of President Lincoln and by Andrew G. Curtin, the War Governor of Pennsylvania, who appears on the canvas back of the Speaker. In 1863 there were as many as fifty thousand men called out from Pennsylvania. The President called for one hundred thousand Emergency Men. They were called out from Pennsylvania, Ohio and one or two other States and fifty thousand of these responded from Pennsylvania. When the rebels were marching into Pennsylvania toward Harrisburg, had it not been for their services, the moral effect of these fifty thousand Emergency Men, the rebels would not have stopped at York, nor at Carlisle but would have come as far as Harrisburg and perhaps laid this city in ashes. They aimed also at Lancaster, Philadelphia and New York City. They came here as seasoned soldiers flushed with victory following Fredericksburg and Chancellorsville and they thought they could march any where and do almost anything. The country was alarmed. The younger members of this body here have perhaps but little knowledge of these things—second-hand knowledge, but some of the other members remember the fact very well. All who are old enough to have lived in 1863 and read the papers have a general knowledge of these facts.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the resolution?

It was agreed to.

ADJOURNMENT.

Mr. BEYER. Mr. Speaker, I move that this House do now adjourn.

The motion was agreed to and (at 7:55 P. M.) the House adjourned until tomorrow morning at 10:00 o'clock.

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA.

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HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

THURSDAY, March 18th, 1915.

The House met at 10 o'clock A. M.
The SPEAKER (Charles A. Ambler) in the Chair.

PRAYER.

The Chaplain, Rev. F. W. Staley, offered the following prayer:

Almighty God, we thank Thee for this beautiful sunlit morning; we cannot be too deeply grateful to Thee for the peace, plenty and prosperity that throbs in the heart of this great Nation, while beyond the seas great nations, and even empires are deadlocked in mighty conflict. We pray Thee, O God, if it is Thy will, that Thou wouldest separate them that they may no longer depopulate their homes of young manhood; may they no longer pile up a colossal indebtedness, and may they no longer create a taxation that shall be overwhelming, but may peace throb in every heart; may love take the place of hatred and bitterness; may the war cease because Thy providence has ruled it; may we, as a nation, be led by Thy Spirit, and we pray Thee that Thou wouldst bless the President of the United States and give him wisdom that he may perform the diplomatic duties in such a way as to be for the welfare of nations and for Thy glory. We ask, for Christ's sake. Amen.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the Journal of yesterday's proceedings.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of yesterday's proceedings, when, on motion of Mr. Albee, the further reading was dispensed with, and the Journal was approved.

BILLS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED.

By Mr. MEARKLE. House Bill No. 1013.

An Act to fix the salaries to be paid to the Jury Commissioners County Jailor and Jail Physician in counties having over eight hundred thousand and less than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants according to the last preceding United States Census.

Referred to the Committee on Counties and Townships.

By Mr. GLASS. House Bill No. 1014.

An Act making an appropriation to the Mount Sinai Hospital of Philadelphia Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. BODY. House Bill No. 1015.

An Act entitled an act to provide for the destruction and prevent the spread of certain noxious weeds making it the duty of owners of land upon which such weeds grow to cut the same so as to prevent their going to seed, making it the duty of supervisors to cut or destroy such weeds on or along public highways and providing penalties for failure to comply with the provisions of the act.

Referred to the Committee on Agriculture.

By Mr. BECKER. House Bill No. 1017.

An Act relating to the resignation and appointment of councilmen in boroughs.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

By Mr. LAULER. House Bill No. 1018.

An Act making an appropriation to the Pittsburgh Maternity Dispensary of Pittsburgh.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. CHARLES A. SHAFFER. House Bill No. 1019.

An Act requiring certain reports from persons, associations, co-partnerships and corporations charged with the care and upkeep of certain burial lots.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

By Mr. ERDMAN. House Bill No. 1020.

An Act fixing certain fees to be charged and received by constables.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

By Mr. CROMER. House Bill No. 1021.

An Act authorizing the attachment of ten per centum of wages or salary due defendants in judgments obtained for food, clothing or other usual necessaries of life, providing for the payment of the costs in such attachment proceedings, and limiting the amount of exemption to be allowed defendants in such judgments.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

By Mr. CROMER. House Bill No. 1022.

An Act amending Article XIV of an act entitled "An Act for the Government of Cities of Second Class," approved March 7th, 1901, as same was amended and supplemented in Section seven of said article by an act entitled, "An Act amending and supplementing article fourteen of an act entitled, "An Act for the Government of Cities of the Second Class," approved the seventh day of March, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one, as same was amended and supplemented by an act approved the twentieth day of June, Anno Domini, one thousand nine hundred and one; by abolishing the present select and common councils; providing a new body to be known as the council, and fixing their terms of office; and providing for the election of members of council, prescribing the qualifications of members thereof, their powers and duties, and fixing their salaries," approved May thirty-first, 1911, and amending Article XIV of the said act approved March 7th, 1901, as amended in Section I of said Article XVI by an act entitled "An Act amending Article II, article six, article sixteen, and paragraph twenty-four of article nineteen, of an act entitled "An Act for the government of cities of the second class," approved the seventh day of March, Anno Domini, one thousand nine hundred and one; by providing for an increase in the number of executive departments in said cities from nine to ten, by the creation of the department of Public Health; by increasing the number of persons constituting the Department of Assessors, and enlarging and increasing the jurisdiction and powers of said department; by providing for an increase in the number of police magistrates in said cities from five to eight; and supplementing said act by authorizing the creation of the Department of Public Health; providing for the appointment of a director thereof, fixing the maximum of his salary and defining the jurisdiction of said department," approved April 1st, 1909, enlarging the power of councils to include the trial of police magistrates, and changing the terms of said police magistrates, providing certain qualifications for said magistrates, and imposing additional powers and duties thereon.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

By Mr. VICKERMAN. House Bill No. 1023.

An Act to further amend the sixth section of an act, approved April 23rd, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and three, entitled "An Act defining the powers of the several courts of quarter sessions of the peace within this Commonwealth, with reference to the care, treatment, and control, of dependent, neglected, incorrigible and delinquent children under the age of sixteen years, and providing for the means in which such powers may be exercised" by pro-

viding that the court may direct that the clothing of, and necessary medical and surgical attendance and the care of such child, and its maintenance generally shall be paid by the proper county, and may fix the amount which shall be paid for such board and clothing.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

By Mr. WALTER. House Bill No. 1024.

An Act making an appropriation to the State Board of Education for the purchase by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania of State Normal Schools in this Commonwealth, and for liquidating the indebtedness of the same existing at the time of the purchase thereof.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations

By Mr. EVANS. House Bill No. 1025.

An Act providing for the creation and regulation of municipal liens for curbing and proceedings for the collection thereof, in the several boroughs of this Commonwealth.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

By Mr. HOWARTH. House Bill No. 1026.

An Act providing for the examination, licensure and registration of persons engaged or engaging in the business or work of barbering in cities of this Commonwealth, and prescribing certain rules, regulations and requirements therefor, and imposing fines, penalties and forfeitures in violation thereof.

Referred to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

By Mr. VICKERMAN. House Bill No. 1027.

An Act to amend Section twenty-one of an act entitled, "An Act relating to and regulating motor vehicles, and vehicles trailing after or propelled by motor vehicles; controlling their speed upon the public streets and highways in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania; providing for their registration, and licensing of certain operators, by the State Highway Department; prohibiting the operation of any motor vehicle by any person when intoxicated, or without the consent of the owner; forbidding the passage of any law laying a tax upon or requiring the registration of motor vehicles, or licensing of any operator, or regulating the speed of motor vehicles, by any county, borough, city, incorporated town, or township; establishing the rights of motor vehicles upon the public highways, with relation to other vehicles; providing for their equipment and for the width of tires to be used upon motor vehicles, and vehicles trailing after or propelled by motor vehicles, regulating the service of process and proceedings in action for damages, arising therefrom; providing for arrest, and for service of process, and proceedings for violation of this act; prescribing the penalties therefor; and providing for the disposition of fees collected and fines imposed thereunder," approved the seventh day of July A. D. one thousand nine hundred and thirteen.

Referred to the Committee on Public Roads.

By Mr. HAMILTON. House Bill No. 1028.

An Act to amend an act approved the fourteenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred and eleven, entitled "An Act to provide for the better protection of the lives, bodies, and health of women and new-born children, throughout the Commonwealth, by regulating the practice of midwifery as performed by midwives; and to provide for the licensing and registration of midwives in the State of Pennsylvania; and to provide that the Medical Council of the State of Pennsylvania shall enforce the provisions of this act; making an appropriation therefor; and providing certain penalties by vesting certain powers in the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure of the Department of Public Instruction.

Referred to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

By Mr. WHITAKER. House Bill No. 1029.

An Act conferring authority on Street Passenger Railway Companies and Motor Power or other Companies, lawfully operating lines of street passenger railways, to own, lease and operate lines of self-propelled omnibuses in connection with their street railway systems.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

By Mr. SONES. House Bill No. 1030.

An Act validating certain sales of and titles to seated and unseated lands sold by county treasurers and county commissioners for the non-payment of taxes.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

By Mr. CROMER. House Bill No. 1031.

An Act regulating the use of electricity in cities of the second class providing for the examination and licensing of electrical contractors, individuals or Companys doing electrical repair work and certain electrical engineers and for the supervision and inspection of electrical installations in said cities for the inspection of places of amusement maintaining electrical machinery or devices making the violations of the provisions thereof a misdemeanor and prescribing the punishment therefor

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

PETITIONS.

FAVORING LOCAL OPTION.

The SPEAKER presented the petition of the Federation of American Patriotic Societies, of Johnstown, Pa., favoring the passage of a local option law.

Also the petition of the Members of the Union Sunday School, of Germantown, Pa., favoring the passage of a local option law.

Also the petition of the citizens of Philadelphia favoring the passage of a local option law.

Referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

PROTESTING AGAINST THE REPEAL OF THE FULL CREW LAW.

The SPEAKER presented the petition of Twin City Lodge No. 465, Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen, protesting against repeal of the Full Crew Law.

Also the petition of Coal King Lodge No. 343, Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen and Enginemen, protesting against repeal of the Full Crew Law.

Also the petition of the Deep Fill Lodge No. 552, Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen and Enginemen, protesting against the repeal of the Full Crew Law.

Also the petition of Susquehanna Lodge No. 444, Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen, protesting against the repeal of the Full Crew Law.

Also the petition of the William H. Morne Lodge, B. of L. E. & E. No. 673, protesting against the repeal of the Full Crew Law.

Referred to the Committee on Railroads.

FAVORING REPEAL OF THE FULL CREW LAW.

The SPEAKER presented the petition of the Mason Builders' Association of Philadelphia favoring the repeal of the Full Crew Law.

Referred to the Committee on Railroads.

PROTESTING AGAINST THE PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL NO. 295.

The SPEAKER presented the petition of the Union Benevolent Association of Philadelphia, protesting against the passage of House Bill No. 295.

Also the petition of the Society for Organizing Charities of Philadelphia, protesting against the passage of House Bill No. 295.

Referred to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

PROTESTING AGAINST ALL NARCOTIC LEGISLATION.

The SPEAKER presented the petition of the Philadelphia Drug Exchange protesting against all Narcotic Legislation at this Session of the Legislature.

Referred to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

FAVORING SEMI-MONTHLY PAY FOR CITY EMPLOYES.

The SPEAKER presented the petition of the United Businessmen's Association, of Philadelphia, favoring semi-monthly pay for city employes.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

FAVORING AMENDMENT TO ASSESSOR'S ACT.

The SPEAKER presented the petition of the citizens of Shamokin favoring the amendment to Assessor's Act.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. NISSLEY, from the Committee on Judiciary General reported as committed House Bill No. 852, entitled:

An Act providing for the registration of ownership to real estate in cities of the second class for the use of said cities to facilitate the assessment, levy and collection of taxes and municipal claims in such cities, authorizing the preservation and use of records heretofore employed in such cities for such purposes.

Mr. NISSLEY, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported with a negative recommendation House Bill No. 958, entitled:

An Act requiring aldermen, justices of the peace and committing magistrates to return a transcript of all information to the district attorney and clerk of quarter sessions within three days after the binding over or committal of any defendant charged with any crime or misdemeanor.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I see present in the House at this time an old colleague who for several years represented very efficiently and ably some of the districts in the western end of our State. He was so well thought of over in Mercer County that Allegheny County became jealous of him and they persuaded him to come over and live in Allegheny County and represent Allegheny County. He now enjoys the distinction of being one of the most noted newspaper men in the United States, with a national reputation, the Hon. Henry Hall. I think the House would be glad to have a few words from Col. Henry Hall. (Applause.)

ADDRESS OF COLONEL HENRY HALL.

Colonel HALL. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, it is customary for men on such occasions to say they are very much surprised. Sometimes it is true, and sometimes it is not. This is certainly a surprise to me. I feel very grateful to the gentleman from Delaware and to the House for the privilege of speaking to you and telling you how I recall with pleasure the sessions that I sat as a member of this body; how I esteemed it as an honor, and how glad I am to visit you even but for a few minutes.

I have sometimes thought, my friends, that the people of the State think too lightly of their legislators. It is customary for some people to speak slightingly of our lawmakers. It extends to the National Legislature as well. But when we come to the last analysis of the matter, my friends, all that laws can do for the peace, the prosperity and the glory of Pennsylvania, has been the work of our several Legislatures. I think that if the people stopped to think of this they would place a higher estimate upon their legislators, for no citizen can hold a higher office than to represent the people in the assembly that makes the laws which shall govern them.

I thank you, gentlemen, and I thank the Speaker for the courtesy extended. (Applause.)

The SPEAKER. If there is no objection, the Chair will take up first reading bills while the bills are being placed on the files.

The SPEAKER. If there is no objection the Chair will take up as the next order of business bills on first reading.

BILL ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 455, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twelfth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act to increase the powers of courts in summary proceeding for desertion and non-support of wives children or aged parents by directing that imprisonment in such cases be at hard labor in such institution as the court shall name with wages payable to the wives children or parents providing for the disbursement of moneys collected on forfeitures of bonds bail-bonds or recognizances and by empowering such courts to appoint desertion probation officers for the performance of such duties as the court shall direct and providing for the payment of the expenses incident to the carrying out of this act"

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. WOBENSMITH. Mr. Speaker, I move that this bill be recommitted to the Committee on Judiciary Special for the purpose of a hearing.

Mr. DELL. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 972 (Senate No. 336), entitled:

An Act to amend the fifth section of an act approved the nineteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four entitled "An Act relating to the organization and jurisdiction of orphans' courts and to establish a separate orphans' court in and for counties having more than one hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants and to provide for the election of judges thereof" as amended by an act approved the sixth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled "An Act to further amend the fifth section of an act entitled 'An Act relating to the organization and jurisdiction of the orphans' court and establishing a separate orphans' court in and for counties having more than one hundred fifty thousand inhabitants and to provide for the election of judges thereof' approved May nineteenth Anno Domini eighteen hundred and seventy-four as amended by an act approved the twenty-ninth day of April Anno Domini eighteen hundred and ninety-seven fixing and determining the salaries of the assistant clerks of said court" by vesting the appointment of the first assistant clerk of said courts in the respective judges thereof and providing that this amendment shall not apply to counties having a population over seven hundred thousand

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 838 (Senate No. 247), entitled:

A Joint Resolution authorizing the printing and binding of the report of the commission to consider the Revision and Amendment of the Penal Laws of Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 757, entitled:

An Act authorizing counties and municipalities to unite in providing in the court house certain rest or waiting rooms

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 760, entitled:

An Act providing for the alteration of the boundaries of counties in certain cases and for the adjustment of the indebtedness thereof

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 291, entitled:

An Act to authorize any railroad company street railway company or any transportation company incorporated or unincorporated to issue or grant transportation at special reduced and lower rates to ministers of religion

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 921, entitled:

An Act requiring each city of the second class to establish a municipal pension fund for employes of said city and regulating the payment of such pensions excepting the employes of the bureaus of police fire and electricity who are eligible to the pension funds of said bureaus

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 815 (Senate No. 212), entitled:

An Act to amend sections four and eight of an act approved the twenty-fifth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen Pamphlet Laws one thousand two hundred sixty-seven entitled "An Act providing for the printing binding and distribution of two publications heretofore published by the State namely 'Pennsylvania at Gettysburg' and 'report of the commission to locate the sites of the frontier forts of Pennsylvania' also providing for additions to said reports and for the editing proofreading and indexing thereof and making appropriations for said work"

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 946 (Senate No. 164), entitled:

An Act to promote the health and efficiency of firemen in cities of the second class by providing for a two platoon system for firemen in the department of public safety of such cities

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 418, entitled:

A supplement to an act approved the seventh day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act providing for the examination licensure and registration of persons firms or corporations engaged or engaging in the business or work of plumbing or house drainage and prescribing certain rules regulations and requirements for the construction of plumbing house drainage and cesspools in cities of the first class and imposing fines penalties and forfeitures for violations thereof"

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 854, entitled:

An Act to amend the ninth section of an act entitled "An Act to establish a county court for the county of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof" approved the fifth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven as amended and supplemented by an act entitled "An Act amending and supplementing section nine of an act entitled "An Act to establish a county court for the county of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof' approved the fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven by requiring the appellant in appeals to pay the costs in the county court and give bail for compliance with the final judgment and fixing the final liability for costs in appeal in certain cases providing for an appeal in forma pauperis prescribing under what circumstances appeals shall operate as a supersedeas requiring notice to the opposite party when appeals are allowed by the common pleas court and requiring the appellant in cases where the appeal is from judgment on a verdict to first obtain leave of the common pleas court to take such appeal and prescribing the practice in such cases" approved the twenty-third day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen by providing that from a final judgment of the court of common pleas upon a writ of certiorari issued from it to the county court an appeal may be taken to the Superior Court as from other final judgments in the said court

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 731, entitled:

An Act providing for the appropriation of certain moneys to the organizations constituting and having in charge the distribution of various police pension funds throughout the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and defining the duties of certain officers in relation thereto

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 856, entitled:

An Act fixing the salary of the messenger in the Legislative Reference Bureau

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 900, entitled:

An Act regulating salaries of clerks in recorders offices in certain counties

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 866, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-fifth day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-seven entitled "An Act to provide for the maintenance care and treatment of the indigent insane in county and local institutions" as amended

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. ADAMS. Mr. Speaker, I move that House Bill No. 383, entitled:

An Act providing for the organization discipline maintenance and regulation of the militia of the Commonwealth

on page 9, of today's calendar, be recommitted to the Committee on Military for the purpose of amendments which comprise omissions and typographical errors.

Mr. EHRHARDT. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 437, entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to limit the duration upon real estate of the debts of decedents including the expenses of the settlement of the estate and to provide under what conditions the lien may be continued" approved the third day of May one thousand nine hundred and nine so as to restrict the revival of judgment liens by the death of the debtor to real estate still owned by said decedent at the date of his death

The first section was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section three of an act entitled "An Act to limit the duration upon real estate of the debts of decedents including the expenses of the settlement of the estate and to provide under what conditions the lien may be continued" which reads as follows

"Section 3 All judgments which at the time of the death of a decedent shall be a lien on his real estate shall continue to bind such real estate during the term of five years from his death although such judgments be not revived by scire facias or otherwise after his death and such judgments shall during such term rank according to their priority at the time of such death and after the expiration of such term such judgments shall not continue a lien on the real estate of such decedent unless revived by scire facias or otherwise according to law regulating the revival of judgments" is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 3 All judgments which at the time of the death of a decedent shall be a lien on real estate owned by said decedent at the time of his death shall continue to bind such real estate during the term of five years from his death although such judgments be not revived by scire facias or otherwise after his death and such judgments shall during such term rank according to their priority at the time of such death and after the expiration of such term such judgments shall not continue a lien on the real estate of such decedent unless revived by scire facias or otherwise according to the laws regulating the revival of judgments

On the question,
Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. McVICAR. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 1, lines 7 and 8 by inserting after the word "continued" the following: "approved the third day of May one thousand nine hundred and nine"

Amend section 1, line 19, by striking out the word "law" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "the laws."

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendments?

They were agreed to,

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The second section was read as follows:

Section 2 Section five of the said act which reads as follows

"Section 5 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed" is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 5 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with the said act of this amendment thereto including the act of Assembly approved the eighteenth day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-five (Pamphlet Laws one hundred ninety-seven) entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act relating to executors and administrators' approved the twenty-fourth day of February one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four relating to the lien of judgments against decedents" and section twenty-five of the act approved the twenty-fourth day of February one thousand eight hundred thirty-four entitled "An Act relating to executors and administrators" be and the same are hereby repealed

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. McVICAR. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 2, line 7, by inserting after the words "said act" the word "and."

The title was read and agreed to as follows:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to limit the duration upon real estate of the debts of decedents including the expenses of the settlement of the estate and to provide under what conditions the lien may be continued" approved the third day of May one thousand nine hundred and nine so as to restrict the revival of judgment liens by the death of the debtor to real estate still owned by said decedent at the date of his death

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 725, as follows:

An Act to amend the first section of an act approved the twenty-seventh day of April one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act regulating the compensation of court criers and tipstaves in counties containing more than ninety thousand and less than one hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants providing for the payment of the same by the particular county limiting the number of tipstaves to be appointed and repealing an act of Assembly entitled 'An Act to regulate the fees of court criers and tipstaves of the courts in judicial districts containing more than ninety thousand and less than one hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants' approved the twenty-ninth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine" so as to increase the number of tipstaves which may be employed in such judicial districts at any one time

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section one of an act approved the twenty-seventh day of April one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act regulating the compensation of court criers and tipstaves in counties containing more than ninety thousand and less than one hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants providing for the payment of the same by the particular county limiting the number of tipstaves to be appointed and repealing an act of Assembly entitled 'An Act to regulate the fees of court criers and tipstaves of the courts in judicial districts containing more than ninety thousand and less than one hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants' approved the twenty-ninth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine" which reads as follows

"Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That in the counties of this Commonwealth which contain more than ninety thousand and less than one hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants the court criers of the several courts shall be paid an annual salary of eight hundred and forty dollars and the tipstaves thereof shall be paid an annual salary of six hundred dollars said salaries shal be paid monthly out of the treasury of the particular county in which the services shall be rendered Provided however That in none of the counties falling within the provisions of this act shall there be more than six tipstaves employed at any one time" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That in the counties of this Commonwealth which contain more than ninety thousand and less than one hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants the court criers of the several courts shall be paid an annual salary of eight hundred and forty dollars and the tipstaves thereof shall be paid an annual salary of six hundred dollars said salaries shall be paid monthly out of the treasury of the particular county in which the services shall be rendered Provided however That in none of the counties falling within the provisions of this act shall there be more than ten tipstaves employed at any one time

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 704, as follows

An Act to enlarge the limit of purchase price to be paid by the department of Forestry for lands to be purchased and used for State forest purposes

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the limit of purchase price to be paid by the Department of Forestry for land hereafter to be purchased by it and used for State forest purposes shall not exceed the sum of ten dollars per acre

Section 2 That all acts or parts of acts in conflict herewith are repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 684, as follows:

An Act to amend an act approved the first day of May one thousand nine hundred seven entiled "An Act relating to the appointment of stenographers and assistant stenographers to report proceedings in the several courts of common pleas and orphans' courts courts of oyer and terminer and general jail delivery and courts of quarter sessions of the peace of this Commonwealth as well as before commissioners masters and special masters in chancery referees examiners auditors and other officers prescribing their powers and duties and when such reports shall be evidence of the facts reported prescribing their compensation and allowances for expenses when the same shall be paid by the county wherein such stenographers or assistant stenographers are employed and when by the parties to such proceeding and repealing an act entitled 'An Act directing the appointment of official stenographers in the several civil courts of this Commonwealth authorizing the appointment of stenographers by examiners masters referees commissioners and auditors authorizing the appointment of assistant stenographers repealing "An Act to authorize the appointment of stenographers in the several courts of this Commonwealth prescribing their duties and fixing their compensation" approved May fifteenth one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four repealing "An Act to authorize the appointment of stenographers in the several courts of this Commonwealth prescribing their duties and fixing their compensation" approved May eighth one thousand eight hundred and seventy-six and repealing "An Act defining the duty of court stenographers in the several counties in this State" approved June tenth one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one' approved the twenty-fourth day of May one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven but such repeal not to revive any law repealed by the said act of twenty-fourth of May one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in Gen-

eral Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sixth section of an act approved the first day of May one thousand nine hundred seven entitled "An Act relating to the appointment of stenographers and assistant stenographers to report proceedings in the several courts of common pleas and orphans' courts courts of oyer and terminer and general jail delivery and courts of quarter sessions of the peace of this Commonwealth as well as before commissioners masters and special masters in chancery referees examiners auditors and other officers prescribing their powers and duties and when such reports shall be evidence of the facts reported prescribing their compensation and allowances for expenses when the same shall be paid by the county wherein such stenographers or assistant stenographers are employed and when by the parties to such proceedings and repealing an act entitled 'An Act directing the appointment of official stenographers in the several civil courts of this Commonwealth authorizing the appointment of stenographers by examiners masters referees commissioners and auditors authorizing the appointment of assistant stepographers repealing "An Act to authorize the appointment of stenographers in the several courts of this Commonwealth prescribing their duties and fixing their compensation" approved May fiftenth one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four repealing "An Act to authorize the appointment of stenographers in the several courts of this Commonwealth prescribing their duties and fixing their compensation" approved May eighth one thousand eight hundred and seventy-six and repealing "An Act defining the duty of court stenographers in the several counties in this State" approved June tenth one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one approved the twenty-fourth day of May one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven but such repeal not to revive any law repealed by the said act of twenty-fourth of May one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven" which reads as follows

Section 6 Each official stenographer shall be paid a compensation at the rate of ten dollars per day for every day actually present by himself or his assistant upon a trial or other proceeding for the purpose of taking notes by the direction of any judge or judges of any of the courts aforesaid or in attendance upon any of the said judges in connection with the business of the courts and also be allowed in addition such expenses and supplies as the court may deem proper and necessary said per diem compensation and allowances for expenses and supplies to be paid by the county in and for which the said services are performed upon the order of the presiding judge Whenever in the opinion of the judges of any of said courts the proper despatch of the business of said courts requires the increased attendance of any official stenographer upon them or in the court of said judge or judges they may order and decree that in lieu of the aforesaid per diem compensation the official stenographer shall receive an annual compensation of not less than fifteen hundred dollars and not exceeding three thousand dollars and in addition thereto he shall be allowed such expenses and supplies as the court may deem proper and necessary which said annual compensation and allowance shall be paid by the county in and for which the said services are rendered upon the order of the presiding judge" is amended to read

Section 6 Each official stenographer shall be paid a compensation at the rate of ten dollars per day for every day actually present by himself or his assistant upon a trial or other proceeding for the purpose of taking notes by the direction of any judge or judges of any of the courts aforesaid or in attendance upon any of the said judges in connection with the business of the courts and also be alowed in addition such expenses and supplies as the court may deem proper and necessary said per diem compensation and allowances for expenses and supplies to be paid by the county in and for which the said services are performed upon the order of the presiding judge Whenever in the opinion of the judges of any of said courts the proper despatch of the business of said courts requires the increased attendance of any official stenographer upon them or in the court of said judge or judges they may order and decree that in lieu of the aforesaid per diem compensation the official stenographer shall receive an annual compensation of not less than one thousand dollars and not exceeding three thousand dollars and in addition thereto he shall be allowed such expenses and supplies as the court may deem proper and necessary which said annual compensation and allowance shall be paid by the county in and for which the said services are rendered upon the order of the presiding judge

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 546, as follows:

An Act to regulate certain kinds of insurance by individuals and partnerships or associations of individuals known as Lloyds defining the powers of such associations authorizing the Insurance Commissioner to grant a license and prescribing penalties for any violation thereof and repealing existing laws.

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That individuals partnerships or associations of individuals hereby designated underwriters are hereby authorized to engage in the business of insurance in this Commonwealth as insurers on the Lloyds plan in accordance with the provisions of this act but not otherwise

Section 2 Such underwriters when authorized as hereinafter provided may insure the following classes of risks

(a) Against loss or damage to property by fire lightning hail or windstorm tornadoes or earthquakes on land and against loss or damage arising from breakage or leakage of sprinklers or piping connected therewith pumps or other apparatus erected for extinguishing fires

(b) Every insurance appertaining to or connected with ocean marine perils and risks of transit and transportation by land or water and all other risks and perils insured by marine and transportation insurers

(c) All kinds of team vehicle and automobile insurance including indemnity against loss sustained by or legal liability for loss to the persons or property of others caused by their use or operation but shall not include insurance against loss by reason of bodily injury to the person

Section 3 Such underwriters shall file with the Insurance Commissioner a declaration signed and sworn to by their duly authorized attorney or attorneys in fact setting forth

(a) The name or title under which the business is to be conducted which name shall not be so similar to any existing association of insurers on the Lloyds or inter-insurance plan or insurance corporations as in the opinion of the Insurance Commissioner is calculated to deceive

(b) The location of the principal office at which the business is to be conducted

(c) A copy of the form of power of attorney agreement or other authority of the attorney or attorneys in fact setting forth the character of their representatives and authority and the agreement between the underwriters

(d) Copies of the forms of policy contracts or agreements under or by which insurance is to be effected

(e) The names and addresses of all the underwriters proposing to engage in such business

(f) The designation and appointment of the Insurance Commissioner for service of legal process

(g) The kind or kinds of insurance to be written

(h) That a fund for the protection of policy holders is in the possession within the United States of the attorney or attorneys in fact or a committee for such underwriters and is either in cash or invested as required by the laws of the State in which the principal office of the underwriters is located in respect to securities deposited by the insurance corporations authorized to transact similar kinds of insurance such fund to amount to the sum of one hundred thousand dollars ($100,000.00) if the applicants desire to be authorized to transact the kind of insurance specified in any one of the subdivisions (a) (b) or (c) or in subdivisions (a) and (c) or (b) and (c) of section two of this act and such fund to amount to the sum of two hundred thousand dollars ($200,000.00) if the applicants desire to be authorized to transact all the kinds of insurance specified in subdivisions (a) (b) and (c) or in sub-divisions (a) and (b) of said section

(i) The number of underwriters which shall not be less than twenty-five and that each underwriter is worth in his own right not less than twenty thousand dollars ($20,000.00) over and above all his debts and liabilities

(j) A statement showing a list of all cash and invested assets owned by said associated underwriters as such and their estimated value

The Insurance Commissioner may in his discretion by a writing to be filed and kept in the Insurance Department waive the filing of any part of the declaration mentioned on the part of such underwriters as are lawfully doing business in this Commonwealth at the time this act takes effect and who have heretofore filed such duly verified information with the said Commissioner

Section 4 Upon the filing of the documents hereinbefore specified the Insurance Commissioner shall examine the same and if it shall appear that all the statements made in the said declaration are true and that the rights of the policy holders will be protected thereunder he may issue a certificate of authority to such underwriters under the name chosen and approved stating that they are authorized to transact the business of insurance specified in said declaration Such certificate of authority shall be renewed annually and no underwriter attorney in fact agent or other person shall transact the business of insurance in this Commonwealth for such underwriters until such certificate has been issued nor during its suspension or revocation

Section 5 Prior to the issuance of such certificate of authority the Insurance Commissioner may at his option cause an examination to be made of the affairs and assets of the underwriters applying for said certificate

Section 6 If any of the underwriters applying for certificate of authority hereunder is not a citizen of the United States each such alien underwriter shall at the time of the making of the aforesaid application for certificate of authority deposit with the Insurance Commissioner the sum of five thousand dollars ($5,000.00) in cash or in securities such as are now required for the investment of the capital of insurance corporations authorized to do similar kinds of insurance business in this Commonwealth or in such kinds of securities as may be approved by him Provided however that the provisions of this section as to deposits shall not apply if such alien underwriter is one of an association of underwriters having on deposit with the Insurance Department of any State of the United States or in the hands of a bank or trust company as trustee a cash

deposit or approved securities worth not less than one hundred thousand dollars ($1,00,000.00) held in trust for the benefit of all their policy holders in the United States Provided further That the provisions of this section as to deposits shall not apply if such alien underwriter is one of an association of underwriters nine tenths of whom are at all times citizens of the United States and who have complied with all other provisions of this act

Section 7 After the conditions of any deposits made under the provisions of this act have been fulfilled and the certificate of authority granted to such underwriters has been cancelled or they have voluntarily withdrawn from and have ceased doing business in this Commonwealth the Insurance Commissioner shall return to said underwriters or their duly authorized representative for this purpose specifically designated by them or their principal attorney or attorneys in fact all securities and cash so deposited in this Commonwealth

Section 8 Whenever underwriters applying for certificates of authority hereunder after the issue of such certificate are joined by other underwriters additional or substituted such additional or substituted underwriters must comply with the provisions of this act and shall be held to be bound by the documents on file with the Insurance Commissioner concerning such authorized underwriters in the same manner and to the same extent as though they had been original applicants for the certificates of authority

Section 9 Any association of underwriters authorized hereunder shall from time to time furnish to the insurance Commissioner under oath of their attorney or attorneys in fact such information as said commissioner may require respecting the conduct of their affairs changes in the name under which said business is done the establishment of branch offices and their location and any change in the membership of the underwriters and their attorney or attorneys in fact including any amendment to the power of attorney agreements or articles of association of underwriters

Section 10 No association of underwriters authorized to do business in this Commonwealth under the terms hereof shall expose themselves to loss on any one risk to an amount in excess of one-fifth of their cash and invested assets including therein the underwriting liability of the individual underwriters unless any excess shall be promptly reinsured by said underwriters

Section 11 All associations of underwriters authorized hereunder and their representatives shall respectively be subject to the same supervision by and required to make the same reports to the Insurance Commissioner as is required of foreign insurance companies and their representatives transacting the same or similar kinds of insurance in this Commonwealth and they shall pay the same taxes and license fees as are required to be paid by such insurance companies

Section 12 Nothing herein contained shall apply to Inter insurers of Reciprocal Underwriters

Section 13 Upon violation of any of the provisions of this act the Insurance Commissioner shall have authority to revoke or suspend any certificate of authority issued hereunder

Section 14 Any person who as principal attorney agent broker or other representatives shall engage in the business contemplated by this act or any variety or part thereof without complying with the requirements thereof or who shall violate any provisions of this act shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be sentenced to pay a fine of five hundred dollars

Section 15 The act approved February fourth one thousand eight hundred and seventy entitled "An Act to prevent the issue of unauthorized policies of insurance" is repealed and in so far as it conflicts with the provisions of this act all other acts or parts of acts inconsistent with this act are repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 873 (Senate Bill No. 13), entitled:

An Act relating to and regulating partnerships

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order.

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 800, as follows:

An Act to repeal an act approved the first day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to tax traction-engines and providing that the same shall be assessed by the several assessors of the counties of this Commonwealth in the same manner as other articles of personal estate liable for taxation are assessed"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the act approved the first day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to tax traction-engines and providing that the same shall be assessed by the several assessors of the counties of this Commonwealth in the same manner as other articles of personal estate liable for taxation are assessed" is hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 883, as follows:

An Act authorizing the Department of Forestry to grow and distribute young forest trees and restricting their use after distribution

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the Department of Forestry is hereby authorized to grow young forest trees and to distribute them to those desiring to plant them in such quantity and under such regulations as may be prescribed by the Department when the available stock in the forest nurseries shall be in excess of that required by the Department for forest planting No charge shall be made for the trees so distributed but the cost of boxing and shipping shall be paid by the applicant The applicant must enter into an agreement with the Department to plant the young trees under such conditions or regulations as may be made by the Department and to protect and care for them when planted The Department may render such assistance and instruction in the planting of the trees as it may deem necessary to secure their proper planting

Section 2 That all such young forest trees which shall be distributed as aforesaid shall not be subject to sale in the hands of the applicant but shall be properly planted in accordance with the agreement entered into with the Department

Section 3 That all acts and parts of acts inconsistent with or supplied by this one are repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 756, as follows:

An Act to amend an act approved the seventh day of May one thousand nine hundred seven entitled "An Act regulating and defining the powers and duties of the Dental Council and the State Board of Dental Examiners providing for appointment of examiners defining qualifications of applicants for examinations condition of granting licenses regulating and limiting the practice of dentistry prohibiting practice by or employment of unlicensed persons and providing punishment therefor and disposition of fees and fines and fixing the appropriation to the Dental Council"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That sections two five six seven and eight of an act approved the seventh day of May one thousand nine hundred seven entitled "An Act regulating and defining the powers and duties of the Dental Council and the State Board of Dental Examiners providing for appointment of examiners defining qualifications of applicants for examination condition of granting licenses regulating and limiting the practice of dentistry prohibiting practice by or employment of unlicensed persons and providing punishment therefor and disposition of fees and fines and fixing the appropriation to the Dental Council" which respectively read as follows

"Section 2 The Dental Council shall have power to grant licenses to practice dentistry in this Commonwealth to any person who may be duly qualified under the provisions of this act

Any person may present to the Dental Council a written application for a license to practice dentistry together with a fee of twenty-five dollars and with proof that he or she is not less than twenty-one years of age is of good moral character and has obtained a competent education together with a diploma conferring upon him or her the degree of Doctor of Dental Surgery or other established dental degree from a reputable educational institution maintaining a three years' course in dentistry thereupon the Dental Council may authorize the examination of such person by the State Board of Dental Examiners

Upon receiving from the Board of Dental Examiners a report of the examination for license of any applicant who shall have been returned as having successfully passed said examination the Dental Council shall issue to the applicant a license to practice dentistry in the State of Pennsylvania Every license to practice dentistry issued pur-

suant to this act shall be subscribed by the officers of the Dental Council and by each dental examiner who reported the applicant as having successfully passed an examination such as is provided by this act and said license shall be sealed with the seal of the Dental Council of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and shall be recorded in a book to be kept in the office of the Dental Council and the number of the book and page therein containing said record shall be noted upon said license

Upon the recommendation of the Board of Dental Examiners the Dental Council may also issue a license upon the payment of a fee of twenty-five dollars to any person who is of good moral character and who shall furnish proof that he or she has a license to practice dentistry granted by the Dental Council or other lawfully constituted authority of any other state or country where the preliminary and professional education required by law is equal to that provided by the laws of this Commonwealth

The Dental Council may also license any applicant who has been in the actual lawful practice of dentistry for not less than ten years upon the report of the Board of Dental Examiners that after due investigation or examination it finds his or her education and professional attainments and experience to be together fully equal to the requirements for license in this Commonwealth

Every license issued otherwise than as a result of a written examination shall state the grounds upon which it is granted

All fees provided by this act shall be payable to the Dental Council and the same shall be disbursed by the Dental Council in payment of the expenses of the Board of Dental Examiners Provided That any surplus unexpended at the end of any fiscal year shall be apportioned among the Dental Examiners in the proportion of the number of applicants for license respectively examined by each during said fiscal year

"Section 5 It shall be the duty of every person practicing dentistry within this Commonwealth to display or cause to be displayed his or her name posted in a conspicuous place at or near the entrance to the office or place wheer he or she is practicing dentistry Any person practicing dentistry within this Commonwealth within six months from the passage of this act shall cause his or her license to be registered in the office of the Prothonotary of the court of common pleas of the county in which such person shall practice dentistry unless the same has already been registered in said county Any person who shall neglect to cause his or her license to be registered as herein provided shall be construed to be practicing dentistry without a license Provided This act shall not affect the right to any person to practice dentistry who is entitled to do so under the provisions of an act of assembly in force or who shall have conducted the actual practice of dentistry in this Commonwealth for five years continuously preceding the passage of this act"

"Section 6 It shall be unlawful for any person to employ any person as an operator in dental surgery or practitioner in dentistry for hire or reward or to cause or permit any person to act as an operator in dental surgery or as a practitioner in dentistry for hire or reward who is not duly qualified and registered as a practitioner in dentistry as provided by law All persons shall be construed to be practicing dentistry who shall be the owner part owner partner shareholder operator manager assistant or in any other manner engaged in conducting any office or other place for the purpose of performing dental operations or treating extracting or filling human teeth or inserting artificial appliances or sets of artificial teeth for hire or reward Provided That this act shall not prohibit any licensed dentist having any person as assistant or attendant to perform any service other than extracting filling treating or operating upon human teeth or the taking of impressions for and the insertion of artificial appliances in the mouth"

"Section 7 Nothing in this act shall be construed to prohibit physicians or surgeons in the regular practice of their profession from extracting teeth for the relief of pain or making applications for such purpose or shall prevent bona fide students of dentistry in the regular course of their instruction from operating upon patients at clinics or under the immediate supervision and in the presence of their perceptor who is in lawful practice Provided That no fee salary or other reward for such operation shall be paid to or received by any student of dentistry either directly or indirectly under any circumstances And nothing in this act shall be construed to prohibit the practice of dentistry within this Commonwealth by any practitioner who shall have been duly registered in accordance with the laws of this Commonwealth existing prior to the passage of this act"

"Section 8 Any person who shall practice dentistry without being duly licensed or lawfully registered or who shall practice dentistry or induce any person to practice dentistry in violation of any of the provisions of this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be punished by a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars ($500.00) or by imprisonment not exceeding six (6) months or by both fine and imprisonment at the discretion or the court

All fines recovered under this act from convictions resulting from information instituted at the instance of the Pennsylvania State Dental Society shall be paid to the said Society" are amended to read as follows

Section 2 The Dental Council shall have power to grant licenses to practice dentistry in this Commonwealth to any person who may be duly qualified under the provisions of this act

Any person may present to the Dental Council a written application for a license to practice dentistry together with a fee of twenty-five dollars and with proof that he or she is not less than twenty-one years of age is of good moral character and has obtained a competent education together with a diploma conferring upon him or her the degree of doctor of dental surgery or other established dental degree from a reputable educational institution maintaining a three years course in dentistry thereupon the Dental Council may authorize the examination of such person by the state board of dental examiners After the first day of July one thousand nine hundred seventeen the required course shall be four years instead of three years

Upon receiving from the board of dental examiners a report of the examination for license of any applicant who shall have been returned as having successfully passed said examination the Dental Council shall issue to the applicant a license to practice dentistry in the State of Pennsylvania Every license to practice dentistry issued pursuant to this act shall be subscribed by the officers of the Dental Council and by each dental examiner who reported the applicant as having successfully passed an examination such as is provided by this act and said license shall be sealed with the seal of the Dental Council of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and shall be recorded in a book to be kept in the office of the Dental Council and the number of the book and page therein containing said record shall be noted upon said license

Upon the recommendation of the board of dental examiners the Dental Council may also issue a license upon the payment of a fee of twenty-five dollars to any person who is of good moral character and who shall furnish proof that he or she has a license to practice dentistry granted by the Dental Council or other lawfully constituted authority of any other state or country where the preliminary and professional education required by law is equal to that provided by the laws of this Commonwealth

The Dental Council may also license any applicant who has been in the actual lawful practice of dentistry for not less than ten years upon the report of the board of dental examiners that after due investigation or examination it finds his or her education and professional attainments and experience to be together fully equal to the requirements for license in this Commonwealth

The board of dental examiners shall keep a book of registration at the office of the board in which shall be registered the names and addresses of each person duly qualified under existing laws or who may hereafter become qualified to conduct the practice of dentistry in Pennsylvania

And it shall be the duty of all persons now qualified and engaged in the practice of dentistry or who shall hereafter be licensed by the Dental Council to engage in such practice in this Commonwealth to be registered with the said board of dental examiners as practitioners on or before the first day of January one thousand nine hundred sixteen and thereafter to register with said board of dental examiners in like manner annually on or before the first day of January of each succeeding year The form and method of such registration shall be provided for by such board of dental examiners in such manner as will enable the said Dental Examining Board to carry into effect the purposes of this act

And the said board of dental examiners shall be entitled to demand for each annual registration and for the certificate hereinafter provided a fee not to exceed one dollar which sum shall accompany the application for such registration and the amount derived from this source shall be applied to the proper expenses incurred by the said board of dental examiners

Upon receiving a proper application for such registration accompanied by the fee above provided the said board of dental examiners shall issue its certificate of registration to the applicant for registration upon which shall be noted the number of the book and the page therein containing the record of such registration said certificate together with its renewals shall be good and sufficient evidence of registration under the provisions of this act

Any person who shall practice dentistry without having been registered in accordance with the provisions of this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and on conviction thereof in the court of quarter sessions in the county where the offense shall have been committed shall pay a fine of not less than ten dollars and no more than one hundred dollars

Every license issued otherwise than as a result of a written examination shall state the grounds upon which it is granted

All fees collected by the Dental Council shall be disbursed by the Dental Council in payment of the expenses of the Board of Dental Examiners Provided That any surplus unexpended at the end of any fiscal year shall be apportioned among the Dental Examiners in the proportion of the number of applicants for license respectively examined by each during said fiscal year.

All fees for registration by this act shall be payable to the Board of Dental Examiners and the same shall be disbursed by the said board in payment of the expenses of registration Provided That any surplus unexpended at the end of any fiscal year shall be used for the enforcement of the provisions of this act

Section 5 It shall be the duty of every person practicing dentistry within this Commonwealth to display or cause to be displayed his or her name in a conspicuous place at or near the entrance to the office or place where he or she is practicing dentistry and to keep his or her license and certificate of registration displayed in a conspicuous place where he or she practices in such manner as to be easily seen and read Any person practicing dentistry within this Commen-

wealth within six months from the passage of this act shall cause his or her license to be registered in the office of the prothonotary of the court of common pleas of the county in which such person shall practice dentistry unless the same has already been registered in said county Any person who shall neglect to cause his or her license to be registered as herein provided shall be construed to be practicing dentistry without a license Provided This act shall not affect the right of any person to practice dentistry who is entitled to do so under the provisions of an act of Assembly in force or who shall have conducted the actual lawful practice of dentistry in this Commonwealth for five years continuously preceding the passage of this act

Section 6 It shall be unlawful for any person to employ any person as an operator in dental surgery or practitioner in dentistry or to cause or permit any person to act as an operator in dental surgery or as a practitioner in dentistry for hire or reward who is not duly qualified and registered as a practitioner in dentistry as provided by law A person shall be deemed to be engaged in the practice of dentistry within the meaning of this act who shall treat diseases or lesions of the human teeth or jaws or perform operations of any kind thereon or insert any artificial teeth fixtures or appliances for the restoration regulation or improvement of the dental organs or who is manager properietor or conductor of a place for performing dental operations or who for a fee salary or other reward paid or to be paid to himself or another person performs any of the before named dental operations or who uses the word dentist dental surgeon or other letters or titles in connection with his name which in any way represents him as being engaged in the practice of dentistry This act is not intended to prevent a bona fide student in regular attendance upon any dental college in this state from practicing dentistry under the direct supervision of one of his teachers in the regular infirmary of such college or a legal practitioner of another State making a clinical demonstration before any incorporated dental society for the purpose of instruction and without remuneration This act shall not prohibit physicians or surgeons in the regular practice of their profession from extracting teeth for the relief of pain or making applications for such purpose

Section 7 It shall be unlawful for any person to circulate or advertise fraudulent or misleading statements as to the skill of the operator the quality of the materials drugs or medicine used or methods practiced.

Section 8 Any person who shall practice dentistry without being duly licensed or lawfully registered or who shall practice dentistry or induce any person to practice dentistry in violation of any of the provisions of this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be punished by a fine of not less than fifty dollars nor more than five hundred dollars or by imprisonment not exceeding six months or both fine and imprisonment at the discretion of the court

All fines recovered under this act from convictions resulting from information instituted at the instance of the Pennsylvania State Dental Society shall be paid to the said society

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 490 (Senate Bill No. 47), entitled:

An Act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act to fix the fees to be allowed the district attorney in the several counties of this Commonwealth having seven hundred fifty thousand inhabitants and less than one million two hundred thousand" approved May sixth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 902, as follows:

An Act providing for the better protection of life and property by the competent operation of steam boilers and engines in third class cities and providing for the examination and licensing of engineers in charge of same and for the appointment of a Board of Examiners and prescribing their duties and powers and prescribing penalties for the violation of the provisions of this act

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That it shall be unlawful for any person to have charge of or to operate any steam boiler and engine as the engineer thereof of more than twenty horsepower and carrying more than fifteen pounds per square inch unless such person shall hold a license to operate the same issued by an Examining Board of Steam Engineers and it shall be unlawful for any owner or user of any steam boiler or engine to operate or cause to be operated such steam boiler or engine without having a licensed engineer in charge therof excepting however from the provisions of this act such steam boilers and engines as are under the jurisdiction and control of the United States and locomotives operated by railroad companies.

Section 2 The city council shall after the passage of this act appoint two competent and practical engineers of not less than six years' experience to act in conjunction with the Director of Public Safety who shall comprise a Board of Examiners for Steam Engineers who shall hold office for four years from the date of their appointment or until their respective successors are appointed and qualified

Section 3 No engineer shall be appointed as examiner unless he has had not less than six years' experience as a practical engineer prior to his appointment and to have such knowledge of and experience in the construction and operation of steam boilers and engines steam pumps and boiler feeding apparatus in general use electrical and hydraulic apparatus and machines as will enable them to examine such applicants for license as desire to take examination on such subjects in addition to those relating to the safe operation of steam boilers and engines

Section 4 The Board of Examiners shall prepare reasonable rules and regulations consistent with the purposes of this act governing the disposition of applications They shall make monthly reports of the business and shall pay into the treasury to the credit of the general revenue fund all moneys received by them from any source under the operation of this act not later than the fifteenth day of each month and shall file a monthly report of the business of this office

Section 5 Applicants for license shall be over twenty-one years of age they shall pay the sum of three dollars when license is granted and the sum of one dollar for each renewal thereof which renewal shall be made within thirty days after the expiration of one year from the date of such licenses and each year subsequent thereafter application shall be made for a renewal which application shall be made within thirty days after the expiration of the former renewal Written notice of the expiration of such license shall be given to the holder ten days prior to its expiration

Section 6 The Board of Examiners shall notify the steam engineers of the time and place where and when they may apply for a license they shall satisfy themselves by such examinations as are necessary that the applicant possesses sufficient experience and knowledge requisite to insure safety in the management of the steam boilers and engines and the prior efficiency shown by the applicant in the charge of steam boilers and engines shall be considered by them as a principal factor in their determination as to the applicant's right to a license but no examination shall be given if the applicant has had charge of steam boilers and engines for the three years immediately prior to his application for a license unless he requests it in writing on the face of his application

Section 7 Salary of the two examiners shall be five dollars per day for the time while holding such examination

Section 8 The words "have charge" or "in charge" in the preceding sections shall designate the person under whose supervision a boiler is operated

Section 9 No owner lessee or agent for the owner or lessee shall for a period exceeding ten days place in charge to operate any steam boiler or engine any person not qualified by a license granted him under the provisions of this act and a breach of this provision shall constitute a misdemeanor punishable with a fine of not more than one hundred dollars and such owner lessee or agent of the owner or lessee shall be responsible to any person injured by reason of the incompetency of such unqualified person in charge of such steam boiler or boilers and engine or engines and any person assuming to act as an engineer in charge of and operating steam boilers and engines who is not qualified by a license granted under the provisions of this act for a period exceeding ten days shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and on conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine of not more than one hundred dollars or imprisonment of not more than three months or both at the discretion of the court And provided further That any licensed engineer who shall leave his place of employment without twenty-four hours notice to his employer shall be guilty of a misdemeanor under this act and subject to a fine of having his license revoked for a period of not less than twelve months

Section 10 The provisions of this act shall not apply to locomotive boilers used by incorporated railroads or steam boilers under the jurisdiction of the United States

Neither this bill or any part thereof shall have any application to traction or stationary engines used for street paving or street repair work

Section 11 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 885, as follows:

An Act extending the powers and duties of Foresters Forest Rangers Game Protectors Deputy Game Protectors Special Deputy Game Protectors Fish Wardens and Deputy Fish Wardens of this Commonwealth

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authoritty of the same That from and after the approval of this act it shall be the duty of each Forester and Forest Ranger commissioned in this Commonwealth to enforce all the laws relating to Forestry Fish and Game under the direction of the Forestry Department that it shall be the duty of every Game Protector Deputy Game Protector or Special Deputy Game Protector commissioned in this Commonwealth to enforce all the laws relating to Fish Game and Forestry under the direction of the Game Commission of this Commonwealth that it shall be the duty of every Fish Warden or Deputy Fish Warden commissioned in this Commonwealth to enforce all the laws relating to Game Fish and Forestry under the direction of the Department of Fisheries and for this purpose the powers of all the officers aforesaid are hereby extended in such a way as to give them full authority to carry out the purposes of this act

Section 2 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with this act in so far as they relate to the various subjects and conditions considered by this act and specifically changed by its provisions are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 586, as follows:

An Act to amend an act "To provide for the better collection of collateral inheritance taxes" approved the sixth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven providing for the employment of attorneys and clerks

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Asembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That that section fifteen of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the better collection of collateral inheritance taxes" approved the sixth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven as follows "If the register shall discover that any colateral inheritance tax has not been paid over according to law the orphans' court shall be authorized to cite the executors or administrators of the decedent whose estate is subject to the tax to file an account or to issue a citation to the executors administrators or heirs citing them to appear on a certain day and show cause why the said tax should not be paid and when personal service cannot be had notice shall be given for four weeks once a week in at least one newspaper published in said county and if the said tax shall be found to be due and unpaid the said delinquent shall pay said tax and costs And it shall be the duty of the register or of the Auditor General to employ an attorney of the proper county to sue for the recovery and amount of such tax and the Auditor General is authorized and empowered in settlement of accounts of any register to allow him costs of advertising and other reasonable fees and expenses incurred in the collection of "taxes" be amended so as to read as follows namely

If the register shall discover that any collateral inheritance tax has not been paid over according to law the orphan's court shall be authorized to cite the executors or administrators of the decedent whose estate is subject to the tax to file an account or to issue a citation to the executors administrators or heirs citing them to appear on a certain day and show cause why the said tax should not be paid and when personal service cannot be had notice shall be given for four weeks once a week in at least one newspaper published in said county and if the said tax shall be found to be due and unpaid the said delinquent shall pay said tax and costs And it shall be the duty of the register to employ and fix the salary of an attorney or attorneys of the proper county to sue for or to take such other action as may be required for the collection of the amount of any and all collateral inheritance taxes as shall be due and unpaid together with the penalty interest and costs and to employ and fix the salary of such clerk or clerks as the register may deem necessary for the proper and speedy collection of the taxes herein provided for and the Auditor General is required and directed in settlement of accounts of any register to allow him costs of advertising salaries of attorneys and clerks and other reasonable fees and expenses incurred in the collection of taxes

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 725, as follows:

An Act to amend an act approved the sixth day of May one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven entitled "An Act to authorize the commissioners of the several counties of this Commonwealth to discharge from prison all persons confined in jail without proceedings under the insolvent laws"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section one of an act approved the sixth day of May one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven entitled "An Act to authorize the commissioners of the several counties of this Commonwealth to discharge from prison all persons confined in jail without proceedings under the insolvent laws" which reads as follows

"Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from and after the passage of this act the commissioners of the several counties of this Commonwealth shall be and they are hereby authorized upon the order of the court of quarter sessions or in vacation of a law judge thereof in the exercise of its or his discretion and upon such terms as said court or judge as aforesaid may impose to discharge from prison without the delay and expense of any proceedings under the insolvent laws of this Commonwealth every convict who shall have served out his or her term of imprisonment or who shall have been committed for non-payment of costs only notwithstanding if he be a convict end shall not have paid the costs of prosecution fine or made restitution or paid the value of stolen goods or property Provided That in the opinion of said commissioners such person is unable to pay or restore the same and provided that such discharge shall not prevent the Commonwealth or any person interested in such payment or restitution from proceeding by action to recover the same from the property of such person but no such person shall be so discharged until he or she shall have made under oath or affirmation duplicate schedules of all his or her property real personal or mixed so far as he or she can ascertain the same one of which shall be filed among the papers of the said prison and the other with the clerk of the court of quarter sessions Provided further That nothing in said proceedings shall either add to or take from the liability of said county for costs under existing laws of this Commonwealth" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the county commissioners upon the order of the court of quarter sessions or in vacation of a law judge thereof in the exercise of its or his discretion and upon such terms as the court or judge may impose may discharge from prison without the delay and expense of any proceedings under the insolvent laws of this Commonwealth every convict who shall have served out his or her term of imprisonment or who shall have been committed for non-payment of costs only or any person who shall have failed to comply with the order of the court of quarter sessions upon conviction of fornication or bastardy or for fornication and bastardy and been confined for a period of more than three months notwithstanding if he be convicted and shall not have paid the costs of prosecution fine or made restitution or paid the value of stolen goods or property or failed to comply with the court's order upon conviction of fornication or bastardy or fornication and bastardy Provided That in the opinion of said commissioners such person is unable to pay or restore the same and provided that such discharge shall not prevent the Commonwealth or any person interested in such payment or restitution from proceeding by action to recover the same from the property of such person but no such person shall be so discharged until he or she shall have made under oath or affirmation duplicate schedules of all his or her property real personal or mixed so far as he or she can ascertain the same one of which shall be filed among the papers of the said prison and the other with the clerk of the court of quarter sessions Provided further That nothing in said proceedings shall either add to or take from the liability of said county for costs under existing laws of this Commonwealth

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 680, as follows:

An Act relative to estates of decedents

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That when the estate of a decedent does not exceed the value of three hundred dollars the executor or administrator may after the expiration of one year after the date of granting the letters testamentary or of administration present his or her or their or its petition to the orphan's court with an annexed account showing the administration and legal distribution of the estate If the statements in the petition and the account are verified by the affidavit of the executor or administrator the court may upon satisfactory proof or acknowledgment of notice to all parties known to be interested in said estate that said petition and account have been presented order the discharge of the executor or administrator without the expense of proceedings as in a formal account unless exceptions be filed to the account within thirty days from the date of filing the petition and account

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 840 (Senate Bill No. 289), entitled:

An Act amending section nine of an act as amended by the act of seventeenth April one thousand nine hundred and five Pamphlet Laws one hundred and eighty-five approved the fifth day of May one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine entitled "An Act supplementing and amending an act entitled 'An Act to establish an intermediate court of appeal regulating its constitution officers jurisdiction powers practice and its relation to the Supreme Court and other courts providing for the reports of its decisions and the compensation of the judges and other officers and the practice and costs on appeals from its judgments' approved June twenty-fourth Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five" and increasing the amount to which the judges of the Superior Court shall be entitled to be reimbursed for the sums expended by them in each year for expenses incurred in the discharge of their duties for the help of stenographers typewriters or clerks and regulating the time and manner of such reimbursement

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 889, as follows:

An Act to further amend the act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school sysem in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith" as amended by providing for the education of certain blind children beyond the age of eight years under certain circumstances

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section fourteen hundred and thirty-nine of the act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith" which was added by the act approved the eighth day of May one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act to amend the act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled 'An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith' by providing for the education of certain blind children under eight years of age" reads as follows

"Section 1439 The State Board of Education is authorized to educate blind children residing in this Commonwealth (under the age of eight years) whenever from any cause the parent or parents thereof may be unable properly to educate them With the written consent of the proper parents parent or nearest relative if there be no parents or the poor authorities of the proper poor district if there be neither parents nor relatives the Board may contract with any non-sectarian institution in this State or elsewhere established for the education of the blind whereby any such child may at a cost not exceeding one dollar per day to be paid out of the State school fund be educated until it shall reach the age of eight years The contract may be cancelled and the child or children removed at any time by the Board This act shall not repeal or modify any existing act relative to the education of the blind" is hereby amended so that said section one thousand four hundred and thirty-nine shall read as follows

Section 1439 The State Board of Education is authorized to educate blind children residing in this Commonwealth under the age of eight years whenever from any cause the parent or parents thereof may be unable properly to educate them With the written consent of the proper parents parent or nearest relative if there be no parents or the poor authorities of the proper poor district if there be neither parents nor relatives the Board may contract with any non-sectarian institution in this State or elsewhere established for the education of the blind whereby any such child may at a cost not exceeding one dollar per day to be paid out of the State school fund be educated until it shall reach the age of eight years Provided That such education may be continued beyond the age of eight years when for physical mental or other proper reasons such child or children need special care for a longer period The contract may be cancelled and the child or children removed at any time by the Board This act shall not repeal or modify any existing act relative to the education of the blind

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 545, as follows:

An Act to supervise the operation of fire insurance rate-making bureaus and providing for their examination by the Insurance Commissioner Prohibiting discrimination in fixng and collecting fire insurance rates Requiring companies to maintain and co-operate in maintaining and operating rate making bureaus Requiring inspection and survey by such bureaus of all risks specifically rated and regulating agreements between companies or other insurers with respect to fixing and collecting fire insurance rates and repealing existing laws

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the Insurance Commissioner may address inquiries to any individual association or bureau which is or has been engaged in making rates or estimates for rates for fire insurance upon property in this Commonwealth in relation to the organization maintenance or operation or any other matter connected with its transactions and may require the filing of schedules rates forms rules regulations and such other information as may be required and it shall be the duty of every such individual association or bureau or some officer thereof to promptly make such filing or reply to such inquiries in writing Provided however surveys and completed schedules may be required only upon specific complaint being registered with the Insurance Commissioner on specified risks

Section 2 The Insurance Commissioner shall have power to examine any such rating bureau as often as he deems it expedient to do so and shall do so not less than once every three years A report thereof shall be filed in his office The Insurance Commissioner may waive such examination upon the filing with him of a report of such examination made by some other insurance department or proper supervising officers within such three years A statement with regard to such examinations shall be made in the annual report of the Insurance Commissioner

Section 3 No fire insurance company or other insurer against the risk of fire or lightning nor any rating bureau shall fix or charge any rate for fire insurance upon property in this Commonwealth which discriminates unfairly between risks in the application of like charges and credits or which discriminate unfairly between risks of essentially the same hazards territorial classification and having substantially the same degree of protection against fire

Section 4 Every such company or other insurer shall at least fifteen days in advance of any variation by it from the bureau rate file with the bureau of which it is a member a schedule showing such variations

Section 5 Except as contained in the policy and the usual agreement for other insurance no such insurance company or insurer or rating bureau shall make any contract or agreement with any person insured or to be insured that the whole or any part of any insurance shall be written by or placed with any particular company insurer agent or any group of companies insurers or agents

Section 6 Every fire insurance company or other insurer authorized to effect insurance against the risk of loss or damage by fire or lightning in this Commonwealth shall maintain or be a member of a rating bureau No such insurer shall be a member of more than one rating bureau for the purpose of rating the same risk Provided however That the provisions of this section shall not apply to mutual fire insurance companies doing business under a Pennsylvania charter

Section 7 A rating bureau may consist of one or more insurers and when consisting of two or more insurers shall admit to membership any fire insurance company authorized to do business within this Commonwealth applying therefor who shall agree to abide by the rules and regulations of such association or bureau The expenses of the bureau shall be shared in proportion to the gross premiums received in this Commonwealth by each member during the preceding year to which may be added a reasonable annual fee

Section 8 Every fire insurance company or other insurer aforesaid shall in its annual application for license specify each rating bureau making rates upon property located within this Commonwealth of which it is a member and during the year file written notice of any other such rating bureaus of which it shall become a member

Section 9 Every rating bureau engaged in making rates or estimates for rates for fire insurance on property in this Commonwealth shall inspect every risk specifically rated by it upon schedule and make a written survey of such risk which shall be filed as a permanent record in the office of such bureau A copy of such survey shall be furnished to the owner or his authorized agent upon request

Section 10 No fire insurance company or any other insurer and no rating bureau or any representative of any fire insurance company or other insurer or rating bureau shall enter into or act upon any agreement with regard to the making fixing or collecting of any rate for fire insurance upon property within this Commonwealth except in compliance with this act

Section 11 Any such agreement may be made and enforced provided the same be not contrary to prohibitions conforming to law and practice of this Commonwealth and be in writing and prior to its taking effect a copy thereof be filed with the Insurance Commissioner and with each rating bureau of which any of the parties thereto shall be a member or subscriber

Section 12 The Insurance Commissioner may after due notice and hearing upon complaint or upon his own motion make an order disapproving any such agreement or any part of such agreement No such agreement shall be in force nor shall any rights be based thereon after service of a copy of such order upon each of the parties to such agreement and upon each bureau with which such agreement is required to be filed Service may be made by mail and shall be completed upon the expiration of a reasonable time for transmission fixed in such order The action of the Insurance Commissioner in making or refusing to make any such order shall be subject to summary review before a court of competent jurisdiction of this Commonwealth

Section 13 All acts or parts of acts insofar as the same are inconsistent with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 913, as follows:

An Act to amend section one thousand three hundred and eleven of an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenues to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representaitves of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section one thousand three hundred eleven of an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled 'An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith" which reads as follows

"Section 1311 All teachers who have been holding professional certificates for two years or longer and who have certificates of good moral character and success in teaching from their proper superintendents and boards of school directors for two school terms are eligible as candidates for permanent State certificates" is hereby amended by adding thereto a new paragraph so as to read as follows

Section 1311 All teachers who have been holding professional certificates for two years or longer and who have certificates of good moral character and success in teaching from their proper superintendents and boards of school directors for two school terms are eligible as candidates for permanent State certificates

Each teacher who held a permanent certificate on the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven shall be entitled to a permanent State certificate if such permanent certificate includes all the branches of study designated in section one thousand three hundred and four of this act or their equivalent and also passed a satisfactory examination in school methods and management If such permanent certificate includes school methods and management no such examination shall be required The Superintendent of Public Instruction shall issue such permanent State certificate on application in accordance with the provisions of this section

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 870, as follows:

An Act to amend an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representaitves of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section fourteen hundred and twenty-five of an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith" which reads as follows

"Section 1425 The board of school directors in every school district in this Commonwealth shall between April first and September first of each year cause to be made by the attendance officers teachers or other persons employed for this purpose a careful correct and accurate enumeration in a substantial book or books provided by the Superintendent of Public Instruction at the expense of the State for that purpose of all the children between the ages of six and sixteen years within their district giving the full name date of birth age sex nationality place of residence in such school district name and address of parent or persons in parental relation the name and location of the school where the child is enrolled or belongs and the name and address of the employer of any child under sixteen years of age who is engaged in any regular empolyment or service Such enumeration shall be made by careful inquiry at the residence of each family in the district and the person making the same upon completion thereof shall make a proper oath or affirmation as to its correctness Such enumeration shall also include the names and addresses of all persons firms or corporations employing or accepting service from children under sixteen (16) years of age" is amended to read as follows

Section 1425 The board of school directors in every school district in this Commonwealth shall between April first and September first of each year cause to be made by the attendance officers teachers or other persons employed for this purpose a careful correct and accurate enumeration in a substantial book or books provided by the Superintendent of Public Instruction at the expense of the State for that purpose of all the children between the ages of six and sixteen years within their district giving the full name date of birth age sex nationality place of residence in such school district name and address of parent or persons in parental relation the name and location of the school where the child is enrolled or belongs and the name and address of the employer of any child under sixteen years of age who is engaged in any regular employment or service Such enumeration shall be made by careful inquiry at the residence of each family in the district and the person making the same upon completion thereof shall make a proper oath or affirmation as to its correctness Such enumeration shall also include the names and addresses of all persons firms or corporations employing or accepting service from children under sixteen (16) years of age

If any person shall hinder or prevent or attempt to hinder or prevent any attendance officer or teacher or other person from performing any duty provided for in this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and on conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding fifty dollars or to undergo an imprisonment not exceeding ten days

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order.

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 708, as follows:

An Act to amend an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any part thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section one hundred six of an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith" which reads as follows

"Section 106 The last United States census as set forth in the official report thereof shall be the basis on which the population of the several school districts shall be computed and no change shall be made from one class of school districts to another except after the taking of a United States census showing the population of any school district to be such as to entitle it to be changed from one class of school districts to another" is amended to read

Section 106 The last United States census as set forth in the official report thereof shall be the basis on which the population of the several school districts shall be computed No change shall be made from one class of school districts to another except after the taking of a United States census showing the population of any school district to be

such as to entitle it to be changed from one class of school districts to another or except where the population of two districts combined subsequent to the taking of the census and ascertained by such census is such as to entitle the new or combined district to be in a class different from the class of either of the districts so combined

Section 2 Section one hundred seven of said act which reads as follows

"Section 107 After the taking of each United States census the Superintendent of Public Instruction shall canvass the same so far as it relates to the population of the several school districts in this Commonwealth and if it appears that the population of any school district in this Commonwealth by such census is such that it should be included in another class of school districts the Superintendent of Public Instruction shall issue a certificate to such district to that effect and such school district shall with the beginning of the first school year after such certificate is issued become a school district of the class to which it properly belongs" is amended to read

Section 107 After the taking of each United States census the Superintendent of Public Instruction shall canvass the same so far as it relates to the population of the several school districts in this Commonwealth and where territory comprising a seperate school district is annexed to a city borough or township and the decree of the court or the vote of the electors effecting such annexation has been certified to the Superintendent of Public Instruction if it appear in any such case that the population of any school district in this Commonwealth by such census or by such annexation is such that it should be included in another class of school districts the Superintendent of Public Instruction shall issue a certificate to such district to that effect and such school district shall with the beginning of such school year if such certificate is issued become a school district of the class to which it properly belongs

Section 3 Section one hundred nine of said act which reads as follows

"Section 109 If any new school district is made by the creation of any city borough township or independent school district or if the boundary lines of any school district are changed by reason of the changing of the boundary lines of any city incorporated town borough township or independent school district then in such case such change so far as it relates to school districts or school affairs shall take effect at the beginning of the first school year after such new city borough township or independent school district has been created or such change in boundary lines permanently effected" is amended to read

Section 109 If any new school district is made by the creation of any city borough township or independent school district or by the annexation of territory comprising a separate school district to a city or borough or township or if the boundary lines of any school district are changed by reason of the changing of the boundary lines of any city incorporated town borough township or independent school district then in any such case the change so far as it relates to school districts or school affairs shall take effect at the beginning of the first school year after such new city borough township or independent school district has been created or such annexation effected or such change in boundary lines permanently effected

Section 4 Section one hundred sixteen of said act which reads as follows

"Section 116 Whenever a new school district is created by the creation of a new city borough township or independent school district the clerk of the courts or other proper officer shall within ten days thereafter make a certified copy of the decree or order creating such new city borough township or independent school district and mail the same to the Superintendent of Public Instruction" is amended to read

Section 116 Whenever a new school district is created by the creation of a new city borough township or independent school district or by the annexation to a city or borough or township of territory comprising a separate school district the clerk of the courts or other proper officer shall within ten days thereafter make a certified copy of the decree or order creating such new city borough township or independent school district or of the decree of the court or vote of the electors effecting such annexation and mail the same to the Superintendent of Public Instruction

Section 5 Section two hundred twelve of said act which reads as follows

"Section 212 When any school district in this Commonwealth hereafter for any cause becomes a school district of another class as herein provided a new board of school directors shall be appointed or elected therein in the same manner as the school directors of districts of the same class are elected or appointed when new districts are created Provided That such school directors shall be so elected that the number and terms of those whose places are to be filled at each succeeding municipal election shall be the same as the number and terms of those whose places are filled at the corresponding elections in other school districts of the same class" is amended to read

Section 212 When any school district in this Commonwealth hereafter for any cause becomes a school district of another class as herein provided a new board of school directors shall be appointed or eletced therein in the same manner as the school directors of districts of the same class are elected or appointed when new districts are created Provided That such school directors shall be so eletced that the number and terms of those whose places are to be filled at each succeeding municipal election shall be the same as the number and terms of those whose places are filled at the corresponding elections in other school districts of the same class

When territory comprising a seperate school district is annexed to a city or borough or township the school directors then in office in both districts shall hold office during the respective terms for which they were elected No election for school director in the district shall be held unless on the first Monday of January next following a municipal election there would be a less number of directors than is provided for the district of this act

At each subsequent municipal election only so many school directors shall be elected as will on the first Monday of January then next following bring the number of school directors to the proper number for the district

Section 6 Section three hundred one of said act which reads as follows

"Section 301 In all school districts of the first class the school year shall begin on the first day of January each year and in all other school districts in this Commonwealth the school year shall begin on the first Monday of July each year In school districts of the first class the school directors appointed as herein provided shall meet and organize annually on the second Monday of November and in school districts of the second third and fourth class the school directors regularly elected or appointed shall meet and organize annually on the first Monday of December each year When a new school district is created or when the offices of all the school directors of a district become vacant the school directors appointed by the court in any such case shall meet and organize within ten days after their appointment" is amended to read

Section 301 In all school districts of the first class the school year shall begin on the first day of January each year and in all other school districts in this Commonwealth the school year shall begin on the first Monday of July each year In school districts of the first class the school directors appointed as herein provided shall meet and organize annually on the second Monday of November and in school districts of the second third and fourth class the school directors regularly elected or appointed shall meet and organize annually on the first Monday of December each year When a new school district is created or when the offices of all the school directors of a district become vacant the school directors appointed by the court in any such case shall meet and organize within ten days after their appointment

When two school districts are consolidated the school directors of such consolidated districts shall organize on the first Monday of July following such consolidation by electing a president and vice-president who shall hold their respective offices until the first Monday of December following their election

Section 7 The said act is amended by the addition of the following which shall be marked and known as section two thousand five hundred eighteen thereof

Section 2518 When two school districts are consolidated and each of such districts maintains a public school library under the management and supervision of a board of library trustees such boards at the time of the consolidation of the school districts shall be merged into one library board The members of such consolidated library board shall continue in office until the expiration of their respective terms and shall have the management and supervision of the libraries of both such consolidated districts During the month of June succeeding the merging of the boards of library trustees and annually thereafter the school board shall appoint one trustee to serve for a term of five years from the first day of July following his appointment After the merging of any such boards of library trustees the said board may discontinue any one of the libraries under its supervision

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 791, as follows:

An Act regulating upholstering making of upholstering and the manufacture of mattresses imposing penalties and providing incidental duties of the Department of Labor and Industry

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That in the upholstering of furniture or in making mattresses or in making upholstering for railroad cars or motor vehicles the materials used therein shall be picked in a room or place separate from the workshop where the upholstering or manufacturing is conducted The room or place where the picking is done shall be equipped with a blower so arranged as to carry off the dust and other light material arising from such picking

Section 2 Any person or copartnership or association or corporation that violates any of the provisions of the first section of this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and on conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars

Section 3 The Department of Labor and Industry is charged with the enforcement of this act

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 890, as follows:

An Act making a fixed charge for county purposes on lands purchased by the State for State forests and providing for the distribution of the same to the counties wherein State forests are located

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That all land now owned or hereafter purchased by the Commonwealth for State forests and which by existing law is exempt from taxation for county purposes shall be subject to an annual charge of one cent per acre for county purposes

Section 2 The Commissioner of Forestry shall draw his warrant in favor of the treasurer of each county for the amount due each county which said warrants after the approval of the Auditor General shall be paid by the State Treasurer to the treasurers of the counties in whose favor the same may be drawn

Section 3 That all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 600, as follows:

An Act relating to the selection of juries in criminal cases including challenges by the Commonwealth and by the defendant

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That it shall be unlawful for any district attorney in empanelling any jury for the trial of any indictment charging a felony or a misdemeanor to stand aside jurors but in every such case the Commonwealth and the defendant shall in addition to the challenges for cause now allowed be entitled to peremptory challenges as follows The Commonwealth and the defendant shall each be entitled to twenty peremptory challenges in all cases of felonies and misdemeanors triable exclusively in the courts of oyer and terminer and general jail delivery The Commonwealth and the defendant shall each be entitled to twelve peremptory challenges in the trial of all felonies except those triable exclusively in the Courts of oyer and terminer and general jail delivery and in the trial of the following misdemeanors Bribery burning or setting fire to dwelling houses or barns or other buildings with intention to defraud or prejudice any person or body politic or body corporate that has underwritten a policy of insurance thereon or on any moneys goods wares or merchandise therein compounding crimes conspiracy offenses against or arising under primary or election laws embezzlement embracery false pretenses forgery libel perjury misdemeanor in office rioting and seduction The Commonwealth and the defendant shall each be entitled to six peremptory challenges in the trial of all other misdemeanors All of which challenges shall be made and assigned by the Commonwealth and the defendant respectively when the juror is called Provided that in cases not triable exclusively in the courts of oyer and terminer and general jail delivery the court in which a case is called for trial may by a general rule fix a different manner and time for exercising said peremptory challenges in the process of empanelling a jury

Section 2 The act approved the sixth day of March one thousand nine hundred one entitled "An Act making it unlawful for district attorneys to stand aside jurors in empanelling any jury in the trial of any indictment charging a felony or a misdemeanor in any court of this Commonwealth and regulating the challenging of jurors by the Commonwealth and the defendant in such cases" and the act approved the ninth day of July one thousand nine hundred one entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act making it unlawful for district attorneys to stand aside jurors in empanelling any jury in the trial of any indictment charging a felony or a misdemeanor in any court of this Commonwealth and regulating the challenging of jurors by the Commonwealth and the defendant in such cases' approved March sixth nineteen hundred and one providing for an increased number of challenges in the trial of persons charged with certain misdemeanors" are hereby totally repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 489 (Senate Bill No. 46), entitled:

An Act authorizing the district attorneys of certain counties to appoint a secretary prescribing the duties fixing the salary and providing for payment of the same

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 824, as follows:

An Act providing that all horsedrawn vehicles in all cities of the first and second cass except those used for pleasure shall have on the sides of such vehicles in legible letters the name and the address of the owner together with a designating number if more than one vehicle is used providing for arrest and proceedings for violation of the act prescribing the penalties therefor

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That all horsedrawn vehicles owned or operated by persons residing in all cities of the first and second class except those used for pleasure shall have on the sides of such vehicles in legible letters the name and address of the owner and if the said owner has more than one vehicle a designating number must be placed on each vehicle in addition to the name and address

Section 2 The neglect to place the name and address on such vehicle and designating number and having upon the streets of said cities any such vehicles without the name of the owner address and designating number shall be punishable by a fine of five dollars in a summary conviction before any alderman or magistrate of the city in which the offence is committed and in default of the payment of the fine and the costs of the proceedings the said alderman or magistrate shall commit the offender to the county prison for five days

Section 3 It shall be the duty of police officers constables and other peace officers to make arrests upon their own view of any person found violating the provisions of this act and to take such person before an alderman or magistrate for trial

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 491 (Senate Bill No. 48), entitled:

An Act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act to amend section one of an act entitled 'An Act providing for the appointment of assistant district attorneys in the several counties of this Commonwealth having seven hundred and fifty thousand and less than one million two hundred thousand inhabitants prescribing the powers and duties and fixing the salaries of the said assistant district attorneys' approved the twenty-fifth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred seven so as to increase the salary of the first assistant district attorney and to provide for the classification of the other assistant district attorney for whose appointment provision is made by said act as second third and fourth assistants and assistants and to increase the salary of some and to decrease the salary of others of said district attorneys" approved May sixth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred nine so as to increase the salary of some of the assistant district attorneys and to provide for the appointment of two or more assistant district attorneys and fixing the salaries of the same

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 878 (Senate Bill No. 280), entitled:

An Act declaring valid certain municipal liens filed for grading pavements macadamizing or otherwise improving public streets or parts thereof by the several boroughs under an act approved the twelfth day of May one thou-

sand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act empowering boroughs of this Commonwealth without petition of the property owners to grade pave curb macadamize and otherwise improve public streets or parts thereof and assess a portion of the cost of the same on the owners of property abutting thereon and providing for the collection of the same" and authorizing the amendment of the claims in certain particulars

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 912, as follows:

An Act amending and supplementing an act entitled "An Act providing for the establishment of a State Industrial Home for Women authorizing the purchase of a site and the erection thereon and equipment of necessary buildings providing for the commitment to said Industrial Home of Women of females between the ages of sixteen and thirty years convicted of or pleading guilty to the commission of any criminal offense and providing for the government and management of said institution and making an appropriation to carry out the purposes of this act" approved the twenty-fifth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen conferring upon the said commission additional powers including the power of eminent domain

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section six of an act entitled "An Act providing for the establishment of a State Industrial Home for Women authorizing the purchase of a site and the erection thereon and equipment of necessary buildings providing for the commitment to said State Industrial Home for Women of females between the ages of sixteen and thirty years convicted of or pleading guilty to the commission of any criminal offense and providing for the government and management of said institution and making an appropriation to carry out the purposes of this act" approved the twenty-fifth day of July Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen which reads as follows

"Section 6 When buildings sufficient to accommodate two hundred (200) inmates shall have been completed and the Industrial Home shall be ready to receive inmates the Governor shall appoint a board of managers composed of nine citizens of the Commonwealth who shall be appointed for the following terms and to serve until their successors are appointed three for three years at least one of whom shall be a woman three for two years at least one of whom shall be a woman and three for one year at least one of whom shall be a woman and thereafter the Governor shall annually appoint three persons to fill the vacancies occurring by the expiration of the terms of members and shall fill by appointment any other vacancies that may occur for the unexpired term or terms and there shall be at all times a representation of at least three women upon the said board of managers The members of the board shall receive no compensation for their services as such but shall receive expenses incurred by them in the performance of their duties

Upon the appointment of the board of managers the building commission shall turn over to the board the said Industrial Home with all personal property connected therewith including all books papers and documents Thereafter the said board and their duly appointed successors shall have sole charge and management of said institution The said board shall prepare rules and regulations for the government of said institution" be amended so as to read as follows

"Section 6 When buildings sufficient to accommodate seventy-five (75) inmates shall have been completed and the Industrial Home shall be ready to receive inmates the Governor shall appoint a board of managers composed of nine citizens of the Commonwealth who shall be appointed for the following terms and to serve until their successors are appointed—three for three years at least one of whom shall be a woman three for two years at least one of whom shall be a woman and three for one year at least one of whom shall be a woman and thereafter the Governor shall annually appoint three persons to fill the vacancies occurring by the expiration of the terms of members and shall fill by appointment any other vacancies that may occur for the unexpired term or terms and there shall be at all times a representation of at least three women upon the said board of managers The members of the board shall receive no compensation for their services as such but shall receive expenses incurred by them in the performance of their duties

Upon the appointment of the board of managers the building commission shall turn over to the board the said Industrial Home with all personal property connected therewith including all books papers and documents Thereafter the said board and their duly appointed successors shall have sole charge and management of said institution The said board shall prepare rules and regulations for the government of said institution"

Section 2 In addition to the powers given by the said act of Assembly the said building commission for the said Industrial Home for Women shall have the power to purchase five hundred (500) additional acres of land for the purpose of acquiring and controlling an adequate water supply for said industrial home provided said land shall not in the aggregate cost more than ten (10) dollars per acre

Section 3 Said commission if unable to agree with the owners of the property which said commission deems necessary and which it is authorized by the terms of this act to purchase the said commission shall have power to take and condemn the same and thereupon apply to the court of common pleas of the proper county or any law judge thereof in vacation who shall appoint three discreet and disinterested freeholders of said county as viewers to determine the value of the lands so taken and condemned and the said court or judge shall appoint a time not less than twenty nor more than thirty days thereafter when the said viewers shall meet upon the property and view the same and any other premises affected by the said taking or condemnation The viewers shall give at least ten days' notice of the time and place of their first meeting in writing to the owner or owners of the land taken and also by publication in one or more newspapers in said county and by hand bills posted upon the premises or otherwise as the said court shall direct having due regard to the circumstances of the case and said publication or notice otherwise ordered by the court shall be deemed sufficient notice if the said viewers are unable to serve in the county personal notice upon the owners of said property The said viewers having been duly sworn or affirmed faithfully justly and impartially to decide and true report to make concerning all matters and things to be submitted to them and in relation to which they are authorized to inquire in pursuance of the provisions of this act and having viewed the premises and examined the property shall hear all parties interested and their witnesses and shall estimate and determine the value of the property taken injured or destroyed together with any benefits which may accrue to the other property of the persons whose property is taken and having offset the damages against any benefit which may accrue shall prepare and report to the court both the damages and benefits

When said report is filed notice thereof shall be given by publication in the same newspapers publishing the previous notice provided for in this act once a week for four weeks Said notice shall contain the date of the filing of the report and a schedule of the damages and benefits as shown therein and further state that unless exceptions thereto be filed in writing within four weeks from the date of said filing or unless an appeal be taken from the said report the same will be confirmed absolutely

Section 4 Any person whose property is taken or any person damaged by the taking of said property may within four weeks from the filing of said report file exceptions to the same or appeal therefrom to the court of common pleas of the county If exceptions be filed they shall be first disposed of before hearing upon said appeal If no exceptions are filed or appeal taken the court shall confirm the report of the viewers absolutely Either party shall have the right to appeal from the said final confirmation judgment or decree of the court to the proper appellate court All proceedings upon exceptions and appeal shall be governed as now provided by law in the case of exceptions and appeal from the report of viewers in other cases

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILLS ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 674 (Senate Bill No. 162), as follows:

An Act providing for the establishment regulation and maintenance by the Board of Game Commissioners of State Game Preserves on the Forestry Reservations and elsewhere and providing penalties for violation of this act

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the word "game" as used in this act shall include wild animals and wild fowl of every kind protected by the laws of Pennsylvania

Section 2 The Board of Game Commissioners may establish and maintain State game preserves for the protection and propagation of game Such State game preserves may be located on the State Forests or may be upon land leased by the Board of Game Commissioners for that purpose

Section 3 If a State game preserve is located on a State Forest the consent of the Department of Forestry must be obtained therefor

Section 4 The State game preserves shall be at all times subject to regulations established by the Board of Game Commissioners under its agreement with the Department of Forestry

Section 5 Each State game preserve upon a State Forest shall be surrounded by a well-defined fire-line or clear strip of land and by at least one wire at the boundary thereof

Section 6 On the boundary of each State game preserve there shall be posted in conspicuous places notices bearing the following "State Game Refuge Hunting is Unlawful

Section 7 The greatest transverse dimension of any State game preserve shall not exceed ten miles

Section 8 If the State game preserve is on a State Forest it must not exceed in area one-half of the total area of the Forest on which it is located

Section 9 Any citizen may go upon a State game preserve without fire-arms at any time during what is known as the close season for game in Pennsylvania For any purpose in compliance with the requirements of his respective official duties and in any manner and at any time and with or without fire-arms (a) Any member or employe of the Department of Forestry may go upon any State game preserve located on a State Forest and (b) any member or any employe of the Board of Game Commissioners may go upon any State game preserve wherever located

Section 10 Except as permitted by law in this State it is unlawful to hunt for or catch or kill or wound or drive or attempt to catch or kill or wound or drive any game within the limits of a State game preserve

Section 11 Except as otherwise permitted in this act it is unlawful for any person to carry fire-arms within the limit of a State game preserve or to take a dog of any kind upon a State game preserve or during the open season for game in Pennsylvania to go upon the State game preserve either with or without fire-arms

Section 12 Jurisdiction for summary conviction for violation of any of the provisions of this act is hereby specifically given to all aldermen magistrates and justices of the peace

Any person who shall be convicted summarily by any alderman magistrate or justice of the peace of the county of a violation of any of the provisions of this act shall be sentenced to pay a fine as follows

If the defendant has wilfully violated any of the provisions of this act but has not killed any game nor resisted arrest nor refused to go with the arresting officer nor interfered with the arresting officer the fine shall be twenty-five dollars

In addition to the foregoing fine the defendant shall pay a fine as follows

If the defendant has killed or wounded or attempted to kill or wound a deer the fine shall be one hundred dollars If the defendant has killed or wounded or attempted to kill or wound a bear the fine shall be fifty dollars If the defendant has killed or wounded or attempted to kill or wound a game bird of any kind the fine shall be twenty-five dollars If the defendant has resisted arrest for violation of the provisions of this act or has refused to go with the officer making the arrest or has in any manner interfered with the arresting officer the fine shall not be less than one hundred dollars In default of payment of the fine the defendant shall be sentenced to imprisonment at the rate of one day for each dollar of the fine and cost

The person convicted may appeal to the court of quarter sessions upon allowance of a judge thereof on cause shown

Section 13 If the prosecutor is a paid game protector the fine shall be paid to the prosecutor who shall forward it to the Secretary of the Game Commission who shall pay it into the State Treasury for the use of the Game Commission as hereinafter provided

Section 14 If the prosecutor is other than a paid game protector one-half of the fine shall go to the prosecutor and shall be paid to him by the alderman magistrate or justice receiving the same The remaining half of the fine shall be forwarded within ten days to the Secretary of the Game Commission who shall deposit it into the State Treasury

Section 15 Any person charged with the violation of any of the provisions of this act may in his discretion sign an acknowledgment of the offense committed and pay to the duly authorized game protector or deputy game protector the proper fine in full with costs to date He shall receive for money so paid a printed receipt which shall in all instances bear the seal of the Board of Game Commissioners and the signature of the secretary of the Board This receipt shall be evidence of a full satisfaction of the offense so committed

Section 16 Any person whose duty it is to protect the game of the Commonwealth or any officer whose duty it is to preserve the peace of the Commonwealth may arrest without warrant any person caught in the act of violating any provisions of this act or in pursuit immediately following such violation and may seize all guns shooting paraphernalia dogs boats decoys or other appliances used in violation of any provision of this act and may seize all game found either in possession or under control of the suspected person within this Commonwealth All birds and animals or parts thereof not classed as game in this Commonwealth thus seized shall be held subject to the order of the Board of Game Commissioners All guns boats decoys dogs game and shooting paraphernalia seized when such arrest is made shall be held subject to the determination of the proceedings instituted Where the party accused is convicted all game seized shall be forfeited to the Commonwealth and as soon as may be shall be forwarded to the most convenient hospital or to a hospital designated by the Secretary of the Game Commission for the use of the sick or injured therein Unless the fine and costs are paid all such seized guns boats decoys dogs and shooting paraphernalia shall be sold at public auction after advertising the same for five days by at least five public handbills conspicuously posted in the city borough or township wherein the conviction was secured The sale shall be held by or under the authority of the proper alderman magistrate or justice The cost of such advertising shall be part of the costs of prosecution and shall be collected as such Any fund thus arising shall be applied first to the payment of the costs of prosecution then to the payment of the fine imposed The remainder if any shall be returned to the owner of the property seized Where game dogs boats decoys or shooting paraphernalia of any description shall be seized and the owner thereof escapes arrest and refuses to present himself and make claim to the property all such game after the lapse of three days after the seizure shall be forfeited to the Commonwealth and shall be sent to the most convenient hospital for the purpose before indicated in this section All guns dogs boats decoys and other shooting paraphernalia thus seized shall be held for a period of ten days after which time if the owner thereof fail to appear and defend himself against the charges made such property shall be sold in the manner prescribed for the sale of seized property after conviction The fund arising from such sale shall be applied as in the case of the sale after conviction The fact that imprisonment is suffered by any person convicted of violating any provisions of this act shall not prevent the sale of guns dogs boats decoys or other shooting paraphernalia of any description held as the property of the imprisoned party and the application of the fund thus realized to the payment of the costs and the fine imposed

Section 17 All fines collected for violation of any of the provisions of this act shall be paid to the State Treasurer as hereinbefore designated who shall keep the moneys thus collected as a fund separate and apart solely for the purpose of wild bird and game protection and for the purchase and propagation of game under the supervision of the Board of Game Commissioners. The several purposes to which the fund shall be applied shall be clearly designated by Act of Assembly

Section 18 The following acts are hereby totally repealed

1 The act approved the eleventh day of May one thousand nine hundred five entitled "An Act authorizing the Board of Game Commissioners of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to establish and maintain within the forestry reservation of this Commonwealth preserves for the protection and propagation of deer wild-turkey partridge quail woodcock and wild-pigeons and making an appropriation for the purpose of stocking and propagating the same"

2. The act approved the fifteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred seven entitled "An Act giving additional protection to the game of the state and wild birds within the limits of 'preserves' created under the provisions of the act of May eleventh one thousand nine hundred and five and under the control of the Board of Game Commissioners and prescribing penalties for violation of its several provisions"

3. The act approved the fifteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to amend section one and extend the provisions of an act entitled 'An Act giving additional protection to the game of the State and wild birds within the limits of "preserves" created under the provisions of the act of May eleventh one thousand nine hundred and five under the control of the Board of Game Commissioners and prescribing penalties for violation of its several provisions' approved the fifteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven"

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—159.

Adams,	Evans,	Mather,	Snyder,
Albee,	Fackler,	McCaig,	Sones,
Alcorn,	Flynn,	McClure,	Spangler,
Alexander,	Forster,	McConnell,	Spencer,
Arnold,	Fretz,	McCurdy,	Statler,
Aron,	Fruit,	McKay,	Staving,
Arthur,	Geary,	McNichol,	Steedle,
Baker,	Geiser,	McVicar,	Stern,
Baldwin,	Gingery,	Metzenbacher,	Stone,
Bauerle,	Glass,	Milliron,	Swan,
Becker,	Gompers,	Murdoch,	Swartz,
Benn,	Goodnough,	Myers,	Taylor,
Benninger,	Goodwin,	Neville,	Thomas
Bergy,	Goodyear,	Nissley,	Trach,
Berntheizel,	Gormley,	Oaks,	Twibill,
Beyer,	Graham,	Ostrander,	Urich,
Body,	Greenwood,	Palmer,	Vickerman,
Bovee,	Habgood,	Perry,	Vogdes,
Brosius,	Hackett,	Peters,	Wagner,
Brumbaugh,	Harper,	Phillips,	Walsh,
Bungard,	Heffernan,	Powell,	Walter,
Campbell, J. O.,	Herman,	Ramsey,	Walton,
Campbell, T.,	Hess,	Reel,	Weaver,
Christman,	Heyburn,	Reynolds,	Weimer,
Coldsmith,	Hibshman,	Rininger,	Weir,
Conner,	Hollingsworth,	Robertson,	West,
Corbin,	Horton,	Roney,	Whitaker,
Cox,	Howarth,	Rothenberger,	Whitten,
Cromer,	Hubler,	Rowell,	Wildman,
Curry,	Jack,	Rudisill,	Willard,
Davis,	Jones, W. W.,	Sampsel,	Wilson, H. I.,
Dawson,	Kitts,	Schaeffer,	Wilson, W. H.,
Dell,	Kunkle,	Shaaber,	Wobensmith,
Diefenderfer,	Lafferty,	Shaffer,	Wood,
Drinkhouse,	Lauler,	Shoop,	Woodward,
Dunn,	Leighner,	Showalter,	Wylie,
Eby,	Lipschutz,	Sinclair,	Wynne,
Ehrhardt,	Love,	Smith, J. W.,	Young,
Eppley,	Luxemburger,	Smith, Jeff. W.,	Ambler,
Erdman,	Lynch,	Smith, L.,	Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 434, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to refund to Henry S. Reichard of South Bethlehem Pennsylvania money erroneously paid into the State Treasury

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of seventy-five dollars ($75.00) is hereby specifically appropriated to refund to Mister Henry S. Reichard special deputy game protector of South Bethlehem Pennsylvania being the amount of money erroneously paid into the State Treasury and being the one-half of certain penalties collected from violators of the game laws prosecuted by the said Henry S. Reichard and remitted by him to the Secretary of the Game Commission and being the amount which the said Henry S. Reichard through reversal of the conviction was compelled to pay personally

Section 2 No payment shall be made under the provisions of this act until due proof shall be furnished to the Auditor General of the correctness of the payment mentioned herein to have been so erroneously and inadvertently made

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—163.

Adams,	Fruit,	McCaig,	Smith, Jeff. W.,
Albee,	Gans,	McClintock,	Smith, L.,
Arnold,	Geary,	McClure,	Sones,
Aron,	Geiser,	McConnell,	Spangler,
Baldwin,	Gibson,	McCurdy,	Spencer,
Bauerle,	Gingery,	McDermott,	Staving,
Becker,	Glass,	McNichol,	Steedle,
Benn,	Gompers,	McVicar,	Stern,
Benninger,	Goodnough,	Mearkle,	Stone,
Bergy,	Goodyear,	Metzenbacher,	Swan,
Berntheizel,	Gormley,	Milliron,	Swartz,
Beyer,	Graham,	Murdoch,	Taylor,
Blackburn,	Greenwood,	Myers,	Thomas,
Body,	Habgood,	Nieder,	Trach,
Brosius,	Hackett,	Nissley,	Twibill,
Brumbaugh,	Hamilton,	Oaks,	Urich,
Bungard,	Harper,	Ostrander,	Vickerman,
Campbell, J. O.,	Heffernan,	Palmer,	Vogdes,
Campbell, T.,	Herman,	Peters,	Wagner,
Christman,	Heyburn,	Phillips,	Walsh,
Coldsmith,	Hibshman,	Pickering,	Walter,
Conner,	Hollingsworth,	Powell,	Walton,
Cox,	Howarth,	Ramsey,	Watson,
Cromer,	Hubler,	Reel,	Weaver,
Curry,	Jack,	Reynolds,	Weimer,
Davis,	Jones, W. W.,	Rich,	Weir,
Dawson,	Kaiser,	Rininger,	West,
Dell,	Kitts,	Robertson,	Whitaker,
Diefenderfer,	Kunkle,	Rothenberger,	Whitten,
Dodds,	Lafferty,	Rowell,	Wildman,
Drinkhouse,	Lanius,	Rudisill,	Willard,
Dunn,	Lauer,	Sampsel,	Wilson, H. I.,
Eby,	Lauler,	Sarig,	Wilson, W. H.,
Ehrhardt,	Leighner,	Schaeffer,	Wobensmith,
Eppley,	Lipschutz,	Scott,	Wood,
Erdman,	Love,	Shaaber,	Woodward,
Evans,	Luxemburger,	Shaffer,	Wylie,
Fackler,	Lynch,	Shoop,	Wynne,
Flynn,	Mangan,	Showalter,	Young,
Forster,	Mather,	Sinclair,	Ambler,
Fretz,	McArdle,	Smith, J. W.,	Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 636, entitled:

An Act authorizing Gorge S. Smith a citizen of Huntingdon county Pennsylvania to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin County against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. DELL. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, George Smith, a laborer of Huntingdon, in 1913 was working on the State Highway. While loading a piece of heavy bridge timber or removing it from car over to a wagon an engine came along and scared the team. The other men were forced away from the piece of iron, and Mr. Smith was bearing it with herculean strength when a part of the wagon struck his arm and knocked his arm from under the beam and the piece of iron crushed him to the earth, and left him with a crippled limb which has dwindled until it is but flesh and bone. All that we ask is that Mr. Smith be permitted to bring suit against the State in the courts of Dauphin County.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—169.

Adams,	Fretz,	McArdle,	Sinclair,
Albee,	Fruit,	McCaig,	Smith, J. W.,
Alcorn,	Gans,	McClintock,	Smith, Jeff. W.,
Arnold,	Geary,	McClure,	Smith, L.,
Aron,	Geiser,	McConnell,	Sones,
Arthur,	Gibson,	McCurdy,	Spangler,
Baldwin,	Gingery,	McDermott,	Spencer,
Bauerle,	Glass,	McKay,	Statler,
Becker,	Glenn,	McNichol,	Staving,
Benn,	Gompers,	McVicar,	Steedle,
Benninger,	Goodnough,	Metzenbacher,	Stern,
Bergy,	Goodwin,	Milliron,	Stone,
Beyer,	Goodyear,	Murdoch,	Swan,
Blackburn,	Gormley,	Murphy,	Swartz,
Body,	Graham,	Myers,	Taylor,
Bovee,	Greenwood,	Neville,	Thomas,
Brosius,	Habgood,	Nissley,	Trach,
Brumbaugh,	Hackett,	Oaks,	Twibill,
Bungard,	Hamilton,	Ostrander,	Urich,
Campbell, J. O.,	Harper,	Palmer,	Vickerman,
Campbell, T.,	Heffernan,	Perry,	Vogdes,
Christman,	Herman,	Phillips,	Wagner,
Coldsmith,	Heyburn,	Pickering,	Walsh,
Corbin,	Hibshman,	Powell,	Walter,
Cox,	Hollingsworth,	Ramsey,	Walton,
Cromer,	Horton,	Reel,	Watson,
Cummins,	Howarth,	Reynolds,	Weimer,
Curry,	Hubler,	Rich,	Weir,
Davis,	Jack,	Rininger,	West,
Dawson,	Jones, W. W.,	Rinn,	Wettach,
Dell,	Kaiser,	Robertson,	Whitaker,
Diefenderfer,	Kitts,	Roney,	Whitten,
Dodds,	Kunkle,	Rothenberger,	Wildman,
Drinkhouse,	Lafferty,	Rowell,	Willard,
Dunn,	Landis,	Rudisill,	Wilson, H. I.,
Eby,	Lanius,	Sampsel,	Wilson, W. H.,
Ehrhardt,	Lauler,	Sarig,	Wobensmith,
Eppley,	Leighner,	Schaeffer,	Woodward,
Erdman,	Lipschutz,	Scott,	Wylie,
Evans,	Love,	Shaaber,	Young.
Fackler,	Luppert,	Shaffer,	Ambler,
Flynn,	Luxemburger,	Showalter,	Speaker.
Forster.	Mather,		

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 93, as follows:

An Act relating to the filing of claims by creditors of decedents estates and providing for a certified list thereof by said clerk to the auditing judge or auditor before confirmation of the account of the personal representatives of any decedent

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That after the death of a person those claiming to be creditors of the estate may file with the Clerk of the Orphans Court a sworn statement of their respective claims giving particularly the names and addresses of the said persons claiming to be creditors or of their attorneys

Section 2 it shall be the duty of the clerk of the orphans' court before confirmation of the account of the personal representatives of any decedent to certify under his hand and seal of office a list of all claims filed with him under section one of this act to the auditing judge or to the auditor when an auditor is appointed

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—146.

Adams,	Fackler,	Lynch,	Smith, Jeff. W.,
Albee,	Flynn,	Mather,	Smith, L.,
Alcorn,	Forster,	Maurer,	Sones,
Arnold,	Fretz,	McCaig,	Spangler,
Aron,	Fruit,	McClintock,	Spencer,
Arthur,	Geary,	McConnell,	Statler,
Baldwin,	Geiser,	McCurdy,	Staving,
Bauerle,	Gibson,	McDermott,	Steedle,
Beck,	Gingery,	McKay,	Stern,
Becker,	Glass,	McNichol,	Stone,
Benn,	Gompers,	McVicar,	Swan,
Benninger,	Goodnough,	Metzenbacher,	Swartz,
Bergy,	Goodwin,	Milliron,	Taylor,
Berntheizel,	Goodyear,	Murdoch,	Thomas,
Beyer,	Gormley,	Neville,	Trach,
Bovee,	Graham,	Nissley,	Twibill,
Bungard,	Greenwood,	Oaks,	Urich,
Campbell, J. O.,	Habgood,	Palmer,	Vickerman,
Campbell, T.,	Hackett,	Perry,	Vogdes,
Christman,	Heffernan,	Peters,	Wagner,
Coldsmith,	Herman,	Phillips,	Walsh,
Conner,	Heyburn,	Pickering,	Walter,
Corbin,	Hibshman,	Powell,	Walton,
Cox,	Hollingsworth,	Ramsey,	Weaver,
Cromer,	Horton,	Reynolds,	Weimer,
Cummins,	Howarth,	Rich,	Weir,
Curry,	Hubler,	Rininger,	West,
Davis,	Jones, W. W.,	Rinn,	Wettach,
Dawson,	Kaiser,	Robertson,	Whitaker,
Dell,	Kitts,	Roney,	Wildman,
Diefenderfer,	Lafferty,	Rowell,	Willard,
Drinkhouse,	Lanius,	Schaeffer,	Wilson, H. I.,
Dunn,	[illegible]ler,	Shaaber,	Wobensmith,
Eby,	Leighner,	Shaffer,	Woodward,
Ehrhardt,	Lipschutz,	Showalter,	Wynne,
Eppley,	Love,	Sinclair,	Young,
Erdman,	Luxemburger,	Smith, J. W.,	Ambler,
			Speaker.

NAYS—6.

Baker,	Hamilton,	Myers,	Sarig,
Brosius,	Jack,		

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Mr. ADAMS asked and obtained unanimous consent to report a bill from committee.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. ADAMS, from the Committee on Military, re-reported as amended, House Bill No. 383, entitled:

An Act providing for the organization discipline maintenance and regulation of the militia of the Commonwealth

Mr. FORSTER asked and obtained unanimous consent to move to recommit House Bill No. 756.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. FORSTER. Mr. Speaker, I move to recommit House Bill No. 756, File Folio 2733, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the seventh day of May one thousand nine hundred seven entitled "An Act regulating and defining the powers and duties of the Dental Council and the State Board of Dental Examiners providing for appointment of examiners defining qualifications of applicants for examination condition of granting licenses regulating and limiting the practice of dentistry prohibiting practice by or employment of unlicensed persons and providing punishment therefor and disposition of fees and fines and fixing the appropriation to the Dental Council"

on page 4 of today's calendar, which has just been passed on second reading.

Mr. H. I. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The SPEAKER. The hour of eleven o'clock arrived, a motion to adjourn is in order.

ADJOURNMENT.

Mr. NISSLEY. Mr. Speaker, I move that this House do now adjourn.

The motion was agreed to and (at 11 o'clock A. M.) the House adjourned until Monday evening, March 22nd, 1915, at 9 'oclock.

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA.

Legislative Journal.

Session 1915 — 121st of the General Assembly

VOL. 3. HARRISBURG, PA., MONDAY, MARCH 22, 1915. No. 28.

SENATE.

MONDAY, March 22, 1915.

The Senate met at 9.30 o'clock P. M.

The PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE (Mr. Charles H. Kline) in the Chair.

PRAYER.

The Chaplain (Rev. Thomas W. Davis) offered the following prayer:

Almighty God, our kind Heavenly Father, we thank Thee for the preservation of our lives. Drawn together from the various parts of this State to address themselves to the problems that are of such vital importance to this Commonwealth, we pray Thee to so direct this body that they may, at all times, have a conscience void of offense both toward God and man. Guide us so that we may live to Thy glory and the best interests of our fellows. We ask in the name of our Saviour. Amen.

The PRESIDENT. A quorum of the Senate being present the Clerk will read the Journal of the preceding session.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of the preceding session, when, on motion of Mr. CROFT, the further reading was dispensed with, and the Journal was approved.

BILLS SIGNED.

The PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE (Mr. Charles H. Kline) announced that the Chief Clerk having reported that the following bills had passed both Houses of the General Assembly and the same being correct, the titles were publicly read as follows:

House Bill No. 280, entitled:

An Act prescribing certain duties for collectors of taxes in boroughs and townships and for county treasurers

House Bill No. 364, entitled:

An Act to assent to the provisions of an act of Congress approved May eighth one thousand nine hundred and fourteen entitled "An Act to provide for co-operative agricultural extension work between the agricultural colleges in the several states receiving the benefits of an act of Congress approved July second eighteen hundred and sixty-two and of acts supplementary thereto and the United States Department of Agriculture"

Whereupon,

The PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE (Mr. Charles H. Kline) in the presence of the Senate signed the same.

COMMUNICATIONS FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Chair cleared his table and laid before the Senate communications in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which were read as follows:

APPROVAL OF SENATE BILL NO. 21.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, March 19, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed Senate Bill No. 21, entitled: "An Act to validate deeds, mortgages, and other instruments of writing which have been defectively acknowledged by husband and wife prior to the fourth day of January, one thousand nine hundred and fifteen."

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

APPROVAL OF SENATE BILL NO. 27.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, March 19, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed Senate Bill No. 27, entitled: "A further supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to establish a County Court for the County of Allegheny and prescribing its powers, and duties, regulating the procedure therein, and providing for the expenses thereof,' approved the fifth day of May, one thousand nine hundred and eleven, constituting the said court the juvenile court of said county, and prescribing its organization, jurisdiction, and powers therein, and otherwise."

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

APPROVAL OF SENATE BILL NO. 30.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, March 19, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed Senate Bill No. 30, entitled: "An Act amending section seven of an act, entitled 'An Act to establish a County Court for the County of Allegheny, and prescribing its powers and duties, regulating the procedure therein, and providing for the expenses thereof,' approved the fifth day of May, one thousand nine hundred eleven as amended by changing the practice in desertion and non-support cases."

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

VETO OF SENATE BILL NO. 2.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, March 19, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

I return herewith, without my approval, Senate Bill No. 2, entitled "An Act to amend the first section of an act approved the twenty-eighth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and twenty, entitled 'An Act relative to mortgages' by requiring purchase money mortgages to be recorded within ten days in order to have priority of lien."

Under the act of March 28, 1820, a limit of sixty days' time after the execution of purchase money mortgages was given for the recording thereof to create priority of lien therefor. The proposed act reduces this limit to ten days. As the act of 1820 has been so long in force, and as conveyancers and all having to do with titles to real estate, and the encumbrances thereof, have become accustomed to acting under its provisions, I do not deem it wise to make so radical a change unless there is some special beneficial reason therefor. For this reason the bill is not approved.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally, the objections of the Governor to the contrary nothwithstanding?

Mr. CLARK. Mr. President, I reluctantly move that the question together with the further consideration of this meritorious bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS SIGNED.

The PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE (Mr. Charles H. Kline) announced that the Chief Clerk having reported that the following bills had passed both Houses of the General Assembly and the same being correct, the titles were publicly read as follows:

Senate Bill No. 153, entitled:

An Act to establish and regulate the fees to be charged and collected by sheriffs in counties of this Commonwealth

having a population of not less than five hundred thousand nor more than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants as computed by the last preceding United States census the time and manner in which said fees shall be paid the publication and posting of said fees the delivery of an itemized receipt for official fees and legal costs received and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith

Whereupon,

The PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE (Mr. Charles H. Kline) in the presence of the Senate signed the same.

NOMINATIONS BY THE GOVERNOR.

He also laid before the Senate communications in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which were read as follows:

TRUSTEES TO ADMINISTER LAW PROVIDING PAYMENTS TO WIDOWED, INDIGENT OR ABANDONED MOTHERS FOR THE COUNTY OF FRANKLIN.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, March 22, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following named persons to be Trustees to Administer Law Providing Payments to Widowed Indigent or Abandoned mothers for the County of Franklin, to serve for one years from the date of confirmation:

Mrs. Sarah E. Shook, Greencastle.
Mrs. Ione J. Byron, Mercersburg.
Mrs. Mary Ellen Long, Fayetteville.
Mrs. Mary Corbett, Waynesboro.
Mrs. Laura Shearer, Dry Run.
Mrs. Bell McL. Pomeroy, Chambersburg.
Mrs. Lillian B. Hoke, Chambersburg.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

NOTARIES PUBLIC.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, March 22, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons to be Notaries Public for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, for the term of four years, to compute from the dates set opposite their names, respectively:

ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

John K. Benn, Pittsburgh, March 29, 1915.
George Rese, Pittsburgh, April 2, 1915.
Miss Laura E. Hubbard, Pittsburgh, April 3, 1915.
C. E. Field, Pittsburgh, April 6, 1915.
W. A. Young, Millvale, April 12, 1915.
Miss J. A. Means, Pittsburgh, April 18, 1915.
Geo. R. Bothwell, Pittsburgh, April 19, 1915.

ARMSTRONG COUNTY.

Miss Verna D. Daugherty, Kittanning, April 19, 1915.

BEAVER COUNTY.

Noble P. Kyser, Freedom, April 3, 1915.

BUCKS COUNTY.

Russell W. Knight, Bensalem Township, April 19, 1915.

CAMBRIA COUNTY.

Miss Kate Arthur, Johnstown, April 9, 1915.

COLUMBIA COUNTY.

Miss Anna R. Flynn, Centralia, April 9, 1915.

CRAWFORD COUNTY.

Charles R. Church, Titusville, April 17, 1915.

CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

Herman Berg, Jr., Carlisle, April 6, 1915.

DAUPHIN COUNTY.

Milton G. Potts, Harrisburg, April 5, 1915.
Robert A. Enders, Harrisburg, April 16, 1915.

DELAWARE COUNTY.

William H. Booth, Chester, April 9, 1915.

JEFFERSON COUNTY.

Mrs. Blanche B. Wilson, Big Run, April 2, 1915.
Miss Amy M. Stufft, Brookville, April 3, 1915.

LACKAWANNA COUNTY.

John E. Bradley, Scranton, April 2, 1915.

LANCASTER COUNTY.

Henry B. Bruner, Columbia, April 13, 1915.

LAWRENCE COUNTY.

W. H. Grinnen, Wampum, April 25, 1915.

LEBANON COUNTY.

Miss Mary M. Binner, Myerstown, April 19, 1915.

LEHIGH COUNTY.

Uriah S. Litzenberg, Allentown, April 17, 1915.

MERCER COUNTY.

John Fitzpatrick, Farrell, April 6, 1915.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY.

Irvin P. Knipe, Norristown, April 17, 1915.
C. D. Wright, Jenkintown, April 19, 1915.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY.

Edward G. Holloway, Philadelphia, April 2, 1915.
Harry C. Tily, Philadelphia, April 4, 1915.
Lewis D. Bach, Philadelphia, April 5, 1915.
Jos. H. Calhoun, Philadelphia, April 9, 1915.
Joseph Gsell, Philadelphia, April 9, 1915.
Nelson C. Rowley, Philadelphia, April 9, 1915.
Sol Barenbaum, Philadelphia, April 10, 1915.
John Moore Clark Enburg, Philadelphia, April 11, 1915.
William F. Larer, Philadelphia, April 12, 1915.
George W. Seltzer, Philadelphia, April 15, 1915.
Columbus W. Gabell, Jr., Philadelphia, April 16, 1915.
Joseph McKinney, Philadelphia, April 16, 1915.
James McGarvey, Philadelphia, April 17, 1915.
Clarence K. Klink, Philadelphia, April 18, 1915.
Thomas D. Simpson, Philadelphia, April 19, 1915.
George E. Goldbeck, Philadelphia, April 23, 1915.
H. C. Knight, Philadelphia, April 23, 1915.
Geo. W. Mantz, Philadelphia, April 25, 1915.

WASHINGTON COUNTY.

Thos. H. Warrensford, Charleroi, April 19, 1915.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, March 22, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons to be Notaries Public for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, for the term of four years, to compute from the date of their confirmation:

ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

J. H. Carey, Pittsburgh.
Miss Elva Stanick, Pittsburgh.
Joseph Stuart, Pittsburgh.
Sydney G. Willson, McKeesport.

BUTLER COUNTY.

Henry M. Wise, Harmony.

CAMBRIA COUNTY.

Julius Pannek, Gallitzin.

CENTRE COUNTY.

John P. Kelley, Snow Shoe.

CHESTER COUNTY.

Miss Katie T. O'Brien, Phoenixville.

CRAWFORD COUNTY.

Miss Margaret M. Addle, Meadville.

JEFFERSON COUNTY.

Aaron Lintz, Beaver Township.

LANCASTER COUNTY.

John B. Graybill, Lancaster.

LUZERNE COUNTY.

Gustave B. Kleeman, Wilkes-Barre.
John H. Kresge, West Pittston.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY.

Miss N. Viola Kentner, Moreland Township.
Miss Isabel G. Ralston, Norristown.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY.

Henry Glaser, Jr., Philadelphia.
Chas. H. Kline, Philadelphia.
William H. Lamb, Philadelphia.
Howard Mellor, Philadelhpia.
Leon Nathan, Philadelphia.
Homer Parsons, Philadelphia.
Solomon Rosenstein, Philadelphia.
Thomas S. Russo, Philadelphia.

SCHUYLKILL COUNTY.

John J. Kilker, Girardsville.

WESTMORELAND COUNTY.

C. L. Hugus, Greensburg.

YORK COUNTY.

Robert H. Lloyd, Delta.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

EXECUTIVE SESSION.

By unanimous consent,

A motion was made by Mr. GERBERICH,

That Rule 38 which requires nominations made by the Governor to be referred to proper committee be dispensed with, and the Senate do now resolve itself into executive session, for the purpose of acting on the foregoing nominations,

Which was agreed to,

Whereupon,

A motion was made by Mr. GERBERICH,

That the Senate do advise and consent to said nominations.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—49.

Beidleman,	Gyger,	McKee, W. S.,	Smith, W. W.,
Buckman,	Hackett,	McNichol,	Snyder, C. A.,
Burke,	Hilton,	Miller,	Snyder, P. W.,
Catlin,	Hindman,	Mills,	Sones,
Clark,	Hoke,	Moore,	Sproul,
Croft,	Homsher,	Patton,	Stewart,
Crow,	Jenkins,	Phipps,	Thompson,
Daix,	Kurtz,	Salus,	Tompkins,
DeWitt,	Lynch,	Schantz,	Vare,
Endsley,	Magee, C. J.,	Semmens,	Warner,
Farley,	Martin,	Sensenich,	Wasbers,
Gerberich,	McConnell,	Smith, R. E.,	Kline,
Graff,			Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Governor be informed accordingly.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE SECRETARY OF THE COMMONWEALTH TRANSMITTING RESOLUTION RECOMMENDING AN AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION OF THE UNITED STATES CONCERNING POLYGAMY.

He also laid bfeore the Senate communication from the Secretary of the Commonwealth, which was read as follows and referred to the Committee on Judiciary General:

Office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth,
Harrisburg, March 22, 1915.

To the Honorable the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, Harrisburg, Pa.

Gentlemen: In accordance with the request of the Secretary of State of Connecticut, I have the honor to transmit herewith Preamble and Joint Resolution of the General Assembly of that State.

Yours truly,

(Signed) CYRUS E. WOODS,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

STATE OF CONNECTICUT,
General Assembly,
January Session, A. D. 1915.
(House Joint Resolution No. 92.)

RESOLUTION RECOMMENDING AN AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION OF THE UNITED STATES CONCERNING POLYGAMY.

Whereas, It appears from investigation recently made by the Senate of the United States, and otherwise, that polygamy still exists in certain places in the United States notwithstanding prohibitory statutes enacted by the several States thereof, and

Whereas, The practice of polygamy is generally condemned by the people of the United States, and there is a demand for the more effectual prohibition thereof by placing the subject under federal jurisdiction and control, at the same time reserving to each State the right to make and enforce its own laws relating to marriage and divorce now; therefore,

Resolved, That the application be made and hereby is made under the provisions of Article V, of the Constitution of the United States whereby polygamy and polygamous cohabitation shall be prohibited, and Congress shall be given power to enforce such prohibition by appropriate legislation.

Resolved, That the legislatures of all other States of the United States now in session or when next convened, hereby are respectfully requested to join in this application by the adoption of this or an equivalent resolution.

Resolved further, That the Secretary of State hereby is directed to transmit copies of this application to the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States, and to the several members of said bodies representing this State therein; also to transmit copies hereof to the legislatures of all other States of the United States.

State of Connecticut, House of Representatives, March 4, 1915.
Passed. JOHN BUCKLEY, Clerk.

State of Connecticut, Senate, March 11, 1915.
Passed. SABIN S. RUSSELL, Clerk.

State of Connecticut, Office of the Secretary, ss.

I, Chas. D. Burns, Secretary of the State of Connecticut, and keeper of the seal thereof, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true copy of a preamble and resolution passed by the General Assembly of said State, at its January Session, 1915.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the Seal of said State, at Hartford, this eighteenth day of March, 1915.

CHAS. D. BURNS, Secretary.

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION URGING CONGRESS TO MAKE ADEQUATE PROVISION FOR EMERGENCY MEN WHO SERVED IN THE CIVIL WAR.

He also laid before the Senate extract from the Journal of the House of Representatives which was read as follows and referred to the Committee on Pensions and Gratuities:

In the House of Representatives, March 16, 1915.

Whereas During the Civil War this Commonwealth was twice threatened by an invasion of the Confederate forces under General Lee namely at Antietam in one thousand eight hundred and sixty-two and at Gettysburg in one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three and

Whereas At the urgent appeal of President Lincoln the Governor of Pennsylvania Andrew G. Curtin in both of said years called upon citizens of Pennsylvania to enlist in the defense of the State and

Whereas It is generally admitted that the Emergency Men of Pennsylvania answering the call of Governor Curtin were potential factors in this terrible crisis and

Whereas Neither the State nor the Nation has shown to these brave defenders of Pennsylvania the proper appreciation of their services when at the call of the Governor during the days of one thousand eight hundred and sixty-two and one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three they left their homes and firesides and hastened to the defense of their State and

Whereas In many of the encounters that ensued after the enlistment of these Emergency Men these men bore themselves bravely and fully answered every demand made upon them in the line of patriotic duty and

Whereas Said Emergency Men were commanded by United States officers and marched under orders of the United States Government and under such commanders performed duties beyond the boundaries of Pennsylvania and

Whereas Now in their old age many of these men who at that time were willing to lay down their lives as a sacrifice for the good of their country are now facing the sunset of life in straightened circumstances and in many cases in need of that care and attention which the Government and the Commonwealth should provide and

Whereas The National Government heretofore in its acknowledgment of the debt we owe to the soldiers of the Civil War has cared for many men whose services rendered were not greater than those rendered by the Emergency Men of Pennsylvania therefore

Be it resolved (if the Senate concur) That the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania urgently bring it to the attention of the Congress of the United States that adequate provision has not been made for the Emergency Men who enlisted during the Civil War particularly the Emergency Men of Pennsylvania and that through pension or otherwise they should be taken care of in their declining days that they cannot say that their country iis unmindful of their services and ungrateful for what they did

SENATE BILL NO. 181 RETURNED WITH AMENDMENTS.

He also laid before the Senate communication from the House of Representatives, returning to the Senate, Senate Bill No. 181, entitled:

An Act authorizing and empowering municipalities to construct and for this purpose to procure locations therefor by purchase or condemnation proceedings in fee simple as herein provided or to acquire by lease or purchase and to maintain and operate underground street passenger railways or subways whether the same be wholly within or partly within partly without the limits of the municipality and also street passenger railways or elevated railways con-

necting therewith or exchanging passengers with said underground street railway and to lease the underground street railway and any surface or elevated street railway connecting therewith to corporations or individuals with the right in the municipalities to charge an additional sum for each passenger using the subway to meet the interest and sinking fund charges on the cost of the subway and conferring upon said municipalities all the rights and powers conferred upon corporations under the act of June seventh one thousand nine hundred and one entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and government of passenger railways either elevated or underground or partly elevated and partly underground with surface rights" pamphlet laws five hundred and twenty-three and supplements and amendments thereto

With the information that the House has passed the same with amendments, in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

Which was laid over one day under the rules.

SENATE BILL NO. 4 RETURNED WITH AMENDMENTS.

He also laid before the Senate communication from the House of Representatives, returning to the Senate, Senate Bill No. 4, entitled:

An Act relating to persons habitually addicted to the use of alcohol or drugs and providing for the care and treatment of such persons at the expense of the county and state if indigent

With the information that the House has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

Which was laid over one day under the rules.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 79.

He also laid before the Senate communication from the House of Representatives, returning to the Senate, Senate Bill No. 79, entitled:

An Act prohibiting any member or employee of any bureau or department having charge of police or fire protection of any cities of the first class from taking any active part in politics political movements or elections from canvassing election precincts or from interfering with elections or from using his office to influence politics political movements or elections and providing penalties for violation thereof

With the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 215.

He also laid before the Senate communication from the House of Representatives, returning to the Senate, Senate Bill No. 215, entitled:

An Act vesting in county commissioners certain powers relative to public monuments

With information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 180.

He also laid before the Senate communication from the House of Representatives, returning to the Senat, Senate Bill No. 180, entitled:

An Act to amend the first second and third sections of an act approved the eighteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act authorizing any county and city in any county in which the county seat is within the limits of such city to erect a joint county and municipal building providing for the conditions under which such building may be erected and for the ownership thereof providing for the selection of a site for said building and authorizing said county and city to make a sale or exchange of properties under certain conditions for the purpose of securing such site authorizing the acquisition of additional property for such building by purchase or condemnation and authorizing the county to issue bonds in payment of any indebtedness incurred for a share of the cost of such building and land" by conferring upon such county and city additional powers relating to the design construction use administration operation and maintenance of such joint county and municipal building and also if deemed advisable for an independent power plant in connection therewith

With the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 179.

He also laid before the Senate communication from the House of Representatives, returning to the Senate, Senate Bill No. 179, entitled:

An Act empowering cities of the second class to construct and maintain street railway tracks and equipment for the operation of street cars and to release said tracks and equipment upon payment of a reasonable rental to persons or corporations desiring to use the same for the operation of street cars

With the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. BEIDLEMAN, from the Committee on Corporations, reported as amended Senate Bill No. 520 (House Bill No. 687), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the 9th day of June, 1881, entitled "An Act authorizing companies incorporated under the laws of any other state of the United States for the manufacture of any form of iron, steel or glass to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments and to take, have and hold real estate necessary and proper for manufacturing purposes," as amended by extending the same to companies incorporated for the purpose of the manufacture and sale of explosives.

Mr. THOMPSON, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended Senate Bill No. 456, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for refunding to the Everhart Coal Company moneys erroneously paid into the State treasury

Mr. W. W. SMITH, from the Committee on Military Affairs, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 537, entitled:

An Act authorizing and regulating the giving of a set of colors, State and National, to certain veteran associations, and making an appropriation

Mr. GERBERICH, from the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 421 (House Bill No. 110), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the 12th day of June 1913, entitled "An Act providing for the establishment and maintenance of boards of health in boroughs and townships of the first class and defining their powers and duties, providing for the appointment of members of such boards of health by the president of the borough councils or by the chairman of the board of commissioners of such townships providing for the election of a secretary and a health officer, providing that the Commissioner of Health may take charge of the administration of health laws in any borough or township of the first class when conditions therein in his opinion constitute a menace to the lives or health of the people living outside the corporate limits of such borough or township of the first class or when it may be known to him that such borough or township of the first class is without an existing or efficient board of health and providing the manner in which the expenses of boards of health or of the Commissioner of Health incurred in administering health laws in any borough or township of the first class shall be paid"

Mr. CLARK, from the Committee on Game and Fisheries, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 429, entitled:

An Act to give protection to and regulate the catching or taking or having possession of within this Commonwealth of bullfrogs and tadpoles and providing and imposing a penalty for violation of its provisions, and repealing all acts inconsistent herewith

Mr. C. A. SNYDER, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, re-reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 332 (House Bill No. 48), entitled:

An Act enabling townships of the first class to provide regulate and protect a system of water supply and to contract with certain adjoining municipalities for such water and granting and regulating the right of eminent domain and the right to occupy highways

Also from the Committee on Judiciary Special, re-reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 184 (House Bill No. 20), entitled:

An Act authorizing cities of the third class wherein the title to the waterworks therein located is in the city to extend their pipes and improvements beyond the city limits and supply water to persons, corporations and municipalities within the county and regulating the supply of water.

Also from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 545, entitled:

An Act to amend an act, entitled "An Act to amend an act, entitled 'An Act to amend an act, entitled "An Act to amend an act, entitled 'An Act to amend an act, entitled "An Act authorizing companies incorporated under the laws of any other state of the United States for the manufacture of any form of iron, steel or glass to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments, and to take, have and hold real estate necessary and proper for manufacturing purposes," approved the 9th day of June, A. D. 1881, extending the same to companies formed for the purpose of quarrying slate, granite, stone, or rocks or for dressing, polishing, working or manufacturing the same, or any of them, and to mineral springs companies incorporated for the purpose of bottling and selling natural mineral springs water, approved the 6th day of June, A. D. 1893,' approved the 19th day of April, A. D. 1901, extending the same to companies formed for the purposes of manufacturing and selling chemicals, food stuffs, cement and cement products, and the quarrying of cement rock," approved May 28th, 1907, extending the same to companies incorporated for the manufacture, buying, selling, leasing, using, and operation of electrical apparatus and machinery and articles of every kind appertaining to or in any wise connected with the production use, regulation, control distribution or application of electricity or electrical energy or products for any use or purpose; constructing, acquiring, using, selling, buying or leasing any works, construction, or plant or part thereof connected with or involving such use, distribution, regulation, control or application of electricity, or the control or use of electrical apparatus for any purpose; and of producing furnishing and supplying electricity or electrical apparatus in any form and for any purpose, and to carry on a general manufacturing business,'" approved the 23rd day of June, 1911; extending the same to corporations engaged in the manufacture buying selling dealing in and using of collapsible tubes and metal specialties.

Mr. THOMPSON, from the Committee on Public Roads and Highways, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 435, entitled:

A supplement to an act approved the 7th day of July, 1913, entitled "An Act relating to and regulating motor vehicles, and vehicles trailing after or propelled by motor vehicles; controlling their speed upon the public streets and highways in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania; providing for their registration and licensing of certain operators, by the State Highway Department; prohibiting the operation of any motor vehicle by any person when intoxicated, or without the consent of the owner; forbidding the passage of any law laying a tax upon or requiring the registration of motor vehicles, or licensing of any operator, or regulating the speed of motor vehicles by any county, borough, city incorporated town or township; establishing the rights of motor vehicles upon the public highways with relation to other vehicles, providing for their equipment and for the width of tires to be used upon motor vehicles, and vehicles trailing after or propelled by motor vehicles; regulating the service of process and proceedings in actions for damages arising therefrom; providing for arrest, and for service of process, and proceedings for violation of this act; prescribing the penalties therefor; and providing for the disposition of fees collected and fines imposed thereunder."

Mr. BUCKMAN from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 509 (House Bill No. 414), entitled:

An Act authorizing the Legislative Reference Bureau to continue the work commenced under the provisions of an act approved the 20th day of May, 1913, entitled "An Act directing the Legislative Reference Bureau to prepare compilations or codes by topics of the existing general laws of this Commonwealth for adoption or rejection by the General Assembly, fixing the powers and duties of the Bureau therein, fixing the compensation of the assistant director, and making an appropriation therefor," fixing the powers and duties of the Bureau therein, fixing the duties and compensation of the assistant director and making an appropriation.

Also from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 513 (House Bill No. 683), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Hospital for the Insane at Danville, Pennsylvania.

Also from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 517 (House Bill No. 196), entitled:

An Act providing for the appointment and expenses of a Commission of three persons learned in the law to codify and revise the law of decedents' estates and making an appropriation.

Also from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 523 (House Bill No. 121), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the State Hospital of Nanticoke, Luzerne County, Pennsylvania for the payment of indebtedness against said hospital buildings, equipment and grounds.

Also from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 524 (House Bill No. 658), entitled:

An Act transferring from certain funds to another certain moneys appropriated to the State Livestock Sanitary Board.

Also from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 508 (House Bill No. 166), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the payment of the deficiency which has arisen under the provisions of an act approved the 13th day of June, A. D. 1907, entitled "An Act to authorize county commissioners for the purpose of encouraging agriculture and the holding of county agricultural exhibitions to pay annually one thousand dollars to the incorporated agricultural association paying premiums on agricultural exhibits, holding an annual exhibition in the county, providing for the filing of sworn statement by the claimant or claimants with the county commissioners relative to said exhibition and providing for the repayment to the county by the State of the sum so paid.

Mr. VARE, from the Committee on Municipal Affairs, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 8, entitled:

An Act supplementary to an act, entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation, regulation and government of cities of the third class, regulating nomination and election of municipal officers therein, and repealing, consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto," approved the 27th day of June, A. D. 1913, providing for, and enacting Initiative and Referendum provisions with reference to ordinances and the holding of elections relative thereto.

Also from the Committee on Municipal Affairs, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 489, entitled:

An Act to authorize the City of Williamsport to acquire, if necessary and in all events to maintain for the purpose of securing and improving the general sanitary conditions of said city, the dam which was erected by the Susquehanna Boom Company across the West Branch of the Susquehanna River, at a point near the intersection of Hepburn Street with said River in said City.

Also from the Committee on Municipal Affairs, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 189 (House Bill No. 21), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the 19th day of June, 1913, entitled "An Act empowering incorporated towns of this Commonwealth without petition of the property owners to grade, pave, curb, macadamize and otherwise improve public streets or parts thereof and assess a portion of the cost of the same on the owners of property abutting thereon, and providing for the collection of the same."

BILLS IN PLACE.

Mr. CATLIN read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 548, entitled:

An Act providing for the election of councilmen in all boroughs of this Commonwealth wherein the election of councilmen held in November, one thousand nine hundred and thirteen, has been declared void, and wherein councilmen serving at the time of said election held over.

Which was committed to the Committee on New Counties and County Seats.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 549, entitled:

An Act to fix salary of court criers and tipstaves, in judicial districts containing more than two hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants, and less than one million inhabitants.

Which was committed to the Committee on New Counties and County Seats.

Mr. MOORE read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 550, entitled:

A supplement to an act approved the twenty-eighth day of April, one thousand nine hundred and three, entitled "An

Act for the annexation of any city, borough, township, or part of a township, to a contiguous city, and providing for the indebtedness of the same;" by providing that any city heretofore or hereafter enlarged by an annexation under the terms of said act shall be liable for and shall pay the indebtedness of such city and the territory so annexed, and providing for the levying of a uniform tax upon all the territory included within such city as enlarged by such annexation for the payment of all such indebtedness.

Which was committed to the Committee on Municipal Affairs.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 551, entitled:

A supplement to an act approved the 7th day of February one thousand nine hundred and six, entitled "An Act to enable cities that are now, or may hereafter be, contiguous or in close proximity, to be united, with any intervening land other than boroughs, in one municipality; providing for the consequences of such consolidation, the temporary government of the consolidated city, payment of the indebtedness of each of the united territories, and the enforcements of debts and claims due to or from each;" by providing that the indebtedness of each city and intervening land heretofore or hereafter united or consolidated under the provisions of said act shall be paid by the consolidated city, and for the levying of a uniform tax upon all the territory included within the consolidated city for the payment of the same.

Which was committed to the Committee on Municipal Affairs.

Mr. DAIX read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 552, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the German Hospital of the City of Philadelphia.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. THOMPSON read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 553, entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act providing for the erection of a dam at the outlet of Pymatuning Swamp, and the establishment of a reservoir to conserve the waters thereof, providing for the taking of land and materials necessary thereto, vesting certain powers and duties in the Water Supply Commission, and making an appropriation", approved the 25th day of July, A. D. 1913, amending sections four and eight of said act, providing for the payment of the necessary compensation for waivers of damages from owners of lands in the State of Ohio which will be submerged or injured by the construction of such reservoir, and making an appropriation for the erection of such dam and the establishment of such reservoir.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 554, entitled:

An Act authorizing the purchase of a piece of land in Beaver County and the erection thereon of a monument to General Anthony Wayne and making an appropriation.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 555, entitled:

An Act relating to certain medicines, substances and preparations for certain purposes, regulating the sale thereof, and providing penalties.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

Mr. CLARK read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 556, entitled:

An Act providing for a Pennsylvania Tax Commission, defining the powers and duties and making an appropriation.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 557, entitled:

An Act providing for and regulating the taking of land by condemnation proceedings to enlarge cemeteries.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. MARTIN read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 558, entitled:

An Act fixing the salary of the night watchman in the State Library.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Also (by request) read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 559, entitled:

An Act to prescribe the conditions and restictions under whicih public vaults, crypts or mausoleums for the interment of human bodies may be constructed and maintained and fixing penalties for failure to comply therewith.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. CROFT read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 560, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the State Highway Department for the purchase or condemnation of certain turnpikes or toll roads.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. McNICHOL read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 561, entitled:

An Act to provide for the modification of the plans of the New Western Penitentiary in Center County, so as to provide larger or additional buildings in order to accomodate the inmates of the Eastern Penitentiary as well as of the Western Penitentiary, for the consolidation of said institutions into one to be known as the State Penitentiary of Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. PATTON read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 562, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to The Babies' Hospital of Philadelphia, at Philadelphia.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. HILTON read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 563, entitled:

An Act to refund to Bella Hershenson, of McKean County, money paid for license to sell oleomargine.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. GERBERICH read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 564, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Commissioner of Labor and Industry to appoint additional officers and employes in the Department of Labor and Industry, fixing their duties and salaries and increasing the salaries of the Chief Medical Inspector, Chief of the Bureau of Statistics and Information and the Chief Clerk.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 565, entitled:

An Act defining malt liquors, providing for the protection of the public health, and the prevention of fraud and deception, by prohibiting the manufacture, or sale, or the offering for sale, or the having in possession with intent to sell, of adulterated or misbranded liquors, and providing penalties for the viiolation thereof.

Which was committed to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 566, entitled:

An Act for the protection of the public health by providing for the regulation and control of the sanitary conditions surrounding the preparation, handling, storage ,and serving

of food in hotels, restaurants, and dining cars; defining hotels, restaurants and dining cars; imposing certain duties upon the Dairy and Food Commissioner in reference to this act, and providing penalties for the violence of the same.

Which was committed to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

Mr. BUCKMAN (by request) read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 567, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the purpose of refunding to the estate of Joseph B. Sheppard, Jr., moneys erroneously paid into the State Treasury

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. McKEE read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 568, entitled:

An Act for the relief of indigent war veterans and their families and imposing certain powers and duties upon poor authorities, organizations composed of war veterans and the officers thereof.

Which was committed to the Committee on Pensions and Gratuities.

Mr. BURKE read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 569, entitled:

An Act relative to employment of labor, procuring same by false advertising, deceptive representations; furnishing arms during time of strike and lockouts; and imposing penalties.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. FARLEY read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 570, entitled:

An Act making military and naval instruction and training compulsory in all schools, public, parochial and private; seminaries, colleges and universities, and all institutions of learning in this Commonwealth, for all male pupils over the age of ten years, and providing for said training and instruction.

Which was committed to the Committee on Education.

Mr. CROW read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 571, entitled:

An Act authorizing county controllers in counties containing a population of from one hundred fifty thousand to two hundred sixty thousand, to designate and appoint a solicitor; prescribing the duties of the said solicitor and fixing his term of office and salary, to be paid by the proper county

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 572, entitled:

An Act to revive and continue in force the provisions of an act entitled "An act to extend the time during which corporations may hold and convey the title to real estate, heretofore bought under execution or conveyed to them in satisfaction of debts, and now remaining in their hands unsold", approved the tenth day of June, A. D. 1911, in so far as it relates to banking companies, amending and extending the same, and giving said banking companies the right to bring suit and maintain an action, either at law or in equity and to maintain any action already brought, for the recovery of possession of property so bought, the same as an individual could do

Which was committed to the Committee on Corporations.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 573, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-eighth day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirteen, entitled "An Act relating to the competency as evidence of certain findings in proceedings in lunacy."

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 574, entitled:

An Act to amend rule eighteen of the general rules in Article XXV of the Act of June 9, 1911, P. L. 756, entitled "An Act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the bituminous coal mines of Pennsylvania, and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith."

Which was committed to the Committee on Corporations.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 575, entitled:

An Act establishing in Dauphin and Schuylkill Counties a certain section of public road as a "State highway."

Which was committed to the Committee on Public Roads and Highways.

SENATE BILL NO. 153 RECALLED FROM THE GOVERNOR.

Mr. MAGEE offered the following resolution, which was twice read considered and agreed to:

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That Senate Bill No. 153, entitled "An Act to establish and regulate the fees to be charged and collected by sheriffs in counties of this Commonwealth having a population of not less than five hundred thousand nor more than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants, as computed by the last preceding United States census, the time and manner in which said fees shall be paid, the publication and posting of said fees, the delivery of an itemized receipt for official fees and legal costs received, and repealing all laws, general, special or local, or any parts thereof, that are or may be inconsistent therewith" be recalled from the Governor for the purpose of amendment.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILL ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate resumed the consideration of Senate Bill No. 391, as follows:

An Act providing for the payment of interest on damages caused by the taking injury or destruction of private property for public use

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That in all cases where private property is taken injured or destroyed by municipal corporations invested with the privilege of taking private property for public use the damage caused by such taking injury or destruction shall bear interest at the rate of six per centum per annum from the date of such taking injury or destruction thereof

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—48.

Beidleman,	Graff,	McConnell,	Smith, W. W.,
Buckman,	Gyger,	McKee W. S.,	Snyder, C. A.,
Burke,	Hackett,	McNichol,	Snyder, P. W.,
Catlin,	Hilton,	Miller,	Sones,
Clark,	Hindman,	Mills,	Sproul,
Croft,	Hoke,	Moore,	Stewart,
Crow,	Homsher,	Patton,	Thompson,
Daix,	Jenkins,	Phipps,	Tompkins,
DeWitt,	Kurtz,	Salus,	Vare,
Endsley,	Lynch,	Semmens,	Warner,
Farley,	Magee, C. J.,	Sensenich,	Wasbers,
Gerberich,	Martin,	Smith, R. E.	Kline, Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—1.

Schantz,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

ANNOUNCEMENT OF COMMITTEE TO INVESTIGATE CHARGES FILED AGAINST CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS IN ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

The PRESIDENT. In behalf of the Senator from Bucks, Mr. Buckman, the Chairman of the Appropriation Committee, I announce the appointment of Senators Kline, Magee, Tompkins, Clark and Daix as a committee to investigate charges which were filed against certain charitable institutions in Allegheny County.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. THOMPSON. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 193 (House Bill No. 74), on third reading, entitled:

An Act to quiet the title to real estate and to enable citizens of the United States and corporations authorized to hold real estate within this Commonwealth to hold and convey title to real estate which has been formerly held by or for corporations not authorized by law to hold the same

be recommitted to the Committee on Judiciary General for the purpose of a hearing.

Mr. CLARK. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 195 (House No. 100), entitled:

An Act validating certain sales of real estate heretofore made by guardians administrators and executors by decree of orphans' court

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—49.

Beidleman,	Gyger,	McKee W. S.,	Smith, W. W.,
Buckman,	Hackett,	McNichol,	Snyder, C. A.,
Burke,	Hilton,	Miller,	Snyder, P. W.,
Catlin,	Hindman,	Mills,	Sones,
Clark,	Hoke,	Moore,	Sproul,
Croft,	Homsher,	Patton,	Stewart,
Crow,	Jenkins,	Phipps,	Thompson,
Daix,	Kurtz,	Salus,	Tompkins,
DeWitt,	Lynch,	Schantz,	Vare,
Endsley,	Magee, C. J.,	Semmens,	Warner,
Farley,	Martin,	Sensenich,	Wasbers,
Gerberich,	McConnell,	Smith, R. E.,	Kline,
Graff,			Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

BILL OVER IN ORDER.

Mr. McKEE. Mr. President, I ask that Senate Bill No. 207, on third reading, entitled:

An Act providing for the organization discipline maintenance and regulation of the militia of the Commonwealth

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILL ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 265 (House No. 71), entitled:

An Act transferrng from one fund to another certain moneys appropriated to the Dairy and Food Division of the Department of Agriculture

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—49.

Beidleman,	Gyger,	McKee W. S.,	Smith, W. W.,
Buckman,	Hackett,	McNichol,	Snyder, C. A.,
Burke,	Hilton,	Miller,	Snyder, P. W.,
Catlin,	Hindman,	Mills,	Sones,
Clark,	Hoke,	Moore,	Sproul,
Croft,	Homsher,	Patton,	Stewart,
Crow,	Jenkins,	Phipps,	Thompson,
Daix,	Kurtz,	Salus,	Tompkins,
DeWitt,	Lynch,	Schantz,	Vare,
Endsley,	Magee, C. J.,	Semmens,	Warner,
Farley,	Martin,	Sensenich,	Wasbers,
Gerberich,	McConnell,	Smith, R. E.,	Kline,
Graff,			Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

BILL OVER IN ORDER.

Mr. MILLS. Mr. President, I ask that Senate Bill No. 267 (House Bill No. 219), on third reading, entitled:

An Act granting to boroughs and incorporated towns the right of eminent domain for certain purposes and regulating the procedure thereunder

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 268 (House No. 206), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the payment of the expenses of publication of amendments to the Constitution for the three years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and twelve and directing the Auditor-General and the State Treasurer to cause the same to be paid

And said bill having been read at length the third time,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. HILTON. Mr. President, this is the bill known as the newspaper bill, which calls for the settlement of the advertising of the constitutional amendments over the veto of the Auditor General, and I think by all means should be defeated. This bill calls for a somewhat excessive cost of advertising in 1912, 1913 and 1914, as it did in 1911. Some of these papers that have settled for lower prices in 1909, 1910 and 1911, than the Auditor General is now settling for, it means that those papers are to get less money and that all the papers who got excessive prices in those years, it means that they are to continue with those high prices in 1912, 1913 and 1914. If this bill goes through it is a case where the papers who were satisfied with reasonable charges in those years are to pay a penalty for doing so and the papers who got excessive prices are to continue with those same excessive prices in 1912, 1913 and 1914. Now, this act takes an appropriation of $91,000, and in my opinion that means to take out of the State Treasury $91,000 the State does not owe and should not pay. It calls for a new practice which opens up the State Treasury in the Auditor General's department entirely different from what it ever was before. As far back as the year of 1811 the Pennsylvania Legislature passed an act making the Auditor-General the main protector of our State funds. Ever since that time it has been his duty and his privilege to protect bills and not pay them where they were too high. But, Mr. President, after passing the century mark since that act was passed, we now propose to pass over the Auditor-General's head and take money out of the State Treasury that we do not owe and very much need for other purposes at the present time. Where are we going to stop if we start a practice of this sort? Who can see the maximum amount that we are going to pay out in case every one who is dissatisfied can have bills passed for any amount over the Auditor-General's head. Consider the millions of dollars that pass through this department, that need the Auditor-General's attention and approval, that may pass out of the State Treasury in case we adopt a system of this kind at the present time. Now, we all know that any proprietor of any business who would settle with a bill rendered man and pass over the veto of his Secretary, that he would not last very long because the Secretary would pay on that ground and would know the actual price, but if the proprietor would pass over his head, he could not continue very long in prosperity, so I do not believe there is a man in this Senate who would do business in that way. While we are not doing business for ourselves in the Senate, we have taken an oath to protect the State's money with the same carefulness and the same economy we would our own money. We all went on record two years ago and last fall to do everything we could to raise money for good roads,

and while we are united, regardless of party lines, at the present time, the great trouble is, how are we going to raise money sufficient for good roads? That is one of the troubles of the present time. If we are to raise sufficient money for that purpose, it means either increase taxation or more economy in the different departments, or both, raise money here and there for that purpose.

Now, gentlemen, if we pass acts of this kind and make a practice of this kind, there is no limit to what you are to pay out of the State Treasury. This bill calls for, in some cases, very excessive prices and in some cases it does not. I have cases here, I think it is the Pittsburgh Press where, in case this bill goes through, they will have to refund $530, in other cases $150 and so on. I think by all means this bill ought to be defeated because it is poorly gotten up, it is imperfect, and it is on the wrong principle.

Mr. President, the following is a statement of daily newspapers with a circulation between 5000 and 10,000 showing claims and amounts that were allowed by Auditor-General Powell:

Cir.	Name.	1912 Claim.	1912 Allowed.	1913 Claim.	1913 Allowed.	1914 Claim.	1914 Allowed.
7500	Solvensky Bennick,	*	*	*	*	*	*
9640	McKeesport Daily News,	624 00	585 00	624 00	624 00	689 00	620 10
6200	Reading Times,	*	*	†	†	†	†
8500	Reading Telegram,	748 80	585 00	*	*	*	*
9000	Altoona Morning Tribune,	312 00	312 00	312 00	312 00	344 50	344 50
5500	Meadville Messenger,	†	†	*	*	*	*
8919	Chester Times,	336 00	336 00	336 00	336 00	371 00	371 00
6504	Connellsville Courier,	322 00	322 00	329 00	329 00	371 00	371 00
8500	Scranton Tribune,	*	*	*	*	†	†
8995	Lancaster New Era,	297 00	297 00	317 25	317 25	357 75	357 75
5400	Lancaster Morning News,	†	†	†	†	†	†
5000	Lawrence Herald,	*	*	*	*	*	*
7600	Allentown Morning Call,	†	†	†	†	*	*
6000	Wilkes-Barre Courier Herald,	*	*	*	*	*	*
6600	Williamsport Gazette Bulletin,	†	†	†	†	†	†
7200	Williamsport News,	†	†	†	†	*	*
5700	Norristown Herald,	599 30	449 47	*	*	*	*
6671	Easton Free Press,	187 20	187 20	312 00	312 00	*	*
9200	Pottsville Republican,	†	†	†	†	†	†
6300	Washington Record,	311 50	311 50	360 00	360 00	*	*
5000	Bloomsburg Morning Press,	†	†	†	†	*	*
5400	Lancaster Examiner,	*	*	*	*	*	*
6500	Pottsville Chronicle,	811 20	585 00	585 00	561 60	568 42	568 42
5500	Greensburg Morning Review,	332 50	332 50	*	*	†	†
8293	York Gazette,	*	*	*	*	*	*
7389	York Daily News,	†	†	*	*	689 00	620 10
8960	Altoona Evening Gazette,	1,092 00	585 00	780 00	617 76	*	*
7247	Meadville Tribune, Republican,	1,185 60	585 00	748 80	617 76	861 25	682 11
5489	Chester Morning Republican,	336 00	336 00	*	*	*	*
8472	Uniontown Morning Herald,	336 00	336 00	336 00	336 00	†	†
8246	New Castle News,	624 00	585 00	624 00	537 76	689 00	682 11
6171	Lebanon News,	566 80	425 10	624 00	617 76	690 30	682 11
7142	Allentown Chronicle & News,	312 00	312 00	312 00	312 00	344 50	344 50
7316	South Bethlehem Globe,	648 00	585 00	*	*	714 80	682 11
6045	Oil City Derrick,	336 00	336 00	336 00	336 00	358 40	358 40
5082	Butler Eagle,	312 00	312 00	†	†	344 50	344 50
9796	Erie Despatch,	620 10	581 35	†	†	†	†
6308	Allentown Leader,	312 00	312 00	312 00	312 00	344 50	344 50
5200	Bradford Star Record,	1,092 00	491 40	1,092 00	537 76	1,114 75	630 63
7000	Norristown Times,	624 00	585 00	624 00	617 76	689 00	682 11
5000	Pottstown News,	624 00	585 00	*	*	689 00	606 32
8800	Pottsville Journal,	648 00	585 00	648 00	617 76	689 00	682 11
6121	Beaver Falls Tribune,	†	†	624 00	561 60	*	*
5892	Chambersburg Public Opinion,	†	†	607 10	601 02	670 80	670 80
5089	Greensburg Tribune,	615 60	444 60	627 75	598 45	700 65	667 95
5095	Titusville Herald,	*	*	*	*	661 70	661 70
5415	Hazelton Standard,	*	*	*	*	644 80	644 80

Note No. 1. * indicates that the newspaper did not publish amendments for that year.
Note No. 2. † indicates that the circulation of the paper was either below the 5,000 mark or above the 10,000 mark.

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. President, I cannot just exactly understand the position of the Senator from McKeen. Only a week ago he endeavored to have written into this bill an addition of one hundred and fifty thousand dollars to what the bill now carries. Some time ago there was submitted by the Auditor-General to the Chairman of the Appropriations Committee of the House a statement carrying one hundred and forty-six thousand dollars and a little more to take care of all the disputed bills pending before the Auditor General. There was passed in the General Deficiency Bill in the early part of this session one hundred thousand dollars which has been approved by His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, and there now remains forty-six thousand dollars in round numbers which are carried in this bill and only a week ago we had the Senator from McKeen endeavoring to read into this bill an additional one hundred thousand dollars, when I arose in my place and asked him if it was not a fact that he was endeavoring to write in an additional one hundred thousand dollars for the purpose of defeating this bill and to-night he answered the question by asking the Senate to vote down this bill, because the Senate is asking for forty-six thousand dollars instead of one hundred and forty-six thousand dollars to pay these bills. Mr. President, I am advised that there are some three hundred newspapers in Pennsylvania which are affected by this act and if the forty-six thousand dollars provided by this bill passes it will clean up every bill that is existing against the State of Pennsylvania by reason of the printing of the constitutional amendments, and I have here letters from three of the newspapers in his own county, I am advised that the fourth and fifth have been sold out by the two persons who would be entitled to the money if these bills are paid, one living now in Oklahoma and the other in the State of Ohio; so that in his own county of McKeen the five people who are affected and whose bills will be paid if the bill goes through are asking for the passage of this bill. What the Senator from McKeen is asking is if the Senate of Pennsylvania shall open up all accounts to disputes that have been settled and vouchers taken in full by the Auditor-General's office and what this bill is intended to do is to pay the newspapers whose accounts are disputed on the same basis that Auditor-Generals Young, Sisson, and even the present Auditor-General, have paid, and Mr. President I hope that the Senate will pass this bill and allow the State to wipe out the indebtedness that it justly owes to these several newspapers whose accounts are now in dispute.

Mr. HILTON. Mr. President, I saw Auditor-General Powell today and in going over the books again he informs me that forty-six thousand dollars will not take care of

this act. It will take ninety some thousand dollars. That is what he informs me this afternoon after talking it over with two of his men so that this forty-six thousand dollars will not take care of the act.

In answer to the Senator from Dauphin County in regard to the amendment that I offered last Monday night, I wish to say that he misrepresented that amendment. I offered an amendment last Monday night whereby the Governor will appoint a Committee of five for the purpose of settling these disputes in constitutional advertisements. The maximum amount that they could use would be one hundred and fifty-nine thousand dollars in case the Committee would decide to grant that according to bills rendered. But anyone knows that a committee of five appointed by the Governor would not do anything of that kind. We would have the same confidence in that Committee that would be appointed by the Governor that we would have in a commission that was formed by our laws and instead of one hundred and fifty-nine thousand dollars that that Committee would settle upon or ninety-one thousand or forty-six thousand, it would not be anything like that, because I am satisfied that that Committee would decide that Auditor-General Powell allowed all he ought to allow.

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. President, I simply want to say in corroboration of what I have already said to the Senate, I have here the letter of the Auditor-General addressed to Mr. Woodward under date of February first, where he fixes the amount to be required to settle these bills to be one hundred and forty-six thousand dollars and eighty cents; one hundred thousand was carried by the General Deficiency Bill, passed in the early part of the session. This bill No. 206 provides for the payment of the balance, forty-six thousand and forty dollars and eighty cents so that under the showing made by the Auditor-General under his own hand, signed by himself, and his chief clerk he finds the sum of forty-six thousand and forty dollars and forty-six cents sufficient to pay the bills in dispute.

Mr. RAYMOND E. SMITH. Mr. President, The fairest method of analysis of the bills submitted for the advertising of the proposed constitutional amendments is that by which all bills are figured on the basis of the rate per line per thousand of circulation. Circulation is the principal measure of value in advertising, and therefore the principal standard by which prices are fixed. It is true that the State's advertising differs from commercial advertising in that it is not meant to produce profit to the advertiser; but the commercial method of computing the proper rate is the one it is correct to apply. This is for the reason that when the Secretary of the Commonwealth places an order for the printing of the proposed amendments by a newspaper, he stipulates, in the printed form of order, that the advertising "shall be charged for, only at the rates USUALLY charged advertisers who advertise in the ORDINARY ADVERTISING MEDIUMS" Accordingly then, the bills rendered the State should be passed upon the newspapers' value as a medium for general advertising. If the publisher renderes a bill at a higher rate it is in defiance of the terms of the order, which he should reject, if the offered rate does not please him. And further when the publisher submits his bill, he must append thereto, an affidavit in which he swears that the rate charged is no greater than the paper's regular value or rate.

Here is a table which exhibits the bills of daily papers from 5,000 to 10,000 circulation, for the State advertising done in 1914, all figured on the basis of the charge per line per thousand circulation. What this table reveals is startling.

1914

CLAIMS OF CERTAIN SMALL CITY DAILIES

Calculation showing rate per line per 1,000 of circulation. It is assumed that each newspaper used the full lineage authorized by the Secretary of the Commonwealth.

Name.	Price per line per 1,000 circulation.
McKeesport Daily News,	.010373 or 1 Ct. plus
Altoona Morning Tribune,	.005555 or ½ plus
Chester Times,	.006033 or 6-10 plus
Connellsville Courier,	.008278 or 8-10 plus
Lancaster New Era,	.005772 or 5-10 plus
Pottsville Republican,	.021746 or 2 2-10 M
Pottsville Chronicle,	.012692 or 1 3-10 M
York Daily News,	.013533 or 1 1-3 plus
Meadville Tribune Republican,	.017248 or 1 ¾ M
New Castle News,	.012127 or 1 1-5 plus
Lebanon News,	.016235 or 1 6-10 plus
Allentown Chronicle and News,	.007000 or 7-10
South Bethlehem Globe,	.014180 or 1 4-10 plus
Oil City Derrick,	.009247 or 9-10 plus
Butler Eagle,	.010000 or 1 Ct.
Allentown Leader,	.007926 or 8-10 M
Bradford Star Record,	.031113 or 3 1-10 plus
Norristown Times,	.014285 or 1 4-10 plus
Pottstown News,	.02 or 2 Ct.
Pottsville Journal,	.011363 or 1 1-10 plus
Chambersburg Public Opinion,	.016523 or 1 6-10 plus
Greensburg Tribune,	.021 or 2 1-10
Titusville Herald,	.018849 or 1 9-10 M
Hazleton Standard,	.017288 or 1 7-10 plus
Average rate per line per 1,000 cir.	.12515

Here are a few examples by way of illustration of the remarkable lack of uniformity in the matter of rates. The Chester Times, in which the Senator from Delaware is interested, asks only six-tenths of a cent per thousand of circulation. Now the Chester Times is an old and able, and eminently respectable newspaper and has a great influence in its community; and that it is popular in its community is shown by the fact that it has a circulation of 9,000 in a city of approximately 40,000 persons. The Chester Times asks six-tenths of a cent; but the New Castle News, published in a city of about the same population, asks one-and two-tenths cents, or exactly twice as much per line per thousand.

Here is another typical contrast: The Lancaster New Era is one of the influential newspapers among the third class cities of the State. It asks .58 of a cent per thousand subscribers. Against it, we set the Meadville Tribune Republican, which demand 1.72 per line per thousand, or practically three times as much. The bill of the Pottsville Republican is at the rate of 2.17 cents per thousand, and it is higher on this basis than the bill of any paper in Philadelphia or Pittsburgh.

The Greensburg Tribune asks two cents per line per thousand, while the Connellsville Courier, published in the same section of the State, thinks that eight-tenths of a cent is a fair rate. The Oil City Derrick thinks nine-tenths of a cent is enough; but the Titusville Herald published only a short distance away asks one and eight-tenths cents, or twice as much.

The Allentown Chronicle and News, which is a paper of good standing, asks seven-tenths of a cent, but the Bradford Star & Record asks that the State pay it at the rate of three & one-tenth cents per line, or over four times as much per thousand of circulation. If the Allentown paper's rate is fair, what is to be said of the bill of the Bradford Star & Record? Or if the Allentown Chronicle & News is doing business for less than cost, ought not the stockholders ask for the appointment of a receiver?

From other figures not included in this table, I find that the Williamsport Sun, one of the great interior papers of the Commonwealth, asks less than six-tenths of a cent per line, per thousand subscribers, or only one-fifth the rate demanded by the Bradford Star & Record less than a third of the rate asked by the Pottsville Republican, and only half the rate asked by the New Castle News. The Easton Free Press, said to be one of the State's notably prosperous newspapers, is satified with three-quarter of a cent.

We find from the bills submitted in recent years that there is not only lack of uniformity as between the bills of several publishers, but lack of consistency as to rates, in individual instances. In 1910, with a circulation of only 3,700 the Bradford Star & Record asked 17 1-2 cents a line. In 1914 with 5,200 circulation, it asked the same per line. Did it charge too much in 1910, or too little in 1914? Or did it charge too much in both years?

I have another table which compares the rates charged by some of the great Philadelphia newspapers with those charged by the modest Bradford paper.

NORTH AMERICAN.

Circulation, 200,000; rate per line, 25 cents; .25 by 200 equals .00125, 1¼ mills; or, North American's rate per line per thousand of circulation.

BRADFORD EVENING STAR AND RECORD.

Circulation, 5200; rate per line, 17½ cents; .175 divided by 5.2 equals .03365, 3.36 cents; or Bradford Evening Star and Record's rate per line per thousand of circulation..

Divide Bradford Evening Star and Record's rate per line per thousand by that of the North American,—33 mills by 1¼ mills,—and the Bradford paper's rate is found to be 26.4 times greater than that of the Philadelphia daily.

If the North American had rendered a bill on the same basis as that of the Bradford paper, the North American would be asking the State for $49,200 instead of $1,638 that they did charge, and the North American has just as much right to receive $49,200 as the Bradford paper has to get $1185. (1638x26.4)

PHILADELPHIA EVENING BULLETIN.

Circulation, 332,193; rate per line, 26¾ cents; .2675 divided by 332,193 equals .000805; practically 8-10 of one mill; which is the Bulletin's rate per line per thousand of circulation.

Divide Bradford Evening Star and Record's rate per line per thousand by that of the Bulletin, and the Bradford's paper's rate is found to be 42 times greater than that of the Bulletin. (.0336 divided by .0008).

If the Philadelphia Evening Bulletin had rendered a bill on the basis of the Bradford Evening Star and Record, the Bulletin would be asking the State for $77,177.04 instead of $1,836.12 which they did charge, and they have just as much right to charge that amount as the Bradford paper has to charge $1,185.

CHESTER TIMES.

Circulation, 8919; rate per line per 1,000 circulation, .006; bill rendered for 1914, $371.

Bill of the Chester Times on the basis of the rate per line per 1,000 circulation of the Bradford Evening Star and Record would have been $1,912 instead of $371, and if the Evening Star and Record's charge be just, then I say that the management of the Chester Times does not have good common business sense, and should have a guardian appointed for it.

I also submit another table which is illuminating.

1914 SETTLEMENT.

Circulation.	Name of Publication.	Charge per line.	
5,000	Butler Eagle,	.05	
11,200	Johnstown Leader,	.04	7-10
21,670	Reading Eagle,	.04	8-13
9,000	Altoona Tribune,	.05	
6,504	Connellsville Courier,	.05	5-13
4,883	Uniontown Genius,	.05	5-13
26,670	Scranton Scrantonian,	.10	
24,000	Scranton Tribune Republican,	.12	
8,995	Lancaster New Era,	.05	plus
4,900	Lancaster News,	.05	plus
7,142	Allentown Chronicle,	.05	
6,308	Allentown Leader,	.05	
11,377	Williamsport Gazette and Bulletin,	.08	1-3
16,960	Williamsport Sun,	.10	
11,195	Easton Free Press,	.05	
3,216	Wellsboro Agitator,	.05	
4,643	Warren Mirror,	.06	
4,112	Greensburg Review,	.05	5-13
13,009	York Dispatch,	.10	

Note. All the papers of the State with circulations in excess of 10,000 and with an average circulation in excess of 50,000 charge an average rate of less than 17½ c. in 1913 per line.

Gentlemen, I call upon you in the name of fairness and common decency to defeat this bill. How are you going to square yourself with your home papers which are charging a decent rate if you vote to pay various other papers three or four times as much for doing the same work? This amendment advertising business has botten to be a stench in the nostrils of the people of this State, and we cannot afford to longer encourage a system of graft perpetuated for the purpose of subsidizing the press of this commonwealth.

Some may by false logic and specious argument seek to blind our eyes to the evils of this overpaid system and to make its blackness appear as the garb of the lily, but all the argument in the world does not make black white or wrong right. Every senator here down in his heart knows that there is something wrong. Therefore I ask you to be true to your better thought, and vote according to the dictates of your own conscience and nothing else. For these reasons which I have enumerated, I shall vote against this bill.

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. President, I desire to interrogate the Senator from Crawford, Mr. Smith.

The PRESIDENT. Will the Senator from Crawford, Mr. Smith, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. RAYMOND E. SMITH. Mr. President, I will.

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. President, I desire to ask the Senator from Crawford whether there is any difference in the number of lines per inch in the papers that he has seen fit to favor and the number of lines in the particular paper which he seems to have as his target to aim and shoot at in his argument against the passage of this bill.

Mr. RAYMOND E. SMITH. Mr. President, I would say to the Senator from Dauphin that there is a difference in the number of lines published in various papers, but I will say for his information that most all newspapers use what is known as "Boiler Plate" which can be bought, or could have been bought last fall, for a sum not exceeding two or three dollars.

Therefore, that is no excuse for using seven lines to the inch when you can just as well get this boiler plate all ready set up for three or four dollars, which may contain fourteen lines or twelve lines to the inch.

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. President, I desire to further interrogate the Senator from Crawford.

The PRESIDENT. Will the Senator from Crawford, Mr. Smith, permit himself to be further interrogated?

Mr. RAYMOND E. SMITH. Mr. President, I will.

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. President, I desire to ask the Senator from Crawford why he picks one particular newspaper and leaves between four or five hundred other newspapers out of his discussion relative to the payment of this bill?

Mr. RAYMOND E. SMITH. Mr. President, I would say that I have compared here as many as a dozen or fifteen newspapers. You all heard the table I read.

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. President, the comparison, as I understand it, is against the Bradford Evening Star. I ask him why he limits his paper to the Bradford Star when there are some five hundred newspapers in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania that are adversely affected if this bill is not passed?

Mr. RAYMOND E. SMITH. Mr. President, I would say that the Bradford Evening Star is affected perhaps more than any other publication in the State because it had the gall to ask four or five times as much as any other paper.

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. President, I desire to further interrogate the Senator from Crawford, Mr. Smith.

The PRESIDENT. Will the Senator from Crawford, Mr. Smith, permit himself to be further interrogated?

Mr. RAYMOND E. SMITH. Mr. President, I will.

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. President, I desire to ask the Senator if he thinks the North American ought to be paid on the basis of the newspapers that go out of the State as well as those which stay in the State, when the Bradford Evening Star and other papers have their publication practically confined within the Commonwealth?

Mr. RAYMOND E. SMITH. Mr. President, I would say in answer to what the Senator from Dauphin says about this matter that the Bradford Star is located not a great way from the New York line. I suppose their papers are

circulated outside of the State just as well as the North American.

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. President, I desire to say for the benefit of the Senator from Crawford, that I am advised that none of the Bradford Star goes out of the State of Pennsylvania.

Mr. HILTON. Mr. President, I would like to interrogate the Senator from Dauphin, Mr. Beidleman.

The PRESIDENT. Will the Senator from Dauphin, Mr. Beidleman permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. President, certainly.

Mr. HILTON. Mr. President, I desire to ask the Senator who is going to interpret what the rates are to be regulated by? In this bill it says one of the three years, 1909, 1910 and 1911, that the bills are to be the same price in 1912, 1913 and 1914; who is to interpret which one of the three years it is? Now there are different prices paid in those three years.

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr President, I would say in answer to the interrogation of the Senator from McKean applying the business methods he claims that he would like to have applied, they would take the lowest rate of the three years.

Mr. HILTON. Mr. President, this is a very inperfect bill in that line because I do not see how it is possible to determine what the rate is to be because it says any one of those three years, and the rates were different in the three years. I think it is impossible. I think it is an imperfect bill and makes it unconstitutional.

And the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—28.

Beidleman,	Daix,	Homsher,	Patton,
Buckman,	DeWitt,	Jenkins,	Phipps,
Burke,	Endsley,	Kurtz,	Semmens,
Catlin,	Farley,	Lynch,	Smith, W. W.,
Clark,	Gerberich,	Martin,	Snyder, C. A.,
Croft,	Graff,	McConnell,	Thompson,
Crow,	Hackett,	McNichol,	Kline, Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—18.

Gyger,	Moore,	Smith, R. E.,	Stewart,
Hilton,	Salus,	Snyder, P. W.,	Tompkins,
Hindman,	Schantz,	Sones,	Vare,
Hoke,	Sensenich,	Sproul,	Warner,
Magee, C. J.,			Wasbers,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 276, entitled:

An Act directing the county commissioners of the several counties to offer for sale to the Department of Forestry tracts of land which they may have purchased at county treasurers' sales for acceptance or refusal for forestry purposes and to convey to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania the tracts so offered to be sold if accepted by the department.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeaby to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—46.

Beidleman,	Graff,	Miller,	Snyder, P. W.,
Buckman,	Gyger,	Mills,	Sones,
Burke,	Hackett,	Moore,	Sproul,
Catlin,	Homsher,	Patton,	Stewart,
Clark,	Jenkins,	Phipps,	Thompson,
Croft,	Kurtz,	Salus,	Tompkins,
Crow,	Lynch,	Schantz,	Vare,
Daix,	Magee, C. J.,	Semmens,	Warner,
DeWitt,	Martin,	Sensenich,	Wasbers,
Endsley,	McConnell,	Smith, R. E.,	Kline,
Farley,	McKee W. S.,	Smith, W. W.,	Pres. pro tem.
Gerberich,	McNichol,	Snyder, C. A.,	

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 288, entitled:

An Act regulating the payment of certain deposits made with any bank trust company or savings institution in the name of two persons.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeaby to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—49.

Beidleman,	Gyger,	McKee W. S.,	Smith, W. W.,
Buckman,	Hackett,	McNichol,	Snyder, C. A.,
Burke,	Hilton,	Miller,	Snyder, P. W.,
Catlin,	Hindman,	Mills,	Sones,
Clark,	Hoke,	Moore,	Sproul,
Croft,	Homsher,	Patton,	Stewart,
Crow,	Jenkins,	Phipps,	Thompson,
Daix,	Kurtz,	Salus,	Tompkins,
DeWitt,	Lynch,	Schantz,	Vare,
Endsley,	Magee, C. J.,	Semmens,	Warner,
Farley,	Martin,	Sensenich,	Wasbers,
Gerberich,	McConnell,	Smith, R. E.,	Kline,
Graff,			Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. McKEE. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 302 on third reading, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the tenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act establishing in counties containing a population of from eight hundred thousand to one million four hundred thousand a board for the assessment and revision of taxes for state and county purposes prescribing the method of their appointment their powers and duties fixing their salary to be paid by the proper county and abolishing the office of ward borough and township assessors in so far as respects the assessment of State and county taxes.

be recommitted to the Committee on Judiciary General for a hearing.

Mr. DAIX. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 319, entitled:

An Act to regulate the taking of private property for municipal or public purposes.

And said bill having been read at length the third time,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. FARLEY. Mr. President, I move that the question, together with the further consideration of the bill, be postponed for the present.

Mr. TOMPKINS. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 321, entitled:

An Act to provide for the retirement of superannuated and incapacitated teachers in the public schools of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeaby to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—34.

Beidleman,	Hackett,	Martin,	Smith, W. W.,
Catlin,	Hilton,	**McConnell,**	**Snyder, C. A.,**
Crow,	Hindman,	McKee W. S.,	Sones,
Daix,	Hoke,	McNichol,	**Tompkins,**
Endsley,	Homsher,	**Moore,**	Vare,
Farley,	Jenkins,	Patton,	Wasbers,
Gerberich,	Kurtz,	Phipps,	Kline,
Graff,	Lynch,	Salus,	Pres. pro tem
Gyger,	Magee, C. J.,	Semmens,	

NAYS—7.

Buckman,	Smith, R. E.,	Stewart,	Warner,
Schantz,	Snyder, P. W.,	**Thompson,**	

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 352 (House No. 179), entitled:

An Act confirmatory of the conveyance of real estate.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeaby to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—49.

Beidleman,	Gyger,	McKee W. S.,	Smith, W. W.,
Buckman,	Hackett,	McNichol,	Snyder, C. A.,
Burke,	Hilton,	Miller,	Snyder, P. W.,
Catlin,	Hindman,	**Mills,**	Sones,
Clark,	Hoke,	Moore,	Sproul,
Croft,	Homsher,	Patton,	Stewart,
Crow,	Jenkins,	**Phipps,**	Thompson,
Daix,	Kurtz,	Salus,	Tompkins,
DeWitt,	Lynch,	Schantz,	Vare,
Endsley,	Magee, C. J.,	**Semmens,**	Warner,
Farley,	Martin,	Sensenich,	Wasbers,
Gerberich,	McConnell,	Smith, R. E.,	Kurtz,
Graff,			Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 358 (House No. 366), entitled:

An Act relative to judgments and prescribing the duties of prothonotaries in connection therewith.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeaby to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—49.

Beidleman,	Gyger,	McKee W. S.,	Smith, W. W.,
Buckman,	Hackett,	McNichol,	Snyder, C. A.,
Burke,	Hilton,	Miller,	**Snyder, P. W.,**
Catlin,	Hindman,	Mills,	Sones,
Clark,	Hoke,	Moore,	Sproul,
Croft,	**Homsher,**	Patton,	Stewart,
Crow,	Jenkins,	Phipps,	Thompson,
Daix,	Kurtz,	Salus,	Tompkins,
DeWitt,	Lynch,	Schantz,	Vare,
Endsley,	Magee, C. J.,	Semmens,	Warner,
Farley,	Martin,	Sensenich,	Wasbers.
Gerberich,	McConnell,	**Smith, R. E.,**	Kline,
Graff,			Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 404, entitled:

An Act regulating the practice of veterinary medicine including veterinary surgery and veteriary dentistry or any branch thereof and establishing as incidental thereto a State Board of Veterinary Medical Examiners and defining its powers and duties.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeaby to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—32.

Beidleman,	DeWitt,	Hindman,	Semmens,
Buckman,	Endsley,	Hoke,	Smith, R. E.,
Burke,	Farley,	Kurtz,	Smith, W. W.,
Catlin,	Gerberich,	Lynch,	Tompkins,
Clark,	**Graff,**	Martin,	Vare,
Croft,	Gyger,	McConnell,	Warner,
Crow,	Hackett,	Moore,	Wasbers,
Daix,	Hilton,	Phipps,	Kline,
			Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—3.

Homsher, Magee, C. J., Stewart,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 411 (House No. 120), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-eighth day of May one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled "An Act to provide for the protection of insane persons feeble-minded persons and epileptics and the appointment of a guardian for the said insane persons feeble-minded persons and epileptics unable to care for their own property authorizing the guardian to support the wife and children of the said insane persons feeble-minded persons and epileptics defining the powers of the guardian and authorizing the sale of real estate of the ward" by adding an additional section.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeaby to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—48.

Beidleman,	**Graff,**	**McConnell,**	Smith, W. W.,
Buckman,	Gyger,	McKee, W. S.,	Snyder, C. A.,
Burke,	Hackett,	McNichol,	Snyder, P. W.,
Catlin,	**Hilton,**	Miller,	**Sones,**
Clark,	Hindman,	Moore,	Sproul,
Croft,	Hoke,	Patton,	Stewart,
Crow,	**Homsher,**	Phipps,	Thompson,
Daix,	Jenkins,	Salus,	Tompkins,
DeWitt,	**Kurtz,**	Schantz,	Vare,
Endsley,	Lynch,	Semmens,	Warner,
Farley,	Magee, C. J.,	Sensenich,	**Wasbers,**
Gerberich,	Martin,	Smith, R. E.,	Kline,
			Pres. **pro tem.**

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 422, entitled:

An Act to fix the salary of the first assistant clerk of the Orphans' Court in counties having a population of not less

than eight hundred thousand and not more than one million five hundred thousand.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeaby to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—47.

Beidleman,	Graff,	McConnell,	Snyder, C. A.,
Buckman,	Gyger,	**McKee W. S.,**	Snyder, P. W.,
Burke,	Hackett,	McNichol,	Sones,
Catlin,	Hilton,	Miller,	Sproul,
Clark,	Hindman,	Patton,	**Stewart,**
Croft,	Hoke,	Phipps,	Thompson,
Crow,	**Homsher,**	Salus,	**Tompkins,**
Daix,	**Jenkins,**	Schantz,	Vare,
DeWitt,	**Kurtz,**	Semmens,	**Warner,**
Endsley,	Lynch,	Sensenich,	Wasbers,
Farley,	Magee, C. J.,	Smith, R. E.,	**Kline,**
Gerberich,	Martin,	Smith, W. W.,	Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILL OVER IN ORDER.

Mr. SONES. Mr. President, I ask that Senate Bill No. 445 (House Bill No. 536) on third reading, entitled:

An Act concerning the relations between attorney and client on suit being brought in any court of this Commonwealth and providing that the attorney shall the client's cause of action claim or counteraction which have a lien for his compensation for his services upon upon the client's cause of action claim or counterclaim which shall attach to any award order report decision compromise setlement verdict or judgment in the client's favor and the proceeds thereof in whosoever hands the same may be and which lien shall not be affected or defeated by any compromise or settlement between the parties before or after judgment.

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 437, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the eighth day of April one thousand eight hundred and thirty-three entitled "An Act relating to last wills and testaments by conferring the same rights upon the mother as upon the father.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeaby to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—49.

Beidleman,	Gyger,	McKee,	Smith, W. W.,
Buckman,	Hackett,	McNichol,	Snyder, C. A.,
Burke,	Hilton,	Miller,	Snyder, P. W.,
Catlin,	Hindman,	Mills,	Sones,
Clark,	Hoke,	Moore,	Sproul,
Croft,	Homsher,	Patton,	Stewart,
Crow,	Jenkins,	Phipps,	Thompson,
Daix,	Kurtz,	Salus,	Tompkins,
DeWitt,	Lynch,	Schantz,	Vare,
Endsley,	Magee, C. J.,	Semmens,	Warner,
Farley,	Martin,	Sensenich,	Wasbers,
Gerberich,	McConnell,	Smith, R. E.,	**Kline,**
Graff,			Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 438, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the tenth day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one entitled "An Act to enable mothers in certain cases to appoint testamentary guardians" by extending certain rights to mothers.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeaby to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—47.

Beidleman,	Graff,	**McConnell,**	Snyder, C. A.,
Buckman,	Gyger,	McKee, W. S.,	Snyder, P. W.,
Burke,	Hackett,	McNichol,	Sones,
Catlin,	Hilton,	**Miller,**	Sproul,
Clark,	Hindman,	Moore,	Stewart,
Croft,	**Hoke,**	Patton,	Thompson,
Crow,	Homsher,	Phipps,	Tompkins,
Daix,	Jenkins,	Salus,	Vare,
DeWitt,	Kurtz,	Schantz,	Warner,
Endsley,	Lynch,	Semmens,	Wasbers,
Farley,	Magee, C. J.,	Sensenich,	Kline,
Gerberich,	Martin,	Smith, W. W.,	**Pres. pro tem.**

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 452, entitled:

A supplement to an act approved the twenty-seventh day of June one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation regulation and government of cities of the third class regulating nomination and election of municipal officers therein and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto"

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question.

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeaby to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—49.

Beidleman,	Gyger,	McKee, W. S.,	Smith, W. W.,
Buckman,	Hackett,	McNichol,	Snyder, C. A.,
Burke,	Hilton,	Miller,	**Snyder, P. W.,**
Catlin,	Hindman,	**Mills,**	Sones,
Clark,	Hoke,	Moore,	Sproul,
Croft,	Homsher,	**Patton,**	Stewart,
Crow,	Jenkins,	Phipps,	Thompson,
Daix,	Kurtz,	Salus,	Tompkins,
DeWitt,	Lynch,	Schantz,	Vare,
Endsley,	Magee, C. J.,	Semmens,	Warner,
Farley,	Martin,	Sensenich,	Wasbers,
Gerberich,	**McConnell,**	Smith, R. E.,	Kline,
Graff,			Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. CROW. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 501, on third reading, entitled:

An Act granting and confirming the equitable jurisdiction and powers of the courts of common pleas of this Commonwealth in cases where owing to unusual financial or other conditions debtors are unable to meet their obligations as they mature and it appears to the said court that the fair value of the debtor's assets largely exceeds his liabilities and that there is grave danger of such assets being sacrificed through legal process forced sales or otherwise.

be recommitted to the Committee on Corporations for the purpose of amendment.

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS RECOMMITTED.

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 200, on second reading, entitled:

An Act to amend and revise an act entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation regulation and government of cities of the third class regulating nomination and election of municipal officers therein and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto" approved the twenty-seventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred thirteen enlarging changing modifying and defining certain of the powers of cities of the third class.

be recommitted to the Committee on Municipal Affairs for the purpose of amendment.

Mr. SCHANTZ. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 329, on second reading, entitled:

An Act providing for the employment of a chief bookkeeper and three assistants and one additional traveling auditor in the Department of the Auditor General and fixing their salaries.

be recommitted to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. PATTON. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 333 (House Bill No. 85), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to refund to S. L. Stayman of York Pennsylvania moneys erroneously paid into the State Treasury.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 353, (House Bill No. 271), entitled:

An Act transferring from certain funds moneys appropriated to the quarantine physician Philadelphia

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 347, as follows:

An Act Relating to Policies of Life Insurance or Annuities

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That all policies of life insurance or annuities upon the life of any person and which have heretofore or which shall be hereafter taken out for the benefit of or bona fide assigned to the wife or children or any other relative dependent upon such person shall be vested in such wife or children or other relative full and clear from all claims of the creditors of such person notwithstanding the right to change the beneficiary named has been reserved by the insured or is permitted by the insurer

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 442 (House Bill No. 543), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the ninth day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to provide for the appointment of deputy prothonotaries in counties of this Commonwealth having a population of more than two hundred and fifty thousand and less than a million and defining their qualifications powers and salary"

The first section of the bills was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the first section of an act approved the ninth day of June entitled "An Act to provide for the appointment of deputy prothonotaries in counties of this Commonwealth having a population of more than two hundred and fifty thousand and less than a million and defining their qualifications powers and salary" which reads as follows

"Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by authority of the same That from and after the passage of this act in counties having a population of more than two hundred and fifty thousand and less than a million the prothonotary shall appoint a person learned in the law as deputy prothonotary" is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by authority of the same That from and after the passage of this act in counties having population of more than two hundred and fifty thousand and less than one million inhabitants the prothonotary shall designate from the force of clerks in his office a person learned in the law who shall be the deputy prothonotary He shall also appoint subject to existing law as many assistant deputies as he shall deem necessary in the performance of the work of the office

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I move to amend section 1, in line 4, by inserting after the word "June" the words "one thousand nine hundred and eleven"; also in line 24, by striking out after the word "person" the words "learned in the law."

Mr. VARE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The title of the bill was read as follows and agreed to:

To amend an act approved the ninth day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to provide for the appointment of deputy prothonotaries in counties of this Commonwealth having a population of more than two hundred and fifty thousand and less than a million and defining their qualifications powers and salary"

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

HOUSE MESSAGE.

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced, presented extracts from the Journal of the House of Representatives which were laid upon the table.

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 213, entitled:

An Act to amend section one of article four of an act approved the twenty-seventh day of June one thousand nine hundred and thirteen Pamphlet Laws five hundred and sixty-eight entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation regulation and government of cities of the third class regulating nominations and election of municipal officers therein and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto"

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 359 (House Bill No. 243), entitled:

An Act to repeal an act entitled "An Act to authorize and require road supervisors to erect and maintain suitable foot bridges for the accommodation of pedestrians across

streams where public roads cross such streams" approved the twenty-third day of April one thousand nine hundred and nine

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 366, entitled:

An Act to amend the third section of an act entitled "An Act relative to the supervision and control of hospitals or homes in which the insane are placed for treatment or detention" approved the eighth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three so as to fix the compensation of the secretary of the Committee on Lunacy

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 366, the bill just read, be recommitted to the Committee on Appropriations.
Mr. SALUS. Mr. President, I second the motion.
The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 372, entitled:

An Act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act authorizing certain corporations to issue preferred stock of one or more classes providing for the manner of issuance restrictions and regulations in the matter of voting thereof and the rights and privileges of the holders thereof and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent therewith" Approved May twenty-eighth one thousand nine hundred and thirteen Pamphlet Laws three hundred and seventy-eight

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 430, entitled:

An act relative to the holding of magistrates' courts in cities of the first class

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 431, entitled:

An Act relative to the powers of magistrates in cities of the first class

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 470, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-fifth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act to protect the public health and welfare by regulating the employment of females in certain establishments with respect to their hours of labor and the conditions of their employment by establishing certain sanitary regulations in the establishments in which they work by requiring certain abstracts and notices to be posted by providing for the enforcement of this act by the Commissioner of Labor and Industry and others by prescribing penalties for violation thereof by defining the procedure in prosecutions and by repealing all acts and parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions thereof" by making certain exemptions relative to telephone operators

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 473, entitled:

An Act to amend the first section of an act approved the twenty-fifth day of April one thousand nine hundred and seven (Pamphlet Laws one hundred and three) entitled "A supplement to the act of April third one thousand eight hundred and fifty-one entitled 'An Act regulating boroughs' providing for the election of a borough solicitor fixing the term of office and prescribing his duties and authorizing the town council to fix his compensation" as amended by an act approved the fifth day of June one thousand nine hundred and thirteen Pamphlet Laws four hundred and nine entitled "An Act to amend the first section of an act approved the twenty-fifth day of April one thousand nine hundred and seven Pamphlet Laws one hundred and three entitled 'A supplement to the act of April third one thousand eight hundred and fifty-one entitled 'An Act regulating boroughs' providing for the election of a borough solicitor fixing the term of office and prescribing his duties and authorizing the town council to fix his compensation' so as to include all boroughs and by changing the length of the term and the time of the election of borough solicitors and extending the terms of the borough solicitors holding office under the act of April twenty-fifth one thousand nine hundred and seven and providing for the furnishing of a bond by a trust or bonding company" so as to extend the terms of the borough solicitors holding office under said act of April twenty-fifth one thousand nine hundred and seven which expire any time between the first Monday of January one thousand nine hundred and sixteen and the first Monday of January one thousand nine hundred and eighteen

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 474, entitled:

An Act authorizing cities to regulate and license certain motor vehicles

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 536, entitled:

An Act creating a Division of Municipal Reference Statistics and Information in the Department of Labor and Industry and fixing the compensation of officers and employes therein

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

HOUSE CONCURS IN RESOLUTION RECALLING SENATE BILL NO. 153 FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Chair cleared his table and laid before the Senate communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has concurred in resolution from the Senate as follows:

In the Senate March 22, 1915.

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur) That Senate Bill No. 153, entitled "An Act to establish and regulate the fees to be charged and collected by sheriffs in counties of this Commonwealth having a population of not less than five hundred thousand nor more than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants, as computed by the last preceding United States census, the time and manner in which said fees shall be paid, the publication and posting of said fees, the delivery of an itemized receipt for official fees and legal costs received, and repealing all laws, general, special or local, or any parts thereof, that are or may be inconsistent therewith" be recalled from the Governor for the purpose of amendment.

RECESS.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now take a recess for ten minutes.
Mr. MILLS. Mr. President, I second the motion.
The motion was agreed to.

AFTER RECESS.

The PRESIDENT. The time of recess having elapsed, the Senate will be in order.

HOUSE BILLS FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced, presented for concurrence bills of the House of Representatives as follows:

House Bill No. 850 (Senate Bill No. 576), entitled:

An Act making a burgess of a borough eligible to the office for the next succeeding term

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

House Bill No. 383 (Senate Bill No. 577), entitled:

An Act providing for the organization discipline maintenance and regulation of the militia of the Commonwealth

Which was committed to the Committee on Military Affairs.

House Bill No. 416 (Senate Bill No. 578), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the eighth day of May one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act regulating the appointment confirmation duties salary and expenses of county detectives in counties containing not less than three hundred thousand nor more than seven hundred thousand inhabitants" by extending its provisions to counties having a population of two hundred thousand inhabitants but not more than seven hundred thousand inhabitants and by repealing section three of the act

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

House Bill No. 770 (Senate Bill No 579), entitled:

An Act relative to the burial of the bodies of certain indigent deceased widows at the county expense

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

House Bill No. 459 (Senate Bill No. 580), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-fourth day of May one thousand eight hundred eighty-seven entitled "An Act to regulate the practice of pharmacy and sale of poisons and to prevent adulterations in drugs and medicinal preparations in the State of Pennsylvania" as amended

Which was committed to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

House Bill No. 550 (Senate Bill No. 581), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-third day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-three entitled "An Act to authorize the election of a burgess for three years in the several boroughs of the Commonwealth who shall not be eligible to the office for the next succeeding term and providing that such officer shall not be a member of the town council giving him the power to veto ordinances providing for the election of a presiding officer of councils and abolishing the office of assistant burgess"

Which was committed to the Committee on Municipal Affairs.

House Bill No. 747 (Senate Bill No. 582), entitled:

An Act amending the first section of an act approved the twenty-fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled "An Act authorizing the Board of Public Charities to appoint two assistant general agents and prescribing their duties

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 785 (Senate Bill No. 583), entitled:

An Act authorizing the board of public charities to appoint two additional assistant general agents and prescribing their duties

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 665 (Senate Bill No. 584), entitled:

A joint resolution directing the publication of the pamphlet containing the game fish and forestry laws

Which was committed to the Committee on Public Printing.

House Bill No. 378 (Senate Bill No. 585), entitled:

An Act empowering cities of the second class to levy and collect for general revenue purposes license taxes or fees upon railroad switches turn-outs tracks and sidings upon the public streets ways alleys wharves and properties of said cities

Which was committed to the Committee on Municipal Affairs.

House Bill No. 748 (Senate Bill No. 586), entitled:

An Act to amend the third section of an act approved the nineteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act authorizing the release on probation of certain convicts instead of imposing sentences the appointment of probation and parole officers and the payment of their salaries and expenses regulating the manner of sentencing convicts in certain cases and providing for their release on parole their conviction of crime during parole and their re-arrest and reconviction for breach of parole and extending the powers and ize the appointment of probation officers assistant probation officers and clerks

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

House Bill No. 779 (Senate Bill No. 587), entitled:

An Act to amend the first section of an act entitled "An Act enabling the libellant in all proceedings for divorce on the ground of desertion to testify to the fact of desertion and to the efforts made by him or her to induce the respondent to return and resume the marital relation" approved June eighth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred eleven by enabling the libellant to testify where the case of divorce is personal abuse or conduct on the part of either the husband or wife as to render the condition of the other intolerable and life burdensome or when the husband shall have by cruel and barbarous treatment endangered his wife's life or offered such indignities to her person as to render her condition intolerable and life burdensome

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

House Bill No. 573 (Senate Bill No. 588), entitled:

An Act to amend section eighteen of an act entitled "An Act providing for the original location laying out and construction of public roads or highways in the several counties of this Commonwealth and for the permanent improvement of certain public roads or highways therein making such originally constructed or improved roads and highways county roads authorizing the relocation opening straightening widening extension and alteration of the same and the vacation of so much of any road as may thereby become unnecessary providing that the county commissioners of any county may prescribe rules regulating the use of roads constructed or maintained by the various counties and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing for the taking of property for such improvement the compensation to be paid therefor and the payment of damages resulting from such taking and the manner in which such damages may be determined providing for the payment of the costs and expenses of such construction or improvement and in thereafter repairing and maintaining said roads authorizing the levy of a tax or the issueing of bonds to provide a fund for the expense thereof prescribing a method for improving a county road lying within or traversing a borough and apportioning the cost of such improvement and authorizing the vacation of any county road" approved the eleventh day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven as the same was amended by an act approved the twelfth day of May one thousand nine hundred and thirteen by authorizing counties to contract with municipalities in the improvement of certain streets of such municipalities connecting with a county road providing for the cost thereof prescribing the method by which the contract for such improvement shall be made and imposing the cost of the maintenance of such streets on the municipalities

Which was committed to the Committee on Public Roads and Highways.

House Bill No. 92 (Senate Bill No. 589), entitled:

An Act relating to checks and drafts and fixing penalties

Which was committed to the Committee on Banks and Building and Loan Associations.

House Bill No. 331 (Senate Bill No. 590), entitled:

An Act requiring each county having a population of one million five hundred thousand and over to establish a pension fund for employes of said county and regulating the payment of such pensions

Which was committed to the Committee on Municipal Affairs.

House Bill No. 619 (Senate Bill No. 591), entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act authorizing companies incorporated under the laws of any other state of the United States for the manufacture of any form of iron steel or glass to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments and to take have and hold real estate necessary and proper for manufacturing purposes' approved the ninth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one extending the same to companies formed for the purpose of quarrying slate granite stone or rocks or for dressing polishing working or manufacturing the same or any of them and to mineral springs companies incorporated for the purpose of bottling and selling natural mineral springs water approved the sixteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three' approved the nineteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one extending the same to companies formed for the purpose of manufacturing and selling chemicals foodstuffs cement and cement products and the quarrying of cement rock" approved May twenty-eight one thousand nine hundred and seven extending the same to companies incorporated for the manufacture buying selling leasing using and operation of electrical apparatus and machinery approved the twenty-third day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven extending the same to companies incorporated for the manufacture of clay into brick tile or other articles and products produced from clay or from clay and other substances mixed therewith

Which was committed to the Committee on Corporations.

House Bill No. 30 (Senate Bill No. 592), entitled:

An Act relating to the vacation of public roads and their continuance as private roads

Which was committed to the Committee on Public Roads and Highways.

House Bill No. 295 (Senate Bill No. 593), entitled:

An Act to protect the public health in cities of the first class in this Commonwealth and for that purpose creating in the Department of Public Health and Charities four bureaus to be called the Bureaus of Hospitals and Charities Health Sanitation and Housing said bureaus to have the supervision and control in said cities of hospitals and charities health sanitation and housing as herein set forth and other matters affecting the public welfare so far as regards

the use and occupancy of all buildings and the appurtenances thereto occupied in whole or in part as place of residence by more than two families living separate and apart and providing for themselves also the licensing supervision and control and the use of lodging rooming apartment and tenement houses fixing the responsibility for violations of any of the provisions of this act and also giving power to said bureaus to make rules and regulation to govern certain conditions affecting health and sanitation and the licensing of certain trades industries and premises and providing for punishments and penalties for violations of any of the rules and regulations made by the Department of Public Health and Charities or by any of its bureaus under the powers granted by this act also providing for the filing of liens also providing for the inspection by the Bureau of Building Inspection and the Fire Marshal of said cities of the first class and repealing all laws inconsistent herewith

Which was committed to the Committee on Municipal Affairs.

House Bill No. 326 (Senate Bill No. 594), entitled:

An Act amending sections one three five and six of an act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act for the government of cities of the second class' approved the seventh day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred one providing for the levy collection and disbursements of taxes and water rents or rates and conferring certain powers and duties in reference thereto upon the city treasurer the board of water assessors and the collector of delinquent taxes and repealing certain acts relating to matters herein provided for" approved May twelfth one thousand nine hundred eleven as amended by an amendment to the first paragraph of the third section of said act approved May thirty-one one thousand nine hundred thirteen Pamphlet Laws three hundred ninety changing the time of the collection of taxes and water rents and the duties of the board of water assessors and city treasurer and collector of delinquent taxes in reference thereto and the time for the levy and assessment thereof

Which was committed to the Committee on Municipal Affairs.

House Bill No. 582 (Senate Bill No 595), entitled:

An Act authorizing municipalities to enter into certain contracts and make appropriations regarding libraries

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special

House Bill No. 723 (Senate Bill No. 596), entitled:

An Act to validate appraisements and titles made and effected to surviving husbands and wives by virtue of an act entitled "An Act to amend section one of an act entitled 'An Act relating to the descent and distribution of the estates of intestates passed and approved April eighth one thousand eight hundred and thirty-three defining and declaring the interest that shall descend to and vest in the surviving husband or wife of such intestate' approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine"

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

House Bill No. 516 (Senate Bill No. 597), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Board of Game Commissioners for the payment of salaries traveling expenses establishment maintenance and protection of game preserves feeding propagation and distribution of game leasing of land for game preserves and various incidental expenses

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 432 (Senate Bill No. 598), entitled:

An Act relating to the administration of the estate of an intestate decedent

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

House Bill No. 727 (Senate Bill No. 599), entitled:

An Act to authorize the merger and consolidation of street railway corporations organized under the laws of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania with street railway corporations organized under the laws of other states where the lines of said street railway corporations meet at the state line of any state adjoining the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and form a continuous line with each other and validating all such mergers and consolidations heretofore made

Which was committed to the Committee on Corporations.

House Bill No. 150 (Senate Bill No. 600), entitled:

An Act relating to the appointment of persons to the engineering electrical and fire departments in cities of the third class constituting a civil service board in relation thereto providing for and regulating examinations the manner of appointments and the manner and power of removal of employes of said departments and providing a method for fixing compensation of a secretary

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

House Bill No. 648 (Senate Bill No. 601), entitled:

An Act to repeal an act approved the sixteenth day of March one thousand eight hundred sixty-seven entitled "An Act regulating the salary of the treasurer of Lehigh county"

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

House Bill No. 547 (Senate Bill No. 602), entitled:

An Act requiring counties now or hereafter containing a population of not less than seven hundred and fifty thousand and not more than one million two hundred thousand inhabitants to establish and maintain schools for the care and education of female children under the jurisdiction of the juvenile courts and conferring the powers and regulating the proceedings for the establishment maintenance and management thereof

Which was committed to the Committee on Education.

House Bill No. 93 (Senate Bill No. 603), entitled:

An Act relating to notice to creditors of decedents' estates of the filing of an account by the personal representatives

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

House Bill No. 434 (Senate Bill No. 604), entitled:

An Act making appropriations to refund to Henry S. Raichard of South Bethlehem Pennsylvania money erroneously paid into the State Treasury

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 636 (Senate Bill No. 605), entitled:

An Act authorizing George S. Smith a citizen of Huntingdon county Pennsylvania to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

House Bill No. 704 (Senate Bill No. 606), entitled:

An Act to enlarge the purchase price to be paid by the Department of Forestry for lands to be purchased and used for State forest purpose

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 745 (Senate Bill No. 607), entitled:

An Act to amend the first section of an act approved the twenty-seventh day of April one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act regulating the compensation of court criers and tipstaves in counties containing more than ninety thousand and less than one hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants providing for the payment of the same by the particular county limiting the number of tipstaves to be appointed and repealing an act of Assembly entitled 'An Act to regulate the fees of court criers and tipstaves of the courts in judicial districts containing more than ninety thousand and less than one hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants' approved the twenty-ninth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine" so as to increase the number of tipstaves which may be employed in such judicial districts at any one time

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

House Bill No. 800 (Senate Bill No. 608), entitled:

An Act to repeal an act approved the first day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled 'An Act to tax traction engines and providing that the same shall be assessed by the several assessors of the counties of this

Commonwealth in the same manner as other articles of personal estate liable for taxation are assessed"

Which was committed to the Committee on Public Roads and Highways.

House Bill No. 885 (Senate Bill No. 609), entitled:

An Act extending the powers and duties of forest rangers game protectors deputy game protectors special deputy game protectors fish wardens and deputy fish wardens of this Commonwealth

Which was committed to the Committee on Game and Fisheries.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 47.

He also presented to the Senate communication from the House of Representatives returning to the Senate, Senate Bill No. 47, entitled:

An Act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act to fix the fees to be allowed the district attorney in the several counties of this Commonwealth having seven hundred and fifty thousand (750,000) inhabitants and less than one million two hundred thousand (1,2000,000)" approved May sixth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

SENATE BILL NO. 162 RETURNED WITH AMENDMENTS.

He also presented to the Senate communication from the the House of Representatives returning to the Senate, Senate Bill No. 162, entitled:

An Act providing for the establishment regulation and maintenance by the Board of Game Commissioners of the State game preserves on the forestry reservations and elsewhere and providing penalties for violations of this act

with the information that the House has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

Which was laid over one day under the rules.

RECESS.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now take a recess for five minutes.

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

AFTER RECESS.

The PRESIDENT. The time of recess having elapsed the Senate will be in order.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. VARE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. VARE from the Committee on Municipal Affairs reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 593 (House Bill No. 295), entitled:

An Act to protect the public health in cities of the first class in this Commonwealth and for that purpose creating in the Department of Public Health and Charities four bureaus to be called the Bureaus of Hospitals and Charities, Health, Sanitation and Housing, said Bureaus to have the supervision and control in said cities of hospital and charities, health, sanitation and housing as herein set forth and other matters affecting the public welfare so far as regards the use and occupancy of all buildings and the appurtenances thereto occupied in whole or in part as places or residence by more than two families living separate and apart and providing for themselves also the licensing supervision and control and the use of lodging, rooming apartment and tenement houses fixing the responsibility for violations of any of the provisions of this act and also giving power to said bureaus to make rules and regulations to govern certain conditions affecting health and sanitation and the licensing of certain trades, industries and premises and providing for punishments and penalties for violations of any of the rules and regulations made by the Department of Public Health and Charities or by any of its bureaus under the powers granted by this act, also providing for the filing of liens, also providing for the inspection by the Bureau of Building Inspection and the fire marshal of said cities of the first class and repealing all laws inconsistent herewith.

BILL ON FIRST READING.

Mr. VARE. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 593 (House Bill No. 295, entitled:

An Act to protect the public health in cities of the first class in this Commonwealth and for that purpose creating in the Department of Public Health and Charities four bureaus to be called the Bureaus of Hospitals and Charities Health Sanitation and Housing said bureaus to have the supervision and control in said cities of hospitals and charities health sanitation and housing as herein set forth and other matters affecting the public welfare so far as regards the use and occupancy of all buildings and the appurtenances thereto occupied in whole or in part as place of residence by more than two families living separate and apart and providing for themselves also the licensing supervision and control and the use of lodging rooming apartment and tenement houses fixing the responsibility for violations of any of the provisions of this act and also giving power to said bureaus to make rules and regulations to govern certain conditions affecting health and sanitation and the licensing of certain trades industries and premises and providing for punishments and penalties for violations of any of the rules and regulations made by the Department of Public Health and Charities or by any of its bureaus under the powers granted by this act also providing for the filing of liens also providing for the inspection by the Bureau of Building Inspection and the Fire Marshal of said cities of the first class and repealing all laws inconsistent herewith

be read the first time.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 593 (House Bill No. 295), entitled:

An Act to protect the public health in cities of the first class in this Commonwealth and for that purpose creating in the Department of Public Health and Charities four bureaus to be called the Bureaus of Hospitals and Charities Health Sanitation and Housing said bureaus to have the supervision and control in said cities of hospitals and charities health sanitation and housing as herein set forth and other matters affecting the public welfare so far as regards the use and occupancy of all buildings and the appurtenances thereto occupied in whole or in part as place of residence by more than two families living separate and apart and providing for themselves also the licensing supervision and control and the use of lodging rooming apartment and tenement houses fixing the responbibility for violations of any of the provisions of this act and also giving power to said bureaus to make rules and regulations to govern certain conditions affecting health and sanitation and the licensing of certain trades industries and premises and providing for punishments and penalties for violations of any of the rules and regulations made by the Department of Public Health and Charities or by any of its bureaus under the powers granted by this act providing for the filing of liens also providing for the inspection by the Bureau of Building Inspection and the Fire Marshal of said cities of the first class and repealing all laws inconsistent herewith

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 578 (House Bill No. 416), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the 8th day of May, 1913, entitled "An Act regulating the appointment, confirmation, duties, salary and expenses of county detectives in counties containing not less than three hundred thousand nor more than seven hundred thousand inhabitants," by extending its provision to counties having a population of two hundred thousand inhabitants but not more than seven hundred thousand inhabitants and by repealing section three of the act.

BILL ON FIRST READING.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 578 (House Bill No. 416), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the eighth day of May one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act regulating the appointment confirmation duties salary and expenses of county detectives in counties containing not less than three hundred thousand nor more than seven hundred thousand inhabitants" by extending its provisions to counties

having a population of two hundred thousand inhabitants but not more than seven hundred thousand inhabitants and by repealing section three of the act

be read the first time.

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 578 (House Bill No. 416), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the eighth day of May one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act regulating the appointment confirmation duties salary and expenses of county detectives in counties containing not less than three hundred thousand nor more than seven hundred thousand inhabitants" by extending its provisions to counties having a population of two hundred thousand inhabitants but not more than seven hundred thousand inhabitants and by repealing section three of the act

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

ADJOURNMENT.

Mr. VARE. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now adjourn until to-morrow morning at 11 o'clock.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The Senate adjourned at 11.59 o'clock P. M. until Tuesday morning, March 23, 1915, at 11 o'clock.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

MONDAY, March 22nd, 1915.

The House met at 9:00 o'clock P. M.

The SPEAKER (Charles A. Ambler) in the Chair.

PRAYER.

The Chaplain, Rev. F. W. Staley, offered the following prayer:

O God, We doubly thank Thee that we are living in a marvelous age, an age of scientific discovery. Medical science has discovered the antitoxin and the serum to dispel the disease from the body. We thank Thee that we are living in an age of great problems to be solved, problems that reach down to the very lowest strata of society and then up through the social organization even to the highest position in government and in the church. We thank Thee, O God, that Thou hast offered us Thine infinite wisdom to solve these problems, a wisdom that projects itself from every sacred page in the Holy Bible, a book recording Thy will. The men who used Thy wisdom and statesmen who possessed it were the men who built great nations and have perpetuated their names in sacred and profane history; but the men who have rejected Thy wisdom and disobeyed Thy will have brought ruin upon themselves and destruction upon empires. These empires have passed away and have buried themselves deep down in the dust of the earth to be forgotten forever.

O God, Thou hast written in letters of fire so that every man can read: "Him that honoreth me I will honor." O God, help us to honor Thee and aid our fellow men, we ask, for Christ's sake, Amen.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the Journal of the proceedings of Thursday, March 18th, 1915.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of the proceedings of Thursday, March 18th, 1915, when, on motion of Mr. Albee the further reading was dispensed with and the Journal was approved.

PETITIONS.

PROTESTING AGAINST DIVERTING ANTHRACITE COAL TAX FUNDS.

The SPEAKER presented communication from the Hazleton Board of Trade protesting against the bill to divert the funds derived from the taxes on anthracite coal to State Highway Department.

Referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

PROTESTING AGAINST PASSAGE OF SENATE BILL NO. 156.

The SPEAKER presented the petition of the Philadelphia Board of Trade protesting against the passage of Senate Bill No. 156.

Referred to the Committee on Manufactures.

Also the petition of the Philadelphia Board of Trade protesting against the passage of House Bill No. 714.

Referred to the Committee on Corporations.

PROTESTING AGAINST REPEAL OF FULL CREW LAW.

The SPEAKER presented the petition of Lackawanna Division No. 12, Order of Railroad Conductors, protesting against the passage of the Full Crew Repealer.

Also the petition from Moses Taylor Lodge, No. 95, Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen, of Scranton, protesting against the passage of the Full Crew Repealer.

Also the petition of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen and Enginemen, No. 730, of Norristown, protesting against the passage of the Full Crew Repealer.

Also the petition of McKeesport Lodge, No. 518, Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen, protesting against the passage of the Full Crew Repealer.

Also the petition of the Engineers of Division No. 730, of Altoona, protesting against the passage of the Full Crew Repealer.

Also the petition of Energetic Lodge, No. 378, of Pittsburgh, Pa., protesting against the passage of the Full Crew Repealer.

Also the petition of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen, of Connellsville, Pa., protesting against the passage of the Full Crew Repealer.

Also the petition of the International Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, of Dunmore, Pa., protesting against the passage of the Full Crew Repealer.

Also the petition of Loyal Lodge, No. 207, Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen and Enginemen, of Meadville, Pa., protesting against the passage of the Full Crew Repealer.

Also the petition of Juniata Lodge, No. 498, Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen, of Huntingdon, Pa., protesting against the passage of the Full Crew Repealer.

Which were referred to the Committee on Railroads.

FAVORING PASSAGE OF FULL CREW REPEALER.

The SPEAKER presented the petition of the Philadelphia Board of Trade, favoring the passage of the Full Crew Repealer.

Which was referred to the Committee on Railroads.

FAVORING PASSAGE OF LOCAL OPTION BILL.

Mr. GEISER presented the several petitions of the citizens of Northampton County, favoring the passage of the Local Option Bill.

The SPEAKER presented the petitions of the citizens of Montgomery County, favoring the passage of the Local Option Bill.

Mr. WILLIAMS presented the petition of 8,400 citizens of Philadelphia, favoring the passage of the Local Option Bill.

The SPEAKER presented a communication from Post A, Travellers Protective Association of America, favoring the passage of the Local Option Bill.

Which were referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

URGING AMENDMENT OF "PITTSBURGH TAX BILL" TO PROVIDE FOR THE LEVYING OF TAXES IN BOROUGHS.

The SPEAKER presented the petition of the Borough officials of the Borough of Carnegie, Allegheny County, praying that the act known as the Pittsburgh Tax Bill be amended to apply the provisions of said act to the levying of taxes in Boroughs.

Which was referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

FAVORING PASSAGE OF LOCAL OPTION BILL.

Mr. WILDMAN (By request) presented the petition of the physicians of Harrisburg favoring the passage of the Local Option Bill.

Which was referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

FAVORING PASSAGE OF A BILL TO ELIMINATE OLEOMARGARINE TAX OR LICENSE.

Mr. McCURDY presented the petition of the citizens of Blair County, praying for the passage of a bill to eliminate the tax or license on oleomargarine.

Which was referred to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

The SPEAKER laid before the House the biennial report of the Western Penitentiary of Pennsylvania.

(For Report see Appendix).

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. MILLIRON, from the Committee on Game, reported as committed, House Bill No. 963, entitled:

An Act to amend section twenty-one of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the protection and preservation of game, game quadrupeds and game birds, and song and insectivorous and other wild birds, and prescribing penalties for violation of its several provisions," approved the first day of May, A. D. 1909, by extending the season during which dogs may be trained.

Mr. HARPER, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1016, entitled:

An Act amending part of an act entitled "To prohibit the killing of foxes by certain methods in Delaware County and fixing a penalty for the violation of the act, approved May first, 1913.

Mr. BODY, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No 976 (Senate Bill No. 114), entitled:

An Act providing for the printing, binding and distribution of the Report of the Fiftieth Anniversary of the Battle of Gettysburg Commission entitled "Pennsylvania-Gettysburg Reunion" and for the compiling editing proofreading and indexing thereof providing also for the preparation for filing of record in the State Library for their proper preservation therein of certain original manuscripts of the addresses delivered at said reunion and of other original data souvenirs and records relative thereto and making appropriation therefor.

Mr. NISSLEY, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 982 (Senate Bill No. 285), entitled:

An Act authorizing J. P. Swearingen of Greene Township Beaver County Pennsylvania to bring suit against the Commonwealth.

Mr. FRUIT, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1012, entitled:

An Act relating to the bonds to be given by county officers, the amount and conditions thereof, the sureties for such bonds, the payment of the premiums therefor and the recording and custody thereof, in counties having over eight hundred thousand and less than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants.

Mr. BROSIUS, from the Committee on Game, reported as committed, House Bill No. 947 (Senate Bill No. 176), entitled:

An Act to provide for the better protection and preservation of deer and elk and certain birds classed as game birds within the Commonwealth providing a method through which certain lands in the Commonwealth may be closed to hunting for a term of years and prescribing penalties for violation of its several provisions.

Mr. HABGOOD, from the Committee on Corporations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 675 (Senate Bill No. 161), entitled:

An Act relating to the acquisitions and holding of property real and personal by any literary scientific educational religious charitable benevolent or beneficial society church congregation association or body whether incorporated or unincorporated or any trustee or trustees of any trust for charitable or benevolent objects or purposes and providing for the increase of such amount and a method of procedure for obtaining the right of such increase.

Mr. HABGOOD, from the Committee on Corporations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 950 (Senate Bill No. 249), entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act authorizing companies incorporated under the laws of any other state of the United States for the manufacture of any form of iron steel or glass to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments and to take have and hold real estate necessary and proper for manufacturing purposes" approved the ninth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one extending the same to companies formed for the purpose of quarrying slate granite stone or rocks or for dressing polishing working or manufacturing the same or any of them and to mineral springs companies incorporated for the purpose of bottling and selling natural mineral springs water approved the sixteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three' approved the nineteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one extending the same to companies formed for the purposes of manufacturing and selling chemicals foodstuffs cement and cement products and the quarrying of cement rock" approved May twenty-eighth one thousand nine hundred and seven extending the same to companies incorporated for the manufacture buying selling leasing using and operation of electrical apparatus and machinery and articles of every kind appertaining to or in any wise connected with the production use regulation control distribution or application of electricity or electrical energy or products for any use or purpose constructing acquiring using selling buying or leasing any works construction or plant or part thereof connected with or involving such use distribution regulation control or application of electricity or the control of use of electrical apparatus for any purpose and of producing furnishing and supplying electricity or electrical apparatus in any form and for any purpose and to carry on a general manufacturing business' " approved the twenty-third day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven by extending the same to companies incorporated for the purpose of refining manufacturing or sale of petroleum and petroleum products.

Mr. WOOD, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported with a negative recommendation, House Bill No. 988 (Senate Bill No. 323), entitled:

An Act relating to legal proceedings removed by writs of certiorari to the Superior Court or the Supreme Court the record therein and the disposal thereof.

Mr. FRUIT, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported with a negative recommendation, House Bill No. 273, entitled:

An Act to quiet the title of real estate, and to enable citizens of the United States and corporations chartered under the laws of this Commonwealth and authorized to hold real estate therein, to hold and convey title to real estate which has formerly been held by corporations not authorized by law to hold real estate in Pennsylvania.

Mr. LIPSCHUTZ, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported with a negative recommendation, House Bill No. 662, entitled:

An Act to protect all persons in their equal rights, regardless of race, color, or creed in places of public accommodation, entertainment or amusement, and providing penalty for violation of the same.

Mr. KUHN, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported with a negative recommendation, House Bill No. 732, entitled:

An Act prohibiting corporations, co-partnerships or companies conducting a cemetery from excluding persons duly authorized by lot holders in said cemeteries to enter said cemeteries, to do gardening work and decorations on lots therein and providing a penalty for violation of said act by officers, managers, agents or employes of said corporations, co-partnerships or companies.

Mr. HARPER, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported with a negative recommendation, House Bill No. 965, entitled:

An Act proposing an amendment to the Constitution of Pennsylvania providing for the initiative and referendum.

Mr. WALTER, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported with a negative recommendation, House Bill No. 436, entitled:

An Act to amend the first section of an act approved the thirty-first day of May, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled "An Act to carry into effect the provisions of section three, article seventeen of the Constitution of Pennsylvania, relating to the transportation of persons and property, and making the violation thereof a misdemeanor, and providing a penalty for the same," by providing that its provisions shall not apply to members of the General Assembly or to State employes traveling on State business.

LEAVES OF ABSENCE.

Mr. TWIBILL asked and obtained leave of absence for Mr. Richards, for the balance of the week on account of illness.

Mr. McKAY asked and obtained leave of absence for Mr. Metzenbacher, for the balance of the week, on account of the death of his father.

Mr. THOMAS asked and obtained leave of absence for Mr. Murphy, for the balance of the week on account of the death of his sister.

Mr. LUKENS asked and obtained leave of absence for Mr. Gibson for the balance of the week on account of sickness.

The SPEAKER received the following communication, which was read by the Clerk:

Muncy Valley, Pa., March 21st, 1915.

Honorable Charles A. Ambler,
Harrisburg, Penna.

My dear Sir: I regret very much that I cannot be on duty tonight but I am confined to the house with a very heavy cold. But will report as soon as I am feeling better. Very truly yours,

(Signed) CHARLES E. TAYLOR.

The SPEAKER. Is there any objection? The Chair hears none and leave is granted.

BILLS RECOMMITTED.

Mr. RONEY. Mr. Speaker, I move that House Bill No. 586, File Folio 2765, entitled:

An Act to amend an act "To provide for the better collection of collateral inheritance taxes" approved the sixth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven providing for the employment of attorneys and clerks

on page 4 of today's calendar, be recommitted to the Committee on Ways and Means.

Mr. GANS. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Mr. EHRHARDT. Mr. Speaker, I move that House Bill No. 890, File Folio 2803, entitled:

An Act making a fixed charge for county purposes on lands purchased by the State for State forests and providing for the distribution of the same to the counties wherein State forests are located

on page 6 of today's calendar, be recommitted to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. ADAMS. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Mr. EHRHARDT. Mr. Speaker, I move that House Bill No. 815 (Senate Bill No. 212), File Folio 1069, entitled:

An Act to amend section four of an act approved the twenty-fifth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen Pamphlet Laws one thousand two hundred sixty-seven entitled "An Act providing for the printing binding and distribution of two publications heretofore published by the State namely 'Pennsylvania at Gettysburg' and 'report of the Commission to locate the sites of the frontier forts of Pennsylvania' also providing for additions to said reports and for the editing proofreading and indexing thereof and making appropriations for said work"

on page 11 of today's calendar, be recommitted to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. ADAMS. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Mr. RAMSEY. Mr. Speaker, I move that House Bill No. 902, File Folio 2717, entitled:

An Act providing for the better protection of life and property by the competent operation of steam boilers and engines in third class cities and providing for the examination and licensing of engineers in charge of same and for the appointment of a board of examiners and prescribing their duties and powers and prescribing penalties of the violation of the provisions of this act

on page 4 of today's calendar, be recommitted to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

Mr HEYBURN. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

RECONSIDERATION OF VOTE.

Mr. EHRHARDT. Mr. Speaker, I move that the vote by which House Bill No. 406, entitled:

An Act to clarify the statute law of the Commonwealth by repealing certain acts and parts of acts of Assembly which are obsolete expired supplied superseded repealed by implication or declared unconstitutional

passed third reading, be reconsidered.

Mr. ADAMS. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I move that this bill be now recommitted to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. GARNER. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

RECONSIDERATION OF VOTE.

Mr. EVANS. Mr. Speaker, I move that the vote by which House Bill No. 850, File Folio 2229, entitled:

An Act making a burgess of a borough eligible to the office for the next succeeding term

was defeated on final passage, on last Tuesday, be reconsidered.

Mr. PHILLIPS. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The House resumed the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 850, entitled:

An Act making a burgess of a borough eligible to the office for the next succeeding term

On the question recurring.

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—148.

Adams,	Flynn,	Lynch,	Showalter,
Alcorn,	Fretz,	Marvin,	Sinclair,
Alexander,	Gallagher,	Mather,	Smith, J. W.,
Arnold,	Gans,	Maurer,	Smith, Jeff. W.,
Aron,	Garner,	McArdle,	Smith, L.,
	Geary,	McClintock,	Snyder,
Baker,	Geiser,	McClure,	Sones,
Baldwin,	Gingery,	McCurdy,	Staving,
Barnett,	Glass,	McDermott,	Steedle,
Bauerle,	Goodyear,	McNichol,	Stein,
Beck,	Gormley,	McVicar,	Stern,
Becker,	Gransback,	Mearkle,	Sullivan,
Benninger,	Greenwood,	Mellott,	Swartz,
Bergy,	Habgood,	Milliron,	Thomas,
Berntheizel,	Hackett,	Myers,	Trach,
Beyer,	Hamilton,	Neville,	Urich,
Blackburn,	Harper,	Nieder,	Vickerman,
Body,	Heffernan,	Nissley,	Vogdes,
Bovee,	Herman,	Oaks,	Wagner,
Brosius,	Hess,	Palmer,	Walsh,
Brownlee,	Heyburn,	Perry,	Walter,
Brumbaugh,	Hibshman,	Peters,	Walton,
Bungard,	Hoffman,	Phillips,	Watson,
Campbell, T.,	Hollingsworth,	Pickering,	Weimer,
Christman,	Horton,	Powell,	Weir,
Coldsmith,	Howarth,	Ramsey,	West,
Conner,	Hubler,	Reel,	Whitaker,
Corbin,	Jack,	Reynolds,	Whitten,
Cox,	Jones, E. E.,	Rininger,	Wildman,
Curry,	Jones, W. W.,	Rinn,	Willard,
Dawson,	Kitts,	Roney,	Wobensmith,
Dell,	Lafferty,	Sampsel,	Wood,
Diefenderfer,	Landis,	Schaeffer,	Wynne,
Drinkhouse,	Lapins,	Scott,	Young,
Eby,	Lauer,	Shaaber	Ambler,
Ehrhardt,	Lipschutz,	Shaffer,	Speaker.
Eppley,	Luxemburger,	Shoop,	
Erdman,			

NAYS—20.

Campbell, J. O.,	Finnerty,	Luppert,	Sarig,
Cromer,	Gompers,	Mangan,	Spencer,
Davis,	Kaiser,	Murdoch,	Stetler,
Dodds,	Leighner,	Ostrander,	Swan,
Evans,	Love,	Rothenberger,	Twibill,
			Wylie.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

COMMUNICATIONS FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Private Secretary of the Governor being introduced presented the following communication in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which was read as follows, viz:

APPPROVAL OF RESOLUTION.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, March 19, 1915.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen: I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved a resolution of the Senate and House of Representatives providing for the creation of a commission whose duty it shall be to investigate thoroughly all charges appearing in the public prints recently against institutions of the State, and those receiving state aid, and to report thereon in writing as soon as practicable at this session of the General Assembly.

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

Also the following:

VETO OF HOUSE BILL NO. 176.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, March 19, 1915.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I return herewith, without my approval, House Bill No. 176, entitled "An Act requiring County Commissioners in certain counties to provide quarters in the county buildings for the official County Association of Physicians and Surgeons."

This bill, which is evidently intended solely for Allegheny County, is a usurpation of the rights of the taxpayers of that county. It is mandatory and not permissive in its nature. It requires the County Commissioners to maintain and furnish in the Court House (which is built and maintained by the taxes of the people of Allegheny County), permanent and suitable quarters, free of charge, for the recognized official County Association of Physicians and Surgeons This association has no official standing so far as the law of Pennsylvania is concerned. It is strictly a private association. Giving them, free of charge, permanent and suitable quarters at the expense of the public is constituting a favorite class, and is the taking of public property for private use. Such a bill, in my judgment, is clearly in contravention of the Declaration of Rights, and is a departure of Anglo Saxon traditions of many generations. It gives the people no opportunity to decide whether they wish this done or not.

Under the Constitution it is clearly not within the power of classification given to the General Assembly. The Supreme Court has held that classification may be resorted to only when there is clear ground for making a class. There is no clear ground in this case.

For this reason the bill is not approved.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGHH.

On the question,

Shall the bill become a law, the objections of the Governor to the contrary notwithstanding?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—0.

NAYS—196.

Adams,	Fretz,	Lynch,	Showalter,
Albee,	Fruit,	Mangan,	Sinclair,
Alcorn,	Gallagher,	Marvin,	Smith, J. W.,
Alexander,	Gans,	Mather,	Smith, Jeff. W.
Arnold,	Garner,	Maurer.	Smith, L.,
Aron,	Geary,	McArdle,	Snyder,
Arthur,	Geiser,	McCaig,	Sones,
Baker,	Gingery,	McClintock,	Spangler,
Baldwin,	Glass,	McClure,	Spencer,
Barnett,	Glenn,	McConnell,	Statler,
Bauerle,	Gompers,	McCurdy,	Staving,
Beck,	Goodnough,	McDermott,	Steedle,
Becker,	Goodwin,	McKay,	Stein,
Benn,	Goodyear,	McNichol,	Stern,
Benninger,	Gormley,	McVicar,	Stone,
Bergy,	Graham,	Mearkle,	Sullivan,
Berntheizel,	Gransback,	Mellott,	Swan,
Beyer,	Greenwood,	Milliron,	Swartz,
Blackburn,	Habgood,	Murdoch,	Thomas,
Body,	Hackett,	Myers,	Trach,
Bovee,	Hamilton,	Neville,	Twibill,
Brosius,	Harper,	Nieder,	Urich,
Brownlee,	Heffernan,	Nissley,	Vickerman,
Brumbaugh,	Herman,	Oaks,	Vogdes,
Bungard,	Hess,	Ostrander,	Wagner,
Campbell, J. O.,	Heyburn,	Palmer,	Walsh,
Campbell, T.,	Hibshman,	Perry,	Walter,
Christman,	Hoffman,	Peters,	Walton,
Conner,	Hollern,	Phillips,	Watson,
Corbin,	Hollingsworth,	Pickering,	Weaver,
Cox,	Howarth,	Powell,	Weimer,
Cromer,	Hubler,	Ramsey,	Weir,
Curry,	Jack,	Reel,	West,
Davis,	Jones, E. E.,	Reynolds,	Wettach,
Dawson,	Jones, W. W.,	Rhoads,	Whitaker,
Dell,	Kaiser,	Rich,	Whitten,
Diefenderfer,	Kitts,	Rininger,	Wildman,
Dodds,	Klinger,	Rinn,	Willard,
Drinkhouse,	Kuhn,	Robertson,	Williams,
Dunn,	Kunkle,	Roney,	Wilson, H. I.,
Eby,	Lafferty,	Rowell,	Wilson, W. H.,
Ehrhardt,	Landis,	Rudisill,	Wobensmith,
Eppley,	Lanius,	Sampsel,	Wood,
Erdman,	Lauer,	Sarig,	Woodward,
Evans,	Lauler,	Schaeffer,	Wylie,
Fackler,	Leighner,	Scott,	Wynne,
Finnerty,	Lipschutz,	Shaaber,	Young,
Flynn,	Love,	Shaffer,	Ambler,
Forster,	Luppert,	Shoop,	Speaker.
	Luxemburger,		

Less than the majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the negative and the Governor's veto was sustained.

Also the following:

VETO OF HOUSE BILL NO. 255.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, March 19, 1915.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I return herewith, without my approval, House Bill No. 255, entitled: "An Act to amend section four of an act approved the eleventh day of May, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine, entitled 'A further supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to establish a Board of Wardens for the Port of Philadelphia and for the regulation of pilots and pilotage, and for other purposes, approved March twenty-ninth, one thousand eight hundred and three, and for regulating rates of pilotage and number of pilots.'"

The statutes of the United States forbid the States from enacting any law authorizing the levying of pilot charges on licensed or enrolled coast-wise sea-going vessels. This bill is in violation of these statutes.

For this reason the bill is not approved.

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

On the question,

Shall the bill become a law, the objections of the Governor to the contrary notwithstanding?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—0.

NAYS—198.

Adams,	Fretz,	Luppert,	Shoop,
Albee,	Fruit,	Luxemburger,	Showalter,
Alcorn,	Gallagher,	Lynch,	Sinclair,
Alexander,	Gans,	Mangan,	Smith, J. W.,
Arnold,	Garner,	Marvin,	Smith, Jeff. W.
Aron,	Geary,	Mather,	Smith, L.,
Arthur,	Geiser,	McArdle,	Snyder,
Baker,	Gingery,	McCaig,	Sones,
Baldwin,	Glass,	McClintock,	Spangler,
Barnett,	Glenn,	McClure,	Spencer,
Bauerle,	Gompers,	McConnell,	Statler,
Beck,	Goodnough,	McCurdy,	Staving,
Becker,	Goodwin,	McDermott,	Steedle,
Benn,	Goodyear,	McKay,	Stein,
Benninger,	Gormley,	McNichol,	Stern,
Bergy,	Graham,	McVicar,	Stone,
Berntheizel,	Gransback,	Mearkle,	Sullivan.
Beyer,	Greenwood,	Mellott,	Swan,
Blackburn,	Habgood,	Milliron,	Swartz,
Body,	Hackett,	Murdoch,	Thomas,
Bovee,	Hamilton,	Myers,	Trach,
Brosius,	Harper,	Neville,	Twibill,
Brownlee,	Heffernan,	Nieder,	Urich,
Brumbaugh,	Herman,	Nissley,	Vickerman,
Bungard,	Hess,	Oaks,	Vogdes,
Campbell, J. O.,	Heyburn,	Ostrander,	Wagner,
Campbell, T.,	Hibshman,	Palmer,	Walsh,
Christman,	Hoffman,	Perry,	Walter,
Coldsmith,	Hollern,	Peters,	Walton,
Conner,	Hollingsworth,	Phillips,	Watson,
Corbin,	Horton,	Pickering,	Weaver,
Cox,	Howarth,	Powell,	Weimer,
Cromer,	Hubler,	Ramsey,	Weir,
Cummins,	Jack,	Reel,	West,
Curry,	Jones, E. E.,	Reynolds,	Wettach,
Davis,	Jones, W. W.,	Rhoads,	Whitaker,
Dawson,	Kaiser,	Rich,	Whitten,
Dell,	Kitts,	Rininger,	Wildman,
Diefenderfer,	Klinger,	Rinn,	Willard,
Dodds,	Kuhn,	Robertson,	Williams,
Drinkhouse,	Kunkle,	Roney,	Wilson, H. I.,
Dunn,	Lafferty,	Rothenberger,	Wilson, W. H.,
Eby,	Landis,	Rowell,	Wobensmith,
Ehrhardt,	Lanius,	Sampsel,	Wood,
Eppley,	Lauer,	Sarig,	Woodward,
Erdman,	Lauler,	Schaeffer,	Wylie,
Evans,	Leighner,	Scott,	Young,
Fackler,	Lindsey,	Shaaber,	Ambler,
Finnerty,	Lipschutz,	Shaffer,	Speaker.
Flynn,	Love,		
Forster,			

Less than the majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the negative and the Governor's veto was sustained.

RESOLUTION GRANTING USE OF THE HALL OF THE HOUSE TO JUDICIARY GENERAL COMMITTEE.

Mr. STEIN. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent of the House to offer the following resolution.

The SPEAKER. The resolution will be read by the Clerk for information.

The resolution was twice read as follows:

Resolved, That permission be given to the Judiciary General Committee to use the Hall of the House on Tuesday, March 30th, at 7:30 P. M. for a public hearing of House Bill No. 663, repealing moving picture censors.

The SPEAKER. Will the House give its unanimous consent to consider the resolution at this time? The Chair hears no objection.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the resolution?

It was agreed to.

BILL PLACED ON CALENDAR.

Mr. LIPSCHUTZ. Mr. Speaker, I move that House Bill No. 907, entitled:

An Act providing for the manner of introducing legislation appropriating money for the support of State institutions and aid for semi-State institutions and charitable institutions

be placed upon the calendar notwithstanding the negative recommendation of the Committee.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the motion?

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I might say to the House that this is a bill to expedite the passage of the great mass of appropriation bills. The passage of appropriation bills in this House requires the calling of the roll some six or seven hundred times. If passed by the House it can be carried up to the Supreme Court and if declared constitutonal will expedite the passage of appropriation bills and the result will be that these bills will be passed in a manner that will fully comply with the Constitution; namely on all bills on final passage the yea and nay vote shall be taken. In this case one yea and nay vote will pass all of the bills for charitable institutions; one yea and nay vote will pass all the bills for semi-charitable institutions; one yea and nay vote will pass all the appropriations for State institutions. I think it would be much wiser to pass this bill and let it be taken up by the Supreme Court on a test case to decide the constitutionality because I think the members and the public have come to realize that the passage of appropriation bills has been almost a nightmare to the Legislature of Pennsylvania. I hope the House will place it on the calendar. I think it was negatived without a full understanding and I think the committee itself will be glad to see the bill go on the calendar and let the House express its opinion.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the motion?

A division was called for, 90 gentlemen having voted in the affirmative and 85 in the negative, the motion was agreed to.

BILL ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 852, entitled:

An Act providing for the registration of ownership to real estate in cities of the second class for the use of said cities to facilitate the assessment levy and collection of taxes and municipal claims in such cities authorizing the preservation and use of records heretofore employed in such cities for such purposes

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered. To be laid aside for second reading.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 383, as follows:

An Act providing for the organization discipline maintenance and regulation of the militia of the Commonwealth

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the organized militia of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania shall be styled the National Guard of Pennsylvania and shall be subject at all times to the orders of the officers thereof

Section 2 For the purpose of this act the word "company" shall apply to and indicate the infantry cavalry engineer signal corps field hospital machine-gun and ambulance companies the words "regiment" "battalion" and "squadron" shall apply to any organization of any arm of the service equal in organization and strength to a regiment or battalion of infantry as the case may be

Section 3 The Governor of this Commonwealth as Commander-in-Chief of its military forces shall have the power and is hereby authorized and directed to prescribe in orders the organization of the National Guard of Pennsylvania in such manner and form as to make said organization conform as far as practicable to the requirements for the organized militia under the laws of the United States and for that purpose he shall have power to alter divide annex consolidate disband organize or re-organize any organization department corps or staff so as to conform as far as practicable to any organization system drill instruction uniform or equipment now or hereafter prescribed by the laws of the United States or requirements of the War Department for the organization and regulation of the organized militia and for that purpose the number of officers and non-commissioned officers of any grade in any organization department corps or staff may be increased or diminished and the grade of such officers and non-commissioned officers may be altered to the extent necessary to secure as far as practicable such conformity Provided however that commissioned officers who shall become surplus by reduction alteration consolidation transfer or disbandment of organizations as provided in this section may be relieved from active service and held as supernumerary during the unexpired portion of their respective commissions and while so held as supernumerary shall be subject to detail for active duty by the Governor and Commander-in-Chief and the period in which such commissioned officers are held as supernumerary may be included in computing the necessary length of service to entitle a commissioned officer to be placed upon the retired list

Each enlisted man shall at the time of enlistment execute enlistment papers in duplicate according to a form prescribed by the Adjutant-General approved by the Commander-in-Chief which form shall embody within it an oath of allegiance to the United States and to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania the duplicate copy of enlistment paper shall be retained by the commanding officer before and by whom the enlistment is made the original enlistment paper to be forwarded to and filed in the office of the Adjutant-General but before any person shall be enlisted he shall be subject to the requisite physical examination by an officer of the medical corps or any duly licensed or legally authorized surgeon or physician in active practice and designated by the officer before and by whom the enlistment is made and the certificate of such officer of the medical corps surgeon or physician shall accompany and be filed with said enlistment paper

The term of enlistment of each enlisted man shall be for the period of three years and no person shall be enlisted who is not a citizen of the United States or who has not made legal declaration of his intention to become a citizen of the United States and who is less than eighteen years of age or more than forty-five years of age Provided however that an enlisted man who is serving an enlistment in the National Guard of Pennsylvania and which enlistment expires after such enlisted man has reached the age of forty-five years may be re-enlisted within thirty days from the expiration of his previous enlistment upon permission being granted therefor by the Commander-in-Chief

Section 4 In time of peace the National Guard of Pennsylvania shall consist of the several departments corps or staffs as hereinafter enumerated and in addition thereto not more than one hundred and fifty companies of infantry one regiment of cavalry one brigade of field artillery the necessary complement of machine gun companies a battalion of engineers a battalion of signal troops four field hospitals four ambulance companies fifteen regimental bands one ammunition train one sanitary train and one supply train fully armed uniformed and equipped to be organized alloted and apportioned in such localties of the Commonwealth as the necessities and interests of the service in the discretion of the Commander-in-Chief may require and organized into such divisions brigades regiments battalions squadrons and companies with power to make such alterations in the organization and arrangement thereof from time to time as the Commander-in-Chief may deem necessary Provided that there shall not be more than one major-general and five brigadier-generals of the line but the Commander-in-Chief shall have power in case of war invasion insurrection riot or imminent danger thereof to increase the said force and organize the same as the exigencies of the occasion may require

Section 5 The commissioned and non-commissioned officers of the National Guard shall be as follows

The Governor shall be Commander-in-Chief of the National Guard at all times when in the service of the Com-

monwealth He shall make all appointments of commissioned officers in the respective departments corps regiments squadrons battalions and companies and also of the aides-de-camp to the Governor and Commander-in-Chief except as otherwise specifically provided in this act

An Adjutant-General's department consisting of one Adjutant-General of the grade of Brigadier-General to be appointed by the Governor with the consent of the Senate and who shall be assigned to duty with the Commander-in-Chief and who shall be chief of staff one adjutant-general of the grade of colonel who shall be chief of said department one adjutant-general of the grade of lieutenant-colonel not more than seven adjutants-general of the grade of major

An inspector-general's department consisting of one inspector-general of the grade of colonel who shall be chief of said department one inspector-general of the grade of lieutenant-colonel not more than seven inspectors of the grade of major

A judge-advocate-general's department consisting of one judge-advocate-general of the grade of colonel who shall be chief of said department one judge-advocate of the grade of lieutenant-colonel not more than seven judge-advocates of the grade of major

A quartermaster's corps consisting of one quartermaster-general of the grade of colonel who shall be chief of said corps three quartermasters of the grade of lieutenant-colonel not more than fourteen quartermasters of the grade of major not more than fourteen quartermasters of the grade of captain

An ordnance department consisting of one chief of ordnance of the grade of colonel and who shall be chief of said department one ordnance officer of the grade of lieutenant-colonel not more than seven ordnance officers of the grade of major

An inspector of small-arms practice department consisting of one general inspector of small-arms practice of the grade of colonel and who shall be chief of said department

A medical department consisting of a medical corps the necessary complement of detachments of sanitary troops field hospital companies and ambulance companies Of the medical corps there shall be one suregon-general of the grade of colonel and who shall be chief of the medical department two officers of the grade of lieutenant-colonel one of whom shall be detailed as chief surgeon twenty-five officers of the grade of major not more than eighty officers of the grade of captain or first lieutenant Provided that officers of the medical corps of the grade of of first lieutenant who shall have served for a period of three years as such may be recommissioned as of the grade of captain The appointment of officers of the medical corps below the grade of lieutenant-colonel shall be made by the Commander-in-Chief only after the applicant has passed successfully such examination as to moral character professional ability and physical condition as may be required by the Commander-in-Chief and the application for appointment has been approved by the surgeon-general or chief surgeon

The staff of the Commander-in-Chief shall consist of such departmental corps or line officers as may be assigned to duty with the Commander-in-Chief and in addition thereto twelve aides-de-camp each of the grade of lieutenant-colonel to be appointed by the Commander-in-Chief also two post quartermaster-sergeants one ordnance-sergeant to be assigned from the respective departments and one sergeant-major one color-sergeant and one trumpeter to be enlisted by direction of the Commander-in-Chief

Of a division one major-general to command the same to be appointed by the Governor and Commander-in-Chief with the consent of the Senate The staff of the division commander shall consist of one adjutant-general major adjutant-general's department one inspector of small arms practice lieutenant-colonel ordnance department one inspector major inspector-general's department one judge-advocate major judge-advocate-general's department one chief quartermaster lieutenant-colonel quartermaster's corps one chief commissary lieutenant-colonel quartermaster's corps one chief surgeon lieutenant-colonel medical corps two surgeons majors medical corps three aides-de-camp captains to be detailed by the Commander-in-Chief either from the line corps or departments two sergeants quartermaster corps to be detailed from the quartermaster corps one sergeant-major one color-sergeant and one trumpeter to be enlisted or appointed and warranted by the division commander

Of each brigade one brigadier-general to command the same to be appointed by the Governor and Commander-in-Chief with the consent of the Senate

The staff of a brigade commander shall consist of one adjutant-general major adjutant-general's department one inspector major inspector-general's department two quartermasters majors quartermaster corps one major medical corps one inspector of small arms practice major ordnance department two aides-de-camp first lieutenants to be detailed by the Commander-in-Chief from the line corps or departments two sergeants quartermaster corps to be detailed from the quartermaster corps one sergeant-major one color-sergeant one trumpeter to be enlisted or appointed and warranted by the brigade commander

Of each regiment of infantry one colonel one lieutenant-colonel not more than three majors of the line each to be appointed by the Governor and Commander-in-Chief one major medical corps three captains or first lieutenants medical corps to be assigned from the medical corps by the Commander-in-Chief one chaplain of the grade of captain one adjutant (an extra captain) one regimental quartermaster (an extra captain) one regimental commissary (an extra captain) one regimental inspector of small-arms practice (an extra captain) not more than three battalion adjutants (extra first lieutenants) not more than three battalion quartermasters and commissaries (extra second lieutenants) each to be appointed by the colonel subject to the approval of the brigade commander or if the regiment be not part of a brigade then of the immediate superior commanding officer also one sergeant-major one quartermaster sergeant one commissary-sergeant two color sergeants not more than three battalion sergeants-major each to be enlisted or appointed and warranted by the colonel

Of each regiment of cavalry one colonel one lieutenant-colonel not more than three majors of the line each to be appointed by the Governor and Commander-in-Chief and one major medical corps and three captains or first lieutenants medical corps assigned from the medical corps by the Commander-in-Chief one chaplain of the grade of captain one adjutant (an extra captain) one regimental quartermaster (an extra captain) one regimental commissary (an extra captain) one regimental inspector of small-arms practice (an extra captain) not more than three squadron adjutants (extra first lieutenants) not more than three squadron quartermasters and commissaries (extra second lieutenants) each to be appointed by the colonel subject to the approval of the immediate superior commanding officer one sergeant-major one quartermaster-sergeant one commissary-sergeant two color-sergeants and not more than three squadron sergeants-major each to be enlisted or appointed and warranted by the colonel In each regiment of cavalry the Commander-in-Chief may appoint two veterinarians civilians who when in active service shall have the pay of a second lieutenant

Of each regiment of field artillery one colonel one lieutenant-colonel two majors of the line each to be appointed by the Governor and Commander-in-Chief one major medical corps and two captains or first lieutenants medical corps to be assigned from the medical corps by the Commander-in-Chief one chaplain of the grade of captain one adjutant (an extra captain) one regimental quartermaster (an extra captain) one regimental commissary (an extra captain) one regimental inspector of small-arms practice (an extra captain) not more than two battalion adjutants (extra captains) not more than two battalion quartermasters and commissaries (extra first lieutenants) each to be appointed by the colonel subject to the approval of the immediate superior commanding officer and one sergeant-major one quartermasters-sergeant one commissary-sergeant two color-sergeants not more than two battalion sergeants-major and not more than two battalion quartermaster-sergeants each to be enlisted or appointed and warranted by the colonel In each regiment of artillery the Commander-in-Chief may appoint two veterinarians civilians who when in active service shall have the pay of a second lieutenant

Of a battalion of engineers one major to be appointed by the Governor and Commander-in-Chief one adjutant (an extra captain) one battalion quartermaster and commissary (an extra first lieutenant) one assistant inspector of small-arms practice (an extra first lieutenant) each to be appointed by the major subject to the approval of the immediate superior commanding officer ond one officer of the medical corps captain or first lieutenant to be assigned by the Commander-in-Chief also one battalion sergeant-major one battalion quartermaster-sergeant to be enlisted or appointed and warranted by the battalion commander

Of a battalion of field artillery not a part of a regiment one major to be appointed by the Commander-in-Chief one battalion adjutant (an extra captain) one battalion quartermaster and commissary (an extra first lieutenant) to be appointed by the major subject to the approval of the immediate superior commanding officer and one officer of the medical corps captain or first lieutenant to be assigned by the Commander-in-Chief and also one sergeant-major and one quartermaster-sergeant to be enlisted or appointed and warranted by the battalion commander

Of a squadron of cavalry not a part of a regiment one major to be appointed by the Governor and Commander-in-Chief one squadron adjutant (an extra first lieutenant) one squadron quartermaster and commissary (an extra second lieutenant) to be appointed by the major subject to the approval of the immediate superior commanding officer and one officer of the medical corps captain or first lieutenant to be assigned by the Commander-in-Chief and one sergeant-major to be enlisted or appointed and warranted by the squadron commander

Of a battalion of infantry not a part of a regiment one major to be appointed by the Governor and the Commander-in-Chief one adjutant (an extra first lieutenant) one battalion quartermaster and commissary (an extra second lieutenant) to be appointed by the major subject to the approval of the immediate superior commanding officer and one officer of the medical corps captain or first lieutenant to be assigned by the Commander-in-Chief one sergeant-major to be enlisted or appointed and warranted by the battalion commander

Of each company of infantry one captain and one first lieutenant to be appointed by the Governor and Commander-in-Chief and one second lieutenant to be elected by the written or printed votes of a majority of the non-commissioned officers and privates of the respective company one first-sergeant one company quartermaster-sergeant four sergeants six corporals two cooks one artificer two musicians and forty-eight privates minimum fifty-six privates

maximum the non-commissioned officers to be appointed by the captain and approved by the regimental commander where a company is a part of a regiment and by the immediate superior commanding officer where a company is not a part of a regiment

Of each battery of artillery one captain two first lieutenants each to be appointed by the Governor and Commander-in-Chief and two second lieutenants each to be elected by the written or printed votes of a majority of the non-commissioned officers and privates of the respective battery one first-sergeant one quartermaster-sergeant one stable-sergeant six sergeants twelve corporals three cooks one chief mechanic four mechanics two musicians one hundred and two privates minimum and one hundred and twelve privates maximum the non-commissioned officers to be appointed by the captain and approved by the regimental commander where a battery is part of a regiment and by the immediate superior commanding officer where a battery is not a part of a regiment

Of each troop of cavalry one captain and one first lieutenant each to be appointed by the Governor and Commander-in-Chief and one second lieutenant to be elected by the written or printed votes of a majority of the non-commissioned officers and privates of the respective troop one first sergeant one troop quartermaster-sergeant six sergeants six corporals two cooks one farrier one horseshoer one saddler one wagoner two trumpeters forty-three privates minimum and fifty-one privates maximum the non-commissioned officers to be appointed by the captain and approved by the regimental commander where a troop of cavalry is a part of a regiment and by the immediate superior commanding officer where a troop of cavalry is not a part of a regiment Provided however that in a troop of cavalry to which the provisions of section eight of this act apply all commissioned officers shall be elected by the written or printed votes of a majority of the non-commissioned officers and privates of the respective troop

Of each company of engineers one captain and one first lieutenant each to be appointed by the Governor and Commander-in-Chief and one second lieutenant to be elected by the written or printed votes of a majority of the non-commissioned officers and privates of the respective company one first sergeant one quartermaster-sergeant five sergeants eight corporals two cooks two musicians twenty-three first-class privates and twenty-three second-class privates minimum and thirty-one second-class privates maximum the non-commissioned officers to be appointed by the captain and approved by the immediate superior commanding officer

Of a signal corps company Type A one captain and two first lieutenants each to be appointed by the Governor and Commander-in-Chief one first lieutenant to be elected by the written or printed votes of a majority of the non-commissioned officers and privates of the company two master signal electricians seven first-class sergeants ten sergeants seventeen corporals two cooks twenty-four privates first-class and thirteen privates minimum and twenty-three privates maximum the non-commissioned officers to be appointed by the captain and approved by the immediate superior commanding officer

Of each field hospital one major and four captains or first lieutenants of the medical corps to be assigned by the Governor and Commander-in-Chief three sergeants first-class six sergeants one acting cook and eight privates first-class and fifteen privates minimum and eight privates first-class and twenty-four privates maximum the non-commissioned officers to be appointed by the commanding officer and approved by the immediate superior commanding officer

Of each ambulance company five captains or first lieutenants of the medical corps to be assigned by the Governor and Commander-in-Chief two sergeants first-class seven sergeants one acting cook and eleven privates first-class and twenty-two privates minimum and eleven privates first-class and thirty-two privates maximum the non-commissioned officers to be appointed by the commanding officer subject to the approval of the immediate superior commanding officer

Of each regimental band (which shall be known as band section of the headquarters company) one chief musician one principal musician one drum-major each of the grade of sergeant of the non-commissioned staff of a regiment four sergeants eight corporals one cook and twelve privates The chief musician shall receive the per diem pay of a first lieutenant The regimental commander is authorized to recruit and discharge members of the regimental band at his discretion all enlistment papers to be made in duplicate the original to be forwarded to the Adjutant General the duplicate to be filed at regimental headquarters The non-commissioned officers of regimental bands will be appointed and warranted by the regimental commander each regimental band duly organized and found by the military board upon examination of the rolls and reports returned by the inspecting officer to be efficient shall receive an allowance of four hundred dollars per annum to be paid by warrant drawn by the Adjutant General upon the State Treasurer approved by the Auditor General to the order of the chief musician said allowance to be used solely for military purposes and for the use and benefit of said regimental band and to be accounted for as the Adjutant General may direct

Section 6 The adjutant-General shall give bond in the sum of twenty thousand dollars the quartermaster-general in the sum of ten thousand dollars subject to the approval of the Commander-in-chief The following shall give bonds in amounts as follows same subject to the approval of the State Military Board quartermasters of the grade of lieutenant-colonel and major each in the sum of three thousand dollars regimental quartermasters quartermasters of the grade of captain and regimental commissaries each in the sum of two thousand dollars the blank form for same to be prescribed and furnished by the Adjutant-General and to be conditioned upon the faithful discharge of the duties of their office captains of engineer companies signal corps companies batteries of artillery troops of cavalry companies of infantry and commanding officers of field hospitals and ambulance companies each in the sum of two thousand dollars each of the lieutenants of said organizations and captains or lieutenants assigned to field hospital or ambulance companies and chief musicians of bands in the sum of one thousand dollars each subject to the approval of the State Military Board and in form to be prescribed and furnished by the Adjutant-General and to be conditioned upon the faithful discharge of the duties of their respective offices and the proper accounting for public moneys entrusted to them and for the safe-keeping and return of the property of the State or of the United States issued to them by the Adjutant-General or the quartermaster-general or acquired by transfer or inventory or by purchase from State funds when demand is made for said money or property by the Adjutant-General or the quartermaster-general

Section 7 Whenever by the authority of this act the Governor and Commander-in-Chief increases or diminishes the minimum strength of any organization of the National Guard to conform to the minimum fixed by the President of the United States or by the War Department he may increase or diminish the maximum strength of such organization by an amount equal to the number by which he has increased or diminished the minimum provided that the maximum strength shall at no time exceed the maximum war strength of such organization

Section 8 Nothing herein contained shall be construed as affecting the right of any troop of cavalry battery of artillery or company of infantry organized prior to one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one and since continuously maintained to preserve their respective organizations together with their original vested or chartered rights privileges and immunities and said organizations shall be deemed legal organizations in addition to the number of companies provided for in the fourth section of this act provided that such organization when admitted as an organization of the National Guard of Pennsylvania shall be in all things subject to the orders of the Commander-in-Chief and the provisions of this act except as to the office of Cornet in a troop of cavalry

Section 9 The major-general and the brigadier-generals of the line shall be appointed by the Governor with the consent of the Senate but no person shall be appointed a major-general or a brigadier-general of the line who shall not have served at least fifteen years as a commissioned officer either in the National Guard of Pennsylvania or in the military service of the United States or both Provided however That no officer shall remain in command of a division for a longer period than five years

Section 10 Whenever an officer shall be recommissioned in the same grade or commissioned in a lower grade than that in which he has served in the National Guard of Pennsylvania within three months after the expiration or termination of his previous commission he shall take rank from the date given in his previous commission provided that when a commissioned officer has been in continuous service as such service and commission in a higher grade shall not affect the continuity of rank when such officer shall be recommissioned in a lower grade in which he has previously served

Section 11 When a company of infantry troop of cavalry or battery of field artillery has neither commissioned nor non-commissioned officers the commander of the regiment separate battalion or squadron to which it belongs shall appoint suitable persons within said company troop or battery to be non-commissioned officers thereof and shall detail a suitable person to be clerk

Section 12 The appointment of non-commissioned officers of the National Guard shall in all cases be made from the membership of the organization in which they are to serve and preference shall be given to men of military ability and experience who have been in active service in war or have received military instruction at an institution or college where an officer of the United States army is assigned as military instructor

Section 13 All commissioned officers appointed by the Governor and Commander-in-Chief shall be commissioned according to the grade in the department corps or arm of the service in which they are appointed and shall be assigned to duty by the Commander-in-Chief Commissioned officers elected under the provisions of this act or appointed by regimental commanders shall be commissioned in the respective grade office and organization to which they shall be elected or appointed and upon returns of election or order announcing appointment filed in the office of the Adjutant-General

Section 14 The division commander shall order election to fill vacancy where the commission of an elective officer expires in any organization attached to the division and the commander of which reports direct to the division commander and brigade commanders shall order election to fill vacancy where commission of an elective officer expires in any organization that is part of a brigade In all other cases the authority to order election shall be given by the Commander-in-Chief

Section 15 Officers ordering elections may preside and conduct the same or detail some officer of equal or superior grade to the office to be filled but no candidate shall preside at an election except to adjourn the meeting if no proper officer appears to preside At all elections such presiding officer shall keep a record of the proceedings and make return thereof to the Adjutant-General through the proper military channels

Section 16 Ten days' notice of election shall be given except when in annual camp or in active service when at least forty-eight hours' notice shall be given unless such notice shall be waived by the Commander-in-Chief The person who has a majority of the written or printed votes

of the electors shall be declared elected and the presiding officer shall forthwith notify him of his election and make return thereof Provided That a majority of the electors shall be present in uniform but this provision in special cases may be waived by the Commander-in-Chief Every person so elected and notified shall accept within ten days otherwise he shall be deemed to have refused If before the meeting for the election of any officer is dissolved the person chosen signifies to the presiding officer his refusal to accept the same such refusal shall be recorded and made part of the return and the electors shall proceed to another election Elections may be adjourned not exceeding twice and each adjournment for a period not exceeding ten days The proper roll of the membership of the organization in which election is held shall be produced at such election by the person having the legal custody thereof

Section 17 No election for a commissioned officer shall be ordered in a company troop or battery hereafter organized unless at least the prescribed minimum number of men have been enlisted therein except when otherwise ordered by the Commander-in-Chief

Section 18 When a commissioned officer of the National Guard of Pennsylvania is elected or appointed to another office therein and accepts the same such acceptance shall vacate the office previously held and in the case of an elective officer shall constitute a part of the return of the presiding officer

Section 19 When a person elected or appointed to an office refuses to accept his commission he will return the same to his immediate superior commanding officer who will certify that fact on the back thereof and return it to the Adjutant-General through military channels and if the office is elective a new election shall be ordered or if appointive a new appointment shall be made

Section 20 No officer or soldier shall be arrested on any warrant except for treason or felony while going to remaining at or returning from a place he is ordered to attend for military duty

Section 21 Each commissioned officer before he enters upon the duties of the office to which he has been appointed or elected shall take and subscribe before any person duly authorized to administer oaths and affirmations such oath or affirmation as may be prescribed by the Commander-in-Chief which shall not be inconsistent with the oath and declaration as prescribed by the laws of the United States

Section 22 The commissions of staff officers appointed by a commanding officer other than the Commander-inChief shall terminate when the successor of such commanding officer is commissioned and qualified The commissions of aides-de-camp upon the staff of the Governor and Commander-in-Chief shall terminate in like manner

Section 23 General field and commissioned departmental or corps officers are hereby authorized and empowered to administer oaths and affirmations in all matters appertaining to or concerning the National Guard service and the commanding officers of companies regiments or separate squadrons or battalions are authorized and empowered to administer oaths and affirmations in the enlistment of recruits for their respective organizations regimental non-commissioned staff sanitary detachment or band section or for separate squadron or battalion noncommissioned staff but in no case shall any fee be charged therefor Any person who shall falsely swear or affirm to any oath or affirmation shall be deemed guilty of perjury and upon trial and conviction shall be sentenced for such offence as is now or may hereafter be prescribed by law

Section 24 When a company of infantry troop of cavalry or battery of field artillery is without commissioned officers from any cause the commanding officer of the regiment of which it is a part shall detail some officer of the staff or line of the regiment to command said organization until a commissioned officer is appointed or elected The commissioned officer detailed shall have the same power and be subjected to the same liability as if he were captain of said organization

Section 25 The Governor and Commander-inChief may discharge any commissioned officer

When such officer tenders his resignation

When he has removed his residence beyond the bounds of his command to so great a distance that it is deemed inconvenient for him to perform the duties of his office

When he has been absent from his command more than thirty days without proper leave having been granted

When it appears to the satisfaction of the Commander-in-Chief that he is unable or unfit from any cause to discharge the duties of his office

When recourse has been had to the sureties on his bond in the settlement of his financial or property accounts

When he has been convicted of an infamous crime

Upon sentence of a court-martial after due trial according to law

Upon adverse report as to his qualifications or efficiency by a brigade board of examination as prescribed by section twenty-six or like adverse report by a board of examination appointed by the commander-in-Chief or the division commander

Upon disbandment of an organization as prescribed by section twenty-nine

Section 26 Each brigade commander of the National Guard and such commanding officers of regiments composing the brigade as he may select and one major medical corps to be selected by the brigade commander shall constitute a brigade examining board whose duty it shall be to examine every commissioned officer appointed or elected within the brigade or who may hereafter be elected or appointed as to his qualifications efficiency and physical ability for active service and upon report of said brigade examining board if adverse to any officer and approved by the Commander-in-Chief the commission of said officer shall be vacated or if not already issued be denied and an election be ordered or if an appointive officer an appointment made by the proper appointing power to fill the vacancy thus created Provided that if any officer shall refuse to present himself before said board when directed the Commander-in-Chief may upon report so made by the examining board vacate the commission of such officer or if not issued refuse the same and direct an election to be held or appointment made by the proper appointing power to fill the vacancy

In cases where organizations report direct to the division commander and are not part of a brigade the division commander is authorized to appoint an examining board of not exceeding five officers of which he may be one whose duties and powers shall be to all intents and purposes similar to those prescribed for a brigade examining board and any officer in commission or any officer hereinafter elected or appointed in such organizations when ordered shall report to said examining board for examination and on failure to report or pass satisfactorily such examination and reported upon adversely the commission of such officer shall be vacated or denied him at the discretion of the Commander-in-Chief Provided that the said division commander may order any officer or organization not a part of a brigade before the brigade examining board with like effect as if such officer were in or attached to a brigade Provided further that the Commander-in-Chief may provide for the examination of officers of departments or corps and officers of arganizations not a part of a brigade and establish rules for such examination

Section 27 The term of every commissioned officer except the Adjutant-General shall be for five years unless his commission shall be otherwise lawfully determined and annulled Provided that all commissions in force in the National Guard of Pennsylvania at the time of the passage of this act shall continue in force for the unexpired portion thereof subject to determination by resignation or by the provisions of sections twenty-two and twenty-five of this act Provided that all enlistments in force in the National Guard of Pennsylvania at the time of the passage of this act shall continue in force for the unexpired portion thereof subject to the provisions of sections twenty-eight and twenty-nine of this act

Section 28 The company commander upon the approval may and upon the order of his superior commanding officer will during the term of enlistment discharge any enlisted man of his company and all commanding officers may discharge non-commissioned staff officers enlisted or appointed by such commanding officers the certificate of discharge by such company or other commanding officer shall in all cases be good sufficient and valid An enlisted man who has faithfully served the term of his enlistment will at the expiration thereof be furnished by the commanding officer of the organization a full and honorable discharge to be signed by such commanding officer and approved by the superior commanding officer

Section 29 If it appears to the Commander-in-Chief that a company of the National Guard has failed to comply with the requirements of the law in matters of unifrom equipment discipline or efficiency so that it cannot discharge the duties required of it such company may be disbanded by the Commander-in-Chief and the Commander-in-Chief may disband any company if in his judgment the interests of the service justify it

Section 30 A commissioned officer responsible for State funds or State property or property of the United States issued to him by the Adjutant-General or the quartermaster-general or acquired by transfer inventory or purchase from annual allowance of State funds who may tender his resignation and whose accounts are not settled may be relieved from active duty by the Commander-in-Chief and held as supernumerary pending settlement of his accounts and when so relieved from active duty the office in which he is commissioned or to which he has been assigned shall be considered as vacated Provided that a commissioned officer so held as supernumerary shall be amendable to courtmartial for military offences to the same extent and in like manner as if upon the active list

Section 31 The Adjutant-General shall hold office for the term of four years and until his successor is appointed and qualified but he may be removed at any time by the Governor He shall have the custody of all books accounts and military property of the Commonwealth used by or pertaining to the National Guard of Pennsylvania he shall distribute all orders from the Commander-in-Chief shall obey all orders relative to carrying into execution and perfecting any system of military discipline established by law or regulations and perform such other military duties as the Commander-in-Chief shall direct he shall furnish to the National Guard such blank forms of rolls and of the different returns that may be required and shall also make proper abstracts from the returns and reports of the commanding officers of the division and brigades for the information of the Commander-in-Chief He shall make a return annually in duplicate of the organized militia of the Commonwealth and a report of their arms uniforms accoutrements and ammunition according to such forms as may be prescribed by the Secretary of War one copy to be filed in the office of the Adjutant-General and one copy to be forwarded to the Secretary of War He may with the consent of the Commander-in-Chief employ such emergency clerical and other force as may be required in his department or at the State Arsenal who shall be paid such rates of compensation as may be deemed just and proper He shall pay the troops and make all other disbursements authorized by this act by warrants drawn by him upon the Treasurer of the Commonwealth countersigned by the Auditor General

Section 32 Commissioned officers may be ordered upon special duty at the discretion of the Commander-in-Chief and shall receive the pay of their respective grades during the time they may continue upon duty under such order Provided that when the duty required of them is a duty enjoined by law or existing regulations upon an officer of higher grade the officer so detailed shall receive the pay of such higher grade

Section 33 Camps of instruction combined camps with troops of the regular army or practice marches shall be held at such times places and periods and for such organizations as the Commander-in-Chief may direct none of which shall exceed fourteen days in any one year and during

any such tour of duty an inspection shall be made by the Adjutant-General or under his direction by the inspector-general For services during such tours of duty officers and enlisted men shall be entitled to a per diem pay as prescribed by section forty which shall be paid upon vouchers approved by the Military Board and warrants drawn by the Adjutant General upon the State Treasurer countersigned by the Auditor General and in addition to the per diem pay officers shall be entitled to transportation and enlisted men to transportation and subsistence In addition to the inspection above provided for such other inspection shall be made under the direction of the Adjutant-General or inspector-general as may be ordered by the Commander-in-Chief

Section 34 Officers for attendance upon court martial boards of examination and such other necessary service as the law may require of said officers shall be furnished transportation orders for which shall be made by the Adjutant-General division brigade or regimental commanders and all necessary expenses lawfully incurred in the performance of such duty shall be audited and paid upon proper vouchers approved by the Military Board

Section 35 The following named organizations of the National Guard duly organized and found upon examination of rolls and reports made by the inspecting officer to be fully up to the standard in numerical strength in drill discipline and efficiency shall receive in annual allowance the following sums of money per annum which shall be used and expended solely for military purposes and for the use and benefit of the organization each engineer company seven hundred and fifty dollars each company of infantry machine gun company field hospital and ambulance company five hundred dollars each signal corps company troop of cavalry and battery of field artillery fifteen hundred dollars the same to be paid by the Adjutant-General by warrant drawn upon the State Treasurer approved by the Auditor General to order of the commanding officer of the respective organization but it shall be the duty of the Adjutant-General before paying any of the said allowance in money to procure by purchase or otherwise and issue for each enlisted man not already provided therewith such articles of dress and service uniform and equipment as are not included in the annual clothing allowance and also such mess tents kitchen tents and military stores required by the respective organizations and charge the cost of same to the said annual allowance and the balance if any to be paid and disbursed as hereinafter provided Provided however that any regiment battalion squadron or company may at its own expense provide itself with other uniforms of such style and pattern as a majority of its officers may select and the Commander-in-Chief approve which uniform shall be the property of the organization or the individual members thereof but such uniform shall not be worn at inspections provided for by this act or when an organization is called into active service by the Commander-in-Chief No portion of any allowance appropriated by the State shall be expended in procuring such special uniforms or in repairing or caring for the same

Section 36 The Military Board shall consist of the Adjutant-General Auditor General and State Treasurer who shall meet at such times as may be necessary and whose duty shall be to audit and adjust all claims incident to the organization discipline maintenance and service of the National Guard and which claims on the approval of said Military Board endorsed thereon shall be paid by warrant drawn by the Adjutant-General upon the State Treasurer approved by the Auditor General Each member of the Military Board shall be paid an annual salary of six hundred dollars

Section 37 The Adjutant-General shall in the disbursement of public funds in the manner provided for in this act in payment for stores furnished or services rendered require as far as practicable that the account be itemized and its correctness duly sworn to or affirmed before an officer authorized by law to administer oaths or affirmations

Section 38 Each organization excepting division brigade regimental squadron or battalion headquarters and regimental bands in addition to allowances provided by section thirty-five of this act and under the same requirements and not occupying an armory owned by the Commonwealth shall be paid an annual allowance of two hundred dollars by warrant drawn by the Adjutant-General upon the State Treasurer approved by the Auditor-General to the order of the commanding officer of the organization said annual allowance to be devoted exclusively to the payment of rent of armory

Section 39 The payment of hire of horses for such officers and enlisted men as are required to be mounted and for horses necessary for batteries of field artillery and for such horses or mules as may be required for wagon transportation when in active service including camps of instruction combined camps practice marches or parades when ordered by the Commander-in-Chief shall not exceed two dollars per diem per horse or mule the payment of said hire to be made by the Adjutant-General by warrant drawn upon the State Treasurer approved by the Auditor General and upon properly itemized and duly approved vouchers

Section 40 When the National Guard or any part thereof is ordered on active duty by the Commander-in-Chief and for which duty a per diem pay is authorized the commissioned officers so ordered on active duty shall be entitled to the same pay as officers of like grade in the regular army of the United States excepting and excluding longevity pay and allowances and enlisted men when so ordered on active duty shall be entitled to per diem pay as follows non-commissioned staff sergeants departmental and corps sergeants master signal electricians first sergeants principal musicians drum majors sergeants first-class of engineers signal corps field hospitals ambulance companies and sanitary detachments three dollars sergeants of engineers and signal corps two dollars and twenty-five cents sergeants of infantry cavalry artillery field hospitals ambulance companies sanitary detachments and bands two dollars chief mechanics of artillery corporals of engineers and signal corps cooks of all organizations two dollars corporals of infantry cavalry artillery regimental bands artificers saddlers wagoners farriers horseshoers mechanics of artillery and privates first-class of engineers signal corps field hospital ambulance company and sanitary detachment one dollar and seventy-five cents privates all arms musicians of companies and trumpeters of cavalry and artillery one dollar and fifty cents The chief musician regimental band shall receive the pay of grade of first lieutenant Each enlisted man except the chief musician regimental band after having served one full term of enlistment of three years and who re-enlists within thirty days from expiration of previous enlistment shall be entitled to and receive additional pay at the rate of twenty-five cents per day for his second and a like amount for his third term of consecutive enlistment and the said payments shall be made in accordance with the muster and pay rolls prepared in such form and manner as the Adjutant-General shall direct and all payments of per diem pay and service pay shall be by warrants drawn by the Adjutant-General upon the State Treasurer approved by the Auditor General The necessary subsistence and quartermaster stores necessary expenses incident to such active service and the transportation of troops incident to such active service may be contracted for by direction of the Commander-in-Chief by the Adjutant-General or the proper departmental or corps officers and paid for in like manner When the National Guard or any portion thereof is ordered on active duty by the Governor and Commander-in-Chief in repelling invasion subduing insurrection riot or disorder within the State or in furnishing quota of volunteers from the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania under a call made by the President of the United States the payment of the troops and all other expenses incident to such service will be made by the Adjutant-General from funds obtained by warrant drawn by the Governor of the Commonwealth upon the State Treasurer against appropriation made for such purpose

Section 41 The necessary military expenses of general division brigade regimental separate squadron and battalion headquarters including clerk hire and other actual outlays shall be paid by warrants drawn by the Adjutant-General upon the State Treasurer in the usual manner on the usual lawful vouchers to that effect duly sworn or affirmed to by the commanding officer or the officer charged with the payment of such expenses such expenses in no event to exceed nine hundred dollars per annum for the division seven hundred and fifty dollars for each brigade five hundred dollars for each regiment and two hundred dollars for each battalion or squadron not a part of a regiment

Section 42 Any commissioned officer or chief musician of the National Guard who shall embezzle misapply or retain in his possession without authority any moneys received by him for disbursement shall be deemed guilty of a felony and it shall be the duty of the district attorney of the proper county on complaint being made to prosecute such offender in any court of competent jurisdiction and any penalty imposed shall be collected and paid into the State Treasury

Section 43 If any officer or enlisted man of the National Guard of Pennsylvania is wounded or otherwise disabled while doing duty in active service he shall receive from the Commonwealth just and reasonable relief in amount to be determined by the Military Board

Section 44 The Adjutant-General shall provide for and issue to the National Guard for rifle and artillery practice such ammunition as may be necessary for the efficiency of the service and the Commander-in-Chief may fix an annual allowance for rifle or revolver practice expenses based upon the number of men in each company troop or battery organization who practice to be paid by warrants drawn by the Adjutant-General upon the State Treasurer in the usual manner upon submission of proper vouchers approved by the Military Board

Section 45 Commissioned officers who shall have served as such for a continuous period of ten years or commissioned officers who have served fifteen years in the aggregate as commissioned officers and enlisted men in the National Guard of Pennsylvania may upon their application to the Adjutant-General be placed upon the retired list Provided however that service in the army navy or marine corps of the United States during the war for the suppression of the rebellion or the war with Spain shall be computed as of twice its actual length and as so computed may be included as part of the fifteen years Provided further that where such commissioned officers now retired or who may hereafter be retired served in the army navy or marine corps of the United States during the war for the suppression of the rebellion or the war with Spain and has been honorably discharged therefrom they shall be retired as of the next higher grade except in the case of a major-general whose grade upon the retired list shall remain the same Provided further that where an officer has been commissioned in a higher grade than that held by him at time of retirement or of being placed on retired list he may be placed upon the retired list as of the highest grade in which he has been at any time previously commissioned The Commander-in-Chief shall have power and is hereby authorized to relieve from active service and place upon the retired list as of the next higher grade any commissioned officer of the National Guard of Pennsylvania who has served continuously in any one grade for fifteen years A commissioned officer of any Pennsylvania volunteer organization duly mustered into service of the United States in the war with Spain may upon application to the Adjutant-General be placed upon the retired list Provided such commissioned officer served in the National Guard of Pennsylvania as a commissioned officer or enlisted man or both for five years immediately prior to April twenty-eighth one thousand eight hundred and ninety-eight and was on that date borne upon the rolls of the said National Guard Officers on the retired list shall be subject to such duty other than the command of troops as may be assigned them by the Commander-in-Chief

When commissioned officers are relieved from active duty and placed upon the retired list the commission of such officer shall be considered as terminated and the office held by him as vacated

Section 46 Commissioned officers who have served forty years either as an officer or enlisted man or both in the National Guard of Pennsylvania shall upon application made to the Adjutant-General be retired from active service and placed upon the retired list as of the next higher grade except a major-general whose grade upon the retired list shall remain the same and when any commissioned officer of the line is sixty-four years of age he shall be retired from active service and placed upon the retired list as of the next higher grade except a major-general whose grade shall remain the same to that held by them respectively at the time of such retirement Provided that service in the volunteer forces of the United States or in the army navy or marine corps thereof during the war for the suppression of the rebellion or the war with Spain may be included as of twice its actual length in computing the forty years of service required for retirement

Section 47 The commanding officer of each organization shall at such time as the Commander-in-Chief may direct make a return to the Adjutant-General containing an itemized account and statement of all disbursements of the money appropriated and paid during the preceding year to said organization which account and statement shall be verified by the proper original vouchers for such disbursements

Section 48 No part of the annual appropriations paid under this act to the several organizations of the National Guard shall be used in the purchase erection or construction of any armory unless the title thereto be vested in the Commonwealth

Section 49 The Adjutant-General shall supply to all officers of the National Guard copies of drill regulations manuals of rifle practice service manuals and military publications forms and books prescribed for use of United States Army as the Governor and Commander-in-Chief may designate same to be paid for by warrant drawn by the Adjutant-General upon the State Treasurer in the usual manner

Section 50 The commanding officer of any troops in active service may cause them to perform any military duty he shall require and also to put under arrest any officer or enlisted man who shall disobey the orders of his superior officer and also any person or persons who shall trespass on parade or camp grounds or in any way or manner interrupt or molest the orderly discharge of duty of those in active service and also may prohibit and prevent the sale of spirituous or malt liquors except by licensed houses within two miles of such parade grounds or encampment and also in his discretion abate as a nuisance all hucksters auction sales or gambling

Section 51 Every uniformed company troop or battery of the National Guard may form by-laws rules and regulations with the approval of the Commander-in-Chief not inconsistent with the laws of this State for the government and improvement of its members in military science and discipline and when approved by two-thirds of all the members belonging to any such company and the Commander-in-Chief such by-laws rules and regulations shall be binding but the same may upon like approval be altered from time to time as may become necessary Provided however that no deductions shall be made from pay of commissioned officers or enlisted men for active service for dues or other financial obligations imposed by such by-laws rules or regulations

Section 52 When an invasion of or insurrection in the State occurs or is threatened or a tumult riot or mob shall exist the Governor may in his discretion place the National Guard or any part thereof on active duty

Section 53 Every commissioned officer and enlisted man shall hold his uniform arms ammunition and accoutrements required by law free from all suits distresses executions or sales for debt or payment of taxes

Section 54 The Adjutant-General may under the direction of the Commander-in-Chief make such disposition of the arms accoutrements ammunition and all other military property belonging to the Commonwealth as will most effectually subserve its military interests or necessities He shall distribute to the officers regiments battalions squadrons and companies of the National Guard the arms uniforms equipments camp equipage and the books required by law to be furnished at public expense and may sue either in contract or tort any or all such officers for loss or damage sustained in articles so furnished He may permit the rifles field pieces and artillery equipments now in possession of any city or county so to remain so long as they provide suitable places of deposit therefor and keep them in good condition without expense to the Commonwealth

Section 55 The Adjutant-General may with the approval of the Commander-in-Chief sell or exchange from time to time such military stores belonging to the Commonwealth as are found unserviceable or in state of decay or which it may be deemed for the interests of the Commonwealth to sell or exchange all moneys received for stores so sold shall be paid into the Treasury of the Commonwealth

Section 56 The Commander-in-Chief is hereby authorized to procure and issue from time to time to the National Guard such flags standards and guidons as may be necessary which as far as practicable shall be similar in style to those of the United States Army

Section 57 Every arm uniform equipment or article of camp equipage owned or issued by the Commonwealth shall be used only in the discharge of military duty and any commissioned officer non-commissioned officer or private who shall wilfully or wantonly injure or destroy any uniform arm equipment or other military property belonging to the Commonwealth or to the United States or refuse to make good such injury or loss or who shall sell dispose of secrete or remove the same or who shall fail within ten days after being notified by his commanding officer to return the same to the Commonwealth or his commanding officer shall be tried by court-martial and if convicted shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not more than one hundred dollars or in default of payment of the same undergo an imprisonment in the county jail of not more than thirty days

Section 58 If any person shall knowingly and wilfully purchase or receive in pawn or pledge any arm accoutrement article of military clothing equipment tent or fly or any quartermaster medical engineer signal property ordnance or ordnance stores the property of the Commonwealth or of the United States in use by the Commonwealth he shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and being convicted thereof in any court of quarter sessions of the proper county shall be sentenced to an imprisonment not exceeding one year and a fine not exceeding three hundred dollars

Section 59 In addition to exemptions now allowed by law any person who shall have performed duty in the National Guard of the State for a period of nine years or who served for nine month or a longer period in active service of the United States and was honorably discharged shall be exempt from further military service except in case of war invasion or insurrection and from serving as a juror if he so desires Every officer and enlisted man in the National Guard shall during his service therein be exempt from service upon any posse comitatus Every officer and enlisted man of the National Guard of the State while in active service for which a per diem rate of pay is paid shall be exempt from jury duty during the period of such active service and any officer or enlisted man shall during his membership in the National Guard of the State be exempt from serving as a juror if he so desires

Section 60 No civil process shall issue or be enforced against any person mustered into the service of this Commonwealth or of the United States during so much of the term as he shall be engaged in active service under orders nor until thirty days after he shall have been relieved therefrom Provided that the operation of all statutes of limitations and presumptions arising from lapse of time shall be suspended upon all claims against such person during such term

Section 61 The Commander-in-Chief may at his discretion appoint and commission an officer with the relative naval rank of captain who shall be during his commission a member of the staff of the Commander-in-Chief and who shall under the direction of the Adjutant-General perform such duties in connection with the naval force of Pennsylvania as may be assigned him

Section 62 In the settlement and payment of any accounts the Adjutant-General shall require except for incidental expenses or allowances authorized by this act or when it may be impracticable an affidavit taken before a person authorized to administer oaths or affirmations to the following effect namely

City (or county) of .....ss Personally appeared before me.....in and for said city (or county)..... of the firm of ..... who having been ..... according to law said that the above account is correct that the articles therein charged were furnished to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania on the order of ..... and that the prices charged for the same are not more than the actual wholesale cash prices charged for goods of like quality to other purchasers and that no commission abatement or allowance whatever has been or is to be given to any person concerned in the ordering or purchasing of said articles or any other person whomsoever and that the said articles are of the quality size and quantity mentioned in the said account .....and subscribed before me this .....day of ..... one thousand nine hundred and .....

Every account before payment shall be approved by the officer ordering the purchase showing that the same is correct as to price that the articles were furnished on his order and supplied as charged Provided That any person who shall be convicted before any court of record in this Commonwealth of wilful perjury under the provisions of this section shall suffer in addition to the penalties now or that may hereafter be provided by the laws of this Commonwealth against perjury the forfeiture of the whole amount of the articles falsely charged for or paid for one-half of which amount shall go to the person or persons who shall give information and shall prosecute such charge to conviction and the other half shall be paid into the Treasury of the Commonwealth

Section 63 Courts of inquiry may be instituted by the Commander-in-Chief or the commanding officer of the division in relation to those officers for whose trial they are authorized to appoint court martial for the purpose of investigating the conduct of any officer either upon his own solicitation or upon complaint or charge of improper conduct degrading the character of an officer or for the purpose of settling rank but no court of inquiry shall consist of more than one officer who may if approved of by the officer ordering the court of inquiry require an officer or person to act as recorder to attend such court in taking testimony and in investigating any complaint that may come before such court of inquiry Such court of inquiry shall without delay report a statement of facts and when required an opinion thereon to the officer instituting such court who may in his discretion thereupon appoint a court martial for the trial of the officer whose conduct shall have been inquired into

Section 64 Every court martial for the trial of general officers and officers detailed or appointed on the staff of the Commander-in-Chief shall be ordered by the Commander-in-Chief and shall consist of seven officers any five of whom shall constitute a quorum

Section 65 General courts martial for the trial of all other commissioned officers shall be ordered by the division commander for all organizations composing the division by the brigade commander for organizations of a brigade not a part of the division and by the Commander-in-Chief for commissioned officers of departments or corps and for commissioned officers of all organizations not a part of the division or of a brigade and shall consist of five officers any three of whom shall constitute a quorum

Section 66 General courts-martial for the trial of enlisted men of companies battalions or squadrons which report directly to the division commander shall be ordered by him and for the trial of enlisted men of the brigade shall be ordered by the brigade commander and for organizations not a part of a division or brigade by the Commander-in-Chief and shall consist of five officers any three of whom shall constitute a quorum

Section 67 A summary court-martial for the trial of enlisted men belonging to any regiment or separate battalion or squadron shall be ordered by the respective regimental or separate battalion or squadron commander and shall consist of a field officer or captain in such regiment or separate battalion or squadron

Section 68 An unassigned company court-martial for the trial of enlisted men belonging to unassigned companies of infantry signal corps company engineer companies machine gun company field hospital ambulance company troops of cavalry or batteries of artillery shall be ordered by the Commander-in-Chief and shall consist of one officer of the rank of a field officer or captain

Section 69 The officer ordering each court may at any time fill any vacancy that from any cause may happen therein but the member filling such vacancy shall not sit or participate in the trial of a case commenced before he has qualified

Section 70 The jurisdiction of general courts-martial shall extend to and include the trial of all offences against military law order or discipline Their sentences may inflict one or more of the following punishments namely reprimand forfeiture in whole or part of pay and allowances a fine not exceeding one hundred dollars or in default of payment of the same for twenty days after final approval imprisonment not exceeding thirty days suspension of officers from rank dishonorable discharge from the service and in addition in the case of non-commissioned officers their reduction to the ranks The record of every general court-martial and sentence imposed shall receive the approval or disapproval of the Commander-in-Chief who shall have the power to mitigate or remit such sentence

Section 71 The jurisdiction of summary and unassigned company courts-martial shall extend to and include the trial of all infractions of discipline non-attendance at drills abuse or neglect of arms equipment clothing or other military stores

Section 72 A summary or unassigned company court-martial may inflict one or more of the following punishments namely dishonorable discharge reduction to the ranks of non-commissioned officers reprimand forfeiture in whole or part of pay and allowance and a fine not exceeding twenty dollars or in default of payment of the same for twenty days after a final approval imprisonment not exceeding five days

Section 73 No officer or enlisted man under arrest shall be brought to trial before a general court-martial unless the officer convening the court-martial shall have ordered the same within thirty days after such arrest nor until ten days after a copy of the order convening the court and of the charges and specifications shall have been delivered to the accused or left at his usual or last known place of abode

Section 74 There shall be a judge-advocate commissioned or specifically detailed for every general court-martial who shall after all challenges if any shall have been determined administer to each member of the court-martial the following oath of affirmation

You----------do swear (or affirm) that you will well and truly try and determine according to the evidence all matters and issues between the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and any person or persons who shall come before this court-martial and that you will not divulge the findings or sentence of the court to anyone but the proper authority until it shall be duly disclosed by the same and that you will not disclosed or discover the vote or opinion of any particular member of the court unless required to give evidence thereof as a witness in a court of justice in due course of law

Section 75 When all the members of a general court-martial shall have been duly sworn or affirmed the president of the court-marital shall administer to the judge-advocate the following oath or affirmation

You----------do swear (or affirm) that you will not divulge the finding or sentence of the court to any but the proper authority until it shall be duly disclosed by the same and that you will not disclose or discover the vote or opinion of any particular member of the court unless required to give evidence thereof as a witness in a court of justice in due course of law

Section 76 The proceedings and sentence of every court-martial shall without delay be delivered to the officer ordering the court who shall approve or disapprove thereof within fifteen days thereafter and shall give notice of his approval or disapproval to the president or officer of such court-martial to the arresting officer and to the accused and he may at his discretion publish the sentence as approved or disapproved in orders after action thereon by the Commander-in-Chief as provided in section seventy of this act but no part of such sentence shall be published or executed until after the time allowed for appeals has expired and he shall also forward such proceedings and sentences and his approval or disapproval thereof to the Adjutant General for such disposition as may be deemed proper

Section 77 An appeal from the approved finding or sentence of a general court-martial may be made to the Commander-in-Chief within twenty days after the decision appealed from shall have been made known to the person appealing and shall operate as a stay of execution of sentence until the dismissal of such appeal

Section 78 The president of such general court-martial or the officer of a summary battalion squadron or unassigned company court-martial shall issue his warrant for the collection of all fines imposed by said court-martial to the sheriff or any constable of the county in which the court was held or in which the delinquent resides whose duty it shall be to collect all fines provided for by this act in the same manner as he is authorized to collect debts on civil process and make his return to the president of the said court or to the officer of the said summary battalion squadron or unassigned company court-martial or within twenty days certify to the said president or officer that there is no property of the defendant out of which said moneys can be made Upon such return of "no goods" the said president or officer of the court shall issue his warrant of commitment of such delinquent to the proper jail of the county directed to such sheriff or constable who shall forthwith execute said warrant and make proper return of the same to court

Section 79 The keepers and wardens of all county jails are required to receive and confine all military offenders when delivered by such sheriff or constable under the proper certificate of commitment of a general or summary battalion squadron or unassigned company court-martial for and during the term of sentence as set forth in said commitment

Section 80 The senior officer present shall be the president of the court and all the members of such court shall when on duty be in uniform and the president or officer of the court may detail one or more marshals whose duty it shall be to summon all delinquents and parties accused and subpoena all witnesses to appear before the court at the properly designated time and place

Section 81 After a return of the summons by a marshal and certifying service of the same on the accused and upon default of appearance of such accused at the time and place designated for trial the president or officer of the court shall issue his warrant for the arrest of the delinquent directed to the sheriff or to a constable of the county who shall forthwith execute said warrant and make proper return thereof to said court and produce to the said court the body of the accused if within said county and retain the custody thereof until the conclusion of the trial unless sooner discharged by order of the court

Section 82 The president or officer of every court-martial and every court of inquiry either before or after he has been sworn shall issue subpoenas for all witnesses whose attendance at such court may in his opinion be necessary in behalf of the Commonwealth and also on application for all witnesses on behalf of the accused or person returned as delinquent

Section 83 The president or officer of every court-martial or court of inquiry shall have power to administer the usual oath to witnesses and shall have the same power to compel attending witnesses to be sworn and testify and to preserve order as courts of common law jurisdiction and all sheriffs jailers and constables are hereby required to execute any precept or process issued by such president or officer of the court for that purpose

Section 84 Every witness not appearing in obedience to such subpoena when duly served and not having a sufficient or reasonable excuse shall forfeit to the Commonwealth a sum not less than ten nor more than fifty dollars for each default and the president or officer of such court shall from time to time report to the district attorney the names of such delinquent witnesses together with the names and places of residence of the persons serving such subpoena the better to enable him to prosecute for such forfeiture

Section 85 Whenever it shall appear to the satisfaction of any court-martial or court of inquiry by proof made before such court that any person duly subpoenaed to appear as a witness before said court shall have refused or neglected without just cause to attend as such witness in conformity to such subpoena and the party in whose behalf such witness shall have been subpoenaed shall make oath that the testimony of such witness is material such court or the president or officer thereof shall have power to issue an attachment to compel the atendance of such witness

Section 86 Every such attachment shall be executed in the same manner as a warrant and by the sheriff or a constable of the county and the fees for serving the same shal be paid by the person against whom the same shall have been issued unless he shall show reasonable cause to the satisfaction of such court for his omission to attend in which case the party requiring such attachment shall pay the costs such costs shall be ascertained by the court which may thereupon issue an execution for the collection against the person liable to pay the same and which may be collected as other executions are collected by said sheriff or constable

Section 87 All fines and penalties imposed and collected through the sentences of court-martial shall be forwarded to the Adjutant-General and by him paid into the Treasury of the Commonwealth and the neglect or refusal of any marshal sheriff constables or jail warden to execute any process or to make proper return of all fines and penalties collected shall be deemed a misdemeanor and shall subject the offender to a prosecution by the proper district attorney and to a penalty upon conviction of each offense of one hundred dollars to the use of the Commonwealth

Section 88 Any officer or soldier failing to appear upon any occasion of duty to which he shall be ordered by his proper commanding officer shall be subject to a trial by a court-martial and upon conviction failing to render good and sufficient cause therefor he shall be sentenced to pay such fine or undergo such lawful punishment as such court-martial may direct

Section 89 Commissioned officers under arrest shall be suspended from exercising the duties of office and resignations tendered under charges when forwarded by any commanding officer will always be accompanied by a copy of the charges or in the absence of written charges by a report of the case for the information of the Commander-in-Chief

Section 90 The forms practice and procedure in all courts-martial and courts of inquiry shall be as herein prescribed unless altered amended or modified from time to time by orders from the Commander-in-Chief

Section 91 Judge-advocates and members of courts-martial and courts of inquiry and their marshals shall be allowed per diem pay as per military grade for time actually employed in the duties assigned them Transportation shall be furnished them as well as to all prosecutors prisoners witnesses marshals sheriffs and constables to and from the place or places designated for the meetings of said courts The per diem pay of military and civilian witnesses shall be the same as in civil courts of law The fees of sheriffs and constables for serving the processes provided for in this act shall be the same as prescribed by law for similar processes of a civil nature and shall upon proper vouchers being filed be paid out of the appropriation for the support of the National Guard by warrant drawn by the Adjutant-General upon the State Treasurer countersigned by the Auditor-General

Section 92 Copies of this act and all subsequent laws of the Commonwealth relating to the National Guard shall be collected from time to time codified and published by the Adjutant-General and known as "The Military Code of Pennsylvania"

Section 93 The various sections of this act are hereby declared to be independent of each other and in the event of any section thereof hereafter being declared unconstitutional it is the intent and meaning hereof that such section alone should be eliminated therefrom without affecting any other portion of this act

Section 94 The provisions of this act will become effective on and after June first nineteen hundred and fifteen

Section 95 The Act of Assembly approved the fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An act providing for the organization discipline maintenance and regulation of the organized militia of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania otherwise styled the National Guard of Pennsylvania authorizing the Governor to alter divide annex consolidate disband organize or reorganize any organization department or corps providing for admission of new organizations providing that certain privileges and exemptions from duty as jurors be enjoyed by members thereof or persons who have served therein also exemption from further military service of persons who have served therein except in case of war invasion or insurrection exempting members of the National Guard from service upon any posse comitatus authorizing general field and commissioned department or staff officers to administer oaths or affirmations in matters concerning National Guard service and authorizing commanding officers to administer oaths or affirmations in enlistment or recruits providing that persons who falsely swear or affirm to any oaths or affirmation shall be deemed guilty of perjury and prescribing punishment therefor providing for annual allowances to be paid to organizations of the National Guard fixing rate per day for hire of horses fixing the per diem pay for officers and enlisted men of the National Guard providing for retirement of commissioned officers providing for Military Board and fixing salaries of members thereof providing for holding of annual encampments and fixing maximum period of same fixing terms of commission of commissioned officers providing that no officer shall remain in command of the division for a longer period than five years providing that officers may be held supernumerary fixing amount of bonds to be filed by certain officers providing for discharge of commissioned officers by the Commander-in-Chief and discharge of enlisted men by commanding officers authorizing the Adjutant-General by permission of the Governor to sell or exchange military stores and directing payment into State Treasury of money received from sales so made prescribing the duties of the Adjutant-General authorizing commanding officers of troops under arms to arrest trespassers on parade or camp ground and to prohibit and prevent sale of spirituous liquors except by licensed houses within a radius of two miles of said parade or camp ground and providing that hucksters auction sales or gambling may be abated as a nuisance authorizing the Commander-in-Chief to fix an annual commutation for rifle practice providing that civil process shall not be issued or enforced against any person mustered into the service of this Commonwealth or of the United States during so much of the term as he shall be engaged in active service under orders not until thirty days after he shall be relieved thereof providing that no officer or soldier shall be arrested upon any warrant except for treason or felony while in the performance of military duty providing for the appointment of courts of inquiry and courts martial and the method of procedure of said courts of inquiry and courts martial and fixing sentences that may be imposed or penalties inflicted or both providing for the punishment of certain offenses hereby declared to be felonies or misdemeanors" and all other acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith be and the same are hereby repealed

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. ADAMS. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, there is no doubt in my mind that a number of the members of the House have a vague conception of this new Military Code which was ostensibly framed for the purpose of creating greater efficiency in the Pennsylvania National Guard, and placing it on a footing with the regular army of the United States.

The main purpose of this bill is the proper organization and regulation of the National Guard of the State to conform in a divisional organization to the requirements of the War Department along the lines of national defense.

The pending bill changes the present law governing the National Guard in but two important particulars.

First. It provides for a properly balanced division of troops. There are but two States in the United States that are in position to organize and maintain a properly balanced division, which would include three brigades of infantry, one brigade of artillery composed of two regiments, one regiment of cavalry, and the auxiliary organizations such as engineer and signal corps troops and field hospitals. The distinct advantage to the State in having a properly organized division is in the fact that in the event of war, and the troops being called into the United States service, they would be taken into the service as an organized division of Pennsylvania troops, and would so remain throughout the period of the war. During the Civil War Pennsylvania was the only State that had a complete division of troops, namely, the Pennsylvania Reserve Volunter Corps. During the Spanish War, Pennsylvania was the only State that had a brigade composed exclusively of Pennsylvania troops, and this brigade was commanded by Brigadier General Gobin. Should Pennsylvania be unable to provide a complete and properly balanced division in the event of a call for troops for war purposes, under the regulations of the War Department, the troops of the State would be divided and assimilated with the troops of other States in forming brigades and divisions, and the State would therefore lose that desired identity of a complete division, and it would also be very disappointing to the comradeship of the officers and men who enter the service. They would be deprived of serving together and their identity as far as Pennsylvania State Troops is concerned, would be largely lost.

Second. The second material difference between this bill and the present law is the provision relating to the appointment by the Governor, as Commander-in-Chief of the National Guard, of certain regimental and company officers. The commanding officer of the regiment, however, appoints the staff officers of a regiment, in the same manner as provided for in the present law, and the men of the respective company organizations elect the Second Lieutenant of the company, as in the present law. This method of appointment it is believed by the military authorities will add very greatly to the efficiency of the officers, which is, of course, most desirable.

This bill has been very carefully prepared by the military authorities of the State, and has been submitted to the War Department for consideration, and has been fully approved by the War Department as being in line with their plans and desires for a National defensive force, and with a further view of finally according to Pennsylvania a divisional organization.

The bill provides for an additional force of certain arms of the service, but these will not of necessity be new or added organiaztions of the National Guard, but in arranging a properly balanced division, it will be done by transferring organizations now in the service to other arms of the service than that in which they are now serving.

Pennsylvania is today acknowledged by the best military authorities of the country to have the most efficient and the best equipped body of organized militia in the United States. This is a distinction acquired by the State of Pennsylvania that should be a matter of pride to every citizen. The dependability of this force will be very much enhanced and add greatly to the credit of the State of Pennsylvania if it can be shaped into a properly balanced division of troops with the necessary auxiliary organizations, and this is one of the main objects sought to be accomplished by this bill.

The advanced position of the National Guard of Pennsylvania has been a matter of frequent commendation by those most competent to judge, and a further advance which will no doubt be made with the provisions of this bill put in

force will not only add to the dignity of the Commonwealth, but must be a source of gratification to every citizen who takes pride in his Commonwealth, and who is interested in the defense of the nation in the event of war.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—197.

Adams,	Fretz,	Luppert,	Shoop,
Albee,	Fruit,	Lynch,	Showalter,
Alcorn,	Gallagher,	Mangan,	Sinclair,
Alexander,	Gans,	Marvin,	Smith, J. W.,
Arnold,	Garner,	Mather,	Smith, Jeff. W.
Aron,	Geary,	[illegible]	Smith, L.,
Arthur,	Geiser,	McCaig,	Snyder,
Baker,	Gingery,	McClintock,	Sones,
Baldwin,	Glass,	McClure,	Spangler,
Barnett,	Glenn,	McConnell,	Spencer,
Bauerle,	Gompers,	McCurdy.	Statler,
Beck,	Goodnough,	McDermott,	Staving,
Becker,	Goodwin,	McKay,	Steedle,
Benn,	Goodyear,	McNichol,	Stein,
Benninger,	Gormley,	McVicar,	Stern,
Bergy,	Graham,	Mearkle,	Stone,
Berntheizel,	Gransback,	Mellott	Sullivan,
Beyer,	Greenwood,	Milliron,	Swan,
Blackburn,	Habgood,	Murdoch,	Swartz,
Body,	Hackett,	Myers,	Taylor,
Bovee,	Hamilton,	Neville,	Thomas,
Brosius,	Harper,	Nieder,	Trach,
Brownlee,	Heffernan,	Nissley,	Twibill,
Brumbaugh,	Herman,	Oaks,	Urich,
Bungard,	Hess,	Ostrander,	Vickerman,
Campbell, J. O.,	Heyburn,	Palmer,	Vogdes,
Campbell, T.,	Hibshman,	Perry,	Wagner,
Christman,	Hoffman,	Peters,	Walsh,
Coldsmith,	Hollern,	Phillips,	Walton,
Conner,	Hollingsworth,	Pickering,	Watson,
Corbin,	Horton,	Powell,	Weaver,
Cox,	Howarth,	Ramsey,	Weimer,
Cromer,	Hubler,	Reel,	Weir,
Curry,	Jack,	Reynolds,	West,
Davis,	Jones, E. E.,	Rhoads,	Wettach,
Dawson,	Jones, W. W.,	Rich,	Whitaker,
Dell,	Kaiser,	Rininger,	Whitten,
Diefenderfer,	Kitts,	Rinn,	Wildman,
Dodds,	Klinger,	Robertson,	Williams,
Drinkhouse,	Kuhn,	Roney,	Wilson, H. L.,
Dunn,	Kunkle,	Rothenberger,	Wilson, W. H.
Eby,	Lafferty,	Rowell,	Wobensmith,
Ehrhardt,	Landis,	Rudisill,	Wood,
Eppley,	Lanius,	Sampsel,	Woodward,
Erdman,	Lauer,	Sarig,	Wylie,
Evans,	Lauler,	Schaeffer,	Wynne,
Fackler,	Leighner,	Scott,	Young,
Finnerty,	Lindsey,	Shaaber,	Ambler,
Flynn,	Lipschutz,	Shaffer,	Speaker.
Forster,	Love,		

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

BILLS SIGNED BY SPEAKER.

The SPEAKER announced that the Chief Clerk having reported that the following bills had passed both Houses of the General Assembly, and the same being correct, the titles were publicly read, as follows:

Senate Bill No. 153:

An Act to establish and regulate the fees to be charged and collected by sheriffs in counties of this Commonwealth having a population of not less than five hundred thousand nor more than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants as computed by the last preceding United States census the time and manner in which said fees shall be paid the publication and posting of said fees the delivery of an itemized receipt for official fees and legal costs received and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith

Whereupon,

The SPEAKER, in the presence of the House, signed the same.

BILL ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Mr. POWELL. Mr. Speaker, I desire to call up at this time House Bill No. 416, File Folio 2193, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the eighth day of May one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act regulating the appointment confirmation duties salary and expenses of county detectives in counties containing not less than three hundred thousand nor more than seven hundred thousand inhabitants" by extending its provisions to counties having a population of two hundred thousand inhabitants but not more than seven hundred thousand inhabitants and by repealing section three of the act

on page one of today's calendar, Bills on Final Passage Postponed for the Present.

Agreeably to order,

The House resumed the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 416, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the eighth day of May one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act regulating the appointment confirmation duties salary and expenses of county detectives in counties containing not less than three hundred thousand nor more than seven hundred thousand inhabitants" by extending its provisions to counties having a population of two hundred thousand inhabitants but not more than seven hundred thousand inhabitants and by repealing section three of the act

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section one of an act approved the eighth day of May one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act regulating the appointment confirmation duties salary and expenses of county detectives in counties containing not less than three hundred thousand nor more than seven hundred thousand inhabitants" which reads as follows

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. WEAVER. Mr. Speaker, the representatives from Westmoreland County have not wearied you and the gentlemen of this House with their oft speaking; but this bill effects our interests and we feel bound to utter a word of protest tonight. This bill is an amendment of the Act of 1913, P. L. 157. This amendment makes two changes in the Act of 1913; it lowers the population in counties from three hundred thousand to two hundred thousand by eliminating section three of the act it deprives the Court of having any voice whatever in the appointment of the four detectives provided for by this Act of Assembly. Under the census of 1910 Westmoreland County had a population of a little over two hundred and thirty-one thousand. Under the law, as we have it at present, we have one county detective in Westmoreland County and that one detective is all we need. Now we understand that this bill is offered for the purpose of correcting some difficulty that may exist in the County of Luzerne. I have been informed—I do not know how truthfully—but I have been told that in Luzerne County the Judges are of a different political faith from the District Attorney and that the District Attorney has had some difficulty in having four men appointed to the office of County Detective to his liking for the reason that the Court would not select the men or confirm the men of his selection. Now over in Westmoreland County we have no difficulty of that kind. We are in love with our Judges over there and we have no thought or desire whatever of taking away from them the right which they have always had and which we think the Court ought to have in matters of this kind. Right at the head of our Government the Senate is a check on the President. The President makes his appointment, but it must be subject to the confirmation of the Senate; and we believe that if this right were taken away from the court it would throw even this matter open to a great many abuses; and over and above that, gentlemen, we are certain that this fastens on the County of Westmoreland an expenditure of fifty-four hundred dollars, in addition to what we have, and to absolutely no purpose. We have a barracks of the State Constabulary in Westmoreland County and so has Luzerne County, as I am informed by the gentlemen at my left, and I believe that to be correct, and those men of the State Constabulary are worth more to us than all the County Detectives we could pack into Westmoreland County. It would be an expenditure of fifty-four hundred dollars to absolutely no purpose whatever. Now we look with longing eyes to those forty-one votes from Philadelphia and with bewitching eyes on those twenty-four votes from Allegheny County. In these smaller counties we feel it would be impossible for us to

put over anything for the right or fight anything off if you are against us, and we beseech you to take a reasonable view of this. If Luzerne County has any private reason why that particular county wants something done, don't fasten it on us. We would like you men to stand with us and vote "No" on this bill.

Mr. POWELL. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen, the purpose of this bill is to enable the District Attorneys of Luzerne, Allegheny, Schuylkill and Westmoreland Counties to appoint certain officers to be known as County Detectives. I might call the attention of the gentleman of Westmoreland to the fact that the present District Attorney of Luzerne County is a Democrat and that the Court of Luzerne County is also Democratic. There is no difficulty with the present Court to my knowledge, but there has been difficulty heretofore. I might take a few minutes of your time in going back to the year of 1910. In the year 1910 we had a gentleman by the name of Williams who ran for the office of District Attorney and was elected by a substantial vote. He assumed the right to appoint two county detectives. I was one and another gentleman by the name of Morris was the other man. This District Attorney was elected by the people, by the votes cast by them in their judgment proving that he was a fit man for this office. When it came to these appointments the Court had to confirm. This is one of the very few of the many offices within the Commonwealth that the Court must confirm. The Court would not go along with the second appointee, with the result that I was forced to work single-handed because the District Attorney would not go along with the Court for the man that they wanted. Now, gentlemen, if the District Attorney is given the power to appoint his first, second, third, fourth or fifth assistant from the District Attorney's personal standpoint then we think it is nothing but fair that he should be given the right to say as to who should be his county detectives and not be up to the court. Now, gentlemen, this bill originally—I want to be fair—was supposed to be for Luzerne County, but the members from Lackawanna County and the members from Schuylkill County asked me to amend it to take them in, therefore, I amended the bill.

Mr. GARNER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to interrogate the gentleman from Luzerne.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Luzerne permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. POWELL. Mr. Speaker, I will.

Mr. GARNER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to ask the gentleman from Luzerne what members from Schuylkill asked him to amend the bill.

Mr. POWELL. Mr. Speaker, Mr. Adam Schaeffer and Mr. Palmer.

Mr. GARNER. Mr. Speaker, upon behalf of the Second Legislative District of Schuylkill County, I assure the members that they don't want it.

Mr. PALMER. Mr. Speaker, I endorse the stand taken by the gentleman from Luzerne, Mr. Powell. I want to say this: I take up this question as a matter of fairness before this House without regard to Westmoreland County or without regard to Schuylkill County and I asked the members to decide it upon the merits of the bill. It provides for the appointment of county detectives by the District Attorney and not by the Court That is perfectly fair and follows out the rule as in any other employment that I know of. The employe or the employed should be under the direction of the employer, under the man for whom he is working and not under the jurisdiction of the Court. There is no question about that, and that has been the general rule. It is up to the District Attorney in each one of these counties to decide what is best in the administration of justice and in finding evidence for the Commonwealth. He does not necessarily have to appoint them, but he can; and on behalf of the Fourth Legislative District, and, I believe, for Schuylkill County, I endorse Mr. Powell and his bill.

Mr. DAWSON. Mr. Speaker, as a representative of the other county affected, namely, Lackawanna County, I desire to express my approval of this bill. The District Attorney of our County and all the leading attorneys up there are very much in favor of the bill introduced by Mr. Powell. I hope the gentlemen will take this into consideration, that of the four counties represented there are only objections from one, namely, Westmoreland.

Mr. WEAVER. Mr. Speaker, when I was at home the latter part of last week I took the trouble to go to the County Commissioners of Westmoreland County, to the District Attorney of Westmoreland to the Judges of Westmoreland County, and without except they said that it was a pernicious bill as applied to Westmoreland County; and that if other counties were determined to have a bill of this kind, that was their affair; but that it foisted upon Westmoreland County an additional expenditure of fifty-four hundred dollars. There are gentlemen here who will say that, of course, perhaps the District Attorney will not appoint all of these men but I would like to know if it is possible for human beings, when stress is put upon them, and when there are positions to be filled, whether it is possible to find a man who will say, "No, I will not appoint a man." It simply means an expenditure of a fifty-four hundred dollars to a county that is already loaded with debt; and the whole purpose of this bill, Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of this House, is to take the authority away from the Court. I believe this to be a pernicious principle. While there may be a judge in this State something like a judge that we heard of in this Hall last week, the rank and file of the judges in this State are honest and honorable and learned men and I believe it is a very great mistake to take away from them the right they have in confirming appointments of this kind. We are going too far on the other extreme in this day.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—128.

Adams,	Geiser,	Mather,	Smith, J. W.,
Albee,	Glass,	McAndle,	Smith, Jeff. W.,
Alcorn,	Gompers,	McCaig,	Spangler,
Alexander,	Goodnough,	McClintock,	Spencer,
Aron,	Goodyear,	McCurdy,	Staving,
Arthur,	Graham,	McDermott,	Steedle,
Baldwin,	Gransback,	McNichol,	Stein,
Barnett,	Habgood,	Mearkle,	Stern,
Bauerle,	Hackett,	Murdoch,	Stone,
Becker,	Hamilton,	Neville,	Sullivan,
Benn,	Harper,	Nieder,	Swan,
Benninger,	Heffernan,	Ostrander,	Swartz,
Beyer,	Herman,	Palmer,	Thomas,
Body,	Heyburn,	Perry,	Trach,
Christman,	Hollern,	Peters,	Twibill,
Conner,	Horton,	Phillips,	Urich,
Cox,	Howarth,	Pickering,	Vogdes,
Cummins,	Hubler,	Powell,	Wagner,
Curry,	Jones, E. E.,	Ramsey,	Walsh,
Davis,	Jones, W. W.,	Reynolds,	Walton,
Dawson,	Kaiser,	Rininger,	Weimer,
Drinkhouse,	Kitts,	Robertson,	Weir,
Dunn,	Klinger,	Roney,	Wettach,
Ehrhardt,	Lafferty,	Rothenberger,	Whitten,
Evans,	Lanius,	Rowell,	Wildman,
Fackler,	Lauer,	Sarig,	Willard,
Finnerty,	Lauler,	Schaeffer,	Wilson, H. I.,
Flynn,	Lipschutz,	Scott,	Wilson, W. H.,
Forster,	Luppert,	Shaaber,	Wood,
Gallagher,	Luxemburger,	Shoop,	Woodward,
Gans,	Mangan,	Sieger,	Wynne,
Geary,	Marvin,	Sinclair,	Ambler, Speaker.

NAYS—47.

Arnold,	Diefenderfer,	Jack,	Oaks,
Baker,	Eby,	Kuhn,	Reel,
Beck,	Eppley,	Kunkle,	Rinn,
Bergy,	Erdman,	Landis,	Rudisill,
Blackburn,	Fruit,	Leighner,	Statler,
Brosius,	Garner,	Lindsey,	Vickerman,
Brownlee,	Gingery,	Love,	Watson,
Bungard,	Glenn,	Maurer,	Weaver,
Campbell, J. O.	Goodwin,	McClure,	Williams,
Coldsmith,	Gormley,	McConnell,	Wobensmith,
Corbin,	Hibshman,	Mellott,	Wylie,
Cromer,	Hollingsworth,	Myers,	

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

SENATE MESSAGE.

RESOLUTION FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, presented the following extract from the Journal of the Senate, which was twice read, considered and agreed to:

Resolved (If the House of Representatives concur), That Senate Bill No. 153, entitled "An Act to establish and regulate the fees to be charged and collected by sheriffs in counties of this Commonwealth having a population of not less than five hundred thousand nor more than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants, as computed by the last preceding United States census, the time and manner in which said fees shall be paid, the publication and posting of said fees, the delivery of an itemized receipt for official fees and legal costs received, and repealing all laws, general, special or local, or any parts thereof, that are or may be inconsistent therewith" be recalled from the Governor for the purpose of amendment.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 437, as follows:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to limit the duration upon real estate of the debts of decedents including the expenses of the settlement of the estate and to provide under what conditions the lien may be continued" approved the third day of May one thousand nine hundred and nine so as to restrict the revival of judgment liens by the death of the debtor to real estate still owned by said decedent at the date of his death

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section three of an act entitled "An Act to limit the duration upon real estate of the debts of decedents including the expenses of the settlement of the estate and to provide under what conditions the lien may be continued" approved the third day of May one thousand nine hundred and nine which reads as follows

"Section 3 All judgments which at the time of the death of a decedent shall be a lien on his real estate shall continue to bind such real estate during the term of five years from his death although such judgments be not revived by scire facias or otherwise after his death and such judgments shall during such term rank according to their priority at the time of such death and after the expiration of such term such judgments shall not continue a lien on the real estate of such decedent unless revived by scire facias or otherwise according to the laws regulating the revival of judgments" is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 3 All judgments which at the time of the death of a decedent shall be a lien on real estate owned by said decedent at the time of his death shall continue to bind such real estate during the term of five years from his death although such judgments be not revived by scire facias or otherwise after his death and such judgments shall during such term rank according to their priority at the time of such death and after the expiration of such term such judgments shall not continue a lien on the real estate of such decedent unless revived by scire facias or otherwise according to the laws regulating the revival of judgments

Section 2 Section five of the said act which reads as follows

"Section 5 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed" is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 5 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with the said act and of this amendment thereto including the act of Assembly approved the eighteenth day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-five (Pamphlet Laws one hundred ninety-seven) entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act relating to executors and administrators' approved the twenty-fourth day of February one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four relating to the lien of judgments against decedents" and section twenty-five of the act approved the twenty-fourth day of February one thousand eight hundred thirty-four entitled "An Act relating to executors and administrators" be and the same are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the third time considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. McVICAR. Mr. Speaker, I move that the further consideration of this bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. VICKERMAN. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 745, entitled:

An Act to amend the first section of an act approved the twenty-seventh day of April one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act regulating the compensation of court criers and tipstaves in counties containing more than ninety thousand and less than one hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants providing for the payment of the same by the particular county limiting the number of tipstaves to be appointed and repealing an act of Assembly entitled 'An Act to regulate the fees of court criers and tipstaves of the courts in judicial districts containing more than ninety thousand and less than one hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants' approved 'the twenty-ninth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine" so as to increase the number of tipstaves which may be employed in such judicial districts at any one time

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—178.

Adams,	Fruit,	Luxemburger,	Showalter,
Albee,	Gallagher,	Mangan,	Sinclair,
Alcorn,	Gans,	Marvin,	Smith, J. W.,
Alexander,	Garner,	Mather,	Smith, Jeff. W.,
Arnold,	Geary,	Maurer,	Smith, L.,
Aron,	Geiser,	McArdle,	Snyder,
Arthur,	Gingery,	McCaig,	Sones,
Baldwin,	Glass,	McClintock,	Spangler,
Barnett,	Glenn,	McClure,	Spencer,
Bauerle,	Gompers,	McConnell,	[illegible]tler,
Beck,	Goodnough,	McKay,	Staving,
Becker,	Goodyear,	McNichol,	Steedle,
Benn,	Gormley,	McVicar,	Stein,
Benninger,	Graham,	Mearkle,	Stern,
Bergy,	Gransback,	Mellott,	Stone,
Berntheizel,	Greenwood,	Murdoch,	Sullivan,
Beyer,	Habgood,	Myers,	Swan,
Blackburn,	Hackett,	Neville,	Swartz,
Brosius,	Hamilton,	Nieder,	Thomas,
Brumbaugh,	Harper,	Nissley,	Trach,
Campbell, J. O.,	Heffernan,	Ostrander,	Twibill,
Campbell, T.,	Herman,	Palmer,	Urich,
Christman,	Hess,	Perry,	Whitten,
Coldsmith,	Heyburn,	Peters,	Vickerman,
Conner,	Hibshman,	Phillips,	Wagner,
Corbin,	Hollern,	Pickering,	Walsh,
Cox,	Hollingsworth,	Powell,	Walter,
Cummins,	Horton,	Ramsey,	Walton,
Curry,	Howarth,	Reel,	Weimer,
Davis,	Hubler,	Reynolds,	Weir,
Dawson,	Jones, E. E.,	Rhoads,	West,
Dell,	Jones, W. W.,	Rininger,	Wettach,
Diefenderfer,	Kaiser,	Rinn,	Whitten,
Dodds,	Kitts,	Robertson,	Wildman,
Drinkhouse,	Klinger,	Roney,	Willard,
Dunn,	Lafferty,	Rothenberger,	Williams,
Eby,	Landis,	Rowell,	Wilson, H. I.,
Ehrhardt,	Lanius,	Sampsel,	Wilson, W. H.,
Eppley,	Lauer,	Sarig,	Wobensmith,
Erdman,	Lauler,	Schaeffer,	Wood,
Evans,	Leighner,	Scott,	Woodward,
Fackler,	Lindsey,	Shaaber,	Wylie,
Finnerty,	Lipschutz,	Shaffer,	Wynne,
Flynn,	Love,	Shoop,	Ambler,
Forster,	Luppert,		Speaker.
Fretz,			

NAYS—6.

Baker,	Jack,	McCurdy,	Whitaker,
Brownlee,	Kuhn,		

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 704, entitled:

An Act to enlarge the purchase price to be paid by the Department of Forestry for lands to be purchased and used for State forest purpose

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—145.

Adams,	Dodds,	Kunkle,	Rudisill,
Albee,	Drinkhouse,	Lafferty,	Sampsel,
Alcorn,	Dunn,	Landis,	Sarig,
Alexander,	Eby,	Lanius,	Schaeffer,
Arnold,	Erdman,	Lauer,	Scott,
Aron,	Evans,	Leighner,	Shaffer,
Arthur,	Fackler,	Lindsey,	Shoop,
Baker,	Finnerty,	Lipschutz,	Sinclair,
Baldwin,	Flynn,	Love,	Smith, J. W.,
Barnett,	Fretz,	Luppert,	Smith, Jeff. W.,
Bauerle,	Fruit,	Luxemburger,	Smith, L.,
Beck,	Gallagher,	Maurer,	Snyder,
Becker,	Geary,	McArdle,	Sones,
Benninger,	Geiser,	McClure,	Spangler,
Bergy,	Gingery,	McConnell,	Spencer,
Berntheizel,	Glass,	McDermott,	Swartz,
Beyer,	Glenn,	McKay,	Thomas,
Blackburn,	Gompers,	McVicar,	Trach,
Body,	Goodnough,	Milliron,	Twibill,
Brosius,	Goodwin,	Murdoch,	Urich,
Brownlee,	Goodyear,	Myers,	Vickerman,
Brumbaugh,	Gormley,	Neville,	Vogdes,
Bungard,	Graham,	Nieder,	Walsh,
Campbell, J. O.,	Gransback,	Oaks,	Walter,
Campbell, T.,	Habgood,	Palmer,	Weimer,
Christman,	Hackett,	Perry,	Weir,
Coldsmith,	Harper,	Peters,	West,
Conner,	Heffernan,	Phillips,	Wildman,
Corbin,	Herman,	Pickering,	Willard,
Cromer,	Hess,	Powell,	Wilson, H. I.,
Cummins,	Heyburn,	Ramsey,	Wilson, W. H.,
Curry,	Hibshman,	Reynolds,	Wobensmith,
Davis,	Horton,	Rhoads,	Wood,
Dawson,	Hubler,	Rinn,	Wylie,
Dell,	Kitts,	Robertson,	Wynne,
Diefenderfer,	Klinger,	Roney,	

NAYS—28.

Cox,	Jones, E. E.,	Reel,	Stone,
Ehrhardt,	Jones, W. W.,	Rich,	Swan,
Garner,	Mangan,	Shaaber,	Wagner,
Greenwood,	Marvin,	Shatler,	Wettach,
Hamilton,	Mather,	Staving,	Whitaker,
Hollingsworth,	McCaig,	Steedle,	Whitten,
Howarth,	Mearkle,	Stern,	Ambler, Speaker.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 684, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the first day of May one thousand nine hundred seven entitled "An Act relating to the appointment of stenographers and assistant stenographers to report proceedings in the several courts of common pleas and orphans' courts courts of oyer and terminer and general jail delivery and courts of quarter sessions of the peace of this Commonwealth as well as before commissioners masters and special masters in chancery referees examiners auditors and other officers prescribing their powers and duties and when such reports shall be evidence of the facts reported prescribing their compensation and allowances for expenses when the same shall be paid by the county wherein such stenographers or assistant stenographers are employed and when by the parties to such proceedings and repealing an act entitled 'An Act directing the appointment of official stenographers in the several civil courts of this Commonwealth authorizing the appointment of stenographers by examiners masters referees commissioners and auditors authorizing the appointment af assistant stenographers repealing 'An Act to authorize the appointment of stenographers in the several courts of this Commonwealth prescribing their duties and fixing their compensation' approved May fifteenth one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four repealing 'An Act to authorize the appointment of stenographers in the several courts of this Commonwealth prescribing their duties and fixing their compensation' approved May eighth one thousand eight hundred and seventy-six and repealing 'An Act defining the duty of court stenographers in the several counties of this State' approved June tenth one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one' approved the twenty-fourth day of May one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven but such repeal not to revive any law repealed by said act of twenty-fourth of May one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. KITTS. Mr. Speaker, I desire to ask unanimous consent to offer amendments to this bill at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The Clerk then read the amendments as follows:

Amend title, line 15, by striking out the word "proceeding" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "proceedings"

Amend section 1, line 32, by inserting a single quote after the word eighty-one'

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to insert the amendments as read? Is there any objection? The Chair hears none and the amendments are agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading as amended?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended lie over for printing.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 546, entitled:

An Act to regulate certain kinds of insurance by individuals and partnerships or associations of indiviuals known as Lloyd's defining the power of such associations authorizing the Insurance Commissioner to grant a license and perscribing penalties for any violation thereof and repealing existing laws

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I move that further consideration of this bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 873 (Senate Bill No. 13), entitled:

An Act relating to and regulating partnerships

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. BAKER. Mr. Speaker, I move that further consideration of this bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. LIPSCHUTZ. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 800, entitled:

An Act to repeal an act approved the first day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to tax traction engines and providing that the same shall be assessed by the several assessors of the counties of this Commonwealth in the same manner as other articles of personal estate liable for taxation are assessed"

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—174.

Adams,	Fruit,	Lauer,	Rothenberger,
Albee,	Gallagher,	Leighner,	Rudisill,
Alcorn,	Gans,	Lindsey,	Sampsel,
Alexander,	Garner,	Lipschutz,	Sarig,
Arnold,	Geary,	Love,	Schaeffer,
Aron,	Geiser,	Luxemburger,	Scott,
Baker,	Gingery,	Lynch,	Shaaber,
Barnett,	Glass,	Mangan,	Shaffer,
Beck,	Glenn,	Marvin,	Showalter,
Benninger,	Gompers,	Mather,	Sinclair,
Bergy,	Goodnough,	Maurer,	Smith, J. W.,
Berntheizel,	Goodwin,	McCaig,	Smith, Jeff. W.
Beyer,	Goodyear,	McClintock,	Smith, L.,

Blackburn,	Gormley,	McClure,	Snyder,
Body,	Graham,	McConnell,	Sones,
Bovee,	Gransback,	McCurdy,	Spangler,
Brosius,	Greenwood,	McDermott,	Spencer,
Brownlee,	Hackett,	McKay,	Steedle,
Bungard,	Hamilton,	McNichol,	Stein,
Campbell, J. O.	Harper,	McVicar,	Stern,
Campbell, T.,	Heffernan,	Mearkle,	Stone,
Christman,	Herman,	Mellott,	Sullivan,
Coldsmith,	Hess,	Milliron,	Swartz,
Conner,	Heyburn,	Murdoch,	Thomas,
Corbin,	Hibshman,	Myers,	Trach,
Cromer,	Hoffman,	Neville,	Twibill,
Cummins,	Hollern,	Nieder,	Urich,
Curry,	Hollingsworth,	Oaks,	Vickerman,
Davis,	Horton,	Ostrander,	Walsh,
Dawson,	Howarth,	Palmer,	Weaver,
Dell,	Hubler,	Perry,	Weimer,
Diefenderfer,	Jack,	Peters,	Weir,
Dodds,	Jones, E. E.,	Phillips,	Wettach,
Drinkhouse,	Jones, W. W.,	Pickering,	Whitaker,
Dunn,	Kaiser,	Powell,	Wildman,
Eby,	Kitts,	Ramsey,	Willard,
Eppley,	Klinger,	Reel,	Williams,
Erdman,	Kuhn,	Reynolds,	Wobensmith,
Evans,	Kunkle,	Rhoads,	Wood,
Fackler,	Lafferty,	Rich,	Woodward,
Finnerty,	Landis,	Rininger,	Wylie,
Flynn,	Lanius,	Rinn,	Wynne,
Forster,	Lauer,	Robertson,	Ambler,
Fretz,		Roney,	Speaker.

NAYS—7.

Arthur,	Shoop,	Swan,	West.
Bauerle,	Staving,	Wagner,	

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 883, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Department of Forestry to grow and distribute young forest trees and restricting their use after distribution

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. H. I. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I desire to ask unanimous consent to offer an amendment to the bill at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The Clerk then read the amendment as follows:

Amend section 3, line 2, by striking out the word "one" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "act"

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimouns consent to insert the amendment as read? Is there any objection? The Chair hears none and the amendment is agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading as amended?

It was agreed.

Ordered, That the bill as amended lie over for printing.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 490 (Senate Bill No. 47), entitled:

An Act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act to fix the fees to be allowed the district attorney in the several counties of this Commonwealth having seven hundred fifty thousand inhabitants and less than one million two hundred thousand" approved May sixth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and ageed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitutions, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS 175.

Adams,	Fruit,	Love,	Shaaber,
Albee,	Gallagher,	Luppert,	Shaffer,
Alcorn,	Gans.	Luxemburger,	Shoop,
Alexander,	Garner,	Lynch,	Showalter,
Arnold,	Geary,	Marvin,	Sinclair,
Aron,	Geiser,	Maurer,	Smith, J. W.,
Arthur,	Gingery,	McArdle,	Smith, Jeff. W.,
Baldwin,	Glass,	McCaig,	Smith, L.,
Bauerle,	Gompers,	McClintock,	Snyder,
Beck,	Goodnough,	McClure,	Spangler,
Becker,	Goodwin,	McConnell,	Spencer,
Benninger,	Goodyear,	McCurdy,	Statler,
Bergy,	Gormley,	McDermott,	Staving,
Berntheizel,	Graham,	McKay,	Steedle,
Beyer,	Gransback,	McNichol,	Stein,
Blackburn,	Greenwood,	McVicar,	Stern,
Body,	Hackett,	Mearkle,	Stone,
Bovee,	Hamilton,	Milliron,	Sullivan,
Brosius,	Harper,	Murdoch,	Swan,
Brownlee,	Heffernan,	Neville,	Swartz,
Brumbaugh,	Hess,	Nieder,	Thomas,
Bungard,	Heyburn,	Nissley,	Trach,
Campbell, T.,	Hibshman,	Oaks,	Twibill,
Christman,	Hoffman,	Ostrander,	Urich,
Coldsmith,	Hollern,	Perry,	Vogdes,
Conner,	Hollingsworth,	Peters,	Walsh,
Corbin,	Horton,	Phillips,	Walter,
Cox,	Howarth,	Pickering,	Watson,
Curry,	Hubler,	Powell,	Weaver,
Davis,	Jack,	Ramsey,	Weimer,
Dawson,	Jones, E. E.,	Reel,	Weir,
Diefenderfer,	Jones, W. W.,	Reynolds,	West,
Dodds,	Kaiser,	Rhoads,	Wettach,
Drinkhouse,	Kitts,	Rich,	Whitaker,
Dunn,	Klinger,	Rininger,	Wildman,
Eby,	Kuhn,	Rinn,	Willard,
Ehrhardt,	Lafferty,	Robertson,	Williams,
Eppley,	Landis,	Roney,	Wilson, H. I.,
Evans,	Lanius,	Rowell,	Wilson, W. H.,
Fackler,	Lauer,	Rudisill,	Wobensmith,
Finnerty,	Lauler,	Sampsel,	Wood,
Flynn,	Leighner,	Sarig,	Woodward,
Forster,	Lindsey,	Schaeffer,	Ambler
Fretz,	Lipschutz,	Scott,	Speaker.

NAYS 7.

Baker,	Cromer,	Vickerman,	Wylie,
Campbell, J. O.,	Palmer,	Whitten.	

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed it without amendment.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. Speaker, I desire to call up House Bill No. 483, File Folio 2057 on page 8 of today's calendar bills on third reading postponed for the purpose of amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 483, entitled:

An Act defining paint to prevent deception in sale of paint to provide for true labels for and advertising of the same when offered for sale for the enforcement of this act by the Secretary of Agriculture and penalties for the violation of same

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to offer amendments at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The Clerk then read the amendments as follows.

Amend section 2, line 1 by inserting before the word "expose" the word "knowingly."

Amend section 4, line 1 by inserting after the word "unlawful" the word "knowingly."

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to insert the amendments as read? Is there any objection? The Chair hears none and the amendments will be inserted in accordance with the instructions of the House.

The bill as amended was then agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended lie over for printing.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 885, entitled:

An Act extending the powers and duties of foresters forest rangers game protectors deputy game protectors special deputy game protectors fish wardens and deputy fish wardens of this Commonwealth

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and ageed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitutions, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS 194.

Adams,	Flynn,	Love,	Shoop,
Albee,	Forster,	Luppert,	Showalter,
Alcorn,	Fretz,	Luxemburger,	Sinclair,
Alexander,	Fruit,	Lynch,	Smith, Jeff. W.,
Arnold,	Gallagher,	Mangan,	Smith, L.,
Aron,	Gans,	Marvin,	Sones,
Arthur,	Garner,	Mather,	Spangler,
Baker,	Geary,	McArdle,	Spencer,
Baldwin,	Geiser,	McCaig,	Statler,
Barnett,	Gingery,	McClintock,	Staving,
Bauerle,	Glass,	McClure,	Steedle,
Beck,	Gompers,	McConnell,	Stein,
Becker,	Goodnough,	McCurdy,	Stern,
Benn,	Goodwin,	McDermott,	Stone,
Benninger,	Goodyear,	McKay,	Sullivan,
Bergy,	Gormley,	McNichol,	Swan,
Berntheizel,	Graham,	McVicar,	Swartz,
Beyer,	Gransback,	Mearkle,	Thomas,
Blackburn,	Greenwood,	Mellott,	Trach,
Body,	Habgood,	Milliron,	Twibill,
Bovee,	Hackett,	Myers,	Urich,
Brosius,	Hamilton,	Neville,	Vickerman,
Brownlee,	Harper,	Nieder,	Vogdes,
Brumbaugh,	Heffernan,	Nissley,	Wagner,
Bungard,	Herman,	Oaks,	Walsh,
Campbell, J. O.,	Hess,	Ostrander,	Walter,
Campbell, T.,	Heyburn,	Palmer,	Walton,
Christman,	Hibshman,	Perry,	Weaver,
Coldsmith,	Hoffman,	Peters,	Weimer,
Conner,	Hollern,	Phillips,	Weir,
Corbin,	Hollingsworth,	Pickering,	West,
Cox,	Horton,	Powell,	Wettach,
Cromer,	Howarth,	Ramsey,	Whitaker,
Cummins,	Hubler,	Reel,	Whitten,
Curry,	Jack,	Reynolds,	Wildman,
Davis,	Jones, E. E.,	Rhoads,	Willard,
Dawson,	Jones, W. W.,	Rich,	Williams,
Dell,	Kaiser,	Richards,	Wilson, H. I.,
Diefenderfer,	Kitts,	Rininger,	Wilson, W. H.,
Dodds,	Klinger,	Rinn,	Wobensmith,
Drinkhouse,	Kuhn,	Roney,	Wood,
Dunn,	Kunkle,	Rowell,	Woodward,
Eby,	Lafferty,	Rudisill,	Wylie,
Ehrhardt,	Lanius,	Sampsel,	Wynne,
Eppley,	Lauler,	Sarig,	Young,
Erdman,	Lauer,	Schaeffer,	Ambler,
Evans,	Leighner,	Scott,	Speaker.
Fackler,	Lindsey,	Shaaber,	
Finnerty,	Lipschutz,	Shaffer,	

NAYS 1.

Robertson,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 725, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the sixth day of May one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven entitled "An Act to authorize the commissioners of the several counties of this Commonwealth to discharge from prison all persons confined in jail without proceedings under the insolvent laws

Mr. KITTS. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to offer amendments at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The Clerk then read the amendments as follows:

Amend section 1, Line 59 by striking out the word "nothwithstanding" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "notwithstanding"

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to insert the amendments as read? Is there any objection? The Chair hears none and the amendments will be inserted in accordance with the instructions of the House.

The bill as amended was then agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended lie over for printing.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 680, entitled:

An Act relative to estates of decedents

Mr. KITTS. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to offer amendments at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The Clerk then read the amendments as follows:

Amend section 1, Line 7 by striking out the word "testimentary" and inserting in lien thereof the word "testamentary"

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to insert the amendments as read? Is tnere any objection? The Chair hears none and the amendments will be inserted in accordance with the instructions of the House.

The bill as amended was then agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended lie over for printing.

The SPEAKER. The Chair asks unanimous consent to turn to bills on second reading.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 697, as follows:

An Act to amend an act approved the fourth day of April one thousand nine hundred and one entitled "An Act fixing the term of office of notaries public regulating the appointment and prescribing certain duties thereof"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That The first section of an act approved the fourth day of April one thousand nine hundred and one entitled "An Act fixing the term of office of notaries public regulating the appointment and prescribing certain duties thereof" and which reads as follows

"Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from and after the passage of this act notaries public appointed by the Governor during the recess of the Senate shall each receive a commission which shall expire at the end of the next session of the Senate" is amended to read as follows

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That each notary public appointed by the Governor during the recess of the Senate shall receive a commission which shall expire on the last day of March during the next session of the Senate

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 595, as follows:

An Act to provide for the immediate printing and distribution of advance sheets of the laws of this Commonwealth as they are enacted from time to time to persons making application therefor and to certain officials

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That on and after the passage of this act it shall be the duty of the Secretary of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania within ten days after the signing of any bill by the Governor whereby it becomes a law to furnish proof of same to the Superintendent of Public Printing and Binding who shall immediately print advance sheets of such laws and by and through the Division of Distribution of Documents in his department to transmit by mail during any Legislative session one copy of said law to any person applying in writing therefor Provided that before any person shall be entitled to receive the same he shall have paid to the Secretary of the Commonwealth for the use of the State the sum of two dollars which said payment shall entitle such person to one copy ofeach law passed during any one session of the General Assembly and the Secretary of the Commonwealth shall furnish the Superintendent of Public Printing and Binding with the name and address of each such person so entitled to advance sheets of laws Provided further that a copy of advance sheets of laws shall be forwarded to each Department of the State Government to each prothonotary and to each law judge of the courts and to every county and public law library of this Commonwealth

Section 2 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 789, entitled:

An Act giving to dependent neglected incorrigible delinquent and other children committed to the care custody or control of any institution or citizens or training school or industrial school or any association willing to receive them or to any other person or persons by any court of this Commonwealth sitting as a juvenile court or any judge or magistrate sitting as such the right to reviews and rehearings on petition of their parent or parents or next friend requiring the testimony to be made a part of the record and providing for appeals to the Superior Court (Mr. Sullivan)

The first and second sections were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That within twenty-one (21) days after the final order or decree of any of the courts of this Commonwealth sitting as a juvenile court or any judge or magistrate sitting as such committing or placing any dependent neglected incorrigible delinquent or other kind of child or children to any institution reputable citizen or to the care of some training school or an industrial school or to the care of some institution willing to receive it or them or to any other person or persons except to their respective parent or parents such child or children shall as a matter of right by its or their parent or parents or next friend have the right to present to such courts sitting as juvenile courts or judge or magistrate sitting as such a petition to have its or their case or cases reviewed and reheard if in the estimation of such parent or parents or next friend an error of fact or of law or of both has been made in such proceedings or final orders or if the said order has been improvidently or inadvertently made and upon the presentation of such petition the said courts sitting as juvenile courts or judge or magistrate sitting as such shall grant such review and rehearing as a matter of right and it shall be required that the testimony be taken down at such reviews and rehearings and transcribed by an official court stenographer at the cost of the party requesting such review and rehearings which testimony shall be duly made a part of the record in such cases From the final order or decree of such courts of this Commonwealth sitting as juvenile courts or judge or magistrate sitting as such court in proceedings for such rehearings and reviews appeals shall lie as a matter of right to the Superior Court of this Commonwealth upon the same terms and with the same regulations as are provided by existing laws in regard to appeals from any definite sentence or decree of the orphans' court and in hearing such appeals the Superior Court shall consider the testimony as a part of the record

Section 2 If at any time after the final order or decree of any of the courts of this Commonwealth sitting as juvenile courts or any judge or magistrate sitting as such placing or committing any dependent neglected incorrigible delinquent or other child or children to any institution citizen training school industrial school or to the care of some institution willing to receive it or them or to any other person or persons such a change of circumstances should take place that in the estimation of the parent or parents or next friend of such child or children should warrant the revocation or modification of such final orders or decrees such dependent neglected incorrigible delinquent or other child or children hereinabove described shall by its or their parent or parents or next friend have the right to file a petition in such courts sitting as juvenile courts or with aforesaid judges or magistrate sitting as such asking for a revocation or modification of such final orders or decrees and it shall be the duty of such courts sitting as juvenile courts or judges or magistrates sitting as such to give a full and proper hearing on such petitions and it shall be required that the testimony at such hearings be taken and transcribed by an official court stenographer at the cost of the party requesting such hearing and such testimony shall be duly made a part of the record in the case From the final order or decree of such courts of this Commonwealth sitting as juvenile courts or judges or magistrate sitting as such court in proceedings for such hearings mentioned in this paragraph appeals shall lie as a matter of right to the Superior Court of this Commonwealth upon the same terms and with the same regulations as are provided by existing laws in regard to appeals from any definitive sentence or decree of the orphans' court and in hearing such appeals the Superior Court shall consider the testimony as part of the record

The title was read as follows:

An Act giving to dependent neglected incorrigible delinquent and other children committed to the care custody or control of any institution or citizen or training school or industrial school or any association willing to receive them or to any other person or persons by any court of this Commonwealth siting as a juvenile court or any judge or magistrate sitting as such the right to reviews and rehearings on petition of their parent or parents or next friend requiring the testimony to be made a part of the record and providing for appeals to the Superior Court

On the question,

Will the House agree to the title?

Mr. SULLIVAN. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend title, line 5, by striking out the word "siting" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "sitting"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the title as amended?

It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 623, as follows:

An Act giving district attorneys authority with the approval of the court of quarter sessions of the proper county or any judge thereof to employ expert and special witnesses to assist in the preparation and trial of criminal cases to employ special investigators and detectives and to employ persons to assist in apprehending and extraditing fugitives from justice and to determine the compensation of said witnesses investigators detectives and persons and to approve the bills of the same and authorizing the payment of said bills out of the treasury of the proper county

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the district attorney of any county of this Commonwealth is hereby authorized with the approval of the judge of quarter sessions of the proper county or any judge thereof to engage the services of such expert and special witnesses as he deems necessary for the proper preparation and trial of any case in the courts of oyer and terminer and general jail delivery and the court of quarter sessions of said county The compensation of said witnesses shall be determined by the district attorney with the consent of the court of quarter sessions or any judge thereof and when the bills of said witnesses have been approved by the district attorney and by the court of quarter sessions or any judge thereof the same shall be a charge upon the county in behalf of which the services were rendered and shall be paid out of the treasury of said county on a certificate issued by the district attorney directed to the controller of the county who shall order warrants for said amounts according to law In counties having no controller the district attorney shall issue warrants upon the county treasurer for said amounts and the same shall be paid by said treasurer

Section 2 Whenever in the judgment of the district attorney of any county of this Commonwealth it is necessary to the due administration and enforcement of the criminal laws of this Commonwealth that special investigators or detectives shall be employed for the purpose of investigating and detecting crimes or alleged crimes and for the purpose of securing evidence against any person or persons suspected of violating the laws of this Commonwealth whether or not said person or persons have been arrested or indicted it shall be lawful for said district attorney of the proper county with the consent of the court of quarter sessions of said county or of any judge thereof to engage the services of one or more of said investigators or detectives for said purpose or purposes The compensation of said investigators or detectives shall be fixed by the district attorney with the consent of the court of quarter sessions or any judge thereof and when the bills of said investigators or detectives have been approved by the district attorney and the court of quarter sessions of any judge thereof said bill shall be a charge upon the county in behalf of which said services are rendered and shall be paid out of the treasury of said county on a certificate issued by the district attorney directed to the controller of the county who shall order warrants for said amounts according to law In counties having no controller the district attorney shall issue warrants upon the county treasurer for said amounts and the same shall be paid by said treasurer

Section 3 When ever in the judgment of the district attorney of any county of this Commonwealth the due administration and enforcement of the criminal law requires the apprehension and extradition of fugitives from justice it shall be lawful for said district attorney of the county in which said crime was committed with the approval of the court of quarter sessions of said county or any judge thereof to employ competent persons to assist the county authorities in apprehending and extraditing said fugitives

The compensation of the persons thus engaged shall be fixed by the district attorney with the consent of the court of quarter sessions or any judge thereof and the bill of said person or persons when duly approved by the district attorney and the court of quarter sessions or any judge thereof shall be a charge upon the county in behalf of which said services are rendered and shall be paid out of the treasury of said county on a certificate issued by the district attorney directed to the controller of the county who shall order warrants for said amounts according to law In counties having no controller the district attorney shall issue warrants upon the county treasurer for said amounts and the same shall be paid by said treasurer

Section 4 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 324, entitled:

An Act creating additional subjects of taxation in cities of the second class by providing that all real estate in cities of the second class owned or possessed by any corporation shall be subject to taxation for city and school purposes the same as other real estate in said cities

The first section was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That all real estate in cities of the second class owned or possessed by any corporation shall be subject to taxation for city and school purposes the same as other real estate in said cities

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. SULLIVAN. Mr. Speaker I move that House Bill No. 324, File Folio 2165, be recommitted to the Committee on Ways and Means for the purpose of a hearing.

Mr. STEIN. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 737, as follows:

An Act authorizing municipalities to purchase the entire capital stock of bridge companies owning bridges situated wholly or partly within the limits of such municipalities and exempting the capital stock and bonds of such companies from State taxation

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the municipalities of this Commonwealth are hereby authorized to purchase the entire capital stock of bridge companies owning bridges situated wholly or partly within the limits of such municipalities provided the municipality shall purchase and own or control all of the capital stock of the said company

Section 2 Where all of the capital stock of any bridge company has been heretofore or may hereafter be purchased by any municipality of this Commonwealth and is owned or controlled by said municipality the capital stock and bonds of said bridge company shall be and the same are hereby exempted from State taxation

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 738 as follows:

An Act authorizing and empowering cities of the second class to construct underground tubes or subways to be used for pipe galleries or for the operation of street passenger railway lines either or both providing for the use thereof by public service corporations and others having their tracks conduits wires cables pipes and other appliances on the public streets conferring power upon said cities to compel their use under certain conditions and providing for the payment of a reasonable rental therefor

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That cities of the second class are hereby authorized and empowered to construct and maintain underground tubes or subways under or through the public streets of said cities and in addition thereto when necessary to extend the said tubes or subways under or through private property the compensation to be paid therefor to be fixed as hereinafter provided The said tubes or underground subways may be used for any one or more of the following purposes For the placing therein of the conduits wires cables pipes and other appliances of public service corporations or others having their pipes conduits cables wires or other appliances in the public streets of said cities the tracks poles wires and other appliances of street passenger railway companies or of the said cities the pipes sewers conduits or wires belonging to said cities or belonging to any person firm or corporation having the right to place the same in the public streets of said city

Section 2 The said cities shall have the right to enact ordinances providing for the laying out of routes or locations for said underground tubes or subways under through and on to the streets and highways thereof and also under through and on to private property when necessary and to make and construct the necessary openings entrances vaults and manholes and to construct and install the equipment and appliances therein and connected therewith as may be useful and necessary for the full and complete use thereof by the general public the said city and the said persons firms and corporations having their said appliances in said streets and highways

Section 3 Said cities shall have the right to charge a reasonable rental for the use of said underground tubes or subways the amounts to be charged for the various uses thereof to be fixed from time to time by ordinance and they shall also have power to charge for any special use that may be made thereof such as for entrances from and to private property advertising or otherwise

Section 4 Whenever said cities shall have entered into an agreement with a street passenger railway company for the operation of its cars in a proposed underground tube or subway they shall have the right to construct in conjunction therewith an additional or larger underground tube or subway and the same shall be used for the conduits pipes cables wires and other appliances located in said street or streets and said cities shall have the right to compel any one or more of the public service corporations and others using the public streets to utilize the said underground tube or subway and to take such locations therein as may be assigned by the proper corporate authorities to the respective persons firms or corporations and to pay therefor a reasonable rental The said cities in such cases may by ordinance require any one or more classes of users of the public highways as aforesaid to utilize the said underground tubes or subways as may be deemed expedient and necessary by the proper corporate authority and as they may find necessary for the public safety welfare and convenience provided however that no unreasonable discrimination may be made by said cities within the same class of users in requiring them to place their appliances and fixtures in said underground tubes or subways

Section 5 The said cities shall also have the right to construct pipe galleries and compel the persons having their wires pipes conduits and other appliances and equipment in said streets and highways to use the same whenever the proper corporate authorities deem it for the public welfare and interest to permit new and additional appliances to be placed in said highways and the number and extent of the existing appliances and the congestion resulting therefrom makes such a course advisable and expedient in the judgment of the corporate authorities in the interest of the public safety welfare and convenience and also in any other situation when the number and extent of the existing appliances the character location and users of the public highway makes such a course advisable and expedient in the judgment of the corporate authorities in the interest of the public safety welfare and convenience No unreasonable discrimination may be made by said cities within the same class of users in requiring them to place their appliances and fixtures in said underground tubes or subways and the rentals to be charged shall be fair and reasonable

The said cities shall in all cases have the right to compel all new users of the highways and all new installations to be placed in said pipe galleries and to charge therefor fair and reasonable rentals

Section 6 Any legal damages that may accrue to abutting properties or to any property by reason of the construction of the aforesaid improvements or any of them on the streets and highways of said cities shall be ascertained and collected in the same manner as is now or may hereafter be provided by law for ascertaining and collecting damages to abutting properties caused by the grading or otherwise improving of streets in such cities and any damages that may accrue by reason of the passing of said underground tube or subway under through or on to any property or by reason of the said improvements any or all of them shall be ascertained and collected in the same manner as is now or may hereafter be provided by law for ascertaining and collecting damages for the taking injury or destruction of property

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House bill No. 572, as follows:

An Act creating a Division of Distribution of Documents defining its powers and duties regulating the printing binding and distribution of the public documents of this Commonwealth and providing penalties for the violation of this act

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the word "document" used in this act includes the documents specifically referred to in section nineteen of this act and also such books pamphlets circulars bulletins blanks and other documents and papers which any department division bureau or commission shall request the Division of Distribution of Documents to distribute

Section 2 There is hereby established in the Department of Public Printing and Binding a division to be known as the "Division of Distribution of Documents"

Section 3 The chief of the division shall be appointed by the Superintendent of Public Printing and Binding with the approval of the Governor for the term of four years or until his successor has been appointed and has qualified He shall before assuming the duties of his office take and subscribe to the oath or affirmation prescribed by the Constitution of this Commonwealth and shall give bond to the Commonwealth in the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000) conditioned on the faithful performance by him of the duties of his office

Section 4 The Superintendent of Public Printing and Binding shall appoint in said division two shipping clerks two mailing clerks one bookkeeper and one stenographer and typewriter each of whom shall receive an annual salary of fifteen hundred dollars one messenger who shall receive an annual salary of one thousand dollars Additional employes shall when necessary be assigned to the division by the Superintendent of Public Printing and Binding

Section 5 It shall be the duty of the State Printer when he shall print any document at the expense of this Commonwealth to deliver all such documents to the division of distribution of documents unless otherwise directed in writing by the chief of the division of documents

Section 6 Whenever any documents shall be delivered to the chief of the division he shall notify the Superintendent of Public Printing and Binding who shall have the paper printing and binding thereof examined and compared with the paper printing and binding set forth in the order of the Superintendent of Public Printing and Binding to the State Printer for such documents and if the Superintendent of Public Printing and Binding shall find any variance in the quality of the paper or the printing or binding he shall at once notify the Chief of the Division of Public Documents not to accept the same and in case the number of documents delivered is not as authorized the Chief of the Division of Public Documents shall at once notify the Superintendent of Public Printing and Binding of such shortage

Section 7 It shall be unlawful for any officer of the State Government or for any legislative committee or for any commission or commissioner authorized by law to have any document printed except by the State Printer unless the Superintendent of Public Printing and Binding is required to order printing done elswhere because of the inability of the State Printer to do the work or it is necessary in order to expedite the printing for the said Superintendent of Public Printing and Binding to authorize the State Printer to have the printing done elsewhere

Section 8 The chief of said division shall distribute documents only on a written order or requisition addressed to the chief of the division by the official or persons entitled to such documents The distribution of any document the distribution of which is not provided for in this act or the act authorizing the publication of the same shall be subject to the approval of the Superintendent of Public Printing and Binding

Section 9 The only persons who shall be entitled to order documents from the division shall be the following namely—The Governor the heads and deputy heads of the various departments of the State Government and the Librarian of the Senate and the Resident Clerk of the House of Representatives who shall make requisition on the Chief of the Division of Documents from time to time for such documents as the Senators and principal officers of the Senate and the Members and principal officers of the House of Representatives are entitled also each department and each sole commissioner and the chairman of any lawful commission and the chairman of any legislative committee shall be entitled to order from the division such documents not enumerated in this act as may be necessary in the performance of the work of such department or commissioner or commission or committee or institution and also such documents not enunmerated in this act as shall embody the results of the work of such department or any bureau or division thereof or of any such commissioner commission or committee

Section 10 As soon as copies of any document are delivered to the division the chief shall in writing notify the Librarian of the Senate the Resident Clerk of the House of Representatives and the head of each department division bureau commission or committee of the number thereof to which he or it is entitled Any report which has not been requisitioned at the time when succeeding report from same department commission or committee is received shall be subject to requisition by said department commission or committee without regard to number There shall however be retained for future use such number of each document as the Superintendent of Pubic Printing and Binding shall determine Whenever the Librarian of the Senate and Resident Clerk of the House are notified by the chief of the division that he has documents ready for delivery to which the Senate and House of Representatives are entitled they shall immediately notify the Members and principal officers of the Senate and House of Representatives respectively Upon receipt of any proper requisition the chief shall have the proper documents prepared for shipment by wrapping the same separately or by packing in bulk in packages or in boxes as the case may be and addressed as requested in the requisition All documents to be shipped by mail or express shall be delivered to the post office or to the express company respectively All documents to be shipped by freight shall be delivered to the general shipping contractors All documents shall be delivered free at the post office express office or freight office as the case may be where the person to whom they are addressed resides All files and the contents of the desks of Members of the General Assembly shall be shipped by the division if requested by any Senator or Member

Section 11 To the persons entitled to documents the chief shall furnish on request blank forms for orders for documents

Section 12 The Librarian of the Senate the Resident Clerk of the House and every department division bureau commission or committee shall file with the division before July first of each year the number of documents respectively on hand the first day of June preceding said first day of July

Section 13 The Board of Commissioners of Public Grounds and Buildings shall provide adequate rooms for conducting the affairs of the division and shall furnish and keep the same duly furnished On requisition of the Chief of the Division countersigned by the Superintendent of Public Printing and Binding it shall furnish all supplies and furniture that may be necessary in conducting the affairs of the division

Section 14 The Superintendent of Public Printing and Binding shall on requisition of the Chief of the Division furnish all printing that may be necessary in such division

Section 15 The Chief of the Division shall annually report as of July first to the Superintendent of Public Printing and Binding the number of documents received the manner and on whose order they have been distributed and the number remaining undistributed He shall also report the names of those who in his judgment have unreasonably requested documents or who have exceeded in their orders the number of documents to which they would reasonably be entitled He shall also suggest improved methods leading to economy in the printing and distribution of documents This report or a summary thereof shall be included in the report of the Superintendent to the Governor

Section 16 Documents shall be distributed in the following manner only Personally to those entitled thereto or to their duly authorized agent Upon the requisition of any members or principal officer of the General Assembly at any time during the term of his office any document requested shall be delivered by mail or otherwise to the address of the person indicated in such requisition Due credit shall be given to the respective member or officer by stamping in the front of such document "Compliments of John Doe" member or officer of the Senate (or House of Representatives as the case may be) Such stamps shall be furnished by the Board of Commissioners of Public Grounds and Buildings This however shall not prevent any member or officer from having one in every five or fractional part of five of his allotment of the different documents sent on requisition to his residence or business address if he shall so desire The Chief Clerk of the Senate the Librarian of the Senate the Chief Clerk of the House and the Resident Clerk of the House may in their discretion requisition documents singly or in bulk

Section 17 During the month of July in each year the Superintendent of Public Printing and Binding shall by advertisement solicit proposals for shipping by freight The contract shall be for shipping documents by freight including drayage to the railroad from the Division and shall be for one year from the fifteenth day of August The contract shall be let to the lowest and best bidder All or any bids may be rejected if in the judgment of the Superintendent they are excessive

Section 18 When a contract or contracts for the shipping of documents shall be awarded the contractor or contractors shall dray and ship all documents shipped by freight from the rooms of the Division of Documents If a contractor shall fail to comply with the terms thereof the contract may be awarded to the next best and responsible bidder or the Superintendent of Public Printing and Binding may readvertise and proceed as in the case of a new contract or he may have the work stipulated in the contract performed otherwise at the expense of the defaulting contractor and his surety or the Sueprintendent of Public Printing and Binding may call upon the surety on the bond to fulfill the terms of the contract If the contract be awarded to the next best bidder or be readvertised and reawarded or the work done otherwise as aforesaid the Attorney General shall in the name of the Commonwealth bring action against the defaulting contractor and his surety to recover fully the loss if any sustained by the Commonwealth by such default Any check that accompanied the proposal of such defaulting contractor shall be forfeited to the Commonwealth

Section 19 All documents of this Commonwealth shall be printed and bound and distributed as provided in this act unless otherwise specified by special act The Governor and each member and President of the Senate Chief Clerk Secretary Librarian Assistant Librarian Journal and Reading Clerks of the Senate and each Member and the Chief Clerk Resident Clerk Assistant Resident Clerk Journal and Reading Clerks of the House of Representatives and each department and commission and institution shall be respectively entitled to requisition not more than the number of documents hereinafter set forth however any Senator or Member may obtain a reasonable additional number of any report of any department commission or committee by furnishing the names and addresses of the parties to whom they wish same sent to The Librarian of the Senate or the Resident Clerk of the House who may with the consent of the department commission or committee publishing same requisition the Division of Distribution of Documents to forward same wiith the Senators or Members compliments stamped therein

1 Twelve hundred and fifty copies each of the Governor's inaugural address annual biennial and special message one thousand of which shall be bound in cloth Each Senator

and officer of the Senate four copies each Member and officer of the House of Representatives three copies the State Librarian three hundred copies the Legislative Reference Bureau ten copies and the Senate Library ten copies and the Governor the remaining number

2 Thirty-three thousand copies of the Pamphlet Laws of each session which shall include all acts Twenty copies shall be labeled "Property of the Senate" and twenty copies shall be labeled "Property of the House" each Senator and officer may requisition sixty copies each Member and officer of the House fifty copies and each member and officer of the succeeding General Assembly five copies An additional copy may be requisitioned for each attorney justice of the peace or alderman in each Legislative district by furnishing the names and addresses of the attorneys justices of the peace or aldermen whose voting residence is within said district to the Resident Clerk of the House signed by each member of the House and the State Senator representing said Legislative district certifying that the attorneys justices of the peace or aldermen on said list are actual voting residents of their district When the Resident Clerk of the House shall requisition the Division of Distribution of Documents to ship same as directed with the compliments of the members of the House and Senator representing said district stamped therein The Secretary of the Senate the Chief Clerk of the Senate and the Chief Clerk of the House may requisition three hundred copies each the Secretary of the Commonwealth the Senate Librarian Resident Clerk of the House and State Librarian five hundred copies the Governor one hundred copies the Auditor General Commissioner of Labor and Industry Superintendent of Public Grounds and Buildings Secretary of Agriculture State Highway Commissioner and the Commissioner of Health ten copies each The Legislative Reference Bureau and Department of Printing and Binding fifty copies all other departments and commissions five copies each The Division of Distribution of Documents the remaining number from which they shall supply one to each county office and court within the State on list furnished by the prothonotaries of the different counties One copy shall be sent to each judge and clerk of the circuit and the district courts of the United States in Pennsylvania and one copy each to the President of the United States the Secretary of State of the United States the Secretary of the United States Senate the Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives and two copies to the Librarian of Congress The remaining copies shall be sold to the public at one dollar and one-half per copy

3 Four hundred each of the journals of the Senate and of the House of Representatives shall be bound in full sheep or otherwise as the Superintendent of Public Printing and Binding shall deem most expedient Ten copies shall be labeled "Property of the Senate" and ten copies shall be labeled "Property of the House" and shall be for the use of the respective branch of the General Assembly Each Senator and officer may requisition one copy the State Librarian one hundred copies the Legislative Reference Bureau ten copies and the Senate Library five copies

4 Four hundred copies only of the Legislative Journal shall be bound in full sheep or as the Superintendent of Public Printing and Binding shall deem most expedient Five copies shall be labeled "Property of the Senate" five copies shall be labeled "Property of the House" and shall be for the use of the respective branch of the General Assembly Each Senator and officer of the Senate and each member and officer of the House may requisition one copy the State Librarian one hundred copies the Legislative Reference Bureau fifteen copies and the Senate Library five copies

5 Twelve hundred and fifty copies of the report of the Auditor General on the finances Each Senator and officer may requisition three copies each member and officer of the House two copies the State Librarian three hundred copies the Legislative Reference Bureau and Senate Library ten copies each and the Auditor General the remaining number

6 Twelve hundred and fifty copies of the report of the State Treasurer Each Senator and officer may requisition three copies each member and officer of the House two copies the State Librarian three hundred copies the Legislative Reference Bureau and the Senate Library ten copies each and the State Treasurer the remaining number

7 Twelve hundred and fifty copies of the general report of the Secretary of Internal affairs Each Senator and officer may requisition three copies each member and officer of the House may requisition two copies the State Librarian three hundred copies the Legislative Reference Bureau and the Senate Library ten copies each the Secretary of Internal Affairs the remaining number

8 Three thousand copies of the report of the Secretary of Internal Affairs of Industrial Statistics Each Senator and officer may requisition three copies each member and officer of the House two copies the State Librarian three hundred copies the Legislative Reference Bureau and the Senate Library ten copies each and the Secretary of Internal Affairs the remaining number

9 Two thousand copies of the report of the Secretary of Internal Affairs on railroads canals and telegraphs Each Senator and officer may requisition three copies each member and officer of the House two copies the State Librarian three hundred copies the Legislative Reference Bureau and the Senate Library ten copies each the Secretary of Internal Affairs the remaining number

10 Seven thousand copies of the report of the Department of Mines on bituminous mines Each Senator and officer may requisition five copies each member and officer of the House five copies the State Librarian three hundred copies the Legislative Reference Bureau and the Senate Library ten copies each and the Department of Mines the remaining number

11 Sixty-five hundred copies of the report of the Department of Mines on anthracite mines Each Senator and officer may requisition five copies each member and officer of the House five copies the State Librarian three hundred copies the Legislative Reference Bureau and the Senate Library ten copies each and the Department of Mines the remaining number

12 Ninety-three hundred copies of the report of the Superintendent of Public Instruction Each Senator and officer may requisition three copies each member and officer of the House two copies the State Librarian three hundred copies the Legislative Reference Bureau and the Senate Library ten copies each and the Superintendent of Public Instruction the remaining number

13 Thirty-five thousand copies of the school laws and decisions Each Senator and officer may requisition five copies each member and officer of the House five copies the State Librarian three hundred copies the Legislative Reference Bureau one hundred copies the Senate Library ten copies the Superintendent of Public Instruction the remaining number

14 Twelve hundred and fifty copies of the report of the Commissioners of Soldiers' Orphans' Schools Each Senator and officer may requisition three copies each member and officer of the House two copies the State Librarian three hundred copies the Legislative Reference Bureau and the Senate Library ten copies each and the Commissioners the remaining number

15 Two thousand copies of the report of the Adjutant General Each Senator and officer may requisition three copies each member and officer of the House two copies the State Librarian three hundred copies the Legislative Reference Bureau and the Senate Librarian ten copies each and the Adjutant General the remaining number

16 Three thousand copies of the report of the Insurance Commissioner on fire and marine insurance Each Senator and officer may requisition three copies each member and officer of the House two copies the State Librarian three hundred copies the Legislative Reference Bureau and the Senate Library ten copies each and the Insurance Commissioner the remaining number

17 Three thousand copies of the report of the Insurance Commissioner on life and accident insurance Each Senator and officer may requisition three copies each member and officer of the House two copies the State Librarian three hundred copies the Legislative Reference Bureau and the Senate Library ten copies each and the Insurance Commissioner the remaining number

18 Twelve thousand copies of the report of the Secretary of Agriculture Each Senator and officer may requisition fifty copies each member and officer of the House fifty copies the State Librarian three hundred copies the Legislative Reference Bureau and the Senate Library ten copies each and the Department of Agriculture the remaining number

19 Thirty thousand copies of Smull's Legislative Hand Book Each Senator and officer may requisition one hundred and fifty copies each member and officer of the House eighty copies the Governor Secretary of the Commonwealth Commissioner of Health and the State Librarian five hundred copies each the Librarian of the Senate seven hundred copies the Resident Clerk of the Huose of Representatives one thousand copies the Superintendent of Public Grounds and Buildings and the Department of Public Printing and Binding three hundred copies each the Attorney General Auditor General the State Treasurer Secretary of Internal Affairs Superintendent of Public Instruction Insurance Commissioner Adjutant General State Fire Marshal Banking Commissioner Secretary of Agriculture Commisioner of Forestry Commissioner of Labor and Industry Chief of the Department of Mines State Highway Commissioner the compiler of Smull's Handbook and the Public Service Commission two hundred copies each the Executive Controller the Superintendent of State Police the Commissioner of Fisheries the Soldiers' Orphans' School Commission the Water Supply Commission the Board of Public Charities the Legislative Reference Bureau the Game Commission the Dairy and Food Commission the State Veterinarian the Economic Zoologist Board of Censors of Moving Pictures and the Division of Distribution of Documents fifty copies each each member and principal officer of the succeeding General Assembly ten copies of the edition published in the preceding even year of which edition twenty-five hundred additional Copies may be printed From the number alloted to each department one copy shall be delivered to each officer and employe of said department by the Division of Distribution of Documents from a list to be furnished by the several departments giving the names and addresses of the officers and employes

20 One thousand five hundred copies of the report of the Board of Public Charities Each Senator and officer may requisition three copies each member and officer of the House two copies the State Librarian three hundred copies the Legislative Reference Bureau and the Senate Library ten copies each and the Board of Public Charities the remaining number

21 Two thousand copies of the report of the Fisheries Commission Each Senator and officer may requisition three copies each member and officer of the House two copies the State Librarian three hundred copies the Legislative Refer-

ence Bureau and the Senate Library ten copies each and the Fisheries Commission the remaining number

22 Three thousand copies of the annual report of the Commissioner of Health which may be bound in one or two volumes as the Superintendent of Public Printing and Binding shall deem most expedient Each Senator and officer may requisition three copies each member and officer of the House two copies the State Librarian three hundred copies the Legislative Reference Bureau and the Senate Library ten copies each and the Department of Health the remaining number

23 Bulletins in pamphlet form issued by the Department of Health monthly or at longer intervals and not more than ten thousand copies at one time The State Librarian may requisition three hundred copies the Legislative Reference Bureau ten copies and the Department of Health the remaining number

24 Seventeen hundred and fifty copies of the report of the Commissioner of Banking on banks Each Senator and officer may requisition three copies each member and officer of the House two copies the State Librarian three hundred copies the Legislative Reference Bureau and the Senate Library ten copies each and the Department of Banking the remaining number

25 Fifteen hundred copies of the report of the Commissioner of Banking on building and loan associations Each Senator and officer may requisition three copies each member and officer of the House two copies each the State Librarian three hundred copies the Legislative Reference Bureau and the Senate Library ten copies each and the Department of Banking the remaining number

26 One thousand two hundred and fifty copies of the report of the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund Each Senator and officer may requisition three copies each member and officer of the House two copies the State Librarian three hundred copies the Legislative Reference Bureau and the Senate Library ten copies each and the State Treasurer the remaining number

27 One thousand two hundred and fifty copies of the report of the Superintendent of Public Printing and Binding Each Senator and officer may requisition three copies each member and officer of the House two copies the State Librarian three hundred copies the Legislative Reference Bureau and the Senate Library ten copies each and the Superintendent of Public Printing and Binding the remaining number

28 Fifteen hundred copies of the report of the Attorney General Each Senator and officer may requisition three copies each member and officer of the House two copies the State Librarian three hundred copies the Legislative Reference Bureau and the Senate Library ten copies each and the Attorney General the remaining number

29 One thousand two hundred and fifty copies of the report of the State Librarian Each Senator and officer may requisition three copies each member and officer of the House two copies the Legislative Reference Bureau and the Senate Library ten copies each and the State Librarian th remaining number

30 One thousand two hundred and fifty copies of the annual report of the Trustees of Pennsylvania State College and accompanying papers Each Senator and officer may requisition two copies each member and officer of the House one copy the State Librarian three hundred copies the Legislative Reference Bureau and the Senate Library ten copies each and the trustees of the college the remaining number The President of Pennsylvania State College may have any reprints of any parts of said annual reports or of earlier reports made and bound in paper in such number as he may deem necessary to meet the public demand

31 Four thousand copies of the report of the Department of Forestry Each Senator and officer may requisition three copies each member and officer of the House two copies the State Librarian three hundred copies the Legislative Reference Bureau and the Senate Library ten copies each and the Department of Forestry the remaining number

32 One thousand two hundred and fifty copies of the report of the Highway Commissioner Each Senator and officer may requisition three copies each member and officer of the House two copies the State Librarian three hundred copies the Legislative Reference Bureau and the Senate Library ten copies each and the Highway Commission the remaining number

33 Bulletins in pamphlet form issued by the Department of Agriculture (other than Zoological Bulletins) not more than twenty-five thousand at one issue The State Librarian may requisition three hundred copies the Legislative Reference Bureau ten copies and the Department of Agriculture the remaining number

34 Bulletins in pamphlet form issued by the Division of Zoology in the Department of Agriculture not more than fifty thousand copies at one issue The State Librarian may requisition three hundred copies the Legislative Reference Bureau ten copies and the Department of Agriculture the remaining number

35 One thousand copies of the annual report of the encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic The State Librarian may requisition three hundred copies the Legislative Reference Bureau and the Senate Library ten copies each and the Secretary of Internal Affairs the remaining number

36 Thirty-five hundred copies of the report of the Water Supply Commission Each Senator and officer may requisition three copies each member and officer of the House two copies the State Librarian three hundred copies the Legislative Reference Bureau and the Senate Library ten copies each and the Water Supply Commission the remaining number

37 One thousand two hundred and fifty copies of the annual report of the Game Commission Each Senator and officer may requisition three copies each member and officer of the House two copies the State Library three hundred copies the Legislative Reference Bureau and the Senate Library ten copies each and the Board of Game Commissioners the remaining number

38 Two thousand copies of the report of the Public Service Commission with the report of the Common Carriers of the State Each Senator and officer may requisition three copies each member and officer of the House two copies the State Librarian three hundred copies the Legislative Reference Bureau and the Senate Library ten copies each and the Public Service Commission the remaining number

39 Three thousand five hundred copies of the report of the State Fire Marshal Each Senator and officer may requisition three copies each member and officer of the House two copies the State Librarian three hundred copies the Legislative Reference Bureau and the Senate Library ten copies each and the State Fire Marshal the remaining number

40 Bulletins in pamphlet form issued by the Highway Commissioner other than of automobile licenses and not more than ten thousand copies at one issue The State Librarian may requisition three hundred copies the Legislative Reference Bureau ten copies and the Commissioner of Highways the remaining number

41 Three thousand copies of each of the reports of the Department of Labor and Industry Each Senator and officer may requisition three copies each member and officer of the House two copies the State Librarian three hundred copies the Legislative Reference Bureau and the Senate Library ten copies each and the Department of Labor and Industry the remaining number

42 Bulletins in pamphlet form issued by the Department of Labor and Industry not more than fifty thousand at one issue The State Librarian may requisition three hundred copies the Legislative Reference Bureau ten copies and the Department of Labor and Industry the remaining number

43 One hundred thousand copies of the Digest of the Game Fish and Forestry Laws Each Senator and officer may requisition two hundred and fifty copies each Member and officer of the House one hundred and fifty copies the Librarian of the Senate one thousand copies the Resident Clerk of the House one thousand five hundred copies the State Librarian three hundred copies the Legislative Reference Bureau ten copies the Department of Forestry eight thousand copies the Department of Fisheries eight thousand copies and the Board of Game Commissioners the remaining number

44 Ten thousand copies of the Industrial Directory of the Department of Labor and Industry of which the State Library may requisition three hundred copies the Legislative Reference Bureau and Senate Library ten copies and the Department of Labor and Industry the remaining number

45 Twenty-five hundred copies of the Report of the Board of Censors Each Senator and officer may requisition three copies each member and officer of the House two copies the State Librarian three hundred copies the Legislative Reference Bureau and the Senate Librarian ten copies each and the Board of Censors the remaining number

46 Five thousand copies of the report of the State Livestock Sanitary Board each Senator and officer may requisition three copies each member and officer of the House two copies the State Librarian three hundred copies the Legislative Reference Bureau and the Senate Librarian ten copies each and the State Livestock Sanitary Board the remaining number

Section 20 Whenever any document of any kind not included in this act shall be printed by the State Printer for any branch of the State or for any commission or commissioner authorized by law three hundred and ten copies thereof shall be printed in addition to the number called for Of such additional copies the State Librarian may requisition three hundred copies and the Legislative Reference Bureau ten copies The order for printing such additional copies shall be included by the Superintendent of Public Printing and Binding in his order to the State Printer for such publication

Section 21 If it shall be found at any time that more copies of any document are printed than are actually needed the Governor is authorized by order directed to the Superintendent of Public Printing and Binding to decrease the number of such documents at the termination of the contract then in force or at an earlier date if satisfactory arrangement can be made with the contractor

Section 22 It shall be the duty of the head of each department commission State library and the Librarian of the Senate and the Resident Clerk of the House of Representatives at the close of each year to turn over to the Division of Distribution of Documents all such pamphlets bulletins reports legislative bills calendars journal et cetera as will not be needed to supply a possible demand and shall take a receipt for the same The Chief of the Division of Distribution of Documents shall receive all such documents pamphlets bulletins reports legislative bills calendars and journals as are turned over to him and all that he may not have use for in his department shall be sold as waste paper by the Superintendent of Public Printing and Binding to the highest bidder after due notice by advertisement has

been made of same All bids may be rejected if deemed to be excessive The contract may be for a year or less period and shall be for the sale of all such waste paper as the Superintendent may have for sale during the continuance of the contract All money received from the sale of any such waste paper shall be paid into the treasury of the Commonwealth for the use of the Commonwealth

Section 23 It is unlawful for any officer or employe of the State Government other than the Superintendent of Public Printing and Binding to sell or offer for sale as waste paper any document pamphlet bulletin report legislative bill calendar or journal

Section 24 The following acts and parts of acts are specifically repealed

An Act entitled "An Act to provide for the more equal distribution of the laws of this Commonwealth" approved the tenth day of March one thousand eight hundred seventeen (Pamphlet Laws ninety-six)

Section three of an act entitled "An Act directing a further distribution of the laws and journals of the General Assembly of this Commonwealth" approved the twenty-fourth day of March one thousand eight hundred eighteen (Pamphlet Laws two hundred seventy-seven)

A resolution approved the twenty-seventh day of March one thousand eight hundred nineteen (Pamphlet Laws two hundred eighty-seventh Chapter seven) which resolution reads as follows

"Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met That the Secretary of the Commonwealth be and he is hereby required to present a copy of the Acts of Assembly passed at the present and each succeeding session of the Legislature to each of the judges and clerks of the circuit and district courts of the United States for the districts of Pennsylvania"

An Act entitled "An Act authorizing the transmission of the laws of this Commonwealth to the Government of the United States" approved the fifth day of February one thousand eight hundred twenty (Pamphlet Laws twelve)

Sections one two and three of an act entitled "An supplement to the act providing for the publication and distribution of the pamphlet laws of the Commonwealth" approved the eleventh day of February one thousand eight hundred fifty-one (Pamphlet Laws one hundred and twenty-four)

Sections one to twenty-nine both inclusive of an act entitled "An Act creating a Division of Distribution of Documents defining its powers and duties regulating the printing binding and distribution of the public documents of this Commonwealth and providing penalties for the violation of this act" approved the nineteenth day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen (Pamphlet Laws eight hundred and forty-five)

Such repeal shall not revive any act or part of an act not in force at the date of this repeal

Section 25 The provisions of this act so far as they are the same as those of existing laws are intended as a continuation of such laws and not new enactments All contracts made duties imposed powers granted or rights vested under such repealed acts are hereby continued in full force and effect All officers and employes holding office under any act repealed by this act shall continue in office or employment until the expiration of their respective term of office or employment

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 972 (Senate Bill No. 336), entitled:

An Act to amend the fifth section of an act approved the nineteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four entitled "An Act relating to the organization and jurisdiction of orphans' courts and to establish a separate orphans' court in and for counties having more than one hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants and to provide for the election of judges thereof" as amended by an act approved the sixth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled "An Act to further amend the fifth section of an act entitled 'An Act relating to the organization and jurisdiction of the orphans' court and establishing a separate orphans' court in and for counties having more than one hundred fifty thousand inhabitants and to provide for the election of judges thereof" approved May nineteenth Anno Domini eighteen hundred and seventy-four as amended by an act approved the twenty-ninth day of April Anno Domini eighteen hundred and ninety-seven fixing and determining the salaries of the assistant clerks of said courts" by vesting the appointment of the first assistant clerk of said courts in the respective judges thereof and providing that this amendment shall not apply to counties having a population over seven hundred thousand

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 838 (Senate Bill No. 247), entitled:

A joint resolution authorizing the printing and binding of the report of the Commission to consider the Revision and amendment of the Penal Laws of Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 757, as follows:

An Act authorizing counties and municipalities to unite in providing in the court house certain rest or waiting rooms

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the county commissioners in cooperation with the municipal authorities of the municipality wherein the court house lies may provide and equip and maintain in the court house rest or waiting rooms for females and provide female attendants therefor One-half of the cost of providing such rooms and of maintaining the same including salaries and all incidental expenses shall be paid by the county and the other half by the municipality for all which purposes the county commissioners and said authorities may respectively appropriate moneys

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 760, as follows:

An Act providing for the alteration of the boundaries of counties in certain cases and for the adjustment of the indebtedness thereof

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That where from any cause a part of a county is so located that access by public highway from such part to the main portion of the county can be had only by passing through another county and where it shall be for the best interest of part of a such county so located and of the inhabitants of such part that such part of a county be annexed to an adjoining county the court of quarter sessions of the first named county may on petition decree such alterations of the boundaries of the county as shall be for the best interests of the inhabitants aforesaid

Section 2 The petition shall not be considered unless it shall

1 Be signed by not less than two-thirds of the qualified electors of the part of the county so located and

2 Be signed by not less than two-thirds in number and interest of the owners of real estate in such part of a county the valuation to be as shown by the triennial assessment for county purposes last preceding the presentation of the petition The owners of an undivided interest shall be regarded as one person

3 Be verified as to the genuineness of the signatures by a qualified elector of the county

Section 3 When the petition is presented the court shall fix a day for hearing it and direct that notice of the presentation of the petition and of the day of hearing shall be given to the commissioners of the counties affected by the proposed change of boundaries If one of the counties affected is co-terminous with a city the notice shall also be given to the council of the city On the day fixed for hearing or as soon thereafter as the business of the court will permit the court shall hear all parties in interest and shall make such decree as to the court shall seem right and proper

Section 4 When the court decrees an alteration of the boundaries of any such county it shall appoint an auditor who shall conduct such hearings and make such investigations as the court may direct Notice of such hearings and investigations shall be given by the auditor as directed by the court When the auditor shall complete the hearings and investigations he shall report to the court

Section 5 The report of the auditor shall include

1 The total assessed valuation of the subjects of taxation in the county from which a part is to be taken

2 The total assessed valuation of the subjects of taxation in the part proposed to be taken from such county

3 The total amount of indebtedness of the county from which a part is to be taken

4 The value of all real property to be transferred from one county to another by reason of the alteration of boundaries

5 An adjustment of the indebtedness and of the property of the counties affected by the alteration of boundaries

6 A form of decree altering the boundaries as aforesaid and adjusting the indebtedness of the counties affected

Section 6 The decree shall be confirmed nisi by the court 2 If exceptions are not filed thereto within ten days from the date of the decree or if an appeal therefrom is not taken within ten days the decree shall be absolute It shall thereupon be recorded in the offices of the recorders of deeds of the counties affected by the change Upon such recording the boundaries of the respective counties shall be fixed according to the decree The decree absolute shall be enforced as decrees in equity are enforced

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 291, as follows:

An Act to authorize any railroad company street railway company or any transportation company incorporated or unincorporated to issue or grant transportation at special reduced and lower rates to ministers of religion

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from and after the passage of this act it shall be lawful for any railroad company street railway company or any transportation company incorporated or unincorporated to issue or grant transportation at special reduced and lower rates to ministers of religion Provided However That there shall be no discrimination with respect to those persons to whom such rates are made applicable

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in commiteee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 921, entitled:

An Act requiring each city of the second class to establish a municipal pension fund for employes of said city and regulating the payment of such pensions excepting the employes of the bureau of police fire and electricity who are eligible to the pension funds of said bureaus

The first section was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That cities of the second class shall create a municipal pension fund for the pensioning of all employes who have given twenty years of service in said city excepting the employes of the bureaus of police fire and electricity who are eligible to the pension funds of said bureaus No employe under the age of fifty years shall be pensioned unless such employe is totally and permanently disabled

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. WILDMAN. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 1, Line 4, after the word "second" insert the words "and third"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The second section was read as follows:

Section 2 Cities of the second class shall set aside and appropriate a sum not to exceed one-half of one per centum of all taxes for such municipal pension fund

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. WILDMAN. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend Section 2, line 1, after the word "second" insert the words "and third,."

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The third, fourth and fifth sections were separately read and agreed to.

Section 3 The employes shall contribute one per centum of their salaries each succeeding month until they retire on pension when such contribution shall cease

Section 4 The pension allowed shall be one-half of the salary received for the two years previous to their retirement Provided however the pension shall not exceed one hundred dollars per month

Section 5 All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with this act are repealed

The title was read as follows:

An Act requiring each city of the second class to establish a municipal pension fund for employes of said city and regulating the payment of such pensions excepting the employes of the bureaus of police fire and electricity who are eligible to the pension funds of said bureaus

On the question,

Will the House agree to the title?

Mr. WILDMAN. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend title, line 1, after the word "second" insert the words "and third"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question.

Will the House agree to the title as amended?

It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 946 (Senate Bill No. 164), entitled:

An Act to promote the health and efficiency of firemen in cities of the second class by providing for a two platoon system for firemen in the department of public safety of such cities

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 418, as follows:

A supplement to an act approved the seventh day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act providing for the examination licensure and registration of persons firms or corporations engaged or engaging in the business or work of plumbing or house drainage and prescribing certain rules regulations and requirements for the construction of plumbing house drainage and cesspools in cities of the first class and imposing fines penalties and forfeitures for violation thereof"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That any person who at the time of the approval of the act to which this is a supplement was entitled to registration and license as a master or employing plumber or journeyman plumber under the provisions of section one of said act but who failed to register within the time allowed in said act may within thirty days after the approval of this act make application for registration as a master or employing plumber or journeyman plumber and be registered and receive a license in the same manner and with the same effect as if such application has been made prior to the first day of January one thousand

nine hundred and twelve No such person shall be registered and receive a license until he shall have paid all fees which he would have paid had he been registered and licensed on an application made before said first day of January one thousand nine hundred and twelve and annually thereafter as provided in said act

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 854, as follows:

An Act to amend the ninth section of an act entitled "An Act to establish a county court for the county of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof" approved the fifth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven as amended and supplemented by an act entitled "An Act amending and supplementing section nine of an act entitled ' An Act to establish a county court for the county of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof' approved the fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven by requiring the appellant in appeals to pay the costs in the county court and give bail for compliance with the final judgment and fixing the final liability for costs in appeals in certain cases providing for an appeal in forma pauperis prescribing under what circumstances appeals shall operate as a supersedeas requiring notice to the opposite party when appeals are allowed by the common pleas court and requiring the appellant in cases where the appeal is from judgment on a verdict to first obtain leave of the common pleas court to take such appeal and prescribing the practice in such cases" approved the twenty-third day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen by providing that from a final judgment of the court of common pleas upon a writ of certiorari issued from it to the county court an appeal may be taken to the superior court as from other final judgments in the said court

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the ninth section of an act entitled "An Act to establish a county court for the county of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof" approved the fifth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven as amended and supplemented by an act entitled "An Act amending and supplementing section nine of an act entitled 'An Act to establish a county court for the county of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof' approved the fifth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven by requiring the appellant in appaels to pay the costs in the county court and give bail for compliance with the final judgment and fixing the final liability for costs in appeals in certain cases providing for an appeal in forma pauperis prescribing under what circumstances appeals shall operate as a supersedeas requiring notice to the opposite party when appeals are allowed by the common pleas court and requiring the appellant in cases where the appeal is from judgment on a verdict to first obtain leave of the common pleas court to take such appeal and prescribing the practice in such cases" approved the twenty-third day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen which ninth section is amended and supplemented reads as follows

"Section 9 Either party may within ten days after the entry by said court of any judgment in any civil action appeal therefrom to the court of common pleas of said county by taking and perfecting an appeal in the manner following

"The party appealing shall procure from the County Court a transcript duly certified under the seal of the court showing the proceedings had in said cases and shall file the same in the office of the prothonotary of said county and at the time of filing the same shall also make affidavit that the said appeal is not taken for the purpose of delay The appellant shall give bail absolute in a sum and with surety or sureties to be approved as hereinafter provided for his compliance with any judgment that may be finally rendered against him and for payment of all interest and costs likely to accrue All costs accrued up to the time of filing the transcript shall be paid by appellant in the first instance and if the appellant shall finally recover judgment in the case appealed he shall be entitled to receive and collect from the adverse party the costs so as aforesaid paid on appeal

"The costs on appeals accruing at and from the time of filing the transcript shall abide the event of the suit and be paid by the unsuccessful party as in other cases Provided That if the plaintiff be the appellant he shall pay all costs which may accrue on the appeal if in the event of the suit he shall not recover a greater sum or more favorable judgment exclusive of interest than was rendered by the county court And Provided also That if the defendant either on the trial of the cause before the county court or before an appeal is taken shall offer to give the plaintiff a judgment for an amount which the defendant shall admit to be due and if the said plaintiff shall not accept such offer then and in that case if the defendant shall appeal the plaintiff shall pay all the costs which shall accrue on the appeal if he shall not in the event of the suit recover a greater amount than that for which the defendant offered to give a judgment and in both cases the defendant's bill shall be taxed and paid by the plaintiff in the same manner as if a judgment had been rendered in court for the defendant But provided further That in all cases where the judgment of the county court shall be in favor of defendant on a counter claim then the terms plaintiff and defendant in the foregoing provisions relating to costs on appeals shall be taken as inverted Any appellant shall have the right to appeal and demand and receive transcripts without payment of costs upon his making and filing with the judge approving the appeal bond and affidavit that he is unable through poverty to pay said costs provided said judge shall be satisfied of the truth of the statements in such affidavits All appeals taken and perfected in the manner above provided shall operate as a supersedeas The amounts of the penalties of and the sureties upon such bonds shall be approved by a judge of the county court

"Or within ten days after the entry of judgment in any civil action either party may after such notice to the opposite party as the common pleas court shall require apply to any court of common pleas of said county or any judge thereof for leave to appeal the case to the common pleas court And if such appeal be allowed then after payment of costs in the county court as aforesaid unless the appeal be taken in forma pauperis and upon filing the certified copy of said order of allowance the transcript shall be filed with the prothonotary as above provided but said appeal shall not operate as a supersedeas unless the court or judge allowing such appeal shall so order

"Any party shall be entitled within ten days from the date of judgment or within such further time as the court of common pleas may grant to a writ of certiorari to remove any record to any court of common pleas of said county in the manner as now provided by law in regard to writs of certiorari issuing out of said common pleas but such certiorari shall not operate as a supersedeas unless bail absolute for said judgment interest and costs shall be given and approved by the court of common pleas from which such writ of certiorari issues

"Provided That in all cases in said county court where judgment shall have been entered on the verdict of a jury no appeal to the common pleas court shall be perfected as above set forth until leave to take such appeal has first been optained by the appellant from the court of common pleas or a judge thereof The application for leave to appeal shall be by petition to the common pleas court setting forth the reason why a retrial of issues of fact is necessary to prevent an injustice This petition shall be heard after such notice to the adverse party as the common pleas court shall prescribe and if leave to take such appeal be granted a copy of the order allowing the appeal shall be filed in the office of the clerk of the county court" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

"Section 9 Either party may within ten days after the entry by said court of any judgment in any civil action appeal therefrom to the court of common pleas of said county by taking and perfecting an appeal in the manner following

"The party appealing shall procure from the county court a transcript duly certified under the seal of the court showing the proceedings had in said cases and shall file the same in the office of the prothonotary of said county and at the time of filing the same shall also make affidavit that the said appeal is not taken for the purpose of delay The appellant shall give bail absolute in a sum with surety or sureties to be approved as hereinafter provided for his compliance with any judgment that may be finally rendered against him and for payment of all interest and costs likely to accrue All costs accrued up to the time of filing the transcript shall be paid by appellant in the first instance and if the appelant shall finally recover judgment in the case appealed he shall be entitled to receive and collect from the adverse party the costs so as aforesaid paid on appeal

"The costs on appeals accruing at and from the time of filing the transcript shall abide the event of the suit and be paid by the unsuccessful party as in other cases Provided That if the plaintiff be the appellant he shall pay all costs which may accrue on appeal if in the event of the suit he shall not recover a greater sum or a more favorable judgment exclusive of interest than was rendered by the county court And provided also That if the defendant either on the trial of the cause before the county court or before an appeal is taken shall offer to give the plaintiff a judgment for an amount which the defendant shall admit to be due and if the said plaintiff shall not accept such offer then and in that case if the defendant shall appeal the plaintiff shall pay all the costs which shall accrue on the appeal if he shall not in the event of the suit recover a greater amount than that for which the defendant offered to give a judgment and in both cases the defendant's bill shall be taxed and paid by the plaintiff in the same manner as if a judgment had been rendered in court for the defendant But provided further That in all cases where the judgment of the county court shall be in favor of defendant on a counter claim then the terms plaintiff and defendant in the foregoing provisions relating to costs on appeals shall be taken as inverted Any appellant shall have the right to appeal and demand and receive transcripts without payment of costs upon his making and filing with the judge approving the appeal bond and affidavit that he is unable through poverty to pay said costs provided said judge shall be satisfied of the truth of the statements in such affidavits All appeals taken and perfected in the manner above provided shall operate as a supersedeas The amounts of the penalties of and the sureties upon such bonds shall be approved by a judge of the county court

"Or within ten days after the entry of judgment in any civil action either party may after such notice to the opposite party as the common pleas court shall require apply to any court of common pleas of said county or any judge thereof for leave to appeal the case to the common pleas court And if such appeal be allowed then after payment of costs in the county court as aforesaid unless the appeal be taken in forma pauperis and upon filing the certified copy of said order of allowance the transcript shall be filed with the prothonotary as above provided but said appeal shall not operate as a supersedeas unless the court or judge allowing such appeal shall so order

"Any party shall be entitled within ten days from the date of judgment or within such further time as the court of common pleas may grant to a writ of certiorari to remove any record to any court of common pleas of said county in the manner as now provided by law in regard to writs of certiorari issuing out of said common pleas but such certiorari shall not operate as a supersedeas unless bail absolute for said judgment interest and costs shall be given and approved by the court of common pleas from which such writ of certiorari issues From a final judgment of the said common pleas court upon a certiorari issued as aforesaid an appeal may be taken to the Superior Court in the same manner as appeals are taken from other final judgments in the said court

"Provided That in all cases in said county court where judgment shall have been entered on the verdict of a jury no appeal to the common pleas court shall be perfected as above set forth until leave to take such appeal has first been obtained by the appellant from the court of com-

mon pleas or a judge thereof The application for leave to appeal shall be by petition to the common pleas court setting forth the reasons why a retrial of issues of fact is necessary to prevent an injustice This petition shall be heard after such notice to the adverse party as the common pleas court shall prescribe and if leave to take such appeal be granted a copy of the order allowing the appeal shall be filed in the office of the clerk of the county court"

Section 2 This amendment shall apply to all cases in which the time for an appeal has not yet expired

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 731, entitled:

An Act providing for the appropriation of certain moneys to the organizations consisting and having in charge the distribution of various police pension funds throughout the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and defining the duties of certain officers in relation thereto

The first section was read and agreed to as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from and after the passage of this act there shall be paid over to the various organizations or associations constituting and having in charge the distribution of police pension funds in every city in this Commonwealth two per cemtum of each dollar collected out of all fees for licenses paid by any inhabitant of said city or into the treasury thereof Said license fees shall include retail and wholesale mercantile license retail and wholesale liquor license brewers bottlers distillers billiards brokers auctioneers peddlers circuses eating houses and licenses and for any and all other businesses or purposes for which by the laws of this Commonwealth a license fee is or hereafter shall be required

The second section was read as follows:

Section 2 The organizations herein mentioned shall consist only of such as are by city borough or township ordinance designated as the official and authorized organization or association to hold receive and distribute the funds or moneys for the purpose of pensioning the police officers of said cities

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. COX. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 2, line 2, by striking out the words "borough or township"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The third fourth, fifth and sixth sections and title were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 3 It shall be the duty of the controller or auditor of the county before the first day of January of each year to certify to the county treasurer the amount to be paid over under the provisions of section one of this act

Section 4 It shall be the duty of the State Treasurer or the city or county treasurer collecting said license fees to pay over to the proper officials of the said organizations or associations constituting the police pension funds annually the amount designated in this act taking his or their receipt for same which said receipt shall constitute a voucher and quittance for the amount so paid

Section 5 The funds or moneys received by any organization or association under the provisions of this act shall be employed only in the payment of pensions granted to the members of said organization or association and to the widows and children of said members in accordance with the rules regulations or by-laws of said organization or association for the following causes namely

(a) Incapacity to discharge the duties of a member's position by reason of any injury received while a member of said organization or association and in the actual discharge of a members' duty

(b) Incapacity to discharge the duties of a member's position from any cause other than an injury and after ten years of service on the police force of the city in which the organization or association of which he is a member is located

(c) After twenty years of service on the police force of the city in which the organization or association of which he is a member is located

(d) To the widows and children of such members of said organizations or associations as shall be killed while in the actual discharge of the duties of their positions or who shall die from an injury received while in the actual discharge of their duties

Section 6 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

An Act providing for the appropriation of certain moneys to the organizations constituting and having in charge the distribution of various police pension funds throughout the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and defining the duties of certain officers in relation thereto

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 856, as follows:

An Act fixing the salary of the messenger in the Legislative Reference Bureau

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the salary of the messenger in the Legislative Reference Bureau shall be one thousand two hundred dollars ($1,200) per annum

Section 2 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 866, as follows:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-fifth day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-seven entitled "An act to provide for the maintenance care and treatment of the indigent insane in county and local institutions" as amended.

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the first section of an act approved the twenty-fifth day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-seven entitled "An Act to provide for the maintenance care and treatment of the indigent insane in county and local institutions" which as amended by an act approved the thirteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred nine entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to provide for the maintenance care and treatment of the indigent insane in county and local institutions' approved May twenty-five one thousand eight hundred ninety-seven increasing the weekly sum therein authorized to be paid from one dollar and fifty cents to two dollars" reads as follows

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That any county municipality borough or township of this Commonwealth which now has or may hereafter supply erect and equip a suitable institution for the maintenance care and treatment of its indigent insane upon plans and specifications approved in writing by the Board of Public Charities shall receive from the State Treasury the sum of two (2) dollars per week for every indigent insane person of such county municipality borough or township so maintained who has been legally adjudged to be insane and committed to such institution or who may be transferred from a State hospital for the insane to such local institution Provided That the Board of Publiic Charities shall be satisfied that the quality and equipment of such institution and the manner of care and treatment therein furnished is proper and suitable to the class or classes of the indigent insane so maintained and shall so certify to the Auditor General before any such payment shall be made" is further amended to read as follows

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That any county municipality borough or township of this Commonwealth whicih now has or may hereafter supply erect and equip a suitable institution for the maintenance care and treatment of its indigent insane upon plans and specifications approved in writing by the Board of Pub-

lic Charities shall receive from the State Treasury the sum of two dollars and twenty-five cents ($2.25) per week for every indigent insane person of such county municipality borough or township so maintained who has been legally adjudged to be insane and committed to such institution or who may be transferred from a State Hospital for the insane to such local institution Provided That the Board of Public Charities shall be satisfied that the quality and equipment of such institution and the manner of care and treatment therein furnished is proper and suitable to the class or classes of the indigent insane so maintained and shall so certify to the Auditor Genral before any such payment shall be made

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

ADJOURNMENT.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I move that the House do now adjourn.

The motion was agreed to, and at (11:25 P. M.) the House adjourned until to-morrow morning at ten o'clock.

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA.

Legislative Journal.

Session 1915 — 121st of the General Assembly

VOL. 3. HARRISBURG, PA., TUESDAY, MARCH 23, 1915. No. 29.

SENATE.

TUESDAY, March 23, 1915.

The Senate met at 11 o'clock A. M.

The PRESIDENT (Lieutenant-Governor Frank B. McClain) in the Chair.

The PRESIDENT. A quorum of the Senate being present the Clerk will read the Journal of the preceding session.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of the preceding session, when, on motion of Mr. HOMSHER, the further reading was dispensed with, and the Journal was approved.

PRAYER.

The Chaplain (Rev. Thomas W. Davis) offered the following prayer:

Almighty God, our kind Heavenly Father, we thank Thee for the preservation of our lives and their great possibilities. Charmed, enthused and inspired by the records of those who have preceded us in public life, we pray that we may, in every way we possibly can, extend the same kind of work in a larger and better way in the days that are to come. Grant that we may make it easy for people to do that which is right and hard for them to do that which is wrong. We ask this in our Saviour's name. Amen.

PETITIONS.

FAVORING COUNTY LOCAL OPTION.

Mr. THOMPSON presented petition of Men's Bible Class of the Highland United Presbyterian Church of Beaver, Beaver County, favoring the passage of a county local option bill.

Which was referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

Also presented petition of the Epworth League of the Freedom Methodist Episcopal Church, of Freedom, Beaver County, favoring the passage of a county local option bill.

Which was referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

Also petition of the Chamber of Commerce of Ellwood City, Beaver County, favoring the passage of a county local option bill.

Which was referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

Mr. WASBERS presented petition of the Union Church of Dover Township, York County, favoring the passage of a county local option bill.

Which was referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

Also petition of the Delta Methodist Episcopal Sunday School, of Delta, York County, favoring the passage of a county local option bill.

Which was referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

Also three petitions of the citizens of Hanover, York County, favoring the passage of a county local option bill.

Which was referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

Also petition of Hirely's Union Sunday School, of Hirely, York County, favoring the passage of a county local option bill.

Which was referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

Also petition of Zion Reformed Sunday School, of York County, Pa., favoring the passage of a county local option bill.

Which was referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

Mr. KURTZ presented petition of the citizens of Jefferson County, Pa., favoring the passage of a county local option bill.

Which was referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

Also presented petition of J. B. Siegfried Council No. 149 favoring the passage of a county local option bill.

Which was referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

The Chair presented petitions of the citizens of Philadelphia, Philadelphia County, praying for the passage of a county local option bill.

Which was referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

Also presented petition of the citizens of Somerset County, Pa., favoring the passage of a county local option bill.

Which was referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

Also presented petition of the Men's Bible Class of the Lemington Presbyterian Church, of Pittsburgh, Allegheny County, Pa., favoring the passage of a county local option bill.

Which was referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

FAVORING REPEAL OF FULL CREW LAW.

The Chair presented petition of the Association of Agents of the Pittsburgh Division favoring the repeal of the Full Crew Law.

Which was referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Also presented the petition of the Pittsburgh Builders' Exchange favoring the repeal of the Full Crew Law.

Which was referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

FAVORING REPEAL OF THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION LAW.

Mr. THOMPSON presented petition of the Borough of Allequippa, Beaver County, Pa., favoring the repeal of the Public Service Commission Law.

Which was referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

FAVORING HOUSE BILL NO. 150.

Mr. THOMPSON presented petition of the citizens of Beaver County, favoring House Bill No. 150, and appropriating certain moneys to organizations having in charge the distribution of various Police Pension Funds.

Which was referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

FAVORING REPEAL OF PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION LAW.

Mr. LYNCH presented petition of the Municipal Home Rule League favoring the repeal of the Public Service Commission Law.

Which was referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

FAVORING REPEAL OF FULL CREW LAW.

The Chair presented memorial of the Philadelphia Board of Trade favoring repeal of the Full Crew Law.

Which was referred to the Committee on Corporations.

AGAINST SENATE BILL NO. 188 AND HOUSE BILL NO. 714.

The Chair presented memorial of the Philadelphia Board of Trade against the passage of Senate Bill No. 188 and House Bill No. 714.

Which was referred to the Committee on Corporations.

FAVORING COUNTY LOCAL OPTION.

Mr. HINDMAN presented petition of citizens of Clinton County favoring the passage of county local option bill.

Which was referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. SALUS, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 522 (House Bill No. 653), entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to provide for State registration of nurses to establish a State Board of Examiners in connection therewith and to provide penalties for the violation of certain provisions regarding such registration," approved the first day of May, 1909, providing further regulation as to applications for examination for registration of nurses and the fee chargeable therefor and providing for the making of reports of training schools for nurses whose competency for instruction is approved by the said board.

Mr. SCHANTZ, from the Committee on Libraries, reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 490, entitled:

An Act relating to free public non-sectarian libraries and branch libraries within this Commonwealth; providing for their establishment, maintenance and regulation and for the maintenance and regulation of such free public non-sectarian libraries as may have been already established by the several counties cities boroughs towns townships and school districts, and providing that all library property and all gifts devises grants or endowments for library purposes shall be exempt from taxation; and providing that the several counties, cities, boroughs, towns, townships and school districts may levy taxes, condemn private property and borrow money for library purposes and imposing penalties for injuring library property and for violation of library regulations and repealing existing laws in relation to the above subjects.

Mr. W. W. SMITH, from the Committee on Public Printing, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 423, entitled:

An Act regulating the printing of the laws of this Commonwealth.

Also from the Committee on Public Printing reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 446 (House Bill No. 515), entitled:

An Act requiring all public printing and the processes used in doing such printing to be done within the territorial limits of this Commonwealth.

Also from the Committee on Public Printing reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 518 (House Bill No. 410), entitled:

Joint Resolution authorizing the printing and binding of the report of the Commission to consider the Revision and Amendment of the Penal Laws of Pennsylvania.

Mr. CATLIN, from the Committee on New Counties and County Seats, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 548, entitled:

An Act providing for the election of councilmen in all boroughs of this Commonwealth wherein the election of councilmen held in November, 1913, has been declared void, and wherein councilmen serving at the time of said election held over.

Also from the Committee on New Counties and County Seats reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 549, entitled:

An Act to fix salary of court criers and tipstaves in judicial districts containing more than two hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants, and less than one million, inhabitants.

Mr. DAIX, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 528, entitled:

An Act to regulate the assessment on seated lands where township lines divide a tract of land and to determine the residence of owners and occupants of land, when the dividing line between any two townships passes through the mansion house, and prescribing the duties of assessors in such cases.

Mr. PHIPPS, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 538, entitled:

An Act to amend an act, entitled "An Act regulating the publication of advertisements and notices, required by law to be published in counties of this Commonwealth, in newspapers published in the English language and newspapers published in the German language, approved the 30th day of April, 1901.

Mr. CLARK, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 386, entitled:

An Act to authorize the judges of the courts of common pleas of judicial districts having separate orphans' courts to hear and determine all matters in such courts at the request of the judges thereof.

Mr. PATTON, from the Committee on Judiciary General, re-reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 302, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the 13th day of June, 1911, entitled "An Act establishing in counties containing a population of from eight hundred thousand to one million four hundred thousand a Board for the Assessment and Revision of Taxes for State and county purposes prescribing the method of their appointment their powers and duties, fixing their salary to be paid by the proper county and abolishing the office of ward borough and township assessors insofar as respects the assessment of State and county taxes."

Mr. WASBERS, from the Committee on Game and Fisheries, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 514 (House Bill No. 240), entitled:

An Act creating a reward or bounty for the destruction of certain noxious animals killed within the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, providing a method for the payment of the same and providing the method of furnishing evidence of said destruction and penalties for the violation of the several provisions hereof.

Mr. HINDMAN, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 477, entitled:

A supplement to an act approved the 18th day of April, 1853, entitled "An Act relating to the sale and conveyance of real estate."

Mr. MILLS, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 399, entitled:

An Act providing for the appointment by the county commissioners of certain counties of a county appraiser and inspector and making said county appraiser and inspector ex-officio mercantile appraiser and inspector of weights and measures.

Also from the Committee on Judiciary General reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 424, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the 3rd day of July, 1885, entitled "An Act to establish uniform campensation to be allowed witnesses in civil and criminal cases before justices of the peace and aldermen, in the several counties of this Commonwealth."

Also from the Committee on Judiciary General reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 31, entitled:

An Act amending section five of an act entitled "An Act to establish a county court for the county of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties, regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof" approved the 5th day of May, 1911, by changing the manner of appointment and of determining the number, duties and compensation of clerks and other assistants.

Also from the Committee on Game and Fisheries reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 510 (House Bill No. 119), entitled:

An Act to provide for the better protection and preservation of game, game quadrupeds and game-birds in Pennsylvania and prescribing penalties for violation of its several provisions.

Mr. JENKINS, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 340, entitled:

An Act to enable foreign religious and charitable corporations which have been incorporated and are carried on not for purposes of profit, but for a purely and strictly religious or charitable purpose, to hold real estate in this Commonwealth.

Mr. BUCKMAN, from the Committee on Appropriations, re-reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 167, entitled:

An Act to amend section three of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the appointment of Game Commissioners for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania defining their duties and empowering them to appoint game protectors," approved the 25th day of June, A. D. 1895, as amended by the act of the 15th day of June, 1911, P. L. 960, authorizing the Board of Game Commissioners to increase its force of game protectors from thirty to sixty.

Mr. THOMPSON, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 503, entitled:

An Act making mortgages given by benevolent charitable philanthropic educational and eleemosynary institutions corporations or unincorporated associations for permanent improvements and refunding purposes prior

liens to the liens of the Commonwealth for the appropriation of moneys; providing a method for the giving of such mortgages and fixing the duties of the Auditor-General and Board of Public Charities in connection therewith.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 579 (House Bill No. 770), entitled:

An Act relative to the burial of the bodies of certain indigent deceased widows at the county expense.

Also from the Committee on Judiciary Special reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 555, entitled:

An Act relating to certain medicines, substances and preparations for certain purposes, regulating the sale thereof; and providing penalties

BILLS IN PLACE.

Mr. SPROUL read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 610, entitled:

An Act providing for the payment by the several counties of the Commonwealth of the expenses of holding primary elections.

Which was committed to the Committee on Finance.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 611, entitled:

An Act relating to the guardianship of the person of minors.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 612, entitled:

An Act to validate bonds of any school district in this Commonwealth, and the indebtedness represented by said bonds, heretofore issued since the 18th day of May, 1911, when such indebtedness or increase of indebtedness was not incurred, and such bonds were not issued at the time of assessing and levying the annual school taxes.

Which was committed to the Committee on Education.

Mr. McNICHOL read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 613, entitled:

An Act amending an act entitled "An Act defining commodities; regulating the sale thereof, and providing penalties for violation hereof," approved the 24th day of July, A. D. 1913, by providing that bottles or jars for milk or cream shall be measured within the provisions of said act.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

Mr. PATTON read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 614, entitled:

An Act relating to the payment of fines and costs of persons committed to prisons and lockups with the incidental duties of wardens and keepers thereof.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate resumed the consideration of Senate Bill No. 4, entitled:

An Act relating to persons habitually addicted to the use of alcohol or drugs and providing for the care and treatment of such persons at the expense of the county and state if indigent

Said bill having been returned from the House of Representatives with amendments in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

Said amendments having been printed as required by the Constitution, were twice read as follows:

In section 3, line 4, by inserting after the word "Inebriates" the words "for such period as it may deem advisable under the circumstances which appear before it but in no case shall the same be for less than thirty days;" also in section 4, in line 6, by striking out after the word "be" the words "any or all of the grandparents parents wife husband children or grandchildren" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "the wife or husband and if the inebriate be a minor then his father or other;" also in section 5, line 2, by inserting after the word "husband" the word "or;" also in line 2 by striking out after the word "parent" the words "grandparent child or grandchild;" also in line 7, by striking out after the word "institution" the words "are fixed at seven dollars per week Four-seventh of this amount shall be paid by the Commonwealth and three-sevenths, and inserting in lieu thereof the words "shall be;" also in line 9, by striking out the word "born" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "borne and paid by the county overhead charges by the State;" also in section 7, line 1, by striking out the words "If an inebriate is committed to the institution the court may appoint a committee of the estate of the inebriate under such conditions as the court deems proper. The committee shall continue so to act until discharged by the court," and inserting in lieu thereof the words "If any inebriate at the time of his commitment is engaged in any business or is possessed of an estate that requires supervision and attention the court is hereby empowered on the petition of his or her husband, wife, father, mother or child to appoint a committee to supervise his business or care for his estate during the period he may be confined in the institution under such conditions and order as the court may see fit to impoes The committee to continue to act until discharged, by the court;" also in section 8, line 1, by striking out the words "The court may appropriate order enforce any order or decree fixing the liability for the cost and expense of the restraint care and treatment of the inebriate while in the institution," and inserting in lieu thereof the words "The court committing the inebriate is hereby empowered to direct payment to be made for the cost and expense of his restraint care and treatment while in the institution by the inebriate or by person or persons who were directed to bear the liability at the time of his commitment out of his her or their property and to enforce the payment of the same by execution or otherwise."

On the question,

Will the Senate concur in the amendments?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—40

Beidleman,	Gyger,	McKee, W. S.,	Smith, W. W.,
Buckman,	Hackett,	McNichol,	Snyder, C. A.,
Burke,	Hilton,	Miller,	Snyder, P. W.,
Catlin,	Homsher,	Moore,	Sones,
Clark,	Kline,	Patton,	Stewart,
Crow,	Kurtz,	Phipps,	Thompson,
DeWitt,	Lynch,	Schantz,	Tompkins,
Endsley,	Magee, C. J.	Semmens,	Vare,
Farley,	Martin,	Sensenich,	Warner,
Graff,	McConnell,	Smith, R. E.,	Washers,

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate resumed the consideration of Senate Bill No. 162, entitled:

An Act providing for the establishment regulation and maintenance by the Board of Game Commissioners of the State game preserves on the forestry reservations and elsewhere and providing penalties for violations of this act

Said bill having been returned from the House of Representatives with amendments in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

Said amendments having been printed as required by the Constitution, were twice read as follows:

In section 2, line 4, by striking out after the word "the" the words "lands of the forestry reservation or" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "State Forests"; also in Section 3, line 2, by striking out before the word "the" where it appears the first time the words "forestry reservation" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "State Forest"; also in line 2, by striking out after the word "the" where it appears the second time the word "commission" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "Department"; also in line 3 by striking out after the word Forestry the word "therefore;" also in section 4, line 3, by inserting after the word "Commissioners" the words "under its agreement with the Department of Forestry;" also in section 5, in line one, by striking out after the word "a" the words "forestry reservation" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "State Forest;" also in section 8, in line one, by striking out after the word "a" the words "Forestry reservation" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "State Forest"; also in line 3, by striking out after the word "the" where it appears the second time the word "reservation" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "forest"; also in section 9, in line 8, by striking out after the word "a" the words "forestry reservation" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "State Forest"; also in section 12, line 9, by inserting after the word "has" the word "wilfully"; also in line 10 by striking out after the word "not" the word "wilfully"; also in line 29, by striking out after the word "judge" the word "thereon" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "thereof"; also in section

13, in line 4, by striking out after the word "the" where it appears the second time the word "Commonwealth" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "Game Commission as hereinafter provided"

On the question,

Will the Senate concur in the amendments?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—46.

Beidleman,	Graff,	McConnell,	Smith, W. W.,
Buckman,	Gyger,	McKee, W. S.,	Snyder, C. A.,
Burke,	Hackett,	McNichol,	Snyder, P. W.,
Catlin,	Hilton,	Miller,	Sones,
Clark,	Hindman,	Moore,	Sproul,
Croft,	Hoke,	Patton,	Stewart,
Crow,	Homsher,	Phipps,	Thompson,
Daix,	Kline,	Schantz,	Tompkins,
DeWitt,	Kurtz,	Semmens,	Vare,
Endsley,	Lynch,	Sensenich,	Warner,
Farley,	Magee, C. J.	Smith, R. E.,	Washers,
Gerberich,	Martin,		

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate resumed the consideration of Senate Bill No. 181, entitled:

An Act authorizing and empowering municipalities to construct and for this purpose to procure locations therefor by purchase or condemnation proceedings in fee simple as herein provided or to acquire by lease or purchase and to maintain and operate underground street passenger railways and subways whether the same be wholly within or partly within and partly without the limits of the municipality and also street passenger railways or elevated railways connecting therewith or exchanging passengers with said underground street railway and to lease the underground street railway and any surface or elevated street railway connecting therewith to corporations or individuals with the right in the municipalities to charge an additional sum for each passenger using the subway to meet the interest and sinking fund charges on the cost of the subway and conferring upon said municipalities all the rights and powers conferred upon corporations under the act of June seventh one thousand nine hundred and one entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and government of passenger railways either elevated or underground or partly elevated and partly underground with surface rights" pamphlet laws five hundred and twenty-three and supplements and amendments thereto

Said bill having been returned from the House of Representatives with amendments in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

Said amendments having been printed as required by the Constitution, were twice read as follows:

In section 10, line 2, by inserting after the word "same" the word "are."

On the question,

Will the Senate concur in the amendment?

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I ask that the Senate do non-concur in the amendments made by the House. The object of making this request is simply because I desire this bill to go back to the House for the purpose of making further amendments in the House to this bill. That is the only object of making this request.

And the question recurring,

Will the Senate concur in the amendment?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—0.

NAYS—48.

Beidleman,	Graff,	Martin,	Smith, R. E.,
Buckman,	Gyger,	McConnell,	Smith, W. W.,
Burke,	Hackett,	McKee, W. S.,	Snyder, C. A.,
Catlin,	Hilton,	McNichol,	Snyder, P. W.,
Clark,	Hindman,	Miller,	Sones,
Croft,	Hoke,	Moore,	Sproul,
Crow,	Homsher,	Patton,	Stewart,
Daix,	Jenkins,	Phipps,	Thompson,
DeWitt,	Kurtz,	Salus,	Tompkins,
Endsley,	Lynch,	Schantz,	Vare,
Farley,	Magee, C. J.,	Semmens,	Warner,
Gerberich,		Sensenich,	Washers,

Less than a majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the negative.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 184 (House Bill No. 20), as follows:

An Act authorizing cities of the third class wherein the title to the water-works therein located is in the city to extend their pipes and improvements beyond the city limits and supply water to persons corporations and municipalities within the county and regulating the supply of water

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That all cities of the third class wherein the title to the water-works therein located is in the name of the city shall have the right and are hereby authorized and empowered to extend the water pipes and improvements of any such water-works beyond the bounds of the cities wherein they are located into the county and municipalities of the county in the vicinity of such cities and to furnish water to any and all corporations institutions persons and municipalities in the counties in which said cities are located under and in pursuance of the laws rules and regulations now existing or to be hereafter enacted governing cities of the third class

Section 2 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith be and the same are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—41.

Beidleman,	Homsher,	Moore,	Snyder, P. W.,
Catlin,	Jenkins,	Patton,	Sones,
Clark,	Kline,	Phipps,	Sproul,
Crow,	Kurtz,	Salus,	Stewart,
Daix,	Lynch,	Schantz,	Thompson,
Endsley,	Magee, C. J.,	Semmens,	Tompkins,
Farley,	Martin,	Sensenich,	Vare,
Graff,	McConnell,	Smith, R. E.,	Warner,
Gyger,	McKee, W. S.,	Smith, W. W.,	Washers,
Hilton,	McNichol,	Snyder, C. A.,	
Hoke,	Miller,		

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the House is requested.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 207, as follows:

An Act providing for the organization discipline maintenance and regulation of the militia of the Commonwealth

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the organized militia of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania shall be styled the National Guard of Pennsylvania and shall be subject at all times to the orders of the officers thereof

Section 2 For the purpose of this act the word "company" shall apply to and indicate the infantry cavalry engineer signal corps field hospital machine-gun and ambulance companies the words "regiment" "battalion" and "squadron" shall apply to any organization of any arm of the service equal in organization and strength to a regiment or battalion of infantry as the case may be

Section 3 The Governor of this Commonwealth as Commander-in-Chief of its military forces shall have the power and is hereby authorized and directed to prescribe in orders the organization of the National Guard of Pennsylvania in such manner and form as to make said organization conform as far as practicable to the requirements for the organized militia under the laws of the United States and for that purpose he shall have power to alter divide annex consolidate disband organize or re-organize any organization department corps or staff so as to conform as far as practicable to any organization system drill instruction

uniform or equipment now or hereafter prescribed by the laws of the United States or requirements of the War Department for the organization and regulation of the organized militia and for that purpose the number of officers and non-commissioned officers of any grade in any organization department corps or staff may be increased or diminished and the grade of such officers and non-commissioned officers may be altered to the extent necessary to secure as far as practicable such conformity Provided however that commissioned officers who shall become surplus by reduction alteration consolidation transfer or disbandment of organizations as provided in this section may be relieved from active service and held as supernumerary during the unexpired portion of their respective commissions and while so held as supernumerary shall be subject to detail for active duty by the Governor and Commander-in-Chief and the period in which such commissioned officers are held as supernumerary may be included in computing the necessary length of service to entitle a commissioned officer to be placed upon the retired list

Each enlisted man shall at the time of enlistment execute enlistment papers in duplicate according to a form prescribed by the Adjutant-General approved by the Commander-in-Chief which form shall embody within it an oath of allegiance to the United States and to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania the duplicate copy of enlistment paper shall be retained by the commanding officer before and by whom the enlistment is made the original enlistment paper to be forwarded to and filed in the office of the Adjutant-General but before any person shall be enlisted he shall be subject to the requisite physical examination by an officer of the medical corps or any duly licensed or legally authorized surgeon or physician in active practice and designated by the officer before and by whom the enlistment is made and the certificate of such officer of the medical corps surgeon or physician shall accompany and be filed with said enlistment paper

The term of enlistment of each enlisted man shall be for the period of three years and no person shall be enlisted who is not a citizen of the United States or who has not made legal declaration of his intention to become a citizen of the United States and who is less than eighteen years of age or more than forty-five years of age Provided however that an enlisted man who is serving an enlistment in the National Guard of Pennsylvania and which enlistment expires after such enlisted man has reached the age of forty-five years may be re-enlisted within thirty days from the expiration of his previous enlistment upon permission being granted therefor by the Commander-in-Chief

Section 4 In time of peace the National Guard of Pennsylvania shall consist of the several departments corps or staffs as hereinafter enumerated and in addition thereto not more than one hundred and fifty companies of infantry one regiment of cavalry one brigade of field artillery the necessary complement of machine gun companies a battalion of engineers a battalion of signal troops four field hospitals four ambulance companies fifteen regimental bands one ammunition train one sanitary train and one supply train fully armed uniformed and equipped to be organized alloted and apportioned in such localties of the Commonwealth as the necessities and interests of the service in the discretion of the Commander-in-Chief may require and organized into such divisions brigades regiments battalions squadrons and companies with power to make such alterations in the organization and arrangement thereof from time to time as the Commander-in-Chief may deem necessary Provided that there shall not be more than one major-general and five brigadier-generals of the line but the Commander-in-Chief shall have power in case of war invasion insurrection riot or imminent danger thereof to increase the said force and organize the same as the exigencies of the occasion may require

Section 5 The commissioned and non-commissioned officers of the National Guard shall be as follows

The Governor shall be Commander-in-Chief of the National Guard at all times when in the service of the Commonwealth He shall make all appointments of commissioned officers in the respective departments corps regiments squadrons battalions and companies and also of the aides-de-camp to the Governor and Commander-in-Chief except as otherwise specifically provided in this act

An Adjutant-General's department consisting of one Adjutant-General of the grade of Brigadier-General to be appointed by the Governor with the consent of the Senate and who shall be assigned to duty with the Commander-in-Chief and who shall be chief of staff one adjutant-general of the grade of colonel who shall be chief of said department one adjutant-general of the grade of lieutenant-colonel not more than seven adjutants-general of the grade of major

An inspector-general's department consisting of one inspector-general of the grade of colonel who shall be chief of said department one inspector-general of the grade of lieutenant-colonel not more than seven inspectors of the grade of major

A judge-advocate-general's department consisting of one judge-advocate-general of the grade of colonel who shall be chief of said department one judge-advocate of the grade of lieutenant-colonel not more than seven judge-advocates of the grade of major

A quartermaster's corps consisting of one quartermaster-general of the grade of colonel who shall be chief of said corps three quartermasters of the grade of lieutenant-colonel not more than fourteen quartermasters of the grade of major not more than fourteen quartermasters of the grade of captain

An ordnance department consisting of one chief of ordnance of the grade of colonel and who shall be chief of said department one ordnance officer of the grade of lieutenant-colonel not more than seven ordnance officers of the grade of major

An inspector of small-arms practice department consisting of one general inspector of small-arms practice of the grade of colonel and who shall be chief of said department

A medical department consisting of a medical corps the necessary complement of detachments of sanitary troops field hospital companies and ambulance companies Of the medical corps there shall be one suregon-general of the grade of colonel and who shall be chief of the medical department two officers of the grade of lieutenant-colonel one of whom shall be detailed as chief surgeon twenty-five officers of the grade of major not more than eighty officers of the grade of captain or first lieutenant Provided that officers of the medical corps of the grade of of first lieutenant who shall have served for a period of three years as such may be recommissioned as of the grade of captain The appointment of officers of the medical corps below the grade of lieutenant-colonel shall be made by the Commander-in-Chief only after the applicant has passed successfully such examination as to moral character professional ability and physical condition as may be required by the Commander-in-Chief and the application for appointment has been approved by the surgeon-general or chief surgeon

The staff of the Commander-in-Chief shall consist of such departmental corps or line officers as may be assigned to duty with the Commander-in-Chief and in addition thereto twelve aides-de-camp each of the grade of lieutenant-colonel to be appointed by the Commander-in-Chief also two post quartermaster-sergeants one ordnance-sergeant to be assigned from the respective departments and one sergeant-major one color-sergeant and one trumpeter to be enlisted by direction of the Commander-in-Chief

Of a division one major-general to command the same to be appointed by the Governor and Commander-in-Chief with the consent of the Senate The staff of the division commander shall consist of one adjutant-general major adjutant-general's department one inspector of small arms practice lieutenant-colonel ordnance department one inspector major inspector-general's department one judge-advocate major judge-advocate-general's department one chief quartermaster lieutenant-colonel quartermaster's corps one chief commissary lieutenant-colonel quartermaster's corps one chief surgeon lieutenant-colonel medical corps two surgeons majors medical corps three aides-de-camp captains to be detailed by the Commander-in-Chief either from the line corps or departments two sergeants quartermaster corps to be detailed from the quartermaster corps one sergeant-major one color-sergeant and one trumpeter to be enlisted or appointed and warranted by the division commander

Of each brigade one brigadier-general to command the same to be appointed by the Governor and Commander-in-Chief with the consent of the Senate

The staff of a brigade commander shall consist of one adjutant-general major adjutant-general's department one inspector major inspector-general's department two quartermasters majors quartermaster corps one major medical corps one inspector of small arms practice major ordnance department two aides-de-camp first lieutenants to be detailed by the Commander-in-Chief from the line corps or departments two sergeants quartermaster corps to be detailed from the quartermaster corps one sergeant-major one color-sergeant one trumpeter to be enlisted or appointed and warranted by the brigade commander

Of each regiment of infantry one colonel one lieutenant-colonel not more than three majors of the line each to be appointed by the Governor and Commander-in-Chief one major medical corps three captains or first lieutenants medical corps to be assigned from the medical corps by the Commander-in-Chief one chaplain of the grade of captain one adjutant (an extra captain) one regimental quartermaster (an extra captain) one regimental commissary (an extra captain) one regimental inspector of small-arms practice (an extra captain) not more than three battalion adjutants (extra first lieutenants) not more than three battalion quartemasters and commissaries (extra second lieutenants) each to be appointed by the colonel subject to the approval of the brigade commander or if the regiment be not part of a brigade then of the immediate superior commanding officer also one sergeant-major one quartermaster sergeant one commissary-sergeant two color sergeants not more than three battalion sergeants-major each to be enlisted or appointed and warranted by the colonel

Of each regiment of cavalry one colonel one lieutenant-colonel not more than three majors of the line each to be appointed by the Governor and Commander-in-Chief and one major medical corps and three captains or first lieutenants medical corps assigned from the medical corps by the Commander-in-Chief one chaplain of the grade of captain one adjutant (an extra captain) one regimental quartermaster (an extra captain) one regimental commissary (an extra captain) one regimental inspector of small-arms practice (an extra captain) not more than three squadron adjutants (extra first lieutenants) not more than three squadron quartermasters and commissaries (extra second lieutenants) each to be appointed by the colonel subject to the approval of the immediate superior commanding officer one sergeant-major one quarter-

master-sergeant one commissary-sergeant two color-sergeants and not more than three squadron sergeants-major each to be enlisted or appointed and warranted by the colonel In each regiment of cavalry the Commander-in-Chief may appoint two veterinarians civilians who when in active service shall have the pay of a second lieutenant

Of each regiment of field artillery one colonel one lieutenant-colonel two majors of the line each to be appointed by the Governor and Commander-in-Chief one major medical corps and two captains or first lieutenants medical corps to be assigned from the medical corps by the Commander-in-Chief one chaplain of the grade of captain one adjutant (an extra captain) one regimental quartermaster (an extra captain) one regimental commissary (an extra captain) one regimental inspector of small-arms practice (an extra captain) not more than two battalion adjutants (extra captains) not more than two battalion quartermasters and commissaries (extra first lieutenants) each to be appointed by the colonel subject to the approval of the immediate superior commanding officer and one sergeant-major one quartermasters-sergeant one commissary-sergeant two color-sergeants not more than two battalion sergeants-major and not more than two battalion quartermaster-sergeants each to be enlisted or appointed and warranted by the colonel In each regiment of artillery the Commander-in-Chief may appoint two veterinarians civilians who when in active service shall have the pay of a second lieutenant

Of a battalion of engineers one major to be appointed by the Governor and Commander-in-Chief one adjutant (an extra captain) one battalion quartermaster and commissary (an extra first lieutenant) one assistant inspector of small-arms practice (an extra first lieutenant) each to be appointed by the major subject to the approval of the immediate superior commanding officer ond one officer of the medical corps captain or first lieutenant to be assigned by the Commander-in-Chief also one battalion sergeant-major one battalion quartermaster-sergeant to be enlisted or appointed and warranted by the battalion commander

Of a battalion of field artillery not a part of a regiment one major to be appointed by the Commander-in-Chief one battalion adjutant (an extra captain) one battalion quartermaster and commissary (an extra first lieutenant) to be appointed by the major subject to the approval of the immediate superior commanding officer and one officer of the medical corps captain or first lieutenant to be assigned by the Commander-in-Chief and also one sergeant-major and one quartermaster-sergeant to be enlisted or appointed and warranted by the battalion commander

Of a squadron of cavalry not a part of a regiment one major to be appointed by the Governor and Commander-in-Chief one squadron adjutant (an extra first lieutenant) one squadron quartermaster and commissary (an extra second lieutenant) to be appointed by the major subject to the approval of the immediate superior commanding officer and one officer of the medical corps captain or first lieutenant to be assigned by the Commander-in-Chief and one sergeant-major to be enlisted or appointed and warranted by the squadron commander

Of a battalion of infantry not a part of a regiment one major to be appointed by the Governor and the Commander-in-Chief one adjutant (an extra first lieutenant) one battalion quartermaster and commissary (an extra second lieutenant) to be appointed by the major subject to the approval of the immediate superior commanding officer and one officer of the medical corps captain or first lieutenant to be assigned by the Commander-in-Chief one sergeant-major to be enlisted or appointed and warranted by the battalion commander

Of each company of infantry one captain and one first lieutenant to be appointed by the Governor and Commander-in-Chief and one second lieutenant to be elected by the written or printed votes of a majority of the non-commissioned officers and privates of the respective company one first-sergeant one company quartermaster-sergeant four sergeants six corporals two cooks one artificer two musicians and forty-eight privates minimum fifty-six privates maximum the non-commissioned officers to be appointed by the captain and approved by the regimental commander where a company is a part of a regiment and by the immediate superior commanding officer where a company is not a part of a regiment

Of each battery of artillery one captain two first lieutenants each to be appointed by the Governor and Commander-in-Chief and two second lieutenants each to be elected by the written or printed votes of a majority of the non-commissioned officers and privates of the respective battery one first-sergeant one quartermaster-sergeant one stable-sergeant six sergeants twelve corporals three cooks one chief mechanic four mechanics two musicians one hundred and two privates minimum and one hundred and twelve privates maximum the non-commissioned officers to be appointed by the captain and approved by the regimental commander where a battery is part of a regiment and by the immediate superior commanding officer where a battery is not a part of a regiment

Of each troop of cavalry one captain and one first lieutenant each to be appointed by the Governor and Commander-in-Chief and one second lieutenant to be elected by the written or printed votes of a majority of the non-commissioned officers and privates of the respective troop one first sergeant one troop quartermaster-sergeant six sergeants six corporals two cooks one farrier one horseshoer one saddler one wagoner two trumpeters forty-three privates minimum and fifty-one privates maximum the non-commissioned officers to be appointed by the captain and approved by the regimental commander where a troop of cavalry is a part of a regiment and by the immediate superior commanding officer where a troop of cavalry is not a part of a regiment Provided however that in a troop of cavalry to which the provisions of section eight of this act apply all commissioned officers shall be elected by the written or printed votes of a majority of the non-commissioned officers and privates of the respective troop

Of each company of engineers one captain and one first lieutenant each to be appointed by the Governor and Commander-in-Chief and one second lieutenant to be elected by the written or printed votes of a majority of the non-commissioned officers and privates of the respective company one first sergeant one quartermaster-sergeant five sergeants eight corporals two cooks two musicians twenty-three first-class privates and twenty-three second-class privates minimum and thirty-one second-class privates maximum the non-commissioned officers to be appointed by the captain and approved by the immediate superior commanding officer

Of a signal corps company Type A one captain and two first lieutenants each to be appointed by the Governor and Commander-in-Chief one first lieutenant to be elected by the written or printed votes of a majority of the non-commissioned officers and privates of the company two master signal electricians seven first-class sergeants ten sergeants seventeen corporals two cooks twenty-four privates first-class and thirteen privates minimum and twenty-three privates maximum the non-commissioned officers to be appointed by the captain and approved by the immediate superior commanding officer

Of each field hospital one major and four captains or first lieutenants of the medical corps to be assigned by the Governor and Commander-in-Chief three sergeants first-class six sergeants one acting cook and eight privates first-class and fifteen privates minimum and eight privates first-class and twenty-four privates maximum the non-commissioned officers to be appointed by the commanding officer and approved by the immediate superior commanding officer

Of each ambulance company five captains or first lieutenants of the medical corps to be assigned by the Governor and Commander-in-Chief two sergeants first-class seven sergeants one acting cook and eleven privates first-class and twenty-two privates minimum and eleven privates first-class and thirty-two privates maximum the non-commissioned officers to be appointed by the commanding officer subject to the approval of the immediate superior commanding officer

Of each regimental band (which shall be known as band section of the headquarters company) one chief musician one principal musician one drum-major each of the grade of sergeant of the non-commissioned staff of a regiment four sergeants eight corporals one cook and twelve privates The chief musician shall receive the per diem pay of a first lieutenant The regimental commander is authorized to recruit and discharge members of the regimental band at his discretion all enlistment papers to be made in duplicate the original to be forwarded to the Adjutant General the duplicate to be filed at regimental headquarters The non-commissioned officers of regimental bands will be appointed and warranted by the regimental commander each regimental band duly organized and found by the military board upon examination of the rolls and reports returned by the inspecting officer to be efficient shall receive an allowance of four hundred dollars per annum to be paid by warrant drawn by the Adjutant General upon the State Treasurer approved by the Auditor General to the order of the chief musician said allowance to be used solely for military purposes and for the use and benefit of said regimental band and to be accounted for as the Adjutant General may direct

Section 6 The adjutant-General shall give bond in the sum of twenty thousand dollars the quartermaster-general in the sum of ten thousand dollars subject to the approval of the Commander-in-chief The following shall give bonds in amounts as follows same subject to the approval of the State Military Board quartermasters of the grade of lieutenant-colonel and major each in the sum of three thousand dollars regimental quartermasters quartermasters of the grade of captain and regimemtal commissaries each in the sum of two thousand dollars the blank form for same to be prescribed and furnished by the Adjutant-General and to be conditioned upon the faithful discharge of the duties of their office captains of engineer companies signal corps companies batteries of artillery troops of cavalry companies of infantry and commanding officers of field hospitals and ambulance companies each in the sum of two thousand dollars each of the lieutenants of said organizations and captains or lieutenants assigned to field hospital or ambulance companies and chief musicians of bands in the sum of one thousand dollars each subject to the approval of the State Military Board and in form to be prescribed and furnished by the Adjutant-General and to be conditioned upon the faithful discharge of the duties of their respective offices and the proper accounting for public moneys entrusted to them and for the safe-keeping and return of the property of the State or of the United States issued to them by the Adjutant-General or the quartermaster-general or acquired by transfer or inventory or by purchase from State funds when demand is made for said money or property by the Adjutant-General or the quartermaster-general

Section 7 Whenever by the authority of this act the Governor and Commander-in-Chief increases or diminishes the miniumm strength of any organization of the National Guard to conform to the minimum fixed by the President of the United States or by the War Department he may increase or diminish the maximum strength of such organization by an amount equal to the number by which he has increased or di-

minished the minimum provided that the maximum strength shall at no time exceed the maximum war strength of such organization

Section 8 Nothing herein contained shall be construed as affecting the right of any troop of cavalry battery of artillery or company of infantry organized prior to one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one and since continuously maintained to preserve their respective organizations together with their original vested or chartered rights privileges and immunities and said organizations shall be deemed legal organizations in addition to the number of companies provided for in the fourth section of this act provided that such organization when admitted as an organization of the National Guard of Pennsylvania shall be in all things subject to the orders of the Commander-in-Chief and the provisions of this act except as to the office of Cornet in a troop of cavalry

Section 9 The major-general and the brigadier-generals of the line shall be appointed by the Governor with the consent of the Senate but no person shall be appointed a major-general or a brigadier-general of the line who shall not have served at least fifteen years as a commissioned officer either in the National Guard of Pennsylvania or in the military service of the United States or both Provided however That no officer shall remain in command of a division for a longer period than five years

Section 10 Whenever an officer shall be recommissioned in the same grade or commissioned in a lower grade than that in which he has served in the National Guard of Pennsylvania within three months after the expiration or termination of such service and commission in a higher grade shall not when a commissioned officer has been in continuous service affect the continuity of rank when such officer shall be recommissioned in a lower grade in which he has previously held commission of his previous commission he shall take rank from the date given in his previous commission provided that he served

Section 11 When a company of infantry troop of cavalry or battery of field artillery has neither commissioned nor non-commissioned officers the commander of the regiment separate battalion or squadron to which it belongs shall appoint suitable persons within said company troop or battery to be non-commissioned officers thereof and shall detail a suitable person to be clerk

Section 12 The appointment of non-commissioned officers of the National Guard shall in all cases be made from the membership of the organization in which they are to serve and preference shall be given to men of military ability and experience who have been in active service in war or have received military instruction at an institution or college where an officer of the United States army is assigned as military instructor

Section 13 All commissioned officers appointed by the Governor and Commander-in-Chief shall be commissioned according to the grade in the department corps or arm of the service in which they are appointed and shall be assigned to duty by the Commander-in-Chief Commissioned officers elected under the provisions of this act or appointed by regimental commanders shall be commissioned in the respective grade office and organization to which they shall be elected or appointed and upon returns of election or order announcing appointment filed in the office of the Adjutant-General

Section 14 The division commander shall order election to fill vacancy where the commission of an elective officer expires in any organization attached to the division and the commander of which reports direct to the division commander and brigade commanders shall order election to fill vacancy where commission of an elective officer expires in any organization that is part of a brigade In all other cases the authority to order election shall be given by the Commander-in-Chief

Section 15 Officers ordering elections may preside and conduct the same or detail some officer of equal or superior grade to the office to be filled but no candidate shall preside at an election except to adjourn the meeting if no proper officer appears to preside At all elections such presiding officer shall keep a record of the proceedings and make return thereof to the Adjutant-General through the proper military channels

Section 16 Ten days' notice of election shall be given except when in annual camp or in active service when at least forty-eight hours' notice shall be given unless such notice shall be waived by the Commander-in-Chief The person who has a majority of the written or printed votes of the electors shall be declared elected and the presiding officer shall forthwith notify him of his election and make return thereof Provided That a majority of the electors shall be present in uniform but this provision in special cases may be waived by the Commander-in-Chief Every person so elected and notified shall accept within ten days otherwise he shall be deemed to have refused If before the meeting for the election of any officer is dissolved the person chosen signifies to the presiding officer his refusal to accept the same such refusal shall be recorded and made part of the return and the electors shall proceed to another election Elections may be adjourned not exceeding twice and each adjournment for a period not exceeding ten days The proper roll of the membership of the organization in which election is held shall be produced at such election by the person having the legal custody thereof

Section 17 No election for a commissioned officer shall be ordered in a company troop or battery hereafter organized unless at least the prescribed minimum number of men have been enlisted therein except when otherwise ordered by the Commander-in-Chief

Section 18 When a commissioned officer of the National Guard of Pennsylvania is elected or appointed to another office therein and accepts the same such acceptance shall vacate the office previously held and in the case of an elective officer shall constitute a part of the return of the presiding officer

Section 19 When a person elected or appointed to an office refuses to accept his commission he will return the same to his immediate superior commanding officer who will certify that fact on the back thereof and return it to the Adjutant-General through military channels and if the office is elective a new election shall be ordered or if appointive a new appointment shall be made

Section 20 No officer or soldier shall be arrested on any warrant except for treason or felony while going to remaining at or returning from a place where he is ordered to attend for military duty

Section 21 Each commissioned officer before he enters upon the duties of the office to which he has been appointed or elected shall take and subscribe before any person duly authorized to administer oaths and affirmations such oath or affirmation as may be prescribed by the Commander-in-Chief which shall not be inconsistent with the oath and declaration as prescribed by the laws of the United States

Section 22 The commissions of staff officers appointed by a commanding officer other than the Commander-in-Chief shall terminate when the successor of such commanding officer is commissioned and qualified The commissions of aides-de-camp upon the staff of the Governor and Commander-in-Chief shall terminate in like manner

Section 23 General field and commissioned departmental or corps officers are hereby authorized and empowered to administer oaths and affirmations in all matters appertaining to or concerning the National Guard service and the commanding officers of companies regiments or separate squadrons or battalions are authorized and empowered to administer oaths and affirmations in the enlistment of recruits for their respective organizations regimental non-commissioned staff sanitary detachment or band section or for separate squadron or battalion non-commissioned staff but in no case shall any fee be charged therefor Any person who shall falsely swear or affirm to any oath or affirmation shall be deemed guilty of perjury and upon trial and conviction shall be sentenced for such offence as is now or may hereafter be prescribed by law

Section 24 When a company of infantry troop of cavalry or battery of field artillery is without commissioned officers from any cause the commanding officer of the regiment of which it is a part shall detail some officer of the staff or line of the regiment to command said organization until a commissioned officer is appointed or elected The commissioned officer detailed shall have the same power and be subjected to the same liability as if he were captain of said organization

Section 25 The Governor and Commander-in-Chief may discharge any commissioned officer

When such officer tenders his resignation

When he has removed his residence beyond the bounds of his command to so great a distance that it is deemed inconvenient for him to perform the duties of his office

When he has been absent from his command more than thirty days without proper leave having been granted

When it appears to the satisfaction of the Commander-in-Chief that he is unable or unfit from any cause to discharge the duties of his office

When recourse has been had to the sureties on his bond in the settlement of his financial or property accounts

When he has been convicted of an infamous crime

Upon sentence of a court-martial after due trial according to law

Upon adverse report as to his qualifications or efficiency by a brigade board of examination as prescribed by section twenty-six or like adverse report by a board of examination appointed by the commander-in-Chief or the division commander

Upon disbandment of an organization as prescribed by section twenty-nine

Section 26 Each brigade commander of the National Guard and such commanding officers of regiments composing the brigade as he may select and one major medical corps to be selected by the brigade commander shall constitute a brigade examining board whose duty it shall be to examine every commissioned officer appointed or elected within the brigade or who may hereafter be elected or appointed as to his qualifications efficiency and physical ability for active service and upon report of said brigade examining board if adverse to any officer and approved by the Commander-in-Chief the commission of said officer shall be vacated or if not already issued be denied and an election be ordered or if an appointive officer an appointment made by the proper appointing power to fill the vacancy thus created Provided that if any officer shall refuse to present himself before said board when directed the Commander-in-Chief may upon report so made by the examining board vacate the commission of such officer or if not issued refuse the same and direct an election to be held or appointment made by the proper appointing power to fill the vacancy

In cases where organizations report direct to the division commander and are not part of a brigade the division commander is authorized to appoint an examining board of not exceeding five officers of which he may be one whose duties and powers shall be to all intents and purposes similar to those prescribed for a brigade examining board and any officer in commission or any officer hereafter elected or appointed in such organizations when ordered shall report to said examining board for examination and on failure to report or pass satisfactorily such examination and reported upon adversely the commission of such officer shall be vacated or denied him at the discretion of the Commander-in-Chief Provided that the said division commander may order any officer or organization not a part of a brigade before the brigade examining board with like effect as if such officer were in or attached to a brigade Provided further that the Commander-in-Chief may provide for the examination of officers of departments or corps and officers of arganizations not a part of a brigade and establish rules for such examination

Section 27 The term of every commissioned officer except the Adjutant-General shall be for five years unless his commission shall be otherwise lawfully determined and annulled Provided that all commissions in force in the National Guard of Pennsylvania at the time of the passage of this act shall continue in force for the unexpired portion thereof subject to determination by resignation or by the provisions of sections twenty-two and twenty-five of this act Provided that all enlistments in force in the National

Guard of Pennsylvania at the time of the passage of this act shall continue in force for the unexpired portion thereof subject to the provisions of sections twenty-eight and twenty-nine of this act

Section 28 The company commander upon the approval may and upon the order of his superior commanding officer will during the term of enlistment discharge any enlisted man of his company and all commanding officers may discharge non-commissioned staff officers enlisted or appointed by such commanding officers the certificate of discharge by such company or other commanding officer shall in all cases be good sufficient and valid An enlisted man who has faithfully served the term of his enlistment will at the expiration thereof be furnished by the commanding officer of the organization a full and honorable discharge to be signed by such commanding officer and approved by the superior commanding officer

Section 29 If it appears to the Commander-in-Chief that a company of the National Guard has failed to comply with the requirements of the law in matters of unifrom equipment discipline or efficiency so that it cannot discharge the duties required of it such company may be disbanded by the Commander-in-Chief and the Commander-in-Chief may disband any company if in his judgment the interests of the service justify it

Section 30 A commissioned officer responsible for State funds or State property or property of the United States issued to him by the Adjutant-General or the quartermaster-general or acquired by transfer inventory or purchase from annual allowance of State funds who may tender his resignation and whose accounts are not settled may be relieved from active duty by the Commander-in-Chief and held as supernumerary pending settlement of his accounts and when so relieved from active duty the office in which he is commissioned or to which he has been assigned shall be considered as vacated Provided that a commissioned officer so held as supernumerary shall be amendable to courtmartial for military offences to the same extent and in like manner as if upon the active list

Section 31 The Adjutant-General shall hold office for the term of four years and until his successor is appointed and qualified but he may be removed at any time by the Governor He shall have the custody of all books accounts and military property of the Commonwealth used by or pertaining to the National Guard of Pennsylvania he shall distribute all orders from the Commander-in-Chief shall obey all orders relative to carrying into execution and perfecting any system of military discipline established by law or regulations and perform such other military duties as the Commander-in-Chief shall direct he shall furnish to the National Guard such blank forms of rolls and of the different returns that may be required and shall also make proper abstracts from the returns and reports of the commanding officers of the division and brigades for the information of the Commander-in-Chief He shall make a return annually in duplicate of the organized militia of the Commonwealth and a report of their arms uniforms accoutrements and ammunition according to such forms as may be prescribed by the Secretary of War one copy to be filed in the office of the Adjutant-General and one copy to be forwarded to the Secretary of War He may with the consent of the Commander-in-Chief employ such emergency clerical and other force as may be required in his department or at the State Arsenal who shall be paid such rates of compensation as may be deemed just and proper He shall pay the troops and make all other disbursements authorized by this act by warrants drawn by him upon the Treasurer of the Commonwealth countersigned by the Auditor General

Section 32 Commissioned officers may be ordered upon special duty at the discretion of the Commander-in-Chief and shall receive the pay of their respective grades during the time they may continue upon duty under such order Provided that when the duty required of them is a duty enjoined by law or existing regulations upon an officer of higher grade the officer so detailed shall receive the pay of such higher grade

Section 33 Camps of instruction combined camps with troops of the regular army or practice marches shall be held at such times places and periods and for such organizations as the Commander-in-Chief may direct none of which shall exceed fourteen days in any one year and during any such tour of duty an inspection shall be made by the Adjutant-General or under his direction by the inspector-general For services during such tours of duty officers and enlisted men shall be entitled to a per diem pay as prescribed by section forty which shall be paid upon vouchers approved by the Military Board and warrants drawn by the Adjutant General upon the State Treasurer countersigned by the Auditor General and in addition to the per diem pay officers shall be entitled to transportation and enlisted men to transportation and subsistence In addition to the inspection above provided for such other inspection shall be made under the direction of the Adjutant-General or inspector-general as may be ordered by the Commander-in-Chief

Section 34 Officers for attendance upon court martial boards of examination and such other necessary service as the law may require of said officers shall be furnished transportation orders for which shall be made by the Adjutant-General division brigade or regimental commanders and all necessary expenses lawfully incurred in the performance of such duty shall be audited and paid upon proper vouchers approved by the Military Board

Section 35 The following named organizations of the National Guard duly organized and found upon examination of rolls and reports made by the inspecting officer to be fully up to the standard in numerical strength in drill discipline and efficiency shall receive in annual allowance the following sums of money per annum which shall be used and expended solely for military purposes and for the use and benefit of the organization each engineer company seven hundred and fifty dollars each company of infantry machine gun company field hospital and ambulance company five hundred dollars each signal corps company troop of cavalry and battery of field artillery fifteen hundred dollars the same to be paid by the Adjutant-General by warrant drawn upon the State Treasurer approved by the Auditor General to order of the commanding officer of the respective organization but it shall be the duty of the Adjutant-General before paying any of the said allowance in money to procure by purchase or otherwise and issue for each enlisted man not already provided therewith such articles of dress and service uniform and equipment as are not included in the annual clothing allowance and also such mess tents kitchen tents and military stores required by the respective organizations and charge the cost of same to the said annual allowance and the balance if any to be paid and disbursed as hereinafter provided Provided however that any regiment battalion squadron or company may at its own expense provide itself with other uniforms of such style and pattern as a majority of its officers may select and the Commander-in-Chief approve which uniform shall be the property of the organization or the individual members thereof but such uniform shall not be worn at inspections provided for by this act or when an organization is called into active service by the Commander-in-Chief No portion of any allowance appropriated by the State shall be expended in procuring such special uniforms or in repairing or caring for the same

Section 36 The Military Board shall consist of the Adjutant-General Auditor General and State Treasurer who shall meet at such times as may be necessary and whose duty shall be to audit and adjust all claims incident to the organization discipline maintenance and service of the National Guard and which claims on the approval of said Military Board endorsed thereon shall be paid by warrant drawn by the Adjutant-General upon the State Treasurer approved by the Auditor General Each member of the Military Board shall be paid an annual salary of six hundred dollars

Section 37 The Adjutant-General shall in the disbursement of public funds in the manner provided for in this act in payment for stores furnished or services rendered require as far as practicable that the account be itemized and its correctness duly sworn to or affirmed before an officer authorized by law to administer oaths or affirmations

Section 38 Each organization excepting division brigade regimental squadron or battalion headquarters and regimental bands in addition to allowances provided by section thirty-five of this act and under the same requirements and not occupying an armory owned by the Commonwealth shall be paid an annual allowance of two hundred dollars by warrant drawn by the Adjutant-General upon the State Treasurer approved by the Auditor-General to the order of the commanding officer of the organization said annual allowance to be devoted exclusively to the payment of rent of armory

Section 39 The payment of hire of horses for such officers and enlisted men as are required to be mounted and for horses necessary for batteries of field artillery and for such horses or mules as may be required for wagon transportation when in active service including camps of instruction combined camps practice marches or parades when ordered by the Commander-in-Chief shall not exceed two dollars per diem per horse or mule the payment of said hire to be made by the Adjutant-General by warrant drawn upon the State Treasurer approved by the Auditor General and upon properly itemized and duly approved vouchers

Section 40 When the National Guard or any part thereof is ordered on active duty by the Commander-in-Chief and for which duty a per diem pay is authorized the commissioned officers so ordered on active duty shall be entitled to the same pay as officers of like grade in the regular army of the United States excepting and excluding longevity pay and allowances and enlisted men when so ordered on active duty shall be entitled to per diem pay as follows non-commissioned staff sergeants departmental and corps sergeants master signal electricians first sergeants principal musicians drum majors sergeants first-class of engineers signal corps field hospitals ambulance companies and sanitary detachments three dollars sergeants of engineers and signal corps two dollars and twenty-five cents sergeants of infantry cavalry artillery field hospitals ambulance companies sanitary detachments and bands two dollars chief mechanics of artillery corporals of engineers and signal corps cooks of all organizations two dollars corporals of infantry cavalry artillery regimental bands artificers saddlers wagoners farriers horseshoers mechanics of artillery and privates first-class of engineers signal corps field hospital ambulance company and sanitary detachment one dollar and seventy-five cents privates all arms musicians of companies and trumpeters of cavalry and artillery one dollar and fifty cents The chief musician regimental band shall receive the pay of grade of first lieutenant Each enlisted man except the chief musician regimental band after having served one full term of enlistment of three years and who re-enlists within thirty days from expiration of previous enlistment shall be entitled to and receive additional pay at the rate of twenty-five cents per day for his second and a like amount for his third term of consecutive enlistment and the said payments shall be made in accordance with the muster and pay rolls prepared in such form and manner as the Adjutant-General shall direct and all payments of per diem pay and service pay shall be by warrants drawn by the Adjutant-General upon the State

Treasurer approved by the Auditor General The necessary subsistence and quartermaster stores necessary expenses incident to such active service and the transportation of troops incident to such active service may be contracted for by direction of the Commander-in-Chief by the Adjutant-General or the proper departmental or corps officers and paid for in like manner When the National Guard or any portion thereof is ordered on active duty by the Governor and Commander-in-Chief in repelling invasion subduing insurrection riot or disorder within the State or in furnishing quota of volunteers from the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania under a call made by the President of the United States the payment of the troops and all other expenses incident to such service will be made by the Adjutant-General from funds obtained by warrant drawn by the Governor of the Commonwealth upon the State Treasurer against appropriation made for such purpose

Section 41 The necessary military expenses of general division brigade regimental separate squadron and battalion headquarters including clerk hire and other actual outlays shall be paid by warrants drawn by the Adjutant-General upon the State Treasurer in the usual manner on the usual lawful vouchers to that effect duly sworn or affirmed to by the commanding officer or the officer charged with the payment of such expenses such expenses in no event to exceed nine hundred dollars per annum for the division seven hundred and fifty dollars for each brigade five hundred dollars for each regiment and two hundred dollars for each battalion or squadron not a part of a regiment

Section 42 Any commissioned officer or chief musician of the National Guard who shall embezzle misapply or retain in his possession without authority any moneys received by him for disbursement shall be deemed guilty of a felony and it shall be the duty of the district attorney of the proper county on complaint being made to prosecute such offender in any court of competent jurisdiction and any penalty imposed shall be collected and paid into the State Treasury

Section 43 If any officer or enlisted man of the National Guard of Pennsylvania is wounded or otherwise disabled while doing duty in active service he shall receive from the Commonwealth just and reasonable relief in amount to be determined by the Military Board

Section 44 The Adjutant-General shall provide for and issue to the National Guard for rifle and artillery practice such ammunition as may be necessary for the efficiency of the service and the Commander-in-Chief may fix an annual allowance for rifle or revolver practice expenses based upon the number of men in each company troop or battery organization who practice to be paid by warrants drawn by the Adjutant-General upon the State Treasurer in the usual manner upon submission of proper vouchers approved by the Military Board

Section 45 Commissioned officers who shall have served as such for a continuous period of ten years or commissioned officers who have served fifteen years in the aggregate as commissioned officers and enlisted men in the National Guard of Pennsylvania may upon their application to the Adjutant-General be placed upon the retired list Provided however that service in the army navy or marine corps of the United States during the war for the suppression of the rebellion or the war with Spain shall be computed as of twice its actual length and as so computed may be included as part of the fifteen years Provided further that where such commissioned officers now retired or who may hereafter be retired served in the army navy or marine corps of the United States during the war for the suppression of the rebellion or the war with Spain and has been honorably discharged therefrom they shall be retired as of the next higher grade except in the case of a major-general whose grade upon the retired list shall remain the same Provided further that where an officer has been commissioned in a higher grade than that held by him at time of retirement or of being placed on retired list he may be placed upon the retired list as of the highest grade in which he has been at any time previously commissioned The Commander-in-Chief shall have power and is hereby authorized to relieve from active service and place upon the retired list as of the next higher grade any commissioned officer of the National Guard of Pennsylvania who has served continuously in any one grade for fifteen years A commissioned officer of any Pennsylvania volunteer organization duly mustered into service of the United States in the war with Spain may upon application to the Adjutant-General be placed upon the retired list Provided such commissioned officer served in the National Guard of Pennsylvania as a commissioned officer or enlisted man or both for five years immediately prior to April twenty-eighth one thousand eight hundred and ninety-eight and was on that date borne upon the rolls of the said National Guard Officers on the retired list shall be subject to such duty other than the command of troops as may be assigned them by the Commander-in-Chief When commissioned officers are relieved from active duty and placed upon the retired list the commission of such officer shall be considered as terminated and the office held by him as vacated

Section 46 Commissioned officers who have served forty years either as an officer or enlisted man or both in the National Guard of Pennsylvania shall upon application made to the Adjutant-General be retired from active service and placed upon the retired list as of the next higher grade except a major-general whose grade upon the retired list shall remain the same and when any commissioned officer of the line is sixty-four years of age he shall be retired from active service and placed upon the retired list as of the next higher grade except a major-general whose grade shall remain the same to that held by them respectively at the time of such retirement Provided that service in the volunteer forces of the United States or in the army navy or marine corps thereof during the war for the suppression of the rebellion or the war with Spain may be included as of twice its actual length in computing the forty years of service required for retirement

Section 47 The commanding officer of each organization shall at such time as the Commander-in-Chief may direct make a return to the Adjutant-General containing an itemized account and statement of all disbursements of the money appropriated and paid during the preceding year to said organization which account and statement shall be verified by the proper original vouchers for such disbursements

Section 48 No part of the annual appropriations paid under this act to the several organizations of the National Guard shall be used in the purchase erection or construction of any armory unless the title thereto be vested in the Commonwealth

Section 49 The Adjutant-General shall supply to all officers of the National Guard copies of drill regulations manuals of rifle practice service manuals and military publications forms and books prescribed for use of United States Army as the Governor and Commander-in-Chief may designate same to be paid for by warrant drawn by the Adjutant-General upon the State Treasurer in the usual manner

Section 50 The commanding officer of any troops in active service may cause them to perform any military duty he shall require and also to put under arrest any officer or enlisted man who shall disobey the orders of his superior officer and also any person or persons who shall trespass on parade or camp grounds or in any way or manner interrupt or molest the orderly discharge of duty of those in active service and also may prohibit and prevent the sale of spirituous or malt liquors except by licensed houses within two miles of such parade grounds or encampment and also in his discretion abate as a nuisance all hucksters auction sales or gambling

Section 51 Every uniformed company troop or battery of the National Guard may form by-laws rules and regulations with the approval of the Commander-in-Chief not inconsistent with the laws of this State for the government and improvement of its members in military science and discipline and when approved by two-thirds of all the members belonging to any such company and the Commander-in-Chief such by-laws rules and regulations shall be binding but the same may upon like approval be altered from time to time as may become necessary Provided however that no deductions shall be made from pay of commissioned officers or enlisted men for active service for dues or other financial obligations imposed by such by-laws rules or regulations

Section 52 When an invasion of or insurrection in the State occurs or is threatened or a tumult riot or mob shall exist the Governor may in his discretion place the National Guard or any part thereof on active duty

Section 53 Every commissioned officer and enlisted man shall hold his uniform arms ammunition and accoutrements required by law free from all suits distresses executions or sales for debt or payment of taxes

Section 54 The Adjutant-General may under the direction of the Commander-in-Chief make such disposition of the arms accoutrements ammunition and all other military property belonging to the Commonwealth as will most effectually subserve its military interests or necessities He shall distribute to the officers regiments battalions squadrons and companies of the National Guard the arms uniforms equipments camp equipage and the books required by law to be furnished at public expense and may sue either in contract or tort any or all such officers for loss or damage sustained in articles so furnished He may permit the rifles field pieces and artillery equipments now in possession of any city or county so to remain so long as they provide suitable places of deposit therefor and keep them in good condition without expense to the Commonwealth

Section 55 The Adjutant-General may with the approval of the Commander-in-Chief sell or exchange from time to time such military stores belonging to the Commonwealth as are found unserviceable or in state of decay or which it may be deemed for the interests of the Commonwealth to sell or exchange all moneys received for stores so sold shall be paid into the Treasury of the Commonwealth

Section 56 The Commander-in-Chief is hereby authorized to procure and issue from time to time to the National Guard such flags standards and guidons as may be necessary which as far as practicable shall be similar in style to those of the United States Army

Section 57 Every arm uniform equipment or article of camp equipage owned or issued by the Commonwealth shall be used only in the discharge of military duty and any commissioned officer non-commissioned officer or private who shall wilfully or wantonly injure or destroy any uniform arm equipment or other military property belonging to the Commonwealth or to the United States or refuse to make good such injury or loss or who shall sell dispose of secrete or remove the same or who shall fail within ten days after being notified by his commanding officer to return the same to the Commonwealth or his commanding officer shall be tried by court-martial and if convicted shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not more than one hundred dollars or in default of payment of the same undergo an imprisonment in the county jail of not more than thirty days

Section 58 If any person shall knowingly and wilfully purchase or receive in pawn or pledge any arm accoutrement article of military clothing equipment tent or fly or any quartermaster medical engineer signal property ordnance or ordnance stores the property of the Commonwealth or of the United States in use by the Commonwealth he shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and being convicted thereof in any court of quarter sessions of the proper

county shall be sentenced to an imprisonment not exceeding one year and a fine not exceeding three hundred dollars

Section 59 In addition to exemptions now allowed by law any person who shall have performed duty in the National Guard of the State for a period of nine years or who served for nine month or a longer period in active service of the United States and was honorably discharged shall be exempt from further military service except in case of war invasion or insurrection and from serving as a juror if he so desires Every officer and enlisted man in the National Guard shall during his service therein be exempt from service upon any posse comitatus Every officer and enlisted man of the National Guard of the State while in active service for which a per diem rate of pay is paid shall be exempt from jury duty during the period of such active service and any officer or enlisted man shall during his membership in the National Guard of the State be exempt from serving as a juror if he so desires

Section 60 No civil process shall issue or be enforced against any person mustered into the service of this Commonwealth or of the United States during so much of the term as he shall be engaged in active service under orders nor until thirty days after he shall have been relieved therefrom Provided that the operation of all statutes of limitations and presumptions arising from lapse of time shall be suspended upon all claims against such person during such term

Section 61 The Commander-in-Chief may at his discretion appoint and commission an officer with the relative naval rank of captain who shall be during his commission a member of the staff of the Commander-in-Chief and who shall under the direction of the Adjutant-General perform such duties in connection with the naval force of Pennsylvania as may be assigned him

Section 62 In the settlement and payment of any accounts the Adjutant-General shall require except for incidental expenses or allowances authorized by this act or when it may be impracticable an affidavit taken before a person authorized to administer oaths or affirmations to the following effect namely

City (or county) of .....ss Personally appeared before me.....in and for said city (or county)..... of the firm of ..... who having been ..... according to law said that the above account is correct that the articles therein charged were furnished to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania on the order of ..... and that the prices charged for the same are not more than the actual wholesale cash prices charged for goods of like quality to other purchasers and that no commission abatement or allowance whatever has been or is to be given to any person concerned in the ordering or purchasing of said articles or any other person whomsoever and that the said articles are of the quality size and quantity mentioned in the said account .....and subscribed before me this .....day of ..... one thousand nine hundred and .....

Every account before payment shall be approved by the officer ordering the purchase showing that the same is correct as to price that the articles were furnished on his order and supplied as charged Provided That any person who shall be convicted before any court of record in this Commonwealth of wilful perjury under the provisions of this section shall suffer in addition to the penalties now or that may hereafter be provided by the laws of this Commonwealth against perjury the forfeiture of the whole amount of the articles falsely charged for or paid for one-half of which amount shall go to the person or persons who shall give information and shall prosecute such charge to conviction and the other half shall be paid into the Treasury of the Commonwealth

Section 63 Courts of inquiry may be instituted by the Commander-in-Chief or the commanding officer of the division in relation to those officers for whose trial they are authorized to appoint court martial for the purpose of investigating the conduct of any officer either upon his own solicitation or upon complaint or charge of improper conduct degrading the character of an officer or for the purpose of settling rank but no court of inquiry shall consist of more than one officer who may if approved of by the officer ordering the court of inquiry require an officer or person to act as recorder to attend such court in taking testimony and in investigating any complaint that may come before such court of inquiry Such court of inquiry shall without delay report a statement of facts and when required an opinion thereon to the officer instituting such court who may in his discretion thereupon appoint a court martial for the trial of the officer whose conduct shall have been inquired into

Section 64 Every court martial for the trial of general officers and officers detailed or appointed on the staff of the Commander-in-Chief shall be ordered by the Commander-in-Chief and shall consist of seven officers any five of whom shall constitute a quorum

Section 65 General courts martial for the trial of all other commissioned officers shall be ordered by the division commander for all organizations composing the division by the brigade commander for organizations of a brigade not a part of the division and by the Commander-in-Chief for commissioned officers of departments or corps and for commissioned officers of all organizations not a part of the division or of a brigade and shall consist of five officers any three of whom shall constitute a quorum

Section 66 General courts-martial for the trial of enlisted men of companies battalions or squadrons which report directly to the division commander shall be ordered by him and for the trial of enlisted men of the brigade shall be ordered by the brigade commander and for organizations not a part of a division or brigade by the Commander-in-Chief and shall consist of five officers any three of whom shall constitute a quorum

Section 67 A summary court-martial for the trial of enlisted men belonging to any regiment or separate battalion or squadron shall be ordered by the respective regimental or separate battalion or squadron commander and shall consist of a field officer or captain in such regiment or separate battalion or squadron

Section 68 An unassigned company court-martial for the trial of enlisted men belonging to unassigned companies of infantry signal corps company engineer companies machine gun company field hospital ambulance company troops of cavalry or batteries of artillery shall be ordered by the Commander-in-Chief and shall consist of one officer of the rank of a field officer or captain

Section 69 The officer ordering each court may at any time fill any vacancy that from any cause may happen therein but the member filling such vacancy shall not sit or participate in the trial of a case commenced before he has qualified

Section 70 The jurisdiction of general courts-martial shall extend to and include the trial of all offences against military law order or discipline Their sentences may inflict one or more of the following punishments namely reprimand forfeiture in whole or part of pay and allowances a fine not exceeding one hundred dollars or in default of payment of the same for twenty days after final approval imprisonment not exceeding thirty days suspension of officers from rank dishonorable discharge from the service and in addition in the case of non-commissioned officers their reduction to the ranks The record of every general court-martial and sentence imposed shall receive the approval or disapproval of the Commander-in-Chief who shall have the power to mitigate or remit such sentence

Section 71 The jurisdiction of summary and unassigned company courts-martial shall extend to and include the trial of all infractions of discipline non-attendance at drills abuse or neglect of arms equipment clothing or other military stores

Section 72 A summary or unassigned company court-martial may inflict one or more of the following punishments namely dishonorable discharge reduction to the ranks of non-commissioned officers reprimand forfeiture in whole or part of pay and allowance and a fine not exceeding twenty dollars or in default of payment of the same for twenty days after a final approval imprisonment not exceeding five days

Section 73 No officer or enlisted man under arrest shall be brought to trial before a general court-martial unless the officer convening the court-martial shall have ordered the same within thirty days after such arrest nor until ten days after a copy of the order convening the court and of the charges and specifications shall have been delivered to the accused or left at his usual or last known place of abode

Section 74 There shall be a judge-advocate commissioned or specifically detailed for every general court-martial who shall after all challenges if any shall have been determined administer to each member of the court-martial the following oath of affirmation

You.....do swear (or affirm) that you will well and truly try and determine according to the evidence all matters and issues between the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and any person or persons who shall come before this court-martial and that you will not divulge the findings or sentence of the court to anyone but the proper authority until it shall be duly disclosed by the same and that you will not disclosed or discover the vote or opinion of any particular member of the court unless required to give evidence thereof as a witness in a court of justice in due course of law

Section 75 When all the members of a general court-martial shall have been duly sworn or affirmed the president of the court-martial shall administer to the judge-advocate the following oath or affirmation

You.....do swear (or affirm) that you will not divulge the finding or sentence of the court to any but the proper authority until it shall be duly disclosed by the same and that you will not disclose or discover the vote or opinion of any particular member of the court unless required to give evidence thereof as a witness in a court of justice in due course of law

Section 76 The proceedings and sentence of every court-martial shall without delay be delivered to the officer ordering the court who shall approve or disapprove thereof within fifteen days thereafter and shall give notice of his approval or disapproval to the president or officer of such court-martial to the arresting officer and to the accused and he may at his discretion publish the sentence as approved or disapproved in orders after action thereon by the Commander-in-Chief as provided in section seventy of this act but no part of such sentence shall be published or executed until after the time allowed for appeals has expired and he shall also forward such proceedings and sentences and his approval or disapproval thereof to the Adjutant General for such disposition as may be deemed proper

Section 77 An appeal from the approved finding or sentence of a general court-martial may be made to the Commander-in-Chief within twenty days after the decision appealed from shall have been made known to the person appealing and shall operate as a stay of execution of sentence until the dismissal of such appeal

Section 78 The president of such general court-martial or the officer of a summary battalion squadron or unassigned company court-martial shall issue his warrant for the collection of all fines imposed by said court-martial to the sheriff or any constable of the county in which the court was held or in which the delinquent resides whose duty it shall be to collect all fines provided for by this act in the same manner as he is authorized to collect debts on civil process and make his return to the president of the said court or to the officer of the said summary battalion squadron or unassigned company court-martial or within twenty days certify to the said president or officer that there is no property of the defendant out of which said moneys can be made Upon such return of "no goods" the said president or officer of the court shall issue his warrant of commitment of such delinquent to the proper jail of the county directed to such sheriff or constable who shall forthwith execute said warrant and make proper return of the same to court

Section 79 The keepers and wardens of all county jails are required to receive and confine all military offenders

when delivered by such sheriff or constable under the proper certificate of commitment of a general or summary battalion squadron or unassigned company court-martial for and during the term of sentence as set forth in said commitment

Section 80 The senior officer present shall be the president of the court and all the members of such court shall when on duty be in uniform and the president or officer of the court may detail one or more marshals whose duty it shall be to summon all delinquents and parties accused and subpoena all witnesses to appear before the court at the properly designated time and place

Section 81 After a return of the summons by a marshal and certifying service of the same on the accused and upon default of appearance of such accused at the time and place designated for trial the president or officer of the court shall issue his warrant for the arrest of the delinquent directed to the sheriff or to a constable of the county who shall forthwith execute said warrant and make proper return thereof to said court and produce to the said court the body of the accused if within said county and retain the custody thereof until the conclusion of the trial unless sooner discharged by order of the court

Section 82 The president or officer of every court-martial and every court of inquiry either before or after he has been sworn shall issue subpoenas for all witnesses whose attendance at such court may in his opinion be necessary in behalf of the Commonwealth and also on application for all witnesses on behalf of the accused or person returned as delinquent

Section 83 The president or officer of every court-martial or court of inquiry shall have power to administer the usual oath to witnesses and shall have the same power to compel attending witnesses to be sworn and testify and to preserve order as courts of common law jurisdiction and all sheriffs jailers and constables are hereby required to execute any precept or process issued by such president or officer of the court for that purpose

Section 84 Every witness not attending in obedience to such subpoena when duly served and not having a sufficient or reasonable excuse shall forfeit to the Commonwealth a sum not less than ten nor more than fifty dollars for each default and the president or officer of such court shall from time to time report to the district attorney the names of such delinquent witnesses together with the names and places of residence of the persons serving such subpoena the better to enable him to prosecute for such forfeiture

Section 85 Whenever it shall appear to the satisfaction of any court-martial or court of inquiry by proof made before such court that any person duly subpoenaed to appear as a witness before said court shall have refused or neglected without just cause to attend as such witness in conformity to such subpoena and the party in whose behalf such witness shall have been subpoenaed shall make oath that the testimony of such witness is material such court or the president or officer thereof shall have power to issue an attachment to compel the attendance of such witness

Section 86 Every such attachment shall be executed in the same manner as a warrant and by the sheriff or a constable of the county and the fees for serving the same shal be paid by the person against whom the same shall have been issued unless he shall show reasonable cause to the satisfaction of such court for his omission to attend in which case the party requiring such attachment shall pay the costs such costs shall be ascertained by the court which may thereupon issue an execution for the collection against the person liable to pay the same and which may be collected as other executions are collected by said sheriff or constable

Section 87 All fines and penalties imposed and collected through the sentences of court-martial shall be forwarded to the Adjutant-General and by him paid into the Treasury of the Commonwealth and the neglect or refusal of any marshal sheriff constables or jail warden to execute any process or to make proper return of all fines and penalties collected shall be deemed a misdemeanor and shall subject the offender to a prosecution by the proper district attorney and to a penalty upon conviction of each offense of one hundred dollars to the use of the Commonwealth

Section 88 Any officer or soldier failing to appear upon any occasion of duty to which he shall be ordered by his proper commanding officer shall be subject to a trial by a court-martial and upon conviction failing to render good and sufficient cause therefor he shall be sentenced to pay such fine or undergo such lawful punishment as such court-martial may direct

Section 89 Commissioned officers under arrest shall be suspended from exercising the duties of office and resignations tendered under charges when forwarded by any commanding officer will always be accompanied by a copy of the charges or in the absence of written charges by a report of the case for the information of the Commander-in-Chief

Section 90 The forms practice and procedure in all courts-martial and courts of inquiry shall be as herein prescribed unless altered amended or modified from time to time by orders from the Commander-in-Chief

Section 91 Judge-advocates and members of courts-martial and courts of inquiry and their marshals shall be allowed per diem pay as per military grade for time actually employed in the duties assigned them Transportation shall be furnished them as well as to all prosecutors prisoners witnesses marshals sheriffs and constables to and from the place or places designated for the meetings of said courts The per diem pay of military and civilian witnesses shall be the same as in civil courts of law The fees of sheriffs and constables for serving the processes provided for in this act shall be the same as prescribed by law for similar processes of a civil nature and shall upon proper vouchers being filed be paid out of the appropriation for the support of the National Guard by warrant drawn by the Adjutant-General upon the State Treasurer countersigned by the Auditor-General

Section 92 Copies of this act and all subsequent laws of the Commonwealth relating to the National Guard shall be collected from time to time codified and published by the Adjutant-General and known as "The Military Code of Pennsylvania"

Section 93 The various sections of this act are hereby declared to be independent of each other and in the event of any section thereof hereafter being declared unconstitutional it is the intent and meaning hereof that such section alone should be eliminated therefrom without affecting any other portion of this act

Section 94 The provisions of this act will become effective on and after June first nineteen hundred and fifteen

Section 95 The Act of Assembly approved the fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An act providing for the organization discipline maintenance and regulation of the organized militia of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania otherwise styled the National Guard of Pennsylvania authorizing the Governor to alter divide annex consolidate disband organize or reorganize any organization department or corps providing for admission of new organizations providing that certain privileges and exemptions from duty as jurors be enjoyed by members thereof or persons who have served therein also exemption from further military service of persons who have served therein except in case of war invasion or insurrection exempting members of the National Guard from service upon any posse comitatus authorizing general field and commissioned department or staff officers to administer oaths or affirmations in matters concerning National Guard service and authorizing commanding officers to administer oaths or affirmations in enlistment or recruits providing that persons who falsely swear or affirm to any oaths or affirmation shall be deemed guilty of perjury and prescribing punishment therefor providing for annual allowances to be paid to organizations of the National Guard fixing rate per day for hire of horses fixing the per diem pay for officers and enlisted men of the National Guard providing for retirement of commissioned officers providing for Military Board and fixing salaries of members thereof providing for holding of annual encampments and fixing maximum period of same fixing terms of commission of commissioned officers providing that no officer shall remain in command of the division for a longer period than five years providing that officers may be held supernumerary fixing amount of bonds to be filed by certain officers providing for discharge of commissioned officers by the Commander-in-Chief and discharge of enlisted men by commanding officers authorizing the Adjutant-General by permission of the Governor to sell or exchange military stores and directing payment into State Treasury of money received from sales so made prescribing the duties of the Adjutant-General authorizing commanding officers of troops under arms to arrest trespassers on parade or camp ground and to prohibit and prevent sale of spirituous liquors except by licensed houses within a radius of two miles of said parade or camp ground and providing that hucksters auction sales or gambling may be abated as a nuisance authorizing the Commander-in-Chief to fix an annual commutation for rifle practice providing that civil process shall not be issued or enforced against any person mustered into the service of this Commonwealth or of the United States during so much of the term as he shall be engaged in active service under orders nor until thirty days after he shall be relieved thereof providing that no officer or soldier shall be arrested upon any warrant except for treason or felony while in the performance of military duty providing for the appointment of courts of inquiry and courts martial and the method of procedure of said courts of inquiry and courts martial and fixing sentences that may be imposed or penalties inflicted or both providing for the punishment of certain offenses hereby declared to be felonies or misdemeanors" and all other acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith be and the same are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the third time.

BILL POSTPONED.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill?

Mr. McKEE. Mr. President, I move that the question, together with the further consideration of the bill, be postponed for the present.

Mr. PHIPPS. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 267 (House Bill No. 219), as follows:

An Act granting to boroughs and incorporated towns the right of eminent domain for certain purposes and regulating the procedure thereunder

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That all boroughs and incorporated towns may acquire enter upon take use and appropriate private property and also land heretofore granted or dedicated to public use or other use which is no longer used for the purpose for which the same was granted or dedicated and also lands where the title is defective disputed or doubtful for the erection of a town hall hose house lockup and other buildings and works as are necessary for public municipal purposes within the corporate limits of such municipality whenever the council thereof shall by ordinance determine thereon

No land or property belonging to or used for any cemetery burying-ground or place of public worship shall be taken or appropriated in any manner under and by virtue of the provisions of this act

Section 2 Whenever the municipal authorities desire to acquire enter upon take use and appropriate any such private property or lands for any of such purposes they shall declare such intention by an ordinance duly enacted

Section 3 The compensation and damages arising from such taking using and appropriating of private property for the purposes aforesaid shall be considered ascertained determined awarded and paid in the manner hereinafter provided

Section 4 In cases where the municipal authorities and the owner or owners thereof cannot agree as to the price or damages to be paid or where land is held by any borough or town and the title of the borough or town is disputed by any one or more claimants or where any claimant or owner or owners are unknown or where there are two or more owners or claimants and one or more of said owners or claimants are known and reside within the county within which the borough or town is situate and any other owner or owners or claimants are unknown or do not reside within the said county and in cases where the title to the real estate to be taken used and appropriated as aforesaid is defective disputed or doubtful or any of the persons owning claiming or interested in said real estate are absent not of full age of unsound mind or from any cause cannot be bargained with and after the enactment of an ordinance as aforesaid declaring the intention of the borough or town to take use and appropriate any such real estate the borough or town shall present a petition to the court of common pleas of the county where the real estate to be taken is situated or to any judge thereof in vacation setting forth the facts and said petition of the borough or town shall state who the owner or owners or claimants of said real estate are if known together with their residence and address if the same can be ascertained or if the owners or claimants of said lands are unknown said petition shall state that the officers who make oath to the truth of the facts set forth in said petition have inquired of the tax assessor of the ward or borough or town in which said lands are situated as well as of three reputable and disinterested freeholders who reside in the vicinity of said lands as to who the owners or claimants of said real estate are and said petition shall be verified by the affidavit of either the burgess or the president of the council of the petitioning borough or town and upon presentation of such petition said court or judge thereof shall direct the filing of a bond to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in an amount to be fixed and approved by said court or in vacation by a judge thereof for the use of those entitled to damages for said taking and appropriation the condition of which bond shall be that the borough or town shall pay or cause to be paid to any person or persons such amount of damages as he or they shall have suffered by reason of such taking and appropriation after the same shall have been agreed upon or assessed in the manner provided by this act Where any owner or owners or claimants or the persons claiming or entitled to damages are known and reside within the county where said real estate is situated or are absent from said county but have a known agent or attorney residing within said county or are under legal disability but have a guardian or committee within said county or are a corporation and have an agent or officer residing within said county the borough or town shall serve upon said owners attorneys officers or agents guardians and committees as the case may be a copy of said petition and order directing the filing of said bond together with notice that said bond has been filed Where minors have no guardian and lunatics or persons of unsound or feeble mind have no guardians or committees the said court or a judge thereof in vacation shall have power to appoint a guardian or committee ad litem and direct that said petition order and notice and all other notices required by this act shall be served upon them As to all other persons who may be interested or claim to be interested in said real estate the said court or said judge thereof in vacation shall upon the filing of said bond direct such notice to be given by publication in at least two newspapers of the county in which said real estate is situated as the said court shall deem proper provided that said notice shall be so published at least twenty days prior to the limit of the time for filing exceptions and shall state the time within which such exceptions may be filed and if no exceptions are filed to said bond within ten days after service of said petition and order directing the filing of said bond by persons upon whom the same are served or by other persons on or before the day fixed in said published notices as the case may be the court shall approve said bond The said court shall have power to increase the amount of said bond and to hear and determine all exceptions that may be filed against the approval thereof Upon the approval of said bond the municipal authorities may enter upon and take said lands for the purposes expressed in this act and take hold use and enjoy said lands thereafter forever and the title of said borough or town to the lands shall be in fee simple The bond shall remain on file for the use of any person or persons who may be legally entitled to damages by reason of the taking of said lands The damages which may be recovered by the condition of the bond shall not be more than the fair market value of the land at the time of such entry and taking by the borough or town

Section 5 In case the damages for said taking and appropriation have not for any reason been agreed upon between the borough or town and the owners of said land the court of common pleas of the county or any judges thereof in vacation upon application thereto by a petition of the borough or town or any person interested shall appoint three members of the board of viewers as a board of view and appoint a time not less than twenty nor more than thirty days thereafter and said board of view shall meet upon the premises or lands taken or appropriated and view the same and the premises affected thereby The board of view shall give or cause to be given at least ten days notice of said meeting to the owner or owners of the said lands taken if it appears by the petition filed for the order directing the filing of a bond as aforesaid or by exceptions filed to said bond that said owner or owners reside within the county where said real estate is situated and can be found which notice shall be served in the same manner as provided in section four of this act for the service of the petition and order directing the filing of a bond Where any owner owners or persons interested are unknown or do not reside within the county where said real estate is situated or where service of such notice can not be made upon a proper person or persons within the county as provided for the service of the petition and order for the filing of the bond as provided in section four herein such notice shall be given in at least two newspapers of general circulation printed and published in the proper borough or town or county not less than ten days prior to said meeting and they shall give such other or further notice as the court shall direct

Section 6 The board of view shall hear the parties interested and their witnesses and shall estimate and determine the value of the land taken and appropriated and any damages that may have been sustained by reason of said taking and appropriation and who are entitled to receive the same and having so estimated and determined the value of the property and damages sustained they shall make up their report which shall be signed by them or any two of them and thereupon filed in the court of common pleas from which the order to view issued Upon the filing of said report the board of view shall give notice thereof by one publication in at least two newspapers printed and published in the proper borough or town or county and any additional papers if so directed by the court

Section 7 Upon said report being filed in court any interested party within thirty days may file exceptions thereto and the court shall have power to confirm modify change or otherwise correct the same or refer the same back to the board of view with like power as to their report or within said thirty days from the filing of any such report in court the respective borough or town or any party whose lands have been taken may appeal to the proper court of common pleas and demand a trial by jury according to the course of the common law and said court shall have power to provide what notices shall be given in connection with any part of the proceedings and make all such orders as it may deem requisite Upon the entry of final judgment or any issue had upon said appeal either party shall have the right to appeal to the Superior or Supreme Court as in other cases All proceedings however after the filing and approval of the bond provided in this act to be filed by the borough or town shall not affect the title acquired by the borough or town by virtue of the provisions of this act

Section 8 This act does not repeal or in any way affect the provisions of the act approved the tenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and one entitled "An Act authorizing and empowering boroughs and incorporated towns to take use and appropriate private property for necessary public buildings and works within the corporate limits of such municipality and providing for the manner of ascertaining determining awarding and paying compensation and damages therefor" or of an act approved the first day of June one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled "An Act to amend section one of an act entitled 'An Act authorizing and empowering borough and incorporated towns to take use and appropriate private property for necessary public buildings and works within the corporate limits of such municipality and providing for the manner of ascertaining determining awarding and paying compensation and damages therefor' approved June tenth one thousand nine hundred and one extending the provisions of the act to the taking use and appropriation of private property for a filter plan" or of an act approved the first day of April one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled "An Act authorizing and empowering the several boroughs of this Commonwealth to purchase or acquire by condemnation proceedings such real estate within or without the borough limits as may be necessary for present and future use upon which to erect construct and maintain garbage or incinerating furnaces sewage-disposal works or plants with the necessary filter-beds appliances drains and sewers and for the extensions thereof"

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—45.

Beidleman,	Hackett,	McNichol,	Smith, W. W.,
Burke,	Hilton,	Miller,	Snyder, C. A.,
Catlin,	Hoke,	Moore,	Snyder, P. W.,
Clark,	Homsher,	Patton,	Sones,
Crow,	Jenkins,	Patton,	Sproul,
Daix,	Kline,	Phipps,	Stewart,
DeWitt,	Kurtz,	Salus,	Thompson,
Endsley,	Lynch,	Schantz,	Tompkins,
Farley,	Magee, C. J.	Semmens,	Vare,
Gerberich,	Martin,	Sensenich,	Warner.
Graff,	McConnell,	Smith, R. E.,	Washers,
Gyger,	McKee, W. S.,		

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the House is requested.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 333 (House No. 85) entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to refund to S. L. Stayman of York Pennsylvania moneys erroneously paid into the State Treasury

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows:

YEAS—49.

Beidleman,	Gyger,	McConnell,	Smith, R. E.,
Buckman,	Hackett,	McKee, W. S.,	Smith, W. W.,
Burke,	Hilton,	McNichol,	Snyder, C. A.,
Catlin,	Hindman,	Miller,	Snyder, P. W.,
Clark,	Hoke,	Mills,	Sones,
Croft,	Homsher,	Moore,	Sproul,
Crow,	Jenkins,	Patton,	Stewart,
Daix,	Kline,	Phipps,	Thompson,
DeWitt,	Kurtz,	Salus,	Tompkins,
Endsley,	Lynch,	Schantz,	Vare,
Farley,	Magee, C. J.	Semmens,	Warner,
Gerberich,	Martin,	Sensenich,	Washers,
Graff,			

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 353 (House Bill No. 271), entitled:

An Act transferring from certain funds moneys appropriated to the quarantine physician Philadelphia

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—49.

Beidleman,	Gyger,	McConnell,	Smith, R. E.,
Buckman,	Hackett,	McKee, W. S.,	Smith, W. W.,
Burke,	Hilton,	McNichol,	Snyder, C. A.,
Catlin,	Hindman,	Miller,	Snyder, P. W.,
Clark,	Hoke,	Mills,	Sones,
Croft,	Homsher,	Moore,	Sproul,
Crow,	Jenkins,	Patton,	Stewart,
Daix,	Kline,	Phipps,	Thompson,
DeWitt,	Kurtz,	Salus,	Tompkins,
Endsley,	Lynch,	Schantz,	Vare,
Farley,	Magee, C. J.	Semmens,	Warner,
Gerberich,	Martin,	Sensenich,	Washers,
Graff,			

NAYS—0.

A majority of the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 347, entitled:

An Act relating to policies of life insurance and annuities

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—49.

Beidleman,	Gyger,	McConnell,	Smith, R. E.,
Buckman,	Hackett,	McKee, W. S.,	Smith, W. W.,
Burke,	Hilton,	McNichol,	Snyder, C. A.,
Catlin,	Hindman,	Miller,	Snyder, P. W.,
Clark,	Hoke,	Mills,	Sones,
Croft,	Homsher,	Moore,	Sproul,
Crow,	Jenkins,	Patton,	Stewart,
Daix,	Kline,	Phipps,	Thompson,
DeWitt,	Kurtz,	Salus,	Tompkins,
Endsley,	Lynch,	Schantz,	Vare,
Farley,	Magee, C. J.	Semmens,	Warner,
Gerberich,	Martin,	Sensenich,	Washers,
Graff,			

NAYS—0.

A majority of the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 442 (House Bill No. 543), as follows:

An Act to amend an act approved the ninth day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to provide for the appointment of deputy prothonotaries in counties of this Commonwealth having a population of more than two hundred and fifty thousand and less than a million and defining their qualifications powers and salary"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the first section of act approved the ninth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to provide for the appointment of deputy prothonotaries in counties of this Commonwealth having a population of more than two hundred and fifty thousand and less than a million and defining their qualifications powers and salary" which reads as follows

"Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by authority of the same That from and after the passage of this act in counties having a population of more than two hundred and fifty thousand and less than one million the prothonotary shall appoint a person learned in the law as deputy prothonotary" is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assmbly met and it is hereby enacted by authority of the same That in counties having a population of more than two hundred and fifty thousand and less than one million inhabitants the prothonotary shall designate from the force of clerks in his office a person who shall be the deputy prothonotary He shall also appoint subject to existing law as many assistant deputies as he shall deem necessary in the performance of the work of the office

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—49.

Beidleman,	Gyger,	McConnell,	Smith, R. E.,
Buckman,	Hackett,	McKee, W. S.,	Smith, W. W.,
Burke,	Hilton,	McNichol,	Snyder, C. A.,
Catlin,	Hindman,	Miller,	Snyder, P. W.,
Clark,	Hoke,	Mills,	Sones,
Croft,	Homsher,	Moore,	Sproul,
Crow,	Jenkins,	Patton,	Stewart,
Daix,	Kline,	Phipps,	Thompson,
DeWitt,	Kurtz,	Salus,	Tompkins,
Endsley,	Lynch,	Schantz,	Vare,
Farley,	Magee, C. J.	Semmens,	Warner,
Gerberich,	Martin,	Sensenich,	Washers,
Graff,			

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye' the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the House is requested.

BILL OVER IN ORDER.

Mr. CROW. Mr. President, I ask that Senate Bill No. 445 (House Bill No. 536), on third reading, entitled:

An Act concerning the relations between attorney and client on suit being brought in any court of this Commonwealth and providing that the attorney shall the client's cause of action claim or counteraction which have a lien for his compensation for his services upon the client's cause of action claim or counterclaim which shall attach to any award order report decision compromise settlement verdict or judgment in the client's favor and the proceeds thereof in whosoever hands the same may be and which lien shall not be affected or defeated by any compromise or settlement between the parties before or after judgment

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILL ON THIRD READING POSTPONED FOR THE PRESENT AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now resume the consideration of Senate Bill No. 291, on third reading postponed for the present, entitled:

An Act to protect the public health and welfare by regulating the employment of females in hotels boarding houses and restaurants with respect to their hours of labor and conditions of their employment by establishing certain regulations in which they work by requiring certain notices to be posted by providing for the enforcement of this act by the Commissioner of Labor and Industry and others and prescribing penalties for violation thereof and by repealing all acts and parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions thereof

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate resumed the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 291, entitled:

An Act to protect the public health and welfare by regulating the employment of females in hotels boarding houses and restaurants with respect to their hours of labor and conditions of their employment by establishing certain regulations in which they work by requiring certain notices to be posted by providing for the enforcement of this act by the Commissioner of Labor and Industry and others and prescribing penalties for violation thereof and by repealing all acts and parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions thereof

And the question recurring,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—32.

Beidleman,	Farley,	Magee, C. J.,	Schantz,
Buckman,	Gerberich,	Martin,	Smith, W. W.,
Burke,	Graff,	McConnell,	Snyder, C. A.,
Catlin,	Hackett,	McKee, W. S.	Sones,
Croft,	Hoke,	McNichol,	Thompson,
Crow,	Kline,	Miller,	Tompkins,
Daix,	Kurtz,	Mills,	Warner,
Endsley,	Lynch,	Phipps,	Wasbers,

NAYS—5.

Gyger,	Jenkins,	Smith, R. E.,	Stewart,
Hilton,			

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

COMMUNICATIONS FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Chair cleared his table and laid before the Senate communication in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which was read as follows:

APPROVAL OF RESOLUTION RECALLING SENATE BILL NO. 29 FROM THE GOVERNOR.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, March 19, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed a resolution of the Senate and House of Representatives recalling for amendment Senate Bill No. 29, entitled "An Act amending section eight of an act entitled 'An Act to establish a County Court for the County of Allegheny, and prescribing its powers and duties; regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof,' approved the fifth day of May, one thousand nine hundred and eleven, by changing the practices of the court with regard to trial by jury and further amending section nine of said act as supplemented and amended by section four of an act approved April the second, one thousand nine hundred and thirteen, and by section one of an act approved May the twenty-third, one thousand nine hundred and thirteen, by providing that appeals from the judgment of the court in all civil actions shall be taken by leave of the Court of Common Pleas and prescribing the practice and powers of the Court of Common Pleas in such cases."

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

RECONSIDERATION OF SENATE BILL NO. 29.

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I move to reconsider the vote by which Senate Bill No. 29, entitled:

Amending sections eight and nine of an act entitled "An Act to establish a county court for the County of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof" approved the fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven as amended by changing the practice of the court with regard to trial by jury and by providing that appeals from the judgment of the court in all civil actions shall be taken by leave of the court of common pleas and prescribing the practice and the powers of the court of common pleas in such cases

passed finally.

The PRESIDENT. How did the Senator vote?

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I voted aye.

Mr. CLARK. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The PRESIDENT. How did the Senator vote?

Mr. CLARK. Mr. President, I voted aye.

The motion was agreed to.

And the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I move to reconsider the vote by which this bill passed third reading.

The PRESIDENT. How did the Senator vote?

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I voted aye.

Mr. CLARK. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The PRESIDENT. How did the Senator vote?

Mr. CLARK. Mr. President, I voted aye.

The motion was agreed to.

And the question recurring,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to amend section 1, in line 36, by adding after the word "prescribe" the following:

"Provided that at the trial in the county court of cases before a judge without a jury either party may present to the trial judge such requests for findings of law or fact as he may desire, which requests shall be answered by the trial judge, to which answers either party may, within the time prescribed by the court, except, and thereupon such requests for findings and the answers of the court thereto shall become part of the record. The testimony shall be taken stenographically at the expense of the county and transcribed at the expense of the party desiring such transcript or at the expense of the county if the court so order, and such testimony when transcribed and certified by the trial judge shall also become a part of the record;" also section 2 in line 148 by inserting at the end thereof, the following: "from a final judgment of the said common pleas court upon a certiorari issued as aforesaid, an appeal may be taken to the superior court in the same manner as appeals are taken from other final judgments of the said court of common pleas, and this right of appeal to the superior court shall apply to pending cases in which the time for such appeal has not yet expired;" and also in line 159 by inserting after the word "court" the following: "Where error is alleged in a finding of fact it shall be the duty of

the court of common pleas to examine the testimony and if from such examination the said court shall entertain doubt of the correctness of such finding, the said appeal shall be allowed;" also the title in line 20 by striking out the words "trial by jury" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "trials;" also in line 22 by striking out the word "ples" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "pleas;" also in line 24 by adding after the word "cases" the words "and providing for an appeal to the superior court from judgments of the court of common pleas upon writs of certiorari issued to the county court."

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

The amendments were agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended be printed for the use of the Senate.

The PRESIDENT (Lieutenant- Governor Frank B. McClain) announced that the Chief Clerk having reported that the following bills had passed both houses of the General Assembly and the same being correct, the titles were publicly read as follows:

Senate Bill No. 47, entitled:

An Act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act to fix the fees to be allowed the district attorney in the several counties of this Commonwealth having seven hundred and fifty thousand (750,000) inhabitants and less than one million two hundred thousand (1,200,000)" approved May sixth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine

Senate Bill No. 63, entitled:

An Act relating to moneys heretofore deposited in State Treasury prior to December thirty-first Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen by the State Highway Department as fees for registration of motor-vehicles and the licensing of operators and appropriation thereof

Senate Bill No. 79, entitled:

An Act prohibiting any member or employee of any bureau or department having charge of police or fire protection of any cities of the first class from taking any active part in politics political movements or elections from canvassing election precincts or from interfering with elections or from using his office to influence politics political movements or elections and providing penalties for violation thereof

Senate Bill No. 92, entitled:

An Act requiring certain petitions and papers to be verified before being considered by the court

Senate Bill No. 111, entitled:

An Act authorizing cities of the first and second classes to appropriate city funds for the maintenance of historical societies

Senate Bill No. 112, entitled:

An Act to amend the first section of an act entitled "An Act to encourage county historical societies" approved the twenty-first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred one so as to provide that the commissioners board in counties where the population exceeds one million may appropriate a sum not exceeding one thousand dollars annually to the chief historical society in said county

Senate Bill No. 179, entitled:

An Act empowering cities of the second class to construct and maintain street railway tracks and equipment for the operation of street cars and to release said tracks and equipment upon payment of a reasonable rental to persons or corporations desiring to use the same for the operation of street cars

Senate Bill No. 180, entitled:

An Act to amend the first second and third sections of an act approved the eighteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act authorizing any county and city in any county in which the county seat is within the limits of such city to erect a joint county and municipal building providing for the conditions under which such building may be erected and for the ownership thereof providing for the selection of a site for said building and authorizing said county and city to make a sale or exchange of properties under certain conditions for the purpose of securing such site authorizing the acquisition of additional property for such building by purchase or condemnation and authorizing the county to issue bonds in payment of any indebtedness incurred for a share of the cost of such building and land" by conferring upon such county and city additional powers relating to the design construction use administration operation and maintenance of such joint county and municipal building and also if deemed advisable for an independent power plant in connection therewith

Senate Bill No. 215, entitled:

An Act vesting in county commissioners certain powers relative to public monuments

Senate Bill No. 237, entitled:

An Act relating to the admission of attorneys at law to the Supreme and Superior Courts

Whereupon,

The PRESIDENT (Lieutenant-Governor Frank B. McClain) in the presence of the Senate signed the same.

COMMUNICATIONS FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Chair cleared his table and laid before the Senate communication in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which was read as follows:

APPROVAL OF RESOLUTION RECALLING SENATE BILL NO. 153 FROM THE GOVERNOR.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, March 23, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen: I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed a resolution of the Senate and House of Representatives recalling Senate Bill No. 153, entitled "An Act to establish and regulate the fees to be charged and collected by sheriffs in counties of this Commonwealth having a population of not less than five hundred thousand nor more than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants as computed by the last preceding United States census the time and manner in which said fees shall be paid the publication and posting of said fees the delivery of an itemized receipt for official fees and legal costs received and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith."

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

RECONSIDERATION OF SENATE BILL NO. 153.

Mr. MAGEE. Mr. President, I move to reconsider the vote by which Senate Bill No. 153, entitled:

An Act to establish and regulate the fees to be charged and collected by sheriffs in counties of this Commonwealth having a population of not less than five hundred thousand nor more than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants as computed by the last preceding United States census the time and manner in which said fees shall be paid the publication and posting of said fees the delivery of an itemized receipt for official fees and legal costs received and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith

passed finally.

The PRESIDENT. How did the Senator vote?

Mr. MAGEE. Mr. President, I voted aye.

Mr. SALUS. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The PRESIDENT. How did the Senator vote?

Mr. SALUS. Mr. President, I voted aye.

The motion was agreed to.

And the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. MAGEE. Mr. President, I move to reconsider the vote by which this bill passed third reading.

The PRESIDENT. How did the Senator vote?

Mr. MAGEE. Mr. President, I voted aye.

Mr. SALUS. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The PRESIDENT. How did the Senator vote?

Mr. SALUS. Mr. President, I voted aye.

The motion was agreed to.

And the question recurring,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. MAGEE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to amend section 1, in line 6, by striking out the first word "five" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "three"; also in line 23, by striking out the word "none" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "non"; also in line 96, by striking out the word "therof" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "thereof"; also in section 4, in line 9, by striking out the words "to be"; also in section 5, in line 3, by striking out the first word "five" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "three"; also in line 88, by striking out the word "relate" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "relates."

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection. The Chair hears none.

The amendments were agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended be printed for the use of the Senate.

BILLS SIGNED.

The PRESIDENT (Lieutenant-Governor Frank B. McClain) announced that the Chief Clerk having reported the following bills had passed both houses of the General Assembly and the same being correct, the titles were publicly read as follows:

Senate Bill No. 4, entitled:

An Act relating to persons habitually addicted to the use of alcohol or drugs and providing for the care and treatment of such persons at the expense of the county and state if indigent

Senate Bill No. 162, entitled:

An Act providing for the establishment regulation and maintenance by the Board of Game Commissioners of the State game preserves on the forestry reservations and elsewhere and providing penalties for violations of this act

Whereupon,

The PRESIDENT (Lieutenant-Governor Frank B. McClain) in the presence of the Senate signed the same.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 213, as follows:

An Act to amend section one of article four of an act approved the twenty-seventh day of June one thousand nine hundred and thirteen Pamphlet Laws five hundred sixty-eight entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation regulation and government of cities of the third class regulating nomination and election of municipal officers therein and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section one of article four of an act approved the twenty-seventh day of June one thousand nine hundred and thirteen (Pamphlet Laws five hundred sixty-eight) entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation regulation and government of cities of the third class regulating nomination and election of municipal officers therein and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto" which reads as follows

"Section 1 The legislative power of every city of the thrid class shall be vested in a council composed of the mayor and four councilmen. Said council shall have and possess all powers hereto conferred upon or vested in the select or common councils or both thereof as heretofore constituted unless otherwise provided in this act No officer of the United States or of the State of Pennsylvania (except notaries public or officers of the militia) nor any municipal or county officer or employe of the city or any department thereof shall serve as a member of council during his continuance in such office or employment except as hereinafter provided" is hereby amended so as to read as follows

Section 1 The legislative power of every city of the third class shall be vested in a council composed of the mayor and four councilmen Said council shall have and possess all powers heretofore conferred upon or vested in the select or common councils or both thereof as heretofore constituted unless otherwise provided in this act No officer of the United States or of the State of Pennsylvania (except notaries public or officers of the militia) nor any county officer or any officer or employe of any school district embraced in the territory of said city or any other officer or any employe of said city or any department thereof shall serve as a member of council during his continuance or employment except as hereinafter provided

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 332 (House Bill No. 48), entitled:

An Act enabling townships of the first class to provide regulate and protect a system of water supply and to contract with certain adjoining municipalities for such water and granting and regulating the right of eminent domain and the right to occupy highways

The first and second sections of the bill were read as follows and agreed to:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That any township of the first class is empowered to contract with any adjoining municipality owning a water-works system for a supply of water for public and private uses to be delivered into the lines of the township at or near the boundary thereof

Section 2 A township making such contract may by ordinance provide and regulate and protect a system of distribution of the waetr After a certified copy of the plans and surveys for such system with a description of the sources from which it is proposed to derive the supply are filed in the Department of Health and a written permit for the construction of such system obtained from the Commissioner of Health in accordance with the provisions of the act of April twenty-second one thousand nine hundred and five entitled "An Act to preserve the purity of the waters of the State for the protection of the public health"

The third section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 3 In providing for regulating and protecting and extending its system of distribution of water the township may occupy public highways and may take injure or destroy private property compensation for which taking injury or destruction to be made or secured as hereinafter in this act provided Property belonging to or used as a cemetery or a place of public worship shall not be taken injured or destroyed by virtue of this act

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the Section?

Mr. SEMMENS. Mr. President, I move to amend section 3, in line 5, by inserting after the word "provided" the following:

"No highway under the jurisdiction of the State Highway Department shall be occupied until a permit therefor has been obtained from the State Highway Department"

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the Section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh, eighth and ninth sections of the bill were read as follows and agreed to.

Section 4 If the compensation and damages arising from such taking injury or destruction of private property cannot be agreed upon the township may tender its bond as security to the party claiming or entitled to any damages or to the attorney or agent of any absent person or to the agent or other officer of a corporation or to the guardian or committee of any person under legal incapacity The condition of the bond shall be that the township shall pay or cause to be paid such amount of damages as the party shall be entitled to receive after the same shall have been agreed upon or assessed in the manner provided in this act In case the party or parties claiming damages refuse or do not accept the security so tendered the township shall then give the party his or their agent attorney guardian or committee at least ten days written notice of the time when the same will be presented to the court of common pleas for approval Thereafter the township may present its bond to the court and when approved the said bond shall be filed in court for the benefit of those interested and recovery may be had thereon for the amount of damages finally determined if the same be not paid or cannot be made by execution on the judgment in the issue formed to try the question and upon the approval of said security the township may enter into possession take hold use and unjoy said land for the purpose aforesaid forever

Section 5 In case the compensation or damages accruing from such taking injury or destruction has not been agreed upon by the parties in interest the court of common pleas or any law judge thereof in vacation on application thereto by the township or any person interested in such property shall appoint three members of the board of viewers of the county as a board of view and appoint a time not less than ten nor more than twenty days thereafter when the board of view shall meet upon the property and view the same and the premises affected thereby The board of view shall give at least five days personal notice of the time of their first meeting upon the owners agents attorneys or representatives thereof if the same reside within the county otherwise by handbills posted upon the premises or by such other notice as the court shall direct The board of view having been duly sworn or affirmed faithfully justly and impartially to decide and true report to make concerning all matters and things submitted to them in relation to which they are authorized to inquire under the provisions of this act and having viewed the premises or examined the property shall hear all parties interested and their witnesses and having due regard to the advantages and disadvantages shall estimate and determine the damages for the property taken used or appropriated and to whom the same are payable they shall give at least ten days notice thereof in the manner herein provided to all parties interested of the time and place when the board of view will meet and exhibit said report and hear any exceptions thereto After making whatever changes are deemed necessary and proper the board of view shall make report to the court showing the damages if any are allowed and file therewith a plan showing the properties taken injured or

destroyed and the names of the persons to whom such damages are payable

Section 6 When the report of the board of view or any two of them is filed in court any party may within thirty days thereafter file exceptions to the same and the court may confirm the report or modify change or otherwise correct it or refer it back to the same or new viewers with like power as to their report Or within thirty days from the filing of any report in court any party whose property is so taken used or appropriated may appeal to the court of common pleas of the county and demand a trial by jury Any party interested therein may within thirty days after final decree have an appeal to the superior or supreme court If no exceptions are filed or no demand made for trial by jury within the said thirty days after the filing of said report the same shall become absolute The court may order what notices shall be given in connection with any part of said proceedings and may make all such orders as it may deem requisite

Section 7 The board of view provided for in this act may be appointed before or at any time after the entry taking or appropriation of any property to be used for the purpose aforesaid They shall have power to administer oaths and adjourn their hearings from day to day as they may find necessary

Section 8 The costs of the board of view and all court costs incurred in the proceedings including advertising and printing and posting notices shall be defrayed by the township

Section 9 All damages when determined shall be assessed against and paid by the township so taking injuring or destroying the property as aforesaid

The title of the bill was read as follows and agreed to.

An Act enabling townships of the first class to provide regulate and protect a system of water supply and to contract with certain adjoining municipalities for such water and granting and regulating the right of eminent domain and the right to occupy highways

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 359 (House Bill No. 243), entitled:

An Act to repeal an act entitled "An Act to authorize and require road supervisors to erect and maintain suitable foot bridges for the accommodation of pedestrians across streams where public roads cross such streams" approved the twenty-third day of April one thousand nine hundred and nine

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 372, as follows:

An Act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act authorizing certain corporations to issue preferred stock of one or more classes providing for the manner of issuance restrictions and regulations in the matter of voting thereof and the rights and privileges of the holders thereof and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent therewith" approved May twenty-eighth one thousand nine hundred and thirteen (Pamphlet Laws three hundred and seventy-eight)

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section one of an act entitled "An Act authorizing certain corporations to issue preferred stock of one or more classes providing for the manner of issuance restrictions and regulations in the matter of voting thereof and the rights and privileges of the holders thereof and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent therewith" approved May twenty-eighth one thousand nine hundred thirteen (Pamphlet Laws three hundred and seventy-eight) which reads as follows

"Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That every corporation heretofore or hereafter incorporated under the laws of this Commonwealth saving and excepting those referred to in section two hereof may at the time of its incorporation by provisions inserted in the certificate of incorporation or at any later time with the consent of a majority in interest of its stockholders obtained at a meeting to be called for that purpose of which public notice shall have been given during sixty (60) days in a newspaper of the proper county which county shall be that in which the principal office of the corporation in this Commonwealth shall be located issue preferred stock of such corporation Said preferred stock may be issued in one or more classes in such amounts for each class without regard to the amount of any other class or amount of common stock and with such designations rights privileges limitations preferences and voting powers or prohibitions restrictions or qualifications of the voting and other rights and powers and upon such terms as to redemption of any class thereof at not less than par or for its conversion into any other class of stock common or preferred as may be set forth in the original certificate of incorporation or as may be approved and adopted by the corporation at the time of the authorization and issuing thereof The rate of preferred dividend for any class of stock shall not exceed ten (10) per centum per annum Such preferred stock may be issued for cash or property or through the conversion of common stock or through all or more than one of said methods" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pensylvania in General Asembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That every corporation heretofore or hereafter incorporated under the laws of this Commonwealth saving and excepting those referred to in section two hereof may create preferred stock at the time of its incorporation by provisions inserted in the certificate of incorporations or at any later time with the consent of a majority in interest of its stockholders obtained at a meeting to be called for that purpose notice of the time place and purpose of which meeting shall have been publiished once a week for sixty days prior to said meeting in a newspaper of the proper county which county shall be that in which the principal office of the corporation in this Commonwealth shall be located Such preference may be imposed upon duly authorized unissued stock of the corporation Said preferred stock may be issued in one or more classes in such amounts for each class without regard to the amount of any other class or the amount of common stock and with such designations rights privileges limitations preferences and voting powers or prohibitions restrictions or qualifications of the voting and other rights and powers and upon such terms as to redemption of any class thereof at not less than par and convertible or not into any other class of stock common or preferred as may be set forth in the original certificate of incorporation or as may be approved and adopted by the stockholders at the time of the authorization or at any time prior to the issuing thereof The rate of preferred dividend for any class of stock shall not exceed ten (10) per centum per annum Such preferred stock may be issued for cash or property or in exchange for other stock of the corporation or through all or more than one of said methods and the stock so exchanged for such preferred stock and returned to the corporation may be issued again by the corporation"

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 430, as follows:

An Act relative to the holding of magistrates courts in cities of the first class

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That immediately after the approval of this act the magistrates in each city of the first class shall jointly provide a system or schedule of holding magistrates courts so that at all hours of the day or night there shall be a magistrate court in session at such place as shall be designated by the mayor of the city

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 431, entitled:

An Act relative to the powers of magistrates in cities of the first class

The first section of the bill was read as folllows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in Geneeral Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That any magistrate in such city shall have jurisdiction to release on bail any person committed for a hearing by any other magistrate

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. PATTON. Mr. President, I move to amend section 1, line 4, by striking out the word "such" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "any"; also in line 4, by inserting after the word "city" the words "of the first class."

Mr. JENKINS. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The title to the bill was read as follows and agreed to:

An Act relative to the powers of magistrates in cities of the first class

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 470, as follows:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-fifth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act to protect the public health and welfare by regulating the employment of females in certain establishments with respect to their hours of labor and the conditions of their employment by establishing certain sanitary regulations in the establishments in which they work by requiring certain abstracts and notices to be posted by providing for the enforcement of this act by the Commissioner of Labor and Industry and others by prescribing penalties for violation thereof defining the procedure in prosecutions and by repealing all acts and parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions thereof" by making certain exemptions relative to telephone operators

The first section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the third section of an act approved the twenty-fifth day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act to protect the public health and welfare by regulating the employment of females in certain establishments with respect to their hours of labor and the conditions of their employment by establishing certain sanitary regulations in the establishments in which they work by requiring certain abstracts and notices to be posted by providing for the enforcement of this act by the Commissioner of Labor and Industry and others by prescribing penalties for violations thereof by defining the procedure in prosecutions and by repealing all acts and parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions thereof" which reads as follows

"Hours of Labor

Section 3 (a) No female shall be employed or permitted to work in or in connection with any establishment for more than six days in any one week or more than fifty-four hours in any one week or more than ten hours in any one day

Provided that during weeks in which a legal holiday occurs and is observed by an establishment any female may be employed by such establishment during three days of such week for a longer period of time than is allowed by this act but no female shall be permitted to work more than two hours overtime during any one of such three days nor more than the maximum hours per week specified in this act

The employment of such persons at any other time than as stated herein shall be deemed a violation of the provisions of this section unless it appears that such employment was to make up time lost in the same week in consequence of the alteration repairs or accidents to machinery or plant upon which she was employed and dependent for employment but no stopping of machinery for less than thirty consecutive minutes shall justify such overtime employment nor shall such overtime employment be legal unless a written report of the same is sent to the Commissioner of Labor and Industry but no female shall be permitted to work more than two hours overtime during any one day nor for more than the maximum number of hours per week specified in this act Provided That aforesaid restrictions as to hours shall not apply to females engaged in the cannnig of fruit and vegetable products

(b) Whenever any female shall be employed or permitted to work in or in connection with more than one establishment in any one week or in any one day the aggregate number of hours during which she shall be employed or permitted to work in or in connection with such establishment shall not exceed the number of hours prescribed in this section for such females in any one week or any one day

(c) The provisions of this section shall not apply to the work of nurses in hospitals"

is amended to read

Hours of Labor

Section 3 (a) No female shall be employed or permitted to work in or in connection with any establishment for more than six days in any one week or more than fifty-four hours in any one week or more than ten hours in any one day

Provided That during weeks in which a legal holiday occurs and is observed by an establishment any female may be employed by such establishment during three days of such week for a longer period of time than is allowed by this act but no female shall be permitted to work more than two hours overtime during any one of such three days nor more than the maximum hours per week specified in this act

The employment of such persons at any other time than as stated herein shall be deemed a violation of the provisions of this section unless it appears that such employment was to make up time lost in the same week in consequence of the alteration repairs or accidents to machinery or plant upon which she was employed and dependent for employment but no stopping of machinery for less than thirty consecutive minutes shall justify such overtime employment nor shall such overtime employment be legal unless a written report of the same is sent to the Commissioner of Labor and Industry but no female shall be permitted to work more than two hours overtime during any one day nor for more than the maximum number of hours per week specified in this act Provided That aforesaid restrictions as to hours shall not apply to females engaged in the canning of fruit and vegetable products

(b) Whenever any female shall be employed or permitted to work in or in connection with more than one establishment in any one week or in any one day the aggregate number of hours during which she shall be employed or permitted to work in or in connection with such establishment shall not exceed the number of hours prescribed in this section for such females in any one week or any one day

(c) The provisions of this section shall not apply to the work of nurses in hospitals

(d) The provisions of this section shall not apply to female telephone operators except as provided in this clause The sleeping hours of female telephone operators shall not be considered as working hours The employer shall furnish comfortable sleeping quarters for said employes in the exchange Female telephone operators shall not be employed nor permitted to work in or at a telephone exchange for more than fifty-four hours in any one week or more than ten hours in any day

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. THOMPSON. Mr. President, I move to amend section 1, by adding after line 101 the words "(e) The provisions of this section shall not apply to establishments maintained or conducted by religious, charitable and educational institutions."

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The title of the bill was read as follows:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-fifth day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act to protect the public health and welfare by regulating the employment of females in certain establishments with respect to their hours of labor and the conditions of their employment by establishing certain sanitary regulations in the establishments in which they work by requiring certain abstracts and notices to be posted by providing for the enforcement of this act by the Commissioner of Labor and Industry and others by prescribing penalties for violations thereof by defining the procedure in prosecutions and by repealing all acts and parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions thereof" by making certain exemptions relative to telephone operators

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the title?

Mr. THOMPSON. Mr. President, I move to amend the title by adding after the word "operators" the words "and to establishments maintained and conducted by religious, charitable or educational institutions."

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Wil the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the title as amended?

It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 473, entitled:

An Act to amend the first section of an act approved the twenty-fifth day of April one thousand nine hundred and seven (Pamphlet Laws one hundred and three) entitled "A supplement to the act of April third one thousand eight hundred and fifty-one entitled 'An Act regulating boroughs' providing for the election of a borough solicitor fixing the term of office and prescribing his duties and authorizing the town council to fix his compensation" as amended by an act approved the fifth day of June one thousand nine hundred and thirteen Pamphlet Laws four hundred and nine entitled "An Act to amend the first section of an act approved the twenty-fifth day of April one thousand nine hundred and seven Pamphlet Laws one hundred and three entitled 'A

supplement to the act of April third one thousand eight hundred and fifty-one entitled 'An Act regulating boroughs' providing for the election of a borough solicitor fixing the term of office and prescribing his duties and authorizing the town council to fix his compensation' so as to include all boroughs and by changing the length of the term and the time of the election of borough solicitors holding office under the act of April twenty-fifth one thousand nine hundred and seven and providing for the furnishing of a bond by a trust or bonding company" so as to extend the terms of the borough solicitors holding office under said act of April Twenty-fifth one thousand nine hundred and seven which expire at any time between the first Monday of January one thousand nine hundred and sixteen and the first Monday of January one thousand nine hundred and eighteeen

The first section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the first section of an act approved the twenty-fifth day of April one thousand nine hundred and seven (Pamphlet Laws one hundred three) entitled "A supplement to the act of April third eighteen hundred and fifty-one entitled 'An Act regulating boroughs' providing for the election of a borough solicitor fixing the term of office and prescribing his duties and authorizing the town council to fix his compensation" as amended by an act approved the fifth day of June one thousand nine hundred and thirteen (Pamphlet Laws four hundred nine) entitled "An Act to amend the first section of an act approved the twenty-fifth day of April one thousand nine hundred and seven (Pamphlet Laws one hundred three) entitled 'A supplement to the act of April third eighteen hundred and fifty-one entitled 'An Act regulating boroughs' providing for the election of a borough solicitor fixing the term of office and prescribing his duties and authorizing the town council to fix his compensation' so as to include all boroughs and by changing the length of the term and the time of the election of borough solicitors and extending the terms of the borough solicitors holding office under the act of April twenty-fifth nineteen hundred and seven and providing for the furnishing of a bond by a trust or bonding company" which as amended reads as follows

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the town council of each and every borough within this Commonwealth at the time of its biennial organization on the first Monday of January in any even-numbered year or as soon thereafter as practicable may elect by the vote of a majority of the members one person learned in the law who shall be styled the borough solicitor and shall serve for the term of four years from the first Monday of January of the even-numbered year in or succeeding which he was elected and until his succesor shall be duly qualified and the said town council shall also fix the compensation he shall be allowed for said term Vacancies in said office shall be filled by the town council for the unexpired term He shall give a lawful bond to the corporation with two or more sufficient sureties or one trust or bonding company to be approved by the town council in such sum as they shall by ordinance direct conditioned for the faithful performance of his official duties as the same are or may be defined by law or ordinance All borough solicitors holding office under the said act of April twenty-fifth nineteen hundred and seven (Pamphlet Laws one hundred and three) at the date of the approval of this act whose terms of office expire prior to the first Monday of January of the next even-numbered year shall continue to hold their offices until the first Monday of January nineteen hundred and fourteen and all borough solicitors holding office under the said act of April twenty-fifth nineteen hundred and seven (Pamphlet Laws one hundred and three) at the date of the approval of this act whose terms of office expire at any time between the first Monday of January nineteen hundred and fourteen and the first Monday of January nineteen hundred and sixteen shall continue to hold their offices until the first Monday of January nineteen hundred and sixteen" be amended so as to read as follows

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the town council of each and every borough within this Commonwealth at the time of its biennial organization on the first Monday of January in any even-numbered year or as soon thereafter as practicable may elect by the vote of a majority of the members one person learned in the law who shall be styled the borough solicitor and shall serve for the term of four years from the first Monday of January of the even-numbered year in or succeeding which he was elected and until his successor shall be duly qualified and the said town council shall also fix the compensation he shall be allowed for said term Vacancies in said office shall be filled by the town council for the unexpired term He shall give a lawful bond to the corporation with two or more sufficient sureties or one trust or bonding company to be approved by the town council in such sum as they shall by ordinance direct conditioned for the faithful performance of his official duties as the same are or may be defined by law or ordinance All borough solicitors holding office under the said act of April twenty-fifth nineteen hundred and seven (Pamphlet Laws one hundred and three) at the date of the approval of this act whose terms of office expire prior to the first Monday of January of the next even-numbered year shall continue to hold their offices until the first Monday of January nineteen hundred and fourteen all borough solicitors holding office under the said act of April twenty-fifth nineteen hundred and seven (Pamphlet Laws one hundred and three) at the date of the approval of this act whose terms of office expire at any time between the first Monday of January nineteen hundred and fourteen and the first Monday of January nineteen hundred and sixteen shall continue to hold their offices until the first Monday of January nineteen hundred and sixteen and all borough solicitors holding office under the said act of April twenty-fifth nineteen hundred and seven (Pamphlet Laws one hundred and three) at the date of the approval of this act whose terms of office expire at any time between the first Monday of January nineteen hundred and sixteen and the first Monday of January nineteen hundred and eighteen shall continue to hold their offices until the first Monday of January nineteen hundred and eighteen

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. SCHANTZ. Mr. President, I move to amend section 1, in line 16, by striking out the single quotation mark before the word "An" and inserting in lieu thereof a double quotation mark; also in line 16, by striking out the single quotation mark after the word "boroughs" and inserting in lieu thereof a double quotation mark.

Mr. DAIX. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The title of the bill was read as follows:

An Act to amend the first section of an act approved the twenty-fifth day of April one thousand nine hundred and seven (Pamphlet Laws one hundred three) entitled "A supplement to the act of April third eighteen hundred and fifty-one entitled 'An Act regulating boroughs' providing for the election of a borough solicitor fixing the term of office and prescribing his duties and authorizing the town council to fix his compensation" as amended by an act approved the fifth day of June one thousand nine hundred and thirteen (Pamphlet Laws four hundred nine) entitled "An Act to amend the first section of an act approved the twenty-fifth day of April one thousand nine hundred and seven (Pamphlet Laws one hundred three) entitled 'A supplement to the act of April third eighteen hundred and fifty-one entitled 'An Act regulating boroughs' providing for the election of borough solicitor fixing the term of office and prescribing his duties and authorizing the town council to fix his compensation' so as to include all boroughs and by changing the length of the term and the time of the election of borough solicitors and extending the terms of the borough solicitors holding office under the act of April twenty-fifth nineteen hundred and seven and providing for the furnishing of a bond by a trust or bonding company" so as to extend the terms of the borough solicitors holding office under said act of April twenty-fifth nineteen hundred and seven which expire at any time between the first Monday of January nineteen hundred and sixteen and the first Monday of January nineteen hundred and eighteen

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the title?

Mr. SCHANTZ. Mr. President, I move to amend the title, in line 15, by striking out the single quotation mark before the word "An" and inserting in lieu thereof the double quotation mark; also in line 16, by striking out the single quotation mark after the word "boroughs" and inserting in lieu thereof a double quotation mark.

Mr. DAIX. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the title as amended?

It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered. To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 474, entitled:

An Act authorizing cities to regulate and license certain motor vehicles

The first section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That any city may enact ordinances establishing reasonable rates of license fee on all

motor vehicles employed in the transportation of passengers and thier property for pay over fixed routes within the limits of any such city or to a point without such limits regulating the operation of such vehicles the rates to be charged for such transportation and designating the streets or parts of streets upon which such vehicles may be operated

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the Section?

Mr. PATTON. Mr. President, I move to amend section 1, in line 5, by striking out the word "fee" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "fees".

Mr. KURTZ. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

It was agreed to.

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

The second and third sections of the bill were read as follows and agreed to:

Section 2 All such ordinances shall provide for the payment of all fees imposed under this act into the city treasury

Section 3 All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with this act are repealed

The title of the bill was read as follows and agreed to:

An Act authorizing cities to regulate and license certain motor vehicles

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 536, as follows:

An Act creating a Division of Municipal Reference Statistics and Information in the Department of Labor and Industry and fixing the compensation of officers and employes therein

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the Commissioner of Labor and Industry is hereby authorized to establish in said Department in the Bureau of Statistics and Information a Division of Municipal Statistics and Reference Information The said Division shall gather classify index and make available statistical and other reference information from any and every source that may be helpful in improving the methods of administration and government in the several municipalities of the Commonwealth

Section 2 The Commissioner of Labor and Industry is hereby authorized to employ a municipal statistician who in his judgment shall be qualified to perform the duties herein described at an annual salary of two thousand dollars ($2,000.00) and a stenographer and typewriter to assist said statistician in the performance of his duties. at an annual salary of twelve hundred dollars ($1,200.00)

Section 3 It is hereby made the duty of every city or borough official to furnish such information as may be requested by the chief of the Bureau of Statistics and Information or his duly authorized deputy

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 536, the bill just read, entitled:

An Act creating a Division of Municipal Reference Statistics and Information in the Department of Labor and Industry and fixing the compensation of officers and employes therein

be recommitted to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 578 (House Bill No. 416), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the eighth day of May one thousand nine hundred thirteen "An Act regulating the appointment confirmation duties salary and expenses of county detectives in counties containing not less than three hundred thousand nor more than seven hundred thousand inhabitants" by extending its provisions to counties having a population of two hundred thousand inhabitants but not more than seven hundred thousand inhabitants and by repealing section three of the act

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 593 (House Bill No. 295), entitled:

An Act to protect the public health in cities of the first class in this Commonwealth and for that purpose creating in the Department of Public Health and Charities four Bureasus to be called the Bureaus of Hospitals and Chrities Health Sanitation and Housing said bureaus to have the supervision and control in said cities of Hospitals and Charities Health Sanitation and Housing as herein set forth and other matters affecting the public welfare so far as regards the use and occupancy of all buildings and the appurtenances thereto occupied in whole or in part as places of residence by more than two families living separate and apart and providing for themselves also the licensing supervision and control and the use of lodging rooming apartment and tenement houses fixing the responsibility for violations of any of the provisions of this act and also giving power to said bureaus to make rules and regulations to govern certain conditions affecting health and sanitation and the licensing of certain trades industries and premises and providing for punishments and penalties for violations of any of the rules and regulations made by the Department of Public Health and Charities or by any of its bureaus under the powers granted by this act also providing for the filing of liens also providing for the inspection by the Bureau of Building Inspection and the fire marshal of said cities of the first class and repealing all laws inconsistent herewith

The first section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the Department of Public Health and Charities in cities of the first class in this Commonwealth shall for the purposes of carrying out the provisions of this act consist of four Bureaus to be known respectively as The Bureau of Hospitals and Charities The Bureau of Health The Bureau of Sanitation and the Bureau of Housing each of said Bureaus to be in charge of an official to be called the chief thereof The number of other officers and employes of said Bureaus and their compensation to be determined and fixed by the councils of said cities of the first class by ordinances on application made therefor by the Director of the Department of Public Health and Charities who shall have the general supervision of the said bureaus and the duties of the officials and employes attached thereto He shall make all appointments thereto and promotions made necessary in conformity with the existing laws governing appointments to positions in the Civil Service of cities of the first class All Chiefs of Bureaus before assuming the duties of their offices shall be required to take the same oath of office as required by Article Seven Section one of the Constitution of Pennsylvania that relates to Judicial State and County officers Provided That all of the officers and employes appointed under Civil Service provisions now acting and on duty in any of the present Bureaus in said Department of Public Health and Charities who by the provisions of this act are transferred to any other Bureau created by this act shall not be subject to any further civil service examination for eligibility to serve in the departments to which they may be transferred

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I move to amend section 1 in line 3 by inserting after the word "that" the words "on and after the first Monday of January one thousand nine hundred and sixteen, 1916"; also in line 11 by inserting after the word "thereof" the words "All Chiefs of Bureaus shall be appointed by the Director of the Department of Public Health and Charity"; also in lines 26 and 27 by striking out the words "under Civil Service provisions" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "and"; also in line 31 by striking out the words "civil service".

Mr. DAIX. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The second section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 2 The Director of the Department of Public Health and Charities together with the chiefs of the Bureaus herein created shall constitute a Board which Board is hereby authorized empowered and directed to adopt and promulgate suitable rules and regulations to carry out and enforce the provisions of any existing laws of this Commonwealth relating to hospitals charities health sanitation and housing and also the provisions of this act or any ordinance of said cities of the first class relating to the subject matters in charge of said Department of Public Health and Charities and its Bureaus

Any person who shall refuse or neglect to comply with the requirements of any of said rules or regulations or any of the provisions of this act after publication and notice of said rules and regulations as hereinafter fixed shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and on conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not more than five hundred dollars within the discretion of the court Provided however That all such rules and regulations when adopted shall be first approved by the Select Councils of cities of the first class Provided further That such rules and regulations shall be first published in three of the daily newspapers in cities of the first class of the largest circulation to be determined by the Director of the Department of Public Health and Charities and they shall also be printed in pamphlet form for public distribution and shall be evidence in all cases brought in any court for a violation of any of the said rules and regulations Provided further That any court of record before which any person may be brought for trial for violation of said rules and regulations shall have the right and power to pass upon the legality and reasonableness of the same Provided further That said rules and regulations shall not be considered to repeal the provisions of any law of this Commonwealth applicable to the subject matter of charities health sanitation or housing except as hereinafter provided.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I move to amend section 2 in line 4 by inserting after the word "a" the word "sanitary".

Mr. DAIX. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The third section of the bill was read as follows and agreed to:

Section 3 The Bureau of Hospitals and Charities shall have charge of the care management administration and supervision of all hospitals charities almshouses and other similar institutions the maintenance control or government of which is entrusted to the city and all laws relating to such subjects as may be embraced within the provisions of any act of Assembly of this Commonwealth or the ordinances of cities of the first class relating to any of the subjects named as being within the powers and duties of the said Bureau of Hospitals and Charities Provided That said Bureau shall not have charge of hospitals maintained by said city for contagious diseases

The fourth section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 4 The Bureau of Health shall have the care management and control of all health inspectors and the enforcement of its rules and regulations and the provisions of any act of Assembly of this Commonwealth or the ordinances of the cities of the first class relating to nuisances vital statistics contagious diseases and boards or bureaus of health except such as may be herein specifically designated as coming within the powers and duties of the Bureaus of Hospitals and Charities Sanitation and Housing and further shall have the power and duties as are now exercised by any bureaus or boards of health in cities of the first class in this Commonwealth except otherwise provided in this act shall have charge of all hospitals maintained by said city for treatment of contagious diseases all physicians appointed for the purpose of guarding the public health the pupils of public schools and other public institutions and all physicians having the care of the teeth and eyes of the pupils of the public schools in cities of the first class.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I move to amend section 4 in line 5 by striking out the word "nuisances."

Mr. DAIX. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The fifth section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 5 The Bureau of Sanitation through the Division of Plumbing and House Drainage hereinafter provided for shall have full charge of the enforcement of all laws of this Commonwealth and the rules and regulations of said board relating to the plumbing drainage and sewerage of all buildings in cities of the first class no matter for what purpose they may be used The director of the department of public health and charities in cities of the first class shall cause to be organized in the bureau of sanitation a division thereof to be known as the division of plumbing and house drainage which said division shall have power to enforce all regulations and rules governing plumbing in cities of the first class including fixtures pipes and all facilities and appliances more especially sinks drains and cess-pools the construction of which and the materials to be used for the purpose of preventing the emission of gases or air from sewers or cesspools or any receptacle for the holding of excremental filth or any other kind of filth whether liquid or solid and the conditions necessary for the sanitation of all buildings no matter for what purpose they may be used. Provided that no building shall be erected without being connected with a public sewer unless because of local conditions it may become necessary to adopt some other method of disposal satisfactory to the Board and Bureau of Health and Sanitation and if it becomes necessary to use any part of a public highway to meet the plans or method agreed upon the owner of said building or buildings shall have the right to build or construct the same under any public street or highway in accordance with the rules and regulations of the Bureau of Surveys of said city

All subjects relating to the drainage of courts yards areas and alleys rain leaders rain conductors waste and drain pipes and all sewerage connected with any building all water closets their number and location and all privies and the method of their construction and the amount of the water supplied and plumbing necessary to a general good sanitary condition of the premises shall be subject to all the rules and regulations that may be made and promulgated as hereinbefore provided by the said board The chief officer in immediate charge of the division of plumbing and house drainage and each of the persons who may perform the duties of the examination of plans of proposed plumbing work or the inspection of plumbing and drainage work or who may perform any of the technical work necessary in the division shall be required to have had at least five years' practical experience in the trade or profession of plumbing and sanitation and to have been duly examined and registered as now required in cities of the first class to entitle persons to engage in the plumbing business therein the sanitary condition of all houses used for the purpose of residence and appurtenances to such houses of buildings so far as regards the keeping of animals or fowls and the slaughtering of the same in or on said properties or the premises adjoining shall be subject to rules and regulations as may be promulgated and issued by the said board in said cities of the first class and who shall have the further authority to issue permits to slaughter animals and fowls for the purpose of sale and to charge a fee of two dollars for each permit said permits to be in accordance with the said rules and regulations that may be made to govern the same said permits to be for the year or fraction thereof ending on the thirty-first day of December next following All of the rules and regulations governing the keeping and slaughtering of animals shall be subject to such local conditions that might affect or be prejudicial to health or by the allowance of the same become a common nuisance Under such circumstances it shall be within the power of the said board to refuse to issue such permit for the use of any building or the properties or premises adjacent thereto for such purposes

Further the use and occupancy of all buildings as a place of storage for the keeping or storage or the sale of any article of merchandise or commerce or for any matter or thing deterimental to health or life shall also be subject to the rules and regulations of said board and that all pits for the keeping of animal manure shall also be subject to the rules and regulations of the said board Provided however that in all cities of the first class there shall be separate rules and regulations relating to the keeping of animal manure in these sections or districts that are sparsely populated and which section shall be designated in said rules by bounds or description in a special permit

The licensing inspection and sanitary maintenance of all wagons used for the private collection of garbage also the inspection and sanitary maintenance of places where garbage is disposed of when within the limits of said cities

The licensing inspection and sanitary maintenance of all public and private dumps used for the disposal of any household waste ashes and any other character of refuse

The inspection and sanitary maintenance of all stables manure storage places and this shall also include pig stys cattle yards and other places where animals are kept or housed

The above license or permits to cost the applicant or applicants two dollars for each separate license

Said Bureau shall also have the power to abate any nuisance caused by stagnant ponds or waters in order to prevent mosquito breeding either by drainage filling or blasting at the expense of the owner or owners

That all costs expended by said Bureau of Sanitation in correcting any insanitary condition arising out of any of the subject matter set forth in this section through failure of the owner or owners of said premises lot buildings or other structures after five days notice to correct or abate the same shall be filed as a lien against said lot premises building or other structure as other municipal claims are filed under the provisions of the act of June fourth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one number two hundred and twenty-eight page three hundred and sixty-four of the Pamphlet Laws of this Commonwealth

Said bureau shall have charge of the inspection and sanitary maintenance of second-hand clothing stores second-hand shops of all rag shops junk shops and other places where apparel merchandise or other goods are sold second-hand pawn shops loan offices etc where second-hand wearing material is handled also

The licensing inspection and the sanitary maintenance of all places where meats milk groceries bread and provisions ice-cream and soda water are sold or exposed for sale and shall make all rules and regulations to maintain sanitary conditions in such places and any vehicle used for the transportation of the same within the limits of said city including the certification standardising pasturization and sterilization of milk said permits or licenses to cost the party licensed the sum of two dollars and shall be in force until the thirty-first day of December next thereafter

Said Bureau of Sanitation shall have charge of all matters affecting the light and ventilation of all buildings used for public purposes and

all halls or buildings used for meetings of lodges associations or conventions and the ventilization of all vehicles or cars used for the transportation of passengers for hire within the limits of said city

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I move to amend section 5, in line 5, by inserting before the word "Board" the word "Sanitary"; also in line 38, by inserting before the word "Board" the word "Sanitary"; also in line 45, by striking out the words "and sanitation and to have been duly examined and registered as now required in cities of the first class to entitle persons to engage in the plumbing business therein"; also in line 48, by inserting before the word "The" the word and figure "Section 6"; also in line 49, by inserting after the word "and" the word "the"; also in line 49, by striking out the word "of" where it occurs the second time and inserting in lieu thereof the word "or"; also in line 53, by inserting before the word "Board" the word "Sanitary"; also in line 54, by striking out the words "and who shall have the further" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "the Bureau of Sanitation shall have the"; also in line 65, by striking out the word "Board" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "Bureau of Sanitation"; also in line 68, by striking out the word "further"; also in line 68, by inserting before the word "The" the word and figure "Section 7"; also in line 72, by inserting before the word "Board" the word "Sanitary"; also in line 74, by inserting before the word "Board" the word "Sanitary"; also in line 77, by striking out the word "these" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "those"; also in line 87, by inserting after the word "the" the words "Bureau of Sanitation shall also have charge of the"; also in line 89, by inserting after the word "where" the words "such private collection of"; also in line 107, by inserting after the word "owners" the words "and all other nuisances prejudicial to public health"; also in line 119 by inserting before the word "said" the word "the" also in line 119, by inserting after the word "Bureau" the words "of Sanitation"; also in line 124, by striking out the word "also"; also in line 125, by inserting before the word "The" where it first occurs, the word and figure "Section 8"; also in lines 127 and 128, by striking out the words "make all rules and regulations to."

Mr. DAIX. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The ninth section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 9 The Bureau or Department of Housing shall have charge of enforcing all the laws of this Commonwealth not repealed by this provision of this act either specifically or for being inconsistent herewith relating to the use and occupancy of all buildings in cities of the first class except that they shall not have control of the use and occupancy of buildings used and occupied as a dwelling house by not more than two families living separate and apart from each other except as hereinbefore provided

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I move to amend section 9, in line 1, by striking out the words "or Department"; also in line 3, by striking out the words "this provision" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "the provisions"; also in line 8, by striking out the word "hereinbefore" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "hereafter."

Mr. DAIX. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The tenth section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 10 That all persons who desire to conduct a tenement house which is here defined to be a building used or occupied as a residence by three or more families or individuals living separate and independently of each other and having cooking on the premises shall apply on or before January first of each year to the chief of the Bureau of Housing and set out on a blank to be furnished by the said bureau or department and approved by the director of the Department of Public Health and Charities in which shall be stated the name and address of the applicant or applicants and if not the owner of the buildings the name and address of the owner with his written consent thereto attached its exact location by street and number If the law rules and regulations as hereinbefore mentioned have been complied with and that the building fully meets with all the requirements of the laws ordinances rules and regulations as herein set forth then the said chief of the Bureau of Housing shall issue to such applicant a license which shall clearly specify the name and address of the person or persons corporations partnerships or associations authorized to conduct the tenement house or houses therein described its location and the number of rooms or apartments which may be kept and used for tenement purposes and the date of the expiration of the license to wit the thirty-first day of December of the calendar year for which it was issued that said license shall in no way be transferable

The said chief of the Bureau of Housing shall file said application and also keep a public record in which shall be set forth the application and such other actions as may be taken in reference thereto whether in the nature of granting the same or a refusal and said record shall be a public record and shall be evidence in any case that may be brought in any court in this Commonwealth and the said chief of the Bureau of Housing with the consent and approval of the director of the Department of Public Health and Charities shall have the power to revoke any license whenever any of the laws of this Commonwealth or any of the ordinances of the said cities of the first class or any of the rules and regulations of any of the departments of charities health sanitation or housing are proven to have been violated but it is herein provided however that any applicant for a license who has been refused or whose license has been revoked shall have the right to appeal within fifteen days from such refusal or revocation to the court of common pleas of the proper county and such court shall make such order as right and justice may require Provided however that such appeal shall not operate as a supersedeas and that said court shall fix a hearing as soon as may be possible for the hearing of the same not more than thirty days from said date of appeal

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I move to amend section 10, in line 4, by striking out the word "having" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "doing"; also in lines 5 and 6, by striking out the words "January first" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "the first Monday of January"; also in lines 7, 8 and 9, by striking out the words "or department and approved by the Director of the Department of Public Health and Charities"; also in line 12, by striking out the words "with his written consent thereto attached"; also in line 13, by inserting after the word "number" the words "or other definite information"; also in line 29, by striking out the word "that"; also in line 34, by striking out the words "or houses"; also in line 39, by striking out the word "that"; also in lines 53 and 54, by striking out the words "any of the Departments of Charities' Health, Sanitation or Housing are proven to" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "the Sanitary Board."

Mr. DAIX. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

It was agreed to.

The eleventh section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 11 The charge for every license for a tenement-house shall be two dollars where the number of rooms is ten or under and five dollars in every other case which fee shall cover the cost of investigation and on and after January first one thousand nine hundred and sixteen it shall be unlawful for any person association partnership or corporation to conduct a tenement house in any city of the first class unless he or it has complied with the provisions of this act the ordinance of councils of cities of the first class and the rules and regulations of the said board or Departments of Public Health and Charities and that said license shall be displayed in conspicuous place so as to be seen by all those who enter and leave said tenement That there shall be no fractional part of a year so far as regards the fee or time for which this act fixes the use of license to wit the calendar year as aforesaid

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I move to amend section 11, in line 4, by striking out the word "and"; also in line 4, by inserting after the word "after" the words "the first Monday of"; also in line 5, by striking out the word "first"; also in line 10, by inserting after the word "said" the word

"sanitary"; also in lines 10 and 11, by striking out the words "or Departments of Public Health and Charities."

Mr. DAIX. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The twelfth section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 12 That all inspections to see whether the laws ordinances rules and regulations relating to tenement houses are being faithfully and fully carried out shall be made by the officials connected with the said Bureau of Housing who shall report all violations of law relating to health and sanitation to the Chief of the Bureau of Housing

That all corporations joint stock companies partnerships individuals or any association of individuals shall be included in the word "person" in this act Provided also That until the first day of January one thousand nine hundred and sixteen tenement-houses may be conducted under existing laws that on and after January first one thousand nine hundred and sixteen the act of June seventh one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled "An Act to regulate tenement houses in cities of the first class and to require those owning or conducting the same to secure a license from the mayor making violations of the act misdemeanors and providing penalties for such violations" shall stand repealed

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I move to amend section 12, in line 5, by striking out the words "relating to Health and sanitation" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "and the rules and regulations of the Sanitary Board"; also in line 12, by striking out the word "day" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "Monday"; also in line 14, by inserting after the word "after" the words "the first Monday of"; also in line 15, by striking out the word "first."

Mr. DAIX. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The thirteenth section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 13 That no part of any building below the level of any street highway lane or alley shall be used for bedrooms or sleeping purposes under the provisions of this act unless in compliance with such rules and regulations as said board shall make to govern and regulate the same and no alterations nor additions shall be made to any licensed tenement house so far as regards its structure or the plumbing drainage or sewerage ventilation or light without plans and specifications to be filed with the approval of the Bureau of Building Inspectors of the Department of Public Safety and that the Chiefs of the Bureaus of Sanitation and Housing shall also give their consent or refusal before any work shall be done on said premises

In case of any refusal by the Bureau of Building Inspectors and any of the Chiefs of the Bureau of Housing and Sanitation they shall meet for the purpose of considering the same and if a majority shall refuse to allow said alterations or additions to be made the applicant thereof shall have the right to appeal within fifteen days to the court of common pleas which shall consider the same as promptly as may be under the circumstances of the case not more than thirty days from said appeal

That the powers given by this act to the said Bureaus of Health Housing and Sanitation so far as regards tenement houses lodging rooming and apartment houses or other buildings shall in no wise interfere with these laws granting powers to the Departments of the State Government regarding the use and occupancy of buildings for manufacturing and other purposes

That all violations of this act shall be prosecuted by the Department of Public Health and Charities and no person shall have the right to institute prosecutions for violations of this act or of any of the rules and regulations adopted by the several Bureaus of the Department of Public Health and Charities unless he shall have first obtained the consent and authority to do so from the Director of the Department of Public Health and Charities who shall refer the said application to the proper Bureau for investigation before first passing upon the same

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I move to amend section 13, in lines 2 and 3, by striking out the words "bed-rooms or sleeping purposes" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "human habitation"; also in line 5, by inserting before the word "Board" the word "Sanitary"; also in line 6, by striking out the word "licensed"; also in line 8, by inserting after the word "without" the word "the"; also in lines 9, 10, 11, 12 and 13, by striking out said lines and inserting in lieu thereof the words "specifications being filed with the Bureau of Building Inspection Bureau of Housing and Bureau of Sanitation and having the same approved by the Chief of each Bureau"; also in line 14, by striking out the word "any"; also in line 14, by striking out the words "the Bureau of Building Inspectors"; also in line 15, by striking out the word "and" where it first occurs; also in line 15, by striking out the word "the" where it occurs the second time and inserting in lieu thereof the word "said"; also in lines 15, 16 and 17, by striking out the words "of Housing and Sanitation they shall meet for the purpose of considering the same and if a majority shall refuse"; also in lines 36 and 37, by striking out the words "several Bureaus of the Department of Public Health and Charities" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "Sanitary Board."

Mr. DAIX. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The fourteenth section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 14 That lodging houses to be subject to the provisions of this act in cities of the first class shall be every building not licensed as an hotel inn or tavern in which accommodations are kept for ten or more persons lodged for a price for a single night of twenty-five cents or less for each person and license to conduct a lodging house as hereinbefore set forth shall be granted by the Chief of the Bureau of Housing created by the provisions of this act upon the payment of a fee of five dollars and the said license shall be granted only to persons who are of good moral character and shall be for the year or the fraction thereof expiring on the thirty-first day of December next thereafter but no license shall be issued until the Bureau of Building Inspection and the Fire Marshal of said city of the first class and the Chiefs of the Bureaus of Sanitation and Health shall certify that said building is safe to be used for the purpose of a lodging house and is of such a construction as to carry any load that it will probably have to carry and is provided with all the fire-escapes and all other additional means of escape in case of fire as the construction of the buildings its surrounding and the use to which it is to be put requires

That all persons to whom said license shall be issued shall keep a registry of the name of every person and their address if possible to be ascertained whom he shall accept as a lodger together with the time of his arrival and his departure and such record shall be open to the inspection of the police authorities of said cities of the first class at any time and that said lodging house shall at all times be open for inspection by such persons as may be connected with any of the Bureaus of the Department of Public Health and Charities and the Department of Public Safety or any of its Bureaus and shall be subject to such rules and regulations as the said board may make in reference to the conduct use and control of lodging houses and all laws and rules of the said board

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I move to amend section 14, in line 36, by inserting after the word "said" the word "Sanitary"; also in line 37, by striking out the words "and all laws and rules of"; also by striking out the whole of lines 8, 39, 40, 41 and 42.

Mr. DAIX. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The fifteenth section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 15 Any person or any employes or agents or officer of any association corporation or partnership to whom a license to keep a tenement or lodging house is issued or any other person employe agent or officer of any association corporation or partnership who shall violate any of the provisions of this act rules or regulations made by said board relating to tenement and lodging houses shall upon conviction thereof before any magistrate alderman or justice of the peace be sentenced to pay the costs of prosecution and to forfeit and pay a fine not exceeding one hundred

dollars and in default of the payment thereof shall be committed to and imprisoned in the county jail wherein the said city of the first class may be situate for a period not exceeding thirty (30) days provided however That for any reason existing outside of the provisions of this act for which it is sought to revoke the said tenement or lodging house license so issued to the party affected thereby he or they shall have the right to appeal to the Court of Common Pleas who shall have the right to pass upon all of the questions involving the application for said revocation

Any building existing at the time of the passage of this act if approved by the Director of Health and Charities may be used for tenement-house purposes

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I move to amend section 15, in line 8, by inserting after the word "said" the word "Sanitary."

Mr. DAIX. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The sixteenth section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 16 That provisions of this act relating to lodging houses shall take effect on and after the first day of January one thousand nine hundred and sixteen and shall be considered as a repeal of the act of the second day of July one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five pamphlet laws four hundred twenty-eight entitled "An Act to regulate and license public lodging houses in the different cities in this Commonwealth" so far as regards its operation in cities of the first-class

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I move to amend section 16, in line 2, by striking out the word "day" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "Monday."

Mr. DAIX. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The seventeenth section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 17 A rooming-house apartment house shall be considered a house occupied by more than two families living separate and apart for private residential purposes and where each family so living occupies an apartment consisting of four rooms with a bath water closet and sink attached thereto for exclusive use of such family the said owner or lessee of the whole property shall be held responsible for all violations of law and ordinances relating to garbage ashes and other refuse matter gathered on such premises and the removal of snow and ice from the footway or pavements of said premises Said buildings used for rooming and apartment purposes as hereinbefore defined shall be subject to all laws of this Commonwealth ordinances of the cities of the first class and rules and regulations of the said board so far as regards their construction light ventilation and sanitation

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I move to amend section 17, in line 13, by inserting before the word "exclusive" the word "the"; also in line 23, by inserting after the word "said" the word "Sanitary."

Mr. DAIX. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The eighteenth section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 18 That all laws of this Commonwealth and ordinances of cities of the first class and rules and regulations of the different Bureaus of the Department of Public Health and Charities affecting the use or occupancy of any public buildings shall be under the supervision and enforcement of the Department of Public Health and Charities and the different Bureaus thereof That all buildings lodging houses rooming or apartment houses and all public buildings including public schools so far as regard their sanitation which shall include light and ventilation their drainage and sewerage water closets privies or cesspools their water supply their plumbing their occupancy so far as regards the number using the same shall be subject to the rules and regulations that may be made to govern the same by the said board or any laws of this Commonwealth

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I move to amend section 18, in lines 2 and 3, by striking out the words "different Bureaus of the Department of Public Health and Charities" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "Sanitary Board"; also in line 15, by inserting before the word "Board" the word "Sanitary."

Mr. DAIX. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The nineteenth section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 19 That a rooming-house or apartment house as defined by the provisions of this act shall not be used above the first floor for any business or manufacturing purpose or where the conduct of such would be detrimental to the health of the occupants and the safety of the same and after investigation and on due proof thereof it shall be shown that such business is unsafe to the occupants of said building or detrimental to their health any one who shall still persist in the same after ten (10) days' notice shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and on conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars or undergo imprisonment for not more than six months or either or both within the discretion of the court

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I move to amend section 19, in line 3, by striking out the word "or" where it occurs the second time; also in line 5, by inserting before the word "after" the word "if."

Mr. DAIX. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The twentieth section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 20 Whenever a notice is required calling the attention of any person corporation partnership or association to any violations of the provisions of this act or any of the rules and regulations of the several Bureaus of the Department of Public Health and Charities there shall be service made upon the owner if this service cannot be made then by leaving the notice at his last known place of residence in said cities of the first-class or his agent or any other party having control of the use occupancy or rental of said building and in case of the party corporation partnership or association not being within the jurisdiction of the said Department of Public Health and Charities in cities of the first class service may be made by mailing a copy of the known address of said persons corporations partnerships or associations and also by posting a copy of the same upon a conspicuous place on the premises affected for ten (10) days That at the end of the ten (10) days if no action is taken by the parties affected thereby to conform and comply with the notice so served mailed or posted then the Department of Public Health and Charities through its proper Bureau may proceed with the same in accordance with the provisions of this act the ordinance of councils or the rules and regulations of the Departments or Bureaus thereof

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I move to amend section 20, in line 27, by striking out the words "Departments or Bureaus thereof" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "Sanitary Board."

Mr. DAIX. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The twenty-first section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 21 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with this act be and the same are hereby repealed except as heretofore provided Also provided that the act of the twenty-second day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen pamphlet laws page eight hundred seventy-nine entitled "An Act to protect the public health and safety by regulating the erection alteration repair use occupancy maintenance sanitation and condemnation of dwellings two-

family dwellings rooming houses and tenements by regulating the use maintenance and sanitation of the grounds surrounding the same the adjoining buildings and all vacant land in cities of the first class providing for their inpection the abatement of nuisances the vacating and destroying of uninhabitable houses and the filing of liens creating a division of housing and sanitation providing for institution of prosecutions and penalties for violation of the provisions thereof and repealing all laws inconsistent therewith" is hereby repealed Provided however that licenses and permits already issued for the year for one thousand nine hundred fourteen under any existing laws for any of the subject matters for which licenses are to be issued under this act shall be good until the expiration of the time for which they are limited

That all fees paid for licenses and permits under this act shall be paid into the city treasury for the benefit of the municipality Provided also That any party aggrieved by the refusal of a permit license or privilege as herein provided on the revocation of the same for which there is no right of appeal specified may have the right within fifteen days thereafter to appeal to the court of common pleas which shall hear the same not more than thirty days from said appeal

Provided further that the act of July twelfth one thousand eight hundred ninety-seven entitled "An Act to amend section one of an act approved the third day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five entitled 'An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to provide for the better security of life and limb in cases of fire in hotels and other buildings" approved the eleventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine extending the provisions thereof to buildings used in whole or in part for offices not of fire proof construction' " shall not apply and be enforced so far as relates to tenement houses having not more than six rooms above the second floor

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I move to amend section 21, in line 16, by inserting after the word "hereby" the word "immediately"; also by adding after section 21 a new section as follows:

"Section 22. Should any part of this act be construed to be invalid or unenforceable the remaining parts of the act so far as they are valid or capable of enforcement shall stand, with the same force and effect as if the parts found to be invalid or unenforceable had been omitted."

Mr. DAIX. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The title of the bill was read at follows:

An Act to protect the public health in cities of the first class in this Commonwealth and for that purpose creating in the Department of Public Health and Charities four Bureaus to be called the Bureaus of Hospitals and Charities Health Sanitation and Housing said Bureaus to have the supervision and control in said cities of Hospitals and Charities Health Sanitation and Housing as herein set forth and other matters affecting the public welfare so far as regards the use and occupancy of all buildings and the appurtenances thereto occupied in whole or in part as places of residence by more than two families living separate and apart and providing for themselves also the licensing supervision and control and the use of lodging rooming apartment and tenement houses fixing the responsibility for violations of any of the provisions of this act and also giving power to said Bureaus to make rules and regulations to govern certain conditions affecting health and sanitation and the licensing of certain trades industries and premises and providing for punishments and penalties for violations of any of the rules and regulations made by the Department of Public Health and Charities or by any of its Bureaus under the powers granted by this act also providing for the filing of liens also providing for the inspection by the Bureau of building inspection and the fire marshal of said cities of the first class and repealing all laws inconsistent herewith

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the title?

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I move to amend the title in line 9 by inserting after the word "occupancy" the words "of public buildings and"; also in line 14 by inserting after the word "houses" the word "creating a Sanitary Board for the purpose of enforcing the provisions of this act"; also in line 16 by striking out the word "Bureaus" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "Sanitary Board"; also in line 22 by striking out the words "any of its Bureaus" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "said Sanitary Board."

Mr. DAIX. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the title as amended.

It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate bill No. 8, entitled:

An Act supplementory to an act entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation regulation and government of cities of the third class regulating nomination and election of municipal officers therein and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto" approved the twenty-seventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hunudred thirteen providing for and enacting initiative and referendum provisions with reference to ordinances and the holding of elections relative thereto

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 189 (House Bill No. 21), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the nineteenth day of June one thousand nine hunudred thirteen entitled "An Act empowering incorporated towns of this Commonwealth without petition of the property owners to grade pave curb macadamize and otherwise improve public streets or parts thereof and assess a portion of the cost of the same on the owners of property abutting thereon and providing for the collection of the same"

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 421 (House Bill No. 110), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twelfth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act providing for the establishment and maintenance of boards of health in boroughs and townships of the first class and defining their powers and duties providing for the appointment of members of such boards of health by the president of the borough councils or by the chairman of the board of commissioners of such townships providing for the election of a secretary and a health officer providing that the Commissioner of Health may take charge of the administration of health laws in any borough or township of the first class when conditions therein in his opinion constitute a menace to the lives or health of the people living outside the corporate limits of such borough or township of the first class or when it may be known to him that such borough or township of the first class is without an existing or efficient board of health and providing the manner in which the expenses of boards of health or of the Commissioner of Health incurred in administering health laws in any borough or township of the first class shall be paid"

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 429, entitled:

An Act to give protection to and regulate the catching or taking or having possession of within this Commanwealth of bullfrogs and tadpoles and providing and imposing a penalty for violation of its provisions and repealing all acts inconsistent herewith

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 435, entitled:

A supplement to an act approved the seventh day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act relating to and regulating motor vehicles and vehicles trailing after or propelled by motor vehicles controlling their speed upon the public streets and highways in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania providing for their registration and licensing of certain operators by the State Highway Department prohibiting the operation of any motor vehicle by any

person when intoxicated or without the consent of the owner forbidding the passage of any law laying a tax upon or requiring the registration of motor vehicles or licensing of any operator or regulating the speed of motor vehicles by any county borough city incorporated town or township establishing the rights of motor vehicles upon the public highways with relation to other vehicles providing for their equipment and for the width of tires to be used upon motor vehicles and vehicles trailing after or propelled by motor vehicles regulating the service of process and proceedings in actions for damages arising therefrom providing for arrest and for service of process and proceedings for violation of this act prescribing the penalties therefor and providing for the disposition of fees collected and fines imposed thereunder"

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 456, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for refunding to the Everhart Coal Company moneys erroneoously paid into the State Treasury

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 489, entitled:

An Act to authorize the city of Williamsport to acquire if necessary and in all events to maintain for the purpose of securing and improving the general sanitary conditions of said city the dam which was erected by the Susquehanna Boom Company across the West Branch of the Susquehanna river at a point near the intersection of Hepburn street with said river in said city

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 508 (House Bill No. 166), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the payment of the deficiency which has arisen under the provisions of an act approved the thirteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred seven entitled "An Act to authorize county commissioners for the purpose of encouraging agriculture and the holding of county agricultural exhibitions to pay annually one thousand dollars to the incorporated agricultural association paying premiums on agricultural exhibits holding an annual exhibition in the county providing for the filing of sworn statement by the claimant or claimants with the county commissioners relative to said exhibition and providing for the repayment to the county by the State of the sum so paid

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 509 (House Bill No. 414), entitled:

An Act authorizing the Legislative Reference Bureau to continue the work commenced under the provisions of an act approved the twentieth day of May one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act directing the Legislative Reference Bureau to prepare compilations or codes by topics of the existing general laws of this Commonwealth for adoption or rejection by the General Assembly fixing the powers and duties of the Bureau therein fixing the compensation of the assistant director and making an appropriation therefor" fixing the powers and duties of the Bureau therein fixing the duties and compensation of the assistant director and making an appropriation

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 509 (House Bill No. 414), the bill just read, be recommitted to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. JENKINS. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 513 (House Bill No. 683), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Hospital for the Insane at Danville Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 517 (House Bill No. 196), entitled:

An Act providing for the appointment and expenses of a commission of three persons learned in the law to codify and revise the law of decedents' estates and making an appropriation

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 520 (House Bill No. 687), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the ninth day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one entitled "An Act authorizing companies incorporated under the laws of any other state of the United States for the manufacture of any form of iron steel or to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments and to take have and hold real estate necessary and proper for manufacturing purposes" as amended by extending the same to companies incorporated for the purpose of the manufacture and sale of explosives

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 523 (House Bill No. 121), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the State Hospital of Nanticoke Luzerne county Pennsylvania for the payment of indebtedness against said hospital buildings equipment and grounds

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 524 (House Bill No. 658), entitled:

An Act transferring from certain funds to another certain moneys appropriated to the State Livestock Sanitary Board

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 537, entitled:

An act authorizing and regulating the giving of a set of colors State and National to certain veteran associations and making an appropriation

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 545, entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act authorizing companies incorporated under the laws of any other state of the United States for the manufacture of any form of iron steel or glass to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments and to take have and hold real estate necessary and proper for manufacturing purposes" approved the ninth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one extending the same to companies formed for the purpose of quarrying slate granite stone or rocks or for dressing polishing working or manufacturing the same or any of them and to mineral springs companies incorporated for the purpose of bottling and selling natural mineral springs water approved the sixth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three' approved the nineteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one extending the same to companies formed for the purposes of manufacturing and selling chemicals food stuffs cement and cement products and the quarrying of cement rock" approved May twenty-eighth one thousand nine hundred and seven extending the same to companies incorporated for the manufacture buying selling leasing using and operation of electrical apparatus and machinery and articles of every kind appertaining to or in any wise connected with the production use regulation control distribution or application of electricity or electrical energy or products for any use or purpose construction acquiring using selling buying or leasing any works construction or plant or part thereof connected with or involving such use or plant or part thereof connected with or involving such use distribution regulation control or application of electricity or the control or use of electrical apparatus for any purpose and of producing furnishing and supplying electricity or electrical apparatus in any form and for any purpose and to carry on a general manufacturing business'" approved the twenty-third day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven extending the same to corporations engaged in the manufacture buying selling dealing in and using of collapsible tubes and metal specialties

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

QUESTION OF PERSONAL PRIVILEGE.

Mr. MILLS. Mr. President, I rise to a question of personal privilege.

The PRESIDENT. The Senator will state his question of personal privilege.

Mr. MILLS. Mr. President, I was unavoidably detained from the session of this Senate on March 15 when the Woman Suffrage Resolution was up for consideration, and I desire to state that, had I been present, I would have voted in the affirmative upon that measure.

HOUSE MESSAGE.

The Clerk of the House of Representatves being introduced, presented extracts from the journals of the House of Representatives, which were laid upon the table.

BILLS SIGNED.

The PRESIDENT (Lieutenant-Governor Frank B. McClain) announced that the Chief Clerk having reported that the following bills had passed both houses of the General Assembly and the same being correct, the titles were publicly read as follows:

House Bill No. 206, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the payment of the expense of publication of amendments to the Constitution for the three years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and twelve and directing the Auditor-General and the State Treasurer to cause the same to be paid

Whereupoon,

The PRESIDENT (Lieutenant-Governor Frank B. McClain) in the presence of the Senate signed the same.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

Mr. MILLS. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to read a bill in place at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. MILLS read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 615, entitled:

An Act authorizing tender of just payment or judgment, with any accrued costs, in all matters of tort, including direct and consequential trespass and wrongs to person, property, business or to reputation, either before or after suit, in relief of any defendant from further costs, if final judgment be no more favorable to plaintiff than the tender

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to read a bill in place at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. BUCKMAN read in this place and presented to the Chair, Senate Bill No. 616, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the joint acquisition and maintenance by Pennsylvania and New Jersey of certain toll brodges over the Delaware River.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make a report from Committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. BUCKMAN, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 166, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the State Hospital for Injured Persons of the Trevorton, Shamokin and Mount Carmel Coal Fields, situate in the township of Coal, near Shamokin, Northumberland County, Pennsylvania, for deficiency in maintenance for the two fiscal years commencing June first, one thousand nine hundred and thirteen.

HOUSE BILLS FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Chair cleared his table and laid before the Senate for concurrence bills of the House of Representatives as follows

House Bill No. 500 (Senate Bill No. 617), entitled:

An Act to incorporate the Knowlton Turnpike and Bridge Company of Northampton county Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

House Bill No. 291 (Senate Bill No. 618), entitled:

An Act to authorize any railroad company street railway company or any transportation company incorporated or unincorporated to issue or grant transportation at special reduced and lower rates to ministers of religion

Which was committed to the Committee on Railroads.

House Bill No. 545 (Senate Bill No. 619), entitled:

An Act to supervise the operations of fire insurance rate-making bureaus and providing for their examination by the Insurance Commissioner prohibiting discrimination in fixing and collecting fire insurance rates requiring companies to maintain and co-operate in maintaining and operating rate-making bureaus requiring inspection and survey by such bureaus of all risks specifically rated and regulating agreements between companies or other insurers with respect to fixing and collecting fire insurance rates and repealing existing laws

Which was committed to the Committee on Insurance.

House Bill No. 600 (Senate No. 620), entitled:

An Act relating to the selection of juries in criminal cases including challenges by the Commonwealth and by the defendant

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION FOR PRINTING ACT PUNISHING DESECRATION OF THE FLAG.

He also laid before the Senate extracts from the Journal of the House of Representatives which was read as follows and referred to the Committee on Public Printing.

In the House of Representatives, March 16, 1915.

Whereas Many citizens of Pennsylvania are not aware of the provisions of an act approved the twenty-third day of May one thousand nine hundred seven entitled "An Act to prevent and punish the desecration of the flag of the United States and of this State" prohibiting the desecration of the flag of our country and of Pennsylvania therefore be it

Resolved (if the Senate concur) That fifty thousand copies of said act be printed twelve thousand copies for the use of the members of the House of Representatives eight thousand copies for the use of members of the Senate and the remainder for the use of the Society known as the Daughters of the Revolution

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION FAVORING PURCHASE OF PRODUCTS OF THE UNITED STATES.

He also laid before the Senate extract from the Journal of the House of Representatives which was read as follows and referred to the Committee on Education:

In the House of Representatives, March 17, 1915.

Whereas American manufacturing industries are only operating to a certain small percentage of their capacities at the present time which is chiefly attributed to the unstable business conditions and general depression existing throughout the country and

Whereas The State of Pennsylvania the counties cities boroughs townships boards of education and public school boards public and private institutions as well as the citizens of Pennsylvania constantly have occasion to purchase eqipment and supplies which are produced and manufactured in the United States of America and

Whereas The General Assembly of Pennsylvania is desirous of promoting the patronage of manufacturing industries of the United States of America for the purpose of restoring prosperity to the people of Pennsylvania and the United States therefore be it

Resolved (If the Senate concur) That the officers of the various departments of the Government of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania be requested to purchase and specify at all times the products of the United States of America and that the various counties cities boroughs townships boards of public education and public school boards public and private institutions throughout this Commonwealth as well as the private citizens be urged to specify and buy products of the United States of America and be it further

Resolved That this resolution be disseminated and widely published throughout this Commonwealth by the newspapers of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania so that all counties cities boroughs townships boards of education school boards public and private institutions throughout this Commonwealth and private citizens be informed of the adoption of this resolution by the General Assembly

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 13.

He also laid before the Senate communication from the House of Representatives returning to the Senate Senate Bill No. 13, entitled:

An Act relating to and regulating partnerships

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 289.

He also laid before the Senate communication from the House of Representatives returning to the Senate Senate Bill No. 289, entitled:

An Act amending section nine of an act, as amended by the act of the seventeenth of April one thousand nine hundred and five pamphlet laws one hundred and eighty-five approved the fifth day of May one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine entitled "An Act supplementing and amending an act entitled 'An Act to establish an intermediate court of appeal regulating its constitution officers jurisdiction powers practice and its relation to the Supreme Court and other courts providing for the reports of its decisions the compensation of the judges and other officers and the practice and costs on appeals from its judgments' approved June twenty-fourth Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five" and increasing the amount to which the judges of the Superior Court shall be entitled to be reimbursed for the sums expended by them in each year for the help of stenographers typewriters or clerks and regulating the time and manner of such reimbursement

with information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 46.

He also laid before the Senate communication from the House of Representatives returning to the Senate Senate Bill No. 46, entitled:

An Act authorizing the district attorneys of certain counties to appoint a secretary prescribing the duties fixing the salary and providing for payment of the same

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 280.

He also laid before the Senate communication from the House of Representatives returning to the Senate Senate Bill No. 280, entitled:

An Act declaring valid certain municipal liens filed for grading paving macadamizing or otherwise improving public streets or parts thereof by the several boroughs under an act approved the twelfth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven entitltd "An Act empowering boroughs of this Commonwealth without petition of the property owners to grade pave curb macadamize and otherwise improve public streets or parts thereof and assess a portion of the cost of the same on the owners of property abutting thereon and providing for the collection of the same" and authorizing the amendment of the claims in certain particulars

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 336.

He also laid before the Senate communication from the House of Representatives returning to the Senate Senate Bill No. 336, entitled:

An Act to amend the fifth section of an act approved the nineteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four entitled "An Act relating to the organization and jurisdiction of orphans' courts and to establish a separate orphans' court in and for counties having more than one hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants and to provide for the election of judges thereof" as amended by an act approved the sixth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled "An Act to further amend the fifth section of an act entitled 'An Act relating to the organization and jurisdiction of the orphans' court and establishing a separate orphans' court in and for counties having more than one hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants and to provide for the election of judges thereof' approved May nineteenth Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred seventy-four as amended by an act approved the twenty-ninth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven fixing and determining the salaries of the assistant clerks of said court" by vesting the appointment of the first assistant clerk of said courts in the respective judges thereof and providing that this amendment shall not apply to counties having a population over seven hundred thousand

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 247.

He also laid before the Senate communication from the House of Representatives returning to the Senate Senate Bill No. 247, entitled:

Joint Resolution authorizing the printing and binding of the report of the commission to consider the revision and amendment of the penal laws of Pennsylvania

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

RECESS.

Mr. CLARK. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now take a recess for five minutes.

Mr. MILLS. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

AFTER RECESS.

The PRESIDENT. The time of recess having elapsed, the Senate will be in order.

HOUSE BILLS FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced, presented for concurrence bills of the House of Representatives as follows:

House Bill No. 595 (Senate Bill No. 621), entitled:

An Act to provide for the immediate printing and distribution of advance sheets of the laws of this Commonwealth as they are enacted from time to time to persons making application therefor and to certain officials

Which was committed to the Committee on Public Printing.

House Bill No. 623 (Senate Bill No. 622), entitled:

An Act giving district attorneys authority with the approval of the court of quarter sessions of the proper county or any judge thereof to employ expert and special witnesses to assist in the preparation and trial of criminal cases to employ special investigators and detectives and to employ persons to assist in apprehending and extraditing fugitives from justice and to determiine the compensation of said witnesses investigators detectives and persons and to approve the bills of the same and authorizing the payment of said bills out of the treasury of the proper county

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

House Bill No. 697 (Senate Bill No. 623), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the fourth day of April one thousand nine hundred and one entitled "An Act fixing the term of office of notaries public regulating the appointment and prescribing certain duties thereof"

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

House Bill No. 737 (Senate Bill No. 624), entitled:

An Act authorizing municipalities to purchase the entire capital stock of bridge companies owning bridges situated wholly or partly within the limits of such municipalities and exempting the capital stock and bonds of such companies from State taxation

Which was committed to the Committee on Municipal Affairs.

House Bill No. 738 (Senate Bill No. 625), entitled:

An Act authorizing and empowering cities of the second class to construct underground tubes or subways to be used for pipe galleries or for the operation of street passenger railway lines either or both providing for the use thereof by public service corporations and others having their tracks conduits wires cables pipes and other appliances on the public streets conferring power upon said cities to compel their use under certain conditions and providing for the payment of a reasonable rental therefor

Which was committed to the Committee on Municipal Affairs.

House Bill No. 572 (Senate Bill No. 626), entitled:

An Act creating a division of Distribution of Documents defining its powers and duties regulating the printing binding and distribution of the public documents of this Commonwealth and providing penalties for the violation of this act

Which was committed to the Committee on Public Printing.

POEM "PENNSYLVANIA" READ AT THE DEDICATION OF THE PENNSYLVANIA BUILDING AT THE PANAMA PACIFIC EXPOSITION.

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, I desire to offer for publication in the Legislative Journal and therefore for preservation in the archives of the State a copy of a poem "Pennsylvania" written by Harvey Maitland Watts for the dedication of the Pennsylvania Building of the Panama Pacific Exposition and read upon that occasion last week, and I, therefore, move that the poem referred to be printed in the Legislative Journal.

Mr. SALUS. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The poem referred to is as follows:

PENNSYLVANIA

BY HARVEY M. WATTS

Lo, sons of no mean Commonwealth, we come
From Eastern portals to the Western gate;
As those of old who cried "Romanus sum,"
So we exultant speak the name of State,
Proclaim the great "experiment" that wrought,
As if by necromance 'mong doubting men,
Fruition sure—beyond his ardent thought,
Yet hidden in the very heart of Penn!
And bear the message, flash it sea to sea,
Who freedom serve must of themselves be free!

We come, our heritage the "Woods of Penn,"
To dedicate this fair memorial here;
No Eldorado in our fastnesses,
Nor golden Ophirs in our sunny sands,
No tropic lures enchant, e'er-blooming flowers,
No Shasta rises with its crown of snow,
Nor giant woodlands jetting to the sky!
But still we "lift our eyes unto the hills"
Whose lesser beauties glorify the scene;
Green to their crests and cultivate of slope,
The broken ridges of a shrunken earth,
Tumultous strewn, wind-scarped and water-worn,
Whose ramparts grant asylum, yea, and give
All that the yeoman crave for hearth and home!—
From land of Minnisink and Pocono,
Banking horizons with their mystic blue,
Or open mead, as rivers wind their way
From dark-aisled forests where the hemlocks sigh,
Or broad-reached creeks, embowered with the grape
Festooned from birch and elm in tangled mass,
Yielding in June a scented wizardry,
While laurel blushes on the mountain ledge,
Or where the cedarn spires with creeper bound
Contrast the dogwood in the dying copse,
Which crimsons all in tribute far and wide
As Autumn's mellow "Indian summer" rules,
And wigwams in the small, the corn-shock stand
In tent-like silhouettes against the sky,
We come; from rivers singing to the sea
In lyric softness of melodious names,
Swift Delaware, broad Susquehanna, too,
The rippling Juniata 'midst its hills,
The Lehigh breaking through its barrier walls,
And dark Monongahela, hastening on
Till at the Forks, in Allegheny's vale,
It yields, and famed Ohio sweeps in pride
Its yellow torrent to the western flood,
Bearing its burden to the far-off seas
That lave the very gates of Panama!

Rich is our heritage in means and men,
And free the sons of Pennsylvania stand,
Facing the future with a heart elate,
With all things tributary to the brawn
And all things yielding to the ready brain,
Men who ne'er flinched when came the shock of war,
Nor failed in counsels of the days of peace,
Whose handiwork ne'er holding back in stent,
Waxing in fulness with the flight of years,
In yield of forge and furrow, yea, became
The wonder of the sister Commonwealths!
For ours the hidden treasures of the sun,
Waste of vast ages concentrate in coal,
Or in the oily seepage of the rocks,
Or vapored pressures, lo, full fathoms deep,
Pent up, but when released a willing slave
As demon fire, bursting in energy,
Disguised in steam, or unseen current, serves
The whirl and whirr of giant enterprise,
Or bears on wings of light, the spoken word,
Swift as the flash that unrestrained is ruin,
Or in the airy overtones of power,
Knows naught of seas, extent of continents,
Time, space and matter all obliterate.

Heirs to these marvels, sons of those who sought,
As men of conscience and of covenant,
New lands, new lives and newer liberties,
All strains commingled, as the years ran on,
Of Swede or Dutch, of Anglo-Saxon, Celt,
Dark Latin or fair Teuton, at the last
Eventuate in the American?
Divine their quest, in eager discontent,
Unsatisfied, they brake the bonds of age,
And set aloft the newer precedents;
With hand at plow and Bible as their guide,
Their ready compass in the wilderness,
Met barriers but to dash them from their way;
They set their face, as daring mariners
Braving the perils of the unknown deep,
Forever to the welcome of the West,
And tracked the pathway of the setting sun,
Whether on Kittatinny's ridge it sank,
On Appalachia's steepening parapets,
On rolling plain, on Mississippi's breast,
On barrier rock, the serrated divide,
On desert reaches shimmering in the heat,
As pioneers ne'er stayed their hurrying steps,
Till, lo, they faced the ocean and the marge
Of far Pacific's molten mystery!
While others kept the "narrow ways of home,"
Ever concerned in small things as in great,
Plain in their lives, as in their tongue's quaint phrase,
Friendly in word and deed as in their speech,
They "builded better than they knew," and laid
Full broadly planned the great foundation sure,
With "inner light" fore'er the outward guide,
Led by the Man in Holy Writ foreseen,
Who, "diligent in business", unabashed,
Stood in the presence of the lords of earth,
And, ne'er uncovered in the face of kings,
Thrice girt in valor, free from passing fears,
Built, lo, an empire from a favorite's debt!
The Oxford Stripling, who, in waking dream
In "Opening of Joy," saw wilds redeemed,
The valleys peopled and all men at ease,
With strife unknown, all quarrels regulate,
Roundhead in heart, if Royalist in clothes,
With more than idle chivalry in soul,
Who doomed the armor, but to doff the cause,
Who saw beyond the confines of his time—
The narrow vistas of a vicious day—
the vision of an earthly paradise,
Where God in spirit, not through empty form,
Might rule men's hearts and lead there every ways
In paths of pleasantness and fruitful peace,
Justice enthroned and toil full recompensed,
And man for man the equal in all eyes!

The Patriot Soul, who, held in dire duress,
Dungeoned as marplot, with eyes flaming, saw
With soul prophetic and the buring hope,
The swords as plowshares, knives as pruning hooks,
The nations counseling o'er things of ill;
Who laid before those blind a newer chart,
Set out to deaf unwilling ears the rule
Of States in universal parliament,
Decreeing end of wars and welcoming
The universal reign of law and love,
Each, lo, his brother's keeper in all sooth;
The man, who human rights set e'er above
The arrogance of kings, in wanton pride
Exacting Moloch tribute from the mass,
Doomed but to die as rulers might dictate,
Ne'er let red Armaggedons stir his blood,
But lo, exemplar for all time, set out
Fair dealing as the secret of his power;
Who, by the river, 'neath the spreading elm,
As, helpless, lay in infancy the State,
Gave all that benison which still endures,
Nor signed, nor sealed, nor ratified by oath,
Mere clasp of hand, mere spoken promises—
As stolid sachems smoked the pipe of peace—
Few came to witness, yet the whole world rang
With sober tocsin for this thing achieved;
This "truce of God" enduring as His light!
Unbroken friendship, faith inviolate!
O Penn, who in thy heydey felt the wind
Of base ingratitude, life's bitterness,
The cry of envy, snarl of demagogue,
Saw in the little, essence of the great,
In growing colonies in friendly bond
Allied for common weal and common woe,
The greater union of the States to be,
Nor turned aside for any present gain,
"No cross, no crown," thy beaconry of soul,
The long revenge of time hath brought redress,
The scales of justice balance at the last,
Thy mem'ry grows the brighter with time's flight,
And years but press fresh bays upon thy brow,
Thy fame no gilded monument demands,
Since all that men could ask that men requite,
Is thine in this, thy mighty Commonwealth!

Full mindful of the travail and the toil,
We keep the lessons of a pregnant past,
As the long line of hist'ry, shuttle-wise
In web Circean, tells the every deed,
Apples of gold in pictures silvern bright,
Whose ever-haunting memories uplift
And touch the heart and quicken every soul;
As when the hymns of Ephrata fell sweet
From summer cloister at the hush of eve,
Or chorales from the spires of Bethlehem
Woke the chill air of dawn at Eastertide,
Or the long chant Gregorian that rose
In chapeled sequence with the sweet incense blent,
Or moving silence of the meeting house,
All tell anew their message to this day.
And proud, the humblest, 'neath the spreading flag,
Whose stars and stripes took ordered semblance here,
E'er thrills before the hall and inner shrine,
Where Independence blazed its newer way
And Liberty was clarioned by the Bell,
Which, lo, unsounding, yet is far from mute
And still proclaims throughout the listening land
The story of July, of those who signed
The Declaration, fairest testament;
Brief the device that made a people free,
Mere ink and parchment, yet whose words of fire
Beaconed revolt on every hill and wave,
And loud the call to service, nor in vain,
As, lo, Paoli speaks and Brandywine;
And where the stream ran dimpling past the Forge,
The little Valley shut in rolling hills,
Mount Joy, Mount Misery, forenamed by Penn
As if in prescience of the thing to be,
The misery of bodies racked by pain,
As patriot soldiers tracked in blood the snow,
The joy in yielding all for common good,
Living or dying at their country's call,
Their challenge rings out clear forever more,
And 'midst his troops, with head oft bowed in prayer,
Lo, Pennsylvania knew a Washington!

And when through sharp dissent, men not at one,
And dim the lesson of the fathers grew,
And civil strife arose and call to arms,
True ever to its long heroic past,
Lo, Pennsylvania set its face fore'er
Against the loosening of sacred bonds,
The Union over all, inseparate,
From its escrutcheon cleansed all passing stain—
No mere surveyor's line a bar to hope,
Mason and Dixon cutting continent,
As barrier between enslaved and free,
The latitude of full despair for men—
And proved her full devotion on the field
Where now on rounded knoll and long-stretched ridge,
And gentler slope of orchard and of field,
The serried ranks of memoried shafts arise,
And tell in stone the tale of Gettysburg,
Supreme God's Acre of our native soil,
To human valor ever dedicate;
Valor in those who lost, in those who won,
When the fierce battle surges swept the crest
And high-tide of rebellion rose in flood—
To ebb forever from that fateful day!
And Pennsylvania knew its later sons
Were worthy of their past and their great sires,
Wayne and St. Clair and Muhlenberg awake,
And quickened in the spirit of a Meade!
At rest, the dead, by Lincoln consecrate,
Sealed by the blood of his own martyrdom,
Forever hallowed lie, the living bound
To new resolves by this great sacrifice!

So, proud, we sons of Pennsylvania come,
Proud of the teeming life that daily pours
Through all the arteries of busy marts,
Whose products know the spume of seven seas,
The bounds of ocean and the nether Pole;
Whose letteers—freed from servile bonds fore'er
When Franklin, glorifying common sense,
Drew more than quips from dull, unthinking type,
And more than sceptres from the tyrant's hands
And more than lightning from the frowning skies—
Have touched all strings of art and poesy
And run the circle of the sciences,
High priestnesses of higher things of mind;
Whose art with lengthening years gives poise to life,
Whose labor yields reward to opulence,
Whose cities vie in splendor as resounds
From West to East the rhythmic piston beat,
From North to South the busy hum of loom,
And, lo, the "city of a thousand trades,"
Of pageants brave and famed centennials,
Fair Philadelphia gems the eastern bound;
While where the iron hisses, hammers trip
In cadence, hymning song of Tubalcain,
Pittsburgh, enwreathed, looms dark on western rim,
Whose heights and valleys lose their pristine mien
Transformed by wand of industry, and show
The pillar of smoke by day, of fire by night
Proclaiming, here, the mighty age of steel,
Whose spider webs athart, the gorge or stream,
Or lined in parallel, 'cross every reach,
Give open way to man; or, raised on high,
In square of frame and rigid warp and woof,
Full Babel-like, assault the very skies,
And conqueror, man, with nature in his leash,
Advances to new triumphs unrestrained.

But woe to those who let the low and crude
Press to obliteration of the soul,
Enthrone the brazen calf with feet of clay,
Who know, in things of state, nor gold from dross,
Nor counterfeit from that that rings full true,
Seek rule by clamor and the screaming mob!
And yield the prompting of the heart enriched
For every wheeze of doctrine that outflares,
Forget the discipline of open mind,
For brawling babblings of the open mouth,
And fooled by every nostrum, cried aloud,
Give up the old lamp for the glittering new,
The shadow for the substance held in hand.
But Pennsylvania needs but keep the faith,
To her own precedents be ever true
And still exalted set on high, 'bove all,
In forefront of the Union, unsurpassed,
An empiry of men of millioned might,
Her testimony glows as newer dawn,
And all acclaim her actions "wise and just."
Still Keystone of the soaring arch of States,
Uplifting all upon her massy quoins,
Taking the crushing strain in equal parts,
She bears the double burden of the vault,
Without her all were weakness, jumbled stone,
The scattered shreds in huge, unmeasured wreck.
But with her all in ordered grandeur rise,
The admiration of the elder earth!

So ye who 'midst the splendors of a day,
The flashing glory of these palaces,
Fleeting ephemerids of dreams come true,
Would in this fair pavilion dedicate
This building to the State fore'er beloved,
Remember, that, its "day of small things" past,
All men give ear when Pennsylvania calls,
Yea, gates fly ope when Pennsylvania knocks,
Yea, fanfares sound when Pennsylvania acts,
And in the nation, as in concourse here,
Where all the world throngs to her festival,
To yield just due, all shout in glad accord,
Hail, Pennsylvania, Hail, above all, Hail!

So, sons of no mean Commonwealth, we come
From Eastern portals to the Western gate;
As those of old who cried "Romanus sum,"
So we exultant speak the name of State,
Proclaim the great "experiment" that wrought,
As if by necromance 'mong doubting men,
Fruition sure—beyond his ardent thought,
Yet hidden in the very heart of Penn!
And bear the message, flash it sea to sea,
Who freedom serve must of themselves be free!

RECESS.

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now take a recess until 8:30 o'clock this evening.

Mr. JENKINS. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

AFTER RECESS.

The PRESIDENT. The time of recess having elapsed, the Senate will be in order.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

Mr. McNICHOL read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 627, entitled:

An Act to amend sections one, two and eight of an act entitled "An Act regulating certain political parties, providing for and regulating the nomination of candidates of such political parties for certain public offices, the election of delegates and alternate delegates to National party conventions and of certain party officers, including State committeemen, a method whereby electors of such political parties may express their choice of candidates for the office of President of the United States and the payment by the several counties and their reimbursment by the State of the expenses of the same, authorizing the State committee of a political party to make and to alter, amend and revoke rules and providing penalties for the violation of the provisions of this act and for the punishment of certain offenses provided for herein and repealing inconsistent legislation" approved the 12th day of July, one thousand nine hundred and thirteen.

Which was committed to the Committee on Elections.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 628, entitled:

An Act to amend the fourteenth section of an act entitled "An act to further amend the ninth and fourteenth sections of the act entitled 'An Act to regulate the nomination and election of public officers, requiring certain expenses incident thereto to be paid by the several counties' approved the tenth day of June, eighteen hundred and ninety-three as amended by an act approved the ninth day of July, one thousand

eight hundred and ninety-seven; also to amend the twenty-second, twenty-seventh, twenty-eighth and thirtieth sections of said act to regulate the nomination and election of public officers, requiring certain expenses incident thereto to be paid by the several counties, and punishing certain offences in regard to such elections, approved the tenth day of June, eighteen hundred and ninety-three, by repealing the limit upon the number of times the names of candidates shall appear on the official ballots; by specifying the form, contents and manner of printing and counting of official ballots, and of announcing the total vote; by directing the manner in which voters may designate their choice of candidates, and their votes upon constitutional amendments or other questions submitted for their votes; by prescribing the duties of voters, election officers, police officers, constables, deputy constables and helpers; and prescribing forms of punishment for violations thereof."

Which was committed to the Committee on Elections.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 629, entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act regulating certain political parties; providing for and regulating the nomination of candidates of such political parties for certain public offices, the election of delegates and alternate delegates to National party conventions, and of certain party officers, including State committeemen; a method whereby electors of such political parties may express their choice of candidates for the office of President of the United States; and the payment by the several counties, and their reimbursement by the State, of the expenses of the same; authorizing the State committee of a political party to make, and to alter, amend and revoke rules; and providing penalties for the violation of the provisions of this act, and for the punishment of certain offenses provided for herein; and repealing inconsistent leislation," approved the 12th day of July, A. D. 1913.

Which was committed to the Committee on Elections.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 630, entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to regulate nominations and elections for all elective offices of cities of the second class and all offices of judge of a court of record; providing for non-partisan nominations and elections for said offices; abolishing certain existing methods of nomination in such cases and the use of party or political names or appellations at elections with respect to said offices; imposing certain duties upon the Secretary of the Commonwealth, county commissioners, and election officers and clerks; and providing for the violation of the provisions hereof, and the punishment of certain offenses," approved the 24th day of July, A. D. 1913.

Which was committed to the Committee on Elections.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 631, entitled:

An Act to provide for the creation by bodies of electors of political parties not otherwise entitled under the law to participate in primaries and elections, and giving such parties the right to participate in primaries and elections; providing the manner in which such parties may be created; providing the manner in which such parties may have the exclusive right to use certain designated names for their parties or policies; providing a method of objecting to petitions filed for the purpose of obtain such exclusive right to use a party name under which to participate in primaries and elections; providing for the enrollment of qualified electors so as to entitled them to vote the ballot of such parties at primaries; providing for the designation of a person upon whom shall be served notice of objection to such petitions or other notices required by law to be served upon such parties, and who shall serve such notices as are required to be made or filed by such parties, under the law, in the matter of the nomination of candidates; providing for the payment of costs incident to objections to such petitions, and also for the expense incident to hold such primaries; providing penalties for violations of the provisions of this act, and the punishment for certain offenses hereunder; and providing for the repeal of inconsistent legislation.

Which was committed to the Committee on Elections.

Mr. TOMPKINS read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 632, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the purpose of defraying the expenses of the State Encampment of the Spanish War Veterans.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 633, entitled:

An Act authorizing county commissioners to appropriate moneys to hospitals.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. CROFT read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 634, entitled:

An Act giving to banks, bankers and trust companies, in case of insolvency of any depositor therein, or of an assignment for the benefit of creditors by any such depositor, or of the appointment of a receiver for the property of such depositor, a lien on any balance to the credit of such depositor at the time of such insolvency, assignment for the benefit of creditors or appointment of receiver to the extent of the liability of such depositor to such bank, banker or trust company upon any promissory note, bill of exchange, letter of credit, or other indebtedness in any form, whether or not the same has then matured.

Which was committed to the Committee on Banks and Building and Loan Associations.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. DAIX, from the Committee on Banks and Building and Loan Associations, reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 589 (House Bill No. 92), entitled:

An Act relating to checks and drafts and fixing penalties.

Mr. GRAFF, from the Committee on Banks and Building and Loan Associations, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 375, entitled:

An Act relative to the deposit of county funds by the county treasurer in banks.

Mr. SONES, from the Committee on Banks and Building and Loan Associations reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 387, entitled:

An Act concerning notaries public who are stockholders, directors, officers or employes of banks, banking institutions, trust companies or other corporations.

Mr. BUCKMAN, from the Committee on Appropriations, re-reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 509 (House Bill No. 414), entitled:

An Act authorizing the Legislative Reference Bureau to continue the work commenced under the provisions of an act approved the 20th day of May, 1913, entitled "An Act directing the Legislative Reference Bureau to prepare compilations or codes by topics of the existing general laws of this Commonwealth for adoption or rejection by the General Assembly fixing the powers and duties of the bureau therein, fixing the compensation of the assistant director and making an appropriation therefor," fixing the powers and duties of the bureau therein fixing the duties and compensation of the assistant director and making an appropriation.

Also from the Committee on Appropriations reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 567, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the purpose of refunding to the Estate of Joseph B. Sheppard, Jr., moneys erroneously paid into the State Treasury.

Also from the Committee on Appropriations reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 563, entitled:

An Act to refund to Bella Hershenson, of McKean County, money paid for license to sell oleomargarine.

Also from the Committee on Appropriations reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 604 (House Bill No. 434), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to refund to Henry S. Reichard of South Bethlehem, Pennsylvania, money erroneously paid into the State treasury.

Also from the Committee on Appropriations re-reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 536, entitled:

An Act creating a Division of Municipal Reference Statistics and Information in the Department of Labor and Industry and fixing the compensation of officers and employes therein.

Also from the Committee on Appropriations reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 113, entitled:

An Act further supplementing an act approved the 14th day of June, 1911, entitled "An Act providing for the erection by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania of a statue in

memory of General George Gordon Meade, in the City of Washington, and making an appropriation therefor," and making a further appropriation.

Also from the Committee on Appropriations reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 597 (House Bill No. 516), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Board of Game Commissioners for the payment of salaries traveling expenses establishment maintenance and protection of game preserves feeding propagation and distribution of game leasing of land for game preserves and various incidental expenses.

Mr. PHIPPS, from the Committee on Military Affairs, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 577 (House Bill No. 383), entitled:

An Act providing for the organization discipline maintenance and regulation of the militia of the Commonwealth.

Mr. FARLEY, from the Committee on Public Printing, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 584 (House Bill No. 665), entitled:

A Joint Resolution directing the publication of the pamphlet containing the Game, Fish and Forestry Laws.

Also from the Committee on Public Printing reported as committed. Senate Bill No. 621 (House Bill No. 595), entitled:

An Act to provide for the immediate printing and distribution of advance sheets of the laws of this Commonwealth as they are enacted from time to time to persons making application therefor and to certain officials.

Also from the Committee on Public Printing reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 626 (House Bill No. 572), entitled:

An Act creating a Division of Distribution of Documents defining its powers and duties regulating the printing binding and distribution of the public documents of this Commonwealth and providing penalties for the violation of this act.

Mr. KLINE, from the Committee on Public Roads and Highways, reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 588, entitled:

An Act to amend section eighteen of an act, entitled "An Act providing for the original location laying out and construction of public roads or highways in the several counties of this Commonwealth and for the permanent improvement of certain public roads or highways therein making such originally constructed or improved roads and highways county roads, authorizing the relocation, opening straightening, widening, extension and alteration of the same and the vacation of so much of any road as may thereby become unnecessary providing that the county commissioners of any county may prescribe rules regulating the use of roads constructed or maintained by the various counties and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing for the taking of property for such improvement the compensation to be paid therefor and the payment of damage resulting from such taking and the manner in which such damages may be determined, providing for the payment of the costs and expenses of such construction or improvement and in thereafter repairing and maintaining said roads authorizing the levy of a tax or the issuing of bonds to provide a fund for the expense thereof prescribing a method for improving a county road lying within or traversing a borough and apportioning the cost of such improvement and authorizing the vacation of any county road," approved the 11th day of May, A. D. 1911, as the same was amended by an act approved the 12th day of May, 1913, by authorizing counties to contract with municipalities in the improvement of certain streets of such municipalities connecting with a county road providing for the cost thereof prescribing the method by which the contract for such improvement shall be made and imposing the cost of the maintenance of such streets on the municipalities.

HOUSE MESSAGE.

The Clerk to the House of Representatives being introduced, presented extracts from the Journal of the House of Representatives which were laid upon the table.

HOUSE INSISTS ON AMENDMENTS TO SENATE BILL NO. 181.

The Chair cleared his table and laid before the Senate, communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House insists on its amendments non-concurred in by the Senate to Senate Bill No. 181, entitled:

An Act authorizing and empowering municipalities to construct and for this purpose to procure locations therefor by purchase or condemnation proceedings in fee simple as herein provided or to acquire by lease or purchase and to maintain and operate underground street passanger railways or subways whether the same be wholly within or partly within and partly without the limits of the municipality and also street passenger railway or elevated railways connecting therewith or exchanging passengers with said underground street railway and to lease the underground street railway and any surface or elevated street railway connecting therewith to corporations or individuals with the right in the municipalities to charge an additional sum for each passenger using the subway to meet the interest and sinking fund charges on the cost of the subway and conferring upon said municipalities all the rights and powers conferred upon corporations under the act of June seventh one thousand nine hundred and one entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and government of passenger railways either elevated or underground or partly elevated and partly underground with surface rights" pamphlet laws five hundred and twenty-three and supplements and amendments thereto

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I move that the Senate insists on its non-concurrence in the amendments made by the House of Representatives to Senate Bill No. 181, and that a committee of conference be appointed to confer with a similar committee of the House (if the House shall appoint such committee) to consider the differences existing between the two houses in relation to said bill.

Mr. MILLS. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Ordered, That Messrs. Kline, Kurtz and Sones be such Committee on the part of the Senate, and that the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

HOUSE CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL NO. 543.

He also laid before the Senate communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has concurred in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 543, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the ninth day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to provide for the appointment of deputy prothonotaries in counties of this Commonwealth having a population of more than two hundred and fifty thousand and less than a million and defining their qualifications powers and salary"

HOUSE CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL NO. 219.

He also laid before the Senate communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has concurred in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 219, entitled:

An Act granting to boroughs and incorporated towns the right of eminent domain for certain purposes and regulating the procedure thereunder

HOUSE CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL NO. 20.

He also laid before the Senate communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has concurred in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 20, entitled:

An Act authorizing cities of the third class wherein the title to the water-works therein located is in the city to extend their pipes and improvements beyond the city limits and supply water to persons corporations and municipalites within the county and regulating the supply of water

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 164.

He also laid before the Senate communication from the House of Representatives returning to the Senate Senate Bill No. 164, entitled:

An Act to promote the health and efficiency of firemen in cities of the second class by providing for a two platoon system for firemen in the department of public safety of such cities

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

BILLS SIGNED.

The PRESIDENT (Lieutenant-Governor Frank B. McClain) announced that the Chief Clerk having reported that the following bills had passed both houses of the General

Assembly and the same being correct, the titles were publicly read as follows:

House Bill No. 366, entitled:

An Act relative to judgments and prescribing the duties of prothonotaries in connection therewith

House Bill No. 271, entitled:

An Act transferring from certain funds to another fund certain moneys appropriated to the Quarantine Physician Philadelphia

House Bill No. 179, entitled:

An Act confirmatory of the conveyances of real estate.

House Bill No. 120, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-eighth day of May one thousand nine hundred seven entitled "An Act to provide for the protection of insane persons feeble minded persons and epileptics and the appointment of a guardian for the said insane persons feeble-minded persons and epileptics unable to care for their own property authorizing the guardian to support the wife and children of the said insane persons feeble-minded persons and epileptics defining the powers of the guardian and authorizing the sale of real estate of the ward" by adding an additional section

House Bill No. 100, entitled:

An Act validating certain sales of real estate heretofore made by guardians administrators and executors by decree of Orphans' Courts

House Bill No. 85, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to refund to S. L. Stayman of York Pennsylvania moneys erroneously paid into the State Treasury

House Bill No. 71, entitled:

An Act transferring from one fund to another certain moneys appropriated to the Dairy and Food Division of the Department of Agriculture

Senate Bill No. 13, entitled:

An Act relating to and regulating partnerships

Senate Bill No. 46, entitled:

An Act authorizing the district attorneys of certain counties to appoint a secretary prescribing the duties fixing the salary and providing for payment of the same

Senate Bill No. 164, entitled:

An Act to promote the health and efficiency of firemen in cities of the second class by providing for a two platoon system for firemen in the department of public safety of such cities

Senate Bill No. 247, entitled:

Joint Resolution authoriizng the printing and binding of the report of the commission to consider the revision and amendment of the penal laws of Pennsylvania

Senate Bill No. 280, entitled:

An Act declaring valid certain municipal liens filed for grading paving macadamizing or otherwise improving public streets or parts thereof by the several boroughs under an act approved the twelfth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An act empowering boroughs of this Commonwealth without petition of the property owners to grade pave curb macadamize and otherwise improve public streets or parts thereof and assess a portion of the costs of the same on the owners of property abutting thereon and providing for the collection of the same" and authoriizng the amendment of the claims in certain particulars

Senate Bill No. 289, entitled:

An Act amending section nine of an act, as amended by the act of the seventeenth of April one thousand nine hundred and five pamphlet laws one hundred and eighty-five approved the fifth day of May one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine entitled "An Act supplementing and amending an act entitled 'An Act to establish an intermediate court of appeal regulating its constitution officers jurisdiction powers practice and its relation to the Supreme Court and other courts providing for the reports of its decisions the compensation of the judges and other officers and the practice and costs on appeals from its judgments' approved June twenty-fourth Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five" and increasing the amount to which the judges of the Superior Court shall be entitled to be reimbursed for the sums expended by them in each year for the help of stenographers typewriters or clerks and regulating the time and manner of such reimbursement

Senate Bill No. 336, entitled:

An Act to amend the fifth section of an act approved the nineteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four entitled "An Act relating to the organization and jurisdiction of orphans' courts and to establish a separate orphans' court in and for counties having more than one hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants and to provide for the election of judges thereof" as amended by an act approved the sixth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled "An Act to further amend the fifth section of an act entitled 'An Act relataing to the organization and jurisdiction of the orphans court and establishing a separate orphans' court in and for counties having more than one hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants and to provide for the election of judge thereof' approved May nineteenth Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred seventy-four as amended by an act approved the twenty-ninth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven fixing and determining the salaries of the assistant clerks of said court" by vesting the appointment of the first assistant clerk of said courts in the respective judges thereof and providing that this amendment shall not apply to counties having a population over seven hundred thousand

Whereupon,

The PRESIDENT (Lieutenant-Governor Frank B. McClain) in the presence of the Senate signed the same.

HOUSE BILLS FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Chair cleared his table and laid before the Senate for concurrence bills from the House of Representatives as follows:

House Bill No. 418 (Senate Bill No. 635), entitled:

A supplement to an act approved the seventh day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act providing for the examination licensure and registration of persons firms or corporations engaging in the business or work of plumbing or house drainage and prescribing certain rules regulations and requirements for the construction of plumbing house drainage and cesspools in cities of the first class and imposing fines penalties and forfeitures for violation thereof"

Which was committed to the Committee on Municipal Affairs.

House Bill No. 856 (Senate Bill No. 636), entitled:

An Act fixing the salary of the messenger in the Legislative Reference Bureau

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 866 (Senate Bill No. 637), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-fifth day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-seven entitled "An act to provide for the maintenance care and treatment of the indigent insane in county and local institutions" as amended

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 757 (Senate Bill No. 638), entitled:

An Act authorizing counties and municipalities to unite in providing in the court house certain rest or waiting rooms

Which was committed to the Committee on New Counties and County Seats.

NOMINATIONS BY THE GOVERNOR.

The Private Secretary to the Governor being introduced presented communications in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which were read as follows:

NOTARIES PUBLIC.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, March 23, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons to be Notaries Public for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, for the term of four years, to compute from the dates set opposite their names, respectiively:

ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

Mrs. Mary E. Mangham, Pittsburgh, April 2, 1915.

CLINTON COUNTY.

Thadd L. Jackson, Pine Creek Township, April 19, 1915.

CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

John L. Barnor, Shippensburg, April 17, 1915.

LUZERNE COUNTY.

E. M. Detrick, Kingston, March 28, 1915.

McKEAN COUNTY.

E. R. Sherman, Bradford, March 29, 1915.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY.

Chas. A. Fessler, Philadelphia, April 1, 1915.
Lewis Hornick, Philadelphia, April 6, 1915.
Wm. A. Shryock, Philadelphia, April 9, 1915.
Harry C. Hochstadter, Philadelphia, April 12, 1915.

WESTMORELAND COUNTY.

Frank Ceraso, Vandergrift Heights, April 3, 1915.
Jas. T. Hughes, Latrobe, April 13, 1915.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, March 23, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons to be Notaries Public for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, for the term of four years, to compute from the date of their confirmation:

FAYETTE COUNTY.

Chauncey D. Harador, Uniontown.

FOREST COUNTY.

Henry A. Shipe, Jenks Twp.

INDIANA COUNTY.

Arthur T. Carney, Blairsville.

LANCASTER COUNTY.

Wilmot K. Romig, Ephrata Twp.

LEHIGH COUNTY.

Miss Sue O. Hofford, Allentown.

LUZERNE COUNTY.

Harold J. Mahon, Pittston.

NORTHAMPTON COUNTY.

William H. Nagle, Easton.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY.

Benjamin Finberg, Philadelphia.
Mayne R. Longstreth, Philadelphia.
Miss Reba White, Philadelphia.
Bertram K. Wolfe, Philadelphia.

WESTMORELAND COUNTY.

George J. Loughran, Greensburg.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

EXECUTIVE SESSION.

By unanimous consent,

A motion was made by Mr. KLINE,

That Rule 38 which requires nominations made by the Governor to be referred to proper committees be dispensed with, and the Senate do now resolve itself into executive session, for the purpose of acting on the foregoing nominations,

Which was agreed to,

Whereupon,

A motion was made by Mr. KLINE,

That the Senate do advise and consent to said nominations,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—49.

Beidleman,	Gyger,	McConnell,	Smith, R. E.,
Buckman,	Hackett,	McKee, W. S.	Smith, W. W.,
Burke,	Hilton,	McNichol,	Snyder, C. A.,
Catlin,	Hindman,	Miller,	Snyder, P. W.,
Clark,	Hoke,	Mills,	Sones,
Croft,	Homsher,	Moore,	Sproul,
Crow,	Jenkins,	Patton,	Stewart,
Daix,	Kline,	Phipps,	Thompson,
DeWitt,	Kurtz,	Salus,	Tompkins,
Endsley,	Lynch,	Schantz,	Vare,
Farley,	Magee, C. J.,	Semmens,	Warner,
Gerberich,	Martin,	Sensenich,	Washers,
Graff,			

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Governor be informed accordingly.

RESOLUTION RECALLING SENATE BILL NO. 289 FROM THE GOVERNOR.

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to offer a resolution at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. CATLIN offered the following resolution, which was twice read considered and agreed to:

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That Senate Bill No. 289, entitled "An Act amending section nine of an act as amended by the act of seventeenth April, one thousand nine hundred and five, Pamphlet Laws one hundred and eighty-five approved the fifth day of May, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, entitled "An Act supplementing and amending an act, entitled 'An Act to establish an intermediate court of appeal regulating its constitution, officers, jurisdiction, powers, practice and its relation to the Supreme Court and other courts providing for the reports of its decisions the compensation of the judges and other officers and the practice and costs on appeals from its judgments,' approved June twenty-fourth, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five," and increasing the amount to which the judges of the Superior Court shall be entitled to be reimbursed for the sums expended by them in each year for expenses incurred in the discharge of their duties for the help of stenographers, typewriters or clerks and regulating the time and manner of such reimbursement," be recalled from the Governor for the purpose of amendment.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. BUCKMAN, from the Committee on Public Roads and Highways, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 608 (House Bill No. 800), entitled:

An Act to repeal an act approved the 1st day of June, 1911, entitled "An Act to tax traction engines and providing that the same shall be assessed by the several assessors of the counties of this Commonwealth in the same manner as other articles of personal estate liable for taxation are assessed."

Mr. C. A. SNYDER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 356 (House Bill No. 169), entitled:

A Joint Resolution providing for a commission to investigate the advisability of the purchase by the Commonwealth of certain property in Philadelphia opposite Independence Hall as a public park.

ADJOURNMENT.

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now adjourn until tomorrow morning at ten o'clock.

Mr. CLARK. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The Senate adjourned at 9:05 o'clock P. M. until Wednesday morning, March 24, 1915, at 10 o'clock.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

TUESDAY, March 23rd, 1915.

The House met at 10:00 o'clock A. M.

The SPEAKER (Charles A. Ambler) in the Chair.

PRAYER.

The Chaplain, Rev. F. W. Staley, offered the following prayer:

Oh God, we thank Thee that Thou art our Father; that Thou art the God of our salvation. Thou art the preserver of our lives and the giver of every good and per-

fect gift. Thou hast given us the unspeakable gift in the person of thine only begotten son; that whomsoever believeth in Him should not perish but have everlasting life, who said: "And I, if I be lifted up, will draw all men unto me."

We thank Thee, Oh God, as we stand in Thy presence this morning, that we can pray for thy richest blessings to rest upon each of us. We would remember this morning the members who are absent on account of death in the families. We pray Thee for these bereaved families this morning, for these absent members; May the blessings of God rest upon them and may Thy spirit guide them and may they realize that all things work together for good to them that love God.

Bless the Speaker this day in his deliberations; give him strength of body and clearness of mind in order that he may lead this House to do such things as will meet with the approval of men and of Thee. Guide us in all that we do, by Thy spirit, and save us all with the power of an endless life, we ask for Christ's sake, Amen.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the Journal of yesterday's proceedings.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of yesterday's proceedings, when on motion of Mr. Cummins the further reading was dispensed with and the Journal was approved.

BILLS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED.

By Mr. BALDWIN. House Bill No. 1032.

An Act to amend an act, entitled An Act to amend an act, entitled "An Act authorizing the county commissioners of the several counties of the Commonwealth to erect or complete and maintain a suitable monument at the county seat of each county, in memory of the soldiers and sailors of the late war," approved the twenty-second day of May, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five, to include the soldiers and sailors of the Spanish American War.

Referred to the Committee on Military.

By. Mr. HESS. House Bill No. 1033.

An Act to encourage the establishment of public marine schools.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Mr. POWELL. House Bill No. 1034.

An Act relative to borough and township employees, prescribing a method of paying them and fixing the duties of the borough and township authorities.

Referred to the Committee on Counties and Townships.

By Mr. BENN. House Bill No. 1035.

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to amend an act, entitled 'An Act to amend an act, entitled "An Act authorizing companies incorporated under the laws of any other state of the United States for the manufacture of any form of iron, steel or glass to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments, and to take, have and hold real estate necessary and proper for manufacturing purposes," approved the ninth day of June, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one, extending the same to companies formed for the purpose of quarrying slate, granite, stone or rocks, or for dressing, polishing, working or manufacturing the same, or any of them, and to mineral springs companies incorporated for the purpose of bottling and selling natural mineral springs water, approved the sixteenth day of June, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three," approved the nineteenth day of April, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one extending the same to companies formed for the purposes of manufacturing and selling chemicals, foodstuffs, cement, and cement products, and the quarrying of cement rock,' approved May twenty-eight, one thousand nine hundred seven, extending the same to companies incorporated for the manufacture, buying, selling, leasing, using, and operation of electrical apparatus and machinery, and articles of every kind appertaining to or in any wise connected with the production, use, regulation, control, distribution or application of electricity or electrical energy or products for any use or purpose; constructing, acquiring, using, selling, buying or leasing any works, construction or plants or part thereof, connected with or involving such use, distribution, regulation, control or application of electricity, or the control or use of and supplying electricity or electrical apparatus in any form and for any purpose, and to carry on a general manufacturing business," approved the twenty-third day of June, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred eleven; extending the same to companies incorporated for the purpose of the purchase and sale of real estate, or for holding, leasing and selling real estate.

Referred to the Committee on Manufactures.

By Mr. SWAN. House Bill No. 1036.

An Act providing for a uniform rate of taxation upon all property subject to taxation within the territorial limits of cities of the second class of this Commonwealth, for the payment of current expenses and the payment of the indebtedness of said cities, or any territorial part thereof, and for all other municipal purposes.

Referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. MAURER. House Bill No. 1037.

An Act authorizing the Commissioner of Labor and Industry to appoint additional officers and employes in the Department of Labor and Industry, fixing their duties and salaries, and increasing the salaries of the Chief Medical Inspector, Chief of the Bureau of Statistics and Information and the Chief Clerk.

Referred to the Committee on Labor and Industry.

By Mr. HESS. House Bill No. 1038.

An Act to provide for the modification of the plans of the New Western Penitentiary in Centre County, so as to provide larger or additional buildings in order to accommodate the inmates of the Eastern Penitentiary as well as of the Western Penitentiary, for the consolidation of said institutions into one to be known as the State Penitentiary of Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. SARIG. House Bill No. 1039.

An Act regulating the employment of persons on the public works within the Commonwealth.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

By Mr. GRAHAM. House Bill No. 1040.

An Act relating to building and loan associations and the solicitors, officers, directors, and stockholders thereof.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

By Mr. GRAHAM. House Bill No. 1041.

An Act to amend an act, approved the eighteenth day of June, one thousand eight hundred ninety-seven, entitled "An Act limiting the number of inmates of State prisons, penitentiaries, State reformatories and other penal institutions within the State of Pennsylvania to be employed in manufacturing goods therein, and prohibiting the use of machinery in manufacturing said goods," as originally enacted and as amended by an act approved the twenty-eighth day of April, one thousand eight hundred ninety-nine.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

By Mr. GRAHAM. House Bill No. 1042.

An Act providing a system of employment and compensation for the inmates of the Eastern Penitentiary, Western Penitentiary and the Pennsylvania Industrial Reformatory, at Huntingdon, and for such other correctional institutions as shall be hereafter established by the Commonwealth, and making an appropriation therefor.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

By Mr. GRAHAM. House Bill No. 1043.

An Act to provide for the establishment and government of six correctional institutions to be known respectively as the Pennsylvania State Farm of the First, Second, Third, Fourth, Fifth and Sixth Districts, respectively, providing for the care and confinement of prisoners therein, and the transfer of prisoners thereto, and making an appropriation.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

By Mr. FRUIT. House Bill No. 1044.

An Act making an appropriation to the Trustees of the State Hospital for Injured Persons, at Mercer, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. McNICHOL. House Bill No. 1045.

An Act making an appropriation to the Woman's Union Day Nursery, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. FRUIT. House Bill No. 1046.

An Act making an appropriation for Vocational Schools and Departments for the part-payment of tuition of pupils in attendance at vocational Schools or Departments, and for the Bureau of Vocational Education.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. MILLIRON. House Bill No. 1047.

An Act creating the Bureau of Vocational Education of the Department of Public Instruction, creating the divisions of the same, providing for the appointment of its officers and other employes by the Superintendent of Public Instruction, defining the duties of the same and fixing the compensation of its employes.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Mr. KITTS. House Bill No. 1048.

An Act to amend an act, entitled "An Act providing that in all counties having more than five hundred thousand inhabitants, advertisements and notices, required by law or rules of court, to be published in newspapers of general circulation, unless dispensed with by special order of court, shall be published in the legal newspaper, issued at least weekly, of the proper county, designated by rules of court for the publication of court or other legal notices," approved May third, one thousand nine hundred and nine, so as to include all counties having more than one hundred thousand population.

Referred to the Commitee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. MILLIRON. House Bill No. 1049.

An Act to amend section two of an act approved the fifteenth day of April, one thousand nine hundred seven, entitled "An Act fixing the salary of the Superintendent of Public Instruction and of the Deputy Superintendents of Public Instruction."

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Mr. MILLIRON. House Bill No. 1050.

An Act to amend section eleven hundred twenty-one of an act approved the eighteenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred eleven, entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, together with the provisions by which it shall be administered, and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof; providing revenue to establish and maintain the same, and the method of collecting such revenue; and repealing all laws, general, special or local, or any parts thereof, that are or may be inconsistent therewith."

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Mr. MEARKLE. House Bill No. 1051.

An Act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Historical Commission for certain purposes.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. DUNN. House Bill No. 1052.

An Act regulating the payment of persons in the employ of the Commonwealth

Referred to the Committee on Manufactures.

By Mr. KAISER. House Bill No. 1053.

An Act to validate transactions of building and loan associations whose charter has expired and permitting such building and loan association to make application for renewal of said charter within six months from the expiration, notwithstanding a failure to comply with all the requirements provided by law for renewals of charters.

Referred to the Committee on Banks and Banking.

By Mr. BEYER. House Bill No. 1054.

An Act providing for the purchase of a tract of land to be used for the benefit of the Eastern Penitentiary, regulating the operation of the tract, and the duties of the Secretary of Agriculture, and the Commissioner of Forestry, and making an appropriation.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

By Mr. BEYER. House Bill No. 1055.

An Act continuing the work of the Commission to Consider the Revision and Amendment of the Penal Laws of Pennsylvania, and making an appropriation.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

By Mr. DELL. House Bill No. 1056.

An Act establishing in Huntingdon and Mifflin counties a certain section of public road as a "State Highway."

Referred to the Committee on Public Roads.

By Mr. WOODWARD. House Bill No. 1057.

An Act to repeal an act approved the seventeenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirteen, entitled, "An Act to provide revenue for State and county purposes, and, in cities co-extensive with counties, for city and county purposes; imposing taxes upon certain classes of personal property; providing for the assessment and collection of the same; providing for the duties and compensation of prothonotaries and recorders in connection therewith; and modifying existing legislation which provided for raising revenue for State purposes."

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. WOODWARD. House Bill No. 1058.

An Act amending an act entitled "An Act prescribing a method for disbursing and accounting for certain appropriations to departments, bureaus, commissions and other branches of the State government," approved the twenty-third day of April, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine by providing for an extension of the provisions of such act to boards of trustees, overseers, managers and other persons in charge of institutions owned and controlled by the State in whole or in part and which are known as State and semi-State institutions maintained for various charitable, educational and eleemosynary purposes.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. THEODORE CAMPBELL. House Bill No. 1059.

An Act making an appropriation to the Babies' Hospital of Philadelphia, at Philadelphia.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. MAURER. House Bill No. 1060.

An Act making it not to be unlawful for men and women to organize to carry out collectively any purpose not illegal when done singly; denying a judge or judges the right to issue an injunction in a labor dispute, unless to prevent irreparable injury to property; or to prevent picketing exclusive dealing payment of strike or other benefits and providing that no person shall be indicted or tried in any court for entering into any agreement between themselves with a view to lessening the hours of labor increasing wages or bettering the conditions of workingmen.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. E. E. JONES. House Bill No. 1061.

An Act making an appropriation for the refunding of certain moneys mistakenly paid into the State Treasury by Eva Riley and G. M. Lake, executors of Theresa E. Smith, deceased.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. E. E. JONES. House Bill No. 1062.

An Act making an appropriation to the Trustees of the State Hospital for the Criminal Insane at Far View, Wayne County, and authorizing the Board of Trustees to perform certain work in connection therewith.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. PALMER. House Bill No. 1063.

An Act defining and regulating the occupation of barbering, including the licensing of persons engaged in barbering, the regulation of students of barbering and the regulation of barber shops, barber schools and barber colleges and fixing penalties for a violation of this act.

Referred to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

By Mr. REEL. House Bill No. 1064.

An Act making an appropriation to the Markleton General Hospital at Markleton, Pennsylvania, Somerset County.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. HOWARTH. House Bill No. 1065.

An Act to enable married women, whose husbands have been decreed insane, weak or feeble-minded or so mentally defective that they are unable to take care of their property to dispose of or mortgage their separate estates.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. DUNN. House Bill No. 1066.

A Supplement to an Act, approved, the 25th day of July A. D., 1913, entitled "An Act defining public service com-

panies; and providing for their regulation by prescribing and defining their duties and liabilities; prescribing, defining and limiting their powers, and regulating their incorporation, and to a limited extent, regulating municipal corporations engaged or about to engage in the business of public service companies; creating and establishing a Public Service Commission for the regulation aforesaid; prescribing and defining the powers and duties of such Commission and its officers, including the exclusive power to regulate the construction, alteration, relocation, or abolition of the crossings of railroad corporations, street railway corporations, or other public service companies, and of public highways by the tracks or other facilities of said companies; providing for the ascertainment by the Commission of the expense and damages resulting from such construction, alteration relocation, or abolition, and for the payment of such expense and damages, severally or proportionately, by the public service companies interested, the State, or municipal corporation concerned, and giving persons whose property is thereby taken, injured, or destroyed, authority to sue the Commonwealth for damages in such cases; providing for the terms, salaries, and compensation of the members of the commission, its officers, counsel, and employes; prescribing and regulating the practice and procedure before such commission, and upon appeal and judicial review of its orders and determinations by the courts of common pleas; and giving the court of common pleas of Dauphin County exclusive jurisdiction of such appeals in certain cases, and of all injunctions, mandamus, or other appropriate proceedings to enforce the provisions of this act and the orders of the commission, and to restrain such orders, subject to an appeal to the Supreme Court; prescibing penalties, fines and imprisonment for the violation of the provisions of this act and for the violation of the orders of said commission; making it the duty of the Public Service Commission to enforce the provisions of the act approved the nineteenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred and eleven, entitled 'An Act to promote the safety of travelers and employes on railroads, by compelling common carriers by railroad to properly man their trains,' by amending section nine thereof; repealing the act approved the thirty-first day of May, one thousand nine hundred and seven, which provided for the appointment of the Pennsylvania State Railroad Commission; and sections one and two of the act, approved the fourth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three, entitled 'An Act to enforce the provisions of the seventeenth article of the Constitution, relative to railroads and canals;' and an act, entitled 'To provide the maximum car service charges, including car storage charges, that railroad companies and corporations, or associations, may charge and collect on each car loading, and not unloaded within the free time for unloading cars, and fixing the free time that shall be allowed for unloading cars,' approved the twenty-fourth day of May, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven; and the proviso of clause three and the provisos of clause seven of section thirty-four of the act, entitled 'An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations,' approved the twenty-ninth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, and all other legislation inconsistent with or supplied by this act," providing for switch and other connections between the lines of street railway companies and railway lines owned, leased, or operated by municipal corporations, when required by the Public Service Commission; providing for the establishment of through routes and joint rates over such connecting lines, and prescribing and defining the duties of the Public Service Commission relating to such connections, through routes and joint rates.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. W. H. WILSON. House Bill No. 1067.

An Act providing for the formation and regulation of stock corporations having shares without nominal or par value and authorizing such corporations to issue shares without par value upon reorganization merger or consolidation.

Referred to the Committee on Corporations.

By Mr. STEIN. House Bill No. 1068.

An Act to regulate and establish the fees to be charged and collected by the several clerks of the courts of oyer and terminer, general jail delivery, and quarter sessions of the peace in counties of this Commonwealth, having a population of over eight hundred thousand and less than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants as computed by the last preceding United States census

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The SPEAKER. The following communication from the Governor will be read by the Clerk.

The Clerk then read the communication as follows:

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, March 22, 1915.

Hon. Charles A. Ambler, Speaker of the House of Representatives, Harrisburg, Pa.

Dear Mr. Ambler: I have just received a letter from Miss Kolb, concerning the roses, from which I quote:

"Won't you please thank whoever is responsible for those wonderful roses. I have them with me this very minute and they are as beautiful as ever. When they die, it will really seem as if the launching was more or less of a beautiful dream. But all my life I will save the petals of the roses from Pennsylvania."

Kindly convey these words of appreciation to those who are responsible for the beautiful thought.

Sincerely yours, M. G. BRUMBAUGH.

The SPEAKER. Same will be spread upon the Journal of the House.

REPORTS OF COMMITTEES.

Mr. HENRY I. WILSON, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1009, entitled:

An Act to regulate and establish the fees to be charged and collected by the Recorder of Deeds in counties, having a population of over eight hundred thousand and less than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants, as computed by the last preceding United States census.

Mr. BAUERLE, from the Committee on Banks and Banking reported as amended, House Bill No. 488, entitled:

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act to encourage and authorize the formation of co-operative banking associations where the profits derived from the business, after paying all legitimate expenses, shall accure to the depositors and borrowers of the association in proportion to their deposits or loans," approved the eighteenth day of May, one thousand eight hundred ninety-three; and providing for the conversion of co-operative banking associations into banks of discount and deposit under certain regulations.

Mr. ERDMAN, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 997 (Senate Bill No. 401), entitled:

An Act authorizing George F. Pawling, a resident of the City of Philadelphia successor to Bergdoll and Pawling to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Mr. HENRY I. WILSON, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported with a negative recommendation, House Bill No. 334, entitled:

An Act providing for the payment by the mortgagee of taxes levied against real estate covered by mortgages; providing that such tax when paid by the mortgagee shall be added to the principal sum of said mortgage; and making mortgages liable to sale for the collection of certain taxes.

Mr. W. H. WILSON, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported with a negative recommendation, House Bill No. 384, entitled:

An Act to amend section thirty-two of an act entitled "An Act to reduce the State debt and to incoporate the Pennsylvania Canal and Railroad Company," approved the twenty-ninth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and forty-four.

Mr. LEE SMITH, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported with a negative recommendation, House Bill No. 964, entitled:

A Joint Resolution proposing a constitutional amendment to the Constitution of Pennsylvania, granting to the people the right of recall of public officers.

Mr. GORMLEY, from the Committee on Banks and Banking, reported with a negative recommendation, House Bill No. 802, entitled:

An Act regulating the compensation, commission and brokerage of persons securing or placing loans for building and loan associations; providing for the recovery of excessive compensation, commission or brokerage, and providing penalties.

Mr. RICH, from the Committee on Banks and Banking, reported with a negative recommendation, House Bill No. 709, entitled:

An Act regulating the depositing of county funds in certain counties.

RESOLUTION NO. 12.

Mr. McCAIG called up Resolution No. 12, which was read and agreed to as follows:

Whereas American manufacturing industries are only operating to a certain small percentage of their capacities at the present time which is chiefly attributed to the un-

stable business conditions and general depression existing throughout the country and

Whereas The State of Pennsylvania the counties cities boroughs townships boards of education and public school boards public and private institutions as well as the citizens of Pennsylvania constantly have occasion to purchase equipment and supplies which are produced and manufactured in the United States of America and

Whereas The General Assembly of Pennsylvania is desirous of promoting the patronage of manufacturing industries of the United States of America for the purpose of restoring prosperity to the people of Pennsylvania and the United States therefore be it

Resolved (If the Senate concur) That the officers of the various departments of the Government of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania be requested to purchase and specify at all times the products of the United States of America and that the various counties boroughs townships boards of public education and public school boards public and private institutions throughout this Commonwealth as well as the private citizens be urged to specify and buy products of the United States of America and be it further

Resolved That this resolution be disseminated and widely published throughout this Commonwealth by the newspapers of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania so that all counties cities boroughs townships boards of education school boards public and private institutions throughout this Commonwealth and private citizens be informed of the adoption of this resolution by the General Assembly

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

RESOLUTION NO. 11.

Mr. SCOTT. Mr. Speaker, I desire to call up Resolution No. 11.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the Resolution.

The Clerk then read the Resolution as follows:

Whereas many citizens of Pennsylvania are not aware of the provisons of an act approved the twenty-third day of May one thousand nine hundred seven entitled "An act to prevent and punish the desecration of the flag of the United States and of this State" prohibiting the desecration of the flag of our country and of Pennsylvania therefore be it

Resolved (If the Senate concur) That fifty thousand copies of said act be printed twelve thousand copies for the use of the members of the House of Representatives eight thousand copies for the use of members of the Senate and the remainder for the use of the Society known as the Daughters of the Revolution

On the question,

Will the House agree to the Resolution?

Mr. SCOTT. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the amendment.

The Clerk then read the amendment as follows:

Line 6, use capital letter "F" to word "Flag"

Line 11, after word "The," add the word "American" and in line 12, after Revolution, add "of Pennsylvania."

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the Resolution as amended?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I desire to call up at this time from page 8 of today's calendar, House Bill No. 385, for the purpose of amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House resumed the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 385, entitled:

An Act regulating the practice of drugless therapeutics in the State of Pennsylvania defining the same creating a Bureau of Licensure therefor and means and methods whereby the right to practice drugless therapeutics in any of its branches may be obtained and exemptions therefrom Providing penalties for violation thereof and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent therewith

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I desire to ask unanimous consent to offer the following amendments at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The Clerk then read the amendments as follows

Amend, Section three, line twenty-two by inserting after the word "applicant," the words "Who has received a degree from a reputable school or college, teaching a course of not less than three years of seven months in each year."

Also Section three, line twenty-eight by striking out the word "education" and inserting the word "educational."

Also Section three, line seventy-three by inserting after the word "practice," the words "Minor or."

Amend Section five line seven by inserting after the word "base," the words "except as hereinafter provided."

Also Section five line thirty-two by inserting after the word "Science" the words, "or massage as applied by barbers or Turkish or Russian bath houses."

Amend Second Section 5, line 1, page 7, by striking out the figure "5," and inserting in lieu thereof the figure "6."

Amend Section 6, line 1, by striking out the figure "6," and inserting in lieu thereof the figure "7."

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to insert the amendments as read? Is there any objection? The Chair hears none and the amendments were agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading as amended?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended lie over for printing.

BILL ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Mr. LIPSCHUTZ. Mr. Speaker, I desire to call up from page 10 of today's calendar Senate Bill No. 13, House Bill No. 873.

Agreeably to order,

The House resumed the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 873 (Senate Bill No. 13), entitled:

An Act relating to and regulating partnerships

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. LIPSCHUTZ. Mr. Speaker, this is a uniform partnership bill. It was presented to the Senate by a commission appointed consisting of Judge Staake, of Philadelphia, Walter George Smith of Philadelphia, Dr. William Draper Lewis of Philadelphia, and the Deputy Attorney General Hargest. This bill has the endorsement of the Pennsylvania Bar Association which is composed of members of the Bar of the entire State of Pennsylvania. It is a bill making the partnership law uniform, and is a step in the right direction.

The Uniform Partnership Act is so recommended by the Commissioners on Uniform State Laws. It is primarily a statement of the result of the decisions of our courts. The act, however, if adopted, would make the following changes in existing law:

(1) Section 12.

This section makes a person admitted into a partnership liable for all the obligations of the partnership arising before his admission, but declares that this liability shall be satisfied only out of partnership property.

Under existing law a partner who is admitted into a partnership is not liable for debts contracted before his admission.

The reason for the change suggested is that when a partner is admitted to a firm and acquires an interest in firm property he acquires a right to have all the property in the firm devoted to the payment of a firm debt for which he is liable. As under existing law he is not liable for debts contracted before his admission, creditors who have extended credit to the business after his admission have to be paid in full before prior creditors of the business receive anything. To avoid this hardship on the prior creditors, the incoming partner is made liable to them to the extent of his interest in firm property. An incoming partner can protect himself by insisting that the firm debts be liquidated prior to his admission.

See for more extended discussion note to this section on page 33 of annotated edition of act published by Commissioners; also volume 24 District Reports (No. 7) Legal Intelligencer Reprint, pages V, VI.

(2) Section 26.

This section declares that a partner's interest in the partnership is personal property.

In Pennsylvania and in some other States the court has held that on the death of a partner, if part of the partnership property is real estate, the amount of the debts of the partnership shall be subtracted first from the personal property belonging to the partnership, and the partner's interest in the remaining property shall be regarded as real estate to the extent to which it is actually real estate. Thus if a partnership has land to the value of $10,000, and personal property to the value of $10,000, and the debts amount of $8,000, one of the partners dying, his interest in the partnership would be regarded as ten-twelfths or five-sixths real property and two-twelfths or one-sixth personal property. The attempt to administer this complicated rule, especially where under the partnership agreement the business is continued after the death of a partner, has resulted in much confusion. The rule as expressed in the proposed statute does away with these complications. It is already the law in many states of the United States, and no complaint has arisen from its operation.

For further discussion see volume 24, District Reports (No. 7) The Legal Intelligencer Supplement, page VI.

(3) Section 34 (b), lines 9 to 11.

This clause provides that where the dissolution of a partnership is by the death or bankruptcy of a partner, and one of the remaining partners makes a contract for the carrying on of the partnership business in ingnorance of the death or bankruptcy he may call upon his other partners to share with him the resulting liability.

At present when a partnership is dissolved by death or bankruptcy all the partners must "take notice" of the death or bankruptcy and if one of them in actual ignorance of the dissolution makes a partnership contract, he alone is liable.

The change was made because the Commissioners believed that where a partner acts for the partnership bona fide and in ignorance of the death or bankruptcy of one of his co-partners, it is unjust to prevent him from calling on his co-partners to share in the liability which he has thus innocently incurred. The rule in agency is as expressed in the act, and as this branch of the law of partnership is really the law of agency the present partnership rule may be regarded as an anomoly.

See for more extended discussion pages 57 and 58 of the annotated edition of the act issued by the Commissioners on Uniform State Laws.

(4) Section 41.

This section expresses the principle that when a partner retires from a firm or a new partner is admitted to a firm and there is no liquidation of the affairs of the partnership dissolved by such change in the personnel of the owners of the business, and the business is continued by one or more of the partners, either alone or with others, the creditors of the dissolved partnership are creditors of the person or partnership so continuing the business.

At present when a man advances money to a partnership composed of A, B and C and A retires, or D is admitted to the business, the person who extended credit to the partnership of A, B and C is not a creditor of the new partnership, though he is a creditor of all but one of the members of the new partnership. On the other hand, the property of the old partnership is often regarded as the property of the new partnership, the practical result being that creditors who extended their credit after the change of personnel have a right to exhaust the entire property in the business to the exclusion of those who advanced credit prior to the change in partnership. This rule has resulted in much hardship and confusion. It is the belief of the Commissioners that they have solved the difficulties involved by declaring that the creditors of the first partnership, that is those who extended credit prior to the admission or retirement of a partner, are creditors of the second partnership. This will enable all the property in the business, in case of failure, to be divided pro rata between all the creditors who have extended their credit to the business.

For more extended explanation see pages 69 and 70 of the annotated edition of the act issued by the Commissioners, and volume 24 of the District Reports (No. 7) The Legal Intelligencer Reprint, pages V and VI.

(5) The act also changes the procedure by which the separate judgment creditor of the partner secures the interest of his debtor in partnership property. The new method of procedure is set forth on pages 13 and 14, Section 28. Should the act with this section be adopted the procedure on a separate creditor securing a judgment against a partner would be as follows: The plaintiff's creditor would at once ask the court for an order, designated in the act as a charging order, charging the interest of the debtor partner in the partnership with the payment of the unsatisfied amount of such judgment. This order would be served on the other partners. The court would have a right to order the sale of the interest of the partner in the partnership, or in its discretion, to appoint a receiver to receive the debtor's share of the profits as they accrued, or direct their payment directly to the debtor partner. The other partners would have a right, in case a sale was ordered, to use partnership property in the purchase of the interest of the debtor partner.

This procedure has several practical advantages over existing procedure under the act of the eighth of April, 1873, chief of which is that it enables the court to prevent the dissolution of the partnership when no good purpose can be served by such dissolution, and it enables a valuation of the interest of the debtor partner to be made prior to sale. Under our present procedure the sale is made before the value of the interest is ascertained by bill in equity, a method of procedure which is unfair alike to the judgment creditor and the judgment debtor. It is recommended that as the procedure to secure the partner's interest for the separate judgment creditor is completely covered by Section 28 the final section of the act is printed, page 26, Section 45, as amended by striking out the words "all acts or parts of acts inconsistent with this act are hereby repealed" and substituting a definite repeal of the act approved the eighth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three, entitled "An act supplementary to an act relating to executions passed sixteenth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six".

The procedure proposed in Section 28, while new to this State, is not an experiment. It has been in force in England for many years, and the Commissioners are informed that it has worked well, doing away with the difficulties which once there, as now in this state, surrounded this old common law procedure.

See for further discussion on the subject the annotated edition of the Act issued by the Commissioners, page 51.

The Pennsylvania Commissioners are also recommending the specific repeal of the Act of 1870, April sixth, Pamphlet Laws 56, Section 1: Pepper and Lewis Digest of Laws, column 5623, Section 16.

This act, which is copied from Lord Bovill's act in England provides that any person loaning money to a partnership and agreeing to receive a share of the profits of the partnership in lieu of interest, shall not by such agreement become liable as a partner to the other creditors of the partnership. There is a proviso that the agreement shall be in writing and that the act shall not apply to any partner who makes such a loan, or to any person who holds himself out as partner. It is further provided that any person so loaning money holding himself out as a partner shall be liable as a partner. This act is rendered obsolete by the provisions of the Uniform Partnership Act, Section 7 (4 a, d) lines 19 and 23.

"The receipt by a person of a share of the profits of a business is prima facie evidence that he is a partner in the business, but no such inference shall be drawn if such profits were received in payment:

(a) As a debt by installments or otherwise,

(d) As interest on a loan, though the amount of payment vary with the profits of the business."

The Uniform Partnership Act goes one step further than the Act of 1870, because it does not provide that the agreement for loan shall be in writing. This provision of the Act of 1870 is most troublesome, because it apparently makes the lender to a partnership, who takes profits instead of interest, a partner if the evidence of his debt is not in writing. In view of the confused wording of the Act of 1870, and the fact that its object is entirely covered by the Uniform Partnership Act, it would be better to specifically repeal it.

The following are some of the uncertainties in the existing law which would be done away with by the adoption of the Partnership Act.

(1) Section 10. This section does away with many of the existing uncertainties surrounding the subject of the conveyance of real property belonging to the partnership.

(2) Section 21, Paragraph 1. At present it is not clear whether the obligations to account where the partner has money or other property in his hands belonging to the partnership, is or is not an obligation in the nature of a trust. The act makes it certain that it is an obligation in the nature of a trust.

(3) Section 27 makes it clear that a conveyance by a partner of his interest in the partnership does not of itself dissolve the partnership unless he or his partners desire a dissolution to take place. Most actual assignments of partnership interests in a partnership are assignments by way of collateral security for a loan. The partner so assigning does not desire to dissolve the partnership and the presumption of law which is generally held to exist that he does dissolve partnership by such an assignment has produced considerable hardship.

(4) Section 35 clears up the doubt whether persons who have had any kind of dealing with a partnership can hold the partners by a contract made by one of them after dissolution unless the others have given notice of the dissolution. Under the Act it is made certain that only those persons who have had dealings by which a credit was extended to the partnership have to have had notice of the dissolution. To all others a notice of dissolution advertised in a newspaper of general circulation of the place or places where the partnership business was regularly carried on, is sufficient. This section taken in connection with the definition of "notice" on page 2, Section 3, also makes clear, that which is not always clear at present, what has to be done by anyone who desires to claim the benefit of having given notice.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—187.

Adams,	Gallagher,	Lynch,	Smith, J. W.,
Albee,	Gans,	Marvin,	Smith, Jeff. W
Alcorn,	Garner,	Mather,	Smith, L.,
Alexander,	Geary,	Maurer,	Snyder,
Arnold,	Geiser,	McArdle,	Sones,
Aron,	Gingery,	McCaig,	Spangler,
Arthur,	Glass,	McClintock,	Spencer,
Baker,	Glenn,	McConnell,	Statler,
Baldwin,	Gompers,	McCurdy,	Staving,
Bauerle,	Goodnough,	McDermott,	Steedle,
Beck,	Goodwin,	McKay,	Stein,
Becker,	Goodyear,	McNichol,	Stern,
Benn,	Gormley,	McVicar,	Stone,
Benninger,	Graham,	Mearkle,	Sullivan,
Bergy,	Gransback,	Mellott,	Swan,
Berntheizel,	Greenwood,	Milliron,	Swartz,
Beyer,	Habgood,	Murdoch,	Thomas,
Blackburn,	Hackett,	Myers,	Trach,
Body,	Hamilton,	Neville,	Twibill,
Brosius,	Harper,	Nieder,	Urich,
Brownlee,	Heffernan,	Oaks,	Vickerman,
Brumbaugh,	Herman,	Ostrander,	Vogdes,
Bungard,	Hess,	Palmer,	Wagner,
Campbell, J. O.,	Heyburn,	Perry,	Walsh,
Campbell, T.,	Hibshman,	Peters,	Walter,
Christman,	Hoffman,	Pickering,	Walton,
Coldsmith,	Hollern,	Powell,	Watson,
Conner,	Hollingsworth,	Ramsey,	Weimer,
Corbin,	Horton,	Reel,	Weir,
Cox,	Howarth,	Reynolds,	West,
Cromer,	Hubler,	Rhoads,	Wettach,
Cummins	Jack,	Rich,	Whitaker,
Curry,	Jones, E. E.,	Rininger,	Whitten,
Davis,	Jones, W. W.,	Rinn,	Wildman,
Dawson,	Kaiser,	Roney,	Willard,
Diefenderfer,	Kitts,	Robertson,	Williams,
Dodds,	Klinger,	Rothenberger,	Wilson, H. I.,
Drinkhouse,	Kunkle,	Rudisill,	Wilson, W. H.
Dunn,	Lafferty,	Sampsel,	Wobensmith,
Eby,	Landis,	Sarig,	Wood,
Ehrhardt,	Lanius,	Schaeffer,	Woodward,
Erdman,	Lauer,	Scott,	Wylie,
Evans,	Lauler,	Shaaber,	Wynne,
Fackler,	Lindsey,	Shaffer,	Young,
Flynn,	Lipschutz,	Shoop,	Ambler,
Forster,	Love,	Showalter,	Speaker.
Fretz,	Luxemburger,	Sinclair,	
Fruit,			

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed it without amendments.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 840 (Senate Bill No. 289), entitled:

An Act amending section nine of an act as amended by the act of seventeenth April one thousand nine hundred and five Pamphlet Laws one hundred and eighty-five approved the fifth day of May one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine entitled "An Act supplementing and amending an act entitled 'An Act to establish an intermediate court of appeal regulating its constitution officers jurisdiction powers practice and its relation to the Supreme Court and other courts providing for the reports of its decisions and the compensation of the judges and other officers and the practice and costs on appeals from its judgments' approved June twenty-fourth Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five" and increasing the amount to which the judges of the Superior Court shall be entitled to be reimbursed for the sums expended by them in each year for expenses incurred in the discharge of their duties for the help of stenographers typewriters or clerks and regulating the time and manner of such reimbursement

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—189.

Adams,	Flynn,	Love,	Shoop,
Albee,	Forster,	Luxemburger,	Showalter,
Alcorn,	Fretz,	Lynch,	Sinclair,
Alexander,	Fruit,	Mangan,	Smith, J. W.,
Arnold,	Gallagher,	Marvin,	Smith, Jeff. W.,
Aron,	Gans,	Mather,	Smith, L.,
Arthur,	Garner,	Maurer,	Snyder,
Baker,	Geary,	McArdle,	Sones,
Baldwin,	Geiser,	McCaig,	Spangler,
Barnett,	Glass,	McClintock,	Spencer,
Bauerle,	Glenn,	McClure,	Statler,
Beck,	Gompers,	McConnell,	Staving,
Becker,	Goodwin,	McCurdy,	Steedle,
Benn,	Goodyear,	McDermott,	Stern,
Benninger,	Gormley,	McKay,	Stone,
Bergy,	Graham,	McNichol,	Sullivan,
Berntheizel,	Gransback,	Mearkle,	Swan,
Beyer,	Greenwood,	Mellott,	Swartz,
Blackburn,	Habgood,	Metzenbacher,	Thomas,
Body,	Hackett,	Milliron,	Trach,
Bovee,	Hamilton,	Murdoch,	Twibill,
Brosius,	Harper,	Myers,	Urich,
Brownlee,	Herman,	Neville,	Vickerman,
Brumbaugh,	Hess,	Nieder,	Vogdes,
Bungard,	Heyburn,	Oaks,	Wagner,
Campbell, J. O.	Hibshman,	Ostrander,	Walsh,
Campbell, T.,	Hoffman,	Perry,	Walter,
Christman,	Hollern,	Peters,	Walton,
Coldsmith,	Hollingsworth	Phillips,	Watson,
Conner,	Horton,	Pickering,	Weaver,
Corbin,	Howarth,	Powell,	Weimer,
Cox,	Hubler,	Ramsey,	West,
Cromer,	Jack,	Reel,	Wettach,
Cummins,	Jones, E. E.,	Reynolds,	Whitaker,
Curry,	Jones, W. W.,	Rich,	Wibiman,
Davis,	Kaiser,	Rhoads,	Willard,
Dawson,	Kitts,	Rininger,	Williams,
Dell,	Klinger,	Rinn,	Wilson, W. H.
Diefenderfer,	Kuhn,	Robertson,	Wobensmith,
Dodds,	Kunkle,	Roney,	Wood,
Drinkhouse,	Lafferty,	Rowell,	Woodward,
Dunn,	Landis,	Rudisill,	Wylie,
Eby,	Lanius,	Sampsel,	Wynne,
Ehrhardt,	Lauer,	Sarig,	Young,
Erdman,	Lauler,	Schaeffer,	Ambler,
Evans,	Leighner,	Scott,	Speaker.
Fackler,	Lindsey,	Shaaber,	
Finnerty,	Lipschutz,	Shaffer,	

NAYS—2.

McVicar, Wilson, H. I.,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed it without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 889, entitled:

An Act to further amend the act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith" as amended by providing for the education of certain blind children beyond the age of eight years under certain circumstances

Mr. WALTER. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to offer amendments at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The Clerk then read the amendments as follows:

Amend Title, Line 3, by striking out the word "the"
Amend Section 1, Line 35, by inserting after the word "dollar" the figures "($1,00)."

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to insert the amendments as read? Is there any objection? The Chair hears none and the amendments will be inserted in accordance with the instructions of the House.

The bill as amended was then agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended lie over for printing.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 545, entitled:

An Act to supervise the operations of fire insurance rate-making bureaus and providing for their examination by the Insurance Commissioner prohibiting discrimination in fixing and collecting fire insurance rates requiring companies to maintain and co-operate in maintaining and operating rate-making bureaus requiring inspection and survey by such bureaus of all risks specifically rated and regulating agreements between companies or other insurers with respect to fixing and collecting fire insurance rates and repealing existing laws.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. WALTER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to interrogate the gentleman from Delaware.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Delaware permit himself to be interrogated.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I will.

Mr. WALTER. Mr Speaker, I would be pleased if the gentleman from Delaware who introduced this bill will explain it to the House.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I will try to explain it to the House in just as short a way as possible. The proposition contained in this bill is this: The insurance Commissioners of the United States have for a number of years been trying to devise some method of controlling fire insurance rating bureaus. Two years ago the Legislature appointed a commission to take up this subject and this bill is the result, not only of the investigation of the commission but embodies entirely the recommendation of the fire insurance commissioners of the United States. At the present time we have in the State of Pennsylvania, what are known as fire rating bureaus. There are four in the State. It has been conceded in almost every state where the subject has been investigated that they are essential to the economic management of fire insurance companies, but there has been no restriction or regulation of these rating bureaus in the State of Pennsylvania. This bill is intended to give the Fire Insurance Commissioner of the State the power to regulate those companies and to prevent discrimination. Now, that is the object of the bill and the best thought of the Fire Insurance Commission of the United States and the Commission which investigated the matter is contained in the proposition. Now, if there is any criticism on any particular section of the bill I would be glad to explain it to the House.

Mr. EVANS. Mr. Speaker I would like to interrogate the gentleman from Delaware.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Delaware permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. BALDWIN. I will, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. EVANS. Mr. Speaker, I would like to ask the gentleman whether this bill will prohibit the making of different rates by different agents or different companies or will it cut out competition.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, not in the least. I think if the gentleman will read the bill carefully he will find—I think it is in section six,—it provides that a rating bureau may consist of one company. Now a rating bureau in the last anyalysis, is only the fixing of rates on fire insurance that that company will charge. It will require that hereafter if a company desires—not applying to mutual companies in any way—if a company desires to go on and do business on its own account, not be connected with a rating bureau, it shall simply file rates with the Insurance Commissioner and if it discriminates the insurer can make complaint against it to the Insurance Commissioner and prevent discrimination by the company individually or prevent discrimination by the bureau or combination of companies.

Mr. HERMAN. Mr. Speaker, I would like to further interrogate the gentleman from Delaware.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Delaware permit himself to be further interrogated?

Mr. BALDWIN. Yes sir, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. HERMAN. Do I understand the gentleman from Delaware to say that this bill has no relation whatever to mutual companies?

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I say that it in no way regulates the premium of mutual fire insurance companies in the State of Pennsylvania.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—131.

Adams,	Drinkhouse,	Kitts,	Sarig,
Albee,	Dunn,	Kuhn,	Scott,
Alcorn,	Ehrhardt,	Lafferty,	Shaaber,
Alexander,	Fackler,	Landis,	Snoop,
Aron,	Forster,	Lauer,	Sinclair,
Arthur,	Fretz,	Lauler,	Smith, J. W.,
Baldwin,	Fruit,	Leighner,	Smith, L.,
Barnett,	Geary,	Lindsey,	Snyder,
Bauerle,	Gingery,	Lipschutz,	Spangler,
Beck,	Glass,	Love,	Staving,
Becker,	Gompers,	Luxemburger,	Steedle,
Benninger,	Goodnough,	Marvin,	Stein,
Bergy,	Goodyear,	Mather,	Stern,
Berntheizel,	Gormley,	McDermott,	Stone,
Beyer,	Graham,	McVicar,	Sullivan,
Blackburn,	Gransback,	Mearkle,	Swan,
Body,	Greenwood,	Murdoch,	Swartz,
Brosius,	Habgood,	Myers,	Thomas,
Bungard,	Hamilton,	Neville,	Trach,
Campbell, J. O.,	Harper,	Nieder,	Vickerman,
Campbell, T.,	Heffernan,	Oaks,	Vogdes,
Christman,	Herman,	Ostrander,	Wagner,
Coldsmith,	Hess,	Peters,	Walter,
Conner,	Heyburn,	Pickering,	Walton,
Corbin,	Hibshman,	Powell,	Weimer,
Cox,	Hollern,	Ramsey,	Weir,
Cromer,	Hollingsworth,	Reel,	Wettach,
Cummins,	Horton,	Reynolds,	Whitaker,
Curry,	Howarth,	Rhoads,	Whitten,
Davis,	Hubler,	Rothenberger,	Willard,
Dawson,	Jack,	Rowell,	Williams,
Dell,	Jones, W. W.,	Sampsel,	Wilson, H. I.,
Dodds,	Kaiser,		Wylie,

NAYS—37.

Arnold,	Klinger,	Phillips,	Urich,
Baker,	Kunkle,	Rich,	Walsh,
Diefenderfer,	Lanius,	Rinn,	Watson,
Eby,	Luppert,	Robertson,	West,
Eppley,	Lynch,	Rudisill,	Wood,
Evans,	Maurer,	Schaeffer,	Wynne,
Gallagher,	McCurdy,	Shaffer,	Ambler,
Garner,	Mellott,	Sones,	Speaker.
Glenn,	Milliron,	Spencer,	
Hackett,	Palmer,	Twibill,	

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

SENATE MESSAGE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced presented extracts from the Journal of the Senate which were laid upon the table.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Heffernan, asks unanimous consent to call up House Bill No. 291, File Folio 3019, on page six of today's third reading calendar. Mr. Heffernan is sick and desires to have this bill acted on in order that he can go home; otherwise, it would not be taken up out of the regular order. Is there any objection? The Chair hears none.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 291, entitled:

An Act to authorize any railroad company street railway company or any transportation company incorporated or unincorporated to issue or grant transportation at special reduced and lower rates to ministers of religion

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—142.

Adams,	Ehrhardt,	Jack,	Pickering,
Albee,	Erdman,	Jones, W. W.,	Ramsey,
Alcorn,	Evans,	Kaiser,	Reel,
Alexander,	Fackler,	Kitts,	Reynolds,
Arnold,	Finnerty,	Klinger,	Rich,
Aron.	Flynn,	Kuhn,	Rinn,
Arthur,	Forster,	Kunkle,	Robertson,
Baker,	Fretz,	Lafferty,	Rowell,
Baldwin,	Fruit,	Landis,	Rudisill,
Bauerle,	Gallagher,	Lauer,	Sampsel,
Beck,	Gans,	Lauler,	Shaffer,
Bergy,	Garner,	Leighner,	Showalter,
Berntheizel,	Geary,	Love,	Sinclair,
Beyer,	Geiser,	Lynch,	Smith, L.,
Blackburn,	Gingery,	Marvin,	Spangler,
Body,	Glass,	Mather,	Statler,
Bovee,	Gompers,	McCaig,	Stone,
Brosius,	Goodnough,	McClintock,	Swartz,
Brownlee,	Goodyear,	McClure,	Thomas,
Brumbaugh,	Graham,	McConnell,	Trach,
Bungard,	Gransback,	McCurdy,	Twibill,
Campbell, J. O.,	Greenwood,	McDermott,	Urich,
Campbell, T.,	Habgood,	McKay,	Vickerman,
Christman,	Hackett,	McNichol,	Vogdes,
Coldsmith,	Hamilton,	McVicar,	Walsh,
Conner,	Harper,	Mearkle,	Weaver,
Corbin,	Heffernan,	Mellott,	Wein
Cox,	Herman,	Milliron,	West,
Curry,	Hess,	Murdoch,	Willard,
Davis,	Heyburn,	Myers,	Williams,
Dawson,	Hibshman,	Neville,	Wilson, W. H.,
Dell,	Hollern,	Nieder,	Woodward,
Diefenderfer,	Hollingsworth,	Nissley,	Young,
Drinkhouse,	Horton,	Oaks,	Ambler,
Dunn,	Howarth,	Ostrander,	Speaker.
Eby,	Hubler,	Phillips,	

NAYS—22.

Becker,	Powell,	Sones,	Watson,
Cromer,	Rininger,	Staving,	Weimer
Dodds,	Rothenberger,	Stein,	Wettach,
Lanius,	Sarig,	Sullivan,	Whitten,
Maurer,	Schaeffer,	Wagner,	Wilson, H. I.,
Palmer,	Scott,		

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 913, entitled:

An Act to amend section one thousand three hundred and eleven of an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with a provision by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. DIEFENDERFER. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to offer an amendment at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read for information.

The Clerk then read the amendment as follows:

Amend section 1, Line 6, by striking out the single quote before the word 'An and inserting in lieu thereof a double quote before the word "An

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to the insertion of the amendment at this time? Is there any objection? The Chair hears none and the amendment will be inserted in accordance with the instructions of the House.

The bill, as amended, was then agreed to on third reading.

Ordered, That the bill, as amended, lie over for printing.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 870, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. GOMPERS. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to offer an amendment at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read for information.

The Clerk then read the amendment as follows:

Amend section 1, line 61 by striking out the word "fifty" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "ten"

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to the insertion of the amendment at this time. Is there any objection? The Chair hears none and the amendment will be inserted in accordance with the instructions of the House.

The bill, as amended, was then agreed to on third reading.

Ordered, That the bill, as amended, lie over for printing.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 708, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. MILLIRON. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to offer amendments at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read for information.

The Clerk then read the amendments as follows:

Amend Title, line 8, by striking out the word "part" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "parts"

Amend section 4, Line 9, by inserting after the word "Instruction" double quote

Amend section 5, Line 32, by striking out the word "of" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "by"

Amend section 6, Line 17, by inserting after the word "pointment" double quote

Amend section 7, Line 2, by striking out the word "whch" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "which"

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to the insertion of the amendments at this time? Is there any objection. The Chair hears none and the amendments will be inserted in accordance with the instructions of the House.

The bill, as amended, was then agreed to on third reading.

Ordered, That the bill, as amended lie over for printing.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 791, entitled:

An Act regulating upholstering making of upholstering and the manufacture of mattresses imposing penalties and providing incidental duties of the Department of Labor and Industry

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. DUNN. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to offer amendments at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read for information.

The Clerk then read the amendments as follows:

Amend title, line 2, by striking out the word "matresses," and inserting in lieu thereof the word "mattresses." Section 1, line 6, insert after the word "shall," the words "when the work is done by machinery."

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to the insertion of the amendments at this time? Is there any objection? The Chair hears none and the amendments will be inserted in accordance with the instructions of the House.

The bill, as amended, was then agreed to on third reading.

Ordered, That the Bill, as amended, lie over for printing.

MR. WHITAKER IN THE CHAIR.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 600, entitled:

An Act relating to the selection of juries in criminal cases including challenges by the Commonwealth and by the defendant

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—185.

Adams,	Fretz,	Luxemburger,	Sinclair,
Albee,	Fruit,	Lynch,	Smith, J. W.,
Alcorn,	Gallagher,	Mangan,	Smith, Jeff. W.,
Alexander,	Gans,	Marvin,	Smith, L.,
Arnold,	Garner,	Mather,	Snyder,
Aron,	Geary,	McCaig,	Spangler,
Arthur,	Geiser,	McClintock,	Spencer,
Baker,	Gingery,	McCurdy,	Statler,
Baldwin,	Glass,	McDermott,	Staving,
Barnett,	Glenn,	McKay,	Steedle,
Bauerle,	Gompers,	McNichol,	Stein,
Beck,	Goodnough,	McVicar,	Stern,
Becker,	Goodwin,	Mearkle,	Stone,
Benn,	Gormley,	Mellott,	Sullivan,
Benninger,	Graham,	Milliron,	Swan,
Bergy,	Gransback,	Murdoch,	Swartz,
Berntheizel,	Greenwood,	Myers,	Thomas,
Beyer,	Habgood,	Neville,	Trach,
Blackburn,	Hackett,	Nieder,	Twibill,
Body,	Hamilton,	Nissley,	Urich,
Bovee,	Harper,	Oaks,	Vickerman,
Brosius,	Heffernan,	Ostrander,	Vogdes,
Brownlee,	Herman,	Palmer,	Wagner,
Brumbaugh,	Hess,	Perry,	Walsh,
Bungard,	Heyburn,	Peters,	Walter,
Campbell, J. O.	Hibshman,	Pickering,	Walton,
Campbell, T.,	Hoffman,	Powell,	Watson,
Christman,	Hollern,	Ramsey,	Weaver,
Coldsmith,	Hollingsworth,	Reel,	Weimer,
Conner,	Horton,	Reynolds,	Weir,
Corbin,	Howarth,	Rhoads,	West,
Cox,	Hubler,	Rich,	Wettach,
Cromer,	Jack,	Rininger,	Whitaker,
Cummins,	Jones, E. E.,	Rinn,	Wildman,
Curry,	Jones, W. W.,	Robertson,	Willard,
Davis,	Kaiser,	Roney,	Williams,
Dawson,	Kitts,	Rowell,	Wilson, H. I.,
Dell,	Klinger,	Rudisill,	Wilson, W. H.,
Diefenderfer,	Kuhn,	Sampsel,	Wobensmith,
Dodds,	Kunkle,	Sarig,	Wood,
Drinkhouse,	Lafferty,	Schaeffer,	Woodward,
Dunn,	Landis,	Scott,	Wylie,
Eby,	Lauler,	Shaaber,	Wynne,
Ehrhardt,	Leighner,	Shaffer,	Young,
Eppley,	Lindsey,	Shoop,	Ambler,
Erdman,	Lipschutz,	Showalter,	Speaker.
Evans,	Love,		
Fackler,			

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 489 (Senate Bill No. 46), entitled:

An Act authorizing the district attorneys of certain counties to appoint a secretary prescribing the duties fixing the salary and providing for payment of the same

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—151.

Adams,	Dunn,	Lafferty,	Sampsel,
Albee,	Eby,	Lauer,	Scott,
Alcorn,	Ehrhardt,	Leighner,	Showalter,
Alexander,	Evans,	Lindsey,	Sinclair,
Arnold,	Fackler,	Love,	Smith, J. W.,
Aron,	Finnerty,	Luxemburger,	Smith, Jeff. W.,
Arthur,	Forster,	Mangan,	Smith, L.,
Baldwin,	Fretz,	McCaig,	Spangler,
Barnett,	Fruit,	McClintock,	Spencer,
Bauerle,	Gans,	McDermott,	Statler,
Becker,	Garner,	McKay,	Staving,
Benn,	Geary,	McNichol,	Steedle,
Benninger,	Geiser,	McVicar,	Stein,
Bergy,	Glenn,	Mearkle,	Stern,
Berntheizel,	Gompers,	Milliron,	Stone,
Beyer,	Goodnough,	Murdoch,	Sullivan,
Blackburn,	Goodwin,	Myers,	Swan,
Body,	Goodyear,	Neville,	Swartz,
Bovee,	Gormley,	Nieder,	Thomas,
Brosius,	Graham,	Oaks,	Trach,
Brownlee,	Gransback,	Ostrander,	Twibill,
Brumbaugh,	Greenwood,	Palmer,	Urich,
Bungard,	Habgood,	Perry,	Vickerman,
Campbell, J. O.,	Hackett,	Peters,	Wagner,
Campbell, T.,	Hamilton,	Pickering,	Walter,
Christman,	Harper,	Powell,	Walton,
Coldsmith,	Heffernan,	Ramsey,	Watson,
Conner,	Herman,	Reel,	Weimer,
Corbin,	Hess,	Reynolds,	West,
Cox,	Heyburn,	Rhoads,	Wettach,
Cummins,	Hibshman,	Rich,	Whitaker,
Curry,	Horton,	Rininger,	Wildman,
Davis,	Howarth,	Rinn,	Willard,
Dawson,	Hubler,	Robertson,	Williams,
Dell,	Jack,	Roney,	Wobensmith,
Diefenderfer,	Jones, E. E.,	Rowell,	Wood,
Dodds,	Kaiser,	Rudisill,	Wylie,
Drinkhouse,	Kuhn,		Young,

NAYS—11.

Cromer,	Hollern,	Maurer,	Sarig,
Gallagher,	Hollingsworth,	Mellott,	Weir,
Gingery,	Lauler,	Rothenberger,	

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

Mr. SWARTZ. Mr. Speaker, I desire to call up from page 8 of today's calendar, House Bill No. 500.

Agreeably to order,

The House resumes the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 500, entitled:

An Act to incorporate the Knowlton Turnpike and Bridge Company of Northampton county Pennsylvania

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. GEISER. Mr. Speaker, this bill is something that Northampton County wants.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—188.

Adams,	Fruit,	Love,	Shoop,
Albee,	Gallagher,	Luppert,	Showalter,
Alcorn,	Gans,	Luxemburger,	Sinclair,
Alexander,	Garner,	Lynch,	Smith, J. W.,
Arnold,	Geary,	Mangan,	Smith, Jeff. W.,
Aron,	Geiser,	Marvin,	Smith, L.,
Arthur,	Gingery,	Mather,	Sones,
Baker,	Glass,	McArdle,	Spangler,
Baldwin,	Glenn,	McCaig,	Spencer,
Barnett,	Gompers,	McClintock,	Statler,
Bauerle,	Goodnough,	McClure,	Staving,
Benn,	Goodwin,	McConnell,	Steedle,
Benninger,	Goodyear,	McCurdy,	Stein,
Bergy,	Gormley,	McDermott,	Stern,
Berntheizel,	Graham,	McKay,	Stone,
Beyer,	Gransback,	McNichol,	Sullivan,
Blackburn,	Greenwood,	McVicar,	Swan,
Bovee,	Habgood,	Mearkle,	Swartz,
Brosius,	Hackett,	Mellott,	Thomas,
Brownlee,	Hamilton,	Milliron,	Trach,
Brumbaugh,	Harper,	Murdoch,	Twibill,
Bungard,	Heffernan,	Myers,	Urich,
Campbell, J. O.,	Herman,	Neville,	Vickerman,
Campbell, T.,	Hess,	Nieder,	Vogdes,
Christman,	Heyburn,	Nissley,	Wagner,
Coldsmith,	Hibshman,	Oaks,	Walsh,
Conner,	Hoffman,	Ostrander,	Walter,
Corbin,	Hollern,	Palmer,	Walton,
Cox,	Hollingsworth,	Perry,	Watson,
Cromer,	Horton,	Peters,	Weaver,
Cummins,	Howarth,	Phillips,	Weimer,
Curry,	Hubler,	Powell,	Weir,
Davis,	Jack,	Ramsey,	West,
Dawson,	Jones, E. E.,	Reel,	Wettach,
Dell,	Jones, W. W.,	Reynolds,	Whitaker,
Diefenderfer,	Kaiser,	Rhoads,	Whitten,
Dodds,	Kitts,	Rininger,	Wildman,
Drinkhouse,	Klinger,	Rinn,	Willard,
Dunn,	Kuhn,	Robertson,	Williams,
Eby,	Lafferty,	Roney,	Wilson, H. I.,
Ehrhardt,	Landis,	Rowell,	Wilson, W. H.,
Erdman,	Lanius,	Sampsel,	Wobensmith,
Evans,	Lauer,	Sarig,	Wood.
Fackler,	Lauler,	Schaeffer,	Woodward,
Finnerty,	Leighner,	Scott,	Wylie,
Flynn,	Lindsey,	Shaaber,	Wynne,
Forster,	Lipschutz,	Shaffer,	Young,
Fretz,			

NAYS—1.

Rich,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affrmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 824, entitled:

An Act providing that all horsedrawn vehicles owned or operated by persons residing in all cities of the first and second class except those used for pleasure shall have on the sides of such vehicles in legible letters the name and address of the owner together with a designating number if more than one vehicle is used providing for arrest and proceedings for violation of the act prescribing the penalties therefor

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. THEODORE CAMPBELL. Mr. Speaker, I move that further consideration of this bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. COX. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

On the question, of agreeing to the motion,

A division was called for and 72 gentlemen voting in the affirmative and 69 in the negative,

The question was determined in the affirmative, and the motion agreed to.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order.

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 491 (Senate Bill No. 48), entitled:

An Act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act to amend section one of an act entitled 'An act providing for the appointment of assistant district attorneys in the several counties of this Commonwealth having seven hundred and fifty thousand and less than one million two hundred thousand inhabitants prescribing the powers and duties and fixing the salaries of the said assistant district attorneys' approved the twenty-fifth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred seven so as to increase the salary of the first assistant district attorney and to provide for the classification of the other assistant district attorney for whose appointment provision is made by said act as second third and fourth assistants and assistants and to increase the salary of some and to decrease the salary of others of said district attorneys" approved May sixth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred nine so as to increase the salary of some of the assistant district attorneys and to provide for the appointment of two or more assistant district attorneys and fixing the salaries of the same

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. CROMER. Mr. Speaker, I am opposed to the passage of this bill for one reason: The salaries are too high. We find that the first assistant district attorney gets six thousand dollars a year, which is a thousand dollars a year more than the amount received by the judge of the county court, and I think the judge of the county court gets enough. I think this salary is too much. I want to say further that friends of mine in this House are back of this bill, the men are particular friends of mine, but that does not influence my vote in this House. I am going to vote as my conscience dictates and I think the majority of the people expect us to do that. We are constantly creating new jobs and we are boosting the man that gets a big salary. Do you ever think of the man that gets two dollars or less a day or of a man who gets two dollars a day who gets a raise? I say he does; they raise his rent.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—98.

Adams,	Ehrhardt,	Luxemburger,	Sinclair,
Albee,	Evans,	Lynch,	Smith, Jeff. W.,
Alexander,	Fackler,	Mangan,	Spangler,
Arnold,	Forster,	Mather,	Staving,
Aron,	Fruit,	McArdle,	Steedle,
Arthur,	Gans,	McCaig,	Stein,
Baldwin,	Garner,	McClintock,	Stern,
Barnett,	Geary,	McDermott,	Stone,
Bauerle,	Goodwin,	Mearkle,	Sullivan,
Berntheizel,	Gormley,	Murdoch,	Swartz,
Beyer,	Graham,	Neville,	Thomas,
Bovee,	Gransback,	Nieder,	Twibill,
Bungard,	Habgood,	Ostrander,	Urich,
Campbell, J. O.,	Hackett,	Perry,	Vogdes,
Campbell, T.,	Hamilton,	Pickering,	Wagner,
Coldsmith,	Hess,	Powell,	Walton,
Conner,	Heyburn,	Ramsey,	Weimer,
Cox,	Horton,	Reynolds,	Weir,
Cummins,	Howarth,	Rininger,	Whitaker,
Curry,	Hubler,	Robertson,	Wildman,
Davis,	Jack,	Roney,	Willard,
Dawson,	Kaiser,	Rowell,	Wobensmith,
Dodds,	Kitts,	Sampsel,	Wood,
Drinkhouse,	Lafferty,	Scott,	Wynne,
Dunn,	Lindsey,		

NAYS—53.

Baker,	Fretz,	Maurer,	Rudisill,
Beck,	Gingery,	McClure,	Sarig,
Becker,	Goodnough,	McConnell,	Shaffer,
Benninger,	Goodyear,	McCurdy,	Smith, J. W.,
Bergy,	Greenwood,	Mellott,	Sones,
Blackburn,	Harper,	Oaks,	Spencer,
Brosius,	Herman,	Palmer,	Statler,
Brownlee,	Kuhn,	Phillips,	Trach,
Corbin,	Kunkle,	Reel,	Walter,
Cromer,	Lanius,	Rhoads,	Watson,
Diefenderfer,	Lauler,	Rich,	West,
Eby,	Luppert,	Rinn,	Williams,
Eppley,	Marvin,	Rothenberger,	Wylie,
Erdman,			

Less than the majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the negative and the bill falls.

Agreeably to order.

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 878 (Senate Bill No. 280), entitled:

An Act declaring valid certain municipal liens filed for grading pavements macadamizing or otherwise improving public streets or parts thereof by the several boroughs under an act approved the twelfth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act empowering boroughs of this Commonwealth without petition of the property owners to grade pave curb macadamize and

otherwise improve public streets or parts thereof and assess a portion of the cost of the same on the owners of property abutting thereon and providing for the collection of the same" and authorizing the amendment of the claims in certain particulars

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—154.

Adams,	Dunn,	Kitts,	Rhoads,
Albee,	Eby,	Klinger,	Rich,
Alcorn,	Ehrhardt,	Kuhn,	Rininger,
Alexander,	Eppley,	Kunkle,	Robertson,
Arnold,	Fackler,	Landis,	Rowell,
Aron,	Forster,	Lanius,	Schaeffer,
Arthur,	Fretz,	Lauer,	Scott,
Baker,	Fruit,	Leighner,	Shaaber,
Baldwin,	Gallagher,	Lindsey,	Showalter,
Bauerle,	Gans,	Lipschutz,	Smith, J. W.,
Beck,	Garner,	Love,	Smith, Jeff. W.
Becker,	Geary,	Luppert,	Smith, L.,
Benn,	Geiser,	Luxemburger,	Spencer,
Benninger,	Gingery,	Lynch,	[illegible]g,
Bergy,	Glass,	Mangan,	Steedle,
Berntheizel,	Gompers,	Marvin,	Stein,
Beyer,	Goodnough,	Mather,	Stern,
Blackburn,	Goodwin,	McCaig,	Stone
Body,	Goodyear,	McClintock,	Sullivan,
Bovee,	Gormley,	McClure,	Swan,
Brosius,	Graham,	McConnell,	Swartz,
Brownlee,	Gransback,	McCurdy,	Thomas,
Brumbaugh,	Greenwood,	McDermott,	Twibill,
Bungard,	Hackett,	McKay,	Vogdes,
Campbell, J. O.	Hamilton,	McNichol,	Walsh,
Campbell, T.,	Harper,	McVicar,	Watson,
Christman,	Heffernan,	Milliron,	Weaver,
Conner,	Herman,	Murdoch,	Weir,
Corbin,	Hess,	Myers,	Wettach,
Cox,	Heyburn,	Neville,	Whitaker,
Cromer,	Hollern,	Nieder,	Whitten,
Cummins,	Hollingsworth,	Nissley,	Wildman,
Curry,	Horton,	Oaks,	Wilson, W. H.,
Davis,	Howarth,	Ostrander,	Wobensmith,
Dawson,	Hubler,	Phillips,	Woodward,
Dell,	Jack,	Pickering,	Wylie,
Diefenderfer,	Jones, E. E.,	Powell,	Wynne,
Dodds,	Kaiser,	Ramsey,	Young,
Drinkhouse,			

NAYS—14.

Maurer,	Roney,	Sones,	Watson,
Mellott,	Rothenberger,	Statler,	Weimer,
Palmer,	Rudisill,	Trach,	Williams,
Peters,	Sarig,	Wagner,	

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, that the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed it without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 912, entitled:

An Act amending and supplementing an act entitled "An Act providing for the establishment of a State Industrial Home for Women authorizing the purchase of a site and the erection theron and equipment of necessary buildings providing for the commitment to said State Industrial Home for Women of females between the ages of sixteen and thirty years convicted of or pleading guilty to the commission of any criminal offense and providing for the government and management of said institution and making an appropriation to carry out the purposes of this act" approved the twenty-fifth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen conferring upon the said commission additional powers including the power of eminent domain

Mr. LINDSEY. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to offer amendments at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The Clerk then read the amendments as follows:

Amend section 1, line 20, by inserting a dash after the word appointed

Amend section 1, line 39, by striking out the double quote before the word "Section

Amend section 1, line 62, by striking out the double quote after the word institution"

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to insert the amendments as read? Is there any objection? The Chair hears none and the amendments will be inserted in accordance with the instructions of the House.

The bill as amended was then agreed to.

Ordered, that the bill as amended lie over for printing.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House bill No. 697, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the fourth day of April one thousand nine hundred and one entiled "An Act fixing the term of office of notaries public regulating the appointment and prescribing certain duties thereof"

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—174.

Adams,	Evans,	Lauler,	Sampsel,
Albee,	Fackler,	Leighner,	Sarig,
Alcorn,	Flynn,	Lindsey,	Schaeffer,
Alexander,	Forster,	Lipschutz,	Shaaber,
Arnold,	Fretz,	Love,	Shaffer,
Aron,	Fruit,	Luppert,	Shoop,
Arthur,	Gallagher,	Luxemburger,	Sinclair,
Baldwin,	Gans,	Lynch,	Smith, J. W.,
Barnett,	Garner,	Mather,	Smith, Jeff. W.,
Bauerle,	Geary,	McArdle,	Smith, L.,
Beck,	Geiser,	McCaig,	Snyder,
Becker,	Gingery,	McClintock,	Sones,
Benn,	Glass,	McClure,	Spencer,
Benninger,	Glenn,	McConnell,	Statler,
Bergy,	Gompers,	McCurdy,	Staving,
Berntheizel,	Goodwin,	McDermott,	Steedle,
Beyer,	Goodyear,	McNichol,	Stein,
Blackburn,	Gormley,	Mearkle,	Stern,
Body,	Graham,	Mellott,	Stone,
Bovee,	Gransback,	Milliron,	Sullivan,
Brosius,	Greenwood,	Murdoch,	Swan,
Brownlee,	Habgood,	Myers,	Swartz,
Brumbaugh,	Hackett,	Nieder,	Thomas,
Bungard,	Harper,	Nissley,	Trach,
Campbell, J. O	Herman,	Oaks,	Twibill,
Campbell, T.,	Hess,	Ostrander,	Urich,
Christman,	Heyburn,	Palmer,	Wagner,
Coldsmith,	Hibshman,	Perry,	Weaver,
Conner,	Hoffman,	Peters,	Weimer,
Corbin,	Hollern,	Phillips,	Weir,
Cox,	Hollingsworth,	Pickering,	West,
Cromer,	Horton,	Powell,	Whitaker,
Cummins,	Hubler,	Ramsey,	Whitten,
Curry,	Jack,	Reel,	Wildman,
Davis,	Jones, E. E.,	Reynolds,	Willard,
Dawson,	Jones, W. W.,	Rhoads,	Williams,
Dell,	Kaiser,	Rich,	Wilson, H. I.,
Diefenderfer,	Kitts,	Rininger,	Wilson, W. H.,
Dodds,	Klinger,	Rinn,	Wobensmith,
Drinkhouse,	Kuhn,	Robertson,	Wood,
Dunn,	Kunkle,	Roney,	Woodward,
Ehrhardt,	Lanius,	Rothenberger,	Wylie,
Eppley,	Lauer,	Rudisill,	Wynne,
Erdman,			Young,

NAYS—3.

Scott, Showalter, Walton,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeaby to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 595, entitled:

An Act to provide for the immediate printing and distribution of advance sheets of the laws of this Commonwealth as they are enacted from time to time to persons making application therefor and to certain officials

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—179.

Adams,	Forster,	Love,	Shoop,
Albee,	Fretz,	Luppert,	Showalter,
Alcorn,	Fruit,	Lynch,	Sinclair,
Alexander,	Gallagher,	Mangan,	Smith, J. W.,
Arnold,	Gans,	Marvin,	Smith, Jeff. W.,
Aron,	Garner,	Mather,	Smith, L.,
Arthur,	Geary,	McArdle,	Snyder,
Baker,	Geiser,	McCaig,	Sones,
Baldwin,	Gingery,	McClintock,	Spencer,
Bauerle,	Glass,	McClure,	Statler,
Beck,	Glenn,	McConnell,	Staving,
Becker,	Gompers,	McDermott,	Steedle,
Benn,	Goodnough,	McNichol,	Stein,
Benninger,	Goodyear,	McVicar,	Stern,
Bergy,	Gormley,	Mearkle,	Stone,
Berntheizel,	Graham,	Mellott,	Sullivan,
Beyer,	Gransback,	Milliron,	Swan,
Blackburn,	Greenwood,	Murdoch,	Swartz,
Body,	Habgood,	Neville,	Thomas,
Bovee,	Hackett,	Nieder,	Trach,
Brosius,	Hamilton,	Nissley,	Twibill,
Brumbaugh,	Harper,	Oaks,	Urich,
Bungard,	Heffernan,	Ostrander,	Wagner,
Campbell, J. O.,	Herman,	Palmer,	Walsh,
Campbell, T.,	Hess,	Peters,	Walter,
Christman,	Heyburn,	Phillips,	Walton,
Coldsmith,	Hibshman,	Pickering,	Watson,
Conner,	Hoffman,	Powell,	Weaver,
Corbin,	Hollingsworth,	Ramsey,	Weimer,
Cox,	Howarth,	Reel,	Weir,
Cromer,	Hubler,	Reynolds,	West,
Cummins,	Jack,	Rhoads,	Wettach,
Curry,	Jones, W. W.,	Rich,	Whitaker,
Davis,	Kaiser,	Rininger,	Wildman,
Dawson,	Kitts,	Rinn,	Willard,
Dell,	Klinger,	Robertson,	Williams,
Diefenderfer,	Kuhn,	Roney,	Wilson, H. I.,
Dodds,	Lafferty,	Rothenberger,	Wilson, W. H.,
Drinkhouse,	Landis,	Rowell,	Wobensmith,
Dunn,	Lanius,	Sampsel,	Wood,
Eby,	Lauer,	Sarig,	Woodward,
Ehrhardt,	Lauler,	Schaeffer,	Wylie,
Eppley,	Leighner,	Scott,	Wynne,
Erdman,	Lindsey,	Shaaber,	Young,
Fackler,	Lipschutz,	Shaffer,	
Flynn,			

NAYS—2.

Jones, E. E., Luxemburger,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 623, entitled:

An Act giving district attorneys authority with the approval of the court of quarter sessions of the proper county or any judge thereof to employ expert and special witnesses to assist in the preparation and trial of criminal cases to employ special investigators and detectives and to employ persons to assist in apprehending and extraditing fugitives from justice and to determine the compensation of said witnesses investigators detectives and persons and to approve the bills of the same and authorizing the payment of said bills out of the treasury of the proper county

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—158.

Adams,	Forster,	Lindsey,	Sinclair,
Albee,	Fruit,	Lipschutz,	Smith, J. W.,
Alcorn,	Gallagher,	Luxemburger,	Smith, Jeff. W.,
Arnold,	Gans,	Marvin,	Smith, L.,
Aron,	Garner,	Mather,	Spangler,
Arthur,	Geary,	Maurer,	Spencer,
Baldwin,	Geiser,	McArdle,	Staving,
Bauerle,	Gingery,	McCaig,	Steedle,
Beck,	Glass,	McClintock,	Stein,
Becker,	Glenn,	McClure,	Stern,
Benn,	Gompers,	McConnell,	Stone,
Benninger,	Goodnough,	McCurdy,	Sullivan,
Bergy,	Goodwin,	McDermott,	Swan,
Berntheizel,	Goodyear,	McNichol,	Swartz,
Beyer,	Graham,	Mearkle,	Thomas,
Blackburn,	Gransback,	Mellott,	Trach,
Body,	Greenwood,	Milliron,	Twibill,
Bovee,	Habgood,	Myers,	Urich,
Brumbaugh,	Hackett,	Neville,	Wagner,
Bungard,	Harper,	Nieder,	Walsh,
Campbell, J. O.,	Herman,	Nissley,	Walton,
Campbell, T.,	Hess,	Oaks,	Watson,
Christman,	Heyburn,	Ostrander,	Weaver,
Coldsmith,	Hibshman,	Palmer,	Weimer,
Conner,	Hollern,	Perry,	Weir,
Corbin,	Hollingsworth,	Peters,	West,
Cox,	Howarth,	Phillips,	Whitaker,
Cromer,	Hubler,	Pickering,	Whitten,
Cummins,	Jack,	Powell,	Wildman,
Curry,	Jones, E. E.,	Ramsey,	Willard,
Davis,	Jones, W. W.,	Reynolds,	Williams,
Dawson,	Kaiser,	Rhoads,	Wilson, H. I.,
Diefenderfer,	Kitts,	Rininger,	Wilson, W. H.,
Dodds,	Klinger,	Rinn,	Wobensmith,
Drinkhouse,	Kuhn,	Rudisill,	Wood,
Eby,	Kunkle,	Schaeffer,	Woodward,
Ehrhardt,	Lanius,	Scott,	Wylie,
Evans,	Lauer,	Shaaber,	Wynne,
Fackler,	Lauler,	Shaffer,	Young.
Flynn,	Leighner,	Showalter,	

NAYS—8.

Baker,	Reel,	Rothenberger,	Sones,
Brosius,	Robertson,	Sampsel,	Statler,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 737, entitled:

An Act authorizing municipalities to purchase the entire capital stock of bridge companies owning bridges situated wholly or partly within the limits of such municipalities and exempting the capital stock and bonds of such companies from State taxation

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. CROMER. Mr. Speaker, I would be pleased to have the sponsor of this bill explain its object and why these bonds should be exempt from State taxation.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Allengheny, Mr. Stein, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. STEIN. Mr. Speaker, certainly. Will the gentleman please state again his question?

Mr. CROMER. Mr. Speaker, I would ask the genteman from Allegheny to state why these bonds should be exempt from State taxation and the general purpose of the bill. I want to know what I am voting on.

Mr. STEIN. Mr. Speaker, answering my worthy colleague from Allegheny, if he will kindly take the trouble to read the bill he will find the complete answer within the four corners of the bill itself. The bill itself simply enables cities of the second class to purchase outright the whole of the capital stock of certain bridges now operating within the municipal limits. The purpose of such purchase would be to enable the city to maintain the bridge free and without toll. There are now within the City of Pittsburgh some bridges that are still charging toll in violation as we think, of the spirit of the times. We believe that all bridges within the city limits should be free. This bill will permit the City of Pittsburgh and Scranton, if it so desires, to purchase outright all the capital stock of bridge companies operating within their limits and make the bridges free to the public. Under such circumstances it would be manifestly unfair that the city should be compelled to pay a State tax on the capital stock of a bridge company that is not producing any revenue or profit; and I take it that my good friend from Allegheny, who is interested so much in the interests of the common people, should be willing to give his vote and influence in support of this bill.

Mr. CROMER. Mr. Speaker, my colleague from Allegheny has convinced me that his bill is fair and just and I will vote for it.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—181.

Adams,	Fruit,	Lipschutz	Schaeffer,
Albee,	Gallagher,	Love,	Scott,
Alcorn,	Gans,	Luppert,	Shaaber,
Alexander,	Garner,	Luxemburger,	Shaffer,
Arnold,	Geary,	Lynch,	Shoop,
Aron,	Geiser,	Mangan,	Showalter,
Arthur,	Gingery,	Marvin,	Sinclair,
Baldwin,	Glass,	Mather,	Smith, J. W.,
Beck,	Glenn,	McArdle,	Smith, Jeff. W.,
Becker,	Gompers,	McCaig,	Smith, L.,
Benninger,	Goodnough,	McClintock,	Snyder,
Bergy,	Goodwin,	McClure,	Spangler,
Berntheizel,	Goodyear,	McConnell,	Spencer,
Beyer,	Gormley,	McCurdy,	Statler,
Blackburn,	Graham,	McDermott,	Staving,
Body,	Gransback,	McKay,	Steedle,
Bovee,	Greenwood,	McNichol,	Stein,
Brownlee,	Habgood,	McVicar,	Stern,
Brumbaugh,	Hackett,	Mearkle,	Stone,
Bungard,	Hamilton,	Mellott,	Sullivan,
Campbell, J. O.,	Harper,	Metzenbacher,	Swan,
Campbell, T.,	Herman,	Milliron,	Swartz,
Christman,	Hess,	Murdoch,	Thomas,
Coldsmith,	Heyburn,	Myers,	Trach,
Conner,	Hibshman,	Neville,	Urich,
Corbin,	Hoffman,	Nieder,	Vickerman,
Cox,	Hollern,	Nissley,	Vogdes,
Cromer,	Hollingsworth,	Ostrander,	Wagner,
Cummins,	Horton,	Perry,	Walsh,
Curry,	Howarth,	Peters,	Walter,
Davis,	Hubler,	Pickering,	Watson,
Dawson,	Jack,	Powell,	Weimer,
Dell,	Jones, E. E.,	Ramsey,	Weir,
Diefenderfer,	Jones, W. W.,	Reel,	West,
Dodds,	Kaiser,	Reynolds,	Wettach,
Drinkhouse,	Kitts,	Rhoads,	Whitaker,
Dunn,	Klinger,	Rich,	Whitten,
Eby,	Kuhn,	Rininger,	Wildman,
Ehrhardt,	Kunkle,	Rinn,	Willard,
Eppley,	Lafferty,	Robertson,	Williams,
Erdman,	Landis,	Roney,	Wilson, W. H.,
Evans,	Lanius,	Rothenberger,	Wobensmith,
Fackler,	Lauer,	Rowell,	Wood,
Finnerty,	Lauler,	Rudisill,	Wylie,
Flynn,	Leighner,	Sampsel,	Young,
Forster,	Lindsey,	Sarig,	
Fretz,			

NAYS—5

Baker,	Palmer,	Sones,	Twibill,
Brosius,			

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 738, entitled:

An Act authorizing and empowering cities of the second class to construct underground tubes or subways to be used for pipe galleries or for the operation of street passenger railway lines either or both providing for the use thereof by public service corporations and others having their tracks conduits wires cables pipes and other appliances on the public streets conferring power upon said cities to compel their use under certain conditions and providing for the payment of a reasonable rental therefor

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—178.

Adams,	Fretz,	Luxemburger,	Schaeffer,
Albee,	Fruit,	Lynch,	Scott,
Alcorn,	Gallagher,	Mangan,	Shaaber,
Alexander,	Gans,	Marvin,	Shaffer,
Arnold,	Garner,	Mather,	Shoop,
Aron,	Geary,	Maurer,	Showalter,
Arthur,	Geiser,	McArdle,	Sinclair,
Baldwin,	Gingery,	McCaig,	Smith, J. W.,
Bauerle,	Glass,	McClintock,	Smith, Jeff. W.,
Becker,	Gompers,	McClure,	Smith, L.,
Benn,	Goodnough,	McCurdy,	Spangler,
Benninger,	Goodyear,	McDermott,	Spencer,
Bergy,	Graham,	McKay,	Statler,
Berntheizel,	Gransback,	McNichol,	Staving,
Beyer,	Greenwood,	McVicar,	Steedle,
Blackburn,	Habgood,	Mearkle,	Stein,
Bovee,	Hackett,	Mellott,	Stern,
Brosius,	Hamilton,	Milliron,	Sullivan,
Brownlee,	Harper,	Murdoch,	Swan,
Brumbaugh,	Herman,	Myers,	Swartz,
Bungard,	Hess,	Neville,	Thomas,
Campbell, J. O.,	Heyburn,	Nieder,	Trach,
Campbell, T.,	Hibshman,	Nissley,	Urich,
Christman,	Hoffman,	Oaks,	Wagner,
Coldsmith,	Hollingsworth,	Ostrander,	Walsh,
Conner,	Horton,	Perry,	Walton,
Corbin,	Howarth,	Peters,	Watson,
Cox,	Hubler,	Phillips,	Weimer,
Cromer,	Jack,	Pickering,	Weir,
Cummins,	Jones, E. E.,	Powell,	West,
Curry,	Jones, W. W.,	Ramsey,	Wettach,
Davis,	Kaiser,	Reel,	Whitaker,
Dawson,	Kitts,	Reynolds,	Whitten,
Dell,	Kuhn,	Rhoads,	Wildman,
Dodds,	Kunkle,	Rich,	Willard,
Drinkhouse,	Lafferty,	Rininger,	Williams,
Dunn,	Landis,	Rinn,	Wilson, H. I.,
Eby,	Lanius,	Robertson,	Wilson, W. H.,
Ehrhardt,	Lauer,	Roney,	Wobensmith,
Eppley,	Lauler,	Rothenberger,	Wood,
Erdman,	Leighner,	Rowell,	Woodward,
Evans,	Lindsey,	Rudisill,	Wylie,
Fackler,	Lipschutz,	Sampsel,	Wynne,
Finnerty,	Love,	Sarig,	Young,
Flynn,	Luppert,		
Forster,			

NAYS—4.

Baker,	Palmer,	Sones,	Twibill,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 572, entitled:

An Act creating a division of Distribution of Documents defining its powers and duties regulating the printing binding and distribution of the public documents of this Commonwealth and providing penalties for the violation of this act

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—159.

Adams,	Fretz,	Luppert,	Smith, J. W.,
Albee,	Fruit,	Luxemburger,	Smith, L.,
Alcorn,	Gallagher,	Lynch,	Snyder,
Arnold,	Garner,	Mangan,	Sones,
Aron,	Geary,	Marvin,	Spangler,
Arthur,	Geiser,	Mather,	Spencer,
Baker,	Gingery,	McArdle,	Statler,
Barnett,	Glass,	McCaig,	Staving,
Bauerle,	Gompers,	McClintock,	Steedle,
Becker,	Goodnough,	McClure,	Stein,
Bergy,	Goodyear,	McCurdy,	Stern,
Beyer,	Graham,	Mearkle,	Stone,
Blackburn,	Gransback,	Metzenbacher,	Sullivan,
Bovee,	Habgood,	Milliron,	Swan,
Brosius,	Hackett,	Murdoch,	Swartz,
Brownlee,	Hamilton,	Neville,	Thomas,
Brumbaugh,	Harper,	Ostrander,	Twibill,
Bungard,	Heyburn,	Palmer,	Urich,
Campbell, J. O.,	Hibshman,	Phillips,	Vickerman,
Campbell, T.,	Hoffman,	Pickering,	Vogdes,
Christman,	Hollern,	Powell,	Wagner,
Coldsmith,	Hollingsworth,	Ramsey,	Walsh,
Conner,	Horton,	Reel,	Walter,
Corbin,	Howarth,	Reynolds,	Walton,
Cox,	Hubler,	Rhoads,	Watson,
Cromer,	Jack,	Rich,	Weaver,
Cummins,	Jones, W. W.,	Rininger,	Weimer,
Curry,	Kaiser,	Robertson,	Weir,
Davis,	Kitts,	Roney,	West,
Dawson,	Kuhn,	Rowell,	Wettach,
Diefenderfer,	Kunkle,	Rudisill,	Whitaker,
Dodds,	Lafferty,	Sampsel,	Wildman,
Drinkhouse,	Landis,	Sarig,	Willard,
Dunn,	Lanius,	Schaeffer,	Williams,
Eby,	Lauer,	Scott,	Wilson, W. H.,
Ehrhardt,	Lauler,	Shaaber,	Wobensmith,
Erdman,	Leighner,	Shaffer,	Wood,
Evans,	Lindsey,	Shoop,	Woodward,
Fackler,	Lipschutz,	Showalter,	Wynne,
Finnerty,	Love,	Sinclair,	
Forster,			

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 972 (Senate Bill No. 336), entitled:

An Act to amend the fifth section of an act approved the nineteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four entitled "An Act relating to the organization and jurisdiction of orphans' courts and to establish a separate orphans' court in and for counties having more than one hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants and to provide for the election of judges thereof" as amended by an act approved the sixth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled "An Act to further amend the fifth section of an act entitled 'An Act relating to the organization and jurisdiction of the orphans' court and establishing a separate orphans' court in and for counties having more than one hundred fifty thousand inhabitants and to provide for the election of judges therof' approved May nineteenth Anno Domini eighteen hundred and seventy-four as amended by an act approved the twenty-ninth day of April Anno Domini eighteen hundred and ninety-seven fixing and determining the salaries of the assistant clerks of said court" by vesting the appointment of the first assistant clerk of said courts in the respective judges thereof and providing that this amendment shall not apply to counties having a population over seven hundred thousand

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—150.

Adams,	Fretz,	Love,	Shaffer,
Albee,	Gans,	Mangan,	Shoop,
Alcorn,	Garner,	Marvin,	Showalter,
Arnold,	Geary,	Mather,	Sinclair,
Aron,	Geiser,	McAndle,	Smith, J. W.,
Arthur,	Gingery,	McClure,	Smith, L.,
Baldwin,	Glass,	McConnell,	Snyder,
Bauerle,	Gompers,	McDermott,	Sones,
Beck,	Goodwin,	McKay,	Spangler,
Becker,	Goodyear,	McNichol,	Staving,
Benn,	Gormley,	McVicar,	Steedle,
Benninger,	Graham,	Mearkle,	Stein,
Bergy,	Gransback,	Mellott,	Stern,
Berntheizel,	Greenwood,	Milliron,	Stone,
Beyer,	Habgood,	Murdoch,	Swan,
Blackburn,	Hackett,	Myers,	Swartz,
Body,	Hamilton,	Neville,	Trach,
Bovee,	Harper,	Nieder,	Twibill,
Brosius,	Herman,	Oaks,	Urich,
Brownlee,	Hess,	Ostrander,	Vickerman,
Brumbaugh,	Heyburn,	Palmer,	Vogdes,
Bungard,	Hibshman,	Peters,	Wagner,
Campbell, J. O.,	Hoffman,	Phillips,	Walsh,
Campbell, T.,	Hollern,	Pickering,	Walton,
Christman,	Hollingsworth,	Powell,	Weimer,
Coldsmith,	Howarth,	Ramsey,	Weir,
Conner,	Jones, E. E.,	Reel,	West,
Corbin,	Jones, W. W.,	Reynolds,	Wettach,
Cox,	Kitts,	Rhoads,	Whitaker,
Cummins,	Klinger,	Rich,	Wildman,
Davis,	Kunkle,	Robertson,	Willard,
Dodds,	Lafferty,	Rothenberger,	Williams,
Drinkhouse,	Landis,	Rudisill,	Wilson, H. I.,
Dunn,	Lanius,	Sampsel,	Wilson, W. H.,
Eby,	Lauer,	Sarig,	Wobensmith,
Ehrhardt,	Lauler,	Schaeffer,	Wood,
Fackler,	Lindsey,	Scott,	Woodward,
Flynn,	Lipschutz,	Shaaber,	
Forster,			

NAYS—15.

Baker,	Eppley,	McCaig,	Spencer,
Cromer,	Erdman,	McCurdy,	Thomas,
Dell,	Evans,	Rininger,	Watson,
Diefenderfer,	Hubler,	Rinn,	

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 838 (Senate Bill No. 247), entitled:

A joint resolution authorizing the printing and binding of the report of the commission to consider the Revision and Amendment of the Penal Laws of Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—183.

Adams,	Gans,	Mangan,	Sinclair,
Albee,	Garner,	Mather,	Smith, J. W.,
Alcorn,	Geary,	Maurer,	Smith, Jeff. W.,
Alexander,	Geiser,	McArdle,	Smith, L.,
Arnold,	Gingery,	McCaig,	Snyder,
Aron,	Glass,	McClintock,	Sones,
Arthur,	Glenn,	McClure,	Spangler,
Baldwin,	Gompers,	McConnell,	Spencer,
Barnett,	Goodyear,	McCurdy,	Statler,
Bauerle,	Gormley,	McDermott,	Staving,
Beck,	Graham,	McKay,	Steedle,
Becker,	Gransback,	McNichol,	Stein,
Benn,	Greenwood,	McVicar,	Stern,
Benninger,	Habgood,	Mearkle,	Stone,
Bergy,	Hackett,	Mellott,	Sullivan,
Berntheizel,	Hamilton,	Murdoch,	Swan,
Beyer,	Harper,	Myers,	Swartz,
Blackburn,	Herman,	Neville,	Thomas,
Body,	Hess,	Nieder,	Trach,
Bovee,	Heyburn,	Nissley,	Twibill,
Brosius,	Hibshman,	Oaks,	Urich,
Bungard,	Hoffman,	Ostrander,	Vickerman,
Christman,	Hollern,	Palmer,	Vogdes,
Coldsmith,	Hollingsworth,	Peters,	Wagner,
Conner,	Horton,	Pickering,	Walsh,
Corbin,	Howarth,	Powell,	Walter,
Cox,	Hubler,	Ramsey,	Walton,
Cromer,	Jack,	Reel,	Weaver,
Curry,	Jones, E. E.,	Reynolds,	Weimer,
Davis,	Jones, W. W.,	Rhoads,	Weir,
Dawson,	Kaiser,	Rich,	West,
Dell,	Kitts,	Rininger,	Wettach,
Diefenderfer,	Klinger,	Rinn,	Whitaker,
Dodds,	Kuhn,	Robertson,	Whitten,
Drinkhouse,	Kunkle,	Roney,	Wildman,
Dunn,	Lafferty,	Rothenberger,	Willard,
Eby,	Landis,	Rowell,	Williams,
Ehrhardt,	Lanius,	Rudisill,	Wilson, H. I.,
Eppley,	Lauer,	Sampsel,	Wilson, W. H.,
Erdman,	Lauler,	Sarig,	Wobensmith,
Fackler,	Leighner,	Schaeffer,	Wood,
Finnerty,	Lindsey,	Scott,	Woodward,
Flynn,	Lipschutz,	Shaaber,	Wylie,
Forster,	Love,	Shaffer,	Wynne,
Fretz,	Luxemburger,	Shoop,	Young,
Fruit,	Lynch,	Showalter,	
Gallagher,			

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 757, entitled:

An Act authorizing counties and municipalities to unite in providing in the court house certain rest or waiting rooms

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—179.

Adams,	Fruit,	Love,	Scott,
Albee,	Gallagher,	Luppert,	Shaaber,
Alcorn,	Gans,	Luxemburger,	Shoop,
Alexander,	Garner,	Lynch,	Showalter,
Arnold,	Geary,	Mangan,	Sinclair,
Aron,	Geiser,	Marvin,	Smith, J. W.,
Baldwin,	Gingery,	Mather,	Smith, Jeff. W.,
Barnett,	Glass,	Maurer,	Smith, L.,
Bauerle,	Gompers,	McArdle,	Snyder,
Beck,	Goodwin,	McCaig,	Sones,
Becker,	Goodyear,	McClintock,	Spangler,
Benn,	Graham,	McClure,	Spencer,
Bergy,	Gransback,	McConnell,	Staving,
Berntheizel,	Greenwood,	McCurdy,	Steedle,
Beyer,	Habgood,	McDermott,	Stein,
Blackburn,	Hackett,	McKay,	Stone,
Body,	Hamilton,	McNichol,	Sullivan,
Bovee,			Swan,

Brosius,	Harper,	McVicar,	Swartz,
Brownlee,	Heffernan,	Mearkle,	Thomas,
Brumbaugh,	Herman,	Metzenbacher,	Trach,
Bungard,	Hess,	Milliron,	Twibill,
Campbell, J. O.	Heyburn,	Murdoch,	Urich,
Campbell, T.,	Hibshman,	Myers,	Vickerman,
Christman,	Hoffman,	Nieder,	Vogdes,
Coldsmith,	Hollern,	Nissley,	Walsh,
Conner,	Hollingsworth,	Ostrander,	Walter,
Corbin,	Horton,	Palmer,	Walton,
Cox,	Howarth,	Perry,	Weaver,
Cromer,	Hubler,	Phillips,	Weimer,
Cummins,	Jack,	Pickering,	Weir,
Curry,	Jones, E. E.,	Powell,	West,
Davis,	Jones, W. W.,	Ramsey,	Wettach,
Dawson,	Kaiser,	Reel,	Whitaker,
Dodds,	Kitts,	Reynolds,	Whitten,
Drinkhouse,	Klinger,	Rhoads,	Wildman,
Dunn,	Kuhn,	Rich,	Willard,
Eby,	Kunkle,	Rininger,	Williams,
Ehrhardt,	Lafferty,	Robertson,	Wilson, H. I.,
Eppley,	Landis,	Roney,	Wilson, W. H.,
Erdman,	Lanius,	Rothenberger,	Wobensmith,
Evans,	Lauer,	Rowell,	Wood,
Fackler,	Lauler,	Rudisill,	Woodward,
Finnerty,	Leighner,	Sarig,	Wylie,
Flynn,	Lindsey,	Schaeffer,	Ambler,
Forster,	Lipschutz,		Speaker.
Fretz,			

NAYS—4.

Diefenderfer,	Glenn,	Gormley,	Statler,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 760, entitled:

An Act providing for the alteration of the boundaries of counties in certain cases and for the adjustment of the indebtedness thereof

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. WALTER. Mr. Speaker, I should like to interrogate the sponsor of this bill.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Dunn, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. DUNN. Mr. Speaker, yes sir.

Mr. WALTER. Mr. Speaker, I would like the gentleman to tell us what localities of the State are effected by this bill?

Mr. DUNN. Mr. Speaker, and Gentlemen of the House, I do not suppose that this bill would affect any other county in the State of Pennsylvania. If you read the preamble attached to the bill in my particular district which is Philadelphia county adjoining Montgomery county which is the district of our present speaker Mr. Ambler, there is a certain portion of Montgomery County in his district that is completely insolated from his own district. The people in that particular district asked this permission in this enunabling act, so that they might, if they so desired ask the court by two-thirds of the voters and two-thirds of the real estate owners, of that particular portion affected, to have a decree so that they might become annexed to the County of Philadelphia. This bill is not affecting Philadelphia county. It was submitted to the Speaker and held under advisement for two weeks or more and then he requested me to introduce the bill. It only affects a small portion between Montgomery and Philadelphia counties, which the people in Montgomery county agreed to in case the court decrees it.

Mr. WALTER. Mr Speaker, It seems to me impossible that this House or any part of it can say to what extent this bill may affect each and every county in the state. You can see for yourselves it invokes, and I believe, it could be invoked in almost every county in the State, it would be cumbersome and in the end useless. A prominent citizen in one corner of the county can make trouble in the courts for five years under the provisions of this bill, and unless there is an exlellent reason for putting this bill on the statute books, it ought not to pass.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—76.

Adams,	Flynn,	McKay,	Stern,
Albee,	Gallagher,	McNichol,	Stone,
Alcorn,	Glass,	McVicar,	Sullivan,
Alexander,	Gompers,	Neville,	Swartz,
Aron,	Goodnough,	Nieder,	Thomas,
Arthur,	Goodyear,	Oaks,	Urich,
Baldwin,	Graham,	Perry,	Vogdes,
Bauerle,	Gransback,	Peters,	Wagner,
Berntheizel,	Hackett,	Pickering,	Walsh,
Beyer,	Heyburn,	Powell,	Weimer,
Blackburn,	Hubler,	Ramsey,	Weir,
Body,	Jones, W. W.,	Robertson,	West,
Brumbaugh,	Kitts,	Roney,	Whitaker,
Campbell, J. O.	Kuhn,	Rothenberger,	Wildman,
Campbell, T.,	Lafferty,	Sarig,	Willard,
Christman,	Lanius,	Shoop,	Williams,
Dawson,	Lipschutz,	Smith, J. W.,	Wobensmith,
Dunn,	Luxemburger,	Steedle,	Young,
Evans,	McArdle,	Stein,	
Fackler,			

NAYS—59.

Arnold,	Gingery,	McCaig,	Spangler,
Baker,	Glenn,	McClintock,	Spencer,
Becker,	Goodwin,	McClure,	Statler,
Brownlee,	Hamilton,	McCurdy,	Staving,
Bungard,	Herman,	Murdoch,	Swan,
Coldsmith,	Hollern,	Palmer,	Twibill,
Corbin,	Hollingsworth,	Phillips,	Vickerman,
Cromer,	Horton,	Reel,	Walter,
Diefenderfer,	Jack,	Rinn,	Watson,
Dodds,	Klinger,	Sampsel,	Weaver,
Eby,	Kunkle,	Shaffer,	Wettach,
Eppley,	Lauler,	Showalter,	Whitten,
Erdman,	Love,	Smith, L.,	Wood,
Fruit,	Lynch,	Snyder,	Wylie,
Garner,	Maurer,	Sones,	Wynne,

Less than the majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the negative, and the bill falls.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 946 (Senate Bill No. 164), entitled:

An Act to promote the health and efficiency of firemen in cities of the second class by providing for a two platoon system for firemen in the department of public safety of such cities

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—174.

Adams,	Finnerty,	Luxemburger,	Smith, J. W.,
Albee,	Flynn,	Lynch,	Smith, Jeff. W.,
Alcorn,	Forster,	Marvin,	Sones,
Alexander,	Fretz,	Maurer,	Spangler,
Arnold,	Fruit,	McArdle,	Spencer,
Aron,	Gans,	McCaig,	Statler,
Arthur,	Geary,	McClintock,	Staving,
Baker,	Geiser,	McClure,	Steedle,
Baldwin,	Gingery,	McConnell,	Stein,
Barnett,	Glass,	McCurdy,	Stern,
Bauerle,	Glenn,	McDermott,	Stone,
Beck,	Gompers,	McVicar,	Sullivan,
Becker,	Goodyear,	Mearkle,	Swan,
Benn,	Gormley,	Mellott,	Swartz,
Bergy,	Graham,	Milliron,	Thomas,
Berntheizel,	Gransback,	Murdoch,	Twibill,
Beyer,	Greenwood,	Myers,	Urich,
Blackburn,	Hackett,	Neville,	Vickerman,
Bovee,	Hamilton,	Nieder,	Vogdes,
Brosius,	Heffernan,	Ostrander,	Wagner,
Brownlee,	Herman,	Palmer,	Walsh,
Brumbaugh,	Hess,	Perry,	Walter,
Bungard,	Heyburn,	Peters,	Walton,
Campbell, T.,	Hibshman,	Phillips,	Watson,
Christ	Hoffman,	Pickering,	Weaver,
Coldsmith,	Hollern,	Powell,	Weimer,
Conner,	Hollingsworth,	Ramsey,	Weir,
Cox,	Hubler,	Reel,	West,
Cromer,	Jack,	Rhoads,	Wettach,
Cummins,	Jones, E. E.,	Rich,	Whitaker,
Curry,	Jones, W. W.,	Rininger,	Whitten,
Davis,	Kaiser,	Rinn,	Wildman,
Dawson,	Kitts,	Robertson,	Willard,
Dell,	Klinger,	Roney,	Williams,
Diefenderfer,	Kuhn,	Rothenberger,	Wilson, H. I.,
Dodds,	Kunkle,	Rudisill,	Wilson, W. H.,
Drinkhouse,	Lafferty,	Sampsel,	Wobensmith,
Dunn,	Lanius,	Sarig,	Wood,
Eby,	Lauer,	Schaeffer,	Woodward,

Ehrhardt,	Lauler,	Scott,	Wylie,
Eppley,	Leighner,	Shaaber,	Wynne,
Erdman,	Lindsey,	Shaffer,	Young,
Evans,	Love,	Shoop,	Ambler,
Fackler,	Luppert,	Showalter,	Speaker.

NAYS—2.

Campbell, T., Garner,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed it without amendments.

Mr. BROSIUS. (Before announcement of vote) Mr. Speaker, not hearing my name called I desire to be recorded as voting "aye."

The SPEAKER. Is there any objection? The Chair hears none, and the gentleman will so be recorded.

POINT OF ORDER.

Mr. MILLIRON. Mr. Speaker, I rise to a point of order.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman will state his point of order.

Mr. MILLIRON. Mr. Speaker, my point of order is rule No. 56.

The SPEAKER. the gentleman will read tne rule for the information of the House.

Mr. MILLIRON. "No member shall be permitted to record his vote who neglects to vote when his name is first called by the Clerk."

The SPEAKER. Does the gentleman object to the recording of the vote of the gentleman from Jefferson? If there is no objection the vote will be recorded. The Chair asked if there were any objections and heard none.

Mr. RONEY. I was about to raise the point of order that the Chair just decided. That without objection being made to the vote it will be recorded.

Mr. MILLIRON. Mr. Speaker, did I have a decision on my point of order? I am not objecting to any one's vote in particular. I would like——

The SPEAKER. The Chair has decided that the vote of the gentleman from Jefferson, Mr. Brosius, should be recorder, and has been so recorded, for the reason that there were no objections offered at the time he requested to have his vote recorded.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 418, entitled:

A supplement to an act approved the seventh day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act providing for the examination licensure and registration of persons firms or corporations engaged or engaging in the business or work of plumbing or house drainage and prescribing certain rules regulations and requirements for the construction of plumbing house drainage and cesspools in cities of the first class and imposing fines penalties and forfeitures for violations thereof"

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—161.

Adams,	Finnerty,	Love,	Smith, J. W.,
Albee,	Flynn,	Luppert,	Smith, Jeff. W.,
Alcorn,	Forster,	Luxemburger,	Sones,
Alexander,	Fretz,	Lynch,	Spangler,
Arnold,	Fruit,	Marvin,	Stätler,
Aron,	Gans,	Mather,	Staving,
Arthur,	Garner,	McArdle,	Steedle,
Baldwin,	Geary,	McClure,	Stein,
Becker,	Glass,	McCurdy,	Stern,
Benn,	Glenn,	McDermott,	Stone,
Bergy,	Goodnough,	McNichol,	Sullivan,
Berntheizel,	Goodyear,	McVicar,	Swan,
Beyer,	Gormley,	Mearkle,	Swartz,
Blackburn,	Graham,	Murdoch,	Thomas,
Bovee,	Gransback,	Myers,	Trach,
Brosius,	Greenwood,	Neville,	U ich,
Brownlee,	Habgood,	Nieder,	Vogdes,
Brumbaugh,	Hackett,	Nissley,	Wagner,
Bungard,			

Campbell, T.,	Hamilton,	Oaks,	Walsh,
Christman,	Herman,	Ostrander,	Walter,
Coldsmith,	Hess,	Palmer,	Walton,
Conner,	Heyburn,	Peters,	Weaver,
Corbin,	Hibshman,	Phillips,	Weimer,
Cox,	Hoffman,	Pickering,	Weir,
Cromer,	Hollingsworth,	Powell,	West,
Cummins,	Horton,	Ramsey,	Wettach,
Curry,	Hubler,	Reel,	Whitaker,
Davis,	Jack,	Reynolds,	Whitten,
Dawson,	Jones, E. E.,	Rhoads,	Wildman,
Dell,	Jones, W. W.,	Richards,	Willard,
Diefenderfer,	Kitts,	Rininger,	Williams,
Dodds,	Klinger,	Robertson,	Wilson, H. I.,
Drinkhouse,	Kunkle,	Roney,	Wilson, W. H.,
Dunn,	Lafferty,	Rothenberger,	Wobensmith,
Eby,	Lanius,	Rudisill,	Wood,
Ehrhardt,	Lauer,	Sampsel,	Woodward,
Eppley,	Lauler,	Schaeffer,	Wylie,
Erdman,	Leighner,	Scott,	Wynne,
Evans,	Lindsey,	Shaaber,	Young,
Fackler,	Lipschutz,	Shoop,	Ambler,
			Speaker.

NAYS—10.

Beck,	Kuhn,	Sarig,	Twibill,
Gompers,	Maurer,	Spencer,	Vickerman,
Hollern,	McKay,		

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

SENATE MESSAGE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced presented extracts from the Journal of the Senate which were laid upon the table.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 854, entitled:

An Act to amend the ninth section of an act entitled "An Act to establish a county court for the county of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof" approved the fifth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven as amended and supplemented by an act entitled "An Act amending and supplementing section nine of an act entitled "An act to establish a county court for the county of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof' approved the fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven by requiring the appellant in appeals to pay the costs in the county court and give bail for compliance with the final judgement and fixing the final liability for costs in appeal in certain cases providing for an appeal in forma pauperis perscribing under what circumstances appeals shall operate as a supersedeas requiring notice to the opposite party when appeals are allowed by the common pleas court and requiring the appellant in cases where the appeal is from judgement on a verdict to first obtain leave of the common pleas court to take such appeal and perscribing the practice in such cases" approved the twenty-third day of May Anno Doomini one thousand nine hundred and and thirteen by providing that from a final judgement of the court of common pleas upon a writ of certiorari issued from it to the county court an appeal may be taken to the Superior Court as from other final judgements in the said court

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. McVICAR. Mr. Speaker, I move that action on this bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. KITTS. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 856, entitled:

An Act fixing the salary of the messenger in the Legislative Reference Bureau

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. LIPSCHUTZ. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, this is a department measure. The salary of the person who is now employed by the Legislative Bureau as messenger is $900. This bill increases his salary $300. Mr. Moore, of that Department, informed me that this man

was more than a messenger and that he was entitled to this raise of salary.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—159.

Albee,	Gompers,	McClure,	Staving,
Alcorn,	Goodnough,	McConnell,	Steedle,
Arnold,	Goodyear,	McCurdy,	Stein,
Aron,	Gormley,	McDermott,	Stern,
Arthur,	Graham,	McNichol,	Stone,
Baker,	Gransback,	McVicar,	Sullivan,
Baldwin,	Greenwood,	Mearkle,	Swan,
Becker,	Habgood,	Mellott,	Swartz,
Benn,	Hackett,	Milliron,	Thomas,
Benninger,	Hamilton,	Myers,	Trach,
Berntheizel,	Herman,	Nieder,	Twibill,
Beyer,	Hess,	Oaks,	Urich,
Bovee,	Heyburn,	Ostrander,	Vickerman,
Brosius,	Hoffman,	Palmer,	Vogdes,
Bungard,	Hollern,	Perry,	Wagner,
Campbell, J. O.,	Hollingsworth,	Peters,	Walsh,
Christman,	Horton,	Phillips,	Walter,
Conner,	Howarth,	Pickering,	Walton,
Corbin,	Hubler,	Powell,	Watson,
Cox,	Jack,	Ramsey,	Weaver,
Cromer,	Jones, E. E.,	Reel,	Weimer,
Cummins,	Jones, W. W.,	Reynolds,	Weir,
Curry,	Kitts,	Rininger,	West,
Dawson,	Klinger,	Rinn,	Wettach,
Dell,	Kuhn,	Robertson,	Whitaker,
Diefenderfer,	Kunkle,	Roney,	Whitten,
Dodds,	Lafferty,	Rothenberger,	Wildman,
Drinkhouse,	Lauer,	Sampsel,	Willard,
Eby,	Lauler,	Sarig,	Williams,
Ehrhardt,	Leighner,	Schaeffer,	Wilson, H. I.,
Erdman,	Lindsey,	Scott,	Wilson, W. H.,
Evans,	Lipschutz,	Shaaber,	Wobensmith,
Flynn,	Luppert,	Shaffer,	Wood,
Forster,	Luxemburger,	Showalter,	Woodward,
Fretz,	Marvin,	Smith, J. W.,	Wylie,
Gans,	Mather,	Smith, Jeff. W.,	Wynne,
Garner,	Maurer,	Smith, L.,	Young,
Geary,	McArdle,	Sones,	Ambler,
Gingery,	McCaig,	Spangler,	Speaker.
Glass,	McClintock,	Statler,	

NAYS—1.

Body,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 866, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-fifth day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-seven entitled "An Act to provide for the maintenance care and treatment of the indigent insane in county and local institutions" as amended

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—172.

Adams,	Flynn,	Mangan,	Smith, J. W.,
Albee,	Forster,	Marvin,	Smith, Jeff. W.,
Alcorn,	Fretz,	Mather,	Smith, L.,
Alexander,	Fruit,	Maurer,	Sones,
Arnold,	Garner,	McArdle,	Spangler,
Aron,	Geary,	McCaig,	Statler,
Arthur,	Geiser,	McClintock,	Staving,
Baker,	Gingery,	McClure,	Steedle,
Baldwin,	Glass,	McConnell,	Stein,
Bauerle,	Goodnough,	McCurdy,	Stern,
Beck,	Goodwin,	McDermott,	Stone,
Becker,	Goodyear,	McNichol,	Sullivan,
Benn,	Gormley,	McVicar,	Swartz,
Benninger,	Graham,	Mearkle,	Thomas,
Bergy,	Gransback,	Mellott,	Trach,
Berntheizel,	Greenwood,	Murdoch,	Twibill,
Beyer,	Habgood,	Myers,	Urich,
Blackburn,	Hackett,	Neville,	Vickerman,
Body,	Hamilton,	Nieder,	Vogdes,
Bovee,	Herman,	Oaks,	Wagner,
Brosius,	Hess,	Ostrander,	Walsh,
Brownlee,	Heyburn,	Palmer,	Walter,
Brumbaugh,	Hoffman,	Peters,	Walton,
Bungard,	Hollingsworth,	Phillips,	Watson,
Campbell, T.,	Horton,	Pickering,	Weimer,
Christman,	Howarth,	Powell,	Weir,
Coldsmith,	Hubler,	Ramsey,	West,
Conner,	Jack,	Reel,	Wettach,
Corbin,	Jones, E. E.,	Rich,	Whitaker,
Cromer,	Jones, W. W.,	Rininger,	Whitten,
Cummins,	Kaiser,	Rinn,	Wildman,
Curry,	Kitts,	Robertson,	Willard,
Davis,	Klinger,	Roney,	Williams,
Dawson,	Kuhn,	Rothenberger,	Wilson, H. I.,
Dell,	Lafferty,	Rowell,	Wilson, W. H.,
Dodds,	Landis,	Rudisill,	Wobensmith,
Drinkhouse,	Lauer,	Sarig,	Wood,
Eby,	Leighner,	Schaeffer,	Woodward,
Ehrhardt,	Lindsey,	Scott,	Wylie,
Erdman,	Lipschutz,	Shaaber,	Wynne,
Evans,	Luppert,	Shaffer,	Young,
Fackler,	Luxemburger,	Shoop,	Ambler,
Finnerty,	Lynch,	Showalter,	Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

The SPEAKER (Charles A. Ambler) in the Chair.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Private Secretary of the Governor being introduced presented the following communication from the Governor, which was read as follows:

APPROVAL OF RESOLUTION.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, March 23rd, 1915.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen: I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed a resolution of the Senate and House of Representatives providing for the printing of three thousand copies of the proceedings of the House of Representatives of March 2nd, 1915, on the death of William Uhler Hensel, former Attorney-General of Pennsylvania.

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

SENATE MESSAGE.

SENATE BILLS FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced presented for concurrence bills numbered and entitled as follows:

Senate Bill No. 276 (House Bill No. 1074):

An Act directing the county commissioner of the several counties to offer for sale to the Department of Forestry tracts of land which they may have purchased at county treasurers' sales for acceptance or refusal for forestry purposes and to convey to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania the tracts so offered to be sold if accepted by the Department.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

Also Senate Bill No. 288 (House Bill No. 1075):

An Act regulating the payment of certain deposits made with any bank trust or savings institution in the name of two persons.

Referred to the Committee on Banks.

Senate Bill No. 321 (House Bill No. 1076):

An Act to provide for the retirement of superannuated and incapacitated teachers in the public schools of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

Senate Bill No. 404 (House Bill No. 1077):

An Act regulating the practice of veterinary medicine including veterinary surgery and veterinary dentistry or any branch thereof and establishing as incidental thereto a State Board of Veterinary Medical Examiners and defining its powers and duties.

Referred to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

Senate Bill No. 422 (House Bill No. 1078):

An Act to fix the salary of the first assistant clerk of the orphans' court in counties having a population of not less than eight hundred thousand and not more than one million five hundred thousand.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

Senate Bill No. 437 (House Bill No. 1079):

An Act to amend an act approved the eighth day of April one thousand eight hundred thirty-three entitled "An Act relating to last wills and testaments" by conferring the same rights upon the mother as upon the father.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Senate Bill No. 438 (House Bill No. 1080):

An Act to amend an act approved the tenth day of June one thousand eight hundred eighty-one entitled "An Act to enable mothers in certain cases to appoint testamentary guardians" by extending certain rights to mothers.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Senate Bill No. 391 (House Bill No. 1081):

An Act providing for the payment of interest on damages caused by the taking injury or destruction of private property for public use.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Senate Bill No. 452 (House Bill No. 1082):

A supplement to an act approved the twenty-seventh day of June one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation regulation and government of cities of the third class regulating nomination and election of municipal officers therein and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto"

Referred to th Committee on Municipal Corporations.

Senate Bill No. 141 (House Bill No. 1083):

An Act to regulate the practice of optometry in Pennsylvania defining optometry and relating to the right to practice optometry in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and making certain exceptions and providing a bureau of optometrical education examination and licensure as a bureau of the Department of Public Instruction and means and methods whereby the right to practice optometry may be obtained and providing for the means to carry out the provisions of this act and providing for revocation or suspension of licenses given by said bureau and providing penalties for violations thereof and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent therewith.

Referred to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

Senate Bill No. 347 (House Bill No. 1086):

An Act relating to policies of life insurance or annuities.

Referred to the Committee on Insurance.

The Speaker asked and obtained unanimous consent to refer the following bills:

BILLS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED.

By Mr. RINN. House Bill No. 1069.

An Act requiring railroads to remove grade crossings and providing penalties.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

By Mr. HESS. House Bill No. 1070.

An Act making an appropriation to the United Zion Home, Hospital and Infirmary, of Lancaster County, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. WALTER. House Bill No. 1071.

An Act providing for the creation and regulation of municipal liens, and the proceedings for the collection thereof, in the several boroughs of this Commonwealth.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

By Mr. GEARY. House Bill No. 1072.

An Act creating a State Board of Accounts, providing for their expenses, and defining the powers and duties thereof.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

By Mr. MAURER. House Bill No. 1073.

An Act making an appropriiation to be used for public improvements and the employing of the involuntarily unemployed workers of the State, providing for a commission to direct the expenditure of the sum appropriated, suggesting certain kinds of work to be done and urging for immediate action.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. SWARTZ. (By Request) House Bill No. 1084.

An Act to repeal an act entitled "An Act to provide for the better protection of life and property, by the examination and licensing of engineers having charge of steam boilers, steam engines, and appliances connected therewith, in cities of the second and third class of this Commonwealth, and providing penalties for violation," approved the fourth day of April, one thousand nine hundred and five, with the amendments thereto.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

By Mr. WILLIAMS. House Bill No. 1085.

An Act relating to townships of the second class and incidentally repealing certain acts.

Referred to the Committee on Public Roads.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. SHAABER asked and obtained unanimous consent to report a bill from Committee:

Mr. SHAABER, from the Committee on Pensions and Gratuities, reorted as committed, House Bill No. 886, entitled:

An Act amending an act entitled "An Act applicable to all counties of this Commonwealth, to provide monthly payments, as approved by the Trustees, to indigent, widowed, or abandoned mothers, for partial support of their children in their own homes. The manner of the appointment of the Trustees; the administration of the trust; amount of appropriations, proportioning appropriations, co-ordinate appropriations; amounts to be paid, form of records, eligibility, penalties and reports, as set forth" approved April twenty-ninth nineteen hundred thirteen, by limiting the provisions of said act to women whose husbands are dead or permanently insane and who have children under sixteen years of age; and providing for uniformity of administration by the appointment of the State Supervisor over the Boards of Trustees of different counties, and otherwise amending the provisions of said act.

Mr. SPANGLER asked and obtained unanimous consent to report a bill from Committee.

Mr. SPANGLER, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed (Senate Bill No. 282) House Bill No. 981, entitled:

An Act providing for and regulating the validation of certain borough ordinances.

BILLS SIGNED BY THE SPEAKER.

The Speaker announced that the Chief Clerk having reported that the following bills had passed both Houses of the General Assembly, and the same being correct, the titles were publicly read as follows:

Senate Bill No. 4:

An Act relating to persons habitually addicted to the use of alcohol or drugs and providing for the care and treatment of such persons at the expense of the county and State if indigent

Senate Bill No. 162:

An Act providing for the establishment regulation and maintenance by the Board of Game Commissioners of State Game Preserves on the Forestry Reservations and elsewhere and providing penalties for violation of this act

Senate Bill No. 215:

An Act vesting in county commissioners certain powers relative to public monuments

Senate Bill No. 237:

An Act relating to the admission of attorneys-at-law to the Supreme and Superior Courts

Senate Bill No. 63:

An Act relating to moneys heretofore deposited in State Treasury prior to December thirty-first Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen by the State Highway Department as fees for registration of motor-vehicles and the licensing of operators and making an appropriation thereof

Senate Bill No. 79:

An Act prohibiting any member or employee of any bureau or department having charge of police and fire protection of any cities of the first class from taking any active part in politics political movements or elections from can-

vassing election precincts or from interfering with elections or from using his office to influence politics political movements or elections and providing penalties for violation thereof

Senate Bill No. 92:

An Act requiring certain petitions and papers to be verified before being considered by the court

Senate Bill No. 111:

An Act authorizing cities of the first and second classes to appropriate city funds for the maintenance of historical societies

Senate Bill No. 112:

An Act to amend the first section of an act entiled "An Act to encourage county historical societies" approved the twenty-first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one so as to provide that the commissioners' board in counties where the population exceeds one million may appropriate a sum not exceeding one thousand dollars annually to the chief historical society in said county

Senate Bill No. 179:

An Act empowering cities of the second class to construct and maintain street railway tracks and equipment for the operation of street cars and to lease said tracks and equipment upon payment of a reasonable rental to persons or corporations desiring to use the same for the operation of street cars

Senate Bill No. 180:

An Act to amend the first second and third sections of an act approved the eighteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act authorizing any county and city in any county in which the county seat is within the limits of such city to erect a joint county and municipal building providing for the conditions under which such building may be erected and for the ownership thereof providing for the selection of a site for said building and authorizing said county and city to make a sale or exchange of properties under certain conditions for the purpose of securing such site authorizing the acquisition of additional property for such building by purchase or condemnation and authorizing the county to issue bonds in payment of any indebtedness incurred for its share of the cost of such building and land" by conferring upon such county and city additional powers relating to the design construction use administration and maintenance of such joint county and municipal building and also if deemed advisable for an independent power plant in connection therewith

Senate Bill No. 47:

An Act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act to fix the fees to be allowed the district attorney in the several counties of this Commonwealth having seven hundred fifty thousand inhabitants and less than one million two hundred thousand" approved May sixth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine

Whereupon,

The Speaker in the presence of the House signed the same.

SENATE MESSAGES.

SENATE NON-CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, informed that the Senate has non-concurred in the amendments made by the House of Representatives to Senate Bill No. 181, entitled:

An Act authorizing and empowering municipalities to construct and for this purpose to procure locations therefor by purchase or condemnation proceedings in fee simple as herein provided or to acquire by lease or purchase and to maintain and operate underground street passenger railways or subways whether the same be wholly within or partly within and partly without the limits of the municipality and also street passenger railways or elevated railways connecting therewith or exchanging passengers with said underground street railway and to lease the underground street railway and any surface or elevated street railway connecting therewith to corporations or individuals with the right in the municipalities to charge an additional sum for each passenger using the subway to meet the interest and sinking fund charges on the cost of the subway and conferring upon said municipalities all the rights and powers conferred upon corporations under the act of June seventh one thousand nine hundred and one entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and government of passenger railways either elevated or underground or partly elevated and partly underground with surface rights (Pamphlet Laws five hundred and twenty-three) and supplements and amendments thereto"

Mr. McCAIG. Mr. Speaker, I move that the House insist upon its amendments to the said bill.

Mr. W. H WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Ordered. That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

AMENDMENTS TO SENATE BILLS CONCURRED IN BY SENATE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, informed that the Senate has concurred in the amendments made by the House of Representatives to Senate Bills numbered and entitled as follows:

Senate Bill No. 4.

An Act relating to persons habitually addicted to the use of alcohol or drugs and providing for the care and treatment of such persons at the expense of the county and State if indigent

Senate Bill No. 162.

An Act providing for the establishment regulation and maintenance by the Board of Game Commissioners of State Game Preserves on the Forestry Reservations and elsewhere and providing penalties for violation of this act

HOUSE BILLS CONCURRED IN BY SENATE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced returned bills from the House of Representatives, numbered and entitled as follows:

House Bill No. 74:

An Act to quiet the title to real estate and to enable citizens of the United States and corporations authorized to hold real estate within this Commonwealth to hold and convey title to real estate which has been formerly held by or for corporations not authorized by law to hold the same

House Bill No. 100:

An Act validating certain sales of real estate heretofore made by guardians administrators and executors by decree of orphans' court

House Bill No. 71.

An Act transferring from one fund to another certain moneys appropriated to the Dairy and Food Division of the Department of Agriculture.

House Bill No. 219:

An Act granting to boroughs and incorporated towns the right of eminent domain for certain purposes and regulating the procedure thereunder

House Bill No. 85:

An Act making an appropriation to refund to S. L. Stayman of York, Pennsylvania moneys erroneously paid into the State Treasury

House Bill No. 271.

An Act transferring from certain funds to another fund certain moneys appropriated to the quarantine physician Philadelphia

House Bill No. 206:

An act making an appropriation for the payment of the expense of publication of amendments to the Constitution for the three years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and twelve and directing the Auditor General and the State Treasurer to cause the same to be paid

House Bill No. 179:

An Act confirmatory of the conveyance of real estate

House Bill No. 366:

An Act relative to judgments and prescribing the duties of prothonotaries in connection therewith

House Bill No. 120:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-eighth day of May one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled "An Act to provide for the protection of insane persons feeble-minded persons and epileptics and the appointment of a guardian for the said insane persons feeble-minded persons and epileptics unable to care for their own property authorizing the guardian to support the wife and children of the said insane persons feeble-minded persons and epileptics defining the powers of the guardian and authorizing the sale of real estate of the ward" by adding an additional section

With the information that the Senate has passed the same without amendment.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 132, entitled:

An Act regulating process pleading and practice in all civil cases whether at law in equity in divorce or otherwise howsoever hereafter brought in any court of common pleas in this Commonwealth and providing a complete system of procedure within the limits of the subject matter of this act.

The first, second, third and fourth sections were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That all actions of assumpsit and trespass hereafter brought in any court of common pleas in this Commonwealth shall be subject to the provisions of this act

Section 2 The pleadings in all actions of assumpsit and trespass shall consist of the following and no others a petition by the plaintiff an answer by the defendant and where a set-off or counterclaim is contained in the answer a reply thereto by the plaintiff

Section 3 Every pleading shall contain and contain only a statement in a consise and summary form of the material facts on which the party pleading relies for his case but not the evidence by which they are to be proved and shall be divided into paragraphs numbered consecutively each which shall as nearly as may be convenient contain but one material allegation Dates sums and numbers may be expressed in figures and not in words

Section 4 Every pleading and every motion as signed by the party or his counsel shall be deemed a certificate by every person signing the same that he has read the pleading or motion that he believes that there is good ground for the same that no scandalous matter is contained therein and that it is not interposed for the purpose of delay.

The fifth section was read as follows:

Section 5 The petition by the plaintiff shall set forth the case of the plaintiff in accordance with the requirements of this act It shall have attached to it copies of all notes contracts book entries or other writings on which the plaintiff's case is founded or a particular reference to the records of any court sitting in the county in which the said cause is brought or to the record of any deed mortgage instrument of writing or other public record recorded registered or contained in the office of the recorder of deeds register of wills or other public official in the said county if any on which the plaintiff's case is founded which said particular reference shall be sufficient in lieu of a copy thereof It shall conclude with prayers for the relief or redress to which the plaintiff claims to be entitled one of which prayers shall in all cases be in substance "That the defendant make answer hereto within fifteen days after service hereof" It shall be signed by the plaintiff or his attorney an verified by affidavit as hereinafter provided

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 5, line 18, by striking out the word "an" and interesting in lieu thereof the word "and."

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was argeed to.

The sixth, seventh and eighth sections were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 6 No rule or notice to answer other than the prayer for an answer as provided in the fifth section hereof shall be required or permitted

Section 7 Pleas to the jurisdiction pleas in abatement and any other dilatory pleas are hereby abolished Every defense heretofore presentable by such pleas shall hereafter be made by motion as of course setting forth the reason therefor to be filed and served within five days after service of the petition and where any matter of fact is alleged therein such motion shall be verified by affidavit

Section 8 Demurrers are hereby abolished Every defense to the petition of the plaintiff heretofore presentable by demurrer shall hereafter be made by motion either for the dismissal of such cause or for a more specific petition Such motion shall be of course and shall contain the reasons on which it is based Such motion shall be filed and served within fifteen days after service of the petition if the same be overruled the defendant must answer within such time thereafter as the court shall fix or judgement by default for want of an answer may be entered in accordance with the provisions of section nineteen of this act

The ninth section was read as follows:

Section 9 The answer by the defendant shall set forth the case of the defendant in accordance with the requirements of this act The answer shall be filed within fifteen days after service of the petition otherwise judgement may on motion as of course verified by affidavit be entered against the defendant by the prothonotary Service of a copy of the said answer shall be made within such time as the court shall fix The answer shall have attached to it copies of all documents or a particular reference to any public record or document on which the defendant relies as is required by this act for the petition It shall be verified by affidavit as hereinafter provided

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amnedment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 9, line 5, by striking out the words "verified by affidavit."

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The tenth and eleventh sections were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 10 The answer shall contain a specific admission or denial or explanation of each allegation of the petition set out in numbered paragraphs corresponding with the numbered paragraphs of the petition except that if the defendant be without knowledge or without information he shall so state and such statement shall operate as a denial Allegations in the petition except as to damages if not denied shall be deemed to be admitted

Section 11 When the answer or reply is made by an executor administrator guardian committee or other person acting in the cause in a representative capacity he need only state the facts he admits to be true and that he believes that there is a just and lawful defense to the remainder

The twelfth section was read as follows:

Section 12 Unless a set-off or counter-claim be alleged in the answer in which case only shall a reply be required or permitted the cause shall be deemed at issue and any new or a affirmative matter in the answer or in the reply shall be deemed to be denied by the adverse party without any further or other pleading No formal joinder of issue shall be required or permitted

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 12, line 2, by striking out the words "only shall."

Line 2, by inserting after the word "reply" the word "shall."

Line 5, by striking out the word "denied" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "admitted."

Line 6, by inserting after the word "pleading" the words "unless the adverse party shall file a denial in writing within ten days of such error or affirmative matter at which time the cause will be deemed to be at issue."

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendments?

They were agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The thirteenth, fourteenth, fifteenth, sixteenth, seventeenth, eighteenth, nineteenth, twentieth, twenty-first, twenty-second. twenty-third, twenty-fourth, twenty-fifth and

twenty-sixth sections were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 13 When a defendant relies on a set-off or counter-claim he must first answer the allegations of the petition and then set out his set-off or counter-claim under the heading "Set-off" or "Counter-claim" The set-off or counter-claim shall be set forth in accordance with the requirements of this act and shall continue the consecutive paragraphing of the answer The answer containing any set-off or counter-claim shall conclude with prayers for the relief or redress to which the defendant claims to be entitled one of which prayers shall in all such cases be in substance "That the plaintiff make reply to the set-off and counter-claim (or either of them as the case may be) contained in this answer within fifteen days after service hereof"

Section 14 A set-off or counter-claim shall have the same effect as a cross proceeding so as to enable the court to pronounce a final judgement in the cause both on the original and on the cross proceeding But the court may on motion by the plaintiff seasonably made before trial if in its opinion such set-off or counter-claim cannot be conveniently disposed of in the pending cause refuse permission to the defendant to avail himself thereof and order such set-off or counter-claim to be treated as a separate pending cause with or without new pleadings If in any case in which the defendant sets up a counter-claim for which he might have a certificate in his favor the case of the plaintiff is stayed discontinued or dismissed the counter-claim may nevertheless be proceeded with

Section 15 Whenever a set-off or counter-claim is set forth in the answer the plaintiff shall file and serve his response thereto verified by affidavit as hereinafter provided which shall be called his reply and which shall be set forth in accordance with the requirements of this act The reply shall be filed within fifteen days after service of the answer and shall be served within such time as the court shall fix The reply shall make response to each allegation of the set-off or counter-claim in paragraphs consecutively numbered to correspond to the pertinent paragraphs of the same and shall be so far as the same are applicable governed by the requirements of this act relating to the answer

Section 16 No notice of special matter of defense shall be required or permitted All such matter shall be contained in the pleading of the party relying thereon

Section 17 The petition and the answer with the reply if any shall constitute the issues in the cause and neither party shall be permitted at the trial or hearing to present any claim or defense not in issue as aforesaid

Section 18 Judgment may be entered on motion before the prothonotary for want of an answer or for the amount specifically admitted by the answer to be due The plaintiff may move the court for judgment for want of a sufficient answer to the whole or any part of his case and when the answer contains a set-off or counter-claim the defendant may move the court for judgment for want of a reply or for the amount specifically admitted by the reply to be due or for want of a sufficient reply to the whole or any part of the set-off or counter-claim and the court may enter judgment in favor of the plaintiff or the defendant as justice may require and in cases of judgment for a part with leave to proceed for the balance claimed Such motions for judgment shall all be as of course and shall contain the reasons on which they are based On any such judgment damages shall be assessed in the mode now provided by law

Section 19 Amendments shall be allowed as of course or by the court as the case may be to the petition to the answer or to the reply at any stage of the cause as justice may require in accordance with the present practice and on such terms as to costs or otherwise as the court shall determine Service of the amendment or amended pleading shall be made on the adverse party or his attorney within such time as the court may fix To such amendment or amended pleading the adverse party shall respond if a response be necessary within such time as the court shall fix Wherever a pleading be amended time to the adverse party shall run from the service of the amendment or amended pleading

Section 20 The petition the answer and the reply shall be signed by the party pleading the same or his attorney and shall be verified by the affidaviit of such party or if he be unable by absence illness or other adequate cause to make the same which inability and the reason therefor shall be set forth in the said affidavit then by some person having knowledge or information of the facts and duly authorized by such party to make such affidavit Where there is more than one plaitiff or one defendant as the case may be then such affidavit may be made by one of the plaintiffs or defendants subject to the power of the court on motion and after notice to order that any or all the other plaintiffs or defendants verify the pleading by affidavit to be filed and served within such time as the court may order but if the prayer of the petition or of the answer require an answer or reply as the case may be from all the defendants or plaintiffs as the case may be then such answer or reply shall be verified by the affidavit or affidavits of them all

Section 21 The time fixed for the filing or service of any pleading or motion under this act may be enlarged by the court in its discretion on motion and after notice

Section 22 The true intent and meaning of this act is that it is designed to furnish a complete system of procedure within the limits of its subject matter but the substantive rights of the parties are not in any way intended to be affected hereby

Section 23 The court may make such rules not inconsistent with this act as may be deemed advisable

Section 24 This act may be cited as the "Practice Act one thousand nine hundred and fifteen"

Section 25 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

Section 26 This act shall take effect on January first one thousand nine hundred and sixteen

The title was read as follows:

An Act regulating process pleading and practice in all civil cases whether at law in equity in divorce or otherwise howsoever, hereafter brought in any court of common pleas in this Commonwealth and providing a complete system of procedure within the limits of the subject matter of this act

On the question,

Will the House agree to the title?

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend title, line 1, by striking out the word "process."

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the title as amended.

It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to as amended,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 900, entitled:

An Act regulating salaries of clerks in recorders offices in certain counties

The first section was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That hereafter transcribing clerks compare clerks and miscellaneous clerks in the office of recorder of deeds in any county having a population of over one million four hundred thousand inhabitants shall each receive an annual salary of fifteen hundred dollars

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. RONEY. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 1 in line 4 by adding after the word "clerks" and before the word "and" the words "registration clerks."

Amend section 1 in line 6 by striking out the word "over."

Amend section 1 in line 7 by adding before the word "shall" the words "and over."

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendments?

They were agreed to,

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The second section was read and agreed to as follows:

Section 2 All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with this act are repealed

The title was read as follows:

An Act regulating salaries of clerks in recorders offices in certain counties

On the question,

Will the House agree to the title?

Mr. RONEY. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend the title by striking out the words "recorders offices in certain counties" and insert instead thereof the following words "office of recorder of deeds in any county having a population of one million four hundred thousand inhabitants and over."

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the title as amended?

It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 852, as follows:

An Act providing for the registration of ownership to real estate in cities of the second class for the use of said cities to facilitate the assessment levy and collection of taxes and municipal claims in such cities authorizing the preservation and use of records heretofore employed in such cities for such purposes

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That a Bureau of Deed Registry be and the same is hereby created in and under the control and administration of the Department of Public works of cities of the second class and the number and salaries of employes thereof shall be fixed by ordinance of council

Section 2 The said Bureau shall cause to be made plans of the city divided into sections which shall show the situation and dimensions of each property therein with the registry-office numbers thereof and shall also cause to be made kept and maintained as index or indices or other form of record upon which shall be entered in succession the names of the owner or owners of each property shown upon said plans with the dates of transfer and of registation

Section 3 It shall be the duty of all persons now holding or hereafter acquiring real estate situate in a city of the second class by deed will descent partition or otherwise to produce and exhibit for the use of the Bureau of Deed Registry of said city the instrument in writing and if no such instrument then other evidence by and under which he or they claim to hold title to said real estate and the officer receiving said instrument shall upon payment of a fee of twenty-five cents therefor certify on the said instrument or other evidence that the same has been duly registered with said bureau provided however that all persons holding title to real estate in said city prior to the passage of this act shall be allowed six months from the date of the passage of this act to produce and exhibit for registration as herein before specified the evidences of title in them in case their said titles have not already been registered in an office maintained in and by the city for the purpose of such registration

Section 4 All taxes and municipal claims shall be charged upon the real estate within the limits of said cities in accordance with the descriptions thereof as registered except that the charge of a municipal claim may be limited to the lot in front of or upon which work is done or to which the service is supplied of such depth as is usual in properties of the same kind or character in the particular neighborhood

When however no description has been registered no allowance or reductions for overcharges arising from incorrect dimensions of the ground shall be permitted until descriptions of such properties shall have been presented and registered in accordance with this act

Section 5 The sheriff of the county within the limits of which the said city is situate shall present for registry with the Bureau of Deed Registry of such city the deeds of all property located in said city which may be sold at judicial sales whether for partition or otherwise before he delivers the said deeds to the purchaser The prothonotary and clerks of the several courts of said county in which proceedings in partition may be had or judicial sales other than sales by the sheriff may be ordered or any other proceedings by which the property may be divided or transferred whenever such sales or proceedings affect property within said city shall make out and deliver as soon as the same shall have been completed to the Bureau of Deed Registry of said city a description of the property so sold or divided with a description of the purparts into which the same may be divided with the names of the original owners and the names of the persons acquiring title by said proceedings The said sheriff prothonotary and clerks of court shall collect the registry fee hereinbefore provided for as costs in the said proceedings and pay over the same to the Bureau of Deed Registry

Section 6 If the title and description of any real estate situate in a city of the second class be not registered with the Bureau of Deed Registry of said city as required by this act and the said real estate be sold in the name of a former owner thereof upon a tax or municipal claim or claim assessed there against the purchaser at such sale shall acquire the title of such owner to the real estate so sold and the title of all claiming under him subject only to the right of redemption as provided by law in case of sales on a tax or municipal claim

Section 7 Any and all records heretofore established in any office maintained for registration of ownership of real estate to facilitate the assessment and collection of taxes in any city now of the second class shall be transferred to said Bureau of Deed Registry and shall be preserved and utilized for the purpose of this act and entries thereon and shall have the same force and effect as if made under this act except so far as they may be altered or supplemented by evidences of changes of ownership filed in the said Bureau of Deed Registry subsequent to the passage of this act

Section 8 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith be and the same are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILL SIGNED BY SPEAKER.

The Speaker announced that the Chief Clerk having reported that the following bill has passed both Houses of the General Assembly and the same being correct, the title was read as follows:

House Bill No. 206,

An Act making an appropriation for the payment of the expense of publication of amendments to the Constitution for the three years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and twelve and directing the Auditor General and the State Treasurer to cause the same to be paid

Whereupon,

The Speaker in the presence of the House signed the same.

The SPEAKER. If there is no objection, the Chair would like to have a session at 7:30 tonight for the purpose of reporting bills from committees and also for taking up the first reading calendar.

RECESS.

Mr. HESS. Mr. Speaker, I move this House do now take recess until 7:30 tonight.

The motion was agreed to and (at 1:05 P. M.) the House took a recess until 7:30 tonight.

AFTER RECESS.

The House reconvened at 7:30 o'clock P. M.

The SPEAKER (Charles A. Ambler) in the Chair.

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 907, entitled:

An Act providing for the manner of introducing legislation appropriating money for the support of State institutions and aid for semi-State istitutions and charitable institutions

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 963, entitled:

An Act to amend section twenty-one of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the protection and preservation of game game quadrupeeds and game birds and song and insectivorous and other wild birds and prescribing penalties for violation of its several provisions" approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred nine by extending the season during which dogs may be trained

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1016, entitled:

An Act amending part of an act entitled "To prohibit the killing of foxes by certain methods in Delaware county and fixing a penalty for the violation of the act" approved May first one thousand nine hundred thirteen

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 976 (Senate No. 114), entitled:

An Act providing for the printing binding and distribution of the report of the fiftieth anniversary of the battle of Gettysburg commission entitled "Pennsylvania Gettysburg Reunion" and for the compiling editing proof reading and indexing thereof providing also for the preparation for filing of record in the State Library for their proper preservation therein of certain original manuscripts of the addresses delivered at said reunion and of other original data souvenirs and records relative thereto and making appropriation therefor

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 982 (Senate No. 285), entitled:

An Act authorizing J. P. Swearingen of Greene township Beaver county Pennsylvania to bring suit against the Commonwealth

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1012, entitled:

An Act relating to the bonds to be given by county officers the amount and conditions thereof the sureties for such bonds the payment of the premiums therefor and the recording and custody thereof in counties having over eight hundred thousand and less than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 947 (Senate No. 176), entitled:

An Act to provide for the better protection and preservation of deer and elk and certain birds classed as game birds within the Commonwealth providing a method through which certain lands in the Commonwealth may be closed to hunting for a term of years and prescribing penalties for violation of its several provisions

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 675 (Senate No. 161), entitled:

An Act relating to the acquisition and holding of property real and personal by any literary scientific educational religious charitable benevolent or beneficial society church congregation association or body whether incorporated or unincorporated or any trustee or trustees of any trust for charitable or benevolent objects of purposes and providing for the increase of such amount and a method of procedure for obtaining the right to such increase

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 950 (Senate No. 249), entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An act to amend an act entitled "An act authorizing companies incorporated under the laws of any other state of the United States for the manufacture of any form of iron steel or glass to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments and to take have and hold real estate necessary and proper for manufacturing purposes" approved the ninth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one extending the same to companies formed for the purpose of quarrying slate granite stone or rocks or for dressing polishing working or manufacturing the same or any of them and to mineral springs companies incorporated for the purpose of bottling and selling natural mineral springs water approved the sixteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three' approved the nineteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one extending the same to companies formed for the purposes of manufacturing and selling chemicals foodstuffs cement and cement products and the quarrying of cement rock" approved May twenty-eighth one thousand nine hundred and seven extending the same to companies incorporated for the manufacture buying selling leasing using and operation of electrical apparatus and machinery and articles of every kind appertaining to or in any wise connected with the production use regulation control distribution or application of electricity or electrical energy or products for any use or purpose constructing acquiring using selling buying or leasing any works construction or plant or part thereof connected with or involving such use distribution regulation control or application of electricity or the control of use of electrical apparatus for any purpose and of producing furnishing and supplying electricity or electrical apparatus in any form and for any purpose and to carry on a general manufacturing business'" approved the twenty-third day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven by extending the same to companies incorporated for the purpose of refining manufacturing or sale of petroleum and petroleum products

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. SCOTT, from the Committee on Labor and Industry, reported as committed, House Bill No. 918, entitled:

An Act to provide for the study by the Department of Labor and Industry of the question of minimum wages for women and minors.

Mr. STONE, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1023, entitled:

An Act to further amend the sixth section of an act, approved April twenty-third, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and three, entitled "An Act defining the powers of the several courts of quarter sessions of the peace within this Commonwealth, with reference to the care, treatment, and control of dependent, neglected, incorrigible, and delinquent children, under the age of sixteen years, and providing for the means in which such powers may be exercised," by providing that the court may direct that the clothing of, and necessary medical and surgical attendance upon the care of such child and its maintenance generally shall be paid by the proper county, and may fix the amount which shall be paid for such board and clothing.

Mr. WALTON, from the Committee on Municipal Corporations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 948 (Senate Bill No. 320), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-seventh day of June one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation regulation and government of cities of the third class regulating nomination and election of municipal officers therein and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto."

Mr. J. O. CAMPBELL, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed, House Bill No. 998 (Senate Bill No. 402), entitled:

An Act providing for the payment of judgment and mortgages and other claims which are liens on property affected by public improvements or appropriated by the exercise of the right of eminent domain.

Mr. OAKS, from the Committee on Public Roads, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1010, entitled:

An Act to further amend an act, approved the third day of June, one thousand eight hundred ninety-five, entitled "An Act authorizing the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to rebuild county bridges over navigable rivers, and other streams, which have been declared public highways by Act of Assembly, where such bridges have been destroyed by flood, fire, or other casualty, providing for the appointment of viewers and inspectors, and the payment of the cost of rebuilding such bridges.

Mr. DAVIS, from the Committee on Public Roads, reported as committed, House Bill No. 952, entitled:

An Act providing that it shall be unlawful for any person or persons firm or corporation to have in use upon the public streets, alleys and highways of the State of Pennsylvania, commencing one hour after sunset and continuing until one hour before sunurise any vehicle or vehicles without being equipped with lights that can be observed from the front and rear of said vehicle and providing penalties for the violation of this act.

Mr. JACK, from the Committee on Military, reported as amended House Bill No. 925, entitled:

An Act regulating the number, grade, appointment and assignment of employes in the Adjutant-General's Department and State Arsenal and fixing salaries of each.

Mr. EVANS, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed, House Bill No. 532, entitled:

An Act regulating the method of installment payments on conditional sales or on bailments with right to purchase,

regulating the issuing of writs of replevin therefor and prohibiting a waiver of the provisions of this act.

Mr. BAUERLE, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as amended, House Bill No. 962, entitled,

An Act relating to practice in the Courts of Common Pleas in actions of assumpsit and trespass, except actions for libel and slander, prescribing the pleadings and procedure to be observed therein and giving the courts power to enforce its provisions.

Mr. BEYER, from the Committee on Municipal Corporations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1017, entitled:

An Act relating to the resignation and appointment of councilmen in boroughs.

Mr. REYNOLDS, from the Committee on Corporations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 527, entitled:

An Act requiring light, heat and power companies to furnish, upon application presented, certain persons with light, heat, or power; and providing a penalty for refusing same.

Mr. MEARKLE, from the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, reported as committed, House Bill No. 849, entitled:

An Act amending Section 3 of an act entitled "An Act to prohibit the receiving and detaining of children in almshouses and poor houses, and to procede for the care and education of such children," approved the thirteenth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three, by extending same to poor districts now maintaining almshouses and hospitals for the treatment of indigent tubercular and insane persons.

Mr. HOWARTH, from the Committee on Municipal Corporations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 961, entitled:

An Act imposing certain liabilities on persons, firms and corporations in cites of the second class for the cost of extinguishing fires which occur through their criminal intent, design or wilful negligence, or where they have not complied with any law, ordinance or other lawful regulation for the prevention of fire or the spreading thereof; providing a method for the ascertainment of such cost and the manner of collecting the same.

Mr. WETTACH, from the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, reported as committed, House Bill No. 153, entitled:

An Act to protect the public health by regulating the manufacture, preparation, handling, storage, sale, transportation and possession of meat and meat food products; prescribing the powers and duties of the State Livestock Sanitary Board in relation thereto and providing for the appointment of the agents thereof, and defining their powers and duties as such, making it unlawful to give money or otherwise with intent to influence such agent; prescribing methods of enforcing the act and imposing penalties for violation of the same; and providing for repeal of certain Acts, and of all Acts or parts of Acts inconsistent herewith.

Mr. SWAN, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed, House Bill No. 985 (Senate Bill No. 294) entitled:

An Act to further protect the rights and liberty of the people or this Commonwealth when under arrest upon a bailable criminal charge making its infraction a misdemeanor and providing punishment therefor.

Mr. GEARY, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed, House Bill No. 983 (Senate Bill No 287) entitled:

An Act to validate all sales public and private and all mortgages of real estate of decedents heretofore made under authority of orphans' courts upon petition of executors or administrators.

Mr. KUHN, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed, House Bill No. 955, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the fourth day of May one thousand eight hundred and fifty-five, entitled "An Act relating to certain duties and rights of Husband and Wife, and Parents and Children.

Mr. TRACH, from the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, reported as committed, House Bill No. 590, entitled:

An Act to prescribe the conditions and restrictions under which public vaults, crypts or masoleums for the interment of human bodies, may be constructed and maintained, and fixing penalties for failure to comply therewith.

Mr. WEST, from the Committee on Mines and Mining, reported as committed, House Bill No. 253, entitled:

An Act to amend section four of article two of an act approved the eighth day of June, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one, entitled "An Act amending article two of an act, entitled 'An Act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the anthracite coal mines of Pennsylvania and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith,' approved the second day of June, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one," increasing the per diem pay of the members of the Mine Inspectors' Examining Boards and providing for their expenses.

Mr. GANS, from the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, reported as committed, House Bill No. 70, entitled:

An Act to amend the second section of an act of Assembly, entitled "An Act authorizing the Bureau of Health in cities of the first class to make and promulgate rules and regulations for the sanitary keeping of stables and other places, in such cities, where horses, mules, cows, sheep, goats or swine are kept, and for the collecting, storing and transporting of manure from such animals; providing that no manure shall be collected or stored in any stable, manure pit, or other place without a permit, or transported in violation of said rules and regulations; making a violation of the act or of said rules and regulations a misdemeanor; prescribing penalties therefor and repealing inconsistent acts," approved the twenty-fifth day of July, one thousand nine hundred thirteen, so as to permit the deposit of manure on wharves and piers for shipment beyond the limits of such cities

Mr. LAULER, from the Committee on Municipal Corporations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 433, entitled:

An Act defining trading stamps as including stamps, coupons, tickets, cards, certificates and other similar devices given with a sale or bailment of merchandise, regulating and licensing the sale, furnishing and giving of trading stamps and providing penalties for the violation thereof.

Mr. SWARTZ, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed, House Bill No. 871, entitled:

An Act authorizing appointments of clerks and stenographers by district attorneys in certain counties, and regulating their compensation out of the county treasury.

Mr. SWARTZ, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as amended, House Bill No. 743, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Orphans' Court to reduce, under certain circumstances, the bond of any fiduciary; imposing duties on registers of wills in connection therewith.

Mr. RONEY, from the Committee on Muncipal Corporations, re-reported as amended, House Bill No. 314, entitled:

An Act to fix the salaries of the clerks in the office of the County Treasurer of any county having a population of one million inhabitants or over.

Mr. WALTON, from the Committee on Municipal Corporations, re-reported House Bill No. 323, entitled:

An Act repealing an act entitled "An Act amending article six of an act entitled 'An Act for the government of cities of the second class' approved the seventh day of March Anno Dimini one thousand nine hundred and one as amended by an amendatory act approved the first day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine and as affected by an act entitled 'An Act providing a uniform rate of assessment and taxation for all real estate in cities of the second class' approved the eleventh day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven by providing for the classification of real estate for purposes of taxation into two classes to wit the buildings on land and the land exclusive of buildings and by providing for the assessment of a less tax upon the buildings than upon the land exclusive of the buildings in cities of the second class" approved May fifteenth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen.

Mr. GLASS, from the Committee on Municpal Corporations, re-reported House Bill No. 379, entitled:

An Act empowering cities of the second class to levy and collect for general revenue purposes license taxes or fees upon poles wires cables conduits pipes tracks vaults and other appliances and appurtances under upon over or through the public streets ways alleys wharfs and properties thereof.

Mr. SHAABER, from the Committee on Municipal Corporations re-reported House Bill No. 324, entitled:

An Act creating additional subjects of taxation in cities of the second class by providing that all real estate in cities of the second class owned or possessed by any corporation shall be subject to taxation for city and school purposes the same as other real estate in said cities.

Mr. WHITTEN, from the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, re-reported House Bill No. 41, entitled:

An Act prohibiting certain institutions receiving state aid from restricting pay patients in the selection of physicians and surgeons not connected with the institution.

Mr. BAUERLE, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, re-reported with a negative recommendation, House Bill No. 455, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twelfth day of June one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act to increase the powers of courts in summary proceedings for desertion and non-support of wives children or aged parents by directing that imprisonment in such cases be at hard labor in such institution as the court shall name with wages payable to the wives children or parents providing for the disbursement of moneys collected on forfeitures of bonds bail-bonds or recognizances and by empowering such courts to appoint desertion probation officers for the performance of such duties as the court shall direct and providing for the payment of the expenses incident to the carrying out of this act."

Mr. SCOTT, from the Committee on Labor and Industry, reported with a negative recommendation, House Bill No. 724, entitled:

An Act limiting the hours of labor of motormen, conductors and drivers employed by horse, cable and electric railway companies.

Mr. WOBENSMITH, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported with a negative recommendation, House Bill No. 646, entitled:

An Act to provide for and regulate commissions chargable for the placing of building and loan association mortgages in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and providing penalties for the violation thereof

Mr. WEST, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported with a negative recommendation, House Bill No. 1020, entitled:

An Act fixing certain fees to be charged and received by constables

SENATE MESSAGE.

AMENDED HOUSE BILLS RETURNED FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced returned bills from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 20.

An Act authorizing cities of the third class wherein the title to the water-works therein located is in the city to extend their pipes and improvements beyond the city limits and supply water to persons corporations and municipalities within the county and regulating the supply of water

With information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The Clerk read the amendments as follows:

Section 1, line 10, after the word "corporations" insert the word "institutions"; line 13, after the word "glass" insert the following: "This section does not authorize a city of the third class to extend water pipes or supply water in territory outside the boundaries of such cities which territory is being supplied with water by a private company."

On the question,

Will the House concur in the amendments made by the Senate?

Mr. EHRHARDT. Mr. Speaker, at the instance of the sponsor of the bill, who is a member of the House, I would request the House to concur in the amendments, they being satisfactory to him.

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—152.

Adams,	Finnerty,	Lipschutz,	Scott,
Albee,	Flynn,	Love,	Shaaber,
Alcorn,	Fretz,	Luxemburger,	Shoop,
Alexander,	Fruit,	Lynch,	Sinclair,
Arnold,	Gans,	Marvin,	Smith, L.,
Aron,	Garner,	Mather,	Sones,
Arthur,	Geary,	Maurer,	Spangler,
Baldwin,	Geiser,	McArdle,	Spencer,
Bauerle,	Gingery,	McCaig,	Statler,
Beck,	Glass,	McClintock,	Staving,
Becker,	Glenn,	McCurdy,	Stein,
Benn,	Gompers,	McDermott,	Stern,
Benninger,	Goodwin,	McNichol,	Stone,
Bergy,	Goodyear,	McVicar,	Swan,
Beyer,	Gormley,	Mearkle,	Swartz,
Body,	Graham,	Mellott,	Thomas,
Bovee,	Gransback,	Milliron,	Trach,
Brosius,	Greenwood,	Myers,	Tyrrell,
Brownlee,	Hackett,	Neville,	Wagner,
Brumbaugh,	Harper,	Oaks,	Walsh,
Bungard,	Herman,	Ostrander,	Walter,
Campbell, J. O.,	Heyburn,	Palmer,	Walton,
Campbell, T.,	Hollern,	Peters,	Weaver,
Christman,	Hollingsworth,	Phillips,	Weimer,
Coldsmith,	Horton,	Pickering,	Weir,
Conner,	Howarth,	Powell,	West,
Corbin,	Hubler,	Ramsey,	Whitaker,
Cox,	Jack,	Reel,	Whitten,
Cummins,	Jones, W. W.,	Rhoads,	Willard,
Curry,	Kaiser,	Rich,	Williams,
Davis,	Kitts,	Rininger,	Wilson, H. I.,
Dell,	Klinger,	Rinn,	Wilson, W. H.,
Diefenderfer,	Kuhn,	Robertson,	Wobensmith,
Dodds,	Lafferty,	Rothenberger,	Wood,
Drinkhouse,	Landis,	Rudisill,	Wylie,
Dunn,	Lauer,	Sampsel,	Young,
Ehrhardt,	Lauler,	Sarig,	Ambler,
Eppley,	Leighner,	Schaeffer,	Speaker.
Erdman,	Lindsey,		
Evans,			

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative, and the amendments concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

Also the following:

House Bill No. 219.

An Act granting to boroughs and incorporated towns the right of eminent domain for certain purposes and regulating the procedure thereunder

With information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The Clerk read the amendments as follows:

Section 4, line 43, strike out the word "owner" and insert the word "owners"; line 67, strike out "filed" and insert in lieu thereof the word filed."

Section 8, line 12 strike out the word "boroughs" and insert the word "borough."

Title, line 1, after the word "and" insert "incorporated."

On the question,

Will the House concur in the amendments made by the Senate?

Mr. W. W. JONES. Mr. Speaker, I would request that the House concur in the amendments, they being only typographical errors.

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—160.

Adams,	Fruit,	Marvin,	Shoop,
Albee,	Gans,	Mather,	Sinclair,
Alcorn,	Garner,	Maurer,	Smith, J. W.,
Alexander,	Geary,	McArdle,	Smith, Jeff. W.
Arnold,	Geiser,	McCaig,	Snyder,
Aron,	Gingery,	McClintock,	Sones,
Arthur,	Glass	McClure,	Spencer,
Baldwin,	Glenn,	McConnell,	Statler,
Bauerle,	Gompers,	McCurdy,	Staving,
Beck,	Goodnough,	McNichol,	Steedle,
Becker,	Goodwin,	McVicar,	Stein,
Benn,	Goodyear,	Mearkle,	Stern,
Benninger,	Gormley,	Mellott,	Stone,
Beyer,	Graham,	Milliron,	Swan,

Bovee,	Greenwood,	Murdoch,	Swartz,
Brosius,	Hackett,	Myers,	Thomas,
Brownlee,	Harper,	Oaks,	Trach,
Brumbaugh,	Herman,	Ostrander,	Twibill,
Bungard,	Heyburn,	Palmer,	Vickerman,
Campbell, J. O.,	Hibshman,	Perry,	Wagner,
Campbell, T.,	Hoffman,	Peters,	Walsh,
Christman,	Hollingsworth,	Phillips,	Walter,
Conner,	Horton,	Pickering,	Walton,
Corbin,	Howarth,	Powell,	Watson,
Cox,	Hubler,	Ramsey,	Weaver,
Cromer,	Jack,	Reel,	Weir,
Cummins,	Jones, E. E.,	Rhoads,	West,
Curry,	Jones, W. W.,	Rich,	Whitten,
Davis,	Kaiser,	Rininger,	Wildman,
Dell,	Kitts,	Rinn,	Willard,
Diefenderfer,	Kuhn,	Robertson,	Williams,
Dodds,	Lafferty,	Roney,	Wilson, H. I.,
Drinkhouse,	Landis,	Rothenberger,	Wilson, W. H.,
Dunn,	Lauer,	Rowell,	Wobensmith,
Ehrhardt,	Lauler,	Rudisill,	Wood,
Erdman,	Leighner,	Sampsel,	Woodward,
Evans,	Lindsey,	Sarig,	Wylie,
Finnerty,	Lipschutz,	Schaeffer,	Wynne,
Flynn,	Luxemburger,	Scott,	Young,
Fretz,	Lynch,	Shaaber.	Ambler,
			Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative, and the amendments concurred in.

Ordered, that the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

Also the following:

House Bill No. 543:

An Act to amend an act approved the ninth day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to provide for the appointment of deputy prothonotaries in counties of this Commonwealth having a population of more than two hundred and fifty thousand and less than a million and defining their qualifications powers and salary"

With information that the Senate has passed the same with amendment, in which the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Section 1, line 24, strike out the words "learned in the law"

On the question,

Will the House concur in the amendment made by the Senate?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—168

Adams,	Fretz,	Mangan,	Shaaber,
Albee,	Gallagher,	Marvin,	Shoop,
Alcorn,	Gans,	Mather,	Showalter,
Alexander,	Garner,	Maurer,	Sinclair,
Arnold,	Geary,	McArdle,	Smith, J. W.,
Aron,	Geiser,	McClintock,	Smith, Jeff. W.
Arthur,	Gingery,	McClure,	Snyder,
Baldwin,	Glass,	McConnell,	Sones,
Bauerle,	Glenn,	McCurdy,	Spangler,
Beck,	Gompers,	McDermott,	Statler,
Becker,	Goodnough,	McNichol,	Staving,
Benn,	Goodwin,	McVicar,	Steedle,
Benninger,	Goodyear,	Mearkle,	Stein,
Beyer,	Graham,	Mellott,	Stern,
Blackburn,	Greenwood,	Milliron,	Stone,
Body,	Hackett,	Myers,	Swan,
Bovee,	Hamilton,	Neville,	Swartz,
Brosius,	Harper,	Nieder,	Thomas,
Brownlee,	Herman,	Nissley,	Trach,
Brumbaugh,	Heyburn,	Oaks,	Twibill,
Bungard,	Hibshman,	Ostrander,	Vickerman,
Campbell, J. O.,	Hoffman,	Palmer,	Wagner,
Campbell, T.,	Hollingsworth,	Perry,	Walsh,
Christman,	Horton,	Peters,	Walter,
Coldsmith,	Howarth,	Phillips,	Walton,
Conner,	Hubler,	Pickering,	Watson,
Cox,	Jack,	Powell,	Weaver,
Cromer,	Jones, E. E.,	Ramsey,	Weimer,
Cummins,	Jones, W. W.,	Reel,	Weir,
Curry,	Kaiser,	Reynolds,	West,
Davis,	Kitts,	Rhoads,	Wettach,
Dell,	Klinger,	Rininger,	Whitten,
Diefenderfer,	Kuhn,	Rinn,	Wildman,
Dodds,	Kunkle,	Robertson,	Willard,
Drinkhouse,	Landis,	Roney,	Williams,
Dunn,	Lauer,	Rothenberger,	Wilson, H. I.,
Eby,	Lauler,	Rowell,	Wilson, W. H.,
Ehrhardt,	Leighner,	Rudisill,	Wobensmith,
Erdman,	Lindsey,	Sampsel,	Wood,
Evans,	Lipschutz,	Sarig,	Wylie,
Finnerty,	Luxemburger,	Schaeffer,	Wynne,
Flynn,	Lynch,	Scott,	Young,
Forster,			

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative and amendments concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

BILLS SIGNED BY SPEAKER.

The SPEAKER announced that the Cheif Clerk having reported that the following bills had passed both Houses of the General Assembly, and the same being correct, the titles were publicly read, as follows:

House Bill No. 71:

An Act transferring from one fund to another certain moneys appropriated to the Diary and Food Division of the Department of Agriculture

House Bill No. 85:

An Act making an appropriation to refund to S. L. Stayman of York, Pennsylvania moneys erroneously paid into the State Treasury

House Bill No. 100:

An Act validating certain sales of real estate heretofore made by guardians administrators and executors by decree of orphans' court

House Bill No. 120:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-eighth day of May one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled "An Act to provide for the protection of insane persons feeble-minded persons and epileptics and the appointment of a guardian for the said insane persons feeble-minded persons and epileptics unable to care for their own property authorizing the guardian to support the wife and children of the said insane persons feeble-minded persons and epileptics defining the powers of the guardian and authorizing the sale of real estate of the ward" by adding an additional section

House Bill No. 179:

An Act confirmatory of the conveyance of real estate

House Bill No. 271:

An Act transferring from certain funds to another fund certain moneys appropriated to the quarantine physician Philadelphia

House Bill No. 366:

An Act relative to judgements and prescribing the duties of prothonotaries in connection therewith

Whereupon, the Speaker, in the presence of the House, signed the same.

The SPEAKER. The Chair asks unanimous consent to refer the following petitions at this time which will be journalized and referred to the proper committees. Are there any objections? The Chair hears none.

PETITIONS.

FAVORING THE REPEAL OF THE FULL CREW LAW.

The Speaker presented the petition of the Neighborhood Club of Bala and Cynwyd, Pa. favoring the Repeal of the Full Crew Law.

Which was referred to the Committee on Railroads.

The Speaker presented the petition of the Pittsburgh Builders' Exchange favoring the Repeal of the Full Crew Law.

Which was referred to the Committee on Railroads.

PROTESTING AGAINST REPEAL OF THE FULL CREW LAW.

The Speaker presented the petition of the Mountain Echo Lodge, No. 507, Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen and Enginemen, of Hazleton, Pa., protesting against the Repeal of the Full Crew Law.

Which was referred to the Committee on Railroads.

The Speaker presented the petition of the Wall Lodge of the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen of Pitcairn, Pa. protesting against the Repeal of the Full Crew Law.

Which was referred to the Committee on Railroads.

The Speaker presented the petition of the Pottsville Lodge of Firemen and Enginemen of Pottsville, Pa. protesting against the Repeal of the Full Crew Law.

Which was referred to the Committee on Railroads.

The Speaker presented the petition of the Tin City Division No. 565 of the International Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers of Mahoningtown, Pa. protesting against the Repeal of the Full Crew Law.

Which was referred to the Committee on Railroads.

The Speaker presented the petition of the Ormsby Lodge No. 465 of Pittsburgh, Pa. protesting against the Repeal of the Full Crew Law.

Which was referred to the Committee on Railroads.

The Speaker presented the petition of the P. B. Conner Lodge of Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen of Hazleton, Pa. protesting against the Repeal of the Full Crew Law.

Which was referred to the Committee on Railroads.

The Speaker presented the petition of the Lebanon Valley Lodge No. 787 of Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen protesting against the Repeal of the Full Crew Law.

Which was referred to the Committee on Railroads.

ADJOURNMENT.

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker I move that the House do now adjourn.

The motion was agreed to and (at 8:10 P. M.) the House adjourned until to-morrow morning at 10 o'clock.

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA

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Session 1915 — 121st of the General Assembly

VOL. 3. HARRISBURG, PA., WEDNESDAY, MARCH 24, 1915. No. 30.

SENATE.

WEDNESDAY, March 24, 1915.

The Senate met at 10 o'clock A. M.

The PRESIDENT (Lieutenant-Governor, Frank B. McClain) in the Chair.

PRAYER.

The Rev. M. D. Lichliter offered the following prayer:

Our Father, We come to Thee seeking such wisdom that whatsoever we say or do this day may be said and done in Thy name. Direct us in our several stations in life and in everything that we do may we seek from Thee that wisdom which cometh from Heaven, and Thou hast promised to give it unto us and upbraid us not. Pardon us of our sins, sanctify our spirit and save us in death, we ask through Christ. Amen.

The PRESIDENT. A quorum of the Senate being present the Clerk will read the Journal of the preceding session.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of the preceding session, when, on motion of Mr. FARLEY, the further reading was dispensed with, and the Journal was approved.

PETITIONS.

AGAINST FULL CREW LAW.

The Chair presented petition of the citizens of Meadville, Crawford County favoring the repeal of the Full Crew Law.

Which was referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

He also presented petition of Westview Chamber of Commerce favoring the repeal of the Full Crew Law.

Which was referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

He also presented petition of the Philadelphia Chamber of Commerce favoring the repeal of the Full Crew Law.

Which was referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

FAVORING EXEMPTION OF GIFTS TO PURELY PUBLIC CHARITIES FROM COLLATERAL INHERITANCE TAX.

He also presented petition of the Methodist Episcopal Hospital of Philadelphia favoring the passage of a law exempting gifts to purely public charities from collateral inheritance tax.

Which was referred to the Committee on Finance.

FAVORING AMENDMENT OF LAWS TO CONFORM TO THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT WITH RESPECT TO THE DATE OF FILING CORPORATION REPORTS.

He also presented petition of the Philadelphia Chamber of Commerce urging the amending of existing laws to conform to the requirements of the Federal Government with respect to filing corporation reports.

Which was referred to the Committee on Corporations.

FAVORING COUNTY LOCAL OPTION LAW.

The Chair presented petition of the Haverford Monthly Meeting of Friends of Montgomery County, Pennsylvania, praying for the passage of a county local option law.

Which was referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

Mr. THOMPSON presented two petitions of citizens of Beaver County praying for the passage of a county local option law.

Which was referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

Mr. BEIDLEMAN presented petition of Harrisburg physicians praying for the passage of a county local option law.

Which was referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. CLARK, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 507, entitled:

An Act authorizing John E. Joos, a resident of the City of Pittsburgh, Allegheny County, Pennsylvania, to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Mr. McNICHOL, from the Committee on Elections, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 530, entitled:

An Act to amend sections seven and eleven of an act entitled "An act to regulate the nomination and election of public officers, requiring certain expenses incident thereto to be paid by the several counties, and punishing certain offences in regard to such elections," approved the 10th day of June, 1893.

Also from the Committee on Elections, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 531, entitled:

An Act to repeal an act approved the 24th day of July, 1913, entitled "An Act to regulate nominations and elections for all elective offices of cities of the second class and all offices of judge of a court of record; providing for non-partisan nominations and elections for said offices; abolishing certain existing methods of nomination in such cases and the use of party or political names or appellations at elections with respect to said offices; imposing certain duties upon the Secretary of the Commonwealth, county commissioners and election officers and clerks; and providing penalties for the violation of the provisions hereof, and the punishment of certain offenses."

Also from the Committee on Elections, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 533, entitled:

An Act to amend sections fifteen and eighteen of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the personal registration of electors and their enrollment as members of political parties in cities of the first and second classes of this Commonwealth to make such registration a condition to the right to vote in such cities and their said enrollment as members of a political party a condition of the right to vote at primaries in said cities and providing for the payment of witness fees for persons summoned before the commissioners to provide penalties for violations of its provisions and to repeal acts inconsistent herewith approved the 24th day of July, 1913.

Also from the Committee on Elections, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 534, entitled:

An Act to amend section six of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the personal registration of electors and their enrollment as members of political parties in cities of the first and second classes of this Commonwealth to make such registration a condition of the right to vote in such cities and their said enrollment as members of a political party a condition of their right to vote at primaries in said cities and providing for the payment of witness fees for persons summoned before the commissioners to provide penalties for violations of its provisions and to repeal acts inconsistent herewith," approved the 24th day of July, 1913.

Also from the Committee on Elections, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 539, entitled:

An Act repealing section three of an act entitled "An Act to regulate the nomination and election of public officers, requiring certain expenses incident thereto to be paid by the several counties, and punishing certain offenses in regard to such elections," approved the 10th day of June, 1893, as amended by an act approved the 9th day of July, 1897.

Also from the Committee on Elections, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 540, entitled:

An Act to amend section five of an act entitled "An Act regulating certain political parties; providing for and regulating the nomination

of candidates of such political parties for certain public offices, the election of delegates and alternate delegates to National party conventions and of certain party officers, including State committeemen; a method whereby electors of such political parties may express their choice of candidates for the office of President of the United States; and the payment by the several counties and their reimbursement by the State of the expenses of the same; authorizing the State Committee of a political party to make, and to alter, amend and revoke, rules; and providing penalties for the violation of the provisions of this act, and for the punishment of certain offenses provided for herein; and repealing inconsistent legislation," approved the 12th day of July, A. D. 1913.

Also from the Committee on Elections, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 629, entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act regulating certain political parties; providing for and regulating the nomination of candidates of such political parties for certain public offices, the electon of delegates and alternate delegates to National party conventions and of certain party officers, including State committeemen, a method whereby electors of such political parties may express their choice of candidates for the office of President of the United States; and the payment by the several counties and their reimbursement by the State of the expenses of the same; authorizing the State Committee of a political party to make and to alter, amend and revoke rules; and providing penalties for the violation of the provisions of this act, and for the punishment of certain offense provided for herein; and repealing inconsistent legislation," approved the 12th day of July, A. D. 1913.

Also from the Committee on Elections, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 630, entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to regulate nominations and elections for all elective offices of cities of the second class and all offices of judge of a court of record providing for non-partisan nominations and elections for said offices; abolishing certain existing methods of nomination in such cases and the use of party or political names or appellations at elections with respect to said offices; imposing certain duties upon the Secretary of the Commonwealth, county commissioners and election officers and clerks; and providing penalties for the violation of the provisions hereof, and the punishment of certain offenses," approved the 24th day of July, A. D. 1913.

Also from the Committee on Elections, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 631, entitled:

An Act to provide for the creation by bodies of electors of political parties not otherwise entitled under the law to participate in primaries and elections, and giving such parties the right to participate in primaries and elections; providing the manner in which such parties may be created; providing the manner in which such parties may have the exclusive right to use certain designated names for their parties or policies; providing a method of objecting to petitions filed for the purpose of obtaining such exclusive right to use a party name under which to participate in primaries and elections; providing for the enrollment of qualified electors so as to entitle them to vote the ballot of such parties at primaries; providing for the designation of a person upon whom shall be served notice of objection to such petitions or other notices required by law to be served upon such parties, and who shall serve such notices as are required to be made or filed by such parties, under the law, in the matter of nomination of candidates; providing for the payment of costs incident to objections to such petitions and also for the expense incident to hold such primaries; providing penalties for violations of the provisions of this act, and the punishment for certain offenses hereunder; and providing for the repeal of inconsistent legislation.

Also from the Committee on Elections, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 627, entitled:

An Act to amend sections one, two and eight of an act, entitled "An Act regulating certain political parties, providing for and regulating the nomination of candidates of such political parties for certain public offices, the election of delegates and alternate delegates to National party conventions and of certain party officers, including State committeemen a method whereby electors of such political parties may express their choice of candidates for the office of President of the United States and the payment by the several counties and their reimbursement by the State of the expenses of the same, authorizing the State Committee of a political party to make and to alter amend and revoke rules and providing penalties for the violation of the provisions of this act and for the punishment of certain offences provided for herein and repealing inconsistent legislation," approved the 12th day of July, 1913.

Also from the Committee on Elections, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 628, entitled:

An Act to amend the fourteenth section of an act, entitled "An Act to further amend the ninth and fourteenth sections of the act, entitled 'An act to regulate the nomination and election of public officers, requiring certain expenses incident thereto to be paid by the several counties,' approved the 10th day of June, 1893, as amended by an act approved the 9th day of July, 1897; also to amend the 22d, 27th, 28th and 30th sections of said act to regulate the nomination and election of public officers, requiring certain expenses incident thereto to be paid by the several counties, and punishing certain offences in regard to such elections, approved the 10th day of June, 1893, by repealing the limit upon the number of times the names of candidates shall appear on the official ballot; by specifying the form, contents and manner of printing and counting of official ballots, and of announcing the total vote; by directing the manner in which voters may designate their choice of candidates and their votes upon constitutional amendments or other questions submitted for their votes; by prescribing the duties of voters, election officers, police officers, constables deputy constables and helpers; and prescribing forms of punishment for violations thereof."

Also from the Committee on Public Roads and Highways, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 373, entitled:

An Act to repeal sections one and two of an act approved the 24th day of April, 1901, entitled "An Act to encourage the use of wide tires upon wagons upon the public highways of this Commonwealth, and providing penalties for its violation."

Mr. MILLS, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 444 (House Bill No. 513), entitled:

An Act relating to the satisfaction of mortgages under power of attorney directed to the recorder of deeds.

Mr. JENKINS, from the Committee on the Judiciary General, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 459, entitled:

An Act to amend section one of an act, entitled "An Act permitting in certain cases imposition of costs upon the proper county, in proceedings for the commitment of an alleged insane person," approved the 20th day of June, A. D. 1911.

Also from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 492, entitled:

An Act validating certain divorces.

Mr. PHIPPS, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 468, entitled:

An Act supplementing and amending section nine of an act, entitled "An Act establishing a court for the county of Philadelphia, prescribing its jurisdiction and powers; providing for the service of its writs, process or warrants by the proper officers of the county or city of Philadelphia; regulating the procedure therein and appeals therefrom, and providing for the expenses thereof;" approved the 12th day of July, 1913, by increasing the amount of salary to be paid to the chief probation officer and to additional probation officers.

Mr. VARE, from the Committee on Municipal Affairs, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 192 (House Bill No. 10), entitled:

An Act regulating the manner of payment of county employes in counties having a population over one million.

Also from the Committee on Municipal Affairs, reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 190 (House Bill No. 104), entitled:

An Act regulating the manner and time of payment of employes of cities of the first class.

Mr. TOMPKINS, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 194 (House Bill No. 95), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the 24th day of February, 1834, entitled "An act relating to executors and administrators," as amended.

Mr. DAIX, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 409, entitled:

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution of this Commonwealth in accordance with provisions of the eighteenth (XVIII) article thereof.

Mr. HOKE, from the Committee on Education, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 428, entitled:

An Act to create in Pennsylvania what shall be known as "Bird Day" and requiring all teachers in our public schools upon that day to make a special effort in teaching the value of the lifework of birds to our people.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

Mr. McNICHOL read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 639, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the 11th day of May, 1911, entitled "An Act to provide for the appointment of

county and city inspectors or weights and measures; providing for their compensation and expenses; prescribing their duties; prohibiting vendors from giving false or insufficient weights; and fixing the penalties for the violation of the provisions hereof," by granting supervision over the inspectors to the Bureau of Standards; and providing clerical help incidental thereto.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

Mr. HOKE read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 640, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Highway Department to cover a deficiency in the general appropriation of one thousand nine hundred and thirteen for acquiring turnpike roads.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. MARTIN read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 641, entitled:

An Act authorizing and regulating the construction of a bridge over the Susquehanna River between Dalmatia and McKees Half Falls, and making an appropriation therefor.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. THOMPSON read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 642, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Public Service Commission when requested to compel the physical connection of telephone toll lines and compel telephone companies to receive and transmit messages from other telephone companies toll lines, and to regulate and proportion the charges therefor.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

TIME OF NEXT MEETING.

Mr. VARE offered the following resolution, which was twice read, considered and agreed to:

Resolved (If the House of Representatives concur), That when the Senate adjourns this week it shall be to reconvene on Monday afternoon, March twenty-ninth, at four o'clock, and that when the House of Representatives adjourns this week it shall be to reconvene on Monday evening, March twenty-ninth, at eight o'clock.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

SENATE BILL NO. 92 RECALLED FROM THE GOVERNOR.

Mr. THOMPSON offered the following resolution, which was twice read, considered and agreed to:

In the Senate, March 24, 1915.

Resolved (If the House of Representatives concur), That Senate Bill No. 92, entitled "An Act requiring certain petitions and papers to be verified before being considered by the court," be recalled from the Governor for the purpose of amendment.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. CHARLES A. SNYDER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from Committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. CHARLES A. SNYDER, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 639, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the 11th day of May, 1911, entitled "An Act to provide for the appointment of county and city inspectors of weights and measures; providing for their compensation and expenses; prescribing their duties; prohibiting vendors from giving false or insufficient weights; and fixing the penalties for the violation of the provisions hereof," by granting supervision over the inspectors to the Bureau of Standards; and providing clerical help incidental thereto.

BILLS ON FINAL PASSAGE RECALLED FROM THE GOVERNOR.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate resumed the consideration of Senate Bill No. 29, as follows:

An Act amending sections 8 and 9 of an act entitled "An Act to establish a county court for the county of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof" approved the fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven as amended by changing the practice of the court with regard to trials and by providing that appeals from the judgment of the court in all civil actions shall be taken by leave of the court of common pleas and prescribing the practice and the powers of the court of common pleas in such cases and providing for an appeal to the Superior Courts from judgments of the court of common pleas upon writs of certiorari issued to the county court

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section eight of an act, entitled "An Act to establish a county court for the county of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof" approved the fifth day of May nineteen hundred and eleven which as amended reads as follows

"Section 8 Upon request in writing filed with the clerk by the plaintiff at the time of filing his statement of claim or by the defendant upon filing his defense accompanied by the payment of a jury fee of four dollars by the party making such request to be taxed as part of the costs of the case the court shall direct trial by jury in the manner now provided by law the jurors to be summoned and paid as they are for the courts of common pleas of said county Provided however That when a jury trial is demanded the court shall make a separate list of such cases from time to time as are put at issue and proceed to the trial and determination of said cases at the county seat" be and the same is hereby further amended to read as follows

"Section 8 At the time of filing the statement of claim and before it shall be received by the clerk there shall be contained on the back thereof an endorsement made by the plaintiff or his counsel as follows "Jury trial demanded" or "It is agreed that this case be tried by a judge without a jury" If the plaintiff demands a jury trial he shall at the time of filing his statement pay to the prothonotary a jury fee of four dollars Every answer where the plaintiff has not demanded a jury trial shall contain on the back thereof a similar endorsement and if the defendant demands a jury trial he shall at the time of filing his answer pay to the clerk a jury fee of four dollars and said jury fee by whomsoever paid shall be taxed as part of the costs of the case If both parties have filed agreements as aforesaid that the case may be tried by a judge without a jury it shall be so tried under such rules of procedure as the court shall prescribe Provided that at the trial in the county court of cases before a judge without a jury either party may present to the trial judge such requests for findings of law or fact as he may desire which requests shall be answered by the trial judge to which answers either party may within the time prescribed by the court except and thereupon such requests for findings and the answers of the court thereto shall become part of the record The testimony shall be taken stenographically at the expense of the county and transcribed at the expense of the party desiring such transcript or at the expense of the county if the court so orders and such testimony when transcribed and certified by the trial judge shall also become part of the record When a jury trial is demanded by either party the court shall direct trial by jury in the manner now provided by law the jurors to be summoned and paid as they are for the courts of common pleas of said county Provided further that when a jury trial is demanded the court shall make a separate list of such cases from time to time as are put at issue and proceed to the trial and determination of said cases at the county seat

Section 2 That section nine of the above mentioned act which as amended and supplemented by section four of an act approved the second day of April nineteen hundred and thirteen and by section one of an act approved the twenty-third day of May nineteen hundred and thirteen reads as follows

"Section 9 Either party may within ten days after the entry by said court of any judgment in any civil action appeal therefrom to the court of common pleas of said county by taking and perfecting an appeal in the manner following

The party appealing shall procure from the county court a transcript duly certified under the seal of the court showing the proceedings had in said cases and shall file the same in the office of the prothonotary of said county and at the time of filing the same shall also make affidavit that the said appeal is not taken for the purpose of delay The appellant shall give bail absolute in a sum and with surety or sureties to be approved as hereinafter provided for his compliance with any judgment that may be finally rendered against him and for payment of all interest and costs likely to accrue All costs accrued up to the time of filing the transcript shall be paid by appellant in the first instance and if the appellant shall finally recover judg-

ment in the case appealed he shall be entitled to receive and collect from the adverse party the costs so as aforesaid paid on appeal

The costs on appeals accruing at and from the time of filing the transcript shall abide the event of the suit and be paid by the unsuccessful party as in other cases Provided That if the plaintiff be the appellant he shall pay all costs which may accrue on the appeal if in the event of the suit he shall not recover a greater sum or a more favorable judgment exclusive of interest than was rendered by the county court And provided also That if the defendant either on the trial of the cause before the county court or before an appeal is taken shall offer to give the plaintiff a judgment for an amount which the defendant shall admit to be due and if said plaintiff shall not accept such offer then and in that case if the defendant shall appeal the plaintiff shall pay all the costs which shall accrue on the appeal if he shall not in the event of the suit recover a greater amount than that for which the defendant offered to give a judgment and in both cases the defendants bill shall be taxed and paid by the plaintiff in the same manner as if a judgment had been rendered in court for the defendant But provided further That in all cases where the judgment of the county court shall be in favor of defendant on a counter claim then the terms plaintiff and defendant in the foregoing provisions relating to costs on appeals shall be taken as inverted Any appellant shall have the right to appeal and demand and receive transcripts without payment of costs upon his making and filing with the judge approving the appeal bond an affidavit that he is unable through poverty to pay said costs provided said judge shall be satisfied of the truth of the statements in such affidavit All appeals taken and perfected in the manner above provided shall operate as a supersedeas The amounts of the penalties of and the sureties upon such bonds shall be approved by a judge of the county court

Or within ten days after the entry of judgment in any civil action either party may after such notice to the opposite party as the common pleas court shall require apply to any court of common pleas of said county or any judge thereof for leave to appeal the case to the common pleas court And if such appeal be allowed then after payment of costs in the county court as aforesaid unless the appeal be taken in forma papueris and upon filing the certified copy of said order of allowance the transcript shall be filed with the prothonotary as above provided but said appeal shall not operate as a supersedeas unless the court or judge allowing such appeal shall so order

Any party shall be entitled within ten days from the date of judgment or within such further time as the court of common pleas may grant to a writ of certiorari to remove the record to any court of common pleas of said county in the manner as now provided by law in regard to writs of certiorari issuing out of said common pleas but such certiorari shall not operate as a supersedeas unless bail absolute for said judgment interest and costs shall be given and approved by the court of common pleas from which such writ of certiorari issues

Provided That in all cases in said county court where judgment shall have been entered on the verdict of a jury no appeal to the common pleas court shall be perfected as above set forth until leave to take such appeal has first been obtained by the appellant from the court of common pleas or a judge thereof The application for leave to appeal shall be by petition to the common pleas court setting forth the reasons why a retrial of issue of fact is necessary to prevent an injustice This petition shall be heard after such notice to the adverse party as the common pleas court shall prescribe and if leave to take such appeal be granted a copy of the order allowing the appeal shall be filed in the office of the clerk of the county court" be and the same is hereby further amended and supplemented to read as follows

Section 9 Either party may within ten days after the allowance of an appeal to the court of common pleas as herein provided in any civil action appeal to the court of common pleas of said county by taking and perfecting an appeal in the manner following

The party appealing shall procure from the county court a transcript duly certified under the seal of the court showing the proceedings had in said cases and shall file the same in the office of the prothonotary of said county and at the time of filing the same shall also make affidavit that the said appeal is not taken for the purpose of delay The appellant shall give bail absolute in a sum and with surety or sureties to be approved as hereinafter provided for his compliance with any judgment that may be finally rendered against him and for payment of all interest and costs likely to accure All costs accrued up to the time of filing the transcript shall be paid by appellant in the first instance and if the appellant shall finally recover judgment in the case appealed he shall be entitled to receive and collect from the adverse party the costs so as aforesaid paid on appeal

The costs on appeals accruing at and from the time of filing the transcript shall abide the event of the suit and be paid by the unsuccessful party as in other cases Provided That if the plaintiff be the appellant he shall pay all costs which may accrue on the appeal if in the event of the suit he shall not recover a greater sum or a more favorable judgment exclusive of interest than was rendered by the county court

And provided also That if the defendant either on the trial of the cause before the county court or before an appeal is taken shall offer to give the plaintiff a judgment for an amount which the defendant shall admit to be due and if the said plaintiff shall not accept such offer then and in that case if the defendant shall appeal the plaintiff shall pay all the costs which shall accrue on the appeal if he shall not in the event of the suit recover a greater amount than that for which the defendant offered to give a judgment and in both cases the defendants bill shall be taxed and paid by the plaintiff in the same manner as if a judgment had been rendered in court for the defendant But provided further That in all cases where the judgment of the county court shall be in favor of defendant on a counter-claim then the terms plaintiff and defendant in the foregoing provisions relating to costs on appeals shall be taken as inverted Any appellant shall have the right to appeal and demand and receive transcripts without payment of costs upon his making and filing with the judge approving the appeal bond an affidavit that he is unable through poverty to pay said costs provided said judge shall be satisfied of the truth of the statements in such affidavit All appeals taken and perfected in the manner above provided shall operate as a supersedeas The amount of the penalties of and the sureties upon such bonds shall be approved by a judge of the county court but in allowing the appeal the common pleas court may for proper cause order that no bond be required or may otherwise prescribe the conditions of allowance of said appeals as may be just and proper under the circumstances

Any party shall be entitled within ten days from the date of judgment or within such further time as the court of common pleas may grant to a writ of certiorari to remove the record to any court of common pleas of said county in the manner as now provided by law in regards to writs of certiorari issuing out of said common pleas but such certiorari shall not operate as a supersedeas unless bail absolute for said judgment interest and costs shall be given and approved by the court of common pleas from which such writ of certiorari issues

From a final judgment of the said common pleas court upon a certiorari issued as aforesaid an appeal may be taken to the Superior Court in the same manner as appeals are taken from other final judgments of the said court of common pleas and this right of appeal to the Suprior Court shall apply to pending cases in which the time for such appeal has not yet expired

Provided that no appeal to the common pleas court shall be perfected as above set forth until leave to take such appeal has first been obtained by the appellant from the court of common pleas or a judge thereof The application for leave to appeal shall be by petition to the common pleas court setting forth the reasons why a retrial of issues of fact is necessary to prevent an injustice This petition shall be heard after such notice to the adverse party as the common pleas court shall prescribe and if leave to take such appeal be granted a copy of the order allowing the appeal shall be filed in the office of the clerk of the county court Where error is alleged in a finding of fact it shall be the duty of the court of common pleas to examine the testimony and if from such examination the said court shall entertain doubt of the correctness of such finding the said appeal shall be allowed Said application for leave to appeal shall be made to the common pleas court within ten days after the entry of judgment by the county court but where the case has been tried in the county court by a judge without a jury and a motion to open the judgment has been made within said court within such time as the county court may prescribe then the ten days for making application to appeal shall run from the date of the judgment of the county court on the motion to open judgment In disposing of the application for leave to appeal the court of common pleas may in its discretion direct the entry by the county court of such judgment as may be proper on its whole record and from such order of the common pleas court an appeal shall lie to the Superior Court of Pennsylvania

Said bill having been recalled from the Governor for amendment. The vote had on final passage and third reading on said bill were reconsidered in the Senate and the bill amended.

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—42.

Beidleman,	Gerberich,	Martin,	Semmens,
Buckman,	Graff,	McConnell,	Sensenich,
Burke,	Gyger,	McKee, W. S.,	Smith, W. W.,
Catlin,	Hackett,	McNichol,	Snyder, C. A.,
Clark,	Hindman,	Miller,	Sproul,
Croft,	Hoke,	Mills,	Stewart,
Crow,	Jenkins,	Patton,	Thompson,
Daix,	Kline,	Phipps,	Vare,
DeWitt,	Kurtz,	Salus,	Warner,
Endsley,	Lynch,	Schantz,	Washers,
Farley,	Magee, C. J.,		

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate resumed the consideration of Senate Bill No. 153, as follows:

An Act to establish and regulate the fees to be charged and collected by sheriffs in counties of this Commonwealth having a population of not less than three hundred thousand nor more than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants as computed by the last preceding United States census the time and manner in which said fees shall be paid the publication and posting of said fees the delivery of an itemized receipt for official fees and legal costs received and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from and after the passage and approval of this act the fees to be received by sheriffs in counties of this Commonwealth having a population of not less than three hundred thousand nor more than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants as computed by the last preceeding United States census shall be as follows

For receiving docketing and making return thereof for each writ of scire facias replevin returno habenda summons foreign attachment attachment execution subpoena in divorce alias subpoena in divorce satisfaction of mortgage injunction mandamus quo warranto bill in equity rule decree order citation subpoena series of interrogatories proclamation or notice of any kind in any civil action issued out of any court or required by law or rule of court one dollar

For serving such processes or any statement of claim personally or by copy one dollar and fifty cents and mileage

For each additional defendant or party served or copy posted fifty cents and mileage

For making each copy served or posted forty cents

For return of tarde venit fifty cents

For return of non est inventus fifty cents and mileage

Provided However that no charge for service shall be made an alias or pluries writ if the same has been charged upon the original

For serving the same by publication in one or more newspapers as required by law or order of court two dollars and seventy-five cents in each case in addition to printer's bill

For serving any rule decree process or order of court not hereinbefore specically provided for he shall charge and receive the same official fees and legal costs as for a writ served in a similar way as hereinbefore provided

For executing writs of levari facias fieri facias venditioni exponas and any writ or order issued out of any court requiring the levy and seizure of lands and tenements and selling the same according to law for receiving docketing and making return thereof two dollars

For levying on each separate piece or parcel of land one dollar and mileage

For advertising to public sale in newspapers each piece or parcel of land two dollars and seventy-five cents in addition to printers bill

For advertising to public sale by hand bills each piece or parcel of land separately described by metes and bounds two dollars and seventy-five cents and mileage in addition to printers bill

For crying the sale of each separate piece or parcel of land separately sold and each adjourned sale one dollar

For clerk hire when necessary per day two dollars

In addition the sheriff shall charge and receive as an official fee a commission charge of two cents on every dollar based upon the total amount bid for the property whether paid to the sheriff or credited to the purchases provided that the amount of same does not exceed one thousand dollars in which case one-half cent (½c) on every dollar in excess of this amount shall be charged in addition

For the settlement or staying of any writs embraced in this section of this act the execution of same not being concluded he shall receive the same fee for receiving docketing and making return for levying advertising mileage and commission upon such sums as would be charged and received if sale had been made upon said writ whether paid to him or to the plaintiff or a compromise be made between plaintiff and defendant

For making and acknowledging any deed for lands and tenements three dollars

For registering the same in second-class cities one dollar

For registering the same in third-class cities one dollar and twenty-five cents

For registering the same in townships one dollar and fifteen cents

For mileage actually travelled and necessary

For the fee of the prothonotary for the acknowledgment

For the fee of the recorder for recording

All of which fees shall be paid by the purchaser

For executing any writ of inquiry partition appraisement venire facias or any similar writ issued by any court alderman justice of the peace or commissioner under any act of assembly for receiving docketing and making return thereof one dollar

For summoning personally or by copy for first service one dollar and fifty cents and mileage

For each additional service personally or by copy or posting fifty cents and mileage

For making each copy served or posted forty cents

For summoning and swearing jurors four dolla

For execution of writ four dollars

For holding inquisition four dollars per day and mileage if same be held upon the premises in addition to jurors' artist's or surveyor's fees and necessary expenses

For serving the same by publication in one or more newspapers as required by law or order of court two dollars and seventy-five cents in addition to printer's bill

For delivering lands to plaintiff in inquisition or similar proceedings two dollars and seventy-five cents and no commission in such case shall be charged

For executing fieri facias attachment foreign attachment returno habenda and replevin or any writ or order issued out of any court requiring the levy and seizure of property and selling the same according to law for receiving docketing and making return thereof two dollars

For each levy on personal property one dollar and mileage

For clerk hire at said sale per day two dollars

For advertising personal property to public sale two dollars and seventy-five cents and mileage

In addition the sheriff shall charge and receive as an official fee a commission charge of two cents on every dollar based upon the total amount realized from said sale whether paid to the sheriff or credited to the purchaser on account of any writ provided that the amount of same does not exceed one thousand dollars in which case one-half cents (½c) on every dollar in excess of that amount shall be charged in addition

For watchmen taking charge of property levied upon when necessary for each legal day of eight hours two dollars

For insurance arranging goods for sale heat light storage rent transportation feeding live stock and similar expenses incurred in caring for and keeping the goods and chattels levied upon when the same is necessary and advantageous or when requested by the defendant or plaintiff to incur any such expense the actual cost thereof

For the settlement or staying of any writ embraced in this section of this act the execution of the same not being concluded he shall receive the same fees for receiving docketing and returning levying advertising mileage and commission upon such sums as would be charged and received if sale had been made upon said writ whether paid to him or to the plaintiff or a compromise be made between plaintiff and defendant

For the appraisement of personal property by virtue of any act of Assembly four dollars Each appraiser to receive the sum of one dollar and the sheriff one dollar for each appraisement provided that in any case where the appraisement of a large quantity of goods shall be required the sheriff may apply by petition to the court or a judge thereof having jurisdiction over said matter setting forth the facts and said court or judge may make an order fixing the sum to be allowed and paid to the sheriff as the proper cost of making such appraisement which sum so fixed and allowed shall be taxed as the sheriff's proper legal costs in addition to the official fee of one dollar to be charged and collected by him

For notifying the Auditor-General of proposed sale of the property or the franchises of any corporation or joint stock association three dollars

For executing venire facias or venire facias jurotores issued out of any court for receiving docketing and making return thereof on each venire two dollars

For drawing from jury wheel and summoning each juror drawn one dollar and mileage and necessary expenses

All of which fees shall be paid by the county

For executing writs of habere facias liberari facias dower possessionem or possessory process requiring the delivery of possession of real estate or ejecting or dispossessing any person or persons of their effects five dollars and mileage and reasonable costs for help when absolutely necessary in addition to the costs of sale when made

For executing any process warrant capias attachment decree sentence or order of court issued out of any court where the defendant's body is taken into custody as follows

For receiving docketing and making return thereof one dollar

For each arrest one dollar and mileage in addition to necessary help and expenses

For transportation of each prisoner ten cents per mile

For each commitment to jail or place of detention of any juvenile court in any criminal or civil matter fifty cents

All of which fees shall be paid by the county

For discharging a prisoner from jail or place of detention of any juvenile court in any criminal or civil case fifty cents

For executing bail piece or taking bond in any matter whether civil or criminal one dollar

He shall receive for the indictment in each oyer and terminer case the sum of three dollars and in each quarter session court case the sum of one dollar and fifty cents

For each bill ignored by the grand jury one dollar and fifty cents

For each case acted upon by any juvenile court one dollar and fifty cents

For each non-support or desertion case acted upon by any court the sum of one dollar and fifty cents

All of which fees shall be paid by the county

For removing an insane person to any institution for the confinement of the insane or any person to the penitentiary workhouse Huntingdon Reformatory or to any charitable institution or any institution where persons are confined or detained under any commitment sentence or order of court two dollars and fifty cents on each commitment or order in addition to mileage and necessary expenses provided however that the mileage for the person in charge under

commitment or order shall be based upon the miles actually traveled by him

All of which fees shall be paid by the county

For attending court bringing into and removing therefrom prisoners for arraignment trial and sentence the sum of four dollars per day for the sheriff or each deputy for each and every day of oyer and terminer court quarter sessions court juvenile court or county court where the sheriff or deputy is actually present to be paid by the county

For levying or paying out fines three cents per dollar to be paid by the party receiving the fine

For advertising general or special elections two dollars and seventy-five cents to be paid by the county

For advertising general or special elections by hand bills for each polling place two dollars and seventy-five cents and mileage to be paid by the county

For serving notice on the judge of each election district in special elections seventy-five cents to be paid by the county

For services performed in his capacity as a conservator of the peace or police officer in suppressing riots mobs or insurrections and when discharging the duty requiring the summoning of a posse comitatus or special deputy sheriffs the sheriff shall receive a per diem compensation of not less than ten dollars and as much more as is commensurate with the services performed together with the mileage and necessary expenses including subsistence for himself and those under him to be paid by the county unless otherwise provided by law

For mileage in serving or executing any of the writs rules decrees orders or processes or performing any of the duties for service herein specified and intended to be authorized by law the sheriff shall be entitled to charge and receive and may tax as official fees ten cents a mile for each mile actually traveled and necessary and the same shall be allowed upon each separate writ rule order decree process or service performed provided that he shall not receive more than one mileage where the plaintiff and defendant in two or more contemporaneous writs are the same

For the executing of any matter directed to the sheriff or authorized by law or rule of court the service of which is not herein provided for the sheriff shall receive the same official fees and legal costs as for similar services herein provided for

Section 2 All official fees and legal costs which are or shall be charged and received by the sheriff shall be payable upon demand In case he does not demand such costs in advance he shall file with each return he makes an itemized list of said fees and costs and if no exceptions be filed to the same within thirty days from the time of filing the same said fees and costs shall be considered taxed and confirmed absolutely and become a judgment in law and the said sheriff may issue an execution and collect the same without further suit

Section 3 The several sheriffs of this Commonwealth shall and are hereby required to make fair tables of their respective fees according to this act and to publish and keep a copy of the same in some conspicuous place in their offices within three months from the passage of this act

Section 4 It shall be the duty of every sheriff his deputy or agent if demand for that purpose shall be made immediately after receiving any of his official fees and legal costs or any written security therefor to deliver a bill of particulars specifying the several items contained therein and the amount thereof to the party paying said fees and to give a receipt therefor or to endorse on such written security when taken that the same was given for fees and legal costs and to sign the endorsement so made

Section 5 This act is intended as an entire and complete fee bill for sheriffs in counties of this Commonwealth having a poulation of not less than three hundred thousand nor more than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants as computed by the last preceding United States census and the following acts or parts of acts to wit

Section 6 of an act entitled "An Act for supplying an act entitled 'An act for the effectual recovering and securing the fines forfeitures and other moneys due or belonging to the Commonwealth for the use of the same'" passed December ninth one thousand seven hundred and eighty-three (two Smith's Laws eighty-four)

Section one of an act entitled "An Act for the better personal liberty and preventing wrongful imprisonments" passed February eighteenth one thousand seven hundred eighty-five (two Smith's Laws two hundred seventy-five) so far as the same relates to the fees of the sheriff

Section ten of an act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to establish the judicial courts of this Commonwealth in conformity to the alterations and amendments in this constitution'" passed September thirtieth one thousand seven hundred and ninety-one (three Smith's Laws fifty-eight) so far as the same relates to the fees of the sheriff

Section thirteen of an act entitled "An Act directing the mode of selecting and returning jurors" Passed March twenty-ninth one thousand eight hundred and five (four Smith's Laws two hundred and thirty-seven)

Section twenty-six of an act entitled "An Act to amend and consolidate the several acts relating to the settlement of the public accounts and the payment of the public monies and for other purposes" Passed March thirteith one thousand eight hundred and eleven (five Smith's Laws two hundred and twenty-eight)

Section thirty-four of an act entitled "An Act to amend and consolidate the several acts relating to the settlement of the public accounts and the payment of the public monies and for other purposes" Passed March thirtieth one thousand eight hundred and eleven (five Smith's Laws two hundred and twenty-eight) so far as the same relates to the fees of the sheriff

Sections twenty-five twenty-six and twenty-seven of an act entitled "An Act establishing a fee bill" Passed March twenty-eighth one thousand eight hundred and fourteen (six Smith's Laws two hundred twenty-eight)

Sections three fourteen and fifteen of an act entitled "An Act to alter and amend the fee bill" Passed February twenty-second one thousand eight hundred and twenty-one (seven Smith's Laws three hundred and sixty-seven)

An Act entitled "An Act relative to the appointment and payment of the criers of the courts of the county of Allegheny" Approved March thirty-one one thousand eight hundred and twenty-eight (Pamphlet Laws two hundred and thirty-six)

Section sixty of an act entitled "An Act relating to orphans' courts" Approved March twenty-ninth one thousand eight hundred and thirty-two (Pamphlet Laws one hundred and ninety)

An Act entitled "An Act supplementary to an act entitled 'An Act to alter and amend the fee bill' passed the twenty-second day of February Anno Domini eighteen hundred and twenty-one" Approved April fourteenth one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four (Pamphlet Laws three hundred and seventy-eight)

Section seventy-nine of an act entitled "An Act relating to counties and townships and county and township officers" approved April fifteenth one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four (Pamphlet Laws five hundred and thirty-seven)

Section eleven of an act entitled "An Act relative to lunatics and habitual drunkards" Approved June thirteenth one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six (Pamphlet Laws five hundred and eighty-nine)

Section two of an act entitled "An act to exempt property to the value of three hundred dollars from levy and sale on execution and distress for rent" Approved April ninth one thousand eight hundred and forty-nine (Pamphlet Laws five hundred and thirty-three) so far as the same relates to the costs of appraisement

Section three of an act entitled "An Act relating to judgments relative to writs of estrepment and the fees of sheriffs and constables and partitions" Approved May fourth one thousand eight hundred and fifty-two (Pamphlet Laws five hundred and eighty-four)

An Act entitled "A further supplement to the act relating to county rates and levies and township rates and levies and to the act relating to counties and townships and county and township officers" approved March thirtieth one thousand eight hundred and fifty-five (Pamphlet Laws one hundred and sixty)

Section two of an act entitled "A Supplement to an act relative to suits in dower and partition passed twentieth February one thousand eight hundred and fifty-four" Approved April seventeenth one thousand eight hundred and fifty-six (Pamphlet Laws three hundred and eighty-six)

Section twenty-nine of an act entitled "An Act relating to Allegheny county" Approved May first one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one (Pamphlet Laws four hundred and fifty)

An Act entitled "An Act relative to the service of summons on jurors in Allegheny county and regulating compensation" Approved April fifth one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six (Pamphlet Laws five hundred twenty-one) so far as the same relates to the compensation of the sheriff

Section two of an act entitled "A Supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to consolidate revise and amend the laws of this Commonwealth relating to penal proceedings and pleadings' passed the thirty-first day of March Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty" Approved April seventeenth one thousand eight hundred sixty-six (Pamphlet Laws one hundred and twelve)

Section two of an act entitled "An Act to ascertain and appoint the fees to be received by the several officers of this Commonwealth" Approved April second one thousand eight hundred and sixty-eight (Pamphlet Laws three)

Section six of an act entitled "An Act relating to the appraisement of real estate devised by any last will and testament within this Commonwealth" Approved April seventeenth one thousand eight hundred and sixty-nine (Pamphlet Laws seventy-two) so far as the same relates to the fees to be received by the sheriff

Section three of an act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'A supplement to an act for the better management of the Allegheny county prison' approved the first day of February Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six" Approved March eighth one thouand eight hundred and seventy-one (Pamphlet Laws one hundred and eighty-four) so far as the same relates to the fee or compensation of the sheriff

Section fourteen of an act entitled "An act relating to the fees salaries and duties of certain officers in Allegheny county" Approved April sixth one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one (Pamphlet Laws four hundred and seventy-six) so far as the same relates to the fees to be received by the sheriff

Sections one two and four of an act entitled "A further supplement to an act entitled 'An act relative to the fees salaries and duties of certain county officers in Allegheny county' approved April sixth Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one relating to the salaries of the sheriff and his deputies and expenses of the sheriff's office" Approved April third one thousand eight hundred seventy-three (Pamphlet Laws four hundred and ninety-six)

An act entitled "An act to fix the fees of sheriffs in counties containing over three hundred thousand inhabitants and of those performing duties under them and the manner of collecting and paying the same" approved April first one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven (Pamphlet Laws fifteen)

Section seven of an act entitled "An act relating to procedings where goods or chattels have been levied upon or seized by the sheriff and claimed to belong to others than the defendant in the execution or process" approved May twenty-sixth one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven (Pamphlet Laws ninety-five) so far as the cost of making an appraisement of goods and chattels is fixed and established

Section two of an act entitled "An Act to aid the Auditor General in the collection of taxes due the Commonwealth from corporations limited partnerships and joint-stock associations" Approved May twenty-ninth one thousand nine hundred and one (Pamphlet Laws three hundred and forty-four)

An Act entitled "An Act to regulate and establish the fees to be charged by sheriffs in this Commonwealth and to provide for the taxation and collection of the same" Approved July eleventh one thousand nine hundred and one (Pamphlet Laws six hundred and sixty-three)

Section one of an act entitled "An Act to supplement an act entitled 'An Act defining the powers of the several courts of quarter sessions of the peace within this Commonwealth with reference to the care treatment and control of dependent neglected incorrigible and delinquent children under the age of sixteen years and providing for the means in which such power may be exercised' approved April twenty-three one thousand nine hundred and three" Approved June seventh one thouand nine hundred and seven (Pamphlet Laws four hundred and thirty-eight)

Together with any and all other Acts of Assembly general special or local or any parts thereof that are in any way in conflict or inconsistent with this act or any part thereof shall at the time of the taking effect of this act be and the same are hereby repealed

Said bill having been recalled from the Governor for amendment. The vote had on final passage and third reading on said bill were reconsidered in the Senate and the bill amended.

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—31.

Beidleman,	Endsley,	McConnell,	**Snyder, P. W.,**
Buckman,	Farley,	McKee, W. S.,	Sones,
Burke,	Graff,	McNichol,	Stewart,
Catlin,	Hindman,	Phipps,	Thompson,
Clark,	Hoke,	Schantz,	Tompkins,
Croft,	Lynch,	Semmens,	Vare,
Crow,	Magee, C. J.	Smith, R. E.,	Wasbers,
DeWitt,	Martin,	Snyder, C. A.,	

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 167 entitled:

An Act to amend section three of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the appointment of Game Comimssioners for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania defining their duties and empowering them to appoint game protectors" approved the twenty-fifth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hunudred and ninety-five as amended by the act of the fifteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven Pamphlet Laws nine hundred and sixty authorizing the Board of Game Commissioners to increase its force of game protectors from thirty to sixty

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—47

Beidleman,	Graff,	McKee, W. S.,	Smith, W. W.,
Buckman,	Gyger,	McNichol,	Snyder, C. A.,
Burke,	Hindman,	Miller,	**Snyder, P. W.,**
Catlin,	Hoke,	Mills,	Sones,
Clark,	**Homsher,**	**Moore,**	Sproul,
Croft,	Jenkins,	Patton,	Stewart,
Crow,	Kline,	Phipps,	Thompson,
Daix,	**Kurtz,**	Salus,	Tompkins,
DeWitt,	Lynch,	Schantz,	Vare,
Endsley,	Magee, C. J.	Semmens,	Warner,
Farley,	Martin,	Sensenich,	Washers,
Gerberich,	McConnell,	Smith, R. E.,	

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 213 entitled:

An Act to amend section one of article four of an act approved the twenty-seventh day of June one thousand nine hundred and thirteen Pamphlet Laws five hundred and sixty-eight entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation regulation and gavernment of cities of the third class regulating nomination and election of municipal officers therein and repealing consolidation and extending existing laws in relation thereto"

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—44.

Beidleman,	Gerberich,	McKee, W. S.,	Smith, W. W.,
Buckman,	Graff,	McNichol,	Snyder, C. A.,
Burke,	Hindman,	Miller,	Snyder, P. W.,
Catlin,	Hoke,	Mills,	Sones,
Clark,	Jenkins,	**Patton,**	**Sproul,**
Croft,	Kline,	Phipps,	Stewart,
Crow,	**Kurtz,**	Salus,	**Thompson,**
Daix,	Lynch,	Schantz,	Tompkins,
DeWitt,	Magee, C. J.	Semmens,	Vare,
Endsley,	Martin,	Sensenich,	Warner.
Farley,	McConnell,	Smith, R. E.,	Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILL OVER IN ORDER.

Mr. BUCKMAN: Mr. President, I ask that Senate Bill No. 302, on third reading, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the thirteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act establishing in counties containing a population of from eight hundred thousand to one million four hundred thousand a board for the assessment and revision of taxes for state and county purposes prescribing the method of their appointment their powers and duties fixing their salary to be paid by the proper county and abolishing the office of ward borough and township assessors in so far as respects the assessment of State and county taxes

go over in its order.

The President: Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate bill No. 332 (House bill No. 48 as follows:

An Act enabling townships of the first class to provide regulate and protect a system of water supply and to contract with certain adjoining municipalities for such water and granting and regulating the right of eminent domain and the right to occupy highways

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That any township of the first class is empowered to contract with any adjoining municipality owning a water-works system for a supply of water for public and private uses to be delivered into the lines of the township at or near the boundary thereof

This section does not authorize a contract between a township of the first class and a municipality for the supply of water in territory being supplied by a private company

Section 2 A township making such contract may by ordinance provide and regulate and protect a system of distribution of the waetr After a certified copy of the plans and surveys for such system with a description of the sources from which it is proposed to derive the supply are filed in the Department of Health and a written permit for the construction of such system obtained from the Commissioner of Health in accordance with the provisions of the act of April twenty-second one thousand nine hundred and five entitled "An Act to preserve the purity of the waters of the State for the protection of the public health"

Section 3 In providing for regulating and protecting and extending its system of distribution of water the township may occupy public high-

ways and may take injure or destroy private property compensation for which taking injury or destruction to be made or secured as hereinafter in this act provided Property belonging to or used as a cemetery or a place of public worship or any public or parochial school or other educational or charitable institution or seminary shall not be taken injured or destroyed by virtue of this act

Section 4 If the compensation and damages arising from such taking injury or destruction of private property cannot be agreed upon the township may tender its bond as security to the party claiming or entitled to any damages or to the attorney or agent of any absent person or to the agent or other officer of a corporation or to the guardian or committee of any person under legal incapacity The condition of the bond shall be that the township shall pay or cause to be paid such amount of damages as the party shall be entitled to receive after the same shall have been agreed upon or assessed in the manner provided in this act In case the party or parties claiming damages refuse or do not accept the security so tendered the township shall then give the party his or their agent attorney guardian or committee at least ten days written notice of the time when the same will be presented to the court of common pleas for approval Thereafter the township may present its bond to the court and when approved the said bond shall be filed in court for the benefit of those interested and recovery may be had thereon for the amount of damages finally determined if the same be not paid or cannot be made by execution on the judgment in the issue formed to try the question and upon the approval of said security the township may enter into possession take hold use and unjoy said land for the purpose aforesaid forever

Section 5 In case the compensation or damages accruing from such taking injury or destruction has not been agreed upon by the parties in interest the court of common pleas or any law judge thereof in vacation on application thereto by the township or any person interested in such property shall appoint three members of the board of viewers of the county as a board of view and appoint a time not less than ten nor more than twenty days thereafter when the board of view shall meet upon the property and view the same and the premises affected thereby The board of view shall give at least five days personal notice of the time of their first meeting upon the owners agents attorneys or representatives thereof if the same reside within the county otherwise by handbills posted upon the premises or by such other notice as the court shall direct The board of view having been duly sworn or affirmed faithfully justly and impartially to decide and true report to make concerning all matters and things submitted to them in relation to which they are authorized to inquire under the provisions of this act and having viewed the premises or examined the property shall hear all parties interested and their witnesses and having due regard to the advantages and disadvantages shall estimate and determine the damages for the property taken used or appropriated and to whom the same are payable they shall give at least ten days notice thereof in the manner herein provided to all parties interested of the time and place when the board of view will meet and exhibit said report and hear any exceptions thereto After making whatever changes are deemed necessary and proper the board of view shall make report to the court showing the damages if any are allowed and file therewith a plan showing the properties taken injured or destroyed and the names of the persons to whom such damages are payable

Section 6 When the report of the board of view or any two of them is filed in court any party may within thirty days thereafter file exceptions to the same and the court may confirm the report or modify change or otherwise correct it or refer it back to the same or new viewers with like power as to their report Or within thirty days from the filing of any report in court any party whose property is so taken used or appropriated may appeal to the court of common pleas of the county and demand a trial by jury Any party interested therein may within thirty days after final decree have an appeal to the superior or supreme court If no exceptions are filed or no demand made for trial by jury within the said thirty days after the filing of said report the same shall become absolute The court may order what notices shall be given in connection with any part of said proceedings and may make all such orders as it may deem requisite

Section 7 The board of view provided for in this act may be appointed before or at any time after the entry taking or appropriation of any property to be used for the purpose aforesaid They shall have power to administer oaths and adjourn their hearings from day to day as they may find necessary

Section 8 The costs of the board of view and all court costs incurred in the proceedings including advertising and printing and posting notices shall be defrayed by the township

Section 9 All damages when determined shall be assessed against and paid by the township so taking injuring or destroying the property as aforesaid

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeaby to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—46.

Beidleman,	Graff,	McKee, W. S.,	Smith, W. W.,
Buckman,	Gyger,	McNichol,	Snyder, C. A.,
Burke,	Hilton,	Miller,	Snyder, P. W.,
Catlin,	Hindman,	Mills,	Sones,
Clark,	Hoke,	Patton,	Sproul,
Croft,	Jenkins,	Phipps,	Stewart,
Crow,	Kline,	Salus,	Thompson,
Daix,	Kurtz,	Schantz,	Tompkins,
DeWitt,	Lynch,	Semmens,	Vare,
Endsley,	Magee, C. J.,	Sensenich,	Warner,
Farley,	Martin,	Smith, R. E.,	Wasbers,
Gerberich,	McConnell,		

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the House is requested.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 359 (House No. 243), entitled:

An Act to repeal an act entitled "An Act to authorize and require road supervisors to erect and maintain suitable foot bridges for the accommodation of pedestrians across streams where public roads cross such streams" approved the twenty-third day of April one thousand nine hundred and nine

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeaby to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—47.

Beidleman,	Graff,	McConnell,	Smith, W. W.,
Buckman,	Gyger,	McKee, W. S.,	Snyder, C. A.,
Burke,	Hilton,	McNichol,	Snyder, P. W.,
Catlin,	Hindman,	Miller,	Sones,
Clark,	Hoke,	Miller,	Sproul,
Croft,	Homsher,	Patton,	Stewart,
Crow,	Jenkins,	Phipps,	Thompson,
Daix,	Kline,	Salus,	Tompkins,
DeWitt,	Kurtz,	Schantz,	Vare,
Endsley,	Lynch,	Semmens,	Warner,
Farley,	Magee, C. J.,	Sensenich,	Wasbers,
Gerberich,	Martin,	Smith, R. E.,	

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 372, entitled:

An Act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act authorizing certain corporations to issue preferred stock of one or more classes providing for the manner of issuance restrictions and regulations in the matter of voting thereof and the rights and privileges of the holders thereof and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent therewith" approved May twenty-eight one thousand nine hundred and thirteen Pamphlet Laws three hundred and seventy-eight

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeaby to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—46.

Beidleman,	Graff,	McKee, W. S.,	Smith, W. W.,
Buckman,	Gyger,	McNichol,	Snyder, C. A.,
Burke,	Hilton,	Miller,	Snyder, P. W.,
Catlin,	Hindman,	Mills,	Sones,
Clark,	Hoke,	Patton,	Sproul,
Croft,	Jenkins,	Phipps,	Stewart,
Crow,	Kline,	Salus,	Thompson,
Daix,	Kurtz,	Schantz,	Tompkins,

DeWitt,	Lynch,	Semmens,	Vare,
Endsley,	Magee, C. J.	Sensenich,	Warner,
Farley,	Martin,	Smith, R. E.,	Washers,
Gerberich,	McConnell,		

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 430, entitled:

An Act relative to the holding of magistrates' courts in cities of the first class

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—46.

Beidleman,	Graff,	McKee, W. S.,	Smith, W. W.,
Buckman,	Gyger,	McNichol,	Snyder, C. A.,
Burke,	Hilton,	Miller,	Snyder, P. W.,
Catlin,	Hindman,	Mills,	Sones,
Clark,	Hoke,	Patton,	Sproul,
Croft,	Jenkins,	Phipps,	Stewart,
Crow,	Kline,	Salus,	Thompson,
Daix,	Kurtz,	Schantz,	Tompkins,
DeWitt,	Lynch,	Semmens,	Vare,
Endsley,	Magee, C. J.	Sensenich,	Warner,
Farley,	Martin,	Smith, R. E.,	Washers,
Gerberich,	McConnell,		

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 431, as follows:

An Act relative to the powers of magistrates in cities of the first class

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That any magistrate in any city of the first class shall have jurisdiction to release on bail any person committed for a hearing by any other magistrate

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—47.

Beidleman,	Graff,	McConnell,	Smith, W. W.,
Buckman,	Gyger,	McKee, W. S.,	Snyder, C. A.,
Burke,	Hilton,	McNichol,	Snyder, P. W.,
Catlin,	Hindman,	Miller,	Sones,
Clark,	Hoke,	Mills,	Sproul,
Croft,	Homsher,	Patton,	Stewart,
Crow,	Jenkins,	Phipps,	Thompson,
Daix,	Kline,	Salus,	Tompkins,
DeWitt,	Kurtz,	Schantz,	Vare,
Endsley,	Lynch,	Semmens,	Warner,
Farley,	Magee, C. J.,	Sensenich,	Washers,
Gerberich,	Martin,	Smith, R. E.,	

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

The PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE (Mr. Charles H. Kline) in the Chair.

BILL OVER IN ORDER.

Mr. CROW. Mr. President, I ask that Senate Bill No. [illegible] (House Bill No. 536), on third reading, entitled:

An Act concerning the relations between attorney and client on suit being brought in any court of this Commonwealth and providing that the attorney shall the client's cause of action claim of counteraction which have a lien for his compensation for his services upon upon the client's cause of action claim or counterclaim which shall attach to any award order report decision compromise settlement verdict or judgment in the client's favor and the proceeds thereof in whosoever hands the same may be and which lien shall not be affected or defeated by any compromise or settlement between the parties before or after judgment

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 470, as follows:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-fifth day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act to protect the public health and welfare by regulating the employment of females in certain establishments with respect to their hours of labor and the conditions of their employment by establishing certain sanitary regulations in the establishments in which they work by requiring certain abstracts and notices to be posted by providing for the enforcement of this act by the Commissioner of Labor and Industry and others by prescribing penalties for violations thereof by defining the procedure in prosecutions and by repealing all acts and parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions thereof" by making certain exemptions relative to telephone operators and to establishments maintained or conducted by religious charitable or educational institutions

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the third section of an act approved the twenty-fifth day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act to protect the public health and welfare by regulating the employment of females in certain establishments with respect to their hours of labor and the conditions of their employment by establishing certain sanitary regulations in the establishments in which they work by requiring certain abstracts and notices to be posted by providing for the enforcement of this act by the Commissioner of Labor and Industry and others by prescribing penalties for violations thereof by defining the procedure in prosecutions and by repealing all acts and parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions thereof" which reads as follows

"Hours of Labor

Section 3 (a) No female shall be employed or permitted to work in or in connection with any establishment for more than six days in any one week or more than fifty-four hours in any one week or more than ten hours in any one day

Provided that during weeks in which a legal holiday occurs and is observed by an establishment any female may be employed by such establishment during three days of such week for a longer period of time than is allowed by this act but no female shall be permitted to work more than two hours overtime during any one of such three days nor more than the maximum hours per week specified in this act

The employment of such persons at any other time than as stated herein shall be deemed a violation of the provisions of this section unless it appears that such employment was to make up time lost in the same week in consequence of the alteration repairs or accidents to machinery or plant upon which she was employed and dependent for employment but no stopping of machinery for less than thirty consecutive minutes shall justify such overtime employment nor shall such overtime employment be legal unless a written report of the same is sent to the Commissioner of Labor and Industry but no female shall be permitted to work more than two hours overtime during any one day nor for more than the maximum number of hours per week specified in this act Provided That aforesaid restrictions as to hours shall not apply to females engaged in the canning of fruit and vegetable products

(b) Whenever any female shall be employed or permitted to work in or in connection with more than one establishment in any one week or in any one day the aggregate number of hours during which she shall be employed or permitted to work in or in connection with such establishment shall not exceed the number of hours prescribed in this section for such females in any one week or any one day

(c) The provisions of this section shall not apply to the work of nurses in hospitals"

is amended to read

Hours of Labor

Section 3 (a) No female shall be employed or permitted to work in or in connection with any establishment for more than six days in any one week or more than fifty-four hours in any one week or more than ten hours in any one day

Provided That during weeks in which a legal holiday occurs and is observed by an establishment any female may be employed by such establishment during three days of such week for a longer period of time than is allowed by this act but no female shall be permitted to work more than two hours overtime during any one of such three days nor more than the maximum hours per week specified in this act

The employment of such persons at any other time than as stated herein shall be deemed a violation of the provisions of this section unless it appears that such employment was to make up time lost in the same week in consequence of the alteration repairs or accidents to

machinery or plant upon which she was employed and dependent for employment but no stopping of machinery for less than thirty consecutive minutes shall justify such overtime employment nor shall such overtime employment be legal unless a written report of the same is sent to the Commissioner of Labor and Industry but no female shall be permitted to work more than two hours overtime during any one day nor for more than the maximum number of hours per week specified in this act Provided That aforesaid restrictions as to hours shall not apply to females engaged in the canning of fruit and vegetable products

(b) Whenever any female shall be employed or permitted to work in or in connection with more than one establishment in any one week or in any one day the aggregate number of hours during which she shall be employed or permitted to work in or in connection with such establishment shall not exceed the number of hours prescribed in this section for such females in any one week or any one day

(c) The provisions of this section shall not apply to the work of nurses in hospitals

(d) The provisions of this section shall not apply to female telephone operators except as provided in this clause The sleeping hours of female telephone operators shall not be considered as working hours The employer shall furnish comfortable sleeping quarters for said employes in the exchange Female telephone operators shall not be employed nor permitted to work in or at a telephone exchange for more than fifty-four hours in any one week or more than ten hours in any day

(e) The provisions of this section shall not apply to establishments maintained or conducted by religious charitable and educational institutions

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—26.

Beidleman,	Graff,	McConnell,	Schantz,
Buckman,	Gyger,	McKee, W. S.	Semmens,
Burke,	Hilton,	McNichol,	Snyder, P. W.,
Clark,	Jenkins,	Mills,	Stewart,
Crow,	Lynch,	Patton,	Tompkins,
Endsley,	Martin,	Phipps,	Washers,
Farley,			

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 473, as follows:

An Act to amend the first section of an act approved the twenty-fifth day of April one thousand nine hundred and seven (Pamphlet Laws one hundred three) entitled "A supplement to the act of April third eighteen hundred and fifty-one entitled 'An Act regulating boroughs' providing for the election of a borough solicitor fixing the term of office and prescribing his duties and authorizing the town council to fix his compensation" as amended by an act approved the fifth day of June one thousand nine hundred and thirteen (Pamphlet Laws four hundred nine) entitled "An Act to amend the first section of an act approved the twenty-fifth day of April one thousand nine hundred and seven (Pamphlet Laws one hundred three) entitled 'A supplement to the act of April third eighteen hundred and fifty-one entitled "An Act regulating boroughs" providing for the election of a borough solicitor fixing the term of office and prescribing his duties and authorizing the town council to fix his compensation' so as to include all boroughs and by changing the length of the term and the time of the election of borough solicitors and extending the terms of the borough solicitors holding office under the act of April twenty-fifth nineteen hundred and seven and providing for the furnishing of a bond by a trust or bonding company" so as to extend the terms of the borough solicitors holding office under said act of April twenty-fifth nineteen hundred and seven which expire at any time between the first Monday of January nineteen hundred and sixteen and the first Monday of January nineteen hundred and eighteen

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the first section of an act approved the twenty-fifth day of April one thousand nine hundred and seven (Pamphlet Laws one hundred three) entitled "A supplement to the act of April third eighteen hundred and fifty-one entitled 'An Act regulating boroughs' providing for the election of a borough solicitor fixing the term of office and prescribing his duties and authorizing the town council to fix his compensation" as amended by an act approved the fifth day of June one thousand nine hundred and thirteen (Pamphlet Laws four hundred nine) entitled "An Act to amend the first section of an act approved the twenty-fifth day of April one thousand nine hundred and seven (Pamphlet Laws one hundred three) entitled 'A supplement to the act of April third eighteen hundred and fifty-one entitled "An Act regulating boroughs" providing for the election of a borough solicitor fixing the term of office and prescribing his duties and authorizing the town council to fix his compensation' so as to include all boroughs and by changing the length of the term and the time of the election of borough solicitors and extending the terms of the borough solicitors holding office under the act of April twenty-fifth nineteen hundred and seven and providing for the furnishing of a bond by a trust or bonding company" which as amended reads as follows

"Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the town council of each and every borough within this Commonwealth at the time of its biennial organization on the first Monday of January in any even-numbered year or as soon thereafter as practicable may elect by the vote of a majority of the members one person learned in the law who shall be styled the borough solicitor and shall serve for the term of four years from the first Monday of January of the even-numbered year in or succeeding which he was elected and until his succesor shall be duly qualified and the said town council shall also fix the compensation he shall be allowed for said term Vacancies in said office shall be filled by the town council for the unexpired term He shall give a lawful bond to the corporation with two or more sufficient sureties or one trust or bonding company to be approved by the town council in such sum as they shall by ordinance direct conditioned for the faithful performance of his official duties as the same are or may be defined by law or ordinance All borough solicitors holding office under the said act of April twenty-fifth nineteen hundred and seven (Pamphlet Laws one hundred and three) at the date of the approval of this act whose terms of office expire prior to the first Monday of January of the next even-numbered year shall continue to hold their offices until the first Monday of January nineteen hundred and fourteen and all borough solicitors holding office under the said act of April twenty-fifth nineteen hundred and seven (Pamphlet Laws one hundred and three) at the date of the approval of this act whose terms of office expire at any time between the first Monday of January nineteen hundred and fourteen and the first Monday of January nineteen hundred and sixteen shall continue to hold their offices until the first Monday of January nineteen hundred and sixteen" be amended so as to read as follows

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the town council of each and every borough within this Commonwealth at the time of its biennial organization on the first Monday of January in any even-numbered year or as soon thereafter as practicable may elect by the vote of a majority of the members one person learned in the law who shall be styled the borough solicitor and shall serve for the term of four years from the first Monday of January of the even-numbered year in or succeeding which he was elected and until his successor shall be duly qualified and the said town council shall also fix the compensation he shall be allowed for said term Vacancies in said office shall be filled by the town council for the unexpired term He shall give a lawful bond to the corporation with two or more sufficient sureties or one trust or bonding company to be approved by the town council in such sum as they shall by ordinance direct conditioned for the faithful performance of his official duties as the same are or may be defined by law or ordinance All borough solicitors holding office under the said act of April twenty-fifth nineteen hundred and seven (Pamphlet Laws one hundred and three) at the date of the approval of this act whose terms of office expire prior to the first Monday of January of the next even-numbered year shall continue to hold their offices until the first Monday of January nineteen hundred and fourteen all borough solicitors holding office under the said act of April twenty-fifth nineteen hundred and seven (Pamphlet Laws one hundred and three) at the date of the approval of this act whose terms of office expire at any time between the first Monday of January nineteen hundred and fourteen and the first Monday of January nineteen hundred and sixteen shall continue to hold their offices until the first Monday of January nineteen hundred and sixteen and all borough solicitors holding office under the said act of April twenty-fifth nineteen hundred and seven (Pamphlet Laws one hundred and three) at the date of the approval of this act whose terms of office expire at any time between the first Monday of January nineteen hundred and sixteen and the first Monday of January nineteen hundred and eighteen shall continue to hold their offices until the first Monday of January nineteen hundred and eighteen

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—45.

Beidleman,	Graff,	McConnell,	Snyder, C. A.,
Buckman,	Gyger,	McKee, W. S.,	Snyder, P. W.,
Burke,	Hackett,	McNichol,	Sones,
Catlin,	Hilton,	Miller,	Sproul,
Clark,	Hindman,	Mills,	Stewart,
Croft,	Hoke,	Patton,	Thompson,
Crow,	Jenkins,	Phipps,	Tompkins,
Daix,	Kurtz,	Salus,	Vare,
DeWitt,	Lynch,	Schantz,	Warner,
Endsley,	Magee, C. J.	Semmens,	Wasbers,
Farley,	Martin,	Smith, W. W.,	Kline,
Gerberich,			Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 474, as follows:

An Act authorizing cities to regulate and license certain motor vehicles

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That any city may enact ordinances establishing reasonable rates of license fees on all motor vehicles employed in the transportation of passengers and their property for pay over fixed routes within the limits of any such city or to a point without such limits regulating the operation of such vehicles the rates to be charged for such transportation and designating the streets or parts of streets upon which such vehicles may be operated

Section 2 All such ordinances shall provide for the payment of all fees imposed under this act into the city treasury

Section 3 All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with this act are repealed

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—45.

Beidleman,	Graff,	McKee, W. S.	Snyder, C. A.,
Buckman,	Gyger,	McNichol,	Snyder, P. W.,
Burke,	Hilton,	Miller,	Sones,
Catlin,	Hindman,	Mills,	Sproul,
Clark,	Hoke,	Patton,	Stewart,
Croft,	Jenkins,	Phipps,	Thompson,
Crow,	Kurtz,	Salus,	Tompkins,
Daix,	Lynch,	Schantz,	Vare,
DeWitt,	Magee, C. J.	Semmens,	Warner,
Endsley,	Martin,	Smith, R. E.,	Wasbers,
Farley,	McConnell,	Smith, W. W.,	Kline,
Gerberich,			Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 536, entitled:

An Act creating a Division of Municipal Reference Statistics and Information in the Department of Labor and Industry and fixing the compensation of officers and employes therein

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—38.

Beidleman,	Farley,	McConnell,	Semmens,
Buckman,	Gerberich,	McKee, W. S.,	Sensenich,
Burke,	Graff,	McNichol,	Snyder, C. A.,
Catlin,	Hindman,	Miller,	Sones,
Clark,	Hoke,	Mills,	Tompkins,
Croft,	Jenkins,	Patton,	Vare,
Crow,	Kurtz,	Phipps,	Warner,
Daix,	Lynch,	Salus,	Wasbers,
DeWitt,	Magee, C. J.,	Schantz,	Kline,
Endsley,	Martin,		

NAYS—1.

Smith, R. E.,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILLS OVER IN ORDER.

Mr. SENSENICH. Mr. President, I ask that Senate Bill No. 578 (House Bill No. 416), on third reading, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the eight day of May one thousand nine hundred thirteen "An Act regulating the appointment confirmation duties salary and expenses of county detectives in counties containing not less than three hundred thousand nor more than seven hundred thousand inhabitants" by extending its provision to counties having a population of two hundred thousand inhabitants but not more than seven hundred thousand inhabitants and by repealing section three of the act

go over in its order,

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

The PRESIDENT. Senate Bill No. 593 (House Bill No. 295), on third reading, entitled:

An Act to protect the public health in cities of the first class in this Commonwealth and for that purpose creating in the Department of Public Health and Charities four bureaus to be called the bureaus of hospitals and charities health sanitation and housing said bureaus to have the supervision and control in said cities of hospitals and charities health sanitation and housing as herein set forth and other matters affecting the public welfare so far as regards the use and occupancy of public buildings and of all public buildings and the appurtenances thereto occupied in whole or in part as places of residence by more than two families living separate and apart and providing for themselves also the licensing supervision and control and the use of lodging rooming apartment and tenement houses creating a sanitary board for the purpose of enforcing the provisions of this act fixing the responsibility for violations of any of the provisions of this act and also giving power to said sanitary board to make rules and regulations to govern certain conditions affecting health and sanitation and the licensing of certain trades industries and premises and providing for punishments and penalties for violations of any of the rules and regulatioins made by the Department of Public Health and Charities or by any of such sanitary boards under the powers granted by this act also providing for the filing of liens also providing for the inspection by the bureau of building inspection and the fire marshal of said cities of the first class and repealing all laws inconsistent herewith

has not been received from the printer and will go over in its order.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 8, as follows:

Section 1 of Article 1 was read as follows:

Section 1 Be is enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That any proposed ordinance (except as hereinafter mentioned) may be submitted to the council by a petition signed by the electors of any city of the third class of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Upon the written request of one hundred qualified electors directed to the city clerk asking that a petition be prepared he shall prepare such petition within ten days and in the meantime notice shall be given in one of the daily newspapers if one be published in the city and if not then in a weekly newspaper that such petition will be ready for signing at the expiration of ten days from the presentation of said request This notice shall state the purpose for which the petition is made the place where and when it may be signed and ten days shall be allowed for signatures The signing shall be done in the city clerk's office only and the petition shall be retained there at all times during the period of ten days Each signer shall add to his signature his place of residence street and number and shall make oath before the city clerk that he is a qualified elector of the city and resides at the address given At the expira-

tion of the ten days aforesaid and within ten days thereafter the city clerk shall examine such petition and from the voters registered ascertain whether or not said petition is signed by voters equal to twenty per centum of all votes cast for all candidates for mayor at the last preceding municipal election and if necessary the council shall allow him extra help for that purpose and he shall attach to said petition his certificate showing the result of said examination If by the clerk's certificate the petition is shown to contain less than twenty per centum as aforesaid it may be amended within ten days from the date of said certificate The clerk shall within ten days after such amendment make like examination and certification of the amended petition and if his certificate shall show the same to contain less than twenty per centum as aforesaid it shall be returned to the person filing the same without prejudice If the petition shall be certified to contain twenty per centum of said votes cast as aforesaid the clerk shall submit the same to the council without delay If the petition accompanying the proposed ordinance be signed by electors equal in number to twenty per centum of the votes cast for all candidates for mayor at the last preceding municipal election and contains a request that the said ordinance be submitted to a vote of the people if not passed by the council such council shall either

(a) Pass said ordinance without alteration within twenty days except as otherwise provided herein after attachment of the clerk's certificate to the accompanying petition or

(b) Forthwith after the clerk shall attach to the petition accompanying such ordinance his certificate of sufficiency the council shall call a special election unless the general or municipal election is fixed within ninety days thereafter and at such special election if one is so fixed or at the said general or municipal election such ordinance shall be submitted without alteration to the vote of the electors of the said city The ballots used when voting upon said ordinance shall be supplied by council and shall contain the words "For the ordinance", (stating the nature of proposed ordinance) and "Against the ordinance" (stating the nature of proposed ordinance) If the majority of the qualified electors voting on the proposed ordinance shall vote in favor thereof such ordinance shall thereupon become a valid and binding ordinance of said city Any ordinance which under the provisions of Article one (I) or Article two (II) of this act is proposed by petition or which shall be adopted by a vote of the people cannot be repealed or amended within two years except by a vote of the people Any number of proposed ordinances may be voted upon at the same eleceion in accordance with the provisions of this section but there shall not be more than one special election in any period of six months for such purpose The council may submit a proposition for the repeal of any such ordinance or amendments thereto to be voted upon at any succeeding city election and should such proposition so submitted receive a majority of the votes thereon at such election such ordinance shall thereby be repealed or amended accordingly Whenever any ordinance or proposition is required by this act to be submitted to the voters of the city at any election city clerks shall cause such ordinance or proposition to be published once in at least two of the newspapers published in said city and if two newspapers are not published in the city then in two newspapers published in the county such publication to be not less than five nor more than twenty days before the submission of such proposition or ordinance to be voted on

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. CLARK. Mr. President, I move to amend section 1 of article 1 in line 66 by striking out "eleceion" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "election."

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

Section 2 of Article 1 was read as follows and agreed to:

Section 2 That the provisions of the foregoing section shall not apply to or include any ordinance

(a) Relating to any matter subject or thing which is not the subject of a referendum vote as hereinafter provided

(b) To repeal amend or modify any ordinance which had been subject to the provisions of the referendum as hereinafter provided

Sections 1 and 2 of Article II were read as follows and agreed to:

ARTICLE II

The Referendum

Section 1 No ordinance passed by the council except as hereinafter mentioned shall go into effect before ten (10) days from the time of its final passage and if during the said ten days from the time of its final passage a petition signed by electors of the city equal in number to at least twenty per centum of the entire vote for all candidates for Mayor at the last preceding general municipal election at which a Mayor was elected protesting against the passage of such ordinance be presented to the council the same shall thereupon be suspended from going into operation and it shall be the duty of the council to reconsider such ordinance and if the same is not entirely repealed the council shall submit the ordinance as is provided by sub-section (b) of section one of the preceding article of this act to the vote of the electors of the city either at the general or municipal election or a special municipal election to be called for that purpose and such ordinance shall not go into effect or become operative unless a majority of the qualified electors voting on the same shall vote in favor thereof Upon the written request of one hundred qualified electors directed to the city clerk asking that the petition hereinabove provided for be prepared he shall prepare such petition immediately and thereupon give notice in one of the daily newspapers if one be published in the city and if not then in a weekly newspaper that such petition is ready for signing and the purpose of the petition giving the place where and when it may be signed and the said signing shall be done in the city clerk's office only where it shall be retained during all the period of ten days after the passage of the said ordinance

Each signer shall add to his signature his place of residence street and number and shall make oath before the city clerk that he is a qualified elector of the city and resides at the address given The city clerk shall keep his office open for the purpose signatures to the initiative and referendum petitions from eight o'clock in the forenoon to twelve (noon) and from one o'clock in the afternoon to five o'clock in the afternoon of each day except Sundays and holidays and he shall not permit any person to sign the said petition after five o'clock in the afternoon of the tenth day after the said ordinance has been passed as aforestated and at the expiration of said time the said petition in the hands of the city clerk shall be deemed and taken to be filed with and presented to the council and it shall be the duty of the city clerk to lay the same before the council at its first meeting thereafter After its presentation the city clerk shall ascertain from the voter's registry whether or not said petition is signed by voters equal to twenty per centum of all the votes cast for mayor at the last preceding municipal election and if necessary the council shall allow him extra help for that purpose and after he has made said examination he shall report the result thereof to council

Section 2 No franchise or consent to occupy the public streets highways or other places in any city of the third class shall be given or granted to any person or persons railroad railway gas water light telephone or telegraph company or to any public service corporation except by ordinance and no ordinance for such purpose shall go into effect for thirty days after its final passage If within said thirty days a petition prepared advertised and perfected in all respects complying with the provisions of the preceding section of this article (except that the petitioners shall have thirty days in which to prepare said petition) is addressed to the council signed by registered electors of the city equal in number to at least twenty per centum of all votes cast for mayor at the last preceding election protesting against the passage of said ordinance the latter shall be suspended and it shall be the duty of the city clerk to examine said petition and ascertain from the registry of voters whether or not said petition is signed by the required number of electors and if necessary the council shall allow the city clerk help for said purpose and upon such examination he shall report the result to council

Section 3 of Article II was read as follows:

Section 3 In case it shall appear that the petitions hereinabove provided for in section one (1) and two (2) of this article have not been signed by the requisite number of voters no action shall be taken but the ordinances shall be deemed and taken to be in full force from the time or times they each would have gone into effect had there been no petition against the same but in case the petition or petitions provided for in the preceding sections in ths article be signed by electors equal to twenty per centum of all the votes cast for mayor as aforestated as shown by the last preceding registry the council shall reconsider such ordinance and if the same is not entirely repealed the council shall call a special election unless the general or municipal election is to be held within ninety days therefrom in which case the question of reference shall be to the general or municipal election as the case may be At the special election if one is so fixed by council or at the general or municipal election occurring within ninety days the said ordinance shall be submitted without alteration

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. CLARK. Mr. President, I move to amend section 3 of Article II in line 2 by striking out the word "section" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "sections."

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

Section 4 of Article II was read as follows:

Section 4 When the submission is at a general or municipal election the city clerk shall certify to the county commissioners a copy of the ordinance and the proceedings of council directing the referendum vote and the county commissioners shall cause be voted upon at the same election in accordance with the pro- the respective elections Where there is a special election the ballots shall be pre-

pared and furnished by the city and said elections shall be held by the same officers who hold the general or municipal elections (as the case may be) and the expenses of said special elections shall be paid for by the city and said city may fix not only the day of the election but the title for opening and closing the polls Any number of ordinances may be referred to and voted on at the same election and there shall not be more than one special election every six months The ballot for each referendum shall be subtantially in the following form

CITY ORDINANCE REFERENDUM.

If you are for the ordinance mark an X opposite the word for if you are against the ordinance mark an X opposite the word against

Approval of the city ordinance	for	
(stating the purpose of said ordinance)	against	

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. CLARK. Mr. President, I move to amend section 4 in Article II in line 5 by striking out the figures "66" and inserting in lieu thereof the figure "5"; also in line 5 by striking out the words "be voted upon at the same election in accordance with the pro-" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "the proper ballot to be printed in the ballot sheet used in."

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

Sections 5, 6, 7 and 8 of Article II were read as follows and agreed to:

Section 5 The officers holding said election shall keep tally sheets and make returns of votes in the same manner as tally sheets are kept and returns made in election of officers and the submission of other questions as now provided by law The said returns shall be filed with the prothonotary of the court of common pleas and the said court shall compute the returns and cause the result thereof to be filed in said court and the said prothonotary shall certify the result to the council of the proper city In case of special elections the said prothonotary shall lay the returns of the election before the said court at a meeting or session of the said court to be held on the Tuesday succeeding the said election for computation as aforesaid If it shall appear that more persons have voted for said ordinance than against it the ordinance shall take immediate effect the same as if it had been passed by the council and signed by the mayor and there had been no referendum vote thereon If the vote is against said ordinance it shall be lost and of no effect

Section 6 Before any referendum election is held on any ordinance as hereinbefore provided it shall be the duty of the city clerk to publish or cause to be published a copy of the ordinance which is to be submitted to the vote of the people one insertion in at least two newspapers published in the respective city and if two newspapers are not published in the said city then in two newspapers published in the county if there be such said publication to be not less than five nor more than twenty days before the respective election and a copy of said publication duly verified by affidavit shall be filed by the city clerk in the prothonotary's office in said court with the result of the election as computed and filed by the court

Section 7 The provisions of this article with reference to referendum proceedings shall not apply to any ordinances passed for the following purposes viz

(a) Ordinances expressly required to be passed by the general laws of the State or by the provisions of any Act of Assembly

(b) Ordinances providing for tax levies annual and other appropriations and for the exercise of the right of eminent domain

(c) Ordinances for the preservation of the public peace health morals safety and in the exercise of the police powers of the city government and for the prevention and abatement of nuisances

(d) Any ordinance providing for an election to increase indebtedness and any other ordinance which by law must be submitted to an election before it shall take effect

(e) Ordinances for the opening paving grading or other improvement of streets or highways when the improvement is petitioned for by a majority in number or interest of the abutting property owners

(f) Ordinances for the purpose of keeping the streets highways and sidewalks in good order and repair and in a safe and passable condition

Section 8 The provisions of article nineteen (XIX) and article twenty (XX) of an act entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation regulation and government of cities of the third class regulating nomination and election of municipal officers therein repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto" approved the twenty-seventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred thirteen to which this act is supplementary be and the same are hereby repealed

The title of the bill was read as follows and agreed to:

An Act supplementary to an act entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation regulation and government of cities of the third class regulating nomination and election of municipal officers therein and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto" approved the twenty-seventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen providing for and enacting initiative and referendum provisions with reference to ordinances and the holding of elections relative thereto

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 189 (House Bill No. 21), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the nineteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act empowering incorporated towns of this Commonwealth without petition of the property owners to grade pave curb macadamize and otherwise improve public streets or parts thereof and assess a portion of the cost of the same on the owners of property abutting thereon and providing for the collection of the same"

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 421 (House Bill No. 110), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twelfth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act providing for the establishment and maintenance of boards of health in boroughs and townships of the first class and defining their powers and duties providing for the appointment of members of such boards of health by the president of the borough councils or by the chairman of the board of commissioners of such townships providing for the election of a secretary and a health officer providing that the Commissioner of Health may take charge of the administration of health laws in any borough or township of the first class when conditions therein in his opinion constitute a menace to the lives or health of the people living outside the corporate limits of such borough or township of the first class or when it may be known to him that such borough or township of the first class is without an existing or efficient board of health and providing the manner in which the expenses of boards of health or of the Commissioner of Health incurred in administering health laws in any borough or township of the first class shall be paid"

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 429, as follows:

An Act to give protection to and regulate the catching or taking or having possession of within this Commonwealth of bullfrogs and tadpoles and providing and imposing a penalty for violation of its provisions and repealing all acts inconsistent herewith

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from and after the passage of this act it shall be unlawful to catch take or kill any bullfrogs except from the first day of July to the first day of October both dates inclusive in each year excepting leopard and pickerel frogs which may be caught at any time

Section 2 That it shall be unlawful to catch take or kill any bullfrogs by the use of a light at night

Section 3 That it shall be unlawful for any one person to catch kill or have in possession more than twenty-five bullfrogs in any one day or more than fifty in any one season

Section 4 That it shall be unlawful for any one person to catch take or kill more than twenty-five tadpoles in any one day or have more than twenty-five tadpoles in possession at any one time

Section 5 Any person or persons violating any of the provisions of this act shall be liable to a fine or penalty

of twenty dollars for each and every offense in accordance with sections six and seven of this act

Section 6 That from and after the passage of this act any justice of the peace alderman or magistrate upon information or complaint made to him by affidavit of one or more persons charging any person or persons with having violated the provisions of this act is hereby authorized and required to issue his warrant under his hand and seal directed to any constable peace officer or warden and cause such person or persons to be arrested and brought before such justice alderman or magistrate who shall hear and determine the guilt or innocence of the person or persons so charged and if convicted upon such charge shall be sentenced by said justice alderman or magistrate severally to pay the fine or fines penalty or penalties provided in this act for such violations together with the costs of suit the whole of said fine shall be paid over forthwith to the treasurer of the county in which the prosecution was brought and said county treasurer shall pay over the same forthwith to the Commissioner of Fisheries for the benefit of the Commonwealth Provided That in case the defendant or defendants shall neglect to pay at once the fine or fines so imposed said defendant or defendants shall forthwith be sentenced to undergo imprisonment in the county jail of the county where such conviction takes place for the period of one day for each dollar of fine so imposed and unpaid unless the defendant or defendants upon conviction shall give notice of intention to appeal when such defendant or defendants shall be permitted to enter into good and sufficient recognizance to appear before such justice alderman or magistrate on or before the expiration of five days if such appeal is not taken by them or on the final determination of such appeal if it be not sustained for execution of sentence Provided also That all actions for any violation of any of the provisions of this act must be taken within one year from the time the offense was committed and when necessary to properly conduct any case before any alderman justice of the peace magistrate or any court the Commissioner of Fisheries is authorized to employ legal counsel

Section 7 That from and after the passage of this act any Fish Commissioner fish warden deputy warden sheriff deputy sheriff constable or any special officer or any peace officer in this Commonwealth is hereby authorized and commanded to forthwith apprehend and arrest any person or persons who may be guilty of violating the provisions of this act and take such person or persons before any justice of the peace alderman or magistrate and thereupon make charge of such violation of this act and the justice of the peace alderman or magistrate shall forthwith hear and determine the charge as provided in section six of this act and in case any Fish Commissioner fish warden or any officer named above fails to prove his case and the defendant or defendants are discharged or in case the defendant or defendants are convicted and are sent to jail in lieu of the payment of fine or fines penalty or penalties the county in which the case is heard shall pay the costs such arrests may also be made on Sunday in which case the person or persons so arrested for safe keeping may be committed to the jail or lock-up for that day but shall be taken before the proper magistrate and proceeded against on a week day following the arrest

Section 8 The following act of Assembly is intended to be supplied by this act and the same is hereby repealed

1 "An Act to regulate the catching or taking within this Commonwealth of bullfrogs and terrapin and providing a penalty therefor" approved the sixth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and three

And in addition to the above all acts or parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 435, entitled:

A supplement to an act approved the seventh day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act relating to and regulating motor vehicles and vehicles trailing after or propelled by motor vehicles controlling their speed upon the public street and highways in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania providing for their registration and licensing of certain operators by the State Highway Department prohibiting the operation of any motor vehicle by any person when intoxicated or without the consent of the owner forbidding the passage of any law laying a tax upon or requiring the registration of motor vehicles or licensing of any operator or regulating the speed of motor vehicles by any county borough city incorporated town or township establishing the rights of motor vehicles upon the public highways with relation to other vehicles providing for their equipment and for the width of tires to be used upon motor vehicles and vehicles trailing after or propelled by motor vehicles regulating the service of process and proceedings in actions for damages arising therefrom providing for arrest and for service of process and proceedings for violation of this act prescribing the penalties therefor and providing for the disposition of fees collected and fines imposed thereunder"

The first section of the bill was read as follows and agreed to:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That in each city of the first and second classes motor vehicles and vehicles trailing after or propelled by motor vehicles shall be registered and licenses shall be issued by a registrar of motor vehicles He shall be appointed by the state Highway Commissioner immediately after the approval of this act He shall have an office in each such city shall furnish a bond to the Commonwealth in the sum of ten thousand dollars with surety to be approved by the commissioner

To him all applications for registration and license in such city shall be addressed

The registration of motor vehicles and of vehicles trailing after or propelled by motor vehicles and the issuance of licenses in such city shall otherwise be in accordance with the provisions of the act to which this is a supplement

The State Highway Commissioner shall provide in such city an office for the registrar and furnish him with all blanks tags stationery furniture and supplies necessary in the performance of the duties herein required

The title of the bill was read as follows:

A supplement to an act approved the seventh day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act relating to and regulating motor vehicles and vehicles trailing after or propelled by motor vehicles controlling their speed upon the public streets and highways in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania providing for their registration and licensing of certain operators by the State Highway Department prohibiting the operation of any motor vehicle by any person when intoxicated or without the consent of the owner forbidding the passage of any laws laying a tax upon or requiring the registration of motor vehicles or licensing of any operator or regulating the speed of motor vehicles by any county borough city incorporated town or township establishing the rights of motor vehicles upon the public highways with relation to other vehicles providing for their equipment and for the width of tires to be used upon motor vehicles and vehicles trailing after or propelled by motor vehicles regulating the service of process and proceedings in actions for damages arising therefrom providing for arrest and for service of process and proceedings for violation of this act prescribing the penalties therefor and providing for the disposition of fees collected and fines imposed thereunder"

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the title?

Mr. DAIX. Mr. President, I move to amend the title in line 10 by striking out the word "laws" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "law".

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the title as amended?

It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 456, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation for refunding to the Everhart Coal Company moneys erroneously paid into the State Treasury

Whereas The Everhart Coal Company was incorporated under the provisions of an act approved the twenty-first day of April one thousand eight hundred and fifty-four entitled "An Act to enable joint tenants tenants in common and joint owners of mineral lands of this Commonwealth to manage and develop the same" to continue for a period of twenty years and

Whereas By certificate of extension of charter filed in the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth on the fifteenth day of July one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five under the provisions of said act and its supplements the existence of said company was extended for a period of twenty years and

Whereas No application for extension being made in the year one thousand nine hundred and five the corporate existence of the said Everhart Coal Company determined and it ceased to be a corporation and

Whereas Ever since the determination of the corporate existence of said Everhart Coal Company it has through

oversight continued to pay into the State Treasury each year taxes on its capital stock amounting in the aggregate to the sum of one thousand six hundred ninety-eight dollars and seventy-five cents although said company was not liable to the Commonwealth for any such taxes inasmuch as it had ceased to have such corporate existence therefore

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate of House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of one thousand six hundred ninety-eight dollars and seventy-five cents is hereby specifically appropriated for the purpose of refunding to the persons constituting said Everhart Coal Company moneys heretofore erroneously paid into the State Treasury as taxes on capital stock after the company had ceased to have any corporate existence Payment shall be made to Arthur M Wyman the former treasurer of said corporation in trust for the persons constituting the Everhart Coal Company Payment of the moneys hereby approprated shall not be made until satisfactory proof is produced to the Auditor General that such moneys have as aforesaid been actually paid into the State Treasury

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 489, entitled:

An Act to authorize the city of Williamsport to acquire if necessary and in all events to maintain for the purpose of securing and improving the general sanitary conditions of said city the dam which was erected by the Susquehanna Boom Company across the West Branch of the Susquehanna river at a point near the intersection of Hepburn street with said river in said city

The preamble of the bill was read as follows:

Whereas by virtue of an act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania entitled "A supplement to an act incorporating the Susquehanna Boom Company authorizing the erection of a dam and allowing the increase of tolls" approved the eleventh day of December Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six (1866) a dam was erected by the said Susquehanna Boom Company across the west branch of the Susquehanna river at a point near the intersection of Hepburn street and said river in the city of Williamsport Pennsylvania which said dam since its erection has been maintained by the said Susquehanna Boom Company

And whereas the said Susquehanna Boom Company by reason of decrease in business or for other causes in the future may abandon said dam or surrender or forfeit its right to repair and maintain the same thereby leaving said dam without anyone in authority to preserve and maintain the same and whereas the city of Williamsport is vitally interested in the maintenance and preservation of said dam from a sanitary and health standpoint

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the preamble?

Mr. SONES. Mr. President, I move to amend the preamble in line 2 by striking out the word "an" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "the"; also in line 4 by striking out the word "the".

Mr. DeWITT. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the preamble as amended?

It was agreed to.

The first section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by authority of the same That the consent of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania be and is hereby granted to the city of Williamsport to acquire if necessary and in all events to maintain and keep or to provide and arrange for the maintenance and keeping in repair of said dam for the purpose of securing and improving the general health and sanitary conditions of said city so long as in the discretion of said city repair and maintenance of the same is deemed necessary for said purpose upon the voluntary abandonment of said dam or upon the surrender or forfeiture of the right of said boom company from any cause to repair and maintain the same Provided all existing laws relating to navigable rivers and streams so far as they apply to the Susquehanna river shall be fully compiled with And provided that said dam shall be subject to the inspection and to the rules and regulations of the Water Supply Commission of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. SONES. Mr. President, I move to amend section 1 in line 16 by striking out the word "compiled" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "complied".

Mr. DeWITT. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The title of the bill was read as follows and agreed to:

An Act to authorize the city of Williamsport to acquire if necessary and in all events to maintain for the purpose of securing and improving the general sanitary conditions of said city the dam which was erected by the Susquehanna Boom Company across the West Branch of the Susquehanna river at a point near the intersection of Hepburn street with said river in said city

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 508 (House Bill No. 166), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the payment of the deficiency which has arisen under the provisions of an act approved the thirteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred seven entitled "An Act to authorize county commissioners for the purpose of encouraging agriculture and the holding of county agricultural exhibitions to pay annually one thousand dollars to the incorporated agricultural association paying premiums on agricultural exhibits holding an annual exhibition in the county providing for the filing of sworn statement by the claimant or claimants with the county commissioners relative to said exhibition and providing for the payment to the county by the State of the sum so paid

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 509 (House Bill No. 414), entitled:

An Act authorizing the Legislative Reference Bureau to continue the work commenced under the provisions of an act approved the twentieth day of May one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act directing the Legislative Reference Bureau to prepare compilations or codes by topics of the existing general laws of this Commonwealth for adoption or rejection by the General Assembly fixing the powers and duties of the Bureau therein fixing the compensation of the assistant director and making an appropriation therefor" fixing the powers and duties of the Bureau therein fixing the duties and compensation of the assistant director and making an appropriation

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 513 (House Bill No. 683), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Hospital for the Insane at Danville Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 517 (House Bill No. 196), entitled:

An Act providing for the appointment and expenses of a commission of three persons learned in the law to codify and revise the law of decedents' estates and making an appropriation

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 520 (House Bill No. 687), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the ninth day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one entitled "An Act authorizing companies incorporated under the laws of any other state of the United States for the manufacture of any form of iron steel or glass to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments and to take have and hold real estate necessary and proper for manufacturing purposes" as amended by extending the same to companies incorporated for the purpose of the manufacture and sale of explosives

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 523 (House Bill No. 121), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the State Hospital of Nanticoke Luzerne county Pennsylvania for the payment of indebtedness against said hospital buildings equipment and grounds

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 524 (House Bill No. 658), entitled:

An Act transferring from certain funds to another certain moneys appropriated to the State Livestock Sanitary Board

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 537, as follows:

An Act authorizing and regulating the giving of a set of colors state and national to certain veteran associations and making an appropriation

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the Adjutant General is directed to procure and issue to certain veteran associations of Pennsylvania a set of colors comprising the national color and the state Each color shall be of standard regimental size and shall have thereon embroidered in silk the proper designation of the association

Section 2 No such color shall be issued to an association unless the association

(a) Is a veteran association of any regiment of Pennsylvania volunteers that served in the Civil War or the war with Spain and

(b) Has been in exinstence at least five years immediately preceding the approval of this act and

(c) Has during such period of five years continuously maintained an organized association with a president vice-president secretary and treasurer and

(d) Has during such period held annual meetings and

(e) Has had within such period on its list of members at least one hunudred members who served in the regiment either in the Civil War or in the war with Spain

Section 3 The colors so issued shall be receipted for by the proper officers of the veteran association and shall remain the property of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania When the veteran association to which they are issued by the Adjutant General shall cease to exist the colors shall be returned to the Adjutant General for deposit with other regimental colors now in the custody of the Commonwealth

Section 4 For the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this act and the payment of expenses incident thereto the sum of three thousand dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby appropriated All payments therefrom to be made by warrant drawn by the Auditor General upon the State Treasurer and upon requisition of the Adjutant General together with properly itemized vouchers

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 545, entitled:

An act to amend an act entitled "An act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to amend an act entitled "An act to amend an act entitled 'An act to amend an act entitled "An act authorizing companies incorporated under the laws of any other state of the United States for the manufacture of any form of iron steel or glass to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments and to take have and hold real estate necessary and proper for manufacturing purposes" approved the ninth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one extending the same to companies formed for the purpose of quarrying slate granite stone or rocks or for dressing polishing working or manufacturing the same or any of them and to mineral springs companies incorporated for the purpose of bottling and selling natural mineral springs water approved the sixth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three' approved the nineteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one extending the same to companies formed for the purpose of manufacturing and selling chemicals food stuffs cement and cement products and the quarrying of cement rock" approved May twenty-eighth one thousand nine hundred and seven extending the same to companies incorporated for the manufacture buying selling leasing using and operation of electrical apparatus and machinery and articles of every kind appertaining to or in any wise connected with the production use regulation control distribution or application of electricity or electrical energy or products for any use or purpose construction acquiring using selling buying or leasing any works construction or plant or part thereof connected with or involving such use or plant or part thereof connected with or involving such use distribution regulation control or application of electricity or the control or use of electrical apparatus for any purpose and of producing furnishing and supplying electricity or electrical apparatus in any form and for any purpose and to carry on a general manufacturing business'" approved the twenty-third day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven extending the same to corporations engaged in the manufacture buying selling dealing in and using of collapsible tubes and metal specialties

The first section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That so much of section one of an act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act authorizing companies incorporated under the laws of any other State of the United States for the manufacture of any form of iron steel or glass to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments and to take have and hold real estate necessary and proper for manufacturing purposes" approved the ninth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one extending the same to companies formed for the purpose of quarrying slate granite stone or rocks or for dressing polishing working or manufacturing the same or any of them and to mineral springs companies incorporated for the purpose of bottling and selling natural mineral springs water approved the sixteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three' approved the nineteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one extending the same to companies formed for the purpose of manufacturing and selling chemicals foodstuffs cement and cement products and the quarrying of cement rock" approved May twenty-eight one thousand nine hundred and seven extending the same to companies incorporated for the manufacture buying selling leasing using and operation of electrical apparatus and machinery and articles of every kind appertaining to or in any wise connected with the production use regulation control distribution or application of electricity or electrical energy or products for any use or purpose constructing acquiring using selling buying or leasing any works construction or plant or part thereof connected with or involving such use distribution regulation control or application of electricity or the control or use of electrical apparatus for any purpose and of producing furnishing and supplying electricity or electrical apparatus in any form and for any purpose and to carry on a general manufacturing business'" approved the twenty-third day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven which reads as follows

"It shall and may be lawful for any company incorporated under the laws of any other State for the manufacture of any form of iron steel or glass or for the quarrying of slate granite cement rock stone or rocks of any kind or for dressing polishing or manufacturing the same or any of them or for any mineral springs company incorporated for the purpose of bottling and selling natural mineral springs water or for any company incorporated for the purpose of manufacturing supplying and sale of ice or for the manufacture and sale of chemicals or for the manufacture and sale of food stuffs and eatables cement and cement products and the quarrying of cement rock or for the manufacture buying selling leasing using and operation of electrical apparatus and machinery and articles of every kind appertaining to or in any wise connected with the production use regulation control distribution or application of electricity or electrical energy or products for any use or purpose constructing acquiring using selling buying or leasing any works construction or plant or part thereof connected with or involving such use distribution regulation control or application of electricity or

the control or use of electrical apparatus for any purpose and of producing furnishing and supplying electricity or electrical apparatus in any form and for any purpose and to carry on a general manufacturing business to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments within this Commonwealth and to have and hold real estate to an amount necessary and proper therefor Provided That nothing herein contained shall be deemed to prevent or relieve real estate taken and held by such company under the provisions of this statute from being taxed in like manner with other real estate within this Commonwealth And provided further That no foreign corporation shall be entitled to employ any greater amount of capital in any such business in this State than the same kind of corporations organized under the laws of this State are entitled to employ And provided further That every such foreign corporation doing business as aforesaid in this Commonwealth shall be liable to taxation to an amount not exceeding that imposed on corporations organized for similar purposes under the laws of this State and every such foreign corporation taking the benefit of this act shall make the same returns to the Auditor General that are now required by law of the corporations of this State" is hereby amended to read as follows

It shall and may be lawful for any company incorporated under the laws of any other State for the manufacture of any form of iron steel or glass or for the quarrying of slate granite cement rock stone or rocks of any kind or for dressing polishing or manufacturing the same or any of them or for any mineral springs company incorporated for the purpose of bottling and selling natural mineral springs water or for any company incorporated for the purpose of manufacturing supplying and sale of ice or for the manufacture and sale of chemicals or for the manufacture and sale of foodstuffs and eatables cement and cement products and the quarrying of cement rock or for the manufacture buying selling leasing using and operation of electrical apparatus and machinery and articles of every kind appertaining to or in any wise connected with the production use regulation control distribution or application of electricity or electrical energy or products for any use or purpose constructing acquiring using selling buying or leasing any works construction or plant or part thereof connected with or involving such use distribution regulation control or application of electricity or the control or use of electrical apparatus for any purpose and of producing furnishing and supplying electricity or electrical apparatus in any form and for any purpose and to carry on a general manufacturing business or for the manufacture buying selling dealing and using of collapsible tubes and metal specialties to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments within this Commonwealth and to have and hold real estate to an amount necessary and proper therefor Provided That nothing herein contained shall be deemed to prevent or relieve real estate taken and held by such company under the provisions of this statute from being taxed in like manner with other real estate within this Commonwealth And provided further That no foreign corporation shall be entitled to employ any greater amount of capital in any such business in this State than the same kind of corporations organized under the laws of this State are entitled to employ And further provided That every such foreign corporation doing business as aforesaid in this Commonwealth shall be liable to taxation to an amount not exceeding that imposed on corporations organized for similar purposes under the laws of this State and every such foreign corporation taking the benefit of this act shall make the same returns to the Auditor General that are now required by law by the corporations of this State

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. THOMPSON. Mr. President, I move to amend section 1, in line 17, by inserting a single quotation mark after the word "water"; also in line 19, by striking out the single quotation mark after word "ninety-three" and inserting in lieu thereof a double quotation mark; also in line 23, by striking out the double quotation mark after the word "rock" and inserting in lieu thereof a single quotation mark; also in line 36, by striking out the single quotation mark after the word "business"; also in line 52, by striking out "electricty" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "electricity"; also in line 60 by striking out "bulidings" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "buildings."

Mr. C. A. SNYDER. Mr. President, I second the motion?

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment.

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The second section of the bill was read as follows and agreed to:

Section 2 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with this act are repealed

The title of the bill was read as follows:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An act to amend an act entitled "An act authorizing companies incorporated under the laws of any other State of the United States for the manufacture of any form of iron steel or glass to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments and to take have and hold real estate necessary and proper for manufacturing purposes" approved the ninth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one extending the same to companies formed for the purpose of quarrying slate granite stone or rocks or for dressing polishing working or manufacturing the same or any of them and to mineral springs companies incorporated for the purpose of bottling and selling natural mineral springs water approved the sixteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three' approved the nineteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one extending the same to companies formed for the purposes of manufacturing and selling chemicals foodstuffs cement and cement products and the quarrying of cement rock" approved May twenty-eight one thousand nine hundred and seven extending the same to companies incorporated for the manufacture buying selling leasing using and operation of electrical apparatus and machinery and article of every kind appertaining to or in any wise connected with the production use regulation control distribution or application of electricity or electrical energy or products for any use or purpose constructing acquiring using selling buying or leasing any works construction or plant or part thereof connected with or involving such use distribution regulation control or application of electricity or the control or use of electrical apparatus for any purpose and of producing furnishing and supplying electricity or electrical apparatus in any form and for any purpose and to carry on a general manufacturing business'" approved the twenty-third day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven extending the same to corporations engaged in the manufacture buying selling dealing in and using of collapsible tubes and metal specialties

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the title?

Mr. THOMPSON. Mr. President, I move to amend the title in line 14, by inserting a single quotation mark after the word "water"; also in line 16, by striking out the single quotation mark after word "ninety-three" and inserting in lieu thereof a double quotation mark; also in line 20, by striking out the double quotation marks after the word "rock" and inserting in lieu thereof a single quotation mark; also in line 24, by striking out the word "article" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "articles"; also in line 24, by striking out the single quotation mark after the word "business."

Mr. C. A. SNYDER. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the title as amended?

It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 31, entitled:

An Act amending section five of an act entitled "An Act to establish a county court for the county of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof" approved the fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven by changing the manner of appointment and of determining the number duties and compensation of clerks and other assistants

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 113, entitled:

An Act further supplementing an act approved the fourteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act providing for the erection by the Common-

wealth of Pennsylvania of a statue in memory of General George Gordon Meade in the city of Washington and making an appropriation therefor" and making a further appropriation

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 166, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the State Hospital for Injured Persons of the Trevorton Shamokin and Mount Carmel Coal Fields situate in the township of Coal near Shamokin Northumberland county Pennsylvania for deficiency in maintenance for the two fiscal years commencing June first one thousand nine hundred and thirteen

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 340, entitled:

An Act to enable foreign religious and charitable corporations which have been incorporated and are carried on not for purposes of profit but for a purely and strictly religious or charitable purpose to hold real estate in this Commonwealth

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 356 (House Bill No. 169), entitled:

A Joint Resolution providing for a commission to investigate the advisability of the purchase by the Commonwealth of certain property in Philadelphia opposite Independence Hall as a public park

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 375, entitled:

An Act relative to the deposit of county funds by the county treasurer in banks

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 386, entitled:

An Act to authorize the judges of the courts of common pleas of judicial districts having separate orphans' courts to hear and determine all matters in such courts at the request of the judges thereof

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 387, entitled:

An Act concerning notaries public who are stockholders directors officers or employes of banks banking institutions trust companies or other corporations

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 399, entitled:

An Act providing for the appointment by the county commissioners of certain counties of a county appraiser and inspector and making said county appraiser and inspector ex-officio mercantile appraiser and inspector of weights and measures

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. MILLS. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 399, the bill just read, be recommitted to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. JENKINS. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 423, entitled:

An Act regulating the printing of the laws of this Commonwealth

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 424, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the third day of July one thousand eight hundred eighty-five entitled "An Act to establish uniform compensation to be allowed witnesses in civil and criminal cases before justices of the peace and aldermen in the several counties of this Commonwealth"

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 446 (House Bill No. 515), entitled:

An Act requiring all public printing and the processes used in doing such printing to be done within the territorial limits of this Commonwealth

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 447, entitled:

A supplement to an act approved the eighteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred fifty-three entitled "An Act relating to the sale and conveyance of real estate

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 490, entitled:

An Act relating to free public non-sectarian libraries and branch libraries within this Commonwealth providing for their establishment maintenance and regulation and for the maintenance and regulation of such free public non-sectarian libraries as may have been already established by the several counties cities boroughs towns townships and school districts and providing that all library property and all gifts devises grants or endowments for library purposes shall be exempt from taxation and providing that the several counties cities boroughs towns townships and school districts may levy taxes condemn private property and borrow money for library purposes and imposing penalties for injuring library property and for violation of library regulation and repealing existing laws in relation to the above subjects

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 505, entitled:

An act making mortgages given by benevolent charitable philanthropic educational and eleemosynary institutions corporations or unincorporated associations for permanent improvements and refunding purposes prior liens to the liens of the Commonwealth for the appropriation of moneys providing a method for the giving of such mortgages and fixing the duties of the Auditor-General and Board of Public Charities in connection therewith

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 510 (House Bill No. 119), entitled:

An Act to provide for the better protection and preservation of game game quadrupeds and game birds in Pennsylvania and prescribing penalties for violation of its several provisions

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 514 (House Bill No. 240), entitled:

An Act creating a reward or bounty for the destruction of certain noxious animals killed within the Commonwealth

of Pennsylvania providing a method for the payment of the same and providing the method of furnishing evidence of said destruction and penalties for the violation of the several provisions hereof

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 518 (House Bill No. 410), entitled:

A Joint Resolution authorizing the printing and binding of the report of the commission to consider the revision and amendment of the penal laws of Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 522 (House Bill No. 653), entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to provide for State registration of nurses to establish a State board of examiners in connection therewith and to provide penalties for the violation of certain provisions regarding such registration" approved the first day of May one thousand nine hundred nine providing further regulation as to applications for examination for registration of nurses and the fee chargeable therefor and providing for the making of reports of training schools for nurses whose competency for instruction is approved by the said board

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 528, entitled:

An Act to regulate the assessment on seated lands where township lines divide a tract of land and to determine the residence of owners and occupants of land when the dividing line between any two townships passes through the mansion house and prescribing the duties of assessors in such cases

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 538, entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act regulating the publication of advertisements and notices required by law to be published in counties of this Commonwealth in newspapers published in the English language and newspapers published in the German language" approved the thirteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred one

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 548, entitled:

An Act providing for the election of councilmen in all boroughs of this Commonwealth wherein the election of councilmen held in November one thousand nine hundred thirteen has been declared void and wherein councilmen serving at the time of said election held over

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 549, entitled:

An Act to fix salary of court criers and tipstaves in judicial districts containing more than two hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants and less than one million inhabitants

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 555, entitled:

An Act relating to certain medicines substances and preparations for certain purposes regulating the sale thereof and providing penalties

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 563, entitled:

An Act to refund to Bella Hershenson of McKean county money paid for license to sell oleomargarine

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 567, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the purpose of refunding to the estate of Joseph B. Sheppard Junior moneys erroneously paid into the State Treasury

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 577 (House Bill No. 383), entitled:

An Act providing for the organization discipline maintenance and regulation of the militia of the Commonwealth

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 579 (House Bill No. 770), entitled:

An Act relative to the burial of the bodies of certain indigent deceased widows at the county expense

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 584 (House Bill No. 665), entitled:

A Joint Resolution directing the publication of the pamphlet containing the game fish and forestry laws

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 588 (House Bill No. 573), entitled:

An Act to amend section eighteen of an act entitled "An Act providing for the the original location laying out and construction of public roads or highways in the several counties of this Commonwealth and for the permanent improvement of certain public roads or highways therein making such originally constructed or improved roads and highways county roads authorizing the relocation opening straightening widening extension and alteration of the same and the vacation of so much of any road as may thereby become unnecessary providing that the county commissioners of any county may prescribe rules regulating the use of roads constructed or maintained by the various counties and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing for the taking of property for such improvement the compensation to be paid therefor and the payment of damages resulting from such taking and the manner in which such damages may be determined providing for the payment of the costs and expenses of such construction or improvement and in thereafter repairing and maintaining said roads authorizing the levy of a tax or the issuing of bonds bonds to provide a fund for the expense thereof prescribing a method for improving a county road lying within or traversing a borough and apportioning the cost of such improvement and authorizing the vacation of any county road" approved the eleventh day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred eleven as the same was amended by an act approved the twelfth day of May one thousand nine hundred thirteen by authorizing counties to contract with municipalities in the improvement of certain streets of such municipalities connecting with a county road providing for the cost thereof prescribing the method by which the contract for such improvement shall be made and imposing the cost of the maintenance of such streets on the municipalities

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 589 (House Bill No. 92), entitled:

An Act relating to checks and drafts and fixing penalties

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 597 (House Bill No. 516), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Board of Game Commissioners for the payment of salaries traveling expenses establishment maintenance and protection of game preserves feeding propagation and distribution of game leasing of land for game preserves and various incidental expenses

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 604 (House Bill No. 434), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to refund to Henry S. Reichard of South Bethlehem Pennsylvania money erroneously paid into the State Treasury

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 608 (House Bill No. 800), entitled:

An Act to repeal an act approved the first day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to tax traction engines and providing that the same shall be assessed by the several assessors of the counties of this Commonwealth in the same manner as other articles of personal estate liable for taxation are assessed"

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 621 (House Bill No. 595), entitled:

An Act to provide for the immediate printing and distribution of advance sheets of the laws of this Commonwealth as they are enacted from time to time to persons making application therefor and to certain officials

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 625 (House Bill No. 572), entitled:

An Act creating a Division of Distribution of Documents defining its powers and duties regulating the printing binding and distribution of the public documents of this Commonwealth and providing penalties for the violation of this act

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Chair cleared his table and laid before the Senate communication in writing from His Excellency, The Governor of the Commonwealth, which was read as follows:

JUSTICES OF THE PEACE.

Commonwealth, of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, March 24, 1915.

To The Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentemen:—In conformity with law I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons to be Justices of the Peace until the first Monday in January 1916:

ADAMS COUNTY.

F. O. Noel, Mt. Pleasant Twp., vice Thos. C. Noel, deceased.

BERKS COUNTY.

Robert B. Mosser, Cumru Twp., vice Harry Y. Yocum, deceased.

DAUPHIN COUNTY.

John M. Rutherford, Royalton Borough, vice John C. Hite, deceased.

GREENE COUNTY.

S. C. Laughlin, Franklin Twp., vice J. C. Hewitt, resigned.

JEFFERSON COUNTY.

John E. Bracken, Porter Twp., vice Henry McClelland failed to qualify.

LACKAWANNA COUNTY.

William D. McHale, Archbald Borough, vice T. S. Loftus, resigned.

Paul M. Dzwonczyk, Mayfield, vice M. G. Neary, deceased.

SOMERSET COUNTY.

James M. Cable, Brothersvalley Twp., vice Robert S. Meyers, resigned.

WAYNE COUNTY.

Alsup V. Tyler, Damascus Twp., vice E. A. Hollenback, deceased.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

By unanimous consent,

A motion was made by Mr. CATLIN,

That Rule 38 which requires nominations made by the Governor to be referred to proper committee be dispensed with, and the Senate do now resolve itself into executive session, for the purpose of acting on the foregoing nominations.

Which was agreed to.

Whereupon,

A motion was made by Mr. CATLIN,

That the Senate do advise and consent to said nominations.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—44.

Beidleman,	Gyger,	McKee, W. S.	Snyder, C. A.,
Buckman,	Hackett,	McNichol,	Snyder, P. W.
Burke,	Hilton,	Miller,	Sones,
Catlin,	Hindman,	Mills,	Sproul,
Clark,	Hoke,	Patton,	Stewart,
Crow,	Jenkins,	Phipps,	Thompson,
Daix,	Kurtz,	Schantz,	Tompkins,
DeWitt,	Lynch,	Semmens,	Vare,
Endsley,	Magee, C. J.,	Sensenich,	Warner,
Farley,	Martin,	Smith, R. E.,	Wasbers,
Graff,	McConnell,	Smith, W. W.,	Kline.

Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Governor be informed accordingly.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from Committee at this time?

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. BUCKMAN, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 640, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Highway Department to cover a deficiency in the General Appropriation of 1913, for acquiring turnpike roads.

BILL ON FIRST READING.

Mr. HOKE. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 640, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Highway Department to cover a deficiency in the General Appropriation of 1913, for acquiring turnpike roads.

be read the first time.

Mr. PLYMOUTH W. SNYDER. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 640, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Highway Department to cover a deficiency in the general appropriation of nineteen thirteen for buying turnpike roads.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. HACKETT. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make reports from Committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. HACKETT, from the Committee on Municipal Affairs, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 624 (House Bill No. 737), entitled:

An Act authorizing municipalities to purchase the entire capital stock of bridge companies owning bridges situated

wholly or partly within the limits of such municipalities and exempting the capital stock and bonds of such company from State taxation.

Also from the Committee on Municipal Affairs reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 585 (House Bill No. 378), entitled:

An Act empowering cities of the second class to levy and collect for general revenue purposes license taxes or fees upon railroad switches turnouts tracks and sidings upon the public streets ways alleys wharves and properties of said cities.

Also from the Committee on Municipal Affairs reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 594 (House Bill No. 326), entitled:

An Act amending sections one, three, five and six of an act, entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act for the government of cities of the second class' approved the 7th day of March A. D. 1901, providing for the levy collection and disbursement of taxes and water rents or rates and conferring certain powers and duties in reference thereto upon the city treasurer the Board of Water Assessors and the collector of delinquent taxes and repealing certain acts relating to matters herein provided for," approved May 12th, 1911, as amended by an amendment to the first paragraph of the third section of said act approved May 31st, 1913, P. L. 390, changing the time of the collection of taxes and water rents and the duties of the Board of Water Assessors and city treasurer and collector of delinquent taxes in reference thereto and the time for the levy and assessment therof.

Mr. CHARLES A. SNYDER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from Committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. CHARLES A. SNYDER, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 576 (House Bill No. 850), entitled:

An Act making a burgess of a borough eligible to the office for the next succeeding term.

Mr. JENKINS. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from Committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. JENKINS, from the Committee on Municipal Affairs, reported as committed, Senate No. 326, entitled:

An Act relating to boroughs, requiring the estimate of expenses, appropriation of revenues, the fixing the tax levy, provision for construction or improvement of highways or other public works and of the funds required for the same, by ordinance within sixty days after the organization of the borough council in each fiscal year; regulating the manner in which the borough funds shall be paid out; regulating changes in appropriations; prescribing certain duties and liabilities of borough treasurers and secretaries and of borough auditors in connection therewith; making invalid contracts hirings purchases or orders or warrants issued in violation of the provisions of the act; permitting the inspection of books and records by taxpayers or their agents; requiring competitive and advertised bidding upon all contracts or purchases in excess of three hundred dollars ($300)

BILLS INTRODUCED.

Mr. JENKINS. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to read a bill in place at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. JENKINS (on behalf of Mr. VARE) read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 643, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Tabor Home for Children at Doylestown, Bucks County.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to read a bill in place at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. BEIDLEMAN read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 644, entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to create a Legislative Reference Bureau in the Pennsylvania State Library; authorizing the appointment of a Reference Director and subordinate officers, defining their duties, and fixing their compensation," approved the 27th day of April, A. D., 1909 (P. L. P. 1909, p. 208), as amended by an act entitled "An Act amending the second, third, fourth and seventh sections of an act approved the 27th day of April, A. D., 1909, entitled 'An Act to create a Legislative Reference Bureau in the Pennsylvania State Library; authorizing the appointment of a reference director and subordinate officers, defining their duties, and fixing their compensation,' by providing for additional permanent and emergency employes in the Bureau, and fixing their salaries; increasing the salaries of the Director and Assistant Director; and increasing the powers and duties of the Director," approved the 21st day of April, A. D., 1911, (P. L. P. 1911, P. 76).

Which was committed to the Committee on Library.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. CROW. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from Committee at this time.

Mr. CROW, from the Committee on Executive nominations, reported, with favorable recommendation, the following nomination made by His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth.

INSPECTOR OF THE EASTERN PENITENTIARY.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, March 1, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Ignatius J. Horstmann, to be an Inspector of the Eastern Penitentiary, to serve until May 26, 1917, vice Robert A. Balfour, deceased.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

EXECUTIVE SESSION.

By unanimous consent,

A motion was made by Mr. CROW,

That Rule 38, which requires nominations made by the Governor, to lie on the table one day be dispensed with, and the Senate do now resolve itself into Executive Session, for the purpose of acting upon nomination just reported,

Which was agreed to,

Whereupon,

A motion was made by Mr. CROW,

That the Senate do advise and consent to the nominations reported.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—42.

Beidleman,	Gerberich,	McNichol,	Snyder, P. W.,
Buckman,	Graff,	Miller,	Sones,
Burke,	Hindman,	Mills,	Sproul,
Catlin,	Hoke,	Patton,	Stewart,
Clark,	Jenkins,	Phipps,	Thompson,
Croft,	Kurtz,	Salus,	Tompkins,
Crow,	Lynch,	Schantz,	Vare,
Daix,	Magee, C. J.,	Semmens,	Warner,
DeWitt,	Martin,	Smith, W. W.,	Wasbers,
Endsley,	McConnell,	Snyder, C. A.,	Kline,
Farley,	McKee, W. S.		Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Governor be informed accordingly.

HOUSE MESSAGE.

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced, presented extracts from the Journal of the House of Representatives which were laid upon the table.

BILLS SIGNED.

The PRESIDENT (Lieutenant-Governor Frank B. McClain) announced that the Chief Clerk having reported that the following bills had passed both houses of the General Assembly and the same being correct, the titles were publicly read as follows:

House Bill No. 20, entitled:

An Act authorizing cities of the third class wherein the title to the water-works therein located is in the city to extend their pipes and improvements beyond the city limits and supply water to persons corporations and municipalities within the county and regulating the supply of water

House Bill No. 219, entitled:

An Act grantng to boroughs and incorporated towns the right of eminent domain for certain purposes and regulating the procedure thereunder

House Bill No. 543, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the ninth day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to provide for the appointment of deputy prothonotharies in counties of this Commonwealth having a population of more than two hundred and fifty thousand and less than a million and defining their qualifications powers and salary"

Whereupon,

The PRESIDENT (Lieutenant-Governor Frank B. McClain) in the presence of the Senate signed the same.

TIME OF NEXT MEETING.

The Chair cleared his table and laid before the Senate communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has concurred in resolution from the Senate as follows:

In the Senate, March 24, 1915.

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That when the Senate adjourns this week it shall be to reconvene on Monday afternoon, March twenty-ninth, at four o'clock, and that when the House of Representatives adjourns this week, it shall be to reconvene on Monday evening, March twenty-ninth, at eight o'clock.

SENATE BILL NO. 289 RECALLED FROM THE GOVERNOR.

He also laid before the Senate communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has concurred in resolution from the Senate as follows:

In the Senate, March 23, 1915.

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That Senate Bill No. 289, entitled "An Act amending section nine of an act as amended by the act of seventeenth April, one thousand nine hundred and five, Pamphlet Laws one hundred and eighty-five approved the fifth day of May, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, entitled "An Act supplementing and amending an act, entitled 'An Act to establish an intermediate court of appeal regulating its constitution, officers, jurisdiction, powers, practice and its relation to the Supreme Court and other courts providing for the reports of its decisions and compensation of the judges and other officers and the practice and costs on appeals from its judgments,' approved June twenty-fourth, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five," and increasing the amount to which the judges of the Superior Court shall be entitled to be reimbursed for the sums expended by them in each year for expenses incurred in the discharge of their duties for the help of stenographers, typewriters or clerks and regulating the time and manner of such reimbursement," be recalled from the Governor for the purpose of amendment.

HOUSE APPOINTS COMMITTEE OF CONFERENCE.

He also laid before the Senate communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House insists on its amendments non-concurred in by the Senate to Senate Bill No. 181, entitled:

An act to amend the first second and third sections of an act approved the eighteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act authorizing any county and city in any county in which the county seat is within the limits of such city to erect a joint county and municipal building providing for the conditions under which such building may be erected and for the ownership thereof providing for the selection of a site for said building and authorizing said county and city to make a sale or exchange of properties under certain conditions for the purpose of securing such site authorizing the acquisition of additional property for such building by purchase or condemnation and authorizing the county to issue bonds in payment of any indebtedness incurred for a share of the cost of such building and land" by conferring upon such county and city additional powers relating to the design construction use administration operation and maintenance of such joint county and municipal building and also if deemed advisable for an independent power plant in connection therewith

and has appointed Messrs. Hess, Vickerman and Stein as a committee of conference to confer with a similar committee of the Senate (if the Senate shall appoint such committee) to consider the differences existing between the two houses in relation to said bill.

RECESS.

Mr. CLARK. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now take a recess for ten minutes.

Mr. GRAFF. I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

AFTER RECESS.

The ACTING PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE (Mr. Clarence J. Buckman) in the Chair.

The PRESIDENT. The time of recess having elapsed, the Senate will be in order.

HOUSE BILLS FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced, presented for concurrence, bills of the House of Representatives, as follows:

House Bill No. 684 (Senate Bill No. 645), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the first day of May one thousand nine hundred seven entitled "An Act relating to the appointment of stenographers and assistant stenographers to report proceedings in the several court of common pleas and orphans' courts courts of oyer and terminer and general jail delivery and courts of quarter sessions of the peace of this Commonwealth as well as before commissioners masters and special masters in chancery referees examiners auditors and other officers prescribing their powers and duties and when such reports shall be evidence of the facts reported prescribing their compensation and allowances for expenses when the same shall be paid by the county wherein such stenographers or assistant stenographers are employed and when by the parties to such proceedings and repealing an act entitled 'An Act directing the appointment of official stenographers in the several civil courts of this Commonwealth authorizing the appointment of stenographers by examiners masters referees commissioners and auditors authorizing the appointment of assistant stenographers repealing 'An Act to authorize the appointment of stenographers in the several courts of this Commonwealth prescribing their duties and fixing their compensation' approved May fifteenth one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four repealing 'An Act to authorize the appointment of stenographers in the several courts of this Commonwealth prescribing their duties and fixing their compensation' approved May eighth one thousand eight hundred and seventy-six and repealing 'An Act defining the duty of court stenographers in the several counties of this State' approved June tenth one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one' approved the twenty-fourth day of May one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven but such repeal not to revive any law repealed by said act of twenty-fourth of May one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven"

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

House Bill No. 883 (Senate Bill No. 646), entitled:

An Act authorizing the Department of Forestry to grow and distribute young forest trees and restricting their use after distribution

Which was committed to the Committee on Forestry.

House Bill No. 483 (Senate Bill No. 647), entitled:

An Act defining paint to prevent deception in sale of paint to provide for true labels for and advertising of the same when offered for sale for the enforcement of this act by the Secretary of Agriculture and penalties for the violation of same

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

House Bill No. 517 (Senate Bill No. 648), entitled:

An Act prohibiting any city county or municipality from imposing or collecting any license fee or tax upon insurance companies or their agents or insurance brokers licensed to transact business by the Insurance Commissioner

Which was committed to the Committee on Insurance.

House Bill No. 680 (Senate Bill No. 649), entitled:

An Act relative to estates of decedents

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

House Bill No. 725 (Senate Bill No. 650), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the sixth day of May one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven entitled "An Act to authorize the commissioners of the several counties of this Commonwealth to discharge from prison all persons confined in jail without proceedings under the insolvent laws

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

NOMINATIONS BY THE GOVERNOR.

The Private Secretary to the Governor being introduced presented communication in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which was read as follows:

TRUSTEES TO ADMINISTER THE LAW PROVIDING FOR PAYMENTS TO INDIGENT, WIDOWED OR ABANDONED MOTHERS FOR THE COUNTY OF CAMBRIA.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Exceutive Chamber, Harrisburg, March 24, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law I have the honor to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following named persons to be trustees to administer the law providing for payments to indigent widowed or abandoned mothers for the County of Cambria to serve for the term of one year from the date of confirmation:

Mrs. Justina W. Brown, Johnstown.
Mrs. Catherine Allen, Johnstown.
Mrs. Jennie Griffith, Ebensburg.
Mrs. Mary Meehan, Barnsboro.
Mrs. Ada M. Barr, Nanty-Glo.
Mrs Nan McL Denlinger, Patton.
Mrs. Mary C. Cleave, Cresson.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

EXECUTIVE SESSION.

By unanimous consent,

A motion was made by Mr. CROW,

That Rule 38 which requires nominations made by the Governor to be referred to proper committees be dispensed with, and the Senate do now resolve itself into executive session, for the purpose of acting on the foregoing nominations,

Which was agreed to,

Whereupon,

A motion was made by Mr. CROW,

That the Senate do advise and consent to said nominations,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—44.

Beidleman,	Gyger,	McConnell,	Smith, W. W.,
Buckman,	Hackett,	McKee, W. S.	Snyder, C. A.,
Burke,	Hilton,	McNichol,	Snyder, P. W.,
Catlin,	Hindman,	Miller,	Sones,
Clark,	Hoke,	Mills,	Sproul,
Crow,	Jenkins,	Patton,	Stewart,
Daix,	Kline,	Phipps,	Thompson,
DeWitt,	Kurtz,	Schantz,	Tompkins,
Endsley,	Lynch,	Semmens,	Vare,
Farley,	Magee, C. J.,	Sensenich,	Warner,
Graff,	Martin,	Smith, R. E.,	Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Governor be informed accordingly.

BILL ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 593 (House Bill No. 295), as follows:

An Act to protest the public health in cities of the first class in this Commonwealth and for that purpose creating in the Department of Public Health and Charities four Bureaus to be called the Bureaus of Hospitals and Charities Health Sanitation and Housing said Bureaus to have the supervision and control in said cities of Hospitals and Charities Health Sanitation and Housing as herein set forth and other matters affecting the public welfare so far as regards the use and occupancy of Public Buildings and of all buildings and the appurtenances thereto occupied in whole or in part as places of residence by more than two families living separate and apart and providing for themselves also the licensing supervision and control and the use of lodging rooming apartment and tenement houses creating a sanitary board for the purpose of enforcing the provisions of this act fixing the responsibility for violations of any of the provisions of this act and also giving power to said Sanitary Board to make rules and regulations to govern certain conditions affecting health and sanitation and the licensing of certain trades industries and premises and providing for punishments and penalties for violations of any of the rules and regulations made by the Department of Public Health and Charities or by said Sanitary Board under the powers granted by this act also providing for the inspection by the Bureau of building inspection and the fire marshal of said cities of the first class and repealing all laws inconsistent herewith

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That on and after the first Monday of January one thousand nine hundred and sixteen the Department of Public Health and Charities in cities of the first class in this Commonwealth shall for the purposes of carrying out the provisions of this act consist of four Bureaus to be known respectively as The Bureau of Hospitals and Charities The Bureau of Housing each of said Bureaus to be in charge of an official to be called the chief thereof All chiefs of Bureaus shall be appointed by the Director of the Department of Public Health and Charities The number of other officers and employes of said Bureaus and their compensation to be determined and fixed by the councils of said cities of the first class by ordinances on application made therefor by the Director of the Department of Public Health and Charities who shall have the general supervision of the said bureaus and the duties of the officials and employes attached thereto He shall make all appointments thereto and promotions made necessary in conformity with the existing laws governing appointments to positions in the Civil Service of cities of the first class All Chiefs of Bureaus before assuming the duties of their offices shall be required to take the same oath of office as required by Article Seven Section one of the Constitution of Pennsylvania that relates to Judicial State and County officers Provided That all of the officers and employes appointed and now acting and on duty in any of the present Bureaus in said Department of Public Health and Charities who by the provisions of this act are transferred to any other Bureau created by this act shall not be subject to any further examination for eligibility to serve in the departments to which they may be transferred

Section 2 The Director of the Department of Public Health and Charities together with the chiefs of the Bureaus herein created shall constitute a Sanitary Board which Board is hereby authorized empowered and directed to adopt and promulgate suitable rules and regulations to carry out and enforce the provisions of any existing laws of this Commonwealth relating to hospitals charities health sanitation and housing and also the provisions of this act or any ordinance of said cities of the first class relating to the subject matters in charge of said Department of Public Health and Charities and its Bureaus

Any person who shall refuse or neglect to comply with the requirements of any of said rules or regulations or any of the provisions of this act after publication and notice of said rules and regulations as hereinafter fixed shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and on conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not more than five hundred dollars within the discretion of the court Provided however That all such rules and regulations when adopted shall be first approved by the Select Councils of cities of the first class Provided further That such rules and regulations shall be first published in three of the daily newspapers in cities of the first class of the largest circulation to be determined by the Director of the Department of Public Health and Charities and they shall also be printed in pamphlet form for public distribution and shall be evidence in all cases brought in any court for a violation of any of the said rules and regulations Provided further That any court of record before which any person may be brought for trial for violation of said rules and regulations shall have the right and power to pass upon the legality and reasonableness of the same Provided further That said rules and regulations shall not be considered to repeal the provisions of any law of this Commonwealth applicable to the subject matter of charities health sanitation or housing except as hereinafter provided

Section 3 The Bureau of Hospitals and Charities shall have charge of the care management administration and supervision of all hospitals charities almshouses and other similar institutions the maintenance control or government of which is entrusted to the city and all laws relating to such subjects as may be embraced within the provisions of any act of Assembly of this Commonwealth or the ordinances of cities of the first class relating to any of the subjects named as being within the powers and duties of the said Bureau of Hospitals and Charities Provided That said Bureau shall not have charge of hospitals maintained by said city for contagious diseases

Section 4 The Bureau of Health shall have the care management and control of all health inspectors and the enforcement of its rules and regulations and the provisions of any act of Assembly of this Commonwealth or the ordinances of the cities of the first class relating to vital statistics contagious diseases and boards and bureaus of health except such as may be herein specifically designated as coming

within the powers and duties of the Bureaus of Hospitals and Charities Sanitation and Housing and further shall have the power and duties as are now exercised by any bureaus or boards of health in cities of the first class in this Commonwealth except otherwise provided in this act shall have charge of all hospitals maintained by said city for treatment of contagious diseases all physicians appointed for the purpose of guarding the public health the pupils of public schools and other public institutions and all physicians having the care of the teeth and eyes of the pupils of the public schools in cities of the first class.

Section 5 The Bureau of Sanitation through the Division of Plumbing and House Drainage hereinafter provided for shall have full charge of the enforcement of all laws of this Commonwealth and the rules and regulations of said Sanitary Board relating to the plumbing drainaage and sewerage of all buildings in cities of the first class no matter for what purpose they may be used The director of the department of public health and charities in cities of the first class shall cause to be organized in the bureau of sanitation a division thereof to be known as the division of plumbing and house drainage which said division shall have power to enforce all regulations and rules governing plumbing in cities of the first class including fixtures pipes and all facilities and appliances more especially sinks drains and cess-pools the construction of which and the materials to be used for the purpose of preventing the emission of gases or air from sewers or cesspools or any receptacle for the holding of excremental filth or any other kind of filth whether liquid or solid and the conditions necessary for the sanitation of all buildings no matter for what purpose they may be used. Provided that no building shall be erected without being connected with a public sewer unless because of local conditions it may become necessary to adopt some other method of disposal satisfactory to the Board and Bureau of Health and Sanitation and if it becomes necessary to use any part of a public highway to meet the plans or method agreed upon the owner of said building or buildings shall have the right to build or construct the same under any public street or highway in accordance with the rules and regulations of the Bureau of Surveys of said city

All subjects relating to the drainage of courts yards areas and alleys rain leaders rain conductors waste and drain pipes and all sewerage connected with any building all water closets their number and location and all privies and the method of their construction and the amount of the water supplied and plumbing necessary to a general good sanitary condition of the premises shall be subject to all the rules and regulations that may be made and promulgated as hereinbefore provided by the said Sanitary Board The chief officer in immediate charge of the division of plumbing and house drainage and each of the persons who may perform the duties of the examination of plans of proposed plumbing work or the inspection of plumbing and drainage work or who may perform any of the technical work necessary in the division shall be required to have at least five years' practical experience in the trade or profession of plumbing

Section 6 The sanitary condition of all houses used for the purpose of residence and the appurtenances to such houses or buildings so far as regards the keeping of animals or fowls and the slaughtering of the same in or on said properties or the premises adjoining shall be subject to rules and regulations as may be promulgated and issued by the said Sanitary Board in said cities of the first class The Bureau of Sanitation shall have the authority to issue permits to slaughter animals and fowl for the purpose of sale and to charge a fee of two dollars for each permit said permits to be in accordance with the said rules and regulations that may be made to govern the same said permits to be for the year or fraction thereof ending on the thirty-first day of December next following All of the rules and regulations governing the keeping and slaughtering of animals shall be subject to such local conditions that might affect or be prejudicial to health or by the allowance of the same become a common nuisance Under such circumstances it shall be within the power of the said Bureau of Sanitation to refuse to issue such permit for the use of any building or the properties or premises adjacent thereto for such purposes

Section 7 The use and occupancy of all buildings as a place of storage for the keeping or storage or the sale of any article of merchandise or commerce or for any matter or thing detrimental to the health or life shall also be subject to the rules and regulations of said Sanitary Board and that all pits for the keeping of animal manure shall also be subject to the rules and regulations of the said Sanitary Board Provided however that in all cities of the first class there shall be separate rules and regulations relating to the keeping of animal manure in those sections or districts that are sparsely populated and which section shall be designated in said rules by bounds or description in a special permit

The Bureau of Sanitation shall also have charge of the licensing inspection and sanitary maintenance of all wagons used for the private collection of garbage also the inspection and sanitary maintenance of places where such private collection of garbage is disposed of when within the limits of said cities

The licensing inspection and sanitary maintenance of all public and private dumps used for the disposal of any household waste ashes and any other character or refuse

The inspection and sanitary maintenance of all stables manure storage places and this shall also include pig stys cattle yards and other places where animals are kept or housed

The above license or permits to cost the applicant or applicants two dollars for each separate license

Said bureau shall also have the power to abate any nuisance caused by stagnant ponds or waters in order to prevent moquito breeding either by drainage filling or blasting at the expense of the owner or owners and all other nuisances prejudicial to public health

That all costs expended by said bureau of sanitation in correcting any insanitary condition arising out of any of the subject matters set forth in this section through failure of the owner or owners of said premises lot buildings or other structures after five days' notice to correct or abate the same shall be filed as a lien against said lot premises building or other structure as other municipal claims are filed under the provisions of the act of June fourth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one number two hundred and twenty-eight page three hundred and sixty-four of the Pamphlet Laws of this Commonwealth

The said Bureau of Sanitation shall have charge of the inspection and sanitary maintenance of second-hand clothing stores second-hand shops of all rag shops junk shops and other places where apparel merchandise or other goods are sold second-hand pawn shops loan offices et cetera were second-hand wearing material is handled

Section 8 The licensing inspection and the sanitary maintenance of all places where meats milk groceries bread and provisions ice cream and soda water are sold or exposed for sale and shall maintain sanitary conditions in such places and any vehicle used for the transportation of the same within the limits of said city including the certification standardizing pasturization and sterilization of milk said permits or licenses to cost the party licensed the sum of two dollars and shall be in force until the thirty-first day of December next thereafter

Said bureau of sanitation shall have charge of all matters affecting the light and ventilation of all buildings used for public purposes and all halls or buildings used for meetings of lodges associations or conventions and the ventilation of all vehicles or cars used for the transportation of passengers for hire within the limits of said city

Section 9 The Bureau of Housing shall have charge of enforcing all the laws of this Commonwealth not repealed by the provisions of this act either specifically or for being inconsistent herewith relating to the use and occupancy of all buildings in cities of the first class except that they shall not have control of the use and occupancy of buildings used and occupied as a dwelling house by not more than two families living separate and apart from each other except as hereinafter provided

Section 10 That all persons who desire to conduct a tenement house which is here defined to be a building used or occupied as a residence by three or more families or individuals living separate and independently of each other and doing cooking on the premises shall apply on or fore the first Monday of January of each year to the chief of the Bureau of Housing and set out on a blank to be furnished by the said bureau in which shall be stated the name and address of the applicant or applicants and if not the owner of the buildings the name and address of the owner its exact location by street and number or other definite information If the law rules and regulations as hereinbefore mentioned have been complied with and the building fully meets with all the requirements of the laws ordinances rules and regulations as herein set forth then the said chief of the Bureau of Housing shall issue to such applciant a license which shall clearly specify the name and address of the person or persons corporations partnerships or associations authorized to conduct the tenement house therein described its location and the number of rooms or apartments which may be kept and used for tenement purposes and the date of the expiration of the license to wit the thirty-first day of December of the calendar year for which it was issued Said license shall in no way be transferable

The said chief of the Bureau of Housing shall file said application and also keep a public record in which shall be set forth the application and such other actions as may be taken in reference thereto whether in the nature of granting the same or a refusal and said record shall be a public record and shall be evidence in any case that may be brought in any court in this Commonwealth and the said chief of the Bureau of Housing with the consent and approval of the director of the Department of Public Health and Charities shall have the power to revoke any license whenever any of the laws of this Commonwealth or any of the ordinances of the said cities of the first class or any of the rules and regulations of the Sanitary Board have been violated but it is herein provided however that any applicant for a license who has been refused or whose license has been revoked shall have the right to appeal within fifteen days from such refusal or revocation to the court of common pleas of the proper county and such court shall make such order as right and justice may require Provided however that such appeal shall not operate as a supersedeas and that said court shall fix a hearing as soon as may be possible for the hearing of the same not more than thirty days from said date of appeal

Section 11 The charge for every license for a tenement house shall be two dollars where the number of rooms is ten or under and five dollars in every other case which fee shall cover the cost of investigation On and after the first Monday of January one thousand nine hundred and sixteen it shall be unlawful for any person association partnership or corporation to conduct a tenement house in any city of the first class unless he or it has complied with the pro-

visions of this act the ordinance of councils of cities of the first class and the rules and regulations of the said Sanitary Board and that said license shall be displayed in conspicuous place so as to be seen by all those who enter and leave said tenement That there shall be no fractional part of a year so far as regards the fee or time for which this act fixes the use of license to wit the calendar year as aforesaid

Section 12 That all inspections to see whether the laws ordinances rules and regulations relating to tenement houses are being faithfully and fully carried out shall be made by the officials connected with the said Bureau of Housing who shall report all violations of law and the rules and regulations of the Sanitary Board to the Chief of the Bureau of Housing

That all corporations joint stock companies partnerships individuals or any association of individuals shall be included in the word "person" in this act Provided also That until the first Monday of January one thousand nine hundred and sixteen tenement-houses may be conducted under existing laws that on and after the first Monday of January one thousand nine hundred and sixteen the act of June seventh one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled "An Act to regulate tenement houses in cities of the first class and to require those owning or conducting the same to secure a license from the mayor making violations of the act misdemeanors and providing penalties for such violations shall stand repealed

Section 13 That no part of any building below the level of any street highway lane or alley shall be used for human habitation under the provisions of this act unless in compliance with such rules and regulations as said Sanitary Board shall make to govern and regulate the same and no alterations nor additions shall be made to any tenement-house so far as regards its structure or the plumbing drainage or sewage ventilation or light without the plans and specifications being filed with the Bureau of Building Inspection Bureau of Housing and Bureau of Sanitation and having the same approved by the Chief of each bureau

In case of refusal by any of the Chiefs of said Bureaus to allow said alterations or additions to be made the applicant thereof shall have the right to appeal within fifteen days to the court of common pleas which shall consider the same as promptly as may be under the circumstances of the case not more than thirty days from said appeal

That the powers given by this act to the said Bureaus of Health Housing and Sanitation so far as regards tenement houses lodging rooming and apartment houses or other buildings shall in no wise interfere with these granting powers to the Departments of the State Government regarding the use and occupancy of buildings for manufacturing and other purposes

That all violations of this act shall be prosecuted by the Department of Public Health and Charities and no person shall have the right to institute prosecutions for violations of this act or ofg any of the rules and regulattons adopted by the said Sanitary Board unless he shall have first obtained the consent and authority to do so from the Director of the Department of Public Health and Charities who shall refer the said application to the proper Bureau for investigation before first passing upon the same

Section 14 That lodging houses to be subject to the provisions of this act in cities of the first class shall be every building not licensed as an hotel inn or tavern in which accommodations are kept for ten or more persons lodged for a price for a single night of twenty-five cents or less for each person and license to conduct a lodging house as hereinbefore set forth shall be granted by the Chief of the Bureau of Housing created by the provisions of this act upon the payment of a fee of five dollars and the said license shall be granted only to persons who are of good moral character and shall be for the year or the fraction thereof expiring on the thirty-first day of December next thereafter but no license shall be issued until the Bureau of Building Inspection and the Fire Marshall of said city of the first class and the Chiefs of the Bureaus of Sanitation and Health shall certify that said building is safe to be used for the purpose of a lodging house and is of such a construction as to carry any load that it will probably have to carry and is provided with all the fire-escapes and all other additional means of escape in case of fire as the construction of the buildings its surrounding and the use to which it is to be put requires

That all persons to whom said license shall be issued shall keep a registry of the name of every person and their address if possible to be ascertained whom he shall accept as a lodger together with the time of his arrival and his departure and such record shall be open to the inspection of the police authorities of said cities of the first class at any time and that said lodging house shall at all times be open for inspection by such persons as may be connected with any of the Bureaus of the Department of Public Health and Charities and the Department of Public Safety or any of its Bureaus and shall be subject to such rules and regulations as the said Sanitary Board may make in reference to the conduct use and control of lodging houses

Section 15 Any person or any employes or agent or officer of any association corporation or partnership to whom a license to keep a tenement or lodging house is issued or any other person employe agent or officer of any association corporation or partnership who shall violate any of the provisions of this act rules or regulations made by said Sanitary Board relating to tenement and lodging houses shall upon conviction thereof before any magistrate alderman or justice of the peace be sentenced to pay the costs of prosecution and to forfeit and pay a fine not exceeding one hundred dollars and in default of the payment thereof shall be committed to and imprisoned in the county jail wherein the said city of the first class may be situate for a period not exceeding thirty (30) days provided however That for any reason existing outside of the provisions of this act for which it is sought to revoke the said tenement or lodging house license so issued to the party affected thereby he or they shall have the right to appeal to the Court of Common Pleas who shall have the right to pass upon all of the questions involving the application for said revocation

Any building existing at the time of the passage of this act if approved by the Director of Health and Charities may be used for tenement-house purposes

Section 16 That provisions of this act relating to lodging houses shall take effect on and after the first Monday of January one thousand nine hundred and sixteen and shall be considered as a repeal of the act of the second day of July one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five pamphlet laws four hundred twenty-eight entitled "An Act to regulate and license public lodging houses in the different cities in this Commonwealth" so far as regards its operation in cities of the first-class

Section 17 A rooming-house apartment house shall be considered a house occupied by more than two families living separate and apart for private residential purposes and where each family so living occupies an apartment consisting of four rooms with a bath water-closet and sink attached thereto for the exclusive use of such family the said owner or lessee of the whole property shall be held responsible for all violations of law and ordinances relating to garbage ashes and other refuse matter gathered on such premises and the removal of snow and ice from the footway or pavements of said premises Said buildings used for rooming and apartment purposes as hereinbefore defined shall be subject to all laws of this Commonwealth ordinances of the cities of the first class and rules and regulations of the said Sanitary Booard so far as regards their construction light ventilation and sanitation

Section 18 That all laws of this Commonwealth and ordinances of cities of the first class and rules and regulations of the Sanitary Board affecting the use or occupancy of any public buildings shall be under the supervision and enforcement of the Department of Public Health and Charities and the different Bureaus thereof That all buildings lodging houses rooming or apartment houses and all public buildings including public schools so far as regard their sanitation which shall include light and ventilation their drainage and sewerage water closets privies or cesspools their water supply their plumbing their occupancy so far as regards the number using the same shall be subject to the rules and regulations that may be made to govern the same by the said Sanitary Board or any laws of this Commonwealth

Section 19 That a rooming-house or apartment house as defined by the provisions of this act shall not be used above the first floor for any business or manufacturing purposes where the conduct of such would be detrimental to the health of the occupants and the safety of the same and if after investigation and on due proof thereof it shall be shown that such business is unsafe to the occupants of said building or detrimental to their health any one who shall still persist in the same after ten (10) days' notice shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and on conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars or undergo imprisonment for not more than six months or either or both within the discretion of the court

Section 20 Whenever a notice is required calling the attention of any person corporation partnership or association to any violations of the provisions of this act or any of the rules and regulations of the several Bureaus of the Department of Public Health and Charities there shall be service made upon the owner if this service cannot be made then by leaving the notice at his last known place of residence in said cities of the first-class or his agent or any party having control of the use occupancy or rental of said building and in case of the party corporation partnership or association not being within the jurisdiction of the said Department of Public Health and Charities in cities of the first class service may be made by mailing a copy of the known address of said persons corporations partnerships or associations and also by posting a copy of the same upon a conspicuous place on the premises affected for ten (10) days That at the end of the ten (10) days if no action is taken by the parties affected thereby to conform and comply with the notice so served mailed or posted then the Department of Public Health and Charities through its proper Bureau may proceed with the same in accordance with the provisions of this act the ordinance of councils or the rules and regulations of the Sanitary Board

Section 21 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with this act be and the same are hereby repealed except as heretofore provided Also provided that the act of the twenty-second day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen pamphlet laws page eight hundred seventy-nine entitled "An Act to protect the public health and safety by regulating the erection alteration repair use occupancy maintenance sanitation and condemnation of dwellings two-family dwellings rooming houses and tenements by regulating the use maintenance and sanitation of the grounds surrounding the same the adjoining buildings and all vacant land in cities of the first class providing for their inspection the abatement of nuisances the vacating and destroying of uninhabitable houses and the filing of liens creating a division of housing and sanitation providing for institution of prosecutions and penalties for violation of the provisions thereof and repealing all laws inconsistent therewith" is hereby immediately repealed Provided however that licenses and permits already issued for the year for one thousand nine hundred fourteen under any existing laws for any of the subject matters for which licenses are to be issued under this act shall be good until the expiration of the time for which they are limited

That all fees paid for licenses and permits under this act shall be paid into the city treasury for the benefit of the

municipality Provided also That any party aggrieved by the refusal of a permit license or privilege as herein provided on the revocation of the same for which there is no right of appeal specified may have the right within fifteen days thereafter to appeal to the court of common pleas which shall hear the same not more than thirty days from said appeal

Provided further that the act of July twelfth one thousand eight hundred ninety-seven entitled "An Act to amend section one of an act approved the third day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five entitled 'An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to provide for the better security of life and limb in cases of fire in hotels and other buildings" approved the eleventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine extending the provisions thereof to buildings used in whole or in part for offices not of fire proof construction'" shall not apply and be enforced so far as relates to tenement houses having not more than six rooms above the second floor

Section 22 Should any part of this act be construed to be invalid or unenforcable the remaining parts of the act so far as they are valid or capable of enforcement shall stand with the same force and effect as if the parts found to be invalid or unforceable had been omitted

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provision of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—29.

Beidleman,	Endsley,	McKee, W.	S. Snyder, C. A.,
Buckman,	Hackett,	McNichol,	Sones,
Burke,	Jenkins,	Miller,	Thompson,
Catlin,	**Kline,**	Patton,	Tompkins,
Clark,	Kurtz,	Phipps,	Warner,
Crow,	**Lynch,**	Schantz,	**Wasbers,**
Daix,	Magee, C. J.,	Semmens,	
DeWitt,	Martin.		

NAYS—3.

Hoke,	Smith, R. E.,	Snyder, P. W.,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the House is requested.

RECESS.

Mr. SCHANTZ. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now take a recess for ten minutes.

Mr. DAIX. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

AFTER RECESS.

The PRESIDENT (Lieutenant-Governor Frank B. McClain) in the Chair.

The PRESIDENT. The time of recess having elapsed the Senate will be in order.

HOUSE BILL FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced presented for concurrence bill of the House of Representatives as follows:

House Bill No. 789 (Senate Bill No. 651), entitled:

An Act giving to dependent neglected incorrigible delinquent and other children committed to the care custody or control of any institution or citizens or training school or industrial school or any association willing to receive them or to any other person or persons by any court of this Commonwealth sitting as a juvenile court or any judge or magistrate sitting as such the right to reviews and rehearings on petition of their parent or parents or next friend requiring the testimony to be made a part of the record and providing for appeals to the Superior Court

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

SENATE BILL NO. 92 RECALLED FROM THE GOVERNOR.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives, informing the Senate that the House has concurred in resolution from the Senate as follows:

In the Senate, March 24, 1915.

Resolved (If the House of Representatives concur), That Senate Bill No. 92, entitled "An Act requiring certain petitions and papers to be verified before being considered by the Court," be recalled from the Governor for the purpose of amendment.

BILL SIGNED.

The PRESIDENT (Lieutenant-Governor Frank B. McClain) announced that the Chief Clerk having reported that the following bills had passed both houses of the General Assembly and the same being correct, the titles were publicly read as follows:

House Bill No. 243, entitled:

An Act to repeal an act entitled "An Act to authorize and require road supervisors to erect and maintain suitable foot bridges for the accommodation of pedestrians across streams where public roads cross such streams" approved the twenty-third day of April one thousand nine hundred and nine

Whereupon,

The PRESIDENT (Lieutenant-Governor Frank B. McClain) in the presence of the Senate signed the same.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. BUCKMAN, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 564, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Commissioner of Labor and Industry to appoint additional officers and employes in the Department of Labor and Industry fixing their duties and salaries and increasing the salaries of the Chief Medical Inspector, Chief of the Bureau of Statistics and Information and the Chief Clerk

ADJOURNMENT.

Mr. HACKETT. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now adjourn until next Monday afternoon at 4 o'clock.

Mr. McKEE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The Senate adjourned at 12:30 o'clock P. M., until Monday, March 29, 1915, at 4 o'clock P. M.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

WEDNESDAY, March 24th, 1915.

The House met at 10 o'clock A. M.

The SPEAKER (Charles A. Ambler) in the Chair.

PRAYER.

The Chaplain, Rev. F. W. Staley, offered the following prayer:

Almighty God, we thank Thee that we stand in the presence of thine infinite goodness; a goodness that expresses itself through myriads of channels. Heaven and earth are filled with Thy blessings; the sun shines for us; the stars glitter for us; the oceans roll for us; the rivers run for us; the birds sing for us; the flowers bloom for us; the earth is full of Thy glory and Heaven makes its magnificient contributions for our happiness in this world.

May we realize this morning, Oh God, that we are not only responsible to our fellow men for our acts, but above everything else we are responsible to Thee, Oh God, for all that we do; for we are to give an account of the deeds done in the body, and in what we do may we glorify Thy name; we ask for Christ's sake. Amen.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the Journal of yesterday's proceedings.

The Clerk proceeded to read the journal of yesterday's proceedings, when on motion of Mr. Beyer, the further reading was dispensed with and the journal was approved.

BILLS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED.

By Mr. MATHER. House Bill No. 1087.

An Act to amend an act approved the thirtieth day of March, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven, entitled "An Act to provide for the pay and mileage of coroners for viewing a dead body where no inquest is held."

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. PERRY House Bill No. 1088.

An act authorizing the Insurance Commissioner to revoke the certificate of authority of and to refuse admission to companies or associations from any State which refuses to permit like companies or associations organized and operating under the laws of this State to do a like business in said State and designating who may and who may not make examination of said companies or associations, and providing who shall pay the expenses of examinations of such companies or associations.

Referred to the Committee on Insurance.

By Mr. CROMER. House Bill No. 1089.

An Act to prohibit the sentencing of offenders to religious, denominational or sectarian institutions and providing penalties.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. JAMES O. CAMPBELL. House Bill No. 1091.

An Act to amend "The Public Service Company Law", approved the twenty-sixth day of July, one thousand nine hundred and thirteen.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. JAMES O. CAMPBELL. House Bill No. 1092.

An Act to amend "The Public Service Company Law", approved the twenty-sixth day of July, one thousand nine hundred and thirteen.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. GORMLEY. House Bill No. 1093.

An Act providing for the appointment of Interpreters who shall act as assistant assessors in certain counties, defining their powers and duties, fixing their compensation; and providing for their expenses.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

By Mr. LOVE. House Bill No. 1094.

An Act authorizing the depositing of county funds at interest and regulating the manner of selecting such depositories, and making such deposits.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

By Mr. PALMER. House Bill No. 1095.

An act fixing the compensation of election assessors in boroughs and townships at primary elections.

Referred to the Committee on Counties and Townships.

By Mr. GEISER. House Bill No. 1096.

An Act to amend section seventy-five of an act approved the thirty-first day of March, one thousand eight hundred and sixty, entitled "An Act to consolidate, revise and amend the penal laws of this Commonwealth."

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. SCHAEFFER. House Bill No. 1097.

An Act requiring the borough council to fix by ordinance the salary of the burgess.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

By Mr. LAULER. House Bill No. 1098.

A supplement to an act approved the nineteenth day of March, one thousand nine hundred nine, entitled "An Act to regulate the practice of osteopathy in the State of Pennsylvania; to provide for the establishment of a State Board of Osteopathic Examiners; to define the powers and duties of said Board of Osteopathic Examiners; to provide for the examining and licensing of osteopaths in this State; and to provide penalties for the violation of this act."

Referred to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

By Mr. WILDMAN. House Bill No. 1099.

An act making an appropriation to the several fire companies in the City of Harrisburg,

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. WILDMAN. House Bill No. 1100.

An act authorizing Charles H. Sorge, a citizen of Harrisburg, Dauphin County, to bring suit, in the court of common pleas of Dauphin County, against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

SENATE MESSAGE.

SENATE BILLS FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced presented for concurrence bill numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

Senate Bill No. 291 (House Bill No. 1090).

An Act to protect the public health and welfare by regulating the employment of females in hotels boarding houses and restaurants with respect to their hours of labor and the conditions of their employment by establishing certain sanitary regulations in which they work by requiring certain notices to be posted by providing for the enforcement of this act by the Commissioner of Labor and Industry and others and prescribing penalties for violation thereof and by repealing all acts and parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions thereof.

Which was referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

PETITIONS.

FAVORING THE REPEAL OF THE FULL CREW LAW.

Mr. MATHER presented the petition of the citizens of Bradford County, Pa., favoring the Repeal of the Full Crew Law.

Which was referred to the Committee on Railroads.

PROTESTING AGAINST THE PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILLS NOS. 322, 325, 265, AND 270.

Mr. McVICAR presented a petition from the taxpayers of Pittsburgh and Allegheny County, protesting against the passage of House Bills No. 322 and 325, also House Bills No. 265 and 270 and favoring the passage of House Bill No. 505.

Which was referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. LAMIUS, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1029, entitled:

An Act conferring authority on Street Passenger Railway Companies and Motor Power or other companies, lawfully operating lines of street passenger railways, to own, lease and operate lines of self-propelled omnibuses in connection with their street railway systems.

RESOLUTION RELATIVE TO STATE HIGHWAYS.

Mr. H. I. WILSON offered the following resolution which was twice read by the Clerk:

HOUSE RESOLUTION.

In the House of Representatives, March 24, 1915.

Whereas, Under the provisions of an act, approved the thirty-first day of May, one thousand nine hundred eleven, popularly known as the Sproul Bill, approximately eight thousand five hundred miles of State highways were provided for as the beginning of a state highway system covering substantially the main highways of the State; and

Whereas, By two amendments thereto, enacted at the session of one thousand nine hundred thirteen approximately fifteen hundred miles additional state highway were added to the existing state highway system, such additional highways to be taken over on June fifteen, one thousand nine hundred fifteen; and

Whereas, Prior to the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred fifteen the State Highway Department was handicapped in the administrated of the state highway system by inability to use funds appropriated therefor; and

Whereas, Owing to the failure of the people to approve the proposed amendment to the Constitution of Pennsylvania whereby the sum of fifty million dollars was to be available for the use of the highways of Pennsylvania the State Highway Department was unable to secure sufficient funds to carry out the plan already outlined; and

Whereas, Throughout the length and breadth of Pennsylvania there have been and are now at the present time going on earnest discussions as to the highway policy that Pennsylvania should adopt in order to bring herself abreast with her sister States in constructing and maintaining a modern and efficient system of highways; and

Whereas, Time is going on and there is no evidence to the public that the General Assembly has taken any action or devised any comprehensive policy looking to a proper state highway system; and

Whereas, If work is not commenced soon upon the public highways by the State Highway Department much valuable time will be lost, much money wasted and the agricultural and other interests of the State retarded and injured; and

Whereas, At the present time approximately the sum of eight hundred thousand dollars is available for use on the state highway system in the hands of the State Highway Department for purposes of repair and upkeep; therefor

Be it resolved by the House of Representatives of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, That it is the sense of this House that the entire mileage of the state highway system as originally outlined in the Sproul Road Bill and as subsequently increased by the General Assembly of one thousand nine hundred thirteen, be kept intact as a nucleus for a state highway policy and system and that the State Highway Department be directed to proceed at the earliest possible date in the actual work of repair and maintenance of the various roads comprising the state highway system; and, be it further resolved,

That in the expenditure of the various sums of money coming into the hands of the State Highway Department available for road or repair purposes that the State Highway Department endeavor to put as much of the money in actual constructive and repair work as the needs of the road require.

Mr. H. I. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I do not desire to ask for unanimous consent to have this resolution considered at this time.

The SPEAKER. The Resolution will lie over for printing.

SENATE MESSAGE.

APPOINTMENT OF CONFERENCE COMMITTEE ON SENATE BILL NO. 181.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, informed that the Senate insist upon its amendments non-concurred in by the House to bill numbered and entitled as follows, viz: Senate Bill 181, entitled:

An Act authorizing and empowering municipalities to construct and for this purpose to procure locations therefor by purchase or condemnation proceedings in fee simple as herein provided or to acquire by lease or purchase and to maintain and operate underground street passenger railways or subways whether the same be wholly within or partly within and partly without the limits of the municipality and also street passenger railways or elevated railways connecting therewith or exchanging passengers with said underground street railway and to lease the underground street railway and any surface or elevated street railway connecting therewith to corporations or individuals with the right in the municipalities to charge an additional sum for each passenger using the subway to meet the interest and sinking fund charges on the cost of the subway and conferring upon said municipalities all the rights and powers conferred upon corporations under the act of June seventh one thousand nine hundred and one entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and government of passenger railways either elevated or underground or partly elevated and partly underground with surface rights (Pamphlet Laws five hundred and twenty-three) and supplements and amendments thereto"

And has appointed Messrs. Kline, Kurtz, and Sones a Committee on Conference to confer with a similar committee of the House (if the House shall appoint such committee) on the subject of the differences existing between the two Houses in relation to said bill.

Mr. STEIN. Mr. Speaker, I move that the House insist upon its amendments and that a Committee of Conference be appointed.

Mr. McVICAR. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

APPOINTMENT OF CONFERENCE COMMITTEE.

The SPEAKER. On the part of the House, the Chair appoints Messrs. Stein, Vickerman and Hess as a committee of conference to confer with a similar committee of the Senate already appointed in relation to the differences existing between the two Houses on said bill.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

BILLS SIGNED BY SPEAKER.

The SPEAKER announced that the Chief Clerk having reported that the following bills had passed both Houses of the General Assembly and the same being correct, the titles were publicly read as follows:

Senate Bill No. 13.

An Act relating to and regulating partnerships.

Senate Bill No. 46.

An Act authorizing the district attorneys of certain counties to appoint a secretary prescribing the duties fixing the salary and providing for payment of the same.

Senate Bill No. 164.

An Act to promote the health and efficiency of firemen in cities of the second class by providing for a two platoon system for firemen in the department of public safety of such cities.

Senate Bill No. 247.

A Joint Resolution authorizing the printing and binding of the report of the Commission to consider the Revision and Amendment of the Penal Laws of Pennsylvania.

Senate Bill No. 280.

An Act declaring valid certain municipal liens filed for grading paving macadamizing or otherwise improving public streets or parts thereof by the several boroughs under an act approved the twelfth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act empowering boroughs of this Commonwealth without petition of the property owners to grade pave curb macadamize and otherwise improve public streets or parts thereof and assess a portion of the cost of the same on the owners of property abutting thereon and providing for the collection of the same" and authorizing the amendment of the claims in certain particulars.

Senate Bill No. 289.

An Act amending section nine of an act as amended by the act of seventeenth April one thousand nine hundred and five Pamphlet Laws one hundred and eighty-five approved the fifth day of May one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine entitled "An Act supplementing and amending an act entitled 'An Act to establish an intermediate court of appeal regulating its constitution officers jurisdiction powers practice and its relation to the Supreme Court and other courts providing for the reports of its decisions the compensation of the judges and other officers and the practice and costs on appeals from its judgments' approved June twenty-fourth Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five" and increasing the amount to which the judges of the Superior Court shall be entitled to be reimbursed for the sums expended by them in each year for expenses incurred in the discharge of their duties for the help of stenographers typewriters or clerks and regulating the time and manner of such reimbursement.

Senate Bill No. 336.

An Act to amend the fifth section of an act approved the nineteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four entitled "An Act relating to the organization and jurisdiction of orphans' courts and to establish a separate orphans' court in and for counties having more than one hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants and to provide for the election of judges thereof" as amended by an act approved the sixth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled "An Act to further amend the fifth section of an act entitled 'An Act relating to the organization and jurisdiction of the orphans' court and establishing a separate orphans' court in and for counties having more than one hundred fifty thousand inhabitants and to provide for the election of judges thereof' approved May nineteenth Anno Domini eighteen hundred and seventy-four as amended by an act approved the twenty-ninth day of April Anno Domini eighteen hundred and ninty-seven fixing and determining the salaries of the assistant clerks of said court" by vesting the appointment of the first assistant clerk of said courts in the respective judges thereof and providing that this amendment shall not apply to counties having a population over seven hundred thousand.

Whereupon,

The Speaker in the presence of the House signed the same.

BILL RETURNED TO HOUSE.

Mr. WHITTAKER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to return to the House House Bill No. 949, Senate Bill No. 432, entitled:

An Act to repeal an act approved the sixteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act for the protection of the public health and the prevention of fraud and deception by regulating the storage and sale of cold storage foods fixing penalties for the violation of the provisions thereof and providing for the enforcement thereof"

which was referred to the Judiciary Special Committee apparently by inadvertence. I presume it was intended to go to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

BILL RE-REFERRED.

The SPEAKER. The Chair re-refers House Bill No. 949, Senate Bill No. 432 to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second readng and consideation of House Bill No. 907, as follows:

An Act providing for the manner of introducing legislation appropriating money for the support of State institutions and aid for semi-State institutions and charitable institutions.

Whereas the number of State asylums and penal institutions and charitable institutions receiving State aid have increased in number to such an extent that the practice of introducing a separate bill to the Legislature for each institution has now become such a burden that it is impracticable for the Legislature to give proper considerartion to such a large number of bills It is now believed to be wise and proper to make the change suggested in the following legislation therefore

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That hereafter all requests for State revenue to be appropriated for the support of State and State-aid institutions and all requests for State aid for hospitals or charitable institutions by the Legislature may be in the form of a petition presented to the Speaker of the House of Representatives or President pro tempore of the Senate setting out the amount requested and indicating for what purpose the same is desired also stating the amount expended the previous calendar or official year and for what purpose expended It shall be the duty of the Speaker to refer these petitions to the Chairman of the Appropriation Committee who shall prepare separate bills for each class of institutions indicating whether State semi-State or charitable institutions and shall include in one bill under the proper title the amount indicated by each separate petition and shall indicate in separate paragraphs the amount appropriated and intended to apply to each institution which shall also indicate location and character of said institution The bills so prepared in each case shall by their title indicate what class of institutions whether State semi-State or charitable and no bill shall contain any request other than the class indicated by its title It shall be the duty of the chairman of the Appropriation Committee to have these bills prepared including all the items contained in said petitions under their proper title and present same to the House of Representatives not earlier than the second Monday of March and not later than the third Monday of March of the year said House of Representatives be in session.

This act shall not be taken to prohibit the introduction of a bill or bills appropriating to a single institution of either class.

Section 2 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed.

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 963, as follows:

An Act to amend section twenty-one of an act entitled "An act to provide for the protection and preservation of game game quadrupeds and game-birds and song and insectivorous and other wild birds and prescribing penalties for violation of its several provisions" approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine by extending the season during which dogs may be trained

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section twenty-one of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the protection and preservation of game game-quadrupeds and game birds and insectivorous and other wilds birds and prescribing the penalties for the violation of its several provisions" approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine which reads as follows:

"Section 21 Any dog off land controlled by the owner of such dog pursuing or following upon the track of any game-quadruped such as hare or rabbits and known as small game or following upon the track of any game birds or other wild bird protected by existing law during what is known as the closed season for such animal or bird in this Commonwealth is hereby declared to be a public nuisance and may be killed by the owner or lessee of land whereon it is found or by an employe of such owner or lessee or by a game protector deputy game protector game warden forestry warden or any other officer of the Commonwealth whose duty it is to protect the game or wild birds unless such dog shall wear a collar having attached thereto a metallic tag or plate upon which shall be plainly inscribed in English the name and address of the owner of such dog and any dog thus wearing a collar inscribed as before mentioned pursuing small game off land controlled by the owner of such dog during what is known as the closed season for such game or wild birds may be killed by the owner or lessee of any land upon which such dog may be found or by any employe of either the owner or lessee or by a game-protector deputy game-protector game-warden forestry-warden or any officer of the State whose duty it is to protect the game of the State when such dog is seen upon the track of such game after notice in writing from that particular person or from the Secretary of the Game Commission has been given to the owner or reputed owner of such dog to the effect that the dog in question is in the habit of destroying or pursuing or following upon the track of game or wild birds contrary to the provisions of this section Provided That dogs when accompanied by and under the control of their masters may be trained upon any of the living wild game or birds of this State excepting deer and fawn from the fifteenth day of August to the first day of January next following so long as no injury is inflicted upon said animals or birds" be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Section 21 Any dog pursuing or following upon the track of any game-quadruped such as hare or rabbits and known as small game or following upon the track of any game-bird or other wild bird protected by existing law during what is known as the closed season such animal or bird in this Commonwealth is hereby declared to be a public nuisance and may be killed by the owner or lessee of land whereon it is found or by any employe of such owner or lessee or by a game protector deputy game protector game warden forestry warden or any other officer of the Commonwealth whose duty it is to protect the game or wild birds unless such dog shall wear a collar having attached thereto a metallic tag or plate upon which shall be plainly inscribed in English the name and address of the owner of such dog and any dog thus wearing a collar inscribed as before mentioned pursuing small game during what is known as the closed season for such game or wild birds may be killed by the owner or lessee of any land upon which such dog may be found or by any employe of either the owner or lessee or by a game protector deputy game protector game warden forestry warden or any officer of the State whose duty it is to protect the game of the State when such dog is seen upon the track of such game after notice in writing from that particular person or from the Secretary of the Game Commission has been given to the owner or reputed owner of such dog to the effect that the dog in question is in the habit of destroying or pursuing or following upon the track of game or wild birds contrary to the provisions of this section Provided That dogs when accompanied by and under control of their masters may be trained upon any of the living wild game or birds of this State excepting elk and deer and fawn from the first day of September to the first day of March next following so long as no injury is inflicted upon said animals or birds

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1016, as follows:

An Act amending part of an act entitled "To prohibit the killing of foxes by certain methods in Delaware county and fixing a penalty for the violation of the act approved May first one thousand nine hundred and thirteen

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That so much of section one of an act entitled "To prohibit the killing of foxes by certain methods in Delaware county and fixing a penalty for the violation of the act" approved May first one thousand nine hundred and thirteen which reads as follows

"Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That it shall be unlawful for any person to shoot or trap or snare or poison any foxes within the limits of Delaware county" shall be amended to read as follows

"Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Repersentatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That it shall be unlawful for any person to shoot or trap or snare or poison any foxes within the limits of Delaware Chester or Montgomery counties"

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with.

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 976, as follows:

An Act providing for the printing binding and distribution of the Report of the Fiftieth Anniversary of the Battle of Gettysburg Commission entitled "Pennsylvania Gettysburg Reunion" and for the compiling editing proof reading and indexing thereof providing also for the preparation for filing of record in the State Library for their proper preservation therein of certain original manuscripts of the addresses delivered at said Reunion and of other original data souvenirs and records relative thereto and making appropriation therefor

Whereas The Report of the Fiftieth Anniversary of the Battle of Gettysburg Commission dated December thirty-first one thousand nine hundred thirteen and transmitted

this General Assembly pursuant to the act of May thirteenth one thousand nine hundred nine creating said commission has been issued by the Commonwealth in most appropriate book form but in a limited edition and

Whereas said publication because of its authentic and excellent recital of all the important events connected with this Reunion of the Blue and the Gray on Gettysburg's historic field has aroused not only in this Commonwealth particularly but also throughout the nation the intense interest of the veterans of the Civil War as well as many others likewise interested in the history of those memorable days and of this great successful and unparalled Reunion a half a century thereafter and

Whereas Of the original appropriations for said Reunion made to the aforesaid commission by the General Assembly of Pennsylvania of one thousand nine hundred and nine one thousand nine hundred and eleven and one thousand nine hundred and thirteen which totaled four hundred and fifty thousand dollars ($450,000) there now remains in the State Treasury an undrawn balance of thirty-five thousand dollars therefore

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the Superintendent of Public Printing and Binding is hereby authorized and directed to cause to be printed and bound at the expense of the Commonwealth and at the earliest date practicable within this year twelve thousand (12,000) copies and no more of the Report of the Commission known as the Fiftieth Anniversary of the Battle of Gettysburg Commission Such report shall be entitled "Pennsylvania Gettysburg Reunion" and shall be in the same general form and style as that heretofore issued by the Commonwealth

Section 2 The publication shall be compiled and edited by Lieutenant Colonel Lewis E. Beitler secretary of said commission He shall prepare all necessary copy therefor and correct all proofs thereof and arrange a summary index of the entire volume He shall also prepare for their filing of record in the State Library for their proper preservation therein the original manuscripts of the addresses delivered the reports of the participation in the said reunion by the several Commonwealths States and Territories of the Union as made to the Legislatures thereof by their commissioners the editorials and news articles relating to and the photographs taken and the flags medals and the many other interesting souvenirs collected flags medals at the said reunion and which are now in his possession all of which shall be then turned over by him to the Commonwealth for such preservation in the State Library For all of which services and for his similar services in the past year in compiling and editing the original publication and for all such manuscripts reports editorials photographs souvenirs et cetera and for all his incidental and contingent expenses connected therewith he shall be paid at the rate of three thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars ($3,750) per year for the said two years on the express condition and stipulation that he waive and turn over to the use of the Commonwealth all the rights titles and preogatives now his under the United States copyright granted him thereon and that his entire work shall be completed within the present year

Section 3 The distribution of the aforesaid edition shall be as follows Five hundred copies for the use of the Governor one thousand five hundred copies for the use of said commission one thousand copies for the use of the Department of Public Instruction for distribution to the libraries of public schools normal schools and colleges throughout this Commonwealth three thousand copies for the use of the Senate and six thousand copies for the use of the House of Representatives to be delivered to the members and officers of the present Legislature the entire edition to be distributed through the Division of Distribution of Documents as is now provided by law

Section 4 To carry out the purpose of this act as set forth in section two the sum of seven thousand five hundred dollars ($7,500) is hereby specifically appropriated to be paid on warrant of the Auditor General when it is certified to him by the Superintendent of Public Printing and Binding and by the State Librarian respectively that the purposes services and duties set forth and conditioned in said section two have been respectively performed

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 982 (Senate Bill No. 285), entitled:

An Act authorizing J. P. Swearingen of Greene township Beaver county Pennsylvania to bring suit against the Commonwealth

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1012, as follows:

An Act relating to the bonds to be given by county officers the amount and conditions thereof the sureties for such bonds the payment of the premiums therefor and the recording and custody thereof in counties having over eight hundred thousand and less than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants.

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the amount of bond to be given by county officers in counties having over eight hundred thousand and less than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants according to the last preceding United States census shall be as follows

Of the clerk of the courts of oyer and terminer and general jail delivery and courts of quarter sessions of the peace ten thousand dollars

Of the county commissioners ten thousand dollars each
Of the county controller fifty thousand dollars
Of the coroner fifteen thousand dollars
Of the register of wills thirty thousand dollars
Of the prothonotary forty thousand dollars
Of the recorder twenty thousand dollars
Of the sheriff sixty thousand dollars
Of the county treasurer two hundred thousand dollars

Section 2 The sureties to be furnished by such county officers on said bonds shall be those of surety companies which are approved by the courts of the proper counties and the premiums for such bonds shall be paid out of the county treasury Each of said bonds shall be conditioned for the faithful discharge by such county officer of all trusts confided in him and of all duties required of him by law for the faithful accounting and payment according to law of all money received by him and shall be taken in the name of the proper county and shall be for the use of the county and of the Commonwealth and for the use of such other party or parties for whom he shall collect or receive money as the interest of each shall appear in case of a breach of the conditions thereof Provided That nothing herein contained shall affect the bonds required to be given by the county treasurer of such county to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, under section thirty-four of an act of Assembly approved April fifteenth one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four and such bonds shall continue to be given and paid for in the manner provided for by such law Each of said bonds shall be recorded in the office of the recorder of deeds and the custody of them shall belong to the county controller of the proper county except the bond of the county controller the custody of which shall belong to the county commissioners of the proper county A copy of any of said bonds certified by the county recorder shall be competent evidence thereof in any judicial proceeding

Section 3 All acts or parts of acts general special or local inconsistent with the provisons of this act are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 947 (Senate Bill No. 176), entitled:

An Act to provide for the better protection and preservation of deer and elk and certain birds classed as game birds within the Commonwealth providing a method through which certain lands in the Commonwealth may be closed to hunting for a term of years and prescribing penalties for violation of its several provisions.

The first section was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from and after the passage of this act the board of Game Commissioners of this Commonwealth shall have the power and authority to close for a term of years to the purpose of hunting elk and deer and wild turkey and ruffed grouse and quail commonly called Virginia partridge and ring-necked pheasant and Hungarian quail or either of them as may appear necessary to the citizens of any county of this Commonwealth for the purpose of adding to the protection of such animals and birds or either of them and assist in their increase in the county wherein such citizens may reside.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. PHILLIPS. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend Section 1 line 7 by adding after the word "deer" the words "squirrels of all kinds"

On the question,
Will the House agree to the amendment?
It was agreed to.
On the question,
Will the House agree to the section as amended?
It was agreed to.

The second section was read as follows:

Section 2 That whenever at least two hundred citizens of any county in this Commonwealth shall through written petition certify to the Board of Game Commissioners that in their opinion an absolutely closed season is necessary to insure the better protection and consequent increase of elk and deer and wild turkeys and ruffed grouse and quail and ring-necked pheasant and Hungarian quail or either of them in a wild state in that county in which such citizens may reside and asking that such county be closed to hunting for a period the Board of Game Commissioners shall forward to said petitioners and others a blank form setting forth such questions as they may consider best suited to determine the quantity of game and game conditions in the county in question and the necessity for closing said county to hunting which said forms with replies to entitle such answers to consideration before said Board of Game Commissioners shall be returned to said Board on or before the return day as fixed upon said forms such petitioners shall also publish for at least three consecutive weeks at their own expense in at least two prominent newspapers in the county to be closed the statement that such petitions has been filed with its purpose and the return day for information as fixed by the Board of Game Commissioners and shall file with said board duly certified copies of such notices as published in each newspaper on or before said return day If the written answers as returned shall fail to satisfy said Board of Game Commissioners that such closed season is necessary or those opposing such action shall demand a hearing before said board then a hearing shall be had upon such date and at such place within the county to be affected as may be decided upon by the said Board of Game Commissioners the expense of such hearing to be paid by those demanding the same if after the receipt of the written answers or the public hearing or both the Board of Game Commissioners shall be satisfied such closed season is necessary to insure the better protection of elk and deer and wild turkeys and ruffed grouse and quail and ring-necked pheasants and Hungarian quail found in a wild state and their consequent increase in said county they are herewith empowered and directed to declare a closed season not to exceed five years for elk and deer and wild turkeys and ruffed grouse and quail and ring-necked pheasants and Hungarian quail or either of them found in a wild state within said county

The Board of Game Commissioners to make such closed season effective and binding shall be required to publish annually their decision and action regarding this matter in at least three newspapers if there be that many in each county affected thereby and to have notices of such ruling declaring such county closed to hunting printed and annually distributed in reasonable numbers throughout the affected territory

Each and every person violating any of the provisions of such ruling made by the Board of Game Commissioners under the requirements of this act shall be liable to a penalty of three hundred dollars for eack elk and two hundred dollars for each deer and twenty-five dollars for each bird taken killed wounded or attempted to be taken killed or wounded upon said closed territory

On the question,
Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. PHILLIPS. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.

The Speaker. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Cerk as follows:

Amend section 2, line 6, by adding after the word "deer" the words "and squirrels of all kinds."
Line 35, by adding after the word "deer" the words "squirrels of all kinds."
Line 53, by adding before the word "bird" the words "squirrel or."

On the question.
Will the House agree to the amendments?
They were agreed to.
On the question,
Will the House agree to the section as amended?
It was agreed to.

The third and fourth sections were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 3 Each and every magistrate justice of the peace and alderman within this Commonwealth shall have the power of summary conviction in matters pertaining to violation of any of the provisions of this act All actions for violations of any of the provisions of this act except where the defendant is taken in the act of violating the law or in a pursuit immediately following such violation shall be commenced by affidavit made within two years after the date of such violation and any magistrate justice of the peace or alderman in this Commonwealth on complaint made before him by affidavit by one or more persons of a violation of any of the provisions of this act by any person is hereby authorized and required to issue his warrant under his hand and seal directed to any constable police officer game protector or any officer of the Commonwealth whose duty it is to protect the game and wild birds of the Commonwealth and cause such person to be brought before him such magistrate justice of the peace or alderman who shall hear the evidence and determine the guilt or innocence of the person accused and if such person be convicted of the offense charged he shall be sentenced to pay the full penalty prescribed by the section violated together with the costs of prosecution All penalties thus recovered in cases where the prosecutor is a salaried officer of the Commonwealth shall be immediately surrendered by the court receiving the same to the prosecutor who in turn as soon as may be shall forward or deliver such amount in full to the Secretary of the Board of Game Commissioners at Harrisburg Where any citizen of the Commonwealth other than a salaried officer is the prosecutor one-half of any penalty thus collected shall be paid to such prosecutor by the court receiving the same and the remaining one-half shall be as soon as the case is fully determined before him forwarded by such magistrate justice of the peace or alderman to the Secretary of the Board of Game Commissioners at Harrisburg together with a statement of the cause for which such money shall have been collected the cost of which statement is hereby fixed at fifty cents and made a part of the costs of prosecution and it shall be the duty of said Secretary of the Board of Game Commissioners to at least once a month make return of moneys thus collected to the State Treasurer who shall keep the moneys thus collected as a fund separate and apart solely for the purpose of wild bird and game protection and for the purchase and propagation of game under the supervision of the Board of Game Commissioners of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and for payment of bounties under the provisions of law The several purposes to which the fund so received by the State Treasurer shall be applied to be clearly designated by an act of the Legislature either in the general appropriation act or by separate appropriation for the payment of bounties Any prosecutor or defendant being dissatisfied with the finding of the magistrate justice of the peace or alderman in a trial for violation of any provision of this act shall be entitled an appeal under the provisions of section fourteen of Article five of the Constitution and the laws of Pennsylvania relating thereto which said court on the conviction of the defendant of such offense and his failure to pay the penalty in full imposed by this act together with the costs of prosecution shall commit such defendant to the common jail of the county for one day for each dollar of penalty imposed Provided That any person caught in the act or charged with a violation of any provisions of this act may at his discretion either before or after the bringing of the suit sign an acknowledgment of the offense committed and pay to any duly authorized game protector or deputy game protector the penalty in full as fixed by the section violated together with costs if any to date and the receipt which he shall receive therefrom and which in all instances shall bear the imprint of the seal of the Board of Game Commissioners and the signature of its secretary shall be evidence of full satisfaction of the offense committed

Section 4 The act of the twenty-ninth of April one thousand nine hundred and thirteen Pamphlet Laws one hundred and twenty entitled "An act to provide protection and preservation of elk and deer providing a method through which certain lands in the Commonwealth may be closed to hunting for a term of years and prescribing penalties for violation of its several provisions" is hereby repealed provided however that any counties which have already been closed for a term of years under the provisions of said act may remain closed under the provisions of this act for the term for which they have already been closed without taking any further action therefor and all other laws or parts of laws inconsistent with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed

The title was read as follows:

An Act to provide for the better protection and preservation of deer and elk and certain birds classed as game birds within the Commonwealth providing a method through which certain lands in the Commonwealth may be closed to hunting for a term of years and prescribing penalties for violation of its several provisions.

On the question,
Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. PHILLIPS. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.

The Speaker. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend the title by adding after the word "elk" in line 2 the word "squirrels"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to,

On the question,

Will the House agree to the title as amended?

It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 675 (Senate Bill No. 161) entitled:

An Act relating to the acquisitions and holding of property real and personal by any literary scientific educational religious charitable benevolent or beneficial society church congregation association or body whether incorporated or unincorporated or any trustee or trustees of any trust for charitable or benevolent objects or purposes and providing for the increase of the amount of such property which may thus be acquired and held and a method of procedure for obtaining the right to such increase.

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to.

Ordered, to be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 950 (Senate Bill No. 249), entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act authorizing companies incorporated under the laws of any other State of the United States for the manufacture of any form of iron steel or glass to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments and to take have and hold real estate necessary and proper for manufacturing purposes" approved the ninth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one extending the same to companies formed for the purpose of quarrying slate granite stone or rocks or for dressing polishing working or manufacturing the same or any of them and to mineral springs companies incorporated for the purpose of bottling and selling natural mineral springs water approved the sixteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety three' approved the nineteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one extending the same to companies formed for the purposes of manufacturing and selling chemicals foodstuffs cement and cement products and the quarrying of cement rock" approved May twenty-eight one thousand nine hundred and seven extending the same to companies incorporated for the manufacture buying selling leasing using and operation of electrical apparatus and machinery and articles of every kind appertaining to or in any wise connected with the production use regulation control distribution or application of electricity or electrical energy or products for any use or purpose constructing acquiring using selling buying or leasing any works construction or plant or part thereof connected with or involving such use distribution regulation control or application of electricity or the control or use of electrical apparatus for any purpose and of producing furnishing and supplying electricity or electrical apparatus in any form and for any purpose and to carry on a general manufacturing business'" approved the twenty-third day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven by extending the same to companies incorporated for the purpose of refining manufacturing or sale of petroleum and petroleum products

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 323, as follows:

An Act repealing an act entitled "An Act amending article six of an act entitled 'An Act for the government of cities of the second class' approved the seventh day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one as amended by an amendatory act approved the first day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine and as affected by an act entitled 'An Act providing a uniform rate of assessment and taxation for all real estate in cities of the second class' approved the eleventh day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven by providing for the classification of real estate for purposes of taxation into two classes to wit the buildings on land and the land exclusive of buildings and by providing for the assessment of a less tax upon the buildings than upon the land exclusive of the buildings in cities of the second class" approved May fifteenth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That an act entitled "An Act amending article six of an act entitled 'An Act for the government of cities of the second class' approved the seventh day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one as amended by an amendatory act approved the first day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine and as affected by an act entitled 'An Act providing a uniform rate of assessment and taxation for all real estate in cities of the second class' approved the eleventh day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven by providing for the classification of real estate for purposes of taxation into two classes to wit the buildings on land and the land exclusive of buildings and by providing for the assessment of a less tax upon the buildings than upon the land exclusive of the buildings in cities of the second class" approved the fifteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen be and the same is hereby repealed provided however that this repeal shall not in any way affect the validity of the assessments heretofore made or taxes levied under the provisions of said act for the years one thousand nine hundred and fourteen and one thousand nine hundred and fifteen or any rights or privileges which have already accrued either to the cities of the second class or to property owners under the provisions of said act for the years one thousand nine hundred and fourteen and one thousand nine hundred and fifteen.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 379, as follows:

An Act empowering cities of the second class to levy and collect for general revenue purposes license taxes or fees upon poles wires cables conduits pipes tracks vaults and other appliances and appurtenances under upon over or through the public streets ways alleys wharves and properties thereof.

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That in addition to the powers heretofore conferred upon cities of the second class they shall have power for general revenue purposes to levy and collect license taxes or fees upon poles wires cables conduits pipes tracks vaults and other appliances and appurtenances under upon over or through the public streets ways alleys wharves and properties thereof.

Section 2 The said cities may by ordinance from time to time fix the amounts of the license taxes or fees to be paid by any person firm or corporation now or hereafter having any pole wire cable conduit pipe track vault or other appliance or appurtenance under upon over or through the public streets ways alleys wharves and properties thereof the amount thereof to be based either upon the cubic space occupied and used by the said person firm or corporation for their vaults conduits pipes tracks wires cables and other appliances and appurtenances under and through the said public highways wharves and properties thereof and by the area of surface occupied by their poles on said public highways and the lineal distance of the wires and cables thereon or the amount of said license taxes or fees may be based upon the lineal distance of the said conduits pipes tracks wires cables vaults and other appliances and appurtenances under upon over and through the said highway wharves and properties and the number of poles thereon.

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 324, as follows:

An Act creating additional subjects of taxation in cities of the second class by providing that all real estate in cities of the second class owned or possessed by any corporation shall be subject to taxation for city and school purposes the same as other real estate in said cities.

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That all real estate in cities of the second class owned or possessed by any corporation shall be subject to taxation for city and school purposes the same as other real estate in said cities.

Section 2 The term "real estate" shall be construed to include not only the lands owned by any corporation but shall also include the buildings structures and improvements erected thereon and all such real estate shall be taxable for the purposes aforesaid whether the same is or is not indispensable to the proper exercise of the corporate franchises of such corporation provided however that main rights-of-way of railroad or railway companies shall not be construed as being within the operation of this act.

Section 3 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith be and the same are hereby repealed providing however that nothing herein contained shall be taken to repeal any of the provisions of the act of May fourteenth one thousand eight hundred and seventy four pamphlet laws one hundred and fifty-eight entitled "An Act to exempt from taxation public property used for public purposes and places of religious worship places of burial not used or held for private or corporate profit and institutions of purely public charity" and the amendments and supplements thereto or any law exempting from taxation public property used for public purposes actual places of religious worship places of burial not used or held for private or corporate profit and institutions of purely public charity.

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 41, as follows:

An Act prohibiting certain institutions receiving State aid from restricting pay patients in the selection of physicians and surgeons not connected with the institution

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That no hospital asylum infirmary sanitorium or dispensary which receives State aid shall restrict in any manner a pay patient from selecting any duly licensed physician or surgeon not connected with said institution whom he or she may desire to have attend to prescribe for consult with or operate upon him or her while an inmate of said institution No such institution shall restrict such patient or the physician or surgeon whom he or she may have selected in the full free and uninterrupted use of any of the equipment apparatus and convenience provided by the institution for its patients

Section 2 If any such institution shall violate any of the provisions of this act the auditor general on proof of such violation shall not issue any warrant for the institution in payment of the whole or any part of an appropriation by the Commonwealth to the institution during the remainder of the two fiscal years for which the appropriiation is made

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILL PLACED ON THE CALENDAR.

Mr. STEIN. Mr. Speaker, I move that House Bill No. 662, File Folio 3691, entitled:

An Act to protect all persons in their equal rights regardless of race color or creed in places of public accommodation entertainment or amusement and providing penalty for violation of the same

be placed upon the calendar notwithstanding the negative recommendation of the Judiciary General Committee.

Mr. LIPSCHUTZ. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the motion?

The SPEAKER declared the ayes seemed to have it.

Whereupon a division was called for, 105 gentlemen voting in the affirmative, the question was decided in the affirmative.,

And the motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 684, as follows:

An Act to amend an act approved the first day of May one thousand nine hundred seven entitled "An Act relating to the appointment of stenographers and assistant stenographers to report proceedings in the several courts of common pleas and orphans' courts courts of oyer and terminer and general jail delivery and courts of quarter sessions of the peace of this Commonwealth as well as before commissioners masters and special masters in chancery referees examiners auditors and other officers prescribing their powers and duties and when such reports shall be evidence of the facts reported prescribing their compensation and allowances for expenses when the same shall be paid by the county wherein such stenographers or assistant stenographers are employed and when by the parties to such proceedings and repealing an act entitled 'An Act directing the appointment of official stenographers in the several civil courts of this Commonwealth authorizing the appointment of stenographers by examiners masters referees commissioners and auditors authorizing the appointment of assistant stenographers repealing "An Act to authorize the appointment of stenographers in the several courts of this Commonwealth prescribing their duties and fixing their compensation" approved May fifteenth one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four repealing "An Act to authorize the appointment of stenographers in the several courts of this Commonwealth prescribing their duties and fixing their compensation" approved May eighth one thousand eight hundred and seventy-six and repealing "An Act defining the duty of court stenographers in the several counties in this State" approved June tenth one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one' approved the twenty-fourth day of May one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven but such repeal not to revive any law repealed by the said act of twenty-fourth of May one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sixth section of an act approved the first day of May one thousand nine hundred seven entitled "An Act relating to the appointment of stenographers and assistant stenographers to report proceedings in the several courts of common pleas and orphans' courts courts of oyer and terminer and general jail delivery and courts of quarter sessions of the peace of this Commonwealth as well as before commissioners masters and special masters in chancery referees examiners auditors and other officers prescribing their powers and duties and when such reports shall be evidence of the facts reported prescribing their compensation and allowances for expenses when the same shall be paid by the county wherein such stenographers or assistant stenographers are employed and when by the parties to such proceedings and repealing an act entitled 'An Act directing the appointment of official stenographers in the several civil courts of this Commonwealth authorizing the appointment of stenographers by examiners masters referees commissioners and auditors authorizing the appointment of assistant stenographers repealing "An Act to authorize the appointment of stenographers in the several courts of this Commonwealth prescribing their duties and fixing their compensation" approved May fifteenth one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four repealing "An Act to authorize the appointment of stenographers in the several courts of this Commonwealth prescribing their duties and fixing their compensation" approved May eighth one thousand eight hundred and seventy-six and repealing "An Act defining the duty of court stenographers in the several counties in this State" approved June tenth one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one' approved the twenty-fourth day of May one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven but such repeal not to revive any law repealed by the said act of twenty-fourth of May one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven" which reads as follows

"Section 6 Each official stenographer shall be paid a compensation at the rate of ten dollars per day for every day actually present by himself or his assistant upon a trial or other proceeding for the purpose of taking notes by the direction of any judge or judges of any of the courts aforesaid or in attendance upon any of the said judges in connection with the business of the courts and also be allowed in addition such expenses and supplies as the court may deem proper and necessary said per diem compensation and allowances for expenses and supplies to be paid by the county in and for which the said services are performed upon the order of the presiding judge Whenever in the opinion of the judges of any of said courts the proper despatch of the business of said courts requires the increased attendance of any official stenographer upon them or in the court of said judge or judges they may order and decree that in lieu of the aforesaid per diem compensation the official stenographer shall receive an annual compensation of not less than fifteen hundred dollars and not exceeding three thousand dollars and in addition thereto he shall be allowed such expenses and supplies as the court may deem proper and necessary which said annual compensation and allowance shall be paid by the county in and for which the said services are rendered upon the order of the presiding judge" is amended to read

Section 6 Each official stenographer shall be paid a compensation at the rate of ten dollars per day for every day actually present by himself or his assistant upon a trial or other proceeding for the purpose of taking notes by the direction of any judge or judges of any of the courts aforesaid or in attendance upon any of the said judges in connection with the business of the courts and also be allowed in addition such expenses and supplies as the court may deem proper and necessary said per diem compensation and allowances for expenses and supplies to be paid by the county in and for which the said services are performed upon the order of the presiding judge Whenever in the opinion of the judges of any of said courts the proper despatch of the business of said courts requires the increased attendance of any official stenographer upon them or in the court of said judge or judges they may order and decree that in lieu of the aforesaid per diem compensation the official stenographer shall receive an annual compensation of not less than one thousand dollars and not exceeding three thousand dollars and in addition thereto he shall be allowed such expenses and supplies as the court may deem proper and necessary which said annual compensation and allowance shall be paid by the county in and for which the said services are rendered upon the order of the presiding judge

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—152.

Adams,	Forster,	Luppert,	Smith, L.,
Albee,	Gallagher,	Luxemburger,	Spangler,
Alcorn,	Gans,	McCaig,	Spencer,
Alexander,	Geiser,	McCurdy,	Statler,
Arthur,	Glass,	McDermott,	Staving,
Baker,	Gompers,	McNichol,	Steedle,
Baldwin,	Goodnough,	McVicar,	Stein,
Barnett,	Goodwin,	Mearkle,	Stern,
Bauerle,	Goodyear,	Mellott,	Stone,
Becker,	Gormley,	Milliron,	Sullivan,
Benn,	Graham,	Murdoch,	Swan,
Benninger,	Gransback,	Myers,	Swartz,
Bergy,	Greenwood,	Neville,	Thomas,
Berntheizel,	Hackett,	Nieder,	Trach,
Beyer,	Hamilton,	Oaks,	Twibill,
Blackburn,	Harper,	Ostrander,	Urich,
Body,	Heyburn,	Perry,	Vogdes,
Brosius,	Hibshman,	Peters,	Wagner,
Brownlee,	Hoffman,	Phillips,	Walter,
Bungard,	Hollern,	Pickering,	Walton,
Campbell, J. O.	Hollingsworth,	Powell,	Watson,
Campbell, T.,	Horton,	Ramsey,	Weaver,
Christman,	Howarth,	Reel,	Weimer,
Coldsmith,	Hubler,	Reynolds,	Weir,
Conner,	Jack,	Rhoads,	West,
Cox,	Jones, E. E.,	Rich,	Wettach,
Cummins,	Jones, W. W.,	Rininger,	Whitaker,
Curry,	Kaiser,	Rinn,	Whitten,
Davis,	Kitts,	Robertson,	Wildman,
Dawson,	Klinger,	Roney,	Willard,
Diefenderfer,	Kuhn,	Rudisill,	Wilson, H. I.,
Dodds,	Lafferty,	Sampsel,	Wilson, W. H.,
Dunn,	Landis,	Shaffer,	Wobensmith,
Ehrhardt,	Lanius,	Shoop,	Wylie,
Eppley,	Lauler,	Showalter,	Young,
Erdman,	Leighner,	Sinclair,	Ambler,
Fackler,	Lindsey,	Smith, J. W.,	Speaker.
Finnerty,	Lipschutz,	Smith, Jeff. W.,	
Flynn,	Love,		

NAYS—8.

Arnold,	Marvin,	Rothenberger,	Williams,
Gingery,	Palmer,	Sarig,	Wood,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 883, as follows:

An Act authorizing the Department of Forestry to grow and distribute young forest trees and restricting their use after distribution

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the Department of Forestry is hereby authorized to grow young forest trees and to distribute them to those desiring to plant them in such quantity and under such regulations as may be prescribed by the Department when the available stock in the forest nurseries shall be in excess of that required by the Department for forest planting No charge shall be made for the trees so distributed but the cost of boxing and shipping shall be paid by the applicant The applicant must enter into an agreement with the Department to plant the young trees under such conditions or regulations as may be made by the Department and to protect and care for them when planted The Department may render such assistance and instruction in the planting of the trees as it may deem necessary to secure their proper planting

Section 2 That all such young forest trees which shall be distributed as aforesaid shall not be subject to sale in the hands of the applicant but shall be properly planted in accordance with the agreement entered into with the Department

Section 3 That all acts and parts of acts inconsistent with or supplied by this act are repealed

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—189.

Adams,	Forster,	Marvin,	Sinclair,
Albee,	Fretz,	Mather,	Smith, J. W.,
Alcorn,	Fruit,	McArdle,	Smith, Jeff. W.,
Alexander,	Gallagher,	McCaig,	Smith, L.,
Arnold,	Gans,	McClintock,	Snyder,
Aron,	Garner,	McClure,	Sones,
	Geiser,	McConnell,	Spangler,
Baker,	Gingery,	McCurdy,	Spencer,
Baldwin,	Glass,	McDermott,	Statler,
Barnett,	Gompers,	McKay,	Staving,
Bauerle,	Goodnough,	McNichol,	Steedle,
Beck,	Goodwin,	McVicar,	Stein,
Becker,	Goodyear,	Mearkle,	Stern,
Benn,	Gormley,	Mellott,	Stone,
Benninger,	Graham,	Milliron,	Sullivan,
Bergy,	Gransback,	Murdoch,	Swan,
Berntheizel,	Greenwood,	Myers,	Swartz,
Beyer,	Hackett,	Neville,	Thomas,
Blackburn,	Hamilton,	Nieder,	Trach,
Body,	Harper,	Nissley,	Twibill,
Brosius,	Herman,	Oaks,	Urich,
Brownlee,	Hess,	Ostrander,	Vickerman,
Brumbaugh,	Heyburn,	Palmer,	Vogdes,
Bungard,	Hibshman,	Perry,	Wagner,
Campbell, J. O	Hoffman,	Peters,	Walsh,
Campbell, T.,	Hollern,	Phillips,	Walter,
Christman,	Hollingsworth,	Pickering,	Walton,
Coldsmith,	Howarth,	Powell,	Watson,
Conner,	Hubler,	Ramsey,	Weaver,
Corbin,	Jack,	Reel,	Weimer,
Cox,	Jones, E. E.,	Reynolds,	Weir,
Cromer,	Jones, W. W.,	Rhoads,	West,
Cummins,	Kaiser,	Rich,	Wettach,
Curry,	Kitts,	Rininger,	Whitaker,
Davis,	Klinger,	Rinn,	Whitten,
Dawson,	Kuhn,	Robertson,	Wildman,
Dell,	Kunkle,	Roney,	Willard,
Diefenderfer,	Lafferty,	Rothenberger,	Williams,
Drinkhouse,	Landis,	Rowell,	Wilson, H. I.,
Dunn,	Lanius,	Rudisill,	Wobensmith,
Eby,	Lauer,	Sampsel,	Wood,
Ehrhardt,	Lauler	Sarig,	Woodward,
Eppley,	Leighner,	Schaeffer,	Wylie,
Erdman,	Lindsey,	Scott,	Young,
Evans,	Lipschutz,	Shaaber,	Ambler,
Fackler,	Love,	Shaffer,	Speaker.
Finnerty.	Luxemburger,	Shoop,	
Flynn,	Lynch,	Showalter,	

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

BILLS SIGNED BY THE SPEAKER.

The Speaker announced that the Chief Clerk having reported that the following bills had passed both Houses of the General Assembly, and the same being correct, the titles were read, as follows:

House Bill No. 20.

An Act authorizing cities of the third class wherein the title to the water works therein located is in the city to extend their pipes and improvements beyond the city limits and supply water to persons corporations and municipalities within the county and regulating the supply of water

House Bill No. 219.

An Act granting to boroughs and incorporated towns the right of eminent domain for certain purposes and regulating the procedure thereunder

House Bill No. 543.

An Act to amend an act approved the ninth day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to provide for the appointment of deputy prothonotaries in counties of this Commonwealth having a population of more than two hundred and fifty thousand and less than a million and defining their qualifications powers and salary"

Whereupon,

The Speaker, in the presence of the House, signed the same.

BILL ON THIRD READING

Mr. KUHN. Mr. Speaker, I desire at this time to ask unanimous consent to call up House Bill No. 430, File Folio 2021, entitled:

An Act making county commissioners overseers of the poor in certain counties and regulating their compensation and expenses

on page eight of today's calendar, bills on third reading postponed for the present.

The SPEAKER. Will the House give it's unanimous consent? The Chair hears no objections and consent is granted.

Agreeably to order,

The House resumed the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 430, entitled:

An Act making county commissioners overseers of the poor in certain counties and regulating their compensation and expenses

The SPEAKER. When this bill was postponed the question was,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. KUHN. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to offer amendments at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The Clerk then read the amendments as follows:

Amend section 3, line 15, by striking out the words "Fifty Thousand" and inserting in lieu therefor the words "Thirty-eight thousand five hundred."

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to insert the amendments as read? Is there any objection? The Chair hears none and the amendments will be inserted in accordance with the instructions of the House.

The bill as amended was then agreed to.

Ordered, that the bill as amended lie over for printing.

BILLS ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 725, as follows:

An Act to amend an act approved the sixth day of May one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven entitled "An Act to authorize the commissioners of the several counties of this Commonwealth to discharge from prison all persons confined in jail without proceedings under the insolvent laws"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section one of an act approved the sixth day of May one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven entitled "An Act to authorize the commissioners of the several counties of this Commonwealth to discharge from prison all persons confined in jail without proceedings under the insolvent laws" which reads as follows

"Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from and after the passage of this act the commissioners of the several counties of this Commonwealth shall be and they are hereby authorized upon the order of the court of quarter sessions or in vacation of a law judge thereof in the exercise of its or his discretion and upon such terms as said court or judge as aforesaid may impose to discharge from prison without the delay and expense of any proceedings under the insolvent laws of this Commonwealth every convict who shall have served out his or her term of imprisonment or who shall have been committed for non-payment of costs only notwithstanding if he be a convict and shall not have paid the costs of prosecution fine or made restitution or paid the value of stolen goods or property Provided That in the opinion of said commissioners such person is unable to pay or restore the same and provided that such discharge shall not prevent the Commonwealth or any person interested in such payment or restitution from proceeding by action to recover the same from the property of such person but no such person shall be so discharged until he or she shall have made under oath or affirmation duplicate schedules of all his or her property real personal or mixed so far as he or she can ascertain the same one of which shall be filed among the papers of the said prison and the other with the clerk of the court of quarter sessions Provided further That nothing in said proceedings shall either add to or take from the liability of said county for costs under existing laws of this Commonwealth" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the county commissioners upon the order of the court of quarter sessions or in vacation of a law judge thereof in the exercise of its or his discretion and upon such terms as the court or judge may impose may discharge from prison without the delay and expense of any proceedings under the insolvent laws of this Commonwealth every convict who shall have served out his or her term of imprisonment or who shall have been committed for non-payment of costs only or any person who shall have failed to comply with the order of the court of quarter sessions upon conviction of fornication or bastardy or for fornication and bastardy and been confined for a period of more than three months notwithstanding if he be convicted and shall not have paid the costs of prosecution fine or made restitution or paid the value of stolen goods or property or failed to comply with the court's order upon conviction of fornication or bastardy or fornication and bastardy Provided That in the opinion of said commissioners such person is unable to pay or restore the same and provided that such discharge shall not prevent the Commonwealth or any person interested in such payment or restitution from proceeding by action to recover the same from the property of such person but no such person shall be so discharged until he or she shall have made under oath or affirmation duplicate schedules of all his or her property real personal or mixed so far as he or she can ascertain the same one of which shall be filed among the papers of the said prison and the other with the clerk of the court of quarter sessions Provided further That nothing in said proceedings shall either add to or take from the liability of said county for costs under existing laws of this Commonwealth

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—187.

Adams,	Flynn,	Lipschutz,	Shoop,
Albee,	Forster,	Love,	Showalter,
Alcorn,	Fretz,	Luppert,	Sinclair,
Alexander,	Gallagher,	Luxemburger,	Smith, J. W.,
Arnold,	Gans,	Mangan,	Smith, Jeff. W.
Aron,	Garner,	Mather,	Smith, L.,
Arthur,	Geary,	McCaig,	Sones,
Baker,	Geiser,	McClintock,	Spangler,
Baldwin,	Gingery,	McClure,	Spencer,
Barnett,	Glass,	McConnell,	Statler,
Bauerle,	Glenn,	McCurdy,	Staving,
Beck,	Gompers,	McDermott,	Steedle,
Becker,	Goodnough,	McKay,	Stein,
Benn,	Goodwin,	McNichol,	Stern,
Benninger,	Goodyear,	McVicar,	Stone,
Bergy,	Graham,	Mearkle,	Sullivan,
Berntheizel,	Gransback,	Milliron,	Swan,
Beyer,	Greenwood,	Murdoch,	Swartz,
Blackburn,	Habgood,	Neville,	Thomas,
Body,	Hackett,	Nieder,	Trach,
Bovee,	Hamilton,	Nissley,	Irich,
Brosius,	Harper,	Oaks,	Vickerman,
Brownlee,	Heffernan,	Ostrander,	Vogdes,
Brumbaugh,	Herman,	Palmer,	Wagner,
Bungard,	Hess,	Perry,	Walsh,
Campbell, J. O.,	Heyburn,	Peters,	Walter,
Campbell, T.,	Hibshman,	Phillips,	Walton,
Christman,	Hoffman,	Pickering,	Watson,
Coldsmith,	Hollingsworth,	Powell,	Weaver,
Conner,	Horton,	Ramsey,	West,
Corbin,	Howarth,	Reel,	Wettach,
Cox,	Hubler,	Reynolds,	Whitaker,
Cromer,	Jack,	Rhoads,	Whitten,
Cummins,	Jones, E. E.,	Rich,	Wildman,
Curry,	Jones, W. W.,	Richards,	Willard,
Davis,	Kaiser,	Rinn,	Williams,
Dawson,	Kitts,	Robertson,	Wilson, H. I.,
Dell,	Klinger,	Roney,	Wilson, W. H.,
Diefenderfer,	Kuhn,	Rothenberger,	Wobensmith,
Dodds,	Kunkle,	Rowell,	Wood,
Drinkhouse,	Lafferty,	Rudisill,	Woodward,
Dunn,	Landis,	Sampsel,	Wylie,
Ehrhardt,	Lanius,	Sarig,	Wynne,
Erdman,	Lauer,	Schaeffer,	Young,
Evans,	Lauler,	Scott,	Ambler,
Fackler,	Leighner,	Shaaber,	Speaker.
Finnerty,	Lindsey,	Shaffer,	

NAYS—2.

Marvin,	Twibill,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, that the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 680, as follows:

An Act relative to estates of decedents.

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That when the estate of a decedent does not exceed the value of three hundred dollars the executor or administrator may after the expiration of one year after the date of granting the letters testamentary or of administration present his or her or their or its petition to the orphans' court with an annexed account showing the administration and legal distribution of the estate If the statements in the petition and the account are verified by the affidavit of the executor or administrator the court may upon satisfactory proof or acknowledgment of notice to all parties known to be interested in said estate that said petition and

account have been presented order the discharge of the executor or administrator without the expense of proceedings as in a formal account unless exceptions be filed to the account within thirty days from the date of filing the petition and account.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—192.

Adams,	Flynn,	Lindsey,	Schaeffer,
Albee,	Forster,	Lipschutz,	Scott,
Alcorn,	Fretz,	Love,	Shaaber,
Alexander,	Fruit,	Luppert,	Shaffer,
Arnold,	Gallagher,	Luxemburger,	Shoop,
Aron,	Gans,	Marvin,	Showalter,
Arthur,	Garner,	Mather,	Sinclair,
Baker,	Geary,	McArdle,	Smith, J. W.,
Baldwin,	Geiser,	McCaig,	Smith, Jeff. W.
Barnett,	Gingery,	McClintock,	Smith, L.,
Bauerle,	Glass,	McClure,	Snyder,
Beck,	Glenn,	McConnell,	Sones,
Becker,	Gompers,	McCurdy,	Spangler,
Benn,	Goodnough,	McDermott,	Spencer,
Benninger,	Goodwin,	McKay,	Iler,
Bergy,	Goodyear,	McNichol,	Staving.
Berntheizel,	Gormley,	McVicar,	Steedle,
Beyer,	Graham,	Mearkle,	Stein,
Blackburn,	Gransback,	Mellott,	Stern,
Body,	Greenwood,	Metzenbacher,	Stone,
Bovee,	Habgood,	Milliron,	Sullivan,
Brosius,	Hackett,	Murdoch,	Swan,
Brownlee,	Hamilton,	Myers,	Swartz,
Brumbaugh,	Harper,	Neville,	Thomas,
Bungard,	Heffernan,	Nieder,	Trach,
Campbell, J. O.,	Herman,	Nissley,	Twibill,
Campbell, T.,	Hess,	Oaks,	Urich,
Christman,	Heyburn,	Ostrander,	Vickerman,
Coldsmith,	Hibshman,	Palmer,	Vogdes,
Conner,	Hoffman,	Perry,	Wagner,
Corbin,	Hollern,	Peters,	Walter,
Cox,	Hollingsworth,	Phillips,	Weaver,
Cromer,	Horton,	Pickering,	Weimer,
Cummins,	Howarth,	Powell,	West,
Curry,	Hubler,	Ramsey,	Wettach,
Davis,	Jack,	Reel,	Whitaker,
Dawson,	Jones, E. E.,	Reynolds,	Whitten,
Dell,	Jones, W. W.,	Rhoads,	Wildman,
Diefenderfer,	Kaiser,	Rich,	Willard,
Dodds,	Kitts,	Rininger,	Williams,
Drinkhouse,	Klinger,	Rinn,	Wilson, H. I.
Dunn,	Kuhn,	Robertson,	Wilson, W. H.,
Eby,	Kunkle,	Roney,	Wobensmith,
Ehrhardt,	Lafferty,	Rothenberger,	Wood,
Eppley,	Landis,	Rowell,	Woodward,
Erdman,	Lanius,	Rudisill,	Wylie,
Fackler,	Lauer,	Sampsel,	Young,
Finnerty,	Lauler,	Sarig,	Ambler,
			Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, that the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

SENATE MESSAGE.

RESOLUTION FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced presented the following extract from the Journal of the Senate, which was twice read, considered and agreed to:

Resolved, (if the House of Representatives concur) That Senate Bill No. 289, entitled:

An Act amending section nine of an act as amended by the act of seventeenth April one thousand nine hundred and five Pamphlet Laws one hundred and eighty-five approved the fifth day of May one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine entitled "An Act supplementing and amending an act entitled 'An Act to establish an intermediate court of appeal regulating its constitution officers jurisdiction powers practice and its relation to the Supreme Court and other courts providing for the reports of its decisions the compensation of the judges and other officers and the practice and costs on appeals from its judgments' approved June twenty-fourth Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five" and increasing the amount to which the judges of the Superior Court shall be entitled to be reimbursed for the sums expended by them in each year for expenses incurred in the discharge of their duties for the help of stenographers typewriters or clerks and regulating the time and manner of such reimbursement

be recalled from the Governor for the purpose of amendment.

Ordered, that the Clerk notify the Senate accordingly.

RESOLUTION FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced presented an extract from the Journal of the Senate, which was read as follows:

TIME OF NEXT MEETING.

Resolved (If the House of Representatives concur), That when the Senate adjourns this week it shall be to reconvene on Monday afternoon, March 29th, at 4 o'clock; and when the House of Representatives adjourns this week, it shall be to reconvene on Monday evening, March 29th, at 8 o'clock.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the resolution?

The SPEAKER. The Chair desires to notify the House that the rules provide for a session at 8 o'clock on Monday night, and that we will have a large calendar.

On the question recurring.

Will the House agree to the resolution?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the Clerk notify the Senate accordingly.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I desire to call up at this time House Bill No. 517, File Folio 1955, on page 8 of to-day's calendar, Bills on Third Reading Postponed for the Present.

Agreeably to order,

The House resumed the consideration on the third reading of House Bill No. 517, entitled:

An Act prohibiting any city county or municipality from imposing or collcting any license fee or tax upon insurance companies or their agents or insurance brokers licensed to transact business by the Insurance Commissioner

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to offer amendments at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk for information.

The Clerk then read the amendments as follows:

Section 1, line 6, by striking out after the word "fee" the words "or tax."

Amend title to House Bill No. 517 by striking out after the word "fee" the words "or tax."

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to the insertion of the amendments at this time? Is there any objection? The Chair hears none and the amendments will be inserted in accordance with the instructions of the House.

The bill as amended was then agreed to on third reading.

The SPEAKER. Inasmuch as this is merely a striking out, the bill can be considered on final passage at this time.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I would like to call the attention of the House to the fact that this is the bill that we were discussing the other day, and which relates to the taxation, or a license tax, upon the part of boroughs and municipalities,—I might say cities and municipalities. As I explained the other day, at present, agents and brokers handling fire insurance business are required to pay a license fee to the State. The fee to represent a company, paid into the State, is two dollars, and the brokerage fee is ten dollars. If this bill passes, it is intended to prohibit any city, borough or other municipality, from adding any additional tax in the nature of a license fee or tax. Now, you are all interested in this bill, I expect, because you all have boroughs or cities in your respective districts. If you pass this bill it will mean that your borough or city cannot impose any additional tax on fire insurance agents and brokers. Personally I think it is wise, but I want the House to exercise its own opinion in the matter. That is all there is in the bill and I think you are all interested in it.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—115.

Adams,	Evans,	Marvin,	Sinclair,
Albee,	Fackler,	Mather,	Smith, J. W.,
Alcorn,	Finnerty,	McClure,	Smith, L.,
Alexander,	Flynn,	McDermott,	Spangler,
Arnold,	Forster,	McNichol,	Staving,
Baldwin,	Fretz,	McVicar,	Steedle,
Barnett,	Gallagher,	Mearkle,	Stein,
Beck,	Geary,	Neville,	Stern,
Benninger,	Geiser,	Oaks,	Stone,
Bergy,	Gingery,	Ostrander,	Sullivan,
Beyer,	Gompers,	Palmer,	Swan,
Blackburn,	Goodnough,	Perry,	Swartz,
Body,	Gormley,	Peters,	Thomas,
Brownlee,	Graham,	Phillips,	West,
Bungard,	Gransback,	Powell,	Vickerman,
Campbell, J. O.,	Hamilton,	Ramsey,	Vogdes,
Campbell, T.,	Harper,	Rich,	Wagner,
Christman,	Heyburn,	Rininger,	Walsh,
Coldsmith,	Hibshman,	Robertson,	Walton,
Conner,	Hollern,	Roney,	Weir,
Corbin,	Howarth,	Rothenberger,	West,
Cromer,	Hubler,	Rowell,	Wettach,
Cummins,	Jack,	Sampsel,	Whitten,
Curry,	Klinger,	Sarig,	Wildman,
Davis,	Lafferty,	Scott,	Williams,
Dawson,	Landis,	Shaaber,	Wynne,
Diefenderfer,	Lauler,	Shaffer,	Young,
Drinkhouse,	Leighner,	Shoop,	Ambler,
Dunn.	Lindsey,	Showalter,	Speaker.
Ehrhardt,	Love,		

NAYS—39.

Aron,	Goodyear,	Meller,	Twibill,
Arthur,	Jones, E. E.,	Milliron,	Urich.
Baker,	Lanius,	Murdoch,	Walter,
Bauerle,	Lauer,	Nieder,	Watson,
Becker,	Lipschutz,	Reel,	Weaver,
Brosius,	Luppert,	Rudisill,	Weimer,
Brumbaugh,	Lynch,	Smith, Jeff. W.,	Wilson, H. I.,
Eppley,	McClintock,	Snyder,	Wobensmith,
Fruit,	McCurdy.	Speer.	Wood,
Glenn,	McKay,	Statler,	

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

BILL ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 483, as follows:

An Act defining paint to prevent deception in sale of paint to provide for true labels for and advertising of the same when offered for sale for the enforcement of this act by the Secretary of Agriculture and penalties for the violation of same

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the word "Paint" as used in this act shall mean any material intended to be applied by means of brushing or spraying to the surface of wood metal concrete cement plaster stone and other materials for the purpose of producing an ornamental or (and) protective coating

Section 2 Whoever shall knowingly expose for sale or sell within this State any paint which is labeled or marked with any false statements as to the ingredients of such paint or in any other manner so as to tend to deceive the purchaser as to its nature or composition or which is not accurately labeled as hereinafter required shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and for each offense shall upon conviction thereof be punished by a fine of not more than twenty-five dollars ($25.00) for the first offense and not more than one hundred dollars ($100.00) for each subsequent offense

Section 3 The label required by this act shall clearly and distinctly state the name and location of the manufacturer of the paint or the distributor thereof or of the party for whom the same is manufactured Said label shall clearly state in addition to the beforementioned matter the quantity contained in the package this if sold by measure to be designated in United States standard gallons or fraction thereof of if sold by weight to be shown by weight avoirdupois Said label shall be printed in the English language in plain legible type

Section 4 It shall be unlawful knowingly to sell or offer for sale any paint which is falsely advertised as to the ingredients of such paint or as to the address of the manufacturer distributor thereof or of the person for whom the same was manufactured

Section 5 The having in possession by any person or persons firm or corporation or agent or employe of any person or persons firm or corporation dealing in said articles any article hereinbefore described and not properly labeled as provided in this act shall be considered prima facie evidence that the same is kept by such person firm or corporation in violation of the provisions of this act and punishable under it

Section 6 The provisions of this act shall not apply to any paint which may be in the hands of paint dealers or jobbers on the day on which this act becomes effective

Section 7 It shall be the duty of the Secretary of Agriculture to enforce the provisions of this act

Section 8 This act shall go into effect on the first day of January one thousand nine hundred and sixteen

Section 9 All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with this act are repealed

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—192.

Adams,	Gans,	Lynch,	Showalter,
Albee,	Garner,	Mangan,	Sinclair,
Alcorn,	Geary,	Marvin,	Smith, J. W.,
Alexander,	Geiser,	Mather,	Smith, Jeff. W.,
Arnold,	Gingery,	McArdle,	Smith, L.,
Aron,	Glass,	McCaig,	Snyder,
Arthur,	Glenn,	McClintock,	Speer,
Baker,	Gompers,	McClure,	Spangler,
Baldwin,	Goodnough,	McConnell,	Spencer,
Beck,	Goodwin,	McCurdy,	Staler.
Becker,	Goodyear,	McDermott,	Staving,
Benn,	Gormley,	McKay,	Steedle,
Benninger,	Graham,	McNichol,	Stein,
Bergy,	Gransback,	McVicar,	Stern,
Beyer,	Greenwood,	Mearkle,	Stone,
Blackburn,	Habgood,	Mellott,	Sullivan,
Body,	Hackett,	Milliron,	Swan,
Bovee,	Hamilton,	Murdoch,	Swartz,
Brosius,	Harper,	Myers,	Thomas,
Brumbaugh,	Heffernan,	Neville,	Trach,
Bungard,	Herman,	Nissley,	Twibill,
Campbell, J. O.,	Hess,	Oaks,	Urich,
Campbell, T.,	Heyburn,	Ostrander,	Vickerman,
Christman,	Hibshman,	Palmer,	Vogdes,
Coldsmith,	Hoffman,	Perry,	Wagner,
Conner,	Hollern,	Peters,	Walsh,
Corbin,	Hollingsworth,	Phillips,	Walter,
Cox,	Horton,	Pickering,	Walton,
Cromer,	Howarth,	Powell,	Watson,
Cummins,	Hubler,	Ramsey,	Weaver,
Curry,	Jack,	Reel,	Weimer,
Davis,	Jones, E. E.,	Reynolds,	Weir,
Dawson,	Jones, W. W.,	Rhoads,	West,
Dell,	Kaiser,	Rich,	Wettach,
Diefenderfer,	Kitts,	Rininger,	Whitaker,
Dodds,	Klinger,	Rinn,	Whitten,
Drinkhouse,	Kuhn,	Robertson,	Wildman,
Dunn,	Kunkle,	Roney,	Williams,
Eby,	Lafferty,	Rothenberger,	Wilson, H. I.,
Ehrhardt,	Landis,	Rowell,	Wilson, W. H.,
Erdman,	Lanius,	Rudisill,	Wobensmith,
Evans,	Lauer,	Sampsel,	Wood,
Fackler,	Lauler,	Sarig,	Woodward,
Finnerty,	Leighner,	Schaeffer,	Wynne,
Flynn,	Lindsey,	Scott,	Yost,
Forster,	Lipschutz,	Shaaber,	Ambler,
Fretz,	Love,	Shaffer,	Speaker.
Frudt,	Luppert,	Shoop,	
Gallagher,			

NAYS—1.

Barnett.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 789, as follows:

An Act giving to dependent neglected incorrigible delinquent and other children committed to the care custody or control of any institution or citizen or training school or industrial school or any association willing to receive them or to any other person or persons by any court of this Commonwealth sitting as a juvenile court or any judge or magistrate sitting as such the right to reviews and rehearings on petition of their parent or parents or next friend requiring the testimony to be made a part of the record and providing for appeals to the Superior Court

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That within twenty-one (21) days after the final order or decree of any of the courts of this Commonwealth sitting as a juvenile court or any judge or magistrate sitting as such committing or placing any dependent

neglected incorrigible delinquent or other kind of child or children to any institution reputable citizen or to the care of some training school or an industrial school or to the care of some institution willing to receive it or them or to any other person or persons except to their respective parent or parents such child or children shall as a matter of right by its or their parent or parents or next friend have the right to present to such courts sitting as juvenile courts or judge or magistrate sitting as such a petition to have its or their case or cases reviewed and reheard if in the estimation of such parent parents or next friend an error of fact or of law or of both has been made in such proceedings or final orders or if the said order has been improvidently or inadvertently made and upon the presentation of such petition the said courts sitting as juvenile courts or judge or magistrate sitting as such shall grant such review and rehearing as a matter of right and it shall be required that the testimony be taken down at such reviews and rehearings and transcribed by an official court stenographer at the cost of the party requesting such review and rehearings which testimony shall be duly made a part of the record in such cases From the final order or decree of such courts of this Commonwealth sitting as juvenile courts or judge or magistrate sitting as such court in proceedings for such rehearings and reviews appeals shall lie as a matter of right to the Superior Court of this Commonwealth upon the same terms and with the same regulations as are provided by existing laws in regard to appeals from any definite sentence or decree of the orphans' court and in hearing such appeals the Superior Court shall consider the testimony as a part of the record

Section 2 If at any time after the final order or decree of any of the courts of this Commonwealth sitting as juvenile courts or any judge or magistrate sitting as such placing or committing any dependent neglected incorrigible delinquent or other child or children to any institution citizen training school industrial school or to the care of some institution willing to receive it or them or to any other person or persons such a change of circumstances should take place that in the estimation of the parent or parents or next friend of such child or children should warrant the revocation or modification of such final orders or decrees such dependent neglected incorrigible delinquent or other child or children hereinabove described shall by its or their parent or parents or next friend have the right to file a petition in such courts sitting as juvenile courts or with aforesaid judges or magistrate sitting as such asking for a revocation or modification of such final orders or decrees and it shall be the duty of such courts sitting as juvenile courts or judges or magistrates sitting as such to give a full and proper hearing on such petitions and it shall be required that the testimony at such hearings be taken and transcribed by an official court stenographer at the cost of the party requesting such hearing and such testimony shall be duly made a part of the record in the case From the final order or decree of such courts of this Commonwealth sitting as juvenile courts or judge or magistrate sitting as such court in proceedings for such hearings mentioned in this paragraph appeals shall lie as a matter of right to the Superior Court of this Commonwealth upon the same terms and with the same regulations as are provided by existing laws in regard to appeals from any definitive sentence or decree of the orphans' court and in hearing such appeals the Superior Court shall consider the testimony as part of the record

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—196.

Adams,	Fruit,	Lynch,	Shoop,
Albee,	Gallagher,	Mangan,	Showalter,
Alcorn,	Gans,	Marvin,	Sinclair,
Alexander,	Garner,	Mather,	Smith, J. W.,
Arnold,	Geary,	Maurer,	Smith, Jeff. W.,
Aron,	Geiser,	McArdle,	Smith, L.,
Arthur,	Gingery,	McCaig,	Snyder,
Baker,	Glass,	McClintock,	Sones,
Baldwin,	Glenn,	McClure,	Spangler,
Barnett,	Gompers,	McConnell,	[illegible],
Bauerle,	Goodnough,	McCurdy,	Statler,
Beck,	Goodwin,	McDermott,	Staving,
Becker,	Goodyear,	McKay,	Steedle,
Benn,	Gormley,	McNichol,	Stein,
Benninger,	Graham,	McVicar,	Stern,
Bergy,	Gransback,	Mearkle,	Stone,
Berntheizel,	Greenwood,	Mellott,	Sullivan,
Beyer,	Hackett,	Milliron,	Swan,
Blackburn,	Hamilton,	Murdoch,	Swartz,
Body,	Harper,	Myers,	Thomas,
Bovee,	Heffernan,	Neville,	Trach,
Brosius,	Herman,	Nieder,	Twibill,
Brownlee,	Hess,	Nissley,	Urich,
Brumbaugh,	Heyburn,	Oaks,	Vickerman,
Bungard,	Hibshman,	Ostrander,	Vogdes,
Campbell, J. O.,	Hoffman,	Palmer,	Wagner,
Campbell, T.,	Hollern,	Perry,	Walsh,
Christman,	Hollingsworth,	Peters,	Walter,
Conner,	Horton,	Phillips,	Walton,
Corbin,	Howarth,	Pickering,	Watson,
Cox,	Hubler,	Powell,	Weaver,
Cromer,	Jack,	Ramsey,	Weimer,
Cummins,	Jones, E. E.,	Reel,	Weir,
Curry,	Jones, W. W.,	Reynolds,	West,
Davis,	Kaiser,	Rhoads,	Wettach,
Dawson,	Kitts,	Rich,	Whitaker,
Dell,	Klinger,	Rininger,	Whitten,
Dodds,	Kuhn,	Rinn,	Wildman,
Drinkhouse,	Kunkle,	Robertson,	Willard,
Dunn,	Lafferty,	Roney,	Williams,
Eby,	Landis,	Rothenberger,	Wilson, H. I.,
Ehrhardt,	Lanius,	Rowell,	Wilson, W. H.,
Eppley,	Lauer,	Rudisill,	Wobensmith,
Erdman,	Lauler,	Sampsel,	Wood,
Evans,	Leighner,	Sarig,	Woodward,
Fackler,	Lindsey,	Schaeffer,	Wynne,
Finnerty,	Lipschutz,	Scott,	Young,
Flynn,	Love,	Shaaber,	Ambler,
Forster,	Luppert,	Shaffer,	Speaker.
Fretz,	Luxemburger,		

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 921, as follows:

An Act requiring each city of the second and third class to establish a municipal pension fund for employes of said city and regulating the payment of such pensions excepting the employes of the bureaus of police fire and electricity who are eligible to the pension funds of said bureaus

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That cities of the second and third class shall create a municipal pension fund for the pensioning of all employes who have given twenty years of service in said city excepting the employes of the bureaus of police fire and electricity who are eligible to the pension funds of said bureaus No employe under the age of fifty years shall be pensioned unless such employe is totally and permanently disabled

Section 2 Cities of the second and third class shall set aside and appropriate a sum not to exceed one-half of one per centum of all taxes for such municipal pension fund

Section 3 The employes shall contribute one per centum of their salaries each succeeding month until they retire on pension when such contribution shall cease

Section 4 The pension allowed shall be one-half of the salary received for the two years previous to their retirement Provided however the pension shall not exceed one hundred dollars per month

Section 5 All acts and parts of acts inconsitent with this act are repealed

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. SNYDER. Mr. Speaker, as I read this bill it has the earmarks of the most dangerous kind of legislation. It provides that every employe of a city of the second and third classes shall be pensioned, or in other words, every fellow who has had a good job for twenty years shall be pensioned, and in addition to that, it provides that the cities shall set aside five mills from out the taxes. It does seem to me that would be a pernicious piece of legislation. The fees or wages that these employes have been getting have been more than those fellows could have gotten perhaps at any other job for this entire period, and now at the end of twenty years after they have had a snap, we propose to give them a pension for the balance of their lives. Would that be right? There comes a time when a man has feasted at the public crib so long that he feels that the State or the county or the township owes him a living. It applies to the employes of cities, but it ought to apply to townships and boroughs and every person, and think what it means. We to-day are so burdened and overburdened with taxes that we are barely able to pay our taxes. Why should we require any city to add to its fund five more mills in order to pension some one who has had a mighty good job for twenty years. The principle is fundamentally wrong. I have in mind two men—they were perhaps on equal terms mentally and physically and in the matter of ability about on equal terms. One man got a

job in a city and by political chicanery managed to have his wages raised until he is now getting three thousand dollars. The other man the same ability is still working for less than one thousand dollars, but he has managed to accumulate a little property. Now we are going to tax him five mills in order to pay that other man a pension. It seems to me absurd. Two historians that I know of, say that the cause of the downfall of Greece was the fact that every man attempted and succeeded in getting on the payroll, and it seems to me if we pass this bill and follow out this kind of legislation that it spells disaster for this nation.

MR. REYNOLDS IN THE CHAIR.

Mr. GEARY. Mr. Speaker, this bill was introduced at the request of the municipal pension employes of Pittsburgh and cities of the second class and, upon request from a number of men representing cities of the second class who thought very favorably of this measure, I amended the bill at their suggestion. Now, in the City of Pittsburgh we have a municipal pension association and it has been established for some three or four years. There is nothing in this bill that compels any man to become a member of this association and it is a matter of choice with the employe if he wants to join or not. There is nothing compulsory about it. Now as to the amount set aside for this fund, I want to say to the gentleman from Westmoreland, that if he reads that section he will find that his borough officials and councils of cities of the third class that this section reads "cities of the second class shall set aside and appropriate a sum not to exceed one-half of one per cent." The point "not to exceed"—they could if they chose appropriate or lay aside five dollars for this fund, or a dollar and a half or one-sixteenth or one-twentieth of one per cent. It specifies "not to exceed one-half," so if the people in third class cities do not want or would not arrange for the employes banding together in an association, if the council in third class cities would only appropriate two dollars and a half the result would be that they would have no fund to help them along or guide them, and so far as taking care of a man who has worked twenty years or more if he has been on the payroll during that time, is concerned the fact that he has served a city or municipality for twenty years under different changes of administration is the best evidence of his ability and of his deserving of a pension. I want to say further that it has come to the time that nearly all large corporations now are looking after their men, and the man who has served twenty years faithfully is certainly entitled to some consideration.

Mr. SNYDER. Mr. Speaker, I should like to interrogate the gentleman from Allegheny.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Allegheny, Mr. Geary, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. GEARY. Mr. Speaker, I will.

Mr. SNYDER. What peculiarly special service has the employe of the city rendered the country, that he should deserve a pension over and above other people?

Mr. GEARY. I would not say that they deserve any special recognition, but the fact that all large corporations nowadays are recognizing that a man having served twenty years in the employ of any one firm, that they would take care of him in his old age. It is a move, too, in the proper way of securing better men and, also in an efficiency manner, it produces better results. When a man knows that, after the end of twenty years that he is going to be taken care of properly and that he will be provided for in the way that he would be clothed and get enough to eat later on, it is going to make him put more energy in his job.

Mr. BARNETT. Mr. Speaker, I want to say that the principle of this bill is bad. It is not only bad in its present application but it is an entering wedge for other bills of a like character for this session or at some future session. The man who in his position as my worthy colleague has said is well paid and paid way beyond the ordinary, now this proposition to pay him still more is on the line of a fellow who was all the time begging tobacco from his friends —a chew of tobacco until one day one of his friends said he would put a stop to it, and he gave him a whole plug of tobacco. The fellow did not bother his friend until the plug was gone, then he went back to the one who had given him the plug of tobacco, and said, "one good turn deserves another, give me another plug of tobacco."

Mr. WILDMAN. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, to my mind this is a very meritorious measure. In fact, I thought it was so meritorious that I was personally responsible for inserting the amendment making the measure apply to third class cities.

The gentleman has refererred to the fact that a certain city official in his city received $3,000 a year salary. Now this may be true, gentlemen, but I believe that every member of this House will bear me out that if this municipality pays this official $3,000, that that official could earn $3,000 in private life. Now this person serves his municipality faithfully for twenty years or practically a life time. His whole line of thought and action is centered in that one thing. At the end of twenty years he is eliminated from office. I would like the gentleman to tell me what else this man could do to earn a livelihood.

Another matter, gentlemen, the municipality does not pay the entire pension under the provisions of this bill. The individual pays a portion of the pension which he is to receive after having served twenty years, and I can see no reason why every liberal minded man in this House should not support this measure.

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. GEARY. Mr. Speaker, I move that the bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. ADAMS. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

On the question,

The SPEAKER declared the ayes appeared to have it.

Whereupon, a division was called for, ninety-seven gentlemen voting in the affirmative and thirty-seven in the negative.

And the question was determined in the affirmative.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 731, as follows:

An Act providing for the appropriation of certain moneys to the organizations constituting and having in charge the distribution of various police pension funds throughout the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and defining the duties of certain officers in relation thereto

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from and after the passage of this act there shall be paid over to the various organizations or associations constituting and having in charge the distribution of police pension funds in every city in this Commonwealth two per centum of each dollar collected out of all fees for licenses paid by any inhabitant of said city or into the treasury thereof Said license fees shall include retail and wholesale mercantile license retail and wholesale liquor license brewers bottlers distillers billiards brokers auctioneers peddlers circuses eating houses and licenses and for any and all other businesses or purposes for which by the laws of this Commonwealth a license fee is or hereafter shall be required

Section 2 The organizations herein mentioned shall consist only such as are by city ordinance designated as the official and authorized organization or association to hold receive and distribute the funds or moneys for the purpose of pensioning the police officers of said cities

Section 3 It shall be the duty of the controller or auditor of the county before the first day of January of each year to certify to the county treasurer the amount to be paid over under the provisions of section one of this act

Section 4 It shall be the duty of the State Treasurer or the city or county treasurer collecting said license fees to pay over to the proper officials of the said organizations or associations constituting the police pension funds annually the amount designated in this act taking his or their receipt for same which said receipt shall constitute a voucher and quittance for the amount so paid

Section 5 The funds or moneys received by any organization or association under the provisions of this act shall be employed only in the payment of pensions granted to the members of said organization or association and to the widows and children of said members in accordance with the rules regulations or by-laws of said organization or association for the following causes namely

(a) Incapacity to discharge the duties of a member's position by reason of any injury received while a member of said organization or association and in the actual discharge of a member's duty

(b) Incapacity to discharge the duties of a member's position from any cause other than an injury and after ten

years of service on the police force of the city in which the organization or association of which he is a member is located

(c) After twenty years of service on the police force of the city in which the organization or association of which he is a member is located

(d) To the widows and children of such members of said organizations or associations as shall be killed while in the actual discharge of the duties of their positions or who shall die from an injury received while in the actual discharge of their duties

Section 6 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. WILLIAMS. I would like to interrogate the gentleman from Philadelphia, the sponsor of this bill.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Cox, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. COX. Mr. Speaker, I will.

Mr. WILLIAMS. Mr. Speaker, I would like to ask the gentleman to give the House his thought as to the constitutionality of this bill, direct reference being had to Article 3, Section 18, which prohibits the appropriation of State funds for pension purposes except for military services; and also to ask him to indicate to the House what it will cost the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania for a year to carry out the provisions of this bill.

Mr. COX. Mr. Speaker, in reply to the gentleman from Tioga I would state that I am not a lawyer, but under the recent decisions of the Supreme and Superior Courts it is a question to the average layman what the Constitution means.

As far as the amount of money that is to be appropriated goes, I have never received those figures, but I do say, Mr. Speaker, that I believe it is not of such a large amount of money that would stop this House in voting for this bill. This bill was presented by me at the request of the police chiefs of the State of Pennsylvania who, in convention, agreed to ask the State of Pennsylvania to perpetuate the police pension fund. The police pension fund in the City of Pittsburgh was started something fourteen years ago. As it grows older, naturally, the amount of money required grows larger; and so in Philadelphia. I believe, outside the question as to the constitutionality of this bill, this House should pass it. I do not believe that they are asking anything that is unjust and I will ask every fair-minded member to cast his vote in favor of this bill.

Mr. WILLIAMS. Mr. Speaker, for the information of the House let me read just this extract from the Constitution:

"No appropriations, except for pensions or gratuities for military services, shall be made—"

Mr. Speaker, there is a condition confronting this Legislature which it cannot dodge and which was presented prominently to us in the address of retiring Governor Tener and Governor Brumbaugh in his Inaugural Address, and that was the reduced financial condition of the State. Two years ago the Legislature was asked, in order to relieve Philadelphia from her financial embarrassment, to take from the State $1,250,000, in the form of the State tax on personal property and make a county tax. The result was that it increased the revenues of Philadelphia nearly half a million dollars and gave them greatly increased borrowing capacity with which to increase their bonded indebtedness and carry forward the desired municipal improvements. The result—hear the gentleman from Philadelphia indicating that I am mistaken—Mr. Speaker, for years seventy-five per cent. of the personal property tax, amounting to $5,000,000 per year was turned over to the counties and the act of two years ago applied to the twenty-five per cent. remaining or $1,250,000 per year. At the same time, in the 1913 session, there was enacted what is known throughout the rural districts as the "Jones Township Road Law." That law pledges the Commonwealth to pay into the ownship Treasuries fifty per cent. of the township taxes levied, collected and used on the township roads. In order to carry out the provisions of that bill I introduced an appropriation bill carrying $2,500,000 with which to pay the townships what the State obligated itself to pay under that act and the Governor, from the lack of revenue, reduced that amount to $250,000 and today the townships of our State, many of them, have been compelled to borrow money to make up for the deficiency caused by the State being unable to pay what was due them under the Jones Act.

Had we not passed this personal property tax law turning back to the counties this four-mill tax or seventy-five per cent. of it, the State would have been in shape to have fulfilled its obligation to the townships.

This year Philadelphia is asking, and properly so, for $1,000,000 for the improvement of the Philadelphia harbor, something that the people of the whole State of Pennsylvania are interested in. The County of Allegheny is asking for an appropriation of several hundred thousand dollars to carry on the work of constructing the proposed Lake Erie and Ohio Canal project. That is an enterprise in which the people of the whole State of Pennsylvania are interested. Philadelphia is asking for increased appropriations for the University of Pennsylvania, for Temple University and for the other commendable institutions, and what they are asking for, other counties throughout the State are asking for. The gentleman from Union and the gentleman from Jefferson are asking this Legislature to appropriate money to pension soldiers of the Civil War. We also want money for the improvement of the highways of the State and for State College, that institution which is doing such a grand work along educational lines for the young men of the rural districts; so that there are demands being made from every quarter for appropriations for developing of our State, as well as for the educational and charitable institutions of the State.

Mr. Speaker, I am not opposed to pensioning the policemen in the cities of this Commonwealth, but I am opposed to taking this money from the State's share of its revenue. I have no objection if this bill were amended to take from the liquor license funds paid into the cities two, three, four, five per cent. of the amount of it. As you all know, in the cities of the retail liquor license fee amounts to $1100 a year. Of that amount the State gets $100 and the city $1,000. Now it would be entirely proper for a bill to be passed, and it would relieve the obligation, to take a part of the city's share of the license fund and turn it over for the local police fund. The departments of our State are demanding increased appropriations in order that they may give the people of the State the greatest degree of efficiency.

As I said before, I am not opposed to this pension law but I am opposed to taking the money from the funds of the Commonwealth, with which to carry out the provisions of this bill which will cost the State practically $60,000 per year, especially when we are confronted with reduced revenues as the result of the depression in business throughout the State.

Mr. COX. Mr. Speaker, I desire to call the attention of the House to the fact that if it is unconstitutional now in this bill, to appropriate money to the police Pension Fund, how in the world, in the Act of 1913, when we appropriated two hundred thousand dollars to the Mothers Pension Fund,—why wasn't that unconstitutional? Gentlemen, I believe we are haggling over a very small point as to the constitutionality of this act. When it comes to the taking of money from the liquor licenses in the cities, you must agree with me that the city does help the Police Pension Fund and contributes largely to it, not only in Philadelphia, but also in Pittsburgh.

Mr. WILLIAMS. Mr. Speaker, like the gentleman from Philadelphia, I am not a lawyer, and I cannot give a legal interpretation to the constitution of this State, but I can read, and I think with some degree of intelligence and as I previously stated I believe this bill to be clearly unconstitutional.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—69.

Adams,	Gans,	McDermott,	Steedle,
Aron,	Geary,	McNichol,	Stein,
Arthur,	Glass,	Mearkle,	Stern,
Bauerle,	Gransback,	Murdoch,	Sullivan,
Campbell, T.,	Hackett,	Neville,	Swan,
Conner,	Hamilton,	Nieder,	Thomas,
Cox,	Hess,	Perry,	Vogdes,
Cummins,	Howarth,	Pickering,	Wagner,
Curry,	Lafferty,	Powell,	Walsh,
Davis,	Lauer,	Reynolds,	Weir,
Dawson,	Lauler,	Rininger,	Wettach,
Dodds,	Lipschutz,	Robertson,	Whitten,
Drinkhouse,	Luppert,	Roney,	Wildman,
Dunn,	Luxemburger,	Schaeffer,	Willard,
Ehrhardt,	McArdle,	Showalter,	Wilson, W. H.,
Fackler,	McCaig,	Sinclair,	Wobensmith,
Forster,	McClintock,	Smith, Jeff. W.,	
Gallagher,			

NAYS—111.

Albee,	Evans,	Landis,	Sampsel,
Alcorn,	Finnerty,	Lanius,	Sarig,
Alexander,	Flynn,	Leighner,	Scott,
Arnold,	Fruit,	Lindsey,	Shaaber,
Baker,	Garner,	Love,	Shaffer,
Baldwin,	Geiser,	Lynch,	Smith, J. W.,
Barnett,	Gingery,	Mangan,	Smith, L.,
Beck,	Glenn,	Marvin,	Snyder,
Becker,	Gompers,	Mather,	Sones,
Bergy,	Goodnough,	Maurer,	Spencer,
Blackburn,	Goodwin,	McClure,	Statler,
Body,	Goodyear,	McConnell,	Stone,
Bovee,	Gormley,	McCurdy,	Swartz,
Brosius,	Greenwood,	McKay,	Trach,
Brownlee,	Harper,	McVicar,	Twibill,
Brumbaugh,	Herman,	Mellott,	Urich,
Bungard,	Heyburn,	Milliron,	Vickerman,
Campbell, J. O.,	Hibshman,	Myers,	Walter,
Christy,	Hollern,	Oaks,	Watson,
Coldsmith,	Hollingsworth,	Palmer,	Weaver,
Corbin,	Horton,	Peters,	Weimer,
Cromer,	Hubler,	Phillips,	West,
Dell,	Jack,	Reel,	Williams,
Diefenderfer,	Jones, E. E.,	Rhoads,	Wilson, H. I.,
Eby,	Jones, W. W.,	Rich,	Wood,
Eppley,	Klinger,	Rinn,	Wylie,
Erdman,	Kuhn,	Rothenberger,	Wynne,
	Kunkle,	Rudisill,	Young,

Less than the majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the negative and the bill falls.

SENATE MESSAGES.

HOUSE BILL CONCURRED IN BY SENATE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced returned bill from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows:

House Bill No. 243.

An Act to repeal an act entitled "An Act to authorize and require road supervisors to erect and maintain suitable foot bridges for the accommodation of pedestrians across streams where public roads cross such streams" approved the twenty-third day of April one thousand nine hundred and nine

with the information that the Senate has passed the same without amendment.

RESOLUTION FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced presented the following extract from the Journal of the Senate, which was twice read, considered and agreed to:

Resolved, (If the House of Representatives concur) That Senate Bill No. 92, entitled:

An Act requiring certain petitions and papers to be verified before being considered by the court

be recalled from the Governor for the purpose of amendment.

Ordered, That the Clerk notify the Senate accordingly.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order.

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 132, as follows:

An Act regulating process pleading and practice in all civil cases whether at law in equity in divorce or otherwise howsoever hereafter brought in any court of common pleas in this Commonwealth and providing a complete system of procedure within the limits of the subject matter of this act

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That all actions of assumpsit and trespass hereafter brought in any court of common pleas in this Commonwealth shall be subject to the provisions of this act

Section 2 The pleadings in all actions of assumpsit and trespass shall consist of the following and no others a petition by the plaintiff an answer by the defendant and where a set-off or counterclaim is contained in the answer a reply thereto by the plaintiff

Section 3 Every pleading shall contain and contain only a statement in a consise and summary form of the material facts on which the party pleading relies for his case but not the evidence by which they are to be proved and shall be divided into paragraphs numbered consecutively each which shall as nearly as may be convenient contain but one material allegation Dates sums and numbers may be expressed in figures and not in words

Section 4 Every pleading and every motion as signed by the party or his counsel shall be deemed a certificate by every person signing the same that he has read the pleading or motion that he believes that there is good ground for the same that no scandalous matter is contained therein and that it is not interposed for the purpose of delay.

Section 5 The petition by the plaintiff shall set forth the case of the plaintiff in accordance with the requirements of this act It shall have attached to it copies of all notes contracts book entries or other writings on which the plaintiff's case is founded or a particular reference to the records of any court sitting in the county in which the said cause is brought or to the record of any deed mortgage instrument of writing or other public record recorded registered or contained in the office of the recorder of deeds register of wills or other public official in the said county if any on which the plaintiff's case is founded which said particular reference shall be sufficient in lieu of a copy thereof It shall conclude with prayers for the relief or redress to which the plaintiff claims to be entitled one of which prayers shall in all cases be in substance "That the defendant make answer hereto within fifteen days after service hereof" It shall be signed by the plaintiff or his attorney and verified by affidavit as hereinafter provided

Section 6 No rule or notice to answer other than the prayer for an answer as provided in the fifth section hereof shall be required or permitted

Section 7 Pleas to the jurisdiction pleas in abatement and any other dilatory pleas are hereby abolished Every defense heretofore presentable by such pleas shall hereafter be made by motion as of course setting forth the reason therefor to be filed and served within five days after service of the petition and where any matter of fact is alleged therein such motion shall be verified by affidavit

Section 8 Demurrers are hereby abolished Every defense to the petition of the plaintiff heretofore presentable by demurrer shall hereafter be made by motion either for the dismissal of such cause or for a more specific petition Such motion shall be of course and shall contain the reasons on which it is based Such motion shall be filed and served within fifteen days after service of the petition if the same be overruled the defendant must answer within such time thereafter as the court shall fix or judgement by default for want of an answer may be entered in accordance with the provisions of section nineteen of this act

Section 9 The answer by the defendant shall set forth the case of the defendant in accordance with the requirements of this act The answer shall be filed within fifteen days after service of the petition otherwise judgement may on motion as of course be entered against the defendant by the prothonotary Service of a copy of the said answer shall be made within such time as the court shall fix The answer shall have attached to it copies of all documents or a particular reference to any public record or document on which the defendant relies as is required by this act for the petition It shall be verified by affidavit as hereinafter provided

Section 10 The answer shall contain a specific admission or denial or explanation of each allegation of the petition set out in numbered paragraphs corresponding with the numbered paragraphs of the petition except that if the defendant be without knowledge or without information he shall so state and such statement shall operate as a denial Allegations in the petition except as to damages if not denied shall be deemed to be admitted

Section 11 When the answer or reply is made by an executor administrator guardian committee or other person acting in the cause in a representative capacity he need only state the facts he admits to be true and that he believes that there is a just and lawful defense to the remainder

Section 12 Unless a set-off or counter-claim be alleged in the answer in which case a reply shall be required or permitted the cause shall be deemed at issue and any new or affirmative matter in the answer or in the reply shall be deemed to be admitted by the adverse party without any further or other pleading unless the adverse party shall file a denial in writing within ten days of such new or affirmative matter at which time the cause will be deemed to be at issue No formal joinder of issue shall be required or permitted

Section 13 When a defendant relies on a set-off or counter-claim he must first answer the allegations of the petition and then set out his set-off or counter-claim under the heading "Set-off" or "Counter-claim" The set-off or counter-claim shall be set forth in accordance with the requirements of this act and shall continue the consecutive paragraphing of the answer The answer containing any set-off or counter-claim shall conclude with prayers for the relief or redress to which the defendant claims to be entitled one of which prayers shall in all such cases be in substance

"That the plaintiff make reply to the set-off and counter-claim (or either of them as the case may be) contained in this answer within fifteen days after service hereof"

Section 14 A set-off or counter-claim shall have the same effect as a cross proceeding so as to enable the court to pronounce a final judgement in the cause both on the original and on the cross proceeding But the court may on motion by the plaintiff seasonably made before trial if in its opinion such set-off or counter-claim cannot be conveniently disposed of in the pending cause refuse permission to the defendant to avail himself thereof and order such set-off or counter-claim to be treated as a separate pending cause with or without new pleadings If in any case in which the defendant sets up a counter-claim for which he might have a certificate in his favor the case of the plaintiff is stayed discontinued or dismissed the counter-claim may nevertheless be proceeded with

Section 15 Whenever a set-off or counter-claim is set forth in the answer the plaintiff shall file and serve his response thereto verified by affidavit as hereinafter provided which shall be called his reply and which shall be set forth in accordance with the requirements of this act The reply shall be filed within fifteen days after service of the answer and shall be served within such time as the court shall fix The reply shall make response to each allegation of the set-off or counter-claim in paragraphs consecutively numbered to correspond to the pertinent paragraphs of the same and shall be so far as the same are applicable governed by the requirements of this act relating to the answer

Section 16 No notice of special matter of defense shall be required or permitted All such matter shall be contained in the pleading of the party relying thereon

Section 17 The petition and the answer with the reply if any shall constitute the issues in the cause and neither party shall be permitted at the trial or hearing to present any claim or defense not in issue as aforesaid

Section 18 Judgment may be entered on motion before the prothonotary for want of an answer or for the amount specifically admitted by the answer to be due The plaintiff may move the court for judgment for want of a sufficient answer to the whole or any part of his case and when the answer contains a set-off or counter-claim the defendant may move the court for judgment for want of a reply or for the amount specifically admitted by the reply to be due or for want of a sufficient reply to the whole or any part of the set-off or counter-claim and the court may enter judgment in favor of the plaintiff or the defendant as justice may require and in cases of judgment for a part with leave to proceed for the balance claimed Such motions for judgment shall all be as of course and shall contain the reasons on which they are based On any such judgment damages shall be assessed in the mode now provided by law

Section 19 Amendments shall be allowed as of course or by the court as the case may be to the petition to the answer or to the reply at any stage of the cause as justice may require in accordance with the present practice and on such terms as to costs or otherwise as the court shall determine Service of the amendment or amended pleading shall be made on the adverse party or his attorney within such time as the court may fix To such amendment or amended pleading the adverse party shall respond if a response be necessary within such time as the court shall fix Wherever a pleading be amended time to the adverse party shall run from the service of the amendment or amended pleading

Section 20 The petition the answer and the reply shall be signed by the party pleading the same or his attorney and shall be verified by the affidavit of such party or if he be unable by absence illness or other adequate cause to make the same which inability and the reason therefor shall be set forth in the said affidavit then by some person having knowledge or information of the facts and duly authorized by such party to make such affidavit Where there is more than one plaintiff or one defendant as the case may be then such affidavit may be made by one of the plaintiffs or defendants subject to the power of the court on motion and after notice to order that any or all the other plaintiffs or defendants verify the pleading by affidavit to be filed and served within such time as the court may order but if the prayer of the petition or of the answer require an answer or reply as the case may be from all the defendants or plaintiffs as the case may be then such answer or reply shall be verified by the affidavit or affidavits of them all

Section 21 The time fixed for the filing or service of any pleading or motion under this act may be enlarged by the court in its discretion on motion and after notice

Section 22 The true intent and meaning of this act is that it is designed to furnish a complete system of procedure within the limits of its subject matter but the substantive rights of the parties are not in any way intended to be affected hereby

Section 23 The court may make such rules not inconsistent with this act as may be deemed advisable

Section 24 This act may be cited as the "Practice Act one thousand nine hundred and fifteen"

Section 25 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

Section 26 This act shall take effect on January first one thousand nine hundred and sixteen

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. BEYER. Mr. Speaker, I move that this bill be placed on the postponed calendar, and I will briefly state my reasons. This bill has been considerably changed——

The SPEAKER. The Chair would inform the gentleman that the motion is not debatable. Is the motion seconded?

Mr. GARNER. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the motion?

The motion was not agreed to.

The bill was then agreed to on third reading.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, this bill is known as the "Practice" Act. For the benefit of the members of this House, so that they can understand the purport of the bill, I desire at this time to make what explanation is necessary concerning its provisions. When this bill was originally introduced it was for the purpose of dealing with the question of all kinds of practices in the courts of common pleas of this Commonwealth. The bill was referred to the Committee on Judiciary General and laid there without any request for a hearing from any source whatsoever for a period of over five weeks, in order that the members of this House who are attorneys, might get in touch with their constituency and the courts in the districts which they represent, so that any objections to the bill might be crystalized.

As a result of that there were some objections to the bill on account of its wide scope. Those objections seem to be proper objections to myself, who is the sponsor of this bill, and therefore we discussed in detail the amending of this bill in the Judiciary General Committee, and everything was eliminated from the bill with the exception of those matters pertaining to actions of assumpsit or suits on contracts, and actions of trespass or negligence cases.

A few words will explain to the gentlemen the simplicity of this measure, and the necessity for its enactment. They may be summed up as follows: it requires in the institution of a proceeding the filing of a paper which this act calls a "petition," (but to what word I am not wedded and have agreed to change it to the "statement of claim" if this bill passes the House and goes to the Senate) and the filing of an answer in all matters, irrespective of whether they are actions in assumpsit, or whether they are negligence cases or actions in trespass; that all matters which are not denied are admitted to be true, that simplifies practice and saves and eliminates the necessity of producing witnesses to prove things which are admitted in the papers filed in the case, to be true. The material change in that provision as compared with the present practice is the requiring of affidavits of defense or answers in negligence cases. Under our present law, Mr. Speaker, in trespass cases no affidavit of defense was required. A rule was taken upon the defendant to file a plea; the case was then placed at issue and ordered on the trial list and there was nothing before the court except the statement of claim which set out the facts upon which the plaintiff based his right to recover but there was nothing to indicate what the defense would be. What was the consequence? Suppose, for instance, a suit had been brought against a railroad company for damages through negligence. There was nothing in the pleadings to indicate whether the proper party had been sued or not when the case came on the list for trial, and frequently two years had expired between the actual occurrence and the trial of the case and the defendant went upon the stand and said "You have sued the wrong company" for instance, against the Pennsylvania Railroad Company. Now the accident might have happened upon the line of one of the leased concerns of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company; possibly the P. B. & W. or some other railroad company which it controls and in many instances for which the Board of Directors and the managers were the same. Yet, because suit had been brought against the wrong party you were bowled out of court and your right to recover in any instance was gone because the Statute of Limitations says that no suit can be brought in matters of that kind after a lapse of two years. This requires an answer that such a condition cannot exist in the future. When you sue a name, the defendant, it is to be admitted under the provisions of this bill that that is in the proper defendant, unless the defendant comes in and files an answer stating that you have sued the wrong party. In that instance, there has been no injustice, because if the

plaintiff receives notice as to who the correct party is now, it also provides that where the defendant does not know of a defense or has no knowledge of the facts which the plaintiff charges in his statement of claim concludes all that he has to do in his answer is to set up that he has no knowledge and that operates as a denial but in no instance in a damage case are damages which are alleged in the plaintiff's statement of claim taken to be admitted, so that no disadvantage can be taken of a defendant in that instance. This whole precedure and this whole proposed legislation is for the purpose of simplifying procedure so that the delays might be eliminated in the trial of cases before a court of justice. Now, Mr. Speaker, there seems to be some objection to this bill; not on account of the provisions of the bill, not on account of the merits of the bill or the supposed demerits of it; the only objection that I can find around here is due to the fact that there has been another Practice Act introduced in this Legislature; it was introduced, I believe, here on Monday night, referred to a committee and reported out yesterday and is now on the first reading calendar of today. There is very little, if any, material difference between these two acts, but there seems to be a disposition on the part of some of the judges in Philadelphia County to demand the withdrawal of the bill for which I am sponsor, in order that the other bill might pass this Legislature. What the reason for that is cannot appear to me to be anything more than the mere vanity of those who pose and act as one of our judges in Philadelphia County. This matter of my bill was taken up with a judge of Philadelphia County who is responsible for the introduction of that other bill. I argued it pro and con with him and he agreed with me that there was very little difference between the two bills and he thought his bill ought to be the one that would go through. It was then agreed, two weeks ago, between that gentleman and myself that if this bill went through the House and the same bill which he had introduced here in the House and had also introduced in the Senate by the same committee, I had no objections to this bill being referred to that same committee in the Senate, the Committee on Judiciary General, and if he could get that committee to report it, any difference could be eliminated as I was not pledged to having my name attached to any Practice Act and all I was anxious to accomplish was to accomplish results for which we are all striving. We had agreed to that and there was no objection, but after that agreement which I entered into with him that some judge wrote me a letter demanding the withdrawal of my bill from the floor of this House or sent back to the Committee to die and have this bill go through. I say to you, Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, that the judges of Philadelphia County, either individually or collectively, are not big enough to coerce me or to compel me to do something which I think is unjust and unfair and if the time comes that men who are called here to Harrisburg to represent the citizenry of this Commonwealth in the matter of legislation are to be dictated to by the whims and fancies of any one individual be he a judge or a man holding any other position of trust, it is time that we abolish the Legislature altogether. I ask you gentlemen to support this bill and put in the position that I agreed it should be put in. I had no objection to his bill, which is on the first reading calendar today, also passing this House and being referred to the same committee in the Senate, and there being thrashed out in order that the best bill may come out of the Senate Committee and come back here for concurrence.

Mr. BEYER. Mr. Speaker, and gentlemen of the House, I regret exceedingly the necessity of entering into any discussion with the eminent gentleman from Philadelphia, the sponsor of the bill now before the House. I am not here, gentlemen, to apologize for any of the judges from my county; they need no apology. Nor have they made of the gentleman from Philadelphia any unreasonable demands nor have they attempted at any time duly or unduly to coerce even so eminent a gentleman as the sponsor of this bill to go from the chosen paths of duty that he has selected to follow as the sponsor of the ideas that are embodied in the Practice Act now before you, but anything that is worth doing is worth doing well and every lawyer in this House will agree that when it comes to the framing of a Practice Act which in its general scope regulates the procedure in civil cases in every county in this State that it must be handled with a supreme degree of care and not simply taken into a committee and changed and amended to suit the purposes of those behind it and without a word of consultation with the gentlemen of the bar or on the bench or the clients represented by the various lawyers of the State as to how their rights are to be effected. The gentleman from Philadelphia says that this is a matter of pride and egotism. I want to say to you gentlemen that I absolve him, personally, from any such thought or vanity on his part. I don't believe that he personally is responsible for the wording of this act but I do know this: that during the June sessions of 1912 the State Bar Association of Pennsylvania comprising in its membership some of the most eminent and learned men at the bar and on the bench came together and after a great deal of discussion and consideration resolved to present to this Legislature the draft on an act which in their judgment they thought would be wise and good for the general regulation of practice throughout this Commonwealth It is a peculiar coincidence that many of the sections of the bill now before you are worded almost identically with the words of the Practice Act suggest by the State Bar Association, and if there were nothing further in this discussion than the question as to who is entitled to the credit of presenting this bill, whether it be the State Bar Association or our humble friend from Philadelphia, I would willingly second his remarks and vote with him to pass this bill and send it forth into the Senate. But when he stands in this House and tells me that this Chamber is not able to handle its own business and to enact its own legislation and to frame its own bills but must rest for further correction upon the eminent gentlemen of the Senate, then I say that this House is big enough to attend to its own business. If you gentlemen will look at the bill which has been handed to you but a few moments ago and which was not on your file, you will find that section after section is stricken from what the bill was in its original form. The bill before you had no chance for a reading and a consderation due to a bill of the magnitude of this one.

Now, you will recall that I made a motion to place this bill upon the postponed calendar and my purpose in doing that was to afford the gentlemen of the Bar Association and the judges in my county and the judges in other counties of this State an opportunity to see wherein changes have been made in the original draft. It might be well for those who are interested that this bill had been postponed and if we had had the chance to go back to our constituents and explained this bill in its amended form we might have come here and voted for the final passage of this bill. I have not had, personally, an opportunity to read the amendments in the bill as it is now before this chamber. I tried on several occasions yesterday to secure copies of the bill and I was told by the messenger that there were not any to be had. I ask for these copies in order that I might send them to some of the judges in Philadelphia County. I want to say to you also that one of the judges of our county was here yesterday, attending the meeting of the Judiciary Special Committee, and he stated to that Committee that the bill which is now before you in his judgment is a vicious bill. What have you against the bill as the eminent gentleman presents it to you at this time? You have a bill that was drafted at the instance of the State Bar Associaion placed the matter in the hands of the subcommittee, Mr. Uhler Hensel from Lancaster, about as able a lawyer as the State of Pennsylvania ever produced, who with Hon. Robert Ralston worked for weeks and months to get this bill in shape, now when the sponsor of it asks an opportunity to read this amended bill and to see whether it meets with the approval of the State Bar Association and asks for a hearing in order that they might be heard, the gentleman from Philadelphia stands up in his place and resents the humble request to postpone consideration of this bill. Now, gentlemen, my own personal thought in the matter is this that if you defeat this bill now, the proba-

bilities are beyond any shadow of a doubt that the gentleman from Philadelphia and I will be able to get together and agree upon terms in this bill which will be acceptable to the State Bar Association, and we can then pass upon the bill almost unanimously. Now, it seems to me gentlemen that I am taking the middle course. I have no axe to grind and I would rather vote under ordinary conditions with my friend from Philadelphia. I value his judgment in many things, but I say to you that in this matter there has been undue haste in his attempt to push this bill through and put it upon the third reading calendar without giving even the members of this House a proper opportunity to see wherein it differs from the bill that was offered on Monday night which was the bill of the State Bar Association. I am going to say just one word with regard to one of the absurd features of the bill. My friend spoke to you about some of the merits of the bill. I have not a word to say about "some of the merits," it is the demerits of the bill—the bad features of the bill that you will vote for when you pass upon his act. There is one provision there that says that instead of the declaration which is a matter of right, a man who brings suit in a court of justice after issuing his writ and having had the sheriff serve that writ upon the defendant, and after acquiring jurisdiction of the State in his proceedings by filing on the adverse party a copy of the statement of his claim, and ever since 1887 and for years prior thereto we have had a special practice that regulated narrs and statements. To those statements we filed affidavits of defence, and in praecipe cases we filed our pleas; now, he undertakes to substitute in place of the statement what he calls a "petition." Gentlemen, that is a mis-nomer, and I do not intend to trifle with words, but it is wrong for this reason—a statement is filed setting forth the facts of the case, but a petition is filed praying the court to make a certain rule, which the court has no right to make. It is simply acquired in the court by proceedings at law, by trial by jury, or rendition of judgment of the court on the merits of the case, but this feature of the bill is absurd on the face of it, because the law already says that you have fifteen days for the service of the statement on the adverse party. If you do not get an answer, you then move for judgment by default. Now that is one bad feature of the bill. Then there are any number of others in the bill, that in the few brief moments that I propose to take here, I will not take the time to refer to. But it does seem to me, gentlemen, that when the Bar Association of Philadelphia has worked on the bill for years and the late William Uhler Hensel as secretary of that body has certified to that bill, that we should give it our careful consideration—that is as little as we can do, and that is as little as we owe to the Bar of Pennsylvania and the Bench, to be careful how we move and consider these bills side by side and not act hastily here to-day by passing this bill.

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, just a few words in reply to my friend from Philadelphia. My friend from Philadelphia seems to take exception to what he is pleased to style "undue haste" in the consideration of this bill now before the House, but certainly he must be speaking without knowledge of the facts. If he would take the trouble to look at the top of the bill now before the House he will find that the bill was introduced on the first day of February; was referred out of the Judiciary General Committee for printing on February 2nd; was recommitted to that committee and remained there until March 23rd, 1915. I would like to find out how long a bill must remain in order that due consideration be given to it before it be taken up for action by this House. Compare that with the action taken by the gentleman from Philadelphia on the so-called "Ralston Act" introduced in this House Monday night; referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special Tuesday morning; a meeting held before the Judiciary Special Committee Tuesday afternoon, and reported out to this House Tuesday night without any knowledge on the part of anyone, so far as I have been able to ascertain, except the members who were present at the hearing before that Committee that there was such a bill before this House.

Mr. BEYER. Mr. Speaker, I would like to interrogate the gentleman from Philadelphia.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Wilson, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, certainly.

Mr. BEYER. Mr. Speaker, is it not a fact that the gentleman from Philadelphia was invited yesterday by myself and Judge Ralston, who happened to be here, to attend the meeting of the Judiciary Special Committee, and did we not consult with him before we went down stairs?

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, it is not a fact and the gentleman knows it when he says it. The gentleman and Judge Ralston and myself stood in that corner over there. I did not know what their business was—did not know that the gentleman and Judge Ralston were going before a committee to discuss this bill. I did not know whose committee they were going to or that there was any committee in this House ready to take action at all upon this subject matter.

Mr. BEYER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to interrogate the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Wilson, further.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Wilson, permit himself to be further interrogated?

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Certainly, I will, sir.

Mr. BEYER. Does the gentleman care to name some of the gentleman who were around us at the time?

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Beyer, Judge Ralston, and I think Mr. Stern was there.

Mr. STERN. No, sir, I was not, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker. under those circumstances it certainly comes with ill grace for my friend from Philadelphia to complain about "undue haste." Now, what is the reason for his preliminary motion here to postpone the consideration of this bill when the bill in which he is interested has been reported out of commttee after being in this House one day, less than one day, and is on the calendar? What purpose could be accomplished? Is it the usual purpose which is looked for in any motion of that kind? To attempt to kill legislation? My friend says that this bill for which he is sponsor is the product of the State Bar Association. Again, sir, I say to you, gentlemen of this House, that he does not talk from facts. In 1912, the State Bar Association, of which I was a member, discussed a general practice act and appointed a committee but nothing was done. In 1913 I introduced in that session of the Legislature, a practice act which passed this House and which died in the last days of the session in the Senate. In 1914 the State Bar Association again took up the question of a practice act and they appointed a committee not only to draft a bill but to insure its passage in the Legislature, and that bill which is the proposed bill of my friend from Philadelphia has never been acted upon by the State Bar Association as a body, but is the result of the action in that committee and was introduced in both branches of this Legislature. That is the situation here, and that same bill which he introduced, if you will compare it with the bill which was introduced in this House in 1913 deals with the same subject and is on all fours with that bill. Now I ask you of this House in all fairness what is the proper thing to do in this instance? I have no pride of opinion about this, but I am put on my mettle when I am attempted to be coerced by any man, and I ask you to support me in my contention, that the only proper thing to do with this bill is to let it pass this House and then all the bills be considered in the same Senate Committee.

Mr. REYNOLDS. Mr. Speaker, I desire to interrogate the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Wilson.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Wilson, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Certainly, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. REYNOLDS. Mr. Speaker, do I understand the gentleman to say that his act only covers actions of trespass and assumpsit?

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Quite right, sir.

Mr. REYNOLDS. And do I understand that in the original draft of that act it contained a provision for equity proceedings?

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Quite, right sir, which have been eliminated.

Mr. REYNOLDS. And do I understand that the provisions with reference to equity proceedings have been stricken out?

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Yes sir, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. REYNOLDS. And does the gentleman know that the title is defective, because it includes equity proceedings as drafted in the original act?

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I did not so notice, sir, I am perfectly willing to have the title amended in the Senate. That is a mere matter of detail.

Mr. REYNOLDS. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, I regret that my friend from Philadelphia has seen fit to criticise his home judges. I regret that he has seen fit to criticise the Bar Association of Pennsylvania. I see no reason for it because I hold in my hand here a copy of a proposed act signed by Mr. Hensel and I feel sure Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, that the committee of law and reform passed on the provisions of this act or Mr. Hensel would never have signed his name to it. Do not be unfair, all we want is a good practice act; all we want is the best practice act. I have nothing to say in opposition to Mr. Wilson's bill, not one word except that you should defeat it here to-day. Why? Because I do believe and I think that every member of our bar in this State will agree with me that when our State Bar Association gets together, they give their very best thought to every measure before them the same as we are doing here, and when they come in here and ask you, as the State Bar Association of Pennsylvania, as lawyers, to see that their bill should be the bill that we adopt, because they are men of our own profession who have given hours of thought to this matter and sacrificed hours of their time and their money, and they only say to you and I as practitioners at the bar, "gentlemen that is our practice act." Now, if Mr. Wilson does not wish to postpone his act, I have nothing to say as to the desirability of his method of proceeding with this bill, but if he does not wish to postpone it, then gentlemen of the Bar of the State of Pennsylvania, it is our duty as members of that bar to kill his act.

Mr. LANIUS. Mr. Speaker, when the Honorable Robert Ralston appeared before that committee and explained the very fair manner in which he and William Uhler Hensel prepared this bill, or a draft of this bill, I see no reason why Mr. Wilson's bill should be rushed through and this other bill which has been so carefully prepared and has the endorsement of the committee appointed by the State Bar Association be set aside, and I certainly hope that the members will vote "no" on this proposition.

Mr. STERN. Mr. Speaker, I desire to interrogate the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Wilson.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Philadelphia, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Yes sir, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. STERN. Mr. Speaker, I would like the gentleman to state who coerced him, and what means of coercion were used?

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I stated in my remarks before this House, that I had a conversation at the solicitation of the Honorable gentleman from Philadelphia, who graces our bench there dealing with this particular practice act; that we discussed it thoroughly; that at that time it was suggested to him that if the bill pass the House, and go into the Senate, where question of amendments, if any were necessary, could be taken up. Since that time I have told this House that I received a letter from him demanding that this bill be withdrawn and upon further consideration that he thought that the bill which should go through was the other bill and this one should be withdrawn. Yesterday, sir, when we were discussing this question in the Hall of this House he again took up the question of amendments with me and I told him the same thing, that in so far as I was concerned I had no objections to discussing any proper amendments that were necessary, but in my judgment the bills were so much alike that with both the bills before this House I would be glad to take up these matters with him. He then stated he would not have anything to do with it, would have no such agreement with me, and walked off into the House and, as I suppose attended the meeting which the Judiciary Special Committee held. Since that time I have been informed he has asked members to vote against this bill.

Mr. BEYER. Mr. Speaker, I desire personally to resent that last remark. Judge Ralston was here yesterday afternoon. I met the gentleman in the ante-room and the very first request he made of me when we met was to ask for our friend from Philadelphia. I had seen our friend from Philadelphia but a few moments before and I escorted the Judge to yonder corner of the room and the Judge again held his conversation with my friend in regard to the bill; and I want to say that we invited Mr. Wilson at that time to join in our deliberations with the Judiciary Special Committee, but he seemed to have but one thought———

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I would like to interrogate the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Beyer.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Beyer, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. BEYER. Mr. Speaker, yes sir.

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I would like to have the gentleman state at what hour the Judiciary Special Committee was called for meeting.

Mr. BEYER. Mr. Speaker, two o'clock.

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Of which I had no knowledge nor did he specify that they were on the way to such a meeting, and the gentleman from Philadelphia knows that this hall was being occupied at that time by a public hearing on the Workmen's Compensation Bill which had been scheduled for a week previous.

Mr. BEYER. Mr. Speaker, we distinctly told the gentleman where we were going.

I propose to say, Mr. Speaker, that on going into the meeting of the Judiciary Special yesterday, as I said before, we invited the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Wilson. The discussion then took place between the Judge and Mr. Wilson regarding his bill and Mr. Wilson kept but one thought in view constantly; he said, "if you have any changes to make or any amendments, why can't you do it in the Senate?" I distinctly said to the gentleman at the time that we did not have any control over affairs in the Senate, we could not discuss the bill there, and we thought it a more honorable course to do it our way. That it what interview took place between us and we then started to the meeting down stairs. Now, of course, the bill appears on first reading today because at that time and in our meeting the bill was considered and received the endorsement of the committee as amended in committee, some few changes, and is on the first reading calendar.

Now I might agree with my friend from Philadelphia if he will only have patience and get together as lawyers and judges get together and with a judicial mind, free from bias and ambition, get down to justice and common truth; but I don't propose to run away from a duty as I see it and go back to my own county and say to the men upon the bench that we did not afford them an opportunity to even read it and that you are asked to vote on this to-day and give us as consolation the thought that our friend from Philadelphia gives—tell them to go to the Senate.

Mr. RONEY. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to offer amendments at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The Chair reconsiders its decision. The bill was agreed to on third reading.

Mr. RONEY. Mr. Speaker, and gentlemen of the House, as objection was raised by the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Reynolds, to the defective title and as the title could be cleared up and no delay occasioned in the passage of the bill by merely striking out the words that his hypercritical mind objects to, I thought that by offering these amendments at this time I would meet one of the objections made by the objectors to this matter. However, it is so unimportant at this time that I think it would be well for the House to proceed to the consideration of this bill at this time on its merits and I therefore, Mr. Speaker, withdraw my amendments.

Gentlemen of the House, just one brief word: The gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Beyer has talked to you at length and the very crux of his argument has been

"there has been undue haste on this bill:" and he said "let my friend from Philadelphia have patience." I know of no man in this House who has more patience than my friend from Philadelphia, the Chairman of the Judiciary General Committee, and who re-reported from the Committee on Judiciary General on St. Patrick's Day a bill that is almost identical, except for a few additions made which I think constitute about six lines, with the bill as offered this House today. There is no right in any man to stand on the floor of this House and let any insinuation go out that undue haste has been had with any bill for the purpose of influencing members if such is not the fact this bill or one very similar Mr. Wilson introduced in 1913 it passed this House with a great big vote and not one judge and not one lawyer officially connected with the State Bar Association thought it worth while to assist, at that time, in clearing up the practice complications and intricacies by sending us a single line. The credit for the beginning of this reform rests with the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Wilson. I recall, when his bill went to the Senate last session and I recall his vigor and industry and persistency in trying to pass it and I know when he introduced this bill on February 1st that he was the most approachable person in the world with whom to discuss this bill and to-day he has a bill that no man on the floor of this House has a right to say that every man in Pennsylvania has not had an opportunity to read. If you will turn back to the File Folio of the House 2877 you will see that a bill was reported out to this House on the Seventeenth day of March almost identical with the bill of today File Folio 3279.

Now, one word about the Judges: No man living has more respect for legally constituted authority than I have but I have no fetish in my make up for Judge or any other man. I give them that respect as a citizen and lawyer they should have; but let no man deceive himself. A Judge is in such an exalted position that his slightest suggestion carries great weight with it, but this proposition here today should be free from judicial control absolutely, when you consider that lawyers constituting the Judiciary General Committee of this House gave this bill careful consideration; and I say to you that if there is any merit in the bill as proposed by the learned Judge from Philadelphia, whom I respect and whom I discuss today now that he has been mentioned, as freely as I would any one because between him and me there is candid friendship and naught else,—if there is any merit in his proposed changes to this bill he lacks not the friends and the admirers in the Senate to be able to take care of what meritorious amendments he has to make. But Wilson has waited since February 1st; he has been fair every hour of time since. He is the first man that introduced a practice act and he has a good one and I come before this Legislature with candor and frankness and knowing that we stand here today on the better side of the argument and, Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, I ask unanimous support of this bill.

POINT OF ORDER.

Mr. REYNOLDS. I rise to a point of order.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman will state his point of order.

Mr. REYNOLDS. My point of order is this: That the act or title to this act is defective and therefore the act as it stands is unconstitutional until the title is amended and cannot be passed by this House in its present shape.

The SPEAKER. This being a constitutional point of order the Chair will submit the same to the House.

On the question,

Shall the point of order be sustained?

The point of order is not sustained?

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I don't care to get into this controversy at all. When the bill was first introduced into the House I sent copies of it to some of the best lawyers in my County. They raised very serious objections to the bill and when I called my friend Wilson's attention to the bill he said the bill would be sent back to the Committee and the objectionable features, in the judgment of those men, would be taken out. Now the bill was on the calendar a few minutes ago and I see there are about eighty lines stricken out of the original which I sent to the attorneys in my county, men whom I am guided by and in whose judgments I have confidence. Really, I do not see why we should not have a day or two to make inquiry about the bill and the changes. It is true that my friend, Mr. Wilson, has striven to make the bill satisfactory to the men whose judgment I defer to. I am not a lawyer or capable of passing judgment on this proposition. It is a serious proposition in the practice of law and, really, it is almost a new bill. I do not think it is on account of the desire of any body to delay this bill but unfortunately the first bill was quite different from the bill as it now appears and I do not see why we cannot have a delay of a day or two to look into it and have it further considered, and that is the only reason I arose to state my position as I really could not vote for it under the present circumstances.

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I may say to the gentleman from Delaware that the very objections to which he called my attention have been eliminated, and have been since the seventeenth of March.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I am afraid the gentleman from Philadelphia has me confounded with some one else with whom he has talked. I did not raise any particular objection to it, but simply said that our attorneys objected to it in its present form. Not being an attorney, I do not know how it applies to practice.

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I desire to interrogate the gentleman from Delaware.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Delaware, Mr. Baldwin, permit himself to be interrogated.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, will.

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I would like to ask the gentleman from Delaware after he talked with me about some of the attorneys from his county objecting to the bill, has he ever said to me, since that time, what those objections were?

Mr. BALDWIN. I would like to state to the House that I explained to my friend from Philadelphia that I am not an attorney and could not go into the subject and discuss it intelligently, consequently I simply presented letters from my friends from Delaware County who objected to it. I talked with others when home and was going to wait until the amendments came out to take it up. The amendments are here. Under other circumstances I might support the bill, if I had time to consult with my friends, in whom I have confidence.

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, the bill has been amended and on the file since the Seventeenth of March and never, since the gentleman from Delaware first talked to me, has he called my attention to any particular amendment.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitutions, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—109.

Adams,	Forster,	McCalg,	Spangler,
Alexander,	Gallagher,	McClintock,	Spencer,
Arnold,	Garner,	McDermott,	Staving,
Becker,	Geary,	McKay,	Steedle,
Benn,	Geiser,	McNichol,	Stein,
Bergy,	Glass,	McVicar,	Sullivan,
Body,	Glenn.	Murdoch,	Swartz,
Brosius,	Gompers,	Neville,	Thomas,
Brownlee,	Goodnough,	Perry,	Trach,
Campbell, T.,	Graham,	Peters,	Urich,
Conner,	Gransback.	Powell,	Vickerman,
Cox,	Hackett,	Ramsey,	Vogdes,
Cromer,	Hamilton,	Rhoads,	Wagner,
Cummins,	Harper,	Rich,	Walsh,
Curry,	Herman,	Robertson,	Weimer,
Davis,	Hess,	Roney,	Weir,
Dawson,	Heyburn,	Rothenberger,	Wettach,
Diefenderfer,	Hibshman,	Rudisill,	Whitten,
Dodds,	Hollern,	Sampsel,	Wildman,
Drinkhouse,	Hubler,	Sarig,	Williams,
Dunn,	Jones, W. W.,	Scott,	Wilson, H. I.
Ehrhardt,	Kunkle,	Shaaber	Wilson, W. H.,
Eppley,	Lafferty,	Showalter,	Wylie,
Erdman,	Landis,	Sinclair,	Wynne,
Evans,	Lauler,	Smith, J. W.,	Young,
Fackler,	Luppert,	Smith, L.,	Ambler,
Finnerty,	Lynch,	Sones,	Speaker.
Flynn,	Marvin,		

NAYS—63.

Albee,	Fretz,	Lipschutz,	Reel,
Alcorn,	Fruit,	Mather,	Reynolds,
Aron,	Gans,	Maurer,	Rininger,
Arthur,	Gingery,	McArdle,	Shaffer,
Baker,	Goodwin,	McClure,	Shoop,
Baldwin,	Goodyear,	McConnell,	Smith, Jeff. W.,
Bauerle,	Gormley,	McCurdy,	Statler,
Beck,	Greenwood,	Mearkle,	Stern,
Beyer,	Habgood,	Mellott,	Stone,
Brumbaugh,	Howarth,	Milliron,	Swan,
Bungard,	Jack,	Myers,	Twibill,
Campbell, J. O.,	Klinger,	Oaks,	Watson,
Christman,	Kuhn,	Ostrander,	West,
Corbin,	Lanius,	Palmer,	Whitaker,
Dell,	Lauer,	Phillips,	Wobensmith,
Eby,	Lindsey,	Pickering,	Wood,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

QUESTION OF PERSONAL PRIVILEGE.

Mr. WILDMAN. Mr. Speaker, I rise to a question of personal privilege.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman will state his question of personal privilege.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE.

Mr. WILDMAN. Mr. Speaker, I desire to ask leave of absence for my colleague, Mr. Nissley, on account of illness.

The SPEAKER. The Chair hears no objection, and leave is granted.

BILL SIGNED BY THE SPEAKER.

The Speaker announced that the Chief Clerk having reported that the following bill had passed both Houses of the General Assembly, and the same being correct, the title was publicly read as follows:

House Bill No. 243.

An Act to repeal an act entitled "An Act to authorize and require road supervisors to erect and maintain suitable foot bridges for the accommodation of pedestrians across streams where public roads cross such streams" approved the twenty-third day of April one thousand nine hundred and nine

Whereupon,

The Speaker, in the presence of the House, signed the same.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 900, as follows:

An Act regulating salaries of clerks in office of recorder of deeds in any county having a population of one million four hundred thousand inhabitants and over

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That hereafter transcribing clerks registration clerks compare clerks and miscellaneous clerks in the office of recorder of deeds in any county having a population of one million four hundred thousand inhabiitants and over shall each receive an annual salary of fifteen hundred dollars

Section 2 All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with this act are repealed

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—186.

Adams,	Gallagher,	Lynch,	Showalter,
Albee,	Gans,	Marvin,	Sinclair,
Alcorn,	Garner,	Mather,	Smith, J. W.,
Alexander,	Geary,	Maurer,	Smith, Jeff. W.,
Arnold,	Geiser,	McArdle,	Smith, L.,
Aron,	Gingery,	McCaig,	Snyder,
Arthur,	Glass,	McClintock,	Sones,
Baldwin,	Glenn,	McClure,	Spangler,
Bauerle,	Gompers,	McConnell,	Spencer,
Beck,	Goodnough,	McCurdy,	Statler,
Becker,	Goodwin,	McDermott,	Staving,
Bergy,	Gormley,	McKay,	Steedle,
Berntheizel,	Graham,	McNichol,	Stein,
Beyer,	Gransback,	McVicar,	Stern,
Blackburn,	Greenwood,	Mearkle,	Stone,
Body,	Habgood,	Mellott,	Sullivan,
Bovee,	Hackett,	Milliron,	Swan,
Brosius,	Harper,	Murdoch,	Swartz,
Brumbaugh,	Herman,	Myers,	Thomas,
Bungard,	Hess,	Neville,	Trach,
Campbell, J. O.,	Heyburn,	Nieder,	Twibill,
Campbell, T.,	Hibshman,	Oaks,	Urich,
Christman,	Hoffman,	Ostrander,	Walsh,
Coldsmith,	Hollern,	Perry,	Walter,
Conner,	Hollingsworth,	Peters,	Walton,
Corbin,	Horton,	Phillips,	Watson,
Cox,	Howarth,	Pickering,	Weaver,
Cromer,	Hubler,	Powell,	Weimer,
Cummins,	Jack,	Ramsey,	Weir,
Curry,	Jones, E. E.,	Reel,	West,
Davis,	Jones, W. W.,	Reynolds,	Wettach,
Dawson,	Kaiser,	Rhoads,	Whitaker,
Diefenderfer,	Kitts,	Rich,	Whitten,
Dodds,	Klinger,	Rininger,	Wildman.
Drinkhouse,	Kuhn,	Rinn,	Willard,
Dunn,	Kunkle,	Robertson,	Williams,
Eby,	Lafferty,	Roney,	Wilson, H. I.,
Ehrhardt,	Landis,	Rothenberger,	Wilson, W. H.,
Eppley,	Lanius,	Rowell,	Wobensmith,
Erdman,	Lauer,	Rudisill,	Wood,
Evans,	Lauler,	Sampsel,	Woodward,
Fackler,	Leighner,	Sarig,	Wylie,
Finnerty,	Lindsey,	Schaeffer,	Wynne,
Flynn,	Lipschutz,	Scott,	Young,
Forster,	Love,	Shaaber,	Ambler,
Fretz,	Luppert,	Shaffer,	Speaker.
Fruit,	Luxemburger,	Shoop,	

NAYS—3.

Baker,	Benn,	Palmer,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Mr. RONEY. Mr. Speaker, my attention has been called to the fact that the file folio on House Bill No. 900 which has just been acted upon is not on the file and in order that there be no future criticism of this House I would ask the Chair if there is a loose leaf bill on the desks.

The SPEAKER. There ought to be; the Sergeant at Arms passed them around on the desks.

Mr. RONEY. Mr. Speaker, the number is 3291. If that be the case that the folio is not on the desks, I would, after some legislative business has intervened, make a motion to reconsider the vote by which this bill passed.

Mr. SPEAKER, I move that this House do now adjourn.

Mr. FLYNN. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was not agreed to.

RECONSIDERATION OF VOTE.

Mr. RONEY. Mr. Speaker, I move that the vote by which House Bill No. 900, entitled:

An Act regulating salaries of clerks in recorders offices in certain counties

passed on final passage be reconsidered.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. RONEY. Mr. Speaker, I move that further consideration of this bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Mr. BAKER. Mr. Speaker, I ask that the vote on the roll call of House Bill No. 132, entitled:

An Act regulating pleading and practice in all civil cases whether at law in equity in divorce or otherwise howsoever hereafter brought in any court of common pleas in this Commonwealth and providing a complete system of procedure within the limits of the subject matter of this act

which was just passed finally be verified.

POINT OF ORDER.

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I rise to a point of order. The gentleman is out of order.

The SPEAKER. The point of order is well taken. The result having been declared the gentleman from Washington is too late to ask for a verification of the roll.

RECESS.

The SPEAKER. The Chair suggests to the gentlemen of the House that in order to give the printer time to get the bills here that we take a recess until eight o'clock tonight, if there is no objection.

Whereupon a recess was declared (at 1:05 P. M.) until 8 o'clock to-night.

AFTER RECESS.

The House reconvened at 8 o'clock P. M.

The SPEAKER (Charles A. Ambler) in the Chair.

The SPEAKER asked and received unanimous consent to refer the following bills:

BILLS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED.

By Mr. REYNOLDS. House Bill No. 1101.

An Act fixing the salaries of county controllers in all counties having a population exceeding one hundred and fifty thousand and not exceeding two hundred and fifty thousand.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

By Mr. PETERS. House Bill No. 1102.

An Act making an appropriation for the care and preservation of Childs Park in Pike County.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. KAISER. House Bill No. 1103.

An Act validating divorces heretofore procured in the United States of America, in jurisdictions outside the State of Pennsylvania, where the libellant has been a resident of the state in which said divorce was procured and the respondent a resident of the State of Pennsylvania, and validating marriages subsequently contracted by either of such divorced people and ligitimizing the issue thereof.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. H. I. WILSON. House Bill No. 1104.

An Act making an appropriation to the Highway Department for the payment of the second class township road bonus.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. HARPER. House Bill No. 1105.

An Act authorizing Jennie Cly Swogger, administratrix of the estate of Lawrence L. Swogger, deceased late a citizen of Lawrence County, Pennsylvania, to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin County, against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. STERN. House Bill No. 1106.

An Act to amend section five of an act, approved the nineteenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eleven, entitled "An Act regulating the exhibiting or using of moving-pictures and stereoptican views providing for and regulating the examination and approval of moving-picture films or reels and stereopticon views; and fixing penalties for the violation of this act."

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. STERN. House Bill No. 1107.

An Act making an appropriation to the Jewish Maternity Association of Philadelphia.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. SPANGLER. House Bill No. 1108.

An Act to validate acts done and conveyances made by or to corporations after letters patent are issued, and before the recording of their charters.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. ALEXANDER. House Bill No. 1109.

An Act relating to plants used for medicinal purposes and fixing penalties.

Referred to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

By Mr. ALEXANDER. House Bill No. 1110.

An Act making an appropriation for the purpose of refunding to Manfred J. Berliner, of Corry, Pennsylvania, certain moneys erroneously paid into the State Treasury.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. TWIBILL. House Bill No. 1111.

An Act making an appropriation to the Trustees of Temple University, for the use of Garretson Hospital, Philadelphia.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. WYLIE. House Bill No. 1112.

An Act to amend section five hundred seven of an act, entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof, providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general, special or local, or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith," approved the eighteenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred eleven.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Mr. WYLIE. House Bill No. 1113.

An Act to amend section five hundred and six of an act entntled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof, providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general, special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith," approved the eighteenth day of May, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Mr. WILLIAMS. House Bill No. 1123.

An Act authorizing the Commissioner of Health to accept a private donation or private donations for the purpose of erecting a Union Chapel at Tuberculosis Sanatorium No. 3, located at Hamburg, in this Commonwealth, and further authorizing said Commissioner of Health after receiving such donation or donations for such purpose to erect or cause to be erected on the said Sanatorium property a suitable building for such purpose under plans and specifications to be approved by the Governor of this Commonwealth and the said Commissioner of Health.

Referred to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

By Mr. HESS. House Bill No. 1124.

An Act making an appropriation to The Pennsylvania State College for educational extension work and for maintaining a summer school for teachers.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. CONNER. House Bill No. 1125.

An Act prohibiting the charging or collecting of premiums on loans made by building and loan associations.

Referred to the Committee on Banks and Banking.

By Mr. WILDMAN. House Bill No. 1126.

An Act making an appropriation to the State Librarian for the advancement of historical research, and for aiding and assisting the Pennsylvania Federation of Historical Societies in the collection of material for a complete bibliography of the Commonwealth.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. REYNOLDS. House Bill No. 1127.

An Act making an appropriation to the Trustees of Temple University for the use of Samaritan Hospital, Philadelphia.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. Hamilton. House Bill No. 1128.

A Supplement to an act entitled "An Act for the government of cities of the Second Class," approved the 7th day of March A. D. 1901.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

By Mr. LANDIS. House Bill No. 1129.

An Act requiring the county commissioners to furnish to townships of the first class duplicates of the adjusted valuations for taxation purposes within such townships.

Referred to the Committee on Counties and Townships.

By Mr. McNICHOL. House Bill No. 1130.

An Act regulating the legal business of the State Government, and the employment of attorneys therefore and defining the duties of the various departments. bureaus, boards and commissions in relation thereto.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

By Mr. McNICHOL. House Bill No. 1131.

An Act reorganizing the Attorney General's Department, designating the officers and employees thereof, and fixing their salaries.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

By Mr. EBY. House Bill No. 1132.

An Act to authorize the Board of County Commissioners of the several counties of the State to furnish a suitable chemical laboratory and graduate chemist, for the use and benefit of residents of the several counties.

Referred to the Committee on Counties and Townships.

By Mr. EBY. House Bill No. 1133.

An Act to amend an act ,approved the twenty-second day of July, one thousand nine hundred thirteen, entitled "An Act relating to roads; providing for the supervision, construction, maintenance ,and repair of township roads; relating to road tax; and providing penalties for the violation thereof.

Referred to the Committee on Public Roads.

By Mr. HABGOOD. House Bill No. 1134.

An Act to amend an act, approved the twenty-sixth day of April one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three entitled "An Act relative to the eligibility of candidates for the office of district attorney."

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

SENATE MESSAGE.

SENATE BILLS FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced presented for concurrence bills numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

Senate Bill No. 167 (House Bill No. 1114).

An Act to amend section three of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the appointment of Game Commissioners for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania defining their duties and empowering them to appoint game protectors" approved the twenty-fifth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five as amended by the act of the fifteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven Pamphlet Laws nine hundred sixty authorizing the Board of Game Commissioners to increase its force of game protectors from thirty to sixty.

Which was referred to the Committee on Game.

Senate Bill No. 213 (House Bill No. 1115).

An Act to amend section one of article four of an act approved the twenty-seventh day of June one thousand nine hundred and thirteen Pamphlet Laws five hundred sixty-eight entitled "An Act provdiing for the incorporation regulation and government of cities of the third class regulating nomination and election of municipal officers therein and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto."

Which was referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

Senate Bill No. 372 (House Bill No. 1116).

An Act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act authorizing certain corporation to issue preferred stock of one or more classes providing for the manner of issuance restrictions and regulations in the matter of voting thereof and the rights and privileges of the holders thereof and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent therewith" approved May twenty-eighth one thousand nine hundred and thirteen (Pamphlet Laws three hundred and seventy-eight).

Which was referred to the Committee on Corporations.

Senate Bill No. 430 (House Bill No. 1117).

An Act relative to the holding of magistrates courts in cities of the first class.

Which was referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Senate Bill No. 431 (House Bill No. 1118).

An Act relative to the powers of magistrates in cities of the first class.

Which was referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Senate Bill No. 470 (House Bill No. 1119).

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-fifth day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act to protect the public health and welfare by regulating the employment of females in certain establishments with respect to their hours of labor and the conditions of their employment by establishing certain sanitary regulations in the establishments in which they work by requiring certain abstracts and notices to be posted by providing for the enforcement of this act by the Commissioner of Labor and Industry and others by prescribing penalties for violations thereof by defining the procedure in prosecutions and by repealing all acts and parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions thereof" by making certain exemptions relative to telephone operators and to establishments maintained or conducted by religious charitable or educational institutions.

Which was referred to the Committee on Manufactures.

Senate Bill No. 473 (House Bill No. 1120).

An Act to amend the first section of an act approved the twenty-fifth day of April one thousand nine hundred and seven (Pamphlet Laws one hundred three) entitled "A supplement to the act of April third eighteen hundred and fifty-one entitled 'An Act regulating boroughs' providing for the election of a borough solicitor fixing the term of office and prescribing his duties and authoriizng the town council to fix his compensation" as amended by an act approved the fifth day of June one thousand nine hundred and thirteen (Papmhlet Laws four hundred nine) entitled "An Act to amend the first section of an act approved the twenty-fifth day of April one thousand nine hundred and seven (Pamphlet Laws one hundred three) entitled "A supplement to the act of April third eighteen hundred and fifty-one entitled "An Act regulating boroughs" providing for the election of a borough solicitor fixing the term of office and prescribing his duties and authorizing the town council to fix his compensation' so as to include all boroughs and by changing the length of the term and the time of the election of borough solicitors and extending the terms of the borough solicitors holding office under the act of April twenty-fifth nineteen hundred and seven and providing for the furnishing of a bond by a trust or bonding company" so as to extend the terms of the borough solicitors holding office under said act of April twenty-fifth nineteen hundred and seven which expire at any time between the first Monday of January nineteen hundred and sixteen and the first Monday of January nineteen hundred and eighteen.

Which was referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

Senate Bill No. 474 (House Bill No. 1121).

An Act authorizing cities to regulate and license certain motor vehicles.

Which was referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Senate Bill No. 536 (House Bill No. 1122),

An Act creating a Division of Municipal Reference Statistics and Information in the Department of Labor and Industry and fixing the compensation of officers and employes therein.

Which was referred to the Committee on Mines and Mining.

BILLS RE-REFERRED.

Mr. McVICAR. Mr. Speaker, I desire to return House Bill No. 1038, entitled:

An Act to provide for the modification of the plans of the New Western Penitentiary in Centre county, so as to provide larger or additional buildings in order to accommodate the inmates of the Eastern Penitentiary as well as of the Western Penitentiary for the consolidation of said institutions into one to be known as the State Penitentiary of Pennsylvania

which was inadvertently referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

The SPEAKER. The Chair refers House Bill No. 1038 to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

Mr. MEARKLE. Mr. Speaker, I desire to return House Bill No. 914, entitled:

An Act authorizing cities of the second class to locate, construct and maintain subways and galleries with the equipment accessories and appurtenanees thereof in congested districts of such cities and grant licenses for the use thereof to public service companies and others maintaining works and facilities in said districts providing for the determination of questions relating thereto by proceedings before the public Service Commission and in the courts requiring public service companies and others to use such subways and galleries for their

works and facilities in certain cases and providing a method for fixing the terms of such use and authorizing said cities to appropriate land necessary for the construction of such subways or galleries and the appurtenances and accessories thereof and providing a method for ascertaining the damages arising therefrom.

which was inadvertently referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

The SPEAKER. The Chair refers House Bill No. 914 to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. LAUER, from the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, reported as committed House Bill No. 318, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-ninth day of May, one thousand nine hundred and one, entitled "An Act to prohibit the manufacture and sale of oleomargarine, butterine, and other similar products, when colored in imitation of yellow butter; to provide for license fees to be paid by manufacturers wholesale and retail dealers, and by proprietors of hotels, restaurants, dining rooms and boarding houses; for the manufacture or sale of oleomargarine, butterine, or other similar products, not colored in imitation of yellow butter; and to regulate the manufacture and sale of oleomargarine, butterine or other similar products not colored in imitation of yellow butter and prevent and punish fraud and deception in such manufacture and sale as an imitation butter; and to prescribe penalties and punishment for violations of this act, and the means and the method of procedure for its enforcement, and regulate certain matters of evidence in such procedure."

Mr. THOMAS, from the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, reported as amended House Bill No. 563, entitled:

An Act to amend the second section of an act approved the thirteenth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three, entitled "An Act for the promotion of medical science by the distribution and use of unclaimed human bodies for scientific purposes through a board created for that purpose, and to prevent unauthorized uses and traffic in human bodies," by providing that bodies of honorably discharged soldiers, sailors or marines of the United States and of the militia of the State of Pennsylvania shall not be delivered to said anatomical board, and further providing that there shall not be delivered to the said board any body claimed by relatives or representatives of fraternal societies or charitable organizations within seventy-two hours after death

Mr. VOGDES, from the Committee on Elections, reported as committed (Senate Bill No. 338) House Bill No. 881, entitled:

An Act requiring and regulating the declaring and posting of the vote at election districts at a primary election.

Mr. ALCORN, from the Committee on Agriculture reported as amended (Senate Bill No. 45) House Bill No. 974, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the fourteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act authorizing the board of county commissioners of the several counties of the state to appropriate for co-operative agricultural extension work for the purpose of improving and developing the agricultural resources of the proper county

Mr. MYERS, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill, No. 782, entitled:

An Act placing the control and management of county jails and prisons in the several counties of the Commonwealth and the inmates thereof in boards of prison inspectors, providing for the appointment of such boards in each of said counties, and for the regulation and government of said jails and prisons and the inmates thereof, providing for the payment of the necessary expenses for keeping, furnishing and maintaining said jails and prisons by the several counties respectively, and prescribing the duties of the commissioners and treasurers respectively of said counties relative to the payment of such expenses.

Mr. DAVIS, from the Committee on Counties and Townships, reported as committed, House Bill No. 774, entitled:

An Act fixing the salaries of certain county officers in counties containing more than one hundred and fifty thousand and less than two hundred thousand inhabitants.

Mr. CROMER, from the Committee on Education, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1050, entitled:

An Act to amend section eleven hundred twenty-one of an act approved the eighteenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred eleven, entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, together with the provisions by which it shall be administered, and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof; providing revenue to establish and maintain the same, and the method of collecting such revenue; and repealing all laws, general, special, or local, or any parts thereof, that are or may be inconsistent therewith."

Mr. SWAN, from the Committee on Elections, reported as amended, House Bill No. 306, entitled:

An Act validating certain elections of counties, cities, boroughs, townships, school districts, and other incorporated districts held pursuant to the provisions of an act approved the twentieth day of April, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, entitled "An Act to regulate the manner of increasing the indebtedness of municipalities, to provide for the redemption of the same, and to impose penalties for the illegal increase thereof," and the amendments thereto, and validating bonds issued or authorized to be issued in pursuance of such elections.

Mr. WETTACH, from the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1063, entitled:

An Act defining and regulating the occupation of barbering, including the licensing of persons engaged in barbering, the regulaiton of students of barbering and the regulation of barber shops, barber schools and barber colleges and fixing penalties for the violation of this act.

Mr. McCAIG, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 841, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to pay the judgment obtained against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania by Robert Stewart.

Mr. MURDOCH, from the Committee on Ways and Means, reported as committed, House Bill No. 587, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the second day of May, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, entitled "An Act to provide revenue by imposing a mercantile license tax on venders of or dealers in goods, wares and merchandise, and providing for the collection of said tax."

Mr. DODDS, from the Committee on Ways and Means, reported as committed, House Bill No. 200, entitled:

An Act amending the first and seventeenth sections of an act approved the seventeenth day of June, 1913, entitled "An Act to provide revenue for State and County purposes and in cities co-extensive with counties for city and county purposes imposing taxes on certain classes of personal property providing for the assessment and collection of the same; providing for the duties and compensation of prothonotaries and recorders in connection therewith and modifying existing legislation which provided for raising revenue for State purposes" relating to taxing bonds mortgages and other securities and also by removing the exemption of life and fire insurance corporations having no capital stock from the provisions of the act.

Mr. REEL, from the Committee on Counties and Townships, reported as committed, House Bill No. 895, entitled:

An Act regulating the compensation of treasurers of townships of the first class both as collectors of township taxes and as custodians and disbursers of township funds.

Mr. BUNGARD, from the Committee on Education, reported as committed, (Senate Bill No. 84) House Bill No. 975, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven, entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith."

Mr. DIEFENDERFER, from the Committee on Education, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1049, entitled:

An Act to amend section two of an act approved the fifteenth day of April, one thousand nine hundred seven entitled "An Act fixing the salary of the Superintendent of Public Instruction and of the deputy superintendents."

Mr. WATSON, from the Committee on Ways and Means, reported as committed, House Bill No. 199, entitled:

An Act to raise revenue by subjecting to taxation certain real estate not heretofore taxable as such, of railroad companies, street railway companies, canal companies, bridge companies, gas companies, pipeline companies, ferry companies, electric light, heat and power companies, water companies, telegraph companies, telephone companies, express companies, and all other public service corporations or so called quasi public corporations of the same or other kinds.

Mr. BODY, from the Committee on Agriculture, reported as amended, House Bill No. 336, entitled:

An Act requiring the assessors for county taxation purposes to collect certain agricultural information ,fixing their compensation therefor, and fixing the duties of the county commissioners in connection therewith.

Mr. McKAY, from the Committee on Counties and Townships, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1011, entitled:

An Act creating in counties having over eight hundred thousand and less than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants, according to the last preceding United States census, a board to fix and determine the number and compensation of employes in all county offices, boards, bureaus, departments, and divisions thereof; prescribing the powers and duties of said board, and regulating appeals from the decision thereof.

Mr. TRACH, from the Committee on Agriculture, reported as amended, House Bill No. 996 (Senate Bill No. 383), entitled:

An Act to promote education in economic entomology and aid in the suppression of insect pests and the preservation of birds in Pennsylvania by authorizing the Department of Agriculture to prepare a colored chart showing injurious and beneficial insects and insectivorous birds of Pennsylvania in their natural colors and stating their common and scientific names food economy and recommendations for their respective destruction or preservation and providing for the publication of said chart and the distribution of the same and making an appropriation therefor

Mr. GEISER, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 990 (Senate Bill No. 369), entitled:

An Act regulating the sale offering for sale or exposing for sale of vegetables grapes and fruits providing standard containers baskets trays and measures therefor and imposing penalties

Mr. PETERS, from the Committee on Counties and Townships, reported as committed, House Bill No. 896, entitled:

An Act fixing the compensation of the person charged with the collection of taxes in certain boroughs and townships

Mr. SHAFFER, from the Committee on Ways and Means, reported as committed, House Bill No. 444, entitled:

An Act providing that the real estate of all railroads, railway, street railway, canal, water, gas, electric light, telegraph, telephone and other public service corporations, shall be subject to taxation for city, school and other local purposes, in cities of the third class

Mr. KITTS, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 897, entitled:

An Act to repeal an act approved the seventh day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to restrain and regulate the use of billiard tables, pool tables, and bagatell boards or tables, kept and maintained for the use of the general public for hire or reward, in cities of the first class in this Commonwealth; providing for the granting of licenses and providing for the punishments for the violation of the provisions of this act."

Mr. KITTS, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as amended, House Bill No. 1008, entitled:

An Act dividing the counties of this Commonwealth into eight classes designating the mode of ascertaining and changing the classification and providing for the regulation of their affairs according to their respective class.

Mr. POWELL, from the Committee on Elections, reported as committed, House Bill No. 780, entitled:

A Supplement to an act entitled "An Act providing for the election of a borough controller in all boroughs of this Commonwealth, prescribing the qualifications, powers and duties thereof; and abolishing the office of borough auditors in said boroughs" approved the twelfth day of June, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen; prescribing certain additional duties of said controller, the audit by him of the accounts of all officers of the borough, the filing of his report in the office of the prothonotary, the surcharge of any officer by him, the entry of judgment against any officer upon said report, the method by which the controller may obtain evidence before him, making persons guilty of false testimony before him guilty of perjury; providing for appeals by the borough or taxpayers or officers from the controllers report of audit to the court of common pleas and thence to the superior and supreme courts; prescribing the method of disposition of appeals, giving certain rights to tax payers in connection with said appeals, fixing the amount of the bond and regulating the salary of the borough controller.

Mr. POWELL, from the Committee on Ways and Means, reported as committed, House Bill No. 322, entitled:

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act for the government of cities of the second class," approved March seventh Anno Domini nineteen hundred and one, conferring additional powers upon cities of the second class to levy and collect an annual license tax or registration fee for revenue purposes upon motor vehicles.

Mr. RININGER, from the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1098, entitled:

A Supplement to an Act approved the nineteenth day of March one thousand nine hundred nine entitled "An act to regulate the practice of osteopathy in the State of Pennsylvania; to provide for the establishment of a State Board of Osteopathic Examiners to define the powers and duties of said board of Osteopathic Examiners; to provide for the examining and licensing of osteopaths in this State; and to provide for the violation of this act."

Mr. LANIUS, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed, House Bill No. 987 (Senate Bill No. 322), entitled:

An Act requiring payment by the county of costs of prosecution in certain criminal cases

Mr. SCOTT, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 767, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the purpose of refunding certain moneys to the Peters Packing Company of McKeesport, Pennsylvania.

Mr. STONE, from the Committee on Agriculture, reported as amended, House Bill No. 792, entitled:

An Act for the encouragement of agriculture and the holding of agricultural exhibitions, providing State aid for certain agricultural associations and regulating the payment thereof.

Mr. SWARTZ, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1100, entitled:

An Act authorizing Charles H. Sorge, a citizen of Harrisburg, Dauphin County, to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin County, against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Mr. HARPER, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as amended, House Bill No. 638, entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act relating to appeals in cases of summary convictions" approved the seventeenth day of April Anno Domini eighteeen hundred seventy-six.

Mr. RAMSEY, from the Committee on Law and Order, reported as amended, House Bill No. 89, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the thirtieth day of July, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven entitled "An Act to provide revenue and regulate the sale of malt, brewed, vinous and spirituous liquors or any admixture thereof, by requiring and anthorizing licenses to be taken out by brewers, distillers, wholesalers, bottlers, rectifiers, compounders, store keepers and agents, having a store, office, or place of business within this Commonwealth, prescribing the amount of license fees to be paid in such cases, and by imposing an additional license fee on retail dealers in intoxicating liquors," as amended.

Mr. WALTON, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 628, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation from which the several counties of the Commonwealth may be reimbursed for moneys paid out by said counties upon certain noxious animals and birds, under the provisions of the Act of the twenty-fifth day of July Anno Domini, one thousand nine hundred and thirteen, Pamphlet Laws 1036.

Mr. McCLINTOCK, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 713, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to Charles Roth and George H. Roth, owners of "The Star" moving picture place, of the amount illegally demanded and collected as a State license fee from them as proprietors of a moving picture place in the State of Pennsylvania.

Mr. McCLINTOCK, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 742, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to George H. Roth and Robert Rappold, trading as Roth and Rappold, owners of "The Owl" a moving picture place, of the amount illegally demanded and collected as a State License fee from them as proprietors of a moving picture place in the State of Pennsylvania.

Mr. McCLINTOCK, from the Committee on Elections, reported as committed, House Bill No. 337, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the thirtieth day of January, one thousand eight hundred seventy-four entitled "A Further Supplement to the act regulating elections in this Commonwealth."

Mr. HACKETT, from the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1083 (Senate Bill No. 141), entitled:

An Act to regulate the practice of optometry in Pennsylvania Defining optometry and relating to the right to practice optometry in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and making certain exceptions and providing a bureau of optometrical education examination and licensure as a bureau of the Department of Public Instruction and means and methods whereby the right to practice optometry may be obtained and providing for the means to carry out the provisions of this act and providing for revocation or suspension of licenses given by said bureau and providing penalties for violations thereof and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent therewith.

Mr. COX, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 819 (Senate Bill No. 86), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to refund to Lynford Biddle of Philadelphia certain moneys erroneously paid into the state treasury .

Mr. GLASS, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1074 (Senate Bill No. 276), entitled:

An Act directing the county commissioner of the several counties to offer for sale to the Department of Forestry tracts of land which they may have purchased at county treasurers' sales for acceptance or refusal for forestry purposes and to convey to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania the tracts so offered to be sold if accepted by the Department.

Mr. SINCLAIR, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 458, entitled:

An Act providing for the publication and distribution of a revised edition of the railroad map of Pennsylvania, heretofore issued by the Department of Internal Affairs; making an appropriation for the work of revising, compiling and proof-reading and an appropriation for printing, binding and mounting the same, and for paper.

Mr. BROSIUS, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as amended, House Bill No. 746, entitled:

An Act supplementary to an act entitled "An act defining the powers of the several courts of quarter sessions of the peace within this Commonwealth with reference to the care, treatment and control of dependent, neglected, incorrigible or delinquent children under the age of sixteen years, and providing for the means in which such powers may be exercised," approved the twenty-third day of April, one thousand nine hundred and three, Pamphlet Laws, page two hundred and seventy-four; prohibiting magistrates or justices of the peace from sentencing or committing for trial for any offenses dependent, neglected, incorrigible or delinquent children under the age of sixteen years, and providing for the disposition of such children by the juvenile courts; providing that the jurisdiction of such courts over children committed by them shall continue notwithstanding such children may remove or be removed from the territorial limits of such courts; authorizing the said courts to commit such children in proper cases to the custody of their mothers to be maintained in their respective homes, and providing for the payment of the cost of such maintenance by the proper county; prescribing the duties of probation officers in such cases, and authorizing the several juvenile courts to employ medical experts in certain cases.

Mr. OAKS, from the Committee on Counties and Townships, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1034, entitled:

An Act relative to borough and township employes, prescribing a method of paying them and fixing the duties of the borough and township authorities.

Mr. LEE SMITH, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 939, entitled:

An Act relating to the holding of real estate by certain foreign corporations associations and companies doing business in Pennsylvania.

Mr. PHILLIPS, from the Committee on Elections, reported as committed, House Bill No. 726, enittled:

An Act to repeal section fifteen of an act entitled "An Act relating to election of County Treasurers, and for other purposes," approved May twenty-seventh, one thousand eight hundred and forty-one (Pamphlet Laws 400).

Mr. BLACKBURN, from the Committee on Counties and Townships, reported as committed, House Bill No. 892, entitled:

An Act relative to cerain county officers in counties containing less than one hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants with the incidental duties of county commissioners and election officers.

Mr. GANS, from the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, reported as committed, House Bill No. 977 (Senate Bill No. 121), entitled:

An act regulating the sale of chicory mixed with coffee and providing a penalty.

Mr. LEE SMITH, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1079 (Senate Bill No. 437), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the eighth day of April one thousand eight hundred thirty-three entitled "An Act relating to last wills and testaments" by conferring the same rights upon the mother as upon the father.

Mr. MILLIRON, from the Committee on Education, reported as committed, House Bill No. 992 (Senate Bill No. 371), entitled:

An Act to amend further an act approved the eleventh day of April one thousand eight hundred sixty-two entitled "A further supplement to the act entitled 'An Act for the regulation and continuance of a system of education by common schools' approved the eighth day of May one thousand eight hundred and fifty-four."

Mr. GLENN, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1068, entitled:

An Act to regulate and establish the fees to be charged and collected by the several clerks of the courts of oyer and terminer, general jail delivery, and quarter sessions of the peace in counties of this Commonwealth, having a population of over eight hundred thousand and less than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants as computed by the last preceding United States census.

Mr. ERDMAN, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 837 (Senate Bill No. 183), entitled:

An Act regulating the sale and exposing for sale of dressed lambs sheep and calves.

Mr. CONNER, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 795, entitled:

An Act to authorize the payment from the general appropriation for the care of the indigent insane of the cost of transferring or removing patients from one insane hospital or asylum or institution to another or elsewhere upon the order of the Board of Public Charities or the Committee on Lunacy.

Mr. BEYER, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1040, entitled:

An Act relating to building and loan assications and the solicitors, officers, directors and stockholders thereof.

Mr. BROSIUS, from the Committee on Ways and Means, reported as committed, House Bill No. 942, entitled:

An Act amending an act entitled "A further supplement to an act entitled 'An act to provide revenue by taxation, approved the seventh day of June, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine,' approved the first day of June, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine."

Mr. BROSIUS, from the Committee on Ways and Means, reported as committed, House Bill No. 941, entitled:

An Act further amending an act entitled "An Act to provide increased revenues for the purpose of relieving the burdens of local taxation, being supplementary to an act entitled "An Act to provide revenue by taxation,' approved the seventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine, amending the first, fourteenth, sixteenth, twentieth, twenty-first, twenty-fifth and twenty-sixth sections of an act supplementary thereto, which became a law on the first day of June, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine, entitled 'A further supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to provide revenue by taxation' approved the seventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine,' and providing for greater uniformity of taxation by taxing all the property of corporations, limited partnerships and joint-stock associations having capital stock at the rate of five mills on each dollar of its actual value,' approved the eighth day of June, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one," and regulating the making of certain reports and statements to the Auditor-General for the purposes of taxation.

Mr. OSTRANDER, from the Committee on Counties and Townships, reported as committed, House Bill No. 880 (Senate Bill No. 305), entitled:

An Act relating to appeals from the reports of auditors of boroughs townships and poor districts.

Mr. GEARY, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed, House Bill No. 910, entitled:

An Act to establish and regulate the fees to be received and charged by the prothonotary of the courts of common pleas of this Commonwealth, in counties having over eight hundred thousand and less than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants according to the last preceding United States census.

Mr. RONEY, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 818 (Senate Bill No. 88), entitled:

An Act relating to the competency of witnesses and to the rules of evidence in proceedings arising from the exercise of the right of eminent domain.

Mr. LEIGHNER, from the Committee on Counties and Townships, reported as committed, House Bill No. 867, entitled:

An Act conferring authority upon the commissioners of the counties respectively within this Commonwealth to appropriate money for the maintenance of such indigent residents of the county as may be patients in a hospital or sanitarium of any district in the county which has been erected and equipped according to plans and specifications approved by the Department of Health of Pennsylvania.

Mr. RONEY, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1048, entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act providing that in all counties having more than five hundred thousand inhabitants, advertisements and notices, required by law or rules of court, to be published in newspapers of general circulation, unless dispensed with by special order of court, shall be published in the legal newspaper, issued at least weekly, of the proper county, designated by rules of court for the publication of court or other legal notices," approved May third, one thousand nine hundred and nine, so as to include all counties having more than one hundred thousand population.

Mr. VICKERMAN, from the Committee on Law and Order, reported as committed, House Bill No. 281, entitled:

An Act authorizing cities, boroughs, towns and townships to regulate bill-boards and other forms of outdoor advertising.

Mr. HAMILTON, from the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, re-reported as amended, House Bill No. 205, entitled:

An Act to regulate the practice of optometry in the State of Pennsylvania to provide for the establishment of a Board of Optometric Examiners to provide for the examining and licensure of optometrists in this State to provide for the enforcement of the provisions thereof by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure of the Department of Public Instruction and to provide penalties for the violation of this act.

Mr. BROSIUS, from the Committee on Judiciary General, re-reported as amended, House Bill No. 351, entitled:

An Act relating to juvenile offenders and regulating their detention and trial.

Mr. HARPER, form the Committee on Judiciary General re-reported as amended, House Bill No. 756, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the seventh day of May one thousand nine hundred seven entitled "An Act regulating and defining the powers and duties of the Dental Council and the State Board of Dental Examiners providing for appointment of examiners defining qualifications of applicants for examination condition of granting licenses regulating and limiting the practice of dentistry prohibiting practice by or employment of unlicensed persons and providing punishment therefor and disposition of fees and fines and fixing the appropriation to the Dental Council"

Mr. SHOOP, from the Committee on Agriculture, reported with a negative recommendation, House Bill No. 615, entitled:

An Act to establish a Secondary School of Agriculture at Pennsburg, Pennsylvania; and making appropriation for the said school

Mr. McKAY, from the Committee on Education, reported with a negative recommendation, House Bill No. 894, entitled:

An Act fixing the compensation of the person charged with the collection of taxes in certain school districts.

Mr. MYERS, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported with a negative recommendation, House Bill No. 511, entitled:

An Act providing for the inspection by the county commissioners and appointees of the court of quarter sessions, and the grand jury of all schools (other than public schools), colleges, seminaries, academies, hospitals, sanitariums, reformatories, houses of detention, homes, convents and asylums; providing for the filing of a report by such inspectors; and the duty of the district attorney in relation thereto.

Mr. MYERS, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported with a negative recommendation, House Bill No. 860, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-ninth day of April, one thousand nine hundred thirteen, entitled "An Act applicable to all counties of this Commonwealth, to provide monthly payments as approved by the trustees, to indigent, widowed, or abandoned mothers, for partial support of their children in their own homes. The manner of appointment of the trustees; the administration of the trust; amount of appropriation, proportioning appropriations, co-ordinate appropriations; amounts to be paid, form of records, eligibility, penalties, and reports, as set forth.

PETITIONS.

FAVORING LOCAL OPTION.

The SPEAKER presented the petition of citizens of Lebanon County favoring the passage of a County Local Option Law.

Referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

PROTESTING AGAINST REPEAL OF FULL CREW LAW.

The SPEAKER presented the petition of the Three Brothers Lodge, No. 235, of Pittsburgh, protesting against the repeal of the Full Crew Law.

Also the petition of the Joint Protective Board, Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen and Enginemen, of Philadelphia, protesting against the repeal of the Full Crew Law.

Referred to the Committee on Railroads.

SENATE MESSAGE.

SENATE BILLS FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, presented for concurrence bill numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

Senate Bill No. 153.

An Act to establish and regulate fees to be charged and collected by sheriffs in counties of this Commonwealth having a population of not less than three hundred thousand nor more than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants as computed by the last preceding United States census the time and manner in which said fees shall be paid the publication and posting of said fees the delivery of an itemized receipt for official fees and legal costs received and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith

Said bill having been recalled from the Governor by concurrent resolution and the votes on final passage and third reading were reconsidered and the bill amended in which amendments the concurrence of the House is requested.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend title, line 3, after the word "than" by striking out the word "five" and inserting the word "three."
Amend section 1, line 6, by striking out the word "five" and inserting the word "three."
Line 23, strike out the word "none" and insert the word "non."
Line 95, strike out the word "therof" and insert the word "thereof."
Section 4, line 9, strike out the words "to be."
Section 5, line 3, after the first word "than" strike out the word "five" and insert the word "three."
Line 88, strike out the word "relate" and insert the word "relates."

On the question,

Will the House concur in said amendments?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—186.

Adams,	Fruit,	Marvin,	Sinclair,
Albee,	Gallagher,	Mather,	Smith, J. W.,
Alcorn,	Gans,	McArdle,	Smith, Jeff. W.,
Alexander,	Geary,	McCaig,	Smith, L.,
Arnold,	Geiser,	McClintock,	Snyder,
Aron,	Gingery,	McClure,	Sones,
Arthur,	Glass,	McConnell,	Spangler,
Baldwin,	Glenn,	McCurdy,	Spencer,
Barnett,	Gompers,	McDermott,	Statler,
Bauerle,	Goodnough,	McKay,	Staving,
Beck,	Goodyear,	McNichol,	Steedle,
Becker,	Gormley,	McVicar,	Stein,
Benn,	Graham,	Mearkle,	Stern,
Benninger,	Gransback,	Mellott,	Stone,
Bergy,	Greenwood,	Metzenbacher,	Sullivan,
Beyer,	Habgood,	Milliron,	Swan,
Blackburn,	Hackett,	Murdoch,	Swartz,

Body,	Hamilton,	Myers,	Thomas,
Brosius,	Harper,	Neville,	Twibill,
Brownlee,	Heffernan,	Nieder,	Vickerman,
Bungard,	Herman,	Nissley,	Vogdes,
Campbell, J. O.,	Hess,	Oaks,	Wagner,
Campbell, T.,	Heyburn,	Ostrander,	Walsh,
Christman,	Hibshman,	Palmer,	Walter,
Coldsmith,	Hoffman,	Perry,	Walton,
Conner,	Hollingsworth,	Peters,	Watson,
Corbin,	Horton,	Phillips,	Weaver,
Cox,	Howarth,	Pickering,	Weimer,
Cromer,	Hubler,	Powell,	Weir,
Cummins,	Jack,	Ramsey,	West,
Curry,	Jones, E. E.,	Reel,	Wettach,
Davis,	Jones, W. W.,	Reynolds,	Whitaker,
Dawson,	Kaiser,	Rhoads,	Whitten,
Dell,	Kitts,	Rich,	Wildman,
Diefenderfer,	Klinger,	Rininger,	Williams,
Dodds,	unkle,	Rinn,	Wilson, H. I.,
Drinkhouse,	Lafferty,	Robertson,	Wilson, W. H.,
Dunn,	Landis,	Roney,	Wobensmith,
Eby,	Lauer,	Rothenberger,	Wood,
Ehrhardt,	Lauler,	Rowell,	Woodward,
Eppley,	Leighner	Rudisill,	Wylie,
Erdman,	Lindsey,	Sampsel,	Wynne,
Evans,	Lipschutz,	Sarig,	Young,
Fackler,	Love,	Schaeffer,	Ambler,
Finnerty,	uppert,	Scott,	Speaker.
Flynn,	Luxemburger,	Shaaber,	
Forster,	Lynch,	Showalter,	
Fretz,			

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative, and the amendments concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

SENATE BILL FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, presented for concurrence bill numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

Senate Bill No. 29.

An Act amending sections eight and nine of an act entitled "An Act to establish a county court for the county of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof" approved the fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven as amended by changing the practice of the court with regard to trials and by providing that appeals from the judgment of the court in all civil actions shall be taken by leave of the court of common pleas and prescribing the practice and the powers of the court of common pleas in such cases and providing for an appeal to the Superior Court from judgments of the court of common pleas upon writs of certiorari issued to the county court

Said bill having been recalled from the Governor by concurrent resolution and the votes on final passage and third reading were reconsidered and the bill amended in which amendments the concurrence of the House is requested.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

In the title, line 7, strike out the words "trial by jury" and insert the word "trials."

Line 10, strike out the word "ples" and insert the word "pleas."

Line 12, after the word "cases" insert "and providing for an appeal to the superior court from judgments of the court of common pleas upon writs of certiorari issued to the county court

Section 1, line 36, after the word "prescribe" insert the words "Provided that at the trial in the county court of cases before a judge without a jury either party may present to the trial judge such requests for findings of law or fact as he may desire which requests shall be answered by the trial judge to which answers either party may within the time prescribed by the court except and thereupon such requests for findings and the answers of the court thereto shall become part of the record The testimony shall be taken stenographically at the expense of the county and transcribed at the expense of the party desiring such transcript or at the expense of the county if the court so orders and such testimony when transcribed and certified by the trial judge shall also become part of the record"

After the word "issues" in line 148 insert the words "From a final judgment of the said common pleas court upon a certiorari issued as aforesaid an appeal may be taken to the superior court in the same manner as appeals are taken from other final judgments of the said court of common pleas and this right of appeal to the superior court shall apply to pending cases in which the time for such appeal has not yet expired"

Line 165, after the word "court" insert the words "Where error is alleged in a finding of fact it shall be the duty of the court of common pleas to examine the testimony and if from such examination the said court shall entertain doubt of the correctness of such finding the said appeal shall be allowed"

On the question,

Will the House concur in said amendments?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—178.

Adams,	Gallagher,	Mather,	Sinclair,
Albee,	Gans,	McArdle,	Smith, J. W.,
Alcorn,	Geary,	McCaig,	Smith, L.,
Arnold,	Geiser,	McClintock,	Snyder,
Aron,	Gingery,	McClure,	Sones,
Arthur,	Glass,	McConnell,	Spangler,
Baldwin,	Glenn,	McCurdy,	Spencer,
Barnett,	Gompers,	McDermott,	Statler,
Bauerle,	Goodnough,	McKay,	Staving,
Beck,	Goodyear,	McNichol,	Steedle,
Becker,	Graham,	McVicar,	Stein,
Benninger,	Gransback,	Mearkle,	Stern,
Bergy,	Habgood,	Milliron,	Stone,
Beyer,	Haggerty,	Murdoch,	Sullivan,
Blackburn,	Hamilton,	Myers,	Swan,
Body,	Harper,	Neville,	Swartz,
Brownlee,	Herman,	Nieder,	Thomas,
Brumbaugh,	Hess,	Nissley,	Trach,
Bungard,	Heyburn,	Oaks,	Twibill,
Campbell, J. O.,	Hibshman,	Ostrander,	Vickerman,
Christman,	Hollern,	Perry,	Vogdes,
Coldsmith,	Hollingsworth,	Peters,	Wagner,
Conner,	Horton,	Phillips,	Walsh,
Corbin,	Howarth,	Pickering,	Walter,
Cox,	Hubler,	Powell,	Walton,
Cromer,	Jack,	Ramsey,	Watson,
Cummins,	Jones, W. W.,	Reel,	Weaver,
Curry,	Kaiser,	Reynolds,	Weimer,
Davis,	Kitts,	Rhoads,	Weir,
Dawson,	Klinger,	Rich,	West,
Dell,	Kuhn,	Rininger,	Wettach,
Diefenderfer,	Kunkle,	Rinn,	Whitten,
Dodds,	Lafferty,	Robertson,	Wildman,
Drinkhouse,	Landis,	Roney,	Williams,
Dunn,	Lanius,	Rothenberger,	Wilson, H. I.,
Eby,	Lauer,	Rowell,	Wilson, W. H.,
Ehrhardt,	[illegible]	Rudisill,	Wobensmith,
Erdman,	Leighner,	Sampsel,	Wood,
Evans,	Lindsey,	Sarig,	Woodward,
Fackler,	Lipschutz,	Schaeffer,	Wylie,
Finnerty,	Love,	Scott,	Wynne,
Flynn,	Luxemburger,	Shaaber,	Young,
Forster,	Lynch,	Shoop,	Ambler,
Fretz,	Mangan,	Showalter,	Speaker.
Fruit,	Marvin,		

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative, and the amendments concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Private Secretary of the Governor being introduced, presented the following communication from the Governor, which was read as follows:

VETO OF HOUSE BILL NO. 256.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, March 19th, 1915.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen: I return herewith without my approval, House Bill No. 256, entitled "An Act to further amend an act approved the thirtieth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, entitled 'An Act to amend the first section of an act approved the eleventh day of May, one thousand eight hundred and eighty nine entitled 'A further supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to establish a Board of Wardens for the Port of Philadelphia and for the regulation of pilots and pilotage and for other purposes,' approved March twenty-ninth, one thousand eight hundred and three and for regulating the rates of pilotage and number of pilots.' "

The intent of this bill is to increase the fees of pilots on the Delaware River. These pilots perform in a capable manner an important service. They deserve a liberal compensation for their services. In the present condition of business it does not appear that they are now underpaid. Moreover, this is an unfortunate year not only for them but for all parties in interest in the commerce of the river. An earnest effort is being made to increase the business of the port of Philadelphia. In this increase these pilots will have a substantial share. All increased fees at this time would interfere with the general attractiveness t shippers of our port. If these pilots will bear with patience their share of a general depression they will win the good will of all citizens and, as soon as it can be done in justice, they should be given assistance. The time to increase charges in the Port of Philadelphia is inopportune.

For these reasons the bill is not approved.

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

On the question,

Shall the bill become a law, the objections of the Governor to the contrary notwithstanding?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—0.

NAYS—192.

Adams,	Fretz,	Love,	Shaffer,
Albee,	Fruit,	Luppert,	Shoop,
Alcorn,	Gallagher,	Luxemburger,	Showalter,
Alexander,	Gans,	Lynch,	Sinclair,
Arnold,	Garner,	Mangan,	[illegible] W.,
Aron,	Geary,	Marvin,	Smith, Jeff. W.
Arthur,	Geiser,	Mather,	Smith, L.,
Baldwin,	Gingery,	Maurer,	Snyder,
Barnett,	Glass,	McArdle,	[illegible]
Bauerle,	Glenn,	McCaig,	Spangler,
Beck,	Gompers,	McClintock,	Spencer,
Becker,	Goodnough,	McClure,	Statler,
Benn,	Goodwin,	McConnell,	Staving,
Benninger,	Goodyear,	McCurdy,	Steedle,
Bergy,	Gormley,	McDermott,	Stein,
Beyer,	Graham,	McKay,	Stern,
Blackburn,	Gransback,	McNichol,	Stone,
Body,	Greenwood,	McVicar,	Sullivan,
Bovee,	Habgood,	Mearkle,	Swan,
Brosius,	Hackett,	Mellott,	Swartz,
Brownlee,	Hamilton,	Metzenbacher,	Thomas,
Brumbaugh,	Harper,	Milliron,	Trach,
Bungard,	Herman,	Murdoch,	Twibill,
Camp[illegible]	Hess,	Myers,	Urich,
Campbell, T.,	Heyburn,	Nieder,	Vickerman,
Christman,	Hibshman,	Nissley,	Vogdes,
Coldsmith,	Hoffman,	Ostrander,	Wagner,
Conner,	Hollern,	Perry,	Walsh,
Corbin,	Hollingsworth,	Phillips,	Walter,
Cox,	Horton,	Pickering,	Walton,
Cromer,	Howarth,	Powell,	Weaver,
Cummins,	Hubler,	Ramsey,	Weimer,
Curry,	Jack,	Reel,	[illegible]
Davis,	Jones, E. E.,	Reynolds,	West,
Dawson,	Jones, W. W.,	Rhoads,	Whitaker,
Dell,	Kaiser,	Rich,	Whitten,
Diefenderfer,	Kitts,	Rininger,	Wildman,
Dodds,	Klinger,	Rinn,	Williams,
Drinkhouse,	Kuhn,	Robertson,	Wilson, H. I.,
Dunn,	Kunkle,	Roney,	Wilson, W. H.,
Eby,	Lafferty,	Rothenberger,	Wobensmith,
Ehrhardt,	Landis,	Rowell,	Wood,
Eppley,	Lanius,	Rudisill,	Woodward,
Erdman,	Lauer,	Sampsel,	Wylie,
Evans,	Lauler,	Sarig,	Wynne,
Fackler,	Leighner,	Schaeffer,	Young,
Finnerty,	Lindsey,	Scott,	Ambler,
Flynn,	Lipschutz,	Shaaber,	Speaker.
Forster,			

Less than the majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the negative, and the Governor's veto was sustained.

BILL PLACED ON CALENDAR.

Mr. STERN. Mr. Speaker, I move that House Bill No. 954, File Folio 3065, entitled:

An Act to authorize the regulation of the location size and use of buildings in cities.

be placed upon the calendar notwithstanding the negative recommendation of the Committee.

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

On the question.

Will the House agree to the motion.

Mr. STERN. Mr. Speaker, this is a bill that I introduced about two weeks ago having reference to the size and location of buildings in cities of the first class, and which gives to the Parkway Commission or a commission of council the right to investigate into the size of the buildings and the location before they are allowed to be put up. In my absence the Chairman of the Judiciary General Committee assures me that this bill was inadvertently reported negatively, and I ask you to reconsider so that it can be re-committed to that committee in order that we may have a hearing on it

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the motion?

It was agreed to.

BILL PLACED ON CALDENAR.

Mr. STEIN. Mr. Speaker, by the consent of the Chairman of the Judiciary General Committee, I move that House Bill No. 959, entitled:

An Act requiring justices of the peace aldermen and constables to give itemized receipts and imposing penalties for failure so to do and imposing penalties for charging illegal fees.

be placed upon the calendar notwithstanding the negative recommendation of the committee.

Mr. LAULER. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 314, entitled:

An Act to fix the salaries of the clerks in the office of the county treasurer of any county having a population of one million inhabitants or over

The first section was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That after the thirty-first day of May one thousand nine hundred fifteen the compensation of the clerks and employes in the office of the county treasurer of any county having a population of one million four hundred thousand inhabitants or over shall be as follows

Paying teller Three thousand dollars ($3,000) per annum

First assistant paying teller Two thousand five hundred dollars ($2,500) per annum

Second assistant paying teller Two thousand dollars ($2,000) per annum

Third assistant paying teller One thousand eight hundred dollars ($1,800) per annum

Receiving teller Three thousand dollars ($3,000) per annum

First assistant receiving teller Two thousand five hundred dollars ($2,500) per annum

Second assistant receiving teller Two thousand dollars ($2,000) per annum

Book-keeper Two thousand five hundred ($2,500) per annum

First assistant book-keeper One thousand eight hundred dollars ($1,800) per annum

Second assistant book-keeper One thousand six hundred dollars ($1,600) per annum

Bond Clerk Two thousand five hundred dollars ($2,500) per annum

Warrant clerk Two thousand dollars ($2,000) per annum

First assistant warrant clerk One thousand five hundred dollars ($1,500) per annum

Second assistant warrant clerk One thousand five hundred dollars ($1,500) per annum

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. RONEY. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 1, after line 38, by making a new line therefore, the following words "Third assistant book-keeper One thousand five hundred dollars ($1,500) per annum"

Further Amend section 1, after line 44, by making new lines therefor, the following words

"Messenger One thousand two hundred dollars ($1,200) per annum"

"Stenographer One thousand two hundred dollars ($1,200) per annum"

"Telephone operator One thousand dollars ($1,000) per annum"

"Watchmen One thousand one hundred dollars ($1,100) per annum each"

"Janitors Nine hundred dollars ($900) per annum each"

"Such compensation as herein provided for shall be paid monthly or otherwise as provided by law"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendments?

They were agreed to,

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The second section was separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 2 All laws and parts of laws inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

The title was read as follows:

An Act to fix the salaries of the clerks in the office of the County Treasurer of any county having a population of one million inhabitants or over

On the question,

Will the House agree to the title?

Mr. RONEY. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend the title by adding after the word "million" and before the word "inhabitants" the words "four hundred thousand"

On the question,
Will the House agree to the amendments?
They were agreed to,
On the question,
Will the House agree to the title as amended?
It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILL PLACED ON CALENDAR.

Mr. STEIN. Mr. Speaker, I move that House Bill No. 958, entitled:

An Act requiring aldermen justices of the peace and committing magistrates to return a transcript of all information to the district attorney and clerk of quarter sessions within three days after the binding over or committal of any defendant charged with any crime or misdemeanor

be placed on the calendar notwithstanding the negative recommendation of the Judiciary General Committee.

Mr. LAULER. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

HOUSE BILL NO. 385 MADE A SPECIAL ORDER.

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I move that House Bill No. 385, entitled:

An Act regulating the practice of drugless theapeutics in the State of Pennsylvania defining the same creating a bureau of licensure therefor and means and methods whereby the right to practice drugless theapeutics in any of its branches may be obtained any exemptions therefrom Providing penalties for violation thereof and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent therewith

from page 7 of today's calendar, bills on final passage, be made a special order of business for Monday, March 29th, at 10:00 o'clock P. M. The reason this motion is made a special order for 10:00 o'clock is because a number of members who are opposed to the bill, as well as some who are in favor of it, cannot be here tomorrow nor on Monday evening before 9:30. I have no special interest in any special hour and I only suggest 10:00 o'clock in order to favor those members who are opposed to the bill.

Mr. HABGOOD. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 889, as follows:

An Act to further amend the act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith" as amended by providing for the education of certain blind children beyond the age of eight years under certain circumstances

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section fourteen hundred and thirty-nine of the act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith" which as added by the act approved the eighth day of May one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act to amend the act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled 'An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith' by providing for the education of certain blind children under eight years of age" reads as follows

"Section 1439 The State Board of Education is authorized to educate blind children residing in this Commonwealth (under the age of eight years) whenever from any cause the parent or parents thereof may be unable properly to educate them With the written consent of the proper parents parent or nearest relative if there be no parents or the poor authorities of the proper poor district if there be neither parents nor relatives the Board may contract with any non-sectarian institution in this State or elsewhere established for the education of the blind whereby any such child may at a cost not exceeding one dollar ($1.00) per day to be paid out of the State school fund be educated until it shall reach the age of eight years The contract may be cancelled and the child or children removed at any time by the Board This act shall not repeal or modify any existing act relative to the education of the blind" is hereby amended so that said section one thousand four hundred and thirty-nine shall read as follows

Section 1439 The State Board of Education is authorized to educate blind children residing in this Commonwealth under the age of eight years whenever from any cause the parent or parents thereof may be unable properly to educate them With the written consent of the proper parents parent or nearest relative if there be no parents or the poor authorities of the proper poor district if there be neither parents nor relatives the Board may contract with any non-sectarian institution in this State or elsewhere established for the education of the blind whereby any such child may at a cost not exceeding one dollar per day to be paid out of the State school fund be educated until it shall reach the age of eight years Provided That such education may be continued beyond the age of eight years when for physical mental or other proper reasons such child or children need special care for a longer period The contract may be cancelled and the child or children removed at any time by the Board This act shall not repeal or modify any existing act relative to the education of the blind

On the question,
Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—169.

Adams,	Flynn,	Lynch,	Shaffer,
Albee,	Forster,	Mangan,	Shoop,
Alcorn,	Fretz,	Marvin,	Showalter,
Arnold,	Fruit,	Mather,	Sinclair,
Aron,	Gallagher,	McArdle,	Smith, J. W.,
Arthur,	Gans,	McCaig,	Smith, L.,
Baldwin,	Geary,	McClintock,	Snyder,
Barnett,	Geiser,	McClure,	Sones,
Bauerle,	Gingery,	McConnell,	Spangler,
Beck,	Glass,	McCurdy,	Spencer,
Becker,	Glenn,	McDermott,	Statler,
Benn,	Goodnough,	McKay,	ing,
Benninger,	Goodwin,	McNichol,	Stein,
Bergy,	Goodyear,	McVicar,	Stern,
Beyer,	Graham,	Mellott,	Stone,
Blackburn,	Gransback,	Milliron,	Sullivan,
Body,	Greenwood,	Murdoch,	Swan,
Bovee,	Habgood,	Myers,	Swartz,
Brosius,	Hackett,	Neville,	Thomas,
Brownlee,	Hamilton,	Nieder,	Trach,
Brumbaugh,	Harper,	Ostrander,	Twibill,
Bungard,	Herman,	Palmer,	Urich,
Campbell, J. O.,	Hess,	Perry,	Vickerman,
Campbell, T.,	Heyburn,	Peters,	Wagner,
Christman,	Hibshman,	Phillips,	Walsh,
Coldsmith,	Hoffman,	Pickering,	Walton,
Conner,	Hollern,	Powell,	Watson,
Corbin,	Hollingsworth,	Ramsey,	Weaver,
Cox,	Howarth,	Reel,	Weimer,
Cromer,	Hubler,	Reynolds,	Weir,
Cummins,	Jones, E. E.,	Rhoads,	West,
Curry,	Jones, W. W.,	Rich,	Wettach,
Davis,	Kitts,	Rininger,	Wildman,
Dawson,	Lafferty,	Rinn,	Williams,
Dell,	Landis,	Robertson,	Wilson, H. I.,
Diefenderfer,	Lanius,	Roney,	Wilson, W. H.,
Drinkhouse,	Lauer,	Rothenberger,	Wobensmith,
Dunn,	Lauler,	Rowell,	Woodward,
Eby,	Leighner,	Sampsel,	Wynne,
Ehrhardt,	Lindsey,	Sarig,	Young,
Eppley,	Lipschutz,	Schaeffer,	Ambler,
Erdman,	Love,	Shaaber,	Speaker.
Fackler,	Luxemburger,		
Finnerty,			

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Mr. RONEY. Mr. Speaker, I desire to call up House Bill No. 900 from page 8 of today's calendar, entitled:

An Act regulating salaries of clerks in recorders offices in certain counties

This bill passed on final passage this morning and upon discovering, after the bill had passed, that the folio was not on the files in fairness to the House I asked the House to reconsider the vote by which the bill was passed and by so doing I lost my place on the calendar. As this was caused

simply by my desiring to have the thing regular and proper I now ask unanimous consent to have that bill considered at this time.

The SPEAKER. Will the House give its unanimous consent to consider this bill at this time? The Chair hears no objection.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 900, as follows:

An Act regulating salaries of clerks in office of recorder of deeds in any county having a population of one million four hundred thousand inhabitants and over

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That hereafter transcribing clerks registration clerks compare clerks and miscellaneous clerks in the office of recorder of deeds in any county having a population of one million four hundred thousand inhabitants and over shall each receive an annual salary of fifteen hundred dollars

Section 2 All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with this act are repealed

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—184.

Adams,	Gallagher,	Mangan,	Shoop,
Albee,	Gans,	Marvin,	Showalter,
Alcorn,	Geary,	Mather,	Sinclair,
Arnold,	Geiser,	McArdle,	Smith, J. W.,
Aron,	Gingery,	McCaig,	Smith, L.,
Arthur,	Glass,	McClintock,	Snyder,
Baldwin,	Glenn,	McClure,	Sones,
Barnett,	Gompers,	McConnell,	Spangler,
Bauerle,	Goodwin,	McCurdy,	Spencer,
Beck,	Goodyear,	McDermott,	[illegible],
Becker,	Gormley,	McKay,	Staving,
Benn,	Graham,	McNichol,	Steedle,
Benninger,	Gransback,	McVicar,	Stein,
Bergy,	Greenwood,	Mellott,	Stern,
Beyer,	Habgood,	Metzenbacher,	Stone,
Blackburn,	Hackett,	Milliron,	Sullivan,
Body,	Hamilton,	Murdoch,	Swan,
Brosius,	Harper,	Myers,	Swartz,
Brownlee,	Herman,	Neville,	Thomas,
Brumbaugh,	Hess,	Nieder,	Trach,
Bungard,	Heyburn,	Oaks,	Twibill,
Campbell J. O.,	Hibshman,	Ostrander,	Urich,
Campbell, T.,	Hollern,	Palmer,	Vickerman,
Christman,	Hollingsworth,	Perry,	Vogdes,
Coldsmith,	Horton,	Peters,	Wagner,
Conner,	Howarth,	Phillips,	Walsh,
Cox,	Hubler,	Pickering,	Walter,
Cromer,	Jack,	Powell,	Walton,
Curry,	Jones, E. E.,	Ramsey,	Watson,
Davis,	Jones, W. W.,	Reel,	Weaver,
Dawson,	Kaiser,	Reynolds,	Weimer,
Dell,	Kitts,	Rhoads,	West,
Diefenderfer,	Klinger,	Rich,	Wettach,
Dodds,	Kuhn,	Rininger,	Whitaker,
Drinkhouse,	Kunkle,	Rinn,	Whitten,
Dunn,	Lafferty,	Robertson,	Wildman,
Eby,	Landis,	Roney,	Williams,
Ehrhardt,	Lanius,	Rothenberger,	Wilson, H. I.,
Eppley,	Lauer,	Rowell,	Wilson, W. H.,
Erdman,	Lauler,	Rudisill,	Wobensmith,
Evans,	Leighner,	Sampsel,	Wood,
Fackler,	Lindsey,	Sarig,	Woodward,
Finnerty,	Lipschutz,	Schaeffer,	Wynne,
Flynn,	Luppert,	Scott,	Young,
Forster,	Luxemburger,	Shaaber,	Ambler,
Fretz,	Lynch,	Shaffer,	Speaker.
Fruit,			

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. Speaker, I desire to call up House Bill No. 481, File Folio 2631, on page 8 of to-day's calendar, bills on third reading postponed.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 481, entitled:

An Act to repeal an act approved the fifteenth day of June one thousand eight hundred seventy-one entitled "An Act relating to the assessment of damage for the appropriation of land for public use"

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House the purpose of the repeal of the Act of 1871 is that land may be taken in the congested sections of Philadelphia for small parks or breathing spaces. The repeal of the act of 1871 is necessary because as the law now stands there can be no beneficiary assessment made against abutting property. The Act of 1871 was made necessary at a time that over 2000 acres of land was taken in Philadelphia County for the purpose of Fairmount Park, and as the abutting property owners would not be in a position to benefit by the park for years to come this act was passed in order to relieve the abutting property owners from any assessment of beneficiary damages. Now the necessity for this act has passed and it simply makes the abutting property owner of ground that would be taken for public park purposes liable to assessment in accordance with the benefit derived by his property.

On the question recurring

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—166.

Adams,	Fretz,	Lynch,	Smith, J. W.,
Albee,	Gallagher,	Marvin,	Smith, L.,
Alcorn,	Gans,	Mather,	Snyder,
Arnold,	Geary,	McArdle,	Sones,
Aron,	Geiser,	McCaig,	Spangler,
Arthur,	Gingery,	McClintock,	Spencer,
Baldwin,	Glass,	McClure,	[illegible],
Beck,	Glenn,	McCurdy,	Staving,
Becker,	Gompers,	McDermott,	Steedle,
Benn,	Goodnough,	McKay,	Stein,
Beyer,	Goodwin,	McNichol,	Stern,
Blackburn,	Goodyear,	Mearkle,	Stone,
Body,	Gormley,	Mellott,	Sullivan,
Bovee,	Graham,	Milliron,	Swan,
Brosius,	Gransback,	Myers,	Swartz,
Brownlee,	Habgood,	Neville,	Thomas,
Brumbaugh,	Hackett,	Nieder,	Trach,
Bungard,	Hamilton,	Oaks,	Urich,
Campbell J. O.,	Harper,	Ostrander,	Vogdes,
Campbell, T.,	Herman,	Palmer,	Wagner,
Christman,	Hess,	Perry,	Walsh,
Coldsmith,	Heyburn,	Peters,	Walter,
Conner,	Hibshman,	Phillips,	Walton,
Corbin,	Hoffman,	Pickering,	Watson,
Cox,	Hollingsworth,	Powell,	Weaver,
Cromer,	Horton,	Ramsey,	Weimer,
Cummins	Howarth,	Reel,	West,
Curry,	Hubler,	Rhoads,	Wettach,
Davis,	Jack,	Rininger,	Whitaker,
Dawson,	Kaiser,	Rinn,	Whitten,
Dell,	Kitts,	Roney,	Wildman,
Diefenderfer,	Klinger,	Rothenberger,	Williams,
Dodds,	Kunkle,	Rowell,	Wilson, H. I.,
Dunn,	Lafferty,	Rudisill,	Wilson, W. H.,
Eby,	Lanius,	Sampsel,	Wobensmith,
Ehrhardt,	Lauer,	Sarig,	Wood,
Eppley,	Lauler,	Schaeffer,	Woodward,
Evans,	Leighner,	Scott,	Wylie,
Fackler,	Lindsey,	Shaaber,	Wynne,
Finnerty,	Lipschutz,	Shoop,	Young,
Flynn,	Love,	Showalter,	Ambler,
Forster,	Luxemburger,	Sinclair,	Speaker.

NAYS—3.

Benninger,	Robertson,	Twibill,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I desire to call up House Bill No. 546, File Folio 2755, on page 9 of to-day's calendar, bills on third reading postponed.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 546, entitled:

An Act to regulate certain kinds of insurance by individuals and partnerships or associations of individuals known as Lloyd's defining

the power of such associations authorizing the Insurance Commissioner to grant a license and prescribing penalties for any violation thereof and repealing existing laws.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. WALTER. Mr. Speaker, this seems to be a bill of considerable importance, and I should like to have the gentleman from Delaware, the sponsor of the bill, tell the House the purpose of it.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, at the present time what are known as Lloyds are not permitted to do business in the State of Pennsylvania, although they do business in nearly every State in the Union. There is a great deal of insurance in the State of Pennsylvania placed in Lloyds by insurance agents and companies where they carry a surplus line. Consequently there are millions of dollars worth of real estate in Pennsylvania that today is protected by the Lloyds. This simply extends the right they have to do business in Pennsylvania, under the provisions of the laws that now regulate other fire insurers or insurance companies. It seems to me, the fact that we have so much insurance in the State that is protected by the Lloyds that we might as well get the taxation that will flow from the results of this bill. The other safeguards today that are thrown around fire insurance companies by the Insurance Commissioner and the insurance laws of the State of Pennsylvania are provided in this bill and will apply to the Lloyds when they come in to do business.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—106.

Adams,	Gingery,	McClure,	Staving,
Alexander,	Gompers,	McDermott,	Stein,
Baldwin,	Goodnough,	McKay,	Stern,
Beck,	Goodwin,	McNichol,	Stone,
Becker,	Goodyear,	McVicar,	Sullivan,
Benn,	Gormley,	Murdoch,	Swan,
Bergy,	Graham,	Neville,	Swartz,
Beyer,	Habgood,	Ostrander,	Thomas,
Blackburn,	Hamilton,	Perry,	Trach,
Body,	Harper,	Peters,	Twibill,
Bovee,	Hibshman,	Pickering,	Vickerman.
Brumbaugh,	Horton,	Powell,	Wagner,
Bungard,	Howarth,	Ramsey,	Walter,
Christman,	Hubler,	Reel,	Watson,
Coldsmith,	Jones, E. E.,	Rhoads,	West,
Conner,	Jones, W. W.,	Rich,	Wettach,
Cromer,	Kitts,	Rininger,	Whitten,
Curry,	Lafferty,	Rinn,	Williams,
Dawson,	Lauer,	Rothenberger,	Wilson, H. I.,
Diefenderfer,	Lauler.	Sarig,	Wobensmith,
Dodds,	Leighner,	Scott,	Wood,
Dunn,	Love,	Shaaber,	Woodward,
Ehrhardt,	Luxemburger,	Shoop,	Wylie,
Evans,	Marvin,	Sinclair,	Wynne,
Flynn,	Mather,	Smith, J. W.,	Ambler,
Fretz,	McCaig,	Smith, L.,	Speaker.
Gallagher,	McClintock,	Statler,	
Geiser,			

NAYS—38.

Albee,	Corbin,	Jack,	Palmer,
Alcorn,	Cox,	Klinger,	Phillips,
Arnold,	Davis,	Kuhn,	Robertson,
Aron,	Eby,	Kunkle,	Roney,
Bauerle,	Eppley,	Lindsey,	Sampsel,
Benninger,	Finnerty,	Lipschutz,	Jones,
Brosius,	Fruit,	Luppert,	Spencer,
Brownlee,	Glass,	McCurdy,	Vogdes,
Campbell, J. O.,	Glenn,	Milliron,	Wilson, W. H.,
Campbell, T.,			

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

RECONSIDERATION OF VOTE.

Mr. VICKERMAN. Mr. Speaker, I move that the vote by which House Bill No. 760, File Folio 3015, entitled:

An Act providing for the alteration of the boundaries of counties in certain cases and for the adjustment of the indebtedness thereof

was defeated on third reading on Tuesday, March 23rd be reconsidered for the purpose of amendment.

Mr CROMER. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. DUNN. Mr. Speaker, I move that further consideration of this bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. CONNER. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

MR. HABGOOD IN THE CHAIR.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 852, entitled:

An Act providing for the registration of ownership to real estate in cities of the second class for the use of said cities to facilitate the assessment levy and collection of taxes and municipal claims in such cities authorizing the preservation and use of records heretofore employed in such cities for such purposes.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—165.

Adams,	Forster,	Love,	Scott,
Albee,	Fruit,	Luxemburger,	Shaaber.
Alcorn,	Gallagher,	Lynch,	Sinclair,
Alexander,	Gans,	Marvin,	Smith, J. W.,
Arnold,	Garner,	Matner,	Smith, L.,
Aron,	Geary,	McArdle,	Snyder,
Baldwin,	Geiser,	McCaig,	Sones,
Beck,	Gingery,	McClintock,	Spangler,
Becker,	Glass,	McClure,	Spencer,
Benn,	Glenn,	McConnell,	Statler,
Benninger,	Gompers,	McCurdy,	Staving,
Bergy,	Goodnough,	McNichol,	Steedle,
Blackburn,	Goodwin,	McVicar,	Stein,
Body,	Goodyear,	Mearkle,	Stern,
Bovee,	Gormley,	Mellott,	Stone,
Brosius,	Graham,	Milliron,	Sullivan,
Brownlee,	Habgood,	Murdoch,	Swan.
Brumbaugh,	Hackett,	Myers,	Swartz,
Bungard,	Harper,	Neville,	Thomas.
Campbell, J. O.,	Herman,	Nieder,	Trach.
Campbell, T.,	Hess,	Oaks,	Twibill,
Christman,	Heyburn,	Ostrander,	Wagner,
Coldsmith,	Hibshman,	Palmer,	Walsh,
Conner,	Hollern,	Perry,	Walton,
Corbin,	Hollingsworth,	Peters,	Watson,
Cox,	Howarth,	Phillips,	Weimer,
Cromer,	Hubler,	Pickering,	West,
Cummins,	Jack,	Powell,	Wettach,
Curry,	Jones, E. E.,	Ramsey,	Whitaker,
Davis,	Jones, W. W.,	Reel,	Whitten,
Dawson,	Kaiser,	Rhoads,	Wildman,
Dell,	Kitts,	Rich,	Williams,
Diefenderfer,	Klinger,	Rininger,	Wilson, H. I.,
Dodds,	Kuhn,	Rinn,	Wilson, W. H.,
Drinkhouse,	Lafferty,	Robertson,	Wobensmith,
Dunn,	Lanius,	Roney,	Wood,
Eby,	Lauer,	Rothenberger,	Woodward,
Ehrhardt,	Lauler,	Rowell,	Wylie,
Eppley,	Leighner,	Sampsel,	Wynne,
Erdman,	Lindsey,	Sarig,	Young,
Finnerty,	Lipschutz,	Schaeffer,	Ambler,
Flynn,			Speaker.

NAYS—1.

Luppert,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

BILLS ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 913, as follows:

An Act to amend section one thousand three hundred and eleven of an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenues to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representaitves of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section one thousand three hundred eleven of an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith" which reads as follows

"Section 1311 All teachers who have been holding professional certificates for two years or longer and who have certificates of good moral character and success in teaching from their proper superintendents and boards of school directors for two school terms are eligible as candidates for permanent State certificates" is hereby amended by adding thereto a new paragraph so as to read as follows

Section 1311 All teachers who have been holding professional certificates for two years or longer and who have certificates of good moral character and success in teaching from their proper superintendents and boards of school directors for two school terms are eligible as candidates for permanent State certificates

Each teacher who held a permanent certificate on the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven shall be entitled to a permanent State certificate if such permanent certificate includes all the branches of study designated in section one thousand three hundred and four of this act or their equivalent and also passed a satisfactory examination in school methods and management If such permanent certificate includes school methods and management no such examination shall be required The Superintendent of Public Instruction shall issue such permanent State certificate on application in accordance with the provisions of this section

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—176.

Adams,	Geary,	McArdle,	Sinclair,
Albee,	Gingery,	McCaig,	Smith, J. W.,
Alcorn,	Glass,	McClintock,	Smith, L.,
Arnold,	Glenn,	McClure,	Snyder,
Arthur,	Gompers,	McConnell,	Spangler,
Baldwin,	Goodnough,	McCurdy,	Spencer,
Bauerle,	Goodwin,	McDermott,	Staving,
Beck,	Goodyear,	McKay,	Steedle,
Becker,	Graham,	McNichol,	Stein,
Benn,	Gransback,	McVicar,	Stern,
Benninger,	Greenwood,	Mellott,	Stone,
Bergy,	Habgood,	Milliron,	Sullivan,
Beyer,	Hackett,	Murdoch,	Swan,
Blackburn,	Hamilton,	Myers,	Swartz,
Body,	Harper,	Neville,	Thomas,
Bovee,	Herman,	Nieder,	Trach,
Brosius,	Heyburn,	Oaks,	Twibill,
Brownlee,	Hibshman,	Ostrander,	Vickerman,
Brumbaugh,	Hollern,	Palmer,	Vogdes,
Bungard,	Hollingsworth,	Perry,	Wagner,
Campbell, J. O	Howarth,	Peters,	Walsh,
Christman,	Hubler,	Phillips,	Walter,
Coldsmith,	Jack,	Pickering,	Walton,
Corbin,	Jones, E. E.,	Powell,	Watson,
Cox,	Jones, W. W.,	Ramsey,	Weaver,
Cromer,	Kaiser,	Reel,	Weimer,
Cummins,	Kitts,	Reynolds,	Weir,
Curry,	Klinger,	Rhoads,	West,
Davis,	Kuhn,	Rich,	Wettach,
Dawson,	Kunkle,	Rininger,	Whitaker,
Dell,	Lafferty,	Rinn,	Whitten,
Diefenderfer,	Landis,	Robertson,	Wildman,
Dodds,	Lanius,	Roney,	Williams,
Drinkhouse,	Lauer,	Rothenberger,	Wilson, H. I.,
Dunn,	Lauler,	Rowell,	Wilson, W. H.,
Eby,	Leighner,	Rudisill,	Wobensmith,
Ehrhardt,	Lindsey,	Sampsel,	Wood,
Erdman,	Lipschutz,	Sarig,	Woodward,
Evans,	Love,	Schaeffer,	Wylie,
Fackler,	Luppert,	Scott,	Wynne,
Finnerty,	Luxemburger,	Shaaber,	Young,
Flynn,	Lynch,	Shoop,	Ambler,
Fruit,	Marvin,	Showalter,	Speaker.
Gallagher,	Mather,		
Gans,			

NAYS—2.

Aron. Sones.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 870, as follows:

An Act to amend an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section fourteen hundred and twenty-five of an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith" which reads as follows

"Section 1425 The board of school directors in every school district in this Commonwealth shall between April first and September first of each year cause to be made by the attendance officers teachers or other persons employed for this purpose a careful correct and accurate enumeration in a substantial book or books provided by the Superintendent of Public Instruction at the expense of the State for that purpose of all the children between the ages of six and sixteen years within their district giving the full name date of birth age sex nationality place of residence in such school district name and address of parent or persons in parental relation the name and location of the school where the child is enrolled or belongs and the name and address of the employer of any child under sixteen years of age who is engaged in any regular employment or service Such enumeration shall be made by careful inquiry at the residence of each family in the district and the person making the same upon completion thereof shall make a proper oath or affirmation as to its correctness Such enumeration shall also include the names and addresses of all persons firms or corporations employing or accepting service from children under sixteen (16) years of age" is amended to read as follows

Section 1425 The board of school directors in every school district in this Commonwealth shall between April first and September first of each year cause to be made by the attendance officers teachers or other persons employed for this purpose a careful correct and accurate enumeration in a substantial book or books provided by the Superintendent of Public Instruction at the expense of the State for that purpose of all the children between the ages of six and sixteen years within their district giving the full name date of birth age sex nationality place of residence in such school district name and address of parent or persons in parental relation the name and location of the school where the child is enrolled or belongs and the name and address of the employer of any child under sixteen years of age who is engaged in any regular employment or service Such enumeration shall be made by careful inquiry at the residence of each family in the district and the person making the same upon completion thereof shall make a proper oath or affirmation as to its correctness Such enumeration shall also include the names and addresses of all persons firms or corporations employing or accepting service from children under sixteen (16) years of age

If any person shall hinder or prevent or attempt to hinder or prevent any attendance officer or teacher or other person from performing any duty provided for in this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and on conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding ten dollars or to undergo an imprisonment not exceeding ten days

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—180.

Adams,	Gallagher,	Mather,	Shoop,
Albee,	Gans,	McArdle,	Showalter,
Alcorn,	Geary,	McCaig,	Sinclair,
Arnold,	Gingery,	McClintock,	Smith, J. W.,
Arthur,	Glass,	McClure,	Smith, L.,
Baldwin,	Glenn,	McConnell,	Snyder,
Barnett,	Gompers,	McCurdy,	Sones,
Bauerle,	Goodwin,	McDermott,	Spangler,
Beck,	Goodyear,	McKay,	Spencer,
Becker,	Gormley,	McNichol,	Stern,
Benn,	Graham,	McVicar,	Staving,
Benninger,	Gransback,	Mearkle,	Steedle,
Bergy,	Greenwood,	Mellott,	Stein,
Beyer,	Habgood,	Metzenbacher,	Stern,
Blackburn,	Hackett,	Milliron,	Stone,
Body,	Hamilton,	Murdoch,	Sullivan,
Bovee,	Harper,	Myers,	Swan,
Brosius,	Herman,	Neville,	Swartz,
Brownlee,	Hess,	Nieder,	Thomas,
Brumbaugh,	Heyburn,	Oaks,	Trach,
Bungard,	Hibshman,	Ostrander,	Twibill,
Campbell, J. O.,	Hollingsworth,	Palmer,	Vickerman,
Campbell, T.,	Horton,	Perry,	Vogdes,
Christman,	Howarth,	Peters,	Wagner,
Coldsmith,	Hubler,	Phillips,	Walsh,
Conner,	Jack,	Pickering,	Walter,
Corbin,	Jones, E. E.,	Powell,	Walton,
Cox,	Jones, W. W.,	Ramsey,	Watson,
Cromer,	Kaiser,	Reel,	Weaver,
Cummins,	Kitts,	Reynolds,	Weimer,
Curry,	Klinger,	Rhoads,	Weir,
Dawson,	Kunkle,	Rich,	West,
Dell,	Lafferty,	Rininger,	Wettach,
Dodds,	Landis,	Rinn,	Whitaker,
Drinkhouse,	Lanius,	Robertson,	Whitten,
Dunn,	Lauer,	Roney,	Williams,
Eby,	Lauler,	Rothenberger,	Wilson, H. I.,

Eppley,	Leighner,	Rowell,	Wilson, W. H.,
Erdman,	Lindsey,	Rudisill,	Wobensmith,
Evans,	Lipschutz,	Sampsel,	Wood,
Fackler,	Love,	Sarig.	Woodward,
Finnerty,	Luppert,	Schaeffer,	Wylie,
Flynn,	Luxemburger,	Scott,	Wynne,
Forster,	Lynch,	Shaaber,	Young,
Fretz,	Marvin,	Shaffer,	Ambler,
Fruit,			Speaker.

NAYS—1.

Aron,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 708, as follows:

An Act to amend an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section one hundred six of an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith" which reads as follows

"Section 106 The last United States census as set forth in the official report thereof shall be the basis on which the population of the several school districts shall be computed and no change shall be made from one class of school districts to another except after the taking of a United States census showing the population of any school district to be such as to entitle it to be changed from one class of school districts to another" is amended to read

Section 106 The last United States census as set forth in the official report thereof shall be the basis on which the population of the several school districts shall be computed No change shall be made from one class of school districts to another except after the taking of a United States census showing the population of any school district to be such as to entitle it to be changed from one class of school districts to another or except where the population of two districts combined subsequent to the taking of the census and ascertained by such census is such as to entitle the new or combined district to be in a class different from the class of either of the districts so combined

Section 2 Section one hundred seven of said act which reads as follows

"Section 107 After the taking of each United States census the Superintendent of Public Instruction shall canvass the same so far as it relates to the population of the several school districts in this Commonwealth and if it appears that the population of any school district in this Commonwealth by such census is such that it should be included in another class of school districts the Superintendent of Public Instruction shall issue a certificate to such district to that effect and such school district shall with the beginning of the first school year after such certificate is issued become a school district of the class to which it properly belongs" is amended to read

Section 107 After the taking of each United States census the Superintendent of Public Instruction shall canvass the same so far as it relates to the population of the several school districts in this Commonwealth and where territory comprising a seperate school district is annexed to a city borough or township and the decree of the court or the vote of the electors effecting such annexation has been certified to the Superintendent of Public Instruction if it appear in any such case that the population of any school district in this Commonwealth by such census or by such annexation is such that it should be included in another class of school districts the Superintendent of Public Instruction shall issue a certificate to such district to that effect and such school district shall with the beginning of such school year if such certificate is issued become a school district of the class to which it properly belongs

Section 3 Section one hundred nine of said act which reads as follows

"Section 109 If any new school district is made by the creation of any city borough township or independent school district or if the boundary lines of any school district are changed by reason of the changing of the boundary lines of any city incorporated town borough township or independent school district then in such case such change so far as it relates to school districts or school affairs shall take effect at the beginning of the first school year after such new city borough township or independent school district has been created or such change in boundary lines permanently effected" is amended to read

Section 109 If any new school district is made by the creation of any city borough township or independent school district or by the annexation of territory comprising a separate school district to a city or borough or township or if the boundary lines of any school district are changed by reason of the changing of the boundary lines of any city incorporated town borough township or independent school district then in any such case the change so far as it relates to school districts or school affairs shall take effect at the beginning of the first school year after such new city borough township or independent school district has been created or such annexation effected or such change in boundary lines permanently effected

Section 4 Section one hundred sixteen of said act which reads as follows

"Section 116 Whenever a new school district is created by the creation of a new city borough township or independent school district the clerk of the courts or other proper officer shall within ten days thereafter make a certified copy of the decree or order creating such new city borough township or independent school district and mail the same to the Superintendent of Public Instruction" is amended to read

Section 116 Whenever a new school district is created by the creation of a new city borough township or independent school district or by the annexation to a city or borough or township of territory comprising a separate school district the clerk of the courts or other proper officer shall within ten days thereafter make a certified copy of the decree or order creating such new city borough township or independent school district or of the decree of the court or vote of the electors effecting such annexation and mail the same to the Superintendent of Public Instruction

Section 5 Section two hundred twelve of said act which reads as follows

"Section 212 When any school district in this Commonwealth hereafter for any cause becomes a school district of another class as herein provided a new board of school directors shall be appointed or elected therein in the same manner as the school directors of districts of the same class are elected or appointed when new districts are created Provided That such school directors shall be so elected that the number and terms of those whose places are to be filled at each succeeding municipal election shall be the same as the number and terms of those whose places are filled at the corresponding elections in other school districts of the same class" is amended to read

Section 212 When any school district in this Commonwealth hereafter for any cause becomes a school district of another class as herein provided a new board of school directors shall be appointed or eletced therein in the same manner as the school directors of districts of the same class are elected or appointed when new districts are created Provided That such school directors shall be so eletced that the number and terms of those whose places are to be filled at each succeeding municipal election shall be the same as the number and terms of those whose places are filled at the corresponding elections in other school districts of the same class

When territory comprising a seperate school district is annexed to a city or borough or township the school directors then in office in both districts shall hold office during the respective terms for which they were elected No election for school director in the district shall be held unless on the first Monday of January next following a municipal election there would be a less number of directors than is provided for the district by this act

At each subsequent municipal election only so many school directors shall be elected as will on the first Monday of January then next following bring the number of school directors to the proper number for the district

Section 6 Section three hundred one of said act which reads as follows

"Section 301 In all school districts of the first class the school year shall begin on the first day of January each year and in all other school districts in this Commonwealth the school year shall begin on the first Monday of July each year In school districts of the first class the school directors appointed as herein provided shall meet and organize annually on the second Monday of November and in school districts of the second third and fourth class the school directors regularly elected or appointed shall meet and organize annually on the first Monday of December each year When a new school district is created or when the offices of all the school directors of a district become vacant the school directors appointed by the court in any such case shall meet and organize within ten days after their appointment" is amended to read

Section 301 In all school districts of the first class the school year shall begin on the first day of January each year and in all other school districts in this Commonwealth the school year shall begin on the first Monday of July each year In school districts of the first class the school directors appointed as herein provided shall meet and organize annually on the second Monday of November and in school districts of the second third and fourth class the school directors regularly elected or appointed shall meet and organize annually on the first Monday of December each year When a new school district is created or when the offices of all the school directors of a district become vacant the school directors appointed by the court in any

such case shall meet and organize within ten days after their appointment

When two school districts are consolidated the school directors of such consolidated districts shall organize on the first Monday of July following such consolidation by electing a president and vice-president who shall hold their respective offices until the first Monday of December following their election

Section 7 The said act is amended by the addition of the following which shall be marked and known as section two thousand five hundred eighteen thereof

Section 2518 When two school districts are consolidated and each of such districts maintains a public school library under the management and supervision of a board of library trustees such boards at the time of the consolidation of the school districts shall be merged into one library board The members of such consolidated library board shall continue in office until the expiration of their respective terms and shall have the management and supervision of the libraries of both such consolidated districts During the month of June succeeding the merging of the boards of library trustees and annually thereafter the school board shall appoint one trustee to serve for a term of five years from the first day of July following his appointment After the merging of any such boards of library trustees the said board may discontinue any one of the libraries under its supervision

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—180.

Adams,	Fruit,	Love,	Shaaber,
Albee,	Gallagher,	Luppert,	Shoop,
Alcorn,	Gans,	Luxemburger,	Showalter,
Arnold,	Garner,	Lynch,	Sinclair,
Arthur,	Geary,	Marvin,	Smith, J. W.,
Baldwin,	Geiser,	Mather,	Smith, L.,
Barnett,	Gingery,	McArdle,	Snyder,
Bauerle,	Glass,	McCaig,	Spangler,
Beck,	Glenn,	McClintock,	Spencer,
Becker,	Gompers,	McClure,	Statler,
Benn,	Goodnough,	McConnell,	Staving,
Benninger,	Goodwin,	McCurdy,	Steedle,
Bergy,	Goodyear,	McDermott,	Stein,
Berntheizel,	Gormley,	McKay,	Stern,
Beyer,	Gransback,	McNichol,	Stone,
Blackburn,	Greenwood,	McVicar,	Sullivan,
Body,	Habgood,	Mellott,	Swan,
Bovee,	Hackett,	Milliron,	Swartz,
Brosius,	Hamilton,	Murdoch,	Thomas,
Brownlee,	Harper,	Myers,	Trach,
Brumbaugh,	Heffernan,	Neville,	Twibill,
Bungard,	Herman,	Oaks,	Vogdes,
Campbell, J. O.,	Hess,	Ostrander,	Wagner,
Campbell, T.,	Heyburn,	Palmer,	Walsh,
Christman,	Hibshman,	Perry,	Walton,
Coldsmith,	Hollern,	Peters,	Watson,
Corbin,	Hollingsworth,	Phillips,	Weaver,
Cox,	Horton,	Pickering,	Weimer,
Cromer,	Howarth,	Powell,	Weir,
Cummins,	Hubler,	Ramsey,	West,
Curry,	Jack,	Reel,	Wettach,
Davis,	Jones, E. E.,	Reynolds,	Whitaker,
Dawson,	Jones, W. W.,	Rhoads,	Whitten,
Dell,	Kaiser,	Rich,	Wildman,
Diefenderfer,	Kitts,	Rininger,	Williams,
Dodds,	Klinger,	Rinn,	Wilson, H. I.,
Drinkhouse,	Kuhn,	Robertson,	Wilson, W. H.,
Dunn,	Kunkle,	Roney,	Wobensmith,
Eby,	Lafferty,	Rothenberger,	Wood,
Ehrhardt,	Landis,	Rowell,	Woodward,
Erdman,	Lanius,	Rudisill,	Wylie,
Evans,	Lauer,	Sampsel,	Wynne,
Fackler,	Lauler,	Sarig,	Young,
Finnerty,	Leighner,	Schaeffer,	Ambler,
Flynn,	Lindsey,	Scott,	Speaker.
Fretz,			

NAYS—1.

Aron,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 791, as follows:

An Act regulating upholstering making of upholstering and the manufacture of mattresses imposing penalties and providing incidental duties of the Department of Labor and Industry

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That in the upholstering of furniture or in making mattresses or in making upholstering for railroad cars or motor vehicles the materials used therein shall when the work is done by machinery be picked in a room or place separate from the workshop where the upholstering of manufacturing is conducted The room or place where the picking is done shall be equipped with a blower so arranged as to carry off the dust and other light material arising from such picking

Section 2 Any person or copartnership or association or corporation that violates any of the provisions of the first section of this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and on conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars

Section 3 The Department of Labor and Industry is charged with the enforcement of this act

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—162.

Adams,	Gallagher,	McCaig,	Smith, L.,
Albee,	Gans,	McClintock,	Snyder,
Alcorn,	Garner,	McClure,	Sones,
Alexander,	Geary,	McConnell,	Spangler,
Arnold,	Geiser,	McCurdy,	Spencer,
Arthur,	Gingery,	McDermott,	Staving,
Baldwin,	Glass,	McKay,	Steedle,
Becker,	Gompers,	McNichol,	Stein,
Benn,	Goodwin,	McVicar,	Stern,
Benninger,	Goodyear,	Mellott,	Stone,
Beyer,	Graham,	Metzenbacher,	Sullivan,
Blackburn,	Greenwood,	Milliron,	Swan,
Body,	Habgood,	Murdoch,	Swartz,
Bovee,	Hackett,	Myers,	Thomas,
Brosius,	Hamilton,	Nieder,	Trach,
Brumbaugh,	Harper,	Oaks,	Twibill,
Bungard,	Herman,	Ostrander,	Vogdes,
Campbell, J. O.,	Hess,	Palmer,	Wagner,
Campbell, T.,	Heyburn,	Perry,	Walsh,
Christman,	Hibshman,	Peters,	Walter,
Coldsmith,	Hollern,	Phillips,	Walton,
Conner,	Hollingsworth	Pickering,	Watson,
Corbin,	Horton,	Powell,	Weaver,
Cox,	Howarth,	Ramsey,	Weimer,
Cromer,	Hubler,	Reel,	Weir,
Cummins,	Jack,	Rhoads,	West,
Curry,	Jones, E. E.,	Rich,	Whitaker,
Davis,	Jones, W. W.,	Rininger,	Whitten,
Dawson,	Kaiser,	Rinn,	Wildman,
Dell,	Kitts,	Roney,	Williams,
Diefenderfer,	Klinger,	Rothenberger,	Wilson, H. I.,
Dodds,	Kunkle,	Rudisill,	Wilson, W. H.,
Drinkhouse,	Lafferty,	Sampsel,	Wobensmith,
Dunn,	Landis,	Sarig,	Wood,
Eby,	Leighner,	Schaeffer,	Woodward,
Ehrhardt,	Lindsey,	Scott,	Wylie,
Evans,	Lipschutz,	Shaaber,	Wynne,
Fackler,	Love,	Shaffer,	Young,
Finnerty,	Luxemburger,	Showalter,	Ambler,
Flynn,	Lynch,	Sinclair,	Speaker.
Forster,	Marvin,	Smith, J. W.,	
Fruit,	Mather,		

NAYS—3.

Barnett, Bergy, Lauler,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 912, as follows:

An Act amending and supplementing an act entitled "An Act providing for the establishment of a State Industrial Home for Women authorizing the purchase of a site and the erection thereon and equipment of necessary buildings providing for the commitment to said State Industrial Home for Women of females between the ages of sixteen and thirty years convicted of or pleading guilty to the commission of any criminal offense and providing for the government and management of said institution and making an appropriation to carry out the purposes of this act" approved the twenty-fifth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen conferring upon the said commission additional powers including the power of eminent domain

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section six of an act entitled "An Act providing for the establishment of a State Industrial Home for Women authorizing the purchase of a site and the erection thereon and equipment of necessary buildings providing for the commitment to said State Industrial Home for Women of females between the ages of sixteen and thirty years convicted of or pleading guilty to the commission of any criminal offense and providing for the government and management of said institution and making an appropriation to carry out the purposes of this act" approved the twenty-fifth day of July Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen which reads as follows

"Section 6 When buildings sufficient to accommodate two hundred (200) inmates shall have been completed and the Industrial Home shall be ready to receive inmates the Governor shall appoint a board of managers composed of nine citizens of the Commonwealth who shall be appointed for the following terms and to serve until their successors

are appointed—three for three years at least one of whom shall be a woman three for two years at least one of whom shall be a woman and three for one year at least one of whom shall be a woman and thereafter the Governor shall annually appoint three persons to fill the vacancies occurring by the expiration of the terms of members and shall fill by appointment any other vacancies that may occur for the unexpired term or terms and there shall be at all times a representation of at least three women upon the said board of managers The members of the board shall receive no compensation for their services as such but shall receive expenses incurred by them in the performance of their duties

Upon the appointment of the board of managers the building commission shall turn over to the board the said Industrial Home with all personal property connected therewith including all books papers and documents Thereafter the said board and their duly appointed successors shall have sole charge and management of said institution The said board shall prepare rules and regulations for the government of said institution" be amended so as to read as follows

Section 6 When buildings sufficient to accommodate seventy-five (75) inmates shall have been completed and the Industrial Home shall be ready to receive inmates the Governor shall appoint a board of managers composed of nine citizens of the Commonwealth who shall be appointed for the following terms and to serve until their successors are appointed—three for three years at least one of whom shall be a woman three for two years at least one of whom shall be a woman and three for one year at least one of whom shall be a woman and thereafter the Governor shall annually appoint three persons to fill the vacncies occurring by the expiration of the terms of members and shall fill by appointment any other vacancies that may occur for the unexpired term or terms and there shall be at all times a representation of at least three women upon the said board of managers The members of the board shall receive no compensation for their services as such but shall receive expenses incurred by them in the performance of their duties

Upon the appointment of the board of managers the building commission shall turn over to the board the said Industrial Home with all personal property connected therewith including all books papers and documents Thereafter the said board and their duly appointed successors shall have sole charge and management of said institution The said board shall prepare rules and regulations for the government of said institution

Section 2 In addition to the powers given by the said act of Assembly the said building commission for the said Industrial Home for Women shall have the power to purchase five hundred (500) additional acres of land for the purpose of acquiring and controlling an adequate water supply for said industrial home provided said land shall not in the aggregate cost more than ten (10) dollars per acre

Section 3 Said commission if unable to agree with the owners of the property which said commission deems necessary and which it is authorized by the terms of this act to purchase the said commission shall have power to take and condemn the same and thereupon apply to the court of common pleas of the proper county or any law judge thereof in vacation who shall appoint three discreet and disinterested freeholders of said county as viewers to determine the value of the lands so taken and condemned and the said court or judge shall appoint a time not less than twenty nor more than thirty days thereafter when the said viewers shall meet upon the property and view the same and any other premises affected by the said taking or condemnation The viewers shall give at least ten days' notice of the time and place of their first meeting in writing to the owner or owners of the land taken and also by publication in one or more newspapers in said county and by hand bills posted upon the premises or otherwise as the said court shall direct having due regard to the circumstances of the case and said publication or notice otherwise ordered by the court shall be deemed sufficient notice if the said viewers are unable to serve in the county personal notice upon the owners of said property The said viewers having been duly sworn or affirmed faithfully justly and impartially to decide and true report to make concerning all matters and things to be submitted to them and in relation to which they are authorized to inquire in pursuance of the provisions of this act and having viewed the premises and examined the property shall hear all parties interested and their witnesses and shall estimate and determine the value of the property taken injured or destroyed together with any benefits which may accrue to the other property of the persons whose property is taken and having offset the damages against any benefit which may accrue shall prepare and report to the court both the damages and benefits

When said report is filed notice thereof shall be given by publication in the same newspapers publishing the previous notice provided for in this act once a week for four weeks Said notice shall contain the date of the filing of the report and a schedule of the damages and benefits as shown therein and further state that unless exceptions thereto be filed in writing within four weeks from the date of said filing or unless an appeal be taken from the said report the same will be confirmed absolutely

Section 4 Any person whose property is taken or any person damaged by the taking of said property may within four weeks from the filing of said report file exceptions to the same or appeal therefrom to the court of common pleas of the county If exceptions be filed they shall be first disposed of before hearing upon said appeal If no exceptions are filed or appeal taken the court shall confirm the report of the viewers absolutely Either party shall have the right to appeal from the said final confirmation judgment or decree of the court to the proper appellate court All proceedings upon exceptions and appeal shall be governed as now provided by law in the case of exceptions and appeal from the report of viewers in other cases

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—162.

Adams,	Fruit,	Luxemburger,	Sinclair,
Albee,	Gallagher,	Lynch,	Smith, J. W.,
Alcorn,	Garner,	Marvin,	Smith, L.,
Alexander,	Geary,	Mather,	Snyder,
Arnold,	Geiser,	McArdle,	Spangler,
Arthur,	Gingery,	McCaig,	Spencer,
Baldwin,	Glass,	McClintock,	Staving,
Bauerle,	Glenn,	McClure,	Steedle,
Beck,	Gompers,	McConnell,	Stein,
Becker,	Goodnough,	McCurdy,	Stern,
Benn,	Goodwin,	McKay,	Stone,
Bergy,	Goodyear,	McNichol,	Sullivan,
Beyer,	Graham,	McVicar,	Swan,
Blackburn,	Greenwood,	Metzenbacher,	Swartz,
Body,	Habgood,	Milliron,	Thomas,
Bovee,	Hackett,	Murdoch,	Trach,
Brosius,	Hamilton,	Myers,	Twibill,
Brownlee,	Harper,	Neville,	Vogdes,
Bungard,	Herman,	Nieder,	Wagner,
Campbell, J. O.,	Hess,	Oaks,	Walsh,
Campbell, T.,	Heyburn,	Ostrander,	Walter,
Christman,	Hibshman,	Perry,	Walton,
Conner,	Hollern,	Phillips,	Watson,
Corbin,	Hollingsworth,	Pickering,	Weaver,
Cromer,	Howarth,	Powell,	Weir,
Curry,	Hubler,	Ramsey,	West,
Davis,	Jack,	Reel,	Wettach,
Dawson,	Jones, E. E.,	Reynolds,	Whitaker,
Dell,	Jones, W. W.,	Rhoads,	Whitten,
Diefenderfer,	Kaiser,	Rich,	Wildman,
Dodds,	Kitts,	Robertson,	Williams,
Drinkhouse,	Klinger,	Roney,	Wilson, H. I.,
Dunn,	Kunkle,	Rothenberger,	Wilson, W. H.,
Eby,	Lafferty,	Rowell,	Wobensmith,
Ehrhardt,	Landis,	Sampsel,	Wood,
Eppley,	Lauler,	Schaeffer,	Woodward,
Erdman,	Leighner,	Scott,	Wylie,
Evans,	Lindsey,	Shaaber,	Wynne,
Fackler,	Lipschutz,	Shaffer,	Young,
Finnerty,	Love,	Shoop,	Ambler,
Flynn,	Luppert,	Showalter,	Speaker.
Forster,			

NAYS—5.

Lanius,	Palmer,	Rininger,	Statler,
McDermott,			

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1009, entitled:

An Act to regulate and establish the fees to be charged and collected by the recorder of deeds in counties having a population of over eight hundred thousand and less than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants as computed by the last preceding United States cnesus.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 488, entitled:

A Supplement to an act entitled "An Act to encourage and authorize the information of co-operative banking associations where the profits derived from the business after paying all legitimate expenses shall accrue to the depositors and borrowers of the association in proportion to their deposits or loans" approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-three and providing for the conversion of co-operative banking associations into banks of discount and deposit under certain regulation

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 997 (Senate No. 401), entitled:

An Act authorizing George F. Pawling a resident of the City of Philadelphia successor to Bergdoll and Pawling to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 886, entitled:

An Act amending an act entitled "An Act applicable to all counties of this Commonwealth to provide monthly payments as approved by

the trustees to indigent widowed or abandoned mothers for partial support of their children in their own homes The manner of the appointment of the trustees the administration of the trust amount of appropriations proportioning appropriations co-ordinate appropriations amounts to be paid form of records eligibility penalties and reports as set forth" approved April twenty-ninth nineteen hundred thirteen by limiting the provisions of said act to women whose husbands are dead or permanently insane and who have children under sixteen years of age and providing for uniformity of administration by the appointment of the State supervisor over the boards of trustees of different counties and otherwise amending the provisions of said act.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 981 (Senate No. 282), entitled:

An Act providing for and regulating the validation of certain borough ordinances.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 918, entitled:

An Act to provide for the study by the Department of Labor and Industry of the question of minimum wages for women and minors.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1023, entitled:

An Act to further amend the sixth section of an act approved April twenty-third Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and three entitled "An Act defining the powers of the several courts of quarter sesions of the peace within this Commonwealth with reference to the care treatment and control of dependent neglected incorrigible and delinquent children under the age of sixteen years and providing for the means in which such powers may be exercised" by providing that the court may direct that the clothing of and necessary medical and surgical attendance upon and the care of such child and its maintenance generally shall be paid by the proper county and may fix the amount which shall be paid for such board and clothing

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 948 (Senate No. 320), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-seventh day of June one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation regulation and government of cities of the third class regulating nomination and election of municipal officers therein and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto"

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 998 (Senate No. 402), entitled:

An Act providing for the payment of judgement and mortgages and other claims which are liens on property affected by public improvements or appropriated by the exercise of the right of eminent domain

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1010, entitled:

An Act to further amend an act approved the third day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-five entitled "An Act authorizing the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to rebuild county bridges over navigable rivers and other streams which have been declared public highways by Act of Assembly where such bridges have been destroyed by flood fire or other casualty providing for the appointment of viewers and inspectors and the payment of the cost of rebuilding such bridges

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 952, entitled:

An Act providing that it shall be unlawful for any person or persons firm or corporation to have in use upon the public streets alleys and highways of the State of Pennsylvania commencing one hour after sunset and continuing until one hour before sunrise any vehicle or vehicles without being equipped with lights that can be observed from the front and rear of said vehicle and providing penalties for the violation of this act

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 925, entitled:

An Act regulating the number grade appointment and assignment of employes in the Adjutant-General's Department and State Arsenal and fixing salaries of each

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 532, entitled:

An Act regulating the method of installment payments on conditional sales or on bailments with right to purchase regulating the issuing of writs of replevin therefor and prohibiting a waiver of the provisions of this act

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 962, entitled:

An Act relating to practice in the courts of common pleas in actions of assumpsit and trespass except actions for libel and slander prescribing the pleadings and procedure to be observed therein and giving the courts power to enforce its provisions

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1017, entitled:

An Act relating to the resignation and appointment of councilmen in boroughs

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 527, entitled:

An Act requiring light heat and power companies to furnish upon application presented certain persons with light heat or power and providing a penalty for refusing same

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 849, entitled:

An Act amending section three of an act entitled "An Act to prohibit the receiving and detaining of children in almshouses and poor houses and to provide for the care and education of such children" approved the thirteenth day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three by extending same to poor districts now maintaining almshouses and hospitals for the treatment of indigent tubercular and insane persons

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 961, entitled:

An Act imposing certain liabilities on persons firms and corporations in cities of the second class for the cost of extinguishing fires which occur through their criminal intent design or wilful negligence or where they have not complied with any law ordinance or other lawful regulation

for the prevention of fire or the spreading thereof providing a method for the ascertainment of such cost and the manner of collecting the same

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 153, entitled:

An Act to protect the public health by regulating the manufacture preparation handling storage sale transportation and possession of meat and meat food products prescribing the powers and duties of the State Livestock Sanitary Board in relation thereto and providing for the appointment of the agents thereof and defining their powers and duties as such making it unlawful to give money or otherwise with intent to influence such agent prescribing methods of enforcing the act and imposing penalties for violation of the same and providing for repeal of certain acts and of all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 985 (Senate No. 294), entitled:

An Act to further protect the rights and liberty of the people of this Commonwealth when under arrest upon a bailable criminal charge making its infraction a misdemeanor and providing punishment therefor

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 983 (Senate No. 287), entitled:

An Act to validate all sales public and private and all mortgages of real estate of decedents heretofore made under authority of orphans courts upon petition of executors or administrators

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 955, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the fourth day of May one thousand eight hundred and fifty-five entitled "An Act relating to certain duties and rights of husband and wife and parents and children

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 590, entitled:

An Act to prescribe the conditions and restrictions under which public vaults crypts or mausoleums for the interment of human bodies may be constructed and maintained and fixing penalties for failure to comply therewith

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 253, entitled:

An Act to amend section four of article two of an act approved the eighth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one entitled "An Act amending article two of an act entitled 'An Act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the anthracite coal mines of Pennsylvania and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith' approved the second day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one" increasing the per diem pay of the members of the mine inspectors' examining boards and providing for their expenses

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 70, entitled:

An Act to amend the second section of an act of Assembly entitled "An Act authorizing the bureau of health in cities of the first class to make and promulgate rules and regulations for the sanitary keeping of stables and other places in such cities where horses mules cows sheep goats or swine are kept and for the collecting storing and transportation of manure from such animals providing that no manure shall be collected or stored in any stable manure pit or other place without a permit or transported in violation of said rules and regulations making a violation of the act or of said rules and regulations a misdemeanor prescribing penalties therefor and repealing inconsistent acts" approved the twenty-fifth day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen so as to permit the deposit of manure on wharves and piers for shipment beyond the limits of such cities

Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 433, entitled:

An Act defining trading stamps as including stamps coupons tickets cards certificates and other similar devices given with a sale or bailment of merchandise regulating and licensing the sale furnishing and giving of trading stamps and providing penalties for the violation thereof

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 871, entitled:

An Act authorizing appointments of clerks and stenographers by district attorneys in certain counties and regulating their compensation out of the county treasury

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 743, entitled:

An Act authorizing the orphans' court to reduce under certain circumstances the bond of any fiduciary imposing duties on registers of wills in connection therewith

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

ADJOURNMENT.

Mr. OSTRANDER. Mr. Speaker, I move that the House do now adjourn.

The motion was agreed to and at (9:50 P. M.) the House adjourned until tomorrow morning at 10:00 o'clock

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HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

THURSDAY, March 25th, 1915.

The House met at 10 o'clock A. M.

The SPEAKER (Charles A. Ambler) in the Chair.

PRAYER.

The Chaplain, Rev. F. W. Staley, offered the following prayer:

Almighty and Most Merciful God, we thank Thee that Thou hast made man a little lower than the angels and hast crowned him with glory and honor. Thou hast endowed him with a soul, with vast possibilities of intellect, of Will and of sensibilities, and Thou hast said unto him "The whole duty of man is to fear God and keep His commandments." We thank Thee that it is impossible for man to escape his duty; wherever he goes he has his duty whether it is in the home or upon the street or upon the farm or in the halls of legislation, and cities and towns and states and governments are the products of the performance of his duty.

May we ever have the spirit to perform the duties which we meet every day—for may we meet them in the name of God and for God and for our own happiness and for the happiness of our fellowmen. We ask for Christ s sake. Amen.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the Journal of yesterday's proceedings.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of yesterday's proceedings when, on motion of Mr. Snyder, the further reading was dispensed with and the Journal was approved.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1009, as follows:

An Act to regulate and establish the fees to be charged and collected by the recorder of deeds in counties having a population of over eight hundred thousand and less than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants as computed by the last preceding United States census

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the fees to be charged and collected by the recorder of deeds in counties having a population of over eight hundred thousand and less than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants as computed by the last preceding United States census shall be as follows

For recording deed for perpetuating testimony charters limited partnerships release and discharge of encumbrances on land certificate of bankruptcy municipal ordinance vacating streets lanes or alleys or parts thereof and any other instrument of writing except such as are herein specifically provided for each five hundred (500) words or fractional part thereof seventy-five cents

For exemplification of records for each five hundred (500) words or fractional part thereof one dollar

For certificate and seal fifty cents

For recording or exemplying of commission for notary public with bond and oath five dollars city or county officer with bond and oath five dollars justice of the peace or alderman with bond and oath five dollars and fifty cents special police officer two dollars and fifty cents

For furnishing Auditor General with information concerning limited partnerships twenty-five cents

For registry of deed when so required twenty-five cents

For recording deed of conveyance of land in first class township fifteen cents in addition to recording and registration fee

For reporting mortgage lien assignment or satisfaction thereof to the county commissioners ten cents The total of such fees received shall not exceed th sum of six hundred dollars ($600) per annum

For Noting an Instrument on Margin of Record

Noting assignment of mortgage ten cents
Noting extension of mortgage ten cents
Noting release of mortgage ten cents
Noting revocation of power of attorney ten cents
Noting any other instrument required by law ten cents
Noting satisfaction of a mortgage on certificate of search ten cents

Satisfaction or Assignment of Mortgage

Entering satisfaction or assignment on a mortgage of any kind with certificate fifty cents

Searches

Mortgage each name fifty cents
Each mortgage found on the property twenty-five cents
The fees for services not herein specially provided for shall be the same as for similar service

Section 2 All general local and special acts or parts of acts supplied hereby or inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 488, as follows:

A Supplement to an act entitled "An Act to encourage and authorize the formation of co-operative banking associations where the profits derived from the business after paying all legitimate expenses shall accrue to the depositors and borrowers of the association in proportion to their deposits or loans" approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-three and providing for the conversion of co-operative banking associations into banks of discount and deposit under certain regulations

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in Gneral Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That it shall be lawful for any co-operative banking association which has been incorporated under the laws of this Commonwealth and engaged in business for more than seven years and within three years next previous to the date of the expiration of its corporate existence to become a bank of discount and deposit as provided for under the act entitled "An Act for the incorporation and regulation of banks of discount and deposit" approved the thirteenth day of May one thousand eight hundred seventy-six and supplements thereto In making such conversion the name of the association may be changed subject to the approval of the Commissioner of Banking and all its property real personal and mixed shall thereafter be vested in the bank of discount and deposit

Section 2 Notice of the intended conversion shall be given by the directors in two newspapers of general circulation in the county or place of business where the said association is located once a week for three weeks which notice shall be in the same form as now required for corporations originally organized as banks of discount and deposit

Section 3 The board of directors of the co-operative banking association making application for such change

shall draw up articles of association and an organization certificate in the same form and manner as required for corporations originally organized as banks of discount and deposit which shall be signed and executed by the majority of the directors under the seal of the association A copy of the articles of association shall be forwarded to the Attorney-General for his inspection and approval and if approved by him he shall endorse his approval thereon and transmit the same to the Commissioner of Banking to be filed in his office

Section 4 The certificate shall contain a statement that such certificate is made to enable the co-operative banking association to become a bank of discount and deposit and shall declare that the full paid capital stock of the association is not less than fifty thousand dollars and that two-thirds of the holders thereof have authorized the directors to make such certificate to change and convert the co-operative banking association into a bank of discount and deposit

Section 5 This certificate shall be acknowledged before a judge or notary public which certificate with the acknowledgment certified and authenticated by the seal of such court or notary public shall be transmitted after approval by the Attorney- General of the articles of association as hereinbefore directed to the commissioner of banking to be filed and recorded in his office Copies of said certificate duly certified by the comissioner of banking shall be conclusive evidence in all courts of the Commonwealth of the existence of such corporation and of every other matter or thing which could be proved by the production of the original certificate

Section 6 The Commissioner of Banking upon receipt of the articles of association with the approval thereon of the Attorney-General as aforesaid and the certificate hereinbefore provided shall cause an examination to be made in order to determine the condition of such association and after such examination it appears to him that the said association is in a satisfactory condition and that its full paid capital is not less than fifty thousand dollars he shall certify a copy of said certificate with his approval thereon endorsed to the Governor who shall upon receiving the same direct letters patent to issue in the usual form to the said association which shall thereupon have the same powers and privileges and be subject to the same duties responsibilities and regulations in all respects as other associations originally incorporated as banks of discount and deposit under the act of May thirteenth one thousand eight hundred seventy-six and the supplements thereto

Section 7 A majority of the directors after executing the articles of association and organization certificate shall have power to execute all other papers and to do whatever may be required to make its organization perfect and complete as a bank of discount and deposit The capital stock shall be divided into shares of not less than fifty dollars each

Section 8 That after any co-operative banking association has been converted or changed into a bank of discount and deposit and the Governor has issued letters patent any shareholder not assenting to such conversion may give notice in writing to the directors within thirty days from the date of the letters patent of his desire to withdraw from the said association in which case he shall be entitled to receive from the said bank the value of the shares so held by him and in case of a dispute as to such value the same shall be ascertained by an appraisal made by a committee of three persons one to be selected by such shareholder one by the directors and the third by the first two and in case the value so fixed shall not be satisfactory to any such shareholder he may appeal to the Commissioner of Banking who shall cause a re-appraisal to be made which shall be final and binding and should the said re-appraisal exceed the value fixed by said committee the bank shall pay the expense of the said re-appraisal and otherwise the appellant shall pay the said expense The value so ascertained and determined shall be deemed to be a debt due and be forthwith paid to said shareholder by said bank and the shares so surrendered and appraised shall be sold at not less than the par value within thirty days of such surrender or shall be cancelled and deducted from the capital stock of the association In case any such cancellation and deduction shall reduce the capital stock of the bank below the minimum of the capital required by law the capital stock shall within sixty days from date of such cancellation be increased to the required amount in default of which the Commissioner of Banking shall have authority to proceed as in other cases of impairment of capital of banking companies

Section 9 All claims liabilities and rights of actions which have accrued against the co-operative banking association may be prosecuted against the bank of discount and deposit in its new name to which it shall have been changed and all assets suits judgments choses and rights of action owned by said co-operative banking association may be collected and prosecuted in the name of the bank of discount and deposit to which it has been changed

Section 10 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 997 (Senate Bill No. 401), entitled:

An Act authorizing George F. Pawling a resident of the City of Philadelphia successor to Bergdoll and Pawling to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 886, as follows:

An Act amending an act entitled "An Act applicable to all counties of this Commonwealth to provide monthly payments as approved by the Trustees to indigent widowed or abandoned mothers for partial support of their children in their own homes The manner of appointment of the Trustees the administration of the trust amount of appropriations proportioning appropriations co-ordinate appropriations amounts to be paid form of records eligibility penalties and reports as set forth" approved April twenty-ninth nineteen hundred thirteen by limiting the provisions of said act to women whose husbands are dead or permanently insane and who have children under sixteen years of age and providing for uniformity of administration by the appointment of the State Supervisor over the Boards of Trustees of different counties and otherwise amending the provisions of said act

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That Section 1 of this act of April twenty-ninth nineteen hundred thirteen which reads as follows

"Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That on and after the passage of this bill and its approval by the Governor of the Commonwealth the Chief Executive shall appoint not less than five and not more than seven women residents of each county desiring to avail itself of the provisions of this act to act as Trustee in whom shall be intrusted the carrying into effect the provisions of this act to provide monthly payment as approved by the Trustees to indigent widowed or abandoned mothers for partial support of their children in their own home such payment to be made direct to the recipient by the State Treasurer upon warrants drawn by the Auditor General and direct to the recipient by the County Treasurer Such payments to continue at the will of the Trustees but not beyond the time that the law will permit a child to secure employment" be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That on and after the passage of this bill and its approval by the Governor of the Commonwealth the Governor shall appoint not less than five and not more than seven women whose terms of office shall expire May thirty-first three to serve for two years and two or four to serve for one year residents of each county desiring itself of the provisions of this act to act as Trustees in whom shall be intrusted the carrying into effect the provisions of this act to provide monthly payments as approved by the Trustees to women who have children under sixteen years of age and whose husbands are dead or permanently confined in institutions for the insane when such women are of good repute but poor and dependent on their own efforts for support as aid in supporting their children in their own homes such payment to be made direct to the recipient by the State Treasurer upon warrants drawn by the Auditor General and direct to the recipient by the County Treasurer Such payments to continue at the will of the Trustees but not beyond the time that the law will permit a child to secure employment except that such payments shall continue until a child is sixteen years of age if said child is physically unable to earn wages or is at school with satisfactory record of attendance and scholarship The Governor shall also appoint a woman qualified by her training and experience to act as State Spervisor over the boards of the different counties Said Supervisor shall furthermore act as general field organizer and she shall be on the staff of the State Board of Education The Supervisor may with the approval of the Governor appoint a clerk who shall receive an annual salary not exceeding twelve hundred dollars The term of office of said Supervisor shall be two years and her annual salary shall not exceed $2,400 and the necessary traveling and office expenses

Section 2 That Section two of the act of April twenty-ninth nineteen hundred thirteen which reads as follows:

"Section 2 The administration of this act shall lie solely in the hands of the trustees appointed annually by the Governor They shall serve without pay but shall be

permitted to charge for traveling expenses in making investigations of cases before a final recommendation is made to the Auditor General and county treasurer The Trustees shall provide a headquarters and appoint an investigator and stenographer (if necessary) also suitable furnishing stationery and postage but at no time shall the yearly expenses be more than three thousand dollars for counties with cities of the first class twenty-four hundred dollars for counties with cities of the second class eighteen hundred dollars for counties with cities of the third class and twelve hundred dollars for counties other than the aforesaid classes with the exceptions of the first year when the Trustees shall be permitted to expend an additional sum of not more than five hundred dollars if necessary for furnishings In order to carry the provisions of this act into effect an appropriation of two hundred thousand dollars from moneys not otherwise appropriated is hereby made proportioned to the counties of the Commonwealth according to their respective population in the census of one thousand nine hundred and ten by the Auditor General and State Treasurer upon the passage and approval of this bill the State Treasurer shall place the proportionate amount of the entire appropriation to the various counties upon the books of the State Treasury to the credit of the Trustees one half of which amount shall be available the first year after approval and the remainder the second year or until another appropriation shall become available provided however That no county through their Trustees or otherwise shall receive their allotment of the State's appropriation unless an equal amount has been provided by the government to such counties desiring the benefits of this act" be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Section 2 The State Supervisor and general field Organizer of the county boards shall formulate and issue to the various boards rules of procedure under the general law by which they shall be governed to the end that uniformity of interpretation and practice shall obtain throughout the State and to attain this end she shall visit not less than twice each year for conference and counsel each county board organized under this act she shall supervise and inspect and report annually to the State Board of Education on the work of the county boards especially as to the educational conditions and progress of the assisted families She shall as general field Organizer visit the officer of those counties who do not avail themselves in behalf of their counties of the funds appropriated under this act for the purpose of explaining the provisions of this act to those concerned in counties which have not taken advantage of the act and assist the county commissioners upon the acceptance by them of the provisions of this act in the organization of Mothers Assistance Boards But the administration of this act within the counties shall be solely in the hands of the Trustees appointed biennally by the Governor subject to the rules formulated and issued by the State Supervisor The Trustees shall serve without pay but shall be permitted to charge for expenses incurred directly in the administration of this act The Trustees shall provide a headquarters and appoint competent investigators and clerical assistants as necessary and provide suitable furnishings stationery and postage but at no time shall the yearly expenses of administration in any county exceed ten per cent of the appropriation of such county for that year (with the exception of the first year when the Trustees shall be permitted to expend an additional sum of not more than five hundred dollars) if necessary for furnishings In order to carry the provisions of this act into effect an appropriation of eight hundred thousand dollars from moneys not otherwise appropriated is hereby made proportioned to the counties of the Commonwealth according to the following classification:

First class—Counties with a population of more than one million shall each receive equal parts of thirty per cent of the entire appropriation

Second class—Counties with a population of more than two hundred thousand and less than one million shall receive equal parts of fifteen per centum of the entire appropriation

Third class—Counties with a population of more than one hundred thousand and less than two hundred thousand shall each receive equal parts of thirty per centum of the entire appropriation

Fourth class—Counties with a population of more than fifty thousand and less than one hundred thousand shall each receive equal parts of fifteen per centum of the entire population

Fifth class—Counties with a population of more than twenty-five thousand and less than fifty thousand shall each receive equal parts of seven per centum of the entire appropriation

Sixth class—Counties with a population of less than twenty-five thousand shall receive equal parts of three per centum of the entire appropriation

Upon the passage and approval of this bill the State Treasurer shall place the proportionate amount of the entire appropriation to the various counties upon the books of the State Treasury to the credit of the trustees one-half of which amount shall be available for the first year after approval and the remainder the second year or until another appropriation may become available provided however that no county through its trustees or otherwise shall receive its allotment of the State's appropriation unless an equal amount has been provided by the government of such county desiring the benefits under this act within a period of one year after passage and approval of this bill All of the funds so appropriated to various counties which have not availed themselves of the provisions of this act remaining at the expiration of said time shall revert to a fund which shall be available for further division among the counties that have already availed themselves of the provisions of the act providing however that the second allotment to any county does not exceed twenty-five per centum of the first amount appropriated to the county and that the government of said county appropriates an equal amount as in the first instance

Section 3 That section three of the act of April twenty-ninth nineteen hundred thirteen which reads as follows

"Section 3 The trustees shall in no case recommend payment to any widow or abandoned mother until they are thoroughly satisfied that the recipient is worthy in every way and that in order to keep her children in her own home a monthly payment is necessary but then only upon satisfactory report from the teacher in the district school stating that the child or children of the recipient of this fund are attending school provided they are of proper age and physically able to do so The combined total maximum payment shall not exceed twelve dollars per month for one child twenty dollars per month for two children twenty-six dollars per month for three children and five dollars per month for each additional child These payments to continue at the will of the trustees but not beyond the time that the law will permit a child to secure employment" be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows

Section 3 The trustees shall in no case recommend payment until they are satisfied that the recipient has proved her character and ability and that for decent maintenance of her children in her own home monthly payments are necessary but then only upon satisfactory report from a teacher in a school in which child or children are enrolled stating that the child or children of the recipient of this fund are attending school provided they are of proper age and physically able to do so The combined maximum payment shall not exceed twelve dollars per month for one child twenty dollars per month for two children twenty-six dollars per month for three children and five dollars per month for each additional child These payments to continue at the will of the trustees but not beyond the time that the law will permit a child to secure employment except that such payments may continue until a child is sixteen years of age if said child is physically unable to earn wages or is at school with satisfactory record of attendance and scholarship.

Section 4 That section four of the act of April twenty-ninth nineteen hundred and thirteen which reads as follows

Section 4 Four copies of a complete record of each family that is in receipt of any payment under the provisions of this act the number of children their full names ages and places of residence shall be provided One copy to be on file in the office of the trustees as a public record one copy to be kept as a record in the juvenile court and in the counties where no such court exists the records shall be kept on file in the orphans court and one copy to be forwarded with each application for a warrant to the Auditor General and one copy to the county treasurer The Copy to the Auditor General and the county treasurer shall be sworn to by the investigator and approved by a least a majority of the trustees" be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows

Section 4 Four copies of a complete record of each family that is in receipt of any payment under the provisions of this act the number of children their full names ages and places of residence shall be provided one copy to be on file in the office of the trustees as a public record one copy to be forwarded to the State Board of Education one copy to be forwarded with each application for a warrant to the Auditor General and one copy to the county treasurer The copy to the Auditor General and the county treasurer shall be sworn to by the investigator and approved by at least a majority of the trustees

Section 5 That section five of the act of April twenty-ninth nineteen hundred thirteen which reads as follows

"Section 5 No family shall be beneficiary under this act unless the mother has been a continuous resident of the county in which she is applying for the benefits under this act for a period of three years" be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows

Section 5 In order to prevent the alienation of citizenship of those who receive the benefits of this act no family shall be a beneficiary under this act unless the mother has been a continuous resident of the county in which she is applying for such benefits for a period of three years and unless she is a citizen of this country or submits legal evidence of her intention to become a citizen

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 981 (Senate Bill No. 282), entitled:

An Act providing for and regulating the validation of certain borough ordinances

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 918, as follows:

An Act to provide for the study by the Department of Labor and Industry of the question of minimum wages for women and minors

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives

of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the Department of Labor and Industry is hereby directed to investigate the working conditions of women and minors with special reference to the question of minimum wages and with special reference to the question of minimum wages for women and minors in Pennsylvania

Section 2 The department shall conclude its labors before the first day of September one thousand nine hundred and sixteen and shall render a written report thereof to the Governor not later than the first day of November one thousand nine hundred and sixteen

Section 3 The department shall cause five thousand copies of said report to be printed and cause the same to be distributed as widely as possible among the citizens of Pennsylvania in order to give publicity to the results of said investigation

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1023, as follows:

An Act to further amend the sixth section of an act approved April twenty-third Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and three entitled "An Act defining the powers of the several courts of quarter sessions of the peace within this Commonwealth with reference to the care treatment and control of dependent neglected incorrigible and delinquent children under the age of sixteen years and providing for the means in which such powers may be exercised" by providing that the court may direct that the clothing of and necessary medical and surgical attendance upon and the care of such child and its maintenance generally shall be paid by the proper county and may fix the amount which shall be paid for such board and clothing

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sixth section of an act approved April twenty-third Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and three entitled "An Act defining the powers of the several courts of quarter sessions of the peace within this Commonwealth with reference to the care treatment and control of dependent neglected incorrigible and delinquent children under the age of sixteen years and providing for the means in which such power may be exercised" which section as amended by the act approved the first day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven and by the act approved the twenty-fifth day of July Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen reads as follows

"Section 6 In the case of a delinquent dependent neglected or incorrigible child the court may continue the hearing from time to time and may commit the child to the care guardianship of a probation officer duly appointed by the court and may allow said child to remain in its own home subject to the visitation of the probation officer such child to report to the probation officer as often as may be required and subject to be returned to the court for further proceedings whenever such action may appear to be necessary or the court may commit the child to the care and guardianship of the probation officer to be placed in a suitable family home subject to the supervision of such probation officer or it may authorize the said probation officer to board out the said child in some suitable family home in case provision is made by voluntary contribution or otherwise for the payment of the board of such child or may direct that the payment of the board of such child be made by the proper county until a suitable provision may be made for the child in a home without such payment or the court may commit the child to a suitable institution for the care of delinquent children or to any society duly incorporated having for one of its objects the protection of dependent neglected or delinquent children and may direct that the payment of the board of such child shall be made by the proper county" be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows

Section 6 In case of a delinquent dependent neglected or incorrigible child the court may continue the hearing from time to time and may commit the child to the care and guardianship of a probation officer duly appointed by the court and may allow said child to remain in its own home subject to the visitation of the probation officer such child to report to the probation officer as often as may be required and subject to be returned to the court for further proceedings whenever such action may appear to be necessary or the court may commit the child to the care and guardianship of the probation officer to be placed in a suitable family home subject to the supervision of such probation officer or it may authorize the said probation officer to board out the said child in some suitable family home in case provision is made by voluntary contribution or otherwise for the payment of the board of such child or may direct that the payment of the board of such child be made by the proper county until a suitable provision may be made for the child in a home without such payment or the court may commit the child to a suitable institution for the care of delinquent children or to any society duly incorporated having for one of its objects the protection of dependent neglected or delinquent children "In any case of the commitment of a dependent neglected incorrigible or delinquent child under the provisions of this section the court committing such child may order and direct that the board and clothing of and necessary medical and surgical attendance upon and the care of such child and its maintenance generally shall be paid by the proper county and may fix the amount which shall be paid for such board and clothing

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 948 (Senate Bill No. 320), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-seventh day of June one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An act providing for the incorporation regulation and government of cities of the third class regulating nomination and election of municipal officers therein and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto"

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 998 (Senate Bill No. 402), entitled:

An Act providing for the payment of judgment and mortgages and other claims which are liens on property affected by public improvements or appropriated by the exercise of the right of eminent domain

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1010, as follows:

An Act to further amend an act approved the third day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-five entitled "An act authorizing the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to rebuild county bridges over navigable rivers and other streams which have been declared public highways by acts of Assembly where such bridges have been destroyed by flood fire or other casualty providing for the appointment of viewers and inspectors and the payment of the cost of rebuilding such bridges"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the first section of an act approved the third day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-five entitled "An Act authorizing the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to rebuild county bridges over navigable rivers and other streams which have been declared public highways by act of Assembly where such bridges have been destroyed by flood fire or other casualty providing for the appointment of viewers and inspectors and the payment of the cost of rebuilding such bridges" which as amended by an act approved the twenty-first day of April one thousand nine hundred three entitled "An Act to amend the first second third fourth and seventh sections of an act approved June third one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five entitled 'An Act authorizing the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to rebuild county bridges over navigable rivers and other streams which have been declared public highways by act of Assembly where such bridges have been destroyed by flood fire or other casualty providing for the appointment of viewers and inspectors and the payment of the cost of rebuilding such bridges" reads as follows:

"Section 1 That from and after the passage of this act the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania shall from time to time rebuild all bridges maintained owned and controlled by the several counties and known as county bridges which are now or may hereafter be erected over and across the navigable rivers and such other streams as have been declared public highways by act of Assembly which may hereafter be carried away or destroyed by flood or wind storm and rebuild the same in case the same are again carried away or destroyed from like cause'" is further amended to read as follows:

Section 1 That from and after the passage of this act the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania shall from time to time rebuild all bridges maintained owned and controlled by the several counties and known as county bridges and also bridges on or connecting portions of any state highway which bridges are now or may hereafter be erected over and across the navigable rivers and such other streams as have been declared public highways by act of Assembly which may hereafter be carried away or destroyed by flood or wind storm or become so decayed or unsafe as to require rebuilding

Section 2 The second section of said act which as amended as aforesaid reads as follows:

"Section 2 Whenever any such county bridge shall be so carried away or destroyed by flood or wind storm the county commissioners of the county in which such bridge may be located or when such bridge crosses the boundary line between two counties then the commissioners of both counties may apply by petition to the courts of common pleas of Dauphin county setting forth fully in said petition the location of such bridge the time when a bridge was first erected in the same location the time when the bridge

was carried away by flood or destroyed by wind storm the character of the bridge so carried away or destroyed and the probable cost of replacing the same Whereupon it shall be the duty of the court to appoint five viewers one of whom shall be a civil engineer and not more than two of whom shall be residents of the county wherein such bridge is proposed to be built The viewers so appointed after having been duly qualified to faithfully perform their duties shall proceed to view the location of the proposed bridge and make report at such time as the court may direct which report shall contain an accurate statement of the kind and character of the bridge carried away or destroyed which it is proposed to replace the length of time since the first bridge was built on the proposed location the length of the bridge together with a recommendation of the viewers as to the kind of bridge needed and the probable cost thereof and it shall be the duty of the said viewers to inquire whether the accommodations of the traveling public in the locality demands the rebuilding of said bridge Provided That the Attorney General shall have due notice of the time of filing the petition and the application for viewers and it shall be his duty to appear for and defend the interests of the Commonwealth in all such proceedings" is further amended to read as follows:

Section 2 Whenever any such county bridge shall be so carried away or destroyed by flood or wind storm or become so decayed or unsafe as to require rebuilding the county commissioners of the county in which such bridge may be located or when such bridge crosses the boundary line between two counties then the commissioners of both counties may apply by petition to the court of common pleas of Dauphin county setting forth fully in said petition the location of such bridge the time when a bridge was first erected in the same location the time when the bridge was carried away by flood or destroyed by wind storm or became so decayed or unsafe the character of the bridge so carried away destroyed decayed or unsafe and the probable cost of replacing the same Whereupon it shall be the duty of the court to appoint five viewers one of whom shall be a civil engineer and not more than two of whom shall be residents of the county wherein such bridge is proposed to be built The viewers so appointed after having been duly qualified to faithfully perform their duties shall proceed to view the location of the proposed bridge and make report at such time as the court may direct which report shall contain an accurate statement of the kind and character of the bridge carried away or destroyed which it is proposed to replace the length of time since the first bridge was built on the proposed location the length of the bridge together with a recommendation of the viewers as to the kind of bridge needed and the probable cost thereof and it shall be the duty of the said viewers to inquire whether the accommodations of the traveling public in the locality demands the rebuilding of said bridge Provided That the Attorney General shall have due notice of the time of filing the petition and the application for viewers and it shall be his duty to appear for and defend the interests of the Commonwealth in all such proceedings

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 952, as follows:

An Act providing that it shall be unlawful for any person or persons firm or corporation to have in use upon the public streets alleys and highways of the State of Pennsylvania commencing one hour after sunset and continuing until one hour before sunrise any vehicle or vehicles without being equipped with lights that can be observed from the front and rear of said vehicle and providing penalties for the violation of this act

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That on and after the first day of July one thousand nine hundred fifteen it shall be unlawful for any person or persons firm or corporation to have in use upon the public streets alleys and highways of the State of Pennsylvania commencing one hour after sunset and continuing until one hour before sunrise any vehicle or vehicles without the same being equipped with lights that can be observed from the front and rear of said vehicles

Section 2 This act does not apply to a vehicle propelled by hand or to a vehicle designed principally for the transportation of loose hay or straw when loaded

Section 3 Any person firm or corporation violating the provisions of this act shall upon conviction thereof before any magistrate alderman or justice of the peace pay a fine of not exceeding two dollars per day for each vehicle used in violation of this act said fine collectible as penalties are collectible by law Provided That the defendant person firm or corporations may appeal from the judgment of the magistrate alderman or justice of the peace upon allowance by the court of common pleas within five days from the date of the judgment

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 925, as follows:

An Act regulating the number grade appointment and assignment of employes in the Adjutant-General's Department and State Arsenal and fixing salaries of each

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from and after the first day of June nineteen hundred and fifteen the employes of the Adjutant-General's Department which shall include the employes of the State Arsenal shall be as follows and each be paid the following annual salaries

IN THE OFFICE OF THE ADJUTANT-GENERAL

One Deputy Adjutant-General at a salary of three thousand dollars per annum

One chief clerk at a salary of eighteen hundred dollars per annum

One bookkeeper at a salary of sixteen hundred dollars per annum

One clerk at a salary of fifteen hundred dollars per annum

Two clerks at a salary of fourteen hundred dollars each per annum

Three stenographers at a salary of twelve hundred dollars each per annum

One stenographer at a salary of one thousand dollars per annum

One messenger at a salary of twelve hundred dollars per annum

IN THE STATE ARSENAL

One keeper of State Arsenal at a salary of three thousand dollars per annum

One foreman at a salary of fifteen hundred dollars per annum

One bookkeeper at a salary of one thousand dollars per annum

Two clerks at a salary of nine hundred dollars each per annum

One stenographer at a salary of one thousand dollars per annum

One stenographer at a salary of nine hundred dollars per annum

One skilled tent-maker at a salary of twelve hundred dollars per annum

One skilled tent-maker at a salary of one thousand dollars per annum

One stockkeeper at a salary of twelve hundred dolars per annum

One shipping clerk at a salary of one thousand dollars per annum

One carpenter at a salary of twelve hundred dollars per annum

One carpenter at a salary of nine hundred dollars per annum

One machinist at a salary of one thousand dolars per annum

One painter at a salary of nine hundred dollars per annum

One tailor at a salary of nine hundred dollars per annum

Two canvas men at a salary of nine hundred dollars each per annum

Four laborers at a salary of nine hundred dollars each per annum

Two watchmen at a salary of eight hundred and forty dollars each per annum

Section 2 All employes in the office of the Adjutant-General and in the State Arsenal shall be appointed by the Adjutant-General who is hereby authorized to make such assignments to duty and to change or alter such assignments as may in his judgment be necessary to subserve the interests of the Commonwealth

Section 3 All salaries provided for in this act shall be paid as now provided by law

Section 4 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith be and the same are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 532, as follows:

An Act regulating the method of installment payments on conditional sales or on bailments with right to purchase regulating the issuing of writs of replevin therefor and prohibiting a waiver of the provisions of this act

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That whenever hereafter any goods or chattels shall be sold conditionally or shall be leased with an option in the vendee lessee or bailee of securing title to such goods or chattels by payments thereon in installments all such payments made on such sale or lease or bailment shall be applied to the payment to such goods or chattels in the chronological order of their purchase or lease and no writ of replevin shall issue for any goods sold or leased other than those not covered by such payments

Section 2 Any contract or agreement hereafter made containing a waiver of the provisions of the first section of this act shall be unlawful and void

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 962, entitled:

An Act relating to practice in the courts of common pleas in actions of assumpsit and trespass except actions for libel and slander prescribing the pleadings and procedure to be observed therein and giving the courts power to enforce its provisions

The first section was read and agreed to as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same from and after January first one thousand nine hundred and sixteen in actions of assumpsit and trespass except actions for libel and slander brought in any court of common pleas the procedure shall be as herein provided

The second section was read as follows:

THE PLEADINGS GENERALLY

Section 2 The pleadings shall consist of the plaintiff's statement of claim the defendant's affidavit of defense and where a set-off or counterclaim is pleaded the plaintiff's reply thereto When the affidavit of defense or where a set-off or counter-claim is pleaded the plaintiff's reply thereto is filed the pleadings shall be closed the case shall be deemed to be at issue and no replication or formal joinder of issue shall be required

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. BEYER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend Section 2 by adding after the word "closed" on line 7 the word "and"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The third, fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh, eighth, ninth, tenth, eleventh, twelfth, thirteenth, fourteenth, fifteenth, sixteenth, seventeenth, eighteenth, nineteenth, twentieth, twenty-first, twenty-second, tweny-third and twenty-fourth sections were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 3 Pleas in abatement pleas of the general issue payment payment with leave set-off the bar of the statute of limitations and all other pleas are abolished Defences heretofore raised by these pleas shall be made in the affidavit of defence

Section 4 Demurrers are abolished Questions of law heretofore raised by demurrer shall be raised in the affidavit of defence as provided in section twenty

Section 5 Every pleading shall contain and contain only a statement in a concise and summary form of the material facts on which the party pleading relies for his claim or defence as the case may be but not the evidence by which they are to be proved or inferences or conclusions of law and shall be divided into paragraphs numbered consecutively each of which shall contain but one material allegation Every pleading shall have attached to it copies of all notes contracts book entries or a particular reference to the records of any court within the county in which the action is brought if any upon which the party pleading relies for his claim or defence as the case may be and a particular reference to such record or to the record of any deed or mortgage or other instrument of writing recorded in such county shall be sufficient in lieu of a copy thereof

Section 6 Every allegation of fact in the plaintiff's statement of claim or in the defendant's set-off or counter claim if not denied specifically or by necessary implication in the affidavit of defence or plaintiff's reply as the case may be shall be taken to be admitted except as against an infant a person of unsound mind or one sued in a representative capacity as provided in section seven and except as provided in section thirteen

Section 7 When the affidavit of defence or plaintiff's reply is made by an executor administrator guardian committee or other person sued in a representative capacity he need only state the facts he admits to be true and that he believes there is a just and legal defence to the remainder and the facts upon which he bases his belief

Section 8 It shall not be sufficient for a defendant in his affidavit of defence to deny generally the allegations of the statement of claim or for a plaintiff in his reply to to deny generally the allegations in a defence by way of counter-claim but each party shall answer specifically each allegation of fact of which he does not admit the truth except as provided in sections seven and thirteen

Section 9 The statement of claim shall be as brief as the nature of the case will admit and shall be drawn in accordance with the provisions of this act In actions on contracts it shall state whether the contract was oral or in writing It shall be signed or sworn to by the plaintiff or some person having knowledge of the facts and if there be an attorney shall be signed by his attorney

Section 10 The statement of claim shall be endorsed as follows

"To the within defendant

"You are required to file an affidavit of defence to this statement within fifteen days from the service hereof the day of service to count as the first day"

This notice shall be followed by the name of the plaintiff's attorney or by his own name if he sues in person and an address within the county where all papers are to be served

Section 11 If the plaintiff avers that the defendant has received moneys as agent trustee or in any other capacity for which he is bound to account to the plaintiff or if the plaintiff is unable to state the exact amount due him by the defendant by reason of the defendant's failure to account to him the plaintiff may ask for an account

AFFIDAVIT OF DEFENCE

Section 12 The defendant shall file an affidavit of defence to the statement of claim within fifteen days from the day when the statement was served upon him the day of service to count as the first day The affidavit of defence shall be as brief as the nature of the case will admit and shall be drawn in accordance with the provisions of this act It shall be sworn to by the defendant or some person having knowledge of the facts It shall be served upon the plaintiff or his attorney at the address for the service of papers indorsed on the statement of claim and shall be indorsed with the name of the defendant's attorney or of the defendant if he defends in person and an address within the county where all papers are to be served

Section 13 In actions of trespass the averments in the statement of the facts constituting the commission of the alleged tort and averments relating to damages claimed or their amount need not be answered or denied but such averments shall be deemed to be put in issue in all cases unless expressly admitted

SET-OFF AND COUNTER-CLAIM

Section 14 In actions of assumpsit a defendant may set off or set up by way of counter-claim against the claim of the plaintiff any right or claim for which an action of assumpsit would lie and such set-off or counter-claim shall have the same effect as a cross-action If in any case in which the defendant sets up a counter-claim for which he might have a certificate in his favour the action of the plaintiff is discontinued dismissed or a voluntary nonsuit suffered the counter-claim nevertheless may be proceeded with

PLAINTIFF'S REPLY

Section 15 When the defendant in his affidavit of defence sets up a set-off or counter-claim against the plaintiff the plaintiff within fifteen days from the day of service of the affidavit of defence upon him the day of service to count as the first day shall file an answer under oath which shall be called "Plaintiff's Reply" which shall be served upon the defendant or his attorney at the address for the service of papers indorsed on the affidavit of defence In such cases the affidavit of defence shall be indorsed as follows

"To the within plaintiff

"You are required to file a reply to the defendant's set-off (or counter-claim as the case may be) within fifteen days from the service hereof the day of service to count as the first day"

The set-off or counter-claim shall be regarded as the defendant's statement of claim and the plaintiff's reply as an affidavit of defence thereto and both shall be drawn in accordance with the provisions of this act

Section 16 Neither party shall be permitted at the trial to make any defence except that set forth in the affidavit of defence or plaintiff's reply as the case may be except as provided in sections seven and thirteen

MOTION FOR JUDGMENT

Section 17 In actions of assumpsit the prothonotary may enter judgment for want of an affidavit of defence or for any amount admitted or not denied to be due The plaintiff may take a rule for judgment for want of a sufficient affidavit of defence to the whole of any part of his claim and the court shall enter judgment or discharge the rule as justice may require When the defendant sets up a set-off or counter-claim he may move for judgment against the plaintiff for want of a reply or for want of a sufficient reply to the whole or any part of the set-off or counter-claim and the court may enter judgment in favor of the plaintiff or the defendant for such amount as shall be found due with leave to proceed for the balance

Section 18 In actions of trespass when the defendant fails to file an affidavit of defence within the required time the case shall be deemed to be at issue and may be ordered upon the trial list

Section 19 When the plaintiff asks for an account and moves for judgment for want of an affidavit of defence or for want of a sufficient affidavit of defence the court may enter an order for an account which may be enforced by attachment or otherwise and judgment may be entered for the amount shown to be due in favor of the plaintiff or the defendant

PROCEEDINGS IN LIEU OF DEMURRER

Section 20 The defendant in the affidavit of defence may raise any point of law and any point so raised may be set down for hearing and disposed of before trial If in the opinion of the court the decision of such point of law substantially disposes of the whole action or of any distinct part thereof the court may enter judgment for the defendant or make such other order therein as may be just

Section 21 The court upon motion or of its own motion may strike from the record a pleading which does not conform to the provisions of this act and may allow an amendment or a new pleading to be filed upon such terms as may be just

Section 22 The court in its discretion upon motion and notice to the opposite party or his attorney may extend the time fixed by this act for the filing or service of any pleading

Section 23 The courts of common pleas shall make such rules as they deem advisable for the proper enforcement of this act

Section 24 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions hereof are repealed

The title was read as follows:

An Act relating to practice in the courts of common pleas in actions of assumpsit and trespass prescribing the pleadings and procedure to be observed therein and giving the courts power to enforce its provisions

On the question,

Will the House agree to the title?

Mr. BEYER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend the title by adding after the word "trespass on line 2 the words "except actions for libel and slander"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the title as amended?

It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to as amended,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1017, as follows:

An Act relating to the resignation and appointment of councilmen in boroughs

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it duties of said board and regulating appeals from the decision thereof boroughs whether incorporated under general or special law may resign their office by a written resignation filed with the council of such borough or with the court of common pleas of the county provided however that in case any such resignation be filed with said council it shall be the duty of the council of such borough to forthwith certify the said resignation to the common pleas court of the county

Section 2 When the resignation of a councilman is filed with the court such filing shall create a vacancy in said office of councilman and the court shall within ten days after such filing fill such vacancy until the first Monday of January succeeding the next municipal election at which election a successor shall be elected for the unexpired term

Section 3 All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with this act are repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 527, as follows:

An Act requiring light heat and power companies to furnish upon application presented certain persons with light heat or power and providing a penalty for refusing same

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That whenever any five or more persons over whose land a light heat and power company has a right of way present an application to such company requesting the furnishing of light heat or power the company shall furnish to such persons all light heat or power required and the rates charged for same shall not exceed the usual rates

Section 2 Any light heat and power company refusing to comply with the provisions of this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and shall upon conviction thereof be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than one thousand dollars

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 849, as follows:

An Act amending section three of an act entitled "An Act to prohibit the receiving and detaining of children in almshouses and poorhouses and to provide for the care and education of such children" approved the thirteenth day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three by extending same to poor districts now maintaining almshouses and hospitals for the treatment of indigent tubercular and insane persons

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section three of an act entitled "An Act to prohibit the receiving and detaining of children in almshouses and to provide for the care and education of such children" which reads as follows

"Section 3 It shall be lawful for any county or for two or more counties in this Commonwealth acting together to establish and maintain an industrial home for the care and training of children but such institution or home shall be remote from any almshouse or poorhouse and entirely disconnected from the same and under separate management from the keeper of the poorhouse" is hereby amended so as to read

Section 3 It shall be lawful for any county or for two or more counties in this Commonwealth acting together or for any poor district in said Commonwealth which now maintains an almshouse and hospitals for the treatment of indigent tubercular and insane patients to establish and maintain an industrial home for the care and training of indigent children and to receive and retain in such home any indigent child between the age of two and sixteen years unless such child be an unteachable idiot an epileptic or a paralytic or otherwise so disabled or deformed as to render it incapable of labor or service but such industrial institution or home shall be remote from any almshouse or poorhouse or hospitals for the treatment of indigent tubercular and insane persons and entirely disconnected from the same and under separate management from the keeper of the poorhouse and the superintendent of the hospitals for the treatment of indigent tubercular and insane persons

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 961, as follows:

An Act imposing certain liabilities on persons firms and corporations in cities of the second class for the cost of extinguishing fires which occur through their criminal intent design or willful negligence or where they have not complied with any law ordinance or other lawful regulation for the prevention of fire or the spreading thereof providing a method for the ascertainment of such cost and the manner of collecting the same

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it hereby enacted by the authority of the same That where a fire originates on the

premises occupied by any person firm or corporation as a result of his or its criminal intent design or willful negligence or where said person firm or corporation has failed to comply with any law or ordinance of said cities or any lawful regulation or requirement of any State or municipal authority enacted or made for the prevention of fire or the spreading thereof such person firm or corporation shall in addition to the present penalties for the punishment of persons convicted of arson or the payment of any fine or penalty for the violation of any law ordinance or lawful regulation or requirement of any State or municipal authority enacted or made for the prevention of fire or the spreading thereof be liable in a civil action to said cities for the payment of all costs and expenses of the fire departments of said cities incurred in and about the use of employes apparatus and materials in the extinguishment of or any attempt to extinguish any fire originating as aforesaid The amount of such costs and expenses shall be determined by the Director of the Department of Public Safety based upon the wages of the firemen and other officers for the time they were engaged in the extinguishment or the attempt to extinguish such fire a reasonable amount as rental for the use of the apparatus of said city and the cost of the water or other materials used in the extinguishment or the attempt to extinguish such fire with an additional amount of ten per centum on the total amount as aforesaid as supervisory or overhead charges all of which shall be paid into the City Treasury for the use of said cities

Section 2 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with this act be and the same are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 985 (Senate Bill No. 294), entitled:

An Act to further protect the rights and liberty of the people of this Commonwealth when under arrest upon a bailable criminal charge making its infraction a misdemeanor and providing punishment therefor

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 983 (Senate Bill No. 287), entitled:

An Act to validate all sales public and private and all mortgages of real estate of decedents heretofore made under authority of orphans courts upon petition of executors or administrators

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 955, as follows:

An Act to amend an act approved the fourth day of May one thousand eight hundred and fifty-five entitled "An Act relating to certain duties and rights of husband and wife and parents and children"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the fifth section of an act approved the fourth day of May one thousand eight hundred and fifty-five entitled "An Act relating to certain duties and rights of husband and wife and parents and children" which reads as follows:

"Section 5 That no husband who shall have as aforesaid for one year or upwards previous to the death of his wife wilfully neglected or refused to provide for his wife or shall have for that period or upwards wilfully and maliciously deserted her shall have the right to claim any right or title in her real or personal estate after her decease as tenant by the courtesy or under the intestate laws of this Commonwealth" is amended to read as follows:

Section 5 That no husband who shall have as aforesaid for one year or upwards previous to the death of his wife wilfully neglected or refused to provide for his wife or shall have for that period or upwards wilfully and maliciously deserted her shall have the right to claim any right or title in her real or personal estate after her decease as tenant by the courtesy or under the intestate laws of this Commonwealth

No wife shall have for one year or upwards previous to the death of her husband wilfully and maliciously deserted her husband shall have the right to claim any right or title in his real or personal estate after his decease under the intestate laws of this Commonwealth

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 590, as follows:

An Act to prescribe the conditions and restrictions under which public vaults crypts or mausoleums for the interment of human bodies may be constructed and maintained and fixing penalties for failure to comply therewith

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That

1 After the passage of this act no person firm or corporation shall build construct or erect any mausoleum vault crypt or structure intended to hold or contain the bodies of the dead which shall be wholly or partially above the surface of the ground unless and until the following requirements and conditions have been fully complied with and fulfilled in every particular

2 Before commencing the building construction or erection of the same full detailed plans and specifications of such structure shall be presented to the State Department of Health of this State for the examination and approval of said Commissioner of Health Before approving such plans and specifications said Commissioner of Health shall be satisfied as to the following facts (a) that the same provide for a structure so arranged that every part thereof may be readily examined at any time by such Department of Health or by the health officer of any county or city wherein such structure may be erected (b) that proper provision is made for hermetically and permanently sealing each individual crypt or cell after the placing of the deceased body therein in such a way that no injurious or offensive odor or effluvia may escape therefrom (c) that the materials of which it is intended to construct the same shall be of the best quality obtainable and of the character best suited for the respective purposes for which they are intended The approval of said plans materials and specifications by the said Department of Health shall be evidenced by a certificate in writing signed by the State Commissioner of Health and such signed approval together with the detailed plans and specifications so approved shall before commencing work on such structure be filed in the office of the prothonotary of the county wherein such structure is to be erected and there remain as a public record

3 The process of erection of such structure mausoleums or crypt shall be at all times under the personal supervision of an inspector Such inspector shall be appointed by the State Department of Health and his compensation shall be fixed and determined and paid to him by the Commissioner of Health who is hereby authorized and empowered to pay same without further direction but said compensation shall be paid to the said State Department of Health by the person firm or corporation erecting such structure in monthly installments as the work proceeds It shall be the duty of such inspector to see that the approved plans are followed in every detail and that the approved specifications are complied with in every particular No departure or deviation from the original plans and specifications shall be permitted except upon approval of the State Department of Health evidenced and filed in like manner and form as the approval of the original plans and specifications

4 No mausoleum vault crypt or structure so erected as aforesaid shall be used for the purpose of interring or depositing therein any dead body until there shall have been obtained from the State Department of Health a final certificate signed by the Commissioner of Health and also the inspector who inspected the construction thereof stating that the plans and specifications as filed have been complied with and followed in every particular and until such certificate shall be filed with the prothonotary of the county

5 Before or at the time of the completion of any structure aforesaid the person firm or corporation so constructing same shall pay to a trustee appointed by the court of common pleas of the county in which the same is located and who has given security as directed by the court a sum equal to twenty per centum of the price fixed for each crypt to be sold said trustee to permanently invest the said fund and use the interest arising therefrom in the care and maintenance of said structure and also any necessary expense and services of the said trustee or salary for person to permanently care for the structure

6 It is distinctly understood that the Department of Health of the State shall be in no way held responsible for any liability resulting from permission by it given as hereinbefore provided

7 Any person member of a firm or any officer or director of a corporation which or who shall fail to comply with each and every provision of this act shall be personally liable therefor and shall upon conviction thereof

be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and sentenced to pay all costs and a fine of not less than one thousand dollars ($1,000.00) nor more than the twenty per centum required to be paid to said trustee as provided in section five of this act or be imprisoned in the county jail of the respective county for a term of not less than six months or more than one year Provided however That the provisions of the act shall not apply to temporary receiving vaults and Provided further that the provisions of this act shall not apply to vaults crypts or mausoleums intended only for one person or family or the relatives thereof by blood or marriage

8 The fine when collected as aforesaid shall be paid to the trustee and be used as provided in section five of this act

9 This act shall take effect immediately

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 253, as follows:

An Act to amend section four of article two of an act approved the eighth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one entitled "An Act amending article two of an act entitled 'An Act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the anthracite coal mines of Pennsylvania and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith' approved the second day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one" increasing the per diem pay of the members of the Mine Inspectors' Examining Boards and providing for their expenses

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section four of article two of an act approved the eighth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one entitled "An Act amending article two of an act entitled 'An Act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the anthracite coal mines of Pennsylvania and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith' approved the second day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one" which reads as follows

"Section 4 The said board of examiners shall be composed of three reputable coal miners in actual practice and two reputable mining engineers all of whom shall be appointed at the first term of court in each year to hold their places during the year Any vacancies that may occur in the board of examiners shall be filled by the court as they occur The said board of examiners shall be permitted to engage the services of a clerk and they together with the clerk shall each receive the sum of five dollars per day for every day they are actually engaged in the discharge of their duties under this appointment and mileage at the rate of six cents per mile from their home to the place of meeting and return by the nearest practicable railway route" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 4 The said board of examiners shall be composed of three reputable coal miners in actual practice and two reputable mining engineers all of whom shall be appointed at the first term of court in each year to hold their places during the year Any vacancies that may occur in the board of examiners shall be filled by the court as they occur The said board of examiners shall be permitted to engage the services of a clerk and they together with the clerk shall each receive the sum of ten dollars per day for every day they are actually engaged and all necessary expenses incurred in the discharge of their duties under this appointment

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 70, as follows:

An Act to amend the second section of an act of Assembly entitled "An Act authorizing the Bureau of Health in cities of the first class to make and promulgate rules and regulations for the sanitary keeping of stables and other places in such cities where horses mules cows sheep goats or swine are kept and for the collecting storing and transporting of manure from such animals providing that no manure shall be collected or stored in any stable manure-pit or other place without a permit or transported in violation of said rules and regulations making a violation of the act or of said rules and regulations a misdemeanor prescribing penalties therefor and repealing inconsistent acts" approved the twenty-fifth day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen so as to permit the deposit of manure on wharves and piers for shipment beyond the limits of such cities

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the second section of an act approved the twenty-fifth day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act authorizing the bureau of health in cities of the first class to make and promulgate rules and regulations for the sanitary keeping of stables and other places in such cities where horses mules cows sheep goats or swine are kept and for the collecting storing and transporting of manure from such animals providing that no manure shall be collected or stored in any stable manure-pit or other place without a permit or transported in violation of said rules and regulations making a violation of the act or of said rules and regulations a misdemeanor prescribing penalties therefor and repealing inconsistent acts" which reads as follows:

"Section 2 No manure from such animals or any of them shall be collected or stored in any stable stall manure-pit wharf or other place in any such city without a permit from the bureau of health of such city or contrary to the terms of said permit or contrary to said rules and regulations nor shall any such manure be transported through any such city or any part thereof except in accordance with said rules and regulations" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 2 No manure from such animals or any of them shall be collected or stored in any stable stall manure-pit or other place in such city without a permit from the bureau of health of such city or contrary to the terms of said permit or contrary to said rules and regulations except on a wharf or pier for shipment beyond the limits of such city nor shall any such manure be transported through any such city or any part thereof except in accordance with said rules and regulations

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 433, as follows:

An Act defining trading stamps as including stamps coupons tickets cards certificates and other similar devices given with a sale or bailment of merchandise regulating and licensing the sale furnishing and giving of trading stamps and providing penalties for the violation thereof

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the term "trading stamp" when used in this act includes any coupon stamp certificate ticket card or other device furnished by a vendor of merchandise together with merchandise as an inducement for the sale thereof and which stamp certificate coupon card ticket or other device is redeemable in or accepted for personal property or money by the vendor or by any person or firm or corporation other than the vendor The word "person" includes individuals co-partnerships corporations and associations The word "sale" includes a conditional sale and a bailment

Section 2 No person shall sell give or furnish trading stamps intended for use in or with the sale of merchandise to a merchant or vendor of merchandise unless the person selling giving or furnishing trading stamps shall have obtained a license therefor from the county treasurer And no merchant or vendor of merchandise shall sell give or furnish trading stamps for use in or with the sale of merchandise unless the merchant or vendor of merchandise selling giving or furnishing trading stamps shall have obtained a license therefore from the county treasurer

Section 3 The license herein provided for shall be valid only for the calendar year for which issued No license shall be issued except upon a written application which shall set forth the name and business address of the applicant The application shall be accomplished by a license fee of two thousand dollars One-fourth of the money received from such license shall be paid monthly into the State Treasury The remaining three-fourths shall be retained by the county and devoted to the construction maintenance and repair of county bridges in the county

Section 4 The license shall permit the selling or furnishing of trading stamps only at one place of business in the county If the applicant for a license has more than one place of business in the county a separate license shall be required for each place Every building or part of a building shall be deemed a separate place of business where trading stamps are sold or furnished or where the personol property to be exchanged for the trading stamps is exhibited

Section 5 Any person violating any of the provisions of this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof the person if an individual or the members of a co-partnership or association or the officers and directors of a corporation as the case may be with guilty knowledge of the fact shall each be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than one thousand dollars nor more than five thousand dollars or to undergo an imprisonment not exceeding two years or both in the discretion of the court

Section 6 This act shall become effective on the first day of July one thousand nine hundred and fifteen

Section 7 All acts or parts of acts supplied herewith or inconsistent herewith be and the same are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 871, as follows:

An Act authorizing appointments of clerks and stenographers by district attorneys in certain counties and regulating their compensation out of the county treasury

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That in each county having a population of not less than twenty-five thousand inhabitants and not more than fifty thousand inhabitants the district attorney may appoint a stenographer to perform such clerical duties in his office as he may designate and may expend for the salary of said stenographer a sum not exceeding four hundred and fifty dollars per annum This sum may be expended for the permanent salary of a stenographer or it may be expennded for special services of a stenographer or it may be expended for special services of a stenographer as the district attorney may determine When the bill or bills of the stenographer are approved by the district attorney the same shall be paid out of the county treasury upon a certificate issued by the district attorney and directed to the county controller who shall issue warrants for the payment of the same according to law In counties having no controller the certificate shall be issued by the district attorney directed to the county treasurer who shall pay it according to law

Section 2 In each county having a population of not less than fifty thousand inhabitants and not more than one hundred thousand inhabitants the district attorney may appoint a stenographer to perform such clerical duties in his office as he designates and may expend for the salary of the stenographer a sum not exceeding nine hundred dollars pr annum This sum may be expended for the permanent salary of a stenographer or it may be expended for special services of a stenographer as the district attorney may determine When the bill or bills of said stenographer are approved by the district attorney the same shall be paid out of the county treasury upon a certificate issued by the district attorney and directed to the controller of the county who shall issue warrants for the payment of the same according to law In counties having no controller said certificate shall be issued by the district attorney directed to the treasurer of such county who shall thereupon pay the same according to law

Section 3 In each county having a population of not less than one hundred thousand inhabitants and not more than two hundred thousand inhabitants the district attorney may appoint a stenographer to perform such clerical duties in his office as he may designate and may expend for the salary of said stenographer a sum not exceeding twelve hundred dollars per annum This sum may be expended for the permanent salary of a stenographer or it may be expended for special services of a stenographer as the district attorney may determine When the bill or bills of said stenographer are approved by the district attorney the same shall be paid out of the county treasury upon a certificate issued by the district attorney and directed to the county controller who shall issue warrants for the payment of the same according to law

In counties having no controller said certificate shall be issued by the district attorney directed to the county treasurer who shall pay it according to law

Section 4 In each county having a population of not less than two hundred thousand inhabitants and not more than seven hundred thousand inhabitants the district attorney may appoint a chief clerk and stenographer to attend to such clerical duties in his office as he may designate The chief clerk shall receive a salary to be fixed by the district attorney not to exceed eighteen hundred dollars per annum and the stenographer shall receive a salary to be fixed by the district attorney not to exceed twelve hundred dollars per annum The chief clerk and stenographer shall be paid monthly upon certificates issued by the district attorney and directed to the county controller who shall issue warrants therefor according to law In counties having no controller the certificate of the district attorney for the payment of such salaries shall be directed to the county treasurer who shall pay it according to law

Section 5 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 743, as follows:

An Act authorizing the orphans' court to reduce under certain circumstances the bond of any fiduciary imposing duties on registers of wills in connection therewith

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That as used in this act the term "fiduciary" shall include trustees administrators guardians and executors whether domiciliary or ancillary whose accounts are required by law to be audited by the orphans' court of any county of this Commonwealth

Section 2 Whenever any fiduciary has heretofore given or shall hereafter have given any bond conditioned for the due performance of his duties or for the accounting for money in his hands and in the opinion of such fiduciary or of any creditor, beneficiary or other party in interest the amount of such bond is greater than the exigencies of said trust require such fiduciary creditor or beneficiary or other party in interest may present his petition to the orphans' court of the proper county setting forth the circumstances upon which his opinion is based and praying that such bond be reduced to an amount which shall be stated in the petition

Section 3 At the hearing of said petition after such notice as the court may require if any the court may at its discretion reduce the bond to such an amount as it may deem proper and necessary to give adequate protection to all parties concerned but not to an amount lower than that specified in said petition

Section 4 The cost of said proceeding shall at the discretion of the court be paid out of the estate to protect which said bond was given or may be placed upon the petitioner

Section 5 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 205, as follows:

An Act to regulate the practice of optometry in the State of Pennsylvania to provide for the establishment of a Board of Optometric Examiners to provide for the examining and licensure of optometrists in this State to provide for the enforcement of the provisions thereof by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure of the Department of Public Instruction and to provide penalties for the violation of this act

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the practice of optometry is hereby defined to be the employment of any means other than the use of drugs medicine or surgery for the measurement of vision and the adaptation of lenses for the correction and aid therefore and also the employment of any means except the means of drugs medicine or surgery for the purpose of detecting diseased conditions in the human eye

Section 2 No person shall hereafter practice optometry nor use the title optometrist in the State of Pennsylvania unless he shall first have obtained a certificate so to do from the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure and filed the same for record or a certified copy thereof with the prothonotary or clerk of the city or county of his residence as well as in the Department of Public Instruction at Harrisburg It shall be constructed as practicing optometry for any person to prescribe give instruction or advise as to the fitness or adaption of a pair of spectacles eye-glasses or lenses for another person to wear for the correction or relief of any non-diseased condition for which a pair of spectacles eye-glasses or lenses are used

Section 3 Every person who is actually engaged in the practice of optometry in the State of Pennsylvania at the time of the passage of this act shall within six months thereafter file an affidavit in proof thereof with the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure of the Department of Public Instruction and shall satisfy the Bureau of their competency by an examination in practical and theoretical optics conducted by a board of examiners consisting of practicing optometrists who have been engaged in optometry for at least five years and who shall be appointed by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure fees for meeting expenses of said board and carrying out the provisions of this act to be not more than ten dolars per day for each examiner and expenses Provided That any one who has practiced optometry continuously within the State of Pennsylvania for a period of five years or more prior to the passage of this act and can establish this fact by proper evidence shall forthwith and without any examination whatever receive a license

Section 4 Any person entitled to a certificate as provided for in section three of this act who shall not within six months after the passage thereof make written application to the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure for such certificate accompanied by a written statement signed by him and duly verified before an officer authorized to administer oaths within this State fully setting forth the grounds upon which he claims such certificate shall be deemed to have waived his right to a certificate under these provisions or refusal on the part of any such person hold-

ing such certificate under the provisions of such sections to file same for record as hereinafter provided for three months after the issuance thereof shall forfeit the same

Section 5 After the passage of this act it shall be unlawful for any person not provided for in the preceding sections to practice optometry in the State of Pennsylvania or to hold himself or herself as being an optometrist without having first qualified at a state examination in optometry to be held under the direction of the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure Applicants for licensure under the provision of this act shall furnish prior to any examination by the said Bureau satisfactory proof that he or she is twenty-one years of age is of good moral character is not addicted to the intemperate use of alcohol or any narcotic drug and has a general education of not less than a standard two year high school course which shall have been acquired prior to beginning the study of optometry and which shall be acceptable to the Bureau of Professional Education of the State of Pennsylvania and have had not less than two years' optometry work in the office of a licensed optometrist and not less than two years' instruction in an approved optical school or college the dean or proper officer of which school or college having certified that the applicant has successfully passed each of said respective courses Such examination shall be confined to such knowledge as is essential to the practice of optemetry and shall include the general principles of anatomy and physiology and the anatomy and physiology of the eye all branches of optics as it applies to optometry theoretically applied optics and diagnosis and symptomatology as applied to the eye Each person shall pay at the time of the filing of his application the sum of twenty-five dollars ($25) to the treasurer of the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure If an applicant be rejected at the examination he shall be entitled to another examination not less than six months and not more than two years thereafter for the fee first paid and if the said applicant does not apply and successfully pass the examination within six months or before two years he shall proceed to make a new application and pay an additional fee of twenty-five dollars ($25) as herein provided

Section 6 Every person to whom a certificate is granted shall display the same in a conspicuous part of his office where the practice of optometry is conducted Every person licensed to practice under this act shall deliver whenever he may make an examination prescribe or furnish spectacles eye-glasses or lenses to any person outside of or away from his place of business a statement which shall contain his home address and number of his certificate of registration or examination soliciting or peddling from door to door or the establishment of temporary offices being hereby forbidden under penalty of revocation of certificate by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure

Section 7 Out of the funds coming into the possession of said Bureau the expenses necessary for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this act shall be paid and the balance of said funds shall be paid into the State Treasury said funds to be accounted for each year to the Auditor General

Section 8 Recipients of certificates shall present the same to the prothonotary or clerk of the county in which they may permanently reside and shall pay a fee of fifty cents for recording same said prothonotary or clerk shall record the said certificate in a book to be provided by him for that purpose Any person so licensed removing his residence from one county to another in this State shall before engaging in practice of optometry in such county obtain from the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure a certified copy of his cetrificate for which he shall pay the sum of five dollars ($5) and shall before commencing practice in such county or city present the same for recording to the prothonotary or clerk of such county or city to which he removes and pay the clerk thereof for recording same a fee of thirty cents Any failure neglect or refusal upon the part of any person holding such certificate to file same of record as hereinbefore provided for within three months after issuance thereof shall forfeit same

Section 9 The Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure may revoke any certificate issued because of previous practice prior to the passage of this act or issued under qualifications demanded under the act of examination granted by it under this act because of violation of the provisions of this act wilful misrepresentation illegal practice conviction of crime involving moral turpitude habitual drunkenness or addiction to any drug habit for six months preceding the charge and the Bureau may refuse to grant a certificate to any person found guilty of fraud in passing the examination or guilty at any time of felony gross immorality or addicted to the liquor or drug habit to such a degree as to render him unfit to practice the profession of optometry or on the conviction of any crime involving moral turpitude but no certificate shall be revoked unless written charges have been filed against the accused and at least ten days' written notice of the time and place of the hearing thereon which shall be public served upon the accused and he be given an opportunity to confront the witness against him offer testimony in his own behalf and be heard in person or by counsel Witness at such hearing shall testify under oath and the bureau may enforce the attendance of witnesses The bureau may at any time after the expiration of ninety days from its revocation issue a new certificate to any one whose certificate has been revoked when it is made to satisfactorily appear to the bureau that the disqualification has been removed or ceased to exist

Section 10 It shall be unlawful for any person to knowingly sell or prescribe glasses for persons with diseased eyes or children under eight years of age except it be on an order of or advice from a registered physician It shall not be construed as a violation of this section for a person to sell a duplicate or replace glasses for such cases cited in this section

Section 11 Any person who shall violate any of the preceding provisions of this act shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be fined not more than one hundred dollars ($100) or imprisoned not more than thirty days or both fined and imprisoned in the discretion of the court any person who shall be convicted a second time shall be fined not less than one hundred dollars ($100) or more than five hundred dollars ($500) within the discretion of the court and his license shall be revoked by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure

Section 12 Any person holding a license under this act who shall attach to his name or use the title M D surgeon doctor physician eye specialist oculist ophthalmologist doctor of ophthalmology doctor of optometry doctor of optics or any title containing the word doctor or the abbreviation Dr or any word or abbreviation that will or can convey the impression that he is engaged in the treatment of diseases or injuries of the human eye or make use of drugs medicine or surgery in the practice of optometry shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be fined not more than two hundred dollars ($200) or imprisoned not more than three months or both fined and imprisoned within the discretion of the court and his license shall be revoked by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure of the Department of Public Instruction

Section 13 The provisions of this act shall not apply nor be construed to apply to persons who sell spectacles eyeglasses or lenses as merchandise or to opticians who furnish glasses at an order from an oculist or to physicians and surgeons who are authorized to practice in this State or to dealers in spectacles eyeglasses or lenses who neither practice nor profess to practice optometry as defined in this act

Section 14 This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and that all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith be and are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

SENATE MESSAGE.

AMENDED HOUSE BILL RETURNED FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, returned bill from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 48.

An Act enabling townships of the first class to provide regulate and protect a system of water supply and to contract with certain adjoining municipalities for such water and granting and regulating the right of eminent domain and the right to occupy highways

with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Section 1, line 8, insert the words "This section does not authorize a contract between a township of the first class and a municipality for the supply of water in territory being supplied by a private company"

Section 3, line 5, after the word "provided" insert the words "No highway under the jurisdiction of the State Highway Department shall be occupied until a permit therefor has been obtained from the State Highway Department"

Line 9, after the word "worship" insert the words "or any public or parochial school or other educational or charitable institution or seminary"

On the question,

Will the House concur in the amendments made by the Senate?

Mr. McVICAR. Mr. Speaker, I have examined these amendments and find them satisfactory.

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—159.

Adams,	Flynn,	McArdle,	Rudisill,
Albee,	Gallagher,	McCaig,	Spangler,
Alcorn,	Garner,	McClintock,	Sarig,
Alexander,	Geary,	McConnell,	Staving,
Arnold,	Geiser,	McCurdy,	Stein,

Baker,	Glass,	Mather,	Smith, L.,
Baldwin,	Glenn,	McDermott,	Stern,
Bauerle,	Gompers,	McKay,	Stone,
Beck,	Goodnough,	McVicar,	Sullivan,
Becker,	Goodwin,	Mellott,	Swan,
Benn,	Goodyear,	Milliron,	Swartz,
Bergy,	Gormley,	Murdoch,	Thomas,
Beyer,	Graham,	Myers,	Trach,
Blackburn,	Greenwood,	Neville,	Twibill,
Body,	Habgood,	Oaks,	Urich,
Bovee,	Hamilton,	Ostrander,	Vickerman,
Brosius,	Harper,	Palmer,	Vogdes,
Brownlee,	Herman,	Perry,	Wagner,
Brumbaugh,	Hibshman,	Phillips,	Walter,
Bungard,	Hollern,	Pickering,	Walton,
Campbell, J. O.,	Hollingsworth,	Powell,	Watson,
Campbell, T.,	Howarth,	Ramsey,	Weaver,
Christman,	Hubler,	Reel,	Weimer,
Conner,	Jack,	Rhoads,	Weir,
Corbin,	Jones, E. E.,	Rich,	West,
Cox,	Jones, W. W.,	Rininger,	Wettach,
Cromer,	Kitts,	Rinn,	Whitaker,
Curry,	Klinger,	Robertson,	Whitten,
Davis,	Kuhn,	Rothenberger,	Wildman,
Dawson,	Lafferty,	Rowell,	Williams,
Dell,	Lanius,	Rudisill,	Wilson, H. I.,
Diefenderfer,	Lauer,	Sampsel,	Wilson, W. H.,
Dodds,	Lauler,	Sarig,	Wobensmith,
Drinkhouse,	Leighner,	Schaeffer,	Wood,
Dunn,	Lindsey,	Scott,	Woodward,
Eby,	Lipschutz,	Shaaber,	Wylie,
Ehrhardt,	Love,	Shaffer,	Wynne,
Eppley,	Lynch,	Sinclair,	Young,
Erdman,	Marvin,	Smith, J. W.,	Ambler,
Fackler,		Smith, Jeff. W.,	Speaker.
Finnerty,			

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative, and the amendments concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

BILL ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 430, as follows:

An Act making county commissioners overseers of the poor in certain counties and regulating their compensation and expenses

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That in counties where the whole county is a poor district having a population not exceeding fifty thousand inhabitants the county commissioners shall be the overseers of the poor and shall be subject to all the duties and have all the powers imposed or provided by law on or for poor directors

Section 2 In such counties the poor directors in office at the passage of this act shall serve as poor directors jointly with the commissioners until their respective terms shall expire Thereafter overseers of the poor or poor directors shall not be elected in such counties but the county commissioners shall act as provided in section one of this act

Section 3 Each county commissioner in such counties acting as overseer of the poor shall receive an annual salary out of the county treasury and receive annual expenses actually and necessarily incurred not exceeding the respective amount set forth below

In counties containing ten thousand inhabitants or less the salary of five hundred dollars expenses one hundred dollars

In counties containing over ten thousand but less than twenty thousand inhabitants a salary of seven hundred fifty dollars expenses one hundred fifty dollars

In counties containing over twenty thousand but less than thirty thousand inhabitants a salary of one thousand dollars expenses two hundred fifty dollars

In counties containing over thirty thousand but less than thirty-eight thousand five hundred inhabitants a salary of twelve hundred dollars expenses two hundred fifty dollars

Section 4 The salaries set forth in the preceding section shall be paid quarterly and shall be in lieu of all other compensation as county commissioner or as overseers of the poor or both The expenses shall not be allowed unless an itemized account is rendered and verified by said officers presenting such expense account for payment

Section 5 All acts and parts of acts general local and special inconsistent with or supplied by this act including all acts general local or special providing for the election and appointment and compensation of poor directors in such counties are hereby repealed

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—70.

Adams,	Geiser,	McClintock,	Spencer,
Arnold,	Glenn,	McKay,	Staving,
Baldwin,	Gompers,	Mellott,	Stern,
Barnett,	Goodnough,	Milliron,	Swan,
Bauerle,	Greenwood,	Neville,	Swartz,
Beck,	Habgood,	Oaks,	Thomas,
Becker,	Hamilton,	Ostrander,	rich,
Beyer,	Harper,	Pickering,	Vickerman,
Blackburn,	Herman,	Reel,	Weaver,
Brosius,	Hibshman,	Rhoads,	Weir,
Brownlee,	Hollern,	Robertson,	West,
Bungard,	Hollingsworth,	Rothenberger,	Wettach,
Conner,	Hubler,	Sarig,	Whitaker,
Dodds,	Jones, E. E.,	Shaaber,	Wildman,
Finnerty,	Kuhn,	Shaffer,	Wood,
Gallagher,	Lauler,	Shoop,	Wylie,
Garner,	Leighner,	Smith, J. W.,	Young,
Geary,	Marvin,		

NAYS—55.

Albee,	Drinkhouse,	Lanius,	Scott,
Alcorn,	Dunn,	Lipschutz,	Sinclair,
Alexander,	Eby,	Lynch,	Smith, J. W.,
Benninger,	Eppley,	McArdle,	Sones,
Brumbaugh,	Erdman,	McConnell,	Twibill,
Campbell, T.,	Evans,	McCurdy,	Walton,
Christman,	Fackler,	Palmer,	Watson,
Corbin,	Gingery,	Phillips,	Williams,
Cox,	Glass,	Powell,	Wilson, H. I.,
Curry,	Goodyear,	Ramsey,	Wilson, W. H.,
Davis,	Gormley,	Rininger,	Wobensmith,
Dawson,	Jack,	Rudisill,	Wynne,
Dell,	Klinger,	Sampsel,	Ambler,
Diefenderfer,	Kunkle,	Schaeffer,	Speaker.

Less than the majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the negative and the bill falls.

Mr. RUDISILL: (during calling of the roll) Mr. Speaker, I protest against the conditions in this House. This bill was called up and it was so noisy that we were unable to hear what was going on.

The SPEAKER. There is nothing in order but the calling of the roll. The number of the bill is 430, File Folio 3461, on top of page six of to-day's calendar. The Chair certainly announced it in a loud tone of voice.

The SPEAKER. The Chair desires to state to the House that we are doing everything we can to be able to adjourn on May 6th and the Chair certainly gives every member a chance to protest against a bill, but it cannot sit here and wait a long while. If you are going to object to a bill, get up and object (applause).

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 907, entitled:

An Act providing for the manner of introducing legislation appropriating money for the support of State institutions and aid for semi-state institutions and charitable institutions

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I would like to interrogate the gentleman from Delaware, Mr. Baldwin.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Delaware, Mr. Baldwin permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, certainly.

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I would like the sponsor of this bill to explain the purpose of it to the House

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I would be very glad if the House is willing, to have the bill postponed for the present. I have been in consultation with some of the members of the House with long experience here and we think we can put the bill in better shape.

Therefore I move that further consideration of the bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. W. H. WILSON. I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 963, entitled:

An Act to amend section twenty-one of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the protection and preservation of game game quadrupeds and game birds and song and insectivorous and other wild birds and prescribing penalties for violation of its several provisions" approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine by extending the season during which dogs may be trained

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—154.

Adams,	Evans,	Luxemburger,	Smith, Jeff. W.
Albee,	Fackler,	Lynch,	Snyder,
Alcorn,	Finnerty,	Marvin,	Sones,
Alexander,	Garner,	Mather,	[illegible]ncer,
Arnold,	Geary,	McCaig,	Statler,
Baldwin,	Geiser,	McConnell,	Staving,
Barnett,	Gingery,	McCurdy,	Stern,
Bauerle,	Glass,	McKay,	Stone,
Beck,	Glenn,	McVicar,	Swan,
Becker,	Gompers,	Mellott,	Swartz,
Benn,	Goodnough,	Milliron,	Thomas,
Benninger,	Goodwin,	Myers,	Trach,
Bergy,	Goodyear,	Neville,	Twibill,
Beyer,	Gormley,	Oaks,	Urich,
Blackburn,	Graham,	Ostrander,	Vickerman,
Body,	Greenwood,	Palmer,	Vogdes,
Brosius,	Habgood,	Phillips,	Wagner,
Brownlee,	Hamilton,	Pickering,	Walter,
Brumbaugh,	Harper,	Powell,	Walton,
Bungard,	Herman,	Ramsey,	Watson,
Campbell, J. O.,	Heyburn,	Reel,	Weaver,
Campbell, T.,	Hibshman,	Rhoads,	Weimer,
Christman,	Hoffman,	Rich,	West,
Coldsmith,	Hollern,	Rininger,	Wettach,
Conner,	Hollingsworth,	Rinn,	Whitaker,
Corbin,	Howarth,	Robertson,	Whitten,
Cox,	Hubler,	Roney,	Wildman,
Cromer,	Jack,	Rothenberger,	Williams,
Cummins,	Jones, E. E.,	Rowell,	Wilson, H. I.,
Curry,	Jones, W. W.,	Rudisill,	Wilson, W. H.,
Davis,	Klinger,	Sampsel,	Wobensmith,
Dawson,	Kuhn,	Sarig,	Wood,
Dell,	Lafferty,	Schaeffer,	Woodward,
Dodds,	Lanius,	Scott,	Wylie,
Dunn,	[illegible]uler,	Shaaber,	Wynne,
Eby,	Leighner,	Shaffer,	Young,
Ehrhardt,	Lindsey,	Shoop,	Ambler,
Eppley,	Lipschutz,	Sinclair,	Speaker.
Erdman,	Love,	Smith, J. W.,	

NAYS—2.

Gallagher, McClure,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1016, entitled:

An Act amending part of an act entitled "To prohibit the killing of foxes by certain methods in Delaware county and fixing a penalty for the violation of the act approved May first one thousand nine hundred and thirteen

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. NEVILLE. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to offer amendments at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk for information.

The Clerk then read the amendments as follows:

Amend title line 1 by striking out the words "part of"

Amend title line 1 by striking out the word "to" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "An Act to"

Amend title line 3 by striking out the first word "the"

Amend title line 3 by inserting a double quote after the word "act"

Amend Section 1 line 4 by striking out the words "so much of"

Amend Section 1 line 4 by striking out the word "to" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "An Act to"

Amend Section 1 line 6 by striking out the first word "the"

Amend Section 1 line 12 by striking out the words "shall be" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "is"

Amend Section 1 line 13 by striking out the double quote before the word "Section"

Amend Section 1 line 19 by striking out the double quote after the word "counties"

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to the insertion of the amendments at this time? Is there any objection? The Chair hears none and the amendments will be inserted in accordance with the instructions of the House.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading as amended?

Mr. DELL. Mr. Speaker, I notice that the title of this bill calls for Delaware County alone, but the body of the bill includes two other counties. I think the title of this bill is deficient.

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, the title of the bill refers to the act to which this is an amendment. It is to amend the Delaware act to include Chester and Montgomery Counties, as I understand it.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading as amended?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended lie over for printing.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 976 (Senate Bill No. 114), entitled:

An Act providing for the printing binding and distribution of the Report of the Fiftieth Anniversary of the Battle of Gettysburg Commission entitled "Pennsylvania Gettysburg Reunion" and for the compiling editing proof reading and indexing thereof providing also for the preparation for filing of record in the State Library for their proper preservation therein of certain original manuscripts of the addresses delivered at said Reunion and of other original data souvenirs and records relative thereto and making appropriation therefor

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—156.

Adams,	Fretz,	Luxemburger,	Snyder,
Albee,	Fruit,	Lynch,	Sones,
Alcorn,	Gallagher,	Marvin,	Spencer,
Alexander,	Garner,	Mather,	Statler,
Arnold,	Geary,	McArdle,	[illegible]g,
Baldwin,	Geiser,	McCaig,	Stern,
Barnett,	Gingery,	McClure,	Stone,
Bauerle,	Glass,	McConnell,	Sullivan,
Beck,	Glenn,	McDermott,	Swan,
Becker,	Gompers,	McKay,	Swartz,
Benn,	Goodnough,	McVicar,	Thomas,
Bergy,	Goodwin,	Mellott,	Trach,
Beyer,	Goodyear,	Milliron,	Twibill,
Blackburn,	Graham,	Neville,	Urich,
Body,	Greenwood,	Oaks,	Vickerman,
Brosius,	Habgood,	Ostrander,	Vogdes,
Brownlee,	Hamilton,	Palmer,	Wagner,
Brumbaugh,	Harper,	Phillips,	Walsh,
Bungard,	Herman,	Pickering,	Walter,
Campbell, J. O.,	Heyburn,	Powell,	Walton,
Campbell, T.,	Hibshman,	Ramsey,	Watson,
Christman,	Hollern,	Reel,	Weaver,
Conner,	Hollingsworth,	Rininger,	Weimer,
Corbin,	Howarth,	Rinn,	West,
Cox,	Hubler,	Robertson,	Whitaker,
Cromer,	Jack,	Rothenberger,	Whitten,
Cummins,	Jones, E. E.,	Rowell,	Wildman,
Curry,	Jones, W. W.,	Rudisill,	Williams,
Davis,	Klinger,	Sampsel,	Wilson, H. I.,
Dawson,	Kuhn,	Sarig,	Wilson, W. H.,
Dell,	Kunkle,	Schaeffer,	Wobensmith,
Diefenderfer,	Lafferty,	Scott,	Wood,
Dunn,	Lanius,	Shaaber,	Woodward,
Eby,	Lauler,	Shaffer,	Wylie,
Ehrhardt,	Leighner,	Shoop,	Wynne,
Eppley,	Lindsey,	Sinclair,	Young,
Erdman,	Lipschutz,	[illegible] W.,	Ambler,
Evans,	Love,	Smith, Jeff. W.	Speaker.
Fackler,	Luppert,	Smith, L.,	
Finnerty,			

NAYS—1.

McCurdy,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with the information that the House has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 982 (Senate Bill No. 285), entitled:

An Act authorizing J. P. Swearingen of Greene township Beaver county Pennsylvania to bring suit against the Commonwealth

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—172.

Adams,	Fretz,	Luxemburger,	Sinclair,
Albee,	Fruit,	Lynch,	Smith, J. W.,
Alcorn,	Gallagher,	Marvin,	Smith, Jeff. W
Alexander,	Garner,	Mather,	Smith, L.,
Arnold,	Geary,	McArdle,	Snyder,
Baldwin,	Geiser,	McCaig,	Sones,
Barnett,	Gingery,	McClintock,	Spangler,
Bauerle,	Glass,	McConnell,	Spencer,
Beck,	Glenn,	McCurdy,	Statler,
Becker,	Gompers,	McDermott,	Staving,
Benn,	Goodnough,	McKay,	Stern,
Benninger,	Goodwin,	McVicar,	Stone,
Bergy,	Goodyear,	Mearkle,	Sullivan,
Beyer,	Gormley,	Mellott,	Swan,
Blackburn,	Graham,	Milliron,	Swartz,
Body,	Greenwood,	Murdoch,	Thomas,
Brosius,	Habgood,	Myers,	Trach.
Brownlee,	Hamilton,	Neville,	Twibill,
Brumbaugh,	Harper,	Nieder,	Urich,
Bungard,	Heffernan,	Oaks,	Vickerman,
Campbell, J. O.,	Herman,	Ostrander,	Vogdes,
Campbell, T.,	Heyburn,	Palmer,	Wagner,
Christman,	Hibshman,	Peters,	Walter,
Coldsmith,	Hoffman,	Phillips,	Walton,
Conner,	Hollern,	Pickering,	Watson,
Corbin,	Hollingsworth,	Powell,	Weaver,
Cox,	Horton,	Ramsey,	Weimer,
Cromer,	Howarth,	Reel,	West,
Cummins,	Hubler,	Rhoads,	Wettach,
Curry,	Jack,	Rich,	Whitaker,
Davis,	Jones, E. E.,	Rininger,	Whitten,
Dawson,	Jones, W. W.,	Rinn,	Wildman,
Dell,	Klinger,	Robertson,	Williams,
Diefenderfer,	Kuhn,	Rothenberger,	Wilson, H. I.,
Dodds,	Lafferty,	Rowell,	Wilson, W. H.,
Dunn,	Landis,	Rudisill,	Wobensmith,
Eby,	Lanius,	Sampsel,	Wood,
Ehrhardt,	Lauer,	Sarig,	Woodward,
Eppley,	Leighner,	Schaeffer,	Wylie,
Erdman,	Lindsey,	Scott,	Wynne,
Evans,	Lipschutz,	Shaaber,	Young,
Fackler,	Love,	Shaffer,	Ambler,
Finnerty,	Luppert,	Shoop,	Speaker.
Flynn,			

NAYS.—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1012, entitled:

An Act relating to the bonds to be given by county officers the amount and conditions thereof the sureties for such bonds the payment of the premiums therefor and the recording and custody thereof in counties having over eight hundred thousand and less than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—171.

Adams,	Gans,	Marvin,	Smith, J. W.,
Albee,	Garner,	Mather,	Smith, L.,
Alcorn,	Geary,	Maurer,	Snyder,
Alexander,	Geiser,	McArdle,	Spangler,
Arthur,	Gingery,	McCaig,	Spencer.
Baldwin,	Glass,	McClintock,	Statler,
Barnett,	Gompers,	McClure,	Staving,
Bauerle,	Goodyear,	McConnell,	Steedle,
Beck,	Gormley,	McCurdy,	Stein,
Benn,	Graham,	McDermott,	Stern,
Benninger,	Gransback,	McKay,	Stone,
Bergy,	Greenwood,	McNichol,	Sullivan,
Beyer,	Habgood,	McVicar,	Swan,
Blackburn,	Hackett,	Mearkle,	Swartz,
Body,	Hamilton,	Mellott,	Thomas,
Bovee,	Harper,	Metzenbacher,	Trach.
Brosius,	Herman,	Milliron,	Twibill,
Bungard,	Hess,	Murdoch,	Urich,
Campbell, J. O.,	Heyburn,	Neville,	Vickerman,
Campbell, T.,	Hibshman,	Ostrander,	Vogdes,
Christman,	Hollern,	Palmer,	Wagner,
Coldsmith,	Hollingsworth,	Perry,	Walsh,
Conner,	Horton,	Peters,	Walter,
Corbin,	Howarth,	Pickering,	Walton,
Cox,	Hubler,	Powell,	Watson,
Cromer,	Jack,	Ramsey,	Weaver,
Curry,	Jones, E. E.,	Reel,	Weir,
Davis,	Jones, W. W.,	Reynolds,	West,
Dawson,	Kaiser,	Rhoads,	Wettach,
Dell,	Kitts,	Rich,	Whitaker,
Diefenderfer,	Klinger,	Rininger,	Whitten,
Dodds,	Kuhn,	Rinn,	Wildman,
Drinkhouse,	Kunkle,	Robertson,	Williams,
Dunn,	Lafferty,	Roney,	Wilson, H. I.,
Eby,	Landis,	Rothenberger,	Wilson, W. H.,
Ehrhardt,	Lanius,	Rudisill,	Wobensmith,
Erdman,	Lauer,	Sarig,	Wood,
Finnerty,	Lauler,	Schaeffer,	Woodward,
Flynn,	Lindsey,	Scott,	Wylie,
Forster,	Lipschutz,	Shaaber,	Wynne,
Fretz,	Love,	Shaffer,	Young,
Fruit,	Luppert,	Showalter,	Ambler,
Gallagher,	Lynch,	Sinclair,	Speaker.

NAYS—1.

Sones,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 675 (Senate Bill No. 161), entitled:

An Act relating to the acquisition and holding of property real and personal by any literary scientific educational religious charitable benevolent or beneficial society church congregation association or body whether incorporated or unincorporated or any trustee or trustees of any trust for charitable or benevolent objects or purposes and providing for the increase of such amount and a method of procedure for obtaining the right to such increase

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. WALTER. Mr. Speaker, I move that further consideration of this bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. CROMER. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 950 (Senate Bill No. 249), entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act authorizing companies incorporated under the laws of any other state of the United States for the manufacture of any form of iron steel or glass to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments and to take have and hold real estate necessary and proper for manufacturing purposes" approved the ninth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one extending the same to companies formed for the purpose of quarrying slate granite stone or rocks or for dressing polishing working or manufacturing the same or any of them and to mineral springs companies incorporated for the purpose of bottling and selling natural mineral springs water approved the sixteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three' approved the nineteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine

hundred and one extending the same to companies formed for the purposes of manufacturing and selling chemicals foodstuffs cement and cement products and the quarrying of cement rock" approved May twenty-eighth one thousand nine hundred and seven extending the same to companies incorporated for the manufacture buying selling leasing using and operation of electrical apparatus and machinery and articles of every kind appertaining to or in any wise connected with the production use regulation control distribution or application of electricity or electrical energy or products for any use or purpose constructing acquiring using selling buying or leasing any works construction or plant or part thereof connected with or involving such use distribution regulation control or application of electricity or the control of use of electrical apparatus for any purpose and of producing furnishing and supplying electricity or electrical apparatus in any form and for any purpose and to carry on a general manufacturing business' " approved the twenty-third day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven by extending the same to companies incorporated for the purpose of refining manufacturing or sale of petroleum and petroleum products

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—180.

Adams,	Flynn,	Luxemburger,	Shoop,
Albee,	Forster,	Lynch,	Showalter,
Alcorn,	Fretz,	Marvin,	Sinclair,
Alexander,	Fruit,	Mather,	Smith, J. W.,
Arnold,	Gallagher,	Maurer,	Smith, Jeff. W.,
Aron,	Gans,	McArdle,	Smith, L.,
Arthur,	Garner,	McCaig,	Snyder,
Baldwin,	Gingery,	McClintock,	Sones,
Barnett,	Glass,	McClure,	Spangler,
Bauerle,	Glenn,	McConnell,	Spencer,
Beck,	Gompers,	McCurdy,	Statler,
Becker,	Goodnough,	McDermott,	Staving,
Benn,	Goodyear,	McKay,	Steedle,
Benninger,	Gormley,	McNichol,	Stein,
Bergy,	Graham,	Mellott,	Stern,
Beyer,	Gransback,	Metzenbacher,	Stone,
Blackburn,	Greenwood,	Milliron,	Sullivan,
Body,	Habgood,	Murdoch,	Swan,
Bovee,	Hackett,	Myers,	Swartz,
Brosius,	Hamilton,	Neville,	Thomas,
Brownlee,	Harper,	Nieder,	Trach,
Brumbaugh,	Herman,	Oaks,	Twibill,
Bungard,	Hess,	Ostrander,	Urich,
Campbell, J. O.,	Heyburn,	Perry,	Vickerman,
Campbell, T.,	Hibshman,	Peters,	Vogdes,
Christman,	Hollern,	Phillips,	Wagner,
Coldsmith,	Hollingsworth,	Pickering,	Walsh,
Conner,	Horton,	Powell,	Walter,
Corbin,	Howarth,	Ramsey,	Walton,
Cox,	Jack,	Reel,	Watson,
Cromer,	Jones, E. E.,	Reynolds,	Weaver,
Curry,	Jones, W. W.,	Rhoads,	Weir,
Davis,	Kaiser,	Rich,	West,
Dawson,	Kitts,	Rininger,	Wettach,
Dell,	Klinger,	Rinn,	Whitaker,
Diefenderfer,	Kunkle,	Robertson,	Wildman,
Dodds,	Lafferty,	Roney,	Williams,
Drinkhouse,	Landis,	Rothenberger,	Wilson, H. I.,
Dunn,	Lanius,	Rudisill,	Wilson, W. H.,
Eby,	Lauer,	Sampsel,	Wobensmith,
Ehrhardt,	Lauler,	Sarig,	Wood,
Erdman,	Leighner,	Schaeffer,	Wylie,
Evans,	Lindsey,	Scott,	Wynne,
Fackler,	Love,	Shaaber,	Young,
Finnerty,	Luppert,	Shaffer,	Ambler, Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 323, entitled:

An Act repealing an act entitled "An Act amending article six of an act entitled 'An Act for the government of cities of the second class' approved the seventh day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one as amended by an amendatory act approved the first day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine and as affected by an act entitled 'An Act providing a uniform rate of assessment and taxation for all real estate in cities of the second class' approved the eleventh day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven by providing for the classification of real estate for purposes of taxation into two classes to wit the buildings on land and the land exclusive of buildings and by providing for the assessment of a lesss tax upon the buildings than upon the land exclusive of the buildings in cities of the second class" approved May fifteenth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. CROMER. Mr. Speaker, this bill applies to the City of Pittsburgh and it is a measure to which I have given a great deal of stuuy, however, a great many people in my district are opposed to this measure. After going into this matter thoroughly and taking it up with the members of the press and members of the Chamber of Commerce, I have come to the conclusion that it is a good bill and that it will be for the best interests of the City of Pittsburgh.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken.

Whereupon Mr. Ehrhardt requested a verification of the roll upon the completion of which the Speaker announced the vote as follows:

YEAS—108.

Adams,	Drinkhouse,	Marvin,	Snyder,
Albee,	Dunn,	Mather,	Sones,
Alcorn,	Eby,	McCaig,	Staving,
Arnold,	Eppley,	McClintock,	Stern,
Bauerle,	Evans,	McClure,	Stone,
Becker,	Fackler,	McCurdy,	Sullivan,
Benn,	Geiser,	Mellott,	Swan,
Bergy,	Gingery,	Milliron,	Swartz,
Beyer,	Goodnough,	Neville,	Trach,
Blackburn,	Goodwin,	Oaks,	Vogdes,
Body,	Gormley,	Palmer,	Wagner,
Brosius,	Graham,	Peters,	Walter,
Brumbaugh,	Greenwood,	Phillips,	Watson,
Bungard,	Hamilton,	Pickering,	Weaver,
Campbell, J. O.,	Hibshman,	Reel,	Weimer,
Campbell, T.,	Hollingsworth,	Rich,	West,
Christman,	Horton,	Rininger,	Wettach,
Coldsmith,	Howarth,	Rinn,	Whitaker,
Conner,	Jones, W. W.,	Robertson,	Whitten,
Corbin,	Klinger,	Rudisill,	Williams,
Cox,	Lanius,	Sarig,	Wilson, H. I.,
Cromer,	Lauler,	Schaeffer,	Wilson, W. H.,
Curry,	Leighner,	Shaaber,	Wobensmith,
Davis,	Lindsey,	Shoop,	Wood,
Dawson,	Love,	Sinclair,	Wynne,
Dell,	Lynch,	Smith, J. W.,	Young,
Dodds,	Mangan,	Smith, Jeff. W.,	Ambler, Speaker.

NAYS—24.

Brownlee,	Herman,	Ostrander,	Shaffer,
Ehrhardt,	Hubler,	Powell,	Spencer,
Geary,	Kuhn,	Ramsey,	Thomas,
Glenn,	Luxemburger,	Rhoads,	Twibill,
Gompers,	Maurer,	Rothenberger,	Vickerman,
Habgood,	McVicar,	Scott,	Wylie,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence,

RESOLUTION RECALLING HOUSE BILL NO. 120 FROM THE GOVERNOR.

Mr. HERMAN asked and obtained unanimous consent to present the following concurrent resolution, which was twice read, considered and agreed to.

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION.

In the House of Representatives, March 25, 1915.

Be it resolved by the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania (if the Senate concur), That House Bill No. 120, entitled "An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-eighth day of May, one thousand nine hundred and seven, entitled 'An Act to provide for the protection of insane persons, feeble-minded persons and epileptics and the appointment of a guardian for the said insane persons, feeble-minded persons and epileptics unable to care for their own property authorizing the guardian to support the wife and children of the said insane persons, feeble-minded persons and epileptics, defining the powers of the guardian and authorizing the sale of real estate of the ward,' by adding an additional section," be recalled from the Governor for the purpose of amendment.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 379, entitled:

An Act empowering cities of the second class to levy and collect for general revenue purposes license taxes or fees upon poles wires cables conduits pipes tracks vaults and other appliances and appurtenances under upon over or through the public streets ways alleys wharves and properties thereof

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—130.

Adams,	Geary,	McArdle,	Smith, J. W.,
Albee,	Geiser,	McClintock,	Smith, Jeff. W.
Alcorn,	Glenn,	McClure,	Spangler,
Barnett,	Gompers,	McConnell,	Spencer.
Beck,	Goodwin,	McCurdy,	Staving,
Benn,	Goodyear,	McDermott,	Stern,
Bergy,	Gormley,	McNichol,	Stone,
Beyer,	Graham,	McVicar,	Sullivan,
Blackburn,	Greenwood,	Mearkle,	Swan,
Body,	Hackett,	Mellott,	Swartz,
Brosius,	Hamilton,	Neville,	Thomas,
Brownlee,	Harper,	Oaks,	Trach,
Brumbaugh,	Herman,	Ostrander,	Twibill,
Bungard,	Hess,	Perry,	Urich,
Campbell, J. O.,	Hibshman,	Phillips,	Vogdes,
Campbell, T.,	Hollingsworth,	Pickering,	Wagner,
Corbin,	Horton,	Powell,	Watson,
Cromer,	Howarth,	Ramsey,	Weaver,
Curry,	Hubler,	Reel,	Weimer,
Davis,	Jack,	Rhoads,	Weir,
Dawson,	Jones, E. E.,	Rich,	West,
Dell,	Jones, W. W.,	Rininger,	Wettach,
Dodds,	Klinger,	Robertson,	Wildman,
Drinkhouse,	Lafferty,	Rothenberger,	Williams,
Dunn,	Lauer,	Rudisill,	Wilson, H. I.,
Eby,	Lauler,	Sampsel,	Wobensmith,
Ehrhardt,	Leighner,	Sarig,	Wood,
Eppley,	Lindsey,	Schaeffer,	Wylie,
Erdman,	Lipschutz,	Scott,	Wynne,
Fackler,	Luppert,	Shaaber,	Young,
Finnerty,	Luxemburger,	Shoop,	Ambler,
Fretz,	Mangan,	Showalter,	Speaker.
Gans,	Mather,		
Garner,			

NAYS.—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affrmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 324, entitled:

An Act creating additional subjects of taxation in cities of the second class by providing that all real estate in cities of the second class owned or possessed by any corporation shall be subject to taxation for city and school purposes the same as other real estate in said cities

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—116.

Adams,	Erdman,	Lafferty,	Shaffer,
Alcorn,	Fackler,	Lanius,	Shoop,
Alexander,	Finnerty,	Lauer,	Sinclair,
Baldwin,	Gallagher,	Leighner,	Smith, J. W.,
Barnett,	Garner,	Lindsey,	Smith, Jeff. W.,
Bauerle,	Geary,	Lipschutz,	Snyder,
Beck,	Geiser,	Luxemburger,	Sones,
Becker,	Gingery,	Lynch,	Spangler,
Benn,	Glass,	Mangan,	Spencer,
Beyer,	Gompers,	Maurer,	Staving,
Blackburn,	Goodnough,	McArdle,	Stern,
Body,	Goodwin,	McCaig,	Stone,
Brosius,	Goodyear,	McClure,	Sullivan,
Brownlee,	Gormley,	McConnell,	Swan,
Brumbaugh,	Graham,	McCurdy,	Thomas,
Bungard,	Gransback,	McVicar,	Trach,
Campbell, J. O.,	Greenwood,	Mellott,	Vogdes,
Campbell, T.,	Habgood,	Neville,	Wagner,
Christman,	Hackett,	Oaks,	Watson,
Conner,	Hamilton,	Ostrander,	West,
Corbin,	Harper,	Peters,	Whitaker,
Cromer,	Hibshman,	Powell,	Wildman
Curry,	Hollern,	Ramsey,	Williams,
Davis,	Hollingsworth,	Reel,	Wilson, H. I.,
Dawson,	Horton,	Rich,	Wilson, W. H.,
Drinkhouse,	Howarth,	Rinn,	Wobensmith,
Dunn,	Klinger,	Rothenberger,	Wylie,
Eby,	Kuhn,	Rudisill,	Young,
Ehrhardt,	Kunkle,	Sarig,	Ambler,
Eppley,			Speaker.

NAYS—19.

Arnold,	Jones, W. W.,	Rininger,	Urich,
Bergy,	Milliron,	Sampsel,	Walter,
Hubler,	Palmer,	Scott,	Weimer.
Jack,	Phillips,	Shaaber,	Wood,
Jones, E. E.,	Pickering,	Twibill,	

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 41, entitled:

An Act prohibiting certain institutions receiving State aid from restricting pay patients in the selection of physicians and surgeons not connected with the institution

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. GEISER. I move that further consideration of this bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. COX. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 314, as follows:

An Act to fix the salaries of the clerks in the office of the County Treasurer of any county having a population of one million four hundred thousand inhabitants or over

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That after the thirty-first day of May one thousand nine hundred fifteen the compensation of the clerks and employes in the office of the county treasurer of any county having a population of one million four hundred thousand inhabitants or over shall be as follows

Paying teller Three thousand dollars ($3,000) per annum

First assistant paying teller Two thousand five hundred dollars ($2,500) per annum

Second assistant paying teller Two thousand dollars ($2,000) per annum

Third assistant paying teller One thousand eight hundred dollars ($1,800) per annum

Receiving teller Three thousand dollars ($3,000) per annum

First assistant receiving teller Two thousand five hundred dollars ($2,500) per annum

Second assistant receiving teller Two thousand dollars ($2,000) per annum

Book-keeper Two thousand five hundred dollars ($2,500) per annum

First assistant book-keeper One thousand eight hundred dollars ($1,800) per annum

Second assistant book-keeper One thousand six hundred dollars ($1,600) per annum

Third assistant book-keeper One thousand five hundred dollars ($1,500) per annum

Bond clerk Two thousand five hundred dollars ($2,500) per annum

Warrant clerk Two thousand dollars ($2,000) per annum

First assistant warrant clerk One thousand five hundred dollars ($1,500) per annum

Second assistant warrant clerk One thousand five hundred dollars ($1,500) per annum

Messengers One thousand two hundred dollars ($1,200) per annum

Stenographer One thousand two hundred dollars ($1,200) per annum

Telephone operator One thousand dollars ($1,000) per annum

Watchman One thousand one hundred dollars ($1,100) per annum each

Janitors Nine hundred dollars ($900) per annum each

Such compensation as herein provided for shall be paid monthly or otherwise as provided by law

Section 2 All laws and parts of laws inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

On the question,
Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. CONNER. I move that further consideration of this bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. LIPSCHUTZ. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 756, as follows:

An Act to amend an act approved the seventh day of May one thousand nine hundred seven entitled "An Act regulating and defining the powers and duties of the Dental Council and the State Board of Dental Examiners providing for appointment of examiners defining qualifications of applicants for examinations condition of granting licenses regulating and limiting the practice of dentistry prohibiting practice by or employment of unlicensed persons and providing punishment therefor and disposition of fees and fines and fixing the appropriation to the Dental Council"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That sections two five six seven and eight of an act approved the seventh day of May one thousand nine hundred seven entitled "An Act regulating and defining the powers and duties of the Dental Council and the State Board of Dental Examiners providing for appointment of examiners defining qualifications of applicants for examination condition of granting licenses regulating and limiting the practice of dentistry prohibiting practice by or employment of unlicensed persons and providing punishment therefor and disposition of fees and fines and fixing the appropriation to the Dental Council" which respectively read as follows

"Section 2 The Dental Council shall have power to grant licenses to practice dentistry in this Commonwealth to any person who may be duly qualified under the provisions of this act

Any person may present to the Dental Council a written application for a license to practice dentistry together with a fee of twenty-five dollars and with proof that he or she is not less than twenty-one years of age is of good moral character and has obtained a competent education together with a diploma conferring upon him or her the degree of Doctor of Dental Surgery or other established dental degree from a reputable educational institution maintaining a three years' course in dentistry thereupon the Dental Council may authorize the examination of such person by the State Board of Dental Examiners

Upon receiving from the Board of Dental Examiners a report of the examination for license of any applicant who shall have been returned as having successfully passed said examination the Dental Council shall issue to the applicant a license to practice dentistry in the State of Pennsylvania Every license to practice dentistry issued pursuant to this act shall be subscribed by the officers of the Dental Council and by each dental examiner who reported the applicant as having successfully passed an examination such as is provided by this act and said license shall be sealed with the seal of the Dental Council of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and shall be recorded in a book to be kept in the office of the Dental Council and the number of the book and page therein containing said record shall be noted upon said license

Upon the recommendation of the Board of Dental Examiners the Dental Council may also issue a license upon the payment of a fee of twenty-five dollars to any person who is of good moral character and who shall furnish proof that he or she has a license to practice dentistry granted by the Dental Council or other lawfully constituted authority of any other state or country where the preliminary and professional education required by law is equal to that provided by the laws of this Commonwealth

The Dental Council may also license any applicant who has been in the actual lawful practice of dentistry for not less than ten years upon the report of the Board of Dental Examiners that after due investigation or examination it finds his or her education and professional attainments and experience to be together fully equal to the requirements for license in this Commonwealth

Every license issued otherwise than as a result of a written examination shall state the grounds upon which it is granted

All fees provided by this act shall be payable to the Dental Council and the same shall be disbursed by the Dental Council in payment of the expenses of the Board of Dental Examiners Provided That any surplus unexpended at the end of any fiscal year shall be apportioned among the Dental Examiners in the proportion of the number of applicants for license respectively examined by each during said fiscal year

"Section 5 It shall be the duty of every person practicing dentistry within this Commonwealth to display or cause to be displayed his or her name posted in a conspicuous place at or near the entrance to the office or place where he or she is practicing dentistry Any person practicing dentistry within this Commonwealth within six months from the passage of this act shall cause his or her license to be registered in the office of the Prothonotary of the court of common pleas of the county in which such person shall practice dentistry unless the same has already been registered in said county Any person who shall neglect to cause his or her license to be registered as herein provided shall be construed to be practicing dentistry without a license Provided This act shall not affect the right to any person to practice dentistry who is entitled to do so under the provisions of an act of assembly in force or who shall have conducted the actual practice of dentistry in this Commonwealth for five years continuously preceding the passage of this act"

"Section 6 It shall be unlawful for any person to employ any person as an operator in dental surgery or practitioner in dentistry for hire or reward or to cause or permit any person to act as an operator in dental surgery or as a practitioner in dentistry for hire or reward who is not duly qualified and registered as a practitioner in dentistry as provided by law All persons shall be construed to be practicing dentistry who shall be the owner part owner partner shareholder operator manager assistant or in any other manner engaged in conducting any office or other place for the purpose of performing dental operations or treating extracting or filling human teeth or inserting artificial appliances or sets of artificial teeth for hire or reward Provided That this act shall not prohibit any licensed dentist having any person as assistant or attendant to perform any service other than extracting filling treating or operating upon human teeth or the taking of impressions for and the insertion of artificial appliances in the mouth"

"Section 7 Nothing in this act shall be construed to prohibit physicians or surgeons in the regular practice of their profession from extracting teeth for the relief of pain or making applications for such purpose or shall prevent bona fide students of dentistry in the regular course of their instruction from operating upon patients at clinics or under the immediate supervision and in the presence of their preceptor who is in lawful practice Provided That no fee salary or other reward for such operation shall be paid to or received by any student of dentistry either directly or indirectly under any circumstances And nothing in this act shall be construed to prohibit the practice of dentistry within this Commonwealth by any practitioner who shall have been duly registered in accordance with the laws of this Commonwealth existing prior to the passage of this act"

"Section 8 Any person who shall practice dentistry without being duly licensed or lawfully registered or who shall practice dentistry or induce any person to practice dentistry in violation of any of the provisions of this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be punished by a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars ($500.00) or by imprisonment not exceeding six (6) months or by both fine and imprisonment at the discretion of the court

All fines recovered under this act from convictions resulting from information instituted at the instance of the Pennsylvania State Dental Society shall be paid to the said Society" are amended to read as follows

Section 2 The Dental Council shall have power to grant licenses to practice dentistry in this Commonwealth to any person who may be duly qualified under the provisions of this act

Any person may present to the Dental Council a written application for a license to practice dentistry together with a fee of twenty-five dollars and with proof that he or she is not less than twenty-one years of age is of good moral character and has obtained a competent education together with a diploma conferring upon him or her the degree of doctor of dental surgery or other established dental degree from a reputable educational institution maintaining a three years course in dentistry thereupon the Dental Council may authorize the examination of such person by the state board of dental examiners After the first day of July one thousand nine hundred sixteen the required course shall be four years instead of three years and the Board of Dental Examiners may examine applicants for license in the fundamental branches at the end of the second scholastic year

Upon receiving from the board of dental examiners a report of the examination for license of any applicant who shall have been returned as having successfully passed said examination the Dental Council shall issue to the applicant a license to practice dentistry in the State of Pennsylvania Every license to practice dentistry issued pursuant to this act shall be subscribed by the officers of the Dental Council and by each dental examiner who reported the applicant as having successfully passed an examination such as is provided by this act and said license shall be sealed with the seal of the Dental Council of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and shall be recorded in a book to be kept in the office of the Dental Council and the number of the book and page therein containing said record shall be noted upon said license

Upon the recommendation of the board of dental examiners the Dental Council may also issue a license upon the payment of a fee of twenty-five dollars to any person who is of good moral character and who shall furnish proof that he or she has a license to practice dentistry granted by the Dental Council or other lawfully constituted authority of any other state or country where the preliminary and professional education required by law is equal to that provided by the laws of this Commonwealth

The Dental Council may also license any applicant who has been in the actual lawful practice of dentistry for not less than ten years upon the report of the board of dental examiners that after due investigation or examination it finds his or her education and professional attainments and experience to be together fully equal to the requirements for license in this Commonwealth

The board of dental examiners shall keep a book of registration at the office of the board in which shall be registered the names and addresses of each person duly qualified under existing laws or who may hereafter become qualified to conduct the practice of dentistry in Pennsylvania

And it shall be the duty of all persons now qualified and engaged in the practice of dentistry or who shall hereafter be licensed by the Dental Council to engage in such practice in this Commonwealth to be registered with the said board of dental examiners as practitioners on or before the first day of January one thousand nine hundred sixteen and thereafter to register with said board of dental examiners in like manner annually on or before the first day of January of each succeeding year The form and method of such registration shall be provided for by such board of dental examiners in such manner as will enable the said Dental Examining Board to carry into effect the purposes of this act

And the said board of dental examiners shall be entitled to demand for each annual registration and for the certificate hereinafter provided a fee not to exceed one dollar which sum shall accompany the application for such registration

Upon receiving a proper application for such registration accompanied by the fee above provided the said board of dental examiners shall issue its certificate of registration to the applicant for registration upon which shall be noted the number of the book and the page therein containing the record of such registration said certificate together with its renewals shall be good and sufficient evidence of registration under the provisions of this act

Any person who shall practice dentistry without having been registered in accordance with the provisions of this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and on conviction thereof in the court of quarter sessions in the county where the offense shall have been committed shall pay a fine of not less than ten dollars and not more than one hundred dollars

Every license issued otherwise than as a result of a written examination shall state the grounds upon which it is granted

All fees collected by the Dental Council shall be disbursed by the Dental Council in payment of the expenses of the Board of Dental Examiners Provided That any surplus unexpended at the end of any fiscal year shall be apportioned among the Dental Examiners in the proportion of the number of applicants for license respectively examined by each during said fiscal year.

All fees for registration by this act shall be payable to the Board of Dental Examiners and the same shall be disbursed by the said board in payment of the expenses of registration Provided That any surplus unexpended at the end of any fiscal year shall be used for the enforcement of the provisions of this act

Section 5 It shall be the duty of every person practicing dentistry within this Commonwealth to display or cause to be displayed his or her name in a conspicuous place at or near the entrance to the office or place where he or she is practicing dentistry and to keep his or her license and certificate of registration displayed in a conspicuous place where he or she practices in such manner as to be easily seen and read Any person practicing dentistry within this Commonwealth within six months from the passage of this act shall cause his or her license to be registered in the office of the prothonotary of the court of common pleas of the county in which such person shall practice dentistry unless the same has already been registered in said county Any person who shall neglect to cause his or her license to be registered as herein provided shall be construed to be practicing dentistry without a license Provided This act shall not affect the right of any person to practice dentistry who is entitled to do so under the provisions of an act of Assembly in force or who shall have conducted the actual lawful practice of dentistry in this Commonwealth for five years continuously preceding the passage of this act

Section 6 It shall be unlawful for any person to employ any person as an operator in dental surgery or practitioner in dentistry or to cause or permit any person to act as an operator in dental surgery or as a practitioner in dentistry who is not duly qualified and registered as a practitioner in dentistry as provided by law A person shall be deemed to be engaged in the practice of dentistry within the meaning of this act who shall treat diseases or lesions of the human teeth or jaws or perform operations of any kind thereon or insert any artificial teeth fixtures or appliances for the restoration regulation or improvement of the dental organs or who is manager properietor or conductor of a place for performing dental operations or who for a fee salary or other reward paid or to be paid to himself or another person performs any of the before named dental operations or who uses the word dentist dental surgeon or other letters or titles in connection with his name which in any way represents him as being engaged in the practice of dentistry This act is not intended to prevent a bona fide student in regular attendance upon any dental college in this state from practicing dentistry under the direct supervision of one of his teachers in the regular infirmary of such college or a legal practitioner of another State making a clinical demonstration before any incorporated dental society for the purpose of instruction and without remuneration This act shall not prohibit physicians or surgeons in the regular practice of their profession from extracting teeth for the relief of pain or making applications for such purpose

Section 7 It shall be unlawful for any person to circulate or advertise fraudulent or misleading statements as to the skill of the operator the quality of the materials drugs or medicine used or methods practiced.

Section 8 Any person who shall practice dentistry without being duly licensed or who shall practice dentistry or induce any person to practice dentistry in violation of any of the provisions of this act not hereinbefore provided for shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be punished by a fine of not less than fifty dollars nor more than five hundred dollars or by imprisonment not exceeding six months or both fine and imprisonment at the discretion of the court

All fines recovered under this act from convictions resulting from information instituted at the instance of the Pennsylvania State Dental Society shall be paid to the said society

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, in the absence of the sponsor for this bill I move that its further consideration be postponed for the present.

Mr. BROSIUS. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 351, as follows:

An Act relating to juvenile offenders and regulating their detention and trial

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That all records of criminal actions against juveniles under the age of sixteen shall be entered in each county in a special docket only to be kept for that purpose exclusively Such docket shall not be open to public inspection and the records therein shall not be used in any subsequent proceeding against any such offender

Section 2 Such docket shall be furnished by the juvenile court of each county at the expense of the county and shall be in such form as the court shall direct The docket shall be kept by a probation officer or some other person appointed by the court The court shall direct the manner in which such docket shall be kept and fix the fees and expenses in connection therewith

Section 3 All magistrates aldermen and justices of the peace shall hereafter without hearing discharge all juveniles under the age of sixteen or make return of all cases against such juveniles directly to the probation officer or person in charge of juvenile offenders in the county No record of any case against any such juvenile offender and no record of any such return shall be kept by any committing magistrate alderman or justice of the peace All such returns shall be entered in a docket provided for in section one Hereafter no such returns shall be made to the clerk of the court of quarter sessions

Section 4 All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with this act are repealed

On the question.

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. THOMAS. Mr. Speaker, I move that further consideration of this bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. GLASS. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The SPEAKER asked and obtained unanimous consent to refer the following bills at this time:

BILLS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED.

By Mr. HABGOOD (By request). House Bill No. 1135.

An Act to amend further an act approved May 11th, 1911, entitled "An Act to provide for the appointment of county and city inspectors of weights and measures; providing for their compensation and expenses; prescribing

their duties; prohibiting vendors from giving false or insufficient weights; and fixing the penalties for the violation of the provisions hereof," as amended by the Act of July 24th, 1913.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

By Mr. CHARLES A. SHAFFER. House Bill No. 1136.

An Act making it unlawful for the Commissioners of any County in this Commonwealth to contract, to repair, build, or rebuild any County Bridges, without due advertisement for sealed proposals and the employment of a competent engineer. Making it mandatory that location plans be submitted in duplicate to the Water Supply Commission of Pennsylvania, and requiring the Attorney General to defend all suits where any County within this Commonwealth is made the defendant in a suit for the recovery of damages where infringements on patents, royalties, designs and patented processes or features are alleged where a county has complied with the provisions of this act excepting contracts not exceeding two hundred and fifty dollars.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

By Mr. NEVILLE. House Bill No. 1137.

An Act making an appropriation for the refunding to the Ridge Avenue Farmers' Market Company certain moneys for the unexpired portion of a cold storage warehouse license.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. GRAHAM. House Bill No. 1138.

An Act providing for the escheat of deposits of money, of property of another received for storage or safe keeping, the dividends, profits, debts and interest on the debts of corporations, companies, banks, trust companies, insurance companies, limited partnerships and partnership associations organized under the laws of this Commonwealth, except building and loan associations, and property held for the benefit of another by the same, and the profits, accretions and interest on such property as well as interest thereon accrued or which should have accrued between the fixing of the amount of such property by the award of any Court and the actual distribution thereof.

Referred to the Committee on Banks and Banking.

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 662, entitled:

An Act to protect all persons in their equal rights regardless of race color or creed in places of public accommodation entertainment or amusement and providing penalty for violation of the same

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 954, entitled:

An Act to authorize the regulation of the location size and use of buildings in cities

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 958, entitled:

An Act requiring aldermen justices of the peace and committing magistrates to return a transcript of all information to the district attorney and clerk of quarter sessions within three days after the binding over or committal of any defendant charged with any crime or misdemeanor

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 959, entitled:

An Act requiring justices of the peace aldermen and constables to give itemized receipts and imposing penalties for failure so to do and imposing penalties for charging illegal fees

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1029, entitled:

An Act conferring authority on street passenger railway companies and motor power or other companies lawfully operating lines of street passenger railways to own lease and operate lines of self-propelled omnibuses in connection with their street railway systems

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 318, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-ninth day of May one thousand nine hundred and one entitled "An Act to prohibit the manufacture and sale of oleomargarine butterine and other similar products when colored in imitation of yellow butter to provide for license fees to be paid by manufacturers wholesale and retail dealers and by proprietors of hotels restaurants dining rooms and boarding houses for the manufacture or sale of oleomargarine butterine or other similar products not colored in imitation of yellow butter and to regulate the manufacture and sale of oleomargarine butterine or other similar products not colored in imitation of yellow butter and prevent and punish fraud and deception in such manufacture and sale as an imitation butter and to prescribe penalties and punishment for violations of this act and the means and the method of procedure for its enforcement and regulate certain matters of evidence in such procedure"

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 563, entitled:

An Act to amend the second section of an act approved the thirteenth day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three entitled "An Act for the promotion of medical science by the distribution and use of unclaimed human bodies for scientific purposes through a board created for that purpose and to prevent unauthorized uses and traffic in human bodies" by providing that bodies of honorably discharged soldiers sailors or marines of the United States and of the militia of the State of Pennsylvania shall not be delivered to said anatomical board and further providing that there shall not be delivered to the said board any body claimed by relatives or representativss of fratrnal societies or charitable organization within seventy-two hours after death

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 881 (Senate No. 338), entitled:

An Act requiring and regulating the declaring and posting of the vote at election districts at a primary election

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 974 (Senate No. 45), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the fourteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act authorizing the board of county commissioners of the several counties of the State to appropriate for co-operative agriculture extension work for the purpose of improving and developing the agricultural resources of the proper county

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 782, entitled:

An Act placing the control and management of county jails and prisons in the several counties of the Commonwealth and the inmates thereof in boards of prison inspectors providing for the appointment of such boards in each of said counties and for the regulation and government of said jails and prisons and the inmates thereof providing for the payment of the necessary expenses for keeping furnishing and maintaining said jails and prisons by the several counties respectively and prescribing the duties of the commissioners and treasurers respectively of said counties relative to the payment of such expenses

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 774, entitled:

An Act fixing the salaries of certain county officers in counties containing more than one hundred and fifty thousand and less than two hundred thousand inhabitants

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1050, entitled:

An Act to amend section eleven hundred twenty-one of an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith"

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 306, entitled:

An Act validating certain elections of counties cities boroughs townships school districts and other incorporated districts held pursuant to the provisions of an act approved the twentieth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four entitled "An Act to regulate the manner of increasing the indebtedness of municipalities to provide for the redemption of the same and to impose penalties for the illegal increase thereof" and the amendments thereto and validating bonds issued or authorized to be issued in pursuance of such elections

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1063, entitled:

An Act defining and regulating the occupation of barbering including the licensing of persons engaged in barbering the regulation of students of barbering and the regulation of barber shops barber schools and barber colleges and fixing penalties for the violation of this act

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 841, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to pay the judgment obtained against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania by Robert Stewart

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 587, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the second day of May one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine entitled "An Act to provide revenue by imposing a mercantile license tax on venders of or dealers in goods wares and merchandise and providing for the collection of said tax"

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 200, entitled:

An Act amending the first and seventeenth sections of an act approved the seventeenth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act to provide revenue for State and county purposes and in cities co-extensive with counties for city and county purposes imposing taxes upon certain classes of personal property providing for the assessment and collection of the same providing for the duties and compensation of prothonotaries and recorders in connection therewith and modifying existing legislation which provided for raising revenue for State purposes" relating to taxing bonds mortgages and other securities and also by removing the exemption of life and fire insurance corporations having no capital stock from the provisions of the act

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 895, entitled:

An Act regulating the compensation of treasurers of townships of the first class both as collectors of township taxes and as custodians and disbursers of township funds

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 975 (Senate No. 84), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith"

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1049, entitled:

An Act to amend section two of an act approved the fifteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred seven entitled "An Act fixing the salary of the Superintendent of Public Instruction and of the deputy superintendents"

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 199, entitled:

An Act to raise revenue by subjecting to taxation certain real estate not heretofore taxable as such of railroad companies street railway companies canal companies bridge companies gas companies pipeline companies ferry companies electric light heat and power companies water companies telegraph companies telephone companies express companies and all other public service corporations or so called quasi public corporations of the same or other kinds

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 336, entitled:

An Act requiring the assessors for county taxation purposes to collect certain agricultural information fixing their compensation therefor and fixing the duties of the county commissioners in connection therewith

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1011, entitled:

An Act creating in counties having over eight hundred thousand and less than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants according to the last preceding United States census a board to fix and determine the number and compensation of employes in all county offices boards bureaus departments and divisions thereof prescribing the powers and duties of said board and regulating appeals from the decision thereof

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 996 (Senate No. 383), entitled:

An Act to promote education in economic entomology and aid in the suppression of insect pests and the preservation of birds in Pennsylvania by authorizing the Department of Agriculture to prepare a colored chart showing injurious and beneficial insects and insectivorous birds of Pennsylvania in their natural colors and stating their common and scientific names food economy and recommendations for their respective destruction or preservation and providing for the publication of said chart and the distribution of the same and making an appropriation therefor

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 990 (Senate No. 369), entitled:

An Act regulating the sale offering for sale or exposing for sale of vegetables grapes and fruits providing standard containers baskets trays and measures and imposing penalties

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 896, entitled:

An Act fixing the compensation of the person charged with the collection of taxes in certain boroughs and townships

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 444, entitled:

An Act providing that the real estate of all railroads railway street railway canal water gas electric light telegraph telephone and other public service corporations shall be subject to taxation for city school and other local purposes in cities of the third class

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 897, entitled:

An Act to repeal an act approved the seventh day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to restrain and regulate the use of billiard tables pool-tables and bagatelle boards or tables kept and maintained for the use of the general public for hire or reward in cities of the first class in this Commonwealth providing for the granting of licenses and providing for the punishments for the violations of the provisions of this act"

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1008, entitled:

An Act dividing the counties of this Commonwealth into eight classes designating the mode of ascertaining and changing the classification and providing for the regulation of their affairs according to their respective class

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 780, entitled:

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act providing for the election of a borough controller in all boroughs of this Commonwealth prescribing the qualifications powers and duties thereof and abolishing the office of borough auditors in said boroughs" approved the twelfth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen prescribing certain additional duties of said controller the audit by him of the accounts of all officers of the borough the filing of his report in the office of the prothonotary the surcharge of any officer by him the entry of judgment against any officer upon said report the method by which the controller may obtain evidence before him making persons guilty of false testimony before him guilty of perjury providing for appeals by the borough or taxpayers or officers from the controllers report of audit to the court of common pleas and thence to the Superior and Supreme Courts prescribing the method of disposition of appeals fixing the amount of the bond and regulating the salary of the borough controller

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 322, entitled:

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act for the government of cities of the second class" approved March seventh Anno Domini nineteen hundred and one conferring additional powers upon cities of the second class to levy and collect an annual license tax or registration fee for revenue purposes upon motor vehicles

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1098, entitled:

A supplement to an act approved the nineteenth day of March one thousand nine hundred nine entitled "An Act to regulate the practice of osteopathy in the State of Pennsylvania to provide for the establishment of a State Board of Osteopathic Examiners to define the powers and duties of said board of osteopathic examiners to provide for the examining and licensing of osteopaths in this State and to provide penalties for the violation of this act"

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 987 (Senate No. 322), entitled:

An Act requiring payment by the county of costs of prosecution in certain criminal cases

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 767, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the purpose of refunding certain moneys to the Peters Packing Company of McKeesport Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 792, entitled:

An Act for the encouragement of agriculture and the holding of agricultural exhibitions providing State aid for certain agricultural associations and regulating the payment thereof

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1100, entitled:

An Act authorizing Charles H. Sorge a citizen of Harrisburg Dauphin county to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 638, entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act relating to appeals in cases of summary convictions" approved the seventeenth day of April Anno Damini eighteen hundred seventy-six

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 89, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the thirtieth day of July one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven entitled "An Act to provide revenue and regulate the sale of malt brewed vinous and spirituous liquors or any admixture thereof by requiring and authorizing licenses to be taken out by brewers distillers wholesalers bottlers rectifiers compounders storekeepers and agents having a store office or place of business within this Commonwealth prescribing the amount of license fees to be paid in such cases and by imposing an additional license fee on retail dealers in intoxicating liquors" as amended

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 628, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation from which the several counties of the Commonwealth may be reimbursed for moneys paid out by said counties upon certain noxious animals and birds under the provisions of the act of the twenty-fifth day of July Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen Pamphlet Laws one thousand and thirty-six

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 713, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to Charles Roth and George H. Roth owners of "The Star" moving picture place

of the amount illegally demanded and collected as a State license fee from them as proprietors of a moving picture place in the State of Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 742, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to George H. Roth and Robert Rappold trading as Roth and Rappold owners of "The Owl" a moving picture place of the amount illegally demanded and collected as a State license fee from them as proprietors of a moving picture place in the State of Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 337, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the thirtieth day of January one thousand eight hundred seventy-four entitled "A further supplement to the act regulating elections in this Commonwealth"

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1083 (Senate No. 141), entitled:

An Act to regulate the practice of optometry in Pennsylvania defining optometry and relating to the right to practice optometry in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and making certain exceptions and providing a bureau of optometrical education examination and licensure as a bureau of the Department of Public Instruction and means and methods whereby the right to practice optometry may be obtained and providing for the means to carry out the provisions of this act and providing for revocation or suspension of licenses given by said bureau and providing penalties for violations thereof and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent therewith

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 819 (Senate No. 86), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to refund to Lynford Biddle of Philadelphia certain moneys erroneously paid into the State Treasury

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1074 (Senate No. 276), entitled:

An Act directing the county commissioner of the several counties to offer for sale to the Department of Forestry tracts of land which they may have purchased at county treasurers' sales for acceptance or refusal for forestry purposes and to convey to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania the tracts so offered to be sold if accepted by the Department

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 458, entitled:

An Act providing for the publication and distribution of a revised edition of the railroad map of Pennsylvania heretofore issued by the Department of Internal Affairs making an appropriation for the work of revising compiling and proof-reading and an appropriation for printing binding and mounting the same and for paper

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 746, entitled:

An Act supplementary to an act entitled "An Act defining the powers of the several courts of quarter sessions of the peace within this Commonwealth with reference to the care treatment and control of dependent neglected incorrigible or delinquent children under the age of sixteen years and providing for the means in which such powers may be exercised" approved the twenty-third day of April one thousand nine hundred and three Pamphlet Laws page two hundred and seventy-four prohibiting magistrates or justices of the peace from sentencing or committing for trial for any offences dependent neglected incorrigible or delinquent children under the age of sixteen years and providing for the disposition of such children by the juvenile courts providing that the jurisdiction of such courts over children committed by them shall continue notwithstanding such children may remove or be removed from the territorial limits of such courts authorizing the said courts to commit such children in proper cases to the custody of their mothers to be maintained in their respecttive homes and providing for the payment of the cost of such maintenance by the proper county prescribing the duties of probation officers in such cases and authorizing the several juvenile courts to employ medical experts in certain cases

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1034, entitled:

An Act relative to borough and township employes prescribing a method of paying them and fixing the duties of the borough and township authorities

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 939, entitled:

An Act relating to the holding of real estate by certain foreign corporations associations and companies doing business in Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 726, entitled:

An Act to repeal section fifteen of an act entitled "An Act relating to election of county treasurers and for other purposes" approved May twenty-seventh one thousand eight hundred and forty-one (Pamphlet Laws four hundred)

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 892, entitled:

An Act relative to certain county offices in counties containing less than one hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants with the incidental duties of county commissioners and election officers

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 977 (Senate No. 121), entitled:

An Act regulating the sale of chicory mixed with coffee and providing a penalty

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1079 (Senate No. 437), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the eighth day of April one thousand eight hundred thirty-three entitled "An Act relating to last wills and testaments" by conferring the same rights upon the mother as upon the father

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 992 (Senate No. 371), entitled:

An Act to amend further an act approved the eleventh day of April one thousand eight hundred sixty-two entitled "A further supplement to the act entitled 'An Act for the regulation and continuance of a system of education by common schools' approved the eighth day of May one thousand eight hundred and fifty-four"

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1068, entitled:

An Act to regulate and establish the fees to be charged and collected by the several clerks of the courts of oyer and terminer general jail delivery and quarter sessions of the peace in counties of this Commonwealth having a population of over eight hundred thousand and less than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants as computed by the last preceding United States census

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 837 (Senate No. 183), entitled:

An Act regulating the sale and exposing for sale of dressed lambs sheep and calves

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. WETTACH. Mr. Speaker, I move that House Bill No. 837 (Senate Bill No. 183) be referred to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.
Mr. STAVING. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.
The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 795, entitled:

To authorize the payment from the general appropriation for the care of the indigent insane of the cost of transferring or removing patients from one insane hospital or asylum or institution to another or elsewhere upon the order of the Board of Public Charities or the Committee on Lunacy

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1040, entitled:

An Act relating to building and loan associations and the solicitors officers directors and stockholders thereof

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 942, entitled:

An Aet amending an act entitled "A further supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to provide revenue by taxation approved the seventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy nine approved the first day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine"

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 941, entitled:

An Act further amending an act entitled "An Act to provide increased revenues for the purpose of relieving the burdens of local taxation being supplementary to an act entitled "An Act to provide revenue by taxation' approved the seventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine amending the first fourteenth sixteenth twentieth twenty-first twenty-fifth and twenty-sixth sections of an act supplementary thereto which became a law on the first day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine entitled 'A further supplement to an act entitled "An Act to provide revenue by taxation" approved the seventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine' and providing for greater uniformity of taxation by taxing all the property of corporations limited partnerships and joint-stock associations having capital stock at the rate of five mills on each dollar of its actual value' approved the eighth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one" and regulating the making of certain reports and statements to the Auditor General for the purpose of taxation

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 880 (Senate No. 305), entitled:

An Act relating to appeals from the reports of auditors of boroughs townships and poor districts

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 910, entitled:

An Act to establish and regulate the fees to be received and charged by the prothonotary of the courts of common pleas of this Commonwealth in counties having over eight hundred thousand and less than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants according to the last preceding United States census

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 818 (Senate No. 88), entitled:

An Act relating to the competency of witnesses and to the rules of evidence in proceedings arising from the exercise of the right of eminent domain

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 867, entitled:

An Act conferring authority upon the commissioners of the counties respectively within this Commonwealth to appropriate money for the maintenance of such indigent residents of the county as may be patients in a hospital or sanitorium of any district in the county which has been erected and equipped according to plans and specifications approved by the Department of Health of Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1048, entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act providing that in all counties having more than five hundred thousand inhabitants advertisements and notices required by law or rules of court to be published in newspapers of general circulation unless dispensed with by special order of court shall be published in the legal newspaper issued at least weekly of the proper county designated by rules of court for the publication of court or other legal notices" approved May third one thousand nine hundred and nine so as to include all counties having more than one hundred thousand population

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 281, entitled:

An Act authorizing cities boroughs towns and townships to regulate bill-boards and other forms of outdoor advertising

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

BILL PLACED ON CALENDAR.

Mr. TWIBILL. Mr. Speaker, I move that House Bill No. 802, File Folio 3353, entitled:

An Act regulating the compensation commission and brokerage of persons securing or placing loans for build-

ing and loan associations providing for the recovery of excessive compensation commission or brokerage and providing penalties

be placed upon the calendar notwithstanding the negative recommendation of the Committee.

Mr. GLASS. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the motion?

Mr. TWIBILL. Mr. Speaker, my purpose in asking this is this: there was a hearing arranged on this bill for Tuesday afternoon, but the Committee met at 9:30 in the morning, and the sponsor of the bill was not present. I understand that a great many members were absent and that the bill did not receive the consideration that it should I therefore ask this, that the bill may be returned to the committee.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the motion?

It was agreed to.

ANNOUNCEMENT.

The SPEAKER. The Chair would suggest to the members that in the future when making motions to place bills on the calendar notwithstanding a negative recommendation, that the number of the bill and the file folio be given, together with the date on which the bill was reported with a negative recommendation.

ADJOURNMENT.

Mr. HUBLER. Mr. Speaker, I move that this House do now adjourn.

The motion was agreed to, and at (11:40 o'clock A. M.) the House adjourned until Monday evening, March 29th, at 8 o'clock.

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA.

Legislative Journal.

Session 1915 — 121st of the General Assembly

VOL. 3. HARRISBURG, PA., MONDAY, MARCH 29, 1915. No. 32.

SENATE.

MONDAY, March 29th, 1915.

The Senate met at 4 o'clock P. M.

The PRESIDENT (Lieutenant-Governor Frank B. McClain) in the Chair.

PRAYER.

The Chaplain, Rev. Thomas W. Davis, offered the following prayer:

Almighty God, we thank Thee for this beautiful day, and the preservation of our lives, and knowing that there is a divinity that shapes our lives, rough hew them as we will, and that great men in the past have been the leaders of their fellows into all the progressive movements of life for the improvement of our lives among each other. Realizing that these men have been willing to take those responsibilities upon themselves, and that here another body in this age is willing to be the leaders of men also, we pray that they may be so guided as to do at all times those things that will result in the largest amount of good to the great Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. We ask in our Saviour's name. Amen.

The PRESIDENT. A quorum of the Senate being present the Clerk will read the Journal of the preceding session.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of the preceding session, when, on motion of Mr. GERBERICH, the further reading was dispensed with, and the Journal was approved.

PETITIONS.

FAVORING COUNTY LOCAL OPTION.

Mr. PHIPPS presented petition of citizens of Venango County praying for the passage of a county local option law.

Which was referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

Mr. WASBERS presented petition of York Lodge No. 49, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, York County, praying for the passage of a county local option law.

Which was referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

He also presented petition of citizens of Emigsville, York County, praying for the passage of a county local option law.

Which was referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

The Chair presented three petitions of citizens of Allegheny County praying for the passage of a county local option law.

Which were referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

Mr. SEMMENS presented petition of Turtle Creek Chapter No. 191, Daughters of Liberty, Allegheny County, praying for the passage of a county local option law.

Which was referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

Mr. WARNER presented petition of the Men's Bible Class of the Moravian Church, of Newfoundland, Wayne County, Pa., favoring the passage of a county local option law.

Which was referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

He also presented petition of the W. C. T. U. of Weatherly, Carbon County, Pa., praying for the passage of a county local option law.

Which was referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

Mr. CLARK presented petition of citizens of Erie County praying for the passage of a county local option law.

Which was referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

Mr. THOMPSON presented petition of citizens of Beaver County praying for the passage of a county local option law.

Which was referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

FAVORING REPEAL OF PUBLIC SERVICE COMPANY LAW.

Mr. THOMPSON presented petition of Conway Borough Council of Beaver County, praying for the repeal of the Public Service Company Law.

Which was referred to the Committee on Corporations.

FAVORING REPEAL OF FULL CREW LAW.

Mr. WARNER presented petition of citizens of Carbon County favoring the repeal of the Full Crew Law.

Which was referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

He also presented petition of citizens of Monroe County favoring the repeal of the Full Crew Law.

Which was referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE.

The Chair asked and obtained leave of absence for the Senator from Franklin, Mr. Hoke, for today's session.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. TOMPKINS, from the Committee on Insurance, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 416 (House Bill No. 49), entitled:

An Act empowering certain corporations, societies and voluntary associations having subordinate lodges or branches within this Commonwealth to change the location of their principal office or place of business and providing for the filing of notice of such changes

BILLS INTRODUCED.

Mr. BEIDLEMAN read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 652, entitled:

An Act to amend the sixth, eighth eleventh sixteenth and seventeenth sections of an act, approved the twenty-sixth day of March, 1895, entitled "An Act relative to the Public Grounds and Buildings; defining the powers of the commissioners; authorizing the Board of Commissioners to carry into effect the provisions of section twelve, article three of the Constitution relative to contracts for stationery, supplies, fuel, furniture, furnishings, distribution of documents, repairs, alterations or improvements or other matters needed by the Legislature the several departments, boards and commissions of the State Government and Executive Mansion, authorizing the appointment of a Superintendent and defining his powers, authority and duties, and providing for the appointment of subordinate officers required by this act, and fixing the compensation of the same."

Which was committed to the Committee on Public Grounds and Buildings.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 653, entitled:

An Act authorizing E. D. Lutz and Olive Lutz, his wife, residents of the Borough of Millersburg, Dauphin County, Pennsylvania, to bring suit in the Court of Common Pleas of Dauphin County against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, jointly or severally.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 654, entitled:

An Act authorizing O. H. Watts and Olive Watts, his wife, residents of the Borough of Millersburg, Dauphin County,

Pennsylvania, to bring suit in the Court of Common Pleas of Dauphin County, against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, jointly or severally.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 655, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Florence Crittenton Home, of Harrisburg, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 656, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the trustees of the Pennsylvania State Lunatic Hospital for the Southern District of Pennsylvania located at Harrisburg.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 657, entitled:

An Act fixing the compensation of the Chief Clerk and the five clerks in the Department of Mines.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. MOORE read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 658, entitled:

An Act relating to the guardianship of minor children; making father and mother joint guardians of minor children; providing for the custody of the person and estate of minor children upon the death of either parent, and giving father and mother equal rights in the appointment of testamentary guardians.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. MARTIN (by request) read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 659, entitled:

An Act granting unto incorporated cemetery or burial companies or associations the right of eminent domain to take lands for the burial of the dead and other cemetery or burial purposes and providing the manner of securing and fixing the damages for such taking.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

SENATE BILL NO. 4 RECALLED FROM THE GOVERNOR.

Mr. CLARK offered the following resolution, which was twice read considered and agreed to:

In the Senate, March 29, 1915.

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur) That Senate Bill No. 4 entitled "An Act relating to persons habitually addicted to the use of alcohol or drugs, and providing for the care and treatment of such persons at the expense of the county and state, if indigent," be recalled from the Governor for the purpose of amendment.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILL OVER IN ORDER.

Mr. CLARK. Mr. President, I ask that Senate Bill No. 8, on third reading, entitled:

An Act supplementary to an act entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation regulation and government of cities of the third class regulating nomination and election of municipal officers therein and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto" approved the twenty-seventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred thirteen providing for and enacting initiative and referendum provisions with reference to ordinances and the holding of elections relative thereto

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 189 (House No. 21), entitled.

An Act to amend an act approved the nineteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act empowering incorporated towns of this Commonwealth without petition of the property owners to grade pave curb macadamize and otherwise improve public streets or parts thereof and assess a portion of the cost of the same on the owners of property abutting thereon and providing for the collection of the same."

And said bill having been read at length the third time, ang agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—36.

Beidleman,	Graff,	Moore,	Snyder, P. W.,
Buckman,	Jenkins,	Patton,	Sones,
Burke,	Lynch,	Phipps,	Sproul,
Clark,	Magee, C. J.,	Schantz,	Stewart,
Croft,	Martin,	Semmens,	Thompson,
Crow,	McConnell,	Sensenich,	Tompkins,
Endsley,	McKee, W. S.,	Smith, R. E.,	Vare,
Farley,	Miller,	Smith, W. W.,	Warner,
Gerberich,	Mills,	Snyder, C. A.,	Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

BILL OVER IN ORDER.

Mr. McKEE. Mr. President, I ask that Senate Bill No. 302, on third reading, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the thirteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act establishing in counties containing a population of from eight hundred thousand to one million four hundred thousand a board for the assessment and revision of taxes for state and county purposes prescribing the method of their appointment their powers and duties fixing their salary to be paid by the proper county and abolishing the office of ward borough and township assessors in so far as respects the assessment of State and county taxes

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 421 (House No. 110), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twelfth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act providing for the establishment and maintenance of boards of health in boroughs and townships of the first class and defining their powers and duties providing for the appointment of members of such boards of health by the president of the borough councils or by the chairman of the board of commissioners of such townships providing for the election of a secretary and a health officer providing that the Commissioner of Health may take charge of the administration of health laws in any borough or township of the first class when conditions therein in his opinion constitute a menace to the lives or health of the people living outside the corporate limits of such borough or township of the first class or when it may be known to him that such borough or township of the first class is without an existing or efficient board of health and providing the manner in which the expenses of boards of health or of the Commissioner of Health incurred in administering health laws in any borough or township of the first class shall be paid"

And said bill having been read at length the third time,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill?

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to amend section 1, in line 40, by striking out the word "arrest"; also in line 40, by striking out the words "and treatment."

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

The amendment was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading as amended?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended be printed for the use the Senate.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 429, entitled:

An Act to give protection to and regulate the catching or taking or having possession of within this Commonwealth of bullfrogs and tadpoles and providing and imposing a penalty for violation of its provisions and repealing all acts inconsistent herewith

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—37.

Beidleman,	Graff,	Mills,	Snyder, P. W.,
Buckman,	Gyger,	Moore,	Sones,
Burke,	Jenkins,	Patton,	Sproul,
Clark,	Lynch,	Phipps,	Stewart,
Croft,	Magee, C. J.,	Schantz,	Thompson,
Crow,	Martin,	Semmens,	Tompkins,
Daix,	McConnell,	Sensenich,	Vare,
Endsley,	McKee, W. S.	Smith, W. W.,	Warner,
Farley,	Miller,	Snyder, C. A.	Wasbers,
Gerberich,			

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 435, as follows:

A supplement to an act approved the seventh day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act relating to and regulating motor vehicles and vehicles trailing after or propelled by motor vehicles controlling their speed upon the public streets and highways in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania providing for their registration and licensing of certain operators by the State Highway Department prohibiting the operation of any motor vehicle by any person when intoxicated or without the consent of the owner forbidding the passage of any law laying a tax upon or requiring the registration of motor vehicles or licensing of any operator or regulating the speed of motor vehicles by any county borough city incorporated town or township establishing the rights of motor vehicles upon the public highways with relation to other vehicles providing for their equipment and for the width of tires to be used upon motor vehicles and vehicles trailing after or propelled by motor vehicles regulating the service of process and proceedings in actions for damages arising therefrom providing for arrest and for service of process and proceedings for violation of this act prescribing the penalties therefor and providing for the disposition of fees collected and fines imposed thereunder"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That in each city of the first and second classes motor vehicles and vehicles trailing after or propelled by motor vehicles shall be registered and licenses shall be issued by a registrar of motor vehicles He shall be appointed by the state Highway Commissioner immediately after the approval of this act He shall have an office in each such city shall furnish a bond to the Commonwealth in the sum of ten thousand dollars with surety to be approved by the commissioner

To him all applications for registration and license in such city shall be addressed

The registration of motor vehicles and of vehicles trailing after or propelled by motor vehicles and the issuance of licenses in such city shall otherwise be in accordance with the provisions of the act to which this is a supplement

The State Highway Commissioner shall provide in such city an office for the registrar and furnish him with all blanks tags stationery furniture and supplies necessary in the performance of the duties herein required

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to.

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—38.

Beidleman,	Graff,	Moore,	Snyder, P. W.,
Buckman,	Gyger,	Patton,	Sones,
Burke,	Jenkins,	Phipps,	Sproul,
Clark,	Lynch,	Schantz,	Stewart,
Croft,	Magee, C. J.,	Semmens,	Thompson,
Crow,	Martin,	Sensenich,	Tompkins,
Daix,	McConnell,	Smith, R. E.,	Vare,
Endsley,	McKee, W. S.	Smith, W. W.,	Warner,
Farley,	Miller,	Snyder, C. A.,	Wasbers,
Gerberich,	Mills,		

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILL OVER IN ORDER.

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, I ask that Senate Bill No. 445 (House Bill No. 536), on third reading, entitled:

An Act concerning the relations between attorney and client on suit being brought in any court of this Commonwealth and providing that the attorney shall have a lien for his compensation for his services upon the client's cause of action claim of counteraction which shall attach to any award order report decision compromise settlement verdict or judgment in the client's favor and the proceeds thereof in whosoever hands the same may be and which lien shall not be affected or defeated by any compromise or settlement between the parties before or after judgment

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 456, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for refunding to the Everhart Coal Company moneys erroneously paid into the State Treasury

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—38.

Beidleman,	Graff,	Moore,	Snyder, P. W.
Buckman,	Gyger,	Patton,	Sones,
Burke,	Jenkins,	Phipps,	Sproul,
Clark,	Lynch,	Schantz,	Stewart,
Graff,	Magee, C. J.,	Semmens,	Thompson,
Crow,	Martin,	Sensenich,	Tompkins,
Daix,	McConnell,	Smith, R. E.,	Vare,
Endsley,	McKee, W. S.	Smith, W. W.,	Warner,
Farley,	Miller,	Snyder, C. A.,	Wasbers,
Gerberich,	Mills,		

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 489, as follows:

An Act to authorize the city of Williamsport to acquire if necessary and in all events to maintain for the purpose of securing and improving the general sanitary conditions of said city the dam which was erected by the Susquehanna Boom Company across the west branch of the Susquehanna river at a point near the intersection of Hepburn street with said river in said city

Whereas by virtue of an act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania entitled "A supplement to the act incorporating the Susquehanna Boom Company authorizing the erection of a dam and allowing increase of tolls" approved the eleventh day of December Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six (1866) a dam was erected by the said Susquehanna Boom Company across the west branch of the Susquehanna river at a point near the intersection of Hepburn street and said river in the city of Williamsport Pennsylvania which said dam since its erection has been maintained by the said Susquehanna Boom Company

And whereas the said Susquehanna Boom Company by reason of decrease in business or for other causes in the future may abandon said dam or surrender or forfeit its right to repair and maintain the same thereby leaving said dam without anyone in authority to preserve and maintain the same and whereas the city of Williamsport is vitally interested in the maintenance and preservation of said dam from a sanitary and health standpoint

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by authority of the same That the consent of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania be and is hereby granted to the city of Williamsport to acquire if necessary and in all events to maintain and keep or to provide and arrange for the maintenance and keeping in repair of said dam for the purpose of securing and improving the general health and sanitary conditions of said city so long as in the discretion of said city repair and maintenance of the same is deemed necessary for said purpose upon the voluntary abandonment of said dam or upon the surrender or forfeiture of the right of said boom company from any cause to repair and maintain the same Provided all existing laws relating to navigable rivers and streams so far as they apply to the Susquehanna river shall be fully compiled with And provided that said dam shall be subject to the inspection and to the rules and regulations of the Water Supply Commission of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—39.

Beidleman,	Gerberich,	Mills,	Snyder, C. A.,
Buckman,	Graff,	Moore,	Snyder, P. W.,
Burke,	Gyger,	Patton,	Sones,
Catlin,	Jenkins,	Phipps,	Sproul,
Clark,	Lynch,	Schantz,	Thompson,
Croft,	Magee, C. J.,	Semmens,	Tompkins,
Crow,	Martin,	Sensenich,	Vare,
Daix,	McConnell,	Smith, R. E.,	Warner,
Endsley,	McKee, W. S.	Smith, W. W.,	Wasbers,
Farley,	Miller,		

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 508 (House No. 166), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the payment of the deficiency which has arisen under the provisions of an act approved the thirteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred seven entitled "An Act to authorize county commissioners for the purpose of encouraging agriculture and the holding of county agricultural exhibitions to pay annually one thousand dollars to the incorporated agricultural association paying premiums on agricultural exhibits holding an annual exhibition in the county providing for the filing of sworn statement by the claimant or claimants with the county commissioners relative to said exhibition and providing for the repayment to the county by the State of the sum so paid

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—38.

Beidleman,	Graff,	Moore,	Snyder, P. W.,
Buckman,	Gyger,	Patton,	Sones,
Burke,	Jenkins,	Phipps,	Sproul,
Clark,	Lynch,	Schantz,	Stewart,
Croft,	Magee, C. J.,	Semmens,	Thompson,
Crow,	Martin,	Sensenich,	Tompkins,
Daix,	McConnell,	Smith, R. E.,	Vare,
Endsley,	McKee, W. S.	Smith, W. W.,	Warner,
Farley,	Miller,	Snyder, C. A.,	Wasbers,
Gerberich,	Mills,		

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. CLARK. Mr. President, at the resquest of the Bureau, I move that Senate Bill No. 509 (House Bill No. 414), on third reading, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Legislative Reference Bureau to continue the work commenced under the provisions of an act approved the twentieth day of May one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act directing the Legislative Reference Bureau to prepare compilations or codes by topics of the existing general laws of this Commonwealth for adoption or rejection by the General Assembly fixing the powers and duties of the Bureau therein fixing the compensation of the assistant director and making an appropriation therefor" fixing the powers and duties of the Bureau therein fixing the duties and compensation of the assistant director and making an appropriation

be recommitted to the Committee on Judiciary Special for further consideration.

Mr. GERBERICH. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 513 (House Bill No. 683), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Hospital for the Insane at Danville Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—39.

Beidleman,	Graff,	Mills,	Snyder, P. W.,
Buckman,	Gyger,	Moore,	Sones,
Burke,	Jenkins,	Patton,	Sproul,
Clark,	Lynch,	Phipps,	Stewart,
Croft,	Magee, C. J.,	Schantz,	Thompson,
Crow,	Martin,	Semmens,	Tompkins,
Daix,	McConnell,	Sensenich,	Vare,
Endsley,	McKee, W. S.,	Smith, R. E.,	Warner.
Farley,	McNichol,	Smith, W. W.,	Wasbers,
Gerberich,	Miller,	Snyder, C. A.,	

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

BILLS RECOMMITTED.

Mr. PLYMOUTH W. SNYDER. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 517 (House Bill No. 196) on third reading, entitled:

An Act providing for the appointment and expenses of a commission of three persons learned in the law to codify and revise the law of decedents' estates and making an appropriation

be recommitted to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. PHIPPS. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 520 (House Bill No. 687), on third reading, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the ninth day of June one thousand eight hundred eighty-one entitled "An Act authorizing companies incorporated under the laws of any other state of the United States for the manufacture of any form of iron steel or glass to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments and to take have and hold real estate necessary and proper for manufacturing purposes" as amended by extending the same to companies incorporated for the purpose of the manufacture and sale of explosives

be recommitted to the Committee on Finance for the purpose of amendment.

Mr. DIAX. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 523 (House Bill No. 121), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the State Hospital of Nanticoke Luzerne county Pennsylvania for the payment of indebtedness against said hospital buildings equipment and grounds

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—39.

Beidleman,	Gerberich,	Mills,	Snyder, P. W.,
Buckman,	Graff,	Moore,	Sones,
Burke,	Gyger,	Patton,	Sproul,
Catlin,	Jenkins,	Phipps,	Stewart,
Clark,	Lynch,	Schantz,	Thompson,
Croft,	Magee, C. J.	Semmens,	Tompkins,
Crow,	Martin,	Sensenich,	Vare,
Daix,	McConnell,	Smith, R. E.,	Warner,
Endsley,	McKee, W. S.,	Smith, W. W.,	Wasbers,
Farley,	Miller,	Snyder, C. A.,	

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 524 (House Bill No. 658), entitled:

An Act transferring from certain funds to another certain moneys appropriated to the State Livestock Sanitary Board

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—39.

Beidleman,	Gerberich,	Mills,	Snyder, P. W.,
Buckman,	Graff,	Moore,	Sones,
Burke,	Gyger,	Patton,	Sproul,
Clark,	Jenkins,	Phipps,	Stewart,
Croft,	Lynch,	Schantz,	Tompkins,
Crow,	Magee, C. J.,	Semmens,	Tompkins,
Daix,	Martin,	Sensenich,	Vare,
DeWitt,	McConnell,	Smith, R. E.,	Warner,
Endsley,	McKee, W. S.,	Smith, W. W.,	Wasbers,
Farley,	Miller,	Snyder, C. A.,	

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 537, entitled:

An Act authorizing and regulating the giving of a set of colors State and National to certain veteran associations and making an appropriation

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—38.

Beidleman,	Graff,	Moore,	Snyder, P. W.,
Buckman,	Gyger,	Patton,	Sones,
Burke,	Jenkins,	Phipps,	Sproul,
Clark,	Lynch,	Schantz,	Stewart,
Croft,	Magee, C. J.,	Semmens,	Thompson,
Crow,	Martin,	Sensenich,	Tompkins,
Daix,	McConnell,	Smith, R. E.,	Vare,
Endsley,	McKee, W. S.,	Smith, W. W.,	Warner
Farley,	Miller,	Snyder, C. A.,	Wasbers,
Gerberich,	Mills,		

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 545, as follows:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act authorizing companies incorporated under the laws of any other state of the United States for the manufacture of any form of iron steel or glass to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments and to take have and hold real estate necessary and proper for manufacturing purposes" approved the ninth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one extending the same to companies formed for the purpose of quarrying slate granite stone or rocks or for dressing polishing working or manufacturing the same or any of them and to mineral springs companies incorporated for the purpose of bottling and selling natural mineral springs water' approved the sixteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three" approved the nineteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one extending the same to companies formed for the purposes of manufacturing and selling chemicals foodstuffs cement and cement products and the quarrying of cement rock' approved May twenty-eight one thousand nine hundred and seven extending the same to companies incorporated for the manufacture buying selling leasing using and operation of electrical apparatus and machinery and articles of every kind appertaining to or in any wise connected with the production use regulation control distribution or application of electricity or electrical energy or products for any use or purpose constructing acquring using selling buying or leasing any works construction or plant or part thereof connected with or involving such use distribution regulation control or application of electricity or the control or use of electrical apparatus for any purpose and of producing furnishing and supplying electricity or electrical apparatus in any form and for any purpose and to carry on a general manufacturing business" approved the twenty-third day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven extending the same to corporations engaged in the manufacture buying selling dealing in and using of collapsible tubes and metal specialties

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That so much of section one of an act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act authorizing companies incorporated under the laws of any other State of the United States for the manufacture of any form of iron steel or glass to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments and to take have and hold real estate necessary and proper for manufacturing purposes" approved the ninth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one extending the same to companies formed for the purpose of quarrying slate granite stone or rocks or for dressing polishing working or manufacturing the same or any of them and to mineral springs companies incorporated for the purpose of bottling and selling natural mineral springs water' approved the sixteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three" approved the nineteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one extending the same to companies formed for the purposes of manufacturing and selling chemicals foodstuffs cement and cement products and the quarrying of cement rock' approved May twenty-eight one thousand nine hundred and seven extending the same to companies incorporated for the manufacture buying selling leasing using and operation of electrical apparatus and machinery and articles of every kind appertaining to or in any wise connected with the production use regulation control distribution or application of electricity or electrical energy or products for any use or purpose constructing acquiring using selling buying or leasing any works construction or plant or part thereof connected with or involving such use distribution regulation control or application of electricity or the control or use of electrical apparatus for any purpose and of producing furnishing and supplying electricity or electrical apparatus in any form and for any purpose and to carry on a general manufacturing business" approved the twenty-third day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven which reads as follows

"It shall and may be lawful for any company incorporated under the laws of any other State for the manufacture of any form of iron steel or glass or for the quarrying of slate granite cement rock stone or rocks of any kind or for dressing polishing or manufacturing the same or any of them or for any mineral springs company incorporated for the purpose of bottling and selling natural mineral springs water or for any company incorporated for the purpose of manufacturing supplying and sale of ice or for the manufacture and sale of chemicals or for the manu-

facture and sale of food stuffs and eatables cement and cement products and the quarrying of cement rock or for the manufacture buying selling leasing using and operation of electrical apparatus and machinery and articles of every kind appertaining to or in any wise connected with the production use regulation control distribution or application of electricity or electrical energy or products for any use or purpose constructing acquiring using selling buying or leasing any works construction or plant or part thereof connected with or involving such use distribution regulation control or application of electricity or the control or use of electrical apparatus for any purpose and of producing furnishing and supplying electricity or electrical apparatus in any form and for any purpose and to carry on a general manufacturing business to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments within this Commonwealth and to have and hold real estate to an amount necessary and proper therefor Provided That nothing herein contained shall be deemed to prevent or relieve real estate taken and held by such company under the provisions of this statute from being taxed in like manner with other real estate within this Commonwealth And provided further That no foreign corporation shall be entitled to employ any greater amount of capital in any such business in this State than the same kind of corporations organized under the laws of this State are entitled to employ And provided further That every such foreign corporation doing business as aforesaid in this Commonwealth shall be liable to taxation to an amount not exceeding that impcsed on corporations organized for similar purposes under the laws of this State and every such foreign corporation taking the benefit of this act shall make the same returns to the Auditor General that are now required by law of the corporations of this State" is hereby amended to read as follows

It shall and may be lawful for any company incorporated under the laws of any other State for the manufacture of any form of iron steel or glass or for the quarrying of slate granite cement rock stone or rocks of any kind or for dressing polishing or manufacturing the same or any of them or for any mineral springs company incorporated for the purpose of bottling and selling natural mineral springs water or for any company incorporated for the purpose of manufacturing supplying and sale of ice or for the manufacture and sale of chemicals or for the manufacture and sale of foodstuffs and eatables cement and cement products and the quarrying of cement rock or for the manufacture buying selling leasing using and operation of electrical apparatus and machinery and articles of every kind appertaining to or in any wise connected with the production use regulation control distribution or application of electricity or electrical energy or products for any use or purpose constructing acquiring using selling buying or leasing any works construction or plant or part thereof connected with or involving such use distribution regulation control or application of electricity or the control or use of electrical apparatus for any purpose and of producing furnishing and supplying electricity or electrical apparatus in any form and for any purpose and to carry on a general manufacturing business or for the manufacture buying selling dealing and using of collapsible tubes and metal specialties to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments within this Commonwealth and to have and hold real estate to an amount necessary and proper therefor Provided That nothing herein contained shall be deemed to prevent or relieve real estate taken and held by such company under the provisions of this statute from being taxed in like manner with other real estate within this Commonwealth And provided further That no foreign corporation shall be entitled to employ any greater amount of capital in any such business in this State than the same kind of corporations organized under the laws of this State are entitled to employ And further provided That every such foreign corporation doing business as aforesaid in this Commonwealth shall be liable to taxation to an amount not exceeding that imposed on corporations organized for similar purposes under the laws of this State and every such foreign corporation taking the benefit of this act shall make the same returns to the Auditor General that are now required by law by the corporations of this State

Section 2 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with this act are repealed

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to.

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—38.

Beidleman,	Graff,	Moore,	Snyder, P. W.,
Buckman,	Gyger,	Patton,	Sones,
Burke,	Jenkins,	Phipps,	Sproul,
Clark,	Lynch,	Schantz,	Stewart,
Croft,	Magee, C. J.,	Semmens,	Thompson,
Crow,	Martin,	Sensenich,	Tompkins,
Daix,	McConnell,	Smith, R. E.,	Vare,
Endsley,	McKee, W. S.,	Smith, W. W.,	Warner,
Farley,	Miller,	Snyder, C. A.,	Wasbers,
Gerberich,	Mills,		

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. SENSENICH. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 578 (House Bill No. 416), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the eighth day of May one thousand nine hundred thirteen "An Act regulating the appointment confirmation duties salary and expenses of county detectives in counties containing not less than three hundred thousand nor more than seven hundred thousand inhabitants" by extending its provision to counties having a population of two hundred thousand inhabitants but not more than seven hundred thousand inhabitants and by repealing section three of the act

be recommitted to the Committee on Judiciary Special for the purpose of amendment.

Mr. PLYMOUTH W. SNYDER. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Mr. VARE. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now resume the third reading and further consideration of Senate Bill No. 222, on third reading postponed for the present, entitled:

An Act supplementing and amending sections ten and twelve of an act entitled "An Act establishing a court for the county of Philadelphia prescribing its jurisdiction and powers providing for the service of its writs process or warrants by the proper officers of the county or city of Philadelphia regulating the procedure therein and appeals therefrom and providing for the expenses thereof" approved the twelfth day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen by increasing the jurisdiction of the court in all civil actions in assumpsit to twelve hundred dollars ($1,200) by conferring upon said court jurisdiction in actions of replevin foreign attachment proceedings commenced under an act entitled "An Act relating to fraudulent debtors" approved seventeenth day of March one thousand eight hundred sixty-nine mechanics' liens municipal claims habeas corpus proceedings and regulating and changing the practice and procedure in said court and changing the word "prothonotary" in the said section twelve wherever it appears to the word "clerk"

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

And the question recurring,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. VARE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to amend the title, in line 14, by inserting after the word "claim" the words "divorce and all"; also section 10, in line 49, by inserting after the word "in" the words "divorce and"; also in section 12, in line 76, by inserting after the word "in" the words "divorce and".

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

The amendment was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading as amended?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended, be printed for the use of the Senate.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 31, as follows:

An Act amending section five of an act entitled "An Act to establish a county court for the County of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof" approved the fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven by changing the manner of

appointment and of determining the numbers duties and compensation of clerks and other assistants

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section five of an act entitled "An Act to establish a county court for the county of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof" approved the fifth day of May nineteen hundred and eleven which reads as follows:

Section 5 The prothonotary of Allegheny county shall be the clerk of the court hereby created and shall assume and perform all the duties of clerk thereof At each place designated for the holding of said court there shall be established an office in charge of a clerk or clerks appointed by the prothonotary who shall have the custody of the seal to be kept at such place as well as of the docket of the court and of all papers pertaining to the business of the court at such place All other necessary assistants shall be appointed by said court and their compensation shall be fixed and paid out of the treasury of Allegheny county in the manner in which other county expenses are now fixed and paid by law and the duties of such assistants except as in this act set forth shall be determined by a majority of the judges of such court" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 5 The prothonotary of Allegheny county shall be the clerk of the court hereby created and shall assume and perform all of the duties of clerk thereof At each place designated for the holding of said court there shall be established an office in charge of a clerk or clerks appointed by the prothonotary with the approval of the majority of the judges of said court who shall have the custody of the seal to be kept in such place as well as of the docket of the court and of all papers pertaining to the business of the court at such place The number duties and compensation of said clerks to be fixed by a majority of the judges of said court and such compensation to be paid out of the treasury of Allegheny county in the manner in which other county expenses are now paid by law All other necessary assistants shall be appointed by a majority of the judges of said court and their number duties and compensation shall be fixed by a majority of the judges of said court and their compensation shall be paid out of the treasury of Allegheny county in the manner in which other county expenses are now paid by law

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 113, entitled:

An Act further supplementing an act approved the fourteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act providing for the erection by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania of a statue in memory of General George Gordon Meade in the city of Washington and making an appropriation therefor" and making a further appropriation

The preamble of the bill was read as follows and agreed to:

Whereas Under acts approved June fourteen one thousand nine hundred and eleven and May two one thousand nine hundred and thirteen the Legislature of Pennsylvania appropriated the sum of thirty thousand dollars for the erection of a statue or memorial to the memory of Major General George Gordon Meade a former citizen of Pennsylvania who commanded the army of the Potomac from Gettysburg to Appomattox with an unbroken line of Union victories and

Whereas Since that amount was appropriated (evidently intended simply for an equestrian statue of General Meade upon an isolated location somewhere in the nation's capitol) the Commission of Fine Arts of Washington District of Columbia has officially designated as a site for the proposed statue or memorial a location within the lines of the Botanic Garden and approximately within two hundred feet of the monument now being erected to the memory of General U. S. Grant costing two hundred and fifty thousand dollars and

Whereas The amount thus appropriated being wholly inadequate for the erection of a statue or memorial to General Meade upon the site designated by the Commission of Fine Arts of Washington District of Columbia and commensurate with his services to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and the Nation therefore

The first section of the bill was read as follows and agreed to:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the further sum of forty thousand dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated for the following purposes namely

For the purpose of securing a site for the location of the proposed statue or memorial of General George Gordon Meade provided for in the act to which this is a supplement and for the purpose of constructing the necessary foundation and pedestal and in securing appropriate tablets and designs therefor and for the erection and completion of said statue or memorial

The second section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 2 The Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania is made an additional member of the commission provided for in said act to take the place of George F. Baer deceased

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, I move to strike out the whole of section 2.

Mr. CROW. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment.

It was agreed to

The third section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 3 The Governor is hereby empowered to make appointments to fill vacancies that may occur on the commission created by the acts to which this is a supplement

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, I move to amend section 3 in line 1 by striking out the figure "3" and inserting in lieu thereof the figure "2".

Mr. CROW. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The title of the bill was read as follows and agreed to:

An Act further supplementing an act approved the fourteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act providing for the erection by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania of a statue in memory of General George Gordon Meade in the city of Washington and making an appropriation therefor" and making a further appropriation

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 166, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the State Hospital for Injured Persons of the Treverton Shamokin and Mount Carmel Coal Fields situated in the township of Coal near Shamokin Northumberland County Pennsylvania for deficiency in maintenance for the two fiscal years commencing June first one thousand nine hundred thirteen

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of twenty-five thousand eight hundred ninety-eight dollars and twenty-nine cents or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the State Hospital for Injured Persons of the Treverton Shamokin and Mount Carmel Coal Fields situate in the township of Coal near Shamokin Northumberland County Pennsylvania for deficiency for the two fiscal years commencing June first one thousand nine hundred thirteen in maintenance furniture furnishings repairs and improvements

The monies hereby appropriated shall be paid in monthly instalments commencing as of December first one thousand nine hundred fourteen

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 340, as follows:

An Act to enable foreign religious and charitable corporations which have been incorporated and are carried on not for purposes of profit but for a purely and strictly religious or charitable purpose to hold real estate in this Commonwealth

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That hereafter it shall be lawful for a religious or charitable corporation chartered under the laws of any other state and which may require the holding and owning of real estate in this Commonwealth for the purpose of the religious or charitable use for which such corporation may have been organized to take hold and enjoy in any part of this Commonwealth either in its corporate name or by a trustee or trustees agent or agents real estate and premises which said corporation may deem necessary to further the religious or charitable use for which such corporation may have been organized and incorporated and to mortgage and convey or lease any part or portion thereof Provided however that such foreign religious or charitable corporation shall have a duly authorized agent or agents as required by the existing laws and Provided further That the clear yearly income from such real estate shall not exceed the sum of twenty thousand dollars

Section 2 No property of any such corporation shall be exempt from taxation for any purpose State or local

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 356 (House Bill No. 169), entitled:

A Joint Resolution providing for a commission to investigate the advisalibity of the purchase by the Commonwealth of certain property in Philadelphia opposite Independence Hall as a public park

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 375, as follows:

An Act relative to the deposit of county funds by the county treasurer in banks

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the county treasurer shall not deposit county funds in any bank until the bank agrees to pay on any such account in excess of one thousand dollars interest at a rate of not less than two per centum per annum on daily balances such interest to be paid to the county treasurer for the use of the county

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 386, as follows:

An Act to authorize the judges of the courts of common pleas of judicial districts having separate orphans' courts to hear and determine all matters in such courts at the request of the judges thereof

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the judges of the courts of common pleas of judicial districts having separate orphans' courts shall when called upon by the president judge of such separate orphans' court as hereinafter provided have power to hear and determine when certified according to the provisions of the second section of this act all matters causes and things whatsoever in such separate orphans' court so fully and effectually and to dispose thereof in the same manner as may be done by the judges of said separate orphans' courts sitting therein

Section 2 Nothing in this act shall be construed to make it compulsory upon the judges of said courts of common pleas to render the services aforesaid but whenever the proper dispatch of business requires it and an arrangement can be made with a judge of such court of common pleas for such service the president judge of the separate orphans' court of the said district may certify all matters to be heard and determined by such judge of the court of common pleas specially presiding as aforesaid

Section 3 In judicial districts having more than one judge of the separate orphans' court whenever the president judge of such court shall be absent from the district or disabled by sickness and occasion should occur it shall be competent for the judge next oldest in commission being then in the district to arrange for the service herein provided for and to make the necessary certificates in like manner and to the same intent effect and purpose as the same could be done by the said president judge

Section 4 No additional compensation shall be received by said judges of the court of common pleas for any service rendered in pursuance hereof

Section 5 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 387, as follows:

An Act concerning notaries public who are stockholders directors officers or employes of banks banking institutions trust companies or other corporations

The first section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That hereafter it shall be lawful for any notary public who is a stockholder director officer or employe of a bank banking institution trust company or other corporation to take the acknowledgment of any party to any instrument executed to or by such corporation or to administer an oath to any other stockholder director officer employe or agent of such corporation or to protect for non-acceptance or non-payment bills of exchange drafts checks notes and other negotiable instruments which may be owned or held for collection by such corporation It shall be unlawful for any notary public to take the acknowledgment of an instrument by or to a bank banking institution trust company or other corporation of which he is a stockholder director officer or employe where such notary is a party to such instrument either individually or as a representative of such corporation or to protest any negotiable instrument owned or held for collection by such corporation where such notary is individually a party to such instrument No fees collected by any notary public shall in any manner whatever enure to the benefit of such bank banking institution trust company or other corporation

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. CROFT. Mr. President, I move to amend section 1, in line 10, by striking out the word "protect" and inserting in lieu there the word "protest."

Mr. GEIGER. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question.

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The second section of the bill was read as follows and agreed to:

Section 2 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

The title of the bill was read as follows and agreed to:

An Act concerning notaries public who are stockholders directors officers or employes of banks banking institutions trust companies or other corporations

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 423, as follows:

An Act regulating the printing of the laws of this Commonwealth

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That hereafter the general laws passed at each session of the General Assembly shall be printed separately and apart from those containing solely an appropriation The Secretary of the Commonwealth shall be the sole judge of such separation The number of copies of the general laws to be printed and the distribution thereof shall remain as is now or may be provided by law

Section 2 The edition of the appropriation laws shall be limited to three thousand copies to be bound in sheep and the same shall be distributed as follows One thousand copies to the Senate one thousand five

hundred copies to the House of Representatives and the remainder to the Secretary of the Commonwealth

Section 3 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 424, as follows:

An Act to amend an act approved the third day of July one thousand eight hundred eighty-five entitled "An act to establish uniform compensation to be allowed witnesses in civil and criminal cases before justices of the peace and aldermen in the several counties of this Commonwealth

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the first section of an act approved the third day of July one thousand eight hundred eighty-five entitled "An act to establish uniform compensentation to be allowed witnesses in civil and criminal cases before justices of the peace and aldermen in the several counties of this Commonwealth" which reads as follows:

"Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from and after the passage of this act all witnesses in civil and criminal cases before justices of the peace and aldermen in the several counties of this Commonwealth shall be entitled to compensation as follows namely For each day necessarily in attendance fifty cents and for each mile necessarily traveled in going to and returning from the office of the justice of the peace or alderman out of which the subpoena issued three cents" is hereby amended to read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by authority of the same That from and after the passage of this act all witnesses in civil and criminal cases before justices of the peace and aldermen in the several counties of this Commonwealth shall be entitled to compensation as follows namely For each day necessarily in attendance one dollar and for each mile necessarily traveled in going to and returning from the office of the justice of the peace or alderman out of which the subpoena issue three cents

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 446 (House Bill No. 515), entitled:

An Act requiring all public printing and the processes used in doing such printing to be done within the territorial limits of this Commonwealth

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 477, as follows:

A Supplement to an act approved the eighteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred fifty-three entitled "An act relating to the sale and conveyance of real estate"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That when an application shall be made under the provisions of the act to which this is a supplement for the sale mortgaging leasing or conveyance on ground rent of real estate through which the line dividing two counties runs the court of common pleas or the orphans court as the case may be of the county in which lies the principal part of such real estate may authorize the sale or mortgaging leasing or conveyance on ground rent authorized as aforesaid and confirmed by the court shall be as effectual as if the whole of such real estate had been wholly within the limits of the county where the principal part of the real estate lies if (a) notice of the sale mortgaging leasing or conveyance on ground rent shall have been given as required by law in each county in which the real estate lies and (b) an exemplification of the whole record of proceedings is recorded or entered in the proper court in the other of the counties and (c) any mortgage judgment bond or other obligation taken to secure the purchase price or any part thereof and any mortgage lease or conveyance given in connection with the proceedings is duly recorded or entered as required by the law in each of the counties where the real estate lies

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 490, entitled:

An Act relating to free public non-sectarian libraries and branch libraries within this Commonwealth providing for their establishment maintenance and regulation and for the maintenance and regulation of such free public non-sectarian libraries as may have been already established by the several counties cities boroughs towns townships and school districts and providing that all library property and all gifts devises grants or endowments for library purposes shall be exempt from taxation and providing that the several counties cities boroughs towns townships and school districts may levy taxes condemn private property and borrow money for library purposes and imposing penalties for injuring library property and for violation of library regulations and repealing existing laws in relation to the above subjects

The first section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by authority of the same That all counties cities boroughs towns whether incorporated under general or special acts townships and school districts are hereby empowered either separately or in conjunction with one another under the terms of an agreement duly entered into as provided in section nine of this act to make appropriations from time to time under such conditions as the governing authorities of the same shall see fit for the establishment and maintenance of free public non-sectarian libraries with or without branches or branch non-sectarian libraries and also in aid of such free public non-sectarian libraries as shall have been already established within their or either of their respective limits Provided however That appropriations for maintenance and aid shall equal at least one mill on the dollar annually on all taxable property within said respective districts or so much thereof as may be certified by the board of library trustees hereinafter provided for to be necessary Special taxes for these purposes may be levied on the assessed valuation of the taxable property within any district or the same may be levied and collected with the general taxes

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. C. A. SNYDER. Mr. President, I move to amend section 1, in line 7, by striking out "agrement" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "agreement."

Mr. THOMPSON. Mr. President, I second the motion?

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The second section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 2 In making such appropriations counties shall act by their county commissioners cities boroughs and towns by their executive head and councils townships by their supervisors and school districts by their board of school directors

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. C. A. SNYDER. Mr. President, I move to amend section 2, in line 3, by inserting after the word "supervisors" the words "or commissioners."

Mr. THOMPSON. Mr. President, I second the motion?

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The third, fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh, eighth and ninth sections were read as follows and agreed to:

Section 3 The word "district" or "districts" whenever used in this act shall be construed to mean any county or counties city or cities borough or boroughs town or towns township or townships school district or school

districts either separately or in conjunction with one another according to the circumstances

Section 4 The term "library" wherever used in this act shall be construed to mean a collection of books selected and administered primarily for the benefit of the general public

Section 5 Every library established or wholly or partially maintained under this act shall be forever free to the use of the inhabitants of the respective districts establishing or maintaining or assisting in the maintenance of the same who shall be allowed to take books away for use outside the library room always subject to such reasonable rules and regulations as the board of direction or trustees or commission or corporation having the library in charge may adopt and the governing body of the library may extend the privileges and the use of the same to persons residing outside of the district or districts that have created or are assisting in maintaining it upon such terms and conditions as from time to time may be prescribed

Section 6 The affairs of all free non-sectarian libraries established or maintained or both under the provisions of this act shall be under the direction and control of a board of not more than seven trustees who shall be appointed by the authorities of the respective districts creating or aiding said library for a term of five years and shall serve without compensation and where two or more districts have joined together for this purpose they shall be appointed in such manner as shall be mutually agreed upon When libraries are thus established the first appointees shall be appointed one for one year one for two years one for three years two for four years and two for five years and thereafter annually appointments shall be made to fill expiring terms each for the full term of five years All vacancies shall be filled by the board for the balance of the term made vacant The board shall be organized by the election of a president a secretary and a treasurer from its membership who shall receive no compensation for their services as much and such other officers and agents as shall be deemed necessary and the treasurer shall give bond in such sum as shall be determined by the board Provided however That any free public non-section library established before the passage of this act may retain its existing form of organization until such time as it sees fit to change the same so as to conform with these provisions and any such library shall be subject to all the other provisions of this act and entitled to all the benefits and privileges hereof without regard to its form of organization or the manner of its creation and maintenance and any free public non-sectarian library now established through private enterprise whether incorporated or not may retain its organization and at the same time receive public aid under this act

Section 7 The said governing body whether the same be a board of directors or trustees or a commission or a corporation shall annually furnish a report to the authorities of the county city borough town township or school district maintaining or assisting in the maintenance of said library stating its condition and that of any branches the various sums of money received and how expended and for what purpose the number of books and periodicals on hand the number added by purchase gift or otherwise during the year the number lost or missing or withdrawn the number of registered readers and such other statistics information and suggestions as they may deem of general public interest It shall also furnish to the Free Library Commission of the State such information as to its work as may be asked for

Section 8 It shall be lawful for the said board of direction trustees commission or corporation as the case may be to take and hold any property real and personal for the use of said library and any person desiring to make donations of books money personal property or real estate shall have the right to vest the title to the same in the said board of direction trustees commission or corporation to be held and controlled by said board of direction trustees commission or corporation when accepted according to the terms of the deed gift devise or bequest of such property as to such property the said board of direction trustees commission or corporation shall be held and considered to be special trustee

Section 9 No agreement between districts to act in conjunction with one another as provided for in section one of this act shall be valid until same shall have been accepted by a majority vote of each of the parties thereof acting separately and until the provisions thereof are stated in full in writing and signed by the parties thereto Said agreement shall set forth the purpose the terms as to the support and control and the conditions under which the agreement shall be terminated No change shall be made in said agreement except by a majority vote of each of the parties thereto

The tenth section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 10 It shall be lawful for the commissioners of any county the mayor and councils of any city the burgess and councils of any borough or town the supervisors of any township and board of school directors of any school district within this Commonwealth to enter into contracts or agreements with any person or persons desiring to donate to said counties cities boroughs towns townships or school districts or to any board of direction trustees commission or corporation duly constituted for the management of any free public non-sectarian library or libraries within the same any sum or sums of money to be used for the establishment of a free public non-sectarian library or of free branch libraries in the said districts or both or such person or persons making such donations may constitute and designate any such board of direction trustees commission or corporation managing any free public non-sectarian library or libraries in the said districts or any individual as he or they may select to represent him or them as a party to such contracts or agreements and said contracts or agreements may be authorized and executed by the aforesaid public authorities of the respective districts above mentioned and when so authorized and executed shall be binding on the said districts

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. C. A. SNYDER. Mr. President I move to amend section 10, in line 4, by inserting after the word "supervisors" the words "or commissioners."

Mr. THOMPSON. Mr. President, I second the motion?

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The eleventh section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 11 Said contracts or agreements may provide for the acceptance of such donation or donations of money to be used for the erection of free public non-sectarian libraries or branch free public non-sectarian libraries by the said districts or by the borad of direction trustees commission or corporation duly constituted to manage the free public non-sectarian libraries therein and may provide that the said districts may and shall acquire from time to time or at any time or times to be fixed in and by the terms of the said contract or agreement by gift or purchase sites upon which shall be erected buildings for the said free public non-sectarian libraries or branches thereof the sites so acquired shall be such as may be assented to and approved by the boards of direction trustees commissions or corporations authorized to manage the free public non-sectarian libraries in said districts and when so acquired shall be used for the erection thereon of the said free public non-sectarian library buildings with funds donated as aforesaid in accordance with the terms of said contracts or agreements

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. C. A. SNYDER. Mr. President, I move to amend section 11, in line 5, by striking out "borad" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "board."

Mr. THOMPSON. Mr. President, I second the motion?

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The twelfth, thirteenth and fourteenth sections of the bill were read as follows and agreed to:

Section 12 Said contracts and agreements may further provide for the annual appropriation by the said districts of such amount or amounts for the support and maintenance of the said free public non-sectarian libraries as the same shall be erected or under construction as may be agreed upon by and between the said districts and the said donor or donors of said money or the persons or corporations representing him or them and such amount or amounts shall thereupon become a charge upon the said district notwithstanding the provisions of any act or acts now in force and notwithstanding that at the date of the said contract or contracts no appropriation has been made by said district for the purpose thereof said charge to be annually provided for out of the tax levy of said districts

Section 13 Said contracts or agreements may provide for changes in or abandonment of the sites originally selected if or when such change or abandonment may be found necessary or desirable and may contain such other terms conditions and restrictions for the furtherance of the objects and purposes thereof as may be mutually agreed upon by the said parties

Section 14 Any county city borough town township or school district is hereby authorized to purchase or set apart lands and buildings or parts of buildings already owned by it or both or to erect or lease buildings to be used for free public non-sectarian library work or to alter buildings already erected so as to make them suitable for such use and it is also hereby authorized to provide for the cost of the same as in the case of other buildings to be used for municipal school or county purposes

The fifteenth section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 15 Any county city borough town township or school district is hereby authorized to acquire take use

and appropriate private property for free public library purposes either for the establishment of the library or for the enlarging or extending its grounds and buildings and if the authorities and owner or owners of said private property cannot agree upon the compensation and damage due or when by reason of legal absence or incapacity of any of the owner or owners lessee or lessees no such compensation can be agreed upon the court of common pleas of the proper county or any judge thereof in vacation on application by a petition of said authorities shall appoint three discreet and disinterested citizens of the county in which the district is located as viewers to view and ascertain the damages due by reason of such taking use appropriation occupancy or injury and shall appoint a time not less than twenty nor more than sixty days thereafter for said viewers to meet at or upon the premises where the damages are alleged to be sustained or the property taken of which time and place ten days' notice shall be given by the petitioner to such viewers and all parties interested by personal service when such service can be obtained otherwise by public notice in one or more papers or by handbills posted on the premises or in such other manner as the court may direct

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. C. A. SNYDER. Mr. President, I move to amend section 15, in line 8, by striking out "lesee" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "lessee"; also in line 20, by striking out "btained" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "obtained."

Mr. THOMPSON. Mr. President, I second the motion?

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The sixteenth, seventeenth, eighteenth and nineteenth sections of the bill were read as follows and agreed to:

Section 16 The viewers or any two of them having been duly sworn or affirmed faithfully justly and impartially to decide and a true report to make concerning all matters and things to be submitted to them shall view the premises and examine the property and estimate and determine the quantity quality and value of the land or property so entered upon used appropriated or injured as the case may be and having a due regard to and making a just allowance for the advantages which may result or which may seem likely to result to the owner or owners of said land or property in consequence of the taking enlarging or extending said library grounds and having made a fair and just comparison of the disadvantages and advantages which the owner or owners may receive they shall estimate and determine whether any and if any what amount of damages has been or may be sustained by whom and to whom payable and make report to the said court

Section 17 If any damages be awarded and the report of said viewers be confirmed by said court judgment shall be entered thereon and if the amount thereof shall not be paid within sixty days after the entry of such judgment the same shall be collected as other judgments against the said respective districts are now collected

Section 18 Upon the report of the viewers or any two of them any party interested may within twenty days thereafter file an appeal to said court in writing accompanied by an affidavit that the same is not taken for the purpose of delay but because the affiant firmly believes that injustice has been done and after such appeal either party may put the case at issue in the form directed by the said court and the same shall be tried by court and jury and after final judgment either party may appeal to the superior or supreme court as in other cases The costs incurred in the proceeding shall be paid by the district or districts found liable to pay the damages and the viewers shall be paid for their services the same sum as is now payable to road viewers

Section 19 Any building which shall be owned and occupied by a free public non-sectarian library and the land on which it stands and that which is immediately and necessarily appurtenant thereto shall be exempt from all county city borough town school bounty poor or road taxes notwithstanding the fact that some portion or portions of said buildings or grounds appurtenant may be yielding rentals to the corporation or association managing such library providing that the net receipts of said corporation or association from rentals shall be used solely for the purpose of maintaining said library All gifts devises grants or endowments made to such a library and for such purposes shall be free from collateral inheritance tax and any gift endowments or funds of such free public non-sectarian library which are invested in interest-bearing securities the income from which shall be solely for the purchase of books or the maintenance of such free public library shall be exempt from any State tax on money at interest

The twentieth section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 20 It shall be the duty of the county commissioners the city borough or town councils the supervisors of any township or the board of school directors of any school district if a petition is presented to them by fifteen per centum of the voters registered in their respective districts at the November election preceding the presentation of the same to submit the question of the establishment or maintenance or both of a free public non-sectarian library in said district at the next ensuing election and if a majority of votes cast shall be in favor of the establishment or maintenance or both of a free public library the said authorities shall thereupon proceed to establish or maintain or both such a library in accordance with the provisions of this act If fifteen per centum of the said voters shall petition for the submission of the question of creating a bonded indebtedness for free public non-sectarian library purposes the said county commissioners city borough or town councils townships supervisors or board of school directors shall submit that question at the next ensuing election and a majority of the votes cast shall determine the result If the election shall be favorable to the creation of such bonded indebtedness the authorities of the said district shall borrow the amount thus authorized upon the credit of the district and such moneys shall be used by them exclusively for said library purposes

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. C. A. SNYDER. Mr. President, I move to amend section twenty, in line 2, by inserting after the word "supervisors" the words "or commissioners"; also in line 16, by inserting after the word "supervisors" the words "or commissioners."

Mr. THOMPSON. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The twenty-first, twenty-second, twenty-third and twenty-fourth sections of the bill were read as follows and agreed to:

Section 21 Whenever there is in any city borough town township school district or county a free public non-sectarian library which is open to the use of all the residents thereof no new library shall be there established under the provisions of this act but all public aid hereby authorized shall be given to such existing free public non-sectarian library under proper agreement to enable it to meet as far as possible the needs of such residents Provided however That wherever there may be at the time of the passage of this act two or more free public non-sectarian libraries receiving aid from the same district the appropriation authorized by this act shall be divided between said libraries according to the terms of an agreement previously entered into between said libraries

Section 22 The governing board of any library established or maintained under the provisions of this act may establish or maintain or both a central library or branch libraries or both as it may deem most advantageous to the people to be served

Section 23 This act shall not in any way affect any agreement or agreements heretofore made by any municipal corporation or district under any prior acts relating to free public libraries but all such agreements are hereby ratified and are to continue as binding contracts between the parties

Section 24 Any person who shall wilfully violate the rules and regulations for the government of any library maintained by or receiving aid from any county city borough town township or school district may be excluded from the use of said library by those in charge thereof and any person who shall wilfully cut mutilate mark or otherwise injure any book volume map chart magazine newspaper painting engraving or other property of or deposited in any such library shall be deemed to be guilty of a misdemeanor and may be prosecuted for said offense before any court of competent jurisdiction and upon conviction thereof shall be liable for each offense to a fine of not more than one hundred dollars and costs of prosecution or to imprisonment in the county jail not exceeding three months or both or either at the discretion of the court the said sum when collected to be for the use of the library against which aforesaid offense was committed

The twenty-fifth section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 25 Nothing in this act shall be construed to alter amend or repeal any provision in the act entitled "An act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it is to be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenues to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenues and repealing all laws general special and local

or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith" approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven (P. L. 309)

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. C. A. SNYDER. Mr. President, I move to amend section twenty-five, in line 4, by striking out the words "is to" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "shall"; also in line 5, by striking out the word "revenues" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "revenue;" also in line 7, by striking out the word "revenues" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "revenue"; also in line 7, by striking out the word "and" where it occurs the second time and inserting in lieu thereof the word "or."

Mr. THOMPON. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The twenty-sixth section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 26 The following acts of Assembly and parts of acts namely

An act entitled "An act to promote the establishment of district and school libraries" approved the fifth day of May one thousand eight hundred sixty-four (P. L. 326)

An act entitled "An act appropriating the tax on dogs to the support of public libraries in boroughs" approved the twenty-third day of May one thousand eight hundred eighty-seven (P. L. 164)

An act entitled "An act empowering any city in this Commonwealth to take and hold donations of moneys books real and personal property for the purposes of a free library in said city and to make appropriations to maintain the same" approved the twenty-third day of May one thousand eight hundred eighty-seven (P. L. 179)

An act entitled "An act to authorize cities of the first class of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to levy a tax and make appropriations for the establishment and maintenance of free libraries" approved the seventh day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-five (P. L. 170)

An act entitled "An act for the establishment of free public libraries in the several schools districts of the Commonwealth except in cities of the first and second class" approved the twenty-eight day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-five (P. L. 411)

An act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled "An act for the establishment of free public libraries in the several school districts of this Commonwealth except in cities of the first and second class' approved the twenty-eighth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred ninety-five authorizing school districts to aid free public libraries otherwise established" approved the thirtieth day of March, one thousand eight hundred ninety-seven (P. L. 10)

An act entitled "An act to authorize boroughs of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to make appropriations for the establishment and maintenance of free public libraries" approval the twenty-fifth day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-seven (P. L. 84)

An act entitled "An act authorizing borough councils or school boards of this Commonwealth to purchase acquire take use and appropriate private property for public library purposes and providing the manner in which damages sustained thereby shall be assessed and collected" approved the eleventh day of May one thousand nine hundred one (P. L. 169)

An act entitled "A further supplement to an act entitled 'An act for the establishment of free public libraries in the several school districts of this Commonwealth except in cities of first and second class' approved the twenty-eighth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five authorizing the school directors boards or organizations having control of the common schools of any district to divide and distribute public libraries among the schools of the district" approved the eleventh day of May one thousand nine hundred one (P. L. 179)

An act entitled "An act to amend an act entitled 'An act for the establishment of free public libraries in the several school districts of this Commonwealth except in cities of first and second class' approved the twenty-eighth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five" approved the eleventh day of May one thousand nine hundred one (P. L. 180)

An act entitled "An act to authorize the co-operation of cities of the third class school districts thereof and incorporated library associations therein for the erection and maintenance of free public libraries" approved the twenty-second day of May one thousand nine hundred one (P. L. 288)

An act entitled "An act exempting from taxation the lands buildings and funds of free public non-sectarian libraries in boroughs and townships yielding revenues only partically sufficient for the maintenance of the same" approved the twenty-ninth day of May one thousand nine hundred one (P. L. 341)

An act entitled "An act for the establishment and maintenance of public libraries in cities of the second and third class and in boroughs" approved the seventeenth day of June one thousand nine hundred one (P. L. 569)

An act entitled "An act supplementary to an act entitled 'An act to authorize the cities of the first class of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to levy a tax and make appropriations for the establishment and maintenance of free libraries' approved the seventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five authorizing cities of the first class to enter into contracts and agreements with the donor or donors of funds for the erection of free libraries or branches thereof or his or their representatives and to provide sites for the erection and funds for the maintenance thereof" approved the twentieth day of March one thousand nine hundred three (P. L. 46)

An act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An act for the establishment of free public libraries in the several school districts of this Commonwealth except in cities of the first and second class' approved the twenty-eighth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five authorizing school districts to join in establishing and maintaining free public libraries or to join in aiding those otherwise established" approved the second day of April one thousand nine hundred three (P. L. 133)

An act entitled "An act to amend the third section of an act entitled 'An act for the establishment of free public libraries in the several school districts of the Commonwealth except in cities of the first and second class' approved the twenty-eighth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five providing that the tax levy for the purchase improvement and maintenance of such libraries shall be made upon the same subjects of taxation as are assessed for school purposes and shall be included in the school-tax levy" approved the twentieth day of April one thousand nine hundred five (P. L. 231)

An act entitled "An act to authorize boroughs of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to contract with the duly constituted managers or owners of existing non-sectarian public libraries for the free use of such libraries by the residents of such boroughs and to make appropriations for the hiring and procuring of such free use" approved the twenty-second day of April one thousand nine hundred five (P. L. 281)

An act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An act for the establishment of free public libraries in the several school districts of this Commonwealth except in cities of the first and second class approved the twenty-eighth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five authorizing school districts of townships and boroughs adjoining cities of the third class to join in establishing and maintaining free public libraries or to join in aiding those otherwise established" approved the first day of May one thousand nine hundred seven (P. L. 151)

An act entitled "An act to provide for the establishment and maintenance of free public libraries on a permanent basis in all municipalities throughout the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania except in cities of the first second and third class—townships and counties in same manner as is now provided in case of boroughs" approved the sixth day of June one thousand nine hundred seven (P. L. 421)

An act entitled "An act to amend an act entitled 'An act to authorize the co-operation of cities of the third class school districts thereof and incorporated library associations therein for the erection and maintenance of free public libraries' approved May twenty-second Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one so as to establish a maximum and minimum rate of tax levy for maintenance of such libraries" approved the twenty-seventh day of April one thousand nine hundred nine (P. L. 246)

An act entitled "An act to amend an act entitled 'An act for the establishment of free public libraries in the several school districts of the Commonwealth except in cities of the first and second class' approved the twenty-eighth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five so as to increase the maximum rate one-fourth of a mill and establish a minimum rate" approved the twenty-ninth day of April one thousand nine hundred nine (P. L. 294)

And all other acts and parts of acts general special or local appertaining to the subject matter covered by this act be and the same are hereby repealed it being intended that this act shall furnish a complete and exclusive system in itself so far as relates to free public libraries supported wholly or in part by the several municipalities of the Commonwealth

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. C. A. SNYDER. Mr. President, I move to amend section twenty-six, in line 14, by striking out the figures "326" and inserting in lieu thereof the figures "826"; also in line 131, by inserting a dash after "vania"; also in line 154, by striking out "exculsive" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "exclusive."

Mr. THOMPSON. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The title of the bill was read as follows and agreed to:

An Act relating to free public non-sectarian libraries and branch libraries within this Commonwealth providing for their establishment maintenance and regulation and for the maintenance and regulation of such free public non-sectarian libraries as may have been already established by the several counties cities boroughs towns townships and school districts and providing that all library property and all gifts devises grants or endowments for library purposes shall be exempt from taxation and providing that the several counties cities boroughs towns townships and school districts may levy taxes condemn private property and borrow money for library purposes and imposing penalties for injuring library property and for violation of library regulations and repealing existing laws in relation to the above subjects

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 503, as follows:

An Act making mortgages given by benevolent charitable philanthropic educational and eleemosynary institutions corporations or unincorporated associations for permanent improvements and refunding purposes prior liens to the liens of the Commonwealth for the appropriation of moneys providing a method for the giving of such mortgages and fixing the duties of the Auditor General and Board of Public Charities in connection therewith

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That whenever hereafter any benevolent charitable philanthropic educational or eleemosynary institution corporation or unincorporated association in the manner hereinafter provided shall give its mortgage to secure any bond or other obligation the proceeds whereof are to be used in making permanent improvements or to refund any bonds or other obligations secured by mortgage or both covering any real estate against which the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania holds any non-interest bearing lien for moneys appropriated the said mortgage and the lien thereof shall have prior standing and in all respects be preferred to any and all such non-interest bearing liens

Section 2 Every institution corporation or unincorporated association desiring to give a mortgage for any purpose as aforesaid shall present to the Auditor General of the Commonwealth an application duly verified by the affidavit of its president or other executive officer setting forth the amount and purpose of the mortgage desired to be given a description of the real estate to be covered thereby a list of liens and when the mortgage is for the purpose of making improvements a copy of the plans and specifications that have been adopted The application thereupon shall be referred by the Auditor General to the Board of Public Charities whose duty it shall be to investigate any and all matters touching the same and report back its findings together with any recommendation deemed pertinent

Section 3 Upon the receipt of said report the Auditor General shall either approve or disapprove the giving of such mortgage provided he shall not approve the giving of any mortgage for the purpose of making improvements unless the Board of Public Charities has found the improvements to be necessary and proper and provided further in approving the giving of any mortgage for the purpose of making improvements he may require a bond for the erection and completion of said improvements If the giving of such mortgage be approved the Auditor General shall issue to the applicant his certificate of approval and thereafter such mortgage with all the rights and privileges hereof may be executed and delivered Every mortgage so delivered shall contain a recital of the approval as aforesaid and the purchaser of any bond or other obligation secured thereby shall not be responsible for the faithful application of the proceeds

Section 4 It shall further be the duty of the Auditor General upon notice after the recording of any mortgage given in pursuance of the provisions hereof to transmit to the prothonotary of the county in which the real estate covered by said mortgage is located a proper certificate of priority to be by that officer filed of record and noted in the appropriation lien docket

Section 5 All acts or parts of acts whether general or special inconsistent with the provisions of this act be and the same are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. MILLS. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 510 (House Bill No. 119), on second reading, entitled:

An Act to provide for the better protection and preservation of game game quadrupeds and game-birds in Pennsylvania and prescribing penalties for violation of its several provisions

be recommitted to the Committee on Game and Fisheries for the purpose of further amendment and consideration.

Mr. JENKINS. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 514 (House Bill No. 240), entitled:

An Act creating a reward or bounty for the destruction of certain noxious animals killed within the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania providing a method for the payment of the same and providing the method of furnishing evidence of said destruction and penalties for the violation of the several provisions hereof

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 518 (House Bill No. 410), entitled:

A Joint Resolution authoriizng the printing and binding of the report of the commission to consider the revision and amendment of the penal laws of Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 522 (House Bill No. 653), as follows:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to provide for State registration of nurses to establish a State Board of Examiners in connection therewith and to provide penalties for the violation of certain provisions regarding such registration" approved the first day of May one thousand nine hundred and nine providing further regulation as to applications for examination for registration of nurses and the fee chargeable therefor and providing for the making of reports of training schools for nurses whose competency for instruction is approved by the said board

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section five of the act entitled "An act to provide for State registration of nurses to establish a State board of examiners in connection therewith and to provide penalties for the violation of certain provisions regarding such registration" approved the first day of May one thousand nine hundred and nine which reads as follows

"Section 5 The secretary of the board shall receive a salary not to exceed one hundred dollars ($100.00) a year All members of the board shall receive five dollars ($5.00) a day for each day actually engaged in the transaction of official business together with all actual expenses incurred as aforesaid All expenditures of the said board shall be paid from the fees received thereby under the provisions of this act and said expenditures shall in no case be paid from the State Treasury The treasurer of the board shall give bond in such sum as may be fixed by the by-laws which bond shall be subject to the approval of the State Treasurer The said treasurer shall pay the necessary and current expenses of the board and may retain in the treasury a sum not exceeding one thousand dollars to defray the ordinary expenditures but all monies exceeding the said sum of one thousand dollars shall be paid by the treasurer of the board to the State Treasury The said board shall have no power to fix prices or in any way control the compensation received by the registered nurse" be amended to read as follows

Section 5 The secretary of the board shall receive a salary not to exceed one hundred dollars ($100.00) a year All members of the board shall receive five dollars ($5.00) a day for each day actually engaged in the transaction of official business together with all actual expenses incurred as aforesaid All expenditures of the said board shall be paid from the fees received thereby under the provisions of this act and said expenditures shall in no case be paid from the State Treasury The treasurer of the board shall give bond in such sum as may be fixed by the by-laws which bond shall be subject to the approval of the State Treasurer The said treasurer shall pay the necessary and current expenses of the board and may retain in the treasury a sum not exceeding five thousand dollars to

defray the ordinary expenditures but all moneys exceeding the said sum of five thousand dollars shall be paid by the treasurer of the board to the State Treasury The said board shall have no power to fix prices or in any way control the compensation received by the registered nurse

Section 2 That section seven of said act which reads as follows

"Section 7 No application for registration shall be considered unless accompanied by a fee of five dollars Every applicant to be eligible for examination must furnish evidence satisfactory to the board that he or she is twenty-one years of age or over is of good moral character and has graduated from a training school for nurses which gives at least a two years' course of instruction or has received instruction in different training schools or hospitals for periods of time amounting to at least a two years' course as aforesaid and then graduated and that such applicant during said period of at least two years has received practical and theoretical training in surgical and medical nursing" shall be amended so as to read as follows

Section 7 On and after August first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen no application for registration shall be considered unless accompanied by a fee of ten dollars Every applicant to be eligible for examination must furnish evidence satisfactory to the board that he or she is twenty-one years of age or over is of good moral character and has graduated from a training school for nurses which gives at least a two years' course of instruction or has received instruction in different training schools or hospitals for periods of time amounting to at least a two years' course as aforesaid and then graduated and that such applicant during said period of at least two years has received practical and theortical training in surgical and medical nursing

Provided that a graduate nurse registered in any state of the United States where the requirements for registration in the judgment of the registration board for nurses of this State are at least equal to the requirements of law for such nurses in Pennsylvania may at the discretion of the board be registered without examination upon application in writing on forms provided by the board and upon the payment of a fee of ten dollars

And Provided further That it shall be the duty of the said registration board to prepare and make a report for public distribution at intervals regulated by the by-laws of the said board of all training schools or combinations of training schools that are approved by the board possessing the necessary requirements for giving a pupil nurse a full and adequate course of instruction

Section 3 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith be and the same are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 528, as follows:

An Act to regulate the assessment on seated lands where township lines divide a tract of land and to determine the residence of owners and occupants of land when the dividing line between any two townships passes through the mansion house and prescribing the duties of assessors in such cases

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and Houes of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from and after the passage of this act the assessors of the several counties within this Commonwealth shall on seated lands make the assessment in the township in which the mansion house is situate where township lines divide a tract of land except where any part of said tract lies within a township of the first class when the assessment of all lands within said township of the first class shall be made in that township

Section 2 Whenever the dividing line between any two townships in this Commonwealth as now or may be hereafter located shall pass through the mansion house of any tract of land it shall be and may be lawful for the owner of the land so divided to elect as the place of residence of its occupants either of the townships by a written notice of his election to the commissioners of the county Provided That an election once so made shall be binding on the owner and occupiers of such mansion house and on future owners thereof until a new election be made by the owner to the county commissioners within thirty days prior to the last day fixed by law for the return of the triennial assessment of property and provided further that notwithstanding such election any part of said tract of land lying within a township of the first class shall be assessed in said township and the mansion house shall be assessed according to the election of the owner thereof And provided further that in case of the neglect or refusal of the owner of such land to make an election as aforesaid the persons occupying said mansion house shall be regarded as residing wholly within the township in which the occupants were last assessed and the assessors of such township shall in such case or when an election of that township has been made as aforesaid assess therein such persons and all the tract of land on which such mansion house is erected except in cases where one of the townships is a township of the first class when the mansion house shall be assessed in said township of the first class or if the dividing line be between two townships of the first class then the assessment shall continue as at present until an election be made by the owner of said mansion house but all land lying within any township of the first class shall be assessed in said township notwithstanding any provisions in regard to the mansion house herein contained

Section 3 All acts of Assembly and parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 538, entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act regulating the publication of advertisements and notices required by law to be published in counties of this Commonwealth in newspapers published in the English language and newspapers published in the German language" approved the thirtieth day of April one thousand nine hundred one

The first section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section one of an act entitled "An Act regulating the publication of advestisements and notices required by law to be published in the counties of this Commonwealth in newspapers published in the English language and newspapers published in the German language" approved the thirtieth day of April one thousand nine hundred and one which reads as follows

"Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by authority of the same That hereafter every advertisement and notice required by authority of law to be published in any county of the Commonwealth shall where said county shall contain according to the census last taken by the United States Government a population of over forty thousand persons who emigrated from Germany in addition to the publication thereof in a newspaper printed in the English language be also published in one German daily newspaper of general circulation printed in such county in the German language at a price not to exceed rates charged by English papers for like service publication in such German newspaper shall be made as often as that in said newspaper printed in English language and shall be subject to the same stipulations and regulations as those imposed for like services upon such newspapers published in the English language

All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with this act are hereby repealed" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by authority of the same That hereafter every advertisement and notice required by authority of law to be published in any county of the Commonwealth shall where said county shall contain according to the census last taken by the United States Government a population of over forty thousand persons who emigrated from Germany or a population of over forty thousand persons who emigrated from Italy or a population of over forty thousand Yiddish speaking persons who emigrated from Europe in addition to the publication thereof in a newspaper printed in the English language be also published in one German daily newspaper and in one Italian daily newspaper and in one Yiddish daily newspaper of general circulation printed in such county in the German language and in the Italian language and in the Yiddish language at a price not to exceed the rates charged by English papers for like service publication in such German Italian and Yiddish newspapers shall be made as often as that in said newspaper printed in English language and shall be subject to the same stipulations and regulations as those imposed for like services upon such newspapers published in the English language

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. W. W. SMITH. Mr. President, I move to amend section 1 in line 6 by striking the word "the"; also in line 6 by striking out the word "in" where it occurs the second time, and inserting in lieu thereof the word "of".

Mr. GRAFF. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The title of the bill was read as follows and agreed to:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act regulating the publication of advertisements and notices required by law to be published in counties of this Commonwealth in news-

papers published in the English language and newspapers published in the German language" approved the thirtieth day of April one thousand nine hundred and one

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 548 on second reading, entitled:

An Act providing for the election of councilmen in all boroughs of this Commonwealth wherein the election of councilmen held in November one thousand nine hundred thirteen has been declared void and wherein councilmen serving at the time of said election held over

be recommitted to the Committee on New Counties and County Seats.

Mr. THOMPSON. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 549, as follows:

An Act to fix salary of court criers and tipstaves in judicial districts containing more than two hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants and less than one million inhabitants

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by authority of the same That in all the judicial districts of this Commonwealth containing more than two hundred and fifty thousand and less than one million inhabitants the court criers of the several courts shall be paid a salary of thirteen hundred and fifty dollars per annum and the tipstaves a salary of twelve hundred dollars per annum the said salaries to be paid out of the county treasury monthly

Section 2 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. THOMPSON. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 555 on second reading, entitled:

An Act relating to certain medicines substances and preparations for certain purposes regulating the sale thereof and providing penalties

be recommitted to the Committee on Judiciary Special for the purpose of a hearing.

Mr. GERBERICH. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 563, as follows:

An Act to refund to Bella Hershenson of McKean county money paid for license to sell oleomargarine

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by authority of the same That the sum of fifty-eight dollars and thirty-four cents ($58.34) is hereby specially appropriated to refund to Bella Hershenson of Kane McKean county Pennsylvania being part of the money paid by her for a license to sell oleomargarine which she was unable to use

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 567, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation for the purpose of refunding to the estate of Joseph B. Sheppard Jr., moneys erroneously paid into the State Treasury

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by authority of the same That the sum of one thousand six hundred twenty-four dollars and fifty cents ($1,624.50) is hereby specifically appropriated for the purpose of refunding to the estate of Joseph B. Sheppard, Jr., certain moneys erroneously paid into the State Treasury as collateral inheritance tax on certain personal property of the decedent who was a resident of New Jersey and whose personal property was not liable for such tax Said amount shall be paid on warrant of the Auditor General on due proof that such moneys were as aforesaid erroneously and actually paid into the State Treasury

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 577 (House Bill No. 383), entitled:

An Act providing for the organization discipline maintenance and regulation of the militia of the Commonwealth

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 579 (House Bill No. 770), entitled:

An Act relative to the burial of the bodies of certain indigent deceased widows at the county expense

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 584 (House Bill No. 665), entitled:

A Joint Resolution directing the publication of the pamphlet containing the game fish and forestry laws

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 588 (House Bill No. 573), as follows:

An Act to amend section eighteen of an act entitled "An Act providing for the original location laying out and construction of public roads or highways in the several counties of this Commonwealth and for the permanent improvement of certain public roads or highways therein making such originally constructed or improved roads and highways county roads authorizing the relocation opening straightening widening extension and alteration of the same and the vacation of so much of any road as may thereby become unnecessary providing that the county commissioners of any county may prescribe rules regulating the use of roads constructed or maintained by the various counties and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing for the taking of property for such improvement the compensation to be paid therefor and the payment of damages resulting from such taking and the manner in which such damages may be determined providing for the payment of the costs and expenses of such construction or improvement and in thereafter repairing and maintaining said roads authorizing the levy of a tax or the issuing of bonds to provide a fund for the expense thereof prescribing a method for improving a county road lying within or traversing a borough and apportioning the cost of such improvement and authorizing the vacation of any county road" approved the eleventh day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven as the same was amended by an act

approved the twelfth day of May one thousand nine hundred and thirteen by authorizing counties to contract with municipalities in the improvement of certain streets of such municipalities connecting with a county road providing for the cost thereof prescribing the method by which the contract for such improvement shall be made and imposing the cost of the maintenance of such streets on the municipalities

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section eighteen of an act approved the eleventh day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act providing for the original location laying out and construction of public roads or highways in the several counties of this Commonwealth and for the permanent improvement of certain public roads or highways therein making such originally constructed or improved roads and highways county roads authorizing the relocation opening straightening widening extension and alteration of the same and the vacation of so much of any road as may thereby become unnecessary providing that the county commissioners of any county may prescribe rules regulating the use of roads constructed or maintained by the various counties and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing for the taking of property for such improvement the compensation to be paid therefor and the payment of damages resulting from such taking and the manner in which such damages may be determined providing for the payment of the costs and expenses of such construction or improvement and in thereafter repairing and maintaining said roads authorizing the levy of a tax or the issuing of bonds to provide a fund for the expense thereof prescribing a method for improving a county road lying within or traversing a borough and apportioning the cost of such improvement and authorizing the vacation of any county roads" as the same was amended by an act approved the twelfth day of May one thousand nine hundred and thirteen which reads as follows

"Section 18 When a borough intervenes between two ends of a county highway and the borough has failed to properly improve the street or streets constituting the shortest and most reasonable road through said borough which will connect the two ends of such highway it shall be lawful for the councils of such borough to authorize by ordinance that the proper officials of the borough contract in the manner herein provided with the county commissioners that the shortest and most reasonable route through said borough connecting the two ends of such highway be improved

Or when a county highway termintes at the corporate limits of a borough in the same or another county and connects with a borough street which the borough has failed to properly improve and the county commissioners of the county in which the borough is located deem the improvement of such borough street necessary in order to make such county highway easily accessible to the residents of the borough or to the traveling public it shall be lawful for the councils of such borough to authorize by ordinance that the proper officials of the borough contract with the county commissioners in the manner herein provided that such borough street may be improved Whenever an improvement is made to a borough street pursuant to this section it shall be lawful for the county to pay the total cost of such improvement or the cost may be divided between the borough and the county The borough ordinance authorizing the improvement shall stipulate what percentage of the cost if any shall be borne by the borough and what percentage shall be borne by the county The contract for any such improvement may be taken by the county upon the stipulation of the borough to pay its proportionate share of the cost if any upon the completion of the work or it may be taken by the borough upon a like stipulation of the county or the improvement may be made by joint contract

Before any highway is improved under this section the county commissioners and the proper borough officials shall agree upon the maintenance of the highway Such agreement may provide that such highway shall be kept and maintained in good repair by the borough or it may provide that it shall be kept and maintained in good repair by the county and the cost thereof paid by the borough to the county

The proper borough officials shall have the right to issue permits determining the manner in which public service or other corporations or individuals shall place on or under such highway railway tracks pipes conduits telegraph lines or other devices used in the furtherance of business" is amended to read as follows

Section 18 When a municipality intervenes between two ends of a county highway and the municipality has failed to properly improve the municipal streets or highways constituting the shortest and most reasonable route through said municipality which will connect the two ends of such highway it shall be lawful for the councils of such municipality to authorize by ordinance that the proper corporate authorities of the municipality contract in the manner herein provided with the county commissioners that the shortest and most reasonable route through said municipality connecting the two ends of such highway be improved

Or when a county highway terminates at the corporate limits of a municipality in the same or in another county and connects with a municipal street or alley which the municipality has failed to properly improve and the county commissioners of the county in which the municipality is located deem the improvement of such municipal street or alley necessary in order to make such county highway easily accessible to the residents of the municipality or to the traveling public it shall be lawful for the councils of such municipality to authorize by ordinance that the proper corporate officials of the municipality contract with the county commissioners in the manner herein provided that such municipal street or alley or any part thereof be improved and also that there be improved when necessary any part or parts of the streets connected therewith which connect the said county highway with the business district or districts of said municipality or with a system of improved streets therein or which connect the said highway with another county highway terminating at the limits of said municipality. If several municipalities are contiguous to each other and at the corporate limits of any one of them a county highway terminates and one or more of such municipalities have failed to properly improve any municipal street or alley therein and the county commissioners deem the improvement of such street or alley necessary in order to make such highway easily accessible to the residents of the municipality or to the traveling public it shall be lawful for the councils of such municipality or municipalities to authorize the proper corporate authorities to enter into a similar contract with the county commissioners The county commissioners shall have the power to improve said streets or alleys as herein provided and said powers herein given shall also include the right to widen repave or otherwise improve said municipal streets and alleys whenever the same is necessary to accomplish the purpose herein conferred Whenever an improvement is made to a municipal street or alley pursuant to this section it shall be lawful for the county to pay the total cost of such improvement or the cost may be divided between the municipality and county The municipal ordinance authorizing the improvement shall stipulate what percentage of the cost if any shall be borne by the municipality and what percentage of the cost shall be borne by the county The contract for any such improvement may be taken by the county upon the stipulation by the municipality to pay its proportinate share of the cost if any upon the completion of the work or it may be taken by the municipality upon a like stipulation of the county or the improvement may be made by joint contract When municipal streets or alleys are widened or improved by the county in the manner herein provided and special benefits result therefrom to abutting property the municipality shall collect such benefits in the manner now provided by law and shall apply the amount thereof to its share if any of the cost of such improvement

Before any municipal street or alley is improved under this section the county commissioners and the proper corporate authorities of such municipality shall agree upon the maintenance of such municipal street or alley Such agreement may provide that such municipal street or alley shall be kept and maintained in good repair by the municipality in which case upon the completion of said road all further liability and responsibility of the county shall cease and determine or it may provide that it shall be kept and maintained in good repair by the county and the share of the municipality shall be paid annually to the county

The proper corporate authorities of such municipality shall have the right to issue permits determining the manner in which public service corporations or individuals shall place on or under or over such municipal streets or alleys railway tracks pipes conduits telegraph lines or other devices used in the furtherance of business and nothing herein contained should be construed to in any way effect or impair the rights powers and privileges of the municipality in on under over or through the public streets or alleys of such except as herein provided.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 589 (House Bill No. 92), as follows:

An Act relating to checks and drafts and fixing penalties

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by authority of hte same That a person shall be guilty of a misdemeanor who makes and delivers to another a check or draft on a bank or trust company and thereby obtains credit or personal property of any nature or who makes and delivers to another a check or draft on a bank or trust company in payment or repayment of money or credit or personal property already obtained if such check or draft when presented for payment within twenty days is not paid because the maker has no account or has not sufficient funds on deposit to pay the check or draft

Section 2 Any person committed under this act shall be libel to sentence as follows

If the amount of the check or draft is under twenty dollars he shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not more than one hundred dollars or to undergo imprisonment not to exceed thirty days or either or both in the discretion of the court

If the amount of the check or draft is twenty dollars or more he shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not more than one hundred dollars or to undergo imprisonment not to exceed two years or either or both in the discretion of the court

Section 3 If within twenty days after receipt of actual notice oral or written of protest of the check or draft the person making and delivering the check or draft with protest fees he shall not be prosecuted under this act If prosecution has actually begun it shall be dismissed at the cost of defendant on payment of the check or draft with protest fees as aforesaid

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 597 (House Bill No. 516), as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Board of Game Commissioners for the payment of salaries traveling expenses establishment maintenance and protection of game preserves feeding propagation and distribution of game leasing of land for game preserves and various incidental expenses

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of three hundred and seven thousand four hundred dollars ($307,400) is hereby specifically appropriated to the Board of Game Commissioners of this Commonwealth to be paid out of the receipts from the Residents' Hunters License Act for the payment of the salary of the secretary of the said board who is also the chief game protector for the years one thousand nine hundred fifteen and one thousand nine hundred sixteen at four thousand five hundred dollars ($4,500) per annum nine thousand dollars for the payment of the salary of the assistant chief game protector for the years one thousand nine hundred fifteen and one thousand nine hundred sixteen at two thousand dollars per annum (four thousand dollars) for the payment of the salary of a clerk who shall be a bookkeeper stenographer and typewriter for the years one thousand nine hundred fifteen and one thousand nine hundred sixteen at sixteen hundred dollars per annum (three thousand two hundred dollars) for the payment of the salary of one clerk who shall be a stenographer and typewriter for the years one thousand nine hundred fifteen and one thousand nine hundred sixteen at fourteen hundred dollars per annum (two thousand eight hundred dollars) for the payment of the salary of one game protector to be known as a Traveling Game Protector two years at one hundred dollars per month the sum of two thousand four hundred dollars ($2,400) for the payment of salaries of fifty game protectors during the years one thousand nine hundred fifteen and one thousand nine hundred sixteen at the rate of eighty dollars per month ninety-six thousand dollars for the payment of the traveling and all necessary expenses for the Board of Game Commissioners and the game protectors for the payment of services rendered or expenses incurred by either deputy game protectors or special game protectors under a specific and written order of the chief game protector for the payment of incidental office expenses attorneys' fees and such other expenditures as may be deemed necessary by the Board of Game Commissioners for the proper carrying out of the provision of an act creating the Board of Game Commissioners during the years one thousand nine hundred fifteen and one thousand nine hundred sixteen the sum of one hundred and twenty thousand dollars

For the purpose of establishing additional game preserves and the maintenance and protection of game preserves already established the protection of game feeding of game and the propagation and the distribution of game throughout the State as directed by the Board of Game Commissioners including the leasing of lands for game preserves during the years one thousand nine hundred fifteen and one thousand nine hundred sixteen the sum of seventy thousand dollars

Moneys hereby appropriated shall be paid monthly to the secretary of the Board of Game Commissioners upon the presentation of duly certified vouchers of the expenditures of money previously drawn and satisfactory proof to the Auditor General that the expenditure is necessary for the enforcement of the laws of the Commonwealth relative to the protection of game of song and insectivorous birds or for the intelligent and necessary carrying into effect the purpose for which said Board of Game Commissioners was created

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 604 (House Bill No. 434), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to refund to Henry S. Reichard of South Bethlehem Pennsylvania money erroneously paid into the State treasury

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 608 (House Bill No. 800), entitled:

An Act to repeal an act approved the first day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to tax traction engines and providing that the same shall be assessed by the several assessors of the counties of this Commonwealth in the same manner as other articles of personal estate liable for taxation are assessed"

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 621 (House Bill No. 595), entitled:

An Act to provide for the immediate printing and distribution of advance sheets of the laws of this Commonwealth as they are enacted from time to time to persons making application therefor and to certain officials

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. GRAFF. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 626 (House Bill No. 572), on second reading, entitled:

An Act creating a Division of Distribution of Documents defining its powers and duties regulating the printing binding and distribution of the public documents of this Commonwealth and providing penalties for the violation of this act

be recommitted to the Committee on Public Printing for the purpose of amendment.

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 640, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Highway Department to cover a deficiency in the general appropriation of one thousand nine hundred and thirteen for acquiring turnpike roads

Whereas Proceedings were instituted for the condemnation of the turnpike of the President and Managers of the Chambersburg and Bedford Turnpike Road Company in Franklin county which forms a part of route number thirty-seven (37) of the State highways which said proceedings were carried through the court of common pleas of Franklin county and resulted in an award of forty thousand thirty-three dollars ($40,033.00) which award bears interest from the eighteenth day of December one thousand nine hundred and fourteen and carries costs amounting to two hundred ninety dollars and fifteen cents ($290.15) and

Whereas Proceedings were taken in the court of quarter sessions of the peace of the county of Bucks for the condemnation of the turnpike of the Doylestown and Danboro Turnpike Road Company which forms a part of route number one hundred fifty-four (154) of the State highways which said proceedings resulted in an award of four thousand seven hundred sixty dollars ($4,760.00) and

Whereas Proceedings were taken in the court of quarter sessions of the peace of Bucks county for the condemnation of the turnpike of the president and managers of the Danboro and Plumsteadville Turnpike Road Company which forms a part of route number one hundred fifty-four (154) of the State highways which said proceedings resulted in an award of two thousand three hundred fifty dollars ($2,350.00) and

Whereas Their remains in the appropriation made by the general appropriation law of one thousand nine hundred and thirteen for the acquiring of turnpike roads only the sum of eighteen thousand five hundred and nineteen dollars and forty-five cents ($18,519.45)

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of thirty-two thousand dollars ($32,000.00) or so much thereof as is necessary be and the same is hereby appropriated to the Highway Department of the State of Pennsylvania for the purpose of paying the deficiency in the awards with interest and costs for the condemnation of the turnpikes of the President and Managers of the Chambersburg and Bedford Turnpike Road Company the Doylestown and Danboro Turnpike Road Company and the President and Managers of the Danboro and Plumsteadville Turnpike Road Company which said amounts are to be paid upon the requisition of the State Highway Commissioner as provided by law

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 190 (House Bill No. 104), entitled:

An Act regulating the manner and time of payment of employes of cities of the first class

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 192 (House Bill No. 10), entitled:

An Act regulating the manner of payment of county employes in counties having a population over one million

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 194 (House Bill No. 95), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-fourth day of February one thousand eight hundred thirty-four entitled "An Act relating to executors and administrators" as amended

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 326, entitled:

An Act relating to boroughs requiring the estimate of expenses appropriation of revenues the fixing the tax levy provision for construction or improvement of highways or other public works and of the funds required for the same by ordinance within sixty days after the organiaztion of the borough council in each fiscal year regulating the manner in which the borough funds shall be paid out regulating changes in appropriations prescribing certain duties and liabilities of borough treasurers and secretaries and of borough auditors in connection therewith making invalid contracts hirings purchases or orders or warrants issued in violation of the provisions of the act permitting the inspection of books and records by taxpayers or their agents requiring competitive and advertised bidding upon all contracts or purchases in excess of three hundred dollars ($300)

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. MILLS. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 326, the bill just read, be recommitted to the Committee on Judiciary General for the purpose of amendment.

Mr. LYNCH. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 373, entitled:

An Act to repeal sections one and two of an act approved the twenty-fourth day of April one thousand nine hundred one entitled "An Act to encourage the use of wide tires upon wagons upon the public highways of this Commonwealth and providing penalties for its violation"

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 409, entitled:

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution of this Commonwealth in accordance with provisions of the eighteenth (XVIII) article thereof

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 428, entitled:

An Act to create in Pennsylvania what shall be known as "Bird Day" and requiring all teachers in our public schools upon that day to make a special effort in teaching the value of the lifework of birds to our people

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 444 (House Bill No. 513), entitled:

An Act relating to the satisfaction of mortgages under power of attorney directed to the recorder of deeds

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 459, entitled:

An Act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act permitting in certain cases imposition of costs upon the proper county in proceedings for the commitment of an alleged insane person" approved the twentieth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred eleven

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 468, entitled:

An Act supplementing and amending section nine of an act entitled "An Act establishing a court for the county of Philadelphia prescribing its jurisdiction and powers providing for the service of its writs process or warrants by the proper officers of the county or city of Philadelphia regulating the procedure therein and appeals therefrom and providing for the expenses thereof" approved the twelfth day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen by increasing the amount of salary to be paid to the chief probation officer and to additional probation officers

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 492, entitled:

An Act validating certain divorces

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 507, entitled:

An Act authorizing John E. Joos a resident of the city of Pittsburgh Allegheny county Pennsylvania to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 530, entitled:

An Act to amend sections seven and eleven of an act entitled "An Act to regulate the nomination and election of public officers requiring certain expenses incident thereto to be paid by the several counties and punishing certain offences in regard to such elections" approved the tenth day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-three

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 531, entitled:

An Act to repeal an act approved the twenty-fourth day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act to regulate nominations and elections for all elective offices of cities of the second class and all offices of judge of a court of record providing for non-partisan nominations and elections for said offices abolishing certain existing methods of nomination in such cases and the use of party or political names or appellations at elections with respect to said offices imposing certain duties upon the Secretary of the Commonwealth county commissioners and election officers and clerks and providing penalties for the violation of the provisions hereof and the punishment of certain offences"

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 533, entitled:

An Act to amend sections fifteen and eighteen of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the personal registration of electors and their enrollment as members of political parties in cities of the first and second classes of this Commonwealth to make such registration a condition of the right to vote in such cities and their said enrollment as members of a political party a condition of the right to vote at primaries in said cities and providing for the payment of witness fees for persons summoned before the commissioners to provide penalties for violations of its provisions and, to repeal acts inconsistent herewith approved the twenty-fourth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 534, entitled:

An Act to amend section six of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the personal registration of electors and their enrollment as members of political parties in cities of the first and second classes of this Commonweath to make such registration a condition of the right to vote in such cities and their said enrollment as members of a political party a condition of the right to vote at primaries in said cities and providing for the payment of witness fees for persons summoned before the commissioners to provide penalties for violations of its provisions and to repeal acts inconsistent herewith" approved the twenty-fourth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 539, entitled:

An Act repealing section three of an act entitled "An Act to regulate the nomination and election of public officers requiring certain expenses incidental thereto to be paid by the several counties and punishing certain offences in regard to such elections" approved the tenth day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-three as amended by an act approved the ninth day of July one thousand eight hundred ninety-seven

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 540, entitled:

An Act to amend section five of an act entitled "An Act regulating certain political parties providing for and regulating the nomination of candidates of such political parties for certain public offices the election of delegates and alternate delegates to National party conventions and of certain party officers including State committeemen a method whereby electors of such political parties may express their choice of candidates for the office of President of the United States and the payment by the several counties and their reimbursement by the State of the expenses of the same authorizing the State committee of a political party to make and to alter amend and revoke rules and providing penalties for the violation of the provisions of this act and for the punishment of certain offences provided for herein and repealing inconsistent legislation" approved the twelfth day of July Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred thirteen

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 564, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Commissioner of Labor and Industry to appoint additional officers and employes in the Department of Labor and Industry fixing their duties and salaries and increasing the salaries of the chief medical inspector chief of the Bureau of Statistics and Information and the chief clerk and Information and the Chief Clerk

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 576 (House Bill No. 850), entitled:

An Act making a burgess of a borough eligible to the office for the next succeeding term

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 585 (House Bill No. 378), entitled:

An Act empowering cities of the second class to levy and collect for general revenue purposes license taxes or fees upon railroad switches turnouts tracks and sidings upon the public streets ways alleys wharves and properties of said cities

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 585 (House Bill No. 378), the bill just read, be recommitted to the Committee on Finance.

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 594 (House Bill No. 326), entitled:

An Act amending sections one three five and six of an act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act for the government of cities of the second class' approved the seventh day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred one providing for the levy collection and disbursement of taxes and water rents or rates and conferring certain powers and duties in reference thereto upon the city treasurer and board of water assessors and the collector of delinquent taxes and repealing certain acts relating to matters herein provided for" approved May twelfth one thousand nine hundred eleven as amended by an amendment to the first paragraph of the third section of said act approved May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred thirteen Pamphlet Laws three hundred ninety changing the time of the collection of taxes and water rents and the duties of the board of water assessors and city treasurer and collector of delinquent taxes in reference thereto and the time for the levy and assessment thereof

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 624 (House Bill No. 737), entitled:

An Act authorizing municipalities to purchase the entire capital stock of bridge companies owning bridges situated wholly or partly within the limits of such municipalities and exempting the capital stock and bonds of such company from State taxation

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 627, entitled:

An Act to amend sections one two and eight of an act entitled "An Act regulating certain political parties providing for and regulating the nomination of candidates of such political parties for certain public offices the election of delegates and alternate delegates to National party conventions and of certain party officers including State committeemen a method whereby electors of such political parties may express their choice of candidates for the office of President of the United States and the payment by the several counties and their reimbursement by the State of

the expenses of the same authorizing the State committee of a political party to make and to alter amend and revoke rules and providing penalties for the violation of the provisions of this act and for the punishment of certain offences provided for herein and repealing inconsistent legislation" approved the twelfth day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 628, entitled:

An Act to amend the fourteenth section of an act entitled "An Act to further amend the ninth and fourteenth sections of the act entitled 'An Act to regulate the nomination and election of public officers requiring certain expenses incident thereto to be paid by the several counties' approved the tenth day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-three as amended by an act approved the ninth day of July one thousand eight hundred ninety-seven also to amend the twenty-second twenty-seventh twenty-eighth and thirtieth sections of said act to regulate the nomination and election of public officers requiring certain expenses incident thereto to be paid by the several counties and punishing certain offences in regard to such elections approved the tenth day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-three by repealing the limit upon the number of times the names of candidates shall appear on the official ballot by specifying the form contents and manner of printing and counting of official ballots and of announcing the total vote by directing the manner in which voters may designate their choice of candidates and their votes upon constitutional amendment or other questions submitted for their votes by prescribing the duties of voters election officers police officers constables deputy constables and helpers and prescribing forms of punishment for violations thereof"

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 629, entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act regulating certain political parties providing for and regulating the nomination of candidates of such political parties for certain public officers the election of delegates and alternate delegates to National party conventions and of certain party officers including State committeemen a method whereby electors of such political parties may express their choice of candidates for the office of President of the United States and the payment by the several counties and their reimbursement by the State of the expenses of the same authorizing the State committee of a political party to make and to alter amend and revoke rules and providing penalties for the violation of the provisions of this act and for the punishment of certain offences provided for herein and repealing inconsistent legislation" approved the twelfth day of July Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred thirteen

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 630, entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to regulate nominations and elections for all elective offices of cities of the second class and all offices of judge of a court of record providing for non-partisan nominations and elections for said offices abolishing certain existing methods of nomination in such cases and the use of party or political names or appellations at elections with respect to said offices imposing certain duties upon the Secretary of the Commonwealth county commissioners and election officers and clerks and providing penalties for the violation of the provisions hereof and the punishment of certain offenses" approved the twenty-fourth day of July Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred thirteen

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 631, entitled:

An Act to provide for the creation by bodies of electors of political parties not otherwise entitled under the law to participate in primaries and elections and giving such parties the right to participate in primaries and elections providing the manner in which such parties may be created providing the manner in which such parties may have the exclusive right to use certain designated names for their parties or policies providing a method of objecting to petitions filed for the purpose of obtaining such exclusive right to use a party name under which to participate in primaries and elections providing for the enrollment of qualified electors so as to entitle them to vote the ballot of such parties at primaries providing for the designation of a person upon whom shall be served notice of objection to such petitions or other notices required by law to be served upon such parties and who shall serve such notices as are required to be made or filed by such parties under the law in the matter of the nomination of candidates providing for the payment of costs incident to objections to such petitions and also for the expense incident to hold such primaries providing penalties for violations of the provisions of this act and the punishment for certain offences hereunder and providing for the repeal of inconsistent legislation

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 639, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the eleventh day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to provide for the appointment of county and city inspectors of weights and measures providing for their compensation and expenses prescribing their duties prohibiting vendors from giving false or insufficient weights and fixing the penalties for the violation of the provisions hereof" by granting supervision over the inspectors to the Bureau of Standards and providing clerical help incidental thereto

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

COMMUNICATIONS FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Private Secretary to the Governor being introduced presented communications in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which were laid upon the table.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

Mr. MOORE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to read a bill in place at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. MOORE read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 660, entitled:

An Act amending the first paragraph of the fourth section of the act approved the 28th day of April, 1899, entitled "An Act to provide for the classification of the townships of the Commonwealth, with respect to their population, into two classes, and to prescribe the form of government for townships of each class.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. CHARLES A. SNYDER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to read bills in place at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. CHARLES A. SNYDER read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 661, entitled:

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and government of street railway companies in this Commonwealth," approved the 14th day of May, A. D. 1889; authorizing companies chartered under the said act to construct, equip and operate such parts of their railways as are located on private property or turnpikes and such parts thereof as with the consent of the local authorities of cities, boroughs and townships are located within the limits of the public streets, roads or bridges or other highways of such cities, boroughs and townships without first obtaining the consent of the local authorities of all of the cities, boroughs and townships through which the said companies are by their charters authorized to build their lines.

Which was committed to the Committee on City Passenger Railways.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 662, entitled:

An Act regulating the licensing of dealers in intoxicating liquors in the county of Schuylkill; creating a liquor license commission for said county; prescribing its powers and duties; providing for the appointment of commissioners by the governor, and imposing certain duties upon the county commissioners and expenses upon said county.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. CHARLES A. SNYDER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from Committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. CHARLES A. SNYDER, from the Committee on Judiciary Special reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 274, entitled:

An Act to provide for the payment of costs of suit in cases of summary proceedings or convictions had before magistrates, aldermen or justices of the peace for the violation of any act of Assembly of this Commonwealth.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

Mr. GERBERICH. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to read bills in place at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. GERBERICH read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 663, entitled:

An Act to further amend an act approved the 12th day of May, 1911, entitled "An Act to ascertain and appoint the fees to be received by the several prothonotaries of the courts of common pleas of the Commonwealth, in counties having a population of over two hundred thousand and under one million, and to provide the time of paying the same," by extending its provisions to all counties having a population under one million.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 664, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Asylum for the Chronic Insane of Pennsylvania, at South Mountain, Wernersville, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 665, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Chautauqua at Mount Gretna, Lebanon County, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. VARE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to read bills in place at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. VARE read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 666, entitled:

An Act supplementing and amending section 11 of an act entitled "An Act establishing a court for the county of Philadelphia; prescribing its jurisdiction and powers; providing for the service of its writs, process or warrants by the proper officers of the county or city of Philadelphia; regulating the procedure therein, and appeals therefrom, and providing for the expenses thereof," approved the 12th day of July, 1913, by conferring jurisdiction on the court in certain additional criminal actions, involving and including forgery, kidnapping, perjury, rape and robbery, and by conferring exclusive jurisdiction upon the said court in all trials of criminal charges and suits for penalties brought against all minors between the ages of sixteen and nineteen years and in all proceedings concerning or trials of charges brought against all persons, adults or minors, accused of disorderly street-walking, and in all proceedings concerning or trials of charges brought against all minors between the ages of sixteen and twenty-one years absenting themselves from school, or who shall disobey their parents' command, or be found idle in the streets, and against all disorderly children; and defining disorderly children; and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 667, entitled:

An Act supplementing and amending section 11 of an act entitled "An Act establishing a court for the county of Philadelphia; prescribing its jurisdiction and powers; providing for the service of its writs, process or warrants by the proper officers of the county or city of Philadelphia; regulating the procedure therein, and appeals therefrom, and providing for the expenses thereof, approved the 12th day of July, 1913, by increasing the number of judges of the Municipal Court to be designated by the President Judge and assigned to hold a juvenile court.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. VARE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make reports from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection The Chair hears none.

Mr. VARE, from the Committee on Municipal Affairs, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 550, entitled:

A supplement to an act approved the 28th day of April, 1903, entitled "An Act for the annexation of any city, borough, township or part of a township, to a contiguous city, and providing for the indebtedness of the same," by providing that any city heretofore or hereafter enlarged by any annexation under the terms of said act shall be liable for and shall pay the indebtedness of such city and the territory so annexed, and providing for the levying of a uniform tax upon all the territory included within such city as enlarged by such annexation for the payment of all such indebtedness.

Also from the Committee on Municipal Affairs, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 551, entitled:

A supplement to an act approved the 7th day of February, 1906, entitled "An Act to enable cities that are now, or may hereafter be, contiguous or in close proximity, to be united, with any itervening land other than boroughs, in one municipality; providing for the consequences of such consolidation, the temporary government of the consolidated city, payment of the indebtedness of each of the united territories, and the enforcement of debts and claims due to or from each;" by providing that the indebtedness of each city and intervening land heretofore or hereafter united or consolidated under the provisions of said act shall be paid by the consolidated city, and for the levying of a uniform tax upon all the territory included within the consolidated city for the payment of the same.

Also from the Committee on Municipal Affairs, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 469, entitled:

An Act amending an act entitled "An Act in relation to the laying out, opening, widening, straightening, extending or vacating streets and alleys, and the construction of bridges in the several municipalities of this Commonwealth, the grading, paving, macadamizing or otherwise improving streets and alleys, providing for ascertaining the damages to private property resulting therefrom, the assessment of the damages, costs and expenses thereof upon the property benefited and the construction of sewers and payment of the damages costs and expenses thereof, including the damages to private property resulting therefrom," approved the 16th day of May, 1891, by providing for the placing of footwalks, curb, parking space, shade trees or otherwise improving the space between the curb line and the property line in the said streets, lanes and alleys and by providing for the payment of the damages, costs and expenses thereof.

Also from the Committee on Municipal Affairs, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 543, entitled:

An Act providing for the appointment and future of a Municipal Division Board in counties having located therein a city of the second class, the number and kinds of members thereof, the terms for which appointed, and elected, the organization, powers and duties thereof, the compensation of said members and the manner of providing for the necessary expenses for the operation of said Board.

Mr. GYGER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. GYGER, from the Committee on Game and Fisheries, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 515 (House Bill No. 457), entitled:

An Act to amend section two of an act entitled "An Act for the better protection of the wild birds known as the turtle or mourning-dove the killdeer and the bird commonly called the blackbird in Pennsylvania, and prescribing penalties for violation of its provisions," approved the 21st day of March, A. D. 1913, P. L. eight, by extending the power to destroy birds commonly called blackbirds.

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. BUCKMAN, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 595 (House Bill No. 582), entitled:

An Act authorizing municipalities to enter into certain contracts and make appropriations regarding libraries.

BILL INTRODUCED.

Mr. LYNCH. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to read a bill in place at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. LYNCH read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 668, entitled:

An Act establishing in counties of a population of from two hundred thousand inhabitants to three hundred and twenty-five thousand inhabitants a board for the assessment and revision of taxes; prescribing their powers, duties and salaries and abolishing the office of city, borough, township and ward assessors.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

NOMINATIONS BY THE GOVERNOR.

The Chair cleared his table and laid before the Senate communications in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which were read as follows:

MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF REGISTRATION COMMISSIONERS FOR THE CITY OF PHILADELPHIA.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, March 25, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Allen S. Morgan to be a member of the Board of Registration Commissioners for the City of Philadelphia, to serve until June 15, 1916, vice John J. Green, resigned.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

NOTARIES PUBLIC.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, March 29, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons to be Notaries Public for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, for the term of four years, to compute from the dates set opposite their names, respectively:

ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

Harry Easton, Pittsburgh, April 16, 1915.
John B. McBride, Pittsburgh, April 23, 1915.

GREENE COUNTY.

Owen J. Brown, Perry Township, April 3, 1915.

LEHIGH COUNTY.

William E. Starr, South Bethlehem, April 4, 1915.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY.

George W. DeHaven, Conshohocken, April 4, 1915.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY.

George H. Rapson, Philadelphia, March 30, 1915.
Raymond V. John, Philadelphia, April 3, 1915.
J. Fred Dellart, Philadelphia, April 15, 1915.
Jacob H. Rhoads, Philadelphia, April 16, 1915.
J. Joseph George, Philadelphia, April 19, 1915.

WARREN COUNTY.

T. L. Hampson, Warren, April 16, 1915.

YORK COUNTY.

H. M. Raab, Dallastown, April 9, 1915.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, March 29, 1915.

To the Honorable the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons to be Notaries Public for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, for the term of four years, to compute from the date of their confirmation:

ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

P. C. Danner, Pittsburgh.
John M. Marciniak, Pittsburgh.
William E. Metz, Pittsburgh.
A. D. P. Miller, Pittsburgh.

BEAVER COUNTY.

John D. Cottage, Conway.

BUTLER COUNTY.

Thomas M. Murphy, Petrolia.

DAUPHIN COUNTY.

John Heathcote, Harrisburg.

LUZERNE COUNTY.

Miss Anna Breese, Hazleton.
James A. Meighan, Milkes-Barre.

MERCER COUNTY.

Miss Sarah G. Hanrahan, Sharon.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY.

Miss Charlotte F. Barber, Philadelphia.
Frank Raphael Bilotta, Philadelphia.
Edwin V. M. Brennan, Philadelphia.
Walter H. Chapman, Philadelphia.
John Curtin Runkle, Philadelphia.

SCHUYLKILL COUNTY.

Charles Gerbasi, Mahanoy City.

WASHINGTON COUNTY.

A. L. Dubinsky, Charleroi.

WYOMING COUNTY.

Fred D. Bunnell, Moshoppen.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

EXECUTIVE SESSION.

By unanimous consent,

A motion was made by Mr. SPROUL,

That Rule 38 which requires nominations made by the Governor to be referred to proper committees be dispensed with, and the Senate do now resolve itself into executive session, for the purpose of acting on the foregoing nominations,

Which was agreed to,

Whereupon,

A motion was made by Mr. SPROUL,

That the Senate do advise and consent to said nominations,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—39.

Beidleman,	Gerberich,	Mills,	Snyder, P. W.,
Buckman,	Graff,	Moore,	Sones,
Burke,	Gyger,	Patton,	Sproul,
Catlin,	Jenkins,	Phipps,	Stewart,
Clark,	Lynch,	Schantz,	Thompson,
Croft,	Magee, C. J.	Semmens,	Tompkins,
Crow,	Martin,	Sensenich,	Vare,
Daix,	McConnell,	Smith, R. E.,	Warner,
Endsley,	McKee, W. S.,	Smith, W. W.,	Wasbers,
Farley,	Miller,	Snyder, C. A.,	

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Governor be informed accordingly.

APPROVAL OF RESOLUTION RECALLING FROM THE GOVERNOR SENATE BILL NO. 289.

He also laid before the Senate communication in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which was read as follows:

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, March 24, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed a resolution of the Senate and House of Representatives recalling Senate Bill No. 289 entitled "An Act amending section nine of an act amended by the act of seventeenth April one thousand nine hundred and five Pamphlet Laws one hundred eighty-five approved the fifth day of May one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine entitled 'An Act supplementing and amending an act entitled 'An Act to establish an intermediate court of appeal regulating its constitution officers jurisdiction powers practice and its relation to the Supreme Courts and other courts providing for the reports of its decisions the compensation of the Judges and other officers and the practice and costs on appeals from its judgments' approved June twenty-fourth Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five' and increasing the amount to which

the Judges of the Superior Court shall be entitled to be reimbursed for the sums expended by them in each year for expenses incurred in the discharge of their duties for the help of stenographers typewriters or clerks and regulating the time and manner of such reimbursements.'"

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

RECONSIDERATION OF SENATE BILL NO. 289.

Mr. CROW. Mr. President, I move to reconsider the vote by which Senate Bill No. 289, entitled:

An Act amending section nine of an act as amended by the act of seventeenth April one thousand nine hundred and five Pamphlet Laws one hundred and eighty-five approved the fifth day of May one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine entitled "An Act supplementing and amending an act entitled 'An Act to establish an intermediate court of appeal regulating its constitution officers jurisdiction powers practice and its relation to the Supreme Court and other courts providing for the reports of its deceisions the compensation of the judges and other officers and the practice and costs on appeals from its judgments' approved June twenty-fourth Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five" and increasing the amount to which the judges of the Superior Court shall be entitled to be reimbursed for the sums expended by them in each year for expenses incurred in the discharge of their duties for the help of stenographers typewriters or clerks and regulating the time and manner of such reimbursement

passed finally.

The PRESIDENT. How did the Senator vote?

Mr. CROW. Mr. President, I voted aye.

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The PRESIDENT. How did the Senator vote?

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, I voted aye.

The motion was agreed to.

And the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. CROW. Mr. President, I move to reconsider the vote by which this bill passed third reading.

The PRESIDENT. How did the Senator vote?

Mr. CROW. Mr. President, I voted aye.

Mr. SPROUL. I second the motion.

The PRESIDENT. How did the Senator vote?

Mr. SPROUL. I voted aye.

The motion was agreed to.

And the question recurring,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. CROW. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to amend section 9, in line 53, by striking out the words "All necessary dockets, blank books, seals, stationery and other supplies shall be obtained and furnished by the Secretary of the Commonwealth in the same manner as books and supplies are furnished to and for his own Department", and inserting in lieu thereof the word, "The necessary dockets, books, stationery and miscellaneous printing shall be obtained and furnished by the Board of Public Grounds and Buildings in the same manner as said materials and supplies are furnished to the several departments of the State government. Said materials and supplies to be furnished upon the requisitions of the Prothonotaries of the said Court."

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

The amendment was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading as amended?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended be printed for the use of the Senate.

APPROVAL OF RESOLUTION RECALLING FROM THE GOVERNOR SENATE BILL NO. 92.

He also laid before the Senate communication in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which was read as follows:

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, March 24, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen: I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed a resolution of the Senate and House of Representatives recalling Senate Bill No. 92, entitled "An Act requiring certain petitions and papers to be verified before being considered by the court."

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

RECONSIDERATION OF SENATE BILL NO. 92.

Mr. THOMPSON. Mr. President, I move to reconsider the vote by which Senate Bill No. 92, entitled:

An Act requiring certain petitions and papers to be verified before being considered by the court

passed finally.

The PRESIDENT. How did the Senator vote?

Mr. THOMPSON. Mr. President, I voted aye.

Mr. W. W. SMITH. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The PRESIDENT. How did the Senator vote?

Mr. W. W. SMITH. Mr. President, I voted aye

The motion was agreed to.

And the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. THOMPSON. Mr. President, I move to reconsider the vote by which this bill passed third reading.

The PRESIDENT. How did the Senator vote?

Mr. THOMPSON. Mr. President, I voted aye.

Mr. W. W. SMITH. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The PRESIDENT. How did the Senator vote?

Mr. W. W. SMITH Mr. President, I voted aye.

The motion was agreed to.

And the question recurring,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. THOMPSON. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to amend section 1 by striking out lines 9, 10, 11, 12 and 13 as follows: "In hearings all allegations of fact must be verified by the affidavit of some one. Petitions or other paper addressed to a court of record alleging any matter of fact shall not be considered by the court unless verified."

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

The amendment was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading as amended?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended be printed for the use of the Senate.

SENATE BILL NO. 120 RECALLED FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced, presented extract from the Journal of the House of Representatives, which was twice read as follows:

In the House of Representatives, March 25, 1915.

Resolved (if the Senate concur), that House Bill No. 120, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-eighth day of May one thousand nine hundred seven entitled "An Act to provide for the protection of insane persons feeble-minded persons and epileptics and the appointment of a guardian for the said insane persons feeble-minded persons and epileptics unable to care for their own property authorizing the guardian to support the wife and children of the said insane persons feeble-minded persons and epileptics defining the powers of the guardian and authorizing the sale of real estate of the ward" by adding an additional section

be recalled from the Governor for the purpose of amendment.

On the question,

Will the Senate concur in the same?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

HOUSE CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL NO. 48.

He also presented communications from the House of Representatives, informing the Senate that the House has concurred in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 48, entitled:

An Act enabling townships of the first class to provide regulate and protect a system of water supply and to contract with certain adjoining municipalities for such water and granting and regulating the right of eminent domain and the right to occupy highways

HOUSE CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS TO SENATE BILL NO. 153 RECALLED FROM THE GOVERNOR FOR AMENDMENT.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives, returning to the Senate, Senate Bill No. 153, entitled:

An Act to establish and regulate the fees to be charged and collected by sheriffs in counties of this Commonwealth having a population of not less than three hundred thousand nor more than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants as computed by the last preceding United States census the time and manner in which said fees shall be paid the publication and posting of said fees the delivery of an itemized receipt for official fees and legal costs received and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith

with the information that the House has concurred in the amendments made by the Senate, said bill having been recalled from the Governor for the purpose of amendment. The vote had on final passage and third reading were reconsidered in the Senate and the bill amended.

HOUSE CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS TO SENATE BILL NO. 29, RECALLED FROM THE GOVERNOR FOR AMENDMENT.

He also returned to the Senate, Senate Bill No. 29, entitled:

Amending sections eight and nine of an act entitled "An Act to establish a county court for the county of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof" approved the fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven as amended by changing the practice of the court with regard to trials and providing that appeals from the judgment of the court in all civil action shall be taken by leave of the court of common pleas and prescribing the practice and the powers of the court of common pleas in such cases and providing for an appeal to the Superior Court from judgments of the court of common pleas upon writs of certorari issued to the county court

with the information that the House has concurred in the amendments made by the Senate, said bill having been recalled from the Governor for the purpose of amendment. The vote had on final passage and third reading on said bill were reconsidered in the Senate and the bill amended.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 249.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives, returning to the Senate Senate Bill No. 249, entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act authorizing companies incorporated under the laws of any other state of the United States for the manufacture of any form of iron steel or glass to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments and to take have and hold real estate necessary and proper for manufacturing purposes" approved the ninth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one extending the same to companies formed for the purpose of quarrying slate granite stone or rocks or for dressing polishing working or manufacturing the same or any of them and to mineral springs companies incorporated for the purpose of bottling and selling natural mineral springs water approved the sixteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three' approved the nineteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one extending the same to companies formed for the purpose of manufacturing and selling chemicals foodstuffs cement and cement products and the quarrying of cement rock" approved May twenty-eight one thousand nine hundred and seven extending the same to companies incorporated for the manufacture buying selling leasing using and operation of electrical apparartus and machinery and articles of every kind appertaining to or in any wise connected with the production use regulation control distribution or application of electrictiy or electrical energy or products for any use or purpose constructing acquiring using selling buying or leasing any works construction or plant or part thereof connected with or involving such use distribution regulation control or application of electricity or the control of use of electrical apparatus for any purpose and of producing furnishing and supplying electricity or electrical apparatus in any form and for any purpose and to carry on a general manufacturing business'" approved the twenty-third day of June one thaousand nine hundred and eleven by extending the same to companies incorporated for the purpose of refining manufacturing or sale of petroleum and petroleum products

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 285.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives, returning to the Senate Senate Bill No. 285, entitled:

An Act authorizing J. P. Swearingen of Greene township Beaver county Pennsylvania to bring suit against the Commonwealth

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

SENATE BILL NO. 114 RETURNED WITH AMENDMENTS.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives returning to the Senate Senate Bill No. 114, entitled:

An Act providing for the printing binding and distribution of the report of the fiftieth anniversary of the battle of Gettysburg commission entitled "Pennsylvania Gettysburg Reunion" and for the compiling editing proof reading and indexing thereof providing also for the preparation for filing of record in the State Library for their proper preservation therein of certain original manuscripts of the addresses delivered at said reunion and of other original data souvenirs and records relative thereto and making appropriation therefor

with the information that the House has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the Senate it requested.

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, I move that Rule 21, which requires that amended bills be noted on the Calendar, be in this case dispensed with and that the Senate proceed to the consideration of the amendments made by the House to the foregoing bill.

Mr. GERBERICH. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Said amendments having been printed as required by the Constitution were twice read as follows:

Section 2 in line 3 by striking out the words "and shall be by him fully revised to date." Section 3 in line 3 by striking out the word "two;" also in line 4 by inserting before the word "thousand" the word "one;" also in line 6 by striking out the word "four;" also in line 7 by inserting before the word "thousand" the word "three;" also in line 7 by striking out the word "eight" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "six."

On the question,

Will the Senate concur in the same?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—38.

Beidleman,	Graff,	Moore,	Snyder, P. W.,
Buckman,	Gyger,	Patton,	Sones.
Burke,	Jenkins,	Phipps,	Sproul,
Clark,	Lynch,	Schantz,	Stewart.
Croft,	Magee, C. J.,	Semmens,	Thompson,
Crow,	Martin,	Sensenich,	Tompkins,
Daix,	McConnell,	Smith, R. E.,	Vare,
Endsley,	McKee, W. S.,	Smith, W. W.,	Warner,
Farley,	Miller,	Snyder, C. A.,	Wasbers,
Gerberich,	Mills,		

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

RECESS.

Mr. W. W. SMITH. Mr. President, I move the Senate do now take a recess for five minutes.

Mr. McCONNELL. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

AFTER RECESS.

The PRESIDENT. The time of recess having elapsed, the Senate will be in order.

HOUSE BILLS FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the House of Representatives, being introduced, presented for concurrence, bills of the House of Representatives, as follows:

House Bill No. 708 (Senate Bill No. 669), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith"

Which was committed to the Committee on Education.

House Bill No. 791 (Senate Bill No. 670), entitled:

An Act regulating upholstering making of upholstering and the manufacture of mattresses imposing penalties and providing incidental duties of the Department of Labor and Industry

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

House Bill No. 870 (Senate Bill No. 671), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith"

Which was committed to the Committee on Education.

House Bill No. 912 (Senate Bill No. 672), entitled:

An Act amending and supplementing an act entitled "An Act providing for the establishment of a State Industrial Home for Women authorizing the purchase of a site and the erection therein and equipment of necessary buildings providing for the commitment to said State Industrial Home for Women of females between the ages of sixteen and thirty years convicted of or pleading guilty to the commission of any criminal offense and providing for the government and management of said institution and making an appropriation to carry out the purposes of this act" approved the twenty-fifth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen conferring upon the said commission additional powers including the power of eminent domain

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

House Bill No. 481 (Senate Bill No. 673), entitled:

An Act to repeal an act approved the fifteenth day of June one thousand eight hundred seventy-one entitled "An Act relating to the assessment of damagess for the appropriation of land for public use"

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

House Bill No. 546 (Senate Bill No. 674), entitled:

An Act to regulate certain kinds of insurance by individuals and partnerships or associations of individuals known as Lloyd's defining the power of such associations authorizing the Insurance Commissioner to grant a license and prescribing penalties for any violation thereof and repealing existing laws

Which was committed to the Committee on Insurance.

House Bill No. 852 (Senate Bill No. 675), entitled:

An Act providing for the registration of ownership to real estate in cities of the second class for the use of said cities to facilitate the assessment levy and collection of taxes and municipal claims in such cities authorizing the preservation and use of records heretofore employed in such cities for such purposes

Which was committed to the Committee on Finance.

House Bill No. 889 (Senate Bill No. 676, entitled:

An Act to further amend the act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith" as amended by providing for the education of certain blind children beyond the age of eight years under certain circumstances

Which was committed to the Committee on Education.

House Bill No. 900 (Senate Bill No. 677), entitled:

An Act regulating salaries of clerks in recorders offices in certain counties

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

House Bill No. 913 (Senate Bill No. 678),

An Act to amend section one thousand three hundred and eleven of an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with a provision by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith"

Which was committed to the Committee on Education.

House Bill No. 963 (Senate Bill No. 679), entitled:

An Act to amend section twenty-one of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the protection and preservation of game game quadrupeds and game birds and song and insectivorous and other wild birds and prescribing penalties for violation of its several provisions" approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred nine by extending the season during which dogs may be trained

Which was committed to the Committee on Game and Fisheries.

House Bill No. 323 (Senate Bill No. 680), entitled:

An Act repealing an act entitled "An Act amending article six of an act entitled 'An Act for the government of cities of the second class' approved the seventh day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one as amended by an amendatory act approved the first day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine and as affected by an act entitled 'An Act providing a uniform rate of assessment and taxation for all real estate in cities of the second class' approved the eleventh day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven by providing for the classification of real estate for purposes of taxation into two classes to wit the buildings on land and the land exclusive of buildings and by providing for the assessment of a less tax upon the buildings than upon the land exclusive of the buildings in cities of the second class" approved May fifteenth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen

Which was committee to the Committee on Finance.

House Bill No. 324 (Senate Bill No. 681), entitled:

An Act creating additional subjects of taxation in cities of the second class by providing that all real estate in cities of the second class owned or possessed by any corporation shall be subject to taxation for city and school purposes the same as other real estate in said cities

Which was committed to the Committee on Finance.

House Bill No. 379 (Senate Bill No. 682), entitled:

An Act empowering cities of the second class to levy and collect for general revenue purposes license taxes or fees upon poles wires cables conduits pipes tracks vaults and other appliances and appurtenances under upon over or through the public streets ways alleys wharves and properties thereof"

Which was committed to the Committee on Finance.

House Bill No. 1012 (Senate Bill No. 683), entitled:

An Act relating to the bonds to be given by county officers the amount and conditions thereof the sureties for such bonds the payment of the premiums therefor and the recording and custody thereof in counties having over eight hundred thousand and less than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

House Bill No. 132 (Senate Bill No. 684), entitled:

An Act regulating process pleading and practice in all civil cases whether at law in equity in divorce or otherwise howsoever hereafter brought in any court of common pleas in this Commonwealth and providing a complete system of procedure within the limits of the subject matter of this act

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

ADJOURNMENT.

Mr. VARE. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now adjourn until tomorrow afternoon at 3.30 o'clock.

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The Senate adjourned at 6.10 o'clock P. M. until Tuesday afternoon, March 30, 1915, at 3.30 o'clock.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

MONDAY, March 29th, 1915.

The House met at 8 o'clock P. M.
The SPEAKER (Charles A. Ambler) in the Chair.

PRAYER.

The Chaplain, Rev. F. W. Staley, offered the following prayer:

Almighty and Most Merciful God, we thank Thee that Thou hast called us through men to be representatives, representing a lofty and noble and redeemed manhood. We thank Thee that Thou hast called us to be true men; true to our convictions and true to the obligations binding us to man and to Thee. We thank Thee that Thou hast called us to be builders; to be builders of the home. Home is the basis of the social organization; it is the basis of all government. The home as man has said as he wrote, "Home, Sweet, Sweet Home." It is the dearest spot on earth from which we are separated tonight, and we pray Thee, O God, that Thou wouldst overshadow all of our homes with Thy Almighty Wing, and may we so live that our children will rise up and "call us blessed." We ask for Christ's sake. Amen.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the Journal of the proceedings of Thursday, March 25th, 1915.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of the proceedings of Thursday, March 25th, 1915, when, on motion of Mr. Stern the further reading was dispensed with and the Journal was approved.

BILLS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED.

By Mr. VICKERMAN. House Bill No. 1139.

An Act making an appropriation to the Dixmont Hospital for the Insane.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. MELLOTT. House Bill No. 1140.

An Act establishing in Fulton and Huntingdon Counties a certain section of public road as a "State Highway."

Referred to the Committee on Public Roads.

By Mr. MELLOTT. House Bill No. 1141.

An Act to provide for the pensioning of soldiers and marines who served in the army or navy of the United States from Pennsylvania in the Civil War of one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one to sixty-five, fixing the rate of said pensions, the manner of obtaining same, and making an appropriation for the payment thereof.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. MELLOTT. House Bill No. 1142.

An Act to establish as a "State Highway" a certain section of public road beginning on Route number thirty-eight, near Webster Mills, thence south by way of Big Cove, Tannery, Dickey's Mountain, Damascus Church and Ebenezer Church to the Maryland State line in Fulton County.

Referred to the Committee on Public Roads.

By Mr. WHITAKER. House Bill No. 1143.

An Act to provide for certain appointments in the Executive Department, fixing the salaries thereof, and abolishing certain officers.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

PETITIONS.

PRAYING FOR COUNTY LOCAL OPTION.

The SPEAKER presented the petitions of citizens of Montgomery County praying for the passage of a Local Option Law.

Which were referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

The SPEAKER presented the petition of the Christian Endeavor Society of Second Presbyterian Church, Pittsburgh, praying for the passage of a Local Option Law.

Which was referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

Mr. BALDWIN presented the petition of citizens of Delaware County praying for the passage of a Local Option Law.

Which was referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

Messrs. STONE and MAHER presented the petitions of citizens of Bradford County praying for the passage of a Local Option Law.

Which were referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

PROTESTING AGAINST BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATIONS BILL.

The SPEAKER presented the petition of the Hope Building and Loan Association of Pittsburgh protesting against the passage of the act relating to Building and Loan Associations.

Which was referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

PRAYING FOR REPEAL OF FULL CREW BILL.

The SPEAKER presented the petition of the Sterling Coal Company praying for the repeal of the Full Crew Bill.

Which was referred to the Committee on Railroads.

PROTESTING AGAINST REPEAL OF FULL CREW BILL.

The SPEAKER presented the petition of C. A. Yoh Lodge No. 736 Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen; Enterprise Lodge No. 75 Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen and Enginemen; Fairmount Lodge No. 333 B. of L. F. & E., and Greater Pittsburgh Lodge No. 842 Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen protesting against the repeal of the Full Crew Bill.

Which were referred to the Committee on Railroads.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE ATTORNEY GENERAL.

The SPEAKER laid before the House a communication from the office of the Attorney General of Pennsylvania, which was read by the Clerk as follows:

Office Attorney General, Harrisburg, March 29, 1915.

To the Members of the Legislature,

Gentlemen:—I beg to call your attention to the reason for the introduction of the two bills—one entitled "An Act regulating the legal business of the State Government and the employment of Attorneys therefor, and defining the duties of the various Departments, Bureaus, Boards and Commissions, in relation thereto" and the other entitled "An Act reorganizing the Attorney General's Department; designating the officers and employes thereof, and fixing their salaries."

The legal business of the Commonwealth should be under the control of one responsible head, manifestly the Attorney General. This would insure a more efficient and satisfactory disposition of such business.

Under the system now in operation it has happened that extremely important cases, involving large amounts, as well as the Constitutionality of Acts of Assembly affecting the safety and welfare of the people, have not only passed through the Courts of Pennsylvania, but have been actually fixed for hearing in the United States Supreme Court before the Attorney General's Department was advised of their existence. Other cases have gone through the Courts of Pennsylvania, involving the administration of the departmental laws of the Commonwealth, without knowledge of the Attorney General. These cases were conducted by private counsel in the employ of other Departments, and of which notice was not given to the Attorney General.

Further illustrations could be given to demonstrate that the control of the State litigation should be in the hands of the State's legal officer.

The system proposed by these Acts, aside from promoting efficiency, will make an actual saving. During the last two years the various departments, other than the Attorney General's, expended $91,655.35 for legal services. During the same time there was appropriated to the Attorney General's Department $72,500.00 and $15,000.00 for outside Attorneys, making a total of $179,155.35 for legal services for two years, or $89,577.68 per year. The bill proposed provides for annual salaries in the Attorney General's Department of $63,100.00, being a saving, if considered from that standpoint alone, of $26,477.68.

To state it in another way, the appropriation for the salaries of the present force and for outside counsel fees amounts to $51,250.00. The bill now introduced provides for salaries amounting to $63,100.00, an increase of only $11,850.00. With this increase it is the intention to take care of the legal business of the State, including the collection of money due the State for the maintenance of insane.

As a matter of precaution there is a provision in the bill for the employment of additional assistance, if such should be required in the experimental stage brought about by this reorganization.

The present salaries in the Attorney General's Department are inadequate and out of all proportion to the service required.

Respectfully yours,

FRANCIS SHUNK BROWN,
Attorney General.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. BEYER, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1130, entitled:

An Act regulating the legal business of the State government, and the employment of attorneys therefor, and defining the duties of the various departments, Bureaus, Boards and Commissions in relation thereto.

Mr. BEYER, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1131, entitled:

An Act reorganizing the Attorney General's Department, designating the officers and employes thereof, and fixing their salaries.

Mr. HESS, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1080 (Senate Bill No. 438), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the tenth day of June one thousand eight hundred eighty-one entitled "An Act to enable mothers in certain cases to appoint testamentary guardians" by extending certain rights to mothers

Mr. STERN, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1117 (Senate Bill No. 430), entitled:

An Act relative to the holding of magistrates courts in cities of the first class.

Mr. H. I. WILSON, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1108, entitled:

An Act to validate acts done and conveyance made by or to corporations after letters patent are issued, and before the recording of their charters.

Mr. GLENN, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1105, entitled:

An Act authorizing Jennie Clay Swogger, administratrix of the estate of Lawrence L. Swogger, deceased, late a citizen of Lawrence County, Pennsylvania, to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin County, against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Mr. HUBLER, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1118 (Senate Bill No. 431), entitled:

An Act relative to the powers of magistrates in cities of the first class.

Mr. GEISER, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1134, entitled:

An Act to amend an act, approved the twenty-sixth day of April, one thousand eight hundred eigthy-three, entitled "An Act relative to the eligibility of candidates, for the office of district attorney."

Mr. NISSLEY, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 817 (Senate Bill No. 105), entitled:

An Act to avoid delay in the administration of justice by fixing a time within which decisions in certain questions and matters shall be rendered by judges and requiring certain certificates from judges before their salaries shall be paid.

Mr. SWARTZ, from the Committee on Insurance, reported as amended, House Bill No. 225, entitled:

An Act defining fraternal benefit societies and their status authorizing such societies to create subordinate lodges and to pay benefits upon the sickness disability or death of their members from funds collected and regulating such benefits Providing for the organization of such societies and for the licensing supervision regulation and examination by the Insurance Commissioner and for the admission of foreign societies. Designating tables of mortality to be used and establishing a standard of solvency. Requiring all societies to make annual reports and all foreign societies to appoint the Insurance Commissioner as attorney for service of process. Providing penalties for any violations of the act. Exempting certain societies from its provisions and requiring beneficial associations other than fraternal benefit societies to report to and be supervised by the Insurance Commissioner and repealing existing laws.

Mr. PERRY, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 642, entitled:

An Act to provide for the ordinary expenses of the Executive Judicial and Legislative Departments of the Commonwealth interest on the public debt and the support of the public schools for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred fifteen and for the payments of bills incurred remaining unpaid at the close of the fiscal year ending May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen.

RESOLUTIONS.

RESOLUTION RECALLING HOUSE BILL NO. 543 FROM THE GOVERNOR.

Mr. POWELL offered the following resolution which was twice read, considered and agreed to..

In the House of Representatives, March 29, 1915.

Be It Resolved (if the Senate concur) That House Bill No. 543, File Folio 3197, entitled "An Act to amend an act approved the ninth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eleven, entitled 'An Act to provide for the appointment of deputy prothonotaries in counties of this Commonwealth having a population of more than two hundred and fifty thousand and less than a million, and defining their qualification, powers and salary,'" be recalled from the Governor for the purpose of amendment.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for its concurrence.

RESOLUTION GRANTING USE OF THE HALL OF THE HOUSE TO THE COMMITTEE ON RAILROADS.

Mr. H. I. WILSON offered the following resolution, which was twice read, considered and agreed to.

Resolved, That the use of the hall of the House be given to the Committee on Railroads for the purpose of holding a public hearing on the "Full Crew" repeal bill on tomorrow (Tuesday) afternoon, beginning at 2:30.

RESOLUTION RELATIVE TO THE INVESTIGATION OF THE ALLEGED VIOLATION OF THE ELECTION LAWS BY THE LIQUOR INTERESTS.

Mr. GLENN offered the following resolution, which was twice read and laid over for printing:

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION.

Whereas, It has been alleged in the public press and in public discussion that large sums of money were illegally collected and expended by the liquor interests in the political campaign and election in Pennsylvania in 1914, and

Whereas, By reason of this alleged huge and illegal expenditure the combined liquor interests now openly declare that they control a sufficient number of votes of representatives of the people to defeat any legislation imperilling the interests of the liquor dealers, and

Whereas, It is common knowledge that the Retail Liquor Dealers' Association of Pennsylvania, through its responsible officers, conduct a widespread and costly publicity campaign to accomplish this purpose, and

Whereas, Governor Brumbaugh in a statement published in the press of March 10th, is quoted as having said: "That after diligent search he had failed to find in any election expense account filed at Harrisburg any mention of money contributed for election purposes by a representative of the liquor interests, nor any accounting of any money spent by any individual or organization representing liquor interests, and

Whereas, Under the Corrupt Practices Act now in force any organization that collects or disburses money for any political purpose must file a full and complete accounting thereof, and

Whereas, The open and flagrant violation of the election laws by liquor interests, if permitted to pass without challenge, creates a vicious precedent and imperils the people's control of their own government, therefore be it

Resolved (if the Senate concur), That a joint committee, consisting of three members of the Senate, one of whom shall be of the minority party, and four members of the House, one of whom shall be of the minority party, be appointed by the respective presiding officers of each House, to make a full investigation of all the circumstances and transactions connected with the alleged violation of the election laws of this Commonwealth by the liquor interests, including all moneys expended and the manner of expending said moneys, and such other matters pertaining to the alleged violation of the election laws as may to said joint committee seem pertinent. The said joint committee is hereby directed to organize forthwith after the approval of this resolution by the Governor, to hold public hearings as often as may be necessary, to summon witnesses, and for the purpose of this inquiry to issue subpoenas, administer oaths and compel the attendance of witnesses and the production of all books, bills, cheques, cheque books, papers, minutes, records and contracts, and such other written and documentary evidence as may be pertinent to the inquiry and the said joint committee shall have the largest and most complete powers which the Attorney-General can confer for the accomplishment of these purposes. And the said joint committee shall have the assistance in conducting such investigation of auditors, accountants and counsel learned in the law, who shall be appointed by the Governor, and the said joint committee shall have authority to employ stenographers, clerks and messengers necessary for the proper prosecution of this investigation. The sergeant-at-arms of the Senate is hereby directed to attend said joint committee and serve all subpoenas issued by it, and generally enforce all the orders which said joint committee is hereby authorized to make,

and to incur all the necessary expenses to discharge these duties, and that the said joint commtitee shall make reports to the two Houses of the General Assembly at the present session, and the members of the General Assembly do hereby pledge themselves to make the necessary appropriations to defray the expenses of such joint committee, and this investigation.

BILLS RECOMMITTED.

Mr. GRAHAM. Mr. Speaker, I move that House Bill No. 1040, File Folio 3651, on page seventeen of today's calendar, Bills on Second Reading, entitled:

An Act relating to building and loan associations and the solicitors officers directors and stockholders thereof

be recommitted to the Committee on Judiciary Special for the purpose of amendment.

Mr. DUNN. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Mr. THEO. CAMPBELL. Mr. Speaker, I move that House Bill No. 824, File Folio 2849, on page seven of today's calendar, Bills on Third Reading Postponed, entitled:

An Act providing that all horsedrawn vehicles owned or operated by persons residing in all cities of the first and second class except those used for pleasure shall have on the sides of such vehicles in legible letters the name and the address of the owner together with a designating number if more than one vehicle is used providing for arrest and proceedings for violation of the act prescribing the penalties therefor

be recommitted to the Committee on Judiciary General for the purpose of amendment.

Mr. COX. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Mr. GEISER. Mr. Speaker, I move that House Bill No. 948 (Senate Bill No. 320), File Folio 531, on page three of today's calendar, Bills on Third Reading, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-seventh day of June one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation regulation and government of cities of the third class regulating nomination and election of municipal officers therein and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto"

be recommitted to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

Mr. BENNINGER. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the motion?

Mr. GEISER. Mr. Speaker, my purpose in so moving is due to the fact that the Chairman of the Appropriation Committee, Mr. Woodward, is a member of the Committee on Municipal Corporations and was not able to attend the meeting of that Committee when the bill came up for discussion and would like to have it recommitted so that he and some of his friends can be heard on the bill.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the motion?

It was agreed to.

Mr. WALTON. Mr. Speaker, I move that House Bill No. 433, File Folio 3337, on page six of today's calendar, Bills on Third Reading, entitled:

An Act defining trading stamps as including stamps coupons tickets cards certificates and other similar devices given with a sale or bailment of merchandise regulating and licensing the sale furnishing and giving of trading stamps and providing penalties for the violation thereof

be recommitted to the Committee on Municipal Corporations for the purpose of amendment.

Mr. NISSLEY. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Mr. NISSLEY. Mr. Speaker, I move that House Bill No. 590, File Folio 3437, on page five of today's calendar, Bills on Third Reading, entitled:

An Act to prescribe the conditions and restrictions under which public vaults crypts or mausoleums for the interment of human bodies may be constructed and maintained and fixing penalties for failure to comply therewith

be recommitted to the Committee on Judiciary General for the purpose of amendment.

Mr. WILDMAN. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Mr. STERN. Mr. Speaker, I move that House Bill No. 954, File Folio 3065, on page eight of today's calendar, Bills on Second Reading, entitled:

An Act to authorize the regulation of the location size and use of buildings in cities

be recommitted to the Committee on Judiciary General for the purpose of a hearing.

Mr. ARON. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Mr. GOODNOUGH. Mr. Speaker, I move that House Bill No. 996 (Senate Bill No. 383), File Folio 1353, on page twelve of today's calendar, Bills on Second Reading, entitled:

An Act to promote education in economic entomology and aid in the suppression of insect pests and the preservation of birds in Pennsylvania by authorizing the Department of Agriculture to prepare a colored chart showing injurious and beneficial insects and insectivorous birds of Pennsylvania in their natural colors and stating their common and scientific names food economy and recommendation for their respective destruction or preservation and providing for the publication of said chart and the distribution of the same and making an appropriation therefor

be recommitted to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. CUMMINS. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Mr. VICKERMAN. Mr. Speaker, I move that House Bill No. 281, File Folio 3685, on page nineteen of today's calendar, Bills on Second Reading, entitled:

An Act authorizing cities boroughs towns and townships to regulate bill-boards and other forms of outdoor advertising

be recommitted to the Committee on Law and Order for the purpose of amendment.

Mr. McVICAR. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

SENATE MESSAGE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced presented extracts from the Journal of the Senate which were laid upon the table.

BILLS RECOMMITTED.

Mr. THOMAS. Mr. Speaker, I move that House Bill No. 563, File Folio 3507, entitled:

An Act to amend the second section of an act approved the thirteenth day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three entitled "An Act for the promotion of medical science by the distribution and use of unclaimed human bodies for scientific purposes through a board created for that purpose and to prevent unauthorized uses and traffic in human bodies" by providing that bodies of honorably discharged soldiers sailors or marines of the United States and of the Militia of the State of Pennsylvania shall not be delivered to said anatomical board and further providing that there shall not be delivered to the said board any body claimed by relatives or representatives of fraternal societies or charitable organizations within seventy-two hours after death

on page 9, of today's calendar, be recommitted to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation for the purpose of amendment.

Mr. GANS. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Mr. RININGER. Mr. Speaker, I move that House Bill No. 895, File Folio 3579, entitled:

An Act regulating the compensation of treasurers of townships of the first class both as collectors of township taxes and as custodians and disbursers of township funds

on page 11 of today's calendar, and House Bill No. 896, File Folio 3589, entitled:

An Act fixing the compensation of the person charged with the collection of taxes in certain boroughs and townships

on page 12 of today's calendar, be recommitted to the Committee on Counties and Townships for the purposes of a hearing.

Mr. ADAMS. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

SENATE MESSAGE.

AMENDED HOUSE BILL RETURNED FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, returned bill from the House of Representatives, numbered and entitled as follows:

House Bill No. 285.

An Act to protect the public health in cities of the first class in this Commonwealth and for that purpose creating in the Department of Public Health and Charities four Bureaus to be called the Bureaus of Hospitals and Charities Health Sanitation and Housing said Bureaus to have the supervision and control in said cities of Hospitals and Charities Health Sanitation and Housing as herein set forth and other matters affecting the public welfare so far as regards the use and occupancy of Public Buildings and of all buildings and the appurtenances thereto occupied in whole or in part as places of residence by more than two families living separate and apart and providing for themselves also the licensing supervision and control and the use of lodging rooming apartment and tenement houses creating a sanitary board for the purpose of enforcing the provisions of this act fixing the responsibility for violations of any of the provisions of this act and also giving power to said Sanitary Board to make rules and regulations to govern certain conditions affecting health and sanitation and the licensing of certain trades industries and premises and providing for punishments and penalties for violations of any of the rules and regulations made by the Department of Public Health and Charities or by said Sanitary Board under the powers granted by this act also providing for the filing of liens also providing for the inspection by the Bureau of Building Inspection and the fire marshal of said cities of the first class and repealing all laws inconsistent herewith

with the information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments, in which the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The Clerk read the amendments as follows:

Amend the title, line 9, by inserting after the word occupancy the words "of Public Buildings and;" also in line 14, after the word "houses" insert the following: "creating a sanitary board for the purpose of enforcing the provisions of this act; also in line 17 after the word "said" strike out the word "Bureaus" and insert the words "Sanitary Board;" also in line 22 strike out the words "any of its Bureaus" and insert "said Sanitary Board." Amend section 1, line 11, by inserting after the word "thereof" the following: "All Chiefs of Bureaus shall be appointed by the Director of the Department of Public Safety and Charities;" also in line 26 strike out the words "under Civil Service provisions" and insert the word "and"; also in line 31, by striking out the words "civil service." Amend section 2, line 3, by inserting the word "Sanitary" before the word "Board." Amend section 4, line 5, by striking out the word "nuisances." Amend section 5, line 5, by inserting before the word "Board" the word "Sanitary"; also in line 38, by inserting before the word "Board" the word "Sanitary"; also by striking out in line 45 the following: "and sanitation and to have been duly examined and registered as now required in cities of the first class to entitle persons to engage in the plumbing business therein."

Amend section 6, line 2, by inserting before the word "appurtenances" the word "the"; also in line 3, by striking out the word "of" and inserting the word "or"; also in line 7, by inserting before the word "Board" the word "Sanitary"; also by inserting after the word "class" in line 8, the following: "The Bureau of Sanitation shall have the"; also by striking out in line 9, the following: "and who shall have the further"; also in line 20, by striking out the word "Board" and insert the words "Bureau of Sanitation." Also after the word "purposes" strike out the word "Further" and insert the following: "Section 7." Amend section 7, line 5, by inserting before the word "Board" the word "Sanitary"; also in line 7, by inserting before the word "Board" the word "Sanitary"; also in line 10, by striking out the word "These" and insert the word "those"; also in line 13, by inserting before the word "licensing" the following: "Bureau of Sanitation shall also have charge of the"; also in line 16, after the word "where" insert the words "such private collection of"; also in line 29, after the word "owners" by inserting the following: "and all other nuisances prejudicial to public health"; also in line 42, before the word "said" by inserting the word "The"; also in line 42, by inserting after the word "Bureau" the words "of Sanitation"; also in line 47, by striking out the word "aslo"; also by inserting after the word "handled" in line 46, the following: "Section 8." Amend section 8, line 4, by striking out the words "make all rules and regulations to."

Amend section 9, line 3, by striking out the word "this" and inserting the word "the"; also in line 8, by striking out the word "hereinbefore" and inserting the word "hereinafter." Amend section 10, line 4, by striking out the word "Having" and inserting the word "doing"; also in line 5, by striking out the words "January first" and inserting the following: "The first Monday of January"; also in line 7, by striking out the following: "or department and approved by the Director of the Department of Public Safety and Charities": also in line 11, by striking out the following: "with his written consent thereto attached"; also in line 12, by inserting after the word "number" the following: "or other definite information"; also in line 14, by striking out the word "that"; also in line 20, by striking out the words "or houses"; also in line 24 by striking out the word "that"; also in lines 37 and 38, by striking out the following: "any of the departments of charities health sanitation or housing are proven to" and inserting the words "the Sanitary Board." Amend section 11, line 4, by striking out the first word "and" and inserting after the second "and" the words "the first Monday of"; also in line 5, by striking out the word "first"; also in line 18, by inserting before the word "Board" the word "Sanitary" and after the word "Board" by striking out the following: "or Departments of Public Health and Charities." Amend section 12, line 5, by striking out the words "relating to health and sanitation" and inserting the words "and the rules and regulations of the Sanitary Board"; also in line 11, by striking out the word "day" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "Monday"; also in line 13, after the word "after" by inserting the words "the first Monday of"; also in line 13, by striking out after the word "January" the word "first." Amend section 13, line 2, by striking out the words "bed-rooms or sleeping purposes" and insert the words "human habitation"; also in line 4, by inserting the word "Sanitary" before the word "Board"; also in line 6, by striking out the word "licensed"; also in line 8, by striking out the words "to be filed with the approval of the Bureau of Building Inspectors of the Department of Public Safety and that the Chiefs of the Bureaus of Sanitation and Housing shall also give their consent or refusal before any work shall be done on said premises" and inserting the following: "being filed with the Bureau of Building Inspection Bureau of Housing and Bureau of Sanitation, and having the same approved by the Chief of each Bureau"; also in line 14, by striking out the word "any"; also in line 14 by striking out the words "the Bureau of Building Inspectors and"; also in line 15, by striking out the word "the" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "said"; also adding the letter "s" to the word "Bureau"; also by striking out the following: "of Housing and Sanitation they shall meet for the purpose of considering the same and if a majority shall refuse"; also in line 35, by striking out the following: "several Bureaus of the Department of Public Health and Charities" and inserting the words "said Sanitary Board."

Amend section 14, line 35, by inserting before the word "Board" the word "Sanitary;" also in line 37 by striking out the following: "And all laws and rules of the said board." Amend section 15, line 7 by inserting before the word "Board" the word "Sanitary." Amend section 16, line 2, by striking out the word "day" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "Monday." Amend section 17, line 5, by inserting the word "the" before the word "exclusive;" also in line 13 by inserting after the word "said" the word "Sanitary." Amend section 18, line 3, by inserting after the first word "the" the words "Sanitary Board;" also in line 3 by striking out the following: "different Bureaus of the Department of Public Health and Charities;" also in line 13, after the word "said" by inserting the word "Sanitary." Amend section 19, line 3, by striking out the word "or" after the word "purpose;" also in line 5 by inserting the word "if" after the second word "and." Amend section 20, line 22, by striking out the words "Department of Bureaus thereof" and inserting the words "Sanitary Board." Amend section 21, line 16 by inserting before the word "repealed" the word "immediately." Add the following as section 22:

"Should any part of this act be construed to be invalid or unenforceable the remaining parts of the act so far as they are valid or capable of enforcement shall stand with the same force and effect as if the parts found to be invalid or unenforceable had been omitted."

On the question,

Will the House concur in the amendments made by the Senate?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows viz:

YEAS—112.

Adams,	Fretz,	Leighner,	Rothenberger,
Albee,	Gans,	Lindsey,	Rowell,
Baldwin,	Garner,	Lipschutz,	Schaeffer,
Bauerle,	Geary,	Luxemburger,	Scott,
Beck,	Geiser,	Lynch,	Shaaber,
Becker,	Goodnough,	Mangan,	Shoop,
Benninger,	Goodwin,	Marvin,	Sinclair,
Bergy,	Goodyear,	Mille,	Smith, J. W.,
Berntheizel,	Graham,	McCaig,	Spangler,
Beyer,	Gransback,	McClintock,	Staving,
Body,	Greenwood,	McDermott,	Stern,
Bovee,	Habgood,	McNichol,	Sullivan,
Brosius,	Hamilton,	McVicar,	Swan,
Campbell,	Heffernan,	Mearkle,	Swartz,
Campbell, T.,	Hess,	Nieder,	Thomas,
Christman,	Heyburn,	Nissley,	Trach,
Coldsmith,	Hibshman,	Ostrander,	Twibill,
Cox,	Hoffman,	Palmer,	Urich,
Cummins,	Howarth,	Perry,	Vogdes,
Curry,	Hubler,	Peters,	Walsh,
Dawson,	Jack,	Powell,	Weir,
Dell,	Jones, E. E.,	Ramsey,	West,
Drinkhouse,	Jones, W. W.,	Reynolds,	Whitten,
Dunn,	Kaiser,	Rhoads,	Wildman,
Fackler,	Kitts,	Rininger,	Willard,
Finnerty,	Klinger,	Rinn,	Wilson, W. H.,
Flynn,	Lauer,	Robertson,	Wobensmith,
Forster,	Lauer,	Roney,	Ambler,
			Speaker.

NAYS—46.

Alcorn,	Evans,	Luppert,	Snyder,
Baker,	Fruit,	Mather,	Spencer,
Blackburn,	Gallagher,	Maurer,	Statler,
Brumbaugh,	Gingery,	McClure,	Vickerman,
Bungard,	Glenn,	McConnell,	Walter,
Corbin,	Gompers,	Mellott,	Watson,
Cromer,	Gormley,	Milliron,	Weaver,
Davis,	Harper,	Phillips,	Weimer,
Diefenderfer,	Herman,	Reel,	Williams,
Eby,	Kuhn,	Sampsel,	Wood,
Eppley,	Kunkle,	Sarig,	Young,
Erdman,	Lanius,		

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative and the amendments were concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

BILL SIGNED BY SPEAKER.

The Speaker announced that the Chief Clerk having reported that the following bill had passed both Houses of the General Assembly and the same being correct the title was read as follows:

House Bill No. 48.

An Act enabling townships of the first class to provide regulate and protect a system of water supply and to contract with certain adjoining municipalities for such water and granting and regulating the right of eminent domain and the right to occupy highways

Whereupon,

The Speaker in the presence of the House signed the same.

COMMUNICATIONS FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Private Secretary to the Governor being introduced, presented the following communication in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which was read as follows, viz:

VETO OF HOUSE BILL NO. 40.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, March 25, 1915.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I return herewith without my approval House Bill No. 40 entitled "An Act designating the Mountain Laurel (Kalmia latifolia) as the flower emblem or State Flower of this Commonwealth."

This bill proposes to establish the Mountain Laurel (Kalmia latifolia) as the state flower. No flower should be made the official emblem of the Commonwealth unless such flower is clearly desired by many of our citizens and is supported by a wealth of sentiment. The essence of the action is sentiment. There is no deep or abiding sentiment for this flower. While the flower is beautiful it is not interrelated in any important way with the life or history of the Commonwealth.

Scientific authority supported by personal observation pronounces the leaves of this plant poisonous.

Moreover, it is scarcely worthy this great Commonwealth to select as a state flower one already chosen as a state flower of a sister State. Kalmia latifolia has been the state flower of Connecticut for eight years.

For these reasons the bill is not approved.

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

On the question,

Shall the bill become a law the objections of the Governor to the contrary notwithstanding?

Mr. GEISER. Mr. Speaker, I rise at this time to take issue with His Excellency, the Governor of this Commonwealth. I will say at the outset of my remarks, however, that I am going to ask the members of this House to sustain the Governor in his veto, but I wish to have my day in court. I wish to give you a little of the history of this bill. Last Monday morning, in going through about fifteen hundred letters bearing on the Full Crew Repealer, I came across a communication from the Governor, requesting me into his presence. I forwith hied myself there and was administered a dose of nitrade oxide gas, which is commonly known as "laughing gas." I was closeted with the Governor for fifteen minutes. He said he would like to know my reasons for introducing this bill. I gave him a number of reasons for the introduction of this bill and why this flower was selected. First, I told him that the bill was handed to me by others and was favored by a number of my Republican constituents in Northampton County, and I am a Democrat. I told him that I hesitated about taking any special interest in this bill at first and then I decided to do so and I convinced myself that there was a demand for the mountain laurel as the State Flower of Pennsylvania. And I furthermore told him that it was not my desire in the introduction of this bill to introduce any usless legislation, as we already had enough usless legislation on our Statute Books. I told him that two years ago a bill was introduced naming some other flower the State Flower, which was treated as a joke and finally reached the Governor. That bill recommended the daisy as the State Flower. Governor Tener promptly vetoed the bill because he said sentiment had not been crystallized in favor of the daisy as the State flower. A further reason why I introduced this Bill favoring the mountain laurel as a State Flower was because there was public sentiment in favor of it as a State Flower. Among these were a number of prominent men in my county and others outside among people throughout the State. Senators Penrose and Oliver and Ex-Governor Pennypacker desired the mountain laurel as a State Flower and expressed an interest in it. I told him that it was by almost a unanimous vote by the members of this House that the bill passed and it also passed the Senate with only eight votes against it. I also said that I didn't think the reasons which he gave for his veto are reasons worthy of a schoolmaster—when he said "This bill proposes to establish the mountain laurel as the State Flower. No flower should be made the official emblem of the Commonwealth unless such flower is clearly desired by many of our citizens and is supported by a wealth of sentiment." From what I have said, I think there is sentiment, however, back of it. He proceeds with "the essence of the action is sentiment. There is no deep or abiding sentiment for this flower. While the flower is beautiful it is not inter-related in any important way with the life or history of the Commonwealth. Scientific authority supported by personal observation pronounces the leaves of this plant poisonous." I did not know that the State of Connecticut had anything that is poisonous except the New Haven Railroad. Lloyd Mifflin, the poet of the Susquenanna, about five weeks ago, wrote a little sonnet which appeared on the editorial page of the Public Ledger of Philadelphia. I wish to read that poem. I think it is of sufficient merit to be published in the legislative journal. The title of the poem is:

The Mountain Laurel as the State Flower for Pennsylvania.

(Kalmia latifolia)

A SONNET BY LLOYD MIFFLIN.

Search all the gardens,—every reedy fen,
Upland, and meadow where wild nature teems,
The tangled thicket where the torrent gleams,
In thunderous foam adown the forest glen,
And thou shalt find no flowering denizen
Equal our Kalmia, robed in rosiest white,
Whose beauty is a pang of pure delight,
Touching, through loveliness, the heart of men.

Unfading Laurel! symbol of our hopes,
Immortal Dryad of the greenwood gloom,
Long mayst thou haunt these Appalachian slopes
And be our sovereign State's resplendent Flower,—
Beauteous as Morning in thy roseate bloom,
Strong as our mountains in enduring power!

Columbia, Pennsylvania.

Well, gentlemen of the House, I had my little romance punctured. Last Wednesday night, I attended a moving picture theatre here in Harrisburg. I saw a film entitled "Tillie's Punctured Romance." I sincerely hope that the Governor of this Commonwealth will not have his romance punctured in the remaining days of the sessions of this House and I will ask the members of this House to sustain the Governor in his veto of the mountain laurel, as the State Flower.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill become a law the objections of the Governor to the contrary notwithstanding.?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—6.

Benninger,	Rothenberger,	Smith, Jeff. W.,	Trach,	
Finnerty,	Rudisill,			

NAYS—174.

Adams,	Garner,	Luxemburger,	Shaaber,
Albee,	Geary,	Lynch,	Shoop,
Alcorn,	Geiser,	Mangan,	Sinclair,
Baker,	Gingery,	Marvin,	Smith, J. W.,
Baldwin,	Gompers,	Mather,	Smith, L.,
Barnett,	Goodnough,	Maurer,	Snyder,
Bauerle,	Goodwin,	McArdle,	Sones,
Beck,	Goodyear,	McCaig,	Spangler,
Becker,	Gormley,	McClintock,	Spencer,
Bergy,	Graham,	McClure,	Statler,
Berntheizel,	Gransback,	McConnell,	Staving,
Beyer,	Greenwood,	McDermott,	Stein,
Blackburn,	Hagood,	McKay,	Stone,

Body,	Haggerty,	McNichol,	Sullivan,
Bovee,	Hamilton,	McVicar,	Swan,
Brosius,	Harper,	Mearkle,	Swartz,
Brumbaugh,	Heffernan,	Mellott,	Taylor,
Bungard,	Herman,	Milliron,	Thomas,
Campbell, J. O.,	Hess,	Murdoch,	Twibill,
Campbell, T.,	Heyburn,	Neville,	Urich,
Christman,	Hibshman,	Nieder,	Vickerman,
Coldsmith,	Hoffman,	Nissley,	Vogdes,
Conner,	Hollern,	Oaks,	Walsh,
Corbin,	Hollingsworth,	Ostrander,	Walter,
Cox,	Horton,	Palmer,	Walton,
Cromer,	Howarth,	Perry,	Watson,
Cummins,	Hubler,	Peters,	Weaver,
Curry,	Jack,	Phillips,	Weimer,
Davis,	Jones, E. E.,	Pickering,	West,
Dawson,	Jones, W. W.,	Powell,	Wettach,
Dell,	Kaiser,	Ramsey,	Whitaker,
Diefenderfer,	Kitts,	Reel,	Whitten,
Dodds,	Klinger,	Reynolds,	Wildman,
Drinkhouse,	Kuhn,	Rhoads,	Willard,
Dunn,	Lafferty,	Rich,	Williams,
Eby,	Landis,	Rininger,	Wilson, H. I.,
Ehrhardt,	Lanius,	Rinn,	Wilson, W. H.,
Eppley,	Lauer,	Robertson,	Wobensmith,
Erdman,	Lauler,	Roney,	Wood,
Evans,	Leighner,	Rowell,	Wylie,
Fackler,	Lindsey,	Sampsel,	Wynne,
Forster,	Lipschutz,	Sarig,	Young,
Fruit,	Love,	Schaeffer,	Ambler,
Gallagher,	Luppert,	Scott,	Speaker.
Gans,			

Less than the majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the negative and the Governor's veto is sustained.

Also the following:

VETO OF HOUSE BILL NO. 213.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, March 26, 1915.

To the Honorable the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:— I return herewith without my approval House Bill No. 213 entitled "An Act validating certain ordinances of cities and boroughs and the contracts or payments made in pursuance thereof."

This bill contemplates the validating of certain ordinances and contracts that were not heretofore recorded in the manner required by law. In other words it proposes by legislative enactment to correct the mistakes of omission by certain officials. It seems to me that the proper recourse in all such cases lies with the city and borough authorities employing such officials. The courts are the capable instruments of correcting rather than the General Assembly

For these reasons the bill is not approved.

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

On the question,

Shall the bill become a law, the veto of the Governor to the contrary, notwithstanding?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—0.

NAYS—190.

Adams,	Gallagher,	Luxemburger,	Shaffer,
Albee,	Gans,	Lynch,	Shoop,
Alcorn,	Garner,	Mangan,	Showalter,
Arnold,	Geary,	Marvin,	Sinclair,
Baker,	Geiser,	Mather,	Smith, J. W.,
Baldwin,	Gingery,	Maurer,	Smith, Jeff. W.,
Barnett,	Glenn,	McArdle,	Snyder,
Bauerle,	Gompers,	McCaig,	Sones,
Beck,	Goodnough,	McClintock,	Spangler,
Becker,	Goodwin,	McClure,	Spencer,
Benninger,	Goodyear,	McConnell,	Statler,
Bergy,	Gormley,	McDermott,	Staving,
Berntheizel,	Graham,	McKay,	Stein,
Beyer,	Gransback,	McNichol,	Stern,
Blackburn,	Greenwood,	McVicar,	Stone,
Body,	Habgood,	Mearkle,	Sullivan,
Bovee,	Hackett,	Mellott,	Swan,
Brosius,	Haggerty,	Milliron,	Swartz,
Brumbaugh,	Hamilton,	Murdoch,	Taylor,
Bungard,	Harper,	Neville,	Thomas,
Campbell, J. O.,	Heffernan,	Nieder,	Trach,
Campbell, T.,	Herman,	Nissley,	Twibill,
Christman,	Hess,	Oaks,	Urich,
Coldsmith,	Heyburn,	Ostrander,	Vickerman,
Conner,	Hibshman,	Palmer,	Vogdes,
Corbin,	Hoffman,	Perry,	Walsh,
Cox,	Hollingsworth,	Peters,	Walter,
Cromer,	Horton,	Phillips,	Walton,
Cummins,	Howarth,	Pickering,	Watson,
Curry,	Hubler,	Powell,	Weaver,
Davis,	Jack,	Ramsey,	Weimer,
Dawson,	Jones, E. E.,	Reel,	Weir,
Dell,	Jones, W. W.,	Reynolds,	West,
Diefenderfer,	Kaiser,	Rhoads,	Wettach,
Dodds,	Kitts,	Rich,	Whitaker,
Drinkhouse,	Klinger,	Rininger,	Whitten,
Dunn,	Kuhn,	Rinn,	Wildman,
Eby,	Kunkle,	Robertson,	Willard,
Ehrhardt,	Lafferty,	Roney,	Williams,
Eppley,	Landis,	Rothenberger,	Wilson, H. I.,
Erdman,	Lanius,	Rowell,	Wilson, W. H.,
Evans,	Lauer,	Rudisill,	Wobensmith,
Fackler,	Lauler,	Sampsel,	Wood,
Finnerty,	Leighner,	Sarig,	Wylie,
Flynn,	Lindsey,	Schaeffer,	Wynne,
Forster,	Lipschutz,	Scott,	Young,
Fretz,	Love,	Shaaber,	Ambler,
Fruit,	Luppert,		Speaker.

Less than the majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the negative, and the veto of the Governor was sustained.

Also the following:

APPROVAL OF HOUSE BILL NO. 280.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, March 26, 1915.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed House Bill No. 280 entitled "An Act prescribing certain duties for collectors of taxes in boroughs and townships and for county treasurers."

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

Also the following:

APPROVAL OF HOUSE BILL NO. 364.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, March 26, 1915.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed House Bill No. 364, entitled "An Act to assent to the provisions of an act of Congress approved May eighth one thousand nine hundred and fourteen entitled 'An Act to provide for Co-operative Agricultural Extension work between the agricultural colleges in the several states receiving the benefits of an act of Congress approved July second eighteen hundred and sixty-two and of acts supplementary thereto and the United States Department of Agriculture.'"

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

QUESTION OF PERSONAL PRIVILEGE.

Mr. THOMAS. Mr. Speaker, I desire to rise to a point of personal privilege.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman will state his point of personal privilege.

Mr. THOMAS. Mr. Speaker, I notice on today's calendar, page one, House Bill No. 1016, File Folio 3699, tnat my name appears as sponsor of this bill. I wish to have that corrected, as the bill was presented by Mr. Neville.

The SPEAKER. The Chair will state that this is an error of the printer. The name of the sponsor of the bill is Mr. Neville of Montgomery.

RECONSIDERATION OF VOTE.

Mr. WILLIAMS. Mr. Speaker, I move that the vote by which House Bill No. 731, File Folio 3193, entitled:

An Act providing for the appropriation of certain moneys to the organizations constituting and having in charge the distribution of various police pension funds throughout the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and defining the duties of certain officers in relation thereto

was defeated on Wednesday March 24th be reconsidered.

Mr. H. I. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the motion?

Mr. WILLIAMS. Mr. Speaker, this motion is made for the purpose of having the bill amended to overcome the objections that were made by me in the consideration of it on Wednesday last.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the motion?

It was agreed to.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. COX. Mr. Speaker, I move that House Bill No. 731, File Folio 3193 be recommitted to the Committee on Judiciary General for the purpose of amendment.

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.
On the question,
Will the House agree to the motion?
It was agreed to.

BILL ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 802, entitled,

An Act regulating the compensation commission and brokerage of persons securing or placing loans for buildings and loan associations providing for the recovery of excessive compensation commission or brokerage and providing penalties

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. TWIBILL. Mr. Speaker, I move that House Bill No. 802, File Folio 3353, be recommitted to the Committee on Banks.
Mr. GANS. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.
On the question,
Will the House agree to the motion?
It was agreed to.

BILL ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 1016, as follows:

An Act amending an act entitled "An Act to prohibit the killing of foxes by certain methods in Delaware county and fixing a penalty for violation of the act" approved May first one thousand nine hundred and thirteen

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section one of an act entitled "An Act to prohibit the killing of foxes by certain methods in Delaware county and fixing a penalty for violation of the act" approved May first one thousand nine hundred and thirteen which reads as follows

"Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That it shall be unlawful for any person to shoot trap or snare or poison any foxes within the limits of Delaware county" is amended to read as follows

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That it shall be unlawful for any person to shoot or trap or snare or poison any foxes within the limits of Delaware Chester or Montgomery counties

On the question,
Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. WHITAKER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to interrogate the gentleman from Montgomery, Mr. Neville.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Montgomery permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. NEVILLE. Yes, sir, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. WHITAKER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to ask the sponsor of this bill whether or not he has complied with the provisions of the Constitution and presented to this House the proof of publication which is required in the case of special legislation.

Mr. NEVILLE. Mr. Speaker, in answer to the gentleman's question, I will say that I did not, because I did not know about it until after the bill had been introduced.

POINT OF ORDER.

Mr. WHITAKER. Mr. Speaker as this is plainly special legislation applying only to two counties of the Commonwealth and it being impossible that it, under any circumstance, can apply to the entire Commonwealth I desire to rise to a point of order.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman will state his point of order.

Mr. WHITAKER. Mr. Speaker, my point of order is that the bill is unconstitutional. It offends Article Three, section eight, of the Constitution which provides that "No local or special bill shall be passed unless notice of the intention to apply therefor shall have been published in the locality where the matter or the thing to be affected may be situated, which notice shall be at least thirty days prior to the introduction into the Generaly Assembly of such bill and in the manner to be provided by law; the evidence of such notice having been published shall be exhibited to the General Assembly before such act shall be passed." Therefore Mr. Speaker as it is impossible to correct this defect at this time I make the point or order that the bill is unconstitutional.

The SPEAKER. The Chair would ask the Clerks if they have any proof of publication. The Chair being informed by the Clerks that they have none, and this bill not having been advertised, the point of order is well taken and the bill falls.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 947 (Senate Bill No. 176), as follows:

An Act to provide for the better protection and preservation of deer and elk squirrels and certain birds classed as game birds within the Commonwealth providing a method through which certain lands in the Commonwealth may be closed to hunting for a term of years and prescribing penalties for violation of its several provisions

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from and after the passage of this act the Board of Game Commissioners of this Commonwealth shall have the power and authority to close for a term of years to the purpose of hunting elk and deer squirrels of all kinds and wild turkey and ruffed grouse and quail commonly called Virginia partridge and ring-necked pheasant and Hungarian quail or either of them as may appear necessary to the citizens of any county of this Commonwealth for the purpose of adding to the protection of such animals and birds or either of them and assist in their increase in the county wherein such citizens may reside

Section 2 That whenever at least two hundred citizens of any county in this Commonwealth shall through written petition certify to the Board of Game Commissioners that in their opinion an absolutely closed season is necessary to insure the better protection and consequent increase of elk and deer and squirrels of all kinds and wild turkeys and ruffed grouse and quail and ring-necked pheasant and Hungarian quail or either of them in a wild state in that county in which such citizens may reside and asking that such county be closed to hunting for a period the Board of Game Commissioners shall forward to said petitioners and others a blank form setting forth such questions as they may consider best suited to determine the quantity of game and game conditions in the county in question and the necessity for closing said county to hunting which said forms with replies to entitle such answers to consideration before said Board of Game Commissioners shall be returned to said Board on or before the return day as fixed upon said forms such petitioners shall also publish for at least three consecutive weeks at their own expense in at least two prominent newspapers in the county to be closed the statement that such petitions has been filed with its purpose and the return day for information as fixed by the Board of Game Commissioners and shall file with said board duly certified copies of such notices as published in each newspaper on or before said return day If the written answers as returned shall fail to satisfy said Board of Game Commissioners that such closed season is necessary or those opposing such action shall demand a hearing before said board then a hearing shall be had upon such date and at such place within the county to be affected as may be decided upon by the said Board of Game Commissioners the expense of such hearing to be paid by those demanding the same if after the receipt of the written answers or the public hearing or both the Board of Game Commissioners shall be satisfied such closed season is necessary to insure the better protection of elk and deer squirrels of all kinds and wild turkeys and ruffed grouse and quail and ring-necked pheasants and Hungarian quail found in a wild state and their consequent increase in said county they are herewith empowered and directed to declare a closed season not to exceed five years for elk and deer and wild turkeys and ruffed grouse and quail and ring-necked pheasants and Hungarian quail or either of them found in a wild state within said county

The Board of Game Commissioners to make such closed season effective and binding shall be required to publish annually their decision and action regarding this matter in at least three newspapers if there be that many in each county affected thereby and to have notices of such ruling declaring such county closed to hunting printed and annually distributed in reasonable numbers throughout the affected territory

Each and every person violating any of the provisions of such ruling made by the Board of Game Commissioners under the requirements of this act shall be liable to a penalty of three hundred dollars for each elk and two hundred dollars for each deer and twenty-five dollars for each squirrel or bird taken killed wounded or attempted to be taken killed or wounded upon said closed territory

Section 3 Each and every magistrate justice of the peace and alderman within this Commonwealth shall have the power of summary conviction in matters pertaining to violation of any of the provisions of this act All actions for violations of any of the provisions of this act except where the defendant is taken in the act of violating the law or in a pursuit immediately following such violation shall be commenced by affidavit made within two years after the date of such violation and any magistrate justice of the peace or alderman in this Commonwealth on complaint made before him by affidavit by one or more persons of a violation of any of the provisions of this act by any person is hereby authorized and required to issue his warrant under his hand and seal directed to any constable police officer game protector or any officer of the Commonwealth whose duty it is to protect the game and wild birds of the Commonwealth and cause such person to be brought before him such magistrate justice of the peace or alderman who shall hear the evidence and determine the guilt or innocence of the person accused and if such person be convicted of the offense charged he shall be sentenced to pay the full penalty prescribed by the section violated together with the costs of prosecution All penalties thus recovered in cases where the prosecutor is a salaried officer of the Commonwealth shall be immediately surrendered by the court receiving the same to the prosecutor who in turn as soon as may be shall forward or deliver such amount in full to the Secretary of the Board of Game Commissioners at Harrisburg Where any citizen of the Commonwealth other than salaried officer is the prosecutor one-half of any penalty thus collected shall be paid to such prosecutor by the court receiving the same and the remaining one-half shall be as soon as the case is fully determined before him forwarded by such magistrate justice of the peace or alderman to the secretary of the Board of Game Commissioners at Harrisburg together with a statement of the cause for which such money shall have been collected the cost of which statement is hereby fixed at fifty cents and made a part of the costs of prosecution and it shall be the duty of said secretary of the Board of Game Commissioners to at least once a month make return of moneys thus collected to the State Treasurer who shall keep the moneys thus collected as a fund separate and apart solely for the purpose of wild bird and game protection and for the purchase and propagation of game under the supervision of the Board of Game Commissioners of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and for payment of bounties under the provisions of law The several purposes to which the fund so received by the State Treasurer shall be applied to be clearly designated by an act of the Legislature either in the general appropriation act or by separate appropriation for the payment of bounties Any prosecutor or defendant being dissatisfied with the finding of the magistrate justice of the peace or alderman in a trial for violation of any provision of this act shall be entitled an appeal under the provisions of section fourteen of Article five of the Constitution and the laws of Pennsylvania relating thereto which said court on the conviction of the defendant of such offense and his failure to pay the penalty in full imposed by this act together with the costs of prosecution shall commit such defendant to the common jail of the county for one day for each dollar of penalty imposed Provided That any person caught in the act or charged with a violation of any provisions of this act may at his discretion either before or after the bringing of the suit sign an acknowledgment of the offense committed and pay to any duly authorized game protector or deputy game protector the penalty in full as fixed by the section violated together with costs if any to date and the receipt which he shall receive therefrom and which in all instances shall bear the imprint of the seal of the Board of Game Commissioners and the signature of its secretary shall be evidence of full satisfaction of the offense committed

Section 4 The act of the twenty-ninth of April one thousand nine hundred and thirteen Pamphlet Laws one hundred and twenty entitled "An Act to provide protection and preservation of elk and deer providing a method through which certain lands in the Commonwealth may be closed to hunting for a term of years and prescribing penalties for violation of its several provisions" is hereby repealed provided however that any counties which have already been closed for a term of years under the provisions of said act may remain closed under the provisions of this act for the term for which they have already been closed without taking any further action therefor and all other laws or parts of laws inconsistent with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—182.

Adams,	Fruit,	Mangan,	Smith, J. W.,
Albee,	Gallagher,	Marvin,	Smith, Jeff. W.
Alcorn,	Gans,	Mather,	Snyder,
Baker,	Garner,	Maurer,	ones,
Baldwin,	Geiser,	McCaig,	Spangler,
Barnett,	Gingery,	McClintock,	Spencer,
Bauerle,	Gompers,	McClure,	Statler,
Beck,	Goodnough,	McConnell,	Staving,
Becker,	Goodwin,	McDermott,	Stein,
Benninger,	Goodyear,	McKay,	Stern,
Bergy,	Gormley,	McNichol,	Stone,
Berntheizel,	Graham,	McVicar,	Swan,
Beyer,	Gransback,	Mearkle,	Swartz,
Blackburn,	Habgood,	Milliron,	Taylor,
Body,	Hackett,	Murdoch,	Thomas,
Bovee,	Haggerty,	Neville,	Trach,
Brosius,	Harper,	Nieder,	Twibill,
Brumbaugh,	Heffernan,	Nissley,	Urich,
Bungard,	Herman,	Oaks,	Vickerman,
Campbell, J. O.	Hess,	Ostrander,	Vogdes,
Campbell, T.,	Heyburn,	Palmer,	Walsh,
Christman,	Hibshman,	Perry,	Walter,
Coldsmith,	Hoffman,	Peters,	Walton,
Conner,	Hollingsworth,	Phillips,	Watson,
Corbin,	Horton,	Pickering,	Weaver,
Cox,	Howarth,	Powell,	Weimer,
Cromer,	Hubler,	Ramsey,	Weir,
Cummins,	Jack,	Reel,	West,
Curry,	Jones, E. E.,	Reynolds,	Wettach,
Davis,	Jones, W. W.,	Rhoads,	Whitaker,
Dawson,	Kaiser,	Rich,	Whitten,
Dell,	Kitts,	Rinn,	Wildman,
Diefenderfer,	Klinger,	Robertson,	Willard,
Dodds,	Kuhn,	Roney,	Williams,
Drinkhouse,	Kunkle,	Rothenberger,	Wilson, H. I.,
Dunn,	Lafferty,	Rowell,	Wilson, W. H.,
Eby,	Landis,	Rudisill,	Wobensmith,
Ehrhardt,	Lanius,	Sampsel,	Wood,
Eppley,	Lauer,	Sarig,	Woodward,
Erdman,	Lauler,	Schaeffer,	Wylie,
Evans,	Leighner,	Scott,	Wynne,
Fackler,	Lindsey,	Shaaber,	Young,
Finnerty,	Lipschutz,	Shoop,	Ambler,
Flynn,	Love,	Showalter,	Speaker.
Forster,	Luppert,	Sinclair,	
Fretz,	Luxemburger,		

NAYS—1.

Mellott,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed it with amendments in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

MR. WILLIAMS IN THE CHAIR.

Mr. FORSTER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to call up at this time, House Bill No. 756, File Folio 3485, on page eight of to-day's calendar, Bills on Third Reading Postponed.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House resumed the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 756, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the seventh day of May one thousand nine hundred seven entitled "An Act regulating and defining the powers and duties of the dental council and the State Board of Dental Examiners providing for appointment of examiners defining qualifications of applicants for examination condition of granting licenses regulating and limiting the practice of dentistry prohibiting practice or by employment of unlicensed persons and providing punishment therefor and disposition of fees and fines and fixing the appropriation to the dental council"

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and ageed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—181.

Adams,	Fretz,	Lipschutz,	Schaeffer,
Albee,	Fruit,	Love,	Scott,
Alcorn,	Gallagher,	Luppert,	Shaaber,
Baker,	Gans,	Luxemburger,	Shoop,
Baldwin,	Garner,	Mangan,	Sinclair,
Barnett,	Geiser,	Marvin,	Smith, J. W.,
Bauerle,	Gingery,	Mather,	Smith, Jeff. W.
Beck,	Glenn,	McArdle,	Sones,
Becker,	Gompers,	McCaig,	Spangler,
Benninger,	Goodnough,	McClintock,	Spencer,
Bergy,	Goodwin,	McClure,	Statler,
Berntheizel,	Goodyear,	McConnell,	Staving,
Beyer,	Gormley,	McDermott,	Stein,
Blackburn,	Graham,	McKay,	Stern,
Body,	Gransback,	McNichol,	Stone,
Bovee,	Greenwood,	McVicar,	Swan,
Brosius,	Habgood,	Mearkle,	Swartz,
Brumbaugh,	Hackett,	Mellott,	Taylor,

Bungard,	Haggerty,	Milliron,	Thomas,
Campbell, J. O	Hamilton,	Murdoch,	Trach,
Campbell, T.,	Harper,	Neville,	Twibill,
Christman,	Heffernan,	Nieder,	Urich,
Coldsmith,	Herman,	Nissley,	Vickerman,
Conner,	Hess,	Oaks,	Vogdes,
Corbin,	Heyburn,	Ostrander,	Walsh,
Cox,	Hibshman,	Palmer,	Walter,
Cromer,	Hoffman,	Perry,	Walton,
Cummins,	Hollingsworth,	Peters,	Watson,
Curry,	Howarth,	Phillips,	Weaver,
Davis,	Hubler,	Pickering,	Weimer,
Dawson,	Jack,	Powell,	Weir,
Dell,	Jones, E. E.,	Ramsey,	West,
Diefenderfer,	Jones, W. W.,	Reel,	Wettach,
Dodds,	Kaiser,	Reynolds,	Whitaker,
Drinkhouse,	Kitts,	Rhoads,	Whitten,
Dunn,	Klinger,	Rich,	Wildman,
Eby,	Kuhn,	Rininger,	Willard,
Ehrhardt,		Rinn,	Williams,
Eppley,	Lafferty,	Robertson,	Wilson, H. I.,
Erdman,	Landis,	Roney,	Wilson, W. H.,
Evans,	Lanius,	Rothenberger,	Wobensmith,
Fackler,	Lauer,	Rowell,	Wood,
Finnerty,	Lauler,	Rudisill,	Woodward,
Flynn,	Leighner,	Sampsel,	Wylie,
Forster,	Lindsey,	Sarig,	Wynne,
			Young,

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

SENATE MESSAGES.

HOUSE BILLS CONCURRED IN BY SENATE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced returned bills from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 21.

An Act to amend an act approved the nineteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act empowering incorporated towns of this Commonwealth without petition of the property owners to grade pave curb macadamize and otherwise improve public streets or parts thereof and assess a portion of the cost of the same on the owners of the property abutting thereon and providing for the collection of the same"

House Bill No. 166.

An Act making an appropriation for the payment of the deficiency which has arisen under the provisions of an Act approved the thirteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled "An Act to authorize county commisioners for the purpose of encouraging agriculture and the holding of county agricultral exhibitions to pay annually one thousand dollars to the incorporated agricultural association paying premiums on agricultural exhibits holding an annual exhibition in the county providing for the filing of sworn statement by the claimant or claimants with the county commisioners relative to said exhibition and providing for the repayment to the county by the State of the sum so paid"

House Bill No. 683.

An Act making an appropriation to the Trustees of the State Hospital for the Insane at Danville Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 121.

An Act making an appropriation to the State Hospital of Nantincoke Luzerne county Pennsylvania for the payment of indebtedness against said hospital buildings equipment and grounds

House Bill No. 658.

An Act transferring from certain funds to another certain moneys appropriated to the State Livestock Sanitary Board

With information that the Senate has passed the same without amendment.

RESOLUTION FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, presented the following extract from the Journal of the Senate, which was read as follows, viz:

In the Senate, March 29, 1915.

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION.

Resolved, (if the House of Representatives concur) That Senate Bill No. 4, entitled:

An Act reltating to persons habitually adicted to the use of alcohol or drugs and providing for the care and treatment of such persons at the expense of the county and State if indigent

be recalled from the Governor for the purpose of amendment.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for its concurrence.

On the question,

Will the House concur in the resolution?

It was concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

SENATE CONCURS IN RESOLUTION.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, informed that the Senate has concurred in resolution from the House of Representatives as follows, viz:

In the House of Representatives, March 25th, 1915.

Resolved, (if the Senate concur) That House Bill No. 120, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-eighth day of May one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled "An Act to provide for the protection of insane persons feeble-minded persons and epileptics and the appointment of a guardian for the said insane persons feeble-minded persons and epileptics unable to care for their own property authorizing the guardian to support the wife and children of the said insane persons feeble-minded persons and epileptics defining the powers of the guardian and authorizing the sale of real estate of the ward" by adding an additional section

be recalled from the Governor for the purpose of amendment.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1009, entitled:

An Act to regulate and establish the fees to be charged and collected by the recorder of deeds in counties having a population of over eight hundred thousand and less than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants as computed by the last preceding United States census

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—178.

Adams,	Gallagher,	Lipschutz,	Schaeffer,
Albee,	Gans,	Love,	Scott,
Alcorn,	Garner,	Luppert,	Shaaber,
Baldwin,	Geiser,	Luxemburger,	Shoon,
Barnett,	Gingery,	Mangan,	Sinclair,
Bauerle,	Glass,	Marvin,	Smith, J. W.,
Beck,	Glenn	Mather,	Smith, Jeff. W.,
Becker,	Gompers,	Maurer,	Sones,
Benninger,	Goodnough,	McArdle,	Spangler,
Bergy,	Goodwin,	McCaig,	Spencer,
Berntheizel,	Goodyear,	McClintock,	Statler,
Beyer,	Gormley,	McClure,	Staving,
Blackburn,	Graham,	McConnell,	Stein,
Body,	Gransback,	McDermott,	Stone,
Bovee,	Greenwood,	McKay,	Swan,
Brosius,	Habgood,	McNichol,	Swartz,
Brumbaugh,	Hackett,	McVicar,	Taylor,
Bungard,	Haggerty,	Mearkle,	Thomas,
Campbell, J. O.,	Hamilton,	Mellott,	Trach,
Campbell, T.,	Harper,	Milliron,	Twibill,
Christman,	Heffernan,	Neville,	Urich,
Conner,	Herman,	Nieder,	Vickerman,
Corbin,	Hess,	Nissley,	Vogdes,
Cox,	Heyburn,	Oaks,	Walsh,
Cromer,	Hibshman,	Ostrander,	Walter,
Cummins,	Hoffman,	Palmer,	Walton,
Curry,	Hollingsworth,	Perry,	Watson,
Davis,	Howarth,	Peters,	Weaver,
Dawson,	Hubler,	Phillips,	Weimer,
Dell,	Jack,	Pickering,	Weir,

Diefenderfer,	Jones, E. E.,	Powell,	West,
Dodds,	Jones, W. W.,	Ramsey,	Wettach,
Drinkhouse,	Kaiser,	Reel,	Whitaker,
Dunn,	Kitts,	Reynolds,	Whitten,
Eby,	Klinger,	Rhoads,	Wildman,
Ehrhardt,	Kuhn,	Rich,	Willard,
Eppley,	Kunkle,	Rininger,	Williams,
Erdman,	Lafferty,	Rinn,	Wilson, H. I.,
Evans,	Landis,	Robertson,	Wilson, W. H.,
Fackler,	Lanius,	Roney,	Wobensmith,
Finnerty,	Lauer,	Rowell,	Wood,
Flynn,	Lauler,	Rudisill,	Woodward,
Forster,	Leighner,	Sampsel,	Wylie,
Fretz,	Lindsey,	Sarig,	Wynne,
Fruit,			Young,

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 488, entitled:

A Supplement to an act entitled "An Act to encourage and authorize the formation of co-operative banking associations where the profits derived from the business after paying all legitimate expenses shall accrue to the depositors and borrowers of the association in proportion to their deposits or loans" approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-three and providing for the conversion of co-operative banking associations into banks of discount and deposit under certain regulation

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—178.

Adams,	Fretz,	Lipschutz,	Shaaber,
Albee,	Fruit,	Love,	Shoop,
Alcorn,	Gallagher,	Lynch,	Showalter,
Baker,	Gans,	Mangan,	Sinclair,
Baldwin,	Garner,	Marvin,	Smith, J. W.,
Barnett,	Geiser,	Mather,	Smith, Jeff. W.,
Bauerle,	Gingery,	McArdle,	Sones,
Beck,	Glenn,	McCaig,	Spangler,
Becker,	Gompers,	McClintock,	Spencer,
Benninger,	Goodnough,	McClure,	Statler,
Bergy,	Goodwin,	McConnell,	Staving,
Berntheizel,	Goodyear,	McDermott,	Stein,
Beyer,	Gormley,	McKay,	Stern,
Blackburn,	Graham,	McNichol,	Stone,
Body,	Gransback,	McVicar,	Swan,
Bovee,	Greenwood,	Mearkle,	Swartz,
Brosius,	Habgood,	Mellott,	Taylor,
Brownlee,	Hackett,	Milliron,	Thomas,
Brumbaugh,	Haggerty,	Murdoch,	Trach,
Bungard,	Hamilton,	Neville,	Twibill,
Campbell, J. O.,	Harper,	Nieder,	Urich,
Campbell, T.,	Heffernan,	Nissley,	Vickerman,
Christman,	Herman,	Oaks,	Vogdes,
Coldsmith,	Hess,	Ostrander,	Walsh,
Conner,	Heyburn,	Palmer,	Walter,
Corbin,	Hibshman,	Perry,	Walton,
Cox,	Hoffman,	Peters,	Watson,
Cromer,	Hollingsworth,	Phillips,	Weaver,
Cummins,	Howarth,	Pickering,	Weimer,
Curry,	Hubler,	Powell,	Weir,
Davis,	Jack,	Ramsey,	West,
Dawson,	Jones, E. E.,	Reel,	Wettach,
Dell,	Jones, W. W.,	Reynolds,	Whitaker,
Diefenderfer,	Kaiser,	Rhoads,	Whitten,
Dodds,	Kitts,	Rich,	Wildman,
Drinkhouse,	Klinger,	Rininger,	Willard,
Dunn,	Kuhn,	Rinn,	Williams,
Eby,	Kunkle,	Robertson,	Wilson, H. I.,
Ehrhardt,	Lafferty,	Roney,	Wilson, W. H.,
Eppley,	Landis,	Rothenberger,	Wobensmith,
Erdman,	Lanius,	Rowell,	Wood,
Evans,	Lauer,	Rudisill,	Woodward,
Fackler,	Lauler,	Sampsel,	Wylie,
Finnerty,	Leighner,	Schaeffer,	Wynne,
Flynn,	Lindsey,	Scott,	Young,
Forster,			

NAYS—1.

Luppert,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 997 (Senate Bill No. 401), entitled:

An Act authorizing George F. Pawling a resident of the City of Philadelphia successor to Bergdoll and Pawling to bring suit in court of common pleas of Dauphin county against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—184.

Adams,	Fruit,	Love,	Shaaber,
Albee,	Gallagher,	Luppert,	Shoop,
Alcorn,	Gans,	Luxemburger,	Sinclair,
Baker,	Garner,	Mangan,	Smith, J. W.,
Baldwin,	Geary,	Marvin,	Smith, Jeff. W.,
Barnett,	Geiser,	Mather,	Snyder,
Bauerle,	Gingery,	Maurer,	Sones,
Beck,	Glenn,	McCaig,	Spangler,
Becker,	Gompers,	McClintock,	Spencer,
Benninger,	Goodnough,	McClure,	Statler,
Bergy,	Goodwin,	McConnell,	Staving,
Berntheizel,	Goodyear,	McDermott,	Steedle,
Beyer,	Gormley,	McKay,	Stein,
Blackburn,	Graham,	McNichol,	Stern,
Body,	Gransback,	McVicar,	Stone,
Bovee,	Greenwood,	Mearkle,	Swan,
Brosius,	Habgood,	Mellott,	Swartz,
Brumbaugh,	Hackett,	Milliron,	Taylor,
Bungard,	Haggerty,	Murdoch,	Thomas,
Campbell, J. O.,	Hamilton,	Neville,	Trach,
Campbell, T.,	Harper,	Nieder,	Twibill,
Christman,	Heffernan,	Nissley,	Urich,
Coldsmith,	Herman,	Oaks,	Vickerman,
Conner,	Hess,	Ostrander,	Vogdes,
Corbin,	Heyburn,	Palmer,	Walsh,
Cox,	Hibshman,	Perry,	Walter,
Cromer,	Hoffman,	Peters,	Walton,
Cummins,	Hollingsworth,	Phillips,	Watson,
Curry,	Howarth,	Pickering,	Weaver,
Davis,	Hubler,	Powell,	Weimer,
Dawson,	Jack,	Ramsey,	Weir,
Dell,	Jones, E. E.,	Reel,	West,
Diefenderfer,	Jones, W. W.,	Reynolds,	Wettach,
Dodds,	Kaiser,	Rhoads,	Whitaker,
Drinkhouse,	Kitts,	Rich,	Whitten,
Dunn,	Klinger,	Rininger,	Wildman,
Eby,	Kuhn,	Rinn,	Willard,
Ehrhardt,	Kunkle,	Robertson,	Williams,
Eppley,	Lafferty,	Roney,	Wilson, H. I.,
Erdman,	Landis,	Rothenberger,	Wilson, W. H.,
Evans,	Lanius,	Rowell,	Wobensmith,
Fackler,	Lauer,	Rudisill,	Wood,
Finnerty,	Lauler,	Sampsel,	Woodward,
Flynn,	Leighner,	Sarig,	Wylie,
Forster,	Lindsey,	Schaeffer,	Wynne,
Fretz,	Lipschutz,	Scott,	Young,

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 886, entitled:

An Act amending an act entitled "An Act applicable to all counties of this Commonwealth to provide monthly payments as approved by the trustees to indigent widowed or abandoned mothers for partial support of their children in their own homes The manner of the appointment of the trustees the administration of the trust amount of appropriations proportioning appropriations co-ordinate appropriations amounts to be paid form of records eligibility penalties and reports as set forth" approved April twenty-ninth nineteen hundred thirteen by limiting the provisions of said act to women whose husbands are dead or permanently insane and who have children under sixteen years of age and providing for uniformity of administration by the appointment of the State supervisor over the boards of trustees of different counties and otherwise amending the provisions of said act

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. VICKERMAN. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to offer amendments at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk for information.

The Clerk then read the amendments as follows:

Amend title, line 3, by striking out the word "Trustees" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "trustees"

Amend title, line 6, by striking out the word "Trustees" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "trustees"

Amend section 1, line 4, by striking out the words "this act of" and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "An Act entitled 'An Act applicable to all counties of this Commonwealth, to provide monthly payments, as approved by the trustees, to indigent, widowed, or abandoned mothers, for partial support of their children in their own homes The manner of appointment of the trustees; the administration of the trust; amount of appropriations, proportioning appropriations, co-ordinate appropriations; amounts to be paid, form of records, eligibility, penalties, and reports, as set forth' approved"

Amend section 1, line 14, by striking out the word "Trustees" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "trustees"

Amend section 1, line 16, by striking out the word "Trustees" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "trustees"

Amend section 1, line 18, by striking out the word "home" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "homes"

Amend section 1, line 22, by striking out the word "Trustees" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "trustees"

Amend section 1, line 36, by inserting after the word "desiring" the words "to avail"

Amend section 2, line 7, by striking out the word "Trustees" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "trustees"

Amend section 2, line 9, by inserting before the word "stenographer" the letter "a"

Amend section 2, line 9, by striking out the word "furnishing" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "furnishings."

Amend section 2, line 10, by striking out the word "expenses," and inserting in lieu thereof the word "expense."

Amend section 2, line 16, by striking out the word "exceptions" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "exception."

Amend section 2, line 17, by striking out the word "Trustees" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "trustees."

Amend section 2, line 29, by striking out the word "Trustees" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "trustees."

Amend section 2, line 32, by striking out the word "shall" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "may."

Amend section 2, line 32, by striking out the word "provided" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "Provided."

Amend section 2, line 33, by striking out the word "trustees" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "trustees."

Amend section 2, line 35, by striking out the word "to" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "of."

Amend section 2, Line 35, by striking out the word "counties" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "county."

Amend section 2, line 36, by striking out the word "of" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "under."

Amend section 2, line 85, by inserting after the word "class" a dash.

Amend section 2, line 93, by inserting after the word "class" a dash.

Amend section 2, line 97, by inserting after the word "class" a dash.

Amend section 3, line 9, by striking out the word "report" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "reports."

Amend section 3, line 9, by striking out the first word "the" and inserting in lieu thereof the letter "a."

Amend section 4, Line 4, by inserting before the word "section" a double quote.

Amend section 4, line 6, by inserting after the word "act" a dash.

Amend section 4, line 7, by inserting after the word "residence" a dash.

Amend section 4, line 10, by striking out the word "the."

Amend section 5, line 6, by inserting after the word "be" the letter "a."

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to the insertion of the amendments at this time? Is there any objection? The Chair hears none, and the amendments will be inserted in accordance with the instructions of the House.

The bill as amended was then ageed to on third reading.

Ordered, That the bill as amended lie over for printing.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 981 (Senate Bill No. 282), entitled:

An Act providing for and regualting the validation of certain borough ordinances.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. WALTER. Mr. Speaker, I beg to call the attention of the House to the fact that this bill is substantially the same in its provisions as House Bill No. 213, which was vetoed by the Governor. It is exactly the same bill. It seems to me that this House would probably waste its time in passing this bill. I, therefore, move it be placed on the postponed calendar.

Mr. SPANGLER. Mr. Speaker, I wish to say that this bill was in the Committee on Judiciary General and I was appointed to confer with Mr. Snyder concerning it. He said that this bill merely is a curative measure—a curative bill to remedy a particular case that happened in Blair County and that it has no reference whatever to the General Council Law. Further than that deponent saith not.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—87.

Adams,	Garner,	Lindsey,	Rininger,
Aidee,	Geary,	Luxemburger,	Rinn,
Alcorn,	Geiser,	Mangan,	Robertson,
Bauerle,	Gompers,	Marvin,	Roney,
Becker,	Goodnough,	McArdle,	Rowell,
Beyer,	Graham,	McClintock,	Sampsel,
Body,	Gransback,	McClure,	Shaaber,
Bovee,	Greenwood,	McConnell,	Smith, J. W.,
Brumbaugh,	Habgood,	McDermott,	Smith, Jeff. W.,
Christman,	Hackett,	McNichol,	Stern,
Conner,	Haggerty,	Milliron,	Stone,
Cox,	Hamilton,	Murdoch,	Sullivan,
Cummins,	Harper,	Myers,	Swan,
Curry,	Heffernan,	Nieder,	Swartz,
Diefenderfer,	Herman,	Nissley,	Weimer,
Eby,	Hibshman,	Oaks,	Weir,
Evans,	Hoffman,	Peters,	West,
Fackler,	Horton,	Phillips,	Wilson, H. I.,
Flynn,	Jones, E. E.,	Pickering,	Wobensmith,
Forster,	Jones, W. W.,	Powell,	Wood,
Fretz,	Lauer,	Ramsey,	Young,
Gallagher,	Lauler,	Reynolds,	

NAYS—55.

Barnett,	Gingery,	Luppert,	Snyder,
Benninger,	Glass,	Mather,	Sones,
Bergy,	Glenn,	Maurer,	Spencer,
Blackburn,	Goodyear,	Mearkle,	Statler,
Brosius,	Gormley,	Mellott,	Trach.
Coldsmith,	Hollingsworth,	Metzenbacher,	Twibill,
Corbin,	Hubler,	Ostrander,	Urich,
Cromer,	Jack,	Palmer,	Wagner,
Dell,	Kaiser,	Reel,	Walter,
Dodds,	Klinger,	Rothenberger,	Walton,
Drinkhouse,	Kuhn,	Rudisill,	Wettach,
Dunn,	Kunkle,	Sarig,	Wildman,
Eppley,	Lanius,	Scott,	Williams,
Erdman,	Love,	Shoop,	Wylie,

Less than the majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the negative and the bill falls.

QUESTION OF PERSONAL PRIVILEGE.

Mr. MILLIRON. Mr. Speaker.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman from Armstrong, Mr. Milliron.

Mr. MILLIRON. Mr. Speaker, I would like to call the attention of the Chair to the fact that owing to the confusion in the rear of the House we cannot hear.

The SPEAKER. The Sergeant-at-Arms and his assistants will discharge their duty and preserve order in the rear of the House.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 918, entitled:

An Act to provide for the study by the Department of Labor and Industry of the question of minimum wages for women and minors

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered an agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—115.

Adams,	Fackler,	Lanius,	Roney,
Alcorn,	Finnerty,	Leighner,	Rowell,
Baker,	Forster,	Lipschutz,	Rudisill,
Baldwin,	Fruit,	Love,	Sarig,
Bauerle,	Gallagher,	Luxemburger,	Schaeffer,
Beck,	Garner,	Mangan,	Shaaber,
Becker,	Geary,	Marvin,	Smith, J. W.,
Benninger,	Gingery,	Mather,	Sones,
Beyer,	Glenn,	Maurer,	Spangler,
Body,	Gompers,	McClintock,	Spencer,
Bovee,	Goodnough,	McClure,	Staving,
Brosius,	Goodwin,	McConnell,	Steedle,
Bungard,	Graham,	McDermott,	Stern,
Campbell, T.,	Gransback,	McKay,	Sullivan,

Christman,	Greenwood,	McNichol,	Swan,
Coldsmith,	Hackett,	Mearkle,	Swartz,
Conner,	Haggerty,	Metzenbacher,	Vogdes,
Corbin,	Hamilton,	Milliron,	Walsh,
Cox,	Harper,	Neville,	Walton,
Cromer,	Heffernan,	Nieder,	Watson,
Cummins,	Herman,	Nissley,	Whitaker,
Curry,	Heyburn,	Oaks,	Whitten,
Davis,	Hollingsworth,	Ostrander,	Wildman,
Dawson,	Horton,	Palmer,	Willard,
Diefenderfer,	Jack,	Phillips,	Williams,
Drinkhouse,	Jones, E. E.,	Powell,	Wobensmith,
Ehrhardt,	Jones, W. W.,	Ramsey,	Wynne,
Eppley,	Kitts,	Reel,	Young,
Erdman,	Kuhn,	Rhoads,	

NAYS—31.

Albee,	Howarth,	Sampsel,	Urich,
Bergy,	Lauler,	Shoop,	Vickerman,
Brumbaugh,	Lindsey,	Sinclair,	Weimer,
Dell,	Mellott,	Smith, Jeff. W.,	West,
Eby,	Perry,	[illegible]r,	Wilson, H. I.,
Flynn,	Pickering,	Stone,	Wood,
Geiser,	Rininger,	Trach,	Wylie,
Goodyear,	Robertson,	Twibill,	

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1023, entitled:

An Act to further amend the sixth section of an act approved April twenty-third Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and three entitled "An Act defining the powers of the several courts of quarter sessions of the peace within this Commonwealth with reference to the care treatment and control of dependent neglected incorrigible and delinquent children under the age of sixten years and providing for the means in which such powers may be exercised" by providing that the court may direct that the clothing of and necessary medical and surgical attendance upon and the care of such child and its maintenance generally shall be paid by the proper county and may fix the amount which shall be paid for such board and clothing

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. VICKERMAN. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to offer amendments to the bill at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The Clerk then read the amendments as follows:

Amend Title, Line 8, by striking out the word "powers" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "power."

Amend Section 1, Lines 11 and 12 by striking out the following: "by the act approved the first day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven and"

Amend Section 1, line 13 by striking out the first word "the" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "an."

Amend Section 1, Line 14 by inserting after the word "thirteen" the following: entitled "An Act to further amend the sixth section of an act, approved April twenty-third, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and three, entitled, 'An Act defining the powers of the several courts of quarter sessions of the peace, within this Commonwealth, with reference to the care, treatment, and control of dependent, neglected, incorrigible, and delinquent children, under the age of sixteen years, and providing for the means in which such powers may be exercised,' by extending the application of said section to dependent, neglected and incorrigible children; and providing for the payment of the board of such children," which

Amend section 1, line 20, by inserting after the word "its" a dash

Amend section 1, line 25, by inserting after the word "necessary" a dash

Amend section 1, line 40, by inserting after the word "hereby" the word "further"

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to insert the amendments as read? Is there any objection? The Chair hears none and the amendments are agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading as amended?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended lie over for printing.

SPECIAL ORDER ON FINAL PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL NO. 385.

The SPEAKER. The hour of 10 o'clock having arrived we will now take up and consider on final passage House Bill No. 385, File Folio 3271.

BILL ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 385, as follows:

An Act regulating the practice of drugless therapeutics in the State of Pennsylvania defining the same creating a Bureau of Licensure therefor and means and methods whereby the right to practice drugless therapeutics in any of its branches may be obtained and exemptions therefrom Providing penalties for violation thereof and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent therewith

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That on and after the passage and approval of this act it shall be unlawful for any person or persons within the State of Pennsylvania to hold himself or herself forth as a practitioner in drugless therapeutics or any branch thereof or to assume the title of doctor of drugless therapeutics or doctor of any specific disease or to diagnose diseases or treat diseases by drugless therapeutics or to hold himself or herself forth as able so to do or to sign any death or birth certificate except such persons as are hereinafter exempted from the provisions of this act until he or she shall have received a certificate from the Bureau of Drugless Therapeutics created by this act which certificate shall be recorded in the office of the Superintendent of Public Instruction at Harrisburg and in the prothonotary's office of the county wherein such person desires to practice

Section 2 That the provisions of this act may be fully enforced the Governor of the State of Pennsylvania is hereby authorized and directed to appoint a State Board of Drugless Therapeutic Examiners from such representatives of the various schools or systems hereinafter set forth who have been regularly engaged in practice for a period of five years prior to the passage and approval of this act said board shall consist of one representative from each of the following schools

Neuropathy Manual Therapy Chiropractic Spondylo Therapy Vacuum Therapy Naturopathy

Provided that no school or system shall at any time be represented by more than one member on said board

The members so appointed shall within fifteen days after the date of their appointment meet at Harrisburg Pennsylvania for organization and shall thereupon elect a president secretary and treasurer adopt a common seal make all necessary rules and regulations not inconsistent with the laws of this State or of the United States whereby to perform their duties and transact the business required under the provisions of this act and they shall thereafter hold annual meetings for organization purposes

Immediately after the first organization of said board the members thereof shall be divided into three classes the first class to consist of those to serve for two years the second class to consist of those to serve for three years and the third class to consist of those to serve for five years The selection of the members of the various classes shall be made by lot and at the expiration of the terms of the members first appointed the Governor shall from a list of all licensed drugless practitioners of the State to be furnished him yearly by the secretary of the board appoint a successor to fill such vacancy said successor to be appointed for a term of three years and all future appointments caused by the expiration of any term or terms shall be for a like period of three years In case of any vacancy occurring on said board the Governor is hereby authorized to fill the same for the unexpired term

Section 3 After the passage and approval of this act any person over twenty-one years of age desiring to practice drugless therapeutics in this State or any branch thereof shall make application in writing at least ten days before the date fixed for examinations to the Bureau of Drugless Therapeutics in the form provided by the bureau Said application shall be accompanied by a fee of twenty-five dollars together with a photograph of the applicant a certificate of preliminary education equivalent to four years of high school attendance and a diploma from a reputable school or college of drugless therapeutics maintaining at and prior to the time of the granting of said diploma a resident course of study of a standard approved by said bureau

All examinations shall be written in the English language and in addition to such other subjects as may be required by the bureau for each drugless system shall include anatomy, physiology histology chemistry pathology bacteriology hygiene prophylaxis dietetics obstetrics gynecology symtomatology jurisprudence toxicology and diagnosis and theory and practice of drugless therapeutics as taught by the school or schools of which the applicant is a graduate

Upon the successful passing of said examinations by any applicant "Who has received a degree from a reputable school or college teaching a course of not less than three years of seven months in each year" and approved by a majority of the members of the bureau the bureau shall issue a license entitling him or her to practice the particular system or systems of drugless therapeutics in which he or she has qualified said certificate to be signed by the president and secretary of the bureau attested by the seal thereof The bureau shall have the power to raise its standards as to education requirements or length of courses from time to time as the courses of the various schools may

warrant but no higher standard shall be required of any applicant than those existing at the time of his or her matriculation into the school from which the diploma was obtained

Any person who has been engaged in the practice of any system or systems of drugless therapeutics in this State for a period of one year prior to the approval of this act and who shall within sixty days from approval apply to the bureau on the form provided by the bureau for a license to continue the practice of such system or systems in this State together with a diploma or diplomas issued to him or her from a legally chartered school or schools of drugless therapeutics approved by the bureau and shall satisfy the bureau as to his or her moral character and professional standing shall on the payment of a fee of twenty-five dollars receive from the said bureau a license to practice in this State the system or systems of drugless therapeutics in which he or she has thus qualified

All licenses issued under the provisions of this act shall plainly state the particular system or systems of drugless therapeutics in which the practitioner is licensed

The bureau may refuse to grant a license to any person guilty of a crime involving moral turpitude or any person addicted to the liquor or drug habit to such a degree as to render him or her in the opinion of a majority of the bureau unfit to practice and may after notice and hearing revoke for any such cause any license heretofore granted and any person after such refusal or revocation of license who shall attempt or continue the practice of drugless therapeutics shall be subject to the penalties hereinafter prescribed

Drugless practitioners duly licensed as herein provided shall have in the practice or conduct of their professions all the rights powers and privileges of any or all persons practicing physicians or doctors of any school class or division in the treatment of any and all diseases ailments or disabilities of the human body whatsoever or the health of the individual or of the public and shall observe and be subject to all State and municipal regulations relating to the control of contagious diseases and deaths provided that only those who have been licensed by the said board of examiners under a standard of at least a three-year course of not less than seven months each year and under an educational standard including obstetrics shall have the right to report and certify to births Such reports shall be accepted by the proper officers or departments Nothing in this act shall give drugless practitioners the right to practice minor or major surgery

Section 4 The examinations of the bureau shall be held in the city of Harrisburg Pennsylvania on the second Monday of June of each year and the second Monday of December of each year

Section 5 For the purpose of defining drugless therapy as included in this act it is hereby declared to be any treatment having the spine for a base including (a) neuropathy (b) manual therapy or its minor branches (c) chiropractic (d) napravit (e) spondylo-therapy (f) chiropractic spondylo-therapy (g) vacuum therapy (h) naturopathy (i) Any other treatment having the spine for a base except as hereinafter provided

Any treatment having water air heat light sun earth for a base including (a) hydro-therapy (b) Kneipp system (c) Priessnitz system (d) Just system (e) helio-therapy (f) thermotherapy

Any treatment having electricity for a base including (a) electro-therapy (b) electric robe baths (c) electro massage (d) electric light baths

Any treatment having food or herbs for a base including (a) all prepared foods (b) selected foods (c) teas (d) herb treatments (e) thorpho-therapy (f) food chemistry (g) phytotherapy

Any treatment having any manual physical mechanical exercises apparatus appliances adjustments or treatments for a base including (a) mechano-therapy (b) Swedish movements (c) massage (d) scientific massage (e) vibro-massage (f) medical gymnastics (g) physical culture (h) neurology (i) oxypathy or oxydonor (j) magnetic healing

Any treatment having the mind for a base including (a) suggestive therapeutics (b) metaphysics (c) vita-therapy

Any system method science or art of treatment which is in existence or may come into existence and not already specified under the above-named divisions of drugless therapy

Provided Nothing within this act shall be construed to affect practitioners of medicine or surgery osteopathy or Christian Science or massage as applied by barbers or Turkish or Russian bath houses

Section 6 All fees and penalties collected as provided by this act shall be paid to the treasurer of the bureau to be held by him as a fund to pay the necessary expenses of the members and officers of said bureau in the discharge of their duties and to enforce this law upon a warrant of the president and secretary No expenses shall be created to exceed the income of fees and penalties collected as herein provided The salaries shall be fixed by the bureau but shall not exceed fifteen dollars per day of actual services per member and railroad and hotel expenses

Section 7 Any person hereafter commencing or continuing the practice of drugless therapeutics in any of its branches in this State without first having obtained and filed the license herein provided for or contrary to the provisions of this act shall be deemed guilty of misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be punished for the first offense by a fine of not less than one hundred dollars or by imprisonment in the county jail for a period of not less than thirty days or by both fine and imprisonment and for each subsequent offense the punishment shall be double that of the preceding one and it shall be the duty of the respective district attorneys of the counties of this State to prosecute violations of the provisions of this act

All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. SPANGLER. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, it was my original intention to object to the amendments to this bill at the time they were offered by the distinguished gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Wilson, for the reason that I believe that these amendments were like sowing seed on rocky ground where they would not take root because there was no deepness of ground and there certainly is no deepness of ground for these amendments to be sown with respect to this bill. Mr. Speaker I can see no reason why the Medical Bureau should be deprived of the examination of students who apply themselves to the minor branches of medicine. It is distinctly a feature of the Medical Bureau, it is distinctly incident to the Medical Bureau that it should have charge of all matters that appertain to the health of the State of Pennsylvania, further than that the Medical Bureau has provided in the Act of 1911 and in the act of 1913 graded examination for the minor practitioners of medicine that this bill does not provide for. Allow me to read from the act of 1913 on page 1228 "and further it shall be the duty of said Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure at its discretion, to examine any person pretending to a knowledge of a minor branch or branches of medicine and surgery et cetera for the purpose of conducting such examinations, the said Bureau shall have the privilege of calling to its aid men or women of established reputation and known ability in the particular pursuit ..... and who shall be compensated for their services et cetera upon the requisite degree of knowledge and the moral character of the applicant being established, as above provided for and on the payment of a fee of twenty-five dollars the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure of the Department of Public Instruction shall forthwith issue a State certificate to the applicant limited to the practice of his or her pursuit."

In other words when the State Board of Medical Licensure issues a license it does not issue a general license but it issues a license to the practitioner to practuce medicine in the line for which he has prepared himself and for no other.

Mr. Speaker, under the provisions of this bill the "Governor of the State of Pennsylvania is authorized and directed to appoint a State Board of drugless therapeutic examiners from such representatives of the various schools or systems hereinafter set forth who have been regularly engaged in the practice for a periiod of five years prior to the passage and approval of this act." Now, Mr. Speaker in view of the fact that there are practically no reputable schools of drugless therapeutics where have these men whom the Governor is to appoint as a Board of State Examiners gotten their education to qualify on the Board? We find that under the act of 1913 the Board of Medical Education and Licensure is appointed by the Governor two of whom are members of the Governor's cabinet and the other five are reputable physicians of ten years' experience. Which will you choose? Will you choose a reputable board to examine these men, or will you choose a board of men who are totally without fitness or without competence to pass upon the fitness of students to enter into the various branches of medicine? Mr. Speaker, under the provisions of this act it is provided that a certificate of preliminary education equivalent to four years of high school attendance and a diploma from a reputable school or college of drugless therapeutics is necesary, and then it goes on to enumerate the studies that this board is to examine the various students in, but it puts in this proviso "and diagnosis and theory and practice of drugless therapeutics as taught by the school or schools of which the applicant is a graduate." And further it says "that the Bureau shall have power to raise its standards as to educational requirements or length of courses from time to time as the courses of the various schools may warrant but no higher standard shall be required of any applicant than those

existing at the time of his or her matriculation into the school from which the diploma was obtained." Now let me say in that connection, that that examination provides for no distinctions whatever between any branches of minor surgery or minor medicine. In other words a man who takes a course in medicine has just as much right to practice as a druggist therapeutic as a man who takes a course in some of the most complicated divisions of medicine. There is no distinction whatever made. Now, Mr. Speaker we come to a section of this bill which provides that any man who is permitted to practice drugless therapeutics no matter whether he is admitted as a masseuer or whether he is admitted from some of the most insignificant branches of medicine he is admitted to practice practically all the branches of medicine. I read as follows "Drugless practitioners duly licensed as herein provided shall have in the practice or conduct of their professions all the rights, powers and privileges of any or all of the persons practicing physicians or doctors of any school class or division in the treatment of any and all diseases, ailments or disabilities of the human body whatsoever or the health of the individual or of the public and shall observe and be subject to all state and municipal regulations relating to the control of contagious diseases and deaths." In other words, gentlemen, if we pass this bill we practically qualify and place on the same footing as physicians and doctors in this state men who have no fitness, men who have had no medical education, men who are totally without the training or the knowledge to practice medicine. We place these men in charge of the lives, in charge of the health of the community. We say that these men who have never studied in a school or college of any standard shall be permitted to practice medicine, shall be permitted to set by the bedside of your brother, of your wife or of your mother without the requisite knowledge and without requisite fitness.

Now in connection with this matter I have here a letter that has been written to me by Doctor Baldy and for the information of the House I shall read this letter.

"Dear Sir: Wilson Bill No. 385 has been amended. One amendment calls for the insertion of the following in section three 'who has received a degree from a reputable school or college teaching a course of not less than three years of seven months in each year.' In this connection I desire to say that this bureau through its inspectors inspected every college of drugless therapy as far west as Oklahoma. There is but a single school in all this district which has more than a single year qualifications. The only exception is the American College of Neuropathy located in Philadelphia.

The men who own and conduct this school are W. Wallace Fritz, Francis M. Jahn, and others.

These men are the men urging the passage of this act and are the ones who had it introduced into the House.

"A year ago while the Bureau of Medical Education was formulating the regulations for drugless therapists which are now operable in this state, Francis M. Jahn came to me in behalf of himself and W. Wallace Fritz and proposed that I have the Bureau of Medical Education refuse recognition to all drugless schools excepting the American College of Neuropathy, and that we should officially recognize this school as the only school at which drugless therapists could be educated."

This bill if passed will have exactly this effect and will take away from the people in the State of Pennsylvania all the advantages accorded them by the Board of Medical Education.

"The American College of Neuropathy has been inspected twice by agents of this Bureau and have each time been pronounced utterly incompetent in their equipment and organization to give even a reasonable proper education for its work. There is not in the institution a single laboratory of any kind. Although anatomy is the very essence and life of all instruction for drugless methods of teaching, the secretary of the Anatomical Board of the State of Pennsylvania officially informs me that this institution was furnished the following anatomical material:

"In 1910 with 40 students 2 cadavers." That is with dead bodies.

"In 1911 with 12 students no cadavers."

"In 1912 with 21 students no cadavers."

"In 1913 with increased classes 3 cadavers."

"In 1914 1 cadaver."

In one year their printed official announcement published the following names as in their graduating class.

W. Samuel Evans, Herman G. Bulster, Herbert Harr Dietz, Daniel Edward Foehl, Daniel E. Vail, Joshua Lake, Julia I. Hildebrand, George Forman Applegate, William Steele Moat.

In the same publication amongst the list of the faculty these same names appear as follows:

W. Samuel Evans, Professor of Pathology.

Herman G. Bulster, Professor of Lymphology.

Herbert Harr Dietz, Professor of Bacteriology.

Daniel E. Vail, Associate Prof. of Obstetrics and Gynecology.

Paul E. Foehl, Prof. of Medical Jurisprudence and Toxicology.

Joshua Lake, Clinical Prof. of Surgery.

Julia I. Hildebrand, Prof. of Splanchnology.

George Forman Applegate, Prof. of Physic-Theraphy and Orthopedics.

William Steele Moat, Clinical Prof. of Rectal Diseases.

In other words here is the only college in the country that pretends to have college courses for graduates and graduated classes of about ten men and the same year those ten men become professors of the most profound branches of the science of medicine.

"You will therefore see that his school took nine of its graduating class and made them professors of some of the most profound sciences known to medicine.

It is only right that the Members of the House should understand the type of bill they are voting for and what its passage means.

No greater scandal could possibly come into the circle of decent medical education than the passage of this act."

Now Mr. Speaker, it is needless for me to read from the act of 1911 the requirements of medical men, of men who desire to practice medicine in the State of Pennsylvania. You all know that their examination is very severe and rightly so. They are compelled to take a course of four years with the hours of the day and the number of weeks in each year specified; so that no man can be sent out into the community as a practicing physician unless he has the requisite knowledge. If we pass this bill we make doctors of incompetents; we make doctors of men that have no more license to practice medicine than I have; and are you, members of the House, willing to stultify this State, are you willing to say that men who have no education, that men who are incompetent, that men who could not diagnose the simplest case, shall receive a royal passage into one of the most profound and one o the most respected professions of our State? Are you willing to deliver the people of this State over to men of that type? If you are, vote for this bill. If you believe in the protection of the public of this State, if you believe in the integrity of the medical profession, vote this bill down and do a service to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Mr. SARIG, Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, I had no intention of taking any part in this debate but I as a chronic rheumatic, have been laid on the shelf and have been unable to walk for a great part of my time during the last six years and I certainly cannot sit here idle and listen to the denunciation of these drugless men who have done so much for me and have done a lot for other invalids of my class.

This appears to be a fight between the medical men and the drugless men; but there is a third party that is vitally interested in this bill and that third party is the thousands of patients all over this great Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, who yearly patronize the medical men and the drugless men. I am not here to say one word against the medical men. I have received a lot of benefit from them in spite of all my disappointments and in spite of all my failures to regain my health. I have not one unkind word to say against the medical men. For every assistance they have given me I am thankful. I am not here as a pessimist. I am here as an optimist, still continuing the struggle to regain my health; and I wish it to be thoroughly

understood that I am not here fighting the medical men or saying a word against them because we know and believe they are doing a great work in this Commonwealth; but that does not mean to say that the medical men alone shall have the power of healing and helping the sick and crippled and invalids. We all know that in this country we are consuming about three times the amount of drugs per capita that any great civilized European nation consumes.

Sometimes the Europeans call us the drug fiends over here in America; and during my experience within the last five years, I have been in contact with many men of high standing in the medical profession and practically each and every one of them tells me that we are getting away from the drug habit, that within the next fifty years a large percentage, perhaps seventy-five or eighty percent. of the amount of drugs now used will be done away with. Now the medical profession in America to-day is trying to get away more and more from the use of drugs and is trying to get back to the laws of nature; in other words, the tendency of the times is towards the perfection of drugless practice.

Now I have studied this drugless system and I have studied the medical system and I am convinced that there is a great deal of virtue in this drugless system or practice. No other class with which I have come in contact,—and I have spent about eight hundred dollars trying to regain my health—no other class of practitioners lay so much stress upon the laws of nature as do these drugless men. No where have I received better instruction as to proper modes and proper methods of living which, after all, is the main thing in the cure of disease. I do not say that in acute disease medical practice is not preferable. I very much think, perhaps, it is preferable in acute diseases; but I know that in chronic diseases and diseases of long standing, where a seige has to be laid to the disease, this drugless therapeutics hardly has any superior; at least, that is my experience; and I want you to think not only of the medical men when you decide this question, and I don't think you should think only of the drugless men, but of the thousands of sick and invalids all over this Commonwealth who are appealing to you and who are imploring you not to throw away or to destroy this system of drugless practice by placing them under the thumb or in the hands of the medical men. I believe in fair play but I don't believe in monopoly and while granting to the medical men the power and right to practice medicine I want the same right and the same privileges for the drugless men.

Mr. SPANGLER. Mr. Speaker I desire to interrogate the gentlemen who has just taken his seat.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Berks, Mr. Sarig, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. SARIG. Mr. Speaker, Yes sir.

Mr. SPANGLER. Mr. Speaker I desire to ask the gentleman whether he has read the section on page 1228 of the act of 1913, the act relating to limited practitioners.

Mr. SARIG. Mr. Speaker, I have not sir.

Mr. SPANGLER. Well, Mr. Speaker, I have just finished reading that which provides for the admission and practice by the Medical Bureau of limited practitioners. Under that section the limited practitioners have every power, have every right to practice their particular branch. They are examined in their particular branch. Their examinations are regulated in accordance with the requirements for that particular branch and they are given limited certificates to practice that particular branch; but under that section they are not given the powers to practice as physicians which they would be given under the provisions of this bill and to those provisions I would like to call the gentleman's attention.

Mr. Speaker, I desire to further interrogate the gentleman from Berks.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Berks consent to further interrogation?

Mr. SARIG. Mr. Speaker, I will sir.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman from York will proceed but confine himself to the quetsion.

Mr. SPANGLER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to further interrogate the gentleman from Berks by asking whether he has read the paragraph beginning with line 59, page 5 of this bill.

Mr. SARIG. Mr. Speaker, I have read over it casually. I do not know whether at this moment I recall it thoroughly.

Mr. SPANGLER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to ask the gentleman whether he will kindly read that passage now and give us his construction of it, beginning on page 5, line 59.

Mr. SARIG. Mr. Speaker, I would ask the gentleman to give his own construction upon it and I will then give him my answer.

The SPEAKER. That is unnecessary at this time.

Mr. SPANGLER. If the gentleman had read the passage that I have referred to he would have seen, as I have already stated, that under the provisions of that act a man who is nothing more than a masseur, a man who is a manipulator of flesh, has the power to become a physician. In other words—I will read the section:

"Drugless practitioners duly licensed as herein provided shall have in the practice or conduct of their professions all the rights powers and privileges of any or all persons practicing physicians or doctors of any school class or division in the treatment of any and all diseases ailments or disabilities of the human body whatsoever or the health of the individual or of the public and shall observe and be subject to all State and municipal regulations relating to the control of contagious diseases and deaths"

In other words, it means simply this; that if you pass this law you overflood the medical profession with all the fakers and with all the incompetents, not only of this State but all other States.

Mr. MEARKLE. Mr. Speaker, I wish to state first that I have no fight with the drugless practitioners but I certainly do object to this bill in the form in which it is drawn. I contend that they do not have sufficient educational preparation. They ask in line 59 to cover the same scope that the doctor does, a man who has spent seven years in the study of medicine. In this bill they provide that the man, before he shall take up the study of the drugless practice, shall have had a high school course; after which he shall spend three years, of seven months each; after which time he shall become a practitioner. I contend that he has not the foundation, the necessary foundation to take charge of the human anatomy. I claim that he has not sufficiently studied it. There is no other profession but what has to have the necessary preparation. Take the legal practice for instance. They must be a graduate of some reputable school or college having a degree before they are permitted to study law; after which they must spend three years in the study of law, and it has nothing to do with life or death.

The doctor must spend four years in his preliminary preparation, after which he spends four years in the study of medicine. After graduating he must become an interne in some hospital for one year before he can come before the medical board of education for examination. Now in section three, lines 59 and 60, it says: "Drugless practicioners duly licensed as hereing provided shall have in the practice or conduct of their profession, all the rights, powers and privileges of any or all persons practicing physicians or doctors of any chool class or division." I nave no fight,—don't misunderstand me,—I have no fight with the drugless practicioner. If he wants to come into the field of medicine, let him get his preparation the same as the other men have to do.

I have one other objection, and that is, it does not provide in this bill, as I see it, that a man shall stipulate that he is a doctor of what. What is to prevent the man who has graduated in drugless therapeutics from putting a sign on the door as "Doctor Johnson?" How is the public to discriminate whether he is a doctor of chiropathy or a doctor of medicine? I claim it should be stipulated, that he should state on his sign, on the outside of his window, that he is a doctor of chiropathy, or whatever he might be. As an illustration of men who are now practicing drugless therapeutics,—less than ten months ago I was shaved by my barber,—a man who could not speak good English. I met him less than two weeks ago and he told

House Bill No. 708 (Senate Bill No. 669), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith"

Which was committed to the Committee on Education.

House Bill No. 791 (Senate Bill No. 670), entitled:

An Act regulating upholstering making of upholstering and the manufacture of mattresses imposing penalties and providing incidental duties of the Department of Labor and Industry

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

House Bill No. 870 (Senate Bill No. 671), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith"

Which was committed to the Committee on Education.

House Bill No. 912 (Senate Bill No. 672), entitled:

An Act amending and supplementing an act entitled "An Act providing for the establishment of a State Industrial Home for Women authorizing the purchase of a site and the erection therein and equipment of necessary buildings providing for the commitment to said State Industrial Home for Women of females between the ages of sixteen and thirty years convicted of or pleading guilty to the commission of any criminal offense and providing for the government and management of said institution and making an appropriation to carry out the purposes of this act" approved the twenty-fifth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen conferring upon the said commission additional powers including the power of eminent domain

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

House Bill No. 481 (Senate Bill No. 673), entitled:

An Act to repeal an act approved the fifteenth day of June one thousand eight hundred seventy-one entitled "An Act relating to the assessment of damagess for the appropriation of land for public use"

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

House Bill No. 546 (Senate Bill No. 674), entitled:

An Act to regulate certain kinds of insurance by individuals and partnerships or associations of individuals known as Lloyd's defining the power of such associations authorizing the Insurance Commissioner to grant a license and prescribing penalties for any violation thereof and repealing existing laws

Which was committed to the Committee on Insurance.

House Bill No. 852 (Senate Bill No. 675), entitled:

An Act providing for the registration of ownership to real estate in cities of the second class for the use of said cities to facilitate the assessment levy and collection of taxes and municipal claims in such cities authorizing the preservation and use of records heretofore employed in such cities for such purposes

Which was committed to the Committee on Finance.

House Bill No. 889 (Senate Bill No. 676, entitled:

An Act to further amend the act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith" as amended by providing for the education of certain blind children beyond the age of eight years under certain circumstances

Which was committed to the Committee on Education.

House Bill No. 900 (Senate Bill No. 677), entitled:

An Act regulating salaries of clerks in recorders offices in certain counties

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

House Bill No. 913 (Senate Bill No. 678),

An Act to amend section one thousand three hundred and eleven of an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with a provision by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith"

Which was committed to the Committee on Education.

House Bill No. 963 (Senate Bill No. 679), entitled:

An Act to amend section twenty-one of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the protection and preservation of game game quadrupeds and game birds and song and insectivorous and other wild birds and prescribing penalties for violation of its several provisions" approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred nine by extending the season during which dogs may be trained

Which was committed to the Committee on Game and Fisheries.

House Bill No. 323 (Senate Bill No. 680), entitled:

An Act repealing an act entitled "An Act amending article six of an act entitled 'An Act for the government of cities of the second class' approved the seventh day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one as amended by an amendatory act approved the first day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine and as affected by an act entitled 'An Act providing a uniform rate of assessment and taxation for all real estate in cities of the second class' approved the eleventh day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven by providing for the classification of real estate for purposes of taxation into two classes to wit the buildings on land and the land exclusive of buildings and by providing for the assessment of a less tax upon the buildings than upon the land exclusive of the buildings in cities of the second class" approved May fifteenth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen

Which was committee to the Committee on Finance.

House Bill No. 324 (Senate Bill No. 681), entitled:

An Act creating additional subjects of taxation in cities of the second class by providing that all real estate in cities of the second class owned or possessed by any corporation shall be subject to taxation for city and school purposes the same as other real estate in said cities

Which was committed to the Committee on Finance.

House Bill No. 379 (Senate Bill No. 682), entitled:

An Act empowering cities of the second class to levy and collect for general revenue purposes license taxes or fees upon poles wires cables conduits pipes tracks vaults and other appliances and appurtenances under upon over or through the public streets ways alleys wharves and properties thereof"

Which was committed to the Committee on Finance.

House Bill No. 1012 (Senate Bill No. 683), entitled:

An Act relating to the bonds to be given by county officers the amount and conditions thereof the sureties for such bonds the payment of the premiums therefor and the recording and custody thereof in counties having over eight hundred thousand and less than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

House Bill No. 132 (Senate Bill No. 684), entitled:

An Act regulating process pleading and practice in all civil cases whether at law in equity in divorce or otherwise howsoever hereafter brought in any court of common pleas in this Commonwealth and providing a complete system of procedure within the limits of the subject matter of this act

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

ADJOURNMENT.

Mr. VARE. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now adjourn until tomorrow afternoon at 3.30 o'clock.

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The Senate adjourned at 6.10 o'clock P. M. until Tuesday afternoon, March 30, 1915, at 3.30 o'clock.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

MONDAY, March 29th, 1915.

The House met at 8 o'clock P. M.

The SPEAKER (Charles A. Ambler) in the Chair.

PRAYER.

The Chaplain, Rev. F. W. Staley, offered the following prayer:

Almighty and Most Merciful God, we thank Thee that Thou hast called us through men to be representatives, representing a lofty and noble and redeemed manhood. We thank Thee that Thou hast called us to be true men; true to our convictions and true to the obligations binding us to man and to Thee. We thank Thee that Thou hast called us to be builders; to be builders of the home. Home is the basis of the social organization; it is the basis of all government. The home as man has said as he wrote, "Home, Sweet, Sweet Home." It is the dearest spot on earth from which we are separated tonight, and we pray Thee, O God, that Thou wouldst overshadow all of our homes with Thy Almighty Wing, and may we so live that our children will rise up and "call us blessed." We ask for Christ's sake. Amen.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the Journal of the proceedings of Thursday, March 25th, 1915.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of the proceedings of Thursday, March 25th, 1915, when, on motion of Mr. Stern the further reading was dispensed with and the Journal was approved.

BILLS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED.

By Mr. VICKERMAN. House Bill No. 1139.

An Act making an appropriation to the Dixmont Hospital for the Insane.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. MELLOTT. House Bill No. 1140.

An Act establishing in Fulton and Huntingdon Counties a certain section of public road as a "State Highway."

Referred to the Committee on Public Roads.

By Mr. MELLOTT. House Bill No. 1141.

An Act to provide for the pensioning of soldiers and marines who served in the army or navy of the United States from Pennsylvania in the Civil War of one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one to sixty-five, fixing the rate of said pensions, the manner of obtaining same, and making an appropriation for the payment thereof.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. MELLOTT. House Bill No. 1142.

An Act to establish as a "State Highway" a certain section of public road beginning on Route number thirty-eight, near Webster Mills, thence south by way of Big Cove, Tannery, Dickey's Mountain, Damascus Church and Ebenezer Church to the Maryland State line in Fulton County.

Referred to the Committee on Public Roads.

By Mr. WHITAKER. House Bill No. 1143.

An Act to provide for certain appointments in the Executive Department, fixing the salaries thereof, and abolishing certain officers.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

PETITIONS.

PRAYING FOR COUNTY LOCAL OPTION.

The SPEAKER presented the petitions of citizens of Montgomery County praying for the passage of a Local Option Law.

Which were referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

The SPEAKER presented the petition of the Christian Endeavor Society of Second Presbyterian Church, Pittsburgh, praying for the passage of a Local Option Law.

Which was referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

Mr. BALDWIN presented the petition of citizens of Delaware County praying for the passage of a Local Option Law.

Which was referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

Messrs. STONE and MATHER presented the petitions of citizens of Bradford County praying for the passage of a Local Option Law.

Which were referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

PROTESTING AGAINST BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATIONS BILL.

The SPEAKER presented the petition of the Hope Building and Loan Association of Pittsburgh protesting against the passage of the act relating to Building and Loan Associations.

Which was referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

PRAYING FOR REPEAL OF FULL CREW BILL.

The SPEAKER presented the petition of the Sterling Coal Company praying for the repeal of the Full Crew Bill.

Which was referred to the Committee on Railroads.

PROTESTING AGAINST REPEAL OF FULL CREW BILL.

The SPEAKER presented the petition of C. A. Yoh Lodge No. 736 Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen; Enterprise Lodge No. 75 Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen and Enginemen; Fairmount Lodge No. 333 B. of L. F. & E., and Greater Pittsburgh Lodge No. 842 Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen protesting against the repeal of the Full Crew Bill.

Which were referred to the Committee on Railroads.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE ATTORNEY GENERAL.

The SPEAKER laid before the House a communication from the office of the Attorney General of Pennsylvania, which was read by the Clerk as follows:

Office Attorney General, Harrisburg, March 29, 1915.

To the Members of the Legislature,

Gentlemen:—I beg to call your attention to the reason for the introduction of the two bills—one entitled "An Act regulating the legal business of the State Government and the employment of Attorneys therefor, and defining the duties of the various Departments, Bureaus, Boards and Commissions, in relation thereto" and the other entitled "An Act reorganizing the Attorney General's Department; designating the officers and employes thereof, and fixing their salaries."

The legal business of the Commonwealth should be under the control of one responsible head, manifestly the Attorney General. This would insure a more efficient and satisfactory disposition of such business.

Under the system now in operation it has happened that extremely important cases, involving large amounts, as well as the Constitutionality of Acts of Assembly affecting the safety and welfare of the people, have not only passed through the Courts of Pennsylvania, but have been actually fixed for hearing in the United States Supreme Court before the Attorney General's Department was advised of their existence. Other cases have gone through the Courts of Pennsylvania, involving the administration of the departmental laws of the Commonwealth, without knowledge of the Attorney General. These cases were conducted by private counsel in the employ of other Departments, and of which notice was not given to the Attorney General.

Further illustrations could be given to demonstrate that the control of the State litigation should be in the hands of the State's legal officer.

The system proposed by these Acts, aside from promoting efficiency, will make an actual saving. During the last two years the various departments, other than the Attorney General's, expended $91,655.35 for legal services. During the same time there was appropriated to the Attorney General's Department $72,500.00 and $15,000.00 for outside Attorneys, making a total of $179,155.35 for legal services for two years, or $89,577.68 per year. The bill proposed provides for annual salaries in the Attorney General's Department of $63,100.00, being a saving, if considered from that standpoint alone, of $26,477.68.

To state it in another way, the appropriation for the salaries of the present force and for outside counsel fees amounts to $51,250.00. The bill now introduced provides for salaries amounting to $63,100.00, an increase of only $11,850.00. With this increase it is the intention to take care of the legal business of the State, including the collection of money due the State for the maintenance of insane.

As a matter of precaution there is a provision in the bill for the employment of additional assistance, if such should be required in the experimental stage brought about by this reorganization.

The present salaries in the Attorney General's Department are inadequate and out of all proportion to the service required.

Respectfully yours,

FRANCIS SHUNK BROWN,
Attorney General.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. BEYER, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1130, entitled:

An Act regulating the legal business of the State government, and the employment of attorneys therefor, and defining the duties of the various departments, Bureaus, Boards and Commissions in relation thereto.

Mr. BEYER, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1131, entitled:

An Act reorganizing the Attorney General's Department, designating the officers and employes thereof, and fixing their salaries.

Mr. HESS, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1080 (Senate Bill No. 438), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the tenth day of June one thousand eight hundred eighty-one entitled "An Act to enable mothers in certain cases to appoint testamentary guardians" by extending certain rights to mothers

Mr. STERN, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1117 (Senate Bill No. 430), entitled:

An Act relative to the holding of magistrates courts in cities of the first class.

Mr. H. I. WILSON, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1108, entitled:

An Act to validate acts done and conveyance made by or to corporations after letters patent are issued, and before the recording of their charters.

Mr. GLENN, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1105, entitled:

An Act authorizing Jennie Clay Swogger, administratrix of the estate of Lawrence L. Swogger, deceased, late a citizen of Lawrence County, Pennsylvania, to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin County, against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Mr. HUBLER, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1118 (Senate Bill No. 431), entitled:

An Act relative to the powers of magistrates in cities of the first class.

Mr. GEISER, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1134, entitled:

An Act to amend an act, approved the twenty-sixth day of April, one thousand eight hundred eigthy-three, entitled "An Act relative to the eligibility of candidates, for the office of district attorney."

Mr. NISSLEY, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 817 (Senate Bill No. 105), entitled:

An Act to avoid delay in the administration of justice by fixing a time within which decisions in certain questions and matters shall be rendered by judges and requiring certain certificates from judges before their salaries shall be paid.

Mr. SWARTZ, from the Committee on Insurance, reported as amended, House Bill No. 225, entitled:

An Act defining fraternal benefit societies and their status authorizing such societies to create subordinate lodges and to pay benefits upon the sickness disability or death of their members from funds collected and regulating such benefits Providing for the organization of such societies and for the licensing supervision regulation and examination by the Insurance Commissioner and for the admission of foreign societies. Designating tables of mortality to be used and establishing a standard of solvency. Requiring all societies to make annual reports and all foreign societies to appoint the Insurance Commissioner as attorney for service of process. Providing penalties for any violations of the act. Exempting certain societies from its provisions and requiring beneficial associations other than fraternal benefit societies to report to and be supervised by the Insurance Commissioner and repealing existing laws.

Mr. PERRY, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 642, entitled:

An Act to provide for the ordinary expenses of the Executive Judicial and Legislative Departments of the Commonwealth interest on the public debt and the support of the public schools for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred fifteen and for the payments of bills incurred remaining unpaid at the close of the fiscal year ending May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen.

RESOLUTIONS.

RESOLUTION RECALLING HOUSE BILL NO. 543 FROM THE GOVERNOR.

Mr. POWELL offered the following resolution which was twice read, considered and agreed to..

In the House of Representatives, March 29, 1915.

Be It Resolved (if the Senate concur) That House Bill No. 543, File Folio 3197, entitled "An Act to amend an act approved the ninth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eleven, entitled 'An Act to provide for the appointment of deputy prothonotaries in counties of this Commonwealth having a population of more than two hundred and fifty thousand and less than a million, and defining their qualification, powers and salary,'" be recalled from the Governor for the purpose of amendment.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for its concurrence.

RESOLUTION GRANTING USE OF THE HALL OF THE HOUSE TO THE COMMITTEE ON RAILROADS.

Mr. H. I. WILSON offered the following resolution, which was twice read, considered and agreed to.

Resolved, That the use of the hall of the House be given to the Committee on Railroads for the purpose of holding a public hearing on the "Full Crew" repeal bill on tomorrow (Tuesday) afternoon, beginning at 2:30.

RESOLUTION RELATIVE TO THE INVESTIGATION OF THE ALLEGED VIOLATION OF THE ELECTION LAWS BY THE LIQUOR INTERESTS.

Mr. GLENN offered the following resolution, which was twice read and laid over for printing:

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION.

Whereas, It has been alleged in the public press and in public discussion that large sums of money were illegally collected and expended by the liquor interests in the political campaign and election in Pennsylvania in 1914, and

Whereas, By reason of this alleged huge and illegal expenditure the combined liquor interests now openly declare that they control a sufficient number of votes of representatives of the people to defeat any legislation imperilling the interests of the liquor dealers, and

Whereas, It is common knowledge that the Retail Liquor Dealers' Association of Pennsylvania, through its responsible officers, conduct a widespread and costly publicity campaign to accomplish this purpose, and

Whereas, Governor Brumbaugh in a statement published in the press of March 10th, is quoted as having said: "That after diligent search he had failed to find in any election expense account filed at Harrisburg any mention of money contributed for election purposes by a representative of the liquor interests, nor any accounting of any money spent by any individual or organization representing liquor interests, and

Whereas, Under the Corrupt Practices Act now in force any organization that collects or disburses money for any political purpose must file a full and complete accounting thereof, and

Whereas, The open and flagrant violation of the election laws by liquor interests, if permitted to pass without challenge, creates a vicious precedent and imperils the people's control of their own government, therefore be it

Resolved (if the Senate concur), That a joint committee, consisting of three members of the Senate, one of whom shall be of the minority party, and four members of the House, one of whom shall be of the minority party, be appointed by the respective presiding officers of each House, to make a full investigation of all the circumstances and transactions connected with the alleged violation of the election laws of this Commonwealth by the liquor interests, including all moneys expended and the manner of expending said moneys, and such other matters pertaining to the alleged violation of the election laws as may to said joint committee seem pertinent. The said joint committee is hereby directed to organize forthwith after the approval of this resolution by the Governor, to hold public hearings as often as may be necessary, to summon witnesses, and for the purpose of this inquiry to issue subpoenas, administer oaths and compel the attendance of witnesses and the production of all books, bills, cheques, cheque books, papers, minutes, records and contracts, and such other written and documentary evidence as may be pertinent to the inquiry and the said joint committee shall have the largest and most complete powers which the Attorney-General can confer for the accomplishment of these purposes. And the said joint committee shall have the assistance in conducting such investigation of auditors, accountants and counsel learned in the law, who shall be appointed by the Governor, and the said joint committee shall have authority to employ stenographers, clerks and messengers necessary for the proper prosecution of this investigation. The sergeant-at-arms of the Senate is hereby directed to attend said joint committee and serve all subpoenas issued by it, and generally enforce all the orders which said joint committee is hereby authorized to make,

and to incur all the necessary expenses to discharge these duties, and that the said joint commtitee shall make reports to the two Houses of the General Assembly at the present session, and the members of the General Assembly do hereby pledge themselves to make the necessary appropriations to defray the expenses of such joint committee, and this investigation.

BILLS RECOMMITTED.

Mr. GRAHAM. Mr. Speaker, I move that House Bill No. 1040, File Folio 3651, on page seventeen of today's calendar, Bills on Second Reading, entitled:

An Act relating to building and loan associations and the solicitors officers directors and stockholders thereof

be recommitted to the Committee on Judiciary Special for the purpose of amendment.

Mr. DUNN. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Mr. THEO. CAMPBELL. Mr. Speaker, I move that House Bill No. 824, File Folio 2849, on page seven of today's calendar, Bills on Third Reading Postponed, entitled:

An Act providing that all horsedrawn vehicles owned or operated by persons residing in all cities of the first and second class except those used for pleasure shall have on the sides of such vehicles in legible letters the name and the address of the owner together with a designating number if more than one vehicle is used providing for arrest and proceedings for violation of the act prescribing the penalties therefor

be recommitted to the Committee on Judiciary General for the purpose of amendment.

Mr. COX. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Mr. GEISER. Mr. Speaker, I move that House Bill No. 948 (Senate Bill No. 320), File Folio 531, on page three of today's calendar, Bills on Third Reading, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-seventh day of June one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation regulation and government of cities of the third class regulating nomination and election of municipal officers therein and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto"

be recommitted to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

Mr. BENNINGER. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the motion?

Mr. GEISER. Mr. Speaker, my purpose in so moving is due to the fact that the Chairman of the Appropriation Committee, Mr. Woodward, is a member of the Committee on Municipal Corporations and was not able to attend the meeting of that Committee when the bill came up for discussion and would like to have it recommitted so that he and some of his friends can be heard on the bill.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the motion?

It was agreed to.

Mr. WALTON. Mr. Speaker, I move that House Bill No. 433, File Folio 3337, on page six of today's calendar, Bills on Third Reading, entitled:

An Act defining trading stamps as including stamps coupons tickets cards certificates and other similar devices given with a sale or bailment of merchandise regulating and licensing the sale furnishing and giving of trading stamps and providing penalties for the violation thereof

be recommitted to the Committee on Municipal Corporations for the purpose of amendment.

Mr. NISSLEY. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Mr. NISSLEY. Mr. Speaker, I move that House Bill No. 590, File Folio 3437, on page five of today's calendar, Bills on Third Reading, entitled:

An Act to prescribe the conditions and restrictions under which public vaults crypts or mausoleums for the interment of human bodies may be constructed and maintained and fixing penalties for failure to comply therewith

be recommitted to the Committee on Judiciary General for the purpose of amendment.

Mr. WILDMAN. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Mr. STERN. Mr. Speaker, I move that House Bill No. 954, File Folio 3065, on page eight of today's calendar, Bills on Second Reading, entitled:

An Act to authorize the regulation of the location size and use of buildings in cities

be recommitted to the Committee on Judiciary General for the purpose of a hearing.

Mr. ARON. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Mr. GOODNOUGH. Mr. Speaker, I move that House Bill No. 996 (Senate Bill No. 383), File Folio 1353, on page twelve of today's calendar, Bills on Second Reading, entitled:

An Act to promote education in economic entomology and aid in the suppression of insect pests and the preservation of birds in Pennsylvania by authorizing the Department of Agriculture to prepare a colored chart showing injurious and beneficial insects and insectivorous birds of Pennsylvania in their natural colors and stating their common and scientific names food economy and recommendation for their respective destruction or preservation and providing for the publication of said chart and the distribution of the same and making an appropriation therefor

be recommitted to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. CUMMINS. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Mr. VICKERMAN. Mr. Speaker, I move that House Bill No. 281, File Folio 3685, on page nineteen of today's calendar, Bills on Second Reading, entitled:

An Act authorizing cities boroughs towns and townships to regulate bill-boards and other forms of outdoor advertising

be recommitted to the Committee on Law and Order for the purpose of amendment.

Mr. McVICAR. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

SENATE MESSAGE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced presented extracts from the Journal of the Senate which were laid upon the table.

BILLS RECOMMITTED.

Mr. THOMAS. Mr. Speaker, I move that House Bill No. 563, File Folio 3507, entitled:

An Act to amend the second section of an act approved the thirteenth day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three entitled "An Act for the promotion of medical science by the distribution and use of unclaimed human bodies for scientific purposes through a board created for that purpose and to prevent unauthorized uses and traffic in human bodies" by providing that bodies of honorably discharged soldiers sailors or marines of the United States and of the Militia of the State of Pennsylvania shall not be delivered to said anatomical board and further providing that there shall not be delivered to the said board any body claimed by relatives or representatives of fraternal societies or charitable organizations within seventy-two hours after death

on page 9, of today's calendar, be recommitted to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation for the purpose of amendment.

Mr. GANS. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Mr. RININGER. Mr. Speaker, I move that House Bill No. 895, File Folio 3579, entitled:

An Act regulating the compensation of treasurers of townships of the first class both as collectors of township taxes and as custodians and disbursers of township funds

on page 11 of today's calendar, and House Bill No. 896, File Folio 3589, entitled:

An Act fixing the compensation of the person charged with the collection of taxes in certain boroughs and townships

on page 12 of today's calendar, be recommitted to the Committee on Counties and Townships for the purposes of a hearing.

Mr. ADAMS. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

SENATE MESSAGE.

AMENDED HOUSE BILL RETURNED FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, returned bill from the House of Representatives, numbered and entitled as follows:

House Bill No. 285.

An Act to protect the public health in cities of the first class in this Commonwealth and for that purpose creating in the Department of Public Health and Charities four Bureaus to be called the Bureaus of Hospitals and Charities Health Sanitation and Housing said Bureaus to have the supervision and control in said cities of Hospitals and Charities Health Sanitation and Housing as herein set forth and other matters affecting the public welfare so far as regards the use and occupancy of Public Buildings and of all buildings and the appurtenances thereto occupied in whole or in part as places of residence by more than two families living separate and apart and providing for themselves also the licensing supervision and control and the use of lodging rooming apartment and tenement houses creating a sanitary board for the purpose of enforcing the provisions of this act fixing the responsibility for violations of any of the provisions of this act and also giving power to said Sanitary Board to make rules and regulations to govern certain conditions affecting health and sanitation and the licensing of certain trades industries and premises and providing for punishments and penalties for violations of any of the rules and regulations made by the Department of Public Health and Charities or by said Sanitary Board under the powers granted by this act also providing for the filing of liens also providing for the inspection by the Bureau of Building Inspection and the fire marshal of said cities of the first class and repealing all laws inconsistent herewith

with the information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments, in which the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The Clerk read the amendments as follows:

Amend the title, line 9, by inserting after the word occupancy the words "of Public Buildings and;" also in line 14, after the word "houses" insert the following: "creating a sanitary board for the purpose of enforcing the provisions of this act; also in line 17 after the word "said" strike out the word "Bureaus" and insert the words "Sanitary Board;" also in line 22 strike out the words "any of its Bureaus" and insert "said Sanitary Board." Amend section 1, line 11, by inserting after the word "thereof" the following: "All Chiefs of Bureaus shall be appointed by the Director of the Department of Public Safety and Charities;" also in line 26 strike out the words "under Civil Service provisions" and insert the word "and"; also in line 31, by striking out the words "civil service." Amend section 2, line 3, by inserting the word "Sanitary" before the word "Board." Amend section 4, line 5, by striking out the word "nuisances." Amend section 5, line 5, by inserting before the word "Board" the word "Sanitary"; also in line 38, by inserting before the word "Board" the word "Sanitary"; also by striking out in line 45 the following: "and sanitation and to have been duly examined and registered as now required in cities of the first class to entitle persons to engage in the plumbing business therein."

Amend section 6, line 2, by inserting before the word "appurtenances" the word "the"; also in line 3, by striking out the word "of" and inserting the word "or"; also in line 7, by inserting before the word "Board" the word "Sanitary"; also by inserting after the word "class" in line 8, the following: "The Bureau of Sanitation shall have the"; also by striking out in line 9, the following: "and who shall have the further"; also in line 20, by striking out the word "Board" and insert the words "Bureau of Sanitation." Also after the word "purposes" strike out the word "Further" and insert the following: "Section 7." Amend section 7, line 5, by inserting before the word "Board" the word "Sanitary"; also in line 7, by inserting before the word "Board" the word "Sanitary"; also in line 10, by striking out the word "These" and insert the word "those"; also in line 13, by inserting before the word "licensing" the following: "Bureau of Sanitation shall also have charge of the"; also in line 16, after the word "where" insert the words "such private collection of"; also in line 29, after the word "owners" by inserting the following: "and all other nuisances prejudicial to public health"; also in line 42, before the word "said" by inserting the word "The"; also in line 42, by inserting after the word "Bureau" the words "of Sanitation"; also in line 47, by striking out the word "aslo"; also by inserting after the word "handled" in line 46, the following: "Section 8." Amend section 8, line 4, by striking out the words "make all rules and regulations to."

Amend section 9, line 3, by striking out the word "this" and inserting the word "the"; also in line 8, by striking out the word "hereinbefore" and inserting the word "hereinafter." Amend section 10, line 4, by striking out the word "Having" and inserting the word "doing"; also in line 5, by striking out the words "January first" and inserting the following: "The first Monday of January"; also in line 7, by striking out the following: "or department and approved by the Director of the Department of Public Safety and Charities": also in line 11, by striking out the following: "with his written consent thereto attached"; also in line 12, by inserting after the word "number" the following: "or other definite information"; also in line 14, by striking out the word "that"; also in line 20, by striking out the words "or houses"; also in line 24 by striking out the word "that"; also in lines 37 and 38, by striking out the following: "any of the departments of charities health sanitation or housing are proven to" and inserting the words "the Sanitary Board." Amend section 11, line 4, by striking out the first word "and" and inserting after the second "and" the words "the first Monday of"; also in line 5, by striking out the word "first"; also in line 18, by inserting before the word "Board" the word "Sanitary" and after the word "Board" by striking out the following: "or Departments of Public Health and Charities." Amend section 12, line 5, by striking out the words "relating to health and sanitation" and inserting the words "and the rules and regulations of the Sanitary Board"; also in line 11, by striking out the word "day" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "Monday"; also in line 13, after the word "after" by inserting the words "the first Monday of"; also in line 13, by striking out after the word "January" the word "first." Amend section 13, line 2, by striking out the words "bed-rooms or sleeping purposes" and insert the words "human habitation"; also in line 4, by inserting the word "Sanitary" before the word "Board"; also in line 6, by striking out the word "licensed"; also in line 8, by striking out the words "to be filed with the approval of the Bureau of Building Inspectors of the Department of Public Safety and that the Chiefs of the Bureaus of Sanitation and Housing shall also give their consent or refusal before any work shall be done on said premises" and inserting the following: "being filed with the Bureau of Building Inspection Bureau of Housing and Bureau of Sanitation, and having the same approved by the Chief of each Bureau"; also in line 14, by striking out the word "any"; also in line 14 by striking out the words "the Bureau of Building Inspectors and"; also in line 15, by striking out the word "the" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "said"; also adding the letter "s" to the word "Bureau"; also by striking out the following: "of Housing and Sanitation they shall meet for the purpose of considering the same and if a majority shall refuse"; also in line 35, by striking out the following: "several Bureaus of the Department of Public Health and Charities" and inserting the words "said Sanitary Board."

Amend section 14, line 35, by inserting before the word "Board" the word "Sanitary;" also in line 37 by striking out the following: "And all laws and rules of the said board." Amend section 15, line 7 by inserting before the word "Board" the word "Sanitary." Amend section 16, line 2, by striking out the word "day" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "Monday." Amend section 17, line 5, by inserting the word "the" before the word "exclusive;" also in line 13 by inserting after the word "said" the word "Sanitary." Amend section 18, line 3, by inserting after the first word "the" the words "Sanitary Board;" also in line 3 by striking out the following: "different Bureaus of the Department of Public Health and Charities;" also in line 13, after the word "said" by inserting the word "Sanitary." Amend section 19, line 3, by striking out the word "or" after the word "purpose;" also in line 5 by inserting the word "if" after the second word "and." Amend section 20, line 22, by striking out the words "Department of Bureaus thereof" and inserting the words "Sanitary Board." Amend section 21, line 16 by inserting before the word "repealed" the word "immediately." Add the following as section 22:

"Should any part of this act be construed to be invalid or unenforceable the remaining parts of the act so far as they are valid or capable of enforcement shall stand with the same force and effect as if the parts found to be invalid or unenforceable had been omitted."

On the question,

Will the House concur in the amendments made by the Senate?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows viz:

YEAS—112.

Adams,	Fretz,	Leighner,	Rothenberger,
Albee,	Gans,	Lindsey,	Rowell,
Baldwin,	Garner,	Lipschutz,	Schaeffer,
Bauerle,	Geary,	Luxemburger,	Scott,
Beck,	Geiser,	Lynch,	Shaaber,
Becker,	Goodnough,	Mangan,	Shoop,
Benninger,	Goodwin,	Marvin,	Sinclair,
Bergy,	Goodyear,	Mille,	Smith, J. W.,
Berntheizel,	Graham,	McCaig,	Spangler,
Beyer,	Gransback,	McClintock,	Staving,
Body,	Greenwood,	McDermott,	Stern,
Bovee,	Habgood,	McNichol,	Sullivan,
Brosius,	Hamilton,	McVicar,	Swan,
Campbell,	Heffernan,	Mearkle,	Swartz,
Campbell, T.,	Hess,	Nieder,	Thomas,
Christman,	Heyburn,	Nissley,	Trach,
Coldsmith,	Hibshman,	Ostrander,	Twibill,
Cox,	Hoffman,	Palmer,	Ulrich,
Cummins,	Howarth,	Perry,	Vogdes,
Curry,	Hubler,	Peters,	Walsh,
Dawson,	Jack,	Powell,	Weir,
Dell,	Jones, E. E.,	Ramsey,	West,
Drinkhouse,	Jones, W. W.,	Reynolds,	Whitten,
Dunn,	Kaiser,	Rhoads,	Wildman,
Fackler,	Kitts,	Rininger,	Willard,
Finnerty,	Klinger,	Rinn,	Wilson, W. H.,
Flynn,	Lauer,	Robertson,	Wobensmith,
Forster,	Lauler,	Roney,	Ambler, Speaker.

NAYS—46.

Alcorn,	Evans,	Luppert,	Snyder,
Baker,	Fruit,	Mather,	Spencer,
Blackburn,	Gallagher,	Maurer,	Statler,
Brumbaugh,	Gingery,	McClure,	Vickerman,
Bungard,	Glenn,	McConnell,	Walter,
Corbin,	Gompers,	Mellott,	Watson,
Cromer,	Gormley,	Millliron,	Weaver,
Davis,	Harper,	Phillips,	Weimer,
Diefenderfer,	Herman,	Reel,	Williams,
Eby,	Kuhn,	Sampsel,	Wood,
Eppley,	Kunkle,	Sarig,	Young,
Erdman,	Lanius,		

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative and the amendments were concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

BILL SIGNED BY SPEAKER.

The Speaker announced that the Chief Clerk having reported that the following bill had passed both Houses of the General Assembly and the same being correct the title was read as follows:

House Bill No. 48.

An Act enabling townships of the first class to provide regulate and protect a system of water supply and to contract with certain adjoining municipalities for such water and granting and regulating the right of eminent domain and the right to occupy highways

Whereupon,

The Speaker in the presence of the House signed the same.

COMMUNICATIONS FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Private Secretary to the Governor being introduced, presented the following communication in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which was read as follows, viz:

VETO OF HOUSE BILL NO. 40.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, March 25, 1915.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I return herewith without my approval House Bill No. 40 entitled "An Act designating the Mountain Laurel (Kalmia latifolia) as the flower emblem or State Flower of this Commonwealth."

This bill proposes to establish the Mountain Laurel (Kalmia latifolia) as the state flower. No flower should be made the official emblem of the Commonwealth unless such flower is clearly desired by many of our citizens and is supported by a wealth of sentiment. The essence of the action is sentiment. There is no deep or abiding sentiment for this flower. While the flower is beautiful it is not interrelated in any important way with the life or history of the Commonwealth.

Scientific authority supported by personal observation pronounces the leaves of this plant poisonous.

Moreover, it is scarcely worthy this great Commonwealth to select as a state flower one already chosen as a state flower of a sister State. Kalmia latifolia has been the state flower of Connecticut for eight years.

For these reasons the bill is not approved.

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

On the question,

Shall the bill become a law the objections of the Governor to the contrary notwithstanding?

Mr. GEISER. Mr. Speaker, I rise at this time to take issue with His Excellency, the Governor of this Commonwealth. I will say at the outset of my remarks, however, that I am going to ask the members of this House to sustain the Governor in his veto, but I wish to have my day in court. I wish to give you a little of the history of this bill. Last Monday morning, in going through about fifteen hundred letters bearing on the Full Crew Repealer, I came across a communication from the Governor, requesting me into his presence. I forwith hied myself there and was administered a dose of nitrade oxide gas, which is commonly known as "laughing gas." I was closeted with the Governor for fifteen minutes. He said he would like to know my reasons for introducing this bill. I gave him a number of reasons for the introduction of this bill and why this flower was selected. First, I told him that the bill was handed to me by others and was favored by a number of my Republican constituents in Northampton County, and I am a Democrat. I told him that I hesitated about taking any special interest in this bill at first and then I decided to do so and I convinced myself that there was a demand for the mountain laurel as the State Flower of Pennsylvania. And I furthermore told him that it was not my desire in the introduction of this bill to introduce any usless legislation, as we already had enough usless legislation on our Statute Books. I told him that two years ago a bill was introduced naming some other flower the State Flower, which was treated as a joke and finally reached the Governor. That bill recommended the daisy as the State Flower. Governor Tener promptly vetoed the bill because he said sentiment had not been crystallized in favor of the daisy as the State flower. A further reason why I introduced this Bill favoring the mountain laurel as a State Flower was because there was public sentiment in favor of it as a State Flower. Among these were a number of prominent men in my county and others outside among people throughout the State. Senators Penrose and Oliver and Ex-Governor Pennypacker desired the mountain laurel as a State Flower and expressed an interest in it. I told him that it was by almost a unanimous vote by the members of this House that the bill passed and it also passed the Senate with only eight votes against it. I also said that I didn't think the reasons which he gave for his veto are reasons worthy of a schoolmaster—when he said "This bill proposes to establish the mountain laurel as the State Flower. No flower should be made the official emblem of the Commonwealth unless such flower is clearly desired by many of our citizens and is supported by a wealth of sentiment." From what I have said, I think there is sentiment, however, back of it. He proceeds with "the essence of the action is sentiment. There is no deep or abiding sentiment for this flower. While the flower is beautiful it is not inter-related in any important way with the life or history of the Commonwealth. Scientific authority supported by personal observation pronounces the leaves of this plant poisonous." I did not know that the State of Connecticut had anything that is poisonous except the New Haven Railroad. Lloyd Mifflin, the poet of the Susquenanna, about five weeks ago, wrote a little sonnet which appeared on the editorial page of the Public Ledger of Philadelphia. I wish to read that poem. I think it is of sufficient merit to be published in the legislative journal. The title of the poem is:

The Mountain Laurel as the State Flower for Pennsylvania.

(Kalmia latifolia)

A SONNET BY LLOYD MIFFLIN.

Search all the gardens,—every reedy fen,
Upland, and meadow where wild nature teems,
The tangled thicket where the torrent gleams,
In thunderous foam adown the forest glen,
And thou shalt find no flowering denizen
Equal our Kalmia, robed in rosiest white,
Whose beauty is a pang of pure delight,
Touching, through loveliness, the heart of men.

Unfading Laurel! symbol of our hopes,
Immortal Dryad of the greenwood gloom,
Long mayst thou haunt these Appalachian slopes
And be our sovereign State's resplendent Flower,—
Beauteous as Morning in thy roseate bloom,
Strong as our mountains in enduring power!

Columbia, Pennsylvania.

Well, gentlemen of the House, I had my little romance punctured. Last Wednesday night, I attended a moving picture theatre here in Harrisburg. I saw a film entitled "Tillie's Punctured Romance." I sincerely hope that the Governor of this Commonwealth will not have his romance punctured in the remaining days of the sessions of this House and I will ask the members of this House to sustain the Governor in his veto of the mountain laurel, as the State Flower.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill become a law the objections of the Governor to the contrary notwithstanding.?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—6.

Benninger,	Rothenberger,	Smith, Jeff. W.,	Trach,	
Finnerty,	Rudisill,			

NAYS—174.

Adams,	Garner,	Luxemburger,	Shaaber,	
Albee,	Geary,	Lynch,	Shoop,	
Alcorn,	Geiser,	Mangan,	Sinclair,	
Baker,	Gingery,	Marvin,	Smith, J. W.,	
Baldwin,	Gompers,	Mather,	Smith, L.,	
Barnett,	Goodnough,	Maurer,	Snyder,	
Bauerle,	Goodwin,	McArdle,	Sones,	
Beck,	Goodyear,	McCaig,	Spangler,	
Becker,	Gormley,	McClintock,	Spencer,	
Bergy,	Graham,	McClure,	Statler,	
Berntheizel,	Gransback,	McConnell,	Staving,	
Beyer,	Greenwood,	McDermott,	Stein,	
Blackburn,	Habgood,	McKay,	Stone,	

Body,	Haggerty,	McNichol,	Sullivan,
Bovee,	Hamilton,	McVicar,	Swan,
Brosius,	Harper,	Mearkle,	Swartz,
Brumbaugh,	Heffernan,	Mellott,	Taylor,
Bungard,	Herman,	Milliron,	Thomas,
Campbell, J. O.,	Hess,	Murdoch,	Twibill,
Campbell, T.,	Heyburn,	Neville,	Urich,
Christman,	Hibshman,	Nieder,	Vickerman,
Coldsmith,	Hoffman,	Nissley,	Vogdes,
Conner,	Hollern,	Oaks,	Walsh,
Corbin,	Hollingsworth,	Ostrander,	Walter,
Cox,	Horton,	Palmer,	Walton,
Cromer,	Howarth,	Perry,	Watson,
Cummins,	Hubler,	Peters,	Weaver,
Curry,	Jack,	Phillips,	Weimer,
Davis,	Jones, E. E.,	Pickering,	West,
Dawson,	Jones, W. W.,	Powell,	Wettach,
Dell,	Kaiser,	Ramsey,	Whitaker,
Diefenderfer,	Kitts,	Reel;	Whitten,
Dodds,	Klinger,	Reynolds,	Wildman,
Drinkhouse,	Kuhn,	Rhoads,	Willard,
Dunn,	Lafferty,	Rich,	Williams,
Eby,	Landis,	Rininger,	Wilson, H. I.,
Ehrhardt,	Lanius,	Rinn,	Wilson, W. H.,
Eppley,	Lauer,	Robertson,	Wobensmith,
Erdman,	Lauler,	Roney,	Wood,
Evans,	Leighner,	Rowell,	Wylie,
Fackler,	Lindsey,	Sampsel,	Wynne,
Forster,	Lipschutz,	Sarig,	Young,
Fruit,	Love,	Schaeffer,	Ambler,
Gallagher,	Luppert,	Scott,	Speaker.
Gans,			

Less than the majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the negative and the Governor's veto is sustained.

Also the following:

VETO OF HOUSE BILL NO. 213.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, March 26, 1915.

To the Honorable the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:— I return herewith without my approval House Bill No. 213 entitled "An Act validating certain ordinances of cities and boroughs and the contracts or payments made in pursuance thereof."

This bill contemplates the validating of certain ordinances and contracts that were not heretofore recorded in the manner required by law. In other words it proposes by legislative enactment to correct the mistakes of omission by certain officials. It seems to me that the proper recourse in all such cases lies with the city and borough authorities employing such officials. The courts are the capable instruments of correcting rather than the General Assembly

For these reasons the bill is not approved.

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

On the question,

Shall the bill become a law, the veto of the Governor to the contrary, notwithstanding?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—0.

NAYS—190.

Adams,	Gallagher,	Luxemburger,	Shaffer,
Albee,	Gans,	Lynch,	Shoop,
Alcorn,	Garner,	Mangan,	Showalter,
Arnold,	Geary,	Marvin,	Sinclair,
Baker,	Geiser,	Mather,	Smith, J. W.,
Baldwin,	Gingery,	Maurer,	Smith, Jeff. W.,
Barnett,	Glenn,	McArdle,	Snyder,
Bauerle,	Gompers,	McCaig,	Sones,
Beck,	Goodnough,	McClintock,	Spangler,
Becker,	Goodwin,	McClure,	Spencer,
Benninger,	Goodyear,	McConnell,	Statler,
Bergy,	Gormley,	McDermott,	Staving,
Berntheizel,	Graham,	McKay,	Stein,
Beyer,	Gransback,	McNichol,	Stern,
Blackburn,	Greenwood,	McVicar,	Stone,
Body,	Habgood,	Mearkle,	Sullivan,
Bovee,	Hackett,	Mellott,	Swan,
Brosius,	Haggerty,	Milliron,	Swartz,
Brumbaugh,	Hamilton,	Murdoch,	Taylor,
Bungard,	Harper,	Neville,	Thomas,
Campbell, J. O.,	Heffernan,	Nieder,	Trach,
Campbell, T.,	Herman,	Nissley,	Twibill,
Christman,	Hess,	Oaks,	Urich,
Coldsmith,	Heyburn,	Ostrander,	Vickerman,
Conner,	Hibshman,	Palmer,	Vogdes,
Corbin,	Hoffman,	Perry,	Walsh,
Cox,	Hollingsworth,	Peters,	Walter,
Cromer,	Horton,	Phillips,	Walton,
Cummins,	Howarth,	Pickering,	Watson,
Curry,	Hubler,	Powell,	Weaver,
Davis,	Jack,	Ramsey,	Weimer,
Dawson,	Jones, E. E.,	Reel,	Weir,
Dell,	Jones, W. W.,	Reynolds,	West,
Diefenderfer,	Kaiser,	Rhoads,	Wettach,
Dodds,	Kitts,	Rich,	Whitaker,
Drinkhouse,	Klinger,	Rininger,	Whitten,
Dunn,	Kuhn,	Rinn,	Wildman,
Eby,	Kunkle,	Robertson,	Willard,
Ehrhardt,	Lafferty,	Roney,	Williams,
Eppley,	Landis,	Rothenberger,	Wilson, H. I.,
Erdman,	Lanius,	Rowell,	Wilson, W. H.,
Evans,	Lauer,	Rudisill,	Wobensmith,
Fackler,	Lauler,	Sampsel,	Wood,
Finnerty,	Leighner,	Sarig,	Wylie,
Flynn,	Lindsey,	Schaeffer,	Wynne,
Forster,	Lipschutz,	Scott,	Young,
Fretz,	Love,	Shaaber,	Ambler,
Fruit,	Luppert,		Speaker.

Less than the majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the negative, and the veto of the Governor was sustained.

Also the following:

APPROVAL OF HOUSE BILL NO. 280.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, March 26, 1915.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed House Bill No. 280 entitled "An Act prescribing certain duties for collectors of taxes in boroughs and townships and for county treasurers."

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

Also the following:

APPROVAL OF HOUSE BILL NO. 364.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, March 26, 1915.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed House Bill No. 364, entitled "An Act to assent to the provisions of an act of Congress approved May eighth one thousand nine hundred and fourteen entitled 'An Act to provide for Co-operative Agricultural Extension work between the agricultural colleges in the several states receiving the benefits of an act of Congress approved July second eighteen hundred and sixty-two and of acts supplementary thereto and the United States Department of Agriculture.'"

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

QUESTION OF PERSONAL PRIVILEGE.

Mr. THOMAS. Mr. Speaker, I desire to rise to a point of personal privilege.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman will state his point of personal privilege.

Mr. THOMAS. Mr. Speaker, I notice on today's calendar, page one, House Bill No. 1016, File Folio 3699, that my name appears as sponsor of this bill. I wish to have that corrected, as the bill was presented by Mr. Neville.

The SPEAKER. The Chair will state that this is an error of the printer. The name of the sponsor of the bill is Mr. Neville of Montgomery.

RECONSIDERATION OF VOTE.

Mr. WILLIAMS. Mr. Speaker, I move that the vote by which House Bill No. 731, File Folio 3193, entitled:

An Act providing for the appropriation of certain moneys to the organizations constituting and having in charge the distribution of various police pension funds throughout the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and defining the duties of certain officers in relation thereto

was defeated on Wednesday March 24th be reconsidered.

Mr. H. I. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the motion?

Mr. WILLIAMS. Mr. Speaker, this motion is made for the purpose of having the bill amended to overcome the objections that were made by me in the consideration of it on Wednesday last.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the motion?

It was agreed to.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. COX. Mr. Speaker, I move that House Bill No. 731, File Folio 3193 be recommitted to the Committee on Judiciary General for the purpose of amendment.

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the motion?

It was agreed to.

BILL ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 802, entitled,

An Act regulating the compensation commission and brokerage of persons securing or placing loans for buildings and loan associations providing for the recovery of excessive compensation commission or brokerage and providing penalties

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. TWIBILL. Mr. Speaker, I move that House Bill No. 802, File Folio 3353, be recommitted to the Committee on Banks.

Mr. GANS. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the motion?

It was agreed to.

BILL ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 1016, as follows:

An Act amending an act entitled "An Act to prohibit the killing of foxes by certain methods in Delaware county and fixing a penalty for violation of the act" approved May first one thousand nine hundred and thirteen

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section one of an act entitled "An Act to prohibit the killing of foxes by certain methods in Delaware county and fixing a penalty for violation of the act" approved May first one thousand nine hundred and thirteen which reads as follows

"Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That it shall be unlawful for any person to shoot trap or snare or poison any foxes within the limits of Delaware county" is amended to read as follows

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That it shall be unlawful for any person to shoot or trap or snare or poison any foxes within the limits of Delaware Chester or Montgomery counties

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. WHITAKER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to interrogate the gentleman from Montgomery, Mr. Neville.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Montgomery permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. NEVILLE. Yes, sir, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. WHITAKER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to ask the sponsor of this bill whether or not he has complied with the provisions of the Constitution and presented to this House the proof of publication which is required in the case of special legislation.

Mr. NEVILLE. Mr. Speaker, in answer to the gentleman's question, I will say that I did not, because I did not know about it until after the bill had been introduced.

POINT OF ORDER.

Mr. WHITAKER. Mr. Speaker as this is plainly special legislation applying only to two counties of the Commonwealth and it being impossible that it, under any circumstance, can apply to the entire Commonwealth I desire to rise to a point of order.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman will state his point of order.

Mr. WHITAKER. Mr. Speaker, my point of order is that the bill is unconstitutional. It offends Article Three, section eight, of the Constitution which provides that "No local or special bill shall be passed unless notice of the intention to apply therefor shall have been published in the locality where the matter or the thing to be affected may be situated, which notice shall be at least thirty days prior to the introduction into the Generaly Assembly of such bill and in the manner to be provided by law; the evidence of such notice having been published shall be exhibited to the General Assembly before such act shall be passed." Therefore Mr. Speaker as it is impossible to correct this defect at this time I make the point or order that the bill is unconstitutional.

The SPEAKER. The Chair would ask the Clerks if they have any proof of publication. The Chair being informed by the Clerks that they have none, and this bill not having been advertised, the point of order is well taken and the bill falls.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 947 (Senate Bill No. 176), as follows:

An Act to provide for the better protection and preservation of deer and elk squirrels and certain birds classed as game birds within the Commonwealth providing a method through which certain lands in the Commonwealth may be closed to hunting for a term of years and prescribing penalties for violation of its several provisions

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from and after the passage of this act the Board of Game Commissioners of this Commonwealth shall have the power and authority to close for a term of years to the purpose of hunting elk and deer squirrels of all kinds and wild turkey and ruffed grouse and quail commonly called Virginia partridge and ring-necked pheasant and Hungarian quail or either of them as may appear necessary to the citizens of any county of this Commonwealth for the purpose of adding to the protection of such animals and birds or either of them and assist in their increase in the county wherein such citizens may reside

Section 2 That whenever at least two hundred citizens of any county in this Commonwealth shall through written petition certify to the Board of Game Commissioners that in their opinion an absolutely closed season is necessary to insure the better protection and consequent increase of elk and deer and squirrels of all kinds and wild turkeys and ruffed grouse and quail and ring-necked pheasant and Hungarian quail or either of them in a wild state in that county in which such citizens may reside and asking that such county be closed to hunting for a period the Board of Game Commissioners shall forward to said petitioners and others a blank form setting forth such questions as they may consider best suited to determine the quantity of game and game conditions in the county in question and the necessity for closing said county to hunting which said forms with replies to entitle such answers to consideration before said Board of Game Commissioners shall be returned to said Board on or before the return day as fixed upon said forms such petitioners shall also publish for at least three consecutive weeks at their own expense in at least two prominent newspapers in the county to be closed the statement that such petitions has been filed with its purpose and the return day for information as fixed by the Board of Game Commissioners and shall file with said board duly certified copies of such notices as published in each newspaper on or before said return day If the written answers as returned shall fail to satisfy said Board of Game Commissioners that such closed season is necessary or those opposing such action shall demand a hearing before said board then a hearing shall be had upon such date and at such place within the county to be affected as may be decided upon by the said Board of Game Commissioners the expense of such hearing to be paid by those demanding the same if after the receipt of the written answers or the public hearing or both the Board of Game Commissioners shall be satisfied such closed season is necessary to insure the better protection of elk and deer squirrels of all kinds and wild turkeys and ruffed grouse and quail and ring-necked pheasants and Hungarian quail found in a wild state and their consequent increase in said county they are herewith empowered and directed to declare a closed season not to exceed five years for elk and deer and wild turkeys and ruffed grouse and quail and ring-necked pheasants and Hungarian quail or either of them found in a wild state within said county

The Board of Game Commissioners to make such closed season effective and binding shall be required to publish annually their decision and action regarding this matter in at least three newspapers if there be that many in each county affected thereby and to have notices of such ruling declaring such county closed to hunting printed and annually distributed in reasonable numbers throughout the affected territory

Each and every person violating any of the provisions of such ruling made by the Board of Game Commissioners under the requirements of this act shall be liable to a penalty of three hundred dollars for each elk and two hundred dollars for each deer and twenty-five dollars for each squirrel or bird taken killed wounded or attempted to be taken killed or wounded upon said closed territory

YEAS—30.

Beidleman,	Endsley,	McKee, W. S.	Smith, W. W.,
Buckman,	Farley,	McNichol,	Snyder, C. A.,
Catlin,	Gerberich,	Mills.	Sones,
Clark,	Hilton,	Patton,	Sproul,
Croft,	Hoke,	Phipps,	Thompson.
Crow,	Magee, C. J.,	Salus,	Kline,
Daix,	Martin,	Schantz,	Pres. pro tem.
DeWitt,	McConnell,	Smith, R. E.,	

NAYS—3.

Jenkins, Stewart, Tompkins,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 375, entitled:

An Act relative to the deposit of county funds by the county treasurer in banks

And said bill having been read at length the third time,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill?

Mr. SONES. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to amend the title by inserting after the word "banks" the words "in certain counties"; also in section 1, line 4, by inserting after the word "treasurer" the words "in counties having a population not exceeding one hundred and fifteen thousand inhabitants."

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

The amendment was agreed to.

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading as amended?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended be printed for the use of the Senate.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 386, entitled:

An Act to authorize the judges of the courts of common pleas of judicial districts having separate orphans' courts to hear and determine all matters in such courts at the request of the judges thereof

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—37.

Beidleman,	Jenkins,	Mills,	Sones,
Buckman,	Kurtz,	Moore,	Sproul,
Catlin,	Lynch,	Patton,	Stewart,
Clark,	Magee, C. J.,	Phipps,	Thompson,
Croft,	Martin,	Salus,	Tompkins,
Crow,	McConnell,	Schantz,	Vare,
Daix,	McKee, W. S.	Semmens,	Warner.
Endsley,	McNichol,	Smith, W. W.,	Wasbers,
Farley,	Miller,	Snyder, C. A.,	Kline,
Gerberich,			Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 387, as follows:

An Act concerning notaries public who are stockholders directors officers or employes of banks banking institutions trust companies or other corporations

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That hereafter it shall be lawful for any notary public who is a stockholder director officer or employe of a bank banking institution trust company or other corporation to take the acknowledgment of any party to any instrument executed to or by such corporation or to administer an oath to any other stockholder director officer employe or agent of such corporation or to protest for non-acceptance or non-payment bills of exchange drafts checks notes and other negotiable instruments which may be owned or held for collection by such corporation It shall be unlawful for any notary public to take the acknowledgment of an instrument by or to a bank banking institution trust company or other corporation of which he is a stockholder director officer or employe where such notary is a party to such instrument either individually or as a representative of such corporation or to protest any negotiable instrument owned or held for collection by such corporation where such notary is individually a party to such instrument No fees collected by any notary public shall in any manner whatever enure to the benefit of such bank banking institution trust company or other corporation

Section 2 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—37.

Beidleman,	Hilton,	Moore,	Sones,
Buckman,	Lynch,	Patton,	Sproul,
Catlin,	Magee, C. J.,	Phipps,	Stewart,
Clark,	Martin,	Salus,	Thompson,
Croft,	McConnell,	Schantz,	Tompkins,
Crow,	McKee, W. S.	Semmens,	Vare,
Daix,	McNichol,	Smith, R. E.,	Warner
Endsley,	Miller,	Smith, W. W.,	Wasbers,
Farley,	Mills,	Snyder, C. A.,	Kline,
Gerberich,			Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—1.

Jenkins,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILL OVER IN ORDER.

Mr. HOKE. Mr. President, I ask that Senate Bill No. 423, on third reading, entitled:

An Act regulating the printing of the laws of this Commonwealth

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 424, on third reading, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the third day of July one thousand eight hundred eighty-five entitled "An Act to establish uniform compensation to be allowed witnesses in civil and criminal cases before justices of the peace and aldermen in the several counties of this Commonwealth"

be recommitted to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No 445 (House No. 536), entitled:

An Act concerning the relations between attorney and client on suit being brought in any court of this Commonwealth and providing that the attorney shall the client's cause of action claim counteraction which have a lien for his compensation for his services upon upon the client's cause of action claim or counterclaim which shall attach to any award order report decision compromise settlement verdict or judgment in the client's favor and the proceeds thereof

in whosoever hands the same may be and which lien shall not be affected or defeated by any compromise or settlement between the parties before or after judgment

And said bill having been read at length the third time,

BILL POSTPONED.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill?

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, I move that the question, together with the further consideration of the bill, be postponed for the present.

Mr. VARE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 446 (House Bill No. 515), on third reading, entitled:

An Act requiring all public printing and the processes used in doing such printing to be done within the territorial limits of this Commonwealth

be recommitted to Committee on Public Printing.

Mr. KURTZ. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 477, entitled:

A supplement to an act approved the eighteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred fifty-three entitled "An Act relating to the sale and conveyance of real estate"

And said bill having been read at length the third time,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. PHIPPS. Mr. President, I move that the question, together with the further consideration of the bill, be postponed for the present.

Mr. McKEE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 490, as follows:

An Act relating to free public non-sectarian libraries and branch libraries within this Commonwealth providing for their establishment maintenance and regulation and for the maintenance and regulation of such free public non-sectarian libraries as may have been already established by the several counties cities boroughs towns townships and school districts and providing that all library property and all gifts devises grants or endowments for library purposes shall be exempt from taxation and providing that the several counties cities boroughs towns townships and school districts may levy taxes condemn private property and borrow money for library purposes and imposing penalties for injuring library property and for violation of library regulations and repealing existing laws in relation to the above subjects

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by authority of the same That all counties cities boroughs towns whether incorporated under general or special acts townships and school districts are hereby empowered either separately or in conjunction with one another under the terms of an agreement duly entered into as provided in section nine of this act to make appropriations from time to time under such conditions as the governing authorities of the same shall see fit for the establishment and maintenance of free public non-sectarian libraries with or without branches or branch non-sectarian libraries and also in aid of such free public non-sectarian libraries as shall have been already established within their or either of their respective limits Provided however That appropriations for maintenance and aid shall equal at least one mill on the dollar annually on all taxable property within said respective districts or so much thereof as may be certified by the board of library trustees hereinafter provided for to be necessary Special taxes for these purposes may be levied on the assessed valuation of the taxable property within any district or the same may be levied and collected with the general taxes

Section 2 In making such appropriations counties shall act by their county commissioners cities boroughs and towns by their executive head and councils townships by their supervisors or commissioners and school districts by their board of school directors

Section 3 The word "district" or "districts" whenever used in this act shall be construed to mean any county or counties city or cities borough or boroughs town or towns township or townships school district or school districts either separately or in conjunction with one another according to the circumstances

Section 4 The term "library" wherever used in this act shall be construed to mean a collection of books selected and administered primarily for the benefit of the general public

Section 5 Every library established or wholly or partially maintained under this act shall be forever free to the use of the inhabitants of the respective districts establishing or maintaining or assisting in the maintenance of the same who shall be allowed to take books away for use outside the library room always subject to such reasonable rules and regulations as the board of direction or trustees or commission or corporation having the library in charge may adopt and the governing body of the library may extend the privileges and the use of the same to persons residing outside of the district or districts that have created or are assisting in maintaining it upon such terms and conditions as from time to time may be prescribed

Section 6 The affairs of all free non-sectarian libraries established or maintained or both under the provisions of this act shall be under the direction and control of a board of not more than seven trustees who shall be appointed by the authorities of the respective districts creating or aiding said library for a term of five years and shall serve without compensation and where two or more districts have joined together for this purpose they shall be appointed in such manner as shall be mutually agreed upon When libraries are thus established the first appointees shall be appointed one for one year one for two years one for three years two for four years and two for five years and thereafter annually appointments shall be made to fill expiring terms each for the full term of five years All vacancies shall be filled by the board for the balance of the term made vacant The board shall be organized by the election of a president a secretary and a treasurer from its membership who shall receive no compensation for their services as much and such other officers and agents as shall be deemed necessary and the treasurer shall give bond in such sum as shall be determined by the board Provided however That any free public non-section library established before the passage of this act may retain its existing form of organization until such time as it sees fit to change the same so as to conform with these provisions and any such library shall be subject to all the other provisions of this act and entitled to all the benefits and privileges hereof without regard to its form of organization or the manner of its creation and maintenance and any free public non-sectarian library now established through private enterprise whether incorporated or not may retain its organization and at the same time receive public aid under this act

Section 7 The said governing body whether the same be a board of directors or trustees or a commission or a corporation shall annually furnish a report to the authorities of the county city borough town township or school district maintaining or assisting in the maintenance of said library stating its condition and that of any branches the various sums of money received and how expended and for what purpose the number of books and periodicals on hand the number added by purchase gift or otherwise during the year the number lost or missing or withdrawn the number of registered readers and such other statistics information and suggestions as they may deem of general public interest It shall also furnish to the Free Library Commission of the State such information as to its work as may be asked for

Section 8 It shall be lawful for the said board of direction trustees commission or corporation as the case may be to take and hold any property real and personal for the use of said library and any person desiring to make donations of books money personal property or real estate shall have the right to vest the title to the same in the said board of direction trustees commission or corporation to be held and controlled by said board of direction trustees commission or corporation when accepted according to the terms of the deed gift devise or bequest of such property as to such property the said board of direction trustees commission or corporation shall be held and considered to be special trustee

Section 9 No agreement between districts to act in conjunction with one another as provided for in section one of this act shall be valid until same shall have been accepted by a majority vote of each of the parties thereof acting separately and until the provisions thereof are stated in full in writing and signed by the parties thereto Said agreement shall set forth the purpose the terms as to the support and control and the conditions under which the agreement shall be terminated No change shall be made in said agreement except by a majority vote of each of the parties thereto

Section 10 It shall be lawful for the commissioners of any county the mayor and councils of any city the burgess and councils of any borough or town the supervisors or commissioners of any township and board of school directors of any school district within this Commonwealth to enter into contracts or agreements with any person or persons desiring to donate to said counties cities boroughs towns townships or school districts or to any board of direction trustees commission or corporation duly constituted for the management of any free public non-sectarian library or libraries within the same any sum or sums of money to be used

for the establishment of a free public non-sectarian library or of free branch libraries in the said districts or both or such person or persons making such donations may constitute and designate any such board of direction trustees commission or corporation managing any free public non-sectarian library or libraries in the said districts or any individual as he or they may select to represent him or them as a party to such contracts or agreements and said contracts or agreements may be authorized and executed by the aforesaid public authorities of the respective districts above mentioned and when so authorized and executed shall be binding on the said districts

Section 11 Said contracts or agreements may provide for the acceptance of such donation or donations of money to be used for the erection of free public non-sectarian libraries or branch free public non-sectarian libraries by the said districts or by the board of direction trustees commission or corporation duly constituted to manage the free public non-sectarian libraries therein and may provide that the said districts may and shall acquire from time to time or at any time or times to be fixed in and by the terms of the said contract or agreement by gift or purchase sites upon which shall be erected buildings for the said free public non-sectarian libraries or branches thereof the sites so acquired shall be such as may be assented to and approved by the boards of direction trustees commissions or corporations authorized to manage the free public non-sectarian libraries in said districts and when so acquired shall be used for the erection thereon of the said free public non-sectarian library buildings with funds donated as aforesaid in accordance with the terms of said contracts or agreements

Section 12 Said contracts and agreements may further provide for the annual appropriation by the said districts of such amount or amounts for the support and maintenance of the said free public non-sectarian libraries as the same shall be erected or under construction as may be agreed upon by and between the said districts and the said donor or donors of said money or the persons or corporations representing him or them and such amount or amounts shall thereupon become a charge upon the said district notwithstanding the provisions of any act or acts now in force and notwithstanding that at the date of the said contract or contracts no appropriation has been made by said district for the purpose thereof said charge to be annually provided for out of the tax levy of said districts

Section 13 Said contracts or agreements may provide for changes in or abandonment of the sites originally selected if or when such change or abandonment may be found necessary or desirable and may contain such other terms conditions and restrictions for the furtherance of the objects and purposes thereof as may be mutually agreed upon by the said parties

Section 14 Any county city borough town township or school district is hereby authorized to purchase or set apart lands and buildings or parts of buildings already owned by it or both or to erect or lease buildings to be used for free public non-sectarian library work or to alter buildings already erected so as to make them suitable for such use and it is also hereby authorized to provide for the cost of the same as in the case of other buildings to be used for municipal school or county purposes

Section 15 Any county city borough town township or school district is hereby authorized to acquire take use and appropriatte private property for free public library purposes either for the establishment of the library or for the enlarging or extending its grounds and buildings and if the authorities and owner or owners of said private property cannot agree upon the compensation and damage due or when by reason of legal absence or incapacity of any of the owner or owners lessee or lessees no such compensation can be agreed upon the court of common pleas of the proper county or any judge thereof in vacation on application by a petition of said authorities shall appoint three discreet and disinterested citizens of the county in which the district is located as viewers to view and ascertain the damages due by reason of such taking use appropriation occupancy or injury and shall appoint a time not less than twenty nor more than sixty days thereafter for said viewers to meet at or upon the premises where the damages are alleged to be sustained or the property taken of which time and place ten days' notice shall be given by the petition to such viewers and all parties interested by personal service when such service can be obtained otherwise by public notice in one or more papers or by hand-bills posted on the premises or in such other manner as the court may direct

Section 16 The viewers or any two of them having been duly sworn or affirmed faithfully justly and impartially to decide and a true report to make concerning all matters and things to be submitted to them shall view the premises and examine the property and estimate and determine the quantity quality and value of the land or property so entered upon used appropriated or injured as the case may be and having a due regard to and making a just allowance for the advantages which may result or which may seem likely to result to the owner or owners of said land or property in consequence of the taking enlarging or extending said library grounds and having made a fair and just comparison of the disadvantages and advantages which the owner or owners may receive they shall estimate and determine whether any and if any what amount of damages has been or may be sustained by whom and to whom payable and make report to the said court

Section 17 If any damages be awarded and the report of said viewers be confirmed by said court judgment shall be entered thereon and if the amount thereof shall not be paid within sixty days after the entry of such judgment the same shall be collected as other judgments against the said respective districts are now collected

Section 18 Upon the report of the viewers or any two of them any party interested may within twenty days thereafter file an appeal to said court in writing accompanied by an affidavit that the same is not taken for the purpose of delay but because the affiant firmly believes that injustice has been done and after such appeal either party may put the case at issue in the form directed by the said court and the same shall be tried by court and jury and after final judgment either party may appeal to the superior or supreme court as in other cases The costs incurred in the proceeding shall be paid by the district or districts found liable to pay the damages and the viewers shall be paid for their services the same sum as is now payable to road viewers

Section 19 Any building which shall be owned and occupied by a free public non-sectarian library and the land on which it stands and that which is immediately and necessarily appurtenant thereto shall be exempt from all county city borough town school bounty poor or road taxes notwithstanding the fact that some portion or portions of said building or grounds appurtenant may be yielding rentals to the corporation or association managing such library providing that the net receipts of said corporation or association from rentals shall be used solely for the purpose of maintaining the said library All gifts devises grants or endowments made to such a library and for such purposes shall be free from collateral inheritance tax and any gift endowments or funds of such free public non-sectarian library which are invested in interest-bearing securities the income from which shall be used solely for the purchase of books or the maintenance of such free public library shall be exempt from any State tax on money at interest

Section 20 It shall be the duty of the county commissioners the city borough or town councils the supervisors or commissioners of any township or the board of school directors of any school district if a petition is presented to them by fifteen per centum of the voters registered in their respective districts at the November election preceding the presentation of the same to submit the question of the esablishment or maintenance or both of a free public non-sectarian library in said district at the next ensuing election and if a majority of votes cast shall be in favor of the establishment or maintenance or both of a free public library the said authorities shall thereupon proceed to establish or maintain or both such a library in accordance with the provisions of this act If fifteen per centum of the said voters shall petition for the submission of the question of creating a bonded indebtedness for free public non-sectarian library purposes the said county commissioners city borough or town councils township supervisors or commissioners or board of school directors shall submit that question at the next ensuing election and a majority of the votes cast shall determine the result. If the election shall be favorable to the creation of such bonded indebtedness the authorities of the said district shall borrow the amount thus authorized upon the credit of the district and such moneys shall be used by them exclusively for said library purposes

Section 21 Whenever there is any city borough town township school district or county a free public non-sectarian library which is open to the use of all the residents thereof no new library shall be there established under the provisions of this act but all public aid hereby authorized shall be given to such existing free public non-sectarian library under proper agreement to enable it to meet as far as possible the needs of such residents. Provided however, That wherever there may be at the time of the passage of this act two or more free public non-sectarian libraries receiving aid from the same district the appropriation authorized by this act shall be divided between said libraries according to the terms of an agreement previously entered into between said libraries

Section 22 The governing board of any library established or maintained under the provisions of this act may establish or maintain or both a central library or branch libraries or both as it may deem most advantageous to the people to be served.

Section 23 This act shall not in any way affect any agreement or agreements heretofore made by any municipal corporation or district under any prior acts relating to free public libraries but all such agreements are hereby ratified and are to continue as binding contracts between the parties

Section 24 Any person who shall wilfully violate the rules and regulations for the government of any library maintained by or receiving aid from any county city borough town township, or school district may be excluded from the use of the said library by those in charge thereof and any person who shall wilfully cut mutilate mark or otherwise injure any book volume map chart magazine newspaper painting engraving or other property of or deposited in any such library shall be deemed to be guilty of a misdemeanor and may be prosecuted for said offense before any court of competent jurisdiction and upon conviction thereof shall be liable for each offense to a fine of not more than one hundred dollars and costs of prosecution or to imprisonment in the county jail not exceeding three months or both or either at the discretion of the court the said sum when collected to be for the use of the library against which aforesaid offense was committed

Section 25 Nothing in this act shall be construed to alter amend or repeal any provision in the act entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith"

approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven (P. L. 309)

Section 26 The following acts of Assembly and parts of acts namely

An Act entitled "An Act to promote the establishment of district and school libraries" approved the fifth day of May one thousand eight hundred sixty-four (P. L. 826)

An Act entitled "An Act appropriating the tax on dogs to the support of public libraries in boroughs" approved the twenty-third day of May one thousand eight hundred eighty-seven (P. L. 164)

An Act entitled "An Act empowering any city in this Commonwealth to take and hold donations of money books real and personal property for the purposes of a free library in said city and to make appropriations to maintain the same" approved the twenty-third day of May one thousand eight hundred eighty-seven (P. L. 179)

An Act entitled "An Act to authorize cities of the first class of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to levy a tax and make appropriations for the establishment and maintenance of free libraries" approved the seventh day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-five (P. L. 170)

An act entitled "An Act for the establishment of free public libraries in the several school districts of the Commonwealth except in cities of the first and second class" approved the twenty-eighth day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-five (P. L. 411)

An act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act for the establishment of free public libraries in the several school districts of this Commonwealth except in cities of the first and second class' approved the twenty-eighth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred ninety-five authorizing school districts to aid free public libraries otherwise established" approved the thirtieth day of March one thousand eight hundred ninety-seven (P. L. 10)

An act entitled "An Act to authorize boroughs of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to make appropriations for the establishment and maintenance of free public libraries" approved the twenty-fifth day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-seven (P. L. 84)

An act entitled "An Act authorizing borough councils or school boards of this Commonwealth to purchase acquire take use and appropriate private property for public library purposes and providing the manner in which damages sustained thereby shall be assessed and collected" approved the eleventh day of May one thousand nine hundred one (P. L. 169)

An act entitled "A further supplement to an act entitled 'An Act for the establishment of free public libraries in the several school districts of this Commonwealth except in cities of first and second class' approved the twenty-eighth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five authorizing the school directors boards or organizations having control of the common schools of any district to divide and distribute public libraries among the schools of the district" approved the eleventh day of May one thousand nine hundred one (P. L. 179)

An act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act for the establishment of free public libraries in the several school districts of this Commonwealth except in cities of first and second class' approved the twenty-eighth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five" approved the eleventh day of May one thousand nine hundred one (P. L. 180)

An act entitled "An Act to authorize the co-operation of cities of the third class school districts thereof and incorporated library associations therein for the erection and maintenance of free public libraries" approved the twenty-second day of May one thousand nine hundred one (P. L. 288)

An act entitled "An Act exempting from taxation the lands buildings and funds of free public non-sectarian libraries in boroughs and townships yielding revenues only partially sufficient for the maintenance of the same" approved the twenty-ninth day of May one thousand nine hundred one (P. L. 341)

An act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An act for the establishment of free public libraries in the several school districts of this Commonwealth except in cities of the first and second class' approved the twenty-eighth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five authorizing school districts to join in establishing and maintaining free public libraries or to join in aiding those otherwise established" approved the second day of April one thousand nine hundred three (P. L. 133)

An act entitled "An act to amend the third section of an act entitled 'An act for the establishment of free public libraries in the several school districts of the Commonwealth except in cities of the first and second class' approved the twenty-eighth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five providing that the tax levy for the purchase improvement and maintenance of such libraries shall be made upon the same subjects of taxation as are assessed for school purposes and shall be included in the school-tax levy" approved the twentieth day of April one thousand nine hundred five (P. L. 231)

An act entitled "An act to authorize boroughs of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to contract with the duly constituted managers or owners of existing non-sectarian public libraries for the free use of such libraries by the residents of such boroughs and to make appropriations for the hiring and procuring of such free use" approved the twenty-second day of April one thousand nine hundred five (P. L. 281)

An act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An act for the establishment of free public libraries in the several school districts of this Commonwealth except in cities of the first and second class approved the twenty-eighth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five authorizing school districts of townships and boroughs adjoining cities of the third class to join in establishing and maintaining free public libraries or to join in aiding those otherwise established" approved the first day of May one thousand nine hundred seven (P. L. 151)

An act entitled "An act to provide for the establishment and maintenance of free public libraries on a permanent basis in all municipalities throughout the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania except in cities of the first second and third class—townships and counties in same manner as is now provided in case of boroughs" approved the sixth day of June one thousand nine hundred seven (P. L. 421)

An act entitled "An act to amend an act entitled 'An act to authorize the co-operation of cities of the third class school districts thereof and incorporated library associations therein for the erection and maintenance of free public libraries' approved May twenty-second Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one so as to establish a maximum and minimum rate of tax levy for maintenance of such libraries" approved the twenty-seventh day of April one thousand nine hundred nine (P. L. 246)

An act entitled "An act to amend an act entitled 'An act for the establishment of free public libraries in the several school districts of the Commonwealth except in cities of the first and second class' approved the twenty-eighth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five so as to increase the maximum rate one-fourth of a mill and establish a minimum rate" approved the twenty-ninth day of April one thousand nine hundred nine (P. L. 294)

And all other acts and parts of acts general special or local appertaining to the subject matter covered by this act be and the same are hereby repealed it being intended that this act shall furnish a complete and exclusive system in itself so far as relates to free public libraries supported wholly or in part by the several municipalities of the Commonwealth

And said bill having been read at length the third time,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill?

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to amend section 25, in line 1, by inserting before the word "nothing" the following words: "No burial-ground nor any land belonging to any incorporated institution of learning, incorporated hospital association or unncorporated church, incorporated or unincorporated religious association, which land is actually used or held for the purpose of which such burial-ground, institution of learning, hospital, association, church, or religious association was established shall be taken under the provisions of this act, and."

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

The amendment was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading as amended?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended be printed for the use of the Senate.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 503, entitled:

An Act making mortgages given by benevolent charitable philanthropic educational and eleemosynary institutions corporations or unincorporated associations for permanent improvements and refunding purposes prior liens to the liens of the Commonwealth for the appropriation of moneys providing a method for the giving of such mortgages and fixing the duties of the Auditor-General and Board of Public Charities in connection therewith

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—41.

Beidleman,	Hoke,	Mills,	Snyder, P. W.,
Buckman,	Jenkins,	Moore,	Sones.
Catlin,	Kurtz,	Patton,	Sproul.
Clark,	Lynch,	Phipps,	Stewart,
Croft.	Magee, C. J.,	Salus,	Thompson.
Crow,	Martin,	Schantz.	Tompkins,
Daix,	McConnell,	Semmens,	Vare.
Endsley,	McKee, W. S.	Smith, R. E.,	Warner,
Farley,	McNichol,	Smith, W. W.,	Washers,
Gerberich,	Miller,	Snyder, C. A.,	Kline,
Hilton,			Pres pro tem

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 514 (House No. 240), entitled:

An Act creating a reward or bounty for the destruction of certain noxious animals killed within the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania providing a method for the payment of the same and providing the method of furnishing evidence of said destruction and penalties for the violation of the several provisions hereof

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—40.

Beidleman,	Hilton,	Miller,	Snyder, C. A.,
Buckman,	Hoke,	Mills,	Sones,
Catlin,	Jenkins,	Moore,	Sproul,
Clark,	Kurtz,	Patton,	Stewart,
Croft,	Lynch,	Phipps,	Thompson,
Crow,	Magee, C. J.,	Salus,	Tompkins,
Daix,	Martin,	Schantz,	Vare,
Endsley,	McConnell,	Semmens,	Warner,
Farley,	McKee, W. S.	Smith, R. E.,	Washers,
Gerberich,	McNichol,	Smith, W. W.,	Kline,
			Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 518 (House No. 410), entitled:

A Joint Resolution authorizing the printing and binding of the report of the commission to consider the revision and amendment of the penal laws of Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provision of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—40.

Beidleman,	Hilton,	Miller,	Snyder, C. A.,
Buckman,	Hoke,	Mills,	Sones,
Catlin,	Jenkins,	Moore,	Sproul,
Clark,	Kurtz,	Patton,	Stewart,
Croft,	Lynch,	Phipps,	Thompson,
Crow,	Magee, C. J.,	Salus,	Tompkins,
Daix,	Martin,	Schantz,	Vare,
Endsley,	McConnell,	Semmens,	Warner,
Farley,	McKee, W. S.,	Smith, R. E.,	Washers,
Gerberich,	McNichol,	Smith, W. W.,	Kline,
			Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 522 (House No. 653), entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to provide for State registration of nurses to establish a State board of examiners in connecion therewith and to provide penalties for the violation of certain provisions regarding such registration" approved the first day of May one thousand nine hundred nine providing further regulation as to applications for examination for registration of nurses and the fee chargeable therefor and providing for the making of reports of training schools for nurses whose competency for instruction is approved by the said board

And said bill having been read at length the third time,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill?

Mr. SALUS. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to amend the title, in line 1, by striking out the words "An Act to" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "To"; also section 1, in line 24, by srtiking out the word "monies" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "moneys."

The PRESIDENT. Is there objecton? The Chair hears none.

The amendment was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading as amended?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended be printed for the use of the Senate.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 528, entitled:

An Act to regulate the assessment on seated lands where township lines divide a tract of land and to determine the residence of owners and occupants of land when the dividing line between any two townships passes through the mansion house and prescribing the duties of assessors in such cases

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—38.

Beidleman,	Hilton,	Miller,	Sproul,
Buckman,	Hoke,	Mills,	Stewart,
Catlin,	Jenkins,	Moore,	Thompson,
Clark,	Kurtz,	Patton,	Tompkins,
Croft,	Lynch,	Phipps,	Vare,
Crow,	Magee, C. J.,	Salus,	Warner,
Daix,	Martin,	Smith, R. E.,	Washers,
Endsley,	McConnell,	Smith, W. W.,	Kline,
Farley,	McKee, W. S.,	Snyder, C. A.,	Pres. pro tem
Gerberich,	McNichol,	Sones,	

NAYS—1.

Schantz,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 538, as follows:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act regulating the publication of advertisements and notices required by law to be published in counties of this Commonwealth in newspapers published in the English language and nswspapers published in the German language" approved the thirtieth day of April one thousand nine hundred one

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section one of an act entitled "An Act regulating the publication of advertisements and notices required by law to be published in counties of this Commonwealth in newspapers published in the English language and newspapers published in the German language" approved the thirtieth day of April one thousand nine hundred and one which reads as follows

"Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by authority of the same That hereafter every advertisement and notice required by authority of law to be published in any county of the Commonwealth shall where said county shall contain according to the census last taken by the United States Government a population of over forty thousand persons who emigrated from Germany in addition to the publication thereof in a newspaper printed in the English language be also published in one German daily newspaper of general circulation printed in such county in the German language at a price not to exceed rates charged by English papers for like service publication in such German newspaper shall be made as often as that in said newspaper printed in English language and shall be subject to the same stipulations and regulations as those imposed for like services upon such newspapers published in the English language

All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with this act are hereby repealed" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it

is hereby enacted by authority of the same That hereafter every advertisement and notice required by authority of law to be published in any county of the Commonwealth shall where said county shall contain according to the census last taken by the United States Government a population of over forty thousand persons who emigrated from Germany or a population of over forty thousand persons who emigrated from Italy or a population of over forty thousand Yiddish speaking persons who emigrated from Europe in addition to the publication thereof in a newspaper printed in the English language be also published in one German daily newspaper and in one Italian daily newspaper and in one Yiddish daily newspaper of general circulation printed in such county in the German language and in the Italian language and in the Yiddish language at a price not to exceed the rates charged by English papers for like service publication in such German Italian and Yiddish newspapers shall be made as often as that in said newspaper printed in English language and shall be subject to the same stipulations and regulations as those imposed for like services upon such newspapers published in the English language

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—26.

Beidleman,	Gerberich,	Miller,	Sproul,
Catlin,	Kurtz,	Moore,	Thompson,
Croft,	Lynch,	Phipps,	Tompkins,
Crow,	Magee, C. J.,	Salus,	Vare,
Daix,	McConnell,	Schantz,	Kline,
Endsley,	McKee, W. S.,	Smith, W. W.,	Pres. pro tem.
Farley,	McNichol,	Snyder, C. A.,	

NAYS—9.

Buckman,	Patton,	Sensenich,	Stewart,
Jenkins,	Semmens,	Smith, R. E.,	Warner,
Martin,			

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 549, entitled:

An Act to fix salary of court criers and tipstaves in judicial districts containing more than two hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants and less than one million inhabitants

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—38.

Beidleman,	Jenkins,	Moore,	Sproul,
Buckman,	Kurtz,	Patton,	Stewart,
Catlin,	Lynch,	Phipps,	Thompson,
Clark,	Magee, C. J.,	Salus,	Tompkins,
Croft,	Martin,	Schantz,	Vare,
Crow,	McConnell,	Semmens,	Warner,
Daix,	McKee, W. S.,	Smith, R. E.,	Wasbers,
Endsley,	McNichol,	Smith, W. W.,	Kline,
Farley,	Miller,	Snyder, C. A.,	Pres. pro tem.
Gerberich,	Mills,	Sones,	

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 563, entitled:

An Act to refund to Bella Hershenson of McKean county money paid for license to sell oleomargarine

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—41.

Beidleman,	Jenkins,	Moore,	Snyder, P. W.
Buckman,	Kurtz,	Patton,	Sones,
Catlin,	Lynch,	Phipps,	Sproul,
Clark,	Magee, C. J.,	Salus,	Stewart,
Croft,	Martin,	Schantz,	Thompson,
Crow,	McConnell,	Semmens,	Tompkins,
Daix,	McKee, W. S.,	Sensenich,	Vare,
Endsley,	McNichol,	Smith, R. E.,	Warner,
Farley,	Miller,	Smith, W. W.,	Wasbers,
Gerberich,	Mills,	Snyder, C. A.,	Kline,
Hoke,			Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 567, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the purpose of refunding to the estate of Joseph B. Sheppard Junior moneys erroneously paid into the State Treasury

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Th yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—41.

Beidleman,	Hoke,	Mills,	Snyder, C. A.,
Buckman,	Jenkins,	Moore,	Sones,
Catlin,	Kurtz,	Patton,	Sproul,
Clark,	Lynch,	Phipps,	Stewart,
Croft,	Magee, C. J.,	Salus,	Thompson,
Crow,	Martin,	Schantz,	Tompkins,
Daix,	McConnell,	Semmens,	Vare,
Endsley,	McKee, W. S.,	Sensenich,	Warner,
Farley,	McNichol,	Smith, R. E.,	Washers,
Gerberich,	Miller,	Smith, W. W.,	Kline,
Hilton,			Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 577 (House No. 383), entitled:

An Act providing for the organization discipline maintenance and regulation of the militia of the Commonwealth

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows:

YEAS—41.

Beidleman,	Hoke,	Mills,	Snyder, C. A.,
Buckman,	Jenkins,	Moore,	Sones,
Catlin,	Kurtz,	Patton,	Sproul,
Clark,	Lynch,	Phipps,	Stewart,
Croft,	Magee, C. J.,	Salus,	Thompson,
Crow,	Martin,	Schantz,	Tompkins,
Daix,	McConnell,	Semmens,	Vare,
Endsley,	McKee, W. S.,	Sensenich,	Warner,
Farley,	McNichol,	Smith, R. E.,	Wasbers,
Gerberich,	Miller,	Smith, W. W.,	Kline,
Hilton,			Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—1.

Snyder, P. W.,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 579 (House No. 770), entitled:

An Act relative to the burial of the bodies of certain indigent deceased widows at the county expense

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—40.

Beidleman,	Hilton,	Miller,	Smith, W. W.,
Buckman,	Hoke,	Mills,	Snyder, C. A.,
Catlin,	Jenkins,	Moore,	Sones,
Clark,	Kurtz,	Patton,	Sproul,
Croft,	Lynch,	Phipps,	Thompson,
Crow,	Magee, C. J.,	Salus,	Tompkins,
Daix,	Martin,	Schantz,	Vare,
Endsley,	McConnell,	Semmens,	Warner,
Farley,	McKee, W. S.,	Sensenich,	Wasbers,
Gerberich,	McNichol,	Smith, R. E.,	Kline, Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—1.

Stewart,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 584 (House No. 665), entitled:

A Joint Resolution directing the publication of the pamphlet containing the game fish and forestry laws

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—40.

Beidleman,	Hoke,	Mills,	Snyder, C. A.,
Buckman,	Jenkins,	Moore,	Sones,
Catlin,	Kurtz,	Patton,	Sproul,
Clark,	Lynch,	Phipps,	Stewart,
Croft,	Magee, C. J.,	Salus,	Thompson,
Crow,	Martin,	Schantz,	Tompkins,
Daix,	McConnell,	Semmens,	Vare,
Endsley,	McKee, W. S.,	Sensenich,	Warner,
Farley,	McNichol,	Smith, R. E.,	Wasbers,
Gerberich,	Miller,	Smith, W. W.,	Kline, Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 588 (House Bill No. 573), entitled:

An Act to amend section eighteen of an act entitled "An Act providing for the original location laying out and construction of public roads or highways in the several counties of this Commonwealth and for the permanent improvement of certain public roads or highways therein making such originally constructed or improved roads and highways county roads authorizing the relocation opening straightening widening extension and alteration of the same and the vacation of so much of any road as may thereby become unnecessary providing that the county commissioners of any county may prescribe rules regulating the use of roads constructed or maintained by the various counties and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing for the taking of property for such improvement the compensation to be paid therefor and the payment of damages resulting from such taking and the manner in which such damages may be determined providing for the payment of the costs and expenses of such construction or improvement and in thereafter repairing and maintaining said roads authorizing the levy of a tax or the issuing of bonds to provide a fund for the expense thereof prescribing a method for improving a county road lying within or traversing a borough and apportioning the cost of such improvement and authorizing the vacation of any county road" approved the eleventh day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred eleven as the same was amended by an act approved the twelfth day of May one thousand nine hundred thirteen by authorizing counties to contract with municipalities in the improvement of certain streets of such municipalities connecting with a county road providing for the cost thereof prescribing the method by which the contract for such improvement shall be made and imposing the cost of the maintenance of such streets on the municipalities

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—40.

Beidleman,	Hilton,	Miller,	Snyder, C. A.,
Buckman,	Hoke,	Mills,	Sones,
Catlin,	Jenkins,	Moore,	Sproul,
Clark,	Kurtz,	Patton,	Stewart,
Croft,	Lynch,	Phipps,	Thompson,
Crow,	Magee, C. J.,	Salus,	Tompkins,
Daix,	Martin,	Schantz,	Vare,
Endsley,	McConnell,	Semmens,	Warner,
Farley,	McKee, W. S.,	Smith, R. E.,	Wasbers,
Gerberich,	McNichol,	Smith, W. W.,	Kline, Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the House is requested.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 589 (House Bill No. 92), entitled:

An Act relating to checks and drafts and fixing penalties

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—42.

Beidleman,	Hilton,	Mills,	Sones,
Buckman,	Hoke,	Moore,	Sproul,
Catlin,	Jenkins,	Patton,	Stewart,
Clark,	Kurtz,	Phipps,	Thompson,
Croft,	Lynch,	Salus,	Tompkins,
Crow,	Magee, C. J.	Schantz,	Vare,
Daix,	Martin,	Semmens,	Warner,
DeWitt,	McConnell,	Sensenich,	Wasbers,
Endsley,	McKee, W. S.,	Smith, R. E.,	Kline,
Farley,	McNichol,	Smith, W. W.,	Pres. pro tem.
Gerberich,	Miller,	Snyder, C. A.,	

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the House is requested.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 597 (House Bill No. 516), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Board of Game Commissioners for the payment of salaries traveling expenses establishment maintenance and protection of game preserves feeding propagation and distribution of game leasing of land for game preserves and various incidental expenses

And said bill having been read at length the third time,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. PATTON. Mr. President, I move that the question, together with the further consideration of the bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. JENKINS. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 604 (House Bill No. 434), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to refund to Henry S. Reichard of South Bethlehem Pennsylvania money erroneously paid into the State Treasury

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—41.

Beidleman,	Hoke,	Mills,	Snyder, C. A.,
Buckman,	Jenkins,	Moore,	Sones,
Catlin,	Kurtz,	Patton,	Sproul,
Clark,	Lynch,	Phipps,	Stewart,
Croft,	Magee, C. J.,	Salus,	Thompson,
Crow,	Martin,	Schantz,	Tompkins,
Daix,	McConnell,	Semmens,	Vare,
Endsley,	McKee, W. S.,	Sensenich,	Warner,
Farley,	McNichol,	Smith, R. E.,	Wasbers,
Gerberich,	Miller,	Smith, W. W.,	Kline,
Hilton,			Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. JENKINS. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 608 (House Bill No. 800), on third reading, entitled:

An Act to repeal an act approved the first day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled 'An Act to tax traction engines and providing that the same shall be assessed by the several assessors of the counties of this Commonwealth in the same manner as other articles of personal estate liable for taxation are assessed"

be recommitted to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. MAGEE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 621 (House Bill No. 595), entitled:

An Act to provide for the immediate printing and distribution of advance sheets of the laws of this Commonwealth as they are enacted from time to time to persons making application therefor and to certain officials

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—40.

Beidleman,	Hilton,	Miller,	Snyder, C. A.,
Buckman,	Hoke,	Mills,	Sones,
Catlin,	Jenkins,	Moore,	Sproul,
Clark,	Kurtz,	Patton,	Stewart,
Croft,	Lynch,	Phipps,	Tompkins,
Crow,	Magee, C. J.,	Salus,	Tompkins,
Daix,	Martin,	Schantz,	Vare,
Endsley,	McConnell,	Semmens,	Warner,
Farley,	McKee, W. S.,	Sensenich,	Wasbers,
Gerberich,	McNichol,	Smith, W. W.,	Kline,
			Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. HOKE. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 40, on third reading, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Highway Department to cover a deficiency in the general appropriation of one thousand nine hundred thirteen for acquiring turnpike roads

be recommitted to the Committee on Appropriations for the purpose of amendment.

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Mr. FARLEY. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now resume consideration of Senate Bill No. 319, on third reading postponed for the present, entitled:

An Act to regulate the taking of private property for municipal or public purposes

Mr. WASBERS. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

And the question recurring,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. FARLEY. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to amend the title by adding the following: "and relating to the plotting of streets, avenues, parkways, and parks, upon the public plan of any city, borough or township, and the establishment of grades therefor; also by striking out the preamble; also section 1, in line 3, by striking out the balance of the section after the word "that", and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"no street shall be plotted upon the public plan of any municipal corporation for a period of more than one year where fifty (50%) per cent, or more of the property lying within the plotted lines of said street shall be improved properly; and no boulevard, parkway or park shall be plotted upon said public plan of any such municipal corporation for a period of more than one year; unless the said street, boulevard or parkway shall have been legally open to public use or said park condemned for public use within the said period of one year after the plotting. When the said plotting for public use has not been followed by the legal taking of the property within one year from the date thereof then said plotting shall be void and the said street, boulevard, parkway or park shall be stricken from the plan and shall not again be placed thereon for a period of one year thereafter."

Also in section 2, in line 1, by striking out after the figure "2" the balance of the section and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

When the lines of a legally opened street within the corporate limits of a municipality within this Commonwealth shall be revised so that the same shall be placed upon the public plan of said municipality of a greater width than said street is legally opened any owner of property desiring to alter or improve any property abutting on said street shall recede to the new lines of the street as plotted and thereupon shall be entitled to have the damages assessed for the widening of the said street in from of the said property so altered or improved in accordance with existing laws.

Also section 3, in line 1, by striking out after the figure "3" the balance of the section and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

When the confirmed grades of any legally opened street within the corporate limits of any municipality within this Commonwealth shall be revised so that the revised grade of the said street as placed upon the public plans of said municipality shall differ from the grade at which the said street is legally opened, it shall be the duty of the said municipality to grade said street to the said revised grade lines within one year after the same shall be legally confirmed; otherwise said revision of grades shall be null and void and the prior physical grade of said street shall become the confirmed grade thereof and shall not be altered for a period of one year thereafter.

Also by adding new sections as follows:

Section 4 That in the assessment in damages by any Board of Viewers or any Court of Record the measure thereof shall be the actual value of the property and any depreciation in the value of the portion remaining, and that in case of improved property no benefits shall be assessed against the owners of abutting or contiguous property, and further that from and after the condemnation of any property or part thereof for public use the taxes against the

private owner shall abate if the whole property be condemned, but if only a portion of a property shall be condemned, the taxes shall be prorated.

Section 5 All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

The amendment was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading as amended?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended be printed for the use of the Senate.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. FARLEY. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 319, the bill just read, be recommitted to the Committee on Municipal Affairs.

Mr. WASBERS. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. ENDSLEY. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make reports from Committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. ENDSLEY, from the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 169, entitled:

An Act for the protection of the public health by providing that persons, firms or corporations who are operating or conducting hotels, restaurants, dining cars or other public eating places in this Commonwealth, shall not employ or keep in their employ as cooks, waiters, kitchen help, chambermaids or other house servants any person or persones who are suffering from trachoma, active tuberculosis of the lungs, open skin tuberculosis, syphillis, gonorrhea, open external cancer or barbers' itch, or who are carriers of typhoid fever; and further providing, that no dishes receptacles or utensils used in eating or drinking shall be furnished to patrons or customers of any public eating place unless the same have been thoroughly cleansed since used by another individual; and further providing that no towels shall be furnished in any wash room in connection with any such public eating place unless such towels be laundered or discarded after each individual use; and further providing that no common drinking cups shall be furnished at any public drinking place operated in connection with any such public eating place, and providing penalties for violations of the provisions of this act.

Also from the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, re-reported as amended Senate Bill No. 125, entitled:

An Act amending and supplementing sections one and two of an act entitled "An Act for the promotion of medical science by the distribution and use of unclaimed human bodies for scientific purposes through a board created for that purpose and to prevent unauthorized uses and traffic in human bodies," approved June 13th, 1883, by providing that the name of said board of distribution shall be Anatomical Board of the State of Pennsylvania; by extending its provisions to all persons having charge or control over bodies required to be buried at the public expense by requiring immediate notice of the death of any person required to be buried at the public expense, by requiring notice in all cases but providing that there shall not be delivered to the Board created under the act the bodies of deceased indigent persons where claimed by relatives within twenty-four hours after death for interment at the expense of the claimant or the bodies of honorably discharged soldiers, sailors or marines who have served the United States in any war or who were in active service in the militia of the State of Pennsylvania under and in pursuance of any of the proclamations issued by the Governor during the Civil War and not duly mustered into the service of the United States by repealing the provisions as to deceased indigent travelers by providing for the burial at the expense of the county of indigent persons unfit for anatomical purposes upon the certificate of the Board or its duly authorized officer or agent that such bodies are unfit for anatomical purposes or are the bodies of soldiers, sailors or marines required to be buried at the public expenses and that the provisions of this act have been complied with by providing that no warrants for payment of expenses of burial shall be drawn or paid except upon such certificates by providing that the burial of bodies rendered unfit for anatomical purposes by the failure to comply with the provisions of this act at the expense of the person failing to comply with its provisions.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER from the Committee on Judiciary Special reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 668, entitled:

An Act establishing in counties of a population from two hundred thousand inhabitants to three hundred and twenty-five thousand inhabitants a Board for the Assessment and Revision of Taxes; prescribing their powers, duties and salaries and abolishing the office of city, borough, township and ward assessors.

Also from the Committee on Judiciary Special reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 662, entitled:

An Act regulating the licensing of dealers in intoxicating liquors in the County of Schuylkill; creating a Liquor License Commission for said County; prescribing its powers and duties; providing for the appointment of commissioners by the Governor and imposing certain duties upon the county commissioners and expenses upon said county.

Also from the Committee on Judiciary Special reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 318, entitled:

An Act relative to passenger elevators in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, and providing for violation thereof.

Also from the Committee on Judiciary Special reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 272, entitled:

An Act creating a State Bureau of Elevator Inspection and the powers thereof throughout the State of Pennsylvania excepting the cities of the first class, in providing for the appointment of a Chief Inspector an Assistant Chief Inspector and as many Elevator Inspectors and employes as may be necessary from time to time to enforce this act, and providing salaries for the same; providing laws for the protection of the public, elevator operators and attendants; empowering the Chief of said Bureau to make, alter, amend and repeal rules and regulations relating thereto.

Mr. SCHANTZ. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. SCHANTZ, from the Committee on Library, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 644, entitled:

An Act to amend an act, entitled "An Act to create a Legislative Reference Bureau in the Pennsylvania State Library; authorizing the appointment of a Reference Director and subordinate officers, defining their duties and fixing their compensation," approved the 27th day of April, A. D. 1909 (P. L. p. 1909 page 208) as amended by an act, entitled "An Act amending the second, third, fourth and seventh sections of an act approved the 27th day of April, A. D. 1909, entitled 'An Act to create a Legislative Reference Bureau in the Pennsylvania State Library; authorizing the appointment of a Reference Director and subordinate officers, defining their duties and fixing their compensation,' by providing for additional, permanent and emergency employes in the Bureau and fixing their salaries; increasing the salaries of the Director and Assistant Director, and increasing the powers and duties of the Director," approved the 21st day of April, A. D. 1911 (P. L. p. 1911, p. 76).

Mr. MAGEE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. MAGEE, from the Committee on Canals and Inland Navigation, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 694, entitled:

An Act amending sections one, two, twelve, thirteen, fourteen, fifteen, sixteen, twenty, twenty-one, twenty-two, twenty-four, twenty-six and twenty-seven of an act, entitled "An Act providing for the location, construction, operation and maintenance by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania of a canal or waterway from the junction of the Ohio and Beaver Rivers in Pennsylvania to Lake Erie at or near the mouth of Indian Creek in the State of Ohio with all appurtenances necessary or convenient for the purpose and for the utilization of the water power developed or created in the construction and operation thereof; providing for the payment of the cost of construction of said canal or waterway and appurtenances out of funds to be contributed by certain counties in the States of Pennsylvania, Ohio, and West Virginia or any of them and by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and other public authorities; providing for the creation of a canal board to have charge of said work; prescribing and defining the powers and duties of said Board; and the conditions under which the said work shall be carried on; providing for the payment of damages sustained by reason of the appropriation of property and rights in the exercise of the right of eminent domain herein conferred; providing for the reimbursement in the manner

provided in this act of said counties contributing to the payment of the cost of constructing said canal or waterway and appurtenances; imposing certain duties upon the Auditor General and State Treasurer; authorizing the said Canal Board to make certain rules and regulations for the use of said canal and making violations thereof misdemeanors and providing penalties therefor and making an appropriation for carrying out certain provisions of this act," approved the 27th day of June, A. D. 1913, by making provision among other things for the following; providing for a change of depth of the canal or waterway and alternative route and branch canal; regulating the utilization of surplus water; authorizing the canal board to make deviations in certain cases from the route of said canal or waterway as located by it; regulating the number of members of which the canal board may consist and defining their duties and powers in certain respects; regulating and limiting the tolls and charges to be collected for the use of the canal or waterway and defining the rights of the public in the use of said canal or waterway; providing for the utilization of surplus water; directing that certain of the public authorities contributing to the cost of construction said canal or waterway and appurtenances be reimbursed out of the surplus revenues of said canal or waterway in the manner herein set forth; providing a method of receiving the appropriations in money or bonds made by the contributing authorities and regulating the sale of bonds so contributed and imposing certain duties upon the treasurer of the Commonwealth in connection therewith and in other respects; enlarging the powers of eminent domain in certain cases; and regulating the method of its exercise; providing for the manner of paying the expense incident to changing the location of or altering or otherwise modifying certain works and the crossing of highways and railroads by the canal, its branches or channels and regulating the manner of letting certain contracts.

Also from the Committee on Canals and Inland Navigation reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 695, entitled:

An Act authorizing counties to increase their indbetedness and issue bonds in aid of the construction by the State of Pennsylvania or by a commission, board or other agency thereof of canals or navigable waterways connecting the Great Lakes or the Atlantic Ocean with any navigable waters of this State; providing that county commissioners shall submit the question of issuing such bonds to a vote of the electors of any county when directed so to do by an order of the court of quarter sessions made upon petition filed by qualified electors and tax payers; and requiring county commissioners to issue such bonds if a majority of the electors voting on the question vote in favor of such issuance; providing for the manner of delivery and sale of such bonds and for the procedure in other respects repealing inconsistent legislation.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 190 (House Bill No. 104), as follows:

An Act regulating the manner and time of payment of employes of cities of the first class

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That employes of cities of the first class shall be paid semi-monthly on the first day and the fifteenth day of the month

Section 2 All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with or supplied by this act are repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 192 (House Bill No. 10), entitled:

An Act regulating the manner of payment of county employes in counties having a population over one million

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 194 (House Bill No. 95), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-fourth day of February one thousand eight hundred thirty-four entitled "An Act relating to executors and administrators" as amended

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order.

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 373, as follows:

An Act to repeal sections one and two of an act approved the twenty-fourth day of April one thousand nine hundred one entitled "An Act to encourage the use of wide tires upon wagons upon the public highways of this Commonwealth and providing penalties for its violation"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the first and section sections of an act approved the twenty-fourth day of April one thousand nine hundred one entitled "An Act to encourage the use of wide tires upon wagons upon the public highways of this Commonwealth and providing penalties for its violations" are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 409, as follows:

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution of this Commonwealth in accordance with provisions of the eighteenth (XVIII) article thereof

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the following is proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in accordance with the provisions of the eighteenth (XVIII) article thereof

AMENDMENT

Laws may be passed providing for a system of registering transferring insuring of and guaranteeing land titles by the State or by the counties thereof and for settling and determining adverse or other claims to and interests in lands the titles to which are so registered transferred insured and guaranteed and for the creation and collection of indemnity funds and for carrying the system and powers hereby provided for into effect by such existing courts as may be designated by the Legislature and by the establishment of such new courts as may be deemed necessary In matters arising in and under the operation of such system judicial powers with right of appeal may be conferred by the Legislyature upon county recorders and upon other officers by it designated Such laws may provide for continuing the registering transferring insuring and guarantee such title after the first or original registration has been perfected by the court and provision may be made for raising the necessary funds for expenses and salaries of officers which shall be paid out of the treasury of the several counties

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 428, as follows:

An Act to create in Pennsylvania what shall be known as "Bird Day" and requiring all teachers in our public schools upon that day to make a special effort in teaching the value of the lifework of birds to our people

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from and after the passage of this act the third Tuesday of March of each year shall be known as "Bird Day" in Pennsylvania and it shall be the duty of every teacher in the public schools of this Commonwealth under penalty of reprimand or dismissal as the case may require to devote together with their pupils at least two hours of such school day to the study of wild birds and especially to consider the value of the life work of such birds to the people and the best methods through which the conservation and increase of useful birds may be secured and it shall be the duty of all school

superintendents within this Commonwealth either county city or otherwise to see to it that the requirements of this act are complied with

Section 2 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 444 (House Bill No. 513), entitled:

An Act relating to the satisfaction of mortgages under power of attorney directed to the recorder of deeds

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 459, as follows:

An Act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act permitting in certain cases imposition of costs upon the proper county in proceedings for the commitment of an allaged insane person" approved the twentieth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section one of the act entitled "An Act permitting in certain cases imposition of costs upon the proper county in proceedings for the commitment of an alleged insane person" approved the twentieth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven which reads as follows

"Section 1 That hereafter the court of common pleas wherein a proceeding shall be had for the commitment of an alleged insane person may in its discretion impose the costs of such proceeding upon the proper county where the report of the commission shall be adverse to the petitioners" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

"Section 1 That hereafter any court wherein a proceeding shall be had for the commitment of an alleged insane person may in its discretion impose the costs of such proceeding upon the proper county where the report of the commission shall be adverse to the petitioners

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 468, as follows:

An Act supplementing and amending section nine of an act entitled "An Act establishing a court for the county of Philadelphia prescribing its jurisdiction and powers providing for the service of its writs process or warrants by the proper officers of the coutny or city of Philadelphia regulating the procedure therein and appeals therefrom and providing for the expenses thereof" approved the twelfth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen by increasing the amount of salary to be paid to the chief probation officer and to additional probation officers

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section nine of an act entitled "An Act establishing a court for the county of Philadelphia prescribing its writs process or warrants by the proper officers of the county or city of Philadelphia regulating the procedure therein and appeals therefrom and providing for the expenses thereof" which reads as follows

Section 9 The president judge shall appoint a chief probation officer whose salary shall not exceed three thousand dollars ($3,000.00) a year and such additional probation officers as a majority of the judges may determine at salaries not to exceed one thousand five hundred dollars ($1,500.00) a year whose powers and duties shall be similar to those heretofore appointed by the court of quarter sessions of the peace for said county

There shall be no preliminary hearings in any cases affecting dependent delinquent or neglected children under the age of sixteen years as defined by existing laws relating to such proceedings (which laws are hereby made applicable to proceedings in the municipal court) but such children shall be brought immediately before the judge of the juvenile court and he shall hear and determine said cases separately from each other at such place and at such hours of the day or night as will in the judgment of the president judge and of the judge of the juvenile court be most conducive to the welfare of such children" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 9 The president judge shall appoint a chief probation officer whose salary shall not exceed five thousand dollars ($5,000.00) a year and such additional probation officers as he may determine at salaries not to exceed two thousand five hundred dollars ($2,500.00) a year whose powers and duties shall be similar to those heretofore appointed by the court of quarter sessions of the peace for said county

There shall be no preliminary hearings in any cases affecting dependent delinquent or neglected children under the age of sixteen years as defined by existing laws relating to such proceedings (which laws are hereby made applicable to proceedings in the municipal court) but such children shall be brought immediately before the judge of the juvenile court and he shall hear and determine said cases separately from each other at such place and at such hours of the day or night as will in the judgment of the president judge and of the judge of the juvenile court be most conducive to the welfare of such children

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 492, as follows:

An Act validating certain divorces

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That any divorces heretofore granted where the petition or libel was sworn to by the libellant before any judge of the county or before any person in the county legally authorized to take acknowledgements is hereby validated if the proceedings in such divorce were otherwise in compliance with the law

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 507, as follows:

An Act authorizing John E Joos a resident of the city of Pittsburgh Allegheny county Pennsylvania to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met by virtue of the power vested in it by section eleven of article one of the constitution of Pennsylvania does hereby authorize and allow John E. Joos resident of the city of Pittsburgh Allegheny county Pennsylvania to bring suit or suits against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania either in law or equity in the courts of common pleas of Dauphin county for any sum or sums of money together with interest thereon that may be legally due the said John E Joos by reason of a contract made in the year one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five between the said John E. Joos as owner and publisher of a German newspaper in said Allegheny county and Louis T Brown mercantile appraiser of Allegheny county for the publication in said newspaper of the tax list of said mercantile appraisers Said suit or suits to be subject to the rules of pleading evidence and appeal as other suits brought in said courts are subject

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 530, entitled:

An Act to amend sections seven and eleven of an act entitled "An Act to regulate the nomination and election of public officers requiring

certain expenses incident thereto to be paid by the several counties and punishing certain offences in regard to such elections" approved the tenth day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-three

The first section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section seven of an act entitled "An Act to regulate the nomination and election of public officers requiring certain expenses incident thereto to be paid by the several counties and punishing certain offences in regard to such elections" approved the tenth day of June one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three which reads as follows

"Section 7 Any person whose name has been presented as a candidate may cause his name to be withdrawn from nomination by request in writing signed by him and acknowlged before an officer qualified to take acknowledgments of deeds and filed in the office where his nomination certificate or paper is on file fifteen days or in case of township or borough elections twelve days previous to the day of the election and no name so withdrawn shall be printed upon the ballots

Where any office not in court of record shall for any cause become vacant after the time for making nominations for such office shall have elapsed or when a writ for a special election to supply a vacancy shall direct such election to be held at a date which would prevent the making of nominations in time to comply with section five of this act nomination for the office to be filled may still be made in accordance with sections two and three of this act but in other respects the provisions of section twelve of this act shall apply to such nominations be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 7 The name of any person who has been presented as a candidate shall not be permitted to be withdrawn from nomination except in case of death of said candidate

Where any office not in court of record shall for any cause become vacant after the time of making nominations for such office shall have elapsed or when a writ for a special election to supply a vacancy shall direct such election to be held at a date which would prevent the making of nominations in time to comply with section five of this act nominations for the office be filled may still be made in accordance with sections two and three of this act but in other respects the provisions of section twelve of this act shall apply to such nominations

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. PATTON. Mr. President, I move to amend section 1 in line 15 by inserting after the word "in" the word "the"; also in line 16 by striking out the word "or" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "and"; also in line 25 by striking out the word "nomination" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "nominations"; also in line 29 by inserting after "tions" a double quotation mark.

Mr. JENKINS. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The second section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 2 That section eleven of the said act which reads as follows

"Section 11 In case of the death or withdrawal of any candidate nominated as herein provided the party convention primary meeting caucus or board or the citizens who nominated such candidate may nominate a substitute in his place by filing in the proper office at any time before the day of election a nomination certificate or paper which shall conform to all the requirements of this act in regard to original certificates or papers Provided that if the said convention or citizens shall have authorized any committee or if any executive committee of any political party be authorized by the rules of said party to make nominations in the event of the death or withdrawal of candidates the said convention shall not be required to reconvene nor the said citizen to sign a nomination paper but the said committee shall have power to file the requisite nomination certificates or paper which shall recite the facts of the appointment and powers of the said committee (naming all its members) of the death or withdrawal of the candidate and of the action of the committee thereon and the truth of these facts shall be verified by the affidavit annexed to the affidavit in support of the original certificate or two of the certificate or paper of two members of the committee and also of at least two officers of the convention who made affidavit in support of the original certificate or two of the citizens who made affidavit to the original paper And Provided also That in case of a substituted nomination paper not filed by a committee but signed by citizens it shall only be necessary that two-thirds of the signers of the said paper shall have been signers of the original paper" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 11 In case of the death of any candidate nominated as herein provided the party convention primary meeting caucus or board or the citizens who nominated such candidate may nominate a substitute in his place by filing in the proper office at any time before the day of election a nomination certificate or paper which shall conform to all the requirements of this act in regard to original certificates or papers Provided That if the said convention or citizens shall have authorized any committee or if any executive committee of any political party be authorized by the rules of said party to make nominations in the event of the death of candidates the said convention shall not be required to reconvene nor the said citizens to sign a new nomination paper but the said committee shall have power to file the requisite nomination certificate or papers which shall recite the facts of the appointment and powers of the said committee (naming all its members) of the death of the candidate and of the action of the committee thereon and the truth of these facts shall be verified by the affidavit annexed also of at least two of the officers of the convention who made affidavit in support of the original paper And Provided also That in case of a substituted nomination paper not filed by a committee but signed by citizens it shall only be necessary that two-thirds of the signers of the paper shall have been signers of the original paper

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. PATTON. Mr. President, I move to amend section 22 in line 17 by inserting after the word "a" the word "new"; also in line 18 by striking out the word "certificates" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "certificate"; also in line 25 by inserting after the word "two" the words "of the."

Mr. JENKINS. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

The title of the bill was read as follows and agreed to.

An Act to amend sections seven and eleven of an act entitled "An Act to regulate the nomination and election of public officers requiring certain expenses incident thereto to be paid by the several counties and punishing certain offences in regard to such elections" approved the tenth day of June one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 531, as follows:

An Act to repeal an act approved the twenty-fourth day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act to regulate nominations and elections for all elective offices of cities of the second class and all offices of judge of a court of record providing for non-partisan nominations and elections for said offices abolishing certain existing methods of nomination in such cases and the use of party or poltical names or appellations at elections with respect to said offices imposing certain duties upon the Secretary of the Commonwealth county commissioners and election officers and clerks and providing penalties for the violation of the provisions hereof and the punishment of certain offenses"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the act approved the twenty-fourth day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act to regulate nominations and elections for all elective offices of cities of the second class and all offices of judge of a court of record providing for non-partisan nominations and elections for said offices abolishing certain existing methods of nomination in such cases and the use of party or political names or appellations at elections with respect to said offices imposing certain duties upon the Secretary of the Commonwealth county commissioners and election officers and clerks and providing penalties for the violation of the provisions hereof and the punishment of certain offenses" is hereby repealed

Section 2 This act shall take effect on the first day of January one thousand nine hundred sixteen

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 533, entitled:

An Act to amend section six of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the personal registration of electors and their enrollment as members of political parties in cities of the first and second classes of this Commonwealth to make such registration a condition of the right to vote in such cities and their said enrollement as members of a political party a condition of the right to vote at primaries in said cities and providing for the payment of witness fees for person summoned before the commissioners to provide penalties for violations of its provisions and to repeal acts inconsistent herewith" approved the twenty-fourth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen

The first section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section fifteen of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the personal registration of electors and their enrollment as members of political parties in cities of the first and second classes of this Commonwealth to make such registration a condition of the right to vote in such cities and their said enrollment as members of a political party a condition of the right to vote at primaries in said cities and providing for the payment of witness fees for persons summoned before the commissioners to provide penalties for violations of its provisions and to repeal acts inconsistent herewith" approved the twenty-fourth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen which reads as follows

Section 15 If any citizen shall object to the action of the registrars in accepting or rejecting any claim for registration he may file with his petition duly sworn to by said citizen with the commissioners setting forth the ground of his complaint If the complaint is to the acceptance of a claim notice to the claimant shall be given by leaving a written or printed notice at his place of residence as given by him to the registrar and recorded in the register When such petitions are filed the commissioners shall fix a time and place for hearing them sufficiently in advance of the election to enable the same to be heard and disposed of prior thereto and to have a review thereof by the courts Such hearing shall be public before the commissioners and the register of voters may be amended either by the insertion of a new name or the cancelation of a name already on the register or otherwise as the commissioners may order The commissioners may enforce their orders as herein provided or may make amendments themselves or by their clerks All such applications for correcting the register must be made not later than two weeks prior to a general or municipal election

The applicant or any elector who is not satisfied with the decisions of the commissioners may petition the court of common pleas setting forth the reason why he feels that injustice has been done and thereupon the said court of common pleas may in its discretion allow an appeal to it from the decision of the commissioners The said court may then fix a day for a public hearing of which notice shall be served by the petitioner upon the commissioners and upon the person of his attorney who opposed his contention before the commissioners together with a copy of the petition at least five days before such public hearing may take place proof of which must be exhibited to the court The said court after such public hearing may reverse affirm or alter the decision of the commissioners Such petitions for appeals must be filed not later than ten days preceeding an election Any qualified elector who has by himself or his duly authorized agent or attorney paid his taxes after the last day of the Fall registration and on or before the final day for the payment of the same in old-numbered years or any qualified elector who will arrive at the age of twenty-one years between the primary election and the next succeeding election or any elector who has become qualified by reason of naturalization or residence in the division in which he seeks to be registered between the primary election and the next succeeding election may on the twentieth day preceding the election in old-numbered years present his petition to the commissioners setting forth the fact as to the payment of his taxes and giving in detail the information required to be recorded in the register and praying that his name may be added to the register in the proper division If the facts are proven to the satisfaction of the commissioners subject to the same conditions as though the applicant for such registration had presented himself for registration before the board of registrars of his district they shall order the name of the petitioner to be inserted in the register in the proper place

Any qualified elector who was to ill to appear at the polling-place on all of the registration days or who was unavoidably absent from the city on all of said days may at any time but not less than two weeks before any election or primary present his petition to the commissioners setting forth the facts as to his illness or unavoidable absence and setting forth the facts in detail the information required to be recorded in the register and praying that his name may be added to the register of the proper division After this petition shall have remained in the office of the commissioners open to public inspection for at least two days a hearing shall be granted The petitioner shall personally appear and if the facts are proven to the satisfaction of the commissioners to be as reported they shall order the name of the petitioner to be inserted on the register in the proper place This hearing shall be public and any qualified elector of the division shall have the right to challenge and to require proper proof of identity as in the case of registry before the registrars If any person is not satisfied with the decision of the commissionhe may appeal to the court of common pleas as in other cases The commissioners shall also have power to investigate on their own motion any irregularities in registration and shall have power to summon witnesses to examine them under oath to require the production of the books and papers of the registrars and to correct the registers by striking off names which they may find to be improperly registered The commissioners shall have authority to summon such number of registrars as in their judgment may be necessary to assist them in carrying into effect the provisions of this section Registrars when summoned by the commissioners under this section shall be entitled to and receive the same compensation as is received by registrars under the existing law for registration services All witnesses summoned to appear before the registration commissioners shall be entitled to receive one dollar and fifty cents per day as witness fees" shall be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 15 If any citizen shall object to the action of the registrars in accepting or rejecting any claim for registration he may file with his petition duly sworn to by said citizen with the commisisoners setting forth the ground of his complaint If the complaint is to the acceptance of a claim notice to the claimant shall be given by leaving a written or printed notice at his place of residence as given by him to the registrar and recorded in the register When such petitions are filed the commissioners shall fix a time and place for hearing them sufficiently in advance of the election to enable the same to be heard and disposed of prior thereto and to have a review thereof by the courts Such hearing shall be public before the commissioners and the register of voters may be amended either by the insertion of a new name or the cancellation of a name already on the register or otherwise as the commissioners may order The commissioners may enforce their orders as herein provided or may make amendments themselves or by their clerks All such applications for correcting the register must be made not later than two weeks prior to a general or municipal election

The applicant or any elector who is not satisfied with the decision of the commissioners may petition the court of common pleas setting forth the reason why he feels that injustice has been done and thereupon the said court of common pleas may in its discretion allow an appeal to it from the decision of the commissioners The said court may then fix a day for a public hearing of which notice shall be served by the petitioner upon the commissioners and upon the person or his attorney who opposed his contention before the commissioners together with a copy of the petition at least five days before such public hearing may take place proof of which must be exhiibted to the court The said court after such public hearing may reverse affirm or alter the decision of the commissioners Such petitions for appeals must be filed not later than ten days preceding an election Any qualified elector who has by himself or his duty authorized agent or attorney paid his taxes after the last day of the Fall registration and on or before the final day for the payment of the same in odd-numbered years or any qualified elector who will arrive at the age of twenty-one years between the primary election and the next succeeding election or any elector who has become qualified by reason of naturalization or residence in the division in which he seeks to be registered between the primary election and the next succeeding election may on the twentieth day preceding the election in odd-numbered years present his petition to the commissioners setting forth the fact as to the payment of his taxes and giving in detail the information required to be recorded in the register and praying that his name may be added to the register in the proper division If the facts are proven to the satisfaction of the commissioners subject to the same conditions as though the applicant for such registration had presented himself for registration before the board of registrars of his district they shall order the name of the petitioner to be inserted in the register in the proper place

Any qualified elector who was too ill to appear at the polling-place on all of the registration days or who was unavoidably absent from the city on all of said days may at any time but not less than two weeks before any election or primary present his petition to the commissioners setting forth the facts as to his illness or unavoidable absence and setting forth in detail the information required to be recorded in the register and praying that his name may be added to the register of the proper division After his petition shall have remained in the office of the commissioners open to public inspection for at least two days a hearing shall be granted The petitioner shall personally appear and if the facts are proven to the satisfaction of the commissioners to be as reported they shall order the

name of the petitioner to be inserted on the register in the proper place This hearing shall be public and any qualified elector of the division shall have the right to challenge and to require proper proof of identity as in the case of registry before the registrars If any person is not satisfied with the decision of the commissioners he may appeal to the court of common pleas as in other cases The commissioners shall also have power to investigate on their own motion any irregularities in registration and shall have power to summon witnesses to examine them under oath to require the production of the books and papers of the registrars and to correct the registers by striking off names which they may find to be improperly registered The commissioners shall have authority to summon such number of registrars as in their judgment may be necessary to assist them in carrying into effect the provisions of this section Registrars when summoned by the commissioners under this section shall be entitled to and receive the same compensation as is received by registrars under the existing law for registration services All persons filing appeals or petitions with the board praying action on its part shall have the privilege of having subpoenaes issued by the board to compel the attendance of witnesses and shall pay therefor at the rate of fifty (50) cents for each subpoena addressed to a single individual and twenty-five (25) cents for each additional name thereon All witnesses subpoenaed to appear before the board of registration commissioners shall be entitled to receive one dollar and fifty cents ($1.50) each per day as witness fees for their attendance which shall be paid at the time of service of the subpoena upon the witness and no witness shall be obliged to appear before the board of registration commissioners or be compelled to testify until such witness fees have been paid him her or them

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. President, I move to amend section 1, in line 15, by inserting before the word "section" double quotation marks; also in line 31, by inserting after the word "make" the word "the."

Mr. DAIX. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The second section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 2 That section eighteen of the aforesaid act which reads as follows

Section 18 Any person who wilfully disobeys a lawful order of the commissioners or refuses to obey their subpoena duly issued and served shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars Provided however That no witness shall be obliged to appear before the Registration Commissioners Any wilful false statement made under oath by any person in relation to any matter or thing concerning which he shall be lawfully interrogated by the registrars or by the commissioners shall be perjury and any person upon conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars or to undergo an imprisonment not exceeding two years or both in the discretion of the court

A registrar who intentionally registers or permits to be registered a person not lawfully entitled to be registered or who intentionally refuses to register a person lawfully entitled to be registered or who intentionally assists in preventing such person from being registered shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars or to undergo an imprisonment not exceeding five years or both at the discretion of the court

A person who applies for registration knowing that he is not entitled to be registered or who falsely personates another in an application for registration or who knowingly offers false naturalization papers or a fraudulent tax receipt to establish his claim to be registered or who personates another shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be sentenced for every such offense to pay a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars or to undergo an imprisonment not exceeding three years or both in the discretion of the court

A registrar who inserts or intentionally permits to be inserted a name on the registry list without a proper application in person during the hours of registration on a registration day on the part of the person registered or without requiring the proper evidence of the right of the applicant to be registered or who alters any registry list after the entry has been duly made except upon an order of the court or of the commissioners or who makes any entry therein at any time other than during the hours of registration and in the presence of the other registrars shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars or to undergo an imprisonment not exceeding five years or both in the discretion of the court

Any election officer who knowingly refuses the vote of a duly registered and qualified elector or who knowingly accepts the vote of a person not registered in accordance with the provisions of this act or who knowingly receives a vote from a person falsely claiming to be a registered voter shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars or to undergo an imprisonment not exceeding five years or both in the discretion of the court

Any commissioner registrar or other officer upon whom a duty is laid by this act who shall wilfully refuse to perform his said duty shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars or to undergo an imprisonment not exceeding one year or both in the discretion of the court shall be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 18 Any person who wilfully disobeys a lawful order of the commissioners or refuses to obey their subpoena duly issued and served under the provisions of this act shall be sentenced to pay a fine not to exceed five hundred ($500) dollars Any wilful false statement made under oath by any person in relation to any matter or thing concerning which he or she shall be lawfully interrogated by the registrars or by the commissioners shall be perjury and any person upon conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars or to undergo an imprisonment not exceeding two years or both in the discretion of the court

A registrar who intentionally registers or permits to be registered a person not lawfully entitled to be registered or who intentionally refuses to register a person lawfully entitled to be registered or who intentionally assists in preventing such person from being registered shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars or to undergo an imprisonment not exceeding five years or both at the discretion of the court

A person who applies for registration knowing that he is not entitled to be registered or who falsely personates another in an application for registration or who knowingly offers false naturalization papers or a fraudulent tax receipt to establish his claim to be registered or who personates another shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be sentenced for every such offence to pay a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars or to undergo an imprisonment not exceeding three years or both in the discretion of the court

A registrar who inserts or intentionally permits to be inserted a name on the registry list without a proper application in person during the hours of registration on a registration day on the part of the person registered or without requiring the proper evidence of the right of the applicant to be registered or who alters any registry list after the entry has been duly made except upon an order of the court or of the commissioners or who makes any entry therein at any time other than during the hours of registration and in the presence of the other registrars shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars or to undergo an imprisonment not exceeding five years or both in the discretion of the court

Any election officer who knowingly refuses the vote of a duly registered and qualified elector or who knowingly accepts the vote of a person not registered in accordance with the provisions of this act or who knowingly receives a vote from a person falsely claiming to be a registered voter shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars or to undergo an imprisonment not exceeding five years or both in the discretion of the court

Any commissioner registrar or other officer upon whom a duty is laid by this act who shall wilfully refuse to perform his said duty shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars or to undergo an imprisonment not exceeding one year or both in the discretion of the court

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. President, I move to amend section 2, in line 3, by inserting before the word "section" and double quotation mark; also in line 66, by inserting after the word "court" and double quotation mark.

Mr. DAIX. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The title of the bill was read as follows:

An Act to amend sections fifteen and eighteen of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the personal registration of electors and their enrollment as members of political parties in cities of the first and second classes of this Commonwealth to make such registration a condition of the right to vote in such cities and their said enrollment as members of a political party a condition of the right to vote at primaries in said

cies and providing for the payment of witness fees for persons summoned before the commissioners to provide penalties for violations of its provisions and to repeal acts inconsistent herewith approved the twenty-fourth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen"

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the title?

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. President, I move to amend the title in line 10, by inserting after the word "herewith" a double quotation mark.

Mr. DAIX. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the title as amended?

It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 534, entitled:

An Act to amend section six of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the personal registration of electors and their enrollment as members of political paries in cities of the first and second classes of this Commonwealth to make such registration a condition of the right to vote in such cities and their said enrollment as members of a political party a condition of the right to vote at primaries in said cities and providing for the payment of witness fees for persons summoned before the commissioners to provide penalties for violations of its provisions and to repeal acts inconsistent herewith" approved the twenty-fourth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen

The first section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section six of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the personal registration of electors and their enrollment as members of political parties in cities of the first and second classes of this Commonwealth to make such registration a condition of the right to vote in such cities and their said enrollment as members of a political party a condition of the right to vote at primaries in said cities and providing for the payment of witness fees for persons summoned before the commissioners to provide penalties for violations of its provisions and to repeal acts inconsistent herewith" approved the twenty-fourth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen which reads as follows

Section 6 The registrars of each election district shall meet at the polling place thereof in even-numbered years on the ninth Thursday the seventh Tuesday and fifth Saturday preceding the November election which shall be known as the Fall registration on the fifth Wednesday preceding the Spring primary which shall be known as the Spring registration and in odd-numbered years on the tenth Thursday nine Tuesday and eighth Saturday preceding the November election which shall also be known as the Fall registration They shall remain in open session from seven ante meridian to ten ante meridian and from four post meridian to ten post meridian of each registration day They shall on said days receive personal applications from persons who claim that they are entitled to be registered They shall have power to administer oaths shall examine said applicants under oath and shall record on the register the names of those whom they shall determine to be qualified as hereinafter provided Two weeks' notice of the registration days shall be given by the commissioners by publication in at least two daily newspapers in the city and by posting notices at the polling-places Electors who did not register at the fall registration may register at the Spring registration and the lists shall become of no validity at the beginning of the period of Fall registration next succeeding that at which the registers were opened The old registers shall be preserved by the commissioners for at least two years after the year in which they are in use shall be and is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 6 The registrars of each election district shall meet at the polling place thereof in even-numbered years on the ninth Thursday the seventh Tuesday and fifth Saturday preceding the November election which shall be known as the Fall registration on the fifth Wednesday preceding the Spring primary which shall be known as the Spring registration and in odd-numbered years on the ninth Thursday eighth Tuesday and eighth Saturday preceding the November election which shall also be known as the Fall registration They shall remain in open session from seven ante meridian to ten ante meridian and from four post meridian to ten post meridian of each registration day They shall on said days receive personal applications from persons who claim that they are entitled to be registered They shall have power to administer oaths shall examine said applicants under oath and shall record on the register the names of those whom they shall determine to be qualified as hereinafter provided Two weeks' notice of the registration days shall be given by the commissioners by publication in at least two daily newspapers in the city and by posting notices at the polling-places Electors who did not register at the Fall registration may register at the Spring registration and the lists shall become of no validity at the beginning of the period of Fall registration next succeeding that at which the registers were opened The old registers shall be preserved by the commissioners for at least two years after the year in which they are in use

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. BEIDLEMAN: Mr. President, I move to amend section 1 in line 17 by inserting before the word "section" double quotation mark; also in line 44 by inserting after the word "use" a double quotation mark.

Mr. DAIX: Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The title of the bill was read as follows and agreed to:

An Act to amend section six of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the personal registration of electors and their enrollment as members of political parties in cities of the first and second classes of this Commonwealth to make such registration a condition of the right to vote in such cities and their said enrollment as members of a political party a condition of the right to vote at primaries in said cities and providing for the payment of witness fees for person summoned before the commissionrs to provide penalties for violations of its provisions and to repeal acts inconsistent herewith" approved the twenty-fourth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 539, entitled:

An Act repealing section three of an act entitled "An Act to regulate the nomination and election of public officers requiring certain expenses incident thereto to be paid by the several counties and punishing certain offences in regard to such elections" approved the tenth day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-three as amended by an act approved the ninth day of July one thousand eight hundred ninety-seven

The first section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section three of an act entitled "An Act to regulate the nomination and election of public officers requiring certain expenses incident thereto to be paid by the several counties and punishing certain offences" approved the tenth day of June one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three as amended by an act approved the ninth day of July one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven which reads as follows

"Section 3 Nominations of candidates for any public office may also be made by nomination papers signed by qualified electors of the State or of the election district or division thereof for which the nomination is made and filed in the proper office as provided in section five of this act Blank forms for making such nomination shall be furnished by the Secretary of the Commonwealth and no other form than the ones so prescribed shall be used for such purpose Where the nomination is for any office filled by the voters of the State-at-large the number of the qualified electors of the State signing such nomination paper shall be at least one-half of one per centum of the largest vote for any officer elected in the State at the last preceding election at which a State officer was voted for In the case of all other nominations the number of qualified electors of the electorial district or division signing such nomination paper shall be at least two per centum of the largest entire vote for any officer elected at the last preceding election in the said electoral district or division for which said nomination papers are designed to be made Each elector signing a nomination paper shall add to his signature his place of residence and occupation and no person may subscribe to more than one nomination for each office to be filled The signatures to each nomination paper and the qualification of the signers shall be vouched for by the affidavit of at least five of the signers thereof which affidavit shall accompany the nomination paper Provided That if five of the electors composing any political body making a nomination by nomination papers shall file with the prothonotary of the county in which the nomination paper or

papers are to be filed an affidavit setting forth that they have adopted a certain political appellation to designate their policy subject to the limitations of this act regarding the selection of names that thereafter such political body shall have the exclusive right to use the said name or appellation for the election for which such nomination or nominations are made provided that a certificate from the prothonotary setting forth such a compliance with the act be filed with the nomination papers filed by such political body" be and the same is hereby repealed

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. W. W. SMITH: Mr. President, I move to amend section 1 in line 7 by inserting after the word "offences" the words "in regard to such elections;" also in line 13 by striking out the word "election" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "electoral;" also in line 19 by inserting before the word "filled" the words "to be."

Mr. C. A. SNYDER: Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The second section of the bill was read as follows and agreed to:

Section 2 That all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

The title of the bill was read as follows and agreed to:

An Act repealing section three of an act entitled "An Act to regulate the nomination and election of public officers requiring certain expenses incident thereto to be paid by the several counties and punishing certain offences in regard to such elections" approved the tenth day of June one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three as amended by an act approved the ninth day of July one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 540, entitled:

An Act to amend section five of an act entitled "An Act regulating certain political parties providing for and regulating the nominaton of candidates of such political parties for certain public offices the election of delegates and alternate delegates to National party conventions and of certain party officers including State committeemen a method whereby electors of such political parties may express their choice of candidates for the office of President of the United States and the payment by the several counties and their reimbursement by the State of the expense of the same authorizing the State committee of a political party to make and to alter amend and revoke rules and providing penalties for the violation of the provisions of this act and for the punishment of certain offenses provided for herein and repealing inconsistent legislation" approved the twelfth day of July Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen

The first section of the bill was read as follows and agreed to:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That so much of section five of an act entitled "An Act regulating certain political parties providing for and regulating the nomination of candidates of such political parties for certain public offices the election of delegates and alternate delegates to National party conventions and of certain party officers including State commiteemen a method whereby electors of such political parties may express their choice of candidates for the office of President of the United States and the payment by the several counties and there reimbursement by the State of the expenses of the same authorizing the State committee of a political party to make and alter amend and revoke rules and providing penalties for the violation of the provisions of this act and for the punishment of certain offenses provided for herein and repealing inconsistent legislation" approved the twelfth day of July Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen which reads as follows

"Under each group of names of candidates shall be printed as many blank spaces defined by light lines or rules three-eights of an inch apart as there are to be candidates nominated for such office

On the back of such ballot shall be printed in prominent type the words "Official primary ballot of..... Party" and there shall also appear on the back of such ballot the facsimile signatures of the county commissioners of the county

The ballot shall vary in form only as the names of districts offices candidates or the provisions of this act may require The names of candidates shall appear in aphabetical order under the respective offices

Opposite or under the name of each candidate except candidates for the office of President of the United States who is to be voted for by the electors of more than one county shall be printed the name of the county in which such candidate resides and opposite or under the name of each candidate who is to be voted for by the electors of an entire county or any Congressional Senatorial or Representative district within the county shall be printed the name of the township borough or ward and city as the case may be in which such candidate resides

The voter may designate his chaice as is indicated by the instructions shown on the form of ballot above set forth If he shall vote for more persons for any office than there are candidates to be nominated or elected for such office of if for any reason it may be impossible to determine his choice for any office his ballot shall not be counted for such office but the rest of his ballot if properly marked shall be counted No ballot shall be rejected for any technical error which does not render it impossible to determine the voter's choice" be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows

Under each group of names of candidates shall be printed as many blank spaces defined by light lines or rules three-eights of an inch apart as there are to be candidates nominated for such office

On the back of such ballot shall be printed in prominent type the words "Official primary ballot of..... Party" and there shall also appear on the back of such ballot the facsimile signatures of the county commissioners of the county

The ballot shall vary in form only as the names of districts offices candidates or the provisions of this act may require The names of candidates shall appear in alphabetical order under the respective offices

Opposite or under the name of each candidate except candidates for the office of President of the United States who is to be voted for by the electors of more than one county shall be printed the name of the county in which such candidate resides and opposite or under the name of each candidate who is to be voted for by the electors of an entire county or any Congressional Senatorial or Representative district within the county shall be printed the name of the township borough or ward and city as the case may be in which such candidate resides

If two or more candidates for the same office shall have the same surname or similar surnames the county commissioners shall upon the request of any of said candidates filed in writing not later than five days after the last day for filing nomination petitions print the occupation of any such candidate so filing request on the ballot opposite or under his name

The voter may designate his choice as is indicater by the instructions shown on the form of ballot above set forth If he shall vote for more persons for any office than there are candidates to be nominated or elected for such office or if for any reason it may be impossible to determine his choice for any office his ballot shall not be counted for such office but the rest of his ballot if properly marked shall be counted No ballot shall be rejected for any technical error which does not render it impossible to determine the voter's choice

The title of the bill was read as follows:

An Act to amend section five of an act entitled "An Act regulating certain political parties providing for and regulating the nomination of candidates of such political parties for certain public offices the election of delegates and alternate delegates to National party conventions and of certain party officers including State Committeemen a method whereby electors of such political parties may express their choice of candidates for the office of President of the United States and the payment by the several counties and their reimbursement by the State of the expenses of the same authorizing the State committee of a political party to make and to alter amend and revoke rules and providing penalties for the violation of the provisions of this act and for the punishment of certain offences provided for herein and repealing inconsistent legislation" approved the twelfth day of July Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred thirteen

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the title?

Mr. BEIDLEMAN: Mr. President, I move to amend the title in line 9 by striking out the word "expense" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "expenses;" also in line 10 by inserting after the word "of" where it occurs the second time, the word "a."

Mr. DAIX: Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the title as amended?

It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered to be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 564, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Commissioner of Labor and Industry to appoint additional officers and employes in the Department of Labor and Industry fixing their duties and salaries and increasing the salaries of the chief medical inspector chief of the Bureau of Statistics and Information and the chief clerk and Information and the Chief Clerk

The first section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That on and after the passage of this act the Commissioner of Labor and Industry is authorized to appoint the following additional officers and employes at salaries as follows

An auditor for the Department of Labor and Industry at a salary of two thousand dollars ($2,000) per annum

A filing clerk at a salary of one thousand five hundred dollars ($1,500) per annum

Three stenographers and typewriters at a salary of nine hundred dollars ($900) each per annum

One skilled stenographer and typewriter at a salary of one thousand two hundred dollars ($1,200) per annum

In the Bureau of Inspection

One skilled stenographer at a salary of two thousand dollars ($2,000) per annum

One stenographer at a salary of one thousand two hundred dollars ($1,200) per annum

Fifty additional inspectors of the first grade each at a salary of one thousand five hundred dollars ($1,500) per annum

Two supervising inspectors at a salary of two thousand five hundred dollars ($2,500) each per annum

Four inspectors who shall be skilled stenographers and typewriters to act as assistant supervisors and clerks in the several branches at a salary of one thousand five hundred dollars ($1,500) each per annum

In the Division of Hygiene and Engineering

Two draftsmen and assistant engineers at a salary of one thousand five hundred dollars ($1,500) each per annum

One clerk who shall be a stenographer and typewriter at a salary of one thousand five hundred dollars ($1,500) per annum

One stenographer at a salary of nine hundred dollars ($900) per annum

In the Bureau of Statistics and Information

Four additional clerks at a salary of one thousand four hundred dollars ($1,400) each per annum

An editor of publication at a salary of one thousand six hundred dollars ($1,600) per annum

One expert tabulating machine operator at a salary of one thousand four hundred dollars ($1,400) per annum

Two machine operators at a salary of one thousand two hundred dollars ($1,200) each per annum

One stenographer at a salary of one thousand five hundred dollars ($1,500) per annum

In the Bureau of Mediation and Arbitration

One secretary who shall be an expert stenographer and typewriter at a salary of two thousand dollars ($2,000) per annum

In the Industrial Board

One secretary at a salary of four thousand dollars ($4,000) per annum

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. GERBERICH. Mr. President, I move to amend section 1, in line 50, by striking out the figures "(2,-" and inserting in lieu thereof the figures "($2,-."

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The second section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 2 The salary of the chief medical inspector who shall be Chief of the Division of Hygiene and Engineering shall be five thousand dollars ($5,000) per annum payable monthly

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. GERBERICH. Mr. President, I move to amend section 2 in line 1, by striking out the figure "1."

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The third, fourth and fifth sections of the bill were read as follows and agreed to:

Section 3 The salary of the Chief of the Bureau of Statistics and Information shall be five thousand dollars ($5,000) per annum payable monthly

Section 4 The salary of the chief clerk of the Department shall be three thousand five hundred dollars ($3,500) per annum payable monthly

Section 5 All acts or parts of acts general local or special inconsistent with any of the provisions of this act are repealed

The title of the bill was read as follows and agreed to.

An Act authorizing the Commissioner of Labor and Industry to appoint additional officers and employes in the Department of Labor and Industry fixing their duties and salaries and increasing the salaries of the Chief Medical Inspector Chief of the Bureau of Statistics and Information and the chief clerk

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 576 (House Bill No. 850), entitled:

An Act making a burgess of a borough eligible to the office for the next succeeding term

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 594 (House Bill No. 326), entitled:

An Act amending sections one three five and six of an act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act for the government of cities of the second class' approved the seventh day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one providing for the levy collection and disbursement of taxes and water rents or rates and conferring certain powers and duties in reference thereto upon the city treasurer the Board of Water Assessors and the collector of delinquent taxes and repealing certain acts relating to matters herein provided for" approved May twelfth one thousand nine hundred and eleven as amended by an amendment to the first paragraph of the third section of said act approved May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and thirteen Pamphlet Laws three hundred and ninety changing the time of the collection of taxes and water rents and the duties of the Board of Water Assessors and city treasurer and collector of delinquent taxes in reference thereto and the time for the levy and assessment thereof

The first section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section one of the said act approved May twelfth one thousand nine hundred and eleven which reads as follows

"Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the annual levy of taxes and water-rents or rates in cities of the second class shall be based upon detailed statements of the receipts and expenditures for each year ending the thirty-first day of December and also upon estimates of the amounts required for the ensuing fiscal year commencing February first of all the departments of said cities

All taxes and water-rents or rates shall be levied and assessed annually at the time provided by the act to which this is a supplement and it shall be the duty of all the departments of the city government to make reports of the receipts and expenditures of their various departments and also estimates of the amounts required for the ensuing year upon which the taxes for the succeeding year are to be based to the councils of said cities on or before the first day of January in each year" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That taxes and water rents or rates in cities of the second class shall be levied and assessed annually and all appropriations shall be made annually by general ordinance prior to the first day of December of each year which shall fix and determine the same for the ensuing fiscal year commencing January first

It shall be the duty of all the departments of the city government to make reports of the receipts and expenditures of their various departments and also estimates of the probably revenues to be collected by and of the probable amounts required by the respective departments for the ensuing fiscal year to the council at such time prior to December first of each year as may be required by council Said reports together with the report of the city controller of the total amounts received by the city from taxes and other revenues in prior years and also an estimate by the city Controller of the probable revenues of the ensuing fiscal year shall be submitted to council for the purpose of enabling the council to determine the amount of taxes and other revenues reasonably to be anticipated for the ensuing fiscal year and to determine the rate of taxes or mileage to be fixed to meet the current expenses of the city for the ensuing fiscal year

That section three of said act approved May twelve one thousand nine hundred eleven as amended by the amendment thereto approved May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred thirteen which reads as follows

"Section 3 All taxes and water rents or rates levied for city and water purposes shall be payable in advance during the months of March April and May of each year except water rents for water supplied to consumers through a meter Where water is supplied to consumers through a meter the council of the city may by ordinance prescribe the time or times at which such meters shall be read and the terms and conditions as to meter service and the time or times at which payments for water supplied through a meter shall be made and they may also provide for a minimum rate or rates for meter service of both domestic or commercial users of water In the absence of such provision by ordinance the Board of Water Assessors shall read such meters not less than four times per year and shall read all such meters during the months of December and January of each year for the preceding twelve months or as near thereto as may be convenient and shall assess the water rents for the water consumed at the rates annually during the months of March April and May of each succeeding year

A discount of two per centum shall be allowed on all taxes and water rents or rates paid during the month of March during the months of April and May all taxes and water rents or rates shall be payable at face all of said payments to be made at the office of the city treasurer and in case said taxes or water rents or rates be not paid at the times fixed for the payment of the same said taxes and water rents or rates shall be deemed delinquent and shall be placed in the hands of the collector of delinquent taxes for collection and three per centum of the total amount of said taxes and water rents or rates shall forthwith be added to said delinquent taxes and water rents or rates as a penalty for the non-payment thereof at the times herein prescribed and in addition to said penalty said delinquent taxes and and water rents or rates shall bear interest at the rate of one-half per centum per month on the face amount of said delinquent taxes and water rents or rates for each and every month or part thereof that the same shall remain delinquent and unpaid

Said city shall have the further right to shut off the supply of water to any premises at any time upon the non-payment of the water rents or rates levied and assessed for water supplied thereto as and when the same becomes due and payable" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 3 All taxes levied in accordance with the provisions of section one hereof shall be payable in advance during the months of January February and March of each fiscal year Water rents or rates which are payable on a flat rate basis shall also be payable in advance during the same months The taxpayers shall also have the option to elect to pay the aforesaid taxes and water rents or rates quarterly as follows namely the first quarterly payment during the month of January the second quarterly payment during the month of April the third quarterly payment during the month of July and the fourth quarterly payment during the month of October and each of the said quarterly payments shall become delinquent on the first of each succeeding month and shall thereafter bear the same penalties and interest charges as hereinafter provided for delinquent taxes Water which is supplied to consumers on a metered basis shall be payable at such time or times as may be prescribed by ordinance The city shall have power to prescribe by ordinance the time or times at which meters shall be read the terms and conditions on which water will be supplied on a metered service and the time or times on which payment for such water shall be made it shall also have the power to prescribe the discounts if any which shall be allowed for prompt payment and the penalties if any which may be imposed for delayed payments and also to provide for a minimum rate or rates for meter service for all classes of users of water including both domestic and commercial In the absence of any provision by ordinance in reference to the same the Board of Water Assessors shall read all meters not less than four times per year and shall read all meters during the months of October and November of each year and ascertain the amount of water used in each year as shown by said meters for the preceding twelve months or as near thereto as may be convenient and shall assess the water rents or rates for the water consumed at the rates fixed from time to time by ordinance and the same shall be payable annually during the months of January February and March of each succeeding year

A discount of two per centum shall be allowed on all taxes or water rents or rates due under the provisions of this act and paid during the month of January. During the months of February and March all taxes and water rents or rates shall be payable at face all of said payments to be made to the city treasurer at his office and at such other place as may be designated by the city treasurer and in case said taxes or water rents or rates be not paid at the times fixed for the payment of the same said taxes and water rents or rates shall be deemed delinquent and shall be placed in the hands of the collector of delinquent taxes for collection and two per centum of the total amount of said taxes and water rents or rates shall forthwith be added to said delinquent taxes and water rents or rates as a penalty for the non-payment thereof at the times herein prescribed and in addition to said penalty said delinquent taxes and water rents or rates shall bear interest at the rate of one-half per centum per month on the face amount of said delinquent taxes and water-rents or rates for each and every month or part thereof that the same shall remain delinquent and unpaid

Said city shall have the right as heretofore to charge all consumers of water for water furnished by said city and also to make such exemptions or reductions of rates as may be fixed by ordinance to any public charity school religious institution and kindred institution and for said purposes to have and possess all of the rights in respect to the collection of said rents or rates as are now in force or may hereafter be enacted

Said city shall have the further right to shut off the supply of water to any premises at any time upon the non-payment of the water rents or rates levied and assessed for water supplied thereto as and when the same becomes due and payable

That section five of said act approved May twelfth one thousand nine hundred eleven which reads as follows

"Section 5 The councils of said cities are hereby authorized and empowered to create a Board of Water Assessors consisting of three qualified citizens to be appointed by the mayor one of whom shall be designated by the mayor as the chairman of said board Councils shall provide a sufficient number of employes for conducting the affairs of this board and shall fix the salaries of the members and employes thereof Councils shall annually levy and fix a schedule of water rents or rates and the rents at what water will be furnished by meter and the conditions upon which the same shall be furnished and shall have the right to require the use of meters generally or in specified classes of users and said board shall have the power and authority of assessing water rents or rates in accordance therewith and for this purpose said board and its employes shall have the right to enter and inspect all dwellings or buildings whenever they deem it necessary

Said board of water assessors shall have the power to grant exonerations on account of vacancy and non-use of water and for other causes upon such terms as may be prescribed by councils Any person firm or corporation which shall feel aggrieved by any assessment made by said board may personally or by his or its duly authorized agent appeal to the full board of water assessors sitting as a board of revision and demand a reassessment of the same All such appeals shall be by petition and affidavit which shall be filed with the clerk of said board on or before the first day of April of each year On the consideration of such appeals the said board shall have the power to examine under oath or affirmation any and all witnesses who may be brought before them Any owner who is dissatisfied with the final decision of said board upon said appeal may appeal therefrom to the court of common pleas of said county wherein said property is situate and for that purpose may present to said court or file in the prothonotary's office within thirty days after said final decision a petition signed by such person or his or its duly authorized agent therefor setting forth the facts of the cases notice of which appeal shall be given to the board of water assessors within fifteen days thereafter Thereupon the said court shall proceed at its earliest convenience to hear said appeal and to make such order and decree touching the matter complained of as may seem just and equitable The costs of the appeal and hearing shall be paid by the losing part or be apportioned between the parties as the court may direct Either party aggrieved by such decision shall have the right of appeal to the supreme or superior court in the same manner as appeals are taken in other cases to said courts

No appeals taken from such assessment shall prevent the collection of the water-rents or rates complained of but in case the same shall be reduced then the excess or overpayment shall be returned to the person who shall have paid the same

It shall be the duty of the Board of Water Assessors in said cities to furnish the Department of Assessors a copy of all water assessments made by them with a description of all properties against which such water rents or rates have been levied and assessed on or before the first day of February in each year and said Department of Assessors shall include in their annual return of tax assessments to the Board of Water Assessors" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 5 The councils of said cities are hereby authorized and empowered to create a Board of Water Assessors consisting of three qualified citizens to be appointed by the mayor one of whom shall be designated by the mayor as the chairman of said board Councils shall provide a sufficient number of employes for conducting the affairs of this board and shall fix the salaries of the members and employes thereof Councils shall annually levy and fix a schedule of water rents or rates and the rents at what water will be furnished by meter and the conditions upon which the same shall be furnished and shall have the right to require the use of meters upon such terms and conditions as may be prescribed by ordinance either in specified classes of users or in certain sections of the city or generally throughout the city and said board shall have the power and authority of assessing the water rents or rates in accord-

ance therewith and for this purpose said board and its employes shall have the right to enter and inspect all dwellings or buildings whenever they deem it necessary

Said board of water assessors shall have the power to grant exonerations on account of vacancy and non-use of water and for other causes upon such terms as may be prescribed by councils Any person firm or corporation which shall feel aggrieved by any assessment made by said board may personally or by his or its duly authorized agent appeal to the full board of water assessors sitting as a board of revision and demand a reassessment of the same All such appeals shall be by petition and affidavit which shall be filed with the clerk of said board on or before the first day of February of each year On the consideration of such appeals the said board shall have power to examine under oath or affirmation any and all witnesses who may be brought before them Any owner who is dissatisfied with the final decision of said board upon said appeal may appeal therefrom to the court of common pleas of said county wherein said property is situate and for that purpose may present to said court or file in the prothonotary's office within thirty days after said final decision a petition signed by such person or his or its duly authorized agent therefor setting forth the facts of the case notice of which appeal shall be given to the Board of Water Assessors within fifteen days thereafter Thereupon the said court shall proceed at its earliest convenience to hear said appeal and to make such order and decree touching the matter complained of as may seem just and equitable The costs of the appeal and hearing shall be paid by the losing party or be apportioned between the parties as the court may direct Either party aggrieved by such decision shall have the right of appeal to the supreme or superior court in the same manner as appeals are taken in other cases to said courts

No appeals taken from such assessment shall prevent the collection of the water rents or rates complained of but in case the same shall be reduced then the excess or overpayment shall be returned to the person who shall have paid the same

It shall be the duty of the Board of Water Assessors in said cities to furnish the Department of Assessors a copy of all water assessments made by them with a description of all properties against which such water rents or rates have been levied and assessed on or before the first day of December in each year and said Department of Assessors shall include in their annual return of tax assessments to the city treasurer all water assessments so furnished by the Board of Water Assessors

That section six of said act approved May twelfth one thousand nine hundred eleven which reads as follows

"Section 6 All taxes and water rents or rates unpaid at the end of the last month in which by the terms of this act the same are payable shall be deemed delinquent and it shall be the duty of the city treasurer to prepare a registry or list of all delinquents and place the same in the hands of the delinquent tax collector on or before the thirtieth day of June of each year

The collector of delinquent taxes shall receive such compensation either by a fixed salary or by fees as councils may by ordinance provide and all ordinances now in force in said cities fixing such compensation shall remain in force until otherwise changed by the councils of such cities" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

Section 6 All taxes and water rents or rates unpaid at the end of the last month in which by the terms of this act the same are payable shall be deemed delinquent and it shall be the duty of the city treasurer to prepare a registry or list of all delinquents and place the same in the hands of the delinquent tax collector on or before the thirtieth day of April of each year

The collector of delinquent taxes shall receive such compensation either by a fixed salary or by fees as councils may by ordinance provide and all ordinances now in force in said cities fixing such compensation shall remain in force until other wise changed by the councils of such cities

That section seven of said act approved May twelfth one thousand nine hundred and eleven which reads as follows

"Section 7 The collector of delinquent taxes shall immediately upon said list being furnished to him proceed to collect such delinquent tax and water-rents or rates and if the same shall remain delinquent it shall be the duty of said collector of delinquent taxes on or before the twenty-eighth day of February in each year following the date when such taxes and water-rents or rates became payable to prepare a list of all delinquents and to publish the same twice in three newspapers in said cities one of which may be a daily newspaper printed in the German language or if there are not that number of newspapers in said cities in such number of newspapers as are therein Said list shall contain the names of said delinquents the ward in which the property against which such delinquents taxes and water-rents or rates were assessed the street or public highway upon or near which such property is located or if more than one street the name of one of the streets upon or near which the same is located the amount of such delinquent taxes and water-rents or rates and the year for which the same were assessed

If said delinquent taxes or water-rents or rates are not paid it shall be the duty of the collector of delinquent taxes to file liens against the property subject to the payment of such taxes or water-rents or rates and to collect the same in the manner provided by law

Upon the request of any property owner for a separation of taxes the collector of delinquent taxes shall furnish a statement of the taxes on the separate properties of the said owner as requested and shall receive payments of taxes on the separate properties Provided That in case said taxes have been advertised or a lien has been entered that all costs therefor shall be paid And also provided That in case assessments of the separate properties have not been made that a certified statement of the assessed valuation of the separate properties as required shall first be obtained from the board of assessors And provided further That the collector of delinquent taxes may in his discretion refuse to allow a separation of taxes unless the separate properties if continguous are shown on a recorded plan" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 7 The collector of delinquent taxes shall immediately upon said list being furnished to him proceed to collect such delinquent tax and water-rents or rates and if the same shall remain delinquent it shall be the duty of said collector of delinquent taxes on or before the twenty-eighth day of February in each year following the date when such taxes and water-rents or rates became delinquent to prepare a list of all delinquents and to publish the same once in two newspapers in said cities one of which may be a newspaper printed in the German language or if there are not that number of newspapers in said cities in such number of newspapers as are therein same to be let to the lowest responsible bidder based on the lowest rate per thousand circulation Said list shall contain the names of said delinquents the ward in which the property against which such delinquent taxes and water-rents or rates were assessed the street or public highway upon or near which such property is located or if more than one street the name of one of the streets upon or near which the same is located the amount of such delinquent taxes and water-rents or rates and the year for which the same were assessed

If said delinquent taxes or water-rents or rates are not paid it shall be the duty of the collector of delinquent taxes to file liens against the property subject to the payment of such taxes or water-rents or rates and to collect the same in the manner provided by law

He shall file a single lien against any property to cover all of the taxes including water-rents or rates for any one year

Upon the request of any property owner for a separation of taxes the collector of delinquent taxes shall furnish a statement of the taxes on the separate properties of the said owner as requested and shall receive payments of taxes on the separate properties Provided That in case said taxes have been advertised or a lien has been entered that all costs therefor shall be paid and also provided That in case assessments of the separate properties have not been made that a certified statement of the assessed valuation of the separate properties as requested shall first be obtained from the board of assessors And provided further That the collector of delinquent taxes may in his discretion refuse to allow a separation of taxes unless the separate properties if contiguous are shown on a recorded plan

This act shall take effect the first day of July Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and fifteen

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. CLARK. Mr. President, I move to amend section 1, in line 4, by striking out the words "the said" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "and"; also in line 5, by inserting after the word "eleven" the following, entitled "An supplement to an act, entitled 'An act for the government of cities of the second class,' approved the seventh day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one; providing for the levy, collection and disbursement of taxes and water rents, or rates and conferring certain powers and duties in reference thereto upon the city treasurer, the board of water assessors, and the collector of delinquent taxes; and repealing certain acts relating to matters herein provided for"; also in line 24, by striking out the word "probably" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "probable"; also in line 37, by striking out the word "council" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "mayor to be transmitted to the council;" also in line 38, by striking out the words "required by council" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "fixed by the mayor and council" also in line 48 by striking out the words "the amendment thereto" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "An Act;" also in line 49, by inserting after the word "thirteen" the following, entitled "An Act to amend sections three and seven of an act, entitled 'A supplement to an act entitled, "An Act for the government of cities of the second class," approved the seventh day of March, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one; providing for the levy, collection and disbursement of taxes and water rents, or rates, and conferring certain powers and duties in reference thereto upon the city teasurer, the board of water assessors, and collector of delinquent taxes, and repealing certain acts relating to certain matters herein provided for,' approved May twelfth,

one thousand nine hundred and eleven,"; also in line 58, by inserting after the word "meter" the word "service"; also in line 64, by inserting after the word "year" the words "and ascertain the amount of water used in each year"; also in line 68, by inserting after the word "two" the figure "(2)"; also in line 168, by striking out the word "what" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "which"; also in line 194, by striking out the word "cases" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "case"; also in line 200, by striking out the word "part" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "party"; also in line 202, by striking out the word "of" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "to"; also in line 226, by striking out the word "what" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "which"; also in line 302, by inserting after the word "eleven" the words "as amended by the amendment thereto, approved the thirty-first day of May, one thousand nine hundred thirteen"; also in line 315, by striking out the word "delinquents" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "delinquent;" also in lines 360 and 361, by striking out the words "subject to the payment of such taxes or water rents, or rates," and inserting in lieu thereof the words "for the amount of such taxes or water rents, together with all penalties herein provided and advertising costs."

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The title of the bill was read as follows:

An Act amending sections one three five and six of an act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act for the government of cities of the second class' approved the seventh day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one providing for the levy collection and disbursement of taxes and water rents or rates and conferring certain powers and duties in reference thereto upon the city treasurer the Board of Water Assessors and the collector of delinquent taxes and repealing certain acts relating to matters herein provided for" approved May twelfth one thousand nine hundred and eleven as amended by an amendment to the first paragraph of the third section of said act approved May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and thirteen Pamphlet Laws three hundred and ninety changing the time of the collection of taxes and water rents and the duties of the Board of Water Assessors and city treasurer and collector of delinquent taxes in reference thereto and the time for the levy and assessment thereof

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the title?

Mr. CLARK: Mr. President, I move to amend the title in line 1 by striking out the word "and;" also in line 1 by inserting after the word "six" the words "and seven."

Mr. CATLIN: Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the title as amended?

It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 624 (House Bill No. 737), entitled:

An Act authorizing municipalities to purchase the entire capital stock of bridge companies owning bridges situated wholly or partly within the limits of such municipalities and exempting the capital stock and bonds of such company from State taxation

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 627, entitled:

An Act to amend sections one two and eight of an act entitled "An Act regulating certain political parties providing for and regulating the nomination of candidates of such political parties for certain public offices the election of delegates and alternate delegates to National party conventions and of certain party officers including State committeemen a method whereby electors of such political parties may express their choice of candidates for the office of President of the United States and the payment by the several counties and their reimbursement by the State of the expenses of the same authorizing the State committee of a political party to make and to alter amend and revoke rules and providing penalties for the violation of the provisions of this act and for the punishment of certain offenses provided for herein and repealing inconsistent legislation" approved the twelfth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen

The first section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section one of an act entitled "An Act regulating certain political parties providing for and regulating the nomination of candidates of such political parties for certain public offices the election of delegates alternate delegates to national party conventions and of certain party officers including State committeemen a method whereby electors of such political parties may express their choice of candidates for the office of President of the United States and the payment of by the several counties and their reimbursement by the State of the expenses of the same authorizing the State committee of a political party to make and to alter amend and revoke rules and providing penalties for the violation of the provisions of this act and for the punishment of certain offences provided for herein and repealing inconsistent legislation" approved the twelfth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen which reads as follows

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That hereafter all candidates of political parties as herein defined for the office of United States Senator for the office of Representative in Congress for all elective State county city ward borough township school district and election division or district offices and for all other elective public offices except that of presidential elector shall be nominated and delegates and alternate delegates to National party conventions and State committeemen shall be elected at primaries held in accordance with the provisions of this act and in no other manner All such party officers as are required by the rules of the several political parties to be elected by the vote of the party electors shall be elected at primaries held in accordance with the provisions of this act excepting members of the National committee who shall be elected as hereinafter provided in the years when candidates for the office of President of the United States are to be nominated every qualified elector of a political party herein defined to be a political party within the State shall have opportunity at the primaries held in such years subject to the provisions of this act to vote his preference for one person to be the candidate of his political party for President This act shall not apply to the nomination of candidates to be voted for at special elections to fill vacancies except when such special election is held at the time of a regular election and such vacancy occured or existed at least sixty days prior to the regular primary antecedent to such regular election and nothing herein contained shall prevent any body of electors not constituting a political party from nominating candidates by nomination papers as is now or may hereafter be provided by law

The State committee of each political party may make such rules for the government of such State committee not inconsistent with law as it may deem expedient and may also revoke or alter or amend in any manner not inconsistent with law any present or future rules of such State committee

National committeemen shall be elected by the State committee of each respective party unless the rules of the National party otherwise provide in which case they shall be elected in the manner provided by the rules of the National party and all State committeemen shall be elected by Senatorial districts Each Senatorial district shall be entitled to elect two members of the State committee except where a Senatorial district is composed of more than one county or part of a county in which event the electors residing in each county or part of a county embraced in the said Senatorial district shall be entitled to elect one State committeeman The State committeemen thus elected shall meet for organization not later than the third Wednesday following their election at such hours and place as shall be designated by the State chairman of each respective body The said committeemen shall be elected at the fall primary in the year one thousand nine hundred and thirteen and shall hold office until their successors are duly elected and qualified at the spring primary of the year one thousand nine hundred and fourteen Provided however That where the existing rules of a party provide for the election of State committeemen by the county committeemen of the respective counties in the year one thousand nine hundred and thirteen the State committeemen so elected shall serve until their successors are duly elected and qualified under the privisions of this act at the spring primary in the year one thousand nine hundred and fourteen Thereafter the said State committeemen of all parties shall be elected at the spring primary

Vacancies happening at any time in the office of National committeeman shall be filled by the State committee of the respective party unless the rules of the National party otherwise provide in which case vacancies shall be filled in the manner provided by the rules of the National party

Vacancies happening at any time in the office of State committeeman shall be filled by the city or county committee of the respective parties Provided That when said vacancy occurs in a county composed of more than one Senatorial district the members of the city or county committee embraced within the Senatorial district in said county shall elect said committeeman and when a vacancy occurs in a Senatorial district composed of more than one county or part of a county the members of the county committee embraced within said county or part

of a county shall elect said committeeman shall be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That hereafter all candidates of political parties as herein defined for the office of United States Senator for the office of Representatives in Congress for all elective State county city ward borough township school district and election division or district officers and for all other elective public offices except that of presidential elector shall be nominated and delegates and alternate delegates to National party conventions and State committeemen shall be elected at primaries held in accordance with the provisions of this act and in no other manner All such party officers as are required by the rules of the several political parties to be elected by the vote of the party electors shall be elected at primaries held in accordance with the provisions of this act excepting members of the National committee who shall be elected as hereinafter provided This act shall not apply to the nomination of candidates to be voted for at special elections to fill vacancies except when such special election is held at the time of a regular election and such vacancy occurred or existed at least sixty days prior to the regular primary antecedent to such regular election

The State committee of each political party may make such rules for the government of such State committee not inconsistent with law as it may deem expedient and may also revoke or alter or amend in any manner not inconsistent with law any present or future rules of such State committee

National committeemen shall be elected by the State committee of each respective party at the meeting for organization of the respective State committees unless the rules of the National party otherwise provided in which case they shall be elected in the manner provided by the rules of the National party and all State committeemen shall be elected by Senatorial districts Each Senatorial district shall be entitled to elect two members of the State committee except where a Senatorial district is composed of more than one county or part of a county in which event the electors residing in each county or part of a county embraced in the said Senatorial district shall be entitled to elect one State committeeman The State committeemen thus elected shall meet for organization not later than the third Wednesday following their election at such hour and place as shall be designated by the State chairman of each respective party The said State committeemen shall be elected at the fall primary in the year one thousand nine hundred and thirteen and shall hold office until their successors are duly elected and qualified at the spring primary of the year one thousand nine hundred and fourteen Provided however That where the existing rules of a party provide for the election of State committeemen by the county committeemen of the respective counties in the year one thousand nine hundred and thirteen the State committeemen so elected shall serve until their successors are duly elected and qualified under the provisions of this act at the spring primary in the year one thousand nine hundred and fourteen Thereafter the said State committeemen of all parties shall be elected at the spring primary

Vacancies happening at any time in the office of National committeemen shall be filled by the State committee of the respective party unless the rules of the National party otherwise provide in which case vacancies shall be filled in the manner provided by the rules of the National party

Vacancies happening at any time in the office of State committeeman shall be filled by the city or county committee of the respective parties Provided That when said vacancy occurs in a county composed of more than one Senatorial district the members of the city or county committee embraced within the Senatorial district in said county shall elect said committeeman and when a vacancy occurs in a Senatorial district composed of more than one county or part of a county the members of the county committee embraced within said county or part of a county shall elect said committeeman

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. President, I move to amend section 1 in line 7 by inserting after the word "delegates" the word "and;" also in line 21 by inserting before the word "section" and double quotation mark; also in line 75 by striking out the word "hours" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "hour;" also in line 8 by inserting after the word "committeeman" a double quotation mark; also in line 142 by striking out the word "provided" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "provided;" also in line 154 by inserting after the word "shall" the word "be."

Mr. DAIX. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The second section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 2 That section two of the aforesaid act which reads as follows

Any part or body of electors one of whose candidates at the general election next preceding the primary polled in each of at least ten counties of the State not less than two per centum of the largest entire vote cast in each of said ten counties for any elected candidate and polled a total vote in the State equal to at least two per centum of the largest entire vote cast in the State for any elected candidate **is hereby declared to be a political party within the State and shall nominate all its candidates for any of the offices provided for in this act and shall elect its delegates and alternate delegates to the** National convention State committeemen and also such party officers including members of the National committee as its rules provide shall be elected by a vote of the party electors in accordance with the provisions of this act

Any party or body of electors one of whose candidates at either the general or municipal election preceding the primary polled at least five per centum of the largest entire vote cast for any elected candidate in any county is hereby declared to be a political party within said county and shall nominate all its candidates for office in such county and in all political districts within said county or of which said county forms a part and shall elect such party officers as its rules provided shall be elected therein by a vote of the party electors in accordance with the provisions of this act" shall be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 2 Any party or body of electors one of whose candidates at the general election next preceding the primary polled in each of at least ten counties of the State not less than five per centum of the largest entire vote cast in each of said counties for any elected candidate and polled a total vote in the State equal to at least four per centum of the largest entire vote cast in the State for any elected candidate is hereby declared to be a political party within the State and shall nominate all its candidates for any of the offices provided for in this act and shall elect its delegates and alternate delegates to the National convention State committeemen and also such party officers including members of the National committee as its rules provide shall be elected by a vote of the party electors in accordance with the provisions of this act

Any party or body of electors one of whose candidates at the general or municipal election preceding the primary polled at least five per centum of the largest entire vote cast for any elected candidate in any county is hereby declared to be a political party within said county and shall nominate all its candidates for office in such county and in all political districts within said county or of which said county forms a part and shall elect such party officers as its rules provide shall be elected by a vote of the party electors in accordance with the provisions of this act

Any party or body of electors who shall be entitled by reason of any law of this Commonwealth to participate in the primaries as a political party shall be and is hereby declared to be a political party within the meaning of this act and shall nominate all its candidates for offices in the State or in any electorial district or division as the case may be in which they shall under said law have the right to nominate all its candidates for public offices in the State or in the electorial district or division as the case may be and shall elect such party officers as its rules provide shall be elected by a vote of the party elector in accordance with the provisions of this act

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. BEIDLEMAN: Mr. President, I move to amend section 2 in line 3 by inserting before the word "any" the word and figure "Section 2;" also in line 7 by striking out the word "pen;" also in line 48 by striking out "nates" and inserting in lieu thereof "dates;" also in line 70 by striking out "elcetores" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "electors."

Mr. DAIX. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The third section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 3 That section eight of the aforesaid act which reads as follows

Section 8 No nomination petition shall be refused or set aside except for

(a) Material error or defects apparent on the face thereof or on the face of the appended or accompanying affidavits or

(b) Material alterations made after signing without the consent of the signers or

(c) Want of a sufficient number of genuine signatures of persons qualified with respect to age sex residence and citizenship to be electors

The invalidity of any sheet of a petition shall not affect the validity of such petition if a sufficient petition remains after eliminating such invalid sheet

Application to set aside any nomination petition shall be by petition to the court of common pleas of the county in which such nomination petition has been filed setting forth specifically the matters objected to and must be filed within five days after the last day for filing said nomination petition Upon the presentation of such a petition the court shall make an order fixing a time for hearing which shall not be later than ten days after the last day for filing said nomination petition and specifying the time and manner of notice that shall be given to the candidate named in the nomination petition sought to be set aside

If the matters objected to are such as are specified in subdivision (a) of this section the court upon hearing the case may in its discretion permit amendments within such time and upon such terms as to payment of costs as the said court may specify

In case the petition to set aside a nomination petition is dismissed the petitioner shall pay the whole of the costs of the proceeding including all witness fees shall be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 8 No nomination petition shall be refused or set aside except for

(a) Material error or defects apparent on the face thereof or on the face of the appended or accompanying affidavits or

(b) Material alterations made after signing without the consent of the signers or

(c) Want of a sufficient number of genuine signatures of persons qualified with respect to age sex residence and membership in the designated party

The invalidity of any sheet of a petition shall not affect the validity of such petition if a sufficient petition remains after eliminating such invalid sheet

Application to set aside any nomination petition shall be by petition to the court of common pleas of the county in which such nomination petition has been filed within five days after the last day for filing said nomination petition Upon the presentation of such a petition the court shall make an order fixing a time for hearing which shall not be later than ten days after the last day for filing said nomination petition and specifying the time and manner of notice that shall be given to the candidate named in the nomination petition sought to be set aside

If the matters objected to are such as are specified in subdivision (a) of this section the court upon hearing the case may in its discretion permit amendments within such time and upon such terms as to payment of costs as the said court may specify

In case the petition to set aside a nomination petition is dismissed the petitioner shall pay the whole of the costs of the proceeding including all witness fees

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. BEIDLEMAN: Mr. President, I move to amend section 3 in line 3 by inserting before the word "Section' a double quotation mark; also in line 4 by inserting after the word "for" a dash (—); also in line 19 by striking out "objecd" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "ob jected;" also in line 35 by inserting after the word "fees' a double quotation mark.

Mr. DAIX: Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The title of the bill was read as follows and agreed to:

An Act to amend sections one two and eight of an act entitled "An Act regulating certain political parties providing for and regulating the nomination of candidates of such political parties for certain public offices the election of delegates and alternate delegates to National party conventions and of certain party officers including State committeemen a method whereby electors of such political parties may express their choice of candidates for the office of President of the United States and the payment by the several counties and their reimbursement by the State of the expenses of the same authorizing the State committee of a political party to make and to alter amend and revoke rules and providing penalties for the violation of the provisions of this act and for the punishment of certain offences provided for herein and repealing inconsistent legislation" approved the twelfth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 628, entitled:

An Act to amend the fourteenth section of an act entitled "An Act to further amend the ninth and fourteenth sections of the act entitled 'An Act to regulate the nomination and election of public officers requiring certain expenses incident thereto to be paid by the several counties approved the tenth day of June eighteen hundred and ninety-three as amended by an act approved the ninth day of July one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven also to amend the twenty-second twenty-seventh twenty-eighth and thirtieth sections of said act to regulate the nomination and election of public officers requiring certain expenses incident thereto to be paid by the several counties and punishing certain offences in regard to such elections approved the tenth day of June one thousand eighteen hundred and ninety-three by repealing the limit upon the number of times the names of candidates shall appear on the official ballots by specifying the form contents and manner of printing and counting of official ballot and of announcing the total vote by directing the manner in which voters may designate their choice of candidates and their votes upon constitutional amendments or other questions submitted for their votes by prescribing the duties of voters election officers police officers constables deputy constables and helpers and prescribing forms of punishment for violation thereof"

The first section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section fourteen of an act entitled "An Act to regulate the nomination and election of public officers requiring certain expenses incident thereto to be paid by the several counties and punishing certain offenses in regard to such elections" approved the tenth day of June eighteen hundred and ninety-three as amended by an act approved the ninth day of July one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven as amended further by an act approved the twenty-ninth day of April one thousand nine hundred and three which reads as follows

"Section 14 When Presidential electors are to be voted for the names of candidates for Presidential electors shall be arranged in party groups as presented in the several certificates of party nomination and nomination papers and the groups shall be printed upon the ballot in the order of the vote obtained in the State at the last Presidential election by the parties nominating beginning with the party which obtained the highest vote Provided That in the case of political parties not represented on the ballot in the last Presidential election the order of arrangement shall be alphabetically

At the head of each group of candidates shall be printed the appropriate party name or political appellation together with the surnames of the candidates of such party for President and Vice-President underneath which shall be printed the names of the appropriate candidates for Presidential electors

At the right of the space containing the surnames of the candidates for President and Vice-President and their party name or political appellation there shall be a square of sufficient size for the convenient insertion of a cross-mark (X) and at the right of the name of each candidate for Presidential elector there shall be a similar but smaller square

The names of candidates for all other shall in all cases be arranged under the title of the office for which they are candidates and be printed in the order of the votes obtained for the head of the respective tickets of the parties or bodies nominating at the last Presidential election beginning with the party obtaining the highest vote Provided That in the cases of parties not represented on the ballot at the last Presidential election the name of the nominees of such parties shall be arranged alphabetically according to the party name or political appellation At the right of the name of each nominee or candidate shall be printed the name or appellation of the political party presenting or nominating him and at the right of such party name or political appellation there shall be a square of sufficient size for the convenient insertion of a cross-mark

Whenever any candidate shall receive more than one nomination for the same office his name shall be printed once and the names of each political party so nominating him shall be printed to the right of the name of such candidate arranged in the order of the votes obtained by such party at the last preceding Presidential election beginning with the party obtaining the highest vote If such candidate shall be nominated by any party not represented on the ballot in the last Presidential election the name of such parties shall follow the other names and be arranged alphabetically according to the party name or appellation At the right of every party name or political appellation shall be a square of sufficient size for the convenient insertion cross-mark

There shall be left at the end of the groups of candidates for Presidential electors and of the list of candidates for each different office (or under the title of the office itself for which an election is to be held in case there be no candidates legally nominated therefor) as many blank spaces as there are persons to be voted for such office in which space the voter may insert the name of any person whose name is not printed on the ballot as a candidate for such office and such insertion shall count as a vote without the cross-mark as hereinafter mentioned

Whenever the approval of a constitutional amendment or other question is submitted to the vote of the people such question shall be printed upon the ballot in brief form and followed by the words "yes" and "no" and if such question be submitted at an election of public officers it shall be printed after the list of candidates

The ballots shall be so printed as to give to each voter a clear opportunity to designate his choice of candidates by a cross-mark (X) in a square of sufficient size at the right of the name of each candidate and inside the line enclosing the column and in like manner answers to questions submitted by similar marks in squares at the right of the word "yes" and "no" And on the ballot may be printed instructions how to mark and such words as will aid the voter to do this as "mark one" "mark two" and the like

Privided That a voter may designate his choice of an entire group of Presidential electors by one cross-mark (X) in a large square which shall be placed at the right of the name of the candidates for President and Vice-President at the head of such group and such mark shall be equivalent to a mark against every name in the group

Provided further That each voter may have the opportunity of designating his choice for all the candidates as nominated by one political party there shall be printed on the extreme left of the ballot and separate from the rest of the ballot by a space of at least one-half inch a list of the names of all the political parties or groups of nominees represented on such ballot and presenting candidates to be voted for at such election Such names shall be arranged in the order of the votes obtained at the last Presidential election by the candidate at the head of the respective tickets of the parties or bodies nominating beginning with the party that received the highest vote cast Following the names of such political parties shall be the names of the parties or principles not presented on the ballot at the last Presidential election arranged alphabetically according to the party name or political appellation A square of sufficient size for the convenient insertion of cross-mark (X) shall be placed at the right of each party name or appellation Every mark within such square shall be equivalent to a mark against every name designated by that political appellation or party name including candidates nominated by more than one party or group of citizens

At the head of every ballot shall be printed the following instructions To vote a straight party ticket mark a cross (X) mark in the square opposite the name of the party of your choice in the first column A cross-mark in the square opposite the name of any candidate indicates a vote for that candidate" shall be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 14 When Presidential electors are to be voted for the names of candidates for Presidential electors shall be arranged in party groups as presented in the several certificates of party nomination and nomination papers and the groups shall be printed upon the ballot in the order of the vote obtained in the State at the last General election by the parties nominating beginning with the party which obtained the highest vote Provided That in the case of political parties not represented on the ballot in the last General election the order of arrangement shall be alphabetically

At the head of each group of candidates shall be printed the appropriate party name or political appellation together with the surnames of the candidates of such party for President and Vice-President underneath which shall be printed the names of the appropriate candidates for Presidential electors

At the right of the space containing the surnames of the candidates for President and Vice-President and their party name or political appellation there shall be a square of sufficient size for the convenient insertion of a cross-mark (X) and at the right of the name of each candidate for Presidential elector there shall be a similar but smaller square

The names of candidates for all other offices shall in all cases be arranged under the title of the office for which they are candidates and be printed in the order of the votes obtained for the head of the respective tickets of the parties or bodies nominating at the last General election beginning with the party obtaining the highest vote Provided That in the cases of parties not represented on the ballot at the last General election the name of the nominees of such parties shall be arranged alphabetically according to the party name or political appellation At the right of the name of each nominee or candidate shall be printed the name or appellation of the political party presenting or nominating him and at the right of such party name or political appellation there shall be a square of sufficient size for the convenient insertion of a cross-mark

Whenever any candidate shall receive more than one nomination for the same office his name shall be printed once and the names of each political party so nominating him shall be printed to the right of the name of such candidate arranged in the same order as candidates names are grouped that is to say in the order of the votes obtained by such party at the last preceding general election beginning with the party obtaining the highest vote If such candidate shall be nominated by any party not represented on the ballot in the last preceding general election the name of such parties shall follow the other names and be arranged alphabetically according to the party name or appellation At the right of every party name or political appellation shall be a square of sufficient size for the convenient insertion of a cross-mark

There shall be left at the end of the groups of candidates for Presidential electors and of the list of candidates for each different office (or under the title of the office itself for which an election is to be held in case there be no candidates legally nominated therefor) as many blank spaces as there are persons to be voted for for such office in which space the voter may insert the name of any person whose name is not printed on the ballot as a candidate for such office and such insertion shall count as a vote without the cross-mark as hereinafter mentioned

Whenever the approval of a constitutional amendment or othre question is submitted to the vote of the people such question shall be printed upon the ballot in brief form and followed by the words "yes" and "no" and if such question be submitted at an election of public officers it shall be printed after the list of candidates

The ballots shall be so printed as to give to each voter a clear opportunity to designate his choice of candidates by a cross-mark (X) in a square of sufficient size at the right of the name of each candidate and inside the line enclosing the column and in like manner answers to questions submitted by similar marks in squares at the right of the words "yes" and "no" And on the ballot may be printed instructions how to mark and such words as will aid the voter to do this as "mark one" "mark two" and the like

Provided that a voter may designate his choice of an entire group of candidates for Presidential electors by one cross-mark (X) in a large square which shall be placed at the right of the names of the canddiates for President and Vice-President at the head of such group and such mark shall be equivalent to a mark against every name in the group

Provided further That each voter may have the opportunity of designating his choice for all the candidates as nominated by one political party there shall be printed on the extreme left of the ballot and separated from the rest of the ballot by a space of at least one-half inch a list of the names of all the political parties or groups of nominees represented on such ballot and presenting candidates to be voted for at such election Such names shall be arranged in the order of the votes obtained at the last preceding general election by the candidate at the head of the respective tickets of the parties or bodies nominating beginning with the party that received the highest vote cast Following the names of such political parties shall be the names of the parties or principles not presented on the ballot at the last preceding general election arranged alphabetically according to the party name or political appellation A square of sufficient size for the convenient insertion of a cross-mark (X) shall be placed at the right of each party name or appellation Every mark within such square shall be equivalent to a mark against every name designated by that political appellation or party name including candidates nominated by more than one party or group of citizens

At the head of every ballot shall be printed the following instructions To vote a straight party ticket mark a cross (X) in the square opposite the name of the party of your choice in the first column A cross-mark in the square opposite the name of any candidate indicates a vote for that candidate

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. President, I move to amend section 1 by striking out lines 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, and 11 beginning with the word "and" in line 4 and ending with the word "act" in line 11, and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "An act to further amend the ninth and fourteenth sections of the act, entitled 'An act to regulate the nomination and election of public officers, requiring certain expenses incident thereto to be paid by the several counties and punishing certain offenses in regard to such elections,' approved the tenth day of June, eighteen hundred and ninety-three, as amended by an act approved the ninth day of July, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven; also to amend the twenty-second, twenty-seventh, twenty-eighth, and thirtieth sections of said act to regulate the nomination and election of public officers, requiring certain expenses incident thereto to be paid by the several counties, and punishing certain offenses in regard to such elections, approved the tenth day of June, eighteen hundred and ninety-three by repealing the limit upon the number of times the names of candidates shall appear on the official ballots; by specifying the form, contents and manner of printing and counting of official ballots and of making return of all votes, and of announcing the total vote; by directing the manner in which voters may designate their choice of candidates, and their votes upon constitutional amendments or other questions submitted for their votes; by prescribing the duties of voters, election officers, police officers, constables, deputy constables and helpers; and prescribing forms of punishment for violations thereof". Also in line 17 by striking out the word "the" where it occurs the second time; also in line 40 by striking out the word "cases" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "case"; also in line 57 by inserting after the word "any" the word "political"; also in line 91 by striking out the word "name" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "names;" also in line 117 by striking out the word "mark" where it occurs the second time; also in line 121 by inserting after the word "hereby" the word "further."

Mr. DAIX. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The title of the bill was read as follows:

An Act to amend the fourteenth section of an act entitled "An Act to further amend the ninth and fourteenth sections of the act entitled 'An Act to regulate the nomination and election of public officers requiring certain expenses incident thereto to be paid by the several counties' approved the tenth day of June eighteen hundred and ninety-three as amended by an act approved the ninth day of July one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven also to amend the twenty-second twenty-seventh twenty-eighth and thirtieth sections of said act to regulate the nomination and election of public officers requiring certain expenses incident thereto to be paid by the several counties and punishing certain offences in regard to such elections approved the tenth day of June eighteen hundred and ninety-three by repealing the limit upon the number of times the names of candidates shall appear on the official ballots by specifying the form contents and manner of printing and counting of official ballot and of announcing the total vote by directing the manner in which voters may designate their choice of candidates and their votes upon constitutional amendments or other questions submitted for their votes by prescribing the duties of voters election officers police officers constables deputy constables and helpers and prescribing forms of punishment for violations thereof"

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the title?

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. President, I move to amend the title in line 5 by inserting after the word "counties" the words "and punishing certain offenses in regard to such elections' "; also in line 18 by striking out the word "ballot" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "ballots"; also in line 18 by inserting after the word "of" where it occurs the second time the words "making return of all votes and of"; also in line 25 by inserting after the word "thereof" the following "approved the twenty-ninth day of April, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and three."

Mr. DAIX. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the title as amended?

It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 629, as follows:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act regulating certain political parties providing for and regulating the nomination of candidates of such political parties for certain public offices the election of delegates and alternate delegates to national party conventions and of certain party officers including state committeemen a method

whereby electors of such political parties may express their choice of candidates for the office of President of the United States and the payment by the several counties and their reimbursement by the State of the expenses of the same authorizing the state committee of a political party to make and to alter amend and revoke rules and providing penalties for the violation of the provisions of this act and for the punishment of certain offenses provided for herein and repealing inconsistent legislation" approved the twelfth day of July Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section five of the act entitled "An Act regulating certain political parties Providing for and regulating the nomination of candidates of such political parties for certain public offices the election of delegates and alternate delegates to national party conventions and of certain party officers including state committeemen A method whereby electors of such political parties may express their choice of candidates for the office of President of the United States and the payment by the several counties and their reimbursement by the State of the expenses of the same authorizing the State Committee of a political party to make and to alter amend and revoke rules and providing penalties for the violation of the provisions of this act and for the punishment of certain offenses provided for herein and repealing inconsistent legislation" approved the twelfth day of July Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen which reads as follows

"Section 5 Official primary ballots for each party shall be prepared by the county commissioners These ballots shall be printed on white paper of uniform quality and shall be uniform in size style of printing and general appearance The ballot for each party shall be in the following form

.....Primary Ballot
(Name of Party)

.....District,.....Ward City of.....

County of.....State of Pennsylvania

Primary held on the.....day of.....19....

Make a cross (X) in the square to the right of each candidate for whom you wish to vote If you desire to vote for a person whose name is not on the ballot write or paste his name in the blank space provided for that purpose

President of the United States (Vote for one)	
John Doe	
Richard Roe	
John Stiles	

United States Senator (Vote for one)	
John Doe	
Richard Roe	
John Stiles	

Governor (Vote for one)	
John Doe	
Richard Roe	
John Stiles	

Representatives in Congress at Large (Vote for .....)	
John Doe	
Richard Roe	
John Stiles	

Representative in Congress.....District (Vote for one)	
John Doe	
Richard Roe	
John Stiles	

Delegate at Large to National Convention (Vote for .....)	
John Doe (Promises to support popular choice of party in the State for President)	
John Stiles (Does not promise to support popular choice of party in the State for President)	

Delegate to National Convention.....District (Vote for .....)	
John Doe (Promises to support popular choice of party in.....District for President)	
John Stiles (Does not promise to support popular choice of party in.....District for President)	

State Senator.....District (Vote for one)	
John Doe	
Richard Roe	
John Stiles	

State Committeeman (Vote for .....)	
John Doe	
Richard Roe	
John Stiles	

District Attorney (Vote for one)	
John Doe	
Richard Roe	
John Stiles	

Party Committeemen (Vote for .....)	
John Doe	
Richard Roe	
John Stiles	

Under each group of names of candidates shall be printed as many blank spaces defined by light lines or rules three-eighths of an inch apart as there are to be candidates nominated for such office

On the back of such ballot shall be printed in prominent type the words "Official primary ballot of..... .....Party" and there shall also appear on the back of such ballot the facsimle signatures of the county commissioners of the county

The ballot shall vary in form only as the names of districts offices candidates or the provisions of this act may require The names of candidates shall appear in alphabetical order under the respective offices

Opposite or under the name of each candidate except candidates for the office of President of the United States who is to be voted for by the electors of more than one county shall be printed the name of the county in which such candidate resides and opposite or under the name of each candidate who is to be voted for by the electors of an entire county or any Congressional Senatorial or Representative District within the county shall be printed the name of the township borough or ward and city as the case may be in which such candidate resides

The voter may designate his choice as is indicated by the instructions shown on the form of ballot above set forth If he shall vote for more persons for any office than there are candidates to be nominated or elected for such office or if for any reason it may be impossible to determine his choice for any office his ballot shall not be counted for such office but the rest of his ballot if properly marked shall be counted No ballot shall be rejected for any technical error which does not render it impossible to determine the voter's choice"

is hereby amended so that it shall read as follows

Section 5 (a) Official primary ballots for each party shall be prepared by the county commissioners These ballots shall be printed on white paper of uniform quality and shall be uniform in size style of printing and general appearance The ballot for each party shall be in the following form

(b) .....Primary Ballot
(Name of Party)

.....District,.....Ward, City of.....

County of.....State of Pennsylvania

Primary held on the.....day of.....19....

Make a cross (X) in the square to the right of each candidate for whom you wish to vote If you desire to vote for a person whose name is not on the ballot write or paste his name in the blank space provided for that purpose

President for the United States
(Vote for one)

John Doe .....

Richard Roe .....

John Stiles .....

United States Senator
(Vote for one)

John Doe .....

Richard Roe .....

John Stiles .....

Governor
(Vote for one)

John Doe .....

Richard Roe .....

John Stiles .....

Representative in Congress at Large
(Vote for .....)

John Doe .....

Richard Roe .....

John Stiles .....

Representative in Congress.....District
(Vote for one)

John Doe .....

Richard Roe .....

John Stiles .....

Delegate at Large to National Convention
(Vote for .....)

John Doe .....
(Promises to support popular choice of party in the State for President)

John Stiles .....
(Does not promise to support popular choice of party in the State for President)

Delegate to National Convention.....District
(Vote for .....)

John Doe .....
(Promises to support popular choice of party in .....district for President)

John Stiles .....
(Does not promise to support popular choice of party in.....district for President)

State Senator.....District
(Vote for one)

John Doe .....

Richard Roe .....

John Stiles .....

State Committeeman
(Vote for .....)

John Doe .....

Richard Roe .....

John Stiles .....

District Attorney
(Vote for one)

John Doe .....

Richard Roe .....

John Stiles .....

Party Committeemen
(Vote for .....)

John Doe .....

Richard Roe .....

John Stiles .....

(c) Under each group of names of candidates shall be printed as many blank spaces defined by light lines or rules three-eights of an inch apart as there are to be candidates nominated for such office

(d) On the back of such ballot shall be printed in prominent type the words "Official primary ballot of..... ..... Party" and there shall also appear on the back of such ballot the facsimile signatures of the county commissioners of the county

(e) The ballot shall vary in form only as the names of districts offices candidates or the provisions of this act may require

(f) Opposite or under the name of each candidate except candidates for the office of President of the United States who is to be voted for by the electors of more than one county shall be printed the name of the county in which such candidate resides and opposite or under the name of each candidate who is to be voted for by the electors of an entire county or any Congressional Senatorial or Representative District within the county shall be printed the name of the township borough or ward and city as the case may be in which such candidate resides

(g) The voter may designate his choice as is indicated by the instructions shown on the form of ballot above set forth If he shall vote for more persons for any office than there are candidates to be nominated or elected for such office or if for any reason it may be impossible to determine his choice for any office his ballot shall not be counted for such office but the rest of his ballot if properly marked shall be counted No ballot shall be rejected for any technical error which does not render it impossible to determine the voter's choice

(h) Before each primary the county commissioners shall make a list of the election districts in their county giving each of said districts a number so that said districts will bear consecutive numbers on said list and said county commissioners shall keep said numbered list posted in a conspicuous place in their office for at least one month before and two months after such primary

(i) In making such list the county commissioners shall put first any city or cities if there be any within their county in the order of their population the most populous city first and shall next arrange the boroughs and incorporated towns in alphabetical order and follow them with the townships in alphabetical order the wards of the several municipalities shall be arranged in numerical order under the heading of the respective municipalities and the election districts in the several wards or in the several municipalities where there are no wards shall be arranged in numerical order under the heading of their respective wards or municipalities so that in the county commissioners' list in a county containing cities boroughs and townships the first district shall be the first election district of the first ward of the largest city which district shall be followed by the other districts in said ward in numerical order and by the districts of the successive wards of said city and by the districts of the successive wards of the next successive city and so on through boroughs and townships

(j) The names of the candidates for any office within the provisions of this act shall be printed on the official ballot for the primary under the title of the office in alphabetical order according to surnames provided that where the same candidates are to be voted on in more than one election district in any county their names shall be printed in alphabetical order as aforesaid on the said official ballots for the first election district in such county (or the election district lowest in number of those districts in which the said candidates are to be voted on) but the name at the head of any group of such candidates on the said ballot for any election district shall be placed at the foot of said group on the said ballot for the next higher numbered election district the order of the names remaining otherwise unchanged

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 630, entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to regulate nominations and and elections for all elective offices of cities of the second class and all offices of judge of a court of record providing for non-partisan nominations and elections for said offices abolishing certain existing methods of nomination in such cases and the use of party or political names or appellations at elections with respect to said offices imposing certain duties upon the Secretary of the Commonwealth county commissioners and election officers and clerks and providing penalties for the violation of the provisions hereof and the punishment of certain offenses" approved the twenty-fourth day of July Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen

The first section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section three of the act approved the twenty-fourth day of July Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act to regulate nominations and elections for all elective offices of cities of the second class and all offices of judge of a court of record providing for non-partisan nominations and elections for said offices abolishing certain existing methods of nomination in such cases and the use of party or political names or appellations at elections with respect to said offices imposing certain duties upon the Secretary of the Commonwealth county commissioners and election officers and clerks and providing penalties for the violation of the provisions hereof and the punishment of certain offenses" which reads as follows

"Section 3 Official primary ballots hereinafter called 'non-partisian primary ballots' for the said offices shall be prepared for the primary by the county commissioners and no other ballots for such offices shall be used thereat These non-partisan primary ballots shall be printed on white paper of uniform quality and shall be uniform in size style of printing and general appearance and but one form of non-partisan primary ballot shall be provided for each polling place The non-partisan primary ballots shall be substantially in the following form

Non-Partisian Primary Ballot

---------- District ---------- Ward City of ----------
County of ---------- State of Pennsylvania
Primary held on the ----------day of ---------- 19-------

"Make a cross (X) in the square to the right of each candidate for whom you wish to vote"

"If you desire to vote for a person whose name is not on the ballot write or paste his name in the blank space provided for that purpose"

Judge of the Supreme Court
(Vote for ---------)

John Doe ----------
Richard Roe ----------
John Stiles ----------

Judge of the Court of Common Pleas
(Vote for ---------)

John Doe ----------
Richard Roe ----------
John Stiles ----------

Mayor
(Vote for one)

John Doe ----------
Richard Roe ----------
John Stiles ----------

Council
(Vote for ---------)

John Doe ----------
Richard Roe ----------
John Stiles ----------

"Under each group of names of candidates shall be printed blank spaces defined by light lines or rules three-eights of an inch part equal in number to the number of candidates for whom an elector would be entitled to vote for such office at the ensuing election"

"On the back of such ballot shall be printed in prominent type the words OFFICIAL NON-PARTISIAN PRIMARY BALLOT and there shall also appear on the back of such ballot the fascimile signature of the county commissioners of the county The ballot shall vary in form only as the names of the districts offices or candidates or the provisions of this act may require The names of the candidates shall appear on the official non-partisan primary ballots in alphabetical orler under the respective offices Opposite or under the name of each candidate who is to be voted for by the electors of more than one county shall be printed the name of the county in which such candidate resides and opposite or under the name of each candidate who is to be voted for by the electors of an entire county shall be printed the name of the township borough or ward and city as the case may be in which such candidate resides"

"The voter may designate his choice as indicated by the instructions shown on the form of ballot above set forth He may vote for no greater number of persons for nomination to any office than the number for which he could vote at the succeeding election for the same office If he shall vote for a greater number of persons for nomination to any office then he would have a right to vote for at the ensuing election for the same office or if for any reason it be impossible to determine his choice for any office his ballot shall not be counted for such office but the rest of his ballot if properly marked shall be counted No ballot shall be rejected for any technical error which does not render it impossible to determine the voter's choice" is hereby amended so that it shall read as follows

Section 3 Official primary ballots hereinafter called "non-partisan primary ballots" for the said offices shall be prepared for the primary by the county commissioners and no other ballots for such offices shall be used thereat These non-partisan primary ballots shall be printed on white paper of uniform quality and shall be uniform in size style of printing and general appearance and but one form of non-partisan primary ballots shall be provided for each polling place The non-partisan primary ballot shall be substantially in the following form

Non-Partisan Primary Ballot

---------- District ---------- Ward City of ----------
County of ---------- State of Pennsylvania
Primary held on the ---------- day of ---------- 19 -------

Make a cross (X) in the square to the right of each candidate for whom you wish to vote

If you desire to vote for a person whose name is not on the ballot write or paste his in the blank space provided for that purpose

Judge of the Supreme Court
(Vote for ---------)

John Doe ----------
Richard Roe ----------
John Stiles ----------

Judge of the Court of Common Pleas
(Vote for ---------)

John Doe ----------
Richard Roe ----------
John Stiles ----------

Mayor

(Vote for one)

John Doe ----------
Richard Roe ----------
John Stiles ----------

Council

(Vote for ---------)

John Doe ----------
Richard Roe ----------
John Stiles ----------

Under each group of names of candidates shall be printed blank spaces defined by light lines or rules three-eights of an inch apart equal in number to the number of candidates for whom an elector would be entitled to vote for such office at the ensuing election.

On the back of such ballot shall be printed in prominent type the words "Official Non-Partisan Primary Ballot" and there shall also appear on the back of such ballot the fascimile signatures of the county commissioners of the county The ballot shall vary in form only as the names of the districts offices or candidates or the provisions of this act may require The names of the candidates shall appear on the official non-partisan primary ballots in the order prescribed by section twenty-three of this act Opposite or under the name of each candidate who is to be voted for by the electors of more than one county shall be printed the name of the county in which such candidate resides and opposite or under the name of each candidate who is to be voted for by the electors of an entire county shall be printed the name of the township borough or ward and city as the case may be in which candidate resides

The voter may designate his choice as indicated by the instructions shown on the form of the balot above set forth He may vote for no greater number of persons for nomination to any office than the number for which he could vote at the succeeding election for the same office If he shall vote for a greater number of persons for nomination to any office then he would have a right to vote for at the ensuing election for the same office or if for any reason it be impossible to determine his choice for any office his ballot shall not be counted for such office but the rest of his ballot if properly marked shall be counted No ballot shall be rejected for any technical error which does not render it impossible to determine the voter's choice

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. President, I move to amend section 1, in line 27, by striking out the word "lots" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "lot;" also in line 47, by striking out the word "the" before the word "districts"; also in line 77, by striking out the word "use" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "used"; also in line 114, by inserting before the word "candidate" the word "such;" also in line 119, by striking out "vate" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "vote"; also in line 119, by striking out "succeeding" inserting in lieu thereof the word "succeeding".

Mr. DAIX. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The second section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 2 That section fourteen of the said act which reads as follows "If after any primary and before the succeeding election any candidate nominated pursuant to the provisions of this act shall die or shall by virtue of any present or future law be disentitled to have his name printed on the ballot for the election a vacancy shall be deemed to exists which shall be filled by the otherwise nominated and not so disentitled candidate for the same office next in rank with respect to the number of votes received at such primary If after any primary and before the succeeding election there should not be any candidate whatever nominated living and entitled to have his name printed on the ballot for any office which is within the provisions of this act and which is to be filled at the succeeding election or not enough of such candidates for any such office to equal the number of persons to be elected thereto at the succeeding election other candidates may be nominated for such office with the same effect as though nominated at the primary by the filing of nominations petitions on behalf of and affidavits by such candidates in the manner and form and according to the directions hereinbefore provided in sections four and five of this act with respect to getting the name of a candidate for such office printed upon the ballot for the primary varied in so far as may be necessary to fit the different purpose Such nominations petitions and affidavits may nevertheless in such cases be filed at any time after the primary and before the succeeding election but as soon as enough of such after-primary nomination petitions shall have been filed to provide a number of candidates including any previously nominated and still remaining available equal to twice the number of persons to be elected to the office no more such petitions shall be received The Secretary of the Commonwealth shall immediately upon the filing of any such after-primary petition and its accompanying affidavit in proper form in his office forward to the county commissioners of the county or counties whose electors are entitled to vote at the election for the office a written statement of the name residence and post-office address of the candidate therein named as shown in his affidavit as well as the name of the office for which he is a candidate and shall at the same time notify the said candidate by mail that his name has been so certified to the county commissioners As soon as any such substituted or additional candidate shall have been duly nominated as herein provided his name shall be used by the proper officers as though he had been nominated at the primary so far as time will allow and in case such after-primary nomination be filed with or transmitted to the county commissioners after the ballots have been printed the said commissioners shall prepare and distribute with the ballots suitable slips of paper bearing the substituted or added name together with the title of the office and having adhesive paste upon the reverse side which shall be offered to each voter with the regular ballot and may be affixed thereto" is hereby amended so that it shall read as follows

Section 14 If after any primary and before the succeding election any candidate nominated pursuant to the provisions of this act shall die or shall by virtue of any present or future law be disentitled to have his name printed on the ballot for the election a vacancy shall be deemed to exist which shall be filed by the otherwise unnominated and not so disentitled candidate for the same office next in rank with respect to the number of votes received at such primary or if such deceased or disentitled nominee was the sole nominee for the office then the vacancy shall be filled by the two otherwise unnominated and not so disentitled candidates for the same office next in rank with respect to the number of votes received at such primary and in either such case of vacancy other additional candidates may be nominated for such office with the same effect as though nominated at the primary by the filing of nomination petitions on behalf of and affidavits by such candidates in the manner and form and according to the directions hereinbefore provided in sections four and five of this act with respect to getting the name of a candidate for such office printed upon the ballot for the primary varied in so far as may be necessary to fit the different purposes Such nominations petitions and affidavits shall be filed the same length of time prior to the election as corresponding nominations petitions are required to be filed before a primary and shall be filed in the same office and the same proceedings shall be had with respect thereto with relation to the election as herein provided with respect to a primary Provided however that said nomination petition shall not be deemed to be filed too late if filed within ten days after the death of such deceased nominee or after the fact that a nominee is disentitled to have his name printed on the ballot becomes known The Secretary of the Commonwealth shall immdiately upon learning of any such vacancy in any nomination for a State office certify that fact to the county commissioner of the proper county or counties together with the name of the candidate or candidates if any who hereby become nominated by reason of their rank as aforesaid and shall immediately upon the filing of any such after-primary petition and its accompanying affidavit in proper form in his office forward to the county commissioners of the county or counties whose electors are entitled to vote at the election for the office a written statement of the name residence and post-office address of the candidate therein named as shown in his affidavit as well as the name of the office for which he is a candidate and shall at the same time notify the said candidate by mail that his name has been so certified to the county commissioners As soon as any such substituted or additional candidate shall have been duly nominated as herein provided his name shall be used by the proper officers as though he had been nominated at the primary so far as time will allow and in case any such after-primary nomination be filed with or certified or transmitted to the county commissioners after the ballots have been printed the said commissioners shall prepare and distribute with the ballots suitable slips of paper bearing the substituted or added name or names together with the title of the office and having adhesive paste upon the reverse side which shall be offered to each voter with the regular ballot and may be affixed thereto"

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. BEIDLEMAN: Mr. President, I move to amend Section 2, in line 2, by starting the quoted section with a new paragraph; also in line 2, by striking out the double quotes; also in line 2, by inserting before the word "if" the following "Section 14;" also in line 7, by striking out the word "nominated" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "unnominated;" also in line 52, by striking out the double quotes before the word "section;" also in line 52, by striking out "succeding," and inserting in lieu thereof the word "succeeding;" also in line 107, by striking out the double quotation marks after the word "thereto."

Mr. DAIX: Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The third section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 3 That Section sixteen of said act which reads as follows

Section 16 At the head of every official ballot furnished for an election at which any candidate for any office within the provisions of this act is to be voted for there shall be printed immediately after the instructions now by law required to be printed thereon the following additional instructions in the same style type to-wit A cross (X) in the party square in the first column does not carry a vote for any judge or for (Here insert names of any other offices for which candidates have been nominated under the provision of this act) To vote for judge or any city office mark a cross (X) opposite the name of the candidate desired"

"The group of candidates for the office or the several offices within the provisions of this act shall be printed on the ballot at the head of the second column shall be enclosed in a solid border not less than one-sixteenth of an inch in width and shall be headed with the following words printed in bold-face type not less than sixteen point in size

Judicial and City Ticket-non-Partisian said instructions shall very as the names of the offices to be filled may require"

The names of the candidates nominated as proveded by this act shall be printed on this ballot in alphabetical order under the titles of the respective offices and without any party name or appellation and the names of no other candidates for such offices shall be printed on said ballots At the right of the name of such candidate shall be a square for the insertion of a cross mark and following the list of candidates for each different office to be filled (or under the name of the office itself if there are no candidates) shall be left blank spaces all as required by law"

Is hereby amended so that it shall read as follows

"Section 16 At the head of every official ballot furnished for an election at which any candidate for any office within the provisions of this act is to be voted for there shall be printed immediately after the instructions now by law required to be printed thereon the following additional instructions in the same style and size of type to-wit A cross (X) in the party square in the first column does not carry a vote for any judge or for (here insert names of any other offices for which candidates have been nominated under the provisions of this act) To vote for judge or any city office mark a cross (X) opposite the name of the candidate desired"

"The group of candidates for the office of the several offices within the provisions of this act shall be printed on the ballot at the head of the second column shall be enclosed in a solid border not less than one-sixteenth of an inch in width and shall be headed with the following words printed in bold face type not less than sixteen point in size Judicial and City Ticket-non-Partisan Said instructions shall vary as the names of the offices to be filled in may require

"The names of the candidates nominated as provided by this act shall be printed on the ballot in the order prescribed by Section twenty-three of this act under the titles of the respective offices and without any party name or appellation and the names of no other candidates for such offices shall be printed on said ballots At the right of the name of such candidate shall be a square for the insertion of a cross mark and following the list of candidates for each different office to be filled (or under the name of the office itself if there are no candidates) shall be left blank spaces—all as required by law

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. BEIDLEMAN: Mr. President, I move to amend Section 3, in line 3, by inserting double quotation marks before the word "section;" also in line 8, by inserting after the word "size" the word "of;" also in line 14, by striking out the double quotation marks after the word "desired;" also in line 22, by inserting double quotation marks before the word "judicial;" also in line 24 by striking out the double quotation mark after the word "require; also in line 25, by inserting double quotation marks before the word "the;" also in line 26, by striking out the word "this" before the word "ballot;" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "the;" also in line 30, by striking out the word "such" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "each;" also in line 37, by striking out the double quotation marks before the word "section;" also in line 48, by striking out the double quotation marks after the word "desired;" also in line 49, by striking out double quotation marks before the word "the;" also in line 49, by striking out the word "of" before the word "the" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "or;" also in line 57, by striking out the word "in;" also in line 57, by striking out the double quotation mark after the word "require;" also in line 58, by striking out the double quotation mark befor the word "the."

Mr. DAIX: Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The fourth section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 4 The said act is hereby further amended by adding thereto the following additional section

Section 23 Before each primary and before each election the county commissioners shall make a list of the election districts in their county giving each of said districts a number so that said district will bear consectutive numbers on said lists and said county commissioners shall keep said numbered list posted in a conspicuous place in their office at least one month before and two months after such primary election

In making such list the county commissioners shall put first any city or cities if there be any within their county in the order of their population the most populous city first and shall next arrange the boroughs and incorporated towns in alphabetical order and follow them with the townships in alphabetical order the wards of the several municipalities shall be arranged in numerical order under the heading of the respective municipalities and the election districts in the several wards or in the several municipalities where there are no wards shall be arranged in numerical order under the heading of their respective wards or municipalities so that in the county commissioners' list in a county containing cities boroughs and townships the first district shall be the first election district of the first ward of the largest city which district shall be followed by the other districts in said ward in their numerical order and by the districts of the successive wards of said city and by the districts of the successive wards of the next succesive city and soon on through boroughs and townships

The names of the candidates for any office within the provisions of this act shall be printed on the official ballot for the primary or election as the case may be under the title of the office in alphabetical order according to surnames provided that where the same candidates are to be voted on in more than one election district in any county their names shall be printed in alphabetical order as aforesaid on the said official ballots for the first election district in such county (or the election district lowest in number of those districts in which the said candidates are to be voted on) but the name at the head of any group or such candidates on the said ballot for any election district shall be placed at the foot of said group on the said ballot for the next higher numbered election district the order of the names remaining otherwise unchanged

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. President, I move to amend section 4, in line 5, by striking out "conuty" and inserting in lieu theerof the word "county;" also in line 30, by striking out the word "soon" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "so."

Mr. DAIX. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the Section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The title of the bill was read as follows and agreed to:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to regulate nominations and elections for all elective offices of cities of the second class and all offices of judge of a court of record providing for non-partisan nominations and elections for said offices abolishing certain existing methods of nomination in such cases and the use of party or political names or appellations at elections with respect to said offices imposing certain duties upon the Secretary of the Commonwealth county commissioners and election officers and clerks and providing penalties for the violation of the provisions hereof and the punishment of certain offenses" approved the twenty-fourth day of July Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen

The said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 631, entitled:

An Act to provide for the creation by bodies of electors of political parties not otherwise entitled under the law to participate in primaries and elections and giving such parties the right to participate in primaries and elections providing the manner in which such parties may be created providing the manner in which such parties may have the exclusive right to use certain designated names for their parties or policies providing a method of objecting to petitions filed for the purpose of obtaining such exclusive right to use a party name under which to participate in primaries and elections providing for the enrollment of qualified electors so as to entitle them to vote the ballot of such parties at primaries providing for the designation of a person upon whom shall be served notice of objection to such petitions or other notices required by law to be served upon such parties and who shall serve such notices as are required to be made or filed by such parties under the law in the matter of the nomination of candidates providing for the payment of costs incident to objections to such petitions and also for the expense incident to holding such primaries providing penalties for violations of the provisions of this act and the punishment for certain offences hereunder and providing for the repeal of inconsistent legislation.

The first section of the bill was read as follows and agreed to:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That whenever a body of electors not otherwise entitled under the law to participate as a political party in a primary or election desire to organize a political party for the purpose of nominating candidates for public offices or party offices at a primary and of electing candidates for public offices or party offices at the succeeding election they are hereby authorized so to do under the following provisions conditions and limitations

When the object of such body of electors shall be to organize a political party to nominate and elect candidates for public offices or party offices to be voted for by the electors of the State-at-large the said body of electors shall file with the Secretary of the Commonwealth a petition setting forth that they have adopted a certain political appellation to designate their policy or party that they intend to nominate candidates for public

offices or for party offices at the succeeding primary and election and that they desire to have the exclusive right to the use of the said certain political appellation at the said succeeding primary and at the said succeeding special general or municipal election to designate their said party or policy

The second section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 2 Such petition shall be signed where it is intended to give the electors the right to nominate and elect candidates for public offices or party offices to be voted for by the electors of the State-at-large by such number of electors as is equal to at least four per centum of the largest vote for any officer elected in the State-at-large at the last preceding election at which such a State officer was voted for and of the said four per centum of signers there shall be at least two hundred from each of thirty counties of the State

Where such petition is intended to give the electors the right to nominate and elect candidates for public office or for party offices in any electoral district or division less than the State-at-large such petition shall be signed by such number of qualified electors as will equal at least five per centum of the largest vote cast for any officer elected at the last preceding general election in said electoral district or division in which the said body of electors desire to nominate or elect candidates

The said petitions shall be signed by the qualified electors in person and each elector so signing shall write after his name his place of residence (with street and number if any) and the name of his county city township borough ward or election division as the case may be and also his profession business or occupation

No elector may subscribe to more than one of such petitions and the signatures to each of such petitions and the qualifications of the signers thereof shall be vouched for by at least five of the signers thereof by affidavit which shall accompany and be attached to petition The affiants in such affidavit shall also designate one qualified elector who has signed such petition as the chairman of the said policy or party giving his name his address in full and his occupation and such elector so named as chairman shall be the person who shall serve all notices required to be served by said policy or party or filed under the general primary law of this Commonwealth.

Said petitions shall be upon forms to be furnished by the Secretary of the Commonwealth and no other forms than those prescribed and so furnished by the Secretary of the Commonwealth shall be used for the purpose

No words shall be used in any of said petitions describing or designating said political party or policy similar to or identical with words used by any body or electors or political party entitled to participate in said succeeding primary or general election

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. President, I move to amend section 2, line 29, by inserting after the word "to" the word "such."

Mr. DAIX. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The third, fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh and eight sections of the bill were read as follows and agreed to:

Section 3 Said petitions when intended to give the electors the right to nominate and vote for officers to be voted for by the electors of the State-at-large or for members of the House of Representatives of the United States or for State officers including Senators and Representatives to the General Assembly and judges of the court (if the law shall provide for the nomination and election of judges of the courts by political parties) shall be filed with the Secretary of the Commonwealth on or before the first day of February preceding the primary or general election at which the said body of electors or party proposes to participate in even numbered years and on or before the first day of July preceding such primary or general election in odd numbered years

Such petitions when intended to give the electors the right to nominate and vote for all other officers than those above enumerated shall be filed with the county commissioners of the respective counties on or before the first day of February preceding the primary or general election at which said body of electors or party proposes to participate in even numbered years and on or before the first day of July preceding such primary or general election in odd numbered years

It shall be the duty of the officer or officers with whom a petition for the use of a political appellation and the right to participate as a party at a primary or election when such petition is brought to him or them for filing under the provisions of this act to examine said petition and if such petition lack sufficient signatures or be otherwise manifestly defective it shall not be filed but the action of such officer or officers in refusing to accept such petition for filing may be reviewed by the court of common pleas of the county in which the petition is presented for filing upon application for mandamus to compel its receipt as of the date when it was first brought to such officer or officers for filing

Section 4 Upon the filing of such petition with the proper officer or officers as above set forth the said body of electors so filing such petition shall have the exclusive right to the use of the said name or political appellation designating their said political party or policy and they shall have the same right to nominate candidates for party offices and public offices at the succeeding primary and the succeeding election as have other political parties or bodies who are now entitled to nominate candidates at a primary unless objection thereto shall be made by any qualified elector of the State or of the electoral district or division as the case may be for which said petition is filed by writing filed in the court of common pleas of the county in which said petition is filed within fifteen days after the last day fixed for filing such petitions

In case such court is in session one or more of the Judges thereof shall proceed to fix a time to hear said objections and at such time fixed shall without unnecessary adjournment or delay give such hearing precedence over all other business before him or them and such objections shall be heard and determined within at least fifteen days from the date of the filing of the objections

In case said court be not in session any judge thereof on presentation to him of a certificate of the prothonotary that such objections have been filed as aforesaid shall proceed to fix a time and hear such objections as aforesaid Provided That no objections of any nature whatever shall be heard unless accompanied by proper proof of service of notice of the proposed objection upon the person designated as the chairman of said body of electors by the affiants to said petition or in case of the death of such chairman or inability of the objector or objectors to serve him with such notice then on any two of the affiants to said petition said service of such notice to be made at least five days prior to the time fixed by the court for the hearing of such objections

If the court decide that said petition is not signed by a sufficient number of qualified electors or that the name proposed to be used is the same or similar to the name of any other party entitled to participate in said succeeding primary or election or shall adjudge that said petition for the use of said name and the right to participate in the succeeding primary or election is not first in point of time of filing with the proper officer or officers then the said court shall decree that said petition be wholly void and of no effect

If the court shall find that said petition is filed in accordance with the provisions of this act then said court shall dismiss said objections and the said body of electors so presenting and filing said petition shall have the exclusive right to the use of said party name at the succeeding primary and election In cases where the objections to petitions filed are not sustained by the court the objector or objectors shall be liable for all costs of the proceeding including witness fees

Section 5 When said body of electors have filed their petition under the provisions of this act and the same has not been objected to or if objected to the objection has been dismissed by the court they shall be entitled to the exclusive use of said name or political appellation and they shall be entitled as a political party to participate in the succeeding primary and election in the matter of the nomination and election of party officers and of public officers in the same manner and under the same terms and subject to the same conditions provisions and limitations as political parties are now entitled to participate in such primaries and elections Provided That any qualified elector desiring to vote the ballot of the party thus securing the right under this act to participate in said primary must enroll as a member of said party before he may exercise his right at the said primary and the fact that such qualified elector has theretofore been enrolled before the filing of said petition as a member of another party or has at any time prior to the filing of said petition voted for another party shall not operate to prevent his enrollment with said new party

Section 6 Any additional expense incident to the carrying out of the provisions of this act shall be accounted for and paid for in the manner now provided for the accounting for and payment of expenses of primaries

Section 7 Any person or persons who shall falsely make any such petition for the exclusive use of a party name or political appellation or file any such petition knowing the same or any part thereof to be falsely made or suppress any such petition or any part thereof which has been duly filed or shall forge or cause to be forged any name or names thereto or who shall make any false affidavit to any such petition or who shall wilfully alter any material portion of any such petition shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars and undergo an imprisonment for not more than one year or either or both at the discretion of the court

Section 8 That all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith be and the same are hereby repealed

The title of the bill was read as follows:

An Act to provide for the creation by bodies of electors of political parties not otherwise entitled under the law to participate in primaries and elections and giving such parties the right to participate in prim-

aries and elections providing the manner in which such parties may be created providing the manner in which such parties may have the exclusive right to use certain designated names for their parties or policies providing a method of objecting to petitions filed for the purpose of obtaining such exclusive right to use a party name under which to participate in primaries and elections providing for the enrollment of qualified electors so as to entitle them to vote the ballot of such parties at primaries providing for the designation of a person upon whom shall be served notice of objection to such petitions or other notices required by law to be served upon such parties and who shall serve such notices as are required to be made or filed by such parties under the law in the matter of the nomination of candidates providing for the payment of costs incident to objections to such petitions and also for the expense incident to hold such primaries prividing penalties for violations of the provisions of this act and the punishment for certain offences hereunder and providing for the repeal of inconsistent legislation

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the title?

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. President, I move to amend the title in line 9, by striking out the word "obtain" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "obtaining;" also in line 29, by striking out the word "hold" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "holding."

Mr. DAIX. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the title as amended?

It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 639, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the eleventh day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to provide for the appointment of county and city inspectors of weights and measures providing for their compensation and expenses prescribing their duties prohibiting vendors from giving false or insufficient weights and fixing the penalties for the violation of the provisions hereof" by granting supervision over the inspectors to the Bureau of Standards and providing clerical help incidental thereto

The first section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the first section of an act approved the eleventh day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to provide for the appointment of county and city inspectors of weights and measures providing for their compensation and expenses prescribing their duties prohibiting vendors from giving false or insufficient weights and fixing the penalties for the violation of the provisions hereof" which as amended by an act approved the twenty-fourth day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act to amend an act approved the eleventh day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled 'An Act to provide for the appointment of county and city inspectors of weights and measures providing for their compensation and expenses prescribing their duties prohibiting vendors from giving false or insufficient weights and fixing the penalties for the violation of the proviisons hereof" reads as follows

"Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the mayors of cities of the second and third class and the several boards of county commissioners shall respectively appoint one or more competent persons as inspectors of weights and measures in the respective county or city whose salary shall not be less than one thousand dollars per annum to be paid out of the respective revenues of such county or city Provided however That the payment of a minimum salary shall not apply to counties having a population of fifteen thousand or less In addition to the salary provided by law the said county and city inspectors shall be entitled to receive the actual expenses incurred by them personally in performing the duties of their office such as transportation hotel livery telephone telegraph and postal charges to be paid by the boards of county commissioners of their respective counties on bills itemized and properly sworn to Provided however That nothing in this act shall be construed to prevent two or more counties or any county and city from combining the whole or any part of their districts as may be agreed upon by the board of county commissioners and mayors of cities with one set of standards and one inspector upon the written consent of the chief of the bureau of standards Provided further In cities of the first class the inspectors shall be appointed by the county commissioners of the county in which the said city may be located Any inspector appointed in pursuance of an agreement for such combination shall subject to the terms of his appointment have the same authority and duties as if he had been appointed by each of the authorities who are parties to the agreement The county and city inspectors of weights and measures as appointed by the respective counties and cities shall hold their office during good behavior and shall not be removed discharged or reduced in pay or position except for inefficiency incapacity conduct unbecoming employes or other just cause and until the said officials shall have been furnished with written statements of the reason for such removal discharge or reduction and shall have been given reasonable time to make written answer thereto Nor shall such removal discharge or reduction be made until the charge or charges shall have been examined into and found true in fact by the appointing power of such county or city at a hearing upon reasonable notice to the person charged at which time he may be represented by counsel and offer testimony or witnesses in his own behalf It shall be unlawful for any sealer or inspector of weights and measures or any of his deputies to perform clerical or other services for the county or city of their respective districts" is hereby further amended to read

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the mayors of cities of the second and third class and the several boards of county commissioners shall respectively appoint one or more competent persons as inspectors of weights and measures in the respective county or city whose salary shall not be less than one thousand dollars per annum to be paid out of the respective revenues of such county or city The payment of a minimum salary does not apply to counties having a population of fifteen thousand or less In addition to the salary provided by law the said county and city inspectors shall be entitled to receive the actual expenses incurred by them personally in performing the duties of their office such as transportation hotel livery telephone telegraph and postal charges to be paid by the boards of county commissioners of their respective counties on bills itemized and properly sworn to This act does not prevent two or more counties or any county and city from combining the whole or any part of their districts as may be agreed upon by the board of county commissioners and mayors of cities with one set of standards and one inspector upon the written consent of the Chief of the Bureau of Standards In cities of the first class the inspectors shall be appointed by the county commissioners of the county in which the city is located Any inspector appointed in pursuance of an agreement for such combination shall subject to the terms of his appointment have the same authority and duties as if he had been appointed by each of the authorities who are parties to the agreement The county and city inspectors of weights and measures as appointed by the respective counties and cities shall hold their office during good behavior and shall not be removed discharged or reduced in pay or position except for inefficiency incapacity conduct unbecoming employes or other just cause and until the said officials shall have been furnished with written statements of the reason for such removal discharge or reduction and shall have been given reasonable time to make written answer thereto Nor shall such removal discharge or reduction be made until the charge or charges shall have been examined into and found true in fact by the appointing power of such county or city at a hearing upon reasonable notice to the person charged at which time he may be represented by counsel and offer testimony or witnesses in his own behalf It shall be unlawful for any sealer or inspector of weights and measures or any of his deputies to perform clerical or other services for the county or city of their respective districts The Chief of the State Bureau of Standards shall have supervision over the inspectors and shall establish regulations governing weighing and measuring devices and to carry out such supervisory work the Secretary of Internal Affairs shall appoint in the Bureau of Standards two deputies each of whom shall receive an annual salary of fifteen hundred dollars and shall be allowed traveling and other expenses actually and necessarily incurred in performing his duties

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. President, I move to amend section 1, in line 18, by inserting a single quotation mark after the word "hereof" before the double quotation mark.

Mr. DAIX. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The second section of the bill was read as follows and agreed to:

Section 2 All acts or parts of an act general local or specially inconsistent with any of the provisions of this act are repealed

The title of the bill was read as follows:

An Act to amend an act approved the eleventh day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to provide for the appointment of county and city inspectors of weights and measures providing for their compensation and expenses prescribing their duties prohibiting vendors from giving false or insufficient weights and fixing the penalties for the violation of the provisions hereof" by granting supervision over the inspectors to the Bureau of Standards and providing clerical help incidental thereto

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the title?

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. President, I move to amend the title in line 7 by inserting after the word "hereof" the words "as amended."

Mr. DAIX. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the title as amended?

It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

COMMUNICATIONS FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Private Secretary to the Governor being introduced presented communications in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which were laid upon the table.

HOUSE MESSAGE.

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced presented extracts from the Journal of the House of Representatives, which were laid upon the table.

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 274, entitled:

An Act to provide for the payment of costs of suit in cases of summary proceedings or convictions had before magistrates aldermen or justices of the peace for the violation of any act of Assembly of this Commonwealth

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 416 (House Bill No. 49), entitled:

An Act empowering certain corporations societies and voluntary associations having subordinate lodges or branches within this Commonwealth to change the location of their principal office or place of business and providing for the filing of notices of such changes

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 469, entitled:

An act amending an act entitled "An Act in relation to the laying out opening widening straightening extending or vacating streets and alleys and the construction of bridges in the several municipalities of this Commonwealth and grading paving macadamizing or otherwise improving streets and alleys providing for ascertaining the damages to private property resulting therefrom the assessment of the damages costs and expenses thereof upon the property benefited and the construction of sewers and payment of the damages costs and expenses thereof including the damages to private property resulting therefrom" approved the sixteenth day of May one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one by providing for the placing of footwalks curb parking space shade trees or otherwise improving the space between the curb line and the property line in the said streets lanes and alleys and by providing for the payment of the damages costs and expenses thereof

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 515 (House Bill No. 457), entitled:

An Act to amend section two of an act entitled "An Act for the better protection of the wild birds known as the turtle or mourning-dove the killdeer and the bird commonly called the blackbird in Pennsylvania and prescribing penalties for violation of its provisions" approved the twenty-first day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen Pamphlet Laws eight by extending the power to destroy birds commonly called blackbirds

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 543, entitled:

An Act providing for the appointment and future of a municipal Division Board in counties having located therein a city of the second class the number and kinds of members thereof the terms for which appointed and elected the organization powers and duties thereof the compensation of said members and the manner of providing for the necessary expenses for the operation of said Board

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 550, entitled:

A supplement to an act approved the twenty-eighth day of April one thousand nine hundred and three entitled "An Act for the annexation of any city borough township or part of a township to a contiguous city and providing for the indebtedness of the same" by providing that any city heretofore or hereafter enlarged by any annexation under the terms of said act shall be liable for and shall pay the indebtedness of such city and the territory so annexed and providing for the levying of a uniform tax upon all the territory included within such city as enlarged by such annexation for the payment of all such indebtedness

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 551, entitled:

A supplement to an act approved the seventh day of February one thousand nine hundred and six entitled "An Act to enable cities that are now or may hereafter be contiguous or in close proximity to be united with any intervening land other than boroughs in one municipality providing for the consequences of such consolidation the temporary government of the consolidated city payment of the indebtedness of each of the united territories and the enforcement of debts and claims due to or from each" by providing that the indebtedness of each city and intervening land heretofore or hereafter united or consolidated under the provisions of said act be paid by the consolidated city and for the levying of a uniform tax upon all the territory included within the consolidated city for the payment of the same

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 595 (House Bill No. 582), entitled:

An act authorizing municipalities to enter into certain contracts and make appropriations regarding librares

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

NOMINATIONS BY THE GOVERNOR.

The Chair cleared his table and laid before the Senate communications in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which were read as follows:

REPORTER OF THE DECISIONS OF THE SUPREME COURT.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, March 30, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen: In conformity with law I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Wm. I. Schaffer, of Chester, Pa., to be Reporter of the Decisions of the Supreme Court, for the term of five years to compute from the date of confirmation.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

CONTROLLER OF THE COUNTY OF LANCASTER.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, March 30, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen: In conformity with law I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Enos E. Mowrer to be Controller of the County of Lancaster until his successor shall be duly elected and qualified, vice N. Franklin Hall, deceased.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

NOTARIES PUBLIC.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, March 30, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons to become Notaries Public for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, for the term of four years, to compute from the dates set opposite their names, respectively:

ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

Herman H. Tully, McKeesport, April 3, 1915.

LACKAWANNA COUNTY.

George B. Davidson, Scranton, April 16, 1915.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY.

Charles H. Eimerman, Philadelphia, March 18, 1915.
Wm. H. F. Ward, Philadelphia, April 19, 1915.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, March 30, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons to be Notaries Public for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, for the term of four years, to compute from the date of their confirmation:

CAMBRIA COUNTY.

Wm. Williams, Johnstown.

CENTRE COUNTY.

Howard A. Moore, Howard.

CRAWFORD COUNTY.

Arthur Kinney, Spartansburg.

LACKAWANNA COUNTY.

Miss B. V. Earley, Scranton.

LUZERNE COUNTY.

William W. Spry, Plymouth.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY.

J. Blair Moffett, Philadelphia.
J. Washington Robinson, Philadelphia.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

EXECUTIVE SESSION.

By unanimous consent,

A motion was made by Mr. GERBERICH,

That Rule 38 which requires nominations made by the Governor to be referred to proper committees be dispensed with, and the Senate do now resolve itself into executive session, for the purpose of acting on the foregoing nominations,

Which was agreed to,

Whereupon,

A motion was made by Mr. GERBERICH,

That the Senate do advise and consent to said nominations,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—41.

Beidleman,	Hoke,	Mills,	Snyder, C. A.,
Buckman,	Jenkins,	Moore,	Sones,
Catlin,	Kurtz,	Patton,	Sproul,
Clark,	Lynch,	Phipps,	Stewart,
Croft,	Magee, C. J.,	Salus,	Thompson,
Crow,	Martin,	Schantz,	Tompkins,
Daix,	McConnell,	Semmens,	Vare,
Endsley,	McKee, W. S.,	Sensenich,	Warner,
Farley,	McNichol,	Smith, R. E.,	Wasbers,
Gerberich,	Miller,	Smith, W. W.,	Kline,
Hilton,			Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Governor be informed accordingly.

HOUSE CONCURS IN RESOLUTION RECALLING FROM THE GOVERNOR SENATE BILL NO. 4.

The Chair cleared his table and laid before the Senate communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has concurred in resolution from the Senate as follows:

In the Senate, March 29, 1915.

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That Senate Bill No. 4, entitled "An Act relating to persons habitually addicted to the use of alcohol or drugs and providing for the care and treatment of such persons at the expense of the county and State if indigent" be recalled from the Governor for the purpose of amendment.

COMMUNICATIONS FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Chair cleared his table and laid before the Senate communications in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which were read as follows:

APPROVAL OF SENATE BILL NO. 215.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, March 30, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen: I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed Senate Bill No. 215, entitled "An Act vesting in County Commissioners certain powers relative to public monuments."

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

APPROVAL OF SENATE BILL NO. 13.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, March 26, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen: I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed Senate Bill No. 13, entitled "An Act relating to and regulating partnerships."

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

APPROVAL OF SENATE BILL NO. 63.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, March 26, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen: I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed Senate Bill No. 63, entitled "An Act relating to moneys deposited in State Treasury prior to December thirty-first Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen by the State Highway Department as fees for registration of motor-vehicles and the licensing of operators and making an appropriation thereof."

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

APPROVAL OF SENATE BILL NO. 180.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harisburg, March 26, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed Senate Bill No. 180 entitled "An Act to amend the first second and third sections of an act approved the eighteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled 'An Act authorizing any county and city in any county in which the county seat is within the limits of such city to erect a joint county and municipal building providing for the conditions under which such building may be erected and for the ownership thereof providing for the selection of a site for said building and authorizing said county and city to make a sale or exchange of properties under certain conditions for the purpose of securing such site authorizing the acquisition of additional property for such building by purchase or condemnation and authorizing the county to issue bonds in payment of any indebtedness incurred for its share of the cost of such building and land' by conferring upon such county and city additional powers relating to the design construction use administration operation and maintenance of such joint county and municipal building and also if deemed advisable for an independent power plant in connection therewith."

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

APPROVAL OF RESOLUTION RECALLING FROM THE GOVERNOR SENATE BILL NO. 4.

The Chair cleared his table and laid before the Senate communication in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which was read as follows:

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, March 30, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed a resolution of the Senate and House of Representatives recalling Senate Bill No. 4 entitled "An Act relating to persons habitually addicted to

the use of alcohol or drugs and providing for the care and treatment of such persons at the expense of the county and State if indigent."

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

RECONSIDERATION OF SENATE BILL NO. 4.

Mr. CLARK. Mr. President, I move to reconsider the vote by which Senate Bill No. 4, entitled:

An Act relating to persons habitually addicted to the use of alcohol or drugs and providing for the care and treatment of such persons at the expense of the county and State if indigent

passed finally.

The PRESIDENT. How did the Senator vote?

Mr. CLARK. Mr. President, I voted aye.

Mr. SCHANTZ. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The PRESIDENT. How did the Senator vote?

Mr. SCHANTZ. Mr. President, I voted aye.

The motion was agreed to.

And the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. CLARK. Mr. President, I move to reconsider the vote by which this bill passed third reading.

The PRESIDENT. How did the Senator vote?

Mr. CLARK. Mr. President, I voted aye.

Mr. SCHANTZ. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The PRESIDENT. How did the Senator vote?

Mr. SCHANTZ. Mr. President, I voted aye.

The motion was agreed to.

And the question recurring,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. CLARK. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to amend section 5, in lines 10 and 11, by striking out the words "by the county from which the inebriate is committed;" also in line 10 by inserting after the word "county" where it first occurs the words "from which the inebriate is committed."

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

The amendments were agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading as amended?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended be printed for the use of the Senate.

BILL INTRODUCED.

Mr. SEMMENS. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to read a bill in place at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. SEMMENS read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 701, entitled:

An Act entitled an act to amend section two of article four of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the bituminous coal mines of Pennsylvania and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith," approved the ninth day of June, A. D. 1911.

Which was committed to the Committee on Mines and Mining.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. HOKE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. HOKE, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 640, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the State Highway Department to cover a deficiency in the general appropriation of one thousand nine hundred and thirteen for acquiring turnpike roads.

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION RECALLING FROM THE GOVERNOR HOUSE BILL NO. 543.

The Chair cleared his table and laid before the Senate extract from the Journal of the House of Representatives which was twice read as follows:

In the House of Representatives, March 30, 1915.

"Resolved (if the Senate concur) that House Bill No. 543, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the ninth day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to provide for the appointment of deputy prothonotaries in counties of this Commonwealth having a population of more than two hundred and fifty thousand and less than a million and defining their qualifications powers and salary"

be recalled from the Governor for the purpose of amendment.

On the question,

Will the Senate concur in the same?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

HOUSE CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL NO. 295.

He also laid before the Senate communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House had concurred in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 295, entitled:

An Act to protect the public health in cities of the first class in this Commonwealth and for that purpose creating in the Department of Public Health and Charities four bureaus to be called the bureaus of hospitals and charities health sanitation and housing said bureaus to have the supervision and control in said cities of hospitals and charities health sanitation and housing as herein set forth and other matters affecting the public welfare so far as regards the use and occupancy of public buildings and of all public buildings and the appurtenances thereto occupied in whole or in part as places or residence by more than two families living separate and apart and providing for themselves also the licensing supervision and control and the use of lodging rooming apartment and tenement houses creating a sanitary board for the purpose of enforcing the provisions of this act fixing the responsibility for violations of any of the provisions of this act and also giving power to said sanitary board to make rules and regulations to govern certain conditions affecting health and sanitation and the licensing of certain trades industries and premises and providing for punishments and penalties for violations of any of the rules and regulations made by the Department of Public Health and Charities or by any of such sanitary boards under the powers granted by this act also providing for the filing of liens also providing for the insptction by the bureau of building inspection and the fire marshal of said cities of the first class and repealing all laws inconsitent herewith

SENATE BILL NO. 176 RETURNED WITH AMENDMENTS.

He also laid before the Senate communication from the House of Representatives returning to the Senate Senate Bill No. 176, entitled:

An Act to provide for the better protection and preservation of deer and elk and certain birds classed as game birds within the Commonwealth providing a method through which certain lands in the Commonwealth may be closed to hunting for a term of years and prescribing penalties for violation of its several provisions

with the information that the House has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

Which was laid over one day under the rules.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 401.

He also laid before the Senate communication from the House of Representatives returning to the Senate Senate Bill No. 401, entitled:

An Act authorizing George F. Pawling a resident of the city of Philadelphia successor to Bergdoll and Pawling to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 294.

He also laid before the Senate communication from the House of Representatives returning to the Senate Senate Bill No. 294, entitled:

An Act to further protect the rights and liberty of the people of this Commonwealth when under arrest upon a bailable criminal charge making its infraction a misdemeanor and providing punishment therefor

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE BILLS FOR CONCURRENCE.

He also laid before the Senate for concurrence bills of the House of Representatives as follows:

House Bill No. 488 (Senate Bill No. 702), entitled:

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act to encourage and authorize the formation of co-operative banking associations where the profits derived from the business after paying all legitimate expenses shall accrue to the depositors and borrowers of the association in proportion to their deposits or loans" approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-three and providing for the conversion of co-operative banking associations into banks of discount and deposit under certain regulations

Which was committed to the Committee on Banks and Building and Loan Associations.

House Bill No. 756 (Senate Bill No. 703), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the seventh day of May one thousand nine hundred seven entitled "An Act regulating and defining the powers and duties of the Dental Council and the State Board of Dental Examiners providing for appointment of examiners defining qualifications of applicants for examination condition of granting licenses regulating and limiting the practice of dentistiry prohibiting practice by or employment of unlicensed persons and providing punishment therefor and disposition of fees and fines and fixing the appropriation to the Dental Council"

Which was committed to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

House Bill No. 918 (Senate Bill No. 704), entitled:

An Act to provide for the study by the Department of Labor and Industry of the question of minimum wages for women and minors

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

House Bill No. 1009 (Senate Bill No. 705), entitled:

An Act to regulate and establish the fees to be charged and collected by the recorder of deeds in counties having a population of over eight hundred thousand and less than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants as computed by the last preceding United States census

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

House Bill No. 925 (Senate Bill No. 706), entitled:

An Act regulating the number grade appointment and assignment of employes in the Adjutant-General's Department and State Arsenal and fixing salaries of each

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 961 (Senate Bill No. 707), entitled:

An Act imposing certain liabilities on persons firms and corporations in cities of the second class for the cost of extinguishing fires which occur through their criminal intent design or willful negligence or where they have not complied with any law ordinance or other lawful regulation for the prevention of fire or the spreading thereof providing a method for the ascertainment of such cost and the manner of collecting the same

Which was committed to the Committee on Municipal Affairs.

ADJOURNMENT.

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now adjourn until tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock.

Mr. MILLER. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The Senate adjourned at 5.55 o'clock P. M. until Wednesday morning March 31, 1915, at 10 o'clock.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

TUESDAY, March 30th, 1915.

The House met at 10 o'clock A. M.

The SPEAKER (Charles A. Ambler) in the Chair.

PRAYER.

The Chaplain, Rev. F. W. Staley, offered the following prayer:

Almighty God, on the morning of this beautiful day we thank Thee that we can unite our voices with the angels and archangels and with all the company of Heaven, to laud and magnify Thy glorious name, evermore praising Thee and saying, "Holy, Holy, Holy, is the Lord God of Hosts."

We thank Thee that it is written "Without holiness no man shall see the Lord. Blessed are the pure in heart, for they shall see God." Oh, God, take these hearts of ours and purge them with hyssop and they shall be clean. Wash them and they shall be whiter than snow. Fill them with the love, knowledge, patience, brotherly kindness and godliness, and with these, make us blessings to our fellow men and to the world, we ask for Christ's sake. Amen.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the journal of yesterday's proceedings.

The Clerk proceeded to read the journal of yesterday's proceedings, when on motion of Mr. Lindsey, the further reading was dispensed with and the journal was approved.

BILLS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED.

By Mr. NISSLEY. House Bill No. 1144.

An act prohibiting any person, partnership or corporation operating telephone lines in this Commonwealth from discontinuing service to its patrons without first giving notice and stipulating the time when such service is due and payable, and providing a penalty for the violation thereof.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

By Mr. MEARKLE. House Bill No. 1145.

An act to promote individual home building and for special assessment and regulating the period therefor in cities of the third class, boroughs and first class townships.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. DELL. House Bill No. 1146.

An act giving additional protection to human beings in this Commonwealth and imposing penalties upon those who may shoot at or wound or kill a human being in mistake for either game or other wild creatures.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

By Mr. LINDSEY. House Bill No. 1147.

An Act fixing the salaries of the Associate Judges of the Courts of this Commonwealth.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

By Mr. LEIGHNER. House Bill No. 1148.

An act providing for the creation and regulation of municipal liens, proceedings for the collection thereof, in the several boroughs of this State.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

By Mr. PHILLIPS. House Bill No. 1149.

An act to regulate the cutting of growing timber on State Forests within this Commonwealth.

Referred to the Committee on Forestry.

By Mr. FRUIT. House Bill No. 1150.

An Act making an appropriation to the Trustees of Grove City College.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. URICH. House Bill No. 1151.

An act fixing the compensation for commissioners of townships of the first class.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. OSTRANDER. House Bill No. 1152.

An act to further amend section one thousand four hundred twelve of an act, approved the eighteenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred eleven, entitled "An act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, together with the provisions by which it shall be administered, and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof; providing revenue to establish and maintain the same, and the method of collecting such revenue; and repealing all laws, general, special or local, or any parts thereof, that are or may be inconsistent therewith."

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Mr. GORMLEY. House Bill No. 1153.

An act to regulate the method of taxing minerals.

Referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. SPENCER. House Bill No. 1154.

An act to further amend an act approved the thirty-first day of May, one thousand nine hundred eleven, entitled "An act providing for the establishment of a State Highway Department, by the appointment of a State Highway Commissioner, two deputy State Highway Commissioners, chief engineer, chief draughtsman, superintendents of highways, and a staff of assistants and employes; defining their duties and the jurisdiction of the State Highway Department, and fixing salaries of commissioner and deputies and other appointees; providing for taking over from the counties or townships of the Commonwealth certain existing public roads connecting county seats, principal cities and towns, and extending to the State line; describing and defining same by route numbers as the State Highways of the Commonwealth; providing for the improvement, maintenance, and repair of said State Highways solely at the expense of the Commonwealth and relieving the several townships or counties from any further obligation and expense to improve or maintain the same, and relieving said townships or counties of authority over same; requiring boroughs and incorporated towns to maintain certain State Highways wholly and in part; requiring the State Highway Commissioner to make maps to be complete records thereof; conferring authority on the State Highway Commissioner; providing for the payment of damages in taking of property, or otherwise, in the improvement thereof; providing for purchase or acquiring of turnpikes or toll-roads forming all or part of any State Highway, and procedure therein; providing for work of improvement of State Highways to be done by contract, except where the State Highway Commissioner decides the work be done by the State; providing aid by the State to counties and townships desiring the same in the improvement of township or county roads; defining highways and State-aid highways; providing method of application for State aid in the improvement, maintenance, and repair of township or county roads, and prescribing the contents of township, county, borough, or incorporated town petitions; providing for percentage of cost of improvement or repairs to be paid by State, county, township, borough, or incorporated town, and requiring contracts by counties, townships, borough, and incorporated towns with Commonwealth governing same; providing for the minimum width of State Highways and State-aid highways and kind of materials to be used in the improvement; providing for payment of costs of improvement and repairs; providing penalties for injuring or destroying State Highways; making appropriations to carry out the provisions of this act; and providing for the repeal of certain acts relating to Highway Department and improvement of roads, and all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith; and providing that existing contracts are not affected by provisions of this act."

Referred to the Committee on Public Roads.

By Mr. BAUERLE. House Bill No. 1155.

An act to further amend an act approved the eighth day of April, one thousand eight hundred thirty-three, entitled "An act relating to the descent and distribution of the estates of intestates."

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

By Mr. GLENN. House Bill No. 1156.

An act granting to parties litigant in cases involving the reasonableness of the rates or regulations or the adequacy of the services or facilities furnished or offered by public service corporations in this State the right to examine the accounts, books, papers, records, vouchers, letters, contracts, memoranda and documents, and to enter upon and examine the properties of said public service corporation or corporations.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. DAWSON. House Bill No. 1157.

An act imposing a State tax on anthracite coal; providing for the assessment and collection of the said tax annually and dedicating the fund received from said tax and appropriating two-thirds of the same to the construction, maintenance, improvement and repair of State Highways and the remaining one-third to the several cities, boroughs and townships, from which the said tax is derived, and providing penalties for the violation of this act.

Referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. DUNN. House Bill No. 1158.

An act designating the myrtle (lysimachia nummularia) as the State flower of Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. WYLIE. House Bill No. 1159.

An act enabling townships of the first class to regulate hawking and peddling and canvassing from house to house soliciting orders for the sale of goods, wares or merchandise, and to require a license therefor and to fix and collect a reasonable license fee for such license.

Referred to the Committee on Counties and Townships.

By Mr. MAURER. House Bill No. 1160.

An act to provide for the maintenance of employes that may be thrown out of employment through the passage of a Local Option Law and providing for the enumeration of the persons made idle and naming the method by which finances may be obtained to cover the expense involved in carrying out this act.

Referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

By Mr. MEARKLE. House Bill No. 1161.

A Supplement to an act, entitled "An act to secure to laborers within this Commonwealth, the benefit of the exemption laws of this Commonwealth, and to prevent assignment of claims for the purpose of securing their collection against laborers outside of this Commonwealth," approved the twenty-third day of May, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven, regulating the practice in trials on actions of debt instituted under the terms and provisions of the said act.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. WHITAKER. House Bill No. 1162.

An act to amend an act approved the twenty-first day of May, A. D. 1913 (P. L. 284), entitled "An act to amend an act approved the twenty-fifth day of June, one thousand eight hundred eighty-five, entitled 'An act regulating the collection of taxes in the several boroughs and townships of this Commonwealth,' as amended by an act approved the second day of June, one thousand eight hundred ninety-one, entitled 'An act to amend section nine of an act, approved the twenty-fifth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five, entitled 'An act regulating the collection of taxes in the several boroughs and townships of this Commonwealth,' by providing the time in which the collectors shall pay over tax and make settlements,'" by establishing and prescribing the minimum and the maximum commissioners, which may be fixed by the authorities, for the collection of taxes in boroughs and in townships of the second class.

Referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. WHITAKER. House Bill No. 1163.

An act to amend Section 584 of an act, approved May 18th, 1911 (P. L. 309), entitled "An act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, together with the provisions by which it shall be administered, and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof; providing revenue to establish and maintain the same, and the method of collecting such revenue; and repealing all laws, general, special or local, or any parts thereof, that are or may be inconsistent therewith, by establishing and prescribing the minimum and the maximum commissioners or compensation, which may be fixed by the board of school directors, for the collection of school taxes in school districts of the second, third and fourth class.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Mr. WHITAKER. House Bill No. 1164.

An act to amend an act approved the 8th day of May, A. D., 1909 (P. L. 474), entitled "An act to amend an act approved the twenty-fifth day of June, Anno Domini eighteen hundred and eight-five, entitled 'An act regulating the collection of taxes in the several boroughs and townships of this Commonwealth,' so as to fix the amount of the

bond at not more than the amount of the taxes charged and assessed in the duplicates delivered to the collectors of taxes," by providing for the payment of the premium charged for the bond of a trust or bonding company, by the authorities of boroughs or townships.

Referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. WHITAKER. House Bill No. 1165.

An act to amend section 550 of an act, approved May 18th, 1911 (P. L. 309), entitled "An act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, together with the provisions by which it shall be administered, and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof; providing revenue to establish and maintain the same, and the method of collecting such revenue, and repealing all laws, general, special, or local, or any parts thereof, that are or may be inconsistent therewith," by providing for the payment of the premium for the bond of a trust or bonding company, by the school district, in school districts of the second, third and fourth class.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Mr. WHITAKER. House Bill No. 1166.

An act to amend an act approved the 8th day of May, A. D. 1909 (P. L. 474), entitled "An act to amend an act approved the twenty-fifth day of June, Anno Domini eighteen hundred and eighty-five, entitled 'An act regulating the collection of taxes in the several boroughs and townships of this Commonwealth,' so as to fix the amount of the bond at not more than the amount of taxes charged and assessed in the duplicates delivered to the collectors of taxes," by establishing and prescribing the minimum and the maximum amount of bond.

Referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. WHITAKER. House Bill No. 1167.

An act to amend section 550 of an act, approved May 18th, 1911 (P. L. 309), entitled "An act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, together with the provisions by which it shall be administered ,and prescribed penalties for the violation thereof; providing revenue to establish and maintain the same, and the method of collecting such revenue; and repealing all laws, general, special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith."

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Mr. WHITAKER. House Bill No. 1168.

An act to amend an act approved the 21st day of May, A. D. 1913, (P. L. 283), entitled "An act to amend section eighteen of an act approved the twenty-eighth day of April, one thousand eight hundred ninety-nine, entitled 'An act to provide for the classification of the townships of the Commonwealth, with respect to their population, into two classes, and to prescribe the form of government for townships of each class.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. THOMAS. House Bill No. 1175.

An act authorizing Emma Lorah of Luzerne County to bring suit against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in the Court of Common Pleas of Dauphin County.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. MANGAN. House Bill No. 1176.

An act exempting from civil service rules and regulations in cities of the second class, all persons qualified because of experience and skill at their trade, or profession, and repealing all acts, or parts of acts inconsistent therewith.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

By Mr. GEISER. House Bill No. 1177.

An act fixing the penalty for murder of the first degree.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. HUBLER. House Bill No. 1178.

An act to repeal the act, approved the seventh day of June, one thousand nine hundred seven, entitled, "An act to prevent physicians and surgeons from testifying in civil cases, to communications made to them by their patients, except in civil cases brought by their patients for damages on account of personal injuries."

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. HUBLER. House Bill No. 1179.

An act authorizing and empowering the various boroughs of the Commonwealth to organize a state association for the purpose of holding annual meetings; providing for the representation of each borough in the said association, and providing for the payment of the expenses thereof.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

By Mr. STEIN. House Bill No. 1180.

An act to prohibit in cities of the second class, the construction or erection of public or community vaults, crypts or mausoleums (that is to say, vaults, crypts, mausoleums, or parts of mausoleums intended for sale to the public) for the interment of human bodies where the building containing such vaults, crypts, or mausoleums is wholly or partially above the surface of the ground.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

By Mr. E. E. JONES. House Bill No. 1181.

An act to amend an act, approved the twenty-first day of March, one thousand nine hundred seven, entitled "An act authorizing the county commissioners of the several counties, or the town councils of the several boroughs, of this Commonwealth, or both, to appropriate annually a sufficient sum of money to each Post of the Grand Army of the Republic, in their respective counties or boroughs, to aid in defraying the expenses of Memorial Day," as amended.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

By Mr. McVICAR. House Bill No. 1182.

An act to prevent municipalities from locating or opening streets, roads or highways on, over or through land belonging to any educational institution conducted by the Commonwealth or by a board appointed, in whole or in part, by the Governor, without first obtaining the approval of the Governor and the board in charge thereof.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Mr. LIPSCHUTZ. House Bill No. 1183.

An Act making an appropriation to the Wills Eye Hospital of Philadelphia.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. HUBLER. House Bill No. 1184.

An act making an appropriation for the purpose of procuring, erecting and dedicating a monument over the grave of Betsy Ross, and providing for the appointment of a commission by the Governor.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. PERRY. House Bill No. 1185.

An act fixing the salaries of employes of the board of revision of taxes in counties containing a population of more than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants.

Referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. STEIN. House Bill No. 1186.

An Act to amend an act approved, the twenty-fifth day of May, one thousand eight hundred ninety-seven, entitled "An act to provide for the maintenance, care and treatment of the indigent insane in county and local institutions," as amended.

Referred to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

By Mr. STEIN. House Bill No. 1187.

An Act authorizing the consular officers of foreign nations to act as administrators of estates of citizens of their respective nations and to represent the legal heirs of such decedents resident in foreign countries.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

SENATE MESSAGE.

SENATE BILLS FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced presented for concurrence bills numbered and entitled as follows:

Senate Bill No. 429 (House Bill No. 1169).

An act to give protection to and regulate the catching or taking or having possession of within this Commonwealth of bullfrogs and tadpoles and providing and imposing a

penalty for violation of its provisions and repealing all acts inconsistent herewith.

Referred to the Committee on Fisheries.

Senate Bill No. 435 (House Bill No. 1170).

A supplement to an act approved the seventh day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An act relating to and regulating motor vehicles and vehicles trailing after or propelled by motor vehicles controlling their speed upon the public streets and highways in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania providing for their registration and licensing of certain operators by the State Highway Department prohibiting the operation of any motor vehicle by any person when intoxicated or without the consent of the owner forbidding the passage of any law laying a tax upon or requiring the registration of motor vehicles or licensing of any operator or regulating the speed of motor vehicles by any county borough city incorporated town or township establishing the rights of motor vehicles upon the public highways with relation to other vehicles providing for their equipment and for the width of tires to be used upon motor vehicles and vehicles trailing after or propelled by motor vehicles regulating the service of process and proceedings in actions for damages arising therefrom providing for arrest and for service of process and proceedings for violation of this act prescribing the penalties therefor and providing for the disposition of fees collected and fines imposed thereunder."

Referred to the Committee on Public Roads.

Senate Bill No. 456 (House Bill No. 1171).

An act making an appropriation for refunding to the Everhart Coal Company moneys erroneously paid into the State Treasury.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

Senate Bill No. 489 (House Bill No. 1172).

An act to authorize the City of Williamsport to acquire if necessary and in all events to maintain for the purpose of securing and improving the general sanitary conditions of said city the dam which was erected by the Susquehanna Boom Company across the west branch of the Susquehanna river at a point near the intersection of Hepburn street with said river in said city.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

Senate Bill No. 537 (House Bill No. 1173).

An Act authorizing and regulating the giving of a set of colors state and national to certain veteran associations and making an appropriation.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

Senate Bill No. 545 (House Bill No. 1174).

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An act to amend an act entitled "An act to amend an act entitled 'An act to amend an act entitled "An Act authorizing companies incorporated under the laws of any other State of the United States for the manufacture of any form of iron steel or glass to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments and to take have and hold real estate necessary and proper for manufacturing purposes" approved the ninth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one extending the same to companies formed for the purpose of quarrying slate granite stone or rocks or for dressing polishing working or manufacturing the same or any of them and to mineral springs companies incorporated for the purpose of bottling and selling natural mineral springs water' approved the sixteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three approved the nineteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one extending the same to companies formed for the purpose of manufacturing and selling chemicals foodstuffs cement and cement products and the quarrying of cement rock' approved May twenty-eight one thousand nine hundred and seven extending the same to companies incorporated for the manufacture buying selling leasing using and operation of electrical apparatus and machinery and articles of every kind pertaining to or in any wise connected with the production use regulation control distribution or application of electricity or electrical energy or products for any use or purpose constructing acquiring using selling buying or leasing any works construction or plant or part thereof connected with or involving such use distribution regulation control or application of electricity or the control or use of electrical apparatus for any purpose and of producing furnishing and supplying electricity or electrical apparatus in any form and for any purpose and to carry on a general manufacturing business" approved the twenty-third day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven extending the same to corporations engaged in the manufacture buying selling dealing in and using of collapsible tubes and metal specialties.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

LEAVES OF ABSENCE.

Mr. BAUERLE asked and obtained leave of absence for Mr. Glass until to-night.

Mr. TWIBILL asked and obtained leave of absence for Mr. Richards for the balance of the week on account of illness.

PETITION.

Mr. EVANS presented a petition of thirty-nine hundred citizens of Philadelphia asking for the passage of a Local Option Bill at this session of the Legislature, in addition to the petition already sent in from Philadelphia making a total of twelve thousand.

Which was referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

MR. EHRHARDT IN THE CHAIR.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 642, as follows:

An Act to provide for the ordinary expenses of the Executive Judicial and Legislative Departments of the Commonwealth interest on the public debt and the support of the public schools for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen and for the payment of bills incurred and remaining unpaid at the close of the fiscal year ending May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the following sums or as much thereof as may be necessary be and the same are hereby specifically appropriated to the several objects hereinafter named for the two fiscal years commencing on the first day of June one thousand nine hundred and fifteen and for the payment of bills incurred and remaining unpaid at the close of the fiscal year ending May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen to be paid out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated

Section 2 For the payment of the salaries of the several State officers the clerks and employes in the several departments of the State Government and for the incidental expenses of the said department the following sums or so much therof as may be necessary the same to be paid on the warrant of the Auditor General upon the State Treasurer in the amounts as follows and in the manner prescribed by law

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT

For the payment of the salary of the Governor two years the sum of twenty thousand dollars ($20,000)

For the payment of clerk hire two years the sum of twenty-six thousand two hundred dollars ($26,200)

For the payment of contingent expenses two years the sum of twenty-eight hundred dollars ($2,800)

For the payment of the salary of the Lieutenant Governor two years the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000)

For the payment of postage express charges and other incidental expenses of the Lieutenant Governor the sum of one thousand dollars ($1,000) for the two fiscal years commencing June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen in addition to an amount fixed by an act of Assembly approved June twelfth one thousand eight hundred and ninety three

For all contingent expenses including clerical and stenographic charges for the Executive Department the sum of four thousand dollars ($4,000) for the two fiscal years commencing June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen

EXECUTIVE CONTROLLER DEPARTMENT

For the payment of the salary of the Executive Controller two years the sum of six thousands dollars ($6,000)

For the payment of the salary of the Assistant Executive Controller two years the sum of three thousand six rundred dollars ($3,600)

For the payment of the salary of the stenographer and typewriter two years the sum of two thousands ($2,000)

For the payment of contingent expenses extra clerk hire investigations and traveling expenses two years the sum of four thousand dollars ($4,000)

STATE DEPARTMENT

For the payment of the salary of the Secretary of the Commonwealth two years the sum of sixteen thousand dollars ($16,000)

For the payment of the salary of the Deputy Secretary of the Commonwealth two years the sum of six thousand dollars ($6,000)

For the payment of clerk hire including messenger and night watchman two years the sum of seventy-eight thousand five hundred dollars ($78,500)

For the payment of postage express charges and contingent expenses two years the sum of nine thousand dollars ($9,000)

AUDITOR GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT

For the payment of the Auditor General two years the sum of sixteen thousand dollars ($16,000)

For the payment of the Auditor General for services as a member of the Board of Public Grounds and Buildings two years the sum of one thousand two hundred dollars ($1,200)

For the payment of the salaries of the Deputy Auditor General the Assistant Deputy Auditor General and the chief clerk two years the sum of twenty-seven thousand dollars ($27,000)

For the payment of the salaries of the chief clerk of the Bureau of Corporations and the two (2) assistant chief corporation clerks two years the sum of twenty-seven thousand dollars ($27,000)

For the payment of the salaries of all other clerks and employes provided by law two years the sum of one hundred and ninety-four thousand dollars ($194,000)

For the payment of the salaries of eight (8) traveling auditors two years the sum of twenty-seven thousand dollars ($27,000)

For the payment of compensation and expenses of persons appointed in pursuance of law to examine the accounts of officers or of individuals required by law to make reports to the Auditor General of moneys due the Commonwealth and for the payment of expense of deputies and traveling auditors actually and necessarily incurred by them in the performance of the duties assigned to them as provided by law two years the sum of sixteen thousand dollars ($16,000)

For the payment of the salary of a clerk to the Board of Public Accounts two years the sum of one thousand dollars ($1,000)

For the purchase of patent indexes records law books and other books necessary for the proper conduct of the work of collecting taxes from corporations and auditing accounts two years the sum of two thousand dollars ($2,000)

For the payment of postage express charges cost of filing liens and contingent expenses two years the sum of sixteen thousand dollars ($16,000)

DEPARTMENT OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS

For the payment of the salary of the Secretary of Internal Affairs two years the sum of sixteen thousand dollars ($16,000)

For the payment of the salary of the Deputy Secretary of Internal Affairs two years the sum of six thousand dollars ($6,000)

For the payment of the salary of the clerk to the Board of Public Property two years the sum of four hundred dollars ($400)

For the payment of the salary of the Chief of the Bureau of Standards in the Department of Internal Affairs two years the sum of six thousand dollars ($6,000)

For the payment of the salaries of the other officials clerks and employes in the Department of Internal Affairs two years the sum of seventy-eight thousand four hundred dollars ($78,400)

For the payment of contingent expenses two years the sum of six thousand dollars ($6,000)

For the payment of services rendered and expenses incurred in the collection of tax statistics and for the compilation of the same as required by the Act of Assembly approved May ninth one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000) to be paid upon the warrant of the Auditor General upon specifically itemized vouchers certified by the Secretary of Internal Affairs.

For the payment of the necessary services and expenses incurred through the Bureau of Railways of the Department of Internal Affairs in the investigation of complaints made against corporations under sections four and five of the act approved the eleventh day of May one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four for the necessary services and expenses incident to the investigation against deliquent corporations under the act approved the nineteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven and for the investigation of accident and the securing of special reports as authorized under section eleven article seventeen of the Constitution and for the payment of postage express charges and other incidentatl expenses of the Bureau for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen the sum of four thousand dollars ($4,000) All expenditures under this appropriation to be itemized on vouchers certified by the Secretary of Internal Affairs and filed with the Auditor General

For the temporary employment of draftsmen in copying the surveys or other ancient papers important to be preserved in the Land Office Bureau as required by the act approved the sixteenth day of February one thousand eight hundred and thirty-three (Pamphlet Laws page forty-seven) for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen the sum of forty thousand dollars ($40,000)

For the expenses incident to the investigation and surveying of vacant or unappropriated land as authorized and provided in the first section of the act entitled "An Act relating to the granting of titles by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to vacant and unappropriated land the price to be paid for the same the conveyance to the State Forestry Reservation Commission where desirable for forest culture or forest preservation preventing the granting of warrants for the beds of navigable rivers and providing for acceptance of returns of surveys without limitation as to excess or surplus" approved the third day of May one thousand nine hundred and nine for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen the sum of two thousand dollars ($2,000)

For the payment of postage express charges and other incidental charges and expenses of the Department two years the sum of three thousand dollars ($3,000)

For the payment of skilled draftsmen surveyors and other assistants necessary to the proper continuation of the warrantee map work authorized by Act of Assembly approved June thirteenth one thousand nine hundred and seven and subsequent amendments and supplements thereto including all necessary traveling and subsistence expenses in the field work of the same for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen the sum of five thousand dollars ($5,000)

For the inspection and repairs of State boundry line monuments under authority of section two of the Act of Assembly approved May fourth one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine and subsequent amendments and supplements thereto for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen the sum of three thousand dollars ($3,000)

For the payment of traveling and other contingent expenses of the Bureau of Standards as provided by House Bill number eleven and conditioned upon its passage and approval by the Governor for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen the sum of one thousand dollars ($1,000) and for additional equipment the sum of five hundred dollars ($500)

TREASURY DEPARTMENT

For the payment of the salary of the State Treasurer two years the sum of sixteen thousand dollars ($16,000)

For the payment of the State Treasurer for services as a member of the Board of Public Grounds and Buildings two years the sum of one thousand two hundred dollars ($1,200)

For the payment of the salary of cashier two years the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000)

For the payment of the salary of the Assistant Cashier two years the sum of five thousand dollars ($5,000)

For the payment of clerk hire including messenger and three watchmen two years the sum of sixty-eight thousand six hundred dollars ($68,600)

For the payment of such extra clerks as the State Treasurer may find it necessary to employ for the purpose of balancing and transferring accounts making new indices or for the purpose of rendering any other general assistance to the regular clerical force two years the sum of twenty-one thousand dollars ($21,000) the necessity for the employment of extra clerical assistance and the monthly wages of all extra clerks employed to be determined and fixed by the State Treasurer

For the payment of contingent expenses two years the sum of three thousand dollars ($3,000)

For the purpose of patent indices law books and other books necessary for the proper conduct of the work of the Department two years the sum of one thousand dollars ($1,000)

For the payment of traveling expenses of the State Treasurer and employes while on departmental business two years the sum of one thousand dollars ($1,000)

For the payment of postage express charges and other incidental expenses two years the sum of four thousand dollars ($4,000)

For the payment of the cost of procuring bonds required to be given by employes of the Treasury Department to the State Treasurer for the faithful performance of their duties two years the sum of one thousand five hundred dollars ($1,500)

ATTORNEY GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT

For the payment of the salary of the Attorney General two years the sum of twenty-four thousand dollars ($24,000)

For the payment of the salaries of the three deputies Attorney General two years the sum of twenty-five thousand five hundred dollars ($25,500)

For the payment of clerk hire two years the sum of twenty-three thousand dollars ($23,000)

For the payment of the contingent expenses official fees witness fees serving processes and for such other costs as the Commonwealth may be liable to pay in cases in which the Commonwealth is or may be a party and for the payment of postage express charges the purchase of law books for the law library of the Attorney General's Department and other incidental expenses for the two fiscal years commencing June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars ($25,000) Provided however That no part of said sum shall be used for the payment of contingent expenses official fees witness fees serving processes or other costs incurred by reason of Senate resolution of May twenty-two one thousand nine hundred and eleven authorizing the appointment of a commission to investigate any charges that have heretofore or may hereafter be made between Legislative sessions against judges or other persons holding a civil office which is popularly known as the Catlin Commission

For the payment of the services and expenses of attorneys to be employed from and after the date of the passage of this act by the Attorney General to assist in the prosecution and trial of cases and the prosecution of claims in which the Commonwealth is interested and in cases in which in the judgment of the Attorney General the Commonwealth should intervene by the employment of counsel and for the payment of the services costs and expenses of special district attorneys appointed by the Attorney General for the two fiscal years commencing June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen and for the payment of the services costs and expenses of such attorneys or special district attorneys rendered incurred and remaining unpaid at the close of the fiscal year ending May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000) Providing however That no part of said sum shall be used for the payment of the services costs and expenses of attorneys employed by the Attorney General or special district attorneys appointed by the Attorney General rendered and incurred by reason of Senate resolution of May twenty-second nineteen hundred and eleven authorizing the appointment of a commission to investigate any charges that have heretofore or may hereafter be made between legislative sessions against judges or other persons holding a civil office which is popularly known as the Catlin Commission"

For the payment of costs fees and expenses in the collection of amounts due the Commonwealth for the support and maintenance of the insane confined in the various asylums in the Commonwealth and counties the sum of five thousand dollars ($5,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

BANKING DEPARTMENT

For the payment of the salary of the Commissioner of Banking two years the sum of twelve thousand dollars ($12,000)

For the payment of the salary of the Deputy Commissioner of Banking two years the sum of six thousand dollars ($6,000)

For the payment of the salary of the chief clerk two years the sum of three thousand six hundred dollars ($3,600)

For the payment of the salaries of five clerks two years two thousand eight hundred dollars each the sum of fourteen thousand dollars ($14,000)

For the payment of the salaries of three stenographers and typewriters two years two thousand dollars each the sum of six thousand dollars ($6,000)

For the payment of the salary of the messenger two years the sum of two thousand four hundred dollars ($2,400)

For the payment of the contingent expenses two years the sum of four thousand five hundred dollars ($4,500)

For the payment of the salaries of employes and other expenses incident to the supervision of private banks as provided for in the act approved the nineteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to provide for licensing and regulating private banking in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and providing penalties for the violation thereof" two years the sum of twelve thousand dollars ($12,000)

For the payment of the salaries and expenses of the examiners two years the sum of one hundred and fifty-five thousand dollars ($155,000) this item to include any technical or additional expert evidence which may be necessary to determine the solvency of institutions under the supervision of the Banking Department

For the payment of necessary expenses occasioned by instituting proceedings for violation of the act approved the twenty-third day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine defining certain misdemeanors and authorizing the Commissioner of Banking to institute prosecutions two years the sum of three thousand dollars ($3,000)

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION

For the payment of the salary of the Superintendent of Public Instruction two years the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000)

For the payment of the salaries of the deputy superintendents clerks and messenger two years the sum of twenty-one thousand dollars ($21,000)

For extra clerical assistance necessary in the distribution of the appropriation to the common schools two years the sum of one thousand dollars ($1,000) Provided That the sum paid for such clerical assistance shall not exceed one hundred dollars per month for five months of said two years

For the payment of the contingent expenses two years the sum of seven thousand dollars ($7,000)

For the payment of the expenses of the State Normal School examiners two years the sum of six thousand dollars ($6,000)

For the payment of the salaries of the high school inspectors two years the sum of sixteen thousand dollars ($16,000)

For the payment of the traveling and other expenses of the high school inspectors for two years the sum of eight thousand dollars ($8,000)

For the payment of the expert assistants in drawing agricultural education and industrial education two years the sum of twelve thousand dollars ($12,000)

For the payment of traveling and other expenses of the expert assistants in drawing agricultural education and industrial education the sum of six thousand dollars ($6,000)

For the payment of the expenses and services of the examining boards for State permanent and special certificates two years the sum of six thousand dollars ($6,000)

For the payment of five stenographers and typewriters two years the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000

For the payment of the cost of circulating the Pennsylvania School Journal two years the sum of five thousand dollars ($5,000)

BUREAU OF PROFESSIONAL EDUCATION

For the payment of the officers and assistants and expenses of the Bureau of Professional Education in the Department of Public Instruction for two years the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars ($25,000)

BUREAU OF MEDICAL EDUCATION AND LICENSURE

For the payment of the salaries and expenses of the officers and members of the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure and for incidental expenses including rent clerical services stenographer typewriting and other necessary assistance for two years the sum of thirty thousand dollars ($30,000)

For the payment of the expenses incurred in the regulation of the practice of midwifery Act of June fifth one thousand nine hundred and thirteen Pamphlet Laws four hundred and forty-one the sum of fifteen thousand dollars ($15,000)

STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION

For the payment of the necessary expenses of the members of the State Board of Education and the salaries of clerks stenographers and other employes and of other necessary expenses of the board two years the sum of thirty thousand dollars ($30,000)

COLLEGE AND UNIVERSITY COUNCIL

For the payment of the traveling expenses of the members of the College and University Council two years the sum of one thousand dollars ($1,000)

DENTAL COUNCIL OF PENNSYLVANIA

For the payment of the necessary expenses of the Dental Council for two years the sum of four thousand dollars ($4,000)

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT

For the payment of the salary of the Adjutant General two years the sum of twelve thousand dollars ($12,000)

For the payment of clerk hire in the Adjutant General's office and employes of the State Arsenal two years the sum of seventy-five thousand five hundred and sixty dollars ($75,560)

For the payment of contingent expenses including the shipping of arms and so forth two years the sum of eight thousand two hundred dollars ($8,200)

For the payment of the salaries of the State Military Board two years the sum of three thousand six hundred dollars ($3,600)

For the payment of services rendered in computing compiling filing and collecting the balance due on claims of the State of Pennsylvania against the Government of the United States for stores furnished and expenses incurred by the State of Pennsylvania in furnishing its quota of troops for the Spanish American War the sum of two thousand dollars ($2,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary to be paid on the warrant of the Auditor General not exceeding however five per centum of the amount collected from the Government of the United States by the State of Pennsylvania on account of said claims

For the purchase of military stores in place of those sold or exchanged by the Adjutant General under the provisions of section fifty-five of an Act of Assembly approved May fifth one thousand nine hundred and eleven reading as follows "The Adjutant General may with the approval of the Commander-in-Chief sell or exchange from time to time such military stores belonging to the Commonwealth as are found unserviceable or in state of decay or which it may be deemed for the interests of the Commonwealth to sell or exchange" or acts of Assembly subsequent thereto and for the expense of packing and transportation in issuing new stores or receiving old or obsolete stores returned to the State Arsenal or for improvements necessary at permanent camp ground or for such other military purposes as the State Military Board may direct Provided That payment by the Auditor General shall not at any time be in excess of the amount paid into the State Treasury by the Adjutant General as proceeds of such sales or exchanges the sum of fifty thousand dollars ($50,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary said payments to be made on the warrants of the Auditor General drawn upon the State Treasurer upon certificates of the Adjutant General showing amount paid into State Treasury and then available and upon properly itemized vouchers being filed by the Adjutant General

For the payment to the organizations of the National Guard of Pennsylvania entitled thereto or to the United States Government of amounts recovered and paid into the State Treasury by or on account of officers of the National Guard delinquent in accounting for public moneys paid to them or military stores or supplies issued to such officers under the provisions of an Act of Assembly approved May fifth one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act providing for the organization discipline maintenance and regulation of the organized militia of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania otherwise styled the National Guard of Pennsylvania" or acts of assembly subsequent thereto the sum of six thousand dollars ($6,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary payment to be made by warrants of the Auditor General drawn upon the State Treasurer upon proper certificate of the Adjutant General showing collection of moneys from sureties on bonds and payment of the same into the State Treasury

To reimburse the United States Government or organizations of the National Guard of Pennsylvania for losses incurred by fire in cases where such losses have been covered by insurance placed by the Adjutant General and the losses are adjusted by the insurance company or companies and payments made to the State of such losses and the amounts so recovered has been paid into the State Treasury and also to reimburse the United States Government for any United States Government stores sold by the Adjutant General and the money received for such sale has been paid into the State Treasury the sum of twenty thousand dollars ($20,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary the reimbursement to be made by warrant of the Auditor General drawn upon the State Treasurer upon proper certificate of the Adjutant General showing collection of monies on account of loss or sale and payment of same into the State Treasury

STATE ARMORY BOARD

For the payment of salaries of the members of the State Armory Board except members ex-officio the sum of twelve thousand dollars ($12,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

INSURANCE DEPARTMENT

For the payment of the salary of the Insurance Commissioner two years the sum of fifteen thousand dollars ($15,000)

For the payment of the salary of the Deputy Insurance Commissioner two years the sum of eight thousand dollars ($8,000)

For the payment of the salary of the actuary two years the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000)

For the payment of the salaries of the examiner-in-chief and three assistant examiners one examiner of statements and four examiners two years the sum of forty-two thousand dollars ($42,000)

For the payment of the salaries of two inspectors two years the sum of eight thousand dollars ($8,000)

For the payment of clerk hire including messenger two years the sum of seventy-seven thousand dollars ($77,000)

For the payment of contingent expenses and for traveling and contingent expenses of actuary examiners and inspectors two years the sum of fifty-two thousand dollars ($52,000)

STATE FIRE MARSHAL

For the payment of the salary of the State Fire Marshal two years the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000)

For the payment of the salary of the Chief Deputy State Fire Marshal two years the sum of eight thousand dollars ($8,000)

For the payment of the salary of the Assistant Chief Deputy State Fire Marshal two years the sum of six thousand dollars ($6,000)

For the payment of the salary of the first second third and fourth special deputy state fire marshals two years the sum of twenty-four thousand dollars ($24,000)

For the payment of the salary of a statistician two years the sum of five thousand dollars ($5,000)

For the payment of the salary of chief clerk two years the sum of four thousand dollars ($4,000)

For the payment of the salary of messenger two years the sum of twenty-two hundred dollars ($2,200)

For the payment of the salaries of clerks and stenographers two years the sum of thirty-five thousand two hundred dollars ($35,200)

For the payment of the salaries of forty (40) deputy state fire marshals two years the sum of one hundred and twenty thousand dollars ($120,000)

For the payment of contingent expenses for contingent traveling expenses of the State Fire Marshal his deputies and assistants for the reporting of fires and mileage incident thereto for the investigation of incendiary fires and inspection of property for the payment of services and expenses of detectives and attorneys employed by the State Fire Marshal to assist in the detection and prosecution of the crime of arson for the payment of costs witness fees the taking of testimony and the serving of processes for the demolition and removal of old dilapidated buildings et cetera and for carrying out the provisions of the act establishing the office of the State Fire Marshal for two years the sum of one hundred and twenty-three thousand two hundred dollars ($123,200)

STATE LIBRARY

For the payment of the salary of the State Librarian two years the sum of nine thousand dollars ($9,000)

For the payment of the salary of the First Assistant State Librarian two years the sum of five thousand dollars ($5,000)

For the payment of the salary of the Second Assistant State Librarian two years the sum of four thousand dollars ($4,000)

For the payment of the salary of the Clerk two years the sum of two thousand dollars ($2,000)

For the payment of the salary of an assistant in charge of the Division of Public Records in connection with the State Library two years the sum of four thousand dollars ($4,000)

For the payment of the salary of the stenographer two years the sum of two thousand four hundred dollars ($2,400)

For the payment of the salaries of the two night assistants two years the sum of three thousand six hundred dollars ($3,600)

For the payment of the salaries and necessary expenses incident to the preservation of the public records in the Division of Public Records two years the sum of sixteen thousand eight hundred dollars ($16,800)

For the payment of the salary of the messenger two years the sum of two thousand four hundred dollars ($2,400)

For the payment of the salary of the night watchman two years the sum of one thousand eight hundred dollars ($1,800)

For the payment of freight expressage postage traveling expenses cleaning rooms and miscellaneous expenses two years the sum of seven thousand dollars ($7,000)

For the payment of the salaries of four assistants in the library at fifty dollars per month two years the sum of four thousand eight hundred dollars ($4,800)

For the purchase of law books and exchanges two years the sum of six thousand dollars ($6,000)

For the payment of the annual subscription to at least one leading newspaper in each county of the Commonwealth for permanent preservation and the newspapers of seventeen cities of the United States and for completing the files of Pennsylvania newspapers two years the sum of one thousand two hundred dollars ($1,200)

For the purchase of miscellaneous books and illustrations two years the sum of fourteen thousand dollars ($14,000)

For the purchase of such English Parliamentary Papers as may be deemed advisable by the Librarian and Trustees of the State Library two years the sum of seven hundred and fifty dollars ($750)

For the payment of the salaries and expenses incident to the work of preparing a law catalogue of the State Library and for the continuation of the regular cataloguing work of the Library two years the sum of five thousand eight hundred dollars ($5,800)

For the payment of the salaries and expenses incident to the completion of the work of preparing a catalogue of the State Library on a card catalogue system for such indexing work as may be needed two years the sum of seven thousand six hundred dollars ($7,600)

STATE MUSEUM

To provide for the expenses of the State Museum and for the payment of the employes necessary for the two fiscal years commencing June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen the sum of twenty-two thousand eight hundred dollars ($22,800)

For the purchase of lantern slides to be added to the collection of the educational division of the State Museum two years the sum of three thousand dollars ($3,000)

PENNSYLVANIA FREE LIBRARY COMMISSION

For the payment of the salaries and expenses incident to the establishment and maintenance of traveling libraries and other work authorized by section two of the Act of Assembly establishing the Free Library Commission of Pennsylvania approved the fifth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine two years the sum of thirty-six thousand dollars ($36,000)

For the payment of the traveling expenses of the members of the Free Library Commission and its officers two years the sum of one thousand dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary ($1,000)

LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

For the payment of the salaries of the officers and employes incidental expenses of the Legislative Reference Bureau for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred fifteen and session employes for the session of one thousand nine hundred seventeen the following amounts

For the payment of the salary of the director of the Legislative Reference Bureau two years the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000)

For the payment of the salary of the Assistant Director of the Legislative Reference Bureau two years the sum of eight thousand dollars ($8,000)

For the payment of the salary of a reference division stenographer in the Legislative Reference Bureau two years the sum of two thousand four hundred dollars ($2,400)

For the payment of the salary of assistant stenographer in the Legislative Reference Bureau two years the sum of two thousand dollars ($2,000)

For the payment of the salary of the search clerk in the Legislative Reference Bureau two years the sum of four thousand dollars ($4,000)

For the payment of the salary of the cataloguer in the Legislative Reference Bureau two years the sum of two thousand dollars ($2,000)

For the payment of the salary of the messenger in the Legislative Reference Bureau two years the sum of one thousand eight hundred dollars ($1,800)

For the payment of the director of the Legislative Reference Bureau for maintenance and incidental expenses and emergency clerical help if needed for two years the sum of six thousand dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary ($6,000)

For the payment of the salaries of the search clerks stenographers and record clerk in the Legislative Reference Bureau as provided by law for a period of one month prior to the session of the General Assembly of one thousand nine hundred and seventeen and during such session and during one month subsequent to such session the sum of seven thousand six hundred dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary ($7,600)

STATE REPORTER

For the payment of the salary of the State Reporter two years the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000)

For the payment of the salary of the Assistant State Reporter two years the sum of six thousand dollars ($6,000)

For the payment of stationery clerk hire and assistance two years the sum of six thousand dollars ($6,000)

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC GROUNDS AND BUILDINGS

For the payment of the salary of the Superintendent of Public Grounds and Buildings two years the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000)

For the payment of the salary of the Deputy Superintendent two years the sum of five thousand dollars ($5,000)

For the payment of the salary of one clerk two years the sum of thirty-six hundred dollars ($3,600)

For the payment of the salary of the bookkeeper two years the sum of three thousand dollars ($3,000)

For the payment of the salary of a draughtsman two years the sum of three thousand dollars ($3,000)

For the payment of the salary of the schedule clerk two years the sum of twenty-eight hundred dollars ($2,800)

For the payment of the salaries of two stenographers two years the sum of forty-eight hundred dollars ($4,800)

For the payment of the salary of the storekeeper two years the sum of four thousand dollars ($4,000)

For the payment of the salary of the (additional) assistant storekeeper two years the sum of twenty-four hundred dollars ($2,400)

For the payment of the salary of the assistant storekeeper two years the sum of twenty-four hundred dollars ($2,400)

For the payment of the salary of the secretary of the board two years the sum of twelve hundred dollars ($1,200)

For the payment of the salary of the stenographer for the board two years the sum of four hundred dollars ($400)

For the payment of the salaries of the chief and assistant engineers of the power plant and all other employes required in conducting cleaning and making repairs and everything necessary for the safety and keeping of the buildings and grounds for the two fiscal years commencing June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen the sum of two hundred and ninety-five thousand eight hundred and eighty dollars ($295,880)

For the payment of premiums on insurance upon the State Capitol the Library Museum the Capitol conservatories the State Arsenal buildings the State Quarantine Station buildings the executive mansion and stables and the respective contents of the same also upon all other State property real personal or mixed and wherever situated which may be properly under the control and supervision of the Board of Superintendent of Public Grounds and Buildings for two years the sum of eight thousand dollars ($8,000)

For the purchase of any article of furniture furnishings stationery supplies fuel or any other matters or things and for the payment of any repairs alterations or improvements the want of which may not have been anticipated at the time of the issue of the annual schedule and which do not appear in the same and for which requisition is made on the Superintendent two years the sum of one hundred and fifty thousand dollars ($150,000) which appropriation shall be known as the "Board's General Fund" Provided That no expenditure from said fund shall be made by the Superintendent without first receiving authority from the Board so to do And provided also That from this fund shall be paid any bills for designs or specifications by the Board And provided also That in awarding contracts under this schedule proposals for such contracts shall be invited by the Superintendent of Public Grounds and Buildings in such manner and at such times as the Board of Commissioners of Public Grounds and Buildings in their discretion may direct

For the payment by the Superintendent for any emergency supplies the want of which may not have been anticipated at the time of the issue of the annual schedule and which do not appear in the same and for which requisition shall be made upon the Superintendent and for the payment by the Superintendent for emergency repairs and supplies and all temporary help for the care maintenance and preservation of the public grounds and buildings including the executive mansion for two years the sum of fifty thousand dollars ($50,000)

For the payment of the cost of advertising of the annual schedule of supplies the sale of unserviceable furnishings the re-advertising of the annual schedules when necessary and all other advertisements as authorized by the Board or Superintendent for two years the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000)

For the payment of the cost of electric current gas and steam for light heat and power for the public grounds and buildings where not supplied from the Capitol power plant for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen the sum of twelve thousand dollars ($12,000)

For the payment to the city of Harrisburg for supplying the public grounds and buildings with water for the two fiscal years commencing June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen the sum of twelve thousand dollars ($12,000)

For the payment of rental charges for telephone service and other patented leased office devices the cost of toll and long distance telephone messages and telegrams for the Legislature the several departments boards and commissions of the State government and executive mansion for two years the sum of eighty thousand dollars ($80,000)

For the payment of the cost of general supplies including stationery supplies furniture fuel repairs alterations or improvements and other matters needed by the Legislature the several departments boards and commissions of the State government and executive mansion as set forth in and included in the general annual schedule of supplies for the State government two years the sum of three hundred and thirty thousand dollars ($330,000)

For the payment of the cost of procuring various bonds required by statute to be given by State officials and employes for the faithful performance of their duties for two years the sum of twelve thousand dollars ($12,000)

For the payment of the cost of erecting highway bridges under the act of one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five and the supplement of one thousand nine hundred and three the sum of one hundred and fifty thousand dollars ($150,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen

For the payment of the rent of offices and rooms outside of the Capitol buildings when necessary for the accommodation of any department board or commission of the State government in accordance with the act approved the seventh day of June Anno Domini nineteen hundred and eleven for two years the sum of sixty thousand dollars ($60,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the payment of deficiency in appropriation for rental charges for telephone service and the cost of toll and long distance telephone messages for the Senate House of Representatives the various departments boards and commissions of the State government and the executive mansion in accordance with the act of one thousand nine hundred and thirteen for two years ending May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the payment of deficiency in appropriation for the rental of offices and rooms outside of Capitol building when necessary for the accommodation of any department board or commission of the State Government in accordance with the act of one thousand nine hundred and thirteen for two years ending May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen the sum of four thousand dollars ($4,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

COMMISSIONERS OF SINKING FUND

For the payment of the salary of the three (3) commissioners two years the sum of one thousand eight hundred dollars ($1,800)

For the payment of the salary of the clerk two years the sum of two thousand dollars ($2,000)

BOARD OF PARDONS

For the payment of the salaries of the members of the Board of Pardons two years the sum of four thousand dollars ($4,000)

For the payment of the salary of the Secretary of the Board of Pardons two years the sum of two thousand dollars ($2,000)

For the payment of the salary of the Recorder of the Board of Pardons two years the sum of one thousand dollars ($1,000)

For the payment of the salary of the clerk two years the sum of one thousand dollars ($1,000)

For the payment of the salary of the messenger two years the sum of eight hundred dollars ($800)

For the payment of the salary of the tipstaff two years the sum of eight hundred dollars ($800)

For the payment of postage express charges and other incidental expenses of the Board of Pardons for the two fiscal years commencing June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen the sum of eight hundred dollars ($800)

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

For the payment of the salary of the Secreary of Agriculture two years the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000)

For the payment of the salary of the Deputy Secretary of Agriculture two years the sum of eight thousand dollars ($8,000)

For the payment of the salary of the Economic Zoologist of the Department of Agriculture two years the sum of eight thousand dollars ($8,000)

For the payment of the salary of the State Veterinarian of the Department of Agriculture two years the sum of eight thousand dollars ($8,000)

For the payment of the salary of the chief clerk of the Department of Agriculture two years the sum of four thousand eight hundred dollars ($4,800)

For the payment of the salary of the stenographer and typewriter of the Department of Agriculture two years the sum of two thousand four hundred dollars ($2,400)

For the payment of the salary of the messenger of the Department of Agriculture two years the sum of two thousand dollars ($2,000)

For the payment of the salary of the clerk to the Director of Farmers' Institutes of the Department of Agriculture two years the sum of three thousand six hundred dollars ($3,600)

For the payment of the salary of the Assistant Economic Zoologist of the Department of Agriculture two years the sum of four thousand dollars ($4,000)

For the payment of the salary of the clerk to the Economic Zoologist of the Department of Agriculture two years the sum of three thousand dollars ($3,000)

For the payment of the salary of the stenographer to the Economic Zoologist of the Department of Agriculture two years the sum of two thousand four hundred dollars ($2,400)

For the payment of the salary of the messenger to the Economic Zoologist of the Department of Agriculture two years the sum of one thousand eight hundred dollars ($1,800)

For the payment of the salary of the Deputy Veterinarian of the Department of Agriculture two years the sum of four thousand two hundred dollars ($4,200)

For the payment of the salary of the clerk to the State Veterinarian of the Department of Agriculture two years the sum of two thousand four hundred dollars ($2,400)

For the payment of the salary of the stenographer to the State Veterinarian of the Department of Agriculture two years the sum of one thousand eight hundred dollars ($1,800)

For the payment of the contingent expenses including traveling expenses of the officers of the Department of Agriculture two years the sum of eight thousand dollars ($8,000)

For the payment of the expenses of the Farmers' Local Institutes including lectures salaries two years the sum of sixty thousand dollars ($60,000)

For the maintenance of the Bureau of Statistics in the Department of Agriculture two years the sum of thirty thousand dollars ($30,000)

For the payment of the cost of carrying out the provisions of the act of twenty-first of March one thousand nine hundred and five entitled "An Act to provide for the protection of trees" et cetera and the amendment to said act approved the fifteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred and seven and for pest suppression for two years the sum of one hundred twenty thousand dollars ($120,000)

For the payment of the expenses of the State Board of Agriculture and the expenses of the members of said Board including specialists of the Board and expenses and compensation of lecturers for two years the sum of two thousand five hundred dollars ($2,500)

For the payment of the cost of selecting samples making analysis and other expenses including salaries incident to carrying into effect the provisions of the act of assembly entitled "An Act to regulate the sale of certain seeds providing for the selection of samples thereof and their examination by the Department of Agriculture and the publication of information concerning the same providing also for the enforcement of the act and fixing penalties for its violation" approved April twenty-ninth one thousand nine hundred and thirteen two years the sum of four thousand dollars ($4,000)

For the payment of special examinations or investigations as provided for in the act of March thirteenth one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five establishing the Department of Agriculture for two years the sum of eight thousand dollars ($8,000)

For the payment of the cost of selecting samples making analysis and other expenses including salaries incident to carrying into effect the provisions of the act of assembly entitled "An Act to regulate the manufacture and sale of commercial fertilizers" et cetera approved May first one thousand nine hundred and nine for two years the sum of fifty thousand dollars ($50,000)

For the payment of the cost of selecting samples making analysis and other expenses including salaries incident to carrying out the provisions of the Act of Assembly "Regulating the sale of commercial feeding-stuffs" approved May third one thousand nine hundred and nine for two years the sum of thirty thousand dollars ($30,000)

For the payment of expenses of apiary inspection as provided for by act of May fifth one thousand nine hundred and eleven (Pamphlet Laws page one hundred seventy-nine) for two years the sum of three thousand dollars ($3,000)

For the payment of the cost of selecting samples and making analysis and other expenses including salaries incident to carrying out the provisions of the act of April twenty-ninth one thousand nine hundred and thirteen "To prevent adulteration of linseed oil" et cetera for two years the sum of four thousand five hundred dollars ($4,500)

DAIRY AND FOOD DIVISION OF THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

For the payment of the salary of the Dairy and Food Commissioner of the Department of Agriculture two years the sum of eight thousand dollars ($8,000)

For the payment of the salary of the clerk to the Dairy and Food Commissioner two years the sum of three thousand dollars ($3,000)

For the payment of the salary of the messenger of the Dairy and Food Division of the Department of Agriculture two years the sum of one thousand eight hundred dollars ($1,800)

For the payment of the salaries of the special agents of the Dairy and Food Division of the Department of Agriculture two years the sum of fifty thousand dollars ($50,000)

For the payment of attorneys assistants and special work of the Dairy and Food Division of the Department of Agriculture two years the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars ($25,000)

For the payment of clerical and stenographers' services in the Dairy and Food Division of the Department of Agriculture two years the sum of twenty thousand dollars ($20,000)

For the payment of chemists of the Dairy and Food Division of the Department of Agriculture together with their actual expenses two years the sum of forty thousand dollars ($40,000)

For the payment of the inspection of the cold storage plants as to their sanitary condition and equipment and the keeping of proper supervision over same and the enforcement of all other provisions of the cold storage act approved May sixteenth one thousand nine hundred and thirteen the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars ($25,000)

For the payment of the traveling and necessary expenses of the Dairy and Food Commissioner and special agents including the cost of samples of food products express telegraph and other incidental expenses of the Dairy and Food Division of the Department of Agriculture two years the sum of thirty-five thousand dollars ($35,000) to be paid on the warrant of the Auditor General upon the presentation of specifically itemized vouchers approved and certified to by the Secretary of Agriculture Provided That all sums of money that may be received by the Dairy and Food Division arising from fines and costs except this appropriation shall be paid into the State Treasury for the use of the Commonwealth

STATE LIVESTOCK SANITARY BOARD

For the enforcement of the acts of May twenty-first one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five and March thirtieth one thousand nine hundred and five and July twenty-second one thousand nine hundred and thirteen and for the payment of indemnity for animals afflicted with dangerous contagious or infectious diseases and for the expense of detecting quarantining and disposing of such animals as provided by law two years the sum of three hundred thousand dollars ($300,000)

For the payment of the cost of producing and distributing tuberculin mallein anthrax vaccine tuberculosis vaccine hog cholera vaccine for the Laboratory diagnosis of the disease of animals and provide the necessary equipment for such work two years the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars ($25,000)

For the payment of the cost of supervising and enforcing the inspection of animals brought from other States into Pennsylvania as required by the act of May twenty-sixth one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven and July twenty-second one thousand nine hundred and thirteen two years the sum of fifteen thousand dollars ($15,000)

For the control and supervision of rabies and the quarantine of dogs as required by the act of March twenty-seven one thousand nine hundred and three and July twenty-second one thousand nine hundred and thirteen two years the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000)

For the payment of the expenses of the State Meat Hygine Service and for the payment of salaries and actual expenses of the agents of the State Livestock Sanitary Board in the Meat Hygiene Service as provided by law two years the sum of fifty-eight thousand dollars ($58,000)

For the payment of the expenses of carrying out the provisions of the act approved June third one thousand nine hundred and eleven to encourage the breeding of horses and requiring the enrollment and inspection of stallions two years the sum of eight thousand dollars ($8,000)

For the payment of a deficiency in indemnity for animals afflicted with tuberculosis for which certificates of appraisal have been issued by the State Veterinarian as provided by law and for the expense of detecting and disposing of such animals said deficiency having been incurred during the fiscal year terminating May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and thirteen the sum of one thousand and six dollars and sixty-seven cents ($1,006.67)

DEPARTMENT OF FORESTRY

For the payment of the salary of the Commissioner of Forestry two years the sum of six thousand dollars ($6,000)

For the payment of the Deputy Commissioner of Forestry two years the sum of five thousand dollars ($5,000)

For the payment of clerk hire two years the sum of six thousand dollars ($6,000)

For the payment of contingent expenses two years the sum of six thousand dollars ($6,000)

For the payment of traveling and other necessary expenses of the members of the State Forestry Reservation Commission two years the sum of six thousand dollars ($6,000)

For the payment of salaries and expenses of foresters two years the sum of two hundred thousand dollars ($200,000)

For the payment of salaries and expenses of forest rangers two years the sum of one hundred and seventy-five thousand dollars ($175,000)

For the payment of draftsmen bookkeepers stenographers and messengers two years the sum of eighteen thousand dollars ($18,000)

For the payment of surveys two years the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars ($25,000)

For the payment of labor two years the sum of two hundred and fifty thousand dollars ($250,000)

For the payment of examination of titles to lands purchased two years the sum of fifteen thousand dollars ($15,000)

For the payment of other expenses necessary and incidental to the conduct of the business of the department and the maintenance protection care planting and improvement of the forest reserves and to encourage and promote the development of forestry two years the sum of one hundred thousand dollars ($100,000)

For the payment of the annual fixed charge for school purposes on lands held for forest reserves two years the sum of forty-two thousand dollars ($42,000)

For the payment of the annual fixed charge for road purposes on lands for forest reserves two years the sum of forty-two thousand dollars ($42,000)

For the purchase of lands to be set aside and held as State Forest Reserves two years the sum of two hundred and fifty thousand dollars ($250,000)

For the payment of all necessary expenses which may be incurred in the prevention and extinguishment of forest fires including the salaries of a clerk and a stenographer and postage two years the sum of one hundred and fifty thousand dollars ($150,000)

For the payment of salaries and expense of instructors clerks matrons cooks waitresses light and heat stationery books and for maintenance at the State Forestry Academy two years the sum of twenty thousand dollars ($20,000)

For the payment of the expense incurred in making examinations and furnishing advisory reports on shade trees two years the sum of seven thousand five hundred dollars ($7,500)

For the payment of the expense incurred in making examination and furnishing advisory reports on farm forestry and farm wood lots two years the sum of seven thousand five hundred dollars ($7,500)

For the payment of the salaries and expenses to be incurred for district foresters in counties where no land is held for State forest purposes two years the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000)

DEPARTMENT OF MINES

For the payment of the salary of the Chief of the Department of Mines two years the sum of eight thousand dollars ($8,000)

For the payment of the salary of the Deputy Chief of the Department of Mines two years the sum of five thousand dollars ($5,000)

For the payment of the salary of the chief clerk of the Department of Mines two years the sum of three thousand two hundred dollars ($3,200)

For the payment of the salaries of the clerks stenographers and typewriters and messenger of the Department of Mines two years the sum of twenty-four thousand dollars ($24,000)

For the payment of contingent expenses including traveling expenses of the chief of the Department of Mines and the deputy chief of the Department of Mines books instruments chemicals plans express freight janitor telegrams stamps et cetera two years the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000)

For the payment of the salaries of the inspectors of coal mines as provided by law two years the sum of three hundred and thirty thousand dollars ($330,000) subject to the approval by the Governor of Senate bill creating additional inspectors

For the payment of salaries of inspectors of coal mines appointed temporarily as substitutes in case of disability of any of the regular inspectors two years the sum of three thousand dollars ($3,000)

For the payment of the actual traveling expenses of the inspectors and for their office rent stationery postage telegrams express charges instruments typewriters furniture and all other actual and necessary expenses two years the sum of seventy-three thousand dollars ($73,000)

For the payment of the compensation and expenses attending the examination of candidates for inspectors of coal mines mine foremen assistant mine foremen and fire bosses as provided for by the Acts of Assembly relating thereto such sums as may be necessary therefor not exceeding in the aggregate for two years the sum of thirty-five thousand dollars ($35,000) Provided That no examination for inspectors of coal mines shall exceed in duration the period of forty days in the bituminous districts and the period of twenty days in the anthracite districts and no examination of mine foremen assistant mine foremen and fire bosses in the bituminous districts and mine foremen and assistant mine foremen in the anthracite districts shall exceed in duration the period of ten days Provided further that no indebtedness shall be incurred until the authority for the same shall have been granted by the Department of Mines

For the payment of counsel fees two years the sum of seven thousand five hundred dollars ($7,500) Provided however That no indebtedness shall be incurred until the authority for the same shall have been granted by the Department of Mines and no payment for salaries or expenses incurred shall be made under this appropriation until proper specifically itemized vouchers verified under oath are made and transmitted to the chief of the said department and by him examined approved and certified to the Auditor General

For the payment of expert electrical service in connection with the installation of electrical equipment in the mines two years the sum of four thousand dollars ($4,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

DEPARTMENT OF FISHERIES

For the payment of the salary of the Commissioner of Fisheries two years the sum of nine thousand dollars ($9,000)

For the payment of the salary of the clerk two years the sum of three thousand dollars ($3,000)

For the payment of the salaries of two stenographers two years the sum of four thousand eight hundred dollars ($4,800)

For the purpose of hatching propogating and distributing food and game fish and stocking and supplying the waters of the Commonwealth with the same distribution of fish and employing the necessary labor and implements therefor purchasing and paying for the repairs improvements and necessary expenses to the State hatcheries two years the sum of one hundred thousand dollars ($100,000)

For the payment of counsel fees and court expenses two years the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000)

For the payment of the necessary and reasonable expenses of the Commissioner of Fisheries and other members of the Fishery Commission and office employes two years the sum of six thousand dollars ($6,000)

For the erection of fisheries two years the sum of five thousand dollars ($5,000)

For the repairs of State fishways two years the sum of two thousand dollars ($2,000)

For the payment of salaries and reasonable expenses of fish wardens two years the sum of seventy-two thousand six hundred dollars ($72,600)

For the payment of contingent expenses two years the sum of four thousand dollars ($4,000)

For the purpose of maintaining and operating launch "Commodore Perry" on Lake Erie two years the sum of twelve thousand dollars ($12,000)

For the purpose of maintaining and operating the cruiser "Anna" at Torresdale on the Delaware two years the sum of twenty-two hundred dollars ($2,200)

For field work gathering spawn transferring fish employing and paying the necessary labor and incidental expenses thereto two years the sum of sixteen thousand dollars ($16,000)

For buildings ponds extensions and other work incidental towards completing the Corry hatchery two years the sum of fourteen thousand nine hundred dollars ($14,900)

For buildings ponds extensions and other work incidental towards completing the Bellefonte hatchery two years the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars ($25,000)

For buildings ponds extensions and other work incidental towards completing the Wayne hatchery at Pleasant Mount two years the sum of forty thousand dollars ($40,000)

For buildings ponds extensions and other work incidental towards completing the Torresdale hatchery two years the sum of twenty thousand dollars ($20,000)

For buildings ponds extensions and other work incidental towards completing the Union City hatchery two years the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000)

For buildings ponds extensions and other work incidental towards completing the Erie hatchery two years the sum of five thousand dollars ($5,000)

For dredging out the channels ponds and improvements on Preque Peninsula Erie county in order to restore the original spawning grounds for the fish two years the sum of fifty thousand dollars ($50,000)

STATE BOARD OF CENSORS

For the payment of the salaries of employes two years the sum of sixty-four thousand dollars ($64,000)

For the payment of additional clerks and employes of the State Board of Censors when necessary two years the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000)

For the payment of the contingent fund traveling and incidental expenses two years the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000)

BOARD OF GAME COMMISSIONERS

For the payment of the salary of the Chief Game Protector who is also Secretary of said Board two years the sum of eight thousand dollars ($8,000)

For the payment of the salary of the Assistant Chief Game Protector two years the sum of four thousand dollars ($4,000)

For the payment of one clerk who shall be a bookkeeper stenographer and typewriter two years the sum of three thousand dollars ($3,000)

For the payment of the salary of one clerk who shall be a bookkeeper stenographer and typewriter two years the sum of two thousand eight hundred dollars ($2,800)

For the payment of the salaries of fifty (50) Game Protectors at the rate of seventy-five dollars ($75.00) per month two years the sum of ninety thousand dollars ($90,000)

For the payment of traveling and other necessary expenses of the Board of Game Commissioners and of the Game Protectors for the payment of services rendered or expenses incurred by either Deputy Game Protectors or Special Deputy Game Protectors under the specific and written order of the Chief Game Protector for the payment of incidental office expenses attorney fees and such other expenditures as may be deemed necessary by the Board of Game Commissioners for the better carrying out of the provisions of an act creating the Board of Game Commissioners two years the sum of one hundred and ten thousand dollars ($110,000)

For the purpose of creating additional Game preserves for the maintenance and protection of Game Preserves already created under provisions of law purchase of game feeding of game and the propagation and distribution of game throughout the State as may be considered advisable including the leasing of lands for game preserves two years the sum of seventy thousand dollars ($70,000)

The appropriation to be paid quarterly to the President of the Board of Game Commissioners upon the presentation of duly certified vouchers of the expenditures of money previously drawn and satisfactory proof to the Auditor General that the expenditure is necessary for the enforcement of the laws of the Commonwealth relative to the protection of game of song and insectivorous birds or for the intelligent and necessary carrying into effect the purpose for which said Board of Game Commissioners was created

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC PRINTING AND BINDING

For the payment of the salary of the Superintendent of the Department of Public Printing and Binding two years the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000)

For the payment of the salary of the Chief clerk of the Department of Public Printing and Binding two years the sum of five thousand dollars ($5,000)

For the payment of the salaries of the other clerks stenographers and messenger two years the sum of fourteen thousand dollars ($14,000)

For the payment of printing binding ruling et cetera two years the sum of five hundred thousand dollars ($500,000)

For the payment of paper envelopes and other supplies two years the sum of three hundred thousand dollars ($300,000)

For the payment of plates cuts electrotypes dies and stamps two years the sum of eight thousand dollars ($8,000)

For the payment of the contingent expenses two years the sum of two thousand five hundred dollars ($2,500)

For advertising proposals for executing the State printing supplying the Commonwealth with paper lithographic printing engravings plates cuts electrotypes dies stamps proposals for shipping documents and purchase of waste paper two years the sum of three thousand five hundred dollars ($3,500)

For the payment of salaries of three proof-readers and three copyholders for the legislative session of one thousand nine hundred and seventeen the sum of three thousand two hundred and twenty-five dollars ($3,225) to be paid monthly to each proof-reader and copyholder as follows one hundred and twenty-five dollars per month to each proof-reader and ninety dollars per month to each copyholder

DIVISION OF DISTRIBUTION OF DOCUMENTS

For the payment of the salary of the Chief of the Division of Distribution of Documents two years the sum of eight thousand four hundred dollars ($8,400)

For the payment of the salaries of the shipping clerks mailing clerks stenographer bookkeeper and messenger in the Division of Distribution of Documents two years the sum of nineteen thousand eight hundred dollars ($19,800)

For the payment for shipping public documents in bulk or singly by freight including freight and drayage for two years from August fifteenth one thousand nine hundred and fifteen to August fifteenth one thousand nine hundred and seventeen the sum of six thousand dollars ($6,000)

For the payment of postage and express in the Division of Distribution of Documents two years from August fifteenth one thousand nine hundred and fifteen to August fifteenth one thousand nine hundred and seventeen the sum of ninety thousand dollars ($90,000)

STATE HIGHWAY DEPARTMENT

For the payment of the salary of the State Highway Commissioner two years the sum of sixteen thousand dollars ($16,000)

For the payment of the salary of the First Deputy State Highway Commissioner two years the sum of twelve thousand dollars ($12,000)

For the payment of the salary of the Second Deputy State Highway Commissioner two years the sum of twelve thousand dollars ($12,000)

For the payment of the salary of the auditor two years the sum of six thousand dollars ($6,000)

For the payment of the salary of the chief engineer two years the sum of fourteen thousand dollars ($14,000)

For the payment of the salary of the bridge engineer two years the sum of seven thousand two hundred dollars ($7,200)

For the payment of the salary of one construction engineer to be appointed by the State Highway Commissioner for two years the sum of eight thousand dollars ($8,000)

For the payments of the salaries of fifty superintendents two years the sum of one hundred and fifty thousand dollars ($150,000)

For the payment of the salaries of fifteen assistant engineers two years the sum of seventy-two thousand dollars ($72,000)

For the payment of the salary of the chief draftsman two years the sum of four thousand eight hundred dollars ($4,800)

For the payments of the salaries of four clerks two years the sum of nine thousand six hundred dollars ($9,600)

For the payment of the salaries of a paymaster and three assistants to be appointed by the State Highway Commissioner two years the sum of fifteen thousand five hundred dollars ($15,500)

For the payment of the salary of a statistician two years the sum of six thousand dollars ($6,000)

For the payment of the salaries of four draftsmen two years the sum of fourteen thousand four hundred dollars ($14,400)

For the payment of the salary of a chief clerk two years the sum of four thousand eight hundred dollars ($4,800)

For the payment of the salary of one chief bookkeeper to be appointed by the State Highway Commissioner for two years the sum of four thousand eight hundred dollars ($4,800)

For the payment of the salaries of two bookkeepers two years the sum of six thousand four hundred dollars ($6,400)

For the payment of the salaries of four stenographers two years the sum of nine thousand six hundred dollars ($9,600)

For the payment of the necessary traveling and other incidental expenses of the State Highway Commissioner the First Deputy State Highway Commissioner the Second Deputy State Highway Commissioner the chief engineer the auditor the bridge engineer the fifteen assistant engineers the fifty superintendents the maintenance and construction engineers and the paymaster and his assistants two years the sum of one hundred twenty thousand dollars ($120,000)

For the payment of contingent and incidental expenses of the State Highway Department two years the sum of sixty-five thousand dollars ($65,000)

For the payment of the salaries of other necessary expenses of the Automobile Division of the State Highway Department two years the sum of two hundred and forty thousand dollars ($240,000)

For the maintenance and equipment of a physical and chemical laboratory for the payment of salaries and expenses of superintendent chemists and necessary laboratory employes for experimental work and tests and for the payment of traveling and incidental expenses necessary to make a thorough and comprehensive study of road construction construction methods and construction materials two years the sum of fifty thousand dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the reconstruction of roadways by storm cloudburst or other catastrophe or from other unaccountable or unavoidable cause the sum of one hundred thousand dollars ($100,000)

For the permanent improvement of highways described in the act creating the State Highway Department approved May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and eleven and acts supplementary and amendatory thereto as State-aid highways two years the sum of one million dollars ($1,000,000)

For the construction and repair of State highways described in the act creating the State Highway Department approved May thirty-one one thousand nine hundred and eleven its supplements and amendments and for the payment of all other expenses including the payment of salaries and expenses of such additional engineers engineers' assistants expenses of assistants superintendents inpectors clerical assistance employes and labor skilled or unskilled necessary in the judgment of the State Highway Commissioner to carry on the work of the State Highway Department two years the sum of three million dollars ($3,000,000)

For the maintenance of the improved and unimproved State highways described in the act creating the State Highway Department approved May thirty-one one thousand nine hundred and eleven the acts supplementary and amendatory thereto and for the payment of the State's share of the maintenance and repair of State-aid Highways constructed prior to or constructed or improved under the provisions of the act creating the State Highway Department approved May thirty-one one thousand nine hundred and eleven including the payment of salaries and expenses of such additional engineers engineers' assistants superintendents inspectors clerical assistance and employes necessary to carry on the work of the State Highways two years the sum of six million dollars ($6,000,000)

For the payment of the necessary expenses in the acquiring of turnpike roads as authorized by the act creating State Highway Department approved May thirty-one one thousand nine hundred and eleven two years the sum of five hundred thousand dollars ($500,000)

BOARD OF REVENUE COMMISSIONERS

For the payment of the salaries of the three members of the Board two years the sum of one thousand eight hundred dollars ($1,800)

For the payment of the salary of the clerk two years the sum of two thousand dollars ($2,000)

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR AND INDUSTRY

For the payment of the salary of the Commissioner two years the sum of sixteen thousand dollars ($16,000)

For the payment of the salary of the chief clerk two years the sum of six thousand dollars ($6,000)

For the payment of the salaries of two copying clerks two years the sum of six thousand dollars ($6,000)

For the payment of a skilled-stenographer and typewriter in the principal office of the department two years the sum of three thousand dollars ($3,000)

For the payment of the salary of one stenographer and typewriter in the principal office of the department two years the sum of eighteen hundred dollars ($1,800)

For the payment of the salary of messenger two years the sum of twenty-four hundred dollars ($2,400)

For the payment of the salary of one filing clerk in the principal office two years the sum of three thousand dollars ($3,000)

For the payment of the salary of an auditor in the principal office of the Department two years the sum of four thousand dollars ($4,000)

BUREAU OF INSPECTION

For the payment of the salary of the Chief Inspector two years the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000)

For the payment of the salary of a skilled stenographer and inspector two years the sum of four thousand dollars ($4,000)

For the payment of the salary of one stenographer and typewriter two years the sum of two thousand four hundred dollars ($2,400)

For the payment of the salaries of seventy-five inspectors of the first grade two years the sum of two hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars ($225,000)

For the payment of the salaries of two inspectors of the second grade two years the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000)

For the payment of the salaries of two skilled stenographers and office men one for each of the two branch offices two years the sum of six thousand dollars ($6,000)

DIVISION OF HYGIENE AND ENGINEERING

For the payment of the salaries of two inspectors of the third grade two years the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000)

For the payment of the salary of one laboratory assistant two years the sum of three thousand dollars ($3,000)

For the payment of the salary of one skilled stenographer and typewriter two years the sum of three thousand dollars ($3,000)

For the payment of the salary of one draftsman two years the sum of three thousand dollars ($3,000)

For the payment of the Chief Medical Inspector two years the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000)

For the payment of the salaries of three inspectors of the fourth grade two years the sum of eighteen thousand dollars ($18,000)

For the payment of the salary of one stenographer and typewriter two years the sum of one thousand eight hundred dollars ($1,800)

BUREAU OF STATISTICS AND INFORMATION

For the payment of the salary of the Chief of the Bureau two years the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000)

For the payment of the salary of the assistant chief of the Bureau two years the sum of five thousand dollars ($5,000)

For the payment of the salary of the statistician in the Bureau two years the sum of four thousand dollars ($4,000)

For the payment of the salaries of three collectors of statistics two years the sum of nine thousand dollars ($9,000)

For the payment of the salary of one filing clerk two years the sum of three thousand dollars ($3,000)

For the payment of the salary of one copying clerk two years the sum of three thousand dollars ($3,000)

For the payment of the salaries of two clerks for accident division two years the sum of five thousand six hundred dollars ($5,600)

BUREAU OF STATISTICS AND INFORMATION

For the payment of the salaries of two clerks in production division two years the sum of five thousand six hundred dollars ($5,600)

For the payment of the salary of one editor two years the sum of three thousand two hundred dollars ($3,200)

For the payment of the salary of one machine operator two years the sum of two thousand eight hundred dollars ($2,800)

For the payment of the salaries of two machine operators two years the sum of four thousand eight hundred dollars ($4,800)

For the payment of the salary of one skilled stenographer and typewriter two years the sum of three thousand dollars ($3,000)

BUREAU OF MEDIATION AND ARBITRATION

For the payment of the salary of the Chief of the Bureau two years the sum of seven thousand dollars ($7,000)

For the payment of the salary of a secretary who shall be a stenographer and typewriter two years the sum of two thousand dollars ($2,000)

LEGAL DIVISION

For the payment of one attorney and legal advisor to the Commissioner two years the sum of six thousand dollars ($6,000)

For the payment of the salary of an additional attorney and legal advisor two years the sum of four thousand dollars ($4,000)

INDUSTRIAL BOARD

For the payment of the salaries of four members of the Industrial Board at ten dollars per day two years twenty-four thousand dollars ($24,000)

For the payment of the salary of a secretary to the Board two years the sum of four thousand dollars ($4,000)

For the payment for two years of the incidental and traveling expenses of the Commissioner inspectors and other officers of the department incurred in the discharge of their duties the necessary cost and expenses incurred in the prosecution of offenders aganist the factory bakeshop workshop fire-escape boiler inspection inland lake steamboat inspection child labor woman labor fire and panic fire drill and all other laws to enforcement by this department rent of tabulating machines and similar labor saving devices for the expenses of the associate members of the Industrial Board of the Department for the payment of the salaries or fees of experts and of required attaches in the several offices of the department for preparing maintaining and using stationary and traveling safety health and welfare exhibits and carrying on safety educational work for the preparation and maintenance of testing and chemical laboratories for determining safe and healthful methods and apparatus and for the incidental contingent expenses for postage expressage telegraphing advertising and such special work and investigations as may be required or necessary during two years the sum of one hundred and forty-one thousand dollars ($141,000)

EXTRA SUPERVISING INSPECTORS (INSPECTORS OF THE SECOND GRADE)

For the payment of the salaries of two additional supervisory inspectors the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000)

For the salaries of the clerks in the offices of the two additional supervisory inspectors the sum of six thousand dollars ($6,000)

QUARANTINE PHYSICIAN PHILADELPHIA

For the payment of the salary of the Quarantine Physician two years the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000)

For the payment of the Senior Deputy Quarantine Physician for two years the sum of four thousand dollars ($4,000)

For the payment of the Junior Deputy Quarantine Physician for two years the sum of four thousand dollars ($4,000)

For the payment of the salary of the quarantine messenger two years the sum of two thousand dollars ($2,000)

For the payment of the salaries of eight shore employes including nurse two years the sum of fifteen thousand dollars ($15,000)

For the payment of the salaries of nine employes on the boat two years the sum of fifteen thousand dollars ($15,000)

For the payment of insurance on the boat and launch two years the sum of one thousand dollars ($1,000)

For the maintenance of the boat including fuel new boiler and new steel plates on hull of boat two years the sum of seventeen thousand dollars ($17,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For maintenance of all employes including uniforms and caps two years the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000)

For the purchase of drugs and supplies two years the sum of one thousand dollars ($1,000)

For the purchase of coal for heating shore buildings two years the sum of three thousand dollars ($3,000)

For maintenance of the office including one thousand dollars ($1,000) for service of Maritime Exchange in reporting all incoming and outgoing vessels rent and care of office stationery telephone and telegraph service and for like expenses at the office at Marcus Hook two years the sum of four thousand five hundred dollars ($4,500)

For maintenance of the quarantine station including all supplies repairs water and gas supply labor painting plumbing carpenter work feed for horses necessary improvements and additions to buildings new buildings and any and all expenses incident to maintaining the grounds and buildings and the furnishing and equiping of same as well as repairs to wharf and tramway two years the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars ($25,000)

HEALTH OFFICER PHILADELPHIA

For the payment of the salary of the health officer two years the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000)

For the payment of the salary of the clerk to the health officer two years the sum of two thousand four hundred dollars ($2,400)

For the payment of the rent and the care of the office of the health officer telephone and messenger and stationery two years the sum of two thousand six hundred and forty dollars ($2,640.00)

DEPARTMENT OF STATE POLICE

For the payment of the salary of the Superintendent of State Police two years the sum of six thousand dollars ($6,000)

For the payment of the salary of the Deputy Superintendent of State Police two years the sum of five thousand dollars ($5,000)

For the payment of the salary of the clerk two years the sum of three thousand dollars ($3,000)

For the payment of the salary of the stenographer two years the sum of two thousand four hundred dollars ($2,400)

For the payment of four captains (each one thousand eight hundred dollars per annum) two years the sum of fourteen thousand four hundred dollars ($14,400)

For the payment of four lieutenants (each one thousand five hundred dollars per annum) two years the sum of twelve thousand dollars ($12,000)

For the payment of four first sergeants (each one thousand two hundred dollars per annum) two years the sum of nine thousand six hundred dollars ($9,600)

For the payment of sixteen sergeants (each one thousand one hundred dollars per annum) two years the sum of thirty-five thousand two hundred dollars ($35,200)

For the payment of sixteen corporals (each nine hundred fifty dollars per annum) two years the sum of thirty-five thousand two dred dollars ($30,400)

For the payment of the salaries of four blacksmiths (each nine hundred fifty dollars per annum) two years the sum of seven thousand six hundred dollars ($7,600)

For the payment of the salaries of one hundred and eighty privates (each nine hundred per year) two years the sum of three hundred and twenty-four thousand dollars ($324,000)

Re-enlistment pay required for two years the sum of forty thousand thirty-five dollars ($40,035)

For the payment of keep of horses renewal of uniforms horse equipment replacing horses rent of barracks and maintenance of substations for two years the sum of two hundred thirty thousand five hundred dollars ($230,500)

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH

For the payment of the salary of the Commissioner of Health two years the sum of twenty thousand dollars ($20,000)

For the payment of the salaries of the assistant to the Commissioner secretary general inspector auditor stenographer clerks and other general employes two years the sum of thirty-three thousand three hundred dollars ($33,300)

MEDICAL DIVISION

For the payment of the salary of the Chief Medical Inspector two years the sum of eight thousand dollars ($8,000)

For the payment of the salary of the Associate Chief Medical Inspector two years the sum of seven thousand dollars ($7,000)

For the payment of the salary of the Assistant Chief Medical Inspector two years the sum of five thousand dollars ($5,000)

For the payment of the salary of a chief clerk of Medical School Inspection two years the sum of three thousand dollars ($3,000)

For the payment of the salary of five stenographers two years the sum of eight thousand six hundred and forty dollars ($8,640)

For the payment of the salary of twelve clerks two years the sum of seventeen thousand two hundred and eighty dollars ($17,280)

LABORATORIES AND EXPERIMENTAL STATION

For the payment of the salary of the Chief of the Laboratories two years the sum of six thousand dollars ($6,000)

For the payment of the salary of the Bacteriologist two years the sum of four thousand five hundred and sixty dollars ($4,560)

For the payment of the salary of two technical assistants two years the sum of five thousand two hundred and eighty dollars ($5,280)

For the payment of the salary of two stenographers two years the sum of three thousand one hundred and twenty dollars ($3,120)

For the payment of the salary of three clerks two years the sum of four thousand three hundred and twenty dollars ($4,320)

For the payment of the salary of four Laboratory helpers two years the sum of five thousand five hundred and twenty dollars ($5,520)

DIVISION OF DISTRIBUTION OF BIOLOGICAL PRODUCTS

For the payment of the salary of the Chief of the Division two years the sum of six thousand dollars ($6,000)

For the payment of the salary of a bookkeeper two years the sum of one thousand nine hundred and twenty dollars ($1,920)

For the payment of the salary of two stenographers two years the sum of three thousand three hundred and sixty dollars ($3,360)

For the payment of the salary of one clerk two years the sum of one thousand four hundred and forty dollars ($1,440)

BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS

For the payment of the salary of the State Registrar of Vital Statistics two years the sum of eight thousand dollars ($8,000)

For the payment of the salary of the Chief Clerk of the Bureau of Vital Statistics two years the sum of four thousand dollars ($4,000)

For the payment of the salary of the Classification Clerk two years the sum of three thousand six hundred dollars ($3,600)

For the payment of the salary of the Returns Clerk two years the sum of three thousand two hundred and forty dollars ($3,240)

For the payment of the salary of the Search Clerk two years the sum of two thousand four hundred dollars ($2,400)

For the payment of the salary of eight stenographers two years the sum of twelve thousand four hundred and eighty dollars ($12,480)

For the payment of the salary of six clerks two years the sum of eight thousand six hundred and forty dollars ($8,640)

For the payment of the salary of nine clerks on morbidity and marriage statistics two years the sum of twelve thousand nine hundred and sixty dollars ($12,960)

SANITARY ENGINEERING DIVISION

For the payment of the salary of the Chief Engineer of the Sanitary Engineering Division two years the sum of twelve thousand dollars ($12,000)

For the payment of the salary of the Assistant Engineer in charge of general office work two years the sum of five thousand dollars ($5,000)

For the payment of the salary of the first assistant engineer of waterworks and sewerage two years the sum of five thousand dollars ($5,000)

For the payment of the salary of Assistant Engineer on tests of water and sewerage treatment plants two years the sum of five thousand dollars ($5,000)

For the payment of the salary of Assistant Engineer in charge of design and construction two years the sum of seven thousand dollars ($7,000)

For the payment of the salary of two Assistant Engineers on maintenance of water and sewerage treatment plants two years the sum of four thousand eight hundred dollars ($4,800)

For the payment of the salary of Assistant Engineer on water works and sewerage two years the sum of four thousand dollars ($4,000)

For the payment of the salary of five Assistant Engineers two years the sum of twenty thousand six hundred dollars ($20,600)

For the payment of the salary of the Chief Field Inspector two years the sum of five thousand dollars ($5,000)

For the payment of the salary of ten stenographers two years the sum of sixteen thousand eight hundred dollars ($16,800)

For the payment of the salary of nine clerks two years the sum of sixteen thousand five hundred and twenty dollars ($16,520)

For the payment of the salary of six draughtsmen and map tracers two years the sum of thirteen thousand two hundred dollars ($13,200)

DIVISION OF ACCOUNTING AND PURCHASING

For the payment of the salary of the Chief of the Division of Accounting and Purchasing two years the sum of eight thousand dollars ($8,000)

For the payment of the salary of four bookkeepers two years the sum of ten thousand four hundred dollars ($10,400)

For the payment of the salary of sixteen clerks two years the sum of twenty-four thousand nine hundred and sixty dollars ($24,960)

For the payment of the salary of four stenographers two years the sum of six thousand seven hundred and twenty dollars ($6,720)

DIVISION OF SUPPLIES

For the payment of the salary of the Superintendent of Division of Supplies two years the sum of five thousand dollars ($5,000)

For the payment of the salary of a stenographer two years the sum of one thousand eight hundred dollars ($1,800)

For the payment of the salary of three clerks two years the sum of four thousand three hundred and twenty dollars ($4,320)

For the payment of a janitor two years the sum of one thousand five hundred and sixty dollars ($1,560)

DISPENSARIES

For the payment of the salary of the Chief of the Division of Dispensaries two years the sum of seven thousand five hundred dollars ($7,500)

For the payment of the salary of the Lecturer and Manager of the tuberculosis exhibit two years the sum of six thousand dollars ($6,000)

For the payment of the salary of a Deputy Medical Inspector two years the sum of five thousand dollars ($5,000)

For the payment of the salary of a visiting nurse two years the sum of three thousand six hundred dollars ($3,600)

For the payment of the salary of an assistant visiting nurse two years the sum of two thousand four hundred dollars ($2,400)

For the payment of the salary of a statistician two years the sum of two thousand four hundred dollars ($2,400)

For the payment of the salary of three stenographers two years the sum of five thousand and forty dollars ($5,040)

For the payment of the salary of three clerks two years the sum of four thousand three hundred and twenty dollars ($4,320)

For the operation of the Bureau of Housing and for the salaries of officers and employes of said Bureau for two years the sum of forty thousand dollars ($40,000)

For the payment of the cost of diphtheria antitoxin and other products for free distribution and for the poor for the employment of such special and assistant engineers steam and sanitary inspectors and such other employes as may be necessary for the fees and necessary traveling expenses of the county medical inspectors and rural health officers for the necessary traveling expenses of the Commissioner of Health his assistants and other employes for the maintenance of the Bureau of Vital and Morbidity Statistics for the maintenance and laboratories and experimental station and for the payment of all other necessary expenses of the Department of Health in supervising epidemics of diseases and in protecting the public health two years the sum of nine hundred and ninety thousand dollars ($990,000)

TUBERCULOSIS

For the constructing equiping and maintaining sanatoria infirmaries and dispensaries for the free treatment of indigent persons affected with tuberculosis and for the maintenance of laboratories for sanitary supervision isolation and treatment of indigent persons affected with tuberculosis and for the preventive education of the public for the payment of salaries and of all other necessary expenses which may be incurred in this tuberculosis work for two years the further sum of two million nine hundred and forty-five thousand eight hundred and seven dollars ($2,945,807)

MEDICAL INSPECTION OF SCHOOLS

For the medical inspection of the public of the public schools in accordance with the provisions of the school code the sum of two hundred and fifty thousand dollars ($250,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

All expenditures made by the Department of Health shall be approved by the Governor and the amounts except those of salaries specifically mentioned shall be paid to the Commissioner of Health by warrant of the Auditor-General upon requisition of said Commissioner of Health and all sums so paid shall be accounted for as expended by properly itemized vouchers

DEPARTMENT OF WATER SUPPLY COMMISSION

For the payment of the salaries of the commissioners two years the sum of eighteen thousand dollars ($18,000)

For the payment of the salary of the engineer two years the sum of five thousand dollars ($5,000)

For the payment of the salary of the stenographer two years the sum of two thousand four hundred dollars ($2,400)

For the payment of the salaries and expenses of engineers engineering assistants experts and clerical assistance employed by the commission in making examinations and reports upon applications for water and water-power company charters mergers consolidations and new or additional supplies of water and water-power investigations and reports of the status of water and water power company charters special examinations investigations and reports upon protests lodged with the Commission the establishment and maintenance and operation of stream gauging stations and other expenses necessary to carry into effect the various laws relating to or affecting the Water Supply Commission of Pennsylvania two years the sum of fifty thousand dollars ($50,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the payment of the salaries and expenses of engineers engineering assistants experts and clerical assistance employed by the commission in making examinations and reports upon dams and other encroachments now existing or hereafter to be placed in or along any of the streams of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania two years the sum of fifty-five thousand dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary ($55,000)

For the payment of the salaries of engineers engineering assistants experts and clerical assistance employed by the commission in carrying into effect the provisions of the act entitled "An Act defining the water resources of the Commonwealth providing for the taking of an inventory thereof by the Water Supply Commission of Pennsylvania vesting in said commission certain powers and duties providing penalties for violation of this act and making an appropriation to carry the same into effect" approved the twenty-fifth day of July Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and fourteen Pamphlet Laws one thousand two hundred and thirty-three two years the sum of sixty thousand dollars ($60,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the payment of the salaries and expenses of the Flood Forecaster gage readers and clerical assistance employed by the Commission in establishing and maintaining gauging stations on the principal rivers and tributaries thereof for the determination of the daily height of water in such streams and tributaries thereof in order that the Water Supply Commission may during freshet and flood conditions issue bulletins to be telegraphed or telephoned to such municipalities in the Commonwealth where flood damage is likely to occur forecasting the probable gage heights expected to be reached and the probable time of such expected gauge heights and for carrying into effect the provisions of the act of May twenty-three Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen Pamphlet Laws three hundred and forty-seven two years the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA

For the payment of the salaries of seven commissioners for two years the sum of one hundred forty-one thousand dollars ($141,000)

For the payment of the salary of the secretary for two years the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000)

For the payment of the salary of Counsel for two years the sum of fifteen thousand dollars ($15,000)

For the payment of the salary of the Assistant Counsel for two years the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000)

For the payment of the salary of the Marshal for two years the sum of four thousand dollars ($4,000)

For the payment of the salary of the Investigator of Accidents for two years the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000)

For the payment of the salary of the Chief of the Bureau of Engineering for two years the sum of twelve thousand dollars ($12,000)

For the payment of the salary of the Chief of the Bureau of Rates and Tariffs for two years the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000)

For the payment of the salary of the Chief of the Bureau of Accounts and Statistics for two years the sum of eight thousand dollars ($8,000)

For the payment of the making of valuations and appraisals of public service companies' plants facilities and properties the traveling expenses of the Commissioners their employes and experts the fees and expenses of witnesses the payment of wages or salaries of experts accountants inspectors or engineers employed by the Commission the salaries of clerks stenographers messengers janitors and other office employes the purchase of books stationery printing office supplies and other materials for which no requisition may be made by the Commission two years the sum of three hundred sixty-six thousand three hundred and twenty dollars ($366,320)

For the assessment of costs for the elimination of grade crossings as provided by Article V Section twelve of the act approved July twenty-sixth one thousand nine hundred and thirteen two years the sum of fifty thousand dollars ($50,000)

BOARD OF PUBLIC CHARITIES

For the payment of the salary of the General Agent and Secretary two years the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000)

For the payment of the salary of the Secretary of the Committee on Lunacy two years the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000)

For the payment of the salaries of four assistant general agents of the Board of Public Charities two years the sum of twenty thousand dollars ($20,000)

For the payment of necessary clerical expert or other assistance for the Board of Public Charities and the Committee on Lunacy two years the sum of thirty-seven thousand five hundred dollars ($37,500)

For the payment of the traveling expenses of the Commissioners officers and employes of the Board of Public

Charities and the members secretary and employes of the Committee on Lunacy two years the sum of twenty-eight thousand dollars ($28,000)

For the payment of postage telegrams express charges messenger service rent fuel light and incidental expenses of the Board of Public Charities and the Committee on Lunacy two years the sum of seven thousand dollars ($7,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

JUDICIARY DEPARTMENT

Section 3 For the payment of the salaries of the judges of the Supreme and Superior Courts the salaries and mileage of the president and other law judges of the several courts of common pleas in the Commonwealth and the judges of the seperate orphan's courts and for the compensation of common pleas judges holding courts in other districts and for the payment of the salaries and mileage of associate judges the following sums or so much thereof as may be necessary for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen payments to be made monthly by warrant drawn by the Auditor General on the State Treasurer except in the case of associate judges who shall be paid quarterly on August thirty-first November thirtieth February twenty-eight and May thirty-first of each year but when by reason of death or resignation salary for a fraction of a quarter is due to any judge it shall be computed according to the ratio it bears to the whole quarter so as not however to increase or diminish the salary he is entitled to receive under the several act of Assembly fixing the compensation of judges Provided That at the beginning of the term the interval from the first Monday of January to the first day of March shall be reckoned as two-thirds of a quarter and at the close of a term the interval from the first day of December to the first Monday of January shall be reckoned as one-third of a quarter

SUPREME COURT JUDGES

For the payment of the salaries of the Supreme Court Judges two years the sum of one hundred and eighty-three thousand dollars ($183,000)

For the payment of the salaries of the seven clerks two years the sum of thirty-five thousand dollars ($35,000)

For the payment of the salary of the deputy prothonotary Eastern District two years the sum of five thousand eight hundred forty dollars ($5,840)

For the payment of the salary of a deputy prothonotary Western District two years four thousand dollars ($4,000)

For the payment of the salary of the deputy prothonotary Middle District two years the sum of one thousand four hundred and forty dollars ($1,440)

For the payment of the salary of a clerk in the office of the prothonotary of the Supreme court for the Eastern District two years the sum of three thousand dollars ($3,000)

For the payment of the salary of a clerk in the office of the prothonotary of the Supreme Court Western District two years the sum of three thousand dollars ($3,000)

For the payment of the salary of a record clerk in the office of the prothonotary of the Eastern District two years the sum of three thousand six hundred dollars ($3,600)

For the payment of the crier librarian and tipstaves of the Eastern Middle and Western Districts two years the sum of twenty-eight thousand two hundred and thirty-two dollars ($28,232)

For the payment of the cleaning of the Supreme Court room and office and showrooms adjacent thereto two years the sum of seven hundred and twenty dollars ($720) payable monthly and for the payment of the contingent expenses of the Supreme Court in the Middle District and the Superior Court at Harrisburg two years the sum of three hundred dollars ($300) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the care and use of the library of the Supreme and Superior Courts Philadelphia two years the sum of four thousand dollars ($4,000)

For the care and use of the library of the Supreme and Superior Courts Pittsburgh two years the sum of two thousand dollars ($2,000)

For the purchase of stationery supplies and the payment of the necessary expenses of the said Supreme Court for the Eastern District thereof two years the sum of five thousand dollars ($5,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary to be paid on the warrant of the Auditor General upon the presentation of specifically itemized vouchers approved by the prothonotary of the said Supreme Court for the Eastern District thereof

For the purchase of books stationery supplies and other necessary expenses of the Supreme Court Western District for two years the sum of three thousand dollars ($3,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary to be paid on the warrant of the Auditor General upon presentation of specifically itemized vouchers approved by the prothonotary of the said court for the said western district thereof

SUPERIOR COURT JUDGES

For the payment of the salaries of the judges of the Superior Court two years the sum of one hundred and sixty-nine thousand dollars ($169,000)

For the payment of the salaries of the seven clerks of the Superior Court two years the sum of twenty-one thousand dollars ($21,000)

For the payment of the salaries of the crier and necessary tipstaves of the Superior Court two years the sum fifteen thousand eight hundred dollars ($15,800)

For the purchase of books stationery supplies and other necessary expenses of the said Superior Court two years the sum of six thousand dollars ($6,000) to be paid on the warrant of the Auditor General upon the presentation of specifically itemized vouchers approved by the prothonotaries of the said Superior Court Philadelphia Harrisburg and Pittsburgh

COMMON PLEAS JUDGES

For the payment of the salaries of the judges of the Courts of Common Pleas learned in the law in the several judicial districts of the Commonwealth two years the sum of one million seven hundred and thirty-four thousand dollars ($1,734,000)

For the payment of the judges of the courts of common pleas of Dauphin county for clerk hire in accordance with the provisions of the act of one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three (Pamphlet Laws page twenty-one) the sum of four thousand dollars ($4,000)

ORPHANS' COURT JUDGES

For the payment of the salaries of the orphans' court judges in the several judicial districts in which separate orphans' courts have been established by law two years the sum of two hundred and ninety-four thousand dollars ($294,000)

For the payment of the compensation car fare and expenses of judges for holding court outside of their own judicial districts in accordance with the provisions of the Act of Assembly approved April twenty-seventh Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven the sum of seventy-five thousand dollars ($75,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the payment of the salaries of the judges of the municipal court of Philadelphia in accordance with the provisions of the Act of Assembly approved July twelfth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen the sum of one hundred and nine thousand dollars ($109,000)

For the payment of the salaries of the judges of the county court for the County of Allegheny the sum of fifty-one thousand ($51,000)

For the payment of the salaries of the judges of the Supreme Superior common pleas and orphans' courts who may resign or retire in accordance with the provisions of the Act of Assembly approved June twenty-third Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven (Pamphlet Laws one thousand one hundred and twenty-one) two years the sum of sixty thousand dollars ($60,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

ASSOCIATE JUDGES

For the payment of the salaries of the associate judges for two years the sum of sixty-four thousand dollars ($64,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

MILEAGE

For the payment to the associate judges of mileage for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen and for the payment of the deficiency which has arisen in the payment to the associate judges of mileage prior to May thirty-one one thousand nine hundred and fifteen the sum of fifteen thousand dollars ($15,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT

Section 4 For the payment of the expenses of the Legislative Department for the two years ending May thirty-one one thousand nine hundred and seventeen and also for the expenses of the session and recess of one thousand nine hundred and fifteen not previously provided for the following sums or so much thereof as may be necessary to be paid in the manner prescribed by law

Provided That the salaries stationery and mileage of the members of the Senate and House of Representatives and the salaries and mileage of the session officers and employes of the Legislature session of one thousand nine hundred and seventeen shall only be paid after statement of the amounts due the several Senators Members officers and employes shall have been certified to the Auditor General by the President pro tempore of the Senate and Speaker of the House of Representatives respectively and that the Senators and members also the officers receiving fixed salaries for said session shall each be paid three hundred dollars per month for the first four months of the session if the Legislature shall be in session that long and the balance on the day fixed for the final adjournment of the Legislature or during the two days previous thereto and that the session officers and employes receiving per diem salaries shall be paid amount due them at the end of each month during the session except the last month when payment shall be made on the day fixed for final adjournment of the Legislature or during the two days previous thereto

SENATE

For the payment of the salaries of fifty Senators and extra compensation allowed by law to the President pro tempore of the Senate session of one thousand nine hundred and seventeen the sum of seventy-five thousand one hundred and fifty dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary ($75,150)

For the payment of the mileage of fifty Senators session of one thousand nine hundred and seventeen the sum of three thousand five hundred dollars ($3,500) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the payment of stationery session of one thousand nine hundred and seventeen allowed by law to fifty Senators fifty dollars each the sum of two thousand five hundred dollars ($2,500)

For the payment of the postage session of one thousand nine hundred and seventeen allowed by law to fifty Senators one hundred dollars each the sum of five thousand dollars ($5,000)

For the payment of the postage session of one thousand nine hundred and seventeen allowed by law for the chief clerk and assistants the sum of one hundred dollars ($100)

For the payment of the postage session of one thousand nine hundred and seventeen allowed by law to the Lieutenant Governor the sum of one hundred dollars ($100)

To the chief clerk of the Senate for the payment of the postage on the Legislative Journal bills and calendars session of one thousand nine hundred and seventeen the sum of four thousand dollars ($4,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the payment of the salaries of the officers and employes of the Senate session of one thouand nine hundred and seventeen the sum of seventy-five thousand dollars ($75,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the payment of the mileage of the officers and employes of the Senate session of one thousand nine hundred and seventeen the sum of two thousand seven hundred dollars ($2,700)

For the payment of the salaries of the returning officers of the Senate at the beginning of the session of one thousand nine hundred and seventeen the sum of seven thousand dollars ($7,000)

For the payment of the mileage of the returning officers of the Senate at the beginning of the session of one thousand nine hundred and seventeen the sum of two thousand five hundred dollars ($2,500)

For the payment of the salary of the chief clerk of the Senate for the recess periods ending May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and seventeen the sum of three thousand three hundred dollars ($3,300) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the payment of the salary of the secretary of the Senate for the period of two years ending May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and seventeen the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000) to be paid quarterly

For the payment of the salary of the librarian of the Senate for the two years ending May thirty-one one thousand nine hundred and seventeen the sum of five thousand dollars ($5,000)

For the payment of the salary of the assistant librarian of the Senate for the session of one thousand nine hundred and seventeen the sum of one thousand eight hundred dollars ($1,800)

For the paymentof the salary of the assistant librarian of the Senate for the time employed during the recess periods in the two years ending May thirty first one thousand nine hundred and seventeen the sum of three thousand one hundred and fifty-five dollars ($3,155) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the payment of the salary of the clerk to the president of the Senate for two years ending May thirty-one one thousand nine hundred and seventeen the sum of three thousand dollars ($3,000)

For the payment of the salary of the stenographer to the president of the Senate for the two years ending May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and seventeen the sum of two thousand dollars ($2,000)

For the payment of the salaries of two watchmen of the Senate each at three dollars per day for the time employed during the recess periods in the two years ending May thirty-one one thousand nine hundred and seventeen as provided by law the sum of three thousand seven hundred and seventy-four dollars ($3,774)

For the payment of the salaries of two custodians of the Senate for the time employed during the recess periods in the two years ending May thirty-one one thousand nine hundred and seventeen the sum of three thousand seven hundred and seventy-four dollars ($3,774)

For the payment of the salary of the elevator operator of the Senate for the time employed during the recess periods in two years ending May thirty-one one thousand nine hundred and seventeen the sum of one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven dollars ($1,887)

For the payment of the expenses of the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate session of one thousand nine hundred and seventeen in investigating schools reformatories prisons asylums hospitals and other institutions supported in whole or in part from the Treausury of the Commonwealth and for the necessary clerical assistance the sum of eight thousand dollars ($8,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary to be paid on the warrant of the Auditor General drawn in favor of the chairman of the said committee on the presentation of his requisition for same and said chairman shall file an account of the committee's expense with the Auditor General within thirty days after the adjournment of the Legislature

For the payment of the Secretary of the Senate Appropriations Committee session of one thousand nine hundred and seventeen for services and mileage the sum of one thousand eight hundred dollars ($1,800) to be paid to the chairman of said committee

For the payment of the messenger of the Senate Appropriations Committee session of one thousand nine hundred and seventeen for services and mileage the sum of nine hundred ($900) dollars to be paid to the chairman of the Senate Appropriations Committee on warrant drawn by the Auditor General

For the contingent expenses including clerical and stenogrphic charges of the President pro tempore of the Senate during the recess ending January first one thousand nine hundred and seventeen the sum of two thousand dollars ($2,000) and for like expenses from January second to May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and seventeen the sum of one thousand dollars ($1,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the payment of the necessary expenses including extra labor in the office of the Chief Clerk for the year ending May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and sixteen the sum of three thousand nine hundred dollars ($3,900) and for the six months ending November thirty one thousand nine hundred and sixteen the sum of one thousand nine hundred and fifty dollars ($1,950) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the payment of the incidental expenses of the Senate the six months commencing December one thousand nine hundred and sixteen such sum as may be necessary to be expended by the Chief Clerk of the Senate who shall render to the Auditor General accounts from time to time with proper specifically itemized vouchers to be settled in the same manner as other accounts but said chief clerk shall at no time have in his hands more than two thousand ($2,000) dollars for which accounts have not been rendered and settled and the whole amount expended by said chief clerk shall not exceed the sum of eight thousand dollars ($8,000) out of which amount such necessary extra labor in the Senate shall be paid as shall be certified by the President pro tempore and the chief clerk

For the payment of postage labor and incidental expenses in the office of the Secretary of the Senate for the year ending May thirty-one one thousand nine hundred and sixteen the sum of two thousand two hundred and fifty dollars ($2,250) and a like sum for the year ending May thirty-one one thousand nine hundred and seventeen or so much thereof as may be necessary ($2,250)

For the payment of postage labor express charges and other expenses in the office of the Librarian of the Senate for the year ending May thirty-one one thousand nine hundred and sixteen the sum of three thousand one hundred ($3,100) dollars and for the year ending May thirty-one one thousand nine hundred and seventeen the sum of three thousand three hundred dollars ($3,300) or so much thereof as may be necessary

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

For the payment of the salaries of two hundred and seven members of the House of Representatives and extra compensation allowed by law to the Speaker of the House session of one thousand nine hundred and seventeen the sum of three hundred and ten thousand six hundred and twenty-five dollars ($310,625) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the payment of the mileage of two hundred and seven members of the House session of one thousand nine hundred and seventeen the sum of fourteen thousand dollars ($14,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the payment of stationery session of one thousand nine hundred and seventeen allowed by law to two hundred and seven members fifty dollars each the sum of ten thousand three hundred and fifty dollars ($10,350)

For the payment of postage session of one thousand nine hundred and seventeen allowed by law to two hundred and seven members one hundred dollars each the sum of twenty thousand seven hundred dollars ($20,700)

For the payment of postage session of one thousand nine hundred and seventeen allowed by law for the Chief Clerk and assistants the sum of one hundred dollars ($100)

To the Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives for the payment of postage on the Legislative Journal bills and calendars session of one thousand nine hundred and seventeen the sum of six thousand five hundred dollars ($6,500) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the payment of the salaries of the officers and employes of the House session of one thousand nine hundred and seventeen the sum of one hundred twenty-five thousand dollars ($125,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the payment of the mileage of the officers and employes of the House of Representatives session of one thousand nine hundred and seventeen the sum of four thousand dollars ($4,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the payment of the salaries of the returning officers of the House of Representatives at the beginning of the session one thousand nine hundred and seventeen the sum of seven thousand dollars ($7,000)

For the payment of the mileage of the returning officers of the House at the beginning of the session of one thousand nine hundred and seventeen the sum of three thousand dollars ($3,000)

For the payment of the Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives for the recess periods ending May thirty-one one thousand nine hundred and seventeen the sum

three thousand three hundred dollars ($3,300) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the payment of the salary of the Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives for the session of one thousand nine hundred and seventeen the sum of three thousand dollars ($3,000)

For the payment of salary of the assistant clerk of the House of Representatives for the session of one thousand nine hundred and seventeen the sum of one thousand eight hundred dollars ($1,800)

For the payment of the salary of the assistant clerk of the House of Representatives for the time employed during the recess periods in the two years ending May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and seventeen the sum of three thousand one hundred and fifty-five dollars ($3,155)

For the payment of the salary of the resident clerk House of Representatives for the two years ending May thirty-one one thousand nine hundred and seventeen the sum of five thousand dollars ($5,000)

For the payment of the salary of the assistant resident clerk of the House of Representatives for the session of one thousand nine hundred and seventeen the sum of one thousand eight hundred dollars ($1,800)

For the payment of the salary of the assistant resident clerk of the House of Representatives for the time employed during the recess periods in the two years ending May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and seventeen the sum of three thousand one hundred and fifty-five dollars ($3,155) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the payment of the salaries of two watchmen of the House each at three dollars per day for the time employed during the recess periods in the two years ending May thirty-one one thousand nine hundred and seventeen as provided by law the sum of three thousand seven hundred and seventy-four dollars ($3,774)

For the payment of the salary of the elevator operator of the House of Representatives for the time employed during the recess periods in the two years ending May thirty-one one thousand nine hundred and seventeen the sum of one thousand eight hundred and eight-seven dollars ($1,887)

For the contingent expenses including clerical and stenographic charges of the Speaker of the House of Representatives during the recess ending January the first one thousand nine hundred seventeen the sum of five hundred dollars ($500) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the payment of the necessary expenses including extra labor in the office of the Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives for the year ending May thirty-one one thousand nine hundred and sixteen the sum of three thousand five hundred dollars ($3,500) and for the six months ending November thirty one thousand nine hundred and sixteen the sum of one thousand seven hundred and fifty ($1,750) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the payment of the incidental expenses of the House of Representatives for the six months commencing December one one thousand nine hundred and sixteen such sum as may be necessary to be expended by the Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives who shall render to the Auditor General accounts from time to time with proper specifically itemized vouchers to be settled in the same manner as other accounts but said chief clerk shall at no time have in his hands more than two thousand dollars for which accounts have not been rendered and settled and the whole amount expended by said chief clerk shall not exceed the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000) out of which amount such necessary extra labor in the House of Representatives shall be paid as shall be certified by the Speaker and the Chief Clerk

For the payment of postage labor express charges and other expenses in the office of the resident clerk of the House of Representatives for the year ending May thirty-one one thousand nine hundred and sixteen the sum of three thousand dollars ($3,000) and for the year ending May thirty-one one thousand nine hundred and seventeen the sum of three thousand five hundred dollars ($3,500) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the payment of the expenses of the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives session of one thousand nine hundred and seventeen in investigating schools reformatories prisons asylums hospitals and other institutions supported in whole or in part from the Treasury of the Commonwealth and for necessary clerical assistance the sum of twelve thousand ($12,000) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary to be paid on the warrant of the Auditor General drawn in favor of the chairman of the said committee on presentation of his requisition for same and said chairman shall file an account of the committee's expenses with the Auditor General within thirty days after the adjournment of the Legislature

LEGISLATIVE JOURNAL

Section 5 The expenses for paper and printing of the Legislative Journal shall be paid out of the general appropriations for paper and printing made to the Department of Public Printing and Binding contained in this act

Section 6 For the payment of the Chief Clerk of the Senate and the Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives for making indices for the journals of each house for the session of one thousand nine hundred and fifteen the sum of three hundred dollars each ($600)

For the payment of the person or persons appointed to index the Legislative Journal session of one thousand nine hundred and seventeen the sum of one thousand dollars ($1,000) in accordance with the act establishing said journal

To the Chief Clerk of the Senate for the payment of the editing and proof-reading on all copy furnished by the Senate for the Legislative Journal session of one thousand nine hundred and seventeen the sum of two thousand five hundred dollars ($2,500) or so much thereof as may be necessary and to the Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives for the payment to like services in the House the sum of two thousand five hundred dollars ($2,500) or so much thereof as may be necessary

SCHOOLS

Section 7 For the support of the public schools and normal schools of this Commonwealth for the two fiscal years commencing on the first Monday of July one thousand nine hundred and fifteen the sum of fifteen million dollars ($15,000,000) Provided The City of Philadelphia shall be entitled to a proper portion of this appropriation including not only its pro rata as provided by existing laws regulating the distribution to the several counties but also the sum of seventy-two thousand dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary for the education of teachers in the Philadelphia Normal School for Girls and the Philadelphia School of Pedagogy for Young Men and out of the amount received by the City of Philadelphia there shall be paid the sum of three thousand dollars to the Teacher's Institute of said city the sum of ten thousand dollars to the Philadelphia School of Design for Women for their corporate purposes and the sum of ten thousand dollars to the Teachers' Annuity and Aid Association of said city And provided further That out of the amount hereby appropriated there shall be paid for the education of teachers in the State Normal Schools the sum of six hundred thousand dollars to be applied as follows For each student over seventeen years of age who shall sign an agreement binding said student to teach in the common schools of this State two full annual terms there shall be paid the sum of one dollar and fifty cents a week towards the payment of expenses for tuition for said students Provided That each student in a State Normal School drawing said allowance from the State must receive regular instruction in the science and art of teaching in a special class devoted to that object for the whole time for which said allowance is drawn which amount shall be paid upon the warrants of the Superintendent of Public Instruction And provided That out of the said amount hereby appropriated there shall be set apart the sum of one hundred thousand dollars ($100,000) to aid in paying the tuition of pupils who attend high schools outside of their own district and the sum of four hundred and fifty thousand dollars ($450,000) for the encouragement and support of township and borough high schools including joint high schools maintained by two or more townships or by a borough and one or more townships but no high school shall receive appropriation as a high school of the first grade unless it has three teachers who devote their entire time to high school work during a term of nine months and no high school shall receive appropriation as a high school of the second grade unless it has two teachers who devote their entire time to high school work during a period of eight months nor shall any high school receive appropriation unless it has a regular attendance of twelve pupils doing high school work And provided further That out of the said amount hereby appropriated there shall be set apart the sum of two hundred and forty thousand dollars ($240,000) to be expended on the warrants of the Superintendent of Public Instruction for the payment of the salaries of the county superintendents of public schools two years The remainder of the amount hereby appropriated shall be paid on warrants of the Superintendent of Public Instruction drawn in favor of the several districts of the Commonwealth in amounts designated by the State Treasurer and whenever he shall notify the Superintendent of Public Instruction in writing that there are sufficient funds in the State Treasury to pay for the same

INTEREST ON FUNDED DEBT

Section 8 For the payment of the interest on the funded debt of the Commonwealth which falls due on the first day of August one thousand nine hundred and fifteen and the first day of February one thousand nine hundred and sixteen and on the first day of August one thousand nine hundred and sixteen and the first day of February one thousand nine hundred and seventeen the sum of sixty-two thousand and forty dollars ($62,040)

For the compensation of the fiscal agent of the Farmers and Mechanics National Bank of Philadelphia the sum of one thousand dollars ($1,000) for each year ending November thirtieth one thousand nine hundred and fifteen and November thirtieth one thousand nine hundred and sixteen ($2,000)

Section 9 For the payment of persons employed by the Auditor General to discover prosecute and collect delinquent corporation taxes for the two years beginning May thirty-one one thousand nine hundred and fifteen and for the payment of persons who have been so employed prior to that date the sum of thirty thousand dollars ($30,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

Section 10 For the payment of the compensation of informants in escheats as provided for in the act of May second one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine and amendments thereto the fees and expenses of escheats and the services of attorneys authorized by the Auditor General in connection with such escheat proceedings for the two years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars ($25,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

Section 11 For the payment of costs in suits against delinquent dealers for mercantile and other licenses incurred during the years one thousand nine hundred and fifteen and one thousand nine hundred and sixteen the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

Section 12 For the balance due or to become due retired county officers on account of over-payment of mercantile and other taxes collected for the Commonwealth the sum of three thousand dollars ($3,000)

Section 13 For the payment of the commission of such Military State Agents at Washington as have been or may be employed by the accounting officers under the acts of Assembly of one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one and one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two to collect the claims due the Commonwealth from the Government of the United States for the two fiscal years commencing June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen the sum of six thousand dollars ($6,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary subject to the approval of the Attorney General Provided however That the amount shall not exceed the sum of ten per centum collected through such agent or agents and paid into the State Treasury

Section 14 For the payment of the expenses for the publication in the various newspapers of the State of the several amendments to the Constitution of the Commonwealth the sum of one hundred and seventy-five thousand dollars ($175,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

Section 15 For the payment of military claims in pursuance of the act of April sixteenth one thousand eight hundred and sixty-two the sum of two thousand dollars ($2,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

Section 16 For the payment of the expenses of publishing the monthly statement of the general and sinking funds as required by the act of February seventeenth one thousand nine hundred and six and for the payment of such advertisements as are required by law to be published by the accounting officers in the newspapers including advertisements for "proposals for publication of the decisions of the Supreme Court" under the provisions of an act approved the twelfth day of June one thousand eight hundred and seventy-eight the sum of twenty thousand dollars ($20,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

Section 17 For the payment of the fees of county officers for furnishing information to the officers of the Commonwealth in accordance with the act of April fourteenth one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven (Pamphlet Laws twenty-two) two years the sum of three thousand dollars ($3,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

Section 18 For the payment of the mileage of the appraisers of the mercantile and other licenses taxes of the several counties of the Commonwealth two years the sum of seventeen thousand dollars ($17,000)

Section 19 For the payment of pensions and gratuities that have been granted by act of Legislature or that may hereafter be granted according to law the sum of twelve thousand dollars ($12,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary to be paid out of any funds of the State Treasury not otherwise appropriated

Section 20 For the purpose of refunding collateral inheritance taxes paid in error for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred fifteen the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000) said refunds being directed by acts of Assembly of June twelve one thousand eight hundred and seventy-eight and March twenty-fifth one thousand nine hundred and one

Section 21 For the purpose of refunding of direct inheritance taxes that may have been paid into the State Treasury under the provisions of the act of May eleventh one thousand nine hundred and one the sum of five hundred dollars ($500) or so much thereof as may be necessary the direct inheritance tax laws having been declared unconstitutional

Section 22 For the payment to the various counties of the bonus paid to the State by foreign railroad corporations for the right to pass through said counties which repayment is authorized by the act of May eleventh one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine the sum of twenty thousand dollars ($20,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

Section 23 For the payment of such costs of contested primary and general elections as the Commonwealth may by law be liable to pay two years the sum of three thousand dollars ($3,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

Section 24 For the payment of the necessary expenses incurred during the past two years or which may be incurred for the two years ending May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and seventeen in returning paupers and indigent insane persons having no legal settlement within this Commonwealth to any other state or country to which they may belong as provided by section four of an Act of Assembly approved the twenty-second day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven (Pamphlet Laws page one hundred and seventy-seven) entitled "Providing for the return of paupers and indigent insane persons not having a legal settlement within this Commonwealth to any other state or country to which they may belong" the sum of one thousand dollars ($1,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

Section 25 For the payment of compensation and expenses of members of commissions heretofore appointed by the Governor to examine judges of any of the Supreme Superior common pleas or orphans' courts of this Commonwealth who by reason of physical or mental disability appear to be incapacitated from performing their judicial functions and duties as provided by the Act of Assembly approved the eleventh day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one (Pamphlet Laws page one hundred and sixty-five) and for the two years ending May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and seventeen the sum of two thousand dollars ($2,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary .

Section 26 For the payment of the expenses of holding uniform primary elections as prescribed by the Act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania approved the seventh day of February one thousand nine hundred and six for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen the sum of nine hundred and eighty thousand dolars ($980,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

Section 27 For clerical and incidental expenses of the board created for the examination of letters patent relative to the granting of charters for underground and elevated passenger railway companies the sum of one thousand five hundred dollars ($1,500) for the two fiscal years ending May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and seventeen

Section 28 To Walter George Smith Judge William H. Staake and William M. Hargest esquire commissioners on the part of Pennsylvania of the National Commission on Uniformity of Legislation for the payment of expenses and incidentals already incurred and to be incurred during the two years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen as members of said commission the sum of two thousand dollars ($2,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

Section 29 For the purpose of refunding under the provisions of the act of June fourteenth one thousand nine hundred and eleven (Pamphlet Laws page nine hundred and thirty-six) fees paid for commissions as notary public when such commissions have not been issued or if issued have not been recovered and have been cancelled two years the sum of one thousand dollars ($1,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

Section 30 For the purpose of reimbursing the several counties of the Commonwealth for payments made to incorporated county agricultural associations under the provisions of the act of June thirteenth one thousand nine hundred aud seven the sum of one hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars ($125,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

Section 31 For the payment of rewards for conviction of violations of the game fish and fire laws under the provisions of the act of March twenty-second one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine two years the sum of five hundred dollars ($500) or so much thereof as may be necessary

Section 32 For the payment of the cost of painting the portrait of Auditor General A. W. Powell to be placed in the Auditor General's Department in the State Capitol Building the sum of five hundred dollars ($500) or so much thereof as may be necessary

Section 33 For the payment of the cost of painting the portrait of State Treasurer Robert K. Young to be placed in the State Treasury Department in the State Capitol Building the sum of five hundred dollars ($500) or so much thereof as may be necessary

Section 34 For the payment of the expenses incident to issuing certificates of election of Senators for the session of one thousand nine hundred and seventeen (Act of June fourteen one thousand nine hundred and eleven) the sum of seventy-one dollars and fifty cents ($71.50) or so much thereof as may be necessary to be paid by the State Treasurer on warrants of the Auditor General upon the presentation of vouchers approved by the President pro tempore of the Senate

Section 35 For the payment of the expenses incident to issuing certificates of election to the members of the House of Representatives for the session of one thousand nine hundred and seventeen (Act of June fourteenth one thousand nine hundred and eleven) the sum of five hundred and sixty-nine dollars and twenty-five cents ($569.25) or so much thereof as may be necessary to be paid by the State Treasurer on warrants of the Auditor Geenral upon presentation of vouchers approved by the Speaker of the House of Representatives

Section 36 For the payment of expenses of registration of births and deaths in cities of the first and second class in accordance with the provisions of the Act of Assembly approved June thirteenth one thousand nine hundred and eleven (Pamphlet Laws page nine hundred) the sum of tihrty thousand dollars ($30,000) or so much theerof as may be necessary for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on second reading?

It was agreed to.

BILLS RECOMMITTED.

Mr. McCAIG. Mr. Speaker, I move that this bill be recommitted to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. OSTRANDER. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 153, entitled:

An Act to protect the public health by regulating the manufacture preparation handling storage sale transportation and possession of meat and meat food products prescribing the powers and duties of the State Livestock Sanitary Board in relation thereto and providing for the appointment of the agents thereof and defining their powers and duties as such making it unlawful to give money or otherwise with intent to influence such agent prescribing methods of enforcing the act and imposing penalties for violation of the same and provided for repeal of certain acts and of all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith

The first, second and third sections were separtely read and agreed to as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the terms "meat" and "meat food products" wherever used in this act shall include the carcasses or parts of carcasses of cattle sheep other ruminants and swine and the meat of such animals and the meat food products of such animals

Section 2 The term "unwholesome" as used in this act shall be understood to include all meats or meat food products which are diseased contaminated putrid unsound unhealthful or unfit for food

Section 3 The word "establishment" as used in this act shall include (1) any building or structure in which slaughtering butchering meat canning meat packing meat manufacturing or rendering is carried on and (2) the ground upon which such building or structure is erected and so much ground adjacent therto as is used in carrying on the business of such establishment and (3) any place or any vehicle where meat or meat food products are prepared manufactured stored sold offered for sale exposed for sale or transported by land or by water

The fourth section was read as follows:

Section 4 The word "equipment" as used in this act shall include all machinery fixtures containers vessels tools implements and apparatus used in and about an establishment

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. HOLLINGSWORTH. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 4, lines 3 and 4, strike out the word "estiblishment" and insert in lieu thereof the word "establishment."

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to,

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The fifth and sixth sections were separately read and agreed to as follows

Section 5 The word "person" shall include individuals partnerships corporations and associations Masculine words shall include the feminine or neuter The singular shall include the plural

The word "Board" shall mean the "State Livestock Sanitary Board"

Section 6 Every establishment including all equipment therein or thereon shall be kept in a clean and sanitary condition

The seventh section was read as follows:

Section 7 It is unlawful to feed offal blood slaughter house refuse or carrion to swine within two hundred yards of an establishment

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. HOLLINGSWORTH. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 7, line 1, insert after the word "blood," the word "or."

Amend section 7, line 2, strike out the words "or carrion."

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendments?

They were agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The eighth and ninth sections were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 8 It is unlawful to manufacture for food prepare for food sell offer for sale expose for sale or have in one's possession for the purpose of sale any unwholesome meat or unwholesone meat food product

Section 9 It is unlawful in an establishment to permit any meat or meat food product to be touched or handled by any person other than the owner lessee or manager of an establishment or other than the agent or employe of such owner lessee or manager or to permit any meat or meat food product to be exposed to insects animals or fowls

The tenth section was read as follows:

Section 10 It is unlawful to sell offer for sale or expose for sale any meat or meat food product from swine to which have been fed any offal blood slaughter house refuse or carrion

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. HOLLINGSWORTH. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 10, lines 3 and 4, strike out the words "offal, blood, slaughter house refuse or."

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The eleventh section was read as follows:

Section 11 To aid the Board in enforcing the provisions of this act agents may be appointed as follows

1 Special meat hygiene agents may be appointed and paid by the owner lessee or manager of any establishment No such agent shall perform his duties unless duly authorized by the Board They shall examine only in the establishments of their employers

2 Employes of the United States Department of Agriculture engaged in the examination of animals meats or meat food products may be appointed as agents under the provisions of this section but shall receive no compensation as such agents

In addition to the agents provided for above in this section the Board may in enforcing this act assign any employe of the Board to perform duties as agents under this act

Each person employe assigned to serve as agent under this act shall have knowledge of the diseases of meat-producing animals and shall be versed in the conditions that affect the wholesomeness of animal food products An appropriate standard of fitness for such agents shall be maintained by the Board

Each agent appointed or assigned under the provisions of this section shall report to the Board in writing all violations of this act within twenty-four hours after discovery of such violation The appointment qualifications powers and duties of each such agent shall be governed by the provisions of this act and by such rules and regulations for the enforcement of this act as may be adopted and promulgated by the Board Each such agent may be dismissed at any time by the Board

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. HOLLINGSWORTH. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 11, line 15, strike out the word "agents" and insert in lieu thereof the word "agent."

Amend section 11, line 17, strike out the word "person"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendments?

They were agreed to,

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The twelfth section was read and agreed to as follows:

Section 12 Any duly authorized agent or employe of the Board may at any time enter any establishment and examine the same to ascertain whether the provisions of this act are being observed

The thirteenth section was read as follows:

Section 13 It is unlawful to hinder impede or prevent any duly authorized agents or employe of the Board from entering any establishment in the performance of his duty or from making any examination duly ordered in enforcing this act

On the question,
Will the House agree to the section?
Mr. HOLLINGSWORTH. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.
The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.
The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 13, line 2, strike out the word "agents" and insert in lieu thereof the word "agent."

On the question,
Will the House agree to the amendments?
They were agreed to,
On the question,
Will the House agree to the section as amended?
It was agreed to.
The fourteenth and fifteenth sections were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 14 Any agent authorized under this act to examine may under the rules and regulations prescribed by the Board mark stamp or otherwise designate any animal or meat or meat food product found on examination to be wholesome and fit for food
Section 15 If upon examination of any establishment any diseased animal or any unwholesome meat or any unwholesome meat food product is found such animal or meat or product shall be condemned properly marked or designated and treated in such a way that it cannot thereafter be used for food

The sixteenth section was read as follows:

Section 16 If upon examination it is found that any establishment or any part of an establishment or any equipment is in an unclean or insanitary condition or is being conducted or used in such a manner as to make it possible that the meat or meat food products therein or produced therein may be rendered unwholesome or is being conducted or used in violation of this act the agent making such examination shall report the unlawful condition to the Board and shall at the same time notify in writing the owner lessee or manager of the establishment
Upon receipt of such report the Board by its executive officer or otherwise as it may direct shall notify the proper owner lessee or manager of the result of the examination and direct that the unlawful condition be remedied within the time specified in the notice Provided that the time so specified shall be not less than twenty-four hours unless the unlawful condition mentioned in said notice is of such character and nature as in the opinion of the Board its executive officer or its agent can be removed immediately
If upon the expiration of the time specified in the notice the condition so reported to exist shall not have been remedied the Board by its executive officer may order the establishment closed It is unlawful to operate an establishment or any part thereof which has been closed by order of the executive officer of the Board until the unlawful condition reported to exist has been remedied to the satsifaction of said officer of the Board
The closing of an establishment or any part thereof shall not preclude prosecution for violation of this act

On the question,
Will the House agree to the section?
Mr. HOLLINGSWORTH. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.
The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.
The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 16, line 5, strike out the word "possible" and insert in lieu thereof the word "probable."

On the question,
Will the House agree to the amendment?
It was agreed to.
On the question,
Will the House agree to the section as amended?
It was agreed to.
The seventeenth section was read as follows:

Section 17 It is unlawful for any agent of the Board or any special meat hygiene agent
1 To approve or pass any diseased animal intended to be slaughtered for food or any unwholesome meat or any unwholesome meat food product
2 To fail to condemn and mark and cause to be rendered unfit for food any diseased animal unwholesome meat or unwholesome meat food product found on examination of an establismment to be unfit for food
3 To fail to report as required any violation of this act
Directly or indirectly to accept or agree to accept anything of value monetary or otherwise given or offered to such agent to influence him in the discharge of his duties

On the question,
Will the House agree to the section?
Mr. HOLLINGSWORTH. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.
The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.
The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 17, line 12. Insert before the word "Directly," the numeral "4."

On the question,
Will the House agree to the amendment?
It was agreed to.
On the question,
Will the House agree to the section as amended?
It was agreed to.
The eighteenth, nineteenth and twentieth sections were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 18 It is unlawful to give or offer to give directly or indirectly to an agent or employe of the Board or to a special meat hygiene agent anything of value monetary or otherwise with intent to influence such agent or employe in the discharge of his duties under the provisions of this act
Section 19 It is unlawful to make imitate duplicate reproduce or counterfeit any stamp mark tag certificate or emblem used or authorized by the board to be used for marking or designating animals or meat or meat food products that have been either approved or condemned under the provisions of this act
It is unlawful without specific authority in writing from the board to use for any purpose any such stamp mark tag certificate or emblem
Section 20 This act shall be enforced by the board To that end it may adopt and promulgate such rules and regulations as it may deem necessary So far as practicable the regulations of the meat hygiene service of the United States Department of Agriculture shall be included in the rules and regulations of the board

The twenty-first section was read as follows:

Section 21 Any person who shall violate any of the provisions of this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars or to undergo an imprisonment not exceeding one year or both If the violation shall be by a corporation partnershiip or association the directors of such corporation or the member of such partnership or association its agents or employes with guilty knowledge of the fact shall also be guilty of a misdemeanor and on conviction thereof shall be punished as aforesaid
The fines imposed as aforesaid shall be for the use of the Commonwealth shall be paid to a duly authorized agent of the board and shall be by the board paid into the State treasury

On the question,
Will the House agree to the section?
Mr. HOLLINGSWORTH. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.
The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.
The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 21, line 5; Strike out the word "Croporation" and insert in lieu thereof the word "corporation"

On the question,
Will the House agree to the amendments?
They were agreed to.
On the question,
Will the House agree to the section as amended?
It was agreed to.
The twenty-second and twenty-third sections were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 22 Any duty imposed upon or power given to the board by this act may be done or exercised as the board may by standing or special order direct
Section 23 The act approved the twenty-fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled "An Act to protect the public health by providing for the prevention of the preparation and sale of meat and food products which are unsound unhealthful unwholesome and otherwise unfit for human food defining what shall be regarded as meat and meat food products authorizing the appointment and compensation of local meat inspectors authorizing the State Livestock Sanitary Board to enforce the provisions of this act to make rules and regulations for its enforcement and to appoint agents to assist in its enforcement and to provide penalties for the violation or perversion hereof" (Pamphlet Laws 234) and the act approved the seventh day of May one thousand eight hundred and fifty-five entitled "An Act to prohibit the sale of unwholesome meats (Pamphlet Laws 463) are hereby specifically repealed
Section sixty-nine of the act approved the thirty-first day of March one thousand eight hundred and sixty entitled "An Act to consolidate revise and amend the penal laws of

this Commonwealth" is hereby repealed in so far as it refers to the flesh of any diseased animal or any unwholesome flesh

The title was read as follows:

An Act to protect the public health by regulating the manufacture preparation handling storage sale transportation and possession of meat and meat food products prescribing the powers and duties of the State Livestock Sanitary Board in relation thereto and providing for the appointment of the agents thereof and defining their powers and duties as such making it unlawful to give money or otherwise with intent to influence such agents prescribing methods of enforcing the act and imposing penalties for violation of the same and providing for the repeal of certain acts and of all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith

On the question,

Will the House agree to the title?

Mr. HOLLINGSWORTH, Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend the title as follows: On line 4, after the word "Board" add the words "incidental thereto." Strike out all of the title contained on lines 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11 and 12.

On the question.

Will the House agree to the amendments?

They were agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the title as amended?

It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 662, as follows:

An Act to protect all persons in their equal rights regardless of race color or creed in places of public accommodation entertainment or amusement and providing penalty for violation of the same

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That all persons within the jurisdiction of this State shall be entitled to the full and equal accommodations advantages and privileges of any place of public accommodation entertainment or amusement subject only to the conditions and limitations established by law and applicable alike to all persons No person being the owner lessee proprietor manager superintendent agent or employe of any such place shall directly or indirectly refuse withhold from or deny to any person any of the accommodations advantages or privileges thereof or directly or indirectly publish circulate issue display post or mail any written or printed communication notice or advertisement to the effect that any of the accommodations advantages and privileges of any such place shall be refused withheld from or denied to any person on account of race creed or color or that the patronage or custom thereat of any person belonging to or purporting to be of any particular race creed or color is unwelcome objectionable or not acceptable desired or solicited

Section 2 The production of any written or printed communication notice or advertisement purporting to relate to any such place and to be made by any person being the owner lessee proprietor superintendent or manager thereof shall be prima facie evidence in any civil or criminal action that the same was authorized by such person Nothing herein contained shall be construed to prohibit the mailing of a private communication in writing sent in response to specific written inquiry

Section 3 A place of public accommodation entertainment or amusement within the meaning of this act shall be deemed to include any inn tavern or hotel whether conducted for the entertainment of transcient guests or for the accommodation of those seeking health recreation or rest any restaurant eating-house public conveyance on land or water bath-house barbershop theatre theatorium nickelodion motion-picture house and music hall

Section 4 Any person who shall violate any of the provisions of the foregoing sections or who shall aid or incite the violation of any of said provisions shall for each violation thereof be liable to a penalty of not less than one hundred dollars nor more than five hundred dollars to be recovered by the person aggrieved thereby in any court of competent jurisdiction in the county in which the plaintiff or the defendant shall reside and shall also for every such violation be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be fined not less than one hundred dollars nor more than five hundred dollars or shall be imprisoned not less than thirty days nor more than three months or both such fine and imprisonment at the discretion of the court

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with.

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 958, as follows:

An Act requiring aldermen justices of the peace and committing magistrates to return a transcript of all information to the district attorney and clerk of quarter sessions within three days after the binding over or committal of any defendant charged with any crime or misdemeanor

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from and after the passage of this act it shall be the duty of all aldermen justices of the peace and committing magistrates in this Commonwealth upon complaint being made of any crime or misdemeanors to enter such complaint upon their docket with the name residence and occupation if any of all defendants bail and witnesses and to return to the clerk of the court of quarter sessions and to the district attorney of the several counties respectively a true transcript from said docket within three days after the binding over or committal of any defendant or defendants charged with any crime or misdeameanor any any violation of the requirements of this section is hereby declared a misdeameanor in office and upon conviction thereof the party so offending shall be fined in a sum not exceeding three hundred dollars and the costs of prosecution

Section 2 All acts and parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. McCAIG. Mr. Speaker, I move that House Bill No. 958, File Folio 3137, just passed on second reading be recommitted to the Committee on Judiciary Special for further consideration.

Mr. BENN. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 959, as follows:

An Act requiring justices of the peace aldermen and constables to give itimized receipts and imposing penalties for failure so to do and imposing penalties for charging illegal fees

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from and after the passage of this act all justices of the peace aldermen and constables or their agents on receiving fees costs or any other payment in connection with their official duties shall give an itemized receipt therefor to the person making the payment and if any justice of the peace alderman or constable shall fail or neglect to furnish or have furnished an itemized receipt as aforesaid he shall forfeit and pay to the person entitled to said receipt the sum of fifty dollars to be recovered as debts of the same amount are recoverable

Section 2 If any justice of the peace alderman or constable shall directly or indirectly charge demand or receive any fee for any service or services other than the fee provided by law he shall forfeit and pay to the party injured the sum of one hundred dollars to be recovered as debts of the same amount are recoverable

Section 3 All acts and parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. McCAIG. Mr. Speaker, I move that House Bill No. 959 File Folio 3055, just passed on second reading be recommitted to the Committee on Judiciary Special for further consideration.

Mr. SULLIVAN. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1029, as follows:

An Act conferring authority on street passenger railway companies and motor power or other companies lawfully operating lines of street passenger railways to own lease and operate lines of self-propelled omnibuses in connection with their street railway systems

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That every street passenger railway company incorporated under the laws of this Commonwealth and every motor power or other company lawfully operating a line or lines of street passenger railway shall have power and authority to own lease and operate lines of self-propelled omnibuses in connection with the lines or systems of street passenger railway so owned leased or operated but only after obtaining consent of the local authorities

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 318, as follows:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-ninth day of May one thousand nine hundred and one entitled "An Act to prohibit the manufacture and sale of oleomargarine butterine and other similar products when colored in imitation of yellow butter to provide for license fees to be paid by manufacturers wholesale and retail dealers and by proprietors of hotels restaurants dining-rooms and boarding houses for the manufacture or sale of oleomargarine butterine or other similar products not colored in the imitation of yellow butter and to regulate the manufacture and sale of oleomargarine butterine or other similar products not colored in imitation of yellow butter and prevent and punish fraud and deception in such manufacture and sale as an imitation butter and to prescribe penalties and punishment for violations of this act and the means and the method of procedure for its enforcement and regulate certain matters of evidence in such procedure"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the second section of an act approved the twenty-ninth day of May one thousand nine hundred and one entitled "An Act to prohibit the manufacture and sale of olemargarine butterine and other similar products when colored in imitation of yellow butter to provide for license fees to be paid by manufacturers wholesale and retail dealers and by proprietors of hotels restaurants dining-rooms and boarding houses for the manufacture or sale of oleomargarine butterine or other similar products not colored in imitation of yellow butter and to regulate the manufacture and sale of oleomargarine butterine or other similar products not colored in imitation of yellow butter and prevent and punish fraud and deception in such manufacture and sale as an imitation butter and to prescribe penalties and punishment for violations of this act and the means and the method of procedure for its enforcement and regulate certain matters of evidence in such procedure" and which as amended by an act approved the fifth day of June one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act to amend the act approved the twenty-ninth day of May one thousand nine hundred and one entitled 'An Act to prohibit the manufacture and sale of oleomargarine butterine and other similar products when colored in imitation of yellow butter to provide for license fees to be paid by manufacturers wholesale and retail dealers and by proprietors of hotels restaurants dining-rooms and boarding houses for the manufacture or sale of oleomargarine butterine or other similar products not colored in imitation of yellow butter and to regulate the manufacture and sale of oleomargarine butterine or other similar products not colored in imitation of yellow butter and prevent and punish fraud and deception in such manufacture and sale as an imitation butter and to prescribe penalties and punishment for violations of this act and the means and method of procedure for its enforcement and regulate certain matters of evidence in such procedure'" reads as follows

"Every person firm or corporation and every agent of such person firm or corporation desiring to manufacture sell or offer or expose for sale or have in possession with intent to sell oleomargarine butterine or any similar substance not made or colored so as to look like yellow butter shall make application for a license so to do in such form as shall be prescribed by the Department of Agriculture through its agent the Dairy and Food Commissioner which application in addition to other matters which may be required to be stated therein by said Dairy and Food Commissioner shall contain an accurate description of the place where the proposed business is intended to be carried on and the name and style under which it is proposed to conduct the said business If the said application is satisfactory to the said Dairy and Food Commissioner and said name and style shall not in the judgment of the Dairy and Food Commossioner be calculated to deceive or mislead the public as to the real nature of the business so proposed to be carried on he shall issue to the applicant or applicants a license authorizing him her or them to engage in the manufacture or sale of oleomargarine or butterine or any similar substance which shall not contain any coloration or ingredient that causes it to resemble yellow butter for which said license the applicant or applicants shall first pay If a manufacturer the annual sum of one thousand dollars if a wholesaler the annual sum of five hundred dollars and if a retailer the annual sum of one hundred dollars if a proprietor of a hotel restaurant or dining-room the annual sum of fifty dollars and if a proprietor of a boarding house the annual sum of ten dollars and the said license fee when received by the Dairy and Food Commissioner or his agent shall be by him immediately covered into the State Treasury Such licenses shall not authorize the manufacture or sale exposing for sale or having in possession with intent to sell oleomargarine butterine or any similar substance at any other place than that designated in the application and license and the said license shall not authorize the manufacture sale exposing for sale or having in possession with intent to sell any oleomargarine butterine or any similar substance made or colored so as to look like yellow butter as herein provided

All licenses under this act shall expire on the thirty-first day of December of each year but licenses may be granted to commence on the first day of any month for the remainder of a year upon the payment of a proportionate part of the annual license fee such licenses may be transferred by the Dairy and Food Commissioner upon the application in writing of the person firm or corporation to which the same has been granted Provided The transferee shall comply with the regulations made by the said Dairy and Food Commissioner in regard to the said transfer and shall thereafter comply with the provisions of this act

Wholesale dealers within the meaning of this act shall be all persons firms and corporations who shall sell to dealers and persons who shall buy to sell again and all persons firms and corporations who make sales in quantities of ten pounds and over at any time and retail dealers shall be all persons firms and corporations who shall sell in quantities less than ten pounds" is further amended to read as follows

Section 2 Every person firm or corporation and every agent of such person firm or corporation desiring to manufacture sell or offer or expose for sale or have in possession with intent to sell oleomargarine butterine or any similar substance not made or colored so as to look like yellow butter shall make application for a license so to do in such form as shall be prescribed by the Department of Agriculture through its agent the Dairy and Food Commissioner which application in addition to other matters which may be required to be stated therein by said Dairy and Food Commissioner shall contain an accurate description of the place where the proposed business is intended to be carried on and the name and style under which it is proposed to conduct the said business. If the said application is satisfactory to the said Dairy and Food Commissioner and said name and style shall not in the judgment of the Dairy and Food Commissioner be calculated to deceive or mislead the public as to the real nature of the business so proposed to be carried on he shall issue to the applicant or applicants a license authorizing him her or them to engage in the manufacture or sale of oleomargarine or butterine or any similar substance which shall not contain any coloration or ingredient that causes it to resemble yellow butter for which said license the applicant or applicants shall first pay If a manufacturer the annual sum of one thousand dollars if a wholesaler the annual sum of five hundred dollars and if a retaler or a proprietor of a hotel restaurant or dining-room or a proprietor of a boarding-house the annual sum of ten dollars The said license fee when received by the Dairy and Food Commissioner or his agent shall be by him immediately covered into the State Treasury Such licenses shall not authorize the manufacture or sale exposing for sale or having in possession with intent to sell oleomargarine butterine or any similar substance at any other place than that designated in the application and license and the said license shall not authorize the manufacture sale exposing for sale or having in possession with intent to sell any oleomargarine butterine or any similar substance made or colored so as to look like yellow butter as herein provided

All licenses under this act shall expire on the thirty-first day of December of each year but licenses may be granted to commence on the first day of any month for the

remainder of a year upon the payment of a proportionate part of the annual license fee such license may be transferred by the Dairy and Food Commissioner upon the application in writing of the person firm or corporation to which the same has been granted The transferee shall comply with the regulations made by the said Dairy and Food Commissioner in regard to the said transfer and shall thereafter comply with the provisions of this act

Wholesale dealers within the meaning of this act shall be all persons firms and corporations who shall sell to dealers and persons who shall buy to sell again and all persons firms and corporations who make sales in quantities of ten pounds and over at any time and retail dealers shall be all persons firms and corporations who shall sell in quantities less than ten pounds

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 881 (Senate Bill No. 338), entled:

An Act requiring and regulating the declaring and posting of the vote at election districts at a primary election

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 974 (Senate Bill No. 45), as follows:

An Act to amend an act approved the fourteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act authorizing the board of county commissioners of the several counties of the State to appropriate money for co-operative agricultural extension work for the purpose of improving and developing the agricultural resources of the proper counties"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the first section of an act approved the fourteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act authorizing the board of county commissioners of the several counties of the State to appropriate money for co-operative agricultural extension work for the purpose of improving and developing the agricultural resources of the proper counties" which reads as follows

"Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the board of county commissioners of each county are hereby authorized to appropriate from the funds of the county a sum not to exceed fifteen hundred dollars ($1,500) annually for agricultural extension work in co-operation with the Pennsylvania State College in encouraging improved methods of farm management and home economics and giving practical instruction and demonstrations in agriculture for the purpose of improving and developing the agricultural resources of the county" is amended to read as follows

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That county commissioners when duly thereto requested in writing by Pennsylvania State College and by at least three hundred resident taxables and electors of the county shall appropriate annually from the funds of the county a sum not less than one thousand dollars and not to exceed three thousand dollars ($3,000) for agricultural extension work in co-operation with Pennsylvania State College in encouraging improved methods of farm management and home economics and in giving practical instruction and demonstrations in agriculture for the purpose of improving and developing the agricultural resources of the county The agricultural expert shall be appointed by State College with the advice and consent of the home counties or county farm bureau

Two counties may unite in appropriating money to carry out jointly the purposes of this section One-half of the amount appropriated shall be paid by each county The aggregate amount appropriated by the two counties shall not be less than one thousand dollars nor more than three thousand dollars per annum

Section 2 The third section of said act which reads as follows

"Section 3 The money so appropriated shall be expended according to rules and regulations prescribed or approved by such board of county commissioners" is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 3 The money so appropriated shall be expended according to rules and regulations approved by the board of county commissioners

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 782, entitled:

An Act placing the control and management of county jails and prisons in the several counties of the Commonwealth and the inmates thereof in boards of prison inspectors providing for the appointment of such boards in each of said counties and for the regulation and government of said jails and prisons and the inmates thereof providing for the payment of the necessary expenses for keeping furnishing and maintaining said jails and prisons by the several counties respectively and prescribing the duties of the commissioners and treasurers respectively of said counties relative to the payment of such expenses

The first, second and third sections were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is herby enacted by the authority of the same That from and after the thirty-first day of December one thousand nine hundred and seventeen the care management government and maintenance of the county jails and prisons of each of the several counties of this Commonwealth and the prisoners therein confined shall be vested in a board of prison inspectors the members of which board shall be appointed in the manner herein prescribed provided that this act shall not apply to county jails and prisons the management of which is now by law vested in boards of prison inspectors or prison commissioners

Section 2 It shall be the duty of the judges of the courts of quarter sessions of each of the counties of this Commonwealth on or before the first Monday of December one thousand nine hundred and seventeen to appoint five discreet intelligent citizens resident taxables of said counties two of whom shall be members of the minority party of the two political parties polling the highest number of votes in said county at the last preceding general election as members of the board of prison inspectors of and for said counties to serve for the term of one year

Section 3 The said board of prison inspectors shall have the powers and duties and be subject to the restriction and penalties contained in the following rules and regulations for the government and maintenance of county jails and prisons hereby prescribed and enacted

Article 1, section 1 was read as follows:

ARTICLE I

INSPECTORS AND THEIR DUTIES

Section 1 Each of said boards of prison inspectors shall hold a meeting on the second Monday of December one thousand nine hundred and seventeen and annually thereafter and thereat select of their number a president a secretary and a treasurer They shall keep regular minutes of their proceedings hold stated meetings once a month and special meetings whenever necessary They shall appoint a warden a matron and a physician and shall fix their salaries and compensation as well as those of all other persons employed in and about the prison Provided That in counties where females are seldom imprisoned in the county jail or prison a matron shall be appointed in the manner above provided to serve only for periods during which one or more females shall be imprisoned The said board of prison inspectors shall with the approbation of the court of quarter sessions of said county make such rules for the internal government of said prison as shall not be inconsistent with the constitution and laws of this Commonwealth A majority of said inspectors shall constitute a quorum of the board and may do any of the acts required of said inspectors They shall direct the manner in which all bedding clothing provisions and all articles and supplies necessary for the support and employment of the persons confined in said prisons shall be purchased and also the sale of all articles manufactured therein and shall prescribe the manner in which the convicts confined in said prison shall be employed They shall determine the quantity and kind of food that shall be furnished daily to each person confined in said prison they shall determine the bedding of all convicts and prisoners and if they deem it advisable to prescribe a uniform for male convicts and a kind of a dress to be worn by female convicts fix the color form and pattern of the same in summer and winter They shall by at least one of their number visit the jail or prison at least once a week and oftener if necessary to see that the duties of the several officers and attendants are correctly and strictly performed and to prevent all oppression peculation or other abuse or mis-management of said prison They shall on their visits to the cells speak to each

prisoner confined therein and shall not be attended by any of the officers of the prison unless they shall be so required They shall be furnished by the warden with a calendar of the persons confined in said prison and shall by actual inspection see whether all the persons named in the calendar are confined to the respective cells and apartments assigned to them and the convicts employed as directed They shall have power to examine any person under oath or affirmation relative to any abuse or oppression in said jail or prison or other matter within the purview of their office They shall have power with the approbation of the judges of the court of quarter sessions to dismiss the warden matron or physician and to supply vacancies thus or otherwise occurring They shall on or before the first Monday of the first term of the court of quarter sessions held in the year one thousand nine hundred and nineteen and annually thereafter make a report in writing to said court of the condition of said prison the report shall contain the number of prisoners in confinement during the year for which the report is made their age sex alleged place of nativity time of commitment and offense for which committed noticing those who escaped died were pardoned or discharged They shall also make such recommendations as they may see fit whereupon the said court may take such order on said report as it shall deem proper and cause the same to be filed in the office of the clerk of the court

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. HEYBURN. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend Article I, section 1, line 64, by striking out the word "take" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "make."

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to,

On the question,

Will the House agree to the article as amended?

It was agreed to.

Articles two, three, four, five and six, were separately read and agreed to as follows:

ARTICLE II

WARDEN AND HIS DUTIES

Section 1 The warden shall reside in the jail or prison He shall visit every cell and apartment and see and inspect the condition of every person confined under his care at least twice every day and oftener if necessary and when visiting the department of females shall be attended by the matron He shall keep a journal in which shall be regularly entered the date of admission discharge death pardon or escape of any prisoner the complaints that are made and the punishment inflicted for breaches of prison discipline as they occur the visits of the inspectors and physicians and all other occurrences of note that concern the state of the prison He shall with the advice of the inspectors appoint the underwardens if in the opinion of the inspectors any be necessary and dismiss them whenever he thinks proper or the inspectors direct him so to do He shall report all infractions of the rules to the inspectors and with the approbation of one of them punish the offender in such manner as shall be directed by the rules to be enacted by the inspectors as hereinbefore provided for He shall take charge of keep and preserve all moneys effects and clothes found on persons brought into prison to be confined as convicts or prisoners and shall deliver the same to them or to their order when discharged He shall see that all meals are regularly delivered to the prisoners according to the prison allowance and superintend the work of such prisoners as are employed He shall give immediate notice to the prison physician whenever any person confined shall complain of such illness as to require medical aid He shall obey all legal orders given him by the inspectors and all rules established for the government of said prison as herein provided for He shall not be present when the inspectors make their stated visits to the prisoners under his care unless thereto required by the inspectors

ARTICLE III

MATRON AND HER DUTIES

Section 1 The matron shall reside in the jail or prison during the term of her employment She shall visit every cell and apartment occupied by females and see and inspect the conditions of every female prisoner at least twice every day She shall at all times keep the warden faithfully informed of everything of importance relative to the prisoners' cells and all other matters under her care She shall direct the labors and occupations of the female prisoners under the general direction of the warden and give such instructions as may tend to their reformation and to render them useful members of society

ARTICLE IV

UNDERWARDENS AND THEIR DUTIES

Section 1 The underwardens shall see and inspect the conditions of every person committed to their care at least three times in every day and oftener if directed They shall see that all meals are regularly delivered to the prisoners according to the prison allowance and superintend under the general direction of the warden the work of such as are employed They shall give immediate notice to the wardens or in his absence to the physician whenever any person confined shall complain of such illness as to require medical aid There shall be assigned to the care of each underwarden a certain number of the prisoners confined and each underwarden shall make daily reports to the warden of the health and conduct of the prisoners assigned to him or her and shall not be present when any of the inspectors visit the persons confined under his or her particular care unless so required by said inspectors The underwardens shall obey all legal orders given by the warden and all rules established for the government of the said jail or prison All orders to the male underwardens shall be given by or through the warden and to the female underwardens by or through the matron They shall not absent themselves from the prison during the hours of duty without permission in writing from the warden

ARTICLE V

PHYSICIAN AND HIS DUTIES

Section 1 The physician shall visit every prisoner once in every fortnight and oftener if the state of his or her health requires it and report in writing once quarterly to the inspectors He shall attend immediately on notice from the warden that any prisoner is sick and prescribe and administer to the needs of such prisoner He shall on the admission of any person into the prison immediately examine the state of his or her health He shall direct the diet of those under his care as well as all other such matters as in his judgment will best promote the health convenience and comfort of the sick

ARTICLE VI

TREATMENT OF CONVICTS

Section 1 On the admission of the convict he or she shall be examined by the warden in the presence of any of the inspectors who may be present and of the underwardens who can conveniently attend as to his or her name parentage alleged place of nativity profession trade or occupation and such other notes of his physical characteristics shall be made as may be prescribed by the board of prison inspectors all of which shall be entered of record in a book provided for that purpose which shall be kept preserved and delivered as herein provided for He or she shall then be examined by the physician as to his or her health and then stripped of all money and effects on his or her person He or she shall then be bathed cleansed and clothed in a uniform of the prison if any such be prescribed and conducted to a cell assigned him or her the female if practicable in a part of the jail or prison separate and apart from that occupied by the males and if the board of prison inspectors shall prescribe be designated by a number by which he or she shall thereafter be known during his or her imprisonment No convict shall be allowed the use of spirituous vinous or malt liquors of any kind unless under the special direction of the attending physician or be permitted except in case of sickness to receive anything but the prison allowance and any person who shall supply or attempt to supply any convict with any spiritous vinous or malt liquors except as above provided shall on conviction be fined not less than twenty nor more than one hundred dollars and if the person so offending be an officer or warden he or she shall be dismissed No convict shall be discharged while laboring under a dangerous disease although entitled to discharge unless by his or her own desire

When a convict shall be discharged by the expiration of his or her term of imprisonment or by pardon the clothes belonging to the prison if any such be worn by the convict shall be taken off and those belonging to the convict restored together with any money or effects taken from him or her at the time of admission into prison as hereinbefore provided for If he or she shall not possess any money or suitable clothing the inspectors shall provide him or her with what in their judgment may be necessary not exceeding in money and clothing twenty-five dollars in amount and value

Article seven was read as follows:

ARTICLE VII

TREATMENT OF PRISONERS

Section 1 On the admission of any person for imprisonment in the jail or prison committed to await his or her trial he or she shall be examined by the warden in the presence of the officer or other person delivering said prisoner and of the inspectors who may be present and the underwardens who can conveniently attend and deprived of all money or effects clothing excepted on their

person a record of all which shall be entered in a book provided for that purpose which money and effects shall be kept preserved and delivered as herein provided for Said entry shall be signed by the warden and attested by the afore-named persons who may be present at the examination and deprivation of him and her as aforesaid he or she shall then be bathed and cleaned and conducted to the cell assigned him or her the females if practicable in a part of the jail or prison separate and remote from that occupied by the males Such prisoners shall when in the opinion of the inspectors it is necessary for their comfort be provided with suitable clothing to be worn while in prison They shall be subject to such rules as the inspectors shall adopt in the manner hereinbefore provided for the preservation of cleanliness decorum and order in the cells and may be punished for an infraction of any such rules by closer confinement and deprivation of food until obedience is enforced No prisoner shall be discharged while laboring under a dangerous disease although entitled to discharge unless by his or her own desire At least two changes of linen shall be furnished to each prisoner each week in summer and one in winter When a prisoner shall be discharged from imprisonment the money and effects of which he or she was deprived when received into prison shall be restored as herein provided for No such person shall be compelled to labor unless at his or her own desire and should any desire it he or she shall as soon as practicable be put to such labor as may be in practice in said prison and in case of acquittal on trial he or she may in the discretion of the inspectors be paid for his or her labor out of the funds of the prison such sum as the said inspectors shall adjudge he or she in equity entitled thereto Provided That any such person shall at his or her expense have the privilege of using books and writing materials and the inspectors shall when practicable from time to time purchase or accept contributions of useful and instructive books the use of which shall be permitted to convicts and other prisoners subject to such restrictions as the inspectors may impose

On the question,

Will the House agree to the article.

Mr. HEYBURN. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend Article VII, section 1, line 8, by inserting after the word "and" the word "be."

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to,

On the question,

Will the House agree to the article as amended?

It was agreed to.

Article eight and the title were read and agreed to as follows:

ARTICLE VIII

PROCEEDINGS IN CASE OF DEATH OF PRISONERS

Section 1 No inquest shall be held on the body of any person who may die during his or her confinement in any county jail or prison unless the coroner of the respective county be thereto required by the inspectors of said jail or prison except in cases of murder suicide manslaughter or death caused by casualties and it shall be the duty of the attending physician of said prison to certify to the inspectors thereof the name and age of every person who may die in said prison together with the disease or cause of death of such person so far as he can ascertain the same which certificate the inspectors of said jail or prison shall cause to be entered of record in a book to be by them kept for that purpose and the original certificate shall be by them delivered to the clerk of the court of quarter sessions to be filed by him in his office for the inspection of those interested

Section 2 The boards of prison inspectors of the said county jails and prisons are hereby directed with the approval of a judge of the court which committed him upon such terms as said judge shall direct to discharge from prison without the delay and expense of any proceeding under the insolvent laws of this Commonwealth every convict who shall have served out his term of imprisonment at labor to which such convict now has been or hereafter may be sentenced notwithstanding such convict shall not have paid the cost of prosecution or a fine to the Commonwealth or restored the property stolen or paid the value thereof if in the opinion of the said board and judge such convict is unable to restore or pay the same Provided always That such discharge shall in no way interfere with the right of the Commonwealth the public officers or any person interested in the payment or restitution aforesaid to proceed by action to recover the amount from the property of such convict But no such discharge shall be allowed or granted by said boards of inspectors until such convict shall have exhibited to them on oath or affirmation duplicate schedules of all his or her property real personal and mixed to which he or she is in any manner entitled as far as he or she can ascertain the same one of which schedules or lists of property shall be by said inspectors filed and preserved with the papers of the jail or prison and the other forthwith delivered to the clerk of the court of oyer and terminer or quarter sessions as the case may be of the respective county who shall file the same in his office with the other papers relating to the case

Section 3 No inspectors warden matron or other person appointed to execute any duty trust or employment in or about any county jail or prison shall sell any article of any kind to a prisoner or to or for the use of the prison aforesaid or be concerned in any contract connected with such sale or derive any emolument from such sale on contract

Section 4 The boards of prison inspectors of the several county jails and prisons are hereby authorized to apply from time to time to the commissioners of their several counties respectively for the funds necessary for keeping furnishing and maintaining the said jails and prisons respectively in conformity with the provisions of this act whereupon the said commissioners shall forthwith draw an order on the treasurer of the county in favor of the treasurer of said prison or jail for the use thereof of such sum as shall be necessary to satisfy said demands which sum shall be held by said treasurer subject to the order of said board of prison inspectors

Section 5 The treasurers of the several counties shall in addition to their other duties receive all moneys belonging to the jails and prisons of their respective counties and shall disburse the same on orders drawn on them by the board of prison inspectors of said jails and prisons respectively They shall keep a true and just account of all monies received and disbursed which account shall be at all times open to the inspection of the inspectors and each of them They shall once in each year state their accounts and produce their vouchers which after examination by the boards of prison inspectors of the several counties respectively shall by them be laid before the county auditors or other officers auditing county accounts for settlement and be acted and reported upon as accounts of county officers are by law authorized to be settled and shall be subject to like appeal issue and judgment The said county treasurer shall give bond to the Commonwealth for the use of the proper county with such security and in such amount as the court of quarter sessions of said county shall approve and determine conditioned for the faithful discharge of all duties enjoined on them by this act and for a just account of all monies that may come into their hands in behalf of said jails and prisons for the delivery to their successors in office of all books papers documents and other things held in right of their office for said jails and prisons and for the payment to them of any balance of money belonging to said jails or prisons remaining in their hands The said treasurers shall receive such compensation for their services as shall be annually fixed by the inspectors with the approbation of the commissioners of the several counties respectively

Section 6 The wardens of county jails and prisons when qualified as aforesaid shall take charge of all persons lawfully committed by any court magistrate justice of the peace or other officer having power to commit to prison and shall be responsible for the safekeeping of all persons so committed in the same manner and to the same extent that sheriffs and jailers are now by law held liable Provided nevertheless that said warden shall and he is hereby bound to deliver unto the sheriff of said county all prisoners whom by virtue of any sentence order or decree of any court he shall be required and directed to receive and take charge of for the purpose of carrying into execution such sentence order or decree and shall deliver or discharge any inmate as may be directed by the proper court

Section 7 The wardens of the county jails and prisons shall before entering upon the duties of their appointments give bond to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania with such surety and in such amount as the court of quarter sessions of the proper county shall approve and determine conditioned for the faithful observance and performance of all duties enjoined on them by this act or which may be by any subsequent act that may be passed or by rules and regulations which may be made by the boards of prison inspectors of the several counties respectively in accordance therewith for a just and accurate account of all monies goods and chattels and effects of all kinds and description whatever that may come into their hands or be placed under their care in pursuance of their appointment on behalf of said prison or any person confined therein and for the delivery to their successors in office of all books papers and documents also of all goods chattels and effects which they may have or hold in right of their appointments and for the payment of any balance of money belonging to said prisons or any person confined therein remaining in their hands and for the safe-keeping of all persons committed to their care which bond shall stand for the use of any person or persons injured by the acts or delinquencies of said wardens and may be proceeded on by any person aggrieved in the same manner now directed as to sheriff's bonds The matrons and all other persons employed in and about

county jails and prisons shall each if the board of inspectors require it give bond with surety in amount as aforesaid conditioned as nearly as practicable as those of the warden and in such other manner as the inspectors shall fix and determine

Section 8 All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act except such acts and parts thereof as relate to the government and control of county prisons which are now by law managed governed and controlled by boards of prison inspectors or prison commissioners be and the same are hereby repealed

An Act placing the control and management of county jails and prisons in the several counties of the Commonwealth and the inmates thereof in boards of prison inspectors providing for the appointment of such boards in each of said counties and for the regulation and government of said jails and prisons and the inmates thereof providing for the payment of the necessary expenses for keeping furnishing and maintaining said jails and prisons by the several counties respectively and prescribing the duties of the commissioners and treasurers respectively of said counties relative to the payment of such expenses

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 774, as follows:

An Act fixing the salaries of certain county officers in counties containing more than one hundred and fifty thousand and less than two hundred thousand inhabitants

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the annual salary of the county commissioners the county controller and the county surveyor in any county containing a population of more than one hundred and fifty thousand and less than two hundred thousand inhabitants shall be as follows namely

Of the county commissioners each two thousand five hundred dollars

Of the county controller two thousand five hundred dollars

Of the county surveyor one hundred dollars

The salary of the county surveyor shall in no case exceed the fees of his office

Section 2 All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with this act are repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 306, as follows:

An Act validating certain elections of counties cities boroughs townships school districts and other incorporated districts held pursuant to the provisions of an act approved the twentieth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four entitled "An act to regulate the manner of increasing the indebtedness of municipalities to provide for the redemption of the same and to impose penalties for the illegal increase thereof and the amendments thereto and validating bonds issued or authorized to be issued in pursuance of such elections

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by authority of the same That all elections heretofore held by any county city borough township district or other municipality or incorporated district within this Commonwealth to increase its indebtedness under the provisions of an act entitled "An act to regulate the manner of increasing the indebtedness of municipalities to provide for the redemption of the same and to impose penalties for the illegal increase thereof" approved the twentieth day of April one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four and under the acts amendatory thereof where the majority of votes cast at such election was in favor of the increase of indebtedness be and the same are hereby ratified confirmed and made valid notwithstanding the authorities of such county city borough township school district or incorporated district did not by separate and independent action prior to the ordinance or vote in pursuance of which notice of election was given to the electors signify their desire for such increase of indebtedness or where the ballots were not certified or signed by the county commissioners or where full complete and proper return of the votes was not made to the proper court or counted by the court and notwithstanding any defect or informality in the manner of giving notice of such election all bonds issued or to be issued in purusance of every such election are hereby made valid binding obligations of every such county city borough township school district or incorporated district Provided All the other requirements of the law concerning such election and issue of bonds have been complied with

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1063, entitled:

An Act defining and regulating the occupation of barbering including the licensing of persons engaged in barbering the regulation of students of barbering and the regulation of barber shops barber schools and barber colleges and fixing penalties for the violation of this act

The first section was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That it shall be unlawful for any person to follow the occupation of a barber in this Commonwealth unless he or she shall have first obtained a certificate of registration as provided in this act provided however that nothing in this contained shall apply to or affect any person who is now actually engaged in such occupation except as hereinafter provided

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. PALMER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 1, line 7, by inserting after the word "this" the word "act."

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment.

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The second, third, fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh, eighth, ninth and tenth sections were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 2 A board of examiners to consist of five persons is hereby created to carry out the purposes and enforce the provisions of this act The board shall be appointed by the Governor the appointees to be chosen from practical barbers who have for at least five years prior to their appointment followed the occupation and have been residents of this Commonwealth for a period of five years Each member of the board shall serve for a term of three years and until his successor is appointed and qualified except in the case of the first board who shall serve one two and three years respectively Vacancies in the board shall be filled by the Governor for the unexpired portion of the term Each member of the board shall take the oath provided by law for public officers

Section 3 The board may appoint deputies to assist in carrying out the provisions of this act The salary of said deputies shall be fixed by the board in a sum not to exceed three dollars ($3.00) for each day so employed

Section 4 The board shall elect a president secretary and treasurer shall have its headquarters at such place in the Commonwealth as the board may determine shall have a common seal and may administer oaths A majority of the board may in meeting duly assembled perform the duties and exercise the powers devolving upon the board under the provisions of this act The secretary of the board shall receive a salary of fifteen hundred dollars ($1,500) annually The members of the board shall receive for their compensation five dollars ($5.00) per diem and their expenses actually and necessarily incurred

Section 5 The board shall report annually to the Governor a full statement of the receipts and disbursements of the board by giving an itemized account and a copy furnished to the legislature and a full statement of its doings and proceedings and such recommendations as to it may seem proper looking to the better carrying out of the purposes of this act

Section 6 All moneys received by the board from the fees or otherwise shall be deposited with the State Treasurer within thirty days from its receipt All disbursements shall be paid on warrants of the Auditor General on the State Treasurer upon the requisition of the board of examiners

Section 7 The board shall hold public examinations on the first Tuesdays in March June September and December in the Cities of Philadelphia Pittsburgh Scranton Harrisburg and Erie at such hours as the said board shall prescribe

Section 8 Every person now engaged in the occupation of a barber shall within ninety days after the board is appointed file with the secretary of the board an affidavit setting forth his or her name age residence and length of time during which and the place where he or she has practiced said occupation and shall pay to the said secretary the sum of one dollar and a certificate of registration entitling him or her to practice said occupation thereupon shall be issued to him or her

Section 9 Any person not holding a license under the provisions of the preceding section and desiring to obtain a license under this act shall make application in such form as the board shall prescribe and shall be verified by the applicant as to the truth of the statements or answers therein made to the board therefor and shall pay to the secretary of the board an examination fee of five dollars and shall present him or herself at the next regular meeting of said board for examination of applicants whereupon said board shall proceed to examine such person and being satisfied that he or she is above the age of nineteen years or of good moral character (free from contagious and infectious disease) has either (a) studied the occupation for a period of three years as apprentice under a qualified and practicing barber or (b) studied the occupation in a properly appointed and conducted barber school under the instruction of a competent barber for a period of at least three years or (c) practiced the occupation in another State for a period of at least three years and is posessed of requisite skill in said occupation to properly perform all the duties thereof including his or her knowledge and ability in the ability in the antiseptic preparation of the tools shaving hair cutting and all the duties and services incident thereto and is possessed of sufficient knowledge concerning the common diseases of the face and skin to avoid the aggravation and spreading thereof in the practice of said occupation His or her name shall be entered by the said board in the register hereinafter provided for and a certificate of registration shall be issued to him or her authorizing him or her to practice such occupation

Section 10 Any person who holds a certificate of registration granted after examination by a board of barber examiners of any other State or county shows the proper credentials showing that he or she is a fully qualified barber under the laws of this Commonwealth may be granted a certificate by said board without practical examination upon the payment of the registration fee of one dollar

The eleventh section was read as follows:

Section 11 Nothing in this act shall prohibit any person from serving as an apprentice in said occupation under a registered barber of this Commonwealth or from serving as a student in any barber school for the training of students in said occupation under the training of a duly registered barber authorized to practice such occupation in this Commonwealth provided that such apprentice or student shall apply to said board to have his or her name registered with said board in a book which shall be kept by the board for the registering of apprentices or students and secure a permit to practice as an apprentice or student under a duly registered barber such permit to be displayed in front of his or her working chair After having practiced the occupation for three years under a registered barber such apprentice or student shall be eligible to become a registered barber and shall present him or herself at the next meeting of the board held nearest to him or her for the examination of applicants and pay the fee as provided for in section eight of this act

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. PALMER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 11, line 14, by striking out the word "elgible" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "eligible"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment.

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The twelfth, thirteenth and fourteenth sections were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 12 The board shall furnish to each person to whom a certificate of registration is issued a card bearing the seal and signature of said board certifying that the holder thereof is entitled to practice the occupation of a barber It shall be the duty of the holder of such card to post the same in a conspicuous place in front of his or her working chair where it may be readily seen by all persons whom he or she may serve

Section 13 The card shall be renewed on or before the first day of January in each year and the holders of said certificate of registration shall pay the secretary of said board the sum of one dollar for said renewal card Upon the failure of any holder of a certificate of registration to apply for a renewal of his or her card on or before the first day of January in each year his or her certificate shall be revoked by the board

Section 14 The board may revoke any certificate of registration granted by it under this act for (a) conviction of crime (b) habitual drunkenness (c) having or imparting any contagious or infectious disease (d) doing work in an unsanitary or filthy manner or (e) gross incompetence Before any certificate shall be revoked the holder thereof shall have notice in writing of the charge or charges against him or her and shall at a day specified in said notice at least five days after the service thereof be given a public hearing and full opportunity to produce testimony in his or her behalf and to confront the witnesses against him or her Any person whose certificate has been so revoked may after the expiration of ninety days on application have the same reissued to him or her upon satisfactory showing that the disqualification has ceased

The fifteenth section was read as follows:

Section 15 The board may adopt reasonable rules and regulation prescribing the sanitary requirements of a barber shop or barber school or barber college subject to the approval of the Department of Health and may cause the rules and regulations so approved to be printed in a suitable form and may transmit a copy thereof to the proprietor of or person operating each barber shop or barber school or barber college which shall at all times be kept conspicuously displayed in each such shop or school or college Any member of the board or duly authorized deputy may enter and make reasonable examination of any barber shop or barber school or barber college during the business hours for the purpose of ascertaining the sanitary condition thereof Any barber shop barber school or barber college in which tools appliances and furnishings in use therein are kept in an unclean and unsanitary condition as to be a danger to health is hereby declared to be a public nuisance and the proprietor thereof or any person operating such barber shop or barber school or barber college shall be subject to prosecution and punishment therefor

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. PALMER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 15, line 2, by striking out the word "tion" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "tions"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment.

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The sixteenth, seventeenth, eighteenth, nineteenth, twentieth, twenty-first and twenty-second sections and title were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 16 The board shall keep a register in which shall be entered the names of all persons to whom certificates are issued and to whom permits for serving apprenticeships or as students are issued under this act The register shall at all times be open to public inspection

Section 17 No person practicing or learning the occupation of a barber in any barber shop barber school or college shall serve a person afflicted with erysipelas eczema impetigo sycosis tuberculosis or any other contagious or infectious disease Any person so afflicted shall not be served in any barber shop or barber school or barber college

Section 18 Nothing in this act shall prohibit any person from serving as an apprentice in said occupation under license issued by the board to a barber registered to practice such occupation under this act nor from serving as a student in any barber school or barber college for the teaching of said occupation under the instruction of a registered barber In no barber shop shall there be more than one apprentice to two barbers authorized under this act to practice said occupation All barber shops having but one chair shall be entitled to at least one apprentice All barber schools or barber colleges shall have not less than one teacher or instructor for every ten students All barber schools or barber colleges shall keep prominently displayed a sign reading "Barber College" or "Barber School" Any copartnership corporation or person desiring to operate or conduct a barber school or barber college shall first secure from the board a permit to do so and shall keep the same prominently displayed The board may pass upon the qualifications appointments and course of study in said college which shall be not less than three years There shall be no money charged or collected by the college or by any of its students or teachers in the practice of the trade therein taught

Section 19 To shave or to trim the beard or to cut hair or to shampoo the hair or to massage the face or head by either manual or mechanical means or to apply hot cloths to the face of any person for hire or reward received by the person performing such service for any other persons shall be considered as practicing the accupation of a barber within the meaning of this act

Section 20 Any person violating any of the provisions of this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding one hundred dollars ($100.00) or to undergo imprisonment in the county jail not exceeding ninety days or both One week's continuous violation of this act shall constitute a separate offense.

Section 21 This act shall become effective on the first day of July one thousand nine hundred and fifteen Anno Domini

Section 22 All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with this act are repeapled

An Act defining and regulating the occupation of barbering including the licensing of persons engaged in barbering the regulation of students of barbering and the regulation of barber shops barber schools and barber colleges and fixing penalties for violation of this act

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 841, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to pay the judgment obtained against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania by Robert Stewart

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by authority of the same That six hundred and seventeen dollars and thirty-one cents or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Attorney General for the purpose of paying and satisfying the judgment obtained by Robert Stewart in the Court of Common pleas of Dauphin County Pennsylvania at number one hundred and seventy-five Commonwealth Docket one thousand nine hundred and thirteen for work done and performed and materials furnished in and about the improvement of Capitol Park in the months of May to November inclusive in the year eighteen hundred and ninety-five at the request of the Superintendnt of Public Grounds and Buildings and the costs accruing thereon which said judgment was obtained pursuant to suit brought by virtue of the act of Assembly approved May twenty-third one thousand nine hundred and thirteen authorizing the said Robert Stewart to bring suit against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania The said sum in satisfaction of said judgment to be paid by the Attorney General to the said plaintiff or his attorney of record

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 587, entitled:

An act to amend an act approved the second day of May one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine entitled "An Act to provide revenue by imposing a mercantile license tax on venders of or dealers in goods wares and merchandise and providing for the collection of said tax"

The first section was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by authority of the same That the third section of an act approved the second day of May one thousand enght hundred and ninety-nine entitled "An act to provide revenue by imposing a mercantile license tax on venders of or dealers in goods wares and merchandise and providing for the collection of said tax" which reads as follows:

"Section 3 For the purpose of carrying into effect the provisions of this act the appointment of mercantile appraisers shall be made annually on or before the thirtieth day of December of each year by the county commissioners except in cities of the first class when the Auditor General and the treasurer of the city are authorized and required to appoint five suitable qualified citizens all of whom shall not be of the same political party and the term of office of said appraisers shall be for three years is hereby further amended to read as follows:

Section 3 For the purpose of carrying into effect the provisions of this act the appointment of mercantile appraisers shall be made annually on or before the thirtieth day of December of each year by the county commissioners except in cities of the first class In cities of the first class the county commissioners are required to appoint five suitable qualified citizens all of who shall not be of the same political party whose term of office shall be for four years In such cities the city treasurer shall appoint for the board of mercantile appraisers all necessary clerical help In such cities the appraisers and the clerical help and the necessary expenses incurred in performing the duties of office shall be paid by the city treasurer out of the funds coming into his hands from the mercantile license taxes collected in such cities

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. LEE SMITH. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 1, line 19, by inserting after the word "years" a double quote.

Amend section 1, line 19, by striking out the word "further"

On the question.

Will the House agree to the amendments?

They were agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The title was read and agreed to as follows:

An Act to amend an act approved the second day of May one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine entitled "An Act to provide revenue by imposing a mercantile license tax on venders of or dealers in goods wares and merchandise and providing for the collection of said tax"

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to as amended,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 975 (Senate Bill No. 84), as follows:

An Act to amend an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith"

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 336, entitled:

An act requiring the assessors for county taxation purposes to collect certain agricultural information fixing their compensation therefor and fixing the duties of the county commissioners in connection therewith

The first section was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by authority of the same That in addition to the duties now required of them by law the assessors shall annually at the time of making the annual or triennial assessment in the several boroughs and townships gather and return to the county commissioners at the time of making the return of their assessments the following information relative to agriculture in the respective township borough or ward or district

1 The number of acres seeded to (a) wheat (b) rye (c) corn (d) buckwheat (e) barley (f) oats and (g) potatoes and respectively harvested by each owner or tenant as the case may be with the respective number of bushels harvested in the year of the assessment

2 The respective number of acres of grass cut during the harvest of the assessment year and the number of tons of hay harvested by each owner or tenant as the case may be

3 The number of (a) horses (b) mules (c) dairy cows (d) other cattle (e) swine (f) sheep (g) hives of bees and (h) number and class of domestic fowls belonging to the owner or tenant as the case may be

4 The number of bushels o fapples peaches pears cherries and plums produced by each owner or tenant as the case may be

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. DELL. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 1, line 5, by striking out the word "annually."

Also section 1, line 7, by striking out the words "the annual or" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "each."

Also section 1, line 15, after the word bushels, insert the words "of each."

Also section 1, at the end of line 16, insert the word "triennial."

Also section 1, line 24, after the word cherries strike out the word "and" and after the word plums insert the words "and the number of pounds of honey."

Amend section 1, line 21, by striking out the word "belong" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "belonging."

On the question,

Will the House agreed to the amendments?

They were agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The second section was read as follows:

Section 2 The returns required in section one of this act shall be made on blank forms furnished to the county commissioners by the secretary of agriculture before the first day of September of each year

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. DELL. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Also section 2, line 4, after the word each insert the words "triennial assessment."

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The third, fourth, fifth an dsixth sections and title were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 3 When the returns shall be made of the agricultural information by the assessors to the county commissioners such information shall be tabulated by the commissioners by townships boroughs and wards and shall be sent to the secretary of agriculture prior to the first day of March next following

Section 4 Each assessor shall receive out of the county treasury the same compensation for each day actually and necessarily employed in the performance of the duties hereby imposed as he receives in prforming the duties of assessor for county tax purposes

Section 5 This act shall become effective on the first day of September one thousand nine hundred and fifteen

Section 6 All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with or supplied by this act are repealed

An Act requiring the assessors for county taxation purposes to collect certain agricultural information fixing their compensation therefor and fixing the duties of the county commissioners in connection therewith

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in commiteee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1011, entitled:

An Act creating in counties having over eight hundred thousand and less than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants according to the last preceding United States census a board to fix and determine the number and compensation of employes in all county offices boards bureaus departments and divisions thereof prescribing the powers and duties of said board and regulating appeals from the decision thereof

The first, second and third sections were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the county controller and the county commissioners in all counties of this Commonwealth having over eight hundred thousand and less than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants according to the last preceding United State census be and they are hereby constituted a board in their respective counties whose duty it shall be to fix and determine in manner herein provided the number and compensation of the employes of any and all county officers boards bureaus departments and divisions thereof whether elected by the people or appointed according to law Provided however The number of said employes and the salaries to be paid them have not otherwise been specificially determined by an act of Assembly

Section 2 The said board shall meet from time to time when reuired by any county officer president or other executive head of any seperate board or division whatsoever the number or compensation of whose employes is sought to be fixed and determined and shall forthwith consider and fix and determine the same in manner as they may deem best for the public service and such county officer president or executive head shall sit as a member of said board and be entitled to vote so long as the matter affecting his office is under consideration and no longer and a decision of the majority shall govern A full minute of all meetings of said board shall be entered in a book kept for that purpose

Section 3 Any county officer president or executive head as aforesaid shall have the right to appeal from the decision of said board to the court of common pleas of the proper county and shall be entitled to have the merits of his case fully heard and considered The decision of said court shall be final

The fourth section was read as follows:

Section 4 That the act entitled "An act to amend section first of an act of Assembly approved the fourth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled 'An act creating in counties having a population of from three hundred thousand to one million a board to fix and determine the number and compensation of employes in all county offices boards bureaus departments and divisions thereof prescribing the powers and duties of said board and regulating appeals from the decision thereof'" so as to make it apply to counties containing a population of not less than eight hundred thousand or more than one million four hundred thousand Approved March fourth one thousand nine hundred and eleven (Pamphlet Laws ten) together with all other acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. WYLIE. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 4, line 10, by striking out the double quote.

Amend section 4, line 12, by inserting a double quote after the word "thousand"

Amend section 4, line 13, by striking out the word "Approved" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "approved"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendments?

They were agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The title was read and agreed to as follows:

An Act creating in counties having over eight hundred thousand and less than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants according to the last preceding United States census a board to fix and determine the number and compensation of employes in all county offices boards bureaus departments and divisions thereof prescribing the powers and duties of said board and regulating appeals from the decision thereof

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with.

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 990 (Senate Bill No. 369), entitled:

An Act regulating the sale offering for sale or exposing for sale of vegetables grapes and fruits providing standard containers baskets trays and measures therefor and imposing penalties

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 444, as follows:

An act providing that the real estate of all railroad railway street railway canal water gas electric light telegraph telephone and other public service corporations shall be subject to taxation for city school and other local purposes in cities of the third class

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the real estate of all railroad railway street railway canal water gas electric light telegraph telephone and other public service corporations in this Commonwealth shall be subject to taxation for city school and other local purposes in all cities of the third class in the same manner as other real estate is subject to taxation in each respective city but this shall not include the right of way or main stem of any railroad railway street railway canal or other public service corporations having rights of way which shall remain exempt as heretofore

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1008, as follows:

An act dividing the counties of this Commonwealth into eight classes designating the mode of ascertaining and changing the classification and providing for the regulation of their affairs according to their respective class

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by authority of the same That for the purpose of legislation and regulation of their affairs counties of this Commonwealth now in existence and those hereafter erected shall be divided into eight classes as follows:

Those having a population of one million five hundred thousand inhabitants or over shall constitute the first class sand inhabitants and less than one million five hundred

Those having a population of over eight hundred thouthousand shall constitute the second class

Those having a population of over three hundred thousand inhabitants and less than eight hundred thousand shall constitute the third class

Those having a population of over one hundred fifty thousand inhabitants and less than three hundred thousand shall constitute the fourth class

Those having a population of over one hundred thousand inhabitants and less than one hundred fifty thousand shall constitute the fifth class

Those having a population of over fifty thousand inhabitants and less than one hundred thousand shall constitute the sixth class

Those having a population of over twenty-five thousand inhabitants and less than fifty thousand shall constitute the seventh class

Those having a population of less than twenty-five thousand inhabitants shall constitute the eighth class

Section 2 The classification of said counties respectively shall be ascertained and fixed by reference to their population according to the last preceding United States census Whenever it shall appear by any such census that any county has attained a population entitling it to an advance in classification as herein prescribed it shall be the duty of the Governor under the great seal of this Commonwealth to certify the fact accordingly which certificate shall be sent to the recorder of deeds of the proper county and recorded in the office thereof

Section 3 The affairs of the counties coming within the above classes shall hereafter be controlled and regulated by the laws of this Commonwealth applicable to the same under the classification hereby fixed and appointed

Section 4 This act shall go into effect upon the first day of January one thousand nine hundred and sixteen

And said bill having been read at length the third time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 322, entitled:

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act for the government of cities of the second class" approved March seventh Anno Domini nineteen hundred and one conferring additional powers upon cities of the second class to levy and collect an annual license tax or registration fee for revenue purposes upon motor vehicles

The first section was read and agreed to as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by authority of the same That in addition to the powers heretofore conferred upon cities of the second class of this Commonwealth they shall have power to levy and collect an annual license tax or registration fee for revenue purposes from all firms persons and corporations located or living within the limits of such city and owning or dealing in motor vehicles

The second section was read as follows:

Section 2 The said cities shall have power to prescribe by ordinance the respective amounts of the license taxes or registration fees and the character of receipts or certificates to be given to the owner or dealer of said motor vehicle on the payment of the said license tax or registration fee and also the tags if any to be placed on said motor vehicles The said cities shall have power to fix and classify the license fees according to the horse-power of said motor vehicles and also according to the tires used on such motor vehicles namely whether pneumatic or solid tires and also according to the weight of such motor vehicles They shall also have power to describe the method and form for application for the annual license tax or registration and for the payment of the same at the office of the city treasurer or at such other place or places as may be designated by said ordinance or by the city treasurer and to do all other things necessary and expedient to secure the collection of said license taxes or registration fees and to impose penalties for the failure to comply with the provisions of said ordinance

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. HOWARTH. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 2, line 14, by inserting after the word "registration" the word "fee"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The third, fourth and fifth sections and title were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 3 The moneys derived by the said cities of the second class from said license taxes or registration fees shall be used by said cities solely for the purpose of maintaining and repairing the streets and highways therein

Section 4 This act shall take effect on the first day of January Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and sixteen and not before except that it shall be lawful for the said cities of the second class to enact ordinances to exercise and carry out the powers herein conferred at any time after July first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen and to provide for a system of application and registration by the owners and dealers in said motor vehicles for the year one thousand nine hundred and sixteen at any time after December first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen

Section 5 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith be and the same are hereby repealed

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act for the government of cities of the second class" approved March seventh Anno Domini nineteen hundred and one conferring additional powers upon cities of the second class to levy and collect an annual license tax or registration fee for revenue purposes upon motor vehicles

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1098, as follows:

A supplement to an act approved the nineteenth day of March one thousand nine hundred nine entitled "An Act to regulate the practice of osteopathy in the State of Pennsylvania to provide for the establishment of a State Board of Osteopathic Examiners to define the powers and duties of said Board of Osteopathic Examiners to provide for the examining and licensing of osteopaths in this State and to provide penalities for the violation of this act"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That any candidate for license to practice osteopathy in Pennsylvania who shall present his application to the State Board of Osteopathic Examiners and shall show to the satisfaction of the Board that he was before the first day of July one thousand nine hundred twelve a graduate from a legally incorporated and reputable college of osteopathy and that the standard of requirements for graduation in such college at the time of his graduation was substantially the same as provided in section eight of the act to which

this act is a supplement shall be eligible to license under all the provisions of this act in the same manner as candidates for license to practice osteopathy who made application prior to the first day of January one thousand nine hundred twelve

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 987 (Senate Bill No. 322), entitled:

An Act requiring payment by the county of costs of prosecution in certain criminal cases

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 767, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation for the purpose of refunding certain moneys to the Peters Packing Company of McKeesport Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of thirty dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated for the purpose of refunding to the Peters Packing Company of McKeesport Allegheny county Pennsylvania for the amount by them paid into the State Treasury as tax on commercial fertilizers the said company having on account of the war in Europe been compelled to discontinue entirely the manufacture of commercial fertilizers Said amount shall be paid on warrant of the Auditor General on due proof that the said company for the reason given has discontinued entirely the manufacture of commercial fertilizers

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 792, entitled:

An Act for the encouragement of agriculture and the holding of agricultural exhibitions providing State aid for certain agricultural associations and regulating the payment thereof

The first section was read and agreed to as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That for the purpose of encouraging agriculture and the holding of agricultural exhibitions of farm products an incorporated county agricultural association conforming to the requirements of this act is entitled to receive from the Commonwealth an annual sum not exceeding two thousand dollars equal to the amount paid by such association as premiums for exhibits at its annual exhibition exclusive of premiums paid on trials of speed

The second section was read as follows:

Section 2 In case there is more than one association holding such annual exhibitions in a county such association shall be entitled to receive from the Commonwealth a sum not exceeding in the aggregate the sum of four thousand dollars to be apportioned by the county commissioners among such associations according to the amount of premiums paid for exhibits at the last exhibition of each of such associations exclusive of premiums for trials of speed

No association shall receive from the Commonwealth a greater sum than that paid by the association as premiums on exhibits exclusive of premiums paid for trials of speed

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. HESS. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 2, line 3, by striking out the word "tion" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "tions"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The third, fourth, fifth, sixth and seventh sections were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 3 No incorporated county agricultural association shall be entitled to the benefits of this act unless it shall hold an annual exhibition in the interest of stock raising grain poultry handiwork dairy products and the like Such exhibitions shall continue at least three consecutive days at which premiums shall be paid on exhibitions except on trials of speed Such premiums shall be paid only upon products of this Commonwealth

Section 4 No county agricultural association hereafter incorporated shall be entitled to the benefits of this act until such association shall have held two consecutive annual exhibitions of the character designated in the preceding section nor shall such association receive an appropriation for their third and fourth years respectively in excess of the amount it paid in premiums in the State exclusive of premiums for trials of speed during its second year and such association upon its incorporation shall file with the county commissioners a declaration of its intention to apply for said premium money for its third year Such association must also file its reports during its first two years the same as any other association

Section 5 Annually on or before the fifteenth day of November an association applying for the benefits of this act shall file with the county commissioners a statement sworn to by its president attested by its secretary with corporate seal attached setting forth the name of the association the time and place of the exhibition and the amount of premiums actually paid giving the names and addresses of the persons to whom such premiums were paid and in what class kind or department

Section 6 Payments to incorporated agricultural associations under the provisions of this act shall be made by the county commissioners on or before the fifteenth day of December of the year in which the exhibition is held and upon the filing with the Auditor General of the Commonwealth on or before December fifteenth of each year hereafter of the certificate of the county treasurer of the respective counties showing the amount of money paid agreeably to this act and to whom the Auditor General shall issue his warrant for the amount so paid directing the State Treasurer out of moneys not otherwise appropriated to pay into the treasury of the counties that have paid said sum the amount so paid

Section 7 The sum of two hundred thousand dollars ($200,000.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen to carry out the provisions of this act

The eighth section was read as follows:

Section 8 The following acts or parts of acts are hereby repealed

An act entitled "An act to authorize county commissioners for the purpose of encouraging agriculture and the holding of county agricultural exhibitions to pay annually one thousand dollars to the incorporated agricultural association paying premiums on agricultural exhibits holding an annual exhibition in the county providing for the filing of sworn statement by the claimant or claimants with the county commissioners relative to said exhibition and providing for the repayment to the county by the State of the sum so paid" approved the thirteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred seven (Pamphlet Laws seven hundred and two)

An act entitled "An act amending the first section of an act approved the thirteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled 'An act to authorize county commissioners for the purpose of encouraging agriculture and the holding of county agricultural exhibitions to pay annually one thousand dollars to the incorporated agricultural association paying premiums on agricultural exhibits holding an annual exhibition in the county providing for the filing of sworn statement by the claimant or claimants with the county commissioners relative to said exhibition and providing for the repayment to the county by the State of the sum so paid' by changing from four to three the required number of days for holding such exhibitions" approved the thirteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred eleven (Pamphlet Laws fifty-eight)

An act entitled "An act to amend section one of an act approved the thirteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled 'An act to authorize county commissioners for the purpose of encouraging agriculture and the holding of county agricultural exhibitions to pay annually one thousand dollars to the incorporated agricultural association paying premiums on agricultural exhibits holding an annual exhibition in the county providing for the filing of sworn statement by the claimant or claimants with the county commissioners relative to said exhibition and providing for the repayment to the county by State of the sum so paid' as amended" approved the twelfth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirteen (Pamphlet Laws four hundred and eighty-six)

An act entitled "An act amending the second section of an act approved the thirteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled 'An Act to authorize county commissioners for the purpose of encouraging agriculture and the holding of county agricultural exhibitions to pay annually one thousand dollars to the incorporated agricultural association paying premiums on agricultural exhibits holding an annual exhibition in the county providing for the filing of sworn statement by the claimant or claimants with the county commissioners relative to said exhibition and providing for the repayment to the county by the State of the sum so paid' by changing the date for filing by the association with the county commissioners the statement required from November fifteenth to December tenth in each year" approved the fifth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirteen (Pamhlet Laws four hundred and twenty)

All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with this act are repealed

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. HESS. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

On page 6 line 59, before the word "All" insert the words "Section 9", making Section 9 of the last two lines

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The title was read and agreed to as follows:

An Act for the encouragement of agriculture and the holding of agricultural exhibitions providing State aid for certain agricultural associations and regulating the payment thereof

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1100, as follows:

An act authorizing Charles H. Sorge a citizen of Harrisburg Dauphin county to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That Charles H. Sorge a citizen of Harrisburg Dauphin County Pennsylvania is hereby authorized to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania for any sum or sums of money that may be legally or justly due the said Charles H Sorge from the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania by way of damages or injuries received by said Charles H Sorge in a collision with an automobile of the State Highway Department Such suit or suits shall be subject to the same rules of pleading evidence and appeal as other suits brought in such court are subject

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 638, as follows:

An act to amend an act entitled "An act relating to appeals in cases of summary convictions" approved the seventeenth day of April Anno Domini eighteen hundred seventy-six

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section one of an act approved the seventeenth day of April Anno Domini eighteen hundred seventy-six entitled "An act relating to appeals in cases of summary convictions" which provides as follows:

"Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That in all cases of summary convictions in this Commonwealth before a magistrate or court not of record either party may within five days after such conviction appeal to the court of quarter sessions of the county in which such magistrate shall reside or court not of record shall be held upon allowance of the said court of quarter sessions or any judge thereof upon cause shown and either party may also appeal from the judgment of a magistrate or a court not of record in suit for a penalty to the court of common pleas of the county in which said judgment shall be rendered upon allowance of said court provided That all appeals from summary conviction and judgment for penalties shall be upon such terms as to payment of costs and entering bail as the court or judge allowing the appeal shall direct" be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That in all cases of summary conviction in this Commonwealth before a magistrate or court not of record either party may within five days after such conviction appeal to the court of quarter sessions or other court having jurisdiction thereof of the county in which such magistrate shall or hold office from a court not of record shall be held upon the allowance of said appeal by the said court of quarter sessions or other court having jurisdiction thereof or any judge thereof upon cause shown and either party may also appeal from the judgment of a magistrate or a court not of record in a suit for a penalty to the court of common pleas of the county in which said judgment shall be rendered upon allowance of said court within said five days no commitment of the defendant nor execution against his property shall issue in such cases if the defendant shall deposit with the magistrate the amount of fine or judgment and the costs same to be re-paid to the said defendant upon allowance of the appeal All appeals from summary conviction and judgments for penalties shall be upon such terms as to payment of costs and entering bail as the court or judge allowing the appeal shall direct

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 89, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the thirtieth day of July one thousand eight hundred and nine-seven entitled "An Act to provide revenue and regulate the sale of malt brewed vinous and spiritous liquors o rany admixture thereof by requiring and authorizing licenses to be taken out by brewers distillers wholesalers botlers rectifiers-compounders storekeepers and agents having a store office or place of business within this Commonwealth prescribing the amount of license fees to be paid in such cases and by imposing an additional license fee on retail dealers in intoxicating liquors" as amended

The first section was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section two of an act approved the thirtieth day of July one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven entitled "An act to provide revenue and regulate the sale of malt brewed vinous and spirituous liquors or any admixture thereof by requiring and authorizing licenses to be taken out by brewers distillers wholesalers bottlers rectifiers compounders store-keepers and agents having a store office or place of business within this Commonwealth prescribing the amount of license fees to be paid in such cases and by imposing an additional license fee on retail dealers in intoxicating liquors" which as amended reads as follows:

"Section 2 On and after the passage of this act each person or persons licensed by the proper court to sell vinous spirituous malt and brewed liquors or any admixture thereof by retail shall in townships boroughs and all cities in addition to the license fee now fixed by law pay to the treasurers of the respective counties for the use of the Commonwealth an annual license tax in the following amounts Those resident in townships shall pay annually an additional license tax of twenty-five dollars those resident in boroughs shall pay annually an additional license tax of fifty dollars those resident in cities of the first and second classes shall pay annually an additional license tax of one hundred dollars those resident in all other cities shall pay annually an additional license tax of fifty dollars

It shall be the duty of the treasurers of the respective counties to collect said additional license tax before a license is issued to the applicant applying therefor and pay the same to the State Treasurer within thirty days from the receipt thereof It shall also be the duty of the treasurers of the respective counties to pay all license funds collected on account of any municipality to the respective treasurers thereof within thirty days from the receipt thereof Nothing in this section contained shall be construed to change modify or alter the existing law in reference to the granting of retail licenses or the fees paid to the local authorities for the same It is the intention of this section to

impose an additional license tax for the sole use and benefit of the Commonwealth" is hereby amended to read as follows:

Section 2 On and after the passage of this act each person or persons licensed by the proper court to sell vinous spirituous malt and brewed liuors or any admixture thereof by retail shall in townships boroughs and all cities in addition to the license fee now fixed by law pay to the treasurers of the respective counties for the use of the Commonwealth an annual license tax in the following amounts those resident in townships shall pay annually an additional license tax of twenty-five dollars those resident in boroughs shall pay annually an additional license tax of fifty dollars those resident in cities of the first and second classes shall pay annually an additional license tax of one hundred dollars those resident in all other cities shall pay annually an additional license tax of fifty dollars

In cities of the first and second classes five per centum of the amount so received for the use of said cities respectively shall be paid into the Police Pension Fund of the respective city

It shall be the duty of the treasurers of the respective counties to collect said additional license tax before a license is issued to the applicant applying therefor and pay the same to the State Treasurer within thirty days from the receipt thereof It shall also be the duty of the treasurers of the respective counties to pay all license funds collected on account of any municipality to the respective treasurers thereof within thirty days from the receipt thereof Nothing in this section contained shall be construed to change modify or alter the existing law in reference to the granting of retail licenses or the fees paid to the local authorities for the same It is the intention of this Section to impose an additional license tax for the sole use and benefit of the Commonwealth

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. DUNN. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 1, line 14, by inserting after the word "amended" the following:

By an act approved the twenty-ninth day of March, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled "An Act to amend section two of an act entitled 'An Act to provide revenue, and regulate the sale of malt, brewed, vinous, and spirituous liquors, or any admixture thereof ,by requiring and authorizing licenses to be taken out by brewers, distillers, wholesalers, bottlers, rectifiers, compounders, storekeepers, and agents, having a store, office, or place of business within this Commonwealth; prescribing the amount of license fees to be paid in such cases, and by imposing an additional license fee on retail dealers in intoxicating liquors,' approved the thirtieth day of July, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven, by changing the time when the treasurers of the respective counties shall pay all license funds to the State Treasurer and to the treasurers of the respective municipalities," which

Amend section 1, line 45, by inserting after the word "hereby" the word "further"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendments?

They were agreed to,

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The title was read and agreed to as follows:

An Act to amend an act approved the thirtieth day of July one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven entitled "An Act to provide revenue and regulate the sale of malt brewed vinous and spirituous liquors or any admixture thereof by requiring and authorizing licenses to be taken out by brewers distillers wholesalers bottlers rectifiers compounders storekeepers and agents having a store office or place of business within this Commonwealth prescribing the amount of license fees to be paid in such cases and by imposing an additional license fee on retail dealers in intoxicating liquors" as amended

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 628, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation from which the several counties of the Commonwealth may be reimbursed for moneys paid out by said counties upon certain noxious animals and birds under the provisions of the act of the twenty-fifth day of July Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen Pamphlet laws one thousand and thirty-six

The preamble and first section were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Whereas by the act of the twenty-fifth day of July Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen Pamphlet Laws one thousand and thirty-six certain rewards or bounties for the destruction of noxious animals and birds are provided to be paid by the several counties of this Commonwealth and

Whereas By said act of Assembly and also by the act of April seventeenth one thousand nine hundred and thirteen it is provided that "fifty per centum of any fund returned to the State through or because of the provisions of this act or so much of said fifty per centum as may be needed shall be applied by the Legislature at its biennial sessions for the payment of bounties" and

Whereas There has been paid into the State Treasury from hunters' license fees the sum of four hundred eighty thousand six hundred forty dollars and ninety-four cents ($480.640.94) for the year one thousand nine hundred thirteen, and that part of one thousand nine hundred fourteen, ending November thirtieth of which fifty per centum amounts to the sum of two hundred forty thousand three hundred twenty dollars and forty-seven cents ($240.320.47)

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of two hundred forty thousand three hundred twenty dollars and forty-seven cents ($240,320.47) or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the reimbursement of the several counties of this Commonwealth for moneys paid out as bounties by said counties upon certain noxious animals and birds under the acts of assembly referred to in the manner prescribed by said acts of assembly

The title was read as follows:

An Act making an appropriation from which the several counties of the Commonwealth may be reimbursed for moneys paid out by said counties upon certain noxious animals and birds under the provisions of the act of the twenty-fifth day of July Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen Pamphlet Laws one thousand and thirty-six

On the question,

Will the House agree to the title?

Mr. WALTON. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend title, line 7, by inserting after the word "six" the following:

Entitled "An Act creating a reward or bounty for the destruction of certain noxious animals and birds killed within the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania; providing a method for the payment of the same by the several counties of the Commonwealth, which in turn are to be reimbursed by the Commonwealth; and providing penalties for violation of its several provisions."

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the title as amended?

It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 713, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to Charles Roth and George H Roth owners of "The Star" moving picture place of the amount illegally demanded and collected as a State license fee from them as proprietors of a moving picture place in the State of Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of twenty-five dollars ($25.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to Charles Roth and George H Roth owners and proprietors of "The Star" a moving picture place

The said sum of twenty-five dollars ($25.00) being the amount which the city treasurer of the City of Philadelphia State of Pennsylvania illegally demanded and collected from the said Charles Roth and George H Roth as proprietors and owners of "The Star" a moving picture place located at two thousand seven hundred thirteen and two thousand seven hundred fifteen North Fifth street in the City of Philadelphia State of Pennsylvania on the first day of October one thousand nine hundred and thirteen as a State license fee due the State Treasurer and under the act of June twenty-fourth one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five (Pamphlet Laws two hundred and ninety-four) and amendments thereto of May twenty-third one thousand nine hundred and seven (Pamphlet Laws two hundred nineteen) the said Charles Roth and George H Roth not being liable for the payment of the said license fee as such place was exclusively used for the exhibition of moving pictures under the decision of the Supreme Court of the State of Pennsylvania in the case of Commonwealth of Pennsylvania versus Fannie C Spiers October term one thousand nine hundred eleven number two hundred seventy-four upon the appeal of the plaintiff upon a case stated from the judgment of the court of common pleas number five of the County of Philadelphia to September term one thousand nine hundred eleven number two thousand seven hundred fifty-one said amount shall be paid on warrant of the Auditor General upon the presentation to him of due proof of the validity and legality of said claim

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 742, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to George H Roth and Robert Rappold trading as Roth and Rappold owners of "The Owl" a moving picture place of the amount illegally demanded and collected as a State license fee from them as proprietors of a moving picture place in the State of Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of twenty-five dollars ($25.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to George H Roth and Robert Rappold trading as Roth and Rappold owners and proprietors of "The Owl" a moving picture place

The said sum of twenty-five dollars ($25.00) being the amount which the city treasurer of the City of Philadelphia State of Pennsylvania illegally demanded and collected from said George H Roth and Robert Rappold trading as Roth and Rappold as proprietors and owners of "The Owl" a moving picture place located at two thousand eight hundred seven two thousand eight hundred nine North Fifth Street in the City of Philadelphia State of Pennsylvania on the first day of October one thousand nine hundred and thirteen as a State license fee due the State Treasurer and under the act of June twenty-four one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five (Pamphlet Laws two hundred ninety-four) and amendments thereto of May twenty-third one thousand nine hundred and seven (Pamphlet Laws two hundred nineteen) the said George H Roth and Robert Rappold trading as Roth and Rappold not being liable for the payment of the said license fee as such place was exclusively used for the exhibition of motion pictures under the decision of the Supreme Court of the State of Pennsylvania in the case of Commonwealth of Pennsylvania versus Fanie C Spiers October term one thousand nine hundred eleven number two hundred seventy-four upon the appeal of the plaintiff upon a case stated from the judgment of the court of common pleas number five of the county of Philadelphia to September term one thousand nine hundred and eleven number two thousand seven hundred fifty-one said amount shall be paid on warrant of the Auditor General upon the presentation to him of due proof of the validity and legality of said claim

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 337, as follows:

An Act to amend an act approved the thirtieth day of January one thousand eight hundred seventy-four entitled "A further supplement to the act regulating elections in this Commonwealth"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by authority of the same That section eighteen of an act approved the thirtieth day of January one thousand eight hnudred seventy-four entitled "A further supplement to the act regulating election in this Commonwealth" which reads as follows

"Section 18 The assessors shall each receive the same compensation for the time necessarily spent in performing the duties hereby enjoined as is provided by law to assessors making valuations to be paid by the county commissioners as in other cases and it shall not be lawful for any assessor to assess a tax against ny peron whatever within sixty-one days next preceding the annual election in November any violation of this provision shall be a misdemeanor and subject the officer so offending to a fine on conviction not exceeding one hundred dollars or to imprisonment not exceeding three months or both at the discretion of the court" is amended to read as follows

Section 18 The assessors shall each receive the sum of five dollars for every day necessarily spent in performing the duties hereby enjoined to be paid by the county commissioners as in other cases and it shall not be lawful for any assessor to asses a tax against any person whatever within sixty-one days next preceding the annual election in November any violation of this provision shall be a misdemeanor and subject the officer so offending to a fine on conviction not exceeding one hundred dollars or to imprisonment not exceeding three mnths or both at the discretion of the court

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1083 (Senate Bill No. 141), entitled:

An Act to regulate the practice of optometry in Pennsylvania defining optometry and relating to the right to practice optometry in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and making certain exceptions and providing a bureau of optometrical education examination and licensure as a bureau of the Department of Public Instruction and means and methods whereby the right to practice optometry may be obtained and providing for the means to carry out the provisions of this act and providing for revocation or suspension of licenses given by said bureau and providing penalties for violations thereof and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent therewith

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 819 (Senate Bill No. 86), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to refund to Lynford Biddle of Philadelphia certain moneys erroneously paid into the State Treasury

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1074 (Senate Bill No. 276), entitled:

An Act directing the county commissioner of the several counties to offer for sale to the Department of Forestry tracts of land which they may have purchased at county treasurers' sales for acceptance or refusal for forestry purposes and to convey to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania the tracts so offered to be sold if accepted by the Department

The first section was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That when county commissioners shall have received from the county treasurer a conveyance of lands which shall have been advertised and sold for unpaid taxes in accordance with the several acts of Assembly relating to the sale and conveyance of lands for taxes the said commissioners are hereby directed after the period for redemption of said lands shall have expired to offer said lands to the Department of Forestry for acceptance or rejection by said Department for forestry purposes when required so to do by the Department of Forestry The county commissioners in making such offer shall describe the land by giving the name of its former owner its location warrantee name or number and its adjoiners They shall state the number of acres and perches in each tract so offered and the amount of taxes interest and costs due thereon which shall have been levied and become a lien and accrued to the time of making the offer Every such offer shall be accompanied by a draft of the land when required by the Department to be prepared by the county surveyor The cost of the preparation of such draft shall be paid by the county commissioners and in no case shall exceed the ordinary and usual amount paid for the making of similar drafts in the course of county business The cost of the draft may be added by the commissioners to the amount of costs accrued against the land which they shall offer the Department of Forestry Where adjoining tracts are

so offered they shall be included within one draft and the best of the draft shall be ratably apportioned among the several tracts in accordance with the area thereof

On the question,
Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. PALMER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 1, line 31, by striking out the word "best" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "cost"

On the question,
Will the House agree to the amendment?
It was agreed to.
On the question,
Will the House agree to the section as amended?
It was agreed to.

The second section was read and agreed to as follows:

Section 2 That upon receiving any such offer from the county commissioners which offer shall be made upon blank forms to be prepared by the Department of Forestry and supplied to the commissioners the Department shall make an examination and valuation of the land so offered to determine whether it is suitable for forestry purposes If found not suitable for forestry purposes the Department shall so notify the commissioners If found to be suitable for that purpose it shall likewise notify the commissioners of its suitability make a conditional acceptance and proceed to examine the title If such examination shall disclose that the title is marketable and of such character as can be safely accepted the Department shall prepare a deed to be executed by the commissioners conveying such land to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania The consideration shall include all taxes levied interest and costs due to date of conveyance but shall in no case exceed the limit of purchase price now or hereafter fixed by law for the purchase of land by the Department of Forestry for forestry purposes

The third section was read as follows:

Section 3 That if the title examination shall disclose incumbrances upon the land or other objections which in the judgment of the Department of Forestry will render the title unmarketable or undesirable for the State to own the county commissioners shall then proceed to remove such objections to title and cure such defects so far as it may be possible to do so or may be required by the practice of the Department of Forestry in the purchase of lands The purchase of said land shall not be further proceeded with until the title shall be rendered acceptable to the Department of Forestry In case the county commissioners neglect or refuse to remove objections to title when required by the Department may after a reasonable time not exceeding six months notify the commissioners that it refuses to consider the further purchase of the land so offered The time for removal of objections may be extended by the Department for cause shown

On the question,
Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. PALMER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 3, line 13, by striking out the word "by."

On the question,
Will the House agree to the amendment?
It was agreed to.

Mr. ALBEE. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

In section 3, line 13, after the word "Department" insert the words "the Department."

On the question,
Will the House agree to the amendment?
It was agreed to.
On the question,
Will the House agree to the section as amended?
It was agreed to.

The fourth section was read and agreed to as follows:

Section 4 That all laws or parts of laws in conflict herewith are hereby repealed

The title was read as follows:

An Act directing the county commisioner of the several counties to offer for sale to the Department of Forestry tracts of land which they may have purchased at county treasurers' sales for acceptance or refusal for forestry purposes and to convey to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania the tracts so offered to be sold if acepted by the Department

On the question,
Will the House agree to the title?

Mr. ALBEE. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend the title in line 1 by striking out the word "commissioner" and insert in lieu thereof the word "commissioners."

On the question,
Will the House agree to the amendment?
It was agreed to.
On the question,
Will the House agree to the title as amended?
It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 458, entitled:

An Act providing for the publication and distribution of a revised edition of the railroad map of Pennsylvania heretofore issued by the Department of Internal Affairs making an appropriation for the work of revising compiling and proof-reading and an appropriation for printing binding and mounting the same and for paper

The first section was read and agreed to as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by authority of the same That there shall be published by the Department of Public Printing and Binding on the order and under the direction of the Secretary of Internal Affairs sixteen thousand five hundred copies of a revised edition of the railroad map of Pennsylvania heretofore issued by the Department of Internal Affairs seven thousand eight hundred copies of which are to be printed on heavy map paper one thousand copies to be printed on muslin-mounted paper two hundred copies to be printed on heavy map paper without county colors and seven thousand five hundred copies in book form

The second section was read as follows:

Section 2 The distribution of the aforesaid revised edition of railroad map shall be as follows
Five hundred copies in book form for the use of the Governor
One thousand six hundred copies printed on heavy map paper and one thousand copies in book form for the use of the Senate
Four thousand copies printed on heavy map paper and four thousand copies in book form for the use of the House of Representatives
Two thousand copies printed on heavy map paper one thousand copies printed on muslin-mounted paper two hundred copies printed on heavy map paper without county colors and one thousand eight hundred copies in book form for the use of the Department of Internal Affairs
Two hundred copies printed on heavy map paper and two hundred copies in book form for the State Library

On the question,
Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. SINCLAIR. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 2, line 2, by inserting before the word "railroad" the word "the"

On the question,
Will the House agree to the amendment?
It was agreed to.
On the question,
Will the House agree to the section as amended?
It was agreed to.

The third section and title were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 3 For the work of revising compiling and proof-reading said railroad maps and necessary expenses connected therewith the sum of five hundred dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated For printing binding and mounting said railroad maps and for paper the sum of seven thousand five hundred dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated

An Act providing for the publication and distribution of a revised edition of the railroad map of Pennsylvania heretofore issued by the Department of Internal Affairs making an appropriation for the work of revising compiling and proof-reading and an appropriation for printing binding and mounting the same and for paper

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 746, entitled:

An Act supplementary to an act entitled "An Act defining the powers of the several courts of quarter sessions of the peace within the Commonwealth with reference to the care treatment and control of dependent neglected incorrigible or delinquent children under the age of sixteen years and providing for the means in which such powers may be exercised" approved the twenty-third day of April one thousand nine hundred and three Pamphlet Laws page two hundred and seventy-four prohibiting magistrates or justices of the peace from sentencing or committing for trial for any offenses dependent neglected incorrigible or delinquent children under the age of sixteen years and providing for the disposition of such children by the juvenile courts providing that the jurisdiction of such courts over children committed by them shall continue notwithstanding such children may remove or be removed from the territorial limits of such courts authorizing the said courts to commit such children in proper cases to the custody of their mothers to be maintained in their respective homes and providing for the payment of the cost of such maintenance by the proper county prescribing the duties of probation officers in such cases and authorizing the several juvenile courts to employ medical experts in certain cases

The first, second, third and fourth sections were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That no magistrate alderman or justice of the peace shall sentence commit or hold for trial any dependent neglected incorrigible or delinquent child under the age of sixteen years but in all cases in which any such child shall be charged with any offense before such magistrates alderman or justice of the peace he shall give such child into the custody of a probation officer of the proper juvenile court the duty of which officer shall be to thereupon petition the said court setting forth the facts in the case whereupon such court shall take such action agreeably to existing law as it deems proper

Section 2 Whenever the jurisdiction of a juvenile court shall attach to any dependent neglected incorrigible or delinquent child the said jurisdiction shall continue notwithstanding that the child may remove or be removed from the territorial limits of the court with the same force and effect and for the same length of time as if the said child had continued to reside within the said territorial limits

Section 3 Whenever any dependent child under the age of sixteen years brought before any juvenile court shall have a mother maintaining a home the court may in its discretion commit such child to the custody of its mother under the supervision of said court and make an order upon the proper county for such sum for its maintenance payable to the mother as the court may direct which order shall thereupon be paid by the said county In all such cases such mother shall make a monthly report of the condition and behavior of such child to a probation officer of such court in such form as the court may prescribe which officer shall make a report to the court once in three months upon a form similarly prescribed

Section 4 Whenever there is any question in the mind of the court as to whether or not a child brought before a juvenile court is defective the said court may appoint a medical expert to examine the child and report whether it is in fact defective or not the expense of which examination and report shall be paid by the proper county on the order of said court

The title was read as follows:

An Act supplementary to an act entitled "An Act defining the powers of the several courts of quarter sessions of the peace within this Commonwealth with reference to the care treatment and control of dependent neglected incorrigible or delinquent children under the age of sixteen years and providing for the means in which such powers may be exercised" approved the twenty-third day of April one thousand nine hundred and three Pamphlet Laws page two hundred and seventy-four prohibiting magistrates or justices of the peace from sentencing or committing for trial for any offences dependent neglected incorrigible or delinquent children under the age of sixteen years and providing for the disposition of such children by the juvenile courts providing that the jurisdiction of such courts over children committed by them shall continue notwithstanding such children may remove or be removed from the territorial limits of such courts authorizing the said courts to commit such children in proper cases to the custody of their mothers to be maintained in their respective homes and providing for the payment of the cost of such maintenance by the proper county prescribing the duties of probation officers in such cases and authorizing the several juvenile courts to employ medical experts in certain cases

On the question,

Will the House agree to the title?

Mr. RAMSEY. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend title, line 5, by striking out the word "or" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "and"

Amend title, line 6, by striking out the word "powers" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "power"

Insert in line 9 the word "Alderman" after the word "Magistrates"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendments?

They were agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the title as amended?

It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1034, as follows:

An Act relative to borough and township employes prescribing a method of paying them and fixing the duties of the borough and township authorities

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That each person employed by a borough or township shall be paid semi-monthly on the first day and the fifteenth day of the month respectively It shall be the duty of the borough or township officer authorized to pay for such services in cash or check as above provided and it is further provided That it shall be unlawful for said authorities in any borough or township to pay or offer to pay any employe by order or warrant on any person firm or corporation if the boroug or township authorities shall fail or refuse to comply with the provisions of this act the employes shall be entitled to an increase of ten per centum and if the salary shall remain due and owing after a period of thirty days said employe shall be entitled to an increase of twenty per centum Provided however This act shall not be taken to prohibit payment being made at shorter intervals

Section 2 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with this act be and the same are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 726, entitled:

An Act to repeal section fifteen of an act entitled "An Act relating to election of county treasurers and for other purposes" approved May twenty-seventh one thousand eight hundred and forty-one (Pamphlet Laws four hundred)

The first section was read as follows

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by authority of the same That section fifteen of an

Act of Assembly entitled "An Act relating to election of county treasurers and for other purposes" approved May twenty-seventh one thousand eight hnudred and forty-one (Pamphlet Laws four hundred) which section provides that an inquest super visum corporis may be held by a justice of the peace in certain cases be and the same is hereby repealed

On the question,
Will the House agree to the section?
Mr. NEVILLE. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.
The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.
The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 1, line 5, by inserting after the word "to" the word "the"

On the question,
Will the House agree to the amendment?
It was agreed to.
On the question,
Will the House agree to the section as amended?
It was agreed to.
The title was read as follows:

An Act to repeal section fifteen of an act entitled "An Act relating to election of county treasurers and for other purposes" approved May twenty-seventh one thousand eight hundred and forty-one (Pamphlet Laws four hundred)

On the question,
Will the House agree to the title?
Mr. NEVILLE. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.
The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.
The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend title, line 2, by inserting after the word "to" the word "the"

On the question,
Will the House agree to the amendment?
It was agreed to.
On the question,
Will the House agree to the title as amended?
It was agreed to.
And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.
Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.
Agreeably to order,
The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,
The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 977 (Senate Bill No. 121), entitled:

An Act regulating the sale of chicory mixed with coffee and providing a penalty

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,
Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.
Agreeably to order,
The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,
The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1079 (Senate Bill No. 437), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the eighth day of April one thousand eight hundred thirty-three entitled "An Act relating to last wills and testaments" by conferring the same rights upon the mother as upon the father

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,
Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.
Agreeably to order,
The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,
The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 992 (Senate Bill No. 371), entitled:

An Act to amend further an act approved the eleventh day of April one thousand eight hundred sixty-two entitled "A further supplement to the act entitled 'An Act for the regulation and continuance of a system of education by common schools' approved the eighth day of May one thousand eight hundred and fifty-four

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,
Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.
Agreeably to order,
The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,
The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1068 ,as follows:

An Act to regulate and establish the fees to be charged and collected by the several clerks of the courts of oyer and terminer general jail delivery and quarter sessions of the peace in counties of this Commonwealth having a population of over eight hundred thousand and less than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants as computed by the last preceding United States census

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from and after thepassage of this act the fees to be paid to and received and charged by the several clerks of the courts of oyer and terminer and general jail delivery and quarter sessions of the peace in counties of this Commonwealth having a population of over eight hundred thousand and less than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants as computed by the last preceding United States census shall be as follows

Appeals from aldermen twenty-five cents ($.25)
Affidavits fifty cents ($.50)
Attachments or process on any cause one dollar ($1.00)
bail piece two dollars ($2.00)
Ballots preparing for jury per panel two dollars and fifty cents ($2.50)
Bail bond one dollar ($1.00)
Bailbond justification filing of twenty-five cents ($.25)
Bench warrants one dollar ($1.00)
Bonds for liquor license filing frame and glass two dollars and fifty cents ($2.50)
Bonds for pedlar's license one dollar and twenty-five cents ($1.25)
Bonds for constables one dollar ($1.00)
Bonds for tax collectors (original) two dallars and seventy-five cents ($2.75)
Bonds for tax collectors (renewal each year) one dollar ($1.00)
Certificate of election of municipal officers each fifty cents ($.50)
Commitment to county prisons fifty cents ($.50)
Commitment to eastern or western penitentiary fifty cents ($.50)
Commitment to house of refuge fifty cents ($.50)
Commitment to house of correction fifty cents ($.50)
Commitment to detention room (juvenile) fifty cents ($.50)
Cetrificate of incorporation of new municipalities to Superintendent of Public Instruction five dollars ($5.00)
Certificate for constables for election or appointment one dollar ($1.00)
Certificate of acknowledgement fifty cents ($.50)
Certificate for writ of habeas corpus one dollar ($1.00)
Certificate to county treasurer (each name paid by county) one dollar ($1.00)
Certificate for nolle prosequi one dollar ($1.00)
Certificate for payment of jurors (each name) one dollar ($1.00)
Certificate for payment of road jurors fifty cents ($.50)
Certificate for the sheriff to draw jurors one dollar and fifty cents ($1.50)
Certificate for the sheriff to draw grand jurors one dollar and fifty cents ($1.50)
Certificate for the sheriff to draw special venire one dollar and fifty cents ($1.50)
Certificate when judge acts as a magistrate affidavit warrant and service one dollar and fifty cents ($1.50)
Certificate for ignored bill one dollar ($1.00)
Certificate in breach of peace case fifty cents ($.50)
Certificate in apprentice case fifty cents ($.50)
Certificate of reconsideration of sentence fifty cents ($.50)
Commission on lunacy swearing commission filing and recording et cetera two dollars and fifty cents ($2.50)
Commission on lunacy paupers' papers two dollars and fifty cents ($2.50)
Certified copy of record bill of indictment two dollars ($2.00)
Certified copy of report of laying out or vacating public road five dollars ($5.00)
Certified copy of record docket-entries (quarter sessions) one dollar ($1.00)
Certified copy of record docket-entries (oyer and terminer) two dollars ($2.00)
Certified copy of record docket-entries in road cases five dollars ($5.00)
Citations fifty cents ($.50)
Constables quarterly returns one dollar ($1.00)
Detective license filing application for and advertisement twenty-five dollars ($25.00)

Dog register one dollar ($1.00)
Declaration of intention to become a citizen one dollar ($1.00)
Discharged on ignored bill fifty cents ($.50)
Discharge on bail entered fifty cents ($.50)
Discharge prisoner from dock twenty-five cents ($.25)
Desertion cases in lieu of all fees chargeable two dollars ($2.00)
Exemplification of the record homicide five dollars ($5.00)
Fi fa debt one dollar ($1.00)
Filing and entering reasons for new trial fifty cents ($.50)
Filing and entering motions in arrest of judgment fifty cents ($.50)
Filing and entering bail bond or recognizance from magistrate fifty cents ($.50)
Filing and issuing summons for recognizance seventy-five cents ($.75)
Filing and entering coroner's return (each inquisition) fifty cents ($.50)
Filing and entering petition for appointment of auditors tax collectors constables and all other municipal officers two dollars ($2.00)
Filing and entering auditor's report one dollar ($1.00)
Filing and recording proceedings for redistricting or change of polling place proceedings each district three dollars ($3.00)
Filing and entering opinions of court of common pleas superior or supreme court two dollars ($2.00)
Filing and docket-entries true bill three dollars ($3.00)
Filing and entering certiorari or appeals to common pleas superior or supreme court three dollars and fifty cents ($3.50)
Filing and entering remittitur from superior or supreme court three dollars ($3.00)
Filing and entering exceptions (road cases) two dollars and fifty cents ($2.50)
Filing and entering petitions (juvenile) three dollars ($3.00)
Filing and recording of increase of bonded indebtedness proceedings (per page or part thereof) three dollars and fifty cents ($3.50)
Ignoramus where bill is returned two dollars ($2.00)
Jurors defaulting issuing notices to one dollar ($1.00)
Jurors fieri facias against one dollar ($1.00)
Liquor license filing application for five dollars ($5.00)
Liquor license filing and recording petition for revocation thereof three dollars ($3.00)
License to loan money filing application for one hundred dollars ($100.00)
Mandamus and proceedings thereon four dollars ($4.00)
Motion and rule other than elsewhere provided for twenty-five cents ($.25)
Naturalization adults two dollars ($2.00)
Naturalization minors two dollars ($2.00)
Naturalization soldiers two dollars ($2.00)
Naturalization certificate or duplicate thereof each two dollars ($2.00)
Petition and order for a view or a review of a road or bridge under seal orders to open filing report recording et cetera ten dollars ($10.00)
Petition filing of and entering proceedings in inebriate cases three dollars ($3.00)
Petition filing and proceedings for the removal of feeble minded insane or criminal insane persons from any penal institution three dollars ($3.00)
Petition for writ of habeas corpus three dollars ($3.00)
Release from any institution by order of court fifty cents ($.50)
Recording election returns each election district two dollars and fifty cents ($2.50)
Recognizance calling and entering forfeitures fifty cents ($.50)
Recognizance forfeited respited or discharged and motion therefor fifty cents ($.50)
Recognizance taking each one dollar ($1.00)
Return to writ of error one dollar ($1.00)
Services of clerk where true bill is found in case of felony five dollars ($5.00)
Search from judgment to docket single name forty cents ($.40)
Search for judgment to docket extra single name ten cents ($.10)
Search from judgment to docket two names extra and so on twenty-five cents ($.25)
Subpoenas and seal twenty-five cents ($.25)
Seal in every case twenty-five cents ($.25)
Summons on recognizance seventy-five cents ($.75)
Swearing grand jury four dollars ($4.00)
Swearing petit jury in each case four dollars ($4.00)
Taxing a bill of costs other than the clerk's of the sessions fifty cents ($.50)
Venire for grand jury one dollar and fifty cents ($1.50)
Venire for petit jury one dollar and fifty cents ($1.50)
Venire for special jury one dollar and fifty cents ($1.50)
Venditioni exponas issuing writ seventy-five cents ($.75)
The fee for services not herein specially provided for shall be the same as for similar services

Section 3 All fees for services performed for the county shall be charged against the county and in all cases where services are rendered for an individual the proper fees shall be received and collected from the person for whom the service is rendered

Section 4 All acts or parts of acts general special or local inconsistent with or supplied by the provisions of this act be and the same are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 795, as follows:

An Act to authorize the payment from the general appropriation for the care of the indigent insane of the cost of transferring or removing patients from one insane hospital or asylum or institution to another or elsewhere upon the order of the Board of Public Charities or the Committee on Lunacy.

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That whenever the Board of Public Charities or the Committee on Lunacy of the Board of Public Charities shall order the transfer or removal of indigent insane persons from one hospital house or place to another hospital house or place or elsewhere the cost of such transfer or removal shall be paid out of the general appropriation for the care of indigent insane upon a certificate of the Board of Public Charities or of the Committee on Lunacy of said Board that such transfer or removal has been made setting forth the amount of such cost and approving the same

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 942, entitled:

An Act amending an act entitled "A further supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to provide revenue by taxation approved the seventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine' approved the first day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine"

The first section was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the twenty-second section of said act approved June first Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine which reads as follows namely

"Section 22 That if said officers of any such limited partnership joint-stock association or corporation shall neglect or refuse to furnish the Auditor General on or before the thirty-first day of December in each and every year with the report and appraisement as aforesaid as required by the twentieth section of this act it shall be the duty of the accounting officers of the Commonwealth to add ten per centum to the tax of said limited partnership joint-stock association or corporation for each and every year for which such report and appraisement were not so furnished which percentage shall be settled and collected with the said tax in the usual manner of settling accounts and collecting such taxes if the officers of such limited partnership association joint-stock association or corporation or any of them shall intentionally fail to comply with the requirements of the twentieth section of this act for three successive years he or they shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and on conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine of five hundred dollars and undergo an imprisonment not exceeding one year or both or either at the discretion of the court" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows namely

Section 22 That if the said officers of any such limited partnership joint-stock association or corporation shall neglect or refuse to furnish the Auditor General on or before the last day of March in each and every year with the report and appraisement as aforesaid as required by law it shall be the duty of the accounting officers of the Commonwealth to add ten per centum to the tax of said limited partnership joint-stock association or corporation for each and every year for which such report and appraisement were not so furnished which percentage shall be settled and collected with the said tax in the usual manner of settling accounts and collecting such taxes if the officers of any limited partnership association joint-stock association or corporation or any of them shall intentionally neglect or refuse to furnish the Auditor General with the report and appraisement as required by law for three successive years he or they shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and on con-

viction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine of five hundred dollars and undergo an imprisonment not exceeding one year or both or either at the discretion of the court and provided further That the Auditor General shall report the fact to the Governor who if he shall be satisfied that such failure was intentional shall thereupon by proclamation declare the charter of said corporation or company forfeited and its chartered privileges at an end whereupon the same shall cease end and be determined saving however the rights of the creditors and stockholders in and to any property assets claims or demands of the corporation or company

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. SPANGLER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 1, line 4, by striking out the word "said" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "an"

Amend section 1, line 5, by inserting after the word "eighty-nine" the following: entitled "A further supplement to an act entitled 'An act to provide revenue by taxation,' approved the seventh day of June, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine."

Amend section 1, line 49, by striking out the word "discrtion" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "discretion"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendments?

They were agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The title was read as follows:

An Act amending an act entitled "A further supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to provide revenue by taxation approved the seventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine' approved the first day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the title?

Mr. SPANGLER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend title, line 2, by inserting after the word "taxation" a single quote

Amend title, line 4, by striking out the single quote and insering in lieu thereof a double quote

Amend title, line 5, by striking out the double quote

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendments?

They were agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the title as amended?

It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to as amended,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 941, entitled:

An Act further amending an act entitled "An Act to provide increased revenues for the purpose of relieving the burden of local taxation being supplementary to an act entitled 'An Act to provide revenue by taxation' approved the seventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine amending the first fourteenth sixteenth twentieth twenty-first twenty-fifth and twenty-sixth sections of an act supplementary thereto which became a law on the first day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine entitled "A further supplement to an act entitled "An Act to provide revenue by taxation" approved the seventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine' and providing for greater uniformity of taxation by taxing all the property of corporations limited partnerships and joinstock associations having capital stock at the rate of five mills on each dollar of its actual value' approved the eighth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one" and regulating the making of certain reports and statements to the Auditor General for the purposes of taxation

The first section was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the twentieth section of an act which became a law on the first day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine entitled "A further supplement of an act entitled 'An Act to provide revenue by taxation' approved the seventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine" as the said section is amended by an act entitled "An Act to provide increased revenues for the purpose of relieving the burdens of local taxation being supplementary to an act entitled 'An Act to provide revenue by taxation' approved the seventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine amending the first fourteenth sixteenth twentieth twenty-first twenty-fifth and twenty-sixth sections of an act supplementary thereto which became a law on the first day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine entitled 'A further supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to provide revenue by taxation' approved the seventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine' and providing for greater uniformity of taxation by taxing all the property of corporations limited partnerships and joint-stock associations having capital stock at the rate of five mills on each dollar of its actual value" approved the eighth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one which reads as follows namely

Section 20 That hereafter except in the case of banks savings institutions and foreign insurance companies it shall be the duty of the president chairman or treasurer of every corporation having capital stock every joint-stock association and limited partnership whatsoever now or hereafter organized or incorporated by or under any law of this Commonwealth and of every corporation joint-stock association and limited partnership whatsoever now or hereafter incorporated or organized by or under the laws of any other state or territory of the United States or by the United States or by any foreign government and doing business in and liable to taxation within this Commonwealth or having capital or property employed or used in this Commonwealth by or in the name of any limited partnership joint-stock association company or corporation whatsoever association or associations copartnership or copartnerships person or persons or in any other manner to make a report in writing to the Auditor General in the month of November one thousand eight hundred and ninety-two and annually thereafter stating specifically

First Total authorized capital stock

Second Total authorized number of shares

Third Number of shares of stock issued

Fourth Par value of each share

Fifth Amount paid into the treasury on each share

Sixth Amount of capital paid in

Seventh Amount of capital on which dividend was declared

Eighth Date of each dividend declared during said year ended with the first Monday of November

Ninth Rate per centum of each dividend declared

Tenth Amount of each dividend during the year ended with the first Monday in said month

Eleventh Gross earnings during the year

Twelfth Net earnings during said year

Thirteenth Amount of surplus

Fourteenth Amount of profit added to sinking fund during said year

Fifteenth Highest price of sales of stock between the first and fifteenth days of November aforesaid

Sixteenth Highest price of sales of stock during the year aforesaid

Seventeenth Average price of sales of stock during the year and in every case any two of the following-named officers of such corporation limited partnership or joint-stock association namely The president chairman secretary and treasurer after being duly sworn or affirmed to do and perform the same with fidelity and according to the best of their knowledge and belief shall between the first and fifteenth day of November of each year estimate and appraise the capital stock of the said company at its actual value in cash not less however than the average price which said stock sold for during said year and not less than the price or value indicated or measured by net earnings or by the amount of profit made and either declared in dividends or carried into surplus or sinking fund and when the same shall have been so truly estimated and appraised they shall forthwith forward to the Auditor General a certificate thereof accompanied with a copy of their said oath or affirmation signed by them and attested by a magistrate or other person duly qualified to administer the same Providing That if the Auditor General and State Treasurer or either of them is not satisfied with the appraisement and valuation so made and returned they are hereby authorized and empowered to make a valuation thereof based upon the facts contained in the report re-

quired or upon any information within their possession or that shall come into their possession and to settle on account on the valuation so made by them for the taxes penalties and interest due the Commonwealth thereon with right to the company dissatisfied with any settlement so made against it to appeal therefrom in the manner now provided by law and in the event of the neglect or refusal of the officers of any corporation company joint-stock association or limited partnership for a period of sixty days to make the report and appraisement to the Auditor General as herein provided it shall be the duty of the Auditor General and State Treasurer to estimate a valuation of the capital stock of such defaulting corporation company joint-stock association or limited partnership and settle an account for taxes penalty and interest theeron from which settlement there shall be no right of appeal" be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows

Section 20 That hereafter except in the case of banks savings institutions and foreign insurance companies it shall be the duty of the president chairman or treasurer of every corporation having capital stock every joint-stock association and limited partnership whatsoever now or hereafter organized or incorporated by or under any laws of this Commonwealth and of every corporation joint-stock association and limited partnership whatsover now or hereafter incorporated or organized by or under the law of any other state or territory of the United States or by the United States or by any foreign government and doing business in and liable to taxation within this Commonwealth or having capital or property employed or used in this Commonwealth by or in the name of any limited partnership or joint-stock association company or corporation whatsoever association or associations copartnership or copartnerships person or persons or in any other manner to make annually in the month of January a report in writing to the Auditor General on a form or forms to be prescribed and furnished by him stating specifically its

First capital account together with the highest selling price per share of its capital stock during the year the average selling-price the calendar year preceding and the highest prices of sales of stock between the first and fifteenth day of January immediately following the year for which the report is made

Second Its debt account

Third Its income account together with the disposition of any net income and its profit and loss statement

Fourth Its general balance sheet

Fifth Its real estate if any outside of the Commonwealth and the location and value of the same

Sixth The proportion of its capital stock invested in and actually and exclusively engaged in manufacturing within the Commonwealth during the year for which said report is made

Seventh The affidavit of any two of the following named officers of such corporation limited partnership or joint-stock association namely the president chairman secretary and treasurer that the statements in the report are just true and correct and that with fidelity and according to the best of their knowledge and belief they have estimated valued and appraised the capital stock of the said corporation as required by law at its actual value in cash as it existed the thirty-first day of December of the year immediately preceding not less however than the average price which said stock sold for during the year and not less than the price or value indicated or measured by net earnings or by the amount of profit made and either declared in dividends expended in betterments or carried into surplus or sinking fund and not less than the actual value indicated or measured by the intrinsic value of its tangible property and assets the extent and value of its good-will and franchises and privileges and the material results of their exercise Provided that if the Auditor General and State Treasurer or either of them is not satisfied with the appraisement and valuation so made and returned they are hereby authorized and empowered to make a valuation thereof based upon facts contained in the report herein required or upon any information within their possession or that shall come into their possession and to settle an account on the valuation so made by them for the taxes penalties and interest due the Commonwealth thereon with the right to the company dissatisfied with any settlement so made against it to appeal therefrom in the manner provided by law and in the event of the neglect or refusal of the officers of any corporation company joint-stock association or limited partnership to make the report and appraisement to the Auditor General as herein provided on or before the last day of March following the month of January in which said report is due to be filed it shall be the duty of the Auditor General and State Treasurer to estimate a valuation of such defaulting corporation company joint-stock association or limited partnership and settle an account for taxes penalty and interest thereon from which settlement there shall be no right of appeal And provided further That the first report made under the provisions of this act shall cover the period from the date of which the last report was required to the date required under the provisions of this act and the accounting officers shall settle the tax for the period for which tax remains unsettled and unpaid at the rate provided by law

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. SPANGLER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 1, line 6, by striking out the word "of" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "to"

Amend section 1, line 18, by striking out the single quote before the word 'An and inserting in lieu thereof a double quote "An

Amend section 1, line 19, by striking out the single quote after the word taxation' and inserting in lieu thereof a double quote taxation"

Amend section 1, line 21, by inserting after the word "all" the word "of"

Amend section 1, line 27, by inserting before the word "Section a double quote

Amend section 1, line 87, by inserting after the word "report" the word "herein"

Amend section 1, line 89, by striking out the word "on" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "an"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendments?

They were agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The title was read as follows:

An Act further amending an act entitled "An Act to provide increased revenues for the purpose of relieving the burden of local taxation being supplementary to an act entitled 'An Act to provide revenue by taxation' approved sixth section of an act supplementary thereto which became a law on the first day of June Anno Domini one thousand sixteenth twentieth twenty-first twenty-fifth and twenty-sixth sections of an act supplementary thereto which became a law on the first day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine entitled 'A further supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to provide revenue by taxation' approved the seventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine' and providing for greater uniformity of taxation by taxing all the property of corporations limited partnerships and joint-stock associations having capital stock at the rate of five mills on each dollars of its actual value' approved the eighth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one" and regulating the making of certain reports and a statement to the Auditor General for the purposes of taxation

On the question,

Will the House agree to the title?

Mr. SPANGLER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.

Mr. SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend title, line 2, by striking out the word "burden" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "burdens"

Amend title, line 11, by striking out the single quote before the word 'An, and inserting in lieu thereof a double quote "An

Amend title, line 12, by striking out the single quote after tion' and inserting in lieu thereof a double quote tion"

Amend title, line 14, by inserting after the word "all" the word "of"

Amend title, line 17, by striking out the single quote after the word value' and inserting in lieu thereof a double quote value"

Amend title, line 19, by striking out the double quote after the word "ninety-one"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendments?

They were agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the title as amended?

It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to as amended,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 780, entitled:

A Supplement to an act entitled "An Act providing for the election of a borough controller in all boroughs of this Commonwealth prescribing the qualifications powers and duties thereof and abolishing the office of borough auditors in said boroughs" approved the twelfth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen prescribing certain additional duties of said controller the audit by him of the accounts of all officers of the borough the filing of his report in the office of the prothonotary the surcharge of any officer by him the entry of judgment against any officer upon said report the method by which the controller may obtain evidence before him making persons guilty of false testimony before him guilty of perjury providing for appeals by the borough or taxpayers or officers from the controller's report of audit to the court of common pleas and thence to the Superior and Supreme Courts prescribing the method of disposition of appeals fixing the amount of the bond and regulating the salary of the borough controller

The first section was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That in every borough of this Commonwealth in which there shall be a controller acting under the provisions of the act to which this is a supplement the said controller shall annually audit settle and adjust the accounts for the immediately preceding fiscal year and for any preceding fiscal year the accounts of any officer for which have not previously been audited settled and adjusted of the burgess members of council treasurer collector or borough taxes street commissioner and other officers of the borough whether elected or appointed and shall finish said audit settlement and adjustment and file in the office of the prothonotary of the county in which such borough may be situated a report thereof within sixty days after the beginning of the current fiscal year setting forth an itemized statement of the charges against and credits of said officers and any balance or surcharge against them and any member of council voting for or any burgess approving any illegal or improper measure shall be surchargable in said audit with any loss resulting from such measure any balance or surcharge against any such officer shall be entered by the prothonotary as a judgment against him unless he shall appeal from said report as hereinafter provided

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. EVANS. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 1, line 9, by striking out the word "for"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The second section was read as follows:

Section 2 That the controller of any borough shall have the same power and authority to obtain the attendance before him of parties and witnesses and the production of books and papers and to administer oaths and affirmations as are given by law to country and township auditors and all persons guilty of swearing or affirming falsely before him shall be liable to the penalty and pains of perjury

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. EVANS. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 2, line 5, by striking out the word "country" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "county"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The third section was read as follows:

Section 3 That it shall be lawful for the borough or any taxpayer thereof on its behalf or any officer against whom any sum shall be charged in said report of audit to appeal therefrom to the court of common pleas of said county within thirty days after the same shall be filed in the prothonotary's office the appeal to be filed to the same number and term in which the report has been filed

Provided That if the appellant be a taxpayer or any officer charged as aforesaid he shall file a bond with one or more sufficient sureties conditioned to pay all costs thereafter accruing in case a decision more favorable to the party on whose behalf of the appeal shall be taken than that contained in the report of audit shall not be obtained

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. EVANS. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 3, line 12, by striking out the word "of"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The fourth, fifth, sixth and seventh sections were separately read and agreed to, as follows:

Section 4 That in case any appeal shall be taken as aforesaid the same may be placed upon the argument list of said court by either party testimony and evidence as to the accounts of any such officer may be taken before the said court or by depositions as the court may direct in the course of which the said accounts may be investigated de novo but the figures and facts found and stated by the controller in his report of audit shall be taken as prima facie correct as against any officer whose accounts are in question and the burden shall be upon each officer whose accounts are in question of establishing the credits to which he shall be entitled

Section 5 That after argument of said appeal the court shall file its conclusions of fact and law and answers to any request and enter judgment in accordance therewith in favor of and against the proper parties Provided That after argument the court may direct an issue to be tried by a jury as to any specific disputed questions of fact appeals may be taken by any person interested to the Superior or Supreme Court from any such judgment of the court of common pleas in the same way that appeals are now authorized by law to be taken from rulings or decisions of the court of common pleas made in appeals from settlements or reports of borough or township auditors

Section 6 That when any appeal to the court of common pleas shall be taken as aforesaid by the borough or any officer charged in said report with any sum of money any taxpayer thereof may come into court and intervene in said appeal and on behalf of the borough may cause the same to be prosecuted to final judgment in the same manner and with the same effect as the borough authorities could do Provided That such taxpayer shall at the time of intervening file in said court a bond with one or more sufficient sureties conditioned to indemnify the borough from all costs that may accrue by reason of such intervention subsequently thereto Collection of any judgment against any borough officer entered by virtue of a controller's report of audit or in the course of an appeal therefrom may be enforced against such officer and his sureties by the borough or any taxpayer thereof on its behalf by any appropriate proceeding executionary or otherwise

Section 7 That when more than one appeal from a controller's report of audit shall have been taken whether by the borough a borough officer or officers or a taxpayer or any or all of them the court of common pleas shall upon petition of any party interested direct the several appeals to be disposed of in a single proceeding

The eighth section was read as follows:

Section 8 That every borough controller shall retain in his possession during the thirty days period elapsing between the date of filing his report and the expiration of the time for filing appeal therefrom all books documents vouchers checks and other papers which have been produced before him in the course of his audit of the accounts of borough officers and if any appeal shall be taken shall continue to hold the same for production in the proceeding to determine the appeal

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. EVANS. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 8, line 4, by inserting after the word "filing" the word "the"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The ninth and tenth sections and title were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 9 That the bond of every borough controller shall be in a sum not less than the amount of money probably to be expended by the borough during the current fiscal year and he may be compelled to justify said bond both as to the amount thereof and the responsibility of the sureties before the court of common pleas by any taxpayer upon rule upon him to that effect

Section 10 That in boroughs having a population of less than ten thousand and not less than five thousand the salary of the controller shall not exceed seven hundred and fifty dollars in boroughs having a population of less than five thousand and not less than two thousand five hundred the salary of the controller shall not exceed five hundred dollars in boroughs having a population of less than two thousand five hundred the salary of the controller shall not exceed three hundred dollars

A Supplement to an act entitled "An Act providing for the election of a borough controller in all boroughs of this Commonwealth prescribing the qualifications powers and duties thereof and abolishing the office of borough auditors in said boroughs" approved the twelfth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen prescribing certain additional duties of said controller the audit by him of the accounts of all officers of the borough the filing of his report in the office of the prothonotary the surcharge of any officer by him the entry of judgment against any officer upon said report the method by which the controller may obtain evidence before him making persons guilty of false testimony before him guilty of perjury providing for appeals by the borough or taxpayers or officers from the controller's report of audit to the court of common pleas and thence to the Superior and Supreme Courts prescribing the method of disposition of appeals giving certain rights to taxpayers in connection with said appeals fixing the amount of the bond and regulating the salary of the borough controller

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 880 (Senate Bill No. 305), entitled:

An Act relating to appeals from the reports of auditors of boroughs townships and poor districts

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 910, entitled:

An Act to establish and regulate the fees to be received and charged by the prothonotatry of the cours of common pleas of this Commonwealth in counties having over eight hundred thousand and less than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants according to the last preceding United States census

The first section was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatievs of the Comonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by authority of the same That the fees to be received by the prothonotary of the courts of common pleas of this Commonwealth in counties having over eight hundred thousand and less than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants according to the last preceding United States census shall be as follows

Action in Assumpsit

Entering issuing writ or alias writ and entering sheriff's return one dollar and twenty-five cents

All other docket entries before filing of pleas or entering judgment two dollars

Filing of plea or entering judgment one dollar

Action in Trespass

Entering issuing writ or alias writ of summons or capias ad respondendum and entering sheriff's return one dollar and twenyt-five cents

All other docket entries before filing of pleas or entering judgment two dollars

Filing of pleas or entering judgment one dollar

Adoption

Entering petition docketing and certificate seventy-five cents

Appeals

To Supreme and Superior Courts and bond thereon with justification three dollars

From alderman justice of the peace and county court one dollar nad fifty cents

Receiving and entering appeal from an award of arbitrators taking recognizance and affidavit one dollar

Receiving and entering appeal from board of viewers or assessors one dollar and twenty-five cents

Receiving and entering appeals from recount of election returns two dollars

Arbitrators

Entering of rule to choose fifty cents

Entering of rule to refer fifty cents

Assignments

Noting docketing and indexing sixty cents

Attachment

Attachment execution domestic attachment foreign attachment and under the act of one thousand eight hundred and sixty-nine filing docketing and issuing writ one dollar and twenty-five cents

Subsequent docket entries prior to judgment two dollars

Issuing attachment in contempt and motion thereof each name one dollar and twenty-five cents

Issuing attachment for defaulting witness fifty cents

Issuing attachment for defaulting jury fifty cents

Bail

Bail piece one dollar

Bail for stay entry and certificate one dollar

Receiving and care of cash deposit in lieu of surety two per cent on the first five hundred dollars and one per cent on any additional amount

Certificate

Certifying record and seal fifty cents

Issuing certificate of appointment of commissioner fifty cents

Issuing certificate of appointment of master fifty cents

Issuing certificate of appointment of auditor fifty cents

Issuing certificate of no appeal one dollar

Issuing certificate of no liens for each five years or fraction thereof one dollar

Issuing certificate of liens for each five years or fraction thereof one dollar and twenty cents for each lien unsatisfied

Issuing certificate of no suits for each five years or fraction thereof one dollar

Certificate of commission to notary alderman and justice of the peace fifty cents

Certified copy or order of court for each page or fraction thereof thirty cents

Certificate and seal fifty cents

Issuing certified copy of docket entry one dollar and fifty cents

Issuing certificate authorizing the collection of birds nests or eggs for scientific purposes one dollar

Entering certificate of judgment against boroughs townships and school districts rendered by a justice or alderman fifty cents

Certiorari

Issuing writ and all proceedings thereon three dollars and seventy-five cents

Case Stated

Filing and docketing one dollar and twenty-five cents

All subsequent entries three dollars

Change of Name

Filing and docketing petition two dollars

Charter

Filing corporate charter petition for change of corporate name or alteration or amendment of charter for merger and all proceedings thereon five dollars and seventy-five cents

Citation

Filing and docketing petition issuing writ and return thereon one dollar and twenty-five cents

Docketing all further proceedings two dollars

Commission

Commission to take testimony docketing and entering thereon one dollar and twenty-five cents

Commission de lunatico inquirendo filing and docketing petition one dollar and twenty-five cents

Commission in partition and entering return one dollar and twenty-five cents

Condemnation of Property

Filing and docketing petition bond order of court and all subsequent docket entries four dollars and seventy-five cents

Contract

Filing and docketing building contract one dollar and twenty-five cents

Depositions

Entry of rule fifty cents

Dissolution

Of charter or partnership filing and docketing all proceedings thereon five dollars and twenty-five cents

Divorce

Filing and docketing libel issuing subpoena and entering sheriff's return one dollar and twenty-five cents
Issuing alias subpoena and entering sheriff's return one dollar and twenty-five cents
All subsequent docket entries including certified copy of decree three dollars and fifty cents

Election

Filing election returns custody of and delivery of same to returning board entering official returns in election docket each district one dollar
To be paid by the county
Reporting and certifying election of justice of the peace and all county State and other officers whose election is required to be reported and certified to the Secretary of the Commonwealth each officer certified fifty cents
To be paid by the county
Certificate of appointment of election officers one dollar and seventy-five cents
Petition to open ballot box filing and docketing and certified copy of order one dollar and seventy-five cents

Ejectment

Issuing writ and entering sheriff's return one dollar and twenty-five cents
Indexing and all subsequent docket entries prior to plea two dollars and twenty-five cents
Filing plea or entering judgment thereon one dollar

Equity

Filing of bill one dollar and twenty-five cents

Escheat

Entry and docketing proceedings five dollars

Estrepment

Issuing of writ one dollar and twenty-five cents

Exemplification

Record from other county filing and entering the same one dollar and twenty-five cents

Feme Sole Trader

Petition docketing and all services thereunder four dollars and seventy-five cents

Fieri Facias

Issuing and docketing writ and entering sheriff's return seventy-five cents
Issuing and docketing testatum fieri facias and entering sheriff's return seventy-five cents
Docketing and indexing testatum fieri facias from other county one dollar and twenty-five cents

Financial Statement

Filing and docketing one dollar and twenty-five cents

Guardian

Filing and docketing petition and all subsequent proceedings including certificate of appointment four dollars and seventy-five cents

Habeas Corpus

Issuing writ one dollar and twenty-five cents

Habere Facias

Issuing writ docketing and entering sheriff's return seventy-five cents

Habitual Drunkards

Filing and docketing petition and all subsequent proceedings four dollars and seventy-five cents

Injunction

Writ for preliminary injunction one dollar and twenty-five cents

Inquiry

Issuing of writ one dollar and twenty-five cents

Insolvency

Filing petition docketing and all subsequent proceedings four dollars and seventy-five cents

Judgment

Docketing and indexing confessed judgments one dollar and twenty-five cents
Entering satisfaction thereon fifty cents

Judges Detailment of

Entry of order and certificate two dollars
To be paid by the county

Levari Facias

Issuing writ docketing and entering sheriff's return seventy-five cents

Lien

Release postponement restriction satisfaction or discontinuance fifty cents

Lists

Preparing files and records for cases on trial list each case twenty-five cents
To be paid by the county
Preparing trial or argument list each case twenty-five cents
To be paid by the county

Lunacy

Filing and docketing petition and all subsequent entries therein four dollars and seventy-five cents

Mandamus

Filing docketing petition issuing writ and entering return and all other services four dollars and seventy-five cents

Mechanics' Lien

Entering docketing and indexing one dollar and twenty-five cents

Mortatges Satisfaction Thereof

Filing docketing petition and all subsequent proceedings including certificate four dollars and seventy-five cents

Municipal Lien

Entering docketing and indexing one dollar and twenty-five cents

Naturalization

Duplicate copy of naturalization papers one dollar

Oath of Office

Filing and docketing one dollar and seventy-five cents

Overseers of Election

Filing petition for appointment one dollar and twenty-five cents
Each certificate fifty cents

Party Name

Filing docketing nad certificate for preemption of party name three dollars and seventy-five cents

Perpetuating Testimony

Filing and docketing petition one dollar and twenty-five cents
Entering order of court thereon and recording the same three dollars

Partition

Filing docketing and issuing writ of summons and entering sheriff's returns one dollar and twenty-five cents
Subsequent docket entries prior to judgment two dollars
Entry of judgment therein one dollar
Writ de partitone faciendo one dollar and twenty-five cents

Petition

Filing petition for oral examination as to title of property one dollar
Filing and docketing any petition not herein specifically provided for two dollars and fifty cents

Possession

Entry issuing writ and return thereon one dollar and twenty-five cents

Quo Warranto

Filing and docketing petition issuing writ and all further proceednigs thereon two dollars and fifty cents

Receipt

Entering or issuing fifty cents

Registration and Certificate

Partnership physicians veterinaries dentists and stallions one dollar

Remittitur

Entering the same from Supreme or Superior Courts one dollar

Replevin

Entry issuing writ and all services prior to judgment three dollars and twenty-five cents
Issuing writ or returno habendo seventy-five cents

Reports

Report to county commissioner of every judgment or lien assignment or satisfaction thereof each ten cents
Not to exceed six hundred dollars per annum
Entering report of treasurer and acknowledgeing treasurer's deed one dollar and fifty cents

School Auditor

Docketing order of appointment one dolalr and twenty-five cents
Each certificate issued fifty cents
Entry of auditors official oath fifty cents
Entry of report of school auditors docket for each page of report thirty cents

School Directors

Docketing order of appointment and certificates thereof in districts of the first class two dollars

Scire Facias

Sur mortgage filing docketing issuing writ certificate to recorder entering on scire facias and entering sheriff's return one dollar and seventy-five cents
Alias writ one dollar and twenty-five cents
All other writs of scire facias and alias writs filing docketing issuing indexing and entering sheriff's return one dollar and twenty-five cents

Suggestion of Freehold

Entry and certificate one dollar

Subpoena

Issuing of twenty-five cents

Tax Lien

Filing and entering each fifty cents
Satisfaction of each fifty cents
Filing and entering where special dockets are required and indexing on judgment index each one dollar and twenty-five cents
Filing and entering suggestion and everment of unpaid tax or municipal claim and indexing judgment docket one dollar

Transcribing

Any paper or record per page or fraction thereof thirty cents

Transcript

Docketing and indexing transcript from alderman justice of the peace and county court one dollar and twenty-five cents

Venditioni Exponas

Issuing writ and entering sheriff's return seventy-five cents

Verdict

Verdict fee and indexing in judgment docket four dollars

Viewers

Docketing petition one dollar and twenty-five cents
Issuing precept one dollar and twenty-five cents
All subsequent docket entries three dollars
Certified copy of report three dollars

Workhouse Release

Making out petition and certificate one dollar
The fees hereinbefore enumerated shall be exclusive of any State tax now levied or that may hereafter be levied

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. McVICAR. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 1, line 50, by striking out the word "jury" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "juror"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The second, third and fourth sections and title were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 2 The fees for docketing entering filing or performing any other services authorized by law or rule of court the services of which are not herein provided for the prothonotary shall receive the same official fees as for similar services herein provided for
Section 3 The prothonotary shall not be required to perform any service whatsoever until the requisite fee is paid as herein provided
Section 4 All acts or parts of acts general special and local inconsistent with or supplied by the provisions of this act are hereby repealed
An Act to establish and regulate the fees to be received and charged by the prothonotary of the courts of common pleas of this Commonwealth in counties having over eight hundred thousand and less than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants according to the last preceding United States census

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 818 (Senate Bill No. 88), entitled:

An Act relating to the competency of witnesses and to the rules of evidence in proceedings arising from the exercise of the right of eminent domain

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 867, as follows:

An Act conferring authority upon the commissioners of the counties respectively within this Commonwealth to appropriate money for the maintenance of such indigent residents of the county as may be patients in a hospital or sanitorium of any district in the county which has been erected and equipped according to plans and specifications approved by the Department of Health of Pennsylvania
Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That whenever there shall have been established in any poor district of any county of this Commonwealth a hospital or sanitorium for the treatment therein of indigent persons suffering from tuberculosis which said hospital or sanitorium has been erected and equipped in accordance with plans and specifications approved by the Department of Health of the State of Pennsylvania it shall be lawful for the commissioners of such county and they are hereby authorized and empowered to appropriate out of the funds of such county to such poor districts so much money as may be necessary for the maintenance of indigent persons residents of the county who may be inmates of such hospital or sanitorium and under treatment for tuberculosis
Section 2 That such appropriation shall not exceed for each of such indigent inmates the sum of ten ($10) dollars per week payable every three months at the end of the period
Section 3 That the commissioners of each county at all times shall have free access to such hospital or sanitorium for inspection of its management and for ascertainment of the number of indigent persons receiving treatment therein

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1048, as follows:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act providing that in all counties having more than five hundred thousand inhabitants advertisements and notices required by law or rules of court to be published in newspapers of general circulation unless dispensed with by special order of court shall be published in the legal newspaper issued at least weekly of the proper county designated by rules of court for the publication of court or other legal notices" approved May third one thousand nine hundred and nine so as to include all counties having more than one hundred thousand population
Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section one of an act entitled "An Act provided that in all counties having more than five hundred thousand inhabitants advertisements and notices required by law or rules of court to be published in newspapers of general circulation unless dispensed with by special order of court shall be published in the legal newspaper issued at least weekly of the proper county designated by rules of court for the publication of court or other legal notices" approved the third day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine which reads as follows

"Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That hereafter in all counties of the Commonwealth having more than five hundred thousand inhabitants every notice or advertisement required by law or rules of court to be published in one or more newspapers of general circulation unless dispensed with by special order of court shall also be published in the legal newspaper issued at least weekly in said county designated by rules of court for the publication of court or other legal notices if such newspaper exists Publication in such legal newspaper shall be made as often as required to be made in such newspapers in general circulation and shall be subject to the same stipulations and regulations as those imposed for the like service upon all newspapers Provided That nothing herein contained shall be construed to require the publication in such legal newspapers of municipal ordinances mercantile appraisers' notices advertising for bids for contracts for public work or lists of delinquent taxpayers" is amended so as to read as follows

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That hereafter in all counties of the Commonwealth having more than one hundred thousand inhabitants every notice or advertisement required by law or rules of court to be published in one or more newspapers of general circulation unless dispensed with by special order of court shall also be published in the legal newspaper issued at least weekly in said county designated by rules

of court for the publication of court or other legal notice if such newspaper exists Publication in such legal newspaper shall be made as often as required to be made in such newspapers in general circulation and shall be subject to the same stipulations and regulations as those imposed for the like services upon all newspapers This act does not require the publication in such legal newspapers of municipal ordinances mercantile appraisers' ntoices advertising for bids for contracts for public work or lists of delinquent taxpayers

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1130, entitled:

An Act regulating the legal business of the State government and the employment of attorneys therefor defining the duties of the various departments bureaus boards and commissions in relation thereto

And said bill having been read at length the second time

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1131, entitled:

An Act reorganizing the Attorney Generals Department designating the officers and employes thereof and fixing their salaries

And said bill having been read at length the second time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1080 (Senate No. 438), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the tenth day of June one thousand eight hundred eighty-one entitled "An Act to enable mothers in certain cases to appoint testamentary guardians" by extending certain rights to mothers

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1117 (Senate No. 430), entitled:

An Act relative to the holding of magistrates courts in cities of the first class

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1108, entitled:

An Act to validate acts done and conveyances made by or to corporations after letters patent are issued and before the recording of their charters

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1105, entitled:

An Act authorizing Jennie Clay Swogger administratrix of the estate of Lawrence L. Swogger deceased late a citizen of Lawrence county Pennsylvania to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1118 (Senate No. 431), entitled:

An Act relative to the powers of magistrates in cities of the first class

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1134, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-sixth day of April one thousand eight hundred eighty-three entitled "An Act relative to the eligibility of candidates for the office of district attorney"

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 817 (Senate No. 105), entitled:

An Act to avoid delay in the administration of justice by fixing a time within which decisions in certain question and matters shall be rendered by judges and requiring certain certificates from Judges before their salaries shall be paid

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 225, entitled:

An Act defining fraternal benefit societies and their status authorizing such societies to create subordinate lodges and to pay benefits upon the sickness disability or death of their members from funds collected and regulating such benefits providing for the organization of such societies and for the licensing supervision regulation and examination by the Insurance Commissioner and for the admission of foreign societies Designating tables of mortality to be used and establishing a standard of solvency Requiring all societies to make annual reports and all foreign societies to appoint the Insurance Commissioner as attorney for service of process Providing penalties for any violations of the act Exempting certain societies from its provisions and requiring beneficial associations other than fraternal benefit societies to report to and be supervised by the Insurance Commissioner and repealing existing laws

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1010, entitled:

An Act to further amend an act approved the third day of June one thousand eight hundred niney-five entitled "An Act authorizing the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to rebuild county bridges over navigable rivers and other streams which have been declared public highways by Act of Assembly where such bridges have been destroyed by flood fire or other casualty providing for the appointment of viewers and inspectors and the payment of the cost of rebuilding such bridges

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. E. E. JONES. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to offer amendments at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The Clerk then read the amendments as follows:

Amend title, line 6, by striking out the word "act" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "Act"

Amend section 1, line 8, by striking out the word "act" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "Act"

Amend section 1, line 20, by striking out the word "act" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "Act"

Amend section 1, line 24, by inserting after the word "bridges" a single quote

Amend section 1, line 24, by inserting before the word "reads" the word "which"

Amend section 1, line 34, by striking out the word "causes" also the single quote and inserting in lieu thereof the word "cause"

Amend section 2, line 6, by inserting after the word "located" a dash

Amend section 2, line 8, by inserting after the word "counties" a dash

Amend section 2, line 8, by striking out the word "courts" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "court"

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to insert the amendments as read? Is there any objection? The Chair hears none and the amendments will be serted in accordance with the instructions of the House.

The Bill as amended was then agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended lie over for printing.

Mr. McVICAR. Mr. Speaker, I desire to call up House Bill No. 437, File Folio 3127 on page five of today's calendar, Bills on Final Passage Postponed.

BILL ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The House resumed the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 437, entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to limit the duration upon real estate of the debts of decedents including the expenses of the settlement of the estate and to provide under what conditions the lien may be continued" approved the third day of May one thousand nine hundred and nine so as to restrict the revival of judgment liens by the death of the debtor to real estate still owned by said decedent at the date of his death

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

RECONSIDERATION OF VOTE.

Mr. McVICAR. Mr. Speaker, I move that the vote by which House Bill No. 437, File Folio 3127, passed on third reading be reconsidered.

Mr. VICKERMAN. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. McVICAR. Mr. Speaker, I move that House Bill No. 437, File Folio 3127, be recommitted to the Committee on Judiciary General for the purpose of amendment.

Mr. WYLIE. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 952, entitled:

An Act providing that it shall be unlawful for any person or persons firm or corporation to have in use upon the public streets alleys and highways of the State of Pennsylvania commencing one hour after sunset and continuing until one hour before sunrise any vehicle or vehicles without being equipped with lights that can be observed from the front and rear of said vehicle and providing penalties for the violation of this act.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. RUDISILL. Mr. Speaker, I desire to ask this House not to pass this bill in its present form as it will be unfair to the farmers of the State. It will be a dead letter and cannot be enforced. It would require the farmer to have a light on every wagon, on his manure spreader, on his hay-rake, on his cart, on his mower and on his binder. It does exempt his wheelbarrow, push-cart and baby carriage. I cannot see, and I cannot understand how it would be possible to have a light of this kind on a farm-wagon on a rough road. It would be impossible to keep a lighted lamp on a wagon of that kind on a rough road, and I submit to this House, that the farm wagon is more important to this State than the automobile. A bill that will hamper and harass the farmer can be nothing but fool legislation, if there is such legislation. Therefore, I want to ask this House to be fair to the farming interests of this State and not pass a bill of this kind.

Mr. H. I. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, there is so much confusion in this House that I am satisfied that the members cannot hear what is going on. I thoroughly agree with what has been said by the gentleman who has preceded me. I think it would be a mistake for any country member to sit idly by while this bill is being considered. I know that in Jefferson County there are plenty of roads that never have an automobile run over them at all. There are months in the year, three or four months at a time, that it would be a positive hardship for men to have to put lights on the back and front of their vehicles, and when it would be simply impossible. Now, I do not think it is necessary to discuss this bill and unless it is put into different shape, I expect and hope that this House will defeat it.

Mr. CROMER. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, I know both sides of this question. They used to come around when I was about thirteen or fourteen years old at four o'clock Monday morning, and say "get up, it is four o'clock, it is Monday morning, to-morrow is Tuesday, and next day is Wednesday, there is half the week gone and you are still in bed." The gentleman who had the floor a moment ago stated that you would have to have a light on your mower, hayrake and spreader. Any farmer who cannot run his machinery in daylight when he has fourteen hours and fifty minutes to work in summer, an hour before the sun comes up in the morning, and an hour after it goes down in the evening must be considerable of a hog or, I should say, very greedy. Now, let me tell you something else, I was raised on a farm. I am in sympathy with the farmer; we all have to go to the farmer for our daily bread, but every time legislation comes up it exempts the farmer. The Workmen's Compensation does not hit the farmer, the Child Labor Law does not hit the farmer. Why, he can work his people fifteen hours a day in the summer, and there is nothing said. A law should hit the farmers once in a while. I own a farm, and I may have to return to it some day and earn an honest living, and if I cannot do it and earn my living there from sun-up to sun-down, why then I do not deserve a living. We should look at the thing fair and square. Has the city man no rights at all? We are entangled with legislation and legislative enactment. We cannot walk five miles into the country without breaking five Federal statutes, the Inter-State Commerce Commission law and tearing our trousers on a trespass sign.

Mr. ROTHENBERGER. Mr. Speaker, I am out three nights in a week. I have a lantern for a light and I want everybody who is on the street to carry a lantern too. I am for the bill.

Mr. LANIUS. Mr. Speaker, this bill is not a new bill by any means. The same bill was introduced at the last two sessions of the Legislature, and was defeated. The principle objection to the bill at that time was that the bill would work a hardship on the farmers of this Commonwealth and that it could not be enforced. Our worthy friend from Allegheny states that he knows both sides of this question, and I desire to say to the House that the gentleman from York also knows both sides of this question. I have lived in the city. I am a farmer's boy and I am proud of it. I live now in a country district. Like my friend from Berks, I also carry lanterns upon every wagon which I use, but I realize that in many instances this bill is impracticable. The gentleman from Allegheny has spoken of the hours allotted to the farmer to carry out his daily quota of work. This bill does not interfere with him in the field. There seems to some misapprehension in the gentleman's mind. It applies to the highway. Now, Mr. Speaker and gentlemen, the day's work is done, the farmer is returning home from one of his fields which lies some distance from his house. He has a mower and a binder if you please; these are wheeled vehicles, and under the provisions of this act he is clearly directed to have a lantern upon all wheeled vehicles. He has not worked until dark, but he is coming home, and it is dusk. An automobilist goes by him, sees that he has no lantern and reports him—a fine is the result. If any gentleman in this House, farmer or otherwise, can show me how you can place a lantern on a four-horse team so that it can be seen from the front and rear I will take off my hat to him. It cannot be done. The lantern is not constructed that will stand the jars and the jolts. The Master of the State Grange, Mr. McSparren, is against this bill. Who are the State Grangers? I admit that the agriculturalist has gotten some exemption, but gentlemen when you take into consideration the fact that he feeds you, that he clothes you, that he houses you, he has got to be protected. And, gentlemen, I am not ashamed to stand here and say that I side with the farmers of the Commonwealth on this great bill. It means some thing to us. We cannot put lanterns on all the wagons we operate. It is a practical impossibility, and this law will be a dead letter. It will stir up much hostility, and how are you going to have healthy legisla-

tion if you cannot get the healthy co-operation of all. Why, gentlemen, discuss this matter at all? It is a matter on which we must be reasonable. We are willing to put lights on such wagons as we can and we are doing it, but do not attempt to harness us like this. Vote this bill down.

Mr. MAURER. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, the farmers of this State have no more loyal supporter of their great farming interests than I. I do not rise to speak in the interest of this measure and wish to be understood as being antagonistic to the farming interest. Like some of the other speakers, I also chance to have the experience of living in the country. I can hardly understand why a farmer should oppose this measure. It is purely a safety measure. The farmer, in traveling through the country at this age, I should think would want this provision without an act of this kind. We are not living in the age that our grandfathers did. This is an age of the interurban lines and the trolley lines and encircling our entire State and the automobile. Now I chance to know from actual experience. During the summer months I like to put as much time in the country as I can possibly spare and I have had the opportunity of witnessing some accidents on a road with a sharp bend on it. An automobile comes around and the team coming in the opposite direction, the automobile light will not follow up the road and the automobilist will be upon the team before he can see it, due to the fact that there is no light on the team. This bill, however, was not inspired by automobilists. The bill was inspired by the trolley men of this State. The trouble with the trolley men, in going through the country districts, is that they strike sharp curves and the light will not follow the curves, the rays of the light, and before they can see ahead of them they run into the team, and that means thirty or sixty or ninety days suspension for the motorman. There is no excuse for him running into the team even though he could see it, and the motormen sometimes are discharged if the wreck is serious and sometimes brought into court and charged with manslaughter; yet it is purely excusable on their part because they could not see ahead. If there was a light on the team, notwithstanding the fact that the headlight throws the light in the opposite direction when going around a sharp curve, they could have seen the light on the wagon and prevented this accident; and as the common law now stands the party run into has all the law and the one that runs into them is the guilty one in the eyes of the law. This merely provides that they shall have a light on the vehicle.

As to the arguments that our friend down there produced that they finish their work in the fields and take their machines to the barn, that they would have to have a light, why the bill provides that for one hour after sunset and one hour before sunrise in the morning they do not have the light; therefore, the farmer working in the fields after sunset and starting home after sunset has one whole hour before the law applies to him and one hour in the morning before the law applies.

I repeat that I do not want to be understood as doing a single thing that would harass the farmers, because they are my best friends and always have been, and I fought many a battle for the farmers throughout the State, and if I thought for a minute that it would work a hardship or injustice to the farmer I certainly would oppose it. I think it will be a bill that will be more beneficial to the farmer than to any one else and I hope therefore that the bill will pass.

Mr. LANIUS. Mr. Speaker, I desire to interrogate the gentleman from Berks, Mr. Maurer.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Berks permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. MAURER. Mr. Speaker, yes sir.

Mr. LANIUS. Mr. Speaker, did I understand the gentleman from Berks to say that after the hour has been reached, included in the provisions of this bill, the time shall have arrived and the farmer should stop work———

Mr. MAURER. Mr. Speaker, the bill provides for one hour after sunset and one hour before sunrise.

Mr. LANIUS. Mr. Speaker, I would like to ask the gentleman whether he is positive that dusk or darkness comes one hour after sunset in the summer time, the farming season? Isn't it true that twilight intervenes for the space of an hour and a quarter and yet it is after sunset?

Mr. MAURER. Mr. Speaker, in this part of the country it does not consume that length of time.

Mr. LANIUS. Mr. Speaker, I would like to interrogate the gentleman from Berks further.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Berks permit himself to be further interrogated?

Mr. MAURER. Mr. Speaker, yes sir.

Mr. LANIUS. Mr. Speaker, I should like to ask the gentleman from Berks whether he is aware that in some agricultural districts when the moon is bright the farmers go out at night time to mow their grass; lay off in the warm of the day so that the horses are not overworked?

Mr. MAURER. If it is a moonlight night and the farmer is on his way home with his machinery I do not think any one should have a very good case in court if he arrested that farmer for not having a light.

Mr. LANIUS. Mr. Speaker, I would like to interrogate the gentleman from Berks further.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman from York desires to further interrogate the gentleman from Berks. Will he permit himself to be further interrogated?

Mr. MAURER. Mr. Speaker, yes sir, keep right on.

Mr. LANIUS. Mr. Speaker, I would like to ask the gentleman how the farmer would escape the provisions of this act if he returned from a field distant from his house after sunset, after night fall, if you please, with a mower or binder; would he be amendable to this act or not?

Mr. MAURER. Mr. Speaker, I would like the gentleman to please repeat his question. I did not quite catch it.

Mr. LANIUS. Mr. Speaker, if a man is returning from his field after sunset or after dark, if you please, a man has gone there in the dark of the evening to get his hay ladders home at ten o'clock; would he, under the provisions of this act, be amenable under this act or not?

Mr. MAURER. Mr. Speaker, in the dark?

Mr. LANIUS. Mr. Speaker, in the dark.

Mr. MAURER. Mr. Speaker, any man who takes a mower or piece of agricultural machinery out on the public highway at this stage, with the automobiles and trolley cars, and drive such a machine along the public highways in utter darkness, he positively should be arrested and he certainly would come under the provisions of this act. If he did not, I would oppose the act.

Mr. LANIUS. Mr. Speaker, I would like to ask the gentleman which should have the preference—the man out for pleasure or the man earning his daily toll if he should meet with an automobile?

Mr. MAURER. My answer to my friend is that we cannot discriminate. We have to see to the safety and welfare of the public.

Mr. DELL. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of this House, it had been my aim to keep quite and keep off the floor during this session, but when my good friend, the gentleman from Allegheny arises and dubs the farmers of this great Commonwealth as hogs I cannot stand it any longer. The gentleman surely has forgotten that the time is here when farm labor is very scarce; when it is almost impossible for the farmer to secure hands to do his labor at the busy season of the year. He certainly forgets, also, that at certain seasons of the year the season is very unseasonable. Last fall all over this great Commonwealth it was impossible to get the grain set out at the proper time. Then when the season did come the farmers had to do co-operative work. I know of a case where my brother went five miles with his grain drill to help a fellow-neighbor to put his crop in and they worked as long as they could see, without going for their suppers, in order to set out the crop and provide a harvest for this coming season. They would go in and get their suppers and then, according to the provisions of this bill, my brother or your brother or no other farmer would be permitted to haul his grain drill home that night in order to be able to use it at some other place the next day. This kind of legislation is vicious, and I want to say further, Mr. Speaker, that the promise was made, practically made in the committee that if this bill were permitted to come out of the committee it would be so amended as to eliminate farm machinery. Upon that understanding the bill came out of the committee and only yesterday we were promised that the bill

would be amended so as to eliminate farm machinery and here it is this morning, fighting to get it through, and exempting nothing but a baby cart, a wheelbarrow and a hay ladder. This is a piece of legislation that ought not to go through. The gentleman surely does not understand that the farmers must work as long as they are able to work and then they have to go to their homes in the evening. Besides that a farmer who goes to the farms of other farmers and is working there with them and wants to leave to go to work for the other farmers, he could not take his grain drill, his hay rake or mower home without being subjected to prosecution. It is not what the court would say on it. It is not the construction the court would make on a bill of this kind. The question is, it would be a violation of the law and this bill ought to be voted down.

Mr. BROSIUS. Mr. Speaker, I do not want to take the time of the House to argue on this question. I will say this: That I am opposed to the bill in its present form. I think this bill could be made a good bill if it was recommitted to the committee and several amendments made to it. In its present form I will have to vote against it. If it is up to the House to vote on this bill I hope that the bill will be voted down unless amendments are made to the bill.

Mr. HORTON. Mr. Speaker, as a member of the Committee on Public Roads and as chairman of the sub-committee to which this bill, or two other bills, rather, were submitted, we took into conference the two sponsors of these bills. We took out the good qualities which we thought would be a good thing and we merged them both into one bill; and, of course, we gave the farmer very due consideration as you will notice that the penalty is only two dollars. Now then, Mr. Speaker, if the hay rake or mowing machine or reaper or harrow or sulky plow, etc., comes under the provisions of this bill then it is wrong; but if they are not considered vehicles it is right. Therefore I ask you to stand by this bill and vote for it.

Mr. CROMER. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, I desire to reply to the gentleman from Huntingdon. I speak from some farming experience that I have had and I want to say that I have always stood for justice towards all men. I believe in justice being tempered with mercy and I think it should always be tempered with mercy when it applies to women and children and even domestic animals should have some consideration. Now, in my way, the gentlemen know that I speak on the impulse of the moment. I do not write out my thoughts in advance. I speak what comes into my mind at the time and I used a term that was not very elegant and after reflection I regret that I used it. I should have used the term "greedy." Now, I know so much about agriculture—I got my early education on the farm—why don't you interrogate me if you want to know something about farming. Under the provisions of this bill a farmer has seventeen hours to use his agriculture machinery and surely his horses that he drives will need seven hours rest out of the twenty-four.

Furthermore, the farmer does not use the public highway in returning from his fields after dark. Now, listen further. The farmer drives back across his own fields and can do anything he wants in his own fields. He simply drives through his own fields, and it won't apply to agricultural machinery, but simply to that on a public highway.

Mr. DELL. Mr. Speaker, I desire to interrogate the gentlemen from Allegheny.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Allegheny, Mr. Cromer, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. CROMER. Mr. Speaker, with pleasure.

Mr. DELL. Mr. Speaker, I desire to ask the gentleman the question, that a farmer's land lies on both sides of a public highway, his buildings at one end of the farm a mile long, and there is only one row of fields on each side of the public highway, and they are hilly fields, and the road runs along between the two rows of fields, would he compel that gentleman to drive along the side of the hill and keep off the public highway? The gentleman certainly does not realize what he is saying.

Mr. CROMER. Mr. Speaker, I wish to reply to the gentleman from Huntingdon,—if he knows anything about farming he knows that the man will simply leave his machinery in the field until the next day. Some leave it out all winter.

Mr. DELL. Mr. Speaker, I desire to further interrogate the gentleman.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Allegheny permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. CROMER. Mr. Speaker, again I reply, with pleasure.

Mr. DELL. Mr. Speaker, does not the gentleman know that every practical farmer never lets his machinery stand in the field? If he does, under general circumstances, he takes a chance upon a thunder storm, or upon a rain coming up, and it may have to stand there for two days. The practical business, up to date farmer invariably puts his machinery in the dry when night comes, and I appeal to the members of this House if that is not true. He farmed forty years ago, not now.

Mr. CROMER. Mr. Speaker, I wish to reply to the gentleman by stating that I have a great many relatives who are farmers, right here in Franklin County nearby, and in Fulton County, who are relatives, and splendid men and they know how to farm. They can get their machinery in,—do all their work and get their machinery in the barn before nine o'clock, and if he does that he can get it in in less than an hour after sundown.

Mr. BARNETT. Mr. Speaker, I believe this will work an unnecessary annoyance, impertinence and would be considered a hinrdance in the rural districts, especially among the farmers. The farmers are the bone and sinew of our country, and ought to be left without any unnecessary obstacles in any way. The farmer as a rule is a careful man, he goes cautiously. He is not tied down to eight hours a day, or ten hours a day, or twelve hours a day. His work comes by spells and very hard when it does come. Often he goes eighteen to twenty hours a day, every once in a while. I have done it myself and lots of them do it, and they have occasion to move out on the public highway during the hours of the night, when it is dark as pitch and twice as nasty, but he goes all the same. It is not the farmer that does the mischief on the highway; it s the other fellow that does the mischief. It's like this. A near-sighted man and a cross-eyed man bumped into each other on the street. The cross-eyed man said to the near-sighted man, "If you would look where you are going you would not run into a body that way," and the near-sighted man said to the cross-eyed man, "If you would go where you are looking, you would not run into a body that way."

It is not the farmer that runs into the other fellow, it is the other fellow that runs into the farmer. The farmer goes where he is looking, but the other fellow too often does not look where he is going, and if you make the other fellow put a lantern on his vehicle, or bells on his vehicle, or anything else you have a mind to, he might go carefully and the other people will know to keep out of his way, but do not put any unnecessary burdens on the farmer.

Mr. BUNGARD. Mr. Speaker, I did not intend to say anything upon this bill, put this question is so important that I shall not prevail upon myself to hold my voice. I am a farmer boy. In order to answer the honorable gentleman, Mr. Maurer, let us legislate these trolley companies to put crosseyed headlights on their trolley cars and they can see going around a curve and would not run into a farmer. He also said they would run into horses. Surely we do not want to hang lights on the horses' noses. On the other hand, to satisfy the argument of the other honorable gentleman relative to legislating the farmer, nail up his barns, close up the barn doors, put a pad lock on him; then lock yourself into a room somewhere, and starve yourself and feed yourself on brick dust, in answer to my honorable friend, Mr. Cromer. Gentlemen, let us vote this iniquitous bill down. It is unfair to the best men of our country, our farmers.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—48.

Adams,	Habgood,	Mearkle,	Steedle,
Arnold,	Haggerty,	Murdoch,	Stone,
Arthur,	Hamilton,	Murphy,	Sullivan,
Becker,	Howarth,	Myers,	Thomas,
Benn,	Hubler,	Oaks,	Vickerman,
Cromer,	Jones, W. W.,	Pickering,	Vogdes,
Dodds,	Kaiser,	Reynolds,	Wagner,
Drinkhouse,	Lauler,	Rothenberger,	Wettach,
Ehrhardt,	Mangan,	Schaeffer,	Whitten,
Finnerty,	Mather,	Shaaber,	Wood,
Geary,	Maurer,	Spangler,	Wylie,
Greenwood,	McVicar,	Staving,	Wynne,

NAYS—124.

Baker,	Fruit,	Lindsey,	Rowell,
Barnett,	Gallagher,	Lipschutz,	Rudisill,
Beck,	Gans,	Luppert,	Sampsel,
Benninger,	Garner,	Luxemburger,	Sarig,
Bergy,	Geiser,	Marvin,	Shaffer,
Berntheizel,	Gibson,	McArdle,	Shoop,
Beyer,	Gingery,	McClintock,	Sinclair,
Blackburn,	Glass,	McClure,	Smith, J. W.,
Body,	Glenn,	McConnell,	Smith, Jeff. W
Bovee,	Gompers,	McCurdy,	Smith, L.,
Brosius,	Goodnough,	McDermott,	Sones,
Brumbaugh,	Goodwin,	McKay,	Spencer,
Bungard,	Goodyear,	McNichol,	Statler,
Campbell, J. O.,	Gormley,	Mellott,	Stern,
Campbell, T.,	Hackett,	Metzenbacher,	Swan,
Christman,	Harper,	Neville,	Taylor,
Coldsmith,	Heffernan,	Nieder,	Trach,
Corbin,	Hess,	Nissley,	Twibill,
Cummins,	Heyburn,	Ostrander,	Urich,
Curry,	Hibshman,	Palmer,	Walsh,
Davis,	Hoffman,	Perry,	Watson,
Dell,	Hollingsworth,	Peters,	Weaver,
Diefenderfer,	Horton,	Phillips,	Weimer,
Dunn,	Jack,	Powell,	Weir,
Eby,	Jones, E. E.,	Ramsey,	West,
Eppley,	Klinger,	Reel,	Whitaker,
Erdman,	Kuhn,	Rhoads,	Willard,
Evans,	Landis,	Rich,	Williams,
Fackler,	Lanius,	Rininger,	Wilson, H. I.,
Flynn,	Lauer,	Rinn,	Wilson, W. H.,
Forster,	Leighner,	Robertson,	Wobensmith,

Less than the majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the negative and the bill falls.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. W. H. WILSON asked and received unanimous consent to report from committee the following bills:

Mr. W. H. WILSON, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as amended, House Bill No. 929, entitled:

An Act defining the liability of an employer to pay damages for injuries received by an employe in the course of employment establishing an elective schedule of compensation and providing procedure for the determination of liability and compensation thereunder

Mr. W. H. WILSON, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as amended, House Bill No. 930, entitled:

An Act to provide for the administration of the Workmen's Compensation Act of one thousand nine hundred and fifteen by creating the Bureau of Workmen's Compensation of the Department of Labor and Industry providing for the establishment Workmen's Compensation Board to have charge of such bureau authorizing the division of the Commonwealth into workmen's compensation districts and the appointment of workmen's compensation referees defining the power and duties of the Commissioner of Labor and Industry the Bureau of Workmen's Compensation the Workmen's Compensation Board the workmen's compensation referees and the factory inspectors of the Department of Labor and Industry in enforceing the said act and fixing the salaries of the members of the Workmen's Compensation Board and the workmen's compensation referees and certain of their employes and assistants

Mr. W. H. WILSON, from the Commitee on Judiciary General, reported as amended, House Bill No. 931, entitled:

An Act providing for the creation and administration of a State fund for the insurance of compensation for injuries to employes of subscribers thereto

Mr. W. H. WILSON, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as amended, House Bill No. 932, entitled:

An Act regulating policies of insurance against liability arising under Article three of the act entitled "An Act entitled 'An Act defining the Liability of an employer to pay damages for injuries received by an employe in the course of employment establishing an elective schedule of compensation and regulating procedure for the determination of liability and compensation thereunder' approved the day of Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and fifteen providing for the regulation of premium rates therefor and providing penalties for the violation thereof"

Mr. W. H. WILSON, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as amended, House Bill No. 933, entitled:

An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of employers' mutual liability insurance associations and for the licensing of foreign mutual liability insurance companies

Mr. W. H. WILSON, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as amended, House Bill No. 934, entitled:

A Supplement to an act entitled "An Act defining the liability of an employer to pay damages for injuries received by an employe in the course of employment establishing an elective schedule of compensation and regulating procedure for the determination of liability and compensation thereunder" approved the day of Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred ad fifteen to exempt domestic servants and agricultural workers from the provisions thereof

Mr. W. H. WILSON, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 935, entitled:

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to section twenty-one of article three of the Constitution of Pennsylvania

BILLS OF THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 925, entitled:

An Act regulating the number grade appointment and assignment of employes in the Adjutant-General's Department and State Arsenal and fixing salaries of each

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—107.

Adams,	Fretz,	Love,	Showalter,
Albee,	Gallagher,	Luxemburger,	Sinclair,
Alcorn,	Gans,	Mangan,	Smith, J. W.,
Alexander,	Geiser,	Marvin,	Smith, Jeff. W.
Arnold,	Glass,	McClintock,	Smith, L.,
Arthur,	Gompers,	McConnell,	Sones,
Bauerle,	Goodnough,	McCurdy,	Steedle,
Beck,	Goodyear,	McDermott,	Stern,
Becker,	Greenwood,	McNichol,	Stone,
Benn,	Habgood,	McVicar,	Swartz,
Bergy,	Haggerty,	Mearkle,	Trach,
Berntheizel,	Hamilton,	Murphy,	Twibill,
Beyer,	Heffernan,	Myers,	Urich,
Blackburn,	Herman,	Neville,	Vickerman,
Brosius,	Heyburn,	Ostrander,	Vogdes,
Bungard,	Hibshman,	Palmer,	Weimer,
Campbell, J. O.,	Hoffman,	Perry,	Weir,
Campbell, T.,	Hollingsworth,	Phillips,	West,
Corbin,	Horton,	Pickering,	Wettach,
Curry,	Hubler,	Powell,	Whitaker,
Dell,	Jack,	Ramsey,	Whitten,
Dodds,	Jones, W. W.,	Rininger,	Wildman,
Drinkhouse,	Kitts,	Rinn,	Willard,
Ehrhardt,	Klinger,	Robertson,	Wobensmith,
Evans,	Leighner,	Schaeffer,	Wood,
Fackler,	Lindsey,	Shaaber,	Ambler,
Flynn,	Lipschutz,	Shoop,	Speaker.

NAYS—21.

Benninger,	Howarth,	Metzenbacher,	Sampsel,
Brumbaugh,	Kuhn,	Nissley,	Sarig,
Cromer,	Kunkle,	Reel,	Spencer,
Diefenderfer,	Lauler,	Rothenberger,	Wilson, H. I.,
Gingery,	Mellott,	Rudisill,	Wylie,
Harper,			

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 532, entitled:

An Act regulating the method of installment payments on conditional sales or on bailments with right to purchase regulating the issuing of writs of replevin therefor and prohibiting a waiver of the provisions of this act

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. STERN. Mr. Speaker, in the absence of the sponsor of this bill, I move that this bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. GANS. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 962, as follows:

An Act relating to practice in the courts of common pleas in actions of assumpsit and trespass except actions for libel and slander prescribing the pleadings and procedure to be observed therein and giving the courts power to enforce its provisions

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from and after January first one thousand nine hundred and sixteen in actions of assumpsit and trespass except actions for libel and slander brought in any court of common pleas the procedure shall be as herein provided

THE PLEADINGS GENERALLY

Section 2 The pleadings shall consist of the plaintiff's statement of claim the defendant's affidavit of defense and where a set-off or counterclaim is pleaded the plaintiff's reply thereto When the affidavit of defense or where a set-off or counter-claim is pleaded the plaintiff's reply thereto is filed the pleadings shall be closed the case shall be deemed to be at issue and no replication or formal joinder of issue shall be required

Section 3 Pleas in abatement pleas of the general issue payment payment with leave set-off the bar of the statute of limitations and all other pleas are abolished Defences heretofore raised by these pleas shall be made in the affidavit of defence

Section 4 Demurrers are abolished Questions of law heretofore raised by demurrer shall be raised in the affidavit of defence as provided in section twenty

Section 5 Every pleading shall contain and contain only a statement in a concise and summary form of the material facts on which the party pleading relies for his claim or defence as the case may be but not the evidence by which they are to be proved or inferences or conclusions of law and shall be divided into paragraphs numbered consecutively each of which shall contain but one material allegation Every pleading shall have attached to it copies of all notes contracts book entries or a particular reference to the records of any court within the county in which the action is brought if any upon which the party pleading relies for his claim or defence as the case may be and a particular reference to such record or to the record of any deed or mortgage or other instrument of writing recorded in such county shall be sufficient in lieu of a copy thereof

Section 6 Every allegation of fact in the plaintiff's statement of claim or in the defendant's set-off or counter claim if not denied specifically or by necessary implication in the affidavit of defence or plaintiff's reply as the case may be shall be taken to be admitted except as against an infant a person of unsound mind or one sued in a representative capacity as provided in section seven and except as provided in section thirteen

Section 7 When the affidavit of defence or plaintiff's reply is made by an executor administrator guardian committee or other person sued in a representative capacity he need only state the facts he admits to be true and that he believes there is a just and legal defence to the remainder and the facts upon which he bases his belief

Section 8 It shall not be sufficient for a defendant in his affidavit of defence to deny generally the allegations of the statement of claim or for a plaintiff in his reply to to deny generally the allegations in a defence by way of counter-claim but each party shall answer specifically each allegation of fact of which he does not admit the truth except as provided in sections seven and thirteen

Section 9 The statement of claim shall be as brief as the nature of the case will admit and shall be drawn in accordance with the provisions of this act In actions on contracts it shall state whether the contract was oral or in writing It shall be signed or sworn to by the plaintiff or some person having knowledge of the facts and if there be an attorney shall be signed by his attorney

Section 10 The statement of claim shall be endorsed as follows

"To the within defendant

"You are required to file an affidavit of defence to this statement within fifteen days from the service hereof the day of service to count as the first day"

This notice shall be followed by the name of the plaintiff's attorney or by his own name if he sues in person and an address within the county where all papers are to be served

Section 11 If the plaintiff avers that the defendant has received moneys as agent trustee or in any other capacity for which he is bound to account to the plaintiff or if the plaintiff is unable to state the exact amount due him by the defendant by reason of the defendant's failure to account to him the plaintiff may ask for an account

AFFIDAVIT OF DEFENCE

Section 12 The defendant shall file an affidavit of defence to the statement of claim within fifteen days from the day when the statement was served upon him the day of service to count as the first day The affidavit of defence shall be as brief as the nature of the case will admit and shall be drawn in accordance with the provisions of this act It shall be sworn to by the defendant or some person having knowledge of the facts It shall be served upon the plaintiff or his attorney at the address for the service of papers indorsed on the statement of claim and shall be indorsed with the name of the defendant's attorney or of the defendant if he defends in person and an address within the county where all papers are to be served

Section 13 In actions of trespass the averments in the statement of the facts constituting the commission of the alleged tort and averments relating to damages claimed or their amount need not be answered or denied but such averments shall be deemed to be put in issue in all cases unless expressly admitted

SET-OFF AND COUNTER-CLAIM

Section 14 In actions of assumpsit a defendant may set off or set up by way of counter-claim against the claim of the plaintiff any right or claim for which an action of assumpsit would lie and such set-off or counter-claim shall have the same effect as a cross-action If in any case in which the defendant sets up a counter-claim for which he might have a certificate in his favour the action of the plaintiff is discontinued dismissed or a voluntary nonsuit suffered the counter-claim nevertheless may be proceeded with

PLAINTIFF'S REPLY

Section 15 When the defendant in his affidavit of defence sets up a set-off or counter-claim against the plaintiff the plaintiff within fifteen days from the day of service of the affidavit of defence upon him the day of service to count as the first day shall file an answer under oath which shall be called "Plaintiff's Reply" which shall be served upon the defendant or his attorney at the address for the service of papers indorsed on the affidavit of defence In such cases the affidavit of defence shall be indorsed as follows

"To the within plaintiff

"You are required to file a reply to the defendant's set-off (or counter-claim as the case may be) within fifteen days from the service hereof the day of service to count as the first day"

The set-off or counter-claim shall be regarded as the defendant's statement of claim and the plaintiff's reply as an affidavit of defence thereto and both shall be drawn in accordance with the provisions of this act

Section 16 Neither party shall be permitted at the trial to make any defence except that set forth in the affidavit of defence or plaintiff's reply as the case may be except as provided in sections seven and thirteen

MOTION FOR JUDGMENT

Section 17 In actions of assumpsit the prothonotary may enter judgment for want of an affidavit of defence or for any amount admitted or not denied to be due The plaintiff may take a rule for judgment for want of a sufficient affidavit of defence to the whole or any part of his claim and the court shall enter judgment or discharge the rule as justice may require When the defendant sets up a set-off or counter-claim he may move for judgment against the plaintiff for want of a reply or for want of a sufficient reply to the whole or any part of the set-off or counter-claim and the court may enter judgment in favor of the plaintiff or the defendant for such amount as shall be found due with leave to proceed for the balance

Section 18 In actions of trespass when the defendant fails to file an affidavit of defence within the required time the case shall be deemed to be at issue and may be ordered upon the trial list

Section 19 When the plaintiff asks for an account and moves for judgment for want of an affidavit of defence or for want of a sufficient affidavit of defence the court may enter an order for an account which may be enforced by attachment or otherwise and judgment may be entered for the amount shown to be due in favor of the plaintiff or the defendant

PROCEEDINGS IN LIEU OF DEMURRER

Section 20 The defendant in the affidavit of defence may raise any point of law and any point so raised may be set down for hearing and disposed of before trial If in the opinion of the court the decision of such point of law substantially disposes of the whole action or of any distinct part thereof the court may enter judgment for the defendant or make such other order therein as may be just

Section 21 The court upon motion or of its own motion may strike from the record a pleading which does not conform to the provisions of this act and may allow an amendment or a new pleading to be filed upon such terms as may be just

Section 22 The court in its discretion upon motion and notice to the opposite party or his attorney may extend the time fixed by this act for the filing or service of any pleading

Section 23 The courts of common pleas shall make such rules as they deem advisable for the proper enforcement of this act

Section 24 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions hereof are repealed

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. BEYER. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to offer amendments to the bill at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The Clerk then read the amendments as follows:

Amend section 8, line 3, by striking out the second word "to"

Amend section 9, by striking out on line 4, beginning at the last word "signed" down to and including the first word "or" on line 5 and insert the word "by" before the word "some" on line 5

Amend section 9, page 10, by striking out on line 2 beginning at the word "and", down to and including the word "act" in line 3,

Amend section 12, page 11, by striking out on line 6, beginning at the word "and" down to and including the word "act" on line 8

Amend section 14, page 12, by striking out on line 5, beginning at the word "and" down to and including the word "cross-action" on line 6 and insert the following, "and a verdict may be rendered in his favor for the amount found to be sure and judgment entered thereon"

Amend section 14, page 12, by striking out on line 7 beginning at the word "for" down to and including the word "favour" on line 8

Amend section 15, page 12, by striking out on line 19, beginning at the word "and" down to and including the word "act" on line 20

Amend section 16, page 13, by striking out the words on line 2 "except that" and insert the following "which is not"

Amend section 21, page 14, by striking out the words on line 5 "may be just" and insert the following "it may direct"

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to insert the amendments as read? Is there any objection? The Chair hears none and the amendments will be inserted in accordance with the instructions of the House.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading as amended?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended lie over for printing.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1017, entitled:

An Act relating to the resignation and appointment of councilmen in boroughs

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. BECKER. Mr. Speaker, I move that this bill be recommitted to the Committee on Municipal Corporations for the purpose of amendment.

Mr. FLYNN. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 527, entitled:

An Act requiring light heat and power companies to furnish upon application presented certain persons with light heat or power and providing a penalty for refusing same

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. JAMES O. CAMPBELL. Mr. Speaker, This bill provides light and heat and power companies to furnish upon application presented certain persons with light, heat or power and the power company shall be compelled to furnish the light or current under a penalty for refusing the same. The purpose of the bill as I am informed is to compel electric light and power companies to furnish owners of land over which these electric light and power companies have right of way, with light. It becomes necessary to electric light, heat and power companies sometimes to lay high tension wires and in order to allow these wires placed on private land they agree with the land owner upon the terms on which these lines shall be laid. It would be necessary in order that the high tension lines may be safe to reduce the high voltage of the high tension power so that it would be safe for private consumption. It would also be necessary to stretch lines from the high service wires. I am informed that the expense in the reduction of the high voltage is very high. It would also be an additional expense of no small amount to lay these necessary lines. I wish to call your attention further to another feature of this bill. This high tension line may run several miles through a country and there is no limitation upon the radius in which those five petitioners must live. There may be one petitioner along one line and another about half mile in another direction. At each point this high tension must be reduced and a line laid into the house.

Another feature of the bill to which I wish to call your attention is this, the words used are "light, heat and power companies" and as I said, I understand the reason is to apply to electric light heat and power companies. However there are other companies which may be included in the term "light, heat and power". We have in certain acts of Assembly the incorporation of gas both natural and artificial companies. We have also sometimes a peculiar combination and ownership of the high tension power lines of electric street car lines interurban lines and power companies. I fear, I am not prepared to state, but I fear that under the wording of this act some of the natural gas companies may be included. Now, natural gas companies necessarily through their service lines carry a heavy pound pressure which would be exceedingly dangerous to apply for private consumption unless it were reduced. It would require a reducer at every consumer's house. In addition to that if this act should apply to companies conducting inter-urban lines it would be a considerable hardship on those companies. Now I wish to state further that these light, heat and power companies have no right upon the land of individuals until they have acquired a right of way which is a contract entered into between the power company and the owner of the land. I submit that the proper place to make these provisions is at the time that that contract is entered into. If there is such provision the owner of the land has the courts to enforce his contracts. I submit, gentlemen, that the bill in the first place is very improperly drawn, and in the second place that it is a distinct hardship upon the companies furnishing light heat and power whether electric or gas.

Mr. OAKS. Mr. Speaker, as sponsor of this bill, I just want to say a few words in its behalf. In our county there are high tension electric light and power companies doing business. They have gone through many farms, through municipalities and obtained their right of way, have contracted for them with the understanding that the people in such communities would have the benefit of its electric current. Now, then, they refuse to give it to them. I have in mind two boroughs that are three miles apart, the borough of Ashville and Chest Springs. These people have asked for this light time and again ,and have been refused. Now, then, I went into this matter with some one who is practical and knows what he is talking about. In fact it is an agent of another concern and he tells me the cost of installing the transformers necessary to cut this current down so that it can be used as a domestic—I don't know what you might call it,—that the cost of that would be about one thousand dollars. Some one approached me on this just a few minutes ago and informed me that the cost would be fifteen to twenty thousand dollars. That is not

correct. I therefore ask the gentlemen of this House to vote in favor of this bill.

Mr. JAMES O. CAMPBELL. Mr. Speaker, the gentleman states as one of the purposes of this bill that light may be furnished to boroughs. I submit that under the reading of the bill as drawn it does not apply to boroughs, unless the right of way through the borough is over private property—the right of way upon the streets of the borough is not "land" such as is used in this act. However, the Public Service Commission, under the Public Service Act has ample authority to compel these companies to furnish light to these boroughs I believe.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provision of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—42.

Albee,	Cromer,	Klinger,	Myers,
Alcorn,	Curry,	Kuhn,	Nissley,
Arnold,	Davis,	Kunkle,	Oaks,
Becker,	Ehrhardt,	Lindsey,	Phillips,
Bergy,	Evans,	Love,	Reel,
Body,	Gingery,	Luxemburger,	Rowell,
Bungard,	Goodyear,	Maurer,	Sampsel,
Campbell, T.,	Haggerty,	Mearkle,	Shaffer,
Christman,	Hamilton,	Mellott,	Stone,
Coldsmith,	Jack,	Metzenbacher,	West,
Corbin,	Jones, E. E.,		

NAYS—86.

Alexander,	Hoffman,	Palmer,	Staving,
Baldwin,	Hollingsworth,	Peters,	Steedle,
Barnett,	Horton,	Powell,	Sullivan,
Benn,	Howarth,	Ramsey,	Swan,
Blackburn,	Jones, W. W.,	Rhoads,	Swartz,
Brosius,	Lanius,	Rich,	Taylor,
Campbell, J. O.,	Lauler,	Rininger,	Trach,
Eby,	Leighner,	Rinn,	Twibill,
Fackler,	Lipschutz,	Robertson,	Wagner,
Flynn,	Luppert,	Rothenberger,	Watson,
Forster,	Marvin,	Sarig,	Weimer,
Fruit,	McArdle,	Scott,	Weir,
Gallagher,	McCaig,	Shaaber,	Wettach,
Garner,	McClintock,	Shoop,	Whitaker,
Geary,	McClure,	Salter,	Whitten,
Glenn,	McCurdy,	Sinclair,	Wildman,
Gormley,	McDermott,	Smith, J. W.,	Willard,
Graham,	McNichol,	Smith, L.,	Williams,
Habgood,	Murdoch,	Sones,	Wood,
Hackett,	Murphy,	Spangler,	Wylie,
Heffernan,	Nieder,	Spencer,	Wynne,
Herman,	Ostrander,		

Less than the majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the negative and the bill falls.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 849, entitled:

An Act amending section three of an act entitled "An Act to prohibit the receiving and detaining of children in almshouses and poor-houses and to provide for the care and education of such children" approved the thirteenth day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three by extending same to poor districts now maintaining almshouses and hospitals for the treatment of indigent tubercular and insane persons

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. WYLIE. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to offer amendments at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The Clerk then read the amendments as follows:

Amend section 1, line 5, by inserting after the word "almshouses" the words "and poor houses."

Amend section 1, line 6, by inserting after the word "children" the following: "approved the thirteenth day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three."

Amend section 1, line 8, by inserting before the word "Section" double quote.

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to insert the amendments as read? Is there any objection? The Chair hears none and the amendments will be inserted in accordance with the instructions of the House.

The bill as amended was then agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended lie over for printing.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 961, entitled:

An Act imposing certain liabilities on persons firms and corporations in cities of the second class for the cost of extinguishing fires which occur through their criminal intent design or willful negligence or where they have not complied with any law ordinance or other lawful regulation for the prevention of fire or the spreading thereof providing a method for the ascertainment of such cost and the manner of collecting the same

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—115.

Arnold,	Finnerty,	Lafferty,	Rich,
Baker,	Flynn,	Lanius,	Rininger,
Baldwin,	Forster,	Lauer,	Rinn,
Barnett,	Fruit,	Lauler,	Robertson,
Beck,	Gallagher,	Lipschutz,	Rudisill,
Becker,	Gans,	Love,	Sampsel,
Benn,	Garner,	Luppert,	Shaaber,
Bergy,	Geary,	Luxemburger,	Shaffer,
Blackburn,	Gompers,	Marvin,	Snoop,
Body,	Goodyear,	Mather,	Showalter,
Bovee,	Gormley,	Maurer,	Smith, J. W.,
Brosius,	Graham,	McArdle,	Smith, Jeff. W.,
Brumbaugh,	Gransback,	McCaig,	Snyder,
Bungard,	Habgood,	McClure,	Spencer,
Campbell, T.,	Hackett,	McConnell,	Staving,
Christman,	Haggerty	McCurdy,	Stone,
Conner,	Herman,	McNichol,	Sullivan,
Curry,	Hess,	McVicar,	Swan,
Davis,	Hibshman,	Mearkle,	Swartz,
Dell,	Hoffman,	Mellott,	Taylor,
Diefenderfer,	Hollingsworth,	Murphy,	Trach,
Drinkhouse,	Howarth,	Neville,	Walsh,
Dunn,	Hubler,	Nissley,	Watson,
Eby,	Jack,	Peters,	Weir,
Ehrhardt,	Jones, E. E.,	Pickering,	West,
Eppley,	Jones, W. W.,	Powell,	Wettach,
Erdman,	Kaiser,	Ramsey,	Williams,
Evans,	Klinger,	Reel,	Wylie,
Fackler,	Kunkle,	Reynolds,	

NAYS—28

Albee,	Leighner,	Sinclair,	Weimer,
Alcorn,	McClintock,	Smith, L.,	Whitaker,
Campbell, J. O.,	Ostrander,	Sones,	Willard,
Cromer,	Palmer,	Statler,	Wobensmith,
Gingery,	Phillips,	Steedle,	Wood,
Glass,	Rothenberger,	Twibill,	Wynne,
Horton,	Sarig,	Urich,	

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 985 (Senate Bill No. 294), entitled:

An Act to further protect the rights and liberty of the people of this Commonwealth when under arrest upon a bailable criminal charge making its infraction a misdemeanor and providing punishment therefor

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—181

Albee,	Geary,	Marvin,	Smith, Jeff. W.,
Alcorn,	Geiser,	Mather,	Smith, L.,
Arnold,	Gingery,	Maurer,	Snyder,
Baldwin,	Gompers,	McArdle,	Sones,
Bauerle,	Goodnough,	McClintock,	Spangler,
Beck,	Goodwin,	McClure,	Spencer,
Becker,	Goodyear,	McCurdy,	Statler,
Benn,	Gormley,	McDermott,	Steedle,
Bergy,	Graham,	McVicar,	Stein,
Beyer,	Gransback,	Mellott,	

Blackburn,	Greenwood,	Metzenbacher,	Stern,
Body,	Habgood,	Milliron,	Stone,
Bovee,	Hackett,	Murdoch,	Sullivan.
Brosius,	Haggerty,	Murphy,	Swan,
Brumbaugh,	Hamilton,	Myers,	Swartz,
Bungard,	Heffernan,	Neville,	Taylor,
Campbell, J. O.,	Herman,	Nieder,	Thomas,
Campbell, T.,	Hess,	Nissley,	Trach,
Christman,	Heyburn,	Ostrander,	Twibill,
Coldsmith,	Hibshman,	Perry,	Urich.
Conner,	Hoffman,	Phillips,	Vickerman,
Corbin,	Hollingsworth,	Pickering,	Vogdes,
Cox,	Horton,	Powell,	Wagner,
Cromer,	Howarth,	Ramsey,	Walsh,
Cummins,	Hubler,	Reel,	Watson,
Curry,	Jack,	Reynolds,	Weaver,
Davis,	Jones, E. E.,	Rhoads,	Weimer,
Dawson,	Jones, W. W.,	Rich,	Weir,
Dell,	Kaiser,	Rininger,	West,
Diefenderfer,	Kitts,	Rinn,	Wettach,
Dodds,	Klinger,	Robertson,	Whitaker,
Drinkhouse,	Kuhn,	Roney,	Whitten,
Dunn,	Kunkle,	Rothenberger,	Wildman
Eby,	Lafferty,	Rowell,	Willard,
Ehrhardt,	Landis,	Rudisill,	Williams,
Eppley,	Lanius,	Sampsel,	Wilson, H. I.,
Erdman,	Lauer,	Sarig,	Wilson, W. H.,
Evans,	Lauler,	Schaeffer,	Wobensmith,
Fackler,	Leighner,	Scott,	Wood,
Finnerty,	Lipschutz,	Shaaber,	Woodward,
Flynn,	Love,	Shaffer,	Wylie,
Forster,	Luppert,	Shoop,	Wynne,
Fretz,	Luxemburger,	Showalter,	Young,
Fruit,	Lynch,	Sinclair,	Ambler,
Gallagher,	Mangan,	Smith, J. W.,	Speaker.
Gans,			
Garner,			

NAYS—0

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed it without amendments.

SPEAKER AMBLER in the Chair.

The SPEAKER asked and obtained unanimous consent to refer the following bills at this time.

BILLS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED.

By Mr. ALCORN. House Bill No. 1188.

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-seventh day of June, nineteen hundred thirteen, entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation, regulation and government of cities of the third class, regulating nomination and election of municipal officers therein; and repealing, consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto."

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

By Mr. McCURDY. House Bill No. 1189.

An Act to permit farmers to hawk, peddle and sell their own products, without a license fee, in and about the streets of any borough of this Commonwealth.

Referred to the Committee on Agriculture.

By Mr. ALCORN. House Bill No. 1190.

An Act making an appropriation to refund to the Robinson Furniture Company, a corporation of Dubois, Clearfield County, Pennsylvania, moneys erroneously paid into the State Treasury.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. BRUMBAUGH. House Bill No. 1191.

An Act designating the Sweet Pea (Lathyrus Odoratus) as the floral emblem or State flower of Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. RICH. House Bill No. 1192.

An Act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act to resignate the several judicial districts of the Commonwealth as required by the Constitution, and to provide for the election appointment and commissioning of judges learned in the law for the said districts in cases where such judges are not provided for by existing law," approved the eighteenth day of July, one thousand nine hundred one.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

By Mr. SPANGLER. House Bill No. 1193.

An Act defining conditional sales and regulating the recording and effect thereof and providing penalties.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. SWARTZ. House Bill No. 1194.

An Act to amend the sixth, eighth, eleventh, sixteenth and seventeenth sections of an act, approved the twenty-sixth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five, entitled "An Act relative to the Public Grounds and Buildings; defining the powers of the commissioners; authorizing the Board of Commissioners to carry into effect the provisions of section twelve, article three of the Constitution relative to contracts for stationery, supplies, fuel, furniture, furnishings, distribution of documents, repairs, alterations or improvements and other matters needed by the Legislature, the several departments, board and commissions of the State Government and Executive Mansion, authorizing the appointment of a Superintendent and defining his powers, authority and duties, and providing for the appointment of subordinate officers required by this act, and fixing the compensation of the same."

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. WOBENSMITH. House Bill No. 1195.

An Act to amend, revise and consolidate the law providing for the burial of certain honorably discharged soldiers, sailors and marines at the expense of the counties in which they die or have a legal residence at the time of their death; to provide a system for effecting the burial of such soldiers, sailors and marines; to provide head stones and markers for the graves of such soldiers, sailors and marines; and to authorize the county commissioners of the several counties to purchase plots of ground for the burial of such soldiers, sailors and marines.

Referred to the Committee on Pensions and Gratuities.

By Mr. WOODWARD. House Bill No. 1196.

An Act making an appropriation to the Lake Erie and Ohio River Canal Board of Pennsylvania for the payment of expenses incurred in completing certain surveys and estimates of cost of the canal or waterway authorized to be constructed by the Board, in preparing and printing reports, in doing certain things preparatory to beginning the work of construction, and in securing contributions in aid of the construction of said canal or waterway for the payment of incidental office expenses and for the payment of salaries, fees and expenses.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

BILLS SIGNED BY THE SPEAKER.

The SPEAKER announced that the Chief Clerk having reported that the following bills had passed both Houses of the General Assembly, and the same being correct, the titles were read, as follows:

House Bill No. 21.

An Act to amend an act approved the nineteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act empowering incorporated towns of this Commonwealth without petition of the property owners to grade pave curb macadamize and otherwise improve public streets or parts thereof and assess a portion of the cost of the same on the owners of property abutting thereon and providing for the collection of the same"

House Bill No. 121.

An Act making an appropriation to the State Hospital of Nanticoke Luzerne county Pennsylvania for the payment of indebtedness against said hospital buildings equipment and grounds

House Bill No. 166.

An Act making an appropriation for the payment of the deficiency which has arisen under the provisions of an act approved the thirteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled "An Act to authorize county commissioners for the purpose of encouraging agriculture and the holding of county agricultural exhibitions to pay annually one thousand dollars to the incorporated agricultural association paying premiums on agricultural exhibits holding an annual exhibition in the county providing for the filing of sworn statement by the claimant or claimants with the county commissioners relative to said exhibition and providing for the repayment to the county by the State of the sum so paid"

House Bill No. 295.

An Act to protect the public health in cities of the first class in this Commonwealth and for that purpose creating

in the Department of Public Health and Charities four Bureaus to be called the Bureaus of Hospitals and Charities Health Sanitation and Housing said Bureaus to have the supervision and control in said cities of Hospitals and Charities Health Sanitation and Housing as herein set forth and other matters affecting the public welfare so far as regards the use and occupancy of Public Buildings and of all buildings and the appurtenances thereto occupied in whole or in part as places of residence by more than two families living separate and apart and providing for themselves also the licensing supervision and control and the use of lodging rooming apartment and tenement houses creating a sanitary board for the purpose of enforcing the provisions of this act fixing the responsibility for violations of any of the provisions of this act and also giving power to said Sanitary Board to make rules and regulations to govern certain conditions affecting health and sanitation and the licensing of certain trades industries and premises and providing for punishments and penalties for violations of any of the rules and regulations made by the Department of Public Health and Charities or by said Sanitary Board under the powers granted by this act also providing for the filing of liens also providing for the inspection by the Bureau of building inspection and the fire marshal of said cities of the first class and repealing all laws inconsistent herewith

House Bill No. 658.

An Act transferring from certain funds to another certain moneys appropriated to the State Livestock Sanitary Board

House Bill No. 683.

An Act making an appropriation to the Trustees of the State Hospital for the Insane at Danville Pennsylvania

Senate Bill No. 153.

An Act to establish and regulate the fees to be charged and collected by sheriffs in counties of this Commonwealth having a population of not less than three hundred thousand nor more than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants as computed by the last preceding United States census the time and manner in which said fees shall be paid the publication and posting of said fees the delivery of an itemized receipt for official fees and legal costs received and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith

Senate Bill No. 285.

An Act authorizing J. P. Swearingen of Greene township Beaver county Pennsylvania to bring suit against the Commonwealth

Senate Bill No. 29.

An Act amending sections eight and nine of an act entitled "An Act to establish a county court for the county of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof" approved the fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven as amended by changing the practice of the court with regard to trials and by providing that appeals from the judgment of the court in all civil actions shall be taken by leave of the court of common pleas and prescribing the practice and the powers of the court of common pleas in such cases and providing for an appeal to the superior court from judgments of the court of common pleas upon writs of certiorari issued to the county court

Senate Bill No. 114.

An Act providing for the printing binding and distribution of the Report of the Fiftieth Anniversary of the Battle of Gettysburg Commission entitled "Pennsylvania Gettysburg Reunion" and for the compiling editing proof reading and indexing thereof providing also for the preparation for filing of record in the State Library for their proper preservation therein of certain original manuscripts of the addresses delivered at said Reunion and of other original data souvenirs and records relative thereto and making appropriation therefor

Senate Bill No. 249.

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act authorizing companies incorporated under the laws of any other State of the United States for the manufacture of any form of iron steel or glass to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments and to take have and hold real estate necessary and proper for manufacturing purposes" approved the ninth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one extending the same to companies formed for the purpose of quarrying slate granite stone or rocks or for dressing polishing working or manufacturing the same or any of them and to mineral springs companies incorporated for the purpose of bottling and selling natural mineral springs water approved the sixteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three' approved the nineteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one extending the same to companies formed for the purposes of manufacturing and selling chemicals foodstuffs cement and cement products and the quarrying of cement rock" approved May twenty-eight one thousand nine hundred and seven extending the same to companies incorporated for the manufacture buying selling leasing using and operation of electrical appartus and machinery and articles of every kind appertaining to or in any wise connected with the production use regulation control distribution or application of electricity or electrical energy or products for any use or purpose constructing acquiring using selling buying or leasing any works construction or plant or part thereof connected with or involving such use distribution regulation control or application of electricity or the control or use of electrical appartus for any purpose and of producing furnishing and supplying electricity or electrical apparatus in any form and for any purpose and to carry on a general manufacturing business'" approved the twenty-third day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven by extending the same to companies incorporated for the purpose of refining manufacturing or sale of petroleum and petroleum products

Whereupon,

The Speaker, in the presence of the House, signed the same.

Mr. EHRHARDT in the Chair.

RECESS.

The SPEAKER. If there is no objection the House will take a recess until seven forty-five this evening when we will have a short session for the purpose of receiving Reports from Committees. Is there any objection?

The Chair hears none and we will therefore declare a recess until 7:45 o'clock to-night.

Whereupon (at 12:45 P. M.) the House took a recess.

AFTER RECESS.

The House re-convened at 7:45 o'clock P. M.

Mr. COX (Speaker pro tempore) in the Chair.

The Speaker asked and obtained unanimous consent to refer the following bills:

BILLS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED.

By Mr. MYERS. House Bill No. 1197.

An Act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Training School, at Morganza, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. MYERS. House Bill No. 1198.

An Act amending the first section of an act approved the thirteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven, entitled, "An Act amending an act, entitled, "An Act fixing the salaries and providing for the expenses of County Commissioners in counties of this Commonwealth, approved the fourteenth day of April, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five" by increasing the classes, of counties established therein so that the class described from more than one hundred thousand population and less than one hundred fifty thousand population is divided into counties having more than one hundred thousand population and less than one hundred twenty-five thousand population, and counties having more than one hundred twenty-five thousand population and less than one hundred fifty thousand population, and increasing the salaries of the County Commissioner in the last class from eighteen hundred dollars per annum to three thousand dollars per annum.

Referred to the Committee on Counties and Townships.

By Mr. HOFFMAN. House Bill No. 1199.

An Act exempting agricultural corporations from the payment of a bonus and of State taxes upon their capital stock.

Referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. DIEFENDERFER. House Bill No. 1200.

An Act relating to open air schools.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Mr. McVICAR. House Bill No. 1201.

An Act validating certain elections of counties, cities, boroughs, townships, school districts, and other incorporated districts, held pursuant to the provisions of an act, approved the twentieth day of April, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, entitled "An Act to

regulate the manner of increasing the indebtedness of municipalities, to provide for the redemption of the same, and to impose penalties for the illegal increase thereof," and the amendments thereto, and validating bonds issued or authorized to be issued in pursuance of such elections.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. McVICAR. House Bill No. 1202.

An Act to amend sections one and two of an act approved the twenty-ninth day of April, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine, entitled "An Act to provide for the registration of conveyances of real estate in townships of the first class, in order to facilitate the assessment of taxes in the name of the owner of said real estate at the time of the assessment," so as to exclude from the provisions of the act, townships of the first class in counties having a Board for the Assessment and Revision of Taxes for State and county purposes.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. DIEFENDERFER. House Bill No. 1203.

An Act to amend section one thousand three hundred twelve of an act entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof; providing revenue to establish and maintain the same, and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws, general, special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith," approved the eighteenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred eleven.

Referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. STEEDLE. House Bill No. 1204.

An Act authorizing the appointment of policemen in the boroughs of this Commonwealth, defining their powers and duties, and providing for their compensation and discharge.

Referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. STEEDLE. House Bill No. 1205.

An Act to amend sections two and three of an act, approved the twenty-third day of April, Anno Domini, one thousand nine hundred and nine, entitled "An Act empowering the councils of Boroughs in the Commonwealth to fix by ordinance the salary of the Burgess of said Boroughs."

Referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. GIBSON. House Bill No. 1206.

A Supplement to an act approved the thirty-first day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven, entitled "An Act providing for the establishment of a State Highway Department, by the appointment of a State Highway Commissioner, two Deputy State Highway Commissioners, chief engineer, chief draughtsman, superintendents of highways,and a staff of assistants and employes; defining their duties and the jurisdiction of the State Highway Department, and fixing salaries of Commissioner and deputies and other appointees; providing for taking over from the counties or townships of the Commonwealth certain existing public roads connecting county-seats, principal cities, and towns and extending to the State line; describing and defining same by route numbers as the State Highways of the Commonwealth; providing for the improvement, maintenance, and repair of said State Highways solely at the expense of the Commonwealth, and relieving the several townships or counties from any further obligation and expense to improve or maintain the same, and relieving said townships or counties of authority over same; requiring boroughs and incorporated towns to maintain certain State Highways wholly and in part; requiring the State Highway Commissioner to make maps to be complete records thereof; conferring authority on the State Highway Commissioner; providing for the payment of damages in taking of property, or otherwise, in the improvement thereof; providing for purchase or acquiring of turnpikes or toll-roads forming all or part of any State Highway, and procedure therein; providing for work of improvement of State Highways to be done by contract, except where the State Highway Commissioner decides the work be done by the State; providing aid by the State to counties and townships desiring the same in the improvement of township or county roads; defining highways and State-aid highways; providing method of application for State aid in the improvement, maintenance, and repair of township or county roads, and prescribing the contents of township, county, borough, or incorporated town petitions; providing for per centage of cost of improvement or repairs to be paid by State, county, township, borough, or incorporated town, and requiring contracts by counties townships, boroughs, and incorporated towns with Commonweath governing same; providing for the minimum width of State Highways and State-aid highways, and kind of materials to be used in the improvement; providing for payment of cost of improvement and repairs; providing penalty for injuring or destroying State Highways; making appropriations to carry out the provisions of the act; and providing for the repeal of certain acts relating to Highway Department and improvement of roads, and of all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith; and providing that existing contracts are not affected by provisions of this act."

Referred to the Committee on Public Roads.

PETITIONS.

FAVORING PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL NO. 99.

Mr. ALCORN presented the petition of citizens of DuBois Borough favoring the passage of House Bill No. 99.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

FAVORING REPEAL OF THE FULL CREW LAW.

The SPEAKER presented the petition of the Spring Mount Town Improvement Association favoring the repeal of the Full Crew Law.

Referred to the Committee on Railroads.

FAVORING PASSAGE OF LOCAL OPTION LAW.

The SPEAKER presented the petition of citizens of Philadelphia favoring the passage of a county local option law.

Referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

PROTESTING AGAINST PASSAGE OF LOCAL OPTION LAW.

The SPEAKER presented the petition of citizens of Washington County protesting against the passage of a county local option law.

Referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

FAVORING PASSAGE OF COUNTY LOCAL OPTION LAW.

Mr. DAVIS presented the petition of the citizens of Lackawanna County favoring the passage of a county local option law.

Referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

Mr. STONE presented the petition of citizens of Bradford County favoring the passage of a county local option law.

Referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. COX, from the Committee on Manufactures, reported as amended, House Bill No. 730, entitled:

An Act to provide for the health, safety and welfare of minors by forbidding their employment or work in certain establishments and occupations and under certain specified ages ;by restricting their hours of labor and regulating certain conditions of their employment; by requiring employment certificates for certain minors, and prescribing the kinds thereof, and the rules for the issuance, re-issuance, filing, return and recording of the same; by providing that the Industrial Board shall, under certain conditions, determine and declare whether certain occupations are within the prohibitions of this act; requiring that certain minors shall, during the period of their employment atend certain schools to be approved by the State Superintendent of Public Instruction, and regulating the conditions of such attendance ;authorizing the State Board of Education in certain cases to appoint attendance officers to aid in enforcing the provisions of this Act, and creating the salary and expenses of such officers a charge against the school district wherein they are employed; requiring certain abstracts and notices to be posted; providing for the enforcement of this act by the Commissioner of Labor and Industry, the attendance officers of school districts, and police officers; permitting private prosecutions for violation thereof, and defining the procedure in prosecutions thereunder and establishing certain presumptions in relation thereto; providing penalties for the violation of the provisions thereof, and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent therewith.

Mr. WOBENSMITH, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1155, entitled:

An Act to amend further an act approved the eighth day of April, one thousand eight hundred thirty-three, entitled "An Act relating to the descent and distribution of the estates of intestates."

Mr. SONES, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed House Bill No. 1101, entitled:

An act fixing the salaries of county controllers in all counties having a population exceeding one hundred and fifty thousand and not exceeding two hundred and fifty thousand.

Mr. SONES, from the Committee, on Manufactures, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1035, entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to amend an act, entitled 'An Act to amend an act, entitled "An Act authorizing companies incorporated under the laws of any other State of the United States for the manufacture of any form of iron, steel or glass to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments, and to take, have and hold real estate necessary and proper for manufacturing purposes," approved the ninth day of June, Anno Domini, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one, extendindg the same to companies formed for the purpose of quarrying slate, granite, stone or rocks, or for dressing, polishing, working or manufacturing the same, or any of them, and to mineral springs companies incorporated for the purpose of bottling and selling natural mineral springs water, approved the sixteenth day of June, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three,' approved the nineteenth day of April, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one, extending the same to companies formed for the purpose of manufacturing and selling chemicals, food stuffs, cement and cement products, and the qarrying of cement rock,' approved May twenty-eight, one thousand nine hundred seven, extending the same to companies incorporated for the manufacture, buying, selling, leasing, using and operation of electrical apparatus and machinery and articles of every kind appertaining to or in any wise connected with the production, use, regulation, control, distribution or application of electricity or electrical energy or products for any use or purpose constructing, acquiring, using, selling, buying or leasing any works, construction or plants or parts thereof, connected with or involving such use, distribution, regulation, control or application of electricity or the control or use of electrical apparatus for any purpose; and of producing, furnishing and supplying electricity or electrical apparatus in any form and for any purpose and to carry on a general manufacturing business" approved the twenty-third day of June, Anno Domini, one thousand nine hundred and eleven; extending the same to companies imcorporated for the purpose of the purchase and sale of real estate, or for holding, leasing and selling real estate.

Mr. GLASS from the Committee on Municipal Corporations, reported as committed House Bill No. 1078 (Senate Bill 422) entitled:

An Act to fix the salary of the first assistant clerk of the orphans court in counties having a population of not less than eight hundred thousand and not more than one million five hundred thousand.

Mr. WILLIAMS, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1057, entitled:

An Act to repeal an act approved the seventeenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred thirteen ,entitled "An Act to provide revenue for State and county purposes, and, in cities co-extensive with counties, for city and county purposes; imposing taxes upon certain classes of personal property; providing for the assessment and collection of the same; providing for the duties and compensation of prothonotaries and recorders in connection therewith; and modifying existing legislation which provided for raising revenue for State purposes."

Mr. GRAHAM, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as amended, House Bill No. 978 (Senate Bill No. 245), entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act authorizing appeals from assessments of taxes in this Coommonwealth to the courts of common pleas" approved the nineteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine by giving the right to an appeal to other property owners and to the city borough county township school district or other corporations entitled to levy and collect taxes on the assessment complained of.

Mr. BEYER, from the Committee on Municipal Corporations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1128, entitled:

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act for the government of cities of the second class" approved the seventh day of March A. D. 1901.

Mr. DRINKHOUSE, from the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1123, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Commissioner of Health to accept a private donation or private donations for the purpose of erecting a Union Chapel at Tuberculosis Sanatorium No. 3, located at Hamburg, in this Commonwealth, and further authorizing said Commissioner of Health after receiving such donation or donations for such purpose to erect or cause to be erected on the said Sanatorium property a suitable building for such purpose under plans and specifications to be approved by the Governor of this Commonwealth and the said Commissioner of Health.

Mr. STEEDLE, from the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1026, entitled:

An Act providing for the examination licensure and registration of persons engaged or engaging in the business or work of barbering in cities of this Commonwealth, and prescribing certain rules, regulations and requirements therefor, and imposing fines, penalties and forfeitures in violation thereof.

Mr. HOWARTH, from the Committee on Municipal Corporations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1031, entitled:

An Act regulating the use of electricity in cities of the second class providing for the examination and licensing of electrical contractors, individuals or companies doing electrical repair work and certain electrical engineers and for the supervision and inspection of electrical installations in said cities for the inspection of places of amusement maintaining electrical machinery or devices making the violations of the provisions thereof a misdemeanor and prescribing the punishment therefor.

Mr. RINN, from the Committee on Public Roads, reported as committed, House Bill No. 905, entitled:

An Act authorizing the free distribution of all maps issued by the State Highway Department.

Mr. RINN, from the Committee on Municipal Corporations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1115 (Senate Bill No. 213), entitled:

An Act to amend section one of article four of an act approved the twenty-seventh day of June one thousand nine hundred and thirteen Pamphlet Laws Five hundred sixty eight entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation regulation and government of cities of the third class regulating nomination and election of municipal officers therein and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto."

Mr. BOVEE, from the Committee on Fisheries, reported as amended, House Bill No. 928, entitled:

An Act to classify the fish in the waters within this Commonwealth declaring which are game fish which are food fish and which are bait fish and to regulate the catching and sale and to forbid the sale of certain fish and encourage the propagation of the same to protect the waters within this Commonwealth from unfair improper wasteful and destructive fishing and to protect the fish from being destroyed or injured by destructive means to provide for the appointment of fish wardens and to declare their official powers and duties to encourage and regulate the propagation of fish within this Commonwealth and to regulate the free distribution of the same by the Department of Fisheries in the waters within the same to define powers and duties of the Department of Fisheries to regulate the sale and shipment of fish artificially propagated for profit and to provide penalties and punishments for the violation of the provisions of this act and providing how and by whom the costs shall be paid.

Mr. SWAN, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1004, entitled:

A Supplement to an act entitled "An Act for the government of cities of the second class," approved the seventh day of March ,one thousand nine hundred and one, authorizing cities of the second class for the purpose of preventing fires, the spread of fire, fire waste and loss of life from fire, or a loss of life or damage to property from unsafe or improper construction or design of buildings to enact ordinances to provide for and regulate the construction, equipment, arrangements, maintenance, inspection, alteration, repair and removal of buildings and premises and appliances, apparatus and conditions in and about them, to provide for the regulation of the manufacture, transportation, storage, sale and use of explosives, gases, inflammables and dangerous chemicals and substances, to prohibit the manufacture of explosives and fireworks and the transportation, storage, sale and use of nitro-glycerine, imposing on the Department of Public Safety the enforcement of ordinances relating thereto, and authorizing such department to investigate fires, providing for the service of orders made by the said department and for the appeals from and reviews of certain of its orders for the method of recovering money expended by the cities in remedying

conditions and the method of obtaining a lien therefor and providing that the courts of common pleas shall have jurisdiction to punish witnesses for disobedience of orders of the Director of said Department when holding investigations and repealing all laws inconsistent therewith.

Mr. WALTON, from the Committee on Municipal Corporations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 835 (Senate Bill No. 7), entitled:

An Act amending sections one, three, four, seven, ten, eleven, and repealing section eight of an act entitled "An Act relating to the collection of city, school and poor taxes in the several cities of the third class in this Commonwealth and providing that the city treasurer of each of said cities by virtue of his office shall be collector of the said several taxes prescribing his duties and fixing his compensation" approved the twentieth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one.

Mr. WALTON, from the Committee on Municipal Corporations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 914, entitled:

An Act authorizing cities of the second class to locate construct and maintain subways and galleries with the equipment, accessories and appurtenances thereof, in congested districts of such cities and grant licenses for the use thereof to public service companies and others maintaining works and facilities in said districts providing for the determination of questions relating thereto by proceedings before the Public Service Commission and in the courts requiring public service companies and others to use such subways and galleries for their works and facilities in certain cases and providing a method for fixing the terms of such use and authorizing said cities to appropriate land necessary for the construction of such subways or galleries and the appurtenances and accessories thereof and providing a method for ascertaining the damages arising therefrom.

Mr. LAULER, from the Committee on Municipal Corporations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1097, entitled:

An Act requiring the borough council to fix by ordinance the salary of the burgess.

Mr. ALBEE, from the Committee on Fisheries, reported as committed, House Bill No. 877 (Senate Bill No. 250), entitled:

An Act to give additional protection to the fish in the waters within the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania prohibiting the fishing for or capture or killing of such fish by unnaturalized foreign-born residents and prescribing penalties for violation of its provisions.

Mr. EBY, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1110, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the purpose of refunding to Manfred J. Berliner of Corry, Pennsylvania, certain moneys erroneously paid into the State Treasury.

Mr. McCAIG, from the Committee on Manufactures, reported as committed, House Bill No. 825, entitled:

An Act to license and regulate the business of purchasing for smelting purposes, all articles made in whole or in part of gold or silver.

Mr. LUPPERT, from the Committee on Manufactures, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1052, entitled:

An Act regulating the payment of persons in the employ of the Commonwealth.

Mr. SWAN, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1192, entitled:

An Act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act to designate the several judicial districts of the Commonwealth as required by the Constitution, and to provide for the election, appointment and commissioning of judges learned in the law for the said districts in cases where such judges are not provided for by existing law," approved the eighteenth day of July, one thousand nine hundred one.

Mr. WETTACH, from the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, re-reported as amended (Senate Bill No. 183) House Bill No. 837, entitled:

An Act regulating the sale and exposing for sale of dressed lambs sheep and calves.

Mr. GLASS, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported with a negative recommendation, House Bill No. 1022, entitled:

An Act amending Article XIV of an act entitled "An Act for the Government of cities of second class," approved March 7th, 1901, as same was amended and supplemented in section seven of said Article by an act entitled, "An Act amending and supplementing Article fourteen of an act entitled 'An Act for the Government of Cities of the second class,' approved the seventh day of March, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one, as same was amended and supplemented by an act approved the twentieth day of June, Anno Domini, one thousand nine hundred and one; by abolishing the present select and common councils; providing a new body to be known as the council, and fixing their terms of office; and providing for the election of members of council, prescribing the qualifications of members thereof, their powers and duties, and fixing their salaries, approved May 31st, 1911, and amending Article XVI of the said act approved March 7th, 1901, as amended in section 1 of said Article XVI by an act entitled "An Act amending Article two, Article six, Article sixteen and paragraph twenty-four of Article nineteen, of an act entitled "An Act for the government of cities of the second class," approved the seventh day of March, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one; by providing for an increase in the number of executive departments in said cities from nine to ten, by the creation of the department of Public Health; by increasing the number of persons constituting the department of assessors, and enlarging and increasing the jurisdiction and powers of said departments; by providing for an increase in the number of police magistrates in said cities from five to eight; and supplementing said act by authorizing the creation of the Department of Public Health; providing for the appointment of a Director thereof, fixing the maximum of his salary, and defining the jurisdiction of said department," approved April first 1909, enlarging the power of council to include trial of police magistrate, and changing the terms of said police magistrates, providing certain qualifications for said magistrates, and imposing additional powers and duties thereon.

Mr. STONE, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported with a negative recommendation, House Bill No. 1148, entitled:

An Act providing for the creation and regulation of municipal liens, proceedings for the collection thereof, in the several boroughs of this state.

Mr. STATLER, from the Committee on Public Roads, reported with a negative recommendation, House Bill No. 868, entitled:

An Act to regulate the operation of motor vehicles for public use in the transportation of persons and the issuance of licenses therefore; to prescribe the qualifications of the owners and drivers or operators thereof; to define certain rights and duties and fixing penalties for the violation of this act; and to provide revenue from the operation of such vehicles for the maintenance of streets and highways.

QUESTION OF PERSONAL PRIVILEGE.

Mr. CROMER. Mr. Speaker, I rise to a question of personal privilege.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman will state his question of personal privilege.

Mr. CROMER. Mr. Speaker, I will state my question briefly and to the point. I have always been a man of action, with the clutch thrown in high gear, and I am becoming just a little impatient with the procedure of the House. It is said that "the mills of the Gods grind slowly," but they haven't anything on the General Assembly of Pennsylvania. To show you that I am doing all in my power for the best interests of this Commonwealth, I wish to say that I have refused to present considerable legislation here because it did not appear to have merit. I want to say to the Gentlemen of the House that I will not, under any circumstances, present another bill to this House for passage at this session.

Another thing I want to bring up is that we have been entertained here by speakers, lecturers and shows of different kinds, and I was not elected to come down here to be entertained. I think it takes up the business of the House. If you look at your calendar you will see nearly half a hundred bills on third reading, and I would not be surprised if we had another moving picture show tonight. I thank you, Mr. Speaker.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Mr. MILLIRON asked and obtained unanimous consent to call up House Bill No. 1050, File Folio 3527, on page eight of to-day's calendar, Bills on Second Reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being i nthis case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1050, as follows:

An Act to amend section eleven hundred twenty-one of an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provision by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by authority of the same That section eleven hundred twenty-one of an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith" which reads as follows

"Section 1121 The annual salary of each county superintendent elected or appointed under the provision of this act shall be paid by the State from appropriations made for this purpose or from the appropriations for the public schools and shall be fifteen dollars ($15.00) for each of the first one hundred schools within his jurisdiction at the time of his election and five dollars ($5.00) for each such additional school Provided That the salary of a county superintendent shall not be less than fifteen hundred dollars ($1,500.00) per annum or more than two thousand dollars (2,000.00) per annum but a convention of school directors assembled for the purpose of electing a county superintendent may vote him a salary greater than the amount he would receive by this act such increase to be paid in all cases out o fthe school fund apportioned to the school districts over which such county superintendent has supervision before the same is distributed The salaries of county superintendents shall be paid quarterly Provided That the provisions of this act relating to the amount and the manner of determining the salaries of county superintendents shall not take effect before the first Monday of June one thousand nine hundred and fourteen (1914)" is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 1121 The annual salary of each county superintendent elected or appointed under the provision of this act shall be paid by the State from appropriations made for this purpose or from the appropriations for the public schools and shall be fifteen dollars ($15.00) for each of the first one hundred schools within his jurisdiction at the time of his election and five dollars ($5.00) for each such additional school Provided That the salary of a county superintendent shall not be less than fifteen hundred dollars ($1,500.00) per annum or more than two thousand dollars ($2,000.00) per annum but a convention of school directors assembled for the purpose of electing a county superintendent may vote him a salary greater than the amount he would receive by this act such increase to be paid in all cases out of the school fund apportioned to the schools districts over which such county superintendent has supervision before the same is distributed The salaries of county superintendent shall be paid monthly

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Mr. MILLIRON asked and obtained unanimous consent to call up from page 9 of to-day's calendar for the purpose of amendment, House Bill No. 1049.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1049, entitled:

An Act to amend section two of an act approved the fifteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred seven entitled "An Act fixing the salary of the Superintendent of Public Instruction and of the deputy superintendents".

The first section was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the second section of an act approved the fifteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred seven entitled "An Act fixing the salary of the Superintendent of Public Instruction and of the Deputy Superintendents of Public Instruction" which reads as follows

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. MILLIRON. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 1, line 9, by inserting a double quote before the word "Section."

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to,

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The second section and title were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 2 That from and after the passage of this act the salary of the Deputy Superintendents of Public Instruction shall be two thousand dollars per annum" is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 2 The salary of the Deputy Superintendents of Public Instruction shall be two thousand five hundred dollars per annum

An Act to amend section two of an act approved the fifteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred seven entitled "An Act fixing the salary of the Superintendent of Public Instruction and of the Deputy Superintendents of Public Instruction"

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Mr. PHILLIPS asked and obtained unanimous consent to call up from page 13 of to-days calendar, House Bill No. 892, for the purpose of amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 892, entitled:

An Act relative to certain county offices in counties containing less than one hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants with the incidental duties of county commissioners and election officers

The first, second, third, fourth, fifth and sixth sections were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That in all counties of this Commonwealth containing less than one hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants there may be elected one person to fill the offices of prothonotary clerk of the courts of quarter sessions and oyer and terminer one person to fill the offices of clerk of the orphans' court and register of wills and one person to fill the office of the recorder of deeds

Section 2 Such officers shall be elected at a municipal election immediately preceding the expiration of the terms of office of those persons who fill the offices authorized by this act to be held by one person The officers so elected shall hold office for a term of four years from the first Monday of January next succeeding their election and until their successors qualify

Section 3 This act shall not become operative in any county until its provisions are accepted at a municipal general or special election as hereinafter provided

Section 4 The court of quarter sessions shall upon petition cause the question whether the provisions of this act shall become operative to be submitted to the electors of the county If the petition is filed within forty and more than thirty days before a municipal or general election the court shall certify the question to the county commissioners The county commissioners shall cause the question so certified to be printed upon the official ballot and followed by the words "Yes" and "No" If the question cannot be submitted at a municipal or general election the court shall order a special election to be held in the county in not less than thirty nor more than forty days from the date of such order

Section 5 The petition shall be signed by electors of the county equal in number to twenty-five per centum of the total number of votes cast in the county at the last preceding general or municipal election and shall be verified as to the relative number and qualifications of the signers by the oath or affirmation of at least three of the petitioners

Section 6 A special election ordered under this act shall be held by the regular election officers at the usual polling places and shall be governed by the laws regulating the holding and conduct of general elections Notice of such election shall be given by the officers designated and in the manner provided by existing laws relating to general elections insofar as the same may be applicable and every such notice shall state (first) the question to be voted upon as hereinafter set forth (second) the day and place of holding said elections (third) that the polls shall be open between the hours of seven o'clock ante meridian and seven o'clock post meridian

The seventh section was read as follows:

Section 7 The ballots at any special election held under the provisions of this act shall be printed distributed and furnished and in such quantities and of the form provided by existing laws relating to general elections Upon such ballots shall be printed the question "Shall the acts entitled an act approved (here insert the date of approval of this act) become operative in the county of ..... (here insert the name of the proper county) followed by the words "Yes" and "No" with a square of sufficient size at the right of each said words in which to give the elector an opportunity to designate his choice by a cross mark (X) placed in one of the said squares Each qualified elector receiving such a ballot may mark in the appropriate square a cross (X) opposite the answer he desires to give

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. PHILLIPS. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend Section 7, line 5, by striking out the word "acts" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "act"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendments?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The eighth, ninth and tenth sections were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 8 All votes cast on such question at a general municipal or special election shall be counted declared a return made canvassed and disposed of as now provided by law in the case of general elections

Section 9 When it shall appear by the returns of a municipal general or special election that a majority of the total number of votes cast for and against such question favors the operation of the law the provisions of this act shall become operative in such county upon filing in the office of the prothonotary by the returning board the results of such municipal general or special election

Section 10 Whenever such question is submitted to the electors of any county and by them determine in the negative such question shall not be again submitted until a period of three years has intervened At the expiration of such period a new petition may be presented to the court and the same procedure shall be had pursuant thereto as in the case of an original petition

The eleventh section was read as follows:

Section 11 The act entitled "An Act to provide for the election of one person to fill the offices of prothonotary clerk of the courts of general quarter sessions and oyer and terminer and one other person to fill the office of register of wills recording of deeds and clerk of orphans' court in counties containing forty thousand inhabitants and not heretofore created a separate judicial district under the Constitution" approved the twelfth day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-three

An Act entitled "An Act to provide for the election of one person to fill the office of prothonotary one person to fill the office of clerk of the courts of general quarter sessions and oyer and terminer one person to fill the office of register of wills and clerk of the orphans' court and one person to fill the office of recorder of deeds in counties containing forty thousand inhabitants and hereafter created separate judicial districts under the Constitution" approved the twelfth day of June one thousand nine hundred one are hereby repealed insofar as they are inconsistent with this act All other acts and parts of acts inconsistent with this act are hereby repealed

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. PHILLIPS. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 11, line 5, by striking out the word "recording" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "recorder."

Amend section 11, line 5, by inserting after the second word "of" the word "the."

Amend section 11, line 7, by striking out the word "the."

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendments?

They were agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The title was read and agreed to as follows:

An Act relative to certain county offices in counties containing less than one hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants with the incidental duties of county commissioners and election officers

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

ADJOURNMENT.

Mr. LAFFERTY. Mr. Speaker, I move this House do now adjourn.

The motion was agreed to and (at 8.10 P. M.) the House adjourned to meet at 10:00 o'clock to-morrow morning.

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA.

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SENATE.

WEDNESDAY, March 31, 1915.

The Senate met at 10 o'clock A. M.

The PRESIDENT (Lieutenant-Governor Frank B. McClain) in the Chair.

PRAYER.

The Chaplain, Rev. Thomas W. Davis, offered the following prayer:

Almighty God, we thank Thee for the restoration and new inspiration that comes to us from the night's sleep; old sores are healed over, hard conditions are smoothed, and we are ready to address ourselves again with renewed vigor to those problems that confront us. We pray that Thy blessing may be with this Senate, their families, their president and with all the employes of this body; may Thy blessing be with the Governor and his cabinet and with the House and their speaker. Guide us so that we may live to Thy glory and the good of our fellows. We ask in our Saviour's name. Amen.

The PRESIDENT. A quorum of the Senate being present the Clerk will read the Journal of the preceding session.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of the preceding session, when, on motion of Mr. MOORE, the further reading was dispensed with, and the Journal was approved.

LEAVES OF ABSENCE.

Mr. FARLEY asked and obtained leave of absence for the Senator from Lycoming, Mr. Sones.

Mr. MILLER asked and obtained leave of absence for the Senator from Crawford, Mr. R. E. Smith.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. MOORE, from the Committee on Education, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 304, entitled:

An Act relating to appeals from the reports of auditors of school districts of the second, third and fourth classes.

Mr. P. W. SNYDER, from the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 580 (House Bill No. 459), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the 24th day of May, 1887, entitled "An Act to regulate the practice of pharmacy and sale of poisons and to prevent adulteration in drugs and medicinal preparations in the State of Pennsylvania" as amended.

Mr. MILLS, from the Committee on Forestry, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 646 (House Bill No. 883), entitled:

An Act authorizing the Department of Forestry to grow and distribute young forest trees and restricting their use after distribution.

Mr. TOMPKINS, from the Committee on Game and Fisheries, re-reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 510 (House Bill No. 119), entitled:

An Act to provide for the better protection and preservation of game, game quadrupeds and game-birds in Pennsylvania and prescribing penalties for violation of its several provisions.

Also from the Committee on Education reported as committed Senate Bill No. 75, entitled:

An Act to amend section 1707 of an act, entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, together with the provisions by which it shall be administered, and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof; providing revenue to establish and maintain the same, and the method of collecting such revenue; and repealing all laws, general, special or local, or any parts thereof, that are or may be inconsistent therewith," approved the 18th day of May, A. D. 1911.

Mr. CROW, from the Committee on Corporations, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 574, entitled:

An Act to amend Rule Eighteen of the General Rules in Article XXV of the Act of June 9, 1911, P. L. 756, entitled "An Act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the bituminous coal mines of Pennsylvania, and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith."

Also from the Committee on Corporations, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 599 (House Bill No. 727), entitled:

An Act to authorize the merger and consolidation of street railway corporations organized under the laws of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania with street railway corporations organized under the laws of other states where the lines of said street railway corporations meet at the state line of any state adjoining the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and form a continuous line with each other and validating all such mergers and consolidations heretofore made.

Also from the Committee on Corporations, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 521 (House Bill No. 519), entitled:

An Act to authorize the revising, editing and printing of twenty-five thousand copies bulletin number two hundred and nineteen, entitled "Increasing the Winter Yield of Eggs," issued by the Department of Agriculture and making an appropriation therefor.

Mr. McKEE, from the Committee on Education, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 450 (House Bill No. 611), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the 18th day of May, 1911, entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof, providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general, special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith."

BILL ON FIRST READING.

Mr. TOMPKINS. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now proceed to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 75, entitled:

An Act to amend section 1707 of an act, entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, together with the provisions by which it shall be administered, and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof; providing revenue to establish and maintain th same, and the method of collecting such revenue; and repealing all laws, general, special or local, or any parts thereof, that are or may be inconsistent therewith," approved the eighteenth day of May, A. D. 1911.

Mr. WASBERS. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 75, entitled:

An Act to amend section 1707 of an act, entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, together with the provisions by which it shall be administered, and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof; providing revenue to establish and maintain the same, and the method of collecting such revenue; and repealing all laws, general, special or local, or any parts thereof, that are or may be inconsistent therewith," approved the eighteenth day of May, A. D. 1911.

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

Mr. TOMPKINS read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 708, entitled:

An Act making incompatible the offices of councilman in municipalities and school director.

Which was committed to the Committee on Municipal Affairs.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 709, entitled:

An Act to amend sections three, six and seven of an act, approved the 25th day of July, 1913, entitled "An Act to protect the public health and welfare, by regulating the employment of females in certain establishments, with respect to their hours of labor and the conditions of their employment; by establishing certain sanitary regulations in the establishments in which they work; by requiring certain abstracts and notices to be posted; by providing for the enforcement of this act by the Commissioner of Labor and Industry and others; by prescribing penalties for violations thereof; by defining the procedure in prosecutions; and by repealing all acts and parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions thereof."

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 710, entitled:

A Supplement to an act, entitled "An Act to fix the salaries of the several State officers of the Commonwealth, the number of clerks to be employed in the several departments and their compensation, and providing for the incidental expenses of said departments," approved May fourteenth, 1874, fixing the salaries of the clerks in the Department of Public Instruction.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

TIME OF NEXT MEETING.

Mr. GERBERICH offered the following resolution which was twice read, considered and agreed to.

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That when the Senate adjourns this week it shall be to reconvene on Tuesday evening, April sixth, at nine o'clock, and that when the House of Representatives adjourns this week it shall be to reconvene on Monday evening, April fifth, at eight o'clock.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILLS SIGNED.

The PRESIDENT (Lieutenant-Governor Frank B. McClain) announced that the Chief Clerk having reported that the following bills had passed both houses of the General Assembly and the same being correct, the titles were publicly read as follows:

Senate Bill No. 294, entitled:

An Act to further protect the rights and liberty of the people of this Commonwealth when under arrest upon a bailable criminal charge making its infraction a misdemeanor and providing punishment therefor

Senate Bill No. 401, entitled:

An Act authorizing George F. Pawling a resident of the city of Philadelphia successor to Bergdoll and Pawling to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

Whereupon,

The PRESIDENT (Lieutenant-Governor Frank B. McClain) in the presence of the Senate signed the same.

BILL ON FINAL PASSAGE RECALLED FROM THE GOVERNOR.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate resumed the consideration of Senate Bill No. 4, as follows:

An Act relating to persons habitually addicted to the use of alcohol or drugs and providing for the care and treatment of such persons at the expense of the county and State if indigent

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the word "inebriate" used in this act means a person habitually so addicted to the use of alcohol or narcotic drugs as to be a proper subject for restraint care and treatment

Section 2 Upon petition of two citizens who shall be either the wife husband parent child committee of the estate of an inebriate or next friends of such person the court of quarter sessions shall issue its warrant requiring the inebriate on a day fixed to be brought into court for a hearing The petition shall not be considered unless it sets forth that the person named therein is an inebriate within the scope of this act and unless it be accompanied by the affidavit or affidavits of at least two reputable physicians stating that they have examined the alleged inebriate and that he is a proper subject for restraint care and treatment

Section 3 If after such hearing the court is satisfied that the alleged inebriate is a proper subject for restraint care and treatment the court shall commit the inebriate to the State Institution for Inebriates for such period as it may deem advisable under the circumstances which appear before it but in no case shall the same be for less than thirty days When so committed the inebriate shall remain in such institution until on further hearing the said court shall be of opinion that such restraint care and treatment are no longer beneficial to the inebriate or until the Board of Trustees or Superintendent of the Institution shall certify to the said court that restraint care and treatment are no longer beneficial or necessary to the inebriate or that he is cured Whereupon the court shall order the inebriate to be discharged under such supervision and restriction as the court may impose

Section 4 When after hearing an inebriate is committed to the State Institution for Inebriates the court shall determine who shall bear the cost and expense of the restraint care and treatment of the inebriate while in the institution The persons who shall bear such cost and expense of the inebriate if indigent shall be the wife or husband and if the inebriate be a minor then his father or mother as the court may direct No inebriate shall be committed to the institution until the court shall by order determine who shall bear such cost and expense nor until payment therefor be made to the said Board of Trustees or security saitsfactory to the board be given

Section 5 If at such hearing the court finds that the inebriate is indigent and that the wife husband or parent is unable to pay the cost and expense of the restraint care and treatment in the institution it shall so certify in the order committing the inebriate

The cost and expense of restraint care and treatment of indigent inebriates in the institution shall be borne and paid by the county from which the inebriate is committed overhead charges by the State

Section 6 Any inebriate or any person addicted to the use of alcohol or drugs who wishes to submit himself for care and treatment in the institution may be received therein as a patient He shall be detained therein and given adequate care and treatment Such detention shall not extend more than ten days after he has signified in writing his intention or desire of leaving the institution Admission of such patents shall be under such conditions not inconsistent herewith as may be imposed by the Board of Trustees

Section 7 If any inebriate at the time of his commitment is engaged in any business or is possessed of an estate that requires supervision and attention the court is hereby empowered on the petition of his or her husband or wife father or mother or child to appoint a committee to supervise his business or care for his estate during the period he may be confined in the institution under such conditions and order as the court may see fit to impose The committee to continue to act until discharged by the court

Section 8 The court committing the inebriate is hereby empowered to direct payment to be made for the cost and expense of his restraint care and treatment while in the institution by the inebriate or by person or persons who were directed to bear the liability at the time of his commitment out of his her or their property and to enforce the payment of the same by execution or otherwise

Said bill having been recalled from the Governor for amendment.

The vote had on final passage and third reading on said bill were reconsidered in the Senate and the bill amended.

And said amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

And the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—39.

Beidleman,	Gyger,	McNichol,	Smith, W. W.,
Buckman,	Hoke,	Miller,	Snyder, C. A.,
Burke,	Jenkins,	Mills	Snyder, P. W.,
Catlin,	Kline,	Moore,	Stewart,
Croft,	Kurtz,	Patton,	Thompson,
Crow,	Lynch,	Phipps,	Tompkins,
Daix,	Magee, C. J.,	Salus,	Vare,
Endsley,	Martin,	Schantz,	Warner,
Gerberich,	McConnell,	Semmens,	Wasbers,
Graff,	McKee, W. S.	Sensenich,	

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILL RETURNED FROM HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES WITH AMENDMENTS.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate resumed the consideration of Senate Bill No. 176, entitled:

An Act to provide for the better protection and preservation of deer and elk squirrels and certain birds classed as game birds within the Commonwealth providing a method through which certain lands in the Commonwealth may be closed to hunting for a term of years and prescribing penalties for violation of its several provisions

Said bill having been returned from the House of Representatives with amendments in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

Said amendments were twice read as follows:

In section 1, in line 7, by inserting after the word "deer" the words "squirrels of all kinds"; also in section 2, in line 5, by inserting after the word "deer" the words "and squirrels of all kinds"; also in line 35, by inserting after the word "deer" the words "squirrels of all kinds"; also in line 53, by inserting after the word "each" the words "squirrel or"; also in the title, in line 2, by inserting after the word "elk" the word "squirrels."

On the question,

Will the Senate concur in the same?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—41.

Beidleman,	Graff,	McNichol,	Smith, W. W.,
Buckman,	Hoke,	Miller,	Snyder, C. A.,
Burke,	Jenkins,	Mills,	Snyder, P. W.,
Catlin,	Kline,	Moore,	Sproul,
Clark,	Kurtz,	Patton,	Stewart,
Croft,	Lynch,	Phipps,	Thompson,
Crow,	Magee, C. J.,	Salus,	Tompkins,
Daix,	Martin,	Schantz,	Vare,
Endsley,	McConnell,	Semmens,	Warner,
Farley,	McKee, W. S.,	Sensenich,	Washers,
Gerberich,			

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the quesion was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

BILLS ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate resumed the consideration of Senate Bill No. 31, as follows:

An Act amending section five of an act entitled "An Act to establish a county court for the County of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof" approved the fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven by changing the manner of appointment and of determining the numbers duties and compensation of clerks and other assistants

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section five of an act entitled "An Act to establish a county court for the county of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof" approved the fifth day of May nineteen hundred and eleven which reads as follows:

Section 5 The prothonotary of Allegheny county shall be the clerk of the court hereby created and shall assume and perform all the duties of clerk thereof At each place designated for the holding of said court there shall be established an office in charge of a clerk or clerks appointed by the prothonotary who shall have the custody of the seal to be kept at such place as well as of the docket of the court and of all papers pertaining to the business of the court at such place All other necessary assistants shall be appointed by said court and their compensation shall be fixed and paid out of the treasury of Allegheny county in the manner in which other county expenses are now fixed and paid by law and the duties of such assistants except as in this act set forth shall be determined by a majority of the judges of such court" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 5 The prothonotary of Allegheny county shall be the clerk of the court hereby created and shall assume and perform all of the duties of clerk thereof At each place designated for the holding of said court there shall be established an office in charge of a clerk or clerks appointed by the prothonotary with the approval of the majority of the judges of said court who shall have the custody of the seal to be kept in such place as well as of the docket of the court and of all papers pertaining to the business of the court at such place The number duties and compensation of said clerks to be fixed by a majority of the judges of said court and such compensation to be paid out of the treasury of Allegheny county in the manner in which other county expenses are now paid by law All other necessary assistants shall be appointed by a majority of the judges of said court and their number duties and compensation shall be fixed by a majority of the judges of said court and their compensation shall be paid out of the treasury of Allegheny county in the manner in which other county expenses are now paid by law

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—42.

Beidleman,	Graff,	McNichol,	Smith, W. W.,
Buckman,	Gyger,	Miller,	Snyder, C. A.,
Burke,	Hoke,	Mills,	Snyder, P. W.,
Catlin,	Jenkins,	Moore,	Sproul,
Clark,	Kline,	Patton,	Stewart,
Croft,	Kurtz,	Phipps,	Thompson,
Crow,	Lynch,	Salus,	Tompkins,
Daix,	Magee, C. J.,	Schantz,	Vare,
Endsley,	Martin,	Semmens,	Warner,
Farley,	McConnell,	Sensenich,	Washers,
Gerberich,	McKee, W. S.,		

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate resumed the consideration of Senate Bill No. 225, entitled:

An Act supplementing and amending sections ten (10) and twelve (12) of an act entitled "An Act establishing a court for the county of Philadelphia prescribing its jurisdiction and powers providing for the service of its writs process or warrants by the proper officers of the county or city of Philadelphia regulating the procedure therein and appeals therefrom and providing for the expenses thereof" approved the twelfth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen by increasing the jurisdiction of the court in all civil actions in assumpsit to twelve hundred dollars ($1,200) by conferring upon said court jurisdiction in actions of replevin foreign attachment proceedings commenced under an act entitled "An Act relating to fraudulent debtors" approved seventeenth of March eighteen hundred and sixty-nine mechanics' liens municipal claims divorce and all habeas corpus proceedings and regulating and changing the practice and procedure in said court and changing the word "prothonotary" in the said section twelve (12) wherever it appears to the word "clerk"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section ten (10) of an act entitled "An Act establishing a court for the county of Philadelphia prescribing its jurisdiction and powers providing for the service of its writs process or warrants by the proper officers of the county or city of Philadelphia regulating the procedure therein and appeals therefrom and providing for the expenses thereof" approved the twelfth day of July nineteen hundred and thirteen which reads as follows

"Section 10 The said court hereby created shall have jurisdiction in all civil actions at law and in equity where the value of the matter or thing in controversy exclusive of

interest and costs does not exceed the sum of six hundred dollars ($600) except that in actions for damages for personal injuries it shall have jurisdiction where the sum demanded by the plaintiff does not exceed one thousand five hundred dollars ($1,500) The amount claimed by the plaintiff where the said claim is for a sum certain shall be conclusive as to the jurisdiction of the court in all actions brought for the recovery of money and in actions at law or in equity not involving any sum certain the plaintiff shall file with his statement a certificate as to the amount of the thing or matter in controversy The said court shall also have jurisdiction in any civil cases transferred to it by order of a majority of the judges of any court of common pleas of Philadelphia county" be and the same is herewith amended and supplemented to read as follows

Section 10 The said court hereby created shall have jurisdiction in all civil actions at law and in equity where the value of the matter or thing in controversy exclusive of interest and costs does not exceed the sum of twelve hundred dollars ($1,200) in actions of assumpsit and fifteen hundred dollars ($1,500) in actions of trespass The amount claimed by the plaintiff where the said claim is for a sum certain shall be conclusive as to the jurisdiction of the court in all actions brought for the recovery of money and in actions at law or in equity not involving any sum certain the plaintiff shall file with his statement a certificate as to the amount of the thing or matter in controversy The said court shall also have jurisdiction in any civil cases transferred to it by order of a majority of the judges of any court of common pleas of Philadelphia county The said court hereby created shall also have jurisdiction in actions of replevin foreign attachment proceedings commenced under an act entitled "An Act relating to fraudulent debtors" approved seventeenth of March eighteen hundred and sixty-nine in proceedings involving mechanics' liens and municipal claims where the matter or thing in controversy exclusive of interest and costs shall not exceed the sum of twelve hundred dollars ($1,200) and in divorce and all habeas corpus proceedings

Section 2 And be it further enacted et cetera that section twelve of the above mentioned act which reads as follows

"Section 12 All civil actions in said municipal court shall be begun by filing a statement of the plaintiff's claim without the issuance of any formal writ The said statement shall consist of a concise recital of the facts which the plaintiff claims give rise to his cause for action divided into paragraphs consecutively numbered only one averment of fact so far as possible being included in one paragraph Where any contracts or other writings are material to the validity of the plaintiff's claim he must annex copies of the same in accordance with the practice now obtaining in the courts of common pleas This statement may be filed by the plaintiff or his counsel or may be orally stated to a clerk of the court whose duty it shall be to reduce the same to writing All statements shall be verified by the affidavit of the plaintiff or his duly authorized agent and shall be signed by the plaintiff or his counsel

The said clerk shall thereupon issue a summons under the seal of the court requiring the defendant to appear and file an answer to the plaintiff's claim within ten days after service of the statement upon him In default of the filing of an answer within ten days the plaintiff may take judgment against the defendant as of course In order to prevent judgment as aforesaid defendant must file within ten days of the service of the summons and statement upon him as aforesaid an answer which shall consist of a series of numbered paragraphs corresponding to the paragraphs in the plaintiff's statement of his claim and shall contain an admission or denial of each fact averred Provided That if defendant alleges himself to be ignorant as to the facts averred in any paragraph he may so state and place the plaintiff upon proof of the same as if they had been denied All facts which defendant does not deny or aver himself to be ignorant and demand proof as aforesaid shall be deemed to be admitted The answer may be filed by the defendant or his counsel or may be orally stated to a clerk of the court whose duty it shall be to reduce the same to writing All answers shall be verified by the affidavit of defendant or his duly authorized agent and shall be signed by defendant or his counsel After defendant has filed an answer the case shall be at issue without any formal pleas unless he sets up new matter in separate numbered paragraphs in addition to those answering plaintiff's averments in which case plaintiff may within five days answer the same in the same manner and all new matter so averred by defendant and not denied by plaintiff or of which he does not declare himself to be ignorant and demand proof shall be deemed to be admitted The case shall then be at issue Plaintiff may move for judgment for want of a sufficient answer for all or a portion of his claim

Every statement of claim before it shall be received by the prothonotary shall contain on the back thereof an endorsement signed by plaintiff or his counsel as follows "Jury trial demanded" or "It is agreed that this case be tried by a judge without a jury" If plaintiff demands a jury trial he shall at the time of filing his statement pay to the prothonotary a jury fee of four dollars Every answer where plaintiff has not demanded a jury trial shall contain on the back thereof a similar endorsement and if defendant demands a jury trial he shall at the time of filing his answer pay to the prothonotary a jury fee of four dollars If both parties as aforesaid have filed agreements that the case may be tried by a judge without a jury it shall be so tried under such rules of procedure as the court shall prescribe

When a case is at issue it may be immediately ordered on the trial list by either party It shall be the duty of the judges of the said court to so arrange their trial list that cases shall be tried as promptly as possible For the purpose of promtply disposing of all motions and rules in connection with its business it shall be the duty of said court to have at least one judge sitting continuously as many hours per day as he may be needed Except as modified by this act or its own rules adopted by a majority of the judges the practice and procedure of the municipal court shall be the same as the practice and procedure in the courts of common pleas of Philadelphia county" be and the same is hereby amended and supplemented to read as follows

Section 12 In actions of replevin in foreign attachment in proceedings commenced under an act entitled "An Act relating to fraudulent debtors" approved seventeenth day of March eighteen hundred and sixty-nine in divorce and all habeas corpus proceedings in mechanic's liens and municipal claims and in all actions for the filing enforcement and collection of said claims the practice and procedure in the municipal court shall be similar to that which governs in similar actions or proceedings in the courts of common pleas of the Commonwealth

Otherwise than in writs of capias ad respondendum when required and in those for which different provisions are made in this act all civil actions in the municipal court shall be begun by filing a statement of the plaintiff's claim prior to the issuance of any formal writ The said statement shall consist of a concise recital of the facts which the plaintiff claims give rise to his cause of action divided into paragraphs consecutively numbered only one averment of fact so far as possible being included in one paragraph Where any contracts or other writings are material to the validity of the plaintiff's claim he must annex copies of the same in accordance with the practice now obtaining in the courts of common pleas This statement may be filed by the plaintiff or his counsel or may be orally stated to a clerk of the court whose duty it shall be to reduce the same to writing All statements shall be verified by the affidavit of the plaintiff or his duly authorized agent and shall be signed by the plaintiff or his counsel

The said clerk shall thereupon issue a summons under the seal of the court requiring the defendant to appear and file an answer to the plaintiff's claim within ten days after service of the statement upon him In default of the filing of an answer within ten days the plaintiff may take judgment against the defendant as of course In order to prevent judgment as aforesaid defendant must file within ten days of the service of summons and statement upon him as aforesaid an answer which shall consist of a series of numbered paragraphs corresponding to the paragraphs in the plaintiff's statement of his claim and in actions of trespass shall contain an admission or denial of each fact averred Provided That if defendant alleges himself to be ignorant as to the facts averred in any paragraph as he may so state and place the plaintiff upon proof of the same as if they had been denied All facts which defendant does not deny or aver himself to be ignorant and demand proof as aforesaid shall be deemed to be admitted In actions of assumpsit the answer duly sworn to shall set forth fully the nature and character of the defense to the plaintiff's demand and shall conform to such rules as may be adopted by the majority of the judges of said court The answer may be filed by the defendant or his counsel or may be orally stated to a clerk of the court whose duty it shall be to reduce the same to writing All answers shall be verified by the affidavit of defendant or his duly authorized agent and shall be signed by defendant or his counsel After defendant has filed an answer the case shall be at issue without any formal pleas unless he sets up new matter in separate numbered paragraphs in addition to those answering plaintiff's averments in which case plaintiff may within ten days answer the same in the same manner and all new matter so averred by defendant and not denied by plaintiff or of which he does not declare himself to be ignorant and demand proof shall be deemed to be admitted The case shall then be at issue Plaintiff may move for judgment for want of a sufficient answer for all or a portion of his claim

Every statement of claim before it shall be received by the clerk shall contain on the back thereof an endorsement signed by plaintiff or his counsel as follows "Jury trial demanded" or "It is agreed that this case be tried by a judge without a jury" If plaintiff demands a jury trial he shall at the time of filing his statement pay to the clerk a jury fee of four dollars Every answer where plaintiff has not demanded a jury trial shall contain on the back thereof a similar endorsement and if defendant demands a jury trial he shall at the time of filing his answer pay to the clerk a jury fee of four dollars If both parties as aforesaid have filed agreements that the case may be tried by a judge without a jury it shall be so tried under such rules of procedure as the court shall prescribe

When a case is at issue it may be immediately ordered on the trial list by either party It shall be the duty of the judges of the said court to so arrange their trial list that cases shall be tried as promptly as possible For the purpose of promptly disposing of all motions and rules in connection with its business it shall be the duty of said court to have at least one judge sitting continuously as many hours per day as he may be needed Except as modified by this act or its own rules duly adopted by a majority of the judges the practice and procedure in the municipal court shall be the same as the practice and procedure in the courts of common pleas of Philadelphia county

Section 3 All acts and parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—43.

Beidleman,	Graff,	McKee, W. S.,	Smith, W. W.,
Buckman,	Gyger,	McNichol,	Snyder, C. A.,
Burke,	Hilton,	Miller,	Snyder, P. W.,
Catlin,	Hoke,	Mills,	Sproul,
Clark,	Jenkins,	Moore,	Stewart,
Croft,	Kline,	Patton,	Thompson,
Crow,	Kurtz,	Phipps,	Tompkins,
Daix,	Lynch,	Salus,	Vare,
Endsley,	Magee, C. J.,	Schantz,	Warner,
Farley,	Martin,	Semmens,	Wasbers,
Gerberich,	McConnell,	Sensenich,	

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

RECONSIDERATION OF SENATE BILL 225.

Mr. VARE. Mr. President, I move that the vote by which Senate Bill No. 225, the bill just read, passed finally, be reconsidered.

The PRESIDENT. How did the Senator vote?

Mr. VARE. Mr. President, I voted aye.

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The PRESIDENT. How did the Senator vote?

Mr. CATLIN. Mr President, I voted aye.

The motion was agreed to.

And the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. VARE. Mr. President, I move that the question, together with the further consideration of the bill, be postponed for the present.

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL OVER IN ORDER.

Mr. CLARK. Mr. President, I ask that Senate Bill No. 375, on final passage, entitled:

An Act relative to the deposit of county funds by the county treasurer in banks

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. It there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILLS ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate resumed the consideration of Senate Bill No. 490, entitled:

An Act relating to free public non-sectarian libraries and branch libraries within this Commonwealth providing for their establishment maintenance and regulation and for the maintenance and regulation of such free public non-sectarian libraries as may have been already established by the several counties cities boroughs towns townships and school districts and providing that all library property and all gifts devises grants or endowments for library purposes shall be exempt from taxation and providing that the several counties cities boroughs towns townships and school districts may levy taxes condemn private property and borrow money for library purposes and imposing penalties for injuring library property and for violation of library regulations and repealing existing laws in relation to the above subjects

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by authority of the same That all counties cities boroughs towns whether incorporated under general or special acts townships and school districts are hereby empowered either separately or in conjunction with one another under the terms of an agreement duly entered into as provided in section nine of this act to make appropriations from time to time under such conditions as the governing authorities of the same shall see fit for the establishment and maintenance of free public non-sectarian libraries with or without branches or branch non-sectarian libraries and also in aid of such free public non-sectarian libraries as shall have been already established within their or either of their respective limits Provided however That appropriations for maintenance and aid shall equal at least one mill on the dollar annually on all taxable property within said respective districts or so much thereof as may be certified by the board of library trustees hereinafter provided for to be necessary Special taxes for these purposes may be levied on the assessed valuation of the taxable property within any district or the same may be levied and collected with the general taxes

Section 2 In making such appropriations counties shall act by their county commissioners cities boroughs and towns by their executive head and councils townships by their supervisors or commissioners and school districts by their board of school directors

Section 3 The word "district" or "districts" whenever used in this act shall be construed to mean any county or counties city or cities borough or boroughs town or towns township or townships school district or school districts either separately or in conjunction with one another according to the circumstances

Section 4 The term "library" wherever used in this act shall be construed to mean a collection of books selected and administered primarily for the benefit of the general public

Section 5 Every library established or wholly or partially maintained under this act shall be forever free to the use of the inhabitants of the respective districts establishing or maintaining or assisting in the maintenance of the same who shall be allowed to take books away for use outside the library room always subject to such reasonable rules and regulations as the board of direction or trustees or commission or corporation having the library in charge may adopt and the governing body of the library may extend the privileges and the use of the same to persons residing outside of the district or districts that have created or are assisting in maintaining it upon such terms and conditions as from time to time may be prescribed

Section 6 The affairs of all free non-sectarian libraries established or maintained or both under the provisions of this act shall be under the direction and control of a board of not more than seven trustees who shall be appointed by the authorities of the respective districts creating or aiding said library for a term of five years and shall serve without compensation and where two or more districts have joined together for this purpose they shall be appointed in such manner as shall be mutually agreed upon When libraries are thus established the first appointees shall be appointed one for one year one for two years one for three years two for four years and two for five years and thereafter annually appointments shall be made to fill expiring terms each for the full term of five years All vacancies shall be filled by the board for the balance of the term made vacant The board shall be organized by the election of a president a secretary and a treasurer from its membership who shall receive no compensation for their services as much and such other officers and agents as shall be deemed necessary and the treasurer shall give bond in such sum as shall be determined by the board Provided however That any free public non-section library established before the passage of this act may retain its existing form of organization until such time as it sees fit to change the same so as to conform with these provisions and any such library shall be subject to all the other provisions of this act and entitled to all the benefits and privileges hereof without regard to its form of organization or the manner of its creation and maintenance and any free public non-sectarian library now established through private enterprise whether incorporated or not may retain its organization and at the same time receive public aid under this act

Section 7 The said governing body whether the same be a board of directors or trustees or a commission or a corporation shall annually furnish a report to the authorities of the county city borough town township or school district maintaining or assisting in the maintenance of said library stating its condition and that of any branches the various sums of money received and how expended and for what purpose the number of books and periodicals on hand the number added by purchase gift or otherwise during the year the number lost or missing or withdrawn the number of registered readers and such other statistics information and suggestions as they may deem of general public interest It shall also furnish to the Free Library Commission of the State such information as to its work as may be asked for

Section 8 It shall be lawful for the said board of direction trustees commission or corporation as the case may be to take and hold any property real and personal for the use of said library and any person desiring to make donations of books money personal property or real estate shall have the right to vest the title to the same in the said board of direction trustees commission or corporation to be held and controlled by said board of direction trustees commission or corporation when accepted according to the terms of the deed gift devise or bequest of such property as to such property the said board of direction trustees commission or corporation shall be held and considered to be special trustee

Section 9 No agreement between districts to act in conjunction with one another as provided for in section one of this act shall be valid until same shall have been accepted by a majority vote of each of the parties thereof acting separately and until the provisions thereof are

stated in full in writing and signed by the parties thereto Said agreement shall set forth the purpose the terms as to the support and control and the conditions under which the agreement shall be terminated No change shall be made in said agreement except by a majority vote of each of the parties thereto

Section 10 It shall be lawful for the commissioners of any county the mayor and councils of any city the burgess and councils of any borough or town the supervisors or commissioners of any township and board of school directors of any school district within this Commonwealth to enter into contracts or agreements with any person or persons desiring to donate to said counties cities boroughs towns townships or school districts or to any board of direction trustees commission or corporation duly constituted for the management of any free public non-sectarian library or libraries within the same any sum or sums of money to be used for the establishment of a free public non-sectarian library or of free branch libraries in the said districts or both or such person or persons making such donations may constitute and designate any such board of direction trustees commission or corporation managing any free public non-sectarian library or libraries in the said districts or any individual as he or they may select to represent him or them as a party to such contracts or agreements and said contracts or agreements may be authorized and executed by the aforesaid public authorities of the respective districts above mentioned and when so authorized and executed shall be binding on the said districts

Section 11 Said contracts or agreements may provide for the acceptance of such donation or donations of money to be used for the erection of free public non-sectarian libraries or branch free public non-sectarian libraries by the said districts or by the board of direction trustees commission or corporation duly constituted to manage the free public non-sectarian libraries therein and may provide that the said districts may and shall acquire from time to time or at any time or times to be fixed in and by the terms of the said contract or agreement by gift or purchase sites upon which shall be erected buildings for the said free public non-sectarian libraries or branches thereof the sites so acquired shall be such as may be assented to and approved by the boards of direction trustees commissions or corporations authorized to manage the free public non-sectarian libraries in said districts and when so acquired shall be used for the erection thereon of the said free public non-sectarian library buildings with funds donated as aforesaid in accordance with the terms of said contracts or agreements

Section 12 Said contracts and agreements may further provide for the annual appropriation by the said districts of such amount or amounts for the support and maintenance of the said free public non-sectarian libraries as the same shall be erected or under construction as may be agreed upon by and between the said districts and the said donor or donors of said money or the persons or corporations representing him or them and such amount or amounts shall thereupon become a charge upon the said district notwithstanding the provisions of any act or acts now in force and notwithstanding that at the date of the said contract or contracts no appropriation has been made by said district for the purpose thereof said charge to be annually provided for out of the tax levy of said districts

Section 13 Said contracts or agreements may provide for changes in or abandonment of the sites originally selected if or when such change or abandonment may be found necessary or desirable and may contain such other terms conditions and restrictions for the furtherance of the objects and purposes thereof as may be mutually agreed upon by the said parties

Section 14 Any county city borough town township or school district is hereby authorized to purchase or set apart lands and buildings or parts of buildings already owned by it or both or to erect or lease buildings to be used for free public non-sectarian library work or to alter buildings already erected so as to make them suitable for such use and it is also hereby authorized to provide for the cost of the same as in the case of other buildings to be used for municipal school or county purposes

Section 15 Any county city borough town township or school district is hereby authorized to acquire take use and appropriatte private property for free public library purposes either for the establishment of the library or for the enlarging or extending its grounds and buildings and if the authorities and owner or owners of said private property cannot agree upon the compensation and damage due or when by reason of legal absence or incapacity of any of the owner or owners lessee or lessees no such compensation can be agreed upon the court of common pleas of the proper county or any judge thereof in vacation on application by a petition of said authorities shall appoint three discreet and disinterested citizens of the county in which the district is located as viewers to view and ascertain the damages due by reason of such taking use appropriation occupancy or injury and shall appoint a time not less than twenty nor more than sixty days thereafter for said viewers to meet at or upon the premises where the damages are alleged to be sustained or the property taken of which time and place ten days' notice shall be given by the petition to such viewers and all parties interested by personal service when such service can be obtained otherwise by public notice in one or more papers or by hand-bills posted on the premises or in such other manner as the court may direct

Section 16 The viewers or any two of them having been duly sworn or affirmed faithfully justly and impartially to decide and a true report to make concerning all matters and things to be submitted to them shall view the premises and examine the property and estimate and determine the quantity quality and value of the land or property so entered upon used appropriated or injured as the case may be and having a due regard to and making a just allowance for the advantages which may result or which may seem likely to result to the owner or owners of said land or property in consequence of the taking enlarging or extending said library grounds and having made a fair and just comparison of the disadvantages and advantages which the owner or owners may receive they shall estimate and determine whether any and if any what amount of damages has been or may be sustained by whom and to whom payable and make report to the said court

Section 17 If any damages be awarded and the report of said viewers be confirmed by said court judgment shall be entered thereon and if the amount thereof shall not be paid within sixty days after the entry of such judgment the same shall be collected as other judgments against the said respective districts are now collected

Section 18 Upon the report of the viewers or any two of them any party interested may within twenty days thereafter file an appeal to said court in writing accompanied by an affidavit that the same is not taken for the purpose of delay but because the affiant firmly believes that injustice has been done and after such appeal either party may put the case at issue in the form directed by the said court and the same shall be tried by court and jury and after final judgment either party may appeal to the superior or supreme court as in other cases The costs incurred in the proceeding shall be paid by the district or districts found liable to pay the damages and the viewers shall be paid for their services the same sum as is now payable to road viewers

Section 19 Any building which shall be owned and occupied by a free public non-sectarian library and the land on which it stands and that which is immediately and necessarily appurtenant thereto shall be exempt from all county city borough town school bounty poor or road taxes notwithstanding the fact that some portion or portions of said building or grounds appurtenant may be yielding rentals to the corporation or association managing such library providing that the net receipts of said corporation or association from rentals shall be used solely for the purpose of maintaining the said library All gifts devises grants or endowments made to such a library and for such purposes shall be free from collateral inheritance tax and any gift endowments or funds of such free public non-sectarian library which are invested in interest-bearing securities the income from which shall be used solely for the purchase of books or the maintenance of such free public library shall be exempt from any State tax on money at interest

Section 20 It shall be the duty of the county commissioners the city borough or town councils the supervisors or commissioners of any township or the board of school directors of any school district if a petition is presented to them by fifteen per centum of the voters registered in their respective districts at the November election preceding the presentation of the same to submit the question of the establishment or maintenance or both of a free public non-sectarian library in said district at the next ensuing election and if a majority of votes cast shall be in favor of the establishment or maintenance or both of a free public library the said authorities shall thereupon proceed to establish or maintain or both such a library in accordance with the provisions of this act If fifteen per centum of the said voters shall petition for the submission of the question of creating a bonded indebtedness for free public non-sectarian library purposes the said county commissioners city borough or town councils township supervisors or commissioners or board of school directors shall submit that question at the next ensuing election and a majority of the votes cast shall determine the result. If the election shall be favorable to the creation of such bonded indebtedness the authorities of the said district shall borrow the amount thus authorized upon the credit of the district and such moneys shall be used by them exclusively for said library purposes

Section 21 Whenever there is any city borough town township school district or county a free public non-sectarian library which is open to the use of all the residents thereof no new library shall be there established under the provisions of this act but all public aid hereby authorized shall be given to such existing free public non-sectarian library under proper agreement to enable it to meet as far as possible the needs of such residents. Provided however, That wherever there may be at the time of the passage of this act two or more free public non-sectarian libraries reveiving aid from the same district the appropriation authorized by this act shall be divided between said libraries according to the terms of an agreement previously entered into between said libraries

Section 22 The governing board of any library established or maintained under the provisions of this act may establish or maintain or both a central library or branch libraries or both as it may deem most advantageous to the people to be served.

Section 23 This act shall not in any way affect any agreement or agreements heretofore made by any municipal corporation or district under any prior acts relating to free public libraries but all such agreements are hereby ratified and are to continue as binding contracts between the parties

Section 24 Any person who shall wilfully violate the rules and regulations for the government of any library maintained by or receiving aid from any county city borough town township or school district may be excluded from the use of the said library by those in charge thereof and any person who shall wilfully cut mutilate mark or otherwise injure any book volume map chart magazine newspaper painting engraving or other property of or deposited in any

such library shall be deemed to be guilty of a misdemeanor and may be prosecuted for said offense before any court of competent jurisdiction and upon conviction thereof shall be liable for each offense to a fine of not more than one hundred dollars and costs of prosecution or to imprisonment in the county jail not exceeding three months or both or either at the discretion of the court the said sum when collected to be for the use of the library against which aforesaid offense was committed

Section 25 No burial-ground nor any land belonging to any incorporated institution of learning incorporated hospital association or unincorporated church incorporated or unincorporated religious association which land is actually used or held for the purpose for which such burial-ground institution of learning hospital association church or religious association was established shall be taken under the provisions of this act and nothing in this act shall be construed to alter amend or repeal any provision in the act entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith" approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven (P. L. 309)

Section 26 The following acts of Assembly and parts of acts namely

An Act entitled "An Act to promote the establishment of district and school libraries" approved the fifth day of May one thousand eight hundred sixty-four (P. L. 826)

An Act entitled "An Act appropriating the tax on dogs to the support of public libraries in boroughs" approved the twenty-third day of May one thousand eight hundred eighty-seven (P. L. 164)

An Act entitled "An Act empowering any city in this Commonwealth to take and hold donations of money books real and personal property for the purposes of a free library in said city and to make appropriations to maintain the same" approved the twenty-third day of May one thousand eight hundred eighty-seven (P. L. 179)

An Act entitled "An Act to authorize cities of the first class of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to levy a tax and make appropriations for the establishment and maintenance of free libraries" approved the seventh day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-five (P. L. 170)

An act entitled "An Act for the establishment of free public libraries in the several school districts of the Commonwealth except in cities of the first and second class" approved the twenty-eighth day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-five (P. L. 411)

An act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act for the establishment of free public libraries in the several school districts of this Commonwealth except in cities of the first and second class' approved the twenty-eighth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred ninety-five authorizing school districts to aid free public libraries otherwise established" approved the thirtieth day of March one thousand eight hundred ninety-seven (P. L. 10)

An act entitled "An Act to authorize boroughs of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to make appropriations for the establishment and maintenance of free public libraries" approved the twenty-fifth day of May one thousand eight hundred ninety-seven (P. L. 84)

An act entitled "An Act authorizing borough councils or school boards of this Commonwealth to purchase acquire take use and appropriate private property for public library purposes and providing the manner in which damages sustained thereby shall be assessed and collected" approved the eleventh day of May one thousand nine hundred one (P. L. 169)

An act entitled "A further supplement to an act entitled 'An Act for the establishment of free public libraries in the several school districts of this Commonwealth except in cities of first and second class' approved the twenty-eighth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five authorizing the school directors boards or organizations having control of the common schools of any district to divide and distribute public libraries among the schools of the district" approved the eleventh day of May one thousand nine hundred one (P. L. 179)

An act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act for the establishment of free public libraries in the several school districts of this Commonwealth except in cities of first and second class' approved the twenty-eighth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five" approved the eleventh day of May one thousand nine hundred one (P. L. 180)

An act entitled "An Act to authorize the co-operation of cities of the third class school districts thereof and incorporated library associations therein for the erection and maintenance of free public libraries" approved the twenty-second day of May one thousand nine hundred one (P. L. 288)

An act entitled "An Act exempting from taxation the lands buildings and funds of free public non-sectarian libraries in boroughs and townships yielding revenues only partially sufficient for the maintenance of the same" approved the twenty-ninth day of May one thousand nine hundred one (P. L. 341)

An act entitled "An act for the establishment and maintenance of public libraries in cities of the second and third class and in boroughs" approved the seventeenth day of June one thousand nine hundred one (P. L. 569)

An act entitled "An act supplementary to an act entitled 'An act to authorize the cities of the first class of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to levy a tax and make appropriations for the establishment and maintenance of free libraries' approved the seventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five authorizing cities of the first class to enter into contracts and agreements with the donor or donors of funds for the erection of free libraries or branches thereof or his or their representatives and to provide sites for the erection and funds for the maintenance thereof" approved the twentieth day of March one thousand nine hundred three (P. L. 46)

An act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An act for the establishment of free public libraries in the several school districts of this Commonwealth except in cities of the first and second class' approved the twenty-eighth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five authorizing school districts to join in establishing and maintaining free public libraries or to join in aiding those otherwise established" approved the second day of April one thousand nine hundred three (P. L. 133)

An act entitled "An act to amend the third section of an act entitled 'An act for the establishment of free public libraries in the several school districts of the Commonwealth except in cities of the first and second class' approved the twenty-eighth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five providing that the tax levy for the purchase improvement and maintenance of such libraries shall be made upon the same subjects of taxation as are assessed for school purposes and shall be included in the school-tax levy" approved the twentieth day of April one thousand nine hundred five (P. L. 231)

An act entitled "An act to authorize boroughs of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to contract with the duly constituted managers or owners of existing non-sectarian public libraries for the free use of such libraries by the residents of such boroughs and to make appropriations for the hiring and procuring of such free use" approved the twenty-second day of April one thousand nine hundred five (P. L. 281)

An act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An act for the establishment of free public libraries in the several school districts of this Commonwealth except in cities of the first and second class approved the twenty-eighth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five authorizing school districts of townships and boroughs adjoining cities of the third class to join in establishing and maintaining free public libraries or to join in aiding those otherwise established" approved the first day of May one thousand nine hundred seven (P. L. 151)

An act entitled "An act to provide for the establishment and maintenance of free public libraries on a permanent basis in all municipalities throughout the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania except in cities of the first second and third class—townships and counties in same manner as is now provided in case of boroughs" approved the sixth day of June one thousand nine hundred seven (P. L. 421)

An act entitled "An act to amend an act entitled 'An act to authorize the co-operation of cities of the third class school districts thereof and incorporated library associations therein for the erection and maintenance of free public libraries' approved May twenty-second Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one so as to establish a maximum and minimum rate of tax levy for maintenance of such libraries" approved the twenty-seventh day of April one thousand nine hundred nine (P. L. 246)

An act entitled "An act to amend an act entitled 'An act for the establishment of free public libraries in the several school districts of the Commonwealth except in cities of the first and second class' approved the twenty-eighth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five so as to increase the maximum rate one-fourth of a mill and establish a minimum rate" approved the twenty-ninth day of April one thousand nine hundred nine (P. L. 294)

And all other acts and parts of acts general special or local appertaining to the subject matter covered by this act be and the same are hereby repealed it being intended that this act shall furnish a complete and exclusive system in itself so far as relates to free public libraries supported wholly or in part by the several municipalities of the Commonwealth

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—4.

Hilton,	Schantz,	Snyder, C. A.,	Tompkins,

NAYS—29.

Beidleman,	Gerberich,	Lynch,	Salus,
Buckman,	Graff,	Magee, C. J.,	Smith, W. W.,
Burke,	Gyger,	McConnell,	Snyder, P. W.,
Catlin,	Hoke,	McKee, W. S.	Thompson,
Crow,	Jenkins,	Mills,	Vare,
Daix,	Kline,	Patton,	Warner,
Endsley,	Kurtz,	Phipps,	Wasbers,
Farley,			

Less than a majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the negative.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate resumed consideration of Senate Bill No. 522, as follows:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to provide for State registration of nurses to establish a State Board of Examiners in connection therewith and to provide penalties for the violation of certain pro-

visions regarding such registration" approved the first day of May one thousand nine hundred and nine providing further regulation as to applications for examination for registration of nurses and the fee chargeable therefor and providing for the making of reports of training schools for nurses whose competency for instruction is approved by the said board

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section five of the act entitled "An act to provide for State registration of nurses to establish a State board of examiners in connection therewith and to provide penalties for the violation of certain provisions regarding such registration" approved the first day of May one thousand nine hundred and nine which reads as follows

"Section 5 The secretary of the board shall receive a salary not to exceed one hundred dollars ($100.00) a year All members of the board shall receive five dollars ($5.00) a day for each day actually engaged in the transaction of official business together with all actual expenses incurred as aforesaid All expenditures of the said board shall be paid from the fees received thereby under the provisions of this act and said expenditures shall in no case be paid from the State Treasury The treasurer of the board shall give bond in such sum as may be fixed by the by-laws which bond shall be subject to the approval of the State Treasurer The said treasurer shall pay the necessary and current expenses of the board and may retain in the treasury a sum not exceeding one thousand dollars to defray the ordinary expenditures but all monies exceeding the said sum of one thousand dollars shall be paid by the treasurer of the board to the State Treasury The said board shall have no power to fix prices or in any way control the compensation received by the registered nurse" be amended to read as follows

Section 5 The secretary of the board shall receive a salary not to exceed one hundred dollars ($100.00) a year All members of the board shall receive five dollars ($5.00) a day for each day actually engaged in the transaction of official business together with all actual expenses incurred as aforesaid All expenditures of the said board shall be paid from the fees received thereby under the provisions of this act and said expenditures shall in no case be paid from the State Treasury The treasurer of the board shall give bond in such sum as may be fixed by the by-laws which bond shall be subject to the approval of the State Treasurer The said treasurer shall pay the necessary and current expenses of the board and may retain in the treasury a sum not exceeding five thousand dollars to defray the ordinary expenditures but all moneys exceeding the said sum of five thousand dollars shall be paid by the treasurer of the board to the State Treasury The said board shall have no power to fix prices or in any way control the compensation received by the registered nurse

Section 2 That section seven of said act which reads as follows

"Section 7 No application for registration shall be considered unless accompanied by a fee of five dollars Every applicant to be eligible for examination must furnish evidence satisfactory to the board that he or she is twenty-one years of age or over is of good moral character and has graduated from a training school for nurses which gives at least a two years' course of instruction or has received instruction in different training schools or hospitals for periods of time amounting to at least a two years' course as aforesaid and then graduated and that such applicant during said period of at least two years has received practical and theoretical training in surgical and medical nursing" shall be amended so as to read as follows

Section 7 On and after August first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen no application for registration shall be considered unless accompanied by a fee of ten dollars Every applicant to be eligible for examination must furnish evidence satisfactory to the board that he or she is twenty-one years of age or over is of good moral character and has graduated from a training school for nurses which gives at least a two years' course of instruction or has received instruction in different training schools or hospitals for periods of time amounting to at least a two years' course as aforesaid and then graduated and that such applicant during said period of at least two years has received practical and theoretical training in surgical and medical nursing

Provided that a graduate nurse registered in any state of the United States where the requirements for registration in the judgment of the registration board for nurses of this State are at least equal to the requirements of law for such nurses in Pennsylvania may at the discretion of the board be registered without examination upon application in writing on forms provided by the board and upon the payment of a fee of ten dollars

And Provided further That it shall be the duty of the said registration board to prepare and make a report for public distribution at intervals regulated by the by-laws of the said board of all training schools or combinations of training schools that are approved by the board possessing the necessary requirements for giving a pupil nurse a full and adequate course of instruction

Section 3 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith be and the same are hereby repealed

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—2.

Buckman,	Snyder, C. A.,		

NAYS—31.

Beidleman,	Jenkins,	Miller,	Sensenich,
Burke,	Kurtz,	Mills,	Smith, W. W.,
Catlin,	Lynch,	Moore,	Snyder, P. W.,
Clark,	Magee, C. J.	Patton,	Stewart,
Daix,	Martin,	Phipps,	Tompkins,
Graff,	McConnell,	Salus,	Warner,
Gyger,	McKee, W. S.,	Schantz,	Wasbers,
Hoke,	McNichol,	Semmens,	

Less than a majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the negative.

BILL OVER IN ORDER.

Mr. CLARK. Mr. President, I ask that Senate Bill No. 8, on third reading, entitled:

An Act supplementory to an act entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation regulation and government of cities of the third class regulating nomination and election of municipal officers therein and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto" approved the twenty-seventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred thirteen providing for and enacting initiative and referendum provisions with reference to ordinances and the holding of elections relative thereto

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 190 (House Bill No. 104), entitled:

An Act regulating the manner and time of payment of employees of cities of the first class

be recommitted to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

Mr. PATTON. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 192 (House No. 10), entitled:

An Act regulating the manner of payment of county employes in counties having a population over one million

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, this bill, as I understand, relates to changing the entire system and custom in the city of Philadelphia for the payment of the employees. I think it is a bad precedent to begin to change conditions that have been prevailing there for the last thirty-five or forty years. It requires a semi-monthly payment of the employes, when the custom and the practice and the appropriations made by councils are made on the basis of monthly salary. It would practically incur a very heavy expenditure on the part of the municipality, which, I think, is an unwarranted change at this time, and the conditons of the times are such and the men employed are in such a position that we ought to leave such things alone until there is a revival of prosperity. I trust that the Senate will defeat this bill in the interest of economy in the municipality.

And the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—6.

Farley,	Snyder, C. A.,	Thompson,	Vare,
Hilton,	Snyder, P. W.,		

NAYS—28.

Buckman,	Jenkins,	McNichol,	Semmens,
Catlin,	Kurtz,	Miller,	Sensenich,
Clark,	Lynch,	Mills,	Smith, W. W.,

Daix,	Magee, C. J.,	Moore,	Stewart,
Gerberich,	Martin,	Patton,	Tompkins,
Gyger,	McConnell,	Phipps,	Warner,
Hoke,	McKee W. S.,	Schantz,	Wasbers,

Less than a majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the negative.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 193 (House Bill No. 74), as follows:

An Act to quiet the title to real estate and to enable citizens of the United States and corporations authorized to hold real estate within this Commonwealth to hold and convey title to real estate which has been formerly held by or for corporations not authorized by law to hold the same

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That where any real estate in this Commonwealth heretofore held by or for any corporation or corporations not having the right to own and hold the same has been conveyed to any citizen of the United States or to any corporation authorized by the laws of this Commonwealth to hold the same such citizen or corporation grantee as aforesaid shall hold and may convey such title and estate indefeasibly as to any right of escheat in this Commonwealth by reason of such real estate having been sold by or for a corporation not authorized to hold the same by the laws of this Commonwealth This act shall not apply to escheat cases now in litigation

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—41.

Beidleman,	Hilton,	McNichol,	Smith, W. W.,
Buckman,	Hoke,	Miller,	Snyder, C. A.,
Burke,	Jenkins,	Mills,	Snyder, P. W.,
Catlin,	Kline,	Moore,	Sproul,
Clark,	Kurtz,	Patton,	Stewart,
Crow,	Lynch,	Phipps,	Thompson,
Daix,	Magee, C. J.,	Salus,	Tompkins,
Endsley,	Martin,	Schantz,	Vare,
Farley,	McConnell,	Semmens,	Warner,
Gerberich,	McKee, W. S.,	Sensenich,	Wasbers,
Graff.			

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the House is requested.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 194 (House No. 95), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-fourth day of February one thousand eight hundred thirty-four entitled "An Act relating to executors and administrators" as amended

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—27.

Beidleman,	Daix,	Magee, C. J.	Schantz,
Buckman,	Endsley,	Martin,	Sensenich,
Burke,	Farley,	McConnell,	Smith, W. W.,
Catlin,	Gerberich,	McKee, W. S.,	Snyder, C. A.,
Clark,	Graff,	McNichol,	Snyder, P. W.,
Croft,	Kline,	Patton,	Sproul,
Crow,	Lynch,	Phipps,	

NAYS—3.

Hoke,	Tompkins,	Wasbers,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

BILL OVER IN ORDER.

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I ask that Senate Bill No. 373, on third reading, entitled:

An Act to repeal sections one and two of an act approved the twenty-fourth day of April one thousand nine hundred one entitled "An Act to encourage the use of wide tires upon wagons upon the public highways of this Commonwealth and providing penalties for its violation"

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 409, entitled:

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution of this Commonwealth in accordance with provisions of the eighteenth (XVIII) article thereof

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—38.

Buckman,	Graff,	McKee, W. S.,	Sensenich,
Burke,	Gyger,	McNichol,	Smith, W. W.,
Catlin,	Hoke,	Miller,	Snyder, C. A.,
Clark,	Jenkins,	Mills,	Snyder, P. W.,
Croft,	Kline,	Moore,	Sproul,
Crow,	Kurtz,	Patton,	Tompkins,
Daix,	Lynch,	Phipps,	Vare,
Endsley,	Magee, C. J.	Schantz,	Warner,
Farley,	Martin,	Semmens,	Wasbers.
Gerberich,	McConnell,		

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 423, entitled:

An Act regulating the printing of the laws of this Commonwealth

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—35.

Buckman,	Gyger,	McConnell,	Semmens,
Burke,	Hilton,	McKee, W. S.,	Sensenich,
Catlin,	Hoke,	McNichol,	Snyder, P. W.,
Clark,	Jenkins,	Miller,	Stewart,
Crow,	Kline,	Mills,	Thompson,
Daix,	Kurtz,	Moore,	Tompkins,
Endsley,	Lynch,	Patton,	Warner,
Farley,	Magee, C. J.	Phipps,	Wasbers,
Graff,	Martin,	Schantz,	

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 428, entitled:

An Act to create in Pennsylvania what shall be known as "Bird Day" and requiring all teachers in our public schools upon that day to make a special effort in teaching the value of the lifework of birds to our people

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—41.

Beidleman,	Graff,	McConnell,	Sensenich,
Buckman,	Gyger,	McKee W. S.,	Smith, W. W.,
Burke,	Hilton,	McNichol,	Snyder, C. A.,
Catlin,	Hoke,	Miller,	Sproul,
Clark,	Jenkins,	Mills,	Stewart,
Croft,	Kline,	Moore,	Thompson,
Crow,	Kurtz,	Patton,	Tompkins,
Daix,	Lynch,	Phipps,	Vare,
Endsley,	Magee, C. J.	Schantz,	Warner,
Farley,	Martin,	Semmens,	Wasbers,
Gerberich,			

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILLS OVER IN ORDER.

Mr. HOKE. Mr. President, I ask that Senate Bill No. 444 (House Bill No. 513), on third reading, entitled:

An Act relating to the satisfaction of mortgages under power of attorney directed to the recorder of deeds

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. ENDSLEY. Mr. President, I ask that Senate Bill No. 454, on third reading, entitled:

An Act to amend section nine of an act to regulate the practice of osteopathy in the State of Pennsylvania to provide for the establishment of a State Board of Osteopathic Examiners to define the powers and duties of said Board of Osteopathic Examiners to provide for the examining and licensing of osteopaths in this State and to provide penalties for the violation of this act approved the nineteenth day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine as amended by an act approved the eleventh day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven providing for the licensing of certain practitioners now known as registered osteopaths

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 459, entitled:

An Act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act permitting in certain cases imposition of costs upon the proper county in proceedings for the commitment of an alleged insane person" approved the twentieth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred eleven

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—43.

Beidleman,	Graff,	McKee, W. S.,	Smith, W. W.,
Buckman,	Gyger,	McNichol,	Snyder, C. A.,
Burke,	Hilton,	Miller,	Snyder, P. W.,
Catlin,	Hoke,	Mills,	Sproul,
Clark,	Jenkins,	Moore,	Stewart,
Croft,	Kline,	Patton,	Thompson,
Crow,	Kurtz,	Phipps,	Tompkins,
Daix,	Lynch,	Salus,	Vare,
Endsley,	Magee, C. J.,	Schantz,	Warner,
Farley,	Martin,	Semmens,	Wasbers,
Gerberich,	McConnell,	Sensenich,	

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 468, entitled:

An Act supplementing and amending section nine of an act entitled "An Act establishing a court for the county of Philadelphia prescribing its jurisdiction and powers providing for the service of its writs process or warrants by the proper officers of the county or city of Philadelphia regulating the procedure therein and appeals therefrom and providing for the expenses thereof" approved the twelfth day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen by increasing the amount of salary to be paid to the chief probation officer and to additional probation officers

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—43.

Beidleman,	Graff,	McKee, W. S.,	Smith, W. W.,
Buckman,	Gyger,	McNichol,	Snyder, C. A.,
Burke,	Hilton,	Miller,	Snyder, P. W.,
Catlin,	Hoke,	Mills,	Sproul,
Clark,	Jenkins,	Moore,	Stewart,
Croft,	Kline,	Patton,	Thompson,
Crow,	Kurtz,	Phipps,	Tompkins,
DeWitt,	Lynch,	Salus,	Vare,
Endsley,	Magee, C. J.,	Schantz,	Warner,
Farley,	Martin,	Semmens,	Wasbers,
Gerberich,	McConnell,	Sensenich,	

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILL OVER IN ORDER.

Mr. TOMPKINS. Mr. President, I ask that Senate Bill No. 492, on third reading, entitled:

An Act validating certain divorces

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILL ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 507, entitled:

An Act authorizing John E. Joos a resident of the city of Pittsburgh Allegheny county Pennsylvania to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—37.

Beidleman,	Gerberich,	Martin,	Smith, W. W.,
Buckman,	Graff,	McConnell,	Snyder, C. A.,
Burke,	Gyger,	McKee, W. S.,	Sproul,
Catlin,	Hilton,	McNichol,	Stewart,
Clark,	Jenkins,	Miller,	Thompson,
Croft,	Kline,	Mills,	Tompkins,
Crow,	Kurtz,	Moore,	Vare,
Daix,	Lynch,	Patton,	Warner,
Endsley,	Magee, C. J.,	Phipps,	Wasbers,
Farley,			

NAYS—1.

Hoke,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILLS OVER IN ORDER.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I ask that Senate Bill No. 530, on third reading, entitled:

An Act to amend sections seven and eleven of an act entitled "An Act to regulate the nomination and election of public officers requiring certain expenses incident thereto to be paid by the several counties and punishing certain offences in regard to such elections" approved the tenth day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-three

Senate Bill No. 531, on third reading, entitled:

An Act to repeal an act approved the twenty-fourth day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act to regulate nominations and elections for all elective offices of cities of the second class and all offices of judge of a court of record providing for non-partisan nominations and elections for said offices abolishing certain existing methods of nomination in such cases and the use of party or political names or appellations at elections with respect to said offices imposing certain duties upon the Secretary of the Commonwealth county commissioners and election officers and clerks and providing penalties for the violation of the provisions hereof and the punishment of certain offences"

Senate Bill No. 533, on third reading, entitled:

An Act to amend sections fifteen and eighteen of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the personal registration of electors and their enrollment as members of political parties in cities of the first and second classes of this Commonwealth to make such registration a condition of the right to vote in such cities and their said enrollment as members of a political party a condition of the right to vote at primaries in said cities and providing for the payment of witness fees for persons summoned before the commissioners to provide penalties for violations of its provisions and to repeal acts inconsistent herewith approved the twenty-fourth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen

Senate Bill No. 534, on third reading, entitled:

An Act to amend section six of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the personal registration of electors and their enrollment as members of political parties in cities of the first and second classes of this Commonwealth to make such registration a condition of the right to vote in such cities and their said enrollment as members of a political party a condition of the right to vote at primaries in said cities and providing for the payment of witness fees for persons summoned before the commissioners to provide penalties for violations of its provisions and to repeal acts inconsistent herewith" approved the twenty-fourth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen

Senate Bill No. 539, on third reading, entitled:

An Act repealing section three of an act entitled "An Act to regulate the nomination and election of public officers requiring certain expenses incident thereto to be paid by the several counties and punishing certain offences in regard to such elections" approved the tenth day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-three as amended by an act approved the ninth day of July one thousand eight hundred ninety-seven

Senate Bill No. 540, on third reading, entitled:

An Act to amend section five of an act entitled "An Act regulating certain political parties providing for and regulating the nomination of candidates of such political parties for certain public offices the election of delegates and alternate delegates to National party conventions and of certain party officers including State committeemen a method whereby electors of such political parties may express their choice of candidates for the office of President of the United States and the payment by the several counties and their reimbursement by the State of the expenses of the same authorizing the State committee of a political party to make and to alter amend and revoke rules and providing penalties for the violation of the provisions of this act and for the punishment of certain offences provided for herein and repealing inconsistent legislation" approved the twelfth day of July Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred thirteen

go over in their order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order.

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 564, as follows:

An Act authorizing the Commissioner of Labor and Industry to appoint additional officers and employes in the Department of Labor and Industry fixing their duties and salaries and increasing the salaries of the chief medical inspector chief of the Bureau of Statistics and information and the chief clerk

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That on and after the passage of this act the Commissioner of Labor and Industry is authorized to appoint the following additional officers and employes at salaries as follows

An auditor for the Department of Labor and Industry at a salary of two thousand dollars ($2,000) per annum

A filing clerk at a salary of one thousand five hundred dollars ($1,500) per annum

Three stenographers and typewriters at a salary of nine hundred dollars ($900) each per annum

One skilled stenographer and typewriter at a salary of one thousand two hundred dollars ($1,200) per annum

In the Bureau of Inspection

One skilled stenographer at a salary of two thousand dollars ($2,000) per annum

One stenographer at a salary of one thousand two hundred dollars ($1,200) per annum

Fifty additional inspectors of the first grade each at a salary of one thousand five hundred dollars ($1,500) per annum

Two supervising inspectors at a salary of two thousand five hundred dollars ($2,500) each per annum

Four inspectors who shall be skilled stenographers and typewriters to act as assistant supervisors and clerks in the several branch offices at a salary of one thousand five hundred dollars ($1,500) each per annum

In the Division of Hygiene and Engineering

Two draftsmen and assistant engineers at a salary of one thousand five hundred dollars ($1,500) each per annum

One clerk who shall be a stenographer and typewriter at a salary of one thousand five hundred dollars ($1,500) per annum

One stenographer at a salary of nine hundred dollars ($900) per annum

In the Bureau of Statistics and Information

Four additional clerks at a salary of one thousand four hundred dollars ($1,400) each per annum

An editor of publication at a salary of one thousand six hundred dollars ($1,600) per annum

One expert tabulating machine operator at a salary of one thousand four hundred dollars ($1,400) per annum

Two machine operators at a salary of one thousand two hundred dollars ($1,200) each per annum

One stenographer at a salary of one thousand five hundred dollars ($1,500) per annum

In the Bureau of Mediation and Arbitration

One secretary who shall be an expert stenographer and typewriter at a salary of two thousand dollars ($2,000) per annum

In the Industrial Board

One secretary at a salary of four thousand dollars ($4,000) per annum

Section 2 The salary of the chief medical inspector who shall be Chief of the Division of Hygiene and Engineering shall be five thousand dollars ($5,000) per annum payable monthly

Section 3 The salary of the Chief of the Bureau of Statistics and Information shall be five thousand dollars ($5,000) per annum payable monthly

Section 4 The salary of the chief clerk of the Department shall be three thousand five hundred dollars ($3,500) per annum payable monthly

Section 5 All acts or parts of acts general local or special inconsistent with any of the provisions of this act are repealed

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—29.

Beidleman,	Endsley,	Lynch,	Semmens,
Buckman,	Farley,	Magee, C. J.,	Smith, W. W.,
Burke,	Gerberich,	Martin,	Snyder, C. A.,
Catlin,	Graff,	McConnell,	Sproul,
Clark,	Hoke,	McKee, W. S.,	Thompson,
Croft,	Kline,	McNichol,	Tompkins,
Crow,	Kurtz,	Mills,	Vare,
Daix,			

NAYS—2.

Jenkins, Warner.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

The PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE (Mr. Charles H. Kline) in the Chair.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 576 (House No. 850), entitled:

An Act making a burgess of a borough eligible to the office for the next succeeding term

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—28.

Beidleman,	Daix,	Kurtz,	Schantz,
Buckman,	Endsley,	Lynch,	Smith, W. W.,
Burke,	Farley,	Martin,	Snyder, C. A.,
Catlin,	Gerberich,	McConnell,	Thompson,
Clark,	Graff,	McKee W. S.,	Tompkins,
Croft,	Gyger,	McNichol,	Vare,
Crow,	Hoke,	Miller,	Kline,
			Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—7.

Jenkins,	Mills,	Sensenich,	Warner,
Magee, C. J.,	Semmens,	Snyder, P. W.,	

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered. That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 594 (House Bill No. 326), as follows:

An Act amending sections one three five six and seven of an act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act for the government of cities of the second class' approved the seventh day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one providing for the levy collection and disbursement of taxes and water rents or rates and conferring certain powers and duties in reference thereto upon the city treasurer the Board of Water Assessors and the collector of delinquent taxes and repealing certain acts relating to matters herein provided for" approved May twelfth one thousand nine hundred and eleven as amended by an amendment to the first paragraph of the third section of said act approved May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and thirteen Pamphlet Laws three hundred and ninety changing the time of the collection of taxes and water rents and the duties of the Board of Water Assessors and city treasurer and collector of delinquent taxes in reference thereto and the time for the levy and assessment thereof

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section one of an act approved May twelfth one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act for the government of cities of the second class' approved the seventh day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one providing for the levy collection and disbursement of taxes and water-rents or rates and conferring certain powers and duties in reference thereto upon the city treasurer the board of water assessors and the collector of delinquent taxes and repealing certain acts relating to matters herein provided for" which reads as follows

"Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the annual levy of taxes and water-rents or rates in cities of the second class shall be based upon detailed statements of the receipts and expenditures for each year ending the thirty-first day of December and also upon estimates of the amounts required for the ensuing fiscal year commencing February first of all the departments of said cities

All taxes and water-rents or rates shall be levied and assessed annually at the time provided by the act to which this is a supplement and it shall be the duty of all the departments of the city government to make reports of the receipts and expenditures of their various departments and also estimates of the amounts required for the ensuing year upon which the taxes for the succeeding year are to be based to the councils of said cities on or before the first day of January in each year" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That taxes and water rents or rates in cities of the second class shall be levied and assessed annually and all appropriations shall be made annually by general ordinance prior to the first day of December of each year which shall fix and determine the same for the ensuing fiscal year commencing January first

It shall be the duty of all the departments of the city government to make reports of the receipts and expenditures of their various departments and also estimates of the probable revenues to be collected by and of the probable amounts required by the respective departments for the ensuing fiscal year to the mayor to be transmitted to the council at such time prior to December first of each year as may be fixed by the mayor and council Said reports together with the report of the city controller of the total amounts received by the city from taxes and other revenues in prior years and also an estimate by the city Controller of the probable revenues of the ensuing fiscal year shall be submitted to council for the purpose of enabling the council to determine the amount of taxes and other revenues reasonably to be anticipated for the ensuing fiscal year and to determine the rate of taxes or mileage to be fixed to meet the current expenses of the city for the ensuing fiscal year

That section three of said act approved May twelve one thousand nine hundred eleven as amended by an act approved May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act to amend sections three and seven of an act entitled 'A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act for the government of cities of the second class' approved the seventh day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred one providing for the levy collection and disbursement of taxes and water-rents or rates and conferring certain powers and duties in reference thereto upon the city treasurer the board of water assessors and collector of delinquent taxes and repealing certain acts relating to certain matters herein provided for' approved May twelfth one thousand nine hundred and eleven" which reads as follows

"Section 3 All taxes and water rents or rates levied for city and water purposes shall be payable in advance during the months of March April and May of each year except water rents for water supplied to consumers through a meter Where water is supplied to consumers through a meter the council of the city may by ordinance prescribe the time or times at which such meters shall be read and the terms and conditions as to meter service and the time or times at which payments for water supplied through a meter service shall be made and they may also provide for a minimum rate or rates for meter service of both domestic or commercial users of water In the absence of such provision by ordinance the Board of Water Assessors shall read such meters not less than four times per year and shall read all such meters during the months of December and January of each year and ascertain the amount of water used in each year for the preceding twelve months or as near thereto as may be convenient and shall assess the water rents for the water consumed at the rates annually during the months of March April and May of each succeeding year

A discount of two (2) per centum shall be allowed on all taxes and water rents or rates paid during the month of March during the months of April and May all taxes and water rents or rates shall be payable at face all of said payments to be made at the office of the city treasurer and in case said taxes or water rents or rates be not paid at the times fixed for the payment of the same said taxes and water rents or rates shall be deemed delinquent and shall be placed in the hands of the collector of delinquent taxes for collection and three per centum of the total amount of said taxes and water rents or rates shall forthwith be added to said delinquent taxes and water rents or rates as a penalty for the non-payment thereof at the times herein prescribed and in addition to said penalty said delinquent taxes and and water rents or rates shall bear interest at the rate of one-half per centum per month on the face amount of said delinquent taxes and water rents or rates for each and every month or part thereof that the same shall remain delinquent and unpaid

Said city shall have the further right to shut off the supply of water to any premises at any time upon the non-payment of the water rents or rates levied and assessed for water supplied thereto as and when the same becomes due and payable" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 3 All taxes levied in accordance with the provisions of section one hereof shall be payable in advance during the months of January February and March of each fiscal year Water rents or rates which are payable on a flat rate basis shall also be payable in advance during the same months The taxpayers shall also have the option to elect to pay the aforesaid taxes and water rents or rates quarterly as follows namely the first quarterly payment during the month of January the second quarterly payment during the month of April the third quarterly payment during the month of July and the fourth quarterly payment during the month of October and each of the said quarterly payments shall become delinquent on the first of each succeeding month and shall thereafter bear the same penalties and interest charges as hereinafter provided for delinquent taxes Water which is supplied to consumers on a metered basis shall be payable at such time or times as may be prescribed by ordinance The city shall have power to prescribe by ordinance the time or times at which meters shall be read the terms and conditions on which water will be supplied on a metered service and the time or times on which payment for such water shall be made it shall also have the power to prescribe the discounts if any which shall be allowed for prompt payment and the penalties if any which may be imposed for delayed payments and also to provide for a minimum rate or rates for meter service for all classes of users of water including both domestic and commercial In the absence of any provision by ordinance in reference to the same the Board of Water Assessors shall read all meters not less than four times per year and shall read all meters during the months of October and November of each year and ascertain the amount of water used in each year as shown by said meters for the preceding twelve months or as near thereto as may be convenient and shall assess the water rents or rates for the water consumed at the rates fixed from time to time by ordinance and the same shall be payable annually during the months of January February and March of each succeeding year

A discount of two per centum shall be allowed on all taxes or water rents or rates due under the provisions of this act and paid during the month of January. During the months of February and March all taxes and water rents or rates shall be payable at face all of said payments to be made to the city treasurer at his office and at such other place as may be designated by the city treasurer and in case said taxes or water rents or rates be not paid at the times fixed for the payment of the same said taxes and water

rents or rates shall be deemed delinquent and shall be placed in the hands of the collector of delinquent taxes for collection and two per centum of the total amount of said taxes and water rents or rates shall forthwith be added to said delinquent taxes and water rents or rates as a penalty for the non-payment thereof at the times herein prescribed and in addition to said penalty said delinquent taxes and water rents or rates shall bear interest at the rate of one-half per centum per month on the face amount of said delinquent taxes and water-rents or rates for each and every month or part thereof that the same shall remain delinquent and unpaid

Said city shall have the right as heretofore to charge all consumers of water for water furnished by said city and also to make such exemptions or reductions of rates as may be fixed by ordinance to any public charity school religious institution and kindred institution and for said purposes to have and possess all of the rights in respect to the collection of said rents or rates as are now in force or may hereafter be enacted

Said city shall have the further right to shut off the supply of water to any premises at any time upon the non-payment of the water rents or rates levied and assessed for water supplied thereto as and when the same becomes due and payable

That section five of said act approved May twelfth one thousand nine hundred eleven which reads as follows

"Section 5 The councils of said cities are hereby authorized and empowered to create a Board of Water Assessors consisting of three qualified citizens to be appointed by the mayor one of whom shall be designated by the mayor as the chairman of said board Councils shall provide a sufficient number of employes for conducting the affairs of this board and shall fix the salaries of the members and employes thereof Councils shall annually levy and fix a schedule of water rents or rates and the rents at which water will be furnished by meter and the conditions upon which the same shall be furnished and shall have the right to require the use of meters generally or in specified classes of users and said board shall have the power and authority of assessing water rents or rates in accordance therewith and for this purpose said board and its employes shall have the right to enter and inspect all dwellings or buildings whenever they deem it necessary

Said board of water assessors shall have the power to grant exonerations on account of vacancy and non-use of water and for other causes upon such terms as may be prescribed by councils Any person firm or corporation which shall feel aggrieved by any assessment made by said board may personally or by his or its duly authorized agent appeal to the full board of water assessors sitting as a board of revision and demand a reassessment of the same All such appeals shall be by petition and affidavit which shall be filed with the clerk of said board on or before the first day of April of each year On the consideration of such appeals the said board shall have the power to examine under oath or affirmation any and all witnesses who may be brought before them Any owner who is dissatisfied with the final decision of said board upon said appeal may appeal therefrom to the court of common pleas of said county wherein said property is situate and for that purpose may present to said court or file in the prothonotary's office within thirty days after said final decision a petition signed by such person or his or its duly authorized agent therefor setting forth the facts of the cases notice of which appeal shall be given to the board of water assessors within fifteen days thereafter Thereupon the said court shall proceed at its earliest convenience to hear said appeal and to make such order and decree touching the matter complained of as may seem just and equitable The costs of the appeal and hearing shall be paid by the losing party or be apportioned between the parties as the court may direct Either party aggrieved by such decision shall have the right to appeal to the supreme or superior court in the same manner as appeals are taken in other cases to said courts

No appeals taken from such assessment shall prevent the collection of the water-rents or rates complained of but in case the same shall be reduced then the excess or overpayment shall be returned to the person who shall have paid the same

It shall be the duty of the Board of Water Assessors in said cities to furnish the Department of Assessors a copy of all water assessments made by them with a description of all properties against which such water rents or rates have been levied and assessed on or before the first day of February in each year and said Department of Assessors shall include in their annual return of tax assessments to the Board of Water Assessors" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 5 The councils of said cities are hereby authorized and empowered to create a Board of Water Assessors consisting of three qualified citizens to be appointed by the mayor one of whom shall be designated by the mayor as the chairman of said board Councils shall provide a sufficient number of employes for conducting the affairs of this board and shall fix the salaries of the members and employes thereof Councils shall annually levy and fix a schedule of water rents or rates and the rents at which water will be furnished by meter and the conditions upon which the same shall be furnished and shall have the right to require the use of meters upon such terms and conditions as may be prescribed by ordinance either in specified classes of users or in certain sections of the city or generally throughout the city and said board shall have the power and authority of assessing the water rents or rates in accordance therewith and for this purpose said board and its employes shall have the right to enter and inspect all dwellings or buildings whenever they deem it necessary

Said board of water assessors shall have the power to grant exonerations on account of vacancy and non-use of water and for other causes upon such terms as may be prescribed by councils Any person firm or corporation which shall feel aggrieved by any assessment made by said board may personally or by his or its duly authorized agent appeal to the full board of water assessors sitting as a board of revision and demand a reassessment of the same All such appeals shall be by petition and affidavit which shall be filed with the clerk of said board on or before the first day of February of each year On the consideration of such appeals the said board shall have power to examine under oath or affirmation any and all witnesses who may be brought before them Any owner who is dissatisfied with the final decision of said board upon said appeal may appeal therefrom to the court of common pleas of said county wherein said property is situate and for that purpose may present to said court or file in the prothonotary's office within thirty days after said final decision a petition signed by such person or his or its duly authorized agent therefor setting forth the facts of the case notice of which appeal shall be given to the Board of Water Assessors within fifteen days thereafter Thereupon the said court shall proceed at its earliest convenience to hear said appeal and to make such order and decree touching the matter complained of as may seem just and equitable The costs of the appeal and hearing shall be paid by the losing party or be apportioned between the parties as the court may direct Either party aggrieved by such decision shall have the right of appeal to the supreme or superior court in the same manner as appeals are taken in other cases to said courts

No appeals taken from such assessment shall prevent the collection of the water rents or rates complained of but in case the same shall be reduced then the excess or overpayment shall be returned to the person who shall have paid the same

It shall be the duty of the Board of Water Assessors in said cities to furnish the Department of Assessors a copy of all water assessments made by them with a description of all properties against which such water rents or rates have been levied and assessed on or before the first day of December in each year and said Department of Assessors shall include in their annual return of tax assessments to the city treasurer all water assessments so furnished by the Board of Water Assessors

That section six of said act approved May twelfth one thousand nine hundred eleven which reads as follows

"Section 6 All taxes and water rents or rates unpaid at the end of the last month in which by the terms of this act the same are payable shall be deemed delinquent and it shall be the duty of the city treasurer to prepare a registry or list of all delinquents and place the same in the hands of the delinquent tax collector on or before the thirtieth day of June of each year

The collector of delinquent taxes shall receive such compensation either by a fixed salary or by fees as councils may by ordinance provide and all ordinances now in force in said cities fixing such compensation shall remain in force until otherwise changed by the councils of such cities" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

Section 6 All taxes and water rents or rates unpaid at the end of the last month in which by the terms of this act the same are payable shall be deemed delinquent and it shall be the duty of the city treasurer to prepare a registry or list of all delinquents and place the same in the hands of the delinquent tax collector on or before the thirtieth day of April of each year

The collector of delinquent taxes shall receive such compensation either by a fixed salary or by fees as councils may by ordinance provide and all ordinances now in force in said cities fixing such compensation shall remain in force until other wise changed by the councils of such cities

That section seven of said act approved May twelfth one thousand nine hundred and eleven as amended by the amendment thereto approved the thirty-first day of May one thousand nine hundred and thirteen which reads as follows

"Section 7 The collector of delinquent taxes shall immediately upon said list being furnished to him proceed to collect such delinquent tax and water-rents or rates and if the same shall remain delinquent it shall be the duty of said collector of delinquent taxes on or before the twenty-eighth day of February in each year following the date when such taxes and water-rents or rates became payable to prepare a list of all delinquents and to publish the same twice in three newspapers in said cities one of which may be a daily newspaper printed in the German language or if there are not that number of newspapers in said cities in such number of newspapers as are therein Said list shall contain the names of said delinquents the ward in which the property against which such delinquents taxes and water-rents or rates were assessed the street or public highway upon or near which such property is located or if more than one street the name of one of the streets upon or near which the same is located the amount of such delinquent taxes and water-rents or rates and the year for which the same were assessed

If said delinquent taxes or water-rents or rates are not paid it shall be the duty of the collector of delinquent taxes to file liens against the property subject to the payment of such taxes or water-rents or rates and to collect the same in the manner provided by law

Upon the request of any property owner for a separation of taxes the collector of delinquent taxes shall furnish a statement of the taxes on the separate properties of the said owner as requested and shall receive payments of taxes on the separate properties Provided That in case said taxes have been advertised or a lien has been entered that all costs therefor shall be paid And also provided That in case assessments of the separate properties have not been made that a certified statement of the assessed valuation of the separate properties as required shall first be obtained from the board of assessors And provided further That the collector of delinquent taxes may in his discretion refuse to allow a separation of taxes unless the separate properties if contiguous are shown on a recorded plan" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 7 The collector of delinquent taxes shall immediately upon said list being furnished to him proceed to collect such delinquent tax and water-rents or rates and if the same shall remain delinquent it shall be the duty of said collector of delinquent taxes on or before the twenty-eighth day of February in each year following the date when such taxes and water-rents or rates became delinquent to prepare a list of all delinquents and to publish the same once in two newspapers in said cities one of which may be a newspaper printed in the German language or if there are not that number of newspapers in said cities in such number of newspapers as are therein same to be let to the lowest responsible bidder based on the lowest rate per thousand circulation Said list shall contain the names of said delinquents the ward in which the property against which such delinquent taxes and water-rents or rates were assessed the street or public highway upon or near which such property is located or if more than one street the name of one of the streets upon or near which the same is located the amount of such delinquent taxes and water-rents or rates and the year for which the same were assessed

If said delinquent taxes or water-rents or rates are not paid it shall be the duty of the collector of delinquent taxes to file liens against the property for the amount of such taxes or water rents together with all penalties herein provided and advertising costs and to collect the same in the manner provided by law

He shall file a single lien against any property to cover all of the taxes including water-rents or rates for any one year

Upon the request of any property owner for a separation of taxes the collector of delinquent taxes shall furnish a statement of the taxes on the separate properties of the said owner as requested and shall receive payments of taxes on the separate properties Provided That in case said taxes have been advertised or a lien has been entered that all costs therefor shall be paid and also provided That in case assessments of the separate properties have not been made that a certified statement of the assessed valuation of the separate properties as requested shall first be obtained from the board of assessors And provided further That the collector of delinquent taxes may in his discretion refuse to allow a separation of taxes unless the separate properties if contiguous are shown on a recorded plan

This act shall take effect the first day of July Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and fifteen

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—33.

Beidleman,	Farley,	McConnell,	Sproul,
Buckman,	Gerberich,	McKee W. S.,	Stewart,
Burke,	Graff,	McNichol,	Thompson,
Catlin,	Gyger,	Semmens,	Tompkins,
Clark,	Hilton,	Sensenich,	Vare,
Croft,	Jenkins,	Smith, W. W.,	Warner,
Crow,	Kurtz,	Snyder, C. A.,	Washers,
Daix,	Lynch,	Snyder, P. W.,	Kline,
Endsley,			Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—1.

Magee, C. J.,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the House is requested.

BILL OVER IN ORDER.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I ask that Senate Bill No. 624 (House Bill No. 737) on third reading, entitled:

An Act authorizing municipalities to purchase the entire capital stock of bridge companies owning bridges situated wholly or partly within the limits of such municipalities and exempting the capital stock and bonds of such companies from State taxation

Senate Bill No. 627, on third reading, entitled:

An Act to amend sections one two and eight of an act entitled "An Act regulating certain political parties providing for and regulating the nomination of candidates of such political parties for certain public offices the election of delegates and alternate delegates to National party conventions and of certain party officers including State committeemen a method whereby electors of such political parties may express their choice of candidates for the office of President of the United Statse and the payment by the several counties and their reimbursement by the State of the expenses of the same authorizing the State committee of a political party to make and to alter amend and revoke rules and providing penalties for the violation of the provisions of this act and for the punishment of certain offences provided for herein and repealing inconsistent legislation" approved the twelfth day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen

Senate Bill No. 628, on third reading, entitled:

An Act to amend the fourteenth section of an act entitled "An Act to further amend the ninth and fourteenth sections of the act entitled 'An Act to regulate the nomination and election of public officers requiring certain expenses incident thereto to be paid by the several counties' approved the tenth day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-three as amended by an act approved the ninth day of July one thousand eight hundred ninety-seven also to amend the twenty-second twenty-seventh twenty-eighth and thirtieth sections of said act to regulate the nomination and election of public officers requiring certain expenses incident thereto to be paid by the several counties and punishing certain offences in regard to such elections approved the tenth day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-three by repealing the limit upon the number of times the names of candidates shall appear on the official ballot by specifying the form contents and manner of printing and counting of official ballots and of announcing the total vote by directing the manner in which voters may designate their choice of candidates and their votes upon constitutional amendments or other questions submitted for their votes by prescribing the duties of voters election officers police officers constables deputy constables and helpers and prescribing forms of punishment for violations thereof"

Senate Bill No. 629, on third reading, entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act regulating certain political parties providing for and regulating the nomination of candidates of such political parties for certain public offices the election of delegates and alternate delegates to National party conventions and of certain party officers including State committeemen a method whereby electors of such political parties may express their choice of candidates for the office of President of the United States and the payment by the several counties and their reimbursement by the State of the expenses of the same authorizing the State Committee of a political party to make and to alter amend and revoke rules and providing penalties for the violation of the provisions of this act and for the punishment of certain offences provided for herein and repealing inconsistent legislation" approved the twelfth day of July Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred thirteen

Senate Bill No. 630, on third reading, entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to regulate nominations and elections for all elective offices of cities of the second class and all offices of judge of a court of record providing for non-partisan nominations and elections for said offices abolishing certain existing methods of nomination in such cases and the use of party or political names or appellations at elections with respect to said offices imposing certain duties upon the Secretary of the Commonwealth county commissioners and election officers and clerks and providing penalties for the violation of the provisions hereof and the punishment of certain offences" approved the twenty-fourth day of July Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred thirteen

Senate bill No. 631, on third reading, entitled:

An Act to provide for the creation by bodies of electors of political parties not otherwise entitled under the law to participate in primaries and elections and giving such parties the right to participate in primaries and elections providing the manner in which such parties may be created providing the manner in which such parties may have the exclusive right to use certain designated names for their parties or policies providing a method of objecting to petitions filed for the purpose of obtaining such exclusive right to use a party name under which to participate in primaries and elections providing for the enrollment of qualified electors so as to entitle them to vote the ballot of such parties at primaries providing for the designation of a person upon whom shall be served notice of objection to such petitions or other notices required by law to be served upon such parties and who shall serve such notices as are required to be made or filed by such parties under the law in the matter of the nomination of candidates providing for the payment of costs incident to objections to such petitions and also for the expense incident to hold such primaries providing penalties for violations of the provisions of this act and the punishment for certain offences hereunder and providing for the repeal of inconsistent legislation

Senate Bill No. 639, on third reading, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the eleventh day of May, one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to provide for the appointment of county and city inspectors of weights and measures providing for their compensation and expenses prescribing their duties prohibiting vendors from giving false or insufficient weights and fixing

the penalties for the violation of the provisions hereof" by granting supervision over the inspectors to the Bureau of Standards and providing clerical help incidental thereto

go over in their order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILL ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 640, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the State Highway Department to cover a deficiency in the general appropriation of one thousand nine hundred and thirteen for acquiring turnpike roads

Whereas Proceedings were instituted for the condemnation of the turnpike of the President and Managers of the Chambersburg and Bedford Turnpike Road Company in Franklin county which forms a part of route number thirty-seven (37) of the State highways which said proceedings were carried through the court of common pleas of Franklin county and resulted in an award of forty thousand thirty-three dollars ($40,033.00) which award bears interest from the eighteenth day of December one thousand nine hundred and fourteen and carries costs amounting to two hundred ninety dollars and fifteen cents ($290.15) and

Whereas There remains in the appropriation made by the general appropriation law of one thousand nine hundred and thirteen for the acquiring of turnpike roads only the sum of eighteen thousand five hundred and nineteen dollars and forty-five cents ($18,519.45)

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of twenty-four thousand dollars ($24,000.00) or so much thereof as is necessary be and the same is hereby appropriated to the State Highway Department of the State of Pennsylvania for the purpose of paying the deficiency in the awards with interest and costs for the condemnation of the turnpikes of the President and Managers of the Chambersburg and Bedford Turnpike Road Company which said amounts shall be paid upon the requisition of the State Highway Commissioner as provided by law

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—43.

Beidleman,	Graff,	McNichol,	Snyder, C. A.,
Buckman,	Gyger,	Miller,	Snyder, P. W.,
Burke,	Hilton,	Mills.	Sproul,
Catlin,	Hoke,	Moore,	Stewart,
Clark,	Jenkins,	Patton,	Thompson,
Croft,	Kurtz,	Phipps,	Tompkins,
Crow,	Lynch,	Salus.	Vare,
Daix,	Magee, C. J.,	Schantz,	Warner,
Endsley,	Martin,	Semmens,	Washers,
Farley,	McConnell,	Sensenich,	Kline,
Gerberich,	McKee W. S.,	Smith, W. W.,	Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

Mr. DAIX. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to read a bill in place at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. DAIX read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 711, entitled:

An Act relating to motion picture films, reels or stereopticon views, or slides, providing a system of examination, approval and regulation thereof, and of the banners, posters and other advertising matter used in connection therewith; creating the Board of Censors and providing penalties for the violation of this act.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

Mr. P. W. SNYDER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to read bills in place at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. PLYMOUTH W. SNYDER read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 712, entitled:

An Act relating to the employment of teachers in certain branches of vocational education.

Which was committed to the Committee on Education.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 713, entitled:

An Act relating to public evening schools in school districts of the second, third and fourth classes

Which was committed to the Committee on Education.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 714, entitled:

An Act to regulate the sale, furnishing, giving away and administration in certain cases of proprietary or patent medicines or any substance or preparation containing opium, morphine, hereoin, cocaine, codeine or any salts, derivatives or compounds thereof, and providing penalties.

Which was committed to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. BUCKMAN, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 689, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to refund certain moneys to the estate of the late Joseph P. Kennedy.

COMMUNICATIONS FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Private Secretary to the Governor being introduced, presented communications in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which were laid upon the table.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. LYNCH. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from Committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. LYNCH, from the Committee on Public Roads and Highways, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 418 (House Bill No. 227), entitled:

An Act validating the incurring of debt or increase of indebtedness of townships of the second class by its supervisors for the purpose of macadamizing roads and highways building constructing repairing and maintaining permanent roads culverts and bridges purchasing machinery or lifting orders or payment of any contracts made therefor to an amount in the aggregate not exceeding two per centum upon the assessed value of the taxable property therein as fixed and determined by the last preceding assessed valuation thereof and all coupon bonds or other securities issued therefor and also assessments of annual tax for the payment of the principal and interest of such indebtedness represented by such bonds or other securities since the 20th of April, A. D. 1874.

HOUSE MESSAGE.

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced presented extracts from the Journal of the House of Representatives, which were laid upon the table.

SENATE BILL NO. 79 RECALLED FROM THE GOVERNOR.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to offer a resolution at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. McNICHOL offered the following resolution which was twice read, considered and agreed to:

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That Senate Bill No. 79, entitled "An Act prohibiting any mem-

ber or employe of any bureau or department having charge of police and fire protection of any cities of the first class from taking any active part in politics, political movements or elections or from interfering with elections or from using his office to influence politics, poliitcal movements or elections from canvassing election precincts and providing penalties for violation thereof," be recalled from the Governor for the purpose of amendment.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILL ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Mr. JENKINS. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now resume the third reading and further consideration of Senate Bill No. 597 (House Bill No. 516), on third reading postponed for the present, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Board of Game Commissioners for the payment of salaries traveling expenses establishment maintenance and protection of game preserves feeding propagation and distribution of game leasing of land for game preserves and various incidental expenses

Mr. MOORE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate resumed the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 597 (House Bill No. 516), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Board of Game Commissioners for the payment of salaries traveling expenses establishment maintenance and protection of game preserves feeding propogation and distribution of game leasing of land for game preserves and various incidental expenses

And the question recurring,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—42.

Beidleman,	Gyger,	Miller,	Snyder, P. W.,
Buckman,	Hilton,	Mills,	Sproul,
Burke,	Hoke,	Moore,	Stewart,
Catlin,	Jenkins,	Patton,	Thompson,
Croft,	Kurtz,	Phipps,	Tompkins,
Crow,	Lynch,	Salus,	Vare,
Daix,	Magee, C. J.,	Schantz,	Warner,
Lindsley,	Martin,	Semmens,	Wasbers,
Farley,	McConnell,	Sensenich,	Kline,
Gerberich,	McKee W. S.,	Smith, W. W.,	Pres. pro tem.
Graff,	McNichol,	Snyder, C. A.,	

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

RECONSIDERATION OF SENATE BILL NO. 522.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I move to reconsider the vote by which Senate Bill No. 522 (House Bill No. 653), entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to provide for State registration of nurses to establish a State board of examiners in connection therewith and to provide penalties for the violation of certain provisions regarding such registration" approved the first day of May one thousand nine hundred nine providing further regulation as to applications for examination for registration of nurses and the fee chargeable therefor and providing for the making of reports of training schools for nurses whose competency for instruction is approved by the said board

was defeated on final passage this morning.

The PRESIDENT. How did the Senator vote?

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I voted no.

Mr. MAGEE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The PRESIDENT. How did the Senator vote?

Mr. MAGEE. Mr. President, I voted no.

The motion was agreed to.

And the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. VARE. Mr. President, I would like to say a word to the Senate in reference to this bill. It was drawn by Dr. Higbee who is at the head of the Board of Examiners of Nurses and presented by Mr. Willard over in the House. It was defeated here this morning I think because some of the Senators have not looked into the matter. If there is anything wrong with the bill, after it is reconsidered all those who are interested in the bill can examine it and have it corrected.

And the question recurring?

Shall the bill pass finally?

BILL POSTPONED FOR THE PRESENT.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, taking the suggestion of Senator Vare that the members should have an opportunity to look into the bill, I move that the question, together with the further consideration of the bill, be postponed for the present.

Mr. VARE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL INTRODUCED.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to read a bill in place at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. McNICHOL read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 715, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the 26th day of June, 1895, entitled "An Act fixing the compensation of appraisers appointed by the register of wills of the several counties to appraise the value of estates subject to the payment of collateral inheritance tax, and of experts employed to assist such appraisers," by increasing the compensation of appraisers.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. VARE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from Committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. VARE, from the Committee on Municipal Affairs, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 707 (House Bill No. 961), entitled:

An Act imposing certain liabilities on persons, firms and corporations in cities of the second class for the cost of extinguishing fires which occur through their criminal intent, design or wilful negligence or where they have not complied with any law ordinance or other lawful regulation for the prevention of fire or the spreading thereof, providing a method for the ascertainment of such cost and the manner of collecting the same.

BILL OVER IN ORDER.

Mr. PATTON. Mr. President, I ask that Senate Bill No. 125, on second reading, entitled:

An Act amending and supplementing sections one and two of an act entitled "An Act for the promotion of medical science by the distribution and use of unclaimed human bodies for scientific purposes through a board created for that purpose and to prevent unauthorized uses and traffic in human bodies" approved June thirteenth one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three by providing that the name of said board of distribution shall be Anatomical Board of the State of Pennsylvania by extending its provisions to all persons having charge or control over bodies required to be buried at the public expense by requiring immediate notice of the death of any person required to be buried at the public expense by requiring notice in all cases but providing that there shall not be delivered to the board created under the act the bodies of deceased indigent persons where claimed by relatives within twenty-four hours after death for interment at the expense of the claimant or the bodies of honorable discharged soldiers sailors or marines who have served the United States in any war or who were in active service in the Militia of the State of Pennsylvania under and in pursuance of any of the proclamations issued by the Governor during the Civil War and not duly mustered into the service of the United States by repealing the provisions as to deceased indigent travelers by providing for the burial at the expense of the county of indigent persons unfit for anatomical purposes upon the certificate of the board or its duly authorized officer or agent that such bodies are unfit for anatomical purposes or are the bodies of soldiers sailors or marines required to

be buried at the public expense and that the provisions of this act have been complied with by providing that no warrants for payment of expenses of burial shall be drawn or paid except upon such certificate by providing for the burial of bodies rendered unfit for anatomical purposes by the failure to comply with the provisions of this act at the expense of the person failing to comply with its provisions Repealing an act approved the twentieth day of April one thousand nine hundred and eleven and an act approved the twenty-third day of May one thousand nine hundred and thirteen

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 274, as follows:

An Act to provide for the payment of costs of suit in cases of summary proceedings or convictions had before magistrates aldermen or justices of the peace for the violation of any act of assembly of this Commonwealth

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That in all summary proceedings had before any magistrate alderman or justice of the peace for the violation of any law or laws of this Commonwealth conferring summary jurisdiction upon magistrates aldermen and justices of the peace where the defendant is found guilty and sentenced to jail in default of the payment of the fine and costs imposed or where the defendant is discharged and the case dismissed for the want of sufficient evidence to convict the defendant so charged the county in which the proceedings are had shall be liable for and pay the same costs of prosecution as in misdemeanors

Section 2 All acts or parts of acts general special or local inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 416 (House Bill No. 49), entitled:

An Act empowering certain corporations societies and voluntary associations having subordinate lodges or branches within this Commonwealth to change the location of their principal office or place of business and providing for the filing of notice of such changes

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILL OVER IN ORDER.

Mr. MOORE. Mr. President, I ask that Senate Bill No. 469, on second reading, entitled:

An Act amending an act entitled "An Act in relation to the laying out opening widening straightening extending or vacating streets and alleys and the construction of bridges in the several municipalities of this Commonwealth the grading paving macadamizing or otherwise improving streets and alleys providing for ascertaining the damages to private property resulting therefrom the assessment of the damages costs and expenses thereof upon the property benefited and the construction of sewers and payment of the damages costs and expenses thereof including the damages to private property resulting therefrom" approved the sixteenth day of May one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one by providing for the placing of footwalks curb parking space shade trees or otherwise improving the space between the curb line and the property line in the said streets lanes and alleys and by providing for the payment of the damages costs and expenses thereof

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 515 (House Bill No. 457), entitled:

An Act to amend section two of an act entitled "An Act for the better protection of the wild birds known as the trutle or mourning dove the killdeer and the bird commonly called the blackbird in Pennsylvania and prescribing penalties for violation of its provisions" approved the twenty-first day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen Pamphlet Laws eight by extending the power to destroy birds commonly called blackbirds

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 543, as follows:

An Act providing for the appointment and future election of a municipal division board in counties having located therein a city of the second class the number and kinds of members thereof the term for which appointed and elected the organization powers and duties thereof the compensation of said members and the manner of providing for the necessary expenses for the operation of said board

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That in all counties of this Commonwealth in the territory of which there is located a city of the second class there shall be established a body to be known as municipal division board consisting of five members one of whom shall be an attorney-at-law one an architect and one a civil engineer said five members to be appointed by the Governor of the Commonwealth and said members so appointed shall serve until their successors are elected which said election shall take place at the time of holding the election for municipal officers in the year one thousand nine hundred and seventeen and in the same manner as the election for muncipal officers and said board so elected shall thereafter hold office for the term of four years vancancies occurring to be filled by the Governor until the next municipal election thereafter and the territory within the boundaries of such county shall comprise such municipal division over which the said board shall exercise the powers herein granted

Section 2 Immediately after their appointment the said members shall organize by electing a president a secretary and a treasurer or one person may act as both secretary and treasurer and any three of said board shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business

Section 3 Said municipal division board shall serve without compensation and they shall have power and authority to appoint and employ such clerks stenographers engineers foresters or such other employes or experts as they may from time to time require

Section 4 The duties purposes and powers of said board shall be as follows,

First To give and apply to said municipal division a name appropriate and applicable to the entire territory comprising such municipal division and to promote the use of said name by the residents of said municipal division and others

Second To endevor to establish harmonious relations between the different municipal corporations comprising the said municipal division and looking towards the advancement of the welfare of the entire municipal division

Third To promote and further the establishment of a uniform system of municipal improvement throughout said municipal diviison and contiguous thereto such as roads sewers boulevards parks forests buildings and all other municipal public and private works of any and every character

Fourth To provide and establish a system of reference and information such as maps plans population officials and all other matters of general use advantage and benefit to the public

Fifth To aid suggest and assist in any and every manner the officials and authorities both public and private of all or any part or section of said municipal division in the accomplishment of such matters and things as may be advantageous to the people the municipalities and the territory comprising such municipal division

Sixth To promote the welfare of such municipal division by publicity and securing if possible the aid of all persons organizations municipal and other corporations located therein in advancing the harmonious relations the welfare and the interest thereof

Section 5 To provide for the necessary expenses of the operations of said municipal division board they are hereby empowered to take for the use of the work of said board the payment of salaries of employes and other expenses such sum or sums of money as may be from time to time appropriated for the use of said board by any of the municipal corporations within said municipal division or

from individuals firms or corporations whereever situated and any municipal corporation located within said municipal division is hereby authorized and empowered to appropriate to the use of the said board a sum of money not to exceed the sum of one-tenth of one mill in any one year on the assessed valuation of the real estate comprising the municipality so making such appropriation

Section 6 All acts or parts of acts conflicting herewith are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 550, as follows:

A Supplement to an act approved the twenty-eighth day of April one thousand nine hundred and three entitled "An Act for the annexation of any city borough township or part of a township to a contiguous city and providing for the indebtedness of the same" by providing that any city heretofore or hereafter enlarged by any annexation under the terms of said act shall be liable for and shall pay the indebtedness of such city and the territory so annexed and providing for the levying of a uniform tax upon all the territory included within such city as enlarged by such annexation for the payment of all such indebtedness

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That all the indebtedness of each city borough township or part of a township annexed to a contiguous city under the provisions of the act to which this is a supplement as well as the indebtedness of the city to which the same are annexed shall be paid by the city as enlarged by such annexation and all territory included within the limits of the same shall be liable for the payment of the floating and bonded indebtedness and the interest thereon of all the territory included within such enlarged city and all taxes hereafter levied therefor shall be uniform throughout the territorial limits of such enlarged city The provisions of this act shall apply as well to territory heretofore annexed under the provisions of this act as well as to annexations taking place hereafter under the provisions thereof

Section 2 All acts and parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 551, as follows:

A Supplement to an act approved the seventh day of February one thousand nine hundred and six entitled "An Act to enable cities that are now or may hereafter be contiguous or in close proximity to be united with any intervening land other than boroughs in one municipality providing for the consequences of such consolidation the temporary government of the consolidated city payment of the indebtedness of each of the united territories and the enforcement of debts and claims due to or from each" by providing that the indebtedness of each city and intervening land heretofore or hereafter united or consolidated under the provisions of said act shall be paid by the consolidated city and for the levying of a uniform tax upon all the territory included within the consolidated city for the payment of the same

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That all the indebtedness of each city and intervening land united or consolidated under the provisions of the act to which this is a supplement shall be paid by such consolidated city and all the territory included within the limits of such consolidated city shall be liable for the payment of the floating and bonded indebtedness and the interest thereon of all the territory included within such consolidated city and all taxes hereafter levied therefor by the consolidated city shall be uniform throughout the territorial limits of such consolidated city The provisions of this act shall apply as well to cities and intervening land heretofore united and consolidated under the provisions of the act to which this is a supplement as well as to cities and intervening land hereafter united or consolidated under the provisions thereof

Section 2 That all acts and parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 595 (House Bill No. 582), as follows:

An Act authorizing municipalities to enter into certain contracts and make appropriations regarding libraries

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That when by any gift or gifts or bequest or bequests any estate or estates real or personal exceeding twenty thousand dollars is given or bequeathed for the purpose of establishing in a municipality a free public nonsectarian library on a permanent basis for the use of the residents of the municipality and there is attached to such gifts or gifts or bequest or bequests a condition that the municipality shall provide for the maintenance in whole or in part of the library or the maintenance of a librarian of such library or both the municipality may enter into a perpetual contract with the donor or the representative of any testator or corporation created to execute such gift or gifts or bequest or bequests for the payment annually of a certain fixed sum of money at such periods as may be agreed upon between the contracting parties Such sum shall be applied for the maintenance of the library or for the employment and maintenance of a suitable librarian or both in accordance with the terms of the gift or gifts or bequest or bequests.

Section 2 The municipality shall appropriate annually for the compensation of such librarian and maintenance of such library not to exceed the amount of one mill on a dollar on all taxable property in the municipality

Section 3 All acts or parts of acts not consistent herewith are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 626 (House Bill No. 572), entitled:

An Act creating a Division of Distribution of Documents defining its powers and duties regulating the printing binding and distribution of the public documents of this Commonwealth and providing penalties for the violation of this act

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. W. W. SMITH. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 626 (House Bill No. 572), the bill just read, be recommitted to the Committee on Printing.

Mr. P. W. SNYDER. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 52, entitled:

An Act relating to the sale of goods

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 169, entitled:

An Act for the protection of the public health by providing that persons firms or corporations who are operating or conducting hotels restaurants dining cars or other public eating places in this Commonwealth shall not employ or keep in their employ as cooks waiters kitchen help chambermaids or other house servants any person or persons who are suffering from trachoma active tuberculosis of the lungs open skin tuberculosis syphilis gonorrhea open external cancer or barber's itch or who are carriers of typhoid fever and further providing that no dishes receptacles or utensils used in eating or drinking shall be furnished to patrons or customers of any such public eating place unless the same have been thoroughly cleansed since used by another individual and further providing that

no towels shall be furnished in any wash room in connection with any such public eating place unless such towels be laundered or discarded after each individual use and further providing that no common drinking cups shall be furnished at any public drinking place operated in connection with any such public eating place and providing penalties for violations of the provisions of this act

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 199, entitled:

An Act to amend sections two three and six of an act entitled "An Act defining mattresses regulating the making remaking and sale thereof prohibiting the use of unsanitary and unhealthy materials therein requiring that the materials used shall be accurately described and prescribing the manner in which mattresses shall be labeled providing for the enforcement of the provisions of this act making certain acts criminal and punishing the same imposing certain duties upon the Commissioner of Health and the Chief Factory Inspector and repealing legislation inconsistent with this act" approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen so as to apply to leasing as well as sale require second hand mattresses to be sterilized and labeled and more specifically regulate the making remaking renovating selling and leasing of mattresses

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 208, entitled:

An Act to provide for the payment of moneys appropriated for the care treatment and maintenance of the indigent insane criminal insane feeble-minded epileptic sick or injured and all other persons who are wards of the State and the issuing of warrants by the Auditor General on the State Treasurer to the boards of trustees directors or managers of insane institutions hospitals asylums homes training schools penal institutions reformatories and all such other institutions owned controlled and operated in part or in whole by the State wherein such persons or wards of the State may be confined

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 272, entitled:

An Act creating a State Bureau of Elevator Inspection and the powers thereof throughout the State of Pennsylvania excepting the cities of the first class in providing for the appointment of a Chief Inspector an Assistant Chief Inspector and as many elevator inspectors and employes as may be necessary from time to time to enforce this act and providing salaries for the same providing laws for the protection of the public elevator opeators and attendants empowering the chief of said bureau to make alter amend and repeal rules and regulations relating thereto

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 318, entitled:

An Act relative to passenger elevators in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and providing a penalty for violation thereof

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 342, entitled:

An Act to prevent the charging of commissions for the placing of building and loan association mortgages in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and providing penalties for the violation thereof

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 410 (House Bill No. 246), entitled:

An Act requiring each city of the first and second class to establish a municipal pension fund for employes of said city and regulating the payment of such pensions

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 413 (House Bill No. 247), entitled:

An Act amending an act entitled "An Act amending an act entitled 'An Act respecting the estate of non-resident wards' approved the twenty-first day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-six extending the provisions thereof so that the same may apply to trustees and cestui que trusts" approved the thirteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine further extending the provisions thereof so that the same may apply where guaradians and wards trustees and cestui que trusts are residents of foreign countries

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 440 (House Bill No. 454), entitled:

An Act relating to balloons and inposing a penalty

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 458, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the fourteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred and three entitled "An Act for the creation and government of a division of the State Library for the preservation of public records by establishing the office of supervisors of public records with general supervision over the care and custody and condition of public records of the several counties cities and boroughs of this Commonwealth

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 460, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania through proclamation to close any county or counties or any section of any county of Pennsylvania to hunting or fishing or to close any stream or part of streams to fishing when such action is necessary to conserve either the health or welfare of our people or our natural resources

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 461, entitled:

A Joint Resolution extending the time for the making of the report by the Engineers' Commission and providing for the printing and distribution of the report

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 462, entitled:

An Act to amend the third section of an act entitled "An Act authorizing the merger and consolidation of certain corporations" approved third day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 463, entitled:

An Act to amend section three of an act approved the fourteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four entitled "A further supplement to an act relative to suits in dower and partition approved the twentieth day of February Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-four and its supplement approved the thirtieth day of March Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-nine construing said act and extending jurisdiction of the courts therein" by extending the provisions thereof to include persons having an undivided interest in the land or in the coal or timber thereon when the name has not been entirely covered and permitting such persons to compel partition of the entire tract

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 547, entitled:

An Act supplementing and amending sections three five and six of an act entitled "An Act to establish and maintain for the city of Philadelphia a house of correction employment and reformation for adults and minors" approved the second day of June one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one as amended by the act of first of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five and as amended by the act twentieth of April one thousand nine hundred and three by depriving the mayor or recorder or any alderman of the City of Philadelphia or police magistrate or justice of the peace from any jurisdiction over certain causes set out in such act and placing the said jurisdiction over such causes in a judge or judges of the Municipal Court of Philadelphia

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 561, entitled:

An Act to provide for the modification of the plans of the New Western Penitentiary in Centre County so as to provide larger or additional buildings in order to accommodate the inmates of the Eastern Penitentiary as well as of the Western Penitentiary for the consolidation of said institutions into one to be known as the State Penitentiary of Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 572, entitled:

An Act to revive and continue in force the provisions of an act entitled "An Act to extend the time during which corporations may hold and convey the title to real estate heretofore bought under execution or conveyed to them in satisfaction of debts and now remaining in their hands unsold" approved the tenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven insofar as it relates to banking companies amending and extending the same and giving said banking companies the right to bring suit and maintain an action either at law or in equity and to maintain any action already brought for the recovery of possession of property so bought the same as individuals could do

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 587 (House Bill No. 779), entitled:

An Act to amend the first section of an act entitled "An act enabling the libellant in all proceedings for divorce on the ground of desertion to testify to the fact of desertion and to the efforts made by him or her to induce the respondent to return and resume the marital relation" approved June eighth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven by enabling the libellant to testify where the cause of divorce is personal abuse or conduct on the part of either the husband or wife as to render the condition of the other intolerable and life burdensome or when the husband shall have by cruel and barbarous treatment endangered his wife's life or offered such indignities to her person as to render her condition intolerable and life burdensome

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 591 (House Bill No. 619), entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act authorizing companies incorporated under the laws of any other state of the United States for the manufacture of any form of iron steel or glass to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments and to take have and hold real estate necessary and proper for manufacturing purposes" approved the ninth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one extending the same to companies formed for the purpose of quarrying slate granite stone or rocks or for dressing polishing working or manufacturing the same or any of them and to mineral springs companies incorporated for the purpose of bottling and selling natural mineral springs water' approved the sixteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three" approved the nineteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one extending the same to companies formed for the purpose of manufacturing and selling chemicals foodstuffs cement and cement products and the quarrying of cement rock' approved May twenty-eighth one thousand nine hundred and seven extending the same to companies incorporated for the manufacture buying selling leasing using and operation of electrical apparatus and machinery and articles of every kind appertaining to or in any wise connected with the production use regulation control distribution or application of electricity or electrical energy or products for any use or purpose constructing acquiring using selling buying or leasing any works construction or plant or part thereof connected with or involving such use distribution regulation control or application of electricity or the control or use of electrical apparatus for any purpose and of producing furnishing and supplying electricity or control distribution or application of electricity or electrical energy or electrical apparatus in any form and for any purpose and to carry on a general manufacturing business approved the twenty-third day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven extending the same to companies incorporated for the manufacture of any clay into brick tile or other articles and products produced from clay or from clay and other substances mixed therewith

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 598 (House Bill No. 432), entitled:

An Act relating to the administration of the estate of an intestate decedent

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 609 (House Bill No. 885), entitled:

An Act extending the powers and duties of foresters forest rangers game protectors deputy game protectors special deputy game protectors fish wardens and deputy fish wardens of this Commonwealth

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 612, entitled:

An Act to validate bonds of any school district in this Commonwealth and the indebtedness represented by said bonds heretofore issued since the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven when such indebtedness or increase of indebtedness was not incurred and such bonds were not issued at the time of assessing and levying the annual school taxes

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 622 (House Bill No. 623), entitled:

An Act giving district attorneys authority with the approval of the court of quarter sessions of the proper county or any judge thereof to employ expert and special witnesses to assist in the preparation and trial of criminal cases to employ special invetigators and detectives and to employ persons to assist in apprehending and extraditing fugitive from justice and to determine the compensation of said witnesses investigators detectives and persons and to approve the bills of the same and authorizing the payment of said bills out of the treasury of the proper county

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 644, entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to create a Legislative Reference Bureau in the Pennsylvania State Library authorizing the appointment of a Reference Director and subordinate officers defining their duties and fixing their compensation" approved the twenty-seventh day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine (Pamphlet Laws page one thousand nine hundred and nine page two hundred and eight) as amended by an act entitled "An Act amending the second third fourth and seventh sections of an act approved the twenty-seventh day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled 'An Act to create a Legislative Reference Bureau in the Pennsylvania State Library authorizing the appointment of a Reference Director and subordinate officers defining their duties and fixing their compensation' by providing for additional permanent and emergency employes in the Bureau and fixing their salaries increasing the salaries of the Director and Assistant Director and increasing the powers and duties of the Director" approved the twenty-first day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven (Pamphlet Laws page one thousand nine hundred and eleven page seventy-six)

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 662, entitled:

An Act regulating the licensing of dealers in intoxicating liquors in the County of Schuylkill creating a Liquor License Commission for said county prescribing its powers and duties providing for the appointment of commissioners by the Governor and imposing certain duties upon the county commissioners and expenses upon said county

And said bill having been read at length the first time.

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 668, entitled:

An Act establishing in counties of a population from two hundred thousand inhabitants to three hundred and twenty-five thousand inhabitants Board for the Assessment and Revision of Taxes prescribing their powers duties and salaries and abolishing the office of city borough township and ward assessors

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 675 (House Bill No. 852), entitled:

An Act providing for the registration of ownership to real estate in cities of the second class for the use of said cities to facilitate the assessment levy and collection of taxes and municipal claims in such cities authorizing the preservation and use of records heretofore employed in such cities for such purposes

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 679 (House Bill No. 963), entitled:

An Act to amend section twenty-one of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the protection and preservation of game game quadrupeds and game birds and song and insectivorous and other wild birds and prescribing penalties for violation of its several provisions" approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine by extending the season during which dogs may be trained

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 680 (House Bill No. 323), entitled:

An Act repealing an act entitled "An Act amending article six of an act entitled 'An Act for the government of cities of the second class' approved the seventh day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one as amended by an amendatory act approved the first day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine and as affected by an act entitled 'An Act providing a uniform rate of assessment and taxation for all real estate in cities of the second class' approved the eleventh day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven by providing for the classification of real estate for purposes of taxation into two classes to wit the buildings on land and the land exclusive of buildings and by providing for the assessment of a less tax upon the buildings than upon the land exclusive of the buildings in cities of the second class" approved May fifteenth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. MAGEE. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 680 (House Bill No. 323), the bill just read, be recommitted to the Committee on Municipal Affairs.

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 694, entitled:

An Act amending sections one two twelve thirteen fourteen fifteen sixteen twenty twenty-one twenty-two twenty-four twenty-six and twenty-seven of an act entitled "An Act providing for the location construction operation and maintenance by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania of a canal or waterway from the junction of the Ohio and Beaver Rivers in Pennsylvania to Lake Erie at or near the mouth of Indian Creek in the State of Ohio with all appurtenances necessary or convenient for the purpose and for the utilization of the water power developed or created in the construction and operation thereof providing for the payment of the cost of construction of said canal or waterway and appurtenances out of funds to be contributed by certain counties in the States of Pennsylvania Ohio and West Virginia or any of them and by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and other public authorities providing for the creation of a Canal Board to have charge of said work prescribing and defining the powers and duties of said board and the conditions under which the said work shall be carried on providing for the payment of damages sustained by reason of the appropriation of property and rights in the exercise of the right of eminent domain herein conferred providing for the reimbursement in the manner provided in this act of said counties contributing to the payment of the cost of constructing said canal or waterway and appurtenances imposing certain duties upon the Auditor General and State Treasurer authorizing the said Canal Board to make certain rules and regulations for the use of said canal and making violations thereof misdemeanors and providing penalties therefor and making an appropriation for carrying out certain provisions of this act" approved the twenty-seventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen by making provision among other things for the following providing for a change of depth of the canal or waterway and alternative route and branch canal regulating the utilization of surplus water authorizing the Canal Board to make deviations in certain cases from the route of said canal or waterway as located by it regulating the number of members of which the Canal Board may consist and defining their duties and powers in certain respects regulating and limiting the tolls and charges to be collected for the use of the canal or waterway and defining the rights of the public in the use of said canal or waterway providing for the utilization of surplus water directing that certain of the public authorities contributing to the cost of constructing said canal or waterway and appurtenances be reimbursed out of the surplus revenues of said canal or waterway in the manner herein set forth providing a method for receiving the appropriations in money or bonds made by the contributing authorities and regulating the sale of bonds so contributed and imposing certain duties upon the treasurer of the Commonwealth in connection therewith and in other respects enlarging the powers of eminent domain in certain cases and regulating the method of its exercise providing for the manner of paying the expense incident to changing the location of or altering or otherwise modifying certain works and the crossing of highways and railroads by the canal its branches or channels and regulating the manner of letting certain contracts

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 695, entitled:

An Act authorizing counties to increase their indebtedness and issue bonds in aid of the construction by the State of Pennsylvania or by a commission board or other agency thereof or canals or navigable waterways connecting the Great Lakes or the Atlantic Ocean with any navigable waters of this State providing that county commissioners shall submit the question of issuing such bonds to a vote of the electors of any county when directed so to do by an order of the court of quarter sessions made upon petition filed by qualified electors and taxpayers and requiring county commissioners to issue such bonds if a majority of the electors voting on the question vote in favor of such issuance providing for the manner of delivery and sale of such bonds and for the procedure in other respects and repealing inconsistent legislation

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

SENATE BILL NO. 402 RETURNED WITH AMENDMENTS.

The Chair cleared his table and laid before the Senate communication from the House of Representatives, returning to the Senate Senate Bill No. 402, entitled:

An Act provding for the payment of judgment and mortgages and other claims which are liens on property affected by public improvements or appropriated by the exercise of the right of eminent domain

with the information that the House has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

Which was laid over one day under the rules.

HOUSE CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS TO SENATE BILL NO. 92, RECALLED FROM THE GOVERNOR FOR AMENDMENT.

He also laid before the Senate communication from the House of Representatives, returning to the Senate Senate Bill No. 92, entitled:

An Act requiring certain petitions and papers to be verified before being considered by the court

with the information that the House has concurred in the amendments made by the Senate, said bill having been recalled from the Governor for the purpose of amendment. The vote had on final passage and third reading were reconsidered in the Senate and the bill amended.

HOUSE CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS TO SENATE BILL NO. 289, RECALLED FROM THE GOVERNOR FOR AMENDMENT.

He also laid before the Senate communication from the House of Representatives, returning to the Senate Senate Bill No. 289, entitled:

An Act amending section nine of an act as amended by the act of the seventeenth of April one thousand nine hundred and five pamphlet laws one hundred and eighty-five approved the fifth day of May one thonsaud eight hundred and ninety-nine entitled "An Act supplementing and amending an act entitled 'An Act to establish an intermediate court of appeal regulating its constitution officers jurisdiction powers practice and its relation to the Supreme Court and other courts providing for the reports of its decisions the compensation of the judges and other officers and the practice and costs on appeals from its judgments' approved June twenty-fourth Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five" and increasing the amount to which the judges of the Superior Court shall be entitled to be reimbursed for the sums expended by them in each year for expenses incurred in the discharge of their duties for the help of stenographers typewriters or clerks and regulating the time and manner of such reimbursement

with the information that the House has concurred in the amendments made by the Senate, said bill having been recalled from the Governor for the purpose of amendment. The vote had on final passage and third reading were reconsidered in the Senate and the bill amended.

COMMUNICATIONS FROM THE GOVERNOR.

He also laid before the Senate communications in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which were read as follows:

APPROVAL OF SENATE BILL NO. 164.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg March 30, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed Senate Bill No. 164, entitled "An Act to promote the health and efficiency of firemen in cities of the second class by providing for a two platoon system for firemen in the Department of Public Safety of such cities."

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

NOMINATIONS BY THE GOVERNOR.

NOTARIES PUBLIC.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, March 31, 1915.

The Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following named persons to be Notaries Public for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, for the term of four years, to compute from the date of their confirmation:

ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

Miss Agnes Lubbers, Pittsburgh.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY.

Eugene L. Tierman, Jr., Conshohocken.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY.

Miss Amanda G. MacFarlan, Philadelphia.

WESTMORELAND COUNTY.

W. H. Lowry, Ligonier.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

EXECUTIVE SESSION.

By unanimous consent,

A motion was made by Mr. CATLIN,

That Rule 38 which requires nominations made by the Governor to be referred to proper committees be dispensed with, and the Senate do now resolve itself into executive session, for the purpose of acting on the foregoing nominations,

Which was agreed to,

Whereupon,

A motion was made by Mr. CATLIN,

That the Senate do advise and consent to said nominations,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—40.

Beidleman,	**Graff,**	McNichol,	**Snyder, C. A.,**
Buckman,	Gyger,	Miller,	Snyder, P. W.,
Burke,	Hilton,	Mills,	Sproul,
Catlin,	Hoke,	Moore,	Stewart,
Clark,	Jenkins,	Patton,	Thompson,
Crow,	Kurtz,	Phipps,	Tompkins,
Daix,	**Magee, C. J.,**	Schantz,	Vare,
Endsley,	Martin,	Semmens,	Warner,
Farley,	McConnell,	Sensenich,	Washers,
Gerberich,	McKee W. S.,	Smith, W. W.,	Kline, Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Governor be informed accordingly.

RECESS.

Mr. MILLS. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now take a recess for ten minutes.

Mr. MOORE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

AFTER RECESS.

The PRESIDENT. The time of the recess having elapsed, the Senate will be in order.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to read a bill in place at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. CATLIN read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 716, entitled:

An Act to amend section one of article eight section two of article eight, section four of article eight, section six of article eight, section three of article ten, rule one of article twelve, rule three of article twelve, rules seventeen of article twelve, rule twenty of article twelve, rule thirty-five of article twelve, rule thirty-six of article twelve, rule forty-three of article twelve rule forty-five of article twelve, section four of article thirteen, section eight of article seventeen and article eighteen of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the anthracite coal mines of Pennsylvania and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith" approved the 2d day of June, 1891.

Which was committed to the Committee on Elections.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. CHARLES A. SNYDER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. CHARLES A. SNYDER, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 704 (House Bill No. 918), entitled:

An Act to provide for the study by the Department of Labor and Industry of the question of minimum wages for women and minors.

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make reports from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. BUCKMAN. from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 657, entitled:

An Act fixing the compensation of the Chief Clerk and the five clerks in the Department of Mines.

Also from the Committee on Appropriations reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 558, entitled:

An Act fixing the salary of the night watchman in the State Library.

HOUSE CONCURS RESOLUTION RECALLING FROM THE GOVERNOR SENATE BILL NO. 79.

The Chair cleared his table and laid before the Senate communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has concurred in resolution from the Senate as follows:

In the Senate, March 31, 1915.

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That Senate Bill No. 79, entitled "An Act prohibiting any member or employe of any bureau or department having charge of police and fire protection of any cities of the first class from taking any active part in politics, political movements or elections or from interfering with elections or from

using his office to influence politics, political movements or elections from canvassing election precincts and providing penalties for violation thereof," be recalled from the Governor for the purpose of amendment.

TIME OF NEXT MEETING.

He also laid before the Senate communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has concurred in resolution from the Senate as follows:

In the Senate, March, 31, 1915.

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That when the Senate adjourns this week it shall be to reconvene on Tuesday evening, April sixth, at nine o'clock, and that when the House of Representatives adjourns this week it shall be to reconvene on Monday evening, April fifth, at eight o'clock.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 287.

He also laid before the Senate communication from the House of Representatives returning to the Senate Senate Bill No. 287, entitled:

An Act to validate all sales public and private and all mortgages of real estate of decedents heretofore made under authority of orphans courts upon petition of executors or administrators

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

BILLS SIGNED.

The PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE (Mr. Charles H. Kline) announced that the Chief Clerk having reported that the following bills had passed both houses of the General Assembly and the same being correct, the titles were publicly read as follows:

Senate Bill No. 92, entitled:

An Act requiring certain petitions and papers to be verified before being considered by the court

Senate Bill No. 176, entitled:

An Act to provide for the better protection and preservation of deer and elk squirrels and certain birds classed as game birds within the Commonwealth providing a method through which certain lands in the Commonwealth may be closed to hunting for a term of years and prescribing penalties for violation of its several provisions

Senate Bill No. 289, entitled:

An Act amending section nine of an act as amended by the act of the seventeenth of April one thousand nine hundred and five pamphlet laws one hundred and eighty-five approved the fifth day of May one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine entitled "An Act supplementing and amending an act entitled 'An Act to establish an intermediate court of appeal regulating its constitution officers jurisdiction powers practice and its relation to the Supreme Court and other courts providing for the reports of its decisions the compensation of the judges and other officers and the practice and costs on appeals from its judgments' approved June twenty-fourth Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five" and increasing the amount to which the judges of the Superior Court shall be entitled to be reimbursed for the sums expended by them in each year for expenses incurred in the discharge of their duties for the help of stenographers typewriters or clerks and regulating the time and manner of such reimbursement

House Bill No. 240, entitled:

An Act creating a reward or bounty for the destruction of certain noxious animals killed within the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania providing a method for the payment of the same and providing the method of furnishing evidence of said destruction and penalties for the violation of the several provisions hereof

House Bill No. 383, entitled:

An Act providing for the organization discipline maintenance and regulation of the militia of the Commonwealth

House Bill No. 410, entitled:

Joint Resolution authorizing the printing and binding of the report of the commission to consider the revision and amendment of the penal laws of Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 434, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to refund to Henry S. Reichard of South Bethlehem Pennsylvania money erroneously paid into the State treasury

House Bill No. 595, entitled:

An Act to provide for the immediate printing and distribution of advance sheets of the laws of this Commonwealth as they are enacted from time to time to persons making application therefor and to certain officials

House Bill No. 665, entitled:

A Joint Resolution directing the publication of the pamphlet containing the game fish and forestry laws

Senate Bill No. 287, entitled:

An Act to validate all sales public and private and all mortgages of real estate of decedents heretofore made under authority of orphans courts upon petition of executors or administrators

House Bill No. 169, entitled:

A Joint Resolution providing for a commission to investigate the advisability of the purchase by the Commonwealth of certain property in Philadelphia opposite Independence Hall as a public park

Whereupon,

The PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE (Mr. Charles H. Kline) in the presence of the Senate signed the same.

HOUSE BILLS FOR CONCURRENCE.

He also laid before the Senate for concurrence bills of the House of Representatives as follows:

House Bill No. 849 (Senate Bill No. 717), entitled:

An Act amending section three of an act entitled "An Act to prohibit the receiving and detaining of children in alms houses and poor houses and to provide for the care and education of such children" approved the thirteenth day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three by extending same to poor districts now maintaining almshouses and hospitals for the treatment of indigent tubercular and insane persons

Which was committed to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

House Bill No. 962 (Senate Bill No. 718), entitled:

An Act relating to practice in the courts of common pleas in actions of assumpsit and trespass except actions for libel and slander prescribing the pleadings and procedure to be observed therein and giving the courts power to enforce its provisions

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

House Bill No. 1010 (Senate Bill No. 719), entitled:

An Act to further amend an act approved the third day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-five entitled "An Act authorizing the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to rebuild county bridges over navigable rivers and other streams which have been declared public highways by Act of Assembly where such bridges have been destroyed by flood fire or other casualty providing for the appointment of viewers and inspectors and the payment of the cost of rebuilding such bridges

Which was committed to the Committee on Public Roads and Highways.

House Bill No. 253 (Senate Bill No. 720), entitled:

An Act to amend section four of article two of an act approved the eighth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one entitled "An Act amending article two of an act entitled 'An Act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the anthracite coal mines of Pennsylvania and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith' approved the second day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one" increasing the per diem pay of the members of the mine inspectors' examining boards and providing for their expenses

Which was committed to the Committee on Mines and Mining.

House Bill No. 153 (Senate Bill No. 721), entitled:

An Act to protect the public health by regulating the manufacture preparation handling storage sale transportation and possession of meat and meat food products prescribing the powers and duties of the State Livestock Sanitary Board in relation thereto and providing for the appointment of the agents thereof and defining their powers and duties as such making it unlawful to give money or otherwise with intent to influence such agents prescribing methods of enforcing the act and imposing penalties for violation of the same and providing for the repeal of certain acts and of all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith

Which was committed to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

House Bill No. 743 (Senate Bill No. 722), entitled:

An Act authorizing the orphans' court to reduce under certain circumstances the bond of any fiduciary imposing duties on registers of wills in connection therewith

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

RECESS.

Mr. CROW. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now take a recess for ten minutes.

Mr. MOORE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

AFTER RECESS.

The PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE (Mr. Charles H. Kline) in the Chair.

The PRESIDENT. The time of recess having elapsed, the Senate will be in order.

SENATE BILL NO. 162 RECALLED FROM THE GOVERNOR.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to offer a resolution at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER offered the following resolution which was twice read, considered and agreed to:

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That Senate Bill No. 162, entitled "An Act providing for the establishment, regulation and maintenance by the Board of Game Commissioners of State game preserves on the Forestry Reservations and elsewhere and providing penalties for the violation of this act" be recalled from the Governor on account of clerical error in the delivery of wrong copy of said bill to the Governor

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from Committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. CATLIN, from the Committee on Elections, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 716, entitled:

An Act to amend section one of article eight, section two of article eight, section four of article eight, section six of article eight, section three of article ten, rule one of article twelve, rule three of article twelve, rule seventeen of article twelve, rule twenty of article twelve, rule thirty-five of article twelve, rule thirty-six of article twelve, rule forty-three of article twelve, rule forty-five of article twelve, section four of article thirteen, section eight of article seventeen and article eighteen of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the anthracite coal mines of Pennsylvania and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith," approved the second day of June, 1891.

MOTION TO READ BILL THE FIRST TIME.

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that Senate Bill No. 716, entitled:

An Act to amend section one of article eight, section two of article eight, section four of article eight, section six of article eight, section three of article ten, rule one of article twelve, rule three of article twelve, rule seventeen of article twelve, rule twenty of article twelve, rule thirty-five of article twelve, rule thirty-six of article twelve, rule forty-three of article twelve, rule forty-five of article twelve, section four of article thirteen, section eight of article seventeen and article eighteen of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the anthracite coal mines of Pennsylvania and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith," approved the second day of June, 1891.

be read the first time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection?

Mr. THOMPSON. Mr. President, I object.

The PRESIDENT. The Chair hears objection.

HOUSE BILL NO. 240 RECALLED FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced presented extract from the Journal of the House of Representatives, which was twice read as follows:

In the House of Representatives, March 31, 1915.

Resolved (if the Senate concur), That House Bill No. 240, entitled "An Act creating a reward or bounty for the destruction of certain noxious animals killed within the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania providing a method for the payment of the same and providing the method of furnishing evidence of said destruction and penalties for the violation of the several provisions hereof"

be recalled from the Governor for the purpose of amendment.

On the question,

Will the Senate concur in the same?

It was agreed to.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 338.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 338, entitled:

An Act requiring and regulating the declaring and posting of the vote at election districts at a primary election

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

The PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE (Mr. Charles H. Kline) announced that the Chief Clerk having reported that the following bills had passed both houses of the General Assembly and the same being correct, the titles were publicly read as follows:

House Bill No. 770, entitled:

An Act relative to the burial of the bodies of certain indigent deceased widows at the county expense

Senate Bill No. 338, entitled:

An Act requiring and regulating the declaring and posting of the vote at election districts at a primary election

Whereupon,

The PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE (Mr. Charles H. Kline) in the presence of the Senate signed the same.

HOUSE BILL NO. 770 RECALLED FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced presented extract from the Journal of the House of Representatives, which was twice read as follows:

In the House of Representatives, March 31, 1915.

Resolved (if the Senate concur), That Senate Bill No. 770, entitled "An Act relative to the burial of the bodies of certain indigent deceased widows at the county expense"

be recalled from the Governor for the purpose of amendment.

On the question,

Will the Senate concur in the same.

It was agreed to.

HOUSE CONCURS IN RESOLUTION RECALLING FROM THE GOVERNOR SENATE BILL NO. 162.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has concurred in resolution from the Senate as follows:

In the Senate, March 31, 1915.

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That Senate Bill No. 162, entitled "An Act providing for the establishment, regulation and maintenance by the Board of Game Commissioners of State game preserves on the Forestry Reservations and elsewhere and providing penalties on account of clerical error in the delivery of wrong copy of said bill to the Governor.

MOTION TO ADJOURN.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now adjourn until next Tuesday evening at 9 o'clock.

Mr. WARNER. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were required by Mr. Thompson and Mr. McNichol and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—17.

Burke,	Farley,	Schantz,	Warner,
Catlin,	Gerberich,	Sproul,	Wasbers,
Clark,	Martin,	Stewart,	Kline,
Crow,	McNichol,	Vare,	Pres. pro tem.
Daix,	Patton,		

NAYS—8.

Buckman,	Hoke,	McConnell,	Thompson,
Endsley,	Kurtz,	Snyder, C. A.,	Tompkins,

The PRESIDENT. Less than a quorum having voted the motion is not agreed to and the Sergeant-at-Arms will close the Senate and lock the doors, and send for the Senators who are absent.

After some time the Chair directed that the Clerk should call the roll.

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I desire to be informed as to whether we are to vote "present" or to vote on the motion.

The PRESIDENT. The Chair informs the Senators to vote "present".

The following Senators answered to their names:

YEAS—32.

Buckman,	Hoke,	Miller,	Stewart,
Burke,	Jenkins,	Patton,	Thompson,
Catlin,	Kurtz,	Phipps,	Tompkins,
Daix,	Lynch,	Schantz,	Vare,
Endsley,	Magee, C. J.,	Smith, W. W.,	Warner,
Farley,	Martin,	Snyder, C. A.,	Wasbers,
Graff,	McNichol,	Snyder, P. W.,	Kline,
Hilton,	McConnell,	Sproul,	Pres. pro tem.

The PRESIDENT. A quorum of the Senate being present, the Sergeant-at-Arms is directed to open the doors, and the question now before the Senate is the motion by the Senator from Philadelphia, Mr. McNichol, to adjourn until next Tuesday evening at nine o'clock.

Mr. THOMPSON. Mr. President, that motion was put and lost, and so stated by the Chair, that the motion did not prevail, there was not a quorum then present. I now move that Senate Bill No. 176, which this morning was reported from the Committee on Elections, be recommitted to the Committee on Mines and Mining, for this reason: The Committee on Mines and Mining have put a great deal of time on this bill and spent a number of hours last night with the Attorney-General, with Mr. Dever, attorney for the miners, and I believe that they have this bill now in such shape———

The PRESIDENT. The Chair will state for the benefit of the Senator from Beaver, Mr. Thompson, that there is but one motion before the Senate at the present time. As there was no quorum present, therefore the motion could not fail, and the only thing to do was to lock the doors and send for the members so that a quorum could be present for the purpose of ascertaining whether or not the Senate will agree to the motion to adjourn.

Mr. THOMPSON. Mr. President, This motion to adjourn was made when there was no quorum present. After the vote was taken and the roll had been verified, the Chair stated that there was no quorum present and the motion did not prevail.

The PRESIDENT. The Chair will state for the benefit of the Senator from Beaver that, if the Chair stated that the motion did not prevail, the Chair was in error, because a motion of that kind cannot prevail if there is not a quorum present. The yeas and nays were taken and upon the yeas and nays being taken it was ascertained that there was not a quorum present, and if the Chair then stated that the motion failed, the Chair was then in error. The only thing that is in order is the motion that was previously made.

Mr. THOMPSON. Mr. President, if a motion is put here and seconded and there is not sufficient number of people here, if there is not a quorum here, is that a motion or not.

The PRESIDENT. It is not under the rules; they cannot do any business in the absence of a quorum.

Mr. THOMPSON. Mr. President, Since we now have thirty-two members present, I move that this bill, Senate Bill No. 716———

The PRESIDENT. The Chair informs the Senator that the only thing in order now is the previous motion to adjourn.

Mr. THOMPSON. Mr. President, you said there was no motion made, as there was not a quorum present.

And the question, recurring,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were required by Mr. Thompson and Mr. Buckman and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—15.

Burke,	Jenkins,	Schantz,	Warner,
Catlin,	Martin,	Smith, W. W.,	Wasbers,
Daix,	McNichol,	Sproul,	Kline,
Farley,	Patton,	Vare,	Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—16.

Buckman,	Hoke,	McConnell,	Snyder, P. W.,
Endsley,	Kurtz,	Miller,	Stewart,
Graff,	Lynch,	Phipps,	Thompson,
Hilton,	Magee, C. J.,	Snyder, C. A.,	Tompkins,

So the question was determined in the negative.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. THOMPSON. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 716, entitled:

An Act to amend section one of article eight, section two of article eight, section four of article eight, section six of article eight, section three of article ten, rule one of article twelve, rule three of article twelve, rule seventeen of article twelve, rule twenty of article twelve, rule thirty-five of article twelve, rule thirty-six of article twelve, rule forty-three of article twelve, rule forty-six of article twelve, rule forty-three of article twelve, rule forty-five of article twelve, section four of article thirteen, section eight of article seventeen and article eighteen of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the anthracite coal mines of Pennsylvania and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith," approved the second day of June, 1891.

which was reported this morning from the Committee on Elections, be recommitted to the committee on Mines and Mining.

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

Mr. THOMPSON. Mr. President, I make that motion for these reasons: The committee on mines and mining have met for two separate days. The Chairman of the Committee has given a great deal of time to this matter, spoke to Mr. Dever, attorney for the miners, last evening, talked to the Attorney-General and we believe we have this bill now in such shape that it will meet with the approval of the operators and the miners. Some time ago, at a meeting last Tuesday a week after the hearing, when we had a meeting of the committee, eleven of the members of the Committee on Mines and Mining were present, and when the bill was practically unanimously voted on by the Committee, and decided to be retained for further information, I so made known to the representatives of the mines and representatives of the operators. We asked for further information. I was at that time told by Mr. Dever that some of the statements made by the miners were privately withdrawn. It was the sense of the committee that those statements were made publicly and that they should be withdrawn in the same manner. I talked with a number of the miners on Monday evening and the great thought on this particular bill is that it should come under the workman's compensation act. A number of eminent authorities were spoken to on this matter, they said, not one, two or ten men, they said that this workman's compensation bill would not cover this particular case, and I asked for their names and addresses. I have not received that information as yet. This Committee on Mines and Mining has given a great deal of time on this bill. They have been absolutely conscientious in their work on this particular bill, and if a practice of this kind shall prevail in this Senate, then I say, dismiss every chairman you have, and leave it to the view of one or two men in this Senate as to what shall be done, and some of them, not even Senators. I think this is one of the sharpest pieces of practice I have ever known in my life, and I, for one, shall vote to recommit the bill.

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, Whatever my feeling might be toward the bill under question, I shall vote to recommit the bill to the Commiteee on Mines and Mining as

I have never in my experience here voted to treat a committee in the way such a thing as this would be treating it.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I have been sitting in this Chamber for ten years. There is no desire on the part of the people who are supporting this present action to be discourteous in any way to any committee. There are bills here having the same titles practically and purporting to deal with the same subject matter that are introduced from day to day and are referred to different committees other than those to which the bills as originally introduced were referred. But it is not with the idea of being discourteous but it is the idea of getting action on a bill that has been here for some time and the reason for that it that it is said that if the compensation act in its entirety shall pass both Houses of this Legislature, that a large body of the citizenship in this community that is desirous of having a proper recognition and to come in under the folds of the compensation act would be excluded and that they should be treated in it as a part of the body of the working men in this State, they should be given some protection and some consideration. We have been going along until within five weeks of the adjournment of this Legislature, as the time has been fixed by the House, and if this matter is left to the Committee on Mines and Mining for consideration without anything being done for the next week or ten days, it is a question whether an important body or important population of this Commonwealth are not going to be deprived of the compensation features of the bill that is being put through the House and will be in the Senate. If the Senate will assure us that there will be in the near future a report of this bill to the body of the Senate, I will be satisfied. I think this is due to the members of the Senate in an important matter—if it was a matter pertaining to some trivial affair, why, of course, there would not be any attempt upon the part of the Senators who are advocating this measure to usurp any prerogatives of a committee. I would be the last member of the Senate to do it, I assure you. But when you take fifty, or sixty, or a hundred or a hundred and fifty thousand people in this commonwealth, and nothing done to compensate these men for injuries and with the present laws as they are and if the bills now introduced will exclude them, as I am told by competent lawyers, including the Attorney-General, that they will be excluded from participating in this compensation act, something should be done. I don't want the Senators to think that in voting for this proposition, I am becoming discourteous in any respect, because the bill having reported, today until Tuesday night it can be gone over by the members of the Senate and given proper consideration. That is the reason for this action in this matter. Even though a precedent be broken I do not think there is one of the fifty members in this Senate that would want to sit here and deprive the miners of this great Commonwealth from participating in the benefits of the compensation act.

Mr. THOMPSON. Mr. President, I will just say for the benefit of the Senator from Philadelphia, Mr. McNichol, that it happened just last evening I met with the former Attorney General, Mr. Bell and present Attorney General, Mr. Brown, and they have added a clause to the present Workmen's Compensation bill that in the opinion of the present Attorney-General, concurred in by the former Attorney-General, amply covers the miner. And I can assure the members of this Senate that there is not a single member of this Committee that is not giving this matter great thought, and want the miners to come under the present compensation bill.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, before we vote on this, as I understand the statement of the Senator from Beaver, Mr. Thompson, he has practically agreed that this bill with the approval of the Attorney-General and the ex-Attorney-General will be upon the floor of the Senate in the early part of next week, if that is so I will certainly agree that the bill be re-committed.

Mr. THOMPSON. Mr. President, I have not looked over this bill, I am speaking of the former bill.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I am speaking of the former bill.

Mr. THOMPSON. Mr. President, there was an agreement with the Attorney-General last evening with regard to the compensation feature of this particular bill..

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I desire to interrogate the Senator from Beaver, Mr. Thompson.

The PRESIDENT. Will the Senator from Beaver, Mr. Thompson, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. THOMPSON. Mr. President, I will.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, as I understand the Senator from Beaver, Mr. Thompson, the main feature of discord and the purposes for which research has been made as to this bill, having been the compensation feature of it——

Mr. THOMPSON. Mr. President, that is one of the main features.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, and that has practically by the statement of the Senator, been cleared up, with the approval of the Attorney-General and the ex-Attorney-General.

Mr. THOMPSON. Mr. President, yes, sir.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, then there is nothing in the mind of the Senator from Beaver, Mr. Thompson, that will prevent a reporting of the bill early next week.

Mr. THOMPSON. Mr. President, nothing in the world regarding that feature of the bill.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I understood that this was the main feature.

Mr. THOMPSON. Mr. President, That is the main feature, the others were incidental. This committee is composed of thirteen members and their vote shall entirely govern this bill.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, a committee can vote out a bill as committeed or as amended or with a favorable recommendation.

And the question, recurring,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

It was agreed to.

ADJOURNMENT.

Mr. THOMPSON. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now adjourn until next Tuesday evening at 9 o'clock.

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The Senate adjourned at 1.50 o'clock P. M. until Tuesday evening, April 6, 1915, at 9 o'clock.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

WEDNESDAY, March 31st, 1915.

The House met at 10 o'clock A. M.

The SPEAKER (Charles A. Ambler) in the Chair.

PRAYER.

The Chaplain, Rev. F. W. Staley, offered the following prayer:

Almighty God, we thank Thee that Thou art our Father, our Creator and our Preserver. We thank Thee that Thou art a rich Provider, and hast provided us infinite blessings. "Eye hath not seen, nor ear heard, neither have entered into the heart of man the things which God has prepared for those who love Him." We thank Thee for the gift of the Redeemer, who stood over Jerusalem, and cried, "O Jerusalem, Jerusalem, thou that killest the prophets, and stonest them that are sent unto Thee; how often would I have gathered thee together as a hen gathereth her chickens under her wings but ye would not." That same Saviour upon the Cross exclaimed, "Father, forgive them for they know not what they do," and He said unto the thief, "to-day Thou shall be with me in Paradise," then uttered those great words, "it is finished" redemption has been completed, and to-day He is our Saviour and our Intercessor, and through Him we offer all of our prayers, and may all of our prayers be acceptable to Thee, O God, we ask for Christ's sake. Amen.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the journal of yesterday's proceedings.

The Clerk proceeded to read the journal of yesterday's proceedings, when on motion of Mr. McConnell, the further reading was dispensed with and the journal was approved.

BILLS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED.

By Mr. W. W. JONES. House Bill No. 1207.

An Act making an appropriation to the Department of Health of this Commonwealth for paying such expenditures as may be incurred to protect property and the public health and to promote the safety of its citizens of this Commonwealth and others from loss and danger from Mine fires when such fires become a public nuisance in the judgment of the Commissioner of Health of this Commonwealth, and providing how such expenditures shall be made, how the Commonwealth shall be repaid and authorizing the condemnation, destruction and appropriation of property, material and compensation, and the entering of liens against the property upon which the fires may be burning for the expense of removing such nuisance or putting out or controlling the same, therefore to carry into effect the purposes of this act.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. EHRHARDT. House Bill No. 1208.

An Act to enable city, county, poor, ward, school, borough and township tax collectors, heir executors and administrators, if they rae deceased, or either surety or sureties, if the surety or sureties have paid the taxes to collect taxes for the payment of which they have become personally liable, without having collected the same, by the expiration of the authority of their respective bonds or by the expiration of their terms of office, and to extend the time for the collection of the same for a period of two years from the passage of this act.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. DELL. House Bill No. 1209.

An Act regulating the disposition of dockets of justices of the peace and alderman and providing penalties.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. PHILLIPS. House Bill No. 1210.

An Act designating the Wild Honeysuckle (Rhododendron Nudiflorum) as the floral emblem or State Flower of Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. LEE SMITH. House Bill No. 1211.

An Act requiring the prothonotaries of the several courts of common pleas of this Commonwealth to provide an Adsectum Judgment Index; and fixing the fees of the prothonotaries therefor.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. LEE SMITH. House Bill No. 1212.

An Act to repeal an act, approved the twenty-third day of May, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three, entitled "An Act to prohibit the use of an adulteration or immitation of dairy products in any charitable or penal institution being supplementary to an act entitled 'An Act for the protection of the public health and to prevent adulteration of dairy products and fraud i nthe sale thereof' approved May twenty-one, Anno Domini, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five".

Referred to the Committee on Agriculture.

By Mr. THOMAS. House Bill No. 1213.

An Act providing for the appointment of a Board of Visitors for institutions, societies, and associations, caring for dependent, neglected or delinquent children, and making it the duty of the said Board of iVsitation to visit all such institutions within this Commonwealth which receive inmates from the respective counties, and are in whole or in part supported and managed by the Commonwealth, and all institutions, societies, and associations, that are wholly or in part supported and managed by the respective counties, or cities, boroughs or townships, or poor districts of such counties of the Commonwealth and providing for the making of nominations of appointments on such Boards of Visitation.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

By Mr. RICH. House Bill No. 1214.

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-first day of May, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen, entitled "An Act providing for the return of taxes on seated lands in counties, poor districts, boroughs, incorporated towns and townships, for cuonty, poor, borough, town or township taxes, respectively, and providing for the sale of such lands for taxes," so as to include school taxes.

Referred to the Committee on Counties and Townships.

By Mr. BOVEE. House Bill No. 1215.

An Act further amending an act approved the first day of June, one thousand eight hundred-eighty-nine, entitled "A further supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to provide revenue by taxation' approved the seventh day of June, Anno Domini, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine," as amended.

Referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. MARVIN. House Bill No. 1216.

An Act to regulate and improve the civil service of the Commnowealth of Pennsylvania, and of certain counties and cities thereof, and providing penalties for the violation of its provisions.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. WYLIE. House Bill No. 1217.

An Act regulating advertising by county officers in counties having a population of more than 800,000 and less than 1,500,000, and providing for the letting of annual contracts therefor.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. McKAY. House Bill No. 1218.

An Act making it a misdemeanor for any officer or employe of any of the departments of the State Government to practice as an attorney-at-law directly or indirectly and either gratuitously or for pay before the department in which he is such officer, or in which he is employed or before any other department of the State Government and providing penalties for the violation of this act.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

By Mr. SWAN. House Bill No. 1230.

An Act to amend section six hundred seventeen of an act approved the eighteenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred eleven, entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof; providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue; repealing all laws, general, special or local, or any parts thereof, that are or may be inconsistent therewith."

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Mr. McCAIG. House Bill No. 1231.

An Act to provide for the co-operation of the Commonwealth with the United States in the establishment of an experiment station for making investigations, with a view to securing greater efficiency in the mining, quarrying, metallurgical and other mineral industries, and making an appropriation therefor.

Referred to the Committee on Mines and Mining.

By Mr. FORSTER. House Bill No. 1232.

An Act fixing the compensation of Constables in counties of the first class.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. AMBLER. House Bill No. 1233.

An Act authorizing townships of the first class to create a paid fire service or department, and providing for the levying of a tax for the creation and maintenance of such fire service or department.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

SENATE MESSAGE.

SENATE BILLS FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, presented for concurrence bills numbered and entitled as follows:

Senate Bill No. 113 (House Bill No. 1219).

An Act further supplementing an act approved the fourteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act providing for the erection by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania of a statue in memory of General George Gordon Meade in the city of Washington and making an appropriation therefor" and making a further appropriation.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

Senate Bill No. 166 (House Bill No. 1220).

An Act making an appropriation to the State Hospital for Injured Persons of the Treverton, Shamokin and Mount Carmel Coal Fields, situated in the township of Coal, near

Shamokin, Northumberland County, Pennsylvania, for deficiency in maintenance for the two fiscal years commencing June first, one thousand nine hundred thirteen.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

Senate Bill No. 302 (House Bill No. 1221).

An Act to amend an act approved the thirteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven, entitled "An Act establishing in counties containing a population of from eight hundred thousand to one million four hundred thousand a Board for the Assessment and Revision of Taxes for State and county purposes prescribing the method of their appointment their powers and duties fixing their salary to be paid by the proper county and abolishing the office of ward, borough and township assessors insofar as respects the assessment of State and county taxes."

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

Senate Bill No. 386 (House Bill No. 1222).

An Act to authorize the judges of the courts of common pleas of judicial districts having separate orphans' courts to hear and determine all matters in such courts at the request of the judges thereof.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Senate Bill No. 387 (House Bill No. 1223).

An Act concerning notaries public who are stockholders directors officers or employes of banks banking institutions trust companies or other corporations.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Senate Bill No. 503 (House Bill No. 1224).

An Act making mortgages given by benevolent charitable philanthropic educational and eleemosynary institutions corporations or unincorporated associations for permanent improvements and refunding purposes prior liens to the liens of this Commonwealth for the appropriation of moneys providing a method for the giving of such mortgages and fixing the duties of the Auditor General and Board of Public Charities in connection therewith.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

Senate Bill No. 528 (House Bill No. 1225).

An Act to regulate the assessment on seated lands where township lines divide a tract of land and to determine the residence of owners and occupants of land when the dividing line between any two townships passes through the mansion house and prescribing the duties of assessors in such cases.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Senate Bill No. 538 (House Bill No. 1226).

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act regulating the publication of advertisements and notices required by law to be published in counties of this Commonwealth in newspapers published in the English language and newspapers published in the German language" approved the thirtieth day of April one thousand nine hundred and one

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Senate Bill No. 549 (House Bill No. 1227).

An Act to fix salary of court criers and tipstaves in judicial districts containing more than two hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants and less than one million inhabitants.

Referred to the Committee on Counties and Townships.

Senate Bill No. 563 (House Bill No. 1228).

An Act to refund to Bella Hershenson of McKean county money paid for license to sell oleomargarine.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

Senate Bill No. 567 (House Bill No. 1229).

An Act making an appropriation for the purpose of refunding to the estate of Joseph B. Sheppard, Jr., moneys erroneously paid into the State Treasury.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

PETITIONS.

FAVORING PASSAGE OF LOCAL OPTION LAW.

The SPEAKER presented the petition of the Central Bureau of Philadelphia Yearly Meeting of Friends favoring the passage of a county local option law.

Also the petition of the Young Men's Christian Association, of Haverford College, favoring the passage of a county local option law.

Also the petition of The Men's Adult Bible Class of Second Presbyterian Church, Pittsburgh, favoring the passage of a local option law.

Referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

FAVORING RE-ESTABLISHMENT OF THE PENNSYLVANIA NAUTICAL SCHOOL.

The SPEAKER presented the petition of the Philadelphia Board of Trade favoring the re-establishment of the Pennsylvania Nautical School.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

FAVORING THE PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL NO. 566.

The SPEAKER presented the petition of the Pennsylvania Threshermen and Farmers Protective Association favoring the repeal of that part of the automobile act passed at the last session pertaining to traction engines. Also favoring the passage of House Bill No. 506.

Referred to the Committee on Public Roads.

FAVORING AN APPROPRIATION FOR THE PREVENTION OF HOOF AND MOUTH DISEASE.

Mr. URICH presented the petition of the Lebanon County Cattlemen and Dairymen's Protective Association favoring an appropriation in reference to the prevention of the Hoof and Mouth disease.

Referred to the Committee on Agriculture.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. LINDSEY, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed, House Bill No. 966, entitled:

An Act relating to and regulating tender of judgment or payment in certain civil matters.

Mr. RININGER, from the Committee on Banks and Banking, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1053, entitled:

An Act to validate transactions of Building and Loan Associations whose charter has expired and permitting such Building and Loan Association to make application for renewal of said charter within six months from the expiration, notwithstanding a failure to comply with all the requirements provided by law for renewals of charters.

Mr. RAMSEY from the Committee on Municipal Corporations reported as amended, (Senate Bill No. 452) House Bill No. 1082, entitled:

A supplement to an act approved the twenty-seventh day of June one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation, regulation, and government of cities of the third class regulating nomination and election of municipal officers therein repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto".

Mr. BENNINGER, from the Committee on Judicary Special, reported with a negative recommendation, House Bill No. 927, entitled:

An Act for the licensing, protection and keeping of dogs, and for the protection of horses, cattle, sheep, and other livestock, domestic fowls, and swine; creating the office of Dog Commissioner in townships, boroughs and cities, defining his duties; providing methods for the enforcement of this act: and prescribing penalties for its violation and repealing certain acts.

Mr. BAKER, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported with a negative recommendation, House Bill No. 1135, entitled:

An Act to amend further an act approved May 11th, 1911, entitled "An Act to provide for the appointment of county and city inspectors of weights and measures; providing for their compensation and expenses; prescribing their duties, prohibiting vendors from giving false or insufficient weights; and fixing the penalties for the violation of the provisions hereof," as amended by the Act of July 24th, 1913.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE.

Mr. BECK asked and obtaned leave of absence for Mr. Walter.

SENATE MESSAGES.

HOUSE BILLS CONCURRED IN BY SENATE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced returned bills from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 169.

A joint resolution providing for a commission to investigate the advisability of the purchase by the Commonwealth of certain property in Philadelphia opposite Independence Hall as a public park

House Bill No. 240.

An Act creating a reward or bounty for the destruction of certain noxious animals killed within the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania providing a method for the payment of the same and providing the method of furnishing evidence of said destruction and penalties for the violation of the several provisions hereof

House Bill No. 410.

A joint resolution authorizing the printing and binding of the report of the Commission to consider the Revision and Amendment of the Penal Laws of Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 383.

An Act providing for the organization discipline maintenance and regulation of the militia of the Commmonwealth

House Bill No. 770.

An Act relative to the burial of the bodies of certain indigent deceased widows at the county expense

House Bill No. 665.

A joint resolution directing the publication of the pamphlet containing the Game Fish and Forestry Laws

House Bill No. 434.

An Act making an appropriation to refund to Henry S. Reichard of South Bethlehem Pennsylvania money erroneously paid into the State Treasury

House Bill No. 595.

An Act to provide for the immediate printing and distribution of advance sheets of the laws of this Commonwealth as they are enacted from time to time to persons making application therefor and to certain officials

with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendment.

SENATE BILL FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, presented for concurrence bill numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

Senate Bill No. 92.

An Act requiring certain petitions and papers to be verified before being considered by the court

said bill having been recalled from the Governor for amendment. The votes had on final passage and third reading on said bill were reconsidered in the Senate and the bill amended, in which amendment the concurrence of the House is requested.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The Clerk read the amendment as follows:

Section 1. Strike out from line 9 to line 13, inclusive.

On the question,

Will the House concur in the said amendment.

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—176.

Albee,	Geary,	Mather,	Snyder,
Alcorn,	Geiser,	McArdle,	Sones,
Alexander,	Gibson,	McClintock,	Spangler,
Arnold,	Gingery,	McClure,	Sprowls,
Aron,	Glass,	McCurdy,	Statler,
Baldwin,	Gompers,	McDermott,	Staving,
Bauerle,	Goodnough,	McNichol,	Steedle,
Beck,	Goodwin,	McVicar,	Stein,
Becker,	Goodyear,	Mearkle,	Stern,
Benn,	Graham,	Metzenbacher,	Stone,
Benninger,	Gransback,	Milliron,	Sullivan,
Bergy,	Greenwood,	Murdoch,	Swan,
Berntheizel,	Habgood,	Murphy	Swartz,
Beyer,	Hackett,	Myers,	Taylor,
Blackburn,	Hamilton,	Neville,	Thomas,
Body,	Harper,	Nieder,	Trach,
Brosius,	Heffernan,	Oaks,	Twibill,
Brumbaugh,	Herman,	Ostrander,	Urich,
Bungard,	Hess,	Perry,	Vickerman,
Campbell, J. O.,	Heyburn,	Peters,	Vogdes,
Campbell, T.,	Hibshman,	Phillips,	Wagner,
Christman,	Hollingsworth,	Pickering,	Walsh,
Coldsmith,	Horton,	Powell,	Walter,
Conner,	Howarth,	Ramsey,	Walton,
Corbin,	Hubler,	Reel,	Watson,
Cox,	Jack,	Reynolds,	Weaver,
Cromer,	Jones, E. E.,	Rhoads,	Weimer
Curry,	Jones, W. W.,	Rich,	Weir,
Davis,	Kaiser,	Rinn,	West,
Dawson,	Kitts,	Roney,	Wettach,
Dell,	Klinger,	Rothenberger,	Whitaker,
Dodds,	Kuhn,	Rowell,	Whitten,
Drinkhouse,	Kunkle,	Sampsel,	Wilman,
Dunn,	Lafferty,	Sarig,	Willard,
Eby,	Landis,	Schaeffer,	Williams,
Eppley,	Lanius,	Scott,	Wilson, H. J.,
Erdman,	Lauer,	Shaaber,	Wilson, W. H.,
Fackler,	Lauler,	Shaffer,	Wobensmith,
Finnerty,	Leighner,	Shoop,	Wood,
Forster,	Lindsey,	Showalter,	Woodward,
Fretz,	Lipschutz,	Sinclair	Wylie,
Gallagher,	Love,	Smith, J. W.,	Wynne,
Gans,	Luxemburger,	Smith, Jeff. W.,	Young,
Garner,	Marvin,	Smith, L.,	Ambler,
			Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

SENATE BILL FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, presented for concurrence bill numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

Senate Bill No. 289.

An Act amending section nine of an act as amended by the act of seventeenth April one thousand nine hundred and five Pamphlet Laws one hundrd and eighty-five approved the fifth day of May one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine entitled "An Act supplementing and amending an act entitled 'An Act to establish an intermediate court of appeal regulating its constitution officers jurisdiction powers practice and its relation to the Supreme court and other courts providing for the reports of its decisions the compensation of the judges and other officers and the practice and costs on appeals from its judgments' approved June twenty-fourth Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five" and increasing the amount to which the judges of the Superior Court shall be entitled to be reimbursed for the sums expended by them in each year for expenses incurred in the discharge of their duties for the help of stenographers typewriters or clerks and regulating the time and manner of such reimbursement

Said bill having been recalled from the Governor for amendment, and the votes had on final passage on third reading on said bill were reconsidered in the Senate, and the bill amended in which amendments the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section one by striking out in line forty-two after the numeral "9", the following:

All necessary dockets blank-books stationery and other supplies shall be obtained and furnished by the Secretary of the Commonwealth in the same manner as books and supplies are furnished to and for his own department

and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

The necessary dockets books stationery and miscellaneous printing shall be obtained and furnished by the Superintendent of Public Printing and Binding and the other necessary supplies for the use of said Court shall be obtained and furnished by the Board of Public Grounds and Buildings in the same manner as said materials and supplies are furnished to the several departments of the State government Said materials and supplies to be furnished upon the requisition of the prothonotaries of the said court

On the quetsion,

Will the House concur in the said amendments?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—185.

Adams,	Gallagher,	Love,	Sarig,
Albee,	Gans,	Luxemburger,	Schaeffer,
Alcorn,	Garner,	Mangan,	Scott,
Alexander,	Geary,	Marvin,	Shaaber,
Arnold,	Geiser,	Mather,	Shaffer,
Aron,	Gibson,	McArdle,	Shoop,
Arthur,	Gingery,	McCaig,	Showalter,
Baldwin,	Glass,	McClintock,	Sinclair,
Bauerle,	Glenn,	McClure,	Smith, J. W.,
Beck,	Gompers,	McConnell,	Smith, Jeff. W.,
Becker,	Goodnough,	McCurdy,	Smith, L.,
Benn,	Goodyear,	McDermott,	Snyder,
Benninger,	Gormley,	McKay,	Spangler,
Bergy,	Graham,	McNichol,	Statler,
Berntheizel,	Gransback,	McVicar,	Staving,
Beyer,	Greenwood,	Mearkle,	Steedle,
Blackburn,	Habgood,	Mellott,	Stein,
Body,	Hackett,	Metzenbacher,	Stern,
Bovee,	Hamilton,	Milliron,	Stone,
Brosius,	Harper,	Murdoch,	Sullivan,
Brumbaugh,	Heffernan,	Murphy,	Swan,
Bungard,	Herman,	Myers,	Swartz,
Campbell, J. O.,	Hess,	Neville,	Taylor,
Campbell, T.,	Heyburn,	Nieder,	Thomas,
Coldsmith,	Hibshman,	Nissley,	Tyndbill,
Conner,	Hoffman,	Oaks,	Urich,
Corbin,	Hollern,	Ostrander,	Wagner,
Cox,	Hollingsworth,	Palmer,	Walter,
Cromer,	Horton,	Perry,	Walton,
Cummins,	Howarth,	Peters,	Watson,
Curry,	Hubler,	Phillips,	Weaver,
Davis,	Jack,	Pickering,	Weimer,
Dawson,	Jones, E. E.,	Powell,	Weir,
Dell,	Jones, W. W.,	Ramsey,	West,
Diefenderfer,	Kaiser,	Reel,	Wettach,
Dodds,	Kitts,	Reynolds,	Whitaker,
Drinkhouse,	Klinger,	Rhoads,	Whitten,
Dunn,	Kuhn,	Rich,	Wildman,
Eby,	Lafferty,	Rininger,	Willard,
Ehrhardt,	Landis,	Rinn,	Williams,
Eppley,	Lanius,	Robertson,	Wilson, H. L.,
Fackler,	Lauer,	Roney,	Wilson, W. H.,
Finnerty,	Lauler,	Rothenberger,	Wobensmith,
Flynn,	Leighner,	Rowell,	Wylie,
Forster,	Lindsey,	Rudisill,	Young,
Fretz,	Lipschutz,	Sampsel,	Ambler,
Fruit,			Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative and the amendments were concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

Mr. FORSTER in the Chair.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 939, as follows:

An Act relating to the holding of real estate by certain foreign corporations associations and companies doing business in Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the term "foreign corporation" as used in this act means a corporation or joint stock company or a liimted partnership association or any association having any of the powers or privileges of a corporation not possessed by individuals or partnerships organized under laws other than those of this Commonwealth The provisions of this act shall apply to such foreign corporations heretofore or now or hereafter doing business in this Commonwealth

Section 2 If a foreign corporation at the time of acquiring title to real estate shall have complied fully with the laws of Pennsylvania relative to the doing of business in Pennsylvania by a foreign corporation it may own and convey real estate as fully and effectively as like corporations organized under the laws of Pennsylvania

Section 3 The title to any real estate acquired by any foreign corporation failing at the time of acquiring such title to comply fully with the laws regulating the doing of business in Pennsylvania by foreign corporations shall be subject to escheat on the part of the Commonwealth only All escheat proceedings must be instituted prior to a conveyance by such corporation to a purchaser in good faith and for value

Section 4 The title to any real estate in this Commonwealth now or heretofore owned by or in trust for any foreign corporation is confirmed with the same effect as if such real estate had been held or owned under the provisions of this act if the corporation complies with the laws of this Commonwealth relating to the doing of business by foreign corporations and pays the bonus on its capital stock required by law and all State taxes for each year that it has done business in this Commonwealth together with such interest and penalties thereon as shall have been settled against it by the officers of the Commonwealth

Section 5 All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with this act are repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1080 (Senate Bill No. 438) entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the tenth day of June one thousand eight hundred eighty-one entitled "An Act to enable mothers in certain cases to appoint testamentary guardians" by extending certain rights to mothers

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1117 (Senate Bill No. 430) entitled:

An Act relative to the holding of magistrates courts in cities of the first class

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1108, as follows:

An Act to validate acts done and conveyances made by or to corporations after letters patent are issued and before the recording of their charters

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That where heretofore any act has been done or transfer or conveyance of any property has been made to or by any corporation created or intended to be created by virtue of the provisions of the Act of Assembly approved April twenty-ninth one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four or its supplements in good faith after the issuing of letters patent and before the actual record of the certificate such acts transfers and conveyances shall after said certificate has been duly recorded as provided in the said act be deemed and taken to be valid and effectual for all purposes Provided This act shall not affect any proceeding now pending

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1105, as follows:

An Act authorizing Jennie Cly Swogger administratrix of the estate of Lawrence L. Swogger deceased late a citizen of Lawrence county Pennsylvania to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That Jennie Cly Swogger administratrix of the estate of Lawrence L. Swogger deceased late a citizen of Lawrence county Pennsylvania is hereby authorized to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in any sum or sums of money that may be legally or justly due the estate of the said Lawrence L. Swogger deceased from the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania as damages for certain injuries sustained by the said Lawrence L. Swogger during his lifetime through a defect in a State highway of Pennsylvania Such suit shall be subject to the same rules of pleading evidence and appeal as other suits brought in said court

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Mr. BALDWIN in the Chair.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1118 (Senate Bill No. 431), entitled:

An Act relative to the powers of magistrates in cities of the first class

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1134, as follows:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-sixth day of April one thousand eight hundred eighty-three entitled "An Act relative to the eligibility of candidtaes for the office of district attorney"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the first section of an act approved the twenty-sixth day of April one thousand eight hundred eighty-three entitled "An Act relative to the eligibility of candidates for the office of district attorney" which reads as follows

"Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That no person shall be eligible to the office of district attorney of any county within this Commonwealth unless he shall have been admitted to practice as an attorney in the courts of some county within this Commonwealth for at least two years preceding his election Provided That this act shall not take effect until the first day of March Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four" is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That no person shall be eligible to the office of district attorney of any county within this Commonwealth unless he shall have been admitted to practice as an attorney in the courts of some county within this Commonwealth for at least one year preceding his election

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

RESOLUTION FIXING LAST DAY FOR THE INTRODUCTION OF BILLS.

Mr. W. H. WILSON offered the following resolution which was twice read considered and agreed to.

Be it resolved, That Wednesday, April 7th, 1915, be fixed as the last day for introduction of bills in the House, except those pertaining to local legislation in which advertising has already been started.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 817 (Senate Bill No. 105) entitled:

An Act to avoid delay in the administration of justice by fixing a time within which decisions in certain questions and matters shall be rendered by judges and requring certain certificates from judges before their salaries shall be paid

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 837 (Senate Bill No. 183) as follows:

An Act regulating the sale and exposing for sale of dressed lambs sheep and calves

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That it is unlawful to sell or expose for sale any dressed lambs sheep or calves unless they are what is known as "clean dressed"

The term "clean dressed" means

(a) That the body of the animal is not connected with the head thereof and has the hoofs removed

(b) That there is not in the body of the animal any heart liver or lung or part thereof

No dressed lamb sheep or calf shall have placed in or on any part of the said animal pieces of wood or other material general known as "back sticks" or "stretchers" after same has been offered for sale

Section 2 Any person copartnership corporation or association shall be guilty of a misdemeanor who violates any of the provisions of this act Upon conviction thereof such person or the members of such copartnership or association or the officers or directors of the corporation having knowledge of the fact shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars or to undergo imprisonment in the county prison not exceeding one year or both in the discretion of the court

Section 3 All acts or parts of acts consistent or inconsistent herewith be and the same are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1130, as follows:

An Act regulating the legal business of the State Government and the employment of attorneys therefor and defining the duties of the various departmetns bureaus boards and commissions in relation thereto

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from and after the passage of this act all of the legal business and affairs of every department bureau board and commission of the State Government shall be under the supervision direction and control of the Attorney General

Section 2 Whenever any department bureau board or commission or officer of the State Government may require legal advice concerning its conduct or operation or whenever any legal difficulty or dispute arises or litigation is commenced or to be commenced in which any such department bureau board or commission or officer is concerned or whenever any taxes or other accounts of any kind whatever due the Commonwealth remain overdue and unpaid it shall be the duty of such department bureau board or commission or officer to refer the same to the Attorney General whose duty it shall be legally to advise such department bureau board or commission and to take charge of such litigation and collections of overdue and unpaid taxes and of all other moneys and accounts due the Commonwealth it being the intent of this act to vest the exclusive authority and control in the Attorney General to collect all moneys and accounts due the Commonwealth from any and every source whatever The collection of which is now vested by law in any department bureau board or commission officer or officers whatever as well as the exclusive control of all other legal business of the Commonwealth

Section 3 It shall be the duty of any officer of any other department bureau board or commission of the State government who has requested from the Attorney General's Department any legal advice concerning his official duty when said advice has been given to follow the same and such officer so doing shall not in any way whatever be liable either upon his official bond or otherwise

Section 4 After the passage of this act no department bureau board or commission of the State Government or any officer thereof except as herein provided shall have any right power or authority to retain or employ any attorney to transact any legal business of such department bureau board or commission provided however whenever authorized by the Attorney General such department bureau board or commission or any officer thereof may retain counsel whose appointment and compensation shall be approved by the Attorney General

Section 5 Nothing herein contained shall effect the right of private counsel heretofore employed to continue with the approval of the Attorney General their service until the termination of the business for which they were specially employed

Section 6 All other laws or parts thereof conferring authority upon any officer of the State to employ attorneys or counsel except as herein provided and inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1131, as follows:

An Act reorganizing the Attorney General's Department designating the officers and employes thereof and fixing their salaries

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the Attorney General's Department shall consist of the Attorney General who shall be the head thereof and whose salary shall be twelve thousand dollars ($12,000) per annum a First Deputy Attorney General whose salary shall be seven thousand five hundred dollars ($7,500) per annum one (1) Deputy Attorney General whose salary shall be six thousand dollars ($6,000) per annum two (2) Deputy Attorneys General whose salary shall be five thousand dollars ($5,000) per annum two (2) Deputy Attorneys General whose salary shall be three thousand five hundred dollars ($3,500) each per annum all of whom shall be appointed by the Governor one (1) Private Secretary who shall be a skilled stenographer and whose salary shall be three thousand five hundred dollars ($3,500) per annum three (3) law clerks who shall be learned in the law and whose salary shall be three thousand dollars ($3,000) each per annum five (5) stenographers whose salary shall be one thousand two hundred dollars ($1,200) each per annum one (1) messenger whose salary shall be one thousand two hundred dollars ($1,200) per annum and one (1) telephone operator whose salary shall be nine hundred dollars ($900.00) per annum all of whom shall be appointed by the Attorney General The Attorney General may appoint such additional Deputy Attorneys General law clerks and stenographers in said Attorney General's Department as he may deem necessary whose compensation shall not exceed in the aggregate the sum of twenty thousand dollars ($20,000) per annum

Section 2 All of said officers and employes shall perform such duties as shall be assigned to them by the Attorney General

Section 3 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith be and the same are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

RECONSIDERATION OF VOTE.

Mr. DUNN. I move that the vote by which House Bill No. 760, entitled:

An Act providing for the alteration of the boundaries of counties in certain cases and for the adjustment of the indebtedness thereof

from page 4 of to-day's calendar, Bills on Final Passage postponed, passed on third reading be reconsidered.

Mr. DELL. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Mr. DUNN. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer an amendment to this bill.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the amendment for information.

The Clerk then read the amendment as follows:

Amend section 1 by adding after line 18 the following as a new paragraph:

The term "part of a county" as used in this act shall not include an area greater than two hundred acres nor an area containing a population of over one hundred and fifty inhabitants.

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent for the insertion of this amendment? The Chair hears no objection and the amendment will be inserted in accordance with the instructions of the House.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading as amended?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended be prepared for final passage.

RECONSIDERATION OF VOTE.

Mr. THOMAS. Mr. Speaker, I move that the vote by which House Bill No. 351, entitled:

An Act relating to juvenile offenders and regulating their detention and trial

from page 4 of to-day's calendar, Bills on Final Passage Postponed, passed on third reading, be reconsidered.

Mr. KITTS. Mr. Speaker I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. THOMAS. Mr. Speaker, I move that House Bill No. 351, File Folio 3483 be recommitted to the Committee on Judiciary General for the purpose of further amendment.

Mr. KITTS. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 886, as follows:

An Act amending an act entitled "An Act applicable to all counties of this Commonwealth to provide monthly payments as approved by the trustees to indigent widowed or abandoned mothers for partial support of their children in their own homes The manner of appointment of the Trustees the administration of the trust amount of appropriations proportioning appropriations co-ordinate appropriations amounts to be paid form of records eligibility penalties and reports as set forth" approved April twenty-ninth nineteen hundred thirteen by limiting the provisions of said act to women whose husbands are dead or permanently insane and who have children under sixteen years of age and providing for uniformity of administration by the appointment of the State Supervisor over the Boards of Trustees of different counties and otherwise amending the provisions of said act

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That Section 1 of an act entitled "An Act applicable to all counties of this Commonwealth to provide monthly payments as approved by the trustees to indigent widowed or abandoned mothers for partial support of their children in their own homes the manner of appointment of the trustees the administration of the trust amount of appropriations proportioning appropriations coordinate appropriations amounts to be paid form of records eligibility penalties and reports as set forth" approved April twenty-ninth nineteen hundred thirteen which reads as follows

"Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That on and after the passage of this bill and its approval by the Governor of the Commonwealth the Chief Executive shall appoint not less than five and not more than seven women residents of each county desiring to avail itself of the provisions of this act to act as trustees in whom shall be intrusted the carrying into effect the provisions of this act to provide monthly payment as approved by the trustees to indigent widowed or abandoned mothers for partial support of their children in their own homes such payment to be made direct to the recipient by the State Treasurer upon warrants drawn by the Auditor General and direct to the recipient by the County Treasurer Such payments to continue at the will of the trustees but not beyond the time that the law will permit a child to secure employment" be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That on and after the passage of this bill and its approval by the Governor of the Commonwealth the Governor shall appoint not less than five and not more than seven women whose terms of office shall expire May thirty-first three to serve for two years and two or four to serve for one year residents of each county desiring to avail itself of the provisions of this act to act as trustees in whom shall be intrusted the carrying into effect the provisions of this act to provide monthly payments as approved by the Trustees to women who have children under sixteen years of age and whose husbands are dead or permanently confined in institutions for the insane when such women are of good repute but poor and dependent on their own efforts for support as aid in supporting their children in their own homes such payment to be made direct to the recipient by the State Treasurer upon warrants drawn by the Auditor General and direct to the recipient by the County Treasurer Such payments to continue at the will of the Trustees but not beyond the time that the law will permit a child to secure employment except that such payments shall continue until a child is sixteen years of age if said child is physically unable to earn wages or is at school with satisfactory record of attendance and scholarship The Governor shall also appoint a woman qualified by her training and experience to act as State Supervisor over the boards of the different counties Said Supervisor shall furthermore act as general field organizer and she shall be on the staff of the State Board of Education The Supervisor may with the approval of the Governor appoint a clerk who shall receive an annual salary not exceeding twelve hundred dollars The term of office of said Supervisor shall be two years and her annual salary shall not exceed $2,400 and the necessary traveling and office expenses

Section 2 That Section two of the act of April twenty-ninth nineteen hundred thirteen which reads as follows:

"Section 2 The administration of this act shall lie solely in the hands of the trustees appointed annually by the Governor They shall serve without pay but shall be permitted to charge for traveling expenses in making investigations of cases before a final recommendation is made to the Auditor General and county treasurer The

trustees shall provide a headquarters and appoint an investigator and stenographer (if necessary) also suitable furnishings stationery and postage but at no time shall the yearly expense be more than three thousand dollars for counties with cities of the first class twenty-four hundred dollars for counties with cities of the second class eighteen hundred dollars for counties with cities of the third class and twelve hundred dollars for counties other than the aforesaid classes with the exception of the first year when the trustees shall be permitted to expend an additional sum of not more than five hundred dollars if necessary for furnishings In order to carry the provisions of this act into effect an appropriation of two hundred thousand dollars from moneys not otherwise appropriated is hereby made proportioned to the counties of the Commonwealth according to their respective population in the census of one thousand nine hundred and ten by the Auditor General and State Treasurer upon the passage and approval of this bill the State Treasurer shall place the proportionate amount of the entire appropriation to the various counties upon the books of the State Treasury to the credit of the trustees one half of which amount shall be available the first year after approval and the remainder the second year or until another appropriation may become available Provided however That no county through their trustees or otherwise shall receive their allotment of the State's appropriation unless an equal amount has been provided by the government of such county desiring the benefits under this act" be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Section 2 The State Supervisor and general field Organizer of the county boards shall formulate and issue to the various boards rules of procedure under the general law by which they shall be governed to the end that uniformity of interpretation and practice shall obtain throughout the State and to attain this end she shall visit not less than twice each year for conference and counsel each county board organized under this act she shall supervise and inspect and report annually to the State Board of Education on the work of the county boards especially as to the educational conditions and progress of the assisted families She shall as general field Organizer visit the officer of those counties who do not avail themselves in behalf of their counties of the funds appropriated under this act for the purpose of explaining the provisions of this act to those concerned in counties which have not taken advantage of the act and assist the county commissioners upon the acceptance by them of the provisions of this act in the organization of Mothers Assistance Boards But the administration of this act within the counties shall be solely in the hands of the Trustees appointed biennally by the Governor subject to the rules formulated and issued by the State Supervisor The Trustees shall serve without pay but shall be permitted to charge for expenses incurred directly in the administration of this act The Trustees shall provide a headquarters and appoint competent investigators and clerical assistants as necessary and provide suitable furnishings stationery and postage but at no time shall the yearly expenses of administration in any county exceed ten per cent of the appropriation of such county for that year (with the exception of the first year when the Trustees shall be permitted to expend an additional sum of not more than five hundred dollars) if necessary for furnishings In order to carry the provisions of this act into effect an appropriation of eight hundred thousand dollars from moneys not otherwise appropriated is hereby made proportioned to the counties of the Commonwealth according to the following classification:

First class—Counties with a population of more than one million shall each receive equal parts of thirty per cent of the entire appropriation

Second class—Counties with a population of more than two hundred thousand and less than one million shall receive equal parts of fifteen per centum of the entire appropriation

Third class—Counties with a population of more than one hundred thousand and less than two hundred thousand shall each receive equal parts of thirty per centum of the entire appropriation

Fourth class—Counties with a population of more than fifty thousand and less than one hundred thousand shall each receive equal parts of fifteen per centum of the entire population

Fifth class—Counties with a population of more than twenty-five thousand and less than fifty thousand shall each receive equal parts of seven per centum of the entire appropriation

Sixth class—Counties with a population of less than twenty-five thousand shall receive equal parts of three per centum of the entire appropriation

Upon the passage and approval of this bill the State Treasurer shall place the proportionate amount of the entire appropriation to the various counties upon the books of the State Treasury to the credit of the trustees one-half of which amount shall be available for the first year after approval and the remainder the second year or until another appropriation may become available provided however that no county through its trustees or otherwise shall receive its allotment of the State's appropriation unless an equal amount has been provided by the government of such county desiring the benefits under this act within a period of one year after passage and approval of this bill All of the funds so appropriated to various counties which have not availed themselves of the provisions of this act remaining at the expiration of said time shall revert to a fund which shall be available for further division among the counties that have already availed themselves of the provisions of the act providing however that the second allotment to any county does not exceed twenty-five per centum of the first amount appropriated to the county and that the government of said county appropriates an equal amount as in the first instance

Section 3 That section three of the act of April twenty-ninth nineteen hundred thirteen which reads as follows

"Section 3 The trustees shall in no case recommend payment to any widow or abandoned mother until they are thoroughly satisfied that the recipient is worthy in every way and that in order to keep her children in her own home a monthly payment is necessary but then only upon satisfactory report from the teacher in the district school stating that the child or children of the recipient of this fund are attending school provided they are of proper age and physically able to do so The combined total maximum payment shall not exceed twelve dollars per month for one child twenty dollars per month for two children twenty-six dollars per month for three children and five dollars per month for each additional child These payments to continue at the will of the trustees but not beyond the time that the law will permit a child to secure employment" be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows

Section 3 The trustees shall in no case recommend payment until they are satisfied that the recipient has proved her character and ability and that for decent maintenance of her children in her own home monthly payments are necessary but then only upon satisfactory report from a teacher in a school in which child or children are enrolled stating that the child or children of the recipient of this fund are attending school provided they are of proper age and physically able to do so The combined maximum payment shall not exceed twelve dollars per month for one child twenty dollars per month for two children twenty-six dollars per month for three children and five dollars per month for each additional child These payments to continue at the will of the trustees but not beyond the time that the law will permit a child to secure employment except that such payments may continue until a child is sixteen years of age if said child is physically unable to earn wages or is at school with satisfactory record of attendance and scholarship.

Section 4 That section four of the act of April twenty-ninth nineteen hundred and thirteen which reads as follows

"Section 4 Four copies of a complete record of each family that is in receipt of any payment under the provisions of this act the number of children their full names ages and places of residence shall be provided One copy to be on file in the office of the trustees as a public record one copy to be kept as a record in the juvenile court and in the counties where no such court exists the records shall be kept on file in the orphans court and one copy to be forwarded with each application for a warrant to the Auditor General and one copy to the county treasurer The copy to the Auditor General and the county treasurer shall be sworn to by the investigator and approved by at least a majority of the trustees" be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows

Section 4 Four copies of a complete record of each family that is in receipt of any payment under the provisions of this act the number of children their full names ages and places of residence shall be provided one copy to be on file in the office of the trustees as a public record one copy to be forwarded to the State Board of Education one copy to be forwarded with each application for a warrant to the Auditor General and one copy to the county treasurer The copy to the Auditor General and the county treasurer shall be sworn to by the investigator and approved by at least a majority of the trustees

Section 5 That section five of the act of April twenty-ninth nineteen hundred thirteen which reads as follows

"Section 5 No family shall be beneficiary under this act unless the mother has been a continuous resident of the county in which she is applying for the benefits under this act for a period of three years" be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows

Section 5 In order to prevent the alienation of citizenship of those who receive the benefits of this act no family shall be a beneficiary under this act unless the mother has been a continuous resident of the county in which she is applying for such benefits for a period of three years and unless she is a citizen of this country or submits legal evidence of her intention to become a citizen

On the question.

Shall the bill pass finally?

RECONSIDERATION OF VOTE.

Mr. VICKERMAN. Mr. Speaker, I move that the vote by which this bill passed on third reading be reconsidered.

Mr. POWELL. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. VICKERMAN. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to offer amendments at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The Clerk then read the amendments as follows:

Amend section 1, line 7, by striking out the word "the" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "The."

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to insert the amendments as read? Is there any objection? The Chair hears none and the amendments will be inserted in accordance with the instructions of the House.

The bill as amended was then agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended lie over for printing.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Mr. FLYNN. Mr. Speaker, I desire to call up Senate Bill No. 161, (House Bill No. 675), File Folio 211, on page fifteen of to-day's calendar, Bills on Third Reading Postponed.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 675 (Senate Bill No. 161), entitled:

An Act relating to the acquisition and holding of property real and personal by any literary scientific educational religious charitable benevolent or beneficial society church congregation association or body whether incorporated or unincorporated or any trustee or trustees of any trust for charitable or benevolent objects or purposes and providing for the increase of such amount and a method of procedure for obtaining the right to such increase

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. FLYNN. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to offer amendments at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The Clerk then read the amendments as follows:

Amend title as follows:

On line 6 after the word "purposes" insert the following: "fixing the amount of such property which may thus be acquired and held."

And on line 7 after the words "increase of" strike out the word "the" and insert in lieu thereof the word "such."

Also on line 7 strike out the words "of such property which."

And on line 8 strike out the words "may thus be acquired and held."

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to insert the amendments as read? Is there any objection? The Chair hears none and the amendments will be inserted in accordance with the instructions of the House.

The bill as amended was then agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended lie over for printing.

Mr. McVICAR. Mr. Speaker, I desire at this time to call up House Bill No. 854, File Folio 3025 on page fifteen of to-day's calendar, Bills on Third Reading Postponed.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House bill No. 854, entitled:

An Act to amend the ninth section of an act entitled "An Act to establish a county court for the County of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof' approved the fifth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven as amended and supplemented by an act entitled "An Act amending and supplementing section nine of an act entitled 'An Act to establish a county court for the county of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof' approved the fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven by requiring the appellant in appeals to pay the costs in the county court and give bail for compliance with the final judgment and fixing the final liability for costs in appeal in certain cases providing for an appeal in forma pauperis prescribing under what circumstances appeals shall operate as a supersedeas requiring notice to the opposite party when appeals are allowed by the common pleas court and requiring the appellant in cases where the appeal is from judgment on a verdict to first obtain leave of the common pleas court to take such appeal and prescribing the practice in such cases" approved the twenty-third day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen by providing that from a final judgment of the court of common pleas upon a writ of certiorari issued from it to the county court an appeal may be taken to the Superior Court as from other final judgments in the said court

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. McVICAR. Mr. Speaker, I move that House Bill No. 854, File Folio 3025 be re-committed to the Committee on Judiciary General for the purpose of amendment.

Mr. WYLIE. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 1023, as follows:

An Act to further amend the sixth section of an act approved April twenty-third Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and three entitled "An Act defining the powers of the several courts of quarter sessions of the peace within this Commonwealth with reference to the care treatment and control of dependent neglected incorrigible and delinquent children under the age of sixteen years and providing for the means in which such power may be exercised" by providing that the court may direct that the clothing of and necessary medical and surgical attendance upon and the care of such child and its maintenance generally shall be paid by the proper county and may fix the amount which shall be paid for such board and clothing

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sixth section of an act approved April twenty-third Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and three entitled "An Act defining the powers of the several courts of quarter sessions of the peace within this Commonwealth with reference to the care treatment and control of dependent neglected incorrigible and delinquent children under the age of sixteen years and providing for the means in which such power may be exercised" which section as amended by an act approved the twenty-fifth day of July Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act to further amend the sixth section of an act approved April twenty-third Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and three entitled 'An Act defining the powers of the several courts of quarter sessions of the peace within this Commonwealth with reference to the care treatment and control of dependent neglected incorrigible and delinquent children under the age of sixteen years and providing for the means in which such powers may be exercised by extending the application of said section to dependent neglected and incorrigible children and providing for the payment of the board of such children" which reads as follows

"Section 6 In the case of a delinquent dependent neglected or incorrigible child the court may continue the hearing from time to time and may commit the child to the care and guardianship of a probation officer duly appointed by the court and may allow said child to remain in its own home subject to the visitation of the probation officer such child to report to the probation officer as often as may be required and subject to be returned to the court for further proceedings whenever such action may appear to be necessary or the court may commit the child to the care and guardianship of the probation officer to be placed in a suitable family home subject to the supervision of such probation officer or it may authorize the said probation officer to board out the said child in some suitable family home in case provision is made by voluntary contribution or otherwise for the payment of the board of such child or may direct that the payment of the board of such child be made by the proper county until a suitable provision may be made for the child in a home without such payment or the court may commit the child to a suitable institution for the care of delinquent children or to any society duly incorporated having for one of its objects the protection of dependent neglected or delinquent children and may direct that the payment of the board of such child shall be made by the proper county" be and the same is hereby further amended as to read as follows

Section 6 In case of a delinquent dependent neglected or incorrigible child the court may continue the hearing from time to time and may commit the child to the care and guardianship of a probation officer duly appointed by the court and may allow said child to remain in its own home subject to the visitation of the probation officer such child to report to the probation officer as often as may be required and subject to be returned to the court for further proceedings whenever such action may appear to be necessary or the court may commit the child to the care and guardianship of the probation officer to be placed in a suitable family home subject to the supervision of such probation officer or it may authorize the said probation officer to board out the said child in some suitable family home in case provision is made by voluntary contribution or otherwise for the payment of the board of such child or may direct that the payment of the board of such child be made by the proper county until a suitable provision may be made for the child in a home without such payment or the court may commit the child to a suitable institution for the care of delinquent children or to any society duly incorporated having for one of its objects the protection of dependent neglected or delinquent children "In any case of the commitment of a dependent neglected incorrigible or delinquent child under the provisions of this section the court committing such child may order and direct that the board and clothing of and necessary medical and surgical attendance upon and the care of such child and its maintenance generally shall be paid by the proper county and may fix the amount which shall be paid for such board and clothing

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

RECONSIDERATION OF VOTE.

Mr. VICKERMAN. Mr. Speaker, I move that the vote by which this bill passed third reading be reconsidered

Mr. WYLIE. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Mr. VICKERMAN. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to offer amendments at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The Clerk then read the amendments as follows:

Amend section 1, line 20, by inserting a single quote after the word "exercised."

Amend section 1, line 28, by inserting a dash after the word "officer—"

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to insert the amendments as read? Is there any objection? The Chair hears none and the amendments will be inserted in accordance with the instructions of the House.

The bill as amended was then agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended lie over for printing.

BILL ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 998 (Senate Bill No. 402) as follows

An Act providing for the payment of judgments and mortgages and other claims which are liens on property affected by public improvements or appropriated by the exercise of the right of eminent domain

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That in all proceedings hereafter instituted for the condemnation and appropriation of land and property by the exercise of the right of eminent domain or to ascertain damages and benefits by reason of public improvements the petition for the appointment of viewers therein shall contain allegations specifying any judgments mortgages or other claims (hereinafter designated "liens") which are liens upon the land and property sought to be appropriated

Section 2 Testimony shall be taken in said proceedings to ascertain the amounts of said liens and the dates of the entry of the same and the amounts of said liens and the dates of entry thereof shall be found as facts by the viewers in said proceedings Certified lists of liens from the courts of the Commonwealth and the United States shall be prima facie evidence of the existence dates amounts dates of entry and places of record of said liens and unless modified or overcome by oral or documentary evidence shall be conclusive upon the parties thereto as to items just specified

Section 3 Where it appears that liens exist as aforesaid which are liens upon property sought to be condemned and appropriated or which is affected by public improvements as aforesaid a report of the facts found as aforesaid shall be made to the court having jurisdiction of the proceeding which report shall be subject to exceptions in manner to be regulated by the Supreme Court by general rule prescribed amended and published from time to time and upon the findings in relation to said liens being finally found by said court having jurisdiction of said proceedings said court shall make an order directing the payment and distribution of the amount found to be payable as compensation damages or benefits to the parties entitled thereto first to the owners of said liens then to the owners of the property damaged or appropriated as aforesaid Provided however That the parties interested shall have the right of appeal from said order of distribution to the Superior and Supreme Courts of the Commonwealth as shall be determined by the amount distributed to said parties respectively in manner now provided by law Payment in accordance with said order of distribution shall absolutely discharge the party making said payment from all claims of whatsoever nature by any person firm corporation or claimant when the payment thereof shall be evidenced by a receipt of record in said proceedings and in said receipt and on the record thereof any claimant may reserve the right to pursue the owner of said property for any balance due upon his lien which shall not be divested against said owner unless the same be paid in full and as between said claimant and owner said payment made pursuant to said order of court shall absolutely discharge said owner to the extent of payment made which amount shall be a credit upon said lien

Section 4 Upon payment of the damages or compensation for land or property appropriated as aforesaid in accordance with said order of distribution title to the land or property appropriated shall vest in the taker thereof in accordance with provisions of the law under which such appropriation is made and all claims for damages shall be deemed paid and satisfied as herein provided

Section 5 All acts and parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—183.

Adams,	Fruit,	Lynch,	Showalter,
Albee,	Gallagher,	Mangan,	Sinclair,
Alcorn,	Gans,	Marvin,	Smith, J. W.,
Alexander,	Garner,	Mather,	Smith, Jeff. W.
Arnold,	Geary,	McCalg,	Snyder,
Aron,	Geiser,	McClintock,	Sones,
Arthur,	Gingery,	McClure,	Spangler,
Baldwin,	Glass,	McConnell,	Spencer,
Bauerle,	Glenn,	McCurdy,	
Beck,	Goodnough,	McDermott,	Staving,
Becker,	Goodwin,	McNichol,	Steedle,
Benn,	Goodyear,	McVicar,	
Benninger,	Gormley,	Mellott,	Stern,
Bergy,	Graham,	Metzenbacher,	Stone,
Beyer,	Gransback,	Milliron,	Sullivan,
Blackburn,	Greenwood,	Murdoch,	Swan,
Body,	Habgood,	Murphy,	Swartz,
Bovee,	Hackett,	Myers,	Taylor,
Brosius,	Haggerty,	Neville,	Thomas,
Brumbaugh,	Hamilton,	Nieder,	Trach,
Bungard,	Harper,	Nissley,	Twibill,
Campbell, J. O.,	Heffernan,	Oaks,	Urich,
Campbell, T.,	Herman,	Ostrander,	Vickerman,
Christman,	Hess,	Palmer,	Vogdes,
Coldsmith,	Heyburn,	Perry,	Wagner,
Conner,	Hibshman,	Peters,	Walsh,
Corbin,	Hoffman,	Phillips,	Walter,
Cox,	Hollern,	Pickering,	Walton,
Cromer,	Hollingsworth,	Powell,	Watson,
Cummins,	Horton,	Ramsey,	Weaver,
Curry,	Howarth,	Reel,	Weimer,
Davis,	Hubler,	Reynolds,	Weir,
Dawson,	Jack,	Rhoads,	West,
Dell,	Jones, E. E.,	Rich,	Wettach,
Dodds,	Jones, W. W.,	Rininger,	Whitaker,
Drinkhouse,	Kitts,	Rinn,	Whitten,
Dunn,	Klinger,	Robertson,	Wildman,
Eby,	Lafferty,	Roney,	Willard,
Ehrhardt,	Landis,	Rothenberger,	Williams,
Eppley,	Lanius,	Rudisill,	Wilson, W. H.,
Erdman,	Lauer,	Sampsel,	Wobensmith,
Evans,	Lauler,	Sarig,	Wylie,
Fackler,	Leighner,	Schaeffer,	Wynne,
Finnerty,	Lindsey,	Scott,	Young,
Flynn,	Lipschutz,	Shuaber,	Ambler,
Forster,	Luxemburger.	Shaffer,	Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed it with amendments in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

Mr. FORSTER in the Chair.

BILL ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 1010, as follows:

An Act to further amend an act approved the third day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-five entitled "An act authorizing the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to rebuild county bridges over navigable rivers and other streams which have been declared public highways by acts of Assembly where such bridges have been destroyed by flood fire or other casualty providing for the appointment of viewers and inspectors and the payment of the cost of rebuilding such bridges"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the first section of an act approved the third day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-five entitled "An Act authorizing the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to rebuild county bridges over navigable rivers and other streams which have been declared public highways by act of Assembly where such bridges have been destroyed by flood fire or other casualty providing for the appointment of viewers and inspectors and the payment of the cost of rebuilding such bridges" which as amended by an act approved the twenty-first day of April one thousand nine hundred three entitled "An Act to amend the first second third fourth and seventh sections of an act approved June third one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five entitled 'An Act authorizing the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to rebuild county bridges over navigable rivers and other streams which have been declared public highways by act of Assembly where such bridges have been destroyed by flood fire or other casualty providing for the appointment of viewers and inspectors and the payment of the cost of rebuilding such bridges'" reads as follows:

"Section 1 That from and after the passage of this act the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania shall from time to time rebuild all bridges maintained owned and controlled by the several counties and known as county bridges which are now or may hereafter be erected over and across the navigable rivers and such other streams as have been declared public highways by act of Assembly which may hereafter be carried away or destroyed by flood or wind storm and rebuild the same in case the same are again carried away or destroyed from like cause'" is further amended to read as follows:

Section 1 That from and after the passage of this act the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania shall from time to time rebuild all bridges maintained owned and controlled by the several counties and known as county bridges and also bridges on or connecting portions of any state highway which bridges are now or may hereafter be erected over and across the navigable rivers and such other streams as have been declared public highways by act of Assembly which may hereafter be carried away or destroyed by flood or wind storm or become so decayed or unsafe as to require rebuilding

Section 2 The second section of said act which as amended as aforesaid reads as follows:

"Section 2 Whenever any such county bridge shall be so carried away or destroyed by flood or wind storm the county commissioners of the county in which such bridge may be located or when such bridge crosses the boundary line between two counties then the commissioners of both counties may apply by petition to the courts of common pleas of Dauphin county setting forth fully in said petition the location of such bridge the time when a bridge was first erected in the same location the time when the bridge was carried away by flood or destroyed by wind storm the character of the bridge so carried away or destroyed and the probable cost of replacing the same Whereupon it shall be the duty of the court to appoint five viewers one of whom shall be a civil engineer and not more than two of whom shall be residents of the county wherein such

bridge is proposed to be built The viewers so appointed after having been duly qualified to faithfully perform their duties shall proceed to view the location of the proposed bridge and make report at such time as the court may direct which report shall contain an accurate statement of the kind and character of the bridge carried away or destroyed which it is proposed to replace the length of time since the first bridge was built on the proposed location the length of the bridge together with a recommendation of the viewers as to the kind of bridge needed and the probable cost thereof and it shall be the duty of the said viewers to inquire whether the accommodations of the traveling public in the locality demands the rebuilding of said bridge Provided That the Attorney General shall have due notice of the time of filing the petition and the application for viewers and it shall be his duty to appear for and defend the interests of the Commonwealth in all such proceedings" is further amended to read as follows:

Section 2 Whenever any such county bridge shall be so carried away or destroyed by flood or wind storm or become so decayed or unsafe as to require rebuilding the county commissioners of the county in which such bridge may be located or when such bridge crosses the boundary line between two counties then the commissioners of both counties may apply by petition to the court of common pleas of Dauphin county setting forth fully in said petition the location of such bridge the time when a bridge was first erected in the same location the time when the bridge was carried away by flood or destroyed by wind storm or became so decayed or unsafe the character of the bridge so carried away destroyed decayed or unsafe and the probable cost of replacing the same Whereupon it shall be the duty of the court to appoint five viewers one of whom shall be a civil engineer and not more than two of whom shall be residents of the county wherein such bridge is proposed to be built The viewers so appointed after having been duly qualified to faithfully perform their duties shall proceed to view the location of the proposed bridge and make report at such time as the court may direct which report shall contain an accurate statement of the kind and character of the bridge carried away or destroyed which it is proposed to replace the length of time since the first bridge was built on the proposed location the length of the bridge together with a recommendation of the viewers as to the kind of bridge needed and the probable cost thereof and it shall be the duty of the said viewers to inquire whether the accommodations of the traveling public in the locality demands the rebuilding of said bridge Provided That the Attorney General shall have due notice of the time of filing the petition and the application for viewers and it shall be his duty to appear for and defend the interests of the Commonwealth in all such proceedings

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—191.

Adams,	Glass,	McCaig,	Sinclair,
Albee,	Glenn,	McClintock,	Smith, J. W.,
Alcorn,	Gompers,	McClure,	Smith, Jeff. W.,
Alexander,	Goodwin,	McConnell,	Smith, L.,
Aron,	Goodyear,	McCurdy,	Snyder,
Arthur,	Gormley,	McDermott,	Sones,
Baldwin,	Graham,	McKay,	Spangler,
Bauerle,	Gransback,	McNichol,	Spencer,
Beck,	Greenwood,	McVicar,	Statler,
Becker,	Habgood,	Mearkle,	Staving,
Benn,	Hackett,	Mellott,	Steedle,
Bergy,	Haggerty,	Metzenbacher,	Stein,
Beyer,	Hamilton,	Milliron,	Stern,
Blackburn,	Harper,	Murdoch,	Stone,
Body,	Heffernan,	Murphy,	Sullivan,
Bovee,	Herman,	Myers,	Swan,
Brosius,	Hess,	Neville,	Swartz,
Brumbaugh,	Heyburn,	Nieder,	Taylor,
Bungard,	Hibshman,	Nissley,	Thomas,
Campbell, J. O.,	Hoffman,	Oaks,	Trach,
Campbell, T.,	Hollern,	Ostrander,	Twibill,
Christman,	Hollingsworth,	Palmer,	Urich,
Coldsmith,	Horton,	Perry,	Vickerman,
Conner,	Howarth,	Peters,	Vogdes,
Corbin,	Hubler,	Phillips,	Wagner,
Cox,	Jack,	Pickering,	Walsh,
Cromer,	Jones, E. E.,	Powell,	Walton,
Cummins,	Jones, W. W.,	Ramsey,	Watson,
Curry,	Kaiser,	Reel,	Weaver,
Davis,	Kitts,	Reynolds,	Weimer,
Dell,	Klinger,	Rhoads,	Weir,
Dodds,	Kunkle,	Rich,	West,
Drinkhouse,	Lafferty,	Rininger,	Wettach,
Dunn,	Landis,	Rinn,	Whitaker,
Eby,	Lanius,	Robertson,	Whitten,
Erdman,	Lauer,	Roney,	Wildman,
Evans,	Lauler,	Rothenberger,	Willard,
Fackler,	Leighner,	Rowell,	Williams,
Finnerty,	Lindsey,	Rudisill,	Wilson, H. I.,
Flynn,	Lipschutz,	Sampsel,	Wilson, H. I.,
Forster,	Love,	Sarig,	Wobensmith,
Fretz,	Luppert,	Schaeffer,	Wood,
Fruit,	Luxemburger,	Scott,	Woodward,
Gallagher,	Lynch,	Shaaber,	Wylie,
Gans,	Mangan,	Shaffer,	Wynne,
Garner,	Marvin,	Shoop,	Young,
Geiser,	Mather,	Showalter,	Ambler,
Gibson,	McArdle,		Speaker.
Gingery,			

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Mr. WILLIAMS in the Chair.

BILL ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 962, as follows:

An Act relating to practice in the courts of common pleas in actions of assumpsit and trespass except actions for libel and slander prescribing the pleadings and procedure to be observed therein and giving the courts power to enforce its provisions

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from and after January first one thousand nine hundred and sixteen in actions of assumpsit and trespass except actions for libel and slander brought in any court of common pleas the procedure shall be as herein provided

THE PLEADINGS GENERALLY

Section 2 The pleadings shall consist of the plaintiff's statement of claim the defendant's affidavit of defense and where a set-off or counterclaim is pleaded the plaintiff's reply thereto When the affidavit of defense or where a set-off or counter-claim is pleaded the plaintiff's reply thereto is filed the pleadings shall be closed the case shall be deemed to be at issue and no replication or formal joinder of issue shall be required

Section 3 Pleas in abatement pleas of the general issue payment payment with leave set-off the bar of the statute of limitations and all other pleas are abolished Defences heretofore raised by these pleas shall be made in the affidavit of defence

Section 4 Demurrers are abolished Questions of law heretofore raised by demurrer shall be raised in the affidavit of defence as provided in section twenty

Section 5 Every pleading shall contain and contain only a statement in a concise and summary form of the material facts on which the party pleading relies for his claim or defence as the case may be but not the evidence by which they are to be proved or inferences or conclusions of law and shall be divided into paragraphs numbered consecutively each of which shall contain but one material allegation Every pleading shall have attached to it copies of all notes contracts book entries or a particular reference to the records of any court within the county in which the action is brought if any upon which the party pleading relies for his claim or defence as the case may be and a particular reference to such record or to the record of any deed or mortgage or other instrument of writing recorded in such county shall be sufficient in lieu of a copy thereof

Section 6 Every allegation of fact in the plaintiff's statement of claim or in the defendant's set-off or counter claim if not denied specifically or by necessary implication in the affidavit of defence or plaintiff's reply as the case may be shall be taken to be admitted except as against an infant a person of unsound mind or one sued in a representative capacity as provided in section seven and except as provided in section thirteen

Section 7 When the affidavit of defence or plaintiff's reply is made by an executor administrator guardian committee or other person sued in a representative capacity he need only state the facts he admits to be true and that he believes there is a just and legal defence to the remainder and the facts upon which he bases his belief

Section 8 It shall not be sufficient for a defendant in his affidavit of defence to deny generally the allegations of the statement of claim or for a plaintiff in his reply to to deny generally the allegations in a defence by way of counter-claim but each party shall answer specifically each allegation of fact of which he does not admit the truth except as provided in sections seven and thirteen

Section 9 The statement of claim shall be as brief as the nature of the case will admit In actions on contracts it shall state whether the contract was oral or in writing It shall be sworn to by the plaintiff or by some person having knowledge of the facts and if there be an attorney shall be signed by his attorney

Section 10 The statement of claim shall be endorsed as follows

"To the within defendant

"You are required to file an affidavit of defence to this statement within fifteen days from the service hereof the day of service to count as the first day"

This notice shall be followed by the name of the plaintiff's attorney or by his own name if he sues in person and an address within the county where all papers are to be served

Section 11 If the plaintiff avers that the defendant has received moneys as agent trustee or in any other capacity for which he is bound to account to the plaintiff or if the plaintiff is unable to state the exact amount due him by the defendant by reason of the defendant's failure to account to him the plaintiff may ask for an account

AFFIDAVIT OF DEFENCE

Section 12 The defendant shall file an affidavit of defence to the statement of claim within fifteen days from the day when the statement was served upon him the day of service to count as the first day The affidavit of defence shall be as brief as the nature of the case will admit It shall be sworn to by the defendant or some person having knowledge of the facts It shall be served upon the plaintiff or his attorney at the address for the service of papers indorsed on the statement of claim and shall be indorsed with the name of the defendant's attorney or of the defendant if he defends in person and an address within the county where all papers are to be served

Section 13 In actions of trespass the averments in the statement of the facts constituting the commission of the alleged tort and averments relating to damages claimed or their amount need not be answered or denied but such averments shall be deemed to be put in issue in all cases unless expressly admitted

SET-OFF AND COUNTER-CLAIM

Section 14 In actions of assumpsit a defendant may set off or set up by way of counter-claim against the claim of the plaintiff any right or claim for which an action of assumpsit would lie and a verdict may be rendered in his favor for the amount found to be due and judgment entered thereon. If in any case in which the defendant sets up a counter-claim the action of the plaintiff is discontinued dismissed or a voluntary non-suit suffered the counter-claim nevertheless may be proceeded with

PLAINTIFF'S REPLY

Section 15 When the defendant in his affidavit of defence sets up a set-off or counter-claim against the plaintiff the plaintiff within fifteen days from the day of service of the affidavit of defence upon him the day of service to count as the first day shall file an answer under oath which shall be called "Plaintiff's Reply" which shall be served upon the defendant or his attorney at the address for the service of papers indorsed on the affidavit of defence In such cases the affidavit of defence shall be indorsed as follows

"To the within plaintiff

"You are required to file a reply to the defendant's set-off (or counter-claim as the case may be) within fifteen days from the service hereof the day of service to count as the first day"

The set-off or counter-claim shall be regarded as the defendant's statement of claim and the plaintiff's reply as and affidavit of defence thereto

Section 16 Neither party shall be permitted at the trial to make any defence which is not set forth in the affidavit of defence or plaintiff's reply as the case may be except as provided in sections seven and thirteen

MOTION FOR JUDGMENT

Section 17 In actions of assumpsit the prothonotary may enter judgment for want of an affidavit of defence or for any amount admitted or not denied to be due The plaintiff may take a rule for judgment for want of a sufficient affidavit of defence to the whole or any part of his claim and the court shall enter judgment or discharge the rule as justice may require When the defendant sets up a set-off or counter-claim he may move for judgment against the plaintiff for want of a reply or for want of a sufficient reply to the whole or any part of the set-off or counter-claim and the court may enter judgment in favor of the plaintiff or the defendant for such amount as shall be found due with leave to proceed for the balance

Section 18 In actions of trespass when the defendant fails to file an affidavit of defence within the required time the case shall be deemed to be at issue and may be ordered upon the trial list

Section 19 When the plaintiff asks for an account and moves for judgment for want of an affidavit of defence or for want of a sufficient affidavit of defence the court may enter an order for an account which may be enforced by attachment or otherwise and judgment may be entered for the amount shown to be due in favor of the plaintiff or the defendant

PROCEEDINGS IN LIEU OF DEMURRER

Section 20 The defendant in the affidavit of defence may raise any point of law and any point so raised may be set down for hearing and disposed of before trial If in the opinion of the court the decision of such point of law substantially disposes of the whole action or of any distinct part thereof the court may enter judgment for the defendant or make such other order therein as may be just

Section 21 The court upon motion or of its own motion may strike from the record a pleading which does not conform to the provisions of this act and may allow an amendment or a new pleading to be filed upon such terms as it may direct

Section 22 The court in its discretion upon motion and notice to the opposite party or his attorney may extend the time fixed by this act for the filing or service of any pleading

Section 23 The courts of common pleas shall make such rules as they deem advisable for the proper enforcement of this act

Section 24 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions hereof are repealed

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—190.

Adams,	Gans,	Luxemburger,	Schaeffer,
Alcorn,	Garner,	Lynch,	Scott,
Alexander,	Geary,	Mangan,	Shaaber,
Arnold,	Geiser,	Marvin,	Shaffer,
Aron,	Gibson,	Mather,	Shoop,
Arthur,	Gingery,	Maurer,	Showalter,
Baker,	Glass,	McArdle,	Sinclair,
Bauerle,	Glenn,	McCaig,	Smith, J. W.,
Beck,	Gompers,	McClintock,	Smith, Jeff. W
Becker,	Goodnough,	McClure,	Smith, L.,
Benn,	Goodwin,	McConnell,	Snyder,
Benninger,	Goodyear,	McCurdy,	Sones,
Bergy,	Gormley,	McDermott,	Spangler,
Beyer,	Graham,	McKay,	Spencer,
Blackburn,	Gransback,	McNichol,	Statler,
Body,	Greenwood,	McVicar,	Steedle,
Bovee,	Habgood,	Mearkle,	Stein,
Brosius,	Hackett,	Mellott,	Stern,
Brumbaugh,	Haggerty,	Metzenbacher,	Stone,
Bungard,	Hamilton,	Milliron,	Sullivan,
Campbell, J. O.,	Harper,	Murdoch,	Swan,
Campbell, T.,	Heffernan,	Murphy,	Swartz,
Christman,	Herman,	Myers,	Taylor,
Coldsmith,	Hess,	Neville,	Thomas,
Conner,	Heyburn,	Nieder,	Trach,
Corbin,	Hibshman,	Nissley,	Twibill,
Cox,	Hoffman,	Oaks,	Ulrich,
Cromer,	Hollern,	Ostrander,	Vickerman,
Cummins,	Hollingsworth,	Palmer,	Vogdes,
Curry,	Horton,	Perry,	Wagner,
Davis,	Howarth,	Peters,	Walsh,
Dawson,	Hubler,	Phillips,	Walter,
Dell,	Jack,	Pickering,	Walton,
Dodds,	Jones, E. E.,	Powell,	Watson,
Drinkhouse,	Jones, W. W.,	Ramsey,	Weaver,
Dunn,	Kaiser,	Reel,	Weimer,
Eby,	Kitts,	Reynolds,	Weir,
Ehrhardt,	Klinger,	Rhoads,	Wettach,
Eppley,	Kunkle,	Rich,	Whitaker,
Erdman,	Lafferty,	Rininger,	Willard,
Evans,	Landis,	Rinn,	Williams,
Fackler,	Lanius,	Robertson,	Wilson, H. I.,
Finnerty,	Lauer,	Roney,	Wood,
Flynn,	Lauler,	Rothenberger,	Woodward,
Forster,	Leighner,	Rowell,	Wynne,
Fretz,	Lindsey,	Rudisill,	Young,
Fruit,	Lipschutz,	Sampsel,	Ambler,
Gallagher,	Love,	Sarig,	Speaker,

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Mr. FORSTER in the Chair.

BILL ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 849, as follows:

An Act amending section three of an act entitled "An Act to prohibit the receiving and detaining of children in almshouses and poorhouses and to provide for the care and education of such children" approved the thirteenth day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three by extending same to poor districts now maintaining almshouses and hospitals for the treatment of indigent tubercular and insane persons

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section three of an act entitled "An Act to prohibit the receiving and detaining of children in almshouses and poor houses and to provide for the care and education of such children" approved the thirteenth day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three which reads as follows

"Section 3 It shall be lawful for any county or for two or more counties in this Commonwealth acting together to establish and maintain an industrial home for the care and training of children but such institution or home shall

be remote from any almshouse or poorhouse and entirely disconnected from the same and under separate management from the keeper of the poorhouse" is hereby amended so as to read

Section 3 It shall be lawful for any county or for two or more counties in this Commonwealth acting together or for any poor district in said Commonwealth which now maintains an almshouse and hospitals for the treatment of indigent tubercular and insane patients to establish and maintain an industrial home for the care and training of indigent children and to receive and retain in such home any indigent child between the age of two and sixteen years unless such child be an unteachable idiot an epileptic or a paralytic or otherwise so disabled or deformed as to render it incapable of labor or service but such industrial institution or home shall be remote from any almshouse or poorhouse or hospitals for the treatment of indigent tubercular and insane persons and entirely disconnected from the same and under separate management from the keeper of the poorhouse and the superintendent of the hospitals for the treatment of indigent tubercular and insane persons

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—190.

Adams,	Gallagher,	Luppert,	Shaffer,
Albee,	Gans,	Luxemburger,	Shoop,
Alcorn,	Garner,	Lynch,	Showalter,
Alexander,	Geary,	Mangan,	Sinclair,
Arnold,	Geiser,	Marvin,	Smith, J. W.,
Aron,	Gibson,	Mather,	Smith, Jeff. W.,
Baldwin,	Gingery,	Maurer,	Smith, L.,
Bauerle,	Glass,	McArdle,	Snyder,
Beck,	Glenn,	McCaig,	Sones,
Becker,	Gompers,	McClintock,	Spangler,
Benn,	Goodnough,	McClure,	Spencer,
Benninger,	Goodwin,	McConnell,	Statler,
Bergy,	Goodyear,	McCurdy,	Steedle,
Beyer,	Graham,	McDermott,	Stein,
Blackburn,	Gransback,	McNichol,	Stern,
Body,	Greenwood,	McVicar,	Stone,
Bovee,	Habgood,	Mellott,	Sullivan,
Brosius,	Hackett,	Metzenbacher,	Swan,
Brumbaugh,	Haggerty,	Milliron,	Swartz,
Bungard,	Hamilton,	Murdoch,	Taylor,
Campbell, J. O.,	Harper,	Murphy,	Thomas,
Campbell, T.,	Heffernan,	Myers,	Trach,
Christman,	Herman,	Neville,	Twibill,
Coldsmith,	Heyburn,	Nissley,	Urich,
Conner,	Hibshman,	Oaks,	Vickerman,
Corbin,	Hoffman,	Ostrander,	Vogdes,
Cox,	Hollern,	Palmer,	Wagner,
Cromer,	Hollingsworth,	Perry,	Walsh,
Cummins,	Horton,	Peters,	Walter,
Curry,	Howarth,	Phillips,	Walton,
Davis,	Hubler,	Pickering,	Watson,
Dawson,	Jack,	Powell,	Weimer,
Dell,	Jones, E. E.,	Ramsey,	Weir,
Diefenderfer,	Jones, W. W.,	Reel,	West,
Dodds,	Kaiser,	Rhoads,	Wettach,
Drinkhouse,	Kitts,	Rich,	Whitaker,
Dunn,	Klinger,	Rininger,	Willard,
Eby,	Kuhn,	Rinn,	Williams,
Ehrhardt,	Kunkle,	Robertson,	Wilson, H. I.
Eppley,	Lafferty,	Rothenberger,	Wilson, W. H.,
Erdman,	Landis,	Rowell,	Wobensmith,
Evans,	Lanius,	Rudisill,	Wood,
Fackler,	Lauer,	Sampsel,	Woodward,
Finnerty,	Lauler,	Sarig,	Wylie,
Flynn,	Leighner,	Schaeffer,	Wynne,
Forster,	Lindsey,	Scott,	Young,
Fretz,	Lipschutz,	Shaaber,	
Fruit,	Love,		

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 983 (Senate Bill No. 287), entitled:

An Act to validate all sales public and private and all mortgages of real estate of decedents heretofore made under authority of orphans courts upon petition of executors or administrators

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—186.

Adams,	Gans,	Marvin,	Shoop,
Albee,	Garner,	Mather,	Showalter,
Alcorn,	Geary,	Maurer,	Sinclair,
Alexander,	Geiser,	McArdle,	Smith, J. W.,
Arnold,	Gibson,	McCaig,	Smith, Jeff. W.,
Aron,	Gingery,	McClintock,	Smith, L.,
Baldwin,	Glass,	McClure,	Snyder,
Bauerle,	Glenn,	McCurdy,	Sones,
Beck,	Gompers,	McDermott,	Spangler,
Becker,	Goodnough,	McKay,	Spencer,
Benn,	Goodwin,	McNichol,	Statler,
Benninger,	Goodyear,	McVicar,	Staving,
Bergy,	Graham,	Mearkle,	Steedle,
Beyer,	Greenwood,	Mellott,	Stein,
Blackburn,	Habgood,	Metzenbacher,	Stern,
Body,	Hackett,	Milliron,	Stone,
Bovee,	Haggerty,	Murdoch,	Sullivan,
Brosius,	Hamilton,	Murphy,	Swan,
Brumbaugh,	Harper,	Myers,	Swartz,
Bungard,	Heffernan,	Neville,	Taylor,
Campbell, J. O.,	Herman,	Nieder,	Thomas,
Campbell, T.,	Hess,	Nissley,	Trach,
Christman,	Heyburn,	Oaks,	Urich,
Coldsmith,	Hibshman,	Ostrander,	Vickerman,
Conner,	Hollern,	Palmer,	Vogdes,
Corbin,	Hollingsworth,	Perry,	Wagner,
Cox,	Howarth,	Phillips,	Walsh,
Cromer,	Hubler,	Pickering,	Walton,
Cummins,	Jack,	Powell,	Watson,
Curry,	Jones, E. E.,	Ramsey,	Weimer,
Davis,	Jones, W. W.,	Reel,	Weir,
Dawson,	Kaiser,	Reynolds,	West,
Dell,	Kitts,	Rhoads,	Wettach,
Diefenderfer,	Klinger,	Rich,	Whitaker,
Dodds,	Kuhn,	Rininger,	Wildman,
Drinkhouse,	Kunkle,	Rinn,	Willard,
Dunn,	Lafferty,	Robertson,	Williams,
Eby,	Landis,	Roney,	Wilson, H. I.,
Ehrhardt,	Lanius,	Rothenberger,	Wilson, W. H.,
Erdman,	Lauer,	Rowell,	Wobensmith,
Evans,	Lauler,	Rudisill,	Wood,
Fackler,	Leighner,	Sampsel,	Woodward,
Finnerty,	Lindsey,	Sarig,	Wylie,
Flynn,	Lipschutz,	Schaeffer,	Wynne,
Forster,	Love,	Scott,	Young,
Fretz,	Luppert,	Shaaber,	Ambler,
Fruit,	Luxemburger,	Shaffer,	Speaker.
Gallagher,	Mangan,		

NAYS—1.

Twibill,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 955, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the fourth day of May one thousand eight hundred and fifty-five entitled "An Act relating to certain duties and rights of husband and wife and parents and children

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. BAUERLE. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to offer an amendment at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk for information.

The Clerk then read the amendment as follows:

Amend section 5, line 25, by inserting after the word "wife" the word "who."

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to the insertion of the amendment at this time? Is there any objection? The Chair hears none and the amendment will be inserted in accordance with the instructions of the House.

The bill as amended was than agreed to on third reading.

Ordered, That the bill as amended lie over for printing.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 253, entitled:

An Act to amend section four of article two of an act approved the eighth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one entitled "An Act amending article two of an act entitled 'An Act to

provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the anthracite coal mines of Pennsylvania and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith' approved the second day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one" increasing the per diem pay of the members of the mine inspectors' examining boards and providing for their expenses

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provision of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—185.

Adams,	Fruit,	Lindsey,	Scott,
Albee,	Gallagher,	Lipschutz,	Shaaber,
Alcorn,	Gans,	Love,	Shaffer,
Alexander,	Geary,	Luppert,	Shoop,
Arnold,	Geiser,	Luxemburger,	Showalter,
Aron,	Gibson,	Lynch,	Sinclair,
Arthur,	Gingery,	Mangan,	Smith, J. W.,
Baldwin,	Glass,	Marvin,	Smith, Jeff. W.
Bauerle,	Glenn,	Mather,	Smith, L.,
Beck,	Gompers,	Maurer,	Snyder,
Becker,	Goodnough,	McArdle,	Spangler,
Benn,	Goodwin,	McCaig,	Spencer,
Bergy,	Goodyear,	McClintock,	Statler,
Berntheizel,	Gormley,	McClure,	Staving,
Beyer,	Graham,	McConnell,	Steedle,
Blackburn,	Gransback,	McCurdy,	Stein,
Body,	Greenwood,	McDermott,	Stern,
Bovee,	Habgood,	McKay,	Stone,
Brosius,	Hackett,	McNichol,	Sullivan,
Brumbaugh,	Haggerty,	McVicar,	Swan,
Bungard,	Hamilton,	Mearkle,	Swartz,
Campbell,	Harper,	Mellott,	Taylor,
Campbell, T.,	Heffernan,	Metzenbacher,	Thomas,
Christman,	Herman,	Milliron,	Twibill,
Coldsmith,	Hess,	Murdoch,	Urich,
Conner,	Heyburn,	Murphy,	Vogdes,
Corbin,	Hibshman,	Myers,	Wagner,
Cox,	Hoffman,	Neville,	Walsh,
Cromer,	Hollern,	Nieder,	Walton,
Cummins,	Hollingsworth,	Nissley,	Weaver,
Curry,	Horton,	Oaks,	Weimer,
Davis,	Howarth,	Ostrander,	Weir,
Dawson,	Hubler,	Perry,	Wettach,
Dell,	Jack,	Peters,	Whitaker,
Diefenderfer,	Jones, E. E.,	Phillips,	Wildman,
Dodds,	Jones, W. W.,	Pickering,	Willard,
Drinkhouse,	Kaiser,	Powell,	Wilson, H. I.
Dunn,	Kitts,	Ramsey,	Wilson, W. H.,
Eby,	Klinger,	Reel,	Wobensmith,
Ehrhardt,	Kuhn,	Reynolds,	Wood,
Eppley,	Kunkle,	Rhoads,	Woodward,
Erdman,	Lafferty,	Rich,	Wylie,
Evans,	Landis,	Rininger,	Wynne,
Finnerty,	Lauer,	Rinn,	Young,
Flynn,	Lauler,	Robertson,	Ambler,
Forster,	Leighner,	Sampsel,	Speaker.
Fretz,			

NAYS—6.

Garner,	Palmer,	Sones,	Vickerman,
	Sarig,	Trach,	

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmatve.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 70, entitled:

An Act to amend the second section of an act of Assembly entitled "An Act authorizing the bureau of health in cities of the first class to make and promulgate rules and regulations for the sanitary keeping of stables and other places in such cities where horses mules cows sheep goats or swine are kept and for the collecting storing and transportation of manure from such animals providing that no manure shall be collected or stored in any stable manure pit or other place without a permit or transported in violation of said rules and regulations making a violation of the act or of said rules and regulations a misdemeanor prescribing penalties therefor and repealing inconsistent acts" approved the twenty-fifth day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen so as to permit the deposit of manure on wharves and piers for shipment beyond the limits of such cities

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. CURRY. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to offer amendments at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk for information.

The Clerk then read the amendments as follows:

Amend section 1, line 6 , by striking out the word "bureau" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "Bureau."

Amend section 1, line 6, by striking out the word "health" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "Health."

Amend section 1, line 20, by striking out the word "bureau" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "Bureau."

Amend section 1, line 20, by striking out the word "health" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "Health."

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to the insertion of the amendments at this time? Is there any objection. The Chair hears none and the amendments will be inserted in accordance with the instructions of the House.

The bill as amended was than agreed to on third reading.

Ordered, That the bill as amended lie over for printing.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 871, entitled:

An Act authorizing appointments of clerks and stenographers by district attorneys in certain counties and regulating their compensation out of the county treasury

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. STONE. Mr. Speaker, I do not believe this bill should be passed. I call your attention to section second of the bill,—in counties having a population of fifty thousand and upwards the district attorney may have the right to call in a stenographer and pay nine hundred dollars. In Bradford County we have a population of a little above fifty thousand. We have four terms a year and the district attorney only has on an average of about sixty bills of indictments during the entire year, about fifteen to twenty bills for each term. His salary is fifteen hundred dollars.

Now, so far as our county is concerned, we do not need the extra help of a stenographer for the district attorney. He is able to prepare all the bills of indictment which come before him and attend to all of the duties of his office inside of one week for each term. We never have required the help of a clerk and I do not believe we ever will. What I have said in regard to section second applies with equal force to section one of the act. There are many counties in the State which I take it do not require the assistance of a stenographer any more than we do in Bradford County, and I ask the members of the House that you vote down this bill. Our taxes are high enough already and the people of Bradford County and all of the counties of the State do not want a bill of nine hundred dollars added to the taxes of the county. This bill should be voted down.

Mr. DELL. Mr. Speaker, there is one feature of this bill that looks to me to be unsafe. In a general way I could approve this bill, but at the top of page two you will find that the district attorney in counties having no controller issues his certificate directly to the county treasurer, who shall pay the bill. It puts no check on that pay, and it eliminates the county commissioners who are the guardians of the people's moneys. That is one feature of the bill we should take into consideration.

Mr. WHITAKER. Mr. Speaker, this bill was drafted at the instance of the District Attorneys' Association, which includes all the district attorneys of the Commonwealth. The compensation permitted to be paid to stenographers by the various district attorneys is graded in accordance with the population of the counties. It has been considered carefully by that District Attorneys Association, and they feel that it is an entirely reasonable compensation, particularly as in these modern days the method of doing legal business requires stenographic work and it cannot be done efficiently without such employment. The amounts prescribed for the district attorneys of the different counties are not compulsory. The district attorney is not required to appoint a stenographer, or to expend any particular amount. It is still left optional with him, and if he is economical and if the people of his county don't want him to make these expenditures, there is nothing in the act which will compel him to do so. But where the work requires it and the necessities of the case are such that stenographic help

should be employed, he has the authority to do it and the county commissioners are then compelled to pay the bill. The amounts are not exorbitant and I understand, from a great many district attorneys, that they think it is a fair and reasonable amount to be allowed them in their work.

Mr. NISSLEY. Mr. Speaker, in the first section of this bill in line 17, the bills reads "In counties having no controller the certificate shall be issued by the district attorney directed to the county treasurer who shall pay it according to law." It seems to me that that ought to be changed so that the county commissioners would have something to say as to the payment of this salary. Sending it directly to the county treasurer from the controller does not seem to be quite fair to the county commissioners. It ought to be with the consent of the county commissioners and I think that ought to be changed. I, therefore, offer that as an amendment. However, I do not have it in writing. I would suggest that the bill be sent back to the committee for amendment.

Mr. WHITAKER. Mr. Speaker, I have not been able to hear what the gentleman has said.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Dauphin, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. NISSLEY. Mr. Speaker, yes sir.

Mr. WHITAKER. Mr. Speaker, I have just been informed by some of my friends here that the gentleman from Dauphin suggests an amendment. As I could not hear what he was saying, I would like to be informed what his motion is.

Mr. NISSLEY. Mr. Speaker, I understand that the gentleman from Chester did not understand my suggestion or my proposed amendment. It says here in this first section of this bill that in certain counties "the district attorney shall draw his warrant directly to the county treasurer for payment." I suggest that that ought to be to the county commissioners and from the county commissioners to the county treasurer. The county commissioners are entirely ignored and that does not seem to me to be right.

Mr. WHITAKER. Mr. Speaker, I wish to say that the bill requires that the stenographers bills be presented to the county controller and it is only in counties who have no controllers that the certificate goes directly to the treasurer to be paid.

Mr. NISSLEY. Mr. Speaker, that is my argument that the bill should go to the county commissioners and from the county commissioners to the county controller. In other words, the county commissioners ought not to be ignored in payment of this salary. I say that the county commissioners should have some information or something to say on the payment of the alary of the stenographer in counties where there is no controller.

Mr. WHITAKER. Mr. Speaker, in answer to the gentleman from Dauphin as to the question he raises, I see no reason why the bills should be presented to the commissioners at all, because the payment is in the nature of a salary and the amount is prescribed by the act and practically it is a salary for the stenographer and is so ordered. It seems to me that it is proper to pay that direct by the county treasurer on the district atorney's cerificate and the judgment or the audit of the commissioners could not effect it or improve it in any manner.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provision of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—94.

Adams,	Gibson,	Lindsey,	Smith, Jeff. W.,
Alcorn,	Glass,	Luppert,	
Alexander,	Graham,	Luxemburger,	Staving,
Aron,	Gransback,	Lynch,	Steedle,
Baldwin,	Greenwood,	McCaig,	Stein,
Bauerle,	Habgood,	McNichol,	Stern,
Benn,	Hackett,	McVicar,	Sullivan,
Bevee,	Haggerty,	Milliron,	Swartz,
Campbell, T.,	Harper,	Murdoch,	Taylor,
Conner,	Heffernan,	Neville,	Twibill,
Cox,	Hess,	Nissley,	Vickerman,
Curry,	Heyburn,	Ostrander,	Vogdes,
Davis,	Hibshman,	Pickering,	Wagner,
Drinkhouse,	Hollingsworth,	Powell,	Weimer,
Dunn,	Howarth,	Ramsey,	Weir,
Ehrhardt,	Hubler,	Reynolds,	West,
Eppley,	Jack,	Rich,	Wettach,
Fackler,	Jones, W. W.,	Rinn,	Whitaker,
Flynn,	Kitts,	Robertson,	Whitten,
Forster,	Klinger,	Rowell,	Wilson, W. H.,
Fretz,	Kuhn,	Shaaber,	Wobensmith,
Garner,	Lafferty,	Sinclair,	Young,
Geary,	Landis,	Smith, J. W.,	
Geiser,	Lanius,		

NAYS—64.

Albee,	Eby,	Maurer,	Shaffer,
Arnold,	Erdman,	McClure,	Shoop,
Baker,	Evans,	McCurdy,	Smith, L.,
Barnett,	Finnerty,	Mellott,	Snyder,
Beck,	Gingery,	Metzenbacher,	Sones,
Becker,	Goodnough,	Myers,	Spangler,
Bergy,	Goodyear,	Oaks,	Spencer,
Body,	Herman,	Palmer,	Stone,
Brosius,	Hollern,	Peters,	Thomas,
Brumbaugh,	Horton,	Phillips,	Urich,
Bungard,	Kunkle,	Reel,	Watson,
Christman,	Lauler,	Rothenberger,	Weaver,
Coldsmith,	Leighner,	Rudisill,	Williams,
Cromer,	Love,	Sampsel,	Wilson, H. I.,
Cummins,	Mangan,	Sarig,	Wood,
Dell,	Marvin,	Scott,	
Dodds,	Mather,		

Less than the majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the negative and the bill falls.

RESOLUTION RECALLING HOUSE BILL NO. 770 FROM THE GOVERNOR.

Mr. HUBLER asked and obtained unanimous consent to present a concurrent resolution which was twice read, considered and agreed to.

Resolved (if the Senate concur), That House Bill 770 File Folio 2625 entitled "An Act relative to the burial of the bodies of certain indigent deceased widows at the county expense" be recalled from the Governor for the purpose of amendment.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for its concurrence.

SENATE MESSAGE.

RESOLUTION FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, presented the following extract from the Journal of the Senate, which was read as follows, viz:

In the Senate, March 31st, 1915.

Resolved, If the House of Representatives concur, that Senate Bill No. 79, entitled:

An Act prohibiting any member or employe of any bureau or department having charge of police and fire protection of any cities of the first class from taking any active part in politics political movements or elections from canvassing election precincts or from interfering with elections or from using his office to influence politics political movements or elections and providing penalties for violation thereof

be recalled from the Governor for the purpose of amendment.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for its concurrence.

On the question,

Will the House concur in the resolution?

It was concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 743, entitled:

An Act authorizing the orphans' court to reduce under certain circumstances the bond of any fiduciary imposing duties on registers of wills in connection therewith

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—188.

Adams,	Garner,	Mangan,	Shaffer,
Albee,	Geary,	Marvin,	Shoop,
Alcorn,	Geiser,	Mather,	Showalter,
Alexander,	Gibson,	McArdle,	Sinclair,
Arnold,	Gingery,	McCaig,	Smith, J. W.,
Aron,	Glass,	McClintock,	Smith, Jeff. W.,
Arthur,	Gompers,	McClure,	Snyder,
Baldwin,	Goodnough,	McConnell,	Sones,
Bauerle,	Goodyear,	McCurdy,	Spangler,
Beck,	Gormley,	McDermott,	Spencer,
Becker,	Graham,	McKay,	Statler,
Benn,	Gransback,	McNichol,	Staving,
Benninger,	Greenwood,	McVicar,	Steedle,
Bergy,	Habgood,	Mearkle,	Stein,
Beyer,	Hackett,	Mellott,	Stern,
Blackburn,	Haggerty,	Metzenbacher,	Stone,
Body,	Hamilton,	Milliron,	Sullivan,
Bovee,	Harper,	Murdoch,	Swan,
Brosius,	Heffernan,	Murphy,	Swartz,
Brumbaugh,	Herman,	Myers,	Taylor,
Bungard,	Hess,	Nissley,	Thomas,
Campbell, J. O.,	Heyburn,	Oaks,	Trach,
Campbell, T.,	Hibshman,	Ostrander,	Twibill,
Christman,	Hollern,	Palmer,	Urich,
Coldsmith,	Hollingsworth,	Perry,	Vickerman,
Conner,	Horton,	Peters,	Vogdes,
Corbin,	Howarth,	Phillips,	Walsh,
Cox,	Hubler,	Pickering,	Walton,
Cromer,	Jack,	Powell,	Watson,
Cummins,	Jones, E. E.,	Ramsey,	Weimer,
Curry,	Jones, W. W.,	Reel,	Weir,
Davis,	Kaiser,	Reynolds,	West,
Dawson,	Kitts,	Rhoads,	Wettach,
Dell,	Klinger,	Rich,	Whitten,
Dodds,	Kuhn,	Rininger,	Wildman,
Drinkhouse,	Kunkle,	Rinn,	Willard,
Dunn,	Lafferty,	Robertson,	Williams,
Eby,	Landis,	Roney,	Wilson, H. I.,
Ehrhardt,	Lanius,	Rothenberger,	Wilson, W. H.,
Erdman,	Lauer,	Rowell,	Wobensmith,
Evans,	Lauler,	Rudisill,	Woodward,
Fackler,	Leighner,	Sampsel,	Wylie,
Finnerty,	Lindsey,	Sarig,	Wynne,
Flynn,	Lipschutz,	Schaeffer,	Young,
Forster,	Love,	Scott,	Ambler,
Fretz,	Luppert,	Shaaber,	Speaker.
Fruit,	Luxemburger,		
Gallagher,	Lynch,		
Gans,			

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmatve.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 205, entitled:

An Act to regulate the practice of optometry in the State of Pennsylvania to provide for the establishment of a Board of Optometric Examiners to provide for the examining and licensure of optometrists in this State to provide for the enforcement of the provisions thereof by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure of the Department of Public Instruction and to provide penalties for the violation of this act

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. Speaker, I move that this bill be placed on the postponed calendar for the present.

Mr. STEEDLE. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the motion?

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I am perfectly satisfied to have this bill go on the postponed calendar if the author will agree to notify the members of the House when he is going to call it up.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. Speaker, my purpose is to call this bill up on next Tuesday. The reason I am asking for the postponement at present is this; there are a number of members who are interested in this bill both for and against who are absent and in consideration of that fact I am requesting that the bill be placed on postponed calendar for the purpose of calling it up next Tuesday.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the motion?

The SPEAKER declared the ayes seem to have it.

Whereupon a division was called for, 106 voting in the affirmative.

And the question was determined in the affirmative.

Mr. LANIUS. Mr. Speaker, if I am in order, I would suggest that if the sponsor of the bill is satisfied, this bill, No. 205, be made a special order for any time he may name on Tuesday.

HOUSE BILL NO. 205 MADE A SPECIAL ORDER.

Mr. REYNOLDS. Mr. Speaker, I move that House Bill No. 205, File Folio 3475, be made a special order of business for Tuesday morning at 10:30.

Mr. LAFFERTY. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the motion?

It was agreed to.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 153, as follows:

An Act to protect the public health by regulating the manufacture preparation handling storage sale transportation and possession of meat and meat food products prescribing the powers and duties of the State Livestock Sanitary Board incidental thereto

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the terms "meat" and "meat food products" wherever used in this act shall include the carcasses or parts of carcasses of cattle sheep other ruminants and swine and the meat of such animals and the meat food products of such animals

Section 2 The term "unwholesome" as used in this act shall be understood to include all meats or meat food products which are diseased contaminated putrid unsound unhealthful or unfit for food

Section 3 The word "establishment" as used in this act shall include (1) any building or structure in which slaughtering butchering meat canning meat packing meat manufacturing or rendering is carried on and (2) the ground upon which such building or structure is erected and so much ground adjacent therto as is used in carrying on the business of such establishment and (3) any place or any vehicle where meat or meat food products are prepared manufactured stored sold offered for sale exposed for sale or transported by land or by water

Section 4 The word "equipment" as used in this act shall include all machinery fixtures containers vessels tools implements and apparatus used in and about an establishment

Section 5 The word "person" shall include individuals partnerships corporations and associations Masculine words shall include the feminine or neuter The singular shall include the plural

The word "Board" shall mean the "State Livestock Sanitary Board"

Section 6 Every establishment including all equipment therein or thereon shall be kept in a clean and sanitary condition

Section 7 It is unlawful to feed offal blood slaughter house refuse to swine within two hundred yards of an establishment

Section 8 It is unlawful to manufacture for food prepare for food sell offer for sale expose for sale or have in one's possession for the purpose of sale any unwholesome meat or unwholesone meat food product

Section 9 It is unlawful in an establishment to permit any meat or meat food product to be touched or handled by any person other than the owner lessee or manager of an establishment or other than the agent or employe of such owner lessee or manager or to permit any meat or meat food product to be exposed to insects animals or fowls

Section 10 It is unlawful to sell offer for sale or expose for sale any meat or meat food product from swine to which have been fed any carrion

Section 11 To aid the Board in enforcing the provisions of this act agents may be appointed as follows

1 Special meat hygiene agents may be appointed and paid by the owner lessee or manager of any establishment No such agent shall perform his duties unless duly authorized by the Board They shall examine only in the establishments of their employers

2 Employes of the United States Department of Agriculture engaged in the examination of animals meats or meat food products may be appointed as agents under the provisions of this section but shall receive no compensation as such agents

In addition to the agents provided for above in this section the Board may in enforcing this act assign any employe of the Board to perform duties as agents under this act

Each employe assigned to serve as agent under this act shall have knowledge of the diseases of meat-producing animals and shall be be versed in the conditions that affect the wholesomeness of animal food products An appropriate standard of fitness for such agents shall be maintained by the Board

Each agent appointed or assigned under the provisions of this section shall report to the Board in writing all violations of this act within twenty-four hours after discovery of such violation The appointment qualifications powers and duties of each such agent shall be governed by the provisions of this act and by such rules and regulations for the enforcement of this act as may be adopted and promulgated by the Board Each such agent may be dismissed at any time by the Board

Section 12 Any duly authorized agent or employe of the Board may at any time enter any establishment and examine the same to ascertain whether the provisions of this act are being observed

Section 13 It is unlawful to hinder impede or prevent any duly authorized agent or employe of the Board from entering any establishment in the performance of his duty or from making any examination duly ordered in enforcing this act

Section 14 Any agent authorized under this act to examine may under the rules and regulations prescribed by the Board mark stamp or otherwise designate any animal or meat or meat food product found on examination to be wholesome and fit for food

Section 15 If upon examination of any establishment any diseased animal or any unwholesome meat or any unwholesome meat food product is found such animal or meat or product shall be condemned properly marked or designated and treated in such a way that it cannot thereafter be used for food

Section 16 If upon examination it is found that any establishment or any part of an establishment or any equipment is in an unclean or insanitary condition or is being conducted or used in such a manner as to make it probable that the meat or meat food products therein or produced therein may be rendered unwholesome or is being conducted or used in violation of this act the agent making such examination shall report the unlawful condition to the Board and shall at the same time notify in writing the owner lessee or manager of the establishment

Upon receipt of such report the Board by its executive officer or otherwise as it may direct shall notify the proper owner lessee or manager of the result of the examination and direct that the unlawful condition be remedied within the time specified in the notice Provided that the time so specified shall be not less than twenty-four hours unless the unlawful condition mentioned in said notice is of such character and nature as in the opinion of the Board its executive officer or its agent can be removed immediately

If upon the expiration of the time specified in the notice the condition so reported to exist shall not have been remedied the Board by its executive officer may order the establishment closed It is unlawful to operate an establishment or any part thereof which has been closed by order of the executive officer of the Board until the unlawful condition reported to exist has been remedied to the satsifaction of said officer of the Board

The closing of an establishment or any part thereof shall not preclude prosecution for violation of this act

Section 17 It is unlawful for any agent of the Board or any special meat hygiene agent

1 To approve or pass any diseased animal intended to be slaughtered for food or any unwholesome meat or any unwholesome meat food product

2 To fail to condemn and mark and cause to be rendered unfit for food any diseased animal unwholesome meat or unwholesome meat food product found on examination of an establismment to be unfit for food

3 To fail to report as required any violation of this act

Directly or indirectly to accept or agree to accept anything of value monetary or otherwise given or offered to such agent to influence him in the discharge of his duties

Section 18 It is unlawful to give or offer to give directly or indirectly to an agent or employe of the Board or to a special meat hygiene agent anything of value monetary or otherwise with intent to influence such agent or employe in the discharge of his duties under the provisions of this act

Section 19 It is unlawful to make imitate duplicate reproduce or counterfeit any stamp mark tag certificate or emblem used or authorized by the board to be used for marking or designating animals or meat or meat food products that have been either approved or condemned under the provisions of this act

It is unlawful without specific authority in writing from the board to use for any purpose any such stamp mark tag certificate or emblem

Section 20 This act shall be enforced by the board To that end it may adopt and promulgate such rules and regulations as it may deem necessary So far as practicable the regulations of the meat hygiene service of the United States Department of Agriculture shall be included in the rules and regulations of the board

Section 21 Any person who shall violate any of the provisions of this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars or to undergo an imprisonment not exceeding one year or both If the violation shall be by a corporation partnershiip or association the directors of such corporation or the member of such partnership or association its agents or employes with guilty knowledge of the fact shall also be guilty of a misdemeanor and on conviction thereof shall be punished as aforesaid

The fines imposed as aforesaid shall be for the use of the Commonwealth shall be paid to a duly authorized agent of the board and shall be by the board paid into the State treasury

Section 22 Any duty imposed upon or power given to the board by this act may be done or exercised as the board may by standing or special order direct

Section 23 The act approved the twenty-fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled "An Act to protect the public health by providing for the prevention of the preparation and sale of meat and food products which are unsound unhealthful unwholesome and otherwise unfit for human food defining what shall be regarded as meat and meat food products authorizing the appointment and compensation of local meat inspectors authorizing the State Livestock Sanitary Board to enforce the provisions of this act to make rules and regulations for its enforcement and to appoint agents to assist in its enforcement and to provide penalties for the violation or perversion hereof" (Pamphlet Laws 234) and the act approved the seventh day of May one thousand eight hundred and fifty-five entitled "An Act to prohibit the sale of unwholesome meats" (Pamphlet Laws 463) are hereby specifically repealed

Section sixty-nine of the act approved the thirty-first day of March one thousand eight hundred and sixty entitled "An Act to consolidate revise and amend the penal laws of this Commonwealth" is hereby repealed in so far as it refers to the flesh of any diseased animal or any unwholesome flesh

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—163.

Adams,	Gallagher,	Mangan,	Smith, J. W.,
Albee,	Gans,	Marvin,	Smith, Jeff. W.,
Alcorn,	Garner,	Mather,	Smith, L.,
Alexander,	Geary,	McArdle,	Snyder,
Arnold,	Geiser,	McCaig,	Sones,
Aron,	Gibson,	McClintock,	Spangler,
Arthur,	Glass,	McClure,	Staving,
Baker,	Gompers,	McCurdy,	Steedle,
Baldwin,	Goodnough,	McDermott,	Stein,
Bauerle,	Goodwin,	McKay,	Stern,
Beck,	Goodyear,	McNichol,	Stone,
Becker,	Gormley,	McVicar,	Sullivan,
Benn,	Graham,	Milliron,	Swan,
Bergy,	Gransback,	Murdoch,	Swartz,
Blackburn,	Greenwood,	Myers,	Thomas,
Bovee,	Habgood,	Neville,	Twibill,
Brosius,	Hackett,	Nissley,	Urich,
Brumbaugh,	Haggerty,	Oaks,	Vickerman,
Bungard,	Harper,	Ostrander,	Wagner,
Campbell, T.,	Heffernan,	Palmer,	Walton,
Coldsmith,	Hess,	Perry,	Watson,
Conner,	Heyburn,	Peters,	Weaver,
Corbin,	Hibshman,	Phillips,	Weimer,
Cox,	Hollingsworth,	Pickering,	Weir,
Cromer,	Horton,	Powell,	West,
Cummins,	Howarth	Ramsey,	Wettach,
Curry,	Hubler,	Reel,	Whitaker,
Davis,	Jack,	Reynolds,	Wildman,
Dawson,	Jones, E. E.,	Rhoads,	Willard,
Dell,	Jones, W. W.,	Rich,	Williams,
Dodds,	Kaiser,	Rininger,	Wilson, H. I.,
Drinkhouse,	Klinger,	Rinn,	Wilson, W. H.,
Dunn,	Kuhn,	Roney,	Wobensmith,
Eby,	Lafferty,	Sampsel,	Wood,
Ehrhardt,	Landis,	Schaeffer,	Woodward,
Evans,	Lauler.	Scott.	Wylie,
Fackler,	Lindsey.	Shaaber,	Wynne,
Finnerty,	Lipschutz,	Shaffer,	Young,
Flynn,	Love,	Shoop.	Ambler.
Forster,	Luppert,	Showalter,	Speaker.
Fretz,	Luxemburger,	Sinclair,	
Fruit,			

NAYS—17.

Benninger,	Herman,	Mellott,	Sarig,
Body,	Hollern,	Metzenbacher,	Spencer,
Christman,	Lanius,	Rothenberger,	Statler,
Erdman,	Leighner,	Rudisill,	Trach,
Gingery,			

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmatve.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Mr. LEE SMITH asked and obtained unanimous consent to call up at this time House Bill No. 306, from the third reading calendar.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 306, entitled:

An Act validating certain elections of counties cities boroughs townships school districts and other incorporated districts held pursuant to the provisions of an act approved the twentieth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four entitled "An Act to regulate the manner of increasing the indebtedness of municipalities to provide for the redemption of the same and to impose penalties for the illegal increase thereof" and the amendments thereto and validating bonds issued or authorized to be issued in pursuance of such elections

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. LEE SMITH. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to offer amendments at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The Clerk then read the amendments as follows:

Amend section 1, line 20 by inserting after the word "indebtedness" the words "or did not in the words of the act and its supplements aforesaid, authorizing such increase, signify their desire for such increase of indebtedness."

Amend section 1, line 21 by inserting after the word "commissioners" the words "or were not printed on the official ballot after the list of candidates, but were printed on separate ballots."

Amend section 1, line 25 by inserting after the word "election" the words "and notwithstanding any mistake in stating the amount of percentage of the existing debt or the percentage of the proposed increase."

Amend title, line 8, by inserting a double quote after the word "thereof"

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to insert the amendments as read? Is there any objection? The Chair hears none and the amendments will be inserted in accordance with the instructions of the House.

The bill as amended was then agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended lie over for printing.

SENATE MESSAGE.

RESOLUTION FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, presented the following extract from the Journal of the Senate, which was read as follows, viz:

TIME OF NEXT MEETING.

In the Senate, March 31, 1915.

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That when the Senate adjourns this week it shall be to reconvene on Tuesday evening, April sixth, at nine o'clock, and that when the House of Representatives adjourns this week it shall be to reconvene on Monday evening, April fifth, at eight o'clock.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for its concurrence.

On the question,

Will the House concur in the resolution?

It was concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 662, entitled:

An Act to protect all persons in their equal rights regardless of race color or creed in places of public accommodation entertainment or amusement and providing penalty for violation of the same

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. STEIN. Mr. Speaker, in view of the importance of this bill and in order to give the members of the House ample time for its consideration, I now move that this bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. McCAIG. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1029, entitled:

An Act conferring authority on street passenger railway companies and motor power or other companies lawfully operating lines of street passenger railways to own lease and operate lines of self-propelled omnibuses in connection with their street railway systems

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—81.

Adams,	Gompers,	Lauler,	Shaaber,
Albee,	Goodnough,	Lipschutz	Shaffer,
Alcorn,	Gransback,	Love,	Showalter,
Alexander,	Greenwood,	Luxemburger,	Smith, J. W.,
Arnold,	Hackett,	Mangan,	Steedle,
Baldwin,	Haggerty,	Mather,	Stein,
Barnett,	Hamilton,	McArdle,	Stern,
Beyer,	Heffernan,	McCaig,	Sullivan,
Brosius,	Herman,	McClintock,	Swan,
Campbell, J. O.,	Heyburn,	McClure,	Walsh,
Christman,	Hibshman,	McNichol,	Weir,
Cromer,	Hollern,	McVicar,	West,
Cummins,	Hollingsworth,	Mellott,	Wettach,
Curry,	Horton,	Neville,	Whitaker,
Eby,	Hubler,	Ostrander,	Williams,
Flynn,	Jack,	Peters,	Wilson, H. I.,
Forster,	Jones, E. E.,	Reel,	Wobensmith,
Fretz,	Jones, W. W.,	Rhoads,	Wylie,
Garner,	Kaiser,	Rich,	Ambler,
Gibson,	Kitts,	Rinn,	Speaker.
Gingery,	Lauer,	Scott,	

NAYS—46.

Alcorn,	Kunkle,	Robertson,	Swartz,
Baker,	Lanius,	Rothenberger,	Taylor,
Blackburn,	Lindsey,	Sampsel,	Thomas,
Bungard,	Maurer,	Sarig,	Twibill,
Corbin,	McCurdy,	Schaeffer,	Urich,
Davis,	Metzenbacher,	Shoop,	Watson,
Eppley,	Milliron,	Sones,	Weimer,
Erdman,	Murdoch,	Spangler,	Whitten,
Evans,	Oaks,	Spencer,	Wood,
Gallagher,	Palmer,	Sutler,	Wynne,
Goodyear,	Phillips,	Staving,	Young,
Kuhn,	Powell,		

Less than the majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the negative and the bill falls.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 318, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-ninth day of May one thousand nine hundred and one entitled "An Act to prohibit the manufacture and sale of oleomargarine butterine and other similar products when colored in imitation of yellow butter to provide for license fees to be paid by manufacturers wholesale and retail dealers and by proprietors of hotels restaurants dining-rooms and boarding houses for the manufacture or sale of oleomargarine butterine or other similar products not colored in the imitation of yellow butter to provide for license fees to be paid and sale of oleomargarine butterine or other similar products not colored in imitiation of yellow butter and prevent and punish fraud and deception in such manufacture and sale as an imitation butter and to prescribe penalties and punishment for violations of this act and the means and the method of procedure for its enforcement and regulate certain matters of evidence in such procedure"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. STEEDLE. Mr. Speaker, in view of the fact that many members are absent who are favorable to this bill, and also those who are opposed to it, I move that the further consideration of this bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. McCAIG. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 881 (Senate Bill No. 338), entitled:

An Act requiring and regulating the declaring and posting of the vote at election districts at a primary election

And said bill having been read three times at length, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. POWELL. Mr. Speaker, I desire to give the purpose of this bill, having a similar bill before the House. It seems that in the general election law, or the primary law of some time back, they forgot to specify in that act the posting of the returns of the primaries, and all that this bill calls for is to post the returns at the primaries, the same as they do at the general election.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—191.

Adams,	Gallagher,	Luppert,	Scott,
Albee,	Gans,	Luxemburger,	Shaaber,
Alcorn,	Garner,	Lynch,	Shaffer,

Alexander,	Geary,	Mangan,	Shoop,
Arnold,	Geiser,	Marvin,	Showalter,
Aron,	Gibson,	Mather	Sinclair,
Arthur,	Gingery,	Maurer,	Smith, J. W.,
Baldwin,	Glass,	McArdle,	Smith, Jeff. W.,
Barnett,	Gompers,	McCaig,	Smith, L.,
Bauerle,	Goodnough,	McClintock,	Snyder,
Beck,	Goodwin,	McClure,	Sones,
Becker,	Goodyear,	McConnell,	Spangler,
Benn,	Gormley,	McCurdy,	Spencer,
Bergy,	Graham,	McDermott,	Statler,
Beyer,	Gransback,	McKay,	Staving,
Blackburn,	Greenwood,	McNichol,	Steedle,
Body,	Habgood,	McVicar,	Stein,
Bovee,	Hackett,	Mearkle,	Stern,
Brosius,	Haggerty,	Mellott,	Stone,
Brumbaugh,	Hamilton,	Metzenbacher,	Sullivan,
Bungard,	Harper,	Milliron,	Swan,
Campbell, J. O.,	Heffernan,	Murdoch,	Swartz,
Campbell, T.,	Herman,	Murphy,	Taylor,
Christman,	Hess,	Myers,	Thomas,
Coldsmith,	Heyburn,	Neville,	Trach,
Conner,	Hibshman,	Nieder,	Twibill,
Corbin,	Hoffman,	Nissley,	Urich,
Cox,	Hollern,	Oaks,	Vickerman,
Cromer,	Hollingsworth,	Ostrander,	Wagner,
Cummins,	Horton,	Palmer,	Walter,
Curry,	Howarth,	Peters,	Watson,
Davis,	Hubler,	Phillips,	Weaver,
Dawson,	Jack,	Pickering,	Weir,
Dell,	Jones, E. E.,	Powell,	West,
Diefenderfer,	Jones, W. W.,	Ramsey,	Whitaker,
Dodds,	Kaiser,	Reel,	Whitten,
Drinkhouse,	Kitts,	Reynolds,	Wildman,
Dunn,	Klinger,	Rhoads,	Willard,
Eby,	Kuhn,	Rich,	Williams,
Ehrhardt,	Kunkle,	Rininger,	Wilson, H. I.,
Eppley,	Lafferty,	Rinn,	Wilson, W. H.,
Erdman,	Landis,	Robertson,	Wobensmith,
Evans,	Lanius,	Roney,	Wood,
Fackler,	Lauer,	Rothenberger,	Woodward,
Finnerty,	Lauler,	Rowell,	Wynne,
Flynn,	Leighner,	Rudisill,	Young,
Forster,	Lindsey,	Sampsel,	Ambler
Fretz,	Lipschutz,	Sarig,	Speaker.
Fruit,	Love,	Schaeffer,	

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmatve.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

Mr. WHITAKER in the Chair.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 974 (Senate Bill No. 45), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the fourteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act authorizing the board of county commissioners of the several counties of the State to appropriate money for co-operative agricultural extension work for the purpose of improving and developing the agricultural resources of the proper counties"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. FORSTER. Mr. Speaker, I want to say in the beginning that I am a friend of State College. I am a graduate of State College, but I want to call your attention to this act, what it provides for and ask you to defeat it. Two years ago an act was passed authorizing the County Commissioners to appropriate funds for the co-operative extension work. You gentlemen from the rural districts know the work in agricultural extension that is now being done by State College. As I said before the bill was passed two years ago, which authorized the county commissioners to appropriate certain funds to help in this work.

Now, this bill that is before us this morning is mandatory. It says that the county commissioners, upon the petition of three hundred voters and upon the written request of the Pennsylvania State College, must appropriate this money for this work. Now, gentlemen, I think we all agree that the work State College is doing is a good work, a splendid work, but I do not think that there is any right or principle in a measure which can compel the commissioners of a county, upon a very small demand of the inhabitants of the county,—three hundred—and upon the request of Stafe College, to appropriate money to co-operate in this work. The county commissioners know whether or not the county can afford to do it. The county commissioners know what the county needs. It would not be fair to the commissioners, nor to the county, nor, on the other hand, to the College, to make a county appropriate money for work when it really did not want it at that time or it was not expedient to have it at that time. I do not think it is proper for this Legislature to force local taxation. If there is sufficient sentiment in the county, if there are enough people in the county that really want the extension work done in that county, I do not believe there would be any trouble getting the county commissioners to appropriate the money for the work, and there certainly would not be any trouble to get the State College authorities to send their men there to do the work. This bill would weaken, rather than help the work. Signers could easily be obtained to a petition by people who had absolutely no interest in it one way or the other. We all know it is the simplest thing in the world to get signers to any sort of a petition and when we come to do the work the people who had made the demand, the signers, had no responsibility and would probably take no interest in the work and the very object we are striving for at State College would fail.

The very fact that a community must get together and make its financial agreement, brings about a sentiment and a help-along spirit that cannot be obtained in any other way. And furthermore, no institution, whether it is the State College, or whether it is an industrial school, or whether it is a university, has any right to compel local taxation, and that is exactly what is provided, what would be done in this bill, as soon as State College would write and ask to do this work.

It is a dangerous precedent to establish and one that ought to be stopped in its inception. The work is being done by State College in a dozen counties,—fourteen to be exact—in every one of which the commissioners are contributing under the authorization law passed by the last Legislature. Arrangements are being completed for starting the work in eight additional counties, in which the commissioners will also contribute voluntarily. If one-third of the counties of the State contribute under a civil act authorizing them to do so, and have done that in two years, isn't it reasonable to suppose that in a few years more practically all of the counties which are in any way interested in agriculture, will be participating in this work. For that reason I say this bill is absolutely unnecessary, and furthermore I say this as a friend of State College, that a bill of this sort, forcing the people of a county to do something they might not want to do is going to make enemies for State College, rather than friends.

This is a State institution and should be taken care of by the State in a proper way in the future as it has been taken care of by the State in the past. We expect to be taken care of in the future but we don't want to put ourselves in the position of compelling the counties to take care of us when we are not asking for any help. Gentlemen, in some counties where the commissioners don't understand the purpose of the act of two years ago and don't understand the work that the State College was doing, there was at first some opposition, but as soon as this was explained and the commissioners understood what the College proposed to do, in practically all the cases there was no further trouble. Gentlemen, as a friend of State College, I am going to ask you to vote this bill down.

Mr. KUHN. Mr. Speaker, I had hoped that this bill would pass this House without any opposition. I want to say to you, gentlemen of the House, that I come from a section of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania that is represented by the agricultural interests. I am here to represent those people and I am here to vote and work for the best interests of not only the agricultural people of my county but the people all over this great State. I will say to you, gentlemen, that I am greatly surprised at the gentleman coming from the City of Philadelphia who knows nothing about the interests, the agricultural interests, practically, of this great State that will stand before you

and argue and oppose a bill that, in a great measure, is one of the best bills that has come before this House in the interests of the agricultural people of this State. He says he feels that State College should not be imposed upon. I want to say to you, gentlemen, that State College is receiving her help from this House; State College today is being appropriated a fund which is being used in building up the great agricultural college of this State. I want to say to you that the bill is mandatory, the authority coming from the people of the State of Pennsylvania, to place a fund at the disposal of that Board, which will enable it to carry on their affairs and will permit extension. I want to ask you gentlemen, you who are interested in agriculture; you who come here and you who are depending today upon the farmer; you who depend upon the farm for a living and have the interests of this institution at heart, I ask you for that reason, gentlemen of this House, I ask you to support this bill.

Mr. FORSTER. Mr. Speaker, I submit that the gentleman who has just finished speaking has totally misunderstood my position. I will repeat again that I am a friend of the Pennsylvania State College; that I am a graduate of State College and I am in very close touch with the work they are doing. While we believe that the work which State College does is the best thing possible for the State and for the rural communities, I personally, don't believe that any county in this State should be placed in a position of having to accept this work willy nilly. If there is a demand in any county for this extension work, there is a manner provided by law by which the work can be brought about in that county. I don't believe any bill which compels the counties to contribute money to an institution, even though it be the Pennsylvania State College, is a just bill.

Mr. KUHN. Mr. Speaker, I do not desire to weary this House any further, but I want to say to you that Senator Stewart, my colleague, from my county, is in a position to know as he received a letter from State College endorsing this bill and asking that it may be passed. I am going to leave it to the gentlemen of this House to vote upon this measure and I know the facts coming direct from State College are that they are in favor of this measure.

Mr. NISSLEY. Mr. Speaker, the objection that I see to this bill, gentlemen, is that in the county of Dauphin, which I represent, which includes the city of Harrisburg, under this bill three hundred voters of the city of Harrisburg might compel the payment of this money and the appointment of this instructor, or whatever he is called, and the farmers of this county would know nothing about it. I say that is not quite fair; if these men are all farmers, then I have no objection to the bill but it ought to be designated in this bill who shall say. Now, any three hundred electors in a large city can force this on the farmers and they know nothing about it. I say this bill ought to be amended so that the electors who have the say will all be farmers. That is the objection I have to it and I will vote against the bill for that reason.

Mr. HOLLINGSWORTH. Mr. Speaker, I represent a farming community and belong to several farming organizations and I agree perfectly with my friend from Philadelphia, Mr. Forster. I don't think that this bill should go through the House. I think he has presented the matter in a way so that you can all understand it; I think he is correct and I hope that the farming interests of this House will vote against the bill. But there is one point that he has not brought out: That there are a number of counties in this state with a population of less than forty thousand inhabitants; I cannot see how those counties could afford to do anything of that kind.

Mr. LANIUS. Mr. Speaker, I represent one of the best agricultural districts of the State of Pennsylvania. York county, agriculturally speaking, stands second to Lancaster county in the State of Pennsylvania and is the third best agricultural county in the United States. We do not have this bureau and I cannot say that we desire to have it forced upon us. It seems to me that every public servant is guided by the sentiment of his people and they have certainly had sufficient opportunity in the agricultural districts to know whether this thing is desired or not. I believe that where it is desired it should be obtainable, and it is obtainable, but I don't believe that it should be forced upon us. I, therefore, don't see, consistently, how I can support this measure and I most certainly shall vote "No."

Mr. HESS. Mr. Speaker, I believe that this bill is wrong in principle. We all realize that unless work of the character proposed in this act is sufficiently supported by public sentiment it will be ineffective. An Authorization measure was passed two years ago that enables county commissioners to appropriate a sum not to exceed fifteen hundred dollars. During this try-out period of two years, twelve counties have taken advantage of the provisions of that bill and in eight additional counties bureaus are in process of formation. That means that up to this time twenty counties of this State will have put bureaus in operation. Now, the residents of all the counties are sufficiently appreciative that if these twenty counties clearly demonstrated that the results of this bureau work pay that their county commissioners have done good business when they made this appropriation and they are not going to hang back. They are going to make these appropriations, but when you make it mandatory for the commissioners of all the counties of the State irrespective of the sentiment in those counties to appropriate a sum of from one thousand to three thousand dollars, more than likely there will be objections in many counties, for we all know how easy it is to get out a petition signed by three hundred taxables and as soon as that petition is sent in to State College they will feel it incumbent upon themselves to order the county to make this appropriation. What is the sense of the county commissioners being compelled to make that appropriation for this work unless the work is being supported by popular sentiment, to such an extent as to secure such results as will reflect credit upon the work? In addition to that, if that would be the outcome of it, you can readily see how every worthy college would lose its prestige in such counties and it would lessen the influence for good that that institution now possesses. I believe that the Authorization Act of two years ago is sufficient, for the time being, and that this bill should not be passed.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—27.

Alcorn,	Finnerty,	Love,	Stone,
Alexander,	Fruit,	Metzenbacher,	Twibill,
Baker,	Hollern,	Milliron,	West,
Baldwin,	Horton,	Murphy,	Wilson, H. I.,
Becker,	Jack,	Phillips,	Wood,
Brosius,	Kuhn,	Rich,	Wynne,
Drinkhouse,	Leighner,	Spencer,	

NAYS—129.

Adams,	Fretz,	Lipschutz,	Sarig,
Albee,	Gallagher,	Luppert,	Scott,
Aron,	Garner,	Luxemburger,	Shaaber,
Arthur,	Geary,	Mangan,	Shaffer,
Bauerle,	Geiser,	Marvin,	Shoop,
Beck,	Gibson,	Mather,	Sinclair,
Benn,	Gingery,	Maurer,	Smith, J. W.,
Benninger,	Glass,	McArdle,	Sones,
Bergy,	Goodnough,	McClintock,	Spangler,
Beyer,	Goodwin,	McClure,	Statler,
Blackburn,	Graham,	McCurdy,	Staving,
Body,	Greenwood,	McDermott,	Steedle,
Bungard,	Habgood,	McNichol,	Stern,
Campbell, J. O.	Hackett,	Mearkle,	Sullivan,
Campbell, T.,	Haggerty,	Mellott,	Swan,
Christman,	Hamilton,	Murdoch,	Thomas,
Coldsmitb	Heffernan,	Neville,	Trach,
Corbin,	Herman,	Nissley,	Urich,
Cox	Hess,	Ostrander,	Vogdes,
Cromer,	Heyburn,	Palmer,	Wagner,
Cummins,	Hibshman,	Peters,	Walsh,
Curry,	Hollingsworth,	Pickering,	Watson,
Davis,	Howarth,	Powell,	Weaver,
Dawson,	Jones, E. E.,	Ramsey,	Weimer,
Dell,	Jones, W. W.,	Reel,	Weir,
Dodds,	Kitts,	Rhoads,	Wettach,
Eby,	Klinger,	Rinn,	Whitaker,

Ehrhardt,	Kunkle,	Robertson,	Willard,
Erdman,	Landis,	Rothenberger,	Williams,
Evans,	Lanius,	Rowell,	Wilson, W. H.,
Fackler,	Lauler,	Rudisill,	Wobensmith,
Flynn,	Lindsey,	Sampsel,	Wylie,
Forster,			

Less than the majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the negative and the bill falls.

RESOLUTION RECALLING HOUSE BILL NO. 240 FROM THE GOVERNOR.

Mr. PHILLIPS asked and obtained unanimous consent to offer the following resolution, which was twice read, considered and agreed to.

Resolved (if the Senate concur), That House Bill No. 240, file folio 2147, entitled "An Act creating a reward or bounty for the destruction of certain noxious animals killed within this Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, providing a method for the payment of the same and providing a method of furnishing of said destruction and penalties for the violation of the several provisions thereof" be recalled from the Governor for the purpose of amending.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

The SPEAKER (Charles A. Ambler) in the Chair.

The SPEAKER, with the consent of the House, the Chair will take up first reading bills on page sixteen.

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 929, entitled:

An Act defining the liability of an employer to pay damages for injuries received by an employe in the course of employment establishing an elective schedule of compensation and providing procedure for the determination of liability and compensation thereunder

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 930, entitled:

An Act to provide for the administration of the Workmen's Compensation Act of one thousand nine hundred and fifteen by creating the Bureau of Workmen's Compensation of the Dpartment of Labor and Industry providing for the establishment Workmen's Compensation Board to have charge of such bureau authorizing the division of the Commonwealth into workmen's compensation districts and the appointment of workmen's compensation referees defining the powers and duties of the Commissioner of Labor and Industry the Bureau of Workmen's Compensation the Workmen's Compensation Board the workmen's compensation referees and the factory inspectors of the Department of Labor and Industry in enforcing the said act and fixing the salaries of the members of the Workmen's Compensation Board and the workmen's compensation referees and certain of their employes and assistants

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 931, entitled:

An Act providing for the creation and administration of a State fund for the insurance of compensation for injuries to employes of subscribers thereto

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 932, entitled:

An Act regulating policies of insurance against liability arising under Article three of the act entitled "An Act entitled 'An Act defining the liability of an employer to pay damages for injuries received by an employe in the course of employment establishing an elective schedule of compensation and regulating procedure for the determination of liability and compensation thereunder' approved the day of Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and fifteen providing for the regulation of premium rates therefor and providing penalties for the violation thereof"

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 933, entitled:

An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of employers' mutual liability insurance associations and for the licensing of foreign mutual liability insurance companies

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 934, entitled:

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act defining the liability of an employer to pay damages for injuries received by an employe in the course of employment establishing an elective scehdule of compensation and regulating procedure for the determination of liability and compensation thereunder" approved the day of Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and fifteen to exempt domestic servants and agricultural workers from the provisions thereof

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 935, entitled:

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to section twenty-one of article three of the Constitution of Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1110, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the purpose of refunding to Manfred J. Berliner of Corry Pennsylvania certain moneys erroneously paid into the State Treasury

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 825, entitled:

An Act to license and regulate the business of purchasing for smelting purposes all articles made in whole or in part of gold or silver

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1052, entitled:

An Act regulating the payment of persons in the employ of the Commonwealth

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1192, entitled:

An Act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act to designate the several judicial districts of the Commonwealth as required by the Constitution and to provide for the election appointment and commissioning of judges learned in the law for the said districts in cases where such judges are not provided for by existing law" approved the eighteenth day of July one thousand nine hundred one

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 877 (Senate No. 250), entitled:

An Act to give additional protection to the fish in the waters within the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania prohibiting the fishing for or capture or killing of such fish by unnaturalized foreign-born residents and prescribing penalties for violation of its provisions

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1001, entitled:

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act for the government of cities of the second class' approved the seventh day of March one thousand nine hundred and one authorizing cities of the second class for the purpose of preventing fires the spread of fire fire waste and loss of life from fire or a loss of life or damage to property from unsafe or improper construction or design of buildings to enact ordinances to provide for and regulate the construction equipment arrangements maintenance inspection alteration repair and removal of buildings and premises and appliances apparatus and conditions in and about them to provide for the regulation of the manufacture transportation storage sale and use of explosive gases inflammable and dangerous chemicals and substances to prohibit the manufacture of explosive and fireworks and the transportation storage sale and use of nitro-glycerine imposing on the Department of Public Safety the enforcement of ordinances relating thereto and authorizing such department to investigate fires providing for the service of orders made by the said department and for

the appeals from and reviews of certain of its orders for the method of recovering money expended by the cities in remedying conditions and the method of obtaining a lien therefor and providing that the courts of common pleas shall have jurisdiction to punish witnesses for disobedience of orders of the Director of said Department when holding investigations and repealing all laws inconsistent therewith

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 835 (Senate No. 7), entitled:

An Act amending sections one three four seven ten eleven and repealing section eight of an act entitled "An Act relating to the collection of city school and poor taxes in the several cities of the third class in this Commonwealth and providing that the city treasurer of each of said cities by virtue of his office shall be collector of the said several taxes prescribing his duties and fixing his compensation" approved the twentieth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 914, entitled:

An Act authorizing cities of the second class to locate construct and maintain subways and galleries with the equipment accessories and appurtenances thereof in congested districts of such cities and grant licenses for the use thereof to public service companies and others maintaining works and facilities in said districts providing for the determination of questions relating thereto by proceedngs before the Public Service Commission and in the courts requiring public service companies and others to use such subways and galleries for their works and facilities in certain cases and providing a method for fixing the terms of such use and authorizing said cities to appropriate land necessary for the construction of such subways or galleries and the appurtenances and accessories thereof and providing a method for ascertaining the damages arising therefrom

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1097, entitled:

An Act requiring the borough council to fix by ordinance the salary of the burgess

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1031, entitled:

An Act regulating the use of electricity in cities of the second class providing for the examination and licensing of electrical contractors individuals or companies doing electrical repair work and certain electrical engineers and for the supervision and inspection of electrical installations in said cities for the inspection of places of amusement maintaining electrical machinery or devices making the violations of the provisions thereof a misdemeanor and prescribing the punishment therefor

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 905, entitled:

An Act authorizing the free distribution of all maps issued by the State Highway Department

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1115 (Senate No. 213), entitled:

An Act to amend section one of article four of an act approved the twenty-seventh day of June one thousand nine hundred and thirteen Pamphlet Laws five hundred sixty-eight entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation regulation and government of cities of the third class regulating nomination and election of municipal officers therein and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto"

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 928, entitled:

An Act to classify the fish in the waters within this Commonwealth declaring which are game fish which are food fish and which are bait fish and to regulate the catching and sale and to forbid the sale of certain fish and encourage the propogation of the same to protect the waters within this Commonwealth from unfair improper wasteful and destructive fishing and to protect the fish from being destroyed or injured by destructive means to provide for the appointment of fish wardens and to declare their official powers and duties to encourage and regulate the propagation of fish within this Commonwealth and to regulate the free distribution of the same by the Department of Fisheries in the waters within the same to define powers and duties of the Department of Fisheries to regulate the sale and shipment of fish artificially propagated for profit and to provide penalties and punishments for the violation of the provisions of this act and providing how and by whom the costs shall be paid

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1057, entitled:

An Act to repeal an act approved the seventeenth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirteen, entitled "An Act to provide revenue for State and county purposes and in cities co-extensive with counties for city and county purposes imposing taxes upon certain classes of personal property providing for the assessment and collection of the same providing for the duties and compensation of prothonotaries and recorders in connection therewith and modifying existing legislation which provided for raising revenue for State purposes"

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 978 (Senate No. 245), entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act authorizing appeals from assessments of taxes in this Commonwealth to the courts of common pleas" approved the nineteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine by giving the right to an appeal to other property owners and to the city borough county township school district or other public corporation entitled to levy and collect taxes on the assessment complained of

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1128, entitled:

A Supplement to an act entitled "An Act for the government of cities of the second class" approved the seventh day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1123, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Commissioner of Health to accept a private donation or private donations for the purpose of erecting a Union Chapel at Tuberculosis Sanatorium Number three located at Hamburg in this Commonwealth and further authorizing said Commissioner of Health after receiving such donation or donations for such purpose to erect or cause to be erected on the said Sanatorium property a suitable building for such purpose under plans and specifications to be approved by the Governor of this Commonwealth and the said Commissioner of Health

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1026, entitled:

An Act providing for the examination licensure and registration of persons engaged or engaging in the business or work of barbering in cities of this Commonwealth and prescribing certain rules regulations and requirements therefor and imposing fines penalties and forfeitures in violation thereof

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1035, entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act authorizing companies incorporated under the laws of any other State of the United States for the manufacture of any form of iron steel or glass to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments and to take have and hold real estate necessary and proper for manufacturing purposes" approved the ninth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one extending the same to companies formed for the purpose of quarrying slate granite stone or rocks or for dressing polishing working or manufacturing the same or any of them and to mineral springs companies incorporated for the purpose of bottling and selling natural mineral springs water approved the sixteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three' approved the nineteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one extending the same to companies formed for the purposes of manufacturing and selling chemicals food stuffs cement and cement products and the quarrying of cement rock' approved May twenty-eight one thousand nine hundred seven extending the same to companies incorporated for the manufacture buying selling leasing using and operation of electrical apparatus and machinery and articles of every kind appertaining to or in any wise connected with the production use regulation control distribution or application of electricity or electrical energy or products for any use or purpose constructing acquiring using selling buying or leasing any works construction or plants or parts thereof connected with or involving such use distribution regulation control or application of electricity or the control or use of electrical apparatus for any purpose and of producing furnishing and supplying electricity or electrical apparatus in any form and for any purpose and to carry on a general manufacturing business" approved the twenty-third day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven extending the same to companies incorporated for the purpose of the purchase and sale of real estate or for holding leasing and selling real estate

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1078 (Senate No. 422), entitled:

An Act to fix the salary of the first assistant clerk of the orphans' court in counties having a population of not less than eight hundred thousand and not more than one million five hundred thousand

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 730, entitled:

An Act to provide for the health safety and welfare of miners by forbidding their employment or work in cerain establishments and occupations and under certain specified ages by restricting their hours of labor and regulating certain conditions of their employment by requiring employment certificates for certain minors and prescribing the kinds thereof and the rules for the issuance reissuance filing return and recording of the same by providing that the Industrial Board shall under certain conditions determine and declare whether certain occupations are within the prohibitions of this act requiring that certain schools to be approved by the State Superintendent of Public Instruction and regulating the conditions of such attendance authorizing the State Board of Education in certain cases to appoint attendance officers to aid in enforcing the provisions of this act and creating the salary and expenses of such officers a charge against the school district wherein they are employed requiring certain abstracts and notices to be posted providing for the enforcement of this act by the Commissioner of Labor and Industry the attendance officers of the school districts and police officers permitting private prosecutions for violation thereof and defining the procedure in prosecutions thereunder and establishing certain presumptions in relation thereto providing penalties for the violation of the provisions thereof and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent therewith

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1155, entitled:

An Act to amend further an act approved the eighth day of April one thousand eight hundred thirty-three entitled "An Act relating to the descent and distribution of the estates of intestates"

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1101, entitled:

An Act fixing the salaries of county controllers in all counties having a population exceeding one hundred and fifty thousand and not exceeding two hundred and fifty thousand

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

WORKMEN'S COMPENSATION BILLS MADE SPECIAL ORDERS.

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I move that House Bill No. 929, File Folio 3955; House Bill No. 930, File Folio 3995; House Bill No. 931, File Folio 4003; House Bill No. 932, File Folio, 4017; House Bill No. 933, File Folio 4021; House Bill No. 934, File Folio 4035; House Bill No. 935, File Folio 4033; known as the "Workmens' Compensation Bills" be made a special order of business on second reading Wednesday April 7th, 1915 at 10.30 A. M., and to be taken up in consecutive order until disposed of.

Mr. COX. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

SENATE MESSAGES.

AMENDMENTS TO SENATE BILL CONCURRED IN BY SENATE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, informed that the Senate has concurred in the amendments made by the House of Representatives to Senate Bill numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

Senate Bill No. 176.

An Act to provide for the better protection and preservation of deer and elk squirrels and certain birds classed as game birds within the Commonwealth providing a method through which certain lands in the Commonwealth may be closed to hunting for a term of years and prescribing penalties for violation of its several provisions

HOUSE BILLS CONCURRED IN BY SENATE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced returned bills from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 850.

An Act making a burgess of a borough eligible to the office for the next succeeding term

House Bill No. 95.

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-fourth day of February one thousand eight hundred thirty-four entitled "An Act relating to executors and administrators" as amended

with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendment.

BILLS SIGNED BY THE SPEAKER.

The SPEAKER announced that the Chief Clerk having reported that the following bills had passed both Houses of the General Assembly, and the same being correct, the titles were read, as follows:

Senate Bill No. 287.

An Act to validate all sales public and private and all mortgages of real estate of decedents heretofore made under authority of orphans courts upon petition of executors or administrators

Senate Bill No. 401.

An Act authorizing George F. Pawling a resident of the City of Philadelphia successor to Bergdoll and Pawling to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

Senate Bill No. 294.

An Act to further protect the rights and liberty of the people of this Commonwealth when under arrest upon a bailable criminal charge making its infraction a misdemeanor and providing punishment therefor

Senate Bill No. 289.

An Act amending section nine of an act as amended by the act of seventeenth April one thousand nine hundred and five Pamphlet Laws one hundred and eighty-five approved the fifth day of May one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine entitled "An Act supplementing and amending an act entitled 'An Act to establish an intermediate court of

appeal regulating its constitution officers jurisdiction powers practice and its relation to the Supreme Court and other courts providing for the reports of its decisions the compensation of the judges and other officers and the practice and costs on appeals from its judgments' approved June twenty-fourth Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five" and increasing the amount to which the judges of the Superior Court shall be entitled to be reimbursed for the sums expended by them in each year for expenses incurred in the discharge of their duties for the help of stenographers typewriters or clerks and regulating the time and manner of such reimbursement

Senate Bill No. 294.

An Act requiring certain petitions and papers to be verified before being considered by the court

Senate Bill No. 176.

An Act to provide for the better protection and preservation of deer and elk squirrels and certain birds classed as game birds within the Commonwealth providing a method through which certain lands in the Commonwealth may be closed to hunting for a term of years and prescribing penalties for violation of its several provisions

Whereupon,

The Speaker, in the presence of the House, signed the same.

SENATE MESSAGE.

SENATE BILLS FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced presented for concurrence bills numbered and entitled as follows:

Senate Bill No. 564 (House Bill No. 1249).

An Act authorizing the Commissioner of Labor and Industry to appoint additional officers and employes in the Department of Labor and Industry fixing their duties and salaries and increasing the salaries of the Chief Medical Inspector Chief of the Bureau of Statistics and Information and the Chief Clerk

Referred to the Committee on Labor and Industry.

Senate Bill No. 640 (House Bill No. 1250),

An Act making an appropriation to the State Highway Department to cover deficiency in the general appropriation of one thousand nine hundred and thirteen for acquiring turnpike roads

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

RESOLUTION FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced presented the following extract from the Journal of the Senate which was read as follows:

In the Senate, March 31st, 1915.

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur) That Senate Bill No. 162, entitled:

An Act providing for the establishment regulation and maintenance by the Board of Game Commissioners of State Game Preserves on the Forestry Reservations and elsewhere and providing penalties for violation of this act

be recalled from the Governor on account of clerical errors in the delivering of wrong copy of said bill to the Governor.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for its concurrence.

On the question,

Will the House concur in the resolution?

It was concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

RECESS.

The SPEAKER. If there is no objection, the Chair will declare a recess until 7.30 o'clock tonight.

Whereupon (at one o'clock P. M.) the House took a recess until 7.30 P. M.

AFTER RECESS.

The House reconvened at 7.30 o'clock P. M.

Mr. HESS (Speaker pro tempore) in the Chair.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. MILLIRON, from the Committee on Mines and Mining, reported as committed, House Bill No. 806, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the ninth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the bituminous coal mines of Pennsylvania and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith"

Mr. LAUER, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as amended House Bill No. 411, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the first day of May one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act regulating the letting of certain contracts for the erection construction and alteration of public buildings" by providing that it shall include mason brick and concrete work whenever the same shall cost one-fourth of the entire contract

Mr. WOOD, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1178, entitled:

An Act to repeal the act approved the seventh day of June one thousand nine hundred seven entitled "An Act to prevent physicians and surgeons from testifying in civil cases to communications made to them by their patients except in civil cases brought by their patients for damages on account of personal injuries"

Mr. ALCORN, from the Committee on Agriculture, reported as amended, House Bill No. 610, entitled:

An Act to amend an act, approved the twenty-fourth day of July, one thousand nine hundred thirteen, entitled "An Act defining commodities; regulating the sale thereof; and providing penalties for violation thereof."

Mr. MARVIN, from the Committee on Mines and Mining, reported as amended, House Bill No. 553, entitled:

An Act to provide for the safety of persons employed in and about the anthracite coal mines of this Commonwealth, by providing that no person or persons shall be conveyed into or from the mines by way of perpendicular shafts except in cages of steel frame construction and fixing a penalty for violations thereof.

Mr. RICH, from the Committee on Mines and Mining, reported as committed, House Bill No. 945, entitled:

An Act to amend an act, approved the fifteenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eleven, entitled "An Act requiring owners, lessees, or operators of bitumionus coal or clay mines to furnish the owners or lessees of adjoining coal or clay lands with maps of the mines and workings along the division line of such coal or clay lands, and permitting the owners or lessees of such adjoining coal or clay lands to enter such mines and make surveys, and to verify the accuracy of such maps."

Mr. MAURER, from the Committee on Labor and Industry, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1249 (Senate Bill No. 564), entitled:

An Act authorizing the Commissioner of Labor and Industry to appoint additional officers and employes in the Department of Labor and Industry fixing their duties and salaries and increasing the salaries of the Chief Medical Inspector Chief of the Bureau of Statistics and Information and the Chief Clerk.

Mr. LANIUS, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed, (Senate Bill No. 503) House Bill No. 1224, entitled:

An Act making mortgages given by benevolent charitable philanthropic educational and eleemosynary institutions corporations or unincorporated associations for permanent improvements and refunding purposes prior liens to the liens of the Commonwealth for the appropriation of moneys providing for a method for the giving of such mortgages and fixing the duties of the Auditor General and the Board of Public Charities in connection therewith.

Mr. CHRISTMAN, from the Committee on Elections, reported as committed (Senate Bill No. 301) House Bill No. 986, entitled:

An Act requiring justices of the peace and aldermen to file acceptance of office with the prothonotary of the proper county and requiring prothonotaries to certify such acceptance together with the election of justices and aldermen before commissions shall issue

Mr. RININGER, from the Committee on Corporations, reported as committed (Senate Bill No. 372) House Bill No. 1116, entitled:

An Act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act authorizing certain corporations to issue preferred stock of one or more classes providing for the manner of issuance restrictions and regulations in the matter of voting thereof and the rights and privileges of the holders thereof and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent therewith"

approved May twenty-eighth one thousand nine hundred and thirteen (Pamphlet Laws three hundred and seventy-eight)

Mr. LIPSCHUTZ, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1158, entitled:

An Act designating the myrtle (lysimachia nummularia) as the state flower of Pennsylvania.

Mr. MYERS, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 970, entitled:

An Act to amend certain paragraphs of section one, also section four, five, twelve, thirteen, twenty, twenty-two, thirty, thirty-two and thirty-seven of an act entitled "An Act providing when, how, upon what property, and to what extent, liens shall be allowed for taxes, and for municipal improvements ,and for the removal of nuisances; the procedure upon claims filed therefor; the methods for preserving such liens and enforcing payment of such claims; the effect of judicial sales of the properties liened, and the manner of distributing the proceeds of such sales," approved the fourth day of June, Anno Dimini one thousand nine hundred and one (Pamphlet Laws three hundred sixty-four) as one of said paraprapph of section one, and said fourth and fifth sections were amended by an act, approved the nineteenth day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and three (Pamphlet Laws forty-one) as section twelve was amended by an act approved the twenty-first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred thirteen (Pamphlet Laws two hundred eighty-six) and as section thirty-two was amended by an act approved the twentieth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven (Pamphlet Laws one thousand seventy-six)

Mr. MYERS, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed House Bill No. 1151, entitled:

An Act fixing the compensation for commissioners of townships of the first class

Mr. HACKETT, from the Committee on Fisheries, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1169 (Senate Bill No. 429), entitled:

An Act to give protection to and regulate the catching or taking or having possession of within this Commonwealth of bullfrogs and tadpoles and providing and imposing a penalty for violation of its provisions and repealing all acts inconsistent herewith

Mr. WOBENSMITH, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1174 (Senate Bill No. 545), entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to amend and act entitled "An Act authorizing companies incorporated under the laws of any other State of the United States for the manufacture of any form of iron steel or glass to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments and to take have and hold real estate necessary and proper for manufacturing purposes" approved the ninth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one extending the same to companies formed for the purpose of quarrying slate granite stone or rocks or for dressing polishing working or manufacturing the same or any of them and to mineral springs companies incorporated for the purpose of bottling and selling natural mineral springs water' approved the sixteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three" approved the nineteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one extending the same to companies formed for the purposes of manufacturing and selling chemicals foodstuffs cement and cement products and the quarrying of cement rock' approved May twenty-eight one thousand nine hundred and seven extending the same to companies incorporated for the manufacture buying selling leasing using and operation of electrical apparatus and machinery and articles of every kind appertaining to or in any wise connected with the production use regulation control distribution or application of electricity or electrical energy or products for any use or purpose constructing acquiring using selling buying or leasing any works construction or plant or part thereof connected with or involving such use distribution regulation control or application of electricity or the control or use of electrical apparatus for any purpose and of producing furnishing and supplying electricity or electrical apparatus in any form for any purpose and to carry on a general manufacturing business" approved the twenty-third day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven extending the same to corporations engaged in the manufacture buying selling dealing in and using of collapsible tubes and metal specialties.

Mr. EVANS, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as amended, House Bill No.. 1147, entitled:

An Act fixing the salaries of the associate judges of the courts of this Commonwealth.

Mr. STERN, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 984 (Senate Bill No. 293), entitled:

An Act to amend section four of an act entitled "An Act to regulate the doing of business in this Commonwealth by foreign corporations the registration thereof and service of process thereon and providing punishment and penalties for the violation of its provisions and repealing previous legislation on the subject" approved the eighth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven.

Mr. HESS, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1191, entitled:

An Act designating the Sweet Pea (Lathyrus odoratus) as the floral emblem or state flower of Pennsylvania.

Mr. ERDMAN, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1222 (Senate Bill No. 386), entitled:

An Act to authorize the judges of the courts of common pleas of judicial districts having separate orphans' courts to hear and determine all matters in such courts at the request of the judges thereof.

Mr. HESS, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1038, entitled:

An Act to provide for the modification of the plans of the new Western Penitentiary of Centre County so as to provide larger or additional buildings in order to accommodate the inmates of the Eastern Penitentiary as well as of the Western Penitentiary for the consolidation of said institutions into one to be known as the State Penitentiary of Pennsylvania.

Mr. WEST, from the Committee on Mines and Mining, reported as committed, House Bill No. 608, entitled:

An Act amending section seven of an act entitled "An Act to amend sections one, two, three and seven of an act approved the third day of May, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine, entitled "An Act to amend sections one, two, three and seven of an act approved the third day of May, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five, entitled "An Act amending sections one, two, three, seven and fifteen, article two, of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the anthracite coal mines of Pennsylvania, and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith," approved June eighth, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one (Pamphlet Laws, one thousand nine hundred and one, page five hundred and thirty-five, et cetera); increascreasing the number of inspectors and inspection districts, providing for the examination of candidates for Dauphin county, and providing for certain redistricting of inspectors," granting to the qualified electors of Sullivan, Susquehanna and Wayne counties the right to participate in the election of mine inspectors of the second inspection district so as to increase the number of inspection districts by making the counties of Susquehanna, Wayne and Sullivan a separate district; providing for the appointment of a board of examiners for said district, and for the examination and election of an insepctor therefor, and for the appointment of an insepctor therefor until such time as an inspector should be duly elected," approved the fifth day of May, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven; increasing the number of inspectors to be elected in the first and second inspection districts.

Mr. HUBLER, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1175, entitled:

An Act authorizing Emma Lorah of Luzerne County to bring suit against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in the Court of Common Pleas of Dauphin County.

Mr. HUBLER, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1168, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the 21st day of May, A. D. 1913 (P. L. 283), entitled "An Act to amend section eighteen of an act approved the twenty-eighth day of April, one thousand eight hundred ninety-nine, entitled 'An Act to provide for the classification of the townships of the Commonwealth with respect to their population, into two classes, and to prescribe the form of government for townships of each class,"

Mr. FRUIT, from the Committee on Judiciary General, re-reported as amended, House Bill No. 27, entitled:

An Act relating to county officers in counties having less than one hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants and providing for their salaries and the compensation of deputies and clerks in the respective county offices requiring the payment into the respective county treasury of the fees of county officers and providing penalties for violations of this act

Mr. HEFFERNAN, from the Committee on Election, re-reported as committed, House Bill No. 241, entitled:

An Act to repeal an act approved the fifth day of March one thousand nine hundred and six entitled "An Act to provide for the personal registration of electors in cities of the third class of this Commonwealth to make such registration a condition of the right to vote in such cities and to provide penalties for violation of its provisions"

Mr. STEIN, from the Committee on Judiciary General, re-reported as amended, House Bill No. 731, entitled:

An Act providing for the appropriation of certain moneys to the organizations constituting and having in charge the distribution of various police pension funds throughout the Commonwealth of Pennsylvana and defining the duties of certain officers in relation thereto

Mr. STEIN, from the Committee on Judiciary General, re-reported as amended, House Bill No. 824, entitled:

An Act providing that all horse-drawn vehicles in all cities of the first and second class, except those used for pleasure shall have on the sides of such vehicles in legible letters the name and the address of the owner together with a designating number if more than one vehicle is used providing for arrest and proceedings for violation of the act prescribing the penalties therefor

Mr. LIPSCHUTZ, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported with a negative recommendation, House Bill No. 1089, entitled:

An Act to prohibit the sentencing of offenders to religious, denominational or sectarian institutions and providing penalties

Mr. POWELL, from the Committee on Elections, reported with a negative recommendation, House Bill No. 846, entitled:

An Act to further amend an act entitled "An Act to regulate the nomination and election of public officers, requiring certain expenses incident thereto to be paid by the several counties, and punishing certain offenses in regard to such elections," approved the tenth day of June, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three, by changing the form of the ballot and regulating the method of marking the same.

Mr. KUHN, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported with a negative recommendation, House Bill No. 1039, entitled:

An Act regulating the employment of persons on the public works within the Commonwealth.

Mr. SWAN, from the Committee on Elections, reported with a negative recommendation, House Bill No. 844, entitled:

An Act to further regulate the nomination of public officers by providing that the right of a party to nominate at a primary or by certificate shall be determined by the vote cast at the preceding primary, except that associations of electors nominating by nomination papers may nominate at the next succeeding primary or election, and to repeal laws or parts of laws inconsistent therewith

Mr. ARNOLD, from the Committee on Mines and Mining, reported with a negative recommendation, House Bill No. 421, entitled:

An Act regulating the use of lamps in certain bituminous coal mines and providing a penalty.

Mr. WEST, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported with a negative recommendation, House Bill No. 1021, entitled:

An Act authorizing the attachment of ten per centum of wages or salary due defendants in judgments obtained for food, clothing or other usual necessaries of life, providing for the payment of the costs in such attachment proceedings, and limiting the amount of exemption to be allowed defendants in such judgments.

Mr. RAMSEY, from the Committee on Municipal Corporations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1213, entitled:

An Act providing for the appointment of a Board of Visitors for institutions, societies, and associations, caring for dependent, neglected or delinquent children, and making it the duty of the said board of visitation, to visit all such institutions within this Commonwealth which receive inmates from the respective counties, and are in whole or in part supported and managed by the Commonwealth, and all institutions, societies and associations that are wholly or in part supported and managed by the respective counties, or cities, boroughs or townships, or poor districts of such counties of the Commonwealth, and providing for the making of nominations or appointments on such Boards of Visitation.

Mr. BOVEE, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed (Senate Bill No. 640) House Bill No. 1250, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the State Highway Department to cover a deficiency in the general appropriation of one thousand nine hundred and thirteen for acquiring turnpike roads

Mr. BROSIUS, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1187, entitled:

An Act authorizing the consular officers of foreign nations to act as administrators of estates of citizens of their respective nations and to represent the legal heirs of such decedents resident in foreign countries.

Mr. DODDS, from the Committee on Mines and Mining, reported as amended, House Bill No. 575, entitled:

An Act relating to and regulating the employment of persons in compressed air work.

Mr. HOWARTH, from the Committee on Municipal Corporations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1172 (Senate Bill No. 489), entitled:

An Act to authorize the city of Williamsport to acquire if necessary and in all events to maintain for the purpose of securing and improving the general sanitary conditions of said city, the dam which was erected by the Susquehanna Boom Company across the West Branch of the Susquehanna river at a point near the intersection of Hepburn street with said river in said city.

Mr. LAULER, from the Committee on Municipal Corporations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1181, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-first day of March, one thousand nine hundred seven, entitled "An Act authorizing the county commissioners of the several counties, or the town councils of the several boroughs of this Commonwealth, or both, to appropriate annually a sufficient sum of money to each Post of the Grand Army of the Republic in their respective counties or boroughs, to aid in defraying the expenses of Memorial Day," as amended.

Mr. SPANGLER, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1125 (Senate Bill No. 528), entitled:

An Act to regulate the assessment on seated lands where township lines divide a tract of land and to determine the residence of owners and occupants of land when the dividing line between any two townships passes through the mansion house and prescribing the duties of assessors in such cases.

Mr. WALTON, from the Committee on Municipal Corporations, re-reported as amended, House Bill No. 433, entitled:

An Act defining trading stamps as including stamps coupons tickets cards certificates and other similar devices given with a sale or bailment of merchandise regulating and licensing the sale furnishing and giving of trading stamps and providing penalties for the violation thereof

Mr. GLASS, from the Committee on Municipal Corporations, reported with a negative recommendation, House Bill No. 843, entitled:

An Act relating to the councils of cities of the first class of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

The Chair asked and obtained unanimous consent to refer the following petitions and bills:

PETITIONS.

PROTESTING AGAINST REPEAL OF THE FULL CREW LAW.

The SPEAKER presented the petition of the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen of West Chester protesting against the repeal of the Full Crew Law.

Also the petition of the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen, West Branch Lodge No. 862, protesting against the repeal of the Full Crew Law.

Also the petition of the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen. A. L. Winkelman Lodge No. 742, protesting against the repeal of the Full Crew Law.

Referred to the Committee on Railroads.

PROTESTING AGAINST THE PASSAGE OF BILL ESTABLISHING MILITARY TRAINING IN PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

The SPEAKER presented the petition of the Civic Club of Allegheny County protesting against the passage of bill establishing military training in connection with public schools.

Also the petition of the State Federation of Pennsylvania Women protesting against the passage of bill establishing military training in connection with public schools.

Referred to the Committee on Military

BILLS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED.

By Mr. BODY. House Bill No. 1234.

An Act making an appropriation for the purchase of a collection of Indian relics for the State Museum

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. GANS. House Bill No. 1235.

An Act to repeal an act entitled "An Act to provide for the erection of a poor house for the better relief and employment of the poor in the townships of Oxford and Lower Dublin, in the County of Philadelphia," approved the eleventh day of April one thousand eight hundred and seven, and the various supplements thereto; also providing for the settlement of the accounts of the board of directors and also providing for the disposal of all the property held by said board of directors under the said act of the eleventh day of April one thousand eight hundred and seven and its various supplements.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. MILLIRON. House Bill No. 1236.

An Act to permit the Department of Forestry to enter into co-operative agreements with county, township, municipal and private agencies for the prevention and suppression of forest fire, and providing a method of payment of the expenses arising thereunder.

Referred to the Committee on Forestry.

By Mr. DELL. House Bill No. 1237.

An Act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act to designate the several judicial districts of the Commonwealth as required by the Constitution, and to provide for the election, appointment and commissioning of judges learned in the law for the said districts in cases where such judges are not provided for by existing law" approved the eighteenth day of July one thousand nine hundred one

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. FRUIT. House Bill No. 1238.

A Supplement to an act entitled "An Act to fix the salaries of the several State officers of the Commonwealth the number of clerks to be employed in the several departments and their compensation and providing for the incidental expenses of said departments" approved May fourteenth one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four fixing the salaries of the clerks in the Department of Public Instruction

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. FRUIT. House Bill No. 1239.

An Act to enable city county poor ward school borough and township tax collectors their executors and administrators if they are deceased or either surety or sureties if the surety or sureties have paid the taxes to collect taxes for the payment of which they have become personally liable without having collected the same by the expiration of the authority of their respective bonds or by the expiration of the authority of their respective warrants or by the expiration of their terms of office and to extend the time for the collection of the same for a period of two years from the passage of this act

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. HORTON. House Bill No. 1240.

An Act authorizing cemetery corporations to assess lot owners for certain purposes and to enforce the payment of the assessment

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

By Mr. McNICHOL. House Bill No. 1241.

An Act amending section four of an act approved the twelfth day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act regulating certain political parties providing for and regulating the nomination of candidates of such political parties for certain public offices the election of delegates and alternate delegates to National party conventions and of certain party officers including State committemen a method whereby electors of such political parties may express their choice of candidates for the office of President of the United States and the payment by the several counties and their reimbursement by the State of the expenses of the same authorizing the State committee of a political party to make and to alter amend and revoke rules and providing penalties for the violation of the provisions of this act and for the punishment of certain offenses provided for herein and repealing inconsistent legislation"

Referred to the Committee on Elections.

By Mr. OAKS. House Bill No. 1242.

An Act relating to public highways and the maintenance thereof

Referred to the Committee on Public Roads.

By Mr. BAUERLE. House Bill No. 1252.

An Act authorizing the Board of Public Charities to change the plans and specifications for the buildings grounds plants machinery and repairs of certain charitable and penal institutions and requiring such buildings grounds plants machinery and repairs to be constructed or made in accordance with such changed plans and specifications

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

SENATE MESSAGE.

SENATE BILLS FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, presented for concurrence bills numbered and entitled as follows:

Senate Bill No. 409 (House Bill No. 1243).

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution of this Commonwealth in accordance with provisions of the eighteenth (XVIII) article thereof

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Senate Bill No. 423 (House Bill No. 1244).

An Act regulating the printing of the laws of this Commonwealth

Referred to the Committee on Printing.

Senate Bill No. 428 (House Bill No. 1245).

An Act to create in Pennsylvania what shall be known as "Bird Day" and requiring all teachers in our public schools upon that day to make a special effort in teaching the value of the lifework of birds to our people

Referred to the Committee on Education.

Senate Bill No. 459 (House Bill No. 1246).

An Act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act permitting in cetrain cases imposition of costs upon the proper county in proceedings for the commitment of an alleged insane person" approved the twentieth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Senate Bill No. 468 (House Bill No. 1247).

An Act supplementing and amending section nine of an act entitled "An Act establishing a court for the county of Philadelphia prescribing its jurisdiction and powers providing for the service of its writs process or warrants by the proper officers of the county or city of Phiiladelphia regulating the procedure therein and appeals therefrom and providing for the expenses thereof" approved the twelfth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen by increasing the amount of salary to be paid to the chief probation officer and to additional probation officers

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Senate Bill No. 507 (House Bill No. 1248).

An Act authorizing John E. Joos a resident of the City of Pittsburgh Allegheny county Pennsylvania to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Senate Bill No. 31 (House Bill No. 1251).

An Act amending section five of an act entitled "An Act to establish a county court for the County of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof" approved the fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven by changing the manner of appointment and of determining the number duties and compensation of clerks and other assistants

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

HOUSE BILL NO. 730 MADE A SPECIAL ORDER.

Mr. COX. Mr. Speaker, I move that House Bill No. 730, File Folio 4119, entitled:

An Act to provide for the health safety and welfare of minors by forbidding their employment or work in certain establishments and occupations and under certain specified ages by restricting their hours of labor and regulating certain conditions of their employment by requiring employment certificates for certain minors and prescribing the kinds thereof and the rules for the issuance re-issuance filing return and recording of the same by providing that the Industrial Board shall under certain conditions determine and declare whether certain occupations are within the prohibitions of this act requiring that certain minors shall during the period of their employment attend certain schools to be approved by the State Superintendent of Public Instruction and regulating the conditions of such attendance authorizing the State Board of Education in certain cases to appoint attendance officers to aid in enforcing the provisions of this act and creating the salary and expenses of such officers a charge against the school district wherein they are employed requiring certain abstracts and notices to be posted providing for the enforcement of this act by the Commissioner of Labor and Industry the attendance officers of school districts and police officers pertaining private prosecutions for violation thereof and defining the procedure in prosecutions thereunder and establishing certain presumptions in relation thereto providing penalties for the violation of the provisions thereof and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent therewith

be made a special order of business on second reading for Tuesday, April 6th, 1915, at eleven o'clock A. M.

Mr. FORSTER. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the motion?

It was argeed to.

SENATE MESSAGE.

AMENDED HOUSE BILL RETURNED FOR CONCURRENCE

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, returned bill from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 573:

An Act to amend section eighteen of an act entitled "An Act providing for the original location laying out and construction of public roads or highways in the several counties of this Commonwealth and for the permanent improvement of certain public roads or highways therein making such originally constructed or improved roads and highways county roads authorizing the relocation opening straightening widening extension and alteration of the same and the vacation of so much of any road as may thereby become unnecessary providing that the county commissioners of any county may prescribe rules regulating the use of roads constructed or maintained by the various counties and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing for the taking of property for such improvement the compensation to be paid therefor and the payment of damages resulting from such taking and the manner in which such damages may be determined providing for the payment of the costs and expenses of such construction or improvement and in thereafter repairing and maintaining said roads authorizing the levy of a tax or the issuing of bonds to provide a fund for the expense thereof prescrbiing a method for improving a county road lying within or traversing a borough and apportioning the cost of such improvement and authorizing the vacation of any county road" approved the eleventh day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven as the same was amended by an act approved the twelfth day of May one thousand nine hundred and thirteen by authorizing counties to contract with municipalities in the improvement of certain streets of such municipalities connecting with a county road providing for the cost thereof prescribing the method by which the contract for such improvement shall be made and imposing the cost of the maintenance of such streets on the municipalities

with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 1, line 128, by striking out the word "city" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "municipality."

Also in line 136, after the word "municipality" insert the words "in which case upon the completion of said road all further liability and responsibility of the county shall cease and determine."

Also in line 139, after the second word "the" strike out the words "cost thereof paid by the municipality to the county," and insert in lieu thereof the words "share of the municipality shall be paid annually to the county."

On the question,

Will the House concur in the said amendments?

Mr. McCAIG. Mr. Speaker, I am satisfied with the amendments and ask the House to concur.

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—139.

Albee,	Evans,	Lauer,	Scott,
Alcorn,	Flynn,	Lindsey,	Shaffer,
Alexander,	Forster,	Lipschutz,	Shoop,
Arnold,	Gallagher,	Luxemburger,	Showalter,
Aron,	Gans,	Marvin,	Smith, J. W.,
Arthur,	Garner,	Mather,	Smith, Jeff. W.,
Baldwin,	Geary,	McArdle,	Sones,
Bauerle,	Geiser,	McCaig.	Spangler,
Beck,	Gibson,	McClintock,	Spencer,
Becker,	Gingery,	McConnell,	Staving,
Benninger,	Gompers,	McCurdy,	Steedle,
Bergy,	Goodmough,	McDermott,	Stern,
Beyer,	Goodwin,	McNichol,	Swan,
Blackburn,	Goodyear,	McVicar,	Swartz,
Body,	Graham,	Mellott,	Taylor,
Bovee,	Greenwood,	Metzenbacher,	Thomas,
Brumbaugh,	Hackett,	Milliron,	Trach,
Bungard,	Harper,	Murphy,	Twibill,
Campbell, T.,	Heffernan,	Myers,	Vickerman,
Christman,	Herman,	Neville,	Walsh,
Coldsmith,	Hess,	Oaks,	Watson,
Conner,	Heyburn,	Ostrander,	Weir,
Corbin,	Hollern,	Palmer,	West,
Cox,	Hollingsworth,	Peters,	Wettach,
Cromer,	Howarth,	Phillips,	Whitaker,
Curry,	Hubler,	Pickering,	Whitten,
Dawson,	Jack,	Powell,	Wildman,
Dell,	Jones, E. E.,	Reel,	Williams,
Dodds,	Jones, W. W.,	Rich,	Wilson, H. I.,
Drinkhouse,	Kitts,	Rininger,	Wilson, W. H.,
Dunn,	Klinger,	Rinn,	Wobensmith,
Eby,	Kuhn,	Robertson,	Wood,
Ehrhardt,	Kunkle,	Rowell,	Woodward,
Eppley,	Lafferty,	Sarig,	Young,
Erdman,	Lanius,	Schaeffer,	Ambler, Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative, and the amendments concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Private Secretary of the Governor being introduced presented the following communication from the Governor, which was read as follows:

APPROVAL OF RESOLUTION.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, March 31st, 1915.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed a resolution of the Senate and House recalling House Bill No. 543, entitled "An Act to amend an act approved the ninth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eleven, entitled 'An Act to provide for the appointment of deputy prothonotaries in counties of Commonwealth having a population of more than two hundred fifty thousand and less than a million, defining their qualificaitons, powers and salary.'"

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

RECONSIDERATION OF VOTE.

Mr. POWELL. Mr. Speaker, I move that the vote by which House Bill No. 543 passed finally be reconsidered.

Mr. DELL. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Mr. POWELL. Mr. Speaker, I move that the vote by which this bill passed third reading be reconsidered.

Mr. DELL. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. POWELL. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to offer amendments at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk for information.

The Clerk then read the amendments as follows:

Amend section 1, lines 25, 26 and 27, by striking out the words: "He shall also appoint subject to existing law as many assistant deputies as he shall deem necessary in the performance of the work of the office." and inserting in lieu thereof the following

"Any clerk in the office of such prothonotary designated by the prothonotary shall have the power of deputy prothonotary so far as relates to the administration of oaths and affirmations in the performance of the work of the office"

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to the insertion of the amendments at this time? Is there any objection? The Chair hears none and the amendments will be inserted in accordance with the instructions of the House.

The bill as amended was then agreed to on third reading.

Ordered, That the bill, as amended, lie over for printing.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Mr. KITTS asked and received unanimous consent to call up House Bill No. 1048, File Folio 3681, on page fourteen of today's calendar, bills on third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1048, entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act providing that in all counties having more than five hundred thousand inhabitants advertisements and notices required by law or rules of court to be published in newspapers of general circulation unless dispensed with by special order of court shall be published in the legal newspaper issued at least weekly of the proper county designated by rules of court for the publication of court or other legal notices" approved May third one thousand nine hundred and nine so as to include all counties having more than one hundred thousand population

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. KITTS. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to offer an amendment at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk for information.

The Clerk then read the amendment as follows:

Amend section 1, line 29, by striking out the word "service" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "services."

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to the insertion of the amendment at this time? Is there any objection? The Chair hears none and the amendment will be inserted in accordance with the instructions of the House.

The bill as amended was then agreed to on third reading.

Ordered, That the bill, as amended, lie over for printing.

SENATE MESSAGE.

AMENDED HOUSE BILL RETURNED FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced returned bill from the House of Representatives, numbered and entitled as follows:

House Bill No. 110.

An Act to amend an act approved the twelfth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act providing for the establishment and maintenance of boards of health in boroughs and townships of the first class and defining their powers and duties providing for the appointment of members of such boards of health by the president of the borough councils or by the chairman of the board of commissioners of such townships providing for the election of a secretary and a health officer providing that the Commissioner of Health may take charge of the administration of health laws in any borough or township of the first class when conditions therein in his opinion constitute a menace to the lives or health of the people living outside the corporate limits of such borough or township of the first class or when it may be known to him that such borough or township of the first class is without an existing or efficient board of health and providing the manner in which the expenses of boards of health or of the Commissioner of Health incurred in administering health laws in any borough or township of the first class shall be paid"

with the information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The Clerk then read the amendments as follows:

Amend section 1, line 40, by striking out the word "arrest" after the word "the"; also by striking out the words "And treatment" after the word "separation"; in line 44, after the word "health" strike out the words "to enforce vaccination"; in line 47, after the words "soil pipes" strike out the words "sewer pipes."

On the question,

Will the House concur in the amendments made by the Senate?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—162.

Albee,	Gibson,	McCaig,	Smith, J. W.,
Alcorn,	Gingery,	McClintock,	Smith, Jeff. W.,
Arnold,	Glass,	McClure,	Smith, L.,
Aron,	Glenn,	McConnell,	Sones,
Arthur,	Gompers,	McCurdy,	Spangler,
Baldwin,	Goodnough,	McDermott,	Spencer,
Bauerle,	Goodyear,	McNichol,	Statler,
Beck,	Graham,	McVicar,	Staving,
Benn,	Greenwood,	Metzenbacher,	Steedle,
Benninger,	Habgood,	Milliron,	Stein,
Bergy,	Hackett,	Murphy,	Stern,
Beyer,	Hamilton,	Myers,	Stone,
Blackburn,	Harper,	Neville,	Sullivan,
Body,	Heffernan,	Nieder,	Swan,
Bovee,	Herman,	Oaks,	Swartz,
Brumbaugh,	Hess,	Ostrander,	Taylor,
Bungard,	Heyburn,	Palmer,	Thomas,
Christman,	Hibshman,	Perry,	Trach,
Coldsmith,	Hollern,	Peters,	Twibill,
Conner,	Howarth,	Phillips,	Vickerman,
Corbin,	Hubler,	Pickering,	Vogdes,
Cox,	Jack,	Powell,	Walsh,
Cromer,	Jones, W. W.,	Ramsey,	Walton,
Curry,	Kaiser,	Reel,	Watson,
Davis,	Kitts,	Reynolds,	Weimer,
Dell,	Klinger,	Rhoads,	Weir,
Dodds,	Kuhn,	Rich,	West,
Drinkhouse,	Kunkle,	Rininger,	Whitaker,
Dunn,	Lafferty,	Rinn,	Whitten,
Ehrhardt,	Lanius,	Robertson,	Wildman,
Erdman,	Lauer,	Rothenberger,	Willard,
Evans,	Lauler,	Rowell,	Williams,
Fackler,	Leighner,	Sampsel,	Wilson, W. H.,
Finnerty,	Lipschutz,	Sarig,	Wobensmith,
Forster,	Love,	Schaeffer,	Wood,
Fruit,	Luppert,	Scott,	Woodward,
Gallagher,	Luxemburger,	Shaaber,	Wylie,
Gans,	Marvin,	Shaffer,	Young,
Garner,	Mather,	Shoop,	Ambler,
Geary,	Maurer,	Showalter,	Speaker.
Geiser,	McArdle,	Sinclair,	

NAYS—1.

Baker,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative, and the amendments were concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

SENATE MESSAGE.

AMENDED HOUSE BILL RETURNED FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, returned bill from the House of Representatives, numbered and entitled as follows:

House Bill No. 74.

An Act to quiet the title to real estate and to enable citizens of the United States and corporations authorized to hold real estate within this Commonwealth to hold and convey title to real estate which has been formerly held by or for corporations not authorized by law to hold the same

with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendment in which the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The Clerk read the amendment as follows:

Amend section 1, lines 13 and 14, by inserting after the word "Commonwealth" the following: "This act shall not apply to escheat cases now in litigation."

On the question,

Will the House concur in the amendment made by the Senate?

Mr. GLASS. Mr. Speaker, the amendment is accepted by the author of this bill.

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—162.

Adams,	Forster,	Lauler,	Schaeffer,
Albee,	Fretz,	Leighner,	Scott,
Alcorn,	Fruit,	Lindsey,	Shaaber
Arnold,	Gallagher,	Lipschutz,	Shaffer,

Aron,	Gans,	Love,	Shoop,
Arthur,	Garner,	Luxemburger,	Showalter,
Baldwin,	Geiser,	Marvin,	Sinclair,
Bauerle,	Gibson,	Mather,	Smith, J. W.,
Beck,	Gingery,	Maurer,	Smith, Jeff. W.,
Becker,	Glass,	McCaig,	Snyder,
Benn,	Glenn,	McClintock,	Sones,
Benninger,	Gompers,	McClure,	Spangler,
Bergy,	Goodnough,	McCurdy,	Spencer,
Beyer,	Goodwin,	McDermott,	Statler,
Blackburn,	Goodyear,	McNichol,	Staving,
Body,	Graham,	McVicar,	Steedle,
Bovee,	Gransback,	Metzenbacher,	Stein,
Brosius,	Greenwood,	Milliron,	Stern,
Brumbaugh,	Habgood,	Murdoch,	Stone,
Bungard,	Hackett,	Myers,	Sullivan,
Campbell, J. O.,	Hamilton,	Neville,	Swartz,
Campbell, T.,	Harper,	Nieder,	Taylor,
Christman,	Heffernan,	Oaks.	Thomas,
Coldsmith,	Herman,	Ostrander,	Trebill,
Conner,	Hess,	Palmer,	Vogdes,
Corbin,	Heyburn,	Peters,	Wagner,
Cox,	Hibshman,	Phillips,	Walsh,
Cromer,	Hollern,	Pickering,	Walton,
Curry,	Hollingsworth,	Powell,	Watson,
Davis,	Horton,	Ramsey,	Weir,
Dawson,	Howarth,	Reel,	West,
Dell,	Hubler,	Reynolds,	Wettach,
Diefenderfer,	Jack,	Rich,	Whitaker,
Dodds,	Jones, E. E.,	Rininger,	Whitten,
Drinkhouse,	Jones, W. W.,	Rinn,	Willard.
Dunn,	Kitts,	Robertson,	Wobensmith,
Eby,	Kunkle,	Rothenberger,	Wood,
Ehrhardt,	Lafferty,	Rowell,	Wynne,
Erdman,	Landis.	Sampsel,	Ambler,
Evans,	Lanius,	Sarig,	Speaker.
Finnerty,	Lauer,		
Flynn,			

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative, and the amendments were concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

BILLS SIGNED BY SPEAKER.

The Speaker announced that the Chief Clerk having reported that the following bills had passed both Houses of the General Assembly and the same being correct, the titles were read as follows:

House Bill No. 770.

An Act relative to the burial of the bodies of certain indigent deceased widows at the county expense

House Bill No. 169.

A Joint Resolution providing for a commission to investigate the advisability of the purchase by the Commonwealth of certain property in Philadelphia opposite Independence Hall as a public park

House Bill No. 240.

An Act creating a reward or bounty for the destruction of certain noxious animals killed within the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania providing a method for the payment of the same and providing the method of furnishing evidence of said desttuction and penalties for the violation of the several provisions hereof

House Bill No. 383.

An Act providing for the organization discipline maintenance and regulation of the militia of the Commonwealth

House Bill No. 410.

A Joint Resolution authorizing the printing and binding of the report of the Commission to consider the Revision and Amendment of the Penal Laws of Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 434.

An Act making an appropriation to refund to Henry S. Reichard of South Bethlehem Pennsylvania money erroneously paid into the State Treasury

House Bill No. 595.

An Act to provide for the immediate printing and distribution of advance sheets of the laws of this Commonwealth as they are enacted from time to time to persons making application therefor and to certain officials

House Bill No.665.

A Joint Resolution directing the publication of the pamphlet containing the Game Fish and Forestry Laws

Whereupon,

The Speaker in the presence of the House signed the same.

SENATE MESSAGE.

AMENDED HOUSE BILL RETURNED FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced returned bill from the House of Representatives, numbered and entitled as follows:

House Bill No. 516.

An Act making an appropriation to the Board of Game Commissioners for the payment of salaries traveling expenses establishment maintenance and protection of game preserves feeding propagation and distribution of game leasing of land for game preservees and various incidental expenses

with the information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The Clerk read the amendments as follows:

Section 1, line 4, strike out the words "three hundred and thirty-four thousand eight hundred dollars ($334,800)" and insert in lieu thereof "three hundred and seven thousand four hundred dollars ($307,400)"

On line seven, insert after the word "Commonwealth" the following: "to be paid out of the receipts from the Residents' Hunters' License Act"

On line 11, strike out the word "five" and insert in lieu thereof the word "four." Also after the word "thousand" insert the words "five hundred" and after the word "dollars" insert the figures "($4,500)" After the word "annum" strike out the word "ten" and insert in lieu thereof the word "nine."

In line 18, after the word "at" strike out the word "fifteen" and insert "sixteen."

In line 19, after the word "thousand" insert the words "two hundred."

In line 23, after the word "dollars" insert the following: "for the payment of the salary of one game protector to be known as a Traveling Game Protector two years at one hundred dollars per month the sum of two thousand four hundred dollars ($2,400)"

In line 28, after the word "of" strike out the words "one hundred" and insert the word "eighty." Also in line 28, after the word "month" strike out "one hundred and twenty" and insert "ninety-six."

In line 40, after the word "twenty" strike out "five."

On the question,

Will the House concur in the amendments of the Senate?

Mr. WOBENSMITH. Mr. Speaker, the amendments are accepted by the author of the bill.

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—174.

Albee,	Gallagher,	Marvin,	Ilter,
Alcorn,	Gans,	Mather,	Sinclair,
Arnold,	Garner,	Maurer,	Smith, J. W.,
Aron,	Geary,	McArdle,	Smith, Jeff. W.,
Arthur,	Geiser,	McClintock,	Snyder,
Baker,	Gibson,	McClure,	Sones,
Baldwin,	Gingery,	McConnell,	Spangler,
Bauerle,	Glass,	McCurdy,	Spencer,
Beck,	Glenn,	McDermott,	Statler,
Becker,	Goodnough,	McNichol,	Staving,
Benn,	Goodyear,	McVicar,	Steedle,
Bergy,	Gormley,	Metzenbacher,	Stein,
Beyer,	Graham,	Milliron,	Stern,
Blackburn,	Greenwood,	Murdoch,	Stone,
Body,	Habgood,	Murphy,	Sullivan,
Bovee,	Hackett,	Myers,	Swan,
Brosius,	Hamilton,	Neville,	Swartz,
Brumbaugh,	Harper,	Nieder,	Taylor,
Bungard,	Heffernan,	Oaks,	Thomas,
Campbell, J. O.,	Herman,	Ostrander,	Trach,
Christman,	Hess,	Palmer,	Twibill,
Coldsmith,	Heyburn,	Perry,	Vickerman,
Conner,	Hibshman,	Peters,	Vogdes,
Corbin,	Hollern,	Phillips,	Walsh,
Cox,	Hollingsworth,	Pickering,	Walton,
Cromer,	Horton,	Powell,	Watson,
Cummins,	Howarth,	Ramsey,	Weaver,
Curry,	Hubler,	Reel,	Weimer,
Davis,	Jack,	Reynolds,	Weir,
Dawson,	Jones, W. W.,	Rhoads,	West,
Dell,	Kaiser,	Rich,	Wettach,
Diefenderfer,	Kitts,	Rininger,	Whitaker,
Dodds,	Kuhn,	Rinn,	Whitten,
Drinkhouse,	Kunkle,	Robertson,	Williams,
Eby,	Lafferty,	Rothenberger,	Wilson, W. H.,
Ehrhardt,	Landis,	Rowell,	Wobensmith,

Eppley,	Lanius,	Rudisill,	Wood,
Erdman,	Lauer.	Sampsel,	Woodward,
Fackler,	Lauler,	Sarig,	Wylie,
Finnerty,	Leighner,	Schaeffer,	Wynne,
Flynn,	Lipschutz,	Scott,	Young,
Forster,	Love,	Shaaber,	Ambler,
Fretz,	Luppert,	Shaffer,	Speaker.
Fruit,	Luxemburger,	Shoop,	

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative, and the amendments were concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 782, as follows:

An Act placing the control and management of county jails and prisons in the several counties of the Commonwealth, and the inmates thereof in boards of prison inspectors providing for the appointment of such boards in each of said counties and for the regulation and government of said jails and prisons and the inmates thereof providing for the payment of the necessary expenses for keeping furnishing and maintaining said jails and prisons by the several counties respectively and prescribing the duties of the commissioners and treasurers respectively of said counties relative to the payment of such expenses

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is herby enacted by the authority of the same That from and after the thirty-first day of December one thousand nine hundred and seventeen the care management government and maintenance of the county jails and prisons of each of the several counties of this Commonwealth and the prisoners therein confined shall be vested in a board of prison inspectors the members of which board shall be appointed in the manner herein prescribed provided that this act shall not apply to county jails and prisons the management of which is now by law vested in boards of prison inspectors or prison commissioners

Section 2 It shall be the duty of the judges of the courts of quarter sessions of each of the counties of this Commonwealth on or before the first Monday of December one thousand nine hundred and seventeen to appoint five discreet intelligent citizens resident taxables of said counties two of whom shall be members of the minority party of the two political parties polling the highest number of votes in said county at the last preceding general election as members of the board of prison inspectors of and for said counties to serve for the term of one year

Section 3 The said board of prison inspectors shall have the powers and duties and be subject to the restriction and penalties contained in the following rules and regulations for the government and maintenance of county jails and prisons hereby prescribed and enacted

ARTICLE I

INSPECTORS AND THEIR DUTIES

Section 1 Each of said boards of prison inspectors shall hold a meeting on the second Monday of December one thousand nine hundred and seventeen and annually thereafter and thereat select of their number a president a secretary and a treasurer They shall keep regular minutes of their proceedings hold stated meetings once a month and special meetings whenever necessary They shall appoint a warden a matron and a physician and shall fix their salaries and compensation as well as those of all other persons employed in and about the prison Provided That in counties where females are seldom imprisoned in the county jail or prison a matron shall be appointed in the manner above provided to serve only for periods during which one or more females shall be imprisoned The said board of prison inspectors shall with the approbation of the court of quarter sessions of said county make such rules for the internal government of said prison as shall not be inconsistent with the constitution and laws of this Commonwealth A majority of said inspectors shall constitute a quorum of the board and may do any of the acts required of said inspectors They shall direct the manner in which all bedding clothing provisions and all articles and supplies necessary for the support and employment of the persons confined in said prisons shall be purchased and also the sale of all articles manufactured therein and shall prescribe the manner in which the convicts confined in said prison shall be employed They shall determine the quantity and kind of food that shall be furnished daily to each person confined in said prison they shall determine the bedding of all convicts and prisoners and if they deem it advisable to prescribe a uniform for male convicts and a kind of a dress to be worn by female convicts fix the color form and pattern of the same in summer and winter They shall by at least one of their number visit the jail or prison at least once a week and oftener if necessary to see that the duties of the several officers and attendants are correctly and strictly performed and to prevent all oppression peculation or other abuse or mis-management of said prison They shall on their visits to the cells speak to each prisoner confined therein and shall not be attended by any of the officers of the prison unless they shall be so required They shall be furnished by the warden with a calendar of the persons confined in said prison and shall by actual inspection see whether all the persons named in the calendar are confined to the respective cells and apartments assigned to them and the convicts employed as directed They shall have power to examine any person under oath or affirmation relative to any abuse or oppression in said jail or prison or other matter within the purview of their office They shall have power with the approbation of the judges of the court of quarter sessions to dismiss the warden matron or physician and to supply vacancies thus or otherwise occurring They shall on or before the first Monday of the first term of the court of quarter sessions held in the year one thousand nine hundred and nineteen and annually thereafter make a report in writing to said court of the condition of said prison the report shall contain the number of prisoners in confinement during the year for which the report is made their age sex alleged place of nativity time of commitment and offense for which committed noticing those who escaped died were pardoned or discharged They shall also make such recommendations as they may see fit whereupon the said court may take such order on said report as it shall deem proper and cause the same to be filed in the office of the clerk of the court

ARTICLE II

WARDEN AND HIS DUTIES

Section 1 The warden shall reside in the jail or prison He shall visit every cell and apartment and see and inspect the condition of every person confined under his care at least twice every day and oftener if necessary and when visiting the department of females shall be attended by the matron He shall keep a journal in which shall be regularly entered the date of admission discharge death pardon or escape of any prisoner the complaints that are made and the punishment inflicted for breaches of prison discipline as they occur the visits of the inspectors and physicians and all other occurrences of note that concern the state of the prison He shall with the advice of the inspectors appoint the underwardens if in the opinion of the inspectors any be necessary and dismiss them whenever he thinks proper or the inspectors direct him so to do He shall report all infractions of the rules to the inspectors and with the approbation of one of them punish the offender in such manner as shall be directed by the rules to be enacted by the inspectors as hereinbefore provided for He shall take charge of keep and preserve all moneys effects and clothes found on persons brought into prison to be confined as convicts or prisoners and shall deliver the same to them or to their order when discharged He shall see that all meals are regularly delivered to the prisoners according to the prison allowance and superintend the work of such prisoners as are employed He shall give immediate notice to the prison physician whenever any person confined shall complain of such illness as to require medical aid He shall obey all legal orders given him by the inspectors and all rules established for the government of said prison as herein provided for He shall not be present when the inspectors make their stated visits to the prisoners under his care unless thereto required by the inspectors

ARTICLE III

MATRON AND HER DUTIES

Section 1 The matron shall reside in the jail or prison during the term of her employment She shall visit every cell and apartment occupied by females and see and inspect the conditions of every female prisoner at least twice every day She shall at all times keep the warden faithfully informed of everything of importance relative to the prisoners' cells and all other matters under her care She shall direct the labors and occupations of the female prisoners under the general direction of the warden and give such instructions as may tend to their reformation and to render them useful members of society

ARTICLE IV

UNDERWARDENS AND THEIR DUTIES

Section 1 The underwardens shall see and inspect the conditions of every person committed to their care at least three times in every day and oftener if directed They shall see that all meals are regularly delivered to the prisoners according to the prison allowance and superintend under the general direction of the warden the work of such as are employed They shall give immediate notice to the warden or in his absence to the physician whenever any person confined shall complain of such illness as to require medical aid There shall be assigned to the care of each underwarden a certain number of the prisoners confined and each underwarden shall make daily reports to the warden of the health and conduct of the prisoners assigned to him or her and shall not be present when any of the inspectors visit the persons confined under his or her particular care unless so required by said inspectors The underwardens shall obey all legal orders given by the warden and all rules established for the government of

the said jail or prison All orders to the male underwardens shall be given by or through the warden and to the female underwardens by or through the matron They shall not absent themselves from the prison during the hours of duty without permission in writing from the warden

ARTICLE V

PHYSICIAN AND HIS DUTIES

Section 1 The physician shall visit every prisoner once in every fortnight and oftener if the state of his or her health requires it and report in writing once quarterly to the inspectors He shall attend immediately on notice from the warden that any prisoner is sick and prescribe and administer to the needs of such prisoner He shall on the admission of any person into the prison immediately examine the state of his or her health He shall direct the diet of those under his care as well as all other such matters as in his judgment will best promote the health convenience and comfort of the sick

ARTICLE VI

TREATMENT OF CONVICTS

Section 1 On the admission of the convict he or she shall be examined by the warden in the presence of any of the inspectors who may be present and of the underwardens who can conveniently attend as to his or her name parentage alleged place of nativity profession trade or occupation and such other notes of his physical characteristics shall be made as may be prescribed by the board of prison inspectors all of which shall be entered of record in a book provided for that purpose which shall be kept preserved and delivered as herein provided for He or she shall then be examined by the physician as to his or her health and then stripped of all money and effects on his or her person He or she shall then be bathed cleansed and clothed in a uniform of the prison if any such be prescribed and conducted to a cell assigned him or her the female if practicable in a part of the jail or prison separate and apart from that occupied by the males and if the board of prison inspectors shall prescribe be designated by a number by which he or she shall thereafter be known during his or her imprisonment No convict shall be allowed the use of spirituous vinous or malt liquors of any kind unless under the special direction of the attending physician or be permitted except in case of sickness to receive anything but the prison allowance and any person who shall supply or attempt to supply any convict with any spiritous vinous or malt liquors except as above provided shall on conviction be fined not less than twenty nor more than one hundred dollars and if the person so offending be an officer or warden he or she shall be dismissed No convict shall be discharged while laboring under a dangerous disease although entitled to discharge unless by his or her own desire

When a convict shall be discharged by the expiration of his or her term of imprisonment or by pardon the clothes belonging to the prison if any such be worn by the convict shall be taken off and those belonging to the convict restored together with any money or effects taken from him or her at the time of admission into prison as hereinbefore provided for If he or she shall not possess any money or suitable clothing the inspectors shall provide him or her with what in their judgment may be necessary not exceeding in money and clothing twenty-five dollars in amount and value

ARTICLE VII

TREATMENT OF PRISONERS

Section 1 On the admission of any person for imprisonment in the jail or prison committed to await his or her trial he or she shall be examined by the warden in the presence of the officer or other person delivering said prisoner and of the inspectors who may be present and the underwardens who can conveniently attend and deprived of all money or effects clothing excepted on their person a record of all which shall be entered in a book provided for that purpose which money and effects shall be kept preserved and delivered as herein provided for Said entry shall be signed by the warden and attested by the afore-named persons who may be present at the examination and deprivation of him and her as aforesaid he or she shall then be bathed and cleaned and conducted to the cell assigned him or her the females if practicable in a part of the jail or prison separate and remote from that occupied by the males Such prisoners shall when in the opinion of the inspectors it is necessary for their comfort be provided with suitable clothing to be worn while in prison They shall be subject to such rules as the inspectors shall adopt in the manner hereinbefore provided for the preservation of cleanliness decorum and order in the cells and may be punished for an infraction of any such rules by closer confinement and deprivation of food until obedience is enforced No prisoner shall be discharged while laboring under a dangerous disease although entitled to discharge unless by his or her own desire At least two changes of linen shall be furnished to each prisoner each week in summer and one in winter When a prisoner shall be discharged from imprisonment the money and effects of which he or she was deprived when received into prison shall be restored as herein provided for No such person shall be compelled to labor unless at his or her own desire and should any desire it he or she shall as soon as practicable be put to such labor as may be in practice in said prison and in case of acquittal on trial he or she may in the discretion of the inspectors be paid for his or her labor out of the funds of the prison such sum as the said inspectors shall adjudge he or she in equity entitled thereto Provided That any such person shall at his or her expense have the privilege of using books and writing materials and the inspectors shall when practicable from time to time purchase or accept contributions of useful and instructive books the use of which shall be permitted to convicts and other priseners subject to such restrictions as the inspectors may impose

ARTICLE VIII

PROCEEDINGS IN CASE OF DEATH OF PRISONERS

Section 1 No inquest shall be held on the body of any person who may die during his or her confinement in any county jail or prison unless the coroner of the respective county be thereto required by the inspectors of said jail or prison except in cases of murder suicide manslaughter or death caused by casualties and it shall be the duty of the attending physician of said prison to certify to the inspectors thereof the name and age of every person who may die in said prison together with the disease or cause of death of such person so far as he can ascertain the same which certificate the inspectors of said jail of prison shall cause to be entered of record in a book to be by them kept for that purpose and the original certificate shall be by them deivered to the clerk of the court of quarter sessions to be filed by him in his office for the inspection of those interested

Section 2 The boards of prison inspectors of the said county jails and prisons are hereby directed with the approval of a judge of the court which committed him upon such terms as said judge shall direct to discharge from prison without the delay and expense of any proceeding under the insolvent laws of this Commonwealth every convict who shall have served out his term of imprisonment at labor to which such convict now has been or hereafter may be sentenced notwithstanding such convict shall not have paid the cost of prosecution or a fine to the Commonwealth or restored the property stolen or paid the value thereof if in the opinion of the said board and judge such convict is unable to restore or pay the same Provided always That such discharge shall in no way interfere with the right of the Commonwealth the public officers or any person interested in the payment or restitution aforesaid to proceed by action to recover the amount from the property of such convict But no such discharge shall be allowed or granted by said boards of inspectors until such convict shall have exhibited to them on oath or affirmation duplicate schedules of all his or her property real personal and mixed to which he or she is in any manner entitled as far as he or she can ascertain the same one of which schedules or lists of property shall be by said inspectors filed and preserved with the papers of the jail or prison and the other forthwith delivered to the clerk of the court of oyer and terminer or quarter sessions as the case may be of the respective county who shall file the same in his office with the other papers relating to the case

Section 3 No inspectors warden matron or other person appointed to execute any duty trust or employment in or about any county jail or prison shall sell any article of any kind to a prisoner or to or for the use of the prison aforesaid or be concerned in any contract connected with such sale or derive any emolument from such sale on contract

Section 4 The boards of prison inspectors of the several county jails and prisons are hereby authorized to apply from time to time to the commissioners of their several counties respectively for the funds necessary for keeping furnishing and maintaining the said jails and prisons respectively in conformity with the provisions of this act whereupon the said commissioners shall forthwith draw an order on the treasurer of the county in favor of the treasurer of said prison or jail for the use thereof of such sum as shall be necessary to satisfy said demands which sum shall be held by said treasurer subject to the order of said board of prison inspectors

Section 5 The treasurers of the several counties shall in addition to their other duties receive all moneys belonging to the jails and prisons of their respective counties and shall disburse the same on orders drawn on them by the board of prison inspectors of said jails and prisons respectively They shall keep a true and just account of all monies received and disbursed which account shall be at all times open to the inspection of the inspectors and each of them They shall once in each year state their accounts and produce their vouchers which after examination by the boards of prison inspectors of the several counties respectively shall by them be laid before the county auditors or other officers auditing county accounts for settlement and be acted and reported upon as accounts of county officers are by law authorized to be settled and shall be subject to like appeal issue and judgment The said county treasurer shall give bond to the Commonwealth for the use of the proper county with such security and in such

amount as the court of quarter sessions of said county shall approve and determine conditioned for the faithful discharge of all duties enjoined on them by this act and for a just account of all monies that may come into their hands in behalf of said jails and prisons for the delivery to their successors in office of all books papers documents and other things held in right of their office for said jails and prisons and for the payment to them of any balance of money belonging to said jails or prisons remaining in their hands The said treasurers shall receive such compensation for their services as shall be annually fixed by the inspectors with the approbation of the commissioners of the several counties respectively

Section 6 The wardens of county jails and prisons when qualified as aforesaid shall take charge of all persons lawfully committed by any court magistrate justice of the peace or other officer having power to commit to prison and shall be responsible for the safekeeping of all persons so committed in the same manner and to the same extent that sheriffs and jailers are now by law held liable Provided nevertheless that said warden shall and he is hereby bound to deliver unto the sheriff of said county all prisoners whom by virtue of any sentence order or decree of any court he shall be required and directed to receive and take charge of for the purpose of carrying into execution such sentence order or decree and shall deliver or discharge any inmate as may be directed by the proper court

Section 7 The wardens of the county jails and prisons shall before entering upon the duties of their appointments give bond to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania with such surety and in such amount as the court of quarter sessions of the proper county shall approve and determine conditioned for the faithful observance and performance of all duties enjoined on them by this act or which may be by any subsequent act that may be passed or by rules and regulations which may be made by the boards of prison inspectors of the several counties respectively in accordance therewith for a just and accurate account of all monies goods and chattels and effects of all kinds and description whatever that may come into their hands or be placed under their care in pursuance of their appointment on behalf of said prison or any person confined therein and for the delivery to their successors in office of all books papers and documents also of all goods chattels and effects which they may have or hold in right of their appointments and for the payment of any balance of money belonging to said prisons or any person confined therein remaining in their hands and for the safe-keeping of all persons committed to their care which bond shall stand for the use of any person or persons injured by the acts or delinquencies of said wardens and may be proceeded on by any person aggrieved in the same manner now directed as to sheriff's bonds The matrons and all other persons employed in and about county jails and prisons shall each if the board of inspectors require it give bond with surety in amount as aforesaid conditioned as nearly as practicable as those of the warden and in such other manner as the inspectors shall fix and determine

Section 8 All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act except such acts and parts thereof as relate to the government and control of county prisons which are now by law managed governed and controlled by boards of prison inspectors or prison commissioners be and the same are hereby repealed

On the question,
Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. RAMSEY. Mr. Speaker, by request of the sponsor who is absent, I move that further consideration of this bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. MARVIN. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

On the question,
Will the House agree to the motion?
It was agreed to.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 774, entitled:

An Act fixing the salaries of certain county officers in counties containing more than one hundred and fifty thousand and less than two hundred thousand inhabitants

On the question,
Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?
It was agreed to.
On the question,
Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. OAKS. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, I know words has been passed around to defeat this bill. Prior to the time our county reached a population of one hundred and fifty thousand, we paid our county commissioners fifteen hundred dollars. After the census of 1910, we found that we had passed the hundred and fifty thousand mark and under the provisions of the old act we were compelled to pay our county commissioners four thousand dollars. The same act also created the office of county controller at a salary of four thousand dollars, a deputy at a salary of eighteen hundred dollars, also a stenographer at seven twenty. It does seem to me that this is piling it up rather fast; that would be an advance of about a hundred and eighty per cent. You never hear of any corporation advancing a salary one hundred and eighty per cent. notwithstanding the fact that he was receiving good wages before. When we paid our county commissioners fifteen hundred dollars, it cost our county forty-five hundred dollars per year. Today we passed the one and fifty thousand mark it costs our county eighteen thousand five hundred dollars. Quite a little increase. Under the provisions of this bill it would cost our county twelve thousand five hundred dollars.

I have a resolution here that I want to read. This resolution came to me unsolicited.

"At a regular meeting of Cambridge Grange No. 1116 held March 13th, 1915, the following resolutions were adopted:

"Whereas, we deplore the tendency of the times to maintain or increase salaries and all public and private expenditures. As the earnings of the average taxpayer are limited.

"Resolved, That we endorse Assemblyman Oaks Bill to reduce the salaries of county commissioners and controller to twenty-five hundred dollars per year and surveyor to one hundred dollars, and

"Resolved, That we favor also a reduction of the salary of sheriff, treasurer, prothonotary and recorder to eight dollars per day and poor director and tipstaves to six hundred dollars per year, and ask our representative to vote and work for the same."

Now, Mr. Speaker, I believe that it is unanimous, with the exception of a few politicians in our county to have the salaries reduced from four thousand to twenty-five hundred dollars per year for our county commissioners. I therefore ask the members of this House kindly and most respectfully to support this bill.

Mr. CROMER. Mr. Speaker, it is such a novelty for a bill to reduce salaries rather than raise them that I am going to vote for it and stand by the taxpayers with one vote at least.

Mr. ROTHENBERGER. Mr. Speaker, I think this is a very unfair bill, it reduces the salaries of some officials who do the work of the county and those who have no work to do it does not reduce. Now, gentlemen of the House, I hope you will vote this bill down.

Mr. SARIG. Mr. Speaker, this bill looks to me as though perhaps there was some personal misunderstanding in Cambria county. I believe that this is more a personal matter than a matter of reducing salaries, because I cannot understand why it is that the salaries of the county controller and the salary of the county commissioners would be reduced, when the officials who get a salary higher than they, should be left alone. If we want to begin reducing salaries—I am not in favor of reducing them nor am I in favor of increasing them—but if we do wish to start reducing salaries I think we should start at the top and reduce the salaries of those who get more than the county controller and the county commissioners. I do not think it is right to reduce the salaries of the men who do the real work of the county. We all know that there is a heavy responsibility upon the county commissioners, that they are really the watch dogs of the treasury. They are the men who take care of the people's money, and so does the controller. I don't think it is fair to go to work and reduce their salaries, and let the salaries of the man higher up and who receive more than they do stand as they are. It looks to me as though there was some selfish purpose and some selfish interest in this bill. I do not believe that it is the real desire of the sponsor of this bill to reduce it merely for the sake of saving dollars for the taxpayer.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—20.

Bergy,	Cromer,	Love,	Phillips,
Blackburn,	Davis,	Marvin,	Rich,
Brosius,	Gibson,	McClure,	Rudisill,
Campbell, J. O.,	Goodwin,	McCurdy,	Sampsel,
Corbin,	Leighner,	Oaks,	Spangler,

NAYS—139.

Alexander,	Geary,	Luppert,	Shoop,
Aron,	Geiser,	Luxemburger,	Sinclair,
Arthur,	Gingery,	Mather,	Smith, J. W.,
Baker,	Glass,	Maurer,	Smith, Jeff. W.
Baldwin,	Gompers,	McArdle,	Snyder,
Barnett,	Goodnough,	McCaig,	Sones,
Bauerle,	Goodyear,	McClintock,	Spencer,
Beck,	Graham,	McDermott,	Staving,
Becker,	Greenwood,	McNichol,	Steedle,
Benn,	Habgood,	McVicar,	Stein,
Benninger,	Hackett,	Metzenbacher,	Stern,
Beyer,	Hamilton,	Milliron,	Sullivan,
Body,	Harper,	Murdoch,	Swan,
Bovee,	Heffernan,	Murphy,	Taylor,
Bungard,	Herman,	Myers,	Thomas,
Campbell, T.,	Hess,	Neville,	Trach,
Christman,	Heyburn,	Ostrander,	Twibill,
Conner,	Hibshman,	Palmer,	Vogdes,
Cox,	Hollern,	Perry,	Walsh,
Curry,	Hollingsworth,	Peters,	Walton,
Dawson,	Horton,	Pickering,	Watson,
Diefenderfer,	Howarth,	Powell,	West,
Dodds,	Hubler,	Ramsey,	Wettach,
Drinkhouse,	Jack,	Reel,	Whitaker,
Dunn,	Jones, E. E.,	Reynolds,	Whitten,
Eby,	Jones, W. W.,	Rhoads,	Willard,
Ehrhardt,	Kaiser,	Rininger,	Williams,
Eppley,	Kitts,	Rinn,	Wilson, H. I.
Erdman,	Klinger,	Robertson,	Wilson, W. H.,
Finnerty,	Kunkle,	Rothenberger,	Wobensmith,
Flynn,	Lafferty,	Sarig,	Wood,
Forster,	Lanius,	Schaeffer,	Wylie,
Gallagher,	Lauer,	Scott,	Wynne,
Gans,	Lauler,	Shaaber,	Young,
Garner,	Lipschutz,	Shaffer,	

Less than the majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the negative and the bill falls.

SENATE MESSAGE.

AMENDED SENATE BILL FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, presented for concurrence bill numbered and entitled as follows:

Senate Bill No. 4.

An Act relating to persons habitually addicted to the use of alcohol or drugs and providing for the care and treatment of such persons at the expense of the county and State if indigent

Said bill having been recalled from the Governor for the purpose of amendment. The votes had on final passage and third reading on said bill were reconsidered in the Senate and the bill amended, in which amendments the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Section 5, line 8, after the word "county" insert the words "from which inebriate is committed."

Section 5, line 9, after the word "state" strike out the words "by the county from which the inebriate is committed."

On the question,

Will the House concur in the said amendments?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—170.

Albee,	Fretz,	Luppert,	Shoop,
Alcorn,	Fruit,	Luxemburger,	Showalter,
Alexander,	Gallagher,	Marvin,	Sinclair,
Arnold,	Gans,	Mather,	Smith, J. W.,
Aron,	Garner,	McArdle,	Smith, Jeff. W.,
Arthur,	Geary,	McCaig,	Snyder,
Baker,	Geiser,	McClintock,	Sones,
Baldwin,	Gibson,	McClure,	Spangler,
Bauerle,	Glass,	McConnell,	Spencer,
Beck,	Gompers,	McCurdy,	Statler,
Becker,	Goodnough,	McDermott,	Staving,
Benn,	Goodyear,	McNichol,	Stern,
Benninger,	Gormley,	McVicar,	Swan,
Bergy,	Graham,	Metzenbacher,	Swartz,
Beyer,	Greenwood,	Milliron,	Taylor,
Blackburn,	Habgood,	Murdoch,	Thomas,
Body,	Hackett,	Murphy,	Trach,
Bovee,	Hamilton,	Myers,	Twibill,
Brosius,	Harper,	Neville,	Vickerman,
Brumbaugh,	Heffernan,	Oaks,	Vogdes,
Bungard,	Herman,	Ostrander,	Walsh,
Campbell, J. O.,	Hess,	Perry,	Walton,
Christman,	Heyburn,	Peters,	Watson,
Coldsmith,	Hibshman,	Phillips,	Weaver,
Conner,	Hollern,	Pickering,	Weir,
Corbin,	Hollingsworth,	Powell,	West,
Cox,	Horton,	Ramsey,	Wettach,
Cromer,	Howarth,	Reel,	Whitaker,
Cummins	Hubler,	Reynolds,	Whitten,
Curry,	Jack,	Rhoads,	Wildman,
Davis,	Jones, E. E.,	Rich,	Willard,
Dawson,	Jones, W. W.,	Rininger,	Williams,
Dell,	Kaiser,	Rinn,	Wilson, H. I.,
Diefenderfer,	Kitts,	Robertson,	Wilson, W. H.,
Dodds,	Klinger,	Rothenberger,	Wobensmith,
Drinkhouse,	Kuhn,	Rowell,	Wood,
Dunn,	Kunkle,	Rudisill,	Woodward,
Eby,	Lanius,	Sampsel,	Wylie,
Ehrhardt,	Lauer,	Sarig,	Wynne,
Evans,	Lauler,	Scott,	Young,
Fackler,	Leighner,	Shaaber,	Ambler,
Finnerty,	Lindsey,	Shaffer,	Speaker.
Flynn,	Lipschutz,		
Forster,	Love,		

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative and the amendments concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

Mr. SPANGLER. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent at this time to call up House Bill No. 941, File Folio 3913, on page thirteen of to-day's calendar.

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to take up out of order this bill at this time? The Chair hears objection.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1050, entitled:

An Act to amend section eleven hundred twenty-one of an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith"

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—180.

Albee,	Fruit,	Lynch,	Shaffer,
Alcorn,	Gallagher,	Mangan,	Shoop,
Alexander,	Gans,	Marvin,	Showalter,
Arnold,	Garner,	Mather,	Sinclair,
Aron,	Geary,	Maurer,	Smith, J. W.,
Arthur,	Geiser,	McCaig,	Smith, Jeff. W.,
Baldwin,	Gingery,	McClintock,	Snyder,
Bauerle,	Glass,	McClure,	Sones,
Beck,	Gompers,	McConnell,	Spangler,
Becker,	Goodnough,	McCurdy,	Spencer,
Benn,	Goodyear,	McDermott,	Statler,
Benninger,	Graham,	McKay,	Staving,
Bergy,	Greenwood,	McNichol,	Steedle,
Beyer,	Habgood,	McVicar,	Stein,
Blackburn,	Hackett,	Metzenbacher,	Stern,
Body,	Hamilton,	Milliron,	Stone,
Bovee,	Harper,	Murdoch,	Sullivan,
Brosius,	Heffernan,	Murphy,	Swan,
Brumbaugh,	Herman,	Myers,	Swartz,
Bungard,	Hess,	Neville,	Taylor,
Campbell, J. O.,	Heyburn,	Oaks,	Thomas,
Christman,	Hibshman,	Ostrander,	Trach,
Coldsmith,	Hollern,	Palmer,	Twibill,
Conner,	Hollingsworth,	Perry,	Vickerman,
Corbin,	Horton,	Peters,	Vogdes,
Cox,			

Cromer,	Howarth,	Phillips,	Walsh,
Cummins,	Hubler,	Pickering,	Walton,
Curry,	Jack,	Powell,	Watson,
Davis,	Jones, W. W.,	Ramsey,	Weimer,
Dawson,	Kaiser,	Reel,	Weir,
Dell,	Kitts,	Reynolds,	West,
Diefenderfer,	Klinger,	Rhoads,	Wettach,
Dodds,	Kuhn,	Rich,	Whitaker,
Drinkhouse,	Kunkle,	Rininger,	Whitten,
Dunn,	Lafferty,	Rinn,	Willard,
Eby,	Landis,	Robertson,	Williams,
Ehrhardt,	Lanius,	Roney,	Wilson, H. I.,
Eppley,	Lauer,	Rothenberger,	Wilson, W. H.
Erdman,	Lauler,	Rowell,	Wobensmith,
Evans,	Leighner,	Rudisill,	Wood,
Fackler,	Lindsey,	Sampsel,	Woodward,
Finnerty,	Lipschutz,	Sarig,	Wynne,
Flynn,	Love,	Schaeffer,	Young,
Forster,	Luppert,	Scott,	Ambler,
Fretz,	Luxemburger,	Shaaber,	Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Mr. SPANGLER. Mr. Speaker, when I arose before I arose to ask unanimous consent to consider at this time a bill out of order, which bill I have no personal interest in whatsoever. The bill is No. 941 and I ask to have the bill considered at this time because I will be absent tomorrow and it is very important that this bill, which is an Attorney General bill, should be passed at this time. It is important that it be passed this week if possible, and I therefore ask unanimous consent to consider it at this time, if the House is agreeable.

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to consider at this time House Bill No. 941 out of order? The Chair hears no objection.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 941, as follows:

An Act further amending an act entitled "An Act to provide increased revenues for the purpose of relieving the burden of local taxation being supplementary to an act entitled 'An Act to provide revenue by taxation' approved the seventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine amending the first fourteenth sixteenth twentieth twenty-first twenty-fifth and twenty-sixth sections of an act supplementary thereto which became a law on the first day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine entitled "A further supplement to an act entitled "An Act to provide revenue by taxation" approved the seventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine' and providing for greater uniformity of taxation by taxing all the property of corporations limited partnerships and joint-stock associations having capital stock at the rate of five mills on each dollar of its actual value' approved the eighth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one" and regulating the making of certain reports and statements to the Auditor General for the purposes of taxation

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the twentieth section of an act which became a law on the first day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine entitled "A further supplement of an act entitled 'An Act to provide revenue by taxation' approved the seventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine" as the said section is amended by an act entitled "An Act to provide increased revenues for the purpose of relieving the burdens of local taxation being supplementary to an act entitled 'An Act to provide revenue by taxation' approved the seventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine amending the first fourteenth sixteenth twentieth twenty-first twenty-fifth and twenty-sixth sections of an act supplementary thereto which became a law on the first day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine entitled 'A further supplement to an act entitled "An Act to provide revenue by taxation' approved the seventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine' and providing for greater uniformity of taxation by taxing all the property of corporations limited partnerships and joint-stock associations having capital stock at the rate of five mills on each dollar of its actual value" approved the eighth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one which reads as follows namely

"Section 20 That hereafter except in the case of banks savings institutions and foreign insurance companies it shall be the duty of the president chairman or treasurer of every corporation having capital stock every joint-stock association and limited partnership whatsoever now or hereafter organized or incorporated by or under any law of this Commonwealth and of every corporation joint-stock association and limited partnership whatsoever now or hereafter incorporated or organized by or under the laws of any other state or territory of the United States or by the United States or by any foreign government and doing business in and liable to taxation within this Commonwealth or having capital or property employed or used in this Commonwealth by or in the name of any limited partnership joint-stock association company or corporation whatsoever association or associations copartnership or copartnerships person or persons or in any other manner to make a report in writing to the Auditor General in the month of November one thousand eight hundred and ninety-two and annually thereafter stating specifically

First Total authorized capital stock

Second Total authorized number of shares

Third Number of shares of stock issued

Fourth Par value of each share

Fifth Amount paid into the treasury on each share

Sixth Amount of capital paid in

Seventh Amount of capital on which dividend was declared

Eighth Date of each dividend declared during said year ended with the first Monday of November

Ninth Rate per centum of each dividend declared

Tenth Amount of each dividend during the year ended with the first Monday in said month

Eleventh Gross earnings during the year

Twelfth Net earnings during said year

Thirteenth Amount of surplus

Fourteenth Amount of profit added to sinking fund during said year

Fifteenth Highest price of sales of stock between the first and fifteenth days of November aforesaid

Sixteenth Highest price of sales of stock during the year aforesaid

Seventeenth Average price of sales of stock during the year and in every case any two of the following-named officers of such corporation limited partnership or joint-stock association namely The president chairman secretary and treasurer after being duly sworn or affirmed to do and perform the same with fidelity and according to the best of their knowledge and belief shall between the first and fifteenth day of November of each year estimate and appraise the capital stock of the said company at its actual value in cash not less however than the average price which said stock sold for during said year and not less than the price or value indicated or measured by net earnings or by the amount of profit made and either declared in dividends or carried into surplus or sinking fund and when the same shall have been so truly estimated and appraised they shall forthwith forward to the Auditor General a certificate thereof accompanied with a copy of their said oath or affirmation signed by them and attested by a magistrate or other person duly qualified to administer the same Providing That if the Auditor General and State Treasurer or either of them is not satisfied with the appraisement and valuation so made and returned they are hereby authorized and empowered to make a valuation thereof based upon the facts contained in the report herein required or upon any information within their possession or that shall come into their possession and to settle an account on the valuation so made by them for the taxes penalties and interest due the Commonwealth thereon with right to the company dissatisfied with any settlement so made against it to appeal therefrom in the manner now provided by law and in the event of the neglect or refusal of the officers of any corporation company joint-stock association or limited partnership for a period of sixty days to make the report and appraisement to the Auditor General as herein provided it shall be the duty of the Auditor General and State Treasurer to estimate a valuation of the capital stock of such defaulting corporation company joint-stock association or limited partnership and settle an account for taxes penalty and interest thereon from which settlement there shall be no right of appeal" be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows

Section 20 That hereafter except in the case of banks savings institutions and foreign insurance companies it shall be the duty of the president chairman or treasurer of every corporation having capital stock every joint-stock association and limited partnership whatsoever now or hereafter organized or incorporated by or under any laws of this Commonwealth and of every corporation joint-stock association and limited partnership whatsoever now or hereafter incorporated or organized by or under the law of any other state or territory of the United States or by the United States or by any foreign government and doing business in and liable to taxation within this Commonwealth or having capital or property employed or used in this Commonwealth by or in the name of any limited partnership or joint-stock association company or corporation whatsoever association or associations copartnership or copartnerships person or persons or in any other manner to make annually in the month of January a report in writing to the Auditor General on a form or forms to be prescribed and furnished by him stating specifically its

First capital account together with the highest selling price per share of its capital stock during the year the average selling-price the calendar year preceding and the

highest prices of sales of stock between the first and fifteenth day of January immediately following the year for which the report is made

Second Its debt account

Third Its income account together with the disposition of any net income and its profit and loss statement

Fourth Its general balance sheet

Fifth Its real estate if any outside of the Commonwealth and the location and value of the same

Sixth The proportion of its capital stock invested in and actually and exclusively engaged in manufacturing within the Commonwealth during the year for which said report is made

Seventh The affidavit of any two of the following named officers of such corporation limited partnership or joint-stock association namely the president chairman secretary and treasurer that the statements in the report are just true and correct and that with fidelity and according to the best of their knowledge and belief they have estimated valued and appraised the capital stock of the said corporation as required by law at its actual value in cash as it existed the thirty-first day of December of the year immediately preceding not less however than the average price which said stock sold for during the year and not less than the price or value indicated or measured by net earnings or by the amount of profit made and either declared in dividends expended in betterments or carried into surplus or sinking fund and not less than the actual value indicated or measured by the intrinsic value of its tangible property and assets the extent and value of its good-will and franchises and privileges and the material results of their exercise Provided that if the Auditor General and State Treasurer or either of them is not satisfied with the appraisement and valuation so made and returned they are hereby authorized and empowered to make a valuation thereof based upon facts contained in the report herein required or upon any information within their possession or that shall come into their possession and to settle an account on the valuation so made by them for the taxes penalties and interest due the Commonwealth thereon with the right to the company dissatisfied with any settlement so made against it to appeal therefrom in the manner provided by law and in the event of the neglect or refusal of the officers of any corporation company joint-stock association or limited partnership to make the report and appraisement to the Auditor General as herein provided on or before the last day of March following the month of January in which said report is due to be filed it shall be the duty of the Auditor General and State Treasurer to estimate a valuation of such defaulting corporation company joint-stock association or limited partnership and settle an account for taxes penalty and interest thereon from which settlement there shall be no right of appeal And provided further That the first report made under the provisions of this act shall cover the period from the date of which the last report was required to the date required under the provisions of this act and the accounting officers shall settle the tax for the period for which tax remains unsettled and unpaid at the rate provided by law

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—106.

Adams,	Dunn,	Landis,	Robertson,
Albee,	Eby,	Lauer,	Rowell,
Alcorn,	Fackler,	Laufer,	Sampsel,
Arnold,	Fruit,	Leighner,	Sarig,
Aron,	Gans,	Lipschutz,	Schaeffer,
Arthur,	Geary,	Love,	Scott,
Baker,	Gibson,	Luppert,	Shaffer,
Beck,	Glass,	Luxemburger,	Showalter,
Benn,	Gompers,	Marvin,	Sinclair,
Bergy,	Goodnough,	Mather,	Sones,
Beyer,	Goodyear,	McCaig,	Spangler,
Blackburn,	Hackett,	McClure,	Steedle,
Bovee,	Hamilton,	McDermott,	Stern,
Brosius,	Harper,	McNichol,	Swan,
Brumbaugh,	Heffernan,	Metzenbacher,	Taylor,
Bungard,	Herman,	Milliron,	Twibill,
Campbell, J. O.,	Hess,	Myers,	Vickerman,
Coldsmith,	Hollingsworth,	Oaks,	Walsh,
Corbin,	Horton,	Phillips,	Watson,
Cox,	Howarth,	Pickering,	Whitaker,
Cromer,	Hubler,	Ramsey,	Williams,
Curry,	Jack,	Reel,	Wilson, W. H.,
Davis,	Jones, W. W.,	Reynolds,	Wobensmith,
Dawson,	Kitts,	Rhoads,	Wood,
Diefenderfer,	Kuhn,	Rich,	Ambler,
Dodds,	Kunkle,	Rininger,	Speaker.
Drinkhouse,	Lafferty,	Rinn,	

NAYS—6.

Erdman,	Rothenberger,	Trach,	West,
Gingery,	Smith, J. W.,		

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmatve.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Mr. SPANGLER. Mr. Speaker, in view of the fact that bill No. 942 is a companion bill to No. 941, I now ask unanimous consent to take up this bill at this time.

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to take up this bill out of order? The Chair hears objections.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1063, as follows:

An Act defining and regulating the occupation of barbering including the licensing of persons engaged in barbering the regulation of students of barbering and the regulation of barber shops barber schools and barber colleges and fixing penalties for voilation of this act

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That it shall be unlawful for any person to follow the occupation of a barber in this Commonwealth unless he or she shall have first obtained a certificate of registration as provided in this act provided however that nothing in this act contained shall apply to or affect any person who is now actually engaged in such occupation except as hereinafter provided

Section 2 A board of examiners to consist of five persons is hereby created to carry out the purposes and enforce the provisions of this act The board shall be appointed by the Governor the appointees to be chosen from practical barbers who have for at least five years prior to their appointment followed the occupation and have been residents of this Commonwealth for a period of five years Each member of the board shall serve for a term of three years and until his successor is appointed and qualified except in the case of the first board who shall serve one two and three years respectively Vacancies in the board shall be filled by the Governor for the unexpired portion of the term Each member of the board shall take the oath provided by law for public officers

Section 3 The board may appoint deputies to assist in carrying out the provisions of this act The salary of said deputies shall be fixed by the board in a sum not to exceed three dollars ($3.00) for each day so employed

Section 4 The board shall elect a president secretary and treasurer shall have its headquarters at such place in the Commonwealth as the board may determine shall have a common seal and may administer oaths A majority of the board may in meeting duly assembled perform the duties and exercise the powers devolving upon the board under the provisions of this act The secretary of the board shall receive a salary of fifteen hundred dollars ($1,500) annually The members of the board shall receive for their compensation five dollars ($5.00) per diem and their expenses actually and necessarily incurred

Section 5 The board shall report annually to the Governor a full statement of the receipts and disbursements of the board by giving an itemized account and a copy furnished to the legislature and a full statement of its doings and proceedings and such recommendations as to it may seem proper looking to the better carrying out of the purposes of this act

Section 6 All moneys received by the board from the fees or otherwise shall be deposited with the State Treasurer within thirty days from its receipt All disbursements shall be paid on warrants of the Auditor General on the State Treasurer upon the requisition of the board of examiners

Section 7 The board shall hold public examinations on the first Tuesdays in March June September and December in the Cities of Philadelphia Pittsburgh Scranton Harrisburg and Erie at such hours as the said board shall prescribe

Section 8 Every person now engaged in the occupation of a barber shall within ninety days after the board is appointed file with the seceretary of the board an affidavit setting forth his or her name age residence and length of time during which and the place where he or she has practiced said occupation and shall pay to the said secretary the sum of one dollar and a certificate of registration entitling him or her to practice said occupation thereupon shall be issued to him or her

Section 9 Any person not holding a license under the provisions of the preceding section and desiring to obtain a license under this act shall make application in such form as the board shall prescribe and shall be verified by the applicant as to the truth of the statements or answers therein made to the board therefor and shall pay to the secretary of the board an examination fee of five dollars and shall present him or herself at the next regular meeting of said board for examination of applicants whereupon said board shall proceed to examine such person and being satisfied that he or she is above the age of nineteen years or of good moral character (free from contagious and infectious disease) has either (a) studied the occupation for a period of three years as apprentice under a qualified and practicing barber or (b) studied the occupation in a properly appointed and conducted barber school under the instruction of a competent barber for a period of at least three years or (c) practiced the occupation in another State for a period of at least three years and is posessed of requisite

skill in said occupation to properly perform all the duties thereof including his or her knowledge and ability in the ability in the antiseptic preparation of the tools shaving hair cutting and all the duties and services incident thereto and is possessed of sufficient knowledge concerning the common diseases of the face and skin to avoid the aggravation and spreading thereof in the practice of said occupation His or her name shall be entered by the said board in the register hereinafter provided for and a certificate of registration shall be issued to him or her authorizing him or her to practice such occupation

Section 10 Any person who holds a certificate of registration granted after examination by a board of barber examiners of any other State or county shows the proper credentials showing that he or she is a fully qualified barber under the laws of this Commonwealth may be granted a certificate by said board without practical examination upon the payment of the registration fee of one dollar

Section 11 Nothing in this act shall prohibit any person from serving as an apprentice in said occupation under a registered barber of this Commonwealth or from serving as a student in any barber school for the training of students in said occupation under the training of a duly registered barber authorized to practice such occupation in this Commonwealth provided that such apprentice or student shall apply to said board to have his or her name registered with said board in a book which shall be kept by the board for the registering of apprentices or students and secure a permit to practice as an apprentice or student under a duly registered barber such permit to be displayed in front of his or her working chair After having practiced the occupation for three years under a registered barber such apprentice or student shall be eligible to become a registered barber and shall present him or herself at the next meeting of the board held nearest to him or her for the examination of applicants and pay the fee as provided for in section eight of this act

Section 12 The board shall furnish to each person to whom a certificate of registration is issued a card bearing the seal and signature of said board certifying that the holder thereof is entitled to practice the occupation of a barber It shall be the duty of the holder of such card to post the same in a conspicuous place in front of his or her working chair where it may be readily seen by all persons whom he or she may serve

Section 13 The card shall be renewed on or before the first day of January in each year and the holders of said certificate of registration shall pay the secretary of said board the sum of one dollar for said renewal card Upon the failure of any holder of a certificate of registration to apply for a renewal of his or her card on or before the first day of January in each year his or her certificate shall be revoked by the board

Section 14 The board may revoke any certificate of registration granted by it under this act for (a) conviction of crime (b) habitual drunkenness (c) having or imparting any contagious or infectious disease (d) doing work in an unsanitary or filthy manner or (e) gross incompetence Before any certificate shall be revoked the holder thereof shall have notice in writing of the charge or charges against him or her and shall at a day specified in said notice at least five days after the service thereof be given a public hearing and full opportunity to produce testimony in his or her behalf and to confront the witnesses against him or her Any person whose certificate has been so revoked may after the expiration of ninety days on application have the same reissued to him or her upon satisfactory showing that the disqualification has ceased

Section 15 The board may adopt reasonable rules and regulations prescribing the sanitary requirements of a barber shop or barber school or barber college subject to the approval of the Department of Health and may cause the rules and regulations so approved to be printed in a suitable form and may transmit a copy thereof to the proprietor of or person operating each barber shop or barber school or barber college which shall at all times be kept conspicuously displayed in each such shop or school or college Any member of the board or duly authorized deputy may enter and make reasonable examination of any barber shop or barber school or barber college during the business hours for the purpose of ascertaining the sanitary condition thereof Any barber shop barber school or barber college in which tools appliances and furnishings in use therein are kept in an unclean and unsanitary condition as to be a danger to health is hereby declared to be a public nuisance and the proprietor thereof or any person operating such barber shop or barber school or barber college shall be subject to prosecution and punishment therefor

Section 16 The board shall keep a register in which shall be entered the names of all persons to whom certificates are issued and to whom permits for serving apprenticeship or as students are issued under this act The register shall at all times be open to public inspection

Section 17 No person practicing or learning the occupation of a barber in any barber shop barber school or college shall serve a person afflicted with erysipelas eczema impetigo sycosis tuberculosis or any other contagious or infectious disease Any person so afflicted shall not be served in any barber shop or barber school or barber college

Section 18 Nothing in this act shall prohibit any person from serving as an apprentice in said occupation under license issued by the board to a barber registered to practice such occupation under this act nor from serving as a student in any barber school or barber college for the teaching of said occupation under the instruction of a registered barber In no barber shop shall there be more than one apprentice to two barbers authorized under this act to practice said occupation All barber shops having but one chair shall be entitled to at least one apprentice All barber schools or barber colleges shall have not less than one teacher or instructor for every ten students All barber schools or barber colleges shall keep prominently displayed a sign reading "Barber College" or "Barber School" Any copartnership corporation or person desiring to operate or conduct a barber school or barber college shall first secure from the board a permit to do so and shall keep the same prominently displayed The board may pass upon the qualifications appointments and course of study in said college which shall be not less than three years There shall be no money charged or collected by the college or by any of its students or teachers in the practice of the trade therein taught

Section 19 To shave or to trim the beard or to cut hair or to shampoo the hair or to massage the face or head by either manual or mechanical means or to apply hot cloths to the face of any person for hire or reward received by the person performing such service for any other persons shall be considered as practicing the occupation of a barber within the meaning of this act

Section 20 Any person violating any of the provisions of this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding one hundred dollars ($100.00) or to undergo imprisonment in the county jail not exceeding ninety days or both One week's continuous violation of this act shall constitute a separate offense.

Section 21 This act shall become effective on the first day of July one thousand nine hundred and fifteen Anno Domini

Section 22 All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with this act are repealed

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. PHILLIPS. Mr. Speaker, I desire to interrogate the gentleman from Schuylkill.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Schuylkill, Mr. Palmer, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. PALMER. Mr. Speaker, I will.

Mr. PHILLIPS. Mr. Speaker, I would like to know what effect this bill has on the barbers already practicing?

Mr. PALMER. Mr. Speaker, no effect at all. They simply have to establish the fact that they are practicing at the barber trade and they will obtain a license under this bill.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—23.

Alcorn,	Bungard,	Klinger,	McVicar,
Arnold,	Conner,	Maurer,	Palmer,
Aron,	Dodds,	McArdle,	Robertson,
Bauerle,	Gallagher,	McClintock,	Stern,
Bergy,	Garner,	McDermott,	West,
Beyer,	Howarth,	McNichol,	

NAYS—123.

Albee,	Goodyear,	Murdoch,	Sones,
Baker,	Greenwood,	Murphy,	Spangler,
Beck,	Habgood,	Neville,	Spencer,
Becker,	Hackett,	Nieder,	Statler,
Benn,	Hamilton,	Oaks,	Staving,
Benninger,	Harper,	Ostrander,	Steedle,
Blackburn,	Heffernan,	Peters,	Stein,
Body,	Herman,	Phillips,	Stone,
Brosius,	Hess,	Pickering,	Sullivan,
Brumbaugh,	Heyburn,	Powell,	Swartz,
Christman,	Hibshman,	Ramsey,	Taylor,
Corbin,	Hollern,	Reel,	Thomas,
Cox,	Hollingsworth,	Reynolds,	Trach,
Davis,	Horton,	Rhoads,	Twibill,
Dawson,	Jack,	Rininger,	Vickerman,
Dell,	Jones, W. W.,	Rinn,	Vogdes,
Diefenderfer,	Kaiser,	Rothenberger,	Walsh,
Drinkhouse,	Kitts,	Rowell,	Walter,
Eby,	Kuhn,	Rudisill,	Walton,
Eppley,	Kunkle,	Sampsel,	Watson,
Erdman,	Lanius,	Sarig,	Weaver,
Evans,	Lauler,	Schaeffer,	Weir,
Finnerty,	Leighner,	Scott,	Whitaker,
Forster,	Lipschutz,	Shaaber	Whitten,
Fruit,	Love,	Shaffer,	Williams,
Geiser,	Luppert,	Shoop,	Wilson, W. H.,
Gibson,	Luxemburger,	Showalter,	Wobensmith,
Gingery,	Marvin,	Sinclair,	Wood,
Glass,	Mather,	Smith, J. W.,	Woodward,
Gompers,	McClure,	Smith, Jeff. W.	Wylie,
Goodnough,	McCurdy,	Snyder,	Young,

Less than the majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the negative and the bill falls.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 841, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to pay the judgment obtained against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania by Robert Stewart

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—154.

Adams,	Fretz,	Luppert,	Shoop,
Albee,	Gallagher,	Luxemburger,	Showalter,
Alcorn,	Gans,	Mangan,	Sinclair,
Alexander,	Garner,	Marvin,	Smith, J. W.,
Arnold,	Geary,	Mather,	Smith, Jeff. W.,
Aron,	Gingery,	Maurer,	Snyder,
Baldwin,	Glass,	McCaig,	Sones,
Barnett,	Gompers,	McClintock,	Spangler,
Beck,	Goodnough,	McClure,	Spencer,
Becker,	Goodyear,	McConnell,	Statler,
Benn,	Gormley,	McCurdy,	Stern,
Benninger,	Graham,	McDermott,	Stone,
Bergy,	Habgood,	McKay,	Swan,
Blackburn,	Hackett,	McNichol,	Swartz,
Body,	Hamilton,	McVicar,	Taylor,
Bovee,	Harper,	Mellott,	Thomas,
Brosius,	Heffernan,	Metzenbacher,	Trach,
Brumbaugh,	Herman,	Milliron,	Twibill,
Bungard,	Hess,	Murphy,	Vickerman,
Campbell, J. O.,	Heyburn,	Myers,	Wagner,
Campbell, T.,	Hibshman,	Oaks,	Walsh,
Christman,	Hollern,	Ostrander,	Walton,
Corbin,	Hollingsworth,	Palmer,	Weimer,
Cox,	Howarth,	Peters,	Weir,
Cromer,	Hubler,	Phillips,	West,
Cummins,	Jack,	Pickering,	Whitaker,
Davis,	Jones, W. W.,	Powell,	Whitten,
Dawson,	Kaiser,	Reel,	Wildman,
Dell,	Kitts,	Rich,	Williams,
Diefenderfer,	Klinger,	Rininger,	Wilson, H. I.,
Dodds,	Kuhn,	Rinn,	Wilson, W. H.,
Drinkhouse,	Kunkle,	Robertson,	Wobensmith,
Dunn,	Landis,	Rothenberger,	Wood,
Eby,	Lanius,	Rudisill,	Wylie,
Erdman,	Lauer,	Sampsel,	Wynne,
Evans,	Lauler,	Sarig,	Young,
Fackler,	Lindsey,	Schaeffer,	Ambler,
Finnerty,	Lipschutz,	Shaaber.	Speaker.
Forster,	Love,	Shaffer,	

NAYS—1.

Coldsmith,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 587, as follows:

An Act to amend an act approved the second day of May one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine entitled "An Act to provide revenue by imposing a mercantile license tax on venders of or dealers in goods wares and merchandise and providing for the collection of said tax"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by authority of the same That the third section of an act approved the second day of May one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine entitled "An act to provide revenue by imposing a mercantile license tax on venders of or dealers in goods wares and merchandise and providing for the collection of said tax" which reads as follows:

"Section 3 For the purpose of carrying into effect the provisions of this act the appointment of mercantile appraisers shall be made annually on or before the thirtieth day of December of each year by the county commissioners except in cities of the first class when the Auditor General and the treasurer of the city are authorized and required to appoint five suitable qualified citizens all of whom shall not be of the same political party and the term of office of said appraisers shall be for three years is hereby amended to read as follows:

Section 3 For the purpose of carrying into effect the provisions of this act the appointment of mercantile appraisers shall be made annually on or before the thirtieth day of December of each year by the county commissioners except in cities of the first class In cities of the first class the county commissioners are required to appoint five suitable qualified citizens all of whom shall not be of the same political party whose term of office shall be for four years In such cities the city treasurer shall appoint for the board of mercantile appraisers all necessary clerical help In such cities the appraisers and the clerical help and the necessary expenses incurred in performing the duties of office shall be paid by the city treasurer out of the funds coming into his hands from the mercantile license taxes collected in such cities

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. J. W. SMITH. Mr. Speaker, I move that further consideration of this bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. DUNN. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 975 (Senate Bill No. 84), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and manitain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith"

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—156.

Adams,	Fruit,	Luxemburger,	Sinclair,
Albee,	Gallagher,	Mangan,	Smith, J. W.,
Alcorn,	Gans,	Marvin,	Smith, Jeff. W.,
Alexander,	Garner,	Mather,	Snyder,
Arnold,	Geary,	Maurer,	Sones,
Aron,	Geiser,	McCaig,	Spangler,
Baker,	Gingery,	McConnell,	Statler,
Baldwin,	Gompers,	McCurdy,	Staving,
Barnett,	Goodnough,	McDermott,	Steedle,
Beck,	Goodwin,	McKay,	Stern,
Becker,	Goodyear,	McNichol,	Stone,
Benn,	Gormley,	McVicar,	Swan,
Benninger,	Graham,	Mearkle,	Swartz,
Blackburn,	Greenwood,	Mellott,	Taylor,
Body,	Hackett,	Metzenbacher,	Thomas,
Bovee,	Hamilton,	Milliron,	Trach,
Brosius,	Harper,	Murdoch,	Twibill,
Brumbaugh,	Heffernan,	Myers,	Vickerman,
Bungard,	Herman,	Oaks,	Vogdes,
Campbell, J. O.	Hess,	Ostrander,	Wagner,
Christman,	Heyburn,	Palmer,	Walsh,
Conner,	Hollern,	Peters,	Watson,
Corbin,	Hollingsworth,	Phillips,	Weaver,
Cox,	Horton,	Pickering,	Weir,
Cromer,	Howarth,	Powell,	West,
Curry,	Hubler,	Ramsey,	Whitaker,
Davis,	Jack,	Reel,	Whitten,
Dawson,	Jones, W. W.,	Rich,	Willard,
Dell,	Kitts,	Rininger,	Williams,
Diefenderfer,	Klinger,	Robertson,	Wilson, H. I.,
Dodds,	Kuhn,	Roney,	Wilson, W. H.,
Drinkhouse,	Kunkle,	Rothenberger,	Wobensmith,
Dunn,	Landis,	Rudisill,	Wood,
Eby,	Lanius,	Sarig,	Wylie,
Ehrhardt,	Lauer,	Schaeffer,	Wynne,
Erdman,	Lauler,	Shaaber,	Young,
Fackler,	Leighner,	Shaffer,	Ambler,
Finnerty,	Lipschutz,	Shoop.	Speaker.
Flynn,	Love,	Showalter,	
Forster,	Luppert,		

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

MR. STERN IN THE CHAIR.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1049, as follows:

An Act to amend section two of an act approved the fifteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred seven entitled "An Act fixing the salary of the Superintendent of Public Instruction and of the deputy superintendents of Public Instruction"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the second section of an act approved the fifteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred seven entitled "An Act fixing the salary of the Superintendent of Public Instruction and of the Deputy Superintendents of Public Instruction" which reads as follows

"Section 2 That from and after the passage of this act the salary of the Deputy Superintendents of Public Instruction shall be two thousand dollars per annum" is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 2 The salary of the Deputy Superintendents of Public Instruction shall be two thousand five hundred dollars per annum

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—135.

Adams,	Fackler,	Kuhn,	Schaeffer,
Albee,	Forster,	Lafferty,	Shaaber,
Alcorn,	Fretz,	Lanius,	Shaffer,
Alexander,	Fruit,	Lauler,	Shoop,
Aron,	Gallagher,	Leighner,	Smith, J. W.,
Baker,	Gans,	Lindsey,	Snyder,
Baldwin,	Garner,	Lipschutz,	Sones,
Barnett,	Geiser,	Luppert,	Spangler,
Beck,	Gingery,	Luxemburger,	Statler,
Becker,	Glass,	Lynch,	Staving,
Benn,	Glenn,	Mangan,	Stern,
Benninger,	Gompers,	Mather,	Swan,
Bergy,	Goodnough,	McClintock,	Swartz,
Beyer,	Goodwin,	McClure,	Thomas,
Blackburn,	Goodyear,	McConnell,	Trach,
Body,	Gormley,	McCurdy,	Vickerman,
Bovee,	Graham,	McKay,	Vogdes,
Brosius,	Habgood,	McNichol,	Wagner,
Brownlee,	Hackett,	McVicar,	Walsh,
Brumbaugh,	Hamilton,	Mearkle,	Watson,
Bungard,	Harper,	Milliron,	Weaver,
Campbell, J. O.,	Heffernan,	Murdoch,	Weir,
Christman,	Herman,	Myers,	Whitaker,
Conner,	Hess,	Oaks,	Whitten,
Corbin,	Heyburn,	Peters,	Wilson, H. I.,
Cox,	Hibshman,	Phillips,	Wilson, W. H.,
Cummins,	Hollern,	Pickering,	Wobensmith,
Davis,	Hollingsworth,	Powell,	Wood,
Dawson,	Horton,	Reel,	Wylie,
Dell,	Howarth,	Rich,	Young,
Drinkhouse,	Hubler,	Rinn,	Ambler,
Dunn,	Jack,	Robertson,	Speaker.
Ehrhardt,	Jones, W. W.,	Sampsel,	
Evans,	Klinger,		

NAYS—9.

Cromer,	Maurer,	Rothenberger,	Taylor,
Diefenderfer,	Metzenbacher,	Rudisill,	West,
Eby,			

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

SENATE BILL NO. 141 MADE A SPECIAL ORDER.

Mr. DUNN. Mr. Speaker, I move that (Senate Bill No. 141) House Bill No 1083, File Folio 755, entitled:

An Act to regulate the practice of optometry in Pennsylvania defining optometry and relating to the right to practice optometry in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and making certain exceptions and providing a bureau of optometrical education examination and licensure as a bureau of the Department of Public Instruction and means and methods whereby the right to practice optometry may be obtained and providing for the means to carry out the provisions of this act and providing for revocation or suspension of licenses given by said bureau and providing penalties for violations thereof and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent therewith

be made a special order for Monday evening April 5th, at 9:30 o'clock.

Mr. LANIUS. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the motion?

It was agreed to.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 336, as follows:

An Act requiring the assessors for county taxation purposes to collect certain agricultural information fixing their compensation therefor and fixing the duties of the county commissioners in connection therewith

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by authority of the same That in addition to the duties now required of them by law the assessors shall at the time of making each triennial assessment in the several boroughs and townships gather and return to the county commissioners at the time of making the return of their assessments the following information relative to agriculture in the respective township borough or ward or district

1 The number of acres seeded to (a) wheat (b) rye (c) corn (d) buckwheat (e) barley (f) oats and (g) potatoes and respectively harvested by each owner or tenant as the case may be with the respective number of bushels of each harvested in the year of the assessment

2 The respective number of acres of grass cut during the harvest of the triennial assessment year and the number of tons of hay harvested by each owner or tenant as the case may be

3 The number of (a) horses (b) mules (c) dairy cows (d) other cattle (e) swine (f) sheep (g) hives of bees and (h) number and class of domestic fowls belonging to the owner or tenant as the case may be

4 The number of bushels of apples peaches pears cherries plums and the number of pounds of honey produced by each owner or tenant as the case may be

Section 2 The returns required in section one of this act shall be made on blank forms furnished to the county commissioners by the secretary of agriculture before the first day of September of each triennial assessment year

Section 3 When the returns shall be made of the agricultural information by the assessors to the county commissioners such information shall be tabulated by the commissioners by townships boroughs and wards and shall be sent to the secretary of agriculture prior to the first day of March next following

Section 4 Each assessor shall receive out of the county treasury the same compensation for each day actually and necessarily employed in the performance of the duties hereby imposed as he receives in performing the duties of assessor for county tax purposes

Section 5 This act shall become effective on the first day of September one thousand nine hundred and fifteen

Section 6 All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with or supplied by this act are repealed

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—136.

Adams,	Gallagher,	Mangan,	Sinclair,
Albee,	Gans,	Marvin,	Smith, J. W.,
Alcorn,	Garner,	Mather,	Smith, Jeff. W.
Alexander,	Geiser,	Maurer,	Snyder,
Arnold,	Gingery,	McCaig,	Sones,
Aron,	Glass,	McClintock,	Spangler,
Baker,	Gompers,	McClure,	Spencer,
Baldwin,	Goodnough,	McConnell,	Statler,
Barnett,	Goodwin,	McCurdy,	Stern,
Bauerle,	Goodyear,	McDermott,	Swan,
Becker,	Graham,	McVicar,	Swartz,
Benn,	Habgood,	Mellott,	Taylor,
Benninger,	Hackett,	Metzenbacher,	Thomas,
Bergy,	Hamilton,	Milliron,	Trach,
Beyer,	Harper,	Murdoch,	Twibill,
Blackburn,	Heffernan,	Myers,	Vickerman,
Body,	Herman,	Oaks,	Vogdes,
Bovee,	Hess,	Ostrander,	Wagner,
Brosius,	Heyburn,	Palmer,	Walsh,
Brumbaugh,	Hibshman,	Peters,	Watson,
Bungard,	Hollingsworth,	Phillips,	Weir,
Christman,	Horton,	Pickering,	West,
Conner,	Howarth,	Powell,	Whitaker,
Corbin,	Hubler,	Reel,	Whitten,
Cox,	Jones, W. W.,	Rich,	Williams,
Cromer,	Klinger,	Rinn,	Wilson, H. I.,
Davis,			

Dawson,	Kuhn,	Robertson,	Wilson, W. H.,
Dell,	Kunkle,	Rothenberger,	Wobensmith,
Diefenderfer,	Lafferty,	Rudisill,	Wood,
Dodds,	Lanius,	Sampsel,	Wylie,
Drinkhouse,	Lauler,	Sarig,	Wynne,
Dunn,	Lindsey,	Schaeffer,	Young,
Finnerty,	Lipschutz,	Shaffer,	Ambler,
Forster,	Luxemburger,	Shoop,	Speaker.

NAYS—4.

Beck,	Eppley,	Erdman,	Jack,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1011, as follows:

An Act creating in counties having over eight hundred thousand and less than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants according to the last preceding United States census a board to fix and determine the number and compensation of employes in all county offices boards bureaus departments and divisions thereof prescribing the powers and duties of said board and regulating appeals from the decesion thereof

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the county controller and the county commissioners in all counties of this Commonwealth having over eight hundred thousand and less than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants according to the last preceding United State census be and they are hereby constituted a board in their respective counties whose duty it shall be to fix and determine in manner herein provided the number and compensation of the employes of any and all county officers boards bureaus departments and divisions thereof whether elected by the people or appointed according to law Provided however The number of said employes and the salaries to be paid them have not otherwise been specificially determined by an act of Assembly

Section 2 The said board shall meet from time to time when required by any county officer president or other executive head of any seperate board or division whatsoever the number or compensation of whose employes is sought to be fixed and determined and shall forthwith consider and fix and determine the same in manner as they may deem best for the public service and such county officer president or executive head shall sit as a member of said board and be entitled to vote so long as the matter affecting his office is under consideration and no longer and a decision of the majority shall govern A full minute of all meetings of said board shall be entered in a book kept for that purpose

Section 3 Any county officer president or executive head as aforesaid shall have the right to appeal from the decision of said board to the court of common pleas of the proper county and shall be entitled to have the merits of his case fully heard and considered The decision of said court shall be final

Section 4 That the act entitled "An act to amend section first of an act of Assembly approved the fourth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled 'An act creating in counties having a population of from three hundred thousand to one million a board to fix and determine the number and compensation of employes in all county offices boards bureaus departments and divisions thereof prescribing the powers and duties of said board and regulating appeals from the decision thereof' so as to make it apply to counties containing a population of not less than eight hundred thousand or more than one million four hundred thousand" Approved March fourth one thousand nine hundred and eleven (Pamphlet Laws ten) together with all other acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—116.

Albee,	Fackler,	Lauer,	Robertson,
Alcorn,	Forster,	Lauler,	Rothenberger,
Alexander,	Gallagher,	Leighner,	Sampsel,
Aron,	Geary,	Lipschutz,	Schaeffer,
Baldwin,	Geiser,	Love,	Shoop,
Barnett,	Gingery,	Luppert,	Showalter,
Bauerle,	Glass,	Luxemburger,	Smith, J. W.,
Beck,	Glenn,	Mather,	Sones,
Becker,	Gompers,	Maurer,	Spangler,
Benn,	Goodwin,	McCaig,	Spencer,
Bergy,	Goodyear,	McClintock,	Statler,
Beyer,	Graham,	McConnell,	Stern,
Blackburn,	Habgood,	McCurdy,	Swan,
Body,	Hackett,	McDermott,	Swartz,
Brosius,	Hamilton,	McVicar,	Taylor,
Brumbaugh,	Harper,	Mearkle,	Trach,
Bungard,	Heffernan,	Metzenbacher,	Vickerman,
Campbell, J. O.,	Herman,	Milliron,	Wagner,
Christman,	Hess,	Murdoch,	Watson,
Corbin,	Hibshman,	Oaks,	Weir,
Cromer,	Hollern,	Ostrander,	West,
Davis,	Hollingsworth,	Palmer,	Wettach,
Dawson,	Horton,	Peters,	Wobensmith,
Dell,	Howarth,	Phillips,	Wood,
Diefenderfer,	Jack,	Pickering,	Wylie,
Dodds,	Jones, W. W.,	Powell,	Wynne,
Drinkhouse,	Klinger,	Reel,	Young,
Dunn,	Kuhn,	Rich,	Ambler,
Eppley,	Kunkle,	Rinn,	Speaker.
Erdman,	Lanius,		
Evans,			

NAYS—2.

Baker,	Twibill,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 990 (Senate Bill No. 369), entitled:

An act regulating the sale offering for sale or exposing for sale of vegetables grapes and fruits providing standard containers baskets trays and measures and imposing penalties

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—119.

Albee,	Forster,	Lauler,	Sarig,
Alcorn,	Fretz,	Leighner,	Scott,
Alexander,	Gallagher,	Lipschutz,	Shaffer,
Arnold,	Garner,	Luxemburger,	Showalter,
Aron,	Geary,	Mangan,	Smith, J. W.,
Baker,	Geiser,	Marvin,	Snyder,
Baldwin,	Gingery,	Mather,	Sones,
Bauerle,	Gompers,	Maurer,	Spangler,
Becker,	Goodnough,	McCaig,	Spencer,
Benn,	Goodwin,	McClintock,	Statler,
Benninger,	Goodyear,	McClure,	Staving,
Bergy,	Graham,	McCurdy,	Stern,
Beyer,	Habgood,	McDermott,	Swartz,
Blackburn,	Hackett,	McVicar,	Thomas,
Bovee,	Hamilton,	Metzenbacher,	Trach,
Brosius,	Harper,	Milliron,	Twibill,
Brumbaugh,	Heffernan,	Murdoch,	Vickerman,
Bungard,	Herman,	Myers,	Wagner,
Campbell, J. O.,	Hess,	Oaks,	Walsh,
Christman,	Hibshman,	Ostrander,	Watson,
Coldsmith,	Hollern,	Palmer,	Weaver,
Corbin,	Hollingsworth,	Peters,	West,
Cromer,	Horton,	Phillips,	Wettach,
Davis,	Howarth,	Pickering,	Whitten,
Dawson,	Jack,	Powell,	Wobensmith,
Dell,	Jones, W. W.,	Reel,	Wood,
Dodds,	Klinger,	Rich,	Wylie,
Drinkhouse,	Kuhn,	Rinn,	Wynne,
Dunn,	Kunkle,	Robertson,	Young,
Eby,	Lanius,	Rothenberger,	Ambler,
Evans,	Lauer,	Sampsel,	Speaker.

NAYS—3.

Eppley,	Diefenderfer,	Swan,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed it without amendments.

Mr. HACKETT. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to call up at this time House Bill No. 713, File Folio 3619, on page ten of to-day's calendar, Bills on Third Reading, for the purpose of amendment.

The SPEAKER. Will the House give its unanimous consent to consider this bill at this time? The Chair hears no objection and consent is granted.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 713, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to Charles Roth and George H. Roth owners of "The Star" moving picture place of the amount illegally demanded and collected as a State license fee from them as proprietors of a moving picture place in the State of Pennsylvania

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. HACKETT. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to offer amendments at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The Clerk then read the amendments as follows:

Amend section 1, line 15, by striking out the word "first" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "tenth."

Amend section 1, line 18, by striking out the words "ninety-four" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "forty-nine."

Amend title, line 2, by inserting after the word "Star" the word "a"

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to insert the amendments as read? Is there any objection? The Chair hears none and the amendments will be inserted in accordance with the instructions of the House.

The bill as amended was then agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended lie over for printing.

Mr. HACKETT. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to call up at this time House Bill No. 742, File Folio, 3621, on page eleven of to-day's calendar, Bills on Third Reading, for the purpose of amendment.

The SPEAKER. Will the House give its unanimous consent to consider this bill at this time? The Chair hears no objection and consent is granted.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 742, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to George H. Roth and Robert Rappold trading as Roth and Rappold owners of "The Owl" a moving picture place of the amount illegally demanded and collected as a State license fee from them as proprietors of a moving picture place in the State of Pennsylvania

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. HACKETT. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to offer amendments at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The Clerk then read the amendments as follows:

Amend section 1, line 13, by inserting after the word "seven" the word "and"

Amend Section 1, line 15, by striking out the word "first" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "tenth"

Amend section 1, line 18, by striking out the word "ninety-four" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "forty-nine"

Amend section 1, line 22, by striking out the word "or" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "for"

Amend section 1, line 26, by striking out the word "Fanie" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "Fannie"

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to insert the amendments as read? Is there any objection? The Chair hears none and the amendments will be inserted in accordance with the instructions of the House.

The bill as amended was then agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended lie over for printing.

ADJOURNMENT.

Mr. TWIBILL. Mr. Speaker, I move that the House do now adjourn.

The motion was agreed to, and (at 9:40 P. M.) the House adjourned until to-morrow morning at 10:00 o'clock.

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA.

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HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

THURSDAY, April 1st, 1915.

The House met at 10 o'clock A. M.

The SPEAKER, (Charles A. Ambler) in the Chair.

PRAYER.

The Chaplain, Rev. F. W. Staley offered the following prayer:

Almighty God, we thank Thee that Thou dost reign in the heavens and in the earth. Righteousness and judgment are the habitations of Thy throne. We thank Thee for the gift of Thine only begotten son, whose birth was foretold by the prophets and announced by the angels; whose life and teachings have revolutionized the thought of the world; whose deeds have been incorporated in Christian civilization and have built the great Christian church; whose death has been for the redemption of the world; whose resurrection was his mastership over death and the grave; he is truly the wonderful, the counsellor, the mighty God, the everlasting father, the prince of peace, and unto Him who hath loved us and washed us in his own blood and has made us kings and priests unto God, the glory and power and dominion, for ever and ever. Amen.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the journal of yesterday's proceedings.

The Clerk proceeded to read the journal of yesterday's proceedings, when on motion of Mr. Cromer, the further reading was dispensed with and the journal was approved.

PETITIONS.

FAVORING PASSAGE OF LOCAL OPTION LAW.

Mr. BECKER presented by request the petition of citizens of Schuylkill County favoring the passage of the Local Option Law.

Referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

The SPEAKER presented the petition of the members of St. John's Evangelical Church, of Philadelphia, favoring the passage of the Local Option Law.

Referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

FAVORING REPEAL OF THE FULL CREW LAW.

The SPEAKER presented the petition of the Philadelphia Maritime Exchange favoring the repeal of the Full Crew Law.

Referred to the Committee on Railroads.

PROTESTING AGAINST REPEAL OF THE FULL CREW LAW.

The SPEAKER presented the petition of citizens of Warren County protesting against the repeal of the Full Crew Law.

Referred to the Committee on Railroads.

BILLS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED.

By Mr. DELL. House Bill No. 1253.

An Act empowering the Department of Forestry to grant rights of way through the State Forests.

Referred to the Committee on Forestry.

By Mr. RUBISILL. House Bill No. 1254.

An Act establishing in Adams County a certain section of public road as a "State Highway."

Referred to the Committee of Public Roads.

By Mr. STERN. House Bill No. 1255.

An Act making an appropriation to the Philadelphia Osteopathic Hospital of Philadelphia

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. GEISER. House Bill No. 1256.

An Act fixing the pay of assessors in cities of the third class and in boroughs and townships of the second class.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

By Mr. LUPPERT. House Bill No. 1257.

An Act conferring upon National Banking Associations the powers and privileges of acting as trustee, executor, administrator, guardian and registrar of bonds and stocks; the power to take, hold sell and convey real estate in such trust capacities for said trust purposes; and authorizing officers of said banks to take and subscribe for it oaths required.

Referred to the Committee on Banks and Banking.

By Mr. WHITAKER. House Bill No. 1258.

An Act relating to the maintenance of insane, feeble-minded and other persons confined in the various institutions of the Commonwealth, fixing liability for their support, providing for the collection of the moneys due the Commonwealth therefor, and for proceedings relating thereto.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. SWAN. House Bill No. 1259.

An Act making an appropriation for the purchase of a collection of Indian relics for the State Museum.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. LOVE. House Bill No. 1260.

An Act relating to provisional certificates to be issued to students attending State Normal Schools.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Mr. LOVE. House Bill No. 1261.

An Act relating to time for graduation of students in State Normal Schools.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Mr. GIBSON. House Bill No. 1262.

An Act to amend an act approved the thirteenth day of June, one thousand eight hundred thirty-six, entitled "An Act relating to roads, highways and bridges."

Referred to the Committee of Public Roads.

RESOLUTION NO. 13.

Mr. H. I. WILSON called up Resolution No. 13, File Folio 3465, which was read as follows:

Whereas Under the provisions of an act approved the thirty-first day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven popularly known as the Sproul Bill approximately eight thousand five hundred miles of State Highways were provided for as the beginning of a State highway system covering substantially the main highways of the State and

Whereas By two amendments thereto enacted at the session of one thousand nine hundred thirteen approximately fifteen hundred miles

additional State highway were added to the existing State highway system such additional highways to be taken over on June fifteen one thousand nine hundred fifteen and

Whereas Prior to the first day of January one thousand nine hundred fifteen the State Highway Department was handicapped in the administration of the State highway system by inability to use funds appropriated therefor and

Whereas Owing to the failure of the people to approve the proposed amendment to the Constitution of Pennsylvania whereby the sum of fifty million dollars was to be available for the use of the highways of Pennsylvania the State Highway Department was unable to secure sufficient funds to carry out the plan already outlined and

Whereas Throughout the length and breadth of Pennsylvania there have been and are now at the present time going on earnest discussions as to the highway policy that Pennsylvania should adopt in order to bring herself abreast with her sister States in constructing and maintaining a modern and efficient system of highways and

Whereas Time is going on and there is no evidence to the public that the General Assembly has taken any action or devised any comprehensive policy looking to a proper State highway system and

Whereas If work is not commenced soon upon the public highways by the State Highway Department much valuable time will be lost much money wasted and the agricultural and other interests of the State retarded and injured and

Whereas At the present time approximately the sum of eight hundred thousand dollars is available for use on the State highway system in the hands of the State Highway Department for purposes of repair and upkeep therefore

Be it resolved by the House of Representatives of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania That it is the sense of this House that the entire mileage of the State highway system as originally outlined in the Sproul Road Bill and as subsequently increased by the General Assembly of one thousand nine hundred thirteen be kept intact as a nucleus for a State highway policy and system and that the State Highway Department is directed to proceed at the earliest possible date in the actual work of repair and maintenance of the various roads comprising the State highway system and be it further resolved

That in the expenditure of the various sums of money coming into the hands of the State Highway Department available for road or repair purposes that the State Highway Department endeavor to put as much of the money in actual constructive and repair work as the needs of the road require

On the question,

Will the House adopt the resolution?

Mr. H. I. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I am happy to announce that the subject matter covered by this resolution appears to be bearing fruit. There is no disposition by myself to embarrass any member or any person in this State. The resolution was offered in good faith and seemed to me a very necessary act to be passed upon by this House, but inasmuch as we have assurances from the right direction that this subject matter will have prompt attention and is being given prompt attention, I wish now to reiterate the statements made in the resolution and the policy endeavored to be enunciated therein by requesting—by moving that this House refer this resolution to the Committee on Public Highways.

Mr. W. H. WILSON, Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the House refer the resolution to the Committee on Public Roads?

Mr. E. E. JONES. Mr. Speaker, in connection with this matter, I would like to say just a few words: It is along this line; there is a great deal of good in this resolution and if it comes to the Pubic Roads Committee it will be properly treated there, but I want to call the attention of the House to the conditions of this road matter which it seems to me we ought to awaken to. That is this, we are drawing to a close, perhaps adjournment is only a month off and so far as I can see there is very little being done in this Legislature, so far, towards raising additional revenue for the Commonwealth, and if I am not mistaken, gentlemen, unless some move is made in this direction at once, unless we do have some revenue bills out of the Ways and Means Committee and passed by this Legislature and put upon the Statute Books of this State, we are going to find ourselves at the close of the session in almost the same condition that we have been in the past, session after session, and whatever road legislation we may put through will be handicapped for lack of money.

The vital thing in this whole road problem in Pennsylvania to-day is the matter of finance, of funds with which to build roads. We cannot build roads out of papers or newspapers or wind; it takes cash. Unless the Ways and Means Committee takes action and I don't care, gentlemen, to criticize the Ways and Means Committee, but action must be taken and it does not seem to me that the Ways and Means Committee is giving us the revenue bills which they should provide not only to build up the road system of the State but for the public schools. Mr. Speaker, we know what is necessary in the way of a road appropriation for which we should have at least fifteen million dollars in an appropriation besides twenty million dollars of an appropriation for schools. In addition to the financial support for all the expenses of government, there should be revenue bills passed to provide at least ten millions of dollars additional revenue, in order to properly take care of the roads and schools and the various other institutions of the State.

Mr. DELL. Mr. Speaker, this road matter is one of the vital propositions before this session. Both the great parties last fall in the campaign emphasized very forcibly the necessity for taking care of the public highways. Both parties had the confidence of the people in believing that the public highways would be taken care of. Now, at this time, it would be a serious mistake to drop any of the roads that have already been provided for. As a member of the Highway Committee, I do not know whether it would be wise to add any additional roads or not, but I do feel that it would be a betrayal of the people of this Commonwealth for us to drop one mile of any of the roads that have been provided for under the Sproul Act or the additional act of 1913. For that reason I firmly believe that we cannot afford to permit one mile of it to be dropped and I do believe that the support of the resolution introduced by the gentleman from Jefferson should prevail and that we should stand by the promises made by the parties in the past and hold the confidence of the people on this issue.

Mr. OAKS. Mr. Speaker, I had as my guest last night Dr. Summerville from our county who is President of the Board of Supervisors and he had with him resolutions passed at the last board meeting advocating a half mill tax for a special fund for road building purposes. He was very desirous to see Mr. Jones but we could not locate him last night. He made a special trip here in order to see whether this resolution might not have some effect upon this House.

Mr. DUNN. Mr. Speaker, this question of financing the State, in order to make good roads throughout this Commonwealth, was taken up in the session of 1913. I was very much interested in that legislation in regard to the fifty million dollar bond issue. While I come from a county which would not receive one penny of that fifty million dollar bond issue for good roads, yet I was very much interested in it and desired to see it pass so that it should come before the people of this great Commonwealth and let the people who were interested in country roads and anxious for the betterment of the roads throughout the State vote on the subject and have a fund that would make the roads of Pennsylvania superior to any other roads in this great country. I want to say to you, gentlemen, of this House, after the earnest efforts made on behalf of the House of 1911 and 1913 in order to put this constitutional amendment before the people of this Commonwealth, in the November election when it came up to a vote the people, the country people, who would be directly benefitted by this fifty million dollar bond issue took the impression given to them that it would be used by certain people for certain other purposes and they defeated that constitutional amendment. My district and my county which would not have received one penny of that fifty million dollars bond issue intended for the country roads gave a majority of over sixty thousand for that constitutional amendment. It is the fault of the country members to-day if they have not money sufficient to repair and fix the country roads and put them in a condition superior to the roads in any state in this country. It is the fault of those people for permitting themselves to have falsely impressed upon their minds that somebody was going to spend that money in a manner that would not be satisfactory or that would not be judicially spent or spent in the interests of the farmers of our Commonwealth. The whole responsibility of it is up to them for

not having improved country roads, and place the State Highway in a position that we should be proud of, for the people who would reap the benefits of it are our country members.

Mr. CHARLES A. SHAFFER. Mr. Speaker, and gentlemen of the House the gentleman from Susquehanna has referred to the Committee on Ways and Means in reference to revenues for road building and other matters. I wish to say in the absence of the Chairman, that at our last meeting we passed out some bills giving a couple of million dollars revenue, and that there are bills in the committee which will come before us to be acted upon within the next week, and it is expected that they will be put out before the House for your consideration. They are revenue bills and some of them, I think will come before you for your consideration in a very brief period of time.

Mr. GIBSON. Mr. Speaker, inasmuch as this seems to be a sort of a round-table affair concerning the road problem I want to call your attention to one point mentioned—The history of the bonds. Those who were here in the last session will recall that a bill was passed undertaking to provide for the distribution of Highway money among the townships. The bill was thoroughly impracticable in the shape it was, but nevertheless it passed the House, I do not believe because they thoroughly approved of it, but we all believed in more definite legislation so that every county would feel that they were to get their just share of any appropriation that should be made. At that time I gave the matter some consideration and prepared a bill that I thought was a better one than that, which, however, could not be adopted. But I just want to call the attention of the members who were here, and interested, to the bill I introduced on Tuesday of this week undertaking to meet some of the criticisms then made. I would like to say to the Members of the House that I would like to have them look it over as soon as it is printed.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the motion?

It was agreed to.

REPORT OF THE PENNSYLVANIA LEGISLATIVE COMMISSION TO INVESTIGATE COLD STORAGE.

The SPEAKER presented the Report of the Pennsylvania Legislative Commission to Investigate Cold Storage.

RESOLUTION RELATIVE TO PRINTING REPORT.

Mr. URICH offered the following resolution which was twice read, considered, and agreed to.

Resolved, That the Report of the Pennsylvania Legislative Commission to Investigate Cold Storage, be printed in the Legislative Journal of this day.

(For Report see to-day's proceedings).

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 225, as follows:

An Act defining fraternal benefit societies and their status authorizing such societies to create subordinate lodges and to pay benefits upon the sickness disability or death of their members from funds collected and regulating such benefits Providing for the organization of such societies and for their licensing supervision regulation and examination by the Insurance Commissioner and for the admission of foreign societies Designating tables of mortality to be used and establishing a standard of solvency Requiring all societies to make annual reports and all foreign societies to appoint the Insurance Commissioner as attorney for service of process Providing penalties for any violations of the act Exempting certain societies from its provisions and requiring beneficial associations other than fraternal benefit societies to report to and be supervised by the Insurance Commissioner and repealing existing laws

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That any corporation society order or voluntary association without capital stock organized and carried on solely for the mutual benefit of its members and their beneficiaries and not for profit and having a lodge system with ritualistic form of work and representative form of government and which shall make provision for the payment of benefits in accordance with section five hereof is hereby declared to be a Fraternal Benefit Society

Section 2 Any society having a supreme governing or legislative body and subordinate lodges or branches by whatever name known into which members shall be elected initiated and admitted in accordance with its constitution laws rules regulations and prescribed ritualistic ceremonies which subordinate lodges or branches shall be required by the laws of such society to hold regular or stated meetings at least once in each month shall be deemed to be operating on the lodge system

Section 3 Any such society shall be deemed to have a representative form of government when it shall provide in its constitution and laws for a supreme legislative or governing body composed of members elected either by the membership or by delegates elected directly or indirectly by the membership together with such other members as may be prescribed by its constitution and laws provided that the elective members shall constitute a majority in number and have not less than two-thirds of the votes nor less than the votes required to amend its constitution and laws and provided further that the meetings of the supreme or governing body and the election of officers representatives or delegates shall be held as often as once in four years The members officers representatives or delegates of a fraternal benefit society shall not vote by proxy

Section 4 Except as herein provided such societies shall be governed by this act and shall be exempt from all provisions of the insurance laws of this Commonwealth not only in governmental relations with the Commonwealth but for every other purpose and no law hereafter enacted shall apply to them unless they be expressly designated therein

Section 5 Every such society shall provide for the payment of death benefits and may provide for the erection of monuments to mark the graves of its deceased members It may also provide for the payment of old-age permanent disability special fraternal help and temporary relief benefits provided the period of life at which the old-age benefit natures shall not be under sixty years of age Each society shall have power to issue whole-life limited payment life old-age and term benefit certificates and to make the benefit payable in a single cash payment or in instalments or a term of life annuity It may provide that a member when permanently disabled or upon attaining not less than sixty years of age shall have the option to surrender his certificate upon payment of all or such portion of its face value as may be authorized under the constitution and laws It may also provide for the acceptance of liens against benefit certificates with interest at not less than four per centum per annum in lieu of cash payments of the rates of contribution provided that the total of such liens against any benefit certificate shall not exceed the reserve credit thereunder Any such society collecting a level rate of contribution under any of its benefit certificates as high or higher than required under the National Fraternal Congress Table of mortality hereinafter referred to and four per centum interest may grant to members holding such certificates extended and paid up protection or such withdrawal equities as may be allowed under its constitution or by-laws provided that such grants or privileges shall not exceed in value the portion of the reserve to the credit of such certificate at the time of such grant or privilege is allowed

Section 6 The payment of death benefits shall be confined to wife husband relative by blood to the fourth degree father-in-law mother-in-law son-in-law daughter-in-law stepfather stepmother stepchildren children by legal adoption or to a person or persons dependent upon the member Provided That if after the issuance of the original certificate the member shall become dependent upon the charity of an individual or an incorporated charitable institution he shall have the privilege with the consent of the society to make such individual or institution his beneficiary within the above restrictions each member shall have the right to designate his beneficiary and from time to time have the same changed in accordance with the laws rules or regulations of the society and no beneficiary shall have or obtain any vested interest in the said benefit until the same has become due and payable upon the death of the said member Provided That any society may by its law limit the scope of beneficiaries within the above classes

Section 7 Any society may admit to beneficial membership any person not less than sixteen and not more than sixty years of age and it shall be lawful for any minors who have attained the age of sixteen years to make all needful contracts and assume all needful obligations to become members Each applicant shall be examined by a legally qualified physician and the examination supervised and approved in accordance with the laws of the society Provided That any beneficiary member of such society who shall apply for a certificate providing for disability benefits need not be required to pass an additional medical examination therefor Nothing herein contained shall prevent such society from accepting general or social members

Section 8 Every certificate issued by any such society shall specify the amount of benefit provided thereby and shall provide that the certificate the charter or articles of incorporation or if a voluntary association the articles of association the constitution and laws of the society and the application for membership and medical examination signed by the applicant and all amendments to each thereof shall constitute the obligation of the society and the member and copies of the same certified by the secretary of the society or corresponding officer shall be received in evidence of the terms and conditions thereof and any changes additions or amendments to said charter or articles of incorporation or articles of association if a voluntary association constitution or laws duly made or enacted subsequent to the issuance of the benefit certificate shall bind the member and his beneficiaries in all

respects the same as though such changes additions or amendments had been made prior to and were in force at the time of the application for membership

Section 9 Subsection 1 Any society may create maintain invest disburse and apply an emergency surplus or other similar fund in accordance with its law Unless otherwise provided in the contract such funds shall be held invested and disbursed for the use and benefit of the society and no member or beneficiary shall have or acquire individual rights therein or become entitled to any apportionment or the surrender of any part thereof except as provided in section five of this act The funds from which benefits shall be paid and the funds from which the expenses of the society shall be defrayed shall be derived from periodical or other payments by the members of the society and accretions of said funds No society shall hereafter be incorporated in this Commonwealth nor shall any foreign society hereafter be admitted to transact business in this Commonwealth which does not provide for stated periodical contributions sufficient to provide for meeting the mortuary obligations of the society when valued upon the basis of the National Fraternal Congress Table of Mortality as adopted by the National Fraternal Congress August twenty-third eighteen hundred and ninety-nine or any higher standard with interest assumption not more than four per centum per annum No society domestic or foreign shall hereafter be incorporated or admitted to write or accept members for temporary or permanent disability benefits except upon tables based upon reliable experience with an interest assumption not higher than four per centum per annum Subsection 2 Deferred payments or instalments of claims shall be considered as fixed liabilities on the happening of the contingency upon which such payments or instalments are thereafter to be paid Such liability shall be the present value of such future payments or instalments upon the rate of interest and mortality assumed by the society for valuation and every society shall maintain a fund sufficient to meet such liability regardless of proposed future collections to meet any such liabilities

Section 10 Every society shall invest its funds only in securities permitted by the laws of this Commonwealth for the investment of the assets of life insurance companies Provided That any foreign society permitted or seeking to do business in this Commonwealth which invests its funds in accordance with the laws of the State in which it is incorporated shall be held to meet the requirements of this act for the investment of funds

Section 11 Every provision of the laws of the society for payment by members of such society in whatever form made shall distinctly state the purpose of the same and the proportion thereof which may be used for expenses and no part of the money collected for mortuary or disability purposes or the net accretions of either or any of said funds shall be used for expenses

Section 12 From and after the passage of this act any fifteen or more persons nine of whom shall be citizens and residents of this Commonwealth having associated themselves as a Fraternal Benefit Society may be incorporated under the provisions of this act when so incorporated the said corporation shall have the following

GENERAL POWERS

a To have succession by its corporate name perpetually subject to the power of the General Assembly under the Constitution of this Commonwealth

b To maintain and defend judicial proceedings

c To make and use a common seal and alter the same at pleasure

d To be capable of taking receiving purchasing holding and transferring real and personal property for the purpose of its incorporation and for no other purpose

e To elect appoint and remove the officers and agents for the management of its business and carrying out its objects and to allow them a suitable compensation

f To make a constitution and general laws for the government of the society the management of its affairs the admission and classification of its members the control and regulation of the terms and conditions governing the issue of its benefits certificates and the character or kind of benefits or privileges payable or allowable thereunder and to change alter add to or amend same Such constitution and general laws when made or as changed altered added to or amended shall be the law governing such society and its officers board of directors or managers subordinate lodges councils or branches and all members and beneficiaries in their relations to such society

g To provide in its constitution or by-laws for the payment of death old age permanent and temporary disability benefits and special fraternal help in such manner and for such amounts as may be authorized and directed by said constitution or by-laws not inconsistent with the provisions of this act

h To collect from its members by admission fees dues or rates of contribution the funds necessary to carry on its operations and to provide for the payment of its obligations

i To carry on its operations through a supreme or governing body and subordinate bodies branches or lodges and to issue benefit or relief certificates in accordance with its constitution and general laws

j To enter into any obligation necessary for the transaction of its affairs

The certificate of incorporation must be subscribed by five or more persons citizens of this Commonwealth and shall set forth

First The name of the corporation Second the purpose for which it is formed Third The place where its principal office is to be located Fourth The names and residences of the subscribers Fifth The number and names of its officers with the term or terms of years for which they have been chosen and also the names of not less than six directors managers or members of an executive committee who together with the president of the society order or association shall form a board of directors managers or executive committee with the term or terms of years for which each is to serve

Notice of the intention to apply for any such charter shall be inserted in two newspapers of general circulation printed in the proper county for three weeks setting forth briefly the character and object of the corporation to be formed and the intention to make application therefor

The said certificate of incorporation shall be acknowledged by at least five of those who subscribed thereto before any officer authorized to take the acknowledgments of deeds in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to be their act and deed and the same being duly certified under the hand and official seal of the said officer shall be presented to a law judge of the county in which the principal office of the corporation is located accompanied by proof of the publication of the notice of such application who is hereby authorized to peruse and examine said instrument and if the same shall be found to be in the proper form and within the purposes named in this act he shall endorse thereon those facts and shall order and decree thereon that the charter is approved and that upon the recording of the same in the office of the recorder of deeds in and for the county aforesaid the subscribers thereto and their associates shall be a corporation for the purposes and upon the terms therein stated

Such articles of incorporation and duly certified copies of the constitution and laws rules and regulations and copies of all proposed forms of benefit certificates applications therefor and circulars to be issued by such society and a bond in the sum of five thousand dollars with sureties approved by the Insurance Commissioner conditioned upon the return of the advance payments as provided in this section to applicants if the organization is not completed within one year shall be filed with the Insurance Commissioner who may require such further information as he deems necessary and if the purposes of the society conform to the requirements of this act and all provisions of law have been complied with the Insurance Commissioner shall so certify and retain and file the articles of incorporation and furnish the incorporators a preliminary certificate authorizing said society to solicit members as hereinafter provided

Upon receipt of said certificate from the Insurance Commissioner said society may solicit members for the purpose of completing its organization and shall collect from each applicant the amount of not less than one regular monthly payment in accordance with its table of rates as provided by its constitution and laws and shall issue to each such applicant a receipt for the amount so collected But no such society shall incur any liability other than for such advanced payments nor issue any benefit certificate nor pay or allow or promise to pay or allow to any person any death or disability benefit until actual bona fida applications for death benefit certificates have been secured upon at least five hundred lives for at least one thousand dollars each and all such applicants for death benefits shall have been regularly examined by legally qualified practicing physicians and certificates of such examinations have been duly filed and approved by the chief medical examiner of such society nor until there shall be established ten subordinate lodges or branches into which said five hundred applicants have been initiated nor until there has been submitted to the Insurance Commissioner under oath of the president and secretary or corresponding officers of such society a list of such applicants giving their names addresses date examined date approved date initiated name and number of the subordinate branch of which each applicant is a member amount of benefits to be granted rate of stated periodical contributions which shall be sufficient to provide for meeting the mortuary obligations contracted when valued for death benefits upon the basis of the National Fraternal Congress Table of Mortality as adopted by the National Fraternal Congress August twenty-three one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine or any higher standard at the option of the society and for disability benefits by tables based upon reliable experience and for combined death and permanent total disability benefits by tables based upon reliable experience with an interest assumption not higher than four per cent per annum nor until it shall be shown to the Insurance Commissioner by the sworn statement of the treasurer or corresponding officer of such society that at least five hundred applicants have each paid in cash at least one regular monthly payment as herein provided per one thousand dollars of indemnity to be effected which payments in the aggregate shall amount to at least twenty-five hundred dollars all of which shall be credited to the mortuary or disability fund on account of such applicants and no part of which may be used for expenses

Said advanced payment shall during the period of organization be held in trust and if the organization is not completed within one year as hereinafter provided returned to said applicants

The Insurance Commissioner may make such examination and require such further information as he deems advisable and upon presentation of satisfactory evidence that the society has complied with all the provisions of law he shall issue to such society a certificate to that effect Such certificate shall be prima facie evidence of the existence of such society at the date of such certificate The Insurance Commissioner shall cause a record of such certificate to be made and a certified copy of such record may be given in evidence with like effect as the original certificate

No preliminary certificate granted under the provisions of this section shall be valid after one year from its date or after such further period not exceeding one year as may be authorized by the Insurance Commissioner upon cause shown unless the five hundred applicants herein required have been secured and the organization has been completed

as herein provided and the articles of incorporation and all proceedings thereunder shall become null and void in one year from the date of said preliminary certificate or at the expiration of said extended period unless such society shall have completed its organization and commenced business as herein provided When any domestic society shall have discontinued business for the period of one year or has less than 400 members its charter shall become null and void

Section 13 Any society heretofore organized or incorporated under any act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and which is now engaged in transacting business in this Commonwealth may exercise after the passage of this act all of the rights conferred thereby and all of the rights powers privileges and exemptions now exercised or possessed by it under its charter or articles of incorporation or if it be a voluntary association it may incorporate hereunder But no society already organized shall be required to re-incorporate hereunder Nor shall its existence as a corporation nor its right to exercise any corporate rights vested in it by virtue of its past incorporation be effected by anything herein contained

Section 14 No domestic society shall merge with or accept the transfer of the membership or funds of any other society unless such merger or transfer is evidenced by a contract in writing setting out in full the terms and conditions of such merger or transfer and filed with the Insurance Commissioner of this Commonwealth together with a sworn statement of the financial condition of each of said societies by its president and secretary or corresponding officers and a certificate or such officers duly verified under oath of said officers of each of the contracting societies that such merger or transfer has been approved by a vote of two-thirds of the members of the supreme legislative or governing body of each of said societies

Upon the submission of the said contract financial statements and certificates the Insurance Commissioner shall examine the same and if he shall find such financial statements to be correct and the said contract to be in conformity with the provisions of this section and that such merger or transfer is just and equitable to the members of each of said societies he shall approve said merger or transfer issue his certificate to that effect and thereupon the said contract of merger or transfer shall be of full force and effect

In case such contract is not approved the fact of its submission and its contents shall not be disclosed by the Insurance Commissioner

Section 15 Foreign societies which are now authorized to transact business in this Commonwealth may continue such business until the first day of April next succeeding the passage of this act and the authority of such societies may thereafter be renewed annually but in all cases to terminate on the first day of the succeeding April Provided however the license shall continue in full force and effect until the new license be issued or specifically refused For each such license or renewal the society shall pay the Insurance Commissioner twenty dollars A duly certified copy or duplicate of such license shall be prima facie evidence that the license is a fraternal benefit society within the meaning of this act

Section 16 No foreign society which is not now authorized to transact business in this Commonwealth shall transact any business without a license from the Insurance Commissioner Any such society shall be entitled to a license to transact business within this Commonwealth upon filing with the Insurance Commissioner a duly certified copy of its charter or articles of association a copy of its constitution and laws and certificates certified by its secretary or corresponding officer a power of attorney to the Insurance Commissioner as hereinafter provided a statement of its business under oath of its president and secretary or corresponding officers in the form required by the Commissioner duly verified by an examination made by the supervising insurance official of its home state or other state satisfactory to the Insurance Commissioner of this Commonwealth a certificate from the proper official in its home state province or country that the society is legally organized all of which must show that its benefits are provided for by periodical or other payments by its members and upon furnishing the Commissioner such other information as he may deem necessary to a proper exhibit of its business and plan of working and upon showing that its assets are invested in accordance with the laws of the state territory district province or country where it is organized he shall issue a license to such society to do business in this Commonwealth until the first day of the succeeding April and such license shall upon compliance with the provisions of this act be renewed annually but in all cases to terminate on the first day of the succeeding April Provided however That license shall continue in full force and effect until the new license be issued or specifically refused Any foreign society desiring admission to this Commonwealth shall have the qualifications required of domestic societies organized under this act and have its assets invested as required by the laws of the State territory district country or province where it is organized For each such license or renewal the society shall pay to the Commissioner twenty dollars Provided however That nothing contained in this or the preceding section shall be taken or construed as preventing any such society from continuing in good faith all contracts made in this Commonwealth during the time such society was legally authorized to transact business herein

Section 17 Every foreign society applying for admission to this Commonwealth shall by a duly executed instrument filed in the office of the Insurance Commissioner constitute and appoint the Insurance Commissioner or his successors its true and lawful attorney upon whom all lawful processes in any action or legal proceeding against it may be served and therein shall agree that any lawful process against it which may be served upon him as its said attorney shall be of the same force and vitality as if served on the society and that the authority thereof shall continue in force irrevocable so long as any liability of the society remains outstanding in this Commonwealth The service of such process shall be made by leaving copies of the same in duplicate in the hands or office of the Commissioner One copy of such instrument certified by the Commissioner or his deputy as having been served upon him shall be deemed valid service upon the society Provided however That no such service shall be valid or binding against any such society when it is required thereunder to file its answer pleading or defense in less than thirty days from the date of mailing the copy of such service to such society

When legal procedure is served upon the Commissioner as attorney for a foreign society he shall forthwith forward one of the duplicate copies of process served on him to its secretary or corresponding officer or to such other person as may have been previously designated by the society by written notice filed in the office of the Commissioner As a condition of valid and effective service and of the duty of the Commissioner in the premises the plaintiff in each such process shall pay to the Commissioner at the time of the service thereof the sum of two dollars which the said plaintiff shall recover as taxable costs if he prevails in the suit The Commissioner shall keep a record of all such processes which shall show the day and hour of service Legal process shall not be served upon any such society except in the manner provided herein

Section 18 Any domestic society may provide that the meetings of its legislative or governing body may be held in any state district province or territory wherein such society has subordinate branches and all business transacted at such meetings shall be as valid in all respects as if such meetings were held in this Commonwealth but its principal office shall be located in this Commonwealth

Section 19 Officers and members of the supreme grand or any subordinate body of any such incorporated society shall not be individually liable for the payment of any disability or death benefit provided for in the laws and agreements of such society but the same shall be payable only out of the funds of such society and in the manner provided by its laws

Section 20 Unless authorized by express provisions in the constitution and laws of the society no subordinate body nor any of its subordinate officers or members shall have the power or authority to waive any of the provisions of the constitution and laws of the society and the same shall be binding on the society and each and every member thereof and on all beneficiaries of members

Section 21 No money or other benefit charity or relief or aid to be paid provided or rendered by any such society shall be liable to attachment garnishment or other process or be seized taken appropriated or applied by any legal or equitable process or operation of law to pay any debt or liability of a member or beneficiary or any other person who may have a right thereunder either before or after payment

Section 22 Every such society by its supreme governing or legislative body shall have power to make alter and amend a constitution and laws for the government of the society the management of its affairs the admission and clasification of its members the control and regulation of the terms and conditions governing the issue of its benefit certificates and the character or kind of benefits or privileges payable or allowable thereunder Every such constitution and laws when made and as altered and amended shall be the law governing the said society and its officers board of directors or managers subordinate or constituent lodges councils or branches and all members and beneficaries in their relation to such society Each society shall file with the Insurance Commissioner a duly certified copy of all amendments of or additions to its constitution and laws within ninety days after the enactment of the same Printed copies of the constitution and laws as amended changed or added to certified by the secretary or corresponding officer thereof shall be prima facie evidence of the legal adoption thereof

Section 23 Every society transacting business in this Commonwealth shall annually on or before the first day of March file with the Insurance Commissioner in such form as he may require a statement under oath of its president and secretary or corresponding officer of its condition and standing on the thirty-first day of December next preceding and of its transactions for the year ending on that date and also shall furnish such other information as the Insurance Commissioner may deem necessary to a proper exhibit of its business and plan of working The Commissioner may at other times require any further statement he may deem necessary to be made relating to such society

In addition to the annual report herein required each society shall annually report to the Commissioner a valuation of its certificates in force on December thirty-first last preceding excluding those issued within the year for which the report is filed in cases where the contributions for the first year in whole or in part are used for current expenses provided the first report of valuation shall be made as of December thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen Such report of valuation shall show as contingent liabilities the present mid-year value of the promised benefits provided in the constitution and laws of such society under certificates then subject to valuation less such portion thereof as may have been assumed by

other associations or companies and as contingent assets the present mid-year value of the future net contributions provided in the constitution and laws as the same are in practice actually collected At the option of any society in lieu of the above valuation may show the net value of the certificates subject to valuation hereinbefore provided less such portion thereof as may be assumed by other associations or companies and said net value when computed in case of monthly contributions may be the mean of the terminal values for the end of the preceding and of the current insurance years

Such valuation shall be certified by a competent accountant or actuary or at the request and expense of the society verified by the actuary of the department of insurance of the home state of the society and shall be filed with the Insurance Commissioner within ninety days after the submission of the last preceding annual report The legal minimum standard of valuation for all certificates except for disability benefits shall be the National Fraternal Congress Table of Mortality as adopted by the National Fraternal Congress August twenty-third one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine or at the option of the society any higher table or at its option it may use a table based upon the society's own experience of at least twenty years and covering not less than one hundred thousand lives with interest assumption not more than four per centum per annum Each such valuation report shall set forth clearly and fully the mortality and interest basis and the method of valuation Any society providing for disability benefits shall keep the net contributions for such benefits in a fund separate and apart from all other benefit and expense funds Provided That where a combined contribution table is used by a society for both death and permanent total disability benefits the valuation shall be according to tables of reliable experience and in such case a separation of the funds shall not be required

The valuation herein provided for shall not be considered or regarded as a test of the financial solvency of the society but each society shall be held to be legally solvent so long as the funds in its possession are equal to or in excess of its matured liabilities

Beginning with the year one thousand nine hundred and fifteen a report of such valuaton shall be printed and mailed to each beneficiary member of the society not later than June first of each year or in lieu thereof may be published in the society's official paper and the issue containing the same mailed to each beneficiary member of the society The laws of such society shall provide that if the stated periodical contributions of the members are insufficient to pay all matured death and disability claims in full and to provide for the creation and maintenance of the funds required by its laws additional or increased rates of contribution shall be collected from the members to meet such deficiency and such laws may provide that upon the written application or consent of the member his certificate may be charged with its proportion of any deficiency disclosed by the valuation with interest not exceeding six per centum per annum

Secton 23b In lieu of the requirements of section twenty-three any society may value its certificates on a basis herein designated "accumulation basis" by crediting each member with the net amount contributed for each year and with interest at approximately the net rate earned and by charging him with his share of the losses for each year herein designated "cost of insurance" and carrying the balance if any to his credit The charge for the cost of insurance may be according to the actual experience of the society applied to a table of mortality recognized by the law of this Commonwealth and shall take into consideration the amount at risk during each year which shall be the amount payable at death less the credit to the member Except as specifically provided in its articles or laws or contracts no charge shall be carried forward from the first valuation hereunder against any member for any past share of losses exceeding the contributions and credit If after the first valuation any member's share of losses for any year exceeds his credit including the contribution for the year the contribution shall be increased to cover his share of the losses and if the credit at the time any benefit becomes payable during the lifetime of the member including any available funds does not equal such benefit the contribution to be made by him or on his behalf shall be increased by the difference Any such excess shares of losses chargeable to any member may be paid out of a fund or contributions especially created or required for such purpose

Any member may transfer to any plan adopted by the society with net rates on which tabular reserves are maintained and on such transfer shall be entitled to make such application of his credit as provided in the laws of the society

Certificates issued rerated or readjusted on a basis providing for adequate rates with adequate reserve to mature such certificates upon assumptions for mortality and interest recognized by the law of this Commonwealth shall be valued on such basis herein designated the "Tabular Basis" provided that if on the first valuation under this section a deficiency in reserve shall be shown for any such certificates the same shall be valued on the accumulation basis

Whenever in any society having members upon the tabular basis and upon the accumulation basis the total of all costs of insurance provided for any year shall be insufficient to meet the actual death and disability losses for the year the deficiency shall be met for the year from the available funds after setting aside all credits in the reserve or from increased contributions or by an increase in the number of assessments applied to the society as a whole or to classes of members as may be specified in its laws Savings from a lower amount of death losses may be returned in like manner as may be specified in its laws

If the laws of the society so provide the assets representing the reserves of any separate class of members may be carried separately for such class as if in an independent society and the required reserve accumulation of such class so set apart shall not thereafter be mingled with the assets of other classes of the society

A table showing the rates being paid by and the credits to individual members at each age and year of entry and showing opposite each credit the tabular reserve required on the whole life or other plan of insurance specified in the contract according to assumptions for mortality and interest recognized by the law of this Commonwealth and adopted by the society shall be filed by the society with each annual report and also be furnished to each member before July first of each year

In lieu of the aforesaid statement there may be furnished to each member within the same time a statement giving the data aforesaid for such member and giving the tabular rates and tabular reserve and level rate required for a transfer carrying out the plan of insurance specified in the contract No table or statement need be made or furnished where the reserves are maintained on the tabular basis

For this purpose individual bookkeeping accounts for each member shall not be required and all calculations may be made by actuarial methods

Nothing herein contained shall prevent the maintenance of such surplus over and above the credits on the accumulation basis and the reserves on the tabular basis as any society may provide by or pursuant to its laws nor be construed as giving to the individual member any right or claim to any such reserve or credit other than in manner as expressed in the contract and its laws nor as making any such reserve or credits a liability in determining the legal solvency of the society

Section 24 The Insurance Commissioner or any person or persons he may appoint shall have the power of visitation and examination into the affairs of any domestic society He may employ assistants for the purpose of such examination and he or any person he may appoint shall have free access to all the books papers and documents that relate to the business of the society and may summon and qualify as witness under oath and examine its officers agents and employes or other persons in relation to the affairs transactions and conditions of the society

Whenever after examination the Insurance Commissioner is satisfied that any domestic society has failed to comply with any provisions of this act or is exceeding its powers or is not carrying out its contracts in good faith or is transacting business fraudulently or whenever any domestic society after the existence of one year or more shall have a membership of less than four hundred (or shall determine to discontinue business) he may present the facts relating thereto to the Attorney General who shall if he deem the circumstances warrant proceed in the manner prescribed by the act of June first nineteen hundred and eleven for the liquidation of insolvent or delinquent companies orders or associations transacting any class of insurance

No such proceedings shall be commenced by the Attorney General against any such society until after notice has been duly served on the chief executive officers of the society and a reasonable opportunity given to it on a date to be named in said notice to show cause why such proceedings should not be commenced

Section 25 No application for injunction against or proceedings for the dissolution of or the appointment of a receiver for any domestic society or branch thereof shall be entertained by any court of this Commonwealth unless the same is made by the Attorney General

Section 26 The Insurance Commissioner or any person or persons whom he may appoint may examine any foreign society transacting or applying for admission to transact business in this Commonwealth The said Insurance Commissioner may employ assistants and he or any person he may appoint shall have free access to all the books papers and documents that relate to the business of the society and may summon and qualify as witness under oath and examine its officers agents and employes and other persons in relation to the affairs transactions and condition of the society He may in his discretion accept in lieu of such examination the examination of the Insurance Department of the state territory district province or country where such society is organized The actual expenses of examiners making any such examination shall be paid by the society upon statement furnished by the Insurance Commissioner

If any such society or its officers refuse to submit to such examination or to comply with the provisions of the section relative thereto the authority of such society to write new business in this Commonwealth shall be suspended or license refused until satisfactory evidence is furnished the Insurance Commissioner relating to the condition and affairs of the society and during such suspension the society shall not write new business in this Commonwealth

Section 27 Pending during or after an examination or investigation of any such society either domestic or foreign the Insurance Commissioner shall make public no financial statement report or finding nor shall he permit to become public any financial statement report or finding effecting the status standing or rights of any such society until a copy thereof shall have been served upon such society at its home office nor until such society shall have been afforded a reasonable opportunity to answer any such financial statement report or finding and to make such showing in connection therewith as it may desire

Section 28 When the Insurance Commissioner on investigation is satisfied that any foreign society transacting business under this act has exceeded its powers or has failed to comply with any provisions of this act or is conducting business fraudulently or is not carrying out its contracts in good faith he shall notify the society of his findings and state in writing the grounds of his dissatisfaction and after reasonable notice require said society on a date named to show cause why its license should not be revoked If on the date named in said notice such objections have not been removed to the satisfaction of the said Insurance Commissioner or the society does not present good and sufficient

reasons why its authority to transact business in this Commonwealth should not at that time be revoked he may revoke the authority of the society to continue business in this Commonwealth

Section 29 Every decision order or ruling of the Insurance Commissioner under the provisions of this act shall be reduced to writing and filed in his office and a copy thereof together with a statement of his reasons therefor furnished to the officers of each society interested therein Every such decision order or ruling shall be reviewable by any court of competent jurisdiction by appeal or other proceeding for review and such appeal or other proceeding for review shall be a supersedeas and in every such case the said decision order or ruling of the Insurance Commissioner shall be suspended and abide the final determination of the appeal or other proceeding for review

Section 30 Nothing contained in this act shall be construed to affect or apply to grand or subordinate lodges of Masons Odd Fellows or Knights of Pythias exclusive of the Insurance Department of the Supreme Lodge Knights of Pythias and the Junior Order of United American Mechanics (exclusive of the Beneficiary Degree of Insurance Branch of the National Council Junior Order United American Mechanics) or societies which limit their membership to any one hazardous occupation nor to similar societies which do not issue insurance certificates nor any domestic order or association now doing business in this Commonwealth which reinsures all of its Pennsylvania risks in a domestic life insurance company authorized to do business in this Commonwealth nor to an association of local lodges of a society now doing business in this Commonwealth which provide death benefits not exceeding five hundred dollars to any one person or disability benefits not exceeding three hundred dollars in any one year to any one person or both nor to any contracts of reinsurance business on such plan in this Commonwealth nor to domestic societies which limit their membership to the employes of a particular city or town designated firm business house or corporation nor to domestic lodges orders or associations of a purely religious charitable and benevolent description which do not provide for a death benefit of more than one hundred dollars or for disability benefits of more than one hundred and fifty dollars to any one person in any one year Provided however that nothing in that part of section twenty-three beginning with the words "In additional to the annual report" and ending with the words "Not exceeding six per centum per annum" at the end of said section twenty-three and none of section twenty-three shall affect or apply to any corporation society order or voluntary association which was prior to January one one thousand nine hundred and fifteen organized and doing business in this Commonwealth on the lodge system as provided for in section two of this article and which does not issue death or disability benefit certificates in a sum exceeding five hundred dollars or both to any one member and whose membership is confined and limited exclusively to persons of one particular faith The Insurance Commissioner may require from any society such information as will enable him to determine whether such society is exempt from the provisions of this act

Any fraternal benefit society heretofore organized and incorporated and operating within the definition set forth in sections one two and three of this act providing for benefits in case of death or disability resulting solely from accidents but which does not obligate itself to pay death or sick benefits may be licensed under the provisions of this act and shall have all the privileges and shall be subject to all the provisions and regulations of this act except that the provisions of this act requiring medical examinations valuations of benefit certificates and that the certificate shall specify the amount of benefits shall not apply to such society

Beneficial societies other than those specifically exempted herein without ritualistic work or a representative form of government transacting any class of insurance shall not be required to comply with this act but all such societies or associations shall on and after the passage of this act file with the Insurance Commissioner copies of their charter constitution and laws and annually thereafter make a report in such form as the Commissioner may require showing their condition and standing on the thirty-first day of December preceding and of their transactions for the year and the Commissioner may at any time make an examination of the books and accounts of any such society

And whenever he is satisfied that any such association has not on hand sufficient funds to meet its outstanding obligations to take the necessary proceedings to liquidate its affairs

Section 31 Every fraternal society organized or operating under this act is hereby declared to be a charitable and benevolent institution and all of its funds shall be exempt from all and every state county district municipal and school tax other than taxes on real estate and office equipment

Section 32 Any person officer member or examining physician of any society authorized to do business under this act who shall knowingly or wilfully make any false or fraudulent statement or representation in or with reference to any application for membership or for the purpose of obtaining money from or benefit in any society transacting business under this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine of not less than one hundred dollars nor more than five hundred dollars or imprisonment in the county jail for not less than thirty days nor more than one year or both in the discretion of the court and any person who shall wilfully make a false statement of any material fact or thing in a sworn statement as to the death or disability of a certificate holder in any such society for the purpose of procuring payment of a benefit named in the certificate of such holder and any person who shall wilfully make any false statement in any verified report or declaration under oath required or authorized by this act shall be guilty of perjury and shall be proceeded against and punished as provided by the statutes of this Commonwealth in relation to the crime of perjury

Any person who shall solicit membership for or in any manner assist in procuring membership in any fraternal benefit society not licensed to do business in this Commonwealth or who shall solicit membership for or in any manner assist in procuring membership in any such society not authorized as herein provided to do business as herein defined in this Commonwealth shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine of not less than fifty nor more than two hundred dollars

Any society or any officer agent or employe thereof neglecting or refusing to comply with or violating any of the provisions of this act the penalty for which neglect refusal or violation is not specified in this section shall be fined not exceeding two hundred dollars upon conviction thereof

Section 33 The act of April sixth one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three entitled "An Act regulating the organization and incorporation of secret fraternal beneficial societies orders or associations and protecting the rights of members therein" the act of April sixth one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three entitled "An Act defining fraternal beneficial and relief societies and their status authorizing them to create subordinate lodges and to pay benefits upon the sickness disability or death of their members from funds collected by dues and assessments therein providing for their registration in the office of the Insurance Commissioner and requiring that they shall make annual reports to him and exempting them from taxation and from the supervision of the Insurance Commissioner" the act of June twenty-fifth one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five entitled "An Act to provide for the person upon whom service shall be had by legal process in the case of fraternal beneficial and relief societies whose status is defined by the act of Assembly entitled 'An Act defining fraternal beneficial and relief societies and their status authorizing them to create subordinate lodges and to pay benefits upon the sickness disability or death of their members from funds collected by dues and assessments therein providing for their registration in the office of the Insurance Commissioner and requiring that they shall make annual reports to him and exempting them from taxation and from the supervision of the Insurance Commissioner' approved the sixth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three" the act of June twenty-fourth one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven entitled "An Act to enable minors above the age of eighteen years to contract for membership in fraternal and benficial societies" and paragraph nine of section two of the act approved April twenty-ninth one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations in so far as applies to the incorporation of societies for the purpose of transacting any class of insurance" are repealed All other acts or parts of acts inconsistent with this act are repealed Provided however That no repeal provided for in this section or otherwise shall effect the rights of societies heretofore incorporated to exercise all the corporate powers possessed by them at the time of the passage of this act

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1052, as follows:

An Act regulating the payment of persons in the employ of the Commonwealth

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That each person in the employ of the Commonwealth receiving an annual salary shall be paid semi-monthly on the first and fifteenth of the month If such days fall upon Sunday the payment shall be made on the following day

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1192, as follows:

An Act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act to designate the several judicial districts of the Commonwealth as required by the Constitution and to provide for the election appointment and commissioning of judges learned in the law for the said districts in cases where such judges are not provided for by existing law" approved the eighteenth day of July one thousand nine hundred one

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That So much of section one of an act of assembly approved the eighteenth day of July one thousand nine hundred one entitled "An Act to designate the several judicial districts of the Commonwealth as required by the Constitution and to provide for the election appointment and commissioning of judges learned in the law for the said districts in cases where such judges are not provided for by existing law" which reads as follows

"The twenty-fifth district of the counties of Clinton Cameron and Elk and shall have one judge learned in the law" is hereby amended to read as follows

"The twenty-fifth district of the Counties of Cameron and Elk and shall have one judge learned in the law"

Section 2 So much of section one of said act which reads as follows

"The fifty-fifth district of the County of Potter and shall have one judge learned in the law" is hereby amended to read as follows

"The fifty-fifth district of the county of Potter to which the county of Clinton is hereby attached and shall have one judge learned in the law"

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 877 (Senate Bill No. 250), entitled:

An Act to give additional protection to the fish in the waters within the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania prohibiting the fishing for or capture or killing of such fish by unnaturalized foreign born residents and prescribing penalties for violation of its provisions

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 835 (Senate Bill No. 7), entitled:

An Act amending sections one three four seven ten eleven and repealing section eight of an act entitled "An Act relating to the collection of city school and poor taxes in the several cities of the third class in this Commonwealth and providing that the city treasurer of each of said cities by virtue of his office shall be collector of the said several taxes prescribing his duties and fixing his compensation" approved the twentieth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 914, entitled:

An Act authorizing cities of the second class to locate construct and maintain subways and galleries with the equipment accessories and appurtenances thereof in congested districts of such cities and grant licenses for the use thereof to public service companies and others maintaining works and facilities in said districts providing for the determination of questions relating thereto by proceedings before the Public Service Commission and in the courts requiring public service companies and others to use such subways and galleries for their works and facilities in certain cases and providing a method for fixing the terms of such use and authorizing said cities to appropriate land necessary for the construction of such subways or galleries and the appurtenances and accessories thereof and providing a method for ascertaining the damages arising therefrom

The first, second, third, fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh and eighth sections were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That cities of the second class for the purpose of relieving traffic congestions are hereby authorized and empowered to locate construct own and maintain on or through either public or private property subways or tunnels for the transportation of persons and property in or adjacent to the districts or sections of such cities where traffic is or may hereafter become congested together with approaches entrances stations tracks power transmission systems sidings connections with other facilities of said city and others galleries and other accessories either in appurtenant thereto or in connection therewith to be used for any lawful purpose Said cities are also hereby authorized and empowered to grant licenses for a reasonable rental for the use of such subways and tunnels to public service companies as defined in the Public Service Company Law of this State and others maintaining works and facilities in said district in the manner and under the restrictions herein set forth Such cities may permit entrances to be made into such subways and tunnels from private property and may grant permits for advertising and for news stands at the stations of such subways and tunnels and may fix the compensation therefor

Section 2 Before letting any contract for the construction of such subway or tunnel such city shall negotiate with the public service companies and others for which it is proposed to provide accommodation in said subway or tunnel for the purpose of agreeing upon terms for the use of such subway or tunnel All agreements so made must be approved by the Public Service Commission If the city and any such public service companies and others do not agree upon the terms on which the city shall grant a license to use such subway or tunnel the city may thereupon fix the terms of such license and apply to the Public Service Commission for an order directing such public service companies and others to use such subway or tunnel in accordance with such terms If the Public Service Commission shall find that it is necessary or proper for the public safety welfare and convenience to require such public service companies and others to use such subway or tunnel it shall make an order requiring such public service companies and others to use such subway or tunnel for a period not exceeding twenty-five years upon the terms fixed by such city or such modification thereof as to the said commission shall seem just and reasonable Any such order shall be subject to review by the courts as is now provided by law in other proceedings before the commission No agreement for the use of said subway or tunnel shall be made for a longer period than twenty-five years and all such agreements shall be subject to modification of their terms at five year intervals either by agreement or by like proceedings before the Public Service Commission The Public Service Commission shall review all orders made by it respecting the use of said subway or tunnel at five year intervals and shall make such modifications in the terms thereof as shall be just and reasonable Such orders may be modified at other times for cause shown upon the application of any interested party All such orders of the Commission shall be subject to review by the courts as is provided by law in other proceedings before the Commission

Section 3 Any such city shall have the right to repeal any ordinance passed or discontinue any proceeding taken providing for any of the improvements authorized by this act prior to beginning the construction thereof and shall not thereafter be liable to pay any damages which have been or might have been assessed but all costs upon such proceeding shall be paid by said city together with any actual damages sustained by reason of such proceedings

Section 4 If such city shall proceed with the construction of such subway or tunnel all public service companies and others who have agreed or been ordered by the Public Service Commission to use said subway or tunnel shall remove their works and facilities from existing locations and place them in such subway or tunnel when and as said city may direct and if any such public service companies or others shall refuse or neglect to remove said works and facilities and place them in said subway or tunnel when required by said city so to do said city may remove said works and facilities and place them in said subway or tunnel at the expense of such public service company or others After said works and facilities are removed from existing locations the city shall not grant rights to other parties which may impair any franchise or right of such public service companies and others in their former locations save as said city may lawfully do it being the intention of this act to preserve the rights of all parties except as the mode of their exercise is herein changed

Section 5 No exclusive rights whatever shall be granted by any city to any public service company or others to use and operate in said subway or tunnel but licenses may be granted to other public service companies and others whether for the transportation of persons or property or for other public service it not being intended by this act to protect transportation companies or other public service companies from competition which is or may be authorized by law No franchise or right to use said subway or tunnel or any part thereof shall be granted for a longer term than twenty-five years and the terms thereof shall be reviewed at five year intervals

Section 6 In case any property damaged by the construction of such subway or tunnel or in case any such city

desires to enter upon any land to make any investigation or desires to take use or appropriate the fee or any lesser estate in any lands or properties necessary for the construction of such subway or tunnel and is unable to agree with the owner or owners upon the price to be paid therefor the damages caused by such construction shall be ascertained and collected in the same manner as is now or may hereafter be provided by law for ascertaining and collecting damages to abutting properties caused by the grading or otherwise improving of streets in such cities and the damages caused by such entry on taking using and appropriation of land shall be ascertained and collected in the same manner as is now or may hereafter be provided by law for ascertaining and collecting damages for the taking occupation or injury of property necessary in the laying out opening widening and grading of streets in the municipal corporations of this Commonweatlh

Section 7 Should any section or provision of this act be held by the courts to be invalid or unconstitutional the same shall not impair the grant of power herein to cities of the second class to locate construct own and maintain subways or tunnels and their appurtenances nor shall it be held to affect any other section or provision of this act

Section 8 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed

The title was read as follows:

An Act authorizing cities of the second class to locate construct and maintain subways and galleries with the equipment accessories and appurtenances thereof in congested districts of such cities and grant licenses for the use thereof to public service companies and others maintaining works and facilities in said districts providng for the determnation of questions relating thereto by proceedings before the Public Service Commission and in the courts requiring public service companies and others to use such subways and galleries for their works and facilities in certain cases and providing a method for fixing the terms of such use and authorizing said cities to appropriate land necessary for the construction of such subways or galleries and the appurtenances and accessories thereof and providing a method for ascertaining the damages arising therefrom

On the question,

Will the House agree to the title?

Mr. McVICAR. Mr. Speaker I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend the title by striking out the title and substituting therefor the following title: "An Act enabling cities of the second class to relieve traffic congestion and to improve transit facilities in such cities by the construction and maintenance of subways and galleries in or adjacent to congested districts of such cities empowering the Public Service Commission to compel public service companies and others to use such subways and galleries providing a method for fixing the terms of such use and authorizing said cities to appropriate land necessary for the construction of such subways or galleries and providing a method for ascertaining the damages arising therefrom."

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the title as amended?

It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1097, as follows:

An Act requiring the borough council to fix by ordinance the salary of the burgess

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the councils of each borough whether incorporated under general or special law shall fix by ordinance the salary to be paid annually out of the borough treasury to the burgess

Section 2 Such salary shall not be less per annum than one hundred dollars per thousand for the first five thousand population or fraction thereof and fifty dollars per annum for each additional one thousand of population or fraction thereof In determining such population the council shall take the last United States decennial census or five times the number of voters in such borough as shown by the last registration thereof Where such salary would fall below the sum of fifty dollars per month the borough council in its discretion may increase said salary to an amount not exceeding fifty dollars per month

Section 3 Such salary when so fixed by ordinance shall be paid out of the borough treasury in monthly installments on proper warrant authorized by council and shall be in lieu of all costs and fees allowed a burgess by existing law which costs and fees shall be taxed and collected by such burgess and turned into the borough treasury monthly

Section 4 All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1031, as follows:

An Act regulating the use of electricity in cities of the second class providing for the examination and licensing of electrical contractors individuals or companies doing electrical repair work and certain electrical engineers and for the supervision and inspection of electrical installations in said cities for the inspection of places of amusement mantaining electrical machinery or devices making the violations of the provisions thereof a misdemeanor and prescribing the punishment therefor

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from and after the first day of October Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and fifteen it shall not be lawful for any person firm corporation association or copartnership to carry on or engage continue or be engaged or hold himself or themselves out to the public as carrying on engaging or being engaged or continuing in the business of an electrical contractor or electrical contractors in any city of the second class in this Commonwealth unless and until a license to engage in or carry on such business shall first have been obtained by such person firm corporation association or copartnership Provided That in the case of any firm copartnership corporation or association it shall be sufficient if such license be obtained by any member or managing employe thereof and who shall alone perform or supervise the actual work of installing erecting or repairing electrical machinery apparatus devices or fixtures or the wires of conductors appertaining thereto in any building or in cities of this class Said license shall be procured by application to the Department of Public Safety in said cities in such form as shall be by such Department prescribed and except as hereinafter provided it shall authorize the carrying on of said business for the period of one year Upon the granting of said license the licensee shall pay an original or initial license fee of twenty-five dollars ($25.00) and such license may be renewed yearly thereafter upon payment of an annual fee of five dollars ($5.00) Application for such license shall be made at least ten days before the first day of October in the year one thousand nine hundred and fifteen and each year thereafter and such license when issued shall be good and effective for one year from said date Provided That the said Department of Public Safety may make suitable regulations for the issuing of original licenses for any part of a year ending upon October first next following upon the payment of a pro rata portion of said license fee The business which said license shall authorize and entitle the holder thereof to carry on is hereby defined to be that of installing erecting or repairing or contracting to install erect or repair electrical wires or conductors to be used for the transmission of electrical current for electric light heat and power or the mouldings ducts raceways and conduits for the reception or protection of such wires or conductors and the installation erection construction or repair of any electrical machinery apparatus devices or fixtures to be used for light heat or power All such applications and the licenses or certification issued thereon shall be registered in the said department of the chief of the bureau thereof in charge of electrical matters in a book to be kept by him for that purpose All fees in this act provided for shall be paid into the city treasury of such cities

Section 2 From and after the said date it shall be unlawful for any person in any city of the second class to act as an electrical engineer or to employ suffer or permit any person to act as an electrical engineer in charge of electrical machinery apparatus devices or fixtures used for light heat or power or for other like purposes in any factory hotel apartment house office building warehouse or church or in any building devoted to industrial or mercantile purposes unless and until the person so acting shall have procured a certification from the said Department of Public Safety to be obtained by application in the manner hereinabove provided in regard to the licenses of electrical contractors or in such other manner as may be prescribed by regulation upon the payment of a license fee of ten dollars which certificate shall be duly registered as provided in the first section hereof and which shall be renewed yearly thereafter upon payment of an annual fee of two dollars which shall entitle the holder to act as such electrical engineer only in charge of the building or buildings in which from time to time he may be so employed or occupied Application for such certificate may be made at any time

Section 3 Before any such license of certificate shall be issued to an electrical contractor individual or company doing electrical repair work or electrical engineer the applicant therefor shall be examined by the director of the said department or by such competent person or persons under the supervision of the Chief of the Bureau in charge of electrical matters as he may depute for that purpose as to his qualifications to carry on such business or employment of which qualifications the director of said department shall be duly satisfied before such license shall be issued unless granted upon appeal as provided

in section four Provided That any applicant for a license as an electrical contractor who shall have been engaged in that business for a period of five years immediately prior to the passage of this act or any applicant for a certificate as an electrical engineer who may have been so employed for a like period shall not be required to undergo the examination provided for in this section But this provision shall not exempt such persons from the other requirements of this act

Section 4 Any original or renewal license or certificate granted under the provisions hereof may be revoked by the director of said department upon the recommendation of the chief of the bureau in charge of electrical matters in said cities or may be suspended by him for such period as he may deem advisable and proper upon such recommendation for the negligent or improper performance of the work or employment of such contractor or engineer or for such conduct therein as may in his opinion be dangerous to the safety of persons or property Provided That before any such license or certificate shall be revoked or suspended the holder thereof shall receive notice of such proposed action and of the ground therefor and shall be afforded an opportunity to be fully heard in person or by representative From the refusal or the revocation or suspension of any license or certificate an appeal shall lie to a board to be composed of three disinterested and competent electricians who shall not be connected with the municipal government One of said electricians shall be chosen by the director of said department one by the person applying for or holding the license or certificate in question and the third shall be selected by the other two A majority of said board shall constitute a quorum and shall have power to affirm reverse or modify the ruling appealed from a decision to be rendered within seventy-two hours Such appeals shall be governed by such pertient general regulations as to the time and manner thereof as may be adopted by the director of the said department

Section 5 The first installation construction and erection of any electrical machinery apparatus devices or fixtures to be used for electric light heat or power and of the wires or conductors for transmission of electric current in any building in any such cities as specified in section two shall be under the supervision and control of the said department

No such installation construction or erection shall be done or made until a permit therefor shall have been granted by the said department which is hereby authorized to require by general regulation the furnishing of the plans and specifications of such work together with a statement of the location of the installation before any such work shall be begun and to cause the said work to be inspected at any stage of its construction erection or installation

Section 6 All places of amusement maintaining electrical machinery apparatus devices or fixtures including establishments for the exhibition of moving pictures shall with respect to such machinery devices or fixtures be subject to the regulation and inspection of the said department of the inspectors attached to the appropriate bureau thereof Provided that this act shall not effect the provisions of any law or ordinance now in force respecting the regulation examination and inspection of such places of amusement or such establishment or any of them nor shall it prevent the passage of such ordinance hereafter which shall be inconsistent herewith

Section 7 The councils of said cities may provide for the appointment of inspectors and other assistants and employes in said department or in the appropriate bureau thereof necessary or proper for furthering the purposes of this act and may regulate and provide for their duties and compensation The director of the Department of Public Safety is authorized to make and establish such rules and regulations to carry this act into effect as may seem to him necessary and proper therefor but before any rules or regulations authorized to be made in this the foregoing sections of this act shall become effective the same shall be approved by ordinance of the councils of such cities

Section 8 Any person or persons violating any of the provisions of this act or doing or committing any of the acts or things herein forbidden or declared to be unlawful shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be punishable by a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars ($500.00) or by imprisonment not exceeding three months or either or both at the discretion of the court

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 905, as follows:

An Act authorizing the free distribution of all maps issued by the State Highway Department

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the State Highway Department is hereby authorized to distribute without cost all maps issued by the Department

Section 2 That all acts or parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act be and the same are hereby repealed insofar as the same affect this act

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1115 (Senate Bill No. 213), entitled:

An Act to amend section one of article four of an act approved the twenty-seventh day of June one thousand nine hundred and thirteen Pamphlet Laws five hundred sixty-eight entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation regulation and government of cities of the third class regulating nomination and election of municipal officers therein and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws a relation thereto"

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 928, as follows:

An Act to classify the fish in the waters within this Commonwealth declaring which are game fish which are food fish and which are bait fish and to regulate the catching and sale and to forbid the sale of certain fish and encourage the propagation of the same to protect the waters within this Commonwealth from unfair improper wastful and destructive fishing and to protect the fish from being destroyed or injured by destructive means to provide for the appointment of fish wardens and to declare their official powers and duties to encourage and regulate the propagation of fish within this Commonwealth and to regulate the free distribution of the same by the Department of Fisheries in the waters within the same to define powers and duties of the Department of Fisheries to regulate the sale and shipment of fish artifically propagated for profit and to provide penalties and puishments for the violation of the provisions of this act and providing how and by whom the costs shall be paid

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the fish within this Commonwealth are hereby designated and classified for the purposes of this act as follows to wit The following are classified as game fish Charr commonly called brook trout all species of trout and of the salmon family blue pike pike-perch otherwise known as Susquehanna salmon or wall-eyed pike pickerel western pike muscallonge fall fish small mouth bass otherwise called black bass large mouth bass otherwise called Oswego green or yellow bass crappie grass strawberry or calico bass white bass rock bass otherwise known as red eye or goggle eye and all other species or varieties of fresh water fish called or commonly known as bass except striped bass or rock fish The following are classified as bait fish namely All forms of minnows all forms of killifishes and stone catfish That all other species or varieties of fish whatsoever in the waters within this Commonwealth are hereby classified as food fish

Section 2 That it shall be unlawful to use any device means or method whatsoever for taking fish from the waters within this Commonwealth except the following namely For game fish with rod hooks and line or with hand line with not more than three hooks attached to each line for bait fish at any time of the year with rods hooks and lines in waters inhabited by Charr or trout and in waters not inhabited by Charr or trout with a minnow trap with not more than one opening which shall not be larger than one inch in diameter or with a dip net not over three feet square or with rods hooks and lines with not more than three hooks attached to each line for food fish with rods hooks and lines and hand line at any time of the year with not more than three hooks attached to each line except as provided in section thirty-two of this act and with seines and dip nets as provided in section five of this act and Provided further That nothing herein shall be held to apply to fishing with rods hooks and lines or hand lines unless the person fishing therewith shall have in possession any fish which may not lawfully be caught And Provided further That no device except a single rod and line with not more than three hooks attached shall be used by any person in waters inhabited by charr or trout or any species of trout except lake trout and Provided also That no person shall use more than three rods and lines or hand lines or more than three of the combined kinds of rods and lines or hand lines with not more than three hooks attached to each line for the taking of any game fish other than charr brook trout or any species of trout except lake trout and Provided also That all rods and lines or hand lines used in the taking of game fish must be under

the immediate control of the person using same Provided also That a burr of three hooks shall be considered as three single hooks and no combination of hooks shall be considered as one hook but each prong or barb be considered as a separate and independent hook Provided That nothing herein shall be held to forbid the use of the gaff or landing net to assist in landing fish already caught by lawful devices Any person violating any of the provisions of this section shall on conviction as provided in section twenty-three of this act be subject to a penalty of twenty dollars except as hereinafter otherwise provided

Section 3 That it shall be unlawful to fish for or have in possession the same being killed any game fish from the thirty-first day of December to the fifteenth day of June both dates inclusive except charr or brook trout or any species of trout and except as provided in section nine of this act and it shall be unlawful also to catch and kill or have in possession the same being killed any white bass rock bass crappie strawberry or calico bass less than six inches in length any black bass or small mouth bass large mouth bass otherwise called Oswego green or yellow bass striped bass otherwise called rock fish lake or salmon trout less than nine inches in length or any blue pike less than eight inches in length pike-perch otherwise called wall-eyed pike or Susquehanna salmon or any pickerel less than twelve inches in length or any muscallonge or western pike less than twenty-four inches in length or any sturgeon less than five feet in length the measurement of said fish shall be from the tip of the nose to the tip of the tail and it shall be unlawful for any one person to catch kill or have in possession the same being killed more than twelve small or large mouth bass or more than twenty-five rock bass white bass calico bass crappie pickerel blue pike or pike perch or more than four muscallonge or western pike or more than fifty sunfish in any one day Any person violating any of the provisions of this section shall on conviction as provided in section twenty-three of this act be subject to a penalty of ten dollars for each and every fish so caught taken or had in possession provided however that no penalty shall be imposed if any fish caught in violation of any provision of this section is returned at once to the water from which it was taken in the condition in which it was captured

Section 4 That it shall be unlawful to fish for or have in possession the same being killed charr commonly called brook trout or any species of trout except lake trout from the thirty-first day of July to the fifteenth day of April next ensuing both inclusive except as provided in section nine of this act and it shall be unlawful for any one person to catch kill or have in possession the same being killed more than forty charr or trout in any one day or return to the water during the open season any charr or trout after once being hooked Any person violating any of the provisions of this section shall on conviction as provided in section twenty-three of this act be subject to a penalty of ten dollars for each and every fish returned to the water or for each and every fish over forty provided however that no penalty in the aggregate shall exceed one hundred dollars

Section 5 It shall be unlawful to fish for shad herring or alewife excepting with rods hooks and lines hand line or with a haul seine sometimes called a shore seine or with a dip net or with a hold in net sometimes called a moon rake the meshes of which shall not be less than two and a half inches stretched fishing measure or one and one-quarter inches from knot to knot while being fished or for sturgeon with nets the meshes of which shall not be less than thirteen inches while being fished and it shall be unlawful to use said nets for shad herring or alewife in any waters within this Commonwealth except from the twentieth day of June to the first day of March of the year next ensuing and then only in the Susquehanna river from McCall's Ferry Dam to the Maryland line or in tidal streams wholly within the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and in the limit of tide water of said streams Any person violating any of the provisions of this section shall on conviction thereof as provided in section twenty-three of this act be subject to a penalty of one hundred dollars and shall forfeit to the Department of Fisheries all nets boats and appliances used

Section 6 That it shall be unlawful for any person or persons to place any device or object in the waters within this Commonwealth in such a manner as to obstruct the migration or passage of fish therein or to obstruct any fishway Fishing except with rod hook and line shall not be permitted within one hundred feet of the lower end of any fishway or dam or such distance as may be determined by the Commissioner of Fisheries such determination to be plainly posted upon the fishway or adjacent shores and any obstruction not permitted by existing laws when found shall be removed forthwith by any fish commissioner fish warden sheriff or other peace officer Any person violating any provision of this section shall on conviction thereof as provided in section twenty-three of this act be subject to a penalty of fifty dollars

Section 7 That any person company or corporation owning or maintaining a dam or dams or who may hereafter erect or maintain a dam or dams in the waters of this Commonwealth shall immediately on a written order from the Commissioner of Fisheries erect therein such chutes slopes fishways gates or other device as the Board of Fishery Commissioners may decide necessary to enable the fish to ascend and descend the waters at all seasons of the year and every such chute and other device as aforesaid shall be maintained open and in good order and repair by the person company or corporation owning or maintaining such dam until such dam is removed raised or rebuilt and any person company or corporation refusing or neglecting to comply with the provisions of this section within three months from the date of such notice shall forfeit and pay the sum of fifty dollars for every month he or they so neglect which sum or sums shall be recovered by civil suit and process in the name of the Commonwealth and when collected shall be paid by the Commissioner of Fisheries into the treasury of the Commonwealth where it shall be kept as part of a fund separate and apart to be used solely for the purposes of fish protection and fish propagation under the direction of the Department of Fisheries If after the lapse of three calendar months the person company or corporation owning or maintaining said dam or dams still neglect or refuse to erect or place or maintain unchanged open and in good order and repair the appliance or appliances as directed by the Commissioner of Fisheries the said Commissioner is empowered to enter upon such dam or dams and erect such slopes chutes fishways or gates and cause such repairs to be made as may have been directed as aforesaid and the cost thereof shall be charged against the person company or corporation owning or maintaining such dam or dams by the Commissioner of Fisheries by civil suit and process in the name of the Commonwealth provided where by reason of any dam or dams having been constructed prior to any requirements by law of the placing of chutes slopes or fishways therein or for any other reason the owner or owners or person or persons maintaining such dam or dams cannot be compelled by law to pay the costs of erecting such slopes chutes and fishways by the Commissioner of Fisheries as provided in this section shall be paid by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania out of such fund as may be appropriated therefor And provided further that the chutes and other devices aforesaid may be closed for repair or in time of low water but such closing will only be for a period of thirty days at any one time

Section 8 That from and after the passage of this act any person company or corporation owning or operating a raceway flume or inlet pipe leading to a water wheel turbine pump or canal shall place and maintain a bar rack of not less than one inch nor more than one and one-half inch space between the bars in or near such raceway flume or inlet pipe sufficient to prevent fish from entering Any person company or corporation failing to comply with the provisions of this section shall on conviction thereof as provided in section twenty-three of this act be subject to a penalty of fifty dollars

Section 9 That hereafter before any person or persons corporation or corporations or partnership limited or unlimited shall engage in the artificial propagation of any species of game fish or food fish for the purpose of selling the same the said person or persons corporation or corporations or partnership limited or unlimited shall first apply to the Department of Fisheries for a license and said person or persons corporation or corporations or partnership limited or unlimited shall fill out blanks supplied by the Department of Fisheries setting forth answers to any questions which the Department of Fisheries may put with reference to the size character and purpose of said plant and if such answers promise and undertake that the applicant will conduct the business applied for according to law and that no dams ponds or other device which will prevent the free migration of fish are to be erected or placed by such applicant in any stream flowing over his or their property and that the ponds on said plant are to be for commercial purposes the said person or persons corporation or corporations or partnership limited or unlimited shall then pay a license fee of ten dollars to the Department of Fisheries and by it deposited in the State Treasury where it shall be kept as part of a fund separate and apart to be used solely for the purposes of fish protection and fish propagation under the direction of the Department of Fisheries whereupon the said Department of Fisheries shall issue a license to said person or persons corporation or corporations or partnership limited or unlimited to carry on the business of propagation and selling any and all species of game fish or food fish or the eggs thereof during the calendar year that the holder or holders of such license may catch and kill game fish from the ponds on their property in any manner whatsoever except with explosives or poisonous substances or they may sell or dispose of them in any manner whatsoever any species of game fish or food fish or the eggs thereof at any time of the year and express or railroad companies may carry and transport the same Provided That no fish shall be caught out of any stream flowing over the property of such person or persons corporation or corporations or partnership limited or unlimited holding such license except in accordance with the provisions of sections two and three of this act Provided That with each sale of any species of game fish or food fish there shall be furnished the purchaser a certificate or invoice of sale bearing the date of sale the number of the license the number of fish and the number of pounds sold which said certificate or invoice must be shown by the holder on demand to any fish warden clerk of the market constable or person authorized to make arrests for violation of the laws relating to fish and fishing within this Commonwealth and the said certificate or invoice shall hold good for the period of six days from the date thereof Any person or persons corporation or corporations or partnership limited or unlimited holding a license for conducting an establishment for the propagation of any species of game fish or food fish shall mail a sworn statement in writing to the Department of Fisheries annually on the first day of December of the number of pounds and the number and value of game fish and food fish or the eggs thereof sold and disposed of during the year and the

property and books of said person or persons corporation or corporations or partnership limited or unlimited engaged in the propagation and sale of any species of game fish or food fish or the eggs thereof under the provisions of this section shall be open to inspection by the Commissioner of Fisheries at all times and said person or persons corporation or corporations or partnership limited or unlimited shall not in any manner stock or maintain their establishments by any species of game or food fish eggs taken from any waters within this Commonwealth not owned occupied or controlled by them excepting that they may exchange such eggs or the fry of any species of trout or other game or food fish with the Department of Fisheries Any person or persons corporation or corporations or partnership limited or unlimited violating any of the provisions of this section shall on conviction thereof be subject to a penalty of one hundred dollars for each and every offense as provided in section twenty-three of this act

Section 10 That from and after the passage of this act any person company or corporation owning or operating a raceway flume or inlet pipe leading to a water wheel turbine pump or canal shall immediately upon receipt of a written order from the Commissioner of Fisheries place and maintain a bar rack of not less than one inch nor more than one and one-half inch space between the bars in or near such raceway flume or inlet pipe sufficient to prevent fish from entering therein Any person company or corporation refusing or neglecting to comply with such order for a period of one month shall forfeit and pay the sum of fifty dollars which shall be recovered by civil suit and process in the name of the Commonwealth and when collected shall be paid by the Commissioner of Fisheries into the State Treasury where it shall be kept as part of a fund separate and apart to be used solely for the purposes of fish protection and fish propagation under the direction of the Department of Fisheries If one month after notification the person company or corporation owning or operating such raceway flume or inlet pipe has not placed such bar rack as may have been directed the Commissioner of Fisheries is empowered to enter upon such raceway flume or inlet pipe and place such bar rack of not less than one-half inch nor more than one and one-half inch space between the bars the costs thereof shall be charged against the said person company or corporation and if not promptly paid such costs may be recovered by civil suit and process in the name of the Commonwealth

Section 11 That it shall be unlawful for any proprietor manager clerk or agent of any market hotel boarding house eating house restaurant or saloon or any person company or corporation in this Commonwealth to purchase sell or expose for sale whether caught within or without this Commonwealth any game fish as enumerated in section one of this act excepting lake trout and blue pike pike-perch Susquehanna salmon or wall-eyed pike or contract with or employ any person or persons to catch and keep such fish for him or them by the day or otherwise Provided That nothing in this section shall be so construed as to prevent any person company or corporation from selling game fish as enumerated in section one of this act bred or raised artificially under the provisions of section nine of this act and Provided further That nothing in this section shall be so construed as to prohibit any person or persons from employing a guide to accompany him or them when fishing or to prevent any officer authorized to enforce the provisions of this act from either buying or selling fish for the purpose of securing evidence Any person violating any of the provisions of this section shall on conviction as provided in section twenty-three of this act be subject to a fine of fifty dollars for each and every offense so committed

Section 12 That it shall be unlawful to have in possession any fresh dead game fish except pike-perch whether caught within or without this Commonwealth or any fresh dead food fish caught in the waters of this Commonwealth excepting during the lawful period for catching the same and the space of six days after such period has expired Provided however That nothing herein shall be construed as to prohibit the sale of food or game fish artificially propagated by any person or persons under the provisions of section nine of this act Any person or persons violating any of the provisions of this section shall on conviction thereof as provided in section twenty-three of this act be subject to a penalty of ten dollars for each fish

Section 13 That it shall be unlawful to fish or trespass with intent to fish in or upon any waters or beds or banks of any waters or any lands controlled owned or occupied by the Department of Fisheries or owned or occupied by persons corporations or partnerships for artificially propagating fish or wilfully and maliciously destroy or damage any ponds property or appliances whatsoever of the said Department or such propagating plant or to interfere or obstruct pollute or diminish the natural flow of water into or through such State hatchery or such propagating plant or lands Any person or persons violating any of the provisions of this section shall on conviction thereof in accordance with section twenty-three of this act be subject to a penalty of one hundred dollars or six months imprisonment or both

Section 14 That any domestic birds or fowls trespassing on any waters or lands controlled used or occupied entirely for the artificial propagation of fish may be killed by the owner or occupant thereof or his agent in charge of the same after being given five days notice to the owners of said birds or fowls to prevent such trespassing Provided further That said owner or owners occupant or agent shall have the right to kill any wild birds or wild animals destructive to fish life whenever found on such grounds

Section 15 That it shall be unlawful for any person to put or place in any waters within this Commonwealth any electricity or any explosive or poisonous substances whatsoever or any drug or any poison bait for the purpose of catching taking killing or injuring fish or to allow any dye stuff coal or gas tar coal oil sawdust tan bark cocculus indicus (otherwise known as fish berries) lime vitriol or any of the compounds thereof refuse from gas houses oil tanks mines pipes or vessels or any deleterious destructive or poisonous substances of any kind or character to be turned into or allowed to run flow wash or be emptied into any of the waters aforesaid unless it is shown to the satisfaction of the Commissioner of Fisheries that every reasonable and practicable means have been used to abate and prevent the pollution of waters in question by the escape of deleterious substances In the case of the polution of the waters by substances known to be injurious to fishes or to fish food it shall not be necessary to prove that such substances have actually caused the death of any fish Provided That nothing in this section shall prohibit the use of explosives for engineering purposes when a written permit has been given therefor by the proper national state or municipal government Any person violating any of the provisions of this section shall on conviction therefor as provided in section twenty-three of this act be subject to a fine of one hundred dollars

Section 16 That the Commissioner of Fisheries shall have the right to catch fish in any of the waters of this Commonwealth at any season of the year and with any kind of nets or devices not poisonous or explosive and also the right to grant written permission to do so for a period not longer than one year to persons engaged in scientific research and also to corporations associations person or persons for the purpose of propagation of fish or stocking waters therewith or the removal of fish found by the Commissioner of Fisheries to be hurtful or injurious to other fish life Provided that those persons who are permitted to catch fish as aforesaid shall make return in writing to the said Commissioner of Fisheries of all fish caught by them and of the use made by them of the fish so caught

Section 17 That it shall be the duty of the Commissioner of Fisheries to make free distribution or planting of the fish produced at the State fish hatcheries or otherwise acquired in the following order or preference First to the public waters of the Commonwealth within the forestry reserves belonging to the Commonwealth Second to the public school authorities and persons connected with institutions of learning who may apply for the same for educational purposes or for scientific research and to persons applying for fish cultural and aquarium purposes and show ponds Third to the waters within this Commonwealth of which the bed and banks are the subject of private ownership upon the written application of one or more of the owners or lawful occupants thereof provided that such waters are suitable for the fish applied for and that the applicant or applicants shall agree in such application to allow lawful fishing by the public in the waters over their lands which are planted with fish upon such application and that the said applicants shall have and claim no right to reject or molest any persons lawfully fishing over their lands on the banks of or over such waters in a peaceful and orderly manner provided that during the open season for game or food fish the owner lessee or occupant of the real estate through which or over which the stream inhabited by game or food fish shall pass or the owner lessee or occupant of the bank of any natural lake or pond so inhabited with game or food fish shall hereafter not have the authority to forbid fishing along the banks or waters but the person or persons so fishing shall be liable in trespass for any and all damage which he or they may do the said real estate or other property Fourth to the waters last aforesaid whose owners are non-residents and unknown or who by habit and custom permit the public to fish therein Provided That such planting may at the discretion of said Commissioner be made without application therefor

That it shall be unlawful to apply to the Commissioner of Fisheries for any fish if such applicant prohibits or prevents fishing by the general public in the waters flowing over his land but nothing in this section shall be held to prevent the Commissioner of Fisheries from planting fish in suitable waters without application Any person who shall by false representation receive fish from the Department of Fisheries and plant the same in waters where the public are not allowed to fish shall on conviction thereof as provided in section twenty-three of this act be subject to a fine of twenty-five dollars for each offense Provided That nothing in this act shall be so construed as to prevent lawful fishing in waters that have heretofore been stocked with fish supplied by the Commonwealth

Section 18 That the Commissioner of Fisheries is authorized to set aside at his discretion such small streams and lakes as he may judge best as nursery streams or lakes in which fishing shall be prohibited at all times in the year Provided That said Commissioner of Fisheries shall first give public notice of such closing by posting such streams or waters with notices of such prohibition and the period thereof and publish the same in two newspapers published in the county or counties where such stream or water is located for a period of three consecutive weeks one time in each week said stream or lakes to be posted by the Department of Fisheries at the outlet by a conspicuous notice and also at intervals of three hundred yards Provided That if after any stream or lake has been set aside under the provisions of this section any person fishing therein or catching and killing any fish from any stream of water closed under the provisions of this section shall on conviction thereof as provided in section

twenty-three of this act be subject to a penalty of one hundred dollars

Section 19 That before any person shall use or fish with a seine net he shall first take out a license therefore from the Department of Fisheries and for which he or they shall pay annually for each seine net ten dollars On making payment to the Department of Fisheries of the sum named such license fee shall be paid by the Department of Fisheries into the State Treasury where it shall be kept as part of a fund separate and apart to be used solely for the purposes of fish protection and fish propagation under the direction of the Department of Fisheries and such license shall hold good for the calendar year in which it is issued The Department of Fisheries on receiving said license fee or fees shall issue to the person or persons paying the same a certificate on one of the forms supplied to him by the Department of Fisheries bearing the name and place or residence of each applicant or applicants and the name and number of the seine nets permitted and authorized properly filled out which said certificate or license shall permit the owner or owners thereof to use the device named for the next lawful season in accordance with the provisions of section five of this act The certificate shall be shown to any fish warden constable or any other person or persons authorized to make arrests for any violation of any of the laws relating to fish and fishing in this Commonwealth Any person or persons who shall use the above described devices without first taking out a license shall upon conviction as provided in section twenty-three of this act be subject to a penalty of twenty-five dollars

Section 20 That it shall be unlawful for any person or persons to remove fish from any licensed net without the authority of the owner or owners thereof except that any person may return to the water and fish not authorized to be taken by such device or to remove fish from any pond or tank of any fish hatchery without authority as aforesaid Any person or persons violating any of the provisions of this section shall upon conviction thereof as provided in section twenty-three of this act be subject to a fine of fifty dollars

Section 21 That any fish commissioner fish warden special warden sheriff constable or any special officer or any peace office in this Commonwealth is hereby authorized and commanded to proceed with such force of the county as may be necessary to destroy any device for catching fish used contrary to or prohibited by law in any of the waters within this Commonwealth and they are hereby authorized and commanded to arrest forthwith and without warrant any person or persons owning placing or using such devices or violating any of the provisions of this act and they are further authorized and commanded to apprehend and arrest and immediately take any person or persons who may be guilty of such violations before any justice of the peace magistrate or other legally constituted authority and thereupon make charge of such violation of the law or any provision thereof and the magistrate shall forthwith hear and determine the charge as provided in section twenty-three of this act and in case of any fish commissioner fish warden or any other officer named above fails to prove his case the defendant or defendants are discharged or in case the defendant or defendants are convicted and are sent to jail in lieu of the payment of fine or fines penalty or penalties the county in which the case is heard shall pay the costs Such arrests may be made on Sunday or any holiday in which case the person or persons so arrested shall be taken before the proper officer and proceeded against on the first lawful day following the arrest Any sheriff deputy sheriff constable special officer or other peace officer of this Commonwealth who shall refuse or neglect to proceed with sufficient force of the county to forthwith remove and destroy any existing device illegally used for the catching of fish within his jurisdiction after being notified in writing of the existence of such illegally used devices by the Commissioner of Fisheries or who shall refuse or neglect to remove or destroy any such illegal devices for catching fish within this Commonwealth of which he shall have cognizance shall on conviction thereof as provided in section twenty-three of this act be subject to a fine of fifty dollars or to be imprisoned in the county jail for a period of not less than three months nor more than six months

Section 22 Any person or persons who shall by threat menace or force or in any manner attempt to deter or prevent any fish warden or other person authorized to make arrests for violation of the fish laws from enforcing or carrying into effect any provision of this act or who shall resist the seizure of boats devices or nets illegally used shall on conviction thereof as provided in section twenty-three of this act be subject to a penalty of one hundred dollars or in default of payment of said fine be committed to the county jail for a period of one hundred days

Section 23 That any justice of the peace alderman or magistrate upon information or compliant made to him by affidavit of one or more persons charging any person or persons with having violated any of the provisions of this act or any of the rules and regulations adopted and promulgated by the Commissioner of Fisheries pursuant to this act is hereby authorized and required to issue his warrant under his hand and seal directed to any constable peace officer or warden and cause such person or persons to be arrested and brought before such justice alderman or magistrate who shall hear and determine the guilt or innocence of the person or persons so charged and if convicted upon such charge shall be sentenced by said justice alderman or magistrate severally to pay the fine or fines penalty or penalties provided in this act for such violation together with the costs of suit the whole of said fine shall be paid over forthwith to the treasurer of the county in which the prosecution was brought and said county treasurer shall pay over the same forthwith to the Commissioner of Fisheries who shall deposit the same into the State Treasury where it shall be kept as part of a fund separate and apart to be used solely for the purposes of fish protection and fish propagation under the direction of the Department of Fisheries Provided That in case the defendant or defendants shall neglect to pay at once the fine or fines so imposed said defendant or defendants shall forthwith be sentenced to undergo imprisonment in the county jail of the county where such conviction takes place for a period of one day for each dollar of fine so imposed and unpaid unless the defendant or defendants upon conviction shall give notice of intention to appeal when such defendant or defendants shall be permitted to enter into good and sufficient recognizance to appear before such justice alderman or magistrate on or before the expiration of five days if such appeal is not taken by them or on the final determination of such appeal if it be not sustained for execution of sentence Provided also That all actions for any violation of any of the provisions of this act must be taken within one year from the time the offense was committed and when necessary to properly conduct any case for any alderman justice of the peace magistrate or any court the Commissioner of Fisheries is authorized to employ legal counsel

Section 24 That in all cases of arrest made for the violation of any of the provisions of this act the possession of the fishes or of the nets or the possession of or operation of any other devices herein prohibited shall be prima facie evidence of the violation of this act

Section 25 That for the purpose of this act any stream or water or part thereof within this Commonwealth in which charr or trout are commonly fished for and caught whether through the stocking of the stream or whether native to such stream or water or part thereof shall be deemed water or streams inhabited by trout In case of a conflict of statement on this point as to any stream or water the matter shall be investigated by the Board of Fishery Commission and its decision shall be final

Section 26 The Commissioner of Fisheries by and with the advice and consent of the Board of Fishery Commission shall have power and authority to appoint thirty competent citizens of this Commonwealth as fish wardens Wardens so appointed shall hold office during the pleasure of the Commissioner of Fisheries who may summarily remove any of their number and appoint another competent citizen in his place by and with the advice and consent of the Board of Fishery Commission The wardens shall enforce all the laws of the Commonwealth relating to fish and fishing and the provisions supplementary thereto and shall have power to execute all warrants and search warrants issued for the violation of the fish laws and to serve subpoenas issued for the examination investigation or trial of all offenses against said laws and said wardens shall be permitted to carry and use arms in the performance of their duties They shall have power without warrant to search and examine any boat conveyance vehicle fish box basket bag coat or other receptacle for fish when they have reason to believe that any of the provisions of any law relating to fish have been violated any court having jurisdiction of the offense upon receiving proof of the probable cause for believing in the concealment of any game or food fish in any building apartment car or locker contrary to any provisions of this act shall issue a search warrant and cause a search to be made in any place and to that end may after demand and refusal cause any building apartment car or locker to be broken open and entered and the contents thereof to be examined and said wardens shall seize and take possession of any and all fish which may have been caught taken or killed at any time in any manner or for any purposes or had in possession or under control or on sale or offered for sale or have been shipped or about to be shipped contrary to any of the laws of this Commonwealth and such fish shall be disposed of according to the order of the Commissioner of Fisheries Each warden shall keep a record of his official acts receipts and expenditures and at the close of each month a summary of such record with such information in detail as may be necessary for the information of or be required by the Department of Fisheries All wardens when in the performance of their duties shall have the power and authority to enter upon any land or water and they shall have the power to demand and secure proper assistance in case of emergency That each fish warden appointed in accordance with this section shall receive as compensation for his service eighty dollars per month and such allowance for expenses as may be deemed by the board of Fishery Commission as just and reasonable

Section 27 The Commissioner of Fisheries may on the written application of a properly organized fish protective association or of any association or individual owning or leasing waters appoint one or more special wardens for the county in which the application is made or at his discretion appoint special fish wardens to act anywhere within the Commonwealth and all such appointments shall expire on the thirty-first day of May of each year Provided also That no special fish warden shall be entitled to any salary or to any expenses or compensation from the Commonwealth for his services unless such special fish warden should be detailed for duty by the Commissioner of Fisheries in writing in which case the Commissioner of Fisheries is authorized to make a per diem allowance for compensation and reasonable expenses out of any appropriation which may be made for the payment of wardens The special fish wardens so appointed shall be clothed with

the same power as the regular salaried wardens and shall make report of the performance of their duties in the same manner

Section 28 That the Commissioner of Fisheries shall have the right to issue bulletins relating to fish culture and fish protection as in his judgment may be deemed for the best interests of the work of the Department of Fisheries and he shall make report annually to the Governor of the operations of the Department

Section 29 That persons engaged in catching fish for the market or who may be engaged in the sale of fish on demand of the Commissioner of Fisheries furnish at the close of each year a tabulated statement of their sales of fish and the gross amount of money realized the said figures to be used by the Department of Fisheries entirely for statistical purposes and no individual statement received by the Department of Fisheries shall be made public without the written consent of the owner Any person who shall refuse to furnish such information shall on conviction as provided in section twenty-three of this act be subject to a penalty of ten dollars for each and every offense

Section 30 That all boats and legal devices used unlawfully and forfeited to the Department of Fisheries under any provision of this act shall be sold by the Commissioner of Fisheries or destroyed by his order and the moneys received from such sales be paid by him into the State treasury where it shall be kept as part of a fund separate and apart to be used solely for the purposes of fish protection and fish propagation under the direction of the Department of Fisheries All unlawful nets or devices not preserved for exhibition purposes by the Department of Fisheries shall be destroyed by the Commissioner of Fisheries Record shall be made of all such sales or destruction on the books of the Department

Section 31 The several sections of this act are to be deemed independent of each other and in the event of any section hereof being declared unconstitutional it is hereby declared as the intention of the Legislature that such section shall be eliminated therefrom without affecting any other portion of this act

Section 32 The Fish Commissioner or any fish warden or deputy warden if making an arrest in good faith for violation of any of the provisions of this act shall not be liable for prosecution for false arrest or suit for damages

Section 33 That it shall be unlawful to fish for fish of any kind in the waters of this Commonwealth with outlines commonly called set lines or lines fastened or anchored at both ends from the first day of December until the thirtieth day of June in the year next ensuing both dates inclusive It shall be lawful for any person to use and operate such outlines as described in this section from the first day of July to the thirtieth day of November next ensuing both dates inclusive for the capture of carp suckers mullets catfish and eels only Provided That said outlines be sunk to the bottom and so weighted that the hooks shall rest upon the bottom and that cut or dead bait only shall be used Provided further That no person shall use more than three outlines or attach to said outlines in the aggregate more than one hundred snoods with not more than one hook attached to each And Provided That during the season or period when it shall be lawful to operate outlines for the capture of the fishes aforesaid it may only be done from five o'clock in the evening until seven o'clock in the morning next ensuing when said outlines must either be removed entirely from the water or the snoods or bait be detached and removed unless it is shown to the satisfaction of the court that it was a physical impossibility to comply with this provision And Provided further That the owner or operator of such outlines must either be present and exercise supervision over them or have attached to each line thereof a metallic tag bearing the name and address of the owner Provided further That any fish other than those named in this section when caught on such lines shall be immediately removed therefrom and set free into the waters from which they were taken And Provided further That no outline shall be set or operated in any waters inhabited by trout Any person violating any of the provisions of this section shall on conviction thereof as provided in section twenty-three of this act be subject to a penalty of twenty dollars and shall forfeit to the Department of Fisheries all lines boats and other appliances used

Section 34 The following acts of Assembly are intended to be supplied by this act and the same are hereby repealed

1 "An Act to classify the fish in the waters within this Commonwealth declaring which are game which are food and which are bait fish and to regulate the catching and sale and encourage the propagation of the same to protect the waters within this Commonwealth from unfair improper wasteful and destructive fishing and to protect the fish from being destroyed or injured by destructive means to provide for the appointment of fish wardens and to declare their official powers and duties to encourage and regulate the propagation of fish within this Commonwealth and to regulate the free distribution of the same by the Department of Fisheries in the water within the same to define powers and duties of the Department of Fisheries to regulate the sale and shipment of fish artificially propagated for profit to forbid the sale of unlawful devices for catching fish and to provide penalties and punishments for the violation of the provisions of this act and providing how and by whom the costs shall be paid" approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine

2 "An Act to amend and consolidate the several acts relating to game and fish" approved the third day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-eight

3 "A supplement to 'An Act to amend and consolidate the several acts relating to game and game fish' approved the third day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-eight changing the time for hunting and killing deer squirrels rabbits wild turkeys pheasants prairie chickens" approved the tenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred eighty-one each and all the several sections thereof so far as they relate to fish

4 "An Act for the protection of salmon black bass and other food fishes newly introduced into the rivers Delaware and Susquehanna and their tributaries for the protection of these classes also against unlawful fishing and to prohibit the introduction of predatory fishes into trout streams and for other germane purposes" approved the twenty-fourth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one

5 "An Act to provide for the appointment of a Board of Fish Commissioners for construction of fishways and for the propagation and protection of fish and appropriating money for the same" approved the twenty-eighth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three

6 "An Act regulating the appointment and pay of fish wardens or water bailiffs" approved the fourteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four

7 "An Act to provide for the propagation and protection of fish and appropriating money therefor" approved the eleventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine

8 "An Act to prevent the catching killing exposing for sale or having in possession of speckled trout except from the fifteenth day of April to the fifteenth day of July" approved the eleventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five

9 "An Act for the protection of shad and game fish in the State of Pennsylvania" approved the twenty-second day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine so much thereof as relates to fish and fishing in the waters within the Commonwealth

10 "An Act to provide for the appointment and increase the efficiency of the Commissioner of Fisheries of this Commonwealth" approved the fifteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one

11 "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act for the protection of shad and game fish in the State of Pennsylvania' approved the twenty-second day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine extending the time in which pike and pickerel may be caught" approved the fifteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one

12 "An Act to permit the use of eel pots in the rivers and waters of the Commonwealth other than trout streams" approved the twenty-fifth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred ninety-five

13 "An Act to prevent the placing in the waters of Pennsylvania of any torpedo giant powder nitro glycerine dynamite electricity lime or any poisonous or explosive substances of any kind for the purpose of catching or taking fish providing for a penalty for the violation thereof" approved the twenty-fifth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five

14 "An Act to declare the species of fish which are game fish and the species of fish which are commercially valuable for food and to regulate the catching and encouraging the propagation of the same to define the public waters within the State to protect the waters within the State from improper and wasteful fishing to provide for the appointment of fish commissioners and fish wardens and to declare their official powers and duties to encourage and regulate the artificial propagation of game and food fish by said State Fish Commissioners to regulate the distribution of the same in the waters of the Commonwealth to provide penalties and punishments for the violation of the provisions of this act" approved the twenty-ninth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one

15 "An Act permitting the taking of carp suckers and mullets by means of seine nets from the waters of this Commonwealth upon certain conditions" approved the twenty-sixth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five

16 "An Act to amend an act approved May twenty-ninth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one entitled 'An Act to declare the species of fish which are game fish and the species of fish which are commercially valuable for food and to regulate the catching and encourage the propagation of the same to define the public waters within the State to protect the waters within the State from improper and wasteful fishing to provide for the appointment of fish commissioners and fish wardens and to declare their official powers and duties to encourage and regulate the artificial propagation of game and food fish by said State Fish Commissioners to regulate the distribution of the same in the waters of the Commonwealth to provide penalties and punishments for the violation of the provisions of this act by prescribing the number of tip ups to be used and the amount of fish to be taken in any one day and by any one man' approved the fourteenth day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven"

17 "An Act to regulate the taking of carp suckers mullets and eels in the waters of the Commonwealth by means of gigs or spears prohibiting the taking of all other fish by such means and providing penalties for the violation of this act" approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven

18 "An Act authorizing the taking of suckers catfish carp and eels in the waters of this Commonwealth through the use of fish baskets and prescribing penalties by violations of its provisions" approved the twenty-ninth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven

And in addition to the above all acts or parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1057, as follows:

An Act to repeal an act approved the seventh day of June one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act to provide revenue for State and county purposes and in cities co-extensive with counties for city and county purposes imposing taxes upon certain classes of personal property providing for the assessment and collections of the same providing for the duties and compensation of prothonotaries and recorders in connection therewith and modifying existing legislation which provided for raising revenue for State purposes"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the act approved the seventeenth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act to provide revenue for State and county purposes and in cities co-extensive with counties for city and county purposes imposing taxes upon certain classes of personal property providing for the assessment and collection of the same providing for the duties and compensation of prothonotaries and recorders in connection therewith and modifying existing legislation which provided for raising revenue for State purposes" is hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 978 (Senate Bill No. 245), as follows:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act authorizing appeals from assessments of taxes in this Commonwealth to the courts of common pleas" approved the nineteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine by giving the right to an appeal to other property owners and to the city borough county township school district or other public corporations entitled to levy and collect taxes on the assessment complained of

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, That section one of an act entitled "An Act authorizing appeals from assessments of taxes in this Commonwealth to the courts of common pleas" approved the nineteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred eighty-nine which reads as follows

"Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, That any owner of real estate or taxable property in this Commonwealth, who may feel aggrieved by the last or any future assessment or valuation of his real estate or taxable property, may appeal from the decision of the county commissioners or board of revision and appeal to the court of common pleas of the county within which such property is situated, and for that purpose may present to said court, or file in the prothonotary's office, within sixty days after the county commissioners or board of revision and appeal have held the appeals provided for by law, and acted on the said assessments and valuations a petition signed by him, his agent, or attorney, setting forth the facts of the case, and thereupon the said court shall proceed at the earliest convenient time to be by them appointed, of which notice shall be given to the county commissioners of the proper county, or to the board of revision and appeal of the proper city to hear the said appeal, and the proofs in the case, and to make such orders and decrees touching the matter complained of as to the judges of said court may seem just and equitable, having due regard to the valuation and assessment made of other real estate in such county or city; the costs of the appeal and hearing to be apportioned or paid as the court may direct. Provided, however, That the said appeal shall not prevent the collection of the taxes complained of, but in case the same shall be reduced, then the excess shall be returned to the person or persons who shall have paid the same" is amended to read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That any owner of real estate or taxable property in this Commonwealth who may feel aggrieved by the last or any future assessment or valuation of his real estate or taxable property or any other owner of real estate within the limits of the city borough county township entitled to levy and collect taxes on the assessment complained of and also the city borough county township school district or other public corporation itself may appeal from the decision of the county commissioners or board of revision and appeal to the court of common pleas of the county within which such property is situated and for that purpose may present to said court or file in the prothonotary's office within sixty days after the county commissioners or board of revision and appeal have held the appeals provided for by law and acted on the said assessments and valuations a petition signed by him his agent or attorney setting forth the facts of the case and thereupon on the said court shall proceed at the earliest convenient time to be by them appointed of which notice shall be given to the county commissioners of the proper county or to the board of revision and appeal of the proper city to hear the said appeal and the proofs in the case and to make such orders and decrees touching the matter complained of as to the judges of said court may seem just and equitable having due regard to the valuation and assessment made of other real estate in such county or city the costs of the appeal and hearing to be apportioned or paid as the court may direct Provided however That the said appeal shall not prevent the collection of the taxes complained of but in case the same shall be reduced then the excess shall be returned to the person or persons who shall have paid the same

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1128, as follows:

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act for the government of cities of the second class" approved the seventh day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That whenever the corporate authorities of any city of the second class are desirous of incurring indebtedness and issuing bonds as evidences thereof maturing in equal annual instalments running over a term of ten or more years and such corporate authorities do not deem it advisable to issue the same by reason of the then prevailing high rate of interest on such bonds or by reason of the entire sum not being then required or otherwise however such city shall have the power by an ordinance reciting such necessity to authorize and issue notes or bonds in denominations of one hundred dollars ($100.00) or multiples thereof bearing interest at a rate not exceeding six per centum per annum the proceeds of which shall be applicable for the same purposes for which the proceeds of the longer term bonds would have been applicable if issued Said notes or bonds may be issued in such amounts at such times as of such dates and of such maturities not exceeding however two years as may be provided in the ordinance authorizing the issue of the same and the proceeds of any such notes may also be used to pay off any maturing notes falling due under the terms of said ordinance Provided however that the aggregate amount of such notes or bonds outstanding shall never exceed the aggregate amount of indebtedness which the corporate authorities thereof desire to incur

Section 2 Such city shall thereafter have the power to incur indebtedness and to issue bonds as evidences thereof for said purposes payable in equal annual instalments within a period of thirty years from the date of issue of said notes or bonds in the manner now or hereafter provided by law and to use the proceeds of such loans or such part thereof as shall be necessary for the payment of the notes or obligations issued for such purposes as provided in section one hereof

Section 3 Said city shall also have the power during any fiscal year to borrow money for the purpose of paying the current expenses of such city during such fiscal year and to anticipate the collection of the revenues therefor during such fiscal year and to issue as evidences of such indebtedness its short term notes or bonds payable during said fiscal year from taxes levied or to be levied or from other revenues receivable during such fiscal year but the aggregate amount of such notes shall not exceed twenty per centum of the total revenues of such city collected during the preceding fiscal year

Section 4 The sinking fund commissioners of the said cities of the second class are hereby authorized and empowered to invest all balances or any part thereof remaining to the credit of the sinking fund not immediately applicable to the extinguishment of the city's debt in the short term notes or bonds authorized under this act

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1123, as follows:

An Act authorizing the Commissioner of Health to accept a private donation or private donations for the purpose of erecting a Union Chapel at Tuberculosis Sanatorium Number Three located at Hamburg in this Commonwealth and further authorizing said Commissioner of Health after receiving such donation or donations for such purpose to erect or cause to be erected on the said sanatorium property a suitable building for such purpose under plans and specifications to be approved by the Governor of this Commonwealth and the said Commissioner of Health

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the Commissioner of Health of this Commonwealth be and he is hereby authorized and empowered to accept a private donation or private donations for the

purpose of erecting a Union Chapel at Tuberculosis Sanatorium Number Three situated at Hamburg Berks County Pennsylvania

Section 2 The said Commissioner of Health is hereby further authorized and empowered after receiving sufficient donation or donations for the purpose set forth in section one of this act to have plans and specifications prepared for a building to be used as a Union Chapel which said plans and specifications shall be submitted to the Governor of this Commonwealth for his consideration and approval and upon the approval of plans and specifications for such building by the Governor of this Commonwealth and the Commissioner of Health to have the said building erected under said plans and specifications at a suitable place on the property purchased and owned by the Commonwealth for sanatorium purposes at Hamburg provided however that the entire cost of the construction and equipment of said chapel shall be covered by the said donation or donations and no plans shall be prepared or building done until such donation or donations have been received by the Commissioner of Health

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1026, as follows:

An Act providing for the examination licensure and registration of persons engaged or engaging in the business or work of barbering in cities of this Commonwealth and prescribing certain rules regulations and requirements therefor and imposing fines penalties and forfeitures in violation thereof

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from and after the passage of this act it shall not be lawful for any person or persons to carry on or work at the business of barbering in cities of this Commonwealth until a certificate or license to engage in or work at said business shall have been granted to said persons by the Director of the Department or Bureau of Public Health of such cities nor until they have registered as such in the office of the said department or bureau of such cities

Section 2 The business of barbering in the meaning of this act is defined as the trade or occupation wherein any person male or female is engaged for hire or reward in shaving the face or cutting or washing the hair of the head of other persons either by manual or mechanical means

A barber within the meaning of this act shall be any person either male or female who practices or is engaged in barbering under the provisions of this act either as an employer or employe

Section 3 All and every person or persons engaged or engaging in the business of barbering in such cities shall apply in writing to the said Director of the Department or Bureau of Public Health for such certificate or license and if after proper examination made by the Board of Examiners of such cities to be appointed as hereinafter provided such person or persons so applying shall be found competent the same shall be certified to the director of said department or bureau who shall thereupon issue certificate or license to such person or persons which shall entitle him or them to carry on such business or work at the same A registry of all such applicants and the licenses or certificates issued shall be kept in said Department or Bureau of Public Health and said registration shall be opened to the inspection of all persons interested therein

Section 4 The council of said cities shall by ordinance fix the number of examiners constituting said board and the compensation if any that shall be paid to said examiners

Section 5 The Director of the Department or Bureau of Public Health of said cities is hereby authorized to appoint the Board of Examiners which shall consist of the practical barbers who have been filling the occupation of barbering for at least five years prior to their appointment and the Director of the Department or Bureau of Public Health shall be ex officio member of said board

Section 6 The said Board of Examiners shall examine all applicants for licenses under the provisions of this act and shall make rules and regulations providing for such examinations All applicants shall file under oath a written application with the said Board setting forth his full name residence citizenship age and date and place of birth and that he has served not less than three years under a competent barber or in a properly conducted barber school In said application he shall set forth that he is ready and willing to offer himself for a physical examination by the said board The applicant shall pay for the filing of said application the sum of two dollars which shall be paid into the city treasury for the use of such cities

Section 7 No habitual drunkard or persons having an infectious contagious or other transmissable disease shall be permitted to practice or be engaged in the business of barbering within the said cities and no license or certificate shall be given to any such person

Section 8 Every applicant for examination under the provisions of this act who has passed a satisfactory examination both as to his competency and physical health shall be awarded a certificate by said Board certifying that he is competent to engage in the practice of barbering and upon the said certificate the Director of the Deparment or Bureau of Public Health shall grant the license to engage in the business of barbering under the provisions of this act

Section 9 Every person who at the date of this act has been engaged in the occupation of barbering in this Commonwealth for the last five (5) years and who shall within ninety (90) days after the appointment of the Board of Examiers comply with the rules of said board shall be exempt from any examination as to his competency

Section 10 Every person holding a certificate of any other state showing that he is duly qualified to practice barbering under this act may be granted a certificate by said Board without examination as to his competency

Section 11 The Board of Examiners shall further require every applicant as an apprentice or student to file in its office a formal application similar to the one provided for in section three of this act and the board shall make such reasonable rules and regulations as the board sees fit

Section 12 Upon the payment of one ($1.00) dollar and the filing of satisfactory proofs under this act the board shall issue to all apprentices a certificate of registration or license

Section 13 Said apprentice shall pay the said board such fee at the time of his registration said registration need not be renewed

Section 14 Registration under section three shall be renewed each year during the month of May and all licenses must be taken out on or before June first following or the said license to practice barbering is absolutely revoked and cannot be renewed for a period of thirty (30) days

Section 15 The Board of Examiners shall keep two (2) separate registers one for the registration of persons practicing barbering and the other for the registration of apprentices

Section 16 Said board shall have power to revoke any certificate of registration after a full hearing after a notice given for

(a) Habitual drunkenness

(b) Having or imparting a contagious or infectious disease

(c) For unsanitary or unworkmanlike work

(d) Gross incompetency

Section 17 The said board shall have power to reissue any revoked licenses upon a sufficient showing that the disqualification has ceased

Section 18 The Board of Examiners shall have full power to see that all barber schools and barber shops are conducted in a clean and sanitary condition as not to endanger the health of the public and for the purpose of ascertaining these conditions any member of said board may at any time enter and after notice and hearing compel the owner or operator to put his shop in such condition or close the shop

Section 19 No barber shop having more than one chair shall be entitled to more than one apprentice for each two registered barbers and no barber school shall have less than one teacher to each ten pupils

Section 20 The course of study in each barber school or college shall be subject to approval of the Board of Examiners

Section 21 Every registered barber and every registered apprentice shall keep prominently displayed in front of the chair in which he practices his certificate of registration and every master barber shall keep prominently displayed in his barber shop the rules and regulations furnished him by the Board of Examiners

Section 22 The Director of the Department or Bureau of Public Health shall have power to enforce the provisions of this act

Section 23 Any person violating any provisions of this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon a conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding one hundred dollars or undergo an imprisonment in the county jail not exceeding ninety days or both

Section 24 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1035, as follows:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act authorizing companies incorporated under the laws of any other State of the United States for the manufacture of any form of iron steel or glass to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments and to take have and hold real estate necessary and proper for manufacturing purposes" approved the ninth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one extending the same to companies formed for the purpose of quarrying slate granite stone or rocks or for dressing polishing working or manufacturing the same or any of them and to mineral springs companies incorporated for the purpose of bottling and selling natural mineral springs water

approved the sixteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three approved the nineteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one extending the same to companies formed for the purposes of manufacturing and selling chemicals food stuffs cement and cement products and the quarrying of cement rock' approved May twenty-eighth one thousand nine hundred seven extending the same to companies incorporated for the manufacture buying selling leasing using and operation of electrical apparatus and machinery and articles of every kind appertaining to or in any wise connected with the production use regulation control distribution or application of electricity or electrical energy or products for any use or purpose constructing acquiring using selling buying or leasing any works construction or plants or part thereof connected with or involving such use distribution regulation control or application of electricity or the control or use of electrical apparatus for any purpose and of producing furnishing and supplying electricity or electrical apparatus in any form and for any purpose and to carry on a general manufacturing business" approved the twenty-third day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred eleven extending the same to companies incorporated for the purpose of the purchase and sale of real estate or for holding leasing and selling real estate

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That so much of section one of the act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act authorizing companies incorporated under the laws of any other State of the United States for the manufacture of any form of iron steel or glass to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments and to take have and hold real estate necessary and proper for manufacturing purposes' approved the ninth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hunderd and eighty-one extending the same to companies formed for the purpose of quarrying slate granite stone or rocks or for dressing polishing working or manufacturing the same or any of them and to mineral springs companies incorporated for the purpose of bottling and selling mineral springs water approved the sixteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred ninety-three' approved the nineteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one extending the same to companies formed for the purpose of manufacturing and selling chemicals food stuffs cement cement products and the quarrying of cement rock" approved May twenty-eight one thousand nine hundred seven extending the same to companies incorporated for the manufacture buying selling leasing using and operation of electrical apparatus and machinery and articles of every kind appertaining to or in any wise connected with the production use regulation control distribution or application of electricity or electrical energy or products for any use or purpose constructing acquiring using selling buying or leasing any works construction or plant or part thereof connected with or involving such use distribution regulation control or application of electricity of the control or use of electrical apparatus or any purpose and of producing furnishing and supplying electricity or electrical apparatus in any form and for any purpose and to carry on a general manufacturing business' " approved the twenty-third day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred eleven which reads as follows

"It shall and may be lawful for any company incorporated under the laws of any other state for the manufacture of any form of iron steel or glass or for the quarrying of slate granite cement rock stone or rocks of any kind or for dressing polishing or manufacturing the same or any of them or for any mineral springs company incorporated for the purpose of bottling and selling natural mineral springs water or for any company incorporated for the purpose of manufacturing supplying and sale of ice or for the manufacture and sale of chemicals or for the manufacture and sale of foodstuffs and eatables cement and cement products and the quarrying of cement rock or for the manufacture buying selling leasing using and operation of electrical apparatus and machinery and articles of every kind appertaining to or in any wise connected with the production use regulation control distribution or applicatioin of electricity or electrical energy or products for any use or purpose constructing acquiring using selling buying or leasing any works construction or plant or part thereof connected with or involving such use distribution regulation control or application of electricity or the control or use of electrical apparatus for any purpose and of producing furnishing and supplying electricity or electrical apparatus in any form and for any purpose and to carry on a general manufacturing business to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments within this Commonwealth and to have and hold real estate to an amount necessary and proper therefor Provided That nothing herein contained shall be deemed to prevent or relieve real estate taken and held by such company under the provisions of this statute from being taxed in like manner with other real estate within this Commonwealth And provided further That no foreign corporation shall be entitled to employ any greater amount of capital in any such business in this State than the same kind of corporations organized under the laws of this State are entitled to employ And provided further That every such foreign corporation doing business as aforesaid in this Commonwealth shall be liable to taxation to an amount not exceeding that imposed on corporations organized for similar purposes under the laws of this State and every such foreign corporation taking the benefit of this act shall make the same returns to the Audiaor General that are now required by law of the corporations of this State" is hereby amended to read as follows

It shall and may be lawful for any company incorporated under the laws of any other state for the manufacture of any form of iron steel or glass or for the quarrying of slate granite cement rock stone or rocks of any kind or for dressing polishing or manufacturing the same or any of them or for any mineral springs company incorporated for the purpose of bottling and selling natural mineral springs water or for any company incorporated for the purpose of manufacturing supplying and sale of ice or for the manufacture and sale of chemicals or for the manufacture and sale of foodstuffs and eatables cement and cement products and the quarrying of cement rock or for the manufacture buying selling leasing using and operation of electrical apparatus and machinery and articles of every kind appertaining to or in any wise connected with the production use regulation control distribution or application of electricity or electrical energy or products for any use or purpose constructing acquiring using selling buying or leasing any works construction or plant or part thereof connected with or involving such use distribution regulation control or application of electricity or the control or use of electrical apparatus for any purpose and of producing furnishing and supplying electricity or electrical apparatus in any form and for any purpose and to carry on a general manufacturing business or for the purpose of the purchase and sale of real estate or for holding leasing and selling real estate to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments within this Commonwealth and to have and hold real estate to an amount necessary and proper therefor Provided That nothing herein contained shall be deemed to prevent or relieve real estate taken and held by such company under the provisions of this statute from being taxed in like manner with other real estate within this Commonwealth And provided further That no foreign corporation shall be entitled to employ any greater amount of capital in any such business in this State than the same kind of corporations organized under the laws of this State are entitled to employ And provided further That every such foreign corporation doing business as aforesaid in this Commonwealth shall be liable to taxation to an amount not exceeding that imposed on corporations organized for similar purposes under the laws of this State and every such foreign corporation taking the benefit of this act shall make the same returns to the Auditor General that are now required by law of the corporations of this State

Section 2 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act be and the same are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1078 (Senate Bill No. 422), entitled:

An Act to fix the salary of the first assistant clerk of the orphans court in counties having a population of not less than eight hundred thousand and not more than one million five hundred thousand

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1155, as follows:

An Act to amend further an act approved the eighth day of April one thousand eight hundred thirty-three entitled "An Act relating to the descent and distribution of the estates of intestates"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That article two of section one of an act approved the eighth day of April one thousand eight hundred and thirty-three entitled "An Act relating to the descent and distribution of the estates of intestates" and which as last amended by an act approved the twenty-first day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act amending article two of section one of an act entitled 'An Act relating to the descent and distribution of the estates of intestates' approved the eighth day of April one thousand eight hundred thirty-three as amended by further regulating the appointment and number of appraisers" reads as follows

"Article 2 Where such intestate shall leave a widow and collateral heirs or other kindred but no issue such widow shall be entitled to the real or personal estate or both to the aggregate value of five thousand dollars in addition to the widows' exemption as allowed by law and if such estate shall exceed in value the sum of five thousand dollars the widow shall be entitled to such sum of five thousand dollars absolutely to be chosen by her from the real or personal estate or both and in addition thereto shall be entitled to one-half part of the remaining real estate for the term of her life and to one-half part of the remaining personal estate absolutely Provided That the procedure for appraising and setting apart the said five thousand dollars in value of property shall be the same as provided in sec-

tion five of the act of Assembly approved April fourteenth one thousand eight hundred and fifty-one 'An Act relating to the commencement of actions to judgments and decrees for the payment of money to the widows and children of decedents to partitions in the common pleas relative to penalties on telegraph operators to pleading in certain actions of debt to actions of ejectments to the protection of fences to partnerships to limitations of writs of entry in manors lands and tenements to the exemption laws to reports of the Supreme Court to appeals relating to wards boroughs and township officers to the acknowledgments of deeds and sequestration of life estates' but the appraisement and setting apart shall be made by the appraisers appointed to appraise the other personal estate of the decedent

Provided however That should any of such appraisers be unable to make the appraisement provided for by this act the orphans' court of the proper county may appoint a properly qualified appraiser to act in the place of said appraiser of the other personal estate of the decedent" is further amended to read as follows

Article 2 Where such intestate shall leave a widow or husband and collateral heirs or other kindred but no issue such widow or surviving husband shall be entitled to the real or personal estate or both to the aggregate value of five thousand dollars in addition to any exemption now allowed by law If such estate shall exceed in value the sum of five thousand dollars the widow or surviving husband shall be entitled to such sum of five thousand dollars absolutely to be chosen by him or her from the real or personal estate or both in addition thereto the widow or surviving husband shall be entitled to one-half part of the remaining real estate for the term of her or his life and to one-half of the remaining personal estate absolutely The procedure for appraising and setting apart the said five thousand dollars in value of property shall be the same as provided in section five of the Act of Assembly approved April fourteenth one thousand eight hundred and fifty-one 'An Act relating to the commencement of actions to judgments and decrees for the payment of money to the widows and children of decedents to partitions in the common pleas relative to penalties on telegraph operators to pleadings in certain actions of debt to actions of ejectments to the protection of fences to partnerships to limitations of writs of entry in manors lands and tenements to the exemption laws to reports of the Supreme Court to appeals relating to wards boroughs and township officers to the acknowledgments of deeds and sequestration of life estates' but the appraisement and setting apart shall be made by the appraisers appointed to appraise the other personal estate of the decedent

Provided however That should any one or both of such appraisers be unable to make the appraisement provided for by this act the orphans' court of the proper county may appoint a properly qualified appraiser or appraisers to act in the place of said appraiser or appraisers of the other personal estate of the decedent and if no appraisers have been appointed thereof the orphans' court may appoint two properly qualified persons to make the appraisement provided for by this act

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 966, entitled:

An Act relating to and regulating tender or judgment or payment in certain civil matters

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1053, entitled:

An Act to validate transactions of Building and Loan Associations whose charter has expired and permitting such Building and Loan Association to make application for renewal of said charter within six months from the expiration notwithstanding a failure to comply with all the requirements provided by law for renewals of charters

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1082 (Senate Bill No. 452), entitled:

A supplement to an act approved the twenty-seventh day of June one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation regulation and government of cities of the third class regulating nomination and election of municipal officers therein and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto"

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 806, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the ninth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the bituminous coal mines of Pennsylvania and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith"

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 411, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the first day of May one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act regulating the letting of certain contracts for the erection construction and alteration of public buildings" by providing that it shall include mason brick and concrete work whenever the same shall cost one-fourth of the entire contract

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1178, entitled:

An Act to repeal the act approved the seventh day of June one thousand nine hundred seven entitled "An Act to prevent physicians and surgeons from testifying in civil cases to communications made to them by their patients except in civil cases brought by their patients for damages on account of personal injuries

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 610, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-fourth day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act defining commodities regulating the sale thereof and providing penalties for violation hereof"

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 553, entitled:

An Act to provide for the safety of persons employed in and about the anthracite coal mines of this Commonwealth by providing that no person or persons shall be conveyed into or from the mines by way of perpendicular shafts except in cages of steel frame construction and fixing a penalty for violations thereof

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 945, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the fifteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act requiring owners lessees or operators of bituminous coal or clay mines to furnish the owners or lessees of adjoining coal or clay lands with maps of the mines and workings along the division line of such coal or clay lands and permitting the owners or lessees of such adjoining coal or clay lands to enter such mines and make surveys and to verify the accuracy of such maps"

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1249 (Senate No. 564), entitled:

An Act authorizing the Commissioner of Labor and Industry to appoint additional officers and employes in the Department of Labor and Industry fixing their duties and salaries and increasing the salaries of the Chief Medical Inspector Chief of the Bureau of Statistics and Information and the chief clerk

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1224 (Senate No. 503), entitled:

An Act making mortgages given by benevolent charitable philanthropic educational and eleemosynary institutions corporations or unincorporated associations for permanent improvements and refunding purposes prior liens

to the liens of the Commonwealth for the appropriation of moneys providing for a method for the giving of such mortgages and fixing the duties of the Auditor General and Board of Public Charities in connection therewith

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 986 (Senate No. 301), entitled:

An Act requiring justices of the peace and aldermen to file acceptance of office with the prothonotary of the proper county and requiring prothonotaries to certify such acceptance together with the election of justices and aldermen before commissions shall issue

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1116 (Senate No. 372), entitled:

An Act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act authorizing certain corporations to issue preferred stock of one or more classes providing for the manner of issuance restrictions and regulations in the matter of voting thereof and the rights and privileges of the holders thereof and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent therewith" approved May twenty-eighth one thousand nine hundred and thirteen (Pamphlet Laws three hundred and seventy-eight)

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1158, entitled:

An Act designating the myrtle (lysimachia nummularia) as the state flower of Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 970, entitled:

An Act to amend certain paragraphs of section one also section four five twelve thirteen twenty twenty-two thirty thirty-two and thirty-seven of an act entitled "An Act providing when how upon what property and to what extent liens shall be allowed for taxes and for municipal improvements and for the removal of nuisances the procedure upon claims filed therefor the methods for preserving such liens and enforcing payment of such claims the effect of judicial sales of the properties liened and the manner of distributing the proceeds of such sales" approved the fourth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one (Pamphlet Laws three hundred sixty-four) as one of said paragraphs of section one and said fourth and fifth sections were amended by an act approved the nineteenth day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and three (Phamphlet Laws forty-one) as section twelve was amended by an act approved the twenty-first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred thirteen (Pamphlet Laws two hundred eighty-six) and as section thirty-two was amended by an act approved the twentieth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven (Pamphlet Laws one thousand seventy-six)

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1151, entitled:

An Act fixing the compensation for commissioners of townships of the first class

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1169 (Senate No. 429), entitled:

An Act to give protection to and regulate the catching or taking or having possession of within this Commonwealth of bullfrogs and tadpoles and providing and imposing a penalty for violation of its provisions and repealing all acts inconsistent herewith

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1174 (Senate No. 545), entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act authorizing companies inporporated under the laws of any other State of the United States for the manufacture of any form of iron steel or glass to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments and to take have and hold real estate necessary and proper for manufacturing purposes" approved the ninth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one extending the same to companies formed for the purpose of quarrying slate granite stone or rocks or for dressing polishing working or manufacturing the same or any of them and to mineral springs companies incorporated for the purpose of bottling and selling natural mineral springs water' approved the sixteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three" approved the nineteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one extending the same to companies formed for the purposes of manufacturing and selling chemicals foodstuffs cement and cement products and the quarrying of cement rock' approved May twenty-eight one thousand nine hundred and seven extending the same to companies incorporated for the manufacture buying selling leasing using and operation of electrical apparatus and machinery and articles of every kind appertaining to or in any wise connected with the production use regulation control distribution or application of electricity or electrical energy or products for any use or purpose constructing acquiring using selling buying or leasing any works construction or plant or part thereof connected with or involving such use distribution regulation control or application of electricity or the control or use of electrical apparatus for any purpose and of producing furnishing and supplying electricity or electrical apparatus in any form and for any purpose and to carry on a general manufacturing business" approved the twenty-third day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven extending the same to corporations engaged in the manufacture buying selling dealing in and using of collapsible tubes and metal specialties

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1147, entitled:

An Act fixing the salaries of the Associate Judges of the Courts of this Commonwealth

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 984 (Senate No. 293), entitled:

An Act to amend section four of an act entitled "An Act to regulate the doing of business in this Commonwealth by foreign corporations the registration thereof and service of process thereon and providing punishment and penalties for the violation of its provisions and repealing previous legislation on the subject" approved the eighth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1191, entitled:

An Act designating the Sweet Pea (Lathyrus odoratus) as the floral emblem or State flower of Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1222 (Senate No. 386), entitled:

An Act to authorize the judges of the courts of common pleas of judicial districts having separate orphans' courts to hear and determine all matters in such courts at the request of the judges thereof

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1238, entitled:

An Act to provide for the modification of the plans of the new Western Penitentiary of Centre County so as to provide larger or additional buildings in order to accommodate the inmates of the Eastern Penitentiary as well as of the Wetsern Penitentiary for the consolidation of said institutions into one to be known as the State Penitentiary of Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 608, entitled:

An Act amending section seven of an act entitled "An Act to amend sections one two three and seven of an act approved the third day of May Anno Domini one thousaand nine hundred and nine entitled "An Act to amend sections one two three and seven of an act approved the third day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five entitled "An Act amending sections one two three seven and fifteen article two of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the anthracite coal mines of Pennsylvania and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith' approved June eighth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one (Pamphlet Laws one thousand nine hundred and one page five hundred and thirty-five et cetera) increasing the number of inspectors and inspection districts providing for the examination of candidates for Dauphin county and providing for certain redistricting of inspectors" granting to the qualified electors of Sullivan Suspuehanna and Wayne counties the right to participate in the election of mine inspectors of the Second inspection district so as to increase the number of inspection districts by making the counties of Susquehanna Wayne and Sullivan a separate district providing for the appointment of a board of examiners for said district and for the examination and election of an inspector therefor and for the appointment of an inspector therefor until such times as an inspector should be duly elected" approved the fifth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven increasing the number of inspctors to be elected in the First and Second inspection districts

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1175, entitled:

An Act authorizing Emma Lorah of Luzerne County to bring suit against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1168, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen (Pamphlet Laws two hundred and eighty-three) entitled "An Act to amend section eighteen of an act approved the twenty-eighth day of April one thousand eight hundred ninety-nine entitled 'An Act to provide for the classification of the townships of the Commonwealth with respect to their population into two classes and to prescribe the form of government for townships of each class"

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1213, entitled:

An Act providing for the appointment of a Board of Visitors for institutions societies and associations caring for dependent neglected or delinquent children and making it the duty of the said board of visitation to visit all such institutions within this Commonwealth which receive inmates from the respective counties and are in whole or in part supported and managed by the Commonwealth and all institutions societies and associations that are wholly or in part supported and managed by the respective counties or cities boroughs or townships or poor districts of such counties of the Commonwealth and providing for the making of nominations or appointments on such Boards of Visitation

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1250 (Senate No. 640), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the State Highway Department to cover a deficiency in the general appropriation of one thousand nine hundred and thirteen for acquiring turnpike roads

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1187, entitled:

An Act authorizing the consular officers of foreign nations to act as administrators of estates of citizens of their respective nations and to represent the legal heirs of such decedents resident in foreign countries

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 575, entitled:

An Act relating to and the employment of persons in compressed air work

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1172 (Senate No. 489), entitled:

An Act to authorize the city of Williamsport to acquire if necessary and in all events to maintain for the purpose of securing and improving the general sanitary conditions of said city the dam which was erected by the Susquehanna Boom Company across the West Branch of the Susquehanna river at a point near the intersection of Hepburn street with said river in said city

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1181, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-first day of March one thousand nine hundred seven entitled "An Act authorizing the county commissioners of the several counties of the town councils of the several boroughs of this Commonwealth or both to appropriate annually a sufficient sum of money to each Post of the Grand Army of the Republic in their respective counties or boroughs to aid in defraying the expenses of Memorial Day" as amended

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1125 (Senate No. 528), entitled:

An Act to regulate the assessment on seated lands where township lines divide a tract of land and to determine the residence of owners and occupants of land when the dividing line between any two townships passes through the mansion house and prescribing the duties of assessors in such cases

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. GEISER. Mr. Speaker, I move that House Bill No. 638, File Folio 3551, entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act relating to appeals in cases of summary convictions" approved the seventeenth day of April Anno Domini eighteen hundred seventy-six

on page fourteen of today's calendar be recommitted to the Committee on Judiciary General for the purpose of amendment.

Mr. TRACH. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

ADJOURNMENT.

Mr. DUNN. Mr. Speaker, I move that this House do now adjourn.

The motion was agreed to and (at 10.35 o'clock A. M.) the House adjourned until Monday evening April 5th, 1915, at 8 o'clock.

REPORT

of the

PENNSYLVANIA LEGISLATIVE COMMISSION

to

INVESTIGATE COLD STORAGE.

MARCH, 1915.

To the General Assembly of Pennsylvania:—

We have the honor to submit the following report of our findings, in accordance with the resolution of 1913 creating this Commission.

CHARLES H. KLINE, Chairman.
AUGUSTUS F. DAIX, Jr.,
J. HARRY MORGAN,
THOMAS F. McNICHOL,
A. W. MITCHELL,
WILLIAM D. WALTON,

REPORT OF THE COMMISSION

Introduction.

The Pennsylvania Legislative Commission to Investigate Cold Storage was created by the Act of 1913. As set forth in the resolution creating the Commission, the object of the investigation is to report to the Legislature of 1915 all matters pertaining to cold storage and the preservation of food products, the length of time goods shall remain under refrigeration or cold storage, and all facts relating to the branding and sale of such articles.

Meetings were held in Pittsburgh, Philadelphia, and Harrisburg. The Commission visited New York, took testimony there as to the working of the cold storage law enacted in that State a few years ago and inquired into the effect of the Pennsylvania Cold Storage law upon the New York trade.

In its investigation, the Commission was greatly aided by Secretary of the Agriculture Houston, whose Department is vitally interested in the study of cold storage. Secretary Houston delegated Dr. Mary Pennington, Chief of Food Research Laboratory, Bureau of Chemistry, Department of Agriculture, to appear before the Commission. Her views on cold storage and refrigeration generally were very helpful to the Commission. She is regarded as the Country's leading expert on the subject, and presented facts that proved of much aid to the Commission in its deliberations.

The Secretary of the Commission conferred with a number of states that have enacted cold storage laws, and also with Canada, where the business of refrigeration of food is partly vested in the Government.

Every document pertaining to the subject at hand has been made use of in the preparation of this report. The facts brought out in the extended hearing before the United States Senate Committee on Manufactures in 1911 and 1912 have also been studied.

The hearings given by the Commission have been public, and preceding each session the Secretary, on behalf of the Commission, extended an investigation through the public press to all persons interested in the subject to appear and express their views.

THE COMMISSION

Charles H. Kline, Chairman.
Thomas F. McNichol
Augustus F. Daix.
J. Harry Morgan,
William D. Walton,
A. W. Mitchell,
W. P. Gallagher, Secretary.
Albert B. Smith, Stenographer.

RESOLUTION CREATING PENNSYLVANIA LEGISLATIVE COMMISSION TO INVESTIGATE COLD STORAGE.

RESOLUTION.

A concurrent resolution for the appointment of a commission to investigate and report to the next session of the Legislature all matters pertaining to cold storage and the preservation of food products, and the length of time goods shall remain under refrigeration or cold storage, and to the branding and sale of such articles, and making an appropriation to meet the expenses of said commission.

Whereas, There has been and is considerable agitation regarding cold storage and the preservation of food products, as well as the length of time that goods shall remain under refrigeration or cold storage, and the proper branding and sale of such articles; and

Whereas, It is of the utmost importance that a thorough and complete investigation and study of the whole matter of refrigeration and cold storage should be made at the present time, therefore be it

Resolved (if the House concur), That a committee of six members of the General Assembly be appointed—three to be appointed by the President pro tempore of the Senate and three by the Speaker of the House of Representatives—to investigate, and to report at the next session of the General Assembly their findings upon the following questions:

1. The necessity of cold storage, and the proper provisions for the protection of perishable products.
2. The value of such products to the producer and the community at the period of the greatest production, when the supply exceeds the demand, and at all other times.
3. The length of time articles should remain under refrigeration or cold storage.
4. Whether refrigeration or cold storage products shall be branded, and, if so, what shall be determined to be refrigerator products or cold storage products, or both.
5. The effect on the price of commodities by reason of placing them under mechanical refrigeration or cold storage.
6. The relation of cold storage or refrigeration to the high cost of living.
7. The effect of cold storage legislation in this and other states.
8. The advisability of a uniform cold storage or refrigeration law: Provided, That the actual expenses incurred by the committee shall not exceed the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000), which shall be provided for in the general appropriation bill.

Approved—The 19th day of June, A. D. 1913.

JOHN K. TENER.

PENNSYLVANIA LEGISLATIVE COMMISSION

to investigate

COLD STORAGE

TESTIMONY

taken in

PITTSBURGH

SEPTEMBER 23, 1914.

Pittsburgh, Pa., Sept. 23, 1914.

The Cold Storage Commission convened in the rooms of the Chamber of Commerce this day at 10:00 o'clock A. M.

Present: Hon. Charles H. Kline, Hon. J. Harry Morgan, Hon. William D. Walton, Hon. A. W. Mitchell, Hon. Thomas F. McNichol and W. P. Gallagher, Secretary.

The meeting was called to order by Chairman Kline.

CHAIRMAN KLINE. Gentlemen, the Commission appointed by a recent Act of the Legislature of 1913 to investigate the question of Cold Storage and several other subjects relating thereto have now assembled, and the real object of this Commission is best set forth in the resolution creating the same; and so that the people of this community may understand fully the intent and object of this resolution, the Secretary will read the same.

W. P. GALLAGHER, Secretary, then read the resolution as follows:

"In the Senate, February 8, 1913.

A concurrent resolution for the appointment of a commission to investigate and report to the next session of the Legislature all matters pertaining to cold storage and the preservation of food products, and the length of time goods shall remain under refrigeration or cold storage, and to the branding and sale of such articles, and making an appropriation to meet the expenses of said commission.

Whereas, There has been and is considerable agitation regarding cold storage and the preservation of food products, as well as the length of time that goods shall remain under refrigeration or cold storage, and the proper branding and sale of such articles; and

Whereas, It is of the utmost importance that a thorough and complete investigation and study of the whole matter of refrigeration and cold storage should be made at the present time; therefore be it

Resolved (if the House concur), That a committee of six members of the General Assembly be appointed—three to be appointed by the President pro tempore of the Senate and three by the Speaker of the House of Representatives—to investigate, and to report at the next session of the General Assembly their findings upon the following questions:

1. The necessity of cold storage, and the proper provisions for the protection of perishable products.

2. The value of such products to the producer and the community at the period of the greatest production, when the supply exceeds the demand, and at all other times.
3. The length of time articles should remain under refrigeration or cold storage.
4. Whether refrigeration or cold storage products shall be branded, and, if so, what shall be determined to be refrigerator products or cold storage products, or both.
5. The effect on the price of commodities by reason of placing them under mechanical refrigeration or cold storage.
6. The relation of cold storage or refrigeration to the high cost of living.
7. The effect of cold storage legislation in this and other states.
8. The advisability of a uniform cold storage and refrigeration law: Provided, That the actual expenses incurred by the committee shall not exceed the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000), which shall be provided for in the general appropriation bill.

Approved—The 19th day of June, A. D. 1913.

JOHN K. TENER."

CHAIRMAN KLINE. Gentlemen, it is the object of this Commission to hear all sides of this question whether or not the law now on the Statute Books of the State of Pennsylvania is a good law or whether or not certain amendments should be made to meet the requirements as set forth in this resolution. We are anxious to hear all sides of this question as this is supposed to be and is a non-partial Commission; and after we hear all the testimony over our State and elsewhere and after we go into the laws of the different States which have Cold Storage Laws we will then be able to decide in our own minds according to the evidence which will be produced before this Commission. I see quite a few people here and the question which arises in our minds now is, which side of this question shall we hear first and I would ask those who believe in some modification or change in our present laws to please rise so that we can know. The majority seems to be few and we will hear that side of the case today first. We do not know the names of the gentlemen who want to appear before this Commission and we would be very glad to hear anybody that will present himself before the bar here in regard to the same. Are there any committees formed who desire to lay this matter before us?

Mr. ————————. Mr. Chairman, we have a Committee here representing the wholesale dealers, a committee of five that would like to be heard.

CHAIRMAN KLINE. Introduce the gentleman to the Commission.

Mr. ————————. Mr. E Culver, in the wholesale business and also President of the Pittsburgh Butter and Egg Exchange; Mr. G. A. Samuels; Mr. G. B. Winsor, of Winsor & Brothers, in the wholesale butter and egg business; Mr. John L. Porter, of the Union Storage Company, and Mr. A. V. Mason, of the Pittsburgh Terminal Warehouse & Cold Storage Company. That is the committee of five that we have here, representing three dealers and two Cold Storage Houses.

CHAIRMAN KLINE. Mr. Culver, do you want to speak before the Commission first?

Mr. E. CULVER. Each of us has a paper which we would like to read covering the particular points that we would like to dwell upon. I wish to say, gentlemen, that we have no objection to a Cold Storage Law in the State of Pennsylvania. In fact, every wholesale dealer is in favor of having cold storage goods marked "cold storage" from the warehouse clear down to the consumer so that it would be impossible for anyone to sell cold storage goods for anything except cold storage goods. We are in favor of that. We do object to some of the terms in this bill that we think should be amended. Each of us has a paper covering the particular points that we would like to bring to the attention of the Commission.

"Our principal objection to this Act is the short time limit placed upon butter and eggs. In making this time limit it seems that they have lost sight of the very purpose and object of cold storage as a medium for the preservation of food. The purpose of the cold storage is to carry, in proper condition, certain food products from the season of abundance until the season of scarcity. Now any restriction of time limit shorter than twelve months will destroy just that much of the usefulness of cold storage and will destroy just that much of the very purpose and object for which cold storage is used.

The seaon of abundance of eggs is during the month of April and the early part of May; the season of scarcity is during the cold months of the winter, including October, November, December, January, February and frequently a part of March. If eggs are stored in April, we should be allowed to carry them into the following March, if necessary, and I venture to say that not one of you gentlemen can give any satisfactory reason as to why they should not be carried for that length of time. It would be just as reasonable to pass a law compelling dealers to dispose of all of their potatoes, or apples or cabbage or any other food product within a time limit of eight months as it is to place this time limit on butter or eggs. Cold storage eggs and cold storage butter are just as staple an article of food as sugar or coffee and I will venture to say that not more than one out of a hundred laboring men in the large cities of Pennsylvania ever have, on their table during the winter months, any other than a storage egg, as the prices of fresh eggs and fresh butter are prohibitive for the man who labors for his daily bread and every hardship and every additional expense and every restriction that is placed upon the cold storage or upon the wholesale or retail dealer in cold storage products is ultimately paid for out of the pockets of the laboring people. This bill does not effect the rich as it does the people of limited means as it is the masses and not the classes that must depend upon the cold storage in a large measure for their daily food and any law making any restrictions on the time that butter or eggs can be carried in cold storage for a less period than twelve months will detract just that much from the usefulness of cold storage and will also add to the cost of cold storage products. No one questions the fact that Pennsylvania must depend on outside states for the greater portion of eggs and butter. Since this law has been enacted many dealers in Western states who had heretofore shipped eggs and butter to this State to be stored and sold during the winter months, have shipped their products to other states where they are not subject to this drastic law. Instead of passing laws that will tend to drive these products from Pennsylvania to other states, we should encourage shipments, as it is the abundance of food supplies that cause cheap prices and not the scarcity thereof.

A great many people, unfamiliar with the facts, have been under the impression that eggs are carried in cold storage for several years in succession. This idea is absolutely absurd and unfounded. There are various reasons why eggs in the shell are not and cannot be carried in cold storage for more than one season. First, the eggs will not carry for more than one season in a wholesome, merchantable condition. Second, even if they would carry for more than one season it would not be a profitable or wise investment for the owner. We do not think any dealer would be foolish enough to attempt to carry a lot of eggs in cold storage through the season of scarcity during the winter months when prices are usually higher into another producing season, when the fresh crop of eggs could be bought at several cents per dozen less than the cost of his eggs in storage after the season's carrying charges had been added. For example, if I purchase a hundred cases of eggs the first of April at twenty-one cents per dozen, the carrying charges to the first of the following April would be about three cents per dozen, and the cost of candling one cent per dozen, then the cost of this lot of eggs at the beginning of the next season would be twenty-five cents per dozen; if prices were normal, then the fresh crop could be bought at the beginning of the next season, at twenty-one cents. Would it not look very foolish to try to carry old eggs which cost twenty-five cents per dozen rather than to buy the fresh crop and store at twenty-one cents per dozen. There are a great many other reasons why eggs and butter cannot be carried sucessfully for more than one season. Dealers have been compelled, on account of oversupply of butter, a few times in the past ten years to carry over a small percentage of their holdings, but it has invariably been with the most disastrous financial results, as the butter had to be sold at absolutely ruinous prices the following season and it is a fact well known to dealers the following season that on several occasions cold storage eggs of the very finest quality have been sold as low as one-third of their original cost, in order to clean them up before the end of the season, as it would be impossible to carry them into another season successfully.

We think that this law should certainly be amended to allow a twelve months period for eggs and butter or if less than a twelve months period is allowed, the eggs should be subject to an extension of time upon inspection by a properly authorized agent, but in no case, we think, do any dealers wish to carry eggs or butter for a period longer than twelve months, in fact, eggs that are stored during the summer and fall months are always taken out before the beginning of the new season and we think it would be equitable and fair to the dealer and also give the consumer the proper protection, if this law were amended as to allow eggs and butter to be carried from season to season, i. e., to have the storage season for eggs end April First and all eggs that were stored during any months of the season to be taken out previously and the storage season for butter to end on June First, no matter what month the butter might have been stored. This would prohibit any cold storage goods from being carried over from one season into another. It would also allow the early goods, which are really the only ones fit for long carry, to be carried over for the longest period of time. The eggs that are laid during June, July and August, should not be allowed as long a time as eggs that are laid in April, as it is a fact well known to the trade and substantiated by the United States Government, Department of Agriculture, that the April and early May eggs are really the only ones fit for a long carry. So our idea would be to make a twelve months limit for both butter and eggs, but in no event allow the old crop to be carried into the new season. We think this would give the dealers all of the time they need and it would certainly give the consuming public much better protection than they have under the present law.

By HON. THOMAS F. McNICHOL:

Q. As a result of your experience in business, your particular and only objection seems to be that part of the law that covers the storage of eggs and butter?

A. That is the particular point I am covering.

Q. What would your opinion be as to the provisions of the bill generally?

A. As to the marking and other provisions, other members of our committee have covered the other points that they object to. This is the particular point that I object to. So far as the marking is concerned, we are in favor of it being done clear down all the way, from the cold storage plant to the wholesaler, from the wholesaler to the retailer, and from the retailer to the consumer, so that the consumer must know what he is buying when he is buying cold storage goods.

Q. You are talking about that part of the bill in which you are most interested,—butter and eggs?

A. Yes sir, to be sure.

By SENATOR KLINE:

Q. Don't you find that the greatest complaint has been that fraud and deception are practiced upon the public by some unscrupulous retailers, by selling cold storage eggs as fresh eggs?

A. Yes sir, I must admit that there have been some unscrupulous retailers that have sold storage eggs as fresh, and at the price of fresh. He sells his storage eggs as fresh eggs, an in order to sell them as fresh eggs, he must sell them at the price of fresh eggs, which is considerably higher than the price of storage eggs. If he sold them at the price of storage eggs, he would sell twice or three times as many, and that is the reason I am in favor of selling them for what they are.

Q. In order to avoid this,—you think the law is a good law, having all the eggs marked that have been in storage as storage eggs as a protection to the general public from unscrupulous dealers?

A. As far as marking the eggs "cold storage' is concerned, we are in favor of that.

Q. Eggs become scarce, don't they, around January? That is the cold season?

A. We usually have the greatest scarcity in January and February, and March sometimes.

Q. Where do eggs come from to give you relief,—fresh eggs,—during that scarcity season?

A. We usually begin to draw fresh eggs from the South, Texas and some of the extreme southern states, in January, but the quantity is so small that it benefits the market very little, if we have no storage eggs to depend on.

Q. What proportion then of your trade can you take care of during that scarcity season when eggs are coming from the South, than you can in the good season,—what proportion of your trade can you take care of then, of your trade when eggs are plentiful?

A. The receipts of fresh eggs at that time are very little, especially if we have cold weather; it runs down low during the cold weather; we bring very few eggs from the South. The shipments are so light and the price so high we cannot relieve that scarcity.

Q. You think if the season was from year to year, then when that scarcity season comes during the winter months that the trade could be supplied at little cost by having these eggs then on the market, these storage eggs?

A. Yes sir, I think it could be supplied at a great deal less cost. If we had to depend upon fresh eggs instead of storage eggs, I think most of our families would do without eggs for breakfast during the cold weather.

Q. There are so many people interested today in behalf of the general public in regard to the high cost of living, who, I understand, claim that the storage of eggs would naturally increase the cost of living, especially during the winter season, and some of them were the instigators in the enactment of the cold storage bill last winter?

A. I think that any of you gentlemen can see that when the cold storage houses have to empty their places in eight months, and fresh eggs are so hard to get, that it would certainly cause high prices instead of low prices, which was, I think, our experience last season.

By HON. WILLIAM D. WALTON:

Q. Your idea would be to clean up at the end of one year?

A. Yes sir.

Q. As the law is now, it is carried over so long as it is taken out at the end of eight months?

A. Yes sir, but I think it would be better to have it twelve months.

Q. Say instead of placing in storage in April we would place things in storage in February and March?

A. Everything placed in storage up to a certain time would be considered as the goods of one season, and would all be cleaned up by the first of April. Of course, if placed there in March they should not have to be taken out. If placed in storage in April, May, June, July or September, it should be taken out and cleaned up by the first of the following April.

Q. As it is now they can be carried over?

A. Yes sir, an egg stored late in the season can be.

By HON. THOMAS McNICHOL:

Q. When the supply of eggs is plentiful and through that the price is cheap, by the storage of eggs for the purpose of providing for a scarce season and awaiting the time when they were scarce, a boosting of the price of eggs would be accomplished?

A. That can be done. If we dont get a boost in the price we could not handle them.

Q. The dealer stores the eggs for this scarce season?

A. That is just exactly what every dealer stores eggs for. If I dont have an opportunity of making at least a reasonable profit on a lot of eggs, I would not store. If there was no reasonable profit, we would have our work for nothing, and there would not be many stored then.

Q. Then the dealer would be tempted to take advantage of the plentifulness of eggs and put them in storage until the time was good for the dealer, and then the public would have to pay his price?

A. I don't agree with you.

Q. That might happen?

A. It could happen. My idea is this: the public gets the eggs during the entire season much cheaper than they would if eggs were not stored.

Q. Could there not be a corner in eggs created by the placing of the eggs in cold storage?

A. A corner in eggs is impossible, and has been proven so.

Q. Nevertheless they have bought up the supply of eggs and stored them in the cold storage houses?

A. Yes sir, about eight per cent. of the supply, the government reports show, goes into storage over the United States.

Q. Then it would be as much a matter of business methods to store the eggs and keep them for the scarce season for an increased price as to supply the people with eggs in the scarce season?

A. The only object in storing at all would be to make a fair and reasonable profit. That would be the only object.

Q. Then it is as much in consideration of the dealer himself as of the dear public?

A. Altogether that,—to my own personal interest as a dealer. Every man in business is only in business to make all he can out of it. If I could not make at least a reasonable profit on eggs, I would not store. Sometimes instead of making a profit on the eggs, we suffer a big loss. I have known seasons when eggs have been sold in order to clean up at one-third of the original cost to the dealers.

Q. The probabilities are that the provisions of the bill as it is now on the Statute Books, interfere with the cold storage man making the profit he would like to make?

A. Do you mean the dealer?

Q. The dealer, of course?

A. In regard to that I would say that least season, the first under the operation of this law, showed the largest profit in my business of any season in Pittsburgh.

Q. Was that due to the provisions of the law?

A. I think it was to some extent. I think the law helped me out.

Q. Notwithstanding that you come to object to the particular provision of that bill that enables you to increase your earnings?

A. Yes sir, but the dealers were afraid of the law, and did not store as in other years.

Q. But you took a chance and stored?

A. Yes sir, until I got the advance.

Q. The same conditions might not follow this year?

A. No, they might not.

By HON. A. W. MITCHELL:

Q. Could you tell the Commission what is the average net cost per case or per dozen, however it is incurred, including interest on the investment,—the average cost for carrying eggs in cold storage? What is the cost per dozen per month or however you figure it?

A. The cold storage season usually runs from April first to January first. I think that is the way most of the cold storage houses make their rates.

Q. Covering a period of nine months?

A. Yes sir; that is along the end of the cold storage season. Few of them make a charge of so much per month; that is what they call the season carried. Their charge, including the interest, would be a little over two cents per dozen, depending on the original cost of the eggs going in and other things, but generally up to the first of the year it is two cents and, after all are in the insurance would make it about three cents a dozen and then the cost of candling after coming out would be one cent, making the total carrying charges about four cents per dozen.

Q. You spoke of being in favor of identifying eggs; in what manner should they be identified, the container or the individual egg; would it be possible to identify each egg?

A. I don't know but what it would be practicable but it would add much to the cost in practice to mark each egg, but I think that every package should be marked "cold storage eggs" or "cold storage butter." We are all in favor of having them identified.

Q. Is not the package or container broken a number of times between the storage warehouse and the consumer? How can the continuity of that identity be maintained?

A. I think that is fully covered in the present law. If taken out of the original package they must be marked in the smaller packages with the same mark.

Q. Do you think it is not feasible to identify each particular egg?

A. I think it would add too much to the cost. We would not object, but it would add entirely too much to the cost.

Q. Now, you spoke of the price being from three to four cents per dozen for the season; is that the price to the one who buys the eggs in bond in the warehouse?

A. He pays that for the storage.

Q. And that is the average charge for carrying those eggs in the cold storage warehouse?

A. Yes, that is right.

G. A. SAMUELS, being called, testified as follows:

CHAIRMAN KLINE. Go ahead Mr. Samuels, sit down.

Mr. SAMUELS. What I am here for is just to try to consider the matter of using cold storage houses more freely for one or two days or a certain amount of days up to twenty days without branding cold storage eggs and selling them for fresh eggs. That is what I want to call your attention to.

"We wish to call your attention to a matter that was not considered when this Cold Storage Bill was enacted, and which is of vital importance to every dealer in butter and eggs, and that is the taking care of these articles by the storage houses, for a short period, without branding them "Cold Storage Goods."

This matter is not mentioned in any part of the Act, and there is not a dealer, who will not, at one time or another, be more or less overstocked, and who is anxious to take proper care of these goods, but has no facilities for doing so.

Butter and eggs must be kept in proper condition before being delivered to the consumer, butter especially must be hard before being delivered to the common carrier, as it takes, in most cases, one to two days before it is delivered to the consumer. Otherwise, the butter becomes like oil, as neither the express companies, nor the railroads, for local freight shipments, furnish refrigerator cars.

We cannot avoid accidents, and not longer than a month ago, during the hot weather, the ice machine that furnishes cold air to all the dealers on Ferry street, was put out of commission for a whole week, and we had to have the storage house take care of our butter, and when the butter was delivered to us, even if it were only one day in the storage house, the storage brand was on every package.

We are allowed to keep these goods for an unlimited period in our own coolers, as long as we place them on the market in proper condition, now, why not allow the storage house to take care of our goods, for say twenty-nine days, without requiring them to be branded "Cold Storage." And should the goods be left in storage for a longer period than twenty-nine days, then let the goods become automatically storage goods, and the storage house will then, when the goods are withdrawn, stamp each package with the date the goods were originally placed in storage.

By allowing the storage house to take care of these goods for a short time, without branding them "Cold Storage," we can many times deliver to the customer better goods, and in better condition, and at the same time protect the goods from deterioration.

Further the statistics of the United States Government prove that millions of dollars worth of eggs go to waste every year on account of not being taken care of properly. The storage house is one of the remedies for this great waste, but the Cold Storage Act, in its present form, instead of encouraging the free use of the storage house, in prohibiting the dealers storing freely.

We need the storage house much more for taking care of our fresh goods, for a few days, than for season goods. During certain months of the year, especially during the hot weather, eggs will deteriorate within one to two days, if not carried at the proper temperature and atmosphere. During this same season the supply of eggs is sometimes large and most every dealer requires extra refrigerator space for a few days, and must look to the storage house.

In fact, cold storage goods receive much better care than fresh goods, which are kept in haphazard way, on account of the dealer not having proper facilities and being prohibited from using the storage house for short carry.

Very often there is a car of eggs shipped on commission, that we cannot dispose of just at the time and would like to hold it in storage for a few days, and in this way preserve the goods, but this is impossible under the present ruling. Very few individuals have cold storage facilities

sufficient to take proper care of all their goods during the flush of the season in their own coolers, and it would undoubtedly be a great help for them to be permitted to use the public storage house for a limited period, without branding their goods "Cold Storage."

Therefore, gentlemen, we again urgently request you to give us an opportunity, when necessary, to take care of our fresh goods in proper shape, for a short time, without being obliged to distribute them to the consumer as "Cold Storage Goods."

By CHAIRMAN KLINE:

Q. The law today is that everything must be branded as cold storage?

A. Yes sir, if it is fifteen minutes in a cold storage ware house it must be so branded. We have no way of protecting our goods. We object to that feature of the bill.

Q. You think that if eggs are put in cold storage for thirty days only that they will not be deteriorate any?

A. No sir, they will be better than the eggs in my house.

Q. You say they will be better than if kept in your own store?

A. They will be better than if kept in my own store because I cannot get an even temperature in my cellar while storage houses always have a better temperature and a better atmosphere.

Q. And there is nothing to prevent you from keeping those same eggs in your store and selling them as fresh eggs?

A. No sir, not as long as I keep them in proper condition.

Q. That was not taken into consideration at the time of the passage of the Cold Storage Bill?

A. The way your Act reads now, if eggs are put in cold storage for fifteen minutes they come out as cold storage eggs.

G. B. WINSOR, being called, testified as follows:

CHAIRMAN KLINE. We would be very glad to hear from Mr. Winsor.

Mr. WINSOR. Gentlemen, I want to say that the present law does increase instead of decrease the cost of these eggs.

"While we know the real intent and purpose of the Pennsylvania "Cold Storage Law" is to protect the masses and insure protection to the consuming public and while it is our desire to work and co-operate in conjunction with the law to this end, as no business man objects to a fair and Equitable Cold Storage Law.

There are, however, points in our present law that work hardships and unecessary additional expense to the storage houses, wholesalers and retailers alike, and which has increased rather than decreased as was intended the cost of these goods.

At present the length of time in which it is permissionable to carry butter or eggs in cold storage in Pennsylvania is so limited that they are sure can be marketted or disposed of before the expiring dates prescribed.

This alone prevents there being a surplus of these goods in the storage houses of this State at a time of shortest production in this and nearly all other states of the Union.

This occuring right in the middle of the winter months as it does when we have practically no production and are, therefore, compelled to look to merchants and cold storage houses in other states where there are more liberal laws for a supply right at a time when we still should have a good supply at home, and thereby pay a profit to outside parties or merchants who originally stored these goods as well as the normal profit which we are entitled to ourselves, all of which increases the cost to the consumer.

Also owing to the fact that both butter and eggs must be out of our storage houses in this State and marketed at an early date none of the shippers or producers from our great producing sections in the West take many chances of placing large quantities of these goods in Pennsylvania cold storage houses where they may be compelled to market them before the season for these goods really opens, and, therefore, we have a shortage rather than a surplus in our own State which again works to their advantage, but greatly to our disadvantage for it is a surplus rather than a scarcity which decreases prices.

We also are compelled to stamp on each package the date the month in which it was placed in or came out of storage which necessitates numerous stamps or the changing of dates in each stamp to agree with dates of the month of goods which we are selling, or so offering for sale.

This necessitates more clerks to wait on the same amount of trade, more clerical help and added expense for which the consumer has to pay.

When the month of the year rather than the day of the month would be sufficient information to the dealer or consumer as to what particular season of the year these goods were placed in storage, and, thereby, save an extra expense in intricate stamping and branding for this all sums up to the fact that the consumer pays the bill. What we would suggest is that goods be branded April, May or June as the case may be.

Any consumer would be satisfied to know that his purchase of butter or eggs was either April, May or June production, the price and quality of which usually varies according to the month but not day of the month in which such goods were placed in storage.

In short, the law as carried out and enforced at the present time only tends to make the dealer in these goods overly conservative as to the amount of goods they will store in this State, and consequently compels them to resort to the importation of hundreds of thousands of cases of eggs and pounds of butter purchased and shipped in from other states at a time of the year and at a cost far exceeding that at which such goods could be purchased if such purchases were made here in our own State at the time of greatest production. Supply and demand is still the governing law of prices.

The more of these goods we can store in our own State, purchased while such goods are most plentiful, the methods of handling, stamping, dating and branding simplified to a minimum and still be effective, the cheaper we can deliver butter and eggs to the consuming public of Pennsylvania."

By SENATOR KLINE:

Q. Your remarks are in regard to the stamping of the goods?

A. Yes sir. I believe the extra cost and labor it takes to stamp all of these goods adds additional cost. I know that it does. That labor must be paid for. We want all goods stamped,—everybody is willing to have that done. We want the consumer to know what he is getting. These goods run along in seasons. The April egg is the best egg for storing. It is clean and has not been hit by the heat. April eggs up to about the 28th of April are the finest quality we can get. Instead of stamping them with the date in which they were placed in storage, if they were stamped April I believe that would cover the case.

Q. Would that allow them to remain in over a year, say thirteen months, instead of a year?

A. No, we don't want that. We would not carry them longer than the first of the following April.

Q. If you put a case of eggs in in April, you want the time to expire on that case on the first of April of the next year?

A. Yes sir. We want the May egg stamped "May," so that the consumer buying eggs knows that it is a May product. The weather in May is warmer, and the May egg is not of as good quality as the April egg, so it should be sold a little cheaper. If you want to buy the best egg you can buy an April egg. If you want a cheaper egg you can buy a June egg. It is put in a little later in the season and is a cheaper egg. But in regard to the stamping of each day the goods are put in, retailer has a great deal of extra labor in changing the stamps to the 14th day of April, and to the 12th day of April, and so on, to mark a package of that date. This extra labor could be done away with by just stamping the month only. The law is all right only as to the length of time we are permitted to store and the extra labor in connection with the stamping. What I want to see is that this work is simplified as much as possible.

JOHN L. PORTER called and testified as follows:

Mr. PORTER. I have been asked to set before you the comparative points of our present law with those of neighboring states, and I will do it as quickly as possible.

Mr. Chairman and Members. It has been said by some one, that 75% of all general legislation is based on theory, and that about 50% of it fails of its intended purpose, because it is not practicable.

We believe that much of this inefficiency is brought about by a too suspicious attitude on the part of our legislative bodies, who seem to prone to mix too much salt with the statements offered in hearings by business interests in defense of their various enterprise; in consequence of which the bills reported from committees are radical, decidedly restrictive, and in many cases almost confiscatory.

A knowledge of legislative methods induces us to admit therefore, that the Cold Storage Act under which we are now working, is perhaps as good as might be expected from a first attempt.

Experience, however, has already demonstrated to both the public and the dealer, that some modifications are absolutely necessary, if we are to bring about and preserve that balance between supply and demand so necessary to a wholesome condition and stable prices.

We had no criterion to work by when our law was compiled, but, fortunately, today we have four or five notable examples of similar legislation which offer many proofs of efficiency and which suggest a few changes of a strictly beneficial nature in our Act, rendering it more useful without destroying any of its policing powers.

The State of Massachusetts, whose law has proven most satisfactory, permits the storage of all food products for twelve months, with an extension of time, if the goods are still wholesome.

We have here a volume of the findings of the Commission of that State, which, after a most searching investigation led them to draw the Act mentioned.

The State of Iowa grants twelve months without regard to the product, and an extension of time may be obtained.

New Jersey grants ten months on all articles, subject to extension by the State Board of Health.

New York grants ten months on all kinds of food but butter, and that may be kept twelve months.

The Commissioners on Uniform State Laws have drafted a bill naming twelve months as a legal limit, but with an extended period on consent of the State Food Commissioner.

We have every reason for the belief that the Department of our State Dairy and Food Commissioner is desirous of some material changes in our present law.

Right here let us say, that no honorable dealer fears any of the penalties cited in the Act, and we raise no objection whatever to any amount you may stipulate for infractions. No law should be so drastic as to invite and encourage dishonest practices, and we see no good reason for creating a condition calling for any undue espionage in this instance.

We are at a loss to understand why our legislative bodies should favor laws which drive capital to other states for investment, and submit our own institutions to keener competition and its consequent losses.

They have no branch houses; are not working under any agreement; belong to no trust; and few, if any, of our industries are compelled to exercise such watchful care over the property they handle.

We shall waste no time in enumerating the many advantages and benefits of cold storage, and, will say that when our people come to thoroughly understand its utilitarian purposes, public sentiment will do for the enterprise what the Government (backed by twelve years of experimental work) fails in accomplishing.

Why is Canada, Australia and the Argentine today subsidizing the building of cold storage plants, and why has every town of any import in this Commonwealth of ours, its cold storage facilities?

The impression seems to prevail that dealers resent the reputation of handling cold storage products. Nothing could be further from the fact. "Wholesome Cold Storage Food" should be, and will eventually be, looked upon as a trade mark of quality, as much as is "Sterling" on silverware, and the time will come when restrictions will have to be made covering the selling of second class, deteriorated and decaying fresh food as cold storage products.

Speaking from a bacteriological standpoint, cold storage food is known to be infinitely cleaner, more wholesome, and more carefully handled than the majority of our so-called fresh products, wherever and by whomever sold.

By HON. THOMAS McNICHOL:

Q. You represent what portion of the business?
A. Cold storage.

Mr. A. V. MASON, called, testified as follows:

Mr. MASON. Mr. Chairman and members of the Commission, before I present the paper I have here in support of the propositions advanced by Mr. Samuels, on the 29th day period, I want to read to you a revision of the rules by the Commissioner at Harrisburg on the present cold storage law. This is dated December 2nd, 1913.

"Interpretation of Cold Storage Act of 1913 and Rules and Regulations Promulgated thereunder.

No. 1. Regulation No. 4.

REVISED.

Since this Department promulgated its rules and regulations, under the Cold Storage Act of 1913, and the interpretation thereof August 15, 1913, certain conditions and situations which were not at that time foreseen, have arisen. In interpreting Regulation No. 4, this Department held that a license must be issued for the entire building or structure in which a cold storage plant was operated. It appears that there are large establishments, particularly for the killing and dressing of the carcasses of animals to be sold as fresh meat and not intended to be put in cold storage, in which a cold storage room or rooms are located for general cold storage purposes. It also appears that there are several rooms in the basement of the large passenger station in the city of Philadelphia, known as the Reading Termnial, which cold storage rooms occupy a very small portion of the structure. There are similar buildings throughout the Commonwealth. It is manifestly unreasonable to require a license as a cold storage plant for the entire passenger railway station, and apparently just as unreasonable to require a license for large butchering establishments where only a small room is used for storage, and thus necessitate all of the fresh meat coming from such establishment being marked as required by Section 15 of the Act.

Therefore, the interpretation of Regulation No. 4 issued on August 15th, 1913, is now modified and a license will be issued by the Dairy and Food Commissioner in proper cases for the room or rooms used as a cold storage plant, when properly designated in the application, with the understanding, and upon the condition that the Commissioner reserves the right of sanitary inspection of the whole, or such part of the building or buildings in which such rooms are located, as in his judgment is necessary to properly carry out the provisions of the Cold Storage Act.

(Signed) JAMES FAUST,
Dairy and Food Commissioner.

Harrisburg, Penna.,
December 2, 1913.

Now, gentlemen, when that was brought to our notice, in connection with the cold storage point of view that it has been proven that dealers must have a place to put their goods for a short time to protect them in case of hot weather, we went to the expense of setting apart a room, after application to the Commissioner, and this is the letter to us, dated February 24th, 1914.

"Department of Agriculture,
Harrisburg, Pa., February 24th, 1914.

Pittsburgh Terminal Warehouse & Transfer Co.,
Pittsburgh, Penna.

Gentlemen:—We have your favor of the 23rd inst., and in reply beg to say that you will find enclosed a copy of Regulation No. 4, revised. Under this revised rule yo u can have your license to operate a cold storage warehouse restricted to a certain number of rooms, designating them in a written request, giving the number and location of each room to be covered by the license, and say nothing about the one or two rooms which you do not wish to be included in said license. You can then keep fresh products in the one or two rooms not covered by the license for a period of 29 days, and said products will not be subject to the cold storage law. This, however, does not apply to cold storage products. I mean products that have been in storage before being placed in the freezing room or rooms for a period of thirty days. The Department reserves the right to inspect your plant at all reasonable times. Yours truly,

(Signed) JAMES FAUST,
Commissioner."

This is merely in support of Mr. Samuel's proposition that there is need of and ought to be a provision made to take care of this perishable food for a short time. The Dairy and Food Commission recognized that, and has promulgated this order. I will now proceed to my paper.

In presenting the following statements, there is no thought in mind other than to cover some of the general aspects of the subject under consideration in the hope that the views advanced may be useful and of some assistance to the Commission.

It is very evident that the fundamental purposes of the Pennsylvania Cold Storage law are to insure the public against unwholesome food and incidentally to lower the cost of certain food to the consumer. We have no disagreement with these purposes, but on the contrary do heartily commend them and cheerfully promise our co-operation under any legislation enacted for such purposes based upon reason, justice and equity to all concerned.

The true function of public cold storage is to preserve by refrigeration certain food products and because of performing this function, is undoubtedly the most important single factor and natural means in aid of the conservative food products known today.

Therefore, the value of cold storage facilities in meeting an important public economic need, is not discounted by those who have given the subject even passing thought and if this be true, it follows that the more of such facilities provided, the greater in proportion is the benefit to the public, and to encourage the operation of such facilities within the borders of our State, would seem to be much the duty of our Legislature as any other responsibility resting upon that body, which duty certainly cannot be discharged by enacting legislation frustrating or defeating in its general effect and abrunding with haodships and difficulties in its specific effect upon very necessary lines of trade and industry.

The effect of the present Cold Storage law has not only fallen far short of the expectation of its advocates in lowering the prices of certain food commodities as must be admitted on all sides, but has, moreover, been the means of increasing the cost to the consumer because of its unusual restrictions and requirements upon dealers, both wholesale and retail, as already presented by competent testimony at this hearing.

Certainly no one with ordinary knowledge upon the subject would presume to be able to lower the value of a marketable food commodity by legislative enactment, arbitrary in its restrictions and provisions, especially if the production of that food did not keep pace with a constantly increasing demand for it as is well known to be the case with such food staples as meat and meat products, eggs and butter. Every act of labor and every cent of added cost incidental to compliance with the requirements of such a law, must inevitably be added to the value of the commodity and be paid for by the ultimate purchaser, who is the consumer, in which respect, the drastic provisions of the Pennsylvania Cold Storage Law stand as pre-eminently the most costly to the public of similar legislation enacted anywhere in this county.

It seems to be the general opinion that dealers place in cold storage in the warehouse of Pennsylvania in particular, and the country in general, the greater proportion of the production of certain food commodities. Nothing can be further from the truth, at least so far as butter and eggs are concerned, since it is stated, and on good authority, that not in excess of 10 per cent (the United States Government has estimated 8 per cent) of the total production of eggs ever reach Cold Storage, which absolutely discredits the opinion so frequently advanced by writers who are not well informed on the subject that dealers store and hoard up the bulk of these foods to the disadvantage of the consumers.

Therefore, at best, such laws as the Pennsylvania Cold Storage Law can deal only with the 8 per cent. and 10 per cent. surplus production of such commodities and any legislation which adds to the financial burden of those who contribute to the preservation of this small surplus from the season of over production to the Winter season of scarcity, is detrimental to the consumer who in the last analysis must pay the cost, while it is noticeable that absolutely no attention is paid to the 90 per cent. of the total remaining and which is preserved in a sanitary way or not, and sold to the public without precautionary supervision.

It is, therefore, emphasized that there is no objection whatever on the part of either the cold storage houses of the dealers to a reasonable and just law exercising supervision over the operation of cold storage plants, providing reasonable periods of storage for foods placed in cold storage and reasonable restrictions as to marking and dating cold stored food, but there is strong objection to some of the provisions of the present law which may be summed up under the following heads:

1. The too short periods of storage permitted for eggs and butter.

2. To some of the unnecessary marking and dating requirements, and

3. To the fact that botn butter and eggs may be carried an unlimited time in dealers' stores or coolers with or without refrigeration which conditions at best cannot be conductive to their best preservation, and still be sold as fresh, while if such food be placed but five minutes in a sanitary and well supervised cold storage plant, which the state under the Act inspects and guarantees to the public to be clean and properly equipped for such service, then such food must automatically be branded and sold as cold storage food which at once shows the glaring inconsistency when the purpose of the Act is kept in mind.

We are certain that you gentlemen of the Commission will recognize that the testimony offered before you is the result of a conscientious effort to present carefully and truthfully only reasonable objections or suggested amendments to some of the provisions of the present law all with a view to rendering assistance to your honorable body and with the hope and belief that the changes suggested will, if put in force, re-act to the benefit of all concerned, the producer, the consumer and the dealer alike.

In conclusion, may we express our appreciation for the patient and courteous hearing afforded our Committee and at the same time assure you of our desire to co-operate with you in your endeavor in any way possible.

Senator KLINE. Have you anything else, Mr. Culver?

Mr. CULVER. I think this is all our Committee has to say.

Chairman KLINE. Is there any other gentleman here that is interested in the question of the storage of eggs and butter? If so, we would be very glad to hear from him.

CHARLES H. MUEHLBRUNNER, being called, testified as follows:

CHARLES H. MUEHLBRUNNER. Mr. Chairman, I am not interested so much in the storage of eggs and butter as I am in vegetables and I want to call your attention of what is being done in the city of Cleveland. That city has spent $1,200,000 in the erection of a cold storage plant there for the use of the consumer in that city and they are demonstrating to the house wife of that city that it pays to buy their eggs in a season of plenty and bring them there for storage thus encouraging the cold storage business. That is entirely contrary to your law, of course, but it seems to me that that is one of the things you should take into consideration when these other states are doing just the opposite things in favor of the consumer yet your law virtually in some cases keeps the consumer from buying cold storage eggs by insisting that certain packages must be marked "cold storage." We think it is unfair in Pennsylvania when other states are doing the opposite and I believe if you will investigate—I cut this article out of one of the magazines, I think the Review of Reviews and it tells about this cold storage plant in Cleveland. The article states that they encourage women to go there to this cold storage house and try this new method of keeping cold storage eggs and to buy them in the cheap season for use in the scarce season.

Chairman KLINE. Ohio has a cold storage law, has it not?

Mr. MUEHLBRUNNER. I am not familiar with that, Mr. Kline.

Chairman KLINE. I think Ohio has a cold storage law. Our law does not prevent the house wife from taking eggs and butter and other things and storing them.

Mr. MUEHLBRUNNER. I grant that. When a man stores eggs, a number of cases of eggs or of poultry it must be marked with the time in and the time out and there is a certain odium on it, when a customer comes in to buy these cold storage goods. Lots of people don't understand the cold storage business but it will not be many years before they do understand it.

Chairman KLINE. I appreciate that fact, but laws are not passed for honest people. They are passed to prevent dishonest people from imposing upon honest people and invariably the honest people are obliged to suffer. Now the people are not educated and even the cold storage people say they don't object to the twenty-nine days, although being marked "cold storage."

Mr. MUEHLBRUNNER. That applies to butter and eggs in which I am not interested. My line is poultry, produce and vegetables. I have been in the cold storage business as myself for fifteen years and I want to state a case which happened to me twenty-eight years ago when there was no cold storage in Pittsburgh. There were no eggs in Pittsburgh and I found that there was a peddler going over Greene County selling eggs at thirty-five and thirty-eight cents a dozen by the case. I went to Mansfield and got hold of that peddler and paid him seventy-five cents a dozen for those eggs. It was in the month of February cold weather, and I brought them in here and sold them at one dollar per dozen. If we would have had cold storage facilities that condition could not have happened because eggs could have been stored in a season of plenty and brought out at forty or forty-five cents per dozen. I think from what I know of the law it should be modified to some degree. I did not hear the discussion here but I think you have the dealers sewed up here so that it makes the business really unpopular.

Chairman KLINE. Do you think the law as it is has any effect upon the high cost of living which is agitated so much throughout Pennsylvania?

Mr. MUEHLBRUNNER. The agitation of the high cost of living that is brought about by certain persons who really don't understand the business of storing food products. The cost of everything as you know—you have had some business experience—is regulated by supply and demand. When eggs are plentiful they sell at a low price and when they are scarce naturally the price goes up That is human with every business man.

Chairman KLINE. That is natural ;we are experiencing that today are we not?

Mr. MUEHLBRUNNER. Can you name any products, the price of which is not regulated by the law of supply and demand?

Chairman KLINE. That is natural.

Mr. MUEHLBRUNNER. The general proposition of supply and demand regulates the price of everything. There are certain goods that are manufactured in Europe that are going to advance in price very materially in a short time on account of our not being able to import them. The same condition applies to all business.

Mr. McNICHOL. Was it your thought that there should be a cold storage plant erected under municipal supervision in order to give an opportunity to the consumer to store in his own name goods in a plentiful season?

Mr. MUHELBRUNNER. I certainly wouldn't object to it.

Mr. McNICHOL. Then it wouldn't make much difference if goods so stored for individual consumption were marked "cold storage" or other wise.

Mr. MUEHLBRUNNER. Yes, that is true.

Chairman KLINE. I encourage it to get away from the high prices, Senator.

Mr. MUHELBRUNNER. I suppose that is the main object, yes. It really doesn't effect the dealer because the eggs are put there by and bought from the dealer in many cases.

Mr. McNICHOL. It would give the individual an opportunity to save the increased cost of a commodity in a scarce season?

Mr. MUHELBRUNNER. Yes.

Mr. McNICHOL. That would be a good idea?

Mr. MUEHLBRUNNER. Yes.

Chairman KLINE. Senator, I see here that we do go into perishable products; wouldn't vegetables and poultry come under that?

Mr. MUEHLBRUNNER. Your law does not apply to vegetables.

Chairman KLINE. You say it does not apply to that?

Mr. MUEHLBRUNNER. To perishable products and poultry; vegtables are eliminated in your Act.

Chairman KLINE. Wouldn't poultry be a perishable product?

Mr. MUEHLBRUNNER. Yes.

Chairman KLINE. The first thing we are to inquire into is the necessity of cold storage and the proper provisions for the protection of perishable products.

Mr. MUEHLBRUNNER. That is not in your Act; that is in the resolution.

Chairman KLINE. It is in our resolution. Now, that is the purpose of this Commission. Can you enlighten us as much as possible as to the necessity for the protection of that product?

Mr. MUEHLBRUNNER. I can so far as that is concerned. When it is put into cold storage it will come out in the same condition as when it was put in. There is no difference in it at all cold storage does not improve poultry; it doesn't improve anything. It delivers it in the same condition in which it goes in.

Chairman KLINE. Then it is a protection not only to perishable but also to poultry?

Mr. MUEHLBRUNNER. It certainly is. You should enact a law to prevent them from putting spoiled goods in storage. There is where the trouble is. Lots of goods have been put in storage in past years without being fresh and it cannot be protected as well as when it is put in fresh. You should keep them from putting bad goods in storage.

Mr. McNICHOL. Then you would advocate a provision for the examination of goods prior to their being stored?

Mr. MUEHLBRUNNER. Yes.

Mr. McNICHOL. What is your idea as to the cold storage proposition on certain classes of foodstuffs and the high cost of living?

Mr. MUEHLBRUNNER. It does not add very materially to it.

Mr. McNICHOL. Do you think that such a law would tend to reduce the high cost of living—that is, a proper law?

Mr. MUEHLBRUNNER. It would serve to hold it at a level. You could not go then to any extreme at any time such as I cited in the early day.

By Mr. WALTON:

Q. Your idea is that the consumer, on account of cold storage pays much less in January and February, than he would without cold storage?

A. Yes sir, it regulates the price.

By SENATOR KLINE.

Q. You think cold storage is a good thing for poultry, provided at the time it is put in it is in good condition?

A. Yes sir, you could not get any fit to eat at this season of the year if it were not for the cold storage plants.

Q. And the reason why so many people object to cold storage goods is due to the fact that they are not interested in the question of cold storage, and secondly, from what you said, it is because they do not understand really what cold storage is?

A. Yes sir.

Q. And secondly, if goods are put in fresh, goods such as poultry, and are in a good wholesome condition when put in, and were kept in that condition, that would give a market in these goods the whole year round?

A. Yes sir.

Q. And the proper law would be a law covering the inspection of these goods prior to putting them in cold storage?

A. That is the idea. The predicament has arisen from that fact that a lot of food that has been stored, was not in good condition when stored on account of the climatic conditions. Naturally when these goods reached the consumer they were in bad condition.

Q. If you stopped that from going into storage you could overcome that?

A. Yes sir, that is what I say,—it is tainted when put in.

By Mr. MITCHELL:

Q. Isn't one of the fears of cold storage the careless and unsanitary method of handling the product after it has been released. Isn't that charged to cold storage when it should not be after it is released from cold storage?

A. When it comes from cold storage in good condition it stays in that condition until it reaches the consumer.

Q. Isn't it a fact that after a commodity of that sort is released from cold storage that it deteriorates?

A. If it is left on the counter or exposed to heat for 24 or 48 hours.

Q. It deteriorates rapidly?

A. Yes sir. The large dealers have learned a lesson in that respect and only take out what they can sell and have orders for.

Q. You govern yourself according to the demand?

A. Naturally.

Q. You realized that if you took out great quantities you would suffer a severe loss?

A. Yes sir.

Q. A man watching the dealers and sensing the keen competition today, would not take out more than necessary?

A. That is what we do every day in the year. We only take out as much as we have orders for. We put it right into consumption, and the goods are in just as good condition as when in storage.

By Chairman KLINE. Is there any other gentleman who desires to be heard?

Mr. HENRY W. IHRIG, called, testified as follows:

Mr. CHAIRMAN and members of the Commission, I merely want to call the gentleman's attention when he spoke to Mr. Culver of the storage of eggs that it was only for the large profits that the storer of eggs was getting, and Mr. Culver very modestly answered yes and left it at that, it leaves you gentlemen with that bug-a-boo that the storer of eggs is a robber of the public, and I don't think that is proper or I don't think it is fair that the storer of eggs should be under that head, because there is no question that the storer of eggs is beneficiary to the public. I personally have never gained anything by storing eggs. I have never lost anything by storing eggs, because I never stored any, but I have had the opportunity. But the question is this; if through your laws you prohibit the storer from storing his eggs on account of the profit he makes out of them, you are going to rob the public in the winter time. But it has a far more reaching effect than that. The American farmer is the most astute business man in the world,—I believe you will agree with me on that. And if the influx of eggs the great supply of eggs in April, May and June will not bring in sufficient revenue to pay for the food that they eat on his farm, he will chop the chickens' head off, and refuse to raise any more chickens, and consequently will stop the production. So you can readily see that it will have a far reaching effect should you stop the storage of eggs, which today means an ordinary cheap breakfast for at least two out of every three of your cities families today in January, February and March.

My experience on the food and dairy question in this country has been this; that every time there was a municipal statute and anything other than a general national food and dairy law enacted that was demoralizing to the natural law of supply and demand, that it was the common every day laborer in your mills and mines that had to stand the joker,—he had to pay the bill. It isn't the business man, or the wholesaler, or the producer or the retailer that pays that, it is the consumer that must pay it all, and therefore, I would ask this Commission to be very careful in the conclusions that they will come to on this law, as it affects every man, woman and child in the State. It does not affect the farmer. Another point in your laws is the law of prosecution, and the law of Pennsylvania is very weak, I believe, in that respect, and if you will pardon me for taking your time, I want to explain my opinion of it. There should be a clause attached to your law which makes the original buyer the prosecutor. You should not have a system of espionage in your State. You should not give the Commissioner of food and dairies the power to send one or two or three men to visit the stores and get cases on people. You don't know whether you have ten or twelve such men who would be anxious to get a case on a man whether he is guilty or not. And further we claim that the only just way to prosecute under your law should be that the man who buys the goods and finds that he has been cheated should be able to go to your Commissioner and say, "Here, I bought this for so-and-so and I want you to prosecute the man," and the State should step in and do so. I do not think there is an honest man that would not agree on that point, that the present system is nothing but a case of espionage, and it should at least be done away with.

Chairman KLINE. Is there any other gentleman present who desires to talk upon this law or any changes that should be made in the law with respect to the cold storage of any perishable products?

No response.

Chairman KLINE. There does not seem to be any more people who desire to appear before the Commission in regard to that part of the bill. Is there any person present who desires to present any matters before the Commission in regard to the question of refrigeration of perishable products, or the length of time articles should remain in refrigeration, or anything relative to the cold storage, with respect to the high cost of living, or anything relative to the same? If there are any such gentlemen present we would be very glad indeed to hear them. If there is any gentleman present who desires to present any phase of this question we would be pleased ot hear him.

Mr. CHARLES H. MUEHLBRUNNER. Mr. Chairman, concerning the prosecution of cases it seems that under the present law your inspectors or agents who go around and pick up cases of violations, get samples, and prosecute under those samples without any notice to the person who has the goods on hand that prosecution is going to be entered—we think that this is unfair because the dealer has no protection, no way of protecting himself, and the only way that he can combat that in court successfully is to know that he also has a sample of the goods that the agent has taken. Your law is rather loose in that matter and the dealer in a way should be protected at least to some extent. Most of these cases are brought by so-called "spies"; the dealer is not notified that he is going to be prosecuted and has no means of defense, be he right or wrong.

Chairman KLINE. He has no opportunity to get a sample to have his chemist examine to rebut the testimony of the State chemists?

Mr. MUEHLBRUNNER. Yes.

Mr. MITCHELL. Such a bill was introduced last session.

Chairman KLINE. It didn't pass.

Mr. MITCHELL. No.

Mr. MUEHLBRUNNER. The dealer should have some protection and the Courts have ruled, I believe, that to defend himself successfully he must have at least the same line of goods analyzed as the prosecutor.

Mr. MITCHELL. The dealer is simply in a state of anxiety all the time?

Mr. MUEHLBRUNNER. Yes; the dealer has no protection; he cannot defend himself.

Mr. MITCHELL. The entire prosecution is based on the condition of that sample and the defendent is entirely deprived of any means of defense?

Mr. MUEHLBRUNNER. That is the idea; that is a subject worthy of consideration.

Mr. McNICHOL. The dealer don't know whether he sold the goods or not.

Mr. MUEHLBRUNNER. He doesn't know anything about it.

Chairman KLINE. We have a few lawyers on this Commission. They put the chemist on the stand; they put the inspector on the stand who testifies that on such and such a day he purchased such and such goods at the defendant's place of business. They put the chemist on the

stand who has analyzed that sample and then the prosecution rests. Then the defendant goes on the stand and he has no defense except to say that he didn't handle that kind of goods as a means of breaking the weight of the testimony of the other people. He should have a sample furnished to him at the time the goods were taken from his store and have his chemist then make an analysis of them, it would be better for the defense for the analysis of his chemist would then have greater weight with the jury in finding out whether he was guilty or not guilty.

Mr. MUEHLBRUNNER. It certainly would.

Chairman KLINE. It means that he is as helpless as a child in this case and these defendants are usually found guilty regardless of the efforts of counsel for the defendant to show that a one-sided proposition it is in the eyes of the general public to the men on that jury. That is my experience.

Mr. MUEHLBRUNNER. There is no show for that fellow at all.

Mr. E. M. WEST being called, testified as follows:

Mr. WEST. The United States Government gives us notice; their inspector will come into our place of business and buy samples and tell us what they are going to do with them thereby giving us a chance to take samples of the same goods but the Dairy and Food people will prosecute us—they will come in and get a sample from one of our customers and four or six months afterwards we are notified that a suit has been brought against us. We have no way to protect them or ourselves.

Mr. McNICHOL. That would be a question to come up before the next session of the General Assembly. That would call for a general reconstruction of the law now given the Dairy and Food Commissioner who is now given that authority. It is a question in my mind whether this Commission have any right to act other than according to the provisions in the resolution creating it.

Mr. WEST. We expect that you will recommend that in your report.

Mr. McNICHOL. We could not recommend it because we are not empowered to take up that phase of the case While we recognize the justice of your proposition from personal contact, we realize that frequently a man is placed at a disadvantage because an inspector of the Dairy and Food Commission will come to his place of business and make a purchase of goods without any notice to the man that he is a representative of the Dairy and Food Commission and the first intimation that the seller has is when he is summoned to appear. Frequently he is in a position where he cannot say whether he made that sale on that particular day of not, but as far as the powers of this Commission are concerned I do not think we should go into that any more than to discuss it in a general day. The proper place for that complaint would be before the General Assembly when they again meet in Harrisburg in the beginning of the next year and ask for an amendment to the present law embodying your views which seem to be just and equitable. We realize that the facilities for prosecution other than an honest prosecution exists as long as the present condition prevails. There should be an equitable provision in the law whereby the defendant has the same chance as the prosecutor.

Mr. E. CULVER being called, testified as follows:

Chairman KLINE. Mr. Culver, could I ask you—eggs are sold undoubtedly at a higher price in January and February than in any other month?

Mr. CULVER. Usually; sometimes they are not but usually that is the case.

Chairman KLINE. Really fresh eggs are a rarity during those months?

Mr. CULVER. Almost invariably; during January and February and even in March we get a very high price for fresh eggs; it depends on the season.

Chairman KLINE. Could you give us some idea of the difference in price of cold storage eggs, say in January and February, as compared with the months of October and November—from your experience? You said you had been ten years in this business.

Mr. CULVER. It would be only in a very general way.

Chairman KLINE. Let us have it.

Mr. CULVER. Usually I would say, in January and February there is a difference of about ten or twelve cents per dozen between storage and fresh eggs at that time.

Chairman KLINE. Ten or twelve cents.

Mr. CULVER. Yes.

Chairman KLINE. When?

Mr. CULVER. In January and February; and in September and October there is possibly a difference of two or three cents in the price of storage and fresh eggs at that time. The storage eggs would then be about two cents a dozen lower than fresh eggs and in January and February the price is usually ten and twelve cents lower for storage eggs than for fresh eggs and sometimes a wider difference than that and these conditions very quite a great deal with different seasons.

Chairman KLINE. You take an egg and put it in storage until July, for example; that egg is held in storage storage until the next February; has the quality of that egg depreciated very much?

Mr. CULVER. Very greatly; an egg stored in July would not be if carried until November.

Chairman KLINE. It would not?

Mr. CULVER. No; unless the egg was of an exceptional fine quality—I am speaking of fresh eggs—at that time.

Chairman KLINE. When are eggs stored? I know I paid last winter something like sixty cents a dozen at one time. Now, these were supposed to be fresh eggs. I don't know what cold storage eggs were selling at at that time, but when would a good egg be sold as a cold storage egg—when would that egg be put in storage?

Mr. CULVER. For a good egg to be carried into cold storage to February or March it would be necessary to store an April egg.

Chairman KLINE. An April egg?

Mr. CULVER. Yes, that is the only egg fit for a long carry. We should be allowed to carry April eggs for twelve months and so on, the later the egg the shorter the carriage because the early egg is more fit for a long carry. We would make the season close on April first. All eggs stored previous to that time ought to be taken out and a shorter time for later eggs which are not fit for a long carry. The only egg fit to carry into January, February or March is an April egg.

Mr. MITCHELL. What is the chemical or physical reason for that fact? Why is an April egg suitable for a longer period of storage?

Mr. CULVER. The April egg has not been subjected to the heat and the hen that laid the egg has not been subjected to the heat. These are the principal reasons why hot-weather eggs will not carry into storage. These eggs all show the effects of the heat when held up before the light. They are more shrunken, more fibrous and contain a whole lot of defects that we do not get in the April egg. The thing is pretty well known that early in the spring is the time for parties to purchase their eggs and naturally at that time they purchase the best egg. Later eggs may be more plentiful but then the hens don't lay quite as good a quality of eggs. The earlier egg is solider and better and by all means a better egg to carry in storage than an egg laid at any other time of the year and we think if we were allowed twelve months for the April egg and a shorter time on these later eggs that it would be more equitable to the dealer and it would be greatly more protection to the consumer because, under the present law, they are allowed to carry eggs over into the other season but if you make the season for all eggs end on April first, then it would be impossible to carry them over.

Mr. McNICHOL. You mean to credit the time of storage from the date of the production of the egg?

Mr. CULVER. Yes.

Mr. McNICHOL. That is, you want the April egg stored a year, the May eleven months and so on?

Mr. CULVER. Yes.

Mr. McNICHOL. In order to make a general clean-up the first of April?

Mr. CULVER. Yes, of everything put in the previous season.

Mr. McNICHOL. And that everything put in prior to the succeeding first of April is to be removed?

Mr. CULVER. So far as eggs are concerned. I think it would be a good rule to apply to butter also but more especially to eggs. But I will say along that line that sometimes when we have an early season that we store eggs sometimes the latter part of March, and in that case I think that storing the last week of March, we should not be compelled to take them out on the first day of April, when only in a week, but should be allowed 12 months on them. Make a twelve months' limit on everything, but all of the previous season's goods should be taken out by the first of the following April.

By SENATOR KLINE.

Q. Are the larger profits made after the eight months' period?

A. Well, sometimes they are and sometimes they are not. Of course, at the present time there is no profit after the eight months period is up.

Q. I mean prior to the passage of this law?

A. Sometimes the larger profits have been made after the eight months' period and sometimes previous to it, just depending on the season.

Q. Usually the disastrous seasons we have come after this eight months' period.

A. Yes sir. There have been seasons, such as I spoke of, when eggs have been sold as low as one-third of the original cost; that is after the eight months' period is up and we are compelled to clean the old eggs out before the next season.

By HON. WILLIAM WALTON:

Q. On account of an extra early spring?

A. Yes sir.

By SENATOR KLINE.

Q. You say the April egg is the best egg? Does the collection of April eggs for cold storage have any effect upon the price of eggs than throughout the balance of the year?

A. Well, I would not say that it affects the price for the balance of the year. It may affect the price of eggs during the month of April.

Q. Can it have an effect upon the price of eggs in May and June?

A. There are a few eggs stored in May and June, but not so heavy as in April. I think the storing does have some effect on the price of eggs at that time as there is a certain percentage of the crop goes into storage. But you take the percentage of eggs that goes into the cold storage houses in the United States, and it is so small as compared with the total crop that it cannot affect the market very materially.

Q. Throughout the balance of the year?

A. Yes sir.

Q. The government statistics show that there is about 8% of the crop that goes into cold storage when all the cold storage houses over the United States are filled say with that percentage of the crop, what effect would it have on the market at that time?

A. I think that the storing of eggs has a great deal more effect on making cheaper prices in the winter than it does on advancing the prices in the spring. It has very little effect in the spring when we have an over production, but it does have a great effect in cheapening the price in the winter season when eggs are scarce.

Q. You are of the opinion that it does materially affect the price of eggs during the twelve months' period?

A. I think for the twelve months of the year the storing of goods makes the price much cheaper.

Q. How much does the price of eggs vary say from April to September, as a general rule, can you tell us that?

A. The price of storage eggs usually varies just enough to pay the carrying charges and allow the dealer about a cent a dozen profit.

Q. About a cent a dozen profit?

A. Yes sir.

Q. In addition to the cold storage charge?

A. Competition of this sort is so very keen that it is almost impossible for a dealer to make over a cent a dozen.

Q. How much to the general public? What is the difference in the value or price after the April eggs are bought up, what effect has that to the general public during July, August and September?

A. During those months I think it affects the price very little, to the general public.

Q. I mean with respect to the other eggs?

A. So do I.

Q. You are talking about the April egg for storage, which you say last for a year?

A. Yes sir.

Q. What effect does that have on the price of the other eggs that come along in May, June and July?

A. It affects the price very little during those months.

Q. Has the large percentage of eggs that are already in storage at that time any effect on the eggs produced after that time that go into consumption? You are going to put the best egg, the April egg, into storage, because it lasts longer, for the reason you have stated. How about the demand for the other eggs that came along in these other months, would it have any effect on the price of these eggs?

A. I cannot see how it would have any effect on the price during these months, buying the April eggs for storage.

By HON. THOMAS McNICHOL:

Q. In other words, you mean to say that the increase that would naturally come to the consumer through the storage of the April egg would be more than offset by the supply of eggs in January and February?

A. Oh yes, I think so, if you take the average price.

Q. Would be for the benefit of the consumer generally?

A. Most decidedly, yes sir, to the benefit of the consumer.

By Senator KLINE. Is there anybody else that desires to be heard?

Mr. JOHN L. PORTER:

In the event that an impression was created erroneously by the question put by one of the members of the Commission, it might be just as well to call your attention to the fact that if a lot of dealers were to withhold eggs in storage warehouses because of an advance that they expected to get out of it, that would constitute a conspiracy. A conspiracy would not be possible among the dealers of a large city, because the supply of eggs would regulate that very quickly. For instance, it could not be caused in Pittsburgh, because every egg dealer in Philadelphia, in New York, in Cleveland, Chicago and every large storage point are thoroughly familiar with the conditions existing here in Pittsburgh, and in 24 hours, or 29 hours possibly at the latest, they could have a car of eggs put in here that would break this market all to pieces. I say this, just fearful that a wrong impression had been created by that question, and I do not want it to go by. Another thing that ought to be stated here is that the municipal warehouse in Cleveland is really nothing different from what has existed in Pittsburgh and other places for years. The storage warehouses are open to anybody and everybody who wants a place to put their stuff away, and the great benefit we will all derive from the Cleveland situation is the fact that the consumer will realize how good cold storage food is, and will not hesitate to buy it, as I reason it.

By SENATOR KLINE.

Q. It will encourage the cold storage business?

A. Yes sir, and the consumption of cold storage foods. I think we will be heartily welcome.

By HON. Mr. MITCHELL:

Q. And the consumer will avail himself of the privilege of storing?

A. Naturally.

By SENATOR KLINE.

Q. That may be well and good for those who have sufficient moneys to do that and take advantage of it. You take the laboring man who lives from hand to mouth and he is obliged to pay in January say twenty-five per cent. more for his goods than the man who has money, for this reason, that the man who has money can during these seasons buy up quite a quantity to carry him over the winter, whereas, the working man lives from hand to mouth and buys in smaller quantities, say one-half a peck of potatoes and ten cents' worth of cabbage and sourkraut, while you and I put in enough of sourkraut to last all winter, then how is this municipal idea in Cleveland going to affect the poor fellow?

A. Simply in this way: That you and I, having already engaged our supply, we are not in the market for the goods. The result will not be so great a demand. You and I keep out, thereby benefitting the working man. We help to lower the prices because the supply is greater.

By HON. Mr. MITCHELL:

Q. Supposing I wanted to put thirty dozen of eggs in a storage house, what would be the tariff?

A. That is one case. There is a rate that seems to be thoroughly remunerative of ten cents a case per month. That doesn't seem an exorbitant charge.

By SENATOR KLINE.

Q. Ten cents a month for that thirty dozen?

A. Yes sir. In regard to statistics governing the production and the demand for the consumption of cold storage goods, when you gentlemen go to New York of you will send for a man named F. G. Urner, who is the statistician on this question, you can probably get anything on this line that you care to avail yourself of.

By Mr. THOMAS McNICHOL:

Q. This opens up a line of philanthropy, to supply the storage houses with goods, and give the working man the benefit of the lower prices?

A. Unfortunately philanthropy does not run in that direction. The opportunity is there.

By Mr. WILLIAM WALTON:

Q. You claim that this talk of a corner in eggs would be a conspiracy?

A. Yes sir.

By Senator KLINE: Is there any other gentleman present who would like to be heard?

No response.

By Senator KLINE. If not, the Commission will then take a recess until 2 o'clock this afternoon.

In accordance with the above ruling, at 12:15 P. M. a recess was taken until 2 o'clock P. M.

Pittsburgh, Pa., September 23, 1914.

Pursuant to adjournment, the Commission reconvened in the rooms of the Chamber of Commerce at 2:00 o'clock P. M.

Present: Hon. Charles H. Kline, Chairman; Hon. A. W. Mitchell; Hon. J. Harry Morgan, and W. P. Gallagher, Secretary.

The meeting was called to order by Chairman Kline.

Chairman KLINE. The hour of two having arrived, the Commission will please come to order. The object of adjournment for lunch was to give an opportunity to all persons not here this morning to be heard, and if there is any person present who desires to be heard, either for or against this question, we will be very glad to hear them at this time.

No response.

Chairman KLINE. If there is no person present who desires to be heard, the Commission then stands adjourned.

Whereupon, at 2:30 o'clock P. M., the Commission adjourned.

THE FINDINGS.

The Commission begs leave to make the following findings of fact on cold storage in compliance with the questions contained in the resolution creating the Commission:

FIRST.

THE NECESSITY OF COLD STORAGE, AND THE PROPER PROVISIONS FOR THE PROTECTION OF PERISHABLE PRODUCTS.

The Commission finds that nearly all perishable foodstuffs are "seasonal" and have their time of "flush" and their time of "scant" production; further, they are subjected to the vicissitudes of seasons. Perishable foods are raised that they may be consumed, and the fact that they are perishable according to the law of nature, implies that if they are not to be wasted, then some adequate means must be provided whereby their perishability should be held in check for the greatest length of time consistent with the public health. There are various methods devised to conserve the original native quality of animal and vegetable substances, various economical methods, drying methods, and the preservation by means of cold, or known today as cold storage or refrigeration. Cold storage has been pronounced by those learned in the preservation of foodstuffs, as the best means of preserving the original native quality of perishable foods, which has given birth to or the necessity for cold storage, which is now the universal method of preserving the original native quality of perishable foods.

SECOND.

THE VALUES OF SUCH PRODUCTS TO THE PRODUCER AND THE COMMUNITY AT THE PERIOD OF THE GREATEST PRODUCTION, WHEN THE SUPPLY EXCEEDS THE DEMAND, AND AT ALL OTHER TIMES.

The Commission believes, through the development of the cold storage system, the aggregate available supply of food products of certain classes, is materially increased beyond what it would otherwise be, for the reason that such preservation enables that part of the supply in excess of the powers of consumption at the time of production, to be carried over and made available at periods when there is little or no natural supply. If it were not for this artificial means of preservation, the producers of many perishable products would be forced to limit their output to the quantity that could be profitable sold for immediate consumption. The ability to accumulate during the periods of maximum output, enables the producer to increase his products, and thereby confers an important economical benefit, not only upon such producer by enabling him to obtain a fair average of price and by permitting larger transactions, but also on the whole body of consumers, by promoting a larger production and more uniform prices. From the testimony it appears that accumulations of food products in cold storage, during the season of excess products, is practically exhausted before the next season of "flush" begins, and the ability to carry food products in cold storage from the period of greatest production, throughout the later period of shortage, greatly increases the opportunity for profitable production, without enhancing the average price, and adds to the food supply. We believe that cold storage is an equalizer of prices, and a study of the various tables of the production of various food products, proves the fact that prices during the year have been maintained nearer a level since cold storage has become a factor, than before the days of artificial preservation of foods by cold storage.

THIRD.

THE LENGTH OF TIME CERTAIN FOODSTUFFS SHOULD REMAIN UNDER REFRIGERATION OR COLD STORAGE.

This is a question that requires a great deal of thought. Laws upon this question very in the few states that have Cold Storage laws. In the consideration of this question we should keep in mind above all, the paramount reasons for the advocacy of cold storage, namely the preservation of food products, the preservation of the same when the supply exceeds the demand, that these products may be had by the consumer at reasonable prices during the scarce season of the year, when, otherwise, certain foodstuffs would be prohibitive to a large portion of the community; in other words, for the equalization of prices of foodstuffs throughout the entire year. Refrigeration as to the length of time certain foodstuffs should remain in cold storage so

far, has been an experiment, and our conclusions can only be reached through the testimony taken by the commission at its different sittings, result of like commissions of other States, and the endless research of the Agricultural Department of the United States whose expert also appeared before the commission.

Cold storage has brought about a constant market for all seasonal productions. If we did not have cold storage these would necessarily be a curtailment in the production of fruits, of meats, of butter, of eggs and other food products.

We find that cold storage products are of incalculable value to the consumer, and, therefore, to the community. Our investigation has not shown that in periods of plenty the cost of food is high because of storing such food until the period of scarcity. As a matter of fact the percentage of food stored is very low, being, for example, only 10 per cent. of the entire output.

FOURTH.

WHETHER REFRIGERATION OR COLD STORAGE PRODUCTS SHALL BE BRANDED, AND IF SO, WHAT SHALL BE DETERMINED TO BE REFRIGERATION PRODUCTS, OR COLD STORAGE PRODUCTS OR BOTH?

In reference to this question the commission is of the opinion that all consumers must be judges of the quality of goods produced and that regardless of branding, they must largely depend upon the honesty of the merchant. As already stated, the length of storage is not a criterion or quality, and this being the case most branding laws do not accomplish what is intended. It is manifestly unjust to brand as "cold storage" goods that are placed in a warehouse for short periods. In mid-summer, concerns that do not own private refrigeration plants are compelled to keep them in atmospheric, and changeable temperature, for under the present law, if they were to be put into a cold storage plant for even an hour, they would be branded. There is no good reason why products, especially fish, should not be carried over for temporary periods in a cold storage warehouse without going into the class of cold storage food. As to fish, it is physically impossible to brand each fish and any law or rule providing for such branding is impossible and an extraordinary burden upon the industry.

FIFTH.

THE EFFECT ON THE PRICE OF COMMODITIES BY REASON OF PLACING THEM UNDER MECHANICAL REFRIGERATION OR COLD STORAGE.

After careful consideration of this question, the commission is of the opinion that it has the effect of making prices lower and steadier; that through this medium the market of certain commodities is extended, enabling producers and dealers to dispose of their stock throughout the entire year. Through the medium of cold storage, foodstuffs can be taken out of the market during the season of abundance and held in a wholesome and palatable condition until the season of scarcity, when the prices are high and prohibitory to a large portion of the community, and can be sold at a price much less than the articles of food produced in the scarcity season, which tends to the equalization of prices, preventing them from alternately falling so low and rising so high as would otherwise be the case.

In answer to this question pertaining to the effect on the prices of commodities, a few facts touching the relation of the cold storage man to the prices is perishable foodstuffs are pertinent.

It appears to the commission that there is no conspiracy between the cold storage warehouses and the merchants for the purpose of increasing the prices of goods to the detriment of the consumer, which is the general impression. The cold storage warehouse men are merely custodians of property; they have no pecuniary interest in eggs, butter or other products placed in their possession, and under no condition do they profit by reason of the abnormal prices on eggs or any other food commodity given to them for preservaton.

SIXTH.

THE RELATION OF COLD STORAGE OR REFRIGERATION TO THE HIGH COST OF LIVING.

This has been fully considered in the preceding inquiry. When there is scarcity of production, naturally the demand is greater than the production. Should the medium of cold storage be dispensed with, or the season for carrying cold storage products be so limited so as not to allow producers and dealers to carry their surplus product to the season of scarcity, naturally the prices of foodstuff would be higher in the scarce season than in the season of plenty, and would advance the cost of living.

SEVENTH.

THE EFFECTS OF COLD STORAGE LEGISLATION IN THIS AND OTHER STATES.

The commission is of the opinion that great consideration should be given to the question of public health and prices which are so materially involved in the question of cold storage and therefore legislation is necessary for the regulation of this business, but the business should not be so hampered as to defeat the main purpose of necessity of refrigeration. The object of regulation should be to prevent abuses and protect consumers without imposing unreasonable restrictions that would interfere with its legislative operation and hamper its proper development. The laws of the other states seemingly have taken the same view, and it is the general belief that the adoption of reasonable measures of regulation will help to establish popular confidence with respect to cold storage, promote better relation between the cold storage interests and the public, and place the business on a more satisfactory footing, to the advantage of everyone.

EIGHTH.

THE ADVISABILITY OF A UNIFORM COLD STORAGE OR REFRIGERATION LAW.

This is believed by the commission to be the best solution of the cold storage question. As it is today, the laws of one state conflict with another, hamper and destroy the business of another state, all of which is caused by the diversification of views upon this subject. So that this may be obviated and that the producers, dealers and consumers may be treated alike, the commission is of the opinion that legislation affecting cold storage should be uniform and that no one state should enact a law in the subject that differs as to the time limits and branding from the existing laws in other states.

COLD STORAGE ACTS OF OTHER STATES

CALIFORNIA.

An Act relating to cold storage, the regulation or refrigerating warehouses, the disposition or sale of food kept or preserved therein, and defining the duties of the state board of health in relation therto.

(Approved June 13, 1913. In effect Aug. 10, 1913)

The people of the state of California do enact as follows:

Section 1. The term "cold storage" as used in this act shall be construed to mean a place artificially cooled to a temperature of forty degrees Farenheit or below but shall not include such a place in a private home The term "cold stored" as used in this act shall be construed to mean the keeping of "articles of food" excepting eggs and butter, in "cold storage" for a period exceeding thirty days; provided, however, that when the term "cold storage" is used in connection with eggs and butter, it shall mean the keeping of these "articles of food" in "cold storage" for any length of time whatever. The term "articles of food" as used in this act shall be construed to mean and include fresh meat, and fresh meat products, (except in process of manufacture), fresh fruit and vegetables, fish, shellbarks, game, poultry, eggs, butter and cheese. The term "storer" as used in this act shall be construed to mean the person or persons who offer articles of food for cold storage.

Section 2. Any person, firm or corporation desiring to operate a public cold storage or refrigerating warehouse, shall make application in writing to the state board of health for that purpose, stating the location of its plant or plants. On receipt of the application the state board of health shall cause an examination to be made into the sanitary condition of said plant or plants and if found to be in a sanitary condition and otherwise properly equipped for the business of cold storage, the state board of health shall cause a license to be issued authorizing the applicant to operate a cold storage or refrigerating warehouse for

and during a period of one year. The license shall be issued upon payment by the applicant of a license fee of fifty dollars to the state board of health. The secretary of the state board of health shall keep a full and correct account of all fees received under the provisions of this act, and shall, at least once each month, deposit all such fees collected with the state treasurer, and make a detailed report covering same to the state controller, and such moneys shall be credited to the traveling and contingent fund of the state board of health, to be used exclusively for the purposes of this act.

Section 3. In the event that any place or places, or any part thereof, covered by a license, under the provision of this act shall at any time be deemed by the state board of health to be in an unsanitary condition, it shall be the duty of the state board of health to notify licensee of such condition and upon the failure of the licensee to put said specified place or places, or the specified part thereof, in a sanitary condition within a designated time, it shall be the duty of the state board of health to prohibit the use under its license (of) such specified place or places, or part thereof, as is done in an unsanitary condition until such time as it may be put in a sanitary condition.

Section 4. It shall be the duty of any person, firm or corporation, licensed to operate a cold storage or refrigeration warehouse to keep an accurate record of the receipts and the withdrawals of the articles of food, and the state board of health shall have free access to those records at any time. Every such person, firm or corporation, shall, furthermore, submit a quarterly report to the state board of health, setting forth in itemized particulars quantity of food products held in cold storage. Such quartely reports shall be filed on or before the twenty-fifth day of January, April, July and October of each year, and the reports so rendered shall show the conditions existing on the first day of the month in which the report is filed. The state board of health shall have the authority to require such reports to be made at more frequent intervals than the time herein specified, if in the judgment of the state board of health more frequent reports shall be needed in the interest of a proper enforcement of this act, or for other reasons affecting the public welfare.

Section 5. No storer shall place in cold storage any article of food intended for human consumption, if diseased, tainted or deteriorated so as to injure its keeping qualities, or if not slaughtered, handled and prepared for storage in accordance with the pure food anad sanitary food laws and such rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the state board of health for the sanitary preparation of food products for cold storage, under the authority hereinafter conferred.

Section 6. It shall be the duty of the state board of health to inspect and supervise all cold storage or refrigerating warehouses in this state, and to make such inspection of the entry or articles of food therein as the state board of health may deem necessary to secure proper enforcement of this act. The members of the state board of health or its duly authorized agents, inspectors or employes, shall be permitted access to such establishments and all parts thereof at all reasonable times for purposes of inspection and enforcement of the provisions of this act. The state board of health may also appoint and designate, at such salary or salaries as it may designate, such person or persons as it deems qualified to make the inspections herein required.

Section 7. All articles of food when deposited in cold storage shall be marked plainly on or in connection with the containers in which they are packed on the individual article with the date of receipt, and when removed from cold storage shall be marked with the date of withdrawal, in accordance with such forms as may be prescribed by the state board of health, under the authority hereinafter conferred.

Section 8. No person, firm or corporation as owners or having control shall keep in cold storage any article of food for a longer period than twelve calendar months, except with the consent of the state board of health, as hereinafter provided. The state board of health, shall, upon application, grant permission to extend the period of storage beyond twelve months for a particular consignment of goods, if the goods in question are found, upon examination, to be in proper condition for further storage at the end of twelve months. The length of time for which further storage is allowed shall be specified in the order granting the permission. A report on each case in which such extension of storage may be permitted, including information relating to the reason for the action of the state board of health the kind and amount of goods for which the storage period was extended, and the length of time for which the continuance was granted, shall be included in the annual report of the state board of health.

Section 9. It shall be unlawful to sell, or to offer or expose for sale, uncooked articles of food which have been cold stored without notifying persons purchasing, or intending to purchase, the same that they have geen kept in cold storage by the display, in a conspicuous place and upon the articles of food, of a sign marked, "These are cold stored goods," in type at least two inches high; and it shall be unlawful to represent or advertise as fresh goods articles of food which have been placed in cold storage.

Section 10. It shall be unlawful to return to cold storage any aticle of food that has once been released from such storage and placed on the market for sale to consumers, but nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent the transfer of goods from one cold storage or refrigerating warehouse to another; provided, that such transfer is not made for the purpose of evading any provision of this act.

Section 11. The state board of health may make rules and regulations to secure a proper enforcement of the provisions of this act, including rules and regulations with respect to the sanitary preparation of articles of food for cold storage, the use of marks, tags or labels, and the display of signs, and the violation of such rules shall be punished on conviction, as provided in section 12 of this act.

Section 12. Any person, firm or corporation violating any of the provisions of this act shall upon conviction be punished for the first offense by a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars, or by imprisonment for not more than ninety days, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

Section 13. All acts and parts of acts in conflict herewith are hereby repealed.

NEW JERSEY.

An Act relating to cold storage and refrigerating warehouses and places, and the sale or disposition of the food kept or preserved therein.

BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey,

1. The term food as used in this act shall include any article used for food, except liquid food.

2. It shall hereafter be unlawful for any person, persons or corporation engaged in the business of cold storage warehousemen, or in the business of refrigerating, or who own, operate, control or lease any cold storage or refrigerating plant to receive, nor shall any such person, persons or corporation place therein any article of food unless said food or the package containing the same is branded, stamped or marked in some conspicuous place, upon the receipt thereof, with the day, month and year when the same was received for storage or refrigerating, and it shall be unlawful for any such person, persons or corporation to receive any article of food which has been kept in cold storage without the state, unless at the time of such receipt such article offered is branded, stamped or marked with the day, month or year when it was placed in the cold storage in such other state, or such person, persons or corporation as shall have obtained the consent of the State Board of Health to receive such article of food.

3. It shall be unlawful for any person, persons, or corporation engaged in the business of cold storage warehousemen or in the business of refrigerating, or who own, operate, control, or lease any cold storage or refrigerator plant, to permit any article of any kind whatsoever used for food now in the possession o fany person, persons, or corporation now engaged in the business of cold storage warehousemen or refrigerating, or who own, operate, control or lease any cold storage or refrigerating plant, to be taken from their possession without first having been branded, stamped or marked on said article of food or the package containing the same, in a conspicuous place, the day, month and year when said article of food or package was received by any such person, persons or corporation engaged in the business aforesaid, or by any person, persons or corporation owning, operating, controlling or leasing any cold storage plant.

4. It shall hereafter be unlawful for any person, persons or corporation engaged in the business of cold storage warehousemen or refrigerating, or who own, operate, control or lease any cold storage or refrigerating plant, to keep in storage for preservation or otherwise any article of food a longer period than ten calendar months without the consent, as herein provided, of the State Board of Health or its duly authorized agents or officers, or except as hereinafter otherwise provided.

5 The State Board of Health is hereby vested with full power and authority, and it shall be the duty of said board, to inspect and supervise all places in this state now or hereafter used for cold storage or refrigerating purposes; the members of the State Board of Health or its dully authorized agents or employes of said board shall be permitted access to such place or places and all parts thereof at all times for the purpose of seeing that said place or places are kept and maintained in a clean and sanitary condition, and for the purpose of determining whether or not the provisions of this act or any other act relating to articles of food are being compiled with. The State Board of Health is hereby granted power and authority to adopt such reasonable rules and regulations as may be essential to the proper protection of the consumer of the commodities kept and preserved in such place or places, and the State Board of Health may appoint and designate from time to time such person or persons as said board may deem fit for the purpose of making such inspection.

6. All persons or corporations engaged in the business of cold storage warehousemen or in the business of refrigerating, or who own, operate, control or lease any cold storage or refrigerating plant, shall submit a quarterly report to the State Board of Health, upon printed forms to be provided by said State Board of Health, setting forth in itemiized particulars the quantity of each and every article of food in storage, or in the control of said, person or persons, corporation or corporations; said quarterly report shall be filed on or before the twenty-fifth day of January, April, July and October of each year, and reports so rendered shall show conditions existing upon the first day of the month in which said report is filed.

7. In the event of any food, or any article used for food, being kept or maintained in refrigerating or cold storage places for a longer period than ten months, report of such fact shall be filed by the person, persons or corporation operating such cold storage or refrigerating place, or by those owning, operating, controlling or leasing any said cold storage or refrigerating plant with the State Board of Health, upon blanks to be provided by said State Board of

Health upon application, and no such food or article used for food shall, after the expiration of said period of ten months, be delivered to any person, persons or corporation without a certificate from the State Board of Health first had and obtained authorizing such delivery. Power is hereby given to said State Board of Health or its proper agents, to extend the time when any particular food stuff or article used for food may be kept, maintained or preserved in such place or places.

8. The transfer of any food from one cold storage or refrigerating warehouse to another, for the purpose of evading any provision of this act, is hereby prohibited.

9. When food which has been in cold storage is released therefrom for the purpose of placing on the market for sale, it shall be a violation of the provisions of this act to knowingly again place such food in cold storage.

10. Any article of food kept or preserved in any cold storage warehouse or refrigerating place for a longer period than herein provided, after at least twenty days' notice to the owner or consignor of such articles of food to remove the same, shall be sold at public auction by the person, persons or corporation having the custody of the same, and at the place where the same is kept or preserved; such sale shall be within thirty days after the time limited for the keeping or preserving thereof, and the proceeds of such sale shall be paid to the owner or consignor thereof after deducting storage or other charges thereon, unless said food has been condemned as unfit for use by the State Board of Health, in which case it shall be destroyed or otherwise disposed of under such conditions as the State Board of Health may prescribe.

11. Any persor or persons, corporation or corporations, or officer or officers thereof violating any of the provisions of this act, shall, upon conviction, be subject to a penalty of not exceeding five hundred dollars for the first offense. Any such person or persons, corporation or corporations, or officer or officers thereof, having once been convicted of violating any provision of this act shall, upon a second offense, be held guilty of a misdemeanor. The conviction of any corporation shall not operate to relieve any officer or officers, agents or employes of such corporation from prosecution under the provisions of this act.

12. If any paragragh or provision of this act shall be questioned in any court and held to be invalid, the remainder of this act shall not be invalidated, but shall remain in full force and effect.

13. All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed.

14. This act shall take effect immediately.

Approved April 21, 1911.

KANSAS

An Act to prohibit the sale of refrigerated undrawn slaughtered poultry, game, fish, and for the protection of slaughtered fresh meats, and providing penalties for violation thereof.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

Section 1. That every person who shall offer or expose for sale or retail, for human food, at any public market, store, shop, or house, or in or about any street or other public place any slaughtered domestic or wild fowl, rabbits, squirrels, or other small animals, wild or tame, that have been preserved by refrigeration or cold storage, unless the entrails, crops and other offensive parts are properly drawn and removed, shall be guilty of misdemeanor, and upon conviction shall be subject to a fine of not less than fifty dollars nor more than one hundred dollars for each offense.

Section 2. That every dealer in slaughtered fresh meats, fish, fowl or game for human food, at wholesale or retail, at any established place, or as a peddler in the transportation of such food from place to place to customers, shall protect the same from dust, flies and other vermin or substance which may injuriously affect it, by securely covering it while being so transported. Every violation of this provision shall be a misdemeanor punishable by a fine of not less than ten dollars, or by imprisonment in the county jail for not less than ten days.

Section 3. This act shall be in force and effect from and after its publication in the official state paper.

Approved February 7, 1907.

Published February 9, 1907.

KANSAS

(Second Act)

An act relating to the public health, authorizing and empowering the State Board of Health to make and publish sanitary rules and regulations, and providing penalties for their violation.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas;

Section 1. That every place occupied or used for the preparation for sale, manufacture, packing, storage, sale or distribution of any food or drug shall be properly lighted, drained, plumbed, ventilated, screened and conducted with strict regard to the influence of such condition upon the health of operatives, employes, clerks or other persons therein employed, and the purity and wholesomeness of the foods or drugs therein produced.

Section 2. That the State Board of Health is hereby authorized and directed to make and cause to be published in the official state paper such sanitary rules and regulations as are necessary in food and drug inspection and to carry out the provisions of this act, and any person or persons or associations violating the provisions of this act, or any of the rules and regulations made or published under the provisions of this act, shall upon conviction be fined in a sum not exceeding one hundred dollars.

Section 3. This act shall be in force and effect on and after its publication in the official state paper.

Approved March 12, 1909.

Published March 24, 1909.

NORTH DAKOTA

Senate Bill No. 48.

A Bill For An Act Entitled, "An Act Relating to Cold Storage and Refrigerating Warehouses, the Disposition or Sale of the Food Kept or Preserved Therein, and Defining the Duties of the Food Commissioner of the North Dakota Government Agricultural Experiment Station in Relation thereto and Providing Penalties for the Violation Thereof.

Be it Enacted by the Legislative Assembly of the State of North Dakota:

Section 1 The term "Cold Storage" as used in this act shall be construed to mean a place artifically cooled to a temperature of 40 degrees F. or below, but shall not include such a place in a private home, hotel or restaurant, or refrigerator cars.

The term "Cold Storage" as used in this Act shall be construed to mean the keeping of "Articles of Food," in "Cold Storage" for a period exceeding thirty days.

The term "Articles of Food" as used in this Act shall be construed to mean and include fresh meat, and fresh meat products, except in process of manufacture, fresh food, fish, game, poultry, eggs and butter.

Section 2. Any person, firm or corporation desiring to operate a public cold storage or refrigerator warehouse, shall make application in writing to the Food Commissioner of the Experiment Station at Fargo for that purpose, stating the location of its plant or plants. On receipt of the application the Food Commissioner shall cause an examination to be made into the sanitary condition of said plant or plants, and if found to be in a sanitary condition and otherwise, properly equipped for the business of cold storage,the Food Commissioner shall cause a license to be issued authoriizng the applicant to operate a cold storage or refrigerating warehouse for and during the period of one year. The license shall be issued upon payment by the applicant of a license fee of Ten Dollars ($10.00) to the Food Commissioner.

Section 3. In the event that any place or places, or any part thereof covered by a license, under the provisions of this Act, shall at any time be deemed by the Food Commissioner to be in an unsanitary condition, it shall be the duty of the Food Commissioner to notify licensee of such condition and upon the failure of the licensee to put said specified place or places, or the specified part thereof, in a sanitary condition within a designated time, it shall be the duty of the Food Commissioner to prohibit the use under its license such specified place or places, or part thereof, as he deems in an unsanitary condition until such time as it may be put in a sanitary condition.

Section 4. It shall be the duty of any person, firm or corporation licensed to operate a cold storage or refrigerating warehouse to keep an accurate record of the receipts and the withdrawals of the articles of food, and the Food Commissioner shall have free access to those records at any time. Every such person, firm or corporation shall, furthermore, submit a quarterly report to the Food Commissioner, setting forth in itemized particular the quantity of food products held in cold storage. Such quarterly reports shall be filed on or before the 6th day of January, April, July and October of each year, and the reports so rendered shall show the conditions existing on the first day of the month in which the report is filed. The Food Commissioner shall have the authority to require such reports to be made at more frequent intervals than the times herein specified, if in the judgment of the Food Commissioner more frequent reports shall be needed in the interest of a proper enforcement of this Act, or for other reasons affecting the public welfare.

Section 5. No article of food intended for human consumption shall be placed in cold storage if diseased or tainted or deteriorated so as to injure its keeping qualities, or if not slaughtered, handled and prepared for storage in accordance with the pure food and sanitary laws and such rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the Food Commissioner for the sanitary preparation of food products, for cold storage, under the authority hereinafter conferred. Any article of food if intended for use other than human consumption before being cold stored shall be marked by the owner in accordance with forms prescribed by the Food Commissioner (under authority hereinafter conferred) in such a way as to plainly indicate the fact that such articles are not to be sold for human food.

Section 6. It shall be the duty of the Food Commissioner to inspect and supervise all cold storage or refrigerating warehouses in this state, and to make such inspection of the entry of articles of food therein as the Food Commissioner may deem necessary to secure proper enforcement of this Act. The Food Commissioner, or his duly authorized agents, inspectors or employes, shall be permitted access to such establishments and all parts thereof at all reasonable times for purposes of inspection and enforcement of the provisions of this Act. The said Food Commissioner may also appoint and designate such person or persons as he deems qualified to make the inspection herein required.

Section 7. All articles of food when deposited in cold storage shall be marked plainly on the containers in which they are packed or on or in connection with the individual article with the date of receipt, and when removed from cold storage shall be marked with the date of withdrawal, in accordance with such forms as may be prescribed by the Food Commissioner, under the authority herein conferred.

Section 8. No person, firm or corporation as owners or having control shall keep in cold storage any article of food for a longer period than twelve calendar months, except with the consent of the Food Commissioner as hereinafter provided. The Food Commissioner may upon application, grant permission to extend the period of storage beyond twelve months for a particular consignment of goods, if the goods in question are found, upon examination, to be in proper condition for further storage at the end of twelve months. The length

of time for which further storage is allowed shall be specified in the order granting the permission. A report on each case in which such extension of storage may be permitted, including information relating to the reason for the action of the Food Commissioner, the kind and the amount of goods for which the storage period was extended, and the length of time for which the continuance was granted, shall be included in the annual report of the Food Commissioner.

Section 9. It shall be unlawful to sell, or to offer or expose for sale unchecked articles of food which have been held in cold storage without notifying persons purchasing, or intending to purchase, the same, that they have been so kept by the display of a sign marked "Cold Storage Goods Sold Here," and it shall be unlawful to represent or advertise as fresh goods, articles of food which have been held in cold storage.

Section 10. It shall be unlawful to return to cold storage any article of food that has once been released from such storage and placed on the market for sale to customers, but nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent the transfer of goods from one cold storage or refrigerating warehouse to another, provided that such transfer iis not made for the purpose of evading any provision of this Act.

Section 11. The Food Commissioner may make rules and regulations to secure a proper enforcement of the provisions of this Act, including rules and regulations with respect to the sanitary preparation of articles of food for cold storage, the use of marks, tags, or labels, and the display of signs, and the violation of such rules shall be punished on conviction, as provided in section 12 of this Act.

Section 12. Any person, firm or corporation violating any of the provisions of this Act shall upon conviction be punished for the first offense by a fine not less than ten ($10) dollars and not more than one hundred ($100) dollars and for the second offense by a fine not less than fifty ($50) dollars nor more than five hundred ($500) dollars, or by imprisonment for not more than thirty days, or by such fines and imprisonment.

Section 13. What Constitutes Violation of the Law. The doing of anything prohibited by this Act shall be evidence of the violation of the provisions of this Act relating to the things so prohibited and the omission to do anything directed to be done shall be evidence of a violation of the provisions of this Act relative to the things so directed to be done.

Section 14. All Acts and parts of Acts conflicting with the provisions of this statute are hereby repealed.

NEW YORK

An Act to amend the public health law relating to cold storage and refrigerating warehouses and places, and the sale or disposition of the food kept or preserved therein. Became a law June 15, 1911, with the approval of the Governor. Passed, three-fifths being present.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Chapter forty-nine of the laws of nineteen hundred and nine, entitled "An Act in relation to the public health, constituting chapter forty-five of the consolidated laws," is hereby amended by adding after article sixteen thereof, a new article, to be article sixteen-a, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 16-A.

Cold Storage.

Section 335. Definitions.
Section 336. Cold storage food to be marked.
Section 337. Time that cold storage food may be kept.
Section 338. Powers of state commissioner of health.
Section 339. Reports of warehousemen.
Section 339-a. Transfers from one warehouse to another.
Section 339-b. Prohibits return of food to cold storage when once released for purpose of placing same on market for sale.
Section 339-c. Prohibits sale of food kept in cold storage without representing said fact.
Section 339-d. Penalties.

335-d. Definitions. The term food as used in this article shall include any article, except nuts, fruits, cheese and vegetables, used for food by man or animal and every ingredient of such article.

336. Cold storage food to be marked. It shall hereafter be unlawful for any person or persons, corporation or corporations, engaged in the business of cold storage warehousemen or in the business of refrigerating, to receive any kind of food unless the said food is in an apparently pure and wholesome condition, and the food or the package containing the same is branded, stamped or marked, in some conspicuous place, with the day, month and year, when the same is received in storage or refrigeration.

It shall be unlawful for any person or persons, corporation or corporations, engaged in the business of cold storage warehousemen or in the business of refrigerating to permit any article of any kind whatsoever used for food in the possession of any person or persons, corporation or corporations, engaged in the business of cold storage warehousemen or refrigerating, to be taken from their possession without having first branded, stamped or marked on said foodstuffs or the package containing same, in a conspicuous place, the day, month and year, when said foodstuffs or package was removed from cold storage or refrigeration.

337. Time that cold storage foods may be kept. It shall hereafter be unlawful for any person, corporation or corporations, engaged in the business of cold storage warehousemen or refrigerating, to keep in storage for preservation or otherwise any kind of food or any article used for food a longer period than ten calendar months, excepting butter products which may be kept in said cold storage or refrigeration twelve calendar months.

338. Powers of state commissioner of health. The state commissioner of health is hereby vested with full power and authority to inspect and supervise all places in this state now used or hereafter to be used for cold storage or refrigerating purposes; the state commissioner of health or his duly authorized agents or employes shall be permitted access to such place or places and all parts thereof at all times for the purpose of seeing that said place or places are kept and maintained in a clean and sanitary manner, and for the purpose of determining whether or not the provisions of this article or any other act relating to foodstuffs are being complied with. The power of supervision hereby granted shall xetend to enable the state commissioner of health to adopt such reasonable rules and regulations as may be determined upon from time to time as essential to the proper protection of the consumer of the commodities kept and preserved in such place or places, and the state commissioner of health may appoint and designate from time to time such person or persons as he deems fit for the purpose of making such inspections.

339. Reports of warehousemen. All persons or corporations engaged in the business of cold storage warehousemen, or in the business of refrigerating, shall submit reports to the state department of health, upon printed forms to be provided by said state department of health, setting forth in itemized particulars the quantity of each and every foodstuff in storage or in the control of said person or persons; corporation or corporations; said reports shall be filed on or before the 25th day of January, May and September of each year, and reports so rendered shall show conditions existing upon the first day of the month in which said report is filed.

339-a. Transfers from one warehouse to another. The transfer of any food from one sold storage or refrigerating warehouse to another for the purpose of evading any provisions of this article is hereby prohibited.

339-b. Prohibits return of food to cold storage when once released for purpose of placing same on market for sale. When food has been in cold storage or refrigeration and is released therefrom for the purpose of placing the same on the market for sale it shall be a violation of the provisions of this article to again place such food in cold storage or refrigeration.

339-c. Prohibits sale of food kept in cold storage without representing said fact. It shall be a violation of the provisions of this article to sell any article or articles of food that have been kept in cold storage or refrigeration, without representing the same to have been so kept.

339-d. Penalties. Any person or persons, corporation or corporations, or officer or officers thereof, violating any of the provisions of this article shall be guilty of a misdemeanor. The conviction of any corporation shall not operate to relieve any officer or officers, agents or employes of such corporation from prosecution under the provisions of this article.

2. This act shall take effect immediately.

State of New York, } ss:
Office of the Secretary of State }

I have compared the preceding with the original law on file in this office, and do hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom and of the whole of said original law.

EDWARD LAZANSKY,
Secretary of State.

INDIANA—CHAPTER 71.

An ACT for the protection of the public health and the prevention of fraud and deception by regulating cold storage and refrigerating warehouses, the holding of food products stored therein and the sale of such products, and defining the duties of the state board of health in relation thereto.

(Approved March 2, 1911)

Pure Food—Cold Storage Regulations.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the general assembly of the State of Indiana, That all food products which are placed or stored in any cold storage or refrigerating warehouse in this State shall be marked, stamped or tagged, either upon the product itself or on the original package in which it is enclosed, with the date when it is placed or stored in any such cold storage or refrigerating warehouse; and all such food products when removed from any such cold storage or refrigerating warehouse shall in addition be marked, stamped or tagged with the date when such product was removed from any such cold storage or or refrigerating warehouse: Provided, however, That any meat, fish, butter, cheese ,eggs, poultry, game, fruits, farm marking, stamping or tagging shall not be required. And for the purpose of this act a cold storage or refrigerating machinery shall be defined as one employing refrigerating machinery or ice for the purpose of refrigeration, whether for public or private use, and shall not apply to ice boxes used for temporary protection only.

STORAGE LIMIT.

Section 2. That all food products which shall be placed or stored in any cold storage or refrigerating warehouse after the passage of this act, shall not be kept in such cold storage or refrigerating warehouse for longer period than nine months after the same has first been placed or stored therein, nor placed or stored in any other cold storage or refrigerating warehouse after nine months from the time when such food poducts were first placed in a cold storage or refrigerating warehouse: Providing, however, That any meat, fish, butter, cheese, eggs, poultry, game, fruits, farm

or garden produce, or any other perishable food stuffs which shall have been in cold storage or refrigerating warehouse for more than nine months shall be reported by the person, firm or corporation operating such cold storage or storage refrigerating warehouse to the state board of health, and any such food product shall be inspected and if found to be unfit for human food shall be delivered forthwith to and before the nearest circuit or city judge or justice of the peace who shall order that such food product shall be drenched with kerosene oil and rendered into grease and tankage or otherwisce made unfit for food as the court may direct.

FOOD PRODUCTS NOW IN STORAGE.

Section 3. That all food products now in any cold storage or refrigerating warehouse in this state shall be removed from cold storage and placed upon the market within nine months from the passage of this act.

NON-RESIDENT STORAGE-MARK.

Section 4. That no food product shall be sold or offered for sale in this state which shall have been placed or stored in any cold storage or refrigerating warehouse outside of this state unless it shall have been marked, stamped or tagged as provided for in section one of this act.

SALES—WHEN UNLAWFUL—EGGS.

Section 5. That it shall be unlawful for any person, firm or corporation to sell or have in its possession with the intent of selling or offering or exposing for sale any package, box, bale, barrel, tub or other receptacle in which any meats, fish, eggs, butter, cheese, poultry, game, fruits, farm or garden produce, or any other perishable food stuffs are packed or contained and which has been taken or removed from any cold storage or refrigerating warehouse, where the stamp showing the date such articles of food were placed in any such cold storage or refrigerating warehouse has been removed, defaced, altered, or destroyed, or is not plainly legible, nor shall such person, firm or corporation sell, either at wholesale or retail, any storage eggs as fresh eggs, and all invoices shall plainly state whether such eggs are storage or fresh and when such eggs are sold at retail, in case eggs are sold have been in storage for thirty days, there shall be placed in or on the receptacle containing them, in full view of the public a card not smaller than six inches in width by six inches in length, upon which shall be printed the words "cold storage," in plain gothic letters not less than two inches in length, and the wrapper, bag or container in which said eggs are delivered to the purchaser by the retailer shall be plainly stamped with the words "cold storage."

RECORD—RECEIPTS AND WITHDRAWALS.

Section 6. That it shall be the duty of any person, firm or corporation carrying on, engaged in, or conducting a business or storing perishable food or keeping or maintaining a cold storage or refrigerating warehouse where meats, fish, butter, cheese, eggs, poultry, game, fruits, farm or garden produce, or any other perishable food stuffs are stored, to keep an accurate record of the receipts and withdrawals of all products so received or withdrawn and the state board of health shall have free access to these records at any time.

LICENSE REQUIRED—FEE

Section 7. That any person, firm or corporation desiring to carry on, engage in or conduct a business of storing perishable food, or to keep, maintain or operate a cold storage or refrigerating warehouse where meats, fish, eggs, butter, cheese ,poultry, game, fruits, farm or garden produce, or any other perishable food stuffs are stored, shall make application in writing to the state board of health for that purpose, in which application shall be declared the location at which said business is proposed to be carried on. Upon receipt of the application the state board of health shall cause an examination to be made into the sanitary condition of the place of business occupied by the applicant. If upon examination said place of business is found to be in a sanitary condition, clean and suitable for said purpose, the state board of health shall cause a license to be issued such applicant, authorizing such applicant to carry on said business for and during the period of one year. The said license shall be issued upon payment by such applicant of a license fee of ten ($10) dollars to the treasurer of state The license fees so paid shall be held by the treasurer of state as a fund for the enforcement of this act and at the end of each fiscal year the unexpended balance shall revert to the genral fund. All disbursements necessary for the carrying out of this act shall be paid by warrant drawn upon the treasurer of state after the filing with the auditor of state all vouchers and bills as now provided for by law. In the event that said place of businss shall be conducted in an unsanitary manner or in a manner contrary to the provisions of this act, it shall be the duty of the state board of health to revoke said license and to close the cold storage or refrigerating warehouse until such time as it may again be in a sanitary condition, clean and suitable for use.

STATE BOARD OF HEALTH—DUTIES

Section 8. That it shall be the duty of the state board of health to enforce the provisions of this act and for this purpose the state food and drug commissioner, the food inspectors of the state board of health, and the state, county and city and town health officers shall have full power at all times to enter every buildng, room, basement or cellar occupied or used or suspected of being occupied or used as a cold storage or refrigerating warehouse, and to inspect the premises, and if upon such inspection any cold storage or refrigerating warehouse or any employer, employee, or other person is found to be violating any of the provisions of this act, or if the meats, fish, eggs, butter, cheese, poultry, game, fruit, farm and garden products or any other perishable food stuffs stored therein, are not marked, stamped or tagged in accordance with the provisions of spector moking the inspection shall furnish evidence of said violation to the prosecuting attorney of the county or circuit wherein such violations occur, who shall prosecute all persons violating any of the provisions of this act. The state board of health shall adopt such rules as may be necessary to enforce this act and violation of said rules shall be punished on conviction as set forth in section 9 of this act.

PENALTY.

Section 9. That any person, firm or corporation, violating any of the provisions of this act shall upon conviction be punished by a fine of not less than $25.00 nor more than $50.00; for the second offense by a fine of not less than $50.00 nor more than $100.00; and for the third and subsequent offenses by a fine of $200.00 and imprisonment in the county jail for not less than thirty (30) nor more than ninety (90) days and each day on which the cold storage or refrigerating warehouse is found to be in violation thereof, or the employer, employe, or other person is found to be violating any of the provisions of this act, shall constitute a distinct and separate offense.

REPEAL.

Section 10. All acts and parts of acts in conflict with the provisions of this statute are hereby repealed.

ARIZONA

AN ACT

To Regulate and License the Hunting of Game Birds and Animals; to provide Revenue Therefrom; to Preserve Game; and to Make Appropriation for the purpose of Carrying Out the Provisions of This Act.

Section 8. No game or fish shall be received or held in storage except as follows, namely:

(1) During the open season therefor, and for five (5) days thereafter, when the same is stored for the person lawfully in possession of the same.

APPROVED June 24, 1912.

IOWA.

Section 1. Terms Defiined. The term "Cold Storage' as used in this act shall be construed to mean a place artificially cooled to a temperature of 40 degrees F. or below, but shall not include such a place in a private home, hotel, or restaurant, or to refrigerator cars.

The term "Cold Storage" as used in this act shall be construed to mean the keeping of "Articles of Food" in "Cold Storage" for a period exceeding thirty days.

The term "Articles of Food" as used in this act shall be construed to mean and include fresh meat, and fresh meat products except in process of manufacture, fresh fruit, fish, game, poultry, eggs, butter, and other articles intended for human consumption.

Section 2. Application—examination by dairy and food commission license—fee. Any person, firm or corporation desiring to operate a cold storage or refrigerating warehouse, shall make application in writing to the state dairy and food commissioner for that purpose, stating the location of its plant or plants. On receipt of the application the state dairy and food commissioner shall cause an examination to be made into the sanitary condition of said plant or plants, and if found to be in a sanitary condition and otherwise properly equipped for the business of cold storage, the state dairy and food commissioner shall cause a license to be issued authorizing the applicant to operate a cold storage or refrigerating warehouse for and during the period of one year. The license shall be issued upon payment by the applicant of a license fee of twenty-five ($25.00) to the state dairy and food commissioner, and all licenses shall expire December 31st following the issue thereof.

Section 3. Insanitary conditions—revocation. In the event that any place or places, or any part thereof, covered by a license, under the provision of this act shall at any time be deemed by the state dairy and food commissioner to be in an insanitary condition ,it shall be his duty to notify licensee of such condition and upon the failure of the licensee to put said specified place or places, or the specified part thereof, in a sanitary condition within a designated time it shall be the duty of the state dairy and food commissioner to prohibit the use under its license of such specified place or places, or part thereof, as it deems in an insanitary condition until such time as it may be put in a sanitary condition.

Section 4. Accurate records—reports. It shall be the duty of any person, firm or corporation licensed to operate a cold storage or refrigeration warehouse to keep an accurate record of the receipts and the withdrawals of the articles of food, and the state dairy and food commissioner or his assisants shall have free access to these records at any time. Every such person, firm or corporation shall, furthermore, submit a quarterly report to the state dairy and food commissioner, setting forth in itemized particulars quantity of food products held in cold storage. Such quarterly reports shall be filed on or before the 6th day of January, April, July and October of each year ,and the reports, so rendered, shall show the conditions existing on the first day of the month in which the report is filed. The state dairy and food commissioner shall have the authority to require such reports to be made at more frequent intervals than the times herein specified, if in his judgment more frequent reports shall be needed in the interest of a proper enforcement of this act, or for other reasons affecting the public welfare.

Section 5. Storage of diseased or tainted food prohibited—food not for human consumption plainly marked. No article of food intended for human consumption shall be placed in cold storage if diseased tainted or so deteriorated as to injure its keeping qualities, or if not slaughtered, handled and prepared for storage in accordance with the (pure food and sanitary food) laws and such rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the state dairy and food commissioner for the sanitary preparation of food products for cold storage, under the authority hereinafter conferred. Any article of food if intended for use other than human consumption before cold stored shall be marked by the owner in accordance with forms prescribed by the dairy and food commissioner (under authority hereinafter conferred) in such a way as to plainly indicate the fact that such articles are not to be sold for human food.

Section 6. Inspection. It shall be the duty of the dairy and food commissioner or his assistants to inspect and supervise all cold storage or refrigerating warehouses in this state, and to make such inspection of the entry of articles of food therein as the state dairy and food commissioner may deem necessary to secure proper enforcement of this act. The state dairy and food commissioner's employes shall be permitted access to such establishments and all parts thereof at all reasonable times for purposes of inspection and enforcement of the provisions of this act. The said dairy and food commissioner may also appoint and designate such person or persons as he deems qualified to make the inspections herein required.

Section 7. Containers plainly marked—date of receipt —when removed. All articles of food when deposited in cold storage shall be marked plainly on the containers in which they are packed or on, or in connection with, the individuals, article with the date of receipt, and when removed from cold storage shall be marked with the date of withdrawal, in accordance with such forms as may be prescribed by the state dairy and food commissioner, under the authority hereinafter conferred.

Section 8. Storage period. No person, firm or corporation as owner or having control shall keep in cold storage any article of food for a longer period than twelve calendar months, except with the consent of the state dairy and food commissioner as hereinafter provided. The state dairy and food commissioner shall, upon application, grant permission to extend the period of storage beyond twelve months for a particular consigment of goods, if the goods in question are found, upon examination, to be in proper condition for further storage at the end of twelve months. The length of time for which further storage is allowed shall be specified in the order granting the permission. A report on each case in which such extension of storage may be permitted, including information relating to the reason for the action of the state dairy and food commissioner, the kind and the amount of goods for which the storage period was extended, and the length of time for which the continuance was granted, shall be included in the annual report of the state dairy and food commissioner.

Section 9. Cold Storage Goods—sign displayed. It shall be unlawful to sell, or to offer or expose for sale uncooked articles of food which have been held in cold storage without notifying persons purchasing, or intending to purchase the same, that they have been so kept by the display of a sign marked "Cold Storage Goods Sold Here," and it shall be unlawful to represent or advertise as fresh goods articles of food which have been held in cold storage.

Section 10. Re-storage prohibited. It shall be unlawful to return to cold storage any article of food that has once been released from such storage and placed on the market for sale to consumers, but nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent the transfer of goods from one cold storage or refrigerating warehouse to another, Provided, that such transfer is not made for the purpose of evading the provisions of this act.

Section 11. Rules—regulations—labels. The state dairy and food commissioner may make rules and regulations to secure a proper enforcement of the provisions of this act, including rules and regulations with respect to the sanitary preparation of articles of food for cold storage, the use of marks, tags, or labels, and the display of signs, and the violation of such rules shall be punished on conviction, as provided in section 12 of this act.

Section 12. Penalty. Any person, firm or corporation violating any of the provisions of this act shall upon conviction be punished for the first offense by a fine of not less than $25 nor more than $100.00 and the second offense by a fine of not less than $100 nor more than $500 or by imprisonment for not more than six months, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

Section 13. Repeal. All acts and parts of acts conflicting with the provisions of the statute are hereby repealed. (Laws, Thirty-fifth General Assembly.)

NEBRASKA.

For an Act relating to cold storage and refrigerating warehouses, the disposition or sale of the food kept or preserved therein, and defining the duties of food drug and dairy commissioner in relation thereto.

Section 1. Cold storage defined.—The term "cold storage" as used in this act shall be considered to mean a place artifically cooled to a temperature of 40 degrees F., or below, but shall not include such a place in a private house, hotel, or restaurant, or refrigerator cars.

The term "cold storage" as used in this act shall be construed to mean the keeping of "articles of food" in "cold storage" for a period exceeding thirty days.

The term "articles of food" as used in this act shall be construed to mean and include fresh meat and fresh meat products, except in process of manufacture, fresh food fiish, game, poultry, eggs and butter.

Section 2. Cold storage warehouses licensed by food commission-license.—Any person, firm or corporation desiring to operate a public cold storage refrigerating warehouse, shall make application in writing to the Food, Drug and Dairy Commission for that purpose, stating the location of its plant or plants. On receipt of the application the Food, Drug and Dairy Commission shall cause an examination to be made into the sanitary condition of said plant or plants and if found to be in a sanitary condition and otherwise properly equipped for the business of cold storage, the Food, Drug and Dairy Commission shall cause a license to be issued authorizing the applicant to operate a cold storage or refrigerating warehouse for and during the period of one year; Provided, all licenses shall expire on the 31st day of December of the year in which they are issued. The license shall be issued upon payment by the applicant of a license fee of five dollars to the treasurer of the State.

Section 3. Unsanitary places prohibited from storing food stuff—inspection.—In the event that any place or places, or any part thereof, covered by a license, under the provisions of this act, shall at any time be deemed by the Food, Drug and Dairy Commission to be in an unsanitary condition, it shall be the duty of the Food, Drug and Dairy Commission to notify licensee of such condition and upon the failure of the licensee to put such specified place or places, or the specified part thereof, in a sanitary condition within a designated time it shall be the duty of the Food, Drug and Dairy Commission to prohibit the use under its license such specified place or places, or part thereof, as it deems in an unsanitary condition until such time as it may be put in a sanitary condition.

Section 4. Record articles stored—reports of food commissioner.—It shall be the duty of any person, firm or corporation licensed to operate a cold storage or refrigeration warehouse to keep an accurate record of the receipts and withdrawals of the articles of food, and the Food, Drug and Dairy Commission shall have free access to these records at any time. Every such person, firm or corporation shall, furthermore, submit a quarterly report to the Food, Drug and Dairy Commission, setting forth in itemized particulars the quantity of food products held in cold storage. Such quarterly reports shall be filed on or before the 6th day of January, April, July and October of each year, and the reports so rendered shall show the conditions existing of the first day of the month in which the report is filed. The Food, Drug and Dairy Commission shall have the authority to require such reports to be made at more frequent intervals than the times herein specified, if in the judgment of the Food, Drug and Dairy Commission more frequent reports shall be needed in the interest of a proper enforcement of this act, or for other reasons affecting the public welfare

Section 5. Diseased or tainted food not to be stored.—No article of food intended for human consumption shall be placed in cold storage if diseased or tainted or deteriorated so as to injure its keeping qualities, or if not slaughtered, handled and prepared for storage in accordance with the pure food and sanitary food laws and such rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the Food, Drug and Dairy Commission for the sanitary preparation of food products for cold storage, under the authority hereinafter conferred. Any article of food if intended for use other than human consumption before being cold stored shall be marked by the owner in accordance with forms prescribed by the Food, Drug and Dairy Commission (under authority hereinafter conferred) in such a way as to plainly indicate the fact that such articles are not to be sold for human food.

Section 6. Inspection of warehouses by food Commissioner.—It shall be the duty of the Food, Drug and Dairy Commission to inspect and supervise all cold storage or refrigerating warehouses in this state, and to make such inspection of the entry of articles of food therein as the Food, Drug and Dairy Commission may deem necessary to secure proper enforcement of this act. The Food, Drug and Dairy Commissioner, his deputy, inspectors or employees, shall be permitted access to such establishments and all parts thereof at all reasonable times for purposes of inspection and enforcement of the provisions of this act. The said Food, Drug and Dairy Commission may also appoint and designate such person or persons as it deems qualified to make the inspections therein required.

Section 7. Marking package date received. All articles of food when deposited in cold storage shall be marked plainly on the containers in which they are packed or on or in connection with the individual article with the date of receipt, and when removed from cold storage shall be marked with the date of withdrawal, in accordance with such forms as may be prescribed by the Food, Drug and Dairy Commission, under the authority hereinafter conferred.

Section 8. Food stuff not to be stored more than one year. No person, firm or corporation as owners or having control shall keep in cold storage any article of food for

a longer period than twelve calendar months, except with the consent of the Food, Drug and Dairy Commission as hereinafter provided. The Food, Drug and Dairy Commission may, upon application, grant permission to extend the period of storage beyond twelve months for a particular consignment of goods, if the goods in question are found, upon examination, to be in proper condition for further storage at the end of twelve months. The length of time for which further storage is allowed shall be specified in the order granting the permission. A report on each case in which such extension of storage may be permitted, including information relating to the reason for the action of the Food, Drug and Dairy Commission, the kind and the amount of goods for which the storage period was extended, and the length of time for which the continuance was granted, shall be included in the annual report of the Food, Drug and Dairy Commission.

Section 9. Dealers in cold storage article to notify purchaser. It shall be unlawful to sell, or to offer or expose for sale uncooked articles of food which have been held in cold storage without notifying persons purchasing or intending to purchase, the same that they have been so kept by the display of a sign marked "Cold Storage Goods Sold Here," and it shall be unlawful to represent or advertise as fresh goods articles of food which have been held in cold storage.

Section 10. Restorage after removal. It shall be unlawful to return to cold storage any article of food that has once been released from such storage and placed on the market for sale to consumers, but nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent the transfer of goods from one cold storage or refrigerating warehouse to another; Provided, such transfer is not made for the purpose of evading any provisions of this act.

Section 11. Rules and regulations prepared by food commission. The Food, Drug and Dairy Commission may make rules and regulations to secure a proper enforcement of the provisions of this act, including rules and regulations with respect to the sanitary preparation of articles of food for cold storage, the use of marks, tags, or labels, and the display of signs, and the violation of such rules shall be punished on conviction, as provided in section 12 of this act.

Section 12. Penalties. Any person, firm, or corporation violating any of the provisions of this act shall upon conviction be punished for the first offense by a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars or by imprisonment for not more than six months, or by both fine and imprisonment.

Section 13. Repealing clause. All act and parts of acts conflicting with the provisions of this statute are hereby repealed.

PREJUDICE AGAINST WORD "COLD STORAGE."

In these days of enlightenment it is unnecessary to dwell at any length upon the necessity of cold storage. The use of refrigeration every day of the year, in every climate and by almost every person, directly or indirectly, is so well known that to go into the subject of necessity would be both fruitless and idle.

Notwithstanding this universal use of cold storage there is no denying the fact that a certain prejudice against the words "cold storage" exists in the minds of many people—a prejudice that is as unjust as mysterious. Thousands who daily put into practice the principles of cold storage by means of crude and unscientific methods, look upon the term "cold storage" with horror and disdain.

J. A. Ruddock, the Canadian Dairy and Cold Storage Commissioner, says in this connection:

"Every family that makes use of a kitchen refrigerator, or that places milk, butter, meats, fruit, or other vegetables in a cold cellar puts into practice the principles which underlie the operation of the most up-to-date cold-storage warehouse in the country. The difference is one of degree as measurd by the temperature employed in each case.

"The thrifty householder who lays in a supply of butter, poultry, meats, etc., during the early part of the winter, when much things are in supply, and then keeps them in some unheated storeroom in a frozen condition for several months, is employing exactly the same means to preserve them as if they were taken to a cold-storage warehouse, with this qualification, that in the warehouse there is practically no change of temperature—no danger from thaws—and therefore greater certainty of preservation.

"The farmer who keeps apples, potatoes, or any other vegetable in a "pit" during the winter is taking advantage of the preservative effect of a low temperature when he covers them only sufficiently to prevent the frost from penetrating.

"The fruit grower who stores his apples in a frost-proof warehouse depends on the same means of presrvation as the cold-storage man does, namely, a low temperature without frost. There is no difference in the effect, whether the temperature is reduced naturally or whether the same result is brought about by artificial means. The advantage, however, is with the cold-storage warehouse, because the temperature can be absolutely controlled and the preservative effect of "cold" can be applied when it is most needed, namely, during the warm weather of autumn or immeditely after the fruit is harvested and before cold weather arrives.

"Perishable food products are so called because of the tendency to undergo change and decay. These changes are controlled to some extent by the degree of heat to which the articles are exposed. Thus milk will keep sweet longer in a cool cellar than it will in a warm pantry, and a well iced refrigerator will keep it longer than the cellar, because of the lower temperature. These somewhat obvious facts are mentioned to show that the cold storage industry is merely the organized and systematic application of well-known and long practiced principles.

"The cold-storage industry benefits both the producer and the consumer by working to prevent alternate periods or glut and scarcity, accompanied by unprofitable prices at one time and exhorbitant or prohibitive prices at the other extreme. The benefits derived from cold storage are well illustrated in its influence on the egg trade. There are other methods of preserving eggs, but of late years cold storage has been recognized as the most efficient. If it were not for the cold-storage facilities which are now available the price of eggs would, for lack of a market, go so low during the laying period of spring and early summer that production would be seriously discouraged, and the scarcity which would result during the off season would boost prices for all kinds of eggs to such an extent as to make them prohibitive for the majority of the people.

"The use of cold storage gives the producer a fair price for his eggs at all season, and the consumer can secure a storage egg in fair condition during the fall and winter months at reasonable prices. No one would claim that a cold storage egg is equal to a fresh-laid egg, but fresh laid eggs are not available in any quantity, and without the storage eggs a large proportion of the people would be unable to secure eggs of any kind during the winter months, no matter what price might be paid for them. The same thing applies to butter, poultry, meat and fruit in a lesser degree."

SUPPLY AND DEMAND.

By artificial means of preservation, perishable products are accumulated during periods of maximum output, and this increases the supply of food beyond what it would otherwise be. To arbitrarily restrict this economic benefit is an injustice to the consumer as much as it is a blow to the producer. The process of cold storage for reasonable perods is not deleterious to food products subjected thereto, providing such products are placed in storage in sound condition.

Inasmuch as cold storage is necessary, no unduly short limit upon the time during which products are stored should be placed in any statute, for such action tends to decrease the supply of food and increase its cost.

The farm produces for the most part perishable foods, as they are essentially the product of the ground. As a result the farmer is deeply interested in any legislation affecting refrigeration and cold storage.

If goods go into cold storage in good condition they will come out in the same condition, providing they are not kept there beyond a season. There is no danger connected with the eating of cold storage food, nor has it been shown that products of cold storage houses are deleterious to consumers. According to scientists, the danger of ptomaine poisoning from cold storage food is less than from the food not subject to cold storage. The probable reason for this is that freezing at least retards the growth of bacteria. As the population of cities become more conjested, the demand for cold storage food naturally increases. People in all walks of life demand certain perishable products the year round, and as the city resident is unable to raise any of this food himself, he must depend largely upon cold storage facilities.

So important has cold storage become to the welfare of the people of Canada, that the Canadian Government some years ago decided to subsidize the construction of refrigerating warehouses. The French Government is developing cold storage facilities and movements are on in Spain and Portugal to take over the cold storage warehouses in those countries.

The following extract from an article in the "Country Gentleman" (issue of December, 1913) gives a fair idea of how important and necessary cold storage has become in large cities and how much of the opposition to it is due to prejudice growing out of misinformation:

"The biggest dealer in live poultry in New York City said to me in the course of a very frank discussion of the intricacies of his trade:—

"When I want to take home some poultry to the folks I go to a neighbor who handles dressed stock—that is, frozen poultry—and make my selection. The pick of the Middle-Western flocks goes into the cooling plants; they

are dry-frozen and are shipped into the city in refrigerator cars. To my mind they are fresher and have better flavor than any of the fresh-killed poultry I handle."

"This same man, who has been a wholesale dealer in live poultry for twenty years, said that fresh-killed fowls, poultry brought into New York, Philadelphia, Boston, Baltimore, or any other big city in the east, "on the hoof" and "in the feather," were about as rare in most neighborhood butcher shops as peacocks or golden pheasants. In New York City ninety per cent of the live poultry that comes to the great distribution depot in West Washington Market is consumed by the orthodox Jews. Add to this a small percentage sold to the big hotels, direct to Chinatown and to a portion of the Negro and Italian population, and the housewife who does not buy from the kosher shops can figure out the slenderness of her opportunity to buy live poultry. Let her also bear in mind that in 1912 about $29,000,000 worth of dressed or frozen poultry was sold in New York City, whereas the total for live poultry came to $15,644,925.

"It is very nearly time that the cold storage bogy was thrust into a retreat for aged and descrepit superstitions. State laws and Federal regulations have corrected the bulk of the evils complained about, and science has determined that the freezing of food products does not in any way impair the purity of their food value nor destroy their flavor. The danger of too long duration in cold storage is minimized by demand. It is economically impossible to keep more than a very small fraction of eggs, poultry, fish or other products in cold storage beyond the period of absolute safety."

OBJECTIONS TO PRESENT LAW.

Objections to the present Pennsylvania Cold Storage Act (No. 153, Pamphlet Laws 1913) have been urged before this Commission both orally and in writing. The following are some of the substantial objections to specific sections of aid Act:

"Section 2. The term "cold storage", as used in this act shall mean the storage of food, at or below a temperature of forty degrees Fahrenheit, in a cold storage warehouse."

The temperature should be thirty degrees instead of forty degrees, for the reason that by a combination of ice and salt a temperature of thirty degrees to thirty-two degrees can be maintained for a short time in private cold storage boxes.

"Section 3. The term "cold storage warehouse", as used in this act, shall mean an establishment employing refrigerating machinery or ice for the purpose of refrigeration, or a place otherwise artificially cooled, in which articles of food are stored, for thirty (30) days or more, at a temperature of forty degrees Fahrenheit, or under."

The words "or ice" should be stricken out because no very low temperature can be maintained without the combination of ice and salt.

"Section 5. The word "container", as used in this act, shall be taken to mean any bag, band, barrel, basket, bottle, box, caddy, can, canister, carton, crate, fifirkin, hogshead, jar, jug keg, stopper, vessel, wrapper, frozen bulk, or any similar or analogous utensil, receptacle, band or wrapper in which food may be kept, stored, sold, or offered for sale."

"Section 6. The word "marked", as used in this act, shall be taken to mean written, printed, stamped or painted, or any other means whereby words or figures may be indicated in or on a container, or on any cover attached thereto."

That the definition of the container to be marked and branded is too fine, inasmuch as such marking causes an unwarranted prejudice in the mind of the consumer.

"Section 8. No person, firm or corporation shall operate a cold storage warehouse without a license issued by the Department of Agriculture through its agent. Each license shall be issued only on written application stating the location of such warehouse. Upon receipt of the application, said Dairy and Food Commissioner shall cause an examination to be made into the sanitary conditions of such warehouse. If it be found to be in a sanitary condition and properly equipped for the purpose of cold storage, the Dairy and Food Commissioner shall cause a license to be issued, authorizing the applicant to operate a cold storage warehouse during the period of one year from the date of such license. No license shall be issued until the applicant therefor shall have paid to the Dairy and Food Commissioner the sum of $50.00. A license shall be required for each separate warehouse building."

That the taking out of a license for each separate building is an unnecessary hardship, as all buildings are located in one plant and cooled by the same machinery.

"Section 9. Whenever any warehouse licensed under the provisions of this act, or any portion of such warehouses, shall be deemed by the Dairy and Food Commissioner to be in an unsanitary condition, it shall be the duty of the Dairy and Food Commissioner to cause such warehouse, or portion thereof, to be closed until it shall be put in a sanitary condition. If such changes be not made within a reasonable time, the, Dairy and Food Commissioner may suspend or revoke the license granted for the operation of such warehouse. It shall be unlawful for any person, firm or corporation to operate any such warehouse, or portion thereof, when the same shall be cleaned by order of the Dairy and Food Commissioner."

This is unnecessary because it is already covered by the power in the existing Pure Food Laws.

"Section 10. It shall be the duty of every person, firm or corporation that shall be licensed to operate a cold storage warehouse to keep an accurate record of the receipts and withdrawals of food therefrom. The agents of the Dairy and Food Commissioner shall have free access to such records at all times. It shall be the duty of each person, firm that shall be licensed to operate a cold storage warehouse to keep an office of the Dairy and Food Commissioner, on or before the sixth day of January, April, July and October of each year, a report setting forth in itemized particulars the kind and qualities of food products held in cold storage in such warehouse. The report shall be made on printed forms, prepared and supplied by the Dairy and Food Commissioner. If, in the judgment of the Dairy and Food Commissioner, it shall be deemed better in enforcing this act to cause reports to be made at more frequent intervals than herein required, said Dairy and Food Commissioner may cause such reports to be filed in accordance herewith."

This is harmless but said to be unnecessary, unless the State goes into the business of keeping statistics on all subjects.

"Section 11. It shall be unlawful for any person, firm, or corporation to place in any cold storage warehouse, to keep therein, or to sell, offer, or expose for sale, any diseased, tainted, or otherwise unwholesome food."

This is already covered by the Pure Food Laws.

"Section 13. It shall be the duty of the Dairy and Food Commissioner to cause to be made a careful inspection of all cold storage foods, with a view to determining whether the same are wholesome. Such inspection shall be made wheresuch food is stored; and each package of such food so inspected shall bear the marks, stamps, or other device for identification, provided for in this section. It shall be the duty of the Dairy and Food Commissioner to make such rules and regulations as he may deem proper, relating to such inspection and supervision and to the cold storage of food, and otherwise to secure the proper enforcement of this act. Duly authorized agents of the Dairy and Food Commissioner may, at any reasonable time, enter such warehouse and inspect the same."

No objections. Dairy and Food Commissioner now already has the power to examine and prevent the sale of unwholesome food.

"Section 14. All food when deposited in cold storage warehouses shall have plainly marked upon the container the date that such food shall be placed in such warehouses. If such food be not in a container ,such marking shall be on such food, or on a tag or label securely and permanently attached thereto. Such food, or the container theerof, shall have marked plainly thereon the date of withdrawal of such food from such warehouses. The marking of food, in accordance with the terms of this section, shall be under such regulations as may be prescribed by the Dairy and Food Commissioner."

It is an injury to legitimate business for the reasons that it prejudices the buyer when buying cold storage goods.

"Section 15. It shall be unlawful for any person, firm or corporation ,or any agent thereof, to sell, or offer or expose for sale, or have in possession with intent to sell, at wholesale, any food which is not marked and distinguished, on the outside of each container, in a conspicuous place, by a placard with the words "wholesome cold storage food" printed thereon; such placard to be placed in a conspicuous position, in full view of the purchaser; and the said words "wholesome cold storage food" on such placard shall be printed in plain, uncondensed gothic letters, not less than one-half inch in length; and, in addition, all such food shall be marked with the date when it is placed in any such cold storage warehouse, and with the date when it was withdrawn from such cold storage warehouse.

There shall also be displayed upon every open container containing such food, in the same manner, in a conspicuous position, a placard with the words "wholesome cold storage food" printed theeron, in the same form as above described in this section; and when such food from such container or otherwise, at retail, before being delivered to the purchaser, it shall be wrapped in wrappers plainly stamped on the outside thereof with the words "wholesome cold storage food" printed or stamped thereon in letters one-fourth inch square, and such wrappers shall also contain the date of first placing such food in cold storage; and the said words "wholesome cold storage food" and the date of first placing such food in cold storage so stamped or printed on said wrapper, shall not be in any manner concealed, but shall be in plain view of the purchaser at the time of the purchase."

Objected to on the ground that it is an arbitrary interference with business. It should never be imposed upon dealers in perishable goods. It is impossible to carry out this provision, and the attempt to do so adds to the cost of the goods to the consumer.

"Section 16. No person, firm or corporation shall sell, offer, or expose for sale, any of the herein named foods which shall have been held for a longer priod of time than herein specified, in a cold storage warehouse or warehouses, to wit: Whole carcasses of beef, or any parts thereof, four (4) months; whole carcasses of pork, or any parts thereof, six (6); whole carcasses of sheep, or any parts thereof, six (6) months; whole carcasses of veal, or any parts thereof, three, (3) months; dressed fowl, drawn, five (5) months; dressed fowl, undrawn, ten (10) months; eggs, eight (8) months; butter, nine (9) months, and fish, nine (9) months."

This time limit is drastic, inasmuch as it s damaging to the purchaser, dealer and consumer. Farmers, commission merchants and warehouse dealers object to this section on the ground that it is virtually confiscatory and accomplishes nothing for the consumer.

"Section 18. No food shall be sold, or offered or exposed for sale, in this state, which shall have been placed or stored in any cold storage warehouse outside of this State, unless it first shall have been marked as provided for in Section 15 of this act; Provided, however, that no such food shall be sold, or offered or exposed for sale in this state ,if the total length of time that such food has remained in cold storage shall exceed that specified in Section 16 of this act."

To carry this out is impossible because if marked goods are shipped into Pennsylvania there is no way for the receiver to tell how long he has to sell them here; hence tney are usually sold as "fresh goods," to the damage of the producer, dealer and consumer in Pennsylvania.

"Section 21. It shall be the duty of the Department of Agriculture, through its Dairy and Food Commissioner, to enforce all the provisions of this act, and to make all rules and regulations not otherwise herein provided, necessary for the enforcement of the same."

This section is an incentive to the practice of fraud upon merchants and others through the operation of unscrupulous spies and detectives. Some men would not hesitate to frame up a case in order to get part of the fine.

"Section 23. Any person, firm or corporation that shall violate any of the provisions of this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be sentenced for the first offense to pay a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars ($500.00); and for the second and each subsequent offense such person, firm, or corporation shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not more than one thousand dollars ($1,000.00), and, in addition thereto, such person, or the members of such firm, or the officers of such corporation, as the case may be, with guilty knowledge of the fact, may be sentenced to undergo imprisonment in the jail of the proper county for a period of not more than ninety (90) days, or both, at the discretion of the court."

It is claimed that this should be amended to make the penalty one hundred dollars ($100.00) for the first offense and two hundred dollars ($200.00) for the second offense; that imprisonment is out of all proportion to the abnormity of the offense.

UNIFORM COLD STORAGE LAW.

Following is a copy of a letter received by each member of the Commission in reference to the uniform cold storage bill:

Harrisburg, Pa., December 22, 1914.

Dear Sir:—I send you herewith a copy of the Uniform Cold Storage Law, approved and recommended for adoption by the various States at the conference of the Commissioners on Uniform State Laws, held at the meeting in Washington in October of this year.

This bill was prepared after careful hearings extending over a period of a year, in which Dr. Alsberg and Dr. Pennington of the Bureau of Chemistry of the United States, took part, and after the Committee in charge had given careful consideration both from a logal and practical standpoint.

In many respects it is almost identical with the present Pennsylvania Law. As to the time limits, it is probably almost a unanimous opinion that the Pennsylvania Law is too drastic.

I need not call your attention to the great work that has been done by the Commissioners on Uniform State Laws. Every Law so far recommended and adopted in the various States has met with general approval, and no law has been recommended for adoption without the most careful consideration both of subject matter and phraseology.

It is particularly important that there should be a uniform cold storage law so as to prevent the shipment of cold storage products from one State into another where the provisions are less drastic.

I therefore commend to your earnest consideration whether you should not recommend this cold storage law, or at least as much of it as possible, to the coming Legislature.

Very truly yours,

(Signed) WILLIAM M. HARGEST.

Commissioner on Uniform State Laws for Pennsylvania.

The Secretary acknowledged receipt of the following letter:

Charles Thaddeus Terry, Pres.
100 Broadway, N. Y. City

W. M. Crook, Vice, Pres.
Beaumont, Texas.

Thomas A. Jenckes, Treas.
Turks Head Bldg.,
Providence, R. I.

George B. Young, Sec.
Newport, Vermont.

CONFERENCE OF COMMISSIONERS ON UNIFORM STATE LAWS.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

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William H. Staake,
648 City Hall, Philadelphia, Pa.
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Seneca N. Taylor,
Pierce Building, St. Louis, Mo.
C. A. Severance,
St. Paul, Minn.
Ex-Officio:
President, Secretary, Treasurer and Ex-President Walter George Smith, 1006 Land Title Building, Philadelphia, Pa.

January 4, 1915.

William P. Gallagher, Esq.,
Secy. Pa. Commission appointed to examine into the question of Cold Storage,
Wilkes-Barre, Pa.

Dear Sir:—As Secretary of the Conference of Commissioners on Uniform State Laws for this Commonwealth, on hebalf of myself and my colleagues, Hon. William H. Staake, of Philadelphia, and William M. Hargest, Esq., of Harrisburg, I invite your special attention to the Uniform Law Relating to the Cold Storage of Certain Articles of Food, with the hope that it will be adopted by your Commission and reported to the Legislature. It has already been approved in influential circles of this city and is believed to represent the best thought on the subject. It was drafted by a committee of the National Conference of Commissioners on Uniform State Laws and has been recommended to the legislatures of all of the States. The importance of uniform legislation on this subject must appeal to any one at all familiar with it, and I am sure your Commission will give it due consideration.

Very truly yours,

(Signed) WALTER GEORGE SMITH.

UNIFORM LAW RELATING TO THE COLD STORAGE OF CERTAIN ARTICLES OF FOOD (APPROVED AND RECOMMENDED FOR ADOPTION BY THE CONFERENCE OF COMMISSIONERS ON UNIFORM STATE LAWS).

An Act to regulate cold storage of certain articles of food.

Be it enacted, etc.

Section 1. For the purpose of this act, "cold storage" shall mean the storage or keeping of articles of food at or below a temperature above zero of 45 degrees Fahrenheit in a cold storage warehouse; "cold storage warehouse" shall mean any place artificially cooled to or below a temperature above zero of 45 degrees Fahrenheit, in which articles of food are placed and held for thirty days or more; "article of food" shall mean fresh meat and fresh meat products and all fish, game, poultry, eggs and butter.

Section 7. No person, firm or corporation shall place, tain or operate a cold storage warehouse without a license so to do issued by the State Food Commissioner. Any person, firm or corporation desiring such a license shall make written application to the State Food Commissioner for that purpose, stating the location of the warehouse. The State Food Commissioner thereupon shall cause an examination to be made of said warehouse and, if it be found by him to be in a proper sanitary condition and otherwise properly equipped for its intended use, he shall issue a license authorizing the applicant to operate the same as a cold storage warehouse during one year. The license shall be issued upon payment by the applicant of a license fee of ..... to the Treasurer of the State.

Section 3. In case any cold storage warehouse, or any part thereof, shall at any time be deemed by the State Food Commissioner to be in an unsanitary condition, or

not properly equipped for its intended use, he shall notify the licensee of such condition and upon the failure of the licensee to put such cold storage warehouse in a sanitary condition or to properly equip the same for its intended use, within a time to be designated by the State Food Commissioner, he shall revoke such license.

Section 4. Every such license shall keep accurate records of the articles of food received in and of the articles of food withdrawn from his cold storage warehouse, and the State Food Commissioner shall have free access to such records at any time. Every such license shall submit a monthly report to the State Food Commissioner, setting forth in itemized particulars the quantities and kinds of articles of food in his cold storage warehouse. Such monthly reports shall be filed on or before the fifth day of each month, and the reports so rendered shall show the conditions existing on the last day of the preceding month reported and a summary of such reports shall be prepared by the State Food Commissioner and shall be open to the public inspection on or before the tenth day of each month.

Section 5. The State Food Commissioner shall inspect and supervise all cold storage warehouses and make such inspection of articles of food therein as he may deem necessary to secure the proper enforcement of this act, and he shall have access to all cold storage warehouses at all reasonable times. The State Food Commissioner may appoint such persons as he deems qualified to make any inspection under this act.

Section 6. No articles of food intended for human consumption shall be placed, received or kept in any cold storage warehouse, if diseased, tainted, otherwise unfit for human consumption, or in such condition that it will not keep wholesome for human consumption. Noarticle of food, for use other than for human consumption, shall be placed, received or kept in any cold storage warehouse unless previously marked, in accordance with forms to be prescribed by the State Food Commissioner, in such a way as to indicate plainly the fact that such article of food is to be sold or used for human food.

Section 7. No person, firm or corporation shall place,, receive or keep in any cold storage warehouse in this state articles of food unless the same shall be plainly marked, stamped or tagged, either upon the container in which they are packed, or upon the article of food itself, with the date when placed therein; and no person, firm or corporation shall remove, or allowto be removed, such article of food from any cold storage warehouse unless the same shall be plainly marked, stamped or tagged, either on the container in which it is enclosed or upon the article food itself, with the date of such removal, and such marks, stamps and tags shall be prima facie evidence of such receipt and removal and of the dates thereof. All articles of food in any cold storage warehouse at the time this act goes into effect shall, before being removed therefrom, be plainly marked, stamped or tagged with the date when this act goes into effect and the date of removal therefrom.

Section 8. No person, firm or corporation shall hereafter keep or permit to remain in any cold storage warehouse any article of food which has been held in cold storage either within or without the state, for a longer aggregate period than twelve months, except with the consent of the State Food Commissioner as hereinafter provided. The State Food Commissioner shall upon application during the twelfth month, extend the period of storage beyond twelve months for any particular article of food, provided the same is found upon examination to be in proper condition for further cold storage. The length of time for which such further storage is allowed shall be specified in the order granting the permission. A report on each case in which such extension of storage may be permitted, including information relating to the reason for the action of the State Food Commissioner the kinds and amounts of the articles of food for which the storage period was extended, and the length of time for which this continuance was granted, shall be filed, open to public inspection, in the office of the State Food Commissioner, and shall be included in his annual report. Such extension shall be not more than sixty days; a second extension of not more than sixty days may be granted upon a reexamination, but the entire extended period shall be not more than one hundred and twenty days in all.

Section 9. It shall be unlawful to sell, or to offer for sale, any article of food which has been held for a period of thirty days or over in cold storage either within or without the state, without notifying persons purchasing, or intending to purchase, the same, that it has been so held, by the display of a placard plainly and conspicuously marked, "Cold Storage Goods" on the bulk mass or articles of food; and it shall beunlawful to represent or advertise as fresh any article of food which has been held in cold storage for a period of thirty days or over.

Section 10. It shall be unlawful to return to any cold storage warehouse any article of food which has been once released from storage for the purpose of placing it on the market for sale. It shall be unlawful to transfer any article of food from one cold storage warehouse to another if such transfer is made for the purpose of avoiding any provision of this act, and such transfer shall be unlawful unless all prior stampings, markings and taggings upon such article shall remain thereon.

Section 11. The State Food Commissioner may make all necessary rules and regulations to carry this act into effect. Such rules and regulations shall be filed in the Commissioner's office, and shall not take effect until (....days) after such filing.

Section 12. Any person, firm or corporation violating any provision of this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and shall upon conviction be punished for the first offense by a fine not exceeding ..... ($....) and for the second or any subsequent offense by a fine not exceeding ..... ($...) or by imprisonment of not more than six months, or by both such fine and imprisonment in the discretion of the court.

Section 13. This act shall be so interpreted and construed as to effect its general purpose to make uniform the law of those states which enact it.

Section 14. This act may be cited as the Uniform Cold Storage Act.

Section 15. All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with this act are hereby repealed

Bell Telephone 1629 Court.

THE PITTSBURGH BUTTER AND EGG EXCHANGE
Rooms 617-619-621 Wabash Building
Pittsburgh, Pa.

January 6, 1915.

Hon. Charles H. Kline, Chairman,
Legislative Commission Investigating Cold Storage.
Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

Dear Sir:—

May we be permitted to submit for the consideration of your honorable Commission in connection with the investigation of the cold storage industry, the request that Act No. 153, now known and cited as the "Cold Storage Act of one thousand nine hundred thirteen", be changed so as to be known and cited as the "Refrigeration Act of one thousand nine hundred thirteen", in all instances where the term "cold storage" is used in the Act substituting therefor the word "refrigeration" or a derivative of same, which it is to be noted are already appropriately used in several instances in this Act. In support of this request, we advance the following:

1st. "Refrigeration" would, we believe, more aptly and correctly describe and designate the industry and such foods handled or cared for by the industry as come within the scope of the law.

2nd. "Refrigeration" is applied universally in all countries to conservation of food by any method of refrigeration, from the family refrigerator up, excepting in the case of warehouses in this country in which foods are kept, and those are inaccurately designated as Cold Storage Warehouses, instead of Refrigeration Warehouses.

3rd. The public looks with disfavor upon food products labeled "cold storage", although under our laws and modern methods of refrigeration they are entirely wholesome and palatable. By using the new and correct term "refrigeration" it will be possible to do full justice to food products so conserved without lessening one whit the protection given the consuming public under the provisions of this Act. Such a change in the termology would not benefit producers and dealers only, but the public as well, since the latter, viewing with disfavor cold storage products labled as such, frequently pays the same or higher prices for food suffs improperly kept outside of refrigeration, therefore not as good as those which pass through a properly supervised Refrigerator Warehouse.

After you have given thought to our request we believe you will see the reasonableness of it and co-operate in the matter of educating the public to the advantage of consuming those refrigerator food products by eliminating the words "cold storage" which constitute the barrier of public prejudice.

Respectfully yours,

(Signed) GEO. T. CHRIST
Vice President.

(Signed) J. N. LIPPINCOTT.

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA.

Legislative Journal.

Session 1915 — 121st of the General Assembly

VOL. 3. HARRISBURG, PA., MONDAY, APRIL 5, 1915. No. 36.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

MONDAY, April 5th, 1915.

The House met at 8.00 o'clock P. M.

The SPEAKER (Charles A. Ambler) in the Chair.

PRAYER.

The Chaplain, Rev. F. W. Staley, offered the following prayer.

Almighty and everlasting Father, we thank Thee for Thy amazing kindness in caring for us. Even the little child, as well as the mighty choir, sing "God will take care of you." And it is written that "the Angel of the Lord encampeth round about them that fear him," and that Master of death and resurrection said: "Lo I am with you alway, even unto the end of the world."

We thank Thee, O God, for Thy amazing condescendsion in reasoning with us. Thou dost say unto us: "Come now, let us reason together." Let us reason together about the great problems of a great State. Let us reason together about the soul, its nature, its immortality and its destiny. "What shall it profit a man if he gain the whole world and lose his own soul?" May we ever listen to Thy arguments and heed Try word which shall not return unto Thee void. We ask for Christ's sake, Amen.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the Journal of the proceedings of Thursday, April 1st, 1915.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of the proceedings of Thursday, April 1st, 1915, when, on motion of Mr. Oaks, the further reading was dispensed with and the Journal was approved.

BILLS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED.

By Mr. NISSLEY. House Bill No. 1263.

An Act requiring all State officials and employes who receive and disburse public moneys to give bond for the faithful performance of their official duties

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

PETITIONS.

FAVORING LOCAL OPTION.

Mr. FRUIT presented (March 31, 1915) the petition of the Bible Classes of sundry churches in Sharon, Mercer Co., Pa., in favor of the passage of the Local Option Bill.

Also the petition of the Bible Classes of sundry churches in Jamestown, Mercer Co., in favor of the passage of the Local Option Bill.

Also the petition of the Bible Classes of sundry churches in Grove City, Mercer County, in favor of the passage of the Local Option Bill.

Also the petition of the Bible Classes of sundry churches in Sandy Lake, Mercer County, in favor of the passage of the Local Option Bill.

Also the petition of three hundred and forty employes of the B. & L. E. R. R. of Greenville, in favor of the passage of the Local Option Bill.

Also the petition of one hundred and fifty students of Grove City College of Grove City, Mercer County, in favor of the passage of the Local Option Bill.

Also the petition of the Bible Classes of sundry churches in Mercer, Mercer County in favor of the passage of the Local Option Bill.

Which several petitions were referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

PROTESTING AGAINST AMENDING CIVIL SERVICE LAWS OF CITIES OF SECOND CLASS.

The SPEAKER presented the petition of the Council of the City of Pittsburgh protesting against amending civil service laws of cities of the second class.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

PETITION RELATIVE TO SONG PENNSYLVANIA."

The SPEAKER presented the petition of Margaret K. Griffith, of Pittsburgh, relative to the State Song, "Pennsylvania."

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

FAVORING PASSAGE OF TEACHERS RETIREMENT BILL.

Mr. NISSLEY, presented the petition of the school teachers of Dauphin County favoring the passage of the Teachers Retirement Bill.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

FAVORING PASSAGE OF LOCAL OPTION.

The SPEAKER presented the petition of sundry citizens of Philadelphia favoring the passage of the local option bill.

Also the petition of the citizens of York County favoring the passage of the Local Option Bill.

Also the communication of John Hampton, a citizen of Philadelphia favoring the passage of the Local Option Bill.

Which several petitions were referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

PROTESTING AGAINST THE REPEAL OF THE FULL CREW LAW.

The SPEAKER presented the petition of Pennsylvania Lodge No. 511, Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen, protesting against the repeal of the Full Crew Law.

Also the petition of the Socialist Party of Philadelphia protesting against the repeal of the Full Crew Law.

Also the petition of sundry citizens of Warren, Pa., protesting against the repeal of the Full Crew Law.

Which several petitions were referred to the Committee on Railroads.

PROTESTING AGAINST PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL NO. 511.

The SPEAKER presented the petition of the Young Ladies Sodality of St. Jerome's Roman Catholic Church protesting against the passage of House Bill No. 511.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

PROTESTING AGAINST PASSAGE OF SENATE BILL NO. 570.

The SPEAKER presented the petition of the Religious Society of Friends protesting against the passage of Senate Bill No. 570.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

FAVORING THE ADOPTION OF JOINT RESOLUTION.

The SPEAKER presented the petition of the Philadelphia Chapter American Institute of Architects favoring joint resolutions proposing an amendment to Article 9 of the Constitution.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. NISSLEY, from the Commitee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 528, entitled:

An Act in relation to the appointment and salaries of the deputy sheriffs on duty in the court rooms of the courts of oyer and terminer and quarter sessions of the peace, in counties containing a population of not less than five hundred thousand nor more than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants as computed by the last preceding United States Census, and repealing all acts, or parts of acts, general, special or local inconsistent therewith.

Mr. NISSLEY, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1235, entitled:

An Act to repeal an act entitled "An Act to provide for the erection of a poor house for the better relief and employment of the poor in the townships of Oxford and Lower Dublin, in the county of Philadelphia," approved the eleventh day of April one thousand eight hundred and seven, and the various supplements thereto, also providing for the settlement of the accounts of the board of directors and also providing for the disposal of all the property held by the said board of directors under the said act of the eleventh day of April, one thousand eight hundred and seven and its various supplements.

Mr. NISSLEY, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1233, entitled:

An Act authorizing townships of the first class to create a paid fire service or department, and providing for the levying of a tax for the creation and maintenance of such fire service or department.

Mr. HARPER, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1211, entitled:

An Act requiring the prothonotaries of the several courts of common pleas of this Commonwealth to provide an Adsectum Judgment Index, and fixing the fees of the prothonotaries therefor.

Mr. HARPER, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1216, entitled:

An Act to regulate and improve the civil service of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, and of certain counties and cities thereof, and providing penalties for the violation of its provisions.

Mr. E. E. JONES, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1061, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the refunding of certain moneys mistakenly paid into the State Treasury by Eva Riley and C. M. Lake, executors of Theresa E. Smith, deceased.

Mr. SCHAEFFER, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 485, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Trustees of the State Hospital for Injured Persons of the Anthracite Coal Region of Pennsylvania at Fountain Springs near Ashland Schuylkill County Pennsylvania to cover a deficiency.

Mr. SCHAEFFER, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 165, entitled:

An Act making a deficiency appropriation to the State Hospital of Coaldale, Coaldale, Schuylkill County, Pennsylvania.

Mr. BROSIUS, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1239, entitled:

An Act to enable city, county, poor, ward, school, borough, and township tax collectors, their executors and administrators, if they are deceased, or either surety or sureties, if the surety or sureties have paid the taxes, to collect taxes, for the payment of which they have become personally liable, without having collected the same, by the expiration of the authority of their respective bonds, or by the expiration of the authority of their respective warrants, or by the expiration of their terms of office, and to extend the time for the collection of the same for a period of two years from the passage of this act

Mr. BROSIUS, from the Committee on Game, reported as amended, House Bill No. 180, entitled:

An Act to give additional protection to wild birds and animals and game, within the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania; prohibiting the hunting for or capture or killing of, such wild birds or animals or game by unnaturalized foreign-born residents; forbidding the ownership or possession of dogs by any unnaturalized foreign-born resident within the Commonwealth; and prescribing penalties for violation of its provisions.

Mr. NISSLEY, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1209, entitled:

An Act regulating the disposition of dockets of justices of the peace and aldermen and providing penalties.

Mr. LIPSCHUTZ, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1237, entitled:

An Act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act to designate the several judicial districts of the Commonwealth as required by the Constitution, and to provide for the election, appointment and commissioning of judges learned in the law for the said districts in cases where such judges are not provided for by existing law," approved the eighteenth day of July, one thousand nine hundred one.

Mr. HUBLER, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 735, entitled:

Supplement supplementary to an act entitled "An Act providing for the voting of shares of stock in corporations in this Commonwealth held by executors, administrators, guardians and trustees and the manner of voting the same," approved March sixteenth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five.

Mr. GEISER, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1210, entited:

An Act designating the Wild Huneysuckle (Rhododendron Nudiflorum) as the floral emblem or State Flower of Pennsylvania.

Mr. STERN, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1202, entitled:

An Act to amend sections one and two of an act approved the twenty-ninth day of April, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled "An Act to provide for the registration of conveyances of real estate in townships of the first class, in order to facilitate the assessment of taxes in the name of the owner of said real estate at the time of the assessment," so as to exclude from the provisions of the act, townships of the first class in counties having a Board for the Assessment and Revision of Taxes for State and county purposes.

Mr. NEVILLE, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1137, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the refunding to the Ridge Avenue Farmers' Market Company certain moneys for the unexpired position of a cold storage warehouse license.

Mr. HESS, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1058, entitled:

An Act amending an act entitled "An Act prescribing a method for disbursing and accounting for certain appropriations to departments, bureaus, commissions and other branches of the State Government," approved the twenty-third day of April, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine providing for an extension of the provisions of such act to boards of trustees, overseers, managers and other persons in charge of institutions owned and controlled by the State in whole or in part and which are known as State and semi-State institutions maintained for various charitable educational and eleemosynary purposes.

Mr. McCAIG, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 1099, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the several fire companies in the City of Harrisburg.

Mr. LINDSEY, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 123, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation of eight hundred dollars for the purpose of maintaining the public road and the bridges thereon through the Cornplanter Indian Reservation ,and of building a new bridge on such road, in Elk Township, Warren County, Pennsylvania.

Mr. WOODWARD, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1143, entitled:

An Act to provide for certain appointmets in the Executive Department, fixing the salaries thereof, and abolishing certain offices.

Mr. DELL, from the Committee on Game, reported as committed, House Bi'l No. 1114 (Senate Bill No. 167), entitled:

An Act to amend Section Three of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the appointment of Game Commissioners for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania defining their duties and empowering them to appoint game protectors" approved the twenty-fifth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five as amended by the act of the fifteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven Pamphlet Laws nine hundred sixty authorizing the Board of Game Commissioners to increase its force of game protectors from thirty to sixty.

Mr. E. E. JONES, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 876 (Senate Bill No. 197), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Hospital for the Criminal Insane af Farview to cover deficiency in maintenance and equipment of said hospital.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE.

Mr. EHRHARDT asked and obtained leave of absence for Mr. Haggerty for the balance of the week on account of illness.

QUESTION OF PERSONAL PRIVILEGE.

Mr. GARNER. Mr. Speaker, I find on my desk here a great many hundred communications asking me to vote for the repeal of the Full Crew Law. Not a single man in all of these hundreds of communications comes from the county where I am in. Mr. Speaker, if they are going to save the finances of the railroads, it seems to me that instead of spending millions of dollars for postage stamps for letters that are never read, from people outside of your own district, that you do not know, they had better save it and buy those sixty thousand steel cars.

MOTION TO PLACE BILL ON CALENDAR.

Mr. CROMER. Mr. Speaker, I move that House Bill No. 1021, File Folio 4439, entitled:

An Act authorizing the attachment of ten per centum of wages or salary due defendants in judgments obtained for food clothing or other usual necessaries of life providing for the payment of the costs in such attachment proceedings and limiting the amount of exemption to be allowed defendants in such judgments

be placed upon the calendar, notwithstanding the negative recommendation of the committee.

Mr. MURDOCH. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the motion?

Mr. CROMER. Mr. Speaker, this bill, if you will notice it, has a great deal of merit. It is endorsed by ninety-five per cent at least of the merchants of Pennsylvania. If the House will agree to this motion, I will then make another motion to have this bill referred back to the committee for further amendment, and I think it will be satisfactory to the retailers and all the others. This does not hurt an honest man, but it protects him and it certainly scares off the crook and the deadbeat and it is necessary legislation. If the House agrees to this motion I will then make another to have it referred back to the committee for amendment.

Mr. MAURER. Mr. Speaker, this is a Garnishee bill, a bill that has been before this House for the past twenty years and never passed,—the same measure that two Governors,—Governor Stuart and Governor Tener both vetoed. It is not a measure that will touch the deadbeat. The deadbeat is a deadbeat and you are not going to get him with any legislation of this kind, but it is a measure to put the workers perpetually in bondage. It talks about levying ten percent of the earnings of the workers at this time, when hundreds of thousands of them are out of work and hundreds of thousands more working short time, and the high cost of living going up. This is what you are going to hand these people at this time,—a garnishee. I hope you will not carry this motion to put this bill on the calendar in spite of the negative recommendation of the committee. The committee has had this bill and has given the merchants and others a hearing. It has deliberated upon the merits and demerits of the bill at some length, and the committee, after careful and due consideration, decided they would present the bill to you with a negative recommendation ;and I hope that this Assembly will agree in the recommendation. of the committee and not vote "aye" on this motion to put it on the calendar notwithstanding the negative recommendation of the committee.

Mr. CROMER. Mr. Speaker, I am surprised, greatly surprised, to see organized labor take a stand of this kind. All organized labor is not against this bill. I have spoken to a number of men, members of labor unions, who are in favor of this bill and who say that every honest man should be in favor of this bill. It will be amended so that I think even the labor organizations will be satisfied if it is put back in the committee.

Mr. MAURER. Mr. Speaker, it may interest the members to know that there has not been a convention of organized labor held anywhere within this State, or the greater part of the United States, within the past twenty years, that resolutions have not been adopted unanimously in opposition to garnishee bills. I am not going to say that there are not some individual members, who do not understand the full purpose that such a proposition may have, as stated by my friend from Allegheny, who favor such a bill, but organized labor at its various conventions for the past twenty years, have passed resolutions in opposition to garnishee bills.

I have been connected with the labor movements of Pennsylvania for thirty-four years and I know something about them. I hope, therefore, that you will not pass favorably upon this resolution.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the motion?

Whereupon,

A division was called for, 56 gentlemen voting in the affirmative and 76 in the negative,

The motion was not agreed to.

BILL PLACED ON CALENDAR.

Mr. HOLLINGSWORTH moved that House Bill No. 868, entitled:

An Act to regulate the operation of motor vehicles for public use in the transportation of persons and the issuance of licenses therefor to prescribe the qualifications of the owners and drivers or operators thereof to define certain rights and duties and fixing penalties for the violation of this act and to provide revenue from the operation of such vehicles for the maiutenan e of streets and highways

be placed upon the calendar notwithstanding the negative recommendation of the Committee on Public Roads.

The motion was agreed to.

COMMUNICATIONS FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Private Secretary of the Governor being introduced, presented the following communications from the Governor, which were read as follows, viz:

APPROVAL OF HOUSE BILL NO. 20.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, March 31, 1915.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed House Bill No. 20 entitled "An Act authorizing cities of the third class wherein the title to the waterworks therein located is in the city to extend their pipes and improvements beyond the city limits and supply water to persons corporations and municipalities within the county and regulating the supply of water."

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

Also the following,

APPROVAL OF HOUSE BILL NO. 71.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, March 31, 1915.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed House Bill No. 71 entitled "An Act

transferring from one fund to another certain moneys appropriated to the Dairy and Food Division of the Department of Agriculture."

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

Also the following,

APPROVAL OF HOUSE BILL NO. 85.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, March 31, 1915.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed House Bill No. 85 entitled "An Act making an appropriation to refund to S. L. Stayman, of York, Pennsylvania moneys erroneously paid into the State treasury."

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

Also the following,

APPROVAL OF HOUSE BILL NO. 243.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, March 31, 1915.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day day approved and signed House Bill No. 243, entitled "An Act to repeal an act entitled 'An Act to authorize and require road supervisors to erect and maintain suitable foot bridges for the accommodation of pedestrians across streams where public roads cross such streams,' approved the twenty-third day of April one thousand nine hundred and nine."

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

Also the following,

APPROVAL OF HOUSE BILL NO. 271.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, March 31, 1915.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed House Bill No. 271, entitled "An Act transferring from certain funds to another fund certain moneys appropriated to the quarantine physician Philadelphia."

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

Also the following,

APPROVAL OF HOUSE BILL NO. 366.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, March 31, 1915.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed House Bill No. 366, entitled "An Act relative to judgments and prescribing the duties of prothonotaries in connection therewith."

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

Also the following,

APPROVAL OF HOUSE BILL NO. 179.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 2, 1915.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed House Bill No. 179, entitled "An Act confirmatory of the conveyance of real estate."

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

Also the following,

APPROVAL OF HOUSE BILL NO. 219.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 2, 1915.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed House Bill No. 219, entitled "An Act granting to boroughs and incorporated towns the right of eminent domain for certain purposes and regulating the procedure thereunder."

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

Also the following,

APPROVAL OF HOUSE BILL NO. 683.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 1, 1915.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed House Bill No. 683, entitled "An Act making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Hospital for the Insane at Danville, Pennsylvania."

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

Also the following:

VETO OF HOUSE BILL NO. 206.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 2, 1915.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I return herewith without may approval House Bill No. 206 entitled "An Act making an appropriation for the payment of the expenses of publication of amendments to the Constitution for the three years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and twelve and directing the Auditor General and the State Treasurer to cause the same to be paid."

This bill purports to adjust and settle and pay certain claims against the Commonwealth on a basis therein fixed. The bill makes an appropriation of a definite sum with which to conclude this transaction. I am informed by the Auditor General that these claims, if paid on the basis directed in this bill, will aggregate the sum of $91,760.65.

As only the sum of $46,040.80 is in this bill appropriated for that purpose the payment directed by the bill is incapable of accomplishment. In other words, the Auditor General is directed by the bill to perform an impossibility.

The fact of this discrepancy between the amount required to pay these claims and the amount herein appropriated appears to have arisen because of a misunderstanding between the claimants and the statements given by the office of the Auditor General as to the amount required to pay these claims. Each party in interest appears to have acted in good faith. The one had in mind the amount required to settle the claims for 1913 and 1914, the other had in mind the amount required to settle these claims for 1912, 1913 and 1914 as the provisions of this bill direct.

While I do not in any manner intend to approve or interfere with the method of adjustment and payment of claims under the jurisdiction of the Department of the Auditor General, neither do I intend by my disapproval of this bill to be understood as having disapproved these claims. In other words, I have no intention of being in any way judged as having given any opinion concerning them.

By submission of these claims at once to the Board of Public Accounts the end desired by the claimants may be speedily attained.

For these reasons this bill is not approved.

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

On the question,

Shall the bill become a law the objections of the Governor to the contrary notwithstanding?

Mr. HABGOOD. Mr. Speaker, you have listened to the message from His Excellency, the Governor, in connection with his disapproval—his veto of the bill to pay the expenses of publishing the constitutional amendments for 1912, 1913 and 1914 on the basis on which this House passed it by a goodly majority and the Senate passed it by a constitutional majority. This House voted into this bill provisions calling for the payment of those bills for 1912, 1913 and 1914 by a vote of 146 to 45, after vigorous opposition by the gentleman from South Philadelphia who fought the proposition as hard as he could in behalf of the Auditor General. We now listen to the communication from the Governor, also taking the part of the Auditor General in that he uses the words which the Auditor General uses. I wish to call the attention, Mr. Speaker, of the gentlemen of this House to a few facts in connection with this bill upon which we have just received a communication from the Governor this evening. I assure you that there is nothing in my mind or heart at this time containing a sentiment of resentment or any feeling of animus whatever, but I do want to make plain to the members of this House, and I wish to make clear some of the facts which will speak for themselves and to which I will ask your kind consideration in the hope that you will pay attention to it. On February 1st, over two months ago, the Chairman of the Appropriation Committee of this House asked the Auditor General, the official auditor of this Commonwealth, to give him a statement in his official capacity of the amount of money required to pay the bills for 1912, 1913 and 1914 for the advertising of the constitutional amendments. I have here in my hand a certified copy of the statement furnished to me by the Chairman of the Appropriations Committee, the gentleman from Allegheny, Mr. Woodward, and in this statement it particularly specifies that the 1912 bills as rendered are two hundred and

three thousand dollars and the amount paid out on account of the appropriation for 1913 was a hundred and fifty-two thousand dollars, leaving a balance in the treasury of fifty-one thousand for 1912. It then stated for the 1913 bills, as rendered, the amount of that account, leaving a balance in that fund of thirty-five thousand dollars. With the 1914 bills, as rendered, the amount left or leaves the whole proposition for the three years the amount which has been paid and the amount which is still in the treasury then given the official information that it will require to pay these bills, as rendered, one hundred and forty-six thousand, forty dollars and eighty cents. One hundred thousand dollars of that was passed in the deficiency appropriation bill and approved by the Governor, and the forty-six thousand dollars as in this bill which the Governor has vetoed, this bill provided forty-six thousand dollars as an additional appropriation to pay the expenses of publishing the amendments for these three years and provided that this expense for these three years should be paid on the following basis and gave the basis upon which it was to be paid, and that was not on the basis of bills rendered, as this statement shows, but on the basis that is paid for any state advertising by the present auditor general or the two previous auditor generals. This was on February 1st and according to the proposition, as it appears in this bill as it is vetoed tonight, the Auditor General says that that statement is wrong. He took ninety-one thousand dollars instead of forty-six thousand dollars. You can see very plainly that this House and this Senate and the Chairman of the Appropriation Committee and that these newspapers from two to five in every county in this state which you represent and from two to five in every one of your counties, were done before they commenced. If that is the conclusion which we are to take in this matter that the Auditor General will make a statement to the Chairman of the Appropriation Committee which he says two months afterwards is false and, therefore, we were done before we commenced. This House, this Senate and these newspapers were then done. Now, gentlemen, we hear a great deal at this time about "playing cards on top of the table." I submit to you in all sincerity if that is "playing the cards on the top of the table" then the statement made to this House of Representatives and co-ordinate branch of this government that is not "laying the cards on the table." Whether or not the statement made to this House of Representatives a co-ordinate branch with the Governor, is any more to be believed than the statement made by this same officer to the Governor. Upon what basis shall we arrive at a conclusion in these matters. And I want to call your attention further to a few matters in connection with this. The first proposition that was put up to us in connection with this bill in the office of His Excellency, at which conference the Auditor General and the Attorney General were present on last Thursday morning, was that it would take ninety-one thousand dollars in addition to the amount available in the Treasury to pay these bills, and that there was not enough money with this appropriation and that in the treasury to pay these bills. During the interim between that conversation and four o'clock in the afternoon I went from His Excellency the Governor and went to the State Treasury Department, and I have here a certified copy of the balances in the State Treasury Department for '12, '13, and '14 and there is to-day in the State Treasury Department what was then and is there yet Seventeen thousand two hundred and seventy-two dollars for the bills of '12, Forty-four thousand two hundred and sixty-two dollars and fourteen cents for the bills of 1913 and 1914, and when we add that seventeen and that forty-four thousand to the amount which is in this bill or forty-six thousand dollars which has been vetoed you get the grand total of one hundred and seven thousand, five hundred and seventy-three dollars. When they claim that ninety-one thousand dollars is required to pay these bills and after that was shown plainly the question was raised whether these seventeen thousand dollars had reverted to the State, the Auditor General was shown very clearly that it does not revert and will not until May 31st of this year because the bill was not approved and passed until July 13, 1913 and it shows that there is this balance in the State Treasury of this State. The Third proposition. The question is raised by the Auditor General and given to the Governor on this basis that this appropriation of forty-six thousand dollars is the only money that can be used under the provisions of this bill to pay the advertisements for '12, '13 and '14 on the basis of the rate as provided in this bill, and what has been paid for other state advertisements.

Now, gentlemen, I submit to you that this appropriation of forty-six thousand dollars was an additional appropriation, and you who are attorneys in this House, know full well that when this appropriation was made for an additional appropriation that it carried with it the money to be added to what was already available for those advertisements to be paid for the expenses as provided in this bill—not this money but the expenses of those three years to be paid for upon the basis as provided in this bill, and not only the money in this bill to be paid for the expenses of '12, '13 and '14 but the expenses to be upon the basis as provided. This was an additional appropriation and I submit to you as attorneys and as Members of the House whether this would not naturally be added to what is in the Treasury to be used for the payment of those expenses upon that basis.

Now, gentlemen, I wish also to call your attention to this fact: As you well know there have been from twelve to twenty bills withdrawn from the desk of the Governor for the purpose of amendment and if it was a proposition of where the Attorney General had sent the wrong statement, as he admits, to the Chairman of the Appropriation Committee of this House, or as he claims, and he did not discover it for over two months after that, he should have notified the Chairman of the Appropriation Committee that his office had made such a blunder. When this bill was in the hands of the Governor on Tuesday two weeks ago to-morrow, a party of three of us waited on the Governor, and we asked him to give us the pen whereby he would sign this bill, and he said he would take it up the following week. We did not see him and we did not have an opportunity to consider this question with him until after the Senate had adjourned, and the House adjourned while we were having our conference. Now gentlemen of this House, there have been a score of bills withdrawn from the Governor for the purpose of amendment, and I submit to you whether it is fair and just to keep this bill in such shape whereby it cannot be withdrawn for amendment and then veto it because it only has half enough money in it to pay what it purports to pay, and I wish to say, gentlemen further than that that it is not a question in this proposition of the Mountain Laurel, that it is not a question in this bill of sentiment, it is a question, gentlemen of bread and butter for from three hundred to three hundred and fifty newspapers in this State and I appeal to you as members of the House, representing three to five of those newspapers in every one of your counties to stand upon the basis upon which you stood for the payment of this advertising. Gentlemen of the House, if the opponent of our present Governor had been elected to the Governorship of this State we would expect to have a condition as we have it today with regard to the Auditor General and his leadership in this matter. Now then ninety-nine per cent. of the men who have asked that these bill be paid notwithstanding the Auditor General's cuts, wanted our present Governor for Governor and did not want Vance McCormick for Governor, they came and they ask this House and this House passed the bill on that basis, and it went to the Senate and the Senate passed the bill on that basis, and it went to the Governor's table and he said that because there is only half enough appropriated, he will veto it, and he sends it back to this House with the proposition that we submit our bills to the board of Public Accounts to pay them, and that they may be adjusted. Why, gentlemen, do you know who the Board of Public Accounts is? I will tell you. There are three members on the board, and two of them consist of the Auditor General and the State Treasurer. I think that any lawyer would move for a change of venue under those circumstances, to have said bills adjusted, and if this forty-six thousand dollars is only half enough to pay as they claim for these bills then whenever this forty-six thousand dollars is wiped out, then in the name of argument in the name of logic, in the

names of sense and common justice I ask you how the Board of Public Accounts or any other board is going to pay them if it is as it is stated. I cannot help but feel, gentlemen of this House that the Governor has been misinformed in this proposition, that the Auditor General has not told him the facts as they existed, and when he does not notify the men to whom he sent this statement, an official in a proper committee of a body co-ordinate with the Governor for over two months and then does not notify him but tells the Governor that he has made mistake and that it is wrong and that it should be vetoed on that account. Gentlemen of this House I ask you in all fairness, in all justice that you consider this measure carefully and that you vote "aye" on this question and that you stand by these newspapers and by the proposition approved by this House. Our distinguished Lieutenant Governor on January 19 when he was inaugurated to that office, said: "the words coercion and cooperation both begin with a 'c' and end with an 'n', but they have entirely different meanings." I desire to add one more statement to that and to say that the words 'sincerity' and 'sophistry' both begin with an 's' and end with a 'y' but they have an entirely different meaning. We see today an exhibition of that, which in conclusion, stands against those who would befriend and stand for and build up, and stands with those who last fall would have torn down and destroyed that which the others tried to build up. Gentlemen of this House I ask you to vote "aye" upon this question and to vote "aye" upon the question of the bill passing notwithstanding the veto.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill become a law, the objections of the Governor to the contrary notwithstanding?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution the ayes and nays were taken.

The Clerk proceeded with and completed the calling of the roll.

Whereupon, Mr. HABGOOD, requested a verification.

Mr. WALTER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to know if there is to be a verification of the roll on the request of the gentleman from McKean.

The SPEAKER. The roll will be verified.

Mr. HABGOOD. Mr. Speaker, I wish to say, if there is any objection on the part of the House to taking up the time for this verification I do not wish to press it. I simply did it in the ordinary course as I noticed one or two of the gentlemen stated they did not hear their names called and so did not answer.

Upon the completion of the verification the Speaker announced the vote as follows:

YEAS—103.

Adams,	Ehrhardt,	Lynch,	Sinclair,
Albee,	Evans,	Mangan,	Smith, Jeff. W.,
Alcorn,	Finnerty,	McArdle,	Sones,
Alexander,	Flynn,	McCaig,	Staving,
Aron,	Fretz,	McClure,	Stern,
Arthur,	Gallagher.	McConnell,	Sullivan,
Baker,	Gans,	Murdoch,	Swan,
Baldwin,	Geiser.	Murphy,	Taylor,
Becker,	Goodnough,	Myers.	Thomas,
Benn,	Gransback,	Neville.	Trach,
Benninger,	Heffernan,	Nissley,	Twibill,
Bergy,	Hess,	Ostrander,	Urich.
Berntheizel,	Heyburn,	Palmer,	Vogdes,
Beyer,	Hibshman,	Perry,	Wagner,
Blackburn,	Hoffman,	Peters,	Walton,
Body,	Horton,	Pickering,	Weimer,
Bovee,	Howarth,	Powell,	Weir.
Christman,	Hubler.	Ramsey,	West,
Conner,	Jones, W. W.,	Reynolds,	Wettach,
Cummins,	Kaiser,	Rinn,	Whitten,
Curry,	Kitts,	Robertson,	Wildman.
Diefenderfer,	Lafferty,	Rowell,	Wilson, H. I.,
Dodds,	Landis,	Sampsel,	Wood,
Drinkhouse,	Lauer,	Schaeffer,	Wynne,
Dunn,	Lindsey,	Scott,	Young,
Eby,	Love,	Shaaber,	

NAYS—83.

Arnold.	Glenn,	Maurer,	Snyder,
Bauerle.	Gompers,	McCurdy,	
Brosius.	Goodwin,	McKay,	Spencer,
Brownlee,	Goodyear,	McNichol,	Stetler.
Brumbaugh,	Gormley,	McVicar,	Steedle.
Bungard.	Greenwood,	Mearkle,	Stone.
Campbell, J. O.	Hackett,	Mellott.	Vickerman,
Coldsmith,	Harper,	Metzenbacher,	Walsh.
Corbin,	Hollingsworth	Milliron,	Walter,
Cox,	Jack,	Nieder,	Watson,
Cromer,	Jones, E. E.,	Oaks,	Weaver,
Davis,	Klinger,	Phillips,	Whitaker,
Dawson,	Kuhn,	Reel,	Willard,
Eppley,	Kunkle,	Rhoads,	Williams,
Erdman,	Lanius,	Rich.	Wilson, W. H.,
Fackler,	Laulet,	Rininger,	Wobensmith,
Forster,	Leighner,	Rothenberger,	Woodward,
Fruit,	Lipschutz,	Rudisill,	Wylie,
Garner,	Luxemburger,	Sarig,	Ambler,
Gibson,	Marvin,	Shaffer,	Speaker.
Gingery,	Mather,	Shoop,	

Less than the majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the negative and the Governor's veto sustained.

Mr. HABGOOD. On account of having a slight interest in this bill, Mr. Speaker, with my newspaper I desire to be excused from voting.

Also the following:

VETO OF HOUSE BILL NO. 100.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 2, 1915.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I return herewith, without my approval, House Bill No. 100, entitled "An Act validating certain sales of real estate heretofore made by guardians administrators and executors by decree of orphans' court."

This bill has a clear defect in that it attempts to validate sales made by guardians, administrators and executors under decree of the Orphans' Court, regardless of the fact that the Orphans' Court may not have had jurisdiction over the matter. If the Orphans' Court did not have jurisdiction it is questionable whether the Legislature could validate such sales.

For these reasons this bill is not approved.

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

On the question,

Shall the bill become a law, the objections of the Governor to the contrary notwithstanding?

Mr. GIBSON. Mr. Speaker, for the purpose of conserving the time of the House I make a motion that this veto message be laid upon the table.

Mr. KITTS. I second the motion.

The SPEAKER. The Chair would state that this motion is no reflection on the Governor. It is merely a matter of saving the time of calling the roll and a legislative practice.

The motion was agreed to.

Also the following:

APPROVAL OF RESOLUTION.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 1, 1915.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed a resolution of the Senate and House of Representatives recalling House Bill No. 240.

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

RECONSIDERATION OF VOTE.

Mr. PHILLIPS. Mr. Speaker, I move that the vote by which House Bill No. 240 passed finally be reconsidered.

Mr. STERN. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Mr. PHILLIPS. Mr. Speaker, I move that the vote by which this bill passed third reading be reconsidered.

Mr. STERN. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Mr. PHILLIPS. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to offer amendments at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The Clerk then read the amendments as follows:

Amend House Bill No. 240, file folio 2147, by striking out the word "of" between the word "or" and the word "any" in line 6 of section 2.

Amend House Bill No. 240, file folio 2147 by striking out the word "of" as found in line 14 of section 7, between the word "carcass" and the word "any" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "or."

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to insert the amendments as read? Is there any objection?

The Chair hears none and the amendments will be inserted in accordance with the instructions of the House.

The bill as amended was then agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended lie over for printing.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Private Secretary of the Governor being introduced, presented the following communication from the Governor, which was read as follows:

APPROVAL OF RESOLUTION.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 1, 1915.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed a resolution of the Senate and House of Representatives recalling House Bill No. 770.

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

RECONSIDERATION OF VOTE.

Mr. HUBLER. Mr. Speaker, I move that the vote by which House Bill No. 770 passed finally be reconsidered.

Mr. LIPSCHUTZ. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Mr. HUBLER. Mr. Speaker I move that the vote by which this bill passed third reading be reconsidered.

Mr. BEYER. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Mr. HUBLER. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to offer amendments at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The Clerk then read the amendments as follows:

Amend Section 1, line 6, by striking out the word "and" and inserting the word "or."

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to insert the amendments as read? Is there any objection? The Chair hears none and the amendments will be inserted in accordance with the instructions of the House.

The bill as amended was then agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended lie over for printing.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Private Secretary of the Governor being introduced, presented the following communication from the Governor, which was read as follows:

APPROVAL OF RESOLUTION.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, March 30, 1915.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed a resolution of the Senate and House of Representatives recalling House Bill No. 120 entitled "An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-eighth day of May one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled 'An Act to provide for the protection of insane persons feeble minded persons and epileptics and the appointment of a guardian for the said insane persons feeble minded persons and epileptics unable to care for their own property authorizing the guardian to support the wife and children of the said insane persons feeble minded persons and epileptics defining the powers of the guardian and authorizing the sale of real estate of the ward' by adding an additional section."

(Signed) MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

RECONSIDERATION OF VOTE.

Mr. HERMAN. Mr. Speaker, I move that the vote by which this bill passed finally be reconsidered.

Mr. ADAMS. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Mr. HERMAN. Mr. Speaker, I move that the vote by which this bill passed third reading be reconsidered.

Mr. ADAMS. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. HERMAN. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to offer amendments at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The Clerk then read the amendments as follows:

Amend title, line 1 by inserting after the word "amend" the words, "sections six and eight of"

Amend title by striking out at the end thereof the words "by adding an additional section"

Amend Section 1, line 4 by striking out the word "the" before the word "act" and inserting in lieu thereof the words, "so much of Section six of an"

Amend Section 1, lines 12 and 13 by striking out the words "is hereby amended by the addition of the following, which shall be marked and known as Section ten of said act," and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"which reads as follows: "The said guardian shall give such bonds and file such accounts at such periods as the court shall determine," is hereby amended so as to constitute sub-section (b) of said section six and read as follows"

Amend Section 1, line 14 by striking out the word and figure "Section ten" and inserting in lieu thereof the following "(b)"

Amend by adding after line 64 the following as a new section two.

Section 2. That Section eight of said act which reads as follows:

"Section 8. Any person aggrieved by the final decree of the courts of common pleas may, within three months from the time of the entry of said decree, appeal to the Superior Court of the State, and such court may confirm, reverse, or modify the decree entered in the lower court."

is hereby amended to read as follows:

"Section 8. Except as otherwise provided in Section six of this act as amended by sub-section (b), any person aggrieved by the final decree of the courts of common pleas, may within three months from the time of the entry of said decree, appeal to the Superior Court of the State, and such court may confirm, reverse, or modify the decree entered in the lower court."

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to the insertion of the amendments at this time? Is there any objection? The Chair hears none and the amendments will be inserted in accordance with the instructions of the House.

The bill as amended was then agreed to on third reading.

Ordered, That the bill as amended lie over for printing.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. KITTS asked and obtained unanimous consent to offer the following motion, which was read, considered and agreed to.

Moved by Mr. Kitts and seconded by Mr. Alexander that House Bill No. 1172 (Senate Bill No. 489), entitled:

An Act to authorize the City of Williamsport to acquire if necessary and in all events to maintain for the purpose of securing and improving the general sanitary conditions of said city the dam which was erected by the Susquehanna Boom Company across the West Branch of the Susquehanna River at a point near the intersection of Hepburn street with said river in said city

on page 25 of to-day's calendar, bills on second reading, be recommitted to the Committee on Municipal Corporations, for the purpose of a hearing.

SENATE MESSAGES.

AMENDED HOUSE BILLS RETURNED FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced returned bill from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows

House Bill No. 92,

An Act relating to checks and drafts and fixing penalties

with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The Clerk then read the amendments as follows:

Amend section one, line four, by striking out after the word "Person" the word "is" and inserting the words "Shall be."

Also in line seven, after the word "nature," by inserting the following "or who makes and delivers to another a check or draft on a bank or trust company in payment or re-payment of money or credit or personal property already obtained"; also in line ten, by striking out the words "reasonable time" and inserting the words "twenty days."

Amend section 2, line 1, by striking out the following: "A person convicted of a misdemeanor under section one of this act shall be sentenced to pay a fine or undergo imprisonment in the county prison as follows" and insert in lieu thereof "any person committed under this act shall be liable to sentence as follows"; also in line eight, after the word "days" insert the following: "either or both in the discretion of the court"; also in line eleven, strike out the words "less than fifty nor"; also strike out the word "five" and insert in lieu thereof the word "one"; also strike out the word "or" and insert in lieu thereof the word "and"; in line twelve, after the word "years" insert the following: "or either or both in the discretion of the court."

On the question,

Will the House concur in the amendments made by the Senate?

Mr. MEARKLE. Mr. Speaker, for the information of the House I will say that the amendments are satisfactory to the sponsor of the bill.

On the question recurring,

Will the House concur in the amendments of the Senate?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—189.

Adams,	Gingery,	Mather,	Showalter,
Alcorn,	Glass,	McArdle,	Sinclair,
Alexander,	Glenn,	McCaig,	Smith, J. W.,
Arnold,	Gompers,	McClintock,	Smith, Jeff. W.
Aron,	Goodnough,	McClure,	Snyder,
Arthur,	Goodwin,	McConnell,	Sones,
Baldwin,	Goodyear,	McCurdy,	Spangler,
Bauerle,	Gormley,	McDermott,	Spencer,
Becker,	Graham,	McKay,	Statler,
Benn,	Gransback,	McNichol,	Staving,
Benninger,	Greenwood,	McVicar,	Steedle,
Beyer,	Habgood,	Mearkle,	Stein,
Blackburn,	Hackett,	Mellott,	Stern,
Body,	Hamilton,	Metzenbacher,	Stone,
Brosius,	Harper,	Milliron,	Sullivan,
Brownlee,	Heffernan,	Murdoch,	Swan,
Brumbaugh,	Herman,	Murphy,	Swartz,
Campbell, J. O.,	Hess,	Myers,	Taylor,
Christman,	Heyburn,	Neville,	Thomas,
Coldsmith,	Hibshman,	Nieder,	Trach,
Conner,	Hoffman,	Nissley,	Urich,
Cox,	Hollern,	Oaks,	Vickerman,
Cromer,	Hollingsworth,	Ostrander,	Vogdes,
Cummins,	Horton,	Palmer,	Wagner,
Curry,	Howarth,	Perry,	Walsh,
Davis,	Hubler,	Peters,	Walter,
Dawson,	Jack,	Phillips,	Walton,
Dell,	Jones, E. E.,	Pickering,	Watson,
Diefenderfer,	Jones, W. W.,	Powell,	Weaver,
Drinkhouse,	Kaiser,	Ramsey,	Weimer,
Dunn,	Kitts,	Reel,	Weir,
Eby,	Klinger,	Reynolds,	West,
Ehrhardt,	Lafferty,	Rhoads,	Wettach,
Eppley,	Landis,	Rich,	Whitaker,
Erdman,	Lanius,	Rininger,	Whitten,
Evans,	Lauer,	Rinn,	Wildman,
Fackler,	Lauler,	Robertson,	Willard,
Finnerty,	Leighner,	Rothenberger,	Williams,
Flynn,	Lindsey,	Rowell,	Wilson, H. I.,
Forster,	Lipschutz,	Rudisill,	Wilson, W. H.
Fretz,	Love,	Sampsel,	Wobensmith,
Fruit,	Luppert,	Sarig,	Wood,
Gallagher,	Luxemburger,	Schaeffer,	Woodward,
Gans,	Lynch,	Scott,	Wylie,
Garner,	Mangan,	Shaaber,	Wynne,
Geary,	Marvin,	Shaffer,	Young,
Geiser,		Shoop,	Ambler,
Gibson,			Speaker.

NAYS—1.

Twibill,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative and the amendments were concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, returned bill from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows:

House Bill No. 326.

with the information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the amendments.

The Clerk read the amendments as follows:

Amend title, line one, by striking out the word "and" and inserting after the word "six" the words "and seven."

also in line fifty-nine by inserting after the word "thirteen" the following:

Amend section one, line four, by striking out the words "the said" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "an"; also in line five, after the word "eleven" by inserting the following entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act for the government of cities of the second class' approved the seventh day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one providing for the levy collection and disbursement of taxes and water-rents or rates and conferring certain powers and duties in reference thereto upon the city treasurer the board of water assessors and the collector of delinquent taxes and repealing certain acts relating to matters herein provided for"; also in line forty-two, strike out the word "probably" and insert the word "probable"; also in line forty-five, strike out the word "council" and insert the words "Mayor to be transmitted to the council"; also in line forty-six by striking out the words "required by council" and inserting the words "fixed by the mayor and council"; also in line fifty-seven by inserting after the word "by" the words "an act" and striking out the words "the amendments thereto"; also in line fifty-nine by inserting after the word "thirteen" the following: entitled "An Act to amend sections three and seven of an act entitled 'A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act for the government of cities of the second class' approved the seventh day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred one providing for the levy collection and disbursement of taxes and water-rents or rates and conferring certain powers and duties in reference thereto upon the city treasurer the board of water assessors and collector of delinquent taxes and repealing certain acts relating to certain matters herein provided for' approved May twelfth one thousand nine hundred and eleven"; also in line seventy-seven, after the word "meter" insert the word "service"; also in line eighty-three after the word "year" insert the following: "and ascertain the amount of water used in each year"; also in line eighty-eight after the word "two" insert in parenthesis the numeral "2"; also in line one hundred and eighty-eight strike out the word "what" and insert the word "which"; also in line two hundred and twenty strike out the word "part" and insert the word "party"; also in line two hundred and twenty-two strike out the word "of" and insert the word "two"; also in line 246 strike out the word "what" and insert the word "which"; also in line 321 after the word "may" insert the word "twelfth"; also in line 322 after the word "eleven," insert the following: "as amended by the amendment thereto approved the thirty-first day of May, one thousand nine hundred and thirteen"; also in line 385 strike out the words "subject to the payment of such taxes or water-rents or rates" and insert in lieu thereof the following: "For the amount of such taxes or water-rents together with all penalties herein provided and advertising costs."

On the question,

Will the House concur in the amendments made by the Senate?

Mr. MEARKLE. Mr. Speaker, for the information of the House I desire to state that the amendments are satisfactory to the sponsor of the bill.

On the question recurring,

Will the House concur in the amendments made by the Senate?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—185.

Adams,	Gallagher,	Lynch,	Smith, J. W.,
Albee,	Gans,	Mangan,	Smith, Jeff. W.,
Alcorn,	Garner,	Marvin,	Smith, L.,
Alexander,	Geary,	Mather,	Snyder,
Arnold,	Geiser,	McArdle,	Sones,
Aron,	Gibson,	McCaig,	Spangler,
Arthur,	Gingery,	McClure,	Spencer,
Baldwin,	Glenn,	McConnell,	
Bauerle,	Gompers,	McCurdy,	Staving,
Beck,	Goodwin,	McKay,	Steedle,
Becker,	Goodyear,	McNichol,	Stein,
Benn,	Gormley,	McVicar,	Stern,
Benninger,	Graham,	Mearkle,	Stone,
Bergy,	Gransback,	Mellott,	Sullivan,
Berntheizel,	Greenwood,	Milliron,	Swan,
Beyer,	Habgood,	Murdoch,	Swartz,
Blackburn,	Hackett,	Myers,	Taylor,
Body,	Hamilton,	Neville,	Thomas,
Brosius,	Harper,	Nieder,	Trach,
Brumbaugh,	Heffernan,	Nissley,	Twibill,
Bungard,	Herman,	Oaks,	Urich,
Campbell, J. O	Hess,	Ostrander,	Vickerman,
Campbell, T.,	Heyburn,	Perry,	Vogdes,
Coldsmith,	Hibshman,	Peters,	Wagner,
Conner,	Hoffman,	Phillips,	Walter,
Corbin,	Hollern,	Pickering,	Walton,
Cox,	Hollingsworth,	Powell,	Watson,
Cromer,	Horton,	Ramsey,	Weaver,
Cummins,	Hubler,	Reel,	Weimer,
Curry,	Jack,	Reynolds,	Weir,
Davis,	Jones, E. E.,	Rhoads,	West,
Dawson,	Jones, W. W.,	Rich,	Wettach,
Dell,	Kaiser,	Rininger,	Whitaker,
Diefenderfer,	Kitts,	Rinn,	Whitten,
Dodds,	Klinger,	Robertson,	Wildman,
Drinkhouse,	Kuhn,	Rothenberger,	Willard,
Dunn,	Kunkle,	Rowell,	Wilson, H. I.,

Eby,	Lafferty,	Rudisill,	Wilson, W. H.,
Ehrhardt,	Lanius,	Sampsel,	Wobensmith,
Erdman,	Lauer,	Schaeffer,	Wood,
Evans,	Lauler,	Scott,	Woodward,
Fackler,	Leighner,	Shaaber,	Wylie,
Finnerty,	Lindsey,	Smith,	Wynne,
Flynn,	Lipschutz,	Shoop,	Young,
Forster,	Love,	Showalter,	Ambler,
Fretz,	Luppert,	Sinclair,	Speaker.
Fruit,	Luxemburger,		

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative and the amendments were concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

QUESTION OF PRIVILEGE.

Mr. KUHN. Mr. Speaker, I would like to ask if there is not some way that we could have order. The gentlemen in the rear of the House cannot hear anything that is being said in front.

The SPEAKER. The Chair insists that better order must be preserved. It is impossible for the members in the back of the House to hear the Clerk. The Sergeant at Arms will notify the gentlemen in the rear of the House to cease their conversations, and he will also close the doors. This does not mean that we do not want people to come in, but simply that the doors are to be closed and kept closed.

BILL ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 543, as follows:

An Act to amend an act approved the ninth day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to provide for the appointment of deputy prothonotaries in counties of this Commonwealth having a population of more than two hundred and fifty thousand and less than a million and defining their qualifications powers and salary"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the first section of an act approved the ninth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to provide for the appointment of deputy prothonotaries in counties of this Commonwealth having a population of more than two hundred and fifty thousand and less than a million and defining their qualifications powers and salary" which reads as follows

"Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by authority of the same That from and after the passage of this act in counties having a population of more than two hundred and fifty thousand and less than one million the prothonotary shall appoint a person learned in the law as deputy prothonotary" is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by authority of the same That in counties having a population of more than two hundred and fifty thousand and less than one million inhabitants the prothonotary shall designate from the force of clerks in his office a person who shall be the deputy prothonotary Any clerk in the office of such prothonotary designated by the prothonotary shall have the power of deputy prothonotary so far as relates to the administration of oaths and affirmations in the performance of the work of the office

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. POWELL. Mr. Speaker, I move that further consideration of this bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. DELL. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

RESOLUTION.

Mr. W. W. JONES, offered the following resolution which was read by the Clerk:

Resolved, That the use of the Hall of the House of Representatives be given for a public hearing on House Bill No. 944, on Tuesday evening, April 13th, 1915, at 8 o'clock P. M.

The SPEAKER. The Chair will suggest to the gentleman that we will probably have a session on that night. It is necessary in order to get through this calendar.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the resolution?

It was not agreed to.

BILL ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage House Bill No. 886, as follows:

An Act amending an act entitled "An Act applicable to all counties of this Commonwealth to provide monthly payments as approved by the trustees to indigent widowed or abandoned mothers for partial support of their children in their own homes The manner of appointment of the trustees the administration of the trust amount of appropriations proportioning appropriations co-ordinate appropriations amounts to be paid form of records eligibility penalties and reports as set forth" approved April twenty-ninth nineteen hundred thirteen by limiting the provisions of said act to women whose husbands are dead or permanently insane and who have children under sixteen years of age and providing for uniformity of administration by the appointment of the State Supervisor over the Boards of Trustees of different counties and otherwise amending the provisions of said act

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That Section 1 of an act entitled "An Act applicable to all counties of this Commonwealth to provide monthly payments as approved by the trustees to indigent widowed or abandoned mothers for partial support of their children in their own homes The manner of appointment of the trustees the administration of the trust amount of appropriations proportioning appropriations coordinate appropriations amounts to be paid form of records eligibility penalties and reports as set forth" approved April twenty-ninth nineteen hundred thirteen which reads as follows

"Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That on and after the passage of this bill and its approval by the Governor of the Commonwealth the Chief Executive shall appoint not less than five and not more than seven women residents of each county desiring to avail itself of the provisions of this act to act as trustees in whom shall be intrusted the carrying into effect the provisions of this act to provide monthly payment as approved by the trustees to indigent widowed or abandoned mothers for partial support of their children in their own homes such payment to be made direct to the recipient by the State Treasurer upon warrants drawn by the Auditor General and direct to the recipient by the County Treasurer Such payments to continue at the will of the trustees but not beyond the time that the law will permit a child to secure employment" be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That on and after the passage of this bill and its approval by the Governor of the Commonwealth the Governor shall appoint not less than five and not more than seven women whose terms of office shall expire May thirty-first three to serve for two years and two or four to serve for one year residents of each county desiring to avail itself of the provisions of this act to act as trustees in whom shall be intrusted the carrying into effect the provisions of this act to provide monthly payments as approved by the Trustees to women who have children under sixteen years of age and whose husbands are dead or permanently confined in institutions for the insane when such women are of good repute but poor and dependent on their own efforts for support as aid in supporting their children in their own homes such payment to be made direct to the recipient by the State Treasurer upon warrants drawn by the Auditor General and direct to the recipient by the County Treasurer Such payments to continue at the will of the Trustees but not beyond the time that the law will permit a child to secure employment except that such payments shall continue until a child is sixteen years of age if said child is physically unable to earn wages or is at school with satisfactory record of attendance and scholarship The Governor shall also appoint a woman qualified by her training and experience to act as State Supervisor over the boards of the different counties Said Supervisor shall furthermore act as general field organizer and she shall be on the staff of the State Board of Education The Supervisor may with the approval of the Governor appoint a clerk who shall receive an annual salary not exceeding twelve hundred dollars The term of office of said Supervisor shall be two years and her annual salary shall not exceed $2,400 and the necessary traveling and office expenses

Section 2 That Section two of the act of April twenty-ninth nineteen hundred thirteen which reads as follows:

"Section 2 The administration of this act shall lie solely in the hands of the trustees appointed annually by the Governor They shall serve without pay but shall be permitted to charge for traveling expenses in making investigations of cases before a final recommendation is made to the Auditor General and county treasurer The

trustees shall provide a headquarters and appoint an investigator and stenographer (if necessary) also suitable furnishings stationery and postage but at no time shall the yearly expense be more than three thousand dollars for counties with cities of the first class twenty-four hundred dollars for counties with cities of the second class eighteen hundred dollars for counties with cities of the third class and twelve hundred dollars for counties other than the aforesaid classes with the exception of the first year when the trustees shall be permitted to expend an additional sum of not more than five hundred dollars if necessary for furnishings In order to carry the provisions of this act into effect an appropriation of two hundred thousand dollars from moneys not otherwise appropriated is hereby made proportioned to the counties of the Commonwealth according to their respective population in the census of one thousand nine hundred and ten by the Auditor General and State Treasurer upon the passage and approval of this bill the State Treasurer shall place the proportionate amount of the entire appropriation to the various counties upon the books of the State Treasury to the credit of the trustees one half of which amount shall be available the first year after approval and the remainder the second year or until another appropriation may become available Provided however That no county through their trustees or otherwise shall receive their allotment of the State's appropriation unless an equal amount has been provided by the government of such county desiring the benefits under this act" be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Section 2 The State Supervisor and general field Organizer of the county boards shall formulate and issue to the various boards rules of procedure under the general law by which they shall be governed to the end that uniformity of interpretation and practice shall obtain throughout the State and to attain this end she shall visit not less than twice each year for conference and counsel each county board organized under this act she shall supervise and inspect and report annually to the State Board of Education on the work of the county boards especially as to the educational conditions and progress of the assisted families She shall as general field Organizer visit the officer of those counties who do not avail themselves in behalf of their counties of the funds appropriated under this act for the purpose of explaining the provisions of this act to those concerned in counties which have not taken advantage of the act and assist the county commissioners upon the acceptance by them of the provisions of this act in the organization of Mothers Assistance Boards But the administration of this act within the counties shall be solely in the hands of the Trustees appointed biennally by the Governor subject to the rules formulated and issued by the State Supervisor The Trustees shall serve without pay but shall be permitted to charge for expenses incurred directly in the administration of this act The Trustees shall provide a headquarters and appoint competent investigators and clerical assistants as necessary and provide suitable furnishings stationery and postage but at no time shall the yearly expenses of administration in any county exceed ten per cent of the appropriation of such county for that year (with the exception of the first year when the Trustees shall be permitted to expend an additional sum of not more than five hundred dollars) if necessary for furnishings In order to carry the provisions of this act into effect an appropriation of eight hundred thousand dollars from moneys not otherwise appropriated is hereby made proportioned to the counties of the Commonwealth according to the following classification:

First class—Counties with a population of more than one million shall each receive equal parts of thirty per cent of the entire appropriation

Second class—Counties with a population of more than two hundred thousand and less than one million shall receive equal parts of fifteen per centum of the entire appropriation

Third class—Counties with a population of more than one hundred thousand and less than two hundred thousand shall each receive equal parts of thirty per centum of the entire appropriation

Fourth class—Counties with a population of more than fifty thousand and less than one hundred thousand shall each receive equal parts of fifteen per centum of the entire population

Fifth class—Counties with a population of more than twenty-five thousand and less than fifty thousand shall each receive equal parts of seven per centum of the entire appropriation

Sixth class—Counties with a population of less than twenty-five thousand shall receive equal parts of three per centum of the entire appropriation

Upon the passage and approval of this bill the State Treasurer shall place the proportionate amount of the entire appropriation to the various counties upon the books of the State Treasury to the credit of the trustees one-half of which amount shall be available for the first year after approval and the remainder the second year or until another appropriation may become available provided however that no county through its trustees or otherwise shall receive its allotment of the State's appropriation unless an equal amount has been provided by the government of such county desiring the benefits under this act within a period of one year after passage and approval of this bill All of the funds so appropriated to various counties which have not availed themselves of the provisions of this act remaining at the expiration of said time shall revert to a fund which shall be available for further division among the counties that have already availed themselves of the provisions of the act providing however that the second allotment to any county does not exceed twenty-five per centum of the first amount appropriated to the county and that the government of said county appropriates an equal amount as in the first instance

Section 3 That section three of the act of April twenty-ninth nineteen hundred thirteen which reads as follows

"Section 3 The trustees shall in no case recommend payment to any widow or abandoned mother until they are thoroughly satisfied that the recipient is worthy in every way and that in order to keep her children in her own home a monthly payment is necessary but then only upon satisfactory reports from a teacher in the district school stating that the child or children of the recipient of this fund are attending school provided they are of proper age and physically able to do so The combined total maximum payment shall not exceed twelve dollars per month for one child twenty dollars per month for two children twenty-six dollars per month for three children and five dollars per month for each additional child These payments to continue at the will of the trustees but not beyond the time that the law will permit a child to secure employment" be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows

Section 3 The trustees shall in no case recommend payment until they are satisfied that the recipient has proved her character and ability and that for decent maintenance of her children in her own home monthly payments are necessary but then only upon satisfactory report from a teacher in a school in which child or children are enrolled stating that the child or children of the recipient of this fund are attending school provided they are of proper age and physically able to do so The combined maximum payment shall not exceed twelve dollars per month for one child twenty dollars per month for two children twenty-six dollars per month for three children and five dollars per month for each additional child These payments to continue at the will of the trustees but not beyond the time that the law will permit a child to secure employment except that such payments may continue until a child is sixteen years of age if said child is physically unable to earn wages or is at school with satisfactory record of attendance and scholarship.

Section 4 That section four of the act of April twenty-ninth nineteen hundred and thirteen which reads as follows

"Section 4 Four copies of a complete record of each family that is in receipt of any payment under the provisions of this act the number of children their full names ages and places of residence shall be provided One copy to be on file in the office of the trustees as a public record one copy to be kept as a record in the juvenile court and in counties where no such court exists the records shall be kept on file in the orphans court and one copy to be forwarded with each application for a warrant to the Auditor General and one copy to the county treasurer The copy to the Auditor General and the county treasurer shall be sworn to by the investigator and approved by at least a majority of the trustees" be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows

Section 4 Four copies of a complete record of each family that is in receipt of any payment under the provisions of this act the number of children their full names ages and places of residence shall be provided one copy to be on file in the office of the trustees as a public record one copy to be forwarded to the State Board of Education one copy to be forwarded with each application for a warrant to the Auditor General and one copy to the county treasurer The copy to the Auditor General and the county treasurer shall be sworn to by the investigator and approved by at least a majority of the trustees

Section 5 That section five of the act of April twenty-ninth nineteen hundred thirteen which reads as follows

"Section 5 No family shall be beneficiary under this act unless the mother has been a continuous resident of the county in which she is applying for the benefits under this act for a period of three years" be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows

Section 5 In order to prevent the alienation of citizenship of those who receive the benefits of this act no family shall be a beneficiary under this act unless the mother has been a continuous resident of the county in which she is applying for such benefits for a period of three years and unless she is a citizen of this country or submits legal evidence of her intention to become a citizen

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—196.

Adams,	Gans,	Mangan,	Shoop,
Albee,	Garner,	Marvin,	Showalter,
Alcorn,	Geary,	Mather,	Sinclair,
Alexander,	Geiser,	Maurer,	Smith, J. W.,
Arnold,	Gibson,	McArdle,	Smith, Jeff. W.
Aron,	Gingery,	McCalg.	Snyder,
Arthur,	Glenn.	McClintock,	[illegible]
Baldwin,	Gompers,	McClure.	Spangler,
Barnett,	Goodnough,	McConnell,	Spencer,
Bauerle,	Goodwin,	McCurdy,	Statler,
Becker,	Goodyear,	McDermott,	Staving,
Benn,	Gormley,	McKay,	[illegible]
Benninger,	Graham,	McNichol,	Stein,
Bergy,	Gransback,	McVicar,	Stern,
Berntheizel,	Greenwood,	Mearkle,	Stone,
Beyer,	Habgood,	Mellott,	Sullivan,
Blackburn,	Hackett,	Metzenbacher,	Swan,
Body,	Hamilton,	Milliron.	Swartz,
Brosius,	Harper,	Murdoch,	Taylor,
Brownlee,	Heffernan,	Murphy,	Thomas,
Brumbaugh,	Herman,	Myers,	Trach,
Bungard.	Hess,	Neville,	Twibill,
Campbell, J. O.,	Heyburn,	Nieder,	Urich,
Campbell, T.,	Hibshman,	Nissley,	Vickerman,
Christman,	Hoffman,	Oaks,	Vogdes,
Coldsmith,	Hollingsworth,	Ostrander,	Wagner,

Conner,	Horton,	Palmer,	Walsh,
Corbin,	Howarth,	Perry,	Walter,
Cox,	Hubler,	Peters,	Walton,
Cromer,	Jack,	Phillips,	Watson,
Cummins	Jones, E. E.,	Pickering,	Weaver,
Curry,	Jones, W. W.,	Powell,	Weimer,
Davis,	Kaiser,	Ramsey,	Weir,
Dawson,	Kitts,	Reel,	West,
Dell,	Klinger,	Reynolds,	Wettach,
Diefenderfer,	Kuhn,	Rhoads,	Whitaker,
Dodds,	[illegible]	Rich,	Whitten,
Drinkhouse,	Lafferty,	Rininger,	Wildman,
Dunn,	Landis,	Rinn,	Willard,
Ehrhardt,	Lanius,	Robertson,	Williams,
Eppley,	Lauer,	Rothenberger,	Wilson, H. I.,
Erdman,	Lauler,	Rowell,	Wilson, W. H.,
Evans,	Leighner,	Rudisill,	Wood,
Fackler,	Lindsey,	Sampsel,	Woodward,
Finnerty,	Luppert,	Sarig,	Wylie,
Flynn,	Lipschutz,	Schaeffer,	Wynne,
Forster,	Love.	Scott,	Young,
Fretz,	Luxemburger,	Shaaber,	Ambler,
Fruit,	Lynch,	Shaffer,	Speaker.
Gallagher,			

NAYS—1.

Bovee,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

BILL ON THIRD READING (SPECIAL ORDER)

The SPEAKER. The hour of 9.30 having arrived the special order for that hour will be taken up.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1083 (Senate Bill No. 141), entitled:

An Act to regulate the practice of optometry in Pennsylvania defining optometry and relating to the right to practice optometry in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and making certain exceptions and providing a bureau of optometrical education examination and licensure as a bureau of the Department of Public Instruction and means and methods whereby the right to practice optometry may be obtained and providing for the means to carry out the provisions of this act and providing for revocation or suspension of licenses given by said bureau and providing penalties for violations thereof and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent therewith

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. DUNN. Mr. Speaker, when a member here is sponsor of a bill he takes a certain pride in it whether the measure may be considered good or bad when it comes before this House for their consideration. Yet there are times when one must sacrifice pride on the line of duty in order that that duty may be carried out in the performance of the work that is before us. Therefore, gentlemen of the House, I wish to bring to your attention tonight the facts about Bill 251, the bill for which I am sponsor. After due consideration in the committee there came a bill from the Senate which had passed there by an almost unanimous vote of that body. The number of the Senate bill was 141 and knowing that that bill was identically the same as the bill for which I was sponsor then in committee I offered to substitute 141 for 251 in order that the members of this House might vote on that blil. I desire that you shall thoroughly understand the situation tonight, because I believe that no argument can be brought here tonight in behalf of this bill whether it be for or against it, that would change the opinion of any man upon it, because I believe that your minds are set tonight as to how to vote without any argument being submitted either for or against this bill. It is my privilege, however, to inform you that Senate Bill No. 141 is the regular Optometry Bill, the bill through which these men who have been knocking at the doors of this General Assembly for six years or more are asking recognition that they be given proper power to regulate their own business in this great Commonwealth, and they are knocking at the door of the halls of this Legislature appealing to you men of this great great Commonwealth to give them proper regulation of their business. I want to say to you, therefore, in conclusion that this is the bill that is before you tonight.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. Speaker, if I were to accept the statement made by Mr. Dunn that the minds of the members are made up in regard to this bill it would be useless to talk to the members of this House relative to it because it seems to me that if their minds were made up that argument would be of no avail. Much to my surprise this Optometric Bill came up before it was placed on Special Reading after the majority of the members had left for their homes last week, prior to adjournment. Mr. Dunn had the Optometric Bill that he claimed part ownership in and for which he was part sponsor to have that bill made a special order for tonight. I want to say to you before it comes to a vote, gentlemen, that I believe that many of the members are laboring under a misapprehension—that you suspect it to be a bill that will be called up tomorrow as a bill for the examining and licensure of Optometrists and an examination of that bill will show to the contrary. The question here tonight is whether it is advisable or not to pass a bill for the regulation in this State providing a Bureau of Optometrical Education Examination and Licensure.

That board, Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, is appointed by the Governor, that board has full supervision, and any man on that board misconducting himself is answerable to the Governor. And I submit to the consideration of the members of this House that no measure has ever come before you for your consideration that deserves more attention than this bill. Here is a bill that proposes that men who are actively engaged in optometry shall be examined without any responsibility attached by a board which is composed of men of ability and of learning. I ask you men, whether there is any one of the human senses that we are possessed of that reqires more care than the eye. The bill that will be called up tomorrow for final passage is a bill that recognizes reputable optometrists and makes provision that no man who has been actively engaged in the practice of optometry need undergo an examination. It is only for the purpose of preventing an imposition. Perhaps you gentlemen who come from the country districts recognize that better than I do, because you have seen the evil of incompetent men endeavoring to treat the eyes of your constituents. Gentlemen of the House give this bill your careful consideration and do not be led away by the vanity of any man who says that he takes pride in being the author of the bill. There has been criticism on the Daix bill because the Senate has passed it without due care and consideration and I ask you members of this House to scrutinize your acts well tonight because you are voting on one of the most important bills that you have ever been called upon for your judgment. I hesitate to criticise my friend from Philadelphia a man for whom I have always had the utmost respect, but I do say, gentlemen of this House, that his action on last Wednesday night was, to say the least, very unseemly, when he waited until the House was almost empty to make his bill a special order at half past nine tonight, when he knew that a bill along the same line was to be presented, the only difference being whether the Governor would appoint the Board, or whether these men who are so much interested in their bill would select their own men for the examination. I wish you gentlemen of this House to bear in mind this: that I think all of you, as I have been approached by optometrists who say that Bill 205 will legislate them out of business. It would do nothing of the kind, because any reputable optometrist who is now engaged in business for five years would not be affected. And I ask you gentlemen in all sincerity to give care and attention to your vote tonight and vote this bill down.

Mr. KITTS. Mr. Speaker, last Wednesday evening, when the bill referred to by my friend from Philadelphia Mr. McNichol, Bill 205, was almost ready for consideration, out of kindness for the gentleman from Philadelphia—the gentleman with whom I very seldom take a friendly issue—I went over and gave him a gentleman's notice that I intended to attack his bill. The next thing I heard was, that it was on the postponed calendar for Wednesday morning, and a short time after—a short time after the House Appropriation Committee had left, not necessarily thinning this House materially, then another motion was made. I think Mr. Speaker, this bill this evening No. 141 is properly in its place, and if the opponents of this bill have no other argument to offer then the argument that we have rather "slipped one over on them" in preceding this bill as a special order of business over theirs, I think then that is

the very reason that we ought to pass this bill. It strikes me, sir, that there has been an undue influence working in the Medical Board of Licensure in the State of Pennsylvania to get in the control of other practitioners. Under control of medical examiners, every one of whom are men of M. D. qualifications, this other order of practitioners, they have been admitted to the practice of optometrics and optics and every one of them, while I hate, severely hate sir to make this statement, I say it in sincerity that I know that Dr. Baldy has made the assertion that the time was not far in the future when every one in that curriculum from the Doctor down to the optometrist would be brought under the jurisdiction of the Board of Medical Licensure. And I call the attention of the House, Sir, to one thing, a short time ago, there was circulated among the members upon their desks, however it may have been lost in the crush of the Full Crew Literature, a pamphlet which gave a decision emanating from one of the courts of the State of Pennsylvania in which an eminent Jurist declared that the Medical Board of Licensure of the State of Pennsylvania had no jurisdiction over optometry. Now then, Mr. Speaker, if this is the case if that is a concrete or abstract legal proposition, why should we deny these men who have set up their business in the State of Pennsylvania and have invested thousands upon thousands of dollars of capital in equipment, why should we deny those gentlemen what thirty-four states in the Union have granted them. Our sister states bordering upon the border lines of Pennsylvania have set up laws almost identical with this bill. I think the gentleman of the House, Mr. Speaker, will pardon me for taking their time, but this is the first time in the session of 1915 that I have arisen in my place to say one word either for or against any piece of legislation. The only time I said anything was on the adjournment resolution. I do feel this evening, Sir, that this House should study this bill carefully as my friend Mr. McNichol says and give consideration to this bill but I hope it will not be governed by the gentleman from Philadelphia and decide this bill as we would have them decide it. In as much as we are referring to this decision—the Courts have decided that the fitting of glasses is not in itself a medical act; that it brings with it the use of no drugs; that it requires in the fitting of glasses no particular skill in medicine or any particular skill in the handling of drugs. Then I ask you, Sir, in all fairness, why the optometrists of the State of Pennsylvania are not entitled to a square deal? Should we sit here in our chairs, Mr. Speaker, and give more attention to the passage of sundry laws than we do to the laws that give a square deal to a state of any one line. I have had some experience with occulists and I have had some experience with optometrists and I think I know whereof I speak. I can see no necessity Mr. Speaker, why this Legislature of 1915 shall place under the absolute control and jurisdiction of the Medical Board of Licensure, a set of men practicing under the name of optometrists when they have nothing to do with those things which pertain to medicine. It strikes me, Sir, and it strikes me forcibly, that a man who needs only a slight correction in the refraction of the rays of light or simply a little glass to assist him in reading should be required to go to an occulist and be charged a medical fee in addition to his prescription for having his lenses ground. Now, this has been my practical experience and I know it has been the experience of many members of this House that optometrists in a great many cases can give as good service to the public and fit eyes as well as those who hold out and practice with the sign "Occulist" over their door. I ask the gentleman of this House to vote "aye" on this bill. It is only a square deal for these men. Two years ago, on this very question, on the floor of this House we fought out the question of the osteopath. We finally gave them a separate Board. Now it has been remarked by some of the opponents of this bill that it is the Governor who appoints the Board of Medical Examiners and it would be the Governor who would appoint the Board of Optometrical Examiners, should we pass this bill. But, gentlemen, do not confuse these two ideas. While the Act of Assembly which created the Board of Medical Licensure stands upon the statute books unamended, or stands on the statute books even amended as Senate Bill No. 205 would amend it, it would always be the inherent duty of the Governor of Pennsylvania to appoint on that Board medical men to examine those whose qualifications require nothing but the mechanical practice of fitting glasses. It will be an absolute miscarriage of justice and I ask you to pass it.

Mr. CROMER. Mr. Speaker this question naturally arises in my mind; does the medical fraternity intend to allow us any measure of personal or civil liberty or do they intend in a short time to have use eat our meals by a card index system. Gentlemen of the House if you will indulge me for about two minutes, I will tell you exactly the difference between the occulist and the optometrist. What the optometrist proposes to do and what he does not propose to do, and I will be right to the point. Now, I will prove to your satisfaction in a very few minutes that this is simply a mechanical science and has no relation whatever to the medical fraternity any more than the carpenter or the joiner would have or any thing of that kind. Listen, here is what they do. Suppose that you have hyperopia which is farsightedness, a convex spherical lens is used. Now suppose that you have myopia, near sightedness, a concave spherical lens is used. Astigmatism either hyperopic or myopic is corrected by the use of a combination of spherical and cylindrical lenses. Last week I told you something about farming, I will tell you something about optometrics now. How do you know that any man has these things. The optometrists are able to determine these defects by an instrument known as the retinascope. This instrument is used for focusing correctly the light upon the retina of the eye, the muscles of accommodation being fogged by a strong convex lens. Now suppose you have esephoria which means that the eyes are slightly apart or exophoria which means that the eyes are slightly crossed or hyperphoria which means that one eye looks up and the other down, how will you correct that? Why simply with a prism, that is absolutely a mechanical operation. I have a slight touch of hyperopia. I get a pair of glasses for about two dollars and seventy-five cents and I save at least ten or fifteen dollars. If I went to an occulist my eyes would be measured and I would get the identical glasses I have now. Now, gentlemen, of the House optometry has no relation whatever to medical science therefore I hope you will give this your careful consideration in your voting.

Mr. PALMER. Mr. Speaker, notwithstanding the fact that the gentleman from Allegheny has filled this subject by his gentle fancy with undying humor, I propose to state this proposition to this House in another light. I agree with Mr. Kitts on the proposition that I am favor of giving the optometrists a square deal, but I go further with my proposition and I try to endeavor to give the people of Pennsylvania a square deal on this proposition. If the only question involved were whether the patient has myopia or hypermetropia, far-sightedness, or near-sightedness, when he goes into an optometrist's office then I would be satisfied with the argument of the gentleman from Allegheny, but the treatment of the eye is one of the auxiliaries of the medical profession. By the use of the omalth opthalmoscope a man looks into the background of the eye and there is indicated certain disease. Now the man goes into the optometrist's omce and it is found by the optometrist that this man has myopia or near-sightedness and he fits the lens to correct the vision; when, as a matter of fact, gentlemen, it takes a skilled man to know that that myopia may be due to a deep seated trouble. That myopia may be due to the beginning stages of diabetes, that may go into the very life of the subject who comes for treatment. Now the question, whether in myopia or whether in hypermetropia, if that were the only question which was involved in the treatment, then I say the argument of the gentleman from Allegheny would be good; but, as a matter of fact, it indicates or might, indicate a very serious trouble. They say when a man gets to a certain age that his eyes become weak, that his eyes become dim, due to the physical change in the eyeball. Well, if that physical change in the eyeball comes, then it must have a cause and no optometrist, unless he is qualified in diseases, can tell the man who is applying for treatment what that trouble is due to; and I say that he could innocently drive many a man to a stage wherein he will never recover and will die. The question of paying

two dollars and seventy-five cents for a pair of glasses to the optometrist or paying a medical man twenty-five dollars for this treatment—why that question hardly enters into this matter when it is a question of a man's life. I say that before this House goes ahead, and, on the speeches that were here made, pass this bill I would suggest that we all become better informed and know what we are doing, know what we are about. It is a question of whether or not we ought not to get down to this proposition and then ask ourselves whether we are going ahead with legislation and monkeying with people's eyes when we don't know anything about it.

I submit to you that the McNichol bill, which comes up before this House tomorrow morning, is a fair proposition because it will take the applicants for the practce of optometry into the domain of these diseases and it makes them qualified that the public of Pennsylvania will be in safer hands.

Mr. CROMER. Mr. Speaker, I desire at this time to thank the gentleman from Philadelphia for stating that I was right as far as I went. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, I went as far as any optometrist wants to go. When they want to go any further than that they will send the man to the oculist. I mentioned everything tonight that the optometrist will try. Anything harder he would send you to the oculist. The gentleman from Philadelphia stated that twenty-five dollars was a small sum for a man to spend. I want to say that to the man who earns two or three dollars a day that twenty-five dollars is quite a considerable sum and especially when he has a family to support.

Mr. PALMER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to correct the gentleman from Allegheny and inform him that I am not from Philadelphia. I have enough to answer for without being from Philadelphia.

Mr. CROMER. Mr. Speaker, I beg the gentleman's pardon. I really thought that he was a member from the effete and pampered East. I did not know he was from Schuylkill.

Mr. KUHN. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, I want to say at this time that I agree with one thing that my good friend from Philadelphia, Mr. McNichol, said and that is the fact that we are today discussing a great question, that of the eye; but I cannot agree with the gentleman that the bill in which he is interested should pass this House. I want to say to you, gentlemen of this House, that I stand with the man who has gone out in his humble way and taken up the practice of optometry wherein he can give to the common people common ordinary practice. If you will take away from these optometrists this right and place the control of optometry in the hands of the medical profession you are placing in the hands of these men millions of dollars each year that justly and rightly belongs to this other class or citizens.

And I want to go further, gentlemen of the House, and say that ninety per cent. of the practitioners of this country are not in any way proficient to practice this treatment of the eye as claimed by the gentleman. I want to say to you, gentlemen, give the common man a chance; give the common boy a chance that he may go forth and have an opportunity in this world the same as the medical profession. I want to say that the medical profession today is wanting to scoop up the earth and, if they could get it, a little potato patch on the moon. I want to ask you gentlemen in all sincerity and in everything that is fair and right and just and equitable to vote for this measure, No. 141.

Mr. MEARKLE. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, as a member of the Public Health and Sanitation Committee I made some study of this proposition. I have considerable timidity about discussing it, however; but I have been sitting here listening to the speeches that were made and have been wondering whether I understood the proposition or not. The gentleman that just preceded me lead me to believe that it was the purpose of Bill No. 205, which my friend, Mr. McNichol, is fathering that it was the purpose of that bill to exterminate the optometrists. Now, I do not understand that at all. As I understand it, there are two bills before this House; one, the Senate Bill No. 141; and one, the House Bill No. 205; and as I understand it—I stand to be corrected—they are identically the same with one exception and that seems to be where the fight is. Bill No. 205 provides that the Board of Examiners shall consist of optometrists appointed by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure. The bill under discussion at this present time states that the Board of Examiners shall consist of optometrists appointed by the Governor. Outside of that the two bills are identically the same, and it is not the purpose of Bill No. 205 to put the optometrists out of business, because I am a friend of the optometrists. Now that is the distinction. In the one the Board is appointed by the Governor and other the Board is appointed by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure, and what is the purpose of the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure if not to supervise and have under their control propositions of this kind.

Mr. STEEDLE. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, I had no intention of saying anything in reference to this bill but to sit idly by and be attacked as a member of the medical profession by the good gentleman from Greene, Mr. Kuhn, when he tries to inform this House that not ten per cent., to his mind, are able or capable of examining the eye:—I would like to inform that gentleman and every other member of this House that every boy or man or lady that graduates from any school in the State of Pennsylvania is competent to examine the eye from the optometrical standpoint and a great deal deeper, if you please. I dare say that I could take any one of the two hundred and seven members of this house, give them a trial lens, take one man for a practical demonstration and in ten minutes or one half an hour educate him sufficiently to have the subject tell him whether his eyes are or are not what the oculists calls myopia or hypermetropia. The gentleman from Allegheny, in his reference, in so far as optometry goes, reminds me of a little incident. I once heard a man say that life was like a menu card. A gentleman then asked him why and he said, because there are so many that get no farther than the soup; and I feel that way about my friend from Allegheny. He would have this House believe that he knows optometry from its very alpha to its omega. That he would have you believe, and possibly he has given it some consideration and possibly not—only knows what somebody has told him.

Again, we have the man here who trys to tell you men that the medical fraternity would gobble up everything in their clutches if in their power to do so.

Let us just stop for a moment and see where comes this radiation of Optometry. Did it originate from the Board of Medical Licensure, or did it originate from within the scope of the people who practice Optometry? I remember distinctly in the session of 1913, and all the other members who were here at that session will remember, that Mr. Allen, from Allegheny, introduced a like measure only with a somewhat broader scope attached thereto. That bill was defeated on the ground that they wanted to call themselves Doctors of Optometry, and the House at that session did the State of Pennsylvania a grand act in not passing such a measure. The medical fraternity never wanted them, or tried to grab these men until they came in and asked for their own Board and asked the State to legalize a lot of fakers. That is what they are. They started in as nothing, and now there are a hundred of them and they want the State to legalize them.

The medical fraternity does not object to these men practicing Optometry. They can practice from now until doomsday for all they care; they never once asked them to come in and don't want to put a ban on them. There are a few within their own circle selfish enough to steal all they have now and grasp more. Why don't they want to be taken under the guidance of the Board of Medical Education and Licensure? Is it selfish, as the gentleman from Erie would have you believe? No, they do not want to be selfish with them, but there have been other members in this House who saw the wisdom of protecting the people of this Commonwealth and the people that are going to come after them, that anything that pertains to the medical line shall come under the one great head, and this is a portion of the medical profession to an extent. Of course, they say that it is only a mechanical means, but how many of these men stop at the mechanical part in the examination of an eye. They will take a chance, and that I can prove. I can prove to

the satisfaction of the members of this House that I know of a case in my home town where a little girl went to one of these men to have her eyes examined, who was supposed to be suffering with an optical lesion of some kind. Did he go into the family history and ascertain whether there was anything fundamentally wrong with that child? No, but he measured that girl with a pair of glasses. What was the result? That that pathological condition went on from bad to worse, which was afterward proven to be nothing more than an inherited syphllis, and yet that poor child was on the alter of sacrifice and that poor man had to pay his money for those glasses An then they say we are trying to steal all that is in it, or that we would even try to put a potato patch upon the moon.

No, God forbid, the medical profession is not built that way, as the gentleman from Greene would have you believe. No other profession in the world does as much charity as the medical fraternity. There is not a man who is called to see anybody at night, or at daybreak, or in the day, who won't go if he knows it is just. He does not stop to say have you a dollar and a half, or have you two dollars, or have you five dollars. He will go, and then they say we are unkind, in other words that we are practically robbers. We never stole, and do not intend to steal, but I think, like my friend from Philadelphia, Mr. McNichol, and like other members of this House, that there should be a check on this Optometry as to their length and breadth, or how far they may go. The State of New York they will say, has got an Optometry Board. Of course they have. We agree with them But who controls that Optometry Board? The Board of Regents of the State of New York. They know how far they can go and if there is any violation of their laws, they recall them. But here they don't want anybody to check them. They want to go right in and take everything and do as they please and nobody shall say whether they are doing right or wrong. Now, gentlemen, I hope and trust that this House will see in its wisdom to defeat this bill.

Mr. LEIGHNER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to interrogate the gentleman from Allegheny.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Allegheny, Mr. Steedle, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. STEEDLE. Mr. Speaker, I will.

Mr. LEIGHNER. Mr. Speaker, did I understand the gentleman to say that the Optometry bill was offered here before the Medical bill was introduced?

Mr. STEEDLE. This session or last session.

Mr. LEIGHNER. This session I am speaking about.

Mr. STEEDLE. Mr. Speaker, this session I cannot say as to whether the McNichol bill was first introduced, or whether the Daix bill, whether the Dunn bill was first introduced. My remarks, Mr. Speaker, in reference thereto were for the purpose of trying to make plain to the members now that the Optometrists were the first to come into the State and ask for this Board, and that the medical profession never once tried to eradicate them, or to prevent them from doing business.

Mr. LEIGHNER. Mr. Speaker, he made the statement, or so I understood, and I do not want to have it wrong, he made the statement that the Optometrists came in here and ask a bill, and the medical men were doing this to offset it. Now, their bill was offered one week before the Optometrists' bill was offered. Their bill was introduced on the second of February and the Optometrists' bill came on the eighth.

Mr. STEEDLE. I tried to make it plain to the gentlemen that they were the first to come here and ask for a Board. But by that I meant in the session of 1913. As to this session, I do not know whether the Daix bill was introduced first, or the Dunn bill or the McNichol bill.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—172.

Adams,	Evans,	Lanius,	Sarig,
Albee,	Fackler,	Lauer,	Scott,
Alcorn,	Finnerty,	Lauler,	Shaaber,
Alexander,	Flynn,	Leighner,	Shaffer,
Arnold,	Forster,	Linnsey,	Shoop,
Aron,	Fretz,	Love,	Sinclair,
Arthur,	Fruit,	Luppert,	Smith, Jeff. W.,
Baker,	Gallagher,	Luxemburger,	Smith, L.,
Baldwin,	Gans,	Lynch,	Snyder,
Barnett,	Garner,	Marvin,	Sones,
Bauerle,	Geary,	Mather,	Spangler,
Becker,	Geiser,	Maurer,	Spencer,
Benn,	Gibson,	McArdle,	Statler,
Benninger,	Gingery,	McClure,	Staving,
Bergy,	Glenn,	McConnell,	Stein,
Berntheizel,	Gompers,	McKay,	Stern,
Beyer,	Goodnough,	McVicar,	Stone,
Blackburn,	Goodwin,	Mellott,	Swan,
Body,	Goodyear,	Metzenbacher,	Swartz,
Bovee,	Gormley,	Milliron,	Taylor,
Brosius,	Graham,	Murdoch,	Thomas,
Brownlee,	Greenwood,	Neville,	Trach,
Brumbaugh,	Habgood,	Nieder,	Twibill,
Bungard,	Hackett,	Nissley,	Vickerman,
Campbell, J. O.,	Harper,	Oaks,	Vogdes,
[illegible]ell, T.,	Heffernan,	Ostrander,	Wagner,
Christ[illegible]	Herman,	Perry,	Walsh,
Coldsmith,	Hess,	Peters,	Watson,
Conner,	Heyburn,	Phillips,	Weimer,
Corbin,	Hollingsworth,	Pickering,	Weir,
Cromer,	Horton,	Powell,	Wettach,
Cummins,	Howarth,	Ramsey,	Whitaker,
Curry,	Hubler,	Reel,	Whitten,
Davis,	Jack,	Reynolds,	Wildman,
Dawson,	Jones, E. E.,	Rhoads,	Williams,
Dell,	Jones, W. W.,	Rich,	Wilson, H. I.,
Diefenderfer,	Kaiser,	Rininger,	Wobensmith,
Dodds,	Kitts,	Rinn,	Wood,
Drinkhouse,	Klinger,	Robertson,	Wylie,
Dunn,	Kuhn,	Rothenberger,	Wynne,
Eby,	Kunkle,	Rowell,	Young,
Ehrhardt,	Lafferty,	Rudisill,	Ambler,
Eppley,	Landis,	Sampsel,	Speaker.
Erdman,			

NAYS—13.

Gransback,	Hoffman,	McCaig,	Steedle,
Hamilton,	Lipschutz,	McNichol,	Sullivan,
Hibshman,	Mangan,	Palmer,	Ulrich,
			West,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Mr. GEISER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to call up House Bill No. 41, Folio 19, page 17 of to-day's calendar, Bills on Third Reading Postponed.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 41, entitled:

An Act prohibiting certain institutions receiving State aid and from restricting pay patients in the selection of physicians and surgeons not connected with the institution

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. GEISER. Mr. Speaker, this bill is known as the "Pure Hospital Bill." I may call it a remedy for a long standing abuse in this Commonwealth and I will be brief in my remarks and say that the United States of America believes in the "Open Door" in China but all these years the people of Pennsylvania have had closed to them the doors of the medical institutions of this State. What I ask for in this bill I am standing up for in behalf of my own personal rights. I want to compel every hospital that receives State money to permit me, if I am taken there, to choose my own physician and surgeon. This bill was introduced early in the session. There was some opposition to it although I knew not from whence it came. I offered this bill in good faith and had it recommitted, myself, and I had it in committee fully six weeks and it was not amended and the committee sent it out without it being amended.

Mr. GARNER. Mr. Speaker, if this act goes through it is going to demoralize every hospital in the State of Pennsylvania. For the sake of one dollar a day they are going to demand from that hospital in their own hours the right to use the nurses and the instruments there and it is going to turn every hospital in the State up-side-down. The bill is not right.

Mr. FORSTER. Mr. Speaker, when this bill was called to my attention I was amazed that such a state of affairs could

possibly exist in any medical institution in our State whether it was receiving State aid or not. To my mind it is a most extraordinary state of affairs; that when I am going into a hospital, pay their price, pay my way, that I cannot have my own doctor. It seems to me if anything is just and a man is willing to pay the hospital's charge he should be allowed to employ whatever surgeon or physician he sees fit to employ The idea of saying that this bill will demoralize the whole staff of any hospital when we are coming in there and using their instruments and nurses." What little experience I have had in hospitals I have found that I paid pretty well for the use of that hospital and staff. When I am doing that there is absolutely no reason in right or justice why I cannot employ my own family physician when I wish to do so.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—145.

Alcorn,	Geiser,	Mangan,	Snyder,
Alexander,	Gibson,	Maurer,	Sones,
Arnold,	Gingery,	McCaig,	Spangler,
Arthur,	Glenn,	McClure,	Spencer,
Baker,	Gompers,	McConnell,	Statler,
Baldwin,	Goodyear,	McCurdy,	Staving,
Bauerle,	Graham,	McKay,	Steedle,
Beck,	Greenwood,	McNichol,	Stein,
Becker,	Hackett,	McVicar,	Stern,
Benninger,	Harper,	Mearkle,	Sullivan,
Bergy,	Heffernan,	Mellott,	Swan,
Berntheizel,	Herman,	Metzenbacher,	Swartz,
Beyer,	Heyburn,	Milliron,	Taylor,
Bovee,	Hibshman,	Murdoch,	Thomas,
Brosius,	Hoffman,	Myers,	Trach,
Brownlee,	Hollingsworth,	Neville,	Urich,
Brumbaugh,	Horton,	Nieder,	Vogdes,
Bungard,	Howarth,	Nissley,	Wagner,
Campbell, J. O.,	Hubler,	Oaks,	Walsh,
Christman,	Jack,	Palmer,	Walton,
Coldsmith,	Jones, E. E.,	Perry,	Watson,
Corbin,	Jones, W. W.,	Peters,	Weimer,
Cox,	Kaiser,	Phillips,	Weir,
Cromer,	Kitts,	Pickering,	Wettach,
Davis,	Klinger,	Powell,	Whitaker,
Dawson,	Kuhn,	Rhoads,	Whitten,
Dell,	Kunkle,	Rich,	Williams,
Dodds,	Lanius,	Robertson,	Willard,
Drinkhouse,	Lauer,	Rothenberger,	Wilson, H. I.,
Dunn,	Lauler,	Rudisill,	Wilson, W. H.,
Eppley,	Leighner,	Sampsel,	Wobensmith,
Fackler,	Lindsey,	Sarig,	Wood,
Finnerty,	Lipschutz,	Shaaber,	Wylie,
Flynn,	Love,	Shaffer,	Wynne,
Forster,	Luppert,	Sinclair,	Young,
Fretz,	Luxemburger,	Smith, Jeff. W	Ambler,
Gans,	Lynch,	Smith, L.,	Speaker.
Geary,			

NAYS—26.

Albee,	Evans,	Habgood,	Ramsey,
Blackburn,	Fruit,	Lafferty,	Rininger,
Cummins,	Gallagher,	Marvin,	Stone,
Curry,	Garner,	Mather,	Twibill,
Eby,	Goodnough,	McArdle,	Vickerman,
Ehrhardt,	Gransback,	Ostrander,	Walter,
Erdman,			Williams,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. CONNER. Mr. Speaker, I move that House Bill No. 314, entitled:

An Act to fix the salaries of the clerks in the office of the county treasurer of any county having a population of one million four hundred thousand inhabitants or over

from page 17 of today's calendar, Bills on Third Reading Postponed, be recommitted to the Committee on Municipal Corporations for the purpose of amendment.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 1023, as follows:

An Act to further amend the sixth section of an act approved April twenty-third Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and three entitled "An Act defining the powers of the several courts of quarter sessions of the peace within this Commonwealth with reference to the care treatment and control of dependent neglected incorrigible and delinquent children under the age of sixteen years and providing for the means in which such power may be exercised" by providing that the court may direct that the clothing of and necessary medical and surgical attendance upon and the care of such child and its maintenance generally shall be paid by the proper county and may fix the amount which shall be paid for such board and clothing

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sixth section of an act approved April twenty-third Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and three entitled "An Act defining the powers of the several courts of quarter sessions of the peace within this Commonwealth with reference to the care treatment and control of dependent neglected incorrigible and delinquent children under the age of sixteen years and providing for the means in which such power may be exercised" which section as amended by an act approved the twenty-fifth day of July Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act to further amend the sixth section of an act approved April twenty-third Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and three entitled 'An Act defining the powers of the several courts of quarter sessions of the peace within this Commonwealth with reference to the care treatment and control of dependent neglected incorrigible and delinquent children under the age of sixteen years and providing for the means in which such powers may be exercised by extending the application of said section to dependent neglected and incorrigible children and providing for the payment of the board of such children" which reads as follows

"Section 6 In the case of a delinquent dependent neglected or incorrigible child the court may continue the hearing from time to time and may commit the child to the care and guardianship of a probation officer duly appointed by the court and may allow said child to remain in its own home subject to the visitation of the probation officer such child to report to the probation officer as often as may be required and subject to be returned to the court for further proceedings whenever such action may appear to be necessary or the court may commit the child to the care and guardianship of the probation officer to be placed in a suitable family home subject to the supervision of such probation officer or it may authorize the said probation officer to board out the said child in some suitable family home in case provision is made by voluntary contribution or otherwise for the payment of the board of such child or may direct that the payment of the board of such child be made by the proper county until a suitable provision may be made for the child in a home without such payment or the court may commit the child to a suitable institution for the care of delinquent children or to any society duly incorporated having for one of its objects the protection of dependent neglected or delinquent children and may direct that the payment of the board of such child shall be made by the proper county" be and the same is hereby further amended so as to read as follows

Section 6 In case of a delinquent dependent neglected or incorrigible child the court may continue the hearing from time to time and may commit the child to the care and guardianship of a probation officer duly appointed by the court and may allow said child to remain in its own home subject to the visitation of the probation officer such child to report to the probation officer as often as may be required and subject to be returned to the court for further proceedings whenever such action may appear to be necessary or the court may commit the child to the care and guardianship of the probation officer to be placed in a suitable family home subject to the supervision of such probation officer or it may authorize the said probation officer to board out the said child in some suitable family home in case provision is made by voluntary contribution or otherwise for the payment of the board of such child or may direct that the payment of the board of such child be made by the proper county until a suitable provision may be made for the child in a home without such payment or the court may commit the child to a suitable institution for the care of delinquent children or to any society duly incorporated having for one of its objects the protection of dependent neglected or delinquent children In any case of the commitment of a dependent neglected incorrigible or delinquent child under the provisions of this section the court committing such child may order and direct that the board and clothing of and necessary medical and surgical attendance upon and the care of such child and its maintenance generally shall be paid by the proper county and may fix the amount which shall be paid for such board and clothing

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—189.

Adams,	Fruit,	Luxemburger,	Shaaber,
Albee,	Gallagher,	Lynch,	Shaffer,
Alcorn,	Gans,	Mangan,	Shoop,
Alexander,	Garner,	Marvin,	Sinclair,
Arnold,	Geary,	Mather,	Smith, J. W.,
Aron,	Geiser,	McArdle,	Smith, Jeff. W.
Arthur,	Gibson,	McCaig,	Smith, L.,
Baldwin,	Gingery,	McClintock,	Snyder,
Bauerle,	Glenn,	McClure,	Sones,
Becker,	Gompers,	McConnell,	Spangler,
Benn,	Goodnough,	McCurdy,	Spencer,
Benninger,	Goodyear,	McDermott,	Statler,
Bergy,	Gormley,	McKay,	Staving,
Berntheizel,	Graham,	McNichol,	Steedle,
Beyer,	Gransback,	McVicar,	Stein,
Blackburn,	Greenwood,	Mearkle,	Stern,
Body,	Habgood,	Mellott,	Stone,
Bovee,	Hackett,	Metzenbacher,	Sullivan,
Brosius,	Hamilton,	Milliron,	Swan,
Brownlee,	Harper,	Murdoch,	Swartz,
Brumbaugh,	Heffernan,	Murphy,	Taylor,
Bungard,	Herman,	Myers,	Thomas,
Campbell, J. O.,	Hess,	Neville,	Trach,
Campbell, T.,			

Christman,	Heyburn,	Nieder,	Twibill,
Coldsmith,	Hibshman,	Nissley,	Urich,
Conner,	Hoffman,	Oaks,	Vickerman,
Corbin,	Hollern,	Ostrander,	Vogdes,
Cox,	Hollingsworth,	Palmer,	Walsh,
Cromer,	Horton,	Perry,	Walter,
Cummins,	Howarth,	Peters,	Walton,
Curry,	Hubler,	Phillips,	Watson,
Davis,	Jack,	Pickering,	Weaver,
Dawson,	Jones, E. E.,	Powell,	Weir,
Dell,	Jones, W. W.,	Ramsey,	West,
Diefenderfer,	Kitts,	Reel,	Wettach,
Dodds,	Kuhn,	Reynolds,	Whitaker,
Drinkhouse,	Kunkle,	Rhoads,	Whitten,
Dunn,	Lafferty,	Rich,	Wildman,
Eby,	Landis,	Rinn,	Willard,
Ehrhardt,	Lanius,	Robertson,	Williams,
Eppley,	Lauer,	Rothenberger,	Wobensmith,
Erdman,	Lauler,	Rowell,	Wood,
Evans,	Leighner,	Rudisill,	Woodward,
Fackler,	Lindsey,	Sampsel,	Wylie,
Finnerty,	Lipschutz,	Sarig,	Wynne,
Flynn,	Love,	Schaeffer,	Young,
Forster,	Luppert,	Scott,	Ambler,
Fretz,			Speaker.

NAYS—0

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affiramtive, the qestion was determined in the affiramtive.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Mr. KITTS in the Chair.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 760, as follows:

An Act providing for the alteration of the boundaries of counties in certain cases and for the adjustment of the indebtedness thereof

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That where from any cause a part of a county is so located that access by public highway from such part to the main portion of the county can be had only by passing through another county and where it shall be for the best interest of part of a such county so located and of the inhabitants of such part that such part of a county be annexed to an adjoining county the court of quarter sessions of the first named county may on petition decree such alterations of the boundaries of the county as shall be for the best interests of the inhabitants aforesaid The term "part of county" as usd in this act shall not include an area greater than two hundred acres nor an area containing a population of over one hundred and fifty inhabitants

Section 2 The petition shall not be considered unless it shall

1 Be signed by not less than two-thirds of the qualified electors of the part of the county so located and

2 Be signed by not less than two-thirds in number and interest of the owners of real estate in such part of a county the valuation to be as shown by the triennial assessment for county purposes last preceding the presentation of the petition The owners of an undivided interest shall be regarded as one person

3 Be verified as to the genuineness of the signatures by a qualified elector of the county

Section 3 When the petition is presented the court shall fix a day for hearing it and direct that notice of the presentation of the petition and of the day of hearing shall be given to the commissioners of the counties affected by the proposed change of boundaries If one of the counties affected is co-terminous with a city the notice shall also be given to the council of the city On the day fixed for hearing or as soon thereafter as the business of the court will permit the court shall hear all parties in interest and shall make such decree as to the court shall seem right and proper

Section 4 When the court decrees an alteration of the boundaries of any such county it shall appoint an auditor who shall conduct such hearings and make such investigations as the court may direct Notice of such hearings and investigations shall be given by the auditor as directed by the court When the auditor shall complete the hearings and investigations he shall report to the court

Section 5 The report of the auditor shall include

1 The total assessed valuation of the subjects of taxation in the county from which a part is to be taken

2 The total assessed valuation of the subjects of taxation in the part proposed to be taken from such county

3 The total amount of indebtedness of the county from which a part is to be taken

4 The value of all real property to be transferred from one county to another by reason of the alteration of boundaries

5 An adjustment of the indebtedness and of the property of the counties affected by the alteration of boundaries

6 A form of decree altering the boundaries as aforesaid and adjusting the indebtedness of the counties affected

Section 6 The decree shall be confirmed nisi by the court If exceptions are not filed thereto within ten days from the date of the decree or if an appeal therefrom is not taken within ten days the decree shall be absolute It shall thereupon be recorded in the offices of the recorders of deeds of the counties affected by the change Upon such recording the boundaries of the respective counties shall be fixed according to the decree The decree absolute shall be enforced as decrees in equity are enforced

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

RECONSIDERATION OF VOTE.

Mr. DUNN. Mr. Speaker, I move that the vote by which this bill passed third reading be reconsidered.

Mr. FORSTER. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Mr. DUNN. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to offer amendment at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The Clerk then read the amendment as follows:

Amend Section 1, line 14, by striking out the word "a" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "an"

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to insert the amendment as read? Is there any objection? The Chair hears none and the amendment will be inserted in accordance with the instructions of the House.

The bill as amended was then agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended lie over for printing.

BILLS ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 955, as follows:

An Act to amend an act approved the fourth day of May one thousand eight hundred and fifty-five entitled "An Act relating to certain duties and rights of husband and wife and parents and children"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the fifth section of an act approved the fourth day of May one thousand eight hundred and fifty-five entitled "An Act relating to certain duties and rights of husband and wife and parents and children" which reads as follows:

"Section 5 That no husband who shall have as aforesaid for one year or upwards previous to the death of his wife wilfully neglected or refused to provide for his wife or shall have for that period or upwards wilfully and maliciously deserted her shall have the right to claim any right or title in her real or personal estate after her decease as tenant by the courtesy or under the intestate laws of this Commonwealth" is amended to read as follows:

Section 5 That no husband who shall have as aforesaid for one year or upwards previous to the death of his wife wilfully neglected or refused to provide for his wife or shall have for that period or upwards wilfully and maliciously deserted her shall have the right to claim any right or title in her real or personal estate after her decease as tenant by the courtesy or under the intestate laws of this Commonwealth

No wife who shall have for one year or upwards previous to the death of her husband wilfully and maliciously deserted her husband shall have the right to claim any right or title in his real or personal estate after his decease under the intestate laws of this Commonwealth

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken as follows, viz:

YEAS—190.

Adams,	Geiser,	Lynch,	Shaaber,
Albee,	Gibson,	Mangan,	Shaffer,
Alcorn,	Gingery,	Marvin,	Sinclair,
Alexander,	Glass,	Mather,	Smith, J. W.,
Arnold,	Glenn,	Maurer,	Smith, Jeff. W.,
Aron,	Gompers,	McArdle,	Smith, L.,
Arthur,	Goodnough,	McCaig,	Snyder,
Baker,	Goodwin,	McClintock,	Sones,
Baldwin,	Goodyear,	McClure,	Spangler,
Bauerle,	Gormley,	McConnell,	Spencer,
Beck,	Graham,	McCurdy,	Statler,
Becker,	Gransback,	McDermott,	Staving,
Benn,	Greenwood,	McKay,	Steedle,
Benninger,	Habgood,	McNichol,	Stein,
Bergy,	Hackett,	McVicar,	Stern,
Berntheizel,	Hamilton,	Mearkle,	Stone,
Beyer,	Harper,	Mellott,	Sullivan,
Blackburn,	Heffernan,	Metzenbacher,	Swan,
Brosius,	Herman,	Milliron,	Swartz,

Brownlee,	Hess,	Murdoch,	Taylor,
Brumbaugh,	Heyburn,	Murphy,	Thomas,
Bungard,	Hibshman,	Myers,	Trach,
Campbell, J. O.,	Hoffman,	Nieder,	Twibill,
Campbell, T.,	Hollern,	Nissley,	Urich,
Christman,	Hollingsworth,	Oaks,	Vickerman,
Conner,	Horton,	Ostrander,	Vogdes,
Corbin,	Howarth,	Palmer,	Wagner,
Cromer,	Hubler,	Perry,	Walsh,
Curry,	Jack,	Peters,	Watson,
Davis,	Jones, E. E.,	Phillips,	Weaver,
Dawson,	Jones, W. W.,	Pickering,	Weimer,
Dell,	Kaiser,	Powell,	Weir,
Diefenderfer,	Kitts,	Ramsey,	West,
Dodds,	Klinger,	Reel,	Wettach,
Drinkhouse,	Kuhn,	Reynolds,	Whitaker,
Dunn,	Kunkle,	Rhoads,	Whitten,
Eby,	Lafferty,	Rich,	Wildman,
Ehrhardt,	Landis,	Rininger,	Willard,
Erdman,	Lanius,	Rinn,	Williams,
Fackler,	Lauer,	Robertson,	Wilson, H. I.,
Finnerty,	Lauler,	Rothenberger,	Wilson, W. H.,
Flynn,	Leighner,	Rowell,	Wobensmith,
Forster,	Lindsey,	Rudisill,	Woodward,
Fretz,	Lipschutz,	Sampsel,	Wylie,
Fruit,	Love,	Sarig,	Wynne,
Gallagher,	Luppert,	Schaeffer,	Young,
Gans,	Luxemburger,	Scott,	Ambler,
Garner,			Speaker.
Geary,			

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative,

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 70, as follows:

An Act to amend the second section of an act of Assembly entitled "An Act authorizing the Bureau of Health in cities of the first class to make and promulgate rules and regulations for the sanitary keeping of stables and other places in such cities where horses mules cows sheep goats or swine are kept and for the collecting storing and transporting of manure from such animals providing that no manure shall be collected or stored in any stable manure-pit or other place without a permit or transported in violation of said rules and regulations making a violation of the act or of said rules and regulations a misdemeanor prescribing penalties therefor and repealing inconsistent acts" approved the twenty-fifth day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen so as to permit the deposit of manure on wharves and piers for shipment beyond the limits of such cities

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the second section of an act approved the twenty-fifth day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act authorizing the Bureau of Health in cities of the first class to make and promulgate rules and regulations for the sanitary keeping of stables and other places in such cities where horses mules cows sheep goats or swine are kept and for the collecting storing and transporting of manure from such animals providing that no manure shall be collected or stored in any stable manure-pit or other place without a permit or transported in violation of said rules and regulations making a violation of the act or of said rules and regulations a misdemeanor prescribing penalties therefor and repealing inconsistent acts" which reads as follows:

"Section 2 No manure from such animals or any of them shall be collected or stored in any stable stall manure-pit wharf or other place in any such city without a permit from the Bureau of Health of such city or contrary to the terms of said permit or contrary to said rules and regulations nor shall any such manure be transported through any such city or any part thereof except in accordance with said rules and regulations" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 2 No manure from such animals or any of them shall be collected or stored in any stable stall manure-pit or other place in such city without a permit from the bureau of health of such city or contrary to the terms of said permit or contrary to said rules and regulations except on a wharf or pier for shipment beyond the limits of such city nor shall any such manure be transported through any such city or any part thereof except in accordance with said rules and regulations

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—171.

Adams,	Evans,	Lauler,	Shoop,
Albee,	Fackler,	Lindsey,	Showalter,
Alcorn,	Finnerty,	Lipschutz,	Sinclair,
Alexander,	Flynn,	Love,	Smith, J. W.,
Arnold,	Forster,	Luxemburger,	Smith, Jeff. W.
Aron,	Fretz,	Marvin,	Smith, L.,
Arthur,	Fruit,	Mather,	Snyder,
Baker,	Gallagher,	Maurer,	Sones,
Baldwin,	Gans,	McArdle,	Spangler,
Bauerle,	Garner,	McCalg,	Spencer,
Becker,	Geary,	McClure,	Staving,
Benn,	Geiser,	McCurdy,	Stein,
Benninger,	Gibson,	McKay,	Stone,
Berntheizel,	Gingery,	McNichol,	Sullivan,
Beyer,	Glass,	Mellott,	Swan,
Blackburn,	Gompers,	Milliron,	Swartz,
Body,	Goodnough,	Murdoch,	Thomas,
Bovee,	Goodyear,	Myers,	Twibill,
Brosius,	Gormley,	Neville,	Urich,
Brownlee,	Graham,	Nieder,	Vickerman,
Brumbaugh,	Gransback,	Oaks,	Vogdes,
Bungard,	Greenwood,	Perry,	Walsh,
Campbell, J. O.,	Habgood,	Peters,	Walter,
Campbell, T.,	Hackett,	Phillips,	Walton,
Christman,	Hamilton,	Pickering,	Watson,
Coldsmith,	Harper,	Powell,	Weaver,
Conner,	Heffernan,	Ramsey,	Weir,
Corbin,	Herman,	Reel,	West,
Cox,	Hess,	Reynolds,	Wettach,
Cromer,	Heyburn,	Rhoads,	Whitaker,
Cummins,	Hibshman,	Rich,	Whitten,
Curry,	Hoffman,	Rininger,	Wildman,
Davis,	Hollern,	Rinn,	Willard,
Dawson,	Hollingsworth,	Robertson,	Williams,
Dell,	Horton,	Rothenberger,	Wilson, H. I.,
Diefenderfer,	Hubler,	Rowell,	Wilson, W. H.,
Dodds,	Jack,	Rudisill,	Wobensmith,
Drinkhouse,	Jones, W. W.,	Sampsel,	Wood,
Dunn,	Kitts,	Sarig,	Woodward,
Eby,	Kuhn,	Schaeffer,	Wylie,
Ehrhardt,	Kunkle,	Scott,	Wynne,
Eppley,	Lafferty,	Shaaber,	Young,
Erdman,	Lanius,	Shaffer,	Ambler,
			Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 306, as follows:

An Act validating certain elections of counties cities boroughs townships school districts and other incorporated districts held pursuant to the provisions of an act approved the twentieth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four entitled "An Act to regulate the manner of increasing the indebtedness of municipalities to provide for the redemption of the same and to impose penalties for the illegal increase thereof" and the amendments thereto and validating bonds issued or authorized to be issued in pursuance of such elections

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by authority of the same That all elections heretofore held by any county city borough township school district or other municipality or incorporated district within this Commonwealth to increase its indebtedness under the provisions of an act entitled "An Act to regulate the manner of increasing the indebtedness of municipalities to provide for the redemption of the same and to impose penalties for the illegal increase thereof" approved the twentieth day of April one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four and under the acts amendatory thereof where the majority of votes cast at such election was in favor of the increase of indebtedness be and the same are hereby ratified confirmed and made valid notwithstanding the authorities of such county city borough township school district or incorporated district did not by separate and independent action prior to the ordinance or vote in pursuance of which notice of election was given to the electors signify their desire for such increase of indebtedness or did not in the words of the act and supplements aforesaid authorizing such increase signify their desire for such increase of indebtedness or where the ballots were not certified or signed by the county commissioner or were not printed on the official ballot after the list of candidates but were printed on separate ballots or where full complete and proper return of the votes was not made to the proper court or counted by the court notwithstanding any defect or informality in the manner of giving notice of such election and notwithstanding any mistake in stating the amount or percentage of the existing debt or the percentage of the propesed increase all bonds issued or to be isued in pursuance of every such election are hereby made valid binding obligations of every such county city borough township school district or incorporated district Provided all the other requirements of the law concerning such elections and issue of bonds have been complied with

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—179.

Adams,	Fretz,	Lipschutz,	Scott,
Albee,	Fruit,	Love,	Shaaber,

Alcorn,	Gallagher,	Luxemburger,	Shaffer,
Alexander,	Gans,	Lynch,	Shoop,
Arnold,	Garner,	Mangan,	Showalter,
Aron,	Geary,	Marvin,	Sinclair,
Arthur,	Geiser,	Mather,	Smith, J. W.,
Baker,	Gibson,	Maurer,	Smith, Jeff. W
Baldwin,	Gingery,	McArdle,	Smith, L.,
Bauerle,	Glenn,	McCaig,	Snyder,
Becker,	Gompers,	McClure,	Sones,
Benn,	Goodyear,	McCurdy,	Spangler,
Benninger,	Gormley,	McConnell,	Spencer,
Bergy,	Graham,	McKay,	Statler,
Berntheizel,	Gransback,	McNichol,	Staving,
Bergy,	Greenwood,	McVicar,	Steedle,
Blackburn,	Habgood,	Mearkle,	Stein,
Body,	Hackett,	Mellott,	Stern,
Brosius,	Hamilton,	Metzenbacher,	Stone,
Brumbaugh,	Harper,	Milliron,	Sullivan,
Bungard,	Heffernan,	Murdoch,	Swan,
Campbell, J. O.,	Herman,	Murphy,	Taylor,
Christman,	Hess,	Myers,	Thomas,
Coldsmith,	Heyburn,	Neville,	Trach,
Conner,	Hibshman,	Nieder,	Urich,
Corbin,	Hoffman,	Ostrander,	Vogdes,
Cox,	Hollern,	Palmer,	Walsh,
Cromer,	Hollingsworth	Perry,	Walter,
Cummins,	Horton,	Peters,	Watson,
Curry,	Howarth,	Pickering,	Weimer,
Davis,	Hubler,	Powell,	West,
Dawson,	Jack,	Ramsey,	Wettach,
Dell,	Jones, W. W.,	Reel,	Whitten,
Diefenderfer,	Kaiser,	Reynolds,	Wildman,
Dodds,	Kitts,	Rhoads,	Willard,
Drinkhouse,	Klinger,	Rich,	Williams,
Dunn,	Kuhn,	Rininger,	Wilson, H. I.,
Eby,	Kunkle,	Rinn,	Wilson, W. H.,
Ehrhardt,	Lafferty,	Robertson,	Wobensmith,
Erdman,	Landis,	Rothenberger,	Wood,
Evans,	Lanius,	Rowell,	Woodward,
Fackler,	Lauer,	Rudisill,	Wylie,
Finnerty,	Lauler,	Sampsel,	Wynne,
Flynn,	Leighner,	Sarig,	Young,
Forster,	Lindsey,	Schaeffer,	Ambler,
			Speaker.

NAYS—1.

Twibill,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 713, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to Charles Roth and George H Roth owners of "The Star" moving picture place of the amount illegally demanded and collected as a State license fee from them as proprietors of a moving picture place in the State of Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of twenty-five dollars ($25.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to Charles Roth and George H Roth owners and proprietors of "The Star" a moving picture place

The said sum of twenty-five dollars ($25.00) being the amount which the city treasurer of the City of Philadelphia State of Pennsylvania illegally demanded and collected from the said Charles Roth and George H Roth as proprietors and owners of "The Star" a moving picture place located at two thousand seven hundred thirteen and two thousand seven hundred fifteen North Fifth street in the City of Philadelphia State of Pennsylvania on the tenth day of October one thousand nine hundred and thirteen as a State license fee due the State Treasurer and under the act of June twenty-fourth one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five (Pamphlet Laws two hundred and forty-one) and amendments thereto of May twenty-third one thousand nine hundred and seven (Pamphlet Laws two hundred nineteen) the said Charles Roth and George H Roth not being liable for the payment of the said license fee as such place was exclusively used for the exhibition of moving pictures under the decision of the Supreme Court of the State of Pennsylvania in the case of Commonwealth of Pennsylvania versus Fannie C Spiers October term one thousand nine hundred eleven number two hundred seventy-four upon the appeal of the plaintiff upon a case stated from the judgment of the court of common pleas number five of the County of Philadelphia to September term one thousand nine hundred eleven number two thousand seven hundred fifty-one said amount shall be paid on warrant of the Auditor General upon the presentation to him of due proof of the validity and legality of said claim

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—171.

Adams,	Flynn,	Luxemburger,	Sinclair,
Albee,	Forster,	Mangan,	Smith, J. W.,
Alcorn,	Fretz,	Marvin,	Smith, Jeff. W.
Alexander,	Gans,	Mather,	Smith, L.,
Arnold,	Garner,	Maurer,	Snyder,
Aron,	Geary,	McCaig,	Sones,
Arthur,	Gibson,	McConnell,	Spencer,
Baker,	Glass,	McCurdy,	Statler,
Baldwin,	Goodnough,	McDermott,	Staving,
Barnett,	Goodwin,	McKay,	Steedle,
Bauerle,	Gormley,	McNichol,	Stein,
Beck,	Graham,	McVicar,	Stern,
Becker,	Gransback,	Mellott,	Stone,
Benn,	Greenwood,	Metzenbacher,	Sullivan,
Bergy,	Habgood,	Milliron,	Swan,
Berntheizel,	Hackett,	Murdoch,	Swartz,
Beyer,	Hamilton,	Murphy,	Taylor,
Blackburn,	Harper,	Myers,	Thomas,
Body,	Heffernan,	Nissley,	Twibill,
Bovee,	Herman,	Oaks,	Urich,
Brosius,	Hess,	Ostrander,	Vickerman,
Brownlee,	Heyburn,	Perry,	Wagner,
Brumbaugh,	Hibshman,	Phillips,	Walsh,
Bungard,	Hoffman,	Pickering,	Walter,
Campbell, J. O.,	Hollern,	Powell,	Walton,
Campbell, T.,	Hollingsworth,	Ramsey,	Weaver,
Christman,	Horton,	Reel,	Weir,
Coldsmith,	Howarth,	Reynolds,	West,
Conner,	Jack,	Rhoads,	Wettach,
Corbin,	Jones, E. E.,	Rich,	Whitaker,
Cox,	Jones, W. W.,	Rininger,	Wildman,
Cromer,	Kaiser,	Rinn,	Willard,
Cummins,	Kitts,	Robertson,	Williams,
Curry,	Kuhn,	Rothenberger,	Wilson, H. I.,
Davis,	Lafferty,	Rudisill,	Wilson, W. H.,
Dawson,	Landis,	Sampsel,	Wobensmith,
Dell,	Lanius,	Sarig,	Woodward,
Diefenderfer,	Lauer,	Schaeffer,	Wylie,
Dodds,	Lauler,	Scott,	Wynne,
Drinkhouse,	Leighner,	Shaaber,	Young,
Dunn,	Lindsey,	Shaffer,	Ambler,
Ehrhardt,	Lipschutz,	Shoop,	Speaker.
Erdman,	Love,	Showalter,	
Fackler,			

NAYS—2.

Gallagher, Whitten,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 742, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to George H Roth and Robert Rappold trading as Roth and Rappold owners of "The Owl" a moving picture place of the amount illegally demanded and collected as a State license fee from them as proprietors of a moving picture place in the State of Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of twenty-five dollars ($25.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to George H Roth and Robert Rappold trading as Roth and Rappold owners and proprietors of "The Owl" a moving picture place

The said sum of twenty-five dollars ($25.00) being the amount which the city treasurer of the City of Philadelphia State of Pennsylvania illegally demanded and collected from said George H Roth and Robert Rappold trading as Roth and Rappold as proprietors and owners of "The Owl" a moving picture place located at two thousand eight hundred seven two thousand eight hundred nine North Fifth Street in the City of Philadelphia State of Pennsylvania on the tenth day of October one thousand nine hundred and thirteen as a State license fee due the State Treasurer and under the act of June twenty-fourth one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five (Pamphlet Laws two hundred forty-nine) and amendments thereto of May twenty-third one thousand nine hundred and seven (Pamphlet Laws two hundred nineteen) the said George H Roth and Robert Rappold trading as Roth and Rappold not being liable for the payment of the said license fee as such place was exclusively used for the exhibition of motion pictures under the decision of the Supreme Court of the State of Pennsylvania in the case of Commonwealth of Pennsylvania versus Fannie C Spiers October term one thousand nine hundred eleven number two hundred seventy-four upon the appeal of the plaintiff upon a case stated from the judgment of the court of common pleas number five of the County of Philadelphia to September term one thousand nine hundred and eleven number two thousand seven hundred fifty-one said amount shall be paid on warrant of the Auditor General upon the presentation to him of due proof of the validity and legality of said claim

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—187.

Adams,	Fruit,	Lynch,	Shoop,
Albee,	Gallagher,	Mangan,	Showalter,
Alcorn,	Gans,	Marvin,	Sinclair,
Alexander,	Garner,	Mather,	Smith, J. W.,
Arnold,	Geary,	McArdle,	Smith, Jeff. W.,
Aron,	Geiser,	McCaig,	Smith, L.,
Baker,	Gibson,	McClintock,	Snyder,
Baldwin,	Gingery,	McClure,	Sones,
Bauerle,	Glenn,	McCurdy,	Spangler,
Becker,	Gompers,	McDermott,	Spencer,
Benn,	Goodyear,	McKay,	Statler,
Benninger,	Gormley,	McNichol,	Staving,
Bergy,	Graham,	McVicar,	Steedle,
Berntheizel,	Gransback,	Mearkle,	Stein,
Beyer,	Greenwood,	Mellott,	Stern,
Blackburn,	Habgood,	Metzenbacher,	Stone,
Body,	Hackett,	Milliron,	Sullivan,
Bovee,	Hamilton,	Murdoch,	Swan,
Brosius,	Harper,	Murphy,	Swartz,
Brownlee,	Heffernan,	Myers,	Taylor,
Brumbaugh,	Herman,	Neville,	Thomas,
Bungard,	Hess,	Nieder,	Trach,
Campbell, J. O.,	Heyburn,	Nissley,	Twibill,
Campbell, T.,	Hibshman,	Oaks,	Urich,
Christman,	Hoffman,	Ostrander,	Vickerman,
Coldsmith,	Hollern,	Palmer,	Vogdes,
Conner,	Hollingsworth,	Perry,	Wagner,
Cox,	Horton,	Peters,	Walsh,
Cromer,	Howarth,	Pickering,	Walter,
Cummins,	Hubler,	Powell,	Walton,
Curry,	Jack,	Ramsey,	Watson,
Davis,	Jones, E. E.,	Reel,	Weaver,
Dawson,	Jones, W. W.,	Reynolds,	Weimer,
Dell,	Kaiser,	Rhoads,	Weir,
Diefenderfer,	Kitts,	Rich,	West,
Dodds,	Klinger,	Rininger,	Wettach,
Drinkhouse,	Kuhn,	Rinn,	Whitaker,
Dunn,	Kunkle,	Robertson,	Wildman,
Eby,	Lafferty,	Rothenberger,	Willard,
Ehrhardt,	Landis,	Rowell,	Williams,
Erdman,	Lauber,	Rudisill,	Wobensmith,
Evans,	Leighner,	Sampsel,	Wood,
Fackler,	Lindsey,	Sarig,	Wylie,
Finnerty,	Lipschutz,	Schaeffer,	Wynne,
Flynn,	Love,	Scott,	Young,
Forster,	Luppert,	Shaaber,	Ambler,
Fretz,	Luxemburger,	Shaffer,	Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 1048, as follows:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act providing that in all counties having more than five hundred thousand inhabitants advertisements and notices required by law or rules of court to be published in newspapers of general circulation unless dispensed with by special order of court shall be published in the legal newspaper issued at least weekly of the proper county designated by rules of court for the publication of court or other legal notices" approved May third one thousand nine hundred and nine so as to include all counties having more than one hundred thousand population

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section one of an act entitled "An Act provided that in all counties having more than five hundred thousand inhabitants advertisements and notices required by law or rules of court to be published in newspapers of general circulation unless dispensed with by special order of court shall be published in the legal newspaper issued at least weekly of the proper county designated by rules of court for the publication of court or other legal notices" approved the third day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine which reads as follows

"Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That hereafter in all counties of the Commonwealth having more than five hundred thousand inhabitants every notice or advertisement required by law or rules of court to be published in one or more newspapers of general circulation unless dispensed with by special order of court shall also be published in the legal newspaper issued at least weekly in said county designated by rules of court for the publication of court or other legal notices if such newspaper exists Publication in such legal newspaper shall be made as often as required to be made in such newpsapers in general circulation and shall be subject to the same stipulations and regulations as those imposed for the like services upon all newspapers Provided That nothing herein contained shall be construed to require the publication in such legal newspapers of municipal ordinances mercantile appraisers' notices advertising for bids for contracts for public work or lists of delinquent taxpayers" is amended so as to read as follows

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That hereafter in all counties of the Commonwealth having more than one hundred thousand inhabitants every notice or advertisement required by law or rules of court to be published in one or more newspapers of general circulation unless dispensed with by special order of court shall also be published in the legal newspaper issued at least weekly in said county designated by rules of court for the publication of court or other legal notice if such newspaper exists Publication in such legal newspaper shall be made as often as required to be made in such newspapers in general circulation and shall be subject to the same stipulations and regulations as those imposed for the like services upon all newspapers This act does not require the publication in such legal newspapers of municipal ordinances mercantile appraisers' notices advertising for bids for contracts for public work or lists of delinquent taxpayers

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. WEAVER. Mr. Speaker, when this bill was originally before the House it related to counties having a population of five hundred thousand. I see by reference to the bill, as it now appears, that it has been amended to include all counties having a population of one hundred thousand. The objections to this kind of law is that it makes our system of procedure all the more complicated in small counties where things of this kind are not necessary and where people are put to a great deal more trouble to keep track of legal sales.

Now, I am aware that the Court can dispense with a notice of this kind but in order to dispense with that notice the court must in every single case specially make an order dispensing with this extra publication. In most counties a single publication in one newspaper is all that is necessary and if this act be passed then it will amount to this: that every single publication that is made will have to be made in one newspaper at least and in this legal publication, whatever it may be. In our county we have a law journal, what is called a law journal. The Judge of the Orphans' Court made publication in this law journal necessary but the Judges of the Courts of Common Pleas absolutely refused to do anything of that kind. Now if this act be passed it will include our county, a county having two hundred and thirty-one thousand three hundred and four inhabitants and if we desire to escape the necessity of making this publication it will be necessary for us in every particular case to get an order from the court relieving us from the necessity of this publication; and what I say of our county is equally true, perhaps, of a dozen or more of other counties. Therefore I think that the bill in its amended form ought not to be passed; and we must now lose sight of the fact that it is a great expense. That is a feature of which I have not spoken on this bill and that is a feature that is a great hardship to the people in many instances who are not able to stand the expenses involved. Now we have heard something of the expense of publication tonight and have heard it before and it is putting an additional expense on the people to absolutely no purpose and therefore I hope that the gentlemen of this House will spare us the necessity of undergoing this expense. If the gentleman will put the bill back to where the bill originally was we have no objection.

Mr. FLYNN in the Chair.

Mr. KITTS. Mr. Speaker, in the County of Erie there has been a great demand during the past few years for a legal journal. They have such a publication in Philadelphia and also in Pittsburgh and some of the larger counties. The Bar Association of the County of Erie unanimously passed a resolution that some one interested might produce or publish such a journal wherein might be given the news of the court, the judicial proceedings and such other things worthy of note as the bar and laity might desire to read. Upon examining the law I found that the original law left the minimum population at five hundred thousand. Now this bill has not been amended since it has been before the House excepting in the spelling of a word. Mr. Speaker, the bill provides that counties having a population of one hundred thousand may, under special rules of court, as I understand the bill, publish a legal journal or a legal paper. It is not compulsory; It is not mandatory; but leaves it discretionary with the court; and in any counties in which there is no demand for a paper of this kind it is not at all necessary that the same should be printed; but our county being of such a population and not being taken in under the old act, it became necessary in order to set up this paper in our county to have the bill amended. If you will examine the bill you will notice that the bill in its orignal form was changed so as to take in counties of one hundred thousand. The word "may" is used in the bill and not "shall"; and in addition the court has power and authority to make such rules and regulations as are best in the

different counties. I cannot see that it puts any burden on anybody, and the reason the bill was amended when it came out on the floor was merely to correct the spelling of the word. It has not changed the original and I would ask the House to pass the bill. If there is any trouble I give you the agreement that we can meet the objections in the Senate. You will notice that the bill is on final passage and the Chair had called it up for action. Had I realized when in the Chair that any trouble would be raised on the bill I would have passed it by for the time being, but if there is any objections to the bill, if the House will pass it we can have them taken care of in the other branch.

POINT OF ORDER.

Mr. MILLIRON. Mr. Speaker, I rise to a point of order.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman will state his point of order.

Mr. MILLIRON. Mr. Speaker, we have passed a number of bills previous to this that dealt with the classification of counties. We have a lot more of this kind to follow and for that reason I state this point. If you will read the Constitution you will see that by Article 14, Section 5, that the counties of this State shall be classified into two classes, those having a population of over one hundred and fifty thousand and those having a population of less than one hundred and fifty thousand. I am not raising this point on this particular bill, I want the gentlemen to understand, but for future reference I would like to have that point decided now.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman from Armstrong, Mr. Milliron, having raised a constitutional point of order, the Chair submits the same to the decision of the House.

On the question,

Will the House sustain the point of order?

Mr. MILLIRON. Mr. Speaker, can this be discussed at this time?

The SPEAKER. A discussion of the point of order is proper at this time.

Mr. MILLIRON. The reason I have raised this point of order at this time is that there are a great many of these bills that come before the House that we do not know whether they are constitutional or not. We have for example the county salary bill coming up here and I think it is mighty important for this House to say now whether we are going to pass bills contrary to the Constitution of this State and put them up to the Governor and say to him that we do not know ourselves whether they are constitutional or not, or whether we are going to go along and pass other bills haphazard. I trust that this House will sustain this point of order.

Mr. SPANGLER. Mr. Speaker, before we decide the question of the constitutionality of classification, it seems to me it would be well to have some authorities on the question cited. In connection with the bill that I have, which is not before the House at the present time, in connection with a bill in which I am interested, which has not as yet been up for consideration, the question of classification has been gone into very thoroughly by me and I will be very glad to say to the gentlemen that there are a great many authorities on this subject, and the authorities on the subject of county classifications have changed very materially within recent years. The question of necessity enters into the question as to whether or not classification is legal. The question as to whether or not there is an intent to pass special legislation under the guise of general legislation enters into the question of whether or not the classification of counties under one hundred and fifty thousand is constitutional.

In the past we have passed county classification laws which, if they were declared unconstitutional at the present time, would practically dislocate the affairs of many of our counties in this State. For instance, I might cite the district attorneys' act, classifying district attorneys for counties from ten thousand to one hundred and fifty thousand. I might classify the county controller act, which classifies county controllers in counties between one hundred thousand and one hundred and fifty thousand and I could go on an enumerate quite a number of other instances where the classification has taken place, and I can also cite other cases where classification has taken place and has been sustained by the Supreme Court of this State.

At a recent meeting on the Compensation bill, before the Judiciary General Committee, Attorney General Brown made the statement that the classification of counties has been practically wiped out by the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania. Now, it seems to me, Mr. Speaker, before we decide this grave question of constitutionality, we should wait until some one has an opportunity to submit the authorities.

Mr. MILLIRON. Mr. Speaker, I am not an attorney, and I am not an authority on the subject, but we had a case in our county where the constitutionality of the law ergulating sheriff's fees was brought to the attention of our court,—before the Butler County court, and it was decided that it was unconstitutional, and in connection with that brief, which was filed there, and which I can produce to the House here in two days, it cites at least ten other divisions of the local courts and of the Supreme Court upholding the Constitution, and saying we cannot classify counties in more than two classes.

Now, we have a bill here, coming before us, to classify the counties in six or eight classes, and it is very important, to my mind, that this matter be settled. I am not anxious to rush it through. If there is no authority in the House on tha subject, I am willing to hold it over for two days and we will bring you all the briefs and all the decisions from every court in this State, and we will show you that we cannot go back of the Constitution of the State of Pennsylvania and pass laws haphazard.

The SPEAKER. Does the gentleman from Armstrong withdraw the point of order raised, pending a motion to postpone the bill?

Mr. MILLIRON. Mr. Speaker, I will withdraw it at this time and present it again.

The SPEAKER. The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Erie, Mr. Kitts.

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. KITTS. Mr. Speaker, I move that the further consideration of this bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. ALEXANDER. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 675 (Senate Bill No. 161), as follows:

An Act relating to the acquisitions and holding of property real and personal by any literary scientific educational religious charitable benevolent or beneficial society church congregation association or body whether incorporated or unincorporated or any trustee or trustees of any trust for charitable or benevolent objects or purposes "fixing the amount of such property which may thus be acquired and held" and providing for the increase of such amount and a method of procedure for obtaining the right to such increase

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That any literary scientific educational religious charitable benevolent or beneficial society church congregation association or body whether incorporated or unincorporated or any trustee or trustees of any trust for charitable or benevolent objects or purposes having capacity to take and hold real and personal estate within this Commonwealth may acquire and hold the same to the extent in the aggregate of the clear yearly value of three hundred thousand dollars

Section 2 That any such literary scientific educational religious charitable benevolent or beneficial society church congregation association or body whether incorporated or unincorporated or any such trustee or trustees of any trust for charitable or benevolent objects or purposes desiring to acquire and hold real and personal estate within this Commonwealth in excess of the clear yearly value of three hundred thousand dollars may from time to time file its his or their petition in the Court of Common Pleas of the proper county as hereinafter provided praying that the amount of property thus to be held shall be increased and it shall be lawful for the court if satisfied that the prayer of the petition can be granted without injury to the public welfare to enter a decree or decrees extending and defining the amount of property real and personal which may thus be held and such society church congregation association body trustee or trustees may lawfully acquire and hold property to the extent allowed by such decree or decrees.

No such decree shall be entered until notice of the filing of the petition shall have been given by publication once a week for three weeks in at least one newspaper of the county in which such petition shall be presented and similar notice shall be given of any decree which the court may enter increasing the amount of property thus to be held A

decree thus obtained to the extent of the limits therein set forth shall in all respects render valid and legal the acquisition and holding of any property which may have been acquired by or vested in such petitioner or petitioners prior to the entry of the decree The county in which the petition for such decree shall be presented shall be that in which such society church congregation association or body shall be located or the county in which the principal office or place of business of such society church congregation association or body shall be located and in case the petition is presented by a trustee or trustees of any trust for charitable or benevolent objects or purposes it shall be presented either in the county in which the trust is being principally administered or in the county in which the trustee or trustees if residents of Pennsylvania shall reside provided that if such trustees reside in different counties the petition may be presented in any county in which one or more of the trustees shall reside

Section 3 The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania acting by the Attorney-General or any such society church congregation association body trustee or trustees or any citizen of Pennsylvania residing in the county in which a decree may be entered granting or denying the prayers of any such petition shall have the right within six months after the entry of such decree to appeal therefrom to the Supreme Court of this Commonwealth and upon such appeal the Supreme Court may review reverse affirm or modify such decree

Section 4 If any property is now held in excess of the value authorized by this act nothing herein contained shall in any way invalidate such holdings or prejudice the same in title or otherwise

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. WALTERS. Mr. Speaker, this bill seems to be of considerable importance, and is now being investigated by the legal department of the State. I, therefore, move that the further consideration of this bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. CROMER. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

RECONSIDERATION OF VOTE.

Mr. WILLIAMS. Mr. Speaker, I move that the vote by which House Bill No. 981 (Senate Bill No. 282), File Folio 655, entitled:

An Act providing for and regulating the validation of certain borough ordinances

was defeated on final passage on Monday, March 29th, be reconsidered.

Mr. WALTON. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the motion?

Mr. WILLIAMS. Mr. Speaker, this motion is made at the request of the sponsor of the bill, Senator Snyder, and if the motion prevails, it will be followed by one to recommit the bill to the Judiciary General Committee.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the bill?

It was agreed to.

Mr. WILLIAMS. Mr. Speaker, I move that the vote by which this bill passed third reading be reconsidered.

Mr. GIBSON. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. WILLIAMS. Mr. Speaker, I move that this bill be recommitted to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. GIBSON. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

ADJOURNMENT.

Mr. WILDMAN. Mr. Speaker, I move that this House do now adjourn.

The motion was agreed to, and at 11:10 o'clock P. M. the House adjourned until tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock.

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA.

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SENATE.

TUESDAY, April 6, 1915.

The Senate met at 9 o'clock, P. M.

The PRESIDENT (Lieutenant-Governor Frank B. McClain) in the Chair.

PRAYER.

The Chaplain, Rev. Thomas W. Davis, offered the following prayer.

Almighty God, we thank Thee for all the possibilities of our lives, for the great opportunities that come to us from day to day. We pray Thee to help us to realize that a corresponding responsibility comes with all these opportunities. Confronting us are the great complicated problems of life, but we are not left alone in this matter because Thy word is a light unto our feet and a lamp unto our pathway. So guide us that we may live to our highest capacities in our own personal lives as well as in our relations to our fellowmen. Help us always to do unto others as we would have others to do unto us, and bear one another's burdens in life so that we may further the laws of Him who came to save us. We ask in His name. Amen.

The PRESIDENT. A quorum of the Senate being present the Clerk will read the Journal of the preceding session.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of the preceding session, when, on motion of Mr. HOMSHER, the further reading was dispensed with, and the Journal was approved.

HOUSE CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL NO. 74.

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced, presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has concurred in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 74, entitled:

An Act to quiet the title to real estate and to enable citizens of the United States and corporations authorized to hold real estate within this Commonwealth to hold and convey title to real estate which has been formerly held by or for corporations not authorized by law to hold the same

HOUSE CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL NO. 516.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has concurred in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 516, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Board of Game Commissioners for the payment of salaries traveling expenses establishment maintenance and protection of game preserves feeding propagation and distribution of game leasing of land for game preserves and various incidental expenses

HOUSE CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL NO. 110.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has concurred in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 110, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twelfth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act providing for the establishment and maintenance of boards of health in boroughs and townships of the first class and defining their powers and duties providing for the appointment of members of such boards of health by the president of the borough councils or by the chairman of the board of commissioners of such townships providing for the election of a secretary and a health officer providing that the Commissioner of Health may take charge of the administration of health laws in any borough or township of the first class when conditions therein in his opinion constitute a menace to the lives or health of the people living outside the corporate limits of such borough or township of the first class or when it may be known to him that such borough or township of the first class is without an existing or efficient board of health and providing the manner in which the expenses of boards of health or of the Commissioner of Health incurred in administering health laws in any borough or township of the first class shall be paid"

HOUSE CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL NO. 92.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has concurred in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 92, entitled:

An Act relating to checks and drafts and fixing penalties

HOUSE CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL NO. 573.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has concurred in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 573, entitled:

An Act to amend section eighteen of an act entitled "An Act providing for the original location laying out and construction of public roads or highways in the several counties of this Commonwealth and for the permanent improvement of certain public roads or highways therein making such originally constructed or improved roads and highways county roads authorizing the relocation opening straightening widening extension and alteration of the same and the vacation of so much of any road as may thereby become unnecessary providing that the county commissioners of any county may prescribe rules regulating the use of roads constructed or maintained by the various counties and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing for the taking of property for such improvement the compensation to be paid therefor and the payment of damages resulting from such taking and the manner in which such damages may be determined providing for the payment of the costs and expenses of such construction or improvement and in thereafter repairing and maintaining said roads authorizing the levy of a tax or the issuing of bonds to provide a fund for the expense thereof prescribing a method for improving a county road lying within or traversing a borough and apportioning the cost of such improvement and authorizing the vacation of any county road" approved the eleventh day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred eleven as the same was amended by an act approved the twelfth day of May one thousand nine hundred thirteen by authorizing counties to contract with municipalities in the improvement of certain streets of such municipalities connecting with a county road providing for the cost thereof prescribing the method by which the contract for such improvements shall be made and imposing the cost of the maintenance of such streets on the municipalities

HOUSE CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL NO. 326.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has concurred in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 326, entitled:

An Act amending sections one three five six and seven of an act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act for the government of cities of the second class' approved the seventh day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred one providing for the levy collection and disbursement of taxes and water rents or rates and conferring certain powers and duties in reference thereto upon the city treasurer and board of water assessors and the collector of delinquent taxes and repealing certain acts relating to matters herein provided for" approved May twelfth one thousand nine hundred eleven as amended by an amendment to the first paragraph of the third section of said act approved May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred thirteen Pamphlet Laws three hundred ninety changing the time of the collection of taxes and water rents and the duties of the board of water assessors and city treasurer and collector of delinquent taxes in reference thereto and the time for the levy and assessment thereof

BILLS SIGNED.

The PRESIDENT (Lieutenant-Governor Frank B. McClain) announced that the Chief Clerk having reported that the following bills had passed both houses of the General Assembly and the same being correct, the titles were publicly read as follows:

House Bill No. 74, entitled:

An Act to quiet the title to real estate and to enable citienzs of the United States and corporations authorized to hold real estate within this Commonwealth to hold and convey title to real estate which has been formerly held by or for corporations not authorized by law to hold the same

House Bill No. 326, entitled:

An Act amending sections one three five six and seven of an act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act for the government of cities of the second class' approved the seventh day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred one providing for the levy collection and disbursement of taxes and water rents or rates and conferring certain powers and duties in reference thereto upon the city treasurer and board of water assessors and the collector of delinquent taxes and repealing certain acts relating to matters herein provided for" approved May twelfth one thousand nine hundred eleven as amended by an amendment to the first paragraph of the third section of said act approved May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred thirteen Pamphlet Laws three hundred ninety changing the time of the collection of taxes and water rents and the duties of the board of water assessors and city treasurer and collector of delinquent taxes in reference thereto and the time for the levy and assessment thereof

House Bill No. 573, entitled:

An Act to amend section eighteen of an act entitled "An Act providing for the original location laying out and construction of public roads or highways in the several counties of this Commonwealth and for the permanent improvement of certain public roads or highways therein making such originally constructed or improved roads and highways county roads authorizing the relocation opening straightening widening extension and alteration of the same and the vacation of so much of any road as may thereby become unnecessary providing that the county commissioners of any county may prescribe rules regulating the use of roads constructed or maintained by the various counties and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing for the taking of property for such improvement the compensation to be paid therefor and the payment of damages resulting from such taking and the manner in which such damages may be determined providing for the payment of the costs and expenses of such construction or improvement and in thereafter repairing and maintaining said roads authorizing the levy of a tax or the issuing of bonds to provide a fund for the expense thereof prescribing a method for improving a county road lying within or traversing a borough and apportioning the cost of such improvement and authorizing the vacation of any county road" approved the eleventh day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven as the same was amended by an act approved the twelfth day of May one thousand nine hundred and thirteen by authorizing counties to contract with municipalities in the improvement of certain streets of such municipalities connecting with a county road providing for the cost thereof prescribing the method by which the contract for such improvement shall be made and imposing the cost of the maintenance of such streets on the municipalities

House Bill No. 850, entitled:

An Act making a burgess of a borough eligible to the office for the next succeeding term

House Bill No. 516, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Board of Game Commissioners for the payment of salaries traveling expenses establishment maintenance and protection of game preserves feeding propagation and distribution of game leasing of land for game preserves and various incidental expenses

House Bill No. 95, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-fourth day of February one thousand eight hundred thirty-four entitled "An Act relating to executors and administrators" as amended

House Bill No. 110, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twelfth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act providing for the establishment and maintenance of boards of health in boroughs and townships of the first class and defining their powers and duties providing for the appointment of members of such boards of health by the president of the borough councils or by the chairman of hte board of commissioners of such townships providing for the election of a secretary and a health officer providing that the Commissioner of Health may take charge of the administration of health laws in any borough or township of the first class when conditions therein in his opinion constitute a menace to the lives or health of the people living outside the corporate limits of such borough or township of the first class or when it may be known to him that such borough or township of the first class is without an existing or efficient board of health and providing the manner in which the expenses of boards of health or of the Commissioner of Health incurred in administering health laws in any borough or township of the first class shall be paid

House Bill No. 92, entitled:

An Act relating to checks and drafts and fixing penalties

Senate Bill No. 162, entitled:

An Act providing for the establishment regulation and maintenance by the Board of Game Commissioners of State game preserves on the forestry reservations and elsewhere and providing penalties for violation of this act

Whereupon,

The PRESIDENT (Lieutenant-Governor Frank B. McClain) in the presence of the Senate signed the same.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. KLINE, from the Committee on Municipal Affairs, reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 590 (House Bill No. 331), entitled:

An Act requiring each county having a population of one million five hundred thousand inhabitants and over and the city or cities therein to establish a pension fund for employees of said counties and city and cities and regulating the payment of such pensions.

Mr. McCONNELL, from the Committee on Game and Fisheries, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 283, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the first day of May one thousand nine hundred and nine, entitled "An Act to classify the fish in the waters within this Commonwealth declaring which are game fish which are food fish and which are bait fish and to regulate the catching and sale and encourage the propagation of the same to protect the waters within this Commonwealth from unfair improper wasteful and destructive fishing and to protect fish from being destroyed or injured by destructive means to provide for the appointment of fish wardens and to declare their official powers and duties to encourage and regulate the propagation of fish within this Commonwealth and regulate the free distriibution of the same by the Department of Fisheries in the waters within the same to define powers and duties of the Department of Fisheries to regulate the sale and shipment of unlawful arteries propagated for profit to forbid the sale of unlawful devices for catching fish and to provide penalties and punishments for the violation of the provisions of this act and prohibiting how and by whom the costs shall be paid."

Mr. GERBERICH, from the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 566, entitled:

An Act for the protection of the public health by providing for the regulation and control of the sanitary conditions surrounding the propagation handling storage and serving of food in hotels, restaurants and dining cars; defining hotels, restaurants and dining cars; imposing certain duties upon the Dairy and Food Commissioner in reference to this act, and providing penalties for the violation of the same.

Also from the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 703 (House Bill No. 756), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the seventh day of May one thousand nine hundred seven, entitled "An Act regulating and defining the powers and duties of the Dental Council and the State Board of Dental Examiners providing for appointment of examiners, defining qualifications of applicants for examination condition of granting licenses, regulating and limiting the practice of dentistry, prohibiting practice by or employment of unlicensed persons, and providing punishment therefor and disposition of fees and fines and fixing the appropriation to the Dental Council."

Mr. TOMPKINS, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 571, entitled:

An Act authorizing county controllers in counties containing a population of from one hundred fifty thousand to two hundred sixty thousand, to designate and appoint a solicitor, prescribing the duties of the said solicitor, and fixing his term of office and salary, to be paid by the proper county.

Mr. SALUS, from the Committee on Municipal Affairs, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 415 (House Bill No. 484), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the 25th day of May, 1907, entitled "An Act creating an art jury for cities of the first class and prescribing its powers and duties."

Mr. C. A. SNYDER, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 365, entitled:

An Act authorizing Louis Gumbiner, a resident of Philadelphia County, Pennsylvania, to bring suit or suits against and to recover from the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, either in law or equity, in the Court of Common Pleas of Philadelphia County, the amount of such part of a certain wholesale liquor license fee as required by, and paid by him to the treasurer of the city and county of Philadelphia in excess of the amount of such fee as was justly and legally due and payable; together with legal interest on such excessive amount from the time of payment thereof

BILLS INTRODUCED.

Mr. BEIDLEMAN read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 723, entitled:

An Act validating annexations and extensions of the limits of boroughs and incorporated towns, made prior to the 22d day of April, A. D. 1903, notwithstanding a failure to comply with all the requirements of the act of assembly governing annexations and extensions of boroughs or corporate town limits in force at the time of said annexation or extension; and providing for the filing of a plot or plan of lots or part so annexed in the office of the clerk of quarter sessions when the same has not originally been done.

Which was committed to the Committee on Municipal Affairs.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 724, entitled:

An Act entitled an an act authorizing and regulating the construction of a bridge over the Susquehanna River between Millersburg and Crow's Landing, and making an appropriation therefor.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. SCHANTZ read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 725, entitled:

An Act to repeal an act entitled "An Act to amend an act approved the third day of June, one thousand nine hundred and eleven, entitled 'A further supplement to an act, entitled 'An Act to provide for the classification of the townships of the Commonwealth, with respect to their population, into two classes, and to prescribe the form of government for townships of each class,' approved the 28th day of April, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, as to townships of the first class; providing for certain duties of the secretary of the board of commissioners; invalidating contracts, hirings, purchases, or orders not provided for by, or in excess of, appropriations; providing for inspection of the records and documents by taxpayers, and the method of making contracts," approved the 23d day of May, one thousand nine hundred and thirteen (Pamphlet Laws, three hundred and six).

Which was committed to the Committee on Municipal Affairs.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 726, entitled:

An Act providing for taxing the owners and harborers of dogs in townships of the first class of the Commonwealth and for the destroying of dogs.

Which was committed to the Committee on Finance.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 727, entitled:

An Act to repeal section 4 of an act entitled "A further supplement to an act, entitled 'An Act to provide for the classification of the townships of the Commonwealth, with respect to their population, into two classes, and to prescribe the form of government for townships of each class;' approved the 28th day of April, A. D. one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, as to townships of the first class; providing for certain duties of the secretary of the board of commissioners; invalidating contracts, hirings, purchases, or orders not provided for by, or in excess of, appropriations; providing for inspections of the records and documents by taxpayers, and the method of making contracts," approved the third day of June, one thousand nine hundred and eleven (Pamphlet Laws, six hundred and twenty-six).

Which was committed to the Committee on Municipal Affairs.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 728, entitled:

An Act directing the State Librarian to cause certain old church records of this State to be translated, preserved and published, and making an appropriation therefor.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. MILLER read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 729, entitled:

An Act providing for the return of seated lands in counties, poor districts, boroughs, townships or incorporated towns for non-payment of taxes; and providing for the sale of such lands.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. W. W. SMITH read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 730, entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to provide for the appointment of county and city inspectors of weights and measures; providing for their compensation and expenses; describing their duties; prohibiting vendors from giving false or insufficient weights; and fixing the penalties for the violation of the provisions hereof," approved the eleventh day of May, one thousand nine hundred and eleven, as amended.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. CLARK read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 731, entitled:

An Act to amend the first section of an act approved the twenty-eighth day of March one thousand eight hundred and twenty, entitled "An Act relative to mortgages" by requiring purchase money mortgages to be recorded within thirty days in order to have priority of lien

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 732, entitled:

An Act to amend sections eleven and twelve of an act entitled "An Act to classify the species of fish in such parts of the boundary lakes, of more than five thousand acres, as this Commonwealth has jurisdiction over, and in the waters of any peninsula or in any bay adjacent to or connected with such lakes; to declare which fish are game-fish, which fish are food-fish, and which are minnows, or bait-fish; to protect and provide for the maintenance and increase of fish in such lakes to regulate and provide for the payment of license fees for the catching of fish from such boundary lakes and prohibit the unauthorized taking of fish from devices used by authority of such license; to provide penalties and punishments for the violation of any of the provisions of this act and requiring the county wherein an offense is charged to pay costs of prosecution in certain instances; and repealing all acts inconsistent herewith," approved the 18th day of April, A. D. 1913, more clearly defining and regulating the manner in which food-fish may be caught and upon what devices fees shall be paid, and authorizing the limited use of an additional kind of nets with mesh of defined size.

Which was committed to the Committee on Game and Fisheries.

Mr. MARTIN read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 733, entitled:

A Supplement to an act entitled "An Act to regulate the practice of pharmacy and sale of poisons, and to prevent adulterations in drugs and medicinal preparations, in the State of Pennsylvania," approved May twenty-fourth, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven.

Which was committed to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 734, entitled:

An Act directing the levy and collection of a borough tax for the prevention and extinguishment of fires.

Which was committed to the Committee on Municipal Affairs.

Mr. PATTON read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 735, entitled:

An Act requiring corporations to keep a stock book and to permit access thereto by their stockholders and providing for fines and penalties.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 736, entitled:

An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of corporations for the maintenance of public worship.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. JENKINS read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 737, entitled:

An Act to place under the control, supervision and inspection of the Bureau of Health in cities of the first class all junk shops and all places or buildings for the storage, keeping or handling of glass, rags, waste paper, old rubber, old clothing, scrap metal and all other similar refuse matter.

Which was committed to the Committee on Municipal Affairs.

Mr. TOMPKINS read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 738, entitled:

An Act validating certain appraisements and setting aside of property made before the twenty-first day of July, one thousand nine hundred thirteen under the provisions of the fifth section of an act approved the fourteenth day of April, one thousand eight hundred fifty-one, entitled "An Act relating to the commencement of actions to judgments and decrees for the payment of money to the widows and children of decedents, to partitions in the Common Pleas, relative to penalties on telegraph operators, to pleadings in certain actions of debt, to actions of ejectments, to the protection of fences, to partnerships, to limitations of writs of entry in manors, lands and tenements, to the exemption laws, to reports of the Supreme Court, to appeals relating to wards, boroughs, and township officers, to the acknowledgment of deeds and sequestration of life estates," and the amendments thereto.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. SEMMENS read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 739, entitled:

An Act relating to real estate brokers or agents and providing penalties.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. PHIPPS (by request) read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 740, entitled:

An Act to provide for the punishment of persons, firms, corporations or associations, and the officers of corporations and associations, discriminating in the distribution and sale of commodities or the rendering of any service to the public.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. BUCKMAN read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 741, entitled:

An Act refunding to the executor of the estate of Charles C. Cox deceased, certain moneys by him paid into the State Treasury upon a bequest to the Malinda Cox Free Library of Loylestown, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. ENDSLEY read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 742, entitled:

An Act amending section six of an act approved the 31st day of May, 1911, entitled "An Act providing for the establishment of a State Highway Department, by the appointment of a State Highway Commissioner, two Deputy State Highway Commissioners, chief engineer, chief draughtsman, superintendents of highways and a staff of assistants and employes; defining their duties and the jurisdiction of the State Highway Department, and fixing salaries of Commissioner and deputies and other appointees; providing for taking over from the counties or townships of the Commonwealth certain existing public roads connecting county seats, principal cities and towns and extending to the State line; describing and defining same by route numbers as the State Highways of the Commonwealth; providing for the improvement maintenance and repair of said State highways solely at the expense of the Commonwealth and relieving the several townships or counties from any further obligation and expense, to improve or maintain the same, and relieving said townships or counties of authority over same; requiring boroughs and incorporated towns to maintain certain State highways wholly and in part; requiring the State Highway Commissioner to make maps to be complete records thereof; conferring authority on the State Highway Commissioner; providing for the payment of damages in taking of property, or otherwise, in the improvement thereof; providing for purchase or acquiring of turnpikes or toll roads forming all or part of any State highway, and procedure therein; providing for work of improvement of State highways to be done by contract, except where the State Highway Commissioiner decides the work be done by the State; providing aid by the State to counties and townships desiring the same in the improvement of township or county roads; defining highways and State aid highways, providing method of application for State aid in the improvement, maintenance and repair of township or county roads, and prescribing the contents of township, county, borough or incorporated town petitions; providing for percentage of cost of improvement or repairs to be paid by State, county, township, borough or incorporated towns and requiring contracts by counties, townships, boroughs and incorporated towns with Commonwealth governing same; providing for the minimum width of State highways and State aid highways, and kind of materials to be used in the improvement; providing for the payment of cost of improvement and repairs; providing penalty for injuring or destroying State highways; making appropriations to carry out the provisions of the act; and providing for the repeal of certain acts relating to Highway Department and improvement of roads, and of all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith; and providing that existing contracts are not affected by provisions of this act," by changing certain State highway routes.

Which was committed to the Committee on Public Roads and Highways.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 743, entitled:

An Act relating to building and loan associations, and providing penalties.

Which was committed to the Committee on Banks and Building and Loan Associations.

Mr. KLINE read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 744, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Carmen Sylva Undenominational Industrial Society, at Pittsburgh, Allegheny County, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. HOKE read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 745, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Quincy United Brethren Orphanage and Home, of Quincy, Franklin County, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. MAGEE read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 746, entitled:

An Act providing for an examination into the feasibility of constructing a storage reservoir at or in the vicinity of the head waters of the Youghiogheny River for the purpose of conserving, controlling and regulating the flow of water in said river and its branches, and the river or rivers to which they are tributary, for the preparation of surveys, maps, plans, and estimates of cost and making an appropriation therefor.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 747, entitled:

An Act amending an act entitled, "An Act amending an act, entitled, "An Act providing a system whereby boroughs may build sewers, grade, sub-grade, and pave streets and alleys; pay the costs thereof by the issue of bonds, and collect the same from the property benefited, in installments," approved June 15, A. D., 1911, by extending the provision thereof so as to include the acquisition by boroughs and incorporated towns of existing sewers and sewer systems," by extending the provision thereof so as to include the costs of the permanent paving and improvement of any streets, alleys or highways.

Which was committed to the Committee on Municipal Affairs.

Mr. FARLEY read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 748, entitled:

An Act providing that whenever hereafter any trial judge in any court in this Commonwealth shall express approval or disapproval of a verdict of a jury either in the presence of the jury rendering the verdict or in the presence of other jurors in attendance on the court the said trial judge shall be required on the application of any litigant whose cause is listed for trial before the said jurors and who deem that such approval or disapproval may have injuriously affected the fair trial of his cause to discharge the said jurors and to order a new venire.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 749, entitled:

An Act to permit a married woman, whose husband has lived separate and apart from her for one year or more, and who during that time has not been supported by her husband, to become a feme sole trader.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

Mr. McNICHOL read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 750, entitled:

A Joint Resolution authorizing the appointment of a commission to consider the revision and amendment of the laws of the State, penal and otherwise, in reference to juvenile offenders, juvenile courts and all offences or crimes committed by minors, and the punishment thereof, and to make a report on the same; and making an appropriation to the expenses of said commission.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. THOMPSON read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 751, entitled:

An Act to repeal the eighth section of an act, approved the fifth day of May, 1899, entitled "An Act supplementing and amending an act, entitled 'An Act to establish an intermediate court of appeal; regulating its constitution, officers, jurisdiction, powers, practice, and its relation to the Supreme Court and other courts; providing for the reports of its decisions, the compensation of the judges and other officers and the practice and costs on appeals from its judgments,' approved June 24, 1895," together with the amendment thereto.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 752, entitled:

An Act relating to the jurisdiction of the Public Service Commission of Pennsylvania in the matter of the elimination of grade crossings, and providing that it may compel all changes in all streets, highway and bridges of every kind, and in all other public conveniences, and in all facilities of all public service companies, made necessary by proper elimination thereof.

Which was committed to the Committee on Corporations.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 753, entitled:

An Act relating to plans and specifications for the elimination of grade crossings when County Commissioners have made or shall make complaint against the same to the Public Service Commission; and providing that the same may be contracted for and paid for out of the County funds if approved by the Court of Quarter Sessions; and providing that the same shall be sufficiently comprehensive to show all matters and things necessary for proper action on said complaint by the Public Service Commission, and to show the location of the proposed improvement and the effect thereof on all public conveniences and public service companies interested; and providing that the Public Service Commission shall include the cost of such plans and specifications in the cost of the improvement, if they decide upon the elimination of such grade crossings; and repealing all inconsistent laws.

Which was committed to the Committee on Corporations.

Mr. TOMPKINS read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 754, entitled:

A Joint Resolution authorizing the Commissioner of Health of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to lease a right of way through certain lands of the Commonwealth situated in Cresson Township, Cambria County, Pennsylvania.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

Mr. CLARK read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 755, entitled:

A Joint Resolution authorizing the State Board of Education to inquire into and report to the Governor upon the advisability and desirability of the erection at Harrisburg by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania of a suitable building for the use of educational departments and interests of the State Government, which building shall also serve as a memorial to the founders of the Public School System and former distinguished educators of the Commonwealth, and authorizing the State Board of Education to expend out of any money appropriated to it at the Legislative Session of 1915 such sum or sums as may be necessary to secure preliminary plans and designs not exceeding the sum of five thousand dollars.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

RESOLUTION RECALLING FROM THE GOVERNOR SENATE BILL NO. 401.

Mr. BEIDLEMAN offered the following resolution which was twice read, considered and agreed to:

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That Senate bill No. 401 entitled "An Act authorizing George F. Pawling, a resident of the city of Philadelphia, successor to Bergdoll and Pawling to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania," be recalled from the Governor for the purpose of amendment.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

RESOLUTION RECALLING FROM THE GOVERNOR SENATE BILL NO. 285.

Mr. THOMPSON offered the following resolution which was twice read, considered and agreed to:

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That Senate bill No. 285, entitled "An Act authorizing J. P. Swearingen, of Greene township, Beaver County, Pennsylvania, to bring suit against the Commonwealth," be recalled from the Governor for the purpose of amendment.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

COMMUNICATIONS FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Chair cleared his table and laid before the Senate communications in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, filed with the Chief Clerk during the interim, which were read as follows:

APPROVAL OF SENATE BILL NO. 47.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, March 31, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed Senate Bill No. 47 entitled "An Act to amend section one of an act entitled 'An Act to fix the fees to be allowed the district attorney in the several counties of this Commonwealth having seven hundred fifty thousand inhabitants and less than one million two hundred thousand, approved May sixth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine."

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

APPROVAL OF SENATE BILL NO. 111.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, March 31, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed Senate Bill No. 111 entitled "An Act authorizing cities of the first and second classes to appropriate city funds for the maintenance of historical societies."

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

APPROVAL OF SENATE BILL NO. 112.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, March 31, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed Senate Bill No. 112 entitled "An Act to amend the first section of an act entitled 'An Act to encourage county historical societies' approved the twenty-first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one so as to provide that the commissioners' board in counties where the population exceeds one million may appropriate a sum not exceeding one thousand dollars annually to the chief historical society in said county."

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

APPROVAL OF SENATE BILL NO. 179.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, March 31, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed Senate Bill No. 179 entitled "An Act empowering cities of the second class to construct and maintain street railway tracks and equipment for the operation of street cars and to lease said tracks and equipment upon payment of a reasonable rental to persons or corporations desiring to use the same for the operation of street cars."

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

APPROVAL OF SENATE BILL NO. 280.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, March 31, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed Senate Bill No. 280 entitled "An Act declaring valid certain municipal liens filed for grading paving macadamizing or otherwise improving public streets or parts thereof by the several boroughs under an act approved the twelfth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled 'An Act empowering boroughs of this Commonwealth without petition of the property owners to grade pave curb macadamize and otherwise improve public streets or parts thereof and assess a portion of the cost of the same on the owners of property abutting thereon and providing for the collection of the same' and authorizing the amendment of the claims in certain particulars."

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

APPROVAL OF SENATE BILL NO. 336.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, March 31, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved and signed Senate Bill No. 336, entitled "An Act to amend the fifth section of an act approved the nineteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four entitled 'An Act relating to the organization and jurisdiction of orphans' courts and to establish a separate orphans' court in and for counties having more than one hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants and to provide for the election of judges thereof' as amended by an act approved the sixth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled 'An Act to further amend the fifth section of an act entitled 'An Act relating to the organization and jurisdiction of the orphans' court and establishing a separate orphans' court in and for counties having more than one hundred fifty thousand inhabitants and to provide for the election of judges thereof' approved May nineteenth Anno Domini eighteen hundred and seventy-four as amended by an act approved the twenty-ninth day of April Anno Domini eighteen hundred and ninety-seven fixing and determining the salaries of the assistant clerks of said court' by vesting the appointment of the first assistant clerk of said courts in the respective judges thereof and providing that this amendment shall not apply to counties having a population over seven hundred thousand."

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

VETO OF SENATE BILL NO. 46.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, March 31, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I return herewith without my approval Senate Bill No. 46, entitled "An Act authorizing the district attorneys of certain counties to appoint a secretary prescribing the duties fixing the salary and providing for payment of the same."

This bill proposes to create an additional officer in the office of the District Attorney of Allegheny county. Inasmuch as Senate Bill No. 47, which I have approved makes provision for additional officers in this department of the county's service I do not deem it expedient at this time to add this additional expense upon the taxpayers of the county.

For these reasons the bill is not approved.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass, the objections of the Governor to the contrary notwithstanding?

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I move that the question, together with the further consideration of this bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. SALUS. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

VETO OF SENATE BILL NO. 237.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, March 31, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I return herewith without my approval Senate Bill No. 237, entitled "An Act relating to the admission of attorneys-at-law to the Supreme and Superior Courts."

The admission of an attorney to practice before a Court is a judicial act.

The intent of this act is to compel the Appellate Courts to accept the judicial act of a lower court. This is clearly in contravention of our whole judicial procedure and is unconstitutional.

For these reasons the bill is not approved.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass, the objections of the Governor to the contrary notwithstanding?

Mr. KURTZ. Mr. President, I move that the question, together with the further consideration of this bill, be postponed for the present.

Mr. BURKE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

VETO OF SENATE BILL NO. 247.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 2, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Gentlemen:—I return herewith without my approval Senate Bill No. 247, entitled "A Joint Resolution authorizing the printing and binding of the report of the Commission to consider the Revision and Amendment of the Penal Laws of Pennsylvania."

This bill is identical in its provisions with House Bill No. 410, which does not require Executive action before April 10, 1915.

Inasmuch as this bill does not define any limit of cost in publication, I cannot approve it in its present form. If, as I suggest, House Bill No. 410 is recalled and properly amended the bill would have favorable attention.

For these reasons this bill is not approved.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass, the objections of the Governor to the contrary notwithstanding?

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I move that the question, together with the further consideration of this bill, be postponed for the present.

Mr. KURTZ. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to

NOMINATIONS BY THE GOVERNOR.

COMMISSIONER OF STATE BOARD OF PUBLIC CHARITIES.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 6, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate J. A. Lichty, of Pittsburgh, Pa., to be a Commissioner of the State Board of Public Charities, to serve until March 31, 1917, vice Cyrus B. King, resigned.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

NOTARIES PUBLIC.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 6, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons to be Notaries Public for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, for the term of four years, to compute from the dates set opposite their names, respectively:

ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

John K. Davis, Pittsburgh, April 23, 1915.
Edward C. Kearney, McKeesport, April 30, 1915.

DAUPHIN COUNTY.

Paul A. Strickler, Harrisburg, April 30, 1915.

LACKAWANNA COUNTY.

Charles U. Ingham, Moscow, April 10, 1915.

LANCASTER COUNTY.

Ethelbert Miller, Marietta, April 25, 1915.

LUZERNE COUNTY.

Miss Mary E. Dean, Wilkes-Barre, April 18, 1915.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY.

Samson McDowell, Philadelphia, April 9, 1915.
Joseph Entwisle, Philadelphia, April 17, 1915.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 6, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons to be Notaries Public for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, for the term of four years, to compute from the date of their confirmation:

ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

Jos. H. Hammill, Carnegie.
C. T. Russell, Elizabeth.
V. E. Griffin, Glassport.
Fred C. Gorte, Pittsburgh.
Edwin R. Peifer, Pittsburgh.

BEAVER COUNTY.

W. T. Brastow, Ambridge.

CARBON COUNTY.

Robert E. Heberling, Lehighton,

DAUPHIN COUNTY.

Harry E. Bashore, Harrisburg.
Mark Mumma, Steelton.

FAYETTE COUNTY.

Abraham Jubelirer, Menallen Twp.

JEFFERSON COUNTY.

H. Russell Martin, Punxsutawney.

MERCER COUNTY.

F. H. Bartleson, Sharpsville.

NORTHAMPTON COUNTY.

Pasquale Castiello, South Bethlehem.
Robert P. Jones, Jr., Bangor.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY.

William E. Chapman, Philadelphia.
Miss Dorothy Chortak, Philadelphia.
John B. Comber, Philadelphia.
Miss Annie E. Connell, Philadelphia.
William A. Conner, Philadelphia.
Emil Schnell, Philadelphia.

SOMERSET COUNTY

Percy S. Walter, Benson.

WASHINGTON COUNTY.

F. R. Buckingham, Washington.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH

EXECUTIVE SESSION.

By unanimous consent,

A motion was made by Mr. KLINE,

That Rule 38, which requires nominations made by the Governor, to be referred to proper committees be dispensed with, and the Senate do now resolve itself into Executive Session, for the purpose of acting on the foregoing nominations,

Which was agreed to.

Whereupon,

A motion was made by Mr. KLINE,

That the Senate do advise and consent to said nominations,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—47.

Beidleman,	Hackett,	McKee, W. S.,	**Smith, W. W.,**
Buckman,	**Hilton,**	McNichol,	Snyder, C. A.,
Burke,	Hindman,	Miller,	Snyder, P. W.,
Catlin,	Hoke,	Mills,	Sones.
Clark,	**Homsher,**	**Moore,**	**Sproul,**
Croft,	Jenkins,	Patton,	Stewart,
DeWitt,	**Kline,**	Phipps,	Thompson.
Endsley,	Kurtz,	Salus,	Tompkins,
Farley,	**Lynch,**	**Schantz,**	Vare,
Gerberich,	Magee, C. J.,	Semmens,	Warner,
Graff,	Martin,	Sensenich,	Wasbers,
Gyger,	McConnell,	Smith, R. E.,	

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Governor be informed accordingly.

AMENDMENT TO HOUSE BILL NO. 120 RECALLED FROM THE GOVERNOR.

He also laid before the Senate for concurrence bill of the House of Representatives as follows:

House Bill No. 120, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-eighth day of May one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled "An Act to provide for the protection of insane persons feeble-minded persons and epileptics and the appointment of a guardian for the said insane persons feeble-minded persons and epileptics unable to care for their own property authorizing the guardian to support the wife and children of the said insane persons feeble-minded persons and epileptics defining the powers of the guardian and authorizing the sale of real estate of the ward" by adding an additional section

said bill having been recalled from the Governor for the purpose of amendment. The votes had on final passage and third reading on said bill were reconsidered in the House and the bill amended, in which amendment the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

The amendments were twice read as follows:

In the title in line 3, by striking out "feble" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "feeble"; also in section 1, in line 15, by striking out the words "at least"; also in line 16, by striking out the words "once in every three years and at any other time"; also in line 17 inserting after the word "court" the words "or if not required by the court may of his own volition once in every three years"; also in line 27, by striking out after the word "court" the word "may" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "shall"; also by inserting in line 38, after the word "decree" the following: "on all persons except the ward, and on the ward three months after the removal of legal disability and in case of the filing of a final account occasioned by the resignation, removal or death of the guardian such final account after proper audit and confirmation as hereinbefore provided and all tri-annual accounts or other accounts which may have been properly filed, audited and confirmed before shall be conclusive as to the ward as well as to all other parts"; also in line 46, by striking out after the word "examination" the words "shall be allowed as part of the administration expenses of the guardian and shall be paid by such guardian out of the funds in his hands and shall be allowed as a credit in the account," and inserting in lieu thereof the words "shall be paid out of the estate or otherwise as the decree of the court confirming the report of the auditor shall direct If such costs are paid by the guardian out of the funds of the estate in his hands such payment shall be allowed as a credit in his account"; also in line 59, by striking out after the word property "nuder" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "under."

On the question,

Will the Senate concur in the same?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—47.

Beidleman,	Gyger,	McConnell,	**Smith, R. E.,**
Buckman,	Hackett,	McKee, W. S.,	Smith, W. W.,
Burke,	Hilton,	McNichol,	Snyder, C. A.,
Catlin,	Hindman,	Miller,	Snyder, P. W.,
Clark,	Hoke,	Mills,	Sones,
Croft,	Homsher,	Moore,	Sproul,
Daix,	Jenkins,	Patton,	Stewart,
DeWitt,	**Kline,**	Phipps,	Thompson,
Endsley,	Kurtz,	Salus,	Tompkins,
Farley,	**Lynch,**	Schantz,	Vare,
Gerberich,	Magee, C. J.,	**Semmens,**	Warner,
Graff,	Martin,	Sensenich,	Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

AMENDMENT TO HOUSE BILL NO. 240 RECALLED FROM THE GOVERNOR.

He also laid before the Senate for concurrence bill of the House of Representatives as follows:

House Bill No. 240, entitled:

An Act creating a reward or bounty for the destruction of certain noxious animals killed within the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania providing a method for the payment of the same and providing the method of furnishing evidence of said destruction and penalties for the violation of the several provisions hereof

said bill having been recalled from the Governor for the purpose of amendment. The votes had on final passage and third reading on said bill were reconsidered in the House and the bill amended, in which amendments the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

The amendments were twice read as follows:

By striking out section 2, and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Section 2 It shall be the duty of any person who having killed within this Commonwealth one or more of the animals named in section one of this act and being desirous of securing the reward or bounty named for such killing as fixed by section one of this act to produce such slain animal or animals or the entire pelt thereof before any game protector or of any justice of the peace or alderman or magistrate within this Commonwealth and to make affidavit that he or some member of his family naming such person killed the same naming it stating clearly the approximate time of such killing and the fact that the place where such animal was killed naming it was within the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and that such animal was not reared in captivity

(a) Upon the production of such animal or pelt and the making of such affidavit before a game protector such official shall in the presence of the party making such affidavit split the skin of the face of the animal from between the eyes through the end of the nose and shall return the pelt or skin thus mutilated to the person presenting same and shall fill out in the name of the party making such affidavit a certificate directed to the Secretary of the Board of Game Commissioners at Harrisburg setting forth clearly the fact that the provisions of this act have been complied with giving the name of the animal killed the name of the person killing it the approximate time it was killed and as nearly as possible the name of the place and county within the Commonwealth where it was thus killed and that such animal was not reared in captivity and the said game protector shall forward to the office of the Secretary of the Board of Game Commissioners at Harrisburg the certificate and the affidavit so taken by him

(b) Where the affidavit required by this act is made before a justice of the peace or alderman or magistrate such official shall include in one affidavit all claims for bounty that may be made by one person at one time not to exceed five and shall receive in full for services rendered a fee of twenty-five cents where but one animal is named in such affidavit Where more than one animal is named in one affidavit the fee shall be fifty cents such fee in all cases to be paid by the claimant for bounty The affidavit shall preferably be made upon forms to be provided by the Board of Game Commissioners on demand by any justice of the peace or alderman or magistrate within this Commonwealth and all affidavits of this character shall in all cases clearly set forth the name of the animal killed for which a bounty is claimed the name of the person killing same the approximate time when such animal was killed and as nearly as possible the name of the place and county within this Commonwealth where same was killed and that such animal was not reared in captivity Upon the completion of such affidavit and the payment of the fee as above stated the justice of the peace or alderman or magistrate shall deliver said affidavit and skin or pelt brought before him to the claimant for bounty who shall as soon as may be forward such affidavit and the skin or pelt of the animal or animals for the killing of which a bounty is claimed and named in such affidavit to the Secretary of the Board of Game Commissioners at Harrisburg It shall be the duty of the justice of the peace or alderman or magistrate before whom any claim for bounty is made to examine all skins or pelts presented to him so that he may judge of the legality of the claim made but such official shall not split the face of any such skin or in any manner mutilate same

Also by striking out Section 3 and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Section 3 Upon the receipt of such affidavit or such certificate or both in proper form the Secretary of the Board of Game Commissioners being satisfied that the skins or pelts presented to him are the skins or pelts of animals for the killing of which a bounty is offered by this act and that such claims are in all respects legitimate shall return to the owner thereof all skins or pelts received by him and shall at least once a month draw his requisition upon the Auditor General in favor of the persons named in said affidavit or certificates received by him for the amount to which each claimant may be entitled against the fund hereinafter designated paid into the State Treasury pursuant to the provisions of the act of April seventeenth one thousand nine hundred and thirteen (Pamphlet Laws eighty-five) from hunters' license fees fines and penalties collected under the provisions of said act which by section twelve thereof are paid into the State Treasury and kept "as a fund separate and apart solely for the purpose of wild bird and game protection and for the purchase and propagation of game under the supervision of the Board of Game Commissioners of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and the payment of bounties under the provisions of law" which part of said fund devoted to the payment of bounties together with such other moneys as may pursuant to other laws of this Commonwealth be paid into the State Treasury for the payment of bounties is hereinafter designated as "Fund for the Payment of Bounties"

On the question,

Will the Senate concur in the same?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—48.

Beidleman,	Gyger,	McConnell,	Smith, R. E.,
Buckman,	Hackett,	McKee, W. S.	Smith, W. W.,
Burke,	Hilton,	McNichol,	Snyder, C. A.,
Catlin,	Hindman,	Miller,	Snyder, P. W.,
Clark,	Hoke,	Mills,	Sones,
Croft,	Homsher,	Moore,	Sproul,
Daix,	Jenkins,	Patton,	Stewart,
DeWitt,	Kline,	Phipps,	Thompson,
Endsley,	Kurtz,	Salus,	Tompkins,
Farley,	Lynch,	Schantz,	Vare,
Gerberich,	Magee, C. J.,	Semmens,	Warner,
Graff,	Martin,	Sensenich,	Washers,

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

AMENDMENT TO HOUSE BILL NO. 770 RECALLED FROM THE GOVERNOR.

He also laid before the Senate for concurrence bill of the House of Representatives as follows:

House Bill No. 770, entitled:

An Act relative to the burial of the bodies of certain indigent deceased widows at the county expense

said bill having been recalled from the Governor for the purpose of amendment. The votes had on final passage and third reading on said bill were reconsidered in the House and the bill amended, in which amendments the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

The amendments were twice read as follows:

In section 1, line 6, by striking out the word "and" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "or;" also in section 2, by striking out the word "commissioner" and inserting in lieu thereof the word 'commissioners"

On the question,

Will the Senate concur in the same?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—48.

Beidleman,	Gyger,	McConnell,	Smith, R. E.,
Buckman,	Hackett,	McKee, W. S.	Smith, W. W.,
Burke,	Hilton,	McNichol,	Snyder, C. A.,
Catlin,	Hindman,	Miller,	Snyder, P. W.,
Clark,	Hoke,	Mills,	Sones,
Croft,	Homsher,	Moore,	Sproul,
Daix,	Jenkins,	Patton,	Stewart,
DeWitt,	Kline,	Phipps,	Thompson,
Endsley,	Kurtz,	Salus,	Tompkins,
Farley,	Lynch,	Schantz,	Vare,
Gerberich,	Magee, C. J.,	Semmens,	Warner,
Graff,	Martin,	Sensenich,	Washers,

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

HOUSE CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS TO SENATE BILL NO. 4 RECALLED FROM THE GOVERNOR.

He also laid before the Senate communication from the House of Representatives returning to the Senate Senate Bill No. 4, entitled:

An Act relating to persons habitually addicted to the use of alcohol or drugs and providing for the care and treatment of such persons at the expense of the county and State if indigent

with the information that the House has concurred in the amendments made by the Senate, said bill having been recalled from the Governor for the purpose of amendment. The vote had on final passage and third reading on said bill were reconsidered and the bill amended.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 369.

He also laid before the Senate communication from the House of Representatives returning to the Senate Senate Bill No. 369, entitled:

An Act regulating the sale offering for sale or exposing for sale of vegetables grapes and fruits providing standard containers baskets trays and measures therefor and imposing penalties

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 141.

He also laid before the Senate communication from the House of Representatives returning to the Senate Senate Bill No. 141, entitled:

An Act to regulate the practice of optometry in Pennsylvania defining optometry and relating to the right to practice optometry in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and making certain exceptions and providing a bureau of optometrical education examination and licensure as a bureau of the Department of Public Instruction and means and methods whereby the right to practice optometry may be obtained and providing for the means to carry out the provisions of this act and providing for revocation or suspension of licenses given by said bureau and providing penalties for violations thereof and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent therewith.

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 84.

He also laid before the Senate communication from the House of Representatives returning to the Senate Senate Bill No. 84, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith"

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

BILL RETURNED FROM THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES WITH AMENDMENTS.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate resumed the consideration of Senate Bill No. 402, entitled:

An Act providing for the payment of judgments and mortgages and other claims which are liens on property affected by public improvements or appropriated by the exercise of the right of eminent domain

said bill having been returned from the House of Representatives with amendments in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

Said amendments having been printed as required by the Constitution were twice read as follows:

In the title, in line 1, by striking out after the word of the word "judgment," and inserting in lieu thereof the word "judgments."

On the question,

Will the Senate concur in the amendments?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—48.

Beidleman,	Gyger,	McConnell,	Smith, R. E.,
Buckman,	Hackett,	McKee, W. S.,	Smith, W. W.,
Burke,	Hilton,	McNichol,	Snyder, C. A.,
Catlin,	Hindman,	Miller,	Snyder, P. W.,
Clark,	Hoke,	Mills,	Sones,
Croft,	Homsher,	Moore,	Sproul,
Daix,	Jenkins,	Patton,	Stewart,
DeWitt,	Kline,	Phipps,	Thompson,
Endsley,	Kurtz,	Salus,	Tompkins,
Farley,	Lynch,	Schantz,	Vare,
Gerberich,	Magee, C. J.,	Semmens,	Warner,
Graff,	Martin,	Sensenich,	Wasbers,

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

BILL ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate resumed the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 375, as follows:

An Act relative to the deposit of county funds by the county treasurer in banks in certain counties

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the county treasurer in counties having a population not exceeding one hundred and fifteen thousand inhabitants shall not deposit county funds in any bank until the bank agrees to pay on any such account in excess of one thousand dollars interest at a rate not less than two per centum per annum on daily balances such interest to be paid to the county treasurer for the use of the county

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to.

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—45.

Beidleman,	Hindman,	McNichol,	Smith, W. W.,
Buckman,	Hoke,	Miller,	Snyder, C. A.,
Burke,	Homsher,	Mills,	Snyder, P. W.,
Clark,	Jenkins,	Moore,	Sones,
Croft,	Kline,	Patton,	Sproul,
DeWitt,	Kurtz,	Phipps,	Stewart,
Endsley,	Lynch,	Salus,	Thompson,
Farley,	Magee, C. J.,	Schantz,	Tompkins,
Gerberich,	Martin,	Semmens,	Vare,
Gyger,	McConnell,	Sensenich,	Warner,
Hackett,	McKee, W. S.,	Smith, R. E.,	Wasbers,
Hilton,			

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILL OVER IN ORDER.

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, at the request of the Senator from Erie, Mr. CLARK, I ask that Senate Bill No. 8, on third reading, entitled:

An Act supplementary to an act entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation regulation and government of cities of the third class regulating nomination and election of municipal officers therein and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto" approved the twenty-seventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred thirteen providing for enacting initiative and referendum provisions with reference to ordinances and the holding of elections relative thereto

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 274, entitled:

An Act to provide for the payment of costs of suit in cases of summary proceedings or convictions had before magistrates aldermen or justices of the peace for the violation of any act of Assembly of this Commonwealth

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—46.

Beidleman,	Hilton,	McNichol,	Smith, W. W.,
Buckman,	Hindman,	Miller,	Snyder, C. A.,
Burke,	Hoke,	Mills,	Snyder, P. W.
Catlin,	Homsher,	Moore,	Sones,
Croft,	Jenkins,	Patton,	Sproul,
DeWitt,	Kline,	Phipps,	Stewart,
Endsley,	Kurtz,	Salus,	Thompson,
Farley,	Lynch,	Schantz,	Tompkins,
Gerberich,	Magee, C. J.,	Semmens,	Vare,
Graff,	Martin,	Sensenich,	Warner.
Gyger,	McConnell,	Smith, R. E.,	Wasbers
Hackett,	McKee, W. S.,		

NAYS—1.

Clark,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 373, entitled:

An Act to repeal sections one and two of an act approved the twenty-fourth day of April one thousand nine hundred one entitled "An Act to encourage the use of wide tires upon wagons upon the public highways of this Commonwealth and providing penalties for its violation"

And said bill having been read at length the third time,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, this bill provides for the repeal of the Act of 1901, which was an act allowing an exception to the extent of twenty-five per cent. on road taxes where the people used broad tires. This act has been in force for fourteen years and has not worked out satisfactorily. In the county which I represent, at a meeting of the supervisors of that county, there was a resolution passed unanimously requesting the repeal of this act. I understand that there have been similar requests from various other counties of the State where the supervisors have met in such sessions. This act, as I say, has been tried and found not to work out satisfactorily, and I believe that it is the sentiment of the country districts of this State that the act should be repealed. I know of one township wherein this act was taken advantage of to such an extent that the township lost in road taxes to the extent of five hundred dollars, in one township alone, and I am thoroughly convinced that the act is not a success and I hope the bill will pass and that the act will be repealed.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—42.

Beidleman,	Gyger,	McKee, W. S.,	Smith, W. W.,
Buckman,	Hackett,	McNichol,	Snyder, C. A.,
Burke,	Hilton,	Miller,	Sones,
Catlin,	Hindman,	Mills,	Sproul,
Clark,	Hoke,	Moore,	Stewart,
Croft,	Homsher,	Patton,	Thompson,
DeWitt,	Kline,	Phipps,	Tompkins,
Endsley,	Kurtz,	Salus,	Vare,
Farley,	Lynch,	Semmens,	Warner,
Gerberich,	Magee, C. J.	Sensenich,	Wasbers,
Graff,	McConnell,		

NAYS—5.

Jenkins,	Schantz,	Smith, R. E.,	Snyder, P. W.,
Martin,			

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. CHARLES A. SNYDER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from Committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. CHARLES A. SNYDER, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 711, entitled:

An Act relating to motion-picture films, reels or stereopticon views, or slides, providing a system of examination, approval and regulation thereof, and of the banners, posters and other advertising matter used in connection therewith; creating the Board of Censors and providing penalties for the violation of this act

BILL OVER IN ORDER.

Mr. DeWITT. Mr. President, I ask that Senate Bill No. 416 (House Bill No. 49), on third reading, entitled:

An Act empowering certain corporations societies and voluntary associations having subordinate lodges or branches within this Commonwealth to change the location of their principal office or place of business and providing for the filing of notice of such changes

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILL ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 444 (House No. 513), entitled:

An Act relating to the satisfaction of mortgages under power of attorney directed to the recorder of deeds

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—45.

Beidleman,	Hindman,	McNichol,	Smith, W. W.,
Buckman,	Hoke,	Miller,	Snyder, C. A.,
Burke,	Homsher,	Mills,	Snyder, P. W.,
Catlin,	Jenkins,	Moore,	Sones,
Clark,	Kline,	Patton,	Sproul,
Croft,	Kurtz,	Phipps,	Stewart,
Endsley,	Lynch,	Salus,	Thompson,
Gerberich,	Magee, C. J.,	Schantz,	Tompkins,
Graff,	Martin,	Semmens,	Vare,
Gyger,	McConnell,	Sensenich,	Warner,
Hackett,	McKee, W. S.,	Smith, R. E.,	Wasbers,
Hilton,			

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

BILL OVER IN ORDER.

Mr. ENDSLEY. Mr. President, I ask that Senate Bill No. 454, on third reading, entitled:

An Act to amend section nine of an act to regulate the practice of osteopathy in the State of Pennsylvania to provide for the establishment of a State Board of Osteopathic Examiners to define the powers and duties of said Board of Osteopathic Examiners to provide for the examining and licensing of Osteopaths in this State and to provide penalties for the violation of this act approved the nineteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred nine as amended by an act approved the eleventh day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred eleven providing for the licensing of certain practitioners now known as registered Osteopaths

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 492, entitled:

An Act validating certain divorces

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—48.

Beidleman,	Gyger,	McConnell,	Smith, R. E.,
Buckman,	Hackett,	McKee, W. S.,	Smith, W. W.,
Burke,	Hilton,	McNichol,	Snyder, C. A.,
Catlin,	Hindman,	Miller,	Snyder, P. W.,
Clark,	Hoke,	Mills,	Sones,
Croft,	Homsher,	Moore,	Sproul,
Daix,	Jenkins,	Patton,	Stewart,
DeWitt,	Kline,	Phipps,	Thompson,
Endsley,	**Kurtz,**	Salus,	Tompkins,
Farley,	Lynch,	Schantz,	Vare,
Gerberich,	Magee, C. J.,	Semmens,	Warner,
Graff,	Martin,	Sensenich,	Washers,

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 515 (House No. 457), entitled:

An Act to amend section two of an act entitled "An Act for the better protection of the wild birds known as the turtle or mourning-dove the killdeer and the bird commonly called the blackbird in Pennsylvania and prescribing penalties for violation of its provisions" approved the twenty-first day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen Pamphlet Laws eight by extending the power to destroy birds commonly called blackbirds

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—48.

Beidleman,	Gyger,	McConnell,	Smith, R. E.,
Buckman,	Hackett,	McKee W. S.,	Smith, W. W.,
Burke,	Hilton,	McNichol,	Snyder, C. A.,
Catlin,	Hindman,	Miller,	Snyder, P. W.,
Clark,	Hoke,	Mills,	Sones,
Croft,	Homsher,	Moore,	Sproul,
Daix,	Jenkins,	Patton,	Stewart,
DeWitt,	Kline,	Phipps,	Thompson,
Endsley,	**Kurtz,**	Salus,	Tompkins,
Farley,	Lynch,	Schantz,	Vare,
Gerberich,	Magee, C. J.,	Semmens,	Warner,
Graff,	Martin,	Sensenich,	Washers,

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

BILLS OVER IN ORDER.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I ask that Senate Bill No. 530, on third reading, entitled:

An Act to amend sections seven and eleven of an act entitled "An Act to regulate the nomination and election of public officers requiring certain expenses incident thereto to be paid by the several counties and punishing certain offences in regard to such elections" approved the tenth day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-three

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. TOMPKINS. Mr. President, I ask that Senate Bill No. 531, on third reading, entitled:

An Act to repeal an act approved the twenty-fourth day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act to regulate nominations and elections for all elective offices of cities of the second class and all offices of judge of a court of record providing for non-partisan nominations and elections for said offices abolishing certain existing methods of nomination in such cases and the use of party or political names or appellations at elections with respect to said offices imposing certain duties upon the Secretary of the Commonwealth county commissioners and election officers and clerks and providing penalties for the violation of the provisions hereof and the punishment of certain offences"

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I ask that Senate Bill No. 533, on third reading, entitled:

An Act to amend sections fifteen and eighteen of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the personal registration of electors and their enrollment as members of political parties in cities of the first and second classes of this Commonwealth to make such registration a condition of the right to vote in such cities and their said enrollment as members of a political party a condition of the right to vote at primaries in said cities and providing for the payment of witness fees for persons summoned before the commssioners to provide penalties for violations of its provisions and to repeal acts inconsistent herewith approved the twenty-fourth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen"

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I ask that Senate Bill No. 534, on third reading, entitled:

An Act to amend section six of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the personal registration of electors and their enrollment as members of political parties in cities of the first and second classes of this Commonwealth to make such registration a condition of the right to vote in such cities and their said enrollment as members of a political party a condition of the right to vote at primaries in said cities and providing for the payment of witness fees for persons summoned before the commissioners to provide penalties for violation of its provisions and to repeal acts inconsistent herewith" approved the twenty-fourth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. W. W. SMITH. Mr. President, I ask that Senate Bill No. 539, on third reading, entitled:

An Act repealing section three of an act entitled "An Act to regulate the nomination and election of public officers requiring certain expenses incident thereto to be paid by the several counties and punishing certain offences in regard to such elections" approved the tenth day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-three as amended by an act approved the ninth day of July one thousand eight hundred ninety-seven

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. PRESIDENT, I ask that Senate Bill No. 540, on third reading, entitled:

An Act to amend section five of an act etntitled "An Act regulating certain political parties providing for and regulating the nomination of candidates of such political parties for certain public offices the election of delegates and alternate delegates to National party conventions and of certain party officers including State committeemen a method whereby electors of such political parties may express their choice of candidates for the office of President of the United States and the payment by the several counties and their reimbursement by the State of the expenses of the same authorizing the State committee of a political party to make and to alter amend and revoke rules and providing penalties for the violation of the provisions of this act and for the punishment of certain offences provided for herein and repealing inconsistent legislation" approved the twelfth day of July Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred thirteen

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. KLINE. Mr. PRESIDENT, I move that Senate Bill No. 543, on third reading, entitled:

An Act providing for the appointment and future of a Municipal Division Board in counties having located therein a city of the second class the number and kinds of members thereof the terms for which appointed and elected the organization powers and duties thereof the compensation of said members and the manner of providing for the necessary expenses for the operation of said Board

be recommitted to the Committee on Municipal Affairs.

Mr. MOORE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 550, entitled:

A supplement to an act approved the twenty-eighth day of April one thousand nine hundred and three entitled "An Act for the annexation of any city borough township or part of a township to a contiguous city and providing for the indebtedness of the same" by providing that any city heretofore or hereafter enlarged by any annexation under the terms of said act shall be liable for and shall pay the indebtedness of such city and the territory so annexed and providing for the levying of a uniform tax upon all the territory included within such city as enlarged by such annexation for the payment of all such indebtedness

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—48.

Beidleman,	Gyger,	McConnell,	Smith, R. E.,
Buckman,	Hackett,	McKee W. S.,	Smith, W. W.,
Burke,	Hilton,	McNichol,	Snyder, C. A.,
Catlin,	Hindman,	Miller,	Snyder, P. W.,
Clark,	Hoke,	Mills,	Sones,
Croft,	Homsher,	Moore,	Sproul,
Daix,	Jenkins,	Patton,	Stewart,
DeWitt,	Kline,	Phipps,	Thompson,
Endsley,	Kurtz,	Salus,	Tompkins,
Farley,	Lynch,	Schantz,	Vare,
Gerberich,	Magee, C. J.,	Semmens,	Warner,
Graff,	Martin,	Sensenich,	Wasbers.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 551, entitled:

A supplement to an act approved the seventh day of February one thousand nine hundred and six entitled "An Act to enable cities that are now or may hereafter be contiguous or in close proximity to be united with any intervening land other than boroughs in one municipality providing for the consequences of such consolidation the temporary government of the consolidated city payment of the indebtedness of each of the united territories and the enforcement of debts and claims due to or from each" by providing that the indebtedness of each city and intervening land heretofore or hereafter united or consolidated under the provisions of said act shall be paid by the consolidated city and for the levying of a uniform tax upon all the territory included within the consolidated city for the payment of the same

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—48.

Beidleman,	Gyger,	McConnell,	Smith, R. E.,
Buckman,	Hackett,	McKee, W. S.	Smith, W. W.,
Burke,	Hilton,	McNichol,	Snyder, C. A.,
Catlin,	Hindman,	Miller,	Snyder, P. W.,
Clark,	Hoke,	Mills,	Sones,
Croft,	Homsher,	Moore,	Sproul,
Daix,	Jenkins,	Patton,	Stewart,
DeWitt,	Kline,	Phipps,	Thompson,
Endsley,	Kurtz,	Salus,	Tompkins,
Farley,	Lynch,	Schantz,	Vare,
Gerberich,	Magee, C. J.,	Semmens,	Warner,
Graff,	Martin,	Sensenich,	Wasbers.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

The PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE (Mr. Charles H. Kline) in the Chair.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate resumed the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 595 (House Bill No. 582), as follows:

An Act authorizing municipalities to enter into certain contracts and make appropriations regarding libraries

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That when by any gift or gifts or bequest or bequests any estate or estates real or personal exceeding twenty thousand dollars is given or bequeathed for the purpose of establishing in a municipality a free public nonsectarian library on a permanent basis for the use of the residents of the municipality and there is attached to such gift or gifts or bequest or bequests a condition that the municipality shall provide for the maintenance in whole or in part of the library or the maintenance of a librarian of such library or both the municipality may enter into a perpetual contract with the donor or the representative of any testator or corporation created to execute such gift or gifts or bequest or bequests for the payment annually of a certain fixed sum of money at such periods as may be agreed upon between the contracting parties Such sum shall be applied for the maintenance of the library or for the employment and maintenance of a suitable librarian or both in accordance with the terms of the gift or gifts or bequest or bequests.

Section 2 The municipality shall appropriate annually for the compensation of such librarian and maintenance of such library not to exceed the amount of one mill on a dollar on all taxable property in the municipality

Section 3 All acts or parts of acts not consistent herewith are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the third time,

On the question.

Will the Senate agree to the bill?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. President, I move that the question, together with the further consideration of the bill, be postponed for the present.

Mr. VARE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 624 (House No. 737), entitled:

An Act authorizing municipalities to purchase the entire capital stock of bridge companies owning bridges situated wholly or partly within the limits of such municipalities and exempting the capital stock and bonds of such company from State taxation

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—48.

Beidleman,	Gyger,	McKee, W. S.,	Smith, W. W.,
Buckman,	Hackett,	McNichol,	Snyder, C. A.,
Burke,	Hilton,	Miller,	Snyder, P. W.,
Catlin,	Hindman,	Mills,	Sones,
Clark,	Hoke,	Moore,	Sproul,
Croft,	Homsher,	Patton,	Stewart,
Daix,	Jenkins,	Phipps,	Thompson,
DeWitt,	Kurtz,	Salus,	Tompkins,
Endsley,	Lynch,	Schantz,	Vare,
Farley,	Magee, C. J.,	Semmens,	Warner,
Gerberich,	Martin,	Sensenich,	Wasbers,
Graff,	McConnell,	Smith, R. E.,	Kline, Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

BILLS OVER IN ORDER.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I ask that Senate Bill No. 627, on third reading, entitled:

An Act to amend sections one two and eight of an act entitled "An Act regulating certain political parties providing for and regulating the nomination of candidates of such political parties for certain public offices the election of delegates and alternate delegates to National party conventions and of certain party officers including State committeemen a method whereby electors of such political parties may express their choice of candidates for the office of President of the United States and the payment by the several counties and their reimbursement by the State of the expenses of the same authorizing the State committee of a political party to make and to alter amend and revoke rules and providing penalties for the violation of the provisions of this act and for the punishment of certain offences provided for herein and repealing inconsistent legislation" approved the tweltfth day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen

Senate Bill No. 628, on third reading, entitled:

An Act to amend the fourteenth section of an act entitled 'An Act to regulate the nomination and election of public officers requiring certain expenses incident thereto to be paid by the several counties and punishing certain offences in regard to such elections' approved the tenth day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-three as amended by an act approved the ninth day of July one thousand eight hundred ninety-seven also to amend the twenty-second twenty-seventh twenty-eighth and thirtieth sections of said act to regulate the nomination and election of public officers requiring certain expenses incident thereto to be paid by the several counties and punishing certain offences in regard to such elections approved the tenth day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-three by repealing the limit upon the number of times the names of candidates shall appear on the official ballot by specifying the form contents and manner of printing and counting of official ballots and of making return of all votes and of announcing the total vote by directing the manner in which voters may designate their choice of candidates and their votes upon constitutional amendments or other questions submitted for their votes by prescribing the duties of voters election officers police officers constables deputy constables and helpers and prescribing forms of punishment for violations thereof" approved the twenty-ninth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and three

Senate Bill No. 629, on third reading, entitled:

An act to amend an act entitled "An Act regulating certain political parties providing for and regulating the nomination of candidates of such political parties for certain public offices the election of delegates and alternate delegates to National party conventions and of certain party officers including State committeemen a method whereby electors of such political parties may express their choice of candidates for the office of President of the United States and the payment by the several counties and their reimbursement by the State of the expenses of the same authorizing the State committee of a political party to make and to alter amend and revoke rules and providing penalties for the violation of the provisions of this act and for the punishment of certain offences provided for herein and repealing inconsistent legislation" approved the twelfth day of July Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred thirteen

Senate Bill No. 630, on third reading, entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to regulate nominations and elections for all elective offices of cities of the second class and all offices of judge of a court of record providing for non-partisan nominations and elections for said offices abolishing certain existing methods of nomination in such cases and the use of party or political names or appellations at elections with respect to said offices imposing certain duties upon the Secretary of the Commonwealth county commissioners and election officers and clerks and providing penalties for the violation of the provisions hereof and the punishment of certain offences" approved the twenty-fourth day of July Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred thirteen

Senate Bill No. 631, on third reading, entitled:

An Act to provide for the creation by bodies of electors of political parties not otherwise entitled under the law to participate in primaries and elections and giving such parties the right to participate in primaries and elections providing the manner in which such parties may be created providing the manner in which such parties may have the exclusive right to use certain designated names for their parties or policies providing a method of objecting to petitions filed for the purpose of obtaining such exclusive right to use a party name under which to participate in primaries and elections providing for the enrollment of qualified electors so as to entitle them to vote the ballot of such parties at primaries providing for the designation of a person upon whom shall be served notice of objection to such petitions or other notices required by law to be served upon such parties and who shall serve such notices as are required to be made or filed by such parties under the law in the matter of the nomination of candidates providing for the payment of costs incident to objections to such petitions and also for the expenses incident to hold such primaries providing penalties for violations of the provisions of this act and the punishment for certain offences hereunder and providing for the repeal of inconsistent legislation

Senate Bill No. 639, on third reading, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the eleventh day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to provide for the appointment of county and city inspectors of weights and measures providing for their compensation and expenses prescribing their duties prohibiting vendors from giving false or insufficient weights and fixing the penalties for the violation of the provisions hereof" as amended by granting supervision over the inspectors to the Bureau of Standards and providing clerical help incidental thereto

go over in their order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILL ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Mr. TOMPKINS. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now resume the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 22, on third reading postponed for the present, entitled:

An Act to provide for the appointment of a coroner's physician in counties having a population of more than one hundred and fifty thousand and less than eight hundred thousand and defining his qualififfications, duties and salary

Mr. MAGEE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate resumed the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 22, entitled:

An Act to provide for the appointment of a coroner's physician in counties having a population of more than one hundred and fifty thousand and less than eight hundred thousand and defining his qualifications, duties and salary

And said bill having been read at length the third time and agree to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—45.

Beidleman,	Hackett,	McKee, W. S.,	Smith, W. W.,
Buckman,	Hilton,	McNichol,	Snyder, C. A.,
Burke,	Hindman,	Miller,	Sones,
Catlin,	Hoke,	Mills,	Sproul,
Clark,	Homsher,	Moore,	Stewart,
Croft,	Jenkins,	Patton,	Thompson,
Daix,	Kurtz,	Phipps,	Tompkins,
Endsley,	Lynch,	Salus,	Vare,
Farley,	Magee, C. J.,	Schantz,	Warner,
Gerberich,	Martin,	Semmens,	Washers,
Graff,	McConnell,	Smith, R. E.,	Kline,
Gyger,			Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—3.

DeWitt,	Sensenich,	Snyder, P. W.,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

QUESTION OF PERSONAL PRIVILEGE.

Mr. GRAFF. Mr. President, I rise to a question of personal privilege.

The PRESIDENT. The Senator will state his question of personal privilege.

Mr. GRAFF. Mr. President, some weeks ago a bill was introduced into this House in reference to the hard coal miners of this State. It was referred to the Committee on Mines and Mining and has been given a great deal of attention and consideration by this Committee. On last Wednesday a bill similar to this was introduced with a request to the Chair that the same be referred to the Committee on Elections. As I understand it, this courtesy is granted by the Chair, and there is no fixed rule that requires the Chair to assign any bill to any particular com-

mittee. This is entirely in the hands of the Chair, and this courtesy is extended, when a member of this House requests it. This bill was referred to the Committee on Elections, and although I am a member of the Committee on Elections, I knew of no action having been taken, but I understand that the bill was taken around among the members and immediately reported out. The chairman of the Mines and Mining Committee immediately detecting that it was a similar bill to the one that was before that committee, objected to having this bill read for the first time. A motion was then made to adjourn. This motion was lost, and the motion was then made by the Chairman of this committee that this bill be referred to the Committee on Mines and Mining, where it properly belonged. This committee now has this bill in its hands. I have been taught by the modern Gamaliel of this body that it is a discourtesy on the part of any member of this House to make a motion, which is a regular proceeding as I understand it in this body, to have a committee discharged from further consideration of a certain bill, when this bill is to be brought out on the floor of the House. But this subterfuge seems to have been taken to bring this bill out to the discourtesy of the Chairman of the Mines and Mining Committee. This question was fought out upon the floor of this House and it was carried by the narrow majority of one. Immediately the papers took up the question and placed this majority in the position of being opposed to the miners receiving what they considered a just and real position for their bill. I had no doubt of the sincerity and honesty of this Mines and Mining Committee, nor do I do this day. I believe that the deliberations have been honest and that the code that required two years to get up can not be passed over lightly in a few weeks; therefore, the position as taken by this committee was such as to bring about the honest consideration of this bill. As I am informed a conclusion has been arrived at and this bill will be reported out and we who stood for fair play and honest dealing do not want to be put in the position of being opposed to any bill to put the miners in the position where they belong. It is the duty of the Senate, as well as the House to pass a workman's compensation bill, and it is not the desire of any member of the House or of this Senate to place any citizens of this State from coming under the workman's compensation act where they properly belong unless exempted in the body of the bill itself. Therefore, Mr. President, I make this statement in justice to those of us who voted as we did so that we may not be placed in a position that might call upon us criticism from the miners of this State.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. McCONNELL. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from Committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. McCONNELL, from the Committee on Game and Fisheries, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 732, entitled:

An Act to amend sections eleven and twelve of an act, entitled "An Act to classify the species of fish in such parts of the boundary lakes, of more than five thousand acres, as this Commonwealth has jurisdiction over, and in the waters of any peninsula or in any bay adjacent to or connected with such lakes; to declare which fish are game-fish, which fish are food-fish, and which are minnows or bait-fish; to protect and provide for the maintenance and increase of fish in such lakes to regulate and provide for the payment of license fees for the catching of fish from such boundary lakes, and prohibit the unauthorized taking of fish from devices used by authority of such license; to provide penalties and punishments for the violation of any of the provisions of this act; and requiring the county wherein an offense is charged to pay costs of prosecution in certain instances; and repealing all acts inconsistent herewith" approved the 18th day of April, A. D. 1913, more clearly defining and regulating the manner in which food fish may be caught and upon what devices fees shall be paid, and authorizing the limited use of an additional kinds of nets with mesh of definite size.

Mr. MAGEE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. MAGEE, from the Committee on Law and Order, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 255, entitled:

An Act to repeal so much of an act passed the 22d day of April, 1794, entitled "An Act for the prevention of vice and immortality, and of unlawful gaming, and to restrain disorderly sports and dissipation," as relates to the sale or delivery of the necessaries of life on the first day of the week, commonly called Sunday.

Mr. TOMPKINS. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from Committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. TOMPKINS, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 754, entitled:

A Joint Resolution authorizing the Commissioner of Health of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to lease a right of way through certain lands of the Commonwealth situated in Cresson township, Cambria county, Pennsylvania.

Mr. FARLEY. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from Committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. FARLEY, from the Committee on Municipal Affairs, re-reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 319, entitled:

An Act to regulate the taking of private property for municipal or public purposes and relating to the plotting of streets, avenues, parkways and parks upon the public plan of any city borough or township and the establishment of grades therefor.

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from Committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. BUCKMAN, from the Committee on Game and Fisheries, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 687, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the first day of May, 1909, entitled "An Act to classify the fish in the waters within this Commonwealth, declaring which are game-fish, which are food fish and which are bait fish and to regulate the catching and sale and encourage the propagation of the same to protect the waters within this Commonwealth from unfair improper wasteful and destructive fishing and to protect fish from being destroyed or injured by destructive means to provide for the appointment of fish wardens and to declare their official powers and duties to encourage and regulate the propagation of fish within this Commonwealth and regulate the free distribution of the same by the Department of Fisheries in the waters within the same to define powers and duties of the Department of Fisheries to regulate the sale and shipment of fish artificially propagated for profit to forbid the sale of unlawful devices for catching fish and to provide penalties and punishments for the violation of the provisions of this act and providing how and by whom the costs shall be paid."

Mr. W. W. SMITH. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. W. W. SMITH, from the Committee on Military Affairs, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 690, entitled:

An Act to amend the sixth section of an act approved the 12th day of April, A. D. 1905, entitled "An Act providing for the erection and maintenance of a memorial hall at the county seat of Allegheny County, in honor of the soldiers, sailors and marines from that county who served in the Army and Navy of the United States in the war for the suppression of the rebellion; authorizing and directing the commisisoners of said Allegheny County to erect and maintain said memorial hall, upon petition of fifty citizens, approved by two successive grand juries, the court of quarter sessions, and a majority vote of the qualified voters of said county; at a general election; designating a committee to determine what relics, records, etc., shall be placed in said memorial hall, and providing for a flagstaff and display of the flag of the United States;" by extending its provisions so that societies resulting from war with Spain, Philippine Insurrection and China Relief Expedition may have rooms in said memorial hall to meet in and making the members of said societies eligible to membership on the supervisory board.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Mr. PHIPPS. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now resume the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 477, on third reading postponed for the present, entitled:

A supplement to an act approved the eighteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred fifty-three entitled "An Act relating to the sale and conveyance of real estate"

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate resumed the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 477, entitled:

A supplement to an act approved the eighteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred fifty-three entitled "An Act relating to the sale and conveyance of real estate"

And said bill having been read at length the third time,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill?

Mr. PHIPPS. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to amend section 1, in line 9, by inserting after the word "of" the word "either"; also in lines 9 and 10, by striking out the words "principal part" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "greater part in area"; also in line 10, by inserting after the word "estate" the words "or in which the mansion house is situated."

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none

The amendment was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading as amended?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended be printed for the use of the Senate.

BILL ON FIRST READING.

Mr. TOMPKINS. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 754, entitled:

A Joint Resolution authorizing the Commissioner of Health of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to lease a right of way through certain lands of the Commonwealth situated in Cresson Townsrip, Cambria County, Philadelphia.

be read the first time.

Mr SALUS. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 754, entitled:

A Joint Resolution authorizing the Commissioner of Health of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to lease a right of way through certain lands of the Commonwealth situated in Cresson Township, Cambria County, Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 52, as follows:

An Act relating to the sale of goods

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That

First A contract to sell goods is a contract whereby the seller agrees to transfer the property in goods to the buyer for a consideration called the price

Second A sale of goods is an agreement whereby the seller transfers the property in goods to the buyer for a consideration called the price

Third A contract to sell or a sale may be absolute or conditional

Fourth There may be a contract to sell or a sale between one part owner and another

Section 2 Capacity to buy and sell is regulated by the general law concerning capacity to contract and to transfer and acquire property

Where necessaries are sold and delivered to an infant or to a person who by reason of mental incapacity or drunkenness is incompetent to contract he must pay a reasonable price therefor or return the goods in substantially the same condition as when received within reasonable time

Necessaries in this section mean goods suitable to the condition in life of such infant or other person and to his actual requirement at the time of delivery

Section 3 Subject to the provisions of this act and of any statute in that behalf a contract to sell or a sale may be made in writing (either with or without seal) or by word of mouth or partly in writing and partly by word of mouth or may be inferred from the conduct of the parties

Section 4 First A contract to sell or a sale of any goods or choses in action of the value of five hundred dollars or upwards shall not be enforceable by action unless the buyer shall accept part of the goods or choses in action so contracted to be sold or sold and actually receive the same or give something in earnest to bind the contract or in part payment or unless some note or memorandum in writing of the contract or sale be signed by the party to be charged or his agent in that behalf

Second The provisions of this section apply to every such contract or sale notwithstanding that the goods may be intended to be delivered at some future time or may not at the time of such contract or sale be actually made produced or provided or fit or ready for delivery or some act may be requisite for the making or completing thereof or rendering the same fit for delivery but if the goods are to be manufactured by the seller especially for the buyer and are not suitable for sale to others in the ordinary course of the seller's business the provisions of this section shall not apply

Third There is an acceptance of goods within the meaning of this section when the buyer either before or after delivery of the goods or any part thereof expresses by words or conduct his assent to becoming the owner of those specific goods

Section 5 First The goods which form the subject of a contract to sell may be either existing goods owned or possessed by the seller or goods to be manufactured or acquired by the seller after the making of the contract to sell in this act called "future goods"

Second There may be a contract to sell goods the acquisition of which by the seller depends upon a contingency which may or may not happen

Third Where the parties purport to effect a present sale of future goods the agreement operates as a contract to sell the goods

Section 6 First There may be a contract to sell or a sale of an undivided share of goods If the parties intend to effect a present sale the buyer by force of the agreement becomes an owner in common with the owner or owners of the remaining shares

Second In the case of fungible goods there may be a sale of an undivided share of a specific mass though the seller purports to sell and the buyer to buy a definite number weight or measure of the goods in the mass and though the number weight or measure of the goods in the mass is undetermined By such a sale the buyer becomes owner in common of such a share of the mass as the number weight or measure bought bears to the number weight or measure of the mass If the mass contains less than the number weight or measure bought the buyer becomes the owner of the whole mass and the seller is bound to make good the deficiency from similar goods unless a contrary intent appears

Section 7 First Where the parties purport to sell specific goods and the goods without the knowledge of the seller have wholly perished at the time when the agreement is made the agreement is void

Second Where the parties purport to sell specific goods and the goods without the knowledge of the seller have perished in part or have wholly or in a material part so deteriorated in quality as to be substantially changed in character the buyer may at his option treat the sale

(a) As avoided or

(b) As transferring the property in all of the existing goods or in so much thereof as have not deteriorated and as binding the buyer to pay the full agreed price if the sale was indivisible or to pay the agreed price for the goods in which the property passes if the sale was divisible

Section 8 First Where there is a contract to sell specific goods and subsequently but before the risk passes to the buyer without any fault on the part of the seller or the buyer the goods wholly perish the contract is thereby avoided Second Where there is a contract to sell specific goods and subsequently but before the risk passes to the buyer without any fault of the seller or the buyer of the goods perish or the whole or a material part of the goods so deteriorate in quality as to be substantially changed in character the buyer may at his option treat the contract

(a) As avoided or

(b) As binding the seller to transfer the property in all of the existing goods or in so much thereof as have not deteriorated and as binding the buyer to pay the full agreed price if the contract was indivisible or to pay the agreed price for so much of the goods as the seller by the buyer's option is bound to transfer if the contract was divisible

Section 9 First The price may be fixed by the contract or may be left to be fixed in such manner as may be agreed on it may be determined by the course of dealing between the parties

Second The price may be made payable in any personal property

Third, Where transferring or promising to transfer any interest in real estate constitutes the whole or part of the consideration for transferring or for promising to transfer the property in goods this act shall not apply

Fourth Where the price is not determined in accordance with the foregoing provisions the buyer must pay a reasonable price What is a reasonable price is a question of fact dependent on the circumstances of each particular case

Section 10 First Where there is a contract to sell or a sale of goods at a price or on terms to be fixed by a third

person and such third person without fault of the seller or the buyer cannot or does not fix the price or terms the contract or the sale is thereby avoided but if the goods or any part thereof have been delivered to and appropriated by the buyer thereof have been delivered to and appropriated by the buyer he must pay a reasonable price therefor

Second Where such third person is prevented from fixing the price or terms by fault of the seller or the buyer the party not in fault may have such remedies against the party in fault as are allowed by sections fifty-two to seventy of this act

Section 11 First Where the obligation of either party to a contract to sell or a sale is subject to any condition which is not performed such party may refuse to proceed with the contract or sale or he may waive perfomance of the condition If the other party has promised that the condition should happen or be performed such first-mentioned party may also treat the non-performance of the condition as a breach of warranty

Second Where the property in the goods has not passed the buyer may treat the fulfillment by the seller of his obligation to furnish goods as described and as warranted expressly or by implication in the contract to sell as a condition of the obligation of the buyer to perform his promise to accept and pay for the goods

Section 12 Any affirmation of fact or any promise by the seller relating to the goods is an express warranty if the natural tendency of such affirmation or promise is to induce the buyer to purchase the goods and if the buyer purchases the goods and that in the case of a contract to sell he will have a right to sell the goods at the time when the property the seller's opinion only shall be construed as a warranty

Section 13 In a contract to sell or a sale unless a contrary intention appears there is

First An implied warranty on the part of the seller that in the case of a sale he has a right to sell the goods relying thereon No affirmation of the value of the goods nor any statement purporting to be a statement of is to pass

Second An implied warranty that the buyer shall have and enjoy quiet possession of the goods as against any lawful claims existing at the time of the sale

Third An implied warranty that the goods shall be free at the time of the sale from any charge or encumbrance in favor of any third person not declared or known to the buyer before or at the time when the contract or sale is made

Fourth This section shall not however be held to render liable a sheriff auctioneer mortgagee or other person professing to sell by virtue of authority in fact or law goods in which a third person has a legal or equitable interest

Section 14 Where there is a contract to sell or a sale of goods by description there is an implied warranty that the goods shall correspond with the description and if the contract or sale be by sample as well as by decription it is not sufficient that the bulk of the goods correspond with the sample if the goods do not also correspond with the description

Section 15 Subject to the provisions of this act and of any statute in that behalf there is no implied warranty or condition as to the quality or fitness for any particular purpose of goods supplied under a contract to sell or a sale except as follows

First Where a buyer expressly or by implication makes known to the seller the particular purpose for which the goods are required and it appears that the buyer relies on the seller's skill or judgment (whether he be the grower or manufacturer or not) there is an implied warranty that the goods shall be reasonably fit for such purpose

Second Where the goods are bought by description from a seller who deals in goods of that description (whether he be the grower or manufacturer or not) there is an implied warranty that the goods shall be of merchantable quality

Third if the buyer has examined the goods there is no implied warranty as regards defects which such examination ought to have revealed

Fourth In the case of a contract to sell or a sale of a specified article under its patent or other trade name there is no implied warranty as to its fitness for any particular purpose

Fifth An implied warranty or condition as to quality or fitness for a particular purpose many be annexed by the usuage of trade

Sixth an express warranty or condition does not negative a warranty or condition implied under this act unless inconsistent therewith

Section 16 In a case of a contract to sell or a sale by example

(a) There is an implied warranty that the bulk shall correspond with the sample in quality

(b) There is an implied warranty that the buyer shall have a reasonable opportunity of comparing the bulk with the sample except so far otherwise provided in section forty-seven

(c) If the seller is a dealer in goods of that kind there is an implied warranty that the goods shall be free from any defect rendering them unmerchantable which would not be apparent on reasonable examination of the sample

Section 17 Where there is a contract to sell unascertained goods no property in the goods is transferred to the buyer unless and until the goods are ascertained but property in an undivided share of ascertained goods may be transferred as provided in section six

Section 18 First where there is a contract to sell specific or ascertained goods the property in them is transferred to the buyer at such time as the parties to the contract intend it to be transferred

Second For the purpose of ascertaining the intention of the parties regard shall be had to the terms of the contract the conduct of the parties usages of trade and the circumstances of the case

Section 19 Unless a different intention appears the following are the rules for ascertaining the intention of the parties as to the time at which the property in the goods is to pass to the buyer

Rule 1 Where there is an unconditional contract to sell specific goods in a deliverable state the property in the goods passes to the buyer when the contract is made and it is immaterial whether the time of payment or the time of delivery or both be postponed

Rule 2 Where there is a contract to sell specific goods and the seller is bound to do something to the goods for the purpose of putting them into a deliverable state the property does not pass until such thing be done

Rule 3 First when goods are delivered to the buyer "on sale or return" or on other terms indicating an intention to make a present sale but to give the buyer an option to return the goods instead of paying the price the property passes to the buyer on delivery but he may revest the property in the seller by returning or tendering the goods within the time fixed in the contract or if no time has been fixed within a reasonable time

Second When goods are delivered to the buyer on approval or on trial or on satisfaction or other similar terms the property therein passes to the buyer

(a) When he signifies his approval or acceptance to the seller or does any other act adopting the transaction

(b) If he does not signify his approval or acceptance to the seller but retains the goods without giving notice of rejection then if a time has been fixed for the return of the goods on the expiration of such time and if no time has been fixed on the expiration of a reasonable time What is a reasonable time is a question of fact

Rule 4 Where there is a contract to sell unascertained or future goods by description and goods of that description and in a deliverable state are unconditionally appropriated to the contract either by the seller with the assent of the buyer or by the buyer with the assent of the seller the property in the goods thereupon passes to the buyer Such assent may be expressed or implied and may be given either before or after the appropriation is made

Second Where in pursuance of a contract to sell the seller delivers the goods to the buyer or to a carrier or other bailee (whether named by the buyer or not) for the purpose of transmission to do holding for the buyer he is presumed to have unconditionally appropriated the goods to the contract except in the case provided for in the next rule and in section twenty This presumption is applicable although by the terms of the contract the buyer is to pay the price before receiving delivery of the goods and the goods are marked with the words Collect on Delivery or their equivalents

Rule 5 If the contract to sell requires the seller to deliver the goods to the buyer or at a particular place or to pay the freight or cost of transportation to the buyer or to a particular place the property does not pass until the goods have been delivered to the buyer or reached the place agreed upon

Section 20 First Where there is a contract to sell specific goods or where goods are subsequently appropriated to the contract the seller may by the terms of the contract or appropriation reserve the right of possession or property in the goods until certain conditions have been fulfilled The right of possession or property may be thus reserved notwithstanding the delivery of the goods to the buyer or to a carrier or other bailee for the purpose of transmission to the buyer

Second Where goods are shipped and by the bill of lading the goods are deliverable to the seller or his agent or to the order of the seller or his agent the seller thereby reserves the property in the goods But if except for the form of the bill of lading the property would have passed to the buyer on shipment of the goods the seller's property in the goods so shipped and delivered shall be deemed to be only for the purpose of securing performance by the buyer of his obligations under the contract

Third Where goods are shipped and by the bill of lading the goods are deliverable to the order of the buyer or of his agent but possession of the bill of lading is retained by the seller or his agent the seller thereby reserves a right to the possession of the goods as against the buyer

Fourth Where the seller of goods draws on the buyer for the price and transmits the bill of exchange and a negotiable bill of lading together to the buyer to secure acceptance or payment of the bill of exchange the buyer is bound to return the bill of lading if he does not honor the bill of exchange and if he wrongfully retains the bill of lading he acquires no added right thereby If however the bill of lading provides that the goods are deliverable to the buyer or to the order of the buyer or is endorsed in blank or to the buyer by the person to whose order the bill of lading is drawn one who purchases in good faith for value the bill of lading or goods from the buyer will obtain the property in the goods although the bill of exchange has not been honored provided that such purchaser has received delivery of the bill of lading indorsed by the consignee named therein or of the goods without notice of the facts making the transfer wrongful but delivery to the endorsee of the bill of lading shall discharge the carrier from all resposibility for the goods

Section 21 In the case of a sale by auction

First Where goods are put up for sale by auction in lots each lot is the subject of a separate contract of sale

Second A sale by auction is complete when the auctioneer announces its completion by the fall of the hammer or in other customary manner Until such announcement is made any bidder may retract his bid and the auctioneer may withdraw goods from sale unless the auction has been announced to be without reserve

Third A right to bid may be reserved expressly by or on behalf of the seller

Fourth Where notice has not been given that a sale by auction is subject to a right to bid on behalf of the seller it shall not be lawful for the seller to bid himself or to employ or induce any person to bid at such sale on his behalf or for the auctioneer to employ or induce any person to bid at such sale on behalf of the seller or knowingly to take any bid from the seller or any person employed by him Any sale contravening this rule may be treated as fraudulent by the buyer

Section 22 Unless otherwise agreed the goods remain at the seller's risk until the property therein is transferred to the buyer but when the property therein is transfrred to the buyer the goods are at the buyer's risk whether delivery has been made or not except that

(a) Where delivery of the goods has been made to the buyer or to a bailee for the buyer in pursuance of the contract and the property in the goods has been retained by the seller merely to secure the performance by the buyer of his obligations under the contract the goods are at the buyer's risk from the time of such delivery

(b) Where delivery has been delayed through the fault of either buyer or seller the goods are at the risk of the party in fault as regards any loss which might not have occurred but for such fault

Section 23 First Subject to the provisions of this act where goods are sold by a person who is not the owner thereof and who does not sell them under the authority or with the consent of the owner the buyer acquires no better title to the goods than the seller had unless the owner of the goods is by his conduct precluded from denying the seller's authority to sell

Second Nothing in this act however shall affect

(a) The provisions of any factors act recording acts or any enactment enabling the apparent owner of goods to dispose of them as if he were the true owner thereof

(b) The validity of any contract to sell or sale under any special common law or statutory power of sale or under the order of a court of competent jurisdiction

Section 24 Where the seller of goods has a voidable title thereto but his title has not been avoided at the time of the sale the buyer acquires a good title to the goods provided he buys them in good faith for value and without notice of the seller's defect of title

Section 25 Where a person having sold goods continues in possession of the goods or of negotiable documents of title of the goods the delivery or transfer by that person or by an agent acting for him of the goods or documents of title under any sale pledge or other dispostion thereof to any person receiving and paying value for the same in good faith and without notice of the previous sale shall have the same effect as if the person making the delivery or transfer were expressly authorized by the owner of the goods to make the same

Section 26 Where a person having sold goods continues in possession of the goods or of negotiable documents of title to the goods and such retention of possession is fraudulent in fact or is deemed fraudulent under any rule of law a creditor or creditors of the seller may treat the sale as void

Section 27 A document of title in which it is stated that the goods referred to therein will be delivered to the bearer or to the order of any person named in such document is a negotiable document of title

Section 28 A negotiable document of titile may be negotiated by delivery

(a) Where by the terms of the document the carrier warehouseman or other bailee issuing the same undertakes to deliver the goods to the bearer or

(b) Where by the terms of the document the carrier wareshouseman or other bailee issuing the same undertakes to deliver the goods to the order of a specified person and such person or a subsequent indorsee of the document has indorsed it in blank or to bearer

Where by the terms of a negotiable document of titile the goods are deliverable to bearer or where a negotiable document of title has been indorsed in blank or to bearer any holder may indorse the same to himself or to any other specified person and in such case the document shall thereafter be negotiated only by the indorsement of such indorsee

Section 29 A negotiable document of title may be negotiated by the indorsement of the person to whose order the goods are by the terms of the document deliverable Such indorsement may be in blank to bearer or to a specified person If indorsed to a specified person it may be again negotiated by the endorsement of such person in blank to bearer or to another specified person Subsequent negotiation may be made in like manner

Section 30 If a document of title which contains an undertaking by a carrier warehouseman or other bailee to deliver the goods to the bearer to a specified person or order or to the order of a specified person or which contains words of like import has placed upon it the words "not negotiable" "non-negotiable" or the like such a document may nevertheless be negotiated by the holder and is a negotiable document of title within the meaning of this act But nothing in this act contained shall be construed as limiting or defining the effect upon the rights and obligations of the carrier warehouseman or other bailee issuing a document of title or placing thereon the words "not negotiable" non-negotiable" or the like

Section 31 (a) A document of title which is not in such form that it can be negotiated by delivery may be transferred by the holder by delivery to a purchaser or donee A non-negotiable document cannot be negotiated and the indorsement of such a document gives the transferee no additional right

(b) Nothing in this section nor in any other provision of this act shall be construed to impose upon any common carrier any obligation to require the surrender of the bill of lading or shipping receipt before making delivery of the goods where by the terms of said bill of lading or shipping receipt the goods are deliverable to the consignee without surrender of such bill of lading or shipping receipt

Section 32 A negotiable document of title may be negotiated

(a) by the owner thereof or

(b) By any person to whom the possession or custody of the document has been entrusted by the owner if by the terms of the document the bailee issuing the document undetrakes to deliver the goods to the order of the person to whom the possession or custody of the document has been entrusted or if at the time of such entrusting the document is in such form that it may be negotiated by delivery

Section 33 A person to whom a negotiable document of title has been duly negotiated acquires thereby

(a) such title to the goods as the person negotiating the document to him had or had ability to convey to a purchaser in good faith for value and also such title to the goods as the person to whose order the goods were to be delivered by the terms of the document had or had ability to convey to a purchaser in good faith for value and

(b) The direct obligation of the bailee issuing the document to hold possession of the goods for him according to the terms of the document as fully as if such bailee had contracted dirctly with him

Section 34 A person to whom a document of title has been transferred but not negotiated acquires thereby as against the transferor the title to the goods subject to the terms of any agreement with the transferor

If the document is non-negotiable such person also acquires the right to notify the bailee who issued the document of the transfer thereof and thereby to acquire the direct obligation of such bailee to hold possession of the goods for him according to the terms of the document

Prior to the notification of such bailee by the transferor or transferee of a non-negotiable document of title the title of the transferee to the goods and the right to acquire the obligation of such bailee may be defeated by the levy of the attachment or execution upon the goods by a creditor of the transferor or by a notification to such bailee by the transferor or a subsequent purchaser from the transfer or of a subsequent sale of the goods by the transferor

Section 35 Where a negotiable document of title is transferred for value by delivery and the indorsement of the transferor is essential for negotiation the transferee acquires a right against the transferor to compel him to indorse the document unless a contrary intention appears The negotiation shall take effect as of the time when the indorsement is actually made

Section 36 A person who for value negotiates or transfers a document of title by indorsement or delivery including one who assigns for value a claim secured by a document of title unless a contrary intention appears warrants

(a) That the document is genuine

(b) That he has a legal right to negotiate or transfer it

(c) That he has knowledge of no fact which would impair the validity or worth of the document and

(d) That he has a right to transfer the title to the goods and that the goods are merchantable or fit for a particular purpose whenever such warrants would have been implied if the contract of the parties had been to transfer without a document of title the goods represented thereby

Section 37 The indorsement of a document of title shall not make the indorser liable for any failure on the part of the bailee who issued the document or previous indorsers thereof to fulfill their respective obligations

Section 38 The validity of the negotiaation of a negotiable document of title is not impaired by the fact that the negotiation was a breach of dutv on the part of the person making the negotiation or by the fact that the owner of the document was induced by fraud mistake or duress to entrust the possession or custody thereof to such person if the person to whom the document was negotiated or person to whom the document was subsequently negotiated paid value therefor without notice of the breach of duty or fraud mistake or duress

Section 39 If goods are delivered to a bailee by the owner or by a person whose act in conveying the title to them to a purchaser in good faith for value would bind the owner and a negotiable document of title is issued for them they cannot thereafter while in the possession of such bailee be attached by garnishment or otherwise or be levied upon under an execution unless the document be first surrendered to the bailee or its negotiation enjoined The bailee shall in no case be compelled to deliver up the actual possession of the goods until the document is surrendered to him or impounded by the court

Section 40 A creditor whose debtor is the owner of a negotiable document of title shall be entitled to such aid from courts of appropriate jurisdiction by injunction and otherwise in attaching such document or in satisfying the claim by means thereof as is allowed at law or in equity in regard to property which cannot readily be attached or levied upon by ordinary legal process

Section 41 It is the duty of the seller to deliver the goods and of the buyer to accept and pay for them in accordance with the terms of the contract to sell or sale

Section 42 Unless otherwise agreed delivery of the goods and payment of the price are concurrent conditions that is to say the seller must be ready and willing to give possession of the goods to the buyer in exchange for the price and the buyer must be ready and willing to pay the price in exchange for possession of the goods

Section 43 First Whether it is for the buyer to take possession of the goods or for the seller to send them to the buyer is a question depending in each case on the contract express or implied between the parties Apart from any such contract express or implied or usage of trade to the contrary the place of delivery is the seller's place of business if he have one and if not his residence but in case of a contract to sell or a sale of specifis goods which to the knowledge of the parties when the contract or the sale was made were in some other place then that place is the place of delivery

Second Where by a contract to sell or a sale the seller is bound to send the goods to the buyer but no time for sending them is fixed the seller is bound to send them within a reasonable time

Third Where the goods at the time of the sale are in the possession of a third person the seller has not fulfilled his obligation to deliver to the buyer unless and until such third person acknowledges to the buyer that he holds the goods on the buyer's behalf but as against all others than the seller the buyer shall be regarded as having received delivery from the time when such third person first has notice of the sale Nothing is this section however shall affect the operation of the issue or transfer of any document or of title to goods

Fourth Demand or tender of delivery may be treated as ineffectual unless made at a reasonable hour What is a reasonable hour is a question of fact

Fifth Unless otherwise agreed the expenses of and incidental to putting the goods into a deliverable state must be borne by the seller

Section 44 One Where the seller delivers to the buyer a quantity of goods less than he contracted to sell the buyer may reject them but if the buyer accepts or retains the goods so delivered knowing that the seller is not going to perform the contract in full he must pay for them at the contract rate If however the buyer has used or disposed of the goods delivered before he knows that the seller is not going to perform his contract in full the buyer shall not be liable for more than the fair value to him of the goods so received

Second Where the seller delivers to the buyer a quantity of goods larger than he contracted to sell the buyer may accept the goods included in the contract and reject the reject or he may reject the whole If the buyer accepts the whole of the goods so delivered he must pay for them at the contract rate

Third Where the seller delivers to the buyer the goods he contracted to sell mixed with goods of a different description not included in the contract the buyer may accept the goods which are in accordance with the contract and reject the rest or he may reject the whole

Fourth the provisions of this section are subject to any usuage of trade special agreement or course of dealing between the parties

Section 45 First Unless otherwise agreed or it is to be implied from the nature of the contract the buyer of goods is not bound to accept delivery thereof by installments

Second Where there is a contract to sell goods to be delivered by stated installments which are to be separately paid for and the seller makes defective deliveries in respect of one or more installments or the buyer neglects or refuses to take delivery of or pay for one or more installments it depends in each case on the terms of the contract and the circumstances of the case whether the breach of contract is so material as to justify the injured party in refusing to proceed further and suing for damages for breach of the entire contract or whether the breach is severable giving rise to a claim for compensation but not to a right to treat the whole contract as broken

Section 46 First Where in pursuance of a contract to sell or a sale the seller is authorized or required to send the goods to the buyer delivery of the goods to the carrier whether named by the buyer or not for the purpose of transmission to the buyer is deemed to be a delivery of the goods to the buyer except in the case provided for in section nineteen rule five or unless a contrary intent appears

Two Unless otherwise authorized by the buyer the seller must make such contract with the carrier on behalf of the buyer as may be reasonable having regard to the nature of the goods and the other circumstances of the case If the seller omit so to do and the goods are lost or damaged in course of transit the buyer may decline to treat the delivery to the carrier as a delivery to himself or may hold the seller responsible in damages

Three Unless otherwise agreed where goods are sent by the seller to the buyer under circumstances in which the seller knows or ought to know that it is usual to insure the seller must give notice to the buyer as may enable him to insure them during their transit and if the seller fails to do so the goods shall be deemed to be at his risk during such transit

Section 47 Where goods are delivered to the buyer which he has not previously examined he is not deemed to have accepted them unless and until he has had a reasonable opportunity of examining them for the purpose of ascertaining whether they are in conformity with the contract

Second Unless otherwise agreed when the seller tenders delivery of goods to the buyer he is bound on request to afford the buyer a reasonable opportunity of examining the goods for the purpose of ascertaining whether they are in conformity with the contract

Third Where goods are delivered to a carrier by the seller in accordance with an order from or agreement with the buyer upon the terms that the goods shall not be delivered by the carrier to the buyer until he has paid the price whether such terms are indicated by marking the goods with the words collect on delivery or otherwise the buyer is not entitled to examine the goods before payment of the price in the absence of agreement and proper written authority to the carrier permitting such examination

Section 48 The buyer is deemed to have accepted the goods when he intimates to the seller that he has accepted them or when the goods have been delivered to him and he does any act in relation to them which is inconsistent with the ownership of the seller or when after the lapse of a reasonable time he retains the goods without intimating to the seller that he has rejected them

Section 49 In the absence of express or implied agreement of the parties acceptance of the goods by the buyer shall not discharge the seller from liability in damages or other legal remedy for breach of any promise or warranty in the contract to sell or the sale But if after acceptance of the goods the buyer fail to give notice to the seller of the breach of any promise or warranty within a reasonable time after the buyer knows or ought to know of such breach the seller shall not be liable therefor

Section 50 Unless otherwise agreed where goods are delivered to the buyer and he refuses to accept them having the right so to do he is not bound to return them to the seller but it is sufficient to if he notifies the seller that he refuses to accept them

Section 51 When the seller is ready and willing to deliver the goods and requests the buyer to take delivery and the buyer does not within a reasonable time after such request take delivery of the goods he is liable to the seller for any loss occasioned by his neglect or refusal to take delivery and also for a reasonable charge for the care and custody of the goods If the neglect or refusal of the buyer to take delivery amounts to a repudiation or breach of entire contract the seller shall have the rights against the goods and on the contract hereinafter provided in favor of the seller when the buyer is in default

Section 52 First The seller of goods is deemed to be an unpaid seller within the meaning of this act

(a) When the whole of the price has not been paid or tendered

(b) When a bill of exchange or other negotiable instrument has been received as conditional payment and the condition on which it was received has been broken by reason of the dishonor of the instrument the insolvency of the buyer or otherwise

Two In sections fifty-two to sixty-two of this act the term "seller" includes an agent of the seller to whom the bill of lading has been endorsed or a consignor or agent who has himself paid or is directly responsible for the price or any other person who is in the position of a seller

Section 53 One Subject to the provisions of this act notwithstanding that the property in the goods may have passed to the buyer the unpaid seller of goods as such has

(a) A lien on the goods or right to retain them for the price while he is in possession of them

(b) In case of the insolvency of the buyer a right of stopping the goods in transit after he has parted with the possession of them

(c) A right of resale as limited by this act

(d) A right to rescind the sale as limited by this act

Two Where the property in goods has not passed to the buyer the unpaid seller has in addition to his other remedies a right of withholding delivery similar to and co-extensive with his rights of lien and stoppage in transit where the property has passed to the buyer

Section 54 One Subject to the provisions of this act the unpaid seller of goods who is in possession of them is entitled to retain possession of them until the payment or tender of the price in the following cases namely

(a) Where the goods have been sold without any stipulation as to credit

(b) Where the goods have been sold on credit but the term of credit has expired

(c) Where the buyer becomes insolvent

Two The seller may exercise his right of lien notwithstanding that he is in possession of the goods as agent or bailee for the buyer

Section 55 Where an unpaid seller has made part delivery of the goods he may exercise his right of lien on the remainder unless such part delivery has been made under such circumstances as to show an intent to waive the lien or right of retention

Section 56 One The unpaid seller of goods loses his lien thereon

(a) When he delivers the goods to a carrier or other bailee for the purpose of transmission to the buyer without reserving the property in the goods or the right to the possession thereof

(b) When the buyer or his agent lawfully obtains possession of the goods

(c) By waiver thereof

Two The unpaid seller of goods having a lien thereon does not lose his lien by reason only that he has obtained judgment or decree for the price of the goods

Section 57 Subject to the provisions of this act when the buyer of goods is or becomes insolvent the unpaid seller who has parted with the possession of the goods has the right of stopping them in transit that is to say he may resume possession of the goods at any time while they are in transit and he will then become entitled to the same rights in regard to the goods as he would have had if he had never parted with the possessions

Section 58 One Goods are in transit within the meaning of section fifty-seven

(a) From the time when they are delivered to a carrier by land or water or other bailee for the purpose or transmission to the buyer until the buyer or his agent in that behalf takes delivery of them from such carrier or other bailee

(b) If the goods are rejected by the buyer and the carrier or other bailee continues in possession of them even if the seller has refused to receive them back

Two Goods are no longer in transit within the meaning of section fifty-seven

(a) If the buyer or his agent in that behalf obtains delivery of the goods before their arrival at the appointed destination

(b) If after the arrival of the goods at the appointed destination the carrier or other bailee acknowledges to the buyer or his agent that he holds the goods on his behalf and continues in possession of them as bailee for the buyer or his agent and it is immaterial that further destination for the goods may have been indicated by the buyer

(c) If the carrier or other bailee wrongfully refuses to deliver the goods to the buyer or his agent in that behalf

Three If the goods are delivered to a ship chartered by the buyer it is a question depending on the circumstances of the particular case whether they are in the possession of the master as a carrier or as agent of the buyer

Four If part delivery of the goods has been made to the buyer or his agent in that behalf the remainder of the goods may be stopped in transit unless such part delivery has been made under such circumstances as to show an agreement with the buyer to give up possession of the whole of the goods

Section 59 One The unpaid seller may exercise his right of stoppage in transit either by obtaining actual possession of the goods or by giving notice of his claim to the carrier or other bailee in whose possession the goods are Such notice must state that the buyer is insolvent and has not paid the seller of the goods and may be given by either to the person in actual possession of the goods or to his principal In the latter case the notice to be effectual must be given at such time and under such circumstances that the principal by the exercise of reasonable diligence may prevent a delivery to the buyer

Two When notice of stoppage in transit is given by the seller to the carrier or other bailee in possession of the goods he must redeliver the goods to or according to the directions of the seller The expenses of such redelivery must be borne by the seller If however a negotiable document of title representing the goods has been issued by the carrier or other bailee he shall not be obliged to deliver or justify in delivering the goods to the seller unless such document is first surrendered for cancellation

Section 60 One Where the goods are of a perishable nature or where the seller expressly reserves the right of resale in case the buyer should make default in the payment of the price an unreasonable time an unpaid seller having a right of lien or having stopped the goods in transit may resell the goods He shall not thereafter be liable to the original buyer upon the contract to sell or the sale or for any profit made by such resale but may recover from the buyer damages for any loss occasioned by the breach of the contract or the sale

Two Where a resale is made as authorized in this section the buyer acquires a good title as against the original buyer

Three It is not essential to the validity of a resale that notice of an intention to resell the goods be given by the seller to the original buyer But where the right to resell is not based on the perishable nature of the goods or upon an express provision of the contract or the sale the giving or failure to give such notice shall be relevant in any issue involving the question whether the buyer has been in default an unreasonable time before the resale was made

Four It is not essential to the validity or a resale that notice of the time and place of such resale should be given by the seller to the original buyer

Five The Seller is bound to exercise reasonable care and judgment in making a resale and subject to this requirement may make a resale either by public or private sale

Section 61 One An unpaid seller having a right of lien or having stopped the goods in transit may rescind the transfer of title and resume the property in the goods where he expressly reserved the right to do so in case the buyer should make default or where the buyer has been in default in the payment of the price an unreasonable time The seller shall not thereafter be liable to the buyer upon the contract to sell or the sale but may recover from the buyer damages for any loss occasioned by the breach of the contract or the sale

Two The transfer of title shall not be held to have been rescinded by an unpaid seller until he has manifested by notice to the buyer or by some other overt act an intention to rescind It is not necessary that such overt act should be communicated to the buyer but the giving or failure to give notice to the buyer of the intention to rescind shall be relevant in any issue involving the question whether the buyer had been in default an unreasonable time before the right of rescission was asserted

Section 62 Subject to the provisions of this act the unpaid seller's right of lien or stoppage in transit is not affected by any sale or other disposition of the goods which the buyer may have made unless the seller has assented thereto

If however a negotiable document of title has been issued for goods no seller's lien or right of stoppage in transit shall defeat the right of any purchaser for value in good faith to whom such document has been negotiated whether such negotiation be prior or subsequent to the notification to the carrier or other bailee who issued such document of the seller's claim to a lien or right of stoppage in transit

Section 63 One Where under a contract to sell or a sale the property in the goods has passed to the buyer and the buyer wrongfully neglects or refuses to pay for the goods according to the terms of the contract or the sale the seller may maintain an action against him for the price of the goods

Two Where under a contract to sell or a sale the price is payable on a day certain irrespective of delivery or of transfer of title and the buyer wrongfully neglects or refuses to pay such price the seller may maintain an action for the price although the property in the goods has not passed and the goods have not been appropriated to the contact But it shall be a defense to such an action that the seller at any time before judgment in such action has become unable to perform the contract or the sale on his part or has manifested an intention not to perform it

Three Although the property in the goods has not passed if they cannot readily be resold for a reasonable price and if the provisions of section sixty-four (four) are not applicable the seller may offer to deliver the goods to the buyer and if the buyer refuses to receive them may notify the buyer that the goods are thereafter held by the seller as bailee for the buyer Thereafter the seller may treat the goods as the buyer's and may maintain an action for the price

Section 64 One Where the buyer wrongfully neglects or refuses to accept and pay for the goods the seller may maintain an action against him for damages for non-acceptance

Two The measure of damages is the estimated loss directly and naturally resulting in the ordinary course of events from the buyer's breach of contract

Three Where there is an available market for the goods in question the measure of damages is in the absence of special circumstances showing proximate damage of a greater amount the difference between the contract price and the market or current price at the time or times when the goods ought to have been accepted or if no time was fixed for acceptance then at the time of the refusal to accept

Four If while labor or expense of material amount are necessary on the part of the seller to enable him to fulfill his obligations under the contract to sell or the sale the buyer repudiates the contract or the sale or notifies the seller to proceed no further therewith the buyer shall be liable to the seller for no greater damages than the seller would have suffered if he did nothing towards carrying out the contract or the sale after receiving notice of the buyers repudiation or countermand The profit the seller would have made if the contract or the sale had been fully performed shall be allowed for in estimating such damages

Section 65 Where the goods have not been delivered to the buyer and the buyer has repudiated the contract to sell or sale or has manifested his inability to perform his obligations thereunder or has committed a material breach thereof the seller may totally rescind the contract or the sale by giving notice of his election so to do to the buyer

Section 66 Where the property in the goods has passed to the buyer and the seller wrongfully neglects or refuses to deliver the goods the buyer may maintain any action allowed by law to the owner of goods of similar kind when wrongfully converted or withheld

Section 67 One Where the property in the goods has not passed to the buyer and the seller wrongfully neglects or refuses to deliver the goods the buyer may maintain an action against the seller for damages for non-delivery

Second The measure of damages is the loss directly and naturally resulting in the ordinary course of events from the sellers breach of contract

Three Where there is an available market for the goods in question the measure of damages in the absence of special circumstances showing proximate damages of a greater amount is the difference between the contract price and the market or current price of the goods at the time or times when they ought to have been delivered or if no time was fixed then at the time of the refusal to deliver

Section 68 Where the seller has broken a contract to deliver specific or ascertained goods a court having the powers of a court of equity may if the remedy at law be inadequate on the application of the buyer by its judgment or decree direct that the contract shall be performed specifically without giving the seller the option of retaining the goods on payment of damages The judgment or decree may be unconditional or upon such terms and conditions as to damages payment of the price and otherwise as to the court may seem just

Section 69 One Where there is a breach of warranty by the seller the buyer may at his election

(a) Accept or keep the goods and set up against the seller the breach of warranty by way of recoupment in diminution or extinction of the price

(b) Accept or keep the goods and maintain an action against the seller for damages for breach of warranty

(c) Refuse to accept the goods if the property therein has not passed and maintain an action against the seller for damages for breach of warranty

(d) Rescind the contract to sell or the sale and refuse to receive the goods or if the goods have already been received return them or offer to return them to the seller and recover the price or any part thereof which has been paid

Two When the buyer has claimed and been granted a remedy in any one of those ways no other remedy can thereafter be granted

Three Where the goods have been delivered to the buyer he cannot rescind the sale if he knew of the breach of warranty when he accepted the goods or if he fails to notify the seller within a reasonable time of the election to rescind or if he fails to return or to offer to return the goods to the seller in substantially as good condition as they were in at the time the property was transferred to the buyer But if the deterioration or injury of the goods is due to the breach of warranty such deterioration or injury shall not prevent the buyer from returning or offering to return the goods to the seller and rescinding the sale

Four Where the buyer is entitled to rescind the sale and elects to do so the buyer shall cease to be liable for the price upon returning or offering to return the goods If the price or any part thereof has already been paid the seller shall be liable to repay so much thereof as has been paid concurrently with the return of the goods or immediately

after an offer to return the goods in exchange for repayment of the price

Five Where the buyer is entitled to rescind the sale and elects to do so if the seller refuse to accept an offer of the buyer to return the goods the buyer shall thereafter be deemed to hold the goods as bailee for the seller but subject to a lien to secure the repayment of any portion of the price which has been paid and with the remedies for the enforcement of such lien allowed to an unpaid seller by section fifty-three

Six The measure of damages for breach of warranty is the loss directly and naturally resulting in the ordinary course of events from the breach of warranty

Seven In the case of breach of warranty of quality such loss in the absence of special circumstances showing proximate damage of a greater amount is the difference between the value of the goods at the time of delivery to the buyer and the value they would have had if they had answered to the warranty

Section 70 Nothing in this act shall affect the right of the buyer or the seller to recover interest or special damages in any case where by law interest or special damages may be recoverable or to recover money paid where the consideration for the payment of it has failed

Section 71 Where any right duty or liability would arise under a contract to sell or a sale by implication of law it may be negatived of varied by express agreement or by the course of dealing between the parties or by custom if the custom be such as to bind both parties to the contract or the sale All implications from surrounding circumstances or from the nature of a contract or agreement shall be regarded as forming part of the contract or agreement

Section 72 Where any right duty or liability is declared by this act it may unless otherwise by this act provided be enforced by action

Section 73 In any case not provided for in this act the rules of law and equity including the law merchant and in particular the rules relating to the law of principal and agent and to the effect of fraud misrepresentation duress or coercion mistake bankruptcy or other invalidating cause shall continue to apply to contracts to sell and to sales of goods

Section 74 This act shall be so interpreted and construed if possible as to effectuate its general purpose to make uniform the law of those states which enact it

Section 75 The provisions of this act relating to contracts to sell and to sales do not apply unless so stated to any transaction in the form of a contract to sell or a sale which is intended to operate by way of mortgage pledge charge or other security

Section 76 One In this act unless the context or subject matter otherwise requires

"Action" includes counterclaim set-off and suit in equity

"Buyer" means a person who buys or agrees to buy goods or any legal successor in interest of such person

"Defendant" includes a plaintiff against whom a right of set-off or counterclaim is asserted

"Delivery" means voluntary transfer of possession from one person to another

"Divisible contract to sell or sale" means a contract to sell or a sale in which by its terms the price for a portion or portions of the goods less than the whole is fixed or ascertainable by computation

"Document of title to goods" includes any bill of lading dock warrant warehouse receipt or order for the delivery of goods or any other document used in the ordinary course of business in the sale or transfer of goods as proof of the possession or control of the goods or authorizing or purporting to authorize the possessor of the document to transfer or receive either by endorsement or by delivery of goods represented by such document

"Fault" means wrongful act or default

"Fungible goods" means goods of which any unit is from its nature or by mercantile usage treated as the equivalent of any other unit

"Future goods" means goods to be manufactured or acquired by the seller after the making of the contract of sale

"Goods" include all chattels personal other than things in action money The term includes implements industrial growing crops and things attached to or forming part of the land which are agreed to be severed before sale or under the contract of sale

"Order" in sections of this act relating to documents of title means an order by indorsement on the document

"Person" includes a corporation or partnership or two or more persons having a joint or common interest

"Plaintiff" includes defendant asserting a right of set-off or counterclaim

"Property" means the general property in goods and not merely a special property

"Purchaser" includes mortgagee and pledgee

"Purchasers" includes taking as a mortgage or as a pledgee

"Quality of goods" includes their state or condition

"Sale" includes a bargain and sale as well as a sale and delivery

"Seller" means a person who sells or agrees to sell goods or any legal successor in interest of such person

"Specific goods" means goods identified and agreed upon at the time a contract to sell or a sale is made

Goods which are not specific are unascertained within the meaning of this act,

"Value" is any consideration sufficient to support a simple contract An antecedent or pre-existing claim whether for money or not constitutes value where goods or documents of title are taken either in satisfaction thereof or as security therefor

Two A thing is done "in good faith" within the meaning of this act when it is in fact done honestly whether it be done negligently or not

Three A person is insolvent within the meaning of this act who either has ceased to pay his debts in the ordinary course of business or cannot pay his debts as they become due whether he has committed an act of bankruptcy or not and whether he is insolvent within the meaning of the federal bankruptcy law or not

But the failure to pay particular debts shall not of itself constitute insolvency nor is any one insolvent who is able to pay his debts as they mature in current bankable funds though such medium of payment is not a legal tender for the payment of debts

Four Goods are in a "deliverable state" within the meaning of this act when they are in such a state that the buyer would under the contract be bound to take delivery of them

Section 77 The following act of Assembly namely

An Act entitled "An Act relative to sales by sample" approved April thirteenth one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven Pamphlet Laws page twenty-one and all acts or parts of acts inconsistent with this act are hereby repealed

Section 78 This act shall not be construed to repeal or limit any of the provisions of the act entitled "An Act relating to warehouse receipts" approved March eleventh Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine (Pamphlet Laws page nineteen) nor the act approved June ninth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven (Pamphlet Laws eight hundred and thirty-eight) entitled "An Act to make uniform the law of Bills of Lading and providing penalties for the violation thereof"

Section 79 This act shall take effect on the first day of January one thousand nine hundred and fourteen and shall not apply to any contracts or sales made before that day

Section 80 This act may be cited as the sales act

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiirng bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 75, entitled:

An Act to amend section one thousand seven hundred and seven of an act entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribed penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith" approved the eighteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven

The first section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section one thousand seven hundred and seven of an act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania et cetera approved May eighteenth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven which reads as follows

"Section 1707. Pupils residing in school districts in which no public high schools are maintained may attend during the entire term the high schools in other districts which are nearest or most convenient to their homes If any district maintains a high school with a course less than a four-years' course pupils who have satisfactory completed the same may attend during the remaining years of a three of four years course the nearest or most conveniently located high school of such class as they may desire to attend Provided That pupils wishing to attend a high school in a district other than the one in which they reside shall obtain the consent of the board of school directors of the district in which such high school is located before attending the same" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 1707 Pupils residing in school districts in which no public high schools are maintained may attend during the entire term the high schools in other districts which are nearest or most convenient to their homes If any district maintains a high school with a course less than a four years' course pupils who have satisfactorily completed the same in the school of their own district or have completed the equivalent of said course in some other school or schools may attend at the expense of the school board of the district in which they live during the remaining years of a three or four years' course the nearest or most conveniently located high school of such class as they may desire to attend Provided That pupils wishing to attend a high school in a district other than the one in which they reside shall obtain the consent of the board of school directors of the district in which such

high school is located before attending the same And provided further. That where pupils desirous of having their tuition paid in a high school in another district on account of having completed in a school or schools in another district the equivalent of the course in their own district they must present to the board of their own district and the board of the district in which they wish to attend a certificate from the county superintendent who has jurisdiction over the district in which they live that they have satisfactorily completed the equivalent of said course county superintendents are hereby authorized and required to examine such pupils and if entitled to issue to them the necessary certificates

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. TOMPKINS. Mr. President, I move to amend section 1 in lines 4, 5 and 6 by striking out the words " to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania et cetera" and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

entitled: "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof; providing revenue to establish and maintain the same, and the method of collecting such revenue; and repealing all laws, general, special or local, or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith"

Mr. STEWART. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was argeed to.

The title of the bill was read as follows and agreed to.

An Act to amend section one thousand seven hundred and seven of an act entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribed penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith" approved the eighteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 125, as follows:

An Act amending and supplementing sections one and two of an act entitled "An Act for the promotion of medical science by the distribution and use of unclaimed human bodies for scientific purposes through a board created for that purpose and to prevent unauthorized uses and traffic in human bodies" approved June thirteenth one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three by providing that the name of said board of distribution shall be Anatomical Board of the State of Pennsylvania by extending its provisions to all persons having charge or control over bodies required to be buried at the public expense by requiring immediate notice of the death of any person required to be buried at the public expense by requiring notice in all cases but providing that there shall not be delivered to the board created under the act the bodies of deceased indigent persons where claimed by relatives within twenty-four hours after for interment at the expense of the claimant or the bodies of honorably discharged soldiers sailors or marines who have served the United States in any war or who were in active service in the militia of the State of Pennsylvania under and in pursuance of any of the proclamations issued by the Governor during the Civil War and not duly mustered into the service of the United States by repealing the provisions as to deceased indigent travelers by providing for the burial at the expense of the county of indigent persons unfit for anatomical purposes upon the certificate of the board or its duly authorized officer or agent that such bodies are unfit for anatomical purposes or are the bodies of soldiers sailors or marines required to be buried at the public expense and that the provisions of this act have been complied with by providing that no warrants for payment of expenses of burial shall be drawn or paid except upon such certificate by providing for the burial of bodies rendered unfit for atatnmical purposes by the failure to comply with the provisions of this act at the expense of the person failing to comply with its provisions

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section one of an act approved the thirteenth day of June one thousand eight hundred eighty-three entitled "An Act for the promotion of medical science by the distribution and use of unclaimed human bodies for scientific purposes through a board created for that purpose and to prevent unauthorized uses and traffic in humand bodies" which reads as follows

"Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the professors of anatomy the professors of surgery the demonstrators of anatomy and the demonstrators of surgery of the medical and dental schools and colleges of this Commonwealth which are now or may hereafter become incorporated together with one representative from each of the unincorporated schools of anatomy or practical surgery within this Commonwealth in which there are from time to time at the time of the appointment of such representatives shall be not less than five scholars shall be and hereby are constituted a board for the distribution and delivery of dead human bodies hereinafter described to and among such persons as under the provisions of this act are entitled thereto The professor of anatomy in the University of Pennsylvania at Philadelphia shall call a meeting of said board for organization at a time and place to be fixed by him within thirty days after the passage of this act The said board shall have full power to establish rules and regulations for its government and to appoint and remove proper officers and shall keep full and complete minutes of its transactions and records shall also be kept under its direction of all bodies received and distributed by said board and of the persons to whom the same may be distributed which minutes and records shall be open at all times to the inspection of each member of said board and of any district attorney of any county within the Commonwealth" is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 1 The professors of anatomy the professors of surgery the demonstrators of anatomy and the demonstrators of surgery of the medical and dental schools and colleges of this Commonwealth which are now or may hereafter become incorporated together with one representative from each of the unincorporated schools of anatomy or practical surgery within this Commonwealth in which there are or from time to time at the time of the appointment of such representatives shall be not less than five scholars shall be and hereby are constituted a board for the distribution and delivery of dead human bodies hereinafter described to and among such persons as under the provisions of this act are entitled thereto The professors of anatomy in the University of Pennsylvania at Philadelphia shall call a meeting of said board for organization at a time and place to be fixed by him within thirty days after the passage of this act The said board shall have full power to establish rules and regulations for its government and to appoint and remove proper officers and shall keep full and complete minutes of its transactions and records shall also be kept under its direction of all bodies received and distributed by said board and of the persons to whom the same may be distributed which minutes and records shall be open at all times to the inspection of each member of said board and of any district attorney of any county within this Commonwealth The name of said board of distribution shall be Anatomical Board of the State of Pennsylvania

Section 2 Section two of said act which reads as follows

"Section 2 All public officers agents and servants and all officers agents and servants of any and every county city township borough district and other municipality and of any and every almshouse prison morgue hospitatl or other public institution having charge or control over dead human bodies required to be buried at the public expense are hereby required to notify the said board of distribution or such person or persons as may from time to time be designated by said board or its duly authorized officer or agent whenever any such body or bodies come to his or their possession charge or control and shall without fee or reward deliver such body or bodies and permit and suffer the said board and its agents and the physicians and surgeons from time to time designated by them who may comply with the provisions of this act to take and remove all such bodies to be used within this State for the advancement of medical science but no such notice need be given nor shall any such body be delivered if any person claiming to be and satisfying the authorities in charge of said body that he or she is of kindred or is related by marriage to the deceased shall claim the said body for burial but it shall be surrendered for interment nor shall the notice be given or body delivered if such deceased person was a traveler who died suddenly in which case the said body shall be buried" is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 2 All public officers agents and servants and all officers agents and servants of any county city township town or borough and of any almshouse prison morgue hospital or any other public institution and all other persons having charge and control over dead human bodies required to be buried at the public expense are hereby required to notify immediately the said board or notify such person or persons as may from time to time be designated by said board or its duty authorized officer or agent whenever any such body or bodies come into the possession charge or control of any such public officer agent servants or other person And each such public officer agent servant or other person shall without fee or reward deliver such body or bodies and permit the board and its agents and the physicians and surgeons from time to time designated by them who may comply with the provisions of this act to take and remove all such bodies to be used within this State for the advancement of medical science Notice shall be given in all cases No such body shall be delivered if any person shall show to the satisfaction of the authorities in charge of the body that he or she is of kindred or is related by marriage to the deceased and such person within twenty-four hours after death claims the said body for burial at his or her expense In such case the body shall be surrendered for interment

at the expense of such claimant There shall not be delivered to said board the body of any deceased honorably discharged soldier sailor or marine of the United States who served the same in any war or who was in active service in the militia of the State of Pennsylvania under and and in pursuance of any of the proclamations issued by the Governor during the Civil War and not duly mustered into the service of the United States but such body shall be buried in accordance with the provisions of existing acts In case of the death of any person whose body is required to be buried at the public expense and the duly authorized officer or agent of the board deems such body unfit for anatomical purposes he shall notify in writing the poor directors overseers or in counties in which there are no poor directors or overseers then the county commissioners of the county where such person died who shall direct some person to take charge of the body of such deceased indigent person and cause it to be buried and draw warrants upon the treasurer of their county for the payment of such expenses not exceeding however the sum of twenty dollars on each body buried in accordance with the provisions of this act Such warrants shall be made payable to the persons so authorized and directed who shall have buried the bodies for which the warrants are to be drawn No warrants for the payment of the expenses of the burial of any person whose body is required to be buried at the public expense shall be drawn or paid except upon the certificate of the body authorized officer or agent of the board to the effect that such body is unfit for anatomical purposes or that the body is that of a soldier sailor or marine required to be buried at the public expense and that the provisions of this act have been complied with Wherever through the failure of any person to deliver the body of a deceased indigent as required by this act such body shall become unfit for anatomical purposes and is so certified by the duly authorized officer or agent of said board of distribution such body shall be buried in accordance with the provisions of this act and the person so failing to deliver such body shall pay to the county treasurer the expense so incurred and upon the refusal or failure of such person on demand to pay such expense the poor directors or overseers or in counties in which there are no poor directors or overseers then the county commissioners shall bring suit to recover the same to be recovered as debts of like amount are by law collectible

Section 3 The said act is hereby amended by adding the following to be known as section nine

Section 9 An Act entitled "An Act providing for the burial of indigent persons whose bodies are unclaimed and are unfit for anatomical purposes" approved the twentieth day of April one thousand nine hundred and eleven and "An Act to amend an act approved the twentieth day of April one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled 'An Act providing for the burial of indigent persons whose bodies are unclaimed and are unfit for anatomical purposes' " approved the twenty-third day of May one thousand nine hundred and thirteen and all other acts and parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiirng bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 169, as follows:

An Act for the protection of the public health by providing that persons firms or corportions who are operating or conducting hotels restaurants dining cars or other public eating places in this Commonwealth shall not employ or keep in their employ as cooks waiters kitchen help chambermaids or other house servants any person or persons who are suffering from trachoma active tuberculosis of the lungs open skin tuberculosis syphilis gonorrhoea open external cancer or barbers' itch or who are carriers of typhoid fever and further providing that no dishes receptacles or utensils used in eating or drinking shall be furnished to patrons or customers of any such public eating place unless the same have been thoroughly cleansed since used by another individual and further providing that no towels shall be furnished in any wash room in connection with any such public eating place unless such towels be laundered or discarded after each individual use and further providing that no common drinking cups shall be furnished at any public drinking place operated in connection with any such public eating place and providing penalties for violations of the provisions of this act

Section 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That no person or persons firm corporation or common carrier operating or conducting any hotel restaurant dining car or other public eating place in this Commonwealth shall hereafter employ or keep in their employ in the capacity of cook waiter chambermaid kitchen help or other house servant any person or persons who is or are suffering from trachoma active tuberculosis of the lungs open skin tuberculosis syphilis gonorrhoea open external cancer or barber's itch and all persons so employed who at the time of the passage of this act are suffering from any of the said diseases shall at once be excluded from such employment in such hotel restaurant dining car or other public eating place

Section 2 If any person or persons firms corporation or common carrier operating or conducting a hotel restaurant dining car or other public eating place shall institute and maintain a medical inspection for their cooks waiters chambermaids kitchen help and other house servants at intervals of at least twice a year for the purpose of excluding from such employment persons found to be suffering from any of the diseases mentioned in section one of this act and shall thereupon promptly exclude from such employment any person or persons found to be so suffering they shall be considered as complying with the provisions of section one of this act unless (1) any person or persons employed in any such capacity after the passage of this act shall have been suffering from any of the diseases mentioned in section one of this act at the time when they were so employed or unless (2) the diseased condition of such employe suffering with any of the diseases mentioned in section one of this act is manifest in the interin between such inspection or unless (3) notice of the diseased condition of any such employe suffering from any of the diseases mentioned in section one of this act has been served in writing upon the owner operator or manager of any such hotel restaurant dining car or other public eating place by a physician or by the health authorities

Section 3 That no person or persons firm or corporation operating or conducting any hotel restaurant dining car or other public eating place in this Commonwealth shall keep in their employ in of the several capacities mentioned in section one of this act any person who is a carrier of typhoid fever after notice that any person so employed by them is a carrier of typhoid fever has been served in writing upon the owner operator or manager of any such hotel restaurant dining car or other public eating place by a physician or the health authorities

Section 4 That no person or persons firm or corporation operating or conducting any hotel restaurant dining car or other public eating place in this Commonwealth shall furnish to their patrons or customers any dish or other receptacle or utensils used in eating or drinking which has not been thoroughly cleansed since it was used by another individual

Section 5 That no person or persons firm or corporation operating or conducting any hotel restaurant dining car or other public eating place and having and maintaining in connection therewith any wash room for public use or for the use of their patrons or customers shall furnish in such wash room any towel unless such towel be laundered or discarded after each individual use

Section 6 That no person or persons firm or corporation operating or conducting any hotel restaurant dining car or other public eating place shall furnish or keep in or about such establishment at any drinking fountain or public drinking place to which the public or their customers or patrons have access any common drinking vessel for common use provided that this section shall not preclude the use of vessels which are cleansed by washing with hot water and soap or are disinfected or destroyed after each individual use

Section 7 That any person or persons firm or corporation who shall violate any of the provisions of this act shall upon conviction thereof in a summary proceeding before any justice of the peace or alderman in the county in which the offense was committed be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than five (5) or more than one hundred ($100) dollars to be paid to said county and the costs of prosecution or to be imprisoned in the county jail for a period of not more than thirty (30) days or both at the discretion of the court

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 199, entitled:

An Act to amend sections two three and six of an act entitled "An Act defining mattresses regulating the remaking and sale thereof prohibiting the use of unsanitary and unhealthy materials therein requiring that the materials used shall be accurately described and prescribing the manner in which mattresses shall be labeled providing for the enforcement of the provisions of this act making certain acts criminal and punishing the same imposing certain duties upon the Commissioner of Health and the Chief Factory Inspector and repealing legislation inconsistent with this act" approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen so as to apply to leasing as well as sale require second hand mattresses to be sterilized and labeled and more specifically regulate the making remaking renovating selling and leasing of mattresses

The first section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section two of an act entitled "An Act defining mattresses regulating the making remaking and sale thereof prohibiting the use of unsanitary and unhealthy materials therein requiring that the materials

used shall be accurately described and prescribing the manner in which mattresses shall be labelled providing for the enforcement of the provisions of this act making certain acts criminal and punishing the same imposing certain duties upon the Commissioner of Health and the Chief Factory Inspector and repealing legislation inconsistent with this act" approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen which reads as follows

"Section 2. (1) No person or corporation by himself or by his agents servants or employes shall employ or use in the making remaking or renovating of any mattress

(a) Any material of any kind that has been used in or has formed a part of any mattress used in or about any public or private hospital or institution for the treatment of persons suffering from disease or for or about any person having any infectious or contagious disease

(b) Any material known as "shoddy" and made in whole or in part from old or worn clothing carpets or other fabric or material previously used or any other fabric or material from which shoddy is constructed

(c) Any material not otherwise prohibited by this act of which prior use has been made unless the said material has been thoroughly sterilized and disinfected by a reasonable process approved by the Commissioner of Health of this Commonwealth

(2) No person or corporation by himself or by his agents servants or employes shall sell offer to sell deliver or consign or have in his possession with intent to sell deliver or consign any mattress made remade or renovated in violation of subsection one of this section" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 2 (1) No person or corporation by himself or his agents servants or employes shall employ or use in the making remaking or renovating of any mattress

(a) Any material of any kind that has been used in or has formed a part of any mattress used for or about any person having any infectious or contagious disease

(b) Any material known as "shoddy" and made in whole or in part from or worn clothing carpets or other fabric or material previously used or any other fabric or material from which shoddy is constructed

(c) Any material not otherwise prohibited by this act of which prior use has been made unless the said material has been thoroughly sterilized and disinfected by a reasonable process approved by the Commissioner of Health of this Commonwealth

(2) No person or corporation by himself or by his agents servants or employes shall sell lease offer to sell or lease or deliver or consign in sale or lease or have in his possession with intent to sell lease deliver or consign in sale or lease

(a) Any mattress that has been used for or about any person having any infectious or contagious disease

(b) Any mattress made remade or renovated in violation of subsection one of this section

(c) Any mattress not otherwise prohibited by this act of which prior use has been made unless since last used it has been thoroughly sterilized and disinfected by a reasonable process approved by the Commissioner of Health of this Commonwealth

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. GERBERICH. Mr. President, I move to amend section 1 in line 44 by inserting after the word "from" the word "old."

Mr. C. A. SNYDER. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The second section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 2 That section three of said act which reads as follows

"Section 3 No person or corporation by himself or his agents servants or employes shall directly or indirectly at wholesale or retail or otherwise sell offer for sale deliver or consign or have in his possession with intent to sell deliver or consign any mattress that shall not have plainly and indelibly written or printed thereon or upon a muslin tag securely sewed to the covering thereof a statement in the English language setting forth the kind or kinds of materials used in filling the said mattress and whether the same are in whole or in part new or old or second-hand and the name and address of the manufacturer or vender thereof or both" be the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 3 (1) No person or corporation by himself or by his agents servants or employes shall directly or indirectly at wholesale or retail or otherwise sell lease offer to sell or lease or consign in sale or lease or have in their possession with intent to sell or lease or consign in sale or lease any mattress that shall not have plainly and indelibly written or printed thereon or upon a plain muslin or linen tag securely sewed to the covering thereof a statement in the English language setting forth

(a) The materials used in filling said mattress and whether the same are in whole or in part new or old

(b) The name and address of the maker vendor or successive vendors

(c) And upon a mattress of which prior use has been made the words "Second Hand" together with the date of sterilization and disinfection and the name and address of the person or corporation sterilizing or disinfecting the same

No additional information shall be contained in said statement

(2) No person or corporation by himself or by his agents servants or employes shall place upon any mattress the statements required by subsection one (a) and (b) of this section unless said mattress has been made remade or renovated by him in accordance with this act and no person or corporation by himself or his agents servants or employes shall place upon any mattress the statements required by subsection one (c) of this section unless the said mattress has been sterilized and disinfected by him in accordance with this act provided that the vendor in either case shall insert his name and address in the statement

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. GERBERICH. Mr. President, I move to amend section 2 in line 8 by inserting after the word "muslin" the words "or linen."

Mr. C. A. SNYDER. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The third section of the bill was read as follows and agreed to

Section 3 That section six of said act which reads as follows

"Section 6 The statement required under section three of this act shall be the following form

Materials Used in Filling

.....

.....

Made by .....

Address .....

Vendor .....

Address .....

This article is made in compliance with the act of Assembly of Pennsylvania approved the..... day of .....one thousand nine hundred and thirteen" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 6 The statement required under section three of this act shall be not less than three by four and a half inches in size and in form shall be as follows

Official Statement

Materials used in filling .....

.....

.....

Made by .....

Address .....

Vendor .....

Address .....

This article is made in compliance with the Act of Assembly of Pennsylvania approved the first day of May one thousand nine hundred thirteen as amended

.....

.....

.....

The title of the bill was read as follows and agreed to:

An Act to amend sections two three and six of an act entitled "An Act defining mattresses regulating the making remaking and sale thereof prohibiting the use of unsanitary and unhealthy materials therein requiring that the materials used shall be accurately described and prescribing the manner in which mattresses shall be labelled providing for the enforcement of the provisions of this act making certain acts criminal and punishing the same imposing cer-

tain duties upon the Commissioner of Health and the Chief Factory Inspector and repealing legislation inconsistent with this act" approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred thirteen so as to apply to leasing as well as sale require second hand mattresses to be sterilized and labelled and more specifically regulate the making remaking renovating selling and leasing of mattresses

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 208, as follows:

An Act to provide for the payment of moneys appropriated for the care treatment and maintenance of the indigent insane crimnial insane feeble minded epileptic sick or injured and all other persons who are wards of the State and the issuing of warrants by the Auditor General on the State Treasurer to the boards of trustees directors or managers of insane institutions hospitals asylums homes training schools penal institutions reformatories and all such other institutions owned controlled and operated in part or in whole by the State wherein such persons or wards of the State may be confined

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That hereafter moneys appropriated for the care treatment and maintenance of the indigent insane criminal insane feeble minded epileptic sick or injured and all other persons who are wards of the State shall be paid in the following manner The board of trustees directors or managers of insane institutions hospitals asylums homes training schools penal institutions prisons reformatories and all such other institutions owned controlled and operated in part or in whole by the State wherein such persons or wards of the State may be confined or their duly authorized representatives shall make requisition upon the Auditor General within fifteen days in advance of the beginning of any quarter for the estimated amount of the total per capita cost of maintenance of the patients in said institutions for said quarter in advance which said requisition shall be honored forthwth by the Auditor General by a warrant drawn on the State Treasurer for the amount thereof and shall be remitted to the treasurer of the said board of trustees directors or managers

Section 2 A quarterly report within twenty days after the ending of each quarter under oath or affirmation shall be made by the trustees directors or managers of said institution setting forth the actual number of persons in institutions as set forth above in section two of this act during the preceding quarter the date of their admission release or death repectively and the actual time during which each of said persons aforesaid was treated maintained or cared for during such quarter

Section 3 The quarterly report hereby required to be made shall be a specific itemized statement made under oath or affirmation by one of the trustees directors or managers of such institution respectively of receipts of moneys from all sources whatsoever and the expenditures for all purposes whatsoever during the preceding quarter together with the cash balance on hand at the beginning or available at any time during such quarter which said balance shall be deducted from the amount charged for maintenance to the State for such succeeding quarter and said report shall also contain all outstanding obligations if there should be any

Section 4 The treasurers of the board of trustees directors or managers aforesaid shall file a bond with said board payable to the Commonwealth in the sum of five thousand dollars with corporate security to be paid for out of said funds for maintenance conditioned for the faithful performance of their duties

Section 5 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions herein are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 272, entitled:

An Act creating a State Bureau of Elevator Inspection and the powers thereof throughout the State of Pennsylvania excepting the cities of the first class in providing for the appointment of a Chief Inspector an Assistant Chief Inspector and as many elevator inspectors and employes as may be necessary from time to time to enforce this act and providing salaries for the same providing laws for the protection of the public elevator operators and attendants empowering the chief or said bureaeu to make alter amend and repeal rules and regulations relating thereto

The first section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That there is hereby established a State Bureau of Elevator Inspection The head of which shall be a chief inspector who shall be appointed by the Governor by and with the consent of the Senate and who shall hold office for the term of four years from the date of his appointment and who shall receive an annual salary of five thousand dollars ($5,000) and shall appoint and may at pleasure remove any employe of the Bureau of Elevator Inspection

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. President, I move to amend section 1, in line 5, by striking out the word "which" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "the Bureau."; also in line 10, by striking out the word "and" where it first occurs and inserting in lieu thereof the word "he."

Mr. BURKE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The second section of the bill was read as follows and agreed to:

Section 2 The chief of the bureau shall forthwith appoint upon entering upon the duties of his office an assistant chief inspector who shall receive a salary of three thousand dollars ($3,000) a year and who shall during the absence or disability of the chief of the bureau possess all the powers and perform all the duties of the chief except the power to make appointments and who in addition to his duties prescribed by this act shall perform such other duties and possess such other power as the chief of the bureau shall prescribe

The third section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 3 The chief of the bureau shall appoint one computer at a salary of eighteen hundred dollars ($1,800) per year eighteen elevator inspectors at a salary of fifteen hundred dollars each ($1,500) per year two tank inspectors at a salary of fifteen hundred dollars ($1,500) each per year a chief clerk at a salary of twelve hundred dollars ($1,200) per year three clerks at a salary of eleven hundred ($1,100 dollars each per year a stenographer at a salary of one thousand ($1,000) dollars per year and a messenger at a salary of nine hundred ($900) dollars per year

The inspectors under this act must be competent and practiced elevator mechanics having had practical experience in elevator-mechanism and all other employes appointed hereunder shall have such special qualifications as may be required for the proper inspection of passenger and freight elevators

Whenever the chief of the bureau of inspection shall deem it necessary for the safety of the public he shall have the power to order the discontinuance of the use of any passenger or freight elevator and to compel the owner lessee or agent of the building within which such elevator is located or any other person responsible for the running of the same to make such alterations or repair as he may deem necessary for the safety of persons and property using or carried upon said elevator before the same is again put in use

The chief of the bureau of inspection shall also have the power to condemn any mechanical part or appliance connected with any passenger or freight elevator if the same in his judgment is dangerous or unreliable and whenever any such part or appliance has been condemned it shall be removed and the elevator made safe to the satisfaction of the chief of said bureau before again put in operation

Whenever any elevator shall be in need of repairs in any respect pertaining to the operation of the same or any of the apparatus or machinery connected with an elevator shall become impaired necessitating the temporary disuse of the elevator or any accident shall occur in an elevator or elevator shaftway affecting life or limb it shall be necessary for the owner lessee or agent of the building in which the said elevator is located or other person under whose control and management the said elevator is operated to notify the chief of the bureau of inspection of such impairment disuse or accident

No elevator shall be operated without having displayed therein a certificate of inspection from the State Bureau of Elevator Inspection stating the carrying capacity of the elevator whether freight or passenger No person shall at any time operate an elevator unless he is over the age of eighteen (18) years and if in the judgment of the chief of the bureau of inspection any person running an elevator shall be deemed incompetent so to do the person firm or corporation having control of said elevator shall at once remove such incompetent person and replace him by duly licensed operator No elevator either passenger or freight shall be operated without an attendant if in the judgment of the chief of the bureau of inspection the character of the business or construction or location of the elevator warrants the same

Any person firm or coporation operating an elevator without having a certificate as herein provided or who shall violate any provision of this ordinance shall be subject to a penalty of fifty ($50) dollars for each and every such violation and the said penalty shall be collected as debts are by law collectible

All elevator shafts shall conform to the requirements of section four of the Act of Assembly of April twenty-five nineteen hundred and three

No elevator shall be erected re-erected or altered and no enclosures built or interlock or other safety appliances installed without first having obtained a permit from the Bureau of Inspection

The applicant for a permit to erect an elevator must submit a plan of the whole ground floor of the building showing proposed location of the shaftway and drawings of the elevator and also an elevation of shaftway the said plans and drawing to be filed as a part of the records of the bureau

No permit will be issued to erect an elevator or sling hoist in any thoroughfare where it is necessary to pass through the shaftway or under the elevator whether inside or outside of the building

No permit will be issued allowing power to be applied to any back guide elevator or roller hoist

No wooden hoist drum will be allowed

Whenever any back guide elevator shall be in need of extensive repairs it shall be condemned and replaced with a guide post car or the hatchway must be closed but if the shaftway occupies a thoroughfare the location of the same must be changed except in extreme cases where in the judgment of the bureau such change is practically impossible This clause does not apply to a carriage elevator

All elevators must be so located as to give easy and safe access to all principal parts for inspection adjustment and repair

No pressure tank shall have less strength than a factor of safety of four (4) and no other part affected by this load shall have less strength than a factor of safety of four (4) for freight five (5) for passenger and six (6) for all drum shafts and overhead supports

No power driven elevator shall have less than two (2) main hoisting cables and all cables must be attached to a substantial and effective equalizing bar with means for adjustment

The maximum load on hoist cables must not be greater than one-sixth (1-6) of the ultimate strength for passenger elevators and one fifth (1-5) for freight the basis of computation being Standard Swedes iron hoisting cable

All sheaves and drums for hoist and counterweight cables must conform to the standards of the Bureau of Inspection

No elevator car shall be suspended by any kind of cable other than metallic

Every passenger elevator car hereafter constructed must have its frame built of metal and no inferior material of any kind will be allowed to enter into the construction of any elevator

Every guide post elevator car must be provided with safety clutches that will prevent the car from falling in case of broken cables or broken or deranged machinery

Every passenger elevator now in operation or that shall be hereafter installed shall be provided with speed governor in connection with a gradually applied safety

Every freight elevator having a car speed of over fifty (50) feet per minute shall be provided with a governor working in connection with gradually applied safety

Every freight elevator having a car speed of less than fifty (50) feet per minute must be provided with speed governor which may work in connection with an instantaneous safety

All elevators must be tested with a maximum load

All wooden guide posts must be provided with independent guide straps

All elevators carrying more persons that the regular attendant and designated assistants not to exceed three in number shall be classed as passenger elevators are subject to all the requirements of passenger service

Every power driven elevator must be automatic terminal stops other than those required on the controlling mechanism

Every power driven drum hoist elevator must have a slack cable controller shifter

All brakes operated by a check line must be so arranged as to be applied automatically if the check line should break and all electric brakes must be applied by breaking the current

All passenger elevators must be equipped with mechanical interlocks and all interlocking mechanism must conform to the requirements of the Bureau

Where any interlock already installed is found to be unreliable or does not conform to the requirements of the bureau it shall be condemned and be replaced within a reasonable time by an approved interlock

Requirements for Elevator Locking Device

a The device must prevent the doors of the landing being opened either from inside or outside except when the car is within three inches of such landing

b The device must prevent the opening of the landing door either from outside or inside when the car is at the landing until after the controlling mechanism of the car has been set in position to stop the car

c The opening of the landing door when a car is at a floor must immediately lock the controlling mechanism in the stop position and the devices must prevent the starting of the car up or down until the landing door has been again closed and locked

d The locking device electrical or mechanical shall be such as will hold immovable and secure the carriage used in such elevator while any gate door or doors at the landing that is used for entrance thereto or exit therefrom is or are open and unsecured

e The device must be so arranged that the car can run from top to bottom without touching any of the mechanism at the landing unless it is desired to stop at a floor

f The device electrical or mechanical shall be such as to place the power of controlling the elevator beyond the control of the attendant while any gate door or doors on the landing leading to the carriage is open and unsecured

g The device must prevent the car leaving the landing from any cause whatever while the door of the enclosure is open

h No interlocker mechanism shall so affect the controller of any elevator as to reduce the valve lap to less than one-third (1-3) of its total amount

All automatic door opening and closing devices must be independent of the interlocking device

No pilot valve shall be installed or allowed to remain in service that cannot be controlled by an interlock within the limits of two-thirds (2-3) of its total lap

Any pilot valves now in use if in the judgment of the inspectors and the chief of the bureau of inspection are considered a source of danger shall be condemned and removed

Every hydraulic elevator shall have an independent exhaust pipe from the controlling valve of the discharge tank and no two cylinders will be allowed to discharge through the same pipe unless provided with checks

The shaftways of all passenger and freight elevators hereafter constructed must be enclosed below the first floor with either fire-proof or slow burning construction All windows opening into elevator shafts are to be guarded with screens or bars

All hand power elevators in which the platform travels more than one story shall be equipped with a speed governor

If the shaftway of any passenger elevator is so located or the motive power is so limited in range as to make a basement air pit impracticable the air pit must be constructed above the first floor

The pit of every elevator shaftway must be kept clean and dry at all times Stop or resting blocks will not be allowed at the bottom of shaftway

At the top of the shaft and under the suspension sheaves and beams of every power driven elevator there shall be built a substantial working platform or grating the said platform or grating to be of such a character as to prevent tools or other dangerous weights from falling through and down the shaftway

No explosives inflammable or suffocating material whether solid liquid or gaseous or any pipe for conveying the same shall be stored or kept under any elevator shaftway

No elevator shaftway shall be used for the storage of any material or the running of any rope wire or pipe except for the use of the elevator itself

All elevators used for carrying passengers must have their hatchways surrounded by substantial vertical enclosures the same to be made flush with the hatchway and continuous from door to ceiling on every open side of the car and on every floor except the top where a height of six feet six inches is sufficient On every other side of the car the enclosures must be at least six feet six inches in height All enclosures doors must be made to slide except in extreme cases where necessity compels the adoption of some other movable enclosures but in all cases this enclosure door must be of such a character as to be controlled by an interlock All grill work enclosures must be substantially braced and be kept in through repair Wherever an elevator shaftway has been constructed as not to admit of a mechanical interlock on the basement door the said door must be so constructed as to close and lock automatically when the car leaves

EVERY PASSENGER ELEVATOR MUST BE PROVIDED WITH AN INSIDE SLIDING DOOR

Whenever the car of a passenger elevator has more than one doorway every doorway must be provided with an inside sliding door and the doors must be so arranged and connected that the opening of any one door mechanically closes all the other doors

Every freight elevator shall have its hatchway surrounded by vertical enclosures and gates The fixed enclosures to be not less than six (6) feet in height and the gates to be as near six (6) feet in height as the condition will warrant Wooden gates must be made of vertical strip with spaces not wider than two (2) inches All gates must be self-closing and also fitted with device to prevent them being raised until the platform is at the floor landing and whenever practicable they must be made to slide vertically Full automatic gates wherevr found will be condemned and must be replaced within a reasonable time by gates approved by the bureau

All enclosures must be made flush with hatchways on every open side of the car and whenever window recesses occur in the shaftway the same must be covered by a substantial grille or screen Where it is necessary to place a lifting gate on any elevator car the said gate must be so hung and balanced as to close automatically when the car leaves the landing

Whenever in the judgment of the bureau the construction of the building or the nature of the business is such that the standard vertical enclosures are impracticable

they may adopt such safeguards as will afford the best protcetion Fire doors on the floor side of brick shaftways are not deemed sufficient protection and self-closing vertical gates will be required in addition

Every elevator occupying a thoroughfare that cannot be guarded by vertical enclosures must be provided with a loud ringing gong that will ring continuously or at close intervals while the car is descending through the thoroughfare

Every power driven freight elevator must be provided with a signal bell that can be operated from every floor and the controlling device must be provided with some form of lock that will enable the attendant to hold the car immovable while loading and unloading All freight elevators not in the care of a regular attendant must have signs posted on every floor prohibiting all persons from riding on the car

Every sidewalk elevator must be protected at the street level by a removable railing of such construction that the controlling mechanism of the said elevator will be locked and held immovable until the railing is in place

Every sidewalk elevator must be protected by a substantial guard that will open the sidewalk doors far enough in advance of the car to prevent crushing a person between the car platform and the sidewalk doors

Where any freight elevator shall have flush enclosures but not self closing gates the owner agent or lessee may provide all the shaftway doors with substantial safe inside locks and put the car in charge of a regularly authorized operator otherwise the shaftway must be provided with approved self-closing gates

The bureau of inspection shall have the power to demand a regularly licensed operator on any elevator when in the judgment of the bureau the safety of the public requires the elevator to be placed under such control Should the owner agent or lessee refuse to comply with the same demand the elevator shall be locked up

All elevators counterweights must be hung in guides and the foot of the guideway must be so protected as to prevent any person from being injured by the descending weights

All counterweights must have their component parts so fastened together as to prevent any piece or pieces from becoming detached from the guides should the counterweight be accidentally drawn to the top of the shaft with the usual velocity

Counterweights of plunger elevators must be connected direct to plunger

All hydraulic elevators must have their valve chambers and cylinders provided with means for preventing the accumulation of air

If any accident shall occur to any elevator affecting life or limb or in any way impairing the strength or efficiency of said elevator it shall be the duty of the engineer in charge of the building or in the absence of the engineer the superintendent to immediately notify the chief of the bureau of such accident The chief of the burau shall cause auy such accident to be promptly investigated

The owner agent or lessee of a building will be held responsible for the failure of the engineer or superintendent to properly report any elevator accident in said building or for any negligence on the part of said engineer or superintendent affecting the safety of any elevator under his control

The builder of any elevator will be held responsible for the proper construction of the said elevator in all its parts and for the execution of all rules and regulations of the bureau regarding elevator construction

If the owner agent or lessee of any building shall receive a written notice from the bureau that any passenger elevator under his control is in an unsafe condition and shall continue to operate the said elevators ignoring the requirements of the bureau the chief of the bureau shall after the lapse of two days from the date of notice have the power to post a written notice at the elevator entrance stating that the said elevator is in an unsafe condition and said notice shall not be removed until so ordered by the chief of the bureau

All power driven elevators must be inspected at least once every six months after first inspection All hand hoist elevators must be re-inspected at least once in twelve months after first inspection

Pressure tanks must be inspected as often as in the judgment of the bureau their condition may require

Certificates of inspection shall be in force one year from date of issue unless in the judgment of the bureau any elevator is found to be in an unsafe condition In such cases the certificate shall be removed and the elevator put out of service until it is put in safe running condition

The elevator inspectors with the concurrence of the chief of the bureau may require safety appliances in addition to those before mentioned when in their judgment the same may be necessary to better provide for the safety of the public

The inspection of elevators will be conducted during business hours (eight ante meridian to five post meridian) and with a little interruption to the business of the establishment as possible The inspection of pressure tanks need not be conducted during business hours

The owners and tenants of buildings in which elevators are located their agents and employes will be required to admit elevator inspectors at all times and with as little delay as possible and to give every facility for the prompt execution of all inspections

Every elevator shall be regularly inspected by the bureau of inspection regardless of any other inspection and no insurance or casualty company's certificate will be accepted in lieu of a certificate from the State Bureau of Elevator Inspection

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. President, I move to amend section 3, in line 13, by striking out "ticed" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "tical;" also in line 54, by striking out the word "ordinance" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "act"; also in line 67, by striking out the word "will" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "shall"; also in line 72, by striking out the word "will" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "shall"; also in line 86, by inserting after the word "must" the word "be"; also in line 70, by striking out the word "will" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "shall"; also in line 98, by striking out the word "will" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "shall"; also in line 116, by inserting after the word "elevators" the word "an"; also in line 144, by striking out the word "is" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "are"; also in line 145, by striking out the words "is or"; also in line 168, by striking out the word "will" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "shall"; also in line 180, by striking out the word "will" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "shall"; also in line 195, by striking out "hatchawy" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "hatchway"; also in line 237, by striking out the word "will" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "shall"; also in line 246, by striking out the word "care" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "car"; also in line 305, by striking out the word "elevators" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "elevator"; also in line 329, by striking out the word "will" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "shall"; also in line 335, by striking out the word "will" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "shall."

Mr. BURKE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The title of the bill was read as follows:

An Act creating a State Bureau of Elevator Inspection and the powers thereof throughout the State of Pennsylvania excepting the cities of the first class in providing for the appointment of a Chief Inspector an Assistant Chief Inspector and as many elevator inspectors and employes as may be necessary from time to time to enforce this act and providing salaries for the same providing laws for the protection of the public elevator operators and attendants empowering the chief of said bureau to make alter amend and repeal rules and regulations relating thereto

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the title?

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. President, I move to amend the title in line 1, by inserting after the word "and" the word "defining;" also in line 3, by striking out the word "in."

Mr. BURKE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the title as amended?

It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 272, the bill just read, be recommitted to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. McCONNELL. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 318, as follows:

An Act relative to passenger elevators in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and providing a penalty for violation thereof

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That on and after the passage of this act all passenger elevators hereinafter erected or re-erected in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania except the same be of plunger type must be provided with an air cushion

Section 2 Any person firm or corporation violating any of the provisions of this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine of five hundred dollars ($500) for each offense or imprisonment for a term of three months or either or both at the discretion of the court

All laws or parts of laws inconsistent herewith be and the same are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 342, entitled:

An Act to prevent the charging of commissions for the placing of building and loan association mortgages in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and providing penalties for the violation thereof

The first section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from and after the passage of this act it shall be unlawful for any solicitor for attorney for officer of director of or stock or shareholder of any building and loan association or any person connected with or affiliated with any building and loan association to receive directly or indirectly any commission fee or other compensation for the placing or securing of any loan from any building and loan association Provided however That nothing herein contained shall prevent the receiving by attorneys solicitors and conveyancers for any building and loan association of a fair compensation for their services in preparing and drawing the necessary mortgage and other papers to properly secure the loan

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I move to amend section 1 in line 11 by striking out the second word "for" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "or"; also in line 12 by striking out the word "for" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "or"; also in line 12 by striking out the first word "of" and insert in lieu thereof the word "or;" also in line 12 by striking out the word "of."

Mr. GERBERICH. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The second, third and fourth sections of the bill were read as follows and agreed to:

Section 2 Any person or persons agent or agents broker or brokers attorney or attorneys factor or factors solicitor or solicitors officer or officers director or directors as above mentioned violating any of the povisions of this act shall upon conviction thereof be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and be fined not more than five hundred dollars or be imprisoned not more than one year or both or either within the discretion of the court

Section 3 That nothing in this act shall be so construed to repeal or to make null and void any existing law of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania regarding the punishment of any officer or officers person or persons of any building and loan association for a violation of the same as may be now provided

Section 4 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

The title of the bill was read as follows

An Act to prevent the charging of commissions for the placing of building and loan association mortgages in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and providing penalties for the violation thereof

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the title?

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I move to amend the title in line 1 by inserting a bracket after the word "regulate."

Mr. GERBERICH. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the title as amended?

It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 410 (House Bill No. 246) as follows:

An Act requiring each city of the first and second class to establish a municipal pension fund for employes of said city and regulating the payment of such pensions

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That (each city) of the first and second (classes) shall create a municipal pension fund for the pensioning of all employes who have given twenty years service in said city (excepting employes of the Bureaus of Police Fire and Electricity who are eligible to the pension funds of said bureaus) No employe under the age of (fifty-five) shall be pensioned unless such employe is totally and prementy disabled (Provided however an employe who has served twenty years and is less than fifty-five years of age when retiring from the service shall be entitled to a pension when such employe attains the age of fifty-five)

Section 2 (Each city) of the first and second (classes) shall set aside and appropriate a sum not less than one-half of one per centum nor more than one per centum of all taxes for such municipal pension fund

Section 3 The employes shall contribute one per centum of their salaries (or wages) each succeeding month until they retire on pensions when such contributions shall cease

Section 4 The (monthly) pension allowed shall be one-half of the (average monthly) salary (or wage) received during the two years previous to retirement (provided however that the pension shall not exceed one hundred dollars per month)

Section 5 (Each city of the first and second classes shall determine the method of which the payment of pensions shall be made)

Section 6 The act approved the twenty-fourth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act authorizing each city of the first class to establish a municipal pension fund for employes of said city and regulating the payment of such pensions" is repealed All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with this act are repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered. To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 413 (House Bill No. 247), entitled:

An Act amending an act entitled "An Act amending an act entitled 'An Act respecting the estate of non-residents wards' approved the twenty-first day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-six extending the provisions thereof so that the same may apply to trustees and cestui que trusts" approved the thirteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eigthy-nine further extending the provisions thereof so that the same may apply where guardians and wards trustees and cestui que trusts are residents of foreign countries

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 440 (House Bill No. 464), as follows:

An Act relating to balloons and imposing a penalty

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That on or after the first day of January nineteen hundred and sixteen it shall be unlawful to sell or expose for sale or buy or exchange or give away or

have in possession or send up or cause to ascend any balloon containing in or about it any fire This section does not apply to a balloon in which a human being ascends

Section 2 Any person who violates any of the provisions of this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and on conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding two hundred dollars or to undergo an imprisonment not exceeding sixty days or both in the discretion of the court

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No 458, as follows:

An Act to amend an act approved the fourteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred and three entitled "An Act for the creation and government of a division of the State Library for the preservation of public records" by establishing the office of supervisor of public records with general supervision over the care and custody and condition of public records of the several counties cities and boroughs of this Commonwealth

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the fourth section of an act approved the fourteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred and three entitled "An Act for the creation and government of a division of the State Library for the preservation of public records" which reads as follows

"Section 4 That the Division of Public Records shall be under the direction of the State Librarian who shall have immediate charge of and be responsible for everything consigned to his custody and shall enforce all rules and regulations provided by the trustees He shall receive and disburse all moneys that are or may be hereafter appropriated for this Division's purposes and keep accurate accounts thereof and make settlements therefor in the same manner as provided for the accounts of the State Library He shall collect classify preserve and make accessible for reference all records which may come into the possession of the Division with such exceptions as may be indicated by the trustees He shall report to the trustees biennially on the condition of the State records with such recommendations as shall be desirable for the preservation of all public records throughout Pennsylvania He may appoint such assistants at such salaries as shall be authorized by the Legislature from time to time in the general appropriation bill and may expend such sums for the purpose of the Division as may be appropriated by the Legislature for that purpose" is amended to read as follows

Section 4 The Division of Public Records shall be under the direction of the State Librarian who shall have immediate charge of and be responsible for everything consigned to his custody and shall enforce all rules and regulations provided by the trustees He shall receive and disburse all moneys that are or may be hereafter appropriated for this Division's purposes and keep accurate accounts thereof and make settlements therefor in the same manner as is provided for the accounts of the State Library He shall collect classify preserve and make accessible for reference all records which may come into the possession of the Division with such exceptions as may be indicated by the trustees He shall report to the trustees biennially on the condition of the State records with such recommendations as shall be desirable for the preservation of all public records throughout Pennsylvania He may appoint such assistants at such salaries as shall be authorized by the Legislature from time to time in the general appropriation bill and may expend such sums for the purpose of the Division as may be appropriated by the Legislature for that purpose One of the assistants appointed by the Librarian shall be supervisor of public records The supervisor of public records shall examine into the condition of the records books pamphlets documents manuscripts archives maps and papers kept filed or recorded or hereafter to be kept filed or recorded in the several public offices of the counties cities and boroughs of the State He shall recommend such action to be taken by the persons having the care and custody of public records as may be necessary to secure their safety and preservation and he shall cause all laws relating to the public records to be enforced He shall submit an annual report to the State Librarian in which he shall present a detailed report upon the number kind and condition of the various public records in the custody and under the control of the several counties cities and boroughs of the State This report shall be included by the State Librarian in his annual report.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 460, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania through proclamation to close any county or counties or any section of any county of Pennsylvania to hunting or fishing or to close any stream or part of streams to fishing when such action is necessary to conserve either the health or welfare of our people or our natural resources

The first section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from and after the passage of this act the Governor of Pennsylvania shall have authority through proclamation to close for a period not to exceed one season at one time any county or counties of this Commonwealth to either hunting or fishing or to close any stream or part of streams to fishing because of excessive drouth and consequent danger from forest fires low water the presence of contagious or infectious diseases such action may be necessary to conserve either the health or welfare of our people or our natural resources

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I move to amend section 1, in line 7, by inserting after the word "counties" the words "or any section of any county"; also in line 11, by inserting after the word "the" the word "and"; also in line 12, by inserting before the word "such" the word "when."

Mr. GERBERICH. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The second and third sections of the bill was read as follows and agreed to:

Section 2 Each and every person wilfully violating any provision of such proclamation shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be liable to a penalty of not less than twenty-five dollars or more than one hundred dollars or to imprisonment or not more than one year both or either as in the opinion of the court hearing the case may appear necessary

Section 3 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed

The title of the bill was read as follows and agreed to:

An Act authorizing the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania through proclamation to close any county or counties or any section of any county of Pennsylvania to hunting or fishing when such action is necessary to conserve either the health or welfare of our people or our natural resources

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered. To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 461, as follows:

A Joint Resolution extending the time for the making of the report by the engineer's commission and providing for the printing and distribution of the report

Whereas By an act approved the twenty-fifth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen and a commission was authorized to investigate the advisability of licensing engineers within this Commonwealth who are engaged upon the construction maintenance and operation of work public or private within this Commonwealth where unusual hazards are offered to the lives health and property of the citizens of this Commonwealth said commission being known as the engineer"s commission and

Whereas Said commission was duly appointed and has proceeded upon the performance of the duties imposed by said resolution and

Whereas In said resolution the commission was directed to report on or before the first day of November one thousand nine hundred and fourteen and

Whereas Owing to the magnitude of the undertaking and the great number of details to be considered the commission is unable to make a complete and final report therefor

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the engineer's commission authorized by an act approved the twenty-fifth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen to investigate the advisability of licensing engineers within this Commonwealth and known as the engineer's commission is hereby authorized to continue its labors as set

forth in said resolution and to present its final and complete report on or before the first day of June one thousand nine hundred and fifteen

Section 2 The State Printer shall on order of the Superintendent of Public Printing and Binding and on requisition of the engineer's commission which shall be distributed by the division of the distribution of documents to such persons as shall be directed by the Governor

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 462, as follows:

An Act to amend the third section of an act entitled "An Act authorizing the merger and consolidation of certain corporations" approved the third day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine

Section 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section three of "An Act authorizing the merger and consolidation of certain corporations" approved the third day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine which reads as follows

"Section 3 Upon the filing of said certificates and agreement or copy of the agreement in the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth and upon the issuing of new letters patent thereon by the Governor the said merger shall be deemed to have taken place and the said corporations to be one corporation under the name adopted in and by said agreement possessing all the rights privileges and franchises theretofore vested in each of them and all the estate and property real and personal and rights of action of each of said corporations shall be deemed and taken to be transferred to and vested in the said new corporation without any further act or deed Provided That all rights of creditors and all liens upon the property of each of said corporations shall continue unimpaired and the respective constituent corporations may be deemed to be in existence to preserve the same and all debts duties and liabilities of each of said constituent corporations shall thenceforth attach to the said constituent corporation and may be enforced against it to the same extent and by the same process as if said debts duties and liabilities had been contracted by it But such merger and consolidation shall not be complete and no such consolidated corporation shall do any business of any kind until it shall have first obtained from the Governor of the Commonwealth new letters patent and shall have paid to the State Treasurer a bonus as prescribed by law upon all its capital stock in excess of the amount of capital stock of the several corporations so consolidating upon which the bonus required by law has been therefore paid And provided further That new letters patent of such consolidated corporation shall not be issued by the Governor of the Commonwealth until each and every corporation entering into and forming the consolidated corporation shall have filed with the Secretary of the Commonwealth a certificate from the Auditor General of the Commonwealth setting forth that all reports required by the Auditor General of the Commonwealth have been duly filed to the date of the proposed merger and that all taxes due the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania have been paid up to and including said date" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 3 Upon the filing of said certificates and agreement or copy of the agreement in the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth and upon the issuing of new letters patent thereon by the Governor the said merger shall be deemed to have taken place and the said corporations to be one corporation under the name adopted in and by said agreement possessing all the rights privileges and franchises theretofore vested in each of them and all the estate and property real and personal and rights of action of each of said corporations shall be deemed and taken to be transferred to and vested in the said new corporation without any further act or deed Provided That all rights of creditors and all liens upon the property of each of said corporations shall continue unimpaired limited in lien to the property affected by such liens at the time of the creation of the same and the respective constituent corporations may be deemed to be in existence to preserve the same and all debts not of record duties and liabilities of each of said constituent corporations shall thenceforth attach to the said new corporation and may be enforced against it to the same extent and by the same process as if said debts duties and liabilities had been contracted by it But such merger and consolidation shall not be complete and no such consolidated corporation shall do any business of any kind until it shall have first obtained from the Governor of the Commonwealth new letters of patent and shall have paid to the State Treasurer a bonus as prescribed by law upon all its capital stock in excess of the amount of capital stock of the several corporations so consolidating upon which the bonus required by law has been theretofore paid And provided further That new letters patent of such consolidated corporation shall not be issued by the Governor of the Commonwealth until each corporation entering into and forming the consolidated corporation shall have filed with the Secretary of the Commonwealth a certificate from the Auditor General of the Commonwealth setting forth that all reports required by the Auditor General of the Commonwealth have been duly filed to the date of the proposed merger and that all taxes due the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania have been paid up to and including said date

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 463, as follows:

An Act to amend section three of an act approved the fourteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred seventy-four entitled "A further supplement to an act relative to suits in dower and partition approved the twentieth day of February Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-four and its supplement approved the thirtieth day of March Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-nine construing said act and extending jurisdiction of the courts therein" by extending the provisions thereof to include persons having an undivided interest in the land or in the coal or timber thereon when the same has not been entirely severed and permitting such prsons to compel partition of the entire tract

Section 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section three of an act approved the fourteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred seventy-four entitled "A further supplement to an act relative to suits in dower and partition approved the twentieth day of February Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-four and its supplement approved the thirtieth day of March Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-nine construing said act and extending jurisdiction of the courts therein" which reads as follows

"Section 3 That partition may be made under existing laws of lands and coal rights thereon and of lands and timber rights thereon whether the rights of all of the parties be co-extensive with the whole or not and whether the rights of some of them extend only to the lands and part of the coal thereon or only to the land and part of the timber thereon" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 3 That partition may be made under existing laws of lands and coal rights thereon and of lands and timber rights thereon whether the rights of all of the parties be co-extensive with the whole or not and whether the rights of some of them extend only to the lands and part of the coal thereon or only to the land and part of the timber thereon or only to an undivided interest in the land or in the coal or in the timber thereon and any person having an interest as herein set forth may compel partition of the entire tract of land and coal or land and timber provided said coal or said timber has not been entirely severed so as to constitute a separate estate

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 469, entitled:

An Act amending an act entitled "An Act in relation to the laying out opening widening straightening extending or vacating streets and alleys and the construction of bridges in the several municipalities of this Commonwealth the grading paving macadamizing or otherwise improving streets and alleys providing for ascertaining the damages to private property resulting therefrom the assessment of the damages costs and expenses thereof upon the property benefited and the construction of sewers and payment of the damages costs and expenses thereof including the damages to private property resulting therefrom" approved the sixteenth day of May one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one by providing for the placing of footwalks curb parking space shade trees or otherwise improving the space between the curb line and the property line in the said streets lanes and alleys and by providing for the payment of the damages costs and expenses thereof

The first section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That

Section eight of the act of Assembly entitled "An Act in relation to the laying out opening widening straightening extending or vacating streets and alleys and the construction of bridges in the several municipalities of this Commonwealth the grading paving macadamizing or otherwise improving streets and alleys providing for ascertaining the damages to

private property resulting therefrom the assessments of damages costs and expenses thereof upon the property benefited and the construction of sewers and payment of damages costs and expenses thereof including damages to private property resulting therefrom" approved the sixteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one which reads as follows to wit

"Section 8 Every municipal corporation shall have power to lay out establish or re-establish grades of streets and alleys and to construct bridges piers and abutments therefor and sewers and drains in any street or alley or through or on or over private property Evey municipal corporation shall also have power upon the petition of a majority of property owners in interest and number abutting on the line of the proposed improvement to be verified by affidavit by one or more parties to said petition (a majority in interest of owners of undivided interests in any piece of property to be deemed and treated as one person for the purposes of petition) to grade pave curb macadamize and otherwise improve any public street or public alley within its corporate limits or which may be in whole or in part boundaries thereof On petition viewers shall be appointed as provided in the first section of this act who shall assess the costs and expenses of the sewers or grading paving curbing macadamizing or other improvement of each street or alley upon the property benefited according to benefits if sufficient can be found but if not then the deficiency when finally ascertained shall be paid by the municipal corporation and the proceedings of said viewers and the proceedings on their report shall be as provided in this act for viewers and reports of viewers in cases of property taken injured or destroyed" is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 8 Every municipal corporation shall have power to lay out establish or re-establish grades of streets and alleys and to construct bridges piers and abutments therefor and sewers and drains in any street or alley or through or on or over private property Evey municipal corporation shall also have power upon the petition of a majority of property owners in interest and number abutting on the line of the propesed improvement to be verified by affidavit of one or more parties to the said petition (a majority in interest of owners of undivided interests in any piece of property to be deemed and treated as one person for the purposes of petition) to grade pave curb macadamize and otherwise improve any public street or public alley within its corpirate limits or which may be in whole or in part boundaries thereof And also including the improvement of any street road lane or alley and any sections or parts thereof in length in the space between the curb gutter or actual carriageway line and the property line either by an original work or improvement thereon or by a change repair renewal or alteration in the said highway space by the spacing and constructing of a footwalk curb parking space or shade trees or by changing altering renewing re-planting pruning or otherwise improving the same in any or all of said particulars On petition viewers shall be appointed as provided in the first section of this act who shall assess the costs and expense of the sewers or grading paving curbing macadamizing footwalks parking shade trees planting or changing altering renewing re-planting pruning or other improvement of each street or alley upon the property benefited according to the benefits if sufficient can be found but if not then the deficiency when finally ascertained shall be paid by the municipal corporation and the proceedings of said viewers and the proceedings on their report shall be as provided in this act for viewers and reports of viewers in cases of property taken injured or destroyed

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. MOORE. Mr. President, I move to amend section 1 by striking out everything after the enacting clause, and inserting in lieu thereof the following: The eighth section of an act entitled "An Act in relation to the laying out, opening, widening, straightening, extending or vacating streets and alleys and the construction of bridges in the several municipalities of this Commonwealth, the grading, paving, macadamizing or otherwise improving streets and alleys, providing for ascertaining the damages to private property resulting therefrom, the assessment of the damages, costs and expenses thereof upon the property benefited and the construction of sewers and payment of the damages, costs and expenses thereof, including damages to private property resulting therefrom," approved the sixteenth day of May one thousand eight hundred and ninety one, which as amended by an act, entitled "An Act amending section 8 of an act entitled 'An Act in relation to the laying out, opening, widening, straightening, extending or vacating streets and alleys, and the construction of bridges, in the several municipalities of this Commonwealth, the grading, paving, macadamizing, or otherwise improving streets and alleys, providing for ascertaining the damages to private property resulting therefrom, the assessment of the damages, costs and expenses thereof upon the property benefited, and the constructions of sewers and payment of the damages, costs and expenses thereof, including damages to private property resulting therefrom," approved May sixteenth Anno Domini, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one extending the provisions of said act to the grading, paving, curbing, macadamizing, or improvement of parts of streets or alleys, approved the twenty-eight day of April, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine reads as follows:

"Section 8. Every municipal corporation shall have power to lay out, establish or re-establish grades of streets and alleys or parts thereof, and to construct bridges, piers, and abutments, therefor, and sewers and drains in any street or alley, or through, or on, or over private property. Every municipal corporation shall also have power upon the petition of a majority of property owners in interest and number abutting on the line of the proposed improvement, to be verified by affidavit of one or more parties to said petition (a majority in interest of owners of undivided interest in any piece of property to be deemed and treated as one person for the purposes of petition) to grade, pave, curb, macadamize and otherwise improve any public street or public alley, or part thereof, within its corporate limits or which may be in whole or in part boundaries thereof. On petition viewers shall be appointed as provided in first section of this act who shall assess the costs and expenses of the sewer or grading, paving, curbing, macadamizing, or other improvement of each street or alley or part thereof within its corporate limits upon the property benefited according to benefits if sufficient can be found, but if not, then the deficiency when finally ascertained shall be paid by the municipal corporation and the proceedings of said viewers and the proceedings and their report shall be as provided in this act for viewers and reports of viewers, in cases of property taken, injured or destroyed."

Is hereby amended to read as follows:

Section 8. Every municipal corporation shall have power to lay out, establish, or re-establish grades of streets and alleys or parts thereof, and to construct bridges, piers and abutments therefor, and sewers and drains in any street or alley or through or on, or over private property. Every municipal corporation shall also have power upon the petition of the majority of property owners in interest and number abutting the line of the proposed improvement to be verified by affidavit of one or more parties to said petition (a majority in interest of owners of undivided interest in any piece of property to be deemed and treated as one person for the purpose of petition), to grade, pave, curb, macadamize, and otherwise improve any public street and public alley, or part thereof, within its corporate limits or which may be, in whole or in part, boundaries thereof. And also including the improvement of any street, road, lane or alley, and any sections or parts thereof in length in the space between the curb, gutter or actual carriage way line, and the property line either by an original work or improvement thereon or by a change, repair, renewal or alteration, in the said highway space by the spacing and constructing of a foot walk, curb, parking space or shade trees, or by changing, altering, renewing, replanting pruning or otherwise improving the same in any or all of said particulars On petition, viewers shall be appointed as provided in the first section of this act, who shall assess the costs and expenses of the sewer or grading, paving, curbing, macadamizing, footwalks, parking, shade-tree planting, or changing, altering, renewing, replanting, pruning, or other improvement of each street or alley or part thereof within its corporate limits upon the property benefited according to benefits, if sufficient can be found, but if not, then the deficiency when finally ascertained shall be paid by the municipal corporation, and the proceedings of said viewers and the proceedings on their report, shall be as provided in this act for viewers and reports of viewers in cases of property taken, injured or destroyed.

Mr. MAGEE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The title of the bill was read as follows:

An Act amending an act entitled "An Act in relation to the laying out opening widening straightening extending or vacating streets and alleys and the construction of bridges in the general mnuicipalities of this Commonwealth the grading paving macadamizing or otherwise improving streets and alleys providing for ascertaining the damages to private property resulting therefrom the assessment of the damages costs and expenses thereof upon the property benefited and the construction of sewers and payment of the damages costs and expenses thereof including the damages to private property resulting therefrom" approved the sixteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one by providing for the placing of footwalks curb parking space shade trees or otherwise improving the space between the curb line and the property line in said streets lanes and alleys and by providing for the payment of the damages costs and expenses thereof

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the title?

Mr. MOORE. Mr. President, I move to amend the title by striking out the word "the" after the word "included;" also in line 12, by inserting after the word "ninety-one" the words "as amended."

Mr. MAGEE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 510 (House Bill No. 119), as follows:

An Act to provide for the better protection and preservation of game game quadrupeds and game-birds in Pennsylvania and prescribing penalties for violation of its several provisions

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That whenever because of a violation of any provisions of this act a person shall be convicted for a first offense and a penalty be imposed and the defendant shall neglect or refuse to immediately pay said amount together with the costs of prosecution in lawful money of the United States he shall at once be committed to the common jail of the county for a period of one day for each dollar of penalty imposed unless he shall enter into good and sufficient recognizance to pay said penalty and costs within a period of ten days after the date of his said conviction or shall certiorari the proceedings or shall carry the case to a higher court on appeal as provided for in this act

For the second or any other offense after the first offense the defendant shall upon conviction in addition to the penalty prescribed for the first offense suffer an imprisonment of one day in jail for each dollar of penalty imposed Provided That in every case of a conviction for violation of any provision of this act wherein a defendant suffers imprisonment in lieu of a cash payment of the penalty imposed all traps guns shooting paraphernalia boats decoys and other appliances used in violation of the law and found or proven to have been either in possession or under control of the defendant at the time of such violation shall be and they are hereby declared forfeited to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and shall be sold under the direction of the Board of Game Commissioners and the money thus secured be applied by them first to the payment of the cost incurred and the balance be deposited with the State Treasurer to be held in a fund separate and apart solely for the purpose of game and wild bird protection and propagation the defendant being entitled to a credit of one day off his imprisonment for each dollar so deposited for the first offense only.

Section 2. There shall be no hunting for or shooting at or chasing of game upon the first day of the week commonly called Sunday Each and every person violating any provision of this section shall upon conviction be liable to a penalty of twenty-five dollars for each and every offense

Section 3 That from and after the passage of this act the open season for the wild turkey ruffed grouse commonly called pheasant Virginia partridge commonly called quail woodcock ring-necked pheasants Hungarian quail and the birds commonly called black-birds the gray black and fox squirrel the wild rabbit and the hare shall be from the squirred shall be from the fifteenth day of October to the thirtieth day of November the wild rabbit and the hare shall be from the first day of November to the thirtieth day of November both days inclusive

The open season for raccoon shall be from the fifteenth day of October to the thirty-first day of January both days inclusive

The open season for bear shall be from the fifteenth day of October to the fifteenth day of December next following both days inclusive

The open season for deer shall be from the first day of December to the fifteenth day of December next following both days inclusive

Section 4 It shall be unlawful to sell or offer for sale or have in possession for sale any elk or deer or wild rabbit or hare or gray or black or fox squirrel or any part of such animals that have been caught taken or killed in a wild state in this Commonwealth or to sell or offer for sale or have in possession for sale any wild turkey or ruffed grouse commonly called pheasant or any Virginia partridge commonly called quail or any woodcock killed either within or outside of this Commonwealth or to sell or offer for sale or have possession for sale any ring-neck pheasant or Hungarian quail killed in this Commonwealth in a wild state Provided however That ring-neck pheasants raised strictly in captivity may be killed by the owners thereof without regard to numbers during the open season for such birds in this Commonwealth and that deer or elk or Belgian or German hare or any ring-necked pheasant raised strictly and in captivity and killed within such place of confinement without being released in the Commonwealth at large may be killed at any time regardless of sex or age and may be sold within the Commonwealth at any time either dead or alive under the rules and regulations regarding the marking and tagging of game as now fixed by law relating to game raised in private preserves

Section 5 That it shall be unlawful for any person to kill in one day more than one wild turkey or more than five ruffed grouse or more than eight Virginia partridges commonly called quail or more than ten woodcock or more than four ring-neck pheasants or more than four Hungarian quail or more than one bear or more than six squirrels of the combined kinds mentioned in section three of this act or more than ten wild rabbits or more than three hare or to kill in any one week considering the week to begin on Monday morning and ending Saturday night more than one wild turkey or more than twenty ruffed grouse or more than twenty-five Virginia partridges commonly called quail or more than twenty woodcock or more than ten ring-neck pheasants or more than ten Hungarian quail or more than one bear or more than twenty of the combined kinds of squirrels named in section three of this act or more than thirty wild rabbits or more than fifteen hares or to kill in any one season more than two wild turkeys or more than thirty ruffed grouse or more than forty Virginia partridges commonly called quail or more than thirty wood-cock or more than twenty ring-neck pheasants or more than twenty Hungarian quail or more than forty squirrels of the combined kinds named in section three of this act or more than one bear or more than sixty wild rabbits or more than thirty hare or more than one deer which in every instance shall be a male deer with horns or antlers extending not less than two inches above the hair and it shall be unlawful fo rany person at any time to shoot or wound or kill or to attempt to wound or kill a female deer or fawn found in a wild state in this Commonwealth Provided That when it is is proven to the satisfaction of the Board of Game Commissioners that either deer or elk or rabbits are excessively destroying property and thereby becoming a nuisance in any section of the State the said Board of Game Commissioners shall have authority to at any time remove said animals from that neighborhood or to have the same killed as the case may require

Section 6 Except as provided for by the laws of this Commonwealth relating to the taking of quadrupeds and birds under the authority of the Board of Game Commissioners either by certificate or otherwise each and every person taking or killing or wounding or attempting to take kill or wound any quadruped or bird given protection by this act at a time other than that time fixed by this act as the open season for such quadruped or bird or that may be of a kind the killing of which is not specifically permitted by this act or that may be killed in excess of the number permitted by this act or that may be had in possession or be disposed of contrary to the provisions of this act shall upon conviction be liable to a penalty of one hundred dollars for each deer taken killed or wounded or attempted to be taken killed or wounded contrary to the provision of this act Each and every person violating any provision of this act relating to the taking of squirrels or rabbits or hare or raccoon in this State shall upon conviction be liable to a penalty of ten dollars for each squirrel or rabbit or hare or raccoon so taken killed or wounded or attempted to be so taken killed or wounded and each person who shall sell or attempt to sell or have in possession for sale an elk or deer or wild rabbit or hare or squirrel or part thereof killed in a wild state in this Commonwealth shall be liable to a penalty of two hundred dollars for each elk and one hundred dollars for each deer and ten dollars for each rabbit or hare or squirrel or part thereof so sold offered for sale or had in possession for sale and twenty-five dollars for each wild turkey ruffed grouse commonly called pheasant Virginia partridge commonly called quail or wood-cock killed either within or outside of this Commonwealth and twenty-five dollars for each ring-neck pheasant or Hungarian quail killed in a wild state within this Commonwealth sold offered for sale or had in possession for sale each and every person who shall take kill or wound or attempt to take kill or wound a bear contrary to the provisions of this act shall be liable to a penalty of fifty dollars and each and every person who shall take kill wound or attempt to take kill or wound a game bird given protection by this act at any time except during that time fixed as the open season for such game bird by this act or who shall take or kill such birds in excess of the daily weekly or yearly limit fixed for such birds by this act shall be liable to a penalty of twenty-five dollars for each bird taken killed wounded or attempted to be taken killed or wounded contrary to any provision of this act

Section 7 It shall be unlawful for any person in this Commonwealth to kill game of any description for wages or hire or in evasion of this provision and to that end it shall be unlawful for any person acting as a guide to deliver or in any manner cause to be delivered to the benefit of his employer game of any description killed in this Commonwealth or for the employer of a guide to receive game of any description killed by such guide while in his employ Each and every person who acting as a guide shall violate any provision of this section shall be liable to a penalty of one hundred dollars for each deer and twenty-five dollars for each game bird and ten dollars for each rabbit or hare or squirrel he may kill and apply to the benefit of his employer and each employer accepting game of any description killed by a person employed as a guide shall be liable to a penalty of one hundred dollars for each deer and twenty-five dollars for each game bird and ten dollars for each rabbit or hare or squirrel he may thus receive

Section 8 It shall be unlawful for any person in this Commonwealth to ship game of any description by Parcel Post or to ship by express or as freight or baggage or by common carrier of any description any bird or animal or part thereof commonly known as game killed in this Commonwealth or for any common carrier in this Commonwealth to transport game of any kind from one county to another county in this Commonwealth excepting where such game is accompanied by the owner thereof or is carried upon the same train with such owner and where such game is of a kind commonly known as small

game the same shall be carried upon the person or openly as hand baggage without cover in such manner as to be easily seen and inspected or when carried in baggage or boxed for shipment each package or box or receptacle of any description containing game shall have attached thereto a card bearing in English the name of the person owning same with the place of his residence the name of the county wherein same was killed and the number of each species of small game birds or animals contained in said package

Where the game shipped is of the kind commonly known as large game the carcass shall in all instances have attached a card bearing the name and address of the owner with the name of the county wherein same was killed Where large game is cut up for shipment each division thereof shipped uncovered and each package of every description containing any part of such game shall have attached a card bearing in English the name of the owner of such game with his home address and the character of the contents of such package so that such contents may be determined by an outside inspection of such package

Each and every person who shall transport or attempt to transport a game animal or game bird of any description or part thereof contrary to any provision of this section shall be liable to a penalty equal in amount to the penalty imposed by this act for the killing such animal or bird during the close season and each and every person acting for himself or for another or as the agent of a common shall be liable to a penalty of twenty-five dollars for each offense

Section 9 That from and after the passage of this act it shall be unlawful for any person in this Commonwealth to breed or sell ferrets or in any manner to offer to sell ferrets or to have such animals in possession except by virtue of a license to be issued by the Board of Game Commissioners of this Commonwealth which said license may be issued by the Board of Game Commissioners upon application made by any person and the payment of twenty-five dollars upon the part of a breeder of or dealer in ferrets and one dollar upon the part of such person as may desire to own a ferret without breeding same Each and every person violating any provision of this section shall upon conviction be liable to a penalty of twenty-five dollars for each ferret bred for sale sold or in any manner offered for sale or had in possession contrary to the provisions of this section Each and every ferret found in possession of any person in this Commonwealth contrary to the provisions of this section shall upon conviction of such person or his acknowledgment of guilt be immediately destroyed by any officer of the State whose duty it is to protect the game and wild birds of this Commonwealth and it shall be the right of any citizen of the Commonwealth to kill a ferret when found at large and beyond the control of its owner

Section 10 It shall be unlawful for any person in this Commonwealth to take or kill or wound or to attempt to take or kill or wound any game bird protected by this act or any deer or bear or rabbit or hare or squirrel except through the use of a gun held in the hands of the hunter Provided That as a protection to growing crops vegetables and fruit trees rabbits may be killed by the owner or lessee of lands or by the employe of such owner or lessee upon which lands such animals may be committing depredations at any time and in such manner as may be best suited to secure the desired end

Provided also That it shall be lawful to use steel traps not to exceed in size a standard No. 3 in this Commonwealth for the purpose of taking wild cats and other wild animals classed as vermin so long as such traps are not set where rabbits and other protected game may be caught in such traps

Each and every person violating any provision of this section shall upon conviction be liable to a penalty of one hundred dollars for each deer and fifty dollars for each bear and ten dollars for each rabbit or hare or squirrel and twenty-five dollars for each game bird killed or wounded or attempted to be killed or wounded contrary to the provisions of this Section

Section 11 Each and every magistrate justice of the peace and alderman within this Commonwealth shall have the power of summary conviction in matters pertaining to violation of any of the provisions of this act All actions for violations of any of the provisions of this act except where the defendant is taken in the act of violating the law or in a pursuit immediately following such violation shall be commenced by affidavit made within two years after the date of such violation and any magistrate justice of the peace or alderman in this Commonwealth on complaint made before him by affidavit by one or more persons of a violation of any of the provisions of this act by any person is hereby authorized and required to issue his warrant under his hand and seal directed to any constable police officer game protector or any officer of the Commonwealth whose duty it is to protect the game and wild birds of the Commonwealth and cause such person to be brought before him such magistrate justice of the peace or alderman who shall hear the evidence and determine the guilt or innocence of the person accused and if such person be convicted of the offense charged he shall be sentenced to pay the full penalty prescribed by the section violated together with the costs of prosecution All penalties thus recovered in cases where the prosecutor is a salaried officer of the Commonwealth shall be immediately surrendered by the court receiving the same to the prosecutor who in turn as soon as may be shall forward or deliver such amount in full to the secretary of the Board of Game Commissioners at Harrisburg Where any citizen of the Commonwealth other than a salaried officer is the prosecutor one-half of any penalty thus collected shall be paid to such prosecutor by the court receiving the same and the remaining one-half shall be as soon as the case is fully determined before him forwarded by such magistrate justice of the peace or alderman to the Secretary of the Board of Game Commissioners at Harrisburg together with a statement of the cause for which such money shall have been collected the cost of which statement is hereby fixed at fifty cents and made a part of the costs of prosecution and it shall be the duty of said Secretary of the Board of Game Commissioners to at least once a month make return of moneys thus collected to the State Treasurer who shall keep the moneys thus collected as a fund separate and apart solely for the purpose of wild bird and game protection and for the purchase and propagation of game under the supervision of the Board of Game Commissioners of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and for the payment of bounties under the provisions of law The several purposes to which the fund so received by the State Treasurer shall be applied to be clearly designated by an act of the Legislature either in the general appropriation act or by separate appropriation for the payment of bounties Either the prosecutor or defendant being dissatisfied with the finding of the magistrate justice of the peace or alderman in a trial for a violation of any provision of this act shall be entitled to an appeal under the provisions of section fourteen of article five of the Constitution and the laws of Pennsylvania relating thereto which said court on the conviction of the defendant of such offense and his failure to pay the penalty in full imposed by this act together with the costs of prosecution shall commit such defendant to the common jail of the county for one day for each dollar of penalty imposed Provided That any person caught in the act or charged with a violation of any provisions of this act may at his discretion either before or after the bringing of the suit sign an acknowledgment of the offense committed and pay to any duly authorized game protector or deputy game protector the penalty in full as fixed by the section violated together with costs if any to date and the receipt which he shall receive therefrom and which in all instances shall bear the imprint of the seal of the Board of Game Commissioners and the signature of its Secretary shall be evidence of full satisfaction of the offense committed

Section 12 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act insofar as they relate to the various subjects and conditions considered by this act and specifically changed by its provisions are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 547, as follows:

An Act supplementing and amending sections three five and six of an act entitled "An Act to establish and maintain for the city of Philadelphia a house of correction employment and reformation for adults and minors" approved the second day of June one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one as amended by the act of first of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty five and as amended by the act twentieth of April one thousand nine hundred and three by depriving the mayor or recorder or any alderman of the city of Philadelphia or police magistrate or justice of the peace from any jurisdiction over certain causes set out in such act and placing the said jurisdiction over such causes in a judge or judges court of the municipal court of Philadelphia

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section three of an act entitled "An Act to establish and maintain for the city of Philadelphia a house of correction employment and reformation for adults and minors" which reads as follows

"Section 3 The director of public safety may commit thereto any and all persons who are willing to be so committed and the mayor or recorder of the city of Philadelphia the inspectors of the county prison and all committing magistrates in the city and county of Philadelphia may and they are hereby authorized to commit to said house of correction employment and reformation for any period of time not less than three nor more than twelve months all or any person or persons who under existing laws are liable to be committed to places of confinement who shall apply to them for such purposes all persons adults or minors that may hereafter be convicted according to the existing laws of this Commonwealth before the mayor or recorder or any alderman of the city of Philadelphia as a vagrant or drunkard or disorderly street walker shall be sentenced to suffer confinement in the said house of correction employment or reformation for the terms hereinafter mentioned and to be fed clothed and treated in the manner hereinafter mentioned and any minors not under sixteen years of age except by permission of the Director of Public Safety absenting themselves from school or who shall disobey their parents' command or be found idle in the street may be arrested upon the complaint of the parent of the said said minor or upon the complaint of any citizen and after the examination of the case if the mayor recorder or magistrate shall deem the charges sustained he shall commit said minor to the house of correction employment and reformation for such length of time as he may regard proper Provided That the time of incarceration for a boy shall not exceed his maturity twenty-one years of age nor a girl beyond the age of eighteen years

except in cases where a commitment for the time heretofore named of not less than three months nor more than twelve months would exceed the ages specified and Director of Public Safety have power in his discretion to place the said children committed to his care during the time of commitment of said children at such employments and cause them to be instructed in such branches of useful knowledge as may be suited to their years and capacities and to place them at such work as they may be able to do and to bind them out to such tradesmen or employers as may offer to receive them until the expiration of their commitment under such regulations and conditions as the Director of Public Safety may agree upon" be and the same is herewith amended and suplemented to read as follows

Section 3 The Director of Public Safety may commit thereto any and all persons who are willing to be so committed and any judge or judges of the municipal court of Philadelphia may and they are hereby authorized to commit to said house of correction employment or reformation for any period of the time not less than three or more than twelve months all or any person or persons who under existing laws are liable to becommitted to places of confinement who shall apply to them for such purpose all persons adults or minors that may hereafter be convicted according to the existing laws of this Commonwealth before the mayor or recorder or any alderman of the city of Philadelphia as a vagrant drunkard and all persons adults or minors that may hereafter be convicted as disorderly street-walkers according to existing laws of this Commonwealth before any judge or judges of the municipal court of Philadelphia may be sentenced to suffer confinement in the said house of correction employment or reformation for the terms hereinafter mentioned and to be fed clothed and treated in the manner hereinafter mentioned and any minors not under sixteen years of age except by permission of the Director of Public Safety absenting themselves from school or who shall disobey their parents command or be found idle in the streets may be arrested upon the complaint of the parents of said minor or upon the complaint of any citizen and after the examination of the case if any judge or judges of the municipal court of Philadelphia may deem the charges sustained he or they shall commit said minor to the house of correction employment and reformation for such length of time as he or they may regard proper Provided That the time of incarceration for a boy shall not exceed his maturity twenty-one years of age nor a girl beyond the age of eighteen years except in cases where a commitment for the time heretofore named of not less than three months nor more than twelve months would exceed the ages specified and the Director of Public Safety shall have power in his discretion to place the said children committed to his care during the time of commitment of the said children at such employments and cause them to be instructed in such branches of useful knowledge as may be suited to their years and capacities and to place them at such work as they may be able to do and to bind them out to such tradesmen or employers as may offer to receive them until the expiration of their commitment under the regulations and conditions as the Director of Public Safety may agree upon

Section 2 That section five of an act entitled "An Act to establish and maintain for the city of Philadelphia a house of correction employment and reformation for adults and minors" which reads as follews

Section 5 Upon complaint made on oath to any police magistrate or justice of the peace against any child within the city of Philadelphia not under the age of sixteen by his parents or guardian or other person standing to him or her in place of a parent as being disorderly such magistrate or justice shall issue his warrant for the apprehension of the offender and cause him or her to be brought before himself or any other police magistrate or justice for examination" be and the same is herewith amended and supplemented to read as follows

Section 5 Upon complaint made on oath to any judge or judges of the municipal court of Philadelphia against any child within the city of Philadelphia not under the age of sixteen by his or her parent or guardian or other person standing to him or her in place of a parent as being disorderly such judge or judges of the municipal court of Philadelphia shall issue his warrant for the apprehension of the offender and cause him or her to be brought before himself or any other judge of the municipal court of Philadelphia for examination

Section 3 That section six of an act entitled "An Act to establish and maintain for the city of Philadelphia a house of correction employment and reformation for the adults and minors" which reads as follows

Section 6 If such magistrate or justice be satisfied by competent testimony that such person is a disorderly child within the description aforesaid he shall make up and sign a record of conviction thereof and shall by warrant under his hand commit such person to the house of correction employment and reformation and the powers and duties of the said Director of Public Safety in relation to the said children shall be the same in all things as are prescribed as to other minors received by them and it shall be the duty of such magistrate or justice as aforesaid in addition to the record of conviction to annex the names and residence of the different witnesses examined before him and the substance of the testimony given by them respectively on which the said conviction was founded Provided That any person committed shall have the same right of appeal as is now secured by law to persons convicted of criminal offenses but on such appeal more informality in the issuing of any warrant shall not be held to be sufficient cause for granting a discharge" be and the same is herewith amended to read as follows

Section 6 If such judge or judges of the municipal court of Philadelphia be satisfied by competent testimony that such person is a disorderly child within the description aforesaid he may make up and sign a record of conviction thereof and may by warrant under his hand commit such person to the house of correction employment and reformation and the power and duties of said Director of Public Safety in relation to said children shall be the same in all things as are prescribed as to other minors received by them and it shall be the duty of such judge or judges of the municipal court of Philadelphia as aforesaid in addition to the record of conviction to annex the names and residences of the different witnesses examined before him or them respectively on which the said conviction was founded Provided That any person committed shall have the same right of appeal as is now secured by law to persons convicted of criminal offenses but on such appeal mere informality in the issuing of any warrant shall not be held to be sufficient cause for granting a discharge

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 561, as follows:

An Act to provide for the modification of the plans of the New Western Penitentiary in Centre county so as to provide larger or additional buildings in order to accommodate the inmates of the Eastern Penitentiary as well as of the Western Penitentiary for the consolidation of said institutions into one to be known as the State Penitentiary of Pennsylvania

Whereas By authority of law a large tract of land in Centre county has been acquired by the Commonwealth for the purpose of establishing thereon the Western Penitentiary with a view of giving to the inmates thereof abundant employment in healthful out-door occupations and rendering the institution largely self-supporting and

Whereas The said tract of land is situated near to the centre of the State and is an ample area to justify the establishment thereon of a penitentiary of sufficient capacity to provide for the inmates of the Eastern Penitentiary as well as of the said Western Penitentiary and

Whereas The Eastern Penitentiary is located in a district which has become closely built up so that the inmates thereof have no opportunity for farming or other useful or healthful out-door employment but must of necessity be kept largely in idleness to their own physical and moral injury and

Whereas The combination of the said Eastern Penitentiary and the Western Penitentiary in one institution under one management would tend to uniformity and efficiency as well as to great economy in administration therefore

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the plans for the buildings of the new Western Penitentiary in Centre county be so modified as to provide larger or additional buildings or both as the board in charge thereof and the Governor may approve of sufficient capacity for the accomodation of the present and future inmates of the Eastren Penitentiary as well as of the Western Penitentiary and that all provisions in erecting and constructing the buildings upon said tract of land in Centre county be made with a view to the future accomodations therein of all the inmates of both of said penitentiaries and the future operation thereof as one institution

Section 2 Upon the completion of the said buildings the inmates of the said Eastern Penitentiary as well as the inmates of the said Western Penitentiary shall be transferred to the said institution whereupon the said institution shall become and be known as the Pennsylvania State Penitentiary The said consolidation shall take effect when the said buildings shall be completed which shall be ascertained by the Governor and announced by proclamation Thereupon and until further provisions shall be made by law the inspectors of said Eastern Penitentiary and the inspectors of said Western Penitentiary shall together constitute the board of inspectors of said Pennsylvania State Penitentiary and shall manage the said institution under such regulations consistent with law as they with the approval of the Governor may adopt

Section 3 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To transcribed for a third reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 561, the bill just read, be recommitted to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. MARTIN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 572, as follows:

An Act to revive and continue in force the provisions of an act entitled "An Act to extend the time during which corporations may hold and convey the titled to real estate heretofore brought under execution or conveyed to them in satisfaction of debts and now remaining in their hands unsold" approved the tenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven insofar as it relates to banking companies amending and extending the same and giving said banking companies the right to bring suit and maintain an action either at law or in equity and to maintain any action already brought for the recovery or possession of property so bought the same as an individual could do

Section 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the provisions of an act entitled "An Act to extend the time during which corporations may hold and convey the title to real estate heretofore bought

under execution or conveyed to them in satisfaction of debts and now remaining in their hands unsold" approved the tenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven which reads as follows

"Whereas Owing to the depreciation in the value of real estate many corporations have been obliged to purchase real estate under executions or take conveyances thereof in order to save their claims thereon and by their charters are authorized to hold the same only for a limited time and owing to such continued depression in prices have been unable to sell and dispose of the same therefore

"Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the time during which all corporations are authorized by law and their charters to hold and convey real estate acquired by them under execution or in satisfaction of debts be and the same is hereby extended to all property heretofore bought and now held by such corporations for and during a further period of five years from and after the expiration of the time during which as aforesaid they are now so authorized to hold and convey the same" be and the same is hereby revived continued and extended insofar as it relates to banking companies for a period of five years from and after the passage of this act and further amended as follows That said banking companies foreign or within the State having purchased real estate under execution or executions or taken conveyances thereof in order to save their claims or loans previously made shall have the right to bring any action at law or in equity or maintain any such action already brought to recover the possession of said real estate the same as an individual could do if the property had been purchased by him Provided however That nothing in this act shall apply to railroad right of ways

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 587 (House Bill No. 779), as follows:

An Act to amend the first section of an act entitled "An Act enabling the libellant in all proceedings for divorce on the ground of desertion to testify to the fact of desertion and to the efforts made by him or her to enduce the respondent to return and resume the marital relation" approved June eighth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred eleven by enabling the libellant to testify where the cause of divorce is personal abuse or conduct on the part of either the husband or wife as to render the condition of the other intolerable and life burdensome or when the husband shall have by cruel and barbarous treatment endangered his wife's life or offered such indignities to her person as to render her condition intolerable and life burdensome

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section one of an act entitled "An Act enabling the libellant in all proceedings for divorce on the ground of desertion to testify to the fact of desertion and to the efforts made by him or her to induce the respondent to return and resume the marital relation" approved the eighth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven which read as follows

"Section 1 That in all proceedings for divorce on the ground of desertion the libellant shall be fully competent to prove the fact of desertion and the efforts if any made by him or her to induce the respondent to return and resume the marital relation though the respondent may not have been personally served with the subpoena or with a rule to take depositions and may not be residing within this Commonwealth but has been served by publication only" be so amended as to read

Section 1 That in all proceedings for divorce the libellant shall be fully competent to prove all the facts though the respondent may not have been personally served with a libel subpoena or rule to take depositions and may not be residing within the Commonwealth but has been served by publication only

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill 591 (House Bill No. 619), entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act authorizing companies incorporated under the laws of any other State of the United States for the manufacture of any form of iron steel or glass to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments and to take have and hold real estate necessary and proper for manufacturing purposes" approved the ninth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one extending the same to companies formed for the purpose of quarrying slate granite stone or rocks or for dressing polishing working or manufacturing the same or any of them and to mineral springs companies incorporated for the purpose of bottling and selling natural mineral springs water' approved the sixteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three" approved the nineteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one extending the same to companies formed for the purpose of manufacturing and selling chemicals foodstuffs cement and cement products and the quarrying of cement rock' approved May twenty-eight one thousand nine hundred and seven extending the same to companies incorporated for the manufacture buying selling leasing using and operation of electrical apparatus and machinery and articles of every kind appertaining to or in any wise connected with the production use regulation control distribution or application of electricity or electrical energy or products for any use or purpose constructing acquiring using selling buying or leasing any works construction or plant or part thereof connected with or involving such use distribution regulation control or application of electricity or the control or use of electrical apparatus for any purpose and of producing furnishing and supplying electricity or electrical apparatus in any form and for any purpose and to carry on a general manufacturing business approved the twenty-third day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven extending the same to companies incorporated for the manufacture of any clay into brick tile or other articles and products produced from clay or from clay and other substances mixed therewith"

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 598 (House Bill No. 432) entitled:

An Act relating to the administration of the estate of an intestate decedent

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 609 (House Bill No. 885) as follows:

An Act extending the powers and duties of Foresters Forest Rangers Game Protectors Deputy Game Protectors Special Deputy Game Protectors Fish Wardens and Deputy Fish Wardens of this Commonwealth

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from and after the approval of this act it shall be the duty of each Forester and Forest Ranger in this Commonwealth to enforce all the laws relating to Forestry Fish and Game it shall be the duty of every Game Protector Deputy Game Protector or Special Deputy Game Protector commissioned in this Commonwealth to enforce all the laws relating to Fish Game and Forestry it shall be the duty of every Fish Warden or Deputy Fish Warden commissioned in this Commonwealth to enforce all the laws relating to Game Fish and Forestry under the direction of that Department or Commission into whose special care the interests of these several subjects have been entrustd namly all proscutions for violation of laws relating to Forestry shall be brought under the direction of the Department of Forestry all prosecutions for violation of the Fish Laws shall be brought under the direction of the Department of Fisheries and all prosecutions for violation of the Game Laws shall be brought under the direction of the Board of Game Commissioners and to that end the powers of all the officers aforesaid are hereby extended in such a way as to give them full authority to carry out the purpose of this act

Section 2 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with this act in so far as they relate to the various subjects and conditions considered by this act and specifically changed by its provisions are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 612, as follows:

An Act to validate bonds of any school district in this Commonwealth and the indebtedness represented by said bonds heretofore issued since the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven when such indebtedness or increase of indebtedness was not incurred and such bonds were not issued at the time of assessing and levying the annual school taxes

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That in all cases where indebtedness of any school district of this Commonwealth has been increased since the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven and bonds to represent said indebtedness have heretofore been issued and sold to purchasers for value and all proceedings antecedent to the issuance of said bonds have been duly and regularly had and performed as prescribed by the laws of this Commonwealth saving and excepting only that such indebtedness or increase of indebtedness was not incurred and such bonds were not issued therefor at the time of assessing and levying the annual school taxes as required by the five hundred and sixth section of an act of Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenues to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenues and repealing such laws general special or local or any parts thereof that may be inconsistent therewith" approved the eighteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven said bonds so issued and said indebtedness so incurred are hereby declared to be valid and shall be held and judged to be valid and sufficient in law to all intents and purposes Provided however That nothing herein contained shall validate any bonds which may have been improperly and illegally executed or sold or delivered

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 622 (House Bill No. 623) entitled:

An Act giving district attorneys authority with the approval of the court of quarter sessions of the proper county or any judge thereof to employ expert and special witnesses to assist in the preparation and trial of criminal cases to employ special investigators and detectives and to employ persons to assist in apprehending and extraditing fugitives from justice and to determine the compensation of said witnesses investigators detectives and persons and to approve the bills of the same and authorizing the payment of said bills out of the treasury of the proper county

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 622, the bill just read, be recommitted to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. TOMPKINS. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 644, entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to create a Legislative Reference Bureau in the Pennsylvania State Library authorizing the appointment of a Reference Director and subordinate officers defining their duties and fixing their compensation" approved the twenty-seventh day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine (Pamphlet Laws page one thousand nine hundred and eight) as amended by an act entitled "An Act amending the second third fourth and seventh sections of an act approved the twenty-seventh day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled 'An Act to create a Legislative Reference Bureau in the Pennsylvania State Library authorizing the appointment of a Reference Director and subordinate officers defining their duties and fixing their compensation' by providing for additional permanent and emergency employes in the Bureau and fixing their salaries increasing the salaries of the Director and Assistant Director and increasinlg the powers and duties of the Director" approved the twenty-first day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven (Pamphlet Laws page one thousand nine hundred and eleven page seventy-six)

The first section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the second section of the act approved the twenty-seventh day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled "An Act to create a Legislative Reference Bureau in the Pennsylvania State Library authorizing the appointment of a Reference Director and subordinate officers defining their duties and fixing their compensation" as amended by "An Act amending the second third fourth and seventh sections of an act approved the twenty-seventh day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled "An Act to create a Legislative Reference Bureau in the Pennsylvania State Library authorizing the appointment of a Reference Director and subordinate officers defining their duties and fixing their Compensation" by providing for additional permanent and emergency employes in the bureau and fixing their salaries increasing the salaries of the director and the assistant director and increasing the powers and duties of the director" which reads

"Section 2 The Director of the said Legislative Reference Bureau of the Pennsylvania State Library shall be appointed by the Governor by and with the advice and consent of the Senate to hold office for four years from the date of his appointment and he shall be well qualified by experience knowledge and ability to conduct the work of the bureau he shall be well versed in legislative procedure and parlimentary practice and shall in such matters when called upon be ex-officio adviser to the General Assembly and shall receive a salary of five thousand dollars per annum and his traveling expenses actually and necessarily incurred in the performance of his official duties He shall give bond in the sum of ten thousand dollars to be approved by the Governor for the faithful performance of his duties and he shall devote his whole time and attention to the duties of his office He shall have custody of the law library and the publications therein of the various State governments and the United States Government which may be generally classed as legislative documents" is hereby amended so as to read

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. President, I move to amend section 1, in line 10, by inserting after the word "by" the words "An act entitled"; also in line 13, by striking out the double quotation marks before the word "an" and inserting in lieu thereof a single quotation mark; also in line 16, by striking out the double quotation mark after the word "compensation"; also in line 40, by striking out the double quotation mark before the word "Section"; also in line 57, by striking out the double quotation mark after the word "documents."

Mr. BURKE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The second section of the bill was read as follows and agreed to:

"Section 2 The director of the said Legislative Reference Bureau of the Pennsylvania State Library shall be appointed by the Governor by and with the advice and consent of the Senate to hold office for four years from the date of his appointment and he shall be well qualified by experience knowledge and ability to conduct the work of the bureau he shall be well versed in Legislative procedure and parliamentary practice and shall in such matters when called upon be ex-officio adviser to the General Assembly and shall receive a salary of five thousand dollars per annum and his traveling expenses actually and necessarily incurred in the performance of his official duties He shall give bond in the sum of ten thousand dollars to be approved by the Governor for the faithful performance of his duties and he shall devote his whole time and attention to the duties of his office He shall have access to the law library and the publications therein of the various State governments and the United States Government which may be generally classed as Legislative documents"

The title of the bill was read as follows:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to create a Legislative Reference Bureau in the Pennsylvania State Library authorizing the appointment of a Reference Director and subordinate officers defining their duties and fixing their compensation" approved the twenty-seventh day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine (Pamphlet Laws of Pennsylvania one thousand nine hundred and nine page two hundred and eight) as amended by an act entitled "An Act amending the second third fourth and seventh sections of an act approved the twenty-seventh day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled 'An Act to create a Legislative Reference Bureau in the Pennsylvania State Library authorizing the appointment of a reference director and subordinate officers defining their duties and fixing their compensation' by providing for additional permament and emergency employes in the bureau and fixing their salaries increasing the salaries of the director and assistant director and increasing the powers and duties of the directors" approved the twenty-first day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven (Pamphlet Laws of Pennsylvania one thousand nine hundred and eleven page seventy-six)

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the title?

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. President, I move to amend the title in line 20, by striking out the word "directors" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "director."

Mr. BURKE. Mr. President, I second the motion

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the title as amended?

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 662, as follows:

An Act regulating the licensing of dealers in intoxicating liquors in the county of Schuylkill creating a liquor license commission for said county prescribing its powers and duties providing for the appointment of commissioners by the Governor and imposing certain duties upon the county commissioners and expenses upon said county

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the term "license" as used in this act shall include all licenses granted to retail dealers wholesale dealers brewers distillers rectifiers compounders storekeepers agents and bottlers.

Section 2 A commission of three persons is hereby created to be known as the Liquor License Commission of the county of Schuylkill The clerk of the court of quarter sessions shall be ex-officio one of the members of said commission

Section 3 On or before the first day of July one thousand nine hundred fifteen and every fourth year thereafter the Governor of the Commonwealth shall appoint from among the electors of the county of Schuylkill two commissioners of liquor licenses for a term of four years Vacancies in the office of commissioner shall be filled by appointment by the Governor for the unexpired term

Section 4 Each of the commissioners appointed by the Governor shall receive an annual salary of fifteen hundred dollars Such salaries shall be paid monthly out of the county treasury

Section 5 As soon as possible after the appointment of the commissioners the commission shall organize by electing a president The clerk of the courts of quarter sessions shall be ex-officio clerk to such commission The office of the commission shall be in the offices now occupied by the clerk of the courts The county commissioners of said county shall provide suitable rooms for the meeting of the commissioners for the hearing of license applications and transfers

Section 6 After the first day of July one thousand nine hundred fifteen all licenses granted to retail dealers wholesale dealers brewers distillers rectifiers compounders store-keepers agents and bottlers in the county of Schuylkill and all transfers thereof shall be granted only by the liquor license commission of the county of Schuylkill

Section 7 The commission shall sit during the month of January and hear all applications for renewal of licenses and applications for new licenses The date when the commission will begin its hearing shall be fixed by rule or standing order of the commission

Section 8 Every person intending to apply for a license in said county shall file with the clerk of the commission an application in the form and with a like bond and to be executed in the same manner is now provided by law All applications shall be filed at least three weeks before the first day fixed for the hearing of such applications The applicant shall at the time of filing his application pay to the clerk of the commission a filing fee of five dollars

Section 9 All applications for licenses shall be published by the commission at least three times in two newspapers designated by the commission Such advertisements shall set forth the name of each applicant the residence of the applicant and the location of the place by municipality and ward or township in which such place is located The first publication shall be not less than fifteen nor more than twenty-five days before the time fixed for hearing by the commission

Section 10 All licenses now in force within said county shall be renewed annually by said commission if proper applications with good and sufficient bonds are filed therefor and no violations have been certified to the commission and the applicant is a citizen of the United States and of good moral character and temperate habits

Section 11 No new licenses shall be granted within said county of Schuylkill by the commission until the licenses within said county have been reduced to a number less than one license including licenses of all kinds for each five hundred inhabitants as shown by the last preceding United States census Thereafter the commissioners shall at no time grant licenses in number in excess of one for every five hundred inhabitants New licenses shall be granted only to citizens of the United States of temperate habits and of good moral character

Section 12 No remonstrances for the revocation of any license or against the renewal or transfer of any license except as hereinafter provided may be filed with such commission Remonstrances may be filed with and heard by the commission against the granting of a new license to a place not licensed the prior year Remonstrances may be filed in the court of quarter sessions as now provided by law at any time during the year No such remonstrance shall be considered by the court of quarter sessions unless it alleges violations of law during the year for which the license was granted Whenever any remonstrance is filed the court shall fix a time for the hearing of such remonstrance and upon the petition of either the remonstrant or the licensee the same shall be heard before a jury of twelve men The fact to be submitted to the jury shall be "has the law regulating the sale of intoxicating liquors been violated" A verdict of a jury upon such question shall be conclusive and no appeal therefrom shall be allowed in any case

Section 13 Whenever any jury or the court of quarter sessions in any case where a jury trial is not petitioned for shall find that the law regulating the sale of intoxicating liquors has been violated the court shall immediately certify such finding to the commissioners of liquor licenses and it shall be unlawful for the commissioners to grant any renewal of such license to such person or to any other person for said property for the year following

Section 14 If any person to whom a license is granted shall neglect to pay to the county treasurer the sum payable for such license as now provided by law within fifteen days after the granting of his or her application then the said license shall be deemed to be revoked and may not thereafter be lifted

Section 15 The commission shall sit at least once in each month for the hearing of all applications for transfers of licenses Applications for transfers of licenses shall be filed at least ten days before the day fixed for hearing the same A fee of five dollars shall be paid at the time of such filing Intention to apply for such transfer shall be advertised twice in at least two newspapers to be designated by the commission Such advertisement shall set forth the name of the holder of such license the name of the applicant for the transfer thereof the residence of each such person the location of the licensed place by municipality ward or township and the date when such application will be heard At all hearings for transfers remonstrances as to the moral character and temperate habits of the new applicant may be heard by the commission

Section 16 All fees collected under the provisions of this act by the clerk of the commission shall be fees of the office of the clerk of quarter sessions and shall be credited as such All advertising provided for by this act shall be under the direction of the commission and shall be paid for out of the county treasury

Section 17 The commission shall make such rules and regulations regulating the finding publishing granting and transferring of licenses as may be necessary and shall have the power to issue subpoenas to compel the attendance of witnesses

Section 18 All acts and parts of acts inconsistent or supplied by this act are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order.

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 668, as follows:

An Act establishing in counties of a population of from two hundred thousand inhabitants to three hundred and twenty-five thousand inhabitants a board for the assessment and revision of taxes prescribing

their powers duties and salaries and abolishing the office of city borough township and ward assessors

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That in counties containing a population of not less than two hundred thousand inhabitants nor more than three hundred and twenty-five thousand inhabitants as shown by the last preceding United States census all assessments and valuations of property whether real or personal taxable for all purposes including State city county school poor road borough and township or otherwise also occupations and military enrollment except license and mercantile taxes shall be made by a board consisting of three persons to be designated as the board for the assessment and revision of taxes The members of the said board not more than two of whom shall be of the same political party shall be appointed by the county commissioners in manner following One member for two years one member for three and one member for four years and thereafter each succeeding appointment shall be in for the term of four years the purpose being to create a continuing board The county commissioners shall fill all vacancies occurring from time to time in the said board and shall furnish an office in the court house for the use of said board The said board shall designate one of its members as president of the board and each member of the board shall receive a salary of three thousand dollars per annum payable monthly out of the county treasury They shall receive all expenses necessarily incurred in the performance of their duties

Section 2 The said board shall divide the county into convenient districts and shall appoint one subordinate assessor for each district the subordinate assessors shall with the co-operation and under the jurisdiction of the said board make assessments and valuations of all property taxable for all purposes showing the value of the land and improvements thereon separately according to its full value based on such price as in their judgment the same would bring after full public notice thereof together with a list of all persons taxable upon occupation or subject to military enrollment in their respective districts Said subordinate assessors shall on or before the first Monday of November of the year preceding the triennial assessment in such counties file the assessments and valuations with the said board Insofar as respects State taxes valuation and assessment shall be made by the said board annually on or before the thirty-first day of December Thereupon the said board shall examine and revise the valuations and assessments increasing or decreasing them as in their judgment may seem to be proper or adding thereto such property or subjects of taxation as may have been omitted After such revision the said board shall by rule fix convenient times for the hearing of all appeals from the said assessments and valuations After the hearing of appeals and after making whatever changes may be considered proper the valuation and assessments as ascertained and revised shall stand as the valuation and assessments for all purposes until the next triennial assessment and shall be made every three years thereafter The said board shall revise the assessments according to right and equity between the triennial assessments by adding thereto new increased or omitted subjects of taxation and the revising or reducing of valuation if it is proper to do so Upon request any taxpayer shall at any time receive from the said board a statement of his taxable property and its valuation also written notice setting forth the valuation fixed by the said board shall be sent to each property owner in manner heretofore provided by law at least ten days previous to the appeal day when the triennial assessment shall be fixed either for the whole county or in districts thereof notice of that fact shall be given by publication in not more than two newspapers of the county and of a time or times at which appeals will be heard After hearing the appeals the said board shall take such action in regard to them as may be right and proper After such action on the appeals any taxpayer who is dissatisfied with the assessment upon his property may within thirty days from the final fixing of the assessments and valuation appeal to the court of common pleas of the county It shall be the duty of court at once to hear and determine said appeal and if necessary to make such change therein as may be proper In case of any change by the board during intervals between the triennial assessments as provided for in this section if there is any increase in any particular assessments or the addition of any omitted subject of taxation the taxpayer affected shall if a resident of the county have written or printed notice left at his residence at least ten days before the change is made and if a nonresident then the notice shall be posted on the property and a copy of such notice shall be mailed to his last known address as shown on the tax records Such taxpayer may appeal as provided above to the court of common pleas and such court shall take action as provided above in case of other appeals The subordinate assessors provided for in this act shall receive the sum of three dollars per day for the time actually occupied in the discharge of their duties The said board shall appoint its own clerks and fix their compensation with approval of salary board All salaries and expenses shall be paid out of the county treasury

Section 3 When the valuations and assessments are so made all taxation by the taxing agencies within the county shall be based upon such valuation

Section 4 The said board shall at once on the completion of the said assessment certify to the several taxing agencies within the county the total valuation within such subdivision thereof within thirty days after such valuation has been received by any such taxing agency the said taxing agency shall certify to the board the per centum of taxes upon each dollar of valuation levied within such district and for what purpose

Section 5 The said board shall prepare all duplicates for several taxing agencies and certify the same to the duly elected or appointed person whose duty it is to collect the taxes for such subdivision within the county such duplicate shall separate and show against the name of each taxable the valuation of property or occupation and the amount of each and every tax levied .

Section 6 The office of city borough township or ward assessor or assessors as now existing in the counties coming under the provision of this act is hereby abolished

Section 7 Whenever within the counties coming under the provisions of this act there are located cities of the second and third classes then and in that event the operation of existing laws governing such cities be and are hereby amended or repealed in so far as the same are in conflict with or are supplied by the provisions of this act

Section 8 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with or supplied by this act are hereby repealed

Section 9 This act shall take effect on the first day of July one thousand nine hundred and fifteen

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 675 (House Bill No. 852), entitled:

An Act providing for the registration of ownership to real estate in cities of the second class for the use of said cities to facilitate the assessment levy and collection of taxes and municipal claims in such classes authorizing the preservation and use of records heretofore employed in such cities for such purposes

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 679 (House Bill No. 963), entitled:

An Act to amend section twenty-one of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the protection and preservation of game game quadrupeds and game birds and song and insectivorous and other wild birds and prescribing penalties for violation of its several provisions" approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine by extending the season during which dogs may be trained

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 694, entitled:

An Act amending sections one two twelve thirteen fourteen fififtеen sixteen twenty twenty-one twenty-two twenty-four twenty-six and twenty-seven of an act entitled "An Act providing for the location construction operation and maintenance by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania of a canal or waterway from the junction of the Ohio and Beaver rivers in Pennsylvania to Lake Erie at or near the mouth of Indian Creek in the State of Ohio with all appurtenances necessary or convenient for the purpose and for the utilization of the water power developed or created in the construction and operation thereof providing for the payment of the cost of construction of said canal or waterway and appurtenances out of funds to be contributed by certain counties in the State of Pennsylvania Ohio and West Virginia or any of them and by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and other public authorities providing for the creation of a canal board to have charge of said work prescribing and defining the powers and duties of said board and the conditions under when the said work shall be carried on providing for the payment or damages sustained by reason of the appropriation of property and rights in the exercise of the right of eminent domain herein conferred providing for the reimbursement in the manner provided in this act of said counties contributing to the payment of the cost of constructing said canal or waterway and appurtenances imposing certain duties upon the Auditor General and State Treasurer authorizing the said canal board to make certain rules and regulations for the use of said canal and making violations thereof misdemeanors and providing penalties therefor and making an appropriation for carrying out certain provisions of this act" approved the twenty-seventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen by making provision among other things for the following providing for a change or depth of the canal or waterway an alternative route and branch canals regulating the utilization of surplus water authorizing the Canal Board to make deviations in certain cases from the route of said canal or waterway as located by it regulating the number of members of which the Canal Board may consist and defining their duties and powers in certain respects regulating and limiting the tolls and charges to be collected for the use of the canal or waterway and defining the rights of the public in the use of said canal or waterway providing for the utilization of surplus water dire ting that certain of the public authorities contributing to the cost of constructing said canal or waterway and appurtenances be reimbursed out of the surplus revenues of said canal or waterway in the manner herein set forth providing a method for receiving the appropriations in money or bonds made by the contributing authorities and regulating the sale of bonds so contributed and imposing certain duties upon the Treasurer of the Commonwealth in connection therewith and in other respects enlarging the powers of eminent domain

in certain cases and regulating the method of its exercise providing for the manner of paying the expenses incident to changing the location of or altering or otherwise modifying certain works and the crossing of highways and railroads by the canal its branches or channels and regulating the manner of letting certain contracts

The first section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section one of an of an act entitled "An Act providing for the location construction operation and maintenance by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania of a canal or waterway from the junction of the Ohio and Beaver rivers in Pennsylvania to Lake Erie at or near the mouth of Indian Creek in the State of Ohio with all appurtenances necessary or convenient for the purpose and for the utilization of the water-power developed or created in the construction and operation thereof providing for the payment of the cost of construction of said canal or waterway and appurtenances out of funds to be contributed by certain counties in the States of Pennsylvania Ohio and West Virginia or any of them and by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and other public authorities Providing for the creation of of a canal board to have charge of said work prescribing and defining the powers and duties of said board and the conditions under which the said work shall be carried on providing for the payment of damages sustained by reason of the appropriation of property and rights in the exercise of the right of eminent domain herein conferred providing for the reimbursement in the manner provided in this act of said counties contributing to the payment of the cost of constructing said canal or waterway and appurtenances imposing certain duties upon the Auditor General and State Treasurer authorizing the said canal board to make certain rules and regulations for the use of said canal and making violations thereof misdemeanors and providing penalties therefor and making an appropriation for carrying out certain provisions of this act" approved the twenty-seventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen which reads as follows

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authortiy of the same That the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania shall locate construct maintain and operate a canal or waterway having a navigable depth of not less than twelve feet from the junction of the Ohio and Beaver Rivers in Pennsylvania thence by way of the Beaver and Mahoning rivers in the State of Pennsylvania and the Mahoning river in the State of hio to a point at or near Niles Ohio thence northwardly through the State of Ohio to a terminal on Lake Erie at or near the mouth of Indian creek in the State of Ohio together with all such locks dams tunnels acqueducts feeders to supply water from any lakes rivers streams or watercourses docks harbors reservoirs for the supply of water for the canal or its feeders basins piers quays bridges viaducts sidings offices lock-houses telegraph and telephones lines power plants and all other structures appliances or devices of any and all kinds which may be necessary or convient for the proper construction maintenance and operation of said canal and the dcvelopement and utilization of the water-power that may be created in the construction and operation thereof

Whenever the words "canal or waterway and appurtenances" are hereafter used in this act they shall unless otherwise explained by the context be deemed to refer to and include the canal or waterway and all the works described in this section The cost of constructing and completing and installing the aforesaid canal or waterway and appurtenances including salaries and all other expenses incurred by the board hereinafter mentioned in accordance with the provisions of this act while doing said work shall be paid out of funds provided in the manner hereinafter set forth" be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania shall locate construct maintain and operate a navigable interstate canal or waterway having a depth of not less than nine feet from the junction of the Ohio and Beaver rivers in the State of Pennsylvania thence by way of the Beaver and Mahoning rivers in the State of Pennsylvania and the Mahoning river in the State of Ohio to a point in Trumbull county either at or near Niles Ohio or a short distance west of Warren Ohio thence northwardly through the State of Ohio to a terminal on Lake Erie at or near the mouth of Indian creek in the State of Ohio together with all such branch canals locks dams tunnels acqueducts feeders to supply water from any lakes rivers streams or water-courses docks harbors reservoirs for the supply of water for the canal or its feeders or for the regulation of stream flow basins piers quays bridges viaducts sidings offices lock-houses telegraph and telephone lines power plants and all other structures appliances or devices of any and all kinds which may be necessary or convenient for the proper constrution maintenance and operation of said canal and the utilization of the surplus water that may result from the construction and operation thereof

The board hereinafter mentioned is hereby authorized to make such deviations from the route located by it as may be necessary or desirable for increasing the utility of the waterway for bettering the alignment reducing curvature better placing of structures and their approaches securing better foundations or generally for any purpose tending to improve the canal or waterway and render its navigation safer and easier

Whenever the words "canal or waterway" or "canal or waterway and appurtenances" are hereafter used in this act they shall unless otherwise explained by the context be deemed to refer to and include the canal or waterway and all the works described in this section

The cost of the construction of such canal or waterway and appurtenances shall be raised by such voluntary contributions or appropriations in money or in bonds at their par value as have heretofore been made or as may hereafter be made pursuant to the authority of any present or future laws by the United States the State of Pennsylvania the Staet of Ohio the State of West Virginia and various counties cities towns municipal corporations or other political subdivisions of the States of Pennsylvania Ohio and West Virginia or by some or all of said United States and other public authorities

The tolls and charges collected for the use of such canal or waterway shall be such only as may be necessary to provide for the cost of the maintenance operation and improvement thereof and to repay contributions made in money or in bonds at their par value and interest on such bonds

The surplus revenues of such canal or waterway shall be distributed among such contributors to such cost substantially pro rata according to the amount of their several contributions in money or in bonds at their par value to such extent as may be necessary to repay to said contributors the amount of their several contributions made in money or in bonds at their par value with itnerest on such bonds

Such canal shall be free and open to the public generally upon complying with the reasonable rules and regulations and upon paying the reasonable tolls from time to time established for the use of such canal or waterway

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. THOMPSON. Mr. President, I move to amend section 1, in line 18, by striking out "siad" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "said"; also in line 31, by inserting a double quotation mark before the word "section."

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The second section of the bill was read as follows and agreed to:

Section 2 That section two of said act which reads as follows

"Section 2 The location construction maintenance management and operation of the said canal or waterway and appurtenances shall be in charge and under control of a board to be known as The Lake Erie and Ohio River Canal Board of Pennsylvania which shall have the powers and duties specified in this act and all powers necessary or proper to enable it to carry out the purpose hereof

The board shall consist of five members to be appointed by the Governor by and with the advice and consent of the Senate two of whom may be non-residents of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania The Governor shall designate one of the members of said board as president who when present shall preside at all meetings of the board The members of the board first appointed shall continue in office for the term of four five and six years respectively as designated by the Governor in making said appointments from the date of their appointment and until their successors shall have been appointed and shall have qualified The successors of the members first appointed from time to time as aforesaid shall be appointed and serve for a term of six years and until their successors shall have been appointed and shall have qualified except in cases of appointment to fill vacancies occuring otherwise than by lapse of time When a vacancy shall occur in the said board a member shall be appointed in the manner aforesaid for the unexpired term of the member in whose place the new member shall be appointed

If the Senate shall not be in session when this act is approved or when a vacancy occurs or a term of office of any member expires the Governor shall make his appointment subject to the approval of the Senate when convened

No vacancy in the board shall impair the right of the remaining members of the board to exercise all the powers of the board" be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows

Section 2 The lo ation construction maintenance management and operation of the said canal or water-way and appurtenances shall be in charge and under the control of a board to be known as The Lake Erie and Ohio River Canal Board of Pennsylvania which shall have the powers and duties specified in this act and all powers necessary or proper to enable it to carry out the purpose thereof

The board shall consist of not less than five members nor more than seven members to be appointed by the Governor by and with the advice and consent of the Senate three of whom may be non-residents of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania The Governor shall designate one of the members of said board as president who when present shall preside at all meetings of the board The members of the board first appointed shall continue in office for a term of four five and six years respectively as designated by the Governor in making said appointments from the date of their appointment and until their successors shall have been appointed and shall have qualified The successors of the members first appointed from time to time as aforesaid shall be appointed and serve for a term of six years and until their successors shall have been appointed and shall have been qualified except in cases of appointment to fill vacancies occurring otherwise than by lapse of time When a vacancy shall occur in the said Board a member shall be appointed in the manner aforesaid for the unexpired term of the member in whose place the new member shall be appointed

If the Senate shall not be in session when this act is approved or when a vacancy occurs or a term of office of any member expires the Governor shall make his appointment subject to the approval of the Senate when convened

No vacancy in the board shall impair the right of the remaining members of the board to exercise all the powers of the board

The third section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 3 That section twelve of said act which reads as follows

"Section 12 The board as soon as there shall have been appropriated to its uses sufficient funds shall prepare or cause to be prepared a survey for the said canal or waterway and appurtenances together with estimates of the cost of constructing completing and installing the same exclusive however of the cost of constructing a harbor on Lake Erie

The work of construction of said canal or waterway and appurtenances herein provided for shall not be proceeded with nor any contracts entered into nor any liability incurred therefor until there shall have been rendered available to the Treasurer of this Commonwealth by the various counties in the States of Pennsylvania Ohio and West Virginia or any of them in aid of the construction of said canal or waterway and appurtenances appropriations of money or bonds of said counties duly authorized to be issued for the purpose and until appropriations shall have been made and rendered available to the said Treasurer by this Commonwealth the States of Ohio and West Virginia the Federal Government or any of them or by any other public authority in such sums that the total amounts of the said appropriations and the said bonds shall in the aggregate be not less than the cost of constructing completing and installing the said canal or waterway and appurtenances as estimated by the board" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 12 The board so soon as there shall have been appropriated to its use sufficient funds shall prepare or cause to be prepared a survey for the said canal or waterway and appurtenances together with estimates of the cost of constructing completing and installing the same exclusive however of the cost of constructing a harbor on Lake Erie

The board may whenever funds have been appropriated for the purpose do all such things as it may deem necessary or desirable to secure contributions or appropriations from the various counties in Pennsylvania Ohio and West Virginia and from other public authorities in aid of the construction of said canal or waterway and do such other things preparatory to beginning the work of construction of said canal or waterway as to it may seem necessary or desirable

The cost of constructing completing and installing the said canal or waterway and appurtenances including salaries and all other expenses liabilities of every kind incurred by the board in accordance with the provisions of this act while doing said work shall be paid from contributions or appropriations in money or in bonds heretofore or hereafter made pursuant to the authority of any present or future laws by the United States the State of Pennsylvania the State of Ohio the State of West Virginia and various counties cities towns municipal corporations or other political subdivisions of the States of Pennsylvania Ohio and West Virginia or by some or all of such public authorities

The work or constructing said canal or waterway and appurtenances shall not be proceeded with nor any expenditures made nor any contracts entered into nor any liabiltiy incurred therefor until there shall have been rendered available to the Treasurer of this Commonwealth by the above mentioned public authorities or some of them in aid of the construction of such canal or waterway and appurtenances contributions or appropriations in money or in bonds at their par value at least equal in the aggregate to the cost of constructing completing and installing such canal or waterway and appurtenances as estimated by the board

Contributions or appropriations in money or in bonds at their par value shall be deemed to be available to the Treasurer of the Commonwealth within the meaning of this section when such appropriations or contributions shall have been authorized

No contract shall be entered into or any expenses or liability incurred by the board of any kind the amount of which together with the existing liabilities of the board shall exceed the amount of money actually in the hands of the Treasurer of the Commonwealth and available for the use of the board

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. THOMPSON. Mr. President, I move to amend section 3 in line 18 by striking out "Treasurer" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "Treasurer."

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The fourth, fifth and sixth sections of the bill were read as follows:

Section 4 That section thirteen of said act which reads as follows

"Section 13 The Treasurer of the Commonwealth shall from time to time notify the county commissioners of the various counties in said states which have authorized bonds to be issued in aid of said canal or as aforesaid to issue and sell so many of said bonds of their respective counties as may in the opinion of said Treasurer be rendered necessary by the progress of the work each of said counties however to be required to issue and sell from time to time only its proportionate share of said bonds When so notified by the said Treasurer the county commissioner of the said counties shall issue and sell the bonds so required to be issued and sold and shall upon the sale thereof forthwith pay the proceeds derived therefrom to the said Treasurer

The proceeds of said bonds together with the other funds appropriated by the various public authorities as aforesaid shall be kept by the said Treasurer in the same manner as other funds received by him for the use of the Commonwealth except that he shall keep the same in a separate fund and the moneys in said separate fund are hereby specifically appropriated for the purpose of defraying the cost of construction completing and installing the said canal or waterway and appurtenances including salaries and all other expenses incurred by the board in accordance with the provisions of this act while doing said work and the said fund shall be disbursed by the said Treasurer without further act of appropriation in the manner provided in section eight of this act" be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows

Section 13 Whenever the board shall determine that the aggregate of the contributions or appropriations in money or in bonds at their par value which shall have been authorized in aid of the construction of such canal or waterway by the United States the State of Pennsylvania the State of Ohio the State of West Virginia and counties cities towns municipals corporations or other political subdivisions of the States of Pennsylvania Ohio and West Virginia or by some or all of said United States states and other public authorities equals at least the cost of such canal or waterway and appurtenances as estimated by said board then such board by its president and its secretary or any other two officers designated by it shall be authorized to certify to any such public authority which shall have authorized such a contribution or appropriation that contributions or appropriations in money or in bonds at their par value have been authorized by the said public authorities or some of them in aid of such canal or waterway at least equal in amount to the estimated cost of such canal or waterway and appurtenances

The Treasurer of the Commonwealth is authorized and directed to receive from the United States the State of Pennsylvania the State of Ohio the State of West Virginia and any county city town municipal corporation or other political subdivision of the States of Pennsylvania Ohio and West Virginia or from some or all of such public authorities contributions or appropriations in money or in bonds of such public authority at their par value heretofore or hereafter made pursuant to the authority of any present or future law and to execute and deliver receipts therefor If the terms upon which any such appropriations or contributions is authorized or made are such as to entitle such public authority to share in the surplus revenues of such canal or waterway then the Treasurer of the Commonwealth is authorized and directed to issue and deliver to such public authority a surplus revenue receipt which shall entitle such public authority to share in the surplus revenues of such canal or waterway as provided in sections one and twenty-seven of this act

The Board with the assent of the Treasurer of the Commonwealth is hereby authorized from time to time to sell or to agree to sell the bonds of such public authorities received by the Treasurer of the Commonwealth as aforesaid at public or private sale upon such terms and for such prices as such Board shall deem advisable but for not less than the price if any fixed by the law authorizing the issue of such bonds and no purchaser of any of such bonds shall be liable to see to the application of the proceeds thereof The Board in selling such bonds shall sell the bonds of the several public authorities as nearly as practical pro rata according to the principal amount of bonds contributed by such public authorities The bonds when sold shall be delivered by the Treasurer of the Commonwealth to the purchaser or purchasers thereof upon receipt of the purchase price but prior to such sale the Treasurer of the Commonwealth shall detach and cancel all coupons which shall have matured prior thereto and shall deliver such coupons to the public authority which shall have issued such bonds

All contributions or appropriations in money or in bonds of such public authorities are hereby set aside as a separate fund for the purpose of defraying the cost of constructing competing and installing such canal or waterway and appurtenances and no part of said contributions or appropriations in money and the proceeds of all bonds of such public authorities shall be kept by the Treasurer of the Commonwealth in the same manner as other moneys received by him for the use of the Commonwealth except that he shall keep the same in a separate funds and the moneys in said separate fund are hereby specifically appropriated for the purpose of defraying the cost of constructing completing and installing said canal or waterway and appurtenances including salaries and all other expenses and liabilities incurred by the Board in accordance with the provisions of this act while doing said work and the said moneys shall be disbursed by the said Treasurer without further act of appropriation in the manner provided in section eight of this act

Section 5 That section fourteen of said act which reads as follows

"Section 14 The Board shall have authority to enter into such proper arrangements and agreements subject to the approval of the Auditor General and Treasurer of the Commonwealth with the respective county commissioners of the various counties of the States Pennsylvania Ohio and West Virginia appropriating money or authorizing bonds to be issued in aid of said canal or waterway and appurtenances as to said parties may seem necessary for the purpose of co-operation safe-guarding the interests of said contributing counties with respect to their said contributions and effectively carrying into operation the provisions of this act" be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows

Section 14 The board shall have authority to enter into such proper arrangements and agreements subject to the the approval of the Auditor General and Treasurer of the Commonwealth with such of the public authorities specified in section one of this act as shall make contributions or appropriations in money or in bonds in aid of said canal or waterway and appurtenances as to the board and such public authorities may seem necessary for the purpose of safeguarding the interests of said public authorities with respect to their contributions and effectively carrying into operation the provisions of this act

Section 6 That section fifteen of said act which real as follows

"Section 15 Subject to the limitations specified in section twelve of this act the board is hereby authorized empowered and directed to do or cause to be done all things necessary or proper for the construction completion and installation of the said canal or waterway and appurtenances and in the exercise of its said authority the board may enter into all such contracts and agreements acquire all such property and rights of any and all kinds receive releases of damages and do all other acts and things which to it may seem necessary or desirable" be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows

Section 15 Subject to the limitations specified in section twelve of this act the board is hereby authorized empowered and directed to do or cause to be done all things necessary or proper for the construction completion installation maintenance and operation of the said canal or waterway and appurtenances and in the exercise of its said authority the board may enter into all such contracts and agreements acquire all such lands and all such other property and rights of any and all kinds by purchase condemnation or otherwise receive such releases of damages and do all other acts and things which to it may seem necessary or desirable Such right to acquire lands and other property and rights by condemnation shall be exercised in the State of Pennsylvania in accordance with the provisions of this act and in the State of Ohio in accordance with the laws of that State

The seventh section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 7 That section sixteen of said act which reads as follows

"Section 16 The board shall have power and authority to enter upon any land for the purpose of making an examination and survey for said canal or waterway and appurtenances and shall have power and authority to enter upon take use and occupy and appropriate any lands rights rights of way rivers creeks lakes streams watercourses ponds swamps reservoirs bridges buildings structures or other property or rights of property whether devoted to a public or private use which in the opinion of the board are necessary for the proper construction operation maintenance or repair of the said canal or waterway and its appurtenances and the board shall also have power and authority to enter upon any lands adjoining or in the neighborhood of the said canal or waterway and appurtenances and to quarry dig cut take and carry away there from any stone gravel clay sand earth wood or other material which may be necessary or proper for the construction operation maintenance or repair of said canal or waterway and its appurtenances Provided however That before the board shall enter upon take possession of or appropriate any such lands rights rights of way rivers creeks lakes streams watercourses ponds swamps reservoirs bridges buildings structures materials or other property appropriated under the authority herein given it shall make compensation to the owner or owners thereof at such prices as may be agreed upon by the board and said owners or file an adequate bond therefor in the court of common pleas of the proper county to be approved by the court Written notice shall be given by the board to the said owner or owners or to the attorney or agent of any person absent or to the guardian or committee of any person under legal incapacity of the time and place when and where said bond shall be filed and approved And the court having jurisdiction of the matter shall have the power at any time during vacation or when such court shall not be in session to approve said bond and direct the same to be filed in court for the benefit of the parties entitled In case no agreement can be made with the said owner or owners by reason of their absence or legal incapacity or for any other reason for the compensation to be paid to him or them for the damage done or likely to be done to or sustained by said owner or owners by reason of the appropriation of said lands streams watercourses material or other property under the authority herein given the court of common pleas of the proper county on application thereto by petition either of said owner or owners or any one in their behalf or of said board shall appoint seven discreet and disinterested freeholders of said county none of whom shall be residents or owners of property upon or adjoining the line of such canal or waterway and appoint a time not less than twenty nor more than thirty days thereafter for said viewers to meet at or upon the premises where the damages are alleged to be sustained of which time and place ten days' notice shall be given by the petitioner to the said viewers and the other party or parties or to their authorized agents or representatives and the said viewers or any five of them having been first duly sworn or affirmed faithfully justly and impartially to decide and a true report make concerning all matters and things to be submitted to them in relation to which they are authorized to inquire in pursuance of the provisions of this act and having viewed the premises they shall estimate and determine the quantity quality and value of such lands and property so taken or occupied or to be taken or occupied or the material so used or taken away as the case may be having due regard to and making just allowance for the advantages which may have resulted or which may seem likely to result to the owner or owners of said land or materials in consequence of the making or opening of said canal and of the construction of embankments locks dams buildings works and other devices connected therewith After having made a fair and just comparison of said advantages and disadvantages they shall remit and determine whether any and if any what amount of damages has been or may be sustained and to whom payable and make report thereof to the said court and if any damages be awarded and the report be confirmed by the said court judgment shall be entered thereon which said judgment together with the costs of the proceedings shall be paid in the same manner as other expenses incurred by the board are paid by it Each of said viewers shall be entitled to five dollars per day for every day necessarily employed in the performance of the duties herein prescribed to be paid by the said board" be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows

Section 16 The board shall have power and authority to enter upon any land for the purpose of making an examination and survey for said canal or waterway and appurtenances and shall have power and authority to enter upon take use and occupy and appropriate any lands rights rights of ways waters rivers creeks lakes streams watercourses ponds swamps reservoir dams bridges buildings structures or other property or rights of property whether devoted to a public or private use which in the opinion of the board are necessary for the proper construction operation maintenance or repair of the said canal or waterway and its appurtenances and the board shall also have power and authority to enter upon any lands adjoining or in the neighborhood of the said canal or waterway and appurtenances and to quarry dig cut take and carry away therefrom any stone gravel clay sand earth wood or other material which may be necessary or proper for the construction operation maintenance or repair of said canal or waterway and its appurtenances Provided however that before the board shall enter upon take possession of or appropriate any such lands rights rights of way waters rivers creeks lakes streams watercourses ponds swamps reservoirs dams bridges buildings structures materials or other property appropriated under the authority herein given it shall make compensation to the owner or owners thereof at such prices as may be agreed upon by the board and said owners or file an adequate bond therefor in the court of common pleas of the proper county to be approved by the court Written notice shall be given by the board to the said owner or owners or to the attorney or agent of any person absent or to the guardian or committee of any person under legal incapacity of the time and place when and where said bond shall be filed and approved And the court having jurisdiction of the matter shall have the power at any time during vacation or when such court shall not be in session to approve said bond and direct the same to be filed in court for the benefit of the parties entitled In case no agreement can be made with the said owner or owners by reason of their absence or legal incapacity or for any other reason for the compensation to be paid to him or them for the damage done or likely to be done to or sustained by said owner or owners by reason of the appropriation of said lands streams watercourses material or other property under the authority herein given the court of common pleas of the proper county on application thereto by petition either of said owner or owners or any one in their behalf or of said board shall appoint seven discreet and disinterested freeholders of said county none of whom shall be residents or owners of property upon or adjoining the line of such canal or waterway and appoint a time not less than twenty nor more than thirty days thereafter for said viewers to meet at or upon the premises where the damages are alleged to be sustained of which time and place ten days' notice shall be given by the petitioner to the said viewers and the other party or parties or to their authorized agents or representatives and the said viewers or any five of them having been first duly sworn or affirmed faithfully justly and impartially to decide and a true report made concerning all matters and things to be submitted to them in relation to which they are authorized to inquire in pursuance of the provisions of this act and having viewed the premises they shall estimate and determine the quantity quality and value of such lands and property so taken or occupied or to be taken or occupied or the material so used or taken away as the case may be having due regard to and making just allowance for the advantages which may have resulted or which may seem likely to result to the owner or owners of said lands property or materials in consequence of the making or opening of said canal or waterway and appurtenances After having made a fair and just comparison of said advantages and disadvantages they shall estimate and determine whether any and if any what amount of damages has been or may be sustained and to whom payable and make report thereof to the said court and if any damages be awarded and the report be confirmed by the said court judgment shall be entered thereon which said judgment together with the costs of the proceedings shall be paid in the same manner as other expenses incurred by the board are paid by it Each of said viewers shall be entitled to five dollars per day for every day necessarily employed in the performance of the duties herein prescribed to be paid by the said board

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. THOMPSON. Mr. President, I move to amend section 7 in line 131 by striking out the word "made" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "make."

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The eighth section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 8 That section twenty of said act which reads as follows

"Section 20 If the board shall deem it necessary in the construction of said canal or waterway and its appurtenances to change the site or location or to otherwise alter any highway public or private road bridge railroad dam waterpower works waterways pipes pipe lines conduits or other avenue of transportation either public or private telegraph or telephone lines sewers drains culverts tunnels buildings or other works public or private it shall cause the same to be changed altered or reconstructed forthwith at its own proper cost and expense on the most favorable location The damages incurred in making the change and alterations herein provided for shall be ascertained and paid by the board in the manner provided for in sections sixteen seventeen eighteen and nineteen of this act" be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows

Section 20 If the board shall deem it necessary in the construction of the said canal or waterway and its appurtenances to change the location of or to re-construct alter or otherwise modify any highway road railroad bridge dam water works waterpower works waterway ditch drain sewer pipe line conduit transmission line telegraph or telephone line culvert tunnel building or any other structure or work whether public or private it shall cause the same to be changed re-constructed altered or otherwise modified and the said structure or work when changed re-constructed altered or otherwise modified shall be equal as nearly as may be practicable to the original structure or work The expense of changing re-constructing altering or otherwise modifying the above mentioned structures or works and the damage incidental thereto if not agreed upon by the board and the owners of said structures or works shall be ascertained and paid by the board in the State of Pennsylvania in the manner provided in section sixteen seventeen eighteen and nineteen of this act and in the State of Ohio in the manner provided by the laws of that State

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. THOMPSON. Mr. President, I move to amend section 8 in line 10 by striking out the word "or" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "and."

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The ninth section of the bill was read as follows and agreed to:

Section 9 That section twenty-one of said act which reads as follows

"Section 21 The board in the construction of said canal shall have authority to enter upon and cross any public highway or railroad but in all such places where said canal shall pass or cross any existing public highway or railroad which at the time of construction of the canal shall be opened and used as such the board shall build and keep in good repair suitable and convenient bridges over the said canal" be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows

Section 21 The board in the construction of said canal or waterway and appurtenances shall have authority to enter upon and cross any public highway or railroad but in all places where said canal its branches or channels shall cross any existing public highway or railroad at a point where no waterway existed before the board at its own expense shall cause to be constructed and maintained suitable bridges to provide for the traffic existing at the time of such construction

The board in its discretion may in lieu of maintaining such bridges pay to the proper authorities having jurisdiction over the highway or to the owner of the railroad as the case may be a sum of money sufficient to provide for their perpetual maintenance In case of failure to agree upon said sum of money it shall be ascertained and paid by the board in the State of Pennsylvania in the manner provided in sections sixteen seventeen eighteen and nineteen of this act and in the State of Ohio in the manner provided by the laws of that State

The tenth section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 10 That section twenty-two of said act which reads as follows

"Section 22 All contracts for work to be done under authority of this act exceeding in amount the sum of five hundred dollars shall be let to the lowest responsible bidder The board shall have power to reject any or all bids not satisfactory to it and readvertise until it shall receive satisfactory bids Every person firm or corporation before being awarded any contract by the board shall furnish a bond with sufficient surety or sureties acceptable to the board in a sum equal to fifty per centum of the contract price of the work conditioned for the faithful and complete performance of his or its contract Advertisements for proposals shall be made by the board at least three weeks before the contract is awarded by notices inserted once a week in at least two newspapers of general circulation to be selected by the board Said advertisements shall designate where the plans and specifications may be had and the time and place of the reception of the bids and the letting of the contract

All contracts shall be executed in the name of the board and signed by the president and secretary" be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows

Section 22 All contracts for work to be done and materials to be furnished under authority of this act exceeding in amount the sum of five hundred dollars shall be let to the lowest responsible bidder after notice by advertisement Advertisements for proposals shall be made by the board at least four weeks before the contract is awarded by notice inserted once a week in at least two newspapers of general circulation to be selected by the board Such advertisements shall designate where the plans and specifications may be had and the time and place of the reception of the bids and the letting of the contract The board shall have power to reject any or all bids not satisfactory to it and re-advertise until it shall receive satisfactory bids every person firm or corporation before being awarded any contract by the board shall furnish a bond with sufficient surety or sureties acceptable to the board in a sum equal to fifty percentum of the contract price of the work conditioned for the faithful and complete performance of his or its contract

All contracts may be executed in the name of the board and shall be signed by the president and secretary

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. THOMPSON. Mr. President, I move to amend section 10, in line 23, by striking out "amount" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "amount."

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The eleventh section of the bill was read as follows and agreed to:

Section 11 That section twenty-four of said act which reads as follows

"Section 24 The board shall have full power and authority to fix the rate of toll to be charged the vessels boats and other craft using the said canal subject however to the approval and regulation of the Interstate Commerce Commission in cases of vessels boats or other craft engaged in interstate commerce" be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows

Section 24 The board shall have full power and authority to fix tolls and charges for the use of the said canal or waterway subject to such regulations as the United States the State of Pennsylvania and the State of Ohio shall be entitled to and shall exercise over such tolls and charges The board shall from time to time adjust such tolls and charges so that the gross receipts from the operation of the canal or waterway including the income derived from such canal or waterway from all sources shall not exceed the amount necessary to pay the cost of the maintenance operation and improvement of such canal or waterway and appurtenances and to repay contributions in money or in bonds at their par value with interest on such bonds as provided in this act

The twelfth section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 12 That section twenty-six of said act which reads as follows

"Section 26 All rents tolls rates charges and all other income received by the said board shall be in charge of the treasurer thereof who shall deposit the same monthly with the State Treasurer The moneys so paid to the State Treasurer shall be kept by him in the same manner as other funds received by him for the use of the Commonwealth except that he shall keep the same in a separate fund The moneys in said fund shall be used for the purpose of paying the cost of maintenance operation and improvement of said canal or waterway and appurtenances including salaries and all other expenses of the board and of making distribution among the contributing counties as provided in section twenty-seven of this act and for these purposes the said moneys in said fund are hereby specifically appropriated and shall be paid out by the State Treasurer in the same manner as other expenditures herein provided for are paid by him without further act of appropriation" be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows

Section 26 All rents tolls rates charges and all other income received by the said board from all sources shall be in charge of the treasurer thereof who shall deposit the same monthly with the Treasurer of the Commonwealth

The money so paid to the said Treasurer shall be kept by him in the same manner as other funds received by him for the use of the Commonwealth except that he shall keep the same in a separate fund The moneys in said fund shall be used for the purpose of paying the cost of maintenance operation and improvement of said canal or waterway and appurtenances including salaries and all other expenses and liabilities of every kind of the board and of making distribution among the contributing authorities as provided in sections one and twenty-seven of this act and for these purposes the said moneys in said fund are hereby specifically appropriated and shall be paid out by the Treasurer of the Commonwealth in the same manner as other expenditures herein provided for are paid by him without further act of appropriation

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. THOMPSON. Mr. President, I move to amend section 12, in line 6, by inserting after the word "the" the word "said."

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The thirteenth section of the bill was read as follows and agreed to:

Section 13 That section twenty-seven of said act which reads as follows

"Section 27 That out of the surplus of rents tolls rates charges and other income accruing from the operation of said canal or waterway or the sale of water or water-power remaining after the payment of the cost of operation maintenance and improvement as hereinbefore provided the State Treasurer shall from time to time set aside such sums as the board may recommend and deem consistent with the proper maintenance operation and management of the canal and its appurtenances and make pro rata distribution thereof among the contributing counties until the said contributing counties have been repaid the amount of their contributions principal and interest each county to receive such proportionate part as its contribution bears to the total sum contributed by the various counties in aid of the construction of said canal or waterway and appurtenances" be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows

Section 27 The surplus revenues which shall arise directly or indirectly from the operation of such canal or waterway (that is the gross income of such canal or waterway from all sources less the amounts necessary to provide for the maintenance operation and improvement thereof) shall be distributed from time to time by the Treasurer of the Commonwealth upon the written order of the Board to and among such of the public authorities specified in section one of this act as shall make contributions in money or in bonds in aid of such canal or waterway and to which surplus revenue receipts shall have been issued by the Treasurer of the Commonwealth under the provision of section thirteen of this act substantially pro rata according to the amount of their several contributions in money or in bonds at their par value but to such extent only as may be necessary to repay such contributors the amount of the several contributions made by them in money or in bonds at their par value with interest on such bonds

The title of the bill was read as follows and agreed to:

An Act amending sections one two twelve thirteen fourteen fifteen sixteen twenty twenty-one twenty-two twenty-four twenty-six and twenty-seven of an act entitled "An Act providing for the location construction operation and maintenance by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania of a canal or waterway from the junction of the Ohio and Beaver rivers in Pennsylvania to Lake Erie at or near the mouth of Indian Creek in the State of Ohio with all appurtenances necessary or convenient for the purpose and for the utilization of the water power developed or created in the construction and operation thereof providing for the payment of the cost of construction of said canal or waterway and appurtenances out of funds to be contributed by certain counties in the States of Pennsylvania Ohio and West Virginia or any of them and by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and other public authorities providing for the creation of a canal board to have charge of said work prescribing and defining the powers and duties of said board and the conditions under which the said work shall be carried on providing for the payment of damages sustained by reason of the appropriation of property and rights in the exercise of the right of eminent domain herein conferred providing for the reimbursement in the manner provided in this act of said counties contributing to the payment of the cost of constructing said canal or waterway and appurtenances imposing certain duties upon the Auditor General and State Treasurer authorizing the said canal board to make certain rules and regulations for the use of said canal and making violations thereof misdemeanors and providing penalties therefor and making an appropriation for carrying out certain provisions of this act" approved the twenty-seventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen by making provision among other things for the following providing for a change of depth of the canal or waterway an alternative route and branch canals regulating the utilization of surplus water authorizing the Canal Board to make deviations in certain cases from the route of said canal or waterway as located by it regulating the number of members of which the Canal Board may consist and defining their duties and powers in certain respects regulating and limiting the tolls and charges to be collected for the use of the canal or waterway and defining the rights of the public in the use of said canal or waterway providing for the utilization of surplus water directing that certain of the public authorities contributing to the cost of constructing said canal or waterway and appurtenances be reimbursed out of the surplus revenues of said canal or waterway in the manner herein set forth providing a method for receiving the appropriations in money or bonds made by the contributing authorities and regulating the sale of bonds so contributed and imposing certain duties upon the Treasurer of the Commonwealth in connection therewith and in other respects enlarging the powers of eminent domain in certain cases and regulating the method of its exercise providing for the manner of paying the expense incident to changing the location of or altering or otherwise modifying certain works and the crossing of highways and railroads by the canal its branches or channels and regulating the manner of letting certain contracts

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 695, entitled:

An Act authorizing counties to increase their indebtedness and issue bonds in aid of the construction by the State of Pennsylvania or by a commission board or other agency thereof of canals or navigable waterways connecting the Great Lakes or the Atlantic Ocean with any navigable waters of this State providing that county commissioners shall submit the question of issuing such bonds to a vote of the electors of any county when directed so to do by an order of the court of quarter sessions made upon petition filed by qualified electors and taxpayers and requiring county commissioners to issue such bonds if a majority of the electors voting on the question vote in favor of such issuance providing for the manner of delivery and sale of such bonds and for the procedure in other respects and repealing inconsistent legislation

The first section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That whenever the State of Pennsylvania or a commission board or other agency thereof incorporated or otherwise shall be authorized by any present or future law or laws of this State to construct maintain and operate a canal or navigable waterway to connect the Great Lakes or the Atlantic Ocean with any navigable waters of this State by a route situate within or partly within and partly without this State and with termini as in said law or laws generally indicated which law or laws shall provide for such construction by such voluntary contributions or appropriations in money or bonds at their par value as heretofore shall have been made or as hereafter may be made pursuant to the authority of any present or future laws by the United States any of the several states of the United States and various counties cities towns municipal corporations or other political subdivisions of such states or by some or all of the said United States states and other public authorities for the collection of tolls and charges for the use of such canal or waterway and appurtenances but only to such extent as may be necessary to provide for the cost of the maintenance operation and improvement thereof and to repay contributions made in money or in bonds at their par value and the interest on such bonds and for the distribution of any surplus revenues or such canal or waterway and appurtenances among such contributors to the cost of construction substantially pro rata according to the amount of their several contributions in money or in bonds at their par value to such extent as may be necessary to repay said contributors the amount of their several contributions made in money or in bonds at their par value with interest on such bonds thereupon it shall be lawful for any county in this State to issue bonds in aid of the construction of such canal or waterway and appurtenances as hereinafter provided

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. THOMPSON. Mr. President, I move to amend section 1 in line 13 by striking out "apropriations" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "appropriations."

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The second section of the bill was read as follows and agreed to.

Section 2 At any time after the legislature of this State shall have enacted a law or laws as contemplated by the first section hereof a petition may be presented to the Court of Quarter Sessions of any county signed by at least one hundred qualified electors and taxpayers and verified by the affidavits of at least five of such petitioners stating that in the judgment of such petitioners such county by reason of its location or commercial or industrial interests will be benefited by the construction of the canal or waterway authorized by such law or laws and that it is desirable that bonds of the county should be issued in aid thereof and praying said court to order an election to be held at a date stated in said petition upon the question of increasing the indebtedness of the county to be represented by its bonds to be issued in aid of such canal or waterway in such aggregate principal amount as may be stated in said petition

If said petition shall appear to said Court of Quarter Sessions to be in proper form it shall file the same fix a date for a hearing thereon not more than thirty days thereafter and direct such notice of the hearing be given to the county commissioners of said county and to the public generally by advertisement in a newspaper circulating in the county or by posting as to said court may seem proper

Any person interested including the county commissioners may file exceptions to said petitions prior to the day fixed for the hearing and at such hearing any person in interest may be heard and the court may hear evidence and call witnesses but shall not be required to inquire into the matters set forth upon the judgment of the petitioners as to the benefit to the county resulting from the construction of said canal or waterway and the desirability of the issue of bonds as set forth which matters shall be deemed to depend upon the result of the election prayed for If the court shall find that such petition conforms to the requirements of this act it shall by order direct the county commissioners to call an election to be held in said county on the day specified in said petition for the purpose of taking a vote of the electors upon the question of the increase of indebtedness and issuance of bonds of the aggregate principal amount set forth in the petition

Such election shall be called held and conducted in the manner provided by section three of an act of the Legislature of Pennsylvania entitled "An Act to regulate the manner of increasing the indebtedness of municipalities to provide for the redemption of the same and to impose penalties for the illegal increase thereof" approved April twentieth eighteen hundred seventy-four (Pamphlet Laws sixty-five) and the acts amendatory thereof and supplemental thereto except that the county commissioners shall not be required to signify their desire to make the increase of indebtedness in question or to fix the date of the election which latter shall be determined by the petition All expense incident to the calling and holding of such election shall be paid by the county

If by the returns of such election it shall appear that the majority of the electors voting on the question of the increase of indebtedness and issuance of bonds shall have voted in favor of such increase and issuance of bonds the county commissioners shall issue bonds of the county as hereinafter provided If at any such election a majority of the votes cast for and against such increase and bonds shall not be in favor of such question then no further election upon such question shall be held during the year following The power hereby conferred shall not be deemed to be exhausted by a single submission to a vote and a favorable vote thereat

The third section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 3 Whenever any officer of the State of Pennsylvania or any commission board or other agency thereof or any officer of such commission board or other agency thereunto duly authorized by any present or future law of the State of Pennsylvania shall certify to the county commissioners of any county which shall have voted as aforesaid to issue bonds to aid in the construction of said canal or waterway that contributions or appropriations in money or bonds at their par value have been authorized as contemplated in the first section of this act at least equal in amount to the estimated cost of such canal or waterway and appurtenances the county commissioners shall by resolution provide for the issuance and execution by the commissioners clerk of the commissioners and treasurer or controller of the county under the seal of the county of the amount of bonds authorized by the electors as aforesaid and said officials shall thereupon execute said bonds and the treasurer or controller shall deliver such bonds so executed to any officer of the State of Pennsylvania or to any commission board or other agency thereof or to any officer of such commission board or other agency authorized to receive and receipt for said bonds by any present or future law of the State of Pennsylvania The said bonds shall bear such date run for such term not exceeding thirty years from their date bear such rate of interest not exceeding six per centum per annum payable annually or semi-annually and be in such form either coupon or registered or coupon and registered combined of such denomination and payable as to both principal and interest at such place or places as the county commissioners by resolution may provide and shall contain a recital that they are issued pursuant to the authority of this act and such recital shall be conclusive evidence of their validity and of the regularity of their issue The resolution authorizing and directing the execution and delivery of said bonds shall provide for the collection of an annual tax on the taxable property of the county sufficient to pay the interest and also the principal thereof within thirty years which may be assessed levied and collected without regard to any limitation or restriction contained in any other law or laws upon the amount of taxes which may be assessed levied and collected Said bonds may be sold from time to time at public or private sale for the best price obtainable but for not less than ninety-five per centum of their par value and accrued interest in such manner as may be provided by any present or future law of the State of Pennsylvania and the proceeds thereof shall be applied to the cost and expenses involved in the construction of such canal or waterway and appurtenances but no purchaser of said bonds shall be liable to see to the application of such proceeds Before any of said bonds shall be sold all matured coupons if any thereunto belonging shall be detached therefrom and cancelled and delivered to the county commissioners of the county issuing the same

In the authorization and issuance of any such bonds county commissioners and other authorities shall comply with the requirements of "An Act to regulate the manner of increasing the indebtedness of municipalities to provide for the redemption of the same and to impose penalties for the illegal increase thereof" approved April twentieth one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four (Pamphlet Laws sixty-five) and the acts amendatory thereof and supplemental thereto except in so far as the same may be inconsistent with the provisions of this act

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. THOMPSON. Mr. President, I move to amend section 3 in line 22 by inserting after the word "date" the word "and."

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The fourth and fifth sections of the bill were read as follows and agreed to:

Section 4 Nothing herein contained shall authorize or require the county commissioners of any county to submit to the electors the question of increasing the indebtedness of said county or authorize or require said county commissioners to issue bonds in such amount that the indebtedness of such county will exceed seven per centum upon the assessed valuation of the taxable property therein as limited by Article nine section eight of the Constitution

Section 5 An Act entitled "An Act to enable counties to appropriate money to issue bonds in aid of the construction by public authority and control of canals or waterways suitable for steamships steamboats barges or other vessels and providing for the procedure in such cases and to enter into contracts to that end with other counties and other public authorities of this or other states of the United States" approved the thirteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven be and the same is hereby repealed

The title of the bill was read as follows and agreed to:

An Act authorizing counties to increase their indebtedness and issue bonds in aid of the construction by the State of Pennsylvania or by a Commission Board or other agency thereof of canals or navigable waterways connecting the Great Lakes or the Atlantic Ocean with any navigable waters of this State Providing that county commissioners shall submit the question of issuing such bonds to a vote of the electors of any county when directed so to do by an order of the court of quarter sessions made upon petition filed by qualified electors and taxpayers and requiring county commissioners to issue such bonds if a majority of the electors voting on the question vote in favor of such issuance providing for the manner of delivery and sale of such bonds and for the procedure in other respects and repealing inconsistent legislation

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILL INTRODUCED.

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to read a bill in place at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. CATLIN read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 756, entitled:

An Act authorizing boroughs to redeem outstanding bonds, and for that purpose issue and sell new interest-bearing bonds, and to provide a fund for the redemption thereof.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 756, entitled:

An Act authorizing boroughs to redeem outstanding bonds, and for that purpose issue and sell new interest-bearing bonds, and to provide a fund for the redemption thereof.

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 304, entitled:

An Act relating to appeals from the reports of auditors of school districts of the second third and fourth classes.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 418 (House Bill No. 227), entitled:

An Act validating the incurring of debt or increase of indebtedness of townships of the second class by its supervisors for the purpose of macadamizing roads and highways building constructing repairing and maintaining permanent roads culverts and bridges purchasing machinery or lifting orders or payment of any contracts made therefor to an amount in the aggregate not exceeding two per centum upon the assessed value of the taxable property therein as fixed and determined by the last preceding assessed valuation thereof and all coupon bonds or other securities issued therefor and also assessments of annual tax for the payment of the principal and interest of such indebtedness represented by such bonds or other securities since the twentieth of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four.

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 450 (House Bill No. 611), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith."

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 521 (House Bill No. 519), entitled:

An Act to authorize the revising editing and printing of twenty-five thousand copies bulletin number two hundred and nineteen entitled "Increasing the Winter Yield of Eggs" issued by the Department of Agriculture and making an appropriation therefor

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 521 (House Bill No. 519), the bill just read, be recommitted to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. P. W. SNYDER. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

HOUSE MESSAGE.

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced, presented extracts from the Journal of the House of Representatives, which were laid upon the table.

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order.

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 558, entitled:

An Act fixing the salary of the night watchman in the State Library

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 574, entitled:

An Act to amend Rule eighteen of the General Rules in Article XXV of the act of June ninth one thousand nine hundred and eleven Pamphlet Laws seven hundred and fifty-six entitled "An Act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the bituminous coal mines of Pennsylvania and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith"

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 580 (House Bill No. 459), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-fourth day of May one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven entitled "An Act to regulate the practice of pharmacy and sale of poisons and to prevent adulterations in drugs and medicinal preparations in the State of Pennsylvania" as amended

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 599 (House Bill No. 727), entitled:

An Act to authorize the merger and consolidation of street railway corporations organized under the laws of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania with street railway corporations organized under the laws of other states where the lines of said street railway corporations meet at the state line of any state adjoining the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and form a continuous line with each other and validating all such mergers and consolidations heretofore made

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 646 (House Bill No. 883), entitled:

An Act authorizing the Department of Forestry to grow and distribute young forest trees and restricting their use after distribution

And said bill having been read at length the first time.

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 657, entitled:

An Act fixing the compensation of the Chief Clerk and the five clerks in the Department of Mines

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 689, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to refund certain monies to the estate of the late Joseph P. Kennedy

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 704 (House Bill No. 918), entitled:

An Act to provide for the study by the Department of Labor and Industry of the question of minimum wages for women and minors

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 704 (House Bill No. 918), the bill just read, be recommitted to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. P. W. SNYDER. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 707 (House Bill No. 961), entitled:

An Act imposing certain liabilities on persons firms and corporations in cities of the second class for the cost of extinguishing fires which occur through their criminal intent design or wilful negligence or where they have not complied with any law ordinance or other lawful regulation for the prevention of fire or the spreading thereof providing a method for the ascertainment of such cost and the manner of collecting the same

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 437.

The Chair cleared his table and laid before the Senate communication from the House of Representatives returning to the Senate, Senate Bill No. 437, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the eighth day of April one thousand eight hundred and thirty-three entitled "An Act relating to last wills and testaments by conferring the same rights upon the mother as upon the father

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 86.

He also laid before the Senate communication from the House of Representatives, returning to the Senate, Senate Bill No. 86, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to refund to Lynford Biddle of Philadelphia certain moneys erroneously paid into the State treasury

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

SENATE BILL NO. 276 RETURNED WITH AMENDMENTS.

He also laid before the Senate communication from the House of Representatives returning to the Senate Senate Bill No. 276, entitled:

An Act directing the county commissioner of the several counties to offer for sale to the Department of Forestry tracts of land which they may have purchased at county treasurers' sales for acceptance or refusal for forestry purposes and to convey to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania the tracts so offered to be sold if accepted by the Department

With the information that the House has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

Which was laid over one day under the rules.

HOUSE CONCURS IN RESOLUTION RECALLING FROM THE GOVERNOR, SENATE BILL NO. 401.

He also laid before the Senate, communication from the House of Representatives, informing the Senate that the House has concurred in Resolution from the Senate as follows:

In the Senate, April 6, 1915.

Resolved, (if the House of Representatives concur), That Senate Bill No. 401, entitled "An Act authorizing George F. Pawling, a resident of the City of Philadelphia, successor to Bergdoll and Pawling, to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania," be recalled from the Governor for the purpose of amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN RESOLUTION RECALLING FROM THE GOVERNOR, SENATE BILL NO. 285.

He also laid before the Senate, communication from the House of Representatives, informing the Senate that the House has concurred in Resolution from the Senate as follows:

In the Senate, April 6, 1915.

Resolved, (if the House of Representatives concur), That Senate Bill No. 285, entitled "An Act authorizing J. P. Swearingen of Greene township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, to bring suit against the Commonwealth," be recalled from the Governor for the purpose of amendment.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. BUCKMAN from the Committee on Appropriations re-reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 329, entitled:

An Act providing for the employment of a chief bookkeeper and three assistants and one additional traveling auditor in the Department of the Auditor General and fixing their salaries.

Mr. ENDSLEY. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. ENDSLEY from the Committee on Railroads reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 618, entitled:

An Act to authorize any railroad company street railway company or any transportation company incorporated or unincorporated to issue or grant transportation at special reduced and lower rates to ministers of religion.

Mr. P. W. SNYDER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. P. W. SNYDER from the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 714, entitled:

An Act to regulate the sale, furnishing, giving away and administration in certain cases of proprietary or patent medicines or any substance or preparation containing opium, morphine, heroin, cocaine, codeine or any salts, derivatives or compounds thereof, and providing penalties.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

Mr. DeWITT. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to read a bill in place at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. DeWITT read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 757, entitled:

An Act authorizing political parties of this Commonwealth to make nominations and elect party officers by the convention method; providing for and regulating the nomination of candidates of such political parties for certain public offices, the election of delegates and alternate delegates to National party conventions, and of certain party officers including State committeemen, directing the payment by the several counties of certain expenses of the election; authorizing the State Committee of a political party and the county committee of a political party to determine by resolution the method of making its nominations for office and electing its party officers, to make and to alter, amend and revoke party rules, providing penalties for the violations of the provisions of this act and for the punishment of certain offenses provided for herein, providing for the election of delegates and county committeemen, prescribing the qualifications of voters at the primaries

Which was committed to the Committee on Elections.

Mr. HINDMAN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to read a bill in place at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. HINDMAN read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 758, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the State Normal School of the Thirteenth District of Pennsylvania, located at Clarion

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

RECESS.

Mr. KURTS. Mr. President, I move the Senate do now take a recess for ten minutes.

Mr. CLARK. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

AFTER RECESS.

The PRESIDENT. The time of recess having elapsed, the Senate will be in order.

HOUSE BILLS FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced, presented for concurrence bills of the House of Representatives as follows:

House Bill No. 458 (Senate Bill No. 759), entitled:

An Act providing for the publication and distribution of a revised edition of the railroad map of Pennsylvania heretofore issued by the Department of Internal Affairs making an appropriation for the work of revising compiling and proof-reading and an appropriation for printing binding and mounting the same and for paper

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 726 (Senate Bill No. 760), entitled:

An Act to repeal section fifteen of an act entitled "An Act relating to election of county treasurer and for other purposes" approved May twenty-seventh one thousand eight hundred and forty-one (Pamphlet Laws four hundred)

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

House Bill No. 336 (Senate Bill No. 761), entitled:

An Act requiring the assessors for county taxation purposes to collect certain agricultural information fixing their compensation therefor and fixing the duties of the county commissioners in connection therewith

Which was committed to the Committee on Agriculture.

House Bill No. 1011 (Senate Bill No. 762), entitled:

An Act creating in counties having over eight hundred thousand and less than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants according to the last preceding United States census a board to fix and determine the number and compensation of employes in all county offices boards bureaus departments and divisions thereof prescribing the powers and duties of said board and regulating appeals from the decision thereof

Which was committed to the Committee on New Counties and County Seats.

House Bill No. 1049 (Senate Bill No. 763), entitled:

An Act to amend section two of an act approved the fifteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred seven entitled "An act fixing the salary of the Superintendent of Public Instruction and of the deputy superintendents"

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

House Bill No. 841 (Senate Bill No. 764), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to pay the judgment obtained against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania by Robert Stewart

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 941 (Senate Bill No. 765), entitled:

An Act further amending an act entitled "An Act to provide increased revenues for the purpose of relieving the burdens of local taxation being supplementary to an act entitled 'An Act to provide revenue by taxation' approved the seventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine amending the first fourteenth sixteenth twentieth twenty-first twenty-fifth and twenty-sixth sections of an act supplementary thereto which became a law on the first day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine entitled 'A further supplement to an act entitled "An Act to provide revenue by taxation" approved the seventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine' and providing for greater uniformity of taxation by taxing all the property of corporations limited partnerships and joint-stock associations having capital stock at the rate of five mills on each dollar of its actual value' approved the eighth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one" and regulating the making of certain reports and statements to the Auditor General for the purposes of taxation, which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General

House Bill No. 1050 (Senate Bill No. 766), entitled:

An Act to amend section eleven hundred twenty-one of an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith"

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

House Bill No. 41 (Senate Bill No. 767), entitled:

An Act prohibiting certain institutions receiving State aid and from restricting pay patients in the selection of physicians and surgeons not connected with the institution

Which was committed to the Commitee on Judiciary Special.

House Bill No. 70 (Senate Bill No. 768), entitled:

An Act to amend the second section of an act of Assembly entitled "An Act authorizing the bureau of health in cities of the first class to make and promulgate rules and regulations for the sanitary keeping of stables and other places in such cities where horses mules cows sheep goats or swine are kept and for the collecting storing and transportation of manure from such animals providing that no manure shall be collected or stored in any stable manure pit or other place without a permit or transported in violation of said rules and regulations making a violation of the act or of said rules and regulations a misdemeanor prescribing penalties therefor and repealing inconsistent acts" approved the twenty-fifth day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen so as to permit the deposit of manure on wharves and piers for shipment beyond the limits of such cities

Which was committed to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

House Bill No. 306 (Senate Bill No. 769), entitled:

An Act validating certain elections of counties cities boroughs townships school districts and other incorporated districts held pursuant to the provisions of an act approved the twentieth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four entitled "An Act to regulate the manner of increasing the indebtedness of municipalities to provide for the redemption of the same and to impose penalties for the illegal increase thereof" and the amendments thereto and validating bonds issued or authorized to be issued in pursuance of such elections

Which was committed to the Committee on Education.

House Bill No. 713 (Senate Bill No. 770), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to Charles Roth and George H. Roth owners of "The Star" moving picture place of the amount illegally demanded and collected as a State license fee from them as proprietors of a moving picture place in the State of Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 742 (Senate Bill No. 771), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to George H. Roth and Robert Rappold trading as Roth and Rappold owners of "The Owl" a moving picture place of the amount illegally demanded and collected as a State license fee from them as proprietors of a moving picture place in the State of Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations

House Bill No. 955 (Senate Bill No. 772), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the fourth day of May one thousand eight hundred and fifty-five entitled "An Act relating to certain duties and rights of husband and wife and parents and children"

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

House Bill No. 1023 (Senate Bill No. 773), entitled:

An Act to further amend the sixth section of an act approved April twenty-third Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and three entitled "An Act defining the powers of the several courts of quarter sessions of the peace within this Commonwealth with reference to the care treatment and control of dependent neglected incorrigible and de-

linquent children under the age of sixteen years and providing for the means in which such powers may be exercised" by providing that the court may direct that the clothing of and nessary medical and surgical attendance upon and the care of such child and its maintenance generally shall be paid by the proper county and may fix the amount which shall be paid for such board and clothing

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

House Bill No. 886 (Senate Bill No. 774), entitled:

An Act amending an act entitled "An Act applicable to all counties of this Commonwealth to provide monthly payments as approved by the trustees to indigent widowed or abandoned mothers for partial support of their children in their own homes The manner of the appointment of the trustees the administration of the trust amount of appropriations proportioning appropriations coordinate appropriations amounts to be paid form of records eligibility penalties and reports as set forth" approved April twenty-ninth nineteen hundred thirteen by limiting the provisions of said act to women whose husbands are dead or permanently insane and who have children under sixteen years of age and providing for uniformity of administration by the appointment of the State supervisor over the boards of trustees of different counties and otherwise amending the provisions of said act

Which was committed to the Committee on Pensions and Gratuities.

House Bill No. 444 (Senate Bill No. 775), entitled:

An Act providing that the real estate of all railroads railway street railway canal water gas electric light telegraph telephone and other public service corporations shall be subject to taxation for city school and other local purposes in cities of the third class

Which was committed to the Committee on Finance.

House Bill No. 767 (Senate Bill No. 776), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the purpose of refunding certain moneys to the Peters Packing Company of McKeesport Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 780 (Senate Bill No. 777), entitled:

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act providing for the election of a borough controller in all boroughs of this Commonwealth prescribing the qualifications powers and duties thereof and abolishing the office of borough auditors in said boroughs" approved the twelfth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen prescribing certain additional duties of said controller the audit by him of the accounts of all officers of the borough the filing of his report in the office of the prothonotary the surcharge of any officer by him the entry of judgment against any officer upon said report the method by which the controller may obtain evidence before him making persons guilty of false testimony before him guilty of perjury providing for appeals by the borough or taxpayers or officers from the controllers report of audit to the court of common pleas and thence to the Superior and Supreme Courts prescribing the method of disposition of appeals fixing the amount of the bond and regulating the salary of the borough controller

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

House Bill No. 1098 (Senate Bill No. 778), entitled:

A supplement to an act approved the nineteenth day of March one thousand nine hundred nine entitled "An Act to regulate the practice of osteopathy in the State of Pennsylvania to provide for the establishment of a State Board of Osteopathic Examiners to define the powers and duties of said Board of Osteopathic Examiners to provide for the examining and licensing of osteopths in this State and to provide penalties for the violation of this act"

Which was committed to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

House Bill No. 89 (Senate Bill No. 779), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the thirtieth day of July one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven entitled "An Act to provide revenue and regulate the sale of malt brewed vinous and spirituous liquors or any admixture thereof by requiring and authorizing licenses to be taken out by brewers distillers wholesalers bottlers rectifiers compounders storekeepers and agents having a store office or place of business within this Commonwealth prescribing the amount of license fees to be paid in such cases and by imposing an additional license fee on retail dealers in intoxicating liquors" as amended

Which was committed to the Committee on Law and Order.

House Bill No. 792 (Senate Bill No. 780), entitled:

An Act for the encouragement of agriculture and the holding of agricultural exhibitions providing State aid for certain agricultural associations and regulating the payment thereof.

Which was committed to the Committee on Agriculture.

House Bill No. 1048 (Senate Bill No. 781), entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act providing that in all counties having more than five hundred thousand inhabitants advertisements and notices required by law or rules of court to be published in newspapers of general circulation unless dispensed with by special order of court shall be published in the legal newspaper issued at least weekly of the proper county designated by rules of court for the publication of court or other legal notices" approved May third one thousand nine hundred and nine so as to include all counties having more than one hundred thousand population

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

House Bill No. 1100 (Senate Bill No. 782), entitled:

An Act authorizing Charles H. Sorge a citizen of Harrisburg Dauphin county to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

BILLS SIGNED.

The PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE (Mr. Charles H. Kline) announced that the Chief Clerk having reported that the following bills had passed both houses of the General Assembly and the same being correct, the titles were publicly read as follows:

Senate Bill No. 402, entitled:

An Act providing for the payment of judgment and mortgages and other claims which are liens on property affected by public improvements or appropriated by the exercise of the right of eminent domain

Senate Bill No. 4, entitled:

An Act relating to persons habitually addicted to the use of alcohol or drugs and providing for the care and treatment of such persons at the expense of the county and State if indigent.

Senate Bill No. 84, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof, providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws, general, special, or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith.

Senate Bill No. 369, entitled:

An Act regulating the sale offering for sale or exposing for sale of vegetables grapes and fruits providing standard containers baskets trays and measures therefor and imposing penalties.

Senate Bill No. 141, entitled:

An Act to regulate the practice of optometry in Pennsylvania defining optometry and relating to the rights to practice optometry in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and making certain exceptions and providing a bureau of optometrical education examination and licensure as a bureau of the Department of Public Instruction and means and methods whereby the right to practice optometry may be obtained and providing for the means to carry out the provisions of this act and providing for revocation or suspension of licenses given by said bureau and providing penalties for violations thereof and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent threwith.

Senate Bill No. 86, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to refund to Lynford Biddle of Philadelphia certain moneys erroneously paid into the State treasury.

Senate Bill No. 437.

An Act to amend an act approved the eighth day of April one thousand eight hundred and thirty-three entitled "An Act relating to last wills and testaments by conferring the same rights upon the mother as upon the father.

Whereupon,

The PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE (Mr. Charles H. Kline) in the presence of the Senate signed the same.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from Committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. BUCKMAN from the Commitee on Mines and Mining re-reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 160, entitled:

An Act to amend section one of article eight section four of article thirteen and article eighteen of an act, entitled "An Act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the anthracite coal mines of Pennsylvania and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith," approved the 2d day of June, A .D. 1891.

ADJOURNMENT.

Mr. KURTZ. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now adjourn until to-morrow morning at 10:30 o'clock.

Mr. STEWART. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The Senate adjourned at 11:50 o'clock P. M. until Wednesday morning, April 7, 1915, at 10:30 o'clock.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

TUESDAY, April 6th, 1915.

The House met at 10:00 o'clock A. M.

The SPEAKER (Charles A. Ambler) in the Chair.

The SPEAKER. We are honored by having with us this morning the reverend J. G. Wilson, D. D., of the Union Methodist Episcopal Church, Philadelphia, whom I have asked to lead us in prayer.

PRAYER.

The Reverend J. G. Wilson, D. D., offered the following prayer:

O God, our Father, we bow before Thee in grateful acknowledgement of Thy tender mercies towards us. We thank Thee for Thy care as exercised over us through the hours of the night and for the privileges of this new day. We ask Thee to give us strength with which to meet satisfactorily the duties to which we have been called. We praise Thee for mental and physical strength with which to attend to the duties to which we have been summoned. We ask Thee that Thy blessing especially may be with the Governor of this State, with the people of the Commonwealth with the Speaker and members of the House of Representatives. Grant that each in hearing duty's voice may recognize it always as God's call to noble and splendid service. We are grateful that Thou hast so honored us as to commit to our hands such vast, important and varied interests. Help us in the administration of the interests thus committed to act wisely so that as the result of our service, and as the result of our administration of these units the happiness of the people may be increased and the State favored with larger prosperity. May the service of all tend to the honor and glory of Thy name. May we so labor in this field of splendid opportunity that when summoned to the presence of our Lord, we may hear from Thy lips the coveted words: "Well done, good and faithful servant." This and all other blessings we ask in the Master's name. Amen.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the Journal of yesterday's proceedings.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of yesterday's proceedings, when, on motion of Mr. Love, the further reading was dispensed with and the Journal was approved.

BILLS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED.

By Mr. HERMAN. House Bill No. 1264.

An Act to amend Section thereof an act, approved the twelfth day of July, one thousand nine hundred and thirteen, entitled "An Act regulating certain political parties; providing for and regulating the nomination of candidates of such political parties for certain public offices, the election of delegates and alternate delegates to National party conventions, and of certain party officers, including State committeemen; a method whereby electors of such political parties may express their choice of candidates for the office of President of the United States; and the payment by the several counties and their reimbursement by the State, of the expenses of the same, authorizing the State committee of a political party to make, and to alter, amend, and revoke, rules; and providing penalties for the violation of the provisions of this act, and for the punishment of certain offenses provided for herein; and repealing inconsistent legislation."

Referred to the Committee on Elections.

By Mr. MEARKLE. House Bill No. 1265.

An Act making an appropriation refunding to Paul C. Wolff, Executor of the Estate of Thomas H. Lane, certain monies erroneously paid into the State Treasury.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. THOMAS. House Bill No. 1266.

An Act authorizing the State Department of Health to establish and maintain a place of detention and treatment for lepers on the state forest reserve or elsewhere and making an appropriation therefor.

Referred to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

By Mr. ARNOLD. House Bill No. 1267.

An Act making an appropriation to the State Normal School of the Thirteenth District of Pennsylvania, located at Clarion.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. DRINKHOUSE. House Bill No. 1268.

An Act to amend the second section of an act, approved the eighth day of June, one thousand nine hundred eleven, entitled "An Act relating to milk; providing for the protection of the public health, and the prevention of fraud and deception, by regulating the sale of milk, skimmed milk and cream; providing penalties for the violation thereof; and providing for the enforcement thereof."

Referred to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

By Mr. BROSIUS. House Bill No. 1269.

An Act making an appropriation to the Brookville Hospital, Brookville, Jefferson County, Pennsylvania

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. KITTS. House Bill No. 1270.

An Act to amend sections one, two, three and four of an act, approved the 27th day of April, one thousand nine hundred and nine, entitled "To provide for the taking testimony of witnesses, on behalf of defendants in criminal cases, to be read in evidence at trial in any of the criminal courts of this Commonwealth, when such witnesses may reside beyond the limits of the Commonwealth, but within the United States, and providing for the costs and expenses of same;" by providing for the taking and perpetuating of the testimony of aged or infirm witnesses, for any defendant residing within this Commonwealth, and the reading of the same in evidence at trial in any of the criminal courts of this Commonwealth when such witnesses are dead or incapacitated from testifying.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. REYNOLDS. House Bill No. 1271.

An Act providing that hereafter all actions for damages for death by negligence or unlawful violence shall be brought by the executor or administrator of the decedent for the exclusive benefit of the widow or husband, children, grandchildren, mother, father, brother, sister, or other next of kin dependent on such decedent, and such damages shall be distributed, free from all claims of creditors, in the proportion such beneficiaries would take the personal estate of such decedent under the intestate laws of this Commonwealth,

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

By Mr. GIBSON. House Bill No. 1272.

A supplement to an act approved the thirty-first day of May, one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act providing for the establishment of a State Highway Department, by the appointment of a State Highway Commissioner, two Deputy State Highway Commissioners, chief engineer, chief draughtsman, superintendents of highways, and a

staff of assistants and employes; defining their duties and the jurisdiction of the State Highway Department, and fixing salaries of Commissioner and deputies and other appointees; providing for taking over from the counties or townships of the Commonwealth certain existing public roads connecting county-seats, principal cities, and towns, and extending to the State Line; describing and defining same by route numbers as the State Highways of the Commonwealth, providing for the improvement, maintenance, and repair of said State Highways solely at the expense of the Commonwealth, and relieving the several townships or counties from any further obligation and expense to improve or maintain the same, and relieving said townships or counties of authority over same; requiring boroughs and incorporated towns to maintain certain State Highways wholly and in part; requiring the State Highway Commissioner to make maps to be complete records thereof; conferring authority on the State Highway Commissioner; providing for the payment of damages in taking property, or otherwise, in the improvement thereof; providing for purchase or acquiring of turnpikes or toll-roads forming all or part of any State Highway, and procedure therein; providing for work of improvement of State Highways to be done by contract, except where the State Highway Commissioner decides the work be done by the State, providing aid by the State to counties and townships desiring the same in the improvement of township or county roads; defining highways and State-aid highways; providing method of application for State aid in the improvement, maintenance and repair of township or county roads, and prescribing the contents of township, county, borough or incorporated town petitions; providing for percentage of cost of improvement or repairs to be paid by State, county, township, borough, or incorporated town, and requiring contracts by counties, townships, boroughs and incorporated towns with Commonwealth governing same; providing for the minimum width of State Highways and State-aid highways, and kind of materials to be used in the improvements; providing for payment of cost of improvement and repairs; providing penalty for injury or destroying State Highways; making appropriations to carry out the provisions of the act; and providing for the repeal of certain acts relating to Highway Department and improvement of roads, and of all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith; and providing that existing contracts are not affected by provisions of this act."

Referred to the Committee on Public Roads.

By Mr. GEISER. House Bill No. 1273.

An Act to amend section three hundred and three of an act, approved the eighteenth day of May, one thousand nine hundred eleven, entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof, providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws, general, special or local, or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith."

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Mr. BENNINGER. House Bill No. 1274.

An Act permitting and regulating the use of the several armory buildings of the National Guards of Pennsylvania for Horticultural and poultry exhibitions.

Referred to the Committee on Military.

By Mr. RININGER. House Bill No. 1275.

An Act for the protection of the public health and the prevention of fraud and deception, by regulating the storage and sale of cold storage foods; fixing penalties for the violation of the provisions thereof, and providing for the enforcement thereof.

Referred to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

By Mr. WALTON. House Bill No. 1276.

An Act amending section two hundred ten of an act entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, together with the provisions by which it shall be administered, and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof; providing revenue to establish and maintain the same, and the method of collecting such revenue; and repealing all laws, general, special or local, or any parts thereof, that are or may be inconsistent therewith," approved the eighteenth day of May, Anno Domini nineteen hundred eleven.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Mr. GINGERY. House Bill No. 1277.

An Act to equalize the taxation of all properties, real, personal, corporate or mixed by the creation of a tax commission and repealing all laws or parts of laws inconsistent herewith.

Referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. JAMES O. CAMPBELL. House Bill No. 1278.

An Act appropriating the sum of seventy-five thousand dollars ($75,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary, for the purpose of constructing a bridge over Connoquenessing Creek, in the borough of Butler, Pennsylvania, and providing that the bridge be constructed at an elevation above the grade of the Pittsburgh and Western and the Pittsburgh, Bessemer and Lake Erie Railroads, and that a portion of the cost of constructing said bridge or the approaches thereto, be collected from the said two railroads and such other public service and municipal corporations as the Public Service Commission may decree.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. FORSTER. House Bill No. 1279.

An Act providing for the establishment of a Board of Recreation, for the creation, organization, care, management, conduct, and supervision of recreation facilities in cities of the second and third classes, boroughs and townships of the first class.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. FORSTER. House Bill No. 1280.

An Act defining physical education; providing for the appointment of assistants in physical education; defining the qualifications and duties of such assistants and providing for their compensation and the reimbursement by the State to certain school districts.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. FORSTER. House Bill No. 1281.

An Act defining physical, agricultural and household arts education; requiring all normal schools receiving State aid to offer courses in these subjects in the regular curriculum

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Mr. FORSTER. House Bill No. 1282.

An Act amending section six hundred twenty-seven of the School code, of one thousand nine hundred eleven, entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and providing penalties for the violation thereof; providing revenue to establish and maintain the same, and the method of collecting such revenue; and repealing all laws, general, special or local, or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith"; providing that the board of school directors of any district shall permit the use of school grounds and buildings for civic, social, recreational and other purposes under certain conditions

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. FORSTER. House Bill No. 1283.

An Act relating to the trial of civil cases by jury in the courts of this Commonwealth and providing that in any civil cause now pending or hereafter to be brought in any of the courts of this Commonwealth where the damages are, by reason of the subject matter of the case, unliquidated and in which a trial by jury is had and the verdict of a jury awarding damages is rendered, no new trial shall, either by the Court in which the said case was tried or by any appellate court in this Commonwealth, be granted because the opinion of the Court differs from the verdict of the jury as to the amount of the damages and no such damages, as awarded shall by any such court, be increased, reduced or changed.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. FORSTER. House Bill No. 1284.

An Act providing for the appointment of a recreational and educational inquiry commission for the studying, investigating and reporting with recommendations upon the recreational and educational conditions and needs of the children in farming districts, country, mining and manufacturing towns; defining its duties; and making an appropriation therefor.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. W. H. WILSON. House Bill No. 1285.

An Act relating to the assessment of real estate for taxation

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. WEST. House Bill No. 1286.

An Act to further amend section one of an act approved the fourteenth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one, entitled "An Act granting power to counties, cities (except cities of the first and second classes), boroughs, municipalities or school districts in this Commonwealth, which have issued bonds or other interest bearing evidences of indebtedness, to redeem the same and issue new bonds therefor, with or without interest coupons attached." by providing for refunding certain indebtedness and changing rate of interest.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

By Mr. WEIR. House Bill No. 1287.

An Act regulating the practice of neuropathy in the State of Pennsylvania defining the same creating a Bureau of Licensure therefor and means and methods whereby the right to practice Neuropathy may be obtained and exemptions therefrom Providing penalties for violation thereof and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent therewith

Referred to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

By Mr. ARON. House Bill No. 1288.

An Act amending and supplementing section 3 of an act entitled "An Act to protect certain domestic and private rights and prevent abuses in the sale and use of intoxicating drinks" approved the 8th day of May 1854, and amending and supplementing the whole Act as amended by an Act approved 22 April, 1903, P. L. 257. by defining and amplifying the methods of procedure against persons selling intoxicating drinks under certain circumstances, and by providing for the liability, prose ution and recovery of judgment against the owners of premises wherein intoxicating drinks are sold, as well as against the vendors thereof and their employes, and by making said judgment liens against the real estate of such owners; and by providing that a married woman shall have the same rights in such cases to bring suit as a feme sole, and by providing for payment of damages to minors; and by making guardians or conservators of a minor or other person under guardianship liable instead of such ward or the property of said ward; and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

By Mr. WYLIE. House Bill No. 1289.

An Act to repeal an act of assembly entitled "An Act to provide for the alteration of the boundaries of townships and boroughs in certain cases, and the adjustment of the indebtedness thereof" approved the eleventh day of May, one thousand nine hundred one, (P. L. 177)

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. HENRY I. WILSON. House Bill No. 1290.

An Act validating and authorizing certain proceedings and elections of counties, cities, boroughs, townships, school districts and other incorporated districts or municipalities held in pursuance of section fifteen, of Article nine of the Constitution of this Commonwealth for the purpose of increasing the indebtedness of said districts or municipalities to an amount not exceeding ten percentum of the assessed valuation of taxable property therein, and the bonds, obligations or securities issued, or to be issued in pursuance thereof.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. MURPHY. House Bill No. 1291.

An Act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act providing for the election of commissioners of townships of the first class of this Commonwealth, and the filling of vacancies in the office of township treasurer and township commissioner in said townships," approved the third day of June, one thousand nine hundred and eleven.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. MURPHY. House Bill No. 1292.

An Act to further amend an act approved the twenty-eighth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine entitled "An Act to provide for the classification of the townships of the Commonwealth, with respect to their population, into two classes, and to prescribe the form of government for townships of each class."

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. PERRY. House Bill No. 1293.

An Act fixing the salaries of employes of the board of revision of taxes in counties containing a population of more than one million five hundred thousand.

Referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. GIBSON. House Bill No. 1294.

An Act regulating the compensation of officers and employees of either branch of the General Assembly.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. SWARTZ. (By request) House Bill No. 1295.

An Act to amend section 561 of an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith."

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Mr. SWARTZ. (By request) House Bill No. 1296.

An Act to regulate the practice of submitting points to the court in jury trials in both civil and criminal cases.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

By Mr. HABGOOD. House Bill No. 1297.

An Act authorizing the use of state armories for certain purposes.

Referred to the Committee on Military.

By Mr. GLENN. House Bill No. 1298.

An Act to provide a just and equitable method of distributing the money appropriated for the relief of the poor, requiring medical and surgical treatment in hospitals and sanitoriums in this Commonwealth not under the absolute control of the State and unable to pay for the same.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. COX. House Bill No. 1299.

An Act regulating the business of loaning money in sums of three hundred ($300) dollars or less, either with or without security, to individuals pressed by lack of funds to meet immediate necessities fixing the dates of interest and charges therefor, requiring the licensing of lenders, and prescribing penalties for the violation of this act.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Local.

By Mr. HESS. House Bill No. 1300.

An Act permitting the Commonwealth to intervene in any proceeding, at law or in equity, in which the Commonwealth may have an interest, without giving security.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. WHITAKER. House Bill No. 1301.

An Act to repeal an act, approved the twenty-eighth day of May, one thousand nine hundred and thirteen, entitled, "An Act requiring bills and answers in equity to be sworn to; and abolishing the rule that the averments of a responsive answer must be overcome by the testimony of two witnesses, or of one witness sustained by corroborating circumstances equivalent to the testimony of another witness ,in order to entitle plaintiff to a decree, except in certain cases."

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. SINCLAIR, from the Committee on Railroads, reported as committed, House Bill No. 842, entitled:

An Act to empower the Public Service Commission to require Railroad Corporations to employ an adequate number of men upon trains and to repeal an act entitled "An Act to promote the safety of travelers and employes upon railroads by compelling common carriers by railroad to properly man their trains," approved the nineteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven.

Mr. FRUIT, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 836, (Senate Bill No. 61), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the payment of deficiencies which have arisen in the payment of expenses for the erection furnishing and equipment of six cottages bakery and addition to the laundry at the State Institution for Feeble-Minded of Western Pennsylvania.

Mr. SNYDER, from the Committee on Judiciary General, re-reported as amended, House Bill No. 393, entitled:

An Act relating to the powers duties and fees of coroners and their officers or assistants.

Mr. McVICAR, from the Committee on Judiciary General, re-reported as amended, House Bill No. 437, entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to limit the duration upon real estate of the debts of decedents including the expenses of the settlement of the estate and to provide under what conditions the lien may be continued" approved the third day of May, one thousand nine hundred and nine, and so as to restrict the revival of judgment liens by the death of the debtor to real estate still owned by said decedent at the date of his death.

Mr. McARDLE, from the Committee on Elections, reported with a negative recommendation, House Bill No. 845, entitled:

An Act to further amend an act entitled, "An Act to regulate the nomination and election of public officers, requiring certain expenses incident thereto to be paid by the several counties, and punishing certain offenses in regard to such elections," approved the tenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three, by providing for secrecy in voting and punishing certain offenses in regard to elections.

MOTION TO PLACE BILL ON CALENDAR.

Mr. CROMER, Mr. Speaker, I move that House Bill No. 1022, File Folio 4197, entitled:

An Act amending article fourteen of an a t entitled "An Act for the government of cities of second class" approved March seventh one thousand nine hundred and one as same was amended and supplemented in section seven of said article by an act entitled "An Act amending and supplementing article fourteen of an act entitled 'An Act for the government of cities of the second class' approved the seventh day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one as same was amended and supplemented by an a t approved the twentieth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one by abolishing the present select and common councils providing a new body to be known as the council and fixing their terms of office and providing for the election of members of council prescribing the qualifications of members thereof their powers and duties and fixing their salaries" approved May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and eleven and amending article sixteen of the said act approved March seventh one thousand nine hundred and one as amended in section one of said article sixteen by an act entitled "An Act amending article two article six article sixteen and paragraph twenty-four of article nineteen of an act entitled 'An Act for the government of cities of the second class' approved the seventh day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one by providing for an increase in the number of exe utive departments in said cities from nine to ten by the creation of th Department of Public Helath by increasing the number of persons constituting the Department of Assessors and enlarging and increasing the jurisdiction and powers of said department by providing for an increase in the number of police magistrates in said cities from five to eight and supplementing said act by authorizing the creation of the Department of Public Health providing for the appointment of a director thereof fixing the maximum of his salary and defining the jurisdiction of said department" approved April first one thousand nine hundred and nine enlarging the power of council to include the trial of police magistrates and changing the terms of said police magistrates providing certain qualifications for said magistrates and imposing additional powers and duties thereon

be placed on the House Calendar notwithstanding the negative recommendation of the Committee.

Mr. MEARKLE, Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the motion?

Mr. CROMER. Mr. Speaker, I would like to say to the gentlemen of the House that this bill is almost unanimously endorsed by the people of the City of Pittsburgh. I believe that it would be a hard matter to find five hundred men opposed to this measure. It is good clean legislation and it does not carry any increase in salaries. If the House will agree to restore this bill to the calendar, or place it on the calendar, I will make a motion to refer it back to the Committee for amendment. It is a good bill, and is endorsed by the Chamber of Commerce and civic bodies and the majority of the administration of the city of Pittsburgh, and I think after it is amended they will all get behind this bill for me. It is a good bill.

Mr. GEARY. Mr. Speaker, I might say in reply to my friend from Allegheny, that the bill was not satisfactory to the members of the Committee who found many faults in it. That was the particular reason that it was negatived. However the sponsor of the bill and those back of it have stated to me that a new bill is going to be drafted along the same lines, and that it was entirely satisfactory to have this bill negatived.

On the question recurring.

Will the House agree to the motion?

It was not agreed to.

The SPEAKER. The Chair asks the consent of the House to take up bills on second reading. This is done in order that the printer will have an opportunity to print the bills for third reading to-morrow.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1110, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation for the purpose of refunding to Manfred J Berliner of Corry Pennsylvania certain moneys erroneously paid into the State Treasury

Section 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of five dollars ($5.00) is hereby specifically appropriated for the purpose of refunding to Manfred J. Berliner of Corry Pennsylvania being the amount paid by him for an automobile dealer's license taken out in the year one thousand nine hundred and twelve but which license was not used the said Manfred J. Berliner taking out shortly thereafter another license and paying into the State Treasury the amount thereof

Section 2 Said moneys shall be paid on warrant of the Auditor General upon the production to the Auditor General satisfactory proof that said dealer's license was not used as aforesaid

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 825, entitled:

An Act to license and regulate the business of purchasing for smelting purposes all articles made in whole or in part of gold or silver

The first, second and third sections were separately read and agreed to, as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That on and after January first one thousand nine hundred and sixteen it shall be unlawful for any person association co-partnership or corporation carrying on the business of smelting precious metals to purchase for that purpose any article comprised in whole or in part of gold or silver without first having obtained a license for the same from the county commissioners which said license shall expire at the end of the calendar year for which it was issued unless sooner revoked by the county commissioners who are hereby authorized to do the same whenever any licensee shall be convicted of any offense in connection with their said business of smelting and each person firm co-partnership or corporation to whom such license shall be issued shall pay therefor for the use of the county treasury the sum of fifty ($50) dollars No such license shall authorize the licensee to have more than one place for the transaction of the business of smelting in said county Before such license shall be granted the county commissioners shall be furnishd with proof by the application being endorsed by at least fifteen (15) reputable freeholders of the county setting forth that the applicant or applicants are fit to hold the license about to be issued to him them or it

Section 2 No person association co-partnership or corporation licensed under section one of this act shall keep his or their office open to transact business any day of the week before eight (8) o'clock ante meridian or after five (5) o'clock post meridian under the penalty of having their licensed revoked by the county commissioners on due proof being made thereof

Section 3 No person association co-partnership or corporation so licensed as aforesaid shall keep a book to be called a purchase book in whole or in part of gold or silver from any minor for the violation of which said licensee or officer or agent shall upon conviction be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be subject to a fine of not less than one hundred ($100) dollars or imprisonment for not more than two (2) years or both within the discretion of the court

The fourth section was read as follows:

Section 4 Every person association co-partnership or corporation licensed as aforesaid shall keep a book to be called a purchase book in which shall be fairly and plainly written in the English language the date the name of the article purchased with a description of it character of the metal comprised therein and the name and residence of the person selling such article and every person association partnership or corporation who shall wilfully neglect to make such entry shall forfeit said license

Said book shall at all times be open to the full and free inspection of the police authorities of any city borough town or township in this Commonwealth and to any person who shall exhibit an order to examine the same signed by the county commissioners Failure to comply with the provisions of this section shall make the licensee liable to have his license revoked on due proof being made thereof to the county commissioners

No person association co-partnership or corporation licensed as aforesaid shall sell smelt or dispose of any article purchased by them in accordance with the provisions of this act until the same shall have remained in his possession for thirty (30) days and violation of this provision shall give authority to the county commissioners on due proof being made thereof to revoke said license

That every person association co-partnership or corporation so licensed as aforesaid shall cause to be furnished upon a blank form to be supplied by the county commissioners the name and residence of all persons from whom they have bought goods with the list of the articles purchased and the character and nature thereof Said list to be furnished to the county commissioners by eleven (11) o'clock of the day following the said purchase and there shall appear upon said blank if the article purchased is a watch the kind of metal and any initials or descriptions

or distinguishing marks All jewelry will be described as to its kind and character and any initials distinctions or distinguishing marks Silverware and gold ware to be designated by name and character maker's name if any and any initials description or peculiar marks

Any person association co-partnership or corporation who shall carry on the trade as above described without having first obtained the license as aforesaid shall be deemed guilty on conviction thereof of a misdemeanor and shall be subject to a fine of five hundred ($500) dollars or imprisonment for thirty (30) days or either or both within the discretion of the court

All fines and penalties collected by reason of the violation of any of the provisions contained in this act shall be paid into the county treasury for the benefit of the county

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. CURRY. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend Section 4, line 5, by striking out the word "it" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "the"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The fifth section and title were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 5 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

An Act to license and regulate the business of purchasing for smelting purposes all articles made in whole or in part of gold or silver

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1004, entitled:

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act for the government of cities of the second class" approved the seventh day of March one thousand nine hundred and one authorizing cities of the second class for the purpose of preventing fires the spread of fire fire waste and loss of life from fire or a loss of life or damage to property from unsafe or improper construction or design of buildings to enact ordinances to provide for and regulate the construction equipment arrangements maintenance inspection alternation repair and removal of buildings and premises and appliances apparatus and conditions in and about them to provide for the regulation of the manufacture transportation storage sale and use of explosives gases inflammables and dangerous chemicals and substances to prohibit the manufacture of explosive and fireworks and the transportation storage sale and use of nitro-glycerine imposing on the Department of Public Safety the enforcement of ordinances relating thereto and authorizing such department to investigate fires providing for the service of orders made by the said department and for the appeals from and reviews of certain of its orders for the method of recovering money expended by the cities in remedying conditions and the method of obtaining a lien therefor and providing that the courts of common pleas shall have jurisdiction to punish witnesses for disobedience of orders of the Director of said department when holding investigations and repealing all laws inconsistent therewith

The first and second sections were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That in addition to the powers heretofore granted to cities of the second class as provided for in an act entitled "An Act for the government of cities of the second class" approved the seventh day of March one thousand nine hundred and one and the supplements thereto every city of the second class in its corporate capacity in order to decrease and prevent fire the spread of fire and fire waste loss of life from fire and loss of life or damage to property from unsafe or improper construction or design of buildings is authorized and empowered by ordinance

a. To provide for the inspection of the inside and outside of all buildings and premises at any time

b To provide and require that the owner or occupant of any building shall alter repair or remove any buildings or structures or part thereof or shall remove any combustible or explosive matter or inflammable conditions upon order of the Director of the Department of Public Safety to safeguard life or property and to provide for penalties for disobedience of such orders and to provide that the said Department may close the buildings or premises pending such repairs and if the owner or occupant fails to obey such order may have the necessary work done at the expense of the city said expense to be recovered as hereinafter provided in section three

c To require the installation and maintenance in such buildings as shall be designated of portable fire apparatus such as axes pikes poles hose reels ladders chemical extinguishers portable pumps and other similar appliances

d To require the installation and maintenance in such buildings as shall be designated of standpipes sprinkling systems hose lines and other similar appliances

e To provide for the keeping of all halls doors stairways passageways aisles fire escapes and exits in such repair and so free from obstruction as to provide in case of fire full free safe and adequate means of escape for those people who use frequent or are employed in such buildings

f To provide for the purpose of preventing fires the spread of fire fire waste danger to life in case of fire and loss of life or damage to property from unsafe or improper construction or design of buildings regulations and specifications for the construction equipment arrangement maintenance alteration and inspection heating cooling and lighting stairways doorways elevators fire towers fire escapes exits aisles passageways floor levels seats fire alarms and all other means of providing safe escape in case of fire of all buildings which may hereafter be constructed for use as stores manufacturing establishments churches theaters dance halls lodging houses tenements dwellings stables storage houses office buildings hospitals asylums hotels colleges schools dry cleaning establishments garages and all other buildings where a large number of people have homes congregate or are employed

g To provide regulations and specifications for the construction and arrangements maintenance alteration and inspection of proper adequate and safe means and appliances to prevent the spread of fire and to enable the occupants to escape safely in case of fire in all existing buildings used for the purposes set forth in paragraph f of this section

h To provide regulations and specifications for the construction of all chimneys stacks flues smoke pipes and ventilators

i To provide regulations for the manufacture transportation storage sale and use of all fireworks gunpowder dynamite and other explosives including gas under pressure all inflammable substances volatile inflammable liquids and all other inflammables and their products drugs chemicals and generally all substances which may be dangerous or likely to cause fire or injury to life or property in case of fire

j To prohibit the manufacture of explosives and fireworks

k To regulate and prohibit the transportation storage sale or use of nitro-glycerine

l To provide for the preparation and distribution by the Department of Public Safety of rules and regulations to minimize the danger of fire and lessen fire waste

Section 2 The Director of the Department of Public Safety shall execute and carry out the provisions of this act and of the ordinances enacted pursuant thereto shall make an annual report to the council with recommendations for means of further preventing fires fire waste and loss of life and shall when he deems it desirable make investigations of any or all fires and keep reports thereof

The third section was read as follows:

Section 3 Any owner agent or occupant interested who may feel himself aggrieved by an order of the said Department which requires a substantial alteration or repair or the removal of any substantial portion or portions of any building may within thirty days after the service of the order as hereinafter provided present his petition to the court of common pleas of the county wherein the city is situated having first notified the said department of his intention so to do and the court shall then fix a time for a hearing within five days thereafter and may suspend such order pending hearing and thereafter at the time fixed for the hearing a judge of said court shall hear and determine the said appeal and make such order as right and justice may require

In case any owner agent or occupant does not remove or remedy a building or structure or part thereof or remove or remedy dangerous conditions as ordered by the said department and does not appeal to the court of common pleas in such cases as appeals are provided for the said department may remove or remedy or cause to be removed or remedied the building or structure or part thereof or the dangerous condition at the expense of the city the cost thereof to be recovered by the city from said owner or occupant in an action of law in the court of common pleas and when such suit with statement of claim with description of the premises is filed by the city the prothonotary shall index it upon the judgment docket and the city shall have a lien for the amount of said claim against the said premises

All orders herein provided or issued by the department of Public Safety and directed to the owner shall be served by pasting a copy or copies in a conspicuous place on the building referred to in such order and by prepaid mailing of a copy thereof on the same day to the owner or owners whose address is known or ascertained by the said department If after a reasonably diligent search the address or addresses of the owner or owners cannot be ascertained said orders shall in addition to posting be served upon the agent or the tenant or tenants or other responsible occupant of said building if any All orders directed to the occupant shall be served in the manner above provided and in addition thereto by handing a copy thereof to the occupant of the premises

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. McCAIG. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 3, line 21, by striking out the word "movd" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "moved."

On the question,
Will the House agree to the amendment?
It was agreed to.
On the question,
Will the House agree to the section as amended?
It was agreed to.
The fourth section was read as follows:

Section 4 The director of the said department shall have the power to summon and compel witnesses to attend and testify before him as to the cause origin and circumstances of any fire and may require the production of any books papers or documents deemed pertient or necessary to said inquiry and shall have the power to administer oaths and affirmations to any person appearing as witnesses such inquiry to be public

Any witnesses who refuse to obey a summons of the director of said department or who refuses to be sworn or testify or who disobeys any lawful order of the said director in relation to any such inquiry or who fails or refuses to produce any books papers or documents touching any matter under investigation or who is guilty of any contempt after being summoned to appear before him to give testimony in relation to any such inquiry as aforesaid may be punished for contempt of court and for this purpose application may be made to the court of common pleas within whose jurisdiction the contempt took place for which purpose the courts of common pleas are given jurisdiction

On the question,
Will the House agree to the section?
Mr. McCAIG. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.
The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.
The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 4, line 5, by striking out the word "pertient" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "partinent."
Amend section 4, line 9, by striking out the word "witnesses" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "witness."
Amend section 4, line 9, by striking out the word "refuse" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "refuses."

On the question,
Will the House agree to the amendments?
They were agreed to.
On the question,
Will the House agree to the section as amended?
It was agreed to.
The fifth section was read as follows:

Section 5 The following acts and parts of acts of Assembly of this Commonwealth namely

Sections four five six seven eight ten eleven twelve thirteen fourteen fifteen sixteen seventeen eighteen nineteen twenty twenty-one twenty-two twenty-three twenty-four twenty-five twenty-six twenty-seven twenty-eight twenty-nine thirty thirty-one thirty-two thirty-three thirty-four thirty-five thirty-six thirty-seven thirty-eight thirty-nine forty-one forty-two and forty-three of an act entitled "An Act regulating the construction maintenance alteration and inspection of buildings and party walls in cities of the second class" approved the seventh day of June one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five (P. L. 135)

Section one of an act entitled "An Act to amend section one of an act approved the third day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five entitled 'An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to provide for the better security of life and limb in cases of fire in hotels and other buildings" approved the eleventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred seventy-nine' " approved the twelfth day of July one thousand eight hundred ninety-seven (P. L. 259)

Sections two and three of an act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to provide for the better security of life and limb in cases of fire in hotels and other buildings' approved the eleventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine" approved the third day of June one thousand eight hundred eighty-five (P. L. 68)

Section one of an act entitled "An Act to further amend an act entitled 'A supplement to an act entitled "An Act to provide for the better security of life and limb in cases of fire in hotels and other buildings" approved the eleventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred seventy-nine providing additional means of escape' approved the first day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred eighty-three as amended by an act to amend the same approved the third day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred eighty-five as amended by an act to amend the same approved the third day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred eighty-five" approved the ninth day of May one thousand eight hundred eighty-nine (P. L. 169)

Section two of an act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'A supplement to an act entitled "An Act to provide for the better security of life and limb in cases of fire in hotels and other buildings" approved the eleventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred seventy-nine providing additional means of escape' approved the first day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred eighty-three" approved the third day of June one thousand eight hundred eighty-five (P. L. 65)

Section nine of an act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act regulating the construction maintenance alteration and inspection of buildings and party walls in cities of the second class' approved the seventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred ninety-five" approved the thirtieth day of March one thousand nine hundred and three (P. L. 110)

Section thirteen of an act entitled "An Act to regulate the employment and provide for the health and safety of men women and children in manufacturing establishments mercantile industries laundries renovating work or printing offices and provide for th esafety of men women and children in hotels school buildings seminaries colleges academies hospitals store-houses public halls and places of amusement by requiring proper fire-escapes and to provide for the appointment of inspectors office clerks and others to enforce the same" approved the twenty-ninth day of May one thousand nine hundred one (P. L. 322) be and the same are hereby repealed

On the question,
Will the House agree to the section?
Mr. McCAIG. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.
The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.
The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 5, line 18, by inserting a single quote after the double quote.
Amend section 5, line 20 by striking out the single and double quote after the word "seventy-nine' " and inserting in lieu thereof "extending the provisions thereof to buildings used in whole or in part for offices not of fireproof construction."
Amend section 5, line 34, by inserting after the word "hundred" the word "and."
Amend section 5, line 36, by inserting after the word "Hundred" the word "and."
Amend section 5, lines 38, 39, 40 by striking out the following: "as amended by an act to amend the same approved the third day of June, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred eighty-five."
Amend section 5, line 38 by inserting after the word "hundred" the word "and."
Amend section 5, line 38, by inserting a double quote after the word "eighty-five."
Amend section 5, line 46, by inserting after the word "hundred" the word "and."
Amend section 5, line 48, by inserting after the word "hundred" the word "and."
Amend section 5, line 54, by inserting after the word "hundred" the word "and."
Amend section 5, line 54, by striking out the double quote after the word "ninety-five" and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "regulating the construction, alteration and ventilation of tenement houses and providing for the safety of the inhabitants thereof, and providing penalties for the violation of the same."

On the question,
Will the House agree to the amendments
They were agreed to.
On the question,
Will the House agree to the section as amended?
It was agreed to.
The sixth section and title were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 6 This act shall not go into force or take effect until the first day of January one thousand nine hundred and sixteen

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act for the government of cities of the second class" approved the seventh day of March one thousand nine hundred and one authorizing cities of the second class for the purpose of preventing fires the spread of fire fire waste and loss of life from fire or a loss of life or damage to property from unsafe or improper construction or design of buildings to enact ordinances to provide for and regulate the construction equipment arrangements maintenance inspection alteration repair and removal of buildings and premises and appliances apparatus and conditions in and about them to provide for the regulation of the manufacture transportation storage sale and use of explosives gases inflammables and dangerous chemicals and substances to prohibit the manufacture of explosives and fireworks and the transportation storage sale and use of nitro-glycerine imposing on the Department of Public Safety the enforcement of ordinances relating thereto and authorizing such department to investigate fires providing for the service of orders made by the said department and for the appeals from and reviews of certain of its orders for the method of recovering money expended by the cities in remedying conditions and the method of obtaining a lien therefor and providing that the courts of common pleas shall have jurisdiction to punish witnesses for disobedience of orders of the Director of said Department when holding investigations and repealing all laws inconsistent therewith

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.
Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.
Agreeably to order,
The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1101, as follows:

An Act fixing the salaries of county controllers in all counties having a population exceeding one hundred and fifty thousand and not exceeding two hundred and fifty thousand

Section 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the salaries of county controllers in counties having a population exceeding one hundred and fifty thousand and not exceeding two hundred and fifty thousand shall be six thousand dollars each per annum

Section 2 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with or supplied by this act are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 241, as follows:

An Act to repeal an act approved the fifth day of March one thousand nine hundred and six entitled "An Act to provide for the personal registration of electors in cities of the third class of this Commonwealth to make such registration a condition of the right to vote in such cities and to provide penalties for violation of its provisions"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the act approved the fifth day of March one thousand nine hundred and six entitled "An Act to provide for the personal registration of electors in cities of the third class of this Commonwealth to make such registration a condition of the right to vote in such cities and to provide penalties for violation of its provisions" is hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 966, as follows:

An Act relating to and regulating tender of judgment or payment in certain civil matters

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That in all civil matters sounding in tort of whatsoever nature including direct forcible consequential or negligent injuries by trespasses or wrongs to persons to real or to personal property or to business or reputation either before or after suit at law or in equity the wrongdoer before or the defendant after the bringing of suit may tender payment to or judgment for the injured person with lawful costs if any have accrued and if such tender of payment or judgment be not accepted and not withdrawn the plaintiff failing to recover a final judgment for more than the tender shall be adjudged and required in the case to pay all lawful costs incurred subsequent to the tender made

Section 2 This act is intended to include natural and artificial persons and is intended to provide an effective mode of tender of payment or of judgment in all civil transactions in which such is not already authorized by law but shall not prevent the bringing and prosecution of any suit to judgment at the plaintiff's risk as to subsequent costs

Section 3 All laws acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith be and the same are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1053, as follows:

An Act to validate transactions of building and loan associations whose charter has expired and permitting such building and loan association to make application for renewal of said charter within six months from the expiration notwithstanding a failure to comply with all the requirements provided by law for renewals of charters

Section 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That in any and all mortgages judgments satisfactions of mortgages judgments and other evidences of debt or upon which a scire facias sur mortgage or judgment has been brought or upon which a writ of execution has been issued owned or held and all assignments of the same made by a building and loan association whose charter has expired all such mortgages judgments scire facias sur mortgage or judgments and executions thereon shall be as good valid and effectual in law for all purposes as if said association had complied with the requirements of an act relating to renewals of charters approved the twenty-ninth day of April one thousand eight-hundred and seventy-four and any and all sales of such lands upon executions issued by said association or assignments and satisfactions made of such mortgages judgments or other evidences of debt shall be as good valid and effectual in law for transferring passing and conveying the estate right title and interest in and to said lands mortgages judgments or evidences of debt as if all the requirements of said section of the said act had been fully complied with

Section 2 That such building and loan association whose charter has expired shall within six months from the expiration of said charter shall apply to the Governor for a renewal of said charter according to the provisions of the act relating to renewals of charters and such renewal of said charter shall be as good valid and effectual as if the same had been made before the expiration of said charter

Section 3 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1082 (Senate Bill No. 452), as follows:

A supplement to an act approved the twenty-seventh day of June one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation regulation and government of cities of the third class regulating nomination and election of municipal officers therein and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That whenever at any primary election any candidate for nomination for the office of Mayor and city councilman in any city of the third class shall receive a number of votes greater than one-half of the total number of votes cast for such office at such primary and greater than one-half the number of ballots cast in said city in which the nomination is to be made such candidate shall be the sole nominee for such office at the succeeding election and his name and none other shall be printed as candidate for such office upon the official ballots for use at such succeeding election

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 806, as follows:

An Act to amend an act approved the ninth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the bituminous coal mines of Pennsylvania and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sixth section of article three of an act approved the ninth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the bituminous coal mines of Pennsylvania and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith" which reads as follows

"Section 6 The superintendent shall provide a safety catch or other safety device to be placed on the rear end of the rear car of full trips that are being hoisted up slopes and he shall also provide suitable signals to be placed on the rear end of the rear car of all trips hauled in the mines by locomotives of any kind" is amended to read

Section 6 The superintendent shall provide a safety catch or other safety device to act on the rear end of the rear car of full trips that are being hoisted up slopes and he shall also provide suitable signals to be placed on the rear end of the rear car of all trips hauled in the mines by locomotives of any kind

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 411, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the first day of May one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act regulating the letting of certain contracts for the erection construction and alteration of public buildings" by providing that it shall include mason brick and concrete work whenever the same shall cost one-fourth of the entire contract

The first section was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is herby enacted by the authority of the same That section one of an act approved the first day of May one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act regulating the letting of certain contracts for the erection construction and alternation of public buildings" which reads as follows

"Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That hereafter in the preparation of specifications for the erection construction and alternation of any public building when the entire cost of such work shall exceed one thousand dollars it shall be the duty of the architect engineer or other person preparing such specifications to prepare separate specifications for the plumbing heating ventilating and electrical work and it shall be the duty of the person or persons authorized to enter into contracts for the erection construction or alteration of such public buildings to receive separate bids upon each of the said branches of work and to award the contract for the same to the lowest responsible bidder of each of said branches" is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That hereafter in the preparation of specifications for the erection construction and alteration of any public building when the entire cost of such work shall exceed one thousand dollars it shall be the duty of the architect engineer or other person preparing such specifications to prepare separate specifications for the plumbing heating ventilating and electrical work and whenever the three items concrete brick and mason work taken as a single item shall equal one-fourth the whole contract price separate specifications shall be provided for this item and it shall be the duty of the person or persons authorized to enter into contracts for the erection construction or alteration of such public buildings to receive separate bids upon each of the said branches of work as provided by this act and to award the contract for the same to the lowest responsible bidder for each of said branches

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 1, line 20, by striking out the word "of" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "for"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The second section was read and agreed to as follows:

Section 2 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

The title was read as follows:

An Act to amend an act approved first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act regulating the letting of certain contracts for the erection construction and alteration of public buildings by providing that it shall include mason brick and concrete work whenever the same shall cost one-fourth of the entire contract

On the question,

Will the House agree to the title?

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend title, line 4, by inserting a double quote after the word buildings."

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the title as amended?

It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1178, as follows:

An Act to repeal the act approved the seventh day of June one thousand nine hundred seven entitled "An Act to prevent physicians and surgeons from testifying in civil cases to communications made to them by their patients except in civil cases brought by their patients for damages on account of personal injuries"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the act approved the seventh day of June one thousand nine hundred seven entitled "An Act to prevent physicians and surgeons from testifying in civil cases to communications made to them by their patients except in civil cases brought by their patients for damages on account of personal injuries" is hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 610, as follows:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-fourth day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act defining commodities regulating the sale thereof and providing penalties for violation hereof"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the autnority of the same That the sixth section of an act approved the twenty-fourth day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act defining commodities regulating the sale thereof and providing penalties for violation hereof" which reads as follows

"Section 6 Whenever any commodity named in this section shall be sold by the bushel the bushel of such commodity shall consist of the respective number of pounds herein set forth namely

Alfalfa seed sixty pounds
Apples fifty pounds
Apples dried twenty-five pounds
Barley forty-seven pounds
Beans dried sixty pounds
Beans castor (shelled) forty-six pounds
Beets sixty pounds
Blue-grass seed fourteen pounds
Bran twenty pounds
Broom-corn seed fifty pounds
Buckwheat forty-eight pounds
Cabbage fifty pounds
Carrots fifty pounds
Cement one hundred pounds
Charcoal twenty pounds
Cherries with stems fifty-six pounds
Cherries stemmed sixty-four pounds
Chestnuts hulled fifty pounds
Clover seed sixty pounds
Coal anthracite seventy-five pounds
Coal bituminous seventy-six pounds
Coal stone eighty pounds
Coke forty pounds
Corn shelled fifty-six pounds
Corn ear (husked) seventy pounds
Corn meal fifty pounds
Cranberries forty pounds
Cucumbers fifty pounds
Currants forty pounds
Flaxseed fifty-six pounds
Gooseberries forty pounds
Grapes forty-eight pounds
Hair (plastering) eight pounds
Hemp seed forty-four pounds
Herd's-grass forty-five pounds
Hickory-nuts fifty pounds
Hominy sixty pounds
Horse-radish fifty pounds
Hungarian grass seed fifty pounds
Kaffir corn fifty-six pounds
Lentils sixty pounds
Lime seventy pounds
Linseed fifty-six pounds
Malt thirty-eight pounds
Millet fifty pounds
Oats thirty-two pounds
Onions fifty pounds
Onion sets twenty-eight pounds
Orchard grass seed fourteen pounds
Parsnips fifty pounds
Peaches forty-eight pounds

Peaches dried (peeled) thirty-eight pounds
Peaches dried (unpeeled) thirty-three pounds
Peanuts twenty-two pounds
Pears fifty pounds
Peas green (unshelled) fifty-six pounds
Peas dried sixty pounds
Plums sixty-four pounds
Popcorn (unshelled) fifty-six pounds
Potatoes sixty pounds
Potatoes (sweet) fifty-four pounds
Quinces forty-eight pounds
Rape seed fifty pounds
Raspberries forty-eight pounds
Redtop grass seed fourteen pounds
Rice rough forty-five pounds
Rutabagas sixty pounds
Rye fifty-six pounds
Rye meal fifty pounds
Salt (coarse) eighty-five pounds
Salt (ground) sixty-two pounds
Sand one hundred pounds
Shorts twenty pounds
Sorghum seed fifty pounds
Spelt forty pounds
Strawberries forty-eight pounds
Timothy-grass seed forty-five pounds
Tomatoes sixty pounds
Turnips sixty pounds
Walnuts (common) fifty pounds
Wheat sixty pounds" is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 6 Whenever any commodity named in this section shall be sold by the bushel the bushel of such commodity shall consist of the respective number of pounds herein set forth namely

Alfalfa seed sixty pounds
Apples forty-five pounds
Apples dried twenty-five pounds
Barley forty-seven pounds
Beans dried sixty pounds
Beans castor (shelled) forty-six pounds
Beets sixty pounds
Blue-grass seed fourteen pounds
Bran twenty pounds
Broom-corn seed fifty pounds
Buckwheat forty-eight pounds
Cabbage fifty pounds
Carrots fifty pounds
Cement one hundred pounds
Charcoal twenty pounds
Cherries with stems fifty-six pounds
Cherries stemmed sixty-four pounds
Chestnuts hulled fifty pounds
Clover seed sixty pounds
Coal anthracite seventy-five opunds
Coal bituminous seventy-six pounds
Coal stone eighty pounds
Coke forty pounds
Corn shelled fifty-six pounds
Corn ear (husked) seventy pounds
Corn meal fifty pounds
Cranberries forty pounds
Cucumbers fifty pounds
Currants forty pounds
Flaxseed fifty-six pounds
Gooseberries forty pounds
Grapes forty-eight pounds
Hair (plastering) eight pounds
Hemp seed forty-four pounds
Herd's-grass forty-five pounds
Hickory nuts fifty pounds
Hominy sixty pounds
Horse-radish fifty pounds
Hungarian grass seed fifty pounds
Kaffir corn fifty-six pounds
Lentils sixty pounds
Lime seventy pounds
Linseed fifty-six pounds
Malt thirty-eight pounds
Millet fifty pounds
Oaks thirty-two pounds
Onions fifty pounds
Onion sets twenty-eight pounds
Orchard grass seed fourteen pounds
Parsnips fifty pounds
Peaches forty-eight pounds
Peaches dried (peeled) thirty-eight pounds
Peaches dried (unpeeled) thirty-three pounds
Peanuts twenty-two pounds
Pears fifty pounds
Peas green (unshelled) fifty-six pounds
Peas dried sixty pounds
Plums sixty-four pounds
Potatoes fifty-six pounds
Potatoes sweet fifty-four pounds
Quinces forty-eight pounds
Rape seed fifty pounds
Raspberries forty-eight ponuds
Redtop grass seed fourteen pounds
Rice rough forty-five pounds
Rutabagas sixty pounds
Rye fifty-six pounds
Rye meal fifty pounds
Salt (coarse) eighty-five pounds
Salt (ground) sixty-two pounds
Sand one hundred pounds
Shorts twenty pounds
Sorghum seed fifty pounds
Spelt forty pounds
Strawberries forty-eight pounds
Timothy-grass seed forty-five pounds
Tomatoes sixty pounds
Turnips sixty pounds
Walnuts (common) fifty pounds
Wheat sixty pounds

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 553, as follows:

An Act to provide for the safety of persons employed in about the anthracite coal mines of this Commonwealth by providing that no person or persons shall be conveyed into or from the mines by way of perpendicular shafts except in cages of steel frame construction and fixing a penalty for violations thereof

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That any person firm or corporation engaged in the business of operating an anthracite coal mine or mines who shall convey person or persons into or from any mine except in cages of steel frame construction (the bottom frame thereof to be covered with two-inch plank) shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine of one hundred dollars a day for each day the mine is operated in violation of the provision of this act Provided however that this act shall not go into effect before the first day of January Anno Dodini one thousand nine hundred and sixteen

Section 2 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith be and the same are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 945, as follows:

An Act to amend an act approved the fifteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act requiring owners lessees or operators of bituminous coal or clay mines to furnish the owners or lessees of adjoining coal or clay lands with maps of the mines and workings along the division line of such coal or clay lands and permitting the owners or lessees of such adjoining coal or clay lands to enter such mines and make surveys and to verify the accuracy of such maps"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the act approved the fifteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act requiring owners lessees or operators of bituminous coal or clay mines to furnish the owners or lessees of adjoining coal or clay lands with maps of the mines and workings along the division line of such coal or clay lands and permitting the owners or lessees of such adjoining coal or clay lands to enter such mines and make surveys and to verify the accuracy of such maps" is hereby amended by the addition of the following to be marked and known as section two

Section 2 Upon a refusal of such owners lessees or operators of coal or clay mines for a period of five days after request in writing from the owner of the adjoining coal or clay lands to furnish give or lend a map of said mines and workings along the division line with right to enter the mine and make examinations on petition of the party interested the court of common pleas of the county in which said mines or lands lie may grant a rule upon such owner lessee or operator to show cause for such failure or refusal returnable in ten days after notice and if after hearing it is made to appear that such owner lessee or operator has failed or refused such map and permission the court shall enter a decree requiring such owner lessee or operator to furnish give or lend such map and give such right of examination A failure by such owner lessee or operator to comply with such decree shall be deemed a contempt of court

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1249 (Senate Bill No. 564), entitled:

An Act authorizing the Commissioner of Labor and Industry to appoint additional officers and employes in the Department of Labor and Industry fixing their duties and salaries and increasing the salaries of the Chief Medical Inspector Chief of the Bureau of Statistics and Information and the chief clerk.

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1224 (Senate Bill No. 503), entitled:

An Act making mortgages given by benevolent charitable philanthropic education and eleemosynary institutions corporations or unincorporated associations for permanent improvements and refunding purposes prior liens to the liens of the Commonwealth for the appropriation of moneys providing for a method for the giving of such mortgages and fixing the duties of the Auditor General and Board of Public Charities in connection therewith

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 986 (Senate Bill No. 301), entitled:

An Act requiring justices of the peace and aldermen to file acceptance of office with the prothonotary of the proper county and requiring prothonotaries to certify such acceptance together with the election of justices and aldermen before commissions shall issue

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1116 (Senate Bill No. 372), entitled:

An Act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act authorizing certain corporations to issue preferred stock of one or more classes providing for the manner of issuance restrictions and regulations in the matter of voting thereof and the rights and privileges of the holders thereof and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent therewith" approved May twenty-eighth one thousand nine hundred and thirteen (Pamphlet Laws three hundred and seventy-eight)

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1158, entitled:

An Act designating the myrtle (lysimachia nummularia) as the State flower of Pennsylvania

The first section was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the myrtle (lysimachia nummularia) shall be the State flower or floral emblem of Pennsylvania

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. DUNN. Mr. Speaker, I desire to have this bill postponed for the present as I want to amend the title and do not have the amendment ready.

Mr. GRAHAM. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 970, entitled:

An Act to amend certain paragraphs of section one also section four five twelve thirteen twenty twenty-two thirty thirty-two and thirty-seven of an act entitled "An Act providing when how upon what property and to what extent liens shall be allowed for taxes and for municipal improvements and for the removal of nuisances the procedure upon claims filed therefor the methods for preserving such liens and enforcing payment of such claims the effect of judicial sales of the properties liened and the manner of distributing the proceeds of such sales" approved the fourth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one (Pamphlet Laws three hundred sixty-four) as one of said paragraphs of section one and said fourth and fifth sections were amended by an act approved the nineteenth day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and three (Pamphlet Laws forty-one) as section twelve was amended by an act approved the twenty-first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred thirteen (Pamphlet Laws two hundred eighty-six) and as section thirty-two was amended by an act approved the twentieth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven (Pamphlet Laws one thousand seventy-six)

The first section was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the paragraph of section one of an act entitled "An Act providing when how upon what property and to what extent liens shall be allowed for taxes and for municipal improvements and for the removal of nuisances procedure upon claims filed therefor the methods for preserving such liens and enforcing payment of such claims the effect of judicial sales of the properties liened and the manner of distributing the proceeds of such sales" approved the fourth day of June one thousand nine hundred and one which paragraph as amended by an act approved the nineteenth day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and three (Pamphlet Laws forty-one) reads as follows

"The words 'municipal claim' as used in this act mean the claim filed to recover for the grading guttering macadamizing or otherwise improving the cartways of any public highway for grading curbing recurbing paving repaving constructing or repairing the fottways thereof for laying water-pipes gas-pipes culverts sewers branch-sewers or sewer connections therein for assessments for benefits in the opening widening or vacation thereof or in the changing of water courses or the construction of sewers through private lands or in highways of townships of the first class or in the acquisition of sewers and drains constructed and owned by individuals or corporations and of rights in and to use the same for the removal of nuisances or for water-rates lighting-rates or sewer-rates" be and same is hereby further amended so as to read as follows

The word "municipal claim" as used in this act mean the claim filed to recover for the grading guttering macadamizing or otherwise improving the cartways of any public highway for grading curbing recurbing paving repaving constructing or repairing the footways thereof for laying water-pipes gas-pipes culverts sewers branch sewers or sewer connectios therein for assessments for benefits in the opening widening or vacation thereof or in the changing of water courses or the construction of sewers through private lands or in highways of townships of the first class or in the acquisition of sewers and drains constructed and owned by individuals or corporations and of rights in and to use the same for the removal of nuisances or for water rates lighting rates or sewer rates

That the paragraph of section one of the said act which reads as follows

"The word 'owner' as used in this act means the person or persons in whose name the property is registered if registered according to law and in all other cases means any person or persons in open peaceable and notorious possession of the property as apparent owner or owners thereof if any and if not then the reputed owner or owners thereof in the neighborhood of such property" be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows

The word "owner" as used in this act means the person or persons in whose name the property is registered if registered according to law and in all other cases means any person or persons in open peaceable and notorious possession of the property as apparent owner or owners thereof if any or the reputed owner or owners thereof in the neighborhood of such property

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. MEARKLE. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 1, line 7, by inserting after the word "nuisances" the word "the"

Amend section 1, line 15, by inserting before the word "reads" the following: entitled "An Act to amend an act, entitled 'An Act providing when, how upon

what property, and to what extent, liens shall be allowed for taxes, and for municipal improvements and for the removal of nuisances; the procedure upon claims filed therefor; the methods for preserving such liens and enforcing payment of such claims; the effect of judicial sales of the properties liened, and the manner of distributing the proceeds of such sales,' approved the fourth day of June, one thousand nine hundred and one; providing for liens and claims of townships of the first class, relative to sewers and drains."

Amend section 1, line 20, by striking out the word "fottways" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "footways"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendments?

They were agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The second section was read as follows:

Section 2 That section four of an said act which as amended by an act approved the nineteenth day of March Anno Domini nineteen hundred and three (Pamphlt Laws forty-two) reads as follows

"Section 4 The lien for taxes shall exist in favor of and the claim therefor may me filed against the property taxed by any county city borough township school district road district or poor district to which the tax is payable The lien for the removal of nuisances shall exist in favor of and the claim therefor may be filed against the property from which it is removed or by which it is caused by any city borough or township by or for which the nuisance is removed The lien for grading guttering paving macadamizing or otherwise improving the cartways any highway of for grading curbing recurbing paving repaving constructing or repairing the footways thereof or for laying water-pipes gas-pipes culverts sewers branch sewers or sewer connections in any highway for assessments for benefits in the opening widening or vacation thereof or in the changing of water courses or construction of sewers through private lands or in highways of townships of the first class or in the acquisition of sewers and drains constructed and owned by individuals or corporations and of rights in and to use the same or for water-rates lighting-rates or sewer rates shall exist in favor of and the claim therefor may be filed against the property thereby benefited by the city borough or township extending the benefit Where the contractor perfoming the work is to be paid by assessment bills the lien shall exist for and the claim shall be filed to his use and he shall under no circumstances have recourse to the city borough or township authorizing the work be and the same is further amended so as to read as follows

Section 4 The lien for taxes shall exist in favor of and the claim therefor may be filed against the property taxed by any county city borough township school district road district or poor district to which the tax is payable The lien for the removal of nuisances shall exist in favor of and the claim therefor may be filed against the property from which it is removed or by which it is caused by any city borough or township by or for which the nuisance is removed The lien for grading guttering paving macadamizing or otherwise improving the cartways of any highway for grading curbing recurbing paving repaving construtcting or repairing the footways thereof or for laying water-pipes gas-pipes culverts sewers branch sewers or sewer connections in any highway for assessments for benefits in the opening widening or vacation thereof or in the changing of watercourses or construction of sewers through private lands or in highways or townships of the first class or in the acquisition of sewers and drains constructed and owned by individuals or corporations and of rights in and to use the same or for water-rates lighting-rates or sewer rates or rates for any other service furnished by a municipality shall exist in favor of and the claim therefor may be filed against the property thereby benefited by the city borough or township extending the benefit Where the contractor performing the work is to be paid by assessment bills the lien shall exist for and the claim shall be filed to his use and he shall under no circumstances have recourse to the city borough or township authorizing the work

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. MEARKLE. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 2, line 1, by striking out the word "an"

Amend section 2, line 2, by striking out the word "an" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "said"

Amend section 2, line 15, by striking out the words "any highway"

Amend section 2, line 32, by inserting a double quote after the word "work"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendments?

They were agreed to,

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The third section was read as follows:

Section 3 That section five of the said act which as amended by an act approved the nineteen day of March Anno Domini nineteen hundred and three (Pamphlet Laws forty-three) reads as follows

"Section 5 Public property used for public purposes shall not be subject to tax claims or municipal claims and actual places of religious worship places of burial nor used or held for private or corporate profit and institutions of purely public charity shall not be subject to tax or municipal claims except for removal of nuisances for sewer claims and sewer connections or for the recurbing paving repaving or repairing the footways in front thereof All other real estate by whomsoever owned and for whatsoever purpose used shall be subject to all tax claims and municipal claims herein provided for Provided however that nothing in this act contained shall hinder or prevent any city borough or township of the first class from providing that any municipal work may be done at the expense of the public generally and be paid out of the general city borough or township funds" be and the same is further amended so as to read as follows

Section 5 All real estate by whomsoever owned and for whatsoever purpose used shall be subject to all taxes and municipal claims herein provided for except that all property owned by the state county city or other municipal division and actual places of religious worship places of burial not used or held for private or corporate profit and institutions of purely public charity shall not be subject to tax or municipal claims other than for water rates lighting rates sewer rates or rates for any other services furnished by the municipality Provided however that nothing in this act contained shall hinder or prevent any city borough or township of the first class from providing that any municipal work may be done at the expense of the public generally and be paid out of the general city borough or township funds

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. MEARKLE. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 3, line 2, by striking out the word "an" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "said"

Amend section 3, line 8, by striking out the word "nor" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "not"

Amend section 3, line 20, by inserting after the word "paid" the word "for"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendments?

They were agreed to,

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The fourth section was read as follows:

Section 4 That section twelve of the said act which as amended by an act approved the twenty-first day of May one thousand nine hundred and thirteen (Pamphlet Laws two hundred and eighty-six)

"Section 12 The property described in tax claims shall include the whole property against which the tax is levied The property described in municipal claims for the recovery of assessments made against properties benefited by any of the municipal improvements in this act mentioned shall include the entire property abutting on such improvement to the depth to which the same is found to be benefited In other cases the property described in municipal claims shall include the lot in front of or upon which the work is done of such depth as is usual in properties of the same kind or character in the particular neighborhood

No municipal or tax claim shall be invalidated by reason of including therein property to a greater depth than hereby subjected to such claim but the court in which the same is filed may at any time prior to judgment thereon but not afterwards upon it appearing that such claim includes property to a greater depth than hereby made subject to such claim limit the lien thereof to the proper depth" be and the same is hereby further amended so as to read as follows

Section 12 The property described in tax claims shall include the whole property against which the tax is levied The property described in municipal claims may include

the whole contiguous property or it may include only the lot in front of or upon which the work is done or to which service is supplied of such depth as is usual in properties of the same kind or character in the particular neighborhood No municipal claim or tax claim shall be invalid by reason of including therein property to a greater depth than as above provided but the court in which the same is filed may at any time prior to judgment thereon but not afterwards upon it appearing that such claim includes property to a greater depth than is hereby made subject to such claim limit the lien is thereof to the proper depth In all cases where a tax is levied on or filed against seperate and distinct properties in one amount covering all the proper public authority shall if tendered with all costs if any accept payment of the portion of the whole amount of said tax chargeable upon each or any of the separate and distinct properties so charged together according to the tax rate and assessed valuation thereof and payment and satisfaction of any one portion may be made without prejudice to the claim against the remainder

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. MEARKLE. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 4, line 4, by inserting after the word "six" the following: entitled "An Act amending section twelve of an act, entitled 'An Act providing when, how, upon what property, and to what extent, liens shall be allowed for taxes, and for municipal improvements, and for the removal of nuisances; the procedure upon claims filed therefor: the methods for preserving such liens and enforcing payment of such claims; the effect of judicial sales of the properties liened, and the manner of distributing the proceeds of such sales,' approved the fourth day of June, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one; by changing the provisions prescribing what property shall be included in tax and municipal claims," reads as follows:

On the question,
Will the House agree to the amendment?
It was agreed to.
On the question,
Will the House agree to the section as amended?
It was agreed to.

The fifth section was read as follows:

Section 5 That section thirteen of the said act which reads as follows

"Section 13 Any person having an interest in the property whensoever acquired may be agreement of the parties or by leave of the court intervene as a party defendant and make defence thereto with the same effect as if he had been originally named as a defendant in the claim filed And the claimant may by writing filed at his costs strike off the name of any defendant therein and may substitute as a defendant and issue a scire facias against any person who may have acquired an interest as owner after the right to file a claim accrued or who is the personal representative of an owner who has died either before or after filing the claim but such substitution shall always be without prejudice to any intervening rights" be and the same is amended so as to read as follows

Section 13 Any person having an interest in the property whensoever acquired may after ten days prior notice in writing by leave of court intervene as a party defendant and make defence thereto with the same effect as if he had been originally namd as a defendant in the claim filed And the claimant may by writing filed at his costs strike off the name of any defendant therein and may substitute as a defendant and issue a scire facias against any person who may have any interest therein as owner or who is the personal representative of an owner who has died either before or after filing the claim but such substitution shall always be without prejudice to any intervening rights

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. MEARKLE. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 5, line 4, by striking out the word "be" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "by"

Amend section 5, line 7, by striking out the word "in"

Amend section 5, line 29, by striking out the word "substiution" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "substitution"

On the question,
Will the House agree to the amendments?
They were agreed to.
On the question,
Will the House agree to the section as amended?
It was agreed to.

The sixth section was read as follows:

Section 6 That section twenty of the said act which reads as follows

"Section 20 Tax claims shall be prima facie evidence of the facts averred therein in all cases and the averments in both tax and municipal claims shall be conclusive evidence of the facts averred therein except in the particulars in which those averments shall be specifically denied by the affidavit of defence or any amendment thereof duly allowed A compulsory nonsuit upon trial shall be equivalent to a verdict for defendant whether the plaintiff appeared or not If plaintiff recovers a verdict upon trial in excess of the amount admitted by the defendant in his affidavit of defence or pleadings he shall be entitled to an attorney's fee for collection equal to five per centum of such excess but not exceeding fifty dollars" be and the same is amended so as to read as follows

Section 20 Tax claims and municipal claims shall be prima facie evidence of the facts averred therein in all cases and the averments in both tax and municipal claims shall be conclusive evidence of the facts averred therein except in the particulars in which those averments shall be specifically denied by the affidavit of defence or amendment thereof duly allowed A compulsory nonsuit upon trial shall be equivalent to a verdict for defendant whether the plaintiff appeared or not If plaintiff recovers a vrdict upon trial in excess of the amount admitted by the defendant in his affidavit of defence or pleadings he shall be entitled to an attorney's fee for collection equal to five per centum of such excess but not exceeding fifty dollars

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. MEARKLE. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 6, line 15, by striking out the word "centum" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "cent"

On the question,
Will the House agree to the amendment?
It was agreed to,
On the question,
Will the House agree to the section as amended?
It was agreed to.

The seventh section was read and agreed to as follows:

Section 7 That section twenty-two of the said act which reads as follows

"Section 22 Said writ or scire facias to revive shall be served and the proceedings thereon shall be conducted in the manner hereinbefqre provided for the original scire facias sur claim unless personal service was made upon all the defendants in the original proceeding in which event two returns of nihil habet to the writs to revive shall be equivalent to personal service upon the defendants" be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows

Section 22 Said writ of scire facias shall be served and the proceedings thereon shall be conducted as to persons who are found by the sheriff in the manner hereinbefore provided for the original scire facias sur claim but in any and all events two returns of nihil habet to the writs to revive shall be equivalent to personal service upon the defendants The practice and procedure following said scire facias to revive so far as applicable shall be the same as in the case of the original scire facias to collect the claim

The eighth section was read as follows:

Section 8 That section thirty of the said act which reads as follows

"Section 30 The plaintiff in any judgment recovered on a tax or municipal claim may upon paying the sheriff's cost fix an upset price to be realized at any sale under such judgment sufficient to pay his claim in full No sale shall be made on a judgment recovered on a tax claim except for a sum sufficient to pay all taxes in full and the plaintiffs in such judgment may purchase the property at such sale for that sum if no one bids a higher price therefor" be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows

Section 30 The plaintiff in any judgment recovered on a tax or municipal claim may upon paying the sheriff's costs fix an upset price to be realized at any sale under such judgment sufficient to pay all taxes and municipal claims and all accrued but unfiled taxes and claims in full No sale shall be made on a judgment recovered on a tax or

municipal claim except for a sum sufficient to pay all taxes and municipal claims in full except as hereinafter provided and the plaintiff in such judgment may purchase the property at such sale for that sum if no one bids a higher price therefor

On the question,
Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. MEARKLE. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 8, line 13, by striking out the word "pliantiff" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "plaintiff"

On the question,
Will the House agree to the amendment?
It was agreed to.
On the question,
Will the House agree to the section as amended?
It was agreed to.

The ninth section was read as follows:

Section 9 That section thirty-two of the said act as amended by an act approved the twentieth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven (Pamphlet Laws one thousand and seventy-six) which reads as follows

"Section 32 The lien of a tax or municipal claim shall not be divested by any judicial sale of the property liened where the amount due is indefinite or undetermined or where the same is not due and payable nor shall the lien of a tax or municipal claim be divested by any judicial sale of the property liened as respects so much thereof as the proceeds of such sale may be insufficient to discharge nor shall a judicial sale of the property liened under a judgment obtained on a tax or municipal claim discharge the lien of any other tax or municipal claim than that upon which such sale is had except to the extent that the proceeds realized are sufficient for its payment after paying the costs and expenses of the sale and of the writ upon which it was made and any other prior tax or municipal claims to which the fund may first be applicable On any such sale being made all tax claims shall be paid out of the proceeds thereof first the oldest tax having priority and municipal claims shall be paid next the oldest in point of lien having priority Mortgages ground-rents and other charges on or estates in the property which were recorded or created where rcording is not required before any tax other than for the current year accrue or before the actual doing of the work in front of or upon the particular property for which the municipal claim is filed shall not be disturbed by such sale unless a prior lien is also discharged thereby Provided however That upon the petition of the plaintiff in any such tax or municipal claim setting forth that more than five years have elapsed since the filing of his claim that he has exposed the property to sheriff's sale thereunder and was unable to obtain a bid sufficient to pay his claim in full and if a municipal claimant that he will bid sufficient to pay all tax claims in full and upon the production of searches or a title insurance policy showing the state of the record and the ownership of the property and of all liens claims mortgages ground-rents or other charges on or estates in the land the court shall grant a rule upon all parties thus shown to be interested to appear and show cause why a decree should not be made that said property be sold freed and clear of their respective claims liens charges and estates If upon hearing thereafter the court is satisfied that personal service has been made of said rule upon the parties respondent wherever found and that the facts stated in the petition be true it shall order and decree that said property be sold freed and discharged of all tax and municipal claims at a minuimum bid sufficient to pay all tax claims in full return theerof to be made to the court and if upon such return it further appears that no sale was made because no one was willing to bid a sum sufficient to pay the petitioner's claim in full it shall further decree that said property be sold clear of all such claims liens charges and estates at a minimum bid sufficient to pay all tax claims in full If at the last named sale no other person is willing to bid a sum sufficient to pay all tax claims in full the property shall be knocked down to and title made to the treasurer of said county for the benefit of the various tax claimants in the order of priority hereinbefore set forth and after the time for redemption has expired said property may under direction of said claimants or by decree of the proper court be sold either at public or private sale freed and discharged of all claims and the proceeds realized therefrom distributed in accordance with the priority of said claims Provided further That any person interested may at any time before the sale pay the petitioner the whole of his claims with interest and costs whereupon the proceedings on petition shall at once determine

For the purpose of enabling the petitioner in any such proceeding to give the notice required he may take the testimony of the defendant in the claim or of any other person whom he may have reason to believe has knowledge of the whereabouts of any of the parties respondent either by depositions commission or letters rogatory" be and the same is hereby further amended so as to read as follows

Section 32 The lien of a tax or a municipal claim shall not be divested by any judicial sale of the property liened where the amount due is indefinite or undetermined or where the same is not due and payable nor shall the lien of a tax or municipal claim be divested by any judicial sale of the property liened as respects so much thereof as the proceeds of such sale may be insufficient to discharge nor except as hereinafter provided shall a judicial sale of the property liened under a judgment obtained on a tax or municipal claim discharge the lien of any other tax or municipal claim than that upon which said sale is had except to the extent that the proceeds realized are sufficient for its payment after paying the costs and expenses of the sale and of the writ upon which it was made and any other prior tax or municipal claims to which the fund may first be applicable On any such sale being made all tax claims shall be paid out of the proceeds thereof first the oldest tax having priority and municipal claims shall be paid next the oldest in point of lien having priority Mortgages ground-rents and other charges on or estates in the property which were recorded or created where recording is not required before any tax other than for the current year accrue or before the actual doing of the work in front of or upon the particular property for which the municipal claim is filed shall not be disturbed by such sale unless a prior lien is also discharged thereby In case the property be not sold for a sum sufficient to pay all taxes and municipal claims together with the costs thereon the plaintiff in any such claim may postpone the sale without payment of costs and file his petition setting forth that more than one year has elapsed since the filing of his claim that he has exposed the property to sheriff's sale thereunder and was unable to obtain a bid sufficient to pay the upset price in full and if a municipal claimant other than a municipality that he will bid sufficient to pay the upset price and upon the production of searches or a title insurance policy showing the state of the record and the ownership of the property and of all tax and municipal claims mortgages ground-rents or other charges on or estates in the land the court shall grant a rule upon all parties thus shown to be interested to appear and show cause why a decree should not be made that said property be sold freed and cleared of their respective claims mortgages charges and estates If upon a hearing thereafter the court is satisfied that service has been made of said rule upon the parties respondent in the manner provided in the act to which this is an amendment for the service of writs of scire facias to obtain judgments upon tax and municipal claims and that the facts stated in the petition be true it shall order and decree that said property be sold at a subsequent sheriff's sale day to be fixed by the court without further advertisement clear of all claims liens mortgages charges and estates to the highest bidder at such sale and the proceeds realized therefrom shall be distributed in accordance with the priority of such claims and the purchaser at such sale shall take and forever thereafter have an absolute title to the property sold free and discharged of all tax and municipal claims liens mortgages charges and estates of whatsoever kind subject only to the right of redemption as provided by law

Any person interested may at any time before the sale pay the petitioner the whole of his claim with interest and costs whereupon the proceedings on petition shall at once determine

For the purpose of enabling the petitioner in any such proceeding to give the notice required he may take the testimony of the defendant in the claim or of any other person whom he may have reason to believe has knowledge of the whereabouts of any of the parties respondent either by disposition commission or letters rogatory

Any county municipality township or school district being a claimant shall have the right and is hereby empowered to bid and become the purchaser of the property at such sale and while the said property so purchased is held and owned by either a county or a municipality township or school district it shall not be subject to tax claims unless it be redeemed by the former owner or other person having the right to redeem as provided by the act to which this is an amendment If however a county municipality township or school district shall become the purchaser at said sale the former owner of other person desiring to redeem shall pay all taxes and municipal claims accrued and chargeable against the property prior to the sale thereof together with the costs and interest thereon and also all taxes and claims whether filed or not which would have accrued and become chargeable against the property had the same been purchased at the sale by some party other than the county city or other municipal division

Upon the delivery by the sheriff of a deed for any property sold under a tax or municipal claim the judgment upon which such sale was had shall thereupon and forever thereafter be final and conclusive as to all matters of defence which could have been raised in the proceeding including payment and no error or irregularity in obtaining or entering of such judgment shall effect the validity thereof

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. MEARKLE. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.

The SPEAKER. he amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 9, line 4, by inserting before the word "which" the following: entitled "An Act to amend the tenth and thirty-second sections of an act, entitled 'An Act providing when, how, upon what property, and to what extent liens shall be allowed for taxes, and for municipal improvements, and for the removal of nuisances; the procedure upon claims filed therefor; the methods for preserving such liens and enforcing payment of such claims; the effect of judicial sales of the properties liened: and the manner of distributing the proceeds of such sales.' approved the fourth day of June, one thousand nine hundred and one, as said tenth section was amended by an act approved the first day of May, one thousand nine hundred and seven, and further amended by an act approved the twenty-seventh day of April, one thousand nine hundred and nine, and as said thirty-second section was amended by an act, approved the twenty-eighth day of May, one thousand nine hundred and seven; by providing for the filing of municipal claims where appeals are taken from the assessment for the recovery of which such claim is filed, and changing the procedure for reviving and continuing the lien of municipal and tax claims, and providing that tax and municipal claims shall not be divested by any judicial sale of the property liened, where the amount of such tax or municipal claim is not definite or is not due and payable."

Amend section 9, line 77, by striking out the word "praties" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "parties"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendments?

They were agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The tenth and eleventh sections and title were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 10 That section thirty-seven of said act which reads as follows

"Section 37 All notices petitions and rules shall be served upon counsel for the parties interested or upon the parties themselves in the manner bills in equity are served or upon the owner by leaving a copy with the party in possession of the real estate or in default of service in any of the methods stated then in such manner as the court shall direct" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 37 Unless otherwise herein provided all notices petitions and rules shall be served upon counsel for the parties interested or upon the parties themselves in the manner bills in equity are served or upon the owner by leaving a copy with the party in possession of the real estate or in default of service in any of the methods stated then in such manner as the court shall direct

Section 11 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed

An Act to amend certain paragraphs of section one also section four five twelve thirteen twenty twenty-two thirty thirty-two and thirty-seven of an act entitled "An Act providing when how upon what property and to what extent liens shall be allowed for taxes and for municipal improvements and for the removal of nuisances the procedure upon claims filed therefor the methods for preserving such liens and enforcing payment of such claims the effect of judicial sales of the properties liened and the manner of distributing the proceeds of such sales" approved the Fourth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one (Pamphlet Laws three hundred sixty-four) as one of said paragraph of section one and said fourth and fifth sections were amended by an act approved the nineteenth day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and three (Pamphlet Laws forty-one) as section twelve was amended by an act approved the twenty-first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred thirteen (Pamphlet Laws two hundred eighty-six) and as section thirty-two was amended by an act approved the twentieth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven (Pamphlet Laws one thousand seventy-six)

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1151, as follows:

An Act fixing the compensation for commissioners of townships of the first class

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That each township commissioner of each township of the first class shall receive as compensation for his services an annual salary of sixty dollars to be paid by the township

Section 2 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with this act are repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1169 (Senate Bill No. 429), entitled:

An Act to give protection to and regulate the catching or taking or having possession of within this Commonwealth of bullfrogs and tadpoles and providing and imposing a penalty for violation of its provisions and repealing all acts inconsistent herewith

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1174 (Senate Bill No. 545), entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act authorizing companies incorporated under the laws of any other State of the United States for the manufacture of any form of iron steel or glass to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments and to take have and hold real estate necessary and proper for manufacturing purposes" approved the ninth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one extending the same to companies formed for the purpose of quarrying slate granite stone or rocks or for dressing polishing working or manufacturing the same or any of them and to mineral springs companies incorporated for the purpose of bottling and selling natural mineral springs water' approved the sixteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three" approved the nineteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one extending the same to companies formed for the purposes of manufacturing and selling chemicals foodstuffs cement and cement products and the quarrying of cement rock' approved May twenty-eighth one thousand nine hundred and seven extending the same to companies incorporated for the manufacture buying selling leasing using and operation of electrical apparatus and machinery and articles of every kind appertaining to or in any wise connected with the production use regulation control distribution or application of electricity or electrical energy or products for any use or purpose constructing acquiring using selling buying or leasing any works construction or plant or part thereof connected with or involving such use distribution regulation control or application of electricity or the control or use of electrical apparatus for any purpose and of producing furnishing and supplying electricity or electrical apparatus in any form and for any purpose and carry on a general manufacturing business" approved the twenty-third day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven extending the same to corporations engaged in the manufacture buying selling dealing in and using of collapsible tubes and metal specialties

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1147, entitled:

An Act fixing the salaries of the Associate Judges of the Courts of this Commonwealth

The first and second sections were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from and after the passage of this act the salaries or compensation of the associate judges not learned in the law of the courts of this Commonwealth shall be as follows Each such associate judge shall receive five dollars per day for every day he may be employed in the

discharge of his official duties Provided that the salary of no such associate judge shall be less than six hundred dollars per annum Each of said judges shall continue to be entitled to mileage as now provided by existing law

Section 2 All acts and parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

The title was read as follows:

An Act fixing the salaries of the Associate Judges of the Courts of this Commonwealth

On the question,

Will the House agree to the title?

Mr. LINDSEY. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend the title by inserting after the word "Judges" the words "not learned in the law"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the title as amended?

It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 984 (Senate Bill No. 293), entitled:

An Act to amend section four of an act entitled "An Act to regulate the doing of business in this Commonwealth by foreign corporations the registration thereof and service of process thereon and providing punishment and penalties for the violation of its provisions and repealing previous legislation on the subject" Approved the eighth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1191, as follows:

An Act designating the sweet pea (Lathyrus odoratus) as the floral emblem or State flower of Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sweet pea (Lathyrus odoratus) shall be the State flower or floral emblem of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1222 (Senate Bill No. 386), entitled:

An Act to authorize the judges of the courts of common pleas of judicial districts having separate orphans' courts to hear and determine all matters in such courts at the request of the judges thereof

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1038, as follows:

An Act to provide for the modification of the plans of the new Western Penintentiary in Centre County so as to provide larger or additional buildings in order to accommodate the inmates of the Eastern Penitentiary as well as of the Western Penitentiary for the consolidation of said institutions into one to be known as the State Penitentiary of Pennsylvania

Whereas by authority of law a large tract of land in Centre County has been acquired by the Commonwealth for the purpose of establishing thereon the Western Penitentiary with a view of giving the inmates thereof abundant employment in healthful out-door occupations and rendering the institutions largely self-supporting and

Whereas The said tract of land is situated near to the center of the State and is of ample area to justify the establishment thereon of a penitentiary of sufficient capacity to provide for the inmates of the Eastern Penitentiary as well as of the Western Penitentiary and

Whereas The Eastern Penitentiary is located in a district which has become closely built up so that the inmates thereof have no opportunity for farming or other useful or healthful out-door employment but must of necessity be kept largely in idleness to their own physical and moral injury and

Whereas The combination of the said Eastern Penitentiary and the Western Penitentiary in one institution under one management would tend to uniformity and efficiency as well as to great economy in administration therefor

Section 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the plans for the buildings of the new Western Penitentiary in Centre County be so modified as to provide larger or additional buildings or both as the board in charge thereof and the Governor may approve of sufficient capacity for the accommodation of the present and the future inmates of the Eastern Penitentiary as well as of the Western Penitentiary and that all provisions in erecting and constructing the buildings upon said tract of land in Centre County be made with a view of the future accommodation therein of all the inmates of both of said penitentiaries and the future operation thereof as one institution

Section 2 Upon the completion of the said buildings the inmates of the said Eastern Penitentiary as well as the inmates of the said Western Penitentiary shall be transferred to the said institution whereupon the said institution shall become and be known as the Pennsylvania State Penitentiary The said consolidation shall take effect when the said buildings shall be completed which shall be ascertained by the Governor and announced by proclamation Thereupon and until further provision shall be made by law the inspectors of said Eastern Penitentiary and the inspectors of said Western Penitentiary shall together constitute the board of inspectors of said Pennsylvania State Penitentiary and shall manage the said institution under such regulations consistent with law as they with the approval of the Governor may adopt

Section 3 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 608, as follows:

An Act amending section seven of an act entitled "An Act to amend sections one two three and seven of an act approved the third day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled 'An Act to amend sections one two three and seven of an act approved the third day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five entitled "An Act amending sections one two three seven and fifteen article two of an act entitled 'An Act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the anthracite coal mines of Pennsylvania and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith' approved June eighth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one (Pamphlet Laws one thousand nine hundred and one page five hundred and thirty-five et cetera) increasing the number of inspectors and inspection districts providing for the examination of candidates for Dauphin county and providing for certain redistricting of inspectors" granting to the qualified electors of Sullivan Susquehanna and Wayne counties the right to participate in the election of mine inspectors of the second inspection district' so as to increase the number of inspection districts by making the counties of Susquehanna Wayne and Sullivan a separate district providing for the appointment of a board of examiners for said district and for the examination and election of an inspector therefor and for the appointment of an inspector therefor until such time as an inspector should be duly elected" approved the fifth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven increasing the number of inspectors to be elected in the first and second inspection districts

Section 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section seven of an act entitled "An Act to amend sections one two three and seven of an act ap-

proved the third day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled 'An Act to amend sections one two three and seven of an act approved the third day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five entitled "An Act amending sections one two three seven and fifteen article two of an act entitled 'An Act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the anthracite coal mines of Pennsylvania and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith' approved June eighth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one (Pamphlet Laws one thousand nine hundred and one page five hundred and thirty-five et cetera) increasing the number of inspectors and inspection districts providing for the examination of candidates for Dauphin county and providing for certain redistricting of inspectors" granting to the qualified electors of Sullivan Susquehanna and Wayne counties the right to participate in the election of mine inspectors of the second inspection district' so as to increase the number of inspection districts by making the counties of Susquehanna Wayne and Sullivan a separate district providing for the appointment of a board of examiners for said district and for the examination and election of an inspector therefor and for the appointment of an inspector therefor until such time as an inspector should be duly elected" approved the fifth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven which reads as follows

"Section 7 The qualified electors of the several inspection districts mentioned in this act shall elect respectively the following number of qualified persons to act as mine inspectors of this Commonwealth namely

First inspection district—Six inspectors
Second inspection district—Five inspectors
Third inspection district—One inspector
Fourth inspection district—Four inspectors
Fifth inspection district—Two inspectors
Sixth inspection district—One inspector
Seventh inspection district—One inspector
Eighth inspection district—One inspector

Provided That the present mine inspectors in the several inspection districts shall continue in office until the expiration of the terms for which they have been appointed or elected and the number of inspectors to be elected at the coming election shall be reduced by the number of inspectors now regularly appointed or elected and residing and serving in said districts When the terms of the present inspectors shall expire their successors shall be elected in accordance with the provisions of this act until each inspection district shall have its full quota of elected inspectors under this act Said inspectors elected under this act shall be under the direction of the Chief of the Department of Mines who shall assign districts to the several inspectors in the respective counties in which they are elected but where an inspector has not enough work or duty to perform in his own inspection district then it shall be the right of the Chief of the Department of Mines to assign said inspector to work or duty in another adjoining district or territory wherein the services of said inspector are necessary

And provided further That whenever owing to the erection of a new district or for any other reason an inspection district shall be without a duly qualified inspector residing and serving in said district the judge or judges in whom is vested the power of appointing a board of examiners for that district shall appoint a duly qualified person as inspector of said district who shall serve as such until his successor is duly elected and qualified Said appointee shall be one of the persons who shall have filled with the commissioners of that county in the judge or judges of whose court is vested the appointing power for that district a certificate from the board of examiners of said district showing that he has passed a successful examination before the said board and is qualified for the position of inspector" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

Section 7 The qualified electors of the several inspection districts mentioned in this act shall elect respectively the following number of qualified persons to act as mine inspectors of this Commonwealth namely

First inspection district—Nine inspectors
Second inspection district—Six inspectors
Third inspection district—One inspector
Fourth inspection district—Four inspectors
Fifth inspection district—Two inspectors
Sixth inspection district—One inspector
Seventh inspection district—One inspector
Eighth inspection district—One inspector

Provided That the present mine inspectors in several inspection districts shall continue in office until the expiration of the terms for which they have been appointed or elected and the number of inspectors to be elected at the coming election shall be reduced by the number of inspectors now regularly appointed or elected and residing and serving in said district When the terms of the present inspectors shall expire their successors shall be elected in accordance with the provisions of this act until each inspection district shall have its full quota of elected inspectors under this act Said inspectors elected under this act shall be under the direction of the Chief of the Department of Mines who shall assign districts to the several inspectors in the respective counties in which they are elected but where an inspector has not enough work or duty to perform in his own inspection district then it shall be the right of the Chief of the Department of Mines to assign said inspector to work or duty in another adjoining district or territory wherein the services of said inspector are necessary'

And provided further That whenever owing to the erection of a new district or for any other reason an inspection district shall be without a duly qualified inspector residing and serving in said district the judge or judges in whom is vested the power of appointing a board of examiners for that district shall appoint a duly qualified person as inspector of said district who shall serve as such until his successor is duly elected and qualified Said appointee shall be one of the persons who shall have filed with the commissioners of that county in the judge or judges of whose court is vested the appointing power for that district a certificate from the board of examiners of said district showing that he has passed a successful examination before the said board and is qualified for the position of inspector

An said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1175, as follows:

An Act authorizing Emma Lorah of Luzerne County to bring suit against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in the court of Common pleas of Dauphin County

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authorized of the same That Emma Lorah of Luzerne County is hereby authorized to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin County against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to recover such sum or sums of money as may be legally due the said Emma Lorah arising out of the death of her son Bruce L. Lorah Assistant Range Master in the Ninth Regiment of the National Guard of Pennsylvania who was accidently killed while at target practice at the Rifle Range of said regiment Said suit or suits shall be subject to the same rules of pleading and evidence and appeal as other suits brought in the said court are subject

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1213, entitled:

An Act providing for the appointment of a Board of Visitors for institutions societies and associations caring for dependent neglected or delinquent children and making it the duty of the said board of visitation to visit all such institutions within this Commonwealth which receive inmates from the respective counties and are in whole or in part supported and managed by the Commonwealth and all institutions societies and associations that are wholly or in part supported and managed by the respective counties or cities boroughs or townships or poor districts of such counties of the Commonwealth and providing for the making of nominations of appointments on such boards of visitation

The first second and third sections were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That it shall be the duty of the court of common pleas of any county in this Commonwealth having a population of not less than two hundred thousand nor more than one million to appoint a board consisting of not less than six reputable citizens three of which may be women who shall serve without compensation to constitute a board of visitation whose duty it shall be to visit not less than twice each year all institutions societies and associations into whose care and custody dependent neglected or delinquent children shall be committed by said counties under the provisions of the laws of this Commonwealth Said visits shall be made by not less than two of the members of the board who shall go together and make a joint report The said board of visitation shall make report to the court from time to time of the care and treatment of the children received by or in their charge and make an annual report to the Board of Public Charities The said board of visitation shall be entitled to receive from the counties in which they shall be appointed such sums of money for actual and necessary expenses as may be approved by the Board of County Commissioners in their respective counties

Section 2 The court of common pleas in each county specified in this act within this Commonwealth may receive nominations of persons for appointment on the said boards of visitation submitted to the court by any corporation organized under the laws of this Commonwealth for the study and improvement of the conditions of charitable reformatory or penal institutions and such nominations shall in no way interfere with the exercise of free discretion by the court in making such appointments

Section 3 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed

The title was read as follows:

An Act providing for the appointment of a Board of Visitors for institutions societies and associations caring for dependent neglected or delinquent children and making it the duty of the said board of visitation to visit all such institutions within this Commonwealth which receive inmates from the respective counties and are in whole or in part supported and managed by the Common-

wealth and all institutions societies and associations that are wholly or in part supported and managed by the respective counties or cities boroughs or townships or poor districts of such counties of the Commonwealth and providing for the making of nominations or appointments on such Boards of Visitation

On the question,

Will the House agree to the title?

Mr. THOMAS. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend title, line 5, by striking out the word "stitution" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "stitutions"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to,

On the question,

Will the House agree to the title as amended?

It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1250 (Senate Bill No. 640), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the State Highway Department to cover a deficiency in the general appropriation of one thousand nine hundred and thirteen for acquiring turnpike roads

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered. To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1187, as follows:

An Act authorizing the consular officers of foreign nations to act as administrators of estates of citizens of their respective nations and to represent the legal heirs of such decedents resident in foreign countries

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from and after the passage of this act in the absence of the legal heirs or representatives of a foreign citizen dying within the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania without having appointed an executor of his or her estate the consul-general consul or vice-consul of the nation to which the deceased may belong residing in Pennsylvania in or nearest to the county in which said decedent died or in his absence the representative of such consul-general consul or vice-consul shall so far as the laws of Pennsylvania will permit take charge of the property which the deceased may have left for the benefit of his lawful heirs and creditors and in such cases the Register of the proper county shall issue letters of administration on the estate of such deceased citizen of their nation to such consular official or representative with bond as in other cases

Section 2 That during the administration of any estate of the class mentioned in section one by an executor or administrator other than himself the consul-general consul or vice-consul or his representative may represent all persons then residents of the country which said consul or official represents and receive and receipt for all moneys belonging to said persons Provided said parties are not otherwise represented without filing a power of attorney or other authority in said proceedings and the payment to said consular representative and his official receipt shall be a full discharge of all sums paid or received by him

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order.

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with.

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 575, entitled:

An Act relating to and regulating the employment of persons in compressed air work

The first, second, third, fourth, fifth, sixth and seventh sections were separately read and agreed to as follows:

DEFINITIONS

Section 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the term "pressure" when used in this act means gauge pressure in pounds per square inch

(2) The term "employer" when used in this act includes individuals co-partnerships associations and corporations

SAFETY OF EMPLOYES

Section 2 Every tunnel caisson compartment or place to which this act applies shall be so constructed equipped arranged operated and conducted as to provide such protection to the lives health and safety of all persons employed therein as the nature of the employment will reasonably permit

EQUIPMENT FOR WORK IN COMPRESSED AIR

Section 3 Every employer carrying on any work in the prosecution of which persons are employed in compressed air shall

(1) Provide and install gauges in each tunnel for showing the air pressure to which the persons so employed therein are subjected Such gauges shall be accessible at all times during working hours to all employes in the tunnels

(2) Provide and attach gauges to each caisson for showing the air pressure to which the persons so employed therein or subjected and employed a competent person who may be the lock tender to take charge of such gauges and of the instruments required under subdivision three of this section The person so employed shall not be permitted to work more than eight hours in twenty-four hours

(3) Provide and attach an air gauge and a time piece to each air lock Such gauge and time piece shall be accessible to the lock tender at all times

(4) Keep at least two air pipes or lines connected with each tunnel caisson compartment or place in which persons are so employed

(5) Provide a suitable iron ladder for the entire length of every shaft used in connection with such work

(6) Keep every passageway used in connection with such work clear and properly lighted

(7) Provide sufficient electric lights for all lighting purposes and provide a wire for lighting the shaft which wire shall be separated from the wire used for lighting the place where the employes are at work in compressed air all electric wires shall be properly insulated

(8) Provide for the use of all persons so employed dressing rooms which shall be kept open and accessible during working hours and during the intervals between working periods and also a separate room for drying clothes The dressing rooms shall contain benches and individual lockers shower baths with hot and cold water and sanitary water closets and shall be kept properly heated lighted and ventilated

(9) If the maximum air pressure in such work exceeds seventeen pounds provide and maintain at least one double compartment hospital lock Such lock shall be at least six feet high inside measurement and be suitably floored it shall be equipped with inside and outside air gauges and time pieces and a telephone with proper connections and shall contain benches and proper surgical and medical equipment it shall be properly heated lighted and ventilated

SUSPENSION OF CAISSONS

Section 4 No caisson in which persons are employed in compressed air shall while work is in progress therein be suspended or hung so that the bottom of the excavation is more than four feet below the cutting edge of the caisson

INSPECTION

Section 5 Every employer carrying on any work in the prosecution of which persons are employed in compressed air shall cause all engines boilers steam pipes steam gauges drill caissons air pipes air gauges air locks dynamos electric wiring signal apparatus brakes buckets hoists cables chains ropes ladders ways tracks sides roofs timbers supports and all other equipment apparatus and appliances used in connection with such work to be inspected at least once every working day by a competent person especially designated for that purpose and if any defect in such equipment apparatus or appliances is found a report thereof in writing shall forthwith be made by the inspector to the employer and the defect shall be immediately repaired

MEDICAL ATTENDANCE AND NURSES

Section 6 Every employer carrying on any work in the prosecution of which persons are employed in compressed air shall

(1) Employ one or more licensed physicians as medical officers who shall be present to render medical assistance at all necessary times at the place where such work is in progress and who shall perform such other duties as are imposed on them by this act

(2) If the maximum air pressure in such work exceeds seventeen pounds employ one or more registered nurses or one or more competent persons which persons shall be selected by the medical officer and be certified by him to be competent by actual experience to handle cases of compressed air illness The nurses or persons so employed shall have charge of the hospital lock provided for in this act and may also have other duties of a clerical nature exclusive of timekeeping such as will not require their presence elsewhere than at the hospital lock and such as they may leave at any time their service at the lock is necessary

EMPLOYMENT OF CERTAIN PERSONS PROHIBITED

Section 7 No person known to be addicted to the excessive use of intoxicants shall be employed or permitted to work in compressed air

The eighth section was read as follows:

PHYSICAL EXAMINATIONS

Section 8 (1) No person shall be employed or permitted work in compressed air until he has been examined by the medical officer and found to be physically qualified therefor

(2) No person who has not previously worked in compressed air shall during the first twenty-four hours of his employment be permitted to work therein longer than one working period as provided in section ten and he shall not be permitted to resume such work if the air pressure exceeds fifteen pounds until he has been re-examined by the medical officer and found to be physically qualified therefor

(3) No person who is employed in compressed air but who has been absent therefrom for ten or more consecutive days for any cause shall be permitted to resume such work until he has been re-examined by the medical officer and found to be physically qualified therefor

(4) No person who has been employed regularly in compressed air for three months shall be permitted to continue such work until he has been re-examined by the medical officer and found to be physically qualified therefor

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. MAURER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 8, line 1, by inserting after the word "permitted" the word "to"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The ninth, tenth, eleventh, twelfth, thirteenth, and fourteenth sections and title were separately read and agreed to as follows:

RECORD OF PHYSICAL EXAMINATIONS

Section 9 The medical officer shall keep a record of all physical examinations made in accord with section eight which record shall be kept at the place where the work is in progress and shall contain the name age address and full description of each person examined the date on which each examination was made and the physical condition on that date of the person examined and the total time such person has worked in compressed air including time in previous employments The employer shall also be responsible for the observance of this section

HOURS OF LABOR

Section 10 When the air pressure in any tunnel caisson compartment or place in which persons are employed exceeds normal but does not exceed fifty pound the maximum number of hours which in any twenty-four hours a person may be employed or permitted to work or remain therein shall be as hereafter stated In every case the maximum number of hours shall be divided into two working periods of equal length and the minumum time interval which shall elapse between such working periods shall be as hereafter stated

When the air pressure exceeds normal but does not exceed twenty-one pounds number of hours in twenty-four eight interval between working periods thirty minutes

When the air pressure exceeds twenty-one but does not exceed thirty pounds number of hours in twenty-four six interval between working periods one hour

When the air pressure exceeds thirty but does not exceed thirty-five pounds number of hours in twenty-four four interval between working period two hours

When the air pressure exceeds thirty-five but does not exceed forty pounds number of hours in twenty-four three interval between working periods three hours

When the air pressure exceeds forty but does not exceed forty-five pounds number of hours in twenty-four two interval between working periods four hours

When the air pressure exceeds forty-five but does not exceed fifty pounds number of hours in twenty-four one and one-half interval between working periods five hours

Except in cases of emergency no person shall be employed or permitted to work or remain in any tunnel caisson compartment or place where air pressure exceeds fifty pounds

RATE AND TIME OF DECOMPRESSION

Section 11 No person shall be permitted to pass from any tunnel caisson compartment or place where he has been employed in compressed air to atmosphere or normal pressure without passing through an intermediate lock or stage of decompression When the employe is passing from a tunnel to atmosphere of normal pressure the rate of decompression shall be three pounds every two minutes except when the air pressure in the tunnel exceeds thirty-six pounds in which case the rate of decompression shall be one pound every minute When the employe is passing from a caisson compartment or place to atmosphere or normal pressure the time of decompression shall be as follows

When the pressure in a caisson compartment or place exceeds normal but does not exceed ten pounds time of decompression one minute

When the pressure in a caisson compartment or place exceeds ten but does not exceed fifteen pounds time of decompression two minutes

When the pressure in a caisson compartment or place exceeds fifteen but does not exceed twenty pounds time of decompression five minutes

When the pressure in a caisson compartment or place exceeds twenty pounds but does not exceed twenty-five pounds time of decompression ten minutes

When the pressure in a caisson compartment or place exceeds twenty-five pounds but does not exceed thirty pounds time of decompression twelve minutes

When the pressure in a caisson compartment or place exceeds thirty but does not exceed thirty-six pounds time of decompression fifteen minutes

When the pressure in a caisson compartment or place exceeds thirty-six but does not exceed forty pounds time of decompression twenty minutes

When the pressure in a caisson compartment or place exceeds forty but does not exceed fifty pounds time of decompression twenty-five minutes

ENFORCEMENT

Section 12 The Commissioner of Labor and Industry shall enforce this act In enforcing this act any employe or agent of the Department of Labor and Industry specially authorized in writing may at any time enter any place of employment covered by this act for purposes of inspection It shall be unlawful to hinder or prevent such employe or agent in the performance of his duties under this act

PENALTIES

Section 13 Every person who directly or indirectly violates or fails to comply with any provisions of this act is liable to a penalty of fifty dollars for the first offense one hundred dollars for the second offense and three hundred dollars for the third and each subsequent offense Such penalties shall be recovered as debts of like amount are recoverable in action to be brought for the use of the Commonwealth by or under the direction of the Commissioner of Labor and Industry

TIME OF TAKING EFFECT

Section 14 This act shall take effect on the first day of January one thousand nine hundred and sixteen

An Act relating to and the employment of persons in compressed air work

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1181, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-first day of March one thousand nine hundred seven entitled "An Act authorizing the county commissioners of the several counties or the town councils of the several boroughs of this Commonwealth or both to appropriate annually a sufficient sum of money to each Post of the Grand Army of the Republic in their respective counties or boroughs to aid in defraying the expenses of Memorial Day" as amended

The first section was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the first section of an act approved the twenty-first day of March one thousand nine hundred seven entitled "An Act authorizing the county

commissioners of the several counties or the town councils of the several boroughs of this Commonwealth or both to appropriate annually a sufficient sum of money to each Post of the Grand Army of the Republic in their respective counties or boroughs to aid in defraying the expenses of Memorial Day" which as amended by an act approved the ninth day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to amend the first section of an act approved the twenty-first day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled 'An Act authorizing the county commissioners of the several counties or the town councils of the several boroughs of this Commonwealth or both to appropriate annually a sufficient sum of money to each Post of the Grand Army of the Republic in their respective counties or boroughs to aid in defraying the expenses of Memorial Day' by requiring the commissioners to make the paymetns specified and fixing the maximum amount thereof" reads as follows

"Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the county commissioners of the several counties or the town councils of the several boroughs of this Commonwealth or both be and are hereby required to appropriate annually to each post in their respective counties or boroughs a sum not to exceed fifty dollars to aid in defraying expenses of Memorial Day" is further amended to read as follows

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That in a county or borough where there is no Post of the Grand Army of the Republic the appropriation shall be made to an association or society that has been conducting the ceremonies on Memorial Day in lieu of the Grand Army Post

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. E. E. JONES. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 1, line 24, by inserting after the word "thereof" the word "which."

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The title was read and agreed to as follows:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-first day of March one thousand nine hundred seven entitled "An Act authorizing the county commissioners of the several counties or the town councils of the several boroughs of this Commonwealth or both to appropriate annually a sufficient sum of money to each Post of the Grand Army of the Republic in their respective counties or boroughs to aid in defraying the expenses of Memorial Day" as amended

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILL ON FINAL PASSAGE (SPECIAL ORDER).

The SPEAKER. The hour of 10.30 having arrived the special order for that hour will be taken up.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 205, entitled:

An Act to regulate the practice of optometry in the State of Pennsylvania to provide for the establishment of a Board of Optometric Examiners to provide for the examining and licensure of optometrists in this State to provide for the enforcement of the provisions thereof by the Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure of the Department of Public Instruction and to provide penalties for the violation of this act

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. DUNN. Mr. Speaker, this bill now on for special order at this time is one that is known as a bill to put the Optometrists under the Bureau of Medical Instruction and Licensure. Last night, by an almost unanimous vote of this House, we passed a bill creating a board to put these people under their own control. Now, it does not look right, it does not look fair, for us at this time, after an almost unanimous vote at 9.30 o'clock last evening, to pass a bill giving these men who have appealed to this House for twelve years or more, the right to protect their own business and their own industry, and preventing it from being placed in the hands of those people opposed to that industry,—I say when this House by vote of 171 to 13 placed the stamp of approval on that bill, to allow these men to regulate and administer the affairs of their own business as according to that law, it is not right that you gentlemen should vote for this bill, which would only place it under the control of the Medical Board, men who are directly opposed to these people, men who want to get them into their clutches and put them out of business.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. Speaker, I was very much surprised that my friend, Mr. Dunn, who represents the agricultural district of Philadelphia, would take up the time of the House this morning. I believe that the gentlemen of the House voiced their decision last night, but I am just like the fellow who comes back again, I am in the ring and before I get out of it you will have to vote down this bill. You passed your judgment last night, but I want to say to the gentlemen of the House that I am not sufficiently vain that because my name would be attached to a bill that I would take it as a personal matter how you gentlemen voted. You are just as intelligent as my friend from Philadelphia, or myself. Vote according to the dictates of your conscience, and the verdict of the House will be satisfactory to me. This bill is on the calendar, and in order to get it off you will have to vote it off, as far as I am concerned, or support it.

Mr. DUNN. Mr. Speaker, I move that House Bill No. 205 be stricken from the calendar.

Mr. KITTS. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the motion?

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. Speaker, you no doubt recognize now that the same sporting blood is not in the veins of Mr. Dunn as there is in the veins of some of the rest of us. He is afraid of the action of you gentlemen this morning, and has taken this means to prevent an expression on this bill. Now, I am going to ask you gentlemen of this House not to strike this bill from the calendar, but to express your opinions on it by the manner in which you vote.

Mr. DUNN. Mr. Speaker, I withdraw my motion to strike the bill from the calendar.

Mr. KITTS. Mr. Speaker, I withdraw my second to the motion.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—23.

Cox,	Lipschutz,	Reynolds,	Walsh,
Drinkhouse,	Mangan,	Roney,	Wettach,
Forster,	McClintock,	Smith, Jeff. W.	Williams,
Gransback,	McDermott,	Smith, L.,	Wilson, W. H.
Hamilton,	McNichol,	Steedle,	Wood,
Heyburn,	Peters,	Urich,	

NAYS—140.

Albee,	Gans,	Luppert,	Shaaber,
Alcorn,	Garner,	Luxemburger,	Shaffer,
Alexander,	Geary,	Marvin,	Shoop,
Arnold,	Geiser,	Mather,	Showalter,
Aron,	Gibson,	Maurer,	Sinclair,
Baker,	Gingery,	[illegible],	Smith, J. W.,
Baldwin,	Glass,	McCaig,	Sones,
Barnett,	Glenn,	McClure,	Spangler,
Bauerle,	Gompers,	McCurdy,	Spencer,
Benn,	Goodnough,	McVicar,	[illegible],
Bergy,	Goodwin,	Mellott,	Staving,
Blackburn,	Goodyear,	Metzenbacher,	Stein,
Body,	Habgood,	Milliron,	Stern,
Brumbaugh,	Hackett,	Murdoch,	Sullivan,
Bungard,	Harper,	Neville,	Swan,
Campbell, J. O.,	Heffernan,	Nieder,	Swartz,
Campbell, T.,	Hibshman,	Nissley,	Taylor,
Christman,	Hoffman,	Oaks,	Trach,
Conner,	Horton,	Ostrander,	Twibill,
Corbin,	Howarth,	Palmer,	Vickerman,
Cromer,	Hubler,	Phillips,	Wagner,
Curry,	Jack,	Pickering,	Walter,
Davis,	Jones, E. E.,	Powell,	Walton,
Dawson,	Jones, W. W.,	Ramsey,	Watson,
Diefenderfer,	Kaiser,	Reel,	Weir,
Dodds,	Kitts,	Rhoads,	Whitaker,
Dunn,	Klinger,	Rich,	Whitten,
Eby,	Kuhn,	Rininger,	Wildman,
Ehrhardt,	Kunkle,	Robertson,	Willard,
Eppley,	Landis,	Rothenberger,	Wilson, H. I.,
Evans,	Lanius,	Rudisill,	Wylie,
Finnerty,	Lauler,	Sampsel,	Wynne,
Flynn,	Leighner,	Sarig,	Young,
Fretz,	Lindsey,	Schaeffer,	Zappler,
Fruit,	Love,	Scott,	Speaker.
Gallagher,			

Less than the majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the negative and the bill falls.

BILL ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1125 (Senate Bill No. 528), entitled:

An Act to regulate the assessment on seated lands where township lines divide a tract of land and to determine the residence of owners and occupants of land when the dividing line between any two townships passes through the mansion house and prescribing the duties of assessors in such cases

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 868, entitled:

An Act to regulate the operation of motor vehicles for public use in the transportation of persons and the issuance of licenses therefor to prescribe the qualifications of the owners and drivers or operators thereof to define certain rights and duties and fixing penalties for the violation of this act and to provide revenue from the operation of such vehicles for the maintenance of streets and highways

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 528, entitled:

An Act in relation to the appointment and salaries of the deputy sheriffs on duty in the court rooms of the courts of oyer and terminer and quarter sessions of the peace in counties containing a population of not less than five hundred thousand nor more than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants as computed by the last preceding United States census and repealing all acts or parts of acts general special or local inconsistent therewith

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1235, entitled:

An Act to repeal an act entitled "An Act to provide for the erection of a poor house for the better relief and employment of the poor in the townships of Oxford and Lower Dublin in the county of Philadelphia" approved the eleventh day of April one thousand eight hundred and seven and the various supplements thereto also providing for the settlement of the accounts of the board of directors and also providing for the disposal of all the property held by the said board of directors under the said act of the eleventh day of April one thousand eight hundred and seven and its various supplements

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1233, entitled:

An Act authorizing townships of the first class to create a paid fire service or department and providing for the levying of a tax for the creation and maintenance of such fire service or department

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1211, entitled:

An Act requiring the prothonotaries of the several courts of common pleas of this Commonwealth to provide an Adsectum Judgment Index and fixing the fees of the prothonotaries therefor

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1216, entitled:

An Act to regulate and improve the civil service of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and of certain counties and cities thereof and providing penalties for the violation of its provisions

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1061, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the refunding of certain moneys mistakenly paid into the State treasury by Eva Riley and C. M. Lake executors of Theresa E. Smith deceased

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 485, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Hospital for Injured Persons of the Anthracite Coal Region of Pennsylvania at Fountain Springs near Ashland Schuylkill county Pennsylvania to cover a deficiency

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 165, entitled:

An Act making a deficiency appropriation to the State Hospital of Coaldale Coaldale Schuylkill county Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1239, entitled:

An Act to enable city county poor ward school borough and township tax collectors their executors and administrators if they are deceased or either surety or sureties if the surety or sureties have paid the taxes to collect taxes for the payment of which they have become personally liable without having collected the same by the expiration of the authority of their respective bonds or by the expiration of the authority of their respective warrants or by the expiration of their terms of office and to extend the time for the collection of the same for a period of two years from the passage of this act

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 180, entitled:

An Act to give additional protection to wild birds and animals and game within the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania prohibiting the hunting for or capture or killing of such wild birds or animals or game by unnaturalized foreign-born residents forbidding the ownership or possession of dogs by any unnaturalized foreign-born resident within the Commonwealth and prescribing penalties for violation of its provisions

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1209, entitled:

An Act regulating the disposition of dockets of justices of the peace and aldermen and providing penalties

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1237, entitled:

An Act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act to designate the several judicial districts of the Commonwealth as required by the Constitution and to provide for the election appointment and commissioning of judges learned in the law for the said districts in cases where such judges are not provided for by existing law" approved the eighteenth day of July one thousand nine hundred one

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 735, entitled:

Supplement supplementary to an act entitled "An Act providing for the voting of shares of stock in corporations in this Commonwealth held by executors administrators guardians and trustees and the manner of voting the same" approved March sixteenth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1210, entitled:

An Act designating the wild honeysuckle (rhododendrun nudiflorum) as the floral emblem or State Flower of Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1202, entitled:

An Act to amend sections one and two of an act approved the twenty-ninth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled "An Act to provide for the registration of conveyances of real estate in townships of the first class in order to facilitate the assessment of taxes in the name of the owner of said real estate at the time of the assessment" so as to exclude from the provisions of the act townships of the first class in counties having a board for the assessment and revision of taxes for State and county purposes

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1137, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the refunding to the Ridge Avenue Farmers' Market Company certain moneys for the unexpired portion of a cold storage warehouse license

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1058, entitled:

An Act amending an act entitled "An Act prescribing a method for disbursing and accounting for certain appropriations to departments bureas commissions and other branches of the State Government" approved the twenty-third day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine by providing for an extension of the provisions of such act to boards of trustees overseers managers and other persons in charge of institutions owned and controlled by the State in whole or in part and which are known as State and semi-State institutions maintained for various charitable educational and eleemosynary purposes

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1099, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the several fire companies in the City of Harrisburg

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 123, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation of eight hundred dollars for the purpose of maintaining the public road and the bridges thereon through the Cornplanter Indian Reservation and of building a new bridge on such road in Elk township Warren county Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1143, entitled:

An Act to provide for certain appointments in the Executive Department fixing the salaries thereof and abolishing certain offices

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1114 (Senate Bill No. 167), entitled:

An Act to amend section three of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the appointment of game commissioners for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania defining their duties and empowering them to appoint game protectors" approved the twenty-fifth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five as amended by the act of the fifteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven (Pamphlet Laws nine hundred sixty) authorizing the Board of Game Commissioners to increase its force of game protectors from thirty to sixty

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 876 (Senate No. 197), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the Trustees of the State Hospital for the Criminal Insane at Farview to cover deficiency in maintenance and equipment of said hospital

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered; To be laid aside for second reading.

RESOLUTION REQUESTING INFORMATION FROM THE COMMITTEE ON APPROPRIATIONS.

Mr. ROTHENBERGER asked and obtained unanimous consent to offer the following resolution which was read by the Clerk for information:

In the House of Representatives, April 5, 1915.

Whereas, The Appropriation Committee of this House have expended a great deal of time and a great deal of money visiting the various institutions applying for State aid, and

Whereas, This House is unaware of the amount expended by the Appropriation Committee for these various visits, and

Whereas, In view of the uselessness of these visits, because the work of the Committee duplicates the work already done and well done, by the State Board of Public Charities, the people of Pennsylvania should know how much of their money is being wasted; therefore be it

Resolved by the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, That it is the sense of this House that the Appropriation Committee of this House render to this House an itemized statement of all the expenditures made by the Committee to the first of April of this session, and the said Committee is hereby directed so to do. Said statement shall contain in addition to the itemized details full and detailed reasons for the expenditures made by the Committee and shall also contain a recital of the number of days that have been spent by the members in making these various visits during which days the House has been in session.

Ordered, That the resolution lie over for printing.

BILL ON SECOND READING.

Mr. DUNN. Mr. Speaker, I desire to call up from page 19 of to-day's calendar, House Bill No. 1158, Bills on Second Reading, for the purpose of amendment.

Agreeably to order,
The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,
The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1158, entitled:

An Act designating the myrtle (lysimachia nummularia) as the State flower of Pennsylvania

The first section was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the myrtle (lysimachia nummularia) shall be the State flower or floral emblem of Pennsylvania

On the question,
Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. DUNN. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 1, line 4, by striking out after the word "the" the word "myrtle" and the bracket words "(Lysimachia nummularia)" and insert after the word "the" the words "Tulip Poplar (Liriodendron Tulipifers)."

On the question,
Will the House agree to the amendment?
It was agreed to.
On the question,
Will the House agree to the section as amended?
It was agreed to.
The title was read as follows:

An Act designating the myrtle (lysimachia nummularia) as the State flower of Pennsylvania

On the question,
Will the House agree to the title?

Mr. DUNN. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend title by striking out after the word "the" on the first line, the word "myrtle" and the bracket words "(lysimachia nummularia)" and insert after the word "the," first line, the words "Tulip Poplar (Liriodendron Tulipifers)."

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the title as amended?

It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

RECONSIDERATION OF VOTE.

Mr. SONES. Mr. Speaker, I move that the vote by which House Bill No. 1029, entitled:

An Act conferring authority on street passenger railway companies and motor power or other companies lawfully operating lines of street passenger railways to own lease and operate lines of self-propelled omnibuses in connection with their street railway systems

failed on final passage on March 31st, be reconsidered.

Mr. THOMAS. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. SONES. Mr. Speaker, I move that further consideration of this bill be postponed for the present

Mr THOMAS. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order.

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 444, entitled:

An Act providing that the real estate of all railroad railway street railway canal water gas electric light telegraph telephone and other public service corporations shall be subject to taxation for city school and other local purposes in cities of the third class

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—134.

Adams,	Fretz,	Landis,	Shaffer,
Albee,	Fruit,	Lanius,	Showalter,
Alcorn,	Gallagher,	Lauler,	Smith, J. W.,
Alexander,	Garner,	Leighner,	Spangler,
Arnold,	Geiser,	Lipschutz,	Spencer,
Aron,	Gibson,	Love,	Statler,
Arthur,	Gingery,	Mangan,	Staving,
Baldwin,	Glass,	Marvin,	Steedle,
Barnett,	Gompers,	Mather,	Stein,
Becker,	Goodnough,	Maurer,	Sullivan,
Bergy,	Goodyear,	McClure,	Swartz,
Body,	Gormley,	McCurdy,	Thomas,
Brosius,	Graham,	McDermott,	Trach,
Brownlee,	Gransback,	Mearkle,	Urich,
Brumbaugh,	Greenwood,	Mellott,	Vickerman,
Bungard,	Hackett,	Metzenbacher,	Wagner,
Campbell, J. O.	Hamilton,	Murdoch,	Walsh,
Campbell, T.,	Harper,	Myers,	Walton,
Christman,	Heffernan,	Neville,	Watson,
Coldsmith,	Herman,	Nissley,	Weaver,
Corbin,	Heyburn,	Oaks,	Weir,
Cox,	Hibshman,	Perry,	West,
Cromer,	Hoffman,	Peters,	Wettach,
Curry,	Hollingsworth,	Phillips,	Whitaker,
Davis,	Howarth,	Pickering,	Whitten,
Dawson,	Hubler,	Powell,	Wildman,
Dell,	Jack,	Ramsey,	Willard,
Diefenderfer,	Jones, E. E.,	Rinn,	Williams,
Dodds,	Jones, W. W.,	Robertson,	Wilson, W. H.
Drinkhouse,	Kaiser,	Roney,	Woodward,
Erdman,	Klinger,	Rothenberger,	Wylie,
Evans,	Kuhn,	Rudisill,	Young,
Finnerty,	Kunkle,	Sarig,	Ambler,
Flynn,	Lafferty,	Shaaber,	Speaker.

NAYS—12.

Baker,	Eby,	Lindsey,	Twibill,
Bauerle,	Glenn,	McKay,	Walter,
Blackburn,	Hess,	Reynolds,	Wood,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

BILL ON SECOND READING (SPECIAL ORDER).

The SPEAKER. The hour of eleven o'clock having arrived the special order of House Bill No. 730, File Folio 4119, will be taken up.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 730, entitled:

An Act to provide for the health safety and welfare of miners by forbidding their employment of work in certain establishments and occupations and under certain specified ages by restricting their hours of labor and regulating certain conditions of their employment by reqiring employment certificates for certain minors and prescribing the kinds thereof and the rules for the issuance reissuance filing return and recording of the same by providing that the Industrial Board shall under certain conditions determine and declare whether certain occupations are within the prohibitions of this act requiring that certain schools to be approved by the State Superintendent of Public Instruction and regulating the conditions of such attendance authorizing the State Board of Education in certain cases to appoint attendance officers to aid in enforcing the provisions of this act and creating the salary and expenses of such officers a charge against the school district wherein they are employed requiring certain abstracts and notices to be posted providing for the enforcement of this act by the Commissioner of Labor and Industry the attendance officers of the school districts and police officers permitting private prosecutions for violation thereof and defining the procedure in prosecutions thereunder and establishing certain presumptions in relation thereto providing penalties for the violation of the provisions thereof and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent therewith

The first and second sections were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That wherever the term "establishment" is used in this act it shall mean any place within this Commonwealth where work is done for compensation of any kind to whomever payable provided that this act shall not apply to children employed on the farm or in domestic service in private homes

The term "person" when used in this act shall be construed to include any individual firm partnership unincorporated association corporation or municipality

The term "week" when used in this act shall mean any consecutive seven days

The term "minor" when used in this act shall mean any person under twenty-one years of age Wherever the singular is used in this act the plural shall be included and wherever the masculine gender is used the feminine and neuter shall be included

Section 2 No minor under fourteen years of age shall be employed or permitted to work i nabout or in connection with any establishment or in any occupation

The third section was read as follows:

Section 3 It shall be unlawful for any person to employ any minor between fourteen and sixteen years of age unless such minor shall during the period of such employment attend for a period or periods equivalent to not less than eight hours each week a school approved by the State Superintendent of Public Instruction The school aforesaid may be conducted in the establishment where said minor is employed or in a public school building or in such other place either in the district in which said minor is employed or in any joint school authorized by section eighteen hundred and one (1801) of article (18) of an act approved May the eighteenth nineteen hundred and eleven (1911) entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any part thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith" as the board of school directors of the school district in which said minor is employed may designate Provided however That such school shall be within reasonable access to said place of employment Any school aforesaid shall be part of the public school system of the school district wherein said minor is employed or of the school district or districts where said minor attends The school hours shall not be on Saturday nor before eight o'clock in the morning nor after five o'clock in the afternoon of any other day Every person who shall employ any said minor shall notify the officer by whom the employment certificate as hereinafter provided for the said minor shall have been issued within four days after said minor shall have entered his

employment of the name and location of the school at which said minor should be in attendance and of the hours which said minor should attend said school during the continuance of said employment Provided That this section shall not be effective in any school district until there has been established within said school district in which said minor is employed or within reasonable access to said place of employment in an adjoining district such a school

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. COX. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 3, line 44, by striking out the word "part" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "parts."

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The fourth section was read as follows:

Secton 4 No minor under sixteen years of age shall be permitted to work in about or in connection with any establishment or in any occupation for more than fifty-one hours in any one week or more than nine hours in any one day or before six o'clock in the morning or after eight o'clock in the evening of any day In computing the maximum number of hours per day or per week permitted under this act the hours spent in school by said minors shall be considered as part of the working day or working week

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend by striking out entire section 4 and insert in place thereof the following:

Section 4 (a) No minor under sixteen years of age shall be employed or permitted to work in, about or in connection with any establishment for more than six days in any one week or more than fifty-four hours in any one week or more than ten hours in any one day Provided however That during weeks in which a legal holiday or special holiday occurs and is observed by an employer any minor may be employed during three of the five other days of such week for a longer period of time than is allowed by this act but shall not be permitted to work more than two hours overtime during any one of such three days nor for more than the maximum number of hours per week specified in this act.

The employment of such persons at any time other than as stated herein, shall be deemed a violation of the provisions of this section unless it appears that such employment was to make up time lost on a previous day of the same week in consequence of the stopping of machinery upon which he was employed or dependent for employment but no stopping of machinery for less than thirty consecutive minutes shall justify such overtime employment nor shall such overtime employment be lawful unless a written report of the day and hours of its occurrence and its duration is promptly sent to the Commissioner of Labor and Industry.

(b) A different apportionment of the hours of labor may be made for the sole purpose of making shorter days work for one day of the week but in no case shall the hours of labor exceed fifty-four in a week.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

Mr. COX. Mr. Speaker, I am opposed to this amendment for the reason that it increases the hours of labor from nine to twelve. The Pennsylvania Child Labor Association insisted upon an eight-hour day. When this bill was first introduced the Manufacturers Association of the State of Pennsylvania insisted upon a ten-hour day. The Governor or the administration who have a knowledge of child labor agreed to meet them half way, and have inserted in the bill which is now before you, known as House Bill No. 730 and introduced by me, nine hours per day. It is the consensus of opinion that nine hours a day is above the average for physical endurance of the minor. The line of demarcation which takes place after eight and one half hours is very noticeable, but we are willing to make it nine hours because it is just a step forward in the advancement of child education and child labor. The manufacturers in this State may as well begin now for the time is not far distant and I believe that every man who represents any labor organization will agree with me that the eight-hour law will come into effect in this State, so that we merely step up to this, and I do not believe that it will embarrass them as much as they think it will. The question of difference between the administration and the manufacturers of this State is three hours. The three hours represents about a half hour per day. I ask in all fairness gentlemen that if the State of Pennsylvania desires to commercialize their children to stand on half an hour a day. For what reasons? The manufacturers tell you and tell you plainly in the letters that they are circulating that they are advocating this change for the children and the children only. I have a letter in my hand, which reads as follows: If the idea is to educate the minor we, as manufacturers in many fields, find that one reason we have employed the minors comes from the shiftlessness of parents, either from a drunken father, a drunken mother or both. I want to say that the manufacturer who intends to place that kind of stuff before the House is making a mistake. In the first place, I do not believe that the poor children who are compelled to go to work at fourteen and sixteen years of age are driven to it from the effects of rum. It is a poor argument that these manufacturers insist that they are only working for the uplift of the child, when in reality, they are looking for the dollars and cents that will pour into their coffers by commercializing the child. I ask my friends in the House, the friends of the organization in this House and in this party to stand by this bill and vote down the amendments.

Mr. LIPSCHUTZ. Mr. Speaker, I was one of those in this House that was in favor of the forty-eight hours for children. After a great many interviews with the sponsor of this bill he showed me his bigness and his fairness by agreeing to a compromise position of fifty-one hours. I say to you Mr. Speaker, that we conserve our forests; I say to you, Mr. Speaker, that we pass laws to protect our animals, and when we pass beneficient laws to protect the children of to-day who will be the men of to-morrow the manufacturing interests come here and say to us "subsidize yourselves and be for us?" I want to say to you Mr. Speaker, that the manufacturing interests of my district said to me, aren't you going to look after our interests. Now that nature has been kind to them, and that they have been well looked after, I do not think there is any necessity for me at this time or at any time to do anything further. The manufacturers come here with a ridiculous argument. They say that the advocates of this bill are actuated solely by selfish interests and the interest of the child, plays a very small part in their consideration. We are here representing a very very progressive legislature; we are here, this time, looking toward humanitarian legislation. I say that if they do not send me back to this House I will be proud if my posterity can say that I supported this bill for fifty-one hours. There never was a great experiment that people did not scoff at it. The Good Book tells us that they came to scoff, remained to pray. And while this may be an experiment here in the State of Pennsylvania, the twenty-one states throughout this Union that have tried this law have not found it wanting. In the great City of Philadelphia, John Wanamaker, the Merchant Prince, has tried the educational feature in his business and that property of his is a monument to his manhood, and it shows that he has seen further than most of the merchants of our State and his property stands high above all others. I say to the gentlemen of this House, this is a matter of great seriousness and I say to the gentlemen with all the vehemence within my small body, I ask you to go along with this Cox measure; I say to the gentlemen of the House with all fairness toward the children, give them the opportunities that were denied us, and when we are ushered before the Great Jehovah, we can say that our work was done and faithfully done.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, it has long ago been said that they whom the gods would destroy they first make mad. It has also been ob-

served that if we think wrong that we arrive at wrong conclusions. I want you to listen to me for a little while. I will be as brief as I can. I am going to tell you how I think, and see if you can agree with me. First. I do not think that the American manufacturers have tried to make exorbitant profits at the expense of the lives of the juveniles of our government, and no man can lay his finger on statistics either national or state to disprove that statement. In the first place, there is no set of men in this great nation of ours who have done more to give the poor boy and the poor girl and the poor man an opportunity to better his condition than the great captains of industry.

My friends have attempted to cloud the issue by making it appear, simply by a bald statement, that the manufacturers of the State of Pennsylvania want to exploit child labor. If there is any lamp that leads my feet aright, or my course aright in public affairs it is the lamp of experience. Nearly fifty years ago continental Europe began to inquire into and to legislate on the subject of child labor, to try to perfect laws of those old countries so as to correct the wrongs that existed, and very probably in a very few of the great industries that might then exist. Down the line of manufacturing industries for a period of fifty years England now has a law providing for fifty-five and one-half hours. On continental Europe there is not a nation that has not provided by law from fifty-five hours up to sixty-six hours. Now I don't want to give you the impression that this great Commonwealth of eight millions of people must go to Europe to get her cue for legislation. I only quote those conditions as the result of experience of the statesmen of those empires for a period of fifty years. That is their conclusion; but I don't want you to think that I am trying to impress you with the fact that it is the last word at all; but that is the lamp of experience.

The amendment that I have offered in no particular affects this bill other than to add three more hours to the week's work. Do you think that any person who concludes that three additional hours in six days is going to have any material effect upon the health of the juveniles of this State? Why do I offer this amendment and ask for the three hours? Why, they tell you that it is because I want to exploit labor for the benefit of the plutocratic manufacturing fraternity. It is not true. It is a mistake. I had no such intention. It will have no such effect. I know only too well, living in one of the largest manufacturing counties in this State outside of the two great counties of Philadelphia and Allegheny, that I am speaking not only from observation, but I am speaking from the experience of my neighbors that I have come in contact with. I am speaking of that knowledge that comes from being in and around these great industries. To show you how careful we should be as to thinking right, I want to call your attention to something that occurred in these legislative halls two years ago. I do not recall as to whether it was my friend who now opposes my amendment, but I do know that in this House they were some thirty or forty legislators who strongly advocated a fifty-hour law for the female operatives in our great industries. I know that they made the same argument that they are making now, that they did not want the captains of industry to exploit labor by increasing their profit. They told us if we did not pass the fifty-hour law that the people would rise up and drive us from the legislative halls as men unworthy to represent them. I protested. I protested because I felt confident that it would do more harm than good; that instead of providing work for those who desired to work it would absolutely drive thusands out of employment. The Senate amended the bill to fify-four hours and it came back and the House passed it, and the law for the female labor to-day in the industries of our State, is fifty-four hours. My friends I hope you will agree with me in this statement and I believe you will: I realize that I am talking to an exceptionally intelligent jury. I believe that you will agree with me that whenever we go into this question of interferring in the industries of our State by statute that at least we ought to go conservatively. If I firmly believed that it would do more good than harm to the citizenship of this State to vote for the forty-eight-hour law here to-day I would so vote. If I believed it would be more injurious than good, upon the other hand, I am going to have the courage to so vote.

The only comment that I have heard in my community since the fifty-four-hour law went on the statute book has been a criticism that it was entirely too drastic. I have not heard a single citizen in my county that commended the legislature for passing that act, and yet I appreciate that in nearly all of these steps in order to better the conditions the community frequently, when interferred with in the least way or when one ounce of additional friction is added, that they complain thoughtlessly. My amendment will make the number of hours for the juveniles in our great industries in this State identical with the hours of the female. The textile industres of the State of Pennsylvania employ largely female labor. The nature of the work is of a character that the juvenile is a helper. If the number of hours of employment of the juvenile helper is different from that of the female adult, it means that you will throw that number of juveniles out of employment.

My friend has told you the number of States in this Union that has a law of eight hours, has the law of eight hours for juveniles. Amongst those States the only ones that are worth considering at all is the State of Massachusetts, the State of New York, the State of New Jersey and the State of Ohio. The others you can brush aside because of the infinitesimally small number of employes in the textile manufacturing business. In those four States that I have named the result of the forty-eight-hour law for the juvenile and a different hour law for the adult has resulted in all of those large industrial plants discharging all of that juvenile labor. Now that is an absolute condition that I have referred to a few moments ago as the lamp of experience.

Let me make another statement to you: Do you realize that we are now going over into a field in our legislative activity that needs more thought, more care, more consideration than any other subject that has been taken up by governmental legislative bodies. The belief, up to within a very short time, has been that the parent was the proper authority to direct and control his children until they reach the age of twenty-one. That law has not been changed. It stands on the statute books of every State in the Union, that the parent has the control of the child up to the age of twenty-one. The reason why legislation of this character deserves at your hands careful consideration—and let me give you a thought as to how you will arrive at the proper conclusion on any subject that may come before you—take it right home to yourself. Consider the effect of it upon society by considering the effect of it upon yourself. Presume that you are a poor man—poor I only mean in worldly goods. Presume for the moment that you are one of the multitude that has a family of from four to eight children; that family to be supported by your adult earnings and no child in that family to be an assistant until he reaches the age of sixteen. Is there a man in this House, is there one within the sound of my voice, who would not say that before the age of sixteen there should come a helping hand from some of those children? My friends, are you going to be beclouded in this issue because there cames a voice from men who have travelled over the road themselves?

No, the voice does not come from there,—not even the echo comes from there. The voice from the widowed mother, or the deserted mother, with her six darling children that make up that happy household, must sit helpless at home and see the representatives of the great sovereign State of Pennsylvania pass laws that may rend asunder that happy household and see them in the poor house van going to the county home. That is the question for you to consider. This is no exaggerated statement, and as my learned friend, the ex-Attorney General of the State of Pennsylvania, said a few days ago, it is no hyperbole either.

There is not a man here, nor a woman within the sound of my voice, that does not know that I am drawing a true picture of life. Yes, perhaps there are a few children in this great State of ours, where the public officials, or the community itself, is not performing its duty to society, namely, and perhaps one out of a thousand, or one out of

three or four hundred manufacturers, or captains of industry, of this great State may be so mean,—nay, I won't say mean, but perhaps so thoughtless, that in their great industry there may perhaps be one or two children that are careworn and wan and should perhaps be at home.

How many are in the public schools that are also careworn and wan because their physical condition says that it would be better a thousand fold to allow the mental faculties to rest, and that perhaps some physical exercise would lead along the highway to health. You have not found, nor have they attempted to present to you, nor will they pretend to present to you, the percentage of children between the ages of sixteen and fourteen, who are suffering from being required, either by their parents, or by conditions for which you can blame no parent,—namely, that starvation is facing them, that they perhaps ought not to be working in these institutions. The number is so infinitesimally small that before you pass an inflexible statute, fixing the limit at less than fifty-four hours a week, beware of the responsibilities that are on your shoulders. Beware of the warning that the lamp of experience points out.

Do we sitting here today a single one of those who stood here two years ago trying to convince the legislative body that they ought to follow along the lines of drastic legislation that would disturb in this way the industries of our State? Not one, not one. You are pledged and I am pledged to the people, not by a party platform, not by the words of any man, but I am pledged to the people to investigate every subject that comes before me, as carefully as possible in the time given, and after analyzing it in a right way, and thinking right, to have the courage to register my convictions when the clerk at the desk calls the roll.

Why, my friends, don't you know that there is provided in this very bill to which I subscribed, that no child from sixteen years of age downward, can go to work iin any of these industrial propositions without a medical examination and certificate from the medical authorities appointed either by the municipal government or by the State. You accept, if you support my amendment, the question of whether a child may be working that is physically incapable is carefully protected by the provisions of the act. Why, my friends, you are all men of experience; you know as well as I know that so far as the age, sixteen, stands for the question of the qualifications of a child to go to work inflexibly, cannot swerve either to the right or left, no matter what are the conditions, is legislation gone mad.

There is not one of you here who does not know that perhaps a child of fourteen years may be more capable of certain labor requiring physical effort than some men forty years old. To my mind it is one of the most ridiculous propositions to fix that whole question of labor on the hard, inflexible mark of sixteen. But aside from that, I will yield that point in the bill because in my judgment, if you will give this amendment your support, it will be entirely satisfactory as a compromise to those who know more about this subject than all the professional life from Paris to Washington and in every nation of the world.

People who sit down in an office and undertake to figure out the problems of society, the problems of social conditions in any one community based upon the rule of three,—one and one makes two, and three and three makes six,—falls little short of being foolish. The only man who knows anything about society is the man who mingles through and amongst it; the man who is in contact with it at every side. I have lived in a community of that character, I have been in the manufacturing centers on holidays, when the whole community has turned out on a Decoration Day or a Fourth of July, in my county, Rockdale, an old manufacturing center that has been known as a center of manufacturing for about a century, where all the people in that little community not only are now working in these textile plants, but their fathers before them and their grandfathers before them and their great-grandfathers before them.

I will take you down there, without any labor laws on the statute books other than we have now, which they say are deficient, and which I am willing to go further, in improving as I am in support of this bill if this amendment goes in, and I will match the health, the alertness, the intelligence of that community against any of a like number of citizens on the map of the globe. They have the best baseball team, they have the best men there in athletic sports, they have the brightest young men there in debating societies, they have the men there who understand factory life and they never made any complaint about their condition and there has not been presented to this House from the motherhood of the juvenile workers a single line asking for this law to be other than that to conform with the female labor as now provided in the statutes of this State.

Now, you have just this choice,—I have talked too long—you have just this choice and I hope that I can make an impression on you,—You can follow those who are engaged in these industries, those who get their livelihood from them, who live in the midst and who have not sent here one single line of request for the eight hour law They say—certain associations of the State have asked for this proposition—associations that are largely managed by and the membership of which is almost invariably, in fact I think I can say invariably, composed of people of no practical experience, who have not felt the pinch of want that comes from a home where the male support is gone and the widowed mother and orphan children struggling to hold together a happy household, where those children can have the support and the helping hand of a mother which leads to higher and better things that can come only from a mother.

She wants you to allow her children to assist; she wants you to say today that you have confidence in the motherhood of this State of ours; she wants you Legislators to say that it is with reasonable and great care that we place upon the statute books a law that will reflect credit upon the motherhood as a guiding hand for the rising generation. Friends, you won't be deaf to that cry. You are going to look this question in the face fairly from a practical standpoint. You are not going to believe that the captains of industry in this great State of ours are people who would exploit labor. If you could only have them here by the hundred, to tell of their own personal experience, how daily they have children come to their great plants begging, pleading and imploring for an opportunity to work, to help mother at home and how they have had to turn them away all because of this law upon the statute books, you could appreciate what I mean. More of the manufacturers of this great State of ours; more of the great captains of industry of our great State have lent a helping hand than these professional correctors of laws that have all kinds of propagandas for bettering society have attempted and yet never go out in the midst of this society and lend a helping hand. It is the helping hand that every manufacturer in this great State of ours gives to society, and yet in the halls of this House I must stand and listen to the misrepresentation of these great captains of industry and what I might almost say is socialism, for it borders close to that line when you try to teach the American people that the great captains of industry are selfish, merciless, exploiters of child and human labor. When written all over the face of this beautiful prosperous State it is that which gives the lie to such statements, so plain that no man can miss it even at midnight as he runs, for as you go into the great cities and walk down those great white ways among the electric lights and all that has gone to make life worth living in civilized nations and then to say here that you must treat wih disdain, with distrust and with doubt anything that these great captains say or do in the progress of society in this great nation of ours which ought to satisfy any man or woman that these men whom they are condemning, these men that have gone into their own pockets, these men who have given employment to juveniles when they really did not need them, yet must be condemned in the legislative hall of our State. Won't you believe them, gentlemen; won't you believe them when they tell you this? If you won't believe them, whom will you believe? Gentlemen, they tell you that you can put this law on the statute books as suggested by my friend from Philadelphia, Mr. Cox. If you do, you cannot possibly in the textile industry continue where work is done in

what is known by the term "teams." I think you all understand it, perhaps not; but as a matter of fact in the handling of a loom certain adults are required to do certain expert things. A juvenile can carry the bobbins or spools, the filled ones and the empty ones. The labor is not onerous; it is not sedantary; it is asked for by the juvenile and I want you to believe the manufacturers of this State when they tell you that if you change this law in regard to the juvenile work and make it fifty-one hours a week instead of fifty-four hours that the whole "team" is broken down and that to the juvenile labor, or without, it means the stopping of the machine, in this event, or else the discharge of the juvenile and replacing such with an adult. This is what they tell you. Will you believe them? That is the question. They tell you that to a man. It is true that in our State there are a few manufacturing industries that don't require "team" work; it is true that if the law should be changed it will not affect them; it is true that they have endorsed this bill; but, Oh how infinitesimally small are their number. You have not received from a single man in the textile business throughout the length and breadth of the State any such endorsements I have not found or heard of a single one that has not sent out the warning to us that if you don't make the law, fifty-four hours, namely, make it as I suggest in my amendment, then the responsibility of these juveniles not being able to get work, the responsibility of these widows and even the male with six to eight children will know why he is not lent a helping hand. Yes, I believe, knowing all this, that you will put this amendment in the bill. I believe that you have faith in the great manufacturing captains of this great State. I believe that you have faith that those who are working in these mills, having entered no protest against the fifty-four-hour law, are satisfied, that they are satisfied because they do not protest. I believe that you believe that it is best for society. I believe that you believe that it is wiser to do something of this kind that will not disturb the prosperity of our industries. God knows that they are disturbed enough at the present time without being disturbed further. I believe that you believe that it will be wise when we go along this line with legislation that we may not disturb the great industries of our State and that we ought to go slowly. I believe that you have confidence that with this amendment in, when the Legislature convenes again two years hence, if it may be found then to be wise to make the change the change can then be made. I believe that you are thinking just as I am, namely: That those who advocated fifty hours a week two years ago, those who then claimed that the people would not tolerate anything less than fifty hours, with the result of that claim and following that I believe that you are thinking just as I am thinking and thought then, that those who were advocating the fifty hours were mistaken and that those who were responsible for refusing to put on the statute books fifty hours a week were right. I believe that you think it was right then and I believe now that it is wise after all that has been said that the wise thing to do is to approach this matter slowly and accept the amendment which I have submitted and place it in the bill as I have offered it and in two years hence I feel certain that you would hear no more talk about fifty-one hours then than you now hear about the fifty hours which was proposed two years ago. Men were in this room who proposed fifty hours as the right proposition, but nobody is advocating that now; it does not even come from the agitators; it does not even come from the friends of this class of legislation. Take my advice and put this amendment in this bill, becaue it will then have to stay only two years when you will have an opportunity to change it, if experience shows necessity.

I hope you will all vote for the amendment offered because I know or rather I feel satisfied that if it could come before all the people of this great State with the subject thoroughly understood it would be swept on the statute books, as I have already suggested by the popular vote of the people; if the subject was thoroughly understood it would be carried ten to one and that is what this House ought to do.

Mr. STEIN. Mr. Speaker, I regret that I am compelled on this important day to waste the time of the House in a further discussion of this measure which I believe every gentleman in the House fully understands and has thoroughly considered. Yet I feel that perhaps I would not be true to the duty imposed upon me by the people of my district who sent me here, unless I raise my voice in favor of this proposed amendment which has been offered by my friend Mr. Baldwin. Let me say to you, gentlemen, and let me say it in a spirit of calm, fair, decent deliberation that I approach the subject with no passion, without any bias and without any desire to be unfair. Let me say to my colleagues from Philadelphia that it seems strange; that it seems passingly strange that reasonable men can not sit down to a reasonable discussion of this subject without having their honest and intelligent differences misunderstood and their motives criticised. Our friends the uplifters who seem to have monopolized the American Flag and the Constitution and the Lives of Saints as their platform seem to think that every person who differs from them are a pack of heartless bloodsweaters of children of this State who would subsidize and make profit out of the blood and sweat of the child. I believe most of you gentlemen believe that we must trust each other and I want to say honestly and conscientiously that I represent a district which has more child labor than any other district of the State of Pennsylvania, with the possible exception of Philadelphia, and in my district are found more employers of chld labor than possibly in any other district. I feel, therefore, that I am qualified in some slight degree at least to give expression to the will of my constituents. I say to you gentlemen, on my honor as a member of this House, that the proposed amendment is not only needed but it is absolutely essential. If you gentlemen of the uplifter class would accomplish the things that you desire; you gentlemen who seem to think that a child working more than fifty-one hours is committing a crime against himself and against society, I say, you don't know the conditions; you know theories. You form your uplift circles and you come into our districts and sit in meetings and pass resolutions and advice and waste all that time advising and resolving, but did anyone of you men or women who wsh to inform yourselves come into the district where the child laborer is engaged and where the child lives? You who sit around and make resolutions and sign them; did you ever take a minute off to help us in our burden? Did anyone of you ever stop for a minute to step in and help the poor man who appeals to you by any suggestion as to your method of operation? We have your resolutions, we have your sympathy but we never have any of your practical help. Your idea of charity is, let us put our hands in our pocket and give three cheers for the poor, and that is all we can ever get from you. Now, gentlemen, let us be fair. The desire for this amendment comes from the child who wants to work; it comes from the mother of that child who needs the child's work. The manufacturers of the down town portion of Pittsburgh don't care one iota whether this bill puts it at fifty-four hours or fifty-one hours. They say that the woman works fifty-four hours. The little girl who assists in the operation; the child under sixteen who receives the finished product as it is finished and sends it on its way, either by wrapping or by finishing or by some other part of the operation, the manufacturers say if we cannot employ a child under sixteen for fifty-four hours to assist in the entire time, that the woman has to work; we do not care, we can get plenty of children over sixteen who will gladly do the work, so that we have no special interest in this proposition. They are not the cruel, heartless people that our friends from Philadelphia would have you believe, but gentlemen, the cry comes, as I said, from the mothers of the children and from the children of the poor; for, as my colleague said, the cry comes from them, and if you pass this bill at fifty-one hours, it would make it impossible for any child under sixteen to secure reasonable or adequate employment. Now, do my friends, in whose judgment I have every confidence in the world, and for whose motives I have the highest respect, but whose experience is sadly lacking, do you want to cripple us further by your good advice or do you want to give us

a fair chance. If you are honest in your intention and experienced in your advice, and you want to help us, then I say, in Heaven's name, give us the chance. If we are limited to less than the same number of hours than the adult has, there is no possibility of securing employment for any child under sixteen.

Now, Mr. Speaker, and gentlemen, one word in conclusion, although it seems to me that almost every argument has been so well covered by my friend from Delaware. If we the children the poor, and I glory in the fact that I have been raised all the days of my life in the very district that I now have the honor of representing, and I believe that I know the wants of my constituents; I believe that I know what is best for them not from the reading of a book; not from the hearing of a discussion in an uplift society, but from actual daily physical contact with the children of the poor who are my best friends and my best supporters. I say to you, gentlemen, you need not give us so much of your sympathy, just give us a plain fair chance. Now, my good people, I want to refer to one man, perhaps known to all of you, our past Governor, John K. Tener. He is one of those poor children for whom you are exercising so much sympathy, and judging by his development physicially and otherwise, and his position in the world he can fairly well get along. My friends, I could name to you thousands of others, but I ask you in the spirit of all fairness, for Heaven's sake, let us alone with your advice and give us a reasonable chance.

Mr. H. I. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, the question before us as I understand it, is the striking out of section four of this act and substituting in lieu thereof another new section to be entitled section four. Inasmuch as the amendment which will be section four of the act is not before us so that we can act intelligently and see just what it provides, I wish to ask the House this question. As I understand it, the only question involved is the question of whether it shall be fifty-four hours a week or fifty-one hours a week. Now then, instead of just putting the words "fifty-four" in place of "fifty-one" the entire section is proposed to be stricken out and quite a good bit is put in. Now, I have made inquiries and it is said to me in explanation that what has been put in, is to make it comply with and make it harmonious with the act of 1913 regulating the employment of females. Now the question that I am not clear in is this—in the last part of section four as it now is in the bill, it provides "In computing the maximum number of hours per day or per week permitted under this act, the hours spent in school by said minors shall be considered as part of the working day or working week." Now then, this last section or the last portion of scection four as it appears in the bill provides that the school time shall be taken out of the employer's time instead of the child's time. That is all there is to it. Now then, if the amendment offered by the gentleman from Delaware will leave that provision in, I am with him and if he does not, I am against it, and without the amendment before me I am unable to offer an amendment to the amendment. But I have the assurance, now, from the gentleman that such an amendment will be offered, and then after that is done, we will be up to the sole question of whether this shall be fifty-one hours as in section four, or fifty-four hours as per the amendment with the rest of the section. Now the section as proposed is technically expressed in the same manner as the law which was passed regulating female labor. Now, I think, we ought to get this point clear and we ought to indulge the gentleman from Delaware, just a moment to prepare an amendment along these lines and then I would like the further opportunity of being recognized to support the amendment if the intention or if the explanation as I outlined it is true.

Mr. COX. Mr. Speaker, There has been so much said on the question of ours, that I do not care to take up the balance of the time of this House knowing what is before them for this afternoon, but I do want to bring before their attention one fact and that is, that the gentleman from Delaware has stated that manufacturers through charity have employed children. That may be in some remote cases, but gentlemen, from experience I know that no man who is running a business will charge off any charity to his manufacturing expenses. It is absolutely absurd to attempt to make this House believe that. The gentleman from Delaware has also referred to the twenty-one states having an eight hour law. That is an absolute fact. He does not deny it, and if twenty-one states have the eight-hour law, why not let Pennsylvania come into line, and let us have the nine-hour day, with our seventy-five thousand children between the ages of fourteen and sixteen. To put it clearly before this House to what extent the Governor of this great State has gone to meet the simple questions that are before you, I want to tell you that the manufacturers presented three demands. One of these

"At a conference between the Governor and the Manufacturers, the Manufacturers presented three demands.

One of these was that employers of children under sixteen be made not liable to prosecution in counties where no schools such as are contemplated in House Bill No. 730 are established.

The second was that the permission for private prosecutions be eliminated,

And the third that the hours be made ten hours a day, 54 hours a week.

The Governor yielded wholly on the first two propositions and met the manufacturers half way on the proposition as to hours, agreeing to a nine-hour day, 51-hour week."

If that is not fair treatment, gentlemen, if that is not meeting the manufacturers half way, if that is not meeting every one absolutely on the level, I will ask the House to decide it on the amendment. This means much to the uplift of the child's welfare in Pennsylvania.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I find that in drafting the amendment that I failed to provide for the educational feature, and I would ask the Clerk to read the amendment that I have offered.

The amendment offered to section four by the gentleman from Delaware was again read by the Clerk.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment to the amendment.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

"Section 4, after the word "act" insert the following: "In computing the maximum number of hours per day or per week permitted under this act, the time spent in school by said minors shall be considered as part of the working day or working week."

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment as amended?

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I would like to have the amendment read for the information of the House as amended and as it is now proposed.

The amendment as amended was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend by striking out entire Section 4 and insert in place thereof the following:

Section 4 (a) No minor under sixteen years of age shall be employed or permitted to work in, about or in connection with any establishment for more than six days in any one week or more than fifty-four hours in any one week or more than ten hours in any one day, Provided however that during weeks in which a legal holiday or special holiday occurs and is observed by an employer any minor may be employed during three of the five other days of such week for a longer period of time than is allowed by this act but shall not be permitted to work more than two hours overtime during any one of such three days or for more than the maximum number of hours per week specified in this act. In computing the maximum number of hours per day or per week permitted under this act, the time spent in school by said minors shall be considered as part of the working day or working week.

The employment of such persons at any time other than as stated herein, shall be deemed a violation of the provisions of this section unless it appears that such employment was to make up time lost on a previous day of the same week in consequence of the stopping of machinery upon which he was employed or dependent for employment but no stopping of machinery for less than thirty consecutive minutes shall justify such overtime employment nor shall such overtime employment be lawful unless a written report of the day and hours of its occurrence and its duration is promptly sent to the Commissioner of Labor and Industry.

(b) A different apportionment of the hours of labor may be made for the sole purpose of making shorter days work for one day of the week but in no case shall the hours of labor exceed fifty-four in a week.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the amendment as amended?

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, the gentleman from Delaware prefaced his remarks with a very apt quotation. He stated that "Him the gods wish to destroy they first make mad." As I listened to his discourse the thought ran through my mind as to whether or not there was any personal application of this time worn saying to the gentleman from Delaware. I listened with a great deal of attention in the hope that in the course of his discussion some real live argument might be advanced by the gentleman from Delaware in support of his contention as evidenced in the language of the amendment which he has submitted to this House for its consideration. Notwithstanding that fact I failed to hear one word offered in legitimate support of this amendment. My friend discussed what continental Europe has done. My friend discussed what some of the States of this Union have done upon this momentous question; yet during the course of his entire remarks, to my mind, not one argument was advanced in support of this amendment by him other than the language in the glowing word picture painted by him which, to a sentimental mind and one not here doing the duty which they are sent here to perform, might bring tears to the eyes. He pictured to the minds of the members of this House that not to incorporate this amendment in the bill now before us would mean that children under the age of sixteen years would not be entitled to employment in the manufacturing industries of this Commonwealth. I don't so understand the bill. The language of the bill is so plain that he who runs might read. It specifies that children under the age of sixteen years can be employed under certain conditions and there is only one word by the gentleman from Delaware, or the gentleman from Allegheny who spoke in support of this amendment, which might have some actual reason behind it if we did not go into the very details and the reasons for this amendment. The only question which they raised for the consideration of you gentlemen is the question as to whether or not it is possible for manufacturers in this State to employ children where female adult labor is employed for a longer period of time, and they cited as an instance the textile industries of this Commonwealth. I venture to say without fear of contradiction that I come from a section of this Commonwealth which has more textile industries located within its borders than any other section of the State and when I speak, I speak of first-handed knowledge. I know that in these industries the vast percentage of labor which is employed, is employed at piece rates. They are not week workers but they are paid in accordance with the amount of labor which they perform and the amount of the output of that particular industry, and that from the time the bell rings in the morning until it rings at the close of day that those women are pushing themselves just as hard as they can to earn as much money as they can for themselves and, as a result, the manufacturer is benefited.

Now, Mr. Speaker, it has been declared on the floor of this House and well said "that the child of today is the man of tomorrow." We must legislate not for the present but we must have in mind that which is for the benefit of the people of this Commonwealth in the future. My friend from Delaware says to you men, what difference, what harm can come of three additional hours per week for child labor? What harm can come? What good can result? What can happen to the child if that three hours is added to the fifty-one contemplated by this bill. Mr. Speaker, if that is the only argument advanced in favor of this amendment then I say to you, what harm can come by the elimination of this amendment from this bill? But, on the other hand, what good can result in looking after and caring for the interests of the so-called juvenile labor in this Commonwealth. We all know that the age of sixteen and under is the impressionable age of life. Those years are the years when the boy and girl have impressed upon their minds their future, and I say to you that it is high time that the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania does not follow the footsteps of some of the other States in this Union; that it does not follow the conditions as they exist in continental Europe and stand still on this proposition. Such an argument as advanced by the gentleman from Philadelphia—an argument more specious it has been never my privilege to listen to. The very crux of the whole situation, the very basis of his argument is that we as Pennsylvanians must stand still. If that argument had been advanced in all this line of endeavor, if that argument had been advanced to the minds of men whose brains have worked out results along the lines of progress, instead of coming to this legislative hall on the modern railroad we would be coming here in the stage coaches of old. I am not one who criticises the manufacturing industries of this State. I realize that this Commonwealth of Pennsylvania stands in the forefront of this Union and, I dare say, in the world with regard to its industries; but I do not take the position that my friend from Delaware takes, that the Pennsylvania manufacturing industries are walking eleemosynary institutions. They are in business because it pays them to be in business. The woman or the man or child who goes to work, goes to work because necessity compels them to and for that very reason, sir, because necessity does compel them, by the sweat of their brow or by the use of that physical power which they possess, to earn their livelihood it behooves us as representatives of the people of this great State that we throw the safeguards around them and by voting down this amendment, by standing for section 4 as it now exists in this bill we say to the manufacturing industries of this State, "We are going to look after the children of the present and the men and women of the future." I cannot conceive of any such condition as my friend on the other side would have you think that such a bill as is proposed by the sponsor of this bill will result in the discharge or the refusal to employ children under sixteen years of age. My friend says to you: Statistics show that where a bill of this character has been in force in other states that that has been the result. I challenge him to point to one instance, one concrete instance. I am not one who would stand here and gobble down such a statement as that unless it was borne out by statistics, and I venture to say that statistics do not so show; but wherever bills of this character have become law, that the manufacturing industries of the various Commonwealths in which they have been enacted have adapted themselves to the changed condition and those changed conditions have resulted in greater efficiency of the child labor and have redownded to the material and financial benefit of the employer. I stand for the sponsor of this bill against the amendment proposed by the gentleman from Delaware and in favor of section 4 as it is incorporated in the bill.

Mr. HESS. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, I believe that every member of this House of Representatives is conscientiously considering this amendment and that every member of this House wants to go on record as having voted right on it; but I wish to tell you gentlemen that as I see this issue the gist and the core of the argument on this amendment is this: Does increased leisure produce greater efficiency? As late as Wednesday of last week I rode on a train from here to Lancaster in company with the second vice-president of one of the largest corporations in this State. It was the duty of that gentleman to employ the travelling men for that corporation. In the course of the conversation I said to him: "Mr. Barbour, from what source do you recruit your force of travelling men?"—and that corporation employes for use in this and in adjoining States a continuous number of forty-eight hundred traveling men—and his answer to me was this: "Hess, there is only one source from which we can recruit our forces of travelling men with efficient men and that is from the farm. We have got to look to the farmer boys of Pennsylvania." (applause) I ask you men, with all candor and all fairness, is it the short hours that the farmer boys have been working that enables them to become sufficiently efficient to be the only source to which large corporations can look to recruit their force of travelling men upon whom the devolves the most trying and responsible positions in that corporation.

I tell you, gentlemen, that shorter working hours means better citizenship, and there is not a man in this House who is not going to be guided in voting upon this amendment, by what he believes will produce men of better worth and greater efficiency. Now, if shorter hours is going to produce that, I am with you, but I tell you the great regret today is that the young man who is favored with the greater amount of leisure misuses that leisure, and it is not during the hours of work that he breaks himself down in health and mind,—it is during the hours of leisure that he too frequently does it. If those hours of leisure would be so employed to develop his mind and body and make of him a better citizen, and a man of larger worth, then, by all means, give it to him, but I tell you that no man has ever gone through life and been a success in life who did not work a greater number of hours than we are asking our children to do today.

You know as well as I do that many of the leading men of the country today grew up on the farms and they knew nothing about an eight hour day. They went to school for six or eight hours and then came back and worked six or eight hours more. Of course, we do not want to impose that on them.

Men, when you vote on this bill you are going to continue in jobs, or you are going to vote out of jobs, thousands of deserving young men and boys of fourteen and sixteen years of age. You know and I do, and we all know, that the average industrial establishment of today is conducted on the basis of industrial units. Here is the spinner, here is the machine, and here is the helper. The work is not arduous; the work is not heavy, but you know that no spinner can go to work at seven o'clock in the morning and permit the assistant, the boy that carries the bobbins and the spools, to come crawling in at seven-thirty. It is a question of whether we are going to continue these boys of fourteen and sixteen years of age in their jobs, or whether we are going to legislate them out of jobs, because as long as the woman's labor statute remains at fifty hours per week, that is the result you are going to accomplish if you fail to incorporate this amendment. In conversation with the manager of a manufacturing institution no later than Wednesday of last week he said "Hess, unless that amendment goes in, forty-two names will be dropped from my payroll." I trust you will support this amendment.

Mr. HABGOOD. Mr. Speaker, I am one of those who heartily favor forty-eight hours a week work for children. They have been working longer hours than that and going to school at night, if they would have the benefit of their instruction. This amendment, as first proposed, I should have been compelled to oppose, but now the amendment provides and keeps in that bill the clause that these children shall go to school one day in the week, and that that time which they go to school shall be counted in in what they work. Therefore I submit to you that with fifty-four hours a week entitled to these children, including their hours in school, that they will not work more than forty-eight hours a week and they will have the benefit of the schooling during the day time, instead of having to go to school at night as they have done in the past, to get what instruction they have to have.

Now, gentlemen, we are getting the cart before the horse. The difficulty at the present time is not to restrict the number of hours that children shall work, or that men or women shall work. The difficulty at the present time is to get the work for these men, and women and children to do, and you know and I know that every manufacturer in this State who employs more than fifteen men,—and I say without venturing contradiction by any one who is employing men hours or days,—employes hours or days—is splitting with them fifty-fifty on his side to keep them at work and give them employment and give them renumeration. For the next two years the great problem is not going to be how shall we keep the work down which the children, men and women shall do, but how shall we get enough work for them to do, and therefore I feel that it is far beside the mark to quibble over this question of three hours when they shall go to school the six hours and cannot possibly work more than forty-eight hours in a week. I am for this amendment as amended.

Mr. RONEY. Mr. Speaker, this subject is so fundamentally important that no man need honestly apologize to the House for talking five or ten minutes. I remember last session when a great deal of difficulty was had in the coming together of the various factions on the Child Labor bill, that when it came back to this House and a motion was made to discharge the Conference Committee. I then said, because it was right to say it, that then and at no time should any question of politics interfere with a bill that has to deal with the welfare of children. And when my friend from Lancaster said that the very best men in all the community are recruited from the farm, I say yes, and why? Because, under God's sun you can work twenty hours a day when you cannot work in the factory ten, and no one appreciates more than the city boy the advantage there is in living in the country, and you shall continue to recruit your corporation presidents and your Presidents of the United States from the farm until you have so legislated the workday for the boy in the city that he will be able to spend enough time out in the air that he can compete with the boy that comes from Virgin soil.

My friend from Delaware spoke about the arbitrary age of sixteen and said that some boys at sixteen can do more than some men at forty. What sort of sophiistry is this? If some boys at sixteen are more capable of manual labor and sustained physical effort than men of forty, why doesn't he increase the voters in his district by having the constitutional age of twenty-one reduced to sixteen, and look at all the extra votes he would get

My friend speaks of the children crying "Give us a chance to make a living." I live in a district containing more two-story houses than any other district in these United States, and I know the boys that work and the girls that work, having lived with them all my life, and in the district which my colleague Mr. Stern, and I represent, there is more congestion, more population and a higher proportion of working children under sixteen than in any other section of this Commonwealth.

What does this bill propose? It proposes that boys and girls in my district, and in every other district, under sixteen years of age, shall get a little governmental assistance. Why years ago mechanics, boys, girls and grownup women worked twelve and fifteen hours and do you know, gentlemen, that when the constitution of 1874 was ratified and promulgated, that there was an exception in that Constitution against special legislation in regard to labor, and in 1911 a very distinguished gentleman from Lancaster County, Mr. Davis, introduced and there was passed a resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution so that legislation might be had in regard to the working hours of the day. Why? Because you and every one of you in your municipalities supported ordinances that required—what? For men—grownup men—eight hours a day. Eight hours a day for men, and the supporters of that provision providing that no legislation should be passed regarding labor, succeeded, when the Supreme Court considered that question, in having it tuned down because it was unconstitutional.

That resolution was passed in 1911 and in 1913, and in November, 1913 that constitutional resolution only failed of passage by thirty-two thousand votes,—and why? Because labor in this State fell down on the job. If the laboring men had come to your district and to my district and solicited votes for the constitutional amendment, it would have passed, and I venture to say, Mr. Speaker, that if that amendment had been written into the constitution,—if that was part of our organic law—there would not be five votes in this House against an eight-hour day for adults. An here you are today—here you are considering the question of not giving to little children what you would not have dared to refuse to give to grownups.

Mr. Speaker, I think the matter has been carefully discussed, discussed this time, thank God, without any politics, discussed thoroughly, discussed openly, but we are bound to come back to the question,—shall we refuse to give a helping hand to children and give them less than we would give to adults. The farmer boy in this bill is excepted and therefore every farmer on this floor should feel that he would like to give to the boy in my district as much open air, as much chance to breathe in the vital-

ity that comes from contact with pure sunshine as he would give his own boy and the only opposition to this bill comes from the manufacturer who has a selfish interest here involved. Women only work fifty-four hours. By the way I almost forgot—they would have you believe that the children will be turned out of their employment if the fifty-four hour amendment does not go in. Don't believe it. There is no competition between the child and the adult. If there was, there would not be a child labor bill. Child labor is cheap. Manufacturers have utilized it and kept children at their machines long hours of the day. The time has come when Pennsylvania, following New York, Illinois, Ohio and all the other States, shall say the future of the country, the men of to-morrow, depends on the children of today, and we will give them the continuation schools we will give them short hours, we will give them plenty of clean, fresh air, and that is all this bill is, and I think every man of this house appreciating the love we all have for children, appreciating that my neighbor's child is as dear to him as mine is to me, and that the farmer will know that the boy in the city, and that the girl in the city need a chance, and they will vote down this amendment and pass section four as it was originally inserted in the bill.

Mr. BEYER. Mr. Speaker, I did not intend to get into this discussion, but I certainly do feel after having listened to the words of sincerity on both sides of this question that I would be absolutely lacking in that sense of responsibility which your oath and my oath places upon us as members of this House if I didn't only for a few moments present to you some few of the thoughts that come to me in connection with the little of my own life's experience which teaches me to form a judgment upon this proposition now before the House.I heartily endorse the bill which is now before us. I received my first determination to stand up for a Child Labor Law some few years ago when in my own city the garment workers of Philadelphia were on a strike and when the conditions there were so deplorable when the two elements could not get together that the City Councils of my own city appointed a Board of Mediation of which I happened to be an humble member and we held meetings of that Board of Mediation and we had before us for several days and several weeks little girls that were employed in the sweatshops in the City of Philadelphia. It was then that I determined that if ever I had the opportunity and the chance I would raise my voice in defense of that little child. I would like to say to you, gentlemen, that the bill now before you is not a curtailment of the liberty and the opportunity of the boy and girl of this Commonwealth, but it is an act to regulate conditions in our great industrial plants in order that the boys and girls of this Commonwealth may grow up under healthy conditions and have the opportunity which all will receive if an act of this kind is enacted into law. I remember, as I stand here facing this gathering today, the story of a little girl that came before us in that Mediation Board meeting, who testified under the solemnity of her oath that many a day she was even denied the common decency of leaving the room for nature's purposes and that she had to stay there and sweat all day working into the hours of the night while many older people rested in beds and she did this in order that her employer for whom she was working might place her work on the market. I say to you, gentlemen, answering my friend from Delaware when he asks you "what difference does it make if you add three more hours in the week?" Then I respond in the same spirit "What difference does it make if you make it three hours less?" Let me remind you that these legislative matters are only enacted into law after any number of conferences and discussions between the elements on one side and on the other, and while I may not agree with every measure that the Executive of this Commonwealth is standing for, I honor him for the stand he has taken in this matter, because I know that he has dealt with it in a spirit of compromise, and while this bill is not what it might have been in its original form he has been man enough to deal with other elements in this Commonwealth to bring forth the bill that is now before us on which every man can stand with honor and with sincerity before his constituency at home. I want to say to you in addition that some reference has been made to the great industrial centers represented by my friends who have spoken before me. I doubt if there is a man in this House today that come from a section of a city in which the busy hives of industry are more prominent than they are in Kensington from whence I come, and I would be remiss in my duty if I hadn't said a few words on these proposed amendments, possibly for your guidance as well as my own.

Mr. CROMER. Mr. Speaker, I feel that it is my duty to say a word at this time. I have always claimed that any man or company of men or corporation who engaged in an industrial enterprise and, therefore, employed labor, are public benefactors and should be encouraged and not discouraged by too much legislative enactment. Coming as I do and having the honor to represent Allegheny County where we find the great industrial centers, I want to say that if the manufacturers of Allegheny County are opposed to this administration bill, the knowledge has not come to me. I would not like to see any child come up as I did; I was engaged in hard manual labor from the time I was eleven years of age and I would not like to have children come up as I had to come up. I want to say to you men that I am in favor of what is right; it is my earnest desire to do what is right before all men. I have not had the time to devote to this measure that I would like, as it is a measure of great importance, but I have not given it the attention that the administration has. The administration has gone into this matter thoroughly and listened to all sides of the question and have understood what the measure if passed means and that it is particularly for the best interests of all concerned or vitally interested if passed. I want to say that I think it is my duty to support the administration in this bill.

Mr. COX. Mr. Speaker, I desire to call the House's attention to one very important fact in this amendment that has been offered. In order to bring it properly to the attention of the House, I will read from Section 4 "No minor under sixteen years of age shall be permitted to work in about or in connection with any establishment or any occupation for more than fifty-one hours in any one week, or more than nine hours in any one day or before six o'clock in the morning or after eight o'clock in the evening of any day." If you will look at the amendment, you will not find the working hours designated before six o'clock or after eight o'clock; it is not embodied in that amendment. That is a very important feature and unless attention is given to it, we will have thrust upon us night work which we don't propose to stand for in this bill.

Mr. McCLINTOCK. Mr. Speaker, I think that this matter has been thoroughly discussed and that every member of the House understands it thoroughly. I therefore move the previous question.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman's motion is not seconded by the required number.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I have had my attention called to this matter by my friend from Philadelphia in regard to the night labor proposition. I want to say to the members of the House that my impression is that it is provided for in the bill, but if it is not I pledge my support to put it in so that that need not be considered in voting on the adoption of my amendment. This is only an amendment to a section. There are a number of other sections of the bill yet to be considered.

I want to answer my friend from Philadelphia, Mr. Wilson. Like the legal mind he adheres to the technicality of the bill as an evidence that those who are sixteen years and under can work. Yes, legally; I say, yes; I don't deny it legally, but I do say that, practically, in all of your textile works, those under sixteen years of age will be thrown out of employment. Now, my friend has said that if I had authority from any other states that this is a fact I should produce it. I don't want to misquote the gentleman, but I think he said if I could he was willing to support my amendment. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen, I did not draw on my imagination to make that statement. I drew upon facts when I made that statement. That the effect of the bill as it stands without my amendment, will result in the textile works displacing nearly all of the chil-

dren, practically all of them, or all the juveniles, practically, below the age of sixteen. I said so because in the States in which it has been tried this has been the result. This is the condition in Massachusetts.

It is also asserted by Mr. John P. Wood, and you know that he is one of the citizens of our State who more thoroughly understands this proposition or at least as well, as any other citizen in the State, whose reputation for integrity stands unchallenged. Howland Croft, of Camden, New Jersey, certifies to the same fact. They say that with some few exceptions, that it would be laughable to enumerate the cases the Child Labor Associations have been able to find, in all these industries, these industrial textile plants in the State of Massachusetts, where they have not dismissed or refused to employ minors under the gae of sixteen. The entire textile industry of Massachusetts has eliminated wage earners below the age of sixteen although the law presumes them still to be at work. The Washington, Arlington and the largest woolen worsted mills in the world don't employ a boy or girl under the age of sixteen. The whole group of cotton mills in New Bedford, Fall River and the Lowell districts have released all below the age of sixteen. The great worsted mills of Cleveland, Ohio, have done likewise. The farmer boy and the city boy has been, I won't say exploited, in the vulgar sense, but he has been exploited, but they have not reached down to the real crux of the proposition, when you come to apply it practically. My friend from Lancaster briefly stated what is largely true as regards the farmer boy. My friend from Philadelphia, Mr. Roney, said "Amen," and told you why, but my friend from Philadelphia, Mr. Roney, did not tell you why the city boy did not hold his place in this great social struggle. I think I can tell you why: I think it is because the city boy's environment when he is unemployed tends to degrade rather than elevate. Anyone of you know if you will look back that the boy from eight years upward that has real red American blood that marks him for a man will take advantage of opportunities to raise his condition. The boy is in all the mischief that he can find if he is not employed. While he is employed he is being educated, not book-learning, understand, book-learning does not make an educated man—man to be educated must have some book learning and also business experience. The city boy finds the pool room, the moving picture room or a cellar to play craps. Why? Because he must do something and when they undertake to impress you that it will benefit the city boy to have three or more hours in a week than he now has for idleness, thus it is not the place of employment that dwarfs his opportunity—it is the idle hours in bad environment that blasts and withers his intellect on the queston of health.. To say labor in a mill carrying bobbins requires more effort than it does to do farm work. The man who thinks that is the man who has had no experience in farm life. The truth is that so far as physical labor is concerned, the boy in farm life lifts heavier weights and does more things and harder things than those which occur in a textile or manufacturing proposition. There is not a proposition we have submitted to you that does not tend to show that a reduction of three hours in a week will benefit them morally or from a health standpoint, but the fact is written so plainly as I said before, by the lamp of experience. Are you going to vote whether you are going to put out of the textile mills of this State those children from the age of sixteen downward and there is not a man here who has attempted to show that the work in textile mills is onerous, heavy or injurious to health? Every man here knows that the textile workers of this State do not come from the residential part of your city, and as a matter of fact the health of the children that come from that section of the city where the sanitary conditions are not the best compared with the health of the children of the residential part of your city will show favorably with those who come from the section of the city who are engaged in textile work.

Now, my friends, I hope this question has been made clear. I hope you will vote for this amendment, because I know that it is in the interests of the working boy, the boy who wants to work. Because if you do not put this amendment in you will throw the boy out of work. If you do not put this amendment in and you find in your communities a lot of boys and girls out of work you carry the responsibility. I am only trying to do that which is best for the boys and girls of this State below the age of sixteen, and only experience tells me that if you leave my amendment out they are going to be out of work. No man must say I want to exploit child labor I want to help the juvenile and when father is gone keep that family circle intact and not send them to live on charity.

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I would like to have the indulgence of the House just for a moment to answer the statements made by my friend from Delaware who bases his argument upon the "lamp of experience." He has stated to this House that statistics show in states where a similar bill is in force that it resulted in putting out of employment children under the age of sixteen. I hold in my hand a pamphlet and I have no doubt the other members of this House have a similar pamphlet which answers two questions put to the manufacturing interests in the States of Ohio, Massachusetts, Illinois and New York where similar acts are now in force, the question being, "Does the eight-hour day for children under sixteen benefit the child? Does the eight-hour day for children under sixteen hurt the employer?" With the indulgence of the House I merely want to call their attention to the replies to these questions not given by men who plead for the uplift of children, but replies from men engaged in this very business which my friend from Delaware says will be so demoralized by the enactment of this law. I read from this a reply from Oscar Heinman Company, manufacturers of silk, which states as follows:

Replying to your favor of the 3rd inst., we herewith state our experience with the eight-hour day for children under sixteen years.

We employ 500 girls; 200 of these are under sixteen years. We have had no difficulty in working adults longer hours than children. Most of the girls under sixteen start work at 7.30 A. M., and stop at 4 P. M. About one-quarter of the girls are under sixteen start work at 9 A. M., and quit at 5.30 P. M.

The short day has resulted in better work being done by the girls under sixteen years. We strongly advocate an eight-hour day for children under sixteen years, and sincerely hope that you will succeed in passing this law through your legislature.

Another from a company engaged in the mill business in New York, Smith and Kauffman.

We have your favor of the 3rd, requesting us to give you our experience with the law providing an 8-hour day for children under 16 years of age. We beg to say that we have absolutely no inconvenience with this law. As soon as it went into effect all employees under age of 16 years were told to work 8 hours a day, while the rest of the mill was running on a 10-hour basis. It made absolutely no difference to the other employees, has caused no inconvenience to the running of the mill and we are heartily in favor of a general law in all States that no children should be made to work more than 8 hours a day, and any manufacturer that claims it is impossible for them to work their machinery and their adults longer than children are begging the question.

And again, from the Jenkins Lace Works:

Replying to your favor of the third inst., in which you ask if children under sixteen have been eliminated from the establishment, beg to say we only employ three children under sixteen. We could employ children only eight hours and adults and machinery longer without any trouble.

And then from Massachusetts, another State called to the attention of this House, by my friend from Delaware. George H. Gilbert Manufacturing Company; and which also employs 1600 hands:

We employ as many children under sixteen as we did before the law went into effect. We find it possible to operate our machines by employing adults one set of hours and the children another without any serious inconvenience. We have no personal knowledge of any hardships having been worked in any appreciable number of cases by the eight-hour law.

And the same is true of Ohio, for the letter from the Northern Ohio Blanket Company:

"There is nothing in the claim that the eight-hour law will ruin business. It is a good thing and hasn't hurt us at all. I am in favor of all this progressive legislation."

So that if my friend bases his argument upon the "lamp of experience" there is the experience of men engaged in this very business which he says the enactment of this law will cripple, who advocate the passage of this law and who say from their own experience that it has caused no inconvenience but that it has rendered great good to the community.

Mr. BARNETT. Mr. Speaker, I move the previous question.

The motion was seconded by the following members:

Messrs. Cromer, Hamilton, Dunn, Gans, Reynolds, Hess, Wildman, Urich, Brosius, Spangler Habgood Thomas Phillips, Milliron, Sinclair, Rich, Ostrander, Vickerman, Woodward, Dell, Reninger, and others.

On the question

Shall the main question be put?

It was agreed to.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the amendment as amended?

The yeas and nays were required by Mr. Cox and Mr. W. H. Wilson and were as follows:

YEAS—92.

Albee,	Goodnough,	Murphy,	Smith, L.,
Alcorn,	Goodyear,	Myers,	Sones,
Alexander,	Gormley,	Neville,	Spangler,
Arthur,	Gransback,	Nissley,	Staving,
Baldwin,	Habgood,	Ostrander,	Stein,
Barnett,	Heffernan,	Palmer,	Sullivan,
Benn.	Hess,	Peters,	Swartz,
Benninger,	Heyburn,	Phillips,	Taylor,
Bergy,	Hibshman,	Pickering,	Trach,
Berntheizel,	Hoffman,	Powell,	Twibill,
Blackburn,	Horton,	Ramsey,	Urich,
Body,	Kaiser,	Reynolds,	Vogdes,
Bovee,	Kitts,	Rhoads,	Walton,
Christman,	Landis,	Rininger,	Watson,
Conner,	Lauer,	Robertson,	Weimer,
Diefenderfer,	Lauler,	Rothenberger,	Weir,
Drinkhouse,	Lindsey,	Sampsel,	West,
Eby,	Love,	Sarig,	Wettach,
Flynn,	Luppert,	Scott,	Wildman,
Fretz,	Lynch,	Shaaber,	Wilson, H. I.,
Gallagher,	McCaig,	Shoop,	Wood,
Gans,	McClure,	Smith, J. W.,	Woodward,
Geiser,	McConnell,		Wynne,
Gompers,			Young,

NAYS—102.

Adams,	Evans,	Lafferty,	Rudisill,
Arnold,	Fackler,	Lanius,	Schaeffer,
Aron,	Finnerty,	Leighner,	Showalter,
Baker,	Forster,	Lipschutz,	Smith, Jeff. W.,
Bauerle,	Fruit,	Luxemburger,	Snyder,
Beck,	Garner,	Mangan,	Spencer,
Beyer,	Geary,	Marvin,	Statler,
Brosius,	Gibson,	Mather,	Steedle,
Brownlee,	Gingery,	Maurer,	Stern,
Brumbaugh,	Glass,	McArdle,	Swan,
Bungard,	Glenn,	McClintock,	Thomas,
Campbell, J. O.,	Goodwin,	McCurdy,	Vickerman,
Campbell, T.,	Graham,	McDermott,	Wagner,
Christman,	Greenwood,	McNichol,	Walsh,
Corbin,	Hackett,	Mearkle,	Walter,
Cox,	Harper,	Mellott,	Weaver,
Cromer,	Herman,	Metzenbacher,	Whitaker,
Cummins,	Hollingsworth,	Milliron,	Whitten,
Curry,	Howarth,	Murdoch,	Willard,
Davis,	Hubler,	Nieder,	Williams,
Dawson,	Jack,	Perry,	Wilson, W. H.,
Dell,	Jones, E. E.,	Reel,	Wobensmith,
Dodds,	Jones, W. W.,	Rich,	Wylie,
Dunn,	Klinger,	Rinn,	Ambler,
Ehrhardt,	Kuhn,	Roney,	Speaker.
Eppley,	Kunkle,	Rowell,	

So the question was determined in the negative and the amendment as amended was not agreed to.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to section 4?

It was agreed to.

The fifth and sixth sections were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 5 No minor under sixteen years of age shall be employed or permitted to work in operating or assisting in operating any of the following machines which for the purposes of this act are considered dangerous paper-lace machines job or cylinder printing presses operated by power other than foot power stamping machines used in sheet metal and tinware or in paper or leather manufacturing or in washer and nut factories metal or paper cutting machines corrugating rolls such as are used in making corrugated paper or in roofing or washboard factories dough breaks or cracker machinery of any description wire or iron straightening or drawing machinery rolling mill machinery power punches or shears washing or grinding or mixing machinery calender rolls in paper and rubber manufacturing or other heavy rolls driven by power laundering machinery upon or in connection with any dangerous electrical machinery or appliances Nor shall any minor under sixteen years of age be employed or permitted to work in any capacity in adjusting or assisting in adjusting any belt to any machinery or in proximity to any hazardous or unguarded belts machinery or gearing while the same is in motion nor on scaffolding nor in heavy work in the building trades nor in stripping assorting or manufacturing tobacco nor in any tunnel nor in a public bowling alley nor in a pool or billiard room nor in the manufacture of paints colors or white lead nor in any capacity in preparing compositions in which dangerous leads or acids are used nor in the manufacture or use of dangerous or poisonous dyes nor upon any railroad steam electric or otherwise nor upon any boat engaged in the transportation of passengers or merchandise nor in operating motor vehicles of any description nor in any anthracite or bituminous coal mine or in any other mine nor about blast furnaces nor in or about any distillery brewery or any establishment where alcholic liquors are manufactured or bottled

No minor under eighteen years of age shall be employed or permitted to work in the operation or management of hoisting machines in oiling or cleaning machinery in motion in the operation or use of any polishing or buffing wheel at switch tending at gate tending at track repairing as a brakeman fireman engineer or motorman or conductor upon a railroad or railway as a pilot fireman or engineer upon any boat or vessel in or about establishments wherein gunpowder nitro-glycerine dynamite or other high or dangerous explosives is manufactured or compounded as a chauffeur of an automobile or an aeroplane

No minor shall be employed or permitted to work in or in connection with any saloon or bar-room where alcholic liquors are sold

In addition to the foregoing it shall be unlawful for any minor under eighteen years of age to be employed or permitted to work in any occupation dangerous to the life or limb or injurious to the health or morals of the said minor as such occupations shall from time to time after public hearing thereon be determined and declared by the Industrial Board of the Department of Labor and Industry Provided That if it should be hereafter held by the courts of this Commonwealth that the power herein sought to be granted to the said Board is for any reason invalid such holding shall not be tatken in any case to effect or impair the remaining provisions of this section

Section 6 No minor shall be permitted to work as messenger for a telephone telegraph or messenger company in the distribution collection transmission or delivery of goods or messages before six o'clock in the morning or after eight o'clock in the evening of any day

The seventh section was read as follows:

Section 7 No male minor under twelve years of age and no female minor shall distribute sell expose or offer for sale any newspaper maginzes periodical or other publication or any article of merchandise of any sort in any street or public place no male minor under fourteen years of age and no female minor shall be suffered employment or permitted to work at any time as a scavenger bootblack or in any other trade or occupation performed in any street or public place No male minor under sixteen years of age and no female minor shall engage in any occupation mentioned in this section bfeore six o'clock in the morning or after eight o'clock in the evening of any day

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. COX. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 7, line 5, by striking out the word "no" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "No."

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The eight, ninth, tenth and eleventh sections were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 8 Before any minor under sixteen years of age shall be employed permitted or suffered to work in about or in connection with any establishment or in any occupation the person employing such minor shall procure and keep on file and accessible to any attendance officer deptuy factory inspector or other authorized inspector or officer charged with the enforcement of this act an employment certificate as hereinafter provided issued for said minor

Section 9 Employment certificates shall be issued only by the following officials for children residing within their respective public school districts In public school districts having a district superintendent or supervising principal by such superintendent or supervising principal in school districts having no district superintendent or supervising principal by the secretary of the board of school directors of that district Provided That any district superinetndent supervising principal or secretary of the board of school directors hereby authorized to issue such certificates may authorize and deputize in writing any other school official to act in his stead for the purpose of issuing such certificates All employment certificates shall be forwarded by mail by the issuing officer to the prospective employer of the minor for whom the employment certificate is issued

Section 10 Application for the employment certificate must be made in person by the parent guardian or legal custodian of the minor for whom such employment certificate is requested or if said minor have no parent, guardian of legal custodian then by the next friend who must be over twenty-one years of age and no employment certificate shall be issued until the said minor has personally appeared before and been examined by the officer issuing the certificate

Section 11 Employment certificates shall be of two classes general employment certificates and vacation employment certificates General employment certificates shall entitle the minor fourteen to sixteen years of age to work during the entire year Vacation employment certificates shall entitle the minor fourteen to sixteen years of age to work on any day except on such days as such minor is required to attend school under the provisions of the laws now in force or hereafter enacted

The twelfth section was read as follows:

Section 12 the official authorized to issue a general employment certificate shall not issue such certificate until he has received examined approved and filed the following papers namely

(a) A statement signed by the prospective employer or by someone duly authorized on his behalf stating that he expects to give such child present employment and setting forth the character of the same and the number of hours per day and per week which said minor will be employed

(b) A school record as hereinafter provided

(c) A certificate of physical fitness as hereinafter provided

(d) Proof of age as hereinafter provided

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. COX. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 12, line 5, by striking out the word "child" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "minor."

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The thirteenth, fourteenth and fifteenth sections were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 13 For the issuance of a general employment certificate the school record required by this act shall be filled out and signed by the principal of the school which the minor has last attended or by someone duly authorized by him and shall be furnished to any minor who may be entitled thereto It shall certify that the said minor has completed a course of study equivalent to six yearly grades of the public school in the English language spelling reading arithmetic geography and history of the United States Such school record shall also give the full name date of birth and residence of minor and the name and residence of the parent guardian or custodian as shown on the records of the school

Section 14 The certificate of physical fitness required by this act shall be signed by a physician approved by the Board of School Directors of the school district in which said minor resides and shall state that the said minor has been thoroughly examined by the said physician at the time of the application for an employment certificate and is physically qualified for the employment specified in the statement of the prospective employer in any case where the said physician shall deem it advisable he may issue a certificate of physical fitness for a limtied time at the expiration of which time the holder shall again appear and submit to a new examination before being permitted to continue at work

Section 15 The evidence of age required by section twelve of this act shall consist of one of the following proofs of age which shall be required in the order herein designated

(a) A duly attested transcript of the birth certificate filed acording to law with a register of vital statistics or other officer charged with the duty of recording birth or

(b) A baptismal certificate or transcript of the record of baptism duly certified and showing the date of birth or

(c) A passport showing the age of the immigrant or

(d) In case none of the aforesaid proofs of age shall be obtainable and only in such case the issuing officer may accept in lieu thereof any other documentary record of age (other than a school record or an affidavit of age) or transcript thereof duly certified which shall appear to the satisfaction of the issuing officer to be good and sufficient evidence of age or

(e) In case none of the aforesaid proofs of age shall be obtainable and only in such cases the issuing officer may accept in lieu thereof the signed statement of the physician approved by the Board of School Directors stating that after examination it is the opinion of such physician that the minor has attained the age required by law for the occupation in which he expects to engage Such statement shall be accompanied by an affidavit signed by the minor's parent guardian or custodian or in case he shall have no parent guardian or custodian by his next friend certifying to the name date and place or birth of the minor and that the parent guardian custodian or next friend signing such statement is unable to produce any of the proofs of age specified in the preceding sub-divisions of this section

The sixteenth section was read as follows:

Section 16 The official authorized to issue a vacation employment certificate shall not issue such certificate until he shall have received and filed the following papers duly executed namely

(a) A statement signed by the prospective employer or by someone duly authorized on his behalf stating that he expects to give such child present employment and setting forth the character of the same and the number of hours per day and per week which said minor will be employed

(b) A certificate of physical fitness as provided in section fourteen of this act

(c) Evidence of age showing that the said minor is fourteen years of age or upwards which evidence of age shall be of similar character to the evidence heretofore specified in section fifteen of this act

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. COX. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 16, line 10, by striking out the word "child" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "minor."

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The seventeenth, eighteenth, nineteenth, twentieth, twenty-first, twenty-second, twenty-third, twenty-fourth, twenty-fifth and twenty-sixth sections were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 17 It shall be the duty of every person who shall employ any minor under sixteen years of age to acknowledge in writing to the official issuing the same the receipt of the employment certificate of said minor within three days after the beginning of such employment On termination of the employment of a minor under sixteen years of age the employment certificates issued for such minor shall be returned by mail by the employer to the official issuing the same immediately upon demand of the minor for whom the certificate was issued or otherwise within three days after termination of said employment The official to whom said certificate is so returned shall file said certificate and preserve the same Any minor whose employment certificate has been returned as above provided shall be entitled to a new employment certificate upon presentation of a statement from the prospective employer as hereinabove provided accompanied by a certificate of physical fitness issued in the manner hereinabove provided and based upon a re-examination of said minor and certifying that the minor is physically able to undertake the work for which the new employment certificate is to be issued

Section 18 All employment certificates shall be issued on forms supplied by the State Superintendent of Public Instruction and shall contain the name and address of the prospective employer and the nature of the occupation in which said minor is expected to engage and no certificate shall be valid excepting in the hands of the employer so named and for the occupations so designated and shall state the name sex date and place of birth place of residence color of hair and eyes and any distinguishing physical characteristics of the minor for whom it shall be issued It shall certify that the minor named has personally appeared before the issuing officer and has been examined and that all the papers required by law have been duly examined approved and filed and that all the conditions and requirements for issuing an employment certificate have been fulfilled Every certificate shall be signed in the presence of the issuing officer by the minor for whom it shall be issued The certificate shall bear a number shall show the date of its issue and shall be signed by the issuing officer Vacation employment certificates shall be of a color different from the general employment certificate and shall bear across their face the legend "Vacation Employment Certificate"

Section 19 Whenever a certificate shall be refused to any minor the school record issued to such minor shall be forwarded by the official refusing to issue the certificate to the principal of the school which said minor shall attend or to the compulsory attendance officer

Section 20 Whenever the State Superintendent of Public Instruction cannot secure effective enforcement of the foregoing provisions of this act in any school district he is hereby authorized and required to report that fact to the State Board of Education In such case the State Board of Education is authorized and required to secure such enforcement by appointing attendance officers in such districts The salary and expenses of such attendance officers shall be a charge against said district where said attendance officers are actually employed and shall be deducted from any State moneys apportioned to said district for school purposes

Section 21 It shall be the duty of every person who shall employ any minor under the age of sixteen years to post and keep posted in a conspicuous place in every establishment wherein said minor is employed permitted or suffered to work a printed copy of the sections of this act relating to the hours of labor and a list or lists of all minors employed under the age of sixteen years such copies of the sections of this act and blanks for compliance with the provisions shall be prepared by the De-

partment of Labor and Industry and be furnished by it on application of such employer Every person employing minors under sixteen years of age shall furnish the employment certificates and lists provided for in this act for inspection to attendance officers factory inspectors or other authorized inspectors or officers charged with the enforcement of this act

Section 22 Whenever any minor shall be employed or permitted to work in any establishment or at any occupation who in the judgment of any officer charged with the enforcement of this act is under the legal age for such work or is working at a time forbidden by law for such minor or whenever any minor shall be employed or permitted to work in or in connection with any establishment who in the judgment of any officer charged with the enforcement of this act is under sixteen years of age and for whom the person employing or permitting such minor to work shall not have on file an employment certificate such officer may demand from the person employing or permitting such minor to work that he shall either furnish to such officer within ten days evidence of age as defined in section fifteen of this act that such minor is in fact of legal age for the work in which he is engaged or over or sixteen years of age or over as the case shall be or shall cease to employ or permit such minor to work as aforesaid Provided That such person by thus ceasing to employ or permit such minor to work shall not be relieved from any of the fines or penalties provided in this act for the employment or work of a minor contrary to law In case such person shall fail to furnish to said officer within ten days after the making of such demand the required evidence of age and shall thereafter employ such minor or permit him to work as aforesaid proof of the making of such demand and of failure to produce the evidence required shall be prima facie evidence of the illegal employment of such minor in any prosecution brought therefor

Section 23 Any person or any agent or manager for any person who shall violate any of the provisions of this act or who shall compel or permit any minor to violate any of the provisions of this act or who shall hinder or delay any officer in the performance of his duty in the enforcement of this act shall upon conviction thereof be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than ten ($10.00) dollars nor more than two hundred ($200.00) dollars or to undergo an imprisonment of not more than ten days or both at the discretion of the court

Section 24 It shall be the duty of the Commissioner of Labor and Industry the attendance officers of the various school districts and the police of the various cities boroughs and townships of this Commonwealth to enforce the provisions of this act Prosecutions for violations of this act may be instituted by any factory inspector attendance officer or police officer upon oath or affirmation All prosecutions for violations of this act shall be in the form of summary criminal proceedings instituted before a magistrate alderman or justice of the peace within the school district wherein the offense was committed Upon conviction after a hearing the sentences provided in this act shall be imposed All fines collected under this act shall be paid into the State Treasury for the use of the Commonwealth

Section 25 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith be and the same are hereby repealed

Section 26 This act shall take effect on the first day of January Anno Domini nineteen hundred and sixteen (1916)

The title was read as follows:

An Act to provide for the health safety and welfare of minors by forbidding their employment or work in certain establishments and occupations and under certain specified ages by restricting their hours of labor and regulating certain conditions of their employment by requiring employment certificates for certain minors and prescribing the kinds thereof and the rules for the issuance re-issuance filing return and recording of the same by providing that the Industrial Board shall under certain conditions determine and declare whether certain occupations are within the prohibitions of this act requiring that certain minors shall during the period of their employment attend certan schools to be approved by the State Superintendent of Public Instruction and regulating the conditions of such attendance authorizing the State Board of Education in certain cases to appoint attendance officers to aid in enforcing the provisions of this act and creating the salary and expenses of such officers a charge against the school district wherein they are employed requiring certain abstracts and notices to be posted providing for the enforcement of this act by the Commissioner of Labor and Industry the attendance officers o school districts and police officers permitting private prosecutions fo violation thereof and defining the procedure in prosecutions thereunder and establishing certain presumptions in relation thereto providing penalties for the violation of the provisions thereof and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent therewith

On the question,

Will the House agree to the title?

Mr. COX. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend title, line 13, by inserting after the word "schools" the following: "to be established as therein provided, and."

Amend title, lines 23 and 24, by striking out the words "permitting private prosecutions for violation thereof."

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendments?

They were agree to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended:

It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILLS SIGNED BY THE SPEAKER.

The SPEAKER announced that the Chief Clerk having reported that the following bills had passed both Houses of the General Assembly, and the same being correct, the titles were read, as follows:

House Bill No. 92.

An Act relating to checks and drafts and fixing penalties

House Bill No. 110.

An Act to amend an act approved the twelfth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act providing for the establishment and maintenance of boards of health in boroughs and townships of the first class and defining their powers and duties providing for the appointment of members of such boards of health by the president of the borough councils or by the chairman of the board of commissioners of such townships providing for the election of a secretary and a health officer providing that the Commissioner of Health may take charge of the administration of health laws in any borough or township of the first class when conditions therein in his opinion constitute a menace to the lives or health of the people living outside the corporate limits of such borough or township of the first class or when it may be known to him that such borough or township of the first class is without an existing or efficient board of health and providing the manner in which the expenses of boards of health or of the Commissioner of Health incurred in administering health laws in any borough or township of the first class shall be paid"

House Bill No. 95.

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-fourth day of February one thousand eight hundred thirty-four entitled "An Act relating to executors and administrators" as amended

House Bill No. 516.

An Act making an appropriation to the Board of Game Commissioners for the payment of salaries traveling expenses establishment maintenance and protection of game preserves feeding propagation and distribution of game leasing of land for game preserves and various incidental expenses

House Bill No. 850.

An Act making a burgess of a borough eligible to the office for the next succeeding term

House Bill No. 573.

An Act to amend section eighteen of an act, entitled "An Act providing for the original location, laying out, and construction of public roads or highways in the several counties of this Commonwealth, and for the permanent improvement of certain public roads or highways therein; making such originally constructed or improved roads and highways county roads; authorizing the relocation, opening straightening, widening, extension and alteration of the same, and the vacation of so much of any road as may thereby become unnecessary; providing that the county commissioners of any county may prescribe rules regulating the use of roads constructed or maintained by the various counties, and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof; providing for the taking of property for such improvement, the compensation to be paid therefor, and the payment of damages resulting from such taking, and the manner in which such damages may be determined; providing for the payment of the costs and expenses of such construction or improvement and in thereafter repairing and maintaining said roads; authorizing the levy of a tax or the issuing of bonds to provide a fund for the expense thereof; prescribing a method for improving a county road lying within or traversing a borough, and apportioning the cost of such improvement; and authorizing the vacation of any county road," approved the eleventh day of May, Anno Domini, one thousand nine hundred and eleven; as the same was amended by an act approved the twelfth day of May, one thousand nine hundred and thirteen, by authorizing counties to contract with municipalities in the improvement of certain streets of such municipalities connecting with a county road, providing for the cost thereof, prescribing the method by which the contract for such improvement shall be made and imposing the cost of the maintenance of such streets on the municipalities.

House Bill No. 326.

An Act amending sections one three five six and seven of an act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act for the government

of cities of the second class' approved the seventh day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one providing for the levy collection disbursement of taxes and water rents or rates and conferring certain powers and duties in reference thereto upon the city treasurer the Board of Water Assessors and the collector of delinquent taxes and repealing certain acts relating to matters herein provided for" approved May twelfth one thousand nine hundred and eleven as amended by an amendment to the first paragraph of the third section of said act approved May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and thirteen Pamphlet laws three hundred and ninety changing the time of the collection of taxes and water rents and the duties of the Board of Water Assessors and city treasurer and collector of delinquent taxes in reference thereto and the time for the levy and assessment thereof

House Bill No. 74.

An Act to quiet the title to real estate and to enable citizens of the United States and corporations authorized to hold real estate within this Commonwealth to hold and convey title to real estate which has been formerly held by or for corporations not authorized by law to hold the same

Whereupon,

The Speaker, in the presence of the House, signed the same.

ADJOURNMENT.

The SPEAKER. The Chair directs the Sergeant-at-Arms that this afternoon during the hearing before the Law and Order Committee that the newspaper correspondents seats be kept for newspaper men only and that the first three rows of the House seats be kept for the members of the Law and Order Committee and also that the Sergeant-at-Arms will keep a passage way clear out this door to my left in order that people may get in and out.

Mr. WILLIAMS. I also suggest that the space in the front of the rostrum be reserved for twenty-five of the friends of the measure and twenty-five of the opponents.

The SPEAKER. The Chair accepts the amendment of the gentlemen from Tioga and the Sergeant-at-Arms will carry out the suggestion.

The Chair desires to state that there will be a session at eight o'clock tonight for third reading bills.

Mr. RAMSEY. Mr. Speaker, you have given the Sergeant-at-Arms a job that he is not capable of fulfilling. The members of the House cannot get in and out and I do not know how he will open up a passage way.

The SPEAKER. He will have to call on the State Police if he is not able to handle the crowd.

Mr. DUNN. Mr. Speaker, I would ask if any arrangement has been made for the members of the House who wish to be at this hearing this afternoon.

The SPEAKER. We have reserved three rows for the members. The Committee can sit within the railing.

RECESS.

Mr. RONEY. I move that this House do now take a recess until 8.00 o'clock tonight.

The motion was agreed to and (at 1.30 P. M.) the House took a recess until 8.00 tonight.

AFTER RECESS.

The House reconvened at 8:00 o'clock P. M.

The SPEAKER (Charles A. Ambler) in the Chair.

BILLS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED.

By Mr. McNICHOL. (By request). House Bill No. 1302.

An Act amending section four of an act approved the first day of May, 1905 (P. L. 330), entitled "An Act to provide for the immediate registration of all births and deaths throughout the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, by means of certificates of births and deaths, and burial or removal permits; requiring prompt returns to the Central Bureau of Vital Statistics at the capital of the State, as required to be established by the State Board of Health; and to insure the thorough organization and efficiency of the registration of vital statistics throughout the State, as provided in section seven of "An Act to establish a State Board of Health for the better protection of life and health, and to prevent the spread of contagious and infectious diseases in this Commonwealth," approved June third, eighteen hundred and eighty-five; and making an appropriation for establishing and maintaining such a Bureau and providing certain penalties," and amending the twentieth section thereof as amended by the act approved June 6, 1907, and as further amended by the act approved June 13th, 1911.

Referred to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

By Mr. McNICHOL. (By request). House Bill No. 1303.

An Act authorizing cities of the First Class of this Commonwealth to Establish and Operate Municipal Abbattoirs and Markets, Defining the same, Requiring the Inspection of Animal Products used for Food in said Cities, and Providing Penalties for the violation of the Terms thereof or of Regulations Adopted Pursuant thereto.

Referred to the Committee on Public Healtn and Sanitation.

By Mr. McNICHOL. (By request). House Bill No. 1304.

An Act providing for the establishment of lines and grades in private alleys, in cities of the first class; and for the grading and paving of such private alleys; and providing a penalty for the violation of this act.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. McNICHOL. (By request). House Bill No. 1305.

An Act to provide for the regulation of rag shops, second hand paper shops and junk shops, in cities of the first class, and providing a penalty for the violation of this act.

Referred to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

By Mr. McNICHOL. (By request). House Bill No. 1306.

An Act to provide for the regulation of the business of handling dead animals or animal refuse other than for food purposes, and of the manufacturing of products therefrom in cities of the first class, and providing penalties for the violation thereof.

Referred to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

By Mr. McNICHOL. (By request). House Bill No. 1307.

An Act to provide in cities of the first class for the registration of any person, co-partnership, association, or corportation engaging in the business or preparing, exposing or offering for sale or exchange articles used for human food and providing for the regulation and inspection of the conduct of such business and providing a penalty for the violation thereof of the regulations made in conformity therewith.

Referred to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

By Mr. KUHN. House Bill No. 1308.

An Act requiring persons in possession of certain liquors, or visibly under the influence thereof, to divulge where, how and from whom such liquors have been obtained, and providing penalties for the violation of this act.

Referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

By Mr. STEEDLE. House Bill No. 1309.

An Act making an appropriation to the Department of Health of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania for the maintenance of Tuberculosis Sanatoria and Dispensaries, for educational work and other necessary work in curing and preventing tuberculosis.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. WAGNER. House Bill No. 1310.

An Act regulating the making of certain reports and statements to the Auditor General for purposes of State taxation.

Referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. WAGNER. House Bill No. 1311.

An Act further supplementing an act approved the twenty-fourth day of March, one thousand nine hundred and five, entitled "An Act establishing in counties containing a population of from three hundred thousand to one million, a Board for the Assessment and Revision of Taxes for State and county purposes; prescribing their powers and duties; and abolishing the office of ward, borough and township assessors, in so far as respects the assessment of State and county taxes," as heretofore amended and supplemented, imposing certain duties on the Board and on burgesses of boroughs, township commissioners and supervisors, and providing for their compensation out of the county treasury.

Referred to the Committee on Counties and Townships.

By Mr. EVANS. House Bill No. 1312.

An Act making privates of the state police force, attendance officers, and requiring them to enforce laws relative to compulsory attendance in public schools, and give them certain powers.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. RINN. House Bill No. 1313.

An Act prohibiting the total or partial destruction of a spring of water and providing penalties therefor.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. GANS (By request). House Bill No. 1314.

An Act to abolish all taxes for State purposes laid upon all scrip bonds, or certificates of indebtedness issued by any county, city, borough, township, school districts, or other incorporated districts of this Commonwealth, by and under the revenue laws of this Commonwealth.

Referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. WOOD. House Bill No. 1315.

An Act regulating the compensation of county auditors.

Referred to the Committee on Counties and Townships.

By Mr. WOOD. House Bill No. 1316.

An Act exempting talking machines or machines for the reproduction of the human voice, music, et cetera, leased, hired or conditionally sold, from levy or sale on execution or distress for rent.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. WOOD. House Bill No. 1317.

An Act fixing fees for notaries public.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. GLENN (By request). House Bill No. 1318.

An Act to provide for the punishment of persons, firms, corporations or associations, and the officers of corporations and associations, discriminating in the distribution and sale of commodities or the rendering of any service to the public.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. WHITTEN. House Bill No. 1319.

An Act lengthening the term of office of Commissioners of townships of the first class of this Commonwealth, and extending the term of office of Commissioners representing the odd numbered election districts.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. DAWSON. House Bill No. 1320.

An Act regulating and defining the relations between the operators of coal mines and the mine foremen and assistants thereof employed by such operators.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. DUNN. House Bill No. 1321.

An Act relating to poll tax in counties having a population exceeding one million five hundred thousand inhabitants.

Referred to the Committee on Elections.

By Mr. STEIN. House Bill No. 1322.

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act providing for the selection and purchase, or the appropriation from the State Forest Reserves, of a tract of land and the erection thereon of buildings for the Western Penitentiary; making an appropriation therefor; authorizing the removal thereto of the inmates of the said penitentiary; and directing the sale of the site now occupied by the said penitentiary, and the buildings and materials thereon" approved the 30th day of March, 1911, providing for the exercise of the right of eminent domain in acquiring additional real estate, for the purposes of said penitentiary, and prescribing the procedure therein.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. STEIN. House Bill No. 1323.

An Act to provide for utilizing rock and other minerals existing upon the land owned by the Commonwealth, used for the Western Penitentiary in Center county, and affording occupation to the inmates thereof, by permitting the Board of Inspectors, by the said inmates, to mine, quarry or dig such materials, and make the same into such products and by such means as may be found desirable, and authorizing the use of said materials or products for the purposes of said penitentiary, and the sale of the surplus, if any, for the maintenance of said institution.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. STEIN. House Bill No. 1324.

An Act to amend the tenth and fourteenth sections of an act entitled "An Act authorizing the release on probation of certain convicts, instead of imposing sentences; the appointment of probation and parole officers, and the payment of their salaries and expenses; regulating the manner of sentencing convicts in certain cases, and providing for their release on parole; their conviction of crime during parole, and their rearrest and reconviction for breach of parole; and extending the powers and duties of boards of prison inspectors of penitentiaries," approved the 19th day of June, A. D. one thousand nine hundred eleven, so that a convict sentenced to a penitentiary for a crime committed during his period of parole shall begin to serve the said sentence after having first served the remainder of the term which such convict would have been compelled to serve but for the commutation authorizing said parole; and so that a convict violating his or her parole may be arrested and confined by authority of the board of inspectors of the penitentiary from which such convict shall have been released on parole, and investigation and report upon said case made by said board before the Governor shall issue his mandate for the recommittment of such convict.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. WOBENSMITH. House Bill No. 1325.

An Act to provide for determining the number and compensation of expert witnesses and taxing their fees as part of the costs.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

By Mr. WOBENSMITH. House Bill No. 1326.

An Act to provide for the appointment of an expert assessor to the court to aid in the determination of disputed questions of fact, and to provide for his compensation and for taxing the same as part of the costs.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

By Mr. VOGDES. House Bill No. 1327.

An Act making an appropriation to the House of the Good Shepherd Thirty-fifth street and Fairmount avenue, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

PETITIONS.

FAVORING PASSAGE OF LOCAL OPTION BILL.

The SPEAKER presented the petition of the citizens of various counties of the State favoring the passage of the Local Option Law.

Which was referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

Mr. E. E. JONES presented several petitions of the citizens of Susquehanna County favoring the passage of the Local Option Law.

Which were referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

Mr. DELL presented the petition of business and professional men of Huntingdon, favoring the passage of the Local Option Law.

Which was referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

PROTESTING AGAINST REPEAL OF FULL CREW LAW.

Mr. HOLLERN presented the petition of the citizens of Patton, Cambria County, protesting against the repeal of the Full Crew Law.

Which was referred to the Committee on Railroads.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. BODY. Mr. Speaker, I move that House Bill No. 610, File Folio 4319, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-fourth day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act defining commodities regulating the sale thereof and providing penalties for violation hereof"

on page 18 of today's calendar, be recommitted to the Committee on Agriculture for the purpose of a hearing.

Mr. HERMAN. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

MOTION TO PLACE BILL ON CALENDAR.

Mr. CROMER. Mr. Speaker, is it in order to offer a motion at this time?

The SPEAKER. It is in order.

Mr. CROMER. Mr. Speaker, I move that House Bill No. 1089, File Folio 4349, entitled:

An Act to prohibit the sentencing of offenders to religious denominational or sectarian institutions and providing penalties

be placed upon the calendar notwithstanding the negative recommendation of the committee.

Mr. HAMILTON. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the motion?

Mr. CROMER. Mr. Speaker, the bills that I have presented do not seem to meet with the approval of the House. I had one defeated last night by a very small vote. I had another defeated this morning, but I always play my string to the end and do my duty as I see it. The House cannot help but acknowledge that I certainly have a cheerful disposition and there is no malice in my makeup whatever. This bill is known as the Juvenile Court Bill, and I wish you would look it over fully, File Folio 4349, and see if you want this bill on the calendar or not. I want to say that I have petitions here signed by hundreds of men who think this is a good bill.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the title of the bill for information.

The Clerk then read the title as follows:

An Act to prohibit the sentencing of offenders to religious denominational or sectarian institutions and providing penalties

Mr. STEIN. Mr. Speaker I regret that I am compelled to differ with my colleague from Allegheny, the hero with the "bloody shirt," but like Garibaldi of old he will have to take a third licking on the one day, if as he says, he has had two already today. Now, gentlemen, the bill under consideration was very thoroughly discussed before the Judiciary General Committee, and I am satisfied that every man in this House is intelligent enough and capable enough to decide for himself as to the merit or lack of merit in this bill. Now, this business of placing every negative bill on the calendar it seems to me is going a little too far, and we, as sensible men, must have some confidence in the conduct of our committees. I do not care to enter into any discussion of the merits or demerits of the bill, but I can only say that the Judiciary General Committee, in the presence of the gentleman from Allegheny, gave him a very careful hearing, and we decided in our united wisdom that there was not enough merit in the bill to warrant its being placed on the calendar.

I would like to ask the gentleman here this evening to stand by the action of the committee, the same as we would expect to stand by the action of any other committee.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the motion?

It was not agreed to.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. HERMAN, from the Committee on Pensions and Gratuities, reported as committed, House Bill No. 176, entitled:

An Act to provide a system of annual payments to certain citizens of Pennsylvania who while as citizens of Pennsylvania volunteered in defense of said State as emergency men.

Mr. GLASS, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1271, entitled:

An Act providing that hereafter all actions for damages for death by negligence or unlawful violence shall be brought by the executor or administrator of the decedent for the exclusive benefit of the widow or husband, children, grandchildren, mother, father, brother, sister or other next of kin dependent on such decedent and such damages shall be distributable, free from all claims of creditors, in the proportion such beneficiaries would take the personal estate of such decedent under the intestate laws of this Commonwealth.

Mr. MILLIRON, from the Committee on Education, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1047, entitled:

An Act creating the Bureau of Vocational Education of the Department of Public Instruction, creating the divisions of the same, providing for the appointment of its officers and other employees by the Superintendent of Public Instruction, defining the duties of the same and fixing the compensation of its employees

Mr. ARON, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed, House Bill No. 346, entitled:

An Act relating to the issue and redemption of trading stamps, coupons and other similar devices.

Mr. REYNOLDS, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1286, entitled:

An Act to further amend section one of an act, approved the fourteenth day of April, one thousand eight nundred and eighty-one, entitled "An Act granting power to counties, cities (except cities of the first and second classes), boroughs, municipalities or school districts in this Commonwealth, which have issued bonds or other interest bearing evidences of indebtedness, to redeem the same and issue new bonds therefor, with or without interest coupons attached," by providing for refunding certain indebtedness and changing rate of interest

Mr. WALTON, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 630, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to pay for the collection, revising, indexing, and proof-reading of the material contained in the pamphlet known as "The Game, Fish and Forestry Laws" of this Commonwealth

Mr. GRAHAM, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported with a negative recommendation, House Bill No. 1144, entitled:

An Act prohibiting any person, partnership, or corporation operating telephone lines in this Commonwealth from discontinuing service to its patrons without first giving notice and stipulating the time when such service is due and payable, and providing a penalty for the violation thereof.

Mr. SWAN, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported with a negative recommendation, House Bill No. 719, entitled:

An Act regulating official advertising by county officers in counties having a population of more than 1,000,000 and less than 1,500,000, and providing for the letting of triennial contracts therefor.

Mr. McNICHOL, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported with a negative recommendation, House Bill No. 1071, entitled:

An Act providing for the creation and regulation of municipal liens, and the proceedings for the collection thereof, in the several boroughs of this Commonwealth.

BILLS ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 240, as follows:

An Act creating a reward or bounty for the destruction of certain noxious animals killed within the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania providing a method for the payment of the same and providing the method of furnishing evidence of said destruction and penalties for the violation of the several provisions hereof

Whereas frauds have been perpetrated upon the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania under the act of July twenty-five one thousand nine hundred and thirteen (Pamphlet Laws one thousand and thirty-six) in the collection of bounties for the destruction of animals and birds purporting to be the animals and birds mentioned in said act and large sums of money have been illegally obtained from the Commonwealth thereunder therefore

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from and after the passage of this act a reward or bounty shall be paid by this Commonwealth for the killing within the Commonwealth only of the following noxious animals For each wildcat the sum of six dollars for each fox the sum of two dollars for each weasel the sum of one dollar and for each mink the sum of one dollar

Section 2 It shall be the duty of any person who having killed within this Commonwealth one or more of the animals named in section one of this act and being desirous

of securing the reward or bounty named for such killing as fixed by section one of this act to produce such slain animal or animals or the entire pelt thereof before any game protector or any justice of the peace or alderman or magistrate within this Commonwealth and to make affidavit that he or some member of his family naming such person killed the same naming it stating clearly the approximate time of such killing and the fact that the place where such animal was killed naming it was within the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and that such animal was not reared in captivity

(a) Upon the production of such animal or pelt and the making of such affidavit before a game protector such official shall in the presence of the party making such affidavit split the skin of the face of the animal from between the eyes through the end of the nose and shall return the pelt or skin thus mutilated to the person presenting same and shall fill out in the name of the party making such affidavit a certificate directed to the Secretary of the Board of Game Commissioners at Harrisburg setting forth clearly the fact that the provisions of this act have been complied with giving the name of the animal killed the name of the person killing it the approximate time it was killed and as nearly as possible the name of the place and county within the Commonwealth where it was thus killed and that such animal was not reared in captivity and the said game protector shall forward to the office of the Secretary of the Board of Game Commissioners at Harrisburg the certificate and the affidavit so taken by him

(b) Where the affidavit required by this act is made before a justice of the peace or alderman or magistrate such official shall include in one affidavit all claims for bounty that may be made by one person at one time not to exceed five and shall receive in full for services rendered a fee of twenty-five cents where but one animal is named in such affidavit Where more than one animal is named in one affidavit the fee shall be fifty cents such fee in all cases to be paid by the claimant for bounty The affidavit shall preferably be made upon forms to be provided by the Board of Game Commissioners on demand by any justice of the peace or alderman or magistrate within this Commonwealth and all affidavits of this character shall in all cases clearly set forth the name of the animal killed for which a bounty is claimed the name of the person killing same the approximate time when such animal was killed and as nearly as possible the name of the place and county within this Commonwealth where same was killed and that such animal was not reared in captivity Upon the completion of such affidavit and the payment of the fee as above stated the justice of the peace or alderman or magistrate shall deliver said affidavit and skin or pelt brought before him to the claimant for bounty who shall as soon as may be forward such affidavit and the skin or pelt of the animal or animals for the killing of which a bounty is claimed and named in such affidavit to the Secretary of the Board of Game Commissioners at Harrisburg It shall be the duty of the justice of the peace or alderman or magistrate before whom any claim for bounty is made to examine all skins or pelts presented to him so that he may judge of the legality of the claim made but such official shall not split the face of any such skin or in any manner mutilate same

Section 3 Upon the receipt of such affidavit or such certificate or both in proper form the Secretary of the Board of Game Commissioners being satisfied that the skins or pelts presented to him are the skins or pelts of animals for the killing of which a bounty is offered by this act and that such claims are in all respects legitimate shall return to the owner thereof all skins or pelts received by him and shall at least once a month draw his requisition upon the Auditor General in favor of the persons named in said affidavits or certificates received by him for the amount to which each claimant may be entitled against the fund hereinafter designated paid into the State Treasury pursuant to the provisions of the act of April seventeenth one thousand nine hundred and thirteen (Pamphlet Laws eighty-five) from hunters' license fees fines and penalties collected under the provisions of said act which by section twelve thereof are paid into the State Treasury and kept "as a fund separate and apart solely for the purpose of wild bird and game protection and for the purchase and propagation of game under the supervision of the Board of Game Commissioners of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and the payment of bounties under the provisions of law" which part of said fund devoted to the payment of bounties together with such other moneys as may pursuant to other laws of this Commonwealth be paid into the State Treasury for the payment of bounties is hereinafter designated as "Fund for the Payment of Bounties"

Section 4 The Auditor General upon presentation to him of the requisition of the Secretary of the Board of Game Commissioners shall draw his warrant upon the State Treasurer against the fund hereinafter designated received from the hunters' license fees fines and penalties and other laws of this Commonwealth as set out in the third section of this Act of Assembly and hereinafter designated "fund for the payment of bounties"

Section 5 Pursuant to section twelve of the Act of April seventeenth one thousand nine hundred and thirteen pamphlet laws eighty-five providing for the licensing of hunters which provides "It being specifically provided that fifty per centum of any fund returned to the State through or because of the provisions of this act or so much of said fifty per centum as may be needed shall be applied by the Legislature at its biennial sessions to the payment of bounties" one-half of the said sum hereafter received from all hunters' license fees fines and penalties under the provisions of said act of Assembly and all other fines and penalties set apart under any other laws of this Commonwealth for the payment of bounties are hereby directed to be placed by the State Treasurer in a separate and special fund to be designated and known as "fund for the payment of bounties" and all of the moneys placed in said fund are declared to be available as soon as paid into the State Treasury and are hereby specifically appropriated for the payment of the bounties as provided by this act and the Auditor General shall charge against the said fund all warrants drawn by him for the payment of bounties and the State Treasurer is directed to pay out of said fund all of the warrants so drawn by the Auditor General Provided That the office expenses clerk hire postage et cetera necessary to the performance of the extra duties imposed by this act upon the Board of Game Commissioners shall be a charge against the fund created by this act and shall be paid upon requisition of the secretary of said board in the same form and manner as requisitions for bounty are paid

Section 6 The game protectors of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania are hereby authorized and empowered to administer the oath necessary to the proving of the claims made as provided by the section two of this act but no charge for administering such oath is to be made by any of said game protectors

Section 7 No person shall at any time be paid a bounty for the killing of any animal named in this act the front of the face of which is split before presentation to the persons authorized to take affidavits under the provisions of this act and no person shall at any time collect or attempt to collect a second bounty for the killing of any animal under the provisions of this act or shall attempt to collect such bounty through the presentation of the skin or carcass or any part thereof of an animal not named in this act or through deception of any character and it shall be unlawful for any person in this Commonwealth to present for the purpose of securing the bounty provided for by this act the skin or carcass or any part thereof of an animal that has been reared in captivity or the skin or carcass or any part thereof of any animal killed or captured outside of this Commonwealth Each and every person who shall willfully or fraudulently collect or attempt to collect any reward or bounty provided for by this act to which he or they are not legally entitled under the provisions of this act or shall aid or abet or assist in any capacity official or otherwise in an attempt to defraud the State through the collection or payment of any reward or bounty provided for by this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall in addition to the penalty that may be imposed for perjury where a false affidavit is made be sentenced to pay to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania a fine of not less than one hundred dollars or more than five hundred dollars or in default of the payment thereof with costs shall suffer an imprisonment in the common jail of the county in which the affidavit is made for a period of one day in jail for each dollar of fine imposed and unpaid

Section 8 The act of July twenty-fifth one thousand nine hundred and thirteen pamphlet laws one thousand and thirty-six entitled "An Act creating a reward or bounty for the destruction of certain noxious animals and birds killed within the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania providing a method for the payment of the same by the several counties of the Commonwealth which in turn are to be reimbursed by the Commonwealth and providing penalties for violation of its several provisions" is hereby repealed and all other acts or parts of acts inconsistent with this act are also hereby repealed

On the question,
Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—173.

Adams,	Fruit,	Lindsey,	Rowell,
Alcorn,	Gallagher,	Lipschutz,	Rudisill,
Alexander,	Gans,	Love,	Sampsel,
Arnold,	Garner,	Luppert,	Schaeffer,
Aron,	Geiser,	Luxemburger,	Scott,
Arthur,	Gibson,	Mangan,	Shaaber,
Baldwin,	Gingery,	Marvin,	Shaffer,
Barnett,	Glass,	Mather,	Showalter,
Bauerle,	Gompers,	Maurer,	Sinclair,
Beck,	Goodnough,	McArdle,	Smith, J. W.,
Benninger,	Goodwin,	McCaig,	Smith, Jeff. W.
Bergy,	Gormley,	McClure,	Smith, L.,
Berntheizel,	Graham,	McConnell,	Snyder,
Blackburn,	Gransback,	McCurdy,	Sones,
Body,	Greenwood,	McDermott,	Spangler,
Bovee,	Habgood,	McKay,	Spencer,
Brosius,	Haggerty,	McNichol,	Statler,
Brownlee,	Hamilton,	McVicar,	Staving,
Bungard,	Harper,	Mearkle,	Steedle,
Campbell, J. O.,	Heffernan,	Mellott,	Stein,
Campbell, T.,	Herman,	Metzenbacher,	Stone,
Christman,	Hess,	Milliron,	Sullivan,
Coldsmith,	Heyburn,	Murdoch,	Swan,
Conner,	Hibshman,	Myers,	Swartz,
Corbin,	Hoffman,	Neville,	Taylor,
Cromer,	Hollern,	Nissley,	Thomas,
Cummins,	Hollingsworth,	Oaks,	Trach,
Curry,	Horton,	Ostrander,	Urich,
Davis,	Howarth,	Palmer,	Vickerman,
Dawson,	Hubler,	Perry,	Wagner,
Dell,	Jack,	Peters,	Walter,
Dodds,	Jones, E. E.,	Phillips,	Watson,
Drinkhouse,	Jones, W. W.,	Pickering,	Weimer,
Eby,	Kaiser,	Powell,	Wettach,
Ehrhardt,	Kitts,	Ramsey,	Wildman,
Eppley,	Klinger,	Reel,	Williams,
Erdman,	Kunkle,	Reynolds,	Wobensmith,
Evans,	Lafferty,	Rhoads,	Wood,
Fackler,	Landis,	Rich,	Wylie,
	Lanius,	Rininger,	Wynne,

Finnerty,	Lauer,	Rinn,	Young,
Forster,	Lauler,	Robertson,	Ambler,
Fretz,	Leighner,	Roney,	Speaker.

NAYS—3.

Baker, Rothenberger, Sarig,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 770, as follows:

An Act relative to the burial of the bodies of certain indigent deceased widows at the county expense

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the county commissioners may cause to be buried the body of the widow of any person who served in the army or navy of the United States in any war in which the United States was engaged which widow shall hereafter die in their county leaving insufficient means to defray her necessary burial expenses The expense to the county for any such burial shall not exceed the sum of fifty dollars

Section 2 The persons now appointed by the county commissioners to assume charge of the burial of the bodies of indigent deceased soldiers and sailors shall report the names of any such widows dying within the county to the county commissioners together with such other facts as the commissioners may require and upon order of the commissioners shall assume charge of the burial of the body of any such widow and the necessary expenses incident thereto Such burial may be made in any cemetery in the State except a cemetery used exclusively for the burial of pauper dead

Section 3 The county commissioners shall cause to be entered in a suitable book the names of all such indigent widows whose burial expenses the county has assumed together with such other facts as are contained in the report required by section two

Section 4 The county commissioners may draw their warrant upon the county treasurer in favor of the persons whose duty it is to bury the body of any such indigent deceased widow for the payment of the expenses necessarily incurred in such burial not exceeding the said sum of fifty dollars for each body so buried

Section 5 All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with this act are repealed

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—179.

Adams,	Fruit,	Love,	Scott,
Albee,	Gallagher,	Luppert,	Shaaber,
Alcorn,	Gans,	Luxemburger,	Shaffer,
Alexander,	Garner,	Lynch,	Shoop,
Arnold,	Geary,	Mangan,	Showalter,
Aron,	Geiser,	Marvin,	Sinclair,
Arthur,	Gibson,	Mather,	Smith, J. W.,
Baker,	Gingery,	Maurer,	Smith, Jeff. W.,
Baldwin,	Glass,	McClintock,	Smith, L.,
Barnett,	Gompers,	McConnell,	Sones,
Bauerle,	Goodnough,	McCurdy,	Spangler,
Becker,	Goodyear,	McDermott,	Spencer,
Benninger,	Gormley,	McKay,	Statler,
Bergy,	Graham,	McNichol,	Staving,
Berntheizel,	Gransback,	McVicar,	Steedle,
Beyer,	Greenwood,	Mearkle,	Stein,
Blackburn,	Habgood,	Mellott,	Stern,
Body,	Hackett,	Metzenbacher,	Stone,
Bovee,	Hamilton,	Milliron,	Sullivan,
Brosius,	Harper,	Murdoch,	Swan,
Brownlee,	Heffernan,	Myers,	Taylor,
Brumbaugh,	Herman,	Neville,	Thomas,
Bungard,	Hess,	Oaks,	Trach,
Campbell, J. C.	Heyburn,	Ostrander,	Twibill,
Campbell, T.,	Hibshman,	Palmer,	Wagner,
Christman,	Hoffman,	Perry,	Walsh,
Conner,	Hollern,	Peters,	Walter,
Corbin,	Hollingsworth,	Phillips,	Watson,
Cox,	Horton,	Pickering,	Weaver,
Cummins,	Howarth,	Powell,	Weimer,
Curry,	Hubler,	Ramsey,	Weir,
Davis,	Jack,	Reel,	West,
Dawson,	Jones, W. W.,	Reynolds,	Wettach,
Dell,	Kaiser,	Rhoads,	Whitaker,
Diefenderfer,	Kitts,	Rich,	Wildman,
Dodds,	Klinger,	Rininger,	Willard,
Drinkhouse,	Kunkle,	Rinn,	Williams,
Dunn,	Lafferty,	Robertson,	Wilson, W. H.,
Eby,	Landis,	Roney,	Wobensmith,
Ehrhardt,	Lanius,	Rothenberger,	Wood,
Erdman,	Lauer,	Rowell,	Wylie,
Evans,	Lauler,	Rudisill,	Wynne,
Fackler,	Leighner,	Sampsel,	Young,
Forster,	Lindsey,	Sarig,	Ambler,
Fretz,	Meinhutz,	Schaeffer,	Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 120, as follows:

An Act to amend sections six and eight of an act approved the twenty-eighth day of May one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled "An Act to provide for the protection of insane persons feeble-minded persons and epileptics and the appointment of a guardian for the said insane persons feeble-minded persons and epileptics unable to care for their own property authorizing the guardian to support the wife and children of the said insane persons feeble-minded persons and epileptics defining the powers of the guardian and authorizing the sale of real estate of the ward"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That so much of section six of an act approved the twenty-eighth day of May one thousand nine hundred seven entitled "An Act to provide for the protection of insane persons feeble-minded persons and epileptics and the appointment of a guardian for the said insane persons feeble-minded persons and epileptics unable to care for their own property authorizing the guardian to support the wife and children of the said insane persons feeble-minded persons and epileptics defining the powers of the guardian and authorizing the sale of real estate of the ward" which reads as follows "The said guardian shall give such bonds and file such accounts at such periods as the court shall determine" is hereby amended so as to constitute sub-section (b) of said section six and reads as follows

(b) Every guardian so appointed in pursuance of this act whether required by the court to give security or not shall when so required by the court or if not required by the court may of his own volition once in every three years render an account of the management of the property under his care The accounts shall be filed in the office of the prothonotary for the information of the court and the inspection of all parties concerned After filing any such account the guardian may petition the court for leave to have the account examined or audited and confirmed finally The petition shall set forth the reason why such account should be examined or audited and confirmed and shall set forth the name and address of the wife or husband or next of kin of the person under legal disability The court shall thereupon direct to whom and what notice if any shall be given to the wife or husband or next of kin of the filing of the account and the presentation of the petition After filing proof of the service of the notice and if the court is satisfied that the account should be examined or audited and confirmed finally the court may thereupon examine and audit the account or may appoint an examiner or auditor to examine and audit such account and report thereon to the court After the examination or audit is completed a final decree of confirmation shall be made by the court which decree shall be conclusive as to matters contained in the account report or audit and decree on all persons except the ward and on the ward three months after the removal of legal disability and in case of the filing of a final account occasioned by the resignation removal or death of the guardian such final account after proper audit and confirmation as hereinbefore provided and all triennial accounts or other accounts which may have been properly filed audited and confirmed before shall be conclusive as to the ward as well as to all other parties The cost of the audit or examination shall be paid out of the estate or otherwise as the decree of the court confirming the report of the auditor shall direct If such costs are paid by the guardian out of the funds of the estate in his hands such payment shall be allowed as a credit in his account Appeal and rehearing of the decree shall be allowed in the manner and form now allowed in the cases of decrees made in executors' administrators' and trustees' accounts Every such guardian unless previously discharged or removed shall on the death or restoration to legal capacity of the person whose estate is under his care settle in the office of the prothonotary a full and complete account of his management of the property under his care A final account shall include only such items and matters as were not included in any former account confirmed finally The decree of the court upon such final account shall be conclusive upon all parties unless reversed modified or allowed on appeal

Section 2 That section eight of said act which reads as follows

"Section 8 Any person aggrieved by the final decree of the courts of common pleas may within three months from the time of the entry of said decree appeal to the Superior Court of the State and such court may confirm reverse or modify the decree entered in the lower court" is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 8 Except as otherwise provided in section six of this act as amended by sub-section (b) any person aggrieved by the final decree of the courts of common pleas may within three months from the time of the entry of said decree appeal to the Superior Court of the State and such court may confirm reverse or modify the decree entered in the lower court.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—177.

Adams,	Fretz,	Lynch,	Shoop,
Albee,	Fruit,	Mangan,	Showalter,
Alcorn,	Gallagher,	Marvin,	Sinclair,
Alexander,	Gans,	Mather,	Smith, J. W.,
Arnold,	Garner,	Maurer,	Smith, Jeff. W.,
Aron,	Geary,	McArdle,	Snyder,
Arthur,	Geiser,	McCaig,	Sones,
Baldwin,	Gibson,	McClintock,	Spangler,
Barnett,	Gingery,	McClure,	Spencer,
Bauerle,	Glass,	McConnell,	Statler,
Beck,	Glenn,	McCurdy,	Staving,
Becker,	Goodnough,	McKay,	Steedle,
Benninger,	Goodwin,	McNichol,	Stein,
Bergy,	Goodyear,	McVicar,	Stern,
Berntheizel,	Graham,	Mellott,	Stone,
Beyer,	Gransback,	Metzenbacher,	Sullivan,
Blackburn,	Greenwood,	Milliron,	Swartz,
Body,	Habgood,	Murdoch,	Thomas,
Bovee,	Hackett,	Myers,	Trach,
Brosius,	Hamilton,	Neville,	Twibill,
Brownlee,	Harper,	Nieder,	Urich,
Brumbaugh,	Heffernan,	Ostrander,	Vickerman,
Bungard,	Herman,	Palmer,	Vogdes,
Campbell, J. O.,	Heyburn,	Perry,	Wagner,
Campbell, T.,	Hibshman,	Peters,	Walter,
Coldsmith,	Hollern,	Phillips,	Walton,
Corbin,	Hollingsworth,	Pickering,	Watson,
Cox,	Horton,	Powell,	Weaver,
Cromer,	Hubler,	Ramsey,	Weir,
Cummins,	Jack,	Reel,	West,
Curry,	Jones, E. E.,	Reynolds,	Wettach,
Davis,	Jones, W. W.,	Rhoads,	Whitten,
Dawson,	Kaiser,	Rich,	Wildman,
Dell,	Kitts,	Rininger,	Willard,
Diefenderfer,	Klinger,	Rinn,	Williams,
Dodds,	Kuhn,	Robertson,	Wilson, H. I.,
Drinkhouse,	Lafferty,	Roney,	Wilson, W. H.,
Dunn,	Landis,	Rothenberger,	Wobensmith,
Eby,	Lanfus,	Rowell,	Wood,
Ehrhardt,	Lauer,	Rudisill,	Woodward,
Evans,	Lauler,	Sarig,	Wylie,
Fackler,	Lindsey,	Schaeffer,	Wynne,
Finnerty,	Lipschutz,	Scott,	Ambler,
Flynn,	Love,	Shaffer,	Speaker.
Forster,	Luxemburger,		

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1008, entitled:

An Act dividing the counties of this Commonwealth into eight classes designating the mode of ascertaining and changing the classification and providing for the regulation of their affairs according to their respective class.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. McVICAR. Mr. Speaker, I move that further action on this bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. MELLOTT. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 780, as follows:

A Supplement to an act entitled "An Act providing for the election of a borough controller in all boroughs of this Commonwealth prescribing the qualifications powers and duties thereof and abolishing the office of borough auditors in said boroughs" approved the twelfth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen prescribing certain additional duties of said controller the audit by him of the accounts of all officers of the borough the filing of his report in the office of the prothonotary the surcharge of any officer by him the entry of judgment against any officer upon said report the method by which the controller may obtain evidence before him making persons guilty of false testimony before him guilty of perjury providing for appeals by the borough or taxpayers or officers from the controller's report of audit to the court of common pleas and thence to the Superior and Supreme Courts prescribing the method of disposition of appeals giving certain rights to taxpayers in connection with said appeals fixing the amount of the bond and regulating the salary of the borough controller.

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That in every borough of this Commonwealth in which there shall be a controller acting under the provisions of the act to which this is a supplement the said controller shall annually audit settle and adjust the accounts for the immediately preceding fiscal year and for any preceding fiscal year the accounts of any officer which have not previously been audited settled and adjusted of the burgess members of council treasurer collector of borough taxes street commissioner and other officers of the borough whether elected or appointed and shall finish said audit settlement and adjustment and file in the office of the prothonotary of the county in which such borough may be situated a report thereof within sixty days after the beginning of the current fiscal year setting forth an itemized statement of the charges against and credits of said officers and any balance or surcharge against them and any member of council voting for or any burgess approving any illegal or improper measure shall be surchargable in said audit with any loss resulting from such measure any balance or surcharge against any such officer shall be entered by the prothonotary as a judgment against him unless he shall appeal from said report as hereinafter provided

Section 2 That the controller of any borough shall have the same power and authority to obtain the attendance before him of parties and witnesses and the production of books and papers and to administer oaths and affirmations as are given by law to county and township auditors and all persons guilty of swearing or affirming falsely before him shall be liable to the penalty and pains of perjury

Section 3 That it shall be lawful for the borough or any taxpayer thereof on its behalf or any officer against whom any sum shall be charged in said report of audit to appeal therefrom to the court of common pleas of said county within thirty days after the same shall be filed in the prothonotary's office the appeal to be filed to the same number and term in which the report has been filed

Provided That if the appellant be a taxpayer or any officer charged as aforesaid he shall file a bond with one or more sufficient sureties conditioned to pay all costs thereafter accruing in case a decision more favorable to the party on whose behalf the appeal shall be taken than that contained in the report of audit shall not be obtained

Section 4 That in case any appeal shall be taken as aforesaid the same may be placed upon the argument list of said court by either party testimony and evidence as to the accounts of any such officer may be taken before the said court or by depositions as the court may direct in the course of which the said accounts may be investigated de novo but the figures and facts found and stated by the controller in his report of audit shall be taken as prima facie correct as against any officer whose accounts are in question and the burden shall be upon each officer whose accounts are in question of establishing the credits to which he shall be entitled

Section 5 That after argument of said appeal the court shall file its conclusions of fact and law and answers to any request and enter judgment in accordance therewith in favor of and against the proper parties Provided That after argument the court may direct an issue to be tried by a jury as to any specific disputed questions of fact appeals may be taken by any person interested to the Superior or Supreme Court from any such judgment of the court of common pleas in the same way that appeals are now authorized by law to be taken from rulings or decisions of the court of common pleas made in appeals from settlements or reports of borough or township auditors

Section 6 That when any appeal to the court of common pleas shall be taken as aforesaid by the borough or any officer charged in said report with any sum of money any taxpayer thereof may come into court and intervene in said appeal and on behalf of the borough may cause the same to be prosecuted to final judgment in the same manner and with the same effect as the borough authorities could do Provided That such taxpayer shall at the time of intervening file in said court a bond with one or more sufficient sureties conditioned to indemnify the borough from all costs that may accrue by reason of such intervention subsequently thereto Collection of any judgment against any borough officer entered by virtue of a controller's report of audit or in the course of an appeal therefrom may be enforced against such officer and his sureties by the borough or any taxpayer thereof on its behalf by any appropriate proceeding executionary or otherwise

Section 7 That when more than one appeal from a controller's report of audit shall have been taken whether by the borough a borough officer or officers or a taxpayer or any or all of them the court of common pleas shall upon petition of any party interested direct the several appeals to be disposed of in a single proceeding

Section 8 That every borough controller shall retain in his possession during the thirty days period elapsing between the date of filing his report and the expiration of the time for filing appeal therefrom all books documents vouchers checks and other papers which have been produced before him in the course of his audit of the accounts of borough officers and if any appeal shall be taken shall continue to hold the same for production in the proceeding to determine the appeal

Section 9 That the bond of every borough controller shall be in a sum not less than the amount of money probably to be expended by the borough during the current fiscal year and he may be compelled to justify said bond both as to the amount thereof and the responsibility of the sureties before the court of common pleas by any taxpayer upon rule upon him to that effect

Section 10 That in boroughs having a population of less than ten thousand and not less than five thousand the salary of the controller shall not exceed seven hundred and fifty dollars in boroughs having a population of less than five thousand and not less than two thousand five hundred the salary of the controller shall not exceed five hundred dollars in boroughs having a population of less than two thousand five hundred the salary of the controller shall not exceed three hundred dollars

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. STEEDLE. Mr. Speaker, I would like to interrogate the sponsor of this bill.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Luzerne, Mr. Evans, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. EVANS. Mr. Speaker, yes, sir.

Mr. STEEDLE. Mr. Speaker, I would like to ask the sponsor of this bill if it become a law, how it will affect the election of the present borough auditors?

Mr. EVANS. Mr. Speaker, it will have nothing to do with the election of the borough auditors. It merely provides for an appeal from the present borough controller by any citizen or taxpayer.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—143.

Adams,	Geiser,	Mather,	Showalter,
Albee,	Glenn,	McCalg,	Sinclair,
Alcorn,	Goodnough,	McClintock,	Smith, J. W.,
Arnold,	Goodwin,	McClure,	Smith, Jeff. W.,
Arthur,	Goodyear,	McConnell,	Sones,
Bauerle,	Gormley,	McCurdy,	Spangler,
Beck,	Graham,	McKay,	Spencer,
Becker,	Gransback,	McNichol,	Statler,
Beyer,	Greenwood,	McVicar,	Steedle,
Blackburn,	Habgood,	Mearkle,	Stern,
Body,	Hackett,	Mellott,	Swan,
Bovee,	Hamilton,	Metzenbacher,	Swartz,
Brosius,	Harper,	Milliron,	Taylor,
Brownlee,	Heffernan,	Murphy,	Thomas,
Bungard,	Heyburn,	Myers,	Vickerman,
Campbell, J. O.,	Hibshman,	Oaks,	Vogdes,
Campbell, T.,	Hollingsworth,	Ostrander,	Wagner,
Christman,	Horton,	Palmer,	Walsh,
Coldsmith,	Howarth,	Perry,	Walter,
Conner,	Jones, W. W.,	Peters,	Watson,
Corbin,	Kitts,	Pickering,	Weaver,
Cox,	Kuhn,	Powell,	Weir,
Cromer,	Lafferty,	Ramsey,	West,
Curry,	Landis,	Reel,	Wettach,
Davis,	Lanius,	Reynolds,	Wildman,
Diefenderfer,	Lauer,	Rhoads,	Willard,
Dodds,	Lauler,	Rich,	Williams,
Drinkhouse,	Leighner,	Rinn,	Wilson, W. H.,
Dunn,	Lindsey,	Robertson,	Wobensmith,
Eby,	Lipschutz,	Roney,	Wood,
Ehrhardt,	Love,	Rudisill,	Woodward,
Evans,	Luppert,	Sampsel,	Wylie,
Fackler,	Luxemburger,	Schaeffer,	Wynne,
Forster,	Lynch,	Scott,	Young,
Fretz,	Mangan,	Shaaber,	Ambler,
Garner,	Marvin,	Shaffer,	Speaker.

NAYS—5.

Baker,	Hollern,	Rothenberger,	Twibill,
Barnett,			

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 322, as follows:

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act for the government of cities of the second class" approved March seventh Anno Domini nineteen hundred and one conferring additional powers upon cities of the second class to levy and collect an annual license tax or registration fee for revenue purposes upon motor vehicles

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by authority of the same That in addition to the powers heretofore conferred upon cities of the second class of this Commonwealth they shall have power to levy and collect an annual license tax or registration fee for revenue purposes from all firms persons and corporations located or living within the limits of such city and owning or dealing in motor vehicles

Section 2 The said cities shall have power to prescribe by ordinance the respective amounts of the license taxes or registration fees and the character of receipts or certificates to be given to the owner or dealer of said motor vehicle on the payment of the said license tax or registration fee and also the tags if any to be placed on said motor vehicles The said cities shall have power to fix and classify the license fees according to the horse-power of said motor vehicles and also according to the tires used on such motor vehicles namely whether pneumatic or solid tires and also according to the weight of such motor vehicles They shall also have power to describe the method and form for application for the annual license tax or registration fee and for the payment of the same at the office of the city treasurer or at such other place or places as may be designated by said ordinance or by the city treasurer and to do all other things necessary and expedient to secure the collection of said license taxes or registration fees and to impose penalties for the failure to comply with the provisions of said ordinance

Section 3 The moneys derived by the said cities of the second class from said license taxes or registration fees shall be used by said cities solely for the purpose of maintaining and repairing the streets and highways therein

Section 4 This act shall take effect on the first day of January Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and sixteen and not before except that it shall be lawful for the said cities of the second class to enact ordinances to exercise and carry out the powers herein conferred at any time after July first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen and to provide for a system of application and registration by the owners and dealers in said motor vehicles for the year one thousand nine hundred and sixteen at any time after December first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen

Section 5 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith be and the same are hereby repealed

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. RONEY. Mr. Speaker, this bill is one of the very few bills that has come from the Committee of which I have the honor to be Chairman that I am opposed to. The members of this House have received from time to time a great number of communications on the Full Crew Bill, but no other bill has received as much attention from the people of this Commonwealth, outside of the Full Crew Bill, than this bill levying a local tax on automobiles. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, this bill, of itself, I think should be defeated, but the bill, itself, suggests to this House what is a very important proposition in the nature of taxation of luxuries of life. The automobile owners have proclaimed in their various kinds of communications to this House that they are unduly taxed. That is not true. A man who has a cow or a horse in his field must pay a four mill tax in his return for that cow or that horse in his aggregate, but the very character of this bill, however, defeats its good purpose.

If the automobile owner were to return the value of his machine to his county commissioner on which he would pay the four mill tax, it would be a very wise and very proper bill, but as the automobile owner now pays his license tax to the State to tax him again for the purpose of local taxation, would to my mind be a very improper method of taxation. Therefore this bill in its present shape is an unfortunate and an improper suggestion to the Legislature in that whilst automobile owners pay a four mill tax on the value of their machines, to impose on them a local tax would in my mind, be entirely improper. Therefore Mr. Speaker I ask that the House defeat this bill and then when we have our new Constitution, which every member of this House will vote for, and we have our legitimate and our proper and our adequate means of taxation, then the State will have so much money there will never be any complaint about contributions to charitable institutions.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I move that further consideration of this bill be postponed indefinitely.

Mr. WILDMAN. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

Mr. ADAMS. Mr. Speaker, I move that this bill be recommitted for further consideration to the Committee on Judiciary General.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman's motion is out of order.

Mr. STEIN. Mr. Speaker, I would like to ask inasmuch as this bill pertains to cities of the second class only, with the consent of my friend from Delaware and my friend from Philadelphia Mr. Roney that the motion be not put for an indefinite postponement, but that instead thereof, the motion of my friend from Lurezne, Mr. Adams, may prevail in order that this bill may go back to the Committee.

POINT OF ORDER.

Mr. RONEY. Mr. Speaker, I rise to a point of order.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman will state his point of order.

Mr. RONEY. Mr. Speaker, my point of order is that the motion made by the gentleman from Luzerne is out of order.

The SPEAKER. The point of order is sustained.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I withdraw my motion.

Mr. WILDMAN. Mr. Speaker, I withdraw my second to the gentleman's motion.

Mr. ADAMS. Mr. Speaker, I move that this bill be recommitted to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. STEIN. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the motion?

It was not agreed to.

Mr. STEIN. Mr. Speaker, in view of the misunderstanding that his arisen in this matter, I would ask the gentlemen of the House to consent to the motion that I now make, that this bill be recommitted to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

Mr. ADAMS. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the motion?

POINT OF ORDER.

Mr. RONEY. Mr. Speaker, I rise to a point of order.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman will state his point of order.

Mr. RONEY. My point of order is, the bill having been agreed to by the House on third reading————

The SPEAKER. The bill was not agreed to by the House on third reading.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the motion?

It was not agreed to.

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I move that the bill be postponed indefinitely.

Mr. WILDMAN. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading or House Bill No. 1098, entitled:

A Supplement to an act approved the nineteenth day of March one thousand nine hundred nine entitled "An Act to regulate the practice of osteopathy in the State of Pennsylvania to provide for the establishment of a State Board of Osteopathic Examiners to define the powers and duties of said Board of Osteopathic Examiners to provide for the examining and licensing of osteopaths in this State and to provide penalties for the violation of this act"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. ADAMS. Mr. Speaker, I would like to have the sponsor of this bill explain it.

Mr. LAULER. Mr. Speaker, and gentlemen of the House, I will explain the purpose of this bill. Bill No. 1098 will permit students who were in reputable colleges of Osteopathy, recognized by the State Board of Pennsylvania, Osteopathic Examiners to come before the State Board and present their credentials, which must be satisfactory before the applcant may receive a license to practice in this State.

The 1912 clause of the act of 1909, which took effect in January 1912 changed the requirements in such a manner that it was impossible for senior students graduating in that year to qualify in this state, inasmuch as graduation is always at the end of the College year, i. e. the month of May.

This supplement will merely advance the date of the 1912 clause to read July instead of January, and has the written sanction of the President of the State Board of Osteopathic Examiners of this State. The 1912 clause of of the 1909 act worked a hardship on the students then in college for the reason that they were under the impression that they would be permitted to qualify in this, their native state, at the time of their graduation, and were under that impression at the time of their entrance in the Osteopathic Colleges.

This act will in no way permit unqualified persons to even attempt to enter this State and those who do enter under this amendment must show the qualification of section eight of the 1909 act regulating the practice of Osteopathy in the State to the satisfaction of the State Board of Osteopathic Examiners.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—189.

Adams,	Fruit,	Lynch,	Shoop,
Albee,	Gallagher,	Mangan,	Showalter,
Alcorn,	Gans,	Marvin,	Sinclair,
Alexander,	Garner,	Mather,	Smith, J. W.,
Arnold,	Geary,	McArdle,	Smith, Jeff. W.,
Aron,	Geiser,	McCaig,	Smith, L.,
Arthur,	Gibson,	McClintock,	Snyder,
Baker,	Gingery,	McClure,	Sones,
Baldwin,	Glass,	McConnell,	Spangler,
Barnett,	Glenn,	McCurdy,	Spencer,
Bauerle,	Gompers,	McDermott,	Statler,
Beck,	Goodnough,	McKay,	Staving,
Becker,	Goodwin,	McNichol,	Steedle,
Benn,	Goodyear,	McVicar,	Stein,
Benninger,	Graham,	Mearkle,	Stern,
Bergy,	Gransback,	Metzenbacher,	Stone,
Berntheizel,	Greenwood,	Milliron,	Sullivan,
Beyer,	Habgood,	Murdoch,	Swan,
Blackburn,	Hackett,	Murphy,	Swartz,
Body,	Hamilton,	Myers,	Taylor,
Bovee,	Harper,	Neville,	Thomas,
Brosius,	Heffernan,	Nissley,	Trach,
Brownlee,	Herman,	Oaks,	Tribbill,
Brumbaugh,	Hess,	Ostrander,	Vickerman,
Campbell, T.,	Heyburn,	Palmer,	Wagner,
Christman,	Hibshman,	Perry,	Walsh,
Conner,	Hoffman,	Peters,	Walton,
Corbin,	Hollern,	Phillips,	Watson,
Cox,	Horton,	Pickering,	Weaver,
Cromer,	Howarth,	Powell,	Weimer,
Cummins,	Hubler,	Ramsey,	Weir,
Curry,	Jack,	Reel,	West,
Davis,	Jones, E. E.,	Reynolds,	Wettach,
Dawson,	Jones, W. W.,	Rhoads,	Whitaker,
Dell,	Kaiser,	Rich,	Whitten,
Diefenderfer,	Kitts,	Rininger,	Wildman,
Dodds,	Klinger,	Rinn,	Willard,
Drinkhouse,	Kuhn,	Robertson,	Williams,
Dunn,	Lafferty,	Roney,	Wilson, H. I.,
Eby,	Landis,	Rothenberger,	Wilson, W. H.,
Ehrhardt,	Lanius,	Rudisill,	Wobensmith,
Eppley,	Lauer,	Sampsel,	Wood,
Evans,	Lauler,	Sarig,	Woodward,
Fackler,	Lindsey,	Schaeffer,	Wynne,
Finnerty,	Lipschutz,	Scott,	Young,
Flynn,	Love,	Shaaber,	Ambler,
Forster,	Luppert,	Shaffer,	Speaker.
Fretz,	Luxemburger,		

NAYS—2.

Bungard,	Gormley.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Mr. STEIN in the Chair.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 987 (Senate No. 322), entitled:

An Act requiring payment by the county of costs of prosecution in certain criminal cases.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. WALTER. Mr. Speaker, I notice that this bill makes it easy to get costs out of the county in cases of non pros. The litigants in the Quarter Sessions get costs, but this would make it mandatory upon the county to pay. I have the honor to serve as district attorney in my county, and I know something about the abuses in this matter, and it seems to me that the interests of the public would be safeguarded if this bill were defeated.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—55.

Adams,	Erdman,	Jones, W. W.,	Sarig,
Alcorn,	Flynn,	Kaiser,	Scott,
Baker,	Forster,	Klinger,	Smith, J. W.,
Baldwin,	Geiser,	Lanius,	Smith, L.,
Benn,	Gompers,	Lauler,	Spangler,
Blackburn,	Graham,	Luxemburger,	Stein,
Christman,	Gransback,	McCaig,	Stone,
Conner,	Hackett,	Myers,	Swartz,
Curry,	Heyburn,	Neville,	Trach,
Dawson,	Hollingsworth,	Phillips,	Walter,
Diefenderfer,	Horton,	Reel,	Weir,
Dodds,	Howarth,	Rich,	West,
Dunn,	Hubler,	Roney,	Wildman,
Ehrhardt,	Jones, E. E.,	Rothenberger,	

NAYS—58.

Beck,	Garner,	Metzenbacher,	Sones,
Bergy,	Gingery,	Milliron,	Spencer,
Brosius,	Glass,	Nissley,	Statler,
Brownlee,	Glenn,	Oaks,	Staving,
Brumbaugh,	Goodyear,	Palmer,	Swan,
Bungard,	Hess,	Peters,	Twibill,
Campbell, J. O.,	Hibshman,	Pickering,	Weaver,
Coldsmith,	Hollern,	Rininger,	Weimer,
Corbin,	Kuhn,	Rinn,	Whitaker,
Cromer,	Leighner,	Robertson,	Williams,
Dell,	Marvin,	Rudisill,	Wilson, H. I.,
Eby,	McKay,	Sampsel,	Wilson, W. H.,
Eppley,	McNichol,	Shaaber,	Wobensmith,
Evans,	McVicar,	Shaffer,	Wylie,
Fruit,	Mellott,	Showalter,	

Less than the majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the negative and the bill falls.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 767, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the purpose of refunding certain moneys to the Peters Packing Company of McKeesport Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time considered and agreed to.

On the question.

Shall the bill pass finally.

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—172.

Adams,	Fruit,	Luxemburger	Shoop,
Albee,	Gallagher,	Lynch,	Showalter,
Alcorn,	Gans,	Mangan,	Sinclair,
Arnold,	Garner,	Marvin,	Smith, J. W.,
Aron,	Geary,	Mather,	Smith, Jeff. W.,
Arthur,	Gibson,	McArdle,	Snyder,
Baldwin,	Gingery,	McClintock,	Sones,
Barnett,	Glenn,	McClure,	Spangler,
Bauerle,	Gompers,	McConnell,	Statler,
Beck,	Goodnough,	McCurdy,	Steedle,
Becker,	Goodyear,	McKay,	Stein,
Benn,	Gormley,	McNichol,	Stern,
Benninger,	Graham,	McVicar,	Stone,
Bergy,	Gransback,	Mellott,	Sullivan,
Bertnheizel,	Greenwood,	Metzenbacher,	Swartz,
Beyer,	Habgood,	Milliron,	Thomas,
Blackburn,	Hackett,	Murdoch,	Trach,
Body,	Hamilton,	Myers,	Twibill,
Bovee,	Harper,	Neville,	Urich,
Brosius,	Heffernan,	Nissley,	Vickerman,
Brownlee,	Herman,	Oaks,	Vogdes,
Brumbaugh,	Hess,	Ostrander,	Wagner,
Bungard,	Heyburn,	Palmer,	Walter,
Campbell, J. O.,	Hibshman,	Peters,	Walton,
Campbell, T.,	Hoffman,	Phillips,	Watson,
Christman,	Hollern,	Pickering,	Weaver,
Coldsmith,	Horton,	Powell,	Weir,
Conner,	Howarth,	Ramsey,	West,
Corbin,	Hubler,	Reel,	Wettach,
Cox,	Jack,	Reynolds,	Whitaker,
Cromer,	Jones, W. W.,	Rhoads,	Wildman,
Cummins,	Kaiser,	Rich,	Willard,
Curry,	Kitts,	Rininger,	Williams,
Davis,	Klinger,	Rinn,	Wilson, H. I.,
Dawson,	Kunkle,	Roney,	Wilson, W. H.,
Dell,	Lafferty,	Rothenberger,	Wobensmith,
Dodds,	Landis,	Rowell,	Woodward,
Drinkhouse,	Lanius,	Sampsel,	Wylie,
Eby,	Lauer,	Sarig,	Wynne,
Erdman,	Leighner	Schaeffer,	Young,
Evans,	Lindsey,	Scott,	Ambler,
Fackler,	Lipschutz,	Shaaber,	Speaker.
Finnerty,	Luppert,	Shaffer,	
Flynn,			
Forster,			

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 792, as follows:

An Act for the encouragement of agriculture and the holding of agricultural exhibitions providing State aid for certain agricultural associations and regulating the payment thereof

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That for the purpose of encouraging agriculture and the holding of agricultural exhibitions of farm products an incorporated county agricultural association conforming to the requirements of this act is entitled to receive from the Commonwealth an annual sum not exceeding two thousand dollars equal to the amount paid by such association as premiums for exhibits at its annual exhibition exclusive of premiums paid on trials of speed

Section 2 In case there is more than one association holding such annual exhibitions in a county such association shall be entitled to receive from the Commonwealth a sum not exceeding in the aggregate the sum of four thousand dollars to be apportioned by the county commissioners among such associations according to the amount of premiums paid for exhibits at the last exhibition of each of such associations exclusive of premiums for trials of speed

No association shall receive from the Commonwealth a greater sum than that paid by the association as premiums on exhibits exclusive of premiums paid for trials of speed

Section 3 No incorporated county agricultural association shall be entitled to the benefits of this act unless it shall hold an annual exhibition in the interest of stock raising grain poultry handiwork dairy products and the like Such exhibitions shall continue at least three consecutive days at which premiums shall be paid on exhibitions except on trials of speed Such premiums shall be paid only upon products of this Commonwealth

Section 4 No county agricultural association hereafter incorporated shall be entitled to the benefits of this act until such association shall have held two consecutive annual exhibitions of the character designated in the preceding section nor shall such association receive an appropriation for their third and fourth years respectively in excess of the amount it paid in premiums in the State exclusive of premiums for trials of speed during its second year and such association upon its incorporation shall file with the county commissioners a declaration of its intention to apply for said premium money for its third year Such association must also file its reports during its first two years the same as any other association

Section 5 Annually on or before the fifteenth day of November an association applying for the benefits of this act shall file with the county commissioners a statement sworn to by its president attested by its secretary with corporate seal attached setting forth the name of the association the time and place of the exhibition and the amount of premiums actually paid giving the names and addresses of the persons to whom such premiums were paid and in what class kind or department

Section 6 Payments to incorporated agricultural associations under the provisions of this act shall be made by the county commissioners on or before the fifteenth day of December of the year in which the exhibition is held and upon the filing with the Auditor General of the Commonwealth on or before December fifteenth of each year hereafter of the certificate of the county treasurer of the respective counties showing the amount of money paid agreeably to this act and to whom the Auditor General shall issue his warrant for the amount so paid directing the State Treasurer out of moneys not otherwise appropriated to pay into the treasury of the counties that have paid said sum the amount so paid

Section 7 The sum of two hundred thousand dollars ($200,000.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen to carry out the provisions of this act

Section 8 The following acts or parts of acts are hereby repealed

An act entitled "An act to authorize county commissioners for the purpose of encouraging agriculture and the holding of county agricultural exhibitions to pay annually one thousand dollars to the incorporated agricultural association paying premiums on agricultural exhibits holding an annual exhibition in the county providing for the filing of sworn statement by the claimant or claimants with the county commissioners relative to said exhibition and providing for the repayment to the county by the State of the sum so paid" approved the thirteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred seven (Pamphlet Laws seven hundred and two)

An act entitled "An act amending the first section of an act approved the thirteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled 'An act to authorize county commissioners for the purpose of encouraging agriculture and the holding of county agricultural exhibitions to pay annually one thousand dollars to the incorporated agricultural association paying premiums on agricultural exhibits holding an annual exhibition in the county providing for the filing of sworn statement by the claimant or claimants with the county commissioners relative to said exhibition and providing for the repayment to the county by the State of the sum so paid' by changing from four to three the required number of days for holding such exhibitions" approved the thirteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred eleven (Pamphlet Laws fifty-eight)

An act entitled "An act to amend section one of an act approved the thirteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled 'An act to authorize county commissioners for the purpose of encouraging agriculture and the holding of county agricultural exhibitions to pay annually one thousand dollars to the incorporated agricultural association paying premiums on agricultural exhibits holding an annual exhibition in the county providing for the filing of sworn statement by the claimant or claimants with the county commissioners relative to said exhibition and providing for the repayment to the county by State of the sum so paid' as amended" approved the twelfth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirteen (Pamphlet Laws four hundred and eighty-six)

An Act entitled "An Act amending the second section of an act approved the thirteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled 'An Act to authorize county commissioners for the purpose of encouraging agriculture and the holding of county agricultural exhibitions to pay annually one thousand dollars to the incorporated agricultural association paying premiums on agricultural exhibits holding an annual exhibition in the county providing for the filing of sworn statement by the claimant or claimants with the county commissioners relative to said exhibition and providing for the repayment to the county by the State of the sum so paid' by changing the date for filing by the association with the county commissioners the statement required from November fifteenth to December tenth in each year" approved the fifth day of June one thousand nine hundred thirteen (Pamphlet Laws four hundred and twenty)

Section 9 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with this act are repealed

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. BROSIUS. Mr. Speaker, I would like the gentleman from Lancaster County to explain this bill, wherein it is different from the present law and what changes it makes.

Mr. HESS. Mr. Speaker, for the gentleman's information I would state that it increases the appropriation to agricultural fairs. It increases the appropriation for the encouragement of agriculture. For instance, a fair that heretofore received an appropriation from the State of one thousand dollars will now receive an appropriation of two thousand dollars if the fair association itself raises an equal amount and pays it on exhibits and to exhibitors, exclusive of trials of speed. If the association does not pay an equivalent amount they would not, of course, receive the entire amount of two thousand dollars.

Mr. BROSIUS. Mr. Speaker, I wish to further interrogate the gentleman from Lancaster.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Lancaster permit himself to be further interrogated?

Mr. HESS. Mr. Speaker, certainly.

Mr. BROSIUS. Mr. Speaker, I would like to ask the gentleman what difference it makes providing the agricultural association is only organized this year and holds its first exhibition.

Mr. HESS. Mr. Speaker, if it is a new association they would have to hold two annual exhibitions before they would come under the provisions of this bill, if a new association. In other words, the purpose of that is to prevent organizations with mushroom growth taking advantage of this act and incorporating for the simple purpose of taking advantage of this act.

Mr. BROSIUS. Mr. Speaker, we have had an agricultural association in Brookville, Pa., for about fifteen or twenty years but fell out one year and last year we did not have an association, but we are starting up again this year and for that reason, under this bill, we would not be entitled to anything at all. We could not get any appropriation from the State or from the county under this bill. I am opposed to the bill for that reason and some other reasons. The other reasons are that there are too many things connected with this bill in order to make it so that the county would be allowed to pay any appropriation to the agricultural association whatever; and I am opposed to this bill and hope that the House will vote it down.

Mr. RONEY. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, if there is one thing that Philadelphia is proud of it is that up in the northeastern extremity of our city we have two hundred members of the State Grange and I would therefore like to know how the forty-one members from Philadelphia should vote on this bill and I ask the agricultural representative from Philadelphia, from the Thirty-fifth Ward, to explain this bill.

Mr. HESS. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, I will yield the floor to the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Dunn, in a moment. Under the present act the association in the County of Jefferson would not be eligible for any appropriation from the State so that their condition will not be changed at all. The purpose of this bill is simply to foster and encourage agriculture. In these days when there has been for a period of years a continual migration of the population from the rural districts to the city communities, in this day when the proposition of providing sufficient breadstuffs is indeed a serious proposition, in this day when the high cost of living is puzzling even legislative bodies, I feel that this is a highly commendable measure. Nothing can be done in the gricultural sections that will encourage the young men and young women to remain on the farm any more than to stimulate their interest through the mediums of such institutions as the agricultural fair. We, of the agricultural sections, see the enthusiasm that is aroused through their corn exhibits and their fancy work exhibits and dairy exhibits, and this bill simply increases the encouragement of agriculture as exemplified by agricultural fairs and I trust you will all support this bill.

Mr. RONEY. Mr. Speaker, I desire to interrogate the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Dunn.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Dunn, permit himself to be interrogated.

Mr. DUNN. Certainly, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. RONEY. Mr. Speaker, I desire to ask the gentleman from the Thirty-fifth Ward how this bill would affect the price of turnips

Mr. DUNN. Mr. Speaker, in reply to my good friend from Philadelphia, I desire to state that this bill would not affect or increase the cost of raising turnips. This bill———

Mr. RONEY. Mr. Speaker, I desire to further interrogate the gentleman from Philadelphia.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Dunn, permit himself to be further interrogated.

Mr. DUNN. Mr. Speaker, when I get through. Mr. Speaker, coming from one of the largest agricultural districts in the State of Pennsylvania where some of the best farmers of this Commonwealth live, and where one of the greatest county fairs exists in the Commonwealth, I am

heartily in favor of this bill introduced by my friend from Lancaster. It will encourage the farmers of my district to grow larger turnips, larger heads of cabbage—more than what is in this house—

Mr. RONEY. Mr. Speaker, I desire to further interrogate the gentleman from Philadelphia.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman permit himself to be further interrogated?

Mr. DUNN. Mr. Speaker, when I get through. When this bill goes through and the members of my country district are encouraged to increase the products in that county fair and when I come on here later and ask the members of this General Assembly to help me to get three hundred thousand dollars to repair the county roads in my district, thus making the roads in such a condition that the farmers after being encouraged to raise these products might bring them down to the district where my good friend Mr. Roney lives and help reduce the high cost of living.

Mr. GEISER. Mr. Speaker, I do not know what country district in Philadelphia I represent, but I am for the bill.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

QUESTION OF INFORMATION.

Mr. RONEY. Mr. Speaker, I rise to a question of information.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman will state his question.

Mr. RONEY. Mr. Speaker, is this bill on the question of turnips, as the gentleman from the 35th Ward has said, or on the question of cabbages?

The SPEAKER. The gentleman's remarks will be placed in the Journal.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I hope the house is not going to allow this bill to be laughed out as a foolish proposition. It is a very important proposition and the Grange Associations all over the State are asking for this bill and I think my friend from Philadelphia will vote for it.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Ageeably to the provisions of the Constitutio,n the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—182.

Adams,	Fruit,	Mangan,	Shaffer,
Albee,	Gallagher,	Marvin,	Shoop,
Alcorn,	Gans,	Mather	[illegible]lter,
Alexander,	Garner,	Maurer,	Sinclair,
Arnold,	Geary,	McArdle,	Smith, J. W.,
Aron,	Geiser,	McCaig,	Smith, Jeff. W
Arthur,	Gibson,	McClintock,	Smith, L.,
Baker,	Gingery,	McClure,	Sones,
Baldwin,	Glass,	McConnell,	Spangler,
Barnett,	Glenn,	McCurdy,	Spencer,
Bauerle,	Gompers,	McDermott,	Statler,
Beck,	Goodyear,	McKay,	Staving,
Benn,	Graham,	McNichol,	Steedle,
Bergy,	Gransback,	McVicar,	Stein,
Berntheizel,	Greenwood,	Mearkle,	Stern,
Beyer,	Habgood,	Mellott,	Stone,
Blackburn,	Hackett,	Metzenbacher,	Sullivan,
Body,	Hamilton,	Milliron,	Swan,
Bovee,	Harper,	Murdoch,	Swartz,
Broslus,	Heffernan,	Murphy,	Taylor,
Brownlee,	Herman,	Myers,	Thomas,
Brumbaugh,	Hess,	Neville,	Trach,
Bungard,	Heyburn,	Nissley,	Twibill,
Campbell, J. O.,	Hibshman,	Oaks,	Vogdes,
Campbell, T.,	Hollern,	Ostrander,	Wagner,
Christman,	Horton,	Palmer,	Walsh,
Conner,	Howarth,	Perry,	Walter,
Corbin,	Hubler,	Peters,	Walton,
Cox,	Jack,	Phillips,	Watson,
Cromer,	Jones, E. E.,	Pickering,	Weaver.
Cummins,	Jones, W. W.,	Powell,	Weimer.
Curry,	Kaiser,	Ramsey,	Weir,
Davis,	Kitts,	Reel,	Whitaker.
Dawson,	Kuhn,	Reynolds,	Wildmar
Diefenderfer,	Kunkle,	Rhoads,	Willard,
Dodds,	Landis,	Rich,	Williams,
Drinkhouse,	Lanius,	Rinn,	Wilson, H. I.,
Dunn,	Lauer,	Robertson,	Wilson, W. H.,
Eby,	Lauler,	Roney,	Wobensmith,
Ehrhardt,	Leighner,	Rothenberger,	Wood.
Eppley,	Lindsey,	Rowell,	Woodward,
Erdman,	Lipschutz,	Rudisill,	Wylie,
Evans,	Love,	Sampsel,	Wynne,
Fackler,	Luppert,	Sarig,	Young,
Forster,	Luxemburger,	Schaeffer,	Ambler,
Fretz,	Lynch,	Shaaber,	Speaker.

NAYS—3.

Becker,	Rininger,	West.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1100, entitled:

An Act authorizing Charles H. Sorge a citizen of Harrisburg Dauphin county to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Ageeably to the provisions of the Constitutio,n the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—183.

Adams,	Fackler,	Lauler,	Rudisill,
Albee,	Finnerty,	Leighner,	Sampsel,
Alcorn,	Flynn,	Lindsey,	Sarig,
Alexander,	Forster,	Lipschutz,	Scott,
Arnold,	Fruit,	Love,	Shaaber,
Aron,	Gallagher,	Luppert,	Shaffer,
Arthur,	Garner,	Luxemburger,	Showalter,
Baldwin,	Geiser,	Lynch,	Sinclair,
Barnett,	Gibson,	Mangan,	Smith, J. W.,
Bauerle,	Gingery,	Marvin,	Smith, Jeff. W.,
Beck,	Glass,	Mather,	Smith, L.,
Becker,	Glenn,	Maurer,	Snyder,
Benn,	Gompers,	McArdle,	Sones,
Benninger,	Goodnough,	McCaig,	Spangler,
Bergy,	Goodwin,	McClintock,	Spencer,
Berntheizel,	Goodyear,	McClure,	Statler,
Beyer,	Gormley,	McConnell,	Steedle,
Blackburn,	Graham,	McCurdy,	Stein,
Body,	Gransback,	McDermott,	Stern,
Bovee,	Greenwood,	McKay,	Stone,
Brosius,	Habgood,	McVicar,	Sullivan,
Brownlee,	Hackett,	Mellott,	Swan,
Brumbaugh,	Hamilton,	Metzenbacher,	Taylor,
Bungard,	Harper,	Milliron,	Thomas,
Campbell, J. O.,	Heffernan,	Murdoch,	Twibill,
Campbell, T.,	Herman,	Murphy,	Urich,
Christman	Hess,	Myers,	Vickerman,
Coldsmith,	Heyburn,	Neville,	Wagner,
Conner,	Hibshman,	Oaks,	Walter,
Corbin,	Hollern,	Palmer,	Walton,
Cox,	Hollingsworth,	Perry,	Watson,
Cromer,	Horton,	Peters,	Weimer,
Cummins,	Howarth,	Phillips,	Weir,
Curry,	Hubler,	Pickering,	West,
Davis,	Jack,	Powell,	Wettach,
Dawson,	Jones, E. E.,	Ramsey,	Whitaker,
Dell,	Jones, W. W.,	Reel,	Whitten,
Diefenderfer,	Kaiser,	Reynolds,	Wildman,
Dodds,	Kitts,	Rhoads,	Williams,
Drinkhouse,	Klinger,	Rich,	Wobensmith,
Dunn,	Kuhn,	Rininger,	Woodward,
Eby,	Kunkle,	Rinn,	Wylie,
Ehrhardt,	Lafferty,	Robertson,	Wynne,
Eppley,	Landis,	Roney,	Young,
Erdman,	Lanius,	Rothenberger,	Ambler,
Evans,	Lauer,	Rowell,	Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

BILL ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Mr. KITTS. Mr. Speaker, I desire to call up at this time from page 15 of to-day's calendar House Bill No. 1048, File Folio 4377, Bills on Final Passage Postponed.

Agreeably to order,

The House resumed the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 1048, entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act providing that in all counties having more than five hundred thousand inhabitants advertisements and notices required by law or rules of court to be published in newspapers of general circulation unless dispensed with by special order of court shall be published in the legal newspaper issued at least weekly of the proper county designated by rules of court for the publication of court or other legal notices" approved May third one thousand nine hundred and nine so as to include all counties having more than one hundred thousand population

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—156.

Adams,	Finnerty,	Lindsey,	Sinclair,
Albee,	Forster,	Lipschutz,	Smith, J. W.,
Alexander,	Gallagher,	Love,	Smith, Jeff. W.
Aron,	Gans,	Luppert,	Smith, L.,
Arthur,	Geary,	Luxemburger,	Snyder,
Baldwin,	Gibson,	Lynch,	Sones,
Barnett,	Glass,	Mangan,	Spangler,
Bauerle,	Glenn,	Marvin,	tler,
Becker,	Gompers,	Mather,	Staving,
Benn,	Goodnough,	McArdle,	Steedle,
Benninger,	Gormley,	McCaig,	Stein,
Bergy,	Graham,	McClintock,	Stern,
Berntheizel,	Gransback,	McClure,	Stone,
Beyer,	Habgood,	McConnell,	Sullivan,
Blackburn,	Hackett,	McCurdy,	Swan
Body,	Hamilton,	McKay,	Swartz,
Bovee,	Harper,	McNichol,	Thomas,
Brosius,	Heffernan,	Mellott,	Vickerman,
Brumbaugh,	Herman,	Metzenbacher,	Vogdes,
Bungard,	Hess,	Milliron,	Wagner,
Campbell, J. O.,	Heyburn,	Murdoch,	Walsh,
Campbell, T.,	Hibshman,	Myers,	Walter,
Christman,	Hollern,	Neville,	Walton,
Coldsmith,	Hollingsworth,	Palmer,	Weaver,
Conner,	Horton,	Perry,	Weimer,
Corbin,	Howarth,	Powell,	Weir,
Cox,	Hubler,	Ramsey,	Wettach,
Cromer,	Jack,	Reel,	Whitten,
Cummins,	Jones, W. W.,	Reynolds,	Willard,
Curry,	Kaiser,	Rhoads,	Williams,
Davis,	Kitts,	Rich,	Wilson, H. I.,
Dell,	Klinger,	Rininger,	Wobensmith,
Diefenderfer,	Kuhn,	Robertson,	Woodward,
Dodds,	Kunkle,	Roney,	Wylie,
Drinkhouse,	Lafferty,	Rothenberger,	Wynne,
Dunn,	Landis,	Rowall,	Young,
Eby,	Lanius,	Rudisill,	Ambler,
Ehrhardt,	Lauer,	Sampsel,	Speaker.
Erdman,	Lauler,	Schaeffer,	
Evans,	Leighner,	Showalter,	

NAYS—15.

Alcorn,	Dawson,	Nissley,	Twibill,
Arnold,	Fruit,	Peters,	Watson,
Baker,	Garner,	Spencer,	Wood,
Brownlee,			

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 89, as follows:

An Act to amend an act approved the thirtieth day of July one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven entitled "An Act to provide revenue and regulate the sale of malt brewed vinous and spiritous liquors or any admixture thereof by requiring and authorizing licenses to be taken out by brewers distillers wholesalers bottlers rectifiers compounders storekeepers and agents having a store office or place of business within this Commonwealth prescribing the amount of license fees to be paid in such cases and by imposing an additional license fee on retail dealers in intoxicating liquors" as amended

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section two of an act approved the thirtieth day of July one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven entitled "An act to provide revenue and regulate the sale of malt brewed vinous and spirituous liquors or any admixture thereof by requiring and authorizing licenses to be taken out by brewers distillers wholesalers bottlers rectifiers compounders store-keepers and agents having a store office or place of business within this Commonwealth prescribing the amount of license fees to be paid in such cases and by imposing an additional license fee on retail dealers in intoxicating liquors" which as amended by an act approved the twenty-ninth day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled "An Act to amend section two of an act entitled 'An Act to provide revenue and regulate the sale of malt brewed vinous and spirituous liquors or any admixture thereof by requiring and authorizing licenses to be taken out by brewers distillers wholesalers bottlers rectifiers compounders storekeepers and agents having a store office or place of business within this Commonwealth prescribing the amount of license fees to be paid in such cases and by imposing an additional license fee on retail dealers in intoxicating liquors' approved the thirtieth day of July Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven by changing the time when the treasurers of the respective counties shall pay all license funds to the State Treasurer and to the treasurers of the respective municipalities" which reads as follows

"Section 2 On and after the passage of this act each person or persons licensed by the proper court to sell vinous spirituous malt and brewed liquors or any admixture thereof by retail shall in townships boroughs and all cities in addition to the license fee now fixed by law pay to the treasurers of the respective counties for the use of the Commonwealth an annual license tax in the following amounts Those resident in townships shall pay annually an additional license tax of twenty-five dollars those resident in boroughs shall pay annually an additional license tax of fifty dollars those resident in cities of the first and second classes shall pay annually an additional license tax of one hundred dollars those resident in all other cities shall pay annually an additional license tax of fifty dollars

It shall be the duty of the treasurers of the respective counties to collect said additional license tax before a license is issued to the applicant applying therefor and pay the same to the State Treasurer within thirty days from the receipt thereof It shall also be the duty of the treasurers of the respective counties to pay all license funds collected on account of any municipality to the respective treasurers thereof within thirty days from the receipt thereof Nothing in this section contained shall be construed to change modify or alter the existing law in reference to the granting of retail licenses or the fees paid to the local authorities for the same It is the intention of this section to impose an additional license tax for the sole use and benefit of the Commonwealth" is hereby further amended to read as follows:

Section 2 On and after the passage of this act each person or persons licensed by the proper court to sell vinous spirituous malt and brewed liuors or any admixture thereof by retail shall in townships boroughs and all cities in addition to the license fee now fixed by law pay to the treasurers of the respective counties for the use of the Commonwealth an annual license tax in the following amounts those resident in townships shall pay annually an additional license tax of twenty-five dollars those resident in boroughs shall pay annually an additional license tax of fifty dollars those resident in cities of the first and second classes shall pay annually an additional license tax of one hundred dollars those resident in all other cities shall pay annually an additional license tax of fifty dollars

In cities of the first and second classes five per centum of the amount so received for the use of said cities respectively shall be paid into the Police Pension Fund of the respective city

It shall be the duty of the treasurers of the respective counties to collect said additional license tax before a license is issued to the applicant applying therefor and pay the same to the State Treasurer within thirty days from the receipt thereof It shall also be the duty of the treasurers of the respective counties to pay all license funds collected on account of any municipality to the respective treasurers thereof within thirty days from the receipt thereof Nothing in this section contained shall be construed to change modify or alter the existing law in reference to the granting of retail licenses or the fees paid to the local authorities for the same It is the intention of this Section to impose an additional license tax for the sole use and benefit of the Commonwealth

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. DUNN. Mr. Speaker, in order that you might understand the purpose of this bill, it is amending the act of 1897 as amended, known as the Brooks High License Law. It was my intention, when I first amended this act, to only include the cities of the first class. The gentlemen here who represent cities of the second class asked me to include in it cities of the second class.

This takes five per cent. of the retail license fee retained by the city for those of the first and second class, and it goes into the pension fund of these cities so there will be no misunderstanding.

Mr. STERN. Mr. Speaker, I would like to interrogate the gentleman.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Dunn, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. DUNN. Mr. Speaker, yes sir.

Mr. STERN. Mr. Speaker, how much of the license fee is now retained by the cities of the first class

Mr. DUNN. Mr. Speaker, one thousand dollars is paid into the city under the Brook's Hikh License Law; an additional one hundred dollars which as amended under the Brook's High License Law for cities of the first class, goes to the State of Pennsylvania. One thousand dollars is retained by the city.

Mr. STERN. Mr. Speaker, I would like to further interrogate the gentleman and ask him if he knows about the present financial condition of the Police Pension Fund of Philadelphia?

Mr. DUNN. Mr. Speaker, I do. It is in a very deplorable condition. From the last annual report it shows that they are losing from forty to fifty thousand dollars annually by the increased number of dependents going on that pension roll.

Mr. SNYDER. Mr. Speaker, this bill provides for the taking out of the State's fund five per cent of certain moneys paid therein. It seems to me that this is a very unfortunate time to take money out of our pockets for the purpose of pensioning anybody, let alone the pensioning of policemen. We have been passing through very hard times in this day and there is a vast army of our people out of employment. There are thousands and tens of thousands of people who have been suffering for the want of sufficient food. Families are starving; business men are struggling on the verge of financial ruin and now in the face of that we propose to take part of our funds in order to pension policemen in accordance with the provisions of this bill. Pensions are wrong in the very start-out. Why should we spend this money? Money that we need so badly in our homes; money that we need so badly for our hospitals; and instead of spending this money for our hospitals we are to leave our sick people go and spend it for the purpose of pensioning policemen. Such a bill surely would not have the dignity of statesmenship or of good common sense. There must be a day of reckoning in these days of raising salaries and pensioning different people. What right have we to pension these policemen when our hospitals are wanting help?

Mr. DUNN. Mr. Speaker, I would like to interrogate the gentleman from Westmoreland? I would like to ask the gentleman where he can find in the amendment of this act that this money will come from the State?

Mr. SNYDER. Mr. Speaker, it provides "that in cities of the first and second class five per cent of the amount so received for the use of such cities shall be paid into the Police Pension Fund."

Mr. DUNN. Mr. Speaker, that is cities of the first and second class alone; it is only those cities.

Mr. SNYDER. Mr. Speaker, assuming that that is taken out of the fund of that particular city from the same sources that the bill originally contained, how much better is it? None whatever.

Mr. PHILLIPS. Mr. Speaker, I would like to interrogate the gentleman from Philadelphia.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Dunn, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. DUNN. Mr. Speaker, yes sir.

Mr. PHILLIPS. Mr. Speaker, this includes townships and boroughs and cities. Therefore, it is not only confined to the cities that Mr. Dunn talks about, but also applies to us country fellows, considerably. I would like to know if this is the truth.

Mr. DUNN. Mr. Speaker, I will answer the gentleman that it does not effect the townships or boroughs.

Mr. PHILLIPS. Mr. Speaker, then I will read section 2, "On and after the passage of this act each person or persons licensed by the proper court in townships boroughs and all cities in addition to the license fee now fixed by law pay to the treasurers of the respective counties, etc." Now, Mr. Speaker, does not that include boroughs?

Mr. DUNN. Mr. Speaker, what the gentlemen is reading is the original act, not as amended. That is in the act at the present time. We are amending that Brook's High License Act and confining that to cities of the first and second class.

On the question recurring.

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—119.

Adams,	Glenn,	Marvin,	Showalter,
Albee,	Gompers,	Mather,	Smith, Jeff. W.,
Alcorn,	Goodnough,	McCaig,	Spangler,
Aron,	Gormley,	McClintock,	Staving,
Arthur,	Graham,	McClure,	Steedle,
Baker,	Gransback,	McConnell,	Stein,
Baldwin,	Habgood,	McDermott,	Stern,
Bauerle,	Hackett,	McNichol,	Stone,
Benn,	Harper,	Mearkle,	Sullivan,
Beyer,	Heffernan,	Murdoch,	Swan,
Body,	Heyburn,	Murphy,	Swartz,
Brosius,	Hibshman,	Neville,	Thomas,
Campbell, T.,	Hollern,	Nissley,	Trach,
Conner,	Horton,	Oaks,	Vogdes,
Cox,	Howarth,	Ostrander,	Wagner,
Cummins,	Hubler,	Peters,	Weir,
Davis,	Jack,	Phillips,	Wettach,
Dawson,	Jones, W. W.,	Pickering,	Whitaker,
Dodds,	Kaiser,	Powell,	Whitten,
Dunn,	Kitts,	Ramsey,	Wildman,
Eby,	Lafferty,	Reynolds,	Willard,
Ehrhardt,	Landis,	Rhoads,	Williams,
Evans,	Lauer,	Rininger,	Wilson, H. I.,
Forster,	Lauler,	Rinn,	Wobensmith,
Fretz,	Leighner,	Roney,	Wood,
Gallagher,	Lipschutz,	Rothenberger,	Woodward,
Geary,	Luppert,	Sarig,	Wynne,
Geiser,	Luxemburger,	Schaeffer,	Young,
Gibson,	Lynch,	Shaaber,	Ambler,
Glass,	Mangan,	Shoop,	Speaker.

NAYS—38.

Arnold,	Christman,	Love,	Snyder,
Beck,	Corbin,	Maurer,	Sones,
Becker,	Cromer,	McCurdy,	Spencer,
Bergy,	Dell,	McKay,	Statler,
Blackburn,	Diefenderfer,	McVicar,	Twibill,
Bovee,	Erdman,	Mellott,	Walter,
Brownlee,	Gingery,	Palmer,	Weaver,
Brumbaugh,	Kuhn,	Rudisill,	West,
Bungard,	Kunkle,	Smith, J. W.,	Wylie,
Campbell, J. O.,			

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 628, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation from which the several counties of the Commonwealth may be reimbursed for moneys paid out by said counties upon certain noxious animals and birds under the provisions of the act of the twenty-fifth day of July Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen Pamphlet Laws one thousand and thirty-six entitled "An Act creating a reward or bounty for the destruction of certain noxious animals and birds killed within the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania providing a method for the payment of the same by the several counties of the Commonwealth which in turn are to be reimbursed by the Commonwealth and providing penalties for violation of its several provisions.

Whereas by the act of the twenty-fifth day of July Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen Pamphlet Laws one thousand and thirty-six certain rewards or bounties for the destruction of noxious animals and birds are provided to be paid by the several counties of this Commonwealth and

Whereas By said act of Assembly and also by the act of April seventeenth one thousand nine hundred and thirteen it is provided that "fifty per centum of any fund returned to the State through or because of the provisions of this act or so much of said fifty per centum as may be needed shall be applied by the Legislature at its biennial sessions for the payment of bounties" and

Whereas There has been paid into the State Treasury from hunters' license fees the sum of four hundred eighty thousand six hundred forty dollars and ninety-four cents ($480.640.94) for the year one thousand nine hundred thirteen, and that part of one thousand nine hundred fourteen, ending November thirtieth of which fifty per centum amounts to the sum of two hundred forty thousand three hundred twenty dollars and forty-seven cents ($240.320.47)

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of two hundred forty thousand three hundred twenty dollars and forty-seven

cents ($240,320.47) or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the reimbursement of the several counties of this Commonwealth for moneys paid out as bounties by said counties upon certain noxious animals and birds under the acts of assembly referred to in the manner prescribed by said acts of assembly

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. WALTON. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to offer amendment at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The Clerk then read the amendment as follows:

Amend title, line 13, by inserting a double quote after the word "provisions."

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to insert the amendment as read? Is there any objection? The Chair hears none and the amendment will be inserted in accordance with the instructions of the House.

The bill as amended was then agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended lie over for printing.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 337, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the thirtieth day of January one thousand eight hundred seventy-four entitled "A further supplement to the act regulating elections in this Commonwealth"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. WALTER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to interrogate the sponsor of this bill.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Luzerne, Mr. Powell permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. POWELL. Mr. Speaker, I will.

Mr. WALTER. Mr. Speaker, as I understand this bill it will require all of the counties in this Commonwealth to pay five dollars a day to the registration assessor.

Mr. POWELL. Mr. Speaker, if it goes through, yes.

Mr. KUHN. Mr. Speaker, and gentlemen of the House, I am opposed as I think every member in this House should be to this measure. The fact is that this House in practically every bill that has been coming up has been increasing the wages of the men who are doing service for the township, or the county or the borough. It seems to me that we should look on the other side of this question. I am not in favor, as I believe that this Hosue is not in favor of increasing the pay of registration assessors from three to five dollars. The work is not arduous work. The work is not work that requires any great amount of ability, but it is work that the ordinary man can do.

The ordinary wage earner of the day is not receiving three dollars per day and to increase the pay of the various assessors of this Commonwealth, I think gentlemen of the House is asking too much. I as one am going to ask you gentlemen of the House to vote against the same.

Mr. POWELL. Mr. Speaker, I want to explain the purpose of this bill. This bill is known as the registry assessor bill. The registry assessor is the man who is assigned to his respective polling place on the sixty-first and sixty-second day prior to the election. They are to sit to receive the party affiliations as assigned by the different men. Now, Mr. Speaker and gentlemen, I might state that in cities of the first class the registry assessor is appointed and receives ten dollars per day. In cities of the third class the registry assessor receiver five dollars per day. He is assigned to his polling place on the sixty-first and the sixty-second day and is allowed a day for making his return; he is allowed five dollars on primary day; he is allowed five dollars for making his return he is also allowed five dollars a day on election day and five dollars for making his returns the following day. The registry assessor in boroughs and townships receives but two dollars and fifty cents a day on the sixty-first and sixty-second days prior to election, he receives two dollars and fifty cents for making his returns and is compelled to go to the voting place on primary day and receives no compensation whatsoever. On election day he must be at the polls and receives but one dollar and is allowed nothing for making his return.

Now this bill was sent to me by the registry assessors of Luzerne county asking me whether or not I would not try to do something to help them. Now, gentlemen there is the case in a nutshell. They think that if a man in the third class cities is entitled to five dollars a day, they think he should receive the same amount for the same amount of work in boroughs and townships.

Mr. RUDISILL. Mr. Speaker, I am opposed to this bill for the reason that there is no necessity for the increase, and it only adds a burden to the taxpayer.

Mr. KUNKLE. Mr. Speaker, and gentlemen of the House, I am fearing that if I vote for this bill and come home to my home county they will call me such a splendid politictian and salary grafter, that they will all send me to Washington, therefore I dare not vote for this bill.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Ageeably to the provisions of the Constitutio,n the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—83.

Arthur,	Garner,	Luxemburger,	Spangler,
Baker,	Geary,	Mangan,	Spencer,
Baldwin,	Gibson,	McCurdy,	Staving,
Becker,	Glass,	McNichol,	Steedle,
Benn,	Goodyear,	McVicar,	Stein,
Beyer,	Gormley,	Murdoch,	Stern,
Blackburn,	Gransback,	Murphy,	Sullivan,
Brumbaugh,	Habgood,	Neville,	Swan,
Christman,	Hackett,	Nissley,	Swartz,
Conner,	Harper,	Palmer,	Thomas,
Curry,	Heyburn,	Pickering,	Wagner,
Davis,	Hollern,	Powell,	Walsh,
Dawson,	Hollingsworth,	Ramsey,	Weir,
Dodds,	Howarth,	Rininger,	Wettach,
Drinkhouse,	Hubler,	Robertson,	Whitaker,
Dunn,	Jones, W. W.,	Roney,	Whitten,
Ehrhardt,	Kaiser,	Schaeffer,	Wildman,
Evans,	Klinger,	Scott,	Wylie,
Fretz,	Landis,	Smith, J. W.,	Wynne,
Gallagher,	Lauer,	Sones,	Young,
Gans,	Luppert,		

NAYS—67.

Albee,	Fruit,	McClure,	Shaaber,
Alcorn,	Gibson,	McConnell,	Shaffer,
Arnold,	Gingery,	McDermott,	Shoop,
Beck,	Glenn,	McKay,	Showalter,
Body,	Goodnough,	Mearkle,	Smith, L.,
Bovee,	Herman,	Mellott,	Statler,
Brosius,	Horton,	Metzenbacher,	Stone,
Brownlee,	Jack,	Milliron,	Trach,
Bungard,	Jones, E. E.,	Oaks,	Vickerman,
Campbell, J. O.,	Kuhn,	Peters,	Watson,
Coldsmith,	Kunkle,	Phillips,	Weaver,
Corbin,	Leighner,	Reel,	West,
Cromer,	Love,	Rich,	Williams,
Dell,	Marvin,	Rothenberger,	Wilson, H. I.,
Eby,	Matner,	Rudisill,	Wobensmith,
Eppley,	Maurer,	Sampsel,	Wood,
Erdman,	McClintock,	Sarig,	

Less than the majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the negative and the bill falls.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 819 (Senate Bill No. 86), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to refund to Lynford Biddle of Philadelphia certain moneys erroneously paid into the State Treasury

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—163.

Adams,	Fackler,	Leighner,	Rininger,
Albee,	Finnerty,	Lindsey,	Rowell,
Alcorn,	Flynn,	Lipschutz,	Rudisill,
Alexander,	Forster,	Love,	Sampsel,
Arnold,	Fretz,	Luppert,	Sarig,

Arthur,	Fruit,	Luxemburger,	Schaeffer,
Baker,	Gallagher,	Lynch,	Scott,
Baldwin,	Gans,	Mangan,	Shaaber,
Barnett,	Geiser,	Marvin,	Shaffer,
Bauerle,	Gibson,	Mather,	Showalter,
Beck,	Gingery,	Maurer,	Sinclair,
Becker,	Glass,	McArdle,	Smith, J. W.,
Benn,	Glenn,	McCaig,	Smith, Jeff. W.,
Benninger,	Gompers,	McClintock,	Smith, L.,
Beyer,	Goodwin,	McClure,	Snyder,
Blackburn,	Gormley,	McConnell,	Sones,
Body,	Gransback,	McCurdy,	Spangler,
Bovee,	Habgood,	McDermott,	Spencer,
Brosius,	Hackett,	McKay,	Staving,
Brownlee,	Hamilton,	McNichol,	Stein,
Brumbaugh,	Harper,	Mearkle,	Stern,
Bungard,	Heffernan,	Mellott,	Sullivan,
Campbell, J. O.	Herman.	Metzenbacher,	Swan,
Campbell, T.,	Hess,	Milliron,	Swartz,
Christman,	Heyburn,	Murdoch,	Trach,
Conner,	Hibshman,	Murphy,	Vogdes,
Corbin,	Hollern,	Myers,	Walsh,
Cox,	Hollingsworth,	Neville,	Walter,
Cromer,	Horton,	Nissley,	Walton,
Cummins,	Howarth,	Oaks,	Weimer,
Curry,	Hubler,	Ostrander,	Weir,
Davis,	Jones, E. E.,	Palmer,	West,
Dawson,	Jones, W. W.,	Peters,	Wettach,
Dell,	Kitts,	Phillips,	Whitaker,
Diefenderfer,	Klinger,	Pickering,	Wildman,
Drinkhouse,	Kuhn,	Powell.	Willard,
Eby,	Kunkle,	Ramsey,	Williams,
Ehrhardt,	Lafferty,	Reel,	Wilson, H. I.,
Eppley,	Landis,	Reynolds,	Wobensmith,
Erdman,	Lauer,	Rhoads,	Woodward,
Evans,	Lauler,	Rich,	

NAYS—8.

Dodds,	Graham,	Roney,	Whitten,
Garner,	Jack,	Steedle,	Wylie,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed it without amendments.

The SPEAKER (Mr. Ambler) in the Chair.

BILLS SIGNED BY THE SPEAKER.

The SPEAKER announced that the Chief Clerk having reported that the following bills had passed both Houses of the General Assembly, and the same being correct, the titles were read, as follows:

Senate Bill No. 162.

An Act providing for the establishment regulation and maintenance by the Board of Game Commissioners of State Game Preserves on the Forestry Reservatons and elsewhere and providing penalties for violations of this act

Senate Bill No. 338.

An Act requiring and regulating the declaring and posting of the vote at election districts at a primary election

Whereupon,

The SPEAKER, in the presence of the House, signed the same.

SENATE MESSAGES.

RESOLUTION FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, presented the following extract from the Journal of the Senate, which was read as follows, viz:

In the Senate, April 6, 1915.

Resolved, (if the House of Representatives concur), That Senate Bill No. 285, entitled "An Act authorizing J. P. Swearingen of Greene township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, to bring suit against the Commonwealth," be recalled from the Governor for the purpose of amendment.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for its concurrence.

On the question,

Will the House concur in the resolution?

It was concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

RESOLUTION FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, presented the following extract from the Journal of the Senate, which was read as follows, viz:

In the Senate, April 6, 1915.

Resolved, (if the House of Representatives concur), That Senate Bill No. 401, entitled "An Act authorizing George F. Pawling, a resident of the City of Philadelphia, successor to Bergdoll and Pawling to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania," be recalled from the Governor for the purpose of amendment.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for its concurrence.

On the question,

Will the House concur in the resolution

It was concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

HOUSE BILL NO. 730 MADE A SPECIAL ORDER.

Mr. COX. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer a motion at this time.

The SPEAKER. The motion will be read by the Clerk.

The motion was read by the Clerk as follows:

Moved by Edwin R. Cox seconded by Charles A. Roney, Jr., that House Bill No. 730, entitled:

An Act to provide for the health safety and welfare of minors by forbidding their employment or work in certain establishments and occupations and under certain specified ages by restricting their hours of labor and regulating certain conditions of their employment by requiring employment certificates for certain minors and prescribing the kinds thereof and the rules for the issuance reissuance filing return and recording of the same by providing that the Industrial Board shall under certain conditions determine and declare whether certain occupations are within the prohibitions of this act requiring that certain schools to be approved by the State Superintendent of Public Instruction and regulating the conditions of such attendance authorizing the State Board of Education in certain cases to appoint attendance officers to aid in enforcing the provisions of this act and creating the salary and expenses of such officers a charge against the school district wherein they are employed requiring certain abstracts and notices to be posted providing for the enforcement of this act by the Commissioner of Labor and Industry the attendance officers of the school districts and police officers permitting private prosecutions for violation thereof and defining the procedure in prosecutions thereunder and establishing certain presumptions in relation thereto providing penalties for the violation of the provisions thereof and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent therewith

known as the Child Labor Bill, be made a special order of business on third reading for April 7th, at 10:15 A. M.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the motion?

It was agreed to.

Mr. RONEY in the Chair.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1074 (Senate Bill No. 276), as follows:

An Act directing the county commissioners of the several counties to offer for sale to the Department of Forestry tracts of land which they may have purchased at county treasurers' sales for acceptance or refusal for forestry purposes and to convey to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania the tracts so offered to be sold if accepted by the Department

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That when county commissioners shall have received from the county treasurer a conveyance of lands which shall have been advertised and sold for unpaid taxes in accordance with the several acts of Assembly relating to the sale and conveyance of lands for taxes the said commissioners are hereby directed after the period for redemption of said lands shall have expired to offer said lands to the Department of Forestry for acceptance or rejection by said Department for forestry purposes when required so to do by the Department of Forestry The county commissioners in making such offer shall describe the land by giving the name of its former owner its location warrantee name or number and its adjoiners They shall state the number of acres and perches in each tract so offered and the amount of taxes interest and costs due thereon which shall have been levied and become a lien and accrued to the time of making the offer Every such offer shall be accompanied by a draft of the land when required by the Department to be prepared by the county surveyor The cost of the preparation of such draft shall be paid by the county commissioners and in no case shall exceed the ordinary and usual amount paid for the making of similar

drafts in the course of county business The cost of the draft may be added by the commissioners to the amount of costs accrued against the land which they shall offer the Department of Forestry Where adjoining tracts are so offered they shall be included within one draft and the cost of the draft shall be ratably apportioned among the several tracts in accordance with the area thereof

Section 2 That upon receiving any such offer from the county commissioners which offer shall be made upon blank forms to be prepared by the Department of Forestry and supplied to the commissioners the Department shall make an examination and valuation of the land so offered to determine whether it is suitable for forestry purposes If found not suitable for forestry purposes the Department shall so notify the commissioners If found to be suitable for that purpose it shall likewise notify the commissioners of its suitability make a conditional acceptance and proceed to examine the title If such examination shall disclose that the title is marketable and of such character as can be safely accepted the Department shall prepare a deed to be executed by the commissioners conveying such land to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania The consideration shall include all taxes levied interest and costs due to date of conveyance but shall in no case exceed the limit of purchase price now or hereafter fixed by law for the purchase of land by the Department of Forestry for forestry purposes

Section 3 That if the title examination shall disclose incumbrances upon the land or other objections which in the judgment of the Department of Forestry will render the title unmarketable or undesirable for the State to own the county commissioners shall then proceed to remove such objections to title and cure such defects so far as it may be possible to do so or may be required by the practice of the Department of Forestry in the purchase of lands The purchase of said land shall not be further proceeded with until the title shall be rendered acceptable to the Department of Forestry In case the county commissioners neglect or refuse to remove objections to title when required by the Department the Department may after a reasonable time not exceeding six months notify the commissioners that it refuses to consider the further purchase of the land so offered The time for removal of objections may be extended by the Department for causes shown

Section 4 That all laws or parts of laws in conflict herewith are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Ageeably to the provisions of the Constitutio,n the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—165.

Adams,	Gallagher,	Mangan,	Shaffer,
Alcorn,	Garner,	Marvin,	Shoop,
Alexander,	Geiser,	Mather,	Showalter,
Arnold,	Gibson,	McArdle,	Sinclair,
Aron,	Glass,	McCaig,	Smith, J. W.,
Arthur,	Gompers,	McClintock,	Smith, L.,
Baker,	Goodnough,	McClure,	Sones,
Baldwin,	Goodwin,	McConnell,	Spangler,
Bauerle,	Goodyear,	McCurdy,	Spencer,
Becker,	Gormley,	McDermott,	Statler,
Benn,	Graham,	McKay,	Staving,
Bergy,	Gransback,	McNichol,	Steedle,
Beyer,	Habgood,	Mearkle,	Stein,
Blackburn,	Hackett,	Metzenbacher,	Stern,
Body,	Hamilton,	Milliron,	Stone,
Bovee,	Harper,	Murphy,	Sullivan,
Brosius,	Heffernan,	Myers,	Swan,
Brownlee,	Herman,	Neville,	Swartz,
Brumbaugh,	Hess,	Nieder,	Taylor,
Bungard,	Heyburn,	Ostrander,	Thomas,
Can	Hibshman,	Palmer,	Trach,
Campbell, T.,	Hoffman,	Perry,	Twibill,
Christman,	Hollern,	Peters,	Vickerman,
Coldsmith,	Hollingsworth,	Phillips,	Vogdes,
Conner,	Horton,	Pickering,	Wagner,
Corbin,	Howarth,	Powell,	Walsh,
Cox,	Hubler,	Ramsey,	Walter,
Cromer,	Jack,	Reel,	Walton,
Cummins,	Jones, E. E.,	Reynolds,	Weaver,
Curry,	Jones, W. W.,	Rhoads,	Weimer,
Davis,	Kaiser,	Rich,	Weir,
Dawson,	Kitts,	Rininger,	West,
Dell,	Klinger,	Rinn,	Whitaker,
Diefenderfer,	Kuhn,	Robertson,	Wildman,
Dodds,	Kunkle,	Roney,	Willard,
Drinkhouse,	Lafferty,	Rothenberger,	Williams
Dunn,	Landis,	Rowell,	Wilson, W. H.,
Eby,	Lanius,	Rudisill,	Woodward,
Ehrhardt,	Lauer,	Sampsel,	Wylie,
Erdman,	Lauler,	Sarig,	Wynne,
Evans,	Lipschutz,	Schaeffer,	Young,
Fackler,	Luppert,	Scott,	Ambler,
Forster,	Luxemburger,	Shaaber,	Speaker.
Fruit,	Lynch,		

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed it with amendments in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 458, as follows:

An Act providing for the publication and distribution of a revised edition of the railroad map of Pennsylvania heretofore issued by the Department of Internal Affairs making an appropriation for the work of revising compiling and proof-reading and an appropriation for printing binding and mounting the same and for paper

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by authority of the same That there shall be published by the Department of Public Printing and Binding on the order and under the direction of the Secretary of Internal Affairs sixteen thousand five hundred copies of a revised edition of the railroad map of Pennsylvania heretofore issued by the Department of Internal Affairs seven thousand eight hundred copies of which are to be printed on heavy map paper one thousand copies to be printed on muslin-mounted paper two hundred copies to be printed on heavy map paper without county colors and seven thousand five hundred copies in book form

Section 2 The distribution of the aforesaid revised edition of the railroad map shall be as follows

Five hundred copies in book form for the use of the Governor

One thousand six hundred copies printed on heavy map paper and one thousand copies in book form for the use of the Senate

Four thousand copies printed on heavy map paper and four thousand copies in book form for the use of the House of Representatives

Two thousand copies printed on heavy map paper one thousand copies printed on muslin-mounted paper two hundred copies printed on heavy map paper without county colors and one thousand eight hundred copies in book form for the use of the Department of Internal Affairs

Two hundred copies printed on heavy map paper and two hundred copies in book form for the State Library

Section 3 For the work of revising compiling and proof-reading said railroad maps and necessary expenses connected therewith the sum of five hundred dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated For printing binding and mounting said railroad maps and for paper the sum of seven thousand five hundred dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Ageeably to the provisions of the Constitutio,n the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—182.

Adams,	Fruit,	Mangan,	Sinclair,
Albee,	Gallagher,	Marvin,	Smith, J. W.,
Alcorn,	Garner,	Mather,	Smith, Jeff. W.
Alexander,	Geiser,	Maurer,	Snyder,
Arnold,	Gibson,	McArdle,	Sones,
Aron,	Glass,	McCaig,	Spangler,
Arthur,	Gompers,	McClintock,	Spencer,
Baldwin,	Goodnough,	McClure,	Statler,
Barnett,	Goodwin,	McConnell,	Staving,
Bauerle,	Goodyear,	McCurdy,	Steedle,
Beck,	Gormley,	McKay,	Stein,
Becker,	Graham,	McVicar,	Stern,
Benn,	Gransback,	Mearkle,	Stone,
Benninger,	Greenwood,	Mellott,	Sullivan,
Bergy,	Habgood,	Metzenbacher,	Swan,
Berntheizel,	Hackett,	Murdoch,	Swartz,
Beyer,	Hamilton,	Murphy,	Taylor,
Blackburn,	Harper,	Myers,	Thomas,
Body,	Heffernan,	Neville,	Trach,
Bovee,	Herman,	Nieder,	Twibill,
Brosius,	Hess,	Nissley,	Urich,
Brownlee,	Heyburn,	Oaks,	Vogdes,
Brumbaugh,	Hibshman,	Palmer,	Wagner,
Bungard,	Hoffman,	Peters,	Walsh,
Campbell, J. O.	Hollern,	Phillips,	Walter,
Campbell, T.,	Hollingsworth,	Pickering,	Walton,
Christman,	Horton,	Powell,	Watson,
Coldsmith,	Howarth,	Ramsey,	Weaver,
Corbin,	Hubler,	Reel,	Weimer,
Cromer,	Jack,	Reynolds,	Weir,
Cummins,	Jones, E. E.,	Rhoads,	West,
Curry,	Jones, W. W.,	Rich,	Wettach,
Davis,	Kitts,	Rininger,	Whitaker,
Dawson,	Klinger,	Rinn,	Whitten,
Dell,	Kunkle,	Robertson,	Wildman,
Dodds,	Lafferty,	Roney,	Willard,
Drinkhouse,	Landis,	Rothenberger,	Williams,
Dunn,	Lanius,	Rowell,	Wilson, W. H.,
Eby,	Lauer,	Rudisill,	Wobensmith,
Ehrhardt,	Lauler,	Sampsel,	Woodward,
Eppley,	Leighner,	Sarig,	Wylie,
Erdman,	Lindsey,	Schaeffer,	Wynne,
Fackler,	Lipschutz,	Scott,	Young,
Finnerty,	Love,	Shaaber,	Ambler,
Forster,	Luxemburger,	Shoop,	Speaker.
Fretz,	Lynch,	Showalter,	

NAYS—1.

Baker,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 746, as follows:

An Act supplementary to an act entitled "An Act defining the powers of the several courts of quarter sessions of the peace within the Commonwealth with reference to the care treatment and control of dependent neglected incorrigible and delinquent children under the age of sixteen years and providing for the means in which such power may be exercised" approved the twenty-third day of April one thousand nine hundred and three Pamphlet Laws page two hundred and seventy-four prohibiting magistrates aldermen or justices of the peace from sentencing or committing for trial for any offenses dependent neglected incorrigible or delinquent children under the age of sixteen years and providing for the disposition of such children by the juvenile courts providing that the jurisdiction of such courts over children committed by them shall continue notwithstanding such children may remove or be removed from the territorial limits of such courts authorizing the said courts to commit such children in proper cases to the custody of their mothers to be maintained in their respective homes and providing for the payment of the cost of such maintenance by the proper county prescribing the duties of probation officers in such cases and authorizing the several juvenile courts to employ medical experts in certain cases

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That no magistrate alderman or justice of the peace shall sentence commit or hold for trial any dependent neglected incorrigible or delinquent child under the age of sixteen years but in all cases in which any such child shall be charged with any offense before such magistrate alderman or justice of the peace he shall give such child into the custody of a probation officer of the proper juvenile court the duty of which officer shall be to thereupon petition the said court setting forth the facts in the case whereupon such court shall take such action agreeably to existing law as it deems proper

Section 2 Whenever the jurisdiction of a juvenile court shall attach to any dependent neglected incorrigible or delinquent child the said jurisdiction shall continue notwithstanding that the child may remove or be removed from the territorial limits of the court with the same force and effect and for the same length of time as if the said child had continued to reside within the said territorial limits

Section 3 Whenever any dependent child under the age of sixteen years brought before any juvenile court shall have a mother maintaining a home the court may in its discretion commit such child to the custody of its mother under the supervision of said court and make an order upon the proper county for such sum for its maintenance payable to the mother as the court may direct which order shall thereupon be paid by the said county In all such cases such mother shall make a monthly report of the condition and behavior of such child to a probation officer of such court in such form as the court may prescribe which officer shall make a report to the court once in three months upon a form similarly prescribed

Section 4 Whenever there is any question in the mind of the court as to whether or not a child brought before a juvenile court is defective the said court may appoint a medical expert to examine the child and report whether it is in fact defective or not the expense of which examination and report shall be paid by the proper county on the order of said court

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. RAMSEY. Mr. Speaker, I move that the further consideration of this bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. HEYBURN. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Mr. CROMER. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to call up House Bill No 1031, File Folio 4145, on page 10 of to-day's calendar, for the purpose of amendment.

The SPEAKER. The Chair hears objections.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1034, entitled:

An Act relative to borough and township employes prescribing a method of paying them and fixing the duties of the borough and township authorities

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. POWELL. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to offer an amendment at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk for information.

The Clerk then read the amendment as follows:

Amend section 1, line 11, after the word "corporation" by striking out the balance of line eleven and all of lines 12, 13, 14, 15 and up to and including the word "centum" in line 16.

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to the insertion of the amendment at this time? Is there any objection? The Chair hears none and the amendment will be inserted in accordance with the instructions of the House.

The bill as amended was then agreed to on third reading.

Ordered, That the bill as amended, lie over for printing.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 726, as follows:

An Act to repeal section fifteen of an act entitled "An Act relating to the election of county treasurers and for other purposes" approved May twenty-seven one thousand eight hundred and forty-one (Pamphlet Laws four hundred)

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section fifteen of an Act of Assembly entitled "An Act relating to the election of county treasurers and for other purposes" approved May twenty-seventh one thousand eight hundred and forty-one (Pamphlet Laws four hundred) which section provides that an inquest super visum corporis may be held by a justice of the peace in certain cases be and the same is hereby repealed

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. WALTER. Mr. Speaker, as I understand this bill it will prevent the Justices of the Peace from holding inquests. I think there are some counties in this State in which the office of Coroner is vacant almost all the time. In that case there woud be no officer of the law to hold such inquest, if one were deemed necessary. It seems to me that this an unwise piece of legislation and no harm is done by the existing law. In counties where the Coroner is easily accessible, he holds the inquest. If a justice of the peace holds the inquest, the Coroner has the power to supersede him. It seems to me that this is a disturbance of existing law that is unwise and unnecessary and would not do anybody any good, but might, in some instances, seriously interfere with the administration of justice.

Mr. NEVILLE. Mr. Speaker, this is an act to repeal a section of an act relating to the election of county treasurers. In that act there is a section providing for justices of the peace to hold coroner's inquests. There is nothing in the law providing any salary for a justice of the peace for holding a coroner's inquest. It is an old law, passed in 1841, and is obsolete. I ask the gentlemen to vote for this repeal.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Ageeably to the provisions of the Constitutio,n the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—140.

Adams,	Gans,	McCaig,	Showalter,
Albee,	Garner,	McClure,	Sinclair,
Alcorn,	Geiser,	McConnell,	Smith, J. W.,
Alexander,	Gibson,	McCurdy,	Snyder,
Arnold,	Glass.	McDermott,	Somes,
Aron,	Goodwin,	McKay.	Spangler,
	Goodyear,	McNichol,	Staving,
Baker,	Graham,	McVicar,	Steedle,
Baldwin,	Gransback.	Mellott,	Stone,
Barnett,	Greenwood,	Metzenbacher,	Sullivan,
Bauerle,	Hackett.	Milliron,	Swan,
Becker,	Hamilton,	Murdoch,	Swartz,
Benn,	Harper,	Murphy,	Taylor,

Benninger,	Heffernan,	Myers,	Thomas,
Bergy,	Herman,	Neville,	Trach,
Beyer,	Hess,	Nieder,	Twibill,
Body,	Heyburn,	Nissley,	Urich,
Bovee,	Hibshman,	Oaks,	Vickerman,
Brumbaugh,	Hoffman,	Ostrander,	Vogdes,
Campbell,	Hollern,	Palmer,	Wagner,
Christman,	Horton,	Perry,	Walsh,
Coldsmith,	Howarth,	Peters,	Weimer,
Conner,	Hubler,	Phillips,	Weir,
Curry,	Jones, E. E.,	Pickering,	Wettach,
Dawson,	Kaiser,	Powell,	Whitaker,
Dell,	Kitts,	Reel,	Whitten,
Dodds,	Lanius,	Rhoads,	Wildman,
Drinkhouse,	Lauer,	Rininger,	Willard,
Dunn,	Lauler,	Robertson,	Williams,
Eby,	Leighner,	Roney,	Wilson, H. I.,
Ehrhardt,	Lipschutz,	Rothenberger,	Wilson, W. H.,
Erdman,	Love,	Sampsel,	Wylie,
Evans,	Luppert,	Sarig,	Wynne,
Fackler,	Luxemburger,	Schaeffer,	Young,
Forster,	Lynch,	Scott,	Ambler,
Fretz,	Mangan,	Shaaber,	Speaker.
Gallagher,	McArdle,	Shoop,	

NAYS—28.

Beck,	Eppley,	Kunkle,	Spencer,
Brosius,	Fruit,	Marvin,	Stiler,
Brownlee,	Gingery,	Mather,	Walter,
Bungard,	Gompers,	Maurer,	Watson,
Corbin,	Jack,	Rich,	Weaver,
Cromer,	Klinger,	Rudisill,	West,
Diefenderfer,	Kuhn,	Shaffer,	Wood,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 892, as follows:

An Act relative to certain county offices in counties containing less than one hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants with the incidental duties of county commissioners and election officers

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That in all counties of this Commonwealth containing less than one hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants there may be elected one person to fill the offices of prothonotary clerk of the courts of quarter sessions and oyer and terminer one person to fill the offices of clerk of the orphans' court and register of wills and one person to fill the office of the recorder of deeds

Section 2 Such officers shall be elected at a municipal election immediately preceding the expiration of the terms of office of those persons who fill the offices authorized by this act to be held by one person The officers so elected shall hold office for a term of four years from the first Monday of January next succeeding their election and until their successors qualify

Section 3 This act shall not become operative in any county until its provisions are accepted at a municipal general or special election as hereinafter provided

Section 4 The court of quarter sessions shall upon petition cause the question whether the provisions of this act shall become operative to be submitted to the electors of the county If the petition is filed within forty and more than thirty days before a municipal or general election the court shall certify the question to the county commissioners The county commissioners shall cause the question so certified to be printed upon the official ballot and followed by the words "Yes" and "No" If the question cannot be submitted at a municipal or general election the court shall order a special election to be held in the county in not less than thirty nor more than forty days from the date of such order

Section 5 The petition shall be signed by electors of the county equal in number to twenty-five per centum of the total number of votes cast in the county at the last preceding general or municipal election and shall be verified as to the relative number and qualifications of the signers by the oath or affirmation of at least three of the petitioners

Section 6 A special election ordered under this act shall be held by the regular election officers at the usual polling places and shall be governed by the laws regulating the holding and conduct of general elections Notice of such election shall be given by the officers designated and in the manner provided by existing laws relating to general elections insofar as the same may be applicable and every such notice shall state (first) the question to be voted upon as hereinafter set forth (second) the day and place of holding said elections (third) that the polls shall be open between the hours of seven o'clock ante meridian and seven o'clock post meridian

Section 7 The ballots at any special election held under the provisions of this act shall be printed distributed and furnished and in such quantities and of the form provided by existing laws relating to general elections Upon such ballots shall be printed the question "Shall the act entitled an act approved (here insert the date of approval of this act) become operative in the county of ..... (here insert the name of the proper county) followed by the words "Yes" and "No" with a square of sufficient size at the right of each said words in which to give the elector an opportunity to designate his choice by a cross mark (X) placed in one of the said squares Each qualified elector receiving such a ballot may mark in the appropriate square a cross (X) opposite the answer he desires to give

Section 8 All votes cast on such question at a general municipal or special election shall be counted declared a return made canvassed and disposed of as now provided by law in the case of general elections

Section 9 When it shall appear by the returns of a municipal general or special election that a majority of the total number of votes cast for and against such question favors the operation of the law the provisions of this act shall become operative in such county upon filing in the office of the prothonotary by the returning board the results of such municipal general or special election

Section 10 Whenever such question is submitted to the electors of any county and by them determined in the negative such questions shall not be again submitted until a period of three years has intervened At the expiration of such period a new petition may be presented to the court and the same procedure shall be had pursuant thereto as in the case of an original petition

Section 11 The act entitled "An Act to provide for the election of one person to fill the offices of prothonotary clerk of the courts of general quarter sessions and oyer and terminer and one other person to fill the office of register of wills recorder of deeds and clerk of orphans' court in counties containing forty thousand inhabitants and not heretofore created a separate judicial district under the Constitution" approved the twelfth day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-three

An Act entitled "An Act to provide for the election of one person to fill the office of prothonotary one person to fill the office of clerk of the courts of general quarter sessions and oyer and terminer one person to fill the office of register of wills and clerk of the orphans' court and one person to fill the office of recorder of deeds in counties containing forty thousand inhabitants and hereafter created separate judicial districts under the Constitution" approved the twelfth day of June one thousand nine hundred one are hereby repealed insofar as they are inconsistent with this act All other acts and parts of acts inconsistent with this act are hereby repealed

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. PHILLIPS. I move that the consideration of this bill be postponed indefinitely.

Mr. EBY Mr Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 977 (Senate Bill No. 121), entitled:

An Act regulating the sale of chicory mixed with coffee and providing a penalty

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. MILLIRON. Mr. Speaker, it seems to me, after we have spent years in trying to get a Pure Food Law into effect in this State, that we ought to very cautious in passing this bill, as the bill provides the mixing of chicory with coffee. Now if any of you have read this bill, you would come to the conclusion that it is all chicory and no coffee. I am not familiar as to who the chicory trust of this State is, but there is some motive back of this that we ought to be very careful about considering. After the demonstration we had here to-day on the subject of beverages, it is not in good keeping for us, as members of this House, on the same day to legalize another beverage called the chicory-coffee beverage. When you go into a hotel now and the waitress comes up and asks you whether you will have hot tea or cold tea, sweet milk or buttermilk, coffee or cocoa, it seems to me that ought to appease the apetite of any man. Are we going to add to the burden of the waitress by calling for chicory and coffee, chicory pure and coffee pure, half chicory and half coffee or half coffee and no chicory? Now, it says here that if you sell chicory in a hotel, you must have a big placard up in the inside of the hotel,— a big sign. Instead of saying that this is a hotel, it says we sell chicory and coffee here too. I hope the members of this House will vote this bill down; it is ridiculous.

Mr. ADAMS Mr Speaker, I would like to interrogate the gentleman from Armstrong.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Armstrong, Mr. Milliron, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. MILLIRON. Mr. Speaker, yes sir.

Mr. ADAMS .Mr. Speaker, I would like to ask the gentleman whether or not this beverage by any other name would taste the same?

Mr. MILLIRON. Mr. Speaker, that is beyond my comprehension.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—34.

Adams,	Gallagher,	**Lauler,**	Nieder,
Aron,	Gans,	McArdle,	Palmer,
Conner,	Garner,	McClintock,	Reel,
Dawson,	Goodyear,	McCurdy,	Schaeffer,
Dunn,	Hackett,	McDermott,	Sones,
Eby,	Hamilton,	McNichol,	Spangler,
Fackler,	Heffernan,	McVicar,	Stern,
Forster,	Heyburn,	Mearkle,	Whitten,
Fretz,	Hibshman,		

NAYS—109.

Albee,	Glass,	**Marvin,**	Showalter,
Alcorn,	Glenn,	Mather,	Smith, J. W.,
Arnold,	Gompers,	Maurer,	Smith, Jeff. W.,
Baker,	Goodnough,	McClure,	Spencer,
Beck,	Goodwin,	McKay,	Staving,
Becker,	Gormley,	Mellott,	Steedle,
Benn,	Greenwood,	Metzenbacher,	Stone,
Beyer,	Harper,	Milliron,	Swan,
Blackburn,	Herman,	Murdoch,	Swartz,
Body,	Hollern,	Murphy,	Taylor,
Bovee,	Hollingsworth,	Neville,	Vickerman,
Brosius,	Horton,	Oaks,	Wagner,
Brownlee,	Howarth,	Ostrander,	Walter,
Brumbaugh,	Hubler,	Perry,	Walton,
Bungard,	Jack,	Peters,	Watson,
Christman,	Jones, E. E.,	Phillips,	Weaver,
Corbin,	Jones, W. W.,	Pickering,	Weir,
Cromer,	Kitts,	Powell,	West,
Cummins,	Klinger,	Rhoads,	Wettach,
Curry,	Kuhn,	Rich,	Whitaker,
Davis,	Kunkle,	Robertson,	Wildman,
Dell,	Lafferty,	Roney,	Williams,
Dodds,	Landis,	Rothenberger,	Wobensmith,
Eppley,	Leighner,	Sampsel,	Wood,
Erdman,	Love,	Sarig,	Wylie,
Evans,	Luppert,	Scott,	Ambler,
Fruit,	Luxemburger,	Shaaber,	Speaker.
Gingery,	Mangan,	Shoop,	

Less than the majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the negative and the bill falls.

The SPEAKER (Mr. Ambler) in the Chair.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1079 (Senate Bill No. 437), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the eighth day of April one thousand eight hundred thirty-three entitled "An Act relating to last wills and testaments" by conferring the same rights upon the mother as upon the father

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—178.

Adams,	Gallagher,	Marvin,	Smith, L.,
Albee,	Gans,	Mather,	Snyder,
Alcorn,	Garner,	Maurer,	Sones,
Alexander,	Geiser,	McArdle,	Spangler,
Arnold,	Gibson,	McCaig,	Statler,
Aron,	Gingery,	McClintock,	Staving,
Arthur,	Glass,	McConnell,	Steedle,
Baker,	Glenn	McCurdy,	Stein,
Baldwin,	Gompers,	McKay,	Stern,
Bauerle,	Goodnough,	McNichol,	Stone,
Beck,	Goodyear,	McVicar,	Swan,
Becker.	Gormley,	Mellott,	Swartz,
Benninger,	Graham,	Metzenbacher,	Taylor,
Bergy,	Greenwood,	Milliron,	Thomas,
Berntheizel,	Habgood,	Murphy,	Trach.
Blackburn,	Hackett,	Myers,	Twibill,
Body,	Hamilton,	Neville,	Urich,
Brosius,	Heffernan,	Nieder,	Wagner,
Brownlee,	Herman,	Nissley,	Walsh,
Brumbaugh,	Hess,	Oaks,	Walter,
Bungard,	Heyburn,	Ostrander,	Walton,
Campbell, T.,	Hibshman,	Palmer,	Watson,
Christman,	Hollern,	Perry,	Weimer,
Conner,	Hollingsworth,	Peters,	Weir,
Corbin,	Horton,	Phillips,	West,
Cromer,	Howarth,	Pickering,	Wettach,
Curry,	Hubler,	Powell,	Whitaker,
Davis,	Jack,	Reel,	Whitten,
Dawson,	Jones, W. W.,	Reynolds,	Wildman,
Dell,	Kaiser,	Rhoads,	Willard,
Diefenderfer,	Klinger,	Rininger,	Williams,
Dodds,	Kuhn,	Robertson,	Wilson, H. I.,
Drimhouse,	Kunkle,	Roney,	Wilson, H. I.,
Dunn,	Landis,	Rowell,	Wobensmith,
Eby,	Lanius,	Rudisill,	Wood,
Ehrnardt,	Lauler,	Sampsel,	Woodward,
Eppley,	Leighner,	Sarig,	Wylie,
Erdman,	Lindsey,	Schaeffer,	Wynne,
Evans,	Lipschutz,	Scott,	Young,
Fackler,	Love,	Shaaber,	Ambler,
Fretz,	Luppert,	Showalter,	Speaker.
Flynn,	Luxemburger,	Smith, J. W.,	
Forster,	Mangan,	Smith, Jeff. W.,	

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. EHRHARDT asked and obtained unanimous consent to report a bill from committee at this time.

Mr. EHRHARDT, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1220 (Senate Bill No. 166), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the State Hospital for Injured Persons of the Trevorton, Shamokin and Mount Carmel Coal Fields situate in the Township of Coal near Shamokin Northumberland County Pennsylvania for deficiency in maintenance for the two fiscal years commencing June first one thousand nine hundred thirteen.

BILL ON FIRST READING.

Mr. EHRHARDT asked and obtained unanimous consent to have House Bill No. 1220 (Senate Bill No. 166), read for the first time.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1220 (Senate Bill No. 166), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the State Hospital for Injured Persons of the Trevorton Shamokin and Mount Carmel Coal Fields situate in the township of Coal near Shamokin Northumberland county Pennsylvania for deficiency in maintenance for the two fiscal years commencing June first one thousand nine hundred thirteen

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

The SPEAKER asked and received unanimous consent to refer the following petitions at this time.

PETITIONS.

FAVORING LOCAL OPTION.

Mr. WILLIAMS presented the petition of citizens of Hamilton Township Tioga County, favoring the passage of a County Local Option Law.

Also the petition of the citizens of Arnot, Tioga County, favoring the passage of a County Local Option Law.

Also the petition of citizens of Blossburg, Tioga County, favoring the passage of a County Local Option Law.

Also the resolution of the Park Presbyterian Church of Waterford, Erie County, favoring the passage of the County Local Option Bill.

Also the resolution of the First Presbyterian Church of Girard, Erie County, favoring the passage of the County Local Option Bill.

Also the resolution of the Protestant Churches of Harrison Valley Potter County, favoring the passage of the County Local Option bill.

Also the resolution of the M. E. Church of Genesee, Potter County, favoring the passage of the County Local Option Bill.

Which several petitions were referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

ADJOURNMENT.

Mr. McCAIG. Mr. Speaker, I move that the House do now adjourn.

The motion was agreed to and the House (at 10:30 P. M.) adjourned until 10:00 o'clock to-morrow morning.

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA.

Legislative Journal.

Session 1915 — 121st of the General Assembly

VOL. 3. HARRISBURG, PA., WEDNESDAY, APRIL 7, 1915. No. 38.

SENATE.

WEDNESDAY, April 7, 1915.

The Senate met at 10:30 o'clock A. M.

The PRESIDENT (Lieutenant-Governor Frank B. McClain) in the Chair.

PRAYER.

The Chaplain, Rev. Thomas W. Davis, offered the following prayer:

Almighty God, our kind Heavenly Father, we thank Thee for the rest of the night, and for this beautiful morning, for the visions that come to us from day to day as a result of our experiences and our reading. We pray Thee that we may strive to attain unto the highest standards that present themselves unto to us when we are at our best. Grant that we may address ourselves to the great purpose of living for the good of our fellowmen. Bless this body here with its President. Bless the entire Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in all of its activities. We ask in our Saviour's name. Amen.

The PRESIDENT. A quorum of the Senate being present the Clerk will read the Journal of the preceding session.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of the preceding session, when, on motion of Mr. GERBERICH, the further reading was dispensed with, and the Journal was approved.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. BUCKMAN, from the Committee on Judiciary General, re-reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 608 (House Bill No. 800), entitled:

An Act to repeal an act approved the first day of June, one thousand nine hundred and eleven, entitled "An Act to tax traction engines, and providing that the same shall be assessed by the several assessors of the counties of this Commonwealth in the same manner as other articles of personal estate liable for taxation are assessed."

Mr. THOMPSON, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 633, entitled:

An Act authorizing county commissioners to appropriate moneys to hospitals.

Mr. GERBERICH, from the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 721 (House Bill No. 153), entitled:

An Act to protect the public health by regulating the manufacture preparation handling storage sale transportation and possession of meat and meat food products, prescribing the powers and duties of the State Livestock Sanitary Board incidental thereto.

Mr. MILLS, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 614, entitled:

An Act relating to the payment of fines and costs of persons committed to prisons and lockups with the incidental duties of wardens and keepers thereof.

Mr. BEIDLEMAN, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 677 (House Bill No. 900), entitled:

An Act regulating salaries of clerks in office of recorder of deeds in any county having a population of one million four hundred thousand inhabitants and over.

Mr. PHIPPS, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 136, entitled:

An Act providing for a State Association of County Controllers and Deputy County Controllers, and for the meetings thereof, and providing for the payment by the counties of the expenses thereof.

Mr. TOMPKINS, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 653, entitled:

An Act authorizing E. D. Lutz and Olive Lutz, his wife, residents of the Borough of Millersburg, Dauphin County, Pennsylvania, to bring suit in the Court of Common Pleas of Dauphin County, against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, jointly or severally.

Mr. JENKINS, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 331 (House Bill No. 182), entitled:

An Act authorizing boroughs to supply and to make contracts for supplying electric current outside the limits of said borough.

Mr. MAGEE, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 654, entitled:

An Act authorizing O. H. Watts and Olive Watts, his wife, residents of the Borough of Millersburg, Dauphin County, Pennsylvania, to bring suit in the Court of Common Pleas of Dauphin County, against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, jointly or severally.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 783, entitled:

An Act authorizing municipalities owning water-works or electric light, heat or power plants to lease the same with the consent of the Public Service Commission.

Which was committed to the Committee on Public Supply of Light, Heat and Water.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 784, entitled:

An Act to ascertain and appoint the fees to be received for recording and exemplifying deeds and other writings in this Commonwealth in counties containing a population from two hundred fifty thousand to five hundred thousand.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. McCONNELL (by request) read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 785, entitled:

An Act providing for the establishment of a State Home for persons suffering from incurable diseases; authorizing the purchase of a site and the erection thereon and the equipment of the necessary buildings; providing for the admission of persons thereto and for the government and management of said institution, and making an appropriation to carry out the purposes of this act.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. SALUS read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 786, entitled:

An Act amending section number one thousand four hundred and two of Article fourteen of an act, entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, together with the provisions by which it shall be administered, and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof; providing revenue to establish and maintain the same, and the method of collecting such revenue; and repealing all laws, general, special or local, or any parts thereof, that are or may be inconsistent therewith," approved the 18th day of May, 1911.

Which was committed to the Committee on Education.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 787, entitled:

An Act providing that hereafter proceedings in equity may be commenced without first filing a bill in equity by the issuance of a writ of summons which shall be issued by the Prothonotary in the form prescribed by law for writs of summons in personal actions at law and describing the cause as a proceeding in equity and, unless and until otherwise provided by the Supreme Court equity rules, such summons shall be returnable and shall be served as writs of summons shall be returnable and shall be served as writs of summons in personal actions at law are returnable and are served.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. W. W. SMITH read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 788, entitled:

An Act relating to the Department of Banking and to the compensation of the officers and employes thereof.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 789, entitled:

An Act fixing a State tax on building and loan associations.

Which was committed to the Committee on Finance.

Mr. MILLS read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 790, entitled:

An Act providing for the creation and regulation of municipal liens, and the proceedings for the collection thereof, in the several boroughs of this State.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. THOMPSON read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 791, entitled:

An Act regulating the sale of cigarettes and cigarette paper and providing a penalty.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. VARE read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 792, entitled:

An Act providing for the care, protection and maintenance of the Brig Niagara, Commodore Perry's flag-ship at the battle of Lake Erie, and now the property of the State of Pennsylvania, creating a commission to be called The Niagara Commission and making an appropriation for such care, protection and maintenance.

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 793, entitled:

An Act providing for watchers, male and female, at elections where constitutional amendments are submitted; extending right of suffrage and imposing duties on election officers and county commissioners, and providing penalties.

Which was committed to the Committee on Elections.

TIME OF NEXT MEETING.

Mr. SPROUL offered the following resolution which was twice read, considered and agreed to:

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That when the Senate adjourns this week it be to meet on Monday evening, April twelfth, at 8.30 o'clock, and when the House of Representatives adjourns this week it be to meet on Monday evening, April twelfth, at 8 o'clock.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILL RETURNED FROM THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES WITH AMENDMENTS.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the consideration of Senate Bill No. 276, entitled:

An Act directing the county commissioners of the several counties to offer for sale to the Department of Forestry tracts of land which they may have purchased at county treasurer's sales for acceptance or refusal for forestry purposes and to convey to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania the tracts so offered to be sold if accepted by the department

Said bill having been returned from the House of Representatives with amendments, in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

Said amendments having been printed as required by the Constitution, were twice read as follows:

In section 1, line 31, by striking out after the word "the" where it first appears the word "best" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "cost;" also in section 3, line 13, by inserting after the word "department" the words "the Department;" also in the title in line 1 by striking out after the word "county" the word "Commissioner" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "commissioners."

On the question,

Will the Senate concur in the amendment?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—43

Beidleman,	Gyger,	McNichol,	Smith, W. W.,
Buckman,	Hackett,	Miller,	Snyder, C. A.,
Burke,	Hilton,	Mills,	Snyder, P. W.,
Catlin,	Hindman,	Moore,	Sones,
Clark,	Jenkins,	Patton,	Sproul,
Croft,	Kurtz,	Phipps,	Thompson,
DeWitt,	Lynch,	Salus,	Tompkins,
Endsley,	Magee, C. J.,	Schantz,	Vare,
Farley,	Martin,	Semmens,	Warner,
Gerberich,	McConnell,	Sensenich,	Wasbers,
Graff,	McKee W. S.,	Smith, R. E.,	

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

BILLS ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate resumed the consideration of Senate Bill No. 319, as follows:

An Act to regulate the taking of private property for municipal or public purposes and relating to the plotting of streets avenues parkways and parks upon the public plan of any city borough or township and the establishment of grades therefor

Whereas a practice has grown into a custom for municipalities to place streets and parks upon the municipal plan long in advance of their use for public purposes thereby preventing improvement except at the owner's risk and entailing a loss to the owner therefor

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That no street shall be plotted upon the public plan of any municipal corporation for a period of more than one year where fifty (50) per centum or more of the property lying within the plotten lines of said street shall be improved property and no boulevard parkway or park shall be plotted upon said public plan of any such municipal corporation for a period of more than one year unless the said street boulevard or parkway shall have been legally open to public use or said park condemned for public use within the said period of one year after the plotting When the said plotting for public use has not been followed by the legal taking of the property within one year from the date thereof then said plotting shall be void and the said street boulevard parkway or park shall be stricken from the plan and shall not again be placed thereon for a period of one year thereafter

Section 2 When the lines of a legally opened street within the corporate limits of a muuicipality within this Commonwealth shall be revised so that the same shall be placed upon the public plan of said municipality of a greater width than said street is legally opened any owner of property desiring to alter or improve any property abutting on said street shall recede to the new lines of the street as plotted and thereupon shall be entitled to have the damages assessed for the widening of the said street in front of the said property so altered or improved in accordance with existing laws

Section 3 When the confirmed grades of any legally opened street within the corporate limits of any municipality within this Commonwealth shall be revised so that the revised grade of the said street as placed upon the public plans of said municipality shall differ from the grade at which the said street is legally opened it shall be the duty of the said municipality to grade said street to the said revised grade lines within one year after the same shall be legally confirmed otherwise said revision of grades shall be null and void and the prior physical grade of said street shall become the confirmed grade thereof and shall not be altered for a period of one year thereafter

Section 4 That in the assessment in damages by any board of viewers or any court of record the measure thereof shall be the total value of the property and any depreciation in the value of the portion remaining and that in case of improved property no benefit shall be assessed against the owners of abutting or contiguous property and further that from and after the condemnation of any property or part thereof for public use the taxes against the private owner shall abate if the whole property be condemned but if only a portion of a property shall be condemned the taxes shall be prorated

Section 5 All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—46

Beidleman,	Hackett,	McNichol,	Smith, W. W.,
Buckman,	Hilton,	Miller,	Snyder, C. A.,
Burke,	Hindman,	Mills,	Snyder, P. W.,
Catlin,	Homsher,	Moore,	Sones,
Clark,	Jenkins,	Patton,	Sproul,
Croft,	Kline,	Phipps,	Stewart,
DeWitt,	Kurtz,	Salus,	Thompson,
Endsley,	Lynch,	Schantz,	Tompkins,
Farley,	Magee, C. J.,	Semmens,	Vare,
Gerberich,	Martin,	Sensenich,	Warner,
Graff,	McConnell,	Smith, R. E.,	Washers,
Gyger,	McKee W. S.,		

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate resumed the consideration of Senate Bill No. 477, as follows:

A Supplement to an act approved the eighteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred fifty-three entitled "An Act relating to the sale and conveyance of real estate"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That when an application shall be made under the provisions of the act to which this is a supplement for the sale mortgaging leasing or conveyance on ground rent of real estate through which the line deviding two counties runs the court of common pleas or the orphans court as the case may be of either the county in which lies the greater part in area of such real estate or in which the mansion house is situated may authorize the sale or mortgaging or leasing or conveyance in ground rent of the whole of such real estate irrespective of the county boundary line Any such sale mortgaging leasing or conveyance on ground rent authorized as aforesaid and confirmed by the court shall be as effectual as if the whole of such real estate had been wholly within the limits of the county where the principal part of the real estate lies if (a) notice of the sale mortgaging leasing or conveyance on ground rent shall have been given as required by law in each county in which the real estate lies and (b) an exemplification of the whole record of the proceedings is recorder or entered in the proper court in the other of the counties and (c) any mortgage judgment bond or other obligation taken to secure the purchase price or any part thereof and any mortgage lease or conveyance given in connection with the proceedings is duly recorded or entered as required by law in each of the counties where the real estate lies

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—46.

Beidleman,	Hackett,	McNichol,	Smith, W. W.,
Buckman,	Hilton,	Miller,	Snyder, C. A.,
Burke,	Hindman,	Mills,	Snyder, P. W.,
Catlin,	Hoke,	Moore,	Sones,
Clark,	Jenkins,	Patton,	Sproul,
Croft,	Kline,	Phipps,	Stewart,
DeWitt,	Kurtz,	Salus,	Thompson,
Endsley,	Lynch,	Schantz,	Tompkins,
Farley,	Magee, C. J.,	Semmens,	Vare,
Gerberich,	Martin,	Sensenich,	Warner,
Graff,	McConnell,	Smith, R. E.,	Washers,
Gyger,	McKee, W. S.,		

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 8, as follows:

An Act supplementary to an act entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation regulation and government of cities of the third class regulating nomination and election of municipal officers therein and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto" approved the twenty-seventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen providing for and enacting initiative and referendum provisions with reference to ordinance and the holding of elections relative thereto

ARTICLE I

The Initiative

Section 1 Be is enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That any proposed ordinance (except as hereinafter mentioned) may be submitted to the council by a petition signed by the electors of any city of the third class of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Upon the written request of one hundred qualified electors directed to the city clerk asking that a petition be prepared he shall prepare such petition within ten days and in the meantime notice shall be given in one of the daily newspapers if one be published in the city and if not then in a weekly newspaper that such petition will be ready for signing at the expiration of ten days from the presentation of said request This notice shall state the purpose for which the petition is made the place where and when it may be signed and ten days shall be allowed for signatures The signing shall be done in the city clerk's office only and the petition shall be retained there at all times during the period of ten days Each signer shall add to his signature his place of residence street and number and shall make oath before the city clerk that he is a qualified elector of the city and resides at the address given At the expiration of the ten days aforesaid and within ten days thereafter the city clerk shall examine such petition and from the voters registered ascertain whether or not said petition is signed by voters equal to twenty per centum of all votes cast for all candidates for mayor at the last preceding municipal election and if necessary the council shall allow him extra help for that purpose and he shall attach to said petition his certificate showing the result of said examination If by the clerk's certificate the petition is shown to contain less than twenty per centum as aforesaid it may be amended within ten days from the date of said certificate The clerk shall within ten days after such amendment make like examination and certification of the amended petition and if his certificate shall show the same to contain less than twenty per centum as aforesaid it shall be returned to the person filing the same without prejudice If the petition shall be certified to contain twenty per centum of said votes cast as aforesaid the clerk shall submit the same to the council without delay If the petition accompanying the proposed ordinance be signed by electors equal in number to twenty per centum of the votes cast for all candidates for mayor at the last preceding municipal election and contains a request that the said ordinance be submitted to a vote of the people if not passed by the council, such council shall either

(a) Pass said ordinance without alteration within twenty days except as otherwise provided herein after attachment of the clerk's certificate to the accompanying petition or

(b) Forthwith after the clerk shall attach to the petition accompanying such ordinance his certificate of sufficiency the council shall call a special election unless the general or municipal election is fixed within ninety days thereafter and at such special election if one is so fixed or at the said general or municipal election such ordinance shall be submitted without alteration to the vote of the electors of the said city The ballots used when voting upon said ordinance shall be supplied by council and shall contain the words "For the ordinance", (stating the nature of proposed ordinance) and "Against the ordinance" (stating the nature of proposed ordinance) If the majority of the qualified electors voting on the proposed ordinance shall vote in favor thereof such ordinance shall thereupon become a valid and binding ordinance of said

city Any ordinance which under the provisions of Article one (I) or Article two (II) of this act is proposed by petition or which shall be adopted by a vote of the people cannot be repealed or amended within two years except by a vote of the people Any number of proposed ordinances may be voted upon at the same eleceion in accordance with the provisions of this section but there shall not be more than one special election in any period of six months for such purpose The council may submit a proposition for the repeal of any such ordinance or amendments thereto to be voted upon at any succeeding city election and should such proposition so submitted receive a majority of the votes thereon at such election such ordinance shall thereby be repealed or amended accordingly Whenever any ordinance or proposition is required by this act to be submitted to the voters of the city at any election city clerks shall cause such ordinance or proposition to be published once in at least two of the newspapers published in said city and if two newspapers are not published in the city then in two newspapers published in the county such publication to be not less than five nor more than twenty days before the submission of such proposition or ordinance to be voted on

Section 2 That the provisions of the foregoing section shall not apply to or include any ordinance

(a) Relating to any matter subject or thing which is not the subject of a referendum vote as hereinafter provided

(b) To repeal amend or modify any ordinance which had been subject to the provisions of the referendum as hereinafter provided

ARTICLE II

The Referendum

Section 1 No ordinance passed by the council except as hereinafter mentioned shall go into effect before ten (10) days from the time of its final passage and if during the said ten days from the time of its final passage a petition signed by electors of the city equal in number to at least twenty per centum of the entire vote for all candidates for Mayor at the last preceding general municipal election at which a Mayor was elected protesting against the passage of such ordinance be presented to the council the same shall thereupon be suspended from going into operation and it shall be the duty of the council to reconsider such ordinance and if the same is not entirely repealed the council shall submit the ordinance as is provided by sub-section (b) of section one of the preceding article of this act to the vote of the electors of the city either at the general or municipal election or a special municipal election to be called for that purpose and such ordinance shall not go into effect or become operative unless a majority of the qualified electors voting on the same shall vote in favor thereof Upon the written request of one hundred qualified electors directed to the city clerk asking that the petition hereinabove provided for be prepared he shall prepare such petition immediately and thereupon give notice in one of the daily newspapers if one be published in the city and if not then in a weekly newspaper that such petition is ready for signing and the purpose of the petition giving the place where and when it may be signed and the said signing shall be done in the city clerk's office only where it shall be retained during all the period of ten days after the passage of the said ordinance

Each signer shall add to his signature his place of residence street and number and shall make oath before the city clerk that he is a qualified elector of the city and resides at the address given The city clerk shall keep his office open for the purpose signatures to the initiative and referendum petitions from eight o'clock in the forenoon to twelve (noon) and from one o'clock in the afternoon to five o'clock in the afternoon of each day except Sundays and holidays and he shall not permit any person to sign the said petition after five o'clock in the afternoon of the tenth day after the said ordinance has been passed as aforestated and at the expiration of said time the said petition in the hands of the city clerk shall be deemed and taken to be filed with and presented to the council and it shall be the duty of the city clerk to lay the same before the council at its first meeting thereafter After its presentation the city clerk shall ascertain from the voter's registry whether or not said petition is signed by voters equal to twenty per centum of all the votes cast for mayor at the last preceding municipal election and if necessary the council shall allow him extra help for that purpose and after he has made said examination he shall report the result thereof to council

Section 2 No franchise or consent to occupy the public streets highways or other places in any city of the third class shall be given or granted to any person or persons railroad railway gas water light telephone or telegraph company or to any public service corporation except by ordinance and no ordinance for such purpose shall go into effect for thirty days after its final passage If within said thirty days a petition prepared advertised and perfected in all respects complying with the provisions of the preceding section of this article (except that the petitioners shall have thirty days in which to prepare said petition) is addressed to the council signed by registered electors of the city equal in number to at least twenty per centum of all votes cast for mayor at the last preceding election protesting against the passage of said ordinance the latter shall be suspended and it shall be the duty of the city clerk to examine said petition and ascertain from the registry of voters whether or not said petition is signed by the required number of electors and if necessary the council shall allow the city clerk help for said purpose and upon such examination he shall report the result to council

Section 3 In case it shall appear that the petitions hereinabove provided for in sections one (1) and two (2) of this article have not been signed by the requisite number of voters no action shall be taken but the ordinances shall be deemed and taken to be in full force from the time or times they each would have gone into effect had there been no petition against the same but in case the petition or petitions provided for in the preceding sections in ths article be signed by electors equal to twenty per centum of all the votes cast for mayor as aforestated as shown by the last preceding registry the council shall reconsider such ordinance and if the same is not entirely repealed the council shall call a special election unless the general or municipal election is to be held within ninety days therefrom in which case the question of reference shall be to the general or municipal election as the case may be At the special election if one is so fixed by council or at the general or municipal election occurring within ninety days the said ordinance shall be submitted without alteration

Section 4 When the submission is at a general or municipal election the city clerk shall certify to the county commissioners a copy of the ordinance and the proceedings of council directing the referendum vote and the county commissioners shall cause the proper ballot to be printed in the ballot sheet used in the respective elections Where there is a special election the ballots shall be prepared and furnished by the city and said elections shall be held by the same officers who hold the general or municipal elections (as the case may be) and the expenses of said special elections shall be paid for by the city and said city may fix not only the day of the election but the title for opening and closing the polls Any number of ordinances may be referred to and voted on at the same election and there shall not be more than one special election every six months The ballot for each referendum shall be subtantially in the following form

CITY ORDINANCE REFERENDUM.

If you are for the ordinance mark an X opposite the word for if you are against the ordinance mark an X opposite the word against

Approval of the city ordinance for | |
(stating the purpose of said ordinance) against | |

Section 5 The officers holding said election shall keep tally sheets and make returns of votes in the same manner as tally sheets are kept and returns made in election of officers and the submission of other questions as now provided by law The said returns shall be filed with the prothonotary of the court of common pleas and the said court shall compute the returns and cause the result thereof to be filed in said court and the said prothonotary shall certify the result to the council of the proper city In case of special elections the said prothonotary shall lay the returns of the election before the said court at a meeting or session of the said court to be held on the Tuesday succeeding the said election for computation as aforesaid If it shall appear that more persons have voted for said ordinance than against it the ordinance shall take immediate effect the same as if it had been passed by the council and signed by the mayor and there had been no referendum vote thereon If the vote is against said ordinance it shall be lost and of no effect

Section 6 Before any referendum election is held on any ordinance as hereinbefore provided it shall be the duty of the city clerk to publish or cause to be published a copy of the ordinance which is to be submitted to the vote of the people one insertion in at least two newspapers published in the respective city and if two newspapers are not published in the said city then in two newspapers published in the county if there be such said publication to be not less than five nor more than twenty days before the respective election and a copy of said publication duly verified by affidavit shall be filed by the city clerk in the prothonotary's office in said court with the result of the election as computed and filed by the court

Section 7 The provisions of this article with reference to referendum proceedings shall not apply to any ordinances passed for the following purposes viz

(a) Ordinances expressly required to be passed by the general laws of the State or by the provisions of any Act of Assembly

(b) Ordinances providing for tax levies annual and other appropriations and for the exercise of the right of eminent domain

(c) Ordinances for the preservation of the public peace health morals safety and in the exercise of the police powers of the city government and for the prevention and abatement of nuisances

(d) Any ordinance providing for an election to increase indebtedness and any other ordinance which by law must be submitted to an election before it shall take effect

(e) Ordinances for the opening paving grading or other improvement of streets or highways when the improvement is petitioned for by a majority in number or interest of the abutting property owners

(f) Ordinances for the purpose of keeping the streets highways and sidewalks in good order and repair and in a safe and passable condition

Section 8 The provisions of article nineteen (XIX) and article twenty (XX) of an act entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation regulation and government of cities of the third class regulating nomination and election of municipal officers therein repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto" approved the twenty-seventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred thirteen to which this act is supplementary be and the same are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—30.

Beidleman,	Gerberich,	McNichol,	Snyder, P. W.,
Buckman,	Graff,	Miller,	Sones,
Burke,	Gyger,	Mills,	Stewart,
Catlin,	Hilton,	Phipps,	Thompson,
Clark,	Jenkins,	Sensenich,	Tompkins,
Croft,	Magee, C. J.,	Smith, R. E.,	Warner,
DeWitt,	Martin,	Smith, W. W.,	Wasbers,
Farley,	McConnell,		

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 52, entitled:

An Act relating to the sale of goods

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—45.

Beidleman,	Hackett,	McNichol,	Smith, W. W.,
Buckman,	Hilton,	Miller,	Snyder, C. A.,
Burke,	Hindman,	Mills,	Snyder, P. W.,
Catlin,	Jenkins,	Moore,	Sones,
Clark,	Kline,	Patton,	Sproul,
Croft,	Kurtz,	Phipps,	Stewart,
DeWitt,	Lynch,	Salus,	Thompson,
Endsley,	Magee, C. J.,	Schantz,	Tompkins,
Farley,	Martin,	Semmens,	Vare,
Gerberich,	McConnell,	Sensenich,	Warner,
Graff,	McKee, W. S.,	Smith, R. E.,	Wasbers,
Gyger,			

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILL OVER IN ORDER.

The PRESIDENT. Senate Bill No. 75, on third reading, entitled:

An Act to amend section one thousand seven hundred and seven of an act entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith" approved the eighteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven

has not been received from the printer and will go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 125, entitled:

An Act amending and supplementing sections one and two of an act entitled "An Act for the promotion of medical science by the distribution and use of unclaimed human bodies for scientific purposes through a board created for that purpose and to prevent unauthorized uses and traffic in human bodies" approved June thirteenth one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three by providing that the name of said board of distribution shall be Anatomical Board of the State of Pennsylvania by extending its provisions to all persons having charge or control over bodies required to be buried at the public expense by requiring immediate notice of the death of any person required to be buried at the public expense by requiring notice in all cases but providing that there shall not be delivered to the board created under the act the bodies of deceased indigent persons where claimed by relatives within twenty-four hours after death for interment at the expense of the claimant or the bodies of honorably discharged soldiers sailors or marines who have served the United States in any war or who were in active service in the Militia of the State of Pennsylvania under and in pursuance of any of the proclamations issued by the Governor during the Civil War and not duly mustered into the service of the United States by repealing the provisions as to deceased indigent travelers by providing for the burial at the expense of the county of indigent persons unfit for anatomical purposes upon the certificate of the board or its duly authorized officer or agent that such bodies are unfit for anatomical purposes or are the bodies of soldiers sailors or marines required to be buried at the public expense and that the provisions of this act have been complied with by providing that no warrants for payment of expenses of burial shall be drawn or paid except upon such certificate by providing for the burial of bodies rendered unfit for anatomical purposes by the failure to comply with the provisions of this act at the expense of the person failing to comply with its provisions Repealing an act approved the twentieth day of April one thousand nine hundred and eleven and an act approved the twenty-third day of May one thousand nine hundred and thirteen

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—33.

Beidleman,	Hackett,	McConnell,	Smith, W. W.,
Buckman,	Hoke,	McNichol,	Sones,
Catlin,	Homsher,	Mills,	Sproul,
Clark,	Jenkins,	Moore,	Thompson,
DeWitt,	Kline,	Phipps,	Tompkins,
Endsley,	Kurtz,	Salus,	Vare,
Farley,	Lynch,	Schantz,	Warner,
Gerberich,	Magee, C. J.,	Sensenich,	Wasbers,
Graff,			

NAYS—12.

Burke,	Martin,	Patton,	Snyder, C. A.,
Hilton,	McKee W. S.,	Semmens,	Snyder, P. W.,
Hindman,	Miller,	Smith, R. E.,	Stewart,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 169, entitled:

An Act for the protection of the public health by providing that persons firms or corporations who are operating or conducting hotels restaurants dining cars or other public eating places in this Commonwealth shall not employ or keep in their employ as cooks waiters kitchen help chambermaids or other house servants any person or persons who are suffering from trachoma active tuberculosis of the lungs open skin tuberculosis syphilis gonorrhoea open external cancer or barber's itch or who are carriers of typhoid fever and further providing that no dishes receptacles or utensils used in eating or drinking shall be furnished to patrons or customers of any such public eating place unless the same have been thoroughly cleansed since used by another individual and further providing that no towels shall be furnished in any wash room in connection with any such public eating place unless such towels be laundered or discarded after each individual use and further providing that no common drinking cups shall be furnished at any public drinking place operated in connection with any such public eating place and providing penalties for violations of the provisions of this act

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—36.

Beidleman,	Graff,	McConnell,	Snyder, P. W.,
Buckman,	Gyger,	McKee, W. S.,	Sones,
Burke,	Hackett,	Miller,	Sproul,
Catlin,	Hilton,	Moore,	Stewart,
Clark,	Hindman,	Phipps,	Thompson,
DeWitt,	Homsher,	Schantz,	Tompkins,
Endsley,	Kurtz,	Sensenich,	Vare,
Farley,	Lynch,	Smith, R. E.,	Warner,
Gerberich,	Magee, C. J.,	Smith, W. W.,	Wasbers,

NAYS—4.

Jenkins,	Kline,	Martin,	Mills,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the quesion was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 199, as follows:

An Act to amend sections two three and six of an act entitled "An Act defining mattresses regulating the making and sale thereof prohibiting the use of unsanitary and unhealthy materials therein requiring that the materials used shall be accurately described and prescribing the manner in which mattresses shall be labellel providing for the enforcement of the provisions of this act making certain acts criminal and punishing the same imposing certain duties upon the Commissioner of Health and the Chief Factory Inspector and repealing legislation inconsistent with this act" approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred thirteen so as to apply to leasing as well as sale require second hand mattresses to be sterilized and labelled and more specifically regulate the making remaking renovating selling and leasing of mattresses

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section two of an act entitled "An Act defining mattresses regulating the making remaking and sale thereof prohibiting the use of unsanitary and unhealthy materials therein requiring that the materials used shall be accurately described and prescribing the manner in which mattresses shall be labelled providing for the enforcement of the provisoins of this act making certain acts criminal and punishing the same imposing certain duties upon the Commissioner of Health and the Chief Factory Inspector and repealing legislation inconsistent with this act" approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred thirteen which reads as follows

"Section 2 (1) No person or corporation by himself or by his agents servants or employes shall employ or use in the making or remaking or renovating of any mattress

(a) Any material of any kind that has been used in or has formed a part of any mattress used in or about any public or private hospital or institution for the treatment of persons suffering from disease or for or about any person having any infectious or contagious disease

(b) Any material known as "shoddy" and made in whole or in part from old or worn clothing carpets or other fabric or material previously used or any other fabric or material from which shoddy is constructed

(c) Any material not otherwise prohibited by this act of which prior use has been made unless the said material has been thoroughly sterilized and disinfected by a reasonable process approved by the Commissioner of Health of this Commonwealth

(2) No person or corporation by himself or by his agents servants or employes shall sell offer to sell deliver or consign or have in his possession with intent to sell deliver or consign any mattress made remade or renovated in violation of subsection one of this section" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 2 (1) No person or corporation by himself or his agents servants or employes shall employ or use in the making remaking or renovating of any mattress

(a) Any material of any kind that has been used in or has formed a part of any mattress used for or about any person having any infectious or contagious disease

(b) Any material known as "shoddy" and made in whole or in part from old or worn clothing carpets or other fabrics or material previously used or any other fabric or material from which shoddy is constructed

(c) Any material not otherwise prohibited by this act of which prior use has been made unless the said material has been thoroughly sterilized and disinfected by a reasonable process approved by the Commissioner of Health of this Commonwealth

(2) No person or corporation by himself or by his agents servants or employes shall sell lease offer to sell or lease or deliver or consign in sale or lease or have in his possession with intent to sell lease deliver or consign in sale or lease

(a) Any mattress that has been used for or about any person having any infectious or contagious disease

(b) Any mattress made remade or renovated in violation of subsection one of this section

(c) Any mattress not otherwise prohibited by this act of which prior use has been made unless since last used it has been thoroughly sterilized and disinfected by a reasonable process approved by the Commissioner of Health of this Commonwealth

Section 2 That section three of said act which reads as follows

"Section 3 No person or corporation by himself or his agents servants or employes shall directly or indirectly at wholesale or retail or otherwise sell offer for sale deliver or consign or have in his possession with intent to sell deliver or consign any mattress that shall not have plainly and indelibly written or printed thereon or upon a muslin or linen tag securely sewed to the covering thereof a statement in the English language setting forth the kind or kinds of materials used in filling the said mattress and whether the same are in whole or in part new or old or second-hand and the name and address of the manufacturer or vendor thereof or both" be the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 3 (1) No person or corporation by himself or by his agents servants or employes shall directly or indirectly at wholesale or retail or otherwise sell lease offer to sell or lease or consign in sale or lease or have in their possession with intent to sell or lease or consign in sale or lease any mattress that shall not have plainly and indelibly written or printed thereon or upon a plain muslin or linen tag securely sewed to the covering thereof a statement in the English language setting forth

(a) The materials used in filling said mattress and whether the same are in whole or in part new or old

(b) The name and address of the maker vendor or successive vendors

(c) And upon a mattress of which prior use has been made the words "Second Hand" together with the date of sterilization and disinfection and the name and address of the person or corporation sterilizing or disinfecting the same

No additional information shall be contained in said statement

(2) No person or corporation by himself or by his agents servants or employes shall place upon any mattress the statements required by subsection one (a) and (b) of this section unless said mattress has been made remade or renovated by him in accordance with this act and no person or corporation by himself or his agents servants or employes shall place upon any mattress the statements required by subsection one (c) of this section unless the said mattress has been sterilized and disinfected by him in accordance with this act provided that the vendor in either case shall insert his name and address in the statement

Section 3 That section six of said act which reads as follows

"Section 6 The statement required under section three of this act shall be the following form

Materials Used in Filling

.....

.....

Made by .....

Address .....

Vendor .....

Address .....

This article is made in compliance with the act of Assembly of Pennsylvania approved the ..... day of ..... one thousand nine hundred and thirteen" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 6 The statement required under section three of this act shall be not less than three by four and a half inches in size and in form shall be as follows

Official Statement

Materials used in filling .....

.....

.....

Made by .....

Address .....

Vendor .....

Address .....

This article is made in compliance with the Act of Assembly of Pennsylvania approved the first day of May one thousand nine hundred thirteen as amended

.....

.....

.....

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—44.

Beidleman,	Gyger,	McConnell,	Smith, W. W.,
Buckman,	Hackett,	McKee W. S.,	Snyder, C. A.,
Burke,	Hilton,	McNichol,	Snyder, P. W.,
Catlin,	Hindman,	Miller,	Sones,
Clark,	Hoke,	Mills,	Sproul,
Croft,	Homsher,	Moore,	Stewart,
DeWitt,	Kline,	Phipps,	Thompson,
Endsley,	Kurtz,	Schantz,	Tompkins,
Farley,	Lynch,	Semmens,	Vare,
Gerberich,	Magee, C. J.,	Sensenich,	Warner,
Graff,	Martin,	Smith, R. E.,	Washers,

NAYS—2.

Jenkins, Patton,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 208, entitled:

An Act to provide for the payment of moneys appropriated for the care treatment and maintenance of the indigent insane criminal insane feeble-minded epileptic sick or injured and all other persons who are wards of the State and the issuing of warrants by the Auditor General on the State Treasurer to the boards of trustees directors or managers of insane institutions hospitals asylum homes training schools penal institutions reformatories and all such other institutions owned controlled and operated in part or in whole by the State wherein such persons or wards of the State may be confined

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—47.

Beidleman,	Hackett,	McKee W. S.,	Smith, W. W.,
Buckman,	Hilton,	McNichol,	Snyder, C. A.,
Burke,	Hindman,	Miller,	Snyder, P. W.,
Catlin,	Hoke,	Mills,	Sones.
Clark,	Homsher,	Moore,	Sproul.
Croft,	Jenkins,	Patton,	Stewart,
Crow,	Kline,	Phipps,	Tompkins,
Endsley,	Kurtz,	Salus,	Tompkins,
Farley,	Lynch,	Schantz,	Vare,
Gerberich,	Magee,	Semmens,	Warner,
Graff,	Martin,	Sensenich,	Wasbers,
Gyger,	McConnell,	Smith, R. E.,	

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 318, entitled:

An Act relative to passenger elevators in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and providing a penalty for violation thereof

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—28.

Beidleman,	Hindman,	Mills,	Smith, W. W.,
Burke,	Homsher,	Moore,	Stewart,
Catlin,	Kurtz,	Patton,	Thompson,
Farley,	Lynch,	Phipps,	Tompkins,
Gyger,	Magee, C. J.,	Salus,	Vare,
Hackett,	McKee, W. S.,	Schantz,	Warner,
Hilton,	McNichol,	Sensenich,	Wasbers,

NAYS—9.

Buckman,	Jenkins.	McConnell,	Smith, R. E.,
Graff,	Martin,	Miller,	Snyder, P. W.,
Hoke,			

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILL OVER IN ORDER.

Mr. PATTON. Mr. President, I ask that Senate Bill No. 342, on third reading, entitled:

An Act to prevent the charging of commissions for the placing of building and loan association mortgages in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and providing penalties for the violation thereof

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 410 (House Bill No. 246), on third reading, entitled:

An Act requiring each city of the first and second class to establish a municipal pension fund for employes of said city and regulating the payment of such pensions

be recommitted to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE (Mr. Charles H. Kline) in the Chair.

BILL ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 413 (House No. 247), entitled:

An Act amending an act entitled "An Act amending an act entitled 'An Act respecting the estate of non-resident wards' approved the twenty-first day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-six extending the provisions thereof so that the same may apply to trustees and cestui que trusts" approved the thirteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine further extending the provisions thereof so that the same may apply where guardians and wards trustees and cestui que trusts are residents of foreign countries

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—44.

Beidleman,	Hackett,	Miller,	Snyder, C. A.,
Buckman,	Hoke,	Mills,	Snyder, P. W.,
Burke,	Homsher,	Moore,	Sones,
Catlin,	Jenkins,	Patton,	Sproul,
Clark,	Kurtz,	Phipps,	Stewart,
DeWitt,	Lynch,	Salus,	Thompson,
Endsley,	Magee, C. J.,	Schantz,	Tompkins,
Farley,	Martin,	Semmens,	Vare,
Gerberich,	McConnell,	Sensenich,	Warner,
Graff,	McKee, W. S.,	Smith, R. E.,	Wasbers,
Gyger,	McNichol,	Smith, W. W.,	Kline, Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

TIME OF NEXT MEETING.

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, it having developed that the time fixed for the reconvening of the Senate next week is unsatisfactory to a large number of members of the Senate, I move that the vote by which the resolution passed the Senate to meet next Monday night at 8:30 o'clock be reconsidered.

The PRESIDENT. How did the Senator vote?

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, I voted aye.

Mr. THOMPSON. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The PRESIDENT. How did the Senator vote?

Mr. THOMPSON. Mr. President, I voted aye.

The motion was agreed to.

And the question recurring,

Will the Senate agree to the resolution?

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, I move to amend the resolution so that the time for reconvening the Senate be next Tuesday evening, April 13, at 9 o'clock.

Mr. THOMPSON. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, I would say that the former President of the United States, Mr. Taft, is coming to Harrisburg later in the week, and it is probably just as

well that the sessions last a little longer, so it will not work any disadvantage to make a later beginning.

And the question recurring,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the resolution as amended?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILL OVER IN ORDER.

Mr. TOMPKINS. Mr. President, I ask that Senate Bill No. 416 (House Bill No. 49), on third reading, entitled:

An Act empowering certain corporations societies and voluntary associations having subordinate lodges or branches within this Commonwealth to change the location of their principal office or place of business and providing for the filing of notice of such changes

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILL ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 440 (House Bill No. 464), entitled:

An Act relating to balloons and imposing a penalty

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—46.

Beidleman,	Hackett,	Miller,	Snyder, P. W.,
Buckman,	Hilton,	Mills,	Sones,
Burke,	Hindman,	Moore,	Sproul,
Catlin,	Homsher,	Patton,	Stewart,
Clark,	Jenkins,	Phipps,	Thompson,
Croft,	Kurtz,	Salus,	Tompkins,
DeWitt,	Lynch,	Schantz,	Vare,
Endsley,	Magee, C. J.,	Semmens,	Warner,
Farley,	Martin,	Sensenich,	Washers,
Gerberich,	McConnell,	Smith, R. E.,	Kline,
Graff,	McKee, W. S.,	Smith, W. W.,	Pres. pro tem.
Gyger,	McNichol,	Snyder, C. A.,	

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the House is requested.

BILL OVER IN ORDER.

Mr. ENDSLEY. Mr. President, I ask that Senate Bill No. 454, on third reading, entitled:

An Act to amend section nine of an act to regulate the practice of osteopathy in the State of Pennsylvania to provide for the establishment of a State Board of Osteopathic Examiners to define the powers and duties of said Board of Osteopathic Examiners to provide for the examining and licensing of Osteopaths in this State and to provide penalties for the violation of this act approved the nineteenth day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred nine as amended by an act approved the eleventh day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred eleven providing for the licensing of certain practitioners now known as registered Osteopaths

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILL ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 458 entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the fourteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred and three entitled "An Act for the creation and government of a division of the State Library for the preservation of public records by establishing the office of supervisors of public records with general supervision over the care and custody and condition of public records of the several counties cities and boroughs of this Commonwealth

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—45.

Beidleman,	Hilton,	McNichol,	Snyder, C. A.,
Buckman,	Hindman,	Miller,	Snyder, P. W.,
Burke,	Hoke,	Mills,	Sones,
Catlin,	Homsher,	Moore,	Sproul,
Clark,	Jenkins,	Patton,	Stewart,
Croft,	Kurtz,	Phipps,	Thompson,
Endsley,	Lynch,	Salus,	Tompkins,
Farley,	Magee, C. J.,	Schantz,	Vare,
Gerberich,	Martin,	Semmens,	Warner,
Graff,	McConnell,	Sensenich,	Washers,
Gyger,	McKee, W. S.,	Smith, W. W.,	Kline,
Hackett,			Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—1.

Smith, R. E.,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILL OVER IN ORDER.

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. President, I ask that Senate Bill No 460, on third reading, entitled:

An Act authorizing the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania through proclamation to close any county or counties or any section of any county of Pennsylvania to hunting or fishing or to close any stream or part of streams to fishing when such action is necessary to conserve either the health or welfare of our people or our natural resources

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 461, entitled:

A Joint Resolution extending the time for the making of the report by the Engineers' Commission and providing for the printing and distribution of the report

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—46.

Beidleman,	Gyger,	McNichol,	Snyder, P. W.,
Buckman,	Hackett,	Miller,	Sones,
Burke,	Hilton,	Mills,	Sproul,
Catlin,	Hindman,	Moore,	Stewart,
Clark,	Homsher,	Patton,	Thompson,
Croft,	Jenkins,	Phipps,	Tompkins,
Daix,	Kurtz,	Salus,	Vare,
DeWitt,	Lynch,	Schantz,	Warner,
Endsley,	Magee, C. J.,	Semmens,	Washers,
Farley,	Martin,	Sensenich,	Kline,
Gerberich,	McConnell,	Smith, W. W.,	Pres. pro tem.
Graff,	McKee, W. S.	Snyder, C. A.,	

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 462, entitled:

An Act to amend the third section of an act entitled "An Act authorizing the merger and consolidation of certain corporations" approved third day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—44.

Beidleman,	Hindman,	Miller,	Snyder, C. A.
Buckman,	Hoke,	Mills,	Snyder, P. W.,
Burke,	Homsher,	Moore,	Sones,
Catlin,	Jenkins,	Patton,	Sproul,
DeWitt,	Kurtz,	Phipps,	Stewart,
Endsley,	Lynch,	Salus,	Thompson,
Farley,	Magee, C. J.,	Schantz,	Tompkins,
Gerberich,	Martin,	Semmens,	Vare,
Graff,	McConnell,	Sensenich,	Warner,
Gyger,	McKee, W. S.,	Smith, R. E.,	Washers,
Hackett,	McNichol,	Smith, W. W.,	Kline,
			Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 463, entitled:

An Act to amend section three of an act approved the fourteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four entitled "A Further Supplement to an act relative to suits in dower and partition approved the twentieth day of February Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-four and its supplement approved the thirtieth day of March Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-nine construing said act extending jurisdiction of the courts therein" by extending the provisions thereof to include persons having an undivided interest in the land or in the coal or timber thereon when the name has not been entirely covered and permitting such persons to compel partition of the entire tract

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—42.

Beidleman,	Hackett,	Mills,	Sones,
Buckman,	Homsher,	Moore,	Sproul,
Burke,	Jenkins,	Patton,	Stewart,
Catlin,	Kurtz,	Phipps,	Thompson,
Clark,	Lynch,	Salus,	Tompkins,
DeWitt,	Magee, C. J.,	Schantz,	Vare,
Endsley,	Martin,	Semmens,	Warner,
Farley,	McConnell,	Sensenich,	Washers,
Gerberich,	McKee, W. S.,	Smith, W. W.,	Kline,
Graff,	McNichol,	Snyder, C. A.,	Pres. pro tem.
Gyger,	Miller,	Snyder, P. W.,	

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILL OVER IN ORDER.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I ask that Senate Bill No. 469, on third reading, entitled:

An Act amending an act entitled "An Act in relation to the laying out opening widening straightening extending or vacating streets and alleys and the construction of bridges in the several municipalities of this Commonwealth the grading paving macadamizing or otherwise improving streets and alleys providing for ascertaining the damages to private property resulting therefrom the assessment of the damages costs and expenses thereof upon the property benefited and the construction of sewers and payment of the damages costs and expenses thereof including the damages to private property resulting therefrom" approved the sixteenth day of May one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one by providing for the placing of footwalks curb parking space shade trees or otherwise improving the space between the curb line and the property line in the said streets lanes and alleys and by providing for the payment of the damages costs and expenses thereof

go over in its order. I would like to have some explanation of this bill. It seems to be a very sweeping proviso as to the duties of municipalities, and I would like to know what the intention of this bill is.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objecton? The Chair hears none.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

greeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 510 (House Bill No. 119), entitled:

An Act to provide for the better protection and preservation of game game quadrupeds and game birds in Pennsylvania and prescribing penalties for violation of its several provisions

And said bill having been read at length tne third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—47.

Beidleman,	Gyger,	McKee, W. S.	Smith, W. W.,
Buckman,	Hackett,	McNichol,	Snyder, C. A.,
Burke,	Hilton,	Miller,	Snyder, P. W.,
Catlin,	Hindman,	Mills,	Sproul,
Clark,	Hoke,	Moore,	Stewart,
Croft,	Homsher,	Patton,	Thompson,
Crow,	Jenkins,	Phipps,	Tompkins,
DeWitt,	Kurtz,	Salus,	Vare,
Endsley,	Lynch,	Schantz,	Warner,
Farley,	Magee, C. J.,	Semmens,	Washers,
Gerberich,	Martin,	Sensenich,	Kline,
Graff,	McConnell,	Smith, R. E.,	Pres. pro tem

NAYS—1.

Sones,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the House is requested.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 530, as follows:

An Act to amend sections seven and eleven of an act entitled "An Act to regulate the nomination and election of public officers requiring certain expenses incident thereto to be paid by the several counties and punishing certain offences in regard to such elections" approved the tenth day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-three

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section seven of an act entitled "An Act to regulate the nomination and election of public officers requiring certain expenses incident thereto to be paid by the several counties and punishing certain offences in regard to such elections" approved the tenth day of June one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three which reads as follows

"Section 7 Any person whose name has been presented as a candidate may cause his name to be withdrawn from nomination by request in writing signed by him and acknowledged before an officer qualified to take acknowledgments of deeds and filed in the office where his nomination certificate and paper is on file fifteen days or in the case of township or borough elections twelve days previous to the day of the election and no name so withdrawn shall be printed upon the ballots

Where any office not in court of record shall for any cause become vacant after the time for making nominations for such office shall have elapsed or when a writ for a special election to supply a vacancy shall direct such election to be held at a date which would prevent the making of nominations in time to comply with section five of this act nomination for the office to be filled may still be made in accordance with sections two and three of this act but in other respects the provisions of section twelve of this act shall apply to such nominations" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 7 The name of any person who has been presented as a candidate shall not be permitted to be withdrawn from nomination except in case of the death of said candidate

Where any office not in court of record shall for any cause become vacant after the time of making nominations for such office shall have elapsed or when a writ for a special election to supply a vacancy shall direct such election to be held at a date which would prevent the making of nominations in time to comply with section five of this act nominations for the office be filled may still be made in accordance with sections two and three of this act but in other respects the provisions of section twelve of this act shall apply to such nominations

Section 2 That section eleven of the said act which reads as follows

"Section 11 In case of the death or withdrawal of any candidate nominated as herein provided the party convention primary meeting caucus or board or the citizens who nominated such candidate may nominate a substitute in his place by filing in the proper office at any time before the day of election a nomination certificate or paper which shall conform to all the requirements of this act in regard to original certificates or papers Provided that if the said convention or citizens shall have authorized any committee or if any executive committee of any political party be authorized by the rules of said party to make nominations in the event of the death or withdrawal of candidates the said convention shall not be required to reconvene nor the said citizens to sign a new nomination paper but the said committee shall have power to file the requisite nomination certificates or paper which shall recite the facts of the appointment and powers of the said committee (naming all its members) of the death or withdrawal of the candidate and of the action of the committee thereon and the truth of these facts shall be verified by the affidavit annexed to the certificate or paper of two members of the committee and also of at least two of the officers of the convention who made affidavit in support of the original certificate or two of the citizens who made affidavit to the original paper And Provided also That in case of a substituted nomination paper not filed by a committee but signed by citizens it shall only be necessary that two-thirds of the signers of the said paper shall have been signers of the original paper" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 11 In case of the death of any candidate nominated as herein provided the party convention primary meeting caucus or board or the citizens who nominated such candidate may nominate a substitute in his place by filing in the proper office at any time before the day of election a nomination certificate or paper which shall conform to all the requirements of this act in regard to original certificates or papers Provided That if the said convention or citizens shall have authorized any committee or if any executive committee of any political party be authorized by the rules of said party to make nominations in the event of the death of candidates the said convention shall not be required to reconvene nor the said citizens to sign a new nomination paper but the said committee shall have power to file the requisite nomination certificate or papers which shall recite the facts of the appointment and powers of the said committee (naming all its members) of the death of the candidate and of the action of the committee thereon and the truth of these facts shall be verified by the affidavit annexed also of at least two of the officers of the convention who made affidavit in support of the original certificate or two of the citizens who made affidavit to the original paper And Provided also That in case of a substituted nomination paper not filed by a committee but signed by citizens it shall only be necessary that two-thirds of the signers of the paper shall have been signers of the original paper

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—34.

Beidleman,	Gerberich,	McKee, W. S.,	Smith, W. W.,
Buckman,	Graff,	McNichol,	Snyder, C. A.,
Burke,	Homsher,	Miller,	Sones,
Catlin,	Jenkins,	Patton,	Sproul,
Clark,	Kurtz,	Phipps,	Thompson,
Daix,	Lynch,	Salus,	Tompkins,
DeWitt,	Magee, C. J.,	Schantz,	Vare,
Endsley,	Martin,	Semmens,	Kline,
Farley,	McConnell,		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—9.

Gyger,	Hoke,	Sensenich,	Snyder, P. W.,
Hilton,	Moore,	Smith, R. E.,	Stewart,
Hindman,			

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILL OVER IN ORDER.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I ask that Senate Bill No. 531, on third reading, entitled:

An Act to repeal an act approved the twenty-fourth day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act to regulate nominations and elections for all elective offices of cities of the second class and all offices of judge of a court of record providing for non-partisan nominations and elections for said offices abolishing certain existing methods of nomination in such cases and the use of party or political names or appellations at elections with respect to said officers imposing certain duties upon the Secretary of the Commonwealth county commissioners and election officers and clerks and providing penalties for the violation of the provisions hereof and the punishment of certain offences"

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 533, as follows:

An Act to amend sections fifteen and eighteen of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the personal registration of electors and their enrollment as members of political parties in cities of the first and second classes of this Commonwealth to make such registration a condition of the right to vote in such cities and their said enrollment as members of a political party a condition of the right to vote at primaries in said cities and providing for the payment of witness fees for persons summoned before the commissioners to provide penalties for violations of its provisions and to repeal acts inconsistent herewith" approved the twenty-fourth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section fifteen of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the personal registration of electors and their enrollment as members of political parties in cities of the first and second classes of this Commonwealth to make such registration a condition of the right to vote in such cities and their said enrollment as members of a political party a condition of the right to vote at primaries in said cities and providing for the payment of witness fees for persons summoned before the commissioners to provide penalties for violations of its provisions and to repeal acts inconsistent herewith" approved the twenty-fourth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen which reads as follows

Section 15 If any citizen shall object to the action of the registrars in accepting or rejecting any claim for registration he may file with his petition duly sworn to by said citizen with the commissioners setting forth the ground of his complaint If the complaint is to the acceptance of a claim notice to the claimant shall be given by leaving a written or printed notice at his place of residence as given by him to the registrar and recorded in the register When such petitions are filed the commissioners shall fix a time and place for hearing them sufficiently in advance of the election to enable the same to be heard and disposed of prior thereto and to have a review thereof by the courts Such hearing shall be public before the commissioners and the register of voters may be amended either by the insertion of a new name or the cancelation of a name already on the register or otherwise as the commissioners may order The commissioners may enforce their orders as herein provided or may make the amendments themselves or by their clerks All such applications for correcting the register must be made not later than two weeks prior to a general or municipal election

The applicant or any elector who is not satisfied with the decisions of the commissioners may petition the court of common pleas setting forth the reason why he feels that injustice has been done and thereupon the said court of common pleas may in its discretion allow an appeal to it from the decision of the commissioners The said court may then fix a day for a public hearing of which notice shall be served by the petitioner upon the commissioners and upon the person of his attorney who opposed his contention before the commissioners together with a copy of the petition at least five days before such public hearing may take place proof of which must be exhibited to the court The said court after such public hearing may reverse affirm or alter the decision of the commissioners Such petitions for appeals must be filed not later than ten days preceeding an election Any qualified elector who has by himself or his duly authorized agent or attorney paid his taxes after the last day of the Fall registration and on or before the final day for the payment of the same in odd-numbered years or any qualified elector who will arrive at the age of twenty-one years between the primary election and the next succeeding election or any elector who has become qualified

by reason of naturalization or residence in the division in which he seeks to be registered between the primary election and the next succeeding election may on the twentieth day preceding the election in odd-numbered years present his petition to the commissioners setting forth the fact as to the payment of his taxes and giving in detail the information required to be recorded in the register and praying that his name may be added to the register in the proper division If the facts are proven to the satisfaction of the commissioners subject to the same conditions as though the applicant for such registration had presented himself for registration before the board of registrars of his district they shall order the name of the petitioner to be inserted in the register in the proper place

Any qualified elector who was to ill to appear at the polling-place on all of the registration days or who was unavoidably absent from the city on all of said days may at any time but not less than two weeks before any election or primary present his petition to the commissioners setting forth the facts as to his illness or unavoidable absence and setting forth in detail the information required to be recorded in the register and praying that his name may be added to the register of the proper division After this petition shall have remained in the office of the commissioners open to public inspection for at least two days a hearing shall be granted The petitioner shall personally appear and if the facts are proven to the satisfaction of the commissioners to be as reported they shall order the name of the petitioner to be inserted on the register in the proper place This hearing shall be public and any qualified elector of the division shall have the right to challenge and to require proper proof of identity as in the case of registry before the registrars If any person is not satisfied with the decision of the commissioners he may appeal to the court of common pleas as in other cases The commissioners shall also have power to investigate on their own motion any irregularities in registration and shall have power to summon witnesses to examine them under oath to require the production of the books and papers of the registrars and to correct the registers by striking off names which they may find to be improperly registered The commissioners shall have authority to summon such number of registrars as in their judgment may be necessary to assist them in carrying into effect the provisions of this section Registrars when summoned by the commissioners under this section shall be entitled to and receive the same compensation as is received by registrars under the existing law for registration services All witnesses summoned to appear before the registration commissioners shall be entitled to receive one dollar and fifty cents per day as witness fees" shall be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 15 If any citizen shall object to the action of the registrars in accepting or rejecting any claim for registration he may file with his petition duly sworn to by said citizen with the commisisoners setting forth the ground of his complaint If the complaint is to the acceptance of a claim notice to the claimant shall be given by leaving a written or printed notice at his place of residence as given by him to the registrar and recorded in the register When such petitions are filed the commissioners shall fix a time and place for hearing them sufficiently in advance of the election to enable the same to be heard and disposed of prior thereto and to have a review thereof by the courts Such hearing shall be public before the commissioners and the register of voters may be amended either by the insertion of a new name or the cancellation of a name already on the register or otherwise as the commissioners may order The commissioners may enforce their orders as herein provided or may make amendments themselves or by their clerks All such applications for correcting the register must be made not later than two weeks prior to a general or municipal election

The applicant or any elector who is not satisfied with the decision of the commissioners may petition the court of common pleas setting forth the reason why he feels that injustice has been done and thereupon the said court of common pleas may in its discretion allow an appeal to it from the decision of the commissioners The said court may then fix a day for a public hearing of which notice shall be served by the petitioner upon the commissioners and upon the person or his attorney who opposed his contention before the commissioners together with a copy of the petition at least five days before such public hearing may take place proof of which must be exhibited to the court The said court after such public hearing may reverse affirm or alter the decision of the commissioners Such petitions for appeals must be filed not later than ten days preceding an election Any qualified elector who has by himself or his duty authorized agent or attorney paid his taxes after the last day of the Fall registration and on or before the final day for the payment of the same in odd-numbered years or any qualified elector who will arrive at the age of twenty-one years between the primary election and the next succeeding election or any elector who has become qualified by reason of naturalization or residence in the division in which he seeks to be registered between the primary election and the next succeding election may on the twentieth day preceding the election in odd-numbered years present his petition to the commissioners setting forth the fact as to the payment of his taxes and giving in detail the information required to be recorded in the register and praying that his name may be added to the register in the proper division If the facts are proven to the satisfaction of the commissioners subject to the same conditions as though the applicant for such registration had presented himself for registration before the board of registrars of his district they shall order the name of the petitioner to be inserted in the register in the proper place

Any qualified elector who was too ill to appear at the polling-place on all of the registration days or who was unavoidably absent from the city on all of said days may at any time but not less than two weeks before any election or primary present his petition to the commissioners setting forth the facts as to his illness or unavoidable absence and setting forth in detail the information required to be recorded in the register and praying that his name may be added to the register of the proper division After his petition shall have remained in the office of the commissioners open to public inspection for at least two days a hearing shall be granted The petitioner shall personally appear and if the facts are proven to the satisfaction of the commissioners to be as reported they shall order the name of the petitioner to be inserted on the register in the proper place This hearing shall be public and any qualified elector of the division shall have the right to challenge and to require proper proof of identity as in the case of registry before the registrars If any person is not satisfied with the decision of the commissioners he may appeal to the court of common pleas as in other cases The commissioners shall also have power to investigate on their own motion any irregularities in registration and shall have power to summon witnesses to examine them under oath to require the production of the books and papers of the registrars and to correct the registers by striking off names which they may find to be improperly registered The commissioners shall have authority to summon such number of registrars as in their judgment may be necessary to assist them in carrying into effect the provisions of this section Registrars when summoned by the commissioners under this section shall be entitled to and receive the same compensation as is received by registrars under the existing law for registration services All persons filing appeals or petitions with the board praying action on its part shall have the privilege of having subpoenaes issued by the board to compel the attendance of witnesses and shall pay therefor at the rate of fifty (50) cents for each subpoena addressed to a single individual and twenty-five (25) cents for each additional name thereon All witnesses subpoenaed to appear before the board of registration commissioners shall be entitled to receive one dollar and fifty cents ($1.50) each per day as witness fees for their attendance which shall be paid at the time of service of the subpoena upon the witness and no witness shall be obliged to appear before the board of registration commissioners or be compelled to testify until such witness fees have been paid him her or them

Section 2 That section eighteen of the aforesaid act which reads as follows

Section 18 Any person who wilfully disobeys a lawful order of the commissioners or refuses to obey their subpoena duly issued and served shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars Provided however That no witness shall be obliged to appear before the Registration Commissioners Any wilful false statement made under oath by any person in relation to any matter or thing concerning which he shall be lawfully interrogated by the registrars or by the commissioners shall be perjury and any person upon conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars or to undergo an imprisonment not exceeding two years or both in the discretion of the court

A registrar who intentionally registers or permits to be registered a person not lawfully entitled to be registered or who intentionally refuses to register a person lawfully entitled to be registered or who intentionally assists in preventing such person from being registered shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars or to undergo an imprisonment not exceeding five years or both at the discretion of the court

A person who applies for registration knowing that he is not entitled to be registered or who falsely personates another in an application for registration or who knowingly offers false naturalization papers or a fraudulent tax receipt to establish his claim to be registered or who personates another shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be sentenced for every such offense to pay a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars or to undergo an imprisonment not exceeding three years or both in the discretion of the court

A registrar who inserts or intentionally permits to be inserted a name on the registry list without a proper application in person during the hours of registration on a registration day on the part of the person registered or without requiring the proper evidence of the right of the applicant to be registered or who alters any registry list after the entry has been duly made except upon an order of the court or of the commissioners or who makes any entry therein at any time other than during the hours of registration and in the presence of the other registrars shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars or to undergo an imprisonment not exceeding five years or both in the discretion of the court

Any election officer who knowingly refuses the vote of a duly registered and qualified elector or who knowingly accepts the vote of a person not registered in accordance with the provisions of this act or who knowingly receives a vote from a person falsely claiming to be a registered voter shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars or to undergo an imprisonment not exceeding five years or both in the discretion of the court

Any commissioner registrar or other officer upon whom a duty is laid by this act who shall wilfully refuse to perform his said duty shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars or to undergo an imprisonment not exceeding one year or both in the discretion of the court" shall be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 18 Any person who wilfully disobeys a lawful order of the commissioners or refuses to obey their subpoena duly issued and served under the provisions of this act shall be sentenced to pay a fine not to exceed five hundred ($500) dollars Any wilful false statement made under oath by any person in relation to any matter or thing concerning which he or she shall be lawfully interrogated by the registrars or by the commissioners shall be perjury and any person upon conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars or to undergo an imprisonment not exceeding two years or both in the discretion of the court

A registrar who intentionally registers or permits to be registered a person not lawfully entitled to be registered or who intentionally refuses to register a person lawfully entitled to be registered or who intentionally assists in preventing such person from being registered shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars or to undergo an imprisonment not exceeding five years or both at the discretion of the court

A person who applies for registration knowing that he is not entitled to be registered or who falsely personates another in an application for registration or who knowingly offers false naturalization papers or a fraudulent tax receipt to establish his claim to be registered or who personates another shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be sentenced for every such offence to pay a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars or to undergo an imprisonment not exceeding three years or both in the discretion of the court

A registrar who inserts or intentionally permits to be inserted a name on the registry list without a proper application in person during the hours of registration on a registration day on the part of the person registered or without requiring the proper evidence of the right of the applicant to be registered or who alters any registry list after the entry has been duly made except upon an order of the court or of the commissioners or who makes any entry therein at any time other than during the hours of registration and in the presence of the other registrars shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars or to undergo an imprisonment not exceeding five years or both in the discretion of the court

Any election officer who knowingly refuses the vote of a duly registered and qualified elector or who knowingly accepts the vote of a person not registered in accordance with the provisions of this act or who knowingly receives a vote from a person falsely claiming to be a registered voter shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars or to undergo an imprisonment not exceeding five years or both in the discretion of the court

Any commissioner registrar or other officer upon whom a duty is laid by this act who shall wilfully refuse to perform his said duty shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars or to undergo an imprisonment not exceeding one year or both in the discretion of the court

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—29.

Beidleman,	Gerberich,	Magee, C. J.,	Smith, W. W.,
Buckman,	Graff,	Martin,	Snyder, C. A.,
Burke,	Hoke,	McConnell,	Sproul,
Catlin,	Homsher,	McKee, W. S.	Thompson,
Clark,	Jenkins,	McNichol,	Tompkins,
Daix,	Kurtz,	Miller,	Vare,
Endsley,	Lynch,	Salus,	Kline,
Farley,			Pres. pro tem

NAYS—6.

Gyger,	Moore,	Snyder, P. W.,	Stewart,
Hilton,	Smith, R. E.,		

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 534, as follows:

An Act to amend section six of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the personal registration of electors and their enrollment as members of political parties in cities of the first and second classes of this Commonwealth to make such registration a condition of the right to vote in such cities and their said enrollment as members of a political party a condition of the right to vote at primaries in said cities and providing for the payment of witness fees for persons summoned before the commissioners to provide for the payment of witness fees for persons summoned before the commissioners to provide penalties for violations of its provisions and to repeal acts inconsistent herewith" approved the twenty-fourth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section six of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the personal registration of electors and their enrollment as members of political parties in cities of the first and second classes of this Commonwealth to make such registration a condition of the right to vote in such cities and their said enrollment as members of a political party a condition of the right to vote at primaries in said cities and providing for the payment of witness fees for persons summoned before the commissioners to provide penalties for violations of its provisions and to repeal acts inconsistent herewith" approved the twenty-fourth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen which reads as follows

"Section 6 The registrars of each election district shall meet at the polling place thereof in even-numbered years on the ninth Thursday the seventh Tuesday and fifth Saturday preceding the November election which shall be known as the Fall registration on the fifth Wednesday preceding the Spring primary which shall be known as the Spring registration and in odd-numbered years on the tenth Thursday nine Tuesday and eighth Saturday preceding the November election which shall also be known as the Fall registration They shall remain in open session from seven ante meridian to ten ante meridian and from four post meridian to ten post meridian of each registration day They shall on said days receive personal applications from persons who claim that they are entitled to be registered They shall have power to administer oaths shall examine said applicants under oath and shall record on the register the names of those whom they shall determine to be qualified as hereinafter provided Two weeks' notice of the registration days shall be given by the commissioners by publication in at least two daily newspapers in the city and by posting notices at the polling-places Electors who did not register at the fall registration may register at the Spring registration and the lists shall become of no validity at the beginning of the period of Fall registration next succeeding that at which the registers were opened The old registers shall be preserved by the commissioners for at least two years after the year in which they are in use shall be and is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 6 The registrars of each election district shall meet at the polling place thereof in even-numbered years on the ninth Thursday the seventh Tuesday and fifth Saturday preceding the November election which shall be known as the Fall registration on the fifth Wednesday preceding the Spring primary which shall be known as the Spring registration and in odd-numbered years on the ninth Thursday eighth Tuesday and eighth Saturday preceding the November election which shall also be known as the Fall registration They shall remain in open session from seven ante meridian to ten ante meridian and from four post meridian to ten post meridian of each registration day They shall on said days receive personal applications from persons who claim that they are entitled to be registered They shall have power to administer oaths shall examine said applicants under oath and shall record on the register the names of those whom they shall determine to be qualified as hereinafter provided Two weeks' notice of the registration days shall be given by the commissioners by publication in at least two daily newspapers in the city and by posting notices at the polling-places Electors who did not register at the Fall registration may register at the Spring registration and the lists shall become of no validity at the beginning of the period of Fall registration next succeeding that at which the registers were opened The old registers shall be preserved by the commissioners for at least two years after the year in which they are in use

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I have heard some of the Senators are wondering what these bills are. This bill merely extends the time for registration to the first week in September instead of the last week in August, and I think it is a convenience for people who are called out of town during the summer months, or away on a vacation. Every Senator who will read the act will find it is a very meritorious proposition.

And the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—43.

Beidleman,	Graff,	McKee, W. S.	Snyder, C. A.,
Buckman,	Hilton,	McNichol,	Snyder, P. W.,
Burke,	Hindman,	Miller,	Sones,
Catlin,	Hoke,	Mills,	Sproul,
Clark,	Homsher,	Moore,	Thompson,
Croft,	Jenkins,	Patton,	Tompkins,
Daix,	Kurtz,	Phipps,	Vare,
DeWitt,	Lynch,	Salus,	Warner,
Endsley,	Magee, C. J.,	Schantz,	Washers,
Farley,	Martin,	Semmens,	Kline,
Gerberich,	McConnell,	Smith, W. W.,	Pres. pro tem

NAYS—2.

Smith, R. E., Stewart,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 539, as follows:

An Act repealing section three of an act entitled "An Act to regulate the nomination and election of public officers requiring certain expenses incident thereto to be paid by the several counties and punishing certain offences in regard to such elections" approved the tenth day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-three as amended by an act approved the ninth day of July one thousand eight hundred ninety-seven

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section three of an act entitled "An Act to regulate the nomination and election of public officers requiring certain expenses incident thereto to be paid by the several counties and punishing certain offences in regard to such elections" approved the tenth day of June one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three as amended by an act approved the ninth day of July one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven which reads as follows

"Section 3 Nominations of candidates for any public office may also be made by nomination papers signed by qualified electors of the State or of the electoral district or division thereof for which the nomination is made and filed in the proper office as provided in section five of this act Blank forms for making such nomination shall be furnished by the Secretary of the Commonwealth and no other form than the ones so prescribed shall be used for such purpose Where the nomination is for any office to be filled by the voters of the State-at-large the number of the qualified electors of the State signing such nomination paper shall be at least one-half of one per centum of the largest vote for any officer elected in the State at the last preceding election at which a State officer was voted for In the case of all other nominations the number of qualified electors of the electorial district or division signing such nomination paper shall be at least two per centum of the largest entire vote for any officer elected at the last preceding election in the said electoral district or division for which said nomination papers are designed to be made Each elector signing a nomination paper shall add to his signature his place of residence and occupation and no person may subscribe to more than one nomination for each office to be filled The signatures to each nomination paper and the qualification of the signers shall be vouched for by the affidavit of at least five of the signers thereof which affidavit shall accompany the nomination paper Provided That if five of the electors composing any political body making a nomination by nomination papers shall file with the prothonotary of the county in which the nomination paper or papers are to be filed an affidavit setting forth that they have adopted a certain political appellation to designate their policy subject to the limitations of this act regarding the selection of names that thereafter such political body shall have the exclusive right to use the said name or appellation for the election for which such nomination or nominations are made provided that a certificate from the prothonotary setting forth such a compliance with the act be filed with the nomination papers filed by such political body" be and the same is hereby repealed

Section 2 That all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, this is a bill repealing nomination papers, and there is a clause in here which reenacts the question of nomination before the primaries. It is a mere matter of changing the time of filing nomination papers for the formation of a new party. We have had this bill before and it has been threshed out in Committee. I think it is a bill that is satisfactory to every locality in the State and it gives a new party an opportunity to organize a party six months, three months or four months in advance of the coming election.

And the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—35.

Beidleman,	Gerberich,	McNichol,	Sones,
Buckman,	Homsher,	Mills,	Sproul,
Burke,	Jenkins,	Patton,	Thompson,
Catlin,	Kurtz,	Phipps,	Tompkins,
Clark,	Lynch,	Salus,	Vare,
Daix,	Magee, C. J.	Schantz,	Warner,
DeWitt,	Martin,	Semmens,	Washers,
Endsley,	McConnell,	Smith, W. W.,	Kline,
Farley,	McKee, W. S.	Snyder, C. A.,	Pres. pro tem

NAYS—4.

Hoke, Smith, R. E., Snyder, P. W., Stewart,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 540, as follows:

An Act to amend section five of an act entitled "An Act regulating certain political parties providing for and regulating the nomination of candidates of such political parties for certain public offices the election of delegates and alternate delegates to National party conventions and of certain party officers including State committeemen a method whereby electors of such political parties may express their choice of candidates for the office of President of the United States and the payment by the several counties and their reimbursement by the State of the expense of the same authorizing the State committee of political party to make and to alter amend and revoke rules and providing penalties for the violation of the provisions of this act and for the punishment of certain offenses provided for herein and repealing inconsistent legislation" approved the twelfth day of July Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That so much of section five of an act entitled "An Act regulating certain political parties providing for and regulating the nomination of candidates of such political parties for certain public offices the election of delegates and alternate delegates to National party conventions and of certain party officers including State committeemen a method whereby electors of such political parties may express their choice of candidates for the office of President of the United States and the payment by the several counties and their reimbursement by the State of the expenses of the same authorizing the State committee of a political party to make and alter amend and revoke rules and providing penalties for the violation of the provisions of this act and for the punishment of certain offenses provided for herein and repealing inconsistent legislation" approved the twelfth day of July Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen which reads as follows

"Under each group of names of candidates shall be printed as many blank spaces defined by light lines or rules three-eighths of an inch apart as there are to be candidates nominated for such office

On the back of such ballot shall be printed in prominent type the words "Official primary ballot of..... Party" and there shall also appear on the back of such ballot the facsimile signatures of the county commissioners of the county

The ballot shall vary in form only as the names of districts offices candidates or the provisions of this act may require The names of candidates shall appear in alphabetical order under the respective offices

Opposite or under the name of each candidate except candidates for the office of President of the United States who is to be voted for by the electors of more than one

county shall be printed the name of the county in which such candidate resides and opposite or under the name of each candidate who is to be voted for by the electors of an entire county or any Congressional Senatorial or Representative district within the county shall be printed the name of the township borough or ward and city as the case may be in which such candidate resides

The voter may designate his choice as is indicated by the instructions shown on the form of ballot above set forth If he shall vote for more persons for any office than there are candidates to be nominated or elected for such office or if for any reason it may be impossible to determine his choice for any office his ballot shall not be counted for such office but the rest of his ballot if properly marked shall be counted No ballot shall be rejected for any technical error which does not render it impossible to determine the voter's choice" be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows

Under each group of names of candidates shall be printed as many blank spaces defined by light lines or rules three-eighths of an inch apart as there are to be candidates nominated for such office

On the back of such ballot shall be printed in prominent type the words "Official primary ballot of..... Party" and there shall also appear on the back of such ballot the facsimile signatures of the county commissioners of the county

The ballot shall vary in form only as the names of districts offices candidates or the provisions of this act may require The names of candidates shall appear in alphabetical order under the respective offices

Opposite or under the name of each candidate except candidates for the office of President of the United States who is to be voted for by the electors of more than one county shall be printed the name of the county in which such candidate resides and opposite or under the name of each candidate who is to be voted for by the electors of an entire county or any Congressional Senatorial or Representative district within the county shall be printed the name of the township borough or ward and city as the case may be in which such candidate resides

If two or more candidates for the same office shall have the same surnames or similar surnames the county commissioners shall upon the request of any said candidates filed in writing not later than five days after the last day for filing nomination petitions print the occupation of any such candidate so filing a request on the ballot opposite or under his name

The voter may designate his choice as is indicated by the instructions shown on the form of ballot above set forth If he shall vote for more persons for any office than there are candidates to be nominated or elected for such office or if for any reason it may be impossible to determine his choice for any office his ballot shall not be counted for such office but the rest of his ballot if properly marked shall be counted No ballot shall be rejected for any technical error which does not render it impossible to determine the voter's choice

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—41.

Beidleman,	Gyger,	McKee, W. S.,	Snyder, C. A.,
Buckman,	Hackett,	McNichol,	Sones,
Burke,	Hoke,	Miller,	Sproul,
Catlin,	Homsher,	Mills,	Stewart,
Clark,	Jenkins,	Patton,	Thompson,
Croft,	Kurtz,	Phipps,	Tompkins,
Daix,	Lynch,	Salus,	Vare,
DeWitt,	Magee, C. J.,	Schantz,	Warner,
Endsley,	Martin,	Semmens,	Washers,
Farley,	McConnell,	Smith, W. W.,	Kline,
Gerberich,			Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—3.

Graff,	Smith, R. E.,	Snyder, P. W.,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. SALUS. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 547, on third reading, entitled:

An Act supplementing and amending sections three five and six of an act entitled "An Act to establish and maintain for the city of Philadelphia a house of correction employment and reformation for adults and minors" approved the second day of June one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one as amended by the act of first of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five and as amended by the act twentieth of April one thousand nine hundred and three by depriving the mayor or recorder or any alderman of the City of Philadelphia or police magistrate or justice of the peace from any jurisdiction over certain causes set out in such act and placing the said jurisdiction over such causes in a judge or judges of the Municipal Court of Philadelphia

be recommitted to the Committee on Municipal Affairs for a hearing.

Mr. JENKINS. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 572, entitled:

An Act to revive and continue in force the provisions of an act entitled "An Act to extend the time during which corporations may hold and convey the title to real estate heretofore bought under execution or conveyed to them in satisfaction of debts and now remaining in their hands unsold" approved the tenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven insofar as it relates to banking companies amending and extending the same and giving said banking companies the right to bring suit and maintain an action either at law or in equity and to maintain any acton already brought for the recovery of possession of property so bought the same as an individual could do

And said bill having been read at length the third time,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill?

Mr. C. A. SNYDER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to amend the title in line 6, by striking out the word "tenth" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "twenty-second"; also in line 6, by striking out the word "June" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "May"; also in line 7, by striking out the word "nine" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "eight"; also in line 7, by striking out the word "eleven" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "seventy-eight"; also section 1, in line 8, by striking out the word "tenth" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "twenty-second"; also in line 9, by striking out the word "June" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "May"; also in line 9, by striking out the word "nine" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "eight"; also in line 10, by striking out the word "eleven" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "seventy-eight."

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

The amendment was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill as amended?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended be printed for the use of the Senate.

BILL OVER IN ORDER.

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. President, I ask that Senate Bill No. 587 (House Bill No. 779), entitled:

An Act to amend the first section of an act entitled "An Act enabling the libellant in all proceedings for divorce on the ground of desertion to testify to the fact of desertion and to the efforts made by him or her to induce the respondent to return and resume the marital relation" approved June eighth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven by enabling the libellant to testify where the cause of divorce is personal abuse or conduct on the part of either the husband or wife as to render the condition of the other intolerable and life burdensome or when the husband shall have by cruel and barbarous treatment endangered his wife's life or offered such indignities to her person as to render her condition intolerable and life burdensome

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 591 (House No. 619), entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act authorizing companies incorporated under the laws of any other state of the United States for the manufacture of any form of iron steel or glass to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments and to take have and hold real estate necessary and proper for manufacturing purposes" approved the ninth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one extending the same to companies formed

for the purpose of quarrying slate granite stone or rocks or for dressing polishing working or manufacturing the same or any of them and to mineral springs companies incorporated for the purpose of bottling and selling natural mineral springs water approved the sixteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three" approved the nineteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one extending the same to companies formed for the purpose of manufacturing and selling chemicals foodstuffs cement and cement products and the quarrying of cement rock' approved May twenty-eighth one thousand nine hundred and seven extending the same to companies incorporated for the manufacture buying selling leasing using and operation of electrical apparatus and machinery and articles of every kind appertaining to or in any wise connected with the production use regulation control distribution or application of electricity or electrical energy or products for any use or purpose constructing acquiring using selling buying or leasing any works construction or plant or part thereof connected with or involving such use distribution regulation control or application of electricity or the control or use of electrical apparatus for any purpose and of producing furnishing and supplying electricity or electrical apparatus in any form and for any purpose and to carry on a general manufacturing business approved the twenty-third day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven extending the same to companies incorporated for the manufacture of any clay into brick tile or other articles and products produced from clay or from clay and other substances mixed therewith

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—42.

Beidleman,	Gyger,	Mills,	Snyder, P. W.,
Buckman,	Homsher,	Moore,	Sones,
Burke,	Jenkins,	Patton,	Sproul,
Catlin,	Kurtz,	Phipps,	Stewart,
Clark,	Lynch,	Salus,	Thompson,
Daix,	Magee, C. J.,	Schantz,	**Tompkins,**
DeWitt,	Martin,	Semmens,	Vare,
Endsley,	McConnell,	Sensenich,	Warner,
Farley,	McKee, W. S.,	Smith, W. W.,	Wasbers,
Gerberich,	McNichol,	Snyder, C. A.,	**Kline.**
Graff,	**Miller,**		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now proceed to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 587 (House Bill No. 779), on third reading, entitled:

An Act to amend the first section of an act entitled "An Act enabling the libellant in all proceedings for divorce on the ground of desertion to testify to the fact of desertion and to the efforts made by him or her to induce the respondent to return and resume the marital relation" approved June eighth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven by enabling the libellant to testify where the cause of divorce is personal abuse or conduct on the part of either the husband or wife as to render the condition of the other intolerable and life burdensome or when the husband shall have by cruel and barbarous treatment endangered his wife's life or offered such indignities to her person as to render her condition intolerable and life burdensome

Mr. SCHANTZ. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 587 (House Bill No. 779), entitled:

An Act to amend the first section of an act entitled "An Act enabling the libellant in all proceedings for divorce on the ground of desertion to testify to the fact of desertion and to the efforts made by him or her to induce the respondent to return and resume the marital relation" approved June eighth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven by enabling the libellant to testify where the cause of divorce is personal abuse or conduct on the part of either the husband or wife as to render the condition of the other intolerable and life burdensome or when the husband shall have by cruel and barbarous treatment endangered his wife's life or offered such indignities to her person as to render her condition intolerable and life burdensome

And said bill having been read at length the third time,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill?

Mr. BEIDLEMAN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to amend the title in line 6, by striking out the word "enabling" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "making"; also by striking out in line 6, the word "to"; also by striking out lines 7 and 13 inclusive, and inserting in lieu thereof the words, "A Competent witness generally."

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

The amendment was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill as amended?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended by printed for the use of the Senate.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 598 (House No. 432), entitled:

An Act relating to the administration of the estate of an intestate decedent

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—41.

Beidleman,	Hackett,	**Miller,**	Snyder, P. W.,
Buckman,	Homsher,	Mills,	Sones,
Burke,	Jenkins,	Patton,	Sproul,
Catlin,	Kurtz,	Phipps,	Stewart,
Clark,	Lynch,	Salus,	**Thompson,**
Daix,	Magee, C. J.,	Schantz,	Tompkins,
DeWitt,	**Martin,**	Semmens,	Vare,
Endsley,	McConnell,	Smith, R. E.,	Warner,
Farley,	McKee, W. S.	Smith, W. W.,	Wasbers,
Gerberich,	McNichol,	Snyder, C. A.,	Kline,
Graff,			Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 609 (House Bill No. 885), entitled:

An Act extending the powers and duties of foresters forest rangers game protectors deputy game protectors special deputy game protectors fish wardens and deputy fish wardens of this Commonwealth

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—45.

Beidleman,	Gyger,	McNichol,	**Snyder, C. A.,**
Buckman,	Hackett,	**Miller,**	**Snyder, P. W.,**
Burke,	Hindman,	Mills,	Sones,
Catlin,	Hoke,	Moore,	Sproul,
Clark,	Jenkins,	Patton,	Stewart,
Croft,	Kurtz,	Phipps,	Thompson,
Daix,	**Lynch,**	Salus,	Tompkins,
DeWitt,	Magee, C. J.	Schantz,	Vare,
Endsley,	Martin,	Semmens,	Warner,
Farley,	McConnell,	Sensenich,	Wasbers,
Gerberich,	McKee, W. S.,	Smith, W. W.,	Kline,
Graff,			Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the House is requested.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 612, entitled:

An Act to validate bonds of any school district in this Commonwealth and the indebtedness represented by said bonds heretofore issued since the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven when such indebtedness or increase in indebtedness was not incurred and such bonds were not issued at the time of assessing and levying the annual school taxes

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—42.

Beidleman,	Graff,	Miller,	Snyder, P. W.,
Buckman,	Hoke,	Mills,	Sones,
Burke,	Homsher,	Moore,	Sproul,
Catlin,	Jenkins,	Patton,	Stewart,
Clark,	Kuntz,	Phipps,	Thompson,
Croft,	Lynch,	Salus,	Tompkins,
Daix,	Magee, C. J.,	Schantz,	Vare,
DeWitt,	Martin,	Semmens,	Warner,
Endsley,	McConnell,	Smith, W. W.,	Wasbers,
Farley,	McKee, W. S.,	Snyder, C. A.,	Kline,
Gerberich,	McNichol,		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 627, entitled:

An Act to amend sections one two and eight of an act entitled "An Act regulating certain political parties providing for and regulating the nomination of candidates of such political parties for certain public offices the election of delegates and alternate delegates to National party conventions and of certain party officers including State committeemen a method whereby electors of such political parties may express their choice of candidates for the office of President of the United States and the payment by the several counties and their reimbursement by the State of the expenses of the same authorizing the State committee of a political party to make and to alter amend and revoke rules and providing penalties for the violation of the provisions of this act and for the punishment of certain offenses provided for herein and repealing inconsistent legislation" approved the twelfth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section one of an act entitled "An Act regulating certain political parties providing for and regulating the nomination of candidates of such political parties for certain public offices the election of delegates and alternate delegates to national party conventions and of certain party officers including State committeemen a method whereby electors of such political parties may express their choice of candidates for the office of President of the United States and the payment of by the several counties and their reimbursement by the State of the expenses of the same authorizing the State committee of a political party to make and to alter amend and revoke rules and providing penalties for the violation of the provisions of this act and for the punishment of certain offences provided for herein and repealing inconsistent legislation" approved the twelfth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen which reads as follows

"Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That hereafter all candidates of political parties as herein defined for the office of United States Senator for the office of Representative in Congress for all elective State county city ward borough township school district and election division or district offices and for all other elective public offices except that of presidential elector shall be nominated and delegates and alternate delegates to National party conventions and State committeemen shall be elected at primaries held in accordance with the provisions of this act and in no other manner All such party officers as are required by the rules of the several political parties to be elected by the vote of the party electors shall be elected at primaries held in accordance with the provisions of this act excepting members of the National committee who shall be elected as hereinafter provided in the years when candidates for the office of President of the United States are to be nominated every qualified elector of a political party herein defined to be a political party within the State shall have opportunity at the primaries held in such years subject to the provisions of this act to vote his preference for one person to be the candidate of his political party for President This act shall not apply to the nomination of candidates to be voted for at special elections to fill vacancies except when such special election is held at the time of a regular election and such vacancy occured or existed at least sixty days prior to the regular primary antecedent to such regular election and nothing herein contained shall prevent any body of electors not constituting a political party from nominating candidates by nomination papers as is now or may hereafter be provided by law

The State committee of each political party may make such rules for the government of such State committee not inconsistent with law as it may deem expedient and may also revoke or alter or amend in any manner not inconsistent with law any present or future rules such State committee

National committeemen shall be elected by the State committee of each respective party unless the rules of the National party otherwise provide in which case they shall be elected in the manner provided by the rules of the National party and all State committeemen shall be elected by Senatorial districts Each Senatorial district shall he entitled to elect two members of the State committee except where a Senatorial district is composed of more than one county or part of a county in which event the electors residing in each county or part of a county embraced in the said Senatorial district shall be entitled to elect one State committeeman The State committeemen thus elected shall meet for organization not later than the third Wednesday following their election at such hours and place as shall be designated by the State chairman of each respective body The said committeemen shall be elected at the fall primary in the year one thousand nine hundred and thirteen and shall hold office until their successors are duly elected and qualified at the spring primary of the year one thousand nine hundred and fourteen Provided however That where the existing rules of a party provide for the election of State committeemen by the county committeemen of the respective counties in the year one thousand nine hundred and thirteen the State committeemen so elected shall serve until their successors are duly elected and qualified under the privisions of this act at the spring primary in the year one thousand nine hundred and fourteen Thereafter the said State committeemen of all parties shall be elected at the spring primary

Vacancies happening at any time in the office of National committeeman shall be filled by the State committee of the respective party unless the rules of the National party otherwise provide in which case vacancies shall be filled in the manner provided by the rules of the National party

Vacancies happening at any time in the office of State committeeman shall be filled by the city or county committee of the respective parties Provided That when said vacancy occurs in a county composed of more than one Senatorial district the members of the city or county committee embraced within the Senatorial district in said county shall elect said committeeman and when a vacancy occurs in a Senatorial district composed of more than one county or part of a county the members of the county committee embraced within said county or part of a county shall elect said committeeman shall be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That hereafter all candidates of political parties as herein defined for the office of United States Senator for the office of Representatives in Congress for all elective State county city ward borough township school district and election division or district officers and for all other elective public offices except that of presidential elector shall be nominated and delegates and alternate delegates to National party conventions and State committeemen shall be elected at primaries held in accordance with the provisions of this act and in no other manner All such party officers as are required by the rules of the several political parties to be elected by the vote of the party electors shall be elected at primaries held in accordance with the provisions of this act excepting members of the National committee who shall be elected as hereinafter provided This act shall not apply to the nomination of candidates to be voted for at special elections to fill vacancies except when such special election is held at the time of a regular election and such vacancy occurred or existed at least sixty days prior to the regular primary antecedent to such regular election

The State committee of each political party may make such rules for the government of such State committee not inconsistent with law as it may deem expedient and may also revoke or alter or amend in any manner not inconsistent with law any present or future rules of such State committee

National committeemen shall be elected by the State committee of each respective party at the meeting for organization of the respective State committees unless the rules of the National party otherwise provided in which case they shall be elected in the manner provided by the rules of the National party and all State committeemen shall be elected by Senatorial districts Each Senatorial district shall be entitled to elect two members of the State committee except where a Senatorial district is composed of more than one county or part of a county in which event the electors residing in each county or part of a county embraced in the said Senatorial district shall be entitled to elect one State committeeman The State committeemen thus elected shall meet for organization not later than the third Wednesday following their election at such hour and place as shall be designated by the State chairman of each respective party The said State committeemen shall be elected at the fall primary in the year one thousand nine hundred and thirteen and shall hold office until their successors are duly elected and qualified at the spring primary of the year one thousand nine hundred and fourteen Provided however That where the existing rules of a party provide for the election of State committeemen by the county committeemen of the respective counties in the year one thousand nine hundred and thirteen the State committeemen so elected shall serve until their successors are duly elected and qualified under the provisions of this act at the spring primary in the year one thousand nine hundred and fourteen Thereafter the said State committeemen of all parties shall be elected at the spring primary

Vacancies happening at any time in the office of National committeemen shall be filled by the State committee of the respective party unless the rules of the National party otherwise provide in which case vacancies shall be filled in the manner provided by the rules of the National party

Vacancies happening at any time in the office of State committeeman shall be filled by the city or county committee of the respective parties Provided That when said vacancy occurs in a county composed of more than one Senatorial district the members of the city or county committee embraced within the Senatorial district in said county shall elect said committeeman and when a vacancy occurs in

a Senatorial district composed of more than one county or part of a county the members of the county committee embraced within said county or part of a county shall elect said committeeman

Section 2 That section two of the aforesaid act which reads as follows

"Section 2 Any part or body of electors one of whose candidates at the general election next preceding the primary polled in each of at least ten counties of the State not less than two per centum of the largest entire vote cast in each of said counties for any elected candidate and polled a total vote in the State equal to at least two per centum of the largest entire vote cast in the State for any elected candidate is hereby declared to be a political party within the State and shall nominate all its candidates for any of the offices provided for in this act and shall elect its delegates and alternate delegates to the National convention State committeemen and also such party officers including members of the National committee as its rules provide shall be elected by a vote of the party electors in accordance with the provisions of this act

Any party or body of electors one of whose candidates at either the general or municipal election preceding the primary polled at least five per centum of the largest entire vote cast for any elected candidate in any county is hereby declared to be a political party within said county and shall nominate all its candidates for office in such county and in all political districts within said county or of which said county forms a part and shall elect such party officers as its rules provided shall be elected therein by a vote of the party electors in accordance with the provisions of this act" shall be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 2 Any party or body of electors one of whose candidates at the general election next preceding the primary polled in each of at least ten counties of the State not less than five per centum of the largest entire vote cast in each of said counties for any elected candidate and polled a total vote in the State equal to at least four per centum of the largest entire vote cast in the State for any elected candidate is hereby declared to be a political party within the State and shall nominate all its candidates for any of the offices provided for in this act and shall elect its delegates and alternate delegates to the National convention State committeemen and also such party officers including members of the National committee as its rules provide shall be elected by a vote of the party electors in accordance with the provisions of this act

Any party or body of electors one of whose candidates at the general or municipal election preceding the primary polled at least five per centum of the largest entire vote cast for any elected candidate in any county is hereby declared to be a political party within said county and shall nominate all its candidates for office in such county and in all political districts within said county or of which said county forms a part and shall elect such party officers as its rules provide shall be elected by a vote of the party electors in accordance with the provisions of this act

Any party or body of electors who shall be entitled by reason of any law of this Commonwealth to participate in the primaries as a political party shall be and is hereby declared to be a political party within the meaning of this act and shall nominate all its candidates for offices in the State or in any electorial district or division as the case may be in which they shall under said law have the right to nominate all its candidates for public offices in the State or in the electorial district or division as the case may be and shall elect such party officers as its rules provide shall be elected by a vote of the party elector in accordance with the provisions of this act

Section 3 That section eight of the aforesaid act which reads as follows

"Section 8 No nomination petition shall be refused or set aside except for

(a) Material error or defects apparent on the face thereof or on the face of the appended or accompanying affidavits or

(b) Material alterations made after signing without the consent of the signers or

(c) Want of a sufficient number of genuine signatures of persons qualified with respect to age sex residence and citizenship to be electors

The invalidity of any sheet of a petition shall not affect the validity of such petition if a sufficient petition remains after eliminating such invalid sheet

Application to set aside any nomination petition shall be by petition to the court of common pleas of the county in which such nomination petition has been filed setting forth specifically the matters objected to and must be filed within five days after the last day for filing said nomination petition Upon the presentation of such a petition the court shall make an order fixing a time for hearing which shall not be later than ten days after the last day for filing said nomination petition and specifying the time and manner of notice that shall be given to the candidate named in the nomination petition sought to be set aside

If the matters objected to are such as are specified in subdivision (a) of this section the court upon hearing the case may in its discretion permit amendments within such time and upon such terms as to payment of costs as the said court may specify

In case the petition to set aside a nomination petition is dismissed the petitioner shall pay the whole of the costs of the proceeding including all witness fees" shall be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 8 No nomination petition shall be refused or set aside except for

(a) Material error or defects apparent on the face thereof or on the face of the appended or accompanying affidavits or

(b) Material alterations made after signing without the consent of the signers or

(c) Want of a sufficient number of genuine signatures of persons qualified with respect to age sex residence and membership in the designated party

The invalidity of any sheet of a petition shall not affect the validity of such petition if a sufficient petition remains after eliminating such invalid sheet

Application to set aside any nomination petition shall be by petition to the court of common pleas of the county in which such nomination petition has been filed within five days after the last day for filing said nomination petition Upon the presentation of such a petition the court shall make an order fixing a time for hearing which shall not be later than ten days after the last day for filing said nomination petition and specifying the time and manner of notice that shall be given to the candidate named in the nomination petition sought to be set aside

If the matters objected to are such as are specified in subdivision (a) of this section the court upon hearing the case may in its discretion permit amendments within such time and upon such terms as to payment of costs as the said court may specify

In case the petition to set aside a nomination petition is dismissed the petitioner shall pay the whole of the costs of the proceeding including all witness fees

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—33.

Beidleman,	Farley,	Martin,	Smith, W. W.,
Buckman,	Gerberich,	McConnell,	Snyder, C. A.,
Burke,	Graff,	McKee, W. S.,	Sones,
Catlin,	Homsher,	McNichol,	Sproul
Clark.	Jenkins,	Patton,	Thompson,
Croft,	Kurtz,	Phipps,	Tompkins
Daix,	Lynch,	Salus,	Vare.
DeWitt,	Magee, C. J.,	Schantz,	Kline,
Endsley,			Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—9.

Gyger,	Hoke,	Moore,	Snyder, P. W.,
Hilton,	Miller,	Smith, R. E.,	Stewart,
Hindman,			

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILL OVER IN ORDER.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I ask that Senate Bill No. 628, on third reading, entitled:

An Act to amend the fourteenth section of an act entitled "An Act to further amend the ninth and fourteenth sections of the act entitled 'An Act to regulate the nomination and election of public officers requiring certain expenses incident thereto to be paid by the several counties and punishing certain offences in regard to such elections' approved the tenth day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-three as amended by an act approved the ninth day of July one thousand eight hundred ninety-seven also to amend the twenty-second twenty-seventh twenty-eighth and thirtieth sections of said act to regulate the nomination and election of public officers requiring certain expenses incident thereto to be paid by the several counties and punishing certain offences in regard to such elections approved the tenth day of June one thousand eight hundred ninety-three by repealing the limit upon the number of times the names of candidates shall appear on the official ballot by specifying the form contents and manner of printing and counting of official ballots and of making return of all votes and of announcing the total vote by directing the manner in which voters may designate their choice of candidates and their votes upon constitutional amendments or other questions submitted for their votes by prescribing the duties of voters election officers police officers constables deputy constables and helpers and prescribing forms of punishment for violations thereof" approved the twenty-ninth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and three

go over in its order for the purpose of informing myself as to what it really means.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILLS RECOMMITTED.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 629, entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act regulating certain political parties providing for and regulating the nomination of candidates of such political parties for certain public offices the election of delegates and alternate delegates to National party conventions and of certain party officers including State committeemen a method whereby electors of such political parties may express their choice of candidates for the office of President of the United States and the payment by the several counties and their reimbursement by the State of the expenses of the same authorizing the State committee of a political party

to make and to alter amend and revoke rules and providing penalties for the violation of the provisions of this act and for the punishment of certain offences providing for herein and repealing inconsistent legislation" approved the twelfth day of July Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred thirteen

And Senate Bill No. 630, on third reading, entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to regulate nominations and elections for all elective offices of cities of the second class and all offices of judge of a court of record providing for non-partisan nominations and elections for said offices abolishing certain existing methods of nomination in such cases and the use of party or political names or appellations at elections with respect to said offices imposing certain duties upon the Secreary of the Commonwealth county commissioners and election officers and clerks and providing penalties for the violation of the provisions hereof and the punishment of certain offences" approved the twenty-fourth day of July Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred thirteen

be recommitted to the Committee on Elections for the purpose of a hearing.

Mr. DAIX. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 631, as follows:

An Act to provide for the creation by bodies of electors of political parties not otherwise entitled under the law to participate in primaries and elections and giving such parties the right to participate in primaries and elections providing the manner in which such parties may be created providing the manner in which such parties may have the exclusive right to use certain designated names for their parties or policies providing a method of objecting to petitions filed for the purpose of obtaining such exclusive right to use a party name under which to participate in primaries and elections providing for the enrollment of qualified electors so as to entitled them to vote the ballot of such parties at primaries providing for the designation of a person upon whom shall be served notice of objection to such petitions or other notices required by law to be served upon such parties and who shall serve such notices as are required to be made or filed by such parties under the law in the matter of the nomination of candidates providing for the payment of costs incident to objections to such petitions and also for the expense incident to holding such primaries providing penalties for violations of the provisions of this act and the punishment for certain offences hereunder and providing for the repeal of inconsistent legislation

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That whenever a body of electors not otherwise entitled under the law to participate as a political party in a primary or election desire to organize a political party for the purpose of nominating candidates for public offices or party offices at a primary and of electing candidates for public offices or party offices at the succeeding election they are hereby authorized so to do under the following provisions conditions and limitations

When the object of such body of electors shall be to organize a political party to nominate and elect candidates for public offices or party offices to be voted for by the electors of the State-at-large the said body of electors shall file with the Secretary of the Commonwealth a petition setting forth that they have adopted a certain political appellation to designate their policy or party that they intend to nominate candidates for public offices or for party offices at the succeeding primary and election and that they desire to have the exclusive right to the use of the said certain political appellation at the said succeeding primary and at the said succeeding special general or municipal election to designate their said party or policy

Section 2 Such petition shall be signed where it is intended to give the electors the right to nominate and elect candidates for public offices or party offices to be voted for by the electors of the State-at-large by such number of electors as is equal to at least four per centum of the largest vote for any officer elected in the State-at-large at the last preceding election at which such a State officer was voted for and of the said four per centum of signers there shall be at least two hundred from each of thirty counties of the State

Where such petition is intended to give the electors the right to nominate and elect candidates for public office or for party offices in any electoral district or division less than the State-at-large such petition shall be signed by such number of qualified electors as will equal at least five per centum of the largest vote cast for any officer elected at the last preceding general election in said electoral district or division in which the said body of electors desire to nominate or elect candidates

The said petitions shall be signed by the qualified electors in person and each elector so signing shall write after his name his place of residence (with street and number if any) and the name of his county city township borough ward or election division as the case may be and also his profession business or occupation

No elector may subscribe to more than one of such petitions and the signatures to each of such petitions and the qualifications of the signers thereof shall be vouched for by at least five of the signers thereof by affidavit which shall accompany and be attached to such petition The affiants in such affidavit shall also designate one qualified elector who has signed such petition as the chairman of the said policy or party giving his name his address in full and his occupation and such elector so named as chairman shall be the person who shall serve all notices required to be served by said policy or party or filed under the general primary law of this Commonwealth.

Said petitions shall be upon forms to be furnished by the Secretary of the Commonwealth and no other forms than those prescribed and so furnished by the Secretary of the Commonwealth shall be used for the purpose

No words shall be used in any of said petitions describing or designating said political party or policy similar to or identical with words used by any body or electors or political party entitled to participate in said succeeding primary or general election

Section 3 Said petitions when intended to give the electors the right to nominate and vote for officers to be voted for by the electors of the State-at-large or for members of the House of Representatives of the United States or for State officers including Senators and Representatives to the General Assembly and judges of the court (if the law shall provide for the nomination and election of judges of the courts by political parties) shall be filed with the Secretary of the Commonwealth on or before the first day of February preceding the primary or general election at which the said body of electors or party proposes to participate in even numbered years and on or before the first day of July preceding such primary or general election in odd numbered years

Such petitions when intended to give the electors the right to nominate and vote for all other officers than those above enumerated shall be filed with the county commissioners of the respective counties on or before the first day of February preceding the primary or general election at which said body of electors or party proposes to participate in even numbered years and on or before the first day of July preceding such primary or general election in odd numbered years

It shall be the duty of the officer or officers with whom a petition for the use of a political appellation and the right to participate as a party at a primary or election when such petition is brought to him or them for filing under the provisions of this act to examine said petition and if such petition lack sufficient signatures or be otherwise manifestly defective it shall not be filed but the action of such officer or officers in refusing to accept such petition for filing may be reviewed by the court of common pleas of the county in which the petition is presented for filing upon application for mandamus to compel its receipt as of the date when it was first brought to such officer or officers for filing

Section 4 Upon the filing of such petition with the proper officer or officers as above set forth the said body of electors so filing such petition shall have the exclusive right to the use of the said name or political appellation designating their said political party or policy and they shall have the same right to nominate candidates for party offices and public offices at the succeeding primary and the succeeding election as have other political parties or bodies who are now entitled to nominate candidates at a primary unless objection thereto shall be made by any qualified elector of the State or of the electoral district or division as the case may be for which said petition is filed by writing filed in the court of common pleas of the county in which said petition is filed within fifteen days after the last day fixed for filing such petitions

In case such court is in session one or more of the Judges thereof shall proceed to fix a time to hear said objections and at such time fixed shall without unnecessary adjournment or delay give such hearing precedence over all other business before him or them and such objections shall be heard and determined within at least fifteen days from the date of the filing of the objections

In case said court be not in session any judge thereof on presentation to him of a certificate of the prothonotary that such objections have been filed as aforesaid shall proceed to fix a time and hear such objections as aforesaid Provided That no objections of any nature whatever shall be heard unless accompanied by proper proof of service of notice of the proposed objection upon the person designated as the chairman of said body of electors by the affiants to said petition or in case of the death of such chairman or inability of the objector or objectors to serve him with such notice then on any two of the affiants to said petition said service of such notice to be made at least five days prior to the time fixed by the court for the hearing of such objections

If the court decide that said petition is not signed by a sufficient number of qualified electors or that the name proposed to be used is the same or similar to the name of any other party entitled to participate in said succeeding primary or election or shall adjudge that said petition for the use of said name and the right to participate in the succeeding primary or election is not first in point of time of filing with the proper officer or officers then the said court shall decree that said petition be wholly void and of no effect

If the court shall find that said petition is filed in accordance with the provisions of this act then said court shall dismiss said objections and the said body of electors so presenting and filing said petition shall have the exclusive right to the use of said party name at the succeeding primary and election In cases where the objections to petitions filed are not sustained by the court the objector or objectors shall be liable for all costs of the proceeding including witness fees

Section 5 When said body of electors have filed their petition under the provisions of this act and the same has not been objected to or if objected to the objection has been dismissed by the court they shall be entitled to the exclusive use of said name or political appellation and they shall be entitled as a political party to participate in the succeeding primary and election in the matter of the nomination and election of party officers and of public officers in the same manner and under the same terms and subject to the same conditions provisions and limitations as political parties are now entitled to participate in such primaries and elections Provided That any qualified elector desiring to vote the ballot of the party thus securing the right under this act to participate in said primary must enroll as a member of said party before he may exercise his right at the said primary and the fact that such qualified elector has theretofore been enrolled before the filing of said petition as a member of another party or has at any time prior to the filing of said petition voted for another party shall not operate to prevent his enrollment with said new party

Section 6 Any additional expense incident to the carrying out of the provisions of this act shall be accounted for and paid for in the manner now provided for the accounting for and payment of expenses of primaries

Section 7 Any person or persons who shall falsely make any such petition for the exclusive use of a party name or political appellation or file any such petition knowing the same or any part thereof to be falsely made or suppress any such petition or any part thereof which has been duly filed or shall forge or cause to be forged any name or names thereto or who shall make any false affidavit to any such petition or who shall wilfully alter any material portion of any such petition shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars and undergo an imprisonment for not more than one year or either or both at the discretion of the court

Section 8 That all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith be and the same are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—37.

Beidleman,	Hoke,	Miller,	Sones,
Buckman,	Homsher,	Mills,	Sproul,
Burke,	Jenkins,	Patton,	Thompson,
Catlin,	Kurtz,	Phipps,	Tompkins,
Clark,	Lynch,	Schantz,	Vare,
Daix,	Magee, C. J.	Semmens,	Warner,
DeWitt,	Martin,	Sensenich,	Wasbers,
Endsley,	McConnell,	Smith, W. W.,	Kline,
Gerberich,	McKee. W. S.,	Snyder, C. A.,	Pres. pro tem
Graff,	McNichol,		

NAYS—3.

Smith, R. E., Snyder, P. W., Stewart,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 639, as follows:

An Act to amend an act approved the eleventh day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to provide for the appointment of county and city inspectors of weights and measures providing for their compensation and expenses prescribing their duties prohibiting vendors from giving false or insufficient weights and fixing the penalties for the violation of the provisions hereof" as amended by granting supervision over the inspectors to the Bureau of Standards and providing clerical help incident thereto

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the first section of an act approved the eleventh day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to provide for the appointment of county and city inspectors of weights and measures providing for their compensation and expenses prescribing their duties prohibiting vendors from giving false or insufficient weights and fixing the penalties for the violation of the provisions hereof" which as amended by an act approved the twenty-fourth day of July one thousand nine hundred thirteen entitled "An Act to amend an act approved the eleventh day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled 'An Act to provide for the appointment of county and city inspectors of weights and measures providing for their compensation and expenses prescribing their duties prohibiting vendors from giving false or insufficient weights and fixing the penalties for the violation of the proviisons hereof" reads as follows

"Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the mayors of cities of the second and third class and the several boards of county commissioners shall respectively appoint one or more competent persons as inspectors of weights and measures in the respective county or city whose salary shall not be less than one thousand dollars per annum to be paid out of the respective revenues of such county or city Provided however That the payment of a minimum salary shall not apply to counties having a population of fifteen thousand or less In addition to the salary provided by law the said county and city inspectors shall be entitled to receive the actual expenses incurred by them personally in performing the duties of their office such as transportation hotel livery telephone telegraph and postal charges to be paid by the boards of county commissioners of their respective counties on bills itemized and properly sworn to Provided however That nothing in this act shall be construed to prevent two or more counties or any county and city from combining the whole or any part of their districts as may be agreed upon by the board of county commissioners and mayors of cities with one set of standards and one inspector upon the written consent of the chief of the bureau of standards Provided further In cities of the first class the inspectors shall be appointed by the county commissioners of the county in which the said city may be located Any inspector appointed in pursuance of an agreement for such combination shall subject to the terms of his appointment have the same authority and duties as if he had been appointed by each of the authorities who are parties to the agreement The county and city inspectors of weights and measures as appointed by the respective counties and cities shall hold their office during good behavior and shall not be removed discharged or reduced in pay or position except for inefficiency incapacity conduct unbecoming employes or other just cause and until the said officials shall have been furnished with written statements of the reason for such removal discharge or reduction and shall have been given reasonable time to make written answer thereto Nor shall such removal discharge or reduction be made until the charge or charges shall have been examined into and found true in fact by the appointing power of such county or city at a hearing upon reasonable notice to the person charged at which time he may be represented by counsel and offer testimony or witnesses in his own behalf It shall be unlawful for any sealer or inspector of weights and measures or any of his deputies to perform clerical or other services for the county or city of their respective districts" is hereby further amended to read

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the mayors of cities of the second and third class and the several boards of county commissioners shall respectively appoint one or more competent persons as inspectors of weights and measures in the respective county or city whose salary shall not be less than one thousand dollars per annum to be paid out of the respective revenues of such county or city The payment of a minimum salary does not apply to counties having a population of fifteen thousand or less In addition to the salary provided by law the said county and city inspectors shall be entitled to receive the actual expenses incurred by them personally in performing the duties of their office such as transportation hotel livery telephone telegraph and postal charges to be paid by the boards of county commissioners of their respective counties on bills itemized and properly sworn to This act does not prevent two or more counties or any county and city from combining the whole or any part of their districts as may be agreed upon by the board of county commissioners and mayors of cities with one set of standards and one inspector upon the written consent of the Chief of the Bureau of Standards In cities of the first class the inspectors shall be appointed by the county commissioners of the county in which the city is located Any inspector appointed in pursuance of an agreement for such combination shall subject to the terms of his appointment have the same authority and duties as if he had been appointed by each of the authorities who are parties to the agreement The county and city inspectors of weights and measures as appointed by the respective counties and cities shall hold their office during good behavior and shall not be removed discharged or reduced in pay or position except for inefficiency incapacity conduct unbecoming employes or other just cause and until the said officials shall have been furnished with written statements of the reason for such removal discharge or reduction and shall have been

given reasonable time to make written answer thereto Nor shall such removal discharge or reduction be made until the charge or charges shall have been examined into and found true in fact by the appointing power of such county or city at a hearing upon reasonable notice to the person charged at which time he may be represented by counsel and offer testimony or witnesses in his own behalf It shall be unlawful for any sealer or inspector of weights and measures or any of his deputies to perform clerical or other services for the county or city of their respective districts The Chief of the State Bureau of Standards shall have supervision over the inspectors and shall establish regulations governing weighing and measuring devices and to carry out such supervisory work the Secretary of Internal Affairs shall appoint in the Bureau of Standards two deputies each of whom shall receive an annual salary of fifteen hundred dollars and shall be allowed traveling and other expenses actually and necessarily incurred in performing his duties

Section 2 All acts or parts of an act general local or specially inconsistent with any of the provisions of this act are repealed

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—36.

Beidleman,	Homsher,	Mills,	Sones,
Buckman,	Jenkins,	Moore,	Sproul,
Burke,	Kurtz,	Patton,	Stewart,
Catlin,	Lynch,	Phipps,	Thompson,
Daix,	Magee, C. J.	Salus,	Tompkins,
DeWitt,	Martin,	Schantz,	Vare,
Endsley,	McConnell,	Smith, W. W.,	Warner,
Farley,	McKee, W. S.,	Snyder, C. A.,	Washers,
Gerberich,	McNichol,	Snyder, P. W.,	Kline,
			Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 644, as follows:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to create a Legislative Reference Bureau in the Pennsylvania State Library authorizing the appointment of a Reference Director and subordinate officers defining their duties and fixing their compensation" approved the twenty-seventh day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine (Pamphlet Laws of Pennsylvania one thousand nine hundred and nine page two hundred and eight) as amended by an act entitled "An Act amending the second third fourth and seventh sections of an act approved the twenty-seventh day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled 'An Act to create a Legislative Reference Bureau in the Pennsylvania State Library authorizing the appointment of a reference director and subordinate officers defining their duties and fixing their compensation' by providing for additional permanent and emergency employes in the bureau and fixing their salaries increasing the salaries of the director and assistant director and increasing the powers and duties of the director" approved the twenty-first day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven (Pamphlet Laws of Pennsylvania one thousand nine hundred and eleven page seventy-six)

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the second section of the act approved the twenty-seventh day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled "An Act to create a Legislative Reference Bureau in the Pennsylvania State Library authorizing the appointment of a Reference Director and subordinate officers defining their duties and fixing their compensation" as amended by an act entitled "An Act amending the second third fourth and seventh sections of an act approved the twenty-seventh day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled 'An Act to create a Legislative Reference Bureau in the Pennsylvania State Library authorizing the appointment of a Reference Director and subordinate officers defining their duties and fixing their Compensation by providing for additional permanent and emergency employes in the bureau and fixing their salaries increasing the salaries of the director and the assistant director and increasing the powers and duties of the director" which reads

"Section 2 The Director of the said Legislative Reference Bureau of the Pennsylvania State Library shall be appointed by the Governor by and with the advice and consent of the Senate to hold office for four years from the date of his appointment and he shall be well qualified by experience knowledge and ability to conduct the work of the bureau he shall be well versed in legislative procedure and parlimentary practice and shall in such matters when called upon be ex-officio adviser to the General Assembly and shall receive a salary of five thousand dollars per annum and his traveling expenses actually and necessarily incurred in the performance of his official duties He shall give bond in the sum of ten thousand dollars to be approved by the Governor for the faithful performance of his duties and he shall devote his whole time and attention to the duties of his office He shall have custody of the law library and the publications therein of the various State governments and the United States Government which may be generally classed as legislative documents" is hereby amended so as to read

Section 2 The director of the said Legislative Reference Bureau of the Pennsylvania State Library shall be appointed by the Governor by and with the advice and consent of the Senate to hold office for four years from the date of his appointment and he shall be well qualified by experience knowledge and ability to conduct the work of the bureau he shall be well versed in Legislative procedure and parliamentary practice and shall in such matters when called upon be ex-officio adviser to the General Assembly and shall receive a salary of five thousand dollars per annum and his traveling expenses actually and necessarily incurred in the performance of his official duties He shall give bond in the sum of ten thousand dollars to be approved by the Governor for the faithful performance of his duties and he shall devote his whole time and attention to the duties of his office He shall have access to the law library and the publications therein of the various State governments and the United States Government which may be generally classed as Legislative documents

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—41.

Beidleman,	Gyger,	Mills,	Snyder, P. W.,
Buckman,	Jenkins,	Moore,	Sones,
Burke,	Kurtz,	Patton,	Sproul,
Catlin,	Lynch,	Phipps,	Stewart,
Clark,	Magee, C. J.,	Salus,	Thompson,
Daix,	Martin,	Schantz,	Tompkins,
DeWitt,	McConnell,	Semmens,	Vare,
Endsley,	McKee, W. S.,	Sensenich,	Warner,
Farley,	McNichol,	Smith, W. W.,	Washers,
Gerberich,	Miller,	Snyder, C. A.,	Kline,
Graff,			Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 662, entitled:

An Act regulating the licensing of dealers in intoxicating liquors in the County of Schuylkill creating a Liquor License Commission for said county prescribing its powers and duties providing for the appointment of commissioners by the Governor and imposing certain duties upon the county commissioners and expenses upon said county

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—13.

Farley,	Salus,	Sones,	Tompkins,
Magee, C. J.,	Smith, W. W.,	Sproul,	Vare,
McKee, W. S.,	Snyder, C. A.,	Thompson,	Kline,
McNichol,			Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—25.

Beidleman,	Gyger,	Martin,	Semmens,
Buckman,	Hilton,	McConnell,	Sensenich,
Burke,	Homsher,	Mills,	Smith, R. E.,
Clark,	Jenkins,	Patton,	Snyder, P. W.,
Endsley,	Kurtz,	Phipps,	Stewart,
Gerberich,	Lynch,	Schantz,	Warner,
Graff,			

Less than a majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the negative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 668, entitled:

An Act establishing in counties of a population from two hundred thousand inhabitants to three hundred and twenty-five thousand inhabitants Board for the Assessment and Revision of Taxes prescribing their powers duties and salaries and abolishing the office of city borough township and ward assessors

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—44.

Beidleman,	Gyger,	McKee, W. S.,	Snyder, C. A.,
Buckman,	Hilton,	McNichol,	Snyder, P. W.,
Burke,	Hindman,	Miller,	Sones,
Catlin,	Hoke,	Mills,	Sproul,
Clark,	Homsher,	Moore,	Stewart,
Daix,	Jenkins,	Patton,	Thompson,
DeWitt,	Kurtz,	Phipps,	Tompkins,
Endsley,	Lynch,	Salus,	Vare,
Farley,	Magee, C. J.,	Schantz,	Warner,
Gerberich,	Martin,	Semmens,	Wasbers,
Graff,	McConnell,	Smith, W. W.,	Kline, Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILL OVER IN ORDER.

Mr. MAGEE. Mr. President, I ask that Senate Bill No. 675 (House Bill No. 852), on third reading, entitled:

An Act providing for the registration of ownership to real estate in cities of the second class for the use of said cities to facilitate the assessment levy and collection of taxes and municipal claims in such cities authorizing the preservation and use of records heretofore employed in such cities for such purposes

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection The Chair hears none.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 679 (House No. 963), entitled:

An Act to amend section twenty-one of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the protection and preservation of game game quadrupeds and game birds and song and insectivorous and other wild birds and prescribing penalties for violation of its several provisions" approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine by extending the season during which dogs may be trained

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—36.

Beidleman,	Graff,	Miller,	Smith, W. W.,
Buckman,	Hilton,	Moore,	Snyder, P. W.,
Burke,	Hindman,	Patton,	Stewart,
Catlin,	Jenkins,	Phipps,	Thompson,
Clark,	Lynch,	Salus,	Tompkins,
DeWitt,	Magee, C. J.,	Schantz,	Warner,
Endsley,	McKee, W. S.,	Semmens,	Kline,
Farley,	McNichol,	Smith, R. E.,	Pres. pro tem.
Gerberich,			

NAYS—4.

Gyger,	Martin,	Mills,	Sones,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 694, as follows:

An Act amending sections one two twelve thirteen fourteen fifteen sixteen twenty twenty-one twenty-two twenty-four twenty-six and twenty-seven of an act entitled "An Act providing for the location construction operation and maintenance by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania of a canal or waterway from the junction of the Ohio and Beaver rivers in Pennsylvania to Lake Erie at or near the mouth of Indian Creek in the State of Ohio with all appurtenances necessary or convenient for the purpose and for the utilization of the water power developed or created in the construction and operation thereof providing for the payment of the cost of construction of said canal or waterway and appurtenances out of funds to be contributed by certain counties in the State of Pennsylvania Ohio and West Virginia or any of them and by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and other public authorities providing for the creation of a canal board to have charge of said work prescribing and defining the powers and duties of said board and the conditions under when the said work shall be carried on providing for the payment or damages sustained by reason of the appropriation of property and rights in the exercise of the right of eminent domain herein conferred providing for the reimbursement in the manner provided in this act of said counties contributing to the payment of the cost of constructing said canal or waterway and appurtenances imposing certain duties upon the Auditor General and State Treasurer authorizing the said canal board to make certain rules and regulations for the use of said canal and making violations thereof misdemeanors and providing penalties therefor and making an appropriation for carrying out certain provisions of this act" approved the twenty-seventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen by making provision among other things for the following providing for a change or depth of the canal or waterway an alternative route and branch canals regulating the utilization of surplus water authorizing the Canal Board to make deviations in certain cases from the route of said canal or waterway as located by it regulating the number of members of which the Canal Board may consist and defining their duties and powers in certain respects regulating and limiting the tolls and charges to be collected for the use of the canal or waterway and defining the rights of the public in the use of said canal or waterway providing for the utilization of surplus water directing that certain of the public authorities contributing to the cost of constructing said canal or waterway and appurtenances be reimbursed out of the surplus revenues of said canal or waterway in the manner herein set forth providing a method for receiving the appropriations in money or bonds made by the contributing authorities and regulating the sale of bonds so contributed and imposing certain duties upon the Treasurer of the Commonwealth in connection therewith and in other respects enlarging the powers of eminent domain in certain cases and regulating the method of its exercise providing for the manner of paying the expenses incident to changing the location of or altering or otherwise modifying certain works and the crossing of highways and railroads by the canal its branches or channels and regulating the manner of letting certain contracts

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section one of an of an act entitled "An Act providing for the location construction operation and maintenance by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania of a canal or waterway from the junction of the Ohio and Beaver rivers in Pennsylvania to Lake Erie at or near the mouth of Indian Creek in the State of Ohio with all appurtenances necessary or convenient for the purpose and for the utilization of the water-power developed or created in the construction and operation thereof providing for the payment of the cost of construction of said canal or waterway and appurtenances out of funds to be contributed by certain counties in the States of Pennsylvania Ohio and West Virginia or any of them and by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and other public authorities Providing for the creation of of a canal board to have charge of said work prescribing and defining the powers and duties of said board and the conditions under which the said work shall be carried on providing for the payment of damages sustained by reason of the appropriation of property and rights in the exercise of the right of eminent domain herein conferred providing for the reimbursement in the manner provided in this act of said counties contributing to the payment of the cost of constructing said canal or waterway and appurtenances imposing certain duties upon the Auditor General and State Treasurer authorizing the said canal board to make certain rules and regulations for the use of said canal and making violations thereof misdemeanors and providing penalties therefor and making an appropriation for carrying out certain provisions of this act" approved the twenty-seventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen which reads as follows

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authortiy of the same That the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania shall locate construct maintain and operate a canal or waterway having a navigable depth of not less than twelve feet from the junction of the Ohio and Beaver Rivers in Pennsylvania thence by way of the Beaver and Mahoning rivers in the State of Pennsylvania and the Mahoning river in the State of hio to a point at or near Niles Ohio thence northwardly through the State of Ohio to a terminal on Lake Erie at or near the mouth of Indian creek in the State of Ohio together with all such locks dams tunnels acqueducts feeders to supply water from any lakes rivers streams or watercourses docks harbors reservoirs for the supply of water for the canal or its feeders basins piers quays bridges viaducts sidings offices lock-houses telegraph and telephones lines power plants and all other structures appliances or devices of any and all kinds which may be necessary or convient for the

proper construction maintenance and operation of said canal and the developement and utilization of the water-power that may be created in the construction and operation thereof

Whenever the words "canal or waterway and appurtenances" are hereafter used in this act they shall unless otherwise explained by the context be deemed to refer to and include the canal or waterway and all the works described in this section The cost of constructing and completing and installing the aforesaid canal or waterway and appurtenances including salaries and all other expenses incurred by the board hereinafter mentioned in accordance with the provisions of this act while doing said work shall be paid out of funds provided in the manner hereinafter set forth" be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania shall locate construct maintain and operate a navigable interstate canal or waterway having a depth of not less than nine feet from the junction of the Ohio and Beaver rivers in the State of Pennsylvania thence by way of the Beaver and Mahoning rivers in the State of Pennsylvania and the Mahoning river in the State of Ohio to a point in Trumbull county either at or near Niles Ohio or a short distance west of Warren Ohio thence northwardly through the State of Ohio to a terminal on Lake Erie at or near the mouth of Indian creek in the State of Ohio together with all such branch canals locks dams tunnels acqueducts feeders to supply water from any lakes rivers streams or water-courses docks harbors reservoirs for the supply of water for the canal or its feeders or for the regulation of stream flow basins piers quays bridges viaducts sidings offices lock-houses telegraph and telephone lines power plants and all other structures appliances or devices of any and all kinds which may be necessary or convenient for the proper constrution maintenance and operation of said canal and the utilization of the surplus water that may result from the construction and operation thereof

The board hereinafter mentioned is hereby authorized to make such deviations from the route located by it as may be necessary or desirable for increasing the utility of the waterway for bettering the alignment reducing curvature better placing of structures and their approaches securing better foundations or generally for any purpose tending to improve the canal or waterway and render its navigation safer and easier

Whenever the words "canal or waterway" or "canal or waterway and appurtenances" are hereafter used in this act they shall unless otherwise explained by the context be deemed to refer to and include the canal or waterway and all the works described in this section

The cost of the construction of such canal or waterway and appurtenances shall be raised by such voluntary contributions or appropriations in money or in bonds at their par value as have heretofore been made or as may hereafter be made pursuant to the authority of any present or future laws by the United States the State of Pennsylvania the Staet of Ohio the State of West Virginia and various counties cities towns municipal corporations or other political subdivisions of the States of Pennsylvania Ohio and West Virginia or by some or all of said United States and other public authorities

The tolls and charges collected for the use of such canal or waterway shall be such only as may be necessary to provide for the cost of the maintenance operation and improvement thereof and to repay contributions made in money or in bonds at their par value and interest on such bonds

The surplus revenues of such canal or waterway shall be distributed among such contributors to such cost substantially pro rata according to the amount of their several contributions in money or in bonds at their par value to such extent as may be necessary to repay to said contributors the amount of their several contributions made in money or in bonds at their par value with itnerest on such bonds

Such canal shall be free and open to the public generally upon complying with the reasonable rules and regulations and upon paying the reasonable tolls from time to time established for the use of such canal or waterway

Section 2 That section two of said act which reads as follows

"Section 2 The location construction maintenance management and operation of the said canal or waterway and appurtenances shall be in charge and under control of a board to be known as The Lake Erie and Ohio River Canal Board of Pennsylvania which shall have the powers and duties specified in this act and all powers necessary or proper to enable it to carry out the purpose hereof

The board shall consist of five members to be appointed by the Governor by and with the advice and consent of the Senate two of whom may be non-residents of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania The Governor shall designate one of the members of said board as president who when present shall preside at all meetings of the board The members of the board first appointed shall continue in office for the term of four five and six years respectively as designated by the Governor in making said appointments from the date of their appointment and until their successors shall have been appointed and shall have qualified The successors of the members first appointed from time to time as aforesaid shall be appointed and serve for a term of six years and until their successors shall have been appointed and shall have qualified except in cases of appointment to fill vacancies occuring otherwise than by lapse of time When a vacancy shall occur in the said board a member shall be appointed in the manner aforesaid for the unexpired term of the member in whose place the new member shall be appointed

If the Senate shall not be in session when this act is approved or when a vacancy occurs or a term of office of any member expires the Governor shall make his appointment subject to the approval of the Senate when convened

No vacancy in the board shall impair the right of the remaining members of the board to exercise all the powers of the board" be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows

Section 2 The lo ation construction maintenance management and operation of the said canal or water-way and appurtenances shall be in charge and under the control of a board to be known as The Lake Erie and Ohio River Canal Board of Pennsylvania which shall have the powers and duties specified in this act and all powers necessary or proper to enable it to carry out the purpose thereof

The board shall consist of not less than five members nor more than seven members to be appointed by the Governor by and with the advice and consent of the Senate three of whom may be non-residents of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania The Governor shall designate one of the members of said board as president who when present shall preside at all meetings of the board The members of the board first appointed shall continue in office for a term of four five and six years respectively as designated by the Governor in making said appointments from the date of their appointment and until their successors shall have been appointed and shall have qualified The successors of the members first appointed from time to time as aforesaid shall be appointed and serve for a term of six years and until their successors shall have been appointed and shall have qualified except in cases of appointment to fill vacancies occurring otherwise than by lapse of time When a vacancy shall occur in the said Board a member shall be appointed in the manner aforesaid for the unexpired term of the member in whose place the new member shall be appointed

If the Senate shall not be in session when this act is approved or when a vacancy occurs or a term of office of any member expires the Governor shall make his appointment subject to the approval of the Senate when convened

No vacancy in the board shall impair the right of the remaining members of the board to exercise all the powers of the board

Section 3 That section twelve of said act which reads as follows

"Section 12 The board as soon as there shall have been appropriated to its use sufficient funds shall prepare or cause to be prepared a survey for the said canal or waterway and appurtenances together with estimates of the cost of constructing completing and installing the same exclusive however of the cost of constructing a harbor on Lake Erie

The work of construction of said canal or waterway and appurtenances herein provided for shall not be proceeded with nor any contracts entered into nor any liability incurred therefor until there shall have been rendered available to the Treasurer of this Commonwealth by the various counties in the States of Pennsylvania Ohio and West Virginia or any of them in aid of the construction of said canal or waterway and appurtenances appropriations of money or bonds of said counties duly authorized to be issued for the purpose and until appropriations shall have been made and rendered available to the said Treasurer by this Commonwealth the States of Ohio and West Virginia the Federal Government or any of them or by any other public authority in such sums that the total amounts of the said appropriations and the said bonds shall in the aggregate be not less than the cost of constructing completing and installing the said canal or waterway and appurtenances as estimated by the board" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 12 The board so soon as there shall have been appropriated to its use sufficient funds shall prepare or cause to be prepared a survey for the said canal or waterway and appurtenances together with estimates of the cost of constructing completing and installing the same exclusive however of the cost of constructing a harbor on Lake Erie

The board may whenever funds have been appropriated for the purpose do all such things as it may deem necessary or desirable to secure contributions or appropriations from the various counties in Pennsylvania Ohio and West Virginia and from other public authorities in aid of the construction of said canal or waterway and do such other things preparatory to beginning the work of construction of said canal or waterway as to it may seem necessary or desirable

The cost of constructing completing and installing the said canal or waterway and appurtenances including salaries and all other expenses liabilities of every kind incurred by the board in accordance with the provisions of this act while doing said work shall be paid from contributions or appropriations in money or in bonds heretofore or hereafter made pursuant to the authority of any present or future laws by the United States the State of Pennsylvania the State of Ohio the State of West Virginia and various counties cities towns municipal corporations or other political subdivisions of the States of Pennsylvania Ohio and West Virginia or by some or all of such public authorities

The work or constructing said canal or waterway and appurtenances shall not be proceeded with nor any expenditures made nor any contracts entered into nor any liabiltiy incurred therefor until there shall have been rendered available to the Treasurer of this Commonwealth by the above mentioned public authorities or some of them in aid of the construction of such canal or waterway and appurtenances contributions or appropriations in money or in bonds at their par value at least equal in the aggregate to the cost of constructing completing and installing such canal or waterway and appurtenances as estimated by the board

Contributions or appropriations in money or in bonds at their par value shall be deemed to be available to the Treasurer of the Commonwealth within the meaning of this section when such appropriations or contributions shall have been authorized

No contract shall be entered into or any expenses or liability incurred by the board of any kind the amount of which together with the existing liabilities of the board shall exceed the amount of money actually in the hands of the Treasurer of the Commonwealth and available for the use of the board

Section 4 That section thirteen of said act which reads as follows

"Section 13 The Treasurer of the Commonwealth shall from time to time notify the county commissioners of the various counties in said states which have authorized bonds to be issued in aid of said canal or as aforesaid to issue and sell so many of said bonds of their respective counties as may in the opinion of said Treasurer be rendered necessary by the progress of the work each of said counties however to be required to issue and sell from time to time only its proportionate share of said bonds When so notified by the said Treasurer the county commissioner of the said counties shall issue and sell the bonds so required to be issued and sold and shall upon the sale thereof forthwith pay the proceeds derived therefrom to the said Treasurer

The proceeds of said bonds together with the other funds appropriated by the various public authorities as aforesaid shall be kept by the said Treasurer in the same manner as other funds received by him for the use of the Commonwealth except that he shall keep the same in a separate fund and the moneys in said separate fund are hereby specifically appropriated for the purpose of defraying the cost of construction completing and installing the said canal or waterway and appurtenances including salaries and all other expenses incurred by the board in accordance with the provisions of this act while doing said work and

the said fund shall be disbursed by the said Treasurer without further act of appropriation in the manner provided in section eight of this act" be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows

Section 13 Whenever the board shall determine that the aggregate of the contributions or appropriations in money or in bonds at their par value which shall have been authorized in aid of the construction of such canal or waterway by the United States the State of Pennsylvania the State of Ohio the State of West Virginia and counties cities towns municipals corporations or other political subdivisions of the States of Pennsylvania Ohio and West Virginia or by some or all of said United States states and other public authorities equals at least the cost of such canal or waterway and appurtenances as estimated by said board then such board by its president and its secretary or any other two officers designated by it shall be authorized to certify to any such public authority which shall have authorized such a contribution or appropriation that contributions or appropriations in money or in bonds at their par value have been authorized by the said public authorities or some of them in aid of such canal or waterway at least equal in amount to the estimated cost of such canal or waterway and appurtenances

The Treasurer of the Commonwealth is authorized and directed to receive from the United States the State of Pennsylvania the State of Ohio the State of West Virginia and any county city town municipal corporation or other political subdivision of the States of Pennsylvania Ohio and West Virginia or from some or all of such public authorities contributions or appropriations in money or in bonds of such public authority at their par value heretofore or hereafter made pursuant to the authority of any present or future law and to execute and deliver receipts therefor If the terms upon which any such appropriations or contributions is authorized or made are such as to entitle such public authority to share in the surplus revenues of such canal or waterway then the Treasurer of the Commonwealth is authorized and directed to issue and deliver to such public authority a surplus revenue receipt which shall entitle such public authority to share in the surplus revenues of such canal or waterway as provided in sections one and twenty-seven of this act

The Board with the assent of the Treasurer of the Commonwealth is hereby authorized from time to time to sell or to agree to sell the bonds of such public authorities received by the Treasurer of the Commonwealth as aforesaid at public or private sale upon such terms and for such prices as such Board shall deem advisable but for not less than the price if any fixed by the law authorizing the issue of such bonds and no purchaser of any of such bonds shall be liable to see to the application of the proceeds thereof The Board in selling such bonds shall sell the bonds of the several public authorities as nearly as practical pro rata according to the principal amount of bonds contributed by such public authorities The bonds when sold shall be delivered by the Treasurer of the Commonwealth to the purchaser or purchasers thereof upon receipt of the purchase price but prior to such sale the Treasurer of the Commonwealth shall detach and cancel all coupons which shall have matured prior thereto and shall deliver such coupons to the public authority which shall have issued such bonds

All contributions or appropriations in money or in bonds of such public authorities are hereby set aside as a separate fund for the purpose of defraying the cost of constructing competing and installing such canal or waterway and appurtenances and no part of said contributions or appropriations in money and the proceeds of all bonds of such public authorities shall be kept by the Treasurer of the Commonwealth in the same manner as other moneys received by him for the use of the Commonwealth except that he shall keep the same in a separate funds and the moneys in said separate fund are hereby specifically appropriated for the purpose of defraying the cost of constructing completing and installing said canal or waterway and appurtenances including salaries and all other expenses and liabilities incurred by the Board in accordance with the provisions of this act while doing said work and the said moneys shall be disbursed by the said Treasurer without further act of appropriation in the manner provided in section eight of this act

Section 5 That section fourteen of said act which reads as follows

"Section 14 The Board shall have authority to enter into such proper arrangements and agreements subject to the approval of the Auditor General and Treasurer of the Commonwealth with the respective county commissioners of the various counties of the States Pennsylvania Ohio and West Virginia appropriating money or authorizing bonds to be issued in aid of said canal or waterway and appurtenances as to said parties may seem necessary for the purpose of co-operation safe-guarding the interests of said contributing counties with respect to their said contributions and effectively carrying into operation the provisions of this act" be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows

Section 14 The board shall have authority to enter into such proper arrangements and agreements subject to the the approval of the Auditor General and Treasurer of the Commonwealth with such of the public authorities specified in section one of this act as shall make contributions or appropriations in money or in bonds in aid of said canal or waterway and appurtenances as to the board and such public authorities may seem necessary for the purpose of safeguarding the interests of said public authorities with respect to their contributions and effectively carrying into operation the provisions of this act

Section 6 That section fifteen of said act which real as follows

"Section 15 Subject to the limitations specified in section twelve of this act the board is hereby authorized empowered and directed to do or cause to be done all things necessary or proper for the construction completion and installation of the said canal or waterway and appurtenances and in the exercise of its said authority the board may enter into all such contracts and agreements acquire all such property and rights of any and all kinds receive releases of damages and do all other acts and things which to it may seem necessary or desirable" be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows

Section 15 Subject to the limitations specified in section twelve of this act the board is hereby authorized empowered and directed to do or cause to be done all things necessary or proper for the construction completion installation maintenance and operation of the said canal or waterway and appurtenances and in the exercise of its said authority the board may enter into all such contracts and agreements acquire all such lands and all such other property and rights of any and all kinds by purchase condemnation or otherwise receive such releases of damages and do all other acts and things which to it may seem necessary or desirable Such right to acquire lands and other property and rights by condemnation shall be exercised in the State of Pennsylvania in accordance with the provisions of this act and in the State of Ohio in accordance with the laws of that State

Section 7 That section sixteen of said act which reads as follows

"Section 16 The board shall have power and authority to enter upon any land for the purpose of making an examination and survey for said canal or waterway and appurtenances and shall have power and authority to enter upon take use and occupy and appropriate any lands rights rights of way rivers creeks lakes streams watercourses ponds swamps reservoirs bridges buildings structures or other property or rights of property whether devoted to a public or private use which in the opinion of the board are necessary for the proper construction operation maintenance or repair of the said canal or waterway and its appurtenances and the board shall also have power and authority to enter upon any lands adjoining or in the neighborhood of the said canal or waterway and appurtenances and to quarry dig cut take and carry away there from any stone gravel clay sand earth wood or other material which may be necessary or proper for the construction operation maintenance or repair of said canal or waterway and its appurtenances Provided however That before the board shall enter upon take possession of or appropriate any such lands rights rights of way rivers creeks lakes streams watercourses ponds swamps reservoirs bridges buildings structures materials or other property appropriated under the authority herein given it shall make compensation to the owner or owners thereof at such prices as may be agreed upon by the board and said owners or file an adequate bond therefor in the court of common pleas of the proper county to be approved by the court Written notice shall be given by the board to the said owner or owners or to the attorney or agent of any person absent or to the guardian or committee of any person under legal incapacity of the time and place when and where said bond shall be filed and approved And the court having jurisdiction of the matter shall have the power at any time during vacation or when such court shall not be in session to approve said bond and direct the same to be filed in court for the benefit of the parties entitled In case no agreement can be made with the said owner or owners by reason of their absence or legal incapacity or for any other reason for the compensation to be paid to him or them for the damage done or likely to be done to or sustained by said owner or owners by reason of the appropriation of said lands streams watercourses material or other property under the authority herein given the court of common pleas of the proper county on application thereto by petition either of said owner or owners or any one in their behalf or of said board shall appoint seven discreet and disinterested freeholders of said county none of whom shall be residents or owners of property upon or adjoining the line of such canal or waterway and appoint a time not less than twenty nor more than thirty days thereafter for said viewers to meet at or upon the premises where the damages are alleged to be sustained of which time and place ten days' notice shall be given by the petitioner to the said viewers and the other party or parties or to their authorized agents or representatives and the said viewers or any five of them having been first duly sworn or affirmed faithfully justly and impartially to decide and a true report make concerning all matters and things to be submitted to them in relation to which they are authorized to inquire in pursuance of the provisions of this act and having viewed the premises they shall estimate and determine the quantity quality and value of such lands and property so taken or occupied or to be taken or occupied or the material so used or taken away as the case may be having due regard to and making just allowance for the advantages which may have resulted or which may seem likely to result to the owner or owners of said land or materials in consequence of the making or opening of said canal and of the construction of embankments locks dams buildings works and other devices connected therewith After having made a fair and just comparison of said advantages and disadvantages they shall remit and determine whether any and if any what amount of damages has been or may be sustained and to whom payable and make report thereof to the said court and if any damages be awarded and the report be confirmed by the said court judgment shall be entered thereon which said judgment together with the costs of the proceedings shall be paid in the same manner as other

expenses incurred by the board are paid by it Each of said viewers shall be entitled to five dollars per day for every day necessarily employed in the performance of the duties herein prescribed to be paid by the said board" be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows

Section 16 The board shall have power and authority to enter upon any land for the purpose of making an examination and survey for said canal or waterway and appurtenances and shall have power and authority to enter upon take use and occupy and appropriate any lands rights rights of ways waters rivers creeks lakes streams watercourses ponds swamps reservoir dams bridges buildings structures or other property or rights of property whether devoted to a public or private use which in the opinion of the board are necessary for the proper construction operation maintenance or repair of the said canal or waterway and its appurtenances and the board shall also have power and authority to enter upon any lands adjoining or in the neighborhood of the said canal or waterway and appurtenances and to quarry dig cut take and carry away therefrom any stone gravel clay sand earth wood or other material which may be necessary or proper for the construction operation maintenance or repair of said canal or waterway and its appurtenances Provided however that before the board shall enter upon take possession of or appropriate any such lands rights rights of way waters rivers creeks lakes streams watercourses ponds swamps reservoirs dams bridges buildings structures materials or other property appropriated under the authority herein given it shall make compensation to the owner or owners thereof at such prices as may be agreed upon by the board and said owners or file an adequate bond therefor in the court of common pleas of the proper county to be approved by the court Written notice shall be given by the board to the said owner or owners or to the attorney or agent of any person absent or to the guardian or committee of any person under legal incapacity of the time and place when and where said bond shall be filed and approved And the court having jurisdiction of the matter shall have the power at any time during vacation or when such court shall not be in session to approve said bond and direct the same to be filed in court for the benefit of the parties entitled In case no agreement can be made with the said owner or owners by reason of their absence or legal incapacity or for any other reason for the compensation to be paid to him or them for the damage done or likely to be done to or sustained by said owner or owners by reason of the appropriation of said lands streams watercourses material or other property under the authority herein given the court of common pleas of the proper county on application thereto by petition either of said owner or owners or any one in their behalf or of said board shall appoint seven discreet and disinterested freeholders of said county none of whom shall be residents or owners of property upon or adjoining the line of such canal or waterway and appoint a time not less than twenty nor more than thirty days thereafter for said viewers to meet at or upon the premises where the damages are alleged to be sustained of which time and place ten days' notice shall be given by the petitioner to the said viewers and the other party or parties or to their authorized agents or representatives and the said viewers or any five of them having been first duly sworn or affirmed faithfully justly and impartially to decide and a true report make concerning all matters and things to be submitted to them in relation to which they are authorized to inquire in pursuance of the provisions of this act and having viewed the premises they shall estimate and determine the quantity quality and value of such lands and property so taken or occupied or to be taken or occupied or the material so used or taken away as the case may be having due regard to and making just allowance for the advantages which may have resulted or which may seem likely to result to the owner or owners of said lands property or materials in consequence of the making or opening of said canal or waterway and appurtenances After having made a fair and just comparison of said advantages and disadvantages they shall estimate and determine whether any and if any what amount of damages has been or may be sustained and to whom payable and make report thereof to the said court and if any damages be awarded and the report be confirmed by the said court judgment shall be entered thereon which said judgment together with the costs of the proceedings shall be paid in the same manner as other expenses incurred by the board are paid by it Each of said viewers shall be entitled to five dollars per day for every day necessarily employed in the performance of the duties herein prescribed to be paid by the said board

Section 8 That section twenty of said act which reads as follows

"Section 20 If the board shall deem it necessary in the construction of said canal or waterway and its appurtenances to change the site or location or to otherwise alter any highway public or private road bridge railroad dam waterpower works waterways pipes pipe lines conduits or other avenue of transportation either public or private telegraph or telephone lines sewers drains culverts tunnels buildings or other works public or private it shall cause the same to be changed altered and reconstructed forthwith at its own proper cost and expense on the most favorable location The damages incurred in making the change and alterations herein provided for shall be ascertained and paid by the board in the manner provided for in sections sixteen seventeen eighteen and nineteen of this act" be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows

Section 20 If the board shall deem it necessary in the construction of the said canal or waterway and its appurtenances to change the location of or to re-construct alter or otherwise modify any highway road railroad bridge dam water works waterpower works waterway ditch drain sewer pipe line conduit transmission line telegraph or telephone line culvert tunnel building or any other structure or work whether public or private it shall cause the same to be changed re-constructed altered or otherwise modified and the said structure or work when changed re-constructed altered or otherwise modified shall be equal as nearly as may be practicable to the original structure or work The expense of changing re-constructing altering or otherwise modifying the above mentioned structures or works and the damage incidental thereto if not agreed upon by the board and the owners of said structures or works shall be ascertained and paid by the board in the State of Pennsylvania in the manner provided in section sixteen seventeen eighteen and nineteen of this act and in the State of Ohio in the manner provided by the laws of that State

Section 9 That section twenty-one of said act which reads as follows

"Section 21 The board in the construction of said canal shall have authority to enter upon and cross any public highway or railroad but in all such places where said canal shall pass or cross any existing public highway or railroad which at the time of construction of the canal shall be opened and used as such the board shall build and keep in good repair suitable and convenient bridges over the said canal" be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows

Section 21 The board in the construction of said canal or waterway and appurtenances shall have authority to enter upon and cross any public highway or railroad but in all places where said canal its branches or channels shall cross any existing public highway or railroad at a point where no waterway existed before the board at its own expense shall cause to be constructed and maintained suitable bridges to provide for the traffic existing at the time of such construction

The board in its discretion may in lieu of maintaining such bridges pay to the proper authorities having jurisdiction over the highway or to the owner of the railroad as the case may be a sum of money sufficient to provide for their perpetual maintenance In case of failure to agree upon said sum of money it shall be ascertained and paid by the board in the State of Pennsylvania in the manner provided in sections sixteen seventeen eighteen and nineteen of this act and in the State of Ohio in the manner provided by the laws of that State

Section 10 That section twenty-two of said act which reads as follows

"Section 22 All contracts for work to be done under authority of this act exceeding in amount the sum of five hundred dollars shall be let to the lowest responsible bidder The board shall have power to reject any or all bids not satisfactory to it and re-advertise until it shall receive satisfactory bids Every person firm or corporation before being awarded any contract by the board shall furnish a bond with sufficient surety or sureties acceptable to the board in a sum equal to fifty per centum of the contract price of the work conditioned for the faithful and complete performance of his or its contract Advertisements for proposals shall be made by the board at least three weeks before the contract is awarded by notices inserted once a week in at least two newspapers of general circulation to be selected by the board Said advertisements shall designate where the plans and specifications may be had and the time and place of the reception of the bids and the letting of the contract

All contracts shall be executed in the name of the board and signed by the president and secretary" be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows

Section 22 All contracts for work to be done and materials to be furnished under authority of this act exceeding in amount the sum of five hundred dollars shall be let to the lowest responsible bidder after notice by advertisement Advertisements for proposals shall be made by the board at least four weeks before the contract is awarded by notice inserted once a week in at least two newspapers of general circulation to be selected by the board Such advertisements shall designate where the plans and specifications may be had and the time and place of the reception of the bids and the letting of the contract The board shall have power to reject any or all bids not satisfactory to it and re-advertise until it shall receive satisfactory bids every person firm or corporation before being awarded any contract by the board shall furnish a bond with sufficient surety or sureties acceptable to the board in a sum equal to fifty percentum of the contract price of the work conditioned for the faithful and complete performance of his or its contract

All contracts may be executed in the name of the board and shall be signed by the president and secretary

Section 11 That section twenty-four of said act which reads as follows

"Section 24 The board shall have full power and authority to fix the rate of toll to be charged the vessels boats and other craft using the said canal subject however to the approval and regulation of the Interstate Commerce Commission in cases of vessels boats or other craft engaged in interstate commerce" be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows

Section 24 The board shall have full power and authority to fix tolls and charges for the use of the said canal or waterway subject to such regulations as the United States the State of Pennsylvania and the State of Ohio shall be entitled to and shall exercise over such tolls and charges The board shall from time to time adjust such tolls and charges so that the gross receipts from the operation of the canal or waterway including the income derived from such canal or waterway from all sources shall not exceed the amount necessary to pay the cost of the maintenance operation and improvement of such canal or waterway and appurtenances and to repay contributions in money or in bonds at their par value with interest on such bonds as provided in this act

Section 12 That section twenty-six of said act which reads as follows

"Section 26 All rents tolls rates charges and all other income received by the said board shall be in charge of the treasurer thereof who shall deposit the same monthly with the State Treasurer The moneys so paid to the said State Treasurer shall be kept by him in the same manner as other funds received by him for the use of the Commonwealth except that he shall keep the same in a separate fund The moneys in said fund shall be used for the purpose of paying the cost of maintenance operation and improvement of said canal or waterway and appurtenances including salaries and all other expenses of the board and of making distribution among the contributing counties as provided in section twenty-seven of this act and for these purposes the said moneys in said fund are hereby specifically appropriated and shall be paid out by the State Treasurer in the same manner as other expenditures herein provided for are paid by him without further act of appropriation" be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows

Section 26 All rents tolls rates charges and all other income received by the said board from all sources shall be in charge of the treasurer thereof who shall deposit the same monthly with the Treasurer of the Commonwealth The money so paid to the said Treasurer shall be kept by him in the same manner as other funds received by him for the use of the Commonwealth except that he shall keep the same in a separate fund The moneys in said fund shall be used for the purpose of paying the cost of maintenance operation and improvement of said canal or waterway and appurtenances including salaries and all other expenses and liabilities of every kind of the board and of making distribution among the contributing authorities as provided in sections one and twenty-seven of this act and for these purposes the said moneys in said fund are hereby specificaly appropriated and shall be paid out by the Treasurer of the Commonwealth in the same manner as other expenditures herein provided for are paid by him without further act of appropriation

Section 13 That section twenty-seven of said act which reads as follows

"Section 27 That out of the surplus of rents tolls rates charges and other income accruing from the operation of said canal or waterway or the sale of water or waterpower remaining after the payment of the cost of operation maintenance and improvement as hereinbefore provided the State Treasurer shall from time to time set aside such sums as the board may recommend and deem consistent with the proper maintenance operation and management of the canal and its appurtenances and make pro rata distribution thereof among the contributing counties until the said contributing counties have been repaid the amount of their contributions principal and interest each county to receive such proportionate part as its contribution bears to the total sum contributed by the various counties in aid of the construction of said canal or waterway and appurtenances" be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows

Section 27 The surplus revenues which shall arise directly or indirectly from the operation of such canal or waterway (that is the gross income of such canal or waterway from all sources less the amounts necessary to provide for the maintenance operation and improvement thereof) shall be distributed from time to time by the Treasurer of the Commonwealth upon the written order of the Board to and among such of the public authorities specified in section one of this act as shall make contributions in money or in bonds in aid of such canal or waterway and to which surplus revenue receipts shall have been issued by the Treasurer of the Commonwealth under the provision of section thirteen of this act substantially pro rata according to the amount of their several contributions in money or in bonds at their par value but to such extent only as may be necessary to repay such contributors the amount of the several contributions made by them in money or in bonds at their par value with interest on such bonds

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—43.

Beidleman,	Hindman,	Mills,	Snyder, P. W.,
Buckman,	Homsher,	Moore,	Sones,
Burke,	Jenkins,	Patton,	Sproul,
Catlin,	Kurtz,	Phipps,	Stewart,
Daix,	Lynch,	Salus,	Thompson,
DeWitt,	Magee, C. J.,	Schantz,	Tuipkins,
Endsley,	Martin,	Semmens,	Vare,
Farley,	McConnell,	Sensenich,	Warner,
Gerberich,	McKee, W. S.	Smith, R. E.	Washers,
Graff,	McNichol,	Smith, W. W.,	Kline,
Gyger,	Miller,	Snyder, C. A.,	Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 695, as follows:

An Act authorizing counties to increase their indebtedness and issue bonds in aid of the construction by the State of Pennsylvania or by a Commission Board or other agency thereof of canals or navigable waterways connecting the Great Lakes or the Atlantic Ocean with any navigable waters of this State Providing that county commissioners shall submit the question of issuing such bonds to a vote of the electors of any county when directed so to do by order of the court of quarter sessions made upon petition filed by qualified electors and taxpayers and requiring county commissioners to issue such bonds if a majority of the electors voting on the question vote in favor of such issuance providing for the manner of delivery and sale of such bonds and for the procedure in other respects and repealing inconsistent legislation.

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That whenever the State of Pennsylvania or a commission board or other agency thereof incorporated or otherwise shall be authorized by any present or future law or laws of this State to construct maintain and operate a canal or navigable waterway to connect the Great Lakes or the Atlantic Ocean with any navigable waters of this State by a route situate within or partly within and partly without this State and with termini as in said law or laws generally indicated which law or laws shall provide for such construction by such voluntary contributions or appropriations in money or bonds at their par value as heretofore shall have been made or as hereafter may be made pursuant to the authority of any present or future laws by the United States any of the several states of the United States and various counties cities towns municipal corporations or other political subdivisions of such states or by some or all of the said United States states and other public authorities for the collection of tolls and charges for the use of such canal or waterway and appurtenances but only to such extent as may be necessary to provide for the cost of the maintenance operation and improvement thereof and to repay contributions made in money or in bonds at their par value and the interest on such bonds and for the distribution of any surplus revenues or such canal or waterway and appurtenances among such contributors to the cost of construction substantially pro rata according to the amount of their several contributions in money or in bonds at their par value to such extent as may be necessary to repay said contributors the amount of their several contributions made in money or in bonds at their par value with interest on such bonds thereupon it shall be lawful for any county in this State to issue bonds in aid of the construction of such canal or waterway and appurtenances as hereinafter provided

Section 2 At any time after the legislature of this State shall have enacted a law or laws as contemplated by the first section hereof a petition may be presented to the Court of Quarter Sessions of any county signed by at least one hundred qualified electors and taxpayers and verified by the affidavits of at least five of such petitioners stating that in the judgment of such petitioners such county by reason of its location or commercial or industrial interests will be benefited by the construction of the canal or waterway authorized by such law or laws and that it is desirable that bonds of the county should be issued in aid thereof and praying said court to order an election to be held at a date stated in said petition upon the question of increasing the indebtedness of the county to be represented by its bonds to be issued in aid of such canal or waterway in such aggregate principal amount as may be stated in said petition

If said petition shall appear to said Court of Quarter Sessions to be in proper form it shall file the same fix a date for a hearing thereon not more than thirty days thereafter and direct such notice of the hearing be given to the county commissioners of said county and to the public generally by advertisement in a newspaper circulating in the county or by posting as to said court may seem proper

Any person interested including the county commissioners may file exceptions to said petitions prior to the day fixed for the hearing and at such hearing any person in interest may be heard and the court may hear evidence and call witnesses but shall not be required to inquire into the matters set forth upon the judgment of the petitioners as to the benefit to the county resulting from the construction of said canal or waterway and the desirability of the issue of bonds as set forth which matters shall be deemed to depend upon the result of the election prayed for If the court shall find that such petition conforms to the requirements of this act it shall by order direct the county commissioners to call an election to be held in said county on the day specified in said petition for the purpose of taking a vote of the electors upon the question of the increase of indebtedness and issuance of bonds of the aggregate principal amount set forth in the petition

Such election shall be called held and conducted in the manner provided by section three of an act of the Legislature of Pennsylvania entitled "An Act to regulate the manner of increasing the indebtedness of municipalities to provide for the redemption of the same and to impose penalties for the illegal increase thereof" approved April twentieth eighteen hundred seventy-four (Pamphlet Laws sixty-five) and the acts amendatory thereof and supplemental thereto except that the county commissioners shall not be required to signify their desire to make the increase of indebtedness in question or to fix the date of the election which latter shall be determined by the petition All expense incident to the calling and holding of such election shall be paid by the county

If by the returns of such election it shall appear that the majority of the electors voting on the question of the increase of indebtedness and issuance of bonds shall have voted in favor of such increase and issuance of bonds the county commissioners shall issue bonds of the county as hereinafter provided If at any such election a majority of the votes cast for and against such increase and bonds shall not be in favor of such question then no further election upon such question shall be held during the year following The power hereby conferred shall not be deemed to be exhausted by a single submission to a vote and a favorable vote thereat

Section 3 Whenever any officer of the State of Pennsylvania or any commission board or other agency thereof or any officer of such commission board or other agency thereunto duly authorized by any present or future law of the State of Pennsylvania shall certify to the county commissioners of any county which shall have voted as aforesaid to issue bonds to aid in the construction of said canal or waterway that contributions or appropriations in money or bonds at their par value have been authorized as contemplated in the first section of this act at least equal in amount to the estimated cost of such canal or waterway and appurtenances the county commissioners shall by resolution provide for the issuance and execution by the commissioners clerk of the commissioners and treasurer or controller of the county under the seal of the county of the amount of bonds authorized by the electors as aforesaid and said officials shall thereupon execute said bonds and the treasurer or controller shall deliver such bonds so executed to any officer of the State of Pennsylvania or to any commission board or other agency thereof or to any officer of such commission board or other agency authorized to receive and receipt for said bonds by any present or future law of the State of Pennsylvania The said bonds shall bear such date and run for such term not exceeding thirty years from their date bear such rate of interest not exceeding six per centum per annum payable annually or semi-annually and be in such form either coupon or registered or coupon and registered combined of such denomination and payable as to both principal and interest at such place or places as the county commissioners by resolution may provide and shall contain a recital that they are issued pursuant to the authority of this act and such recital shall be conclusive evidence of their validity and of the regularity of their issue The resolution authorizing and directing the execution and delivery of said bonds shall provide for the collection of an annual tax on the taxable property of the county sufficient to pay the interest and also the principal thereof within thirty years which may be assessed levied and collected without regard to any limitation or restriction contained in any other law or laws upon the amount of taxes which may be assessed levied and collected Said bonds may be sold from time to time at public or private sale for the best price obtainable but for not less than ninety-five per centum of their par value and accrued interest in such manner as may be provided by any present or future law of the State of Pennsylvania and the proceeds thereof shall be applied to the cost and expenses involved in the construction of such canal or waterway and appurtenances but no purchaser of said bonds shall be liable to see to the application of such proceeds Before any of said bonds shall be sold all matured coupons if any thereunto belonging shall be detached therefrom and cancelled and delivered to the county commissioners of the county issuing the same

In the authorization and issuance of any such bonds county commissioners and other authorities shall comply with the requirements of "An Act to regulate the manner of increasing the indebtedness of municipalities to provide for the redemption of the same and to impose penalties for the illegal increase thereof" approved April twentieth one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four (Pamphlet Laws sixty-five) and the acts amendatory thereof and supplemental thereto except in so far as the same may be inconsistent with the provisions of this act

Section 4 Nothing herein contained shall authorize or require the county commissioners of any county to submit to the electors the question of increasing the indebtedness of said county or authorize or require said county commissioners to issue bonds in such amount that the indebtedness of such county will exceed seven per centum upon the assessed valuation of the taxable property therein as limited by Article nine section eight of the Constitution

Section 5 An Act entitled "An Act to enable counties to appropriate money to issue bonds in aid of the construction by public authority and control of canals or waterways suitable for steamships steamboats barges or other vessels and providing for the procedure in such cases and to enter into contracts to that end with other counties and other public authorities of this or other states of the United States" approved the thirteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven be and the same is hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to.

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—43.

Beidleman,	Hindman,	Mills,	Snyder, P. W.,
Buckman,	Homsher,	Moore,	Sones,
Burke,	Jenkins,	Patton,	Sproul,
Catlin,	Kurtz,	Phipps,	Stewart,
Daix,	Lynch,	Salus,	Thompson,
DeWitt,	Magee, C. J.,	Schantz,	Tompkins,
Endsley,	Martin,	Semmens,	Vare,
Farley,	McConnell,	Sensenich,	Warner,
Gerberich,	McKee, W. S.,	Smith, R. E.,	Wasbers,
Graff,	McNichol,	Smith, W. M.,	Kline,
Gyger,	Miller.	Snyder, C. A.,	Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 283, as follows:

An Act to amend an act approved the first day of May one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled "An Act to classify the fish in the waters within this Commonwealth declaring which are game fish which are food fish and which are bait fish and to regulate the catching and sale and encourage the propagation of the same to protect the waters within this Commonwealth from unfair improper wasteful and destructive fishing and to protect fish from being destroyed or injured by destructive means to provide for the appointment of fish-wardens and to declare their official powers and duties to encourage and regulate the propagation of fish within this Commonwealth and regulate the free distribution of the same by the Department of Fisheries in the waters within the same to define powers and duties of the Department of Fisheries to regulate the sale and shipment of fish artificially propagated for profit to forbid the sale of unlawful devices for catching fish and to provide penalties and punishments for the violation of the provisions of this act and providing how and by whom the costs shall be paid"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That an act approved the first day of May one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled "An Act to classify the fish in the waters within this Commonwealth declaring which are game fish which are food fish and which are bait fish and to regulate the catching and sale and encourage the propagation of the same to protect the waters within this Commonwealth from unfair improper wasteful and destructive fishing and to protect fish from being destroyed or injured by destructive means to provide for the appointment of fish-wardens and to declare their official powers and duties to encourage and regulate the propagation of fish within this Commonwealth and regulate the free distribution of the same by the Department of Fisheries in the waters within the same to define powers and duties of the Department of Fisheries to regulate

the sale and shipment of fish artificially propagated for profit to forbid the sale of unlawful devices for catching fish and to provide penalties and punishments for the violation of the provisions of this act and providing how and by whom the costs shall be paid" is amended by adding the following to be known as section eight

Section 8 That it shall be unlawful to use fish baskets in the waters within or under the control of this Commonwealth from the fifteenth day of December to the fourteenth day of August next ensuing each date inclusive that it shall be lawful to use fish baskets from the fifteenth day of August to the fifteenth day of December in each year both dates inclusive and from four o'clock in the afternoon until eight o'clock on the following morning for the capture of eels and no fish basket shall be set or used in a stream known as a trout stream and no wing-walls of any two baskets shall be within twenty feet of each other at the upper end when side by side or extend beyond each other at the upper end or reach from main shore to main shore or extend over more than three-fourths of the width of a stream or occupy so much of the stream as to prevent the passage of canoes or boats and fish at either side of the stream or be constructed of any other material than loose stones and no basket and wing-walls shall be set immediately above one already legally located nearer than one-quarter of a mile And provided That the bottom of the basket so used shall be made of well-rounded wooden slats not more than two inches wide or set or placed that they shall not be less than three-eights of an inch apart when swollen by water And provided further That the bottoms of said baskets shall be movable for the entire width of each and every fall or so much of said bottoms be movable as to leave not more than seven slats in one section and such bottoms or parts of bottoms shall be taken out of said falls or so adjusted as to make it impossible for them to catch fish from eight o'clock in the morning and kept out until four o'clock in the afternoon And provided further That the number of the license of said basket shall be clearly and permanently painted or marked on the sides thereof Provided That nothing in this section shall be so construed as to allow any fish baskets to be erected and operated within a quarter of a mile of any fishway chute or opening in a dam through which fish can pass when water is running through raceways and mills excepted And provided also That before any person or persons shall be authorized to catch or take eels by means of a fish basket as described he or they shall be required to take out a license from the treasurer of the county in which he or they propose to erect or construct any fish basket in accordance with section twenty-one of this act and no person shall be given a license for a fish basket for a spot or location for which a license was given another person the previous year until the first day of the lawful season for using said basket unless the licensee of the previous year shall have previously notified the county treasurer in writing of his intention to renew his license Provided That any person who shall neglect to take out a license for two years shall have no priority to such location And provided also That no license shall be granted for a fish basket in any stream without the written consent of the owner and occupant of the land on which it is proposed to place such basket And provided further That all baskets used or operated under the provisions of this section shall be entirely removed from the wing-walls or dismantled or destroyed within one week after the closing of the legal season And provided also That no person or persons shall operate said basket in the absence of the owner or owners except it be a member of his family or a bona fide employe or employes of a member of his or their family in which case the holder or holders of the certificates or license shall be held legally responsible for any violation of this section or of any existing acts relating to fish or fishing within this Commonwealth by the use of said fish baskets Provided further That nothing in this section shall be so construed as to prevent the licensee or lawful operator keeping besides eels any carp suckers or mullets but no other fish which may be taken by the basket while lawfully used for catching eels And provided further That at the end of the fishing season each holder of a license shall furnish to the Department of Fisheries on request of the Commissioner of Fisheries a written report of the approximate number and weight of eels carp suckers and mullets taken together with the market value of the same for statistical purposes No individual report to be made public without the written consent of the licensee Any person or persons violating any of the provisions of this section shall on conviction be subject to a fine of twenty-five dollars as provided in section twenty-seven of this act together with the forfeiture of any boats or appliances which may have been used to the Department of Fisheries and in addition be deprived of the right to secure another license for a period of two years and this section shall apply to the River Delaware above Trenton Falls

This section applies only to streams of a width greater than two thousand feet

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with.

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 304, as follows:

An Act relating to appeals from the reports of auditors of school districts of the second third and fourth classes

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That in any proceeding in the court of common pleas upon an appeal from a report of auditors of any school district of the second third or fourth class the accounts of the officer or officers in question may be investigated de novo but the figures and facts found and stated by the auditors in their report of audit shall be taken as prima facie correct as against any such officer and the burden shall be upon each officer whose accounts are in question of establishing the credits to which he shall be entitled

Section 2 That when more than one appeal from a report of such auditors shall have been taken whether by the school district an officer or officers thereof or by a taxpayer or any or all of them the court of common pleas shall upon petition of any party interested direct the several appeals to be disposed of in a single proceeding

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with.

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 329, as follows:

An Act providing for the employment of a chief bookkeeper and three assistants and one additional traveling auditor in the Department of the Auditor General and fixing their salaries

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That on and after the passage of this act the Department of the Auditor General is authorized to employ one chief bookkeeper at a salary of two thousand five hundred dollars per annum one assistant chief bookkeeper at a salary of two thousand dollars per annum two bookkeepers and one additional traveling auditor at a salary of one thousand eight hundred dollars each per annum

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with.

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 418 (House Bill No. 227), entitled:

An Act validating the incurring of debt or increase of indebtedness of townships of the second class by its supervisors for the purpose of macadamizing roads and highways buildings constructing repairing and maintaining permanent roads culverts and bridges purchasing machinery or lifting orders or payment of any contracts made therefor to an amount in the aggregate not exceeding two per centum upon the assessed value of the taxable property therein as fixed and determined by the last preceding assessed valuation therefor and all coupon bonds or other securities issued therefor and also assessments of annual tax for the payment of the principal and interest of such indebtedness represented by such bonds or other securities since the twentieth of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with.

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 450 (House Bill No. 611), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith"

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with.

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 558, as follows:

An Act fixing the salary of the night watchman in the State Library

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the salary of the night watchman in the State Library shall hereafter be ten hundred and twenty dollars per annum payable monthly

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with.

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Sneate Bill No. 574, as follows:

An Act to amend rule eighteen of the General Rules in article twenty-five of the act of June nine one thousand nine hundred and eleven (Pamphlet Laws seven hundred and fifty-six) entitled "An Act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the bituminous coal mines of Pennsylvania and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That rule eighteen of the General Rule of article twenty-five of the act of June nine one thousand nine hundred and eleven (Pamphlet Laws seven hundred and fifty-six) entitled "An Act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the bituminous coal mines of Pennsylvania and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith" which rule reads as follows

"Rule Eighteen In the cutting of clay veins spars or faults entries or other narrow workings going into the solid coal in mines wherein explosive gas is generated in dangerous quantities a bore hole shall be kept not less than three feet in advance of the face of the work or three feet in advance of any shot hole drilled for a blast to be fired in" be and hereby is amended so as to read as follows

Rule Eighteen In the cutting of clay veins spars or faults in entries or other narrow workings going into the solid coal in mines wherein explosive gas is generated in dangerous quantities a bore hole shall be kept not less than three feet in advance of the face of the work or three feet in advance of any shot hole drilled for a blast to be fired in

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 580 (House Bill No. 459), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-fourth day fo May one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven entitled "An Act to regulate the practice of pharmacy and sale of poisons and to prevent adulterations in drugs and medical preparations in the State of Pennsylvania" as amended

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 599 (House Bill No. 727), entitled:

An Act to authorize the merger and consolidation of street railway corporations organized under the laws of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania with street railway corporations organized under the laws of other states where the lines of said street railway corporations meet at the state line of any state adjoining the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and form a continuous line with each other and validating all such mergers and consolidations heretofore made

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 646 (House Bill No. 883), entitled:

An Act authorizing the Department of Forestry to grow and distribute young forest trees and restricting their use after distribution

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 657, as follows:

An Act fixing the compensation of the Chief Clerk and the five clerks in the Department of Mines

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from and after June first Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and fifteen the compensation of the Chief Clerk in the Department of Mines shall be twenty-four hundred dollars per annum and of the five clerks therein shall be one thousand six hundred dollars each per annum which compensation shall be paid in monthly installments upon warrants drawn by the Auditor-General upon the State Treasurer

Section 2 All acts and parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 689, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to refund certain monies to the estate of the late Joseph P. Kennedy

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of five hundred dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated for the purpose of refunding to the estate of Joseph P. Kennedy deceased former State Senator from the second senatorial district who was a member of the State Senate during the special session of the General Assembly held from June seventh to December sixth in the year one thousand eight hundred eighty-three the amount due from the Commonwealth as compensation for such special session which said amount was not paid to the said Joseph P. Kennedy or not received by him for said session and is still due and owing by the Commonwealth

Payment of the amount due the estate of said Joseph P. Kennedy shall be on warrant of the Auditor General upon production of satisfactory proof to him that compensation was not paid to the said Joseph P. Kennedy or was not received and that it is still owing by the Commonwealth

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 707 (House Bill No. 961), entitled:

An Act imposing certain liabilities on persons firms and corporations in cities of the second class for the cost of extinguishing fires which occur through their criminal intent design or wilful negligence or where they have not complied with any law ordinance or other lawful regulation for the prevention of fire or the spreading thereof providing a method for the ascertainment of such cost and the manner of collecting the same

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 754, as follows:

A Joint Resolution authorizing the Commissioner of Health of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to lease a right of way through certain lands of the Commonwealth situated in Cresson Township Cambria County Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the Commissioner of Health of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania be and hereby is authorized directed and empowered to make execute and deliver on behalf of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to The Taylor and McCoy Coal and Coke Company a corporation chartered organized and existing under the laws of said Commonwealth its successors and assigns a lease of a right of way or easement through the lands of the Commonwealth hereinafter described for the purpose of projecting excavating building and operating a haulage way and a ventilating way to be used in transporting coal and ventilating coal mines of the lessee as follows to wit

An easement or right of way through the sub-strata under the "E" or 'Lemon" vein of coal in that portion of that certain piece or parcel of ground which was conveyed to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania by deed of Andrew Carnegie and Louise W. Carnegie his wife as grantors dated the twelfth day of February Anno Domini nineteen hundred and ten and recorded in the office of the recorder of deeds in and for the county of Cambria State of Pennsylvania on May fifth Anno Domini nineteen hundred and ten in Deed Book volume two hundred and twenty-three at page six hundred and twenty et cetera of the width of one hundred fifty (150) feet commencing at the southerly line of the right of way of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company known as the "Old Portage Railroad Right of Way" at a point in such sub-strata where the main headings and ventilating ways of the said coal company are about to intersect the lands of the said Commonwealth and thence in a straight course southerly bearing slightly to the west so that the westerly line of the said right of way will intersect the northerly line of the James Kinnear tract (a portion of the lands of the said Commonwealth aforesaid) at a point one hundred thirty (130) feet more or less easterly of the northwest corner thereof a distance of one thousand ninety feet to the line of the James Kinnear track thence of equal width bearing to the west a distance along the westerly line of the said right of way to a point in the westerly line of the said James Kinnear tract four hundred (400) feet more or less southerly from the northwesterly corner of said James Kinnear tract with the right and privilege to excavate tunnels for haulage ways and air courses through the same and to convey coal through the same and to ventilate coal mines for the period of thirty (30) years from and after the date of the approval of this resolution upon such consideration and upon such terms and conditions as may be prescribed by the said Commissioner of Health of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and with such reversion to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania at the expiration of the said period of thirty (30) years as may be provided by the Commissioner of Health aforesaid

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,
Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 255, entitled:

An Act to repeal so much of an act passed the twenty-second day of April one thousand seven hundred and ninety-four entitled "An Act for the prevention of vice and immorality and of unlawful gaming and to restrain disorderly sports and dissipation" as relates to the sale or delivery of the necessaries of life on the first day of the week commonly called Sunday

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 365, entitled:

An Act authorizing Louis Gumbiner a resident of Philadelphia county Pennsylvania to bring suit or suits against and to recover from the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania either in law or equity in the court of common pleas of Philadelphia county the amount of such part of a certain wholesale liquor license fee as required by and paid by him to the treasurer of the city and county of Philadelphia in excess of the amount of such fee as was justly and legally due and payable together with legal interest on such excessive amount from the time of payment thereof

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 415 (House Bill No. 484), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled "An Act creating an art jury for cities of the first class and prescribing its powers and duties"

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 566, entitled:

An Act for the protection of the public health by providing for the regulation and control of the sanitary conditions surrounding the propagation handling storage and serving of food in hotels restaurants and dining cars defining hotels restaurants and dining cars imposing certain duties upon the Dairy and Food Commissioner in reference to this act and providing penalties for the violation of the same

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 571, entitled:

An Act authorizing county controllers in counties containing a population of from one hundred fifty thousand to two hundred sixty thousand to designate and appoint a solicitor prescribing the duties of the said solicitor and fixing his term of office and salary to be paid by the proper county

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 590 (House Bill No. 331), entitled:

An Act requiring each county having a population of one million and over to establish a pension fund for employes of said county and regulating the payment of such pensions

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 618 (House Bill No. 291), entitled:

An Act to authorize any railroad company street railway company or any transportation company incorporated or unincorporated to issue or grant transportation at special reduced and lower rates to ministers of religion

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 687, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the first day of May one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled "An Act to classify the fish in the waters within this Commonwealth declaring which are game fish which are food fish and which are bait fish and to regulate the catching and sale and encourage the propagation of the same to protect the waters within this Commonwealth from unfair improper wasteful and destructive fishing and to protect fish from being destroyed or injured by destructive means to provide for the appointment of fish wardens and to declare their official powers and duties to encourage and regulate the propagation of fish within this Commonwealth and regulate the free distribution of the same by the Department of Fisheries in the waters within the same to define powers and duties of the Department of Fisheries to regulate the sale and shipment of fish artificially propagated for profit to forbid the sale of unlawful devices for catching fish and to provide penalties and punishments for the violation of the provisions of this act and providing how and by whom the costs shall be paid"

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 690, entitled:

An Act to amend the sixth section of an act approved the twelfth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five entitled "An Act providing for the erec-

tion and maintenance of a memorial hall at the county seat of Allegheny county in honor of the soldiers sailors and marines from that county who served in the Army and Navy of the United States in the war for the suppression of the rebellion authorizing and directing the commissioners of said Allegheny county to erect and maintain said memorial hall upon petition of fifty citizens approved by two successive grand juries the court of quarter sessions and a majority vote of the qualified voters of said county at a general election designating a committee to determine what relics records et cetera shall be placed in said memorial hall and providing for a flagstaff and display of the flag of the United States" by extending its provisions so that societies resulting from the war with Spain Philippine Insurrection and China Relief Expedition may have rooms in said memorial hall to meet in and making the members of said societies eligible to membership on the supervisory board

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 703 (House Bill No. 756), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the seventh day of May one thousand nine hundred seven entitled "An Act regulating and defining the powers and duties of the Dental Council and the State Board of Dental Examiners providing for appointment of examiners defining qualifications of applicants for examination condition of granting licenses regulating and limiting the practice of dentistry prohibiting practice by or employment of unlicensed persons and providing punishment therefor and disposition of fees and fines and fixing the appropriation to the Dental Council"

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 711, entitled:

An Act relating to motion-picture films reels or stereopticon views or slides providing a system of examination approval and regulation thereof and of the banners posters and other advertising matter used in connection therewith creating the Board of Censors and providing penalties for the violation of this act

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 714, entitled:

An Act to regulate the sale furnishing giving away and administration in certain cases of proprietary patent medicines or any substance or preparation containing opium morphine heroin cocaine codeine or any salts derivatives or compounds thereof and providing penalties

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 732, entitled:

An Act to amend sections eleven and twelve of an act entitled "An Act to classify the species of fish in such parts of the boundary lakes of more than five thousand acres as this Commonwealth has jurisdiction over and in the waters of any peninsula or in any bay adjacent to or connected with such lakes to declare which fish are gamefish which fish are food-fish and which are minnows or bait-fish to protect and provide for the maintenance and increase of fish in such lake to regulate and provide for the payment of license fees for the catching of fish from such boundary lakes and prohibit the unauthorized taking of fish from devices used by authority of such license to provide penalties and punishments for the violation of any of the provisions of this act and requiring the county wherein an offense is charged to pay costs of prosecution in certain instances and repealing all acts inconsistent herewith" approved the eighteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen more clearly defining and regulating the manner in which food fish may be caught and upon what devices fees shall be paid and authorizing the limited use of an additional kind of nets with mesh of defined size

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 756, entitled:

An Act authorizing boroughs to redeem outstanding bonds and for that purpose issue and sell new interest-bearing bonds and to provide a fund for the redemption thereof

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

HOUSE BILL FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced, presented for concurrence, bill of the House of Representatives as follows:

House Bill No. 730 (Senate Bill No. 794), entitled:

An Act to provide for the health safety and welfare of miners by forbidding their employment or work in certain establishments and occupations and under certain specified ages by restricting their hours of labor and regulating certain conditions of their employment by requiring employment certificates for certain minors and prescribing the kinds thereof and the rules for the issuance reissuance filing return and recording of the same by providing that the Industrial Board shall under certain conditions determine and declare whether certain occupations are within the prohibitions of this act requiring that certain schools to be approved by the State Superintendent of Public Instruction and regulating the conditions of such attendance authorizing the State Board of Education in certain cases to appoint attendance officers to aid in enforcing the provisions of this act and creating the salary and expenses of such officers a charge against the school district wherein they are employed requiring certain abstracts and notices to be posted providing for the enforcement of this act by the Commissioner of Labor and Industry the attendance officers of the school districts and police officers permitting private prosecutions for violation thereof and defining the procedure in prosecutions thereunder and establishing certain presumptions in relation thereto providing penalties for the violation of the provisions thereof and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent therewith

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to read bills in place at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. CHARLES A. SNYDER read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 795, entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act supplemental to an act entitled 'An Act to create a Bureau of Building Inspection, and to regulate the construction, maintenance and inspection of buildings and party walls in cities of the first class,' approved the 5th day of May, 1899," approved the 5th day of June, 1911, by exempting from the operation of said act buildings used for exhibitions of which moving pictures form the whole or moving pictures form a part and vaudeville acts in some or all of which stage scenery and apparatus are employed form a part

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 796, entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to regulate the construction, maintenance, and inspection of buildings used for the exhibition of moving pictures in all cities of the first class; providing for the enforcement thereof, and fixing penalties for violation of the same," approved the 9th day of June, 1911, by defining the phrase "exhibition of moving pictures" as used therein so as to include all exhibitions of which moving pictures form the whole or moving pictures form a part and vaudeville acts in some or all of which stage scenery and apparatus are employed form a part, and exempting buildings in actual use for such exhibitions prior to the passage of said act from the operation thereof and further legalizing the construction of such buildings and the use thereof for such exhibitions.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 797, entitled:

An act to amend an act, entitled "An Act defining and regulating public amusements, and places used therefor: requiring and regulating the licensing thereof: restricting the scope of certain acts of Assembly relating thereto and providing penalties for violation of this act," approved the 20th day of May, 1913, by further defining and regulating such amusements and places and the licensing thereof.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

Also read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 798, entitled:

An Act to legalize the erection, construction and alteration of certain buildings in actual use on or before May 20th, 1913, for exhibitions of which moving pictures formed the whole or moving pictures formed the part and vaudeville acts in some or all of which stage scenery and apparatus were employed formed a part.

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. PATTON. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time?

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. PATTON, from the Committee on Municipal Affairs, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 355 (House Bill No. 139), entitled:

An Act to provide for the filling of vacancies in councils of cities of the first class.

RECESS.

Mr. SEMMENS. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now take a recess for ten minutes.

Mr. McKEE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

AFTER RECESS.

The PRESIDENT. The time of recess having elapsed, the Senate will be in order.

NOMINATIONS BY THE GOVERNOR.

The Private Secretary of the Governor being introduced, presented communications in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which were read as follows, viz:

NOTARIES PUBLIC.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 7, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons to be Notaries Public for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, for the term of four years, to compute from the dates set opposite their names, respectively:

ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

Louis P. Schneider, Pittsburgh, April 11, 1915.

CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

John R. Miller, Carlisle, April 18, 1915.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY.

William E. Tolan, Philadelphia, April 15, 1915.
Walter K. Wood, Philadelphia, April 23, 1915.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 7, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named persons to be Notaries Public for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, for the term of four years, to compute from the date of their confirmation:

ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

Harry Coon, Pittsburgh.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY.

Joseph L. Neely, Philadelphia.
John Hahn Thissell, Philadelphia.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

CHIEF ENGINEER OF THE STATE HIGHWAY DEPARTMENT.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 7, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, William D. Uhler, of Philadelphia, to be Chief Engineer of the State Highway Department, until lawfully determined or annulled, vice Samuel D. Foster, resigned.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

JUDGE OF THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS NO. 4, CITY AND COUNTY OF PHILADELPHIA.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 7, 1915.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Thomas J. Finletter to be a Judge of the Court of Common Pleas No. 4, in and for the City and County of Philadelphia until the first Monday of January, 1916, vice Robert N. Willson, resigned.

MARTIN G. BRUMBAUGH.

EXECUTIVE SESSION.

By unanimous consent,

A motion was made by Mr. VARE,

That Rule 38 which requires nominations made by the Governor to be referred to proper committees ze dispensed with, and the Senate do now resolve itself into executive session, for the purpose of acting on the foregoing nominations,

Which was agreed to,

Whereupon,

A motion was made by Mr. VARE,

That the Senate do advise and consent to said nominations,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—47.

Beidleman,	Gyger,	McNichol,	Snyder, C. A.,
Buckman,	Hackett,	Miller,	Snyder, P. W.,
Burke,	Hindman,	Mills,	Sones,
Catlin,	Hoke,	Moore,	Sproul,
Clark,	Homsher,	Patton,	Stewart,
Croft,	Jenkins,	Phipps,	Thompson,
Daix,	Kurtz,	Salus,	Tompkins,
DeWitt,	Lynch,	Schantz,	Vare,
Endsley,	Magee, C. J.,	Semmens,	Warner,
Farley,	Martin,	Sensenich,	Wasbes,
Gerberich,	McConnell,	Smith, R. E.,	Kline,
Graff,	McKee,	W. S. Smith, W. W.,	Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Governor be informed accordingly.

BILL INTRODUCED.

Mr. DAIX. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to read a bill in place at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. DAIX read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 799, entitled:

A Joint Resolution to provide for the participation of the Second Regiment Infantry National Guard of Pennsylvania in the Panama Pacific International Exposition, to be held at San Francisco, California, in 1915, to celebrate the completion and opening of the Panama Canal and the four hundredth anniversary of the discovery of the Pacific Ocean; and providing that such officers and enlisted men of said regiment as participate in said exposition shall be paid the same per diem pay of officers and men and such allowances in connection with the annual encampment as are paid from State funds which they would receive at the annual encampment.

Which was committed to the Committee on Military Affairs.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. W. W. SMITH. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. W. W. SMITH, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, re-reported as commmitted, Senate Bill No. 286, entitled:

An Act to provide for retirement of State employes permanently disqualified by reason of physical or mental disability to perform their official functions and duties with half pay under certain conditions during the remainder of their lives except State employes whose retirement has been or shall be otherwise provided for and the filling of vacancies caused by such retirement.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

Mr. RAYMOND E. SMITH. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to read a bill in place at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. RAYMOND E. SMITH read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 800, entitled:

An Act to provide a system for the classification, control, construction and maintenance of public roads in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania; by the creation of a State Highway Commission, a Board of County Road Commissioners, for the election of a County Superintendent of Roads, Board of Township Supervisors; defining the powers and duties and salaries of each, providing for the assessment and collection of taxes, the payment of employes, payment for materials, road machinery and indebtedness.

Which was committed to the Committee on Public Roads and Highways.

Mr. MARTIN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to read a bill in place at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. MARTIN read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 801, entitled:

An Act regulating the manufacture and sale and use of insecticides and fungicides and imposing certain duties on the Secretary of Agriculture, the Commissioner of Forestry and the Pennsylvania State Agricultural College, and making an appropriation

Which was committed to the Committee on Agriculture.

Mr. HOKE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to read bills in place at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. HOKE (by request) read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 802, entitled:

An Act relating to payment of cost of tuition, text books and school supplies in cases in which inmates of orphan asylums, children's home institutions and other similar institutions, attend the public schools

Which was committed to the Committee on Education.

Also (by request) read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 803, entitled:

An Act to amend sections one, three, four, five, thirteen, sixteen and twenty of an act, entitled "An Act to regulate nominations and elections for all elective offices of cities of the second class and all offices of judge of a court of record; providing for non-partisan nominations and elections for said offices; abolishing certain existing methods of nominations in such cases and the use of party or political names or appellations at elections with respect to said offices; imposing certain duties upon the Secretary of the Commonwealth, county commissioners and election officers and clerks; and providing penalties for the violation of the provisions hereof, and the punishment of certain offences," approved the 24th day of July, A. D. 1913, so as to include the nomination and election of all offices of school director in the second, third and fourth class school districts of this Commonwealth.

Which was committed to the Committee on Education.

Mr. SALUS. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to read a bill in place at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. SALUS read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 804, entitled:

An Act requiring each county having a population of one million five hundred thousand inhabitants and over and the city or cities therein to establish a pension fund for employes of said counties and city or cities and regulating the payment of such pensions.

Which was committed to the Committee on Municipal Affairs.

RECESS.

Mr. KURTZ. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now take a recess for ten minutes.

Mr MILLS. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

AFTER RECESS.

The PRESIDENT. The time of recess having elapsed, the Senate will be in order.

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION RECALLING FROM THE GOVERNOR HOUSE BILL NO. 410.

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced, presented extract from the Journal of the House of Representatives, which was twice read as follows:

In the House of Representatives, April 7, 1915.

Resolved (If the Senate concur), That House Bill No. 410, entitled:

Joint Resolution authorizing the printing and binding of the report of the commission to consider the revision and amendment of the penal laws of Pennsylvania

be recalled from the Governor for the purpose of amendment.

On the question,

Will the Senate concur in the same?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

BILL INTRODUCED.

Mr. MAGEE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to read a bill in place at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none

Mr. MAGEE read in his place and presented to the Chair Senate Bill No. 805, entitled:

An Act limiting the time within which to begin actions in trespass for malicious prosecution and false imprisonment to one year and conspiracy to three years after the injury complained of

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make reports from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. C. A. SNYDER, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 795, entitled:

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act supplemental to an act entitled 'An Act to create a Bureau of Building Inspection and to regulate the construction maintenance and inspection of buildings and party walls in cities of the first class' approved the 5th day of May 1899" approved the 5th day of June 1901 by exempting from the operation of said act buildings used for exhibitions of which moving pictures form the whole or moving pictures form a part and vaudeville acts in some or all of which stage scenery and apparatus are employed form a part.

Also from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 796, entitled:

An Act to amend an act, entitled "An Act to regulate the construction, maintenance and inspection of buildings used for the exhibition of moving pictures in all cities of the first class; providing for the enforcement thereof, and fixing penalties for violation of the same," approved the 9th day of June, 1911, by defining the phrase "exhibition of moving pictures" as used therein so as to include all exhibitions of which moving pictures form the whole or moving pictures form a part and vaudeville acts in some or all of which stage scenery and apparatus are employed form a part, and exempting buildings in actual use for such exhibitions prior to the passage of said act from the operation thereof and further legalizing the construction of such buildings and the use thereof for such exhibitions.

Also from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 797, entitled:

An Act to amend an act, entitled "An Act defining and regulating public amusements, and places used therefor; requiring and regulating the licensing thereof; restricting the scope of certain acts of Assembly relating thereto, and providing penalties for violation of this act," approved the 20th day of May, 1913, by further defining and regulating such amusements and places and the licensing thereof.

Also from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed, Senate Bill No. 798, entitled:

An Act to legalize the erection, construction and alteration of certain buildings in actual use on or before May 20th, 1913, for exhibitions of which moving pictures formed the whole or moving pictures formed a part and vaudeville acts in some or all of which stage scenery and apparatus were employed formed a part.

ADJOURNMENT.

Mr. HACKETT. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now adjourn until tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock.

Mr. HILTON. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The Senate adjourned at 1:20 o'clock P. M. until Thursday morning, April 8, 1915, at 10 o'clock.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

WEDNESDAY, April 7th, 1915.

The House met at 10 o'clock A. M.
The SPEAKER (Charles A. Ambler) in the Chair.

PRAYER.

The Chaplain, Rev. F. W. Staley, offered the following prayer:

Almighty God, we thank Thee for the development, progress and stability of this great Commonwealth, as seen in its homes, in its laws, in its education, in its morals and in its religion.

We thank Thee for the power of its citizenship, for the patriotism of its people, for the position it occupies among the States in this mighty Republic. May we, as men, be true to its history, true to its Constitution and truer to its principles of government. May we by our lives and deeds make it better, nobler and purer for the happiness of its people to be handed down to our children as a gift unsullied and untarinshed. We ask for Christ's sake, Amen.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the Journal of yesterday's proceedings.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of yesterday's proceedings, when on motion of Mr. Jack, the further reading was dispensed with and the Journal was approved.

BILLS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED.

By Mr. STONE. House Bill No. 1328.

An Act providing for and regulating the maintenance and government of a county home, in each county, for indigent orphans and for delinquent, incorrigible, indigent, dependent and neglected children under sixteen years old, and providing for their commitment thereto

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. WEIR (By request) House Bill No. 1329.

An Act to amend section four of an act entitled "An Act to restrain and regulate the sale of vinous and spirituous, malt or brewed liquors or any admixture thereof," approved the thirteenth day of May, one thousand eight hundred eighty-seven.

Referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

By Mr. E. E. JONES. House Bill No. 1330.

An Act providing for the assessment and collection of a tax, for State purposes, on the loans of private and public corporations, and appropriating and dedicating the same to the construction and maintenance of State highways.

Referred to the Committee on Ways and Means

By Mr. GIBSON. House Bill No. 1331.

An Act regulating the keeping of bees and providing a penalty.

Referred to the Committee on Agriculture.

By Mr. BROWNLEE. House Bill No. 1332.

An Act to provide for the free examination and free surgical and hospital treatment of children who are born deformed, or who may become so through accident or disease, and whose parents or guardians are unable to meet the expense of examination, operation and treatment; and requiring such cases to be reported by physicians to the local and State Boards of Health, and with the consent of the parents, guardian, or person in loco parentis providing for the free examination, surgical, and hospital treatment of such children in hospitals receiving State aid, and for the defraying of the expense of such examination and treatment.

Referred to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

By Mr. SHOWALTER. House Bill No. 1333.

An Act authorizing school directors in school districts of the second, third and fourth classes to form an association, and providing for an appropriation therefor by such districts.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Mr. McVICAR. House Bill No. 1334.

An Act providing for the creation and regulation of municipal liens, and the proceedings for the collection thereof, in the several boroughs of this Commonwealth.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. PHILLIPS. House Bill No. 1335.

A supplement to an act approved the twentieth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, entitled "An Act to regulate the manner of increasing the indebtedness of municipalities, to provide for the redemption of the same, and to impose penalties for the illegal increase thereof."

Referred to the Committee on Elections.

By Mr. PHILLIPS. House Bill No. 1336.

An Act legalizing the killing of foxes.

Referred to the Committee on Game.

By Mr. FRUIT. House Bill No. 1337.

An Act to authorize the revising, editing and printing of forty thousand copies of bulletin number eleven, entitled "Pennsylvania Trees," issued by the Department of Forestry and making an appropriation therefor.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations

By Mr. DUNN. House Bill No. 1338.

An Act authorizing councils of cities of the first class to levy certain taxes, and designating the use to be made of the moneys derived therefrom.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

By Mr. WALTER. House Bill No. 1339.

An Act authorizing and empowering the Sealers of Weights and Measures, of each county and city, to organize themselves into a State Association, for the purpose of holding annual meetings, and providing for the payment of the expenses thereof.

Referred to the Committee on Counties and Townships.

By Mr. WALTER. House Bill No. 1340.

An Act defining public utilities owned by cities, boroughs, towns and townships; and providing for the submission of the question of the sale or lease thereof to the electors of such cities, boroughs, towns or townships.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. WALTER. House Bill No. 1341.

An Act authorizing Charles H. Sleichter and Mary E. Sleichter citizens of Greene Township, Franklin County, to bring suit in the Court of Common Pleas of Dauphin county against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. BOVEE. House Bill No. 1342.

An Act making an appropriation to the State Trustees of the Edinboro State Normal School.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. REYNOLDS. House Bill No. 1343.

An Act relating to the adulteration and blending of oils and greases: the prevention of fraud and deception in the sale thereof; and providing penalties for the violation thereof.

Referred to the Committee on Manufactures.

By Mr. DODDS. House Bill No. 1344.

An Act to further amend an act approved the eleventh day of May, one thousand nine hundred and eleven, entitled "An Act to provide for the appointment of county and city inspectors of weights and measures: providing for their compensation and expenses; prescribing their duties; prohibiting vendors from giving false or insufficient weights; and fixing the penalties for the violation of the provisions hereof," by including instruments and devices for weighing at coal mines.

Referred to the Committee on Counties and Townships.

By Mr. WALTER. House Bill No. 1345.

An Act to amend section one of an act approved the seventh day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen, pamphlet laws six hundred ninety-four, entitled "An Act providing for and regulating the incorporation into a third class city of a borough or of two or more contiguous boroughs.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General

By Mr. HUBLER. House Bill No. 1346.

An Act defining the term "legal name" and making it unlawful to use a name different than the legal name with intent to defraud.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. HENRY I. WILSON. House Bill No. 1347

An Act to establish a Bureau of Forestry Protection within the Department of Forestry; designating the officers who shall constitute the Bureau, their duties, and salaries; prescribing penalties for the violation thereof; and repealing all laws, general, special, or local, or any parts thereof that may be inconsistent with or supplied by this act.

Referred to the Committee on Forestry.

By Mr. HUBLER. (By request) House Bill No. 1348.

An Act providing for the examination, licensure and registration of persons, firms or corporations engaged or engaging in the business or work of plumbing or house drainage, imposing fines, penalties and forfeitures for violation thereof, and authorizing and requiring cities of the second and third class, and boroughs to provide for the appointment and payment of plumbing inspectors and authorizing masters and employing journeymen plumbers who are licensed in one city or borough to receive a license to work in any other city or borough of the Commonwealth.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

By Mr. ARON. House Bill No. 1349.

An Act prohibiting the granting of licenses for the sale of intoxicating liquors on premises owned, leased by or optioned to or held in trust for persons, firms, joint stock associations or corporations engaged in the brewing or sale of malt liquors or the distilling or sale of spirituous liquors or on premises owned, leased by or optioned to or held in trust for members of firms or stockholders of officers of corporations or interest holders in or officers of joint stock associations engaged in the brewing or sale of malt liquors or the distilling or sale of spirituous liquors.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

By Mr. CHARLES A. SHAFFER. House Bill No. 1350.

An Act to amend part of the first section of an act, approved the eighteenth day of July, one thousand nine hundred one, entitled "An Act to designate the several judicial districts of the Commonwealth as required by the Constitution, and to provide for the election, appointment and commissioning of judges learned in the law for the said districts in cases where such judges are not provided for by existing law," thereby making Columbia County a separate judicial district.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

By Mr. WILDMAN. House Bill No. 1351.

An Act exempting free from the claims of all creditors the proceeds of certain life insurance and annuity contracts, bona fide taken out by any person not exceeding one hundred dollars per month.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special

By Mr. WILDMAN. House Bill No. 1352.

An Act concerning life insurance, the persons who may place, sell or solicit life insurance, and be compensated or benefited therefor, making it unlawful for attorneys, officers, clerks, servants and employes, or persons otherwise hired and engaged, to receive compensation for life insurance placed, sold or solicited for the benefit of or on the lives of their clients, partners, employers, masters or fellow attorneys, officers, clerks, servants or employes, defining the time of such employment, fixing a penalty for violation of this act, and making said violation a misdemeanor, and repealing existing laws.

Referred to the Committee on Insurance.

By Mr. NISSLEY. House Bill No. 1353.

An Act in relation to fences and other structures erected or maintained with intent to annoy.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

By Mr. GRAHAM. House Bill No 1354.

An Act relating to taxing as part of the costs in a cause an attorney's fee for the successful party upon appeals to the Supreme and Superior Courts.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. GRAHAM. House Bill No. 1355.

An Act to provide for the taxing and collection of fees as costs to the successful party in civil suits at law or in equity in courts of record.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. HESS. House Bill No. 1356.

An Act to provide revenue by the imposition of a tax upon the transfer of stock of domestic and foreign corporations, corpartnership associations and joint-stock associations; providing the manner of collecting such tax, and prescribing penalties for violations of the provisions of this act.

Referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. HESS. House Bill No. 1357.

An Act providing for the appointment of a Board of Examiners to examine candidates for the office of mine inspector of the anthracite coal mines of this State, prescribing the qualifications, defining the powers and duties and fixing the compensation of such examiners; providing for the appointment fixing the qualifications and prescribing the powers and duties and regulating the salaries of mine inspectors of the anthracite coal mines; providing for removal of such inspectors and fixing the number of and the method of arrangement of inspection districts.

Referred to the Committee on Mines and Mining.

By Mr. WYNNE. House Bill No. 1358.

An Act authorizing and empowering road supervisors, in townships of the second class, to enter into contracts with water companies for the placing of fire-plugs or hydrants in said townships, to purchase fire engines, apparatus, hose, horses and erect or acquire hosehouse and land in connection with same, and provide for care and management thereof, and to provide for the collection of funds for that purpose by levying a tax upon the assessed valuation of said townships.

Referred to the Committee on Public Roads.

By Mr. WYNNE. House Bill No. 1359.

An Act amending section two of an act entitled "An Act to authorize and empower the supervisors of the several townships of the second class, throughout this Commonwealth, upon a petition of a majority of the real estate owners of any or either of the said townships, to levy and collect an electric light or other tax to be used and expended for lighting the streets and highways, lanes, alleys, and public places thereof, and to make and enter into contracts for such lighting," approved the twenty-third day of April, one thousand nine hundred and nine.

Referred to the Committee on Public Roads.

By Mr. WALSH. House Bill No. 1360.

An Act creating a Department of Municipal Affairs and defining its powers and duties.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

By Mr. WHITAKER. House Bill No. 1361.

An Act relating to the Eastern Pennsylvania State Institution for the Feeble-Minded and Epileptic, at Spring City, and the admission of inmates thereto.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

By Mr. RONEY. House Bill No. 1362.

An Act to provide for determining the number and compensation of expert witnesses, and taxing their fees as part of the costs.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

By Mr. RONEY. House Bill No. 1363.

An Act to provide for the appointment of an expert assessor to the Court to aid in the determination of disputed questions of fact, and to provide for his compensation and for taxing the same as part of the costs.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

By Mr. WALTON. House Bill No. 1364.

An Act to amend and revise an act entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation regulation and government of cities of the third class regulating nomination and election of municipal officers therein and repealing consolidation and extending existing laws in relation thereto" approved the twenty-seventh day of June, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred thirteen enlarging changing modifying and defining certain of the powers of cities of the third class.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

By Mr. COX. House Bill No. 1365.

An Act making an appropriation for the erection at Carlisle of a monument to commemorate the heroine of the Battlefield of Monmouth, in one thousand, seven hundred and seventy-eight known in history as "Molly Pitcher" and providing for the appointment of a commission to select a model for and supervise the erection thereof.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. WALSH. House Bill No. 1366.

An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of corporations for the maintenance of public worship.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

By Mr. GEARY. House Bill No. 1367.

An Act creating a county department of safety education in certain counties, and providing for its organization and maintenance.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Mr. STONE. House Bill No. 1368.

An Act making an appropriation to the State College to establish, equip, furnish and maintain secondary schools throughout the Commonwealth for the purpose of increasing the scope and efficiency of the extension work of State College in Agriculture and home economics.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. GRAHAM. House Bill No. 1369.

An Act requiring a written demand for a jury trial in action at law in the several courts of common pleas of this Commonwealth by either party thereto, regulating the procedure of trials at law by a judge without a jury, authorizing the several courts of common pleas of this Commonwealth and the supreme court to adopt rules for regulating the procedure under this act and regulating appeals from judgments.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

By Mr. FRUIT. House Bill No. 1370.

An Act amending section 21 of an act entitled "An Act relating to and regulating motor vehicles and vehicles trailing after or propelled by motor vehicles, controlling their speed upon the public streets and highways in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, providing for their registration and licensing of certain operators by the State Highway Department prohibiting the operation of any motor vehicle by any person when intoxicated or without the consent of the owner; forbidding the passage of any law laying a tax upon or requiring the registration of motor vehicles or licensing of any operator or regulating the speed of motor vehicles by any county, borough, city, incorporated town or township, establishing the rights of motor vehicles upon the public highways with relation to other vehicles, providing for their equipment and for the width of tires to be used upon motor vehicles and vehicles trailing after or propelled by motor vehicles, regulating the service of process and proceedings in actions for damages arising therefrom, providing for arrest and for service of process and proceedings for violation of this act, prescribing the penalties therefor and providing for the disposition of fees collected and fines imposed," approved the seventh day of July, one thousand nine hundred and thirteen, providing for waiver of summary trial and limiting time for bringing complaints and service of process.

Referred to the Committee on Public Roads.

By Mr. DUNN. House Bill No. 1371.

A Joint Resolution directing the Board of Public Charities to prepare and report to the Legislature at the opening of the next regular session a plan whereby the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania can support and care for all its dependent insane in institutions owned and controlled by it, with a view to the establishment of this policy at the earliest possible date.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. HEFFERNAN. House Bill No. 1372.

An Act making an appropriation for the purpose of refunding certain moneys to the First Regiment Infantry of Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations

By Mr. SCHAEFFER. House Bill No. 1373.

An Act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the Anthracite Coal Mines of this Commonwealth by limiting the hours of labor of all minors under the age of eighteen years of age and fixing a penalty for a violation of this act.

Referred to the Committee on Mines and Mining.

By Mr. FORSTER. House Bill No. 1374.

An Act to provide for determining the number and compensation of expert witnesses and taxing their fees as part of the costs,

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. FORSTER. House Bill No. 1375.

An Act providing that whenever in any civil cause in any court of this Commonwealth the verdict of a jury is set aside and a new trial ordered the reason or reasons for the order of the court shall be stated of record and if such reason or reasons be only that the damages awarded by the verdict are excessive or inadequate the new trial shall be restricted to the question of the damages and the verdict shall stand good in all other respects.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. FORSTER. House Bill No. 1376.

An Act providing that it shall be an offense for any person to contribute to the delinquency of a minor, to whom the jurisdiction of any Juvenile court has attached or to assist or encourage said minor in violating his or her parole, or to interfere with the probation officer assigned to such child, and providing penalties therefor.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. FORSTER. House Bill No. 1377.

An Act to amend an act, approved the twenty-fourth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen, entitled "An Act to provide for the personal registration of electors, and their enrollment as members of political parties, in cities of the first and second classes of this Commonwealth; to make such registration a condition of the right to vote in such cities, and their said enrollment as members of a political party a condition of the right to vote at primaries in said cities; and providing for the payment of witness fees for persons summoned before the commissioners; to provide penalties for violations of its provisions; and to repeal acts inconsistent herewith" by increasing the number of registration commissioners.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

PETITIONS.

FAVORING REPEAL OF THE FULL CREW LAW AND FAVORING PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL NO. 842.

Mr. CHRISTMAN presented the petition of the citizens of Montgomery County favoring the repeal of the Full Crew Law and the Passage of House Bill No. 842.

Referred to the Committee on Railroads.

FAVORING PASSAGE OF LOCAL OPTION BILL.

Mr. CHRISTMAN presented the petition of the citizens of Montgomery County favoring the passage of the County Local Option Bill.

PROTESTING AGAINST THE PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL NO. 283.

Mr. CHRISTMAN presented the petitions of the Citizens of Montgomery County opposing the passage of House Bill No. 283.

Which petitions were referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. SINCLAIR from the Committee on Railroads, reported as committed, House Bill No. 173, entitled:

An Act requiring all locomotives, operated by common carriers to be equipped with bell ringers and providing a penalty for violation thereof.

Mr. MANGAN from the Committee on Railroads reported as committed, House Bill No. 297, entitled:

An Act to regulate the hours of employment of signalmen, towermen, gatemen, agents, train despatchers, telegraphers or telephone operators in signal towers or public railroad stations of any railroad operated by steam, electricity or other motive power, in this State, and providing for compensation for extra service performed by such employes.

SENATE MESSAGES.

AMENDMENTS TO SENATE BILL CONCURRED IN BY SENATE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, informed that the Senate has concurred in the amendments made by the House of Representatives to Senate Bill numbered and entitled as follows; viz:

Senate Bill No. 402.

An Act providing for the payment of judgments and mortgages and other claims which are liens on property affected by public improvements or appropriated by the exercise of the right of eminent domain

HOUSE BILLS CONCURRED IN BY SENATE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced returned bills from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 513.

An Act relating to the satisfaction of mortgages under power of attorney directed to the recorder of deeds

House Bill No. 457.

An Act to amend section two of an act entitled "An Act for the better protection of the wild birds known as the turtle of mourning-dove the killdeer plover and the bird commonly called the blackbird in Pennsylvania and prescribing penalties for violation of its provisions" approved the twenty-first day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen Pamphlet Laws eight by extending the power to destroy birds commonly called blackbirds

House Bill No. 737.

An Act authorizing municipalities to purchase the entire capital stock of bridge companies owning bridges situated wholly or partly within the limits of such municipalities and exempting the capital stock and bonds of such companies from State taxation

With information that the Senate has passed the same without amendment.

BILLS SIGNED BY SPEAKER.

The Speaker announced that the Chief Clerk having reported the following bills had passed both Houses of the General Assembly, and the same being correct, the titles were publicly read, as follows:

Senate Bill No. 402.

An Act providing for the payment of judgments and mortgages and other claims which are liens on property affected by public improvements or appropriated by the exercise of the right of eminent domain

Senate Bill No. 4.

An Act relating to persons habitually addicted to the use of alcohol or drugs and providing for the care and treatment of such persons at the expense of the county and State if indigent

Senate Bill No. 84.

An Act to amend an act approved the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith"

Senate Bill No. 369.

An Act regulating the sale offering for sale or exposing for sale of vegetables grapes and fruits providing standard containers baskets trays and measures therefor and imposing penalties

Senate Bill No. 141.

An Act to regulate the practice of optometry in Pennsylvania defining optometry and relating to the right to practice optometry in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and making certain exceptions and providing a bureau of optometrical education examination and licensure as a bureau of the Department of Public Instruction and means and methods whereby the right to practice optometry may be obtained and providing for the means to carry out the provisions of this act and providing for revocation or suspension of licenses given by said bureau and providing penalties for violations thereof and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent therewith

Senate Bill No. 86.

An Act making an appropriation to refund to Lynford Biddle of Philadelphia certain moneys erroneously paid into the State treasury

Senate Bill No. 437.

An Act to amend an act approved the eighth day of April one thousand eight hundred thirty-three entitled "An Act relating to last wills and testaments" by conferring the same rights upon the mother as upon the father

Whereupon,

The Speaker, in the presence of the House, signed the same.

BILL ON THIRD READING (SPECIAL ORDER).

The SPEAKER. The hour of 10.15 A. M., the time fixed by special order for the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 730, known as the Child Labor Bill, has arrived.

Agreeably to order,

The House then proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 730, as follows:

An Act to provide for the health safety and welfare of minors by forbidding their employment or work in certain establishments and occupations and under certain specified ages by restricting their hours of labor and regulating certain conditions of their employment by requiring employment certificates for certain minors and prescribing the kinds thereof and the rules for the issuance re-issuance filing return and recording of the same by providing that the Industrial Board shall under certain conditions determine and declare whether certain occupations are within the prohibitions of this act requiring that certain minors shall during the period of their employment attend certain schools to be established as therein provided and to be approved by the State Superintendent of Public Instruction and regulating the conditions of such attendance authorizing the State Board of Education in certain cases to appoint attendance officers to aid in enforcing the provisions of this act and creating the salary and expenses of such officers a charge against the school district wherein they are employed requiring certain abstracts and notices to be posted providing for the enforcement of this act by the Commissioner of Labor and Industry the attendance officers of school districts and police officers and defining the procedure in prosecutions thereunder and establishing certain presumptions in relation thereto providing penalties for the violation of the provisions thereof and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent therewith

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That wherever the term "establishment" is used in this act it shall mean any place within this Commonwealth where work is done for compensation of any kind to whomever payable provided that this act shall not apply to children employed on the farm or in domestic service in private homes

The term "person" when used in this act shall be construed to include any individual firm partnership unincorporated association corporation or municipality

The term "week" when used in this act shall mean any consecutive seven days

The term "minor" when used in this act shall mean any person under twenty-one years of age Wherever the singular is used in this act the plural shall be included and wherever the masculine gender is used the feminine and neuter shall be included

Section 2 No minor under fourteen years of age shall be employed or permitted to work in about or in connection with any establishment or in any occupation

Section 3 It shall be unlawful for any person to employ any minor between fourteen and sixteen years of age unless such minor shall during the period of such employment attend for a period or periods equivalent to not less than eight hours each week a school approved by the State Superintendent of Public Instruction The school aforesaid may be conducted in the establishment where said minor is employed or in a public school building or in such other place either in the district in which said minor is employed or in any joint school authorized by section eighteen hundred and one (1801) of article eighteen (18) of an act approved May the eighteenth nineteen hundred and eleven (1911) entitled "An Act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith" as the board of school directors of the school district in which said minor is employed may designate Provided however That such school shall be within reasonable access to said place of employment Any school aforesaid shall be part of the public school system of the school district wherein said minor is employed or of the school district or districts where said minor attends The school hours shall not be on Saturday nor before eight o'clock in the morning nor

after five o'clock in the afternoon of any other day Every person who shall employ any said minor shall notify the officer by whom the employment certificate as hereinafter provided for the said minor shall have been issued within four days after said minor shall have entered his employment of the name and location of the school at which said minor should be in attendance and of the hours which said minor should attend said school during the continuance of said employment Provided That this section shall not be effective in any school district until there has been established within said school district in which said minor is employed or within reasonable access to said place of employment in an adjoining district such a school

Secton 4 No minor under sixteen years of age shall be permitted to work in about or in connection with any establishment or in any occupation for more than fifty-one hours in any one week or more than nine hours in any one day or before six o'clock in the morning or after eight o'clock in the evening of any day In computing the maximum number of hours per day or per week permitted under this act the hours spent in school by said minors shall be considered as part of the working day or working week

Section 5 No minor under sixteen years of age shall be employed or permitted to work in operating or assisting in operating any of the following machines which for the purposes of this act are considered dangerous paper-lace machines job or cylinder printing presses operated by power other than foot power stamping machines used in sheet metal and tinware or in paper or leather manufacturing or in washer and nut factories metal or paper cutting machines corrugating rolls such as are used in making corrugated paper or in roofing or washboard factories dough breaks or cracker machinery of any description wire or iron straightening or drawing machinery rolling mill machinery power punches or shears washing or grinding or mixing machinery calender rolls in paper and rubber manufacturing or other heavy rolls driven by power laundering machinery upon or in connection with any dangerous electrical machinery or appliances Nor shall any minor under sixteen years of age be employed or permitted to work in any capacity in adjusting or assisting in adjusting any belt to any machinery or in proximity to any hazardous or unguarded belts machinery or gearing while the same is in motion nor on scaffolding nor in heavy work in the building trades nor in stripping assorting or manufacturing tobacco nor in any tunnel nor in a public bowling alley nor in a pool or billiard room nor in the manufacture of paints colors or white lead nor in any capacity in preparing compositions in which dangerous leads or acids are used nor in the manufacture or use of dangerous or poisonous dyes nor upon any railroad steam electric or otherwise nor upon any boat engaged in the transportation of passengers or merchandise nor in operating motor vehicles of any description nor in any anthracite or bituminous coal mine or in any other mine nor about blast furnaces nor in or about any distillery brewery or any establishment where alcholic liquors are manufactured or bottled

No minor under eighteen years of age shall be employed or permitted to work in the operation or management of hoisting machines in oiling or cleaning machinery in motion in the operation or use of any polishing or buffing wheel at switch tending at gate tending at track repairing as a brakeman fireman engineer or motorman or conductor upon a railroad or railway as a pilot fireman or engineer upon any boat or vessel in or about establishments wherein gunpowder nitro-glycerine dynamite or other high or dangerous explosive is manufactured or compounded as a chauffeur of an automobile or an aeroplane

No minor shall be employed or permitted to work in or in connection with any saloon or bar-room where alcholic liquors are sold

In addition to the foregoing it shall be unlawful for any minor under eighteen years of age to be employed or permitted to work in any other occupation dangerous to the life or limb or injurious to the health or morals of the said minor as such occupations shall from time to time after public hearing thereon be determined and declared by the Industrial Board of the Department of Labor and Industry Provided That if it should be hereafter held by the courts of this Commonwealth that the power herein sought to be granted to the said Board is for any reason invalid such holding shall not be taken in any case to effect or impair the remaining provisions of this section

Section 6 No minor shall be permitted to work as messenger for a telephone telegraph or messenger company in the distribution collection transmission or delivery of goods or messages before six o'clock in the morning or after eight o'clock in the evening of any day

Section 7 No male minor under twelve years of age and no female minor shall distribute sell expose or offer for sale any newspaper maginzes periodical or other publication or any article of merchandise of any sort in any street or public place no male minor under fourteen years of age and no female minor shall be suffered employed or permitted to work at any time as a scavenger bootblack or in any other trade or occupation performed in any street or public place No male minor under sixteen years of age and no female minor shall engage in any occupation mentioned in this section bfeore six o'clock in the morning or after eight o'clock in the evening of any day

Section 8 Before any minor under sixteen years of age shall be employed permitted or suffered to work in about or in connection with any establishment or in any occupation the person employing such minor shall procure and keep on file and accessible to any attendance officer deptuy factory inspector or other authorized inspector or officer charged with the enforcement of this act an employment certificate as hereinafter provided issued for said minor

Section 9 Employment certificates shall be issued only by the following officials for children residing within their respective public school districts In public school districts having a district superintendent or supervising principal by such superintendent or supervising principal in school districts having no district superintendent or supervising principal by the secretary of the board of school directors of that district Provided That any district superinetndent supervising principal or secretary of the board of school directors hereby authorized to issue such certificates may authorize and deputize in writing any other school official to act in his stead for the purpose of issuing such certificates All employment certificates shall be forwarded by mail by the issuing officer to the prospective employer of the minor for whom the employment certificate is issued

Section 10 Application for the employment certificate must be made in person by the parent guardian or legal custodian of the minor for whom such employment certificate is requested or if said minor have no parent, guardian of legal custodian then by the next friend who must be over twenty-one years of age and no employment certificate shall be issued until the said minor has personally appeared before and been examined by the officer issuing the certificate

Section 11 Employment certificates shall be of two classes general employment certificates and vacation employment certificates General employment certificates shall entitle the minor fourteen to sixteen years of age to work during the entire year Vacation employment certificates shall entitle the minor fourteen to sixteen years of age to work on any day except on such days as such minor is required to attend school under the provisions of the laws now in force or hereafter enacted

Section 12 the official authorized to issue a general employment certificate shall not issue such certificate until he has received examined approved and filed the following papers namely

(a) A statement signed by the prospective employer or by someone duly authorized on his behalf stating that he expects to give such minor present employment and setting forth the character of the same and the number of hours per day and per week which said minor will be employed

(b) A school record as hereinafter provided

(c) A certificate of physical fitness as hereinafter provided

(d) Proof of age as hereinafter provided

Section 13 For the issuance of a general employment certificate the school record required by this act shall be filled out and signed by the principal of the school which the minor has last attended or by someone duly authorized by him and shall be furnished to any minor who may be entitled thereto It shall certify that the said minor has completed a course of study equivalent to six yearly grades of the public school in the English language spelling reading arithmetic geography and history of the United States Such school record shall also give the full name date of birth and residence of minor and the name and residence of the parent guardian or custodian as shown on the records of the school

Section 14 The certificate of physical fitness required by this act shall be signed by a physician approved by the Board of School Directors of the school district in which said minor resides and shall state that the said minor has been thoroughly examined by the said physician at the time of the application for an employment certificate and is physically qualified for the employment specified in the statement of the prospective employer in any case where the said physician shall deem it advisable he may issue a certificate of physical fitness for a limtied time at the expiration of which time the holder shall again appear and submit to a new examination before being permitted to continue at work

Section 15 The evidence of age required by section twelve of this act shall consist of one of the following proofs of age which shall be required in the order herein designated

(a) A duly attested transcript of the birth certificate filed acording to law with a register of vital statistics or other officer charged with the duty of recording birth or

(b) A baptismal certificate or transcript of the record of baptism duly certified and showing the date of birth or

(c) A passport showing the age of the immigrant or

(d) In case none of the aforesaid proofs of age shall be obtainable and only in such case the issuing officer may accept in lieu thereof any other documentary record of age (other than a school record or an affidavit of age) or transcript thereof duly certified which shall appear to the satisfaction of the issuing officer to be good and sufficient evidence of age or

(e) In case none of the aforesaid proofs of age shall be obtainable and only in such cases the issuing officer may accept in lieu thereof the signed statement of the physician approved by the Board of School Directors stating that after examination it is the opinion of such physician that the minor has attained the age required by law for the occupation in which he expects to engage Such statement shall be accompanied by an affidavit signed by the minor's parent guardian or custodian or in case he shall have no parent guardian or custodian by his next friend certifying to the name date and place of birth of the minor and that the parent guardian custodian or next friend signing such statement is unable to produce any of the proofs of age specified in the preceding sub-divisions of this section

Section 16 The official authorized to issue a vacation employment certificate shall not issue such certificate until he shall have received and filed the following papers duly executed namely

(a) A statement signed by the prospective employer or by someone duly authorized on his behalf stating that he expects to give such minor present employment and setting forth the character of the same and the number of hours per day and per week which said minor will be employed

(b) A certificate of physical fitness as provided in section fourteen of this act

(c) Evidence of age showing that the said minor is fourteen years of age or upwards which evidence of age shall be of similar character to the evidence heretofore specified in section fifteen of this act

Section 17 It shall be the duty of every person who shall employ any minor under sixteen years of age to acknowledge in writing to the official issuing the same the receipt of the employment certificate of said minor within three days after the beginning of such employment On termination of the employment of a minor under sixteen years of age the employment certificate issued for such minor shall be returned by mail by the employer to the official issuing the same immediately upon demand of the minor for whom the certificate was issued or otherwise within three days after termination of said employment The official to whom said certificate is so returned shall file said certificate and preserve the same Any minor whose employment certificate has been returned as above provided shall be entitled to a new employment certificate upon presentation of a statement from the prospective employer as hereinabove provided accompanied by a certificate of physical fitness issued in the manner hereinabove provided and based upon a re-examination of said minor and certifying that the minor is physically able to undertake the work for which the new employment certificate is to be issued

Section 18 All employment certificates shall be issued on forms supplied by the State Superintendent of Public Instruction and shall contain the name and address of

the prospective employer and the nature of the occupation in which said minor is expected to engage and no certificate shall be valid excepting in the hands of the employer so named and for the occupations so designated and shall state the name sex date and place of birth place of residence color of hair and eyes and any distinguishing physical characteristics of the minor for whom it shall be issued It shall certify that the minor named has personally appeared before the issuing officer and has been examined and that all the papers required by law have been duly examined approved and filed and that all the conditions and requirements for issuing an employment certificate have been fulfilled Every certificate shall be signed in the presence of the issuing officer by the minor for whom it shall be issued The certificate shall bear a number shall show the date of its issue and shall be signed by the issuing officer Vacation employment certificates shall be of a color different from the general employment certificate and shall bear across their face the legend "Vacation Employment Certificate"

Section 19 Whenever a certificate shall be refused to any minor the school record issued to such minor shall be forwarded by the official refusing to issue the certificate to the principal of the school which said minor shall attend or to the compulsory attendance officer

Section 20 Whenever the State Superintendent of Public Instruction cannot secure effective enforcement of the foregoing provisions of this act in any school district he is hereby authorized and required to report that fact to the State Board of Education In such case the State Board of Education is authorized and required to secure such enforcement by appointing attendance officers in such districts The salary and expenses of such attendance officers shall be a charge against said district where said attendance officers are actually employed and shall be deducted from any State moneys apportioned to said district for school purposes

Section 21 It shall be the duty of every person who shall employ any minor under the age of sixteen years to post and keep posted in a conspicuous place in every establishment wherein said minor is employed permitted or suffered to work a printed copy of the sections of this act relating to the hours of labor and a list or lists of all minors employed under the age of sixteen years such copies of the sections of this act and blanks for compliance with the provisions shall be prepared by the Department of Labor and Industry and be furnished by it on application of such employer Every person employing minors under sixteen years of age shall furnish the employment certificates and lists provided for in this act for inspection to attendance officers factory inspectors or other authorized inspectors or officers charged with the enforcement of this act

Section 22 Whenever any minor shall be employed or permitted to work in any establishment or at any occupation who in the judgment of any officer charged with the enforcement of this act is under the legal age for such work or is working at a time forbidden by law for such minor or whenever any minor shall be employed or permitted to work in or in connection with any establishment who in the judgment of any officer charged with the enforcement of this act is under sixteen years of age and for whom the person employing or permitting such minor to work shall not have on file an employment certificate such officer may demand from the person employing or permitting such minor to work that he shall either furnish to such officer within ten days evidence of age as defined in section fifteen of this act that such minor is in fact of legal age for the work in which he is engaged or over or sixteen years of age or over as the case shall be or shall cease to employ or permit such minor to work as aforesaid Provided That such person by thus ceasing to employ or permit such minor to work shall not be relieved from any of the fines or penalties provided in this act for the employment or work of a minor contrary to law In case such person shall fail to furnish to said officer within ten days after the making of such demand the required evidence of age and shall thereafter employ such minor or permit him to work as aforesaid proof of the making of such demand and of failure to produce the evidence required shall be prima facie evidence of the illegal employment of such minor in any prosecution brought therefor

Section 23 Any person or any agent or manager for any person who shall violate any of the provisions of this act or who shall compel or permit any minor to violate any of the provisions of this act or who shall hinder or delay any officer in the performance of his duty in the enforcement of this act shall upon conviction thereof be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than ten ($10.00) dollars nor more than two hundred ($200.00) dollars or to undergo an imprisonment of not more than ten days or both at the discretion of the court

Section 24 It shall be the duty of the Commissioner of Labor and Industry the attendance officers of the various school districts and the police of the various cities boroughs and townships of this Commonwealth to enforce the provisions of this act Prosecutions for violations of this act may be instituted by any factory inspector attendance officer or police officer upon oath or affirmation All prosecutions for violations of this act shall be in the form of summary criminal proceedings instituted before a magistrate alderman or justice of the peace within the school district wherein the offense was committed Upon conviction after a hearing the sentences provided in this act shall be imposed All fines collected under this act shall be paid into the State Treasury for the use of the Commonwealth

Section 25 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith be and the same are hereby repealed

Section 26 This act shall take effect on the first day of January Anno Domini nineteen hundred and sixteen (1916)

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—179.

Adams,	Gallagher,	Mangan,	Sinclair,
Albee,	Gans,	Marvin,	Smith, J. W.,
Alcorn,	Garner,	[illegible],	Smith, Jeff. W.,
Alexander,	Geary,	Maurer,	Smith, L.,
Arnold,	Geiser,	McArdle,	Snyder,
Aron,	Gibson,	McCalg,	Spencer.
Arthur,	Gingery,	McClintock,	
Baker,	Glass,	McClure,	Steedle,
Bauerle,	Gompers,	McConnell,	Stein,
Beck,	Goodnough,	McCurdy,	Stern,
Becker,	Goodwin,	McDermott,	Stone,
Benn,	Goodyear,	McKay,	Sullivan,
Bergy,	Gormley,	McNichol,	Swan,
Beyer,	Graham,	McVicar,	Swartz,
Blackburn,	Gransback,	Mearkle,	Taylor,
Bovee,	Greenwood,	Mellott,	Thomas,
Brosius,	Habgood,	Metzenbacher,	Trach,
Brownlee,	Hackett,	Milliron,	Twibill,
Brumbaugh,	Hamilton,	Murdoch,	Ulich,
Bungard,	Harper,	Murphy,	Vickerman,
Campbell, J. O.,	Heffernan,	Myers,	Vogdes,
Cavill, T.,	Hibshman,	Neville,	Wagner,
Christman,	Hoffman,	Nieder,	Walsh,
Coldsmith,	Hollingsworth,	Oaks,	Walter,
Conner,	Horton,	Ostrander,	Walton,
Corbin,	Howarth,	Perry,	Watson,
Cox,	Hubler,	Peters,	Weaver,
Cromer,	Jack,	Phillips,	Weimer,
Cummins,	Jones, E. E.,	Pickering,	Weir,
Curry,	Jones, W. W.,	Powell,	West,
Davis,	Kaiser,	Ramsey,	Wettach,
Dawson,	Kitts,	Reel,	Whitaker,
Dell,	Klinger,	Reynolds,	Whitten,
Dodds,	Kuhn,	Rich,	Wildman,
Drinkhouse,	Kunkle,	Rininger,	Willard,
Dunn,	Lafferty,	Rinn,	Williams,
Eby,	Landis,	Robertson,	Wilson, H. I.,
Ehrhardt,	Lanius,	Roney,	Wilson, W. H.,
Eppley,	Lauler,	Rowell,	Wobensmith,
Erdman,	Lauer,	Rudisill,	Wood,
Evans,	Leighner,	Schaeffer,	Woodward,
Fackler,	Lindsey,	Scott,	Wylie,
Finnerty,	Lipschutz,	Shaaber,	Wynne,
Flynn,	Love,	Shaffer,	Y
Forster,	Luxemburger,	Sloop,	Ambler,
Fretz,	Lynch,	Showalter,	Speaker.
Fruit,			

NAYS—6.

Baldwin,	Heyburn,	Rothenberger,	Sarig,
Body,	[illegible]rt,		

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

SENATE MESSAGES.

AMENDED HOUSE BILL CONCURRED IN BY SENATE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, returned bill from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows:

House Bill No. 240.

An Act creating a reward or bounty for the destruction of certain noxious animals killed within the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania providing a method for the payment of the same and providing the method of furnishing evidence of said destruction and penalties for the violation of the several provisions hereof

Said bill having been recalled from the Governor for amendment. The votes had on final passage and on third reading on said bill were reconsidered in the House of Representatives and the bill amended, in which amendment the Senate has concurred.

AMENDED HOUSE BILL CONCURRED IN BY SENATE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, returned bill from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows:

House Bill No. 770.

An Act relative to the burial of the bodies of certain indigent deceased widows at the county expense

Said bill having been recalled from the Governor for amendment. The votes had on final passage and on third reading on said bill were reconsidered in the House of Representatives and the bill amended, in which amendment the Senate has concurred.

AMENDED HOUSE BILL CONCURRED IN BY SENATE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, returned bill from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows:

House Bill No. 120.

An Act to amend sections six and eight of an act approved the twenty-eighth day of May one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled "An Act to provide for the protection of insane persons feeble-minded persons and epileptics and the appointment of a guardian for the said insane persons feeble-minded persons and epileptics unable to care for their own property authorizing the guardian to support the wife and children of the said insane persons feeble-minded persons and epileptics defining the powers of the guardian and authorizing the sale of real estate of the ward"

Said bill having been recalled from the Governor for amendment. The votes had on final passage and on third reading on said bill were reconsidered in the House of Representatives and the bill amended, in which amendment the Senate has concurred.

BILL ON SECOND READING (SPECIAL ORDER).

The SPEAKER. The hour of 10.30 having arrived, the House will now take up the special order fixed for that hour, known as the Workmen's Compensation Bill.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 929, entitled:

An Act defining the liability of an employer to pay damages for injuries received by an employe in the course of employment establishing an elective schedule of compensation and providing procedure for the determination of liability and compensation thereunder

Article one was read as follows:

ARTICLE I

Interpretation and Definition.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That this act shall be called and cited as The Workmen's Compensation Act of 1915 and shall apply to all accidents occuring within this Commonwealth irrespective of the place where the contract of hiring was made renewed or extended and shall not apply to any accident occurring outside of the Commonwealth

Section 102 Whenever in this act the singular is used the plural shall be included where the masculine gender is used the feminine and neuter shall be included

Section 103 The term "employer" as used in this act is declared to be synonymous with master and to include natural persons partnerships joint stock companies corporations for profit corporations not for profit municipal corporations the Commonwealth and all governmental agencies created by it

Section 104 The term "employe" as used in this act is declared to be synonymous with servant and includes all natural persons who perform services for another for a valuable consideration exclusive of persons whose employment is casual in character and not in the regular course of the business of the employer and exclusive of persons to whom articles or materials are given out to be made up cleaned washed altered ornamented finished or repaired or adapted for sale in the worker's own home or on other premises not under the control or management of the employer

Section 105 The term "contractor" as used in article two section two hundred and three and article three section three hundred and two (b) shall not include a contractor engaged in an independent business other than that of supplying laborers or assistants in which he serves persons other than the employer in whose service the accident occurs but shall include a sub-contractor to whom a principal contractor has sublet any part of the work which such principal contractor has undertaken

Section 106 The exercise and performance of the powers and duties of a local or other public authority shall for the purposes of this act be treated as the trade or business of the authority

Section 107 The term Bureau when used in this act shall mean the Bureau of Workmen's Compensation of the Department of Labor and Industry

The term Board when used in this act shall mean the Workmen's Compensation Board of the Bureau

On the question,

Will the House agree to the article?

Mr. J. O. CAMPBELL. Mr Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend Article 1 by adding the following to be marked and known as section 108.

Section 108. The provisions of this act shall not apply to any employer other than a municipality, township or other governmental agency who employs less than five employes, in any one period of twenty-four hours.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

Mr. J. O. CAMPBELL. Mr. Speaker, this amendment is offered to House Bill No. 929 as an additional section to the first article. House Bill No. 929 is the general bill of that series, which if enacted will be known as the Workmen's Compensation Law. The amendment is as follows:

Amend Article 1 by adding the following to be marked and known as Section 108:

Section 108. The provisions of this act shall not apply to any employer other than a municipality, township or other governmental agency who employs less than five employes, in any one period of twenty-four hours.

In order to present the scope and the reasons underlying this proposed amendment, it is necessary to briefly state some of the provisions of Workmen's Compensation bill. The first article defines inter alia the terms employer and employe in the broadest, most inclusive term which the English of the author will permit, and includes the parties and their employment, where the employment is in the scope of the employers' business. Article two wipes out those defenses known as the common law defenses, the assumption of risk, the fellow servant rule, and contributory negligence rule except that the employer may introduce evidence to the jury tending to prove that the accident was caused by the drunkenness or reckless indifference to danger of the employe injured.

Article three provides that there shall be a presumption that the employer and employe are under the terms of the Compensation Act; under the terms of the compensation feature of the Act. It then provides that after January 1st, 1916 any employe within the terms of the compensation feature of the Act who is injured in the regular course of his employment, whether upon the property of his employer or out of the property of his employer, shall be entitled to receive weekly indemnity as set forth in a subsequent section of the Act that being based upon the seriousness and extent of the injury. It further provides that either the employer or employe may elect to remain without the compensation provisions of the Act and in the case of an accident happening when either the employer or employe has selected to stay out the employe may bring suit but the employer is deprived of his common law defenses. Now the provisions of this amendment would limit the application of the whole Act to those employers employing more than five men. It is for the benefit of the small employer of labor. A subsequent bill in the series provides for an insurance feature whereby an employer may insure his risk under the main bill. The objection to the insurafnce feature, so far as the small employer is concerned, I take it, is that it would be practically impossible for the Department having charge of the insurance feature to notify the small employers in the State to collect the insurance premiums. There are so many employments which arise on short notice and there are so many employers who, although informed of the provisions of the insurance feature of the Act, would neglect to come in under it and there are so many cases of poverty, as you must remember the employer is not always rich, and because of this poverty he would be unable to carry this accident insurance on his employe. Let us consider a concrete case: Suppose a journeyman carpenter, making wages as a carpenter, decides to build a house or barn or chicken-coop for his neighbor, and in the exercise of that work he employs a carpenter to assist him. In the carrying on of that work the employe who is assisting as carpenter is injured through no fault of

the employer but by his own absolute negligence. If the employer, the carpenter, becoming the contractor, knows of the Compensation Act and knows of the insurance feature of it, he may provide insurance and he may have to set aside his own accident insurance in order that he may insure this employe whom he has employed for a short time. But suppose he does not know anything of the insurance feature, which I contend would be the case in tens of thousands of small employers. He will not be protected and will not have any insurance on this assistant and when the injury happens he will be liable to a weekly indemnity that will have to be paid to that employe, brought about through no fault of his own whatever, and that indemnity extending through a series of weeks even into years, depending upon the extent of the the Bill, in that case the employe has elected to remain outside of the provisions of the compensation feature of the Bill, in that case the employe sues the employer, if he wishes to recover, as he does today and the employer may not set up either any defense of the judgment or any litigation of the damages . The fact that the accident was due entirely to the negligence or carelessness of the employe and the fact that the employer had nothing whatever to do with it still remains. Now is that fair to that employer?

The sixth bill in the series provides an exemption of agricultural and domestic employment. I approach the discussion of this part of the bill with considerable confidence of judgment but temerity in expression: Confidence of judgment because I believe that it is almost the unanimous opinion of the Bar of this State, and my confidence also comes of the peculiar position in which this bill is placed in the series; temerity because it comes from the Attorney General. Mr. Speaker, I contend with all the force that I have that that bill is unconstitutional. I contend further that it is put in the position it is put because it is unconstitutional and because the Attorney General believes it to be unconstitutional. It is unconstitutional because it contravenes the provisions of the constitution as contained in Article 3, section 7 on which we hear so much comment: "The General Assembly shall not pass any local or special law regulating labor, etc." "Nor shall the General Assembly indirectly enact such special or local law by the partial repeal of a general law."

I don't care to get into a constitutional argument with my friend here, the sponsor of this bill (indicating Mr. W. H. Wilson) across the aisle. As a very experienced legislator he has become an expert in constitutional interpretation and if he needs any backing why, he has got the man over in the Attorney General's office whose fame has reached the utmost limits of this Commonwealth and had before he became the Attorney General. I feel that it is my duty to my constituents to raise this question. Surely the segregation of domestics and of farmers, even though it apply all over the State, is a special regulation; it is forming a special class. I realize that the courts have extended the operation of that section of the Constitution until it has become quite broad but I also contend that the courts have not gone to the extent of that Act that they will decide that that law is not special or class legislation.

Mr. WALTER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to interrogate the gentleman.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Butler, Mr. Campbell, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. J. O. CAMPBELL. Mr. Speaker, yes sir.

Mr. WALTER. Mr. Speaker, I would like to ask the gentleman to state to the House if, in his opinion, the exemption which he proposes in his amendment to be inserted is constitutional or otherwise?

Mr. J. O. CAMPBELL. Mr. Speaker, I may be a little slow but I will come to that presently. I will come to the cittation of cases on that. As far as I am concerned I would prefer to have the farm labor exemption in the main act. It has not been placed there because I believe the Attorney General considered that it was of very doubtful constitutionality and if the courts should declare it unconstitutional, it would effect the whole act. I should prefer the whole act to stand or fall with the exemption of any branch. I think it is as important a feature as the other feature. The farmer and the domestic ought to be exempt. In the short time I had last night, between excitement here, to look over some of the Compensation Acts of the different states. I found a positive exemption of farm and domestic labor in the States of Arizona, California, Kansas,—(as to agriculture alone), Massachusetts, New Hampshire, New York, Washington and West Virginia. I found an exemption of employment under less than five men, just as this amendment proposes, in the Compensation Acts of the following states, Connecticut, Nebraska, Rhode Island, Texas, Wisconsin (being four instead of five). Mr. Speaker, in addition to the exemption of farm labor, I contend just as strongly that the small merchant should be exempt. We have tens of thousands of small merchants and small employers of labor over this State, men who pay their employes, in a great many cases, as much as they make themselves, and yet they bear all the burden of the risk of the business. Is it fair that they should be compelled to drop their own accident insurance to take care of the accident insurance of their employes? I submit that it is not right.

Mr. HACKETT. Mr. Speaker, inasmuch as this bill before this House is a very important measure I would respectfully request the Speaker to have a little better order in this House.

The SPEAKER. With the assistance of the members the Chair will try to maintain order.

Mr. CAMPBELL. Mr. Speaker, this may be a little dry argument to the members but I am sure I will be leading up to the amendment that I have proposed. I say is it fair or is it constitutional to take the property of the employer and give it to another man, an employe, if an accident occurs or because of injury, when there is no liability shown on the part of the employer. It cannot be done because he as an employer has just the same rights under the Constitution and the Bill of Rights that the employe has; he has the same right to the protection of his property that the employe has.

The justification of the one, and I am heartily in favor of the compensation act, is this, in the first place it is justified on the ground that the employe is taking serious risks of injury which the employer is not taking. In other words it is justified because the employment is hazardous, and I want to say in a great many states the act applies to only hazardous undertaking. It is justified because the employer is presumed in a large employment to make considerable money out of his employes. The employe has to take all the risks of a hazardous occupation. The employer has not that risk. The courts have held that the legislature was justified in enacting a law, taking from the employer in those undertakings his property, and giving it to the employe who has been injured. There is another reason for the justification of the Compensation act, and that is on the grounds that the cost of protection may be placed in the cost of production. I come from a city in which there is an establishdent employing about 8000 men. I had a talk with the manager of the plant on the compensation act or proposed acts, and he told me that his company was not opposed to a compensation act, that they would like to have one. He says that at the present time, they have no means of knowing how much money will be taken to pay damage claims. There is no way in which that can be included in the overhead charges, and the damages that one plant may have to pay, may be largely in excess of the damages that a competitor may have to pay; but in a compensation scheme with the amount fixed, it can be placed in the overhead charges and the cost of production, and the public pays it. Now, those are the only two reasons upon which the compensation scheme can be justified.

Now, I ask you if that applies to the small employer of labor? Does it apply to the farmer, the domestic, or small merchant? Are those undertakings hazardous? Can those employers place the cost of their protection in the cost of production? Now if we compare conditions one hundred years ago with today we can see why this demand has arisen for compensation features. One hundred years ago the manufacturing was of a very small amount but it was done by hand. The employer worked alongside the employe. He was taking the same risks. There was not the unemployed class that there is today. If a man did not like his employment here, he could go over there

and get other employment. To-day, with our concentrated population, our increased number of dangerous machines, the high tension power that is used, the fact that the employer is in an office and the employe down in a works with no relationship, no personal contact, has brought about the demand for this act. One hundred years ago, there was no transportation question. To-day the public is constantly demanding faster time, and the railroads attempt to meet their demand. The safety of the employe is dependent upon the physical and mental condition of an operator, one to two hundred miles away. There is no personal relationship, no personal contract between the employer and the employe. Now, in these domestic, and farm, and small merchant employments there is that personal contact. They work side by side, just as they did one hundred years ago. There is not the hazardous employment that there is in the others. I contend that the scheme is not justified as to the small employment; as to the small merchant, the farmer and the domestic.

Now the amendment has a precedent. In 1891 this Legislature passed what is known as the "Anthracite Mining Act." The first section of which is as follows: "That this act shall apply to every anthracite coal mine or colliery in the Commonwealth, provided the said mine or colliery employs more than ten persons." That was a general act for the anthracite business, and it is a special exemption for largely the same reason that I am advocating an exemption here. In 1893 this same Legislature passed an act known as "The Bituminous Coal Act." The last article is a repeal. The article prior to the last in the last section is as follows: "The provisions of this act shall not apply to any mine employing less than ten persons inside the mine in any one period of twenty-four hours." Now there is no difference between the wording of these two, except that one is in the affirmative and one in the negative, and one excludes the twenty-four hour provision, and there is no difference between the amendment I propose and these two provisions of the mining codes, except that I have reduced the number to five instead of ten. I might place it higher but I want to be reasonable.

Mr. WILDMAN in the Chair.

(Mr. J. O. CAMPBELL continuing).

Now, as I said, I do not care to go into a legal argument on the question, but the anthracite mining act came before the Supreme Court in 1895, and the question was raised as to its constutionality on two or three grounds, one of which was this provision, section one In the case of Durkin vs The Kingston Coal Company, 171 Pa., 193, one section of the syllabus is as follows:

"The Anthracite Coal Act of June 2, 1891, inasmuch as it relates to all anthracite coal mines, and properly and legally defines what shall be regarded as such mines, is not a local act and is not unconstitutional as a whole."

Now let me read the last page of the decision, the decision is by Justice Williams on page 204.

"We are not prepared to hold the act of 1891 to be unconstitutional as a whole. It relates to all anthracite coal mines and defines what shall be regarded as such mines. Coal may be taken out of the ground by farm owners for their own use, or it may be taken in such small quantities and for such local purposes as to make the application of the mining laws to the operations so conducted not only unnecessary but burdensome to the extent of absolute prohibition. Such limited or incipient operations are not within the mischief, to remedy which the mining laws were devised. They are ordinarily conducted for purposes of exploration or for family supply, and ought not to be classed with operations conducted for the supply of the public. The business of coal mining like that of insurance or banking may be defined by the Legislature. The definition found in the act of 1891 seems to us reasonable, to be within the fair limits of a legislative definition, and to exclude only such operations as are too small to make the general regulations provided by the act applicable to them. The ground on which we place our judgment is not therefore, that the act is local, but that the provisions of it which we have considered are in violation of the bill of rights."

This refers to other sections of the act.

The act is not held unconstitutional as a whole because of the exemptions that are in it as they apply to small undertakings which if they apply to them would be burdensome even to the extent of prohibition. Could you find better words to fit the argument for the exemption of the small employer? The application of this act to the small merchant will be burdensome to the extent in many cases of prohibition. In addition to that, it is said in this case that it is not; "such limited or incipient operations are not within the mischief to remedy which the mining laws were devised." I contend that the case of the small employer is not within the mischief of the hazardous occupation for which this act is devised.

Now, Mr. Speaker, I wish to hurry to a close, but I wish to impress upon the members that here is an opportunity to insert an amendment which has just as much chance of being constitutional as Bill No. 6. It has considerably more chance because there is a case here in which the Supreme Court passed upon a like exemption in a general act. I want to, at the expense of your time, put some instances, some specific instances of the working of this act as it stand now. I have spoken of the small merchant. Let us take the case of the small merchant. How many thousands of grocers are there in this State who have small stores scattered throughout every city in the state? They are in all of the country districts and they employ possibly one clerk and possibly two. They work together. They come around at the same time in the morning and spend the hours of the day together. The employer does just as much work, just as hard work as the employe. Suppose that he sends his employe out on an errand to deliver goods, and that employe in crossing the street, is careless and is hit by an automobile, a wagon or a street car—the employer is not there, has had nothing to do with it. And yet, I say to you that under these bills as they are drawn that employer is liable. If he is insured, the insurance company will pay it but it may cost so much that he may have no insurance in order that he may insure his employe. If he is not insured either because of ignorance of the provisions of the act or because of indifference or carelessness, or because of poverty he must go down in his pocket and out of the income from that store weekly pay that man. And if the employe has exercised the right which he has of remaining without the exemption, the employer must stand a suit at law without the opportunity of presenting his defenses.

Now, gentlemen, that is not fair. I agree with you that it would be very right and proper to divide the cost of insurance for that employee among the people of the State, but I contend it is not fair to lift it on to the shoulders of the one man who happens to be the employer. You look at the case of the farmer. He employes a man. May be harvest comes on and he wants a hand and he goes and gets one. He knows nothing about this compensation insurance. This insurance department knows nothing about the fact that he is going to have an employee in August. He will have no insurance, you can rest on that; and if that farm hand goes to the barn and decides he wants to tease the horse and he gets kicked, or if he goes to the field the employer is not with him and he is careless in some way and sticks his hand into the machinery, that farmer must pay this weekly indemnity unless there has been an election to stay without the compensation features of the act in which case he must meet an action of damages without the privilege of presenting the negligence of his employee as a defense, unless he can allege it was reckless indifference to danger.

Now somebody here says it does not apply to the farmer. I want to impress upon you that I am proceeding on the theory that this bill is unconstitutional. You have got a bill there that everybody I heard state anything about it thinks it is unconstitutional, a bill put in the shape that it is, because the Attorney General thinks it is unconstitution ;and here is a chance of putting something in that the Courts have passed as it applied to the industrial employer.

Now take the question of the domestic——

Mr. Speaker, I request that the audience in the back of the room may be kept quiet.

The SPEAKER. The House will be in order. The gentlemen in the rear will kindly preserve order.

Mr. J. O. CAMPBELL (continuing). Now, Mr. Speaker, take the case of the domestic. The domestic does not always mean the rich man's employee. Suppose we have a laborer at two dollars per day or a mechanic at three to five dollars per day. His wife does all the housework for him, but in the course of nature that which happens to the majority of young married couples, the wife goes into confinement. She works up to the time that she simply must lay down and she goes to bed. She is unable to look after her household, to look after her children for several weeks. That man is compelled to become a domestic employer. Will he know of this insurance feature? Will the Board be able to notify him that he must come in and take out his insurance? They will not know a thing about that employer. He will not have insurance and if that domestic that he has employed—not very competent likely because he won't have the money to afford a good one—if that domestic turns on the gas and the match goes out and she goes and gets another match and lights the gas escaping and there is an explosion and she is injured, that workman is liable. Or suppose she is lighting a coal fire, and she wants to do it with kerosene oil, that employer is liable. He must pay that domestic because of her carelessness, without any fault of his own, weekly indemnity. If he has got a little property it will be a judgment against the property and can be taken in payment. If he should happen not to be under the act he must stand an action of damages.

Mr. Speaker, I consider this bill about on a par, as to importance, with any bill that has been here this year. I want to say that this bill will affect thousands of people where the child labor bill will affect a hundred. We have had a considerable flood of letters on the Full Crew question. If the people of this State knew of the danger to them in the enactment of this law, the small employer, the domestic employer and the agriculturist, you would have a flood of letters that would make the Full Crew flood look like thirty cents. If they knew the facts of these bills they would be down here in Harrisburg en masse. The Local Option crowd and the Personal Liberty crowd would be small compared with that crowd.

Now, Mr. Speaker, I am here in defense of the small employer of labor, the small merchant, the farmer, the small farmer ;the small merchant who is trying to advance from clerkship to proprietorship, who, in spite of his difficulties, is forging ahead a little at a time. He has financial difficulty ;he has fierce competition ;and yet he must pay accident liability for that employee whom he probably pays about as much money as he makes himself, and sometimes more; and if perchance he is not insured under this act he must continue, after the injury, to pay that employe a weekly indemnity. The employer ought to be protected; he ought to be helped; but is that any reason for saddling it on one man, placing it over on the employer? And I am here in defense of the laborer who would like to become a contractor on a small scale and he makes his first venture; of the carpenter who desires to become a contractor and he starts out on a small scale; of the plumber who would like to become a master plumber. They are all caught in this thing. They are all ruined by this thing—the small fellow.

It may be right and proper for the Attorney of this State, with a salary of $12,000 per year and a lucrative private practice, to carry indemnity insurance for his stenographer. It may be a very different matter for a young fellow just admitted to the bar to carry indemnity insurance on his stenographer. It might be all right for the rich to carry indemnity for his domestic but it is another matter for the poor laborer to carry accident insurance for his domestic. It may be all right for the man of wealth who farms for pleasure to carry accident insurance on his employes, but it is a different matter for the farmer with the rocky farm, making a bare living, to carry accident insurance on his employees. It may be all right for Wanamaker to carry accident insurance on his employees, but it is a different matter for the small corner grocer to carry that accident insurance. Do you know that ninety per cent. of the merchants fail in business, the margin is so close?

I say that even the insurance feature, the amount of which we do not know, would be prohibitive in many cases.

Now, Mr. Speaker, there is an opportunity here for this House to insert an amendment which will not affect the bill; it will not affect the purpose, the justifiable purpose of the compensation scheme, and it will improve the chances of the constitutionality of the farming and domestic exemption, and it will extend that exemption to the small merchant.

I ask for a vote of aye upon the amendment. (applause)

Mr. STERN. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, I am opposed to any amendment or to the amendment as suggested by my friend from Butler to the Workmen's Compensation Act as drafted and as it is before this House at this time. In the first place I desire to call the attention of the House to the fact that when my friend states that this Workmen's Compensation Act would affect accidents generally that happen on the street, as when a grocer's wagon would run a boy down and that then the employer would be liable, that my friend is mistaken because the Compensation Act does not take those accidents under consideration. An accident of that kind would be covered by the law as it now exists relating to negligence.

In the second place, I am for the Workmen's Compensation Act as drafted by the Attorney General because, although in the practice of law and having been so for some years in Philadelphia, I feel that in negligence cases the fees of attorneys ought to be regulated and they are regulated in this bill, because up to this time the fees of attorneys in negligence cases have been atrociously high and I believe that no one can argue and nobody can gainsay that fact.

In the next instance, I am opposed to any amendment to the bill at this time because you gentlemen may remember that we had a large public hearing on the bill in this House that was very well attended and that nearly every organization or employer of any kind was represented before that public hearing and not one of them, not one of them I say, came forward with any real substantial objections to the bills as presented before that Committee.

In the next place, I am opposed to this amendment because the Attorney General himself came before the Judiciary General Committee when this bill was before it and answered every single objection of every member of that Committee; and I want to say to you gentlemen of the House, and I do not think I am mistaken when I say it, that this bill comes before you recommended unanimously by the Judiciary General Committee of the House.

And last, gentlemen of the House, let me say this to you: This bill was drafted after careful and exhaustive study by our Attorney General and no man in this State nor any man in this nation stands higher in the eyes of the Court nor the eyes of the public than our Attorney General for legal ability and learning; and when our Attorney General gives his opinion that this bill is constitutional and that this bill has been the result of his careful and exhaustive study, then I say to you, with all due deference to our friend from Butler, that I would rather take the opinion of the Attorney General because he has made a careful study of it; and our State surely, should not be in any way lagging or behind in any progressive, forward movement when other States have followed. We should be in the vanguard and we should be up on all progressive ideas and pass this Workmen's Compensation Act as we have it before us today and I trust we will vote this amendment down.

Mr. HABGOOD. Mr. Speaker, I simply wish to say that the gentleman who just preceded me is mistaken in one thing which he said, and that is that the Attorney General has declared this act constitutional, because we heard the Attorney General at the hearing which was held before the committee in this House, say, and we also saw it reported in the paper, a clipping of which I hold here and quoting

his words, which we heard, and are here reported, when he conceded that the Compensation Act might split upon the rock of constitutionality, but he declared that he was willing to face that possibility with composure.

He has not declared this act constitutional, but he is willing to face it with composure. We have heard what the gentleman has said who is asking for this amendment, and we have heard that he has said that it would be unconstitutional. The Attorney General has not said that it is constitutional, but he says he realizes that it may split upon the rock of unconstitutionality. Gentlemen, all there is to this amendment is the small employer, or the employer of a small number of men,—four or five men. The question is to vote to exclude them from the workings of this act, and that is all there is to it, constitutional or unconstitutional, and I think that we should do that as it is done in the other States.

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I am glad that the gentleman from Butler has approached the discussion of this bill in a broad, general way. I think that his method of so considering the amendment, which he has proposed to this House, will eventually serve as a time-saver, because in his advocacy of that amendment he has practically discussed all of the material objections which I have heard in consultation with some of the members of this House, which might be raised to this bill generally.

In view of that fact I ask the indulgence of the House to discuss the amendment not only in particular, but to attempt to answer the reasons which the gentleman from Butler has advanced to this House in support of that amendment. Now, insofar as the constitutionality of this act or any other act which comes before this House for its consideration is concerned, I think that I, as well as any other member of this House, stands in precisely the same position as the Attorney General of this Commonwealth. The Attorney General of this Commonwealth, in discussing the question of the constitutionality of any or all of these measures, stated, if my recollection serves me correctly, that he did not underwrite the constitutionality of any proposed piece of legislation. I take it, sir, that I certainly am in the same position, as well as the other members of this House. But we have this advantage, the advantage of the advice and counsel coming from the man who hae been selected as the Attorney General of this Commonwealth, that in his opinion these bills are constitutional.

We all know the attacks that have been made upon the Constitution. We all know the attacks that have been made time and time again since the adoption of that Constitution, upon measures which have been enacted at the various Legislatures which have met in the Hall of Representatives here. We all realize that at first blush an opinion might be vouchsafed by some individual as to the constitutionality or unconstitutionality of a proposed piece of legislation, but we also realize that the Constitution, and especially the Constitution of the State of Pennsylvania, is as elastic as a rubber band.

We have seen our Supreme Court in this State declare constitutional acts which were advocated by men who stand high in legal learning in this Commonwealth, acts which have been declared by them to be unconstitutional. We have seen the Supreme Court of this Commonwealth declare unconstitutional acts which were backed up by men of legal learning in this Commonwealth as being constitutional, so that the question of the constitutionality of any of these acts, which complete the series known as the Workmen's Compensation Law need give this House little, if any concern. Here are measures which do not go into effect until the first of January, 1916. For a year after that these acts, if passed, the administrative features of these acts will be just getting under way. We need not fear any material hardship upon any employer of labor in this Commonwealth prior to the existence of the coming legislative session of 1917, when if there are any material defects, as shown by experience, they can be corrected at that time.

Now, Mr. Speaker, as I understand the amendment as proposed by the gentleman from Butler, it proposes one thing, and that is this. That it exempts from the provisions of Bill No. 929, and consequently from the provisions of succeeding bills, employers of labor who do not employ more than five men. My friend has said that the advancement along material lines of production and the manufacture of commodities, has necessitated different things or provisions to meet changed conditions, that the tendency of the day is to amalgamate interests, if I understood him right, and that the employer of today is an employer of a vast amount of labor, as compared with the employer of years gone by.

I heartily and entirely agree with him on that proposition. Things which we had accomplished, not only in this Commonwealth, but in every Commonwealth within the boundaries of this Union, have tended toward that result. Money has been invested to improve the methods used in the manufacture of emomodities; money has been invested to improve methods of labor as well as the methods adopted by employers in the furtherance of their designs. That necessarily necessitates the employment of vast numbers of men in one large industry. Yet when we look back over the history of the past, when our manufacturing establishments were operated on a small scale, when our manufacturers and other employers employed few men, there was in existence then, as there is in existence now, in those industries, where few are employed, a greater community of interest than there is in the large establishments.

Where few men are employed and the employer is one of those who works at the bench, and helps along with his employes, it is more or less of a family relationship. The risks of employment are not as great as they are in the larger industries; they have more desire to care for the comforts of those who are engaged together in those small industries; they have less capital invested, they have less responsibilities in the nature of compensation to be paid for services rendered by their employes. There is not the risk which attaches, yet, without the benefit of a compensation law, which would apply to those small employers of labor, one accident for which that employer might be liable under the law, would result, without insurance, without the benefit of the provisions of this act, in entirely wiping out the industry of that small employer. He finds himself precisely in the same position as the man who carries fire insurance upon his house, or upon his establishment. Without that fire insurance, a fire breaking out and destroying that property, places that employer of labor of a small number, up against the financial rocks and he is ruined. Without the benefits of the provisions of this bill, applying to the small employer of labor, he faces just such a condition in the event of an accident happening which might result in the death of one of his few employes, or which might result in serious physical disability or permanent injury to one of his employes, by running the risk of having a court of common pleas, upon the trial of the cause there, say to him, you are responsible for this injury, and the jury awarding a verdict which, in amount, would practically wipe him out of existence.

By coming under the provisions of this bill he forestalls such a possibility. He protects himself in one of the three ways in which the insurance bills which are a part of this series protects him. My friend would argue to you the inability of the small employer of labor to pay an insurance premium in order to get the benefits of the insurance provisions of this bill. That is a matter,—the amount of the premiums—which will be regulated, not because he is one of a number of employers of labor, but will be regulated on the basis of the number of employes which he has in his employ, so that the premiums are along the same line as the premiums which men now pay irrespective of whether they are employers of large numbers of men engaged for labor or whether they employ only a few. They pay a premium which protects them and under these bills it can be done in one of three ways. He can either take the benefit of the bill which provides for the creation of a State Insurance Fund with the premiums fixed either by the Board or as he is doing now: Taking out liability insurance and paying these premiums, or he can do the other

by banding together with more than twenty other employers who have a certain specified number of employes in their employ and they can carry their own insurance. Now, is not that a benefit to the small employer? Does not that protect him from a possibility which is always staring him in the face? My friend would also argue to you that in the case of a man who runs a grocery store employing one who drives his wagon and in the course of his duty of delivering goods is struck by a train or trolley and injured, that under the provisions of this bill without the amendment which he offers, that he would be held responsible for damages or compensation to that injured employe. But he forgets the fact that again the employer is protected by the provisions of these measures in that the rights of the employer are subrogated to the rights of the employe as against the party who caused that injury. That the employe so injured has not only his right under the Compensation Bill but he also has his right to bring an action against the party who was responsible for that injury or wrong done him and if he recovers more, or whatever he does recover as a result of that action, that is for the benefit of the employer and offsets the liability which the employer is put to under the provisions of this measure.

Mr. Speaker, we have heard much of the interests of the small employer of labor in these measures. We have heard much in the discussion this morning of the hardships which might entail to them, but I take it, sir, that these objections have been answered on the floor of this House. These bills have been fully discussed; the tentative draft of these bills have been sent broadcast throughout this Commonwealth; they have received the notoriety which comes from newspaper notices in every hamlet of this Commonwealth. They have been purposely left lying dormant in committee until the sentiment of this Commonwealth might chrystallize and that sentiment did chrystallize in the conferences which were held between the Attorney General and those gentlemen representing labor. As a result of these conferences, when this bill came out of committee, it came out with the approval of the employers of labor as well as the approval of the Attorney General. It was a system of give and take and that was done by both sides to this question and now these bills are before this House under consideration on second reading.

I take it, Mr. Speaker, that to include an amendment of this kind and character in this bill at this time cuts the very vitals out of the bill. There is no reason, considering this question from all angles, why the man who is one of a few who worked for the same employer should not have the same benefits as the man who is one of many who works for the larger employer. Now, my friend says again in his argument advocating his amendment, that it deprives them of the common law defenses. Why should not employers of labor in this enlightened age of ours be deprived of the common law defenses which are merely relics of the dark ages. What does the common law defense mean? It means something which has been handed down to us from the remote past. It is judge made law not statutory law and in so far as the discussion of these bills is concerned is of three kinds: The assumption of the risk, which means that when a man becomes employed that he assumes the ordinary risks of his employment. The danger which might come to an employe by reason of the neglect of a fellow employe or the contributory negligence of the workman himself. As has been told you by the Attorney General at the public hearing held by the Committee on Judiciary General on these bills; "Statistics prove beyond the shadow of a doubt that accidents resulting from the assumption of risks form fifty per cent. of the accidents to which the common law defenses heretofore had been applied." Assumption of the risk is something which the employe has no control over at all. He has no right to go to his employer and say: "This is a hazardous engagement; this is a dangerous occupation you are putting me at." He responds, "I want you to do this, that or the other." He cannot tell his employer that he will not do it; his only remedy is to say, "I won't take the job." The same thing applies to the negligence of a fellow employe who is responsible for twenty-five per cent. of the so-called accidents. Should he be responsible for the neglect of a fellow employe? Not at all. We are getting away from that theory in the enactment which the Legislatures of the State in the years gone by have enacted. We see it today in our Factory Law where it provides that the employer must protect his machinery with certain safety devices. Now if he doesn't and an employe is injured irrespective of whether it is an assumption of risk or whether it be due to the carelessness of a fellow employe, he has no voice. Our Supreme Court has repeatedly decided that these defenses fall because the manufacturer or the employer has failed to comply with the statutory duty which is mandatory and that he loses those rights. So that the trend of legislation not only in this Commonwealth but in other commonwealths throughout this country is toward that one end. I say to you Mr. Speaker, that the gentleman advances as a reason for the insertion of this amendment such an argument as that and that it is fallacious. My friend would further becloud the minds of the members of this House by citing instances of those engaged in agricultural pursuits or those engaged in domestic service. They are exempt in one of the bills which forms part of this series. It does not enter into the question of the discussion of this amendment of the discussion of this bill, and I repeat in reply to the objections along this line that I am satisfied with the view taken of these measures by the Attorney General. He has given these bills close study, he has prepared these bills and I will take my chance upon his opinion as to the constitutionality of these measures and I will ask the members of this House to vote down this amendment.

Mr. STEIN. Mr. Speaker, coming as I do from the County of Allegheny, undoubtedly the largest manufacturing center of the State, and representing, as I am authorized to do, the Workmen's Compensation Commission which has for at least four years given this subject very careful and very serious study and attention, I desire to say to my colleagues here in the House today, please vote for the bills as they are now upon the floor. I desire to ask the hearty co-operation of every gentleman in this chamber not to permit any amendment. It is needless to say that the discussion of the bill is perhaps not now in place. Every gentleman here has had at least six or eight weeks time in which to study every detail. We who are lawyers, fully understand the constitutional and legal difficulties that lie in the way. Those of us who are not lawyers can readily see also that there are very difficult problems to be overcome. I cannot safely say to you, gentlemen, that the Commission which for four years has so nobly worked to solve this problem have, in my judgment at least, overcome every possible constitutional question that can be urged. I also say that the opinion of the Attorney General of this Commonwealth and the eminent counsel outside of the Attorney General's office on whose opinions we have all seemed to agree, that these bills are not only constitutional but, in addition to that, they are very wise; they are fair; they represent the best experience of our sister states and they represent the best interests of the manufacturers of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania as well as a large number of working men who desire the protection given by this act. I might also say to you gentlemen that all over this State sentiment is in favor of the bills without amendment. I can also say that a large number of the manufacturers and perhaps the largest employers of labor of this State the steel corporations everywhere, and your manufacturers throughout the western part of the State and the middle part of the State are almost unanimously in favor of the bills without amendment. Without discussing the merits of the bill as a whole, without going into detail; the fact that it comes from the Governor as one of his bills does not, in itself, make it absolutely binding upon me to assist in its passage, but I want to say that the bills in themselves, the merits of the bills, the time that has been given in their preparation, respect for the opinions of the Attorney General and the eminent counsel who prepared it appreciation for the work of the Commission who have labored so nobly and so hard for four years, makes it imperative upon me and I, therefore, ask everyone of my friends in this House to kindly stand by the bills as they are without amendment and let us hope

today to be able to bring about the passage of these bills on second reading.

Mr. H. I. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, the matter that is before us is of vital importance It has been my privilege to be here the last two years in various capacities and have had an opportunity to listen to the arguments that have been presented here against bills of this character which were then under consideration. It is admitted by all those who are for and against this bill that, after all, it is an experiment. The Republican party before the last election put into its platform, a plank declaring for a Workmans Compensation Bill, and the Republican party must assume the responsibility of it, and those of us who have been returned here as the representatives of the people, representing that great party in Pennsylvania, are bound to such a bill. But I submit this proposition: that as individuals, not representing any great corporation, not representing any labor union, but here as individuals representing those that may come on the outside of those two classes, we at least, have the right either before the Committee, if you please or upon the floor of this House of fairly and squarely discussing such propositions as are now before us. I know full well that it is the intention to vote down any amendment that may be offered, but I do not want to assume the responsibility of going back to my home without calling attention to one fact. The fact is this, that in that platform we declared for a workman's compensation bill, and containing a statement that the agricultural employer and the domestic employers of this State should be exempted. And it has been said here on the floor of this House that such was to be the case, but I ask every lawyer, and there are forty-six of them in this body, do you believe that those who have formulated this bill think that it will absolutely be declared unconstitutional? When we have presented a constitutional bill to do that which ought to have been done in the body of the bill. It has been said that the farmers and the employers of domestics are to be exempt and when the great Republican party has given its word it should keep it. I want to say to you men as a lawyer, and I do not come from Philadelphia; I want to say as a little lawyer back in the hills, that I am staking my reputation that the Supreme Court of this State will say that the supplementary bill exempting farmers and employers of domestic servants will be declared unconstitutional. The farmers and employers of domestic help in this State have been lulled to sleep by having the assurance of a great party that they will be taken care of. I was here two years ago and saw in this House, the same as I am seeing to-day, every amendment that there was to that bill being put through this House. I want to call attention to the fact that there are 141 new men in this House; that they have not had the opportunity to hear those arguments like the gentlemen from Philadelphia. I want to say to you that it is high time, it is high time, that we let the people know what this does. The act will go into effect January 1st, 1916. The supplementary act in all probability, will be declared unconstitutional, and they believe that, because they follow it up with a proposition to make the Constitution so they can put another measure through that will be constitutional. Now, then, if they want to be fair to the farmers of this State and if they want to be fair to those who employ domestic servants, we ought to extend the time up until this act has been declared constitutional, or until we have an act through permitting us to amend the Constitution so that it will hold.

The farmers will be lulled to sleep and be caught by this act between January 1st, 1916, and the time the Supreme Court has passed on it making it constitutional if you please, or until we, the great state, have authorized such an act to be made.

Now it has been said that the act will not go into working order very soon—it will take six months or such a matter to get it into shape but the responsibility with the employer will date from the day of its going into effect. Now then, the amendment before us will only do that which they promise to do themselves as to taking care of the little employer, and if in two years the underlying principles of your bill are so substantially placed on the rock of common sense and fairness and way beyond the idea of experiment, then come into this legislature and say, you little fellows from way back in the hills, away back in the woods, were wrong and we want you to wipe out that exemption of five. I want to say to you that it is vital to the country people of this State. When this bill was under discussion here before the committee Tuesday, who was there? The learned attorneys for the great corporations of the State, men who command salaries that are beyond mentioning here. Who was here on the other side? Why, the Attorney General and those who are in favor of putting this bill on. Who were considered then? The great employers of labor, and the people who advocated this bill. Backwards and forwards on the different plans they went—a concession here and a concession there—and what has happened? They have agreed. They have agreed? What do they care about the little fellow back in the hills that has been lulled to sleep by the assurance of our great Republican party! And, today, we have the object of the entire, or probably the entire Philadelphia delegation against any amendment to this bill. The leaders of our party must assume the responsibility of it, and I would be negligent to my duty if I did not call attention to the fact, that so far as I am concerned, that I want to make it plain what the effect of this bill is. The Republican party must assume this responsibility and then when they come out into the country districts let them explain it. It does seems to me that the arguments that have been advanced are that the little man should take out insurance and must come to it. It is well known that some of the great leaders in this State, in all parties, believe that every employer of farm and domestic servants ought to come under this act as a matter of right. And there is a good bit of argument in it, but that is not what our party said. Our party said, we will exempt those engaged in agricultural pursuits and we will exempt those who may be domestic servants, and I only ask that you put into this bill something that will do just what you said. You claim that you are doing it. I claim that you are not doing it from the period of time from January 1st, 1916, until this act is declared constitutional. That is coming along as a supplementary act. There are so many things to consider. Remember that the business of this State has had to stand still; remember that you are going to force the people of this State, as near as can be estimated to pay thirty millions of dollars in insurance for the little man in your vicinity. You gentlemen from the country districts are compelled to take out insurance on the little man from your district under the provisions of this bill in order to be protected, as has been so strongly advocated by the gentleman from Philadelphia. They are very solicitous about the people from the rural districts of this State. How much do they know about our districts out there. They who see the great towering buildings down there and represent the great interests; they who have forty-one members on the floor of this House, and they act as a unit on things of this kind; they come in here and sacrifice their individual opinion to be a power in the body. They say to us, no amendment must go into this bill, and how do they say it? They say it by reporting it out of committee without any talk at all until we ask to have the Attorney General come back and explain in a bare half hour a few of those questions we raised, but it was not long enough to analyze that bill section by section. I have no fault to find with the Chairman of this Committee, I have the highest regard for him, he is a man of great ability, a man that can hold his own anywhere, but let me tell you this, he is only carrying out the instructions of another mind, and I want to say to you whether I am transgressing on your time, or whether I am doing it for a far more important purpose, I am committed to this act: I am committed as a representative, and I am going to stand by it. I want to say to you that the insertion of this amendment will not hurt it at all; it will merely exempt those who employ five men or less, and I want to say to you as a countryman, I know not whether I shall come here again, but whoever comes from my county I shall go to him before he comes, and say now they have taken care of the farmer and the employer of domestic servants and I ask you to go in and take care of them. This amendment will take care of the farmer, the employer of domestic servants and the little fellow. It is for the little fellow I plead,

because he cannot hire able counsel to come and plead for him. I am from a little town and I know that that town trembles and almost on the brink of failure for every industry there. The great lawyer is here arguing for the larger employer, but the people in the country do not know what is going on at all. We have a large territory to cover to get access to our people and let them know what is going on. The gentlemen from Philadelphia have a very small territory so far as area is concerned. In a week they can let all of their people know what is happening. They can get in touch with their people, but we who are two or three hundred miles away from home can we get back there and get in touch with those who are scattered over a large area? I only ask that the sponsor or somebody protect the promise that was made in the plank of the Republican platform. The gentleman from Butler has very ably discussed this question of constitutionality. He has very ably discussed the question as to the exemptions relative to the anthracite mines which have been declared constitutional and also as to the bituminous mines, and the number of states in this Union that have seen fit to do this and declared it constitutional. Such an amendment as this will be more likely to be declared constitutional than the supplementary act that is coming along. Now God, forbid that I would stand in the road of doing something which is right to the working people in this State. It is not alone for the big men who come here representing employers or employes but the little fellow who has never been heard from. If I am wrong in my assertions I am ready to stand corrected, but I could not afford to allow this opportunity to go by without calling your attention to the fact that of all the things that are before us at this time in the Legislature there is not one of more importance than this, and I ask every man to vote his conscience and if you say that this amendment shall go in for two years, and the gentlemen from Philadelphia will come back at the end of two years having provided for the other promises of their platform I will come back at my own expense and assist them to get it through. In the name of honesty and in the name of justice decide this now, and do not ask us to take something for granted.

Now it is all right to say that no amendments shall be put to this bill because there may be amendments to the bill to tear it to pieces and make it fall. Now I have no sympathy with an act of that kind, not at all. I believe that the bill should go through. I believe that it should go through providing for questions of doubt on the right side, because the employes are taken care of in it, leaving it to him whether he shall take this bill or not. That is the point. He is taken care of. He does not have to come under this bill unless he wants to. Now I say that in all fairness, that if you are going to take away the common law defenses, then you ought to put this in and let the little fellows out who are not prepared to meet losses of that kind.

The gentleman from Philadelphia has called attention to the fact that if a man is engaged in running errands for his master or employer and is injured by the negligence of another man that the rights of the man injured are subrogated to the employer. What does the employer get, the little employer who employes one or two men? He gets a lawsuit on his hands, an uncertain quantity. There is no two ways about that. This thing was jammed through this House just like this, so far as the farmer was concerned, and voted down the last time; but the farming people struck out and they made such a demand on the Republican party that they put in the platform a plank that it would exempt them along the lines of the amendment offered by the member from Bradford County, but it was hooted out of this House, but I don't propose that it shall be hooted out this time without you knowing about it and if you go ahead you know your responsibility. There is no soreness or feeling whatever. I want you to know about it and take it home with you.

Now, this is the only proposition I stand for on this bill—no more tearing it apart; no asking for amendments or inclusion in the body of the bill of the supplemental act of the unconstitutional provision so that if one part of the act be unconstitutional that all be unconstitutional. I merely want to say to you that you people bickering back and forward for four years, coming back on an employment bill of this kind, a compensation bill, shall go ahead and do what you want but leave us out who have not taken part in it.

There are so many things that you could say on this subject that you could go on for days, but I do hope and I stand for just this one thing that if the little fellow of this State is taken care of I will leave it with you.

Mr. FORSTER. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, I want to say in the beginning of my remarks that I am for this bill not because it is the Governor's bill, not because it is the Attorney General's bill, not because I am a member of the Philadelphia delegation which the gentleman from Jefferson by innuendo, by his remarks, insinuates is ruled by some supernatural power which goes behind our minds and makes us vote as a unit without any regard to personal understanding or conviction. I am for this bill and all these bills because I believe they are the bills we need. I am for this bill because I come from a district where the poorest people in the greatest city of our Commonwealth live. I come from a district where most of my constituents are day laborers, unskilled laborers, working where they can, when they can and under whatever conditions are thrust upon them by their employers. We have heard a great deal of talk here and a great deal of debate before the committee about the unfairness which gives the employe the right to elect whether he shall take under this act or remain under the old common law, and we have heard it said that it is unfair, that it gives the employe a right which it takes away from the employer. Gentlemen, in my district, my constituents are only too glad to work in order to be given an opportunity to live. They don't have any opportunity to say under what conditions they will work. Not one of them can walk into his employer's office and say "I won't go to work under this compensation act." No; the employer dictates the conditions. It is sophistry to say that the employe in one case out of a hundred is in position to say "I refuse to go under this bill."

Now, gentlemen, I said I was for this bill because I believe it was right. I would be for this bill if the Governor was against it. I believe in the constitutionality of the bill because I believe the greatest legal minds in this Commonwealth have passed upon it. I do not refer alone to the Attorney General whose ability we all recognize. I refer to the attorneys for the commission who have put not a year's study, not a month's study, not two years' study, but four years' study upon this bill. I believe that men who have put that length of time in study upon any measure are in better position to pass upon the legal phase of that measure than I am who in the very nature of the thing, can only give it a most precursory examination; and yet my friend from Jefferson says "I believe it is unconstitutional." He says we have not had the opportunity to study it; that it was jammed through; that it was let out of committee; and yet he does set his judgment up against the men, able lawyers who have studied this for four years. In sitting here and listening to his arguments on this particular amendment I must confess I am at a loss to understand just what his position is. He says the Republican party pledged itself to a Compensation Act which would exempt farm laborers, and in the next breath he says, "put an amendment in this bill to exempt our small employers." In one breath he says, "I do not believe that an act which exempts the farm laborers is constitutional." In the next breath he says, "put a classication in an important act," which we must act upon, "which will exempt another class." Now, gentlemen, what sort of sophistry is that? How in the world are we to treat it? Here is his amendment which will exempt one class of employers and his objection to the separate act which exempts another. How in the world can the one be constitutional in the main body of the act if the other is not? And on the question of constitutionality you gentlemen who are members of the bar, I venture to say are all familiar with the language of the Supreme Court in saying that while the Constitution does prevent legislation for individuals in a class it does not prevent legislation for a class. Now certainly the agriculturists belong to a class which is separate and distinct from the manufacturer. We legislate for the entire class of agriculturists when we pass this bill exempting them from

the workings of the bill. The same is true of the employer of the domestic; but when we come to the legislation which says that the manufacturer who employs five men is exempt from the provisions of this act while the manufacturer who employs six men is not exempt from the provisions of this act—I am using those figures as an example—then I say we are clearly getting in the realms of unconstitutionality. But away with that. I am not making a technical argument; I am not arguing before a court and jury; I am not arguing the rules of law. I am ready to take the opinion of the men who say this is constitutional. I am ready to support the pledge of my platform in voting for a bill which does exempt the farmer, which does exempt the householder. I am ready to accept the responsibility which my friend from Jefferson seems disinclined to accept, his words to the contrary notwithstanding, and stand by this bill as it has been presented to us. I can see only the side of the employe. I can see the men as I have seen them coming from my office, whether they were employed by a large corporation or a small individual employing a few men. I have seen them come in with their arm off. I have seen them carried into the homes of my district with their eyes gone as the result of an accident, to their wives and children. Do you think it is any more benefit to that wife and children to say that their employer only employed five men and therefore he should not take care of them? Why should the employer of five men be in better position than the employer of ten men? He has the opportunity to take care of his risks under this act. We must meet this thing squarely. There has never been a progressive movement of any sort introduced in any legislative body of the United States that has not met with all kinds of opposition. Again and again the cry has gone up in these halls that a measure which looks to the general welfare of humanity is unconstitutional; that we must not pass it. I say when I vote on this measure I don't feel that I am voting for an act for but two years. I want to hope and feel that the measure I vote on is being passed for twenty years, aye, for a hundred years possibly; and to say that we are passing a measure of this sort as an experiment for two years,—it is ridiculous. This legislation is past the experimental stage. There are enough states of the Union that have experimented with it, if you want to call it that, and I have not heard of any great cry of hardship from any one employer. This legislation has been tried out. It has been proven. Pennsylvania has not been in the vanguard. She is following only after our more progressive Sisters. But to go back again. I cannot see more than I have actually seen in my own district; men crippled for life, their earning capacity gone. We heard a great cry yesterday about the child wage-earner for the support of his parents. Don't you think, gentlemen, if we would take care of the parent, of the financial responsibility of the parent, as we are attempting to do now, we will solve one of the great questions that was raised yesterday upon the necessity of the child going to work.

Gentlemen I hope you will vote for this bill as it stands. I am not making this as a personal plea; I do not expect to be employed by any one. I do not ever expect to be in the position where I can call upon my employer to take care of me because I have been crippled in an accident in his factory, but I do ask you to take care of the poor people in my district, the people that have no choice, the people that must work, the people who, through ignorance, fall under the conditions where they cannot elect whether they shall work in one way or another. My perspective is not limited by the boundaries of the narrow streets, nor the high spires of the city, that my friend spoke of. I lived in the country for the greater part of my life and am glad of it. If God is willing I hope to live in the country and I hope to die in the country. My perspective is not confined to the city streets. I can see the country and I know the conditions, and know the conditions that men work under in the country. I tell you this, that the city employer is not any harder on his men, he is just as benevolent a man as the country employer is, and I will tell you another thing, that the city employer is not going to be hurt any more than the country, nor a whit less.

Now, gentlemen, just a word in closing. There is one feature here that has not been considered, namely; year after year there are inventions being brought out, which tend to safeguard the employe; year after year the greatest minds of the world are working to protect the employes and incidentally to save the cost of industrial accidents to employers.

Now, gentlemen, the thought I am trying to bring home to you is this: an act of this sort is going to make it more conducive for the employer to use these safeguards, to have them put in his factory and to save the burden of high insurance rates, because that hits his pocketbook, and in the long run there won't be a factory in this broad Commonwealth, there will not be a single place where men are employed, that every measure is not taken to safeguard the working man. The sooner we bring that about and we are taking a long step in that direction, the sooner we are going to bring about an ideal condition,—when there is no longer any strife between employer and employe, but where they work together as men and brothers as they should.

Mr. MAURER. Mr. Speaker, I assure you I shall not consume much of your time in discussing this bill, but since we have heard considerable of attorneys and employers, I feel it my duty as a representative of labor to say something on this very important measure before us. For the benefit of the members who are here for the first time,—the 141—I wish to say that to some of us this is not a new proposition. I was one of the members who introduced a Workmen's Compensation Bill in this House four years ago. There were other bills introduced at that time,—none of them any good my own included. We saw the wisdom at that time of learning something about Workmen's Compensation, and we passed a resolution creating a commission to investigate the subject of Workmen's Compensation, and the Governor appointed the commission. In the meantime I happened to be elected President of the Pennsylvania Federation of Labor, and as that official I met with the Governor's commission, I think, every time it met. When it met in Pittsburgh I was there; when it met in Philadelphia I was there and when it met in Harrisburg I was there. I took considerable interest in the work of the Commission,—an active interest.

Now, I wish to inform you that this Commission was composed of three lawyers, two employers and two workmen, or wage workers and it went to considerable pains to learn something about this question. Mr. Bohlen, secretary of the Commission, made two trips to Europe, to investigate the condition of Workmen's Compensation in Europe. We had the benefit of his knowledge. They drew up a bill,—a tentative draft of one. This bill was sent out broadcast over the State for criticism, for recommendation and for advice. Then they would meet and hold more public hearings. At these public hearings the employers of labor and employers, and their attorneys,—that is the employers' attorneys; railroad employers attorneys, manufacturing and mining interests,—in fact, all interests were represented, to give their views as to what a Workmen's Compensation should be like.

So seven different drafts were drawn up; seven times the bill was changed, and two years ago they made their report to the Governor and the bill came to the Legislature for final action. The Legislature saw fit to take a negative view of the subject at that time, and then we had two years more and the commission went right ahead with its work and drew up the eighth bill and presented it to the Governor. This bill was sent out broadcast over the State, agitation constantly conducted, and now this new administration comes in and the Attorney General, in whom I have full confidence and believe to be one of the ablest attorneys in the State, has renderad his opinion on the present bill.

The present Attorney General had the benefit and took advantage, very sensibly of the work done during the previous four years. He had the advantage of that work and having his own knowledge on the subject, in addition to the work already done, he gave us a still better measure than we had two years ago. Now, my friends, I myself was not so sure that the bill was the past, or that the bill would stand the scrutiny of the courts. I feared perhaps its constitutionality, and representing nearly five hundred thousand men, I felt it my duty to be very sure as to the constitutionality of this bill. I took it before some of the

most learned judges of the State and asked for an opinion. I took it before the highest legal authorities in the States. —at least in my mind the highest legal authorities, some of them very well known to all of you, and in each opinion, —these opinions were, of course, private opinions, given to me by friends on the bench,—and not only opinion did I get that would lead me to believe that if the bill passed as it is now before us, it would be declared unconstitutional.

Now, as to the opposition, or the friends of the amendment, I merely wish to say, that if the opposition came from the workers I might not be so much surprised, but to come from the small business men is indeed a surprise to me. This bill, if it passes in its present form, will be a God-send to the small employer. Under the common law at the present time, if a small employer has an accident in his factory, or to any of his employes, it makes him liable under the present law, or becomes liable and there is no telling what kind of a verdict a jury may render,—a verdict that will wipe him clean out of business under the present law.

This act, if passed, will throw that safeguard or protection not only around the small employer, but around all employers of labor. If the small employer is so indifferent as to the provisions of this act, if he refuses to safeguard himself by taking out insurance, surely the rest of us in the State should not be compelled to suffer, due to the indifference of any employer. By taking out an insurance of perhaps two per cent. of his pay-roll it will give the protection, that should an employe of yours become injured, the insurance will cover you just the same as fire insurance does now. Where is there a business man or property holder today so short-sighted as not to take out fire insurance? Why there is none of you here would do that, and this is simply a question of taking out Workmen's Compensation insurance.

Now as to the farmer, I opposed the proposition of exempting the farmer. Personlly I felt that the farm labor was just as much to be considered as the city labor, or shop labor, but the farmers made no appeal to me for this law. Not a single farmer in the State of Pennsylvania asked me to see that he came in under the provisions of this act, and since the farmers do not seem to want it I am quite willing they should not have it, and I am also in position to say that the Farmers' Grange, or any other organization of farmers ever yet told me they were opposed to the act, even if they were included in the act. But there are men in this Hall right now, high officials of the Grange, who told me that they would not officially oppose the act, even though they were included, but if we could have the act so passed as to exclude them, they would prefer that, but they would not jeopardize the interests of all the workers on account of the farmers.

The people who are using the argument that the farmers will suffer are not, as a rule, farmers. Some of them may be farmers, but as a rule they are the kind of farmers who farm the farmers, and not the soil. My friends, the farmers have nothing to fear, even though this act did not exclude them. I have asked insurance people what they thought it would cost the farmers if they came in under the provisions of the act. None of them seemed to know exactly, but the best figure they could give me was this: about one per cent. of the pay-roll. In other words if you farmers have a man that you pay thirty-five dollars a month to, if you want to come under the act, it would mean that you would pay thirty-five cents a month insurance, and then if you had an accident you would be protected. Today if you have an accident you can be sued, and the jury can clean you up and take away your farm. That is the way the law is now and that is where you farmers stand.

The bill today does not include you. You are exempt, and I predict, gentlemen, that two years from now, if this act passes, exempting the farmer, I predict that two years from now the farmers will be here asking this body to include them in the provisions of the Workmen's Compensation Act.

Friends and members of the House, it is peculiar that in every progressive measure that mankind can point to today, those who benefited the most have opposed it most vigorously. There has not been a progressive measure that you can point to in the history of mankind that was not opposed by those that it aimed to help the most. That is true, and I find today the small business man whom this act would safeguard to protect are here opposed to it. I have not heard the farmers oppose it. I don't believe they will. I know they are a whole-souled big-hearted class of men and women whom I know, and they don't want the workers in the mills, in those infernos, to be under the old provision on account of taking out insurance for their people at the rate of thirty-five cents a month. Friends, in conclusion let me say this: we want this bill to go through. For one hundred years we have built up this wonderful State; we have erected this great building; you have wonderful industries in this State, but you have crucified the working classes; you have taken them and killed them in the industries; you have killed him and his loved ones and his wife and children are depending on charity; you have pauperized some of the people who have built up your business; the men who, as a class, have built our great industries in this State. We have suffered the pains and then we are to suffer the poverty with it. It is not right; it is not a fair deal. If we must suffer death, if we must suffer injury, don't compel us to suffer also the whole financial burden. Leave something for the other side the society that profits to pay at least a small part of the expense. In the past we in a great measure have had to pay. I say it is no more than right that society should bear part of this burden. Pennsylvania has approved of it and that is all that this act asks for. It is not as we would like to have it. We wanted sixty-six and two-thirds per cent.; the manufacturers and employers are willing to accept fifty and we went down to that. We didn't ask anything unreasonable. We submitted this matter session after session because we wanted something. We are not asking too much now but we want you to pass this bill as it came from the Attorney General and as it has been introduced. Don't allow them to cripple and destroy it. I hope you will vote the amendment down.

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, It was not my intention to speak the second time upon this bill but it has been made imperative by some of the remarks made by the gentleman from Jefferson He has argued strenuously on behalf of the small employer of labor. The theory of legislation, as I understand it, is to enact laws giving the greatest benefit to the greatest number. Not one word was said by the gentleman from Jefferson on behalf of the five employes that would be thrown out of the provisions of this measure if this amendment is adopted. He has argued in behalf of the employer neglectful or unmindful of the fact that the insertion of this amendment in the bill deprives these five employes of any of the benefits of this measure. That is so self-evident that I think it needs no further discussion on the floor of this House. One other thought was injected into the minds of the members of this House by the gentleman from Jefferson and that is an intimation and an insinuation that there was not fair play in dealing with this bill by the committee on Judiciary General, of which I have the honor to be chairman. I wish, in reply to my friend and to the members of this House, to say that no bill received greater consideration than these measures now before us. A public hearing was held before that committee and representatives of the opponents of the bill as well as representatives of those in favor of it appeared before that Committee. A meeting of the Judiciary General Committee was called and the bill was discussed in that committee. It perhaps is unfortunate, from the standpoint of the gentleman from Jefferson, that he did not attend that meeting. But notwithstanding that, after this bill was reported out from that committee in order to comply with the wishes expressed by the gentleman from Jefferson, another meeting was called for the Judiciary General Committee, to which the gentleman from Jefferson with the other members of the Committee, was invited and asked to be present so that objection which he might have to this bill could be

discussed, not only in the presence of the committee but in the presence of the Attorney General to see whether or not some agreement could be reached along the lines of his objections. These very same objections were raised there, and I have before me now an amendment which I, as sponser of this bill, proposed to offer when a certain section is reached, in conformity with the view of the gentleman from Jefferson, which was conceded to him at that committee meeting, placing judgments in the same category as mortgages so that claims under this bill shall not have priority over them. Is it fair for the gentleman from Jefferson to state before this House that there has been undue haste when it has been before the members of this House for practically six weeks. One other thought is expressed by the gentleman from Jefferson, that I, as chairman of that committee, was not following the dictates of my own mind but that I was carrying, or attempting to carry, into effect the thought of some other mind. I say to the gentleman from Jefferson and to the other members of this House, that insofar as my legislative duties on the floor of this House are concerned that I am the second edition of no man, be he politician, political leader, or man holding high position, the highest within the gift of the people of this Commonwealth. If I were to treat this bill from a purely personal standpoint and a standpoint of personal interest, I would be against it; I would be against any workmen's compensation bill which might be introduced in a session of the Legislature of which I was a member. If I may be pardoned a personal reference, I desire to state: In the profession which I follow the office which I have the honor to be the head, is one of four offices in Philadelphia that control the accident business of that city. The passage of this bill means money out of my pocket. Personally, it takes away from my office a great deal of the business which that office up to date has had the pleasure and profit of having. But I stand on a higher plane here today in advocating this bill, and in asking you gentlemen to vote "No" on this amendment I stand for this bill because irrespective of personal interest, irrespective of the narrow conception of the question which is involved here, I believe that it is right, that it is just and that it is something that the people of this Commonwealth have promised, through their political parties to give to the people, and I stand for it in all honor at the dictates of my own conscience the same as I propose to stand for or against any other measure which may come before this legislative body.

Mr. CROMER. Mr. Speaker, I feel that it is my duty to say just a word or two upon this proposed legislation. I have the honor of being one of the representatives from the great county of Allegheny; sometimes called the State of Allegheny. I have taken this matter up with the employers of labor in my district. I have even gone so far as to procure copies of this enactment and sending them to my constituents who are large employers of labor and stating to them that if there is any measure in the Workmen's Compensation Act or any clause that seems too drastic to advise me and I would do all in my power to have the same corrected. I believe that the employer of labor should have the same right as the man who is the employe. It seems to me that labor and capital have got together in these things in the enactment that does, as the gentleman from Philadelphia has said, work to the best interests of all concerned. We are surely in favor of the measure that does the greatest amount of good to the greatest number. Therefore, I say that if those great captains of industry in my district are entirely satisfied with the Workmen's Compensation Act, as it has come before us, I feel that it is my duty to support the administration. I want to call your attention to another matter that has been mentioned by at least two of the speakers preceding me. You will find if you will turn to the supplementary act, No. 934, that the farmer and domestic servant is exempt from this Act. I will tell you why: Not merely because we go to the farmer for our daily bread, but this is a fact because we must do it.

The employes on the farm are considered members of the family and are taken care of. If a man is employed by a farmer and is injured in any way he is taken care of, medical services procured for him and he is considered a member of the family the same as a domestic servant. I think that is the main reason why they were exempted from this act.

Mr. SONES. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, I do not think that the majority of this House is antagonistic to the administration, the Governor or this measure. I, for one, am not. I am in harmony with the spirit and intent of this act as a whole, but I do favor the amendment proposed by the gentleman from Butler, Mr. Campbell. I think it is a splendid amendment. If we go back in the history of legislation along this line, we will find that the doctrine of fellow servant as to big industrial establishments is obsolete. Every lawyer and every other person in this House knows that. When the first decisions were handed down by the court probably one hundred or more years ago the doctrine of fellow servant was all right, but in this great age of industrial activity it is no longer good. But let us see as to the status of the small employer and the employe. The status is the same to-day as it was perhaps a century ago. They worked side by side. It is not so in the big industrial establishments. There the employer is far removed from the employe and the fellow employes are perhaps greatly isolated, so that the doctrine is obsolete, but as to the small employer and employe the status is the same as it was. I take it as such. Now this amendment. This amendment will exempt employers who employ less than five and justly so, and thus not affect the spirit and intent of this act. Now, I take it that in all matters we must compromise. The national Constitution, the State constitution and the constitutions of the various states have become such by reason of compromise. We must give, and we must take and I take it that it will be well for us in this matter to acede to this amendment. It will not destroy, as I indicated before, the value and the spirit and intent of this measure as a whole. As to the constitutionality I will not set myself in opposition to the learned gentleman from Philadelphia or the Attorney General,—far from it but the Attorney General is in doubt himself as to the constitutionality of a portion of the act. The mere fact that he has introduced a separate bill shows that. Now then if we can agree to this amendment, in case the Supreme Court knocks out that supplementary bill, we still protect the farmer and the small employer and the domestic. Now, Mr. Campbell has told us that the mining act—the Anthracite Mine Act and the Bituminous Act—exempt for less than ten and the Supreme Court has upheld that by their ruling, and that is a safe precedent. I take it, gentlemen of the House, that if this amendment would come up before the Courts that the Courts would sustain the amendment and, therefore, Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, I am heartily in favor of this amendment, and I believe that this amendment will cure a defect in this present measure that will be acceptable to the people throughout the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Mr. MILLIRON. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House after listening to these bursts of oratory on both sides of this question I believe that a few humble remarks from one of the representatives representing one of the agricultural districts of this State will have little weight either way, but I do want to call the attention of the members of this House to a few things as I see them. It seems to be unanimous on the part of the members of this House that the farmer is not exempt as the bill stands. We agree that there is a supplementary clause attached to the bill, but it seems to be the opinion of these learned men here that that will not be constitutional. When I came here to represent my county I came here pledged to union labor in our country to support a workmans compensation act. I also came here pledged to the farmers of my county and pledged by the Republican platform of this State to support a compensation act that would exempt the farmer. Now, unless this amendment is submitted here, unless there is that relief given to the farmer, I will be compelled to vote against the measure when it comes up for final passage. I want to call the attention of this House to what our friend from Philadelphia said a few short weeks ago when the question of woman suffrage was before this House. It was a well-known fact that the majority of this House personally were opposed to woman suffrage, but the gentleman from Philadelphia with all his eloquence plead

with the members of this House to support it because it was in the Republican platform. Now he comes back to us in the same session of the Legislature and asks us to repudiate that platform and not exempt the farmer from the compensation act. I say "O consistency, thou art a jewel." I want to say further than that, that the Governor of this State in his campaigning tour through our district told our farmers that he would support a workmans compensation act that would exempt them and as I understand this is his bill, he should not object to have this amendment offered to make it sure that the farmers are exempt. Yesterday he brought from five to ten thousand people here to Harrisburg to carry out his own personal platform and he asks the members of this Legislature to-day to repudiate the Republican platform, and I say again, "O consistency, thou art a jewel." I want to say in regard to the gentleman from Allegheny in saying that "the farmer should not be exempt, that he is well taken care of, that the men he hires become as one of his family." If you gentlemen remember that what he said when the headlight bill was up here, you can clearly see that he is not a friend of the farmer. I want to say further with regard to my friend from Berks County who is here in the interest of Union labor. Union labor by this Legislature has received great consideration and I personally want to do everything I can to help them, but I do not want a man here to represent labor who is so narrow as not to help the farmer, and I want to say further that it is my own personal opinion that if there were a bill before this House requiring every farmer to divide his farm into an equal number of parts and divide them among his neighbors that the gentleman from Berks would support that, and I say it in all fairness. I appeal to the members of this House. I intend to carry put my pledge to the people, both to the working man and the agriculturist and to stand by the principles of the Republican platform on which I stood, and on which I stand, and vote for this amendment, and make it possible to carry out my pledges to the people.

Mr. RICH. Mr. Speaker, I wish to stand and speak a few words in favor of the employe and for a principle. We have before us what is called a labor compensation bill and I wish to state my position on this bill. I am heartily in favor of a labor compensation bill. I believe that there is an unearned increment in labor that belongs to labor and to the employes. I believe this principle is acknowledged by the advocates of this bill. Now if this is correct and we are instituting this bill to carry put that principle that there belongs to labor a compensaton that he does not get in his wage if perchance accident or injury befalls him; that we recognize this as a principle and that is the reason why this bill is instituted. We believe that all labor should be compensated. I believe Mr. Speaker, that there should be no exemption. I believe that the man who works for the farmer, the woman who works in the domestic household and the man who works in the mill are all entitled to this compensation. And when we call this a labor compensation bill and do not include all labor, it is a misnomer. It is only a compensation for certain labor and should be so entitled. Now, Mr. Speaker, I am sorry to believe it, but I am compelled to believe that this measure is brought before the House because of the influence and power of labor unions, and I want to say here that it is to their credit and if they never do anything else, it is worth while for their organization and their existence that they have brought about this condition in which labor is to be recognized, and that the unearned part in their labor is to be given to them through this compensation act, but I do not give any credit to those cravens and cowards who will institute this in their platform because they are forced to by labor unions, and then try to put it up and take in only part of labor just so far as it will be influenced and controlled by labor union. I believe, Mr. Speaker, that all labor should be compensated; that the man who is hurt on the farm, the man who is hurt by a threshing machine or a mower is just in as much need as the man who is hurt in the mill or textile establishment. I believe, Mr. Speaker, that he is in just as much need and his family are in just as much need, that, when we institute a bill of this kind and if the principle is correct, labor should be compensated. Then why only go half way.

Why are the farm employees and the domestic employees exempted? We have heard speeches made in defense of the small employer and of the farmer. I have gone over my county when I was a candidate and I left it be understood that I was—

Mr. MILLIRON. Mr. Speaker, I would like to interrogate the gentleman from Clinton.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Clinton permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. RICH. Certainly, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. MILLIRON. Mr. Speaker, I would like to ask the gentleman how many people he employs in his manufacturing establishment?

Mr RICH. We employ about one hundred and thirty, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. MILLIRON. Thank you.

Mr. RICH. (continuing) Now, Mr. Speaker, there is a mean insinuation in that question. I want to say this in defense of my stand on this matter: Yesterday we had the Child Labor Law. I voted for the Child Labor Law and without any amendments. I stood for the Child Labor Law, although the men from Delaware and Lancaster and Allegheny stood up here and tried to defend the textile industry while the people from the textile City of Philadelphia and myself stood up here to defend the child and not defend the manufacturer. And here is another inconsistency in this matter. I believed that this bill should be for the compensaton of labor, all labor—no exemptions. It is the labor that this bill is intended to defend and why not defend them? If the farmer is not able to compensate his labor, if he is not able to take out insurance and pay the premium for the defense of his employee, give him an employee. If the home is not able to employ a domestic, give them a domestic. Let them have one domestic employee. Let the farmer have one employee; and let the State pay for these; and let those farmers who are wealthy, those retired merchants who are farming and all those who are capable and have large farms and employ labor, let them, when they need more than one laborer, let them pay for it. Let them take out the insurance, which is a very small amount and will injure none of them. And I would have the State insure all registered nurses so that the homes of laborers should have nurses attention without coming under this liability. I would defend them; but, Mr. Speaker, I want to defend the labor. I want this compensation bill to be a bill that will take in all labor, and on that ground I speak for labor and I will not consent to any amendment that will debar any labor; but I shall vote for this bill because it is the best presented to us. I shall vote for it because it goes part way, but it is imperfect and I am sorry. I want to make an excuse to my constituents for voting as I do because there is nothing better offered us and I shall stand for the bill as presented.

Mr. LIPSCHUTZ. Mr. Speaker, I move the previous question.

The motion was seconded by the following members:

Messrs. Aron, Brumbaugh, Drinkhouse, Gans, Garner, Hackett, Landis, Lanius, McArdle, McNichol, Mellot, Myers, Neville, Oaks, Phillips, Schaeffer, Adam C., Shoop, Sinclair, Smith, Jacob W., Smith Jefferson W., Thomas, Weir, Wobensmith and others.

The SPEAKER. More than twenty members having joined in moving the previous question,

On the question,

Shall the main question be put?

The SPEAKER declared the ayes appeared to have it.

Whereupon, a divisoon was called for, 81 voting in the affirmative and 70 in the negative.

And the question was determined in the affirmative.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendments offered by the gentleman from Butler, Mr. Theodore Campbell?

Mr. GIBSON. Mr. Speaker, I would ask for the second reading of the amendment.

The Clerk then read the amendment as follows:

Amend article 1 by adding the following to be marked and known as section 108: "Section 108. The provisions of this act shall not apply to any employer other than a municipality, township or other governmental agency who employs less than five employes, in any one period of twenty-four hours.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

The yeas and nays were required by Mr. W. H. Wilson and Mr. Theodore Campbell and were as follows:

YEAS—88.

Albee,	Gingery,	McClure,	Showalter,
Alcorn,	Goodnough,	McConnell,	Smith, J. W.,
Alexander,	Goodwin,	McKay,	Smith, L.,
Arnold,	Gormley,	Mellott,	Snyder,
Baldwin,	Habgood,	Metzenbacher,	Sones,
Barnett,	Harper,	Milliron,	Spencer,
Beck,	Hess,	Myers,	Statler,
Becker,	Heyburn,	Nissley,	Stone,
Bergy,	Hibshman,	Oaks,	Swartz,
Berntheizel,	Hoffman,	Ostrander,	Taylor,
Blackburn,	Jack,	Palmer,	Trach,
Body,	Jones, E. E.,	Peters,	Trich,
Bovee,	Kuhn,	Phillips,	Walter,
Brosius,	Kunkle,	Pickering,	Walton,
Campbell, J. O.,	Landis,	Reel,	Watson,
Dell,	Lanius,	Rhoads,	Weimer,
Eby,	Leighner,	Rinn,	West,
Evans,	Lindsey,	Rothenberger,	Wildman,
Fretz,	Love,	Rudisill,	Williams,
Fruit,	Lynch,	Sarig,	Wilson, H. I.,
Geiser,	Marvin,	Scott,	Wood,
Gibson,	Mather,	Shoop,	Young,

NAYS—102.

Aron,	Flynn,	Luppert,	Spangler,
Arthur,	Forster,	Luxemburger,	Staving,
Baker,	Gallagher,	Maurer,	Steedle,
Bauerle,	Gans,	McArdle,	Stein,
Benn,	Garner,	McCaig,	Stern,
Beyer,	Geary,	McClintock,	Sullivan,
Brownlee,	Glass,	McDermott,	Swan,
Brumbaugh,	Glenn,	McNichol,	Thomas,
Bungard,	Gompers,	Mearkle,	Twibill,
Campbell, T.,	Goodyear,	Murdoch,	Vickerman,
Christman,	Graham,	Neville,	Vogdes,
Coldsmith,	Gransback,	Nieder,	Wagner,
Conner,	Greenwood,	Perry,	Walsh,
Cox,	Hackett,	Powell,	Weaver,
Cromer,	Hamilton,	Ramsey,	Weir,
Cummins,	Heffernan,	Rich,	Wettach,
Curry,	Hollern,	Rininger,	Whitaker,
Davis,	Hollingsworth,	Robertson,	Whitten,
Dawson,	Howarth,	Roney,	Willard,
Dodds,	Jones, W. W.,	Rowell,	Wilson, W. H.,
Drinkhouse,	Klinger,	Schaeffer,	Wobensmith,
Dunn,	Lafferty,	Shaaber,	Woodward,
Ehrhardt,	Lauer,	Shaffer,	Wylie,
Erdman,	Lauler,	Sinclair,	Wynne,
Fackler,	Lipschutz,	Smith, Jeff. W.,	Ambler,
Finnerty,			Speaker.

So the question was determined in the negative and the amendment was not agreed to.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to Article One?

It was agreed to.

RESOLUTION RECALLING HOUSE BILL NO. 410 FROM THE GOVERNOR.

Mr. HENRY I. WILSON asked and obtained unanimous consent to offer a resolution at this time, which was read as follows:

In the House of Representatives, April 7, 1915.

Resolved (if the Senate concur), That House Bill No. 410, entitled "A Joint Resolution authorizing the printing and binding of the report of the commission to consider the revision and amendment of the penal laws of Pennsylvania," be recalled from the Governor for the purpose of amendment.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the resolution?

Mr. HENRY I. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, this is a resolution to recall a bill from tthe Governor for the purpose of amendment. The time is very short and this has just been handed to me.

On the question recurring.

Will the House agree to the resolution?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

RECESS.

The SPEAKER. If there is no objection, the Chair will declare a recess until Three o'clock this afternoon. This will permit us to have a session from Three until Six o'clock, the Governor's Reception being held tonight, it will be impossible for us to hold a session this evening.

Whereupon, at 1.20 o'clock P. M. the Speaker declared a recess until 3.00 o'clock P. M.

AFTER RECESS.

The House reconvened at 3 o'clock P. M.

The SPEAKER (Charles A. Ambler) in the Chair.

CONSIDERATION OF HOUSE BILL NO. 929 ON SECOND READING RESUMED.

The SPEAKER. The bill under consideration when the Recess was declared was House Bill No. 929, File Folio 3955.

Article two was read as follows:

ARTICLE II

Damages by Action at Law

Section 201 That in any action brought to recover damages for personal injury to an employe in the course of his employment or for death resulting from such injury it shall not be a defense

(a) That the injury was caused in whole or in part by the negligence of a fellow employe or

(b) That the employe had assumed the risk of the injury or

(c) That the injury was caused in any degree by the negligence of such employe unless it be established that the injury was caused by such employe's intoxication or by his reckless indifference to danger The burden of proving such intoxication or reckless indifference to danger shall be upon the defendant and the question shall be one of fact to be determined by the jury.

Section 202 The employer shall be liable for the negligence of all employes while acting within the scope of their employment including engineers chauffeurs miners mine-foremen fire-bosses mine suprintendents plumbers officers of vessels and all other employes licensed by the State or other governmental authority if the employer be allowed by law the right of free selection of such employes from the class of persons thus licensed and such employes are hereby declared to be the agents and representatives of the employer any law of this Commonwealth to the contrary notwithstanding

Section 203 An employer who permits the entry upon premises occupied by him or under his control of a laborer or an assistant hired by an employe or contractor for the performance upon such premises of a part of the employer's regular business entrusted to such employe or contractor shall be liable to such laborer or assistant in the same manner and to the same extent as to his own employe

Section 204 No agreement composition or release of damages made before the happening of any accident except the agreement defined in article three of this act shall be valid or shall bar a claim for damages for the injury resulting therefrom and any such agreement other than that defined in article three herein is declard to be against the public policy of this Commonwealth The receipt of benefits from any association society or fund shall not bar the recovery of damages by action at law nor the recovery of compensation under article three hereof and any release executed in consideration of such benefits shall be void.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the article?

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend Article II, Section 202, line 8, by striking out: "and such employes are hereby declared to be the agents and representatives of the employer any law of this Commonwealth to the contrary notwithstanding," and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "and such employes shall be the agents and representatives of their employers, and their employers shall be responsible for the acts and neglects of such employes as in the case of other agents and employes of their employers, and notwithstanding the employment of such employes the property in and about which they are employed, and the use and operation thereof, shall at all times be under the supervision, management and control of their employers."

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendments?

They were agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the article as amended?

It was agreed to.

Article three was read as follows:

ARTICLE III

Elective Compensation

Section 301 When employer and employe shall by agreement either express or implied as hereinafter provided accept the provisions of article three of this act compensation for personal injury to or for the death of such employe by an accident in the course of his employment shall be made in all cases by the employer without regard to negligence according to the schedule contained in section three hundred and six and three hundred and seven of this article provided that no compensation shall be made when the injury or death be intentionally self-inflicted but the burden of proof of such fact shall be upon the employer

The terms "injury" and "personal injury" as used in this article shall be construed to mean only violence to the physical structure of the body and such disease or infection as naturally results therefrom and wherever death is mentioned as a cause for compensation under this article it shall mean only death resulting from such violence and its resultant effects and occurring within three hundred weeks after the accident The term "injury" by an accident in the course of his employment" as used in this article shall include an injury caused by an act of a third person intended to injure the employe because of reasons personal to him and not directed against him as an employe or because of his employment but shall include all other injuries sustained while the employe is actually engaged in the furtherance of the business or affairs of the employer whether upon the employer's premises or elsewhere and shall include all injuries caused by the condition of the premises or by the operation of the employer's business or affairs thereon sustained by the employe who though not so engaged is injured upon the premises occupied by or under the control of the employer or upon which the employer's business or affairs are being carried on the employes presence thereon being required by the nature of his employment.

Section 302 (a) In every contract of hiring made after December thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen and in every contract of hiring renewed or extended by mutual consent expressed or implied after said date it shall be conclusively presumed that the parties have accepted the provisions of article three of this act and have agreed to be bound thereby unless there be at the time of the making renewal or extension of such contract an express statement in writing from either party to the other that the provisions of article three of this act are not intended to supply and unless a true copy of such written statement accompanied by proof of service thereof upon the other party setting forth under oath or affirmation the time place and manner of such service be filed with the Bureau within ten days after such service and before any accident has occurred Every contract of hiring oral written or implied from circumstances now in operation or made or implied on or before December thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen shall be conclusively presumed to continue subject to the provisions of article three hereof unless either party shall on or before said date in writing have notified the other party to such contract that the provisions of article three hereof are not intended to apply and unless there shall be filed with the Bureau a true copy of such notice together with proof of service within the time and in the manner hereinabove prescribed provided however that the provisions of this section shall not be so construed as to impair the obligation of any contract now in force In the employment of minors article three shall be presumed to apply unless the said written notice be given by or to the parent or guardian of the minor It shall not be lawful for any officer or agent of this Commonwealth or for any county city borough or township therein or for any officer or agent thereof or for any other governmental authority created by the laws of this Commonwealth to give such notice of rejection of the provisions of this article to any employe of the State or of such governmental agency

(b) After December thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen an employer who permits the entry upon premises occupied by him or under his control of a laborer or an assistant hired by an employe or contractor for the performance upon such premises of a part of the employer's regular business entrusted to that employe or contractor shall be conclusively presumed to have agreed to pay to such laborer or assistant compensation in accordance with the provisions of article three unless the employer shall post in a conspicuous place upon the premises where the laborer's or assistant's work is done a notice of his intention not to pay such compensation and unless there be filed with the Bureau within ten days thereafter and before any accident has occurred a true copy of such notice together with proof of the posting of the same setting forth upon oath or affirmation the time place and manner of such posting and after December thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen any such laborer or assistant who shall enter upon premises occupied by or under the control of such employer for the purpose of doing such work shall be conclusively presumed to have agreed to accept the compensation provided in article three in lieu of his right of action under article two unless he shall have given notice in writing to the employer at the time of entering upon such employer's premises for the purpose of doing his work of his intention not to accept such compensation and unless within ten days thereafter and before any accident has occurred there shall have been filed with the Bureau a true copy of such notice accompanied by proof of service thereof upon such employer setting forth under oath or affirmation the time place and manner of such service And in such cases where article three binds such employer and such laborer or assistant it shall not be in effect between the intermediate employer or contractor and such laborer or assistant unless otherwise expressly agreed

Section 303 Such agreement shall constitute an acceptance of all the provisions of article three of this act and shall operate as a surrender by the parties thereto of their rights to any form or amount of compensation or damages for any injury or death occurring in the course of the employment or to any method of determination thereof other than as provided in article three of this act Such agreement shall bind the employer and his personal representatives and the employe his or her wife or husband widow or widower next of kin and other dependents

Section 304 Any agreement between employer and employe for the operation or non-operation of the provisions of article three of this act may be terminated prior to any accident by either party upon sixty days' notice to the other in writing if a copy of such notice with proof of service be filed in the Bureau as provided in section three hundred and two of this article

Section 305 Every employer liable under this act to pay compensation shall insure the payment of compensation in the State Workmen's Insurance Fund or in any insurance company or mutual association or company authorized to insure such liability in this Commonwealth unless such employer shall be exempted by the Bureau from such insurance An employer desiring to be exempt from insuring the whole or any part of his liability for compensation shall make application to the Bureau showing his financial ability to pay such compensation whereupon the Bureau if satisfied of the applicant's financial ability shall by written order make such exemption The Bureau may from time to time require further statements of the financial ability of such employer and if at any time such employer appear no longer able to pay compensation shall revoke its order granting exemption in which case the employer shall immediately subscribe to the State fund or insure his liability in a mutual association or company as aforesaid

If an employer shall fail to comply with the provisions of this section the Bureau shall by registered mail or in such other manner as the rules and regulations of the Bureau shall provide serve upon such employer a notice to forthwith comply with such provisions and if such employer does not within thirty days thereafter insure his liability as aforesaid or satisfy the Bureau of his financial ability to pay compensation as aforesaid or does not terminate his acceptance of article three of this act in the manner provided in section three hundred four of the said article such employer shall be liable for compensation under article three of this act to any employe injured thereafter or to his personal representative or for damages under article two of this act at the option of such employe or his personal representatives Provided That such option be exercised by the employe and written notice given to the employer within thirty days after the accident and provided further that until the expiration of the said thirty days from the giving of the notice by the Bureau the employer shall be liable only for compensation under article three of this act and that if he shall terminate his acceptance under section three hundred four of article three of this act he shall be liable only for compensation under article three of this act until such termination of acceptance shall become effective

Section 306 The following schedule of compensation is hereby established for injuries resulting in total disability

(a) For the first five hundred weeks after the fourteenth day of total disability fifty per centum of the wages of the injured employe as defined in section three hundred and nine but the compensation shall not be more than ten dollars per week nor less than five dollars per week and shall not exceed in aggregate the sum of four thousand dollars provided that if at the time of injury the employe receives wages of less than five dollars per week then he shall receive the full amount of such wages per week as compensation Nothing in this clause shall require the payment of compensation after disability shall cease Should partial disability be followed by total disability the period of five hundred weeks mentioned in this clause of this section shall be reduced by the number of weeks during which compensation was paid for such partial disability

(b) For disability partial in character (except the particular cases mentioned in clause (c)) fifty per centum of the difference between the wages of the injured employe as defined in section three hundred and nine and the earning power of the employe thereafter but such compensation shall not be more than ten dollars per week This compensation shall be paid during the period of such partial disability not however beyond three hundred weeks after the fourteenth day of such total disability Should total disability be followed by partial disability the period of three hundred weeks mentioned in this clause shall be reduced by the number of weeks during which compensation was paid for such total disability

(c) For all disability resulting from permanent injuries of the following classes the compensation shall be exclusively as follows

For the loss of a hand fifty per centum of wages during one hundred and seventy-five weeks

For the loss of an arm fifty per centum of wages during two hundred and fifteen weeks

For the loss of a foot fifty per centum of wages during one hundred and fifty weeks

For the loss of a leg fifty per centum of wages during two hundred and fifteen weeks

For the loss of an eye fifty per centum of wages during one hundred and twenty-five weeks

For the loss of any two or more of such members not constituting total disability fifty per centum of wages during the aggregate of the periods specified for each

Unless the Board shall otherwise determine the loss of both hands or both arms or both feet or both legs or both eyes shall constitute total disability to be compensated according to the provisions of clause (a)

Amputation between the elbow and the wrist shall be considered as the equivalent of the loss of a hand and amputation between the knee and ankle shall be considered as the equivalent of the loss of a foot Amputation at or above the elbow shall be considered as the loss of an arm and amputation at or above the knee shall be considered as the loss of a leg Permanent loss of the use of a hand arm foot leg or eye shall be considered as the equivalent of the lose of such hand arm foot leg or eye

This compensation shall not be more than ten dollars per week nor less than five dollars per week provided that if at the time of injury the employe receives wages of less than five dollars per week then he shall receive the full amount of such wages per week as compensation

(d) No compensation shall be allowed for the first fourteen days after disability begins except as hereinafter provided in clause (e) of this section

(e) During the first fourteen days after disability begins the employer shall furnish reasonable surgical medical and hospital services medicines and supplies as and when needed unless the employe refuses to allow them to be furnished by the employer The cost of such services medicines and supplies shall not exceed ewenty-five dollars unless a major surgical operation shall be necessary in which case the cost shall not exceed seventy-five dollars If the employer shall upon application made to him refuse to furnish such services medicines and supplies the employe may procure the same and shall receive from the employer the reasonable cost thereof within the above limitations If the employe shall refuse reasonable surgical medical and hospital services medicines and supplies tendered to him by his employer he shall forfeit all right to compensation for any injury or any increase in his incapacity shown to have resulted from such refusal

(f) Should the employe die as a result of the injury the period during which compensation shall be payable to his dependents under section three hundred and six of this article shall be reduced by the period during which compensation was paid to him in his lifetime under this section of this article No reduction shall be made for the amount which may have been paid for medical and hospital services and medicines nor for the expenses of the last sickness and burial Should the employe die from some other cause than the injury the liability for compensation shall cease

Section 307 In case of death compensation shall be computed on the following basis and distributed to the following persons

1 To the child or children if there be no widow nor widower entitled to compensation twenty-five per centum of wages of deceased with ten per centum additional for each child in excess of two with a maximum of sixty per centum to be paid to their guardian

2 To the widow or widower if there be no children forty per centum of wages

3 To the widow or widower if there be one child forty-five per centum of wages

4 To the widow or widower if there be two children fifty per centum of wages

5 To the widow or widower if there be three children fifty-five per centum of wages

6 To the widow or widower if there be four or more children sixty per centum of wages

7 If there be neither widow widower nor children then to the father and mother or the survivor of them if dependent to any extent upon the employe for support at the time of his death twenty per centum of wages

8 If there be neither widow widower children nor dependent parent then to the brothers and sisters if actually dependent to any extent upon the decedent for support at the time of his death fifeen per centum of wages for one brother or sister and five per centum additional for each brother or sister with a maximum of twenty-five per centum such compensation to be paid to their guardian

9 Whether or not there be dependents as aforesaid the reasonable expenses of the last sickness and burial not exceeding one hundred dollars (without deduction of any amounts theretofore paid for compensation or for medical expenses) payable to the dependents or if there be no dependents then to the personal representatives of the deceasd

Compensation shall be payable under this section to or on account of any child brother or sister only if and while such child brother and sister is under the age of sivteen No compensation shall be payable under this section to a widow unless she was living with her deceased husband at the time of his death or was then actually dependent upon him for support No compensation shall be payable under this section to a widower unless he be incapable of self-support at the time of his wife's death and be at such time dependent upon her for support The terms "child" and "children" shall include step-children and adopted children and children to whom he stood in loco parentis if members of decedent's household at the time of his death and shall include posthumous children should any dependent of a deceased employe die or should the widow or widower remarry or should the widower become capable of self-support the right of such dependent or such widow or widower to compensation under this section shall cease If the compensation payable under this section to any person shall for any cause cease the compensation to the remaining persons entitled thereunder shall thereafter be the same as would have been payable to them had they been the only persons entitled to compensation at the time of the death of the deceased

The wages upon which death compensation shall be based shall not in any case be taken to exceed twenty dollars per week nor be less than ten dollars per week

This compensation shall be paid during three hundred weeks and in the case of children entitled to compensation under this section the compensation of each child shall continue after said period of three hundred weeks until such child reach the age of sixteen at the rate of fifteen per centum of wages if there be but one child with ten per centum additional for each additional child with a maximum of fifty per centum

Section 308 Except as hereinafter provided all compensation payable under this article shall be payable in periodical installments as the wages of the employe were payable before the accident

Section 309 Wherever in this article the term "wages" is used it shall be construed to mean the money rate at which the service rendered is recompensed under the contract of hiring in force at the time of the accident and shall not include gratuities received from the employer or others nor shall it include board lodging or similar advantages received from the employer unless the money value of such advantages shall have been fixed by the parties at the time of hiring In occupations involving seasonable employment or employment dependent upon the weather the employe's weekly wages shall be taken to be one-fiftieth of the total wages which he has earned from all occupations during the year immediately preceding the accident unless it be shown that during such year by reason of exceptional causes such period of computation does not ascertain fairly the earnings of the employe in which case the period for calculation shall be extended so far as to give a basis for the fair ascertainment of his average weekly earnings In continuous employments if immediately prior to the accident the rate of wages was fixed by the day or hour or by the output of the employe his weekly wages shall be taken to be five and one-half times his average earnings at such rate for a working day of ordinary length excluding earnings from overtime and using as a basis of calculation his earnings during so much of the preceding six months as he worked for the same employer Where the employe is working under concurrent contracts with two or more employers his wages from all employers shall be considered as if earned from the employer liable for compensation

Section 310 Compensation under this article to alien dependent widows and children not residents of the United States shall be two-thirds of the amount provided in each case for residents and the employer may at any time commute all future installments of compensation payable to alien dependents not residents of the United States by paying to such alien dependents the then value thereof calculated in accordance with the provisions of section three hundred and sixteen of this article Alien widowers parents brothers and sisters not residents of the United States shall not be entitled to any compensation

Non-resident alien dependents may be officially represented by the Consular officers of the nation of which such alien or aliens may be citizens or subjects and in such cases the Consular officers shall have the right to receive for distribution to such non-residents alien dependents all compensation awarded hereunder and the receipt of such Consular officers shall be a full discharge of all sums paid to and received by them

Section 311 Unless the employer shall have actual knowledge of the occurrence of the injury or unless the employe or some one in his behalf or some of the dependents or some one in their behalf shall give notice thereof to the employer within fourteen days after the accident no compensation shall be due until such notice be given or knowledge obtained but if the employe or other beneficiary shall show that his delay in giving notice was due to his mistake or ignorance of fact or of law or to his physicial or mental inability or to fraud misrepresentation or deceit or to any other reasonable cause or excuse then compensation shall be allowed unless the employer shall show that he did not know and by reasonable diligence could not have learned of the accident and that he was prejudiced by the delay in which case he shall be relieved to the extent of such prejudice

Section 312 The notice referred to in section three hundred and eleven hereof shall be substantially in the following form

to (name of employer)

You are hereby notified that an injury of the following character ( ) was suffered by (name of employe injured) who was in your employment at (place) while engaged as (kind of employment) on or about the ( ) day of ( ) Anno Domini ( ) and that compensation will be claimed therefor

Date

Signed ( )

but no variation from this form shall be material if the notice be sufficient to inform the employer that a certain employe by name received an injury the character of which is described in ordinary language in the course of his employment on or about a time specified and at or near a place specified

Section 313 The notices referred to in section three hundred and two and section three hundred and eleven hereof may be served personally upon the employer or upon the manager or superintendent in charge of the works or business in which the accident occured or by sending them through the registered mail to the employer at his or its last known residence or place of business or if the employer be a corporation either foreign or domestic then upon the president vice-president secretary or treasurer thereof knowledge of the occurence of the injury on the part of any of said agents shall be the knowledge of the employer

Section 314 At any time after an injury the employe if so requested by his employer must submit himself for examination at some reasonable time and place to a physician of physicians legally authorized to practice under the laws of such place who shall be selected and paid by the employer If the employe shall refuse upon the request of the employer to submit to the examination by the physician or physicians selected by the employer the Board may upon petition of the employer order the employe to submit to an examination at a time and place set by it and by the physician or physicians selected and paid by the employer or by a physician or physicians designated by it and paid by the employer and if the employe shall without reasonable cause or excuse disobey or disregard such order he shall be deprived of his right to compensation under this article The Board may at any time after such first examination upon petition of the employer order the employe to submit himself to such further examinations as it shall deem reasonable and necessary at such times and places and by such physicians as it may designate and in such case the employer shall pay the fees and expenses of the examining physician or physicians and the reasonable traveling expenses and loss of wages incurred by the employe in order to submit himself to such examination The refusal or neglect without reasonable cause or excuse of

the employe to submit to such examination ordered by the Board either before or after an agreement or award shall deprive him of the right to compensation under this article during the continuance of such refusal or neglect and the period of such neglect or refusal shall be deducted from the period during which compensation would otherwise be payable

The employe shall be entitled to have a physician or physicians of his own selection to be paid by him participate in any examination requested by his employer or ordered by the Board

Section 315 In case of personal injury all claims for compensation shall be forever barred unless within one year after the accident the parties shall have agreed upon the compensation payable under this article or unless within one year after the accident one of the parties shall have filed a petition as provided in article four hereof In case of death all claims for compensation shall be forever barred unless within one year after the death the parties shall have agreed upon the compensation under this article or unless within one year after the death one of the parties shall have filed a petition as provided in article four hereof Where however payments of compensation have been made in any case said limitations shall not take effect until the expiration of one year from the time of the making of the last payment

Section 316 The compensation contemplated by this article may at any time be commuted by the Board at its then value when discounted at five per centum interest with annual rests disregarding the probability of the beneficiary's death upon appliciation of either party with due notice to the other if it appear that such commutation will before the best interest of the employe or the dependents of the deceased employe and that it will avoid undue expense or undue hardship to either party or that such employe or dependent has removed or is about to remove from the United States or that the employer has sold or otherwise disposed of the whole or the greater part of his business or assets Except as provided in section three hundred and ten hereof and in this section no commutation of compensation shall be made

Section 317 At any time after the approval of an agreement or after the entry of the award a sum equal to all future installments of compensation may (where death or the nature of the injury renders the amount of future payments certain) with the approval of the Bureau be paid by the employer to any savings bank trust company or life insurance company in good standing and authorized to do business in this State and such sum together with all interest thereon shall thereafter be held in trust for the employe or the dependents of the employe who shall have no further recourse against the employer The payment of such sum by the employer evidenced by the receipt of the trustee noted upon the prothonotary's docket shall operate as a satisfaction of said award as to the employer Payments from said fund shall be made by the trustee in the same amounts and at the same periods as are herein required of the employer until said fund and interest shall be exhausted In the appointment of the trustee preference shall be given in the discretion of the court to the choice of the employe or the dependents of the deceased employe Should however there remain any unexpended balance of any fund after the payment of all sums due under this act such balance shall be repaid to the employer who made the original payment or to his legal representatives

Section 318 The right of compensation granted by this article of this act shall have the same preference (without limit of amount) against the assets of an employer liable for such compensation as is now or may hereafter be allowed by law for a claim for unpaid wages for labor Provided however that no claim for compensation shall have priority over any mortgage or conveyance of land recorded prior to the filing of the petition award or agreement as to compensation in the office of the prothonotary of the county in which the land is situated Claims for payments due under this article of this act shall not be assignable and (except as provided in section five hundred and one of article five hereof) shall be exempt from all claims of creditors and from levy execution or attachment which exemption may not be waived

Section 319 Where a third person is liable to the employe or the dependents for the injury or death the employer shall be subrogated to the right of the employe or the dependents against such third person but only to the extent of the compensation payable under this article by the employer Any recovery against such third person in excess of the compensation theretofore paid by the employer shall be paid forthwith to the employe or to the dependents and shall be treated as an advance payment by the employer on account of any future installments of compensation

On the question,

Will the House agree to the article?

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend Article III, Section 301, line 15, by striking out the word "article" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "Act."

Amend Article III, Section 301, line 19, by striking out the word "article" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "Act."

Amend Article III, Section 306, line 9, by striking out the word "thosand" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "thousand."

Amend Article III, Section 309, line 14, by striking out the word "period" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "method."

Amend Article III, Section 315, line 1, by striking out the word "case" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "cases."

Amend Article III, Section 315, line 7, by striking out the word "case" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "cases."

Amend Article III, Section 318, line 7, by inserting after the word "any" the word "judgment."

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendments?

They were agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the article as amended?

It was agreed to.

Article four was read as follows:

ARTICLE IV

Procedure

Section 401 The term "Referee" when used in this article shall mean Workmen's Compensation Referee

The term "Fund" when used in this article shall mean the State Insurance Fund of this Commonwealth

The term "Employer" when used in this article shall mean the empoyer as defined in article one of this act or his duly authorized agent or his insurer if such insurer has assumed the employer's liability or the fund if the employer be insured therein

Section 402 All proceedings before the Board or any referee and all appeals to the Board shall be instituted by petition addressed to the Board All petitions shall be in writing and in the form prescribed by the Board

Section 403 All petitions all copies of agreements for compensation and all other papers requiirng action by the Board shall be mailed or delivered to the Bureau at his principal office

Section 404 The Bureau shall immediately upon their receipt properly file and docket all petitions agreements for compensation findings of fact by the Board of any referee awards or disallowances of compensation or modifications thereof and all other reports or papers filed with it under the provisions of this act or the rules and regulations of the Board

Section 405 The Bureau shall by mail or in such other manner as the Board shall direct transmit to the Board or the proper referee true copies of all petitions agreements or other papers requiring action by th Board or a referee

Section 406 At the close of each day the Board and all referees shall in such manner as the rules of the Board shall prescribe transmit to the Bureau all findings of fact awards or disallowances of compensation or modifications thereof or other decisions or reports rendered during the day

Section 407 Immediately upon receiving from the Board or any referee any approval or disapproval of any agreement for or any award or disallowance of compensation or any modification thereof or any other decision the Bureau shall serve a certified copy thereof on all parties in interest

Section 408 All notices and certified copies to which any party shall be entitled under the provisions of this article shall be served by mail or in such other manner as the Board shall direct For the purposes of this article any notice or certified copy shall be deemed served on the date when mailed properly stamped and addressed and shall be presumed to have reached the party to be served but any party may show by competent evidence that any notice or certified copy was not received or that there was unusual or unreasonable delay in its transmission through the mails In any such case proper allowance shall be made for the party's failure within the prescribed time to assert any right given him by this act

The Bureau the Board and every referee shall keep a careful record of the date of mailing every notice and certified copy required by this act to be served on the parties in interest

Section 409 A referee's findings of fact shall be final unless the Board shall allow an appeal therefrom as hereinafter provided The Board's findings of fact shall in all cases be final

From the referee's decision on any question of law an appeal may be taken to the Board and from any decision of the Board on a question of law an appeal may be taken to the courts as hereinafter provided

Section 410 On or after the fourteenth day after any accident shall have occurred the employer and the employe or his dependent may agree upon the compensation payable to the employe or his dependent under this act but any agreement made prior to the fourteenth day after the accident shall have occurred or permitting a commutation of payments contrary to the provisions of this act or varying the amount to be paid or the period during which compensation shall be payable as provided in this act shall be wholly null and void

All agreements made in accordance with the provisions of this section shall be in writing and signed by all parties in interest

Section 411 Whenever an agreement shall be executed between an employer and an employe or his dependent as provided by this act

a certified copy of the same signed by all parties in interest shall be mailed or delivered to the Board It shall be the duty of the Board to examine the agreement and to determine whether it conforms to the provisions of section four hundred and ten and within thirty days after the copy of the agreement has been mailed or delivered to it to notify the parties thereto of its validity or invalidity under the aforesaid section Provided however that any payment made in accordance with any agreement prior to the receipt of notice of invalidity shall discharge pro tanto the liability under article three of this act of the employer making such payments

Section 412 If after any accident the employer and the employe or his dependent concerned in any accident shall fail to agree upon the facts thereof and the compensation due under this act the employe or his dependent may present a claim for compensation to the board

Section 413 Whenever a claim-petition shall be presented to the Board the Bureau shall promptly assign it to a referee for hearing and determination The Bureau shall forthwith notify such referee that the petition has been assigned to him and shall serve upon each adverse party in interest a certified copy of the petition and a notice that unless an answer shall within seven days be filed with the referee to whom the petition has been assigned (giving his name and address) the allegations of the petition shall be deemed admitted

Section 414 Within seven days after a certified copy of the petition and a notice as herein required shall have been served upon any adverse party he may file with the referee designated in the notice an answer in the form prescribed by the rules and regulations of the board

Section 415 Seven days after notice of a claim-petition shall have been served upon the adverse parties thereto the referee shall fix a time and place for hearing the claim and shall notify all the parties in interest The time of hearing shall not be less than twelve days nor more than twenty-one days after notice of the filing of the petition shall have been mailed or delivered to all adverse parties thereto Together with the notice of the time and place of hearing a copy of any answer filed by any adverse party shall be mailed or delivered to the petitioner or petitioners

Whenever all adverse parties in interest have concurred in the answer all facts not denied therein shall be deemed admitted and no testimony shall be required from the petitioner or petitioners or heard on behalf of the adverse parties upon any fact not controverted in such answer

Section 416 The Referee designated by the Bureau or such other referee as the Board shall substitute for him shall hear evidence relating to the claim at the time and place stated in the notice of the parties

Section 417 The referee if he shall deem it necessary shall either before or after any hearing make an investigation of the facts set forth in the petition or cause the same to be made With the consent of the Board he may appoint one or more impartial physicians or surgeons to examine the injuries of the plaintiff and report thereon or he may employ the services of such other experts as shall appear necessary to ascertain the facts The Board shall fix the compensation of such physicians surgeons and experts and the referee shall tax the same as a part of the cost of the proceedings to be paid by either party or both as the board may direct The report of any physician surgeon or expert appointed by the referee shall be filed with him and shall be a part of the record and open to inspection by any party to the same

Section 418. Within seven days after the conclusion of any hearing the referee shall in writing state his findings of fact his award or disallowance of compensation in accordance with the provisions of this act and such other matters as the rules of the Board shall require

Section 419 Any party in interest may within ten days after notice of a referee's award or disallowance of compensation shall have been served on him take an appeal to the Board on the ground (1) that the award or disallowance of compensation is not in conformity with the terms of this act or that the referee committed any other error of law of (2) that the findings of fact and award or disallowance of compensation was unwarranted by the evidence or because of fraud coercion or other improper conduct by any party in interest

Section 420 Whenever an appeal shall be based upon an alleged error of law it shall be the duty of the Board to grant a hearing thereon The Board shall fix a time and place for such hearing and shall serve notice thereof on all parties in interest

As soon as maybe after any such hearing the Board shall either sustain or reverse the referee's award or disallowance of compensation or make such modification thereof as it shall seem proper

Section 421 Whenever an appeal shall be taken on the ground that the referee's award or disallowance of compensation was unwarranted by the evidence or because of fraud coercion or other improper conduct by any party in interest the Board may in its discretion grant a hearing de novo or sustain the referee's award or disallowance of compensation if the Board shall grant a hearing de novo it shall fix a time and place for the same and shall notify all parties in interest

The Board shall at all times have the power to make any investigation which it shall deem necessary to ascertain the facts It may employ physicians surgeons or other experts to aid in its investigation and shall in all cases fix the compensation of such physicians surgeons or experts and tax the same as a part of the costs of the proceedings to be paid by either party or both as the Board may direct

As soon as may be after any hearing de novo by the Board it shall in writing state its findings of fact and award or disallow compensation in accordance with the provisions of this act

Section 422 Whenever the employer and the employe or his dependent shall on or after the fourteenth day after any accident agree on the facts on which a claim for compensation depends but shall fail to agree on the compensation payable thereunder they may by petition request the Board to determine the compensation payable Such petition shall contain the agreed facts and shall be signed by all parties in interest The Board shall fix a time and place for hearing the petition and shall notify all parties in interest As soon as may be after such hearing the Board shall award or disallow compensation in accordance with the provisions of this act

Section 423 All agreements for compensation shall be subject to review by the Board at any time upon presentation of a petition alleging fraud mistake coercion or other proper cause The Board shall fix a time and place for hearing the petition and shall notify all parties in interest

As soon as may be after such hearing the Board shall either ratify or disapprove the agreement

Section 424 If any patry shall desire the commutation of future installments of compensation he shall present a petition therefor to the Board The Board shall appoint a time and place for hearing the petition and shall notify all parties in interest

Every such petition shall be heard by the Board but the Board may refer any question of fact arising out of such petition to a referee whose findings shall be final unless upon petition the Board shall for cause shown grant a hearing on the facts

The Board shall fix a time and place for the hearing and shall notify all parties in interest

Section 425 If any party in interest shall desire to appeal from the decision of the Board on matters of law he shall with ten days after the notice of its decision shall have been served on him file a notice of appeal with the prothonotary of the Court of Common Pleas of the county in which the accident occurred or of the county in which the adverse party resides or has a permanent place of business or by agreement of the parties to the Court of Common Pleas of any other county in such case it shall be the duty of the Bureau within ten days to prepare and mail or deliver to the prothonotary of the proper county a transcript of the agreement or finding of fact and award or disallowance of compensation or modification thereof involved in the appeal

Any appeal from a decision of the Board to the Courts of Common Pleas and from them to the Supreme Court shall take precedence over all other civil cases

Section 426 Any agreement or award of compensation may be modified or terminated at any time by a subsequent agreement approved by the Board and may be modified or terminated by the Board or a referee designated by the Board on the petition of either party on the ground that the incapacity of the injured employe has subsequently increased decreased or terminated or that the status of any dependent has changed In such case the procedure shall be the same as that provided in the case of an original agreement or petition

Section 427 All hearings before the Board or before a referee shall be public

Section 428 Neither the Board nor any referee shall be bound by the technical rules of evidence in conducting any hearing or investigation

Section 429 Wherever after an accident any employe or his dependents shall have entered into a compensation agreement with his employer or shall file a claim-petition with the Board he may file a certified copy thereof with the prothonotary of the Court of Common Pleas of any county The prothonotary shall enter the amount stipulated in any such agreement or claimed in any such petition as a judgment against the employer If the agreement be approved by the Board or compensation awarded as claimed in the petition the amount of compensation stipulated in the agreement or claimed in the petition shall be a lien as of the date when the agreement or petition was filed with the prothonotary Pending the approval of the agreement or the award of compensation no other lien which may be attached to the employer's property during such time shall gain priority over the lien of such agreement or award but no execution shall issue on any compensation judgment before the approval of the agreement or the award of compensation on the said petition

If the agreement be disapproved or after hearing compensation shall be disallowed the employer may file with the prothonotary of any county in which the petition or agreement is on record as a judgment a certified copy of the disapproval of the agreement or disallowance of compensation and it shall be the duty of such prothonotary to strike off the judgement

If the amount of compensation claimed be disallowed but another amount awarded the compensation judgment shall be a lien to the extent of the award as of the date of filing the petition with the prothonotary with the same effect as to other liens and the same disability to issue execution thereon as if the compensation claimed had been allowed In such cases the prothonotary shall make such modification of the record as shall be appropriate

If after approval of the agreement or award the agreement or award be subsequently modified either party may file with the prothonotary a certified copy of the modified award or agreement and it shall be the duty of the prothonotary to make such modification of the record as shall be appropriate and the lien of the judgment shall be modified accordingly

Section 430 If any party against whom a compensation agreement or award is on record in any county of this Commonwealth shall at any time present to the Board receipts or copies thereof certified by any referee showing the payment of compensation as required by the agreement or award in full to the date of presentation to the referee the Board shall issue a certificate to such party in the form prescribed stating the extent to which the judgment of the agreement or award has been reduced Upon presentation of such certificate to the prothonotary of any county in which the agreement or award is on record it shall be the prothonotary's duty to mark the judgment satisfied to the extent of the payments so certified

Section 431 The lien of any judgment entered upon any award shall not be divested by any appeal If however the

the party appealing from the award shall file with the Board a bond in such amount and in such form as the rules and regulations of the Board shall direct the appeal shall pending its decision excuse the payment of so much of the compensation as is contested therein but if the final decision on appeal shall sustain the award it shall be the duty of the employer by whom such award is payable to make payments of compensation as from the date of the original award If on appeal the award is sustained as to a part it shall be the duty of the employer by whom such part is payable to make payments as from the date of the original award In case the award is annulled on appeal it shall be the duty of the prothonotary of any county in which such award has been entered as a judgment to mark it satisfied

Section 432 The cost of the prothonotary for entering the amount of compensation as provided in this act or making a modification of the record or marking the judgment satisfied shall be allowed taxed and collected as upon a confession of judgment

Section 433 It shall be the duty of the prothonotary of each Court of Common Pleas and of the Supreme Court of the Commonwealth to make a monthly report to the Board of the disposition of all appeals taken to such court under the provisions of this article

On the question,

Will the House agree to the article?

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend Article IV, Section 412, line 6, by striking out the word "board" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "Board."

Amend Article IV,, Section 419, line 6, by striking out the word "of" at the end of said line, and inserting in lieu thereof the word "or."

Amend Article IV, Section 421, line 6, by striking out the word "if" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "If."

Amend Article IV, Section 425, line 3, by striking out the word "with" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "within."

Amend Article IV, Section 425, line 3, by striking out the word "the."

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendments?

They were agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the article as amended?

It was agreed to.

The fifth article and title were separately read and agreed to as follows:

ARTICLE V

General Provisions

Section 501 No claim or agreement for legal services or disbursements in support of any demand made or suit brought under the provisions of article two of this act shall be an enforceable lien against the amount to be paid as damages or be valid or binding in any other respect unless the same be approved in writing by the judge presiding at the trial or in case of settlement without trial by a judge of the Common Pleas Court of the county in which the accident occurred

No claim or agreement for legal services or disbursements in support of any claim for compensation or in preparing any agreement for compensation under article three of this act shall be an enforceable lien against the amount to be paid as compensation or be valid or binding in any other respect unless the same be approved by the Board Any such claim or agreement shall be filed with the Bureau which shall as soon as may be notify the person by whom the same was filed of the Board's approval or disapproval thereof as the case may be

After the approval as herein required if the employer be notified in writing of such claim or agreement for legal services and disbursements the same shall be a lien against any amount thereafter to be paid as damages or compensation Provided however That where the employe's compensation is payable by the employer in periodical installments the Board shall fix at the time of approval the proportion of each installment to be paid on account of legal services and disbursements

Section 502 If any provision of this act shall be held by any court to be unconstitutional such judgment shall not affect any other section or proviison of this act except that articles two and three are hereby declared to be inseperable and as one legislative thought and if either article be declared by such court void or inoperative in an essential part so that the whole of such article must fall the other article shall fall with it and not stand alone

Section 503 Nothing in this act shall affect or impair any right of action which shall have acrued before this act shall take effect

Section 504 All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed

Section 505 This act shall not apply in the case of an accident occurring prior to the first day of January next succeeding its passage and approval

An Act defining the liability of an employer to pay damages for injuries received by an employe in the course of employment establishing an elective schedule of compensation and providing procedure for the determinaton of lability and compensation thereunder

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 930, entitled:

An Act to provide for the administration of the Workmen's Compensation Act of one thousand nine hundred and fifteen by creating the Bureau of Workmen's Compensation of the Department of Labor and Industry providing for the establishment of Workmen's Compensation Board to have charge of such Bureau authorizing the division of the Commonwealth into workmen's compensation districts and the appointment of workmen's compensation referees defining the powers and duties of the Commissioner of Labor and Industry the Bureau of Workmen's Compensation the Workmen's Compensation Board the workmen's compensation referees and the factory inspectors of the Department of Labor and Industry in enforcing the said act and fixing the salaries of the members of the Workmen's Compensation Board the workmen's compensation referees and certain of their employes and assistants

The first, second, third, fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh, eighth, ninth, tenth, eleventh, twelfth, thirteenth, fourteenth, fifteenth, sixteenth, seventeenth, eighteenth, nineteenth, twentieth and twenty-first sections were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the Bureau of Workmen's Compensation of the Department of Labor and Industry is hereafter called Bureau

The Workmen's Compensation Board is hereinafter called the Board

The Commissioner of Labor and Industry is hereinafter called the Commissioner

The Workmen's Compensation Referee is hereinafter called the Referee

Section 2 The Bureau of Workmen's Compensation of the Department of Labor and Industry is hereby created

Section 3 The Board is hereby created to supervise and direct the Bureau It shall consist of three members who shall be appointed by the Commissioner with the approval of the Governor The Commissioner shall be an ex officio member of the Board but shall not have a vote on orders decisions or awards The members of the Board shall be appointed for terms of four years but they shall at all times be removable by the Commissioner with the approval of the Governor

Whenever a vacancy on the Board shall occur because of the death resignation or removal of a member the Commissioner shall with the approval of the Governor appoint a member of the Board to fill the remainder of the term of the member whose death resignation or removal created the vacancy

Section 4 The Commissioner shall designate a member of the Board to serve as its chairman during his term of office It shall be the duty of the chairman when present to preside at all meetings of the Board

Two members shall be a quorum of the Board and any action of the Board shall not be valid unless it shall have the concurrence of two members A vacancy on the Board shall not impair the right of a quorum to exercise all the rights and perform all the duties of the Board

Section 5 The Attorney General shall ex officio be the general counsel of the Bureau He shall appoint an attorney or attorneys learned in the law as counsel for the Bureau whose salaries shall not in the aggregate exceed the sum of ten thousand dollars

Section 6 It shall be the duty of the Board immediately upon its organization to divide the Commonwealth into districts to be known as workmen's compensation districts Each district shall as near as may be practicable be compact and of contiguous territory

Section 7 As soon as such districts shall have been created the Commissioner with the approval of the Governor shall appoint as many Referees as shall be necessary to fulfil the purposes of this act not to exceed ten in number

Section 8 The Board may assign any Referee or Referees to any workmen's compensation district

Section 9 The Board shall appoint a secretary to serve at its pleasure who shall perform such duties as shall be imposed upon him by the Board

Section 10 The Board shall appoint a sergeant-at-arms who shall attend all hearings preserve order thereat superintend the serving of subpoenas and such other papers as the Board may direct and perform such other duties as may be prescribed by the Board

Section 11 It shall be the duty of the Bureau to publish such blank forms as will be useful in the administration of any workmen's compensation law now in force or hereafter to be enacted to distribute the same to all employers insurers or employes applying therefor in person or by mail and to perform such other duties as shall be required by law

Section 12 It shall be the duty of the Bureau if the State Workmen's Insurance Board shall file with it a written notice that any employer has become a subscriber to the State Workmen's Insurance Fund promptly to transmit to the State Workmen's Insurance Board a copy of any notice received by such Bureau of any accident to any employe of such subscribing employer

Section 13 It shall be the duty of the Board to make all proper and necessary rules and regulations for the conduct of the Bureau and to promptly hear and determine all petitons and appeals and to perform such other duties as shall be required by law

Section 14 It shall be the duty of every Referee to hear such claims for compensation as shall be assigned to him by the Bureau to perform such duties as shall be required of him by the Board and to perform all other duties imposed by law

Section 15 The Commissioner shall with the approval of the Governor appoint three clerks whose salary shall not exceed two thousand dollars per annum and not more than twenty-four clerks one-half at least of whom shall be stenographers at an annual salary not exceeding fourteen hundred dollars to perform such duties in connection with the work of the Bureau as the Board shall direct The Commissioner may also appoint with the approval of the Governor one clerk for each Referee at an annual salary not to exceed one thousand dollars and a messenger for the Bureau at a salary not to exceed one thousand dollars per annum The Commissioner may also from time to time detail to the assistance of the Bureau the Board or the Referees such other employes of the Dpartmnt of Labor and Industry as may be necessary

Section 16 It shall be the duty of the Commissioner to provide suitable places in the various workmen's compensation districts in which Referees may hold hearings The Commissioner shall have the power with the approval of the Board to establish permanent offices for Referees in the various compensation districts

The expenses of procuring places for hearings and establishing permanent offices for Referees shall be paid as other expenses of the Department of Labor and Industry are paid

Section 17 The Board and every Referee shall have the power to conduct any investigation which may be deemed necessary to ascertain the facts of any claim or any other matter properly before such Board or Referee Such investigations may be made by the Board or Referee personally or by any inspector of the Department of Labor and Industry or by any other person or persons authorized by law Every inspector of the said Department of Labor and Industry is hereby empowered and directed to conduct any investigaation authorized by this act at the request of the Board or any Referee with the consent of the Commissioner

Section 18 Every member of the Board and every Referee shall have the power to issue subpoenas administer oaths and summon witnesses at the request of either party to a petition or of his own motion and to require the attendance of witnesses and the production of books and papers pertinent to any hearing and to examine them and such public records as he may require in relation to any matter which he has power to investigate

Any witness who refuses to obey a subpoena of a member of the Board or any Referee or who refuses to be sworn or to testify or who fails to produce any papers books or documents touching any matter under investigation or who is guilty of any contempt after summons to appear may be punished as for contempt of court and for this purpose an application may be made to any Court of Common Pleas within whose territorial jurisdiction the offence was committed and for which purpose such court is hereby given jurisdiction

The secretary of the Board and all Referees are hereby directed to administer any oaths required by this Act without charge to the parties to any petition and all certified copies of awards or disallowances of compensation or modifications thereof or of receipts for payments of compensation shall be made by the Bureau or any Referee without charge

Section 19 All subpoenas issued by a member of the Board or by a Referee shall be signed by him or by the secretary of the Board and may be served by any adult in any part of this Commonwealth

Section 20 Each witness required to attend before the Board or any Referee shall receive for each day's attendance the sum of one dollar and fifty cents and in addition thereto three cents for each mile circular traveled by such witness by the usual route from his home to the place where his presence is required The fees for serving subpoenas shall be the same as those paid sheriffs for similar services The fees expenses and costs of any hearing may be imposed by the Board upon either party or may be divided between the parties in such proportions as the Board may determine

Section 21 Each member of the Board shall receive an annual salary of seven thousand dollars except the chairman who shall receive seven thousand five hundred dollars the secretary shall receive an annual salary of four thousand dollars the sergeant-at-arms shall receive an annual salary of one thousand five hundred dollars each Referee shall receive an annual salary of two thousand five hundred dollars

The salaries hereinbefore mentioned and the salaries of all other officers agents appointees and employes of the Bureau shall be payable monthly

Each member of the Board its secretary counsel sergeant-at-arms and other officers agents employes and appointees and each Referee shall be paid in addition to their stipulated salary or compensation the railroad fare board lodging and other travelling expenses necessarily and actually incurred by each of them in the performance of the duties required by this act or performed by direction of the Board

The title was read as follows:

An Act to provide for the administration of the Workmen's Compensation Act of one thousand nine hundred and fifteen by creating the Bureau of Workmen's Compensation of the Department of Labor and Industry providing for the establishment of Workmen's Compensation Board to have charge of such Bureau authorizing the division of the Commonwealth into workmen's compensation districts and the appointment of workmen's compensation Referees defining the powers and duties of the Commissioner of Labor and Industry the Bureau of Workmen's Compensation the Workmen's Compensation Board the workmen's compensation Referees and the factory inspectors of the Department of Labor and Industry in enforcing the said Act and fixing the salaries of the members of the Workmen's Compensation Board the workmen's compensation Referees and certain of their employes and assistants

On the question,

Will the House agree to the title?

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend title, line 2, by striking out the words "one thousand nine hundred and fifteen" and inserting in lieu thereof the figures "1915."

Amend title, line 5, by inserting after the word "of" the word "a."

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendments?

They were agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the title as amended?

It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreeed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 931, entitled:

An Act providing for the creation and administration of a State fund for the insurance of compensation for injuries to employes of subscribers thereto

The first, second, third, fourth and fifth sections were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the State Workmen's Insurance Board is hereinafter called the Board the State Workmen's Insurance Fund is hereinafter called the Fund and the Bureau of Workmen's Compensation of the Department of Labor and Industry is hereinafter called the Bureau

Section 2 The State Workmen's Insurance Board is hereby created consisting of the Commissioner of Labor and Industry the Insurance Commissioner and the State Treasurer

Section 3 Certain sums to be paid by employers as hereinafter provided are hereby constituted a Fund to be known as "The State Workmen's Insurance Fund" for the purpose of insuring such employes against liability under article three of The Workmen's Compensation Act of 1915 and of assuring the payment of the compensation therein provided Such Fund shall be administered by the Board without liability on the part of the State except as hereinafter provided beyond the amount thereof and shall be applied to the payment of such compensation

Section 4 The State Treasurer shall be the custodian of the Fund and all disbursements therefrom shall be paid by him upon vouchers authorized by the Board and signed by any two members thereof except as hereinafter provided in sections twenty-two and twenty-three He may deposit any portion thereof not needed for immediate use as other State funds are lawfully deposited and the interest thereon shall be collected by him and placed to the credit of the Fund

Section 5 On or before the first day of October in each year the said Board shall prepare and publish a schedule of premiums or rates of insurance for employers who shall have accepted article three of the Workmen's Compensation Act of 1915 which schedule shall be printed and distributed free of charge to such employers as shall make application therefor and any such employer may at his option as hereinafter provided pay to the Fund the amount of the premium appropriate to his business or domestic affairs and upon payment thereof shall thereafter be considered a subscriber to the Fund and shall be insured as hereinafter provided for the calendar year for which such premium is paid and such insurance shall cover all payments becoming due in any year because of accidents occurring during the year for which said premium is paid

The sixth section was read as follows:

Section 6 The said Board shall determine the amount of premiums which the subscribers to the Fund shall pay and shall fix the premiums for insurance in accordance with the nature of their business and of the various employments of their employes and the probable risk of injury to their employes therein And they shall fix the premiums at such an amount as shall be adequate to enable them to pay all sums which may become due and payable to the employes of such subscribers under the provisions of article three of the Workmen's Compensation Act of one thousand nine hundred and fifteen and to create and maintain the surplus provided in section nine of this act and to provide an adequate reserve sufficient to carry all policies and claims to maturity In fixing the premiums payable by any subscriber the Board may take into account the condition of the plant work-room shop farm mine quarry operation and all other property or premises of such subscriber in respect to the safety of those employed therein as shown by the report of any inspector appointed by the Board or by the Department of Labor and Industry and they may from time to time change the amount of premiums payable by any of the subscribers as circumstances may require and the condition of the plant work-room shop farm mine quarry operation or other property or premises of such subscribers in respect to the safety of their employes may justify and they may increase the premiums of any subscriber neglecting to provide safety devices required by law or disobeying the rules or regulations made by the Board in accordance with the provisions of section fifteen of this act The insurance of any subscriber shall not be effective until he shall have paid in full the premium so fixed and determined

On the question,
Will the House agree to the section?
Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments
The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.
The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 6, line 10, by striking out the words "one thousand nine hundred and fifteen" and inserting in lieu thereof the figures "1915."

On the question,
Will the House agree to the amendments?
They were agreed to.
On the question,
Will the House agree to the section as amended?
It was agreed to.

The seventh, eighth, ninth and tenth sections were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 7 The Board shall file with the Workmen's Compensation Bureau of the Department of Labor and Industry a notice setting forth the names and places of business of those employers who from time to time shall become subscribers to the said Fund

Section 8 The expenses of the organization and administration of the Fund shall be paid by the State out of funds hereinafter appropriated therefor

Section 9 The Board shall set aside five per cent of all premiums collected for the creation of a surplus until such surplus shall amount to one hundred thousand dollars and thereafter they may set apart such percentage not exceeding five per centum as in their discretion they may determine to be necessary to maintain such surplus sufficiently large to cover the catastrophe hazard of all the subscribers to the Fund and to guarantee the solvency of the Fund

Section 10 The said Board shall divide the subscribers into groups in accordance with the nature of the business of such subscribers and the probable risk of injury therein and they shall fix all premiums for each group in accordance with the experience thereof Where the employes in any business are engaged in various employments in which the risk of injury is substantially different the Board may subdivide the employments into classes and shall fix the premium for each in accordance with the probable risk of injury therein

The eleventh section was read as follows:

Section 11 The Board shall keep an accurate account of the money paid in premiums by the subscribers and the disbursements on account of injuries to employes thereof and if at the expiration of any year there shall be a balance remaining after deducting such disbursements the unearned premiums on undetermined risks and the percentage of premiums paid or payable to create or maintain the surplus provided in section nine of this act and after setting aside an adequate reserve so much of the balance as the board may determine to be safely distributable shall be distributed among the subscribers in proportion to the premiums paid by them and the proportionate share of such subscribers as shall remain subscribers to the Fund shall be credited to the installment of premium next due by them and the proportionate share of such subscribers as shall have ceased to be subscribers in the Fund shall be refunded to them out of the Fund in the manner hereafter provided

On the question,
Will the House agree to the section?
Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.
The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.
The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 11, line 10, by striking out the word "board" and inserting in lieu thereof "Board."

On the question,
Will the House agree to the amendment?
It was agreed to.
On the question,
Will the House agree to the section as amended?
It was agreed to.

The twelfth, thirteenth, fourteenth and fifteenth sections were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 12 The said Board may invest any of the surplus or reserve belonging to the Fund in such securities and investments as are authorized for investment by savings banks All such securities or evidence of indebtedness shall be placed in the hands of the State Treasurer who shall be the custodian thereof he shall collect the principal and interest thereof when due and pay the same into the Fund The State Treasurer shall pay all vouchers drawn on the Fund for the making of such investments when signed by two members of the Board upon delivery of such securities or evidences of indebtedness to him when there is attached to such vouchers a certified copy of the resolution of the Board authorizing the investment The said Board may upon like resolution sell any of such securities

Section 13 The said Board shall have the power to make all contracts necessary for supplying medical hospital and surgical services as provided in section three hundred and six sub-section (e) article three of the Workmen's Compensation Act of 1915

Section 14 The said Board shall have the power to reinsure any risk which they may deem necessary

Section 15 The said Board shall be entitled to inspect the plant work-room shop farm mine quarry operation and all other property or premises of any subscriber and shall be entitled to examine from time to time the books records and payrolls of any subscriber or intending subscriber for the purpose of determining the amount of the premium payable to such subscriber or intending subscriber and they shall have the power to appoint such inspectors and auditors as may be necessary to carry out the powers given in this section or they may with the consent of the Department of Labor and Industry and Commissioner of Insurance cause such inspection and examination to be made by the inspectors of the said Department of Labor and Industry and the auditors of the State Insurance Department and such inspectors and auditors shall have free access to all such premises books records and pay-rolls during the regular working and office hours

The Board shall make reasonable rules and regulations for the prevention of injuries upon the premises of the subscribers and they may refuse to insure or may terminate the insurance of any subscriber who refuses to permit such examinations or disregards such rules or regulations and may forfeit one-half of the unearned premiums previously paid by him

The sixteenth section was read as follows:

Section 16 Any employer who shall have accepted the provisions of article three of the Workmen's Compensation Act of 1915 and who shall desire to become a sub-

scriber to the said Fund for the purpose of insuring therein his liability to those of his employes or any class thereof who have accepted the said provisions shall make a written application for such insurance to the said Board in which application the applicant shall state under oath or affirmation (a) the nature of the business or domestic affairs in which insurance is desired (b) the average number of employes expected to be employed in such businss during the year for which insurance is sought and the average number of employes if any engaged in such business during the previous calendar year (c) the approximate money wages expected to be paid during the year for which insurance is sought and the money wages paid to such employes during the preceding year (d) the place where such business is to be transacted (e) the place where the employer's payroll and books of accounts are kept and where the employes are customarily paid and such other facts and information as the Board shall require And when the employments are sub-divided into classes as provided in section ten of this act the applicant shall further state (f) the number of employes of each class expected to be employed or previously employed as aforesaid (g) the approximate money wages expected to be paid or previously paid as aforesaid to employes of each class for which insurance is sought Thereupon the Board shall make such investigations as they may deem necessary and within thirty days after such application shall issue a certificate showing the classification or group in which such applicant is entitled to be placed and the amount of premium payable by such applicant for the calendar year or the remainder of the calendar year for which insurance is sought No insurance shall be issued for a longer period than a single calendar year

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 16, line 8, by striking out the letters "ap" at the end thereof.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The seventeenth and eighteenth sections were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 17 All premiums shall be payable to the State Treasurer who shall issue an appropriate receipt therefor and such receipt together with the certificate of the Board specified in section sixteen hereof shall be the evidence that the applicant has become a subscriber to the Fund and is insured therein

Section 18 Each subscriber to said Fund shall within one month after his subscription has terminated furnish a written statement under oath or affirmation to the said Board setting forth the maximum average and minimum number of employes insured in the Fund that such subscriber had employed during the preceding year and the actual amount of the money payroll of such employes for such year and setting forth when the Board has subdivided the employments in any group into classes as provided in section ten of this act the number and actual amounts of the money payroll of such employes of each of such classes and thereupon within thirty days the said Board shall state the account of such subscriber for such calendar year based on the facts thus proven and shall render a copy of such statement to the subscriber and if the amount of the premium theretofore paid by such subscriber shall exceed the amount due according to such stated account then the excess shall be forthwith refunded to the subscriber by payment out of the Fund in the manner hereinafter provided and if the amount shown by said statement exceed the amount of the premium thertofore paid by such subscriber the excess shall be forthwith due and payable by the subscriber into the Fund and until paid shall be a lien as State taxes are a lien upon the real and personal property of the subscriber and if unpaid shall be collectible as State taxes are now collectible with interest at the rate of twelve per centum per annum commencing thirty days after service of the copy of said account which service shall be by registered mail

The nineteenth section was read as follows:

Section 19 Any person who shall falsely make oath or affirmation to any certificate application or statement herein required shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and any scriber who shall after notice from the said Board neglect or refuse to file the statement mentioned in section eighteen hereof within ten days after such notice shall be liable to pay to the Fund a penalty of ten dollars for each day that such neglect or refusal shall continue to be recovered at the suit of the Fund

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 19, line 4, by striking out "scriber" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "subscriber."

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The twentieth, twenty-first, twenty-second and twenty-third sections were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 20 Any subscriber to the Fund who shall within seven days after knowledge or notice of an accident to an employe in the course of his employment as required by section three hundred and eleven of article three of The Workmen's Compensation Act of 1915 have filed with the Board a true statement of such knowledge or a true copy of said notice shall be discharged from all liability for the payment of compensation for the personal injury or death of such employe by such accident and all such compensation due therefor under article three of The Workmen's Compensation Act of 1915 shall be paid out of the Fund Provided however that the report of such accident required by the act entitled "An Act requiring employers to make report to the Department of Labor and Industry of accidents to employes and prescribing a penalty for non-compliance therewith" approved the nineteenth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen shall be sufficient compliance with this section if such report be made within said period of seven days and shall state that the employer making the same is a subscriber to the Fund

Provided That nothing in this section shall discharge any employer from the duty of supplying the medical and surgical services medicines and supplies required by section three hundred and six of The Workmen's Compensation Act of 1915 And provided further That any subscriber who has supplied such services medicines and supplies shall be reimbursed therefor from the Fund

Section 21 In every case where a claim is made against the Fund the Fund shall be entitled to every defense against such claim that would have been open to the employer and shall be subrogated to every right of the employer arising out of such accident against the employe the dependents and against third persons the Fund may in the name of "The State Workmen's Insurance Fund" sue in any county of this Commonwealth or be sued in the Court of Common Pleas of Dauphin county to enforce any right given against or to any subscriber or other person under this act or The Workmen's Compensation Act of 1915 and the proceedings provided in article four of The Workmen's Compensation Act of 1915 may be instituted by or against the fund in the said name to enforce before the Board of Workmen's Compensation or any Referee thereof the rights given to or against the said Fund by The Workmen's Compensation Act of 1915

Section 22 Upon receipt of a notice or statement of knowledge of an accident to an employe of a subscriber occurring in the course of his employment the said Board shall if it deem necessary cause an investigation to be made by an inspector appointed by it or an inspector of the Department of Labor and Industry

Section 23 The Board is hereby empowered to execute the agreements provided in the Workmen's Compensation Act of 1915 and to appoint such agents and make such rules as they may deem necessary for this purpose When any such agreement has been approved by the Bureau the same shall be properly filed and docketed and the Board shall from time to time until such agreement shall be modified or terminated as provided in the Workmen's Compensation Act of 1915 issue such warrant or warrants as may be necessary to pay the sums therein agreed upon Such warrant or warrants shall be signed by a member of the said Board or an agent appointed by the said Board for this purpose and shall be mailed to the person or persons entitled thereto under such agreement When any award is made by the Board of Workmen's Compensation or by a Referee designated by the Bureau in any proceedings brought by an employe of a subscriber or the dependents of such employe against the said Fund such award shall be filed and docketed and the State Workmen's Insurance Board shall from time to time until such award is modified reversed or terminated issue such warrant or warrants as may be necessary to pay the sums therein lawfully awarded against the said Fund Such warrant or warrants shall be signed by a member of the State Workmen's Insurance Board or by an agent appointed by the Board for that purpose and shall be mailed to the person or persons entitled thereto under such award

The twenty-fourth section was read as follows:

Section 24 All payments to employes dependents of deceased employes physicians attorneys investigators and others entitled to be paid out of the Fund shall be made by the State Treasurer on a warrant of the Board as aforesaid But where periodical installments are required to be paid under article three of said Workmen's Compensation Act of 1915 a single warrant shall be sufficient to authorize such periodical payments But in the modification of any agreement or award or in accordance with the provisions of article four section four hundred and twenty-six of the Workmen's Compensation Act of 1915 upon review by the Court the Board shall issue a further warrant in accordance with such subsequent agreement or such modification and such warrant when issued shall supersede and cancel the previous warrant

On the question,
Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 24, line 8, by striking out the word "in" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "upon."

Amend section 24, line 9, by striking out after the word "award" the word "or."

Amend Section 24, line 11, by inserting after the figures "1915" the word "or."

On the question,
Will the House agree to the amendments?
They were agreed to.
On the question,
Will the House agree to the section as amended?
It was agreed to.

The twenty-fifth section was read as follows:

Section 25 Information acquired by the Fund its officers and employes from employers employes or insurance corporations or association shall not be open to public inspection

On the question,
Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 25, line 3, by striking out the word "association" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "associations."

On the question,
Will the House agree to the amendment
It was agreed to.
On the question,
Will the House agree to the section as amended?
It was agreed to.

Sections twenty-six, twenty-seven, twenty-eight and twenty-nine were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 26 The Board may with the approval of the Governor appoint a manager at a salary not to exceed seven thousand five hundred dollars an assistant manager at a salary not to exceed four thousand dollars an actuary at a salary not to exceed four thousand five hundred dollars and may with the approval of the Governor appoint at salaries fixed by the Board with the approval of the Governor such underwriters bookkeepers comptrollers auditors inspectors examiners medical advisers agents assistants and clerks as may be necessary for the proper administration of the Fund and the performance of the duties imposed upon the Board by the provisions of this act The Commissioner of Labor and Industry shall include in his annual report a full and complete statement of the administration of the said Fund

Section 27 The Attorney General shall ex-officio be the general counsel of the Board He shall appoint at an annual salary or salaries to be fixed by him not to exceed in the aggregate the sum of ten thousand dollars an attorney or attorneys who shall act as counsel for the Board

Section 28 The sum of three hundred thousand dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby appropriated for the expenses of the organization and administration of the said Fund

Section 29 This act shall take effect on July first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen

The title was read as follows:

An Act providing for the creation and administration of a State fund for the insurance of compensation for injuries to employes of subscribers thereto

On the question,
Will the House agree to the title?

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend title, line 3, by inserting after the word "thereto" the following: "declaring false oaths by the subscribers to be misdemeanors, and providing penalties for the violation thereof."

On the question,
Will the House agree to the amendment
It was agreed to.
On the question,
Will the House agree to the title as amended?
It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 932, entitled:

An Act regulating policies of insurance against liability arising under Article three of the act entitled "An Act entitled 'An Act defining the Liability of an employer to pay damages for injuries received by an employe in the course of employment establishing an elective schedule of compensation and regulation procedure for the determination of liability and compensation thereunder' approved the day of Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and fifteen providing for the regulation of premium rates therefor and providing penalties for the violation thereof"

The first and second sections were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That no policy of insurance against liability arising under Article three of the Workmen's Compensation Act of 1915 shall be made unless the same shall contain the agreement of the insurer that in the event of the failure of the insured promptly to pay any installment of compensation insured against the insurer will forthwith make such payments to the injured employe or the dependents of the deceased employe and that the obligations shall not be affected by any default of the insured after the accident in the payment of premiums or in the giving of any notices required by such policy or otherwise Such agreement shall be construed to be a direct promise to such injured employe and to such dependents enforceable by action brought in the name of such injured employe or in the name of such dependents

Section 2 No suit shall be maintained for the collection of premiums upon any such policy of insurance unless covenant is contained in said policy

The third section was read as follows:

Section 3 No policy of insurance against liability arising under said Article of said Act shall contain any limitation of the liability of the insurer to an amount less than that payable by the insured under said Article of said Act nor shall any such policy contain any limitation of the total liability of the insurer because of injuries to two or more persons in a single accident nor shall any action be maintained for the collection of premiums on any policy violating this section

On the question,
Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 3, line 4, by inserting after the word "insured" the words "on account of the risk insured against."

Amend section 3, line 8, by inserting after the word "section" the following: "but policies may be issued to employers insuring them against their liability under the said Article to any designated class or part of their employes or against any particular hazard to which their employes or any class or part thereof may be exposed."

On the question,
Will the House agree to the amendments?
They were agreed to.
On the question,
Will the House agree to the section as amended?
It was agreed to.

Sections four and five were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 4 The State Workmen's Insurance Fund and every insurance association and corporation which insures employers against liability for compensation under the Workmen's Compensation Act of 1915 shall

file with the Commissioner of Insurance its classification of risks and premiums together with basis rate and schedule or merit ratings if a system of schedule or merit rating be in use none of which shall take effect until the Commissioner of Insurance shall have approved the same as adequate for the risks to which they respectively apply The Commissioner of Insurance may withdraw his approval of any premium rate or schedule made by the State Workmen's Insurance Fund of any insurance corporation or association if in his judgment such premium rate or schedule is inadequate to provide the necessary reserves Such premium rates or system of schedule or merit rating shall take no account of any physical inpairment of employes or the extent to which employes have persons dependent upon them for support

On and after January first one thousand nine hundred and sixteen neither the State Workmen's Insurance Fund nor any insurance association or corporation may issue renew or carry beyond anniversary date any insurance for compensation under the Workmen's Compensation Act of 1915 at premium rates which are less than those approved by the Commissioner of Insurance for such carrier as adequate for the risks to which they respectively apply Provided however that if the Commissioner of Insurance shall have previously approved a system of schedule or merit rating filed with him by the State Workmen's Insurance Fund or any insurance association or corporation it may apply the same to risks subject thereto but any reduction from the basis rate filed with and approved by the Commissioner of Insurance on account of the application of such system of schedule or merit rating shall be clearly set forth in the insurance contracts or the endorsements attached thereto

The statistical and actuarial data compiled by the State Workmen's Insurance Fund shall at all times be available to the State Insurance Commissioner for his use in judging the adequacy or inadequacy of rates and schedules filed and it shall be the duty of the manager of the State Workmen's Insurance Fund to render all possible assistance to the State Insurance Department in carrying out the provisions of this act

The Commissioner of Insurance may require every insurance association or corporation which insures employers or employes under the Workmen's Compensation Act of 1915 to file with its annual statement a sworn report of its loss experience in such detail and form as may be prescribed by the Commissioner of Insurance

The Commissioner of Insurance shall have the power to suspend or revoke the license of any insurance association or corporation which violates any of the provisions of this act

Section 5 All acts and parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

The title was read as follows:

An Act regulating policies of insurance against liability arising under Article three of the act entitled "An Act entitled 'An Act defining the Liability of an employer to pay damages for injuries received by an employe in the course of employment establishing an elective schedule of compensation and regulation procedure for the determination of liability and compensation thereunder' Approved the day of Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and fifteen providing for the regulation of premium rates therefor and providing penalties for the violation thereof"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend title, line 2, by striking out "act entitled "An Act entitled 'An Act defining the liability of an employer to pay damages for injuries received by an employe in the course of employment establishing an elective scehdule of compensation and regulation procedure for the determination of liability and compensation thereunder' approved the day of Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and fifteen" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "Workmen's Compensation Act of 1915."

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the title as amended?

It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 933, entitled:

An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of employers' mutual liability insurance associations and for the licensing of foreign mutual liability insurance companies

The first, second, third, fourth, fifth, sixth and seventh sections were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That any twenty or more employers who have in the aggregate not less than five thousand employes in the State of Pennsylvania and who have accepted the provisions of article three of the Workmen's Compensation Act of 1915 may form an incorporated employers' mutual liability insurance association for the purpose of insuring themselves and such other employers as may become suscribers to the association against liability for the compensation payable under the terms of article three of said Act Provided however that in the case of associations engaged only in insurance of employers engaged in agriculture the minimum number of employers shall be two hundred and the minimum number of employes shall be five hundred

Section 2 The articles of association thereof shall state

(a) The name of the association

(b) The place of its principal office

(c) The duration of the association

(d) The name and address of its treasurer

Any name not in use by the existing association may be adopted but must clearly designate the object and purpose of the association

Section 3 The suscribers to said articles of agreement shall acknowledge the same before some person empowered to take acknowledgments of deeds and forward the same in duplicate to the Commissioner of Insurance who shall certify in duplicate to the Governor whether all of the requirements hereof have been complied with Whereupon the Governor shall in case he approves the application endorse his approval thereon in duplicate and cause letters patent to issue creating the subscribers and their associates a body corporate under the name designated in said articles but such associations shall not engage in business until the further provisions of this Act have been complied with

Section 4 Such associations shall not begin to issue policies until a list of the suscribers with the number of employes of each together with such other information as the Commissioner of Insurance may require shall have been filed at the Insurance Department nor until the president and secretary of the association shall have certified under oath that every subscription in the list so filed is genuine and made with an agreement of all the subscribers that they will take the policies subscribed for within thirty days of the granting of a license by the Commissioner of Insurance

Section 5 Upon the filing of the certificate provided for in the preceding section the Commissioner of Insurance shall make such investigation as he may deem proper and if his findings warrant it grant a license to the association to issue policies

Section 6 Charters under this act may be perputual or limited in time as the articles of agreement shall specify

Section 7 Such associations shall have the power to make by-laws for the government of its officers and the conduct of its affairs and the same to alter and amend and adopt a common seal

The eighth section was read as follows:

Section 8 The annual meeting for the election of directors shall be held at such time in the month of January as the by-laws of the association may direct Of the time and place of said meeting at least thirty days' previous written or printed notice shall be given to the subscribers or such notice may be given by publication not less than three times in at least two daily or weekly newspapers published in the city or county wherein the association has its principal office and in the legal periodical if any designated by the rules of court of the proper county for the publication of legal notices Subscribers who during the preceding calendar year have paid into the treasury of the association premiums amounting to more than one-half of the total premiums received by it during that year shall constitute a quorum At such annual meeting the subscribers shall elect by ballot from their own number not less than five directors a majority of whom shall be residents of this Commonwealth to serve for at least one year and until their successors are duly chosen Provided however that such association may provide in its by-laws for the division of its boards of directors into two three or four classes and for the election thereof at its annual meetings in such manner that the members of one class only shall retire and their successors be chosen each year Vacancies may be filled by election by the board until the next annual meeting in the choice of directors and in all meetings of the association each subscriber shall be entitled to one vote for every one hundred dollars or any fracton thereof paid by him in premiums into the treasury of the association during the preceding calendar year Subscribers may vote by proxy and the record of all votes shall be made by the secretary and shall show whether the same were cast in person or by proxy and shall be evidence of all such elections Not less than three directors shall constitute a quorum The directors shall annually choose by ballot a president who shall be a member of the board a secretary a treasurer who may also be either the president or secretary and such other officers as the by-laws may provide and they shall fix the salaries of the president and secretary as well as the salaries or compensation of such other officers and agents as the by-laws prescribe Vacancies in any office may be filled by the directors or by the subscribers as the by-laws shall prescribe

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 8, line 22, by striking out the word "boards" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "board."

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

Sections nine, ten, eleven, twelve, thirteen, fourteen, fifteen, sixteen, seventeen, eighteen, nineteen, twenty, twenty-one, twenty-two, twenty-three and twenty-four were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 9 Policies of Insurance issued by any such association may be made either with or without the seal thereof and they shall be signed by the president or such other officers as may be designated by the directors for that purpose and attested by the secretary

Section 10 If at any time the number of subscribers or the number of the subscribers' employes within the State falls below the minimum stated in section one hereof no further policies shall be issued until the total number of subscribers and the total number of employers whose employes within the State are not less than such minimums

Section 11 The board of directors shall be entitled to inspect the plant work-room shop farm or premises of any subscriber and for such purposes to appoint inspectors who shall have free access to all such premises during the regular working hours and the board of directors shall likewise from time to time be entitled to examine by their auditor or other agent the books records and payrolls of any subscriber for the purpose of determining the amount of premium chargable to such subscriber

The board of directors shall make reasonable rules and regulations for the prevention of injuries upon the premises of subscribers and they may refuse to insure or may terminate the insurance of any subscriber who refuses to permit such examination or disregards such rules or regulation and forfeit one-half of the unearned premiums previously paid by him but such termination of the insurance of any subscriber shall not release him from liability for the payment of assessments then or thereafter made by the board of directors to make up deficiencies existing at the termination of his insurance

Section 12 Every subscriber to such association shall be under a contingent mutual liability for the payment of losses and expenses in excess of the cash funds of the association to an amount equal to the premium paid by him during the current year

Section 13 The board of directors shall determine the amount of the premiums which the subscribers of the association shall pay for their insurance in accordance with the nature of the business in which such subscribers are engaged and the probable risk of injury to their employes under existing conditions and they shall fix premiums at such amounts as in their judgment subject to the approval of the Commissioner of Insurance shall be sufficient to enable the association to create and maintain the surplus provided in section fourteen of this act and to pay to its subscribers all sums which may become due and payable to their employes under the provisions of said article three of said Act and also the expenses of conducting the business of the association In fixing the premium payable by any subscriber the board of directors may take into account the condition of the plant work-room shop farm mines quarry operation and all other property or premises of such subscriber in respect to the safety of those employed therein as shown by the report of any inspector appointed by such board and they may from time to time change the amount of premiums payable by any of the subscribers as circumstances may require and the condition of the plant work-room shop farm mines quarry operation and all other property or premises of such subscriber in respect to the safety of their employes may justify and they may increase the premiums of any subscriber neglecting to provide safety devices required by law or disobeying the rules or regulations made by the Board of directors in accordance with the provisions of section eleven of this Act No policy of insurance issued to any subscriber shall be effective until he shall have paid in cash the premium so fixed and determined

Section 14 The board may set aside five per centum of all premiums collected for the creation of a surplus to cover the catastrophe hazard of all the subscribers to such fund and to guarantee the solvency of the fund

Section 15 If the associatiin be not possessed of cash funds over and above its unearned premiums on undetermined risks sufficient for the payment of incurred losses and expenses it shall make an assessment for the amount needed to pay such losses and expenses upon the subscribers liable to assessment therefor in proportion to their several liabilities

Section 16 The board of directors may from time to time fix and determine the amount to be paid as dividends upon policies expiring each year after retaining the unearned premiums upon undetermined risks and sufficient sums to pay all the compensation then payable or which may become payable on acount of injuries theretofore received by employes of the subscribers and to pay the expenses incurred in the operation of the business of the association and such percentage of the premiums as have been paid or are payable to creat and maintain the surplus provided in section fourteen

Section 17 The board of directors may divide the subscribers into groups in accordance with the nature of their business and the probable risks of injury therein In such cases they shall fix all premiums for each business in such groups and for the various classes of employments therein in accordance with the probable risks of injury to the employes in such business and in each class of employment therein and they shall make all assessments and determine and pay all dividends by and for each group in accordance with the experience thereof but all funds of the association and the contingent liability of all the subscribers shall be available for the payment of any claim against the association Provided however that (as between the association and its subscribers) until the whole of the contingent liability of the members of any group shall be exhausted the general funds of the association and the contingent liability of the members of other groups shall not be available for the payment of losses and expenses incurred by such group in excess of the earned premiums paid by the members thereof

Section 18 A statement of any propesed premium assessment dividend or distribution of subscribers into groups shall be filed with the Insurance Department and shall not take effect until approved by the Commissioner of Insurance

Section 19 If any officer of the association shall falsely make oath to any certificate required to be filled with the Commissioner of Insurance he shall be guilty of perjury

Section 20 Any subscriber of the association who has complied with all of its rules and regulations may withdraw therefrom by written notice to that effect sent by such subscriber by registered mail to the association and on such withdrawal shall become effective on the first day of the month immediately following the tenth day after the receipt of such notice but such withdrawal shall not release such subscriber from liability for the payment of assessments thereafter made by the Board of Directors to make up deficiencies existing at the date of his withdrawal and such subscriber shall be entitled to his share of any dividend earned at the date of his withdrawal

Section 21 If the Commissioner of Insurance shall find that more than fifty per centum of the contingent liability of all the subscribers is by quired to pay accured losses after charging against the funds in hand the unearned premiums on undetermined risks no further insurance shall be issued until the subscribers have made good such deficiency

Section 22 Such associations shall invest and keep invested all its funds of every description excepting such cash as may be required in the transaction of its business as follows

First In such real estate as it is authorized to hold by section twenty-three of this act

Second In bonds of the United States or the District of Columbia or of any state or territory of the United States

Third In the legally authorized bonds or notes of any city county township municipality school or water district of this Commonwealth or of any other state or territory of the United States or Canada

Fourth In the bonds of any solvent railroad or street railway corporation upon which no default in interest has been made

Fifth In loans upon improved and unincumbered real estate provided that no loan on such real estate shall exceed sixty-six and two-thirds per centum of the fair market value thereof at the time of making such loan

Section 23 No such association shall purchase hold or convey real estate for the purpose and in the manner herein set forth to wit

First Such as shall be requisite for its convenient accomodation in the transaction of its business

Second Such as shall have been mortgaged to it to secure loans previously contracted or for moneys due

Third Such as shall have been conveyed to it in satisfaction of debts

Fourth Such as shall have been purchased at sales upon judgment decrees or mortgages obtained or made for debts due the association or for debts due other persons where said associations may have liens or incumberances on the same

Any real estate purchased under the second third or forth paragraphs of this section which has been held for a period of more than five years from the date of its purchase shall be sold and disposed of within a period of six months after notice to the association from the Insurance Commission to sell and convey the same Provided however that the Commissioner may extend the time for such disposition if he believes the interest of the association will suffer materially by a forced sale

Section 24 A mutual liability insurance company of another State may be licensed to transact business in this State when it has surplus over all liabilities including unearned premiums of not less than one hundred thousand dollars ($100,000.00) upon compliance with such provisions of this Act and of the general laws of this Commonwealth as may be applicable thereto

The title was read as follows:

An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of employers' mutual liability insurance associations and for the licensing of foreign mutual liability insurance companies

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend title, line 3, by inserting after the word "companies" the following: "and declaring the false oaths of officers thereof to be perjury."

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the title as amended?

It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreeed to as amended.

Ordered To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 934, entitled:

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act defining the liability of an employer to pay damages for injuries received by an employe in the course of employment establishing an elective schedule of compensation and regulating procedure for the determination of liability and compensation thereunder" approved the day of Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and fifteen to exempt domestic servants and agricultural workers from the provisions thereof

The first section was separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority

of the same That nothing contained in any article or any section of an act entitled the Workmen's Compensation Act of 1915 shall apply to or in any way affect any person who at the time of injury is engaged in domestic service or agriculture

The title was read as follows:

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act defining the liability of an employer to pay damages for injuries received by an employe in the course of employment establishing an elective schedule of compensation and regulating procedure for the determination of liability and compensation thereunder" approved the day of Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and fifteen to exempt domestic servants and agricultural workers from the provisions thereof

On the question,
Will the House agree to the title?

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend title, line 1, by striking out the following: "An Act defining the liability of an employer to pay damages for injuries received by an employe in the course of employment establishing an elective schedule of compensation and regulating procedure for the determination of liability and compensation thereunder" approved the day of Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and fifteen" and inserting in lieu thereof: "The Workmen's Compensation Act of 1915"

On the question,
Will the House agree to the amendment?
It was agreed to.
On the question,
Will the House agree to the title as amended?
It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 935, entitled:

A Jont Resolution proposing an amendment to section twenty-one of article three of the Constitution of Pennsylvania

The first section was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met That the following amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania be and the same is hereby proposed in accordance with the eighteenth article thereof

Amend section twenty-one article three of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania which reads as follows

"No act of the General Assembly shall limit the amount to be recovered for injuries resulting in death or for injuries to persons or property and in case of death from such injuries the right of action shall survive and the General Assembly shall prescribe for whose benefit such action shall be prosecuted No act shall prescribe any limitations of time within which suits may brought against corporations for injuries to persons or property or for other causes different from those fixed by general laws regulating actions against natural persons and such acts now existing are avoided" so that it shall read as follows

The General Assembly may enact laws requiring the payment by employers or employers and employes jointly of reasonable compensation for injuries to employes arising in the course of their employment and for occupational diseases of employes whether or not such injuries or diseases result in death and regardless of fault of employer or employe and fixing the basis of ascertainment of such compensation and the maximum and minimum limits thereof and providing special or general remedies for the collection thereof but in no other cases shall the General Assembly limit the amount to be recovered for injuries resulting in death or for injuries to persons or property and in case of death from such injuries the right of action shall survive and the General Assembly shall prescribe for whose benefit such actions shall be prosecuted No act shall prescribe any limitations of time within which suits may be brought against corporations for injuries to persons or property or for other causes different from those fixed by general laws regulating actions against natural persons and such acts now existing are avoided

On the question,
Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 1, line 12, by striking out the word "action" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "actions."

On the question,
Will the House agree to the amendment?
It was agreed to.
On the question,
Will the House agree to the section as amended?
It was agreed to.
The title was read and agreed to as follows:

A Jont Resolution proposing an amendment to section twenty-one of article three of the Constitution of Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

RECONSIDERATION OF VOTE.

Mr. POWELL. Mr. Speaker, I move that the vote by which House Bill No. 543, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the ninth day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to provide for the appointment of deputy prothonotaries in counties of this Commonwealth having a population of more than two hundred and fifty thousand and less than a million and defining their qualifications powers and salary"

passed the House on final passage be reconsidered

Mr. GARNER. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.
The motion was agreed to.
Mr. POWELL. Mr. Speaker, I move that the vote by which House Bill No. 543, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the ninth day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to provide for the appointment of deputy prothonotaries in counties of this Commonwealth having a population of more than two hundred and fifty thousand and less than a million and defining their qualifications powers and salary"

passed on third reading be reconsidered.

Mr. HABGOOD. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.
The motion was agreed to.
Mr POWELL Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer an amendment to this bill at this time.
The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the amendment.
The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 1, line 24, by striking out the brackets before the word "learned" and after the word "law."

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to the insertion of the amendment as read? Is there any objection? The Chair hears none and the amendment is agreed to.

On the question,
Will the House agree to the bill on third reading as amended?
It was agreed to.
Ordered, That the bill lie over for printing.

BILLS INTRODUCED AND REFERRED.

By Mr. SPENCER. House Bill No. 1378.

An Act to prevent fraud and corruption in elections, primary, municipal, general and special; and providing penalties for the violation thereof.

Referred to the Committee on Elections.

By Mr. BROSIUS. House Bill No. 1379.

An Act providing for the purchase by the Commonwealth of certain lands owned by the A. Cook Sons Company at and near Cooksburg in the counties of Forest, Clarion and Jefferson, Pennsylvania, for a public park and forest reserve; providing an appropriation for said purchase, and providing for the appointment of a commission to take charge of said property; and defining the powers and authority of said commission, and the uses to which the property shall be put.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. WEST. House Bill No. 1380.

An Act to amend section five of an act entitled "An Act to protect the lives and limbs of miners from the dangers resulting from incompetent miners working in the anthracite coal mines of this Commonwealth and to provide for an examination of persons seeking employment as miners in the anthracite region and to prevent the employment of incompetent persons as miners in anthracite coal mines, and providing penalties for violation of the same," approved the 15th day of July, A. D. 1897.

Referred to the Committee on Mines and Mining.

By Mr. KUHN. House Bill No. 1381.

An Act to amend section twelve of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the more effectual protection of the public health in the several municipalities of this Commonwealth," approved the eighteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five providing that all principals or other persons in charge of schools are hereby required to refuse admission of any child to the school or schools under their charge or supervision except upon a certificate signed by a physician legally qualified to practice medicine setting forth that such child has been successfully vaccinated or that it has previously had smallpox whenever and for a period of twenty-one days after the health authorities of the city borough township or municipality within which such school or schools are located or the State Commissioner of Health shall have given written or printed notice to the said principals or other persons in charge of schools as aforesaid that smallpox (variola or varioloid) exists within dangerous proximity to such school or schools said notice to contain the name and location of the person or persons afflicted with the disease and said notice to be renewable so long as smallpox (variola or varioloid) continues to exist within dangerous proximity to such school or schools and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent with this act.

Referred to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

By Mr. HOWARTH. (By request). House Bill No. 1382.

An Act to repeal an act approved the twentieth day of April, one thousand nine hundred five, entitled "An Act to provide for the repair and maintenance or improvement by the proper county, city or borough, of turnpikes heretofore or hereafter appropriated or condemned, or any part thereof, for public use free of tolls," and a supplement to said act, approved the twenty-fifth day of April, one thousand nine hundred seven, entitled "An act to amend the first section of an act entitled 'An Act to provide for the repair and maintenance or improvement by the proper county, city or borough, of turnpikes heretofore or hereafter appropriated or condemned, or any part thereof, for public use free of tolls,' approved the twentieth day of April, one thousand nine hundred and five; providing for the repair and maintenance or improvement by the proper county city or borough of turnpikes heretofore or hereafter abandoned, or any part thereof, and for the repair, maintenance, or improvement of any turnpike, or part thereof, where the company or assiciation owning the same has been or may hereafter be dissolved."

Referred to the Committee on Public Roads.

By Mr. PHILLIPS. House Bill No. 1383.

A supplement to an act approved the twentieth day of April one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, entitled "An Act to regulate the manner of increasing the indebtedness of municipalities to provide for the redemption of the same and to impose penalties for the illegal increase thereof."

Referred to the Committee on Elections.

By Mr. HAMILTON. House Bill No. 1384.

An Act making an appropriation to the Carmen Sylva Undenominational Industrial Society, at Pittsburgh, Allegheny County, Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. WAGNER. House Bill No. 1385.

An Act to validate acts done by corporations before the recording of their charter.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

By Mr. ALEXANDER. House Bill No. 1386.

An Act relating to roads in townships abutting on navigable lakes forming boundaries of the Commonwealth and providing for an equitable distribution of the road funds therein.

Referred to the Committee on Public Roads.

By Mr. ALEXANDER. House Bill No. 1387.

An Act to provide funds for the Department of city planning in cities of the third class, conferring upon said Department the power of veto upon certain city ordinances, regulating the manner in which vacancies in said department shall be filled, conferring powers upon the said department in regard to mausoleums, cemeteries, burying grounds, plots and drafts of land, and building lines, and also imposing certain duties upon city councils in its relationship to said Department.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

By Mr WALTER. House Bill No. 1388.

An Act validating certain elections held for the purpose of increasing the indebtedness of counties, cities, boroughs, townships, school districts, and other incorporated districts, and validating certain bonds issued or authorized to be issued in pursuance of such elections.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

By Mr. WALTER. House Bill No. 1389.

An Act providing for the registration of students at law with the State Board of Law Examiners, fixing the time when students may take the final examination and the fees for registration and for final examination.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

By Mr. PHILLIPS. House Bill No. 1390.

A supplement to an act approved the twentieth day of April one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, entitled "An Act to regulate the manner of increasing the indebtedness of municipalities to provide for the redemption of the same and to impose penalties of the illegal increase thereof."

Referred to the Committee on Elections.

By Mr. McCURDY. House Bill No. 1391.

An Act regulating corporations furnishing electricity for light, heat or power purposes and imposing penalties.

Referred to the Committee on Corporations.

By Mr. GIBSON. House Bill No. 1392.

A supplement to an act approved the twenty-second day of July, one thousand nine hundred and thirteen, entitled "An Act relating to roads; providing for the supervision, construction, maintenance, and repair of township roads; relating to road tax; and providing penalties for the violation thereof."

Referred to the Committee on Public Roads.

By Mr. GIBSON. House Bill No. 1393.

An Act to amend an act approved the thirty-fifirst day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act providing for the establishment of a State Highway Department, by the appointment of a State Highway Commissioner, two deputy State highway commissioners, chief engineer, chief draftsman, superintendents of highways, and a staff of assistants and employes; defining their duties and the jurisdiction of the State Highway Department, and fixing salaries of commissioner and deputies and other appointees: providing for taking over from the counties or townships of the Commonwealth certain existing public roads connecting county seats, principal cities and towns, and extending to the State line; describing and defining same by route numbers as the State Highways of the Commonwealth; providing for the improvement, maintenance, and repair of said State highways solely at the expense of the Commonwealth, and relieving the several townships or counties from any further obligation and expense to improve or maintain the same, and relieving said townships or counties of authority over same; requiring boroughs and incorporated towns to maintain certain State highways wholly and in part; requiring the State Highway Commissioner to make maps to be complete records thereof; conferring authority on the State Highway Commissioner; providing for the payment of damages in taking of property, or otherwise, in the improvement thereof; providing for purchase or acquiring of turnpikes or toll roads forming all or part of any State highway and procedure therein; providing for work of improvement of State Highways to be done by contract, except where the State Highway Commissioner decides the work to be done by the State; providing aid by the State to counties and townships desiring the same in the improvement of township or county roads; defining highways and State aid highways; providing method of application for State aid in the improvement, maintenance, and repair of township or county roads, and prescribing the contents of township, county, borough or incorporated town. petitions; providing for percentage of cost of improvement or repairs to be paid by State, county, township, borough, or incorporated town, and requiring contracts by counties, townships, boroughs, and incorporated towns with Commonwealth governing same; providing for the minimum width of State highways and State aid highways, and kind of materials to be used in the improvement; providing for payment of cost of improvement and repairs; providing penalties for injuring or destroying State highways; making appropriations to carry out the provisions of this act; and providing for the repeal of certain acts relating to highway department and improvement of roads, and of all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith; and providing that existing contracts are not affected by provisions of this act."

Referred to the Committee on Public Roads.

By Mr. GIBSON. House Bill No. 1394.

A supplement to an act approved the thirty-first day of May, one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act providing for the establishment of a State Highway Department, by the appointment of a State Highway Commissioner, two deputy State highway commissioners, chief engineer, chief draftsman, superintendents of highways, and a staff of assistants and employes; defining their duties and the jurisdiction of the State Highway Department, and fixing salaries of commissioners and deputies and other appointees: providing for taking over from the counties or townships of the Commonwealth certain existing public roads connecting county seats, principal cities and towns, and extending to the State line; describing and defining same by route numbers as the State Highways of the Commonwealth; providing for the improvement, maintenance, and repair of said State highways solely at the expense of the Commonwealth, and relieving the several townships or counties from any further obligation and expense to improve or maintain the same, and relieving said townships or counties of authority over same; requiring boroughs and incorporated towns to maintain certain State highways wholly and in part; requiring the State Highway Commissioner to make maps to be complete records thereof; conferring authority on the State Highway Commissioner; providing for the payment of damages in taking of property, or otherwise, in the improvement thereof; providing for purchase or acquiring of turnpikes or toll roads forming all or part of any State highway and procedure therein; providing for work of improvement of State Highways to be done by contract, except where the State Highway Commissioner decides the work to be done by the State; providing aid by the State to counties and townships desiring the same in the improvement of township or county roads; defining highways and State aid highways; providing method of application for State aid in the improvement, maintenance, and repair of township or county roads, and prescribing the contents of township, county, borough or incorporated town. petitions; providing for percentage of cost of improvement or repairs to be paid by State, county, township, borough, or incorporated town, and requiring contracts by counties, townships, boroughs, and incorporated towns with Commonwealth governing same; providing for the minimum width of State highways and State aid highways, and kind of materials to be used in the improvement; providing for payment of cost of improvement and repairs; providing penalties for injuring or destroying State highways; making appropriations to carry out the provisions of the act: and providing for the repeal of certain acts relating to highway department and improvement of roads, and of all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith; and providing that existing contracts are not affected by provisions of this act."

Referred to the Committee on Public Roads.

By Mr. McCAIG. House Bill No. 1395.

An Act establishing the office of Fire Marshal of all counties having a population of not less than 1,000,000 and not over 1,500,000 defining his powers and duties; providing for his compensation, and the maintenance of his office; giving courts the power to punish witnesses for contempt of his authority, and to review his orders; and making it the duty of officers of public instruction and persons in charge of public or private schools to instruct children as to the dangers of fire and the prevention of fire waste.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Mr. MAURER. House Bill No. 1396.

An Act to provide for the assessment of a State Income Tax upon all persons within this Commonwealth having an income of more than two thousand dollars per annum, the periodic registration of such persons, providing for the collection, custody, application and expenditure of the fund to be realized from such State Income Tax, establishing an inspection system and fixing penalties for the violation of this act.

Referred to the Committee on Labor and Industry.

By Mr. FINNERTY. House Bill No. 1404.

An Act validating municipal liens filed by boroughs for paving and curbing the public highways thereof.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

By Mr. FINNERTY. House Bill No. 1405.

An Act amending the second section of an Act of Assembly entitled "An Act relative to Verdicts and Judgments in Ejectment, and to regulate the procedure in such cases," approved May 8th, A. D. 1901, by providing that the Court may enter judgment on the pleading in favor of the party appearing to be entitled thereto, or, for the plaintiff in default of an answer for the defendant.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

By Mr. LAFFERTY. House Bill No. 1406.

An Act requiring magistrates, upon a preliminary hearing of persons charged with certain crimes and misdemeanors, to hear the accused and persons on behalf of the accused.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. LAFFERTY. House Bill No. 1407.

An Act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act relating to the competency of witnesses, and to the rules of evidence in civil and criminal cases, revising, declaring and consolidating some of the existing acts and rules of law upon these subjects, and also extending some of the provisions of the same," approved the twenty-third day of May, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven, so as to make competent witnesses for the defendant upon a preliminary hearing before a magistrate.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. STERN. House Bill No. 1408.

An Act providing for the installation and maintenance of safety devices of fenders upon motor vehicles; regulating the use thereof, and prescribing the penalties for violations of the provisions of the same.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. DUNN. House Bill No. 1409.

An Act relating to and regulating places of amusement including the issue and sale of tickets thereto and providing penalties.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. VICKERMAN. House Bill No. 1410.

An Act requiring county treasurers to receive and collect all taxes payable to the county; fixing the time when such taxes shall be paid and providing a penalty for non-payment; authorizing the employment of persons to collect delinquent taxes; providing for exoneration for unpaid taxes and conferring upon county treasurers power to enforce collection and abolishing the office of collector of unpaid county taxes.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

By Mr. SWARTZ. House Bill No. 1411.

An Act creating in the Department of Internal Affairs of Pennsylvania a Bureau of Building and Loan Associations, defining the organization, powers and duties thereof, providing for the examination and supervision of Mutual Savings Funds or Building and Loan Associations, levying a tax upon such associations for defraying the expenses of said Bureau and providing for the collection thereof, and providing for the re-organization or winding up of the business of domestic Mutual Savings Fund or Building and Loan Associations in cases of insolvency.

Referred to the Committee on Banks and Banking.

By Mr. RAMSEY. House Bill No. 1412.

An Act legalizing the killing of foxes.

Referred to the Committee on Game.

By Mr. HUBLER. House Bill No. 1413.

An Act relating to municipal improvements and the collecting of assessments therefor.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

By Mr. WYLIE. House Bill No. 1414

An Act to create a Civil Service Commission and to regulate the employment, promotion and discharge of certain county employes in counties having a population of over 800,000 and less than 1,500,000 inhabitants, and making a violation of the provisions thereof a misdemeanor, punishable by fine or imprisonment.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. WALSH. House Bill No. 1415.

An Act to safeguard human life and health throughout the Commonwealth by providing for the reporting, quarantining and control of certain communicable diseases, and for the prevention of infection therefrom, and prescribing penalties for violation of the act.

Referred to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

By Mr. ARON. House Bill No. 1416.

An Act regulating the method of installment payments on conditional sales or on bailments with right to purchase regulating the issuing of writs of repelvin therefor and prohibiting a waiver of the provisions of this act.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

By Mr. LAFFERTY. House Bill No. 1417.

An Act to provide for the selection of a site and the erection of buildings for a State Hospital for the Insane, to be erected east of the Allegheny mountains, and to be known as the Eastern State Hospital for the Insane; providing for the management of the same, and making an appropriation for the purchase of said site and the preparation of plans for the construction of buildings for the said hospital.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr LAFFERTY. House Bill No. 1418.

An Act to provide for the selection of a site and the erection of buildings for a State Hospital for the Insane, to be erected west of the Allegheny mountains, and to be known as the Western State Hospital for the Insane; providing for the management of the same, and making an appropriation for the purchase of said site and the preparation of plans for the construction of buildings for the said hospital.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. E. E. JONES. House Bill No. 1419.

An Act to fix the number and salaries of clerks and employes in the State Treasury.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

By Mr. LINDSEY. House Bill No. 1420.

An Act making an additional appropriation to the Commission for a State Industrial Home for Women, erected by an act of Assembly, approved the 25th day of July, 1913, P. L. 1311.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. WOOD. (By request). House Bill No. 1421.

An Act providing for the removal to and return from hospitals for the insane of persons committed to county jails or prisons and awaiting trial, charged with criminal offences not amounting to felony, which persons are found to be insane, and further providing for the payment of the expense of such removal and return, and for the cost of the maintenance and care of such persons in such hospitals.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

By Mr. WALTON. House Bill No. 1422.

An Act to amend the first section of an act entitled "An Act to amend the first and second sections of an act entitled 'An Act providing for the regulation of the manufacture and sale of distilled and fermented vinegars; prescribing their standard to prevent the adulteration of the same; providing for the enforcement thereof, and punishment for the violation of the same,' approved the eighteenth day of June, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven," so as to provide that vinegar made wholly from grapes, apples or other fruits, shall not be required to contain an acidity of four per centum;" approved the twenty-first day of May, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred one, so as to provide that pure cider vinegar containing an acidity of more than four per centum may be diluted with pure water so as to contain an acidity of not less than four per centum.

Referred to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

By Mr. OSTRANDER. House Bill No. 1423.

An Act to provide for the immediate registration of all births and deaths throughout the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania by means of certificates of births and deaths, and burial or removal permits: requiring prompt returns to the Central Bureau of Vital Statistics, as required to be established by the State Department of Health, and in order to secure prompt and faithful registration of births, marriages, deaths and diseases, of practitioners of medicine and surgery, of midwives, nurses and undertakers, and of all persons whose occupation is deemed to be of importance in obtaining complete registration of births, deaths, marriages and diseases throughout the State, as provided in section ten of an act entitled "An Act creating the Department of Health and defining its powers and duties," approved the twenty-seventh day of April, nineteen hundred and five; and providing penalties for violations of this act.

Referred to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

By Mr. BERNTHEIZEL. House Bill No. 1424.

An Act authorizing Christian Gerz, administrator of the estate of Alexander Gerz, late of the City of Lancaster, county of Lancaster, deceased, to sue the Commonwealth.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

By Mr. BERNTHEIZEL. House Bill No. 1425.

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to section eight, article nine of the Constitution of Pennsylvania.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

By Mr. WILDMAN. House Bill No. 1426.

An Act fixing the responsibility in certain cases where two vehciles collide on a public highway.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

By Mr. WALSH. House Bill No. 1427.

An Act to prohibit fishing with any device whatsoever in water of this Commonwealth, including tidal streams and boundary waters, and from the shores of this Commonwealth on the first day of the week commonly called Sunday, and to provide penalties for the violation of its provisions and empower any fish warden, deputy warden, sheriff, deputy sheriff, constable, or any special officer, or any peace officer, in this Commonwealth to make arrests for violation of this act.

Referred to the Committee on Fisheries.

By Mr. MEARKLE. House Bill No. 1428.

An Act repealing part of section fifteen of an act entitled "An Act relating to Allegheny County," approved May first one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one in so far as the same relates to the salary of the chief clerk of the Controller; also repealing sections eleven and thirteen of an act entitled "A supplement to an act approved the first May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one, entitled an act relating to Allegheny County," passed April eighth, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-two; also repealing section two of an act entitled "A further supplement to an act entitled an act relating to Allegheny County," approved the first day of May, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one and the supplement thereto, approved the eighth day of April, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-two, passed April twenty-second, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three; also repealing section one of an act entitled "An Act relating to Allegheny County," approved May seventh one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four; also repealing an act entitled "An Act to increase the salary of assistant warden of the Allegheny County prison," approved April sixteenth, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six; also repealing section three of an act entitled "A further supplement to an act entitled "An Act for the better management of the Allegheny County prison, approved twenty-third of March one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five," passed April fifteenth one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven; also repealing an act entitled 'An Act to increase the salary of the clerk to the County Commissioners in and for the county of Allegheny," approved April eighth one thousand eight hundred and seventy-seven; also repealing an act entitled "A further supplement to an act entitled "An Act relating to Allegheny County, approved the eighth day of May, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one," passed April eighteenth one thousand eight hundred and seventy; also repealing section nine of an act entitled "An Act relating to the fees, salaries and duties of certain county officers in Allegheny County," approved April sixth one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one; also repealing an act entitled "An Act increasing the salaries of the chief and assistant clerks in the office of the Controller of Allegheny County," approved April first one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

SENATE MESSAGE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced presented for concurrence bills numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

Senate Bill No. 375 (House Bill No. 1397).

An Act relative to the deposit of county funds by the county treasurer in banks in certain counties.

Referred to the Committee on Banks and Banking.

Senate Bill No. 22 (House Bill No. 1398).

An Act to provide for the appointment of a coroners physician in counties having a population of more than one hundred and fifty thousand and less than eight hundred thousand defining his qualifications duties and salary.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Senate Bill No. 274 (House Bill No. 1399).

An Act to provide for the payment of costs of suit in cases of summary proceedings or convictions had before magistrates aldermen or justices of the peace for the violation of any act of assembly of this Commonwealth.

Referred to the Committee on Public Roads.

Senate Bill No. 373 (House Bill No. 1400).

An Act to repeal sections one and two of an act approved the twenty-fourth day of April one thousand nine hundred one entitled "An Act to encourage the use of wide tires upon wagons upon the public highways of this Common- and providing penalties for its violation."

Referred to the Committee on Public Roads.

Senate Bill No. 492 (House Bill No. 1401).

An Act validating certain divorces.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Senate Bill No. 550 (House Bill No. 1402).

A supplement to an act approved the twenty-eighth day of April one thousand nine hundred and three entitled "An Act for the annexation of any city borough township or part of a township to a contiguous city and providing for the

indebtedness of the same" by providing that any city heretofore or hereafter enlarged by any annexation under the terms of said act shall be liable for and shall pay the indebtedness of such city and the territory so annexed and providing for the levying of a uniform tax upon all the territory included within such city as enlarged by such annexation for the payment of all such indebtedness.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

Senate Bill No. 551 (House Bill No. 1403).

A supplement to an act approved the seventh day of February one thousand nine hundred and six entitled "An Act to enable cities that are now or may hereafter be contiguous or in close proximity to be united with any intervening land other than boroughs in one municipality providing for the consequences of such consolidation the temporary government of the consolidated city payment of the indebtedness of each of the united territories and the enforcement of debts and claims due to or from each" by providing that the indebtedness of each city and intervening land heretofore or hereafter united or consolidated under the provisions of said act shall be paid by the consolidated city and for the levying of a uniform tax upon all the territory included within the consolidated city for the payment of the same.

Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

Senate Bill No. 319 (House Bill No. 1429).

An Act to regulate the taking of private property for municipal or public purposes and relating to the plotting of streets avenues parkways and parks upon the public plan of any city borough or township and the establishment of grades therefor.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Senate Bill No. 8 (House Bill No. 1430).

An Act supplementary to an act entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation regulation and government of cities of the third class regulating nomination and election of municipal officers therein and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto" approved the twenty-seventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen providing for and enacting initiative and referendum provisions with reference to ordinances and the holding of elections relative thereto.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Senate Bill No. 52 (House Bill No. 1431).

An Act relating to the sale of goods

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Senate Bill No. 125 (House Bill No. 1432).

An Act amending and supplementing sections one and two of an act entitled "An Act for the promotion of medical science by the distribution and use of unclaimed human bodies for scientific purposes through a board created for that purpose to prevent unauthorized uses and traffic in human bodies" approved June thirteenth one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three by providing that the name of said board of distribution shall be Anatomical Board of the State of Pennsylvania by extending its provisions to all persons having charge or control over bodies required to be buried at public expense by requiring immediate notice of the death of any person required to be buried at the public expense by requiring notice in all cases but providing that there shall not be delivered to the board created under the act the bodies of deceased indigent persons where claimed by relatives within twenty-four hours after death for interment at the expense of the claimant or the bodies of honorably discharged soldiers sailors or marines who have served the United States in any war or who were in active service in the militia of the State of Pennsylvania under and in pursuance of any of the proclamations issued by the Governor during the Civil War and not duly mustered into the service of the United States by repealing the provisions as to deceased indigent travelers by providing for the burpial at the expense of the county of indigent persons unfit for anatomical purposes upon the certificate of the board or its duly authorized officer or agent that such bodies are unfit for anatomical purposes or are the bodies of soldiers sailors or marines required to be buried at the public expense and that the provisions of this act have been complied with by providing that no warrants for payment of expenses of burial shall be drawn or paid except upon such certificate by providing for the burial of bodies rendered unfit for anatomical purposes by the failure to comply with the provisions of this act at the expense of the person failing to comply with its provisions.

Referred to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

Senate Bill No. 169 (House Bill No. 1433).

An Act for the protection of the public health by providing that persons firms or corporations who are operating or conducting hotels restaurants dining cars or other public eating places in this Commonwealth shall not employ or keep in their employ as cooks waiters kitchen help chambermaids or other house servants any person or persons who are suffering from trachoma active tuberculosis of the lungs open skin tuberculosis syphilis gonorrhea open external cancer or barber itch or who are carriers of typhoid fever and further providing that no dishes receptacles or utensils used in eating or drinking shall be furnished to patrons or customers or any such public eating place unless the same have been thoroughly cleansed since used by another individual and further providing that no towels shall be furnished in any wash room in connection with any such public eating place unless such towels be laundered or discarded after each individual use and further providing that no common drinking cups shall be furnished at any public drinking place operated in connection with any such public eating place and providing penalties for violations of the provisions of this act.

Referred to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

Senate Bill No. 199 (House Bill No. 1434).

An Act to amend sections two three and six of an act entitled "An Act defining mattresses regulating the making remaking and sale thereof prohibiting the use of unsanitary and unhealthy materials therein requiring that the materials used shall be accurately described and prescribing the manner in which mattresses shall be labeled providing for the enforcement of the provisions of this act making certain acts criminal and punishing the same imposing certain duties upon the Commissioner of Health and the Chief Factory Inspector and repealing legislation inconsistent with this act" approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen so as to apply to leasing as well as sale require second hand mattresses to be sterilized and labelled and more specifically regulate the making remaking renovating selling and leasing of mattresses.

Referred to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

Senate Bill No. 208 (House Bill No. 1435).

An Act to provide for the payment of moneys appropriated for the care treatment and maintenance of the indigent insane criminals insane feeble minded epileptic sick or injured and all other persons who are wards of the State and the issuing of warrants by the Auditor General on the State Treasurer to the Board of Trustees directors or managers of insane institutions hospitals asylums homes training schools penal institutions reformitories and all such other institutions owned controlled and operated in part or in whole by the State wherein such persons or wards of the State may be confined.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriation.

Senate Bill No. 318 (House Bill 1436).

An Act relative to passenger elevators in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and providing a penalty for violation thereof.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

Senate Bill No. 458 (House Bill No. 1437).

An Act to amend an act approved the fourteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred and three entitled "An Act for the creation and government of a division of the State Library for the preservation of public records" by establishing the office of supervisor of public records with general supervision over the care and custody and condition of public records of the several counties cities and boroughs of this Commonwealth.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Senate Bill No. 461 (House Bill No. 1438).

A Joint Resolution extending the time for the making of the report by the engineer's commission and providing for the printing and distribution of the report.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Senate Bill No. 462 (House Bill No. 1439).

An Act to amend the third section of an act entitled "An Act authorizing the merger and consolidation of certain corporations" approved the third day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine.

Referred to the Committee on Corporations.

Senate Bill No. 463 (House Bill No. 1440).

An Act to amend section three of an act approved the fourteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight

hundred seventy-four entitled "An further supplement to an act relative to suits in dower and partition approved the twentieth day of February Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-four and its supplement approved the thirtieth day of March Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-nine construing said act and extending jurisdiction of the courts therein" by extending the provisions thereof to include persons having an undivided interest in the land or in the coal or timber thereon when the same has not been entirely severed and permitting such persons to compel partition of the entire tract.

Referred to the Committee on Corporations.

Senate Bill No. 530 (House Bill No. 1441).

An Act to amend sections seven and eleven of an act entitled "An Act to regulate the nomination and election of public officers requiring certain expenses incident thereto to be paid by the several counties and punishing certain offenses in regard to such elections" approved the tenth day of June one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three.

Referred to the Committee on Elections.

Senate Bill No. 533 (House Bill No. 1442).

An Act to amend sections fifteen and eighteen of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the personal registration of electors and their enrollment as members of political parties in cities of the first and second classes of this Commonwealth to make such registration a condition of the right to vote in such cities and their said enrollment as members of a political party a condition of the right to vote at primaries in said cities and providing for the payment of witness fees for persons summoned before the commissioner to provide penalties for violations of its provisions and to repeal acts inconsistent herewith" approved the twenty-fourth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen.

Referred to the Committee on Elections.

Senate Bill No. 534 (House Bill No. 1443).

An Act to amend section six of an act entilted "An Act to provide for the personal registration of electors and their enrollment as members of political parties in cities of the first and second classes of this Commonwealth to make such registration a condition of the right to vote in such cities and their said enrollment as members of a political party a condition of the right to vote at primaries in said cities and providing for the payment of witness fees for person summoned before the commissioners to provide penalties for violations of its provisions and to repeal acts inconsistent herewith" approved the twenty-fourth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen.

Referred to the Committee on Elections.

Senate Bill No. 539 (House Bill No. 1444).

An Act repealing section three of an act entilted "An Act to regulate the nomination and election of public officers requiring certain expenses incident thereto to be paid by the several counties and punishing certain offenses in regard to such elections" approved the tenth day of June one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three as amended by an act approved the ninth day of July one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven.

Referred to the Committee on Elections.

Senate Bill No. 540 (House Bill No. 1445).

An Act to amend section five of an act entitled "An Act regulating certain political parties providing for and regulating the nomination of candidates of such political parties for certain public offices the election of delegates and alternate delegates to National party conventions and of certain party officers including State committeemen a method whereby electors of such political parties may express their choice of candidates for the office of President of the United States and the payment by the several counties and their reimbursement by the State of the expenses of the same authorizing the State committee of a political party to make and to alter amend and revoke rules and providing penalties for the violation of the provisions of this act and for the punishment of certain offenses provided for herein and repealing inconsistent legislation" approved the twelfth day of July Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen.

Referred to the Committee on Elections.

Senate Bill No. 477 (House Bill No. 1446).

A Supplement to an act approved the eighteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred fifty-three entitled "An Act relating to the sale and conveyance of real estate."

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Senate Bill No. 612 (House Bill No. 1447).

An Act to validate bonds of any school district in this Commonwealth and the indebtedness represented by said bonds heretofore issued since the eighteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven when such indebtedness or increase or indebtedness was not incurred and such bonds were not issued at the time of assessing and levying the annual school taxes.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

Senate Bill No. 631 (House Bill No. 1448).

An Act to provide for the creation of bodies of electors of political parties not otherwise entitled under the law to participate in primaries and elections and giving such parties the right to participate in primaries and elections providing the manner in which such parties may be created providing the manner in which such parties may have the exclusive right to use certain designated names for their parties or policies providing method of objecting to petitions filed for the purpose of obtaining such exclusive right to use a party name under which to participate in primaries and elections providing for the enrollment of qualified electors so as to entitle them to vote the ballot of such parties at primaries providing for the designation of a person upon whom shall be served notice of objection to such petition or other notices required by law to be served upon such parties and who shall serve such notices as are required to be made or filed by such parties under the law in the matter of the nomination of candidates providing for the payment of costs incident to holding such primaries providing penalties for violations of the provisions of this act and the punishment for certain offenses hereunder and providing for the repeal of inconsistent legislation.

Referred to the Committee on Elections.

Senate Bill No. 627 (House Bill No. 1449).

An Act to amend sections one two and eight of an act entitled "An Act regulating certain political parties providing for and regulating the nomination of candidates of such political parties for certain public offices the election of delegates and alternate delegates to National party conventions and of certain party officers including State committeemen a method whereby electors of such political parties may express their choice of candidates for the office of President of the United States and the payment by the several counties and their reimbursement by the State of the expenses of the same authorizing the State committee of a political party to make and to alter amend and revoke rules and provding penalties for the violation of the provisions of this act and for the punishment of certain offenses provided for herein and repealing inconsistent legislation" approved the twelfth day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen.

Referred to the Committee on Elections.

Senate Bill No. 639 (House Bill No. 1450).

An Act to amend an act approved the eleventh day of May one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An Act to provide for the appointment of county and city inspectors of weights and measures providing for their compensation and expenses prescribing their duties prohibiting vendors from giving false or insufficient weights and fixing the penalties for the violation of the provisions hereof" as amended by granting supervision over the inspectors to the Bureau of Standards and providing clerical help incident thereto.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

Senate Bill No. 644 (House Bill No 1451).

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to create a Legislative Reference Bureau in the Pennsylvania State Library authorizing the appointment of a Reference Director and subordinate officers defining their duties and fixing their compensation" approved the twenty-seventh day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine (Pamphlet Laws of Pennsylvania one thousand nine hundred and nine page two hundred and eight) as amended by an act entitled "An Act amending the second third fourth and seventh sections of an act approved the twenty-seventh day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled "An Act to create a Legislative Reference Bureau in the Pennsylvania State Library authorizing the appointment of a reference director and subordinate officers defining their duties and fixing their compensation' by providing for additional permanent and emergency employes in the bureau and fixing their salaries increasing the salaries of the director and assistant director and increasing the powers and duties of the director" approved the twenty-first day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven (Pamphlet Laws of Pennsylvania one thousand nine hundred and eleven page seventy-six.)

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Senate Bill No. 668 (House Bill No. 1452).

An Act establishing in counties of a population of from two hundred thousand inhabitants to three hundred and twenty-five thousand inhabitants a board for the assessment and revision of taxes pre-

scribing their powers duties and salaries and abolishing the office of city borough township and ward assessors.

Referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

Senate Bill No. 694 (House Bill No. 1453).

An Act amending sections one two twelve thirteen fourteen fifteen sixteen twenty twenty-one twenty-two twenty-four twenty-six and twenty-seven of an act entitled "An Act providing for the location construction operation and maintenance by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania of a canal or waterway from the junction of the Ohio and Beaver rivers in Pennsylvania to Lake Erie at or near the mouth of Indian Creek in the State of Ohio with all appurtenances necessary or convenient for the purpose and for the utilization of the water power developed or created in the construction and operation thereof providing for the payment of the cost of construction of said canal or waterway and appurtenances out of funds to be contributed by certain counties in the States of Pennsylvania Ohio and West Virginia or any of them and by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and other public authorities providing for the creation of a canal board to have charge of said work prescribing and defining the powers and duties of said board and the conditions under which the said work shall be carried on providing for the payment of damages sustained by reason of the appropriation of property and rights in the exercise of the right of eminent domain herein conferred providing for the reimbursement in the manner provided in this act of said counties contributing to the payment of the cost of constructing said canal or waterway and appurtenances imposing certain duties upon the Auditor-Genreal and State Treasurer authorizing the said canal board to make certain rules and regulations for the use of said canal and making violations thereof misdemeanors and providing penalties therefore and making an appropriation for carrying out certain provisions of this act" approved the twenty-seventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen by making provision among other things for the following providing for a change of depth of the canal or waterway an alternative route and branch canals regulating the utilization of surplus water authorizing the Canal Board to make deviations in certain cases from the route of said canal or waterway as located by it regulating the number of members of which the Canal Board may consist and defining their duties and powers in certain respects regulating and limiting the tolls and charges to be collected for the use of the canal or waterway and defining the rights of the public in the use of said canal or waterway providing for the utilization of surplus water directing that certain of the public authorities contributing to the cost of constructing said canal or waterway and appurtenances be reimbursed out of the surplus revenues of said canal or waterway in the manner herein set forth providing a method for receiving the appropriations in money or bonds made by the contributing authorities and regulating the sale of bonds so contributed and imposing certain duties upon the Treasurer of the Commonwealth in connection therewith and in other respects enlarging the powers of eminent domain in certain cases and regulating the method of its exercise providing for the manner of paying the expense incident to changing the location of or altering or otherwise modifying certain works and the crossing of highways and railroads by the canal its branches or channels and regulating the manner of letting certain contracts.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

Senate Bill No. 695 (House Bill No. 1454).

An Act authorizing counties to increase their indebtedness and issue bonds in aid of the construction by the State of Pennsylvania or a Commission Board or other agency thereof of canals or navigable waterways connecting the Great Lakes or the Atlantic Ocean with any navigable waters of this State Providing that county commissioners shall submit the question of issuing such bonds to a vote of the electors of any county when directed so to do by an order of the court of quarter sessions made upon petition filed by qualified electors and taxpayers and requiring county commissioners to issue such bonds if a majority of the electors voting on the question vote in favor of such issuance providing for the manner of delivery and sale of such bonds and for the procedure in other respects and repealing inconsistent legislation.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

SENATE MESSAGE.

RESOLUTION CONCURRED IN BY SENATE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced informed that the Senate has concurred in the Resolution from the House of Representatives as follows, viz:

In the House of Representatives.

Resolved (if the Senate concur) that House Bill No. 410, entitled, A Joint Resolution authorizing the printing and binding of the report of the Commission to consider the Revision and Amendment of the Penal Laws of Pennsylvania be recalled from the Governor for the purpose of amendment.

PETITION.

Mr. BARNETT. Mr. Speaker, I hold in my hand a petition by a large number of citizens of York County praying for the establishment of a new State road extending through a populous district from Red Lion to the Susquehanna River. I present also a letter, accompanying the petition, which I desire to have put on record as a part of my remarks. I also present a series of resolutions adopted by the Threshermen's Association of York County, praying for the repeal of a law passed several years ago or a relief from the same that has been found oppressive to threshermen and to owners of traction engines.

LETTER WITH PETITION FOR A NEW STATE ROAD FROM RED LION TO WRIGHTSVILLE.

Red Lion, Pa., April 2, 1915.

Hon. S. J. Barnett,
Delta, Pa.

Dear Sir:

I am sending you under separate cover by this mail six (6) petitions, signed by three hundred and eighty-eight (388) Petitioners, requesting that you act for them in placing the matter before the General Assembly, asking to pass an Act granting the following:

To establish as a State Highway a certain section of a public Road beginning at Red Lion Borough, York County, Pa., at or near a point on State Road, Route No. 216; thence eastward by way of Windsor Borough, Bittersville, Martinsville, Craleyville and Long Level, through the ownships of Windsor and Lower Windsor, to connect with the Wrightsville and Chanceford Turnpike; thence over said Wrightsville and Chanceford Turnpike to the Borough of Wrightsville, York Co., Pa., at or near a point on said Route No. 128.

We are also sending you herewith a rough pen sketch of the proposed Road, showing the Villages and Boroughs on same, together with the distance between each Town or Borough, which we think will show a distance from Red Lion to the Susquehanna River of Eight and four-tenths miles, the present turnpike from Long Level to Wrightsville is five miles in length, and making a total of thirteen and four-tenths miles.

The present road is extensively used and many of the Petitioners believe no other road is used more in this section of York County, and taking into consideration the vast number of people who would be benefited by a new State Road, we believe, would be an important matter for the consideration of the granting of same.

The benefit would really start at the City of York; thence along the present Turnpike and State Road to Dallastown, which Borough has a population of about 2500 to 3000; thence through Red Lion Borough with a population slightly above this amount; thence through Windsor Borough having an estimated population of about 1200; thence through Bittersville with an estimated population of about 200; thence through Martinsville with an estimated population of about 50; thence through Craleyville with an estimated population of about 400, and Long Level with an estimated population of about 200. The Borough of Wrightsville having a population similar to Red Lion.

To this we have estimated that an additional population of at least 5,000 people, residing within three-fourth mile of this road, which would take in the Borough of Yoe, together with several other small settlements, including the Farmers in the Rural Districts adjoining.

We feel quite sure that were it necessary we could, within one week secure thousands of names to a similar petition to the one sent you, but we feel that the business men who have joined in the present petition would be sufficient until we may hear from you further in this regard.

Trusting that you will give this matter your earnest consideration, and should any other information be desired we would be only too glad to furnish same for you upon request.

J. B. Ness,
J. Porter Wallace,
R. E. Glenn,
Committee.

RESOLUTION FROM THRESHERMEN'S ASSOCIATION.

R. F. D. No. 11, York, Pa.

Honorable Samuel J. Barnett,

Dear Sir:

As Secretary of the Threshermen's and Farmer's Protective Association of York Co., I am asking you to please consider the following resolutions:

Whereas — We the threshermen of this County feeling ourselves wronged by the present automobile law governing traction engines on the highways of our state, feeling our business interfered with and our livelihood threatened, and

Whereas — We think the law makers of this state owe it to the people of this Commonwealth to allow this industry, which means our living, should be allowed to go unhampered, we hereby tender these resolutions.

Resolved — That the present automobile law governing traction engines should be repealed.

Resolved — That the Spangler Bill No. 566 fits our needs, and is not selfish in the extreme, should be enacted into law.

We hereby pledge our support to the measures and the men in power.

Signed in behalf of the Association.

(signed) T. G. Cooke, Pres.
(signed) H. E. Hovis, Sec.

PETITIONS.

FAVORING PASSAGE OF CERTAIN BILLS.

Mr. BALDWIN presented a petition from the citizens of Delaware County, favoring the passage of the following bills: House Bill No. 547, Senate Bill No. 340, and House Bill No. 511.

Which was referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

FAVORING PASSAGE OF LOCAL OPTION BILLS.

Mr. RUDISILL presented a petition from the citizens of Gettysburg, Pa., favoring the passoge of a Local Option Bill.

Which was referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

REQUESTING THE ESTABLISHMENT OF A STATE ROAD.

Mr. BARNETT presented a petition from the citizens of York County asking for the passage of a law establishing a State road, beginning at Red Lion Borough and extending to Wrightsville Borough.

Which was referred to the Committee on Public Roads.

FAVORING PASSAGE OF BILL FOR ERECTION OF MONUMENT TO MOLLIE PITCHER.

Mr. McCLINTOCK presented a petition from Camp No. 304, P. O. S. of A. praying for the passage of the bill for the erection of monument to Molly Pitcher.

Which was referred to Committee on Appropriations.

FAVORING LOCAL OPTION.

Mr. McVICAR presented a petition from Class No. 12 of the Tarentum M. E. Church of Allegheny County, favoring the passage of a Local Option Bill.

Which was referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

Mr. BROWNLEE presented the several petitions of citizens of Washington County praying for the passage of a Local Option Bill.

Referred to the Committee on Law and Order.

PROTESTING AGAINST THE REPEAL OF FULL CREW LAW.

Mr. GORMLEY rpesented the petition of citizens of Beaver County against the repeal of the Full Crew Law.

Referred to the Committee on Railroads.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. WETTACH, from the Committee on Municipal Corporations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1180, entitled:

An Act to prohibit in cities of the second class the construction or erection of public or community vaults, crypts or mausoleums (that is to say, vaults, crypts, mausoleums or parts of mausoleums intended for sale to the public) for the interment of human bdoies where the building containing such vaults, crypts or mausoleums is wholly or partially above the surface of the ground.

Mr. STEEDLE, from the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1186, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-fifth day of May, one thousand eight hundred ninety-seven, entitled "An Act to provide for the maintenance, care and treatment of the indigent insane in county and local institutions," as amended.

Mr. BRUMBAUGH, from the Committee on Education, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1182, entitled.

An Act to prevent municipalities from locating or opening streets, roads or highways on, over or through land belonging to any educational institution conducted by the Commonwealth or by a board appointed, in whole or in part, by the Governor, without first obtaining the approval of the Governor and the board in charge thereof.

Mr. THEODORE CAMPBELL, from the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1077 (Senate Bill No. 404), entitled:

An Act regulating the practice of veterinary medicine including veterinary surgery and veterinary dentistry or any branch thereof and establishing as incidental thereto a State Board of Veterinary Medical Examiners and defining its powers and duties.

Mr. DAWSON, from the Committee on Judiciary Local, reported as committed, House Bill No. 693 (Senate Bill No. 172), entitled:

An Act amending the act approved the ninth day of April one thousand eight hundred sixty-two entitled "An Act to authorize the erection of a poor house by the borough of Dunmore borough of Scranton and township of Providence in the county of Luzerne" as amended by an act approved the twenty-second day of April one thousand eight hundred seventy-nine entitled "A Supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to authorize the erection of a poor house by the borough of Dunmore borough of Scranton and township of Providence in the county of Luzerne approved April ninth eighteen hundred and sixty-two" by defining the Scranton poor district providing for the election of the poor board therein defining the powers and duties of such board and abolishing the present office of poor directors.

Mr. RINN, from the Committee on Municipal Corporations, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1188, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-seventh day of June nineteen hundred thirteen, entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation, regulation and government of cities of the third class, regulating nomination and election of municipal officers therein; and repealing, consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto."

Mr. ARNOLD, from the Committee on Public Roads, reported as amended, House Bill No. 419, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the third day of June, one thousand nine hundred and eleven, entitled "An Act providing for the election of commissioners of townships of the first class of this Commonwealth, and the filling of vacancies in the office of township treasurer and township commissioner in said townships."

Mr. LOVE, from the Committee on Education, reported as committed, House Bill No. 833, entitled:

An Act relating to the vaccination, including the entrance into schools of children not vaccinated, and providing penalties.

Mr. WALTON, from the Committee on Municipal Corporations, reported as amended, House Bill No. 906, entitled:

An Act authorizing boroughs to collect an annual rental or assessment from property abutting on sewers constructed at public expense, and providing for the collection thereof.

Mr. HOWARTH, from the Committee on Municipal Corporations, re-reported as committed, House Bill No. 1172 (Senate Bill No. 489), entitled:

An Act to authorize the city of Williamsport to acquire if necessary and in all events to maintain for the purpose of securing and improving the general sanitary conditions of said city the dam which was erected by the Susquehanna Boom Company across the west branch of the Susquehanna river at a point near the intersection of Hepburn street with said river in said city.

Mr. WYLIE, from the Committee on Education, reported with a negative recommendation, House Bill No. 1281, entitled:

An Act defining physical, agricultural and household arts education; requiring all normal schools receiving State aid to offer course in these subjects in the regular curriculum.

Mr. OSTRANDER, from the Committee on Counties and Townships, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1198, entitled:

An Act amending the first section of an Act approved the thirteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven, entitled, "An Act amending an Act, entitled, "An Act fixing the salaries and providing for the expenses of County Commissioners in counties of this Commonwealth, approved the fourteenth day of April, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five," by increasing the classes of counties established therein so that the class described from more than one hundred thousand population and less than one hundred fifty thousand population is divided into counties having more than one hundred thousand population and less than one hundred twenty-five thousand population, and counties having more than one hundred twenty-five thousand population and less than one hundred fifty thousand population, and increasing the salaries of the County Commissioners in the last class from eighteen hundred dollars per annum to three thousand dollars per annum.

Mr. NEVILLE, from the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, re-reported as amended, House Bill No. 135, entitled:

An Act defining drugs and defining and regulating the peddling thereof.

Mr. MURDOCH, from the Committee on Counties and Townships, reported as committed, House Bill No. 1129, entitled:

An Act requiring the county commissioners to furnish to townships of the first class duplicates of the adjusted valuations for taxation purposes within such townships.

Mr. LEIGHNER, from the Committee on Counties and Townships, reported as committed, House Bill No. 923, entitled:

An Act relating to the payment of the cost of the transcription of stenographic notes in certain proceedings by the county, and the reimbursement of the county of such payment.

Mr. THOMAS, from the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, re-reported as amended, House Bill No. 563, entitled:

An Act to amend the second section of an act approved the thirteenth day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three entitled "An Act for the promotion of medical science by the distribution and use of unclaimed bodies for scientific purposes through a board created for that purpose and to prevent unauthorized uses and traffic in human bodies" by providing that bodies of honorable discharged soldiers sailors or marines of the United States and the militia of the State of Pennsylvania shall not be delivered to said anatomical board and further providing that there shall not be delivered to the said board any body claimed by relatives or representatives of fraternal society or charitable organization within seventy-two hours after death.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Mr. STEIN. Mr. Speaker, I desire to call up House Bill No. 1053 from page 17 of today's calendar for the purpose of amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1053, entitled:

An Act to validate transactions of building and loan associations whose charter has expired and permitting such building and loan association to make application for renewal of said charter within six months from the expiration notwithstanding a failure to comply with all the requirements provided by law for renewals of charters

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. STEIN. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to offer amendments at this time.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the amendments.

The Clerk then read the amendments as follows:

Amend section 1, line 5, by inserting before the word "judgments" the word "and"

Amend section 2, line 3, by striking out the word "shall"

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to the insertion of the amendments as read? Is there any objection. The Chair hears none and the amendments will be inserted in accordance with the instruction of the House.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading as amended?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended lie over for printing.

Mr. BAUERLE. Mr. Speaker, I desire to call up House Bill No. 1155 from page 15 of today's calendar for the purpose of amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1155, entitled:

An Act to amend further an act approved the eighth day of April one thousand eight hundred thirty-three entitled "An Act relating to the descent and distribution of the estates of intestates"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. BAUERLE. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to offer amendments to this bill at this time.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the amendments.

The Clerk then read the amendments as follows:

Amend section 1, line 33, by striking out the word "pleading" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "pleadings"

Amend section 1, line 43, by striking out the word "howerer" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "however"

Amend section 1, line 65, by striking out the single quote before the word 'An and inserting in lieu thereof a double quote "An

Amend section 1, line 65, by inserting after the word "fifty-one" the word "entitled"

Amend section 1, line 74, by striking out the single quote after the word estates' and inserting in lieu thereof a double quote, estates"

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to the insertion of the amendments as read? Is there any objection? The Chair hears none and the amendments will be inserted in accordance with the instruction of the House.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading as amended?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended lie over for printing.

RESOLUTION NO. 15.

Mr. ROTHENBERGER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to call up resolution No. 15.

The SPEAKER. The resolution will be read by the Clerk for the information of the House.

The resolution was read as follows:

Whereas The Appropriation Committee of this House have expended a great deal of time and a great deal of money visiting the various institutions applying for State aid and

Whereas This House is unaware of the amount expended by the Appropriation Committee for these various visits and

Whereas In view of the uselessness of these visits because the work of the Committee duplicates the work already done and well done by the State Board of Public Charities the people of Pennsylvania should know how much of their money is being wasted therefore

Be it resolved by the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania That it is the sense of this House that the Appropriation Committee of this House render to this House an itemized statement of all the expenditures made by the Committee to the first of April of this session and the said committee is hereby directed so to do Said statement shall contain in addition to the itemized details full and detailed reasons for the expenditures made by the Committee and shall also contain a recital of the number of days that have been spent by the members in making these various visits during which days the House has been in session

On the question,

Will the House agree to the resolution?

Mr. STEEDLE. Mr. Speaker, I move that this resolution be referreed to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. LIPSCHULTZ. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the motion?

Mr. ROTHENBERGER. Mr. Speaker, I had a resolution in before in the beginning of the Session, stopping the Appropriation Committee from making these vists. Now if you will look in your calendar you will see that in the next session they will appropriate one hundred and twelve thousand dollars to public charities. They go around and visit all these institutions. Now why shall we spend the money and again spend it the second time going around without this House knowing what is done. I demand a roll call before putting this resolution in the Appropriation Committee.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, this is a resolution along the lines of public criticism that has been going on in the State of Pennsylvania for a number of years. I feel that having been on the Committee on Appropriations that I am in a position to explain to the House what are the necessities of this visiting of institutions. It is true that the State Board of Charities examine closely into these institution and makes careful report on these different institutions. From these reports we get suggestions as to what would be wise for us to do in making the appropriation. As to the physical condition of all these different institutions, as to the management of these institutions by visiting them and being able to make to the House a report as the result of an occular or personal observation is a matter that to my mind is of the greatest importance. I believe if the public only understood the benefits that come to the State for this small expenditure of money to allow the different members of these appropriations committees to go out and see for themselves and come back and speak intelligently when any question on the proposition of management of these institutions is raised, housekeeping and business management or what we would call the atmosphere of the institution is of just as much vital importance for the members to know as anything else. Now it has been said that these are junketing trips. I want to say that after having had a place on this "Appropriation Committee" that I absolutely refused to serve another year. These are onerous and not junketing trips I do not believe that there is a member in this House who

has had personal experience in this work who would not be willing to rise and stand by my suggestion. There is no need at all for any investigation on the resolution in my opinion, and it ought to go where it has been suggested in the motion.

On the question recurring.

Will the House agree to the motion?

It was agreed to.

MOTION TO RECONSIDER VOTE.

Mr. BRUMBAUGH. Mr. Speaker, I move that the vote by which House Bill No. 871 File Folio 3499, entitled:

An Act authorizing appointments of clerks and stenographers by district attorneys in certain counties and regulating their compensation out of the county treasury

was defeated on final passage on March 31st be reconsidered.

Mr. DELL. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the motion?

It was not agreed to

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 200, as follows:

An Act amending the first and seventeenth sections of an act approved the seventeenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An Act to provide revenue for State and county purposes and in cities coextensive with counties for city and county purposes imposing taxes upon certain classes or personal property providing for the assessment and collection of the same providing for the duties and compensation of prothonotaries and recorders in connection therewith and modifying existing legislation which provided for raising revenue for State purposes" relating to taxing bonds mortgages and other securities and also by removing the exemption of life and fire insurance corporations having no capital stock from the provisions of the act

"Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by authority of the same That the first section of an act approved the seventeenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and thirteen entitled "An act to provide revenue for State and county purposes and in cities coextensive with counties for city and county purposes imposing taxes upon certain classes of personal property providing for the assessment and collection of the same providing for the duties and compensation of prothonotaries and recorders in connection therewith and modifying existing legislation which provided for raising revenue for State purposes" which reads as follows

"Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by authority of the same That all personal property of the classes hereinafter enumerated owned held or possessed by any person persons copartnership or unincorporated association or company resident located or liable to taxation within this Commonwealth or by any joint-stock company or association limited partnership bank or corporation whatsoever formed erected or incorporated by under or in pursuance of any law of this Commonwealth or of the United States or of any other state or government and liable to taxation within this Commonwealth whether such personal property be owned held or possessed by such person or persons copartnership unincorporated association company joint-stock company or association limited partnership bank or corporation in his her their or its own right or as active trustee agent attorney-in-fact or in any other capacity for the use benefit or advantage of any other person persons copartnership unicorporated association company joint-stock company or association limited partnership bank or corporation is hereby made taxable annually for county purposes and in cities coextensive with counties for city and county purposes at the rate of four mills on each dollar of the value thereof and no failure to assess or return the same shall discharge such owner or holder thereof from any liability therefor that is to say

All mortages all moneys owing by solvent debtors whether by promissory note or penal or single bills bonds or judgment all articles of agreement and accounts bearing interest all public loans whatsoever except those issued by this Commonwealth or the United States and those made taxable for State purposes by section seventeen hereof all loans issued by any corporation association company or limited partnership created or formed under the laws of this Commonwealth or of the United States or of any other state or government including car-trust securities and loans secured b ybonds or any other form of certificate or evidence of indebtedness whether the interest be included in the principal of the obligation or payable by the terms thereof except such loans as are made taxable for State purposes by section seventeen hereof all shares of stock in any bank corporation association company or limited partnership created or formed under the laws of this Commonwealth or of the United States or of any other state or government except shares of stock in any bank corporation or limited partnership that may be liable to a tax on its share or its capital stock for State purposes under the laws of this Commonwealth or relieved from the payment of tax on its shares or capital stock for State purposes by the laws of the Commonwealth all moneys loaned or invested in other states territories the District of Columbia or foreign countries all other moneyed capital in the hands of individual citizens of the State all stages omnibuses hacks cabs and other vehicles used in transporting passengers for hire except steam and street passenger railway cars owned used or possessed within this Commonwealth by any person or persons or by any corporate body or bodies all annuities yielding annually over two hundred dollars Provided that this section shall not apply to bank notes or notes discounted or negotiated by any bank or banking institution savings institution or trust company And provided that the provisions of this act shall not apply to building and loan associations or to savings institutions having no capital stock but nothing herein contained shall be construed to relieve or exempt individual depositors in savings institutions having no capital stock from any taxation to which such depositors may be subject and if at any time either now or hereafter any persons individuals or bodies corporate have agreed or shall hereafter agree to issue his their or its securities bonds or other evidences of indebtedness clear of and free from the said four mills tax herein provided for or have agreed or shall hereafter agree to pay the same nothing herein contained shall be so construed as to relieve or exempt him it or them from paying the said four mills tax on any of the said such securities bonds or other evidences of indebtedness as may be held owned by or owing to the said savings institution having no capital stock And provided further That the provisions of this act shall not apply to fire companies firemen's relief associations life or fire insurance corporations having no capital stock secret and beneficial societies labor unions and labor union relief associations and all beneficial orgnizations paying sick or death benefits or either or both from funds received from voluntary contributions or assessments upon members of such associations societies or unions And provided further That corporations limited partnerships and joint-stock associations liable to tax on capital stock for State purposes shall not be required to make any report or pay any further tax under this section on the mortages bonds and other securities owned by them in their own right but corporations limited partnerships and joint-stock associations holding such securities as trustees executors administrators guardians or in any manner shall return and pay the tax imposed by this section upon all securities so held by them as in the case of individuals And provided further That none of the classes of property made taxable by this section for county purposes and in cities coextensive with counties for city and county purposes shall be taxed or taxable for any other local purposes or for State purposes under the laws of this Commonwealth" be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows

"Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That all personal property of the classes hereinafter enumerated owned held or possessed by any person persons copartnership or unincorporated association or company resident located or liable to taxation within this Commonwealth or by any join-stock company or association limited partnership bank or corporation whatsoever formed erected or incorporated by under or in pursuance of any laws of this Commonwealth or of the United States or of any other state or government and liable to taxation within this Commonwealth whether such personal property be owned held or possessed by such person or persons copartnership unincorporated association company joint-stock company or association limited partnership bank or corporation in his her their or its own right or as active trustee agent attorney-in-fact or in any other capacity for the use benefit or advantage of any other person persons copartnership unicorporated association company joint-stock company or association limited partnership bank or corporation is hereby made taxable annually for county purposes and in cities coextensive wtih counties for city and county purposes at the rate of four mills on each dollar of the value thereof and no failure to assess or return the same shall discharge such owner or holder thereof from liability therefor that is to say

All mortages all moneys owing by solvent debtors whether by promissory note or penal or single bill bond or judgment all articles of agreement and accounts bearing interest all public loans whatsoever except those issued by this Commonwealth or the United States and those made or formed under the laws of this Commonwealth or of the United States taxable for State purposes by section seventeen hereof all loans issued by any corporation association company or limited partnership created or of any other State or government including car-trust securities and obligation or payable by the terms thereof except such such loans as are indebtedness whether the interest be included in the principal of the loans secured by bond or any other form of certificate or evidence of made taxable for State purposes by section seventeen hereof all shares of stock in any bank corporation association company or limited partthe United States or of any other State or government except shares of nership created or formed under the laws of this Commonwealth or of shares or capital stock for State purposes by the laws of the Commonwealth all moneys loaned or invested in other States territories stock in any bank corporation or limited partnership that may be liable to a tax on its share or its capital stock for State purposes under the laws of this Commonwealth or relieved fro mthe payment of tax on its the District of Columbia or foreign countries all other moneyed capital in the hands of individual citizens of the State all stages omnibuses hacks cabs and other vehicles used in transporting passengers for hire except steam and street passenger raiuway cars owned used or possessed within this Commonwealth by any person or persons or by any corporate body or bodies all annuities yielding annually over two hundred dollars Provided that this section shall not apply to bank notes or notes discounted negotiated by any bank or banking institution savings institution or trust company And provided that the provisions of this act shall not apply to building and loan associations or to savings institutions having no capital stock but nothing herein contained shall be construed to relieve or exempt individual depositors in savings institutions having no capital stock from any taxation to which such depositors may be subject and if at any time either now or hereafter any persons individuals or bodies corporate have agreed or shall hereafter agree to issue his their or its securities bonds or other evidences of indbtedness clear of and free from the said four mills tax herein provided for or have agreed or shall hereafter agree to pay the same nothing herein contained shall be so construed as to relieve or exempt him it or them from paying the said four mills tax on any of the said such securities bonds or other evidences of indebtedness as may be held owned by or owing to the said savings institution having no capital stock And provided further That the provisions of this act shall not apply to fire companies firemen's relief associations secret and beneficial socities labor unions and labor union relief associations and all beneficial organizations paying sick or death benefits or either or both from funds received from voluntary contributions or assessments upon members of such associations societies or

unions And provided further That corporations limited partnerships and joint-stock associations liable to tax nocapital tsock for State purposes shall not be required to make any report or pay any further tax under this sectin on the morttages bonds and other securities owned by them and in which the whole body of stockholders or members as such have the entire equitable interest in remainder but corporations limited partnerships and joint-stock associations owning or holding such securities as trustees executors administrators guardians or in any other manner than for the whole body of stockholders or members thereof as sole equitable owners in remainder shall return and pay the tax imposed by this section upon all securities so owned or held by them as in the case of individuals And provided further That none of the classes of property made taxable by this section for county purposes and in cities co-extensive with counties for city and county purposes shall be taxed or taxalbe for any other local purposes or for State purposes under the laws of this Commonwealth

Section 2 Be it enacted further that section seventeen of said act which reads as follows "Section 17 That all script bonds or certificates of indebtedness issued by any and every private corporation incorporated or created under the laws of this Commonwealth or the laws of any other State or the United States and doing business in this Commonwealth and all script bonds or certificates of indebtedness issued by any county city or borough twonship school-district or incorporated district of this Commonwealth are hereby made taxable in the year one thousand nine hundred and fourteen and annually thereafter for state purposes at the rate of four mills on each dollar of the nominal value thereof Provided That this section shall not apply to bank notes or notes discounted or negotiated by any bank or banking institution savings institution or trust company And provided That the provisions of this Act shall not apply to building and loan associations or to savings institutions having no capital stock but nothing herein contained shall be construed to relieve or exempt individual depositors in savings institutions having no capital stock from any taxation to which such depositors may be subject and if at any time either now or hereafter any person individuals or bodies corporate have agreed or shall hereafter garee to issue his their or its securities bonds or othe evidences of indebtedness clear of and free from the said four mills tax herein provided for or have agreed or shall hereafter agree to pay the same nothing herein contained shall be so construed as to relieve or exempt him it or them from paying the said four mills tax on any of the said such securities bonds or other evidences of indebtedness as may be held owned by or owing to the said savings institution having no capital stock And provided further That the provisions of this act shall not apply to fire companies firemen's relief associations life or fire insurance corporations ahving no capittal stock secret and beneficial socities labor union and labor union relief associations and all beneficial organizations paying sick or death benefits or either or both from funds received from voluntary contributions or assessments upon members of such associations societies or unions And provided further That corporations limited partnerships and joint-stock associations liable to tax on capital stock for State purposes shall not be required to pay any further tax under this section on the mortages bonds and other securities owned by them in their right but corporations limited partnerships and joint-stock associations holding such securities as trustees executors administrators guardians or in any other manner shall be liable for the tax imposed by this section upon all securities so held by them as in the case of individuals And provided further That none of the classes of property made taxable by this section for State purposes shall be taxed or taxable for county school or other local purposes" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

"Section 11 That all script bonds or certificates of indebtedness issued by any and every private corporation incorporated or created under the laws of this Commonwealth or the laws of any other State or of the United States and doing business in the Commonwealth and all script bonds or certificates of indebtedness issued by any county city borough township school-district or incorporated district of this Commonwealth are hereby made taxable in the year one thousand nine hunderd and fourteen and annually thereafter for State purposes at the rate of four mills on each dollar of the nominal value thereof Provided That this section shall not apply to bank notes or notes discounted or negotiated by any bank or banking institution savings institution or trust company And Provided That the provisions of this Act shall not apply to building and loan associations or to savings institutions having no captial stock but nothing herein contatined shall be construed to relieve or exempt individual depositors in savings institutions having no capital stock from any taxation to which such depositors may be subject and if at any time either now or hereafter any persons individuals or bodies corporate have agreed or shall hereafter agree to issue his their or its securities bonds or other evidences of indebtedness clear of and free from the said four mills tax herein provided for or have agreed or shall hereafter agree to pay the same nothing herein contained shall be so construed as to relieve or exempt him it or them paying the said four mills tax on any of the said such securities bonds or other evidences of indebtedness as may be held owned by or owing to the said saving institution having no capital stock And provided further That the provisions of this act shall not apply to fire companies firemen's relief associations and all beneficial socities labor unions and labor union relief associations and all beneficial organizations paying sick or death benefits or either or both from funds received from voluntary contributions or assessments upon members of such associations societies or unions And provided further That corporations limited partnerships and joint-stock associations liable to tax on capital stock for State purposes shall not be required to pay any further tax under this section on the mortages bonds and other securities owned by them and in which the whole body of stockholders or members as such have the entire equitable interest in remainder but corporations limited partnerships and joint-stock associations owing or holding such securities as trustees executors administrators guardians or in any other manner than for the whole body of stockholders or members thereof as sole equitable wners in remainder shall be liable for the tax imposed by this section upon all securities so owned or held by them as in the case of individuals And Provided further That none of the classes of property made taxable by this section for State purposes shall be taxed or taxable for county school or other local purposes

Section 3 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith be and the same are herewith repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 199, as follows:

An Act to raise revenue by subjecting to taxation certain real estate not heretofore taxable as such of railroad companies street railway companys canal companies bridge companies gas companies pipe line companies ferry companies electric light heat and power companies water companies telegraph companies telephone companies express companies and all other public service corporations or so called quasi public corporations of the same or other kinds

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by authority of the same That all real estate of railroad companies street railway companies canal companies bridge companies gas companies pipe line companies ferry companies electric light heat and power companies water companies tlegraph companies telephone companies express companies and all other public service corporations or so-called quasi public corporations of the same or other kinds which has not heretofore been taxable as such except the right of way road bed and superstructure of railroad companies the tracks and right of way of street railway companies the bed berme bank and towpath of canal companies such portion of the bridges of bridge companies as may be necessary to span the gap the pipes or mains of gas companies and pipe line companies the poles and wires of electric light heat and power companies telegraph companies and telephone companies and the pipes or conduits of water companies is hereby made subject to taxation by counties cities boroughs townships school districts and other municipal corporations the same as other real estate

Section 2 All acts or parts of acts general special or legal inconsistent herewith be and the same are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 897, as follows:

An act to repeal an act approved the seventh day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An act to restrain and regulate the use of billiard-tables pool-tables and bagatelle-boards or tables kept and maintained for the use of the general public for hire or reward in cities of the first class in this Commonwealth providing for the granting of licenses and providing for punishments for the violations of the provisions of this act

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the act approved the seventh day of June one thousand nine hundred eleven entitled "An act to restrain and regulate the use of billiard-tables and bagatelle-boards or tables kept and maintained for the use of the general public for hire or reward in cities of the first class in this Commonwealth providing for the granting of licenses and providing for punishments for the violations of the provisions of this act" is hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Hoouse proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 27, as follows

An Act relating to county officers in counties having less than one hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants and providing for their salaries and the compensation of deputies and clerks in the respective county offices requiring the payment into the respective county treasury of the fees of county officers and providing penalties for violation of this act

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That in all counties in this Commonwealth containing less than one hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants all fees limited and appointed by law to be received by each and every county officer therein elected by the qualified voters of their respective counties or appointed according to law or which they shall be legally authorized required or entitled to charge or receive shall except as otherwise provided belong to the county in and for which they are severally elected or appointed and it

shall be the duty of each of said officers to enact collect and receive all such fees to and for the use of their respective counties except such taxes and fees as are levied for the Commonwealth which shall be to and for the use of the Commonwealth None of said officers shall receive for his own use or for any use or purpose whatever except for the use of the proper county or for the Commonwealth as the case may be any fees for any official services whatsoever except as otherwise in this act provided

Section 2 Each of said officers shall keep a special account book the forms of which shall be prescribed by the controller or county auditors in which an entry shall be made of all moneys received for fees and of all moneys earned and of all moneys chargeable upon the county specifying the day and date the title of the case if any for what service and from whom received or due and on the first Monday of each month each of said officers shall pay to treasurer of the proper county all fees so received during the preceding month taking duplicate receipts therefor one of which he shall deposit with the county controller or the county auditors together with a transcript in detail of his fee account book or books for the preceding month to which he shall make oath or affirmation before the county controller or the county auditors that the said transcript contains a true and correct list of all the fees received or earned and outstanding or chargeable upon the county for services rendered in his office either by himself deputies or clerks during the preceding month that the said fees were severally charged at regular rates and that he has not received and is not to receive from any person or persons whatsoever for any official service or duty any other fees than those so entered on said transcript And it shall be the duty of the county controller or the county auditors to attend on such first Monday of each month to receive such returns and to verify the same and to do such other matters and things as may be required in the premises and to file said receipt andtranscrip t in the office and to charge the county treasurer with the money for fees so paid in When fees are paid to one office which are for services rendered or to be rendered by another the officer receiving the same shall specify the same on his account book and on his transcript as of the office to which they properly belong

Section 3 If any officers included in this act shall receive or stipulate to receive from any deputies or clerks appointed by him or from any person or persons awarded any contract for advertising or any other contract any sum or sums of money as percentage on the salaries of the said deputies or clerks or on the amounts of profits of said contracts or any sum or sums of money whatsoever as compensation for making any of the said appointments or contracts or shall neglect to render the accounts required as aforesaid or to pay over the moneys received for fees required by this act or shall wilfully neglect to make any proper entry in the book or books required to be kept or shall wilfully neglect to charge for any official services the fees allowed by law or shall take to his own use any such fees or fail to comply with any of the provisions of this act or neglect to discharge any of the duties herein imposed the same shall be deemed a misdemeanor in office and in addition to the other penalties for such offenses he shall upon conviction thereof refund the said sum or sums of moneys thus unlawfully received and shall be deemed incapable of holding longer the said office

Section 4 Any officer included in this act or any other person who shall wilfully swear falsely in verifying any account transcript or bill required in this act or in making any affidavit in reference thereto shall be deemed guilty of perjury and upon conviction thereof shall be liable to the punishment prescribed by the laws of the State for perjury and any person who shall procure any other person to swear falsely in verifying any such account transcript or bill or in making any affidavit in reference thereto shall be deemed guilty of subornation of perjury and upon conviction thereof shall be liable to the punishment prescribed by law for that offense

Section 5 All county officers within the counties to which this act applies whether elected by the people or appointed according to law and their several deputies and clerks shall be paid for their services by fixed and specific salaries which shall be a charge upon the treasury of the county to which each shall respectively belong to the extent (except as hereinafter provided) of the fees collected and paid in by each officer respectively or earned where fees are chargeable upon the county treasury Said salaries shall be paid monthly except as herein otherwise provided on the second Monday of the month succeeding that in which his services were rendered but no warrant shall be drawn for the payment of any of said officers his deputies or clerks who shall not have filed the receipt and transcript provided for in this act

Section 6 All salaries fixed by this act (except in the case of such officers as may be otherwise provided for herein) shall be paid from the amounts paid into the proper county treasurer from the respective offices after ascertaining and deducting the amount due the deputies and clerks in each office and if there has not been a sum sufficient from fees received and paid in or for fees earned and due by the county for services rendered to pay the full amount of the salary of any officer holding any of said offices after deducting the amount due the deputies and clerks such officer shall receive only such proportion of his salary as shall be equal to the aggregate of the net fees received and earned by him as aforesaid during his term of office during such month If the fees in any month or months during his term of office shall exceed the amount of the expense and salary aforesaid for such month the deficit of salary for any month shall be made up from such excess

Section 7 Each county officer shall appoint and may dismiss the deputies and clerks of his office The county commissioners and county controller when such office exists in all the respective counties coming under the provisions of this act are hereby constituted a salary board for their several counties respectively whose duty it shall be to meet together from time to time as they may be required by any of the county officers whose salaries are established by this act for the purpose of ascertaining and determining the number of deputies or clerks required for the proper dispatch of business by each of such officers and for fixing the salary of said clerks and deputies subject to the approval of the court of common pleas of the county in which he is an officer Whenever said Board is assembled to consider the case of any one of said officers such officer shall sit as a member of the board so long as his case is under consideration and no longer and a decision of the majority shall govern Each officer shall personally attend to the duties of his office and no pay for any deputy or clerk shall be allowed to any officer whose personal services are or should be sufficient for the proper dispatch of the business of such office But if after such decision is made any officer shall think that the number of his clerks or deputies is too few or the compensation fixed for either is too small as the case may have been determined by the board he may appeal from the action thereof to the court of common pleas of the county in which he is an officer who shall hear and determine such appeal as promptly and its decision thereon shall be final Each of said boards shall keep a correct minute book of its proceedings in all cases heard and determined by it

Section 8 All deputies and clerks receiving a salary shall make oath or affirmation before the county controller or county auditors or president of the board of county commissioners that they have duly rendered services for which they claim a salary Said salary shall be paid direct to the person entitled to receive the same but not until such deputy or clerk has made oath or affirmation that at no time since his appointment has he paid directly or indirectly any money or other thing of value to the county officer who appoints or retains such deputy or clerk

Section 9 All books records papers and accounts kept by any of the officers named or included in this act shall be open to the inspection of the county controller or county auditors who shall have power to examine the same at any time he or they may wish to do so for the purpose of verifying therefrom the monthly abstracts provided for by this act Nothing in this act however shall be construed as limiting the powers of the Auditor Geenral or State Treasurer in respect to accounts of public officers as now provided by existing law

Section 10 Each county to which this act applies shall at the cost of the county furnish the office furniture books and stationery required for the use of any of the officers included in this act or of any other county officer and also all needed fuel and the services of a janitor This section does not apply to the county solicitor the coroner and the county surveyor

Section 11 In such counties the annual salaries of county officers shall be as follows namely

In counties having a population of ten thousand inhabitants or under the salaries shall be

Of the sheriff twelve hundred dollars

Of the prothonotary one thousand dollars

Of the clerk of orphans' court four hundred dollars

Of the clerk of quarter sessions and oyer and terminer four hundred dollars

Of the register five hundred dollars

Of the recorder of deeds eight hundred dollars

Of the treasurer twelve hundred dollars

Of the county auditors where such office exists each fifty dollars

Of the county controller where such office exists eight hundred fifty dollars

Of the jury commissioners each fifty dollars

Of the keeper of prison of county jailor where such offices exists one hundred dollars

Where the office of register and clerk of the orphans' court are held by the same person such officer shall receive a salary of one thousand dollars only

Where the office of prothonotary clerk of the court of general quarter sessions and clerk of the court and of oyer and terminer are held by the same person such officer shall receive a salary of sixteen hundred dollars only

Where the office of prothonotary clerk of the court general quarter sessions clerk of the court of oyer and terminer and clerk of the orphans' court are held by the same person such officer shall receive a salary of fourteen hundred dollars only

Where the office of prothonotary clerk of the court of general quarter sessions clerk of the court of oyer and terminer clerk of the orphans' court register of wills and recorder of deeds are held by the same person such officer shall receive a salary of seventeen hundred dollars only

Where the office of clerk of the court of general quarter sessions clerk of the court of oyer and terminer and clerk of the orphans' court are held by the same person such officer shall receive a salary of one thousond dollars only

Where the office of register of wills and recorder of deeds are held by the same person such officer shall receive a salary of twelve hundred dollars only

Where the office of register of wills recorder of deeds and clerk of the orphans' court are held by the same person

such officer shall receive a salary of sixteen hundred dollars only

Where the office of recorder of deeds and clerk of the court of general quarter sessions are held by the same person such officer shall receive a salary of twelve hundred dollars only

Where the office of recorder of deeds clerk of the court of general quarter sessions clerk of the court of oyer and terminer and clerk of the orphans' court are held by the same person such officer shall receive a salary of sixteen hundred dollars only

Where the offices of clerk of the court of quarter sessions clerk of the court of oyer and terminer clerk of the orphans' court and register of wills are held by the same person such officer shall receive a salary of one thousand dollars only

In counties having twenty thousand inhabitants or less but more than ten thousand the salaries shall be

Of the sheriff eighteen hundred dollars

Of the prothonotary twelve hundred dollars

Of the clerk of orphans' court five hundred dollars

Of the clerk of quarter sessions and oyer and terminer five hundred dollars

Of the register six hundred dollars

Of the recorder of deeds one thousand dollars

Of the treasurer fourteen hundred dollars

Of the county auditors where such office exists each seventy-five dollars

Of the county controller where such office exists eight hundred dollars

Of the jury commissioners each seventy-five dollars

Of the keeper of prison or county jailor where such office exists two hundred dollars

Where the office of register and clerk of the orphans' court are held by the same person such officer shall receive a salary of twelve hundred dollars only

Where the office of prothonotary clerk of the court of general quarter sessions and clerk of the court of oyer and terminer are held by the same person such officer shall receive a salary of eighteen hundred dollars only

Where the office of prothonotary clerk of the court of general quarter sessions clerk of the court of oyer and terminer and clerk of the orphans' court are held by the same person such officer shall receive a salary of sixteen hundred dollars only

Where the office of prothonotary clerk of the court of general quarter sessions clerk of the court of oyer and terminer clerk of the orphans' court register of wills and recorder of deeds are held by the same person such officer shall receive a salary of two thousand dollars only

Where the office of clerk of the court of general quarter sessions clerk of the court of oyer and terminer and clerk of the orphans' court are held by the same person such officer shall receive a salary of twelve hundred dollars only

Where the office of register of wills and recorder of deeds are held by the same person such officer shall receive a salary of fourteen hundred dollars only

Where the office of register of wills recorder of deeds and clerk of the orphans' court are held by the same person such officer shall receive a salary of two thousand dollars only

Where the office of recorder of deeds and clerk of the court of general quarter sessions are held by the same person such officer shall receive a salary of fourteen hundred dollars only

Where the office of recorder of deeds clerk of the court of general quarter sessions clerk of the court of oyer and terminer and clerk of the orphans' court are held by the same person such officer shall receive a salary of eighteen hundred dollars only

Where the offices of clerk of the court of general quarter sessions clerk of the court of oyer and terminer clerk of orphans' court and register of wills are held by the same person such officer shall receive a salary of twelve hundred dollars only

In counties having thirty thousand inhabitants or less but more than twenty thousand the salaries shall be

Of the sheriff two thousand dollars

Of the prothonotary fourteen hundred dollars

Of the clerk of orphans' court six hundred dollars

Of the clerk of quarter sessions and oyer and terminer six hundred dollars

Of the register eight hundred dollars

Of the recorder of deeds fourteen hundred dollars

Of the treasurer eighteen hundred dollars

Of the county auditors where such office exists one hundred dollars each

Of the county controller where such office exists one thousand dollars

Of the jury commissioners each one hundred dollars

Of the keeper of prison or county jailor where such office exists three hundred dollars

Where the office of register and clerk of the orphans' court are held by the same person such officers shall receive a salary of fourteen hundred dollars only

Where the office of prothonotary clerk of the court of general quarter sessions and clerk of the court of oyer and terminer are held by the same person such officer shall receive a salary of two thousand dollars only

Where the office of prothonotary clerk of the court of general quarter sessions clerk of the court of oyer and terminer and clerk of the orphans' court are held by the same person such officer shall receive a salary of two thousand dollars only

Where the office of prothonotary clerk of the court of general quarter sessions clerk of the court of oyer and terminer clerk of the orphans' court register of wills and recorder of deeds are held by the same person such officer shall receive a salary of two thousand four hundred dollars only

Where the office of clerk of the court of general quarter sessions clerk of the court of oyer and terminer and clerk of the orphans' court are held by the same person such officer shall receive a salary of fifteen hundred dollars only

Where the office of register of wills and recorder of deeds are held by the same person such officer shall receive a salary of eighteen hundred dollars only

Where the office of register of wills recorder of deeds and clerk of the orphans court are held by the same person such officer shall receive a salary of two thousand two hundred dollars only

Where the office of recorder of deeds and clerk of the court of general quarter sessions are held by the same person such officer shall receive a salary of one thousand six hundred dollars only

Where the office of recorder of deeds clerk of the court of general quarter sessions clerk of the court of oyer and terminer and clerk of the orphans' court are held by the same person such officer shall receive a salary of two thousand dollars only

Where the offices of clerk of the court of general quarter sessions clerk of the court of oyer and terminer clerk of orphans' court and register of wills are held by the same person such officer shall receive a salary of fourteen hundred dollars only

In counties having forty thousand inhabitants or less but more than thirty thousand the salaries shall be

Of the sheriff two thousand two hundred dollars

Of the prothonotary sixteen hundred dollars

Of the clerk of orphans' court seven hundred dollars

Of the clerk of quarter sessions and oyer and terminer seven hundred dollars

Of the register one thousand dollars

Of the recorder of deeds sixteen hundred dollars

Of the treasurer two thousand two hundred dollars

Of the county auditors where such office exists each one hundred and twenty-five dollars

Of the county controller where such office exists eleven hundred dollars

Of the jury commissioners each one hundred twenty-five dollars

Of the keeper of prison or county jailor where such office exists four hundred dollars

Where the office of register and clerk of the orphans court are held by the same person such officers shall receive a salary of sixteen hundred dollars only

Where the office of prothonotary clerk of the court of general quarter sessions and clerk of the court of oyer and terminer are held by the same person such officer shall receive a salary of two thousand two hundred dollars only

Where the office of prothonotary clerk of the court of general quarter sessions clerk of the court of oyer and terminer and clerk of the orphans' court are held by the same person such officer shall receive a salary of two thousand two hundred dollars only

Where the office of prothonotary clerk of the court of general quarter sessions clerk of the court of oyer and terminer clerk of the orphans' court register of wills and recorder of deeds are held by the same person such officer shall receive a salary of two thousand eight hundred dollars only

Where the office of clerk of the court of general quarter sessions clerk of the court of oyer and terminer and clerk of the orphans' court are held by the same person such officer shall receive a salary of sixteen hundred dollars only

Where the office of register of wills and recorder of deeds are held by the same person such officer shall receive a salary of two thousand dollars only

Where the office of register of wills recorder of deeds and clerk of the orphans' court are held by the same person such officer shall receive a salary of two thousand four hundred dollars only

Where the office of recorder of deeds and clerk of court of general quarter sessions are held by the same person such officer shall receive a salary of two thousand dollars only

Where the office of recorder of deeds clerk of the court of general quarter sessions clerk of the court of oyer and terminer and clerk of the orphans' court are held by the same person such officer shall receive a salary of two thousand two hundred dollars only

Where the offices of clerk of the court of general quarter sessions clerk of the court of oyer and terminer clerk of orphans' court and register of will are held by the same person such officer shall receive a salary of sixteen hundred dollars only

In counties having fifty thousand inhabitants or less but more than forty thousand the salaries shall be

Of the sheriff two thousand four hundred dollars

Of the prothonotary one thousand eight hundred dollars

Of the clerk of orphans' court eight hundred dollars

Of the clerk of quarter sessions and oyer and terminer eight hundred dollars

Of the register eleven hundred dollars

Of the recorder of deeds one thousand eight hundred dollars

Of the treasurer two thousand four hundred dollars

Of the county auditors where such office exists each one hundred and fifty dollars

Of the county controller where such office exists twelve hundred dollars

Of the jury commissioners each one hundred thirty dollars

Of the keeper of prison or county jailor where such office exists five hundred dollars

Where the office of register and clerk of the orphans' court are held by the same person such officer shall receive a salary of one thousand eight hundred dollars only

Where the office of prothonotary clerk of the court of general quarter sessions and clerk of the court of oyer and terminer are held by the same person such officer shall receive a salary of two thousand four hundred dollars only

Where the office of prothonotary clerk of the court of general quarter sessions clerk of the court of oyer and terminer and clerk of the orphans' court are held by the same person such officer shall receive a salary of two thousand four hundred dollars only

Where the office of prothonotary clerk of the court of general quarter sessions clerk of the court of oyer and terminer clerk of wills and recorder of deeds are held by the same person such officer shall receive a salary of three thousand dollars only

Where the office of clerk of the court of general quarter sessions clerk of the court of oyer and terminer and clerk of the orphans' court are held by the same person such officer shall receive a salary of one thousand eight hundred dollars only

Where the office of register of wills and recorder of deeds are held by the same person such officer shall receive a salary of two thousand two hundred dollars only

Where the office of register of wills recorder of deeds and clerk of the orphans' court are held by the same person such officer shall receive a salary of two thousand six hundred dollars only

Where the office of recorder of deeds and clerk of the court of general quarter sessions are held by the same person such officer shall receive a salary of two thousand two hundred dollars only

Where the office of recorder of deeds clerk of the court of general quarter sessions clerk of the court of oyer and terminer and clerk of the orphans' court are held by the same person such officer shall receive a salary of two thousand four hundred dollars only

Where the offices of clerk of the court of general quarter sessions clerk of the court of oyer and terminer clerk of orphans' court and register of wills are held by the same person such officer shall receive a salary of eighteen hundred dollars only

In counties having sixty thousand inhabitants or less but more than fifty thousand the salaries shall be

Of the sheriff two thousand eight hundred dollars

Of the prothonotary two thousand dollars

Of the clerk of orphans' court one thousand dollars

Of the clerk of quarter sessions and oyer and terminer one thousand dollars

Of the register one thousand two hundred dollars

Of the recorder of deeds two thousand dollars

Of the treasurer two thousand six hundred dollars

Of the county auditors where such office exists each one hundred and sixty dollars

Of the county controller where such office exists one thousand four hundred dollars

Of the jury commissioners each one hundred forty dollars

Of the keeper of prison or county jailor where such office exists six hundred dollars

Where the office of register and clerk of the orphans' court are held by the same person such officer shall receive a salary of two thousand dollars only

Where the office of prothonotary clerk of the court of general quarter sessions and clerk of the court of oyer and terminer are held by the same person such officer shall receive a salary of two thousand six hundred dollars only

Where the office of prothonotary clerk of the court of general quarter sessions clerk of the court of oyer and terminer and clerk of the orphans' court are held by the same person such officer shall receive a salary of two thousand six hundred dollars only

Where the office of prothonotary clerk of the court of general quarter sessions clerk of the court of oyer and terminer clerk of the orphans' court register of wills and recorder of deeds are held by the same person such officer shall receive a salary of three thousand two hundred dollars only

Where the office of clerk of the court of general quarter sessions clerk of the court of oyer and terminer and clerk of the orphans' court are held by the same person such officer shall receive a salary of two thousand dollars only

Where the office of register of wills and recorder of deeds are held by the same person such officer shall receive a salary of two thousand four hundred dollars only

Where the office of register of wills recorder of deeds and clerk of the orphans' court are held by the same person such officer shall receive a salary of two thousand eight hundred dollars only

Where the office of recorder of deeds and clerk of the court of general quarter sessions are held by the same person such officer shall receive a salary of two thousand four hundred dollars only

Where the office of recorder of deeds clerk of the court of general quarter sessions clerk of the court of oyer and terminer and clerk of the orphans' court are held by the same person such officer shall receive a salary of two thousand six hundred dollars only

Where the offices of clerk of the court of general quarter sessions clerk of the court of oyer and terminer clerk of orphans' court and register of wills are held by the same person such officer shall receive a salary of two thousand dollars only

In counties having seventy thousand inhabitants or less but more than sixty the salaries shall be

Of the sheriff three thousand dollars

Of the prothonotary two thousand two hundred dollars

Of the orphans' court twelve hundred dollars

Of the clerk of quarter sessions and oyer and terminer twelve hundred dollars

Of the register one thousand five hundred dollars

Of the recorder of deeds two thousand two hundred dollars

Of the treasurer two thousand eight hundred dollars

Of the county auditors where such office exists each one hundred seventy-five dollars

Of the county controller where such office exists one thousand six hundred dollars

Of the jury commissioners each one hundred fifty dollars

Of the keeper of prison or county jailor where such office exists seven hundred dollars

Where the office of register and clerk of the orphans' court are held by the same person such officer shall receive a salary of two thousand two hundred dollars only

Where the office of prothonotary clerk of the court of general quarter sessions and clerk of the court of oyer and terminer are held by the same person such officer shall receive a salary of two thousand eight hundred dollars only

Where the office of prothonotary clerk of the court of general quarter sessions clerk of the court of oyer and terminer and clerk of the orphans' court are held by the same person such officer shall receive a salary of two thousand eight hundred dollars only

Where the office of prothonotary clerk of the court of general quarter sessions clerk of the court of oyer and terminer clerk of the orphans' court register of wills and recorder of deeds are held by the same person such officer shall receive a salary of three thousand four hundred dollars only

Where the office of clerk of the court of general quarter sessions clerk of the court of oyer and terminer and clerk of the orphans' court are held by the same person such officer shall receive a salary of two thousand two hundred dollars only

Where the office of register of wills and recorder of deeds are held by the same person such officer shall receive a salary of two thousand six hundred dollars only

Where the office of register of wills recorder of deeds and clerk of the orphans' court are held by the same person such officer shall receive a salary of three thousand dollars only

Where the office of recorder and deeds and clerk of the court of general quarter sessions are held by the same person such officer shall receive a salary of two thousand six hundred dollars only

Where the office of recorder of deeds clerk of the court of general quarter sessions clerk of the court of oyer and terminer and clerk of the orphans' court are held by the same person such officer shall receive a salary of two thousand eight hundred dollars only

Where the offices of clerk of the court of general quarter sssions clerk of the court of oyer and terminer clerk of orphans' court and register of wills are held by the same person such officer shall receive a salary of two thousand three hundred dollars only

In the counties having eighty thousand inhabitants or less but more than seventy thousand the salaries shall be

Of the sheriff three thousand four hundred dollars

Of the prothonotary two thousand four hundred dollars

Of the clerk of orphans' court one thousand four hundred dollars

Of the clerk of quarter sessions and oyer and terminer one thousand four hundred dollars

Of the register one thousand eight hundred dollars

Of the recorder of deeds two thousand four hundred dollars

Of the treasurer three thousand dollars

Of the county auditors where such office exists each two hundred dollars

Of the county controller where such office exists one thousand eight hundred dollars

Of the jury commissioners each one hundred seventy-five dollars

Of the keeper of prison or county jailor where such office exists eight hundred dollars

Where the office of register and clerk of the orphans' court are held by the same person such officer shall receive a salary of two thousand four hundred dollars only

Where the office of prothonotary clerk of the court of general quarter sessions and clerk of the court of oyer and terminer are held by the same person such officer shall receive a salary of three thousand dollars only

Where the office of prothonotary clerk of the court of general quarter sessions of oyer and terminer and clerk of the orphans' court are held by the same person such officer shall receive a salary of three thousand dollars only

Where the office of prothonotary clerk of the court of general quarter sessions clerk of the court of oyer and terminer clerk of the orphans' court register of wills and recorder of deeds are held by the same person such officer shall receive a salary of three thousand six hundred dollars only

Where the office of clerk of the court of general quarter sessions clerk of the court of oyer and terminer and clerk of the orphans' court are held by the same person such officer shall receive a salary of two thousand four hundred dollars only

Where the office of register of wills and recorder of deeds are held by the same person such officer shall receive a salary of two thousand eight hundred dollars only

Where the office of register of wills recorder of deeds and clerk of the orphans' court are held by the same person such officer shall receive a salary of three thousand two hundred dollars only

Where the office of recorder of deeds and clerk of the court of general quarter sessions are held by the same person such officer shall receive a salary of two thousand eight hundred dollars only

Where the office of recorder of deeds clerk of the court of general quarter sessions clerk of the court of oyer and terminer and clerk of the orphans' court are held by the same person such officer shall receive a salary of three thousand dollars only

Where the offices of clerk of the court of general quarter sessions clerk of the court of oyer and terminer clerk of orphans' court and register of wills are held by the same person such officer shall receive a salary of two thousand five hundred dollars only

In counties having ninety thousand inhabitants or less but more than eighty thousand the salaries shall be

Of the sheriff three thousand six hundred dollars

Of the prothonotary two thousand six hundred dollars

Of the clerk of orphans' court one thousand six hundred dollars

Of the clerk of quarter sessions and over and terminer one thousand six hundred dollars

Of the register two thousand dollars

Of the recorder of deeds two thousand six hundred dollars

Of the treasurer three thousand two hundred dollars

Of the county auditors where such office exists each two hundred fifty dollars

Of the county controller where such office exists two thousand dollars

Of the jury commissioners each two hundred dollars

Of the keeper of prison or county jailor where such office exists one thousand dollars

Where the office of register and clerk of the orphans' court are held by the same person officer shall receive a salary of two thousand six hundred dollars only

Where the office of prothonotary clerk of oyer and terminer are held by the same person such officer shall receive a salary of three thousand two hundred dollars only

Where the office of prothonotary clerk of the court of general quarter sessions clerk of the court of oyer and terminer and clerk of the orphans' court are held by the same person such officer shall receive a salary of three thousand five hundred dollars only

Where the office of prothonotary clerk of the court of general quarter sessions clerk of the court of oyer and terminer clerk of the orphans' court register of wills and recorder of deeds are held by the same person such officer shall receive a salary of four thousand dollars only

Where the office of clerk of the court of general quarter sessions clerk of the court of oyer and terminer and clerk of the orphans' court are held by the same person such officer shall receive a salary of two thousand six hundred dollars only

Where the office of register of wills and recorder of deeds are held by the same person such officer shall receive a salary of three thousand dollars only

Where the office of register of wills recorder of deeds and clerk of the orphans' court are held by the same person such officer shall receive a salary of three thousand three hundred dollars only

Where the office of recorder of deeds and clerk of the court of general quarter sessions are held by the same person such officer shall receive a salary of three thousand dollars only

Where the office of recorder of deeds clerk of the court of general quarter sessions clerk of the court of oyer and terminer and clerk of the orphans' court are held by the same person such officer shall receive a salary of three thousand two hundred dollars only

Where the offices of clerk of the court of general quarter sessions clerk of the court of oyer and terminer clerk of orphans' court and register of wills are held by the same person such officer shall receive a salary of two thousand eight hundred dollars only

In counties having one hundred thousand inhabitants or less but more than ninety thousand the salaries shall be

Of the sheriff three thousand eight hundred dollars

Of the prothonotary two thousand eight hundred dollars

Of the clerk of orphans' court one thousand eight hundred dollars

Of the clerk of quarter sessions and oyer and terminer one thousand eight hundred dollars

Of the register two thousand three hundred dollars

Of the recorder of deeds two thousand eight hundred dollars

Of the treasurer three thousand five hundred dollars

Of the county auditors where such office exists each two hundred seventy-five dollars

Of the county controller where such office exists two thousand three hundred dollars

Of the jury commissioners each two hundred fifty dollars

Of the keeper of prison or county jailor where such office exists one thousand two hundred dollars

Where the office of register and clerk of the orphans' court are held by the same person such officer shall receive a salary of two thousand eight hundred dollars only

Where the office of prothonotary clerk of the court of general quarter sessions and clerk of the court of oyer and terminer are held by the same person such officer shall receive a salary of three thousand five hundred dollars only

Where the office of prothonotary clerk of the court of general quarter sessions clerk of the court of oyer and terminer and clerk of the orphans' court are held by the same person such officer shall receive a salary of three thousand eight hundred dollars only

Where the office of prothonotary clerk of the court of general quarter sessions clerk of the court of oyer and terminer clerk of the orphans' court register of wills and recorder of deeds are held by the same person such officer shall receive a salary of four thousand five hundred dollars only

Where the office of clerk of the court of general quarter sessions clerk of the court of oyer and terminer clerk of the orphans' court are held by the same person such officer shall receive a salary of two thousand eight hundred dollars only

Where the office of register of wills recorder of deds and clerk of the orphans' court are held by same person such officer shall receive a salary of three thousand five hundred dollars only

Where the office of recorder of deeds and clerk of the court of general quarter sessions are held by the same person such officer shall receive a salary of three thousand two hundred dollars only

Where the office of recorder of deeds clerk of the court of general quarter sessions clerk of the court of oyer and terminer and clerk of the orphans' court are held by the same person such officer shall receive a salary of three thousand five hundred dollars only

Where the offices of clerk of the court of general quarter sessions clerk of the court of oyer and terminer clerk of orphans' court and register of wills are held by the same person such officer shall receive a salary of three thousand two hundred dollars only

In counties having one hundred fifty thousand inhabitants or less but more than one hundred thousand the salaries shall be

Of the sheriff four thousand dollars

Of the prothonotary three thousand two hundred dollars

Of the clerk of orphans' court two thousand five hundred dollars

Of the clerk of quarter sessions and oyer and terminer two thousand five hundred dollars

Of the register two thousand five hundred dollars

Of the recorder of deeds three thousand dollars

Of the treasurer four thousand dollars

Of the county surveyor two hundred dollars

Of the county auditors where such office exists each three hundred dollars

Of the county controller where such office exists two thousand five hundred dollars

Of the jury commissioners each three hundred dollars

Of the keeper of prison or county jailor where such office exists one thousand five hundred dollars

Where the office of register and clerk of the orphans' court are held by the same person such officer shall receive a salary of three thousand dollars only

Where the office of prothonotary clerk of the court of general quarter sessions and clerk of the court of oyer and terminer are held by the same person such officer shall receive a salary of four thousand dollars only

Where the office of prothonotary clerk of the court of general quarter sessions clerk of the court of oyer and terminer and clerk of the orphans' court are held by the same person such officer shall receive a salary of four thousand two hundred dollars only

Where the office of prothonotary clerk of the court of general quarter sessions clerk of the court of oyer and terminer clerk of the orphans' court register of wills and recorder of deeds are held by the same person such officer shall receive a salary of five thousand dollars only

Where the office of clerk of the court of general quarter sessions clerk of the court of oyer and terminer and clerk of the orphans' court are held by the same person such officer shall receive a salary of three thousand dollars only

Where the office of register of wills and recorder of deeds are held by the same person such officer shall receive a salary of three thousand five hundred dollars only

Where the office of register of wills recorder of deeds and clerk of the orphans' court are held by the same person such officer shall receive a salary of four thousand dollars only

Where the office of prothonotary clerk of the court of general quarter sessions clerk of the court of oyer and terminer and clerk of the orphans' court are held by the same person such officer shall receive a salary of four thousand dollars only

Where the office of recorder of deeds and clerk of the court of general quarter sessions are held by the same person such officer shall receive a salary of three thousand five hundred dollars only

Where the office of recorder of deeds clerk of the court of general quarter sessions clerk of the court of oyer and terminer and clerk of the orphans' court are held by the same person such officer shall receive a salary of three thousand dollars only

Where the office of clerk of the court of general quarter sessions clerk of the court of oyer and terminer clerk of orphans' court and register of wills are held by the same person such officer shall receive a salary of three thousand six hundred dollars only

Section 12 The salaries fixed and provided by the foregoing section shall be in lieu of all or any moneys fees perquisites or mileage expenses and other allowances which are now or may hereafter be received by or allowed to any officer named in this act and all said moneys fees mileage or perquisites received by any of them as compensation fees or perquisites from any source whatever shall in all cases belong to the county and shall be paid into the treasury (except where required to be paid to the Commonwealth) as provided in this act The sheriff however shall be allowed all mileage and expenses actually and necessarily incurred or paid out in performing any duty of his office The fees allowed for collecting collateral inheritance taxes shall remain as heretofore and shall be in addition to the salary provided for in this act

Section 13 The sheriff county jailor or prison keeper county auditors county controller county commissioners and the county treasurer shall severally be paid quarterly and shall be paid the full amount allowed to them by this bill but all fees and amoluments whatsoever that may accrue to either of them by virtue of their respective offices shall be paid by them to the county treasurer as directed by this act and all other officers shall be paid the amounts herein assigned them only when the net receipts of their respective offices shall reach the amount herein respectively fixed for them

Section 14 Except as otherwise provided all rights of action and all other remedies heretofore granted or extended to said officers for the collection of their respective fees are hereby extended and shall inure to the benefit of the several counties affected by this act for the collection of all fees and costs that may hereafter accure to said counties under the provisions of this act

Section 15 The population of any county under the provisions of this act shall be the population as ascertained by the latest Federal census

Section 16 This act shall take effect on the first Monday of January one thousand nine hundred and sixteen All county officers affected by it shall settle their several accounts under existing laws up to date and all laws or parts of laws general local or special inconsistent with this act are hereby repealed from that date but shall remain in full force and virtue as to all actions and remedies at law begun or accruing prior to that date

If the term of any county officer affected by this act does not expire on the first Monday of January one thousand nine hundred and sixteen this act shall take effect in such county so far as such office is concerned when the term of such officer expires

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1168, as follows:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen (Pamphlet Laws two hundred and eighty-three) entitled "An Act to amend section eighteen of an act approved the twenty-eighth day of April one thousand eight hundred ninety-nine entitled 'An Act to provide for the classification of the townships of the Commonwealth with respect to their population into two classes and to prescribe the form of government for townships of each class'"

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwalth of Pnnsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That an act approved the twenty-first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen Pamphlet Laws two hundred and eighty-three entitled "An Act to amend section eighteen of an act approved the twenty-eighth day of April one thousand eight hundred ninety-nine entitled 'An Act to provide for the classification of the townships of the Commonwealth with respect to their population into two classes and to prescribe the form of government for townships of each class" which reads as follows

"Section 18 The same person may hold the office of township treasurer and treasurer of the school board but no member of the school board no township commissioner or township auditor shall hold the office of township treasurer and no township treasurer shall be eligible to succeed himself Provided That where a person is appointed to fill a vacancy which may have occurred in the office of township treasurer of any township of the first class in this Commonwealth by death resignation removal from township or otherwise such person after serving the unexpired term or any part thereof of the person whose place he is appointed to fill may be elected to succeed himself for one term as township treasurer of such township" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 18 The same person may hold the office of township treasurer and treasurer of the school board but no member of the school board no township commissioner or township auditor shall hold the office of township treasurer

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 528, as follows:

In relation to the appointment and salaries of the deputy seriffs on duty in the court rooms of the courts of oyer and terminer and quarter sessions of the peace in counties containing a population of not less than five hundred thousand nor more than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants as computed by the last preceding United State census and repealing all acts or parts of acts general special or local inconsistent therewith

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That in all cases where the sheriff of any county containing a population of not less than five hundred thousand or more than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants as computed by the last preceding United States census shall appoint persons to act as deputies in the court rooms of the courts of oyer and terminer and quarter sessions of the peace of such county he may do so only with the approval of the court or courts for which such deputies are appointed and the chief deputy so appointed shall receive the sum of one hundred fifty dollars ($150.00) per month and all other deputies so appointed shall receive the sum of one hundred fifteen dollars ($115.00) per month such deputies to give bond with surety to be approved by the prothonotary in such sum as the court may direct

Section 2 An Act approved the thirteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven (Pamphlet Laws nine hundred and three) entitled "An Act in relation to the appointment and salaries of the deputy sheriffs on duty in the court room of the courts of oyer and terminer and quarter sessions of the peace in counties containing a population of not less than seven hundred and fifty thousand nor more than one million two hundred thousand" together with all other acts or parts of acts general special or local inconsistent with this act are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1235, entitled:

An act to repeal an act entitled "An Act to provide for the erection of a poor house for the better relief and employment of the poor in the townships of Oxford and Lower Dublin in the county of Philadelphia" approved the eleventh day of April one thousand eight hundred and seven and the various supplements thereto also providing for the settlement of the accounts of the board of directors and also providing for the disposal of all the property held by the said board of directors under the said act of the eleventh day of April one thousand eight hundred and seven and its various supplements

The first section was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembely met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That an act entitled "An Act to provide for the erection of a poor house for the better relief and employment of the poor in the townships of Oxford and Lower Dublin in the county of Philadelphia" approved the eleventh day of April one thousand eight hundred and seven that a supplement to said act approved the sixteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred and twenty-seven that a 'further supplement of said act approved the ninth day of April one thousand eight hundred and twenty-seven that a 'further supplement to said act approved the eleventh day of April one thousand eight hundred and seven'" be and the same are hereby repealed subject of the provisions of the following sections of this act

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. GANS. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 1, lines 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13 and 14, by striking out beginning with the word "that" on line 8, and ending with the word "same" on line 14, and inserting in lieu thereof and the various supplements thereto

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The second and third sections were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 2 The board of directors created by said act of the eleventh day of April one thousand eight hundred and seven entitled "An Act to provide for the erection of a poor house for the better relief and employment of the poor in the townships of Oxford and Lower Dublin in the county of Philadelphia" are hereby authorized and empowered to transfer convey set over execute and deliver under the seal of the corporation all the rights titles and interests in all the real estate and personal property by said board of directors for the benefit and maintenance of the poor of said townships to the city of Philadelphia in fee subject to such liens debts and incumbrances as may have been lawfully created by said board of directors Provided That the existing arrangements created by acts of Assembly of this Commonwealth and by ordinances of the councils of the said city for the care support and maintenance of the poor shall be extended to said townships Provided further That all of the indebtedness of said board of directors lawfully made as such shall be paid by the City of Philadelphia

Section 3 Said directors shall within thirty (30) days after this act becomes a law prepare and send to the city

controller a full and complete statement of all the accounts receipts debts credits and properties real and personal in their possession and control so held by them for the maintenance and support of the poor of Oxford and Lower Dublin townships of the county of Philadelphia said statement to cover the period of time between the last audit of their accounts and the date of the city taking possession said statement to be audited by the city controller All cash moneys found to be on hand shall be paid into the city treasury for general purposes all supplies to be turned over to the Department of Public Health and Charities and proper itemized receipts to be given and taken therefor A full and complete statement of the audit to be made and the property so received by the city and its departments shall be made to the mayor and the city councils by the city controller and the Department of Public Health and Charities at the next ensuing meeting of councils Provided That all suits at law contracts engagements undertakings bonds recognizances and obligations whatsoever to which the said board of directors may in any manner or way be legally a party by virtue of the powers and duties conferred on them by said act of April eleventh one thousand eight hundred and seven and its various supplements shall remain and be unaffected by the passage of this act and in full force as fully and effectually as by or against the said board of directors

The fourth section was read as follows:

Section 4 The eighteenth (18) section of the act of February second Anno Domini eighteen hundred and fifty-four (Pamphlet Laws page two (2),) entitled An Act "A further supplement to an act to incorporate the City of Philadelphia" and all other acts or parts of acts inconsistent with this act are hereby repealed

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. GANS. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

Amend section 4, line 3, by striking out the figures (2) and inserting in lieu thereof the figures (21)

Amend section 4, line 3, by striking out the words "an act"

Amend section 4, line 4, by striking out and inserting in lieu thereof after the word "act" the words "entitled 'an act"

Amend section 4, line 4, by inserting a single quote after the word Philadelphia'

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendments?

They were agreed to,

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The title was read and agreed to as follows:

An Act to repeal an act enntitled "An Act to provide for the erection of a poor house for the better relief and employment of the poor in the townships of Oxford and Lower Dublin in the county of Philadelphia" approved the eleventh day of April one thousand eight hundred and seven and the various supplements thereto also providing for the settlement of the accounts of the board of directors and also providing for the disposal of all the property held by said board of directors under the said act of the eleventh day of April one thousand eight hundred and seven and its various supplements

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. DUNN. Mr. Speaker, this bill No. 1235 affects my district and I move that it be re-referred to the Committee of Public Health and Sanitation for a public hearing.

Mr. GANS. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the motion?

It was agreed to.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1233, as follows:

An Act authorizing townships of the first class to create a paid fire service or department and providing for the levying of a tax for the creation and maintenance of such fire service or department

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the board of township commissioners in every township of the first class may in their discretion create and maintain a paid fire service or department for fire protection and may by ordinance duly passed according to law establish such fire stations in the township and appoint such officers and firemen and fix their compensation as said commissioners in their discretion deem necessary

Section 2 In order to create such fire service or department and to maintain same after being created the commissioners of such townships shall have the power to levy a tax not exceeding one mill upon all of the taxable property in such township

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1211, as follows:

An Act requiring the prothonotaries of the several courts of common pleas of this Commonwealth to provide an Adsectum Judgment Index and fixing the fees of the prothonotaries therefor

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That it shall be the duty of the prothonotaries of the several courts of common pleas to keep a separate index to be known as the Adsectum Judgment Index in which shall be entered in alphabetical order the names of all persons in whose favor any judgment or judgments shall have been entered or to whom any judgment or judgments already entered have been assigned of record

Section 2 The prothonotaries of the several courts of common pleas are hereby authorized to collect as part of the costs for entering any judgment or assignment thereof a fee of twenty-five cents for indexing said judgments or assignments in the Adsectum Judgment Index in addition to any fees which they are now authorized to collect by existing laws

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1061, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation for the refunding of certain moneys mistakenly paid into the State Treasury by Eva Riley and G. M. Lake executors of Theresa E. Smith deceased

Whereas Theresa E. Smith of the township of Springville County of Susquehanna and State of Pennsylvania died on the eleventh day of November one thousand nine hundred thirteen leaving a last will and testament under and by virtue of which is to be distributed property real and personal of her estate the total valuation of which by the collateral appraiser duly appointed by the Register of Wills of Susquehanna county Pennsylvania is five thousand five hundred thirty-nine dollars and ninety-four cents ($5,539.94)

Whereas The said Eva Riley and G. M. Lake executors acting under mistaken belief that the entire amount of said collateral appraisal without deduction was subject to the payment of collateral inheritance tax thereon have heretofore paid into the State Treasury as collateral inheritance tax thereon the sum of two hundred sixty-three dollars and fifteen cents ($263.15)

And whereas The debts against and costs and expenses of settlement of said estate are one one thousand one hundred forty-seven dollars and seventy cents ($1,147.70) which is not liable to said collateral inheritance tax by reason of which said executors have overpaid into the State Treasury the sum of fifty-four dollars and fifty-two cents ($54.52)

And whereas It has not been and is not legally possible under existing laws for the said Eva Riley and G. M. Lake executors of said estate to obtain a return of said moneys so paid by mistake therefore

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of fifty-four dollars and fifty-two cents ($54.52) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated for the purpose of refunding to the said Eva Riley and G. M. Lake executors of the last will of Theresa E. Smith deceased the moneys so

paid by them into the State Treasury through ignorance of law and which they mistakenly believed to be so payable

Section 2 No payment shall be made under the provisions of this act until due proof shall have been furnished the Auditor General of the payment mentioned herein and alleged to have been mistakenly paid by the said Eva Riley and G. M. Lake executors

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 485, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Hospital for Injured Persons of the anthracite coal region of Pennsylvania at Fountain Springs near Ashland Schuylkill County Pennsylvania to cover a deficiency

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of twenty-three thousand four hundred and eighty-seven dollars and twenty-four cents ($23,487.24) is hereby specifically appropriated to the Trustees of the State Hospital for Injured Persons of the anthracite coal regions of Pennsylvania at Fountain Springs near Ashland Schuylkill County Pennsylvania to liquidate the indebtedness of said institution caused by deficiency in appropriation said indebtedness having been incurred as follows

In remodeling and repairing toilet rooms three thousand four hundred and twenty-six dollars and twenty-three cents ($3,426.23) in providing furniture bed and bedding three thousand nine hundred and seventy-one dollars and thirty?six cents ($3,971.36) in providing necessary plumbing two thousand three hundred and eighty-three dollars and forty cents ($2,383.40) insurance five hundred dollars and forty-four cents ($500.44) interest on indebtedness eight hundred and twenty-five dollars and seventy-one cents ($825.71) erection of necessary fire escapes two hundred and eighty dollars ($280.00)

In remodeling present heating system six thousand four hundred and forty-two dollars and thirty-seven cents ($6,442.37)

In providing an X-ray apparatus and necessary laboratory supplies two thousand eight hundred and sixty-five dollars and sixty-seven cents ($2,865.67)

In making necessary repairs and extensions to ice machine and refrigeration plant with addition of a horizontal engine two thousand seven hundred and ninety-two dollars ($2,792.00)

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 165, as follows:

An Act making a deficiency appropriation to the State Hospital of Coaldale Coaldale Schuylkill County Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of seventeen thousand two hundred nine dollars and twenty-one cents ($17,209.21) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to the State Hospital of Coaldale Coaldale Schuylkill county Pennsylvania to cover a deficiency in maintenance and operation of the said hospital for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred thirteen

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order.

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1239, as follows:

An Act to enable city county poor ward school borough and township tax collectors their executors and administrators if they are deceased or either surety or sureties if the surety or sureties have paid the taxes to collect taxes for the payment of which they have become personally liable without having collected the same by the expiration of the authority of their respective bonds or by the expiration of the authority of their respective warrants or by the expiration of their terms of office and to extend the time for the collection of the same for a period of two years from the passage of this act

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That in all cases in which the period of two years the limitation of the warrants of the duplicates of the county state dog poor road city township ward school and borough tax collectors have expired and in case where the power and authority of said tax collectors have expired or shall expire during the year one thousand nine hundred and fifteen by virtue of the expiration of their terms of office and said tax collector or collectors have or shall become personally liable for the taxes contained in said duplicates and warrants or any part thereof by reason of the personal payment or otherwise by the said tax collector or collectors of the said taxes or any part thereof without having recovered or collected the same from the person or persons against whom they have been levied and assessed or without having recovered or collected the same from the person or persons owning the property against which the said taxes have been levied and assessed the said duplicates and warrants and the powers and authority of the said tax collectors in all such cases are hereby revived and extended for another period of two years in the passage of this act and the said tax collector or collectors their executors or administrators if they are deceased or either surety or sureties if the said surety or sureties have paid the said taxes are hereby empowered to proceed and collect said taxes from all such persons who have not paid them residing in said district within which said taxes are assessed as well as from all persons who may remove or have removed from said city ward township or townships or boroughs and have neglected to pay the taxes as aforesaid assessed with the like effect as if said warrant or warrants had not expired by the limitation of the two years as aforesaid or the term of office of said tax collector had not expired Provided That the provisions of this act shall not apply to warrants issued prior to the year one thousand eight hundred ninety-four and that nothing in this act shall release any bondsman or security Provided That this act shall not apply to cities having special laws on this subject Provided also That no collector or the sureties thereof who take advantage of this act shall be permitted to plead the statute of limitations in any action brought to recover the amount of any duplicate or warrant so extended or renewed Provided further That no statute of limitations shall prevent the collector of any tax for which the warrants and powers and authorities of the said tax collectors have been so as aforesaid extended renewed and revived

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House bill No. 180, as follows:

An Act to give additional protection to wild birds and animals and game within the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania prohibiting the hunting for or capture or killing of such wild birds or animals or game by unnaturalized foreign-born residents forbidding the ownership or possession of dogs by any unnaturalized foreign-born resident within the Commonwealth and prescribing penalties for violation of its provisions.

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That it shall be unlawful for any unnaturalized foreign-born resident to hunt for or capture or kill in this Commonwealth any wild bird or animal either game or otherwise of any description excepting in defense of person or property and to that end it shall be unlawful for any unnaturalized foreign-born resident within this Commonwealth to either own or be possessed of a dog of any kind Each person violating any provision of this section shall upon conviction thereof be sentenced to pay a fine of twenty-five dollars for each offense or undergo imprisonment in the common jail of the county for the period of one day for each dollar of fine and costs In addition to the beforenamed fine all dogs of the before-mentioned kinds found in possession or under control of an unnaturalized foreign-born resident shall upon conviction of such person or upon his signing a declaration of guilt as prescribed by this act be declared forefeited to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and shall be either killed in a humane manner and disposed of by the officer making the complaint at the cost of the owner or shall be turned over to the nearest agent of the society for the prevention of cruelty to animals to be put to death in a humane manner.

Section 2 For the purposes of this act any unnaturalized foreign-born person who shall reside or live within the boundaries of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania for ten consecutive days shall be considered a resident and shall be liable to the penalties imposed for violation of the provisions of this act.

Section 3 The possession of a dog at any place outside of buildings within this Commonwealth by an unnaturalized foreign-born resident shall be conclusive proof of a violation of the provisions of section one of this act and shall render any person convicted thereof liable to the fine as fixed by said section.

The presence of a dog in a room or house or building or tent or camp of any description within this Commonwealth occupied or controlled by an unnaturalized foreign-born resident shall be prima facie evidence that such dog is owned or controlled by the person occupying or controlling the property in which such dog is found and shall render such person liable to the fine imposed by section one of this act.

Section 5 Notice of the seizure of all dogs made for violation of any provision of section one of this act shall be sent to the Board of Game Commissioners at Harrisburg by the officer making such seizure immediately after the final verdict in any prosecution brought for violation of said provisions or upon the signing of the acknowledgment of guilt as hereinafter provided and the dog so seized shall be either killed in a humane manner and disposed of by the officer making the complaint at the cost of the owner or shall be turned over to the nearest agent of the society for the prevention of cruelty to animals to be put to death in a humane manner.

Section 6 All duly appointed and sworn officers of the Board of Game Commissioners of this Commonwealth and all constables police officers members of the State constabulary forestry-wardens fish-wardens and all peace officers of the Commonwealth shall arrest without warrant any person whom they have good reasons to suspect as belonging to the class of unnaturalized foreign-born residents when they find such person with dogs in their possession within the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Such arrests may also be made upon Sunday in which case the person or persons so arrested for safe-keeping may be committed to the jail or lock-up for that day but shall be taken before the proper magistrate and proceeded against on a week day following the arrest.

Section 7 Each magistrate alderman and justice of the peace within this Commonwealth shall have the power of summary conviction pertaining to the violation of any of the provisions of this act All actions for violation of any of the provisions hereinbefore-mentioned excepting where the defendant is taken in the act or in a pursuit immediately following the act shall be commenced within one year of the time of such violation Each magistrate alderman and justice of the peace on complaint made before him on affidavit of any person of a violation of the provisions of this act by any person shall issue his warrant under his hand and official seal directed to any constable police officer game protector fish-warden or any other officer of the State known as a police officer and authorized to serve warrants and cause such person to be brought before such magistrate alderman or justice of the peace who shall hear the evidence and determine the guilt or innocence of the party charged If the accused be convicted of such offense he shall be sentenced to pay the fine prescribed by the section violated and to pay all costs of prosecution All fines collected in cases where the prosecutor is a paid officer of the Commonwealth shall be immediately surrendered by the court receiving the same to such prosecutor who in turn shall as soon as may be forward or deliver such amount in full to the secretary of the Board of Game Commissioners who shall at once deposit the same in the State Treasury where it shall be kept separate and apart as a part of a fund to be used solely for the protceion and propagation of game under the direction of the Board of Game Commissioners Where any other than a paid officer of the Commonwealth is the prosecutor one-half of any fine thus collected shall belong to said prosecutor and be paid to him The remaining one-half shall be forthwith forwarded to the secretary of the Game Commission at Harrisburg together with a statement of the cause for which said money shall have been collected The cost of which statement is hereby fixed as fifty cents and made a part of the costs of prosecution It shall be the duty of the Board of Game Commissioners to keep a record of the cases for which said money was collected and to deliver the fund thus arising at least once a month to the State Treasurer who shall keep it separate and apart as a part of a fund to be used solely for the protection and propagation of game under the direction of the Board of Game Commissioners Any defendant refusing to pay such fine with the costs of prosecution shall be committed to the common jail of the county for a period of one day for each dollar of fine imposed unless he shall enter a good and sufficient recognizance with one or more sureties to pay such fine within ten days or to answer such complaint upon the charge of misdemeanor before the court of quarter sessions of the peace county in which the offense was committed Such court upon conviction of the defendant of such offense on his failure to pay the fine imposed together with the costs of prosecution shall commit such defendant to the common jail of the county for a period of one day for each dollar of fine and costs Any person charged with the violation of any of the provisions of this act may at his discretion sign an acknowledgment of the offense committed and pay any duly sworn game protector the fine in full as fixed by the section violated with costs to that date The printed receipt therefor which shall in every instance bear the seal of the Board of Game Commissioners and the signature of its secretary shall be evidence of full satisfaction for the offense committed.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1209, as follows:

An Act regulating the disposition of dockets of justices of the peace and aldermen and providing penalties.

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That at the expiration of the term of office of any justice of the peace or alderman or when any docket of a justice of the peace or alderman is filled such docket shall be delivered to the prothonotary of the county for safe-keeping Upon the election of a successor to such justice or alderman the docket not filled shall be delivered to such successor in office The docket when in the possession of the prothonotary shall be a public record and shall on demand be accessible to any citizen of the Commonwealth.

Section 2 Any justice of the peace or alderman who fails to comply with the provisions of section one of this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding one hundred dollars.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1237, as follows:

An Act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act to designate the several judicial districts of the Commonwealth as required by the Constitution and to provide for the election appointment and commissioning of judges learned in the law for the said districts in cases where such judges are not provided for by existing law" approved the eighteenth day of July one thousand nine hundred one

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That so much of section one of an act of Assembly approved the eighteenth day of July one thousand nine hundred one entitled "An Act to designate the several judicial districts of the Commonwealth as required by the Constitution and to provide for the election appointment and commissioning of judges learned in the law for said districts in cases where such judges are not provided for by the existing law" which reads as follows

"The twentieth district of the counties of Huntingdon Bedford and Mifflin and shall have one judge learned in the law" is hereby amended to read as follows

The twentieth district of the counties of Bedford and Mifflin and shall have one judge learned in the law

The fifty-seventh district of the county of Huntingdon and shall have one judge learned in the law

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House bill No. 735, as follows:

A supplement supplementary to an act entitled "An Act providing for the voting of shares of stock in corporations in this Commonwealth held by executors administrators guardians and trustees and the manner of voting the same" approved March sixteenth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That whenever any executor administrator guardian or trustee whether created by last will and testament or by decree of the proper court shall be a corporation in this Commonwealth or organized under the laws of the same and whenever there shall be included among the assets of any estate in which such corporation shall act in a fiduciary capacity as aforesaid any of the shares of stock of the corporation acting in such fiduciary capacity and such shares of stock are held by such corporation in such fiduciary capacity such corporation shall have no right or power to vote any such shares of stock either directly by the officers of such corporation or indirectly by a trustee of such corporation or in any manner whatsoever but the right and power to vote such stock shall vest in the beneficiary or beneficiaries of such corporation trust except where such beneficiary is a minor or lunatic in which case the right and power to vote such stock shall vest in the guardian of such minor other than the corporation holding its own stock in such capacity or in the committee of such lunatic provided however that where such corporation is one of two or more executors administrators trustees or guardians created as aforesaid the right and power to vote the stock of the said corpora-

tion held by it in such fiduciary capacity as aforesaid shall vest solely in the remaining executor administrator guardian or trustee or if more than one the remaining executors administrators guardians and trustees

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House bill No. 1210, as follows:

An Act designating the wild honeysuckle (Rhododendron Nudiflorum) as the floral emblem or State flower of Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the wild honeysuckle (Rhododendron Nudiflorum) shall be the State flower or floral emblem of Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1202, entitled:

An Act to amend sections one and two of an act approved the twenty-ninth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled "An Act to provide for the registration of conveyances of real estate in townships of the first class in order to facilitate the assessment of taxes in the name of the owner of said real estate at the time of the assessment" so as to exclude from the provisions of the act townships of the first class in counties having a board for the assessment and revision of taxes for State and county purposes

The first section was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section one of an act approved the twenty-ninth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled "An Act to provide for the registration of conveyances of real estate in townships of the first class in order to facilitate the assessment of taxes in the name of the owner of said real estate at time of the assessment" which reads as follows

"Section 1 That from and after the passage of this act it shall be the duty of township commissioners in each township of the first class within this Commonwealth to procure and cause to be kept by the town clerk record books in the form of the indices which are required by law to be kept in the recorder of deeds of the particular county for the indexing of deeds and conveyances of real estate wherein the said town clerk shall enter when notified by the recorder of deeds of the county as hereinafter provided each deed or conveyance or any tract piece parcel or lot of real estate within the respective township noting the names of the grantor and grantee the acreage of the land conveyed if mentioned the consideration mentioned in the deed and the election district or districts in which the same may be located and if the land conveyed be a lot or lots in a recorded plan the number or numbers by which the same may be designated on the plan if mentioned in the deed In one such record book deeds and conveyances shall be noted in the name of the grantor first and in another they shall be first noted in the name of the grantee" shall be amended to read as follows

Section 1 That from and after the passage of this act it shall be the duty of township commissioners in each township of the first class within this Commonwealth except townships of the first class in counties having a board for the assessment and revision of taxes for State and county purposes to procure and cause to be kept by the town clerk record books in the form of the indices which are required by law to be kept in the recorder of deeds of the particular county for the indexing of deeds and conveyances of real estate wherein the said town clerk shall enter when notified by the recorder of deeds of the county as hereinafter provided each deed or conveyance or any tract piece parcel or lot of real estate within the respective township noting the names of the grantor and grantee the acreage of the land conveyed if mentioned the consideration mentioned in the deed and the election district or districts in which the same may be located and if the land conveyed be a lot or lots in a recorded plan the number or numbers by which the same may be designated on the plan if mentioned in the deed In one such record book deeds and conveyances shall be noted in the name of the grantor first and in another they shall be first noted in the name of the grantee

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section

Mr. McVICAR. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 1, line 8, by inserting after the word "taxes" the word "therein"

Amend section 1, line 12, by inserting after the word "of" the word "the"

Amend section 1, line 16, by inserting after the first word "the" the words "office of the"

Amend section 1, line 26, by striking out the word "in" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "on"

Amend section 1, line 28, by striking out the word "and" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "or"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendments?

They were agreed to,

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The second section was read as follows:

Section 2 That section two of said act which reads as follows

"Section 2 Before the recorder of deeds of any county shall admit to record in his office any deed of conveyance of land in any township of the first class within the said county he shall charge and collect from the person presenting the said deed of conveyance for record the sum of fifteen (15) cents as a fee for the service hereinafter prescribed and at the time of admitting the said deeds of conveyance to record the said recorder of deeds shall transmit to the town clerk of the township of the first class in which the said land so conveyed may be located an abstract of the said deed of conveyance giving the name of the grantor the name and address of the grantee the acreage conveyed if mentioned and the consideration money mentioned and if the land conveyed be a lot or lots on a recorded plan the number or numbers by which the same may be designated if mentioned in the deed and it shall be the duty of the said town clerk to note the said deed of conveyance in the record books hereinbefore directed to be kept in the manner hereinbefore prescribed and it shall be the further duty of the said town clerk without any fee or compensation therefor other than the salary of his office to ascertain and note on the said record books the election district or districts of the said township in which the said land so conveyed may be located" shall be amended to read as follows

Section 2 Before the recorder of deeds of any county wherein there is no board for the assessment and revision of taxes for State and county purposes shall admit to record in his office any deed of conveyance of land in any township of the first class within said county he shall charge and collect from the person presenting the said deed of conveyance for record the sum of fifteen (15) cents as a fee for the service hereinafter prescribed and at the time of admitting the said deed of conveyance to record the said recorder of deeds shall transmit to the town clerk of the township of the first class in which the said land so conveyed may be located an abstract of the said deed of conveyance giving the name of the grantor the name and address of the grantee the acreage conveyed if mentioned and the consideration money mentioned and if the land conveyed be a lot or lots on a recorded plan the number or numbers by which the same may be designated on the plan if mentioned in the deed and it shall be the duty of the town clerk to note the said deed of conveyance in the record books hereinbefore directed to be kept in the manner hereinbefore prescribed and it shall be the further duty of the town clerk without any fee or compensation therefor other than the salary of his office to ascertain and note on the said record books the election district or districts of the said township in which the said land so conveyed may be located

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. McVICAR. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 2, line 18, by inserting after the word "designated" the words "on the plan"

Amend section 2, line 24, by inserting after the word "and" the word "to"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendments?

They were agreed to,

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The title was read as follows:

An Act to amend sections one and two of an act approved the twenty-ninth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled "An Act to provide for the registration of conveyances of real estate in townships of the first class in order to facilitate the assessment of taxes in the name of the owner of said real estate at the time of the assessment" so as to exclude from the provisions of the act townships of the first class in counties having a board for the assessment and revision of taxes for State and county purposes

On the question,

Will the House agree to the title?

Mr. McVICAR. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend title, line 6, by inserting after the word "taxes" the word "therein"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to,

On the question,

Will the House agree to the title as amended?

It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1137, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation for the refunding to the Ridge Avenue Farmers' Market Company certain moneys for the unexpired portion of a cold storage warehouse license

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of forty-one dollars and sixty-six cents ($41.66) is hereby specifically appropriated for the purpose of refunding to the Ridge Avenue Farmers' Market Company H B Hunsicker manager of Eighteenth Street and Ridge Avenue Philadelphia for the return of a portion of a license fee for a cold storage warehouse which license fee was paid into the State Treasury but which said cold storage warehouse was not conducted longer than two months under said license Payment of the moneys herein appropriated shall be on warrant of the Auditor General upon the production of satisfactory proof to him of the justice of refunding said sum aforesaid

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1058, entitled:

An Act amending an act entitled "An Act prescribing a method for disbursing and accounting for certain appropriations to departments bureaus commissions and other branches of the State government" approved the twenty-third day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine by providing for an extension of the provisions of such act to boards of trustees overseers managers and other persons in charge of institutions owned and controlled by the State in whole or in part and which are known as State and semi-State institutions maintained for various charitable educational and elseemosynary purposes

The first section was read and agreed to as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section one of an act entitled "An Act prescribing a method for disbursing and accounting for certain appropriations to departments bureaus commissions and other branches of the State government" approved the twenty-third day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine which reads as follows

"Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That hereafter when any appropriation is made to any department bureau commission or other branch of the Government of this Commonwealth which is intended for expenses of such a nature as to make it impracticable for said department bureau commission or other branch of the government of the Commonwealth to file with the Auditor General itemized receipts or vouchers prior to the advance by the accounting officers of funds sufficient to meet such expenses it shall be lawful for such department bureau commission or other branch of the State government to make requisition upon the Auditor General from time to time for such sum or sums of the appropriation as may be necessary to meet such expenses and the Auditor General after the approval of said requisition by himself and the State Treasurer shall draw his warrant upon the latter officer for such sum or sums to be paid out of the appropriation as in the discretion of the Auditor General may be necessary Said department bureau commission or other branch of the State government shall whenever required by the Auditor General file specifically itemized vouchers in such form as many be prescribed by him accounting for all money expended out of said advance All balances in the hands of said department bureau commission or other branch of the State government at the end of the appropriation period for which expenses have not been incurred shall be returned to the State Treasurer before any advance is made out of any succeeding appropriation for the same purpose" is hereby amended so as to read as follows

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That hereafter when any appropriation is made to any department bureau commission board of trustees overseers managers and other persons in charge of institutions owned and controlled by the State in whole or in part and which are known as State and semi-State institutions or other branch of the government of this Commonwealth which is intended for expenses of such a nature as to make it impracticable for said department bureau commission board of trustees overseers managers and other persons in charge of institutions owned and controlled by the State in whole or in part and which are known as State and semi-State institutions or other branch of the government of the Commonwealth to file with the Auditor General itemized receipts or vouchers prior to the advance by the accounting officers of funds sufficient to meet such expenses it shall be lawful for such department bureau commission board of trustees overseers managers and other persons in charge of institutions owned and controlled by the State in whole or in part and which are known as State and semi-State institutions or other branch of the State government to make requisition upon the Auditor General from time to time for such sum or sums of the appropriation as may be necessary to meet such expenses and the Auditor General after the approval of said requisition by himself and the State Treasurer shall draw his warrant upon the latter officer for such sum or sums to be paid out of the appropriation as in the discretion of the Auditor General may be necessary Said department bureau commission board of trustees overseers managers and other persons in charge of institutions owned and controlled by the State in whole or in part and which are known as State and semi-State institutions or other branch of the State government shall whenever required by the Auditor General file specifically itemized vouchers in such form as may be prescribed by him accounting for all money expended out of said advance All balances in the hands of said department bureau commission board of trustees overseers managers and other persons in charge of institutions owned and controlled by the State in whole or in part and which are known as State and semi-State institutions or other branch of the State government at the end of the appropriation period for which expenses have not been incurred shall be returned to the State Treasurer before any advance is made out of any suceeding appropriation for the same purpose Provided however That the funds so advanced shall be deposited in the name of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania by the officer or institution to whom or which said advancement is made in a depository approved by the Board of Revenue Commissioners and the name of such bank or depository certified to the State Treasurer And provided further That the advancement shall never in any case exceed the amount of the bond of the officer or individual having control of the disbursements from the funds so advanced

The title was read as follows:

An Act amending an act entitled "An Act prescribing a method for disbursing and accounting for certain appropriations to departments bureaus commissions and other branches of the State Government" approved the twenty-third day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine by providing for an extension of the provisions of such act to boards of trustees overseers managers and other persons in charge of institutions owned and controlled by the State in whole or in part and which are known as State and semi-State institutions maintained for various charitable educational and eleemosynary purposes

On the question,

Will the House agree to the title?

Mr. WOODWARD. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend title, line 11, by striking out the word "elseemosynay" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "eleemosynary"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the title as amended?

It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1099, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the several fire companies of the City of Harrisburg

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of five thousand six hundred dollars ($5,600.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated for the several fire companies of the City of Harrisburg for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and fifteen said sum to be distributed among said companies in equal amounts

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 123, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation of eight hundred dollars for the purpose of maintaining the public road and the bridges thereon through the Cornplanter Indian Rserevation and of building a new bridge on such road in Elk township Warren county Pennsylvania

The first section was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pensylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the annual sum of two hundred dollars ($200) per year be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated to be paid to the treasurer of Elk township Warren county on warrant drawn on the State Treasurer by the Auditor General which money shall be disbursed under the direction of the supervisors of said Elk township for the maintenance in good repair of the public road or highway passing through said Indian Reservation and the bridges thereon.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. LINDSEY. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 1, line (4) by striking out the words "per year" and by inserting before the words "be" the words "for the two fiscal years beginning June 1st, 1915."

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to,

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The preamble and title were read as follows:

Whereas, The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania granted to the Cornplanter Indians a branch of the Seneca Nation about six hundred and forty acres of land on the west bank of the Allegheny river now in the township of Elk county of Warren which land is not subject to taxation.

An Act making an appropriation of eight hundred dollars for the purpose of maintaining the public road and the bridges thereon through the Cornplanter Indian Reservation and of building a new bridge on such road in Elk township Warren county Pennsylvania

On the question,

Will the House agree to the title?

Mr. LINDSEY. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendments.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend the title in line (1) by striking out the word "Eight" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "Four;" and in line (2) by striking out the words "and the bridges," and in line (3) by striking out the first word "thereon" and at the end of said line and in line (4) by striking out the words "and of building a new bridge on such road."

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendments?

They were agreed to,

On the question,

Will the House agree to the title as amended?

It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1143, as follows:

An Act to provide for certain appointments in the Executive Department fixing the salaries thereof and abolishing certain offices.

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the Governor is hereby authorized to appoint in the Executive Department in addition to the Private Secretary one executive clerk at a salary of three thousand dollars per annum one commission clerk at a salary of fifteen hundred dollars per annum one clerk who shall be a stenographer and typewriter at a salary of fifteen hundred dollars per annum one clerk at a salary of twelve hundred dollars per annum one messenger at a salary of twelve hundred dollars per annum one filing clerk at a salary of eleven hundred dollars per annum and one night watchman at a salary of nine hundred dollars per annum

Section 2 The office of assistant executive clerk and the office of page in the Executive Department are hereby abolished.

Section 3 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with or supplied by this act are hereby repealed.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1114 (Senate Bill No. 167), entitled:

An Act to amend section three of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the appointment of game commissioners for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania defining their duties and empowering them to appoint game protectors" approved the twenty-fifth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five as amended by the act of the fifteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven (Pamphlet Laws nine hundred sixty) authorizing the Board of Game Commissioners to increase its force of game protectors from thirty to sixty.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 876 (Senate Bill No. 197), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Hospital for the Criminal Insane at Farview to cover deficiency in maintenance and equipment of said hospital

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1220 (Senate Bill No. 166), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to the State Hospital for Injured Persons of the Trevorton Shamokin and Mount Carmel coal fields situate in the township of Coal near Shamokin Northumberland county Pennsylvania for deficiency in maintenance for the two fiscal years commencing June first one thousand nine hundred thirteen.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 393, as follows:

An Act relating to the powers duties and fees of coroners and their officers or assistants

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from and after the passage of this act whenever a coroner or deputy coroner shall have been called or notified of a death warranting an investigation by said coroner or deputy coroner it shall be the duty of said coroner or deputy coroner in such case to investigate the death and to view the body of any such person who had died as a result of a felony violence suicide drowning misadventure or negligence and all cases in which any such person shall have died after an illness of less than twenty-four hours and it shall be the duty of said coroner or deputy coroner to investigate the death and to view the body of any person without call or notification in each case wherein suspicious circumstances render investigation necessary as well as such other cases wherein suspicious circumstances are sworn to before the said coroner or deputy coroner by one or more residents of the county or by a person having knowledge of such circumstances Provided also That such death did not occur in or by reason of an accident in any of the anthracite or bituminous coal mines of this Commonwealth

Section 2 It shall be the duty of said coroner or deputy coroner to proceed at once to the place where the dead body is and investigate the cause of death and if the object of a coroner's inquest will be promoted by holding an inquest he shall summon a jury hold an inquest upon such body or bodies if more than one and file the return of said inquest in the office of the court of quarter sessions of the peace in and for the county whereof he is coroner

Section 3 Every coroner shall have the power when occasion shall require to issue a writ or writs in the nature of a writ of venire facias to summon a jury or a writ or writs of subpoena ad testificandum or a writ or writs in the nature of a writ of subpoena or a writ or writ of attachment directed to any constable or officer of the law for service Provided however That the fees of the said constable or other officer for executing or serving any such writ or writs shall be paid by the said county

Section 4 Until otherwise provided by law the respective counties of this Commonwealth shall pay or cause to be paid to the coroner thereof the following fees to wit

For investigating each case of death and viewing each dead body when no inquest in held five dollars and fifty cents ($5.50)

For summoning and qualifying each inquest two dollars and fifty cents ($2.50)

For investigating each case and viewing each dead body and holding each inquest ten dollars ($10.00)

For drawing and filing each inquisition one dollar and twenty-five cents ($1.25)

For drawing and filing each return when no inquest is held one dollar and twenty-five cents ($1.25)

For qualifying each witness twenty-five cents ($.25)

For summoning the first witness at each inquest one dollar ($1.00)

For each additional witness fifty cents ($.50)

For committing a prisoner or admitting to bail fifty cents ($.50)

Mileage for each circular mile actually traveled from the court house upon necessary business of the coroner's office six cents ($.06)

For performing or causing to be performed each autopsy except in cases of murder twenty-five dollars ($25.00)

For performing or causing to be performed each autopsy in cases of murder fifty dollars ($50.00)

For stenographic service in taking testimony at each inquest and transcribing same five dollars ($5.00)

Section 5 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with said act are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1216, entitled:

An Act to regulate and improve the civil service of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and of certain counties and cities thereof and providing penalties for the violation of its provisions.

The first, second, third, fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh, eighth, ninth, tenth, eleventh, twelfth, thirteenth, fourteenth, fifteenth and sixteenth sections were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That this act shall apply to the civil service of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and to the civil service of each county having a population of two hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants or more according to a United States census and to the civil service of each county having a population of less than two hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants which has accepted its provisions in the manner provided in section twenty-five and to the civil service of each city of the third class which has accepted its provisions in the manner provided in section twenty-five

Section 2 All appointments transfers reinstatements promotions reductions removals and dismissals in the civil service of the Commonwealth and of any county or city to which this act applies shall be made in accordance with this act and the rules prescribed hereunder

Section 3 The term "Civil Service of the Commonwealth" shall include all offices positions and employments in which the officers or employes are paid from the State Treasury and all officers positions or employments in or under institutions departments boards or commissions wherein the Commonwealth either directly or through any commission board official or officials has the right to appoint or select the officials or employes or which are constituted agencies for the performance of a function of this Commonwealth Provided however that this act shall not apply to offices employments or positions in the military or naval service of the Commonwealth

The term "Civil Service of any County" shall include for each county to which this act applies and each county which has accepted the provisions of this act in the manner provided in section twenty-five all offices positions and employments in which the officers or employes are paid from the county treasury and all offices positions or employments in or under institutions departments boards or commissions wherein the county either directly or through any commission board official or officials has the right to appoint or select the officials or employes

The term "Civil Service of any City" shall include for each city which has accepted the provisions of this act in the manner provided in section twenty-five all offices positions and employments in which the officers or employes are paid from the city treasury and all offices positions or employments in or under institutions departments boards or commissions wherein the city either directly or through any commission board official or officials has the right to appoint or select the officials or employes

The terms "any county" and "any city" and "every county" and "every city" unless a contrary meaning clearly appears from the context to be intended shall mean each and every county with a population of two hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants or more and each and every county or city which has accepted the provisions of this act in the manner provided in section twenty-five

The term "positions" shall include all offices and employments unless a contrary meaning clearly appears from the context to be intended

The term "appoint" shall include employ and the term "appointment" shall include employment

The term "Commonwealth" shall mean the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

The terms "he" and "his" shall include it its she her they and their unless a contrary meaning clearly appears from the context to be intended

The term "oath" shall include affirmation and "swear" shall include affirm

Section 4 Upon the passage of this act the Governor shall appoint by and with the advice and consent of the Senate three persons to serve one until March first one thousand nine hundred and seventeen one until March first one thousand nine hundred and nineteen and one until March first one thousand nine hundred and twenty-one as Civil Service Commissioners who shall constitute a State Civil Service Commission of Pennsylvania Upon the expiration of the term of office of each Commissioner so appointed the Governor by and with the advice and consent of the Senate shall appoint a successor to serve for a term of six years from the date of his appointment and until his successor is appointed and has qualified The Governor shall fill any vacancy in the commission by appointing a commissioner to serve the remainder of the unexpired term The commissioners shall hold no other office under the United States the Commonwealth or any county or city thereof Not more than two commissioners shall be adherents of one political party the commission shall maintain its principal office in Harrisburg and may establish branch offices in such other localities as it deems advisable

Section 5 The commissioner longest in continuous service shall be president He shall receive a salary of five thousand five hundred dollars ($5,500) annually The Governor shall designate the president on the first organization of the commission The commission shall employ a chief examiner who shall act also as secretary and such other employes as it deems necessary and shall fix their salaries Each other commissioner shall receive a salary of five thousand dollars ($5,000) annually The Commonwealth shall pay the salaries of the commissioners and their employes and defray all other necessary expenses incurred by the commission in carrying out the purposes of this act but the commission shall not incur expense in excess of its appropriation

Section 6 The civil service of the Commonwealth and of each county and city to which this act applies shall be divided into the unclassified service and the classified service The unclassified service shall comprise

(a) All officers elected by the people

(b) All members of boards or commissions and all heads of departments whose appointment is subject to confirmation by the Senate

(c) All persons engaged directly in the service of either branch of the General Assembly and appointed by any officer or committee thereof

(d) All officers elected by the General Assembly

(e) All persons in judicial service or appointed by judges except probation officers and all assistants to the Attorney General

(f) All persons holding positions under any school district

(g) All registrars and clerks of election

(h) One secretary and one confidential clerk to the Governor and one confidential clerk to the head of each department created by the Constitution or by an Act of Assembly

The classified service shall include all offices positions and employments to which this act applies and which are not specifically included in the unclassified service and shall be divided into the competitive class the exempt class and the labor class

Section 7 The commission shall

1 Adopt enforce and amend rules providing for

(a) Open competitive examinations for positions in the competitive class and for ample notice of all examinations in the localities affected

(b) All appointments transfers reinstatements promotions reductions removals and dismissals in the classified service

(c) Maintaining a record of all examinations and of all appointments to and changes in the service The commission shall adopt proper regulations for the inspection of its records by the public

(d) The classification re-classification and grading of positions

(e) Temporary appointments in the absence of appropriate eligible lists

(f) Appropriate examinations and tests for positions in the labor class

2 Grant public hearings upon all changes in the rules before adopting same

3 Make investigations either sitting as a body or through a single commissioner concerning all matters touching the operation and results of the provisions of this act and the rules and regulations prescribed thereunder and concerning the efficiency of all officers and employes and of all groups of officers and employes in the classified service and make reports to each officer board or other authority in charge of any institution office or department of the State Government of its findings and recommendations relative to increasing the efficiency and economy therein

4 Have power to require by subpoena the attendance of witnesses and to compel testimony and the production of all books documents memoranda and other papers relating to any matter under investigation Each commissioner and the chief examiner may administer oaths and affirmations Witness fees shall be the same as those for witnesses before the court of common pleas and may be paid by the commission from moneys appropriated to it

5 Keep minutes of its meetings and records of its proceedings

6 Prescribe the qualifications to be met by applicants for positions in the classified service

7 To make an annual report to the Governor

Section 8 On and after the first day of January one thousand nine hundred sixteen every position in the competitive class unless filled by promotion transfer reinstatement or reduction shall be filled only in the following manner The appointing officer shall notify the Civil Service Commission of any vacancy in the service which he deems it necessary to fill and shall request the certification of eligibles The Commission shall forthwith certify from the appropriate eligible list the names of the three persons thereon who received the highest averages at examinations held under the provisions of this act Provided however that in case a list consists of less than three names the Commission shall certify such name or names as appear upon the list The appointing officer shall fill the said vacancy from the names so certified He may however at his option in case the list consists of less than three names treat such appointment as temporary and if he does so treat it the Commission shall proceed at once to hold an examination and to secure an eligible list as promptly as possible The appointing officer shall upon the receipt of the eligible list from the Commission and with sole reference to the relative merit and fitness of the candidates make an appointment from the three names so certified.

As each subsequent vacancy occurs in the same or a similar position the same procedure shall be followed Provided however that after any name has been three times rejected by any one appointing officer for the same or a similar position in favor of other name or names on the same eligible list the said name shall not again be certified to that appointing officer When there are a number of positions of the same kind to be filled at the same time each appointment must nevertheless be made separately and in accordance with the foregoing provisions.

When an appointment is made under the provisions of this section it shall be in the first instance for a probationary period of three months If during that period the service of that officer clerk or employe is unsatisfactory the appointing officer shall notify him in writing that he will not be retained in the public service after such three months' period If not so notified his appointment becomes absolute at the end of the three months' probationary period.

Section 9 No auditing or disbursing officer of the Commonwealth shall honor any payroll which does not bear the certificate of the Commission showing that all items thereon are in accordance with this act and the rules of the Commission.

Section 10 All examinations shall be practical and appropriate and relate solely to those matters which fairly test the relative merits of the applicants and may include physical or medical tests when the Commission deems it proper.

Section 11 No appointing officer shall employ any person under any title which in the judgment of the Commission is not appropriate to the duties involved.

Section 12 The proper officials of the State and of any county or city to which this act applies shall provide the Commission with suitable quarters and accommodations for carrying on its work permit the use of public buildings for examinations and other official purposes and otherwise assist without compensation in carrying out the purposes of this act.

Section 13 The Commission may refuse to examine or may withdraw from an eligible list any applicant who after investigation is found to be unfit for public service The Commission shall spread upon its minutes the reasons for such action.

Section 14 The labor class shall include ordinary unskilled laborers Vacancies in the labor class shall be filled by appointment from lists of applicants registered by the Civil Service Commission Preference in employment from such lists shall be according to rules and regulations to be promulgated by the Civil Service Commission.

Section 15 No officer clerk or employe in the classified service shall be concerned in any manner in paying or soliciting funds for political purposes or in taking any active part whatsoever in any political campaign or political organization.

Section 16 No inquiry in any application examination or investigation shall relate to the religious or political affiliations of any person nor shall any person in the classified service be dismissed nor shall his status in the service be changed for political or religious reasons.

The seventeenth section was read as follows:

Section 17 No officer clerk or employe in the competitive class of the classified civil service of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania or of any county or city who shall have been appointed under the provisions of this act except those appointed without competitive examination temporarily or provisionally shall be removed discharged or reduced in pay or position except for a just cause Further no other officer clerk or employe shall be removed discharged or reduced except as provided in section eight of this act until he shall have been furnished with a written statement furnishing such specific reasons as if true would constitute a just cause for such action and until he shall have been allowed a reasonable time in which to give the removing officer such written answer as the person sought to be removed or reduced may desire Upon receipt and consideration of such answer the removing officer shall finally determine his action in the case and if he has followed the procedure required by this section no appeal to the Civil Service Commission shall lie from his decision unless it is alleged with an offer of proof supported by affidavit that the real reason for the removal was religious or political If such allegations are made the Commission may investigate the removal and if in its judgment the allegations are true it may order the reinstatement of the person removed No appeal to any court shall lie from any decision of the said Commission in such cases In every case of a removal or reduction a copy of the statement of reasons therefor and of the written answer thereto shall be forthwith furnished to the Civil Service Commission and entered upon its record.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. MARVIN. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 17 line 4 by striking out the word "apponited" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "appointed."

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The eighteenth, nineteenth and twentieth sections were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 18 If any applicant or employe under this act is aggrieved by any action of the Commission affecting him the Commission shall upon his request in writing grant him a public hearing At any public hearing or session of the Commission any citizen shall have the right to be present in person and by counsel and subject to reasonable regulations of the Commission to interrogate any witness and to produce evidence and arguments either in favor of or against any proposed classification rule or other action Public notice of every proposed public hearing shall be given at least one week in advance thereof and shall state clearly the purpose

of the hearing and the matters to be there and then considered A copy of every such notice shall be posted on a suitable public bulletin board at the office of the Commission.

Section 19 Any false statment made under oath either in any application or other paper filed with the Commission or in any proceeding before the Commission or in any proceeding arising under this act shall be perjury and punishable as such.

Section 20 Whoever wilfully makes an appointment to any position contrary to the provisions of this act or of the rules made pursuant thereto or wilfully refuses or neglects to comply with or to conform to the provisions of this act or violates any of its provisions shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor.

The twenty-first section was read as follows:

Section 21 Any person who shall wilfully by himself or in co-operation with one or more persons defeat deceive or obstruct any person in respect to his or her right of examination appointment or employment according to this act or to any rules or regulations prescribed pursuant thereto or who shall wilfully or corruptly falsely mark grade estimate or report upon the examination or proper standing of any person examined registered or certified pursuant to the provisions of this act or aid in so doing or who shall wilfully make any false representations concerning the same or concerning the person examined or who shall wilfully or corruptly furnish to any person any special or secret information for the purpose of either improving or injuring the prospects or chances of any person so examined registered or certified or to be examined registered or certified or who shall personate any other person or permit or aid in any manner any other person to personate him in connection with any examination or registration or appointment or application or request to be examined or registered or appointed or who shall furnish any false information about himself or about any other person in connection with any examination or registration or appointment or application or request to be examined or registered or appointed shall for each offense be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section?

Mr. MARVIN. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 21, line 6, by inserting after the word "corruptly" the word "or."

On the question,

Will the House agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The twenty-second, twenty-third, twenty-fourth, twenty-fifth and twenty-sixth sections and title were separately read and agreed to as follows:

Section 22 Misdemeanors under the provisions of this act shall be punishable by a fine of not more than one thousand dollars or by imprisonment for a term not exceeding one year or by both fine and imprisonment in the discretion of the court.

Section 23 All persons holding positions in the classified service as defined herein on the first day of January one thousand nine hundred and sixteen shall be considered as having been appointed under the provisions of this act and shall hold their positions in accordance herewith.

Section 24 Any taxpayer may bring action to restrain the payment of compensation to any person who has been employed in violation of this act or the rules prescribed thereunder.

Section 25 Any county having a population of less than two hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants according to a United States census or any city of the third class may accept this act in the following manner:

Whenever a petition signed by five per centum of the duly qualified voters of any such county or of any such city shall have at least two months prior to any election been presented to the County Commissioners of the county in which such qualified voters reside requesting that an election be held to determine whether or not this act shall be accepted by such county or city the said county commissioners shall thereupon arrange for the submission of this question at the next succeeding election within the said county to the duly qualified voters of the said county if the petition shall relate to a county or at the next succeeding election within the said city to the duly qualified voters of the said city if the petition shall relate solely to a city The county commissioners and the sheriff of the county in which such petition is presented shall give such notice by publication or otherwise as may be required by the laws of the Commonwealth in the case of a general election that at the next succeeding election the question hereinafter set forth will be submitted to the duly qualified voters of the said county or of the said city as the case may be The county commissioners of the said county shall further cause to be printed on the official ballot prepared for use at the next succeeeding election within the county or the city in relation to which the said petition may have been presented in the form required by law for the submission of a constitutional amendment or other question required to be submitted to the vote of the people the question as to whether or not this act shall be accepted in the said locality in substantially the following form:

Shall the Civil Service Act of (insert date of this act) be accepted by the county (or by the city) of (insert name of county or of city as the case may be) Yes..... No.....

It shall be the duty of the proper officers of the said county or of the said city to submit this question to the vote of the duly qualified electors of the said county or of the said city at such next succeeding election which shall be held at the places and by the officers provided by law for the holding of general elections It shall be the duty of the judges and inspectors of such elections to receive from the duly qualified electors ballots containing the aforesaid question and the vote of the electors thereon and to count the ballots and to make return thereof to the proper officials as required by law in the case of other ballots The return judges and other officers charged with the duty of certifying the result of the said election shall also certify to the county commissioners and in the case of a city to the mayor whether or not the majority of the electors of the county or of the city as the case may be who voted on the said question at the said election did vote in favor of accepting this act If such majority did so vote the county commissioners or the mayor shall make a public proclamation that the provisions of this act are effective in the county or in the city as the case may be Thereafter the provisions of this act shall be observed in the appointment promotion transfer reduction removal and reinstatement of all officers clerks and employes in the Civil Service of such county or of such city and in all other matters provided for in this act.

Section 26 All acts and parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed.

An Act to regulate and improve the civil service of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and of certain counties and cities thereof and providing penalties for the violation of its provisions

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to as amended.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

QUESTION OF PERSONAL PRIVILEGE.

Mr. CROMER. Mr. Speaker, I rise to a question of personal privilege.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman will state his question of personal privilege.

Mr. CROMER. Mr. Speaker, there is a certain gentleman of the House who I will not identify at this time because he has rendered me a signal service since the morning session and has squared himself with me personally; however I do not want the House to be under a wrong impression. I never have and never will be opposed to the best interests of the agriculturists and farmers. I have always been for the farmer and for the best interests of men engaged in industries of that sort, whether raising general crops, small fruit or stock. The other day on the Vehicle Law Bill I supported that bill because I thought it was for the best interest of the farmers and I was so advised by a number of farmers. They determined the law was for their own interest and I was supported by several of the daily papers in the position I took at that time, and I still claim I was right in taking the position I took for the best interests of the farming element, if the bill had passed. I surely would not want to go on record as opposed to anything of that kind. I am in hearty accord and wish to do anything for the best interests of those engaged in agricultural pursuits.

Mr. MILLIRON. Mr. Speaker, on behalf of the farmers of Armstrong County, I accept the gentleman's apology.

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 842, entitled:

An Act to empower the Public Service Commission to require railroad corporations to employ an adequate number of men upon trains and to repeal an act entitled "An Act to promote the safety of travelers and employes upon railroads by compelling common carriers by railroad to properly man their trains" approved the nineteenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 836 (Senate Bill No. 61), entitled:

An Act making an appropriation for the payment of deficiencies which have arisen in the payment of expenses for the erection furnishing and equipment of six cottages bakery and addition to the laundry at the State Institution for Feeble Minded of Western Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 186, entitled:

An Act to provide a system of annual payments to certain citizens of Pennsylvania who while as citizens of Pennsylvania volunteered in defense of said State as emergency men

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1271, entitled:

An Act providing that hereafter all actions for damages for death by negligence or unlawful violence shall be brought by the executor or administrator of the decedent for the exclusive benefit of the widow or husband children grandchildren mother father brother sister or other next of kin dependent on such decedent and such damages shall be distributable free from all claims of creditotrs in the proportion such beneficiaries would take the personal estate of such decedent under the interstate laws of this Commonwealth

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1047, entitled:

An Act creating the Bureau of Vocational Education of the Department of Public Instruction creating the divisions of the same providing for the appointment of its officers and other employes by the Superintendent of Public Instruction defining the duties of the same and fixing the compensation of its employes

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 346, entitled:

An Act relating to the issue and redemption of trading stamps coupons and other similar devices

And said bill having been read at length the first time.

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1286, entitled:

An Act to further amend section one of an act approved the fourteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one entitled "An Act granting power to counties cities (except cities of the first and second classes) boroughs municipalities or school districts in this Commonwealth which have issued bonds or other interest bearing evidences of indebtedness to redeem the same and issue new bonds therefor with or without interest coupons attached" by providing for refunding certain indebtedness and changing rate of interest

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 630, entitled:

An Act making an appropriation to pay for the collection revising indexing and proof-reading of the material contained in the pamphlet known as "The Game, Fish and Forestry Laws" of this Commonwealth

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

BILL ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 760, as follows:

An Act providing for the alteration of the boundaries of counties in certain cases and for the adjustment of the indebtedness thereof

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That where from any cause a part of a county is so located that access by public highway from such part to the main portion of the county can be had only by passing through another county and where it shall be for the best interest of such part of a county so located and of the inhabitants of such part that such part of county be annexed to an adjoining county the court of quarter sessions of the first named county may on petition decree such alterations of the boundaries of the county as shall be for the best interests of the inhabitants aforesaid The term "part of county" as used in this act shall not include an area greater than two hundred acres nor an area containing a population of over one hundred and fifty inhabitants

Section 2 The petition shall not be considered unless it shall

1 Be signed by not less than two-thirds of the qualified electors of the part of the county so located and

2 Be signed by not less than two-thirds in number and interest of the owners of real estate in such part of a county the valuation to be as shown by the triennial assessment for county purposes last preceding the presentation of the petition The owners of an undivided interest shall be regarded as one person

3 Be verified as to the genuinesness of the signatures by a qualified elector of the county

Section 3 When the petition is presented the court shall fix a day for hearing it and direct that notice of the presentation of the petition and of the day of hearing shall be given to the commissioners of the counties affected by the proposed change of boundaries If one of the counties effected is co-terminous with a city the notice shall also be given to the council of the city On the day fixed for hearing or as soon thereafter as the business of the court will permit the court shall hear all parties in interest and shall make such decree as to the court shall seem right and proper

Section 4 When the court decrees an alteration of the boundaries of any such county it shall appoint an auditor who shall conduct such hearings and make such investigations as the court may direct Notice of such hearings and investigations shall be given by the auditor as directed by the court When the auditor shall complete the hearings and investigations he shall report to the court

Section 5 The report of the auditor shall include

1. The total assessed valuation of the subjects of taxation in the county from which a part is to be taken
2. The total assessed valuation of the subjects of taxation in the part proposed to be taken from such county
3. The total amount of indebtedness of the county from which a part is to be taken
4. The value of all real property to be transferred from one county to another by reason of the alteration of boundaries
5. An adjustment of the indebtedness and of the property of the counties affected by the alteration of boundaries
6. A form of decree altering the boundaries as aforesaid and adjusting the indebtedness of the counties affected

Section 6. The decree shall be confirmed nisi by the court If exceptions are not filed thereto within ten days from the date of the decree or if an appeal therefrom is not taken within ten days the decree shall be absolute It shall thereupon be recorded in the offices of the recorders of deeds of the counties affected by the change Upon such recording the boundaries of the respective counties shall be fixed according to the decree The decree absolute shall be enforced as decrees in equity are enforced.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—123.

Albee,	Gibson,	Lynch,	Shaaber,
Alcorn,	Glass,	Mangan,	Showalter,
Alexander,	Gompers,	Marvin,	Sinclair,
Arthur,	Goodnough,	Mather,	Smith, Jeff. W.,
Baldwin,	Graham,	McArdle,	Smith, L.,
Barnett,	Gransback,	McCaig,	Spangler,
Benninger,	Greenwood,	McClintock,	Spencer,
Berntheizel,	Habgood,	McCurdy,	Staving,
Blackburn,	Hackett,	McNichol,	Steedle,
Body,	Hamilton,	McVicar,	Stein,
Bovee,	Harper,	Neville,	Stone,
Brosius,	Heffernan,	Oaks,	Swan,
Bungard,	Hess,	Ostrander,	Swartz,
Campbell, J. O'H.	Heyburn,	Perry,	Thomas,
Campbell, T.,	Hibshman,	Peters,	Trach,
Christman,	Hoffman,	Phillips,	Vickerman,
Coldsmith,	Horton,	Pickering,	Vogdes,
Cox,	Howarth,	Powell,	Walsh,
Cromer,	Hubler,	Ramsey,	Walton,
Cummins,	Jones, E. E.,	Reynolds,	Watson,
Curry,	Jones, W. W.,	Rhoads,	Weaver,
Dell,	Kitts,	Rich,	Weimer,
Drinkhouse,	Klinger,	Rininger,	West,
Dunn,	Kunkle,	Rinn,	Wettach,
Fackler,	Lafferty,	Robertson,	Whitaker,
Flynn,	Landis,	Roney,	Wildman,
Forster,	Lanius,	Rothenberger,	Williams,
Fretz,	Lauer,	Rowell,	Wilson, H. I.,

Gallagher,	Lipschutz,	Sampsel,	Wobensmith,
Garner,	Luppert,	Sarig,	Young,
Geiser,	Luxemburger,	Scott,	Ambler, Speaker.

NAYS—20.

Arnold,	Eby,	Mellott,	Smith, J. W.,
Baker,	Gingery,	Palmer,	Sones,
Becker,	Goodyear,	Reel,	Statler,
Benn,	Gormley,	Schaeffer,	Twibill,
Brownlee,	Jack,	Shaffer,	Wood,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

BILLS SIGNED BY THE SPEAKER.

The SPEAKER announced that the Chief Clerk having reported that the following bills had passed both houses of the General Assembly and the same being correct, the titles were publicly read as follows:

House Bill No. 120.

An Act to amend sections six and eight of an act approved the twenty-eighth day of May one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled "An Act to provide for the protection of insane persons feeble-minded persons and epileptics and the appointment of a guardian for the said insane persons feeble-minded persons and epileptics unable to care for their own property authorizing the guardian to support the wife and children of the said insane persons feeble-minded persons and epileptics defining the powers of the guardian and authorizing the sale of real estate of the ward"

House Bill No. 240.

An Act creating a reward or bounty for the destruction of certain noxious animals killed within the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania providing a method for the payment of the same and providing the method of furnishing evidence of said destruction and penalties for the violation of the several provisions hereof

House Bill No. 457.

An Act to amend section two of an act entitled "An Act for the better protection of the wild birds known as the turtle or mourning-dove the killdeer plover and the bird commonly called the black bird in Pennsylvania and prescribing penalties for violation of its provisions" approved the twenty-first day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen Pamphlet Laws eight by extending the power to destroy birds commonly called blackbirds

House Bill No. 513.

An Act relating to the satisfaction of mortgages under power of attorney directed to the recorder of deeds

House Bill No. 737.

An Act authorizing municipalities to purchase the entire capital stock of bridge companies owning bridges situated wholly or partly within the limits of such municipalities and exempting the capital stock and bonds of such companies from State taxation

House Bill No. 770.

An Act relative to the burial of the bodies of certain indigent deceased widows at the county expense

Whereupon,

The SPEAKER, in the presence of the House, signed the same.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Mr. JEFFERSON W. SMITH. Mr. Speaker, I desire to call up at this time for the purpose of amendment, House Bill No. 587, File Folio 3857, on page 23 of to-day's calendar, Bills on Third Reading Postponed.

Agreeably to order,

The House resumed the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 587, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the second day of May one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine entitled "An Act to provide revenue by imposing a mercantile license tax on venders of or dealers in goods wares and merchandise and providing for the collection of said tax"

Said bill having been read the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

RECONSIDERATION OF VOTE.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. Speaker, I move that the vote by which this bill passed third reading be reconsidered.

Mr. JEFFERSON W. SMITH. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The question recurring.

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. JEFFERSON W. SMITH. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to offer an amendment at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk for information.

The Clerk then read the amendment as follows:

Amend House Bill 587, section three, line 26, by inserting after the word commissioners the words "and City Treasurer."

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to the insertion of the amendment at this time? Is there any objection? The Chair hears none and the amendment will be inserted in accordance with the instructions of the House.

The bill as amended was then agreed to on third reading.

Ordered, That the bill, as amended, lie over for printing.

WORKMEN'S COMPENSATION BILLS MADE A SPECIAL ORDER.

Mr. W. H. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I move that House Bills Nos. 929, 930, 931, 932, 933, 934 and 935 be made a special order of business for third reading on Monday, April 12th, at 9:30 o'clock P. M., the same to be taken up in consecutive order until disposed of.

Mr. COX. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

SENATE MESSAGES.

HOUSE BILLS CONCURRED IN BY SENATE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced returned bills from the House of Representatives, numbered and entitled as follows:

House Bill No. 247.

An Act amending an act entitled "An Act amending an act entitled 'An Act respecting the estate of non-resident wards' approved the twenty-first day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-six extending the provisions thereof so that the same may apply to trustees and cestui que trusts" approved the thirteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine further extending the provisions thereof so that the same may apply where guardians and wards trustees and cestui que trusts are residents of foreign countries

House Bill No. 619.

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act authorizing companies incorporated under the laws of any other State of the United States for the manufacture of any form of iron steel or glass to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments and to take have and hold real estate necessary and proper for manufacturing purposes" approved the ninth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one extending the same to companies formed for the purpose of quarrying slate granite stone or rocks or for dressing polishing working or manufacturing the same or any of them and to mineral springs companies incorporated for the purpose of bottling and selling natural mineral springs water' approved the sixteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three" approved the nineteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one extending the same to companies formed for the purpose of manufacturing and selling chemicals foodstuffs cement and cement products and the quarrying of cement rock' approved May twenty-eight one thousand nine hundred and seven extending the same to companies incorporated for the manufacture buying selling leasing using and operation of electrical apparatus and machinery and articles of every kind appertaining to or in any wise connected with the production use regulation control distribution or application of electricity or electrical energy or products for any use or purpose constructing acquiring using selling buying or leasing any works construction or plant or part thereof connected with or involving such use distribution regulation control or application of electricty or the control or use of electrical

apparatus for any purpose and of producing furnishing and supplying electricity or electrical apparatus in any form and for any purpose and to carry on a general manufacturing business approved the twenty-third day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven extending the same to companies incorporated for the manufacture of any clay into brick tile or other articles and products produced from clay or from clay and other substances mixed therewith

House Bill No. 432.

An Act relating to the administration of the estate of an intestate decedent

House Bill No. 963.

An Act to amend section twenty-one of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the protection and preservation of game game quadrupeds and game-birds and song and insectivorous and other wild birds and prescribing penalties for violation of its several provisions" approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine by extending the season during which dogs may be trained

With the information that the Senate has passed the same without amendment.

RESOLUTION FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced presented the following extract from the Journal of the Senate, which was read, considered and concurred in.

TIME OF NEXT MEETING.

In the Senate, April 7, 1915.

Resolved, (if the House of Representatives concur), That when the Senate adjourns this week it will be to meet on Tuesday evening, April 13th, at nine o'clock, and when the House of Representatives adjourns this week it be to meet on Monday evening, April twelfth, at eight o'clock

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

Mr. McNICHOL in the Chair.

BILLS ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 628, as follows:

An Act making an appropriation from which the several counties of the Commonwealth may be reimbursed for moneys paid out by said counties upon certain noxious animals and birds under the provisions of the act of the twenty-fifth day of July Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen Pamphlet Laws one thousand and thirty-six entitled "An Act creating a reward or bounty for the destruction of certain noxious animals and birds killed within the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania providing a method for the payment of the same by the several counties of the Commonwealth which in turn are to be reimbursed by the Commonwealth and providing penalties for violation of its several provisions"

Whereas by the act of the twenty-fifth day of July Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen Pamphlet Laws one thousand and thirty-six certain rewards or bounties for the destruction of noxious animals and birds are provided to be paid by the several counties of this Commonwealth and

Whereas By said act of Assembly and also by the act of April seventeenth one thousand nine hundred and thirteen it is provided that "fifty per centum of any fund returned to the State through or because of the provisions of this act or so much of said fifty per centum as may be needed shall be applied by the Legislature at its biennial sessions for the payment of bounties" and

Whereas There has been paid into the State Treasury from hunters' license fees the sum of four hundred eighty thousand six hundred forty dollars and ninety-four cents ($480,640.94) for the year one thousand nine hundred thirteen and that part of one thousand nine hundred fourteen ending November thirtieth of which fifty -per centum amounts to the sum of two hundred forty thousand three hundred twenty dollars and forty-seven cents ($240,320.47)

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of two hundred and forty thousand three hundred twenty dollars and forty-seven cents ($240,320.47) or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the reimbursement of the several counties of this Commonwealth for moneys paid out as bounties by said counties upon certain noxious animals and birds under the acts of assembly referred to in the manner prescribed by said acts of assembly

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—182.

Adams,	Fretz,	Love,	Sampsel,
Albee,	Fruit,	Luppert,	Sarig,
Alcorn,	Gallagher,	Luxemburger,	Schaeffer,
Alexander,	Gans,	Lynch,	Scott,
Arnold,	Garner,	Mangan,	Shaaber,
Aron,	Geary,	Marvin,	Shaffer,
Auer,	Geiser,	Mather,	Shoop,
Baldwin,	Gibson,	Maurer,	Showalter,
Barnett,	Gingery,	McCaig,	Sinclair,
Bauerle,	Glass,	McClintock,	Smith, J. W.,
Beck,	Glenn,	McClure,	Smith, Jeff. W.
Becker,	Gompers,	McConnell,	Smith, L.,
Benn,	Goodwin,	McCurdy,	Snyder,
Benninger,	Goodyear,	McDermott,	Sones,
Bergy,	Gormley,	McKay,	Spangler,
Beyer,	Graham,	McNichol,	Spencer,
Blackburn,	Gransback,	McVicar,	Staving,
Body,	Greenwood,	Mearkle,	Steedle,
Brosius,	Habgood,	Mellott,	Stone,
Brownlee,	Hackett,	Metzenbacher,	Sullivan,
Brumbaugh,	Hamilton,	Milliron,	Swan,
Bungard,	Harper,	Murdoch,	Thomas,
Campbell, J. O.,	Heffernan,	Murphy,	Trach,
Campbell, T.,	Herman,	Myers,	Twibill,
Christman,	Hess,	Neville,	Vickerman,
Coldsmith,	Heyburn,	Nissley,	Wagner,
Conner,	Hibshman,	Oaks,	Walsh,
Corbin,	Hoffman,	Ostrander,	Walton,
Cox,	Hollingsworth,	Palmer,	Watson,
Cromer,	Horton,	Perry,	Weimer,
Cummins,	Howarth,	Peters,	Weir,
Curry,	Hubler,	Phillips,	West,
Davis,	Jack,	Pickering,	Wettach,
Dawson,	Jones, E. E.,	Powell,	Whitaker,
Dell,	Jones, W. W.,	Ramsey,	Whitten,
Diefenderfer,	Kaiser,	Reel,	Wildman,
Dodds,	Kitts,	Reynolds,	Willard,
Drinkhouse,	Klinger,	Rhoads,	Williams,
Dunn,	Kuhn,	Rich,	Wilson, H. I.,
Eby,	Lafferty,	Rininger,	Wobensmith,
Ehrhardt,	Landis,	Rinn,	Wood,
Eppley,	Lanius,	Robertson,	Woodward,
Erdman,	Lauer,	Roney,	Wylie,
Evans,	Lauler,	Rothenberger,	Young,
Flynn,	Lindsey,	Rudisill,	Ambler,
Forster,	Lipschutz,		Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order.

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 1034, as follows:

An Act relative to borough and township employes prescribing a method of paying them and fixing the duties of the borough and township authorities.

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That each person employed by a borough or township shall be paid semi-monthly on the first day and the fifteenth day of the month respectively It shall be the duty of the borough or township officer authorized to pay for such services in cash or check as above provided and it is further provided That it shall be unlawful for said authorities in any borough or township to pay or offer to pay any employe by order or warrant on any person firm or corporation. Provided however This act shall not be taken to prohibit payment being made at shorter intervals.

Section 2 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with this act be and the same are hereby repealed.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. KUHN. Mr. Speaker, I desire to interrogate the sponsor of this bill.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Luzerne Mr. Powell, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. POWELL. Mr. Speaker, I will.

Mr. KUHN. Mr. Speaker, I desire to have the gentleman explain this bill fully.

Mr. POWELL. Mr. Speaker, the purpose of this bill is this: up in the coal fields where I come from, when a man is down and out, after receiving what we call miner's asthma, we try to give him a livelihood by giving him a position on the highways. He works for the boroughs and when his time is up and he goes to receive his pay, he is either paid by a warrant, or by an order on the bor-

ough treasurer. He immediately goes to the bank and is informed that there are no funds. This condition exists sometimes for a period of over three or four months, that this man is compelled to carry either the warrant or order without receiving his due compensation. The purpose of this bill is to make the people who employ these men to assure them of their pay, by paying them either in cash or by check. Gentlemen, to my mind this is a very meritorious bill and I ask the House to pass it.

Mr. KUHN. Mr. Speaker, I desire to further interrogate the gentleman.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman permit himself to be further interrogated?

Mr. POWELL. Certainly, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. KUHN. Mr. Speaker, does this amendment do away with that part of the bill wherein ten and twenty per cent. are added?

Mr. POWELL. Yes, sir.

Mr. KUHN. Mr Speaker, then I will support the bill.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—106.

Alcorn,	Erdman,	Landis,	Roney,
Alexander,	Fackler,	Lauer,	Rothenberger,
Aron,	Flynn,	Lauler,	Schaeffer,
Arthur,	Gallagher,	Lindsey,	Scott,
Baldwin,	Gans,	Luppert,	Shaaber,
Bauerle,	Garner,	Luxemburger,	Shoop,
Becker,	Geary,	Mangan,	Sinclair,
Benn,	Geiser,	Maurer,	Smith, Jeff. W.,
Benninger,	Gibson,	McCaig,	Spangler,
Bergy,	Gingery,	McCurdy,	Spencer,
Berntheizel,	Glass,	McDermott,	Staving,
Beyer,	Glenn,	McKay,	Steedle,
Blackburn,	Gompers,	McNichol,	Stern,
Body,	Gransback,	McVicar,	Sullivan,
Brownlee,	Greenwood,	Mearkle,	Swan,
Brumbaugh,	Hackett,	Neville,	Swartz,
Bungard,	Harper,	Palmer,	Thomas,
Christman,	Heyburn,	Perry,	Trach,
Coldsmith,	Hollingsworth,	Phillips,	Vogdes,
Conner,	Howarth,	Powell,	Walsh,
Cromer,	Hubler,	Ramsey,	Weir,
Davis,	Jones, W. W.,	Reynolds,	Wettach,
Dawson,	Kitts,	Rich,	Whitaker,
Dell,	Klinger,	Rininger,	Whitten,
Diefenderfer,	Kuhn,	Rinn,	Willard,
Dodds,	Kunkle,	Robertson,	Wobensmith,
Drinkhouse,			Wylie,

NAYS—44.

Albee,	Forster,	Leighner,	Rhoads,
Arnold,	Fretz,	Marvin,	Rudisill,
Baker,	Goodwin,	Mather,	Showalter,
Barnett,	Goodyear,	McClintock,	Sones,
Brosius,	Gormley,	McClure,	Statler,
Campbell, J. O.,	Habgood,	McConnell,	Stone,
Campbell, T.,	Hess,	Metzenbacher,	Twibill,
Corbin,	Hoffman,	Milliron,	Weimer,
Cummins	Hollern,	Ostrander,	West,
Dunn,	Jack,	Pickering,	Williams,
Eppley,	Lafferty,	Reel,	Young,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 992 (Senate Bill No. 371), entitled:

An Act to amend further an act approved the eleventh day of April one thousand eight hundred sixty-two entitled "A further supplement to the act entitled 'An Act for the regulation and continuance of a system of education by common schools' approved the eight day of May one thousand eight hundred and fifty-four."

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—177.

Alcorn,	Forster,	Luppert,	Shaffer,
Alexander,	Fretz,	Luxemburger,	Shoop,
Arnold,	Fruit,	Lynch,	Showalter,
Aron,	Gallagher,	Marvin,	Sinclair,
Arthur,	Gans,	Mather,	Smith, Jeff. W.
Baker,	Garner,	Maurer,	Smith, L.,
Baldwin,	Geary,	McCaig,	Snyder,
Bauerle,	Geiser,	McClintock,	Sones,
Beck,	Gibson,	McClure,	Spangler,
Becker,	Gingery,	McCurdy,	Spencer,
Benn,	Glass,	McDermott,	Statler,
Benninger,	Glenn,	McKay,	Staving,
Bergy,	Gompers,	McNichol,	Steedle,
Berntheizel,	Goodyear,	McVicar,	Stein,
Beyer,	Gormley,	Mellott,	Stern,
Blackburn,	Graham,	Metzenbacher,	Stone,
Body,	Gransback,	Milliron,	Sullivan,
Bovee,	Greenwood,	Murphy,	Swan,
Brosius,	Habgood,	Myers,	Swartz,
Brownlee,	Hackett,	Neville,	Thomas,
Brumbaugh,	Hamilton,	Oaks,	Trach,
Bungard,	Harper,	Ostrander,	Twibill,
Campbell, J. O.,	Heffernan,	Palmer,	Vogdes,
Campbell, T.,	Hess,	Perry,	Wagner,
Christman,	Heyburn,	Peters,	Walsh,
Corbin,	Hibshman,	Phillips,	Walter,
Cox,	Hoffman,	Pickering,	Walton,
Cromer,	Hollern,	Powell,	Watson,
Cummins,	Howarth,	Ramsey,	Weaver,
Curry,	Hubler,	Reel,	Weimer,
Davis,	Jones, E. E.,	Reynolds,	Weir,
Dawson,	Jones, W. W.,	Rhoads,	West,
Dell,	Kaiser,	Rich,	Wettach,
Diefenderfer,	Kitts,	Rininger,	Whitaker,
Dodds,	Klinger,	Rinn,	Wildman,
Drinkhouse,	Kunkle,	Roney,	Willard,
Dunn,	Lafferty,	Rothenberger,	Williams,
Eby,	Lanius,	Rowell,	Wilson, H. L.,
Ehrhardt,	Lauer,	Rudisill,	Wobensmith,
Eppley,	Lauler,	Sampsel,	Wood,
Erdman,	Leighner,	Sarig,	Woodward,
Evans,	Lindsey,	Schaeffer,	Wynne,
Fackler,	Lipschutz,	Scott,	Young,
Finnerty,	Love,	Shaaber,	Ambler,
Flynn,			Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1068, entitled:

An Act to regulate and establish the fees to be charged and collected by the several clerks of the courts of oyer and terminer general jail delivery and quarter sessions of the peace in counties of this Commonwealth having a population of over eight hundred thousand and less than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants as computed by the last preceding United States census.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—171.

Albee,	Flynn,	Lipschutz,	Schaeffer,
Alcorn,	Forster,	Love,	Scott,
Alexander,	Fruit,	Lynch,	Shaffer,
Arnold,	Gallagher,	Mangan,	Shoop,
Aron,	Gans,	Marvin,	Sinclair,
Arthur,	Garner,	Mather,	Smith, J. W.,
Baker,	Geary,	Maurer,	Smith, Jeff. W.
Baldwin,	Geiser,	McArdle,	Smith, L.,
Bauerle,	Gibson,	McCaig,	Sones,
Beck,	Gingery,	McClintock,	Spangler,
Becker,	Glenn,	McClure,	Spencer,
Benn,	Gompers,	McCurdy,	Statler,
Benninger,	Goodwin,	McDermott,	Steedle,
Bergy,	Gormley,	McKay,	Stein,
Berntheizel,	Graham,	McNichol,	Stern,
Beyer,	Gransback,	Mearkle,	Stone,
Blackburn,	Greenwood,	Metzenbacher,	Sullivan,
Body,	Habgood,	Milliron,	Swan,
Bovee,	Hackett,	Murphy,	Swartz,
Brosius,	Hamilton,	Neville,	Taylor,
Brownlee,	Harper,	Nissley,	Thomas,
Brumbaugh,	Heffernan,	Oaks,	Twibill,
Bungard,	Hess,	Ostrander,	Vickerman,
Campbell, T.,	Heyburn,	Palmer,	Wagner,
Christman,	Hibshman,	Perry,	Walter,

Coldsmith,	Hoffman,	Peters,	Watson,
Conner,	Hollern,	Phillips,	Weimer,
Cox,	Hollingsworth,	Pickering,	Weir,
Cromer,	Howarth,	Powell,	West,
Cummins,	Hubler,	Ramsey,	Wettach,
Curry,	Jack,	Reel,	Whitaker,
Davis,	Jones, E. E.,	Reynolds,	Wildman.
Dawson,	Kaiser,	Rhoads,	Willard,
Dell,	Kitts,	Rich,	Williams,
Diefenderfer,	Klinger,	Rininger,	Wilson, W. H.
Dodds,	Kuhn,	Rinn,	Wobensmith,
Drinkhouse,	Kunkle,	Robertson,	Woodward,
Dunn,	Lafferty,	Roney,	Wylie,
Ehrhardt,	Landis,	Rothenberger,	Wynne,
Eppley,	Lanius,	Rowell,	Young,
Evans,	Lauer,	Rudisill,	Ambler,
Fackler,	Leighner,	Sampsel,	Speaker.
Finnerty,	Lindsey,	Sarig,	

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 795, entitled:

To authorize the payment from the general appropppriation for the care of the indigent insane of the cost of transferring or removing patients from one insane hospital or asylum or institution to another or elsewhere upon the order of the Board of Public Charities or the Committee on Lunacy.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—170.

Adams,	Gallagher,	Mangan,	Smith, L.,
Albee,	Gans,	Marvin,	Snyder,
Alcorn,	Garner,	Mather,	Sones,
Alexander,	Geary,	Maurer,	Spangler,
Arnold,	Geiser,	McCaig,	Statler,
Aron,	Gibson,	McClintock,	Staving,
Arthur,	Gingery,	McClure,	Steedle,
Baldwin,	Glass,	McConnell,	Stein,
Barnett,	Gompers,	McCurdy,	Stern,
Bauerle,	Goodwin,	McDermott,	Stone,
Becker,	Goodyear,	McNichol,	Sullivan,
Benn,	Gormley,	McVicar,	Swan,
Benninger,	Graham,	Mellott.	Swartz,
Berntheizel,	Gransback,	Metzenbacher,	Taylor,
Beyer,	Greenwood,	Murdoch,	Thomas,
Blackburn,	Habgood,	Myers,	Trach.
Body,	Hackett,	Neville,	Twibill,
Bovee,	Harper,	Nieder,	Urich.
Brosius,	Heffernan,	Oaks,	Vickerman,
Brownlee,	Herman,	Palmer,	Wagner,
Brumbaugh,	Hess,	Perry,	Walsh,
Bungard,	Heyburn,	Peters,	Walton,
Campbell, J. O.	Hibshman,	Phillips,	Watson,
Campbell, T.,	Hoffman,	Pickering,	Weaver,
Christman,	Hollern,	Powell,	Weimer,
Coldsmith,	Hollingsworth,	Ramsey,	Weir,
Corbin,	Horton,	Reel,	West,
Cox,	Howarth,	Rhoads,	Wettach,
Cromer,	Hubler,	Rich,	Whitaker,
Curry,	Jack,	Rininger,	Whitten,
Dawson,	Jones, W. W.,	Robertson,	Wildman,
Dell,	Kaiser,	Roney,	Willard,
Diefenderfer,	Kitts,	Rothenberger,	Williams,
Drinkhouse,	Klinger,	Rudisill,	Wilson, H. I.,
Dunn,	Kuhn,	Sampsel,	Wilson, W. H.,
Ehrhardt,	Lafferty,	Sarig,	Wobensmith,
Eppley,	Lauer,	Schaeffer,	Wood,
Erdman,	Lauler,	Scott,	Woodward,
Fackler,	Leighner,	Shaaber,	Wylie,
Flynn,	Lindsey,	Shoop,	Wynne,
Forster,	Lipschutz,	Sinclair,	Young,
Fretz,	Love,	Smith, J. W.,	Ambler,
	Luxemburger,	Smith, Jeff. W.,	Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 942, as follows:

An Act amending an act entitled "A further supplement to to an act entitled 'An Act to provide revenue by taxation' approved the seventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine" approved the first day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the twenty-second section of an act approved June first Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine entitled "A further supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to provide revenue by taxation' approved the seventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine" which reads as follows namely

"Section 22 That if said officers of any such limited partnership joint-stock association or corporation shall neglect or refuse to furnish the Auditor General on or before the thirty-first day of December in each and every year with the report and appraisement as aforesaid as required by the twentieth section of this act it shall be the duty of the accounting officers of the Commonwealth to add ten per centum to the tax of said limited partnership joint-stock association or corporation for each and every year for which such report and appraisement were not so furnished which percentage shall be settled and collected with the said tax in the usual manner of settling accounts and collecting such taxes if the officers of any such limited partnership association joint-stock association or corporation or any of them shall intentionally fail to comply with the requirements of the twentieth section of this act for three successive years he or they shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and on conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine of five hundred dollars and undergo an imprisonment not exceeding one year or both or either at the discretion of the court" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows namely

Section 22 That if the said officers of any such limited partnership joint-stock association or corporation shall neglect or refuse to furnish the Auditor General on or before the last day of March in each and every year with the report and appraisement as aforesaid as required by law it shall be the duty of the accounting officers of the Commonwealth to add ten per centum to the tax of said limited partnership joint-stock association or corporation for each and every year for which such report and appraisement were not so furnished which percentage shall be settled and collected with the said tax in the usual manner of settling accounts and collecting such taxes if the officers of any limited partnership association joint-stock association or corporation or any of them shall intentionally neglect or refuse to furnish the Auditor General with the report and appraisement as required by law for three successive years he or they shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and on conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine of five hundred dollars and undergo an imprisonment not exceeding one year or both or either at the discretion of the court and provided further That the Auditor General shall report the fact to the Governor who if he shall be satisfied that such failure was intentional shall thereupon by proclamation declare the charter of said corporation or company forfeited and its chartered privileges at an end whereupon the same shall cease end and be determined saving however the rights of the creditors and stockholders in and to any property assets claims or demands of the corporation or company

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—172.

Adams,	Gans,	Mangan,	Smith, Jeff. W.,
Albee,	Garner,	Marvin,	Smith, L.,
Alcorn,	Geary,	Mather,	Snyder,
Alexander,	Geiser,	McArdle,	Sones,
Aron,	Gibson,	McCaig,	Spangler,
Arthur,	Gingery,	McClintock,	Spencer,
Baker,	Glass,	McClure,	Statler,
Baldwin,	Gompers,	McConnell,	Staving,
Beck,	Goodnough,	McCurdy,	Steedle,
Becker,	Goodwin,	McDermott,	Stein,
Benn,	Goodyear,	McNichol,	Stern,
Benninger,	Gormley,	Mearkle,	Stone,
Bergy,	Graham,	Metzenbacher,	Sullivan,
Berntheizel,	Gransback,	Milliron,	Swan,
Beyer,	Greenwood,	Murdoch,	Swartz,
Blackburn,	Habgood,	Murphy,	Taylor,
Body,	Hackett,	Neville,	Thomas,
Bovee,	Harper,	Nieder,	Trach.
Brosius,	Heffernan,	Nissley,	Twibill,
Brownlee,	Hess,	Ostrander,	Wagner,
Bungard,	Heyburn,	Palmer,	Walsh,
Campbell, J. O.,	Hibshman,	Perry,	Walter,
Campbell, T.,	Hoffman,	Peters,	Walton,
Christman,	Hollingsworth,	Phillips,	Watson,
Conner,	Horton,	Pickering,	Weaver,
Cromer,	Howarth,	Powell,	Weimer,
Cummins,	Hubler,	Ramsey,	Weir,
Curry,			

Davis,	Jack,	Rhoads,	West,
Dawson,	Jones, W. W.,	Rich,	Wettach,
Dell,	Kaiser,	Rininger,	Whitaker,
Diefenderfer,	Kitts,	Rinn,	Wildman,
Dodds,	Klinger,	Robertson,	Willard,
Drinkhouse,	Kuhn,	Roney,	Williams,
Dunn,	Lafferty,	Rothenberger,	Wilson, H. I.,
Eby,	Landis,	Rudisill,	Wilson, W. H.,
Ehrhardt,	Lanius,	Sampsel,	Wobensmith,
Eppley,	Lauler,	Sarig,	Wood,
Erdman,	Leighner,	Schaeffer,	Woodward,
Evans,	Lindsey,	Scott,	Wylie,
Finnerty,	Lipschutz,	Shaaber,	Wynne,
Forster,	Love,	Shoop,	Young,
Fretz,	Luppert,	Showalter,	Ambler,
Fruit,	Luxemburger,	Sinclair,	Speaker.
Gallagher,	Lynch,	Smith, J. W.,	

NAYS—3.

Arnold,	Corbin,	Reel,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 880 (Senate Bill No. 305), entitled:

An Act relating to appeals from the reports of auditors of boroughs townships and poor districts.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—177.

Adams,	Fretz,	Luppert,	Sinclair,
Albee,	Fruit,	Luxemburger,	Smith, J. W.,
Alcorn,	Gallagher,	Lynch,	Smith, Jeff. W.
Alexander,	Gans,	Mangan,	Smith, L.,
Arnold,	Garner,	Marvin,	Snyder,
Aron,	Geary,	Mather,	Sones,
Arthur,	Geiser,	McArdle,	Spencer,
Baldwin,	Gibson,	McCaig,	Statler,
Bauerle,	Gingery,	McClintock,	Staving,
Beck,	Glass,	McClure,	Steedle,
Becker,	Glenn,	McCurdy,	Stein,
Benn,	Gompers,	McDermott,	Stern,
Benninger,	Goodnough,	McKay,	Stone,
Bergy,	Goodwin,	McNichol,	Sullivan,
Berntheizel,	Goodyear,	McVicar,	Swan,
Beyer,	Gormley,	Mearkle,	Swartz,
Blackburn,	Graham,	Mellott,	Thomas,
Body,	Gransback,	Metzenbacher,	Trach,
Bovee,	Greenwood,	Milliron,	Twibill,
Brownlee,	Hackett,	Murdoch,	Vickerman,
Brumbaugh,	Hamilton,	Neville,	Wagner,
Bungard,	Harper,	Nissley,	Walsh,
Campbell, J. O.,	Heffernan,	Oaks,	Walter,
Campbell, T.,	Herman,	Ostrander,	Walton,
Christman,	Hess,	Palmer,	Watson,
Conner,	Heyburn,	Perry,	Weaver,
Corbin,	Hibshman,	Peters,	Weimer,
Cox,	Hoffman,	Phillips,	Weir,
Cummins,	Hollern,	Pickering,	West,
Curry,	Hollingsworth,	Powell,	Wettach,
Davis,	Howarth,	Ramsey,	Whitaker,
Dawson,	Hubler,	Reel,	Whitten,
Dell,	Jack,	Rhoads,	Wildman,
Diefenderfer,	Jones, W. W.,	Rich,	Willard,
Dodds,	Kaiser,	Rininger,	Williams,
Drinkhouse,	Kitts,	Robertson,	Wilson, H. I.,
Dunn,	Klinger,	Roney,	Wilson, W. H.,
Eby,	Kuhn,	Rothenberger,	Wobensmith,
Ehrhardt,	Kunkle,	Rudisill,	Wood,
Eppley,	Lafferty,	Sampsel,	Woodward,
Erdman,	Lanius,	Sarig,	Wylie,
Evans,	Lauer,	Schaeffer,	Wynne,
Fackler,	Lauler,	Scott,	Young,
Finnerty,	Leighner,	Shaaber,	Ambler,
Flynn,	Lindsey,	Shaffer,	Speaker.
Forster,	Lipschutz,	Shoop,	

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed it without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 910, as follows:

An Act to establish and regulate the fees to be received and charged by the prothonotary of the courts of common pleas of this Commonwealth in counties having over eight hundred thousand and less than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants according to the last preceding United States census

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Comonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by authority of the same That the fees to be received by the prothonotary of the courts of common pleas of this Commonwealth in counties having over eight hundred thousand and less than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants according to the last preceding United States census shall be as follows

Action in Assumpsit

Entering issuing writ or alias writ and entering sheriff's return one dollar and twenty-five cents

All other docket entries before filing of pleas or entering judgment two dollars

Filing of plea or entering judgment one dollar

Action in Trespass

Entering issuing writ or alias writ of summons or capias ad respondendum and entering sheriff's return one dollar and twenty-five cents

All other docket entries before filing of pleas or entering judgment two dollars

Filing of plea or entering judgment one dollar

Adoption

Entering petition docketing and certificate seventy-five cents

Appeals

To Supreme and Superior Courts and bond thereon with justification three dollars

From alderman justice of the peace and county court one dollar and fifty cents

Receiving and entering appeal from an award of arbitrators taking recognizance and affidavit one dollar

Receiving and entering appeal from board of viewers or assessors one dollar and twenty-five cents

Receiving and entering appeals from recount of election returns two dollars

Arbitrators

Entering of rule to choose fifty cents

Entering of rule to refer fifty cents

Assignments

Noting docketing and indexing sixty cents

Attachment

Attachment execution domestic attachment foreign attachment and under the act of one thousand eight hundred and sixty-nine filing docketing and issuing writ one dollar and twenty-five cents

Subsequent docket entries prior to judgment two dollars

Issuing attachment in contempt and motion thereof each name one dollar and twenty-five cents

Issuing attachment for defaulting witness fifty cents

Issuing attachment defaulting jurors fifty cents

Bail

Bail piece one dollar

Bail for stay entry and certificate one dollar

Receiving and care of cash deposit in lieu of surety two per cent on the first five hundred dollars and one per cent on any additional amount

Certificate

Certifying record and seal fifty cents

Issuing certificate of appointment of commissioner fifty cents

Issuing certificate of appointment of master fifty cents

Issuing certificate of appointment of auditor fifty cents

Issuing certificate of no appeal one dollar

Issuing certificate of no liens for each five years or fraction thereof one dollar

Issuing certificate of liens for each five years or fraction thereof one dollar and twenty cents for each lien unsatisfied

Issuing certificate of no suits for each five years or fraction thereof one dollar

Certificate of commission to notary alderman and justice of the peace fifty cents

Certified copy or order of court for each page or fraction thereof thirty cents

Certificate and seal fifty cents

Issuing certified copy of docket entry one dollar and fifty cents

Issuing certificate authorizing the collection of birds nests or eggs for scientific purposes one dollar

Entering certificate of judgment against boroughs townships and school districts rendered by a justice or alderman fifty cents

Certiorari

Issuing writ and all proceedings thereon three dollars and seventy-five cents

Case Stated

Filing and docketing one dollar and twenty-five cents

All subsequent entries three dollars

Change of Name

Filing and docketing petition two dollars

Charter

Filing corporate charter petition for change of corporate name or alteration or amendment of charter for merger and all proceedings thereon five dollars and seventy-five cents

Citation

Filing and docketing petition issuing writ and return thereon one dollar and twenty-five cents
Docketing all further proceedings two dollars

Commission

Commission to take testimony docketing and entering thereon one dollar and twenty-five cents
Commission de lunatico inquirendo filing and docketing petition one dollar and twenty-five cents
Commission in partition and entering return one dollar and twenty-five cents

Condemnation of Property

Filing and docketing petition bond order of court and all subsequent docket entries four dollars and seventy-five cents

Contract

Filing and docketing building contract one dollar and twenty-five cents

Depositions

Entry of rule fifty cents

Dissolution

Of charter or partnership filing and docketing all proceedings thereon five dollars and twenty-five cents

Divorce

Filing and docketing libel issuing subpoena and entering sheriff's return one dollar and twenty-five cents
Issuing alias subpoena and entering sheriff's return one dollar and twenty-five cents
All subsequent docket entries including certified copy of decree three dollars and fifty cents

Election

Filing election returns custody of and delivery of same to returning board entering official returns in election docket each district one dollar
To be paid by the county
Reporting and certifying election of justice of the peace and all county State and other officers whose election is required to be reported and certified to the Secretary of the Commonwealth each officer certified fifty cents
To be paid by the county
Certificate of appointment of election officers one dollar and seventy-five cents
Petition to open ballot box filing and docketing and certified copy of order one dollar and seventy-five cents

Ejectment

Issuing writ and entering sheriff's return one dollar and twenty-five cents
Indexing and all subsequent docket entries prior to plea two dollars and twenty-five cents
Filing plea or entering judgment thereon one dollar

Equity

Filing of bill one dollar and twenty-five cents

Escheat

Entry and docketing proceedings five dollars

Estrepment

Issuing of writ one dollar and twenty-five cents

Exemplification

Record from other county filing and entering the same one dollar and twenty-five cents

Feme Sole Trader

Petition docketing and all services thereunder four dollars and seventy-five cents

Fieri Facias

Issuing and docketing writ and entering sheriff's return seventy-five cents
Issuing and docketing testatum fieri facias and entering sheriff's return seventy-five cents
Docketing and indexing testatum fieri facias from other county one dollar and twenty-five cents

Financial Statement

Filing and docketing one dollar and twenty-five cents

Guardian

Filing and docketing petition and all subsequent proceedings including certificate of appointment four dollars and seventy-five cents

Habeas Corpus

Issuing writ one dollar and twenty-five cents

Habere Facias

Issuing writ docketing and entering sheriff's return seventy-five cents

Habitual Drunkards

Filing and docketing petition and all subsequent proceedings four dollars and seventy-five cents

Injunction

Writ for preliminary injunction one dollar and twenty-five cents

Inquiry

Issuing of writ one dollar and twenty-five cents

Insolvency

Filing petition docketing and all subsequent proceedings four dollars and seventy-five cents

Judgment

Docketing and indexing confessed judgments one dollar and twenty-five cents
Entering satisfaction thereon fifty cents

Judges Detailment of

Entry of order and certificate two dollars
To be paid by the county

Levari Facias

Issuing writ docketing and entering sheriff's return seventy-five cents

Lien

Release postponement restriction satisfaction or discontinuance fifty cents

Lists

Preparing files and records for cases on trial list each case twenty-five cents
To be paid by the county
Preparing trial or argument list each case twenty-five cents
To be paid by the county

Lunacy

Filing and docketing petition and all subsequent entries therein four dollars and seventy-five cents

Mandamus

Filing docketing petition issuing writ and entering return and all other services four dollars and seventy-five cents

Mechanics' Lien

Entering docketing and indexing one dollar and twenty-five cents

Mortgages Satisfaction Thereof

Filing docketing petition and all subsequent proceedings including certificate four dollars and seventy-five cents

Municipal Lien

Entering docketing and indexing one dollar and twenty-five cents

Naturalization

Duplicate copy of naturalization papers one dollar

Oath of Office

Filing and docketing one dollar and seventy-five cents

Overseers of Election

Filing petition for appointment one dollar and twenty-five cents
Each certificate fifty cents

Party Name

Filing docketing and certificate for preemption of party name three dollars and seventy-five cents

Perpetuating Testimony

Filing and docketing petition one dollar and twenty-five cents
Entering order of court thereon and recording the same three dollars

Partition

Filing docketing and issuing writ of summons and entering sheriff's returns one dollar and twenty-five cents
Subsequent docket entries prior to judgment two dollars
Entry of judgment therein one dollar
Writ de partitione faciendo one dollar and twenty-five cents

Petition

Filing petition for oral examination as to title of property one dollar
Filing and docketing any petition not herein specifically provided for two dollars and fifty cents

Possession

Entry issuing writ and return thereon one dollar and twenty-five cents

Quo Warranto

Filing and docketing petition issuing writ and all further proceednigs thereon two dollars and fifty cents

Receipt

Entering or issuing fifty cents

Registration and Certificate

Partnership physicians veterinaries dentists and stallions one dollar

Remittitur

Entering the same from Supreme or Superior Courts one dollar

Replevin

Entry issuing writ and all services prior to judgment three dollars and twenty-five cents
Issuing writ or returno habendo seventy-five cents

Reports

Report to county commissioners of every judgment or lien assignment or satisfaction thereof each ten cents
Not to exceed six hundred dollars per annum
Entering report of treasurer and acknowledgeing treasurer's deed one dollar and fifty cents

School Auditor

Docketing order of appointment one dollar and twenty-five cents
Each certificate issued fifty cents
Entry of auditors official oath fifty cents
Entry of report of school auditors docket for each page of report thirty cents

School Directors

Docketing order of appointment and certificates thereof in districts of the first class two dollars

Scire Facias

Sur mortgage filing docketing issuing writ certificate to recorder entering on scire facias and entering sheriff's return one dollar and seventy-five cents
Alias writ one dollar and twenty-five cents
All other writs of scire facias and alias writs filing docketing issuing indexing and entering sheriff's return one dollar and twenty-five cents

Suggestion of Freehold

Entry and certificate one dollar

Subpoena

Issuing of twenty-five cents

Tax Lien

Filing and entering each fifty cents
Satisfaction of each fifty cents
Filing and entering where special dockets are required and indexing on judgment index each one dollar and twenty-five cents
Filing and entering suggestion and averment of unpaid tax or municipal claim and indexing judgment docket one dollar

Transcribing

Any paper or record per page or fraction thereof thirty cents

Transcript

Docketing and indexing transcript from alderman justice of the peace and county court one dollar and twenty-five cents

Venditioni Exponas

Issuing writ and entering sheriff's return seventy-five cents

Verdict

Verdict fee and indexing in judgment docket four dollars

Viewers

Docketing petition one dollar and twenty-five cents
Issuing precept one dollar and twenty-five cents
All subsequent docket entries three dollars
Certified copy of report three dollars

Workhouse Release

Making out petition and certificate one dollar
The fees hereinbefore enumerated shall be exclusive of any State tax now levied or that may hereafter be levied
Section 2 The fees for docketing entering filing or performing any other service authorized by law or rule of court the services of which are not herein provided for the prothonotary shall receive the same official fees as for similar services herein provided for
Section 3 The prothonotary shall not be required to perform any service whatsoever until the requisite fee is paid as herein provided
Section 4 All acts or parts of acts general special and local inconsistent with or supplied by the provisions of this act are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—179.

Adams,	Gans,	Luxemburger,	Shoop,
Albee,	Garner,	Mangan,	Sinclair,
Alcorn,	Geary,	Marvin,	Smith, J. W.,
Alexander,	Geiser,	Mather,	Smith, Jeff. W.,
Arnold,	Gibson,	Maurer,	Smith, L.,
Aron,	Gingery,	McArdle,	Snyder,
Arthur,	Glass,	McCaig,	Sones,
Baldwin,	Glenn,	McClintock,	Spangler,
Bauerle,	Gompers,	McClure,	Spencer,
Beck,	Goodnough,	McConnell,	Statler,
Becker,	Goodwin,	McCurdy,	Staving,
Benn,	Goodyear,	McDermott,	Steedle,
Benninger,	Gormley,	McKay,	Stein,
Bergy,	Graham,	McNichol,	Stern,
Berntheizel,	Gransback,	McVicar,	Stone,
Beyer,	Greenwood,	Mearkle,	Sullivan,
Blackburn,	Habgood,	Mellott,	Swan,
Bovee,	Hackett,	Metzenbacher,	Swartz,
Brownlee,	Hamilton,	Milliron,	Taylor,
Brumbaugh,	Harper,	Murdoch,	Trach,
Bungard,	Herman,	Neville,	Twibill,
Campbell, J. O.,	Hess,	Nieder,	Vickerman,
Campbell, T.,	Heyburn,	Oaks,	Vogdes,
Christman,	Hibshman,	Ostrander,	Wagner,
Coldsmith,	Hoffman,	Perry,	Walsh,
Conner,	Hollern,	Peters,	Watson,
Corbin,	Hollingsworth,	Phillips,	Weaver,
Cox,	Howarth,	Pickering,	Weimer,
Cromer,	Hubler,	Powell,	Weir,
Cummins,	Jack,	Ramsey,	West,
Curry,	Jones, W. W.,	Reel,	Wettach,
Davis,	Kaiser,	Rhoads,	Whitaker,
Dawson,	Kitts,	Rich,	Wildman,
Diefenderfer,	Klinger,	Rininger,	Williams,
Drinkhouse,	Kunkle,	Rinn,	Wilson, H. I.,
Dunn,	Lafferty,	Robertson,	Wilson, W. H.,
Ehrhardt,	Landis,	Roney,	Wobensmith,
Erdman,	Lanius,	Rothenberger,	Wood,
Evans,	Lauer,	Rudisill,	Woodward,
Fackler,	Lauler,	Sampsel,	Wylie,
Flynn,	Leighner,	Sarig,	Wynne,
Forster,	Lindsey,	Schaeffer,	Young,
Fretz,	Lipschutz,	Scott,	Ambler,
Fruit,	Love,	Shaaber,	Speaker.
Gallagher,	Luppert,	Shaffer,	

NAYS—1.

Palmer,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 818 (Senate Bill No. 88), entitled:

An Act relating to the competency of witnesses and to the rules of evidence in proceedings arising from the exercise of the right of eminent domain

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—178.

Adams,	Garner,	Marvin,	Smith, L.,
Albee,	Geary,	Mather,	Snyder,
Alcorn,	Geiser,	Maurer,	Sones,
Alexander,	Gibson,	McCaig,	Spangler,
Arnold,	Gingery,	McClintock,	Spencer,
Aron,	Glass,	McClure,	Statler,
Arthur,	Glenn,	McConnell,	Staving,
Baldwin,	Gompers,	McCurdy,	Steedle,
Bauerle,	Goodnough,	McDermott,	Stein,
Becker,	Goodwin,	McKay,	Stern,
Benn,	Goodyear,	McNichol,	Stone,
Benninger,	Gormley,	McVicar,	Sullivan,
Bergy,	Graham,	Mellott,	Swan,
Berntheizel,	Gransback,	Metzenbacher,	Swartz,
Beyer,	Greenwood,	Milliron,	Taylor,
Body,	Habgood,	Murdoch,	Thomas,
Bovee,	Hackett,	Neville,	Trach,
Brosius,	Harper,	Oaks,	Twibill,
Brumbaugh,	Heffernan,	Ostrander,	Vogdes,
Campbell, J. O.,	Hess,	Palmer,	Wagner,
Campbell, T.,	Heyburn,	Perry,	Walsh,
Christman,	Hibshman,	Peters,	Walter,
Coldsmith,	Hoffman,	Phillips,	Walton,
Conner,	Hollern,	Pickering,	Watson,
Corbin,	Hollingsworth,	Powell,	Weaver,
Cox,	Horton,	Ramsey,	Weimer,
Cromer,	Howarth,	Reel,	Weir,
Curry,	Hubler,	Rhoads,	West,
Davis,	Jack,	Rich,	Wettach,
Dawson,	Jones, W. W.,	Rininger,	Whitaker,
Dell,	Kaiser,	Robertson,	Whitten,
Diefenderfer,	Kitts,	Roney,	Wildman,
Dodds,	Klinger,	Rothenberger,	Willard,
Drinkhouse,	Kunkle,	Rowell,	Williams,
Dunn,	Lafferty,	Rudisill,	Wilson, H. I.,
Ehrhardt,	Landis,	Sampsel,	Wilson, W. H.,
Eppley,	Lanius,	Sarig,	Wobensmith,
Erdman,	Lauer,	Schaeffer,	Wood,
Evans,	Lauler,	Scott,	Woodward,
Fackler,	Leighner,	Shaaber,	Wylie,
Finnerty,	Lindsey,	Shaffer,	Wynne,
Flynn,	Lipschutz	Shoop,	Young,
Forster,	Love,	Sinclair,	Ambler,
Fretz,	Luppert,	Smith, J. W.,	Speaker.
Gallagher,	Luxemburger,	Smith, Jeff. W.,	
Gans,	Mangan,		

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with the information that the House has passed it without amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 867, entitled:

An Act conferring authority upon the commissioners of the counties respectively within this Commonwealth to appropriate money for the maintenance of such indigent residents of the county as may be patients in a hospital or sanitorium of any district in the county which has been erected and equipped according to plans and specifications approved by the Department of Health of Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—178.

Adams,	Fruit,	Luppert,	Shoop,
Albee,	Gallagher,	Luxemburger,	Showalter,
Alcorn,	Gans,	Mangan,	Sinclair,
Alexander,	Garner,	Marvin,	Smith, J. W.,
Arnold,	Geary,	Mather,	Smith, Jeff. W.
Aron,	Geiser,	McArdle,	Smith, L.,
Arthur,	Gibson,	McCaig,	Snyder,
Baldwin,	Gingery,	McClintock,	Sones,
Bauerle,	Glass,	McClure,	Spangler,
Beck,	Gompers,	McConnell,	Spencer,
Becker,	Goodnough,	McCurdy,	Statler,
Benn,	Goodwin,	McDermott,	Staving,
Benninger,	Goodyear,	McKay,	Steedle,
Bergy,	Gormley,	McNichol,	Stein,
Berntheizel,	Graham,	McVicar,	Stern,
Beyer,	Gransback,	Mearkle,	Stone,
Blackburn,	Greenwood,	Mellott,	Sullivan.
Body,	Habgood,	Metzenbacher,	Swan,
Bovee,	Hackett,	Milliron,	Swartz,
Brosius,	Hamilton,	Murdoch,	Taylor,
Brownlee,	Harper,	Myers,	Thomas,
Brumbaugh,	Heffernan,	Neville,	Trach,
Bungard,	Herman,	Oaks,	Twibill,
Campbell, J. O.	Hess,	Ostrander,	Vickerman,
Campbell, T.,	Heyburn,	Palmer,	Wagner,
Christman,	Hibshman,	Perry,	Walsh,
Conner,	Hoffman,	Peters,	Walter,
Corbin,	Hollern,	Phillips,	Walton,
Cox,	Hollingsworth,	Pickering,	Weaver,
Cromer,	Howarth,	Powell,	Weimer,
Cummins,	Hubler,	Ramsey,	Weir,
Curry,	Jack,	Reel,	West,
Davis,	Jones, W. W.,	Rhoads,	Wettach,
Dawson,	Kaiser,	Rich,	Whitten,
Dell,	Kitts,	Rinn,	Wildman,
Diefenderfer,	Klinger,	Robertson,	Willard,
Dodds,	Kuhn,	Roney,	Williams,
Drinkhouse,	Kunkle,	Rothenberger,	Wilson, H. I.,
Dunn,	Lafferty,	Rowell,	Wilson, W. H.,
Eppley,	Landis,	Rudisill,	Wobensmith,
Erdman,	Lanius,	Sampsel,	Wood,
Fackler,	Lauer,	Sarig,	Wylie,
Finnerty,	Lauler,	Schaeffer,	Wynne,
Flynn,	Leighner,	Scott,	Young,
Forster,	Lipschutz,	Shaaber,	Ambler,
Fretz,	Love,	Shaffer,	Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 939 entitled:

An Act relating to the holding of real estate by certain foreign corporations associations and companies doing business in Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—179.

Adams,	Fruit,	Lynch,	Shoop,
Albee,	Gallagher,	Mangan,	Sinclair,
Alcorn,	Gans,	Marvin,	Smith, J. W.,
Alexander,	Garner,	Mather,	Smith, Jeff. W.,
Arnold,	Geary,	McArdle,	Smith, L.,
Aron,	Geiser,	McCaig,	Snyder,
Arthur,	Gibson,	McClintock,	Sones,
Baker,	Gingery,	McClure,	Spangler,
Barnett,	Glass,	McConnell,	Spencer,
Bauerle,	Gompers,	McCurdy,	Statler,
Beck,	Goodnough,	McDermott,	Staving,
Becker,	Goodwin,	McKay,	Stein,
Benn,	Goodyear,	McNichol,	Stern,
Benninger,	Gormley,	McVicar,	Stone,
Bergy,	Graham,	Mellott,	Sullivan,
Berntheizel,	Gransback,	Metzenbacher,	Swan,
Beyer,	Greenwood,	Milliron,	Swartz,
Blackburn,	Habgood,	Murdoch,	Thomas,
Bovee,	Hackett,	Myers,	Trach,
Brosius,	Harper,	Nieder,	Twibill,
Brownlee,	Heffernan,	Nissley,	Vickerman,
Bungard,	Hess,	Oaks,	Vogdes,
Campbell, J. O.	Heyburn,	Ostrander,	Wagner,
Campbell, T.,	Hibshman,	Palmer,	Walsh.
Christman,	Hoffman,	Perry,	Walton,
Conner,	Hollern,	Peters,	Watson,
Corbin,	Hollingsworth,	Phillips,	Weaver,
Cox,	Howarth,	Pickering,	Weimer,
Cromer,	Hubler,	Powell,	Weir,
Cummins,	Jack,	Ramsey,	West,
Curry,	Jones, W. W.,	Reel,	Whitaker,
Dawson,	Kaiser,	Rhoads,	Whitten,
Dell,	Kitts,	Rich,	Wildman,
Diefenderfer,	Klinger,	Rininger,	Williams,
Dodds,	Kuhn,	Rinn,	Wilson, H. I.,
Drinkhouse,	Kunkle,	Robertson,	Wilson, W. H.,
Dunn,	Lafferty,	Roney,	Wobensmith,
Eby,	Landis,	Rothenberger,	Wood,
Ehrhardt,	Lanius,	Rudisill,	Woodward,
Eppley,	Lauler,	Sampsel,	Wylie,
Erdman,	Leighner,	Sarig,	Wynne,
Evans,	Lindsey,	Schaeffer,	Young,
Fackler,	Love,	Scott,	Ambler,
Flynn,	Luppert,	Shaaber,	Speaker.
Forster,	Luxemburger,	Shaffer,	
Fretz,			

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1130, entitled:

An Act regulating the legal business of the State government and the employment of attorneys therefor defining the duties of the various departments bureaus boards and commissions in relation thereto

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. STERN. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to offer amendments at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk for information.

The Clerk then read the amendments as follows:

Amend the title by adding in the third line thereof, after the word "boards" the word "agents"

Amend section 1, line 5, by adding after the word "board" the word "agent"

Amend section 2, lines 1, 6, 9, 11, and 19 by adding after the word "board" the word "agent"

Amend section 3, line 2 by adding after the word "board" the word "agent"

Amend section 4, lines 2, 5 and 7 by adding after the word "board" the word "agent"

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to the insertion of the amendments at this time? Is there any objection? The Chair hears none and the amendments will be inserted in accordance with the instructions of the House.

The bill as amended was then agreed to on third reading.

Ordered That the bill as amended, lie over for printing.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1131, entitled

An Act reorganizing the Attorney Generals Department designating the officers and employes thereof and fixing their salaries

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—138.

Adams,	Forster,	Lynch,	Sinclair,
Albee,	Fretz,	Mangan,	Smith, J. W.,
Alcorn,	Fruit,	Marvin,	Smith, L.,
Alexander,	Gallagher,	Mather,	Snyder,
Arnold,	Gans,	McClintock,	Sones,
Aron,	Garner,	McCurdy,	Spangler,
Arthur,	Geiser,	McDermott,	Staving,
Baldwin,	Gibson,	McNichol,	Steedle,
Barnett,	Gingery,	Mearkle,	Stern,
Bauerle,	Glass,	Mellott,	Stone,
Beck,	Glenn,	Metzenbacher,	Sullivan,
Becker,	Gompers,	Milliron,	Swan,
Benn,	Graham,	Neville,	Swartz,
Benninger,	Gransback,	Oaks,	Thomas,
Bergy,	Greenwood,	Ostrander,	Trach,
Berntheizel,	Hackett,	Palmer,	Twibill,
Beyer,	Harper,	Peters,	Vickerman,
Blackburn,	Heffernan,	Phillips,	Vogdes,
Bovee,	Heyburn,	Pickering,	Walton,
Brosius,	Hibshman,	Powell,	Weaver,
Brumbaugh,	Hoffman,	Ramsey,	Weimer,
Bungard,	Hollern,	Rhoads,	Weir,
Campbell, T.,	Hubler,	Rich,	West,
Christman,	Jack,	Rininger,	Wettach,
Conner,	Jones, E. E.,	Rinn,	Whitten,
Corbin,	Jones, W. W.,	Robertson,	Williams,
Curry,	Klinger,	Roney,	Wilson, H. I.,
Davis,	Kuhn,	Rowell,	Wobensmith,
Dawson,	Lafferty,	Sampsel,	Wood,
Dodds,	Landis,	Schaeffer,	Woodward,
Drinkhouse,	Lauler,	Scott,	Wynne,
Ehrhardt,	Leighner,	Shaaber,	Young,
Eppley,	Lipschutz,	Shaffer,	Ambler,
Evans,	Love,	Shoop,	Speaker.
Flynn,	Luxemburger,	Showalter,	

NAYS—12.

Brownlee,	Diefenderfer,	Reel,	Statler,
Campbell, J. O.,	Habgood,	Sarig,	Taylor,
Cromer,	Kunkle,	Spencer,	Watson,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1080 (Senate Bill No. 438), entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the tenth day of June one thousand eight hundred eighty-one entitled "An Act to enable mothers in certain cases to appoint testamentary guardians" by extending certain rights to mothers

And said bill having been read the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—174.

Adams,	Gallagher,	Marvin,	Smith, J. W.,
Albee,	Gans,	Mather,	Smith, Jeff. W.,
Alcorn,	Garner,	Maurer,	Smith, L.,
Alexander,	Geary,	McCaig,	Snyder,
Arnold,	Geiser,	McClintock,	Sones,
Aron,	Gibson,	McClure,	Spangler,
Arthur,	Gingery,	McConnell,	Spencer,
Baldwin,	Glass,	McCurdy,	Statler,
Barnett,	Gompers,	McDermott,	Staving,
Bauerle,	Goodnough,	McKay,	Steedle,
Becker,	Goodwin,	McNichol,	Stein,
Benn,	Gormley,	McVicar,	Stern,
Benninger,	Graham,	Mellott,	Stone,
Bergy,	Gransback,	Metzenbacher,	Sullivan,
Berntheizel,	Habgood,	Milliron,	Swan,
Beyer,	Hackett,	Neville,	Swartz,
Blackburn,	Harper,	Nieder,	Taylor,
Body,	Heffernan,	Oaks,	Thomas,
Bovee,	Herman,	Ostrander,	Trach,
Brosius,	Hess,	Palmer,	Twibill,
Brownlee,	Heyburn,	Peters,	Vickerman,
Bungard,	Hibshman,	Phillips,	Vogdes,
Campbell, J. O.,	Hoffman,	Pickering,	Wagner,
Campbell, T.,	Hollern,	Powell,	Walsh,
Christman,	Hollingsworth,	Ramsey,	Watson,
Coldsmith,	Horton,	Reel,	Weaver,
Conner,	Howarth,	Rhoads,	Weimer,
Corbin,	Hubler,	Rich,	Weir,
Cox,	Jack,	Rininger,	West,
Cromer,	Jones, E. E.,	Robertson,	Wettach,
Cummins,	Jones, W. W.,	Roney,	Whitten,
Curry,	Kitts,	Rothenberger,	Wildman,
Davis,	Klinger,	Rowell,	Williams,
Dawson,	Kunkle,	Rudisill,	Wilson, H. I.,
Dell,	Landis,	Sampsel,	Wilson, W. H.
Diefenderfer,	Lauler,	Sarig,	Wobensmith,
Dodds,	Leighner,	Schaeffer,	Wood,
Drinkhouse,	Lindsey,	Scott,	Woodward,
Dunn,	Lipschutz,	Shaaber,	Wylie,
Eppley,	Luppert,	Shaffer,	Wynne,
Erdman,	Luxemburger,	Shoop,	Young,
Flynn,	Lynch,	Showalter,	Ambler,
Forster,	Mangan,	Sinclair,	Speaker.
Fretz,			
Fruit,			

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1117 (Senate Bill No. 430), entitled:

An Act relative to the holding of magistrates courts in cities of the first class

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—179.

Adams,	Gallagher,	Lynch,	Shoop,
Albee,	Gans,	Mangan,	Showalter,
Alcorn,	Garner,	Marvin,	Smith, J. W.,
Alexander,	Geary,	Mather,	Smith, Jeff. W.,
Arnold,	Geiser,	Maurer,	Smith, L.,
Aron,	Gibson,	McArdle,	Snyder,
Arthur,	Gingery,	McCaig,	Sones,
Baldwin,	Glass,	McClintock,	Spangler,
Bauerle,	Glenn,	McClure,	Spencer,
Becker,	Gompers,	McCurdy,	Statler,
Benn,	Goodwin,	McDermott,	Staving,
Benninger,	Goodyear,	McKay,	Steedle,
Bergy,	Gormley,	McNichol,	Stern,
Beyer,	Graham,	Mearkle,	Stone,
Blackburn,	Gransback,	Mellott,	Sullivan,
Body,	Greenwood,	Metzenbacher,	Swan,
Bovee,	Habgood,	Milliron,	Swartz,
Brosius,	Hackett,	Murdoch,	Taylor,
Brownlee,	Harper,	Neville,	Thomas,
Bungard,	Hess,	Nieder,	Trach,
Campbell, J. O.,	Heyburn,	Nissley,	Twibill,
Campbell, T.,	Hibshman,	Oaks,	Vickerman,
Christman,	Heffernan,	Ostrander,	Vogdes,
Conner,	Hoffman,	Palmer,	Walsh,
Corbin,	Hollingsworth,	Peters,	Walton,
Cox,	Horton,	Phillips,	Watson,
Cromer,	Howarth,	Pickering,	Weaver,
Cummins,	Hubler,	Powell,	Weimer,
Curry,	Jack,	Ramsey,	Weir,
Davis,	Jones, E. E.,	Reel,	West,
Dawson,	Jones, W. W.,	Rhoads,	Wettach,
Dell,	Kaiser,	Rich,	Whitaker,
Diefenderfer,	Kitts,	Rininger,	Wildman,
Dodds,	Klinger,	Rinn,	Williams,
Drinkhouse,	Kunkle,	Robertson,	Wilson, H. I.,
Dunn,	Lafferty,	Roney,	Wilson, W. H.,
Eby,	Landis,	Rothenberger,	Wobensmith,
Ehrhardt,	Lanius,	Rowell,	Wood,
Eppley,	Lauer,	Rudisill,	Woodward,
Erdman,	Lauler,	Sampsel,	Wylie,
Fackler,	Leighner,	Sarig,	Wynne,
Finnerty,	Lipschutz,	Schaeffer,	Young,
Flynn,	Love,	Scott,	Ambler,
Forster,	Luppert,	Shaaber,	Speaker.
Fretz,	Luxemburger,	Shaffer,	
Fruit,			

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1108, entitled:

An Act to validate acts done and conveyances made by or to corporations after letters patent are issued and before the recording of their charters.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—180.

Adams,	Fretz,	Luppert,	Shaffer,
Albee,	Fruit,	Luxemburger,	Shoop,
Alcorn,	Gallagher,	Lynch,	Showalter,
Alexander,	Gans,	Mangan,	Sinclair,
Arnold,	Garner,	Marvin,	Smith, J. W.,
Aron,	Geary,	Mather,	Smith, Jeff. W.
Arthur,	Geiser,	Maurer,	Smith, L.,
Baldwin,	Gibson,	McArdle,	Sones,
Barnett,	Gingery,	McCaig,	Spangler,
Bauerle,	Glass,	McClintock,	Spencer,
Becker,	Gompers,	McClure,	Staving,
Benn,	Goodnough,	McConnell,	Steedle,
Benninger,	Goodwin,	McCurdy,	Stein,
Bergy,	Goodyear,	McDermott,	Stern,
Berntheizel,	Graham,	McKay,	Stone,
Beyer,	Gransback,	McNichol,	Sullivan,
Blackburn,	Greenwood,	McVicar,	Swartz,
Body,	Habgood,	Mellott,	Taylor,
Bovee,	Hackett,	Metzenbacher,	Thomas,
Brosius,	Hamilton,	Milliron,	Trach,
Brownlee,	Harper,	Murdoch,	Twibill,
Bungard,	Heffernan,	Neville,	Vickerman,
Campbell, J. C	Hess,	Nieder,	Wagner,
Campbell, T.,	Heyburn,	Nissley,	Walsh,
Christman,	Hibshman,	Oaks,	Walter,
Coldsmith,	Hoffman,	Ostrander,	Walton,
Conner,	Hollern,	Palmer,	Watson,
Corbin,	Hollingsworth,	Peters,	Weimer,
Cox,	Horton,	Phillips,	Weir,
Cromer,	Howarth,	Pickering,	West,
Cummins,	Hubler,	Powell,	Wettach,
Curry,	Jack,	Ramsey,	Whitaker,
Davis,	Jones, E. E.,	Reel,	Wildman,
Dawson,	Jones, W. W.,	Rhoads,	Willard,
Dell,	Kaiser,	Rich,	Williams,
Diefenderfer,	Kitts,	Rininger,	Wilson, H. I.,
Dodds,	Klinger,	Rinn,	Wilson, W. H.,
Drinkhouse,	Kuhn,	Robertson,	Wobensmith,
Dunn,	Kunkle,	Roney,	Wood,
Eby,	Landis,	Rothenberger,	Woodward,
Ehrhardt,	Lanius,	Rudisill,	Wylie,
Erdman,	Lauer,	Sampsel,	Wynne,
Evans,	Leighner,	Sarig,	Young,
Finnerty,	Lindsey,	Schaeffer,	Ambler,
Flynn,	Lipschutz,	Scott,	Speaker.
Forster,	Love,	Shaaber,	

NAYS.—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1105, entitled:

An Act authorizing Jennie Cly Swogger administratrix of the estate of Lawrence L. Swogger deceased late a citizen of Lawrence county Pennsylvania to bring suit in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—180.

Adams,	Gallagher,	Lynch,	Shoop,
Albee,	Gans,	Mangan,	Showalter,
Alcorn,	Garner,	Marvin,	Sinclair,
Alexander,	Geary,	Mather,	Smith, J. W.,
Arnold,	Geiser,	Maurer,	Smith, Jeff. W.,
Aron,	Gibson,	McCaig,	Snyder,
Arthur,	Gingery,	McClintock,	Sones,
Baker,	Glass,	McClure,	Spangler,
Baldwin,	Glenn,	McConnell,	Statler,
Barnett,	Goodnough,	McCurdy,	Staving,
Bauerle,	Goodwin,	McDermott,	Steedle,
Becker,	Goodyear,	McKay,	Stern,
Benn,	Gormley,	McNichol,	Stone,
Benninger,	Graham,	McVicar,	Sullivan,
Bergy,	Gransback,	Mearkle,	Swan,
Berntheizel,	Greenwood,	Mellott,	Swartz,
Beyer,	Habgood,	Metzenbacher,	Taylor,
Blackburn,	Hackett,	Milliron,	Thomas,
Bovee,	Harper,	Murdoch,	Trach,
Brosius,	Heffernan,	Neville,	Twibill,
Bungard,	Hess,	Nieder,	Vickerman,
Campbell, J. O.,	Heyburn,	Nissley,	Vogdes,
Campbell, T.,	Hibshman,	Oaks,	Wagner,
Christman,	Hoffman,	Ostrander,	Walsh,
Coldsmith,	Hollern,	Palmer,	Walton,
Conner,	Hollingsworth,	Phillips,	Watson,
Cox,	Horton,	Pickering,	Weaver,
Cromer,	Howarth,	Powell,	Weimer,
Cummins,	Hubler,	Ramsey,	Weir,
Curry,	Jack,	Reel,	West,
Davis,	Jones, E. E.,	Rhoads,	Wettach,
Dawson,	Jones, W. W.,	Rich,	Whitaker,
Dell,	Kitts,	Rininger,	Whitten,
Diefenderfer,	Klinger,	Rinn,	Wildman,
Dodds,	Kunkle,	Robertson,	Williams,
Dunn,	Lafferty,	Roney,	Wilson, H. I.,
Eby,	Landis,	Rothenberger,	Wilson, W. H.,
Eppley,	Lanius,	Rowell,	Wobensmith,
Evans,	Lauer,	Rudisill,	Wood,
Fackler,	Leighner,	Sampsel,	Woodward,
Flynn,	Lindsey,	Sarig,	Wylie,
Forster,	Lipschutz,	Schaeffer,	Wynne,
Fretz,	Love,	Scott,	Young,
Fruit,	Luppert,	Shaaber,	Ambler,
	Luxemburger,	Shaffer,	Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1118 (Senate Bill No. 431), entitled:

An Act relative to the powers of magistrates in cities of the first class

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—180.

Adams,	Fruit,	Luppert,	Schaeffer,
Albee,	Gallagher,	Luxemburger,	Scott,
Alcorn,	Gans,	Lynch,	Shaaber,
Alexander,	Garner,	Mangan,	Shaffer,
Arnold,	Geary,	Marvin,	Shoop,
Aron,	Geiser,	Mather,	Showalter,
Arthur,	Gibson,	Maurer,	Sinclair,
Baldwin,	Gingery,	McArdle,	Smith, J. W.,
Barnett,	Glass,	McCaig,	Smith, L.,
Bauerle,	Glenn,	McClintock,	Snyder,
Becker,	Gompers,	McClure,	Sones,
Benn,	Goodnough,	McConnell,	Spangler,
Benninger,	Goodyear,	McCurdy,	Statler,
Bergy,	Gormley,	McDermott,	Staving,
Berntheizel,	Graham,	McKay,	Steedle,
Beyer,	Gransback,	McNichol,	Stein,
Blackburn,	Greenwood,	McVicar,	Stern,
Body,	Habgood,	Mearkle,	Stone,
Bovee,	Hackett,	Mellott,	Swan,
Brosius,	Hamilton,	Metzenbacher,	Swartz,
Brownlee,	Harper,	Milliron,	Thomas,
Bungard,	Heffernan,	Murdoch,	Trach,
Campbell, J. O	Hess,	Neville,	Vickerman,
Campbell, T.,	Heyburn,	Nieder,	Wagner,
Christman,	Hibshman,	Nissley,	Walsh,
Coldsmith,	Hoffman,	Oaks,	Walter,
Conner,	Hollern,	Ostrander,	Watson,
Corbin,	Hollingsworth,	Palmer,	Weaver,
Cox,	Horton,	Perry,	Weimer,
Cromer,	Howarth,	Peters,	Weir,
Curry,	Hubler,	Phillips,	West,
Davis,	Jack,	Pickering,	Wettach,
Dawson,	Jones, W. W.,	Powell,	Whitaker,
Dell,	Kaiser,	Ramsey,	Whitten,
Diefenderfer,	Kitts,	Reel,	Williams,
Dodds,	Klinger,	Reynolds,	Wilson, H. I.,
Drinkhouse,	Kunkle,	Rich,	Wilson, W. H.,

Dunn,	Lafferty,	Rininger,	Wobensmith,
Eby,	Landis,	Rinn,	Wood,
Ehrhardt,	Lanius,	Robertson,	Woodward,
Evans,	Lauer,	Roney,	Wylie,
Fackler,	Lauler,	Rothenberger,	Wynne,
Finnerty,	Leighner,	Rowell,	Young,
Flynn,	Lindsey,	Rudisill,	Ambler,
Forster,	Lipschutz,	Sampsel,	Speaker.
Fretz,	Love,	Sarig,	

NAYS—1.

Spencer,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1134, entitled:

An Act to amend an act approved the twenty-sixth day of April one thousand eight hundred eighty-three entitled "An Act relative to the eligibility of candidates for the office of district attorney"

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—173.

Adams,	Fretz,	Leighner,	Scott,
Albee,	Fruit,	Lindsey,	Shaaber,
Alcorn,	Gallagher,	Lipschutz,	Shaffer,
Alexander,	Gans,	Love,	Shoop,
Arnold,	Garner,	Luppert,	Sinclair,
Aron,	Geary,	Luxemburger,	Smith, J. W.,
Arthur,	Geiser,	Mangan,	Smith, Jeff. W.,
Baldwin,	Gibson,	Marvin,	Snyder,
Bauerle,	Gingery,	Mather,	Spangler,
Beck,	Glass,	McArdle,	Spencer,
Becker,	Glenn,	McCaig,	Steedle,
Benn,	Gompers,	McClintock,	Stein,
Benninger,	Goodnough,	McClure,	Stern,
Bergy,	Goodwin,	McConnell,	Stone,
Berntheizel,	Goodyear,	McCurdy,	Sullivan,
Beyer,	Gormley,	McDermott,	Swan,
Blackburn,	Graham,	McKay,	Swartz,
Body,	Gransback,	McNichol,	Taylor,
Bovee,	Greenwood,	Mearkle,	Thomas,
Brosius,	Habgood,	Metzenbacher,	Trach,
Bungard,	Hackett,	Murdoch,	Vickerman,
Campbell, J. O.,	Harper,	Myers,	Vogdes,
Campbell, T.,	Heffernan,	Nieder,	Wagner,
Christman,	Herman,	Nissley,	Walton,
Coldsmith,	Hess,	Oaks,	Watson,
Conner,	Heyburn,	Ostrander,	Weaver,
Corbin,	Hibshman,	Perry,	Weimer,
Cox,	Hoffman,	Peters,	Weir,
Cummins,	Hollern,	Phillips,	West,
Curry,	Hollingsworth,	Pickering,	Wettach,
Davis,	Horton,	Powell,	Whitaker,
Dawson,	Howarth,	Ramsey,	Whitten,
Dell,	Hubler,	Rhoads,	Williams,
Diefenderfer,	Jack,	Rich,	Wilson, H. L.,
Dodds,	Jones, W. W.,	Rininger,	Wilson, W. H.,
Drinkhouse,	Kaiser,	Rinn,	Wobensmith,
Dunn,	Kitts,	Robertson,	Wood,
Ehrhardt,	Klinger,	Roney,	Woodward,
Erdman,	Lafferty,	Rothenberger,	Wylie,
Fackler,	Landis,	Rowell,	Wynne,
Finnerty,	Lanius,	Sampsel,	Young,
Flynn,	Lauer,	Sarig,	Ambler,
Forster,	Lauler,	Schaeffer,	Speaker.

NAYS—9.

Cromer,	Kunkle,	Palmer,	Sones,
Kuhn,	Mellott,	Reel,	Statler,
		Twibill,	

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 817 (Senate Bill No. 105), entitled:

An Act to avoid delay in the administration of justice by fixing a time within which decisions in certain questions and matters shall be rendered by judges and requiring certain certificates from judges before their salaries shall be paid

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. NISSLEY. Mr. Speaker and Gentlemen of the House, I am constrained to ask you not to pass this bill for the reason that it is likely to work a very great hardship on the court of our county, that is Dauphin county. You all know what a great volume of business comes before this Court and you know that many questions come before the Dauphin county court that are entirely new and it requires a great deal of research and examination on the part of our courts. I assure you that the Judges of the Dauphin county courts are as hard worked as any judges in the State and I will be very much disappointed if this bill will pass because I feel it would work a hardship on the Judges. There is no reason that I can see why this bill should pass requiring the Judge of the courts within nine months to hand down a decision in a case. There are often times throughout the year that for a period of almost three months every day our Judges must listen to cases and sit and hear arguments, and it is absolutely impossible for them in some cases especially in important cases to hand down their decisions within a specified time as is set forth in this bill. I have not asked much of you this session because I am a young member and I do not want to feel that I am putting myself forward, but I feel that in justice to the courts of Dauphin county that I should ask you not to pass this bill.

Mr. STERN. Mr. Speaker, I would like to interrogate the gentleman from Dauphin, Mr. Nissley.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Dauphin permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. NISSLEY. Certainly, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. STERN. This bill provides that a Judge shall render his decision within nine months after a case is heard. I would like to have the gentleman state how long a Judge should have to make his decision.

Mr. NISSLEY. Mr. Speaker, that depends altogether on circumstances. I could not answer that. Some of the cases that are raised in the Dauphin county courts require a great deal of research. Many of the cases have no precedents, and the courts have to read a large amount of testimony sometimes thousands of pages, especially these state cases, and I think it would be a very great hardship on the courts of Dauphin county if this bill were to pass.

Mr. WALTER. Mr. Speaker this bill ought not to be passed because of the inconvenience of the Judges of Dauphin county or of any other county of the State, but it does seem to me that it is not proper for the representative branch of the government of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to interfere with the judicial branch of government. We each have our recognized sphere. It seems to me that because there are some slack and careless Judges in the State of Pennsylvania just as there are some other officials who are careless that we ought not to attempt to remedy these evils by legislation. There is another thing about this bill. Everybody knows that the Judge always gives the lawyers time to submit briefs; does this bill require that he shall decide before the briefs are submitted? Shall he not have the advantage of such light as counsel can give him by argument? It seems to me Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House that this is something that the Legislature of Pennsylvania ought not to interfere with and that the Judges should conduct their business without directions from us.

Mr. STEIN. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen, it seems to me that we who practice in the courts might have some slight interest in the result of this bill. And a word from the member of the Bar may not be amiss upon the bill now under consideration. As has so well been said by my colleague from Franklin we ought not to interfere with, ought not to hasten and we ought not to hinder the operation of a Judge in the performance of his office and in

connection with his duty. I do not know and I dare say there is not a lawyer in the House that knows of a single case in the Commonwealth that is being delayed for any but good logical and legal reasons. There are some cases of vast importance, perhaps very few that cannot be decided as readily as litigants desire, or as lawyers would like to have them decided, but we all know that the average Judge having no interest in the case, having no interests to serve except justice between the parties would not delay any man's case for any ulterior motive. Why, then, shall we say to the Judges of the Commonwealh, if you do not decide your cases within a certain time, you will not get your salary. I trust that every gentleman of this House will vote down this bill as being unfair to the judicial branch of the government.

Mr. WILLIAMS. Mr. Speaker, a few weeks ago in response to a strong appeal, made by the gentleman from Dauphin, my good friend, Mr. Nissley, this House passed a bill creating an additional Judge for this county. The thought back of that bill as put forth in the argument by Mr. Nissley was to relieve the congested conditions in Dauphin county. I assume that bill will become a law, and I hope my friend here will be named for the office, and if he is, the congested condition should be relieved to the extent that his opposition should cease to this bill.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I would like some member of this House to rise and tell me before I vote for this bill whether the judges of this State are not trying to dispose of their cases as fast as practicable and wise. There is no evidence here that such is not the case and for us to undertake to say when a man must perform a certain duty and know nothing about the requirements of that official position appears to me to be folly. I have a much better opinion of the judges of the State of Pennsylvania than to believe that it needs legislation to fix the time at which they shall make their findings on all matters that may be in their hands. There are so many elements that enter into the question of when a case can finally be disposed of in the court that if this legislature, in the absence of any information on the subject, was to express itself it would appear, at least to the judges of our State and lawyers, to be foolishness. I do not think the House should do it. It certainly would be a mistake to pass this bill and I hope the House will defeat it.

Mr. BEYER. Mr. Speaker, I am exceedingly surprised that this bill ever came through the Judiciary General Committee of the Senate, this being a Senate Bill now before us. It is a good bill for taking out an injunction and trying to make a ball player play ball and a singer sing that would not sing. To start with, the bill provides here that the decision must be rendered within nine months of the time of the submission of this case. It may be a question of argument or it may be handled by briefs. The act can be made entirely useless for the simple reason that if the judge wants to prolong the time of rendering his decision all he has to do is to send for the lawyers and order a reargument of the case within a few days before the time that the nine months have elapsed and he can then hold it up for another nine months. It seems to me the less we interfere with the judicial department of our government, which is a department which should be as far as possible separate and apart from any legislative interference, the better it will be for good government and good law in Pennsylvania. There has been entirely too much trifling and entirely too much unjust criticism from the people upon the actions of our courts and I think that by voting aye on this bill we would simply add further reflection upon the integrity of the men who, as constitutional officers, are there to perform their duty as they see fit and with the intelligence that they have, just as much as we do here.

BILL DROPPED FROM CALENDAR.

Mr. NISSLEY. Mr. Speaker, I move you that this bill be dropped from the calendar.

Mr. FORSTER. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 837 (Senate Bill No. 183), entitled.

An Act regulating the sale and exposing for sale of dressed lambs sheep and calves

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—19.

Campbell, T.,	Ehrhardt,	Hackett,	Lee,
Conner,	Flynn,	Kunn,	Stern,
Cummins,	Gans,	Lipschutz,	Weir,
Curry,	Graham,	McNichol,	Wettach,
Drinkhouse,	Gransback,	McVicar,	

NAYS—99.

Albee,	Garner,	Mellott,	Showalter,
Alcorn,	Geiser,	Metzenbacher,	Sinclair,
Arnold,	Gingery,	Milliron,	Smith, J. W.,
Baldwin,	Gompers,	Neville,	Smith, L.,
Barnett,	Habgood,	Oaks,	Snyder,
Becker,	Hamilton,	Ostrander,	Spencer,
Bergy,	Heffernan,	Palmer,	Statler,
Body,	Hess,	Peters,	Swan,
Bovee,	Heyburn,	Phillips,	Swartz,
Brosius,	Hibshman,	Pickering,	Trach,
Bungard,	Hoffman,	Powell,	Twibill,
Campbell, J. O.,	Hollingsworth	Ramsey,	Wagner,
Christman,	Jack,	Reel,	Walsh,
Coldsmith,	Kaiser,	Rhoads,	Watson,
Corbin,	Klinger,	Rininger,	Weaver,
Cromer,	Kunkle,	Rinn,	West,
Dell,	Landis,	Robertson,	Whitaker,
Diefenderfer,	Leighner,	Rothenberger,	Whitten,
Dodds,	Luxemburger,	Rowell,	Williams,
Eby,	Lynch,	Rudisill,	Wobensmith,
Eppley,	Mangan,	Sarig,	Wood,
Erdman,	Marvin,	Scott,	Wylie,
Evans,	Mather,	Shagher,	Wynne,
Fretz,	McClintock,	Shaffer,	Ambler,
Fruit,	McClure,	Shoop,	Speaker.
Gallagher,	McConnell,		

Less than the majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the negative and the bill falls.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 731, as follows:

An Act providing for the appropriation of certain moneys to the organizations constituting and having in charge the distribution of various police pension funds throughout the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and defining the duties of certain officers in relation thereto

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from and after the passage of this act there shall be paid over to the various organizations or associations constituting and having in charge the distribution of police pension funds in every city in this Commonwealth two per centum of each dollar paid into the city treasury for the use of the city or retained for the use of the city from any or all of the following license fees that is to say fees for retail and wholesale mercantile license retail and wholesale liquor license brewers bottlers distillers billiards brokers auctioneers peddlers circuses eating houses and licenses and for any and all other businesses or purposes for which by the laws of this Commonwealth a license fee is or hereafter shall be required

Section 2 The organizations herein mentioned shall consist only such as are by city ordinance designated as the official and authorized organization or association to hold receive and distribute the funds or moneys for the purpose of pensioning the police officers of said cities

Section 3 It shall be the duty of the controller or auditor of the county before the first day of January of each year to certify to the county treasurer the amount to be paid over under the provisions of section one of this act

Section 4 It shall be the duty of the State Treasurer or the city or county treasurer collecting said license fees to pay over to the proper officials of the said organizations or associations constituting the police pension funds annually the amount designated in this act taking his or their receipt for same which said receipt shall constitute a voucher and quittance for the amount so paid

Section 5 The funds or moneys received by any organization or association under the provisions of this act shall be employed only in the payment of pensions granted to the members of said organization or association and to

the widows and children of said members in accordance with the rules regulations or by-laws of said organization or association for the following causes namely

(a) Incapacity to discharge the duties of a member's position by reason of any injury received while a member of said organization or association and in the actual discharge of a members' duty

(b) Incapacity to discharge the duties of a member's position from any cause other than an injury and after ten years of service on the police force of the city in which the organization or association of which he is a member is located

(c) After twenty years of service on the police force of the city in which the organization or association of which he is a member is located

(d) To the widows and children of such members of said organizations or associations as shall be killed while in the actual discharge of the duties of their positions or who shall die from an injury received while in the actual discharge of their duties

Section 6 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—79.

Aron,	Fretz,	Lipschutz.	Shaaber,
Bauerle,	Geary,	Luxemburger,	Shaffer,
Becker,	Geiser,	Mangan,	Shoop,
Berntheizel,	Gibson,	Marvin,	Smith, J. W.,
Beyer,	Gingery,	Mather,	Spangler,
Bovee,	Glass,	McCaig,	Staving,
Brosius,	Goodnough,	McClintock,	Steedle,
Bungard,	Gormley,	McDermott,	Stein,
Campbell, T.,	Graham,	McNichol,	Stern,
Conner,	Gransback,	Murdoch,	Stone,
Cummins,	Habgood,	Neville,	Sullivan,
Curry,	Hackett,	Oaks,	Swan,
Dawson,	Heffernan,	Pickering,	Vogdes,
Dodds,	Heyburn,	Powell,	Weir,
Drinkhouse,	Hollingsworth,	Ramsey,	Wettach,
Dunn,	Howarth,	Rininger,	Whitaker,
Ehrhardt,	Hubler,	Rinn,	Williams,
Evans,	Jones, W. W.,	Roney,	Young,
Flynn,	Klinger,	Rowell,	Ambler,
Forster,	Lauler,	Scott,	Speaker.

NAYS—39.

Alcorn,	Kunkle,	Peters,	Taylor,
Bergy,	Love,	Phillips,	Trach,
Corbin,	Maurer,	Robertson,	Twibill,
Cromer,	McCurdy,	Rothenberger,	Vickerman,
Diefenderfer,	McKay,	Rudisill,	Walter,
Eppley,	McVicar,	Sarig,	Walton,
Erdman,	Mellott,	Sones,	Wobensmith,
Garner,	Metzenbacher,	[illegible]ner,	Wood,
Jack,	Milliron,	Statler,	Wylie,
Kuhn,	Palmer,		

Less than the majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the negative and the bill falls.

TIME EXTENDED FOR POSTPONED BILL.

Mr. STERN. Mr. Speaker, I move that House Bill No. 532, File Folio 3423, entitled:

An Act regulating the method of installment payments on conditional sales or on bailments with right to purchase regulating the issuing of writs of replevin therefor and prohibiting a waiver of the provisions of this act

on page 23 of to-day's calendar, Bills on Third Reading Postponed for the Present, have the time extended five days.

Mr. WHITAKER. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The SPEAKER (Charles A. Ambler) in the Chair.

BILLS SIGNED BY THE SPEAKER.

The SPEAKER announced that the Chief Clerk having reported that the following bills had passed both Houses of the General Assembly, and the same being correct, the titles were publicly read as follows:

House Bill No. 247.

An Act amending an act entitled "An Act amending an act entitled 'An Act respecting the estate of non-resident wards' approved the twenty-first day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-six extending the provisions thereof so that the same may apply to trustees and cestui que trusts" approved the thirteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine further extending the provisions thereof so that the same may apply where guardians and wards trustees and cestui que trusts are residents of foreign countries

House Bill No. 432.

An Act relating to the administration of the estate of an intestate decedent

House Bill No. 963.

An Act to amend section twenty-one of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the protection and preservation of game game quadrupeds and game-birds and song and insectivorous and other wild birds and prescribing penalties for violation of its several provisions" approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine by extending the season during which dogs may be trained

House Bill No. 619.

An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to amend an act entitled "An Act authorizing companies incorporated under the laws of any other State of the United States for the manufacture of any form of iron steel or glass to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments and to take have and hold real estate necessary and proper for manufacturing purposes" approved the ninth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one extending the same to companies formed for the purpose of quarrying slate granite stone or rocks or for dressing polishing working or manufacturing the same or any of them and to mineral springs companies incorporated for the purpose of bottling and selling natural mineral springs water' approved the sixteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three" approved the nineteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one extending the same to companies formed for the purpose of manufacturing and selling chemicals foodstuffs cement and cement products and the quarrying of cement rock' approved May twenty-eight one thousand nine hundred and seven extending the same to companies incorporated for the manufacture buying selling leasing using and operation of electrical apparatus and machinery and articles of every kind appertaining to or in any wise connected with the production use regulation control distribution or application of electricity or electrical energy or products for any use or purpose constructing acquiring using selling buying or leasing any works construction or plant or part thereof connected with or involving such use distribution regulation control or application of electricity or the control or use of electrical apparatus for any purpose and of producing furnishing and supplying electricity or electrical apparatus in any form and for any purpose and to carry on a general manufacturing business approved the twenty-third day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven extending the same to companies incorporated for the manufacture of any clay into brick tile or other articles and products produced from clay or from clay and other substances mixed therewith

Whereupon,

The SPEAKER, in the presence of the House, signed the same.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to call up at this time for the purpose of amendment, House Bill No. 225, File Folio 3757, on page 11 of to-day's calendar.

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to the calling up of this bill out of order? Is there any objection?

Mr. McCLINTOCK. Mr. Speaker, I object.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I do not think the gentleman would object if he knew my explanation.

The SPEAKER. The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Delaware.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, this is a bill that effects all fraternal associations. It is a bill that the department is very anxious to have passed and I am very anxious to have it amended, so that it can go before the public. If I can get it amended to-day it can come up next week for third reading, then the public can see what it is.

Mr. McCLINTOCK. Mr. Speaker, I withdraw my objection.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 225, entitled:

An Act definining fraternal benefit societies and their status authorizing such societies to create subordinate lodges and to pay benefits upon the sickness disability or death of their members from funds collected and regulating such benefits providing for the organization of such societies and for the licensing supervision regulation and examination by the insurance commissioner and for the admission of foreign societies Designating tables of mortality to be used and establishing a standard of solvency Requiring all societies to make annual reports and all foreign societies to appoint the Insurance Commissioner as attorney for service of process Providing penalties for any violations of the act Exempting certain societies from its provisions and requiring beneficial associations other than fraternal benefit societies to report to and be supervised by the Insurance Commissioner and repealing existing laws

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to offer amendments at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk for information.

The Clerk then read the amendments as follows:

Amend section 1, line 10, by striking out the word "Fraternal" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "Fraternal"

Amend section 5, line 6, by striking out the word "natures" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "matures"

Add to section 5 after the word allowed the following: Provided, however, that any association or society regularly admitted prior to January 1st, 1914, and now doing business in this Commonwealth, shall be permitted to pay out of its mortuary or other funds an amount equal to a death benefit to a retiring member, in accordance with its existing constitution, laws and regulations.

Amend section 6, line 6, by striking out the word "depen" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "dependent"

Amend section 14, line 8, by striking out the second word "or" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "of"

Amend section 32, line 25, by striking out the word "du" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "do"

Amend section 33, line 33, by inserting a double quote, after the word "corporations"

Amend section 33, line 35, by striking out the double quote after the word "surance"

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to the insertion of the amendments at this time? Is there any objection? The Chair hears none and the amendments will be inserted in accordance with the instructions of the House.

The bill as amended was then agreed to on third reading.

Ordered, That the bill as amended lie over for printing.

LEAVES OF ABSENCE.

Mr. WALTER asked and obtained leave of absence for Mr. Beck for the balance of the week.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Mr. WALTON. Mr. Speaker, as I am compelled to be absent to-morrow, I would ask unanimous consent to call up House Bill No. 433 for the purpose of amendment.

The SPEAKER. Is there any objection? The Chair hears none.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 433, as follows:

An Act defining trading stamps as including stamps coupons tickets cards certificates and other similar devices given with a sale or bailment of merchandise regulating and licensing the sale furnishing and giving of trading stamps and providing penalties for the violation thereof

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the term "trading stamp" when used in this act includes any coupon stamp certificate ticket card or other device furnished free by a vendor of merchandise together with merchandise as an inducement for the sale thereof and which stamp certificate coupon card ticket or other device is redeemable in or accepted for personal property or money by the vendor or by any person or firm or corporation other than the vendor The term "trading stamp" does not apply to certificates or coupons or cards or stamps or tickets placed by the manufacturer in sealed containers of merchandise or printed or stamped on the retainer or wrapper enclosing the merchandise The word "person" includes individuals copartnerships corporations and associations The word "sale" includes a conditional sale and a bailment

Section 2 No person shall sell give or furnish trading stamps intended for use in or with the sale of merchandise to a merchant or vendor of merchandise unless the person selling giving or furnishing trading stamps shall have obtained a license therefor from the county treasurer for which the persons shall have paid the sum of one thousand dollars And no merchant or vendor of merchandise shall sell give or furnish trading stamps for use in or with the sale of merchandise, unless the merchant or vendor of merchandise selling giving or furnishing trading stamps shall have obtained a license therefor from the county treasurer for which the merchant or vendor shall have paid the sum of one hundred and fifty dollars And no merchant or vendor of merchandise shall sell give or furnish trading stamps for use in or with the sale of merchandise where such trading stamps have been manufactured or prepared by such merchant or vendor or manufactured or prepared at his instance unless the merchant or vendor selling giving or furnishing such stamps shall have obtained a license therefor from the county treasurer for which he shall have paid the sum of one thousand dollars

Section 3 The license herein provided for shall be valid only for the calendar year for which issued No license shall be issued except upon a written application which shall set forth the name and business address of the applicant The application shall be accompanied by the proper license fee One-fourth of the money received from such license shall be paid monthly into the State Treasury The remaining three-fourths shall be retained by the county and devoted to the construction maintenance and repair of roads and county bridges in the county

Section 4 The license shall permit the selling or furnishing of trading stamps only at one place of business in the county If the applicant for a license has more than one place of business in the county a separate license shall be required for each place Every building or part of a building shall be deemed a separate place of business where trading stamps are sold or furnished or where the personal property to be exchanged for the trading stamps is exhibited

Section 5 Any person violating any of the provisions of this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof the person if an individual or the members of a co-partnership or association or the officers and directors of a corporation as the case may be with guilty knowledge of the fact shall each be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than one hundred dollars nor more than five hundred dollars or to undergo an imprisonment not exceeding six months or both in the discretion of the court

Section 6 This act shall become effective on the first day of January one thousand nine hundred and sixteen

Section 7 All acts or parts of acts supplied herewith or inconsistent herewith be and the same are hereby repealed

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. WALTON. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to offer an amendment at this time.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk for information.

The Clerk then read the amendment as follows:

Amend section 1, line 18, by striking out the word "work" and inserting in lieu thereof the word, "word"

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to the insertion of the amendment at this time? Is there any objection? The Chair hears none and the amendment will be inserted in accordance with the instructions of the House.

The Bill, as amended, was then agreed to on third reading.

Ordered, That the bill as amended, lie over for printing.

ADJOURNMENT.

Mr. GARNER. Mr. Speaker, I move that this House do now adjourn.

The motion was agreed to, and, at 6:10 o'clock P. M., the House adjourned until tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock.

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